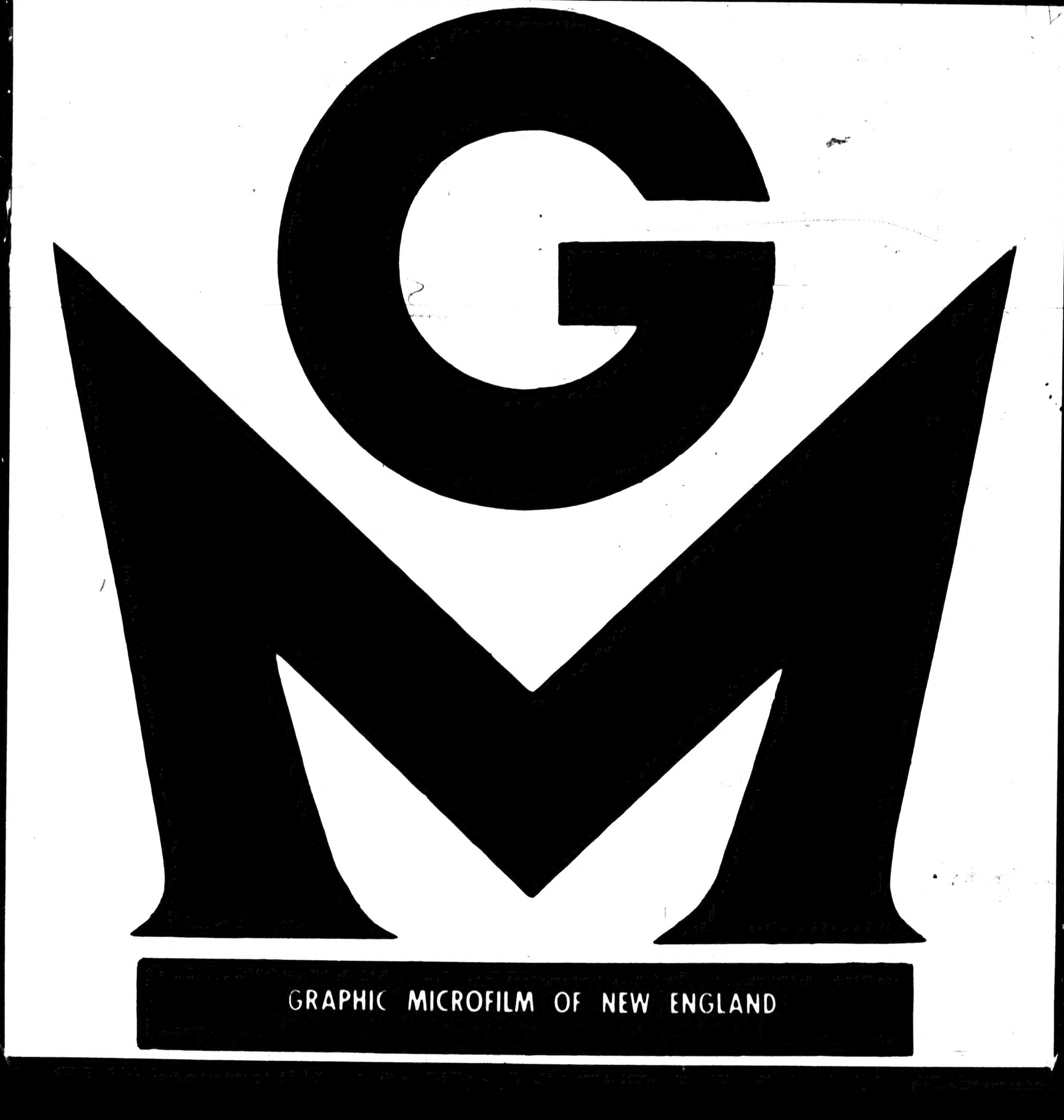
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THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER

LOWELL MA

JAN DEC

1861

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THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 1, 1861. NO. 6252

DAILY JOURNAL AND COURIER.

T[illegible] FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

[illegible]

STONE & HUSE,

PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS

[illegible] No. 21 CENTRAL STREET.

[illegible]

THE APPLETON WEEKLY JOURNAL is printed on [illegible] MORNING at the lowest price. Subscribers will be [illegible] Subscriptions will commence with the [illegible] at the option of the publisher.

Discount Days of the several Banks.

[illegible] BANK—Mondays and Thursdays.
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[illegible] last Saturday in each month. Agents' Factories, Machine Shop, Suffolk, Lowell and Tilt [illegible]
[illegible] after 1st Saturday in each month.
[illegible] Saturday in each month.
[illegible] Saturday in each month—Hamilton.
[illegible] after the third Saturday—Massachusetts and Tremont.
[illegible] after the 15th—Merrimack.
Second Saturday in each of the other Lawrence [illegible]
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Lowell Post Office.

[illegible] A M, 1 P M and 2 P M. Northern, 6 A M, 12 M and 2 P M. New York, 6 A M, 12 M and 2 P M. Eastern, 9 A M, 2 P M. Patten, 9 A M, 12 M and 2 P M. All others, 9 A M and 2 P M.

[illegible] 7 A M, 1 P M and 5 P M. Northern, 7 A M, 12 M and 4 P M. Western, 7 A M and 4 P M. Nashua, 7 A M and 2 P M. Salem, 7 A M and 2 P M. All others, 7 A M.

[illegible] 7 A M, 1 P M and 5 P M. Northern, 7 A M, 12 M and 4 P M. Western, 7 A M and 4 P M. Salem, 7 A M and 4 P M.

[illegible] made on account of the 1st and 15th of every month, [illegible] closed at 4 P M, on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The office hours from 7 A M to 8 P M, except on Saturday, when the office closes at 4 P M.

J. A. HILDRETH, P. M.

Lowell, April 19, 1860.

UNCLE DANIEL'S COURTSHIP.

BY ETHAN SPIKE, E. B.

Continued.

One would nateraly spose that would hev brought Permely out, but it didn't; she never stirred me'n in though she'd hev a stroll of stone or a hethen idle. So that we scattered sor ngon.

"My gracious, how funny!" exclaimed Lucy.

"Funny," wal 'twas anything but funny to me. I'd got a boot to pin in a bumble-bee's nest. However—I felt the time hed kim to die or die, and I broke right out—

"Miss Spensdine!" says I.

"Wal?" says she.

"Permely," says I.

"Wal?

"Will you hev me?"

"No!"

"You won't!"

"I won't."

"Good night," says I.

"Good night," says she.

That night I slept better than I'd done for three weeks. I'd got a load off my stomach."

"And do you call that being near married, uncle Daniel?"

"Wha, in course I do. She could hev said yes just as easy as no—but I'm glad she didn't. That ere gal married Isaish Cumstock arterwards, and she crav him fist to drink and then to self suicide. I was crowner of the jury that sot on Isaiah, and while we sot on the body we could hear her scoldin in the next room like sixty. So we gen in that the suicide was justifiable, only that he'd orter done it to her rather than to himself."

"Now, uncle, let's have the other episode."

"T'other what?"

"I mean your other love adventure."

"O! that want much of an adventure. You see I hedn't much to do with the Miss ense seeds for several years arter Permely mitt ned me, and made up my mind that I didn't keer a cuss for all the petti coats that ever was spun. I was wrong, though, in my calkerlations. Lucy Baker tuk that consait right out of me. She was born and bred in our neighborhood—but went away when she was a little gal to live with an Aut of hern up in Cohoss, and never kim back till she was grown up. And when I seen her at meetin' the next day arter she got hum, her eyes looked so blew, her hair so red, and her mouth was puckered up so pretty, I wanted to bite her."

"Wh, uncle! Bite her?"

"Scriptly—I'd bit her in a minit. Saint Mi per was nothing to her; they don't [illegible]

Here Uncle Daniel paused, and with his cute weskit knuckles, resting his comfortable double chin in both hands—and closing his eyes, was evidently traveling back on the long bridge of years to contemplate the charms that had so smitten his youthful fancy.

"Wal, uncle Daniel," at length said his niece, pinting gratis ing to rouse him.

"Wal," replied the old man, wiping his eyes with a blue cotton handkercher, and blowing his nose very hard indeed—"Wal, in short, I'd got the likins agin the wust kind, but hedn't forgot the time I hed when I axed Permely Spauldin, and though I'd a gin the sheep parlor and the Kinckerbockerbot to hev got that gal. I dursent go nigh her. I got melancholic and lost my appetite; for better'n a fortnight I couldn't eat n thin but bread and milk and sassages, with maybe now and then a hev ricnpie. I tuk to greasin my hair so dredfully that mother hed to lock up the lard down. I also hollered in my sleep, and even tried to write poetry."

"Ha—ha—ha poetry! Say, uncle, did you really court the muses?"

"Who in thunder are the Muses? I never courted anybody but Permely and Liddy—never heern of the Muses—must hev ben a Dracut family, by the name."

"O, no, uncle Daniel, how stupid you are. I only meant to ask if you really indeavored to mount Pegassus?"

"Pig—what?"

"My patience! Did you realy try to write verses *there*, do you understand that?"

"O, yes—yes," said the old man, "I understand, now you talk English. Yes, I did try, but I don't think I hed a natral gift for it. If I had poetry in me, 'twas dredful hard to get out; seemed to stick and hang powerfully—must hev been of a cocked hat or three cornered kind; 'twasn't what they called down, any way. At last, I was inspired, I know. I was asleep when I was took, and woke up with a hull arse chicked out on my brain, but 'twas awful cold, so I didn't get up an write it o', as I'd orter.—Next morning all I could remember was—

"O, Liddy!—ah, Liddy!—O, Liddy—Liddy!

There I broke, and for two weeks I couldn't find a rhyme t at seemed appropriate. Chickadee, bu blebee, apple-bee and such like was struc off boldly, and I etched another line—th is:—

"You shall be my chick—chicky biddy!"

Beyond this I couldn't go, so I gin up poetry and tried prose, but though I spilet a quire of paper, I never could get furder'n "Miss Baker:—I now ake my pen in hand"—and there I ollers sot like a sled on bare ground; I never could go on to tell what I took it in hand for."

"Well, uncle, what did you do then? Did you finally propose?"

"I did an' I didn't. Parsec lly speaking, I *didn't*; by proxy, I *did*."

"By proxy! How was that?"

"Wal, you see, Moses Pettygrass and me hed often bin took as three in a bed—often told one nuther everything—so one day arter I'd gin up tryin to write, I ups and tells Mose all about it. An says I to Mose, says I, 'Hedn't you jest as lives ask her for me,' says I. He see'd he hed So to make a long story short, 'twas bitter cold night, Mose and I started for the house where Liddy lived.

It was agreed that I should stay in the woodshed while Mose went in'd sot matters right. Mose knocked at t door and went in, and I sot down on a chopping log to wait the issue. Mose thout he could fix things in half an hour, an as it was eight o'clock when he went in, I calculated on bein in Paradise about half arter, but there I sot an sot, till I h ere the clock strike nine, then I hed to get up an stomp an thrash my hands to keep from freezin.

Ten o'clock, then eleven struck, and still no Mose! At last jist about midnight—when I'd got to be little better'n a frozen letter, nout he comes. I rushed up to him, an' with a shakin' voice, 'Mo-Mo-Mose,' says I, 'whis at dus she sa-a-ay?' says I.

'Don't,' says he, 'pon my soul, I forgot to ax her?'

Jest six weeks arter, Mose and Liddy which was twain, was made one flesh!"—*Portland Transcript.*

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Lowell Aug 23, 1860 aug22—y

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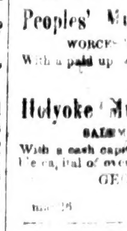

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August 23, 1860. aug23dly

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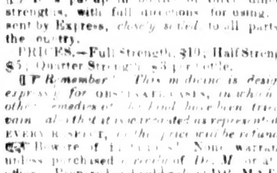

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August 26, 1859. Au26

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mh20 **LOWELL.** w

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ON and after MONDAY, November 5th, 1860, [illegible] notice, Trains will run as follows:—

UP TRAINS.

Leave Boston for Lowell at 7½ and 10, a m. 12 m 2½ and [illegible] p m.

Leave Lowell for Nashua and Wilton at 8 a m, 1 and 5 p m.

Leave Lowell for Manchester and Concord at 8½ a m, 1 and 5 p m.

Leave Lowell for Central, Conn. & Passumpsic, Concord, Claremont, N. H. Central, Boston, Concord & Montreal and Northern R. R. at 8.30 a m.

DOWN TRAINS.

Leave Lowell for Boston at 6, 7¾, 9 a m 12½, 2½ and 5.30 p m

Leave Manchester at 7 a m and 5.00 p m

Leave Wilton at 7 a m, 12½ and 6½ p m

On arrival of trains from Nashua.

The trains for Nashua and upper railroads leave the Middlesex street depot only.

STONY BROOK TRAINS.

Leave Lowell for Groton and connecting Railroads at 7.45 a m and 4 p m.

Leave Groton Junction for Lowell at 8 a m and 4½ p m.

WORCESTER BRANCH TRAINS.

Leave Boston for Worcester, Grafton Centre at 7, 11 a m, 3.15 and 5 p m.

Leave Worcester for Boston at 6.15, 8.30 a m, 12.30 and 5.15 p m.

Leave Worcester at 1.30 p m. Saturdays at 10 p m.

Leave Worcester for Lowell at 8 a m and 4½ p m.

Boston, Nov 5, 1860. nov5 H. A. WINSLOW, Sup't.

LOWELL & LAWRENCE, AND SALEM & LOWELL RAILROADS.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov 5th, 1860, Trains will run as follows:—Leaving Merrimack and Charlestown street Depots:

Leave Lowell for Lawrence at 7.40 a m, 12 m, 2.30 and 6.00 p m.

Leave Lawrence at 8 a m and 6.50 p m.

For Portland at 7.30 and 10.00 a m (this train connects at Lawrence for Great Falls, 7.30, 10 a m, 12 m, 2.30 and 6.00 p m.

For Haverhill 7.30 a m, 2.30 and 5.00 p m.

For Andover at 7.30 a m and 2.30 p m.

SALEM & LOWELL RAILROAD.

Leave Lowell for Salem at 7.25 a m, 2.25 p m

Leave Salem for Lowell at 8.45 a m, 4.45 p m

For Boston at 7.25 a m, 2.25 p m

For Lynn at 7.25 a m

For Lynn and Boston at 4.45 p m

For Lynn and Saugus at 7.25 a m and 4.45 p m

The first and last trains connect with Worcester connecting at Lawrence with trains for Providence and Stonington. Express trains for Springfield and Albany on the first train connect with Shore Line at New York.

Passengers for [illegible] and the West will find this the only route where direct connections are made. [illegible] trains are run twice a day from Worcester to Springfield and Albany.

The conductor on [illegible] will supply passengers with through tickets for Chicago and other points West.

For further information concerning connections with other roads, apply at the Railway Ticket Office for New York, Shore Line, Springfield and Albany.

Worcester, Nov. 1, 1860. nov1dtf H. SHELLEY, Supt.

CONCORD AND CLAREMONT R. R.

CONTOOCOOK RIVER RAILROAD.

CARS run over these Roads run in connection with the several Concord, Nashua & Worcester, Nashua & Lowell, Boston & Lowell, Manchester & Lawrence, Portsmouth & Concord, Boston & Maine and Essex Railroads as follows:—

Leave Bradford for Concord &c, 8.00 A. M.

Leave Concord for Bradford, 3.45 P. M.

Leave Hillsborough for Concord, 8.35 A. M.

Leave Concord for Hillsborough, 3.00 P. M.

Stage Connections—Daily for Newbury, Sunapee, Newport, Lempster, Sutton, New London, Are daily; Hillsboro' for East Washington and Keene; Daily for South Antrim daily, Keene, via Antrim, North Branch, Stoddard, Marlowville and Sullivan; Claremont via Washington, Lempster and Unity.

O. N. COLBURN, Agent.

Concord, N. H., March 5, 1860 mh13

SARGENT & CO'S EXPRESS,

From LOWELL to BOSTON, SALEM, LAWRENCE, GROTON and WORCESTER.

Leave Lowell for Boston at 7, 9½ A M, 12½, 2½ P M

For Salem 7.40 A M, 2½ P M

For Lawrence 7½, 10 A M 5 P M.

For Groton and Worcester 9½, 10 A M, 4 P M

Leave Boston for Lowell 8, 11½ A M, 2, 4½ P M

Leave Salem 8.20 A M, 4.50 P M.

Leave Lawrence 8½ A M, 1.30, 6½ P M

Leave Groton 8 A M, 4½ P M

E. M. SARGENT, E. S. SAND.

Dec 9, 1858. dec17

LARD PRESSES.

THE subscriber has on hand a large assortment of Lard Presses, Meat Cutters and Sausage Stuffers of different sizes, suitable [illegible] butchers' use

oct29 3m S. MANSUR, 136 Central street

LOWELL DIRECTORY FOR 1861—Diaries of every description for 1861. Blank Books and Pass Books—Family Expense Books for sale low by BUZZELL & MASSECK, 29 Central st. nov30

WAX TAPERS AND HOLDERS, for lighting up Gas, for sale by H. S. HAYNES'

oct5 45 Merrimack st

DAILY FREIGHT LINE

WEEN

LOWELL AND NEW YORK.

COMMERCIAL STEAMBOAT CO'YS

LINE of Powerful Screw Steamers,

BETWEEN PROVIDENCE AND NEW YORK,

Connecting at Providence with the

PROVIDENCE & WORCESTER RAILROAD

And at Worcester with the

Worcester & Nashua, and Stony Brook Railroads.

☞ GOODS transported between Lowell and New York as low, and with equal despatch as by any other line.

The Steamers of this line will leave Providence for New York daily, (Sundays excepted) from foot of South Main Street, and will leave New York daily, (Sundays excepted) from pier 11, North River.

Philadelphia and Baltimore freight taken at reasonable rates, and forwarded with great dispatch.

This line connects by arrangement with the daily Inland Line of Propellers between New York and Philadelphia, and with the tri-weekly Inland Line to Baltimore, when the inland route is open.

Philadelphia and Baltimore freight will be forwarded from New York by any other lines if so directed, at our current rates.

For further information, apply to A. ROLFE, at the office of Stony Brook Railroad, Lowell; ISAAC ODELL, Pier No 11, North River New York, or to

B. BUFFUM, Agent.

Foot of South Main Street, Providence, R I

June 25th, 1860. jy13tf

LAMSON & ROGERS,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Feed, Guano, Ground Plaster, etc.,

NO. 111 MARKET STREET,

AYER'S NEW BLOCK - LOWELL

EDWIN LAMSON, JOHN G. ROGERS.

jy30 wtf

MOTHERS

IT most [illegible] and only to you [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, January 1, 1861.

HISTORY OF THE LOWELL WEEKLY JOURNAL AND LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

The *Journal* is the oldest weekly newspaper now existing in the county of Middlesex. It dates two years further back than the incorporation of Lowell as a town, and its origin is but dimly remembered even by the oldest inhabitants. It was started in 1824 by Mr. William Baldwin, who came to this State from Virginia or Maryland. It was printed at first in a small one-story wooden building, standing nearly opposite the meeting-house in Middlesex Village, about two miles from where Lowell now stands. The first numbers of the paper bore the name of *Chelmsford Courier*. A copartnership was then formed between Mr. Baldwin and Mr. E. W. Reinhart (previously of Boston). Soon afterward, Mr. Baldwin retired; and Mr. Reinhart, becoming sole proprietor, dropped the original name, and continued the paper under the name of the *Chelmsford Phœnix*. About one year afterward, the paper was removed by Mr. Reinhart to East Chelmsford (now Lowell), and assumed the name of *Merrimack Journal*.

In November, 1825, Mr. J. S. C. Knowlton, now editor of the *Worcester Palladium*, and Sheriff of Worcester County, purchased the *Journal* of Mr. Reinhart; and soon after the incorporation of the town of Lowell, in 1826, he changed the name of the paper to the *Lowell Journal*. The reason why the paper had before been called the *Merrimack Journal* was that it was expected that the town would be called Merrimack, and it was intended that the paper should bear the name of the new town. In connection with the *Weekly Journal*, Mr. Knowlton commenced the publication of a *Daily Journal*, which continued to be issued until after the State election in 1832.

In 1831, Mr. John R. Adams, a lawyer, long since deceased, succeeded Mr. Knowlton. During Mr. Adams' proprietorship, the *Journal* was edited, first, by Mr. John L. Sheafe, another member of the bar, and afterward by Mr. Edward C. Pardy, since more extensively known as editor of the *Boston Mail*, who finally purchased it. It was while Mr. Pardy published it (we believe) that the *Journal* absorbed *Lowell Bulletin*. From Mr. Pardy it passed into the hands of Captain John S. Sleeper, afterward for many years editor of the *Boston Journal*, now widely known as the author of numerous popular sea stories published under the nom *de plume* of "Hawser Mastingale," and Mr. H. H. Weld, afterward editor of the *Boston Gallaxy* and *New York Brother Jonathan*, and now a clergyman of the Episcopal Church.—While in their hands the *Journal* absorbed the *Middlesex Telegraph* and the *Lowell Compend*, two weekly papers, which had risen, flourished and faded one or two years each.

After Messrs. Sleeper and Weld's day, the *Journal* passed into the hands of Mr. John F. Robinson, then a prominent lawyer and politician, and Mr. Seth Ames, now one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts. Mr. Charles H. Locke, a member of the bar and clerk of the Lowell Police Court, leased the *Journal* of Messrs. Robinson and Ames for one year, and it was during that year that the daily edition of the *Journal* was finally discontinued. The *Journal* remained in the hands of Mr. Locke until its union with the *Courier* and the *Mercury* in 1845. The office of the *Journal* was at this time located in the Union Building on the west side of Central Street, near Middlesex Street, whither it had been removed from Merrimack Street. It had previously been located on the east side of Central Street near the Canal, and a still earlier period on the north side of Merrimack Street.

The history of the *Courier* and the *Mercury* prior to their consolidation with the *Journal* is briefly this: The *Mercury* was a weekly paper, started in 1829 as the local organ of the Administration of President Jackson, by Mr. Thomas Billings. It was edited by Mr. Eliphalet Case, well known to our older citizens as a skilful preacher, politician and post-master, who afterward became its proprietor. Without considering the probable effect of the sale on the political character of the paper, Mr. Case, in 1834, sold one-half of the *Mercury* establishment to Mr. Leonard Huntress, who during the last ten years has held the office of County Commissioner for Middlesex County; and a few weeks later, he sold the remaining half to Mr. Daniel H. Knowlton, long since deceased. Messrs Huntress & Knowlton, being both Whigs, concluded, after consultation with leading members of their party, to change the politics of their paper, and informed Mr. Case of their intention. Great was the anger of Mr. Case when he heard this announcement. He had never dreamed of such a change. His own darling *Mercury*, the child of his heart, was to be edited by himself, the pink of Democrats, to become the organ of Whiggery! What followed Mr. Chawls Yellowplush would call a "sean." But the indignation of Mr. Case was fruitless. From being the advocate of Jacksonian Democracy, the *Mercury* suddenly wheeled about and became the strenuous supporter of Clay, Webster and Henry Clay Whiggism. Mr. Case consoled himself for his loss by becoming the editor of another journal, started to fill the place vacated by the *Mercury*.

On the sixth of January, 1835, Messrs. Huntress & Knowlton issued from the *Mercury* office—the same office in which the *Journal* and the *Courier* are now published—the first number of the *Lowell Courier* the oldest daily newspaper now existing in the County of Middlesex. On the tenth of the following February they purchased the *Journal* of Messrs. Robinson and Ames, united the *Mercury* with the *Journal*, and continued the *Courier* from the *Journal* office. For about one year after this, the *Journal* bore the name of the *Journal & Mercury*, after which the old name, *Lowell Journal*, was resumed.

Mr. Knowlton dying in 1838, Mr. Huntress became the sole proprietor. For a considerable period, Mr. Huntress performed the editorial functions alone; receiving, however, valuable assistance in the way of communications from prominent members of the Whig party, some of whom have not ceased to contribute occasionally to the columns of the *Journal* and the *Courier* down to the present time. It would be pleasant to remember many of these, but to mention some, omitting others, would be invidious; and time and space would fail to recall all the preachers, poets, lawyers and statesmen that have preached, sung, counselled and thundered through these columns during the last thirty years.

In 1839, Mr. Huntress engaged as editor Mr. Robins Dinsmore, a lawyer by profession, at one time a member of the Vermont Legislature, and still connected with our local press. He retired on the eleventh of July, 1840, and was succeeded by Mr. William O. Bartlett. Mr. Bartlett remained on the editorial tripod until the twentieth of April, 1841, when the loss of health compelled him to retire. To him succeeded Mr. Daniel S. Richardson, a practising lawyer of this city, who edited the *Journal* and the *Courier* through the exciting campaign of 1843, which resulted in the defeat of Tristam Burgess, the "Anti-Texas" candidate for Governor, and the triumphant election of Washburn—the last Whig victory ever achieved in Massachusetts. It may not be amiss to remark here that the suggestion of Emory Washburn as a candidate for Governor was first made by Mr. Cowley, in the columns of the *Courier*.

On the sixth of October, 1843, Mr. Cowley was succeeded by Mr. John A. Goodwin, previously editor of the *Lawrence Courier*, and since the Speaker of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, who, after a little more than one year, was succeeded by Mr. Benjamin W. Ball, previously editor of the *Boston Chronicle*, and well known for his contributions to various State journals.

In May, 1836, Mr. Varney sold the establishment to Mr. Joseph C. Morrill, a lawyer by profession, who retained it till the month of April, 1860, when it passed into the hands of Stone & Huse, the present proprietors.

Mr. Ball conducted these journals through the heated canvass of 1856, but retired at the beginning of the State campaign of 1857. He was succeeded by Mr. Homer A. Cooke, previously editor of the *Lawrence Courier*, *Greenfield Gazette*, and one or two other Whig papers, who presided over these columns during the Whig executive campaigns, closing with the great Republican victory of 1860.

Since the consolidation of the *Journal* and the *Courier* offices in 1835, the establishment has undergone three changes of location. In 1839, it was removed from the Union Building to the corner of Central and Hurd streets; thence in 1842 it was removed to No. 27 Central street; and thence in October, 1860, to its present location at the corner of Central and Middle streets.

The *Journal* has assisted in ten Presidential elections, and the *Courier* in seven. It has been an organ of the Whig party. That great political association which ruled Massachusetts so long, and which (notwithstanding grave errors) ruled her so well; those journals remained steadfast in their advocacy of Whiggism till the prediction of Webster had been fulfilled, and the Whig party lived "only in history."—From that time down to the present, they have given a strenuous support to the Republican party.

Of the ten Presidential conflicts in which the *Journal* has participated, in four it was successful, while in six it was compelled to succumb to the Democracy. The Presidential candidates who received its support, were, in 1824, John Quincy Adams (elected); in 1828, John Quincy Adams (defeated); in 1832, Henry Clay (defeated); in 1840, William Henry Harrison (elected); in 1844, Henry Clay (defeated again); in 1848, Zachary Taylor (elected); in 1852, Winfield Scott (defeated); in 1856, John C. Fremont (defeated); in 1860, Abraham Lincoln (elected).

Though defeated six times out of ten in the National struggles, the *Journal* has been successful thirty-one times out of thirty-six in our State contests, and twenty times out of twenty-five in our Municipal campaigns. But while viewing success as being, in some sense, a duty, the *Journal* and the *Courier* have not forgotten that there are aims higher than success: that having truth, free-soil, honor and justice on one's side, it is better to be in a small minority, than to be on the side of power when power is divorced from the eternal right.

With the present year (1861) the *Daily Journal and Courier* resumes its old name of the *Lowell Daily Courier*, and the *Weekly Journal and Courier* its old name of the *Lowell Weekly Journal*.

The office in which these journals are printed, was the first in Lowell into which steam power was introduced for job printing. This, too, is the only printing establishment in which a steam engine or a caloric engine was ever used in this city. On the upper floor, the office is as neatly ready for its place on the dome of the Capitol, seventeen thousand pounds.

THE "BLACK" LAWS OF NEW YORK.—A memorial addressed to the Legislature of New York is in circulation, and is receiving many signatures, asking for the repeal of the old law allowing citizens of the southern States to remain in New York with their negro slaves, unmolested, for a period of nine months, and requesting the repeal of all laws, if any now exist on the statute books of that State, tending in any way to obstruct or defeat the Fugitive Slave Law.

NOTWITHSTANDING the groaning over the hard times in the shoe business, there are parties that don't seem to be frightened by panic-pains. The New Bedford Boot and Shoe Manufactory has just commenced operations, and are making forgans for men and boys, and also a shoe called the Scotch tie. The whole cost of the building, land and machinery of the company was about $5000; the capital stock is $15,000.

MR. LINCOLN'S CABINET. The *New York Evening Post* has a special dispatch from Washington which says that Mr. Stephens of Georgia and Robert S. Scott of Virginia have been offered seats in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, and also that Reverdy Mayor Washington declares that Mr. Lincoln shall be inaugerated in Washington.

CHARLES G. LORING, of Boston, the eminent lawyer is contributing to the *Boston Daily Advertiser* a lengthy review of the Personal Liberty Bill of this State.—He takes decided grounds against its constitutionality.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Court of Insolvency at Lowell, Wednesday, 2d inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Richardson, J.

Meetings in the following cases:
Benjamin F. Dickey—adjourned third meeting.
Peter J. Allen—third meeting.
Edward Wilson—third meeting.
Ebenezer W. Goodale—first meeting.
Thomas J. Dow—second meeting.
William Upham—second meeting.
Joseph H. Lamson—second meeting.
Jonathan J. Sawyer—first meeting.

Superior Court.—

TRIAL FOR THIS TUESDAY JANUARY 1st.

[Sit—Sargent, Keyes, Ellerton and Ripley for Plaintiff; Thomas for Defendant.

Smith vs. Merrill—Assumpsit—Damages $ Notice. Merrill vs. Merrill—Trover—Damages $ Notice. Merrill vs. Merrill—Trover—Damages $ Notice.

6—Tiffany vs. Smith. Lynde for Plaintiff; Ripley and Sanderson for Defendant.

20—Haynes vs. Weeden. Dewing for Plaintiff; Ripley for Defendant.

[Sit—Lorenzo vs. Wilde. R. C. Baker for Plaintiff; Porter for Defendant.

[Sit—Whitney vs. Goudy. Converse for Plaintiff; Lynde for Defendant.

[Sit—Donald vs. Wilson. Lynde for Plaintiff; Converse for Defendant.

[Sit—Fletcher vs. Fletcher. Griffin and Boardman for Plaintiff; Thomas for Defendant.

[Sit—Hall vs. Chamberlain. Griffin and Boardman for Plaintiff; Lynde and Cook for Defendant.

[Sit—Brigham vs. Todd. C. Mooney for Plaintiff; Rogers for Defendant.

[Sit—Hazeltine vs. Davis. Converse for Plaintiff; Randall for Defendant.

NOTICE. Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, the cases finally disposed of, between the first day of June and the first day of December of the year 1860, are requested to call at the office of the subscriber.

F. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

INTENTIONS OF MARRIAGE. During the past year 529 intentions of marriage have been recorded at the office of the City Clerk, an increase of 41 over that of 1859, by which 483 were recorded. We give in the following table the number in each year since 1849:

1850—730	1854—807	1858—484
1851—712	1855—695	1859—488
1852—688	1856—655	1860—529
1853—729	1857—600	

The largest number was in 1854, when times were easy and ladies dressed less expensive than at the present time—807 persons having that year declared their intention to enter the silken bonds of wedlock. In 1858, during the hard times, the number fell to 484; and in 1859, the number was only increased four. Although the increase was a little for last year, yet considering it was leap year, and the ladies had a right to "pop the question," we are afraid they did not exercise the privilege unfrequently.

SECOND UNIVERSALIST FESTIVAL. Col. Reed, of Boston, is now engaged in decorating Huntington Hall for the festival of the Second Universalist society, which takes place to-morrow evening. The hall will be handsomely decorated with evergreen festoons, wreaths, crosses, mottoes, flowers, together with national banners, shields, &c., got up in Col. Reed's most attractive style. The Lowell Brigade Band will furnish the music, and there will be songs, recitations and colloquies, with tableaux and pantomimes. Among the tableaux will be one which is shown before the Queen of England, and which will be a representation of Washington at Valley Forge; Reception of the Prince by the Queen on his return, and Secession.—Refreshments, oysters and ice cream will be served. From what we know of the arrangements, all who attend will be well satisfied with the entertainment.

RAILWAY AT LAWRENCE. Last Friday the first train of cars passed over the road at that place, Mrs. Day, and their children, all of Lowell, were riding in a sleigh near the corner of Amesbury and Methuen Streets, when a locomotive, the bell ringing, which frightened the horse, causing him to run at a furious rate through several streets. Mrs. Day jumped out of the sleigh, with her child in her arms, and the horse then started. A son of Mrs. Merrill, eight years old, rolled out without injury. Mrs. Merrill held the reins for some time, but was finally thrown out by the sleigh striking a fence. She escaped with but few bruises. The front and shafts of the sleigh were pretty well broken, and the escape of the parties from any slight injuries was a little remarkable. The horse belongs to Mrs. Merrill, who is the owner of the team, is an overseer on the Lawrence Corporation in this city.

NEW YORK.—It will be seen by an advertisement that Messrs. Alfred Gilman and Charles H. Burbank have formed a partnership under the style of Gilman & Burbank, at the old stand of the former in Merrimack Hall Building. Mr. Gilman is an old and favorably known to our citizens as to need no recommendation from us. Mr. Burbank is a young and enterprising man, and has been connected for a few years with the firm of Burbank, Chase & Co. and we wish him success in his new business. Those in want of anything in the line of clothing or furnishing goods, will find in the new firm a good one with which to deal.

ANNUAL MEETING. There was a meeting of the stockholders of the Westford Forge Company, at the Directors' room of the Merrimack Bank, last week. The affairs of the Company prove to be in prosperous condition, and a dividend of $2.00 per share, on their earnings the past year, was declared. The old board of directors were also chosen.—Sewall G. Mack, Geo. Stark, J. W. P. Abbot, Henry G. Chapman, Christopher Roby; William P. Ainsworth, Lowell, Jonathan Read, clerk, &c. Mack was subsequently elected president of the board.

THE BALL LAST EVENING. There was a good company present at the new year's ball on the occasion of the opening of the new hall connected with Mr. Chesley's saloon, in the new post office building. The hall is a fine one, well adapted for the purposes of balls and parties, and gave good satisfaction to the company present last night. The music by Brooks, Davis & Carlton's Quadrille Band was clever better.

WAMESIT DIVISION, SONS OF TEMPERANCE, No. 24. At a meeting of this Division held last evening, the following named gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing quarter:—Isaac Morton, W. P.; O. D. Coburn, W. A.; A. A. Manning, R. S.; J. B. Ripley, A. R. S.; James W. Bean, F. S.; Jonas Wrigley, T.; William A. Cooper, Chaplain; C. K. Blodgett, C.; Isaac Gilmore, A. C.; James McDonald, I. S.

DECLINES. We understand that Dr. Graves is not a candidate for re-election as City Physician, which office he has filled for the last three years.

MYSTERIES OF LIFE AND THE MIND.—S. B. Brittan who announces a short Series of Lectures at Weiles Hall, system with and improved gas burner, open, &c., at reduced prices.

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns quicker,
It lasts longer,
It goes into more quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other kind of burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE.
Orders of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street, promptly attended to.
dec31 1m

TRADERS AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

Philadelphia Daily Evening Bulletin.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Cohen, T. Newhall, L. G. Howe, D. S. Richardson, R. Redford, Edward Darlington, Jr., Israel Morris, Lewis Andenried, Jr., E. F. Sloan, Jr., Lewis Andenried, Jr., Kent Spencer.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factory risks; and the premiums are based upon the lowest rates consistent with safety. The Capital, with the Deposit notes to the amount of $100,000, is invested in the substantial class of village and farm property in Middlesex County; a particularly desirable class of risks, and one which cannot readily be reached by companies located in the cities.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT, for cash risks, is conducted on the principle of small profits and large business, and offers to the insured the benefit of the large surplus, which will be equally divided and promptly paid.

Office, No. 39 Central street, Lowell.

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. P. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treasurer.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly

ÆTNA insurance Co.

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Cash Capital.....	$1,500,000
Surplus.....	$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Cash Capital.....	$500,000
Surplus.....	$400,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus...	$350,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus...	$100,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus....	$200,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as reliable companies can afford. Policies written on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Churches, for one or five years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

T. C. HENDERSON, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

MISS HOWARD, Writing Agent, Office of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street. dec31 1m

Now is the time to lay in your pocket diary for 1861. Everybody carries one now-a-days; and everybody finds they pay. They enable a man to fix his whereabouts at any time, and may be useful in establishing an alibi. Who knows but you may not need to prove an *alibi*, for every day in his life! A suitable little volume of their kind may be obtained at Joshua Merrill's, corner of Central and Middle Streets.

DRAMATIC. Myers & Bonfice will this evening present "All that glitters is not gold" with Mrs. M. Fiske as Martha Gibbs and "Loan of a Lover." Mr. E. W. Marston will appear in both pieces. Mr. C. E. Bidwell will take the part of Stephen Plum in the first piece.

THE CLEAVELAND'S LECTURE. Rev. Dr. Cleaveland delivered an interesting lecture on Sunday evening, to an audience densely packed above and below, and it was heard throughout with fixed attention. It was refreshing to see the preacher grasp his brother Twiss by the hand.—Mr. T. offered the opening and closing prayers, with singular appropriateness and solemnity. The lecture, which was a review of the leaden track entirely, was, perhaps, the best effort the speaker has ever made in this city. After tracing the ministry of Christ, as affording a perfect model for young men, and doing it with great power, the preacher spoke freely of the prevalence of intemperance in this city, and with fearless impartiality, on all sides, stated its causes and its remedies. One allusion would have been answered by applause, on any other evening than that of the Sabbath. The speaker stated, in connection with the words, "These United States, thank God," he exclaimed, "they are the United States still, spite of the wily revolutionists." The lecture should be repeated in Huntington Hall.

A HERMIT.

NEGRO MINSTRELS. Wally Thomas' company of minstrels will perform at Huntington Hall, next Friday afternoon and evening. [Communicated.] The performances of the full company, the Lowell Brigade Band with Excelsior Company No. 1 (in full uniform) will attend in the evening.

A LITTLE TOO EARLY. Quite a number of persons visited the City Government building this forenoon to witness the inauguration of the new City Government. In consequence of circumstances over which the incoming Government had no control, it was thought best not to organize to-day. An attempt will be made to inaugurate next Monday, which will probably be successful, unless an armed force should be in attendance to prevent it.

POLICE COURT. Tuesday, January 1. Francis Sheridan was arraigned on the complaint of Mary Sheridan, his wife, and present a ticket for four months to the House of Correction, on the charge of being a common drunkard.

Patrick Brennan, being a little more common than the first named, had a six months' leave of absence at the same institution, which will bring him out just in season to celebrate the 4th of July.

Elizabeth Cullen came in for sentence on a charge of larceny from No. 3 Hamilton Corporation, and was sent for four months to the common jail.

Now is the time to lay in your pocket diary for 1861. Everybody carries one now-a-days; and everybody finds they pay. They enable a man to fix his whereabouts at any time, and may be useful in establishing an *alibi*

STEARNS & COMPANY'S
PREMIUM SOAP

FOR all purposes for which Soap is intended; this is superior to and in use, for the following reasons, viz.—all is composed of pure clear-grained tallow, and does not contain any ingredients of a hardened or drying nature as common in the different kinds of soap now in use.

It combines two qualities rarely found in any one Soap, being one of the best cleansers and one of the finest Toilet Soaps in use.

It will wash in hard and soft water, and saves one third the labor required in using common Ba. Soaps.

It will not injure fabrics of any description, and will not turn woolen or fine-colored goods, but will give them a transparent cleanness.

It will remove GREASE from Woollens and all Fabrics; also TAR, PITCH, or ROSIN from the hands; and keeps the skin smooth and free from cracking or chapping.

As a contractor's Soap for Salt Rheum, or any cutaneous difficulties, it surpasses all other Soaps in the treatment of the same, having from various sources proved beyond a doubt, for which we refer to

Boston, Feb. 5, 1860.

Messrs Stone & Fillebrown—Gentlemen—I have been using a box of Stearns & Co's Soap. I purchase it of you, with great confidence and benefit. I confess I did not quite credit all you said of its good qualities, but wishing to test them for myself, I went to it. We have it in use, for all kinds of coarse or ordinary purposes, and find it better than any other Soap we have used. For washing it is superior, requiring less labor and leaves the clothes with a clearer appearance.

In the Bath it is delightful with Salt Rheum in my hands, as I was obliged to wear gloves constantly, the Soap would sting them so that it is beneficial to them. I recommend using it, and then need the Shaving Soap of your store, and have been satisfied. Whether your Soap has been the occasion of it, or not I am not faithful, I can not tell, but such is the fact. For years we have used the best we can get, both imported and domestic, but we have discarded it entirely and use none but yours. It keeps the skin in a soft condition. My family have never been so little troubled with chapped hands as this winter.

Please send me three boxes, for a little age is a benefit to it. Yours truly,

B. F. WHITTEMORE.

Messrs Stearns & Company—Gentlemen—I have made a thorough trial of your Premium Soap, and have used but little other soap in my family and have found it to be all you recommend it to be, for all washing purposes and dishes, but also for the hands and bath.

It combines the gilt edge, which added to the softening effects make it the best.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHARLES T. JAMES, Jr., Dentist.

Messrs Stearns & Company—Gentlemen—I have made a thorough trial of your Premium Soap in our family for several months, and find it to be all you claim for it. We cheerfully recommend it to families who know how to do without it. For general household purposes, and for the use of the bath, it is unsurpassed, and there Mr. Moody is much troubled with Salt Rheum using your Soap, he has not suffered from it since. Your Soap also has not shrunk the flannels with any healthful influence upon the skin, and we think it possible may prove a blessing to such sufferers. Yours truly,

O. A. FLETCHER, Box 2 Spring Lane.

*Messrs Stearns & Company—*Your favor of the 2d is received, and I am happy to say that I have used your Premium Soap, and consider it the best Soap. We would add, also, that it is the best for washing purposes. We use it in the bath of such patients as we think it will benefit, and have found Soap for whom Goods that we have ever used, and we have used a great many, that we have ever found so unexceptionable for the soap we have ordered.

Yours truly,

Dr. J. H. STEARNS, Boston Bleacher, No. 3 Hurlbut street, Lowell, Mass.

Dr. HARRINGTON, Lowell, Mass.

DAVID TAFT & CO.,

FRED'K WARREN, 60 Madison street, also at Warren's Block, Lowell.

Dr. ——— supplied at the manufactory.

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES!

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

30 Central Street. 30

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his SPLENDID STOCK of

Ladies' and Gents' FURS,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It embraces the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade by several eminent manufacturers, and is now open and ready for inspection at

No. 30 CENTRAL STREET.

Particular attention paid to Repairing. dly

BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
"OLD RESERVE"

The celebrated popularity of this Whiskey in this market was a foregone result, and it is superfluous to mention in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the multitude of Kentucky Whiskeys.

Being distilled in 1858, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon as a pure and unadulterated article, and is highly recommended for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Incipient Consumption, Derangements of the Stomach, Nervousness, &c.

As a stimulant it has no superior, and in re-creative and invigorating, while not being contributed its great medicinal excellence, it is unsurpassed as an every-day beverage, as it affords a pleasant invitation to the appetite, and a healthful stimulus through the agreeable medium of a well-proportioned palate.

For sale in a variety of attractive forms, in front-rooms of Druggists and Grocers, at wholesale and retail, and supplied by all grocers in good stores and town agents.

Wholesale Depot, 86 Water st., N. Y.

For sale in Boston by GOODWIN & CO., 121 Washington st.; CHANDLER & CO., 128 Washington st.; REED, PERKINS & CO., 3 Old State House; CHAMBERLIN & CO., 13 Cornhill; DAVIS & CO., 40 Cornhill.

nov15 3m

BININGER'S LIQUORS

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

HAVING bought the stock and interest of E. B. Hall & Co., in the Drug business, I would be pleased to have all who are indebted to the late firm call and settle the same without delay.

The undersigned would respectfully invite all interested in the above, to call and examine the quality of Spectacles Lenses offered for sale.

Merrimack st., near the Railroad Depot.

LOWELL, MASS. dw6 29

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S Patent Self-Adjusting Spectacles, a prime article, but very ingenious invention, and takes the place of a *Dollar Bill Stranger and Shin Shrink.*

Sold only by H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine at 62 Merrimack st. oct22

TO WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, No. 8 BROMFIELD GREEN, N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestim Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico are using these *Burring Machines* on their first breakers, and the *Mestim Burring Pickers* on their second breakers. They are acknowledged the only perfect machine in use for protection of wool and clothing. The fiber *Burring Machine* for second breakers and finishers, on a new plan of teeth, are recommended to your attention, being as useful, as efficient, and as important as are those s tandard to first breakers. There are many in use. The four Ring Feed Rolls are also recommended in your attention. In strength and durability they are unsurpassed. The rings are made from over-and-straight cotton, and are then placed true to the Ber Cylinder, to save the loss and short staple. Their firm strength and their power not of teeth are indispensable to a good build on the wool, for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are likewise approved and used much. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool so perfect that the coarse and fine fibers are not broken, and the wool is not injured in the least; and have they a proper injurious substances from coming in contact with the card, and each set will, in addition to cleaning, card perfectly, and will not cut the wool in passing as the cards to which they are attached—They shall therefore be attached to every set of cards the undersigned has purchased a *Mestim Burring Picker* which will more perfectly remove the dirt in the wool, and will not injure the burr. The wool is carded open, and the strength and thoroughly separated from the burr, without waste to the wool, or injury to the burr, and leaves the burr in a sort condition for use. *Burrs, Tar mattress* and which could not otherwise be removed, are left in the wool, and will not injure the *capital of the cards*, as the machines and burrs are so able thoroughly cleaned. Wool and Waste Dusters will be attached to machines when desired, at a small charge.

Orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references furnished on application to C. L. GODDARD, Jr., Agent.

dec22 1y No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, New York.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

LATE ASSIST'T OF U. S. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON.

76 State St., opposite Kilby St.

BOSTON.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, more successful than ever before, Mr. EDDY still gives advice in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries, as well as throughout the United States, in regard to Inventions, and all Papers and Drawings for Patents are prepared with dispatch, fidelity, and moderate charges. Examinations are made to ascertain the validity or utility of Patents or Inventions, and legal opinions given in regard to infringements, or matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent issued from the Patent Office, will be furnished for $1. Assignments recorded in Washington.

Mr. EDDY has been for the largest in New England, and has enjoyed the facilities for procuring Patents, and securing patents if ascertaining the patentability of inventions, which cannot be had elsewhere to the same extent. All who wish to procure Patents, or have any business to transact in the Patent Office, are recommended to apply to him, as they will be sure to have their business done faithfully and promptly, and on reasonable terms.

Reference is had to the Hon. Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C.

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has been favorably known to me, as an able lawyer, one of which certificates may be granted, and that is none prudent. Such unable knowledge of great talent and ability on his part, he holds me to recommend all inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges."

JOHN TAGGART,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

From Sept 17th, 1857 to June 17th, 1858, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, obtained 76 PATENTS, 3 REISSUES, 3 DESIGNS, and 1 EXTENSION, all of which were decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents.

R. H. EDDY,
Solicitor of Patents.
Boston Sept 1, 1860. sept15 3m eow

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all description. They have also received a small trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, and prices will be found very low. Also, just arrived from the English and American Manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was large and complete, and in assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase by the box or case, will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES'S Hardware Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.

oct1 1y

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an *external* remedy, driving out and curing by eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate frame in connection with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the diseases ever saw. CHARLES A SMITH,
Nov 1 1858 State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism 16 years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMANT AYRES.
Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the use of opium, I sought remedies without obtaining relief. I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Aspinwall Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. I tried one bottle of Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN M. BURRO,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years' standing. H. B. HOLMES,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, two years of age, has been afflicted for years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his face and body being covered. I procured a bottle of your Compound cured him.
J. W. HARMON 19 Milk street, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.
W. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Head St House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
JOHN THOMPSON,
Pearl St House, Boston

I certify that my friend, Wm. L. Middleton, presented me with a bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound in 1856, when I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and that I found relief from the first dose.
ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby testify that they have used "GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND" in their families, and find it an excellent remedy for the diseases for which it is recommended. We have full confidence in its healing properties, and recommend it to those who are afflicted with these harrassing diseases, as one of the safest and best medicines ever offered to the public.
S. Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.
Henry D. Gardiner, Windsor street, Boston.
Wm. Hall, Jr., Boston.
Miss M. E. Fuller, 18 South Market street, Boston.
George H. Emerson, Commercial st., Boston.
Abram Weeks, Webster street, East Boston.
Asst. Charles G. Bullivan,
Samuel Wales, Jr., City Hotel.
Jasper Townsend, 45 & 47 Pearl street, Boston.

The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been in boxes for a year, and I can look for ageing with great benefit.

Principal Depot, 57 Kilby Street, Boston.

Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JENKINS, 67 Liberty street, and for Philadelphia and generally throughout the United States.

Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere. Orders may also be addressed.

For sale by Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Kimball, S. Kidder, Jr., W. H. Pearson and by Jacl. Bolton 30 and 32 Merrimack st. dly

October 10, 1860 7

CHILSON'S
CONE FURNACE.

THE subscribers would again call the attention of persons in want of a good FURNACE, to the one which can be relied upon to escape, except through their proper channels, the whole strength of the heat generated in the fire of this Furnace within the past three years, during which time we have put in operation thirty-five of them in this city, has succeeded in convincing all who have used them, that they are superiority over any other Furnace in the market.

The point to which all furnace makers desire to attain, if so ensure, to obtain the greatest amount of heat from the smallest quantity of fuel, and a Furnace will gain the superiority which in this consideration presents the greatest amount of radiating surface to the fire. This point, we claim, has been attained by the CONE FURNACE.

Persons in want of a Furnace are requested to call at our store and examine several styles which we have on hand and set up.

We can also refer to some thirty or more persons who have them in operation.

Where also
CHILSON'S NEW DOUBLE ELEVATED OVEN COOKING RANGE,

Which for economy of fuel, simplicity in operation and the unity of construction, is not excelled by any range in the market. Please call and examine.

WILDER & DANA,
April 17, 1860 6m

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of every variety of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging Lamps for parlors, Lamps for store, kitchen, and study lamps for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st. Oil will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

Also, Kidder's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or gallon. Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' Hardware Emporium, 45 Merrimack street.

oct1 1y

ASTHMA, for the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

PEDDY'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box; can be sent by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
May. 1860 may16tly

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his superior stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Gents.

HUGH McEVOY.
33 Central street.

Parisian complexion,
ON THE
BATH OF BEAUTY,

A Compound complete efficacious in annihilating

FRECKLES, TAN, or PIMPLES,

and for removing the natural complexion, and is not affected by Perspiration.

To remain its genuine, all orders must be addressed to E. L. DAVIS, P. O. Key Box No 20, Lowell, Mass.

For sale at S. KIDDER & CO.'s Apothecary store Merrimack and John streets. sept 7 dly

Druggists generally.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
ramo Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufacturers to order any size or style wanting a good cut-down or frame for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Glasses for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for sale Cheap.
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
A positive remedy for all diseases
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL and IRRITATION OF THE URINE.

This medicine increases the power of Digestion, purifies the blood, gives tone, vigor and strength to the whole system, and restores the patient to health and purity. All UNNATURAL ENGAGEMENTS are avoided, and a healthy action of the system produced, and is good for

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
For Weaknesses
Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, &c.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the System, Trembling, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Horrid Dreams, Hysterics, Diseases of a Delicate Character, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sorrowfulness, Fickleness, Dizziness, Epilepsy or Fits, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Disease of the Head, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Sight, Premature Old Age, Loss of Memory, Universal Prostration of the System, &c.

SECRET DISEASES

In all their stages, at little expense. Little or no change in Diet; no inconvenience.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to the parts concerned in the discharge of its duties.

Affecting cure of Secret Diseases, Inflammation, and Irritation of the Bladder and Kidneys, and Gravel, in all of which

Thousands, and more are now TOOTHLESS
WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF QUACKS,

and who have paid MANY FEES to be cured in a FEW DAYS, by the use of Mercury, Sarsaparilla, or the POISON "——," but by the use of this INVALUABLE MEDICINE, were restored to health and perfect manhood.

FEMALE DISEASES.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU cures in a few days.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SCEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.

OLDISH YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE,

Will find in the use of HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, the greatest remedy ever discovered in the world. The worst case may be conquered by this LIFE GIVING REMEDY.

Pamphlets—FEMALE—FEMALE, Describing cases, and containing certificates of Cures, sent free.

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Requires the use of HELMBOLD'S

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR UNPLEASANT REMEDIES IN THE FORM OF COMPOUNDS.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

SECRET DISEASES

Which Helmbold's Extract Buchu cures in a few days.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SCEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.

OLDISH YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE,

Will find in the use of HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, the greatest remedy ever discovered in the world. The worst case may be conquered by this LIFE GIVING REMEDY.

Pamphlets—FEMALE—FEMALE, Describing cases, and containing certificates of Cures, sent free.

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Requires the use of HELMBOLD'S

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR UNPLEASANT REMEDIES IN THE FORM OF COMPOUNDS.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Depot of the Proprietor, No. 594 Broadway, New York.

Sold by druggists everywhere.

Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.

Ask for HELMBOLD'S, and take no other.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Depot of the Proprietor, No. 594 Broadway, New York.

Sold by druggists everywhere.

Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.

Ask for HELMBOLD'S, and take no other.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

THE COMET
COAL STOVE.

THIS justly celebrated Stove appears this season with

Novel and Valuable Improvements.

In addition to its former Baking arrangements, (which are pattern-ed) it now has a most

PERFECT CONVENIENCE

For boiling a Tea-Kettle, all of which are concealed in its ordinary operations. Besides these TALUABLE QUALITIES it has also been highly esteemed as the

MOST POWERFUL AND ECONOMICAL

Heating Stove in Use.

FOR
CONVENIENCE,
ECONOMY,
DURABILITY,
OR BEAUTY,

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

So of MUCH LESS than other Stoves of the same size, as

FARRINGTON'S
over and Furniture Warehouse,
LOWELL, MASS.

CARPETS.

I Have just received from New York a large assortment of NEW STYLES

VELVET,
BRUSSELS,
and TAPESTRY
CA PETINGS,

Ich will be sold at

THE LOWEST PRICES.

Also, a full assortment of LOWELL and HARTFORD SUPERFINE and

THREE-PLY GOODS,

Together with a great variety of cheap Carpets, RUGS, DRUGGETS, MATTINGS, &c.

PAINTED CARPETS,

From one yard to six yards wide, in great variety, for sale CHEAP.

D. C. FARRINGTON.
oct13dtn Central, opposite Market st.

Hair Mattresses & Feather Beds,
OF THE BEST QUALITY,
Manufactured and sold Cheap at
FARRINGTON'S.

THE BEST COOK STOVE
IS THE
MOUNT VERNON,
SOLD CHEAP AT
FARRINGTON'S
STOVE AND FURNITURE STORE.
oct13dtn Central, opposite Post st.

THE CELEBRATED
Seth Thomas Clocks,
WARRANTED SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS,
FOR SALE AT
FARRINGTON'S
oct 3m Carpet and Furniture Store.

MERRIMACK CARPETS.

HAVING been appointed SOLE AGENT for the sale of the production of the Merrimack Mills, I am prepared to sell these Carpets

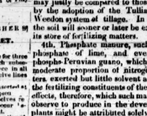
At Much less than Former Prices.

D. C. FARRINGTON.
oct13dtn Central, opposite Market st.

TABLE CUTLERY,

FROM the best manufactories, for sale cheap at FARRINGTON'S.
oct13dtn Central, opposite Market st.

Stewart's Stove!



FUEL SAVING COMFORT PRODUCING
LARGE OVEN
Summer and Winter Air Tight
COOKING STOVE!

FOR WOOD AND ANTHRACITE OR BITUMINOUS COAL.

IMPROVED IN 1859,

With New and Extra Large Flues, and by the addition of Stewart's Patent

Double Sheet Bottom Flue,

Attention is invited to the following points of merit:

1st DURABILITY—Lasting, with proper care, 20 years or more. Many of the first ones put up in 1850.

2d ECONOMY OF FUEL—Every portion of the Stove is thoroughly constructed. Each Stove is numbered with a Steel Stamp, and when any of the parts are worn out, a new one can be procured from the office of which one has run finally worn out. Each Stove is numbered with a Steel Stamp, and when any of the parts are worn out, a new one can be procured from the office of which one has run finally worn out. Each Stove is numbered with a Steel Stamp, and when any of the parts are worn out, a new one can be procured from the office of which one has run finally worn out.

3d CONVENIENCE—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

4th HEALTHFULNESS—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

5th BEAUTY—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

6th CLEANLINESS—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

7th ECONOMY—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

8th SIMPLICITY—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

9th CONVENIENCE—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

10th CLEANLINESS—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

11th ECONOMY—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

12th CLEANLINESS—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

13th ECONOMY—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

14th CLEANLINESS—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

15th ECONOMY—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

16th CLEANLINESS—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

17th ECONOMY—The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors. The Stove is so constructed that the ashes can be removed without opening the doors, and the fire can be kept in for a long time without the necessity of opening the doors.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, January 2, 1861.

LEGISLATIVE CAUCUSES. The Boston papers of this morning give us the doings of the caucuses of the members elect of the Legislature—held for the transaction of the necessary preliminary business incidental to the organization of the two branches of that body, which convenes today. The Senate caucus was called to order by Mr. Shaw of Suffolk, and Mr. Norton of Middlesex, was called to the chair, and Mr. Whiting of Plymouth, was chosen secretary. On balloting for President of the Senate, 32 votes (all that were thrown) were given in favor of presenting Hon. William Claflin as a candidate; and Stephen N. Gifford, and John Morrissey (the former for clerk and the latter for sergeant-at-arms) were unanimously selected. The question of nominating a chaplain was discussed, but no one was agreed upon.

The House caucus was quite fully attended. Chas. W Slack, of Boston, called to order; George T. Davis, of Greenfield, was selected for chairman, and Thomas Hills of Boston, for secretary. Hon. A. H. Bullock, of Worcester, accompanied with some complimentary remarks, stated that Hon. John A. Goodwin of Lowell, be nominated by acclamation for Speaker. Carried unanimously. William Stowe, of Springfield, was in like manner nominated for Clerk, on motion of George McLellan of Cambridge. John Morrissey of Plymouth, was unanimously nominated for sergeant-at-arms. Messrs. Otis, of Worcester, Pierce, of Dorchester, and McLellan, of Cambridge, were appointed a committee for calling of future caucuses. No other business of importance was transacted.

The House met at 11 o'clock this forenoon—the hour fixed upon in the caucus.

ALL RIGHT DOWN EAST. At the last meeting of the City Government of Portland, Maine, vigorous Union resolutions were passed by a large majority, and a strong feeling in favor of energetic movements to stay the foolhardy work of the mad men at the South was visible on all sides. A resolution, also, instructing the representatives from Portland in the Legislature to vote for the repeal of the Personal Liberty Bill of Maine, was also passed without opposition.

There is evidently to be strong efforts made in all the New England States to repeal the laws which are looked upon by the South as aimed at their "institutions"—not that blustering and threatening have had any influence upon the Northern, but because there really exists no cause for such enactments, also because there should not exist even this poor apology for the antagonism of the Southern States toward the Free States. It is a fact that very few Republicans of this vicinity maintain the need of the Personal Liberty Bill; and it is a fact of more importance, that the abolitionist minds of the State pronounce its provisions to be in conflict with the United States laws, and consequently unconstitutional. In times when there were less causes for a serious consideration of every act that would be likely to create a division of public sentiment, the Personal Liberty Bill of Massachusetts has met the opposition of the standard-bearers of the Republican Party; now, when, so far as we are able to judge, there quarters in the community do not wish for its existence; when a majority of the Republican press has favored its repeal, we hope the action of the legislature, when it assembles to-day, will be in conformity with what appears to be the voice of the people.

A TRAGEDY AT CHARLESTOWN. Yesterday forenoon, a man named John Sullivan made an attempt to kill his wife, failing in which he shot himself dead with a pistol. The circumstances are reported as follows:—Sullivan has had the reputation of cruelly treating his wife for a long time; a few days ago, in a drunken rage, he cut into shreds the clothing and bed clothes of his wife, for which he was arrested and punished. To get free from his brutalities, his wife moved from Roxbury to Charlestown, within a few days; but he found out where she had gone, and followed her. Yesterday in one of his inasmuch of madness, after having broken up some of the furniture in the house, he seized his wife into a bedroom, and made an ax attempted to kill her. She received one blow on the left side of the face, which penetrated an inch or more, when she escaped from the room, separated after a struggle, and fled from the house. Seibert at once applied a pistol to his breast and discharged it, and staggering to the kitchen fell and expired. His wife was conveyed to the Massachusetts Hospital for treatment, and it is believed she will recover.

THE LAST OF THE OLD AND THE FIRST OF THE NEW IN NEW YORK. The *New York Tribune* thus describes the manner in which the Old Year was rung out and the New Year in, in that city:—

"At quarter to midnight the eight bells in the belfry broke out in sweet succession, which gilded into Hall Columbia and Yankee Doodle, followed by snatches of melody from the Child of the Regiment. Then there was a pause, during which the midnight hour tolled forth. The old year was dead, and gone to swell the centuries of the past, and the new-born 1861 came in, big with the mysterious history, as an infant merry peals as the Blue Bells of Scotland, and Roy's Wife strangely in Highland plaintive Last Rose of Summer, and closing with the old familiar strains of Home, Sweet Home, reminding the blasted wayfarer, of the tender tones stole sweetly through the crisp of the midnight air, of the gentle preparations which ten thousand fond wives, maidens had been busily making for the upon house keeping, and the kindly courtesies of the morrow.

A SINGULAR PROCEEDING. It is stated as a fact, that the statue of Gen. Jackson, before the President's house (at Washington), was most curiously ornamented on Sunday morning. The old anti-secessionist held in his hand the stars and stripes, while the blue cockade was tied under the tail of the horse. Great indignation is felt by the seceders, and it is rumored that they will request the Commissioners to ask for an explanation.

The communication which occupies so much of our space to-day, should not be overlooked on account of its length.

REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON. The correspondent of the New York *Evening Post*, telegraphs as follows:—

"The President was heard to say on Monday, that the South Carolina Commissioners had made no formal demand of him of any kind. The Commissioners tell the Southern navy officers who meditate resigning, that there will be no employment for them South, at present, nor until the Southern Confederacy is formed. This is regarded as evidence of a disposition to discourage any further resignations."

It is said that Secretary Floyd has probably escaped impeachment by resigning.—Charges were being prepared by a member from the West, arraigning the Secretary for his official financial transactions, and for his virtual disarmament of the reserve militia of the Northern States. It is estimated that over half a million stand of arms have been transferred from the Northern arsenals, to those of the South, since the John Brown raid. The greater portion of these arms are of the latest patterns, and are accompanied by abundant supplies of suitable ammunition.

The *Journal of Commerce* correspondent says:—

"If you President Breckinridge is laboring to bring about a convention of the Southern border States, in the hopes that they will be able to propose terms of conciliation with the Northern States, to which the South may accede, the movement is generally looked upon with favor, as the only one that promises anything like a peaceful adjustment of difficulties. If they remain till March unadjusted, will break up the government. Mr. Breckinridge finds many discouragements in the effort, from obstinate men—particularly of the Southern Senators—but still perseveres in it."

Gen. Scott intends to be present and assist, officially, at Mr. Lincoln's inauguration, and will give the prestige of his name and character to the becoming observances of that occasion. The people of Washington will take care to preserve order, and to protect themselves against ruffianism, from whatever quarter, and if volunteers to defend the laws are needed, there will be plenty on the spot.

Gen. Scott has addressed a letter to Major Anderson through the War Department, approving his conduct. The official censure conveyed in the dispatches has been very materially mitigated by this important crumb of comfort.

A more healthy state of feeling is visible all over town. The faces of Washingtonians begin again to smile, and the confidence that the Union may yet last, in spite of the dangers surrounding it, seem to have returned.

It is generally understood that the recent change in the Administration is not attributable, chiefly, to Messrs. Holt and Stanton, who have constantly insisted upon the execution of the Federal laws, since their appointment, and have made it their watchword.

The Democrats from New York and the northwest called on the President last Monday, in a body, and notified him that if he did not maintain the dignity and supremacy of the Government, and preserve the public property, he need not rely on their support any longer.

At the Cabinet meeting on Monday there was quite an angry discussion. The President charges that South Carolina has misrepresented and misled him. Fernandina, granted at the instance of strong Union men, because they were told that a force of men from the South, for the purpose of reinforcing Sumter, would be there in a few days. Instead of this, the Star of the West was fired into, and the President was compelled to withdraw the troops from Fort Sumter, with sealed dispatches from the Union must and should be preserved. Mr. Briggs represented the House from the journing, since the Southern men attempted it.

The Commissioners from South Carolina have been communicating by telegraph with Gov. Pickens. He telegraphed to them that he was notified of the departure of the revenue cutter Harriet Lane for Fort Sumter, with sealed dispatches from Washington, but that she could not come over the bar except under the white flag; otherwise, *she would be fired upon by the South Carolina troops*. This is true, unvarnished truth. The Commissioners have made a great effort to keep it secret from every one.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT. A great and manifest change has swept over the mind of the people within a few days, uniting all men in the Free States in the determination to defend the Government—the noblest constitutional fabric ever reared—as large as means of defence exist, or until the traitors to the country are overthrown.—The *New York World* has the following remarks upon the subject:—

"The plot thickens, we are at this hour in the very crisis of a revolution. The country is arousing itself like the strong man in Scripture, and bursting free from party bonds, as Samson broke the green withes which they bound him. Bolds had put about his limbs in his sleep. The only political parties which will be known in the struggle that is upon us, will be a party that stands up boldly for the supremacy of the law, for the maintenance of civil order, for firm adherence to the Constitution, and resolute defence of the Union against all its enemies, secession and its treason, rebellion, perfidy and revolution."

The *Richmond Enquirer* is about to discontinue its daily issue, by way of retrenchment, in view of the present monetary difficulties, and will publish only the semi-weekly and weekly papers after the first of January. The *Enquirer* is a little early in curtailing its expenses, but it has wisdom enough to know that if its mad reasonings were carried out it would not only be the ruin to itself but every kind of business in the State.

Among the articles on exhibition at the Mechanics Boston Fair was a new invention by William H. Paine, of Sheboygan, to supersede the usual chain used in surveying. It consists of a steel measure, which coils up like a tape measure, but is so temperated as to be perfectly straight when uncoiled. The whole weight of the instrument does not exceed three pounds. A thermometer is attached to it, and the measure can always be the same length, no matter what is the temperature.

CHARLOTTE MARROW died in Dighton, Mass., on the 16th ult., aged sixty-six. She had been a town pauper from her birth. What a life!

He who puts a bad construction upon a good act, reveals his own wickedness at bearing.

THE secession movement has taken no new phase within a day or two. Nothing of importance is reported from Charleston since Saturday.

GOV. LETCHER, of Virginia, daily refuses to appoint a day of fasting and prayer, alleging that the State Government never intermeddles with religious observance.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

FROM BOSTON.

Webster defines compromise as "An amicable agreement between parties in controversy to settle their differences by mutual concessions." And a portion of the South stating that its rights are imperiled, demand a compromise as regards the victorious party. The moderate among the representatives of three parties are disposed to do all that they can in the way of compromise compatible with the preservation of honor and principles and say "Resolve alluding to the concessions they are to make, we will ask what you expect us to concede?" The answer comes boldly, defiantly, insultingly—"The instantaneous, unconditional and perpetual surrender of everything worth a straw for which you contended in the last campaign. That is our first demand, it is our ultimatum, yield it or out we go." And Mr. Buchanan, with the basenss of Burr and Arnold, and without a tithe of the courage or a ray of virtue of either, justifies the assumption of this position, gives us a partisan harangue for a message in advocacy of it, and inserts the cunningest energies of the Government to force down its own will, now, upon the people of the country as he did to force his own views upon the freemen of Kansas and extort from them the endorsement of his crimes. Do Mr. Manufacturer, Mr. Merchant, Mr. Mechanic, when they stick their noddles together in Congress, think that any concession approaching such a demand of the South will receive more than contemptuous epithets of passions. Are they fools enough to think that any concession of principle will shackle the action of nearly three millions of indignant Lincoln men, Douglas men, Bell men, &c. &c. Are or fools enough to deceive ourselves into the belief that a few hundred Southern men, who have left Mr. Crittenden & Mr. Johnson can prepare anything that will silence the clamor of the people, and bring back to their seats the entire country, with the exception of the traitors in the disfigurement of paper? Webster in his 7th of March speech—is "an evil, a blight, a blast, a mildew, a scourge and a curse." Are our fools enough to deceive ourselves into the belief that a spirit of the right to hold slaves *in transitu*, in defiance of local prohibition and in every other pretension in favor of slavery and the unconstitutionality of every "wish, purpose, attempt" to prohibit it, will be anything in opposition to it are unique discoveries. The present outrageous demands will never be complied with, and needs information who believes that they will.

The sacred privilege of Free Speech is also unconstitutional, at least I am led to infer so, by the failure of "respectable prints" to condemn the indignities to which the Abolitionists were subjected at their recent meeting in Tremont Temple, a public outrage of its sacredness has not been perpetrated for an indefinite length of time, and never has one been so generally approved. Is it possible that Wendell Phillips cannot speak to political Abolition with the same freedom from restraint that Caleb Cushing can? Can it be that one cannot denounce in unmeasured terms what the other extols and deceitfully professes to idolize? Have they not equal rights to expound their views in opposition to the orthodoxy of Madame Conservative? Boston must have had a spasm when she permitted to gross an outrage. And I have yet to learn that her citizens will allow its repetition. In many respects they are quiescent, but they are liberal and will give any one a hearing.

If a few refuse it, the people will demand it for him. A historian "Star" will fill our theatre. A "sensation preacher" will crowd either of our churches. A political Protean will "draw" enough to crowd Faneuil Hall groan. Any speaker of ordinary celebrity, though he may be a Temperical Infallibility of Pius IX., the Iniquity of the American Constitution, or the Truth of the Theories of Pythagoras, will be listened to with attention. The Divine appointment or ingenuity in the treatment of his subject, and, forcefully speaking "driving home points," he will be applauded. Does that applause commit the hearers to the views of the speaker—views which, in the first sense, if made operative, would prove more, or less, ghastly, or appalling to many than. Some who fear that the Governor elect may be a Virginia assassin in disguise, have directly stated as much.

It is full time for us to declare whether we approve fact of allowing a traitor to speak or of listening to him if he is allowed to speak, is "giving aid and comfort to the enemies of the Constitution." It is time to know whether a citizen cannot go to hear Wendell Phillips as well as to hear God. Their conduct may be a crime but their opinions are treason, and the courage will be exhibited in vain. Their object is too well known to the intelligence of the land. It is the consummation of a scheme of a long chosen deliberate, and premeditated design. As promises precede conclusions, as cause precedes effect, so the present action of South Carolina, to the mind of the intelligent Northerner, denying as he is, the justicibility DR. MCLANE'S Celebrated Liver Pills. They will be stopped Friday on account of the National Fast, as it was hardly thought expedient to warm up to run only a few hours on Saturday.

POLICE COURT. Wednesday, January 2. Not a case before the Court to-day.

The sales of jewels throughout the city, Long may it reign.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD. The annual meeting of this company is to be held in Boston to-day.

BROWNSON'S QUARTERLY REVIEW, for January, contains an article on the "Seperation of Church and State," which will be read with great interest at this crisis in the affairs of the country. Brownson, the editor of the *Review*, looks without disfavor on the movements of Garibaldi; and says he would not "restore the old system" if he could. He believes that the Catholic Church "has the capacity to adopt herself to all the changes that go on in the world around her." There are several other articles on the usual spicy papers produced in this quarterly—always able and interesting.

THE laws of Nature are just, but terrible. There is no weak mercy in them. Soul and conscience are inexorable. The elements have no forbearance. The fire burns, the water drowns, the air consumes, the earth buries. Cruelty is dealt with as well for our race if the punishment of crimes against the laws of man were as inevitable as the punishment of crimes against the laws of Nature, were man as unerring in his judgments as Nature.

CHARLESTON is the only city of any prominence in the Union in which the population has decreased during the past ten years.

THE citizens of Taunton, Mass., have started a subscription for the purchase of a sword, to be presented to Major Anderson, the hero of Fort Moultrie.

MR. LINCOLN has probably settled upon three of his seven Cabinet Ministers, namely: Edward Bates, of Missouri, Dayton of Pennsylvania, and Caleb B. Smith, of Indiana.

A FEDERAL office-holder of a literary turn is engaged upon a poem, to be published on the Presidential regalia. We only remember one verse—

"Who to dumb torpedoes a prey
Left the smug precinct where he had his pay,
And fled from Sumter's battlements to Maine?"

JUDGE WILLIAMS of southern Kansas has resigned his office, much to the satisfaction of the people, under martial law to his dispensation of justice.

MISS SARAH JOHNSON is under arrest in Detroit under charge of stealing five dollars from one lover to pay the minister for marrying her to another.

S. B. BRITTAN who commences his lectures on the Laws of Life and the mysteries of the Human mind this evening, at Wells-Hall, has long been known, in every quarter of the Union, as a public lecturer and teacher of pshysological science. Respecting his ability to treat the profound themes he has selected for his course in this city, we cite the following opinions:—

"Prof. B. developes his theory with great simplicity and clearness. He is an earnest and eloquent speaker, and has a happy faculty of illustrating profound ideas by familiar comprehension of a popular audience."—*New York Sunday Dispatch.*

"We have been much acquainted with Mr. Brittan's writings for ten years, and have become convinced that he ranks among the ablest of modern philosophers."—*Auxiliary County Democrat.*

MILLS TO BE CLOSED. It has been decided to stop the mills in this city on Friday and Saturday of this week. They will be stopped *Friday* on account of the National Fast, as it was hardly thought expedient to warm up to run only a few hours on Saturday.

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N. B. \$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing a full supply, by return mail.
Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER. 3m 2dec13 sp

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, ERUPTIONS, FRECKLES, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the skin soft and lucid, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is most useful and agreeable to the toilet, and indispensable to every lady who desires a beautiful complexion.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Before you go into company.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove the Sallowness of the Skin.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove Tan, Freckles, &c.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
To make your Skin soft and beautiful.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
A sure cure for Chapped Hands and Face.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish to Shave Pleasantly.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish a good appetite.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish a good complexion.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish to avoid Pimples, Blotches, &c.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most delightful preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most healthful preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most natural preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most reliable preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most harmless preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most popular preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most extensively used preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most valuable preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most elegant preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most economical preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most perfect preparation for the skin ever offered to the public.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Is the most agreeable

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that he has entered into a copartnership with MOSHEIM + MASSICK, for the purpose of continuing the business formerly carried on by him at

99 CENTRAL STREET,

and takes this opportunity of extending to the public his sincere thanks for the patronage they have so liberally bestowed upon him. In introducing his partner he has the utmost confidence that all business entrusted to him will be promptly and faithfully attended to. Trusting, as usual, that satisfaction will prove beneficial to us, I remain, respectfully yours, OLIVER A. BUZZELL.

New Firm and New Goods.

CITY BOOKSTORE,

29 CENTRAL ST., LOWELL, MASS.

BUZZELL & MASSICK,

Would respectfully invite the attention of the public to their new stock of Goods, consisting of

BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

PAPER HANGINGS,

and FANCY GOODS,

Bought exclusively for Cash, at very low prices and which will be sold on reasonable terms. DETERMINED NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD. Remember the place, 29 CENTRAL ST., LOWELL, MASS. Store one door from the Merrimack House. We have secured a favorable room for both old and new customers, and shall spare no pains to treat our customers so that they will call upon us the second time. Our Stock embraces a large assortment of

Bibles, Commentaries, Dictionaries, &c.

Hymn Books, Blank Books, Gift Books, Albums, Autographic Books, School Books, Juvenile Books, Toy Books, and Cards for Sabbath Schools.

Stationery of all Kinds.

Portfolios, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Chain Bags all sizes. Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Purses, Pocket Cutlery, Hair Oil, Hair Tools and Nail Brushes; Scissors and Tailors' Shears, Razors and Strops.

TRUNKS, VALISES AND CARPET BAGS.

Pictures, Paper Hangings, Paper Curtains and Border, Gilding, Looking Glass Plates, Toy Books, and

FANCY GOODS

too numerous to mention.

Selling very low for CASH for CASH, we can sell at LOWER PRICES and give our customers better.

Please give us a call, examine our goods, and then set your pleasure as regards buying.

Remember the place,

99 CENTRAL STREET, 99

"CITY BOOKSTORE."

BUZZELL & MASSICK.

Pedlers and country dealers supplied at the lowest prices for CASH.

Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired. oct18tf

STEARNS & COMPANY'S

PREMIUM SOAP.

FOR all purposes for which Soap is intended it is superior to any in use, for the following reasons, viz, only a few cents per pound, very cleansing properties, and does not contain any ingredients of a hardening or drying nature, as common in the different kinds of Soap now in use.

It combines two qualities rarely found in any one Soap, being one of the best creative and one of the finest Toilet Soaps in use.

It will wash in hard or soft water, and saves one-third the labor required in using common bar Soaps.

It will not injure fabrics of any description, and will not turn them yellow, but will give them a transparent clearness.

It will remove GREASE from Woolens and all Fabrics; also, TAR, PITCH, or ROSIN from the hands; and keep the skin soft, smooth and free from cracking or chapping.

As a detersive, it has no equal for Salt Rheum, or any cutaneous difficulties; it surpasses all other Soaps, as its constituents are have received from various sources prove beyond a doubt, a few of which we append:

Boston, Feb. 5, 1860.

Messrs Stone & Hodges—Gentlemen—I have been using a box of Stearns & Co.'s Soap. I purchased of you, with great satisfaction, and consider it a most excellent article for washing clothes and hands, as also for the hands and body.

It contains the glycerine, which adds to the softening effects on the skin.

Respectfully, from an obedient servant,

CHARLES T. JACKSON, M. D., State Assayer.

Boston, Sept. 1, 1860.

Messrs Stearns & Co.—Gentlemen—I have made a Chemical Analysis of your Premium Soap, and have used it some time in my family, and find it to be of superior quality, not only for washing clothes and dishes, but also for the hands and body.

It contains the glycerine, which adds to the softening effects on the skin.

Respectfully, from an obedient servant,

CHARLES T. JACKSON, M. D., State Assayer.

Messrs Stearns & Co.—Gents—We have been using your Premium Soap in our family for some two months, and find it a very desirable article. We should not like to be under the necessity of doing without it. For general household purposes it is the best we have ever used. Our colored girl Moody is usually troubled a little in winter season with chapped hands; but since using your Soap she has not suffered the least in convenience, and the Soap produces a very healthy and healing influence upon her hands, which has proved a great blessing. We wish you all possible success in bringing such an invaluable article before the public. Respectfully yours, &c.,

ISRAEL MOODY,

No. 290 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

Messrs Stearns & Co.—I have just received a box of your improved Premium Soap, and I find in addition to its fine detersive and cleansing qualities, that I can by shaving up one bar and adding four or five quarts of water, boil it down until dissolved, have the best Soft Soap that I ever used. Its use in shaving a healthy tone to the system. For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaints, Weakness or Debility, Flatulency and Nausea, and all complaints consequent upon a disorder of state of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, they are unsurpassed. As a nerve invigorator, they are much admired; they sharpen the appetite, promote digestion, and infuse new life and vigor. No one who uses these Bitters, will be subject to Fever and Ague and Acute or Diarrhœa.

Put up in Quart Bottle, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers throughout the country.

W. F. & A. W. GRELLY, Proprietors, No. 26 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

C. C. MOORE & CO., No. 12 Merrimack st., Boston, Sole Agents for Retail Agents for Lowell.

oct13 1y

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MECHANICS' SALOON, No. 81 Merrimack st., by the subscriber. The table will embrace a good variety, as we are the delivered of the season, and will be served in the best manner.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate those who may call, and invites any to do so between dinners at a specific hour.

H. EMERY.

oct1 1m

"NUMBER 18 THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the public generally are hereby informed, in the protection of my individual rights, that I have not sold out my business, nor any part of it, to any person or persons whatever. I am still at my old stand, No. 18 Merrimack st., in Bixbies Block in Lowell. The following popular Boots and Shoes for Gentlemen and Boys' wear in that city can may be purchased low at 17 Central street.

The Lowell Boston, by Walter Aiken, manufacturing the city volumes, viz; Oscar, Clinton, Ellis, Whitney, Lawrence.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, a first dollar edition, published by H. Dayton, and for 25 cents.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

Ladies' Library, comprising four volumes.

Home and No Home—A Will and a Way—Farmer's Daughter—Lucy Sandford.

Please call and examine DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Emporium, sign of Gold Pitcher.

Come one, come all. dec21

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GROATS.—Fresh ground Graham meal and groats for sale at the wholesale and retail at the mill and for sale by

nov29 HIRAM B. WOOD, 41 Market st.

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS.—A new work by John Ellis, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Med. and Cleveland Ohio. Just received and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street. sept25

TO WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestim Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico are using these *Burring Machines* on their looms, and those who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machine in use for protection of work and durability. The Steel *Burring Ring* can be sharpened from 20 to 30 times, and will last for years. Orders for rings of any description, attended to promptly. All communications and orders addressed as above will receive prompt attention.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier is supplied PROMPT-

ly with the material necessary for the ECONOMICAL execution of

TIP-TOP PRINTING.

PLAIN PRINTING.

Printing Office

Of every establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

In use, the P roprietors rest assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Law Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and of every description.

Always on hand, a good stock of paper surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUNT, }

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the dis ease we have ever known.

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years, and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. WHITE,

75 Franklin st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eight months, and been driven from my carousating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,

No 5 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and subject more than can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and can heartily say I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN A. MURDO,

Pearl Street House, Somerville.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is decidedly relieved me from suffering of many years' standing. W. E. HODGKINS,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores and a constant discharge. one bottle of your Compound cured him.

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Main street, Roxbury.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.

W. C. THOMPSON,

Proprietor Tremont House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY THOMPSON,

Pearl St., Dorchester, Mass.

I certify that my friend Wm T. Glidden, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, who was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and in less than half an hour he declared himself entirely relieved.

ALBERT SMITH,

Ex-Member of Congress from Boston.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have, in every case found the most perfect and permanent relief. We have full confidence in its healing properties, and recommend it to all who may be afflicted with those harassing diseases, as one of the best and best medicines ever offered to the public.

S. Hancock, *Jr.*, 20 South Boston Block, Boston.

Benny D. Gardiner, Wholesale street, East Boston.

W. H. Allen,

Henry A. Fuller, 18 South Market street, Boston.

Nathaniel Hall, Jr., Wholesale street, East Boston.

Nathaniel Hall, Jr., Wholesale street, East Boston.

Capt. Charles G. Dollivar,

Capt. Joseph Dyer, Jr., City Hotel.

Elmer Townsend, Jr., 45 & 47 Pearl street, Boston.

The Hoffman and Boylston Block, Boston, are taken by hundreds of people, for Scrofulous Humors, with great benefit.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.

Wholesale agents for New York, HYATT & JEN KINS, 87 Liberty street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States.

Price $1.00 per bottle. None genuine unless signed C. F. GARDINER, and the name blown in the glass, that is on the wrapper.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Richardson, S. Kidder, Jr., W. W. Downes and by Dean, Hildreth, 99 and 102 Merrimack street.

dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL 8 WHITE LEAD on Oil sold at the Power is RIVER MILL is warranted to be ground in the finest and hardest manner, and to contain no adulteration by Boon Drivers and Firemen. It is believed that this Lead will be found superior to any other in all White Lead made ashore, and marked "Warranted Pure," is PERFECTLY PURE.

The great body and perfect covering of this Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Lead. It is confidently believed that this Lead will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This Company have no agents, and sell only to dealers, thus saving the expense of agencies and commissions.

The General Agent, who personally superintends this department of the business, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and has had extensive practical and theoretical improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables his Company to produce a Lead of the highest quality.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained in the Manufacturer's prices CURRENT, at the OFFICE of the Agent, Commercial Building, Dutton street, Lowell. sept29tf

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure one, to make me A new without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were completely poor. Many now have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $30 per week. When a person was also a few months since was worth nothing. Now he owns a splendid house, which he built by his own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1 00. Many others can clear from $5 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $3 to $6 per week. Any person can engage in this business, and by a few hours' examining all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and by which their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

Great variety of Fancy goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and will *guarantee prices* to suit them.

Just keep in mind two things—that the best *quality* of goods and the lowest *prices* can be obtained at retail, can be found at HAYNES' China and Crockery Emporium, No. 45 Merrimack street, less than 50 paces from the post office.

H. S. HAYNES.

Music Books.

JULIEN'S Music Book for the million.

Instructional Music composed by the eminent professors of the Conservatoire of Paris.

The Sacristan. A collection of Sacred Music, Full and Complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton Gilbert.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Duetts and Solos, arranged for the piano, from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of the Seminaries, Academies and Private Families.

The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where can be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Also, a full assortment of Music Paper, country furnished at short notice. Remember the place,

oct1

CHRISTMAS

AND

New Year PRESENTS.

41 Central Street Music Store.

Piano Fortes, Symphonies, Guitars and Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Music Books and Sheet Music, Music Books and Music Paper, Music Boxes and Metallic Accompaniments, Violin and Guitar Strings, Drums and Fifes, and Gentlemen's Writing Desks and Boxes of all kinds and prices.

English and French *ENGRAVINGS*,

PICTURES & PHOTOGRAPHS

FRAMES for all kinds of Pictures, in Gold or Rosewood.

Those wishing to purchase will obtain Oval Frames for Hair Work or Miniatures, with crown glasses, Together with many articles too numerous to mention.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

At No. 41 Central street,

Where all are invited to call and examine the Gallery of Pictures, &c., over the store.

W. H. DYAR.

oct1

NEW VERMONT OATMEAL.

NEW YORK BAKING POWDER, for sale cheap at the Grocery store of PAGE, FURBER & WARREN.

nov9

FALL MADE BUTTER.

WANTED 500 lbs to be retail to any over brought in by J. J. & H. PEABODY, Corner of Market and Merrimack sts.

nov9

STEPHONY BOOKS, of all kinds—hymn Books, Daguerreotype, Window's Commentary, Sermons, Books, &c., &c. for sale by

BUZZELL & MASSICK'S,

29 Central street.

oct22

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov19

GLUE! GLUE!!

UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE.

FARNHAM'S PREFERRED GLUE.

HUDSON'S PREPARED GLUE.

For sale by E. S. HUNT,

No. 17 Central Street

nov9

A FEW pieces of Chalk Crayons for sale very A low, by JUDKINS, 3 John st. nov29

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries in England,

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions, which he will sell at wholesale or retail very low. These goods are of the very *best* quality and shapes, and have been selected by a practical buyer. Also, just arrived from the English and American manufactories, a large and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods are now manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, making a complete assortment in large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and price.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

Great variety of Fancy goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and will *guarantee prices* to suit them.

Just keep in mind two things—that the best *quality* of goods and the lowest *prices* can be obtained at retail, can be found at HAYNES' China and Crockery Emporium, No. 45 Merrimack street, less than 50 paces from the post office.

H. S. HAYNES.

The popularity of these Bitters is justly due to the purity of the materials of which they are prepared, and the delicate combination of simple aromatics and tonics so well calculated to act upon every part of the digestive organs, and through them to effect a cure all complaints arising from a disease of condition of the Stomach and Bowels.

GREELEY'S BOURBON BITTERS

are highly nourishing and fattening, and as a tonic for the Dyspeptic, Delicate Ladies, CONSUMPTIVE PATIENTS, and all weakly persons they cannot be surpassed. For all forms of WEAKNESS or DEBILITY, they will give immediate relief, and impart a strong healthy tone to the system. For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaints, Weakness or Debility, Flatulency and Nausea, and all complaints consequent upon a disorder of state of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, they are unsurpassed. As a nerve invigorator, they are much admired; they sharpen the appetite, promote digestion, and infuse new life and vigor. No one who uses these Bitters, will be subject to Fever and Ague and Acute or Diarrhœa.

Put up in Quart Bottle, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers throughout the country.

W. F. & A. W. GRELLY, Proprietors, No. 26 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

C. C. MOORE & CO., No. 12 Merrimack st., Boston, Sole Agents for Retail Agents for Lowell.

feb13 1y

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Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries in England,

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions, which he will sell at wholesale or retail very low. These goods are of the very *best* quality and shapes, and have been selected by a practical buyer. Also, just arrived from the English and American manufactories, a large and complete assortment of

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H. S. HAYNES.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, January 3, 1861.

THE suggestions in the following communication, which comes to us from a source entitled to respect, are particularly worthy of consideration at this time.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

CITY PHYSICIAN. *Mr. Editor:*—A paragraph appeared in your paper a few days since, stating that "notwithstanding the salary of the office of City Physician was reduced from $600 to $400 per annum, there was a greater number of applicants for the place this year than ever before." This fact does not prove that the sum of $600 is too much to pay for such an office, or that it is necessary for the city to pay the salary at the lowest minimum for which any physician will take it.

What are the duties of the City Physician? They are to attend, under the direction of the overseers of the poor, all sick paupers at the Almshouse, and all other sick persons elsewhere calling on the city for aid, to render all the services by law incumbent upon physicians appointed by boards of health, especially in cases of epidemic and contagious diseases; to report annually a complete list of all the deaths in the city each year, stating the age, sex, and disease of the persons deceased. He is also to give the government or Mayor all such professional advice and council as they may request in reference to the public health, respecting the removal of individuals, sick, to the Almshouse, or in cases of insanity, to a Lunatic Hospital, also to attend in case of accidents befalling paupers or poor individuals who are unable to help themselves, and to vaccinate all scholars of the public schools, sent him by the School Committee.

As Superintendent of Burials, the City Physician has a general oversight of all undertakers in the city; and is to keep without a detailed report of all the deaths in the city each month, to the City Clerk, as well as furnish a correct list of the deaths each week, every Monday morning, for each of the city newspapers.

Such briefly are the duties of this office. It will be seen by these specifications that the services required of him are neither light or unimportant. He is also to furnish, at his own expense, all medicine which may be needed during the year; and to attend papers at the Almshouse, a horse and carriage are necessary.

Now, while it may not be unreasonable to claim that the poor when sick should have the highest order of talent, skill and experience in the medical profession, neither should they be thrown upon the lowest; to say the least, they should have a good professional services as a majority of the families connected with the City Government see fit to employ. But it is in the way of counsel and advice, and in the exposures of the City Government in all medical matters, both at home and abroad, that a high order of professional character and experience are desirable.—The weekly and annual reports of deaths appear before the public under the sanction of the City Physician; in courts of justice, where the city is sued for damages for injuries befalling individuals, as well as in criminal cases constantly occurring where medical evidence is of the highest importance, this officer appears as City Physician. There are delicate, difficult and important cases arising every year connected with this office, involving, in some instances, great responsibility to the best medical advice and counsel should be had. Now, does $100 pay for such services? We give the City Solicitor $1000, and the general impression is that the sum is none too much. Why should there be such disparity in the compensation of professional services!

CONGRESSIONAL. Very little was done in the Senate yesterday. The most of the session was occupied by Mr. Baker, of Oregon, in a speech in reply to Senator Benjamin, of Louisiana. It was quite an able vindication of the position of the Republican Party. Mr. Davis, of Mississippi, offered resolutions, which were laid on the table, "authorizing the President, on application of any State, either through a convention or the Legislature, to withdraw the Federal garrisons, and take needful steps for the public property remaining—directing the President to recognize the right of any State to keep troops and ships of war, and to give notice to all parties concerned by proclamation."

In the House, Hon. Stephen Coburn, of Maine, successor to Mr. Appleton, appeared, was qualified, and took his seat.—Mr. Davis, of Indiana, called up his resolution, instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire what legislation is necessary on the part of Congress in consequence of the position of South Carolina. A long debate followed, when Mr. Davis finally withdrew his motion, which was removed by Mr. Sherman of Ohio, and the leading question which this action raised was decided, the House adjourned.

FIRES AND DISASTERS IN 1860. The *Journal of Commerce* sets down the loss by fire during the past year, at $13,211,000; in 1859, $14,885,000; in 1858, $12,054,000. At each of thirty-eight fires the loss was $100,000 or more; the largest loss was at the fire in New York, Nov. 24th, $500,000; the next largest was by the destruction of the Pemberton Mills, January 10th, $450,000.

By various casualties, 1245 persons are known to have been killed in this country, of whom about 100 were killed by the fall of the Pemberton Mills. This number does not include those destroyed by the tornadoes in Iowa, Illinois and Pennsylvania. Many others were wounded. By the destruction of the Lady Elgin alone, 282 lives were destroyed.

ACCIDENT AT CLAPPVILLE. On the 27th ult., Mr. Edwin Johnson, about 55 years of age, while on a staging, slipped and fell the distance of right or ten feet, striking on the back of his head and neck, cutting a deep gash in the back of his head, and affecting the spinal cord so as to stop the circulation of the blood in his lower limbs. It is feared that he will not recover.

It is the general opinion that South Carolina will find out that (as Artemus Ward would say) "playin' war isn't her fort."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. This body convened at the State House yesterday, at 11 o'clock.

The Senate was called to order by Freeman Walker, of West Worcester, the senior member. After the usual preliminary proceedings, the members were qualified by the Governor and Council, and the Senate proceeded to ballot for a President when William Claflin of Middlesex, had 27 votes, and Lucius Slade and James Cheever, both of Suffolk, 1 vote each. Mr. Claflin on being conducted to the chair made the following address:—

"*Senators*,—Accept my profound acknowledgement for the honor you have conferred upon me in calling me to preside over your deliberations the present session. Knowing well the courtesy and forbearance which attended the occupant of this chair, and trusting the same will be extended to me, I accept the position, promising, in the discharge of its duties, whatever ability I may have and the strictest impartiality.

From the recent valuation, we learn that our honored Commonwealth is still rapidly increasing in all the elements of wealth and prosperity, and that we may expect her for a long time to come, to be considered one of the advancing States. Each year necessarily brings before the Senate new topics for its action, but the legislation of the last two years would seem to leave little to be done in framing general laws, and in other directions, except for the present session—a result so much desired by our constituents.

While we meet under circumstances auspicious in our own State, a deep agitation pervades other parts of our country, causing every true patriot to feel the greatest anxiety.

Disunion is attempted in some States, because, as is alleged, laws have been passed in others, contrary to the Constitution of the United States.

Massachusetts is accused of unfriendliness in this matter in some of her enactments, although she has always been readily submit to judicial decision, and is still.

She has ever guarded inalienably the liberties of her citizens, and I trust ever will. We cannot falter now without disgrace and danger. Whatever action we may take, let us be careful of the rights of others, but faithful to our trusts, that we may return them to our constituents unimpaired. I will not detain you longer, but again ask you to accept my sincere thanks for the honor you have conferred upon me."

A ballot for Clerk resulted in the unanimous choice of Stephen N. Gifford by 40 votes. John Morrissey was re-elected Sergeant-at-Arms by the same vote.

The John Bates and Others and the Rules and Orders of last year were adopted, and the hour of meeting was fixed at 11 o'clock until otherwise ordered.

The Secretary of State presented the returns of the votes for State officers, and they were referred to special committees.

A message was received from Governor Banks that he would communicate with the Senate to-day, and an order was introduced for a Convention of the two branches to receive his communication. Messrs. Bowers of Middlesex, Davis of Bristol, and Whiting of Plymouth, opposed the order, on the ground that it was unusual and would create a dangerous precedent.—Messrs. Cole, and Norton of Middlesex favored the order, and Mr. Whiting moved to lay the order on the table. This was lost by a yea and nay vote—16 to 21.

A message was received from the House asking concurrence in a vote for a joint convention to receive the communication of the Governor to-morrow at 12 1-2 o'clock. Messrs. Bonney, and Stone of Worcester, spoke against concurring, and Cole of Berkshire in favor of it. The motion to concur was carried. The Senate soon after adjourned to attend the election sermon.

The House was called to order by the senior member, William B. Calhoun, of Springfield, who represented that city in 1825. The usual committees having been appointed and the members qualified, the House proceeded to ballot for a President when John A. Goodwin, of this city, had 231 votes to 2 for William Bennett, of Hubbardston. Mr. Goodwin on taking the chair addressed the House in a few words.

"*Fellow Members of the House*: Please to accept my heartfelt thanks for the high honor you have bestowed in calling me again to occupy this chair. Placed here a year ago by the over-partiality of my then associates, it was my constant effort to discharge the duties of the office with as much of exclusive devotion, of faithfulness and impartiality, as my limited powers might allow. Accepting this re-election as an approval of what I endeavored rather than what I accomplished, I can only assure you that the same endeavors shall not be wanting in the session upon which we are entering. And, gentlemen, the Legislature of Massachusetts will have indeed changed its character, when any well-meaning presiding officer shall fail to withdraw from the floor more than due forbearance, co-operation and sympathy.

Gentlemen, the session before us may become second in importance to none that has been held in these halls since three score years ago, our fathers consecrated them to popular legislation. For the second time in our history we see a State of our Union, setting at naught the common compact and raising the hand of rebellion and treason against a whole section of her sister States and against the Union itself. But for the first time in our history are concluded traitors seen in the high places of the nation, where with unabated front they are into treasonable inaction the hand the people have solemnly deputed to hold the scales of justice and weild the impartial sword.

To what points this ignominous crisis may compel our legislative attention cannot now be stated; nor is it for the Chair to allude to particular measures of legislation. But it is to be remembered that Massachusetts sacrificed much to establish the Union, and to defend and perpetuate it she is ready to sacrifice more, provided it touch not her honor nor the principles of free government—principles interwoven with her whole history, and never dearer to the hearts of her people of all classes and parties than they are to-day.

Let us, gentlemen, approach this portion of our duties with a coolness and deliberation, and with a generous patriotism, feeling that we are to act both for the Massachusetts of to-day, so prosperous and noble, and for the future Massachusetts, whose unborn millions shall carry on the ark of our constitutional liberty in an unending progress ever becoming still more glorious; and let us remember that fear on Massachusetts of the past, which will surround itself by placing on this wall her cost-of-arms, the symbol of state independence and sovereignty, but relying above all on the wisdom of the National Union, and uniting with that the ancient prayer for God's protection to the Commonwealth.

Gentlemen, I await your pleasure."

William Stowe, of Springfield, was elected Clerk receiving 227 votes to 1 for W. D. Crockett, of Chelsea.

The votes for State officers were referred to committees in concurrence. The rules and orders of last year were adopted until otherwise ordered.

John Morrissey, of Plymouth was re-elected Sergeant-at-Arms, in concurrence, receiving 220 votes all but 3 cast.

It was voted to hold a Convention today at 12½ o'clock to receive any communication Gov. Banks might be pleased to make. The House soon after adjourned to attend public worship, with the Governor, Council and Senate.

The Legislature was escorted to the Old South Church by the Boston Cadets, where Prof. Phelps, of Andover preached the annual election sermon from Psalms cxix: 99, 100. He took the position that the Bible is the great civilizer of the human race, and hence believed that the advancement of Christianity and civilization were identical. In referring to National affairs he said that we should obey constitutional law; we should be magnanimous to our Southern brethern, but chiefly we should be true to our hereditary faith in the principles of liberty—not chiefly for the sake of the African race, but for the sake of the *principles* of civilization involved in the African problem; that everything that a free people should aspire to in a state or on the defense of those principles; that it is the present mission of New England to stand by her ideas of liberty as the right of all mankind; that we should be prepared to suffer for it, and being ready to act and ready to suffer, we may entrust the future of this nation to God with a feeling of repose. He closed with some remarks addressed to the Governor and Legislature in reference to their duties, as magistrate and law-makers.

THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION AND AFFAIRS IN SOUTH CAROLINA. The President of the convention has appointed Commissioners to Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Mississippi and Arkansas. The convention has passed a treason ordinance, making the levying of war against the State, or aiding its enemies, punishable by death. Also an ordinance that the judicial power heretofore vested in the federal courts be now exercised by the State courts, and that the Congressional power be vested in the General Assembly.

The Constitution of the United States is suggested as a suitable and proper basis for a provisional government. Says the report of the committee: "It was the work of minds of the first order, carefully constructed, and experience has proved it to be a good form of government. The entire opinion of this State has never been adverse to the plan of government by confederated States. The dissatisfaction that has arisen is owing entirely to false glosses and dangerous perversion of sundry of its provisions."

The Columbia Artillery, fifty men, arrived at Charleston yesterday, and are to be stationed in one of the forts in the harbor. Two thousand pounds of powder have been ordered for one of the forts. Two companies have been formed from the sixteenth regiment. The City Rifles and Zouaves and German Rifles are reported to be on duty in the harbor.

James D. Green has been appointed commissioner to Georgia, John McQueen to Texas, and Armistead Burt to Mississippi.

A hundred laborers, who had been discharged from Fort Sumter, were picked up in a schooner in Charleston harbor by the revenue cutter Aiken, a few days ago. The most of them have been sent to Baltimore, where they belong. Boats have been warned not to approach Castle Pinckney. The river is well guarded, and the Palmetto flag waves over the arsenal. The Governor's office is filled after office to take their proportion of the State loan.—Collector Colcock advertises that all vessels from ports outside of the State must enter and clear at Charleston.

The special correspondent of the *Baltimore American* writes from Charleston that military operations are going on at every point of importance. The news of Secretary Floyd's resignation was received with universal approbation. The administration is regarded as warlike. If the worst comes to the worst, South Carolina will meet it, and though her people are cast down, they will fight to the bitter end. A messenger was dispatched by the telegraph, and the city is nightly patrolled. It is proposed to starve out the troops at Fort Sumter, and to attack them on rafts with the aid of batteries already erected. A battery of 4 guns, composed of logs and sand, has been erected on the end of Sullivan's Island. The cutter Harriet Lane was ordered Sunday night, and it was determined to sink her if she attempted to enter the harbor. No clearances of vessels have been made under the new regime. The first vessel arriving from Europe would, it is expected, create a rumpus.

FROM WASHINGTON. There seems to be now a fair show of coming "pluck" in the Presidents—a fact which will be hailed with feelings of peculiar gratification by every lover of our country. From the latest intelligence from Washington it seems that the policy of the administration toward the secessionists is changed; henceforth it is to be conciliatory but firm, and the laws are to be executed. A new collector for the port of Charleston is to be appointed and sent there at once to collect the revenue. The President has also given the acting Secretary of War authority to take any and all the measures necessary to protect the interests of the Union, and the Secretary will attend promptly to the discharge of this duty. A proclamation in relation to the insurgents will probably be issued in a few days.

Hon. Simon Cameron, of Pennsylvania, has accepted the appointment of Secretary of the Treasury under Mr. Lincoln's administration.

Captain Charles Stone has been appointed Inspector-General of the militia of the District of Columbia, at the recommendation of Gen. Scott. He will organize it for the defence of the capital, and dangerous perversion of sundry of its provisions."

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CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE. Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Fanue Court, in the cases finally disposed of between the first day of October and the first day of October of the year 1860, can receive their fees by applying to the Clerk.

jan3dtf S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NO PAPERS TO-MORROW. There will be no papers issued by the daily press of this city to-morrow, in consequence of the general suspension of business in the city, as suggested by the President and Governor.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this road was held in Boston yesterday, the President, F. B. Crowninshield, in the chair. From the report of the Directors, we learn that the present reserved fund is $382,959.79, of which $7,200.41 stands to the credit of the sinking fund. The entire income for the year has been $544,482.21, and the expenses for the same time $360,266 81. Balance of interest account $25,847.02. Net income for the year above expenses and interest $158,708.38. The whole indebtedness of the road on the 30th of last January was $4,450,000, of which $3,863.50 is for unclaimed dividends and the balance for bonds maturing in 1873. The assets are valued at $2,656,821.29. Two dividends of four per cent. each have been declared since the last annual meeting. The report was accepted, together with that of the Treasurer, J. Wiley Edmands, and Messrs. Crowninshield, Jno. Adams, of Chelmsford, were appointed a Committee to consider the subject and report at an adjourned meeting. The following Directors were re-elected: F. B. Crowninshield and George Lyman, of Boston, J. G. Abbott and Isaac Hinckley, of Lowell, and William Minot, Jr., of Boston, after which the meeting dissolved.

LARCENIES. The horse and sleigh of Otis Allen, Esq., was stolen last evening, between the hours of eight and ten o'clock, while standing on Dutton Street. The horse was a large dapple grey, with a white mane and tail, and weighed about 1050 pounds. The harness was a silver mounted one, somewhat worn, with a blanket underneath. The sleigh was painted blue, light striped, with a red running part, and one of the hind posts was painted but not striped. In the sleigh was a blanket robe, red on one side, and grey on the other, with a red border. A street blanket, and a black whip. Mr. Allen was in Huntington Hall at the time the team was stolen. A fellow about eighteen years old is suspected of being the thief, as he was seen lurking near the team before it was missed. Allen offers a reward of $25 for the recovery of the property. The officers have gone in different directions in pursuit of it.

About dark last evening, a fellow named John McDonald, while passing Hayward's shoe store, Central Street, carried off two rubber boots which was hanging in the door way. Mr. Hayward saw him, and giving pursuit caught him near Putnam's Clothing Store, and gave him over to the police.

CITY COUNCIL. An adjourned meeting of the City Council for 1860, will be held this evening, to finish up the business of the year. Seventeen of the present members, (including the Mayor), a majority of the whole number, will again be sworn into office on Monday next, there being one transfer—Mr. Hosford from the Common Council to the Board of Aldermen. This is the third time in the history of Lowell that the majority of the City Council has been re-elected for the next year, the other instances happening in March 1846, and December 1853, when party lines in the City Government were closely drawn than has been the case in late years. In December 1855, but a single member of that year's government was re-elected.

ANOTHER PRESENTATION. The parents of the scholars attending Primary School No. 24, on Howard Street, of which Miss Ellen A. Bridge is teacher, visited the school yesterday afternoon in a body, and after partaking of refreshments which had been provided by them, presented Miss Bridge with a pictorial edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, in two volumes. Mr. Samuel C. Eaton in some appropriate remarks alluded to the troubles in the District, a year or two since, and the temporary recession of one of the girls, but expressed the hope that the secession at the South might be as amicably settled as was the one in this District. The occasion was a pleasant one to present, and was only one of many acts which go to show the friendship and esteem for Miss Bridge felt by her pupils and their parents.

PAWTUCKET BRIDGE. We learn from the Citizen that at a meeting of the Commissioners of Middlesex County, held at Cambridge last Tuesday, the petition to lay out Pawtucket Bridge as a highway agreeably to the petition of Peter S. Osborn, and others, was adjudicated, and the bridge will probably be made free in the course of a month. Meanwhile a petition will be presented to the Legislature for a special act requiring the city of Lowell and the town of Dracut to support the bridge jointly and equally between them. We are sure our citizens, and those of the neighboring towns, who are compelled to pass over this bridge, will hail this act with pleasure. Toll bridges are relics of past times, and should be abolished. We believe this is the only bridge in Middlesex County where toll is exacted.

SECOND UNIVERSALIST FESTIVAL. Huntington Hall was crowded last evening.—The supper was fine, and the decorations of the hall were universally admired. The tableaux gave entire satisfaction, some of the pieces calling forth enthusiastic applause. The refreshment tables and oyster saloon were well patronized until they were nearly exhausted. The Festival will be repeated this evening, when, no doubt, another large company will be present.—The storm should keep none way.

MR. EDITOR:—I have read with great pleasure, your interesting account of the origin of the present *Journal* and *Courier*. You say the paper was started by William Baldwin, and first published at Middlesex Village under the name of the *Chelmsford Courier* in 1824. If my memory be not greatly at fault, Baldwin previously published a paper in Belvidere, near the present City Hotel. Its title, I cannot recall, nor can I tell how long it was continued. But the fact that it was so published, I am quite certain. Belvidere then was the great business mart for the rising village, it may have been that after a few issues there, it was removed to the more central Middlesex regarded as a new enterprise, and not a continuation of the old one, though under the lead of the same man, Baldwin. The late John R. Adams took a deep interest in the success of the undertaking at that early day. Whether or not he had a pecuniary interest, I am unable to say. When the press was set up at Middlesex village, it was in a building owned by this gentleman.

You make no mention of the connection of the Rev. Bernard Whitman with the early history of any of the Lowell papers. *Courier* before me, Vol. I, No. 30, under the following imprint:

"BERNARD WHITMAN, Editor.
WILLIAM BALDWIN, Publisher."

The good old paper, notwithstanding the many mutations to which it has been subjected, in its management, has kept on the even tenor of its way, sound in its politics, accurate and reliable in its news, acknowledged standards of the times, and exerting a wide and salutary influence throughout the country.—Long may it be spared battling for freedom, for right, for truth. E. H.

OUR CARRIERS. The carriers of the *Daily Courier* desire that we should remember them, with many thanks, to those to whom they called, on New Years day, and to their annual subscribers. Then they receive from those disposed to give a gratuity on such occasions, is the only "perquisite" to which they presume to stand any claim, in the course of their yearly calls, and we trust they are not intruding in presenting this. They enter on another year, well knowing they will get their fingers shut in the door, with their patrons and employers, if they undertake to run their duty hereafter; but rewarded as they have been this year, we are sure their "sins of omission" will be less in the future than in the past.

POLICE COURT.—Thursday, Jan. 3.—Michael Mcdonald, for the larceny of one pair of rubber boots from Hayward & Co., was sent for three months to the House of Correction. George Campbell

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that he has entered into a copartnership with Mr JOSEPH S HASBROUK, for the purpose of continuing the business formerly carried on by him at

99 CENTRAL STREET,

and takes this opportunity of attending to the public the sincere thanks for the patronage they have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him. In introducing his partner he has the oldest confidence that all business entrusted to him will be promptly and faithfully attended to. Treating this old established establishment will prove beneficial to all concerned.

I remain, respectfully yours, GLOVER A. BUZZELL.

New Firm and New Goods.

CITY BOOKSTORE,
29 CENTRAL ST., LOWELL, MASS
RUSSELL & MASSICK,

would respectfully invite the attention of the public to their new stock of Goods, consisting of BOOKS,

STATIONERY,
PAPER HANGINGS,
and FANCY GOODS,

bought exclusively for Cash, at very low prices, and which will be sold at prices that DEFIES COMPETITION. Having fitted up our Store in a new and desirable manner, we shall endeavor to keep a stock of Goods always to be relied upon for both QUALITY and PRICE, and shall spare no pains to treat our customers so that they will call again. Also, constantly on hand, Our Stock embraces a large assortment of

Bibles, Commentaries, Dictionaries,

Hymn Books, Blank Books, Gift Books, Albums, Autographic Books, Sabbath Juvenile Books, Toy Books, and Cards for Sabbath Schools.

Stationery of all Kinds.

Portfolios, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Chalk Bags all sizes, Pocket Books, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Hair Oil, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes; Mirrors and Fancy Articles—a large assortment.

TRUNKS, VALISES AND CARPET BAGS.

Pictures, Paper Hangings, Paper Curtains and Borders, under which a large lot of

FANCY GOODS

too numerous to mention.

Selling goods for CASH ONLY, we can sell at LOWER PRICES and use our customers better.

Please call and examine our goods, as it will then set your pleasure as regards buying.

Remember the place,

99 CENTRAL STREET, 99
" CITY BOOKSTORE"

Pollices and country traders will find it to the interest prices for CASH.

Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired. oct12dtf

STEARNS & COMPANY'S
PREMIUM SOAP

FOR all purposes for which Soap is intended IT this is superior to any in use, for the following reasons, viz.—It is composed of pure cleansing properties, and does not contain any ingredients of a scouring or drying nature, which is common in the different kinds of Soap now in use.

It combines two qualities rarely found in any one Soap, being one of the best cleansing and one of the finest Toilet Soaps in use.

It will wash in hard and soft water, and even one-third the labor required in using common Soaps.

It will not injure fabrics of any description, and will not turn white linen yellow, but will give them a transparent clearness.

It will remove GREASE from Woolens and all Fabrics; also, TAR, PITCH, or ROSIN from the hands; and keep the skin soft and free from chapping or chapping.

As a detersive, it is not equal for Salt Rheum or any cutaneous difficulties; it surpasses all other Soaps, as the testimonials in our hands from various sources prove beyond a doubt, a few of which are subjoined.

BOSTON, Feb. 5, 1860.

Messrs Stearns & Eldridge—Gentlemen—I have been using a box of Stearns & Co.'s Soap. I purchased of you, and like it very much indeed.

I confess I did not quite credit all you said of its good qualities, but wished to test it myself, and use to try it. We have been using it for all kinds of culinary purposes, and find it more economical than any other Soap we have used. For washing it is superior, requiring less labor and leaves the clothes with a clearer appearance.

In the fall I was troubled with Salt Rheum in my hands, so I was obliged to wear gloves constantly. You handed me your Soap which was beneficial to them. I commenced using it, and they soon began to improve and became entirely well, and have been since. Whether your Soap has been the cause of the cure I cannot say, but will tell, but such is the fact. For years we have used the best of Castile Soap for toilet purposes, but we have discarded it entirely and use none but yours. It keeps the skin soft as a soft cushion. My family have never been so little troubled with chapped hands as this winter.

Please send me three boxes, for a little age is a benefit to it. Yours, truly,

B. F. WHITEMORE.

Messrs Stearns & Co.—Gentlemen—I have made a Chemical Analysis of your Premium Soap, and have used it for some time in my family, and find to be of superior quality, and only for washing clothes and dishes, but also for the hands and body.

It contains the glycerine, which adds to the softening effects on the skin.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHARLES T. JACKSON, M. D. Analyst.

Messrs Stearns & Co.—Gents—We have been using your Premium Soap in our family for some two months, and find it a very desirable article. We should hardly know how to do without it. For general household purposes it is the best we have ever used, and then Mr Hood is usually troubled in the winter season with chapped hands; but since using your Soap she has not suffered the least as we recommend as the Soap produces a very soft and healthful influence upon her hands which has proved a great blessing. We wish you all possible success in bringing such an invaluable article before the public. Respectfully yours,

ISAAC MOODY,
No. 290 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

Messrs Stearns & Co.—I have just received a box of your Premium Soap, and like it very much, in addition to its beautiful cleansing properties, that I can by always up one half water and only four or five quarts (water, and boiling it until dissolved, have the best and purest Soap that I ever used. Its use in bleaching Straw Goods is unexcelled by yours.

O. A. PERRY, No. 2 Spring Lane.

Messrs Stearns & Co.—Gents—Your Soap I received and contents noticed. You wish to know what we think of your Premium Soap. We would simply say, that we have used it in its favor since its first coming, and we do not hesitate a preference to any other. It is the best Cleansing Soap for Woolen Goods that we have ever used, and for family use, on board of us we must send you a specimen of the soap you now make, we shall use no other.

Yours respectfully yours,

PETER FLANDERS, Bonnet Bleacher,
No. 20 Northwest Lane, Boston.

For sale at the grocery store of PAGE, PUFFER & WARD, cor. Middlesex street and Merrimack street on Central street.

Dealers supplied at the manufacturer's low-est prices. mh17w

SPECIAL NOTICE.

HAVING bought the notes and accounts of B. D. Hamblett, late of Lowell, and Wm. Hamblett, late of Chelmsford, I am authorized to collect the same. All accounts will be payable at the office of Chas A. Swan 26 Central street, Lowell.

1250 B. HEMBT.

PRESENTS!
PRESENTS!!
PRESENTS!!!
AT
DEARBORN'S
Crockery and China Warehouse!

A very large, tasteful and splendid assortment always on hand.

Please call and examine at DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Emporium Stationery.

50 Merrimack Street.

Come one, come all. dec21

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal and Grits for sale at wholesale, constantly on hand and for sale by SAMT. N. WOOD, 45 Market st.

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS.—A new work by John Fiske M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio, just received and for sale by S. BUNT, 17 Central street. nov24

TO WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.
CAST MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
Feed Rolls and Mestim
Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen manufacturers in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their fine broadcloth, and those who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machine in use for perfection of work and durability. The four *Burring Machines* now in operation and finishing on a new plan of heads, are recommended to your notice as the best machine in use for the purpose. Circulars are thrown finished to first trouble; there are many in use. The fluted Ring Feed Rolls are also recommended to your attention, for strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal—for more information without circulars, I refer you to my friend to my Cylinder, to save the fine and short stock. The Solid Packing Ring is the only ring that can be made accurate and true, and is the only ring for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are totally improved and much used. Those Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its removable, the coarse machines of the coarse and be finer machines of the finer dirt and burs; they are much approved of by manufacturers coming in contact, and can teach and each set will, in addition to those I have now in use, be sold at the low price of 50 cents, nothing to be returned. Orders solicited. They should therefore be attached to each card or set.

The undersigned has perfected a *Metrix Burring Picker*, for picking, cleaning and cleaning the most muscles and other wools. It neither shortens the fibre nor injures the wool, and will clean the wool in less time than any other machine. It is also more carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole of the burs, leaving the wool, in the whole, more fibres and free from the less fibrous bonds of burs, fibres, fine machines, which could not otherwise be used with advantage. *I by this machine made one quarter of cotton* can be used with wool, as the fibres are also thoroughly cleaned. Wool and Waste Dealers, Manufacturers, Commission Merchants, &c., are invited to call.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references sent free by addressing CALVIN L. GODDARD, Agent.

dec22 1y No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, New York.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
LATE AGENT OF U. S. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON.
70 State St., opposite Kilby St.,
BOSTON.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, more than seven years in the City of the United States: also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Claims, Specifications, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents, carefully and promptly made. Also, Examinations and Reports as to the novelty and patentability of inventions, to determine the validity or utility of Patents or Inventions—and legal opinions given in relation to all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished for one dollar. Models, Agreements and Assignments recorded at Washington.

Having been for many years Examiner in New England through a thorough knowledge of the manner of carrying patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, and of procuring for them the most favorable action by the Office, I am enabled to offer to my clients, on more than ordinary advantages in the procuring of their patents, and to do it with more SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than those who have not had the same experience. The Patent Laws of England and France are so different from ours, that he has abundant reason to believe and therefore, I can offer to those who may favor me with their business, on more favorable terms than others can, and the charges for professional services or moderate. The highest testimonials of character and of long twenty years past, has enabled him to accumulate a number of professional gentlemen, who have given valuable advice to patents.

He has also made his extensive library of legal and mechanical works of reference, patents and patent laws in the United States and Europe, receive him advantages in the examination of cases, and in the investigation of patents.

After an absence of a journey to Washington in procure a patent, and the usual great delay there, are saved to the inventor.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr Eddy as one of the most capable and *successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."

Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that Mr Eddy is a most capable, expert and successful practitioner, and that any business entrusted to him will receive the most careful and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.

Late Commissioner of Patents.

"M. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all of which he has obtained patents, and in all cases has given entire satisfaction. Such uniform talentsis proof of great talent and ability on his part. I can recommend him to the public as a man worthy of trust, and as one who will devote their time and energies to their business.

Late Commissioner of Patents.

"M. R. H. EDDY

stitution, and we cannot under our own legislation even claim, as in some other cases, a common jurisdiction to be determined by precedence of arrest or other cause.

The Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the power of legislation upon this subject is exclusively in Congress. It declares that the clause of the Constitution contemplates the existence of a positive, unqualified right on the part of the owner of the slave which no State law or regulation can in any way qualify, regulate, control or restrain."

This opinion was pronounced for the Court by Mr. Justice Story; it has been approved by the Legislature of this State, and confirmed by its Supreme Judicial Court. Congress has exercised the exclusive power claimed for it, and it must be admitted that this enactment upon the subject of fugitives from service or labor cannot be annulled, restricted, or controlled by State legislation.

I ask, then, Senators and Representatives, to look at the operation of the sections of the chapter of the General Statutes, to the writ of *habeas corpus*, to which I have referred.

In the first place, they refer to fugitive slaves. No presumption shall arise in behalf of the claimant, it is said, in proof that the alleged fugitive, or any of his ancestors had been actually held as a slave, without proof that such holding was lawful.

When it appears by the return of the officer or otherwise, that the person whose restraint or imprisonment is in question, is claimed to be held to service or labor in another State, and is not charged with such service or labor, the court or justice shall, on the application of a party to the proceeding, order a trial by jury, *as to any facts stated in the return of the officer or allowed*, and may admit any person to bail in a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars."

"If one jury disagrees, the issue may be submitted to another jury, or continued to the next term."

In every case of disagreement, another jury may be summoned and qualified "forthwith, or at a *future day*." The court or justice is authorized to admit the person whose service or labor is claimed to bail. The jury is authorized to decide "as to any facts stated in the return or in the affidavit or alleged." The words "or alleged" must be understood to mean alleged by any party to the proceeding for the writ, or may be demanded by either party. The construction of a law for the protection of personal liberty should be in favor of personal liberty.

No construction of a statute which defeats its obvious ends, can be authorized, or just when a different construction equally accordant with the words and sense will enforce and protect them. The proceeding opens to the jury every question involved in the general issue, even to the "proof that the alleged fugitive or any of his ancestors was or had been held as a slave, and that such holding was legal; and the jury, in passing upon the facts, are vested with the power of juries in criminal cases, to decide both the law and the fact."

It may be that cases may arise in which these provisions may be constitutionally applied, but it does not seem to me that they can be held, in any view, not to interfere with and control the course of procedure, under a constitutional provision, and statute which the Supreme Court of our own State and those of the free States hold to be exclusively in the power of Congress.

Certainly never an act, so slight in itself, touched the hearts of so many millions of people as was this from heaven, as the recent simple, soldier-like and patriotic movement of Major Anderson at Fort Moultrie. It shows that there are chords which still touch the universal heart; and if those who occupy stations that are high or only when filled by greater men, could, in their wisdom or inspiration, have anticipated or answered the chords as they touched, with the patriarchal tenderness and the lofty principles of Jackson, think you say man South or North would have halted in his sanctions, however it might have faltered in instant obedience?

Could it by any power, divine or human, be instilled into every heart that the laws of the land were to be enforced until they were changed, and that protection and security for persons and property, under the Constitution and laws guaranty, given to the people in the States where they reside, I am persuaded that this simple inspiration, which every one confesses, would lift the clouds that lower upon us, and the resplendent sun of peace would again beam upon our land. The misrepresentation, falsehood, calumny, make such expectation impossible.

THE RIGHTS OF THE SOUTH.

While I would not withhold from the South what belongs to that section, I cannot consent that my struggle in behalf of liberty should be in vain, and my heart left to bleed in the sympathies, hopes, and fears, which have animated me for the rights of the country, and their perpetuity, as a common right, as to the people of the country, and their posterity, as determined upon the rights of the people, and not as to the rights of property. To make the fundamental ideas of the government upon property, is to change the purposes of government, and to establish the basis of that property upon the right to hold slaves, is at the same time to make people of non-slaveholding States altogether.

It has never been conceded as a right, and it ought not now to be asserted, that there is no species of property entitled to such protection as will exclude them from territories aside from all considerations of property. Neither do I believe that a geographical line will give peace to the country. It must either by express agreement be recognized as property, and thus be possession, and not to be applied to that hereafter obtained, or the establishment of such a line in relation to that held, and to the acquisition of foreign territory in the South at the close of foreign war, and the renewal of the contests for its annexation and control, when acquired at the expense of domestic peace. That the lapse of time alone will heal all dissensions upon this question is shown by the efforts made to precipitate a revolution, in order to secure advantage that otherwise must fail.

PEACEABLE REVOLUTION.

The doctrines that accompany revolutionary demands are as false and as fatal as those for the defence of which revolution is organized.

There can be no peaceable secession. So far as the States are concerned, it is a compact between the States or a union of the people. It is, nevertheless, a government, and cannot be dissolved at the bidding of any dissatisfied State. It has pledged its faith to the people of every land, and that pledge of faith cannot be broken. It has been cemented by the sacrifice of the best blood of the people, and that sacrifice has made it a nation, indissoluble and eternal.

Neither can that portion of the continent now occupied by the American States be portioned out to hostile nations. The people and by purchase every part of the country has acquired indissoluble and perpetual rights in every other part. The interior will never allow the keys of the continent on the ocean and gulf shores to pass in to the hands of an enemy, nor can the maritime cities or States exist independent of the good will and support of the plantation and farming communities of the interior. And though we should assent to the unnatural and treasonable separation, the generations that succeed us would contend for centuries to recover their rights until conquest or annihilation ended the struggle.

THE GOVERNMENT PERPETUAL.

But no such result can follow as the destruction of the American government.—The contest will be too terrible —the sacrifice too enormous. The difficulties in our path are too slight—the capacity of our people is too manifest, and the future too brilliant to justify forebodings, or to excite permanent fears. The life of every man is strengthened by trial, and the strength of every government must be tested by revolt and revolution. I admit not that the Providence of God, that has protected us hitherto, will preserve us now and hereafter.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives: I withdraw from the office I now hold without regret. To one who follows out faithfully and earnestly the many ties that bind this government to the people, it brings a burden of care, anxiety and toil that cannot be realized—unconsidered, since the high honors it confers on any man.

My separation from the people of the State excites a different and deeper feeling. It is still, however, a satisfaction to know that to whatever part of the country I may go, I shall still stand within the circle of her influence, and in whatever pursuits I may be engaged, the enduring monuments of her far-reaching sagacity, her generous and noble spirit, will everywhere surround me to remind me of my origin and her fame and power. GOD BLESS THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS!

At the conclusion of the address of Gov Banks the convention dissolved: and on motion of Hon. Rev. A. L. Stone, of Quincy, the hon. Rev. A. L. Stone, of Quincy, the hon. bodies Congregationalist, was chosen Chaplain. A resolve, the tenor of which was to censure the Governor for recommending or advocating a valedictory address, elicited considerable discussion, which Mr. Prescott of Dorchester, Smith and Hills of Boston, Bowman of Chelmsford, Parker of Worcester, and two or three others took part. The resolution was voted down with great unanimity; and on motion of Mr. Smith the thanks of the House were extended to the Governor for the communication he had made, was passed amid warm applause.—The House then adjourned to Saturday morning, at 11 o'clock.

SATURDAY, January 5th. Both branches met at 11 o'clock, and, after the usual preliminaries, Gov. Andrew commenced the delivery of his inaugural address. We had made arrangements for its publication in our columns to-day, but its great length, the lateness of its receipt at our office, and the space taken up by the address of Ex-Governor Banks, renders it impossible for us to do so. We regret to give, however, that part of the Governor's address which relates to the Personal Liberty Bill, there being considerable anxiety in this vicinity to know what are the sentiments of the Governor in respect to that law.

THE PROVISIONS OF THE STATUTES CONCERNING PERSONAL LIBERTY.

I cannot, therefore, consent at this moment some recent impeachments of our personal liberty; but it is my purpose to propose to compress within the restricted space allowed by law, such a statement of the facts and objections alleged against that legislation, as will enable the House to take such measures hereafter as may be necessary in his person, property or reputation, or that of any citizen of this Commonwealth, as may be assailed by reason of their conscientious opinions in relation to the laws, for all inquiries and wrongs which may be made to appear in his case to have been illegally or unjustly inflicted by the Act of Congress.

Suggestions are sometimes urged that great questions should not be made a matter of comity between States. But, in my judgment, such questions should be made a matter of comity between States, and that the judiciary exists not to make the law but to expound it.

There can be no doubt that the first and most sacred duty of government is to protect the lives and liberties of subjects. I believe that every person who is *prima facie* free, being in possession of his liberty, that of a record of a judgment setting the conflicting rights and titles of contending parties.

Supposing, however, that our legislation in this behalf is founded in mistake, the highest moral concept with the unlawful act in order to subject any individual to the penalties of this statute.

In 1842 the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Prigg v. the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, declared that "every State is perfectly competent and has the exclusive right to prescribe the remedies in its own judicial tribunals, to limit the time as well as the mode of redress, and to deny jurisdiction altogether, *which its own policy and its own institutions either prohibit* or INCONVENIENCE."

And again the Court in the same case, says, that "the States cannot be compelled to enforce them, [i. e. the provisions for the surrender of fugitives from labor,] and it might well be deemed an unconstitutional exercise of the power of interpretation to insist that the States are bound to provide means to carry into effect the duties of the National Government nowhere delegated or intrusted to them by the Constitution." And again the Court say in allusion to the powers conferred upon State magistrates by the fugitive act of 1793, and to the authority "conferred upon State magistrates, which a difference of opinion in relation to the powers of the State, at that point in different States, whether State magistrates are bound to act under it, may in construction, [as in the case of State magistrates may, if they choose, exercise that authority, *unless prohibited by State legislation.*

This decision not only frees the individual States from all coercion, but it declares but also expressly recognizes the power of the States to prohibit action by their officers under the act of Congress. A second ingly this Commonwealth soon afterwards, in 1843, enacted the statute commonly known as the "Latimer law," and made it penal for any of its officers to aid in the capture or detention of any person claimed as a fugitive from service; and in 1855 it enlarged its legislation, upon this subject, by the addition of more comprehensive and stringent provisions, framed in the same spirit and for the same purpose. But in 1858, in order to prevent any conflict between a citizen of the State and the militia, which might arise from the idea of a divided duty, it imposed the responsibility for violations of the statute upon the militia, solely upon their commanding officers, by providing that their prohibitions and penalties should not apply to the question of military obedience and subordination pertinent to any officer or private in the militia." The prohibitions thus addressed to the civil and military servants of the Commonwealth, of course, can not be cannot apply to them in their private capacity as citizens of the United States.

It is certain that the legislation of Massachusetts is intended to be constitutional; and I am bound to believe that every part of it has proceeded upon principles of the strictest constitutionality. If, however, any party to any legal proceeding shall deem himself aggrieved by anything found herein, he has the right to appeal to them by the knowledge that he has access to judicial tribunals which will know one most intelligent and conscientious advocate of his complaint. Whatever legal truth the Supreme Court may declare, and that is not any other regard, will be declared, because the judiciary exists not to make the law but to expound it.

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the pretence that he is such a fugitive, "or with the intent to subject him" to slavery. By the well settled principles of the criminal law and the ordinary rules of construction of penal statutes, the unlawful intent must concur with the unlawful act in order to subject any individual to the penalties of this statute.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE. Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth, in the case of Joseph Bowers, charged with the murder of Solomon the Hebrew Peddler, are hereby notified to appear before the Grand Jury, at the Court House, on Tuesday next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to give such further testimony in said case as may be required by the Court.

E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

Sunday Services.

Rev. Mr. Guinness will preach to-morrow forenoon and evening, in the John Street Baptist Church. Services commence at 10½ in the forenoon and at 7½ in the evening. A Bible class will also be formed during the week, in the same Church.

Rev. W. B. Clark will deliver a sermon on the present state of our country, at St. Paul's Church, to-morrow (Sunday) evening.

The pastor of the Central Methodist Episcopal Church will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion on the commencement of the year, and will administer the sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

John F. Sow, a well-known trance speaker, will preach in Wells Hall, to-morrow afternoon and evening, at 3½ and 7½ o'clock. Seats free, and the public invited to attend.

William Adams, Jr., Agent of the Massachusetts Temperance Alliance, will address a meeting in this city, in Huntington Hall, on Sunday evening next. Mr. Adams is a written that effect was still living on Thursday (16th), and could speak distinctly. He is expected to arrive in this city on Saturday (to-morrow) evening, at 7 o'clock. The public generally are invited to attend.

Prof. S. B. Britton will speak at Wells Hall to-morrow afternoon and evening at 3½ and 7 o'clock.

MUNICIPAL.

An adjourned meeting of the City Council was held Thursday evening, to finish up their business for the year.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. *Licenses.* E. B. Patch and W. T. Bradley were licensed as auctioneers.

Reports of City Officers. The reports of the Liquor Agent, City Clerk, City Marshal, and of A. R. Grant, surveyor of the Locks and Canal Machine Shop, were read and placed on file.

Other business disposed of in concurrence.

Salutes for Fire Department. A report was made by the Committee on Fire Department in favor of uniform rules and regulations for the different engine companies, and the usual rules and regulations were read and adopted, after striking out a provision which provided that the Chief Engineer should not return any time for a less number of days than three days in a month or a fractional part thereof. It was ordered that 1500 copies of the same be printed under the direction of the Committee on Printing.

Vote of thanks to the Mayor. Alderman Manahan took the Chair, when Alderman Wilder offered the following resolution, which was received with applause:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board be presented to John H. Reed, Esq., City Clerk, for his unwearied attention to the duties of his office,—for the gentlemanly and courteous manner with which he has conducted his official relations with the Board and its individual members, and for that promptness of action, clearness of perception and retention of memory which have made him so valuable a officer of this Board and a faithful Clerk for the City.

Adjournment. The Board then adjourned without day.

COMMON COUNCIL. *Resolution rejected.* A resolution in favor of the Committee on Claims to pay Joseph Lyons $100 for injuries received by slipping down on Middlesex Street and breaking his leg, was rejected on second reading, thereby non-concurring with the Board of Aldermen, who passed the resolution.

All other business concurred in.

Thanks to the President. Mr. Stott having been called to the chair, Mr. Ward offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted after remarks complimentary to the President had been made by Messrs. Peabody, Hobson, and others:

Resolved, by the members of the Common Council, that the thanks of the Council be presented to their President, Wm. F. Salmon, Esq., for the courteous, able and impartial manner with which he has presided over their deliberations during the past municipal year.

Mr. Salmon having resumed the chair, acknowledged the courtesy shown him in the passage of the resolution and the fortune he had been exercised toward him during the present connection. In concluding he wished them prosperity in their future associations and as individuals.

Thanks to the Clerk. Mr. Stott offered a resolution complimentary to the Clerk, which, after remarks by Messrs. Ward, Hobson, and others, bearing testimony to the faithfulness of that officer, was adopted by a unanimous vote as follows:—

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board be extended to Mr. George Gardner for the prompt and faithful manner in which he has performed his duties as Clerk of the Council.

Adjournment. The Council then adjourned without day.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Pawtucket Bridge.* Notice was received from the County Commissioners that they had decided to locate the bridge on the position to lay out Pawtucket Bridge on a highway, and would meet at the toll-house of said bridge on the fourth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to locate the same. Referred to next City Council.

Appropriations transferred. A resolution to transfer certain sums of money from and to different appropriations was adopted.

Settlement of claims. The Committee on Claims reported that they had settled the following claims against the city, in accordance with the previously reported:

A. W. Fisher's claim for flowage was settled by payment of $25.

John Smith's claim for damages to his carriage by the stoppage of a sewer, was settled by paying him $15.

The action of A. F. Crockett was settled after it was entered in Court, by the payment of $35.55 for debt and costs.

The case of J. B. Richmond was petitioned for damages to his premises on William Street, by the stoppage of a sewer, was settled by the payment of $50 and allowing it to be set off to a claim the city had against him.

J. Lederer, for damage to his furniture, by a carriage coming in contact with it on the Fourth of July, was paid $20 in full settlement.

Mortimer Kelley and wife for an injury to Mrs. Kelley, by a fall on Bridge Street, was settled by the payment of $200 in full for damages and costs.

Michael O'Riley was paid $25 for injury to his property and horse, by falling down an excavation on Bridge Street.

The suit of E. A. Clark was settled, by the payment of $10.

James Harrison was paid $35 for an injury to his leg, by a defect on Middlesex Street, which defect the city officials were responsible for.

The claim of C. B. Richmond for an injury from a defect on Andover Street, has been settled by the Gas Company, which company was responsible for the damages.

The Committee had thirty-five cases referred to them during the year, and they have reported their action to the Common Council, in relation to each case.

Salary of School Committee. A resolve appropriating to each of the school Committee, the sum of $725 was appropriated to pay them for their services—$50 for each member, and $75 extra to the chairman of Committee on Reports.

Report of Water Committee. The special Committee, to whom was referred the petition of A. Lawrence, and others, for the introduction of water into the city, reported that they had made some surveys, but were unable to agree upon any definite action, and their recommendation was that the matter be left for the City Council was adopted. [We shall give the report hereafter.]

Salute to Mayor Anderson. Ordered that a salute be fired on Saturday morning 5th, at noon, in honor of Major Anderson, the brave commander of Fort Sumter, and Captain J. Watson, and Lieut. Wilbur, of the Andersons, and Messrs. Partridge, Sargent, and Stott, of the Common Council, were appointed to carry the same into effect.

Resolutions signed. The Committee on Enrollment reported that Resolutions from No. 57 to 61, inclusive, were correctly enrolled and they were signed by the Mayor.

CITY CLERK'S REPORT. The City Clerk reported on Thursday evening the fees received by him during the last quarter, and also for the year:—

	Quarter.	Year.
Recording marriages,	$41.00	$67.45
Marriage certificates,	65.50	264.50
Intentions,	25.00	101.25
Dog licenses.	2.00	204.00
Total,	$134.00	$1 237.20

REPORT OF CITY MARSHAL FOR DECEMBER. Whole number of committals 133, of which 4 were for drunkenness; 2 for drunkenness and disorderly conduct; 1 for drunkenness and assault and battery; 1 for drunkenness and resisting officer; 1 for drunkenness and keeping house of ill-fame; liquor nuisance and adultery 1 each. Found not guilty 4. $77.39 were paid to jurors and witnesses, and one police officer earned $19.80 during that time.

LIQUOR AGENT'S REPORT FOR THE LAST QUARTER. Amount of liquors, fixtures, &c., on hand January 1st, $986.44; sold and received since October 1st, $647.55; total $1633.97. Liquors, &c., on hand October 1st, $1060.52; purchased since that time $303.08; Agent's salary $187.50; other expenses $21.29; total $1569.39. Profit during quarter $41.58.

POLICE COURT. Saturday, January 5. Thomas Purcell, common drunkard, three months House of Correction.

Heman M. Simonds, larceny of robes, from Lowell Theatre. Continued.

James Canisky, same offence, two months House of Correction.

William Bridge, common drunkard, paid costs and was discharged.

PLEASANT RE-UNIONS OF THE CITY COUNCIL. After the adjournment of the City Council last Thursday evening, the members of each Board had a supper liberally furnished at their own expense.

The Mayor, Aldermen and City officials met at the Merrimack House and partook of a supper got up in Maj. Emery's best style. After "disposing of matters on the table," various sentiments were called upon for reports, and all gave satisfactory accounts. Various subjects were discussed and although one or two of the members had received little encouragement and otherwise during the year, it was found that none were above the Sargent although two at least were inclined to make Water assertions. It was thought that the Gardener had not done much recently owing to the Frost, and they had to depend upon the Baker for their food, though the absent Mayor they could do in an extremely, with the hails of Colors on the almost re-Mark. All business was finally disposed of and nothing left for the next Board, and the company separated well pleased with their last meeting.

The Common Council had a set down at French's saloon, which was got up in good style and partakens of with zest. After the inner man had been satisfied "the first of reason and the flow of soul" followed, all the members being called upon in their turn by a poetical toast of the President to the Board which was responded to by calls for a "second reading." The speeches were pungent, witty, and to the point. Remarks were also made by Mr. Leonard Brown of the Board, and by the genial and venerable friend of the *Advertiser*, Mr. Robin Bismore, who made a strong Union speech. The company separated at a seasonable hour, after giving themselves well pleased with the result.

CONGREGATIONAL SINGING. A finer specimen of true Congregational music I never heard in my life, than that which was performed at Appleton Street Church, last Sunday. Instead of one man's voice a congregation could exhibit such power as was shown on this occasion. And well there might be power, for, in one pew, I saw Mr. Wm. F. Salmon singing as he can, and one of the best in New England, Mr. Francis Colby, a host in himself, and Mr. D. W. Horne, the regular leader at that Church. But the blending of female voices with those of the men, to make the music perfect. I am glad to learn, that all the pastors and people, (four Congregational societies and one Baptist,) where the Plymouth Collection has been introduced, like it, better and better, without an exception, the longer they use it. It is, indeed, a congregational Hymn and Tune Book.

THE NATIONAL FAST. The day was observed to some extent in this city, by closing public buildings, banks and other places of business, and the suspension of the publication of the newspapers. The places of amusement and skating parks were well patronized. The Episcopal, and the Kirk Street and Appleton Congregational churches were open for religious services in the forenoon. The Streets were filled with pedestrians all day, and to-day, in consequence of our mails being delayed, they present quite a holiday appearance.

We heard a couple of politicians sighing over the affairs of the nation. "I wish," said one, "that Buchanan's term was in still Buchanan's place." "I ain't so particular," replied the other, "if I'd no satisfied if old Buchanan was in old Jackson's place."—*Boston Courier.*

YOUNG LOCO, a boy about fourteen years old, employed in the Tenacook Mill Card Room at Fisherville, N. H., was instantly killed on the 28th ult., while adjusting a belt on a card.

His wish is indifferent to praise, is generally dead to shame.

A SOCIAL banquet of the old residents of Pittsfield is in contemplation. The plan is to admit none that are not up to the scriptural limit of three score years and ten.

"MICK," said a bricklayer to his laborer, "if you meet Patrick, tell him to make haste, for we want him to help us." "Faith and I will," replied Mick, "but what will I tell him if I don't meet him?"

DESPITE disunion sentiments, the National flag was raised on sixteen staffs at the house in Washington, on New Year's day.

A Brooklyn sloop-of-war, a vessel of twenty-five guns, has been ordered to Charleston to remain there for some time been lying at Portsmouth, N. H.

WHILE workmen were digging around some gas pipes in New Haven, a few days ago, a hole was struck, and a man struck a stone with his pick, striking fire, the gas was ignited, and a tremendous explosion followed, but no one was seriously hurt.

LIEUTENANT UNDERWOOD, one of the officers of the steamer Star of the West, captured by secessionists at Charleston, has reported to the Secretary of the Navy. He says that Captain Coste, an avowed secessionist, displaced the vessel ashore, so as to allow the secessionists to take possession. Lieut. Underwood remained command, and Lieut. Under wood was paroled.

COMMODORE STEWART, (" Old Ironsides,") senior flag officer of the United States Navy, was on Monday last detailed from command at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, at his own request, and a national salute was fired from the receiving ship Princeton. All connected with the yard took leave of the old hero with much regret.

The question whether the United States can lawfully coerce South Carolina has been asked by a Northern man. "I will some one take up the other part of the question, and consider whether South Carolina can lawfully coerce the United States?"—*New York Tribune.*

The *New York Tribune's* Georgia correspondent says that a Northern man is recognized at the South by his clean clothes and that the fact is enough to condemn him in the eyes of all loyal Southerners.

MR. JEROME STEVENS, of Ayers Village, hearing Mr. William Richards say he wanted to go to Haverhill, a distance of five miles, offered to carry him on his beat for $1.50. Richards accepted the offer, paid the money, and mounted the back. Two hours and a half hard work carried him through.

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Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns slower,
It lasts longer,
It gives more quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other burning coal. And the ORDERS can be bought only at
No. 1 CENTRAL WHARF, 1 PROPRIETORS' AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
jan5 3m1dAdv

THAREN' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, H. Bowers, Lewis Josselyn, S. Richardson, D. S. Richardson, H. Bedford, Jas. Tharen, Jr., Wm. F. Salmon, Lowell.

Mutual Stock.
The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-Houses, Stores, and Farms in this town. The present cash capital is $2,018.91, which is invested in the stock of the city of Lowell, in village and farm property in Middlesex County, and in cash on hand. Dwelling-Houses are insured for five years, and all risks are as low as in any Company which gives a permanent policy.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT has the cash assets are $70,000. Dwellings and Stores are insured for five years, and all risks are as low as in any Company. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office.

C. B. COBURN, Secretary.
Lowell, July 15, 1860. 6m jy16'61

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine FRANKLIN TOOLS, would caution their other cost dealers in Lowell than on sale, Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertise Peanut Coal.

Also, We take this method of cautioning the public that the Coal sold by Mr. Livingston, as Peanut Coal, is not Peanut Coal, as we have never sold or shipped any Peanuts to any party in Lowell, except our agent, MR. LIVINGSTON.

LIVINGSTON & KENDRICK,
Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 6, 1860. 3m dec8

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1856.
Continues to insure against LOSS by FIRE, on favorable terms, on every description of property, either in city or country.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:
Josiah G. Abbott, John Avery, Walter Wright, Henry F. Hunt, Henry F. Hunt, Nathan Crosby, Alvah Crocker, Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates, Reuben D. Tenney, Lauriat C. Bush, Reuben A. Bancroft, Nathan Allen, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 102 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 83 Lid Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 21, 1860. ly

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital	$1,500,000
Surplus	$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital	$500,000
Surplus	$400,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus	$350,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus	$200,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus	$200,000

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other Companies. Dwellings, Stores, Factories and their contents, and Churches, for one or five years.

No ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Insurance to the late A. J. RICHMOND, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of the Machine is the result of its merits, and the fact that it is acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the requisites for family use. It has a genius of domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as a household divinity. Of the great qualities of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and woolen cloth, in leather, and upholstery, and all the innumerable ends to which it can be applied, the

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low-

J. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
J. B. Smith,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
Wm. A. Burke,	T. F. Anderson,
Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,	Mrs. Dr. Wilson,
E. A. Alger,	F. L. Richardson,
Mrs. Dr. Wilson,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
H. F. Butler,	Rev. E. B. Foster,
Mrs. Dr. Sargeant,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
M. C. Brown,	M. C. Bryant,
Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
A. D. Gidney,	Wm. L. Nesth,
Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
J. W. Brown,	J. L. Cheney,
Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,

This Machine is a variety of styles and sizes, at prices varying from Fifty to One hundred and fifty dollars. Call and see it at

J. W. B. SHAW,
64 Merrimack Street.
may17 ly

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PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates for, while pleasant to the taste, it is restorative, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revitalizes, it cleanses and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to the attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, to be chemically and scientifically combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to its use *as not to conflict* accordance with *the laws of nature, and hence under the weakest stomach*, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is compounded only of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never be injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility; for it needs no medical skill or knowledge even to use this Restorative in all cases of such disease, and has the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Inflammation, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Flatulency and Heart Disease, Melancholy, Hypocondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Giddiness, and all the diseases of cases, as fearfully fatal if unattended to as time, called Female Irregularities and Irregularities. Also, Liver Derangements, Dropsy, Jaundice, and Liver Complaints. Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Irritation of the Urinary Organs, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs. Palpitation, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Derangement of the Stomach, Indigestion

was subjected to the forfeiture of his vessel while trading at the port of Norfolk a few years since. By that Act our coasters are annually large pecuniary sufferers.—This Commonwealth has heretofore made the needful appropriations, for the defence against the sun referred to. It was argued before the Court of Appeals nearly a year ago, but a decision there has not yet been reached. In the opinion of eminent counsel in Virginia, the Statute in question violates both the Constitution of the United States, and also that of Virginia. I recommend an appropriation to delay the expense of a writ of error, and an appropriation to meet the decision before the Court of the United States, if the cause shall be decided against the defendant in the courts of Virginia.

THE CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.

The constitutional choice of the President, of a citizen who adheres to the original principles of the Government of the Country, is the happy result of the recent National election. But by events which have since transpired in other parts of the United States it appears that a large, influential and energetic body of men in that section of the country, who control the action of at least the State of South Carolina, desire to resist, if necessary, by force of arms, the jurisdiction and the constitutional triumph of Republican principles, to which they ought in honor and loyalty to yield a cheerful acquiescence. Forgetful of the trials, traditions of their ancestors, they seem determined to live in peace under no government which shall not concede to them the privilege not only of making laws for their fellow-beings within their own dominion, but also of transporting them to the Territory not the National Territory, or from State to State absolutely without restrictions, and of retaining them as a slave wherever within the national limits they themselves may please to sojourn. It is upon the recommendation of President Buchanan in his recent annual message, that by means of constitutional amendments to be initiated by Congress or in a National Convention, concessions shall be made to meet the satisfaction of this extraordinary demand. This is a subject which I commend to your immediate and deliberate consideration, and I shall be happy to concur with what I hope will be the unanimous sentiment of the Legislature, in a calm expression of the opinion of Massachusetts with reference to the state of the Union and the suggestions of the Federal Executive.

If Massachusetts, either by voice or vote, can properly by any thing to avert the calamities misguided men the miserable consequences which threaten to exceed fiercer and more violent action—the pecuniary disturbance and the civil commotions which must necessarily occur within their own borders if they pere at in their career—her voice and vote should not be withheld. Not that any deplorable result of the action of South Carolina I apprehend will be the insecurity to life and property which will result throughout the whole South from fear of servile insurrection. Wherever slavery exists we have the authority of Jefferson for believing that, in his own words, "the hour of emancipation is advancing in the march of time: it will come; and whether brought on by the generous energy of our own minds, or by the bloody struggles of St. Domingo, is a leaf of our history not turned over." Nor is it the result of the violation of the South is not destitute of intelligence, nor devoid of that manly spirit of resistance to tyranny which naturally inspires the oppressed to seek for freedom. If, as appears probable, it shall now receive from the present march of events, that it has no hope of emancipation from the General Government, it will not be from any generous exertion of the minds of its masters, a resort to that process will be only the logical impulse of human nature. That God may be pleased to overrule the folly of man so as to avert so great a calamity, must be the prayer of every American: but in my judgment it lies at the end of the road which South Carolina invites her sister States upon the bluff of Mexico to enter.

I have searched the position of Massachusetts with all the disinterested patriotism which I could command in the performance of that duty, and I find nothing by which I can precipitately lead trial in the possibility for such results if they shall come to pass; but I invite you to a similar examination.

The truth of history compels me to declare that one chief source of the difficulties which we are called to encounter, lies in the incessant misrepresentation of the principles, purposes and methods of the party which I compose the majority in the free States, by supersensitive leaders in the South, who have taken to monopolize friendship for the people of the slaveholding States; and candor requires me to add that the love and the friendship the largest part of which might be analyzed into dislike of their political opponents. I have for twenty years past, been a constant and careful observer of public men and affairs; and for the last few years, at least, I have been intimately aware of the private as well as the public declarations and conduct of the representative men in almost every town and village of the Commonwealth. I affirm, in this claim also, some intimacy with the great body of the people of Massachusetts, of whatever party. This period has been one of extraordinary and intense political interest. The tenderest sentiments, the deepest convictions, the warmest emotions, have all been stirred by the course of public affairs. Bitter disappointment, treacherous sense of injustice, the conscious sense of sacrifice to party have been flagrant have fallen to the lot of our people. The fugitive slave bill of 1850, with its merciless severity, and the ostentatious manner by with which it was executed; the repeal of the Missouri restriction upon the introduction of slavery over national territory; the violent means adopted to prevent emigrants from this Commonwealth from participating in the settlement of Kansas; the invasion of that Territory, in behalf of slavery with the plunder from national arsenals; the imposition of fraudulent legislature upon a people temporarily overawed by the ruffianism and unprotected by a Federal Executive, which does not choose to protect themselves; the indiscriminate pillage, fire and slaughter to which peaceable soldiers were subjected without cause or excuse; the repeated exertions of the national administration in conspiracy with the enemies of freedom and good government, to impose and enforce upon Kansas a Constitution sanctioning slavery; and the attempt to withdraw the discussion of political questions from the people themselves and to confine it to a conclave of judges; the assault upon free speech in Congress by a murderous attack upon a right which by its seat, for opinions expressed in debate and for the manner of both oceans, and from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico, and of the free use of all the lakes and rivers and highways of navigation, North, South, East or West. They have thus made the name Kansas Peace, and unfettered commerce and intercourse from sea to sea and from shore to shore; that it secures us all against the interference or possible dictation of any foreign power, and commands respect for our flag and security for our trade. And they do not intend, nor will they ever consent, to be excluded from those rights which they have long enjoyed, nor to abandon the prospect of the benefits which humanity claims for itself by means of their continued enjoyment in the future. Neither will they consent that the continent shall be overran by the victims of a remorseless cupidity, and the elements of civil danger increased by the barbarizing influences which accompany the African slave trade. Inspired by the ideas and emotions which commanded the fraternization of Jackson and Webster on another great occasion of public danger, the people of Massachusetts, confiding in the patriotism of their brethren in other States, accept this issue and respond in the words of Jackson "*The Federal Union, it must be preserved!*"

Until we complete the work of rolling back this wave of rebellion which threatens to engulf the government, overthrow domestic institutions, subject the people to the rule of a minority, if not of mere military despotism, and in some communities to endanger the very existence of civilized society, we cannot turn aside, and we will not turn back. It is those of our brethren in the disaffected States whose months are closed by a temporary reign of terror, not less than to ourselves, that we owe this labor which, with the help of Providence, it is our duty to perform.

I need not add that whatever rights pertain to any person under the Constitution of the Union, are secure in Massachusetts, while the Union shall endure, and whatever duty or obligation pertains to the Federal Government for the maintenance of any such right, is an authority or function which neither the Government nor the people of this Commonwealth can, or would for a moment, evade or overthrow. And Massachusetts demands, and has a right to demand, that her sister States shall respect and protect the constitutional rights of her citizens within their limits. And to this end, a repeal of the personal liberty and a breach of honor, that more of her free citizens, who happened to touch the soil of South Carolina, should have been sold into slavery under laws the assertion of the unconstitutionality of which that State punishes with a grievous penalty, than ever fugitive slaves have escaped from South Carolina to Massachusetts.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

I congratulate the country upon the passage of the Pacific Railroad Bill through the House of Representatives at the present session of Congress, and upon the probable early adoption of the same measure by the Senate. Its energetic enactment is due to our brethren on the Pacific coast, as an earnest of our desire for speedy, frequent and safe communication between them and ourselves; and while it will open the richest portions of the public domain to settlement and mineral wealth, it must also add to the trade and importance of the great matter of the Union. It has been framed in a spirit of honorable concession to supposed conflicting interests, but it will inure to the benefit of all.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:—With unaffected solicitude, I approach this office; but with the frankness of a man who is free, to the community should be up to the provisions of the law; and especially is this true when the law is the result of careful forward the work of moral reform. In deliberation and conscientious judgment. I am sure we have the right to expect from the public mind in a full the members of this Legislature, and to the people of the State. I am happy to be assured that the Legislature has been so largely renewed by the suffrages of the people, and that the political elements which have been so long and so fearfully combined with those of religion, have been separated from the pure and holy principles of the Christian religion, and from the administration of the public affairs. Our form of republican government rests upon the theory that every man shall contribute his opinion and his judgment through the ballot box, and that the will of the majority of voices shall rule, and the interests of the whole people be secured by the enlightened exercise of the elective franchise. In compliance with the vote of the people, the last City Council has chosen a Board of Overseers of the police of Superintendent of schools.—

I am also called, by the same vote of the people, to the office of Governor. I recommend to your consideration the propriety of making such provision as is required in municipal, as in state or national administration, and a sacredness of official duties can only be secured by a strict observance of the powers delegated to each department.

The past year has been a comparatively prosperous one to all the industrial classes who have found employment, not at high prices, but their labor has received a reasonable reward.

I deem it my duty on this occasion, to take notice of a matter of great importance in reference to the moral condition of our city, which can only be remedied by the creation of a new department. The annual report of the Overseers of the Poor immediately proceed to fill the vacancies which will be created by a new choice of Mr. Lorenzo Phelps, a gentleman long connected with the establishment, in the Police Department, and Mr. Wm. Hall, a timbale and capable lady, has fully met the expectations of the Board.

We have a class of poor, which I think is increasing among us. I refer to women, who are employed in our mills, who have met with misfortune by sickness or otherwise, and who have no friends to whom they can look for support, and in my judgment the City Council might very properly make a small annual appropriation for this object.

The balance from the appropriation of 1859, for the support of paupers, was $12,304 85. Appropriation for 1860, $30,000. Receipts $2767 49. Transferred to reserve fund, $1,000. Expenditures, $43,072 34. Balance on hand January 1, 1861, $241 54.

CITY LIBRARY.

The City Library is now being received the fostering care of the City Council, in the way of a small annual appropriation. It is in a very prosperous condition, as the report of the Directors, that the Library has never been in a more satisfactory and prosperous condition as at present. The number of subscribers was increased during the past year, from 725 to 1230. I would advise that you will follow the wise example of your predecessors, and make, at least, the usual appropriation to this object.

The balance from 1859 to the credit of the Library, $1,145 11. Appropriation, $600 00. Receipts, 820 63. Expenditures, $1,369 63. Balance on hand January 1, 1861, $388 30.

LIGHTING STREETS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

The whole amount credited to the appropriation for lighting streets and public buildings inclusing balance from 1859, $30,206 61. Expenditures, $29,206 61. Balance undrawn Jan. 1, 1861, $1,423.37.

During the past year, twelve gas lights and eight fluid lamps have been erected. Every lamp ordered during the year has been promptly erected by the superintendent of Streets.

NARROW ESCAPE On Saturday night Mr. E. O. Cobarn, of Newport, Vt., put up at the Merrimack House, and retired quite early in the evening. At about half-past ten o'clock, Saturday morning, Mr. Cobarn, while passing through the hall, noticed gas and leaked it to the room occupied by Mr C. On inquiry it was found that Mr. C. had not been seen, as persons immediately opened his room, and found it full of gas, and the occupant in a perfectly insensible condition. They immediately removed him to another room, and in a short time he began to recover, and was much bewildered, not understanding what had transpired. He recovered rapidly and at evening felt but very little of the effects. The gas was escaping with nearly full head, and it is supposed that he turned it off, but accidently turned the cock back before taking off his head.

LECTURE AT WELLES HALL. Prof. Ireland will deliver the next lecture in his course on the Secrets of Life, Health, Disease and Cure to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, on which occasion he will illustrate the Electro physiological and Psychological principles of his system, and demonstrate the equilibration of the vital forces, and hence that harmonious organic action which constitutes health. The subject is one which concerns the people at large quite as much as it interests the Medical Faculty. Those who desire to keep the vital flame burning steadily to a good old age would do well to spend an hour at Welles Hall. The public are to bear in mind that the Lecturer imparts the benefits of his discoveries to others in a brief course of private instruction.

CITY COUNCIL FOR 1861. As will be seen in our report, this body is now ready for business. It is composed of men a reputation to unanimity—than characterized the proceedings this forenoon, and our hope is that the same spirit may prevail in that body for the year 1861. The old Board of Overseers of the Poor will be found elsewhere, it is a straightforward document, and will undoubtedly be read—certainly it should be—by all our citizens.

A GOOD THING. Porter's Patent Concave Plates as a remedy for corns, bunions, &c. Sold at 50 cents per set at shoe store wearing out—Try also a creeper, keep the feet dry and possess o her advantages, which cannot but bring them into favor. Sold by T. Lawrence & Co., 47 Merrimack St., agent for Lowell.

We learn that there is a very deep rooted interest in the Four Will-Baptist Church and congregation of this city.—Meetings will be held in the vestry of the church during this week, except Saturday. Rev. Ransom Dunn, of Boston, will preach a short sermon this evening. Services will commence at 1 of 7 o'clock.

REPORT OF DEATHS. According to the report of the City Physician, during the week ending last Saturday, not a Protestant died in Lowell—a fact somewhat no, ticeable, and, certainly, highly creditable to our whole city.

SLIGHT FIRE. Yesterday afternoon, about half past four o'clock, there was a partial alarm of fire, at No. 262 Merrimack street, but it was soon extinguished by B. F. Dickey, dealer in fruits, &c. The fire was slight and was extinguished with a few pails of water. Engine Companies 4 and 5 were on hand, but their services were not required. Damage, trifling.

MASSACHUSETTS COTTON MILLS. A dividend of four per cent. has been declared payable on the 9th inst. As the capital of this company is $4,800,000, it will require $72,000 to pay this dividend.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE. Mr. William Hamilton, of Boston, will address the Warncutt Division this evening, and the Fidelity to-morrow. A full attendance is desired.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. The new School Committee meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock to organize for the year.

Washington Coal,

For making has no equal.
It burns up clear,
It burns in less quantity,
It is very durable,
It is the only coal for burning coal. And the GROWING WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Foot of Appleton st. HOWARD, 13 HOWARD st. ma16DIT

WORKERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn,	S. W. Stockwell,	S. B. Richardson,
Wm. Hall,	Wm. Hamilton,	Wm. Boyd,
L. G. Howe,	Edward Brown,	B. F. Sherman,
	Alpheus Sprague.	

The MUTUAL INVESTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Stores in Lowell, and the Directors have ever been made in this class. The present cash capital is $110,000, with a Reserve Fund and surplus amount of $118,918.51. The attention of owners of Dwelling Houses and Stores is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated by the year, at the rate of 40 per cent. on the premium received.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $100,000, and the Directors are determined no other property nor hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 21, 1860. jy19tf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Cod Liver Oil and Lime, to this city, notice that other cod oil dealers in Lowell than ourselves are selling a spurious article for Cod Liver Oil.

We take this method of cautioning the public against purchasing any Cod Liver Oil and Lime, unless it they have to get the genuine article, as we have the only genuine article of Cod Liver Oil and Lime put in Lowell, except our agent, MR. LIVINGSTON, Druggist, Merrimack Square, Lowell.

Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 6, 1859.

SOMETHING NEW!

Piney Rock's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced in Lowell from the Wyoming Valley market. A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL for economy. Sold by the TON, CHALDRON or BARREL, by

BENNETT & RADCLIFF, corner Market and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities. Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawing, Wood constantly on hand.

Orders left at No. 7, Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building. aug25dtf

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on reasonable RISKS in a steady run, on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term of years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:—

Nathan Allen,	Josiah G. Abbott,	
Joseph Morrill,	John A. Lowell,	
Andrew P. Rogers,	Joseph Nesmith,	
Samuel Batchelder,	Wm. Rogers,	
Samuel Burbank,	Henry L. Howe,	
Edward Brown,	Wm. Boyd.	

Nathan Allen, President.
Alonzo A. Miner, Secretary.
Benjamin E. Bailey, Assistant Secretary.
Josiah G. Abbott, Counsellor.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
Lowell, Jan. 1, 1860. jy21

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor,) No. 49 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 21, 1860. ap21

ÆTNA insurance Co,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$400,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$400,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$200,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other reliable offices. Call and examine our rates on Dwelling Houses and Stores before insuring elsewhere. Office in Bank building.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

E. C. KENDALL, Agent,
Successor to Mr. Appleton Bank, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

T. C. RANDRICK, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. BLANCHARD.
April 9, 1860. ap9 1m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Block and Mutual LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF—106 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Deposit and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth 2½ per cent. more than amount loaned thereon. Composition of the Bags, as security to Policy Holders.

Trustees:	Directors:
Preston Lennon,	Charles Graham,
Charles Graham,	Daniel Ullly Beck, Brooklyn.
Alan's H. Hollen,	Preston Lennon,
Daniel Ullman,	Executor of Connecticut.
John R. Kissling,	Charles Hughes, New York.
Daniel Ullly Beck,	Alan's H. Hollen,
Executor of Connecticut.	Merchant,
C. W. Prichard,	Merchant, Brooklyn.
Merchant, Brooklyn.	Daniel Ullman,
Ed. S. Jenkins,	Merchant, Brooklyn.
Merchant, Brooklyn.	Merchant, Fulton Street.
John G. Stephens,	Robert Ayres, Secretary.
Merchant, Brooklyn.	

ROBERT AYRES, General Agent.

Applications may be made to the Medical department, at the office of Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. ly nov16dtf

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT EXISTS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S IRRITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it

IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IS IN THOUSANDS FOR PROCURING A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Read on Apothecary's statement:

Apothecary Hall, Nov. 20, 1859

MESSRS. W. F. HARRAR & CO.,

Gentlemen:—I have been selling your Irritable Hair Restorative for some time, and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best article for the purpose ever sold in this city. I have been selling Hair Dye for years, but I have never sold any article that has given such entire satisfaction in every case. They may be sent to any part of the country. Yours truly,

S. B. EMMONS.

W. F. HARRAR & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y. Sold by druggists generally. R. S. KIDDER, Wholesale Agent, Boston.

There is no other so good necessary for an invalid as a bottle of this Restorative. Try it, and be convinced. They may be sent to hundreds of cases. Go up stairs, and get a bottle. Price 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists generally.

WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL COLOR

When age or sickness has rendered it grey, and that it is not a dye which imparts to the hair a false color, but a restorative which gives to the hair its natural color, by supplying to the roots the coloring matter which has become exhausted. Sold by druggists generally.

USE NOTHING ELSE.

Sold by druggists generally. R. S. KIDDER, Wholesale Agent, Boston.

d7eTuTh&wly

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Stood Never to the Suffering Multitude.

Has been in use for the past two years, and has become the great favorite of the world. It is a sure remedy for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Chilblains, Corns, Scurvy, Ringworm, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Inflammations, and does it without pain.

It is warranted to give perfect satisfaction in every case, or the money will be refunded. Be sure and call for WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE. Take no other. Sold by druggists generally.

Price, 25 cents per box.

Sold by SAMUEL KIMBALL, Druggist, Lowell, Mass. d&w1y

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

The Original and Best in the World!!

This splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous—no disappointment—no ridiculous tints—but Nature herself imparted to the Hair—remedies the ill effects of bad Dyes—invigorates the Hair, and leaves it soft and beautiful.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, and by the Hairdressers in all the principal cities of Europe.

CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
No. 81 Barclay st., New York.

myl3y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS.

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have now so far perfected the process as now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want among the profession for some material perfectly adapted to the mouth, and which should possess the requisite qualities that it will support and retain the various forms of artificial teeth, and that it is used with great success, and in a manner that gives entire satisfaction to the patient. The process of this article has been in use in the practice of Dr. Wm. Ward, of Boston, superior to everything else, but the difficulty has been to obtain the rubber in a perfect state for the mouth, and although we have had the rubber in this state, we have not been able to obtain it in sufficient quantities to supply the demand, and at reasonable prices.

Rooms 2 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

ap21

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths for week ending Jan. 5, ages in the cathedral cemetery.

Dec. 31, Ann Gallagher, 1 year.
Jan. 2, Andrew McKinley, 2 months.
" Mary Ann Gallagher, 1 year.
" Mary Ann Gallagher, 1 year.

In Pleasant Valley, Jan. Dec. 31st, of diphtheria, Mary Ann, daughter of Thomas and Mary Ann Conroy, formerly of this city, aged 3 years and 10 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CENTRAL HALL.

J. C. MYERS, Lessee and Proprietor.

Benefit and last appearance of MISS HASTON!

MONDAY EVENING, JAN 7,

Will be performed the Nautical Drama of

THE SAILOR'S BRIDE.

Song, Miss Virginia Pierce.
Comic Song, P. Maurice Wright.

To conclude with a

A KISS IN THE DARK!

Mr. Selden Pitcairn, Mrs. Robinson,
Mrs. Pitcairn,
Song, Mr. Bidwell.

For more complete particulars see bills.

THE PEACTRE BRIDGEWATER.

Lessee and Manager, A. W. HASKIN.
Stage Manager, C. H. CARLL.

KIRK STREET CHURCH.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Proprietors of the Kirk Street Church will be held at the vestry of said Church on MONDAY EVENING the 14th inst., at 7½ o'clock, for the choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any business that may legally come before them.

Lowell, Jan. 7th, 1861. jan7td

MR. CARLL,

AT HUNTINGTON HALL,

Will be CARLL will deliver a lecture on MON DAY EVENING, Jan. 14th, on the Life and Character of Abraham Lincoln.

Doors open at 6 o'clock. Lecture to commence at 7 o'clock. Tickets for sale at the door on the last day and evening of the lecture.

Admission 25 cents. jan7

Mr. W. D. O'BENDSBERY, Agent.

COW BAY OYSTERS.

Are now for sale at the Oyster Saloon of the undersigned, at No. 3 Prescott street, Lowell.

Persons in want of Oysters, will find it to their advantage to call and see for themselves, as we have good oysters, and we are sure to keep them.

JAMES P. BOYD.

THE PRINTER BOY,

Or How Ben Franklin made his way to Greatness, will be delivered by Rev. CHARLES JUDKINS, at Lowell Lecture Room, on Thursday Evening, Jan. 10, at 7½ o'clock.

Tickets 25 cts. each, to be had at the door.

Second Course of Lectures before the Mercantile Library Association.

Lowell, Nov. 7, 1860. nov7dtf

THE CRISIS HAS COME!

THAT has so long been dreaded by both North and South, and the question is now asked by all—Shall we secede?—and this question is decided in the affirmative by the people at large, who have become satisfied that the

SALTS ONE HALF THE SOAP.

Does not bleach the LINEN, LACES, or injure the finest fabric. Try CHAMBERS'

Saves One Half the Labor in Washing.

A Washing and Cleaning Fluid, now sold by Agents throughout the United States, together with a large variety of valuable preparations for the toilet.

Don't fail to examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Call and make your selections EARLY, and avoid the crowd of the last two or three days.

Remember the number.

E. S. HAYNES.

HOUSE TO LET, suitable for a private family. Inquire of Agent or Owner, at the Boarding House. Inquire at the Boarding House.

WILLIAM R. LIVINGSTON,

Agent.

COAL, WOOD, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, HAIR, STRAW, FLOUR, &c.

No. 9 THORNDIKE STREET,

nov6 CENTRAL WARD. dtf

TO LET.

House No. 44 Lawrence street, one of the most pleasant locations in the city. Rent low. Inquire at No. 32 Lawrence street.

jan7dtf

HOUSE TO LET

In the Lamoille Brick Block, Gorham Street, Lowell. Rent $150 per year. Inquire of the subscriber. Inquire next door. JOHN CARNEY.

Evergreen Wreaths

FOR sale at the Primitive Boarders, 119 Central street. E. S. HAYNES.

LOOKING GLASSES, Writing Desks and Work Boxes, Fancy Goods, Toys, Perfumery, &c.

Wholesale and Retail, at the Manufactory of DAVID BUSSELL & MASSEY, 3 Merrimack street.

January 3, 1861. jan3dtf

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY CLAIMS.

In Committee on Accounts,
Lowell, Dec. 1860.

ORDERED, That hereafter the Quarterly Salary Bills, duly approved, be presented to the Auditor on or before the 20th day of March, June, September, and December, and if not presented on the first day of the month next succeeding.

2d. That all Pauper bills be presented to the Auditor on or before the 20th day of each month.

3d. That all orders be presented to the Auditor on or before the third day of each month, and to be made up to the 1st.

All Bills not presented and approved as above will lie until the next month.

H. R. WILDER,
JAMES WARREN,
HIRAM HOSFORD,
CHARLES HUTCHINS,
WILLIAM NICHOLS,
Committee.

A true copy. Attest: H. R. WILDER, Clerk.

Office hours from 8 to 12 a. m. and from 2 to 6 p. m. Clerk's office, CITY HALL.

City of Lowell, Jan 6, 1861. jan7dtf

City Library.

THE following Books have been added to the Library since December 1, viz:

Mrs. Jamieson's Works; Andersen's Northern Tales; Costumes and Editic; The Southern Orphan; Gardening for Ladies; Mrs. Whitney's Where there's a Will there's a way; Boy and Girl Pilgrims to the Holy Land; The Life of St. Mary, Songs of Ireland, Martin's Natural History of the Bible; Hunter's History of Italy; Ernest Bracebridge; Harrington; Autobiography of Lucy Larcom; Lucy Hosmer; Life Hopping; Four Georges.

Open daily, S. KIMBALL, Librarian.

Dec. 29, 1860. dtosd1t

THE

Middlesex Mechanic Association

Will hold PUBLIC FREE DISCUSSIONS at their Hall, on all such subjects as may concern the Industrial interests of the City, at such times as may be designated by the Association. Any person shall have the opportunity for selecting HOLIDAY GIFTS! by calling at the store of the subscriber, where goods of every description, both ornamental and useful, may be found in the most difficult assortment.

I have a large assortment of

CHEAP TOYS,

to please the children. Please to call and examine before

I have a large variety of

PARIAN MARBLE,

Vases, Colognes, Statuettes, Match Boxes, Flower Pots, Card Receivers, Hanging Flower Baskets, &c.

BOHEMIAN GLASS,

Toilet Bottles, Wine Bottles, Cordial Sets, Decanters, Salts, Vases, Colognes, Finger Bowls, &c., in various colors.

TOY TEA SETS,

a full collection of very pretty styles.

SILVERED GLASS,

Fruit Dishes, Tea Sets, Spoon Holders, Salts, Vases, &c.

LAVA WARE,

Richly embossed, in brown and unique colors. Also,

Etruscan, Terra Cotta, Bronze, and Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD TEST, FOR GOLD NECK CHAINS,

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, DOLLAR WATCHES,

RINGS, BELLS, TEETHING RINGS, &c.

PLATED TEA SPOONS, TABLE SPOONS

NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, &c.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Of every description, at the lowest CASH PRICES, ENVIES, IVORY HANDLE KNIVES CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES.

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold by and by

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most fashionable HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY carefully repaired and WARRANTED.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. nov20dtf

Nice Fresh Oysters.

Sold at 12 1-2 per quart.

Also, Nice Fresh Clams.

For sale at T. L. JENNINGS' Fish Market, under Odd Fellows' Hall.

Nice Fresh Oysters.

Sold at $1.00 per gallon.

Also, Nice Fresh Clams.

For sale at S. RICHARDSON'S Saloon, Merrimack Square.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALES

BY E. S. PATCH.

Office, Nos 5, 7 and 9 Commercial Square, Lowell.

Will attend to the selling of Real Estate and Personal Property in city or country, on reasonable terms.

Regular sales of Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Crockery, Cutlery and Glass Ware, every Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock.

Cash advanced on Horses, Carriages and Harness, on reasonable notice.

Sale of Personal Property in Tyngsboro'.

On THURSDAY, January 10, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the T. O. Gilman Farm, 34 miles from Merrimack Bridge, on the road to Nashua, 2 good Farm Horses—1 good Cow—1 light two horse Wagon—1 Farm Wagon—1 set new 1 Sleigh—1 Horse Sled—1 Harness—Plows, Harrows, Cart Bodies, Hay Cutter, Grain Chest, Tools, &c., &c.

E. S. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Lowell, Jan. 7, 1861. jan7td

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—Every Machine sold by them is warranted, their machines are protected against infringements.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the shuttle, lock stitch alike on both sides, and will sew more than half as much thread or silk as the Shuttle Machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted to the use of Tailors, Shoemakers and Harness Makers, than any machine now before the public. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Massachusetts drilling, and will make as handsome a seam on the one as the other, which cannot be done by any other machine. They will sew from the finest cambric to the coarsest canvas, and will do it better, without changing the feed, needle, or tension. They will do a greater variety of work than any machine now before the public, and do it better. They will sew with one thread, or two threads from one spool, or one thread from each spool, or with two spools and a shuttle thread, and

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

is precisely what its name indicates for, while pleasant to the taste, it is restoring, rebuilding, and strengthening to the very centre. It also revivifies, in instances and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus renovates and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. In no only preparation ever offered to the world is a popular form so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to as to suit as *perfect acquaintance with the tissue of nature, and hence soothe the wounded stomach*, and tones up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly balancing in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those renowned for combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently as a nerve injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility; for it needs no medical skill to know when a person is sick, but to see that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unprotected system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Dizziness, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Coldness, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal if neglected or in time, called Female Weaknesses and Irregularities. Also, for those who require renovation or Tonicity, and Liver Complaint, Diseases of the Skin, Breaking or Investment of the Urine, or are general derangement of the Vitamary Organs. Pain in the Back, Side, and between the shoulders, pertaining more to Stock Colds, Coughing and sore Throat. Essentially efficacy of Bristol for any, one needs we might enumerate many more, but we know enough to say, it will not only cure the debility following Colds and Fever, but it will in all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and for the diseases of the climate already alluded to. And as it acts directly upon the blood, and is a perfect purifier, searching the Liver to action, producing, in a few days, a healthy appearance of the complexion, it will invariably prevent any disease arising from impure blood, without waste to the wood, or injury to the system. It is a perfect *Blood Renovator*, for no other medicine can be used with safety, it is the medicine more particularly adapted to the wants of the female sex, as it will relieve them of all those distressing complaints to which they are subject, and will restore them to health and vigor.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references furnished by addressing C. L. GODDARD, Agent.

Sold by No. 3 Bowdoin Square, New York.

D: BYROM'S VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP AND CATHARTIC PILLS.

For sale by the Apothecary everywhere. dif

PRESENTS!

PRESENTS!!

PRESENTS!!!

DEARDORN'S

Crockery and China Warehouse!

A very large, tasteful and splendid assortment selling very cheap. tuf-tf

Call and examine the stock of DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Emporium, sign of Gold Band Pitcher, No. 2 Merrimack Street.

Come one, come all. der21

AGENTS WANTED!

To sell the ORIGINAL LADIES' WRITING CASES, put up in a neat style and such article of good quality. Also, the Egyptian Tooth Powder, the best in use. To any one who will devote their time and energies to the sale, we can warrant large profits. Inquire of BUZZELL & MASSUCK,

29 Central street.

W.H.DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

rame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS.

Over and other artists, Ornamental and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for sale

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

A positive and speedy cure for Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL and DROPSICAL SWELLING.

This medicine commences the power of Digestion and Assimilation, Relieves all Debility arising from any indiscretion or habits of dissipation, Enfeebled by whom the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS deposit, and all LOSS OF SEMINAL POWER, whether arising from Self-abuse or Excesses, Impotency, Nervousness, Lassitude, Loss of Power, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hysterics, Diseases of the Skin, Eruptions of the Face, PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

LOSS OF MEMORY, UNIVERSAL DECAY, INCAPACITY, TREMBLING, NERVOUS IRRITABILITY,

Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Diseases of the Head, Throat, Nose, Skin, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Blood Spots, Ulcerations of the Mouth and Throat, Sore Eyes, Lassitude, Dullness, Loss of Muscular Power, Pains in the Head, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, January 8, 1861.

We presume all our readers have ere this made themselves familiar with the able inaugural address of Gov. Andrew, which was yesterday published in these columns. It is a paper which at this time should be deliberately considered, both on account of its local and general interest. With a majority of the recommendations of Gov. Andrew we heartily concur; with one or two we have no sympathy. None will fail to admire the straight forward, patriotic view which he takes of the exciting questions of the day; men of all parties in Massachusetts will sustain him in this, and admire his spirit; but there must be a large number in the ranks of the Republican Party, who will regret that he did not recommend the repeal of the personal liberty law, although no one familiar with the political views had a right to expect such a recommendation from him. The constitutionality of the law is ingeniously discussed, and an attempt is made to show that it is necessary for the protection of our citizens, and cases (the occurrence of which are hardly possible) are supposed, in which individual rights are endangered: but were there no better arguments against the repeal of the law, these might have as well been left unproposed. The objection with the Governor, as well as with all others who do not favor the repeal movement, seems to be that if it is repealed Massachusetts humiliates herself before South Carolina: that in thus doing it can be construed into the appearance of "concession" would be looked upon as "backing down." This is not the light in which the friends of the repeal look at the question; the position of Gov. Banks in our judgment is a correct one, and we believe the cooler judgment of the Republican Party all over the country must soon take it, or graver charges than those now in justly urged by our opponents will be made with telling effect upon the incoming national administration. The personal liberty law has been discussed by the ablest jurists in the State, who pronounce it irreconcilable with the Constitution of the United States and its repeal would be looked upon as extending an olive branch of peace to the South, whose people have been misled and made to regard the North as hostile not only to their "peculiar institution," but to themselves, then we favor its repeal; and this view of the question is taken by leading men in the Republican Party—by a majority of our delegation in Congress—by, we are inclined to believe, a majority of the party everywhere. If the existence of the law is of no practical benefit, and its repeal removes at once one obstacle in the way of settling the difficulties in which our country is now involved, then there is one good argument why the law should not longer remain on the statute book of the Commonwealth; and we are glad that those early in the session of the legislature the question is likely to be thoroughly considered.

The Governor's revival of the old naturalization question, in suggesting the propriety of again submitting the two years amendment act to the people, will not be received with favor by a large class of Republicans; while his recommendation for a change in the law requiring citizens to reside six months in a congressional district before allowed the privilege of voting, is a good one; and while we trust the legislature will not interfere with the former, we hope they will heed the latter suggestion. The first corrects an evil which has for years been proclaimed against, not only by the American Party in its day, but by the old Whig Party before it; the latter is due to the spirit of

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates for, while pleasant to the taste, it is powerful in the vital powers. It allays pain, reinvigorating the whole system, and restores the blood to all its original purity, and consequently when it so renders the system, it is unbearable to attacks of disease. It is the only known remedy in the world in a fusion ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, so that to the most powerfully combined as to be perfectly adapted to any ills to which it is recommended. *It is the best purifier and tonic and hence unlike the numerous quack nostrums* that are offered to the world, it is not followed by languor and consequently, instead of leaving the system in a worse condition than before, it invigorates and builds up the whole system, being as useful, as efficient, and as tonic as are those nostrums which it supplants. There are many in use. The Wood Iron Food Bolls are also recommended to the world as a straight and durability and efficient work, they have no equal—for simplicity of construction and also for all who have suffered from debility, for it necessarily follows that the blood must be renovated before it can be healthy for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Wood Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its refuse matter (the Burring Machine) of its coarseness and its fine machines of the finer dirt and burr; they are also highly approved of by those who have used them with the card and others with the machine for cleaning the wool and protecting the cards, so as much spoiling as the cards. They are also very durable. They should therefore be attached to each card or the set.

The undersigned has purchased of Mr. Martin Burring Machine Co. of Lowell, Mass., the right to manufacture, sell and use the machine in the State of Maine, except the right for the Penobscot and Kennebec rivers, and all orders for the same will receive prompt attention and all of which, if already a factor. And as it acts directly and permanently upon the blood of the system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting the Secretions, and the operations of the excretory, it will inhale.

By general use of the Blood Renovator, and carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burr, which is found in the wool, or injury to the fibres and it can be done in the finest hands of hard, and also from the finest and most delicate organs, and even after having to the most delicate organs, and even after having to the most delicate hands of hard, and also from the finest and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, January 9, 1861.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE JOURNAL AND SOMETHING ABOUT LOWELL THIRTY YEARS AGO. We are sure all the old patrons of the *Journal* and the *Courier* (especially those of the former) will be interested in the following letter from the editor of that sheet thirty years ago. It is in reply to a note addressed by the proprietors of this paper to Mr. EDWARD C. PURDY, of Somerville, who was for three years (as his letter shows) actively engaged on the *Journal* in its early days. His allusion to the old residents of Lowell is peculiarly happy; but Mr. Purdy will regret to learn that two of the persons he names (ALEXANDER WRIGHT and GEORGE H. CARLETON) have been "the last of earth," both having been for some years dead. We trust Mr. Purdy will pardon us (since his letter will greatly gratify many of our oldest patrons and his former acquaintances), for putting it to the use we have. We also have one word to say to John B. Sleeper ("Hawser Martingale"), former editor of the *Boston Journal*, all or a portion of which we shall be tempted to give to-morrow. There is no reason Purdy will be a pleasant relief to our readers' who have been so long served with address and secession and disunion rumors and disquisitions. But to Mr. Purdy's letter:—

SOMERVILLE, January 5th, 1861.

GENTS:—Your favor of the 3rd inst. with the accompanying number of the *Courier*, are received. As you seem to apprehend, the history you have given of my connection with the *Daily Journal* is quite erroneous. Mr. Knowlton left the *Journal*, I think, sometime in July, 1831. It then fell into the hands of JOHN R. ADAMS, Esq., who held a mortgage on it. I was then publishing a paper at Whitehall, N. Y.; but receiving a very advantageous offer to edit the *Journal*, I commenced that duty about the first of September of that year. Simultaneously with my connection the "Daily" *Journal* was started. This was done at my own pressing desire, rather against the judgment of Mr. Adams, and quite against the judgments of the friends of the establishment generally, who thought the time had not arrived to support a daily paper in Lowell. Nevertheless, as a *teuter* to the weekly, and a daily advertiser for job work and other business, I think it more than paid its own expenses. After editing the paper on a salary for one year, I leased the establishment for another year; and before the time had expired, sold my lease to Sleeper & Weld, who at the same time purchased the whole concern of Mr. Adams.

Mr. Weld had been publishing a paper at Lowell called the *Compend* (having previously been an apprentice in the *Journal* office), and united the paper with the *Journal*. The *Middlesex Telegraph*, which was started about the time I arrived at Lowell, continued a little more than a year, when it was discontinued, and its subscription list—what there was of it—transferred to the *Journal* some little time before the purchase by Sleeper & Weld.

The firm of Sleeper & Weld continued but a short time. Mr. Sleeper purchased the whole establishment; but in the course of a year sold it out to some parties of whom, I believe, Messrs. Adams and Johnson were trustees. They employed Mr. Charles H. Locke (not a lawyer and *not*, so far as I know, a clerk of the Lowell Police Court) to edit it. It was at the close of Mr. Locke's brief administration that the *Lowell Bulletin* was "absorbed," and soon after, the concern was united to the *Lowell Mercury*.

The period of my connection with the *Journal* was rather an eventful one in the history of Lowell. The place was increasing with great rapidity, speculation in real estate was rife, and prices ran high. The *Lowell Mercury* was then edited by Mr. Case, and the controversy between that paper and the *Journal* was bitter and relentless. The Democratic Party was a unit, while the Whig Party was divided and distracted by various internal jealousies. Mr. Case and Mr. Knowlton (the two rival editors) had been members of the Legislature; and in the fall of 1831 the Whigs (then called National Republicans), cause very near being defeated. But 1832 was the year of a Presidential Election, and the Whigs of Lowell rallied and triumphed by more than 200 majority. It was the hardest-fought political battle I was ever engaged in, and I never was so nearly or so completely used up as was Mr. Case, who had all along claimed a Democratic victory.

It was also during my connection with the *Journal* that the bitter contest in Essex North, between Mr. Cushing and his adversaries, may be said to have culminated. The *Journal* supported Mr. Cushing with great zeal; and at the first ballot after Lowell was annexed to the district, he received a handsome majority there, over both the Democrats and recusant Whigs. I spent some of the best years of my life in the cause of Caleb Cushing; and the only reward which I, in common with the body of Whigs in the district, received for their almost chivalrous exertions—in that bad man's behalf, was to see him turn his back upon us in the day of trial, and join hands with the enemies of our cause and our principles. No circumstance in all my long editorial experience ever overwhelmed me with such a "realizing sense" of the baseлessness of politics.

I look back upon my residence in Lowell almost as a feverish dream; and when I visit that city, I scarcely realize that it is the place where I spent three years of my life. No place in New England I believe, has undergone such change.—Very few of those who were there then, are among the present living citizens of Lowell. Of the bright array of lawyers then practicing in Lowell, I believe only John A. Knowlton remains! Death and time have taken better care of themselves; for I believe you have got among you Drs. Huntington, Kimball, Green, J. W. Graves, Fox, and perhaps some others of the old regime. The spectacle one must also have been equally chary of their own medicine; for in my time Messrs. Rob bins and Carleton kept the two principal apothecary shops on Central and Merrimack Streets respectively, and I believe they are now enjoying the results of their good deeds. Of the dry goods dealers of my time in Lowell, I believe not one remains. I think I can say the same of the grocers. Mr. Stephen Manson is a solitary representation of the old hardware trade, and Mr. Hapgood Wright is the only man that speaks for the continuity of boots and shoes. Mr. J. S. Follows is a solitary *watch-man* of the in-crests of Lowell. Of those prominently connected with the factories twenty-six years ago, I believe Mr. Abbott Lawrence, Gen. Wright, Royal Sunwick, and perhaps one or two others have not yet worked out their time; yet how sparse in numbers is the record, when compared with the long array of names over which Kirk Boott wielded his peerless sceptre over the fortunes of an American Manchester.

I have not written this for publication, but if you can glean anything from it to eke out your proposed book,* you are right welcome. Perhaps in thinking over the matter you may recollect some more to me. If so, I will cheerfully put them on paper for your disposal.

Respectfully, &c.,

E. C. PURDY.

* It is proposed by the proprietors of the *Courier* to elaborate the history of their papers that has already been published, and issue it in pamphlet form, for gratuitous circulation.—Purchaser mention of this will be hereafter made.

LATEST SOUTHERN NEWS. We compile such passages as seem of interest, from our exchanges, relative to affairs at the South, to which the reader is referred for information as well as the unimportant, however, are not entirely reliable, but must be taken with some allowances. The latest report is that the Star of the West was fired into.

Reinforcements for Col. Anderson, had been fired into by the secessionists, and that the guns of Fort Sumter had been directed against the ship of Lieutenant Talbot. It is not the slightest evidence to substantiate this rumor. It is probable as idle, unfounded rumor, although the possibility of such a thing is not discredited.

The Alabama convention is in session at Montgomery. Yesterday Mr. Calhoun, commissioner from South Carolina, made a speech, which was well received, as were letters that were read from the Governors of Virginia, Florida, and Mississippi. A committee of thirteen was appointed to report a secession ordinance. The business of the convention is to be done in executive session.

The Mississippi State convention is in session at Jackson. Commissioners from South Carolina and Alabama are present, and were invited to take seats in the convention. A secession ordinance committee has been appointed. A resolution was adopted to amend the Constitution of the State so as to authorize the borrowing of money for the purpose of military defence. Dispatches received stating that Georgia was determined upon immediate secession.

At the election in New Orleans on Monday, the secessionists triumphed by 380 majority. The anniversary of the battle of New Orleans was celebrated with spirit yesterday.

CHARLESTON, S. C. Unless the most exaggerated reports are circulated at the North (which respecting the state of things in Charleston, that city is in a deplorable condition. It has been for some days declared that the city was in the hands of a mob, and it is lamentable that every fresh report strengthens this assertion.

A gentleman at Washington, recently direct from Charleston, says the merchants, alarmed for safety of their property, secure their valuable goods to the interior. Business is at an end, and some of the stores are closed; traders are the first and great, sufferers by the secession movement. The hotels at Charleston have few patrons, and their business for the winter is ruined.

The *Tribune* has private advices from Charleston to the effect that parties of minute men are entering private houses and demanding food and money, and also that Governor Pickens has written a letter full of high words in the army, a native of South Carolina, requesting him to come to Charleston and protect them from the mob. The officer declined, saying he can do more for his country elsewhere. If this is really true, a sad state of things exists at Charleston.

NEW HAMPSHIRE POLITICS. The New Hampshire Republican, Democratic and Union State Conventions were held at Concord yesterday. Nathaniel S. Berry, of Hebron, was nominated for Governor by the Republicans, receiving on the formal ballot 324 votes to 117 for Joel Eastman, 50 for Lemuel N. Dearborn and 3 for others. Mr. Berry was an original Free Soiler, having been the candidate of that party for Governor in 1848. The Democratic State Convention nominated Gen. George Stark, of Nashua, well known for his connection with railroads. Unlike his namesake, the husband of Molly Stark, he will be tame. The Union Convention adjourned without making a nomination.

Thomas M. Edwards has been re-nominated by the Republicans, for Congress, in the Third District.

By order of the Republican Convention, a salute was fired at noon, amid the ringing of bells, in honor of Major Anderson, and the Democrats ordered a salute to be fired at five o'clock, not, however, without opposition.

OHIO. The Legislature of Ohio, met on Monday. Gov. Dennison, in his message, recommends organization of the militia. He defends his course in refusing the requisition of the Governor of Kentucky,—he denies the right of secession, and recommends the repeal of the obnoxious features of the Personal Liberty bill.

ILLINOIS. The Legislature met at Springfield, on Monday. The message of the Governor will recommend the repeal of obnoxious laws, and the reorganization of the militia. He says the remedies for national grievances can be obtained only in the Union, and recommends conciliation.

It is stated that Charlotte Cushman, by her four weeks' engagement at the Boston Theatre, realized the handsome sum of six thousand dollars!

AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON. Another of Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet, and the last of the disunionists, has at last gone. Yesterday, Mr. Thompson, Secretary of the Interior resigned on the ground that troops had been sent to Charleston by the steamer Star of the West, when, as he alleges, there was a distinct understanding on the 31st of December that none were to be ordered south without the decision of the Cabinet.

It is stated upon reliable information that Senator Crittenden has declined a seat in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet.

A prominent Democratic banker arrived at Washington, yesterday morning, and reports that Wall Street will furnish ten millions of dollars to equip men to protect and preserve the Union.

A number of the leading secessionists at Washington, are urging upon Gov. Hicks, of Maryland, and Letcher of Virginia, the necessity of demanding of the President, the immediate removal of the troops at Fort Washington. The armament of Fort Washington is in excellent condition, and preparations have been made for firing red-hot balls that will burn any vessel that may attempt to pass the Forts for hostile purposes.

The Naval Department has received information this morning that the Revenue Cutter Dobbin, lying in Mobile Harbor, has the United States flag flying with the *Union down*, and the Palmetto flag flying at the mainmast. This act, on the part of the officers in charge of contractor's orders and the purchase of postage stamps.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate, yesterday, a number of petitions were presented for different objects, among which was that of Josiah Perham and others, for the incorporation of the Passumpsic Railroad Company. The standing committee were announced. Mr. Bonney, of this district, is second on the Judiciary, with Chairman Hoar as Chairman of that of Probate and Chancery. An order to provide for the appointment of a private Secretary to the Governor, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. The hour of meeting hereafter, was fixed at 2 o'clock, P. M. Adjourned.

In the House, an order was adopted for a Convention to qualify Hugh W. Greene, Councillor elect. The Convention was subsequently held and Mr. Greene qualified. The Committee to whom was referred the Governor's address reported, referring the subject of it to different standing committees with the following exceptions, which are to be referred to special committees:—Valuation of the Commonwealth, Mayor Lane; Public Punishment, Marriage and Divorce, Two Years' Amendment and Personal Liberty law. The Monitors and standing committees were appointed. The following are the assignments for the Lowell members:—County Estimates, Favor; Banks, Wright; Manufactures, Bonney; Education, and Religious Societies, Sargent; Public Charitable Institutions, Nichols. Wightman, of Chelmsford, was appointed on Railways and Canals. Adjourned over to Monday.

CITY AND VICINITY.

REV. JOHN ALLEN, of Salem, will preach at the Central Methodist Episcopal Church this evening, services to commence at half past 7 o'clock.

Rev. Mr. Guttenau will preach this evening in the John Street Baptist Church. Services commence at 7 o'clock. Seats free.

Superior Court. Middlesex C unty.

BAILEY, J.

To the Bar.—There will be called on Saturday morning, January 5th, at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of assigning, a list for trial during the ensuing months of Middlesex case in Boston.

The Court will hear motions on Saturday.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9TH, 1861. 1014 —Schouler, Kopp & Kopp and als. Replevy for Plaintiff. Keith for Defendants.

45—Pierce vs. Salem and Worcester Railroad. Dowing and Sweetser for Plaintiff. Hale for Defendants.

45a—Hayes et Bainbridge. Replevin for Plaintiff. Butler and Somerby on Defendants.

46—Hemenway vs. Ingalls. Dale for Plaintiff. Train for Defendant.

108—Webster vs. Ingood. Butler & Webster for Plaintiff. Wentworth for Defendant.

109—Parker vs. Mills. Gleason for Plaintiff; Ripley for Defendant.

110—Parker vs. Mills. Butler & Webster for Plaintiff. Griffin & Hamilton for Defendant.

355, 374—Postponed to Thursday.

NOTICE. Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in the cases finally disposed of between the first day of June and the first day of October of the year 1860, can receive pay from us by applying to the Clerk.

E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

THE WATER QUESTION. At the last meeting of the City Council for 1860, held last Thursday evening, the Committee to whom was referred the petition of Ambrose Lawrence and others, that pure water might be introduced into the city, as provided by the Act accepted July 16, 1855, reported as follows:—

That the act accepted July 16th 1855 authorizes the taking of water from the Merrimack River, above Pawtucket Falls, which I done, it would seem desirable to have the reservoir as near the city as may be practicable. The attention of your committee has been called to a site on the land on School Street hill; and with a view to ascertain if there would be sufficient fall from that point to deliver water in the city, your committee caused surveys to be made by the City Engineer, which he gives the following result. The elevation of the hill on School Street, above the Merrimack River, at the junction of Merrimack Street is eighty feet; above the junction of the Boston and Lowell Railroad fifty-four feet; above the junction of Central and Ames Streets thirty-six feet nine inches; above the junction of Central, Merrimack and High Streets seven feet three inches.

Your Committee have not caused any estimates of the expense to be made, and they have not been able to agree upon any positive action to be recommended to the Council, except that the matter be referred to the next City Council.

Signed: J. G. Peabody, James Watson, S. T. Hamblen, B. S. Gurney, J. L. Sargent, George Hobson, Caleb Crosby, William Nichols, W. D. Blanchard, Committee.

The petition was referred to the next (present) City Council.

LOWELL AND LAWRENCE RAILROAD.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this road was holden this day at the Lowell depot. The following Directors were elected: Sidney Spalding, President, Isaac Farrington, Abner W. Buttrick, Horace Howard, Otis Allen, Paul L. Georges and Joshua W. Daniels, all of Lowell *ex* cept Mr. George, who belongs in Contoocook, N. H. This company has during the past year declared the usual annual dividends of three per cent. each.

BAYARD TAYLOR. This distinguished traveller, lecturer and writer, will deliver the next lecture of the course before the Mechanics' Association, on Friday evening. His subject will be: "Man and Climate."

PARDONED OUT. Stephen Castles, of this city, was discharged out of the State Prison, on New Years day, by Governor Banks, by recommendation of Mr. Haynes, Warden of the Prison, he being considered one of the two, who, by good conduct during the past year merited executive clemency. He was sent to the Prison for five years and had about two to serve.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. The Mayor and Aldermen will hold an executive session this evening, when probably the appointments of police, Superintendent of City Scales, constables, &c. will be considered and made.

A CORRESPONDENT suggests (as there is to be another trial in the City Council for City Physician) the name of Dr. Thayer, for that position. He is a native of Lowell, qualified for the post by a successful practice for many years; and as he has lately been driven out of Georgia, for having dared to express sentiments like to those for him elected to the place.* The name is suggested without any wish on the part of our correspondent, to disparage the claims or qualification of Drs. Green and Huntington to receive the necessity for its continuance.

I bespeak for the Doctor a good audience this evening. YOURS, &c.,

E. A. MANNING.

December 20, 1860.

FOUND DEAD. John Holland, an Irishman of intemperate habits, who has been employed about the Locks and Canals, was found dead in his bed this morning having died sometime during the night. His son, a young man, slept in the same bed, with his father, retiring at about 10 o'clock, and awakening, when his father was alive and as well as usual, to all appearances. The deceased was of very intemperate habits, and about 60 years of age. Coroner Nesmith was notified and did not deem an inquest necessary.

A NEW FIRM. Mr. C. B. Richmond and Mr. J. N. Metcalf, of this city, have formed a co-partnership and opened a paper warehouse, at No. 4 Appleton Block—a branch of business not heretofore conducted, in Lowell, Independent of any other paper trade. They propose to keep a complete assortment of wrapping, writing and printing papers, envelops, &c., and will wholesale or retail, as customers require. Both gentlemen are well known in this city, and have engaged in a business in which all classes are more or less interested, and we trust will be well patronized by our citizens and the neighboring towns.

MR. BUCKLEY, a very respectable resident of Philadelphia, has from girlhood been subject to attacks of dizziness, but though nothing of them. The other day while walking in the street he had, and exclaiming, "O, how dizzy I am!" dropped to the floor and was a corpse in less than a minute.

See advertisement in to-day's paper of Prof. Wood.

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS IN TEXAS.

TRAVIS CO., TEXAS, June 12, 1854.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.:

Gentlemen—This is to certify that my mother had been subject to periodical attacks of chills and fever, for the previous ten years, and various remedies failing to give relief, one of your pamphlets accidentally falling into her hands, she was induced to procure a box of Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by you, and immediately procured a box, from the use of which she received entire relief, and so long as she continued to use them was entirely free from chills.

We have now been in Travis County, Texas, for the last four years, and not being able to procure your pills, and the various remedies for headache have again returned—for some time has been gradually getting worse—and I am induced to write you for a box of your pills, as I am satisfied from the use of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, I have been a useful man to my family, and a help mate to him elected to the place.* The name is suggested without any wish on the part of our correspondent, to disparage the claims or qualification of Drs. Green and Huntington to receive the necessity for its continuance.

I bespeak for the Doctor a good audience this evening. YOURS, &c.,

E. A. MANNING.

December 20, 1860.

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,300,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$400,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$400,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$200,000

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible stock companies. Policies written at the Dwelling House and their contents, and Stores and Stock in trade.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

JAMES M. BEEBE, Agent,

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,

No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against fire and by PIRE, on liberal terms. Office in the Company's building, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Stephen Codman, Wm. Crosby, Thomas Hurlbut, Abner W. Buttrick, Horace Howard, Otis Allen, Paul L. Georges, Abram A. Wilson, Benjamin E. Bates.

Joseph O. Abbott, John Avery, Charles Allen, Caleb C. Marvel, Henry C. Hodge, Elijah B. Stod dard.

Abram A. Wilson, President. Lucius B. Clark, Secretary.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (Central Street,) No. 81 1/2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 19, 1860.

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 108 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital not to exceed $200,000.

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than insured sum, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security for Policy Holders.

TRUSTEES:

Frances Lyman, Thomas Tileston, Wm. Colgate, Jr., Wm. Bayard, John B. Kinsling, Wm. Whitlock, Jr., Hugh N. Boyland, Seymour Boutell, Wm. H. Appleton, Robert C. Goodrich, Thomas Dickason, John J. Boyd, Jr.

ROBERT ATKIN, General Agent.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass. Office at Kimball's Block, Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

Nov. 16, 1860. 3m nov16

Rooms 3 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

April

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Fluid Preparation eradicates the Skin and Scalp Diseases, imparting to it a Marble purity. It is the most cool and refreshing of applied to the face after exposure to the sun, and will prevent blistering or stinging of lancets. Nothing pestilence enters into its composition. Every lady or gentleman should be without it. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price 50 cents per bottle.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

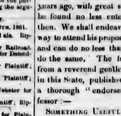
Is now being introduced into the New Bag Al hand market. A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL, delivered at the shortest notice. Orders left at BENNETT & RODLIFF, corner Moody and Market streets, or at the Yard, Thorndike street, Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, for sale at every depot to the Franklins or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building, will receive prompt attention.

COAL CLEANERS—Just received and for sale at 42 Merrimack street.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are known to all who have used it, and to the confidence in the responsible character of the Company, which has been established by many years of liberal dealing and broadcast advertising. In all the four quarters of the globe, there is no name which is more familiar to the ear than that of WHEELER & WILSON.

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Lowell.

D. S. Richardson, J. B. French,
Chas. Richardson, Chas. Richardson,
Mrs. Dr. Spaulding, Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
Mrs. Dr. Sargeant, Mrs. Dr. Peters,
D. C. Brown, M. G. Bryant,
Mrs. Dr. Bell, Mrs. Dr. Richardson,
J. L. Ordway, Mrs. L. Nesmith,
Mrs. Dr. Kittredge, Mrs. Dr. Bowers,
B. W. Webster, J. L. Cheney,
Mrs. Dr. Hosmer, Mrs. Dr. Bowers,

The Machine is a variety of the Lock Stitch, and sells at prices varying from Fifty to One hundred and twenty dollars, according to the finish.

J. W. B. SHAW,

44 Merrimack Street.

may17 apr7 dly

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine DANA'S PATENT COAL, would caution that other coal dealers in Lowell then on hand, or that may hereafter be shipped to them as DANA'S PATENT COAL.

We take this method of cautioning the public against the purchase of any coal not shipped by us, as we are determined to prosecute to the full extent of the law, any party in Lowell, except our agent, MR. LEVI LIVINGSTON, who shall infringe upon our rights.

Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 8, 1860. dec18

SHAWLS,

CLOAKS,
DRESS GOODS,
R. DELAINES,
POPLINS,
PRINTS,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, &c. &c.,

At greatly reduced prices, preparatory to taking invoice All of our 12½ PRINTS at 10 cents.

All of our 25c DELAINES at 17 and 20 cents.

All of our 25c GINGHAMS at 20 cents.

Jan. 10, 1860. dec31

We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, in another column. We have had occasion we take are notice of patent medicines, but we cannot refrain from calling Dr. Wood's Cordial, and do instance in the effects of the Cordial since its first introduction to the public, and we are assured by those who have used it in case for cleansing the system and renovating the blood, that it is all that is claimed for it. Dr. Wood's Cordial. Any one suffering from general debility or nervousness, will find this a most beneficial effects. We have had a long acquaintance with the proprietor, and know him to be skilled in the science of medicine; and we have abandoned out of the public, and entirely upon as being just what it is recommended. We would advise all sick or well to get a bottle. It is pleasant to the taste, and exhilarating to the system. It is not a drink for the intemperate, as any one, after using one bottle, will be satisfied of the fact.

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE,

And News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a wonful of honor in the great jury of the people, and has received the verdict of thousands, that it is a sure, safe, and speedy remedy for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Sores, &c. It causes the tender child perfect comfort under the most painful sufferings, and is the only safe remedy for Piles, that can be used in the family without fear of injury. It allays pain instantly, and heals rapidly. It is the only remedy that will relieve the suffering mother when her breast is inflamed, caked or sore.

It dissolves and cures the worst of the scaldy head of

It terminates the unbearable agony of piles.

It cures Fever Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Chilblains, Corns, and does it PERFECTLY.

The curative may be stored if you will mention, when you call for it, that you want the GOLDEN SALVE.

It can only be had of your name and Gilchrists.

Be sure you call for the GOLDEN SALVE, and take no other. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Price 25 cents per box.

Wholesale Agents for Lowell, Mass.

CHAS. A. STEVENS & CO.

Sold by druggists generally.

nov28 dly

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

This splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous in effect—perfectly harmless—does not stain the skin or burning the Hair—remedies the ill effects of bad dyes—invigorates the hair, leaving it soft, beautiful and glossy. Manufactured and sold at W. A. Batchelor's Hair and wash Factory, No. 233 Broadway, CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,

81 Barclay street, New York.

Sold by all Druggists. may18 dly

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

The use of solemn assurance is given that there is not to be found in the whole range of the materia medica a remedy, which is not fully established in every case of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all cases of evil-one which must carry conviction to the mind of every one, that Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers are the most highly efficacy and in its remedial character, in its use. Public speakers and singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat, and will give relief within TEN MINUTES in all cases of Hoarseness. Military officers and soldiers will find them in all recess attacks at Coughs or Cold. They are found in the knapsacks of almost every soldier in the service of Uncle Sam, Texas.

Any one who would do well to establish an agency in Austin; the Pills are well known here, and would meet with ready sale.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and to take no other. The other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, are base imitations. DR. M'LANE'S Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had of all druggists throughout the United States.

This no more supplement or vanity Medicines. For unpleasant and disagreeable diseases, use HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. They will be found to relieve the most obstinate cases of the following diseases, and symptoms originating from diseases of the above of the Urinary or Sexual Organs.

General Debility, Inflammation,
Nervousness, Inward Piles,
Debility, Fistula,
Confirmed Ideas,
Impotency,
Gleet,
Stricture,
Leucorrhœa,
Unnatural Discharges,
Disorganization or Paralysis,
Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder,
Affections of the Throat,
Ulcers, Tumors,
Old Wounds,
Blotches on the Skin,
Scrofula,
Rheumatism,
General Irritability,
Abscesses of Long Standing,
Affections of Delicate Females,
Erysipelas,
Piles,
Fevers of all kinds,
Gout,
Consumption,
Tetter,
Salt Rheum,
Scurvy,
Erysipelas,
Piles,
Fevers of all kinds,
Gout,
Consumption,
Tetter,
Salt Rheum,
Scurvy,

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar), London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each box or pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Purchasers should look to the Address of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, London, and to the Name and Address of the Agent who sells them, as there are many Counterfeits.

HAIR DYE!

The latest and best shade style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

SHAMPOOING AND CURLING required and warranted.

SHAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 10, 1860. dec18dtf

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A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best presents for a friend. Such a book can be found at this store, may be found some of the choicest works published in the United States.

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Desirants to Eugenie, with Portraits, Biographies, Anecdotes, &c.

HEROINES OF SHAKESPEARE, Illustrated with 19 large Steel Engravings.

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CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs. Jameson, Illustrated with 19 Steel Portraits.

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J. J. JUDKINS,
No. 2 Merrimack Square.

dec18

Nice Fresh Oysters.

Solid 8100 per gallon.

Also, Fresh Fish.

For sale at T. L. JENNINGS' Fish Market, under Old Music Hall.

Nice Fresh Oysters.

Solid at $1.00 per gallon.

For sale at BRIDGEMAN'S Saloon, Nos. 16 and 18 Merrimack street. dec6dtf

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House No. 24 Lawrence street, one of the most pleasant situations in the city. Inquire of D. LAWRENCE street. jan7 dtf

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Is a beautiful and entertaining and charming book for the young. For sale by JUDKINS. jan9 2 John street.

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Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack street.

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COAL, WOOD, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, BRICKS, HAY, STRAW,

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In the Associate Brick Block, Gorham Street, No. 111, in good order. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of JOHN TAGGART. dec18dtf

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Has received a large assortment of

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Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY, SPOONS AND SPOON HOLDERS, LADLES, &c.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, STUDS,
MOSS STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SILVER PENCILS,
TOOTH PICKS, BUTCHER KNIVES AND FORKS,
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLED CARVERS AND BUTTER KNIVES.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—will be sold low.

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The latest and best shade style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

SHAVING and SHAMPOOING constantly required and warranted.

SHAVING done in the very best style.

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PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates for, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies the prostrate and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to all to be a perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the sensitive stomach, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly cathartic in its effects, and yet it is never followed by laxative or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetable and these thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility, for it needs no medical aid or knowledge to use that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Scrofula, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Nausea, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of complaints denominated by the general name of Female Weaknesses and Irregularities. Also, Liver Complaints, Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints. Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the Urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs. Pain in the Back, Side and between the Shoulders, predisposition to Slight Colds, Hacking and continued Cough. Emaciation, Difficult Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate much more did we have space to do so, but it will not only cure the debility following these diseases, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and cure the diseases of which it already is cured. And as it acts directly and powerfully upon the blood and system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, the expectoration or secretions of the system, it will initially by present to the eye—from every one who follows upon change of climate and water, have a tendency to produce what have a horrid sore, and all should take a single powerful dose before retiring. As it prevents costiveness, strength, the cause of disease, is removed, and the basis of all persons of sedentary habits, as merchants, lawyers, literary men. And all in a word it need to such and one exercise should always use it. If they will they will find an agreeable pleasure, and more than repay the trifle those six which rob them of their health by for lastly cannot exist without health, and health cannot exist without the above are conditions one, and all necessary, the Cordial is a perfect Mother's Friend! Taken a month or two before the final trial she will pass the dreadful ordeal with perfect ease and safety. There is no mistake about it, this cordial is all we claim for it. Merchants try it! And so you we appeal to detect the ladies of the decline not until their daughters believe it be too late, but also our wives and husbands, for what is former, from false delicacy, often goes down to a premature grave, when by the latter condition be known in time, the latter are often as much up in the affirmative of business that if it were not for you there they would treat it as a downward path, until too late to save their fatal fall. But the mother be always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal, for we know your power for doing affection will unerringly point you to Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial, and use that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Scrofula, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Nausea, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of

PROF. WOOD'S
Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates for; while pleasant to the taste it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies and invigorates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, so chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and at the same time perfectly adapted to do not as perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence exerts the medicinal stomach, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly relaxing in its effects, and yet it has never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never prove injurious. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility; for there is no medical skill or knowledge ever to see that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of myriads of ills more dangerous to which poor humanity is constant by liable. Such, for example, are the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Low of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Nightsweats, Languor, Giddiness, and all the long train of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called Female Weaknesses and Irregularities. Also, for Liver Complaints, Jaundice, and for all Liver Complaints arising from a disordered state of the Urine, Breaking out of Humors on the Skin, Sore Eyes, &c. It is the Best Remedy for Scrofula, or Kings Evil, and for all Skin Diseases, such as Blotches, Pimples, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcers, Sores, Boils, Carbuncles, Scurvy, Itch, Scaly or Rough Skin, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Corns, and even the Cancer. In fact, in all attacks arising from Muscular Inflammation, and even the disease is cured if already a fact. And as it acts directly and powerfully upon the blood and system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the natural and healthy secretions of the system, it will inhabit any disease and derangement whatever, no matter of how long standing, if there remains any vestige of vitality in the system. Even in cases following upon change of climate and water, where the constitution seems to have a hostility with them, and all should take a tonic medicine of some kind or other to keep off disease, this will be found the very thing. As it prevents constipation, strength, the digestive organs, it keeps the bowels in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, ministers, literary men. And all those not accustomed to much outdoor exercise should always use it. If they will they will find an agreeable, pleasant, and efficient remedy against those ills which rob them of their health, for hardly cannot exist where health and health cannot exist where the above pre-pulsions continue. Therefore, the Cordial is a perfect Mother's Friend! Take a month or two of it, the final trial she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety.—There is no mistake about it, the cordial will not cause fits! MOTHERS, TRY IT! And to you we appeal to detect the disease or decline not only of your own daughters to love it be too late, but also those around husbands, for often the sufferer, from false delicacy, often goes down to a premature grave rather than let their condition be known to those nearest and dearest to them, and to whom a restoration of health would be a source of unbounded joy. Let this not be so, but let the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator be used in time.

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

TO WOOLEY MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 4 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Metlin Burring Pickers.

All the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, use the Solid Burring Machines on their fine broadcloths, and those who have used them, need no recommendation. They are acknowledged to be perfect machine in use for perfection of work and insensibility. The four Burring Machine for second, breakers and finishers, on a new plan of fastening, are warranted to last a lifetime, being as useful, as efficient, and as insensible at the end of twenty years as the first day they were many in use. The four kind of Feed Rolls are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficiency, they have no equal. Their even and straight surfaces allows them placed near to the line of cylinder, to save fine and short cards. Their firm strength and their positive self-feeding qualities renders them the best Feed Rolls for the proper work in the Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines can be used on any fine cloth machine, without waste to the wool, or injury to the fibres without further information, as Solicitor to Messrs. Goddard & Co., apply to

H. T. HEMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot, 104 and 106 Tenth St. below Chestnut, Phila.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS
AND UNPRINCIPLED VENDERS.

Who endeavor to dispose of worthless imitations. Circulars with testimonials and full directions attached to Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Extract Buchu, Sarsaparilla,
Rose Wash, Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists everywhere. Ask for Helmbold's Take no other. Can not be adulterated, and need but to be known to be appreciated.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

GOVERNOR VALVES
FOR Stationary Engines, (" Judson's Patent,") Reducing Valves, (" Hall's Patent") Relief Gates and Governor Valves," for sale by
H. B. BARKER,
nov20 No. 8 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and whitening Silver Plated and Britannia Wares, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Paint, &c. For cleaning Plate, Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings, in Silversmiths, Jewelers, Coach Makers, &c. For sale wholesale and retail by
E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. 620

"A PENNY SAVED IS AN GOOD AS PEN."
BY A SAVE IT.

LOOK at those beautiful little SAFES for children, in which they can deposit their pennies, and see each one. Just the thing for a Christmas present. Position in good variety and extremely low prices, at
Nov 17 BEARD'S.

Beautiful Bibles and Prayer Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens Ink, Pencholders, Pencils, &c. &c.
Also, a large assortment of the best quality S. Ladies' Dollar Boxes.
Ladies' Stationery Boxes and a good stock of Fancy Articles, for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central St.
A good second hand Piano for sale very cheap.
Music bound in a thorough manner at a low price.
dec21

FIFTY LONG SONG BOOK,
CONTAINING 176 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by E S HUNT, 17 Central st. nov9

Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. nov3

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected after all other means have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken in time, during the whole period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may be taken with safety, for if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different sizes, and full directions for using, and must be Express, cleanly sealed to all parts of the country.

Price—Large size, $10; Half-the-size, $5; Quarter Size, $2 per bottle.

☞ Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTRUCTED CASES, in which all other remedies have been found to have failed in use, as that it is warranted as represented in every case, or the price will be refunded.

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted genuine unless bought of Dr. M. at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature in both sexes, and at this office is regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, to whom application to them—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet residence, while under treatment or in search of health.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.
☞ In these days of medical imposition, when numerous quacks are daily advertising their knowledge of medicine whenever, persons cannot be too careful in selecting a physician to whom they may safely confide their case, and especially in relation to those diseases which require secrecy and skill for their successful treatment, and the many unfortunate victims of mercurial poisoning, &c., who are daily seeking relief, and finding only disappointment, as proof of which it is only necessary to refer to the many certificates of cures, &c., which I have in my possession, and which are open for the inspection of all.

Dr. M. is a regular graduate of the Medical Department of Harvard University, and has had many years' experience, and can therefore with confidence recommend himself to the afflicted as one in whom they may safely confide.

Dr. M. has also a Private Boarding House for the accommodation of patients from abroad, who may wish to remain in the city for medical treatment, where they will find the comforts and the privacy which will tend much to their speedy recovery.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Aug 24 1860 ly

W. H. DYAR
MUSIC STORE!
AND
rame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—from a gold work room on frame for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Resilving and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for sale
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.
"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
Extract Buchu
A positive and specific remedy
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL and DROPSY, and all local AFFECTIONS.

This medicine increases the power of digestion and excites the ABSORBENT SYSTEM to healthy action, thereby purifying the BLOOD and restoring the SYSTEM to a healthy condition. It expels all poisonous humors, and is a great BLOOD PURIFIER. It is the best known remedy for Diseases of the Skin, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Debility, Nervousness, Low Spirits, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Horrors of Mind, Universal Lassitude, and Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Head, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance, &c.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine eradicates, lead to CONSUMPTION, INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but few will confess. THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS, And the Melancholy Deaths by Consumption, BEAR ample witness to the truth of the assertion, THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS, Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and

Which Helmbold's Extract Buchu assuredly does.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT THIS IS NO FICTION.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.
OLDER LADIES, SUFFERING FROM RETENTION OR OBSTRUCTION, should use Helmbold's Extract Buchu IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulceration of the Uterus, or Womb, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the female constitution, from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, &c.

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE,
Will find in this preparation a valuable assistant, as it strengthens the whole system, and invigorates the uterine system, thereby curing all diseases arising from change of life.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE
SECRET DISEASES
In all their Stages, at little expense. Little or no change in Diet, No inconvenience, No exposure, and no hindrance from business.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu assuredly does.

Full particulars in our Pamphlet, to be obtained of Druggists, or sent free by mail.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will be furnished to the afflicted.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.
Price $1.25 per Bottle, or six for $5.00.
Delivered to any address.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 5th day of November, 1854. WM. F. HIBBERD, Alderman.
Ninth street above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information, as follows:
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot, 104 and 106 Tenth St. below Chestnut, Phila.

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Extract Buchu, Sarsaparilla,
Rose Wash, Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists everywhere. Ask for Helmbold's Take no other. Can not be adulterated, and need but to be known to be appreciated.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov17

DR. BYROM'S
VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP
AND CATHARTIC
PILLS.

For sale by the Apothecary everywhere.
nov9 dlf

PRESENTS!
PRESENTS!!
PRESENTS!!!
AT
BEARD'S
Crockery and China Warehouse!

A very large, tasteful and splendid assortment selling very cheap indeed.

Also, Parlor and Chamber Lamps, Britannia and Crockery Emporium, sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Merrimack Street.
Come one, come all. dec21

AGENTS WANTED!
TO sell the ORIGINAL LADIES' WRITING CASE, just up in a neat style, and such article of good quality. Also, the Egyptian Tooth Soap, Pearl Shell Dice, To any one who will devote their time and energies to this, we can warrant large profits. Inquire of
BUZZELL & MASSEY,
29 Central street.
nov16

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,
A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an internal remedy, driving out and entire by eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy for the disease I ever saw.
CHARLES A SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years, I was finally confined to bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."
NORMAN T AYRES.
No 29 Hamilton st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the use of anodynes—remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 6 Angleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured.
JOHN A MUDGE,
Pearl street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia and Rheumatic Compound" has relieved me from sufferings of several years' standing.
E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for two years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his whole system seemed to be contaminated. I gave him one bottle of your Compound cured him.
J. W. HARMON, 69 Merrimac, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has exceeded my expectations.
W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Pearl St House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
JANY THOMPSON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm. H. Gardiner, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and I found it to be a case of decided benefit.
ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have, in a number of cases, found immediate and eminent relief. We have full confidence in its healing and curative properties, and believe it to be the best remedy for the above diseases, and we are willing to put our names to any certificate that is offered in behalf of the same.
B. Hancock, Jr., dry goods, Boston.
Henry D. Gardiner, Webster street, East Boston.
Wm. Wales, Jr., Boston.
Henry A. Fuller, 18 South Market street, Boston.
Hon. Nathaniel Wood, Dedham, Mass.
Hon. Joseph Wheelwright, Boston.
Capt. Charles G. Bullen, Boston.
Capt. Wm. Watson, Jr., Boston.
Hiner Townsend, 45 to 47 Pearl street, Boston.
The Gardiner Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been taken by hundreds of people, for Scrofulous Humors, with great benefit.

Principal Depot, 97 Hills Street, Boston.
Wholesale agents for New York, HACY & JENKINS, of Liberty street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States.
Price, $1.00 per bottle. Some genuine unless signed on the outside wrapper by E. GARDINER, whom all letters must be addressed.
For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Kimball, Kidder & Bodwell, Hartwell & Co., Bent, Hall & Lamson, 98 and 102 Merrimack street.
October 15, 1860 d17

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
ALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Piano Fortes, which for power, quality of tone and elasticity of touch, are unsurpassed by any Piano Fortes made.
E. R.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 2, 1855.

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
In now opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
AND COMMON WARE
which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness is unequaled this side of Boston.
All who wish to purchase Crockery will please call and examine my large and varied stock of
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will suit both their taste and purse.
tf

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITTANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, selling low as can be bought in the cheapest market, and will be sold by the importers.
Please call and examine.
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
no MERRIMACK STREET.
dec8

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SONS PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufactories, for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories,
LOWELL.
☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

MORE MUSIC,
"He that hath no MUSIC in his soul," &c. &c.
JUST received, five pieces from Oratorios and Concerts, Vocal and Instrumental, arranged for the Flute by Otto Dresser.
Also, Concerts by Carl Zerrahn
Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Beautiful Quadrilles and Waltzes from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.
Also, a large and choice assortment by the celebrated composers of O. Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.
nov16

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the ALDEN CORN PLASTER. It is now more than twenty years since its introduction, and in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
E. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. nov3

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO DENT & BUSH)
55 Central Street, 55
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It comprises the most magnificent and best selected assortment
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in the city—both for wear and for our retail trade; by all of which we can assure them to be the most reliable and cheapest.
☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order.
nov26 dlf

BININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN.
(Established 1778.)
A. M. BININGER & Co.
GIN as a Remedial Agent.
THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STILL HOLDS ITS ACT. Especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession, and for family use, and can be procured to be called "Gin." "Aromatic," "Cordial" or "Schiedam Schnapps," &c., as may be desired by all the prominent physicians, chemists, apothecaries, grocers, and dealers in all of these. Ironic medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) are derived from the Juniper Berry, for which it is celebrated.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Bailey, J. Frederick Smith, Jr., & Co., Hartwell, Dr. M. S Thomp-on, Bingham & Cheney, E. S. Hunting, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country
fe12d&w1

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

"CITY"
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 84 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,
MACHINIST, and Wholesale dealer in Wrought IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE. Brass and Iron Fittings of all sizes. Malleable Iron Fittings for Gas Fixtures, Steam Gauges, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.
Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Jenkins's Patent Improved Steam Valve, "Hall's" and Fire" Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Valves.
STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and warranted to work well. Pipe cut and screwed to order, and put up with branches and sixpatch
Lowell, June 2, 1860.

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
H. B. BARKER, Proprietor,
WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe, Pipe Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds, Brass and Iron Cocks, Gauges, and all fixtures generally used in connection with Steam, Gas and Water Pipe. Also, Machinist and Engineer, and all other descriptions of Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings made to order.
Works, No. 10 Howe St., Belvidere.
Store, No. 8 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.
This Medicine has been used by the public for many years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Cholic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Vertigo, Kidney Complaints, Low-spirits, &c.
Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.
IT STIMULATES, EXHILARATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.
It is a mild, safe and effectual Aperient, curing the most aggravated cases of Piles, in double quick time, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.
It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.
Females who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous system shattered, will immediately receive tone, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, feel the happy and healthy invigorating effects of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
Does—One wine glass full on an empty stomach, will cure the most obstinate case of Piles.
One dose will relieve all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
One dose will relieve Wind in the Stomach.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will relieve the most excruciating agreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach is relieved of the load of dyspepsia, the distressing load and all painful symptoms will disappear.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any of the above complaints, should not neglect to try a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of but one bottle.
MIGHTILY DISSIPATION.
Persons who have been indulging too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors, by taking a wine glass full before rising, will feel no more headache, distress, &c., will remain in bed.
Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take a wine glass full three times a day; by so doing it will make them strong, healthy and happy. Will prevent miscarriage, and will build up and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the pale cheek.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to insure that trial, it is put up in small bottles, and sold at 25 cts. per bottle, at 50 cts., quarts, $1.
General Depot, 36 Dey street, New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Bailey, J. Frederick Smith, Jr., & Co., Hartwell, Dr. M. S Thomp-on, Bingham & Cheney, E. S. Hunting, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country
fe12d&w1

Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.
For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 18 Tremont Row, and 66 Washington st., and by druggists generally. Also, for sale by CUTLER & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., STEPHEN WHITNEY & CO., HENRY H. HAY & CO., DAVID & CO., and JAS. MACKINTOSH.
nov27 27t&ThSAly1

Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.
For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 18 Tremont Row, and 66 Washington st., and by druggists generally. Also, for sale by CUTLER & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., STEPHEN WHITNEY & CO., HENRY H. HAY & CO., DAVID & CO., and JAS. MACKINTOSH.
nov27 27t&ThSAly1

The Invigorating Beverage,
IRISH MALT WHISKY.
P. SWINEY & CO.
HAVE on hand, at their Distillery, Jonesville, Manchester, N. H., a stock of this fine Whisky, of their own manufacture, distilled by any Spirit in the market, for medicinal purposes.
The proprietors use no grain in the manufacture, but malt only, and have three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy and happy, the whole process of manufacture from the time the barley is put in the first appliance, I had an the grain is ground, the mash is made, the wort is cooled, and the yeast is added, I shall recommend your remedy to all my friends. Yours truly,
P. SWINEY.
Office of the Jeffersonian, Phillips, Me.,
Dear Sir:—Having used your "Irish Malt Whisky" in my family, I am happy to state to you the following circumstance which came under my observation: A child of mine, a little over a year old, was taken with the cholera infantum, and was for some hours very low indeed, and we had given it up for dead. Having your Whisky in the house, I thought I would try it, and gave it a few drops in a spoonful of water, and in a short time it was entirely restored to health, and has been ever since. I consider it a valuable medicine, and would recommend it to all families.
J. WEIGHT, M. D

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, January 10, 1861.

THE LATEST. The latest intelligence, received this noon, is that the Star of the West reached Charleston this morning, and was fired at from Fort Moultrie, and put to sea again. Fort Sumter did not return the fire. Beyond this we have no particulars.

FROM WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.—It is reported that there was a discussion in the Cabinet respecting sending reinforcements to Major Anderson, and that Mr. Buchanan warmly favored the proposition. The telegraph lines are in possession of the disunionists at Charleston, and it is not known what has become of the Star of the West, which took the soldiers from New York; she was due there day before yesterday. Some fear she has been sunk; yet the buoys and lights in the harbor having been removed, it is considered not impossible that she has met with some disaster.

Capt. Kearney, of New Jersey, has been called his letter of resignation; and Capt. Hartstene, of South Carolina, has forwarded to headquarters his resignation in the navy.

The War Department has been informed that the Governor of South Carolina has forbidden the Federal Sub-Treasurer at Charleston to pay the drafts of the Paymaster in favor of Major Anderson and his command, and the Sub-Treasurer has accordingly refused to do so.

Major Anderson's brother, who has just returned from Charleston, says his brother has all the munitions and supplies that are required for the present, and can defend himself against the attack of the South.

In the Virginia Senate, yesterday, a resolution was introduced that a committee be appointed to represent to the President that in the judgment of the General Assembly of Virginia, any additional display of military power in the South would jeopardize the tranquility of the Republic, and that the evacuation of Fort Sumter would be the first step to a restoration of peace and harmony.

It is announced that Hon. W. H. Seward has signified his purpose of accepting the place offered him in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. January 9th. The business done was not of general interest. The resolution establishing the office of private secretary to the Governor was read three times and passed.

In the House, among the petitions presented and referred, were those of the authorities of Lowell and Concord, that Postmaster Bridge be made free at their joint charge; William Barnard and fourteen trustees of the Lowell Firemen's Fund Association, asking for an act of incorporation; Charles Hovey and others, for the incorporation of the Lowell Bank of Industry.

SPUNKEY LETTER FROM THE SOUTH.—A gentleman doing business in this city a few days ago received the following "pearl" letter from a lady in South Carolina. We change nothing except to substitute blanks for the names given.—

"I have just received your circular, requesting me to act as agent in selling out your instructions for ——; and inasmuch as you are now an independent people, (my beloved State, South Carolina, having on the 20th of this month, seceded from the Federal Government) and being convinced that a portion of our once respected brethren at the North has become (without cause) our most inveterate enemies, I will not take any agency, for any object whatever, unless I have proper proofs in evidence that I am not dealing with an Abolitionist or Black Republican.

Very respectfully ——"

THE communication from a gentleman in New York, in our columns to day is worthy of attention. The writer entertains a more serious view of the disunion troubles than are taken by our own people, or by some that are in high positions in the other States. We think the people of the free States have been so often alarmed by the cry of "wolf" from the South, that they are not yet positive that there is now occasion for their assistance.

By the concurrent vote of the Maine Legislature, Lot M. Morrill has been elected United States Senator for many second and, by occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Hannibal Hamlin. In the Senate the vote stood 29—unanimous; in the House Morrill received 124 votes; G. F. Shepley 22. The Legislature elected Gen. John L. Hodsdon, of Bangor, Adjutant General.

The house of Mr. John M. Cheney, cashier of the Bank of Concord, Mass., was entered on Tuesday morning, by means of false keys, and robbed of a lot of silver spoons and $73 in money. The key to the bank was also taken, with which the rogue or rogues entered the vault, but did not make any attempt upon the safe, and left with a few coppers that were in a drawer.

THE post-office at Foxboro' was robbed last Tuesday night of stamps worth two hundred and seventy-five dollars, and forty or fifty dollars in money. All the letters in the office were opened, but it is not known whether any money was obtained from them.

THERE are some gentlemen in high places who would do well to remember that the crime which the name of Arnold is infamous for all time, was simply an attempt to deliver over Fort Sam Houston to the Enemy.—*Albany Evening Journal.*

A YOUNG lady in Indianapolis arose in her sleep the other night, and cut off her hair as close as it could be cut, rendered it a penitentiary barber. When she got up in the morning and looked in the glass she was horrified, and complained that some one had shorn her of her locks in a fight.

CHARLES LAWSON, a handloom weaver of Dunfermline, Scotland, has invented a machine for weaving Brussels and velvet pile carpets and table covers, which it is predicted will cause a revolution in these branches of manufacture.

The Republicans of the Second Congressional District of New Hampshire have nominated E. H. Rollins, of Concord, for their candidate for Representative in Congress.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

A VOICE FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 7th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—Knowing as I do the influence exerted by your long established journal among the people of Middlesex County and other portions of the Bay State, it seems to me to be a fit and proper channel for the conveyance of certain facts and opinions, which I am sure are not thoroughly known and appreciated in your neighborhood, or indeed throughout New England. I believe it to be the duty of every man, in the present crisis, to do all he can to place our condition properly before the country, and whether his influence be small or great, his abilities weak or powerful, to put his shoulder to the wheel and do his duty as a man and a citizen.

You of Lowell have no idea of the utter stagnation existing in all business circles, and your farming neighbor—are equally in the dark. Your mills are all running, consequently the general business of the city suffers but little; *their* crops are good, and all readily at fair and remunerative prices. You all look upon the present crisis as a senseless panic, that will soon blow over, and think that the storm now raging will soon pass you by unharmed. We can find no fault with you for thus reasoning; we have used the same argument ourselves, and have reckoned on our overpowering strength and our ability to oblige the South to ask our forgiveness on her knees, as she begs to be allowed to return to the old family circle.

We have been mistaken; and it is now the duty of every honest, patriotic, Christian man to ponder every plan, and give a willing, impartial ear to every suggestion calculated to save us honorably from the horrors of a civil war, upon the brink of which we now stand, and where there is a Heaven above us.

My apology for advancing my views is simply this:—I am brought in contact every day with Southern men of all shades of opinion, and with our own citizens whose entire interests are at the South, and who are in constant communication with all the disaffected States. We of New England, form your opinions, in a great measure, from the papers, to all of which you have access, but each of the leading papers has its own particular party or clique to serve, and your experience will bear me out in the assertion, that their statements and views cannot be implicitly! The Charleston despatches to the New York journals, and the letters of their correspondents, are pretty generally supposed to be cooked up in this good city, and the writers can emphasize the greatest sensation from crumbs abstracted from the *Charleston Mercury*, garnished with liberal draughts from his own imagination, *à la* beef tea. I have a copy of the *Mercury* before me this evening, from which I could concoct a letter for you fully as interesting and reliable as the communications which will appear in many large type in our leading journals to-morrow.

I have until very lately been in favor of resorting to the most extreme measures, as a Republican, have advocated the policy of standing firm, without giving an inch in any direction, or upon any pretext. I have said "Mr. Lincoln has been fairly elected, after a canvass participated in by the people of the South, and if they now make any disturbance, we and *our* country will show them that we are their masters and their country common to that position until they can be taught to behave themselves as good children." I knew that we, as a party, had been misrepresented, and villified most unjustly, and that if our Southern friends only knew the views of the majority of us, they would willingly submit to the will of the majority, as expressed in the constitution of the United States. I pitied the ignorance and condemned their folly; but again, in thinking this matter over, it has occurred to me that as much mischief may have been done by Northern demagogues as by Southern politicians. In your own good State, you have some bright examples of unprincipled orators, who have neglected no opportunity of denouncing as abolitionists and traitors all Republicans, and from the lips of the demagogues of the South, the South has learned that the great principle of our creed is that "John Brown was right."

The question of slavery is unfortunately presented to us in two aspects; as a moral agent, and a political evil. With the first question we have nothing to do; our Constitution sanctions it, and behind that we cannot go. Now we come to its political aspect. The citizens of the South consider themselves wronged inasmuch as the North claims *all* the new territory as free—debarring them from any participation in the benefits derived from its acquirement, while, on the other hand, the North says that slavery cannot exist in the territories to any extent, and it will not help the South in the least to be allowed to carry their slaves thither. The amount of it all is, that for a mere abstraction we are risking our glorious Union, the lives of thousands of brave men and heart broken women. We are doing all this because we are in the hands of a party of scheming politicians, who are committed to so many different cliques, in so many different ways that for their own preservation, they are willing to wreck the country, if need be.

In the opinion of many eminent and practical Republicans, the time has come when *the people* must have a voice in the settlement of this question. They do not look upon it as a question of interest or business, but as one of National pride. If the Union is dissolved, there will be more than two sections, and from a vigorous and respected republic, we shall dwindle into a collection of insignificant States and principalities, commanding the respect of no powerful nation, and deserving the pity and contempt of all.

It has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of most of us, that we have no master mind now in the councils of the nation equal to the emergency, who by the power of his eloquence or influence, can secure peace and quiet to our land; the people, therefore, are appealed to, and it is for them to say, at the ballot-box, yes or nay as regards a fair compromise; if they say nay, we have but one course to pursue: that is a settlement, then we *shall know from our whole duty*, and can meet our fate bravely

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates for, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revitalizing in its instance and renews the blood in all its original purity, and does not recognize and regulate the system so invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the most perfect tonic of which we are offered to the world in a tangible form, so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful and yet so perfectly adapted to as to be a *perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach*, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly unobjectionable in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been held to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility, for it needs no medical skill or knowledge to perceive that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system prone to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Inflammation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Sick Headache, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of cases, so fatally fatal if unattended to in time, called Female Weaknesses and Irregularities. Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the Urine, or any general derangement of the Secretory Organs. Pain in the Back, Side and between the Shoulders, Periodical Headache, Night Sweats, Chilling and coming of Cough, Emaciation, Fever and Ague, and indeed we might enumerate many more ills, but we have spoken enough to say, it will not only cure the d bity following Sickness and Fever, but will in all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influence, and the fearful diseases engendered by it, if already checked. And as it acts directly and promptly upon the blood and system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the necessary secretions of the system, it will invigorate every part of the system, and thus eradicate the seeds of disease, and leave the system in a healthy condition. Let no one neglect to give it a trial, for it is sure to benefit. Let no one who is afflicted with any of the above complaints neglect to give it a trial, for it is sure to benefit. And as it acts directly and promptly upon the blood and system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the necessary secretions of the system, it will invigorate every part of the system, and thus eradicate the seeds of disease, and leave the system in a healthy condition. Let no one who is afflicted with any of the above complaints neglect to give it a trial, for it is sure to benefit. And as it acts directly and promptly upon the blood and system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the necessary secretions of the system, it will invigorate every part of the system, and thus eradicate the seeds of disease, and leave the system in a healthy condition. Let no one who is afflicted with any of the above complaints neglect to give it a trial, for it is sure to benefit.

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

BRIMMOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Arising from Excesses or Indiscretion. Early Indiscretion or Abuse. Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Eruptions on the Face, Pimples on the Face, Blotches on the Face, Disease of the Bladder, Kidneys, &c.

These symptoms if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, will lead to

IMPOTENCY, PERMANENT, SPECIFIC PITS, INSANITY, and finally CONSUMPTION and a PREMATURE GRAVE.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but NONE WILL CONFESS.

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS, and CONSUMPTION HOSPITALS

Bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, THE CONSEQUENCES OF SELF-ABUSE.

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU constantly

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.

OLDOR YOUNG, SINGLE MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE,

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES the Extract Buchu is unequalled. For Pain in the Side, &c., as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painful or Suppressed Menstruation, Leucorrhœa, Ulceration or Stricture of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, &c.

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT

TAKE NO SOME BALSAM, MIXTURE, OR UNPLEASANT MEDICINE FOR UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

SECRET DISEASES

In all their Stages. At little or no change in Diet. No Nauseous Medicine required. No Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstruction, Inflammation, and Pain in the Urethra, so frequent in the above complaints. It is prescribed in the practice of the most eminent Physicians of England, and more and matter.

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF QUACKS,

and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the PERNICIOUS use of Mercury and other INJURIOUS drugs were doing up the system, to break out in a more aggravated form.

FEMALES AFTER MARRIAGE.

THE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS.

Whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE.

From whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor. Diseases of these organs require the aid of a DIURETIC

THE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

And a certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

Evidences of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany each bottle.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

Which have been made in the United States, Canada, and in all parts of the civilized world. They are highly approved and much used. These Pond Balm and Burning Medicines clean the wood of the floor matter, the coarser matters of the corner and the dirt and dust from the cracks of the floor, and the greasy matters accumulated on the floor, mixed with the dust, and each act well, in addition to cleaning the wood and protecting the floor, as a result exciting as the meals to which they are attended—They should therefore be used daily in the family for use.

The undersigned has perfected a *Motion Burning Fluid*, also packing, dusting and cleaning powder, cream and other wash. It neither shortens the flame nor injures the burner of Burning Fluid by varnish the burn. The wood is cleaned open, and naturally and beautifully exposed from the wood burn, without waste to the wood, or injury to the floors and from the floor and carpets. *Motion Burning Fluid* is used in wood which could not otherwise be used, and thereby a great saving in the expense of *repairs of carpets etc.* Let your wood floors and carpets be thoroughly cleaned. Wood and Waste Burners with the Motion Burning Fluid, and save the fuel.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations of the Motion Burning Fluid, &c., sent by mail. S. GODDARD, Agent. sept2 1y No. 3 Beaver Green, New York

DR. BYROM'S

VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP

AND CATHARTIC

PILLS.

For sale by the Apothecary everywhere.

nov16 ly

PRESENTS!

PRESENTS!!

PRESENTS!!!

AT

DEARDEN'S

Crockery and China Warehouse!

A very large, tasteful and splendid assortment suiting very cheap and at

Corner and rear of Merrimack and Dutton sts.

DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Emporium, sign of the Red Band Pitcher, Merrimack Street.

Come one, come all. dec21

AGENTS WANTED!

TO sell the ORIGINAL LADIES' WRITING CASE, put up in a neat style, and such article of good quality. Also, the Expansion Tuck Bonnet, the best in use. To any one who will devote their time and energies to this, we can warrant large profits. Inquire of BUZZELL & MASSUCK,

29 Central street.

nov14

W. H. DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

rame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style, in a good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing done to Order.

Attended to.

Imitation Gold Moulding for sale

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c. sep24dtf

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

A positive and specific remedy

For diseases of the Bladder, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and URGPICAL SWELLINGS.

This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ASSIMILATING ACTION, which converts food into HEALTHY NOURISHMENT, and in all cases of NERVOUS DEBILITY, is reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and a good appetite.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Is prescribed by the most eminent Physicians, and is the only known and reliable remedy for the above complaints.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of January, 1854.

WM. H. ROBERTS, Mayor of the City of New York.

Address letters for Pamphlet, Containing Certificates of Cures, &c., sent free, to

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,

Depot, 104 South Tenth St. below Chestnut, Phila.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS

AND OTHER WORTHLESS PREPARATIONS.

We endeavor to dispose "OF THEIR OWN" and "OTHERS' ARTICLES FOR THE NOTORIETY ATTAINED BY Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Extract Buchu,

Sarsaparilla,

Rose Wash.

Sold by R. KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists every where. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and disappointment.

mh13 1smosp1y

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

GOVERNOR VALVES

FOR Stationary Engines, if "Judson's Patent" Rochester, N. Y., also "Fire Plate Globe and Governor Valves," for sale by

H. B. PARKER,

je16tf No. 3 Merrimack Square.

OLIVER SOAP, for cleansing, whitening Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Stoves, Marble, Oil Cloths, &c. For cleaning Paint, Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings, it is invaluable. A fresh supply received and for sale by R. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. adv

"A PENNY SAVED IS AS GOOD AS TEN."

LOOK at these beautiful little BAKES for children to keep their pennies in. A nice look and buy on each as. Just the thing for a Christmas Gift. Also, a large assortment of Fancy Goods, Stationery, Pocket Books, Ladies' Dressing Boxes and a good stock of Fancy Articles for sale by E. S. HUNT 17 Central St. The Goods will be sold low for Cash or Approved Credit. Music bound in a thorough manner at a low price. dec21

SHILLING SONG BOOK.

COMPRISING 172 of the most favorite National, Popular, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central St.

BOURBON WHISKEY BITTERS.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected cures after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly menses* in cases of abstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the day have been found to be of no avail will also *prevent* obstructions. If taken *just before* each as safety period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This many are incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure, and in no instance has without the least injury to health in any case. Explicit directions for using, and for restoring strength, will full directions for using, and when to commence taking the medicine.

Price $2 per bottle.

☞ Pamphlets describing the above medicine, and containing testimonials, can be had gratis.

Sold by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh13

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an internal remedy, dissolving and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYRES,

72 Franklin st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been given by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,

No 5 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be described. Have used a number of bottles of Piano Forte Materials, Violins, Flutes, Accordeons, Guitars, Violin and Guitar Strings, Violin and Guitar Bridges, Violin and Guitar Pegs, Violin and Guitar Strings, of every variety—suppose you have seen my name in a Music Book, and if so, I refer you to whom will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES by the manufacturer, W. H. DYAR, 39 Central st.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is an entirely reliable remedy for the disease. Sold by all druggists.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY THOMPSON,

Pearl St. House, Boston

I certify that my friend Wm T Gilmore, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." I was suffering with a mental attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and had it proved to me all that I did believe.

ALBERT SMITH,

Ex-Member of Congress from this District.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have in all cases found the remedy to be a most decided relief. We have had occasion to in handing out the "Compound" to many persons afflicted with these harrassing diseases, as one of the most reliable remedies ever offered to the public.

S. Hancock, Jr., Agent for Fire, by residing over 30 years, and is now, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF THE SKIN, sent free to any address.

Henry B. Fuller, 10 South Market street, Boston.

George H. Fuller, 10 South Market st, Boston.

Abram Brooks, Webster street, East Boston.

Samuel Wales, Jr., Dedham.

Elmer Tuttle, 45 & 47 Pearl street, Boston.

The Government and Hospital Compound has been taken by thousands of people, for torpidious Humors, with great success.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle. JAS KING & CO. Liberty street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States.

Price, $1 an per bottle. None genuine unless signed by CHAS. F. GARDINER, to whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, E. S. Hunt, S. Kidder, Jr., W. Swinerton, and by Beck, Andrews, 98 and 102 Merrimack street.

October 15, 1860. dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS

THE subscribers manufacture and put up IRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and workmanship.

CUSHING & MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market street,

may26tf Lowell, Mass.

LOWELL

Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

(Successors to R. & J. Rugg)

No. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

Only Manufacturers of Umbrellas in Lowell, and the only store where they can be obtained.

Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857, Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, an extensive assortment of PIANOS, MELODEONS, VIOLINS, FLUTES, BANJOS and WALKING STICKS, of every variety and description, which they offer at the lowest prices.

We have Parasols worth from 50 cents to $10 each. Umbrellas from 12 cents to $10 each. Canes from 12 1-2 cents upwards, including the most superb and costly ever imported. Call and see them.

We are prepared to sell all the above articles at a less price than any other house in the country, and have every facility for so doing.

Manufacturers of Pianos and Pictures Frames, of every style and variety. Also, Agents for the sale of S. & D.'s sewing machines in SHEET MUSIC and Music Merchandise of every description, including a part of Piano Forte Materials, Violins, Flutes, Accordeons, Guitars, Violin and Guitar Strings, Violin and Guitar Bridges, Violin and Guitar Pegs, and Guitar Strings, of every variety—suppose you have seen my name in a Music Book, and if so, I refer you to whom will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES by the manufacturer, W. H. DYAR, 39 Central st.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is an entirely reliable remedy for the disease. Sold by all druggists.

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, was afflicted for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores and a complete mass; one bottle of your Compound cured him.

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Main street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

C. THOMPSON,

Proprietor Pearl St. House, Boston

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, January 11, 1861.

The constant talk among all classes in this region relates to the troubles at the South, which, it will be seen by the account elsewhere in our columns, do not look to be very much improving. If one can judge anything from the thousand-and-one stories afloat, however, there appears the dawning a better state of things. The South, it is evident, is pretty well warmed up, but it is also quite positive that much of the disunion sentiment is cooled by force; that a "reign of terror" is putting men to the support of extreme measures, who have not the slightest sympathy with the disunion sentiment. This comes to us from so many sources, that there is no denying its truth; men from fear of the violence of irresponsible persons, if they are suspected of not sympathising with the traitors, give money and God, when they have no heart or wish for the success of the foolhardy projects of the secceders. This of course cannot last long; and the suffering and distress of those who are doing manual service in the cause of secessionists, will soon make the tasks imposed upon them more than volunteers will bear. The prompt, determined action of the administration; the noble position of Gen. Scott; the activity of the government in regard to its fortifications, are encouraging evidences that a right understanding exists at Washington, and that there is to be no more lack in that direction; but we dread the consequences if justice is done the men who are responsible for the terrible state of affairs now existing at the South.

A Washington correspondent of the *New York Commercial-Advertiser*, writing respecting the present crisis, says the question and what is probably to follow, says that not "much can be said that is favorable to the prospect of an early adjustment of the sectional feuds. No mail after the seceding States have gone out; and not until after Mr. Lincoln has been inaugurated at the capitol, and has duly organized and commenced his administration, will any attempt at pacification succeed. Then, through the mediation of the border States, some plan of compromise may be submitted, which will be embraced by the people of all the States."

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, memorials were presented from New York, Allegany City, Philadelphia and Illinois more for peace measures. Mr. Slidell called up the resolution in regard to the appointment of a provisional Secretary of War, and declared that the President had violated the Constitution. Mr. Davis, of Mississippi and Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois addressed the Senate on the state of the country. Mr. Davis justified the South in its course and said that the Government had no right to coerce a State.

In the House, Mr. Morris, of Pa., presented a petition from Philadelphia for a new Constitution and a Convention, which was referred. Mr. Sickles presented resolutions from the New York City Council, which was laid on the table. Mr. De Jarnette of Va., attempted to make a speech on National politics, but was ruled out of order. In the course of his remarks he said that fifteen States were ready for secession. Mr. Stokell of Penn. requested him not to count upon his State, as one of the fifteen and Mr. D. altered his statement to fourteen.

WHISKY DRINKERS, LOOK OUT. A man named Murphy, at Indianapolis, Ind., was blowing some coals to light a fire, and his breath caught and communicated to his face, which was so completely saturated with whisky that it burned like kindling wood. Murphy tells the story himself.—He is shockingly burned, and may yet loose his sight. So says an exchange paper. There are various opinions about the possibility of such an occurrence. We recollect to have seen, at different times, accounts of such disasters in "foreign countries," but do not remember ever before to have noticed any record of a similar event, on this side of the Atlantic. Writers of fiction have many times disposed of their characters by "dire calamity" of this nature. Maryatt represents Jacob Faithful's mother, a hard gin-drinker, went off with an explosion, from spontaneous combustion. Dickens disposes of old "Krook" in the same way; and others came out on him for terminating the career of one of his characters in such an unnatural, improbable way; he set himself at work, and proves from medical authorities, that such cases have actually occurred! So, it is not impossible that the event mentioned as having taken place in Indiana is a real occurrence, although readers generally will regard the item as a "joke."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, several petitions were presented and referred. The usual special committees on the Governor's address were announced. Mr. Bonney of this district, is chairman of the committee on Marriage and Divorce. Nothing else of importance.

In the House, among other petitions, one was presented from Adams, Shattuck and others of the Hamilton Manufacturing Company, for repeal of the laws requiring equalizing of shares, also in relation to proxies. To-morrow was assigned for the election of a preacher of the next Election Sermon. An order was adopted that the Judiciary Committee consider the expediency of amending the Chapter 191, acts of 1860, so as to provide that all fees in criminal cases taxed in behalf of a constable or a police officer, who receives a salary for his official services, from any city or town, shall be paid to such city or town.

An order was offered, and laid on the table, that the same committee consider the expediency of enacting laws to prevent the injection of liquors; to simplify the manner of searching for liquors, and lastly for a stringent license law. The other business was mostly unimportant.

LAPHAM'S CASE, formerly of this city, has a great long letter in the *Boston Post* of this morning, on the state of the country. It is quite entertaining, and shows the Republicans much less than could be expected. Mr. Case dates his letter at *Patriot*, Miana, and closes it in a hopeful spirit. I

IMPORTANT NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.—The following intelligence respecting the reception of the Star of the West, at Charleston, appears among the telegraphic dispatches of the morning papers, under date of January 9th:—

The Star of the West, in endeavoring to enter our harbor (Charleston) about daylight this morning, was opened upon by the garrison on Morris Island, and also by Fort Moultrie. The steamer put about and went to sea. I have not been able to learn whether the steamer or any person on board was injured. The belief is that no injury was sustained by either the boat or those on board. Fort Sumter did not respond.

Later. Hall of Fort Sumter, came over to the city about 11 o'clock with a flag of truce. He reported to the quarters of the Governor, followed by a crowd of citizens. He was in secret communication with the Governor and Council for two hours. At two o'clock, he was sent in a carriage with the Governor's aide to the wharf, and returned to Fort Sumter. The people are intensely excited, but there were no demonstrations against Lieut. Hall.

Our citizens were drawn in crowds to our wharves early this morning, in consequence of its being reported cannon from seaward. Some twelve or fifteen reports were heard; many of them proceeded from the works on Morris Island.

The *Charleston Courier*, of the 10th inst., has the following version of the affair:—

"This morning, at 6 o'clock, the steamer General Clinch discovered the steamer Star of the West, and signalled the fact to Morris Island, the batteries of which were soon manned, in expectation of receiving a volley from Fort Sumter. The Star of the West rounded the point and took the ship channel inside the bar, and proceeded straight forward until opposite Morris Island, when, from quarters at the head of the battery, a ball was fired athwart the bows of the steamer, when she displayed the stars and stripes. Two guns from there were unfurled, the fortifications fired a succession of heavy shots. The vessel continued at increased speed, but one or two shots taking effect, she concluded to retire. Fort Moultrie fired a few shots, but they were out of range. Only two out the seventeen shots struck the steamer, doing trifling damage. At Fort Sumter the only demonstration made was hauling from the port of the port-holes toward Morris Island."

The communication borne by Lieut. Hall from Maj. Anderson to Gov. Pickens, was in substance as follows:—

To the Governor, of South Carolina.—Sir—I wo of your lusterices this morning and on an unarmed vessel bearing the flag of my government. As I have not been notified that war has been declared by South Carolina against the United States, I can but think this hostile act was committed without your authority. Under that hope I refrain from opening fire on your batteries; but I respectfully ask whether the above mentioned act, *without a parallel in the history of this country or of any other civilized government*, was in obedience to your instructions, and notify you that if it is not disclaimed, I shall regard it as an act of war and shall not, after a reasonable time for the return of my messenger, permit any vessel to pass within range of my guns, in order to save as far as in my power the shedding of blood. I beg you will take due notification of my intentions, hoping, however, your answer may justify in any further contingency my forbearance.

(Signed) ROBERT ANDERSON.

Governor Pickens replies, after stating the position of South Carolina, that any attempt to reinforce Fort Sumter will be considered as an act hostility, and government troops be regarded as an act of hostility, and any attempt to reinforce Fort Sumter or to retake any forts within the waters of South Carolina will be regarded as coercive of the State. Special agents off the bar have warned vessels with troops for Fort Sumter not to enter the harbor. He says special orders have been given not to fire into vessels until a shot across their bows should warn them. Under such orders and circumstances the Star of the West was fired into, and the act is perfectly justified by me. The Governor in response to Major Anderson's threat, says he (Major Anderson) must be the judge of his own responsibility, and says his position in the harbor was an act of toleration on the part of South Carolina. He concludes by saying that the act proposed by Major Anderson cannot be reconciled with any purpose than that the government is imposing on South Carolina the condition of a conquered State.

Major Anderson responds by acknowledging the Governor's reply, and says he deems it proper to refer the matter to his government, deferring the course indicated in his former communication in accordance with instructions from Washington, and asks the safe departure and return of Lieut. Talbot to and from Wilmington. The Governor immediately granted every facility to Lieut. Talbot.

We believe the country would have upheld Maj. Anderson had he opened a fire on the forces in the range of his guns. It would have been a bold assumption of authority, but the case was an extreme one, and demanded extreme treatment. The passing boats of the Star of the West will have a tendency to encourage the traitors in they will think because they were not resisted, they can venture further. There can be no apology for those who are trying thus to thwart the authorities of the United Government; there would have been no sympathy for the traitors had they been destroyed. We regret to believe there is yet occasion for bloodshed, but we do not but the best way would have been to have levelled the forts that fired upon the steamer to the ground.

HOW THEY DO THINGS IN THE "NEW REPUBLIC." The members of the South Carolina Convention, which has just adjourned, were accustomed to sit with their hats on. The clerk, clothed like an Episcopal clergyman, called the roll. The messenger in front of the speaker's room was his staff and on the floor, crying out, "Make way for the Speaker;" the doorkeeper repeated it loudly with three heavy raps with his staff, and then the speaker himself, clothed in a rich blue maxarine robe, marched up the aisle to his seat.

OFF WITH TROOPS AND SUPPLIES. The steamship Joseph Whitney took on board and removed to the Charlestown Navy Yard, on Wednesday, and the next morning dropped down to Fort Independence, when she received Government troops, consisting of about seventy privates and four officers; in the afternoon she sailed, it was understood, for Key West, Florida. It is stated that the steamer was chartered for twenty days.

IN THE COURIER to morrow we shall publish the discourse delivered at the Third Street Church, by Rev. Mr. Clark, last Sunday evening. It has excited considerable interest, and we have no doubt a large number of our readers will be gratified to see it in print.

CITY AND VICINITY.

LOST, last evening, One hundred and two or three dollars in bills on the Warnock and Appleton Banks. The finder will be suitably rewarded by calling at the residence of FRANKLIN CHENEY'S store Highland Station.

Lowell, January 11, 1861. 1861638.

FELTING.

For woolding STEAM PIPES, HOT AIR PIPES,—For stocking STEAM BOILERS, and for all purposes where it is desirable to prevent the radiation of heat; a cure and very superior article. For sale at the Factory, CANTON STREET, Boston, and 24 Jackson st., Lowell, by MOSES A. JOHNSON, Agent, or BILL BANK, Canton st. jan5lm

MR. REV. Gutmeyer will preach this evening in the John Street Baptist Church. Services commence at o'clock. Seats free. 1m11598

NOTICE. Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Paine Court, in the cases finally disposed of between the first day of June and the first day of October of the year 1860, can receive their fees by applying to the Clerk.

jan5d3t C. HADLEY, JR., Clerk.

MUNICIPAL.

The first regular meeting of the City Council for 1861 was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. The following standing committees of this Board were appointed:

On Enrollment. Messrs. Watson and Hosford.

Licenses. The Mayor and Mr. Watson.

Repairs of Streets. The Mayor and Mr. Hosford.

Lighting Streets. The Mayor and Mr. Hosford.

Bills in Second Reading. Messrs. Morse and Waite.

Fire and Police Stations. The Mayor and Mr. Gardner.

Weights and Measures. The Mayor and Mr. Watson.

Sitting Trees. The Mayor and Mr. Morse.

Rules and Orders. The rules and orders of this Board were adopted same as last year.

Board of City Marshal. The bond of Marshal Lovejoy was read and approved.

Licenses. Voted, that the Committee on Licenses grant all licenses for shows whenever they deem it expedient, under the usual restrictions. Also voted, that the rules in regard to bowling alleys and billiard saloons be strictly enforced.

City Physician and Superintendent of Burials. Moses W. Kidder was elected City Physician, in concurrence, by a vote of 5 to 2 in B. H. Pillsbury. The same gentleman was elected Superintendent of Burials.

Several appointments were made in open and executive session, which will be found in another place.

Sundry papers were concurred in.

CONSTABLES' COMMON COUNCIL. Joseph L. Sargent appeared, was qualified by the Mayor and took his seat.

The President announced the standing committees of the Board as follows:—

On Enrollment. Messrs. Morey, H. P. Perkins and Jewett.

Bills in Second Reading. Messrs. Ward, Blanchard and Sargent.

Elections. Messrs. Nowell, Saunders and Morrison.

Internal Health. Messrs. Lancaster, Parker and Sanborn.

Rules and Orders. The Rules and Orders of last year were adopted for the present year.

Payment to Joseph Lyon. The resolution to pay Joseph Lyon $100 for injuries received was passed in concurrence.

Superintendent of Burials. Moses W. Kidder was elected Superintendent of Burials in concurrence, by a vote of 27 to 3 for Dr. H. Pillsbury.

Wardens of Lunatic Hospital. Messrs. William L. North, Sullivan L. Ward and Alfred S. Saunders were, by ballot, elected Finance Committee on the part of the Council.

Contested seat. A petition from James Lannan was read, claiming the seat held by Mr. M. Gilbert Perkins, of Ward 1, as Councilman of Ward 2. Perkins was not a citizen of the United States or of this Commonwealth, having been a subject of Queen Victoria, and never having been naturalized. The petition was referred to the Committee on Elections.

An unsuccessful attempt made to proceed to an election for five Assessors for the ensuing year, from the Board of Aldermen were concurred in.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Suit against the City.* Notice was received that Mary Ann Cummings had commenced a suit against the city, in the Superior Court. Referred to Mayor and City Solicitor.

Abatement of taxes. Notice was received that the Lowell Gas Light Company had petitioned to the County Commissioners for an abatement of their taxes for 1860, and that a hearing would be had on the subject on the 29th inst., at Cambridge. A similar notice was received in reference to the Merrimack Manufacturing Company. Both were referred to the Mayor and City Solicitor.

Joint Committees. The following joint standing committees were appointed:

On Accounts. Aldermen Hosford and Waite; Messrs. Orange, Keyes and Dana of the Council. Mr. Keyes declined and Mr. H. P. Perkins was substituted.

Streets. Aldermen Manahan and Watson; Messrs. Bohonan, Clough and Parker.

Land and Buildings. Aldermen Morse and Hosford; Messrs. Morrison, Baron and Joyce.

Sewers and Drains. Aldermen Folsom and Waite; Messrs. Nowell, Cater and Sanborn.

Fire Department. Aldermen Watson and Gardner; Messrs. Sargent, Blanchard and H. P. Perkins.

Claims. Aldermen Gardner and Folsom; Messrs. Ward, Lancaster and Jewett.

Public Instruction. Mayor and Aldermen Manahan; Messrs. Ward, Lancaster and Jewett.

Common. Mayor and Aldermen Folsom; Messrs. Saunders, Morey and Sanborn.

Printing. Aldermen Gardner and Morse; Messrs. Blanchard, Bancroft and Dana.

Reference of Mayor's address, &c. The portion of the Mayor's address in relation to the sealer of weights and measures was referred to the Committee consisting of Aldermen Hosford and Gardner and Messrs. Nowell, Dana and Beck of the Council. The part in relation to the fees of city officers was referred to a similar committee, consisting of Aldermen Folsom and Watson and Messrs. Saunders, Keyes and Bohonan of the Council. All matters relating to the Fire Department were referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

City Treasurer's Accounts. Ordered, that the Committee on Accounts examine the accounts of the outgoing Treasurer, and see that the bonds, papers, notes, moneys and other property belonging to the city are passed over to the new City Treasurer, and that the Committee have power to employ an Accountant if they deem it necessary.

Appointments. The following appointments were made last evening for city officers:

Surveyors of lumber. Abner Frost, James M. Howe, James Howard, Stephen C. Davis, Lorenzo G. Howe, Luther Smith, Aaron R. Grant, Simon Flora.

Fence viewers. Isaac Page, Jeroboam Howe.

Field drivers. Perley Parker, jr., James M. Gardner, John M. Hadley, A. Wyman Bailey, Franklin Webster, Geo. Chase.

Surveyors of Highways. The Mayor, Aldermen Manahan and Watson.

Police officer. Asa D. Clark was appointed a member of the city police, leaving one vacancy still existing.

Sealers of weights and measures. Henry H. Wilder.

Superintendent of Hay Scales. Jeroboam Howe was nominated by the Mayor, and rejected by the Board. The subject of uniting the duties of the office with that of the measurer of wood and bark, was referred to the standing committee on weights and measures.

Supernumerary police officers and watchmen. William D. Gray, Levi Brown, Wm. F. Fuller, John Cahoon, Jr., John Curry, Hiram K. Barnard, J. Frank Dunning, Wm. H. Hilborn, Charles Miner, Nelson L. Ingalls, Peter Creighton. These officers will be notified by the Captain of the watch, when their services are required.

A RETROSPECTIVE VIEW. The latest allusions to "old times" in this city, in our columns, has called forth the following note from one of our oldest citizens, Mr. John Wagg, which seems here about the time Lowell was commenced:—

LOWELL, January 9th, 1861.

MESSRS. STONE & HUBE:—I have done the skating in the Merrimack Manufacturing Company from 1822 to the present time, and I believe I am the oldest corporations in Lowell because I did skating for P. T. Jackson, at Waltham, forty years ago; and I believe I am the oldest workman in the Merrimack yard. I should like to write a bit of history at some other time. Now I did skating enough to slate a mill forty-five feet wide, *one mile and a half long*. This was in 1836, and most of the work was done at Lawrence, by Young, &c., JOHN WAGG.

MERRIMACK LODGE, I. O. of O. F., No. 7. At a meeting of the members of this Lodge, held last Monday evening, the following officers were elected for the present year:—William Hunter, N. G.; Samuel J. Gubby, V. G.; George D. Augustus, Secretary; Enoch Messenger, Treasurer; Geo. W. Butters, Permanent Secretary; George Fairgreives, R. S.; N. G. Henry Barnes, L. S.; V. G. William Parsons, R. S.; V. G. Robert Sykes, L. S.; Thomas Longstaff, Warden; George Fairgreives, Conductor; Thomas Ford, O. G.; Joseph Taylor, I. G.

HIGH SCHOOL CLOSED. It was found necessary to dismiss the High School this morning in consequence of the cold weather. By some misunderstanding it will not be taken turned so as to shut off the steam by which the house was heated.

NON-RESIDENT ON THE POLICE. An attempt was made last evening, in the Board of Aldermen to re-consider the appointment of a member of the police made last night before, on the ground that he was not a citizen of Lowell, his family residing in New Hampshire.

MIDDLESEX MECHANICS' ASSOCIATION At an adjourned quarterly meeting of this Association last evening, the old list of active members were elected and Hon. Edward Everett was elected an honorary member.

POLICE COURT. Friday, January 11. James Dugdale, for drunk and on the Sabbath on the Lord's day, was fined $5 and pay costs.

James Maguire, for assault upon Abram French with an ax was ordered in $100 for the appearance on the 19th inst., for sentence.

Patrick Harrihan, for an assault upon his wife, was sentenced to the House of Correction for four months, on complaint, and ordered in $200 to the Superior Court.

COLD WEATHER. There are no signs of the January thaw to-day. Thermometer this morning, in some places in the city, was frequently below zero. Buffalo and blanket coats above par. Destructive to coal and wood.

The play of "Capt Kyd" drew a full house at Central Hall last evening. It will be repeated to-night.

A MAN NAMED DeBois (who will receive "proposals" through the Lowell postoffice) advertises in the *Boston Herald* for a wife. He says he has "a competency to ensure against want;" but contradicts his own assertion, for he "wants" a wife.—Our judgment is that if he is not plucky enough to get a wife in Lowell without advertising for one, he must be a very indifferent sort of a man; and the woman who would take him in this way is not to be envied, and not very much strengthened by "hoops."

THE LOWELL WEEKLY JOURNAL for to day contains, entire, the valedictory address of ex-Gov. Banks, the inaugural address of Gov. Andrew, and also Mayor Sargeant's address to the Common Council on the occasion of the organization of the City Government for 1861. There, with the usual amount of local and general news, make twenty-eight solid columns of reading matter.

No. 5 MERRIMACK STREET. 85 Selling at a great sacrifice from former prices. My stock being very large, and wishing to reduce it to make room for Spring Goods, I shall sell for eight weeks at prices to suit customers, varying from 25 to 50 per cent. below former prices. Now is your time, Ladies, to buy bargains in all kinds of DRY GOODS. Remember the No. 5 *Merrimack Street*, opposite John Street, and the statement.

jan11 tf JAMES U. OAGE.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Stores, only. The Stock Department has other Lines made in this class. The present management of the Mutual Department has been in existence for nearly twenty years by Directors of seven of village and town property in Middlesex county, and has been very successful in its operations, and is now expiring, and rates are now as in any Company in the United States.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assetts are $1,000,000, and the Directors are responsible to the amount of $2,000,000 in addition to the cash assetts.

Both Departments insured at current rates.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

Lowell, July 16, 1860. jy16tf

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Josiah G. Abbott,
Josephus Hale, John Avery,
Arthur F. Bourne, Walter Wright,
Lucius M. Boltwood, Caleb M. Marcy,
Lawrence Brown, Edward Kitson,
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin F. Butler,
Benjamin E. Bates, Abraham L. Lowe,
Leonard T. Cutler,
Nathan ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 41 Central street, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, 1860. ap21

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 706 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulations April, 1860,

$253,912 56.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned thereon.

Policies issued with the Guarantee of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Frantus Lyman, President,
Jonathan Sturges, Fairfield, Connecticut.
Isaac Rich, Jr., Boston, Mass.
John Allen, Jr., Hartford, Connecticut.
Alex. Wadsworth, Geneseo, New York.
John B. Kitching, Brooklyn, New York.
Geo. Griswold, Jr., Brooklyn, New York.
George B. Barnard, Recorder of City of New York.
Wm. Bard, Brooklyn, New York.
Seymour Bard, Brooklyn, New York.
Wm. Cullen Bryant, Roslyn, New York.
Peter C. Goodridge, Merchant, New York.
John Jacob Astor, Merchant, New York.
Robert Ayres, General Agent, Brooklyn, New York.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at Eastern rates.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Office at Kimball's Jewelry Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. n16d6m

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice last year. Having made arrangements for the sole use, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are fully prepared to recommend it to the public as the best article ever introduced. Its superiority over all dental preparations is evidenced by the fact that no one who has ever worn a set, will purchase another now in use, there are many cases where it is used with great success, and in many cases it is giving in the popular favor—the Combined Rubber and Gold Base. In addition to this, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best material ever introduced for the purpose of filling the teeth, and for the preservation of Decay in this mode, and of others that are suffering from that disease, a remarkable power.

Rooms 2 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

tf

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHIAL CONSUMPTION, &c.

The use of tobacco destroys the nerves and shortens the life of many a man. Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers are a remedy, which is safe and certain to relieve all cases of evil—one which must carry conviction to the mind of every one who will give them a trial. They are then highly refined and in its remedial character, in its power to relieve pain, and in its healing properties, they are unrivalled. Public speakers will find them relief within. To hysterical females they are invaluable. In recovery from the fatigue of parturition, they are a most efficient remedy. In relieving the distressing cough which accompanies the first stages of consumption, they are unequalled. In all cases where a cough exists, they are recommended with confidence to the public. Sold by Druggists, 25 cents per box. Prepared only by C. F. WHITTIER, Boston.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. cor. Merrimack and Central streets, Lowell. jan11d&w1m

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm of BARTLETT & HOADLEY, and have opened a store at No. 4 Appleton Block, for the purpose of transacting a general Paper business.

J. B. BARTLETT.
C. HOADLEY.

Lowell, January 1, 1861. jan1d3t

LOWELL DIRECTORY FOR 1861—Duties of every description of the Lowell Directory for 1861 for sale by the Publishers.

Price Books—Family Register Books, for sale low by RUSSELL & ROBINSON, 36 Central st. 1m1

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Hartford Fire Ins. Co.'s Tar,

And, in fact all the recommendations of a Nervous and Debilitated character.

To answer the purpose, eat four day

CURES GUARANTEED.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in another column.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to take risks on Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture, against loss by fire, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Joseph O. Abbott,
John Avery,
Walter Wright,
Caleb M. Marcy,
Edward Kitson,
Benjamin F. Butler.

Nashua.
Nathaniel Wilkins.

Boston.
Abraham L. Lowe,
Leonard T. Cutler.

Groton.
Reuben Shedd.

Nathaniel ALLEN, President.

JOHN D. WINSLOW, Secretary.

Lowell, Jan. 5th, 1861. jan7d3m

DR. MLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS IN TEXAS.

TEXAS, Co. Texas, June 12, 1854.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Gentlemen—This is to certify that my mother has been afflicted in periodical attacks of sick headache for a great many years; all the usual remedies failing to give relief, one of your pamphlets accidentally falling into her hands she at once determined to try DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by you, and immediately procured a box, one pill of which she received great benefit, and another she continued to use then was entirely relieved.

We have now been in Texas County, Texas, for the last four years, and not being able to procure these valuable pills, her old enemy the sick headache have again returned—for some time past she has been getting worse—and she has determined me to send to you for a few boxes of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills. I therefore send you the money for them, and you will please send me Pills per return mail. Address as this Texas

I think you would do well to establish an agency in Austin; the Pills are well known here, and would meet with a ready sale.

MERREDITH HENRY.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., as there are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills are for sale by most respectable Druggists throughout the United States, and in almost every town in Canada.

☞ The genuine has the names and address upon the outside wrapper, as follows: FLEMING BROS., Wholesale Druggists, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Wm. A. Reynolds, Lowell, Mass., Agent for the sale of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills.

may13 ly

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

nov15

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

THE GREAT AND WONDERFUL HEALING SALVE has become the most popular remedy for the cure of all grievous aches and pains.

It removes tension and stiffening, soon, in the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c. It causes the erying of the tender infant to cease, and the sufferer to rest.

It relieves the most painful Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Piles, Corns, Bunions, and Sore Eyes.

It removes the cause of the trouble and restores the diseased part to a healthy condition.

It relieves all inflammation, and is the best remedy for Sore Throat, Croup, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Canker, Mumps, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scrofula, Fever Sores

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN safe and prominent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and salt Rheum. It is an universal remedy, divine out and entire, in subduing the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever used. CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several months last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYRES,
75 Franklin st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by its excruciating pain to the trial of numberless advertising remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced to purchase Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered much pain; but, by the use of one bottle of your Compound I am entirely cured. I would not suffer as I have done for all the money in the world, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN A. MERRILL,
Pearl street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years' standing. W. F. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been afflicted from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores and in constant pain; one bottle of your Compound cured him.
J. W. HAMMOND, 19 Main street, Malden.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.
W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Pearl St House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
FANNY THOMPSON,
Pearl St. House, Boston

I certify that my friend Wm. T. Gilpatrick, Esq, presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" as he said I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and that if proved to be of great benefit. ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND" in their families for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have found it to give immediate relief. We have full confidence in its healing qualities, and would recommend it to any one afflicted with these harrassing diseases, as one of the best and most effective remedies ever offered to the public.
E. Hathorn, Jr., 20 North Market street, Boston.
Henry D. Gardiner, Worcester street, East Boston.
W. H. Allen, 128 South Market street, Boston.
George H. Mansfield, 1 Merrimack street, Boston.
Abram W. ——, Webster street, East Boston.
Chas. Oliver, 24 Hanover street.
Samuel Wall, 24 to 30 Canal street, Boston.
Elijah Forbes, 24 to 30 Canal street, Boston.
The Gardiner and Neuralgia Compound has been used in hundreds of families in this vicinity, and in every instance has given satisfaction.
Principal Depot, 83 Kilby Street, Boston.
Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JES-SUP, 47 Cedar street, and 46 Liberty street.
Retail Agents in every town and city where agencies are not established, to whom liberal terms will be addressed.
For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Kimball, & Kidder Jr. W. Wilkinson and by Reed Brothers, 36 and 38 E. Merrimack st.
October 13, 1860. 1y

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND
Sold by
no17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

WOOLF MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO 3 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK.

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Westim Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal Cotton establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their first breakers, and those who have used them would be without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machine in the construction of such, and *Burring Picker* as a new plan of teeth, are recommended to your attention as the best machine for cleaning cotton as it comes—thereby saving much waste. Also, *Feed Rolls* of the best quality, and *Steel Rings*, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at 33 Bowling Green, New York.
Address letters for information or confidence to
C. L. GODDARD,
Box 3304 New York Post Office.
DESCRIBE STRIPTOSS IN ALL CONNECTIONS.

CAUTION.—Beware of Counterfeits.
CURES Guaranteed. TERMS Reasonable.

AFFIDAVIT.
Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, to me being duly sworn, doth say that the above is the original and only genuine receipt for preparing Helmbold's Extract Buchu, and that the ingredients are as stated.
WM. P. HIBBERD, Alderman.
Sworn and subscribed this 3d day of November, 1854.

Address letters for information in confidence to
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot, 104 South Tenth St. below Chestnut, Philadelphia.
BEWARE AND AVOID COUNTERFEITS
And UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS.

Observe the name of "Helmbold" on the "genuine" and "extract buchu" on the "extract" before you buy. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
For Weaknesses
Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or abuse.
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Nervous Irritability, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dryness of Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Head, Impurity of the Blood, Fulness after Eating, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Universal Prostration of the System.

IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE. It is unnecessary to enumerate the symptoms of this distressing complaint, as Dyspepsia in its worst forms, Debility, Consumption, Insanity, &c., are but the offspring of Self-Abuse.

YOUNG MEN
Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, many of the most distressing symptoms of both body and mind are felt. The system becomes deranged, the health is visibly impaired, the countenance becomes pale, the eyes lose their brilliancy, and frequently dark circles under them, indicating the victim of this solitary habit to be speedily hastening to an untimely grave. To such the advertiser would say, that there is hope, and a certain remedy for their cure.

MARRIED LADIES,
Or those contemplating marriage, are aware of physical weakness, should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the great Diuretic and Blood Purifier.
Prevents all Organic Affections and Skin Diseases.
Purifies the Blood, Gives Tone, Vigor and Action to the Digestive Organs and Restores the Lost Functions of the System to a healthy condition.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SCEPTICAL.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in action, and does not require the aid of medicine to accompany it.

WHEN HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is used in connection with
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE SARSAPARILLA,
Improved Rose Wash,
Or Rose Lotion,
Or Curative Wash,
Or Sanative Wash,
Or Vegetable Lotion,
Or Genuine Diuretic Pills,
Or Improved Flesh Brush,
Or Genuine Rose Cosmetic,
Or Genuine Rose Soap,
Or Genuine Shaving Cream,
Or Genuine Tooth Powder,
Or Genuine Tooth Paste,
Or Genuine Tooth Wash,
Or Genuine Tooth Soap,
Or Genuine Tooth Brush,
Or Genuine Hair Dye,
Or Genuine Hair Brush,
Or Genuine Hair Comb,
Or Genuine Hair Tonic,
Or Genuine Hair Wash,
Or Genuine Hair Cream,
Or Genuine Hair Oil,
Or Genuine Hair Curling Fluid,
Or Genuine Hair Invigorator,
Or Genuine Hair Restorative,
Or Genuine Hair Preparation,
Or Genuine Hair Ornament,
Or Genuine Hair Pin,
Or Genuine Hair Curler,
Or Genuine Hair Crimper,
Or Genuine Hair Frizzer,
Or Genuine Hair Curling Irons,
Or Genuine Hair Curling Tongs,
Or Genuine Hair Curling Machine,
Or Genuine Hair Curling Apparatus

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, January 12, 1861.

BELOW we present the letter which we promised some days ago. Several events in the history of Lowell are in it very happily alluded to, and we know will be read with interest by all our patrons, while they cannot fail to revive pleasant recollections in the minds of many of our "oldest inhabitants."—

ROXBURY, January 7th, 1861.

MESSRS. STONE & HUSE.—*Gentlemen*—I have received your letter of the 3rd inst., and also the paper to which you refer. And I presume from the tenor of your letter that you have no file of the *Lowell Journal* of 1833, to consult; and I shall be very happy to render you any aid in my power toward your very praise-worthy undertaking. The facts stated in your paper are in the main correct so far as related to myself. I purchased the *Lowell Journal* (a weekly and daily paper) of Mr. Adams May 15th, 1833, and purchased of Mr. Purdy his lease and right to moneys due from subscribers. Mr. Wehl came into this arrangement, and the *Lowell Courier* was published at the office of the *Lowell Journal*. But Mr. Wehl, being unable to meet his obligations to me or to others, was obliged to retire from the concern on the 5th of August following, ending our partnership of two months and twenty days and leaving with me the *Lowell Journal*. Having been somewhat disappointed in the value of the establishment, and being urgently pressed to take charge of the editorial department of the *Boston Mercantile Journal*, which had been one year established, I *dispossessed* myself of the *Lowell Journal*, which went into the hands (editorially) of Charles G. Locke, Esq., a gentleman who had for some years been connected with the periodical press. My valedictory was written on the 10th of February 1834, and Mr. Locke's course I believe, as editor, was not satisfactory; and before it could be taken from his hands, for which he had a right to act, its value was materially diminished.

The most remarkable event which occurred during my nine months residence in Lowell was the visit of Andrew Jackson to that place. This occurred on the 26th of June, 1833. The display was grand and imposing. Triumphal arches were erected, and flowers and bunting made a great display. Mr. Josiah Quincy, chairman of the committee of arrangements and Brig. U. Veterans was Chief Marshal. The President was received at the south end of Nesmith street, and briefly addressed by Mr. Swan, Chairman of the Selectmen. Then a procession was formed under escort of a troop of militia which also conducted the President through the principal streets to the Merrimack House. In the procession was a carriage of citizens, about 20—also the pupils of the various schools, numbering 800. But the chief part of the procession to which all eyes were directed was that composed of the girls employed in the different mills. This I remember as the oldest company took the lead and the others followed in the order in which the companies were incorporated. Before each division was borne a standard bearing the American Eagle with the inscription "American Industry" and the name of the Company. The number in the rear of New England Girls was upward of twenty-five hundred, and in passing the President four deep, occupied half an hour in their review. They were all dressed in a style of neatness and elegance which was greatly admired. The President subsequently visited the mills of the Merrimack Company, where part of the works were put in operation by the girls in their gala dresses. On the following morning the President received the congratulations of a crowd of citizens—and proceeded on his way to New Hampshire.

Another affair which caused quite an excitement in Lowell while I resided there was an attempt to establish a theatre. A large wooden building was erected during the winter of 1832-3, and an application was made to the selectmen for a license, which was refused. But supposing that no obstacle would be interposed to the performances, as a very considerable portion of the populace were in favor of the theatre, Mr. Barrett with a company from Boston undertook theatrical representations during the summer. Mr Barrett and some of the performers (Mr. Andrews), however, were arrested on a charge preferred by Elipahlet Case, the editor of the *Mercury*, and summoned before the Police Court, where on August 23rd, the examination of Andrews took place before Judge Locke—William T. Heydock and J. M. Wilson were counsel for the government, and H. H. Fay and J. F. Robinson for the defendant.—Many witnesses were examined, and the arguments of counsel were exceedingly able and eloquent. The Justice decided that the respondent recognize in the sum of $250 to appear before the Court of Common Pleas. During the time which lasted two days, the hall, the largest in the town, was thronged with citizens, all deeply interested in the result, and at times much feeling was exhibited. Theatrical representations were, however, broken up, and the company left Lowell, greatly to the indignation of many of the citizens, among whom were some of influence and respectability. The *Lowell Mercury*, as well as the *Lowell Journal*, took decided and strong ground against the establishment of a theatre in a place with the peculiar population of Lowell; and the course gave great offence to many of their subscribers. A new party was formed, called the "Liberal Party," at the head of which was John P. Robinson, a gentleman of considerable influence among the Whigs at that time. A paper was established for some of which I do not recollect, to advocate "Liberal principles;" and at the annual election, this party holding the balance of power, defeated, for the first trial, the regular National Republican ticket for town officers. Mr. H. H. Fay edited the paper I speak of, but it was short lived.

Another event which caused some sensation while I was in Lowell was the visit of HENRY CLAY to that town on the 30th of October. He came from Boston, with his family, accompanied by a number of gentlemen of distinction; and requiring that there should be no show or parade, he received at the Merrimack House by the committee of arrangements, at the head of whom was Luther Lawrence, Esq., occupied the afternoon in visiting the various manufacturing establishments, and in the evening received at the Town Hall at a multitude of citizens, who were anxious to pay their respects to him.

The *Lowell Courant*, which had been kept separate from the *Journal* and conducted as a neutral paper, was discontinued on the 9th of October, and its subscribers furnished with the *Journal*.

If the above facts should prove of any value to you, they are heartily welcome to them.

Yours very truly,
JOHN S. SLEEPER.

INDIANA. Gov. Hammond, in his message to the legislature of Indiana, says the present political difficulties are caused by intensified efforts of political ministers at the North producing ultraism at the South, and it is the duty of the conservative sentiment of the South to interpose, or disunion will ensue. He hopes there will be a restoration of kindly feelings, and urges a faithful observance of Constitutional obligations.

FROM WASHINGTON, AND THE SOUTH.—We condense as much as possible, the matter relating to affairs at Washington and the South, which crowd the telegraph columns of the New York and Boston papers. Yesterday morning, the *National Intelligencer* published, editorially, a statement that somewhat startled everybody.—It was in effect that

A caucus of Senators from Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, met on Saturday night and passed a resolution to seize the military and political power of the South. They then telegraphed orders to their confederates to seize the forts, arsenals, custom houses, post offices, revenue cutters, &c., and advised their Conventions to secede immediately, but to retain their Congressional representatives until Spring, to prevent unfriendly legislation. They advised the seceding States to send delegates to Montgomery on the 13th of February to form a Provisional Government. They resolved to dragoon the tobacco States into secession, and rely for the success of their treasonable purposes on defection from the United States army and navy. They rely to support their power upon various southern Leagues and the Knights of the Golden Circle, &c.

The *Intelligencer* gets its authority for this statement from a late Southern Commissioner, whose name it is prepared to give if it should be required. The matter created much excitement, and great indignation was created against the traitors.

Gen. Scott and Senator Toombs.—It is also currently reported, although an attempt has been made to hush the matter up, that at a private dinner party a day or two ago, high words passed between Gen. Scott, and Mr. Toombs, of Georgia. The latter it seems, expressed a wish to "hear the people of Georgia whoop" should sink the Star of the West. General Scott, with much earnestness asked whether it was possible that Mr. Toombs as an American could indulge in a wish so fiendish. Mr Toombs replied affirmatively, and wished to know who sent her there could be sunk with her. Gen. Scott said he was responsible for what he had done, and Mr. Toombs remarked that he too was responsible." Friends of the parties interfered; but it is intimated that the matter is not yet settled.

Movement of Steamers. Intelligence has been telegraphed from Washington that the steamer Fulton has sailed under orders to see the Star of the West safe in Charleston harbor. It is also said that the Brooklyn and the Harriet Lane are on their way to that port. The Joseph Whitney, which left Boston yesterday, goes to Charleston South. The steamer Marion which was seized by the South Carolinians, has been given up, by order of Gov. Pickens. A steamer is reported to have loaded with powder, at the Federal Magazine, at Norfolk, day before yesterday; her destination was unknown, but she is believed to have been in the service of the traitors.

Years of insurrection.—Great fears of an insurrection of slaves as fully in the neighboring Virginian counties and parish about every plantation are established,—and a number of arrests and change in that property is shared. The President subsequently visited the mills of the Merrimack Company, where part of the works were put in operation by the girls in their gala dresses. On the following morning the President received the congratulations of a crowd of citizens—and proceeded on his way to New Hampshire.

Another affair which caused quite an excitement in Lowell while I resided there was an attempt to establish a theatre. A large wooden building was erected during the winter of 1832-3, and an application was made to the selectmen for a license, which was refused. But supposing that no obstacle would be interposed to the performances, as a very considerable portion of the populace were in favor of the theatre, Mr. Barrett with a company from Boston undertook theatrical representations during the summer. Mr Barrett and some of the performers (Mr. Andrews), however, were arrested on a charge preferred by Elipahlet Case, the editor of the *Mercury*, and summoned before the Police Court, where on August 23rd, the examination of Andrews took place before Judge Locke—William T. Heydock and J. M. Wilson were counsel for the government, and H. H. Fay and J. F. Robinson for the defendant.—Many witnesses were examined, and the arguments of counsel were exceedingly able and eloquent. The Justice decided that the respondent recognize in the sum of $250 to appear before the Court of Common Pleas. During the time which lasted two days, the hall, the largest in the town, was thronged with citizens, all deeply interested in the result, and at times much feeling was exhibited. Theatrical representations were, however, broken up, and the company left Lowell, greatly to the indignation of many of the citizens, among whom were some of influence and respectability. The *Lowell Mercury*, as well as the *Lowell Journal*, took decided and strong ground against the establishment of a theatre in a place with the peculiar population of Lowell; and the course gave great offence to many of their subscribers. A new party was formed, called the "Liberal Party," at the head of which was John P. Robinson, a gentleman of considerable influence among the Whigs at that time. A paper was established, the name of which I do not recollect, to advocate "Liberal principles;" and at the annual election, this party holding the balance of power, defeated, for the first trial, the regular National Republican ticket for town officers. Mr. H. H. Fay edited the paper I speak of, but it was short lived.

Another event which caused some sensation while I was in Lowell was the visit of HENRY CLAY to that town on the 30th of October. He came from Boston, with his family, accompanied by a number of gentlemen of distinction; and requiring that there should be no show or parade, he received at the Merrimack House by the committee of arrangements, at the head of whom was Luther Lawrence, Esq., occupied the afternoon in visiting the various manufacturing establishments, and in the evening received at the Town Hall at a multitude of citizens, who were anxious to pay their respects to him.

The *Lowell Courant*, which had been kept separate from the *Journal* and conducted as a neutral paper, was discontinued on the 9th of October, and its subscribers furnished with the *Journal*.

If the above facts should prove of any value to you, they are heartily welcome to them.

Yours very truly,
JOHN S. SLEEPER.

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There was no resistance. The United States troops entered for McHenry, at Baltimore yesterday. The Federal troops have abandoned all the forts in Pensacola harbor except Fort Pickens where they are concentrated. Three hundred men have gone from Mobile to surprise Fort Pickens. By order of General Scott, a detachment of forty federal troops, under Lieut. Hebinson, took possession of the Sub-treasury, Custom-house, and Post-office, at St. Louis, yesterday morning.—Everything is quiet.

MRS. LINCOLN, "WHAT SHE HAD ON."—The following are the exchanges letters on what Mrs. Lincoln lately called to see the portrait of "her Abraham" being painted by Healy. She is of medium size, slightly inclined to *embonpoint*; her face is oval and as remarkable for its regular and rounded outlines as is her husband's for angularity. She has soft eyes, dark hair, fair complexion, and altogether as agreeable a face as one would wish to see. Her dress was a brown or oak-colored silk with grayish flowers and leaves. It was made full with flounces, fitted well, hung gracefully about her person, and trailed just a trifle. Her bonnet was of black silk, trimmed with white flowers, which, with a dark mixed shawl, neatly fitting kid gloves, and a rich lavender-colored parasol, completed her costume. She was accompanied by two chubby, rosy-looked boys, of five and seven winters. "Bob," the "Prince of Rails," her eldest child, is pursuing his studies at Harvard. These three boys constitute "Old Abe's family."

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CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. H. Gratton Graves will preach in the First Trinitarian Church to-morrow morning and evening. Sabbath School at 12 M. Prayer Meeting will also precede the usual public services.

SABBATH SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY. The anniversary of the Appleton Street Sabbath School will be held at the Church to-morrow (Sunday), afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Graves, of Lowell, will deliver the address, and the services will be accepted by Moses H. Nye, Esq., of Lowell, followed by the children's mass-tune.

The anniversary of St John Street Baptist Sunday School will be held again Church to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Singing by the children, a brief address by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Hatch, and addresses by by Foster and Hon. J. A. Bodwell, Esq.

Prof. S. B. Britton will speak at Wallier Hall to-morrow afternoon and evening, at 2 and 7 o'clock.

LOST, last evening, one pointed and two or three dollars in bills in the Westcott and Appleton Mills. A reward will be given on leaving the same at the Counting Room of HASKELL CHESLEY'S Store, Merrimack Square.
Lowell, January 11, 61. jan12&3

KILTING.

For wedding Serge Plaids, Hot Air Furs,—Celebrating Prize Medals, and for all purposes where it is desirable to prevent the radiation of heat; now on exhibition at the Store of the Sole Agent for Lowell, Sir Isidore Matthews and Jockey-club Hat, Cap and Fur Store, No. 3 Merrimack Square.
jan12 ISIDORE MATTHEWS.

Rev. Mr. Guinness will preach this evening in the John Street Baptist Church. Services commence at 7 o'clock.

NOTICE. Persons who were witnesses to the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in the cases found guilty, between the first day of January, 1860, and the first day of October of the year 1860, can receive their fees by applying to the CITY MARSHAL.
jan7 CITY MARSHAL.

THE LECTURE LAST EVENING. The lecture on the science of lecture before the Middlesex Mechanics' Association was delivered at Huntington Hall last evening by Bayard Taylor, Esq., to a full house. The subject of the lecturer was "Man and Climate."

He believed that the most important study of mankind was the study of himself; desire and knowledge were the motive and the reward of the study. The Greeks were the first nations; and C. P. Talbot *et als.* for the repeal of the act in relation to the flowage on Concord and Sudbury rivers.

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should have to remove his Southern line a little further North. The love of home was the same at the equator and at the poles. Man always clings to that which is most familiar to him. In the pictures which men in all parts of the world draw of heaven they give it some peculiarity of their own country. The lecture closed with quoting a beautiful poem from Goldsmith.

In consequence of other engagements Mr. Canaynan will not lecture next Wednesday evening. The name of the lecturer will be announced in the paper.

DEATH OF COL. JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD. We are called upon with regret to-day to record the death of one of our oldest and well known citizens—Col. Joseph Butterfield, who died at his residence, this morning, shortly after twelve o'clock. Col. Butterfield was extensively known not only in Middlesex county, but throughout the Commonwealth, as the veteran deputy sheriff, having been appointed to that office by Gen. William Hildreth, of Dracut, Sheriff of Middlesex under Gov. Caleb Strong, in 1813, and has held the office to this time, with the exception of two years, when F. A. Hildreth, Esq., now Post Master of Lowell, completed her contract. She was accompanied by two chubby, rosy-looked boys, of five and seven winters. "Bob," the "Prince of Rails," her eldest child, is pursuing his studies at Harvard. These three boys constitute "Old Abe's family."

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DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS IN TEXAS.

TRAVIS CO., TEXAS, June 12, 1854.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Gentlemen—This is to certify that my mother-in-law, Mrs. Jane Graham, was given over by her physicians, and she at once determined to try M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by you, and immediately procured them. She made use of what she received great benefit, and so far she continued to use them she was entirely relieved.

We have now been in Travis County, Texas, for the last seven years, and never have we known these valuable pills, her attacks of sick headache have again returned—for some time back—been gradually urging worse—and has determined me to send to you for a few boxes of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills; wherewith accompanied by the Postal Order, which will please send me Pills per return mail. Address Austin, Texas.

I think you would do well to establish an agency in Austin, the Pills are well known here, and would meet with ready sale.

MEREDITH W. HENRY.

P. S.—Just now, am very careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are many base counterfeits now in circulation, purporting to be from the above. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills can be had of all the principal druggists throughout the United States, and of the most reputable dealers in every town and village in Canada. Your obedient servant,
FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
jan7 (21)

FOR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL STORE,
A desirable location at this time to buy Fire Proof Brick Building, about 80 feet long, 40 feet wide, and 4 stories high, with Basement Story, situated on Central street, Lowell, Mass., and known as the Merrimack Block, with steam power and machinery, and will be sold at a bargain. Apply to
W. BASCOM.
1m jan7

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5d6t

PARLOR STOVE. Call and see Magee's Improved Parlor Stove, at No. 2, M. WISE & CO.'S, 2d Merrimack Street, with new and improved gas burner, oven, &c., at reduced prices. dtf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
For economy,
It burns up cleaner,
It burns more economical,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes more heat,
Than any other free burning coal. And the ashes of more in the parrel some as any other coal.
Don't be humbugged by interested parties, but call at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
And of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
jan14dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. E. Coburn, E. Nesmith, G. W. Brown, R. H. Richardson, Jr., Isaac Hale, C. Sherman, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurances on Dwellings, Stores, Farms, &c., and has now in force a sum in this class. The present cash premium is 1½ per cent. for three years, or 1 per cent. for $1 to $1½ per cent. The attention of owners of property is called to the fact that the cash premium is less than the usual rate, and the mutual principle equally safe, and more so as no one is liable for more than the amount of his premium.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $200,000, invested in the best securities, and other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

Office, No. 37 Central St., (second story.)
E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
jan10 1m

ÆTNA insurance Co.

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$400,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1850.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.

Capital and Surplus.....$400,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$200,000

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible companies. Policies written on Dwelling Houses and their contents for three years at low rates.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

T. C. KENDRICK, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.
AGENCY, No. 3 Merrimack Square,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

YOU CANT FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE
Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it
IS THE MOST RELIABLE ARTICLE
FOR THE RESTORATION OF GRAY HAIR,
AND THAT PRODUCES
HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,
AND A CLEAN SCALP,
NO MATTER AT WHAT TIME OF LIFE IT IS USED
Read on Apothecary's statement.

MESSRS. W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors:—Dear Sirs—I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S Incomparable Hair Restorative for three years, and have not seen a single bottle returned, or heard of any other articles in the market, but parts has the desired effect of restoring the hair to its original color, even from seven to six of a century. Several ladies have told me that they had used it for years, and would not be without it on any account. Yours truly,
S. B. EMMONS.

Druggist and Bookseller, Lowell, Mass.

LOWELL, January 11th, 1861.

W. E. HAGAN & CO.—Gentlemen—I have the cheapest and best Hair Restorative in the market, and is given satisfaction in every case. Respectfully yours,
S. B. EMMONS.

There is no other so good testimony for an article than that which comes from those who have used it. Call and try it. Sold by all druggists and dealers in every town in the country. Prepared only by W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. cor. Merrimack and Central sts., Lowell, Mass. jan7 dtf

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

The use of these Wafers will convince those in need a fact, a mind with respect to the powers of this remedy. Public Speakers and Singers will find them of great value for which it is recommended, by a trial. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada, and Europe, although they are highly effective and in the most obstinate cases, they are pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe, and may be taken by the most delicate. It invariably gives immediate relief. In BRONCHITIS a few days perseverance will be sufficient to effect a cure. In the early stages of CONSUMPTION, previous to the last stage, they are effectually warded off—PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS will find them clear the throat and strengthen the voice. See advertisement. Dec. 12. 6m*

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1846,

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE on buildings fitted to a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term of one year or less.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:
Lowell.
Josiah G. Abbott, Albert Fearing, Walter Wright, Samuel M. Morrill, Henry C. Hood.
Boston.
Nathan Allen, Stephen Greenleaf, Alexander H. Rice, Edward S. Tobey, Epaminte Jenkins.
Roxbury.
Alonzo A. Minot.
Cambridge.
Alexander Y. Lowe.
Newton.
Lemuel Moody.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
OFFICE, OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 1, 1862. ap1

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED.

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office 100 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulations April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first Mortgages on Real Estate worth 2½ per cent. per annum, all of same deposited with the Comptroller of the State, for security of policy holders.

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Books taken for other stock or Mutual department, at the lowest rates. ERASTUS LYMAN, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
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Nov. 16, 1860. 1y nov16dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice about one year. Having had a large experience in the use of Rubber, and the various kinds in use, are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has not been a single failure in the case of a full set of dental prevention in relation to the value of the vulcanized Rubber. It is not subject to change of color every other article we use in use, there are many cases where it is not desirable to use Rubber, and we have also a different kind of Rubber, which is known as the GOLDEN SALVE. This Rubber is not subject to change of color, and is impervious to the fluids in the mouth, and is recommended by the profession as the best article for the purpose. Those desiring to have Rubber Teeth inserted, will find it to their advantage to call at our rooms, and ascertain what they are equal to any that can be inserted in this city or elsewhere.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

CARDER WANTED.

A MAN of steady habits, who understands Carding and Weaving, and can furnish good recommendations for wages. In a mill in Lincoln, Vt. Apply for a full description of the work to H. HOLLAND, Lowell, or 7 to 9 in the evening. A man with a family would be preferred.
jan7 dtf

No. 34 MERRIMACK STREET. 20 Selling at a great sacrifice from former prices. My stock being very large, and wishing to reduce it to make room for Spring Goods, I shall sell for eight weeks at prices to suit customers, varying from 25 to 33 per cent below former prices. Now is your time, Ladies, to buy bargains in all kinds of Dry Goods. Remember No. 34 *Merrimack Street*, opposite John Street, and the statement.
jan11 1d JAMES U. GAGE.

REV. DR. CAHILL,
AT HUNTINGTON HALL
WILL DELIVER A LECTURE on MONDAY Evening, January 14th, on "The Social and Political Condition of Ireland."
Doors open at 6 o'clock. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets to be had at the door. Admission 25 cts.
jan12 WM. B. DENNEDY, Agent.

FROM PROFESSOR SMITH, OF NEW YORK, AND OTHERS. The undersigned have examined Dr. DAVIS'S method of treating Chronic Diseases, and believe it to be the true one. Its principles are physiological, and its practice rational and successful. We therefore cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as worthy their confidence.
HENRY R. SMITH, M. D.
WILLIAM H. DAVIS, M. D.
J. KAVANAGH HOBBS, M. D.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!
W.M.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The Original and Best in the World!!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.
BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is used instantly to a shade of beautiful Brown or Black, without injury to the Hair or Skin.
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RELIGIOUS.

THE MORAL ASPECT OF THE NATIONAL CRISIS.

A SERMON.

BY REV. WM. R. CLARK.

Preached at St. Paul's Church, Hanover Street, Sunday Evening, January 6th, 1861.

TEXT—And the word of the Lord came to Elijah the Tishbite saying, Arise, go down to meet Ahab, king of Israel, which is in Samaria: behold, he is in the vineyard of Naboth, whither he is gone to possess it. And thou shalt speak unto him, saying, Thus saith the Lord, Hast thou killed, and also taken possession? And thou shalt speak unto him, saying, Thus saith the Lord, In the place where dogs licked the blood of Naboth, shall dogs lick thy blood, even thine. And Ahab said to Elijah, Hast thou found me, O mine enemy? And he answered, I have found him: because thou hast sold thyself to work evil in the sight of the Lord.—1 Kings, xxi. 17–20.

Ahab was the most wicked and unscrupulous Prince which reigned over Israel.—"He did more," it is said, "to provoke the Lord God of Israel to anger, than all the other Kings that were before him." He not only deemed it a light thing to walk in the sins of Jeroboam—his predecessor, but he formally set aside the idol of great command of the decalogue by building a temple and altar to Baal, and establishing the worship of him therein. Jezebel his wife was his match in wickedness—imperious, malicious, and cruel, and full of witchcraft.

Naboth an Israelite, had a beautiful vineyard close by the palace of Ahab, which the latter thought would make him an excellent vegetable garden so he sent to him for obtaining it. But Naboth said, no,—The Lord forbid it me that I should give thee the inheritance of my fathers. Canaan was in a peculiar manner God's land—the Israelite where his people, and this was one of the conditions of their leasing, that they should not alienate any part which fell to their lot except in case of extreme necessity, and then only until the year of jubilee. But Ahab could not submit for the law of God, whom he had already contemned by setting up the worship of Baal, and only lusted for that fruitful vineyard, and grew sour and sulky because he could not get it. Then Jezebel his consort, Jezebel, conceited a perfidious plan to take it for obtaining it, and which was to get two sons of Belial to perjure themselves by saying that Naboth had blasphemed against God and the King, whereby the people should stone him to death. The plot was successful, Naboth was murdered and the unscrupulous monarch took possession of his vineyard on the principle that "might makes right." But it was while he was one day in this vineyard, gloating on his robbery, that Elijah met him and occasioned Ahab to say to him, "Hast thou found me, O mine enemy?" when the true and God word service the obligations of free persons.

"Thou at every point," says one of our statesmen, "by gross and sophistical declarations, by frank utterances in the Convention and by positive action in adjusting the text of the Constitution, was the idea of property in man unequivocally rejected."

It was in the spirit of concession to what they believed to be a *temporary* evil, that they allowed the importation of slaves to continue until the year 1808, then to be terminated, if Congress willed. Of this act, Wilson, appointed by Washington, was Judge of the Supreme Court in 1789, declared that he considered it "as laying the foundation for banishing slavery out of the country." Mr. Dawes said, "Although slavery is not smitten with death by this article it has received a mortal wound and will wither away." When the abolition of slavery shall take place," said another of his peers, "it will be an event pleasing to the great majority of the friends of humanity in the United States." But what was the language of one of the framers of the Constitution, the late Chief Justice Marshall, at a time when their country, weak and impoverished by a several years' war, had not received its mortal wound and will die of a consumption:

While we are free to admit, whether we condemn it or otherwise, that the framers of the Constitution did to a certain extent humor the system of slavery, we affirm that the very manner in which they did it affords the strongest proof of their desire to see it in a way eventually to kill it.

At the time the Union was formed, the system of involuntary servitude existed in all of the States except Massachusetts, although at the time it was only nominal, a survival of the States having already provided for its removal, as it soon disappeared.

Now they come together by their delegates to form a platform on which shall rest their nationality, and which shall regulate its future policy. And although the system of slavery existed in all the States but one, so careful were they not to throw over it the sign of nationality that they would not and did not allow the subject of slavery by name to come into that noble instrument. In day and night, they framed in this? Silence is often more eloquent than words. This forbearing to use the word *slavery* in the constitution, is the silent shuddering of the nation at the thought of adopting it as a legitimate offspring.

And surely how could they do this, when in the very preamble of that instrument, they had solemnly declared: "We, the people of these United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution of the United States of America." "This Township," says the learned Judge Story, "is very important, not only in explaining the true motives and objects of framing the constitution, but as affording the best key to the interpretation thereof. Accordingly the folk surpassed New York in her shippings—for which reason the commerce of Virginia was *four* times that of New York—and in 1853, the imports into New York were $99,000,000, whereas those of Virginia were $900,000.

A senator from Alabama, alluding to the financial condition of his own State, says, "A country in its infancy, where fifty years ago scarce a forest tree had been felled by the pioneer, is already exhibiting the painful signs of senility and decay, apparent in the Carolinas."

These specimen facts and statistics show that the soil shores slave labor, and refuse to remunerate it, as it does free labor. Hence it is that extention of area becomes vital to the system. And therefore, Ahab's consort, Jezebel, set herself to plotting for Naboth's vineyard. The myrmidons of the slave power have been constantly plotting for the acquisition of territory, and Jezebel like, they have been doing so on the principle that *might makes right.*

I wish, for a reason which will appear in the sequel, to have this point stand prominently before you, namely, that slavery cannot take a single step beyond the limits of the States in which it existed at the time the Constitution was framed, without the gross assumption, in the form of positive enactment, that might makes right—a sentiment which Senator Tombs, of Georgia, had the modesty to avow in Tremont Temple, Boston, in December 1854. And now, to sustain this position, I appeal to the highest judicial authority in this and the mother country. Lord Mansfield says, "The state of slavery is of such a nature that it is incapable of being introduced on any reasons, moral or political, but only *positive law.*" Its present existence could be suffered to support it but *positive law.*" Subsequently the Supreme Court of the United States ruled that, "where rights are infringed, where fundamental principles are overthrown, where the general system of the laws is departed from, the legislative intention must be expressed with irresistible clearness, to induce a court of justice to suppose a design to effect such an object." Slavery, according to this high authority, can only go on the crutches of positive enactments. But such enactments cannot make the system right, unless they are founded in the laws of nature. Our General Court might pass an act to take my children from me, but that would not make it right to do so, because it would not be repudiated by the law of nature.

On this point listen to Blackstone, quoted as the highest authority in England and American courts:—"The law of nature stands paramount to all other laws; it is binding over the globe, in all countries, at all times. No human laws have any validity if contrary to this; and such of them as are valid derive all their force and all their authority, mediately or immediately, from this original." Again, he says Lord Brougham, "of rights, of the property of the planter and the liberty of the slave, is from the law of the laws which sanction such a claim. There is a law," he continues, "above all positive statutes, which has been allowed in the claim on the apportionment of representation, and the word service was substituted instead. This was done on motion of Mr. Randolph, of Virginia, assigning as the reason for the substitution that the word *servitude* was thought to express the condition of slaves, and the word service the

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there by attraction. Secession was then held to be indissolvable in the face of a public enemy.

But it it is untenable in one case, it is necessarily so in all others. I fully admit the originality, the sovereignty and the independence of the several States within their spheres. But I hold the Federal Government to be equally original, sovereign and independent within its sphere.—And the government of the State can be more advisive the people residing within its limits from allegiance to the Union than the government of the Union can absolve them from allegiance to the State. The Constitution of the United States and the laws made in pursuance thereof, are the supreme law of the land, paramount to all legislation of the States, whether made under the constitution, or by even their organic conventions. The Union can be dissolved, not by secession with or without armed force, but only by the voluntary consent of the people of the United States, collected in the manner prescribed by the constitution of the United States.

Congress, in the present case, ought not to be impassive. It ought, if it can, to redress any real grievance of the offended States, and then it ought to supply the President with all the means necessary to maintain the Union in the full exhibition and discreet exercise of its authority.—Beyond this, both the proper activity on the part of the Executive, the responsibility of saving the Union belongs to the people, and they are abundantly competent to discharge it.

I propose, therefore, with great deference, to address myself to the country upon the momentous subject, asking a hearing, not less from the people within whose ear I am called the seceding, than from those who reside within the adhering States.

Union is an old, fixed, settled habit of the American people, resulting from convictions of its necessity, and therefore are likely to be hastily discarded. The early States, while existing as colonies, were accustomed, though imperfectly, through a common allegiance to the British Crown. When that allegiance ceased the habit was so presumptuous as to suppose political existence compatible with independence, and, therefore, on the same day that they declared themselves independent, they proclaimed themselves also confederate States. Experience in war and in peace, from 1775 until 1787, only convinced them of the necessity of converting that loose Confederacy into a more perfect and a perpetual Union. The habit created with experience very different from the intemperate conduct of those who now are for secession, but who on the other reading dely dsunion.

They considered the continuance of the Union as a subject comprehending nothing less than the safety and welfare of all the parts of which the country was composed, and the fate of an empire in many respects the most interesting in the world. I cannot upon the subject of continuing the Union more deeply impressed with the same generous and loyal conviction. How could it be otherwise, when, instead of only thirteen, the country is now composed of thirty-three parts, and the empire embraces, instead of only four millions, no less than thirty millions of inhabitants.

The founders of the Constitution moreover regarded the Union as a necessity not local or American interest. On the contrary, they confessed with deep sensibility that it seemed to them to have been reserved for the people of this country to decide whether societies that are really capable of establishing good government upon reflection and choice, or whether they are forever destined to depend for their political constitutions on accident and force. They feared, therefore, that their failure to continue and perfect the Union would be a misfortune to the nations. How much more, ev, would it so overthrow now be a calamity to mankind!

Some form of government is indispensable here as elsewhere. Whatever form we have, every individual citizen and every State must cede to it some natural rights, to invest the government with the requisite power. The simple question, therefore, for us now to decide, while lying aside all pique, passion, and prejudice, is whether it conduces more to the interests of the people of this country to remain for the general purposes of peace and war, commerce inland and foreign, the communications at home and abroad, the care and disposition of the public domain, colonization, the organization and admission of New States and, generally, the enlargement of empire, one nation under our present Constitution, than it would be to divide themselves into separate Confederacies or States.

Our country remains now as it was in 1787—composed just of attached and dependant Territories, but of one whole well-connected and fertile region lying within the temperate zone, with climates and soils hardly more various than those of France or of Italy. This slight diversity suggests and simplifies manufactures and commerce. Our rivers and valleys, as improved by art, furnish us a system of highways unequalled in the world. The different forms of labor if slavery were confined to purposes of political ambition, need not constitute an element of strife in the Confederacy.

Notwithstanding recent vehement expressions and manifestations of intolerance in some quarters, produced by intense partisan excitement, we are, in fact, a homogeneous people, chiefly of one stock, with accessions well assimilated. We have, practically, only one language, one religion, one system of Government, and manners and customs common to all. Why then, shall we not remain henceforth as hitherto one people?

The object of every human society is safety or security, for which, it need be, they will, and they must, sacrifice every other. This security is of two kinds: one, exemption from foreign aggression and influence like other, exemption from domestic tyranny and sedition.

Foreign wars come from either violation of treaties or domestic violence. The Union has thus far, proved itself an almost perfect shield against such wars as the United States, continually enlarging their diplomatic acquaintance, have now treaties with France, the Netherlands, Great Britain, Sweden, Prussia, Spain, Russia, Denmark, Mexico, Brazil, Buenos Ayres, Chili, Siam, Muscat, Venezuela, Peru, Greece, Sardinia, Ecuador, Hanover, Portugal, New Granada, Hawaii, the Two Sicilies, China, Bavaria, Saxony, Nassau, Switzerland, Michigan, Schwerin, Guatemala, the Hawaiian Islands, San Salvador, Borneo, Costa Rica, Bremen, the Argentine Confederation, Leo Chee, Japan, Brunswick, Peraia, Baden, Belgium and Portugal. Nevertheless, the United States, within their entire existance under the Federal Constitution, have had flagrant wars with only four States, two of which were insignificant Powers on the coast of Barbary, and have had direct hostilities amounting to reprisals, against only two or three more; and they are now at peace with the whole world.

If the Union should be divided into only two Confederacies, each of them would need to make as many treaties as we have now; and of course would be liable to give as many causes of war. Such, at least, is we know from the sad experience of other nations, that disintegration, once begun, inevitably continues until even the greatest empire crumbles into many parts. Each Confederation that shall ultimately arise out of the ruin of the Union will have no security for as many treaties as we now have, and will incur liabilities for war as often as we now do, by breaking them.—It is the multiplication of treaties and the want of confederation, that makes war the normal condition of society in Western Europe and in Spanish America. It is union that, notwithstanding our world-wide intercourse, makes peace the habit of the American people.

I will not descend so low as to ask whether new confederacies would be able or willing to bear the grievous expense of maintaining the diplomatic relations which can not be dispensed with except by withdrawing from foreign commerce.

Our Federal Government is better able to avoid giving just cause of war than several confederacies because it can confine the action of all the States to compacts.—It can have only one construction and only one tribunal to pronounce that construction. Hence, it can have only uniform security interests and passions, or personal cupidity and ambition can drive small Confederacies or States more easily than a great Republic into indiscreet violations of treaties.

The United States being a great and formidable power,can always secure favorable and satisfactory treaties. Indeed, every treaty we have was voluntarily made.—Small confederacies or States, must take such treaties as they can get, and give whatever treasons are exacted. A humiliating, or even an unsatisfactory treaty is a chronic cause of foreign war.

Concluded tomorrow.

THE DAILY COURTIER.

Monday, January 14, 1860.

MR. SEWARD'S SPEECH. We give to-day a portion of the speech made by Hon. W. H. Seward, in the United States Senate, on Saturday last; the conclusion will be published in our next. It is something which we look upon with pride, as regards, so far as we have had occasion to observe, the respect and admiration of all classes and parties at the North. It is a calm, dignified, candid and patriotic effort of the noble man. How different from the defiant, treasonable, and abusive language of Mr. Toombs, who preceded the New York Senator! We cannot expect that some of the suggestions will meet the approbation of all Republicans; we know they will not be favored by the South; nor do we believe that the speech is to settle the question of secession, but we do think that its calm, dignified, undeniable truths, its appeal for our whole land, North and South, will have their weight now, and will long live in the memory of those who are witnessing the struggle going on in this country.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate on Saturday, a large number of petitions were received and referred. No other business of importance.

In the House, petitions were received from Charles Francis Adams and 184 others, and Francis B. Crowninshield and others, stockholders in the Merrimack Manufacturing Company, for a repeal of the law equalizing shares in corporations and the law regulating voting by proxy in manufacturing companies. Rev. William H. Alger, of Boston (Unitarian) was elected preacher of the next election sermon, on the second ballot. Rev. F. Hinckley, of this city, had 17 votes on the first ballot. Rev. Wightman, of Columbia, attempted to introduce an order condemning the lobby system, but leave was refused. An attempt was made to reconsider the vote by which the petition of C. F. Talbot and others, in relation to the flowage of meadows on Concord and Sudbury rivers, was referred to a special committee. The motion was lost.

WASHINGTON AND SOUTHERN NEWS.—Despatches from Washington, dated yesterday,represent that Gen. Scott is actively preparing against any possible breach of peace in Washington. Effective and military forces are to be posted in several parts of the city. It is not probable there any but regulars and the militia of the District will be employed.

Eight workmen left Fort Sumter in a boat Saturday evening, and went to Charleston. They report the soldiers on short allowance. The steamer Clinch, under a white flag, went to Fort Sumter the same evening. Nobody but the authorities know her mission.

The Secretary of War and State (South Carolina's) were of the party. The movement caused a great deal of excitement and speculation.

The following is dated Charleston, January 12th. We give it for what it is worth.

Mr. Gourdon, a member of the South Carolina Convention, went to Fort Sumter this morning and held a private parley.—All kinds of rumors prevail as to the cause of sending a flag of truce by South Carolina last night. Some say that disaffection exists among Anderson's command, and the surrender of Fort Sumter is contemplated and that Major Anderson will evacuate. It is believed that negotiations are going on with Washington for a peaceful surrender and for a cessation of a warlike attitude. Good authority credits the opinion that Col. Hayne on the part of South Carolina, and Lieut. Hall from Fort Sumter, have left for Washington with propositions.

Intelligence from Florida represents that Fort Barancas, at Pensacola, has been seized by a body of Alabama troops. The fort cost the Government $315,000, mounts forty-nine guns, and requires two hundred and fifty men to man it.

The *Star of the West* in *New York*.—The steamer Star of the West returned to New York on Saturday morning. She brought back the troops she took out for Fort Sumter; and her officers report that the reception which they met with from Fort Sumter; and her officers report that the reception which they met with from Fort Sumter, and her officers report that the reception which they met with from Fort Sumter, and her officers report that the reception which they met with from Fort Sumter,

DODGE'S
American Liniment,
AN INFALLIBLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Spinal Affections, Ague in the Breast and Face, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c., &c.

The immediate relief which even one application of this invaluable liniment produces should induce all persons afflicted with any of the above diseases to give it a fair trial, and we are assured, that after using one bottle they will not be without it, but will be convinced that it is the best article in the market.

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all Druggists in the U. States, AT WHOLESALE BY
WEEKS & POTTER, 154 Washington Street, Boston.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON,
ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.
AGENTS WANTED—apply as above. nov1tow

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

THE undersigned, Manufacturers at Augusta, Me., would respectfully inform their former customers and the public generally, that they have opened an Establishment in

CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 34,

(corner of Stillman street), where they will keep constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE from the best of lumber, from ¾ inch to 2 inches thick, and in large quantities, they are satisfied that they can sell at such prices as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all who want the above articles, either at WHOLESALE or RETAIL.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K. ROBINSON & CO.
Boston, Oct. 5, 1860. oct10w10m

DR. ROBERT WOOD,
VETERINARY SURGEON
Respectfully informs the public that he continues to treat all diseases incident to that noble animal, the HORSE, and all the various ailments of our domestic animals. Long years of diligent study, with an ample knowledge of anatomy, together with a thorough practical knowledge, &c., treated on the most scientific principles.

Having become proprietor of the Livery Stable—Corner of Prescott and Worthen sts., he is also prepared to board Lame Horses by the DAY or WEEK—on reasonable terms. Dating at 4 P. M. daily. All orders left at the above establishment will be promptly attended to. 1y10w

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED LADIES!
JUST PUBLISHED,
Married Ladies' Private Pocket Book,
A NEW WORK, containing information of importance to Married Ladies, which every one should have in the hands of every married person. It will be sent to any one free of postage, by return of mail, on receipt of the price, (25 cents) in postage stamps addressed to

DR. L. C. DALE,
Cure Lock Box 111 Boston P. O.
oct12 3m

GOLDEN SALVE
IS purely a vegetable preparation, every ingredient of which is well known for its healing virtues. The secret of its preparation was obtained from a mercenary woman in the West Indies and, who used it more than 20 years with great success. It is healing in its nature. Try it. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. no26

PRESENTS!
PRESENTS!!
PRESENTS!!!

DEARDEN'S
Crockery and China Warehouse!
A very large, tasteful and splendid assortment selling exceedingly cheap.
Please call and examine at DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Emporium, sign of Gold Band Pitcher,
No. 20 Merrimack Street.
Corner one, come all. dec21

AGENTS WANTED!
THE only ORIGINAL and GENUINE WRITING PAPER, put up in a neat style, and the article of paper used is of the finest quality. Also, the Egyptian Tooth Powder, the best in use. Call and see us at 20 Merrimack street, and if we don't please you, we can warrant large profits. Inquire of BUZZELL & MANSFIELD,
dec21 29 Central street.

Music Books.
JULLIEN'S Musical Library, containing a collection of the most popular Music ever published, and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Reminiscences, a collection of Operatic Themes and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of violin, violoncello and guitar accompaniment. By Edwin Ferrer.

The above books for sale at E. P. HUNT, Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the largest assortment of Sheet Music in the city.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country for sale at short notice. [nov3] 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.
THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, explained in a manner by which any person may comprehend this useful art. Sold by E. P. HUNT, 17 Central st.
oct26

Fifteen Dollars Saved.
BY purchasing one of Sewell & Goodell's Sewing Machines, which will do two thousand stitches per minute, to be made—doing all kinds of work—and every machine warranted first class in every particular. For further information call and examine the machine at BUZZELL & MANSFIELD'S,
nov15 29 Central street.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PINE APPLE CHEESE.
PINE APPLE CHEESE, Vermont and Worcester Cheese, for sale at 20 Merrimack street by
nov3 A. M. PEARSON.

PANICS! Confidence restored! Peace and selling off cheap at BUZZELL & MANSFIELD'S,
29 Central street.

A BANY (URED) DRIED BEEF—a small lot of prime Dried Beef (this day received) at the Fruit and Grocery store, No. 2 Savings Bank Block, Merrimack street.

PUMICE STONE SOAP.—This Soap will effectually remove the hardest and most stubborn hands and white. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. nov20

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS
A plentiful supply, must be found at the Franklin Bookstore, 113 Central street.
dec31 S. S. FATON.

PAPER.
NEW and splendid assortment of Paper coming at BUZZELL & MANSFIELD'S,
nov27 29 Central street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. P. HUNT'S, 17 Central street, Gazette & Courier Block.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S,
oct27 17 Central street.

DIARIES FOR 1861, just received by Nov 8, also a full assortment of Pocket Books, for sale by BUZZELL & MANSFIELD,
nov8 29 Central street.

GOLD PENS.—Dawson, Warren & Brown's Pens. They are the whitest Hardened as fine assortment for sale by BUZZELL & MANSFIELD,
nov8 29 Central street.

NEW MALAGA RAISINS
Of very superior quality, may be had at the Fruit and Grocery Store of J. M. PEARSON, No. 2 Savings Bank Block, Merrimack st.

A FEW MORE of Sing-ga's Patent Music Folio Binders. Sole agent for Lowell.
nov15 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
nov18 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

CIDER! CIDER!!
SUPERIOR CIDER for sale by the barrel or gallon, for sale by E. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
no29

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.
—HIGHLY CONCENTRATED—
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
A positive and specific remedy
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.
This medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action. By which the SYSTEM OF CALCAREOUS DEPOSITS and UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is prized for

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
For weaknesses
Arising from Dyspepsia, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, Excesses, &c.
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Eruptions of the Skin, Dryness of the Face,

FALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by INSANITY or CONSUMPTION?

MANY are AWARE of the cause of their suffering, BUT NONE WILL CONFESS.

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS,
And Melancholy Instances of Suicide and Consumption,
BEAR ample WITNESS TO THE TRUTH of the ASSERTION.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IMMEDIATE IN ITS ACTION,
Will be found to CURE in the most DISTRESSING CASES.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SCEPTICAL.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is pleasant in its operation, prevents pain and inflammation, and will be found to CURE in a short time any of the diseases enumerated in this pamphlet.

Use no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for Purifying the Blood.

IF YOU WISH TO BE CURED,
DO NOT BE DECEIVED,
BUT INSIST UPON HAVING IT.

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR UNPLEASANT MEDICINES FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE
SECRET DISEASES
In all their Stages,
All Impurities of the Blood,
And the Kidneys,
It causes a free and healthy action, gives strength to the system, and restores the patient to

Preventing and curing Pleasures of Life Lovers, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, the class of diseases, and signifying all *Poisonous, Mercurial, and worn out matter.*

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
THOUSANDS THUS TORTURED
OF QUACKS,
and who have paid their hundreds, to be cured in a few months, have found themselves deceived, and that the "POISON" has, in the use of "POWERFUL ALTERATIVES," settled in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and
TERRIFY AT THE MARRIAGE.

THE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS.
Whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE.
From whatever cause originating, and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.
Diseases of these organs require but a trial of a HUMBUG.
THE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS ONE GREAT DUTY.
And is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.
Avoidance of the most reliable and responsible characters who will attempt the imposition.

CERTIFICATE OF CURES.
WITH NAMES AND PLACES OF RESIDENCE,
SENT FREE.
Price of the Extract Buchu per bottle, $1.00.
Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.
DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.
Cures Guaranteed. Advice gratis!!
PERSONAL APPEARANCE NOT NECESSARY.
Personally, or by letter, address H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, only Depot, 594 Broadway, corner of Prince st., New York.
No mercury, or other injurious drugs are used in connection with the Extract Buchu.
Sold by druggists everywhere at the low PRICE of One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for Five Dollars.
Address letters for information only to
HELMBOLD'S Chemical Depot,
Depot, 594 Broadway, corner of Prince st., New York.
Depot, 104 South Tenth St. below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS
AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
Who endeavor to dispose of their own "and several other worthless preparations, by attaching to Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists everywhere. Ask for Helmbold's, take no other. nov19

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
we can, the P printing out assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, in neat, substantial, Addresses, Circulars, Town Reports, New Papers,
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing Done with Neatness and Dispatch, Manufacturers, &c.

Colored Printing
DONE IN THE BEST MANNER.

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

JOB Statements, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction and recommend it for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but all who have used it, unite in testifying that it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling, and will restore it to its original color.

Only Depot, 2 C. Jobn Street, New York.
Price 50 cents per bottle.
Sold by all druggists and dealers in this country.
I have had occasion to use your valuable preparation for my Hair Restorer, and find it perfect in its results.
During the year 1858, I was so unfortunate as to be thrown from my horse against a rail, and the top of my head, from which my hair received a most terrible bruise, causing a great deal of trouble, which was increased by the heats and exercise neither of the Summer or Fall, and my hair came out so fast that I soon discovered over the entire surface of the head. At this time I first discovered in shopping how very much in the time I had disappeared. I employed a physician, and he, finally deemed it every judicious remedy.
I then tried no other preparations (believe me) in every season to check my hair from coming out, but in vain: two months after the first application, I had restored a good head of hair. I now use it occasionally, which I certainly owe you my most sincere thanks. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they all to all inquiries. moreover, I shall use no other preparation for the hair than your Vegetable Preparation.
You can publish this if you like.
Yours, very respectfully,
J. F. WRIGHT, M. D.
Office of the Jeffersonian, Dublin, Va.,
Dec. 10th, 1860.
Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure to state to you for the following purpose, that I have got one more box from proper. A gentleman of the name of Lam, from Ohio, was here and saw the box I had, and he was astonished at the effect it had on my dog. He was induced to use a bottle on your Hair Restorative, and he says that he will not be without using some two or three bottles for his grey one or two children, that are in the habit of losing a good deal of hair. The gentleman's name is Brainard, and as he is a stranger to me, I refer to our Postmaster, as persons can testify to the truth of this statement. I have used the Hair Restorative for my own hair, and find it to be a good article, and I have no doubt but the surrounding counties if you have the preparations for sale, will find a ready sale for them.
Yours, truly,
WM. HOWELL.
Dr. Wood: Dear Sir—I write me to express the satisfaction I am under in regard to your medicine. My hair to its original color? About the use of your article by my family, I will say that it is all very good, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" to the hair of my wife, she has found it to be a most wonderful invention, quite beyond my expectation.
Yours, truly,
JOHN H. BRAINARD.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes, viz.: large, medium, and small. The large size is a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium size contains half a pint, and retails for 75 cents; the small size contains about one-third of a pint, and retails for 50 cents.
For sale by druggists and dealers in this country, and Merchants, and by the proprietor, at No. 2 Cortlandt street, New York.
Also sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES,
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames.
ALSO
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for glass
ALSO
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

RESTAURANT.
DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK HOUSE, from 12 o'clock, M., until 2 P. M.
Also, Oysters served up in every style, Ale, Porter, Cigars, &c., at the lowest prices.
The public are invited to call and give me a trial. I can accommodate ten or twelve persons who may be desirous of dining at a specific hour.
H. EBERT.
oct10

GOVERNOR VALVES
FOR Stationary Engines, (Judson's Patent) for sale by H. K. FAIRBANKS, Agent for the Central Globe and Governor Valves, for sale by
H. K. FAIRBANKS,
jeldtf No. 8 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Looking Glasses, Gilt Mouldings, Marble Tops, Oil Cloths, Varnished Furniture, Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings. It is unrivalled. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. nov26

"A PENNY SAVED IS AS GOOD AS PEN-NY EARN ED."
I OFFER at these hard times a little SAFES for children to keep their pennies in. Call and see them, they are so much alike. Just the thing for a Christmas Gift. Remember the place, Corner of Merrimack and John sts. Merrimack Worlds Cheaper than can be bought in Boston.
Invoice of Rogers' Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Penknives, Pen Holders, Pencils, &c., &c.
Also, Fine Ink, Writing Paper, Envelopes, Fine Ink, Foldering Ivories, &c.
Ladies' Stationery Boxes and a good stock of Fancy Articles, for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.
Also, Pocket Books, Wallets, Portfolios, &c. Music bound to a thorough manner at a low price.
dec1 No. 17 Central street.

SPINNING RING BOOM.
CONTAINING 124 of the most favorite National, Operatic and Dance Airs, for the Piano Forte. Sold by E. P. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov3

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Directly and effectually Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves and Laces. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street.

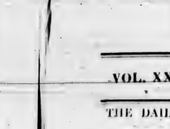
Kidder's Linocone.
FOR Cleaning Paint, Glass, Bone Goal, oil or tar, 50 ct., and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is unrivalled. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how-ever soiled, by the use of this article, will look as fresh as the day it was painted. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street, Lowell, Mass.
Depot for the New England States.
dec1 ly

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
AT
H. S. HAYNES',
WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very cheap at 41 Merrimack street, a few steps from the Postoffice. †
dec1

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS.—A new work by John Hill, M. D., Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, &c., &c., late of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical Cleveland, Ohio. Just received and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street. sep26

Stewart's Stove!



FULL SIZED COMFORT PRODUCING
LARGE OVEN
Summer and Winter Air Tight
COOKING STOVE!
FOR WOOD AND ANTHRACITE OR BITUMINOUS COAL.
IMPROVED IN 1859.
With New and Extra Large Fires, and by the addition of the Celebrated Patent
Double Short Bottom Fire,
Attention is invited to the following points of superiority.
1st. ECONOMY.—Living with proper care, at least 20 Fires. Stoves are now in use that have run over 30 Fires.
2d. MANUFACTURE.—Every portion of the Stove is made from the best quality of Iron, and subjected to a severe test, and no leave our Foundry without being thoroughly examined by the Superintendent, and guaranteed perfect.
3d. CAPACITY.—Ample, cutting, boiling, and all other purposes for which a Stove is required. At THE SAME TIME. A flurry of wood will not burn out the top of the Oven.
4th. EASE.—Managing the Fire, Regulating the Draft, Cleaning the Fire Pot, &c., &c.
5th. VENTILATION OF OVEN.—In the Stewart Stove, the products of combustion pass around the oven, (protected by inner portion) securing a steady heat through the top of the oven. (and the necessity of perforated boiler in the doors and bags of sand always done, the method of ventilation is entirely dispensed with.
6th. UNIFORM CONDUCTOR OF HEAT.—The brick lining of the Stove, is the best conductor of heat known into just the proper position to secure a corresponding and inverting action of heat, which cannot be obtained in any other known, improved Stove.
Mr. HOWELL, formerly of the TOP and BOTTOM Stove Co., is now connected with the Stewart Stove Co.
GATES BROS.—An arrangement for the sale of the Stewart Stove, has been made with them.
All sold by our Peddlers and Fancy Goods Dealers. tf

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES,
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames.
ALSO
PORTRAITS,
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Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for glass
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COOKING STOVE!
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With New and Extra Large Fires, and by the addition of the Celebrated Patent
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2d. MANUFACTURE.—Every portion of the Stove is made from the best quality of Iron, and subjected to a severe test, and no leave our Foundry without being thoroughly examined by the Superintendent, and guaranteed perfect.
3d. CAPACITY.—Ample, cutting, boiling, and all other purposes for which a Stove is required. At THE SAME TIME. A flurry of wood will not burn out the top of the Oven.
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All sold by our Peddlers and Fancy Goods Dealers. tf

DARSTOW'S CARDINGS,
BANNER COON STOVE,
HARP
Best assortment of CAST IRON SINKS in the city. CLEAN MOVER and Stove Polish, and a large assortment of Kitchen Furniture, for sale by
DARSTOW & BRO.
Jobbing done up promptly and well.
Shop in the rear of the Stores, and at work in the basement.
DARSTOW & BRO.
Lowell, Sept. 19, 1860. sep19

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
No. 71 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,
RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to R. H. SHEDRICK)
Manufacturers and Dealers in
UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS AND CANES
Of every description, Fancy and Cane Handles, Ferrules and Canes always on hand.
Repairing done at short notice.
HIGHEST AWARD
Pronounced by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857, for the best Umbrellas and Parasols, and Diploma of CERTIFICATE OF MERIT, for the best Umbrella Frame and Parasol Stick.
sep19 dly

Parian Complexion,
OR THE
BATH OF BEAUTY,
A Compound completely efficacious in annihilating
FRECKLES, TAN, or PIMPLES,
And in rendering the most sallow, dingy, and discolored skin perfectly fair, pure, and transparent, and in rendering the most rustic Face, Neck, and Arms, delicately white and beautiful.
Prepared only by Dr. BARRY, at his Establishment for the Hair and Complexion, 32 Bond street, New York.
For sale by E. S. KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, Merrimack, corner of John street, Lowell, and by Druggists generally.
dec1 ly

SHAWMUT COMPANY
CLARINE COAL OIL.
THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the above Oil, which is manufactured expressly for use in the family lamp, and is warranted equal to any in the market. Also, Lard Oil, Sperm Oil, Whale Oil, and Neatsfoot Oil, for sale at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale or retail.
Also, Brown's Reservoir Oil by the gallon, for sale by the subscriber, at
H. S. HAYNES',
Shawmut Co.'s Emporium, 41 Merrimack st.
oct26

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.
The really Family Soap Maker, & Universal Cleanser
Will make hard water soft, clears Paint, removes Ink from Paper, and all stains from the hands.
Directions for making Soft Soap, and for making Hard Soap, *sent free* by addressing
DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.
No. 23 North Front street, PHILADELPHIA.
The Saponifier can be had of any respectable Grocer in the Country.
may 10dly

BROADHEAD'S
SPANISH MIXTURE,
Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.
Also, a large assortment of
FANCY GOODS,
At
M. ELIAS AND SONS' Fancy Store,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by all who engage in it. Many have become immense, more comparatively poor. We want every man, woman and child in the land who is making from $20 to $50 per week. Our profits are large, and we are willing to share with those who give their whole time to the business. Now is the time. Don't delay. Now is the time. Those who are at work for us now are making money rapidly. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Address
G. STINSON & CO.,
Portland, Maine.
Box 1120.
nov17 3m

Dr. BYROM'S
VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP
AND CATHARTIC
PILLS

Prepared by the Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
AND
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; sometimes the whole of these symptoms will be manifested, and sometimes only a few of them. Whenever a combination of the above symptoms exist, or even a part of them, the patient may rest assured that the Liver is the cause of the derangement, and that unless relief is obtained, and the Liver restored to a healthy action, the most fatal consequences will ensue.
These Pills are the result of long and close attention to the diseases of the Liver, and have been administered in thousands of cases, and in no instance have they failed to effect a cure, when the directions have been strictly complied with. They are entirely vegetable, and may be taken at all times without any change of diet, and the most delicate female may use them with perfect safety.
Full directions, with each box, how to use the Pills, and what diet to observe while using them.
Price 25 cents per box.
Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
Principal Depot, 80 Maiden lane, New York.
For sale by E. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
oct26

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, Burners, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans, which he will sell wholesale and retail, store, school, market, hand, reader, and hall lamps, at low prices. Also a new style for factory use. Also, Kerosene Oil for sale at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Brown's Reservoir Oil by the gallon, for sale by the subscriber, at
H. S. HAYNES',
Shawmut Co.'s Emporium, 41 Merrimack st.
oct26

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL
Prepared by a Physician, and for 15 Years used in his Practice with unfailing success in the treatment of
Cholera Infantum, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Sick Stomach, Griping Pains, Worms, Sour Curds, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Nervousness, Restlessness, Want of Sleep, Fretfulness, Irritability, Convulsions, Fits, Spasms, Teething, &c.
It is a safe and reliable remedy for the above complaints, and is recommended to Mothers and Nurses as a valuable medicine for children. It is perfectly harmless, and may be given to the youngest infant with safety and success. It is a pleasant cordial, and will be found to be the most reliable remedy for the above complaints ever offered to the public.
Prepared only by DR. EATON, Lowell, Mass.
Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
For sale by E. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
oct26

For Children Teething!
Just at this period of infantile existence you have trouble and anxiety. Don't resort to Opium, Morphine, Paregoric, Godfrey's Cordial, Soothing Syrup, or any other preparation containing Opium in any form, for it will destroy the child. Use
DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL,
Which is perfectly harmless, and will relieve the child of pain, and cause it to sleep soothingly and naturally. Mothers, try it. Nurses, recommend it. Druggists, keep it. Physicians, prescribe it. It is the best remedy ever offered to the public for the above complaints.
Prepared only by DR. EATON, Lowell, Mass.
Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
For sale by E. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
oct26

In Convulsions,
Just at the period of infantile existence you have trouble and anxiety. Don't resort to Opium, Morphine, Paregoric, Godfrey's Cordial, Soothing Syrup, or any other preparation containing Opium in any form, for it will destroy the child. Use
DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL,
Which is perfectly harmless, and will relieve the child of pain, and cause it to sleep soothingly and naturally. Mothers, try it. Nurses, recommend it. Druggists, keep it. Physicians, prescribe it. It is the best remedy ever offered to the public for the above complaints.
Prepared only by DR. EATON, Lowell, Mass.
Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
For sale by E. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
oct26

No Morphine or Opiate,
Or any kind, nor of medicine nature, is contained in the proportions for the relief of
Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Pain in the Chest, Liver Complaint, Consumption, &c.
Which are daily resulting in the untimely grave, when a remedy so simple as
DR. EATON'S
CHERRY BALSAM
Would relieve the patient, and restore the sufferer to health.
Prepared only by DR. EATON, Lowell, Mass.
Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
For sale by E. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
oct26

Does not Constipate
Like other Pills, but by its
Tonic and Cathartic Properties,
Relieves the Liver and Stomach, and thereby
Cures Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Piles, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Loss of Appetite, Nervousness, Restlessness, Want of Sleep, Fretfulness, Irritability, Convulsions, Fits, Spasms, Teething, &c.
It is a safe and reliable remedy for the above complaints, and is recommended to Mothers and Nurses as a valuable medicine for children. It is perfectly harmless, and may be given to the youngest infant with safety and success. It is a pleasant cordial, and will be found to be the most reliable remedy for the above complaints ever offered to the public.
Prepared only by DR. EATON, Lowell, Mass.
Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
For sale by E. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
oct26

B. T. THOMPSON,
No. 91 Merrimack Street
EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
SPLENDID OPENING OF SILINERY GOODS!
Having just received the last assortment of FALL BONNETS, I am prepared to sell in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet.

from the cheapest straw to the finest Lyons Velvet and confident in suiting the most fastidious.
Please give me an early call, and save one third of your money, and get a perfect and new style BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.
MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.
MILLINERY with patterns at short notice.
Low

and freedom! Have foreign nations combined, and are they coming to rage upon us? No. So far from being enemies, there is not a nation on the earth that is not an interested, admiring friend. Even the London *Times*, by no means partial to us says:—

"It is quite possible that the problem of a democratic republic may be solved by its fraternity, in a few days, to a spirit of fidelity, selfishness, and shortsightedness."

Has the Federal Government become tyrannical or oppressive, or even rigorous or unsound? Has the Constitution lost its spirit, and at once collapsed into a useless letter? No; the Federal Government remains more vigorously, and wields to-day more beneficently than ever. The Constitution is even the chosen model for the organization of the newly rising confederacies.

The occasion is the election of a President of the United States, who is unacceptable to a portion of the people. I state the case accurately. There was no amendment of dissunion before the ballots which expressed that choice were cast. Dissunion began as soon as the result was announced. The justification it assigned was that Abraham Lincoln had been elected, while the success of either of the three other candidates would have been allowed. Indeed in: Was the election illegal? No; it is unimpeachable. Is the candidate personally offensive? No. He is a man of unblemished virtue and amiable manners. Is an election of President an unfrequent or extraordinary transaction? No: we never had a chief Magistrate otherwise designated than by such election, and the form of choice is renewed every four years.

Does any one even propose to change the mode of appointing the Chief Magistrate? No; election by universal suffrage, as modified by the Constitution, is the ever crowning franchise of the American people. To save it, they would defy the world. Is it apprehended that the new President would usurp despotic powers? No; while he is all and more than he ever ambitious he is, by the partial success of those who opposed his election, subjected to such restraints that he cannot, without their consent, appoint a minister, or even a police agent, negotiate a treaty, or procure the passage of a law, and can hardly draw a musket from the public armoire to defend his own person.

What, then, is the ground of discontent? It is that the dissatisfied will not accept as conclusive the arguments which were urged in behalf of the successful candidate in the canvass. He is right. We reject all the arguments against him more satisfactory to his supporters? Of course he must, or else they could not be. Does the Constitution in letter or spirit require or imply that the arguments of one party shall be satisfactory to the other? No; that is impossible. What is the cause, then, of the present and inevitable dissatisfaction? Renewed debate and ultimate rehearing in a subsequent election. They have now passed, and decided them of the cooperation of many good and patriotic citizens. On a complex issue between the Republican party and the dissonists, although it involves the direct national calamities, the result will be doubtful; for the Republican party is weak in a large part of the Union. But on a direct issue with all who desire its dissolution on one side, and all who desire its dissolution by force on the other, the result would be prompt and almost unanimous. I desire thus to simplify the issue, and for that purpose to withdraw from it all collateral questions, and relieve it of all partisan passions and prejudices.

I consider the idea of the withdrawal of the Gulf States, and their permanent reorganization with or without others in a distinct confederacy as a means of advantage to themselves as certainly unwise and obviously impossible of execution, when the purpose is understood, that I dismiss it with the discussion that I have already incidentally bestowed upon it.

The one is different, how far is treated to the other subjects which I have brought into this connection before the Senate.

Beyond a doubt, Union is vitally important to the Republican citizens of the United States; but it is just as important to the whole people. Republicanism and Union are, therefore, not convertible terms. Republicanism is subordinate to Union, as everything else is and ought to be — Republicanism, Democracy, every other political name and thing; all are subordinate—and they ought to disappear in the presence of the great question of Union. Here or as I am concerned, it shall be so, it should be so if the question were now to be tried, as it ought only to be determined, by the peaceful verdict of the ballot. It shall be so all the more since there is on one side preparedness to refer it to the tribunal of civil war.

I have such faith in this republican system of ours, that there is no political good which I desire that I am not content to seek through its peaceful forms of administration without invoking revolutionary action. If others shall invoke that form of action to oppose and overthrow the Government, they shall not, so far as it depends on me, have the excuse that I obstinately left myself to be misunderstood. In such a case I can afford to meet prejudice with conciliation, exercise with concession such as may render no principle, and violence with the right hand of peace.

Therefore, sir, so far as the abstract question whether, by the Constitution of the United States or the law of nature, a State, or such by the laws of a State, is still a man or only property, I answer that within that Constitution and that law, and in consequence that when he has escaped from that State into another, by the Constitution he regards him as a bondman who may not by any law or regulation of that State, be discharged from his service or labor, but who must on claim to the party to whom his service is due.

While prudence and justice would continue in persuading you to modify the acts you complain of, I would not, so as not to oblige private persons to assist in their execution, and to protect freemen from illegal seizure by the laws carried into effect very. I agree that all laws of the States, whether their own or slave States, which relate to this class of persons, or any others recently coming from or resident in other States, and which laws contravene the Constitution of the United States, or any law made in pursuance thereof, are inoperative, ought to be repealed.

Secondly. Experience in public affairs has confirmed my opinion that domestic slavery, existing in any State, is wisely left by the Constitution of the United States, exclusively to the care, management, and disposition of that State; and it is not within the power, I would not alter the Constitution in that respect. If misapprehension of my purpose, or strong, or, as I remedy, I am willing to vote for an amendment of the Constitution, declaring that in property in the States shall forever be secure, therefore, constant to my purpose to secure, if possible, the construction of the Pacific railway, on which shall connect the ports around the mouths of the Missouri and the lakes, with the harbor on our western coast.

As to the expression of these views, I have not proposed what is desired or expected by many parties to do me the justice to believe that I am as far from having suggested what in many respects would have been in harmony with the good of convictions of my own. I learned early in Jefferson's life that in political affairs we cannot always do what seems to us absolutely best. Those with whom we must act usually see, entertaining different views, have the power and the right of carrying them into practice. We must be content to lead when we can, and to follow when we cannot lead; and if we cannot at any time do for our country all the good that we would wish, we must be satisfied with doing for her all the good that we can.

Having submitted my own opinions on this great crisis, it remains only to say that I shall cheerfully lend to the government my best support in whatever prudent yet energetic efforts it shall make to preserve the public peace, and to maintain and preserve the Union, advising only that in practice as far as possible the utmost moderation, forbearance, and conciliation.

And now, Mr. President, what are the auspices of the country? I know that we are in the midst of alarm, and somewhat exposed to accidents unavoidable in such a time of unusual excitement. We already have disorder; and violence has begun. I know not to what extent it may go. It still my faith in the Constitution and in the Union abides, because my faith in the wisdom and virtue of the American people remains unshaken. Coolness, calmness, and resolution, are elements of their character.

They have been temporarily displaced; but they are reappearing. Soon enough, I trust, for safety, it will be seen that solution and violence are only local and temporary, and that loyalty and affection to the Union are the natural sentiments of the whole country. Whatever dangers there shall be, there will be the determination to meet them; whatever sacrifices, private or public, shall be necessary for the Union, they will be made. I feel sure that the hour has not come for this great nation to fall. The people, which has been singled out to become wiser and better as it has grown greater, is not prepared, I believe enough to deserve so dreadful and severe a punishment as dissolution. This Union has not been acquired by force, good for mankind was manifestly designed by Him who appointed the general laws underlies the district of States and Empires. No, sir; if it were cast down by faction to-day, it would rise again and reappear in all its majestic proportions to morrow.

It is the only Government that can stand here. Woe! woe! to the man that madly lifts his hand against it. It shall continue to endure; and men, in after times, shall dee vine clinging to an oak for support until in the courts of time, it entwined itself about the branches of the tree and killed it. Or it was not so. It was a small at first, andonly asks for support; we pity it and grant its desires, and in time it kills its youthful protector. He of Congress passed a bill which, to our knowledge, where the committal of a small sin proved the destruction of several of his early companions. His remarks were very interesting and open to the most serious attention of his audience, but also to their parents.

A handsome volume was presented by Mr. Buttrick, the Assistant Superintendent, to the class raising the most money during the year, and by the class it was transferred to its teacher, Miss Stanton, who accepted it with appropriate remarks, after she had been addressed by a little Miss. Books for constant attendance were presented to the following Masters and Misses: Willie Atkinson, aged 10 years old, who had been a constant attendant for four years, Aurelia Stevens, Phebe Grush, Charles Wilkins, Ellen Carr, Joseph T. Grush, Joseph Stevens, Miss Ida Streeter and Master Pettingill. Mr. Carter, a teacher in the school, also presented Lewis T. Emery, Frank Underwood, Geo. Shaw, and Master Moulton of his class with a book. The singing by the children was excellent. The services closed with benediction by the pastor.

A CRISIS. Maj. C. W. King, Chief stopping at the American House, and who proposes to form classes in this city, which he will instruct in designing, drawing, &c., is, we judge from various works of his pencil, entitled to general renown as a Yankee genius. He seems particularly skilful in many branches of the arts and sciences. We do not profess to be a connoisseur is the matters to which he gives his attention, and therefore, will not venture to pronounce upon the merits of his productions. But he has afforded as a very pleasant hours' entertainment, as he will any one who calls, who may call at his room, to which ladies and gentlemen are invited, where specimens of his skill are exhibited. We could quote the endorsements of hosts of well known individuals, complimenting the numerous merits of Maj. King, but a better evidence of their merits may be obtained by an examination of his performances, which we recommend.

MISSING MAN. About the last of December, a young man, aged about twenty-two years of age, a carpenter by trade, but who was out of employment, went to board with Mr. A. Reno, who lives at No. 12 Pine Street, Roxbury, where he still is. He left on Saturday Thursday, the 3rd inst., when he passed out through the kitchen, with a pair of overalls on, and has not been seen since. His friends are much surprised at his absence at first, not knowing but that he had gone to visit some friends in the city or vicinity, but his long absence make them fearful for the worst. It is said he may have gone skating and fallen through the ice, or may have met with foul play, as he had some money about him. He left a trunk, valise and coat at his boarding place. He had been employed by some corporation in the city, previous to going to board with Mr. Reno. He told some one in the house that he was a native of Maine, and a sister down east whom he had not seen for twelve years.

A LOCAL LEGISLATURE. The propriety of organizing a society, to partake somewhat of a military character, has been urged by some who think the present a good time to organize such a society, as no other occupies the field, and the day is big and prolific with questions for discussion. Many of our citizens who can "spout" a little over their qualifications to lessons receiving in the Adelphi, Senate, Washington Athenæum, Philomathic Institute, Lowell Lyceum, Sumner Institute, and kindred societies which have all passed away. We believe that such a society, commenced under right auspices, would be well sustained by our young men, who may wish for self-improvement and to qualify themselves for the duties of life 25 which the most humble are to be called upon to do.

TO RAILROAD TRAVELLERS. *Floyd's American Railroad Weekly*, which on a well-defined map of the United States, gives a representative line of all the railroads in the country, is one of the most intelligible guides travellers can possibly have. It is sold in this city (as will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere) by S. H. Fisher, No. 183 Merrimack Street (stage office near the Merrimack House). One number, at least, will prove instructive to everybody.

CITY AND VICINITY.

MEETING.
For weeding WEST FIRM. HOT AIR FURN.—Re-closing STOVE DOORS, and for all purposes where it is desirable to prove the radiation of heat; a new and improved article of FIRE BRICK, for sale by the manufacturers, CHARLES HADDOCK and JAMES ALLEN, Lowell, by MOSES J. JOHNSON, Agent, or RUSSELL BANK, CHARLESTOWN.

NOTICE.—Persons who were Witnesses for the Commonwealth in the case of Commonwealth vs. Timothy Sullivan, on the first day of June and the first day of October of the year 1860, can receive their fees by applying to the Clerk.
E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.
jan3d3t

APPLETON STREET SABBATH SCHOOL.—The Sabbath School connected with Rev. Dr. Cleaveland's Society, celebrated its anniversary on Sunday afternoon. From the reports of the Superintendent of the School—Mr. Harry B. Stanton, and the Assistant Superintendent—Mr. James G. Buttrick, we learn that the school is in a prosperous condition. The whole number of scholars connected with it December 31st, 1860, was 92, an increase of 31 from the previous year. Of this number, 120 belong to the juvenile department. Two members have since the church during the past year, no one has died. The remainder remains unchanged. The school has had one book to distribute during the past year, and one has died. The report, though short, was interesting, and we become wiser and better as it has grown longer. It is not given to us to know enough to deserve so dreadful and severe a punishment as dissolution. This Union has not been acquired by force, good for mankind was manifestly designed by Him who appointed the general laws underlies the district of States and Empires. No, sir; if it were cast down by faction to-day, it would rise again and reappear in all its majestic proportions to morrow.

It is the only Government that can stand here. Woe! woe! to the man that madly lifts his hand against it. It shall continue to endure; and men, in after times, shall declare that this generation, which saved the Union in the day of peril, and unlocked for dangers, surpassed in magnanimity even that one which laid its foundations in the spiritual principles of liberty, justice, and humanity.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, January 15, 1861.

THE SOUTHERN TROUBLES. There is but very little of interest from Washington or the South to-day. The excitement seems still raging, and the most to be feared (from appearances at this moment) is that a half-made peace may be patched up, and that the trouble, if not once and forever settled, will break out anew when the country is less ready for a full and final settlement of the question which has so long distracted public attention. South Carolina, it is intimated this morning, gives unmistakable indications of secession. Though the news from Charleston does not warrant any belief of the kind. A Washington correspondent says it is believed that South Carolina has ordered troops to evacuate the forts in Charleston harbor, and other peaceful constitutional laws shall at any time be passed in regard to the Territories, is, like every other question, to be determined by practical grounds. I vote for any law enabling acts in the cases of Oregon, Minnesota and Kansas, without being able to secure in them such provisions as would have preferred; and yet I voted freely

So now, I am well satisfied that, under existing circumstances, a happy and satisfactory solution of the difficulties in the remaining Territories would be obtained by similar legislation. Under their organization if such organization were otherwise practicable. If, therefore, Kansas were admitted as a State, under the Wyandotte Constitution, as I think she ought to be, and if the organic laws of all the other Territories could be repealed, I could consent to authorize the organization and admission of two new States which should include them, reserving the right to effect subsidy visions of them whenever necessary, into the

DAILY
FREIGHT LINE
WEEN
LOWELL and NEW YORK.

COMMERCIAL STEAMBOAT CO'S
LINE of Powerful Screw Steamers
BETWEEN PROVIDENCE AND NEW YORK,
Connecting at Providence with the
PROVIDENCE & WORCESTER RAILROAD
And at Worcester with the
Worcester & Nashua, and Stony Brook Railroads.

☞ GOODS transported by above Lines, will be found low, and with equal despatch as by any other line.

The Steamers of this line will leave Providence for New York daily, (Sundays excepted) from pier 11, North River.

Philadelphia and Baltimore freight taken reasonable rates, and forwards with great dispatch.

This line connects by arrangement with the daily Inland Line of Propellers between New York and Philadelphia, and with the tri-weekly Inland Line to Baltimore, when the inland route is open.

Philadelphia and Baltimore freight will be forwarded from New York by any other lines at low rates.

For further information, apply to A. ROLFE at the office of Stonington Line, Lowell
ISAAC ODELL, Pier No 11, North River
New York, or to
E. BUPPEY, Agent,
Pier 3 South Market Street, Providence, R I
June 29th, 1856. jy1867

The Wilcox & Gibbs'
SEWING MACHINE,
THE best Sewing Machine (we makes exception) in the market for family use—it groups under six patents, owned severally by Elias Howe, Jr, Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Co., J. M. Singer & Co., Grover & Baker—Sewing Machine Co., and Gibbs' Manufacturing Co. We have assured that they are not buying a Pirated machine. A few of the features possessed by this machine, may be briefly stated. The wonderful simplicity and durability of its mechanism, the great speed with which it runs, (from 1000 to 2000 stitches per minute) the perfect elasticity of its seam, and the fact that it will do the widest range of work, from the finest cambric muslin to cloth, leather, &c., &c. Having now had over three years experience with it, we can safely say that it is the best machine in the country, and we unhesitatingly recommend it to the public as such. It will be sent by mail (free of postage,) to any part of the country, on receipt of $20. Every machine warranted for three years. Sold by the inventors and manufacturers,
WILCOX & GIBBS,
No. 505 Broadway, New York.
Sold also by
GEO. W. BENNETT, Lowell.
GEO. W. BENNETT, Nashua.
jy1 1y

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
20 Central Street, 20
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It embraces the most magnificent and best selected stock of
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported. ☞Call in and look at them.
☞HATS, CAPS &c., manufactured to order.
nov29 1y

CAST STEEL BELLS,
PRICE REDUCED.

These Bells have now an established reputation as not any stronger and cheaper than any other firm-class bells. In power and tonnage of tone they are unrivalled. In the severest frost they are found not to break, and in case of fire they do not melt. The tone of steel bells becomes smooth to the ear, that none of our bells have ever been cracked by the severest cold, or melted in the hottest fire.

Each Bell is warranted for one year, and if it should break after that time, *half price is allowed* in exchange *for a new one*, which makes a second bell, ever then, for 20 or 30 cents more than the ordinary addition bell.

In consequence of improvements in the manufacture, we are now enabled to offer our bells at reduced price, and solicit orders.

Forms, terms and circulars with testimonials, furnished on application to

E. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
No. 96 State Street, Boston.
and Nos. 09 and 101 John street, New York.
oct29 dlm

The Invigorating Usquebaugh,
OR SUPERIOR
IRISH MALT WHISKY.
P. SWINEY & CO.

HAVE on hand, at their Distillery, Jamestown, Manchester, N. H., a stock of this fine Whisky, of their own distillation, unequalled by any Spirit in the market, for medicinal purposes.

The proprietors use no grain in the manufacture of this article, but the best malted barley, which renders their Whisky much more mild than the crude spirit made from raw grain, which is in a great measure removed by all other distillers throughout the country.

We, the undersigned, certify that we have tested SWINEY & Co.'s Irish Triple-hoop Malt Whisky, and do not hesitate to say that in the preference, in all cases where a pure stimulant is required.

W. W. BROWN, M. D.
C. B. SEYMOUR, M. D.
G. H. HUBBARD, M. D.

I fully agree with the above, and have used a bottle of it analyzed, by one of the best chemists in the country, who pronounced it *to be a fine article, and condemning 15 per cent. of strength of whisky over the generality per cent.* JOSIAH COSBY, M. D.
Manchester, N. H.
dec6 1m

GOLDEN ALE!
IS purely a vegetable preparation, each ingredient of which possesses great healing virtues. The name of the Hop, is familiar to every one, and from a missionary from the West Indies to-day, who used it more than 20 years with great success. It should be in every family. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
no29

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

PUMICE STONE SOAP.—This Soap, will effectually remove the hard skin under them soft and white. Sold by S KIDDER Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
nov27

BOURBON WHISKEY BITTERS.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
nov27

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED!
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A positive and specific remedy
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.
This medicine increases the power of Digestion, tone and vigor to the stomach, thereby healthily toning the system, ALTERING ON CALCAREOUS deposits, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for
MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Is unsurpassed by any other remedy
Arising from Excesses, Habits of Intemperance, Early Indiscretion or others,
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Universal Lassitude, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Horrid Dreams, Hysterics, Nervousness, Sudden Flushes of Heat, Eruptions on the Face, Dryness of the Skin, PALLID COUNTENANCE, These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS, IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE. A TRIAL will convince the most skeptical of its wonderful virtues, and that it is
THE DREADFUL DISEASES,
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION!
Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but NONE WILL CONFESS.
THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS,
And the Sickening Deaths by Consumption,
BEAR AMPLE WITNESS IN TESTIMONY TO THE ASSERTION.
THIS MEDICINE IS USED WITH PERFECT SAFETY IN ANY CLIMATE, AT ANY SEASON.
Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and
INVIGORATE THE SYSTEM,
Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU *invariably* will do.
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.
PECULIAR TO FEMALES.
OLDER YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE,
IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES
the Extract Buchu is recommended by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Menses, Leucorrhœa or Whites, accompanied or Retrorsion Head of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Inflammation of the Bladder, Kidneys, or in any way whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the
DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE,
at this period, it never fails.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.
TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR UNPLEASANT MEDICINES FOR CHRONIC AND DARKNESS
HELMBOLD'S *EXTRACT BUCHU*
CURES
SECRET DISEASES,
In all their Stages. At little expense; little or no change in Diet; No Exposure and no Hindrance from Business.
It means a Prophylactic, and never given strength to Generative Organs by removing Obstructions, Preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying pain and Inflammation, so frequently the cause of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter, and sores and ulcers.
THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS
WHO HAVE BEEN VICTIMS OF QUACKS,
and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a few days, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "MERCURY, &c. "Quacks" been driven to the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and
THEREAFTER MARRIAGE.
The HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS,
Whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE.
Has no equal. IN ONE HALF THE USUAL NUMBER OF
HOW LONG STANDING.
Diseases of these organs require the aid of a DIURETIC
TIC HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the only reliable and known
DIURETIC.
And in certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is RECOMMENDED.
Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character can be given.
Be not deceived by the use of
CERTIFICATES OR CURES,
WITH NAMES ATTACHED, That is 50 years standing
SCIENCE AND FAME.
Price $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.
DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.
Cures Guaranteed Advice ursatis!
PERSONALLY applied at the Laboratory or by mail, 104 Tenth St. below Chestnut, Philadelphia.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
Who endeavor to disguise the name, and
PALM OFF SOMETHING UNDER THE SOUND OF
Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
Depot, 594 Broadway, Philadelphia,
Discovered four Years.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., and by druggists everywhere. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the advertisement and send for it. Authenticity and exposure.
jan15 1mcowly

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
ALLET DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the Mechanics' Fair in this city, more than once. Also, Agents for Hallet, Davis & Co.'s Melodeons. Pianos, at manufacturer's prices. Warerooms, in every particular, to be the best Piano Fortes made.
N.B.—Tuning, Repairing and Moving to be done.
Lowell, June 2, 1856. jy851y

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufactories, for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories.
Sole Agency
All kinds of instruments to let or sold on easy terms. Violins, Accordeons, Flageolets and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Curtain Fixtures,
On a New Principle,
NEAT, STRONG AND SATISFACTORY,
in every respect.
Selling quite low
DEACON'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 90 MERRIMACK STREET.
apr14

Burnett's Cocoaine.
COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c. for the Hair. It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It remains longest in effect.
It costs 50 cts in for a half-pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
no17

POUT SPOKE the the Little Folks in great variety at BUSZELL & MASSEY'S.
dec8 20 Central street

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
Music, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Reports, Town Reports, Newspapers,
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR,
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and in every variety of style.
☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl paper and enamelled cards, suitable for CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.*
E. B. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE,

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
Is now receiving a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market, in every respect. Wholesale and Retail.
CROCKERY,
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, prices and cheapness is unequaled on this side of Boston.
All who wish to purchase Crockery, are invited to call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will suit and please every body.
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and the State of Nature, as cheap as the cheapest. Please remember the
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
90 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

THE
ONLY REPARATION
Having proof so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.
FROM Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest standing, as well as many in private but qualified station, as recommended it for all cases of eruption, and disease of the scalp and brain; to all who have used it, aside in testifying the tri will pronounce the hair becoming gray, and from baldness, to say, as well as others.
Read the following:—
From C. C. Jones, Esq., Editor Sun, Augusta, Ga.
PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion the opposite aside, and give it my unqualified approbation.
During the year 18—, I was severely injured by being thrown from my sulky against a rock near the road side, from which accident I received a most terrible blow; causing a gradual irritation, which compelled me to shave my entire head of hair. The hair being so far from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the same region. I shall now try the Restorative, and, after properly testing it, will give you my candid opinion. I employed everything I could think of, being a professional man myself, and, as I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but without success.
Yours and no undue circumstances induced me to resort to your mortifying Restorative, which I have found to be the only reliable remedy I have ever employed. Its use has restored to me a full head of hair, and a beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw for which I cheerfully acquiesce in your most sincere and first assured, dear sir shall recommend your rose to my friends and acquaintances. I shall now my testimonies, which I flatter myself to say, is not a little.
You are at liberty to use this letter if you desire.
Yours, very respectfully,
R. J. WRIGHT, M. D.
Office of Health Commissioner, Memphis, Tenn.
Dear Sir—I feel truly sorry as well as my pleasure to state to you the following circumstance, which you can use as you think proper. Last Spring I had

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, January 16, 1861.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH. No "coercive act" has been committed by the "bloody-minded" South since our last. In fact there seems to be more of a disposition tending towards a pacific settlement of the disunion sentiment, although no direct proposition has been made.

Mr HAYNE, the ex-commissioner from South Carolina, is in Washington, and yesterday sought an interview with the President.—Mr. Buchanan received him cordially, but distinctly declined to receive any official communication from him, coolly adding that he (the President) should transact official business with none but federal authorities. It is reported that the South Carolinians are greatly surprised at this unexpected rebuff, but what they propose to do next is not made apparent.

We do not see any indications of wavering on the part of the National Government, and it is believed that all the positions taken will be maintained, in which case concessions must come from the quarter where secession commenced.

It is announced that a proposition comes from South Carolina that the administration shall not reinforce Major Anderson and in return the South Carolina authorities are to allow him to purchase provisions and have mail facilities with his own government: and on Saturday the disunion Senators were brought most earnestly by telegraph from Charleston to induce the President to order that neither the Star of the West nor the Brooklyn shall again attempt to reinforce Fort Sumter, they being unwilling in that event to fire into her, in pursuance of their declared secret determination to that effect. The fire would surely be returned on Charleston by Maj. Anderson.

What reply will be made to any proposition of this nature is not yet forseen.— The secessionists evidently see that they have been placed in an awkward position by their hot-headed friends in Charleston, and are desirous of extricating themselves as best they may. The President's Cabinet are undoubtedly so'ays a telegraphic dispatch in favor of demanding some apology for the insult to the American flag, perpetrated by firing upon the Star of the West.

The *sentidonal* of Southern Senators, without resigning their seats, is a shabby dodge, designed to embarrass the business of the Senate, and it is succeeding. What is expected to be gained by delay does not appear, unless it is that more time is by this course given to the disaffected States to prepare themselves for their work of disorganizing the country.

North Carolina is yet more rational than most of the Southern States. Gov. Ellis is reported to have issued an order to the State troops "to evacuate Fort Caswell, and surrender it to Federal authority.— This fortress is on Oak Island. It has upwards of 80 guns, cost nearly $600 000, and is the most expensive and important of the government strongholds in that State. Its restoration, at the present time, indicates that North Carolina will not follow the lead of South Carolina.

WHO WANTS TO BUY CUBA NOW? It is a fact that is kept too closely shaded at this time, that in the ranks of the seceders and disunionists, are the very men who, a short time ago, were in a fever to buy or steal from Spain the Island of Cuba. It would have been a fine scheme, had this government expended the bulk of $100,000,000 for that interesting patch of an island, and, as soon as the cash was paid over, for some one to have said for it: "Uncle Sam, you have cheated us; we prefer to be an independent Republic; we therefore propose to dissolve the Union; in short, we secede, and if you undertake to prevent it we shall take the munitions of war you have furnished us, and fight you to the bitter end." Of course, Cuba would have logo; it would not do to coerce her; no matter if she had cost $100,000,000 and only 2 days before, she now preferring (having escaped from the clutches of Spain) a still more "independent" condition, there could be no more justice in coercion to keep her in the Union, than there is in coercing South Carolina. It will probably be a long time before Uncle Sam makes any very heavy purchases in real estate, where secession is a possible event, if the doctrine of "moral suasion" alone is to be used against traitors to their country. Our belief is that "secession" *is treason*, and that the National Administration has the right and power to punish those who are guilty of it. But thank Providence, 1860 is not a part of the United States, and probably never will be.

PENNSYLVANIA. The inaugural address of Gov. Curtin was delivered yesterday.—As far as we are able to judge from the meagre telegraphic dispatches respecting it, it is precisely the document expected and what was wanted. The following points, set forth in his message, are interesting to all sections of the country:

"He pledges himself to stand between the Constitution and encroachments contemplated by fanaticism, folly, hatred or ambition. If any of the laws are an infraction upon the Constitution they should be repealed. He denies the right of secession which cannot be permitted without destroying the Government to be a failure, and it is a doctrine which Pennsylvania will never submit to. He says it is the duty of the Government to stop anarchy and enforce the laws, and Pennsylvania will support the Government in such a course. The integrity of the Union must be preserved at every hazard."

THERE was what was it styled a "Working Men's meeting" in New York last evening. It is represented that resolutions were adopted in opposition to coercion and in favor of the South receiving all their constitutional rights, and requesting Gov. Morgan to call a State convention to ascertain the will of the people on the basis of Mr Crittenden's propositions." The names of several speakers in this meeting are given, but none of them to any extent known to the public outside of New York.

R. H. HALPIN, the author of the *Impending Crisis*, advertised a lecture in Clinton Hall, New York, for Monday evening; but fearing a disturbance, the trustee refused to allow the hall to be opened for that purpose.

MIDDLESEX NORTH AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. The following premiums and committee award were decided upon at the meeting of the Trustees of the Society held in this city last Thursday:

Bulls and fat cattle. Best blood bulls $8 and $5. Best bulls raised in the district $8, $5 $3 and $2. Best bull calves under one year old, $4 and 63. Best yokes fat oxen $8 and $5. Seth Gage, Lowell; P. P. Perham, Chelmsford; Benj. French, Dunstable; A. G. Sheldon, Wilmington; T. P. Belcher, Westford, Committee.

Working oxen. Best pairs oxen six years old $8, $4, $3 and $2. Best under six years, same premiums. Lysander Upton, North Reading; Luther Prescott, Westford; Smith Adams, Lowell; E. F. Richardson, Chelmsford; E. G. Chapman, Dunstable, Committee.

Working bulls. Best pairs, $3 and $2. Elijah Corliss, Billerica; C. A. Upton, North Reading, S. A. Colburn, Lowell, Committee.

Show of working oxen. To Town making best show, of twenty pair or more $15, $10 and $5. Otis Adams, Chelmsford: Edward Prescott, Westford; D. S. Woods, Tewksbury; Timothy Butterfield, Tyngsboro'; D. F. Farmer, Dracut, Committee.

Steers. For best pairs four years old $6 and $4. Best pairs three years old $5 and $3. Best pair two years old $3.—Best pair under two years, $2. Horace Sheldon, Wilmington; John Cutter, Westford; J. P. Cummings, Tyngsboro'; Charles Sweetser, Chelmsford; Gilman Hall, Dunstable, Committee.

Milch cows. Best dairy of three raised by exhibitor, $10. Best native or grade cow, $10, 39, 88, 87, 86, 85, 84, and 83. Solomon Richardson, Westford; J. T. Bennett, Dunstable; Joseph Reed, Chelmsford; S. A. Coburn, Lowell; P. S. Coburn, Dracut, Committee.

Heifers. Best milch heifer, under three years old, raised in the district $6 and $4. Best two years old, $6 and $4. Best yearling, $5 and $3. Best calf, $4 and $2. G. W. Coburn, Dracut; Israel Putnam, Chelmsford; Zaccheus Reed, Westford; J. C. Kendall, Dunstable; Peter Livingston, Tewksbury, Committee.

Milch cows—foreign breed. Best Ayrshire, Devon, Alderney and Durham, one premium each, $5 each. S. Spencer, Lowell; Nichols, Lowell; Mrs. Cyrus Butterfield, Tyngsboro'; Mrs. E. M. Read, Tewksbury, Committee.

Bread. Best wheaten, made by women over twenty, or married, $3, $2, and $1.—Best by girls under twenty and unmarried, same premiums. Best brown bread, same premiums. Full statements of the whole process of making and baking will be required. Samuel Parker, Chelmsford; A. Stott, Lowell; George Lee, Tewksbury; Mrs. Edward Prescott, Westford; Mrs. George Lee, Tewksbury, Committee.

Needlework, household furniture, and miscellaneous articles. The sum of $40 is appropriated to be awarded in sums of not less than 25 cents. Hosmun Hosford, Lowell; Alpheus Swallow, Dunstable; A. C. Varnum, Dracut; Mrs. J. B. V. Colburn, Dracut; Mrs. Alanson Upson, North Reading, Committee.

Plowing matches. Double teams, $8, $6, $5 and $3. C. F. Flint, North Reading; William Fletcher, Chelmsford; Joel Rogers, Tewksbury; Henry Farhurst, Dunstable; Abel-Davis, Wexford, Committee.

Single teams, $6, $5 and $3. D. P. Bigham, Wilmington; Thomas Varnum, Dracut; I. P. Cummings, Dunstable; Alanson Upton, North Reading; Zephaniah Bennett, Tyngsboro', Committee.

Horse teams, $6 and $3. A. L. Brooks, Lowell: W. D. Butler, Dracut; Z. P. Proctor, Dunstable; Otis Allen, Lowell; Elbridge Livingston, Tewksbury, Committee.

Competitors in plowing will be required to enter their names on the Saturday before the exhibition.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamship Bavaria from Southampton, 1st inst., arrived at New York yesterday. She brings $380,000 in specie. The ship Golden Star from Mobile, for Liverpool, with 3750 bales of cotton, has been wrecked near Wexford. The captain, wife, servant girl and sixteen of the crew perished.—The mate and six men were saved.

The emperor of Austria has pardoned and liberated Count Telcki, he having promised that for the future he would be a faithful subject. Chios dates are to the 19th of November. Cholera prevailing.—They give nothing new. The King of Naples took refuge in Spanish vessels every night, returning to Gaeta in the morning. The Spanish Queen remained in Rome and made a demonstration in St. Peter's Cathedral on the 23d. The Emperor of Austria sanctions the incorporation of Croatia with Hungary. Count Reichberg, the Austrian Premier was reported to have resigned. His resignation however, had not been definitely accepted. Count Mensdorf, it was thought, was likely to succeed him.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, memorials were received from citizens of Delaware and other States in favor of the passage of Mr. Crittenden's resolutions.—Mr. Crittenden were taken up.—Mr. Green, of Mo., made a speech, saying that the present Constitution was good enough and upheld the doctrine of secession and nullification as treason. The Pacific Railroad bill was taken up, and a motion to indefinitely postpone it was lost—12 against 29. Messrs. Gwin and Wilson favored the bill and Mr. Latham opposed it. Several amendments were proposed, but before taking a vote on the bill the Senate adjourned.

In the House, Mr. Harris, of Va., presented a memorial from citizens of Baltimore, signed by 12,000 persons, in favor of Mr. Crittenden's resolutions. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Army bill. Mr. Morrill, of Me., made a speech advocating security to Southern interests as productive of peace. Mr. Stanton, of Ohio, replied. Mr. Morrison—Mr. Mansfield and Mr. Littell, of Geo., Bliss, of Ark., and Adrain, of N. J., took part in the discussion.

J. N. MERRIMAN, Collector of the port of Georgetown, S. C., was on Monday last arrested by the people of Georgetown on a charge of treason against the State. A letter was found written by him and addressed to Mr. Buchanan, stating that he (Merriman) had just cleared vessels in the name of the United States, and that he would continue to do so. The letter calls upon the President to send a boat and man to collect the Federal revenue, and informs him of the progress made in the construction of the works near Georgetown, and promises to keep him posted from time to time in relation to the same. Lopez, his deputy, was also arrested. Both have been committed for trial.

CITY AND VICINITY.

TO PARENTS AND TEACHERS.

By request of several of our citizens Dr DIO LEWIS, the celebrated Boston Teacher of Gymnastics, will give a course of lectures on Science and Families, will deliver a lecture on Thursday afternoon for the ladies, and on Thursday evening on the subject of the Gymnasium.

At the close of the lectures he will explain and illustrate his system by exercising with classes selected from the audience.

If sufficient interest be awakened, to warrant the undertaking, a class will be formed and thoroughly instructed in the system in a course of lectures by Dr L. and Mrs. L. Should there be a sufficient numerous class in the Schools of Boston and vicinity, and also an large one in this city, Dr L. will visit Boston—Gymnasium 15 Louisburg Square—to attend a class of Boston teachers on the 1st of February, and be present at Lowell on the 2d.

Many of our citizens, Teachers and others, who have listened to Dr. Lewis' Lectures and witnessed his Experiments, will heartily endorse the following recommendations of his system:—

"Nothing has before been presented which is at all comparable with it."—*New York Tribune.*

"Dr. Lewis' lectures and gymnastics at Tremont Temple were attended by an immense and fashionable audience."—*Boston Courier.*

"The result was that in the space of an hour, they, if no other exercise was had, they were amply repaid for coming from two miles to Boston; by witnessing these illustrations and hearing Dr. Lewis' explanations."—*Boston Post.* *Second Report of Meeting of American Institute of Instruction.*

"Dr Lewis' lectures and gymnastics at Tremont Temple, gave great satisfaction to an immense audience."—*Boston Courier.*

"The Lecture was the first of many, that if no other exercise was had, they were amply repaid for coming from two miles to Boston; by witnessing these illustrations and hearing Dr. Lewis' explanations."—*Boston Post.* *Second Report of Meeting of American Institute of Instruction.*

THE LECTURE THIS EVENING. The seventh of the course before the Mechanics' Association will be delivered this evening by that eloquent and favorite speaker, Dr Edward G. Parker, of Brookline. His subject will be "Statesmen and Demagogues." It is a subject that will call out the most extended amplification, having as we do so many of the latter who attempt to pass for the first.

HITCH YOUR HORSES AND LOOK OUT FOR SNOW SLIDES. The snow, which has for the past few days accumulated on the roofs of buildings, shows an inclination to "secede" to-day. An avalanch from the roof of the building opposite our office came down with a rush about noon. A young man who happened to be passing, received the force of the slide, and for a moment was lost to sight, but soon emerged from the surface of the cap, which he found after an exploration in the snow bank.

PHYSICAL TRAINING. This subject is attracting at the present time unusual attention. The Superintendent of the Public Schools of Boston has recently recommended it to notice in a recent report. It is intimated that our own School Committee will do the same in their report soon to be published in pamphlet form. Therefore a great difficulty has been experienced in the want of some safe, inexpensive and practicable method of training. Such a method has been devised by Dr. Lewis, and the Engraving and Card below advertised, will explain the head of "Seven Years."

COTTON COMING TO THIS CITY. Thirty thousand bales of cotton passed through Worcester last week, on its way to Lowell and Lawrence, most of which came from Memphis, by railroad. The Grand Trunk Company are making extensive arrangements for the transhipment of cotton direct from the Mississippi to the East. The Michigan Central road are doing a prosperous business in connection with the Illinois Central in the transportation of products from Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri.

No 20 MERRIMACK STREET. 20

Selling at a great sacrifice from former prices. My stock being very large, and wishing to reduce it to make room for Spring Goods, I shall for the next 6 weeks offer my entire stock at very low prices, consisting of Dress Goods, varying from 25 to 50 per cent. below former prices. Now is your time. Ladies, to buy bargains in all kinds of Dry Goods. Remember the No. 20 *Merrimack Street*, opposite John Street, and the stairway.

JAMES U. GAGE.
jan11 4th 66—cod—1

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, Messrs. Boynton, of Worcester, and Cole, of Berkshire, were appointed to the joint special committee on the Concord and Sudbury Meadows.—No other business of importance was transacted.

In the House, a petition was received from H. F. Clark, and others, for a Savings Bank in Lowell. Also from Benjamin D. Weeks, and others, of Lowell, against the repeal of the law in regard to Corporations; town of Sudbury and selectmen of Weyland, against the repeal of the Concord and Sudbury River act. The Sergeant-at-Arms was instructed to allow no spiritual or intoxicating liquors to be brought into the State House.

JUDGE SHALLEY, of the United States Circuit Court, in a charge to the Grand Jury, in New York, on Monday, declared South Carolina guilty of high treason.

From the Louisville Journal.

DR. BARKER, *National Hotel.*

DEAR SIR:—I feel it to be due you as well as the community to say, that although I have much suffered from Piles, for only a short time, I have already experienced more complete and speedy relief from the most painful suffering of twenty years than I had ever anticipated or hoped, and with great pleasure, I should recommend your agreeable Brace to those similarly afflicted.

MAS. J. N. MCMICHAEL.

SALESBURG, IND., January 17, 1856.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Some weeks since I read your published abstract of Dr. Banning's lectures in your city on the auxiliary mechanical cause and cure of vocal, pulmonary, digestive and other weaknesses, and thinking with you, that although no doctor, this would be deemed by the public an additional. I visited Dr. B. at the National Hotel, and made the experiment of one of his Braces; and I have through you to say to thousands of similar sufferers, with the most familiar lady whose letter of the same subject you published some time since, that "I have already experienced more substantial relief from appreciated and exhausting bleeding piles, and from great nervous debility, than from all the medical aid I have received for years." The relief has been perfect and without pain, and improvement in general health and strength, and my ability to preach, is very great.

I would therefore advise through the public oth so lucid an abstract of Dr. B.'s new and hopeful doctrine, that many of the most common and fatal maladies—many daily dying of strangulation most unexpectedly, (as they should be) to the surgeon for one moment, and nothing short of a surgical operation—and that I (and I do this respect no branch of surgery has been a greater failure. None of the frauds of the day, and there are many, are more successful in deceiving the people, by lifting into more notice the luxury than Dr. Banning, this pressure being the chief obstacle to a cure. This, the Radical Cure Brace has accomplished in a safe and effectual way. In the space of a few weeks, by a new principle.

Lockport, N. Y.

Messrs. Editors:—I have recently called and tested Dr. B.'s new principle, and as a public duty to the afflicted, and more general support with perfect convenience, safety and success, by simple and scientific principles, that I feel constrained to advise all afflicted to make trial of it. I think a radical cure effected.

D. STILL.

ROCHESTER, Dec 7th, 1859.

Dr. E. P. Banning:—Dear Sir—My case of 30 years standing was among the worst, and I feel that I have been cured by your treatment. Yours truly,

L. GRAVES.

Dr. Banning may be consulted at the Merrimack House during this week.

FALSTAFF MUSTERING HIS RECRUITS.—The Cosmopolitan Art Association have done well in reducing this picture for their seventh annual engraving. It shows how deeply they are interested with a desire to aid the art preservative of all arts. And their determination to have it reproduced by a line engraving, which shall be in every respect, speaks equally well for their good taste and zeal in the fine arts.

If we had time and room, we could point out in detail the excellencies of this engraving, but it is enough to say, that it is all aglow with genius and pictorial power. The face of Sir John and that of the host examining the stolen list of the noon. A young man who happened to be passing, received the force of the slide, and for a moment was lost to sight, but soon emerged from the surface of the cap, which he found after an exploration in the snow bank.

PHYSICAL TRAINING. This subject is attracting at the present time unusual attention. The Superintendent of the Public Schools of Boston has recently recommended it to notice in a recent report. It is intimated that our own School Committee will do the same in their report soon to be published in pamphlet form. Therefore a great difficulty has been experienced in the want of some safe, inexpensive and practicable method of training. Such a method has been devised by Dr. Lewis, and the Engraving and Card below advertised, will explain the head of "Seven Years."

COTTON COMING TO THIS CITY. Thirty thousand bales of cotton passed through Worcester last week, on its way to Lowell and Lawrence, most of which came from Memphis, by railroad. The Grand Trunk Company are making extensive arrangements for the transhipment of cotton direct from the Mississippi to the East. The Michigan Central road are doing a prosperous business in connection with the Illinois Central in the transportation of products from Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri.

No 20 MERRIMACK STREET. 20

Selling at a great sacrifice from former prices. My stock being very large, and wishing to reduce it to make room for Spring Goods, I shall for the next 6 weeks offer my entire stock at very low prices, consisting of Dress Goods, varying from 25 to 50 per cent. below former prices. Now is your time. Ladies, to buy bargains in all kinds of Dry Goods. Remember the No. 20 *Merrimack Street*, opposite John Street, and the stairway.

JAMES U. GAGE.
jan11 4th 66—cod—1

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, Messrs. Boynton, of Worcester, and Cole, of Berkshire, were appointed to the joint special committee on the Concord and Sudbury Meadows.—No other business of importance was transacted.

In the House, a petition was received from H. F. Clark, and others, for a Savings Bank in Lowell. Also from Benjamin D. Weeks, and others, of Lowell, against the repeal of the law in regard to Corporations; town of Sudbury and selectmen of Weyland, against the repeal of the Concord and Sudbury River act. The Sergeant-at-Arms was instructed to allow no spiritual or intoxicating liquors to be brought into the State House.

JUDGE SHALLEY, of the United States Circuit Court, in a charge to the Grand Jury, in New York, on Monday, declared South Carolina guilty of high treason.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

The re-markable success which has attended this new and popular remedy, has induced many unprincipled persons to attempt to palm upon the public worthless preparations, under the same or similar names. Public confidence can only be retained by the intrinsic merit of the article, and the genuine BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS have proved themselves worthy of the confidence reposed in them by the public. Prepared only by DR. BRYAN, Boston. For sale by all druggists.

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It is more powerful,
Than any other free burning coal. And the best of it is, it can be bought cheap at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 13 Prescott street.
jan14 1m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, R. W. Hickory, D. B. Richardson,
Wm. Rogers, Edward Kidder, Jr. Jas. Livingston,
G. G. Howe, Edward Kidder, S. E. Sherman,
Jr.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, Stores and Stock therein, and other buildings, which are first class. The present cash capital is $115 219.35. The minimum of owners premium note required is 30 per cent. Applications for insurance will be received at the Merrimack House during this week.

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DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS,

PLEASANT AND EFFECTUAL PURGATIVES.

☞ This great medicine has supplanted all others for the cure of diseases of the Liver. Its effects are as salutary and speedy, and at the same time as perfectly safe, that it is not surprising it should supersede all others invented by a very distinguished physician of Virginia, who practised in a region of country in which fevers, or Liver Complaints, is peculiarly formidable and common, and who had special years in discovering the ingredients and proportions for their acquirement, which, for a long period, adapted to every form of the disease, and never fail to alleviate the most obstinate cases of that terrible complaint. They have justly become celebrated, and the researches of Dr. M'Lane have placed his name among the benefactors of mankind. No one having symptoms of this formidable complaint should be without these invaluable Pills. Here you have a path to health, under the edge of the rib, which intersects with pressure—unable to lie with ease on the left side—with sensations, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder! Rely with full confidence that these pains are sometimes taken for rheumatism, they all arise from diseases of the Liver; and if you would have relief, get instantly and use Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared only by Fleming Brothers, of Pittsburgh.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by druggists throughout the United States. There are other pills purporting to be Liver Pills, but are destitute of merit. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge or Worm Specific, can be had of all reputable druggists.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 181 Main street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, Agent.
jan15tu 4t*pim

FUR MANUFACTORY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The subscriber would invite you to buy FURS. Almost $1000 worth of nice Furs selling at cost during the month of January, to make room for spring goods. Furs made and repaired in the nicest manner and warranted.

JAMES P. WOOD,
Merrimack Square.

PARLOR STOVE. Call and see Magee's Improved Parlor Stove at N. J. WEBB & CO.'S, 108 Merrimack Street, with new and improved gas burners, oven, &c., at reduced prices. 6t

FINGER & CO.'S NEW SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which MR. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan9d6t

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide scored reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the exquisite finish of its parts, and the perfection of its mechanism, rendering it unequalled upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of Sewing, such as Hemming, Stitching, Gathering, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting and Embroidery, it is unsurpassed, and in beauty and simplicity of construction, it stands unrivalled.

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE
Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson machine for family use in Low.

J. B. French, H. Hosford,
J. A. Bartruck, C. Bowers,
E. Huntington, E. A. Ayer,
C. B. Coburn, J. P. Folsom,
Dr. Jeffries, Dr. E. Foster,
Dr. A. D. Sargeant, J. N. Prince,
C. C. Brown, M. G. Bowers,
Samuel Fay, Wm. A. Richardson,
J. C. Ayer, Wm. Crosby,
A. H. Brown, C. P. Blanchard,
C. Hosford, J. Bartruck.

This Machine is a variety of stitches and sizes, suitable for Tailors, Shoemakers, Harness and Carriage Makers, &c.

Price $100. Each Machine warranted for three years.

Office and Depot 181 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, SUNBURN OR TAN.

The Original and Best in the World!!

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and clear as a child's, and by its use the most coarse and revolting if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, wind or cold immediately allays all itching of insects. Nothing possesses exists like it in the world, and those who once use it will use it without baron. *Its application every night for a week will cure the most case of Pimples.*

To remove every Roughness of the Skin.
To make your Face clear and fair.
To make your Face blossom like a Rose.
Before you have your Photograph taken.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
Before you go to a Party or Ball.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
A rare cure for red, irregular, pimply faces.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
When any Eruption comes out on the face.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
If you would please your friends.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
If you wish a perfectly soft complexion.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM.
And you will not be disappointed.

Physicians of the highest standing have recently entered into the manufacture of Cosmetics, and the result is that the most elegant and healthy preparations are now offered to the public. The MAGNOLIA BALM is the most elegant and healthy yet offered for the toilet. It is the most elegant and healthy yet offered for the toilet. It is the most elegant and healthy yet offered for the toilet. It

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
— FOR —
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H. Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain, also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOANNI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H. Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine; after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Uses only three bottles of the Indelible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1858. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia with the Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Chelsea

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. I. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.
His wife: red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of painful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders, and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eight months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H., Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H. Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the dreadful and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eight months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Also, of a lung disease, enjoys the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot
His wife cured of severe Neuralgic pain along the cranium, of two and a half years' long standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.

J. B. EA ON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore suffering in the breast, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.
Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.
His wife cured of in some sufferings from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatism, after he could not shoulder his gun, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in March, 1858, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS
AND IMPOSITIONS!
Who endeavor to dispose "on their own" and "cheaper articles on the reputation attained by Holmbold's Genuine Preparations.
Buy no Sarsaparilla,
Unless it bears the name
Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., and all druggists everywhere, at $1 per bottle.

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Holmbold's Genuine Preparation.
"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A positive and specific remedy
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.
This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbent System to healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are reduced as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and in good time

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Is a Substitute for Mercury,
Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or abuse.
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Inflammation in Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Horror of Disease, Pimples on the Face,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Pain in the Back,
Dryness of the Skin, Flushing of the Body,
Eruptions on the Face, Restlessness at Night.
These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION:
IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPECT.
Who can say that they are not frequently follows, those DREADFUL DISEASES?
"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."
Many are already in the arms of their suffering.
BUT NONE NEED CONFER.
THE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
And the Skillful Physician, as the Helmbold's Extract Buchu
HAS ALREADY WITNESSED TO THE TRUTH OF THE ASSERTION
IN THE CONSTITUTIONS OF THOUSANDS AFFECTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS.
Requires the aid of no medicine in connection.
Invigorates the System
Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU RENOVATES AND RESTORES.

IT WILL DIMINISH THE MOST FORMIDABLE
FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.
OLDER DOCTRINE, HARDER, HARDER OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.
IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO THE FEMALES
the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy. It will in a short time remove Obstructions, Pain, Inflammation, Ulceration or Displacement of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, and for all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and the urinary organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause, at this period of life.

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
This is truly WORLD RENOWNED REMEDY.
Take no more Drastic Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous Diseases.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is a Sovereign Remedy
For Diseases, Weakness, Imprudence, Indiscretion, Exposure, &c.
It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urination, thereby removing Obstructions,
Preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra,
Allaying pain and Inflammation, so frequent in those diseases of the Urinary Organs.
Dose—One teaspoonful in water, or Wine, Whiskey, Brandy or Gin Cocktail, or Punch, or Champagne, or in the form of Lozenge or Jelly.
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Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or abuse.
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Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Pain in the Back,
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DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
This is truly WORLD RENOWNED REMEDY.
Take no more Drastic

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, January 17, 1861.

THE MASSACHUSETTS PERSONAL LIBERTY LAW. We have before us a pamphlet of some twenty pages, written by Judge B. F. Thomas, entitled "A few suggestions upon the Personal Liberty Law and 'Secession' (so called), in a letter to a friend." This pamphlet, as any one knowing the reputation of the writer would expect, treats the subject taken up with a great deal of ability. First he holds that the law should be repealed. "If the Fugitive Slave Law of 1850," he says, "was industriously meant to be offensive; it is unnecessarily harsh and rigorous; it fails to effect from its great severity; in many of its essential features, it is in conflict with the constitution of the United States; but the law has been held valid by those who had the rightful power to pass upon it; and, as a good citizen, I must bow to its authority"—says in substance Judge Thomas.—"No human ingenuity," he goes on, "can contrive a State law or ordinance which can defeat, or fairly shield a man, from a law of the United States, which the courts of the United States have declared to be valid." And then, turning to the statute of this State which he proposes to repeal, he says—"there never has been a day or an hour in Massachusetts, when the arrest of any fugitive from service has been obstructed by any law of Massachusetts; that is, by any statute recognized and enforced by its judicial tribunals"—which is as much as to say, the present personal liberty law is of no practical use.

In one respect, he regards the law unconstitutional, viz: that clause which provides for taking the alleged fugitive out of the custody of the marshal, he claims, as a matter of strict law, the statute is in conflict with the constitution of the United States: it has done no good, and he fears has done much practical evil. He would, therefore, abrogate it without delay. It can neither impair nor mitigate the rigor of the Fugitive Slave Law, with which it is at variance. "The statute is opposed to a State Legislature, in conflict with that constitution, is itself broken by the collision, and not the constitution—the hammer, not the anvil." And Judge concludes that the "best thing that can be done with the remains of the statute of 1855, is to lay them upon the alter of the country."

The "letter" then goes on to consider the secession question, and the course adopted by South Carolina and the seceding States. On this point he takes the strongest ground. There is, he says, "a sensibility bordering on fear," in regard to the resort to force. But the passing of a secession ordinance by a State, he maintains, makes no difference in the duty of the Federal Government. That remains what it was before. The laws must be enforced, even if civil war be the result; but he remarks, we are in the midst of a civil war already. He sees no hope of a remedy for the present state of things by amending the constitution; nor can he suggest a satisfactory termination of our present difficulties is under the constitution as it is.

The pamphlet, in our estimation, treats both the questions it discusses in a fair, rational, comprehensive light, and is entitled to much weight with the wavering and doubting.

THE NEW SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY. George A. Dix, recently appointed Secretary of the Treasury, is a native of Littleton, in this county, about sixty-five years of age, and is from the right kind of "stock" for a faithful and patriotic guardian of the country's interests. He was a soldier in the last war with Great Britain. When a young man, he settled in New York, and was a member, we think, of both branches of the Legislature of that State. When Hon. Silas Wright, in 1844, resigned his seat in the United Senate to assume the office of Governor of New York, Mr. Dix was chosen to fill the vacancy, and served until 1849, when he was succeeded by Mr. Seward. He voted for the annexation of Texas, and when he found that the war which followed that act was intended to extend the area of slavery he opposed the policy of Mr. Polk's Administration, voted for the Wilmot Proviso, and joined the Barnburner's party as it was called in New York, which subsequently was known as the Free Soil party in the campaign of 1848, Mr. Dix being its candidate for Governor, but was defeated. Mr. Dix subsequently returned to the Democratic party giving a support to Gen. Pierce in 1852, Mr. Buchanan in 1856. When Mr. Fowler proved a defaulter in the New York post-office, about a year since, Mr. Dix was appointed as his successor. We think that Mr. Buchanan has taken the right course in selecting a man of Mr. Dix's calibre to extricate the Treasury from its present condition, and also to select him as one his Constitutional advisers in the present condition of the country.

THE COMMITTEE OF THIRTY-THREE.—Mr. Corwin, from the House Committee of thirty three, made a report to the House on Monday evening. Without allowing it to be read, it was sent immediately to the printer. It embraces three important propositions:—

1. H. Winter Davis' fugitive slave law proposition, as amended by Mr. Bingham of Ohio.

2. Mr. Adams' proposition to admit New Mexico, with or without slavery.

3. Mr. Adams' proposition to amend the Constitution, protecting slavery forever in the States where it belongs.

The committee, or a very few of them, agreed to allow the propositions to be reported to the House, with such remarks as Mr. Corwin might suggest, but he is responsible for what he says, and no other member of the committee, therefore, in the formal report signed by the members, for the very good reason that in no one proposition submitted to them, were they a unit.

MESSRS. TOOMBS OF NEW YORK—Doolittle and Washburn of Wisconsin, unite in a minority report, which goes against all compromises, but declares, in strong and clear terms, for the Union and the enforcement of the laws. Other minority reports will be presented.

AT Bangor, Me., a robin has made his home in the grave bordering the Kenduskeag stream, up to last week.

MASSACHUSETTS MILITIA. The following general order of the Commander-in-Chief looking to the regeneration, of the valuable militia of this State, appears, officially in the Boston papers of this morning:—It sufficiently explains itself:—

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, January 16, 1861.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 4.

Events which have recently occurred and are in progress, require that Massachusetts should be at all times ready to furnish her quota of troops, upon any requisition of the President of the United States to aid in the maintenance of the laws and the peace of the Union. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief therefore orders:

That the commanding officer of each company of Volunteer Militia examine with care the Roll of his company, and cause the name of each member, together with his rank and place of residence, to be properly recorded, and a copy of the same to be forwarded to the office of the Adjutant-General. Previous to which commanders of companies shall make strict enquiry whether there are men in their companies, who, from age, physical defect, business, or family causes, may be unable or indisposed to respond at once to the orders of the Commander-in-Chief, made in response to the call of the President of the United States, that they may be forthwith discharged, and that thus their places may be filled by men ready for any public exigency which may arise, whenever called upon.

After the above orders have been fulfilled, no discharge, either of an officer or a private, shall be granted, unless for cause satisfactory to the Commander-in-Chief.

If any companies have not the number of men allowed by law, the commanders of such corps shall make application to the Adjutant-General, and the men properly drilled and uniformed, and their names and place of residence forwarded to Headquarters.

It is presumed the objects embraced in this order, the General, Field and Staff officers, and the Adjutant and Acting Quartermaster-General will give all the aid and assistance in their power.

Major-General Sutton, Morse and Andrews, will cause this order to be promulgated throughout their respective Divisions.

By command of his Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

WM. SCHOULER, Adjutant-General.

LATEST FROM SOUTH CAROLINA. Under date of January 16th, the following dispatches are sent from Washington, relative to the affairs at Charleston. It is reasonably bordering on fear," in regard to the resort to force. But the passing of a secession ordinance by a State, he maintains, makes no difference in the duty of the Federal Government. That remains what it was before. The laws must be enforced, even if civil war be the result; but he remarks, we are in the midst of a civil war already. He sees no hope of a remedy for the present state of things by amending the constitution; nor can he suggest a satisfactory termination of our present difficulties is under the constitution as it is.

The pamphlet, in our estimation, treats both the questions it discusses in a fair, rational, comprehensive light, and is entitled to much weight with the wavering and doubting.

THE NEW SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY. George A. Dix, recently appointed Secretary of the Treasury, is a native of Littleton, in this county, about sixty-five years of age, and is from the right kind of "stock" for a faithful and patriotic guardian of the country's interests. He was a soldier in the last war with Great Britain. When a young man, he settled in New York, and was a member, we think, of both branches of the Legislature of that State. When Hon. Silas Wright, in 1844, resigned his seat in the United Senate to assume the office of Governor of New York, Mr. Dix was chosen to fill the vacancy, and served until 1849, when he was succeeded by Mr. Seward. He voted for the annexation of Texas, and when he found that the war which followed that act was intended to extend the area of slavery he opposed the policy of Mr. Polk's Administration, voted for the Wilmot Proviso, and joined the Barnburner's party as it was called in New York, which subsequently was known as the Free Soil party in the campaign of 1848, Mr. Dix being its candidate for Governor, but was defeated. Mr. Dix subsequently returned to the Democratic party giving a support to Gen. Pierce in 1852, Mr. Buchanan in 1856. When Mr. Fowler proved a defaulter in the New York post-office, about a year since, Mr. Dix was appointed as his successor. We think that Mr. Buchanan has taken the right course in selecting a man of Mr. Dix's calibre to extricate the Treasury from its present condition, and also to select him as one his Constitutional advisers in the present condition of the country.

THE COMMITTEE OF THIRTY-THREE.—Mr. Corwin, from the House Committee of thirty three, made a report to the House on Monday evening. Without allowing it to be read, it was sent immediately to the printer. It embraces three important propositions:—

1. H. Winter Davis' fugitive slave law proposition, as amended by Mr. Bingham of Ohio.

2. Mr. Adams' proposition to admit New Mexico, with or without slavery.

3. Mr. Adams proposition to amend the Constitution, protecting slavery forever in the States where it belongs.

The committee, or a very few of them, agreed to allow the propositions to be reported to the House, with such remarks as Mr. Corwin might suggest, but he is responsible for what he says, and no other member of the committee, therefore, in the formal report signed by the members, for the very good reason that in no one proposition submitted to them, were they a unit.

MESSRS. TOOMBS OF NEW YORK—Doolittle and Washburn of Wisconsin, unite in a minority report, which goes against all compromises, but declares, in strong and clear terms, for the Union and the enforcement of the laws. Other minority reports will be presented.

AT Bangor, Me., a robin has made his home in the grave bordering the Kenduskeag stream, up to last week.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate the resolves relative to sending aid to the suffering poor in Charleston, S. C., which originated in the House, were disposed of by indefinitely postponing action on them. The bill to increase the volunteer militia was discussed at some length, in which several Senators took part, but a motion to adjourn prevailed before it was disposed of.

In the House, among numerous petitions was that of W. A. Burke and others, of this city, for a savings bank. A bill to incorporate the Paige Mills, for manufacturing purposes, petitioned for by E. S. Storrow of Lawrence, was reported and once read. The resolve to establish the office of Private Secretary to the Governor, passed to be enacted. A petition was received from Isaac Hinckley, and 47 others of Lowell, for a repeal of the law in relation to proxy voting in corporations.

CAN AN individual secede? A correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press* asks—"Can an individual secede?" and then states his circumstances, as follows:—

"I am a citizen of West Hempfield township, Lancaster county, Pa. My taxes are heavy, mine amounting to about $200 a year. I wish to know whether I have not as good right to secede as South Carolina or *New York*? *I desire to establish a monarchy in a small way, myself to be* monarch, and I am entirely independent of the world. I have very many friends, in my views, about equal to the white population of South Carolina, two guns, a revolver, and three ball-dogs, six months' provision, &c. Now, if I have the right, say so, and I will fight it to the *butter end*."

IN TROUBLE. It will be remembered that by a vote of fifteen to fourteen, the Hon. Mr. Beecher's church at Georgetown, Mass., decided not to pray for the country on the 4th of this month, as recommended by Mr. Buchanan. Since that time, twenty-three members of the church have signed a protest in which they denounce the action of the majority as "anti-Christian, insidious, wrong in spirit, pernicious in their results." Considerable excitement has arisen in that vicinity in consequence of this little bit of impropriety at the start.—So much for indication.

FAILURE OF CYRUS W. FIELD. The failure of Cyrus W. Field is announced in our money article. It is said that the estate will pay less than twenty-five cents on the dollar. He has never recovered from the Atlantic Cable operation. Had that been successful as it should have been on account of the marked and successful men of New York; but that failed, and he has gone down with it, says a correspondent of the *Boston Journal*.

DEATH OF PROF. HADDOCK. Charles Brickett Haddock, formerly Professor of Christian Ethics in Newton College, and minister to Portugal under President Tyler, died suddenly at his residence in West Lebanon, N. H., on the 15th inst. He was a nephew of the late Daniel Webster, and was one of the most accomplished scholars in the country. He was not far from sixty years of age.

ROBBERY AT LAWRENCE. On Tuesday night, the store of Charles W. Pratt was broken into and robbed of a large number of gold and silver watches, gold chains, &c.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A CLERGYMAN. The Rev. J. H. Washburn, of Milford, Mass., died very suddenly on Tuesday morning, probably in an apoplectic fit. He was a brother of the late Hon. Levi Woodbury.

THE Maine Legislature, yesterday, by a joint resolution, unanimously requested the Governor to tender to the President of the United States all the resources of Maine, both in men and money, for the maintenance of the Union and the enforcement of the laws. Good, for the Pine Tree State!

GOV. LANE, of Indiana, has been elected to the United States Senate, and yesterday, Lieutenant Governor Morton was sworn in Governor, the resignation of Mr. Lane leaving the office vacant.

THE *Boston Traveller* intimates that a majority of the Legislature of this State will go with Gov. Andrew against the repeal of the Personal Liberty Law.

IT is reported that Gov. Pickens has telegraphed to Washington that the Ship of State of the Republic, New York, that no flag and no vessel will be disturbed or prevented from entering Charleston harbor unless bearing hostile troops or munitions of war for Fort Sumter.

On Friday last ex-Adjutant General Stone fell upon the sidewalk, in Boston, and broke both of the bones of his left arm at the wrist.

A PERSON named Jewett, not "unknown to fame," is trying to get his name up.—He has within a few days, written several letters to Senators, including Governor Seward, proposing to take the entire responsibility of saving the Union. The same gentleman has written his resolves to Governor Wise, Brooks Peak, to secede, should his plans fail.

A NEW YORK paper says that a manufacturer of fire arms in that city has, like a true patriot, lately refused to sell his guns to go South, to be used against the stars and stripes. His residence is not far from Maiden lane.

LUCIUS M. PERRY, a carpenter, was knocked down and robbed in Roxbury, yesterday morning. He was so much beaten that his recovery is a matter of doubt.

A FIRE occurred at No. 13 Elm Street, Boston, yesterday morning, involving a loss of $12,000. The principal loser is Henry A. Winship, trunk manufacturer.

FIVE THOUSAND citizens of Washington, have already been enrolled for the defence of the Capital, in case of an attack from the secessionists, and the work of enrollment goes heavily on.

THE new mayor, of Lynn, Mr. Breed, who is a quarry owner, has, we learn, contracted for City Marshal, James Dillon, the leader of the late strike in that city, and the Board of Aldermen confirmed the nomination.

BENJAMIN BUTLER was fined one dollar and costs in East Haddam, Ct., last week, for swearing at a fellow citizen. He had "*remade them*, without regard to the blood or treasure that may be expended."

CITY AND VICINITY.

TO PARENTS AND TEACHERS.

By request of several of our citizens, Dr. IRO LEW HYDE, of Boston, the well known author of a new system of Gymnastics for Schools and Families, will deliver a Lecture on Physical Training, in Huntington Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 17th.

At the close of the lecture he will explain and illustrate his system by twenty lady pupils from our public schools, and display some Heavenly effective Gymnastic Exercises.

It is designed, if sufficient interest be awakened, to form a Class—both of Adults and Children—to be thoroughly instructed in the system in a course of lessons by Dr. L. Hyde, if one can be formed numerous classes in the schools of Boston and vicinity, and also in large parts of the country.

Admission—Gentlemen 25 cents; Ladies and Children 15 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock, and Lecture commences at 7½.

Many of our citizens, Teachers and others, who have listened to Dr. LEW L. HYDE, and witnessed his Experiments, will heartily endorse the recommendations of Gymnastic Exercises.

"Nothing has before been presented which is at all comparable with it."—*Lee Democrat*.

"Dr. Lewis' lecture and gymnastics at Tremont Temple, were grand exercises."—*Worcester Transcript*.

"The remark was made the tips of many, that if no other exercise was had, they were amply repaid for coming hundreds of miles to Boston, by witnessing these Gymnastic exercises and hearing Dr. Lewis' explanations."—*New York Times' Report of Meeting of American Institute & Instruction*.

jan16 1t eow

THE LECTURE LAST EVENING. The seventh of the course of lectures before the Mechanics' Mutual Improvement Association was delivered last evening by Col. Edward G. Parker, of Brookline, to a fair audience, though in consequence of the inclemency of the weather not a very previous lecture of the course this season.

The lecturer commenced by saying that whenever any people in the history of the great men, especially great in war or words. We elevate their figures until they touch the skies. Such is the tendency of mankind to deify their heroes.

Twenty years ago, not one entered the National House of Representatives on one side of the Speaker, he would have noticed a white haired man, with a bold, broad forehead. He would have recognized in him the second President of the line of Adams, the New England representative of free speech, better known as the "old man eloquent."

In the Senate one would have seen the three great chiefs—the three statesmen of America. That noble man, taller than the rest, was the great statesman of the West and Henry Clay, of Kentucky. Opposite to him was to be seen Calhoun, a dangerous man, of Italian features. He studied closely the Senate chamber as though revolving some great scheme, and devising ways by which to carry out the object of his great mind—secession. Properly has John C. Calhoun been called John *Catalina* Calhoun. His features were uttered with diabolical cynical precision. Between these two there sat another, whose name would call to the mind when...we hear the word *statesman* spoken. He always appeared as if impressed with loyalty, and reminded one less a senator than the ruler of a people. Such was the style of Daniel Webster.—Three three men were more eloquent in silence than others were in speech.

Let us look into the Supreme Court.—Who is that man with black curly hair, who speech makes a Roman declaiming at liberty!—Like Edward Kean, he seems terribly in earnest. One would soon be impressed with the idea that the speaker was the leader of the American Bar—Rufus Choate. He seems intent on fire with his subject when he spoke.—He was the dashing Zouave of forensic war.

The traveller turns from Washington and soon finds himself in the metropolis of New England. Faneuil Hall is open, and a great orator is to speak in praise of the illustrious dead. As he lives, one would think that Demosthenes is speaking. Can we conjure up that hour of dulcet elocution while Edward Everett is speaking of Washington? Such was the state of things in his country twenty years ago. Now, we are the great men in the present crisis?—In the statement we cannot count so many eloquent men to fill their places. We may find some statesmen, but demagogues are more numerous.

The demagogue is entirely selfish. Does nothing except for personal aggrandizement. The statesman likes public approval at the encouragement which it gives to do right, but the demagogue is entirely wrapped up in self-promotion. Like as a mere fight and game to him. He does not use himself for his country, but his country for himself. We do not often find a Washington to direct such a people, but we could him; a Henry Clay to say: "I would rather be right than be President"—and often do we find a Garibaldi (applause) to consend for Italian liberty. Not often do we find an Andersen, (Applause.) The bravery of the latter would never have been known, but for favorable circumstances. He has birthed the heart of the country by a single bold act. (Applause). He planted the star spangled banner on the battlements of that fort and resolved to stand by it until the last man fell—that single act he might have lived and died unknown. Not often does such an opportunity offer itself to any man.

George Canning and Henry Clay showed themselves to be statesmen; especially the latter when he said that he never would consent to the extension of slavery an inch farther; but would rather that it was confined only to ruinous in the long run. A Pierre Soule would have said that we have Mexico for slavery, for it will pay at present. The demagogue wallows pleasure and things now, and does not look to the future. He is Austrian in his heart, and Attila in his blood. We have them in every party. When Carl Schurz, an able and renowned statesman of Germany, was here, he was astonished at the number of his fellow-citizens who were demagogues, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

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DETENTION OF TRAINS. The snow of yesterday detained most of the trains running into Lowell. The train which was due at 9 o'clock last evening did not reach here until a quarter before nine o'clock. The last train from the North last night did not reach here until about 2 o'clock this morning. The first train from Boston this morning was half an hour behind time. The first train from Lawrence had not reached here at 9 o'clock this morning. The detention is the first storm of the winter that has seriously detained any of the railroad trains.

BELVIDERE WOOLEN COMPANY. In the Massachusetts Legislature on Wednesday, the committee on manufactures had a hearing on the petition of the Belvidere Woolen Company for an increase of capital, and they agreed to report a bill in accordance with the wishes of the Company.—Such was the petition, which was granted, and the bill will give them $180,000 more. It is their intention to build a new mill at Whipple's Ville.

POLICE COURT. Thursday, January 17th. Julia Ann and Jeremiah Eddy, each charged with the larceny of various articles of clothing, &c., the property of Irish servant persons in speech and behaviour, were ordered until the 26th inst.

George H. Ayer, truant, was ordered for one month.

NEW FIRM. Mr. E. B. Patch, who has long been in the auction and commission business in this city, has admitted his son, J. Wheelock Patch, as a partner in his business. They will continue at the old stand, 23 MERRIMACK STREET. We wish the most unbounded prosperity to the new firm.

THE LOST FOUND. Charles Taylor, mentioned on Tuesday as missing, has been found. He was at work at Dyan's stable on Middlesex street, and had been under the impression that he had not had time to call at his boarding-place in Centralville after his clothes.

MILITARY ORDER. The order from the Commander-in-Chief, Gov. Andrew, will be found of great interest by military men and others. We understand that all four of our military companies have voted to tender their services to the President if required.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS are cordially remembered of the Lecture and gymnastic exhibition at Huntington Hall to night.

THE *Knickerbocker Magazine*, for February, has already been received at Sargent's Bookstore, City Government Building. "*Old Knick*" has always been a welcome visitor at our fireside, and never more so than under its present management. The present number has some really very fine things, which should be read by every one. Call and get it and be acquainted with this old standard monthly.

STATE ALMSHOUSE AT TEWKSBURY. The following statement of some of the expenses of this institution was transmitted to the Legislature yesterday: Flour, $6000; meat, $4000; fish, $1000; groceries and provisions, $4000; salaries, $7,500; coal, $14,000. Referred to Committee on accounts.

THE SPIRIT OF SECESSION. How little secession really proceeds from the causes generally alleged, and how little chance there is of reconciling it by any of the proposed remedies may be seen from the following extract from the *Holly Springs (Miss.) Herald* of January 4th:—

"Before we issue our present paper, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida will be out of the Union. Sovereign sovereigns are no longer tied to a government that has been sucking their life's blood for the last thirty years. Let the Black Republicans of the cotton States, and probably all the slave States, will be an independent confederation."

MANLY WORDS. The *Bath Times*, one of the most upright Democratic papers in New England, says:—

"For good or for evil, for weal or for woe, we have got to take Mr. Lincoln for President the next four years, and to please me one single hair we have got to go a-pulling against him in advance, by continually representing that he and his friends are about overturning the evils of the hour; but we don't believe it."

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DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS,
Bringing most satisfactory

IT is this great medicine has supplanted all others for the cure of diseases of the Liver in effects as a solvent and speedy, and at the same time so perfectly safe, that it is not surprising it should supersede all others invented by a very distinguished physician of Virginia, who practised in a region of country in which Fevers, or Liver Complaints, in a greater or lesser degree, are constant, and the kind spent years in discovering the ingredients and proportions—the result of many, these Pills are peculiarly adapted to every form of the disease, and never fail to alleviate the most obstinate cases of that terrible complaint. They have justly universal celebrated, and the researches of Dr. M'Lane have placed his name among the benefactors of mankind. No one having symptoms of this form-dable complaint should be without these invaluable Pills. Have you a pain in the right side, under the shoulder blade, which sometimes pains—unable to lie with ease on the left side—with occasional, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder blade, extending to the top of the shoulder? Rely upon it that although you may have only some times taken for rheumatic, they all arise from diseases of the Liver; and if you would have relief, go immediately and buy a box of M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared only by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh.

GET Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, and take no other. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, but the only genuine Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can be had at the principal retail drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

Pittsburgh.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and full description of the Railroads in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For Sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

jan15 2m

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Always on hand, and for sale at the lowest cash prices, a large assortment of Furs, Robes, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, &c. Furs made and repaired in the store at short notice.

163 Merrimack St. W. BASON.

jan18 3m

FARLEY STOVES. Call and see Magee's Improved Parlor Stoves, at the Stove and Tin Store of Farley & Hall, with new and improved gas burner, oven, &c., at reduced prices. dtf

FIELD & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the sewing machine, for which Mr. A. M. Bininger is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It emits less money,
And has very other free burning coal. And the genuine can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENCY,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
Dec. 12. 6m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. S. Coburn, S. W. Nichols, D. S. Richardson,
C. Hamblett, B. Bosford, Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Brown, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Lowell, July 13, 1860. ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice and have found it to be the best article for the purpose ever offered to the profession. They are now prepared to use it more extensively. They have also a large assortment of Mineral Teeth, and dental preparations in relation to the cause of the various articles in the mouth. Those who may wish to confer every other article now in use, there are many who find an Anodyne, (Applause.) Like Jackson, he was the bravery of the latter would never have been known, but for favorable circumstances. He has birthed the heart of the country by a single bold act. (Applause). He planted the star spangled banner on the battlements of that fort and resolved to stand by it until the last man fell—that single act he might have lived and died unknown. Not often does such an opportunity offer itself to any man.

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ÆTNA Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1819.
Cash Capital..... $1,500,000
Surplus..... $700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital..... $500,000
Surplus..... $400,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus..... $350,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.
Springfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus..... $400,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus..... $300,000.

The above Companies offer unquestionable security on property at as low rates as other companies. Office, 23 MERRIMACK STREET, Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Agent.

Lowell, July 13, 1860. ly

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are found in the following: Simplicity of construction and freedom from liability to get out of order, upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of sewing, these Pills are peculiarly adapted to every form of the disease, and never fail to alleviate the most obstinate cases of that terrible complaint. They have justly universal celebrated, and the researches of Dr. M'Lane have placed his name among the benefactors of mankind. No one having symptoms of this form-dable complaint should be without these invaluable Pills. Have you a pain in the right side, under the shoulder blade, which sometimes pains—unable to lie with ease on the left side—with occasional, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder blade, extending to the top of the shoulder? Rely upon it that although you may have only some times taken for rheumatic, they all arise from diseases of the Liver; and if you would have relief, go immediately and buy a box of M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared only by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh.

GET Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, and take no other. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, but the only genuine Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can be had at the principal retail drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

Pittsburgh.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and full description of the Railroads in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For Sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

jan15 2m

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Always on hand, and for sale at the lowest cash prices, a large assortment of Furs, Robes, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, &c. Furs made and repaired in the store at short notice.

163 Merrimack St. W. BASON.

jan18 3m

FARLEY STOVES. Call and see Magee's Improved Parlor Stoves, at the Stove and Tin Store of Farley & Hall, with new and improved gas burner, oven, &c., at reduced prices. dtf

FIELD & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the sewing machine, for which Mr. A. M. Bininger is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It emits less money,
And has very other free burning coal. And the genuine can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENCY,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
Dec. 12. 6m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. S. Coburn, S. W. Nichols, D. S. Richardson,
C. Hamblett, B. Bosford, Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Brown, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Lowell, July 13, 1860. ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice and have found it to be the best article for the purpose ever offered to the profession. They are now prepared to use it more extensively. They have also a large assortment of Mineral Teeth, and dental preparations in relation to the cause of the various articles in the mouth. Those who may wish to confer every other article now in use, there are many who find an Anodyne, (Applause.) Like Jackson, he was the bravery of the latter would never have been known, but for favorable circumstances. He has birthed the heart of the country by a single bold act. (Applause). He planted the star spangled banner on the battlements of that fort and resolved to stand by it until the last man fell—that single act he might have lived and died unknown. Not often does such an opportunity offer itself to any man.

George Canning and Henry Clay showed themselves to be statesmen; especially the latter when he said that he never would consent to the extension of slavery an inch farther; but would rather that it was confined only to ruinous in the long run. A Pierre Soule would have said that we have Mexico for slavery, for it will pay at present. The demagogue wallows pleasure and things now, and does not look to the future. He is Austrian in his heart, and Attila in his blood. We have them in every party. When Carl Schurz, an able and renowned statesman of Germany, was here, he was astonished at the number of his fellow-citizens who were demagogues, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

THE SPIRIT OF SECESSION. How little secession really proceeds from the causes generally alleged, and how little chance there is of reconciling it by any of the proposed remedies may be seen from the following extract from the *Holly Springs (Miss.) Herald* of January 4th:—

"Before we issue our present paper, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida will be out of the Union. Sovereign sovereigns are no longer tied to a government that has been sucking their life's blood for the last thirty years. Let the Black Republicans of the cotton States, and probably all the slave States, will be an independent confederation."

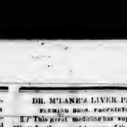
MANLY WORDS. The *Bath Times*, one of the most upright Democratic papers in New England, says:—

"For good or for evil, for weal or for woe, we have got to take Mr. Lincoln for President the next four years, and to please me one single hair we have got to go a-pulling against him in advance, by continually representing that he and his friends are about overturning the evils of the hour; but we don't believe it."

GEN. SEWARD has tendered the First Division of the New York State Militia to the Commander-in-Chief, to be ready at an hour's notice.

LORD CATHNESS, a Scottish nobleman, has been creating a sensation in London, with his new steam carriage. He is said to have driven through the most crowded parts without frightening the horses, and threaded the vehicles, thickly strewn as they are in the city, with ease and elegance.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



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PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

It precisely what its name indicates for, while pleasant to the taste, it is restratively, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also assimilates, nurtures and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form, so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to use *in such a perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence cause the most wonderful stomach*, and tone up the entire digestive organs, and also all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly enharmony in its effects, and yet it is never followed by laxatives or depression of spirits. It is compounded entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and sedative properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility, for it opens no medical skill or knowledge even to the most illiterate, and hence all kinds of disease, and has the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable; such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Listlessness, and similar kinds of cases, as fearful fatal if scattered to in time, called Female Weakness or Irregularities. Also, Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Inconvenience in Passing water, general derangement of the Urinary Organs, Pain in the Back, Dimness before the Shoulders, predisposition to Chills, Colds, Fevers and confirmed Cough. Emaciation, difficulty of Breathing, and indeed every fearful symptom; more exist, but we have space only to say, it will not cure every one of the following Chills and Fever, but prevent all attacks among the most delicate, and cure the diseases at once. If Scrofula or taint. And in a short time all recoils and permanently upon the biliary system, removing the filthy and poisoning, promoting, in fact, all the excretions and secretions of the system, it will absolutely prevent any deleterious consequences arising from change of climate and water; hence all travellers should have a bottle with them, or all persons who take a trip to any part of the country. As a preventive and restorative for digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, ministers, literary men, &c. And all who feel apprehensive of any outside exercise should always use it. If they will not find it an agreeable, pleasant, and efficient remedy as they desire all kinds without exception. Prepared only by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

From Sept. 17th, 1857 to June 17th, 1858, the sole proprietor sold 1,000 bottles. From June 17th, 1858, to same period, 1859, 10,000 bottles. From June 17th, 1859, to same period, 1860, 20,000 bottles. From June 17th, 1860, to same period, 1861, 30,000 bottles. Which number is equivalent to 1,000 bottles per week, and is certain to have the largest sale of any article in the world. Such a medicine is too beneficial and responsible character will accompany its meritorious.

CERTIFICATE CURES.

Price 1 to 2 lb pure standing.

WITH NAMES AND RESIDENCE AND FAME.

Price $1.00 per BOTTLE, or six for $5.00. Delivered by agents in every town in the Union on receipt of price.

DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS. Advice gratis!!

Cures Guaranteed in every instance.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, the Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no mercury, mineral or other poisonous drug, but are entirely vegetable

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 6th day of November, 1854. WM. F. HIBBERD, *Alderman*.

Address letters for information, which will be promptly answered, to H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS.

Who endeavor to dispose of "no truth new" and "cheap" articles on the reputation of Helmbold's genuine Preparations.

Helmbold's Genuine Extract Buchu.

Helmbold's Genuine Sarsaparilla.

Helmbold's Genuine Rose Wash.

Helmbold's Genuine Compound Fluid Extract Buchu.

Helmbold's Genuine Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla.

Helmbold's Genuine Rose Wash.

Prepared and sold by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist, 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Sold by R. KIDDER, Jr., and Druggists everywhere.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

URINARY ORGANS.

Whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing. IT IS GENERALLY PREScribed IN THE DISEASES OF THESE ORGANS requires the aid of a DIURETIC. THE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all cases for which IT IS RECOMMENDED.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

SECRET DISEASES

In all their Stages, at little expense; little or no change in diet; no inconvenience, and no exposure.

The Extract Buchu is unequalled by any known remedy in the world, as in many of these diseases, and cure the diseases at once. It prevents a stricture, and is a safe guard against mercurial poisoning, and is certain to have the desired effect in all cases for which IT IS RECOMMENDED.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

SKIN.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

BLOOD.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

SYSTEM.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

WHOLE FRAME.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

HUMAN FAMILY.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

EVERYBODY.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

EVERYWHERE.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections of the

EVERYTHING

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, January 18, 1861.

It would seem as if the fact that throughout the North and Northwest there is but one party, when accession and dissolution are openly avowed by the representatives of a few States—one-half of whose population is regarded as chattel property—would be sufficient to encourage the Executive to exert every power given into his hands, to "crush out" the first spark and slightest demonstration against the National Government. Mr. Buchanan has Congress to sustain him (there is no denying this fact now); and more than that, he has full three-quarters of the people back of Congress, to uphold him in every well-directed effort to preserve inviolate the constitution and laws of our country. The army and navy in sentiment are opposed to the secession movement that has been inaugurated by South Carolina, and although terrible as is the thought that there should be war waged against a sister State, these two defences of the country would respond with alacrity to put down a rebellion that threatened the security of the whole. With every resource of the country at his disposal, what could have deterred Mr. Buchanan from using the most prompt and decisive measures to "nip in the bud" the secession movement of South Carolina? At first Mr. Buchanan was surrounded by a class of men entirely different from those who are now his advisers. Cobb and Floyd, two as arch traitors as there are unhung, were the evil geniuses who influenced and who quieted Mr. Buchanan's fears and enlisted his sympathy for the South while they were inciting their respective States into treasonable deeds, if they were not supplying them from the resources of the National Government, the means of resistance to its laws. These men, and others of their sentiments, have been displaced, and not until official proof can be had, will not remain to see his country dishonored, had left the Cabinet. The immediate change of policy on the part of the President after he had parted with such traitorous advisers, strikingly exhibits the influence these bad men had over him. The presence of Gen. Scott in Washington, his patriotic determination, and his well known treasonable movements that had been started by South Carolina, and to save his country, had a marked influence on Mr. Buchanan, and Gen. Scott, previously the idol of his country, became with all who wished its preservation, in more respects than one, a colossus. The wise determination of Mr. Holt, from whom at first little was to be expected, also commanded the admiration of all; and from the moment the influence of these men began to be felt, there has been an increasing confidence with the masses that the conspiring South would be defeated and the Union would be preserved. The whole country was marveling at the stupidity of Mr. Buchanan, while he was under the spell of Cobb, Floyd & Co., and as with one voice, throughout all the free States, every action of the President, which has had an influence to check the mad career of these men, has received unmistakable evidences of approbation.—**There are none in the two great political parties that have ever sought the destruction of the Union; on the contrary they would arm themselves for its preservation, and hang the traitors who raise their hands against the American flag, wherever it floats.**—North or South.

At present we think Mr. Buchanan is acting wisely, although some affairs of a recent occurrence, from an outside understanding of them, do not seem to be precisely in the right direction; but we have faith in those whose advice he will follow, and although we cannot foresee, or even percieve the end, we cannot believe but there is to be a collision between the National Government and any of the Southern States. The worst, we imagine, is to transpire between the present time and the inauguration of Mr. Lincoln. It is the duty of Republicans to manifest no shirking responsibilities at this time; the principles on which their candidate for President was elected, if carried out to the letter, cannot conflict with the interests of any section of country, and on the threshold of success, it would be the greatest folly to relinquish any point they have gained in an open and fair contest. Moderation, determination, and justice to all men should govern them now and hereafter.

THE GRAND DIVISION OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE IN MASSACHUSETTS. We learn from the *Newburyport Herald* that the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance in this State held a quarterly meeting at Dennis Hall, in that city, on Wednesday last. About one hundred delegates were present, and all the officers but one were in their places. Twenty-eight new delegates were initiated, and in all their doings the utmost harmony prevailed.—The officers reported a very gratifying progress in the past three months. Forty-seven Divisions had been visited by the Grand Officers and their special Deputies; and eight new charters had been granted, making the total 197. The whole number of male members now on the list is 16,—and 075; admitted during the quarter 1,709.—Of lady visitors 1,698 were admitted, making the whole number 21,222. Public meetings held 180; temperance documents distributed, 1,981.

A NEW WAY TO SELECT POSTMASTERS.—The Republicans of Ashtabula County, Ohio, have agreed to select their postmasters by ballot, in the several townships, February 9th, and the Republican County Committee promises, if they are suitable men, to see them all appointed by the President. We have heard the same suggestion made in regard to selecting a Postmaster for Lowell. It is not impossible that the people would agree to such an arrangement as this: but they might in their selection disappoint somebody seriously—shockingly; but the propriety of the movement is debatable, nevertheless.

MRS. MARY CALDWELL, widow of the late Joseph Caldwell, of Amesbury, and sister of John G. Whittier, the poet, died on the 7th inst., at her residence in Amesbury, aged fifty-four years.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. Yesterday in the Senate the only important business was the consideration of the bill in relation to threatening the militia of the State. There was an animated discussion on the subject. Mr. Carter, of Hampden, moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on the Militia, as he believed it was too indefinite; it was not yet time to prepare for war, and he thought it would be more becoming if they should repeal the Personal Liberty bill, as the first step in their legislation looking to Federal affairs. Mr. Norton, of Middlesex, never would vote for the repeal of the Personal Liberty Law, or any other law, until Massachusetts was armed to the hilt, and could say to the President that she was ready to fight for the Union and the enforcement of the laws. He was opposed to any concession, to any attempt even at conciliation. It was enough that the American flag had been torn down by miserable traitors, and a piratical flag hoisted in its place. It was no part of the duty of government to allow itself to be smitten on both cheeks. The motion of Mr. Carter was carried by 15 to 14.

In the House, petitions from John G. Rogers and others, and Ithamar W. Board and others, of Lowell, against the repeal of the law relating to corporations; also from Charles F. Battles, and forty-seven others, and John B. McAlvin and one other, of Lowell, for the repeal of the Personal Liberty bill, were presented. An order was adopted for the Judiciary Committee to consider the expediency of repealing chapter 105 of the acts and resolves of 1860, in relation to single acts of drunkenness.—Mr. Davis, of Greenfield, introduced a bill to prevent the invasion of other States or Territories, by citizens of Massachusetts under severe penalties. Referred to Committee on Federal Relations.

Mr. Chase, of Haverhill, introduced an order for the joint special committee on so much of the Governor's address as relates to the Personal Liberty Bill, to report as soon as practicable. Messrs. Chase, of Haverhill, Ward, of Lancaster, and Davis, of Greenfield, supported the order, and Calhoun, of Springfield, and Pierce of Dorchester, opposed it. The order was laid on the table, by a vote of 122 to 98.—Messrs. Clark and Favor, of this city, voted in the affirmative, and Messrs. Nichols, Sargent and Wright, in the negative.—In the interregnum the Hon. Edward Mills of Lawrence, passed to a third reading.

THE ESCORT OF THE PRESIDENT ELECT. The President elect will be escorted to Washington by the Springfield (Ill.) Zouaves, in spite of threats coming from any source. This company is composed of young men, who have for some months past been under the instruction of Col. Ellsworth, and in addition they are said to be fully equal to the genuine original Zouaves. A correspondent writing to the *Davenport (Iowa) Gazette* says: "This company intends to do escort duty to the President elect the 4th of March next, accompanying him to Washington, and returning by Philadelphia, New York, Albany, &c., to Chicago, another county seat, and as a perfect state of drill, having already taken several prizes, and several of the boys of Chicago boys in their efficiency. They are commanded by Capt. Cook, a gentleman who understands the Zouave practice, and I doubt not will create a sensation while in Washington."—*Albany Journal.*

A SINGULAR BANK OF DEPOSIT. In Brooklyn, N. Y., a few days ago, a man who had been entrusted with $150 for safe keeping placed it in a pocket-book, and put the pocket-book in the pipe of a stove in an unused room. The weather getting to be cold, his wife built a fire in the stove, unknown to her husband. One evening lately the man went home to get the money, and on looking in the stove-pipe found nothing but the ashes of the bills and some blackened quarter dollars.

A "SCENE" IN CHURCH. The Reverend Mr. Trimble of Ohio, was recently preaching in Columbus, and after the sermon had proceeded as far as the announcement of the text an older brother, who we presume was in the habit of being late, came in after the text was announced, and walked up one of the middle aisles to a front seat. As he entered the door the minister stopped, and waited till he was about ready to take his seat, when he cried out: "Brother, you must get up a little earlier in the morning!" and went on with his discourse. Mr. Trimble is a model preacher, and attracts large houses.

THE SHOE TRADE. Notwithstanding the South is in a furnace of excitement, and declines to wear anything made by Yankee hands, it is necessary for them to have boots and shoes, and they are obliged to come North for them. Several buyers from Charleston are in Haverhill.—One firm in the last-named place lately received a check of $2000 from a Charleston dealer to liquidate an old claim, accompanied with an order for $1000 worth of shoes, to be immediately shipped to him. This shows that in spite of the Union, South Carolina must rely on Massachusetts to necessaries of life—till she can do better.

FIRE IN WORCESTER. A building on Main Street, Worcester, owned by Charles F. Treadand, was set on fire yesterday morning and damaged to the amount of $2000. Among the occupants of the building the losses were as follows: Mr. D. Howland, dagerreotypist, $3700, insurance $2500; Mrs. Van Alstyn $1500, no insurance; George H. Dyer, engraver, $400, insured; J. P. Hammond, dealer in sewing machines, $300; F. A. Clough, barber, $120, insured; Fiske & Goddard, jewelers, loss heavy and fully insured.—Total loss about $12,000.

The *Boston Traveller* says that the Governor-elect on the recipient of a letter enclosed in brown paper, yesterday morning which was brought from Baltimore by the Adams Express Co., and was directed to "Governor of Massachusetts." On opening it, His Excellency found that the box contained some two dozen Minnie rifle balls, but not a word as to who sent them.

In the South Carolina Legislature, on Wednesday, a committee reported in favor of raising a regiment of infantry, and a battalion of four companies of artillery. *In secret session the subject of a submarine telegraph between the forts in the harbor and the city, was considered.*

FROM WASHINGTON. There was an exciting session of the Senate yesterday, on the nomination of Mr. Holt as Secretary of War. The special correspondent of the *Boston Journal* telegraphs as follows:—

"The accession Senators made strenuous efforts to kill the nomination by making a motion to refer it to the Committee on Military Affairs, where it would have been smothered. A stormy debate followed, but after a long and exciting contest, the motion was refused by a vote of thirty-four to thirteen. By usage the nomination will lie over until the next meeting, when it is almost certain he will be confirmed. The Republican Senators appointment of a Board of Medical Examiners rendered such service from them quite unnecessary.

The Commissioners say that they feel it incumbent upon them to state explicitly certain clear, and practical conclusions to which they have arrived, in view of the facts which came under their observation. First, that the disease is strictly contagious; no case having occurred where it was not directly and indisputably traceable to contact with some animal known to be diseased. Second, that the severity or virulence of the disease is in proportion to the closeness of contact; that where animals are confined in barns, they take the disease from each other in the most aggravated form. Third, that close confinement, neglect and the use of disinfectants are important as means for preventing the spread of the disease among cattle, and for the cure of, and of modifying its character. Fourth, that the disease, as it always proves, is generation of the lungs, is hopelessly incurable.

In proof of the contagious character of the disease, the Commissioners present a column, wherein are classified the facts in connection of every case, with the original infection. After defending the policy of slaughtering cattle, as being, under the circumstances necessary, the Commissioners give some statistics of their operations.

Animals condemned and killed under the act of April 4th, 1860, 673, as follows: 197 cows, 103 heifers, 276 steers, 164 yearlings and calves, and 42 animals not described.

Animals pronounced diseased and killed under the same act, 198.

Animals killed, paid for under the act of June 12th, 31, viz—10 cows, 7 heifers, 2 oxen, 2 steers, 5 yearlings and calves, 2 not described.

Total number of animals killed by the Commissioners, 908; for which there will be five have been killed by the medical advisers.

The number of animals to be paid for is 704.

The Commissioners, although well satisfied that the law of April 4, under which by far the greater portion of their operations were carried on, is a good and liberal one in its provisions, yet observe with regret that some cases of great hardship have resulted from its execution. Such cases they commend to the favorable consideration of the Legislature.

A SUBPŒNA was issued yesterday for Mr. Kerrigan, member elect of Congress from New York city, as a witness in the United States Court, in connection with the recent advertisement for military purposes.

Gov. Goodwin, of New Hampshire, it is represented, prepared a communication recommending the observance of the Fast appointed by the President, but not receiving the approval of the Council, it was suppressed.

"The times are hard, wife, and I find it difficult to keep my nose above water."—"You can easily keep your nose above water, husband, if you didn't keep it so often above brandy."

The convention that placed Gov. Washburn, of Maine, in nomination, pledged him 70,000 votes. The Saturday's vote completed by the Legislative Committee, shows that he received 70,033. Few political bodies fulfill their obligations more fairly than this.

DAIRY product were shipped from the St. Albans, Vt., depot in 1860 amounting to 2,607,074 lbs. of butter and 1,583,361 lbs. of cheese, worth in the aggregate at least $550,000; and this was only a portion of the product of Franklin county. The thrifty Green Mountain boys are in grand condition to stand that "starving out" process.

The first pressure of sorrow crushes out from our hearts the best wine; afterwards the consolations of God, if it linger forth testerness—the taste and stain from the lees of the vat.—*Longfellow.*

THE *Ellsworth (Me.) American* says that during the last few weeks of the session in the vicinity of Southern Bay, (West Sedgwick and Brooksfield) have caught with hook and line more than seven hundred dollars worth of smelts.

TIMOTHY HEENAN, the father of John C. Heenan, the pugilist, died at his residence in West Troy, on Friday. He had for more than thirty years been employed in the United States Arsenal in that village, for the last ten or fifteen years occupying the position of master blacksmith.

Learn in childhood if you can, that happiness is not outside, but inside; that good heart and clear conscience bring happiness; not riches or circumstance ever can do it.

At a supper given by the proprietors of a chair manufactory to their employees, in Oswego, N. Y., recently, it was stated as an illustration of the excellence of the article of a chair, that those in which the company were seated, 300 in number, were made that very day by thirteen hands in just one hour and fifteen minutes. The feasting characters in both, plays in both branches of night.

POLICE COURT. Not a thing before this tribunal to-day. The officers are complaining about hard times, and are considering the project of emigrating to South Carolina or some other warmer climate.—"To go or not to go, is the question" with them.

A SHAVE SOOT OF SNOW. There is a large body of snow on the ground with a prospect to-day of "some more of the same sort." The mercury in the thermometer is 20 degrees above zero.

LINCOLN GUARD SUPPER. The members of the Lincoln Guard will have a re-union to-night, at French's saloon, and partake of a supper. The Lincoln Glee Club will be present.

The *Buffalo Express* says it is fast becoming fashionable in that city for ladies to wear the balmoral without any dress over it.

ANNIVERSARIES. Yesterday was the anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin, and to-day, of Daniel Webster.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Superior Court, Middlesex County.

SESSION, J.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY, JANUARY 17TH, 1861.

601—Hammond vs. Bradbury. Esty for Plaintiff; Tenney for Defendant.

602—Ayer vs. Gilsdale, Butler & Wadsworth for Plaintiff; Wilkinson & Bartlett for Defendant.

603—Stevens vs. Johnson. Greiffs and Donnellan for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

604—Murdock vs. City of Cambridge. Morey for Plaintiff; Hoffman for Defendant.

605—Young, Adams & Eliot vs. Dana and Cobb for Plaintiff; Marcott for Defendant.

606—Same vs. Same. Same for Plaintiff; Rickard and Norris for Defendant.

607—Fairbanks vs. Fairbanks. Esty for Plaintiff.

608—Same vs. Bedford, Ripley and Folsom for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

611—Kendall vs. Chester. Lincoln for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

612—West et al. vs. Dorgin et al. Lincoln for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

613—Same vs. Same. Same and Brooks for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

614—Same vs. Same. Same for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

615—Same vs. Same. Same for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

616—Same vs. Same. Same for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

617—Same vs. Same. Same for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, for, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and reconstructing to the vital powers. It also revivifies, invigorates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and remains the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, by chemistry and skill combined, as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted, in the aid as *correct accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the nervous stomach*, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritations, as also perfectly exhilarate in their effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is compounded entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing concentrate, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been left to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also to all who have suffered from debility, for it needs no medical skill or knowledge even to see that debility follows all attacks of disease, and has the organized system more to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is returned by tonic. Such a remedy, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Habitual Aperture, Faintness, Nervous irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Giddiness, and all like diseases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, after Fevers, Inflammations and Irregularities. Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaint. Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Irritation of the Urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs. Pain in the Back, Sold and between the Shoulders, pervasion on the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Coated Tongue, Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Blotches on the Skin, Humors in the Blood, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scurvy, Itch, Scaly or Scurfy Skin, and every species of Skin or Blood Disease, in fact, it is the only true and reliable Blood Purifier ever offered to the world, as it is the only one that has the power to act directly upon the blood, and through it upon every part of the system, thereby leaving no seat for disease. It is the only preparation that can be truly relied upon in all cases of Female Weakness, Irregularities, Suppressions, Whites, Falling of the Womb, Pain in the Side, Back and Bowels, Sinking Feelings, Hysterics, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Faintness, Flatulency, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to progress, IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF PROCREATIVE POWER, EPILEPTIC FITS, IN SOME OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE.

Who can say that they are not frequently follows, Some—DEEPEST DESPONDENCY.

—INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.—

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, BUT KNOW WILL CONFESS.

THE HEALTH-RESTORING POWERS OF DR. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR, HAS ASTONISHED THE INHABITANTS OF THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE, AS WELL AS THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, AND IS ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE MEDICAL FACULTY TO BE THE MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY IN THE ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

Requires the aid of no Physician, Invigorates the System

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU Counteracts all Impurities of the Blood.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.

OLDER YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONSUMPTIVE, Middle aged or Elderly Females, IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES THE RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR is unequalled. No Female should be without it. Those who are troubled with Suppressions, Irregularities, Painful Menstruation, Incontinence, or Whites Sterility, and in fact all complaints incident to the female system, will find relief by the use of this Restorative.

IN ALL AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES, IN ANY CLIMATE, IN ANY SEASON OF THE YEAR, WHETHER IN YOUTH, MANHOOD OR OLD AGE, THE RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR IS THE BEST KNOWN REMEDY IN THE WORLD.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH THE SCROFULOUS TAINT, WHICH NOTHING REQUIRES THE AID OF MEDICINE TO ERADICATE FROM THE BLOOD.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU will surely do.

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For Weaknesses

Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse,

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Loss of Power, Wakefulness, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Vision, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Prostration of the Nervous System, Trembling of the Hands, Pallid Countenance, Eruptions on the Face, Indigestion, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Eruptions on the Face, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Nervousness, Trembling of the Hands

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, January 19, 1861.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF THIRTY-THREE. The majority report of this committee has been made by Mr. Corwin. We present a synopsis :—

The report refers to the Personal Liberty bills of some of the States, as a prominent cause of complaint on the part of Southern States. The resolve of Southern public assemblages—articles in papers of the South and remarks of Southern speakers, have done much to inflame the mind of the people in that section. Any State law cannot be regarded as having had any effect in preventing a recapture of fugitives from labor. The laws of the United States for the recapture of fugitives are executed exclusively by judicial officers, and it follows that any State law which offers obstruction to the execution of United States laws, is null and void.—They can at most be considered only as in opposition to a law which some of the States regard as containing provisions dangerous to the rights of *free persons* residing within their limits. Mr. Adams does not share in the belief that there is cause for the South to apprehend danger to their institutions, but is disposed to propose a remedy. The fact that three States were not represented on the committee and seven more decided to reject the conclusions the committee had arrived at, would seem to render all possibility of an adjustment very dim. He had offered one resolution, "that peaceful acquiescence in the election of a Chief Magistrate, accomplished in accordance with every legal and constitutional requirement, is the first and imperative duty of every good citizen of the United States," (which was but slightly different in language from an affirmation in the annual message of the President) and was surprised that it should be met by hesitation on the part of several members, and finally several members presented a written paper, in which it was alleged that "voting upon such a proposition would do more harm than good," and following with a single argument to show that such would be the effect. Mr. Adams pertinently asks if, after all, the trouble is not simply in the fact that President-elect is nominated and election who did not suit one-sixth of the country?—If he be so there was no end of the committee; "the constitution becomes a mere bit of paper, if men determine with their eyes open to violate and trample on its fundamental provisions; but he does not believe the case quite so desperate as that would show; he believes that much of the extreme conduct is the effect of sudden impulse and excited passion, and that there is a fund of reason and loyalty at the bottom, which will eventually turn the current in favor of the constitution and the laws.—The majority of the committee stand on the record of refusing all terms of adjustment they do not dictate, and decline to commit themselves to the support of a principle without the acknowledgement of which constitutional government is impossible. The conclusion that he comes to, then is that, no form of adjustment will be satisfactory to the recreant States which does not incorporate into the Constitution of the United States a recognition of the obligation to protect and extend slavery. On this condition will they consent to withdraw their opposition to the recognition of a constitutional election of the Chief Magistrate; and to this Mr. Adams could not assent, and feels his duty to dissent from the action of a majority of his colleagues in introducing any measures whatever for the consideration of the House.

A third report, more lengthy than either of those of which the above is but a brief synopsis, has been made by Messrs. C. C. Washburne and M. W. Tappan. We have no space to day for more than this mere allusion to it.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. The Senate yesterday passed to be enacted the bill providing for a private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.

The following preamble and resolutions were reported by Mr. Whiting of Plymouth :—

Whereas, Several of the States have, through the action of their people and authorities, assumed the attitude of rebellion against the National Government; and

Whereas, Treason is still more ostensively disfigured; and

Whereas, The State of South Carolina, having first seized the Post-office, Custom House, Mint, Arsenal, munitions of war, and fortifications of the Federal Government, has, by firing upon a vessel in the service of the United States, committed the act of war : and

Whereas, The forts and property of the United States, in Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana and Florida, have been seized with hostile and treasonable intentions : and

Whereas, Senators and Representatives in Congress avow and sanction these acts of treason and rebellion; therefore

Resolved, That the Legislature of Massachusetts, now as always, convinced of the inestimable value of the Union, and the necessity of preserving the blessings to ourselves and our posterity, regard with unmingled sadness the determination evinced in the recent firm and patriotic special message of the President of the United States to amply and faithfully discharge his constitutional duty of enforcing the laws and preserving the integrity of the Union; and we proffer to him, through the Governor of the Commonwealth, such aid in men and money as may require to maintain the authority of the General Government.

Resolved, That the Union loving and patriotic authorities, representatives and citizens of other States, where loyalty is endangered by internal or external treason, who labor in behalf of the cause of Union with unflinching courage and patriotic devotion, will receive the enduring gratitude of the American people.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to forward, forthwith, copies of the foregoing resolutions to the President of the United States and the Governors of the several States.

The resolves were ordered to a third reading by a unanimous vote. A new military bill, in a new draft, was reported, which provides that the companies now organized shall be retained in the service; that new companies of artillery may be organized, on petition, by the Commander in Chief, or the mayor and aldermen, or selectmen, by his permission; but shall be disbanded whenever the Governor or Legislature shall deem them no longer needed; cavalry limited to 100 privates; artillery to 48 cannoneers, 16 drivers, &c.; cadet companies to 60 men; infantry and riflemen, 64. This bill was passed to a third reading.

In the House, the resolves from the Senate, tendering "men and means" to the President were passed through their several stages, to be engrossed. Mr. Parker, of Worcester, introduced a bill providing for an increase of the volunteer militia, which was referred to the Committee on the Militia. Mr. Chase, of Haverhill, called attention to what was believed to be an evil in Mutual Insurance Companies, in accumulating large funds, to the injury of members whose policies have expired.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Crittenden's resolutions were taken up, but were postponed until Monday.—A resolution was offered by Mr. Green of Mo., recommending the several States to hold conventions to concert measures to promote peace and harmony. The bill for the admission of Kansas was taken up, and amendments changing the boundaries of the territory, were rejected; no final action was taken.

The House went into Committee of the Whole upon the army bill, and the present posture of affairs was lengthily discussed. Mr. Stanton, of Ohio, bill introduced by Mr. McKean of New York, in the House, on Monday, was to repeal the law making Charleston, Georgetown and Beaufort ports of entry. Also, even in time of peace, the collection of the revenue at those ports costs more than the receipts amount to, Mr. McKean's desire is to stop the foreign trade of those ports, and to send a sufficient force to blockade them.

FORCED CONTRIBUTION. It is stated as a fact that ex-Gov. Aiken, of South Carolina, has been forced to contribute $40,000 to the secession movement, with which he has no sympathy. "He was entitled that he was expected to advance $40,000 to assist South Carolina in her present attitude, but plead his right to advance or not, as he might please, adding that he did not have the money." He was then promptly notified that he had been assessed that amount and must promptly pay it, under penalty of having it raised by the immediate confiscation and sale of his property in Charleston, worth many times the amount. To save that from utter destruction, he did not feel disposed to contend, and in paying it remarked that his lot would be better if he was a journeyman carpenter at the South shoeing a jack-plane at $2 per day."

The leading democratic organ of Ohio, the *Cincinnati Inquirer*, says of the inauguration of Lincoln :—

"It is Mr. Lincoln's right, and had as are the principles upon which he was elected, and as indifferent a President as we think he will make, yet anarchy, that would ensue in case his inauguration should be defeated, would be infinitely worse.—Let him therefore, as a right due to him, and in consideration of the people's safety from anarchy, be inaugurated by whatever means the case may demand."

In Portland, Ct., on the 12th, Mr. Ebenezer White, one of the most prominent, influential and respected citizens of the place, while in a society meeting in Rev. Mr. Talcott's (Congregational) church, suddenly came to his death. He was about to make some remarks to the meeting, and just as he was uttering the first word he suddenly gasped and fell forward—and was taken up- dead.

FROM WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.—The nomination of Mr. Holt was yesterday confirmed, by a vote of 38 to 13.

It is understood that since the arrival of Colonel Hayne,after a free conference with his Southern friends here, he has somewhat changed his original intention and purpose, and instead of making an unconditional demand for the surrender and evacuation of Fort Sumter, he now presents it in the shape of a suggestion. He therefore suggests to the President the propriety of the surrender, in order to avoid bloodshed.—It does not change in the slightest degree the aspect of the question, or the state of affairs. They want Fort Sumter, and are willing the Government will yield one to the President for it. The President will inform South Carolina, through Col. Hayne, that he has no authority to open such negotiations. They must appeal to Congress, it being the only power that can act or entertain such a proposition ; and as regards the surrender of that fort to South Carolina, that is impossible.

Col. Hayne has already become satisfied that the Government will not yield one iota, and has undoubtedly informed Gov. Pickens to that effect. The firmness of the Administration in dealing with the secession messenger now here crossed the pecuniary calculations of the city to join in advising the authorities of Charleston to accept the cession—the citizens of Charleston Fort Sumter will after the 4th of March, and Major Anderson is to be promoted to the command of Charleston, providing the South Carolina authorities accept the proposition, and Major Anderson and the Government will yield one inch. The South Carolinians may yi-ld, but it is believed that Major Anderson will not consent to go to Charleston for his supplies if his Government will not supply him.

The Alabama Convention telegraphs to the Alabama Congressmen to resume their seats in Congress.

There is now little doubt of the ultimate passage of the Crittenden resolutions without amendment. There is a considerable rumbor abr eavse to such a course.—But when that Major Anderson's letter Congress for practical legislation it is thought that many on both sides will bitterly oppose *one cents*. The cost of individual members for railroad fare, uniform, oil, &c., will altogether $642.14, all of which had been spent for the purpose of giving "Old Abe" his house rent free for the next four years. The reading of the report created much merriment.

Mayor Sargeant was called up, and said that we meet to congratulate each other on the glorious result of the inauguration of the President elect.

Anti-secession speech is expected from Senator Hemphill, of Texas, who is a native of South Carolina.

ACTION OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.—Yesterday, the State Convention of Georgia, adopted a resolution declaring it to be the right and duty of Georgia to secede.—H. V. Johnson, introduced some resolutions as a substitute, but they were voted down.

The leading members of the Louisiana Convention, have agreed upon a programme of secession. Forts Jackson and St. Phillip are to be reinforced for the defence of the mouth of the Mississipi.

There is little that is new from North Carolina.' A State Convention will be called ; several stirring secession speeches have been made ; and there is some feeling in relation to the propriety of Mr. Crittenden's resolutions have received at the North.

South Carolina has not taken any new step within a few days. It is rumored that an attack upon Fort Sumter is actually to take place, on the return of Mr. Hayne from Washington.

Missisippi will probably hold a State Convention. In the House, on the 18th, a proposition asking Congress to call a National Convention, was defeated.

The Virginia House has passed the million appropriation bill for the defence of the State, and the bill issuing Treasury six per cent. notes to that amount.

THE *Boston Traveller* says there is a demand for heavy cotton goods for shipment to China, and standard articles of drills have been engaged in advance of production. Heavy sheetings have also partaken of an upward movement in prices, occasioned by the demand for export and for California.

Is an account of a picnic, a evidently hungry reporter says :—"There was a good deal of promiscuous tableclothing and a variety of incidentals pleasing to look upon, but as for food, its appearance was as rare as a comet."

In a single day New York State can bring more militia into the field than all the secession States can muster in a month, and the city of New York alone can furnish more money in six hours than those States can hire, beg or steal in six months.

HON. JOHN BELL has written a letter to the Union men of Virginia, showing them their inconsistency in opposing the *coercion* of secession by a forcible execution of the laws, when they approved of Mr. Fillmore's course in employing force to carry into execution the laws relative to the restitution of fugitive slaves in the case of Anthony Burns.

THE *Times* says there is no improvement in the shoe business in Massachusetts, but that the factories are being made, and none have yet been sold." Can the manufacturers expect to sell them until they are soled !—*Hartford Courant.*

Not before the present difficulties are the Adams' Express robbers have been convicted. They are Andrew Roberts, Lewis Sickles and Porter Kellogg. Samuel W. Roberts was discharged, there being no evidence against him.

It is stated, with some show of truth, that orders have been given to Major Anderson to make no more requisitions for American flag, and if another occurrence like the firing into the Star of the West takes place, to open his batteries upon the offending parties.

A PRIVATE BANK having done something wrong, was sent to the police office at Montgomery, Ala., last week, with a note requesting him to have 39 lashes administered. Having an inkling of the object of the letter, he got a friend to deliver it, and to take the whipping in his place.

WILLIAM BURNS has received the nomination, by the Democrats of the Third Congressional District in New Hampshire, for Congress.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

UNION LECTURE. The subject matter of the Congregational Societies will be held to-morrow evening, at the Appleton Street Church, at half past 6 o'clock. Dr. Cumming's discourse on the Present Crisis of Christ's Church, will be given at the same Church a week from to-morrow evening.

REV. WM. S. CLARK will deliver a lecture at St. Paul's Church to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject—"Countries in National Affairs."

MR. N. S. Greenleaf will speak in the trance state at Wells' Hall to-morrow afternoon and evening, at 2½ and 6 3-4 o'clock.

Superior Court, Middlesex County.

HON. SEWALL E. THOMAS, Presiding.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY, JANUARY 21ST, 1861.

778—Mason vs. Drew. Warren for Plaintiff; Nichols for Defendant.

779—Thompson vs. Sawyer. Morrell for Plaintiff; Farnsworth for Defendant.

826—Wait et al. vs. Jones et al. Lincoln for Plaintiff; ——— for Defendant.

755—Thompson vs. Edwards. Dana and Cobb for Plaintiff; Merritt for Defendant.

817—Lincoln vs. Comeau. Lincoln for Plaintiff; Wakefield for Defendant.

832—Lincoln vs. Kingman. Esty for Plaintiff; ——— for Defendant.

833—Claflin vs. Claflin. Dewing for Plaintiff; Brigham for Defendant.

891—Jackson vs. Fall. Somers for Plaintiff; Richardson for Defendant.

736—Lee vs. Smedley, Griffin and Boardman for Plaintiff; Hodges for Defendant.

838—Wait vs. Anderson. Griffin and Boardman for Plaintiff; ——— for Defendant.

839—Griffin vs. Bolen. Gale for Plaintiff; Esty for Defendant.

THE BANQUET BY THE LINCOLN GUARD. This company, who rendered "conspicuous service" during the late "campaign," met again for a festival at Prescott's saloon last evening, about 9 o'clock. There were about eighty present, including the Mayor and a few invited guests. After partaking of the repast, the usual prepared for French's best style, the company were called to order by Capt. James Watson, commander of the Guards. The first sentiment was a song by the Glee Club.

The Treasurer, Chas. H. Salmon, reported that the company had had fourteen parades since their organization, September 19th, and that the expenses of the year, $233.13. There was a surplus of *twenty cents*. The cost of individual members for railroad fare, uniform, oil, &c., altogether $642.14, all of which had been spent for the purpose of giving "Old Abe" his house rent free for the next four years. The reading of the report created much merriment.

Mayor Sargeant was called up, and said that we meet to congratulate each other on the glorious result of the inauguration of the President elect.

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HARD WORK. There has been little rest for persons employed on the railroads in this vicinity for the last three days. The snow has drifted to a depth not known before for a long time. Our local superintendent, A. Rollo, Esq., informs us that in order to keep the Boston and Lowell Road clear, employees have been at work night and day for several days past—himself with the others, and that for several nights in succession repose was out of the question.

POLICE COURT, Saturday, January 19. Matthew Duffy, truant, was ordered until a future time.

Michael Canty, common drunkard, paid the penalty of his crime by a sentence to the House of Correction for three months.

Warren H. Dyar, for violation of a city ordinance in relation to the snow from his sidewalk, was fined $1 and costs.

Two or three parties had their cases postponed. . .

CLEAR YOUR SIDEWALKS. As will be seen by our police report, the city officials have commenced a series of prosecutions in reference to snow on sidewalks.

PROF. BANNING may be consulted at the Merrimack House from 10 Wednesday evening till Saturday the 26th, for the application of his braces for rheal, polinbulary, digestive, spinal and other diseases of weakness, and for general debility, constipation, piles and hernia, on a new principle.

TREMONT ALMANAC. This annual has been received. It contains the officers of the United States Government, the Flatforms of the different political parties and a list of their last National conventions, the returns of votes by counties cast at the Presidential elections in 1856 and 1860, 1848, and that for supreme and lower courts since. Dr. Winslip, of Roxbury, who was 6 feet 3 inches high, and 541 inches around, weighed 1000 lbs. Next, with harness on his shoulders, he raised 1617 lbs. William Wright, of Sandwich, New Hampshire, died the same. The latter then went on adding weight and lifting with harness on shoulders and hips, until the numbers stood successively 1530, 1636 1736, 1836, 1920, 2000 lbs.—Very respectfully, Ichabod Washington Cranch, to his sure. Then Thompson swung the iron in a dumb-bell, and Curtis did the same, and Dr. Winslip lifted himself with his little finger ; and Thompson swung the iron in a dumb-bell ; and Winslip shouldered a 229 lb. barrel of flour and put it down carefully ; and Curtis did the same. Then Winslip took hold of the pulley, and then 150 lbs. in each hand, and lifted them down on the floor and put up 110 pounds in each hand. But the feat of the evening was the great-lift of Thompson, who lifted 2000 lbs. as recorded in the award of the $500 prize to him.

COL. FREMONT and Gov. Weller are on their way to New York from California.

The pastors of the several churches in Lynn, have decided to hold a day of fasting and prayer on Friday next, for the benefit of the poor.

KIMBALL & ROBINSON will start their steam shoe factory, in Brookfield, next Monday, on full time ; and although at present contract reduced rates of wages, in gratifying to the operatives, they having no other employment.

IT is observed that Mr. Sickles has abandoned former revolutionary compatriots by a decided demonstration against secession, in the course of which he has said that the attack on the Star of the West was an act of war which Major Anderson might have justly resented by shelling the city.

THE State Government of Mississipi having called for bids for the sale of three vessels descending the river, much excitement exists above. There is no act that would sooner bring the whole force of the Government to bear, as a body on Vicksburg than such an attempt.

A LITTLE boy kneeling at his mother's knee, to say his evening prayer, asked her to pray for his own mother, and with childlike simplicity, said—"God bless Uncle Willie, and don't let the nasty rebels up—God bless papa and mamma—God bless me and make my boots on easy in the morning."

PRENTICE ON KENTUCKY SECESSION. "Of how shall I get out of this ?" cried a horse that had fallen into a bog-hole. "Don't secession a mouse upon the shore. Perhaps South Carolina thinks that Kentucky is the bog, and that secession is the remedy for secession ! It will, in a short time, bring on the mouthly period with frightful force."

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Hysterics, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Dyspepsia, Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases accidental to the secretory system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

THESE PILLS HAVE NEVER BEEN KNOWN TO FAIL in the slightest degree. Sold at 25 cents per PAMPHLET ARE WELL ordered. Sold by all druggists throughout the country, and by the agents

H. H. GI and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any address agent, will insure a bottle, containing a full treatise on the disease.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER. 3m rdec13 up

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR CONGHING, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS AND CONSUMPTION.

The use of these Wafers will convince those who do not suit one sect—it is of the country !—If he be so there was no end of the committee; "the constitution becomes a mere bit of paper, if men determine with their eyes open to violate and trample on its fundamental provisions; but he does not believe the case quite so desperate as that would show ; he believes that much of the extreme conduct is the effect of sudden impulse and excited passion, and that there is a fund of reason and loyalty at the bottom, which will eventually turn the current in favor of the constitution and the laws.—The majority of the committee stand on the record of refusing all terms of adjustment they do not dictate, and decline to commit themselves to the support of a principle without the acknowledgement of which constitutional government is impossible. The conclusion that he comes to, then is that, no form of adjustment will be satisfactory to the recreant States which does not incorporate into the Constitution

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS,
FLEMING BROS. PROPRIETORS.

☞This great medicine has supplanted all others for the cure of diseases of the Liver. Its effects are so salutary and speedy, and at the same time so perfectly safe, that it is not surprising it should supersede all others. Invented by a very distinguished physician of Virginia, who practiced in a region of country in which Hepatic, or Liver Complaint, is peculiarly formidable and common, and who had spent years in discovering the ingredients and proportioning their quantities, these Pills are peculiarly adapted to every form of the disease, and never fail to alleviate the most obstinate cases of that terrible complaint. They have justly become celebrated, and the remedies of Dr. M'Lane have placed his name among the benefactors of mankind. No one having symptoms of this formidable complaint should be without these invaluable Pills. Have you a pain in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, which increases with pressure—unable to lie comfortably on the left side—with occasional, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder blade, frequent fly extending to the top of the shoulder ? Rely upon it,that although the latter pains are sometimes the forerunners of, they are not always, diseases of the Liver ; and if you would have relief, go instantly and buy a box of Dr M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared only by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh.

Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., is now before the public. In order to test the merits of this Worm Medicine, the said Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable drug stores. Try it. Observe the name of FLEMING BROS. Pittsburgh.

jan11 [2?]

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map on largescale) and Time Table of all the Rail Roads in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale by all News Agents. Price 6 cents. Published every Saturday.

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Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER. 3m rdec13 up

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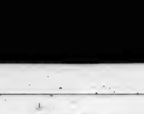
Nov. 16, 1860. 3m nov16

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is evidence of its superior merits, which are guaranteed by the best recommendations, and also in the requisites for family use. It has been adopted by the Sewing Machine Co. as the Machine upon which female needle work is applied, the result of which is

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine for family use in Lowell :

J. B. Richardson, J. A. Bancroft, Gray, Dana & Co., E. B. Bancroft, C. B. Coburn, Mrs. Gen. Sargeant, Mrs. Dr. Bartlett, J. D. Gidney, Mrs. Dr. Bowers, S. W. Webster, Mrs. Dr. Spaulding,

J. B. Richardson, Wm. L. North, Mrs. Dr. Hall, J. L. Cheney,

and although a variety of styles and sizes, at prices varying from Fifty to One hundred and twenty dollars, is the result of long

J. W. B. SHAW,

44 Merrimack Street.

may17 opp dec

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE EQUAL TO THIS AS

HEIMSTAEET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it

IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE

FOR THE RAISE AND GROWTH

THAT IS IN USE,CALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND A CLEAN SCALP,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF THE PERSON.

It Prevents Baldness, Dandruff, Scurf, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

The curative may be cured if you will hereafter, have one and be convinced that it is the best article ever offered.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For all glorious acchiems use it.

For all diseases of the scalp use it.

For all diseases of the hair use it.

For new nipples use it.

For all kinds of pimples use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west and all intermediate points, it is pronounced superior to all others. It is the most popular Hair Restorative ever produced by using two or three bottles of your own hair.

Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

Price, 25 cents per bot. For sale by SAMUEL RIDDER.

Sole Agent for Lowell.

Take no more unpleasant or smarty Medicines. For unpleasant and dangerous diseases, use

DR. HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

Which have received the endorsement of the most eminent Physicians and Patients IN THE U. S. Is now offered to afflicted humanity as a certain cure for all diseases arising from Indiscretion or Exposure, from diseases and abuse of the Urinary or Seminal Organs.

Dr. HELMBOLD'S

Genuine Medical and Physical Depression, Debility,

Incontinence and Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Hysterics, Irritability, Neuralgia, Fits, Pains in the Back, General Nervousness, Sexual Incapacity, Impotency, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Diseases of the Kidneys, &c.

And, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

Prepared by DR. HELMBOLD, Practical Chemist, 594 Broadway, New York.

ARE FOR GUMBOLDUM. TAKE NO OTHER. CURES GUARANTEED.

Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.

Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 6, 1860. 6m dec15

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, Churches, Schools, Farm Property, and Property while in this State. The economic rates and liberal terms offered by this Company, in the amount of $114,279.35. The extension of owners of Village and Farm property, is particularly invited. A dividend is paid on policies expired during the year, of 40 per cent. on the amount received.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $114,279.35. Dwellings, Stores, Furniture and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly jy19ly

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it in a limited extent, they have now so perfected the process, as to be now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been much said, and published, in relation to the great profession in relation to the value of the vulcanite, while it is in the mouth, it will not corrode every other article now in use, there are many other points in which it is superior to any thing ever offered to the public for the mouth. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, they do not feel disposed to say that it is superior to everything else, but they assure the public that whatever they say in relation to it, will be in this mode, and all others, that equal to say that it is not inferior to any other article in use.

Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

The Great English Remedy !

DR. SOLOMON'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known medicine is no imposition, but a safe and certain remedy for all the difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suitable. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with certainty.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Hysterics, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Dyspepsia, Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases accidental to the secretory system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

THESE PILLS HAVE NEVER BEEN KNOWN TO FAIL in the slightest degree. Sold at 25 cents per PAMPHLET ARE WELL ordered.

Sold by all druggists throughout the country, and by the agents

H. H. GI and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any address agent, will insure a bottle, containing a full treatise on the disease.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER. 3m rdec13 up

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHING, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS AND CONSUMPTION.

The use of these Wafers will convince those who do not suit one sect—it is of the country !—If he be so there was no end of the committee; "the constitution becomes a mere bit of paper, if men determine with their eyes open to violate and trample on its fundamental provisions; but he does not believe the case quite so desperate as that would show ; he believes that much of the extreme conduct is the effect of sudden impulse and excited passion, and that there is a fund of reason and loyalty at the bottom, which will eventually turn the current in favor of the constitution and the laws.—The majority of the committee stand on the record of refusing all terms of adjustment they do not dictate, and decline to commit themselves to the support of a principle without the acknowledgement of which constitutional government is impossible. The conclusion that he comes to, then is that, no form of adjustment will be satisfactory to the recreant States which does not incorporate into the Constitution

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1847.

Continues to insure against loss by fire, on favorable terms. Office in the Company's building, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets. Open from nine o'clock in the forenoon until four in the afternoon.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS :

Lowell.

Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby, Josiah G. Abbott, Benjamin Perham, Walter Wright, Abbott Lawrence, Samuel Burbeen, Josiah Lowell,

Boston.

Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin F. Bacon.

Nathan P. Frothingham.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, Central Street, No. 43 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 21, 1860. ly

SPAULDING'S

PAINLESS CURE OF FEMALE COMPLAINTS, (FAILING &c.) SPINAL AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, &c. Pulleries without an equal. Dr. SPAULDING, Authorized Agent, Boston. Consultations free. Office No. 3 Winter Place, Boston. Professor of Midwifery and diseases of Women and Children, and of the Genito-Urinary System, on special disease and abuse. Dr. S. has established a reputation for the cure of weakness and deformity, unsurpassed and unequalled in the history of medicine, and frequently in cases given up by other physicians. Pamphlets sent free. Dr. Spaulding's Female Pills, a sure relief. Dr. Spaulding's Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable drug stores. Dr. SPAULDING'S

Sole Agent for FLEMING BRADS.

jan11 [2?]

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map on largescale) and Time Table of all the Rail Roads in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale by all News Agents. Price 6 cents. Published every Saturday.

LLOYD & BROTHERS, 79 Nassau st. New York, Oct. 15, 1860.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER. 3m rdec13 up

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

It kindles quicker,

It burns up clinkers,

It lasts longer,

It makes less quantity,

It costs less money,

And is every other way burning coal.—And the GENUINE can be bought only at

HOWARDS WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 PRESCOTT STREET.

jan14 3m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS :

C. B. Coburn, E. Townsend, G. G. Hewes, R. W. Hackley, Isaac Davis, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman, D. S. Richardson, C. B. Norris,

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CLAM CHOWDER.

The subscriber will serve up EVERY SATURDAY EVENING, at his Saloon, No. 37 Central Street, a *CLAM CHOWDER*. It will be ready at 5 o'clock, P. M. in season for tea. Please bring your pails.

A. B. FRENCH.

oct27 tf

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS,

Published at the City Clerk's office for the week ending Jan. 19.

Names.	Residence.	Birthplaces.
Patrick Keaney	Lowell	22 Ireland.
Ellen Lee	"	21 "
George Ainsworth	"	22 Manchester, NH.
Ellen Frances Lee	"	21 Amherst, Mo.
Gilmore Jacobs	West Minot, Me.	64 Scotland, Me.
Mrs. Sarah Ann Bacon	Lowell	56 Acton, Me.
William McCoy	"	25 Ireland.
Bridget Hughes	"	21 "
Thomas Geerigan	"	24 "
Anna Lynch	"	20 "
John Keefe	Chelmsford	40 "
Ellen Coughlin	Lowell	30 "
Maurice Hoare	"	25 "
Bridget Hoare	"	24 "
John Glass	"	21 "
Catharine McCarty	"	20 "

Several marriages of party.

MARRIAGES.

In Andover, Jan. 11th, Mr. William Bodie, Jr. of Watchusett, to Miss Mary M. Jr. Hall, daughter of Francis Cogswell Esq. of Andover.

MUSEUM—CENTRAL HALL.

J. C. MYERS, Lessee and Proprietor.

BENEFIT OF M. W. FISKE

RELIGIOUS.

The Close of the Year.

A SERMON

BY REV. OWEN STREET:

Preached at the High Street Church, December 31st, 1860.

TEXT—Watch, therefore, for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come.—ST. MATT. 24.

This is the central thought of several representations in this discourse of our Lord, of which I shall avail myself in addressing you this morning. He had been speaking of the great catastrophe that was to overtake the Jewish nation before that generation should pass away. This, in accordance with a usage somewhat familiar in the Jewish Scriptures, He has made type of as His coming. This brought into His discourse a topic which had a wider application than to the men of that generation; a topic in which there was a common interest for every generation from that time to the end of the world; and which was then to reach the grand climax of its interest in an event in which all generations were to have a share together. This beautifully illustrates the skill with which our Lord was accustomed to adapt His teaching to every age of the world; taking care to weave into it principles that are the same as applicable to other times as to His own.

This topic of common and universal interest in the case before us is the coming of Christ to close up the probation of man, As you are well aware, He was accustomed to speak of great judgments, and the removal of individuals from the world, as His coming.

It was a most important coming of His, when the nation of the Jews was finally torn up by the roots and destroyed, or cast out of their land. During the generation in it was accomplished. The prophecy of His coming was fulfilled. The importance of watching and looking for His coming was proved. But was there to be no need of watching afterward? That prophecy once fulfilled, was there to be no occasion for the duty it enforced to be ever remembered again? Or were there other generations coming and was there a great and essential duty before every individual of which they were to be composed,—a duty which they could not wisely forget for—a day for which they should be on the watch? That scripture seems to me to have been expressly framed to meet this great exigency of mankind.

The transition is not so marked, as to weaken the application of what the Savior was saying to the men who were about Him,—were the language to be shaped so as to confine it exclusively to them. Christ was to come in that generation, and He came.

He came and accomplished all the great results of his coming, not only in the passing away of a nation,—but in the consummation of every soul of man to the final account. So He has continued to come in every age of coming now. Every day He comes; and some who are watching and some who are not, are called away. This is the connection of the portion of the chapter with the preceding.

Let us see how He imparts the instruction. We cannot be mistaken in understanding Him now, that He has completed the prophecy that pertained to that generation, as speaking of the general subject of *His coming*, in the sense which I have already defined. This is the thread that binds all the illustrations of this discourse together. It is of this that He says:—"O that day and that hour knoweth no man, no, not the angels of Heaven, but my Father, only."

It is not a knowledge which God desires that we should possess. It would not be for our advantage to possess it. It is for our advantage to be kept in a position that demands the exercise of watchfulness.—He does not argue it. He does not attempt to make us understand why it is necessary. He simply urges it upon us because it is necessary, and shows us from one sphere of the future, how necessary it is.—His first appeal is to the history of the Jewish generation. He would have us see how men have found it. He carries us back to the days of Noah. His first aim is to get to give us a view that shall be broad and general. He takes in the whole stage of life as we look over the world. There is the same indifference, and the same disregard of the great interest of the future, now as then. Mankind were warned then of the coming doom; but they did not watch;—they did not act as though they expected it. It came upon them as it they had been safe at ease from it, and in the midst of the ordinary pursuits and enterprises of life. They were eating and drinking, planting and building, marrying and giving in marriage, with no thought of the coming destruction of the flood. They were warned as we are; but the seductive cares and engagements of life were more potent than the warning.—They made no preparation for the hurtful day that was at hand, and in all their fulness, it took them by surprise.

So it is at the present day. It is the favorite dream of the multitude, that the pressure of life's cares will have abated, and the relish for life's pleasures will have diminished, and there will come a season of letting go and giving up the things of this world, before the summons that will call them to the next. The young man will have tried his hand in the great struggles of life, and reaped the rewards of his fearful preparation and earnest toil. And then with his success happy in his achievements, having found the good which he anticipated in his life, enjoyed it and long and tasted it, and having obtained in addition a sure and blessed title to a heavenly inheritance in the next, he will wait, like Simeon of old, saying,—"Lord now letiest thou thy servant depart in peace, for mine eyes have seen thy salvation." So and the heroes and character of life will bear him away rejoicing to his rest. The summons will be no surprise, but will find him waiting, and ready to depart.

The man who has already reached the busy whirl, where, in the intensity of his devotion to the world he has not time to think of the next, has no expectation of perpetuating the total engrossment of his energies with earthly things to the end of his life; and, being interrupted in the midst of it, as he knows very likely will be by the coming of the dread messenger from the unseen world. He expects it, though others may be surprised thus, it will not be so with him. He will have accomplished all that upon which his heart is set, and found the needed leisure to transfer his affections from earth to heaven, only things. And the vast multitude who seem to have no other errand on earth than to amass fortune, and drown care, and pleasure and solicitude in the pleasures of the world, have for it in their thoughts, that they are destined to fall by the sickle of their merry rounds, or in the full heat of the preparation for another year, and not a single step taken in the way that leads to Heaven. *For His coming.*

And yet, such is the teaching of this Scripture. Thus it was with the generation to whom it was provided. And it is adapted no what from the order with which they were pursuing the ends and enjoyments of the present life. All projects, all enterprises, all pleasures in full blast—the blood of the world at fever heat—as the general catastrophe found them. "And so," says the Savior, "shall the coming of the Son of Man be." Such *surprise* is He preparing for you and for me if we are not found watching. No harbinger or His coming, is promised. "They knew not," —this is the way He puts it—"they knew not, till the flood came and took them all away." So we know not till He comes. The labors of life go on,—its pastimes, its pleasures, its plans,—they go on as though they were never to be interrupted;—and that the interruption is a thing of doubt with us; not that we do not know it is coming—but we know not *when*; we know not the order in which it is ordained to overtake us.

This is the next thought in the Savior's discourse. He had been contemplating mankind on the broad stage of the world. He comes down now to the individual, and to the more contracted sphere in which he is chiefly known; and shows that every *little group* will be broken in upon by his coming, and that in every instance of separation as to who it will be, "one will be taken and the other left." There is no circle so narrow—no company so small, that you can define the order of his coming there, and in advance. This is the point that he makes in his next remark. "There shall be two men in the field; the one shall be taken and the other left." There is nothing to determine which of the two shall be taken. Each anticipates it for the other, rather than for himself. "Two women shall be grinding at the mill; the one shall be taken and the other left." So it is as we find it in all the walks of life. In the same church, where they are congregated, the work-shop, the counting room, the office, the varied associations in which men combine for business, for improvement, or for pleasure —to-day they are walking or toiling together, and you see who it is that should not be to-morrow. There is every earthly promise that it *will* be so. If we go so far as to reason from the general law of human vicissitudes, that some one of these circles will be broken, we cannot say which it shall be. If we apply the prophecy before us—"one shall be taken and the other left," it is impossible positively to say which shall be taken and which shall be left. We have no criterion by which to decide it. It is not determined by age: we cannot say it will be the oldest, for many a younger person goes to his last sooner than he—we cannot, of course, say it will be the youngest. No present condition of bodily health does not jeopardize it. We cannot say it will be the weakest, for the weakest often lay hands by force the blast that cuts down many a stronger than he. We cannot say it will be the individual that is best prepared. It is quite as probable that it may be one who has made no preparation whatever. We can only say, "some one it will be—one shall be taken and the other left." One place will be vacant, because for him who filled it, has the Son of Man come. He has dropped and fallen; he is seen no more in the haunts where his footsteps were familiar and his voice was heard. His absence makes an impression and a void, as much as there is a brief ripple on the surface, as though a huge mass had gone down, but it soon dies away, and all moves on as before. It was not known that he was to die in this, or in that way, or at this time, or the next—of the two in the field, and the two at the mill, and the two upon the public pathway of life together in any other sphere; —no man on earth can tell which will be taken, and which will be left. We can only say they will be separated, and that without any reason which is discoverable to us why the decision should not have been the other way. This point, thus distinctly made, he puts forth the command, "Watch, therefore, for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come." He points us to sure data in the case of His coming for the overthrow of Jerusalem, but less as he prepared for a surprise.

The next point in His discourse, is the comparison of His coming to the coming of the midnight burglar. Or rather, the comparison which I have just repeated analogizes the two. He had shown that there is no circle—no group so constituted that they can predict the *order* of His coming. They bring upon every one the duty of watching, not the turn should be his.

And this duty of watching is further enforced, by the consideration that we know not the time of His coming. No one knows but he may be the first in the order of succession in the group to which he belongs; and he knows not the time when that group is to be invaded. The thief makes no appointment with us, by which we may know the hour of his coming. We cannot tell at what point, in a single lifetime, his visit to us may be located. The best that we can do—the only thing that we should, is to chiefly know; and shows that every *little group* will be broken in upon by his coming, and that in every instance of separation as to who it will be, "one will be taken and the other left." There is no circle so narrow—no company so small, that you can define the order of his coming there, and in advance. This is the point that he makes in his next remark. "There shall be two men in the field; the one shall be taken and the other left." There is nothing to determine which of the two shall be taken. Each anticipates it for the other, rather than for himself. "Two women shall be grinding at the mill; the one shall be taken and the other left." So it is as we find it in all the walks of life. In the same church, where they are congregated, the work-shop, the counting room, the office, the varied associations in which men combine for business, for improvement, or for pleasure —to-day they are walking or toiling together, and you see who it is that should not be to-morrow. There is every earthly promise that it *will* be so. If we go so far as to reason from the general law of human vicissitudes, that some one of these circles will be broken, we cannot say which it shall be. If we apply the prophecy before us—"one shall be taken and the other left," it is impossible positively to say which shall be taken and which shall be left. We have no criterion by which to decide it. It is not determined by age: we cannot say it will be the oldest, for many a younger person goes to his last sooner than he—we cannot, of course, say it will be the youngest. No present condition of bodily health does not jeopardize it. We cannot say it will be the weakest, for the weakest often lay hands by force the blast that cuts down many a stronger than he. We cannot say it will be the individual that is best prepared. It is quite as probable that it may be one who has made no preparation whatever. We can only say, "some one it will be—one shall be taken and the other left." One place will be vacant, because for him who filled it, has the Son of Man come. He has dropped and fallen; he is seen no more in the haunts where his footsteps were familiar and his voice was heard. His absence makes an impression and a void, as much as there is a brief ripple on the surface, as though a huge mass had gone down, but it soon dies away, and all moves on as before. It was not known that he was to die in this, or in that way, or at this time, or the next—of the two in the field, and the two at the mill, and the two upon the public pathway of life together in any other sphere; —no man on earth can tell which will be taken, and which will be left. We can only say they will be separated, and that without any reason which is discoverable to us why the decision should not have been the other way. This point, thus distinctly made, he puts forth the command, "Watch, therefore, for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come." He points us to sure data in the case of His coming for the overthrow of Jerusalem, but less as he prepared for a surprise.

The next point in His discourse, is the comparison of His coming to the coming of the midnight burglar. Or rather, the comparison which I have just repeated analogizes the two. He had shown that there is no circle—no group so constituted that they can predict the *order* of His coming. He does not argue it. He does not attempt to make us understand why it is necessary. He simply urges it upon us because it is necessary, and shows us from one sphere of the future, how necessary it is.— His first appeal is to the history of the Jewish generation. He would have us see how men have found it. He carries us back to the days of Noah. His first aim is to get to give us a view that shall be broad and general. He takes in the whole stage of life as we look over the world. There is the same indifference, and the same disregard of the great interest of the future now as then. Mankind were warned then of the coming doom; but they did not watch;—they did not act as though they expected it. It came upon them as it they had been safe at ease from it, and in the midst of the ordinary pursuits and enterprises of life. They were eating and drinking, planting and building, marrying and giving in marriage, with no thought of the coming destruction of the flood. They were warned as we are; but the seductive cares and engagements of life were more potent than the warning.— They made no preparation for the hurtful day that was at hand, and in all their fulness, it took them by surprise.

So it is at the present day. It is the favorite dream of the multitude, that the pressure of life's cares will have abated, and the relish for life's pleasures will have diminished, and there will come a season of letting go and giving up the things of this world, before the summons that will call them to the next. The young man will have tried his hand in the great struggles of life, and reaped the rewards of his fearful preparation and earnest toil. And then with his success happy in his achievements, having found the good which he anticipated in his life, enjoyed it and long and tasted it, and having obtained in addition a sure and blessed title to a heavenly inheritance in the next, he will wait, like Simeon of old, saying,—"Lord now letiest thou thy servant depart in peace, for mine eyes have seen thy salvation." So and the heroes and character of life will bear him away rejoicing to his rest. The summons will be no surprise, but will find him waiting, and ready to depart.

The man who has already reached the busy whirl, where, in the intensity of his devotion to the world he has not time to think of the next, has no expectation of perpetuating the total engrossment of his energies with earthly things to the end of his life; and, being interrupted in the midst of it, as he knows very likely will be by the coming of the dread messenger from the unseen world. He expects it, though others may be surprised thus, it will not be so with him. He will have accomplished all that upon which his heart is set, and found the needed leisure to transfer his affections from earth to heaven, only things. And the vast multitude who seem to have no other errand on earth than to amass fortune, and drown care, and pleasure and solicitude in the pleasures of the world, have for it in their thoughts, that they are destined to fall by the sickle of their merry rounds, or in the full heat of the preparation for another year, and not a single step taken in the way that leads to Heaven. *For His coming.* And yet, such is the teaching of this Scripture. Thus it was with the generation to whom it was provided. And it is adapted no what from the order with which they were pursuing the ends and enjoyments of the present life. All projects, all enterprises, all pleasures in full blast—the blood of the world at fever heat—as the general catastrophe found them. "And so," says the Savior, "shall the coming of the Son of Man be." Such *surprise* is He preparing for you and for me if we are not found watching. No harbinger or His coming, is promised. "They knew not," —this is the way He puts it—"they knew not, till the flood came and took them all away." So we know not till He comes. The labors of life go on,—its pastimes, its pleasures, its plans,—they go on as though they were never to be interrupted;—and that the interruption is a thing of doubt with us; not that we do not know it is coming—but we know not *when*; we know not the order in which it is ordained to overtake us.

This is the next thought in the Savior's discourse. He had been contemplating mankind on the broad stage of the world. He comes down now to the individual, and to the more contracted sphere in which he is chiefly known

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, January 21, 1860.

BANK OF INDUSTRY. A petition to establish an institution by the above name in this city, has been presented to the Legislature now in session. We have procured from one of the petitioners the following explanation of its intended operations. Its objects are briefly stated in the petition, which is as here given :

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled, January, 1861.

The undersigned citizens of Lowell and vicinity, respectfully represent that there is no banking or other institution in this neighborhood where persons of limited means can obtain small loans of money on their real estate or such other security as it is in their power to offer.

Your petitioners therefore pray that they and their associates may be incorporated as the Bank of Industry, Lowell, with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars, for the purpose of receiving deposits, and paying a low rate or interest on them and loaning the same at the legal rate of interest, in sums from one hundred dollars to one thousand dollars, on mortgages of real estate.

Your petitioners further pray that they may also be allowed to loan any part of their capital, on pledge of personal property, upon a less amount to that now in operation at the Pawners Bank in Boston. And for this will ever pray, &c.

This document is signed by forty-six persons, three quarters of whom are practical men of this city, representing every Corporation and other large industrial interest. The under are business men and others in the neighboring towns. This institution might with propriety be called the "*Poor Man's Bank*," as in its practical working, it will be almost exclusively with that class.

Until the establishment of the "Pawner's Bank, in Boston, our Legislators had quite overlooked the fact that about one half the mercantile community needed banking accommodations. They had provided places called "Savings Banks," where a man or woman could place their money safely; and where counties, cities, towns and men at large means could borrow it, but that persons in humble circumstances should ever have occasion to borrow or need to have exacted their notice altogether. The practical operation of Savings Banks is well exemplified in the practice of the "Lowell Institution for Savings" in this city—an institution, probably, as safely managed as any in the world. The small-est sum it loans on mortgage of real estate, is three thousand dollars, to which, borrowers are required to convey at least six thousand dollars worth of property. Then as the poor man, who has some money, desirous of procuring a home for himself and family, is excluded from any such privilege, so far as any is provided by the State authorities. He must either do without his loan, or submit to the exactions demanded by individuals who have the money. Some Savings Banks in the State do not loan even so small an amount as three thousand dollars. There are others that loan less, among which may be named the "City Institution," that loans as low as two thousand. The Five Cents Savings Bank, the latest one incorporated in this city, has, in a few instances, loaned as small a sum as five hundred dollars. It will be noticed that the petitioners for the "Bank of Industry" ask for the privilege of loaning on real estate, in sums from one hundred dollars to one thousand dollars, at six per cent. interest.

The question at once arises, How are the stockholders to pay the expenses and get interest for *their* investments? They expect to do it by a process scarcely less useful to the community than their loans, that of receiving any sum of money, at any time, payable on demand or at the expiration of any period of time, which the depositor may desire when he makes his deposit.—The rates of interest will be established and will be graduated by the length of time for which the deposit is made. These rates must of necessity be somewhat lower than those of Savings Banks, but the advantages to a population like that of Lowell may be illustrated as follows. A girl in the mill receives her monthly pay on the week following the Saturday which is the commencement of the "quarter" in the Savings Bank in which she prefers to deposit. By the rules adopted by all the Savings Banks here, she cannot no interest until the beginning of the next "quarter," three months afterward. If the Bank of Industry is established, she can place her money there and receive interest on her wages *any* for nearly three months; the next month's pay she can lend there for sixty days; the third month's pay she can deposit and receive interest for three weeks. At the expiration of that time she can draw it all out and place it in her Savings Bank at the beginning of a new "quarter."

The Pawners' Bank of Boston was established with the intention of loaning on goods and chattels only; but its operations have been so satisfactory to its customers, its stockholders, and the friends of the poor generally, that application is now made to the present Legislature for a "Bank of Petty Loans," its object being to loan small sums on mortgages of real estate. This is one step further in the right direction; but inasmuch as the borrower must necessarily pay his proportion of the expenses of conducting the business, above the legal rate of interest, the loan will cost him nearly a quarter more than that rate. The petitioners estimate the cost, and have asked for the rate of *seven and thirty-one-hundredths per cent.* to be legalized for them.

By the foregoing arrangement of deposit, the same business can be done at six per cent. thereby enabling the poor man to obtain a loan at the same rate as his wealthy neighbor.

The Bank of Industry proposes to do the same kind of business and at the same rate in Lowell as the "Pawners' Bank" is now successfully doing in Boston. In addition to this, it asks to receive deposits and loan them as above stated. In any event the public cannot be harmed by its incorporation, as it will issue no bills, and the depositors will be secured not only by the capital, but by the personal liability of the stockholders.

The following is taken from the report of the committee who recommended the establishment of the Pawners' Bank in Boston :—

"The effect of it is that the poor man on the continent of Europe, in case of stress for money to pay his rent, or to meet an unexpected outlay in case of sickness, death, or other calamity to his family, if he has anything to spare of value, is more sure of his loan than is the merchant of Boston. In many of the cities of Europe, it is estimated that full one half of the citizens avail themselves of their aid at one time or another in their lives. And, in the case of a larger number of families, they are relied upon to help them yearly over those trying seasons of the year that are common to all in straitened circumstances.

"It will be seen that these banks of charity stand in the same relation to the day laborer that the banking house does to the merchant. Each goes to his bank for his discount on such securities as his situation in life enables him to offer, and the money thus obtained is as vital to the one as to the other. The same article is pawned to the banker in gold and again. The same little keepsake or valuable is thus again and again sent on its errand of mercy. Our time it has got the habit of interest, in sums from one hundred dollars to one thousand dollars, on mortgages of real estate.

"These banks are maintained in other countries on sound philosophical principles. They recognize the fact, not as a speculation and appreciated here or in England, that the poor need and must and will have loans at certain times, as well as the merchant classes, and that the government are as much bound to look after the facilities needed by the one as the vast facilities demanded and received by the other."

PROGRESS OF AFFAIRS AT THE SOUTH.—*Georgia.*—The Georgians seem to have caught the madness that lately controlled the Charleston disunionists. The secession ordinance declares the ordinance of the United States, adopted by the people of the United States, and all Acts of the Legislature relating thereto, abrogated; also that the Union between Georgia and the other States is dissolved, and that Georgia is in full possession of all the rights of sovereignty that appertain to an independent State. A motion to postpone the ordinance till the 3d of March, was lost. Hon. A. H. Stephens, and H. V. Johnson are in the convention, and voted against the ordinance. It was adopted by a vote of 208 against 86. Georgia is represented as willing to unite with the other seceding States, on terms satisfactory to her political and social safety. The Georgia members of Congress will remain till they receive an authentic copy of the secession ordinance.

Tennessee will hold a State Convention on the 28th of February.

Mississippi.—The Committee on a Southern Confederacy in the Legislature has reported resolutions, providing for a Southern Confederacy to establish a provisional government for the seceding States. It is proposed that the Southern Convention shall meet in Montgomery, on the 4th of February.

Letter from Charleston, S. C. Dispatches from Charleston, dated Saturday, are as follows :—

Lieut. Talbot arrived last night with gloomy tidings. The Governor and Cabinet were consulting a greater part of the night on his intelligence.

A boat with a white flag arrived from Fort Sumter yesterday, requesting provisions or demanding of South Carolina to cease building fortifications.

Alabama.—The lower branch of the Alabama Legislature has passed a bill to provide against invasion by sea. It makes pirates liable to fine and imprisonment for bringing foreign vessels into the harbor of Mobile, and authorizes the commander of Fort Morgan to destroy beacons and landmarks at his discretion.

Florida.—There has been danger of an attack on Fort Pickens, at Pensacola, Florida, and two thousand men are reported to have been called to their support over those trying seasons of the year that are common to all in straitened circumstances.

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Mississippi.—

HOLIDAY GIFTS!

GREAT ATTRACTION AT

H.S. HAYNES'

CHINA EMPORIUM !!

NO. 45 MERRIMACK STREET.

The rich and beautiful assortment is now arranged and ready for exhibition. And without question

Surpasses in variety and extent any ever before seen in this city!

It comprises articles suitable for

GIFTS,

For old and young, married and unmarried, grave and gay, and every class in life. The great variety comprised in this stock is ordered expressly for selecting HOLIDAY PRESENTS, which is not often found. I have goods of every description, both ornamental and useful, and can suit the most difficult. I have a large assortment of

CHEAP TOYS,

to please the children, from two cents to one dollar.

I have a large var ty of

PARIAN MARBLE,

Vases, Colognes, Statuettes, Match Boxes, Jewel Boxes, Card Baskets, Hanging Flower Baskets, &c.

BOHEMIAN GLASS,

Toilet Bottles, Wine Bottles, Cordial Sets, Goblets, Carafes, Vases, Mugs, Colognes, Finger Bowls, &c., in various colors.

TOY TEA SETS,

a full collection in every size and price.

SILVER PLATED GOODS,

Fruit Dishes, Tea Sets, Spoon Holders, Salts, Covered Butters, &c.

LARGE WARE,

Richly embossed, in brown and antique colors. Also

Etruscan, Terra Cotta, Bronze, and Richly decorated CHINA WARE,

in all the various forms, perfect with a large variety of articles too numerous to mention.

Don't forget to examine my stock before purchasing.

Call and make your selections EARLY, and avoid the rush of the last days.

Remember the location,

45 MERRIMACK STREET,

H. S. HAYNES.

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BODGE'S

American Liniment,

AN INVALUABLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Back and Chest, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Contractions of the Muscles, Nymph Affections, Acute or Chronic Sore Throat, and Croup,

Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c., &c.

This invaluable Liniment penetrates the whole system of the patient, and by its powerful influence on the nerves, relieves pain, and restores the diseased parts to health and vigor. It should be constantly kept in every family, as it will be found useful in many cases of sudden emergency.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all Druggists in the U. States, & wholesale by

WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington street, Boston, Sole Agents for New England.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON,

ASA S. CROSBY, AGENT.

Agents wanted—apply as above. no16eo3m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

THE Undersigned, Manufacturers at Augusta, Me., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they have opened a store in this city, and

CHARLESTON SQUARE, No. 24,

(corner of Stillman street), where they will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they have facilities for manufacturing, and receive from 80 to 100 thousand feet per week from their mills, they are satisfied that they can offer inducements to any contemplating building, and other strong inducements to dealers, as they will sell by the quantity either at WHOLESALE or RETAIL.

N. B.—Sashes glazed to order by mail or express.

E. K. ROBINSON & CO.

Boston, Oct. 8, 1860. no15eow3m

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

AT THE

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

AND CROCKERY WARE

of the most approved

WIRE suitable for garden Plants,

GOOD quality, and VERY low in price, at the old

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. de29

LOWELL.

GILT EDGE II

UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE,

BARNARD'S PREPARED GLUE,

UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE.

For sale by E. S. LUNT.

For 17 Central Street

SHAWMUT COMPANY

CLARINE COAL OIL.

THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for this above NEW BURNING OIL, which for color, cost and burning qualities is warranted to stand in the market.

The above will be sold as low for cash as any oil of equal quality, and in quantities to suit the trade. As a superior article of Lamp can be this oil is worthy the attention of consumers.

GRANVILLE MAGEE,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE ABOVE COMPANY,

93 & 95 Water street, Boston.

Boston, Sept. 1, 1860. sep21eow3m

Perfumery.

POND'S Lily Extract, Barnett's Fearmut, and an assortment of Lundy's Extracts, for sale by E. S. LUNT.

CARPET SWEEPER.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a very large stock of

Shaleer's Improved Paten Sweepers,

the best and Cheapest sold in the market. It costs both trifle to keep in good condition. For sale at 45 Merrimack street. no16

GOLD BAND FRENCH CHINA!

A LARGE assortment of gilt Gold Band Tea Sets, Covered Dishes, &c., for sale low for holding off. H. S. HAYNES,

de15 45 Merrimack st.

TO get a good TEA SET, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get a good DINNER SET, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get good PLATED WARE, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get TOILET WARE, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to

H. S. HAYNES'.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan19 tf

RICH GOODS

FOR NEW YEAR,

—AND—

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CASTORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW as Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher.

Please call and see

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best suggestions a bridegroom can receive. Such a book is now issued from the press of the celebrated work on

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Swinnards to Fashion, Embracing a Popular Treatise on Dress, Hints on Gentlemen's Costume, with 16 large steel Engravings, colored after Nature, and 24 Illustrations on Wood, by Ten Distinguished Artists.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN; by the Author of "Evelina and Cecilia" by Ten Thousand Ladies.

BEAUTIES OF SHAKSPEARE;

THE LADY'S TOILET; by Ten Thousand Ladies.

MAXIMS OF THE AUTHORESS OF "HOME THOUGHTS—HOME HOURS" with Illustrations.

Bridal, Wedding and Anniversary Festivals—with original Poetry.

HOME THOUGHTS FROM FOREIGN LANDS; by C. H. Bennett—with 20 Illustrations.

Wedding Cards, Notes of NEW and USEFUL books

HOME TESTIMONIES, PRAISE, BOOKS FOR MARRIAGE; with a Letter from Mrs. Hale, the favorite Source in England, and on the Continent, with a bright and growing reputation in this country, and numerous testimonials appended as a stimulant to the appetite of the reader.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mowbray's Lozenges."—Court Journal and Fashionable Gazette

only a step, a sigh divides us from him. God did not let him wait to part with you in anguish; he spared you both that trying agony—although in the final affection of his heart George prayed for it: but he will answer that prayer.—you shall meet again, to such joy and glory as human heart cannot conceive, I trust to believe.

Remember, bereavements come to all whom God loves, and He loves all. They come for one good, to train us to the resistent and purpose of life and bind us to God and Heaven. God has been very kind to you, has spared you long; but if he never afflicted you, it would seem as if he had forgotten you, neglected your high estate culture, and did not love you.

Remember, the magic blessing left. The other children must now and henceforth be more to you than they have ever been before. Let George's goodness ever live with them, and make them more blessed because he has died, as men count death."

A PERTINENT REPLY. The glorifiers of John Brown, who asked Lord Brougham to visit Boston and attend the anniversary of the hanging of their hero, received rather more than they solicited in his reply.—He wrote to them as follows:—

"I feel honored by the invitation to attend the B-ston convention, and to give my opinion upon the question, 'How can American slavery be abolished?' I consider the application is made to me as one occupying me to repres-nt the anti-slavery feeling in this country: and I believe that I speak their sentiments as well as my own in expressing the widest difference of opinion with you upon the means of those who promoted the Harper's Ferry expedition, and upon the fate of those who suffered for their conduct in it. No one will doubt my earnest desire to see slavery extinguished, but that desire can only be gratified by lawful means—a strict regard to the rights of property, or what the law declares property, and a constant repugnance to the shedding of blood. No man can be considered a martyr unless he not only suffers, but it wishes to die: truth, and he does not fear this sentence when I describe a lawful object by illegal means. Any other course taken for the abolition of slavery can only delay the consummation we so ardently wish, besides exposing the community to the hazard of an insurrection, perhaps less hurtful to the master than the slave. When the British emancipation was finally carried it was accomplished by steps, and five years elapsed between the commencement of the measure in 1832 and its completion in 1838.

The declaration of a law which pronounced a state of war as soon as he touched British ground, (erroneously ascribed to the English courts under Lord Mansfield, but really made by the judges in Scotland), may seem to be inconsistent with the principle now laid down. But it was found to express my doubts if such a decision would have been given had Jamaica been still one of the coasts of its country. It is certain that the judges did not intend to declare that all property in slaves should instantly cease, and yet such would have been the inevitable effect of their judgment in the case supposed, which somewhat resembles that of America. In the elevation of your new President, all friends of America, and its continued union, of the final extinction of slavery by peaceful and constitutional utter and immediate extinction of the execrable slave trade—all friends of the human race must heartily rejoice. They will let us hope, find in him a powerful ally, as his country may expect to find an able, consistent, and an honest ruler."

Letter in Patois. The election of the new President Lincoln seems to have strangely exasperated the slave States. An ricain not merely in Carolina, but also the stray foreigners whom the love of those acts enables to exhibit their vulgari ty at Paris. On the 22nd inst. we find in the common breakfast sheets of Monsieur's. At one table sat the Hon. M. Oldbury, son of Lord Seston, and near him were seated two African christians, from Jabantee, well-mixed gentlemen, speaking French and English better than most of the Southern Legrees from Alabama, discussing the affairs which had brought them to the imperial court of France.—Three American slaveholders, who were at work, *a la fourchette*, in a distant compartment, when they espied the natives of Africa, on which they instantly advanced to the table and vented their coarse and unmanly prejudices in the most gross style. The member for Waterford, Mr. Blake, as well as Lord Seaton's son, protested against this under bred and ill-mannered assent of the Transatlantic bullies, when the law of France would soon let any of them know (if any exist), and teach them that educated Berbians from that quarter of the globe are higher in the social scale than a fellow whose c ra tchess in a cart-ship, and whose only peerage look is an old copy of the Commander. "Newgate Calendar."—*Correspondent of the London Globe.*

THE NEW INDIANA SENATOR. Hon. Henry S. Lane, who will take his seat in the United States Senate on the 4th of March, representing the State of Indiana, is a man likely to become distinguished.—He is described by the *Boston Journal* as

"A native of Kentucky, and a distant relative of Gen. Joseph Lane, of Oregon. He resides in Crawfordsville, and is widely known as a leading lawyer, and a man of spoth as integrity. He was once a member of the United States House of Representatives, and presided over the Philadelphia Convention which nominated Fremont.—In personal appearance he bears some resemblance to President Lincoln; he is long and lank, with a cadaverous face, and when speaking throws his wiry form into extravagant and indescribable contortions. But he is fluent, pungent and eloquent, and his matter and manner are characterized by so much interest, that by stirring the hearts of a popular assembly, he is the superior, and perhaps no equal, among the orators of the West. He is a thorough-going emphatic Republican, occupying about the same ground as Senator Wade of Ohio."

BEECHER'S "DUBBLE." Rev. T. S. King has given, in the *Boston Transcript*, a brilliant account of a late trip which he has made to the Sierras. We find the following amusing passage in the letter:—

"The first object I saw among the majestic evergreens was Henry Ward Beecher in a wild forest costume. So it seemed at the first glance, and the more I looked at him the more striking was the likeness. It was a pig-driver. I thought at once of Mr. Hall's charming story in the *Atlantic*, 'My Double and how he Lost Me.' If the Brooklyn autocrat is anxious to engage a 'Double,' let him apply to me, and I will start off for the Sierras and this man. No one could mistake the compound in that countenance of noble benevolence, impudence and fun (I am speaking of the pig-driver, not of the divine). We engaged him at once to pilot us to the Big Trees, and during all the excursion we called him, not by his own name, but Beecher."

ARE WE TO LOSE "DOWN EAST"? A Quebec paper discusses the secession question, under the head of "A new Future of the American Revolution," states the following:—

"While the North and the South are on the eve of civil war, it is interesting to learn, as we do on unquestionable authority, that the leading men of the State of Maine are preparing the way for annexation to the British Union. It is the most hopeful movement of the hour."

THE DAILY COURIER

Tuesday, January 22, 1861.

THE STATE OF THINGS AT THE SOUTH. A rumor was in circulation last evening, that Fort Pickens, at Pensacola, Fla., had been attacked, but the fort was ably defended, and the attacking party were repulsed with great slaughter. Nothing is received this morning to substantiate the rumor, but it is unquestionably true that a large body of men had been for some days in the vicinity of the fort, and its attack was evidently at one time meditated. It is thought that the fort is sufficiently strong to defend itself successfully against all assaults that can be made upon it.

There is some speculation as to who will probably be selected for President of the Southern Confederacy, and now it is thought that Hon. Jefferson Davis stands a good chance for the honor. He has left Washington for the South.

"Petley," of the *Boston Journal*, telegraphs that two Virginians (names not given) have arrived in Washington for the purpose of fighting a duel, which originated in the secession convention in that State.

The Postoffice at Pensacola was abolished yesterday, and the mail service discontinued, and postmasters throughout the country are directed to send all letters addressed to Pensacola to the dead letter office.—This course has been taken in consequence of the interruption of the mails by the Florida authorities.

The Capitol police force has been doubled by the direction of the Vice President and Speaker of the House.

Mr. Cobb did not join his colleagues in signing the communication to the Speaker announcing the secession of Alabama and their withdrawal from the House.

The Georgians are making fools of themselves. In convention yesterday, the following preamble and resolution was passed:—

"*Whereas*, The lack of unanimity on the passage of the secession ordinance indicates a difference of opinion, not as to the right to dissolve, but as to the mode of redress, and it being desirable to give a proper expression of the feeling of all the members of the convention to sustain the action of the State, therefore,

Resolved, That all the members of this convention whether they voted for or against the passage of the ordinance of secession, will sign the same as a pledge of their unanimous determination of this State to sustain the action of the State in this course without regard to individual approval or disapproval.

This was signed by all the members except twelve. Alexander H. Stephens, Judge Stephens, and Governor Johnson signed the ordinance. At night there was a "grand demonstration," and four hundred guns were fired in honor of the secession of the State; Milledgeville was illuminated, bells were rung, &c.

The secession of Georgia, so far as we have observed, has had no particular effect on any part of the country except Baltimore; everywhere else it was expected that she would do precisely as she has done, and therefore no one is disappointed.—Everything else will not be affected by these things, and now looks alone to Virginia. If that State calls a convention, Maryland will do the same, although she has steadily resisted the secession influence that has been thus far brought against her. It is a difficult position she occupies, but we have little doubt she will not be seduced, coerced or driven into the schemes of the disunionists.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, a petition was presented from Benj. F. Butler and 94 others against the incorporation of another Bank in Lowell. On motion of Mr. Whiting, of Plymouth, an order was adopted for a joint special committee to consider the expediency of taking the appointment of police from the city authorities of Boston, and that they be appointed by the State authorities. An order was adopted instructing the Committee on Federal Relations to ascertain if arms or munitions of war were being manufactured in this State for the use of seceding States. Several bills were passed to a third reading.

In the House petitions were presented for the repeal of the Personal Liberty law; for the Stephen Moar and others and Thomas F. Borgess and others of Lowell, in aid of that of Wm. A. Burke and others for a new Savings Bank in Lowell. Walter Wright and others, of Lowell, against repeal of law equalizing shares in Corporations. The Military bill was discussed by several members and recommitted.

BIGHTOS. At Brighton there are 54 butchering establishments, employing 495 men, using 4,681,000 orginal, and producing annually from about 673,000 animals $4,656,800 worth of meat, besides hides and tallow, horns and tripe. The beef cattle constitute in number about one-half, and more than half of the slaughtered droves; and the average prices are 6 2 3 cents per pound, 1-10 for beef, 7 2-3 for veal, and 7 3-4 for pork. This estimate is based upon the business of the year ending in May, 1860.

IS a correspondence between the Postmaster General and the Postmaster at Charleston, the latter admitted that a letter of "intense excitement," there was "a distinction made, in two instances, between the old and new sealed mail matter is sent to him, without any surveillance of the South Carolina authorities.

GEORGIA, (says the *Boston Transcript*), imitating South Carolina, has severed the bonds uniting her to the Union. This blow to the general government and the States yet acknowledging allegiance to the Constitution, is compensated for by the fact that hereafter the people of Georgia will have Senator Toombs and Iverson all to themselves. If Georgia can stand such an infliction as that, no mortal power can subdue it.

DEATH OF REV. DR. LOWELL. Dr. Chas. Lowell, the father of James Russell Lowell, died at his residence in Cambridge, last Sunday afternoon. He was seventy-eight years of age. For some years his infirmities had kept him from his pulpit duties.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Hunter, of Va., asked to be excused from serving on the Indian Appropriation Committee and Mr. Latham, of Cal., on the Territorial Committee. Mr. Polk, of Mo., presented a petition from his State, the signatures of which occupied 15 pages of foolscap, asking for the passage of Mr. Crittenden's resolutions. It was wrapped in the American flag, with the motto "Love to the South, North, East and West." Messrs. Yulee and Mallory, of Fla., Clay and Fitzpatrick, of Ala., and Davis, of Miss., took leave of the Senate. The Kansas bill was taken up, and an amendment in regard to the Judiciary offered by Mr. Fitch, of Ind., was adopted 36 to 16. Mr. Crittenden's resolutions were taken up.—Mr. Bigler, of Pa., spoke in favor of their passage. The discussion was participated in by Messrs. Cameron, Iverson, of Georgia, Green, of Mo., Mason, of Va., Crittenden, of Ky., and other Senators, but before taking a vote, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, several memorials favoring Mr. Crittenden's resolutions were received. A resolution favoring the suspension of mail facilities in the seceding States was referred to the Post Office Committee. Mr. English, of Ind., offered a resolution that that the Committee of Thirty-three take the necessary steps to carry Mr. Crittenden's resolutions into effect. The House refused to suspend the rules on motion of Mr. English 67 to 92.—On motion of Mr. Morris, of Ill., the Judiciary Committee was instructed to inquire into the propriety of amending the neutrality laws so as to prevent military expeditions from being allowed to aid seceding States.

Mr. Cobb did not join his colleagues in signing the communication to the Speaker announcing the secession of Alabama and their withdrawal from the House.

MERRIMACK PRINT WORKS. Business in these works (a part of the Merrimack Corporation, though the two are entirely distinct companies) is good at the present time; all of them being in successful operation.—The prints of this company always meet a ready sale, never have to stand for a month, for the excellent styles and quality of its goods are known throughout the civilized world. Their designs possess the merit of great originality and attractiveness. Usually from 800 to 1200 pieces of 40 yards each are printed from the same plate, unless there is an extra demand for a particular pattern, when it is added to the statistics of Lowell Manufactures for 1861 (just published at this office) this company prints 420,000 yards per week, or 22,360,000 per annum. The purpose they use annually, 1,900,000 pounds of madder. 110,000 pounds of indigo, 170,000 lb. alum. 160,000 lb. sumac, 60,000 lbs. soda, and 220,000 lbs. lime.

Their new engine of about 1000 horse power, has been brought into working order, and supplies the place of two old ones. It was manufactured by the Corliss Company, of Providence, R. I., and is a giant in every respect. It is a double cylinder engine, each of 36 inches diameter and 7 feet stroke. It moves up to 60 revolutions a minute, that being sufficient to carry their works at the present time, though in case of accident the other would be put into working order in a short time. The influence shed is a monster, being twenty-five feet in diameter and weighs 66,000 pounds, or 33 tons. The engine cost upward of $30,000. They have other buildings for power and heating purposes, to which twenty more are shortly to be added.—They use about 125 tons of coal per week.—These facts will hardly fail to interest those who find pleasure and profit in "poring" over statistics relative to the manufacturing business of Lowell.

A UNION MEETING IN NEW JERSEY. There was a Union meeting last night, at Trenton N. J., which, if we can judge anything by the meager intelligence thus far received, was not of the most harmonious character. Mr. Crittenden's resolutions, recommending a vote of the State on the same, were endorsed. The appointment of State Commissioners to visit Washington, was also recommended. Resolutions were offered in favor of coercion of the seceded States and then basish forces for this firebrand! If these difficulties are not removed, he would not attempt to lift the curtain from the future and the consequences which may follow the preventing delusion.

Mr. Cobb, of Georgia, said he had been asked, if Virginia would submit to coercion. No, never, never. He considered submit to Virginia and the other States that framed the Constitution, which limits the power of the General Government who find pleasure and profit in "posting" themselves to the manufacturing business of Lowell.

JOHN A. GURLEY, the member of Congress from Ohio, who made a firm Republican speech and war-like speech in Congress, on Wednesday of last week, was formerly a Universalist Minister, and was settled over the Society in Methuen some eighteen or twenty years ago. He resides in Cincinnati.

HON. JONATHAN TUCK, mayor of Biddeford, Me., died at fever on Saturday morning last.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE.

The members of the Lowell City Guards are hereby notified to assemble at their Armory this (TUESDAY) evening, January 22d. A full attendance is requested. By order, J. B. HART, Commander.

E. D. BRIDESHAM, Clerk. jan22d1p.

Superior Court, Middlesex County.

SESSION.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY, JANUARY 22D, 1861.

1026—Crane et al. Lawson. Edwards for Plaintiff; Griffin and Boutelle for Defendants.

1027—Clark et al. Town of Woburn. Nickerson for Plaintiff; Hazelton for Defendants.

1028—Hawkes et al. Hawkes. Sackett for Plaintiff; Hawkes for Defendants.

1029—Tenney et al. Union Railroad Company. Butler for Plaintiff; Butler and Ames for Defendants.

1030—Tenney et al. Union Railroad Company. Butler for Plaintiff; Butler and Ames for Defendants.

1031—Tenney et al. Union Railroad Company. Butler for Plaintiff; Butler and Ames for Defendants.

1032—Big.ins et Newell et al. Butler for Plaintiff; Griffin and Boutelle for Defendants.

1033—Stone et al. Hill. Butler for Plaintiff; Dana and Cobb for Defendant.

1034—Griffin et al. Clark. Butler for Plaintiff; Richardson and Norris for Defendant.

1035—Wilson vs. Bartlett. Butler for Plaintiff; Dana and Cobb for Defendant.

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Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
Brainder quicker,
It burns up clean,
It lasts longer,
It is very healthy,
It costs less money.
This is the best burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF,
Corner of Merrimack and Middlesex streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16d6m

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is evidenced by the best judges of excellence in the mechanic arts, which are acknowledged by the best judges of excellence in the mechanic arts, which are acknowledged by the highest premium ever awarded to a Sewing Machine. It has become a domestic institution, and is found in the parlor as well as the kitchen, and necessary. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, such as Tucking, Quilting, Gathering, Hemming, Stitching, Felling, Braiding, and all varieties of Embroidery, it stands wide above all competition, and is supplied, the highest premium ever awarded to a Sewing Machine.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many that have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Lowell:

D. S. Richardson,	J. P. Bench,
A. Bachelder,	H. Hosford,
Wm. A. Burke,	T. P. Ayer,
Wm. Crosby,	Albert Wright,
E. A. Alger,	C. Barnard,
E. A. Bigelow,	Jos. Graham,
B. F. Butler,	Jere. E. B. Foster,
J. C. Ayer,	M. C. Ayer,
D. C. Brown,	M. C. Byron,
Wm. Gage,	Mrs. Capt. Richardson,
J. L. Ordway,	Wm. L. Nesh,
Jos. Bridge,	Mrs. Capt. Kidder,
B. W. Webster,	G. Kimball,
Jos. Nesmith,	Mrs. Capt. Kidder,
Jas. Nesmith,	D. Parker Gage.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other companies that are not reliable. Call and examine the plans and their compute, and satisfy yourself.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Apply to or address, GEO. W. MORSE, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

T. C. KENDRICK, Agent, Lowell.

Insurance to the late A. J. RICHMOND, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth three times the amount loaned thereon, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security for Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Francis Lynan,	President.
Morton Hallett,	Jos. Lloyd, City Clerk, Brooklyn.
Isaac Rice, Jr.,	Dr. Jas. Kerr, "
Wm. H. Aspinwall,	Dr. Benjamin F. Trimmer, "
Thos. Tallmadge, Jr.,	Merchant, New York.
Wm. Bell,	Merchant, "
Hon. Geo. Briggs,	Ex-Governor, Mass.
Hon. Geo. Bancroft,	Collector, City of New York.
Hon. Wm. Kent,	Late Judge.
Hon. Jas. Kent,	Counsellor, "
Hon. Wm. Curtis Noyes,	Counsellor, "
Hon. Wm. Beach Lawrence,	Counsellor, "
W. Tompkins Blydenburgh,	Merchant, "
Jos. S. Bosworth,	Merchant, New York.
John P. Giraldings,	Merchant, "
Jos. B. Stephens,	Merchant, Brooklyn.
ROBERT ATTEE, Secretary.	GEORGE F. SNIFFEN, Secretary.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at the lowest rates.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Office at Kinsley's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack streets.

nov16d6m

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Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is evidenced by the best judges of excellence in the mechanic arts, which are acknowledged by the highest premium ever awarded to a Sewing Machine. It has become a domestic institution, and is found in the parlor as well as the kitchen, and necessary. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, such as Tucking, Quilting, Gathering, Hemming, Stitching, Felling, Braiding, and all varieties of Embroidery, it stands wide above all competition, and is supplied, the highest premium ever awarded to a Sewing Machine.

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ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Cash Capital.....$1,000,000
Surplus.....$300,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$100,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$200,000.

The above 5 Companies are the oldest and strongest in the country, and are represented by the undersigned, who will issue policies on favorable terms, and will promptly adjust and pay all losses.

JAMES T. ROBINSON, Agent,
Office, 104 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 43 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 21, 1860. ap21

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

N. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it in a limited extent, they have engaged the services of a gentleman who is prepared to set it more extensively. Those who wish to have their mouths filled with this material, will find it to be the most perfect and durable article, while it is not objected that it will impart any unpleasant taste to the food. There are many instances where it is used with great success, and in many others it is far better than the precious metals. Owing to the improved time and facilities for working it, we are prepared to fill it at a reasonable price. We feel that they are entitled to favorable notice by the public, and hope that all who are in want of anything in our line will favor us with a call.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

jan21 6m

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Cough

Lozenges. Prepared by Pliny Fisk, M. D., New York. Successor Brown and Seixas' Apothecary Store, 282 Broadway. Sold by BENNETT & ROBLIFF, corner Moody and Merrimack streets.

Also, the celebrated THORNTON COAL, equal to any in the market, for sale at the lowest cash price, by the ton or load, at the yard or delivered, by BENNETT & ROBLIFF, corner Moody and Merrimack streets.

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jan15 3m

FUR MANUFACTORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The subscriber would inform the public that he has commenced manufacturing Furs made and repaired in the latest style. 169 MERRIMACK STREET.

W. RANSOM.

PARLOR STOVE. Call and see Magee's Improved Parlor Stove at No. 2, Wood & Co.'s, 78 Merrimack Street, with new and improved gas burner, oven, &c., at reduced prices. dif

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, in which Mr. A. Lyon is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan26d1f

POLICE COURT. Tuesday, January 22. Nothing but civil business before the Court to-day.

NEW MUSIC. We have received from E. S. Hunt, No. 17 Central Ste-t, a new song entitled, "O, bury me in the valley," composed by the well known author, Henry S. Gilmore & Russell. Also, "Beatrix Clairgeau Polka," Russell & Patter, publishers. Both are new and quite pretty.

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BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR

Coughs, Colds, Consumption, &c.

The use of medicines is based upon the fact that there is a sympathy between the stomach and the lungs. A remedy is valuable remedy, which is not fully established in public confidence, is one which has been tested by years of experience which must carry conviction to the mind of every reflecting man. The remedies which have been highly effectual in the remedial character, is in the Pulmonic Wafers, prepared by Dr. Bryan, of Boston. Their extensive sale, and the universal satisfaction they have given during the last ten years, is sufficient evidence of their merit. Public confidence is not to be purchased. It is earned by years of experience, and it is given only when the article is found to be worthy of confidence. Dr. Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have earned the confidence of the community, and they are now offered to the public as the best remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, &c.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map of the Railroads and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States—Published every Saturday.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 42 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. For sale by A. P. FISHER, news agent. jan15 3m

FUR MANUFACTORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The subscriber would inform the public that he has commenced manufacturing Furs made and repaired in the latest style. 169 MERRIMACK STREET.

W. RANSOM.

Dr. Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are answered PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and LARYNGEAL AFFECTIONS. It has been proved that simple remedies often are speedy and effectual in their operation. Who has not heard of the Cough, Cough Drops, Cough Candy, &c., &c., but let the Cold, Coughs and Hoarseness be attended to in time, and they will be found to be easily controlled by this preparation a most powerful remedy in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness and Sinuous will find them effects for clearing and strengthening the voice. Prepared only by

Dec. 11. 6m* S. B. EMMONS.

STEEL ANCHORS.

W. F. HAGAR & CO. have the pleasure to announce to the public that they have given entire satisfaction in every case. Repeatedly yours.

W. F. HAGAR & CO., Proprietors, Cor. Merrimack and Middlesex streets.

There is no other so good preimpney for an article of this description in the market. Call and see for yourself. They are to be seen in hundreds of cases. Orders left at the store will be promptly attended to. See advertisement in another column.

dec15 6m

CAUTION!

Two subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine article of Cod Liver Oil

Blood Food!

Blood Food!

Blood Food!

To all suffering from Scrofula, Consumption, Bronchitis, Sores or Ulcers, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, Debility without medicine, at the Merrimack House from 10 to 12 A. M. Dr. EDWARD P. DARLING, Professor of Midwifery and diseases of Women and Children; author of "Changes Forever" on chronic disease, and founder of the celebrated Indian Purgative medicinal cure for Fevers and deformity. His treatment is both rational and successful in its action, and frequently relieves patient relief. Pamphlets mailed free. His Hours and fees are known and so moderate.

Dr. Johnson's Cure of Female Complaints, (falling &c.) Spinal Affections, Dyspepsia, Fits, Piles, and General Debility without medicine, at the Merrimack House from 10 to 12 A. M. Dr. EDWARD P. DARLING, Professor of Midwifery and diseases of Women and Children; author of "Changes Forever" on chronic disease, and founder of the celebrated Indian Purgative medicinal cure for Fevers and deformity. His treatment is both rational and successful in its action, and frequently relieves patient relief. Pamphlets mailed free. His Hours and fees are known and so moderate.

FROM PROFESSOR MOTT, OF NEW YORK, AND OTHERS. The undersigned have assumed the duties of Physicians to the Medical Institute, and the entire attention of the medical profession. Dr. Mott, 15, Hudson street, New York.

VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.
ALFRED C. POST, M. D.
J. B. WORTHINGTON, M. D.
J. KEARNY ROGERS, M. D.

jan11

MARRIAGES.

In Lawrence, Jan. 12th, by Rev. Mr. McCarty, Mr. Hiram Bailey, of Lowell, to Miss Ruth Smith, of Lawrence. Jan. 15th, by Rev. Mr. Hartwell, Mr. Edward Wood, of Lowell, to Miss Mary Ann Hartwell, of Lawrence. Jan. 20th, by Rev. H. J. Richardson, Mr. Wm. A. Hall, of Boston, to Miss Sarah L. Whitney, of Concord.

DEATHS.

In Somerville, Jan. 19th, Mrs. Ann, wife of Benjamin F. Dodson, and 3 years 11 months and 19 days.

In Salem, Jan. 20th, Mr. Willis Maynard, aged 11 years 11 months and 20 days, son of Joseph B. and Mr. Uriah Goodwin, aged 34.

NEW ADVERTISEM NTS.

PROF. BANNING

MAY be consulted at the Merrimack House from 10 to 12 A. M. on FRIDAY and SATURDAY the 25th, for the application of his Bones for Varicose Veins, Nervousness, Rheumatism, Weaknesses, and for General Debility, Consumption, Coughs, Colds, &c. jan25 3t

Proprietors of Hotels, Steamers, and Laundries,

TESTIFY TO THE GREAT EXCELLENCE OF

STEARNS & CO.'S

GLYCERINE SOAP.

All agree in pronouncing it, unequalled in every department, and a superior trial they have ever before used. When all other soaps fail in large measure, must be in small consumers. Try it, whether you wish for a Shaving, Toilet or Bath Soap.

For sale by all Grocers. STEARNS & CO., Commercial Street, near the Lowell R. R. Depot. Sold in Lowell by FAY, PUFFER & WARREN, Middlesex st. jan22 6m

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of these celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner, and the fact that they have always proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing Glove is sufficient recommend.

Mr. H. has also a superior article of Gore Kid Gloves, which he warrants to be the best ever sold for the money.

Also, a full assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Hose and Mittens, with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21 4ty

300 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S corner Hat Store. jan21 4ty

$3.00 $1.00

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21 4ty

RETURN

OF THE PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Conn., on the first day of January, 1861.

Principal Office, Hartford, Conn. The Phenix Insurance Company.

Where incorporated?	May, 1854.
When commenced business?	May, 1854.
Amount of capital actually paid in?	$1,000,000 00
Amount of assets?	$1,184,603 09

Amount of Liabilities, viz:

Net amount of unpaid losses and claims	$
Gross premiums on fire risks running one year or less, $	
Gross premiums on fire risks running more than one year, $	
Amount of reinsurance	
Amount required to reinsure all outstanding risks?	
Amount of all other claims against the Company, not including capital stock	
Amount of capital stock paid for?	
Amount of capital stock paid in cash?	
Amount of capital stock paid in notes?	
Amount of capital stock paid in notes?	
Amount of capital stock paid in notes

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything one of the kind, and having effected after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before each* monthly period, and is therefore of the

greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too-rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health or constitution. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—No. 1, Full Strength, $10; No. 2, Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Of Remember—This medicine is *not* to be used *expressly* for OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; nor that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the price would be refunded.* Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased of Dr. Mattison, at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 29 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, communications from patients from abroad wishing for a secure and *sure Retreat*, with good care and treatment, invited to South.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men unconnected by physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, put out their pills, be careful to whom they apply, before at least investigating their character and skill in curing the diseases which make the *essential professions*. Advertising physicians, in their anxiety to get patients, *are tempted to resort*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements* and high pretensions, you will have reason to regret it, as long as you live.—[OF Dr. Mattison will send you, by mail, on receipt of one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on the DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Treatise on Private Diseases of Men; also Circular giving full information, and the *most undoubted references* in all cases, and without which no advertising physician or author of one kind or description should be CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only PROFESSIONAL physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both of his HONESTY and SKILL, and all who ARE any others, LETTHEM DO THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1860. 1 sep23dly

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.

She ready Yarn by Soap Maker, & Practical Cleaner
Will make hard water soft, clean Paint, remove Ink from Type, Grease from wooden Utensils, &c. &c.

One box costs $5 cts
4 to 6 lbs will produce from grease, usually given away, as much as 6 cts per lb.; say 20
45 cts.

Every box warranted. Directions in the coat of a barrel *Send stamp* for SOAP BOOK.

Recipe for making Hubbard's Soap, *sent free* by addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.

☞ The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable grocer in the Country.
May, 1860. may31dly

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
AND
Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse,
AND
Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WARE suitable for carding Houses, SODA fountains, &c., &c.

Every article in the line of China and Crockery Warehouse, SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack street.

sep14 W. DEARDEN.

GLUE! GLUE!!
UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE.
BARNARD'S PREPARED GLUE.
HUDSON'S PREPARED GLUE.
For sale by E. S. HUNT,
may9 No. 17 Central Street

SHAWMUT COMPANY'
CLARINE COAL OIL.

THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the above ILLUMINATING OIL, which for clearness, safety and brilliancy is warranted equal to any in the market.

The above will be sold at low for cash or approved paper, and a liberal discount made to the trade. Also a superior article of Fresh as now CATING OIL, equal to sperm, at less than two-thirds its cost.

GRANVILLE MEARS,
Sole AGENT FOR THE ABOVE COMPANY.
93 & 95 Water street, Boston.
Boston, Sept. 10, 1860. sep12d1an3m

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new patterns of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Chimneys, Burners, and Juhn-st Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, wicket, hand, counter, store, kitchen, and study lamps.

Also a large variety of Lamp Trimmings, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, wholesale and retail.

Don't forget Clarke's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the stock at the sign of the Golden Lamp, No. 3 Central, CLIFT'S China Emporium, 45 Merrimack street. No. 17 Central street. oct26

☞ Get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get cut and common GLASSWARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get all kinds of PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
☞ Get DOWNER'S & W. A. KEROSENE OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10

Perfumery.

JUST received by the subscriber, Burnett's Portical, and an assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by E. S. HUNT, No. 17 Merrimack and John Sts. 6m5

RICH GOODS
FOR NEW YEAR,
—AND—
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAstORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Selling 'LOW
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. D. ARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best medicines a person can take at any time, and for the benefit of those who have not the means of the choicest works published, I am going to furnish a few of the most important—a Private Gallery of Female Loveliness, Heroines of Romance, Beauties of the Bible, Pictures of Paradise and Purgatory, Heroes and Martyrs, and the most magnificent and costly Family Bible ever issued in this country, with a large number of fine steel engravings, viz:

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from London, Paris, Rome, Florence, Venice and Naples.
CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Moncure Conway, illustrated.
BEAUTIES OF SHAKSPEARE. With Portraits.
THE LAND AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.
HYMNS OF THE AGES—NEW SERIES.
FEATHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition, in pocket paper, full gilt.
BIBLES, in English and American Poets—in superb styles and prices.
BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, Illustrated, and Dr. H. Bonner's splendid edition.
With a large variety of NEW and USEFUL books of all kinds and STYLES.
BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS and *Hymn Books*, in every variety.
Also—PORTFOLIOS, Writing Desks, Envelopes, Letter Paper, Pens, Pencils, Pocket Books, &c., at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine my stock, at
J. JOHN STORY,
2 John street.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured only by the well known house of Classen & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much recommended as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

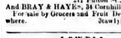
"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS. SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce,' prepared by the London Reform Club. It is excellent and it affords considerable relief to cases of LOW AND WEAK DIGESTION"—The Lancet.

"A very nice, Piquant and Relishing Sauce for splendid lo'ys."—Observer.

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDINER G. YUKLIN,
217 Fulton st., New York.
And BRAY & HAYES, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. 3cowly13sep19

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.
BUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to B. H. SEEFRAID)
No. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.



Only Manufacturers in the United States of Umbrellas, Parasols and Canes on the Gold Spring, which they received the

HIGHEST AWARD

Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857.

Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, an extensive assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS AND WALKING STICKS, of every variety and description, from the very highest prices to the lowest.

We have Parasols worth from $5 to $10 each; Umbrellas from $7 50 cents to $5 and Canes from 12 1-2 cents upwards, including the most approved, mounted varying in price from $100 to $50.

We are prepared to sell all the above articles at a less price than they can be purchased elsewhere, Manufacturers of Gold Spring Umbrellas, Parasols, Canes, Walking Sticks, Ivory Handles, Fancy Ferrules, of every style and variety. Gilding and Silvering Frames, &c., &c., also, Gilt Mouldings, Looking Glass and Picture Frames, &c. Also, Gilt Window Cornices, Curtain Materials, &c. Also, Gilt Window Shades, Curtain Fixtures, &c. Also, Looking Glass Plates, of every variety—together with a large assortment of Looking Glasses, Pier and Mantel Glasses, which will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

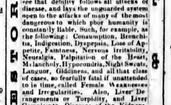
☞ Instruments of all kinds to set, and repairing every description done at short notice.

Lowell, June 2, 1858. 1eb3ly

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
FALLEY'S and CO.'s Celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium over all competitors at the last Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of the above instruments, which they will sell low for cash or approved paper.

Lowell, June 2, 1858. 1eb3ly

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.



Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories, Lowell.
☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. Jan1

Curtain Fixtures.
On a New Principle,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,
in every respect,
Selling quite low 7½
DEADEN'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MERRIMACK STREET.

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
AT
H. S. HAYNES',
Who has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, next door to the Post Office.

GOVERNOR VALVES
FOR Stationary Engines, of "Judson's Patent," Rochester, N. Y., also "Fitts' Patent Globe and Governor Valves," for sale by R. H. BARKER,
R. H. BARKER,
No. 8 Central st.

FOR SALE,
A COVERED AND EATING HOUSE.—For terms apply to A. CLARK, at 55, 6 over the Post Office.
sep28tf

MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 *CENTRAL STREET*,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—making good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Refinishing Frames for these Attended to.
Imitation Gold Frames for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 26, 1860. sep26d1

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of
T. & R. BOOTH, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, and are offered at prices which cannot fail to suit purchasers. Call and examine them as they are now ready for sale.
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to mention.
The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, making an assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and price.
HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase, will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell low across for cash or approved paper.
E. STONE,
N. W. BUNK.
Proprietors.

The attention of Invalids, Physicians, Clergymen, Nurses and others is called to the above Preparation, which is offered to the public with confidence. Sores, Sunburns, and Pimples removed by its use. Price 50 cents.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.
Depot, 36 Dey street, New York.
sep28 3m

Debility,
Consumption
HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase, will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell low across for cash or approved paper.
E. THALBERG.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
which, the P printers feel assured that they can execute all kinds of Printing in a manner unsurpassed by any Printing Establishment in the country.
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.
Cards, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Circulars, Cards, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Circulars, Cards, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Circulars,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, January 23, 1861.

A NEW FACTIONATOR IS THE FIELD. The Southern secession movement has waked up quite a number of persons who have for several years been politically buried. The most unexpected resurrection is that of John Tyler, of Virginia—the Tyler, too,' of 1840. The secession excitement has let last around the old patriot's tomb; and we are gratified to say that he is far from believing in the right of secession, and is industriously at work to prevent a dissolution of the Union. We hardly think, with all the radicalisms there are in Virginia ex-Governors, her present Chief-Magistrate, and some of her prominent men, that, with a decent show of respect for her re-quirements, she will be led into any serious folly. Virginia, more than any other State, has reason to remain as she now is; supposing a Southern confederacy is formed, she has nothing to gain by linking herself to its fate, and being on the border of a "foreign" power, she would unquestionably from that position be subject to numerous annoyances not likely to affect the evil-working States that are laboring to reduce her to unite with them in their treasonable designs.

Mr. Tyler is out already in Washington, is every day expected there; the President has invited him to accept the hospitalities of the White House, and all the honors due to one who has occupied the distinguished position of President of the United States will be shown to him. Mr. Tyler's mission is to restore, if possible, peace and harmony between the South and the North. Such a mission creditable to his heart and we hope also to his head, but that may not be pro-nounced upon until the exact proposition he has to make are fully published. If he comes with wise suggestions as to what is right for the Free States to do, while no recommendation is made to the Slave States—if he, in short, is not appointed to one section of the country while the other is made a mock martyr, as some of the zealous advocates of compromise present the case, his mission is a peace one, and he will have left the sweets of retirement to no purpose. But we hope Mr. Tyler, against whom, in times past, many wicked things have been said, has again come before the people with a noble and honorable object, and that it may be successful.

A late number of the *Richmond Whig* contains a letter on the crisis by ex-President Tyler, from the type of which we are led to believe he will have a good influence in satisfactorily arranging our troubles.— He suggested to the legislature that Virginia inaugurate "a meeting of the border States of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri, slave States, and New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa free States, through two commissioners to be appointed by each, to arrange if possible, a programme of adjustment to be submitted to the other States, as conclusive of the whole matter." The recommendations of these States, he thinks, would be followed by the others; if they could not agree, then, he argues, that it is safe to conclude that peace and concord have become impossible. He closes his letter as follows:

"All other efforts having failed, then I would advise, as a dernier measure, a convention of all the Southern States, and all other incorporating upon the present constitution guarantees protection to the institutions of the South, and a final appeal to the ballot-box. If that be not successful, adopt the Constitution of the United States as it is, and give a broad invitation to the other States to enter our Union, with the old flag flying over one and all. When this is done, I would say in conclusion to all my countrymen, only look back with a sort of regret to the Constitution, thus invigorated and strengthened, and let us be all time to come be written on every heart as a motto that, under all circumstances, and in every condition of things, there is the true post of safety, and that is to stand by the Constitution."

ANOTHER FIRE IN WORCESTER. On Monday evening the American House Block, in Worcester, was nearly destroyed by fire. The building was owned by the Foster heirs, and was leased to C. W. Freeland. It was insured for $20,000.—J. B. Lawrence occupied a portion of the building as a furniture store.—C. C. Coleman, jeweller, and Holbrook & Terry, booksellers, saved most of their goods. The other kitchen was by Page & Priest, who occupied the basement as a restaurant, and who were flooded—insured for $2000; Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins, hair dressers; Dr. G. O. Stearns, dentist; and S. Chapin, daguerreotype saloon; Chares A. Ward, ballard room; Amasa W. Stevens, sewing machines.

The withdrawal of the Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida Senators, on Monday was followed by the withdrawal of the members of the House from Alabama. In the Senate the parting with the Senators, at first quite effecting was also quite cordial. The occurrence created no great feeling anywhere, and in the House the letter of the Alabama representatives was also unmingled with those that ordinarily control the muscle of the iris.

It has been judicially decided in New York that where a man knocks his wife down twice by blows on the head, once by a blow on the cheek, and then throws a billet of wood at her, "the provocation was so flagrant as to justify the use of the weapon with those that ordinarily control the muscle of the iris.

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The secession movement. There is no material change in the position of things in the Southern States; and it is difficult to tell whether the country is approaching a season of peace and tranquility or trouble-some times and a bloody conflict. One thing is evident, people are getting used to sensation dispatches, and think very little of them now-a-days.

The Century, a New York weekly journal of literature, science, art, politics, economy, and army and navy intelligence, which has from the beginning been conducted with much ability, is henceforth to be published by its original projector and editor, Mr. Thomas McIlvaine, who for a year or a half past has had nothing to do with it. It is to be, as it has been, a paper unclogged by party politics and unfettered by sectional views. No weekly paper comes to our table which so agreeably entertains us as *The Century*.

The Banks in New York are nearly glutted with specie. They now hold $26,000,000, with a prospect of a further increase.

A GREAT EXCITEMENT AT THE BROOKLYN NAVY YARD. There was considerable excitement here caused as elsewhere yesterday, in consequence of the telegraphic dispatches stating that an apprehended attack on the Brooklyn Navy Yard had caused a sudden movement of the military and police in that city and New York.—The New York papers of this morning contain the particulars of this unexpected "flurry." We copy from the *Times* of yesterday the following:—

The Brooklyn Navy Yard was last evening the scene of unusual excitement, on account of an order issued by Commander Lee to have the entire force put under arms and held in readiness to act immediately. The one hundred men now remaining there were accordingly mustered, under command of Captains Reed and Doughty, and with loaded muskets occupied the guard house at the gate. On board the receiving ship North Carolina, the guns were placed in position and shotted in immediate use and every officer was ordered to be on the alert. In the Wallabout and near the Navy-Yard, several boats made their appearance shortly after dark, filled with policemen. Simultaneously with these ominous preparations at the Navy-Yard, the military of Brooklyn in anticipation were observed to be gathering at the new armory, and also at the new arsenal, and crowds of wondering citizens assembled, anxious to know the cause of the sudden military display. During the evening it became known that there were apprehensions of an attack upon the Navy-Yard by an organized force, with the intention of holding it in the interest of those who favor the Southern secession movement. Portions of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Twenty-eighth Regiments of the Fifth Brigade, numbering over three hundred men, responded to the call of Major General Duryea, and held themselves in readiness to co-operate with the forces at the Navy-Yard for resisting the apprehended attack.

The movement was made at the request of Mayor Lowell. They remained under arms until a late hour of the night, and were then dismissed for the present. The force at the Navy Yard was kept under arms until all apprehension of an attack had passed. To-day the battery will be placed on board of the North Carolina, and howitzers will be put in position to sweep every approach to the grounds. Strict military orders will be enforced, and every precautionary measure will be adopted to guard against surprise; it is impossible, of course, at the present time, to say how much treachery may exist for these precautions.

The rumors as to the nature and exact plan of the attacking party were various, and as passed from one person to another did not lessen in proportions or importance. James Kerrigan was at the head of the movement, and had under his command not less than 5,000 men, and that the attack was to be made simultaneously by land and water. The party expected by water was to come to the yard in one or more steamboats, and the land forces were to come from the Eastern District in small parties, so as not to attract attention, and form an entrance to the yard on the Flushing avenue side. A picket guard of police-men was thrown at different points to prevent a surprise from that quarter, and on the whole the Navy Yard was in a creditable condition for defensive operations.

The *Tribune*, speaking of the affair, may that inquiries "lead the belief that the attack, if, indeed, any was contemplated, was not a political movement. It is stated that the workmen who have been employed there, and who have been unable to obtain their wages, have of late grumbled a good deal, and made many loudish threats. They may have organized themselves into an aggressive association, thinking to de-stroy at least as much as they have earned and cannot get; but if so, *no positive knowledge of such an association* can be gained. It was from the expressions of these men, doubtless, that the alarm of last night originated.

A GOOD HIT. The correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press* relates the following pointed dialogue between Mr. Dawes of Massachusetts, and Mr. Hill of Georgia:—

"Mr. Dawes, a Representative from Massachusetts, after a violent debate in the House the other day, asked a conservative Southern man, who was appealing to the Republicans to come down from their Chicago platform, if they were in the Union, whether he (Mr. Hill) would take the platform of the party with which he carried during the late campaign, (the Bell party,) viz: 'The Constitution, the Union, and the enforcement of the laws?' Mr. Hill said he stood by that platform, but added, that he would not say what was the state of settlement, and asked Mr. Dawes whether he would take it, to which Mr. Dawes replied, amid laughter, 'Yes, sir; surely I would.' It was

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring up the monthly sickness in cases of the utmost from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large increase. It may seem incredible, but full in any case, the price will be refunded.

GIVEN 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, clearly secured, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember, The Emmenagogue is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, as that is warranted to be represented.* ☜

☞ *Be sure and get the genuine article.* ☜

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN AND WOMEN. It is a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to these diseases. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, in medicines are sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. A private consultation room for patients from abroad wishing for a room and quiet *before they go to the city* will be found to be of great benefit to health.

☞ PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ If these days of medical imposition, when more are deceived by pretending, than by knowledge or nothing whatever, persons cannot be too careful whom they apply to, or what they are making some enquiry, and especially in relation to those diseases the over-exposure of which is attracting physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are ruinously, and if you admit of a doubt as to the qualifications of a physician, go and bluntly into their presence, without ceremony, or delay, and demand to know what they are. You will have reason to regret more if it is not late. ☞ DR. MATTISON'S credentials are on exhibition, without exception, physician or medicine. This is what is called PLAIN DEALING AND COMMON SENSE WHAT IT IS.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only PRIVATE PHYSICIAN in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Female Diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both as to honesty and skill. He is here ALL the time, LETTERS DO THE EXAMINATIONS, and medicines are sent by mail from home.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1859. ☞ aug23tly

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
—AND—
Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse,
—AND—
Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, Trays and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,
WARE suitable for Jewelry Houses, GOODS of quality, and VERY low in price, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse, No. 3 OLD BAND PITCHER.
80 Merrimack street. aug24

GLUE! GLUE!!
UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE.
BARNARD'S PREPARED GLUE.
RUSSIA GLUE, in Cakes.
For sale by E. S. HUNT,
may7 No. 17 Central Street

SHAWMUT COMPANY'
CLARINE COAL OIL.

THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the above CLEAR BURNING OIL, which for color, odor and burning qualities is warranted equal to any in the market. The above will be sold as low for cash as any oil of equal quality and a share of patronage is to the trade. Also a superior article of LARD CANDLES, equal to sperm, at less than two thirds its cost.

GRANVILLE MEARS,
SOLE AGENT FOR THE SHAWMUT COMPANY,
93 & 95 Water street, Boston.
Boston, Sept. 10, 1860. sep12d1w&m

PRESTON'S
PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

A SOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the *Theobroma Cacao*, or Cocoa Nut Tree, for the CURE OF SORE NIPPLES, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE THROAT, ARTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS and CHEST, and is much more palatable.

Preston's Bromade,

A beautiful Cream, prepared from the pure Cocoa Butter, and Cocoanut Milk, for the Growth, Preservation and Beauty of the HAIR. Also, for preparations for *Dressed Combs*, and all other foreign body, for the purpose of reducing intemperate irritation, to be followed by coolness, as after of warm or exercise. For directions see Circulars. Both to be had of the sole dealer,

CHAS. F. PRESTON & CO.,
Sole Agents, No. 20 Central Street, Boston.
Sold in Lowell by S. KIMBALL, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. nov15 6m

To get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
jan15

MRS. WILSON'S HAIR REGENERATOR
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

Perfumery.

POND'S Extract, Bouvier's Florimel, and an assortment of Lubin's Extracts for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. apr18

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Dancing and Music composed by him during his concerts; also various other book issues.

The Musical Treasury, a collection of Sacred Music, full and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of quartette, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of Singing Societies and social gatherings. By Edson Brown.

The above for sale for cash at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best assortment of Music to be found in the city, consisting of Music to be found in the country for sale at short notice. Remember the place,
17 Central street,
E. S. HUNT.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR
SOLD BY
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

RICH GOODS.
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA! TORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK, 81 BEET. dec29

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best remedies to a friend—and in my store, No. 3 John street, may be found some of the choicest works published. Among them are:

WORKS OF BEAUTY from Rembrants to Raphael—Portrait Gallery of Female Loveliness, Heroines of Shakspeare, Beauties of the Bible, &c.

CHARACTERS PAST AND PRESENT, by Mrs. S. Osborne.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs. Jameson—a beautiful Gift Book.

HEROINES OF SHAKSPEARE.

THE LAND AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.

THE STORY OF THE AGES—a new and splendid following Chile and Fever, but prevent it, by using Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. It breaks up disagreeable odor.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains beautiful longest in effect.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by WM. DEARDEN, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

Kinnear's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Tin, &c., and Britannia Ware, it is unrivalled. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever soiled, by its use will look as fresh as when its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. may19

LARD PRESSES.

THE subscriber has on hand a large assortment of Lard Presses, Meat Cutters and Sausage Stuffers of different sizes, which he will sell low for cash.
oct29 3m S. MANSUR, 194 Central street.

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies of Lowell to a splendid and useful exercise, just from Paris—The French CHEST EXPANDER. Forsale at
No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.
THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, explained in so easy a manner that any person may straightforward learn to box.
E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SOAPS! SOAPS! for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Tin, Paint, Glass, Marble, Mosaic, Hands, &c. For cleaning Plate, Jewelry, Window Glass and Looking Glasses, Paint, Marble, &c., use Soap No. 1. For washing Hands, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. apr18

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at
S. KIDDER, Jr.'s
45 Merrimack st.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber being about to change his business, offers for sale the stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
with the Fixtures, in one of the best located stores for the business in Lowell. For particulars inquire of the subscriber, in 30 Central street, Lowell.
E. H. HAYWARD.

A FEW grosses of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by JOE KIMB, 2 John st. nov15

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to R. B. SHEPHARD)
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,
Invite Patronage and Cause to the Stock they have recently received the

DIGEST AWARD
Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1859.

Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, an extensive assortment, of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS and WALKING STICKS, of every variety and description, from the very highest price to the lowest.

We have Parasols from only 50 cents to $50 each; Umbrellas from 37½ cents to $8, and Canes from 12½ cents upwards, including the most complete and assorted varying in price from $10 to $50.

We are also Agents for the above Articles at a less price than they can be purchased elsewhere, and warrant them to be as represented.

Manufacturers of Portable and Piano Frames of every style and variety. Gilding and Repairing done. R. & G. attend to the duties as SHEPHARD, NORTON, Merchandise of every description, consisting in part of Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Harmoniums, Accordeons, Brass Instruments, Drums, Tambourines, Violins, Flutes, Fifes, Flageolets, Accordeons, Guitars, Banjos, Strings, &c., &c. The Proprietor will be found at the Store, and all orders left with him will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Instruments of all kinds to let, and repairing of every description done at short notice.
Lowell, June 5, 1858. jeb1ly

Burnett's Cocoaine.

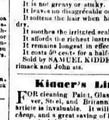
A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. It is the best dressing for the hair, and keeps it in any climate. It checks the hair from falling off. It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth. It is not gummy or sticky. It leaves no disagreeable odor. It prevents the hair from turning gray. It soothes the irritated scalp skin. It affords the richest lustre. It remains beautiful longest in effect. It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle. Sold by WM. DEARDEN, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

Kinnear's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Tin, &c., and Britannia Ware, it is unrivalled. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever soiled, by its use will look as fresh as when its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. may19

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER, of the London Reform Club, is, since its discovery, pronounced by all the world known house of Universal Celebrity, from the opening recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England and on the Continent, with high and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much used in the establishments of the nobility and gentry, and to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; the flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of slow and weak digestion."—[The Lancet.

"Piquant and Spicy, worthy the epicurus of S. yer."—Observer.

A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Bell's Life.

Sole Agents for the United States,
GABRIEL & EVELYN,
212 Fulton st., New York
And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. 3tawly1jan19

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

(It precisely what its name indicates, for, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It is a true revivifier of its tissues and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus eradicates and renders the system invulnerable to all diseases. It is the most potent tonic ever offered to the world in a portable form, and within the reach of all. Its powers are universally and scientific, and yet so delicately adapted to all constitutions, that no one can receive any benefit from it. It has also perfectly regulating powers upon the nervous and yet it never followed by insolvite or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and searching properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, and it will be thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility, for, indeed, no medical skill or knowledge can be of any benefit to them. In all attacks of disease, and lays the ungnarded system open to the inroads of many of those dangerous in which great humanity is committed. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Spitting of Blood, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypocondria, Night Sweats, Chills, Fever, Ague, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to, and which are daily filling our Insane Asylums, Poor Houses and Consumptive Institutions. Also, Liver Diseases, Jaundice, Dropsy, and Lyon Complaints. Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Prostration, Female Weakness, &c., &c., or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs. Read the Book, Solo and between the Shoulders, predisposed to Night Sweats, Clammy and continued Cough, Emaciation, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, January 24, 1861.

Ex-President Fillmore. We see it stated, but his letter has not yet met our eye, that ex-President Fillmore, in response to the resolutions of a Union meeting in New York, expressing opinion to be one of a committee to go South for purposes of conciliation, says he would accept the mission proposed to him by the meeting, provided it would do any good. He then suggested what the South wants and what he wants "is some assurance from the Republican Party, now dominant at the North, that they, or at least the conservative portion of them, are ready and willing to come forward and repeal all unconstitutional State laws, live up to the compromises of the Constitution, execute all the laws of Congress honestly and faithfully, and treat our Southern brethren as friends."

This is all right and proper enough.—We would have all unconstitutional State laws repealed without the least consideration as to what the effect would be on the South; and, by the way, we have not the slightest idea that the secessionists are to be moved by any action of the Northern States in this direction. Neither do we believe that the manipulations or exhortations of Millard Fillmore or any one else, can change the purposes of those who have distinctly said that the election of Lincoln is not the immediate cause of their movement, and that a repeal of all legal and unobjectionable laws will not change their determination to sever their connection with the Free States.

The disunionists, one and all, complain of the wrongs and insults that have been heaped upon the South, in general charges, but they are specific in nothing. They are determined to misrepresent and misjudge they believe us right or wrong; and the only way we can do it would seem, is to let them have their own way in this matter. It seems to gratify them, and we can no longer injure us; but a "missionary" movement, such as proposed to Mr. Fillmore, would only subject us to further indignities. Even Caleb Cushing could get "a Northern man with Southern principles," met with a cool reception, when sent South on a peace mission by the disunion sympathizers; what, then, would be the treatment in store for an honest, sincere Union-loving man!

Washington Matters.—A paper was already circulated yesterday, which asserts, "that being convinced there is no hope that any measure, which will reconcile the existing difficulties, can receive a majority vote, and as none of the present members were elected in view of the existing state of affairs, and believing it to be necessary to refer the question to the people, we propose that the members of this Congress resign, their resignation to take effect on the 21st of February, and that their successors elected shall have been chosen at a special election, shall assemble on the 22d of February, and that to these representatives, being a majority of the people, shall be submitted the various propositions now before Congress. This paper is signed by Bocock, Martin, Sickles, Florence, Montgomery and Clemens." There is not much probability that last named will put their names to any such proposition. A set of new representatives, though they might come fresh from the people (speaking for the free States) would no better know the wishes of their constituents than does the present delegation.

Mr. Sickles, whose seat was contested, unanimously by the Committee of Elections.

Governor Dickens telegraphs that no collision is apprehended between the State troops and Maj. Anderson.

The friends of the Virginia peace propositions assign as a reason for pressing it on the border States, that it will have the effect to prevent them from joining the cotton States and afford them an opportunity of returning to the Union.

The entire force of government troops to be stationed at Washington will consist of about seven hundred and fifty men, viz.—Three companies of light artillery, two companies light dragoons. *I.* company of sappers and miners, ordered from West Point, numbering 74 men, and Brevet 2d Lieutenants Duane and Wortiet, arrived in the morning of January 23d. The trouble which now afflicts the nation :—

"A great deal of it came from its being said that we meant to ruin the country." We have said for the last three years to my friends of the South that I have met at the Springs, that I believe they had got to such pass, that nothing would convince them but the loss of not a pack of pickpockets and thieves, but for us to get power, and then their stump orators would cease to be heard of, because we should have them. A bad no intention of hurting them, and no power we would exercise, but our acts. I consider it providential that we have got power, so that these distinguished men before we all die out—old fogies as they call us—may see that this government can be administered by a Republican President to the benefit of all his fellow citizens in harmony and peace."

Postmasters in seceding States continue to make applications to the Postoffice Department for supplies of postage stamps. Before orders are filled, affirmative responses are required to the question whether the postmasters do, and will continue to do, all they can to resist a seizure by the Government, in conformity to the existing laws, for all the postal revenue received by them. Thus far the postal communication with the South continues uninterrupted.

The Shadow in the House. A Novel. By John Saunders. New York: Derby & Jackson, No. 60 Walker Street. 1861.

This is pronounced a "first-rate novel of domestic life," and from our somewhat hasty glance at its pages we are not at all inclined to doubt the tribute it receives in that remark. In times like the present, it must be a bold publisher to issue an indifferent or common-place romance; and we are positive that much real merit has been assumed in the publication of *The Shadow of the House.* One who has read it, says the author is peculiarly happy in his delineations of female character, and that the poet and the actors will evoke the sympathy of every reader. The book may be found in Boston, at A. K. Whitney & Co., No. 100 Washington Street, and in this city, at Sargeant's Bookstore, City Government Building.

 In the Senate (January 22nd) the tariff bill was referred to a committee of five with instructions to report it back on Wednesday. An amendment to the Pacific Railroad bill was passed, providing for a branch to Portland, Oregon. In the House of Representatives, the report of the Committee of Thirty-Three was taken up. Mr. Ehbridge, of Tenn., made a speech in which he announced that if the House failed to meet the public expectations he should move the adjournment of the settlement of our national difficulties to the people. He pronounced the revolution now threatening, unjustifiable and unparalleled. The denounced secession in the strongest terms. The Speaker laid before the House a communication from all the Georgia members except Mr. Hill, announcing the secession of their State, and resigning their seats. Mr. Hill subsequently followed suit. Mr. Hill subsequently resigned, giving as his reason for so doing, that he was convinced his State desired no representation in Congress.

Legislative. In the House, yesterday, petitions asking for the repeal of the Personal Liberty Law, signed by fifteen hundred and eight legal voters were presented and referred. A military bill (new draft) was also presented. The bill relating to the Belvidere Woolen Company was passed to a third reading.

Several committees reported to the Senate, and an order was adopted, that the Adjutant General and Acting Quartermaster General be directed to furnish estimates for the use of the Legislature, of the cost of furnishing a two thousand military overcoats, two thousand blankets, two thousand knapsacks, and camp equipage proper for a military force of two thousand men, when in active service.

A Memorial to Congress from Boston. The Boston *Evening Transcript* of last night states that the merchants there are shipping their cotton in foreign bottoms from fe'r of war and privateering and that Brit ish vessels obtain exclusively the higher rates of freight for this reason. The *Pittsburg* thinks this will seriously interfere with the export of cotton at a time when the planters will need all their money, and says Cincinnati there is a great falling off of shipments to New Orleans, from apprehended obstructions in the Mississippi and from an increasing determination to give no further credits to Southern merchants till the disunion flurry is over. Cotton is also taking the inland routes to the North from fear of blockade of the Southern ports.—The *Rome (Ga.) Courier* says :—

"The prospect of an early blockade of the ports of Charleston and Savannah has already commenced to affect the business relations of the country. Col. Cothan has just shipped 100 bales of cotton to New York via Knoxville, Lynchburg, Gordonsville and Alexandria; thus carrying it nearly twice as far by railroad, and about the same distance by water, as if it was shipped to Savannah or Charleston."

It seems that the Southern disturbances have disarranged all the machinery of trade, and the printers of four of the seceded States have sent an agent, Mr. Bayford, to New York, to endeavor to induce bankers to make the advances which they used to make in former times. As it is the planters find it hard now to get a dollar advanced on their cotton, or even to insure it. It is represented that the clearances of a large number of cotton vessels at New Orleans, a few days since was in consequence of the belief that the State would be out of the Union in a few days, and it was preferable to have a clearance from the United States than run the chances after the secession act had passed.

CITY AND VICINITY.

TO LET—A small house and stable, with about seven acres of land, good land, situate in about two miles from Pawtucket Bridge, on the river road.

Also, a double two-story house and stable, with about 40,000 feet of land, situate on Fruit-st. (Adjoining Lowell) for sale. Inquire of A.C. VARNUM, Agent. jan24tf

Temperance meeting. Another of the series of meetings, to consider the moral condition of the city, was held at Rev. Mr. Twiss' church last evening. The church was crowded, many being obliged to stand. Rev. Dr. Cleaveland occupied the position of chairman and Rev. Mr. Clark made the opening prayer.

Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, in opening, said he proposed to speak as to the effect of the meetings. It was rather difficult to suit some people. At one time it was thought that we were bearing too hard upon a coming election. Our meetings had some influence upon that election, and we intend that they shall have a bearing upon the next election. He believed that the law on the subject of temperance should be upheld. He did not care it preaching in favor of the law was called political preaching; he had preached politics now and should again; he meant to preach on the moralest questions. One object of these meetings was to create a public feeling that would influence the city Government to enforce the law against the sale of intoxicating liquors. Some said, after the first meeting, that when the election was over our zeal would cool; but it has not cooled. Some said that there were questions of more importance, such as the condition of South Carolina. One object of having these meetings is to firmly plant ourselves on the ground that within the last six or eight months there has been a great increase of intemperance in Lowell. He read some extracts from the report of the Ministerial Union for the year the last statement. He would hear testimony to the correctness of Mr. Child's statement regarding the increase of intemperance among females, although it startled him at first.— He knew one case in the last Wood Island liquor shops in Lowell, or one to every fifty adults. A committee for women to act together on the subject. A lady, the wife of one of our late city fathers, told him that on a cold Saturday, a year or two since, she came across a woman, over three score and ten years old, lying in the snow, in a state of intoxication, attempted to lift her, but was unable, and finally the woman was helped home by her and another woman. He wished to know where the "promenade committee" were when these scenes were needed. They ought to be on duty, and not compel women to carry women home.

Rev. Mr. Field upon being introduced, commenced by telling a story about a preacher, who was called upon to preach from a text given him as he entered the pulpit, which read "Where are Thou?" He got along very well by saying: 1st, that everybody ought to be somewhere; 2nd, that many were where they ought not to be; 3rd, that many would get where they wouldn't want to be if they didn't get where they ought to be. He was afraid that some, on the subject of temperance, were where they hadn't ought to be, and if they don't get right soon, they will be where they won't want to be—out of office. Interesting times in Georgia. An ordinance amending the old constitution by substituting imprisonment for death for engaging in the African slave trade was passed unanimously.

Governor Adams. A bill has passed the South Carolina Senate making the taxes 20 per cent. higher than in 1859, to meet the demand of a million and a half of treasury notes, issued for seven hundred thousand dollars, and bills receivable by the State for three hundred and fifty thousand dollars for military contingencies.

There are reports that a boat passing Sullivan's Island was fired into, but they want confirmation.

Stebbins, Roberts, and Kellogg, the persons who were engaged in throwing from the cars, between New York and Boston, one of Adams & Co.'s safes, which they afterward robbed, have been tried, convicted, and each sentenced to five years imprisonment in the Connecticut State Prison. It is stated that the detection, trial and conviction of them was the result of the Express Company over $80,000. The expenses of over one hundred witnesses, the fees of some of the most eminent criminal lawyers, and the payment of large sums to defray the expenses of a detective force, have swelled the expense to the amount named. All the property of the convicted parties has been attached on a civil suit.

Mr. Simmons, Republican Senator from Rhode Island, in his speech the other day in the Senate, thus spoke of the trouble which now afflicts the nation :—

"A great deal of it came from its being said that we meant to ruin the country. We have said for the last three years to my friends of the South that I have met at the Springs, that I believe they had got to such pass, that nothing would convince them but the loss not a pack of pickpockets and thieves, but for us to get power, and then their stump orators would cease to be heard of, because we should have them. A bad no intention of hurting them, and no power we would exercise, but our acts. I consider it providential that we have got power, so that these distinguished men before we all die out—old fogies as they call us—may see that this government can be administered by a Republican President to the benefit of all his fellow citizens in harmony and peace."

The Southern States. *Florida.*—Ex-Senators Mallory and Yulee, and Ex-Representative Dawkins have been appointed commissioners to negotiate for the succession of the forts, &c., to Florida.

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Postmasters in seceding States continue to make applications to the Postoffice Department for supplies of postage stamps. Before orders are filled, affirmative responses are required to the question whether the postmasters do, and will continue to do, all they can to resist a seizure by the Government, in conformity to the existing laws, for all the postal revenue received by them. Thus far the postal communication with the South continues uninterrupted.

The Shadow in the House. A Novel. By John Saunders. New York: Derby & Jackson, No. 60 Walker Street. 1861.

This is pronounced a "first-rate novel of domestic life," and from our somewhat hasty glance at its pages we are not at all inclined to doubt the tribute it receives in that remark. In times like the present, it must be a bold publisher to issue an indifferent or common-place romance; and we are positive that much real merit has been assumed in the publication of *The Shadow of the House.* One who has read it, says the author is peculiarly happy in his delineations of female character, and that the poet and the actors will evoke the sympathy of every reader. The book may be found in Boston, at A. K. Whitney & Co., No. 100 Washington Street, and in this city, at Sargeant's Bookstore, City Government Building.

Washington Matters.—A paper was already circulated yesterday, which asserts, "that being convinced there is no hope that any measure, which will reconcile the existing difficulties, can receive a majority vote, and as none of the present members were elected in view of the existing state of affairs, and believing it to be necessary to refer the question to the people, we propose that the members of this Congress resign, their resignation to take effect on the 21st of February, and that their successors elected shall have been chosen at a special election, shall assemble on the 22d of February, and that to these representatives, being a majority of the people, shall be submitted the various propositions now before Congress. This paper is signed by Bocock, Martin, Sickles, Florence, Montgomery and Clemens." There is not much probability that last named will put their names to any such proposition. A set of new representatives, though they might come fresh from the people (speaking for the free States) would no better know the wishes of their constituents than does the present delegation.

Mr. Sickles, whose seat was contested, unanimously by the Committee of Elections.

Governor Dickens telegraphs that no collision is apprehended between the State troops and Maj. Anderson.

The friends of the Virginia peace propositions assign as a reason for pressing it on the border States, that it will have the effect to prevent them from joining the cotton States and afford them an opportunity of returning to the Union.

The entire force of government troops to be stationed at Washington will consist of about seven hundred and fifty men, viz.—Three companies of light artillery, two companies light dragoons. *I.* company of sappers and miners, ordered from West Point, numbering 74 men, and Brevet 2d Lieutenants Duane and Wortiet, arrived in the morning of January 23d. The trouble which now afflicts the nation :—

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subject that ought to be considered, that he would not speak in regard to it. He believed that intemperance was the basis of all the sins and evils that existed among us. Some might say that indolence and shiftlessness caused it and not, but he believed that they were based on intemperance. If it could be abolished, he believed it would discontinue nearly all its sad ministry. He had talked with young and old on the subject of intemperance, and all acknowledged its ill effects, and he was determined to do all he could to stay its influence in any way.

Rev. Mr. Hanks being called upon, said that he would endorse all the statements of the previous speakers. He had been in Lowell twenty years, and had never seen so much drinking in our streets at the present time.

Rev. Messrs. Street, Thayer, and Fluscher, er, dec'ged, in consequence of the late illness of the latter, to speak.

The chairman would say, however, much we might be influenced by the remarks made by the speakers, that the devotees were to be moved by the enthusiasm the gymnasts have regular military drills. Fencing with the sword buyonet, in the French method, is one of the best exercises for the development of the body.

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In commencing the second year of the Lowell Gymnasium, the Directors beg leave to call the attention of the public to the excellent facilities afforded by this institution to those persons who are in need of physical exercise. The officers intend to make a number of additions and improvements the coming year, including a rifle apparatus and clubbishe exercises, with the hope that the growing interest for this sort of amusement, as well as exercise, will manifest itself in the increase of the subscription list and the more general attendance of members.

The terms of subscription as heretofore—five dollars per year, or three dollars for six months. Application for admittance may be made to O. E. Cushing, Treasurer, Bank Building, Shattuck Street.

We, the undersigned, physicians, consider the exercise in a Gymnasium a perfectly healthy one, and in no other way can the health of the body be so developed so rapidly. We think such an institution indispensable, and recommend all those who can, to join the same as soon as possible.

Nathan Allen, Edward Jarvis, Josiah G. Abbott, Cyrus Cummings, John Aiken, Arthur F. Bonney, Charles Cummings, Samuel Barnard, Ephraim Brown, Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin F. Butler, Stephen Bowers, Nathan Allen, President. John F. Merrill, Secretary and Treasurer.

J. W. Daniels, Solicitor. Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 43 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 28, 1860.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 100 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

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$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, first class on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than secured. Deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security for Policy holders.

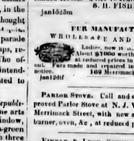
DIRECTORS:

Preston Lyman, Boston, Mass. Joseph Dickerson, Cincinnati, O. Thomas Messenger, Utica, N. Y. John B. Kitching, Rochester, N. Y. George B. Barnard, Albany, N. Y. Seymour Bissell, Buffalo, N. Y. Edward Merritt, Brooklyn, N. Y. John G. Stearns, Merchant, New York. Edward Haight, Merchant, New York. Robert Ayres, General Agent.

Banks taken in either State or Mutual departments, at the usual rates. Applications received by DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass. Office at Kimball's Jewelry Store, Merrimack Street.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are the result of long study and great labor and research in the requisites for family use. It has become a favorite instrument with the ladies, upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, as silk, linen, cotton, broadcloth, in kemmsay, stitching, quilting, gathering and seaming, it performs equally well, and the range of work it is applied, the

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine for family use in Lowell :—

E. B. Richardson, H. Hosford, H. A. Huntington, Walter Wright, C. B. Coburn, Mrs. Dr. Bartlett, J. F. Folsom, Rev. A. D. Sargeant, J. S. Peirce, C. H. Bowers, C. F. Blanchard, Samuel Fay, Mrs. Dr. Hanaford, A. H. Brown, Mrs. Dr. Bixby, C. F. Blanchard, Mrs. Dr. Bixby.

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, is for sale at prices from $50 to $100 each, and twenty dollars, is for sale in Lowell by

J. W. BLAISDELL,

46 Merrimack Street.

may17 eop dly

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, J. Wright, C. Hamblett, D. S. Richardson, Isaac Pierce, Jr., Wm. Crosby.

Mutual and Stock.

The Mutual Department will insure Dwelling Houses and Furniture, Factory Risks, Merchandize, Vessels in port, &c., &c. The Stock Department is $50,000, 91, with Deposit notes to the amount of $50,000, 00, and will insure Stores and other risks, and have property in Middlesex County in charge of Agents, who will receive applications, and rates are as low as to any Company giving as good security.

Office in Merrimack Block, Merrimack street No. 4 Entrance, Dwelling, Stores, merchandize and other property will be insured on favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Offices, Nos. 27 & 29 Merrimack street, second story.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly jy18ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice and have given it a thorough trial, and are prepared to say that it is the best article for a base ever presented to use; is more economical. There has been and is no fear of poisonous effects arising from dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber. We have used it in our practice over other article now in use, there are many reasons why we prefer it to any other material. In many cases it is growing in the popular favor. Also, we have introduced the Mineral Teeth, which are superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they are not poisonous in the least degree in the mode and all others, that are equal to any that are in use. Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dec1 1y

Take no more unpleasant or unsafe Medicines. For unpleasant and dangerous diseases, use

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

For Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Piles, Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague!!!

It is not a very difficult thing to break the agreeable habit of using Liquor as a beverage, but to break the habit of using Liquor as a medicine, when a medicine which not only breaks the fits, but eradicates the disease, is recommended, is a task. Such is HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC AGUE FILLS—Sold by druggists. Be sure and get Dr. H.'s fills; and evidences it from the spurious. Sent by mail or express to any part of the country, on receipt of the price, $1.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and Market streets. dec27tf&ly

VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.
JAMES R. WOOD, M. D.
J. KEARNY ROGERS, M. D.

jan11 ly

WASHINGTON

Bowling Saloon,

By W. K. THOMPSON,

No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

The proprietor has fitted up the above place as a first-class Bowling Saloon, and hopes to merit the patronage of the public by keeping a good article of liquors, strong waiting to exercise one on the part of the proprietor. jan24tf

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Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns slower,
It makes less ashes,
It emits less smoke,
It emits less money,
Than any other burning coal. And the GOODS can be bought only at
HOWARD'S, No. 3 Eastern Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

jan17 dly

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1860,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms. Insures in a single risk, on farms forever, to the amount of $5,000.

Insures on Stores, &c., for one year.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Josiah G. Abbott,
John Avery,
Ivers Lawrence,
Nathan Crosby,
Nathan Allen,
Arthur F. Bonney,
Charles Cummings,
Samuel Barnard,
Ephraim Brown.

Boston.
Abraham T. Lowe,
Stephen H. Perkins.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 43 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 28, 1860.

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SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the only true thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly so soon in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This must seem incredible, but if it fail to *any* case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. ☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember. This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the money will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGIC INSTITUTE, No. 21 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, with a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving the whole attention to such. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines can be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, those unable to call upon patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet Journey, will find a call can be made to health

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when there seems to be a general lack of honesty and knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply. Let your choice be made by some report, and especially in relation to those who assume the character of Advertising physicians. In this country staff M.D.'s are common, and if you allow a man to be furnished by their *base fabrications*, you go blindly into the worst of hands. Some of the most quackery, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. Dr. M. will send to any address, free of charge, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* of Males, also Circulars giving full information, with the most unanimous references from patients without which no treatment should be undertaken. Letters for advice must contain a fee.

DR. C. M. MATTISON,
DENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. M. Mattison is the only PHYSICIAN in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Female Diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials. Both of his remedies and his office hours are AT HOME.

Providence, R. I.

aug24 ly

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

AT HIS

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles.

WARE suitable for parties, Hotels, Country Stores and VERY low in price, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER,

no 80 Merrimack Street,

nov16 W. DEARDEN.

GLUE! GLUE!!

UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE,
LIQUID AND PULVERIZED GLUE,
BUDSON'S PREPARED GLUE.
For sale by E. S. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store,
may9 No. 17 Central Street

SHAWMUT COMPANY

CLARENE COAL OIL.

THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the above CLARENE COAL OIL, which I consider, used and burning qualities to warrant it equal to any in the market.

The above will be sold at low for cash, or $3 per gal equal quality and colored cheaper, to the trade. Also a superior article of Lard Oil, warranted equal to sperm, at less than two thirds its cost.

CRANVILLE MEARS,
SOLE AGENT FOR THE LADIES COMPANY,
402 & 50 Water street, Boston.
Boston, Sept. 10, 1860. sept12d3m

PRESTON'S PATENT COCOA BUTTER.

SOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the Cocoa nut, or Chocolate Nut. The greatest remedy known for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Hoarseness, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Catarrh and Hay Fever. It has a most agreeable taste, and is the only preparation of the Cocoa Nut that can be taken by children and delicate females. Sold by all respectable druggists.

CHAS. PRESTON & CO.,
Sole Agents, No. 56 South 13 Street, Boston.
Sold by Leonard & Co., Merrimack street, and John st.

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA and IRON WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE FURNISHING GOODS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19

MRS. WILSON'S HAIR REGENERATOR
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Perfumery.

POND Lily Extract, Rosetta Florimel, and an assortment of Genuine French Perfumery at E. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. decl8

Music Books.

JULIEN'S Music for the Million, a collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer whose name it bears.

The Solerian. A collection of sacred Music, Full and complete in every variety. Price, $1.25. Sold by all Book Sellers.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Songs from the most favorite Operas. Arranged for the use of clubs, societies and social gatherings. By Edwin Ryder.

The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any piece of Music can be found in the country for Sheet at short notice. Remember the place,

17 Central street.

[STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RICH GOODS,

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA TORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW

Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,
no 80 MERRIMACK St. dec27

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best means to a friend—and at any store, No. 3 John street, may be found some of the choicest works published. Among them are

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Semiramis to Eugenie—*WOMEN OF ROMANCE*, from Heroine to Grisette—*WOMEN OF SCANDAL*, from Messalina to Lola Montez—*WOMEN OF WIT AND WEAR DISSIPATION*—[For Lancet.

Lively, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.—[Observer.

A most valuable appendage to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every tea table.—[Sun.

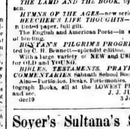
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDINER G. YVELIN,
217 Fulton st., New York
And BRAY & HAVILAND, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.

dec6 3m

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned cook, SOYER, for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known housed Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original receipt in the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent. With a high and growing reputation among American sojourners, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS. SOYER'S Sauce, entitled a Sultana's Sauce. It is made after the Turkish receipt; its flavor is excellent, and it affords remarkable facility for all kinds and weak indigestion."—[The Lancet.

"We recommend this Sauce, worthy the genius of Soyer."—[Observer.

Sold by Grocers and Druggists.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
Purveyors to the Queen,
Soho Square, London.

For sale by the principal dealers in Provisions throughout the United States and Canada.

WM. DEARDEN

IMPORTER,

a new assortment of

rockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, and other for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, durability and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of such articles we will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the Goods and the Prices which will sell best their own story. 80

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS.
GLASS WARE
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment of Lamps, of my own manufacture, selling low as to make room for the large stock that I now have to arrive. Please remember

Sign of the Gold Hand Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

FURS! FURS!

GOOD MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures, to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.

Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Amended &c.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

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IMPORTER,

a new assortment of

rockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, and other for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
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Sign of the Gold Hand Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

FURS! FURS!

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates,for; while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies,purifies tones and restores the blood to all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, that is genuinely and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to *as to act in perfect accordance with the laws governing the human body.* It is a *wonder* stomach, and tone up the digestive organs, and allist all nutrious and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly cleansed, powerful, tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility, for if found no medical skill or knowledge even to one of already existing forms of weak and disease, and lays the unguarded system even to the attacks of any of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. For example, see the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Hemorrhages, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Sensations, Palpitations of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Female Weaknesses, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to, as Fits of Debility, Languor, Lassitude and Irregularities. Also, Liver Diseases, Jaundice, Dropsy, and Liver Complaints. Diseases of the Kidneys, Gravel, Inflammation of the Bladder, Diseases of the Urinary and general derangement of the Urinary Organs. Pains in the Back, Side, and between the Shoulders, predisposition to Night Sweats, Chills and continual Cough. Emaciation, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, January 25, 1861.

ANOTHER DISTURBANCE IN BOSTON.—The assembling of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, in Boston, yesterday, and the occasion of a disgraceful disturbance, and it is a matter of wonder that its results were not of a far more serious character than they are represented to have been. Tremont Temple was about one-third filled at the hour at which the convention was called—embracing men and women. The convention was called to order by Mr. Francis Jackson. The treasurer made his annual report, and a characteristic letter was read from Mr. Garrison, who was detained at home in consequence of illness. Wm. Dell Phillips reported a series of resolutions, made up largely of the sentiments of distinguished men, which were construed into an enunciation of the creed of the Abolitionists. Rev. James Freeman Clarke was the first speaker, and commenced by lauding John Brown and denouncing the breaking up of the late John Brown meeting, of which he was not a member. He was frequently interrupted by cheers, hisses, &c., ; and before he sat down there were unmistakable evidences of a row, a party having gathered in the hall, who were evidently determined to drown by their noise the voice of every speaker. Mr. Clark, however, did not take his seat till he had spoken in favor of disunion, and declared that the only danger was in concession.

Wendell Phillips was the next speaker, and was received with the wildest applause by his friends, who manifested in this more enthusiasm than propriety, and evidently, by their earnestness incited opposition.—Phillips thanked God for the crisis, and said that if the country had listened to the Abolitionists thirty years ago, this trouble never would have come. The disturbers again manifested their presence by crying in a strong voice—"I'm going home," &c., and "Tell John Andrew, tell John Andrew." All through Mr. Phillips' remarks every kind of interruption that could be made by the human voice, were put in his way. A part of the time Phillips was good natured and witty ; a part, latter, sarcastic and scathing. If he is not the man to excite heavy hatred, then we do not know who is; he seems to study to say the severest things possible against those who differ with him in sentiment, holding up many honest who does not agree with himself, and entertaining charity for nobody but the black man.

The opposition, as the meeting progressed grew greater, but according to the Boston papers, it was composed of a class of persons, as a general thing, who would not be likely to command much respect in any place, at any time. They were mostly rough-looking young fellows, and we are sorry to think were prompted to the steps they took by better and more respectable citizens.

Ralph Waldo Emerson was the next speaker; he was also somewhat disturbed, but the presence of half a dozen policemen had visibly changed the appearance of the riotous fellows. His remarks were not long, and are not fully reported. Rev. T. W. Higginson was the next speaker, and told the fellows who were creating the disturbance that they were making votes for the Personal Liberty Bill. He was heard with little disturbance, and after he spoken the meeting was adjourned to 10 o'clock, adjourned to three, P. M.

Promptly at the hour to which the meeting was adjourned, it was called to order, and the first business attempted revealed the fact that the disorderl element of the forenoon was again present. Mr. C. C. Burleigh, an old and well known Abolitionist speaker, was the first one to address the meeting. He had spoken but a moment before he was interrupted by cheers, hisses, cat-calls, ringing, yells, and all kinds of interruptions. The *Journal* says the visitors "commenced to sing, 'We are going home to die no more,' which was spiced by applause and 'tigers,' completely drowning the words of the speaker, who proceeded to congratulate the cause of freedom upon the dissolution of the Union, as sure to bring emancipation. The lower part of the hall and the gallery was completely packed with the mob, who cheered and hissed in one corner, and were lustily answered by cheers from the opposite corner, while above all the voice of the speaker. The speaker sat down amid applause and hisses.'

After a while there was a lull, and the Chairman introduced Mr. Cushing Hoyt, of Athol, as one of John Brown's counsel. This was the signal for a renewed outbreak of calls, hisses and cheers, which completely drowned Mr. Hoyt's voice.

The President—"If the Police have not been instructed by the Mayor to assist this mob, they will proceed to disperse them."

This produced still greater noise. Mr. Hoyt tried in vain to be heard ; every attempt he made to speak was silenced by the uproar in the galleries and in the back part of the hall. At this stage of affairs the Mayor and Chief of Police entered, followed by a large body of Police officers. The Mayor stated to be heard that he had been requested to disperse the meeting, when the mobbing cried "No," "Shame," &c., and Mr. Quincy denied that he had been so requested. The Mayor then read the request of the trustees of the Temple, which was to "quit the riot," and not to disperse the meeting, and the officers were then in high glee, and they pressed him hard to do it. After some delay, an order was given to clear the galleries, and the Police soon cleared every one from that portion of the hall. The Mayor then asked that all disposed to continue the meeting be seated, and all others leave.—After a time quiet was restored, and the President announced that the Mayor had done all that he asked of him—had cleared the galleries and left officers at his disposal to maintain order. Mr. Wightman said, "I now give the meeting up into your hands." Immediately there were cheers, hisses, and calls to "clear the platform," "clear the hall," &c. The Chief of Police appeared, but his presence did not seem to mend matters; and the announcement of Mr. Hoyt's name again elicited a deluge of hisses and derisive shouts. He commenced to speak, but first targeted the rioters, and then denounced Seward and Corwin and Charles Francis Adams. In the midst of his remarks there was a rush in the back part of the hall, lights were put out, &c. Hoyt went on, notwithstanding interruptions, denouncing himself in favor of disunion, was glad the South had seceded, and denounced the breaking up of the John Brown meeting. Finally the speaker, amid a storm of indescribable noises, sat down ; and the meeting was adjourned till 7 1-2, P. M. The utmost confusion followed, and a description of it would be a difficult thing to attempt.

Some fifty or sixty women remained in the hall, that they might be a witness to attendance in the evening ; and before this audience the Chief of Police made his appearance about half-past six o'clock, and read the order of Mayor Wightman, which was to clear the hall and take measures to prevent the meeting being held there that had been announced.—The hall was cleared without opposition.

In Tremont Street during the evening, there was a large gathering, and noise and confusion reigned. Mr. John C. Clier, making himself rather conspicuous in conversation with some of those present, was taken in charge and rather roughly handled. He was tumbled down, and rolled down, and rolled about in the snow, injuring him somewhat, though it is believed not seriously. In the neighborhood of the Tremont House there was a large and noisy crowd of the riotous elements, and all manner of irregular and irrational proceedings were for a time kept up. The residence of Wendell Phillips was also visited in the course of the evening, but the police force went with them in such force that no "overt act" was committed. The whole affair was disgraceful and unworthy of the city of Boston.

The Mayor had the power, and should have had the will, to have stopped at once the first indications of a disturbance. We have not the slightest sympathy with the radicalisms of the leaders of the Massachusetts Anti Slavery Society ; but this class of our citizens are denied the right of holding meetings and confabring together as seems to them best, but upon the notice the same check be put upon the coolest demonstration by an uncontrollable mob? It is the duty of every good citizen to protest against the conduct of those who interfered with the proceedings of the Abolitionists in Boston yesterday—for their own safety, if for no other reason, they should discountenance anything that gives the least encouragement to mob law.

The meeting was announced in the call to be continued to-day, but the turn affairs took yesterday may render a postponement necessary, though we hope such may not be the case.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, Messrs. Simmons, Hunter, Bigler, Fessenden and Gwin were appointed a Committee on the Tariff. The Red River Raft Bill was passed. The Pacific Railroad Bill was taken up. Mr. Crittenden making an ineffectual effort to have his resolutions taken up by the Republicans and California Senators voting against it. Several names were added to the corporators, and a clause added that bonds and mortgages should be issued only in the United States.

In the House, the Post Route Bill was discussed. The rate of letters to and from California was fixed at ten cents. Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, offered an amendment, and in reply to a question whether his State was intending to secede, said if she was fairly treated by Congress, it would be to her advantage to remain in the Union. His amendment was adopted. The report of the Committee of Thirty-three was taken up. Mr. Hunt, of Arkansas, denounced the report as a miserable abortion. He said the Legislature of Massachusetts had passed resolutions declaring herself out of the Union because of the annexation of Texas. Mr. Gooch, of Massachusetts, made no such resolution had been passed. He would like to have them produced. The debate was continued by Messrs. Dunn, of Ind., Hindman, of Ark., Gooch, of Mass., and Ferry, of Conn., who said that "treason not only lurked in the Capitol, but was in the executive department, striking hands in friendship and gentle manner for the accomplishment of unholy purposes.—The Republicans are driven out of the Southern States, and they are about to be meted out to the Union Democracy. He was opposed to all amendments to the constitution. He would never recognize property in man by an amendment to the constitution. He was opposed to the admission of New Mexico, and dissented from other measures recommended in the report. He appealed to Republicans to stand by their principles. Others might do as they pleased, he would never conform with treason."

SOUTHERN NEWS. It is reported that Cassius M. Clay has had a conference with the leading Republicans, in which he urged concessions. He says Kentucky will be a unit for secession unless a plan of adjustment is accepted. He also says it is idle to talk of coercing the South.

It is rumored that the arms and munitions of war are being shipped in the vicinity of Amboy, New Jersey. Carriages, it is also said, are being manufactured in the same vicinity. The United States Marshalties in New Jersey will take prompt action.

Seven hundred State troops, by order of Gov. Brown, of Georgia, seized the United States Arsenal, at Augusta, yesterday noon. The federal troops will salute the American flag and leave for New York.

The Louisiana Convention met yesterday and organized. A committee of fifteen was appointed to report articles of secession. Commissioners from South Carolina and Alabama were present in the Convention. The Legislature has adjourned to the 4th of February.

There is great anxiety to hear from Fort Pickens. It is believed Lieut. Slimmer will defend it to the death.

The ancient Greeks buried their dead in jars. Hence the expression, "He has gone to pot."

CITY AND VICINITY.

TO LET—A small house and stable, with about 45 rods of land, situated on Church street, about two miles from Pawtucket Bridge, on the river road.

Also, a double two-story house and stable, with about 25 rods of land, situate on Tremont Street, in Lowell, for sale. Inquire of A. C. VARNUM, Appleton Block. jan25d1w

CITY INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS. The thirteenth annual report of this institution has just been published. From the report we learn that the whole amount received from 6141 depositors is $1,631,510.45 ; amount received for dividends on bank stocks and interest on loans, less dividends, interest and expenses paid, is $55,184.81 ; in all $1,686,645.26. The amount loaned to towns, cities and counties is $363,775 ; loaned on mortgage of real estate, $762,680 ; on personal security (with collateral), $127,600 ; on pledge of bank stocks, $235,500 ; shares owned in banks, 2679, valued at $264,675 ; deposited in banks on interest, $122,000, on deposit in the Appleton Bank, $10,415.29 ; total, $1,686,645.29. Net amount of interest to January 12, 1861, was $85,000.03 ; amount of twenty-sixth semi-annual dividend then payable was $37,902.92 ; leaving a net profit of $47,096.10. During the last year 1608 new accounts were opened, and the amount of deposits made (including old depositors) $504,197.08. During the same time 894 accounts were closed, withdrawing (with payments to those who still have accounts) $255,244.33, making an increase of 774 on the number of depositors and $248,952.75 in the amount of deposits.

This institution is one of the best in the State. A semi annual dividend, at the rate of five per cent. per annum, is declared on the second Wednesday of January and July, depositors of three months being allowed full rates for their deposits. Once in five years the net income is divided among depositors, all to receive a share according to the proportion of interest which they have drawn during the five years.—The next dividend of earnings is to be made in January 1862, and those who would profit by it must become depositors the present year.

The following named gentlemen compose the present officers of the institution : President, Nathan Allen ; Vice-Presidents, Horsen Howard, Wm. North and Josiah G. Abbott ; Trustees, Jonathan Tyler, Stephen Crosby, Josiah G. Abbott, Abner W. Buttrick, Charles H. Wilder, Jacob Robbins, Artemas L. Brooks, George Bragdon, Abram French, James B. Francis, John K. Chase and William S. Livingston ; Treasurer, John A. Buttrick.

PROF. BANNING'S lecture announced for last night, at Mechanics' Hall, will be given to-night at 8 o'clock, before both ladies and gentlemen ; he will lecture also on Saturday night, and before ladies only at 3 P. M. every day this week. We commend these lectures to the attention of our entire community. Admission free.

EX-FIVE ASSOCIATES. The members of this association will give a grand ball at French's Hall, on Friday evening, February 8th. As the music committee has arrived, and attract great attention. Hon. Edward Everett has been called upon by many distinguished Congressmen, South and North. The petition will have a good effect.

Mr. Collamer's bill provides for closing those ports et entry where it is impossible to collect the revenue by ordinary means ; also for stopping the mail service where it is interfered with by seceding States.

The tariff is before a special committee of the Senate. Mr. Simmons of Rhode Island, is chairman, and will report on Wednesday next.

In parting from Senator Fitzpatrick, the President said he had tried to do his duty towards both sections, and displeased both. "I feel isolated in the world."

The love of narcotics and intoxicating compounds is so universal it may almost count as an instinct. Every nation has it to a greater or less degree ; some in the shape of opium, some of smoke, some in drink, some in snuff, and from the equator to the snow line it exists—a trifle changed in dress, according to the climate, but always the same under all forms always the same desire.—Kings have decreed punishments on the smoke side, priests have fulminated on the spiritual ; law-makers have sought to pluck out the habit, root and branch, from their people ; all to no good—man still goes on smoking, snuffing and chewing ; putting an enemy into his mouth to steal away his brains, and finding immense satisfaction in a practice that makes him both an invalid and a fool, and never quits him till it has laid him fairly in his grave.

THERE was a public meeting at Georgetown, in this State, a few evenings ago, in which the question of petitioning the Legislature for the repeal of the Personal Liberty Bill was lungfully discussed. The Rev. Mr. Beecher and those who opposed the observance of Mr. Buchanan's fast day took part in the discussion. At the close of the discussion, a vote was taken and the meeting agreed to *petition for repeal.*—"The sober, second thought of the people is generally right."

THE Ames Manufacturing Company voted at their annual meeting a week ago, not to forward any arms to States which have declared themselves out of the Union. This was done before the charge of Judge Smalley was published.

In the case of Thomas Curtis *vs.* the Western Railroad for damages at Worcester, the jury on the case returned a verdict in favor of the defendant, on the ground that the driver of the carriage was drunk, and not exercising proper care at the time of the accident.

A TRIBE made his escape from Charleston the other day, but was pursued by a Charleston officer and caught at Baltimore. South Carolina seems to be the Union tug of war, and must, just as it happens to suit her at any particular moment, to consider herself in the one condition or the other.

ENGLAND AND THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY. A despatch from Toronto, Canada, dated yesterday says : "The *Leader* announces positively that the English Government intends to acknowledge the Southern Confederacy as soon as it is formed."

A STOUT but pertinent sentence, by Emerson :—" *Be*, not seem."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, the Governor transmitted the resolves of the Legislature of Virginia in relation to a convention of all the States. Mr. Schouler, of Middlesex, introduced an order of inquiry as to whether any legislation was necessary in regard to the escape of slaves from seceding States into Massachusetts. The order was adopted after remarks by several members. A petition was received from Francis Jackson and 24 others, asking to be heard on the petition against the repression of fugitive slaves. It was laid on the table. The resolve upon the duties of the States to the General Government was recommitted by 19 to 18. A long discussion ensued upon the petition to prevent slave hunting in Massachusetts. The petitioners were granted leave to withdraw, 23 to 3.

In the House petitions were presented from Linus Child and 528 others, legal voters of Lowell, and Elijah M. Read, and 109 others of Tewksbury, for the repeal of the Personal Liberty Bill. Petitions were also presented from Samuel D. Sargeant and 21 others and Foster Nowell and 142 others of Lowell, for the repeal of the act in relation to Corporations. The Committee on Roads and Bridges, to whom was referred the petition of the authorities of the city of Lowell and town of Dracut for an act authorizing said city and town to maintain Pawtucket Bridge as a public highway at their joint charge and expense, reported a bill authorizing the same. Read once.

An order to give hearing on the Personal Liberty Bill was indefinitely postponed after quite a discussion. A discussion also arose upon the Liberty Bill, which was ordered to a third reading.

TENNESSEE—SOLON BORLAND WAKES UP JOHN BELL. Solon Borland made a speech in Nashville a few days ago. He said, in the course of his remarks, that the Constitutional Union party, and its acknowledged champion, John Bell, had held the doctrine that the election of Lincoln would be a just cause for the dissolution of the Union. Lovell, who was in the audience, rose and denied the charge.

Upon this, says the *National Democrat*, the cheers "rang again and again through that vast hall, signifying as of the predominant Union feeling in that assemblage—notwithstanding the disunion element mustered its strength." Mr. Bell, before the meeting, expressed the hope and conviction that all would yet be well with the Union, and this declaration was received with a great shout of applause. The country will be glad to hear this from Mr. Bell and the city of Nashville.

WASHINGTON MATTERS. Hon. Charles Francis Adams' proposition for the admission of New Mexico, will certainly pass. It is reported that if Mr. Crittenden's resolutions are defeated he will support Mr. Adams' measure for the admission of New Mexico. It is said that Gen. Scott is in receipt of information of a plot to seize the arsenal at St. Louis, and has telegraphed orders for its further reinforcement.

The Buenna Vista monument committee has arrived, and attract great attention. Hon. Edward Everett has been called upon by many distinguished Congressmen, South and North. The petition will have a good effect.

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The tariff is before a special committee of the Senate. Mr. Simmons of Rhode Island, is chairman, and will report on Wednesday next.

In parting from Senator Fitzpatrick, the President said he had tried to do his duty towards both sections, and displeased both. "I feel isolated in the world."

The love of narcotics and intoxicating compounds is so universal it may almost count as an instinct. Every nation has it to a greater or less degree ; some in the shape of opium, some of smoke, some in drink, some in snuff, and from the equator to the snow line it exists—a trifle changed in dress, according to the climate, but always the same under all forms always the same desire.—Kings have decreed punishments on the smoke side, priests have fulminated on the spiritual ; law-makers have sought to pluck out the habit, root and branch, from their people ; all to no good—man still goes on smoking, snuffing and chewing ; putting an enemy into his mouth to steal away his brains, and finding immense satisfaction in a practice that makes him both an invalid and a fool, and never quits him till it has laid him fairly in his grave.

THERE was a public meeting at Georgetown, in this State, a few evenings ago, in which the question of petitioning the Legislature for the repeal of the Personal Liberty Bill was lungfully discussed. The Rev. Mr. Beecher and those who opposed the observance of Mr. Buchanan's fast day took part in the discussion. At the close of the discussion, a vote was taken and the meeting agreed to *petition for repeal.*—"The sober, second thought of the people is generally right."

THE Ames Manufacturing Company voted at their annual meeting a week ago, not to forward any arms to States which have declared themselves out of the Union. This was done before the charge of Judge Smalley was published.

In the case of Thomas Curtis *vs.* the Western Railroad for damages at Worcester, the jury on the case returned a verdict in favor of the defendant, on the ground that the driver of the carriage was drunk, and not exercising proper care at the time of the accident.

A TRIBE made his escape from Charleston the other day, but was pursued by a Charleston officer and caught at Baltimore. South Carolina seems to be the Union tug of war, and must, just as it happens to suit her at any particular moment, to consider herself in the one condition or the other.

ENGLAND AND THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY. A despatch from Toronto, Canada, dated yesterday says : "The *Leader* announces positively that the English Government intends to acknowledge the Southern Confederacy as soon as it is formed."

A STOUT but pertinent sentence, by Emerson :—" *Be*, not seem."

In commencing the second year of the Lowell Gymnasium, the Directors beg leave to call the attention of the public to the excellent facilities afforded by this institution to those persons who are in need of physical exercise. The efforts intend to make a number of additions and improvements the coming year, including a lifting apparatus and calisthenic exercises, with the hope that the growing interest, for this sort of amusement, as well as exercise, will manifest itself in the increase of the subscription list and the more general attendance of visitors.

Terms of subscription as heretofore—five dollars per year, or three dollars for six months. Application for admittance may be made to O. E. CUSHING, Treasurer, Bank Building, Shattuck Street.

We, the undersigned, physicians, consider the exercise in a Gymnasium a perfect safety one, and in no other way can the muscles of the body be developed so rapidly. We think such an institution indispensable, and recommend all those who can, to join the same as soon as possible.

E. HUNTINGTON, G. KIMBALL,
J. C. AYER, ROBERT W. KIDDER,
L. B. MORSE, D. PARKER GAGE.

FOR MANUFACTORY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Lodor.—now is the time to buy FURNACES, for the cold weather is coming on. Persons can call and examine the stock at the store, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street. Also, 1668 Merrimack st., Manchester. W. RANSOM.

jan19d3t

PARLOR STOVES. Call and see Magee's Improved Parlor Stove at N. J. WITH & Co.'s, 198 & 200 Market street, where you can see the burner, oven, &c., at reduced prices. dlf

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan26d1

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It burns quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns less quantity,
It emits less moisture,
Than any other free burning coal. And the best in the market for grates.

Also, Lehigh Coal, for sale at short notice, by HOWARD WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE.
Orders left at C. G. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building, will receive prompt attention. augl4dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have now arranged with a party who is now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said in regard to the use of vulcanized gutta percha in relation to the use of the human mouth, but not expected that it will supersede the use of metal, but in many cases where it is used with great success, and in all cases where it is used it is far superior to gutta percha. Having been engaged in the practice of dentistry for the last twenty years, and having used it with great success, and in order to keep pace with the improvements of the day, we have prepared to furnish sets of Teeth in the above material, at a reasonable price. Also, all kinds of operations in the dental profession. New York, Oct. 15, 1860.

VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.
ALEX B. WHITING, M. D.
ROBERT BOGGS, M. D.

Rooms 3 Island and 6 Savings Bank Building.
au21

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine article of FRANKLIN'S GOLD, would caution all their dealers in Lowell that an imitation article is being offered in this market by unprincipled dealers.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against buying this counterfeit article, as although if they hope to get the genuine article, as we have always supplied it, they will be sure to get a worthless article. Look out for signs, &c. LEVEY, BRO. & CO., Sole Agents for the New York Manufacturers.

WHEAT SCREENING.

15 Tons good Wheat Screenings, for feeds, just received and for sale by S. N. WOOD.
au2 43 Market st.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

NOTES ON NURSING—by Florence Nightingale. Harmony's Hand-Book of Standard Photography. Ladies' Almanac for 1861. Constitution of the United States, and Washington's Farewell Address, this day received and for sale by BUZZELL & MANSUR, Druggists.
jan21

TRAVELLING BAG

FOR sale by BUZZELL & MANSUR, 20 Central street.
dec7

BOURBON WHISKEY BITTERS.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE, on favorable terms on a single risk, on terms more limited to the amount. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

DIRECTORS :

Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Nathan Crosby, Josiah G. Abbott,
Andrew P. Hunt, Abner W. Buttrick,
Joshua W. Bancroft, Caleb H. Marsh,
Josiah G. Abbott, Charles H. Wilder,
Ephraim Brown, Jacob Robbins,
Abraham Y. Lowe,
Moses E. Bradley, Wm. M. Clark,
Benjamin L. Bancroft.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 21 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
Mass.

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 105 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

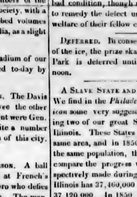
$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth 2½ per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

Trustees :

Erastus Lyman, Jonathan Sturges,
Isaac Rapp, Jr., Henry Chauncey,
Thos. Johnson, Jr., Theodore Sedgwick,
John Anderson, Jr., Theodore Morris,
George B. Bunker, Jr., Merchant, New York.
S. Greenhood, Merchant, "
Wm. Bryce, Merchant, "
Stephen Crosby, Merchant, New York.
John G. Coster, Merchant, "
GEORGE F. SNIFFEN, Secretary.
ROBERT ATHON, General Agent.

Books taken in either Stock or Mutual department, on the new Seventh Plan.
DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Hunnewell's Store, corner of Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. no16dtf

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the requisites of a family one. It is simple in construction, easily learned, not liable to get out of order, and is capable of performing every description of family sewing on silk, linen, cotton, woollen, leather, &c., with unrivalled quilting, gathering and all the innumerable kinds of work which can be supplied, the

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE

Confidently occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use :

Mrs. Gen. Scott, Mrs. Gen. Wool,
Mrs. Gen. Worth, Mrs. Com. Perry,
Mrs. Com. Stockton, Mrs. Com. Hull,
Mrs. Com. Hiram Paulding, Mrs. Com. Ringgold,
Mrs. Com. Footte, Mrs. Com. Dupont,
Mrs. Com. Farragut, Mrs. Com. Porter,
Mrs. Com. Craven, Mrs. Com. Wilkes,
Mrs. Com. Rodgers, Mrs. Com. Hudson,
Mrs. Com. Bell, Mrs. Com. Mervine,
Mrs. Com. Pendergrast, Mrs. Com. Ingraham,
Mrs. Com. Hollins, Mrs. Com. Vanderbilt,
Mrs. Com. Breese, Mrs. Com. Lavallette,
Mrs. Com. Mayo, Mrs. Com. Hunter,
Mrs. Com. Pinkney, Mrs. Com. Bailey,
Mrs. Com. Hartstene, Mrs. Com. Ramsay,
Mrs. Com. Mercer, Mrs. Com. Lockwood,
Mrs. Com. Hull, Mrs. Com. Stringham,
Mrs. Com. Ward, Mrs. Com. Pope,
Mrs. Com. Hunter, Mrs. Com. Bell,
Mrs. Com. Mayo, Mrs. Com. Pinkney

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of such up one of the kind, and proving official after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the worst and most obstinate cases of obstruction from any cause, and where all other remedies in the world have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This remedy never fails, and if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, ready for use, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember, This remedy is designed expressly for OBSTINATE cases, in which no other remedies of the kind have been found to cure, as that is considered by Dr. Mattison to be a severe test of its virtues.

☞ Be sure of Initations! None warranted unless purchased directly of DR. MATTISON'S office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Front House, Boston.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature to which MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of long experience, are liable, and which require more privacy. Consultation by letter or otherwise as strictly confidential as if made in person. To be sent by Express, secure from observation, with boxes or packages of Medicine and consultations for patients from abroad. Medicines can be sent to most parts of the world. Those who are still restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be physicians who have no knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply. Let it be a man making some inquiry, and especially in relation to his own diseases, before consulting him. Many are ruined by their false statements, and get blindly into traps for which there is no escape. Be satisfied by their false statements, and get blindly into traps for which there is no escape. Be satisfied in the start that you are in the right hands, for you will have reason to regret when it is too late. Many are ruined for life by unskilful men stamps as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally, in also Circulars giving full information, with the most undoubted references, can be obtained without which no advertising physician or medicine should be relied on. Address DR. MATTISON, 28 Union street, Boston.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only PHYSICIAN physician in Providence, if not in New England, who has had a regular medical education, and a long experience in the treatment of diseases of a Private nature, and who can be relied on. Those who are still restored to health. Office No. 4 Market Square, Providence, R. I.

sep21 3m

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of such up one of the kind, and proving official after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the worst and most obstinate cases of obstruction from any cause, and where all other remedies in the world have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This remedy never fails, and if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

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sep21 3m

RICH GOODS,
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT 118
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAT TORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

PROF. WOOD'S
Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies restorates and renews the blood in all the original purity, and thus restores and regulates the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, by those scientific and skilful combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and at so perfects adaptation as to do an perfect accordance with the laws of health, that it strengthens the weakest stomach, and tones up the digestive organs, and also all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and these thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. Such, experience has long taught us, is the best remedy for the nervous, debilitated, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have used it for many years, for it needs no medical skill or knowledge even to know that it relieves all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, are the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypocondria, High Spirits, Lowness of Spirits, and all similar diseases of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to, and for all diseases of the Kidneys and Irregularities. Also, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Bowel Complaints, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting, Sea Sickness, Pain in the Back, Side, and Stomach, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Painful Menstruation, Spasms and Cramps, Colds, Hacking and nocturnal Coughs, Difficult Breathing, Asthma, and Indeed we might enumerate the whole list of ills to which flesh is heir, but it is unnecessary, as every one knows, it will not only cure the debility following all these, but will prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influence, if taken on the first approach of danger, or even if already attacked. And as a set a to the system, strengthening the digestive organs, arousing the Liver to action, and thus purifying the sanguineous secretions of the system, it will infallibly prevent the most pernicious emergencies following upon change of climate and water, and for sea sickness should have a bottle with them, and all should have a bottle always on hand to use during. As it prevents costiveness, strength ening the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, particularly clergymen, lawyers, and all ladies not accustomed to much exercise or outdoor air. Always use it in time if they will they will find an agreeable pleasure, and sufficient remedy against those ills which rob them of their best joy, the health, and which cannot exist while the system is properly regulated. Once again, the Cordial is a perfect Motherer, and for females at the change of two before the final trial she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety.—*There is no mistake about it, the cordial is all we say it is.* MESSRS. METCALFE, THAYER & CO. And to you we appeal to detect the illness or decline of any of your wives, daughters before it be too late, but also, your servants and help, for while the former, from false delicacy, often goes on suffering from complaints that rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter, from ignorance, and with fear of the excitement of business that if it were not for you they would be thrown out in the cold, downward path, until too late to arrest their fatal fall. In the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal. If you are not your never failing affection will unerringly point you to Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator as the remedy which should be at once tried in time will prove a boon. O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, 481 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists. Price One Dollar per bottle.

CHARLES R. KIMBALL, Wyman's Exchange, corner of Merrimack and Central sts. Lowell. † oct19†14

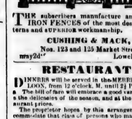
Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS nov15

PIANO FORTES.

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It each will be found a large and desirable assortment of
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by all of which we warrant to give satisfaction. ☞ Call in and look at them.
HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order.
nov29 dtf



THE subscribers manufacture and put up IRON FENCE of the most desirable patterns and APPROVED workmanship.

CUSHING & MACK,
Nos. 123 and 125 Merrimack Street,
Lowell, Mass.
nov20 3m

RESTAURANT.

DINNER will be served in the SEBBMACK RESTAURANT, from 12 o'clock, M. until 2 P. M.

☞ The bill of fare will consist of the best to be had in the markets of the season, and at the lowest possible prices.

The patronage, by the accommodation of an extensive room that all persons who may be desirous of dining can always at a specific hour.

H. EMERY.
1910

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness of perfume unequalled.

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or stickly.

It is the best dressing for children.

It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains longest in effect.

It is more delicate than any other.

It is more economical, as a little suffices.

It is more economical, as a little suffices.

It is more economical, as a little suffices

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, January 26, 1861.

The latest intelligence from the South reveals nothing by which one can predict the end of the troubles that are now the theme of conversation and thought everywhere. The universal quiet that has reigned for some days past we fear is only the "calm before a storm." The action of several Southern States gives no evidence of a desire to compromise or a purpose to restrace the steps they have already taken. The only ray of light, looking the dawn of a better state of affairs, is seen in the manly avowal of several Congressmen to stick to the Union, despite the fanatical doings of some of their constituents. Mr. Buchanan is conducting himself on having arranged affairs so that there will be no collision between the Federal and State authorities during his administration, the expiration of which he will undoubtedly hail with joy. He has, however, consented to and assisted in taking such provisions as are likely to secure the public peace of Washington until after the inauguration of his successor, when he will gladly seek retirement from public life, where he can be forgotten than forgiven for much in his administrative career that has been so clearly wrong.

The most irritable of the Southern States at this moment are South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, and Florida. These States, with a white population less than some of one of the Free States, with ten disunion Senators (before any of them withdrew) to two for the Union, are making nearly all the trouble, and if the Union is ultimately and forever dissolved, and the people of these States will rest the blame. No concessions satisfactory to them, short of yielding all the principles for which the Republican Party has ever stood, can be made; and people are beginning to discover that the constitution is well enough as it is, and would be likely to be damaged by tinkering. If it has been a good instrument thus far, through the long reign of the Democracy, it ought to be, and is, good enough for at least one term of an administration of a different party.

The more conservative of the slave States hardly desire any change in the constitution, but the masses of those States, like the masses of the States where secession measures have already been adopted, having been falsely instructed as to the policy of the Republican party, and actually fearing open hostility when Mr. Lincoln assumes the reigns of government, have probably been led to place themselves in the position we now find them on the question of secession. On this unfortunately is under the influence, more or less, of an insane men as ever filled a lunatic asylum, rests a mighty responsibility. Should wise counsel prevail, as we trust it all may yet be will; should she, too, secede, then, the probabilities are, that few if any of the slave States will remain, and permanent dissolution seems inevitable.

The free States are strong and healthy; we think with many good reasons, that we can stand alone; but the consequences of a dismemberment of the Union are not readily counted, and every honorable means should be exercised to avert so great a calamity to this republic. But while desirous to preserve the government properly seized, private citizens plundered, trade interrupted, all at the insignation of men who are engaged in the unholy work of destroying the government which has been the life and protection of all the States, it would be humiliating to those who love and will protect the whole country to prepare compromises or cringingly seek for peace. We want peace, but not at the sacrifice of right and honor.

LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, no business was transacted of general or local importance, the time being occupied, mostly, with private bills.

In the House petitions were presented from Linus Child and others of Lowell, in aid of the petition of Charles Hovey, and others, for a Bank of Industry at Lowell; also from Henry Worcester and others, and Isaac Cooper and others, of Lowell, in aid of the Lowell Mechanics' Savings Bank. Several petitions were presented for the repeal of the Personal Liberty Law. A motion was carried to reconsider the vote by which the Military Bill was passed to a third reading. Further action with ten disunion Senators (before any of them withdrew) to two for the Union, are making nearly all the trouble, and if the Union is ultimately and forever dissolved, and the people of these States will rest the blame. No concessions satisfactory to them, short of yielding all the principles for which the Republican Party has ever stood, can be made; and people are beginning to discover that the constitution is well enough as it is, and would be likely to be damaged by tinkering. If it has been a good instrument thus far, through the long reign of the Democracy, it ought to be, and is, good enough for at least one term of an administration of a different party.

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LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, no business was transacted of general or local importance, the time being occupied, mostly, with private bills.

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THE RESIGNATION WEST, in relation to our troubles, is very freely as well as originally expressed once in a while. At a union meeting in Chicago, a short time ago, one of the speakers, alluding to the horrible deeds perpetrated by a certain class of our Northern people to getting into a war with our "Southern brethren," said to seventy-one years we have all been boast ing of having, in the war of the revolution, "whipped our in thes," regarding it a great thing. But if the whipping of our mother, she deserved it, is such a mighty feat to brag of, in at we to beat tate, if he deserves it, to whip "our brother?" The meeting, by their vociferous evidence of appreciating the "point," repeopled unmistakably in the negative.

ALL is quiet at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and no fears of an attack are entertained.

NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

In the Louisiana State convention now in session at Baton Rouge, a committee reported an ordinance dissolving all connection with the United States, but all treaties, acts of Congress, &c., not incompatible with the ordinance of secession, are to remain in force; also recognizing the right of ingress and egress to and from the mouths of the Mississippi river, by all friendly States, and declaring the willingness of Louisiana to enter into stipulations or guarantees for the exercise of those rights. Several substitutes were offered for the settlement of the present difficulties, which, with the ordinance, were ordered to be printed.—The resolution of thanks to the Governor to his prompt action in the seizure of the Forts of Louisiana created quite a discussion, a member wishing to know what authority the Governor had for such a highhanded measure, and saying he was not prepared to censure or thank him until the necessity of the step was shown.

The command at Fort Sumter is in a healthy condition, and it is believed that they are sufficiently strong to successfully defend any attack that may be made.—Major Chesnolle people are strongly fortifying Fort Moultrie, and it is said are determined to attack Fort Sumter.

A resolution has been presented in the Georgia convention, providing that no State shall be admitted into the Southern Union unless it is slaveholding, and if it should subsequently abolish slavery it shall be excluded. Laid on the table. An order was offered abolishing Federal and establishing State Courts; also, continuing in force Federal laws under control of the State; also, assuming that authority over territory ceded to the United States.

At Pensacola, Fla., volunteers are engaged in mounting and ranging guns, companies are making scaling ladders, and the utmost bustle prevails.

The Wyandotte is anchored west of Fort Pickens, under her guns, and it is supposed she will assist Lieutenant Slemmer in defence. The pilots have been notified that they may bring government vessels into the harbor if they bear a flag of truce.

Mississippi. On Wednesday the convention has elected seven delegates to the Montgomery convention, and also passed an ordinance raising eight regiments. The convention has elected Jefferson Davis a Major General.

THE RESIGNATION OF THE ARSENAL AT APALACHICOLA, FLA. Information has been received, through letters to the Merchants' Exchange, Boston, respecting the seizure by Florida State troops of the arsenal at Apalachicola, on the 6th of the present month. We quote from the letter, as published in the Boston papers, as follows:—

"Mr. Powell, who has been in the office of the United States since 1840, and had command of the place, acted in a gallant manner. After the troops had entered, he faced the line and thus addressed them: 'Officers and soldiers: Five months ago I was the commander of this Arsenal, but, in consequence of the weakness of the command, I am obliged to surrender;—an act which I have hitherto never had to do during my whole military career. As I had a force equal to or even half the strength of your own, I'll be — if you would ever have entered my gate until you walked over my dead body. You see that I have but three men. Boats are laborers and cannot contend against you.'

"Powell is now under arrest, and will take my sword.' Capt. Jones of the Young Guard of Quincy, received Mr. Powell's sword, and then returned it to him, and addressed him as follows: 'My dear sir: Take your sword; if you are too brave a man to disarm.' The whole command then gave three cheers for the gallant Powell. Mr. Powell is now making arrangements to turn over to the Federal Government the funds and papers belonging to Uncle Sam."

GOVERNOR HICKS, OF MARYLAND. The letter of Gov. Hicks, in reply to that of Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, congratulating him on the firm and manly resistance with which he has opposed the efforts that have been made to sweave him from the path of duty, and declaring that the aid that an earnest and active sympathy will enlist in any just and conciliatory measures that may be proposed—has been published. Gov. Hicks says that a thought is slaveholder, with southern sympathies, he is ready to sacrifice life and fortune to perpetuate the Union; and he has assured the Commissioners who have to him Gov. Curtin's letter, that the "people of Maryland, though strongly opposed to Mr. Lincoln, did not intend to resist his inaugeration; but, on the contrary, would sustain it, if necessary. He was also informed by the Commissioners, in reply to inquiries, that the people of Pennsylvania entertained no design of making a military display at Washington on the 4th of March."

THE PERSONAL LIBERTY BILL OF RHODE ISLAND REPEALED. In the Rhode Island House of Representatives, yesterday morning, a vote was taken on the repeal of the Personal Liberty Bill, and the result was as follows:—yeas, 49; nays, 18; absent, 5. The representatives' hall was crowded, and the speeches of several gentlemen were listened to with the closest attention. The announcement of the result was received with evident satisfaction. The repeal bill passed the Senate some days ago by a vote of 21 to 15. Little Rhode has "cleaned her skirts" commendably.

THE superintendent of the Michigan Central Railroad, says the accession movement is making the North rich. That there are now $160,000 worth of fresh pork at their depot, which would not otherwise have come this way at all. The Grand Trunk has just completed a contract which will test the full capacity of that road to carry varying crops, &c. The products of Kentucky, Tennessee, &c., all coming this way on account of southern troubles. If this is so, the earnings of Northern railroads must continue to show an increase.

The *Toronto Globe* raises the question whether South Carolina does not belong to England, in case she is no longer one of the United States. Unless England's claim is "of ourlawed"—expired by limitation—undoubtedly she has a legal claim on sister Carolina, if the way ward child insists on running away from Uncle Sam's protection.

A LITTLE TOO FAST. "Ralph Ramé," the Paris correspondent of the *New York Express*, tells the following capital story:—

One of my Parisian confreres tells a capital story to the discomfiture of a celebrated physician, who is not, as he certainly deserves, the famous Dr. Trousseau, though the initial of his name is among the last letters of the alphabet. I will add on my own assurance that the member of the faculty in question is not Prof. Valpeau, whose initial letter comes in the penultimate place, if this precautionary statement were omitted. If you should really be curious to learn who else's the exercise of those rights. Several substitutes were offered for the settlement of the present difficulties, which, with the ordinance, were ordered to be printed.—The resolution of thanks to the Governor to his prompt action in the seizure of the Forts of Louisiana created quite a discussion, a member wishing to know what authority the Governor had for such a highhanded measure, and saying he was not prepared to censure or thank him until the necessity of the step was shown.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

The Rev. Wm. H. Rand will preach at the Wesley Street M. E. Church, to-morrow morning.

Rev. L. J. Fletcher will deliver a discourse to-morrow morning in the Second Universalist church, on the causes of our unit coal difficulties and the duty of christians in relation thereto.

Henry Otten, Esq., formerly of Bostport, Maine, will lecture on Temperance at Huntington Hall on Sunday evening, January 27th. Hours 13 o'clock. Doors open at 6 o'clock, lecture to commence at 7.

Rev. A. B. Grosvenor, one of the most eloquent temperance speakers now in the lecturing field, will lecture in Wallas' Hall, to-morrow afternoon and evening at 3.30 and 6.45.

The regular lecture of the series, given by request of the Lowell Unitarian Society, will be delivered to-morrow evening, in the High Street Church, by Rev. Mr. Stone, at 6 o'clock.

Rev. Dr. Cleaveland will lecture at his church Appleton Street, to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock, on the present crisis.

Superior Court, Middlesex County.
Decided.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY, JANUARY 28, 1861.
Before Hon. Rodney French. Ripley for Plaintiff. Bigelow for Defendant.
814—Emerall vs. Chesley. Lincoln for Plaintiff. Brooks for Defendant.
1053—Hawley vs. Hawes. Bolton for Plaintiff. Rogers and Dewey for Defendant.
1049—Tyler vs. Union R. R. Co. Bodley and Hall for Plaintiff. Hadley and Hoar for Defendant. Jury to be called.
1105—Dennis vs. Sweeney. Dennis for Plaintiff. Richardson for Defendant. Jury to be called.
1105—Higgins vs. Atwell. Hiestes for Plaintiff. Hadley and Sanderson for Defendant.
1106—Higgins vs. Hill. Higgins for Plaintiff. ——— for Defendant.
1105—Johnson vs. Wendell. Staples and Dewey for Plaintiff. Hadley for Defendant.
1106—Gould vs. Hamilton. Ripley and Nelson for Plaintiff. Marrett for Defendant.
1075—Williams vs. Hamilton. Somerby for Plaintiff. Hamilton and Ward for Defendant.

A DOUBLE RETROSPECTIVE VIEW OF LOWELL. Turning to a file of the *Lowell Courier* for 1845, then published tri-weekly, we find in the number dated March 27th, that under the head of "Relic of antiquity!" they state that a friend has sent them a number of the *Amherst Farmer's Cabinet*, published by William Baldwin, at the head of Middlesex Canal, Mass. The paper was dated January 7th, 1825, and is No. 29 of Vol. 1.

"There are many things," says the *Courier* before us, "in this number of the *Cabinet*[sic] that would be interesting in our era. One of which is the following paragraph:

NOTICE. All letters addressed to persons residing in the neighborhood of the Merrimack Manufacturing Co., in this town (Chelmsford) should be superscribed thus:

———
East Chelmsford,
———

otherwise if the distinction 'East,' be omitted the letters will be carried to Lowell, the Post Office, five miles from this place.

———, Post Master.
East Chelmsford, Mass.

The list of letters is then published, consisting of the names. We find that most of the *advertisers* of that day have removed to the west, but one, who is still in business here now, and that Maj. Baxter, of the firm of Baxter & Bennett. The style of the printing, by the way, is a fair specimen of a period far more remote than 1825."

Well friend Huntress, that paper thirty years old," as you say, "is not much to be sounded queer in your ears," and it "is." We'll look over your paper of twenty-three years ago, and see what we can find. Among the Lowell business men we may be able to find among your advertisers W. H. Dyar, Daniel H. Dean, Jacob Coggin, Jr., then in the clothing business, W. S. Bennett, then of the firm of Baxter & Co., Asa Bennett, Cushing & Mack, Samuel Burbank, George Hedrick, George Mansfield, M. D., the time of examination of the High and Grammar Schools is announced, by Jacob Robbins, Secretary of the School Committee.

Several genteel dwelling houses, in good repair are advertised to let on *Lewis* Street.

A sacred concert by the Lowell Union Singing Society, was to be given at the City Hall, the evening of the publication of the paper announces that the Lowell Reading and News Room, will be re-opened by the former proprietor, near the Post Office, in Merrimack Square. Also that they were to find among your advertisers W. H. Dyar, Daniel H. Dean, Jacob Coggin, Jr., then in the clothing business, W. S. Bennett, then of the firm of Baxter & Co., Asa Bennett, Cushing & Mack, Samuel Burbank, George Hedrick, George Mansfield, M. D., the time of examination of the High and Grammar Schools is announced, by Jacob Robbins, Secretary of the School Committee.

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POLICE COURT. Saturday, January 26. Mary Quinn, for larceny, was sent four months to the House of Correction.

George Chase, common drunkard, was discharged on payment of costs.

Michael Golden, for obtaining money on false pretences, was ordered till a future time.

Robert Cooper, for larceny, will come in this afternoon.

John A. and Jeremiah Ebbs, for being good and lascivious persons, were bailed, with the promise to leave the city.

James Swift, for assault and battery on William B. Gass, settled with party and was discharged on payment of costs.

The last of Professor Banning's lectures before both ladies and gentlemen, will be given to-night, at 8 o'clock, in Mechanics Hall. Subje—The Throat, Lungs and Spine.

Dr. Ayer will also lecture before ladies exclusively, at 3 P. M. on to-day and Monday, upon health and physical education. Admission free.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. The following cases in which Lowell parties are interested were argued to-day:

Francis Calvert et al vs Hamilton Manufacturing Company. B. F. Butler for plff; W. L. Burt for def.

Levi Webster vs City of Lowell. D. S. Richardson for plff; Sweetser & Gardner for def.

Robert B. Caverly vs City of Lowell.—R. B. Caverly for plff; B. F. Butler for def.

Darius Whitfield vs John S. Keyes. H. S. Richardson and Norris for plff; S. A. Brown and Keyes for def.

New York, 8th month, 29th day, 1856.

Dr. E. P. Banning — Dear Friend:—Some two years since I spoke to you of the treatment of the great improvement of my son's case of spinal curvature under your care. I now have the pleasure to add that his health is perfect. His form is so much improved as to attract general favorable notice; and his strength and activity such as to be a source of pride to his parents, with impunity. So signal has been thy success with my son, as to induce me to advise all my friends interested to resort to thee without delay.

SAMUEL ROSS, Dentist.

Prof. Banning may be consulted, for a few days, at the Merrimack House.

Elizabethtown, Ky., March 9, 1856.

Dr. E. P. Banning —Dear Sir: Our little daughter, Maggie Winterworth, with inscription bunch-back, and lateral curvature of the spine—which I treated for months with counter irritants, &c., to no manifest purpose, &c.,—a treatment which amounted to crucifying of the child, and which, I thought, had been almost entirely relieved in the last year by the application of your Spring. Spinal Supporter and Shoulder Brace. These appliances have acted like a charm by lessening physical and mental suffering, she is free from pain, and as cheerful as a morning lark. The success of your novel treatment in the spinal complaint of my child would entitle you to be considered a benefactor of your generation and race.

Respectfully and truly your friend,
H. B. YOUNG.

AN OLD FOOL WANTED. The following appears in the *Boston Herald* of this morning:

PERSONAL. A young lady, a stranger in the city, would like to make the acquaintance of an old fool with a considerable property. Please address Miss N., Postoffice Box, 1, Cornhill Mass.

"Miss N." had better find out "Mr. De Bois," of this city, who a few days ago, advertised through the same medium for a wife.

ARREST OF A FEMALE THIEF. The *N. Y. Sun (N. B.) Freeman* gives the following account of the arrest of a Mrs. Eveleth, for embezzlement. Mrs. Eveleth hails from Massachusetts, and is said to have formerly lived in this city.—

"The person charged with embezzlement is a lady who has been employed in the store of Ennis & Gardner, King Street, at a salary of $600, and seemed so respectable a person that this charge came as a bomb shell incredibly, especially as on a search warrant being issued, the articles stained by her employers, which were found in the house as she pointed out as hers. The complaint was made by the firm on suspicion positively that she could show satisfactorily that she had fairly purchased them, and that they were regularly entered on her books. She was admitted to bail on Monday, and the further hearing of the case postponed to Thursday forenoon; but on Wednesday information was given that she owned another large trunk, which she had not shown, and which had not been searched. The police were on the premises, and found it proved to be the depository of a vast quantity of the richest articles: a set of plate valued at $1,000, dresses, shawls, ribbons, &c., &c., all of the very richest and most expensive kind, and apparently unsoiled, made up, it is asserted, of goods taken from the store, as is said to be of the most splendid assortment ever known, literally, got up, in the words of the shop, regardless of expense, and with the extravagance made of costly tissels strung together, &c. The property positively identified by Mrs. Ennis, the wife of one of the firm, is said, worth over £100. On this discovery the case was immediately carried to the Circuit Court for trial and on Thursday the Grand Jury found true bills, and Mrs. Eveleth was arraigned, and pleaded not guilty. She had spent the night in jail, and now appeared to be last evening, declaring that it would kill her to be kept in goal, when, at present the accommodations in the jail are not of the best order. The case can not be tried for some days, and the defendant was committed to the Circuit Court for trial and on Thursday the Grand Jury found true bills, and Mrs. Eveleth was arraigned, and pleaded not guilty. She had spent the night in jail, and now appeared to be last evening, declaring that it would kill her to be kept in goal, when, at present the accommodations in the jail are not of the best order. The case can not be tried for some days, and the defendant was committed to the

THE United States steamer Brooklyn sailed from Norfolk yesterday, with sealed orders for the South, with two companies on board from Fort Monroe. It is reported that she goes to reinforce Fort Pickens.

IN commencing the second year of the Lowell Gymnasium, the Directors beg leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that it is the only institution in this institution to those persons who are in need of physical exercise. The gallery has been fitted to make a number of additions and improvements the coming year, including a bowling alley and calisthenic exercises, with the hope that the growing interest for this sort of amusement, as well as exercise, will manifest itself in the increase of the subscription list and the more general attendance of gentlemen.

Terms of subscription as heretofore—five dollars per year, or three dollars for six months. Application for admittance may be made to O. E. Cushing, Treasurer, Bank Building, Shattuck Street.

We the undersigned, physicians, consider the exercise in a Gymnasium a perfectly healthy one, and in no other way can the muscles of the body be developed so fully. The Lowell Gymnasium is indispensable, and recommend all those in need, to join the same as soon as possible.

JOHN GREEN, M. D.
ALLEN A. BROWN, M. D.
E. HUNTINGTON, M. D.
G. KIMBALL, M. D.
GEO. C. SHATTUCK, M. D.
JOHN C. DALTON, M. D.
L. B. MORSE, M. D.
R. MORSE, M. D.
D. PARKER GOOD.

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Lowell is now the time to buy Furs, as the Subscriber is selling off his entire stock of Furs made and repaired in the shop at reduced prices. Call at No. 2 Merrimack Street.
jan18tf — W. BASCOM.

Parlor Stove. Call and see Magee's improved Parlor Stove in N. J. Wier & Co.'s, 100 Merrimack Street. Also, the improved air burner, oven, &c., at reduced prices. 4tf

Fibble & Lyon Sewing Machine. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleanest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less than any.
Than any other fire burning coal. And the above facts can be found only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
Office of our agent, J. HOWARD, 34 Merrimack street.
may1 1tf

M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE IN TEXAS.

Hear what the Proprietor of the "STAR HOTEL" has to say of the wonderful effects of M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE:

"STAR HOTEL," CENTREVILLE, TEXAS, }
Aug. 22d, 1854. }

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.

I feel it my duty to make the following statement in favor of my children have been several years in the habit of using M'LANE'S "IDE MONTAR" to get some Oil of Wormseed and other teas, but never could get them to act. Dougget recommended *M'Lane's Vermifuge*, prepared by you, but having heretofore tried several Vermifuges in my boarding house with contempt, I told him it was not worth while, as my children appeared proof against them all—but at his solicitation I was induced to procure a bottle, and found to my astonishment that it was no good to refuse the money. To satisfy him I done so, and the effect was so much better than I expected, that I got another bottle, and the result was most astonishing. Three of my children done their own voluntary, and the largest worms I ever saw. To a young man, my son *Carrier*, who was weak, puny and poor as a shadow, after the use of a few bottles of which brought from him at least a pint of what is called stomach worms! Strange as this may appear, yet it is a fact, and I can say that the boy stood it, so long as he did, with the greatest wonder to me. All these cases are now doing well. No doubt the items of thousands of children have been saved by the use of this extraordinary medicine. Don't fail to give it a trial.

THOS. B. THUCKMAN.

Sold by druggists in all towns in the U. S. and Canadas.

M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE PILLS.

The same may be earned if you will hearken. Born cries are no more heard, for Lilac Pills are sold.

You may be rid of your cares and chilblains, For all physicians recommend Lilac Pills.

For clothing in warm weather use it,
For sweetening the breath use it,
For new nipples use it.
For all weathers use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and in foreign countries, it is sold by druggists. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists in town and country.

Beware of counterfeits. Each genuine box has the signature of FLEMING BROS. on the outside wrapper.

FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, T. Hamblett, L. G. Brown, D. E. Hinkelman, C. Sherman, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Iowell and vicinity. The Stock Department has over $100,000 capital, and has over $200,000 assets. The Mutual Department has over $115,000 assets. The statements of assets and liabilities are published in the Lowell papers, and are particularly invited to examine them. Policies issued on favorable terms, and no loss will be unpaid.

JOHN NESMITH, President.
IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000, and the liabilities are nothing except the other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second floor.)
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
jan1 1y — 1y1017

Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL and LARYNGEAL complaints, which, if neglected, in a majority of cases, are incurable. Hence the propriety of using a remedy which will relieve the cough, remove or shield at once the foul disease, and restore health. Such a remedy is the Cough, Cold, or Irritation of the Throat Troche. Sold by druggists. Those troubled with serious attack may be effectually warded of Troches. Sold by druggists. Beware of worthless effects. For clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. Dec 14. 3m*

Fever and Ague! Chill Fever!! Dumb Ague!!!

It is not a very difficult thing to break the system, but to do a cure thereafter is the task. Quinine, Arsenic, or similar poison. But a vegetable remedy, that will cure in all cases, and leave the system in a healthy condition, is the kind of remedy needed. Chicken, tobacco, and the most feeble may take it with safety. Such a remedy is HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC AGUE CURE, No. 15, and it will do all we claim for it. It is—Let all of HUMPHREY HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS be kept in your house, and you will be ready for all emergencies. In large vials, enormous case, $5; dilute, in plain case, $1; case of fifteen boxes, and book, $5. Those forced to, by the simple box or case, are sent by receipt of the price. Sold by all druggists.

DR. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John streets.
dec27 1y

CAUTION!

The subscribers, proprietors of the true and original FRANKLIN TONIC, do hereby caution the public against that on spurious article, M. E. WINTERSTEIN, advertise Franklin Tonic.

It is thirty years or more since the first and only genuine Franklin Tonic was introduced and sounded queer in your ears," did it "is." We'll look over your paper of twenty-three years ago, and see what we can find. Among the Lowell business men we may be able to find among your advertisers W. H. Dyar, Daniel H. Dean, Jacob Coggin, Jr., then in the clothing business, W. S. Bennett, then of the firm of Baxter & Co., Asa Bennett, Cushing & Mack, Samuel Burbank, George Hedrick, George Mansfield, M. D., the time of examination of the High and Grammar Schools is announced, by Jacob Robbins, Secretary of the School Committee.

Several genteel dwelling houses, in good repair are advertised to let on *Lewis* Street.

A sacred concert by the Lowell Union Singing Society, was to be given at the City Hall, the evening of the publication of the paper announces that the Lowell Reading and News Room, will be re-opened by the former proprietor, near the Post Office, in Merrimack Square. Also that they were

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1859,

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The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are fully established by the fact that it has received from its registries for fourteen years, a greater number of premiums than any other machine upon a household economy. In all other respects the Wheeler & Wilson Machine is unrivalled, and bronzelich, in seaming, stitching, hemming, quilting, tucking, and the beautiful cords in which female needle work is applied, the

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THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Iowell and vicinity. The Stock Department has over $100,000 capital, and has over $200,000 assets. The Mutual Department has over $115,000 assets. The statements of assets and liabilities are published in the Lowell papers, and are particularly invited to examine them. Policies issued on favorable terms, and no loss will be unpaid.

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IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000, and the liabilities are nothing except the other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

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Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL and LARYNGEAL complaints, which, if neglected, in a majority of cases, are incurable. Hence the propriety of using a remed

RELIGIOUS.

THE WEEDER.

The present earnestly desireth the absence of Job.

"The morn is past, the night the weeds are short,
And the fierce dragon can receive no rest hereafter
O, God, she cried, send into smoke your work,
Which I desire so insatiably."

"For me, the heat and burden of the day,
And a warm mother, who doth show me to birth!
For him, rich gluttony lands, wrecked on sleep,
With groves of food and greasy."

"Above his members, like golden air
For rounded land spring by green predominance,
And opposing barricks wave and toss their hair,
By golden tresses of the corn."

"There are no mad moonlands, in whose dark arcades
The very howling wolves are delightful monsters;
No hunt wins there, but in the silent glades
The silver deer bring themselves."

"There the tall palm crests the glorious noons,
The stately monarch of whose embrace
And its strong arms, like giants in feral groves,
Lift up their golden chalices."

"There the thick leaves the tempered sunbeams sift,
And pleasant shades are cast for sound slumbers;
There waters may crave, there drowsy streams run drift,
And I will not prohibit."

"I hate with toil, yet keep my faith with all,
Though scorn, save God, regards my inner certainty;
Father," she cried, "when all the shadow fall,
For which I pray so fervently?"

Then came a shadow; but I was by God,
And some as art, dread angel, for her hovering.
It without sound how will voluminous hid
And wrapped her in its covering.

Chill though it was, she halted it with a smile,
And, warm with fear and joy, with a strong infirmity,
Lay down beneath it, slept a little while,
And wakened in eternity.

Religious Habits Appropriate to the Present National Crisis,

A SERMON,

BY REV. AMOS BLANCHARD,

Preached in the Arch Street Church, Lord's day, December 23d, 1860.

TEXT.—Come, my people, enter thou into thy chambers and shut thy doors about thee: hide thyself, as it were, for a little moment, until the indignation be overpast.—Isaiah xxvi. 20.

Words addressed by Jehovah to His people through the prophet in a season of disaster and of general apprehension. They convey both invitation and admonition. They are a command, and a seemingly very suggestive one of duty. They intimate perils and perplexities present and to come, in which God's people could not feel safe or sharers. They also point out the means of immediate safety amidst outs and troubles.

Hence the appropriateness of the selection of political agitation; an agitation passing far beyond the dignity of mere party struggle into election campaigns, disturbing commerce, depressing industry, and looking forward with fearful anticipation to the day of revolution is abroad, threatening to sunder our nationality and to leave us a people scattered members and dispersed limbs of a great, a prosperous and a powerful nation. The object of these evils and judgments in the gait of partisan strife. The jaints and acute journalist. He can tell you where to start from their places. The old pilots, by whom the people have floated with confidence in past seasons of peril, are dead. The seamen and divers are at their wits end, not knowing what ought to be done, or if knowing, not having the power to do it. No foreign invader is at our doors.—Delightful has yet been shed in fraternal war. We seem to be failing to preen, with no power to hold us together; and where the process of disintegration is to end is known only to God. Nor can the signs of prudent the emergency to anything unusual to our children.

Ye will not expect of me to-day any political disquisition or any criticism upon past measures of political men or parties as such; or upon their principles or policy; or any suggestions of future political action by the government of the State or the Nation. The sentiments I have my own views on these matters, and I suppose that I have the right common; be it reserved for expressing them on suitable occasion. I hold myself ready to do so. But the great questions of statesmanship, not of religion or of morality simply. The principles of ethics and of religion do indeed underlie them as they do it to all questions of public policy: but only as elements with others quite as important in the case of the problem to be solved. The consideration of these problems belongs to another and a different line of business than preaching, and to other places than houses of worship.

I should, moreover, whether my existing statesmanship is adequate to their peaceful solution. We are, as we may say in the fore, shut up to God. Little at least can any of us hope to do beyond what our prayers may effect. And by God we will not contribute the most toward the public welfare who enters most fully into the posture of feeling here set forth.

This passage is not to be understood, I take it, as objective a literal duty. It is not designed the idea of seclusion from common business with secular thought and prayer. It carries along with it, the idea of special earnestness in closet duties. But its meaning reaches much further than this. It describes a state of thought and feeling to be cherished habitually, in public and private, in the street, the family, the public assembly, in society and conversation, as well as in secret and solemn and religious musing. We may in spirit enter into our chambers and shut our doors about us, and hide ourselves there, though busy at our daily employment, and conversant with men and active in matters of private affairs. We may cherish a collected, calm, and subdued spirit, such as befits a secret devotion, while we are in the streets and transact business.

This I suppose to be the meaning of these words. We are to carry our chamber with us. We are to hide ourselves with spirit of devotion in a sacred seclusion of soul; that is unbuild; from all that provokes to the Divine displeasure. Spiritual calmness is to be strangers to this state of feeling. They know what profound reverence and irritating ridicule, which appear so largely into common conversation, into the halls of Congress and of the courts, and are heard, I blush to own it, in some pulpits, and from the lips of some professed ministers of Christ, is made up of scattered members and dispersed limbs of a great, a prosperous and a powerful nation. The object of these evils and judgments in the gait of partisan strife. The jaints and acute journalist. He can tell you where to start from their places. The old pilots, by whom the people have floated with confidence in past seasons of peril, are dead. The seamen and divers are at their wits end, not knowing what ought to be done, or if knowing, not having the power to do it. No foreign invader is at our doors.—Delightful has yet been shed in fraternal war. We seem to be failing to preen, with no power to hold us together; and where the process of disintegration is to end is known only to God. Nor can the signs of prudent the emergency to anything unusual to our children.

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RELIGIOUS.

THE WEEDER.

The servant earnestly desireth the shadow.—Job.

"The morn is past, and there the weeder goes into the shade
And the fierce August sun pours on the burning field;
He stoops, and weeds, and toils that shadow's gain
To God—the weeder's eternity.

"For me, the hour and weeder of the day,
And a stern master, who doth show'r by night
For him, rich pleasure deals, nourished for away.
With greens of cool serenity.

"Above his meadows, rise groves of fir,
The rounded oak and the tall poplar's form,
And spiring hills rise behind the whole.

In golden contrast, o'er the dark meadows
"There are cool woodlands, in the twilight sombre;
There are no shadows in the sunset glades—
No hour with them long breathless.

"There—by—but come, and see the glorious scene,
Where each branch of those cyclean palaces
And its every leaf's a lyric in fresh green,
Lift up their golden chalices.

"There the thick leaves the tangered sunbeams sift,
And gloom and shades are over the award distributed.
There noon-day cease, there twilight-dews may drift,
And I—I am prohibited.

"I dare with toil, yet keep my faith with all,
Though hirelings—they—who will the shadow fill,
For which I pray so fervently?"

Then came a shadow, tall, that very tall,
And with a sickle in its hand, and a scythe hovering.
It without ground nor with without, but
And wrapped her in its covering.

Chill though it was, she hailed it with a smile,
And went with pure-eyed gratefulness to Infinity,
Lay down beneath it, slept a little while,
And wakened in eternity.

Religious Habits Appropriate to the Present National Crisis.

A SERMON,

BY REV. AMOS BLANCHARD:

Preached in the York Street Church, Lord's day, December 23rd, 1860.

TEXT.—"Come, my people, enter thou into thy chambers and shut thy doors about thee; hide thyself, as it were for a little moment, until the indignation be overpast."—Isaiah xxvi. 20.

Words addressed by Jehovah to His people through the prophet in a season of distress and of general apprehension.—They convey both instruction and admonition. They are encouraging and soothing, yet suggestive of duty. They intimate plain and perfectly practicable duties and privileges in which God's people could not but be sheltered. They also point out the means of inward tranquillity, and of safety and comfort.

Hence the appropriateness to this time of political agitation and excitement, and far beyond the ordinary excitements of our election campaigns, disturbing commerce, depressing industry, and in a measure toward will diver calamities. The spirit of revolution is abroad, threatening to sweep under our national unity and leave us but scattered members and dispersed limbs of a great, a prosperous, a powerful nation. The shop of state rolls and pitches in the gale of partisan strife. Let it blow and seams yawn asunder. The lasting to start from their places. The old pilots, to whom the people have long had confidence, confidence in past seasons of peril, are dead. The seamen are ignorant of their duty, their end, not knowing what ought to be done, or if knowing, not having the power to do it. No foreign help can be had, and God's No blood has yet been shed in fratricidal war. We seem to be failing to prayer, with no power to hold us together, and where the process of disintegration is to end is known only to God. Nor can we forget the prophet the consequences to ourselves and to our children.

You will not expect of me to-day any political disquisition, any criticism upon past measures of political men or parties as such; or upon their principles and purposes; or any suggestion of future policy and action in the government of the State or the Nation. As a citizen I have my own views on these matters, and I suppose that I have the right common to all citizens of expressing them on suitable occasions. But I shall myself ready to do so. But these are questions of statesmanship, not of the province of morality or religion. The principles of ethics and of religion do indeed enter into them as they do to all questions of public policy; but only as elements with others quite as important in the great problem to be solved. The consideration of these problems belongs to another and a lower line of business than preaching, and to other places than house of worship.

I doubt, moreover, whether any existing statesmanship is adequate to the present peaceful solution. We are, as perhaps never before, shut up to God. Not that we have not in any of us hope to do beyond what our prayers may effect. And he will probably contribute the most toward our public welfare who enters most fully into the posture of feeling here set forth.

This passage is not to be understood, I take it, in altogether a literal sense. It suggests indeed the idea of the unseen Comforter business with special frequency for prayer. It assures of safety. But the duties of special earnestness in closet duties. But its meaning reaches much further than this. It describes a state of mind, a habit of feeling to be cherished habitually, in public and private, in the street, in the house, in the public assembly, in society and conversation, as well as in hours of solitude and religious musing. We are to carry it into our counsels and shut our doors about us, and hide ourselves in it when we are busy at our daily employment, and conversant with men and active in public and private affairs. We may not be in the quiet, calm, and subdued spirit, such as befits secret devotion, even when we walk the streets and transact business.

This I suppose to be the meaning of these words. We are to keep our "chambers" with us. We are to hide ourselves with spectral earnestness in sacred inner retreats of that is unbuilt-wed; from all that provokes the Divine displeasure. Spiritual christians are no strangers to this state of mind. They know what profound retirement of feeling, what delightful quiet of soul are consistent with all needful secular activities. They know that stillness and silence may reign within while all the rightful claims of the family and of society are met. Seldom and rarely comes communion with God may be carried on while work is done, debts are paid, kind words are spoken and acts performed. Yet I fear, at this past, this spirit ceases and will commonly have its seasons of daily intercourse, seasons for collecting its forces and calming down help from above, and girding itself anew for the task of maintaining this inward sequestration amid the bustle and turmoil of life.

Viewing the text, then, as descriptive of a state of mind and a tone and type of feeling, rather than as an literal and outward separation let us analyze it a little and discover the acts and habits of which it is composed.

We make some progress in this work when we notice some of the states of mind with which it is in contrast. It certainly excludes worldly anxiety and unrest, even though viewed as guilty agents in bringing about public calamities. It is opposed to murmuring and to that talking by bitterness and denunciation; to criminations and recriminations also. We are desirous of these habits as coalescing with the sentiments here depicted. And all see or should see, that so far from alleviating, they only aggravate the public distress.—They do nothing but increase the danger to avert their consequences. They render no help in extricating us from our entanglements. They are forbidden alike by every principle of Christian duty and by every consideration of propriety, of wise and patriotic conduct, directly opposite to the spirit inculcated in the text.

As much may be said of undue dependence on men and measures, on parties and policies, to turn back the engulphing tide of calamity. Our present troubles, it is plain I suppose to all, spring from causes deeper than can be reached by any policy or party, which seems, humanly speaking, possible now to become ascendant. As far as we rely on any such machinery or look to any man or men, as without God, able to save us, we abandon the temper and habits here described.

Equally alien from this sequestered state of feeling is the irreligious spirit of skepticism regarding a Divine Providence, which always shows itself at such seasons. Perhaps our ideas of the plan of the Divine government seem likely not to be carried out. Our most cherished hopes of the country and of the race seem to be on the eve of disappointment. The cause of human freedom and of constitutional government, appears to us to be imperilled, and fearful misgivings and gloomy doubts gather, for the moment, around all prophecies and promises of human progress. In this state of things, we are tempted to question the wisdom and goodness of such events so contending to their short-sighted vision. Infinite goodness, they are prone to think, could never allow so many struggles and efforts of the best men of the race to be abortive, or such a calamity to befall the world, as would be the overthrow of this great confederacy. Weare tempted to make our belief of the wisdom and goodness of the Divine Government to hinge upon the fulfilment of our own hopes, and with the prospect of their disappointment, some are half inclined to arraign the course of events as capricious and unjust, or, which amounts to the same thing, we are tempted to think, for the time, that Infinite Wisdom and Love, are on the throne of the Universe. All this, it hardly needs to be said, is opposed to the temper enjoined in the text. We, too, the state of mind here contemplated is the opposite of restless anxiety, and nervous despondence or fear, sometimes unhinging reason, and often unfitting us to act wisely in our habitual, and much more in new and untried relations. It is opposed to acts in this way on some persons, and so multiplies existing evils. An alarm of fire, or any other fright in Huntington Hall, then, defiant sneers, sweeping denunciations, and irritating ridicule, which cannot be quieted in from the house and confusion to which the fear would impel the crowd to act. (God forbid that the present defective means of egress from that building should ever change this illustrative suppo sition into horrible fact.) Times of public agitation and change are peculiarly liable thus to affect some minds. Such persons specially need to take to themselves this invitation in the text.

But looking at the text in what it includes rather than at what it excludes, we shall find in it a call.

First, to special solemnity and tenderness of feeling. We are characteristically an active, ardent, cheerful and buoyant people. These traits have in them nothing wrong. But their unchecked indulgence is ensnaring. It runs into vicious sentiment and feeling, which need for their correction and training, which need for their correction and training, which need for their correction and awe and reverence toward Him whose ways are far above out of our sight; before whom the nations of the earth are as vanity; who putteth down one and setteth up another; in a sovereignty of wisdom not to be arraigned or judged of by creatures of a moment, who see but in part. Subject as such feelings are to all seasons, they seem to be forced upon all reflecting minds in times of national excitement. And that these, though which not we alone, but the joys and tus nations of the whole earth are passing.

The text is a call, secondly to serious self-examination. Is there any unrighteousness in this world for their sins, seems to be taught in the Bible, and to be inseparable from the very idea of a national accountability. National guilt, moreover, be it remembered, is the guilt of the men who make the laws of government, but in the aggregate of individual sins. All public calamities are seen to be viewed as retributive. Nations, like individuals, are afflicted for various purposes, and among them for that which we have described.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, January 28, 1860.

SOUTHERN MATTERS. The *Louisiana* convention passed the secession ordinance on Saturday by a vote of 113 to 17. The pelican flag was displayed and guns were fired in various places, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed (so say the dispatches.) At New Orleans there was a good deal of excitement, and the masses were jubilant. The convention also passed a resolution, unanimously, granting the free navigation of the Mississippi River.

Missouri.—The legislature is discussing resolutions relative to those passed by the New York legislature, tendering men and money to the President. The Democrats in caucus have adopted resolutions similar to Mr. Crittenden's. The advices from different parts of the State exhibit the fact there is a strong Union sentiment in Missouri, and that the State convention will be principally composed of conservative men.

Kentucky has appointed (through her legislature) James B. Clay, Joshua F. Bell, Governor Morehead, Wm. O. Butler, Jas. Guthrie and Charles A. Wickliffe, Commissioners to Washington on the 4th of February. The legislature has adopted the Virginia resolutions, so amended as to require government protection to slavery in all territories now held or hereafter acquired south of 36° 30', and to guarantee the right to transmit slaves through the free States.

The *North Carolina* legislature has passed a resolution sending Commissioners to Washington and Montgomery.

The *Alabama* Convention has adjourned till March 24.

Texas, thus far, gives evidence of a determination to secede at once.

SOUTH CAROLINA. The Legislature has agreed on a flag for South Carolina. It is to be blue with a white star in centre and golden Palmetto thereon, and white inner crescent in upper flag staff corner. The Senate has adopted the resolution authorizing the Governor to send commissioners to Florida in case of a threatened invasion —number of men unlimited.

Virginia.—All sorts of expedients and misrepresentations will be employed to carry Virginia for secession. The false dispatches of Mr. Toombs and others, on the eve of the Georgia election, were mainly instrumental in carrying that State.—This game is to be repeated on a large scale, and a portion of the Virginia delegation have already inserted an inflammatory address for this purpose.

A member of the Virginia Legislature, now here, expresses his belief that that body will, by a two-thirds vote, declare Edwin J. Broun Elector.

EX-President Tyler communicated to the Legislature on Saturday the resolutions of the Virginia Legislature relative to the settlement of the national difficulties.—He did not make the Virginia plan easily be satisfied if speaking only for herself, but that he desires to act with the cotton States and she can only consent to any scheme of settlement as will be satisfactory to the latter. The dispatch does not hope that Mr. Tyler has all the northern States may immediately assume a purpose to send deputies to Washington. This will strengthen the hands of the Union men in Virginia, at her election on the 4th of February.

HE DENIES THE CHARGE. Gen. Caleb Cushing has, within a few days, published in the Newburyport *Herald*, a lengthy and explicit denial of the charge made against him a month or two ago, by Dr. Alfred J. French, of Lawrence, a brother Democratic representative in the Legislature of 1859, in reference to Mr. Cushing's course in relation to the Personal Liberty law, showing that he favored it, as a measure likely to operate against the slave interest, eventually. The general says that the statement alluded to, "is from beginning to end, sheer falsehood, destitute of the slightest foundation in fact, and so wantonly concocted a falsehood as hardly to rise above the degree of meanness, up to that of respectable malignity." He says Dr. French "must be fool or knave; and as otherwise he would not have fabricated a calumny so readily susceptible of refutation."

Dr. French has published a second letter which is a reply to Mr. Cushing, and is quite positive in its assertions, and not particularly complimentary to the Newburyport sage. After a consideration of the points made by Mr. Cushing, Dr. French says that during the debate on the liberty bill, he went to the seat of Mr. Cushing and congratulated him that the democratic and conservative Republicans were likely to prevail over the radicals, as they termed them. Mr. Cushing replied at once that "it would be policy for the democrats to assert themselves and not defeat the purpose of the radicals, saying, nothing would kill them quicker and help the Democrats so much." Dr. French says Mr. Cushing was emphatic. So far as political honesty is concerned, those who know the Lawrence gang, give him the credit of being less subject to eccentric perversions of judgment than the more distinguished gentleman at the mouth of the Merrimack. It is quite apparent that Mr. Cushing should not have noticed Dr. French's charges while the dust was altogether too ready, and too emphatic not to have a look of great anxiety to free himself from the stigma there fastened upon him; and the last statement the Doctor will establish as a fact, what might have (but it is not here alluded to again) been liable to appear as an unmerited, splenetic newspaper letter. But now it is on record, and cannot be easily blotted out, that Caleb Cushing, of Newburyport, declared to me his influence was against the Personal Liberty Bill, while a member of the Massachusetts Legislature, on the ground that its passage would be a benefit to his party.

ABSTINENCE FOR SECTARS. The Berlin, Prussia, correspondent of the *Daily Advertiser* writes:—

"I saw a very neat little contrivance for the assistance of beginners, in which a wonder has never been used at home, and which I earnestly recommend. I can think of no better way to describe it than to ask you to imagine an inflatable skeleton-hoop-skirt, about two feet in diameter at the top and five at the bottom; this frame is built of wood, very light, and mounted on rollers. The beginner stands in this machine, and may flounder as much as he pleases in his fear, without danger of falling."

EVENINGS WITH THE DOCTRINES.

By Nehemiah Adams, D. D., author of "Friends of Christ," "Christ a Friend," &c. Boston: Gould & Lincoln. 1861.

This volume which is aptly termed, "charming and truly valuable," comprises a series of lectures on the following subjects:—God; Divine Revelation; The Trinity; Deity of Christ; Deity of the Holy Spirit; Man; Atonement; Election; Regeneration; Christ's Intercession; Christian Perfection; The Intermediate State; Retribution. The subjects treated should be looked upon as of the highest interest and importance to one and all; and the book will undoubtedly become a standard with those in sympathy with the views of its author. Those who are familiar with the previous volumes of Dr. Adams', will scarcely fail to purchase this, which possesses many merits commending itself to the religious minded. Copies of it may be obtained of Mrs. S. B. Eaton's, at the Franklin Bookstore, Central Street.

Blackwood's Magazine.—The contents of the January number of *Blackwood* are:—The Political Year; The Priest Prayer-Book; Uncivilized Laws; English Embassies to China; Horror: A Tale; What's a Grilag,'; Norman Sinclair: An Autobiography; A Merry Christmas; The Indian Mutiny—its Origin and Fall. We should have so frequently referred to this old standard, that such of our readers as may not yet be familiar with its pages, certainly have not failed to form a high estimate of its worth from our oft-repeated words of commendation. Each number of the American edition embraces about one hundred and thirty pages of the choicest reading matter, published at $3 per annum; or for about the price of the English edition ($10.00), this monthly and the *Four Reviews* can be obtained for one year. The present new year is a favorable time to renew subscriptions and for new patrons to commence. Leonard Scott & Co., No. 79 Fulton Street, New York, publishers.

The Eclectic Magazine of Foreign Literature for February, has been received from the proprietor, W. H. Bidwell. It contains twenty distinct articles from the leading English magazines and reviews, possessing all the interest usually attached to the judicious selections of this work.—

Virginia.—All sorts of expedients and misrepresentations will be employed to carry Virginia for secession. The false dispatches of Mr. Toombs and others, on the eve of the Georgia election, were mainly instrumental in carrying that State.—This game is to be repeated on a large scale, and a portion of the Virginia delegation have already inserted an inflammatory address for this purpose.

A member of the Virginia Legislature, now here, expresses his belief that that body will, by a two-thirds vote, declare Edwin J. Broun Elector.

EX-President Tyler communicated to the Legislature on Saturday the resolutions of the Virginia Legislature relative to the settlement of the national difficulties.—He did not make the Virginia plan easily be satisfied if speaking only for herself, but that he desires to act with the cotton States and she can only consent to any scheme of settlement as will be satisfactory to the latter. The dispatch does not hope that Mr. Tyler has all the northern States may immediately assume a purpose to send deputies to Washington. This will strengthen the hands of the Union men in Virginia, at her election on the 4th of February.

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"I saw a very neat little contrivance for the assistance of beginners, in which a wonder has never been used at home, and which I earnestly recommend. I can think of no better way to describe it than to ask you to imagine an inflatable skeleton-hoop-skirt, about two feet in diameter at the top and five at the bottom; this frame is built of wood, very light, and mounted on rollers. The beginner stands in this machine, and may flounder as much as he pleases in his fear, without danger of falling."

CITY AND VICINITY.

Rev. Dr. CAMILL will deliver a lecture at Hingham Hall, on THURSDAY Evening, January 31st, subject:—The Irish Priest at Home and Abroad. Admission 25 cents. Doors open at 6. Lecture to commence at 6 o'clock. All persons are kindly requested to pay in silver. 1m28&2t&3t

THE LOWELL PULPIT YESTERDAY. Several discourses were preached in this city, yesterday, worthy of notice.

Second Universalist Church. At the first service at the Second Universalist Church, Rev. L. J. Fletcher pastor, the discourse was based on the words found in 2 Chronicles vii.: 14—"If my people, which are called by my name, shall humble themselves and pray, and seek my face, and turn from their wicked ways, then will I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sin, and will heal their land." Mr. Fletcher's discourse was an argument to prove that the present National troubles had, in a great measure, their origin in the opposition of the North to the South and its "peculiar institution." The bitterest and most unjust things had been said of the South by the Abolitionists, who represent and speak for us; and it the South has been equally severe, then have we been doubly guilty (because we must render good for evil). South Carolina has not seceded because Lincoln was elected, but because she believed the Republican party would proceed from *words to acts*. The "underground railroad" was alluded to as another of the instruments through which the South was made to suffer. The refusal of Northern men to enforce the Fugitive Slave Law, which the people of the South had no good cause could decline to do, though some of its provisions were harsh and conflicted with our views of duty, was another wrong that was committed against the Southern brethren; the argument was, the slave who escapes to the North is the property of another, and if we assist the fugitive on his way, we are in a degree violating the command, "thou shalt not steal." The Personal Liberty Bill was referred to as still another wrong to the South, and it is the duty of all lovers of right and justice to petition for its repeal. We have no space for the arguments of the reverend gentleman; suffice it to say that some of the remarks were unworthy of our midst.—The embellishments are a portrait of Robert Stephenson, and the "Eighteenth Brumaire." Several of the articles are particularly worthy of attention. We presume the *Eclectic* may be obtained at our bookstores generally.

WHERE ARE THE JACKSON SWORDS? In June, 1843, General Jackson, in his retirement at the Hermitage, wrote his will with his own hand. In it among other bequests are two—one bequeathing his Tennessee sword to his nephew, Andrew Jackson Donelson, with this injunction:—

"That he fail not to use it when necessary *in support and protection of our rights*, by unsheathing only for herself, but that he destroy it with the cotton States and the sacrifice be sealed by foreign conquest as will be satisfactory to the latter. The dispatch does not hope that Mr. Tyler has all the northern States may immediately assume a purpose to send deputies to Washington. This will strengthen the hands of the Union men in Virginia, at her election on the 4th of February.

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obtain admission. Rev. Dr. Cleaveland preached an able and lengthy discourse on the times, from Psalm xi.: 3, "If the foundations be destroyed, what can the righteous do?" There is but one thought that fills the public mind, pervades every part of the country. It interferes with religion, business, and everything else. Call my subject politics, if you please. He said that he was aware that there were preachers in New England, who preached bad politics; and then gave those clergymen who apologize for, or defend slavery, one of the most severe scathings we have ever heard. He reviewed the covenants of the slave power, and the testimony against it on the part of slaveholders.—Slavery has been vindictive in its abuses of the North, and the North has been patient itself. If there was anything more base, contemptible or meaner than for a clergyman to apologize for or defend slavery, he knew not what it is. At the time of framing the Constitution, Virginia was more opposed to slavery than Massachusetts. He told ex-President Pierce to-day (as those who represent and speak for us) and it the South has been equally severe, then have we been doubly guilty (because we must render good for evil). South Carolina has not seceded because Lincoln was elected, but because she believed the Republican party would proceed from *words to acts*. The "underground railroad" was alluded to as another of the instruments through which the South was made to suffer. The refusal of Northern men to enforce the Fugitive Slave Law, which the people of the South had no good cause could decline to do, though some of its provisions were harsh and conflicted with our views of duty, was another wrong that was committed against the Southern brethren; the argument was, the slave who escapes to the North is the property of another, and if we assist the fugitive on his way, we are in a degree violating the command, "thou shalt not steal." The Personal Liberty Bill was referred to as still another wrong to the South, and it is the duty of all lovers of right and justice to petition for its repeal. We have no space for the arguments of the reverend gentleman; suffice it to say that some of the remarks were unworthy of our midst.—The embellishments are a portrait of Robert Stephenson, and the "Eighteenth Brumaire." Several of the articles are particularly worthy of attention. We presume the *Eclectic* may be obtained at our bookstores generally.

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Freewill Baptist Church. In the afternoon, Rev. Mr. Mott preached a stirring sermon from the text, "Be troubled, ye careless ones," from Isaiah xxxii.:11. His remarks were principally directed to the erring with a view to awaken them from the paths in which they were walking. He would not pretend to say that if he sowed tares he should reap wheat, or should reap the crop in Massachusetts, but whatever we did on earth we should be rewarded or punished for in eternity. He closed with an appeal to the sinner to turn from the error of his ways and seek religion ere it be too late.

High Street Church. At six o'clock in the evening, Rev. Mr. Street delivered a discourse on temperance, which was listened to by a large audience. His text was from Proverbs v., 6, "Lest thou shouldest ponder the path of life, her ways are movable, that thou canst not know them." He said that there was a railroad leading out of Boston where a train started, but before it had left the depot, different cars were switched off in different directions, and before two hours passed those who started together would be farther apart than either had gone, in a direct line. Two or more persons may start in life together, but before they have got far their paths may diverge in different ways, and they may be far apart. The speaker then referred to the evils of intemperance in our midst.—Much of the liquor now drank is counterfeit. More champagne is called for in New York than is raised, and more French brandy is called for in Lowell than is brought into New England.—He condemned the use of tobacco, and especially those who took it from our mouths to defile the sidewalks.—He then referred to the evils of the Sabbath, and concluded the use of tobacco, and especially those who took it from our mouths to defile the sidewalks.—He then referred to the evils of the Sabbath, and concluded

THE PRIZE SKATING. There was an immense crowd at McFarlin's Park, Saturday afternoon, to witness the skating for which prizes had been offered. It is computed that about 2000 persons were present. Those who contended for the prizes were hindered by persons skating before them and across their path. The following were the prizes awarded:

For boys under fourteen. 1st prize for fastest skating, one pair of Skowhegan skates, rigged, Master H. C. Plympton. Time for the mile, 3.43; 2d prize, 1.43; 3d prize, one clipper sled, Master Charles F. Young. Time, 1.47, 1.45.

For ladies. For fastest skating, one pair ladies' Skowhegan skates, Miss Ella Johnson. Time for half a mile, 2.07½, 2.08. Mrs. Johnson also won the prize for best fancy skating, one fur trimmed fancy cap.

For gentlemen. For fastest skating, one fur trimmed cap. Frank Parker. Time for one mile, 3.16, 3.26. For best fancy skating one pair full rocker skates. Edward Warren.

PROF. COBURN'S LECTURES. This course, before Mechanics' Association, will commence on Wednesday evening next, the four lectures making a connected series, and admit of many interesting and instructive experiments. The general subject of the course is the Physical and Chemical Adaptations of the Atmosphere. Lecture First, The Physical Conditions of the Atmosphere; Second, The Relations of the Atmosphere to Light, that and Electricity; Third, The Adaptations of the Properties of Oxygen and Nitrogen to Organic Nature; Fourth, The Adaptation of the Properties of Nitrogen to the conditions of Organic Nature.

THE regular monthly exhibition of the Union Club takes place this evening at Hall No. 30 Appleton Block. The exercises will consist of declamations, addresses, vocal music, &c. The public are invited.

DETENTION OF THE BOSTON TRAIN.—The train which left Boston this morning did not arrive here until after half past nine o'clock, the detention being caused by the loosening of a flange of one of the wheels, which compelled the train to run slow.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. The following case, in which Lowell parties were interested, was argued on Saturday:—

Samuel P. Buttrick vs. City of Lowell. B. F. Butler for plaintiff; Wm. S. Gardner for defendant.

POLICE COURT. Nothing doing this forenoon. A liquor case will come up for examination this afternoon.

MUSEUM. The play of "Nick of the Woods" will be performed this evening, to conclude with a roaring farce.

A meeting of the Lowell Pulpit will be held at the vestry of the Second Universalist Church, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Subject for discussion:—"Is the Bible a sufficient guide for the Christian?" Rev. Mr. Fletcher to lead the meeting

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is especially designed for both married and single ladies, and is the only thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly period in cases of obstruction from any cause, and all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the money will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months, without one failure ever being known or heard of, without the least injury to health in any case, and it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, will cure $3.00.

☞ *Remember that this is a prepared Emmenagogue for particular cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been found to fail, and that it is warranted as represented in all cases, or the money will be refunded.* ☜

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted, unless purchased directly from the Agent, or at the office. Prepared and solely by DR. MATTISON EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specific embraces all diseases of a *Female* nature both in MEDICINE and TREATMENT, and will effectually remove, in a few days, any obstruction, from whatever cause, and restore the system to perfect health and vigor. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and no names published. Medicine sent to any part of the country. Remember the place, No. 28 Union Street, Providence, R. I. Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M. to 8 P. M.

☞ PARTICULAR CAUTION.—Dr. Mattison's name has been forged to certificates of the most infamous character, purporting to be given by females, and especially in relation to the Emmenagogue, and as he has never had any dealings with any such persons, and never will have, he considers it necessary to caution the public against being imposed upon by such base counterfeits. Dr. Mattison's Emmenagogue can be had of no person in New England except the Agent, and he has no traveling agents, and no certificates or testimonials are ever given to any person. Be sure and call at 28 UNION STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I. Dr. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE is the only genuine article ever offered to the public, and is sold by no traveling agents. Be sure and call at the right place, or you will be deceived. Dr. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 28 UNION STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I. Dr. MATTISON is the only Physician of note in New England who has not been in the habit of using certificates and testimonials to recommend his medicines. Be sure and call at 28 UNION STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I. LETTERS TO DR. MATTISON, containing a remittance, will receive prompt attention. Price of Medicine sent by mail or express, $10 00. Pamphlets sent gratis to any one desiring them. Address DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 28 UNION STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

sep29ly

SHAWMUT COMPANY'
CLARINE COAL OIL.

THE subscriber is now prepared to receive Orders for the above NEW BURNING OIL, and to furnish it to customers and burning it. The Oil is manufactured by the Shawmut Company, and is made from the best quality of Petroleum, and is warranted not to explode when used in the Lamps recommended by the Company, and will burn more than twice as long as any other Oil now in use. Those who have used it say it is the best Oil they have ever burned, and that it is the cheapest Oil in use. Those who have not used it are invited to call and examine it, and test it for themselves. Orders left at the Office of the Company, No. 17 Central street, or at the Oil Store of the subscriber, No. 4 Merrimack street, will be promptly attended to.

CHAS. F. PEESTON & CO.,
Sole Agents. No. 4 Merrimack street.
Refer to Messrs. Hall & Whipple, Lowell; Messrs. Bradley & Kimball, Jr. or Messrs. Bradley & Kimball, Boston.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BALSAMIC VAPOR.—A new combination for the Toilet, Bath and Sick Room, for the Restoration and Preservation of Beauty and Health. Prepared only by DR. T. FELTON, 49 Hanover street, Boston. Price $1. For sale by druggists generally.

sep27

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SOMETHING NEW.

HS. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S Patent Ventilating Hats, which are the most ventilating article ever offered, and can be had only at the store of S. HAYNES, Lowell. Please call and examine them.

LIGHT BLUE WARE.

A LARGE assortment of prime Light Blue Ware, of all sizes, CHEAPER than the new styles and shapes, for sale at

S. HAYNES',
4 Merrimack st.

MORE MUSIC.

JUST received, five dozen Orchestra and Church Music, from Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston, by the Dozen or Single Book, for sale by
S. HAYNES,
4 Merrimack st.

GO TO
S. HAYNES'
FOR
CHEAP GOODS.

To get a good TEA SET, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
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To get TOILET WARE, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
jan12

GLUE! GLUE!!
UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE.
HARRIS'S PREPARED GLUE.
HUDSON'S PREPARED GLUE.
For sale by E. S. HUNT,
oct17 Central Street.

Perfumery.

2000 Fifty Cents, Burnett's Flutiné, and an assortment of other Extracts, for sale by S. RODGERS, Jr., corner Merrimack & Main sts. dec21

RUBBER SLAT.—A New article, called the Rubber Slat, for sale by S. RODGERS, Jr., corner Merrimack & Main sts. dec21

HAIN'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
is not sold
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

ESH. HUNT would call the attention of the Ladies to his assortment of FANCY GOODS, exclusive, just from the market. The French CHEST ENDOWER. For sale at No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art and Practice of Boxing, with rules for regulating the science to amateurs, that any person may comprehend them. By C. BUNT, 17 central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated Ware, Jewelry, Looking Glasses, Paintings, &c. This article will look as fresh as new as equal has never been discovered, for the above use.

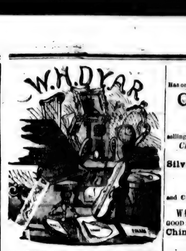
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

LARD PRESSES.

THE subscriber has on hand a large assortment of Lard Presses, Meat Cutters and Sausage Stuffers of different sizes, suitable for family or butchers' use for sale by HANCE, 16 Central street.

THE PRINTER BOY.

OH how fine Printers make his work—a charming book for the young. For sale by JUDKINS, jan5 2 Odd Fellows' Hall Block.



MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen and
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS,
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
Sept. 24, 1860. &c., &c., &c. sep24tf

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
20 Central Street. 20
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS' WEAR.
It may be the most magnificent and best selected stock of
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for the present season, and will be sold at prices to suit the purse of the public of all kinds of dress.
HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order. dec

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
AND DEALER IN
rockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries Store.
A large assortment of Rockingham Ware, manufactured for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail.
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is unequaled on this side of Boston.
All who want to buy cheap will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will be found the cheapest in town.
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, among which are Wedgwood's Ware, Worcester Ware, a splendid assortment of Granite Ware, and a large assortment of Cockery Corporation Flower ironstone.
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET
dec6tf W. DEARDEN.

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SELENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
—AND—
Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse.
—AND—
Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,
WARE suitable for carding Houses,
GOOD 1 quality, and VERY low in price, at the old
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack Street.
aug14 W. DEARDEN.

PROF. WOOD'S
Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates for, while pleasant to the taste, it is reviving, invigorating, and strengthening to the vital system. In all cases of debility in its various forms, and wherever the blood in all its original purity, and in sufficient quantity, renders the system invulnerable to at tacks of disease. In the only way in which relief can be offered to the world in a popular form, and in a way that will reach it all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet a perfectly adapted to assist and support the system under the various changes of nature, and hence needs the but to be known to be used throughout the world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and those who do not, or have suffered from debility; for it needs no medical skill to administer it, as no one that debilitv follows all attacks of disease, and lays the languishing invalid a prey to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which good nature and constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondriasis, Spasms, Nausea, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal in consequence to time, called Female Weaknesses and Irregularities. Above Pains in the Back, Sides and Limbs, Pain in the Back, Side and Head, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Trembling, Sinking Fits, Hysterics and cravings for Stimulants, Cough, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate almost more all diseases to which we are subject, it will not only cure the debility following, and leave the system free from all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and cure the disease at once, if already existed. And as it acts directly and specifically upon the nervous system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, the healthy functional operations of the system, it will infallibly prevent any de-ti-ious emergency, on following upon change of climate and water, hence, no traveler should leave home without it, and all should have a bottle with them, as all should have a bottle constantly at least before arising. As it prevents constitution, strength ens the digestive powers, and gives tone to the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, studious professions, literary men. And all invalids not accustomed to much exercise should commence with a dose or two, if they will they will feel an agreeable pleasant, and efficient effect from it, and those lie which rob them of their sound by, for hours together, of their natural health, and health cannot exist while the above diseases are present. In fact, the Cordial is a perfect Mother's friend. Read, and be convinced, and you will the final trial she will pass the dreadful period of confinement pretty easy and safe. *There is no need to stand it, that can find a remedy that will relieve you.* Try it and you will be pleased. Many mothers and daughters believe it to be too late, but also have been restored to health. Many a father, too, after ordinary, tries good medicine in vain, has found relief in this, and that condition be known in timeto prevent the fatal result. *Many a child has been saved by it, and is now living that is not one given for it.* Mothers! Do you love your children? Do you love your sons and husbands, for while the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is known a permanent grave rather than a drunkard's is preferred. Many of the latter are often so mixed up with the intemperate of business that they do not know but you their boy could travel in the same conveyance with, and not know that it was their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and ever ready to lend a helping hand; for we are sure you never saw a mother who would unnecessarily point to us Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator as the remedy which should be always on hand in time of Cholera, Old Fogy World, Dysentery, Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists. Price One Dollar per bottle.

CHARLES R. KIMBALL, Wyman's Exchange, corner of Merrimack and Central sts. Lowell.

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

PIANO FORTES.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
N. W MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.
☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Curtain Fixtures,
On a New Principle,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,
in every respect,
Selling quite low ☞
DEADEN'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MERRIMACK STREET.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and equitable remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tetter and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec26

HERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPER—MUCH superior to any now in use at HERRICK'S China and Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, No 80 Merrimack street.

SKATING LANTERNS,
Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 4 Merrimack street. jan5

SULPHITE OF LIME, for arresting fermentation in sour beer, for sale by E. HUNT, corner Merrimack and John sts. nov29

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
nov15

$2.00 $4.00
FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S
Corner Hat Store. jan21ly

FOR SALE.
A OYSTER AND EATING HOUSE—For sale very cheap to E. A. GLEASON, 43 1-2 Market street, Lowell. jan5 1 Odd Fellows' Hall Block.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best means to a friend—and at any store No. 3 John st. may be found some of the choicest works published, such as
WOMAN OF BEAUTY, from Rembrandt to Eugenie—a Portrait gallery of Female Loveliness, with and without—with 15 in all, finest Engravings.
PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT, by Rev. H. Ghikow.
CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs Jameson—a splendid gift book.
BEAUTIES OF SHAKESPEARE.
THE LAND AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.
HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.
BEECHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition.
Illustrated paper, full gilt.
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BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS COMMENTARIES, Sabbath School Books, &c.
Also—Stationery, Envelopes, Albums, &c.
Sunday Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES. Call at
3 John street.
dec19

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The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the
PROMPT, NEAT and FASHIONABLE execution of
L TTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
a firm, the PROPRIETOR feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Such as
Books,
Pamph lets,
Circulars,
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Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Programmes,
Blanks,
Labels,
Bill Posters,
Handbills,
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Drafts,
Notes,
Bonds,
Receipts,
Orders,
Tickets,
Blank Deeds,
Blank Mortgages,
Blank Leases,
Blank Warrants,
Blank Executions,
Blank Writs,
Blank Summonses,
Blank Subpœnas,
Blank Attachments,
Blank Declarations,
Blank Judgments,
Blank Recognizances,
Blank Bonds

ment, and let the central States be precipitated into this revolution against the will of the people, and ten years would not get the people ready, the war would be barbarized by mutual hate leading to hostilities, and finally to the subversion of the whole affair. If time would not prove so, then all history and its teachings was a falsehood.

With regard to the war existed in the Southern mind, with regard to a determination on the part of the North to make the negro an exception in respect to the right to be preceded to show how unfounded the charge was and noticed that in the State of New York, at the last election, that in one had been a reduction in the people's majority of twenty to one, to reason by a majority of seventy to one, to extend universal suffrage to the negro, and continued: He was charged against the North that it was from their midst that the John Brown raid came; but he would ask his seceding friends that in case of dissolution, would South Carolina be better able to protect herself against raids than those she had been in the past?

Now, when every man was true to the Constitution, every man was a policeman and executioner of the law, and every conservative true was a gallant style which to large armies was totally inadequate. The institution in the manner John Brown and his followers had, which had struck such a man that they had a cede for the purchasement of freedom as stringent as it could be made? It was a matter of history that it was the men of Pennsylvania who were the first to resist acts the outrages that were to offer support and encouragement to Virginia against the attack of John Brown; and when the fellow-men of Virginia, in the case from Virginia, it ought to be remembered that they were not Virginians, Pennsylvania, brought back to Virginia by their captors, and handed over to the authorities by which they were tried, convicted and hanged, guilty, and the penalty of their invasion in terrorem with death.

The principle of self-protection had been estranged and paralyzed by misrepresentations and calumnies, and the preservation of the Union was the only means by which we could accept their assistance in the measures appointed to be done, and it was the conviction that they were all lacking. He insisted that he would, if necessary, free to assist the Federal Government in any measures for the preservation of the Union, and now the time had arrived when the Union was in danger, and the government could not be carried on without the assistance of Congress he would not hesitate a single moment to lend his support and assistance to the Federal Government. He would not say that he was in favor of coercion, but he would say that if any State should attempt to secede from the Union, he would be in favor of using the power of the Government to prevent such secession. He hoped it was generally understood that he was not in favor of coercion, but that the government could by no means, if it

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly so found in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent abortion if taken just before each in sixty period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail to any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure that is known, and without the least injury to health in any case—for it is put up in both of the three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, (free of observation) to all the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember. This Medicine is Warranted Expressly for OBSTRUCTIONS, and will not be sent to any person who is known to be pregnant, as it will certainly bring on a miscarriage.*

☞ Beware of imitations. Dr. MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE is the only genuine, and can be had of no other person in this city. Dr. M. or his fellow practitioners can be consulted at his office, (personally or by letter,) at all hours, on all diseases of a private nature. Dr. M. is a regularly educated physician, and graduate of the MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 24 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ The Specific will be sent free of observation to any part of the country, by addressing Dr. MATTISON, as above, and enclosing the price of a bottle or more in a letter. Persons can be furnished with the medicine, and consult Dr. M. by calling at his office at any hour, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Consultations by letter or otherwise are free. A pamphlet containing much information, and a confidential conversation, may be had at the office, gratis. Letters must be post paid, and contain a stamp for return postage.

☞ Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is for sale by druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the country. Price $1 per bottle.

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☞ Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is for sale in Gardiner

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, January 30, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, the Pacific Railroad Bill was taken up.—An amendment was adopted giving six sections of land instead of one. An amendment providing for a northern route was agreed to—22 against 19. Mr. Mason, of Va., moved to strike out all appropriations for money. He did so as a protest on the part of Virginia against the new debt.—The time might arrive when the States would be called upon to assume their portion of this debt, and he wanted his protest entered, so that Virginia might not be called upon. Rejected. The bill was reported to the Senate and a discussion ensued upon some amendments.

In the House, Mr. Adrain presented the Union resolutions of New Jersey. Mr. Stevens of Pa., said that he had no hopes that concession or compromise would heal the present difficulties. South Carolina had repelled the peace advances of Virginia, and every Democrat voted against the admission of Kansas.

Mr. Harris of Maryland, made a Union speech. He said that far too much of the present mischief came from the section he belonged to, spring from the ambitious desires of the politicians of the South who want greater eminence than they command under the present system. He declared secession to be the unholy offspring of southern political ambition, and said there was far too much aggravation which aroused resistance from the North. He appealed to Northern men, if there was not too much aggravation on their part through their representatives, which misinterpreted to the Southern people ever reason to seize with avidity what would feed its most bad appetite? Those skin and sensitive, are allowed to go without ever the benefit of a breath in a prayer.—We have always entertained the idea that the clergy generally were rather too severe on the Jews and Pharisees for their short comings, and a little too forgetful of the errors of those who face them from the pews every Sunday. We would have it understood, also, that if Mr. Fletcher was not correctly reported, it was not from any purpose to misrepresent him, on account of his views relative to the origin of our National troubles.

LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, a message was received from the Governor transmitting the resolutions of the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and Tennessee, and the ordinance of secession of the Convention of Georgia. The resolves and ordinance were read. The two first were referred to the Committee on Federal Relations and the last laid on the table. The reference notice of the United States was discussed and rejected, 19 to 14.

In the House petitions were presented from the Massachusetts Cotton Mills Company and Samuel L. Dana and others of Lowell, for the repeal of the law equalizing duties on imported goods.—Mr. Howard, of Michigan, offered resolutions declaring that we hold it to be one of the "inalienable rights" of ministers to discuss what questions they please in their pulpits; and it was a matter of gratification to us that Mr. Fletcher had the independence to speak as he did, notwithstanding we cannot agree with his style of disposing of the subject he discussed, and are sure that a majority of his hearers are not of his opinion. We are emphatically in favor of a free press and a free pulpit, and believe that as a general thing the manner who preaches only the views which our sentiments a little too tenaciously, and grudgingly allow others the right which they insist on for themselves. Undoubtedly there are cases where wrong principles are proclaimed from the pulpits but where one wrong one is enunciated, a hundred that are among the "mum's" mention-ems' for fear of offending some parishioner whose skin are a little too tender

We give place in another column to the communication of Rev. Mr. Fletcher, to which we referred yesterday. There certainly was no design on the part of this paper to misrepresent what the reverend gentlemen said, nor do we think the report did him much injustice, according to the extracts which we elsewhere present.—We should be glad to publish the whole discourse, and will do so next week, if desired, but our arrangements are such that we could not do so earlier.

We wish to say, in this connection, that we hold it to be one of the "inalienable rights" of ministers to discuss what questions they please in their pulpits; and it was a matter of gratification to us that Mr. Fletcher had the independence to speak as he did, notwithstanding we cannot agree with his style of disposing of the subject he discussed, and are sure that a majority of his hearers are not of his opinion. We are emphatically in favor of a free press and a free pulpit, and believe that as a general thing the manner who preaches only the views which our sentiments a little too tenaciously, and grudgingly allow others the right which they insist on for themselves. Undoubtedly there are cases where wrong principles are proclaimed from the pulpits but where one wrong one is enunciated, a hundred that are among the "mum's" mention-ems' for fear of offending some parishioner whose skin are a little too tender and sensitive, are allowed to go without ever the benefit of a breath in a prayer.—We have always entertained the idea that the clergy generally were rather too severe on the Jews and Pharisees for their short comings, and a little too forgetful of the errors of those who face them from the pews every Sunday. We would have it understood, also, that if Mr. Fletcher was not correctly reported, it was not from any purpose to misrepresent him, on account of his views relative to the origin of our National troubles.

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PUBLIC MEETINGS. A large Union meeting was held in Portland last evening.—We think from the tone of the dispatch that it was under the control of the Democrats.—Resolutions were adopted in favor of the "Crittenden Compromise" [which, by the way, we are assured was some days ago abandoned by Mr. Crittenden himself, who had discovered that he had been made the tool of the secessionists] and deprecating civil war and the coercion of any of the sovereign States, and also that if the dissolution of the Union is to be permanent it may be peaceful. The meeting was addressed by Hon. F. O. J. Smith—a gentleman of political of a good many years' standing, but when last heard from, a Republican.

At Detroit, Mich., last evening, there was an immense Union meeting, which was addressed by prominent members of both parties. Resolutions were passed favoring the border State Compromise, and delegates were appointed to urge the Legislature to repeal the Personal Liberty Bill.

There was a large meeting of the citizens of Richmond, Va., last evening, at which "resolutions were adopted calling the attention of the Legislature to overt acts of coercion by the Government in placing a large force of troops in Fort Monroe, and reminding the Legislature of its resolutions that coercion will be resisted by Virginia."

The Abolitionists of "the region round about" Syracuse, undertook to hold a meeting in that city yesterday, but the hall was taken possession of by a body of men whose arrangements had been previously made, and the meeting did not come off. There was a crowd hooting and shouting about the hall in the evening. The anti-slavery men propose that their meeting shall be held to-day, in which case trouble is anticipated.

AN ACT OF HUMANITY. We have before referred to the remissness of the keepers of lighthouses and of buoys from channels, as indicative of the blind passions of the pro-slavery rebels. But these acts of atrocity have been surpassed in Louisiana by the seizure of the United States light-boat at the New Orleans, which are used as a Marine Hospital. No less than two hundred and fifteen poor suffering sailors have been turned away from their comfortable quarters and sent adrift upon the dangerous waters of the mouth of the Mississippi river, at the times of fierce civil war, when the passions of men are excited to the most malignant pitch, the restraints of the religious and the sacred are held sacred even by the mob; but the infatuation of the secessionists is proof against the dictates of common humanity. —*New York Evening Post.*

Secretary Dix has written a letter to Mr. Hatch, the collector at New Orleans, remonstrating against the inhumanity of those who had taken possession of the hospitals. In concluding he says

"From the seizure of the barracks in violation of usage and humanity, which, in open war between contending nations, would exist in the most revengeful civil conflicts between kindred races, and which is accursed even by the instinct of the beasts of the field, I fear to public property is likely to be next encountered. You will therefore have no more money expended on the Arsenal at Augusta, now handed up for repairs, until I can have an assurance that she will not be turned over as barracks for the troops into the service of those who are seeking to break up the Union and overthrow the authority of the United States Government.

The collector telegraphs back, "The Marine Hospital affair is satisfactorily arranged; the barracks are retained."

TEXAS. The legislature of Texas met at Austin on the 22nd inst. The Governor, in his message, favors the calling of a Convention. Both Houses repealed the Kansas resolution passed in 1858. The House passed the Senate bill providing for the proposed to Washington and recover $180,000 due the State. Resolutions were unanimously passed that the Federal Government has no right to coerce a sovereign State. The legislature favors secession three to one; resolutions repudiating the idea of using forcible means to coerce seceding States have been passed, and they declare that any such attempt will be resisted to the last extremity. Only one-fifth of the members of the House are opposed to immediate action. It is expected the question of secession will be re-

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

MR. EDITOR: In the notice of my discourse, which appears in this day's issue of your paper, a singular misunderstanding of the one who prepared it is manifest; and I ask the opportunity of placing before your readers a few short extracts from that discourse, upon those points to which the notice aforesaid refers. After my introduction, in which I spoke only of *our country*, without a reference to North or South, I repeated the text, and then said in words as follows:—

"And have we sinned, that so great a calamity should be impending over us? Is the present distracted condition of our country the fruit of national transgression? There are times when we make most rapid progress with our laws turned upon the past, and this may be one of those periods when reprospection is better than forecast, and the facts of yesterday a safer guide to future action than the prophecies of to-morrow. And in this work says the part of the words and acts of our people! Has kindness and forbearance, charity and benevolence, characterized the intercourse of those two sections of our country between which our Union exists, or which may not be filled? Have we who rightfully boast of our superior institutions—we of the *North*, where chattel slavery does not exist, and every man ought to be free—have we always obeyed that requirement of God which says to us, 'Speak not evil one of another,' or that which bids us 'render unto no man evil for evil,' or that wherein we are required to exercise 'bowels of mercies, kindness, humbleness of mind, meekness and long suffering, forbearing one another and forgiving one another.'

"I have told that these are questions which might to urged upon the people of the South with a degree of propriety, but that where one wrong one is enunciated, a hundred that are among the "mum's" mention-ems' for fear of offending some parishioner whose skin are a little too tenaciously, and grudgingly allow others the right which they insist on for themselves. Undoubtedly there are cases where wrong principles are proclaimed from the pulpits but where one wrong one is enunciated, a hundred that are among the "mum's" mention-ems' for fear of offending some parishioner whose skin are a little too tenaciously, and grudgingly allow others the right which they insist on for themselves. Undoubtedly there are cases where wrong principles are proclaimed from the pulpits but where one wrong one is enunciated, a hundred that are among the closing remarks of that discourse:—

"It will not do to say that we have done no wrong—that our neighbors have done all the wrong. Among men of all parties there is to-day a settled conviction that such has been wrong in our words and acts of past years, and that something should be done, and speedily done, to right that wrong, that we may thereby do our part in saving the nation from impending danger. The duty of the Christian should not be mistaken. The example of our fathers should rise up before us in this extremity, and from them we should learn to kneel inploringly to Heaven, while we clasp the hand of Liberty and wrestle as did Jacob with the angel, saying we will not let thee go."

L. J. F.

LOWELL, January 28, 1861.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON. Mr. Hayne has made no demand on the Federal Government for the surrender of Fort Sumter, and is awaiting the action of the Southern Congress, which assembles at Montgomery next week.

The *New York Tribune* of yesterday says:—"We have positive information from Washington that Commissioners have been appointed by the Governor of Georgia to confer with the Governors of other States in reference to the secession movement, closely, and not allow all the other States to go out, and leave Rhode Island to pay the national debt.

It is, grossly unjust to our soldiers, lying alive to what is going on around one; in living actually in giving voice to the thought of home, and if you will excuse me, follows what they want to hear at that moment; it being the connection, the result of the present war—we have no other way can one affect the world than in thus responding to its needs, in conveying to it its ideas. You will see, in looking in history, that all great men have been a power of their times, have been great not anywhere else, but in their own time. Christian charity is to guide us in the work of reform; for other men may work with us in the same field, which, with less principle, yet in this respect, may nevertheless, disagree with us in the matter of principle, yet in this latter principle with principle, yet in this latter principle with principle, yet in this latter principle with

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This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very few hours it is known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in terms of separation from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent short sickness, if taken just before each is about a period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with-out a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case — for it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, direct to any part of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember *This medicine is designed expressly for* CONFINEMENT CASES, *and has been tried in other remedies of the kind have been pretended in vain, as it is warranted to effect in a few hours.*

BEWARE of imitations. Dr. Mattison's is the only genuine. Prepared and sold by Dr. M. MATTISON REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty OF MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated Physician, who has had a large experience in this department of practice. Consultations by letter or otherwise strictly confidential. Medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a private and quiet *Retreat*, and are under kind control of a female.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume the name, and pretend to the knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply. Before at least making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the *constant practice* of advertising physicians. In some cases out of ten, are *ignorant*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making some inquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. Mattison will cheerfully answer one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN; and a *Private Circular* to Married Ladies; also Circular giving full information, such as the most unbiased referred to in this advertisement without which no advertising physician or medicine of this kind is deserving of PATRONAGE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the *only* PHYSICIAN physician in Providence, if not in New England; who makes a specialty of these diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both in his own vicinity and elsewhere ARE any others. LETTERS DO THE SAME; otherwise, you may be deceived from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

Aug 24, 1860. 1 aug3daily

SHAWMUT COMPANY'

CLARINE COAL OIL.

THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the above BURNING OIL, which for color, smell and burning qualities is warranted equal to any in the market.

The same will be sold as low for cash as any oil of equal quality in the city, and delivered to the trade. Also a superior article of LARD OIL and OIL equal to sperm, at less than two thirds its cost.

GRANVILLE MEARS,
Sole Agent for the Clarine Coal Co.,
93 & 95 Water street, Boston.
Boston, Sept. 10, 1860. sept14t3w3m

PRESTON'S
PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

A rich Oil, extracted from the kernels of the Theobroma tree, or CHOCOLATE NUT, and is a specific known to the DISEASES OF THE THROAT, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLD SHIVERS, CHAFED FACE AND HANDS, Diseases of the Skin, and DISEASES OF THE LUNGS that God Lives for that, and is mostly their palliative.

Preston's Bromade,

A beautiful Cream, prepared from Cocoa Butter, and Cosmeticine, for the Growth, Preservation and Beautiful Set of the Hair. Unlike other preparations, this *Bromade* contains no alcohol or other Liquid, but is a pure and natural Cream, of a buttery consistency, to be followed by brilliancy, softness and beauty of the hair, and the scalp cleansed. Sold by all respectable druggists throughout the country.

CHAS. F. PRESTON & CO.,
Sole Agents, No. 38 Central Street, Boston.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. nov17 dlm

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new compound for the Toilet, completely effervescent in combining Tar, Camphor and Sulphur, and is the only Complexion Wash that can be relied on. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in himself," &c.

THAT recherche, fine toned, Cabinet Organ, Concertone, by Felix Barbieri—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.

Tone Bishop by Carl Zerrahn.

Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodier Exquisites from favorite Operas—arranged by Otto Dresel.

All the above Music is published by the undersigned from 6 to 12 Middle & Co., Boston, and sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dtf

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For Hair and Scalp diseases, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

Bathing the hair with it will when hard and dry,

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains in any climate.

It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh2

Kinney's Livecone.

FOR Coughs, Colds, Pain, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Consumption, Diseases of the Kidneys, Spitting of Blood, Liver Complaint, and all other forms of disease that lead to decline and death. Livecone is purely vegetable, safe, sure, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Partial, however, cured by it, but will take as much as one to be equal has never been discovered, for the worst cases.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. mh2

THE PRINTER BOY.

THE subscriber has on hand a large assortment of Lard Presses, Meat Cutters and Sausage Stuffers of different sizes, suitable for Families and Boarding Houses. S. MANSUR, 108 Central street.
oct29 3m

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE whole science of boxing, from the first position to escape to so easy a manner, that any person may acquire hand-like use of the fists in a few days. S. KIDDER, Jr., 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares, and for cleaning Marble, Mantle, Tin, or Enameled Iron, Jewelry, Looking Glasses, Paintings, Varnished Furniture, &c. A fresh supply received and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts.

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium.
oct27 43 Merrimack st.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MRS. WILSON'S HAIR RESTORATOR
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large, STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

50 Central Street. 50

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It will be one of the most magnificent and best selected stock in the city.

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

Such as Sable, Mink, Hudson Bay Sable, Fitch, Ermine, Squirrel and Ties. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec26

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music Book for the Million, a collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer whose name the book bears.

The Sanctus. A collection of Sacred Music, full and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quadrilles, Cotillions, Waltzes, Polkas, &c., from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and social gatherings. By Edward Mack.

The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 6 Middle st., Boston, and may be found the best selection at Street Music Store, Lowell.

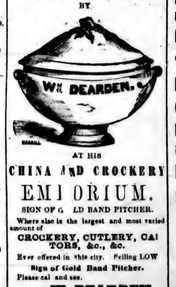
Any piece of Music in Boston will be sent to any address, post paid, on receipt of the price.

Boston, Sept. 17, 1860. 17 Central street. 1

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR
SOLD BY
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RICH GOODS ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY



AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF G LD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAS TORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce of Majesty, and on the Continent, with the most discriminating connoisseurs and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new production—'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is delicious, and affords unanimitigated aid in cases of slow and weak digestion."—The Lancet.

"PIQUANT, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its inventor."—Observer.

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and cannot have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDNER & YVELIN,
37 Fulton st., New York
And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Dealers every where.
3eowly1aug10

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to change his business, offers for sale the stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

with the Fixtures, in the store of the best located stores for the business in Lowell. For particulars inquire of the subscriber, at No. 5 Prescott block.
dec31 S. H. HAYWARD.

A FEW grooms of Chalk Crayons for sale very cheap, by JOHN T. BILLINGS, 4 John st.

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufactories, for sale at the

NEW MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Taylor's Block,

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Curtain Fixtures,

In a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect,

Selling quite low at

DEARDEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. apr14

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete Beautifier of the Complexion, removing Tan, Freckles, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec26

DERBY'S CARPETSWEEPER

IS USED universal, and sailing very low at DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Warehouse Sign of Gold Band Pitcher. No 80 Merrimack Street.

SKATING LANTERNS,

JUST received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 43 Merrimack st. jan28

SULPHITE OF LIME, for arresting fermentation. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. nov23

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS

$2.00 $4.00

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. 1 jan21dly

A CENTRE AND EATING TABLE—For sale, very low, apply to R. CLARK, No. 8, over the Post Office. dec31

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best investments in a library, and at my store, No. 6 John street, may be found some of the choicest works published. Among them are

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Sentiments to Virtues, from the Boudoir to the Battlefield, illustrated by over one hundred historical and fashionable ladies.

PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT, by Rev. B. Osborne.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs John Sanford, beautifully DIT Souls.

HEROINES OF SHAKESPEARE.

THE LAND AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.

HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.

HERBERT'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition. A limited paper, full gilt.

The English and American Poets—in superb styles of binding.

BUNYAN'S PILGRIMS PROGRESS, illustrated by G. H. Bennett—splendid edition.

Also—Poetical, Juvenile, Devotional, Artistic, Antiquarian, Books, all at the LOWEST PRICE. Call and see.

J. J. JUKINS.
9 John street. dec31

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RESOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, for, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revitalizes, invigorates and restores the blood to its original purity, and thus restores and preserves health to the whole system, on the principle of disease. It is the only preparation in the world that is a positive and popular form so as to be within the reach of all. It is purely vegetable, and is constituted as to be the most powerful tonic, and at the same time a mild one. *It is not an purified accordance with the laws of nature*, and is the only one that will *invalid stomach*, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly relaxing in its effects, and yet it is never followed by insolitude or depression of spirits. It is a combination of all of vegetables and those thoroughly combining, pure spirits, and the medicinal properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been sought for to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the faculty and those in the medical science, and also by all who have suffered from the effects of the use of no medical skill or knowledge even to the further debility. Prof. Wood's is the one, and has the unguarded system to open to the attacks of disease, and is dangerous to which your patronage is solicited in the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Paralysis, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of Heart, Dyspepsia, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Debility, Loss of Vital Power in all of case, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called Kidney Affections, Gravel and Irregularities. Also, Liver Diseases, Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scrofula or Consumption of the Bowels, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs, and Blood and Skin Diseases, between the Shoulders, predisposition to Black Ill, Colds, Chicken and Sore Throat, Coughs, Emaciation, difficulty of Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate many more still, but we have space only to say that it will absolutely cure the ill-fated following Chills and Fever, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and cure the diseases at once. It already a fact, and is now known, recently and persistently upon the billiary system, producing, for the first time, and promoting, in fact, all the functions and secretions of the system, in a healthy and duly prevent any deleterious consequences from the use of calomel, or any other drug, and water; hence all travellers should not be without it. Also, all who wish to take a tonic spoonful at least before eating, and a dose of Restorative at night, as directed in the Restorative organs, it should be in a family where there are children, students, ministers, literary men, and all who have to use their brain, as a dull and inactive state would always use it in preference to any other drug or delicacy. Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator as the remedy which do all for a family that can be used. G. J. WOOD, Proprietor, 403 Hudson st., New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

CHARLES R. KIMBALL, Wyman's Exchange, corner of Merrimack and Central sts Lowell.

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR JONAS CHICKERING'S Celebrated Square Pianos, for which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a good assortment of these superior instruments. Pianos, Seraphines, Melodeons and Organs, warranted, in addition to the above, the following:

R. S.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let. Tuning and repairing.
sept11y

"A PENNY SAVED IS AS GOOD AS PENNY EARNED."

LOOK at those beautiful little SAFES for children to keep their pennies in. Also look and buy one each sis. Just the thing for a CHRISTMAS GIFT. Purchase one or many and examine the other Miscellaneous Works cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.

Beautiful Blank and Prayer Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pocket Books, Wallets, Portfolios, Gold Pens, Stationery, Inkstands of the best quality, Ladies' Collar Boxes.

Ladies' Stationery Boxes and a good stock of Fancy Articles, for sale by S. K. HUNT, 17 Central st.

A good second Piano for sale very cheap. Also a Music Stand in a thorough manner at a low price. dec31

SHILLING SONG BOOK.

CONTAINING 112 of the most favorite National, Sea Songs, Comic and Sentimental Songs for 12 cts. Sold by S. K. HUNT, 17 Central st.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds, such as Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c. Tuned and repaired in the very best manner and at low charges. Orders left at Dyar's Music Store and Plaza Wax Room, 41 Central street. sep29 dt

☞ MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or Gods W ord Sweet and Jesus—by Rev. A. Underwood. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by J. J. JUKINS, 9 John st.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE Cheapest place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 6 Middle street, Lowell.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

L T ER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

and with the P rinters can assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Bank Books, Paper lists, Pamphlets, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, Blanks and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and in any style desired.

20 designs on hand, a good stock of fancy paper and cards, and a large assortment of CARDS adapted to every description of workmen paste and in boards to be cut to order.

☞ Orders by E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the celebrated

T. & R. BOOTH, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, and will be sold at the lowest prices. Also, just arrived from the English and American manufactories, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and will be sold by the case or package very large, making an assortment as large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and price.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine our large stock, which is now complete in every branch, and we are determined to replenish our stock of goods in this department, which is the largest in any establishment in this city. It will be to your advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere, as can be obtained in this or any city where goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit my goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit my goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit my

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, January 31, 1861.

CORRECTION. Simultaneous with the appearance of rebellion and treason in the South, appeared the doctrine of the inability of the Government to coerce rebels into subjection. The first appearance of this doctrine in any State paper, was its announcement in the late message of President Buchanan; as an accompaniment to the discussion of the question of secession, which was acknowledged to be revolution; at the same time insisting that no coercive power was vested in the government to protect itself and assert its authority. The decided terms in which this opinion was expressed, united with the subsequent action of the Executive toward seceding States, indicates that the mind of the President had been prepared for this by intercourse with the traitors who, by his invitation, had found a place in his Cabinet.

The announcement of this doctrine by the President was essential to the success of secession in a quiet way; for when once promulgated by the head of the Government, it was thought it could be easily taken up and manufactured into a public sentiment, which would have all the force of law in aiding the plotters in the furtherance of their schemes, which might by this means be carried to such a point before the reaction of the public mind, that it would be difficult to arrest the organization of a Southern Confederacy.

The President, it would seem, was more the victim of delusion than really a willing coadjutor in the treasonable schemes of his secretaries, fromwhich delusion he was aroused by the stern words of the gallant old warhorse, General Scott, whose eagle eye read the signs of the times, and whose acute senses smelled treason in every Southern breeze. Reluctant as was the "Old Functionary" to be aroused from the lethargic condition the dragging of his Cabinet advisers had placed him in, the General had too much of patriotism in his breast to leave him to brood out the balance of his term in inactivity, and made his suit was an approximation to the position which the Executive of the nation should have occupied months previous; yet clinging to the idea that the movement in progress has little, if any, power or ability to act in its own defence.

In the meantime, the South, aided by a few Northern Democrats with Southern principles, have been sounding the doctrine that coercion is not an inherent power of the Government, also also that it is contrary to the spirit of our institutions, and though moral suasion is the strongest power proper to be called into exercise by a popular government. Democracy has been all the while busy in inculcating the *doctrine of nullification*, which to their minds is a most horrid thing to contemplate toward the South; and therefore it is contended that, if it be true that Government has the power, it is impracticable to exercise it.

There is no doubt that the power of coercion to any extent rests with the Government; but the question of its exercise and the extent to which it is to be applied, is a thing to be settled by events. Punishment to be just and most effectual, must be applied only in severity and duration sufficient to accomplish the desired results. Coercion, such as is appropriate to the present case, would be to blockade the ports of all seceding States, withdraw the mail service, and hold them in this condition till reduced to submission to the Government, to which they have sworn allegiance and against which they have arrayed themselves without just cause.

LATEST FROM THE SOUTHERN STATES.—*Texas.* The Governor's message to the Texas Legislature, recommends delay, opposes a convention, and declares that Texas can be preserved. A resolution in favor of delaying secession has been twice tabled, and a special committee has reported in favor of a convention. Only 17 out of the 80 members of the Legislature are co-operationists.

It is rumored that a body of men are en route to seize the arsenal at San Antonio. General Twiggs called in the troops to protect it. The Knights of the Golden Circle offered him their services. General Twiggs denies the report of his resignation, but has instructed the officer in charge he will not use his sword against his countrymen; and when Texas formally left the Arsenal, he shall surrender it to her."

Georgia. The convention has adjourned from Milledgeville to Savannah. Action was yesterday taken on the secession ordinance, but the convention refused to reconsider. Resolutions empowering the Governor to issue letters of marque and reprisal were tabled. An address to the South on the course of secession was adopted, as was also an ordinance declaring the fixed policy of the State to guarantee security to all the Southern States.

North Carolina.—The convention bill, which is to be voted on by the people, has passed both houses. At the present writing few nights since, it is reported that prominent men, heretofore anti-secessionists, addressed a secession meeting.

Tennessee.—The legislature has instructed the State Commissioners to go to Washington, instead of Montgomery, Ga., as recommended by the Governor.

Missouri.—In the legislature, yesterday, resolutions condemning the offers of aid by New York, Ohio and other States to the General Government, passed the House, 89 against 16. The Senate appointed Commissioners to Washington—General Doniphan, Waldo P. Johnson, D. D. Cotter, Judge Hough, General Anderson, F. Kennett and Judge Bullock; but the House did not concur and tabled the resolution by which they were appointed by the Senate.

Baltimore.—A special dispatch to the *Times* from Baltimore says that a meeting is to be held in that city on Friday night, under pretence of endorsing Mr. Crittenden's proposition, but, it is believed, really to act in concert with other movements throughout the State toward holding a convention. Three thousand Minute Men are enrolled in that city, who drill nightly and who have sworn fidelity to the Union. The Hero Guards and Southern Volunteers have united, and drill nightly. The latter favor a Southern Confederacy.

LATEST NEWS. We compile from the telegraphic dispatches the following relative to Washington matters :—

Special dispatches state that the President has allowed three additional artillery companies to be stationed in Washington.

Mr. Mallory telegraphs to the President that if the Brooklyn appears at Pensacola, Fort Pickens will be immediately taken.

Gov. Hicks has informed General Scott of the discovery of a plot to seize the capital.

Five thousand Minie rifles have within a few days been received in Washington. The President has countermanded the order for the Brooklyn to enter the harbor of Pensacola.

Commodore King has received complaints from many Northern gentlemen, that letters from the South are opened; an investigation is being made.

The President has signed the Bill admitting Kansas into the Union.

The *Constitution* newspaper will be distant to-morrow. It will be revived under the more genial atmosphere of Montgomery, Ala.

The Grand Jury has found three indictments against Hailey for larceny, one joint indictment against Bailey and Russell, three indictments against Russell for receiving stolen bonds, and one joint indictment against Bibley, Russell and Floyd for conspiracy to defraud the Government.

There was a cheering reporter from Virginia in favor of the Union. By a close calculation the anti-secessionists will have twenty-eight majority in the Convention, which will be increased if the other Border States immediately proceed to act upon the 4th of February Union proposition.

As yet there are no developments before the committee of thirteen to examine into the reports relative to threats to attack the city of Washington and prevent the inauguration of Lincoln.

The President has renewed his invitation to Mr. Crittenden, Commissioner of Indian affairs, to a seat in his Cabinet as Secretary of the Interior, notwithstanding the latter has once declined it.

The Fourth of February meeting of Commissioners from the seceding States is considered here as being the great pacificator of our troubles, and Union men look forward to it with great hope.

Charleston merchants have instructed the Commanders of their vessels to pay all the American flag as soon as they are out of sight of that port. The captains of British vessels have been instructed to clear at some port belonging to the Union, as clearances under State sovereignties will not be recognized.

The greater portion of those embarked at New Orleans for the expedition against Fort Pickens, were remnants of Walker's old filibuster army.

Texas citizens here assert that if the people are allowed to vote on secession, it will be settled by an overwhelming majority. Several Union men will stump the State against secession.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT. We learn that a terrible accident occurred at Brookline, N. H., yesterday, by which Mr. Jacob Hamblin, our late Representative, met his death. It seems that in consequence of the weight of the snow which had accumulated on the roof of the dwelling house of a Mr. Gilson, of the town named, the timbers gave away and the snow and broken timbers and boards descended with a terrible crash to the basement. Mr. and Mrs. Gilson and two daughters, were killed by the fall. These are all the particulars we have been able to learn of the sad affair.

At 11 P. M., yesterday, the building not long ago erected on the fair ground, broke down from the same cause, crushing beneath it some $800 worth of carriages that had been stored in it. The amount of damage, we are not informed.

A livery stable in Wilton, and another in that region, also broke down in consequence of the weight of the snow that had accumulated on them. We are indebted to Mr. Conant, of Conant's Express, for these facts.

Patrick-St.-Proctor et al, vs. Eben W. Stone et al. B. F. Butler for plffs; I. S. Morse for dffs.

This was an action of trespass brought by Capt. Proctor, of the Jackson Musketeers, of this city, against Mr. Stone and in January, 1858, by order of Governor Gardner. The decision is looked for with great interest by the public here and different localities as the case of other military companies disbanded by the late administration. The principal points advanced by the eminent counsel in the case, we find in the *Boston Journal* of last evening.

Gen. B. F. Butler, for the plaintiffs, admitted that the title to the arms distributed to the militia companies was in the Federal Government, the right to use and enjoy the same is in the citizen soldier. The constitution provided that the right of the citizen to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed. The right is not one to be enjoyed at the will of the powers that be. If the State can disarm any company it can disarm all. It should be remembered that the first act of usurpation is always to take from the citizen the means of defence. Let our volunteer system, which, in a fungus upon our liberal system, dies out, and dissolves into nothingness. The Commonwealth and can any power take them away? Most assuredly not, except in case of insubordination, when such a proceeding is necessary for punishment.

Isaac S. Morse, Esq., for the defendants, held that the right guaranteed by the Constitution was not to each man to keep and bear his own musket, but that of anybody else. The arms were the property of the Commonwealth, and the use was loaned by the Commonwealth; the defendant, Stone, Adjutant General of the Commonwealth, was the lawful agent of the Commonwealth; and the Governor, under the Constitution, was the Commander-in-Chief of the Volunteer Militia, had the power to disband the company. Decision reserved.

LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday, an order was adopted for the Committee on the Judiciary to consider the expediency of providing by law for the punishment of persons from this Commonwealth, if Georgia ordinance of secession was taken from the table and indefinitely postponed. The motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill to authorize the Governor to guarantee the U. States loan was carried. The bill was amended, loaning the credit of the State to the amount of two million of dollars, and was then passed. It was ordered to a third reading. The report of the Valuation Committee was submitted.

In the House petitions were presented by the gentleman from Lowell parties :—Chas. H. Salmon and others. In aid of petition for Lowell Mechanics' Savings Bank; Lowell Five Cents Savings Bank; Lowell Institution for Savings; Lowell Bank; Bank of Industry"; Charles French and others, in aid of Bank of Industry; also, from J. A. Harwood and others, of Littleton, for annexation to Middlesex North Agricultural Society. It was reported to be inexpedient to legislate on the subject of providing that the expense of transporting State paupers shall be paid by the State instead of towns. Several orders were accepted, but none of general or local importance.

"DR. MELLEN" AGAIN. It will be remembered that we sometime ago published a paragraph or two respecting a person belonging in this city, who styles himself "Dr. Mellen," who published a letter in the *New York Tribune* charging that he had suffered from wrong treatment at the hands of persons in Wilmington, Del. It is not essential that we should repeat what he said in his letter; the fact that his statements are not, entitled to credit (whatever his moral character may be) is fully established by his assuming to be a "doctor" without the slightest right or reason for so doing.—The following correspondence, which has been handed us by a brother of the fellow, needs no explanation. We have no doubt that many of the outrages charged against the South are as groundless as the one made by the young spooney who tried to make himself famous by representing that he had been a victim of Southern injustice,—

"INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL,"
Wilmington, Del., January 16, 1861.
A. J. Mellen, Esq., Lowell, Mass.

DEAR SIR,—The following letter from you, directed to "either of the hotel keepers in Wilmington," has been handed to me by one of our Post Office clerks :—

LOWELL, MASS., January 8th, 1861.

SIR: A noted imposter, who signs his name G. Mellen, and who falsely pretends to be a Doctor, has written a letter, which has been travelling through the papers of this vicinity, in which he informs the public that he arrived at Wilmington, Del., on the 9th of December last, and put up at a first class hotel. He has taken from the hotel the next morning and mobbed and driven from the town with the loss of his trunk, containing about one hundred dollars worth. He denounces them as blood-thirsty devils, and says the only reason why he was driven from your city was because his trunk was marked "Lowell, Mass." I believe this story to be false, and also think enough of such lying trash has been published to call upon the public to array any portion of the country against the other, which has shaken our union to the centre, and threatens to destroy the noblest form of government ever created by the hand of man. Should you have been alluded to many times to show the character of the people of the South, and I think it is time it was stopped.

Respectfully yours,
A. J. MELLEN.

REPLY.

I have inquired at several of our city hotels, and have been informed that no person by the name of G. Mellen was registered at your hotel on the 9th of December; my own register shows that sixty persons arrived at my house from Massachusetts during the month of December; but I have looked in vain to find upon it the name of Dr. G. Mellen; nor is there an individual stopped at any of our hotels at that time, nor did such an occurrence as is mentioned in your letter ever take place in this city.

Such a person, therefore, a villainous falsehood, started by a malicious fellow to injure. If possible, the character of our city. Our people are a conservative, Union-loving people, and the citizens of any one city in the Union; though Southern in their feelings, they respect the opinions of those of their Northern friends who differ with them on the great questions of the day. It is high time that such fellows as this man Mellen alluded to in your letter should be repudiated and disowned. They act only from personal motives, have no principle to guide them, but are always ready when a suitable occasion presents itself, to join in any crusade against the Southern people and their institutions.

I am, sir, very respectfully, &c.,
CHARLES M. ALLMONT, Proprietor.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. The following Lowell cases were argued yesterday.

Parker Winn et ux. vs. City of Lowell, A. E. Brown for plffs; Sweetser and Carleton for dffs.

Patrick-St.-Proctor et al, vs. Eben W. Stone et al. B. F. Butler for plffs; I. S. Morse for dffs.

This was an action of trespass brought by Capt. Proctor, of the Jackson Musketeers, of this city, against Mr. Stone and in January, 1858, by order of Governor Gardner. The decision is looked for with great interest by the public here and different localities as the case of other military companies disbanded by the late administration. The principal points advanced by the eminent counsel in the case, we find in the *Boston Journal* of last evening.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

THE LECTURE LAST EVENING. The first of Prof. Cooke's series of scientific lectures, before the Mechanics's Association, was delivered last evening. The subject was "The Physical Condition of the Atmosphere." He commenced by saying that the time was when Christianity—especially the Roman Church, arrayed itself against science, but that time has, in a measure, passed away, and science occupies more of the attention of man. The lecturer went into a long and detailed argument to show that Christianity and science should be coworkers, rather than antagonists, which was probably appreciated by not a very large portion of the audience.

He then proceeded to the consideration of his subject, the Atmosphere, which like a vast ocean rested over and around us.—At the height of three and a half miles the density of the atmosphere is only half as much as at the surface of the earth, and it is still less dense at the distance of forty miles and it possibly extends to a distance of two hundred miles, but only a very slight degree. The atmosphere is a substance; but it is as much a solid substance as water, although so hard, but yet having a solidity. It is so hard that it supports the bird on its wing. There are two forces in the atmosphere always working against each other, one the force of gravitation, and the other the force of heat. He illustrated his subject by exhausting, with an air-pump, the air from a glass globe, and the pressure of it inside of it, expanded so as to fill the whole of the globe, but the moment air was let inside of the globe, the bag collapsed.—He then exhausted the air in a glass tube from the top, and a weight inside of it rose from the bottom, pressed up by the force of the air from outside.]

The pump was invented before the nature of air was understood. The ancients had an idea that nature abhorred a vacuum, and hence water rushed into the pump to fill a vacuum above, but Galileo, a deep well was dug, and it was found that water would only come in the pump to the height of thirty-three feet. This confounded the theory so long entertained by the ancients, that nature abhorred a vacuum, and some of the philosophers were appealed to. Galileo, who was then an old man and lived in retirement, after consulting the subject, said it was plain that water only abhorred a vacuum of thirty-three feet in height. (Applause.) [To illustrate, the lecturer by means of a pump drew water from a tub which was upon the sidewalk, through a pipe, which came in at the window, up a tube to the distance of thirty-three feet, where it rested, and by the pressure of the air.]

He then proceeded to show that the mercury could only be forced up to thirty inches, and therefore only abhorred a vacuum to that extent.]

The ideas entertained by those who lived two or three centuries since appear strange to us, but there are ideas which we entertain that will probably appear as absurd to those who live a few centuries hence. He spoke of the immense pressure of the atmosphere on the earth's surface. The pressure at one spot where this building stands is greater than the weight of the building itself. There is a pressure of twenty-six millions of tons on a single square mile of the earth's surface, and we might calculate the whole pressure, but the figures would give us no idea of the force.

These lectures are not of a character to be fully understood by even a long report. They can duly be appreciated by being present. His experiments were interesting, but the force of a nature only to be fully understood by being witnessed; we would advise all our city readers that have tickets to attend the full course of lectures, as they will be certain to be amply entertained and edified.

Prof. Cooke will lecture next Wednesday evening on the "Relations of the Atmosphere to Light, Heat and Electricity."

SUDDEN DEATH. Mr. S. D. Clark, well known to many of our citizens as the proprietor of the Sanitary Saloon, at No. 140 Central Street, died at his residence, No. 5 Chapel Street, quite suddenly, on Tuesday evening, about 8 o'clock, of heart disease. He was in our city but only eight weeks since, but had been out about a fortnight. He shovelled snow from the sidewalk in front of his store, on Monday morning, and complained of not feeling well enough to do other than I did. Last night, as he was having been "frightened off"—when orders were given to take exercise action—it matters not *where, or when, or how*—and by exercising *a new era, and myself, will do our whole duty to the Government and the armies, even as we honestly and solemnly and as good faith swore to do."*

THE NEW REPUBLIC. It is proposed to call the Southern Republic by the name of Secessia. Better call it Theatis, Republicia, or Slavocia. A list of those proposed for the Presidency and Cabinet have been published. The figure the names of Howell Cobb, John Slidell, Jefferson Davis and William L. Yancy. Such a government would a splendid—fizzle, and would not fail to command the admiration of *Punch, Vanity Fair*, Caleb Cushing, and the Lowell correspondent of Southern newspapers.

SUSANNAH.

Sweeter than the sweetest manna,
Lovely, lively, chaste Susannah;
You're the girl that will I muse on,
Pretty little smiling Susan.
Oh! if wars can ensure a
Fairest, sweetest, laughing Susy,
I'd write on, we're a-rockin',
Handsome and good natured Suky;
Every phase of beauty I was ordered
Sprightly, dimpling, tender Sue,
If you sing my song complete,
Susannah, Susan, Suky, Susy, Sue!

☞ A man in Danbury, while taking what is technically called a "rum sweat," set himself on fire, and was only put out after considerable portion of the part of the domestic fire department.

The Democrats of Pennsylvania are to hold a State convention on the 21st of February.

The manufacturing interests of Dover, N. H., are in a most prosperous condition. The Cocheco Works are running on full time.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM TEXAS.

TRAVIS CO., TEXAS, Aug. 15, 1854.

Messrs. Fleming Brothers—Dear Sirs:—There were several cases of Chills and Fever in my mother's family at the time we received the *Dr's Liver Pills* ordered in my letter of June 10th, and a few there administered in each case produced the desired effect, then demonstrating the efficiency of these celebrated Pills in that disease.

Mother has not been troubled with the sick headache since she has commenced taking these Pills, and as we have but few of them left, you will please send us another dollar's worth.—Direct, as before, to Austin, Texas.

Respectfully yours,
MEREDITH W. HENRY.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BRO.'S, of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, but the only reliable are Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge can now be had at the respectable drug stores." None *genuine without the* signature of FLEMING BRO. Pittsburgh.

jan 28 1271y *w*

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of every Rail Road in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

Also, Lloyd's Steamboat and Railroad Map of Ohio, 1862 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House.

jan15 3m 9. H. FISHER, sole agent. 1870

FUR MANUFACTORY.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Lodge, now is the time to buy Furs. Call at 1862 Merrimack Street, and you will find a large assortment of the above goods. Furs made and repaired in the shortest notice. Call and remember the place.

jan 30 1m W. BROUGM.

PARLOR STOVE. Call and see Magee's Improved Parlor Stove at No. 7 Prescott, 108 Merrimack Street, with new and improved Air burner, oven, &c., at reduced price. dif

PEIRCE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would invite our readers to examine specimens of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan30dif

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns spirelessly,
It lasts long,
It burns in close quantity,
And it gives out a good heat.

Try it, and you will not burn any other.

Ask your neighbors if they do not say so.

Ask FOR GILMORE'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

STORE 67 MARKET ST. jan 30 1m

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice some years ago. Its merits have since been tested, and investigated in metic manner, and it has proved to be the best article ever used for the base on which to set artificial teeth. It has been used in no, a difference in opinion among the profession as to its superiority over all other materials. Gold, silver, &c., are not required, as it will supply their place. It is not affected by the fluids of the mouth, and is used with great success, and in a manner which is simple and easily understood. It is used with unbounded confidence.

Also, Mineral Teeth, Gold Plate, &c.

Rooms 2 and 3 Bowers Block, Merrimack Square. jan 30 1m

WM. A. DAVIS, Agent for Lowell.

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE
Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it
THE PRESENT AND REGULAR PREPARATION
FOR THE BALD AND GREY,
THAT RESTORES THE HAIR TO ITS
LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,
AND THAT PRODUCES
HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR
AND A CLEAN SCALP.
NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED
Used on Again Generations of Mankind.
WAYMAN MASS., Jan. 20, 1859

MESSRS. W. H. HAYNES & CO.—Gentlemen: I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE for several years past here last it aside, and it now takes the lead of all other articles in the market, but yours has the decided advantage over all others in this section. Several years past have had it aside, and it now takes a large share of custom from all others. Your agent has called on me for the last time, and I have given him a large order, and I shall continue to do. Several have applied for the agency, but I have declined, as I have been selling your article for several years past here last it aside, and it now takes a large share of custom from all others in this section

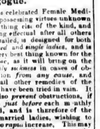
(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 3,000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case*. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, or forwarded by mail, to all the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This remedy is designed expressly for obstinate cases, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, as that is warranted as represented in the case, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGIC INSTITUTE, No. 280, 281 Canal, Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and 114 Main street, Cincinnati, O.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature, and Dr. M. D., M. R. S., a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, gives it his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, as Medicines are sent by the Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, medicines sent to patients from altered mixing for a secure and speedy Recovery will in all cases be carefully received to health.

☞ PARTICULAR CAUTION ☜

☞ In these days of so much deception, when unprincipled impostors, destitute of the knowledge of medicine, or even a common education sufficient to write a prescription, are flooding the country with worthless nostrums, it is necessary for those who must be cautious how they take what are recommended to them. Many persons suffer for years, and if you apply to a physician, he will tell you that you have been taking mercury, and no wonder you are in such a condition, and will have reason to regret when it is too late. Dr. Mattison has no secrets. He has one simple cure, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, which he will send free to any address. It also contains startling full information, with the most successful treatment of Female Complaints, without which no advertising physician or nostrum of the day is deserving of public CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison's Infirmary prevents pregnancy in Females, if not in New England.

Dr. Mattison has made a great many discoveries, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both in the country and in this city. Ladies here ARE no others, LISTEN TO THE SAME. Call at Dr. Mattison's Infirmary, or send for a pamphlet.

Letters by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON'S INFIRMARY.

August 23, 1860. 1y eow&daily

FURS! FURS!

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN WEAR.

It is my one the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by all of whom we have the reputation to purchase. Call in and look at them.

☞ Furs Laid away until wanted to order. dec Kevlin

SHAW MUTT COMPANY'

CLARINE COAL OIL.

THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the above Kerosene Burning Oil, which for color, odor and Burning Quality is warranted equal to any in the market.

The above will be sold as low for cash as all kinds of equal quality, and a liberal discount to the trade. Also a superior article of Illuminating Oil, equal to sperm, at about two thirds its cost.

GRANVILLE MAYES,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE ABOVE COMPANY,

93 & 95 Water street, Boston.

Boston, Sept. 10, 1860. sep12 2m3w 3m

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BATTLE'S new medicine for the Toilet, completely effectacious in annihilating Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and imparting a delicate Jackson will meet invisibly to the skin. Sold by S. KILBURN, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

MORE MAGIC.

"He that hath no money in his hand," &c. &c.

JUST received, for cheap, from Grapevine and Canal streets, the Fern Backwheat, arranged for the Pitts by Otis Iverson.

Tuscarora Oil Cake Meal, Corn and Cob Meal, Rocky Point Quick Match, composed by Oliver Eldridge.

Molasses Taste alum in terrible Opera—arrange with Dr. Ayer.

All the above brands in consignment for sale, at the lowest firm of O. Iverson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

RUBBER SLATE.—A Note which can be had at home or abroad, cheaper, more durable and handsome than other styles of slates. Call and examine at nov13 1m JOHN H. EVANS, 76 Central st.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

nov17 Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

P. S. HUNT would call the attention of the Ladies of Lowell to his assortment of Ladies' Hats, for Autumn and Winter. Particular attention is called to his

EXPANDER.

For sale at 17 Central street.

nov17

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, by which any person may learn to box in a few hours, is now comprehended this use of Art. Sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov17

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Marble, Mirrors, Paint, &c. For cleaning Plated Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings, it is invaluable. A very handy article, and for sale by S. KILBURN, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. 4m

---

FLOWER POTS, of all kinds, for sale cheap at E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st. nov20

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MRS. WILSON'S HAIR REGENERATOR

Sold by nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

BUCKWHEAT MEAL.

10 TONS Extra Nice Meal, for sale very low by SAMUEL B. WOOD 42 Market street.

dec27

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Over and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c. &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

A new opening a large invoice of

rockery Ware,

just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invention is an assortment complete, suitable for the market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, variety and cheapness, is unsurpassed this side of Boston.

All who are in want of anything in our line will please call and examine our large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices* which will not fail long to please them.

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various markets and am constantly receiving new goods, which I offer at low prices, to all my China and Crockery Importers.

Remember the

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

to MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse.

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WARE suitable for carding Houses,

GOOD QUALITY and VERY LOW in price. At the old

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

80 Merrimack street.

aug14 W. DEARDEN.

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music—composed by the eminent composer whose name the book bears.

The Operatic Album—Selected Musical Gems, Pearls and Jewels from the Operas of Europe. By Edward Hamilton.

Parlor Operas—A collection of Quartettes, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for Parlor Performance by Edward Hamilton.

For sale by

J. P. JEWETT & CO.,

No. 17 Central Street

nov18

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

It precisely what its name indicates,for, while pleasant to the taste, it is certainly healing, exhilarating, and strengthening to the whole system. It gives revivification at instance and renews the blood in all its circulations, and thus restores health and renders the system invulnerable to all attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form as a medicine within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be at once powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to *no* age and to perfect accordance with the *laws of nature, and hence soothe the disordered nerves, and give vigor to the digestive organs, and allay all nervous irritation in its effects, and yet it invigorates the whole system by the renovation of spirits.* It is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, and is the most life giving, powerful tonic and nourishing preparation ever offered to the world for public use. Such a remedy has long been needed by a desponding world, and it is left to a desponding world to test its merits. It is now offered to the public, and it is confidently believed that it will not disappoint the most sanguine expectations of its friends. Such, for example, as the following: Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Proptation of the Heart, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Debility, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of diseases which are the result of a disordered state of the digestive organs. Also, for all those ills which rob them of their long and beautiful tresses, and which make the head look like a barren desert, and which

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, February 1, 1861.

MANUFACTURES OF NEW ENGLAND IN 1826 AND LOWELL IN 1861. We have lately met with a letter written in 1826 to a Philadelphia paper, by a gentleman who travelled through the Northern States with a view of observing "the general progress of improvement in the arts and manufactures of our country;"—a few facts from which, contrasted with the manufactures of this city alone, as shown by the annual statistics which we have just published, will interest and amuse our readers.

In 1826, according to this writer, the manufactures of cotton goods in all New England, including spinning, weaving and printing, occupied about 400 distinct buildings, "averaging," he states, "by the best estimates, 700 spindles to the building, making 280,000 in all." Nearly all the new buildings *are large*, and contain from 2,000 to 6,000 spindles. These works, after counting out Sundays, and making allowance for repairs, low water, sickness, &c., run 280 days in the year; and are estimated to consume half a pound of raw cotton per day, which is 140 lbs. to the spindle in a year; this, multiplied by the number of spindles, viz.: 39,200,000 lbs. of cotton, equal to 38,000 bales." The bales must have been larger then than now. "They had generally," he says, "in New England, 60,000 yards a week."

By our statistics, made up from information obtained from all the Companies in this city, the number of spindles in Lowell is 403,698, or 122,698 more than *in all New England* in 1826!—combined in mills ranging from 10,000 to 25,000 each, averaging perhaps 11,000 spindles each—consuming 823,000 lbs. cotton per week, equal to 42,796,000 lbs. per year, or 3,596,000 lbs. greater than New England at the above-mentioned period. The yards of cotton goods printed in this city at this time, per week, average 500,000 yards, 490,000 yards more than all "London in 1826!"

Further statistics!—"There are at present I believe, in all the other States, 275 cotton factories of the average given to those of New England, which would make the quantity of cotton consumed amount to 150,000 bales in the year, to which we think it will amount next year without doubt."

It is only by such comparisons as these that we can appreciate, to the fullest extent, the immense increase in our cotton manufactures the last thirty-four years. If the returns of the census of 1860 are not published, that we might compare the whole manufacture of New England in 1826 with 1860, the result would be almost beyond belief.

A CONVENTION of Southern planters is shortly to be held in Georgia, to take into consideration the matter of preparing their staple cotton for the market in the form of yarns. It is proposed to open a trade with France, Belgium, and other continental states, and compete with England, who now exports vast quantities of the article.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Seward presented a petition from New York city, signed by 85,000 persons, for the adoption of resolutions substantially on the border State plan. Mr. Seward addressed the Senate, during which he said that he had done what was required of by the petitioners, and he had asked them also in return for performing his duty on this occasion, that when they arrive home they will act in the same spirit and manifest their devotion to the Union above all other interests and sentiments by speaking for the Union, by voting for the Union, and if it should be demanded, by sending and giving their money for the Union, and fighting in the last resort for the Union, taking care always to remember that a speaking goes before voting, and voting goes before giving money, and all go before a battle, which he regarded as hazardous and dangerous, and therefore the last, as it would be the most painful measure resorted to for the salvation of the Union. The time given us by the secessionists may be time enough for their policy and purposes, and he trusted that there might be time enough for the policy and purposes of the Union party.

Mr. Mason said after all this the recommendation of the Senator is futile. How are they to save the Union. The Union is broken: there is no Union in the country.

Mr. Seward said that he had contemplation fighting because he knew that treason North and South might run itself against the Union.

Mr. Mason said he wanted to place before the American people the fact that the Senator proposes as a remedy war, and had presented the argument of the tyrant, that force and compulsion, as the only resort. He takes no notice of communications claiming to have resumed sovereignty, and which are now completely out of the Union. He wanted West Virginia should not be bowknelved by the cry of peace where there was no peace.

Mr. Seward said he was amazed at the delusion of the Senator from Virginia.—He had made a speech pacific and conciliatory, and the Senator makes it a declaration of war. He (Mason) could see nothing but war in a speech which simply proposed speaking for the Union, voting for the Union and paying money for the Union, and a convention in a constitutional form, and only after these are exhausted, to stand by the old flag, and if it must fall to be wrapped in its folds.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Douglas, Johnson of Ark., Halo, and Wigfall of Texas, who declared that the South would never submit to coercion, and never come back or be satisfied with anything like Mr. Crittenden's resolutions.

In the House petitions for the adjustment of the present difficulties were presented. Mr. Hindman, of Ala., offered a resolution denying into the right of Mr. Conway of Kansas, to a seat in the House. Adopted. It was agreed to have night sessions for debate. The consideration of the Committee of 33 was taken up and Mr. Adams of Mass. addressed the House. In the course of his speech, he said the Personal Liberty law never freed a slave, and advocated the repeal of the Personal Liberty bill. Without action. The Union is broken up the reason shall remain on record forever: it will be because gentlemen on the other side rejected one form of settling the question in order to present another, which the North could not accept without disgrace. If the object was to carry on slavery propagandism, he could not to connection with it, let the consequences be what they might. He repeated what he asserted at the last session, that the project of a Southern Confederacy was entered into as a deliberate conspiracy, and he would prove it. Mr. Adams then read a letter from Mr. Jefferson Davis, dated Jan. 21, 1861, in

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated **Female Medicine**, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is **designed** for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail *in any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case! It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10. Half Strength $6. Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! This medicine is *designed expressly for* FEMALES only, and *not for other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted to prevent* DISAPPOINTMENT, *or the price will be refunded.*

Forwarded on application to the Agent, unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office. Unpacked and sealed from DR. MATTISON REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 24 Eddy street, Providence, R. I.

☞ The *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a peculiarly successful system of treatment, practice, giving its whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from exposure, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad who may desire to visit Providence, R. I.

☞ The *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a peculiarly successful system of treatment, practice, giving its whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from exposure, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad who may desire to visit Providence, R. I.

CAUTION.

☞ In the use of so many medicines, there are sure to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, ignorant enough to use them, by which many suffer, before at least making some enquiry, and especially of others to those who make the *greatest professions*. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, *are empirics*; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret your folly too late. ☞ Dr. M. will *sacrifice*, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, also Opinions giving full information, and *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, without which no advertising physician should be trusted. Bear in mind in observing of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only PHYSICIAN who has been in Providence for years, or who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and he gives the very best references to Providence also, both of his HONESTY and his SKILL. Is HERE ARE others, LETTERS DON'T DO SAME, otherwise, you had better keep away. Fair there.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 18, 1865. aug23dly

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

50 Central Street, 50

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It may be one of the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilled workmen, from the newest styles in fashion.

☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order. ☜

oct28

MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—giving a good workman on frame for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented, and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new opening a large invoice of

rockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This house is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is not excelled by any house in this city or Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will not fail to suit their own story.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITTANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment, from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the trade or house, as my motto is Quick Sales and Small Profits. Please remember the

Sign of the *Gold Band Pitcher*,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.

dec8 W. DEARDEN.

PRESTON'S
PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

A SOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the The-obroma cacao, or Chocolate Nut. The greatest remedy known for DISEASES OF THE THROAT, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, COLD SORES, CHAPPED FACE AND HANDS, SORE NIPPLES, and all DISEASES OF THE LUNGS that Cod Liver Oil has, and *more* than Cod Liver Oil can.

Preston's Bromade,

A beautiful Hair Dressing, prepared from the pure Cocoa Butter, (not Cocoanut Oil), for the Growth, Preservation and Beauty of the Hair. It is the most delightful and healthful Hair Dressing ever offered to the public. Ladies who have used it will use no other. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the country.

Sole Agents, No. 36 Central street, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by E. RIDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. nov17 dlm

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

PENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 162 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Mar. 1865 may1 6mly

GLUE! GLUE!!

UPON'S PREPARED GLUE,
BARNARD'S PREPARED GLUE,
BURDON'S PREPARED GLUE,

For sale by E. E. RICE, Sole Agent for the United States.

may9 No. 17 Central Street.

Perfumery.

JOND'S Fine Extract, Burnett's Portfolio, and an assortment of Perfumery, for sale by E. E. RICE, Sole Agent for the United States.

may9 No. 17 Central Street.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of the Cocoa Nut Oil, for preserving the Hair. Free from all rancidity and agree able to the most delicate nerves.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or stiff.

It leaves an unsurpassed gloss.

It softens the skin when the hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It removes dandruff—in fact

It remains longest in effect.

Prepared only by JOHN D. PARK, Sole Agent, Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Oliver Ditson.

Mail-order Population from favorite Operas—arranged by Oliver Ditson.

All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of O. Ditson & Co., Boston, and for sale by E. RICE & Sons, No. 17 Central St.

nov27

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which cannot be broken; cheaper than the best Slate. Can also furnish other styles of slates. Call and examine at nov13 E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central street.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the Ladies to the Rubber Brush in another column, just from Paris—The French CHEST EXPANDER. For sale at

may17 No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art of Practical Defence of Attack and Self Defence, explained in so easy a manner, that any person may comprehend this art in a few lessons.

1819 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c. For cleaning Plate, Jewelry, Glass Ware and Carriage Mountings, it is unequalled. For sale by all Druggists, and at wholesale by E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

oct29

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at E. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

oct29

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MRS. WILSON'S HAIR REGENERATOR

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

BUCKWHEAT MEAL.

10 Tons Buckwheat Meal for food, for sale very low by SAMUEL N. WOOD
nov27* 49 Market street.

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low as his

China and Crockery Warehouse.

—ALSO—

Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WARE suitable for carding Houses, GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old **China and Crockery Warehouse,**

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

80 Merrimack Street.

aug24 W. DEARDEN.

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer whose name the book bears.

The Quartette Collection. A collection of Sacred Music, for Quartette Choir and congregation. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartettes, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and social gatherings. By W. Ganz.

The Music books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central street, and also at the Music Saloon of E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Instruments of all kinds.

17 Central street.

[STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR
SOLD BY
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov14

RICH GOODS
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF G LD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA' TORS, &c., &c.

Er offered in this city. Selling LOW

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by his well known house of Causse & Edwards, London, from his favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Messrs. Portman & Sons' sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; the flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of SLOW AND WEAK DIGESTION."—The Lancet.

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of a Soyer."—Observer.

A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table.—Globe.

Sole Agents for the United States,

PARSONS & YVELIN,

217 Fulton St., New York

And BRAY & HAYES, 77 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and First Dealers everywhere. Sept15dly

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being about to change his business, will sell his entire stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

with the Fixtures, by one of the lowest stores for the business in Lowell. For particulars inquire of the subscriber, at 39 Central street.

dec6dtf S. H. HAYWARD.

A FEW grosses of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by JUDKINS, 3 John st.

nov16

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N. W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Lowell.

☞ Rooms of Instruments to let at low rates! Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

Selling quite low

every reason,

Call and see.

dec8 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

DEADEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Signs of Gold Band Pitcher, 95 MER IMACK STREET.

sep14

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tan, Moth-patches and Flesh worms. By E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec26

To get a good TEA SET, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get out and common GLASS WARE, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get goo PLATED WARE, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get TOILET WARE, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
E. S. HAYNES',
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan13

DUMUS STONE BOAT.—This long, well adjusted, and convenient machine for handling and carrying stone, is for sale by E. RIDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best presents to a friend—and in my store, No. 3 John Street, may be found some of the choicest works published in this country.

WORKS OF BEAUTY, from Semicanda to Eugene.—Portrait Gallery of Female Loveliness, Heroism and Influence—with 19 large Steel Engravings.

PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT, by Rev. H. Osborne.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs Jameson—beautifully gilt backs.

HEROINES OF SHAKSPEARE.

THE LAMB AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.

HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.

BEECHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition, 3 tinted paper, full gilt.

The English and American Poets—in superb styles of binding.

MRS. JANE VILGRIM'S PROGRESS, Illustrated by C. E. Roberts—splendid edition.

With a large variety of NEW and USEFUL books—suitable for all.

BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS COMMENTARIES, suitable Sabbath School gifts.

Also—Portfolios, Desks, Portemonnaies, Albums, Autograph Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and see.

J. J. JUDKINS,

3 John street.

dec12

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

It is precisely what its name indicates, for, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and renovating in effect upon the vital powers. It also revivifies, restores and purifies the blood in all its original quality, and thus restores and renders the system, particularly in the weakest of disease. It is the only prepa ration ever offered to the public that is so popular form so as to be within the reach of all, that is thoroughly safe and is constituted as to be the most powerful tonic, and is so perfectly harmless as *to do not as perfect accordance* with the laws of nature, and hence is the most wonderful stomach, and tone up the digestive organs, and also to invigorate all other organism. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by insatiable or depressing fits of system. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a compound is found to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughness of its medical science, and also by all who have suffered from the use of mercury, as no medical skill or knowledge even to one that delicately follows all cases of disease, and have the unquestioned system to take the place of mercury. It is also dangerous to which your health cannot be restored by the use of this remedy. It is the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Liver and Ague, Piles, Fistulous, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Lassitude, Debility, and all kinds of Female Complaints. Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the Urine, and any general derangement of the Urinary Organs, Diseases in the Back, Loins, between the Shoulders, predisposition or Night Colds, Hacking and sometimes Cough, Emaciation, Difficulty of Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate many more still, but we have space only to say, it is not only a cure for the above following Chills and Fever, but prevents all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and cure the diseases at once, if already existing. And as it acts directly and persistently upon the biliary ducts, clearing the liver to its healthy functioning, in fact, all the excretions and secretions of the system, it will invariably prevent any deleterious consequences following, upon changes of climate and water; hence all travellers should have a bottle with them, and all persons to take a table spoonful at least before eating. As it prevents contagious diseases to enter its doctrine organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, ministers, literary men, and all invalids should commence its use at once exercise should always use it if they will they will find an agreeable, pleasant, and efficient remedy against sickness. Ladies will find it a perfect beautifier, for beauty cannot exist without health, and health cannot exist where the above irregularities continue. Then why the Cordial is a perfect Blood Renovator. Taken a month or two before the change of life, it will prevent suffering with perfect ease and safety.—Any one who will use it for a few months *is no crime for it.* MOTHERS, TRY IT! Any person applied to personally or by letter, will be duly attended to. Ladies' consultation rooms for the use of my daughters before the change of life. Any one who will use it for a few months,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, February 2, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Ten Eyck presented the resolutions of the New Jersey Legislature in favor of the Crittenden Compromise. He said these resolutions commanded his respect, but they were not to control his action or manacle his limbs. He should decline to vote according to his instructions, believing they did not represent the people of New Jersey. Mr. Trumbull, of Ill., made an attempt to have a committee appointed on counting the electoral votes. Objected to and laid over. The President's message was taken up.

Mr. Latham, of California, made a Union speech. He said the people of California breathe but one sentiment of loyalty and devotion to the Union, and will ratify any settlement which will satisfy the South, and if that is refused, a large majority of the people will say, let them go in peace. In the language of the Senator from New York, the people of California will speak for the Union, vote for the Union, give money for the Union, and will fight for the Union, provided he will show them that by so fighting they can maintain the liberty, fraternity and equality of their Southern brethren in the Union: but if he cannot perform that difficult task, the people of that portion of the Union will never imbrue their hands in the blood of their Southern brethren. He was willing to vote for the proposition of the Senators from Kentucky and Illinois, but he thought the wisest plan was that of his friend from Minnesota.

The further consideration of the message was postponed until Monday.

Mr. Simmons of R. I., reported a tariff bill with amendments, which was made the special order for Wednesday next. The credentials of Mr. Cowan, Senator elect from Pennsylvania, were presented. The Diplomatic and Executive and Judicial Appropriation bills were passed.

In the House, Mr. Conway, of Kansas, rose to a question of privilege. He thought Mr. Hindman should inform the House why he objected to his right to a seat on the floor. Mr. Hindman explained. He said that he objected because Mr. Conway was elected so long before hand, while Kansas was a Territory. Mr. Grow replied. A similar case occurred when Arkansas was admitted. The matter dropped. Mr. Sherman reported a bill authorizing the President to borrow $25,000,000 before the first of July next, if necessary.

Mr. Kellogg of Ill., offered a series of resolutions as a substitute for the report of the committee on thirty-three. The resolutions prohibits slavery north of 36 30, but provide that neither Congress or any Territorial Legislature shall hinder the emigration to Territory south of it, of persons held to service or labor in the State from which they emigrated; that any territory north or south of that line, with population sufficient for a Representative, may be admitted as a State with such institutions as the Constitution thereof may provide for: that no department of the Government shall have power to interfere with the institutions of any State, without the consent of every State: that Congress shall have the power to pass laws for the return of persons escaping from service and labor, from one State into another.

In making these remarks, I do not intend to deny the right of every State to revolt. This, our own existence as a free government compels us to accede. But every revolution must be for *sufficient cause*. If it can be shown that the United States government has, by acts of oppression, incurred the condition of any one of the sovereign States intolerable, then such State has a right to revolt, and if she is powerful enough to sustain her independence against the General Government, she is justified in so doing. Now, have we, as a government, rendered the condition of any one of the revolted States intolerable by cruel oppression? If not, then their acts cannot in the eye of justice, or of the world, be deemed justifiable; and if the sovereign State, which has so revolted, has not the power to sustain herself in this revolt by force, then she is untrue to herself and to every man and woman within her jurisdiction. For, she is putting the lives of her innocent citizens, her women and children, to the sacrifice, and is placing the fortunes of those who have had no hand in this insane course in danger.

But what shall be done? I would say, *keep cool*. There is a reckoning and compensative power in these revolting States, like the principle of health iz the human system, which i time be given, will restore it and produce internal peace. Let that peace principles be brought into action!

for

> "It is madness and in guilty.
> But our brother's blood be spilth.
> Woe from fire and steel and stripes!
> Woe from fire from's know the stain.
> The accursed mark of Cain."

PAX.

MISS MARY P. TOWNSEND, an eccentric maiden lady, of Boston, lately deceased, left in her will to various charitable objects one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.—To Harvard College, for the benefit of its medical schools, she gave $20,000; she gave two other bequests of $20,000 each, one for invalid females; but her principal bequest is one of $60, the income of which is to be applied to the support of those females who, in legal phraseology, are called "spinsters" or single women. She says she has always been a believer in what is bound, as she has the means, to procure them a shelter from "the world's dread laugh," and a quiet home. The recipients are to be such as are reduced by *poverty*, not crime, to be Americans, and born of American parents; they are to be of the virtuous poor of this description, who are single from *choice* or *necessity*.

The New York legislature has voted to send nine commissioners to Washington.

It is stated that the Grand Jury in the Court of Sessions (New York city) presented Mayor Wood's recent message as a seditious document.

DR. FOSTER, who tore down and trampled upon the American flag, at Covington, Ky., a few days since, has been fined $20 for that offence.

A WEALTHY planter living in Georgetown, Ga., has imported an Armstrong gun from Europe; and also 150 muskets for plantation ornaments and secession use.

A WESTERN editor expresses his delight at having nearly been called "honey," by the gal he loves, because she saluted him as "old Honeybun," at their last meeting.

FROM WASHINGTON. From the dispatches from Washington, dated yesterday, we have the following:—

Gen. Scott desires to invite the Seventh Regiment of New York city to Washington, but the President opposes it. The General tells the President that he has not troops enough to defend the city against a mob of his own citizens.

Col. Hayne, of South Carolina, sent a written communication to the President today, offering in behalf of his State payment of the full value of Federal property if the President would stay the evacuation of Fort Sumter, and withdraw the United States troops altogether from the harbor. His dispatch to Gov. Pickens, and the proceedings of the authorities of South Carolina for the evacuation of the Fort have been laid before the President. Col. Hayne expects a negative answer, and upon receiving it will leave at once for home. There is no doubt that the President will give an emphatic negative.

It is asserted on the authority of a Cabinet officer, that if Virginia secedes, an attack is apprehended on Washington by Virginia forces, and he knows of no means of defence except to call upon the loyal States for volunteers. Gentlemen who heard this, though constrvative men, wrote immediately to the Governors of their States, recommending them to have their forces in readiness to answer the requisition at a moment's notice.

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The mode of taking the census in Canada is much better than ours. On a given night, every householder is required to make returns of every person sleeping on his premises on that night, together with such information as the papers bail for.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

There will be preaching in the Worthen Street Methodist Episcopal Church to-morrow evening, by the Pastor. Subject—Wheelbarrowism a Vision of the Image. Services commence at 6½ o'clock.

The Mission Sab. will meet in the room at Wells' Hall to-morrow at 2.30 and 6 47 P. M. Fee, five cents.

Rev. Mr. Tenney will preach in the morning and evening at his Sunday evening lectures to-morrow evening in the First Universalist Church, commencing at 6 1/2 o'clock. Subject: Results of Infidelity. Seats free.

A ROOF CRUSHED. This forenoon about half past eleven o'clock, some eighty or ninety feet of the roof of the store house on Jackson Street, belonging to the Lawrence Corporation, was crushed in, in consequence of the great weight of snow resting upon it. The snow was two or three feet deep in many places where the injury occurred.

Fortunately there was a large quantity of cotton underneath where the roof gave way, which prevented it from going to the ground, in which event it is very probable that the walls of the building would also have fallen, they being pressed out considerable as it is. The roof is an iron one, made of corrugated iron, and was manufactured in England expressly for this Company. It was fastened to the walls by rods, which have been broken like pipe stems, by the immense pressure upon them, and the edge of the part which gave way is elevated in several places four or five feet above the walls.

A gang of workmen are engaged in removing the snow from the part which fell, and also from the rest of the roof. It is impossible to tell the damage done, as it will be known in what state the iron is until the snow has been removed, but it will not be at the least calculation less than $100 or $200.

PAWTUCKET BRIDGE. The County Commissioners will meet at the toll-house on the Dracut side, next Monday, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon, to locate this bridge as a public highway, and then the obstacles which prevent a free communication between us and our Dracut neighbors will be forever removed. These toll-bridges have been an eye-sore long enough, and we are glad to see that they are to be less enterprising age as they are—gone—too. We have heard it suggested that the event should be celebrated in some way, and that our Dracut friends are ready for something of the kind.

The original bridge was built in 1792, but demolished in 1860, and a new bridge, with stone piers and abutments, was erected in its place, at a cost of over fourteen thousand dollars. Many improvements have been made on it since it was re-built.—That it may long stand as a pleasant and lawful pursuits. Had a foreign foe done this, the whole country would, before the present time, have been in motion.—Why do we receive this treatment from a State so quietly? There are known answers to this question. The first is, she is our sister—a child of our household, toward

PROF. BANNING closes his office at the Merrimack House on Monday evening next for the application of his braces for the prompt cure of vocal, digestive, spinal, and female weaknesses, and for the cure of ruptures, piles, and constipation, without medicine or an operation. Reference given to most respectable patients in the city.

PROF. Banning has been in a great degree successful in this city; but the elements which seem to have conspired against him, have operated greatly to his disadvantage. It is a matter of regret that he should so soon terminate his stay here, when his usefulness seems to have but just commenced; and we trust he will conclude to make one more effort to remain here and relieve invalids free lectures. Our people may certainly be benefited by attending lectures of the kind he gives, and with favorable weather, he would not fail to have numerous listeners.

MR. EDITOR:—In your remarks on my communication in yesterday's paper, you complain that I have misused the word *cotton* in the reply, and I think justly. The sentence referred to was one of two general answers and a general remark, and I was in error in reference to answer the requisition at a moment's notice. Two companies of artillery arrived at Washington, yesterday (1st inst.) About 600 Federal troops are now here.

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ANOTHER LETTER FROM TEXAS.
TRAVIS CO., TEXAS, Aug. 15, 1854.

Messrs. Fleming Brothers—Dear Sirs—There were several cases of Chills and Fever in my mother's family at the time we received the *M'Lane's Liver Pills* ordered in my letter of June 12th, and a few doses administered in each case produced the desired effect, thus demonstrating the efficiency of these celebrated Pills in that disease.

Mother has not been troubled with the sick headache since she commenced taking M'Lane's Pills, and as we have but few of them left, we will please send us another dollar's worth.—Direct, as before, to Austin, Travis Co., Texas.

Respectfully yours,
MRS. GEO. H. W. HENRY.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for the genuine M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS. 9lw

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the U. S., also a description of the country. Published and for sale at the store of Lloyd's Publishing House, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 5 cents.

E. H. FISHER, sole agent.
Jan1 4w

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies' Fur Sacques now in the time to buy Furs cheap. Furs made and repaired in the latest style and warranted. Furs stored and insured in the store at short notice. 160 Merrimack street.
W. BARGOM.
jan22 6m

PARSON STORE. Call and see Morgan's Improved Cooking Stove. It was on Exhibition at Merrimack Street, with new and improved gas burner, oven, &c, a short distance. dtf

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan31dtf

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns clearer,
It burns less quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other burning coal. And the GRINDER can be bought only at
No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON.
Nov. 15, 1860. 1y

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

C. B. COBURN, President.
C. SUMNER, Secretary.
Lowell, July 24, 1860. 3y jy26

Hair Dye! Hair Dye !!

W.M.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.
The Original and Best in the World!!

All others are mere imitations, and should be shunned by all who value their hair.

MESSRS. BATCHELOR, Sons & Co. have been long and favorably known to the Scientific and Manufacturing public, as the inventors of the

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Batchelor's Hair Dye, and fifteen Honorable mentions have been made to the hair of the Proprietors.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that is natural, and not to be detected from nature. It is not a wash to injure the hair, but a restorative and invigorator; and the effect of one application will last from three to six months.

Sold in all cities and towns of the United States and Canadas, and by druggists generally.

The premium has the name and address upon each box, and the fac simile of the proprietors.

WM. A. BATCHELOR, Jr.,
CHARLES BATCHELOR, Proprietors,
No. 81 Barclay street, New York.

Sold by SAML. BRADLEE, Jr., Lowell, and by druggists generally. 6m jy18

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new agency a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the different markets in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE

which for style, quality, variety and cheapness, is unequaled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of such goods will please call and examine our large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will be found their every day. 10

W. DEARDEN.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various manufactories and manufacturers. Bolting low as can be bought in the Boston Market, as my Utmost Cash Purchases. Please remember.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
20 MERRIMACK STREET.
W. DEARDEN.
dec6

A VALUABLE DOOR, is covered one of the best remedies in America, which is known by the name of Dr. Sherman's Cough Lozenges. Those lozenges possess a former quality of Female Loveliness. Heir, Whiskers, Eyebrows, Eyelashes, Moustache, &c. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists.

PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT, by Rev. Thomas Hill.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs. Mary Gove Nichols.

HEROINES OF HISTORY AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.

DR. SPAULDING'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, Illustrated. Price $1.25—new edition.

DR. SPAULDING'S ANCIENT AND MODERN HISTORY, With a large variety of NEW and USEFUL books for SCHOOLS and YOUNG.

HOMES, VESTMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS AND COMMUNION SERVICES, Of the most approved styles, for Churches, Parsonages, &c.

Also—Portfolios, Desks, Portemonnaies, &c. All at the LOWEST PRICES. A full assortment of BOOKS and STATIONERY.

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To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
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To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
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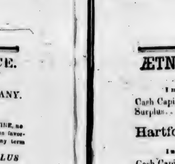
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S and KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. A. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19

DUMICK STONE SOAP.—This Soap will effectually cure the worst cases of Chapped Hands, Face and White. Sold by S. RIDDER Jr., corner of Merrimack and Church sts.
nov20

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by the thousands who have put them in the requisites for family use. It has become a household institution, and is looked upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of work, such as Tucking, Quilting, Gathering and braiding, in seaming, stitching and embroidering, it will do the handsomest work in which female needle work is employed.

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following are the reasons for this among the many which have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low. ell:—

J. S. Richardson.	H. Hosford.
J. A. Bostwick.	H. Hosford.
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This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, and is now varying from $50 to $125 one hundred and twenty dollars, is for sale in Lowell by

J. W. SHAW,
45 Merrimack Street.
may17 cyp dly

The Great English Remedy!

JAS. CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription used by Dr. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen. THESE PILLS are a safe and certain remedy for all the painful complaints to which the female constitution is subject, and although a powerful remedy, it may be taken with perfect safety by females in any period with regularity.

To MARRIED LADIES it is particularly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

They will relieve Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Head Ache, Giddiness, Fainting Fits, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Head Ache, Giddiness, Fainting Fits, Palpitation of the Heart, Blushes in the face, Dimness of Sight, Nervous Headache, Tremblings

RELIGIOUS.

THE CAUSES OF
Our National Difficulties.

A SERMON,

BY REV. L. J. FLETCHER:

Preached in the Second Universalist Church, Sunday morning, January 13th, 1861.

TEXT.—"If my people, which are called by my name, shall humble themselves, and pray, and seek my face and turn from their wicked ways, then will I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sins, and will heal their land."—2d Chron. xvii. 14.

These words are a part of that covenant which God made with King Solomon, after the erection and dedication of the temple on Mount Moriah. They represent the prosperity of Israel as dependant upon the Divine favor; and the realization of God's mercies, as the natural results of obedience to his law. In the context, there is found a reverse picture, upon which we need to look.

And said to Solomon, "But if ye turn away and forsake my statutes, and my commandments which I have set before you, ... then will I pluck them up by the roots out of the land which I have given them; and this House, which I have sanctified for my name, will I cast out of my sight, and make it to be a proverb and a by-word among all nations. And at this house which is high shall be an astonishment to every one that passeth by it, so that he shall say, Why hath the Lord done thus, unto this land, and unto this house? And it shall be answered, Because they forsook the Lord God of their fathers."

And have we sinned, that so great a calamity should be impending over us? Is the present distracted condition of our country the fruit of national transgression? Does rain threaten because we have not recognized the law of God? These are questions which may make most safe and rapid progress with our race turned upside down, and this may be one of those periods when retrospection is better than foresight, and the facts of yesterday a safer guide for future action than the prophecies of tomorrow. And what says the voice of the words and acts of our people? Has kindness and forbearance, and conscientiousness, characterized the intercourse of those two sections of our country between which a guilt now rests that is not to be filled? Have we who rightfully boast of our superior institutions—we of the North, where chattel slavery does not exist, and every man ought to be free—have we dwelt always in the spirit enjoined of God which says to us, Speak not evil one of another, for that which is spoken unto no man evil for evil, or that wherein we are required to cherish and exercise towards all men, kindness, long-suffering, forbearing one another and forgiving one another?

Thoughtlessly have we smiled, as we have read them, and the sage, caught up by ribaldry, pure and more acceptable than spotless lambs or turtle doves.

As they went to battle, God's angel was in the front rank of their armies, and they drove out their enemies before them. And they consecrated with many solemn rites the soil they won, and as it with pious toil, planted the tree of civil, social and religious liberty. No cedar of Lebanon ever flourished like that which sheltered under the branches and in the shade of which happy generations have eaten the bread of sweet prosperity. Its top is lost in the cloud hung sunlight and its arms are spread from sea to sea. It is the tree of life. It stands, resists also the foundation of that temple reared by our fathers, with the grandeur and glory of which the Temple of Solomon could not compare. It is the temple—not of material worship—the Grand Cathedral of the American Union—the Notre Dame of Liberty. In foundation we have built with wise and patriotic hands—its corner stone was placed while prayers went up to God—its pillars were consecrated by sweet, prophetic hosannas and the jubilant shouts of a happy and prosperous people, and its dome was reared while the nation uttered its praise to God.

Eighty-five years it has stood forth in ever-increasing greatness and glory, the pride of our nation and the admiration of the world. To-day its pillars tremble, and twenty millions of freemen stand in fear within its crumbling walls. Soon, alas! shock is felt all through the glorious structure, and with anxiety and terrible experienced, we ask, with quivering lips, what the end shall be.

In our text, there is a word of promise, and if the conditions of that promise are complied with, there is yet hope. Not in human wisdom, or in human power, for much I fear that the days of compromise and concession are in the past. Our only hope is in God. He says to us, this day, as he said to Israel, anciently—" If my people, which are called by my name, shall humble themselves and pray, and seek my face and turn from their wicked ways, then will I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sins, and will heal their land."

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Thoughtlessly have we smiled, as we have read them, and the sage, caught up by ridicule, uttered those fearless and brave. Reckless and daring and bold were the principles which to express in such concerning them—for if too pillars of this great Republic fall, they have in the fusion of a ruin down by words like those which I have named. They were proof against all the batteries of hostility—nor could the cannon balls and rifle-cannon of the nations have made an impression upon them. Their enemies and unnated people stood up to defend them—but words, unmeaning, defiant, unfelt, were powerless to injure. They were pillars tremble.

I say to be told that Southern men have heaped abuse upon the North, in words as bitter and unjust, than we have ever heard from the South. Which is the greater wrong of our recrimination more reprehensible—the one which would have been called "a counsel of peace and unity," or the one which would have been called "a contest with the powers of darkness." These things were observed in 1850, and still bore provocation to the South for their rash act secession and dissension.

I am sure that the South has done no wrong—that the fault lies at our own doors. Nevertheless, as a Southern congregation this morning, I could talk of unkindness and injustice, of rash and unjustifiable words and acts, which that people must answer for. In a controversy so long and bitter as has been the case between the North and South, there have been wrongs burning wrongs on both sides of the country, and they have set forth on such a mission, to some of those, which have originated in the free States. Christian principles point to these, and Christian duty calls us to repentance.

But we look upon these facts, for facts they are, as no one can deny, and seeing them only as representatives of unnumbered acts of a similar character, ask ourselves if the South have been the only aggressive party—another, without, I will not say sufficient, but great provocation! And if we are not faultless, if we also have our grievous sins to confess, not some stains upon them, have we not consciousness of the sacredness of peace, union and harmony to offer?

That is a small-souled, self-conceited and despicable man, who, instead of having no sins to answer for; and thinks it worse degrading to ask forgiveness of a brother man against whom he has offended. He who gets down upon his knees unto an injured fellow mortal, does it by that act exalt himself above God. He is the Lord of hosts—his societies, states and nations shall rest in peace, and they who have, or ought to have, knees that can bend, nor be ashamed to use them in humble prayer to God, and that 'tis not wrong to high the slave in his attempt to break his fetters, is a fool. It is not wrong to deny the South those privileges which the Constitution and the Laws secure to them and which are in accordance with the principle of the philosophy of human action; and which made a failure to secure them a great error, a host of men are stumbling.

So far as we can see, so far as we can know, there is no right in the North in selling our brother man, a fearful moral wrong. We call this truth, and set it down in our platforms of faith, and we have come a fugitive from bondage, and who seeks to escape from the master who is pursuing him.

Is there now, no other facts for us to consider than that of slavery? Have we not we performed our whole duty when we say slavery is wrong, and the man is flying from that evil, and I shall therefore help him. I think far otherwise. There are constitutional provisions, legal and other points of duty to be considered, before that answer can consistently be given. Allow me to present the same a few of them. Suppose the fugitive to be a stranger to us, I would first know, whether he was a fugitive from service and labor only, or whether he is a fugitive from a just punishment for crime. Whether he was held as a slave only or criminal also. This point determined, I would ask if he is ready to be made a freeman. If he is so prepared that liberty will be a blessing to him! and then I would inquire, if he has a right to help him on to freedom. And can there be a question on this point?—Is it not always right to do a good and noble act? Most certainly it is; but what is good—and what is noble? This is the point which must be first determined.

Is it right to disobey the requirements of law? To trample on legislative enactments and defy legal authority? Is it right to disregard political compacts, and what we demand the fulfillment of one of an agreement, wholly neglect to comply with the conditions of the other?

A friend before says that if the law forbids the doing of a Christian act, it should not be regarded; that if the fulfillment of a compact involves the doing of a wrong, it should be broken. That is a principle of popular morality as dangerous in practice as it is plausible in theory.

When the Pharisees sought to entangle the great Law Giver by the question, "Is it lawful to pay tribute unto Cæsar?" he said to them unhesitatingly, "Render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, and unto God the things that are God's." So we say unto others—obey the law, and worship the Father. The law demanding this of the Jew was onerous to the Jews, and doubtless they considered it unjust, but Jesus said, while the stage of Cæsar is for your coin, and by that token you have the benefit of the government under which you are bound to obey his laws. St. Paul said—"Let every soul be subject unto the higher powers; for there is no power but of God." All through the Gospels this same idea stands out so prominently there is no mistaking it, for any other doctrine, and I have the smallest sympathy possible for that man's reasoning, which bids him trample on the laws of the government under which he lives—which bids him serve God by defying all human authority—which bids him seek the Christian's crown by spurning the Christian's cross.

I stand at my neighbor's cosiyard, and a poor woman comes, with weary and weeping steps slowly along by, and with a story of suffering which touches my soul's deep sympathy, asks me to "give her coal with fuel from the hoarded treasure.—What shall I do? Suppose I have not the ability to give the coal; therefore suppose I know that with him I shall find no credit? What shall I do? I am certainly ought to have the fuel, for she may perish without it, and while the Gospel bids me to help the suffering poor, the Law of the State says, Thou shalt not steal. Shall I fill her basket and brave the consequences? Not while the law of the land, echoing the divine commandment, says to me, "Thou shalt not steal." It is right that I should strive to help that suffering, famishing woman; but I am not required to make myself a felon in doing so—and over such a position I should hesitate. I should hasten to do the act of mercy by some other than the direct road that leads through sin's dominions. We are not obliged to travel through the wrong to reach the right; but there is a right way to take what seems to us the shortest route, we do like very imprudent things, but find the wrong a rough and dangerous way, in which we tarry only too long.

The fugitive comes, as did the poor woman, and his story of suffering touches my soul. He asks me to help him on his way to him to liberty—to the rights and joys of freedom. What shall I do? That freedom is a right of man, and that man is flying from that evil, and I should therefore help him. I think far otherwise. There are constitutional provisions, legal and other points of duty to be considered, before that answer can consistently be given. Allow me to present the same a few of them. Suppose the fugitive to be a stranger to us, I would first know whether he was a fugitive from service and labor only, or whether he is a fugitive from a just punishment for crime. Whether he was held as a slave only or criminal also. This point determined, I would ask if he is ready to be made a freeman. If he is so prepared that liberty will be a blessing to him! and then I would inquire, if he has a right to help him on to freedom. And can there be a question on this point?—Is it not always right to do a good and noble act? Most certainly it is; but what is good—and what is noble? This is the point which must be first determined.

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which I have named, there is an indication of the remedy which must be had, to heal the wound so recklessly inflicted. In general terms it is stated in our text. If the people will humble themselves, and pray, and repent of their sins, and seek God's face, then will he hear from heaven, and forgive their transgressions and heal their land. Our trust must be in God, who works by human agency. He is still able to save us.

But first we must be ready to undo the wrong, which in our haste and impatience we have been helpers in doing. We must be ready to say to the Southern and Christian words that we have spoken.—We want be ready to repeal the unjust laws that stand upon our statute books, and cherish once again, a strong and healthful patriotism in the hearts of our brethren. Rhode Island has acted nobly—has taken the right and good work. She has seen the folly of her past action, and has wiped her Personal Liberty Bill from the statute book, and that she loves the slave less, but that she loves our country more. Will Massachusetts follow in the petitions of her citizens, which are pouring in upon her Legislature—and by the united supplicating prayers every day of the session—and wipe out that statute, which for six years has been a disgrace to the fair name of the Bay Union, as an intended insult to them—as a deliberate violation of their constitutional rights? Will the Legislature of New Hampshire follow the noble and conciliatory example of Maine? Will New England as a unit in this work of peace, and by her influence lead the country? Will she

SPEECH OF

Hon. Chas. Francis Adams,

DELIVERED IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, FEBRUARY 1, 1861.

Mr. Speaker:—In this hour of inexpressible import to the fate of unborn millions, I would that I could ever from my heart of the ism of all human passion, to seize the truth and the right in their naked, living reality, and with them and to rise to the grandeur of the opportunity to do good to my fellow men. There have been occasions when the living words uttered in the true place, have helped to right the whole world trending toward the ruin of a nation. At no time have they been in more necessary than now; at no place more requisite than here. The most magnificent example or reinforcement known to history is in memories of the struggle of our fathers and mothers by reason of the precipitate violence of a desperate race. I apologize to no one briefly, and I trust with proper caution, the cause and the effect of this day's saying as well as the right of my action upon it.

On the 6th of November the people of the United States were called for the first time in the time to give in their votes for the election of a President by the electors chosen to the Constitution. Nothing marked the proceeding but the many manifestations of reluctance that been manifested in any quarter to fulfill the duty, the great importance of which is more and more felt and ever more. No complaint of irregularity or fraud was heard. No contest of election was instituted. With the exception of the South Carolina gave him their electoral votes, and even the Old Dominion cast a majority before to waver in the course marked out by her acknowledged and ancient leaders. We seem to transfer her vote to the Republican side. All these events were not the immediate consequence of personal regard or affection to the Constitutional Government. How can only be accounted for by presuming a desire to see the government put it before. And the inference which I draw is that the fidelity of the majority of well-disposed persons have been unduly carried away in sympathy with their brethren and sisters of the South in South Carolina, so that they have not stopped calmly to weigh the just consequences of their own precipitation.

If I were to need more evidence to prove to me how close to the verge of discontent, outside of South Carolina, to act and in act of open violence, I do not think I could find it in the earnestness with which other causes have been set up in justification of that course. At first it was alleged that various grievances have been suffered, not to be endured, by the people of the South, and certain outrages have been committed there on the people of the slave-holding States which render their longer stay in the Union impossible, unless confidence can be restored in the guarantees may be supposed to stop the evil for the future. They aver that their rights are no longer secure in the Constitution, and that the Union has failed to withdraw them—has ceased to protect—shall have prepared no more for ultimate salvation.

They come to at and demand that these complaints shall be heeded, or that the appeal is denied, before they can consent to enter such under the authority of a constitutional union.

And here some of my friends on the right of the people to alter or abolish the best reason that they are shown from of having done wrong in electing a President avowedly to the Constitution, and that they are not aware of any real grievance that demand redress, and that they feel disposed to enter upon any experiment to quiet apprehensions which are in their opinion either artificial or imaginary. What they appeal to is the Constitution as it is—and it obedience to its requirements be not voluntarily rendered in any quarter, the only proper remedy is coercion.

I should be glad to see this disposed to regard in this view were this a case of wilful and deliberate conspiracy to subvert the Government. I am not sure that I would not apply that doctrine to the people of South Carolina, who have long been known to be generally unsatisfied. They neither demand nor expect any redress or even consideration of their grievances. They declare themselves only to be executing a treasonable project they have been meditating for twenty years. They have themselves put themselves without the pale of negotiation. There is not even a minority of the citizens who remonstrate. The case is parallel to that of the Rebellion. There is evident hesitation and reluctance in accepting the irrevocable policy of disunion. There is a lingering desire to receive assurances that this step is not absolutely irrevocable. I for one am not ready to take the responsibility of absolutely closing the door against reconciliation. I cannot permit myself to forget the warnings that have descended to us from many of the wisest and best statesmen and patriots of all time against this rigid and laughable mode of treating great popular discontents. I cannot overlook the fact that in the days of our fathers the horrors of civil war were not half so great as the sacrifice of his proud dignity by proposing to listen to their grievances, and even to make concessions to their reasonable demand long after they had placed themselves in armed resistance to all the power of Great Britain. Had George the Third listened to his words of wisdom, he might have saved the kingdom of England the dismemberment of a hundred millions of people. Had he refused to listen to complaints. I differ, then, with some of my right friends on the question as to whether we are bound to consider grievances. I think we are bound to do so, even if we do not believe in such grievances. After a full and calm examination of all the grounds of hostility to the present administration, I am ready to declare that if these are all the causes for a dissolution of the present common bond of association between the states, in my opinion no similar reasons have been adduced in modern times before made—having reasoning men. Let the proceed to analyze them, or by one.

Continued to-morrow.

LITTLE JESSE COOPER, who died at Dover, Vt., last Saturday, at the age of fourteen years, was, at the age of eleven as large as girls usually are at her age. About that time she began to fail, and for two years she received from deficient nutrition, but the development of her mental powers continued until her decease. What occasioned this lack of sufficient nutrition was more than her physicians were able to discover. The amount of food she was able to consume gradually diminished until for nearly a year she had been unable to take any solid food, and for three months previous to her death, she lived on two spoonfuls of buttermilk or whey per day. She died of emaciation, and so reduced was her body that it weighed only 29 pounds.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, February 4, 1860.

CONGRESSIONAL CORRESPONDENCE. The speech of Hon. William H. Seward in the Senate, and that of Hon. Charles Francis Adams in the House (which we commence in to-day's paper), are certainly to be regarded as the most important of the year. For the slaughtering of principles by the Republicans, but for a pacification of the troubles which now agitate the country and so seriously threaten the peace of the existing Government. The speech of Mr. Adams is justly regarded as one of the ablest and most accomplished productions that has emanated from the present Congress, and was listened to by the House and many distinguished persons from the free States, as well as in an especial manner by the South. There could scarcely have been a fairer presentation of the questions that now irritate and distract the country; and while no attempt is made to insult upon all that abstract justice relating to slavery might claim in the settlement of the contested points, the highest ground ever occupied by a dominant political party, in this country, is insisted upon; and while acting up to the full line of the principles upon which the Presidential election was carried, concessions involving really no loss, and such as, in the practical working of a government covering interests as conflicting as are found under our own, are not objected to: and if the conservative mind of the country can be aroused, there can be no doubt, we shall have for four years at least a tolerable state of quiet, during which time the government would have an opportunity to settle itself well. While the points of difference are quite fully and fairly commented upon, no word of aid or comfort is offered to those who wish to secede from the Union—no territory yet to be acquired. We commend the speech of Mr. Adams to the attention of our readers.

MORE DELEGATES TO WASHINGTON.—The legislature of Delaware has agreed upon the following gentlemen for delegates to the Washington conference:—George B. Rodney, Daniel M. Bates, Allen W. Houston, Dr. H. Ridgely and William Cannon.

Vermont, Governor Fairbanks has appointed to the same convention—Ex-Gov. Paul Dillingham, Gen. George Underwood, Hon. H. H. Baxter, Hon. L. E. Chittenden, and Hon. B. D. Harris.

Indiana. The Governor has appointed Gen. B. Smith, P. A. Hackleman, G. S. Orth, E. W. H. Lewis, and S. C. Slaughton, Commissioners to the Washington Convention.

Pennsylvania. William M. Meredith, James Pollock, Thomas E. Franklin, Thomas White, David Wilmot, Andrew W. Loomis, and William McKennan.

Rhode Island has appointed delegates, and Michigan has voted not to send. The Massachusetts legislature acts on the subject to-day, and the probability is will vote to send.

Gov. Andrew has sent the following dispatch to Gov. Dennison of Ohio:—

"BOSTON, January 20th, 1860.

Governor William Dennison:—We have not appointed, or decided to appoint, any postpone till after the inauguration.

JOHN A. ANDREW."

The Commissioners from New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, and North Carolina, had arrived at Washington last Saturday.

NEW YORK.—The Republicans of the New York legislature held a caucus last Saturday to nominate a candidate for United States Senator. On the tenth ballot Ira Harris received the nomination. The contest was between Harris, William M. Evarts, and Horace Greeley. Mr. Harris has for some years been a Judge of the Supreme Court, and we believe is a resident of Albany. He has never been a prominent politician, and will hardly be recognized by but few out of his own State, although he is a man of decided ability—a lawyer who stands well at the bar and in public estimation. He will be elected by a large majority, and will be found by the side of his colleague, Mr. Seward, in the effort of uniting faith in him numbers even in his own State, who perceived the necessity of union between the two and another candidate brought forward exclusively as the representative of the Union and the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws. The slaveholding States were then divided in the contest for President, neither of them venturing before the people to whatever the luxury of disunion. A very large minority of the aggregated voters sustained the most thoroughly pledged candidate, while the majority in Kentucky gave him their electoral votes, and even in the Old Dominion he came within before to waver in the course marked out by her acknowledged and ancient leaders. We seem to transfer her vote to the Republican side. All these events were not the immediate consequence of personal regard or affection to the Constitutional Government. How can only be accounted for by presuming a desire to see the government put it before. And the inference which I draw is that the fidelity of the majority of well-disposed persons have been unduly carried away in sympathy with their brethren and sisters of the South in South Carolina, so that they have not stopped calmly to weigh the just consequences of their own precipitation.

If I were to need more evidence to prove to me how close to the verge of discontent, outside of South Carolina, to act and in act of open violence, I do not think I could find it in the earnestness with which other causes have been set up in justification of that course. At first it was alleged that various grievances have been suffered, not to be endured, by the people of the South, and certain outrages have been committed there on the people of the slave-holding States which render their longer stay in the Union impossible, unless confidence can be restored in the guarantees may be supposed to stop the evil for the future. They aver that their rights are no longer secure in the Constitution, and that the Union has failed to withdraw them—has ceased to protect—shall have prepared no more for ultimate salvation.

They come to at and demand that these complaints shall be heeded, or that the appeal is denied, before they can consent to enter such under the authority of a constitutional union.

And here some of my friends on the right of the people to alter or abolish the best reason that they are shown from of having done wrong in electing a President avowedly to the Constitution, and that they are not aware of any real grievance that demand redress, and that they feel disposed to enter upon any experiment to quiet apprehensions which are in their opinion either artificial or imaginary. What they appeal to is the Constitution as it is—and it obedience to its requirements be not voluntarily rendered in any quarter, the only proper remedy is coercion.

I should be glad to see this disposed to regard

FROM WASHINGTON. Additional troops arrived in the city on Saturday. Gov. Hicks of Maryland, will be before the select committee to-day (Monday) as a witness concerning the alleged conspiracy to seize Washington city. The *New York Herald*, in referring to evidence before the committee, says that "a variety of plans have been discussed by those in the South who have been determined for years to break up the Union. First it was believed that a convention of the two houses could be prevented on the 14th inst., when the vote for President are to be counted, thereby availing a constitutional count of the electoral votes. Second, to prevent Mr. Lincoln from coming here by assassination or some other means. Third, to take the capital by attack and prevent his inauguration.

"It is the testimony of several witnesses that these plans were all seriously discussed and abandoned, upon the theory that it would be within the category of crimes punishable with death in the Union, and would not in the end accomplish the object the disunionists have in view. It is after a full canvass of the whole subject, it was finally decided to resort to the plan of a revolution, which was immediately initiated by South Carolina."

The Herald goes on with quite a lengthy statement as to the conspiracy by the secret organization, which has the appearance of being gotten up for a sensation, and nothing more.

There will be no attack on Fort Sumter until after the organization of the Southern Republic, unless an attempt is made to reinforce.

The South Carolina commissioner, Col Hayne, presented a communication to the President on Saturday, demanding the surrender of Fort Sumter, "first, on the ground of sovereignty, and of property; and second, on the ground of the right of the sovereign to convey to the public any property necessary for its own protection and independence, by paying therefore a fair compensation. The document assumes the complete independence of South Carolina, and this assumption carries with it the first proposition. It is understood the President that any attempt to reinforce Fort Sumter will be regarded a declaration of war. [Here is impudence and assurance enough for a generation.]

CONGRESS. Little business of moment was transacted in Congress on Saturday. In the Senate, petitions were presented in favor of the Crittenden-reso lutions. A joint committee was appointed to provide for counting the votes for President and Vice President. A bill to organize the Territory of Idaho (the Pike's Peak region), was considered, without definite action. The House passed the bill authorizing the issue of $23,000,000, with considerable opposition, by a vote of 124 to 46.

A NEW IDEA ON THE SUBJECT. The *New York Times* says that it has been suggested by a leading Northern Senator, that such States as have been acquired by negotiation from other nations, and have seceded from the Union, be now ceded back to their former owners, thereby securing the co-operations of those governments with our own, and punishing at the same time the refractory States. Louisiana, for instance, would go back to France and Florida to Spain.

LEGISLATURE. In the Senate Saturday, several matters were disposed of, but nothing of general interest.

In the House, among other petitions one was presented from R. J. Garrett and others, of this city, in aid of the Bank of Industry. The Military bill was recommitted to the Committee on Military Affairs, after providing for an emergency fund of $100,000, was ordered in secret session to be engrossed by an unanimous vote. Mr. Smith of Boston, introduced a bill in relation to the Militia, which was referred to the Committee on that subject.

PERIL OF FORT SUMTER. The accounts from Charleston concur in stating that formidable preparations are making by the South Carolinians to capture the fort by force. The Charleston correspondent of the *Baltimore American* writes under date of January 29th:—

"Reasonable it is, that the people of this State will never suffer Lincoln to hold and command the post. I observe every man in Charleston will subscribe $100 of his blood to flow from his veins before they will submit to that. The fort is ours, and the last ties that bound them to the old federal Union. They will listen to no compromise, and no man can be a traitor who not only as a foreign State.

A TELEGRAPHIC dispatch from Charleston, a few days since, announced that the Catawba Indians had tendered their services to the Governor of this State of South Carolina. The *Charleston Courier* is in high glee over "our ancient allies." The whole number of this tribe, men, women and children, is 140, and they must dissipated and poposum, at the last census, was two hundred.

OBITUARY. EX-GOVERNOR HARRIS, of Rhode Island, died Friday, at Providence. He was one of the Lincoln Electors.

Chief Justice Hall, of Nebraska, died on the 1st inst.

A PRIVATE letter in the *Norfolk Herald* from a volunteer in Charleston, says: "We are at present at Warrington with an army of 1600 or more, doing nothing. The Mississippi and Alabama boys are 'spoiling for a fight, but no prospects in advance of us for it. We can take Fort Pickens any time, but a political question behind this present delay the assault."

THE fraternal advice of the *Providence Journal* to Kansas is—"Now, young sister State, don't you go and secede before we have a chance to spend a few millions on you."

IT has not been usual to add new stars to the American flag before the 4th of July, but the flags over the Capitol, at Washington, bore the thirty-fourth star in honor of Kansas promptly on the admission of the State.

DANIEL S. DICKINSON says that the destruction of the American Union would be a second fall to man—more sinful than the first, because without temptation, and more atal, because beyond the prospect of redemption.

HON. CHARLES RODENICK, Governor of Kansas, is a native of this State, and for early resided at Fitchburg.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ By order of the Board of the School Committee the Ordination on Teachers will commence at the Office of the Committee Rooms in City Hall Building, on Tuesday, February 7th, 1860, at 9 o'clock A. M.

CHAPMAN COMMITTEE on Teachers.

February 4th, 1860. jan31<2w

Superior Court, Middlesex County.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1860.

1880—Hiram Bowers, Assignee, for Plaintiff. Ira Gardner for Defendant.

1881—Ebenezer Lowell. Bacon for Plaintiff. Hadley for Defendant.

1882—Hiram A. Johnson. Hayward for Plaintiff. Hadley for Defendant.

1883—Caldwell et al. Moran. Ripley for Plaintiff. Hadley for Defendant.

1884—Blanchard vs. Farley. Upton for Plaintiff. Hadley for Defendant. Pearson for Plaintiff.

1885—Farley vs. Johnson. Pearson for Plaintiff. Hadley for Defendant.

Attest, EDWARD F. JOHNSON, Clerk.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1860.

1886—Grimes vs. Kimball. Pearson for Plaintiff. Hadley for Defendant.

1887—Hayward vs. Bailey. Bacon and Farnsworth for Plaintiff. Griffin and Sanderson for Defendant.

MORE DELEGATES TO WASHINGTON.—The Tuesday morning, &c. The evening's proceedings about two o'clock, the roof of the building on Gage Street owned and occupied by Mr. J. W. Robinson, fell a rioting school, fell in, breaking out the side walls and ruining the building. The building was about 35 by 45 feet, and the loss to Mr. Robinson, he estimates, at not less than $3000. For tunately the persons were all out when the crash occurred. We hope that public expression will be such that Mr. R. will feel induced to replace the building immediately.

A carriage house on Worthen Street, next to the Baptist Church was also crushed last Saturday night, by a slide from the roof. The timbers were all cut when the crash occurred. We hope that public expression will be such that Mr. R. will feel induced to replace the building immediately.

A chimney on the Kirk Street Church, (Rev. Dr. Blanchard's) was thrown down on Saturday evening by a snow slide, without other damage resulting.

A chimney on Wellis' Hall was also thrown into Merrimack Street by a snow slide the same evening. Several persons were passing at the time, but happened not to be struck by the piece of brick or by the snow. A branch of a tree and a part of the iron awning over one of the store-windows broken.

A snowslide yesterday from the old station-house on Middle Street, broke out a window in No. 3 Primary School house.

The snow-slides, other accidents, and as the crushing of sheds and small stables, but hear of no serious injury to any person, although there were several "hair breadth escapes" and one or two were knocked down by snow-slider during Saturday afternoon and evening.

EXAMINATION OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS. The examination of the Primary Schools commenced this forenoon. We looked in-to the Primary School, taught by Misses A. J. Baker and Olive W. Bean, and judge from what we saw and heard that they were in a prosperous condition. The examination in the different studies were satisfactory, and there was perfect order during the exercises. According to the recent report of the School Committee, the average number belonging to Miss Baker's school in 1860 was thirty-five. There were fifty-two present this forenoon and the average daily attendance is about fifty. The average number belonging to Miss Bean's school is fifty-eight, and the attendance to-day was little more than fifty, the average daily attendance being fifty-two. The school of Miss Bean's is the same long, we understand, has presented a gratifying and satisfactory state of things.

DISTURBING A MEETING. Robert Crumbley, a religious enthusiast undertook last evening to speak in the meeting held at Wyman's church, by a branch of the Methodist. He continued to speak, but still persisted in his unreasonable conduct, until it was found necessary to arrest and convey him to the station-house, which was done soon until after 8 o'clock. Yesterday morning he was arraigned before the Police Court, and fined $5 and costs, which he paid. Joseph McEvoy, a companion of Crumbley, was similarly arrested, and, though the Legislature has not yet

WORK OF ART—NEW PANORAMA. Mr. Robert and William Schuessele, the well-known artists, have just completed for Mr. J. G. Hubbard of this city, a splendid panorama, illustrating the tour of the Prince of Wales in this country. As a work of art, it excels in all its details, faithfully portraying the public receptions with views of the towns, cities, and every place visited by the distinguished foreign guissed stranger. The Pearson brothers have added new laurels to their already acquired fame in this production, and now, in addition to the painting of paintings, stand at the very head of their profession. We learn that this panorama was painted expressly for a tour through England, but are in hopes that the proprietor will unveil it in this city, the place of its production before its final departure.

LOWELL, February 2nd, 1861.

EDITOR COURIER:—Permit me to contradict a rumor which is in circulation in this city in the case of *Prentice vs. Stone*, it was reported and believed that the "Governor had the right to disband military companies" after such question was raised or discussed—I do not fully question the right of the Governor. Adjutant General had the right to take away the arms furnished by the State *after* the company was disbanded.

Yours,

B. F. B.

LEWIS'S GYMNASTICS. The juvenile and adult classes in the above, will meet in Carleton Hall, to-morrow, at 5 and 7 1-2 P. M. Members will please take notice of the door. Persons wishing to join either class can then receive tickets.

MUSEUM. This evening, Shakspeare's tragedy of "Macbeth" will be presented at Gorham Hall, the leading part to be taken by Mr. and Mrs. Nourse.

THE WEATHER. From a melting mood, the atmosphere has become quite cold, the mercury standing at about 20 above zero this forenoon. From appearances we would advise our readers to "look out for a snow storm about this time."

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. The following cases will be entered to-day and are to be argued on Saturday:—William P. Wellington et al. Robert M. Campbell. B. F. Butler for plaintiff, Tappan Wentworth for defendant.

In Equity, Royal Call et. Otis Allen. Ezra Ripley for complainant, B. F. Butler for respondent.

THE STATE OF HEALTH AT CHARLESTON. A well informed correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press*, in a late letter from Charleston, gives the following representation of the state of feeling in that vicinity:—

"It fell upon in previous letters that the health of the city was in our occasion; and, also, there is scarcely a reasonable doubt that many in Charleston for course I do not include those who have fled from the city, but those who have been compelled by the force of circumstances to remain, there are many who have been suffering from the effects of bad drainage, and the various unhealthy causes common to the tainted mud flats which the city is built upon. Since the above was written, there are many cases of yellow and bilious fever reported in the city, and the number of deaths has increased to an alarming extent within TEN MINUTES walk of the Battery, there are now lying sick with yellow fever no less than seven families, and others, that are reported to say that they have had the fever in their families."

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building. jan31

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1860.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms on a cash basis. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

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Alfred E. Howe, Caleb Butler,
John W. Daniels, Caleb W. Marsh,
Joseph Nesmith, Edward Kidder,
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Amos A. Miller, Abraham T. Lowe,
Joseph F. Richardson, Nathan Crosby.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

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jan28

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are certain to recommend it to those who examine its operations for a moment. It is the only Machine in the market that will do a perfect Back Stitch, and is capable of a greater variety of work than any other machine. It will sew from the finest cambric to the heaviest cloth, and will do it with less thread and needles than any other machine. It will hem, fell, bind, braid, gather and sew on at the same time. It will do the most beautiful Embroidery. It will do every kind of work that can be done on any machine, and will do it better than any other machine. It will do more work in a given time than any other machine. It will do more work in a given time than any other machine. It will do more work in a given time

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
a few opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, assortment and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.
All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock.
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will tell best their own story. Or
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the State or Boston, at my China and Crockery Emporium.
Please remember,
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec9 W. DEARDEN.

A VALUABLE BOOK is devoted one of the best specifics in America for a friend—and it may be found in almost every family. Read the following:
WOMAN IN HEALTH: from Science and Experience. Portrait Gallery of Female Loveliness. Beauty and Deformity—with Hints for Dress. Engravings.
PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT; by Rev. B. Dutcher.
CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs. Jameson. Illustrated.
HYDROPATHY FOR THE MILLION.
THE LAND AND THE BOOK; by Dr. Thompson.
HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.
BEECHER'S BIBLE THEOLOGY—new edition, in tinted paper, full gilt.
The English and American Poets—in superb styles and prices.
BUNYAN'S PILGRIMS PROGRESS, Illustrated by C. H. Bennett—splendid engravings.
With a large variety of NEW and USEFUL books at cheap prices.
BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS AND PSALTERS—in both English and German.
Also—Portfolios, Desks, Portemonnaies, Albums, and Fancy Goods. Books, all of the Day, for sale by
J. J. JUDKINS,
dec19 No. 3 Merrimack Square.

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE at low prices, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 43 Merrimack St.
jan19

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
—AND—
Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse.
Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,
WARE suitable for earlier Houses,
GOOD quality, and VERY low in price, at the old
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack street.
apr14 W. DEARDEN.

SHAWMUT COMPANY'
CLARINE COAL OIL.
THE subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the above ILLUMINATING OIL, which for color, odor and burning qualities is warranted equal to any in the market.
The above will be sold at the low price of 75 cts. per gal of equal quality, and a liberal discount made to the trade. Also a superior article of LARD CATINGO Oil, equal to sperm, at less than two thirds its cost.
GRANVILLE MEARS,
Sole Agent for the above Oils,
93 & 95 Water street, Boston.
Boston, Sept. 19, 1860. sept12d3m3m

TO THE LADIES.
BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for the Toilet. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Sunburn, Freckles, Tan, Pimples and Flippers, and improving the complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by DR. DIX, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. aug31

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MORE MUSIC.
"He that hath no music in himself," &c. &c.
IT is natural, true pleasure to the memories and Christmas, by Felix Berthold—arranged for Piano. Price One Dollar.
Tuneful Gallop, by Carl Zerrahn.
Every Piano Needs Quick Music, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Valentine Exquisites from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.
All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of G. Schirmer & Co., Boston, and for sale by C. H. HUNT, 17 Central st. myl7

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which cannot be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at
dec14 E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

HAN'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
no17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the citizens of Lowell to a splendid article for exercise, just from Paris—The Patent Chest EXPANDER. For sale at
no17 E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.
THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, explained in so simple a manner that any person may comprehend this useful art. Sold by
jan19 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares, and for cleaning Marble Tops, Marble Tile, &c. Equal to any of the high priced cleaning Compounds, it is invaluable in cleaning Silver and Plated Ware. For sale by H. S. HAYNES, 43 Merrimack and 80 Merrimack sts. 3m20

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.
NEW and superior Rice Meal, manufactured from Seconds, and for sale at
no27* SAM'L N. WOOD, 61 Market st.

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
AT
H. S. HAYNES,
WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 43 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Post-Office.

THE CHINA HAS COME
THAT has so long been dreaded by both North and South,—viz: "How to meet the Secession" question—and one which is ably answered by H. S. HAYNES, in his book on this subject. Sale by H. S. HAYNES, 43 Merrimack st. Call and get one.
jan5

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.
HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, H. H. Cured in August, 1856, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.
LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H. Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Shoulders, in April, 1859. Is in perfect health now, and never after shows a trace of it.
A.—WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell. Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any return since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.
THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Chelsea Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.
H. I. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston. His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a dull suffering.
E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nurserymen, Brighton, Mass.
Cured of Inflammation, Neuralgia and Gout. Confined to his bed three months with intense pain along the spine, and between the shoulders. Was entirely relieved by the use of one bottle, with three bottles of the Nervous Curative, eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.
JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H., Cured of Nervous Prostration, and many complications, two years ago. No pain since.
JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H. Cured of Chilblains by one application.
Mrs. ANN E. PHASHIE, Hill, Lowell. Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of excruciating suffering. No return of pain.
SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell. Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in Decatur, Illinois, in October of last year. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.
L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot. His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.
J. B. EA ON, Esq., Nashua, N. H. Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. Is in perfect health.
Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H. Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.
ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell. Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.
CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell. His wife cured of intense suffering from Neuralgia, after four years' standing, and Partial Paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.
JOHN LAWRENCE, Bedford, Cole Co., Illinois. Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by only one application of the Curative. No return of pain since.
GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Stoneham. Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.
L. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Prottidence. Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralysis in the right leg, 5 years. Ordered, 1858, given up by 11 physicians that he could never get better. Now as well as any man in Lowell.
REV. F. CUTTER, Rev., Pelham, N. H. Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering. Cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain, by the use of one bottle of the Curative, and has had no return of pain since cured.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead. Cured of severe Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.
HAZEN HARNARD, Marblehead. Cured of severe Rheumatism and Neuralgia.
Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H. Cured of Rheumatism, severe case in the ear, eyes and forehead, by one application.
Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now in Lowell. Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having tried all the usual remedies pronounced by the faculty ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.
THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thompson, Conn.
Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully, cured with two bottles.
T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica. Was cured of Neuralgia in the face, after a north ing using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease since.
OLIVER MORSE, Dracut. Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured, and for 3 months and found no relief; was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative two years ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.
ASA A. PALMER, Lowell. Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 20 years of agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health since cured, and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.
Mrs. MARY ANN CHERVIER, Dracut. Was cured of severe Neuralgia after 5 years of 5 years' standing with two bottles of the Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health; and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.
J. H. HUMPHREY, Esq., Boston. Cured of Neuralgia in May, 1860, after suffering intensely four years.
WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 43 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Post-Office.
THAT has so long been dreaded by both North and South,—viz: "How to meet the Secession" question—and one which is ably answered by H. S. HAYNES, in his book on this subject. Sale by H. S. HAYNES, 43 Merrimack st. Call and get one.
jan5
Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

RICH GOODS,
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAT STORE, &C., &C.
Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec20

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with the highest and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much used by the nobility and gentry as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is called after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent and it is a valuable addition to the stores of sLOW AND WARE DIGESTION."—The Lancet.
"A very delicious, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of the inventor."—Morning Chronicle.
"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—The Atlas.
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDINER G. YVELIN,
and BRAY & HAYES, 31 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.
2caw1jan19

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufactories, for sale at the
N W MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.
All kinds of Musical Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments for sale cheap. jan1

Curtain Fixtures,
On a New Principle,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,
in every respect,
Selling quite low !!
D. A. DEARDEN'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 49 MER IMACK STREET.
apr14

PIANO FORTES.

BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
50 Central Street, 50
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Pianos,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It only can the most magnificent and best selected Stock
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
The HIGH FENCERS of the present fashionable trade, by all of workmen, from the sewers of
MARIE, CAIN, &c., manufactur d to order. dec1
WM. GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
ALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Pianos, which have received the highest premium over all other competitors at the late Fair of the Mechanic Association, and continue to give a good account of the above-named makers' Pianos. Also, Agents for Prince's Melodeons, Saraphins, &c., under contract, to be the best Piano-Fortes made. Warerooms, No. 17 Merrimack street, Lowell. June 1, 1860. 1y jun15

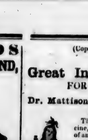
Music Books.
JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Music suitable for the Parlor, Concert and Dancing, composed whose name is a household word throughout the World. Two vols. Price $1 each.
The Music is printed from Engraved Plates, and complete in every department. By Edward Hamm.
Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Duetts from the most popular Italian Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and singing classes. By Edward Hamm.
The above books are for sale at C. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where a complete assortment of Music Books can be found.
Any piece of Music to be found in the country for sale at short notice. Remember the place,
17 Central street.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR.
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Burnett's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., &c., for the Hair, is the best preparation for curing diseases of the scalp, and for preventing the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It prevents its turning gray.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when dry, and renders it soft and glossy.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It removes dandruff in a few days.
It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.
Sold by all druggists. Ask for BURNETT'S COCOAINE.
C. M. BURNETT & CO., Cincinnati, O.
Sold by H. S. HAYNES, 43 Merrimack and 80 Merrimack sts.
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS, Lowell.
Sold by GARDINER G. YVELIN, and BRAY & HAYES, 31 Cornhill, Boston.
Sold by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.
2caw1jan19

Kinsler's Lirocone.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Plated Ware, Jewelry, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *all* that is claimed, cheap, and easily applied. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as *fresh as new*, as equal has never been discovered for the above uses.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
mar19

SHILOH LUNG SONG BOOK.
CONTAINING 175 of the most Sacred, National Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov9

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large increase. This is seen immediate, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, (when ordered) to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.
Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of the Sole Agent.
Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.
N. B. This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature. Dr. MATTISON is a member of MEN and WOMEN of regularly educated physician of TWENTY YEARS' practice, giving his whole attention to this Specialty, and if you desire relief call on or address him Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicine will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Dr. M. has had unparalleled success in patients from abroad wishing for a secure and *perfect Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.
—PARTICULAR CAUTION—
IF In these days of medical empiricism, when men assumedly by physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful in whom they apply for aid in case of making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make it the *greatest practice* to do so, vertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are *empirics*, and if you should be induced to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. DR. MATTISON will send free, to anyone who sends a stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally; also Circulars giving full information, with the most unanswerable references and testimonials, without which no advertising physician of medicine at this kind is deserving of AN IOTA OF CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
IF Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in the State, who makes a spec ialty of Private Diseases, as he gives the very best references and testimonials, both in the monthly and Boston papers, as to his character and others, LETTHEM DO THE SAME; otherwise they have but little claim upon you for confidence.
Orders for mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.
August 25, 1860. aug25d1y

PRESTON'S
PATENT COCOA BUTTER,
A SOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the *Theobroma cacao*, or Chocolate Nut, and commonly known by DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS, BRONCHIAL TUBES, COUGHS, COLD NOSES, CHAPPED FACE AND HANDS, ITCHING, SCALY OR PIMPLY SKIN, DISEASES OF THE LUNGS than Cod Liver Oil has had in much more than
Preston's Bromade,
a bottled Cocoa, prepared from the pure Cocoa Butter, (not Cocoanut Oil), by the chemical Preparations and Bromide of Potassium, by the use of preparations, this *Bromade* contains no Alcohol or other poisonous body, for the purpose of rendering it portary recitation, to be followed by irritation, so often the case with other Bromides. Sold by druggists generally.
CHAS. F. PRESTON & CO.
Sole Agents, No. 36 Central Street, Boston.
Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. nov17

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
50 Central Street, 50
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It only can the most magnificent and best selected Stock
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
The HIGH FENCERS of the present fashionable trade, by all of workmen, from the sewers of
MARIE, CAIN, &c., manufactur d to order. dec1

A GOOD
Sewing Machine For $10.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the sole agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would say that it is the result of all the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and combines the above point to purchase will favor me with a call at E. S. Hunt's Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central Street, where a competent person will attend, and be found at all times to explain the machine.
N. C. CARTER.
17 Central st. nov17

CAST STEEL BELLS,
PRICE REDUCED.

Those Bells have been on an established reputation, and are stronger and cheaper than any other in the class bells. In power and beauty of tone they are unrivalled. In the several trials they are warranted to stand *ten years* without cracking, and do not. The great power of their immense strength is the fact, that none of our bells have ever been or after being properly hung and tuned and used with ordinary care.
Each bell is warranted for one year, and if found to crack after that time, *half price* is allowed in exchange for new bells. Those who have purchased our bells do not ask 10 per cent. cheaper than a competition.
In consequence of improvements in the manufacture, we are now enabled to afford our Bells at a reduction of 10 per cent.
Prices, terms and circulars, with testimonials, furnished on application to
NAYLOR & CO.,
No. 26 State Street, Boston.
And Nos. 99 and 101 John street, New York.
oct26 1y

NOTICE.
THE subscriber being about to change his business, will sell his entire stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
with the Fixtures, in one of the best located stores for the business in Lowell. For particulars inquire of the subscriber, at 38 Central street.
dec5d1y E. B. HAYWARD.

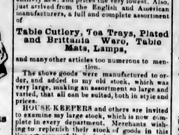
A FEW grains of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by JUDKINS, & John st.
nov22

DUNICE STONE SOAP.—This Soap will effectually cover the hands and face with a pure and white. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. nov27

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
we can, the PROPRIETORS feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT AND NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law, Mercantile, Address, Bill, Ball, Programmes, Catalogues, Circulars, Town Reports, Newspapers,
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the highest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND; RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Also, a large and handsome stock of *pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted for the inscription of worn-in pens and in boards to be cut to order.*
Z. E. STONE,
W. HUSE, } Proprietors.



IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries,
T. & R. BOOTH, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, DINNER, DESSERT, TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware, which he will sell at the lowest cash or retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality, and will be entirely new in pattern, and prices very lowest. Also, just arrived from the English and French manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to mention.
The above goods were manufactured to order, and are selected in the best manner. They are very large, making an assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.
HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete, before purchasing elsewhere, as I am desirous to replenish their stock of goods in this line with customers, and will sell as low as can be sold in this city, or in Boston.
Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them, and I am sure I will *please purchasers* to sell them to you.
Also, a large assortment of Lamps, the best assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale or retail, that can be found at H. S. HAYNES'. Remember the place, 43 Merrimack street, less than 2 rods from the post office.
dec7 H. S. HAYNES.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up, in the IRON FENCES of their own pattern and
CUSHING & MACK,
Nos. 123 and 125 Merrimack street,
Lowell, Mass.
may26

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.
A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of the Violin, Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., at reasonable prices. Also, Violins and Guitars for sale cheap. Orders left at Dyer's Music Store, and Piano Ware Room, 41 Central street, will be attended to.
sep28

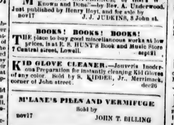
"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Wonders in the Spiritual World," Illustrated and Published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by
E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.
nov17

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE largest and most miscellaneous works in the world, for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street, Lowell, Mass.
nov17

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Answers to Cooley—an Preparation for instantly cleaning kid gloves of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Morning, corner of John street.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S,
nov17 17 Central street.



For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. B. KEYMOUR & CO., 102 NASSAU STREET, New York.
Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS,
may1 1860

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and delightful remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tan, Sallowness and Discolorations of the skin. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.
nov27

GOVERNOR VALVES
FOR Stationary Engines, of "Lyon's Patent," Rochester, N. Y.; also "Finn's Patent Globe and Governor Valves," for sale by
H. H. BARKER,
jel4d1 No. 8 Central st.

"CITY"
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 84 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,
MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds. Malleable Iron Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.
Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valve" and Fuller's "Patent Boiler Feeder and Grease Guard."
STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. PIPING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and despatch.
Lowell, June 2, 1860. jel7

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
R. B. BARKER, Proprietor.
WHOLESALER and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water. Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes, generally used by engineers, contractors for heating buildings by steam, and all others. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest styles, constantly on hand. Steam Whistles, Valves, &c., &c. Jobbing executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.
Works, No. 19 Howe St., Belvidere.
Store, No. 8 Central st., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

Coal and Wood.
HARD Coal, Stove, Nut and Grate. Smoke' Coal, &c. Also, best quality of Wood, cut and split, delivered to any part of the city, at
NO. 89 MIDDLE STREET.
Having made arrangements with wharfs by which we can receive Coal by the cargo, we are now prepared to furnish it at the lowest market rates. Orders left at No. 89 Middle street and at the office, WILLIAM HAYWARD & CO.
Lowell, Aug 4, 1860. aug4

A Splendid Stock !
FALL & WINTER GOODS !
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his superior stock of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONERY,
Which he has now ready for inspection.—Goods.
B. T. THOMPSON,
No. 91 Merrimack Street
and
EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
SPLENDID OPENING OF MR. LINERY GOODS !
Having, for the present season, the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles, of the very latest and most fashionable, comprising a
Bonnet,
from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Hats—I feel confident in suiting the most fastidious taste.
Please give me an early call, and save one dollar on every bonnet you purchase. Also, one fancy BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.
MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Also, a splendid assortment of Ribbons.
Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.
Lowell, Nov. 17, 1859. nov17 3m

E. G. KELLEY,
110 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Compound.
Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Compound.
Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, from the Crude Petroleum, and are
PURE SPERM OIL.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Woolen Mills, &c., &c.
Patented and Manufactured by E. G. KELLEY, New York.
Also, E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Carriages, Axles, &c., &c.
Patented and Manufactured by E. G. KELLEY, New York.
Also, E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Burning, Viz: Solar Lamp Oil, Winter Strained Lard Oil, Patent Refined Lard Oil, Patent Refined Whale Oil, Patent Refined Sperm Oil, Patent Refined Neatsfoot Oil, Patent Refined Elephant Oil, Patent Refined Porpoise Oil, Patent Refined Seal Oil, Patent Refined Menhaden Oil, Patent Refined Shark Oil, Patent Refined Crude Oil, Patent Refined Fish

than ten years. It has been freely open to slaveholders with their slaves during all that period. Slavery has enjoyed all the protection that a government favorable to it in all its branches has been able to extend over it. The territorial organization has nursed the bantling by every artificial process, even to the concoction of a terrible slave-code, which has but one obstacle to its exercise, and that is the absence of all desire to execute it, as well as for the want of slaves to whose use to apply it. So it has been stretched over upon white people. What more could have been done for protection, if your constitutional amendment had been in operation? What more could be done if it were adopted now? Does New Mexico is under the shield of the Supreme Court. Congress can't prohibit slavery there in the face of that tribunal. New Mexico has now twenty-two slaves on the surface of two hundred thousand square miles of her extent. And of those only twelve are domiciled. The remainder are but transient residents. New Mexico, shows, then, at this moment all that ten years of protection of slavery have made her. She has a slave code and twelve slaves. And yet you want more protection and you threaten a dissolution of the Union if you don't get it forgetting, I apprehend, that if you execute your threat, instead of getting more you may lose all that you have already obtained. If New Mexico has a population ready to slave a year during all the time you have had to put them there, it is scarcely likely that the number will increase after your protecting care shall have been totally withdrawn. I think it needs no more than argument to show that the question whether this shall or shall not be slave territory, is like that alluded to by the Roman poet, "*de lana caprina*," or in other words, of getting wool out of a goat.

I say there is answer to the demand of a constitutional guarantee of protection to a territory like Mexico, that you are asking for what in substance you enjoy already, and what is good for nothing to you if you get it. You have got your right to your slaves to New Mexico, for the excellent reason that you are doing all that you can to bear one there. Yet still, as this is all the territory left, about which there is any contention between us, the consequence is that anything that with an intermediate proposal to settle it once for all by making it a State. This puts an end to all further contention about prohibition or protection. The people of the territory have all the power that is granted to them on the statute book of determining the question for themselves. You have no right under the law under which they say make a nine points in the law. We have on our side the reality of the matter, unfavorable to all forms of agricultural labor, and therefore unpropitious to slavery. Let us abide by that result now, which we have to come sooner or later. If no one arises to say I do not [illegible] it. And I will quote a remark made to me personally on the subject by one of the gentlemen in the opposite side of the committee, who objected to the proposition because he said it put us both on false positions. We should be censured at home for voting to admit a slave State, whilst he should meet with similar treatment for consenting to admit another free State. Now it seemed to me on the contrary that the very position of this chance was exactly that which would justify both of us in our respective action. Yet I confess I should be very unwilling to enter into the proposition, unless we can all agree to regard it as a peace thing to rest forever a troublesome cause of dissension. I have no desire to vote for it if it is not acceptable to the other side. But even if they should reject it, I think the offer ought at least to distinguish every future complaint about the admission of slaveholders from the territories, and every pretence that the refusal to grant protection is good cause for their present violent courses.

The dissolution of the Union would scarcely tend to make more slaves in the territories of the United States. There is much doubt whether it will enlarge the number anywhere. He thinks not at any rate, if he thought better to let New Mexico remain in its present condition, even though it be a slaveholding territory, than under the present power of change by Congress, I am content. On all other accounts excepting as a settlement of strife, I regard it with this as the most Bivinable course. But in either event I see no reason for the secession from its statute-book, under the authority expressly reserved to Congress, of that portion of it, as well described by my friend from Ohio. I cannot imagine that any one calm, right-minded man of either party could object to it. In permitting its continuance for a moment, we only condemn ourselves.

But now comes a further claim in this connection. We are asked to do more to guarantee slavery within our own territories, but we must provide for it in those of our neighbors, before we can consent. When in committee I recollect that two distinguished gentlemen declared in this connection as any more, from the moment we refused to enter into this matter. I believe that this fact was entered by them as public property. I confess it appeared to me somewhat singular that the proposition to this conclusion should come just at this point. And that we should be driven to a final separation of the States because we did not agree to declare in the Constitution that we meditated at any and all times an encroachment upon foreign States. And, to that end, we were making a preliminary rule of arrangement about territories, which without the smallest regard to the disposition or convenience of those who may be citizens at the time. In my simplicity, I had imagined it was a fundamental principle of all negotiations to let the affairs of other countries speak for themselves in regard to their own affairs. I had supposed they might have a word to say about so material a question as the introduction of slavery. All these considerations appear to have been overlooked. And we are told that the Union must be dissolved if we refuse to put in the Constitution a pledge that we will protect slavery in the States of Sonora or Coahuila or Chihuahua or New Leon when *we get them*. In order to comprehend how this proceeding will look to strangers, let me suppose that the British Parliament were to entertain the question what sort of organic law they should enact respecting the labor to be employed in the gold region of America south of the 49th parallel: *hereafter to be acquired*. Should we not regard it as a pretty comical sort of assumption? And yet we should be informed that Scotland had become fixed in her determination to break up the Union because Great Britain declined to consider this subject, what would then be our amusement. Yet I see little difference between this picture and that which we present ourselves. Instead of quietly quarrelling about the way we shall dispose of our neighbor's property when there is no particular prospect of our getting it at all. Have we not difficult problems enough to solve within our present acquisitions and graphical limits, to save us the necessity of puzzling our brains with others that are without? I can scarce repress a smile at this idea of territory *hereafter to be acquired*, even amidst all the painful solicitude of the immediate struggle. Is it not, I ask you, Mr. Speaker, an abstraction more extraordinary than all the rest.

The torrid and last of the causes of grievance is perhaps the most singular of all. It attaches itself to no act of commission or of omission whatever, but is a mere apprehension of what may be done hereafter — It is said that the party which has now succeeded in the popular election has increased in numbers with so great rapidity, and that it shows itself so animated by a hostility to slavery as to render all reliance upon its present professions of moderation utterly illusory. The case then stands thus:—We are to dissolve the Union not about a reality, but from a fear. What! can this be so? The chivalrous State of South Carolina frightened? The brave ancient Dominion stricken with panic? The vigorous State of Georgia in dismay! And all for fear! Not on account of the Chicago platform, the only authorized exposition of the policy of the successful party. No! That is not complained of as dangerous. The terror comes from the alarming language of particular individuals. Mr. —— is a one had and so-and-so in a speech. Another gentleman, an editor, had written so-and-so in his newspaper. Mr. Senator Seward had spoken at one time of an irrepressible conflict, and of invasion designed at some time or other upon slavery, so, by way of proving him a false prophet and a calumniator, the inhabitants of the whole aggrieved parties propose no longer to attempt to repress the conflict, but rather to invite invasion in good earnest by beginning it themselves. So Mr. Lincoln, our President elect, is charged to have said in Illinois some time ago, that a crisis would be reached and passed. And because he had been so told so he quote the words, qt an authority before whose name all Christendom bows — "A house divided against itself cannot stand," whereupon the complainants proceed to disprove the proposition by immediately bringing on a crisis, and instead of waiting for the hours to fall, setting vigorously to work to pull it down about our ears. And all this from fear lest those predictions should be verified hereafter.

Concluded to-morrow.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, February 5, 1861.

The Washington conference. The convention, the members of which are now assembling in Washington, is likely to attract much public attention for some weeks to come. Whatever good is to come of this movement, or whether it proves a failure and leaves the country in a worse state than it was before the Convention was assembled, are matters that none can predict with any degree of certainty. But we are inclined to the opinion that its celiberations will be fraught with good results. Congress is making little progress, if any, toward a justification of the troubles; no one seems to have any desire to assume the responsibility; and with the exception of Mr. Crittenden, who offers the turkey to the South and the buzzard to the North, no proposition is put forward; all seem willing to let matters rest as they are. It has voluntarily placed itself in the position it is to-day found, and is also divided as to the cause of its extraordinary acts—one claiming one thing as the reason and another something entirely different.

In the convention will be high-minded, conservative men—men who have not directly been mixed up in the controversies that have arisen in Congress, and from them it is possible that some proposition may come, aql some agreement be made, that will be satisfactory to the South and to the North. But we presume that very few expect to arrive at anything that will be satisfactory to the extremists of the South, who have determined upon a dissolution of the Union at all hazards. But if the border States can be reconciled with anything reasonable, and the States that have not allowed the matter to be [illegible] and others can be held in their present position till a straight jacket can be put upon them, or they come to their senses after a short trial of their new scheme. They can not unite. Already the independence of Louisiana is discussed; and Texas, too, will prefer to return to its first position rather than to link itself with other States, if fatality its separation from the Union is complete. A half-dozen kingdoms will then be exposed to the Niggers, the Indians, and the aggressions in their borders; and when the prestige of power the cosionists will have from that which they have plundered from the National Government is exhausted, they will then, probably, be compelled to succumb to a strength at home greater than their own, or seek the protection of the government they now assume to look upon with indifference and contempt.

Were there no hopes, then, of an honorable compromise with the border States, we should view with doubt the expediency of this convention; but a compromise with them must not be made at a sacrifice of the principles of the Republican party.—From appearances, as already expressed, able and conservative men are to be in the convention. From Virginia it is announced this morning that a thorough Union delegation has been selected. Seventeen States are represented, not including, of the New England States, Massachusetts and Maine. Of the rest only one, Rhode Island, appears not to have been overlooked. And we are told that the Union must be dissolved if we refuse to put in the Constitution a pledge that we will protect slavery in the States of Sonora or Coahuila or Chihuahua or New Leon *when we get them*. In order to comprehend how this proceeding will look to strangers, let me suppose that the British Parliament were to entertain the question what sort of organic law they should enact respecting the labor to be employed in the gold region of America south of the 49th parallel: *hereafter to be acquired*. Should we not regard it as a pretty comical sort of assumption? And yet we should be informed that Scotland had become fixed in her determination to break up the Union because Great Britain declined to consider this subject, what would then be our amusement. Yet I see little difference between this picture and that which we present ourselves. Instead of quietly quarrelling about the way we shall dispose of our neighbor's property when there is no particular prospect of our getting it at all. Have we not difficult problems enough to solve within our present acquisitions and graphical limits, to save us the necessity of puzzling our brains with others that are without? I can scarce repress a smile at this idea of territory *hereafter to be acquired*, even amidst all the painful solicitude of the immediate struggle. Is it not, I ask you, Mr. Speaker, an abstraction more extraordinary than all the rest.

Rumor. It is rumored that the troops that have for some weeks been threatening Fort Pickens at Pensacola, have begun to withdraw, feeling the capture of the Fort a more difficult operation than at first supposed.

It is also reported that the revenue cutter Lewis Cass has been surrendered to the State authorities.

Congress. Mr. Crittenden, in the Senate, presented several memorials in favor of his resolutions. A remonstrance from people of Michigan against any change of the constitution was presented. Mr. Slidell, of Louisiana, presented the ordinances of secession of his State, and in a farewell speech attempted a justification of the course of his constituents. He went on to say that they considered a new confederacy would not attempt to improve upon the Constitution of the United States. It recognized all obligations and all existing treaties, those respecting the African slave trade included. It will be willing to assume its just proportion of the public debt, and account for all property of the United States which it has been compelled to seize in self-defence. It would recognize the right of the inhabitants of the valley of the Mississippi to the free navigation of that river without tax or toll of any kind. They hope for peace, but the decision of this question depends upon the free States. The North might, if it chose, consider them bound to stay in the Union, and deny the right, he would not say of secession, but of revolution or rebellion, if they choose to call it so. It might ignore the Declaration of Independence and attempt to reduce the South to subjection. It might declare a blockade, but the South would meet that and refuse to permit the introduction of the commerce or manufactures of the North, and would meet them on the sea under the old flag, for they did not intend to give up the old flag. They appealed to the South as much as to the North. They would get vessels from the same places which new carry on the slave trade, Cuba and New England. He referred to the blockade of Southern ports, and thought foreign nations would not admit. The South would not commence the fight. He denied the charge that they intended to form a connection of a long-contemplated plot, and claimed that it was the calm and deliberate action of the people.

Mr. Benjamin, the second Senator from Louisiana, also "spoke" his parting speech. He was sorry to part, and regarded as heretofore, and argued against the idea that Louisiana could not secede because she was bound as the property of the United States. Louisiana entered under a treaty which guaranteed to the citizens of the territory protection of property. He claimed that she had special reasons for going out because the treaty stipulations under which she acquired it had been broken entirely by the government. He claimed that the charge of intended aggression on the South was an admission of oppression, for never in the history of the world did millions rise in insurrection for power and justice, and when the people with common consent refuse to be ruled, it is revolutionary command against whom the revolt is made. The people of the South glory in such treason as gloried in the soil of Lexington, burnt forth from the lips of Patrick Henry and shed a halo around the name of Washington

While the President's message was under consideration, Mr. Clingman of North Carolina, spoke at length, but thought that peace propositions should come from the Republicans. He argued against coercion, and declaimed all knowledge of a republican party in the South.

Legislature. In the Senate yesterday, the resolve in relation to sending Commissioners to Washington was taken up, when Mr. Davis of Bristol offered the following substitute for the original resolutions:

Whereas, The Commonwealth of Massachusetts is desirous of a full and free conference with the General Government, and with any or all of the free States of the Union, at any time, and on every occasion when such conference may promote the welfare of the country: and

Whereas, Questions of a grave moment have arisen between the different States of the Union, therefore

Resolved, That the Governor of this Commonwealth be, and with the advice and consent of the Council, is hereby authorized to appoint Commissioners to proceed to Washington to confer with the General Government, or with the representatives of a like character from any or all of the other States, or with any association of delegates from such States, and to report their doings to the Legislature at its present session; it being expressly declared that their acts shall be at all times under the control and subject to the approval or rejection of the Legislature.

Mr. Northend of Essex said it is a time when a true patriot should carefully consider every suggestion made for doing something to counteract the great evil now pending before the country. He was opposed to any further agitation of the slavery question. The present excitement has arisen from the action of the State of Illinois in passing what is called a personal liberty bill. He was opposed to the passage of the bill, and to the attempt to make three routes in the State, and the tariff bill, all were directly against the interests of the South. The Union was the cause of their present public lands, will drive many manufacturers at the South into a separation. The Republicans of the South will carry with them peace or war to the country; which will they give to the country? If war, the South would meet them, and rather than submit go down like Samson, taking the edifice and leaders of the Philistines with them.

Mr. Hale of N. H. protested against the assertion that the North was making war. On the contrary, their position was such as to subject them to the charge of cowardice. The Senator said there was a force at the North favorable to his section. If war should come, the first thing to do would be to take care of Northern traitors.

Mr. Lane of Oregon wanted to know when he called traitors.

Mr. Hale—Exactly those men who fight against their own States.

Mr. Lane—I and those are fighting for the Constitution and the rights of the States. I will also say no man to call me a traitor.

Mr. Hale said he wanted to define no man's position, but reported that if forced into a war he should look for a host of treason at home. Further discussion of the measure was postponed.

The business in the House was not important.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ By order of the board of the School Committee, the Committee on Teachers will examine candidates for the office of Teachers in the Public Schools, at the School Committee Room, City Government Building, on TUESDAY, February 19th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M.

C. C. ABBOTT,
Chairman Committee on Teachers.
February 4th, 1861. 3t

Pawtucket Bridge. The commissioners met yesterday and made such arrangements, that the bridge will be finished from about the 20th inst. The County pays $8000, Dracut $2000, and Lowell $4000, *Hundred*, That the Governor of this Commonwealth be, and with the advice and consent of the Council, is hereby authorized to appoint Commissioners to proceed to Washington to confer with the General Government, or with the representatives of a like character from any or all of the other States, or with any association of delegates from such States, and to report their doings to the Legislature at its present session; it being expressly declared that their acts shall be at all times under the control and subject to the approval or rejection of the Legislature.

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The business in the House was not important.

For Fort Sumter been reinforced! A Washington correspondent of a New York paper has just received the public by expressing his conviction that "*Fort Sumter has actually been reinforced*, in spite of the vigilance of the Charleston volunteers. From appearances, as already expressed, able and conservative men are to be in the convention. From Virginia it is announced this morning that a thorough Union delegation has been selected. Seventeen States are represented, not including, of the New England States, Massachusetts and Maine. Of the rest only one, Rhode Island, appears not to have been overlooked. And we are told that the Union must be dissolved if we refuse to put in the Constitution a pledge that we will protect slavery in the States of Sonora or Coahuila or Chihuahua or New Leon *when we get them*. In order to comprehend how this proceeding will look to strangers, let me suppose that the British Parliament were to entertain the question what sort of organic law they should enact respecting the labor to be employed in the gold region of America south of the 49th parallel: *hereafter to be acquired*. Should we not regard it as a pretty comical sort of assumption? And yet we should be informed that Scotland had become fixed in her determination to break up the Union because Great Britain declined to consider this subject, what would then be our amusement. Yet I see little difference between this picture and that which we present ourselves. Instead of quietly quarrelling about the way we shall dispose of our neighbor's property when there is no particular prospect of our getting it at all. Have we not difficult problems enough to solve within our present acquisitions and graphical limits, to save us the necessity of puzzling our brains with others that are without? I can scarce repress a smile at this idea of territory *hereafter to be acquired*, even amidst all the painful solicitude of the immediate struggle. Is it not, I ask you, Mr. Speaker, an abstraction more extraordinary than all the rest.

Good news from Virginia. The election of delegates to the Convention took place yesterday, and the first returns indicate that the Union men have carried the State. In Richmond, one Secessionist and two Union men have been elected.—The Unionists succeed in Henrico, Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, Prince George, Greensville, Surry, Alexandria, Petersburg, Northumberland, Westmoreland, Campbell, Pittsylvania, Halifax, Marion, Taylor, Wood, Brooke and Hancock Counties. Sherrard Clemens, member of Congress, and a strong Union man, is elected from Wheeling.—The Secessionists carry Charlotte and probably Amelia and Nottaway.

Hon. Reuben Davis, M. C., from Mississippi, lately made a strong secession speech in Knoxville, Tennessee, in which he took the responsibility of declaring that the tariff, and not the slavery question, was the principal cause of the discontent in the cotton States.

Fatal railroad accident. Mr. Alonzo Damon, wife, and child three years old, of Hubbardston, Mass., were on a visit to relatives in Fitzwilliam, N. H., last week, and started on Friday for home. When they had proceeded about two miles, their carriage was struck by a locomotive on the Cheshire railroad, and Mrs. Damon, the child and horse instantly killed. Mr. Damon was thrown from the carriage and unhurt. The child's head was severed from its body. Mrs. Damon was about forty years of age. No bell or whistle was heard from the locomotive either by Mr. Damon, or a man at work near by.

Rumor. It is rumored that the troops that have for some weeks been threatening Fort Pickens at Pensacola, have begun to withdraw, feeling the capture of the Fort a more difficult operation than at first supposed.

It is also reported that the revenue cutter Lewis Cass has been surrendered to the State authorities.

Ma. Editor:—The last barrier to "free trade" with our neighbors of Dracut having been removed by the formal laying out of Pawtucket Bridge as a public highway, it seems fitting that some recognition of the fact by the citizens of the two places should be had, as suggested in your paper of Saturday.

It has been proposed by several interested in this event that committees should be appointed by the selectmen of Dracut and the City Council, or by public meetings in each place, and should make arrangements for a gathering in Huntington Hall, at some convenient time; which, by aid of our Brigade Band, might take the shape of a promenade concert, varied by speeches, brief and to the point, and having for its mission for the surplus after paying all expenses, to be given to the Merrimack a Large, for the suffering poor of the city.

Let the honest farmers of Dracut with their wives and children, come over and some fine night and shake hands with their Lowell friends. The roads will be in fair and if not closer the ties that now unite the two towns, and effectually remove any danger of secession in the future, by either party.

Spectator.

The suggestion of our correspondent is a good one, and will undoubtedly meet the approbation of a large number of our citizens. We certainly think it fitting that some notice should be made of the event alluded to, and we know that the time is now a general feeling for it. Elsewhere mention of the action of the city and the authorities of Dracut is made.

Kentucky not to be coerced by South Carolina. *The Louisville (Ky.) Tribune*, a prominent journal, protests against coercion in the following emphatic terms:

"The chief Secession papers of Kentucky intimate that if the Legislature don't call a Convention to go out of the Union, civil war will be the consequence. Do they think to practice this ruse on Kentuckians? We are for peace—for peace all the time. Our voice is for peace for war, but if the gauntlet is to be thrown by their leaders, we say, let it be thrown down, to join South Carolina & Co., *unless* they are willing to begin your game here and do it yourselves. That's all. *The Union men of Kentucky will not be coerced by you, by your leaders and their liberties won by their gallant forefathers.*"

The Southern water-line. Scarcely a telegraphic message comes from the South, but we hear of the destruction by tears shed by some lachrymose patriot over the virtuous necessity that has induced him to destroy property. Every act of violence and lawlessness is to be condoned, and the world, we presume, is to be called upon and expected to be touched by the briny spectacle. There are men, indeed, who seem to delight in holding a sword in one hand and an onion in the other. Now, we have no desire to patron in the abstract, nor to weeping as a private accomplishment, but inasmuch as the greatest bodies of patriotism by the highest soldiers, have been said to be, a difference or opinion among the people, we think it is time that some of the tears that are now being shed should be saved, that they may be used in the future, when we are overcome by telegraph. Tears cost us, on an average, two cents apiece, and we are decidedly of opinion that they are not worth a New York cent.

The Charleston correspondent of the *Baltimore American* writes:

"Major Anderson, it is believed here, is adding greatly to the strength of his position. He has erected a strong casemate-way leading to the gate of his "donjon," and it seems fitting that some recognition of the fact by the citizens of the two places should be had, as suggested in your paper of Saturday.

It has been proposed by several interested in this event that committees should be appointed by the selectmen of Dracut and the City Council, or by public meetings in each place, and should make arrangements for a gathering in Huntington Hall, at some convenient time; which, by aid of our Brigade Band, might take the shape of a promenade concert, varied by speeches, brief and to the point, and having for its mission for the surplus after paying all expenses, to be given to the Merrimack a Large, for the suffering poor of the city.

Let the honest farmers of Dracut with their wives and children, come over and some fine night and shake hands with their Lowell friends. The roads will be in fair and if not closer the ties that now unite the two towns, and effectually remove any danger of secession in the future, by either party.

Spectator.

The suggestion of our correspondent is a good one, and will undoubtedly meet the approbation of a large number of our citizens. We certainly think it fitting that some notice should be made of the event alluded to, and we know that the time is now a general feeling for it. Elsewhere mention of the action of the city and the authorities of Dracut is made.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ By order of the board of the School Committee, the Committee on Teachers will examine candidates for the office of Teachers in the Public Schools, at the School Committee Room, City Government Building, on TUESDAY, February 19th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M.

C. C. ABBOTT,
Chairman Committee on Teachers.
February 4th, 1861. 3t

Pawtucket Bridge. The commissioners met yesterday and made such arrangements, that the bridge will be finished from about the 20th inst. The County pays $8000, Dracut $2000, and Lowell $4000,

Resolved, That the Governor of this Commonwealth be, and with the advice and consent of the Council, is hereby authorized to appoint Commissioners to proceed to Washington to confer with the General Government, or with the representatives of a like character from any or all of the other States, or with any association of delegates from such States, and to report their doings to the Legislature at its present session; it being expressly declared that their acts shall be at all times under the control and subject to the approval or rejection of the Legislature.

Mr. Northend of Essex said it is a time when a true patriot should carefully consider every suggestion made for doing something to counteract the great evil now pending before the country. He was opposed to any further agitation of the slavery question. The present excitement has arisen from the action of the State of Illinois in passing what is called a personal liberty bill. He was opposed to the passage of the bill, and to the attempt to make three routes in the State, and the tariff bill, all were directly against the interests of the South. The Union was the cause of their present public lands, will drive many manufacturers at the South into a separation. The Republicans of the South will carry with them peace or war to the country; which will they give to the country? If war, the South would meet them, and rather than submit go down like Samson, taking the edifice and leaders of the Philistines with them.

Mr. Hale of N. H. protested against the assertion that the North was making war. On the contrary, their position was such as to subject them to the charge of cowardice.

The Senator said there was a force at the North favorable to his section. If war should come, the first thing to do would be to take care of Northern traitors.

Mr. Lane of Oregon wanted to know when he called traitors.

Mr. Hale—Exactly those men who fight against their own States.

Mr. Lane—I and those are fighting for the Constitution and the rights of the States. I will also say no man to call me a traitor.

Mr. Hale said he wanted to define no man's position, but reported that if forced into a war he should look for a host of treason at home. Further discussion of the measure was postponed.

The business in the House was not important.

For Fort Sumter been reinforced! A Washington correspondent of a New York paper has just received the public by expressing his conviction that "*Fort Sumter has actually been reinforced*, in spite of the vigilance of the Charleston volunteers. From appearances, as already expressed, able and conservative men are to be in the convention. From Virginia it is announced this morning that a thorough Union delegation has been selected. Seventeen States are represented, not including, of the New England States, Massachusetts and Maine. Of the rest only one, Rhode Island, appears not to have been overlooked. And we are told that the Union must be dissolved if we refuse to put in the Constitution a pledge that we will protect slavery in the States of Sonora or Coahuila or Chihuahua or New Leon *when we get them*. In order to comprehend how this proceeding will look to strangers, let me suppose that the British Parliament were to entertain the question what sort of organic law they should enact respecting the labor to be employed in the gold region of America south of the 49th parallel: *hereafter to be acquired*. Should we not regard it as a pretty comical sort of assumption? And yet we should be informed that Scotland had become fixed in her determination to break up the Union because Great Britain declined to consider this subject, what would then be our amusement. Yet I see little difference between this picture and that which we present ourselves. Instead of quietly quarrelling about the way we shall dispose of our neighbor's property when there is no particular prospect of our getting it at all. Have we not difficult problems enough to solve within our present acquisitions and graphical limits, to save us the necessity of puzzling our brains with others that are without? I can scarce repress a smile at this idea of territory *hereafter to be acquired*, even amidst all the painful solicitude of the immediate struggle. Is it not, I ask you, Mr. Speaker, an abstraction more extraordinary than all the rest.

Rumor. It is rumored that the troops that have for some weeks been threatening Fort Pickens at Pensacola, have begun to withdraw, feeling the capture of the Fort a more difficult operation than at first supposed.

It is also reported that the revenue cutter Lewis Cass has been surrendered to the State authorities.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1860.

Continues to insure against fire and by FIRE on favorable terms. A semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. has been declared on the capital stock of this Company.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Lowell.
Arthur T. Bourne, "
Samuel Batchelder, "
Samuel Hadley, "
Alonzo A. Miner, "
Benjamin F. Nesmith, "
Josiah G. Abbott, "
Abiel Abbott, "
Benjamin Adams, "
Henry C. Hood, "
Ira M. Barnes, "
Abraham T. Lane, "
Lester M. Clark, "
Reuben Dimick, Salem.
SAUMEL ALLEN, President.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 1, 1860. 6ly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?
The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL,
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate, and worth double the amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

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Wm. Gray, Jr., "
John P. Goodridge, "
Edward Jackson, Roxbury.
Lorenzo Sabine, Boston.
ROBERT A. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department. Dividends declared annually.
DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office in Howard Block, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. 6m nov16dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article to their practice a year ago. Have since had it tested, improved, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to say to those who have not done so, a difference or opinion among the profession, that they have no hesitation in saying that it is the best material for a base for artificial teeth that has ever been introduced to the public. Gums and teeth so set

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
A NEW store having a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is all assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail.
Comprising
TEA WARE
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, assortment and cheapness, is unequaled on this side of Boston.
All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will sell best suit every one.
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Persons in want will be supplied in the State or States, at my China and Crockery Emporium. Please remember.
Sign of the Gold Bond Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
feb6 W. DEARDEN.

A GOOD
Sewing Machine
For $10.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the sole agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting the sewing machine to the public, he would state that he is well aware of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons call and examine the machine with a will at E. S. Hunt's Book and Music Room, No. 12 Central Street, where any one or more persons be in readiness to explain the qualities of this machine. N. C. CARTER.
jan15 17 Central street.

A VALUABLE Book is deemed one of the best remedies in a childhood of any thing in the world. Such a book may be found some of the choicest works published. Also a variety of
WOMEN OF BEAUTY, and *HOW TO SECURE AND PRESERVE IT*, by Mrs. Loudon, Hero-worshipped Women, by Mrs. Ellet.
PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT, by Rev. H. Osborn.
CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs. Jameson—a beautiful gift book.
HEROINES OF SHAKSPEARE.
THE LAND AND THE BOOK, illustrated by Dr. Thomson.
HYMNS OF THE AGES—new edition.
FRENCH AND ITALIAN PHRASE BOOK, with a limited paper, full gilt.
The English and American Poets—in superb styles of binding.
BUNYAN'S PILGRIMS PROGRESS, illustrated with 100 fine engravings.
BIBLES, large family or NEW and USEFUL BOOKS of all kinds YOU WANT.
BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS, COMMENTARIES—in every school desired.
Also—Bottle Ink, Desks, Portmonnaies, Albums, Accounting Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES.
J. J. ADAMS,
jan15 3 Cobb street.

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
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H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S and KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C.,&C.
HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.
JOAMMI B. WARD of Wit- Milford, N.H.
Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Temple, Face, Neck and Shoulders, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Uses only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.
A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any pain since. His entire cure was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.
THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Chelsea
Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.
H. S SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.
His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a fatal suffering.
E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nurseryman, Brighton, Mass.
Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lame Back, confined to his bed three months with intense suffering during the spine, and in both feet. Wonderful was cured with three bottles of the Infallible Curative. Has since used it, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.
JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H., cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.
JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H., Cured of Chilblains by one application.
Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.
L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot
His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerves, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Curative. Has since enjoyed perfect health ever since and no pain.
J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of more affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.
Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N.H.
Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.
ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.
Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.
CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.
His wife cured of severe suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.
SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1859, after many years' severe suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.
ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing. February, 1859.
ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains.
JOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,
His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.
ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since cured.
JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk, Opp. Co. Home
Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain.
GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Stoneship
Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.
C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.,
Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 11 years' standing. Was finally laid in both eyes 3 years, October, 1858, given up by the best physicians. Has since got better, and now enjoys the best of health.
BENJ. F. CUTTER, Esq., Tewksbury, N. H.
Cured of severe Neuralgia in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering; also cured of Rheumatism in left arm, of three years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles No return of pain since cured—year ago.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead,
Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.
HAZEN RICHARD, Marblehead,
Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.
Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N.H.
Cured of Neuralgia, severe case in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications
Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now Lynn,
Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas of 14 days, after having failed all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.
D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornedike, Me.,
Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 2 years, suffering dreadfully cured with two bottles.
T. FOSTER PARMER, Billerica,
Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth of 18 months' standing, eighteen months ago; and always since, enjoyed the best of health.
OLIVER MORSE, Dracut,
Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried the remedies and found no relief; was induced to try one bottle of the Nervous Curative two years ago, since which time he has enjoyed perfect health ever since and no pain.
J. B. EA ON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,
Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; and has been enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 5 minutes.
Mrs. MARY ANN CHEEVER, Dracut.
Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of 5 years' standing with 3 bottles of the Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health, and has since been entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.
J. H. HUMPHREY, Esq., Boston.
Cured of Neuralgia in May, 1850, after suffering intensely four years.
HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES
May be referred to by calling on
M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For the United States & British Provinces,
26 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.
old by all Druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack street, next door west of the Merrimack House.
jan19-ly&sS-sep26-ly

RICH GOODS
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF G LD BAND PITCHER.
Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAR-PORT, &c., &c.
Ev ofered in this city. Selling LOW
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK ST REET. dec22

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and highly appreciated sauce, invented by the renowned Soyer, the London Reform Club, is, since the death of its inventor, only to be had of the well-known brand of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe in their possession, and on the Continent, with the general approbation of the fashionable world, and forming reputation among American epicures, and is much appreciated as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons Soyer's new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is under the London Reform Club's flavor is excellent and it affords connoisseurs and an epicure will find it a MAS ionsterior."—The Lancet.
"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of so pre."—Observer.
A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARNIER & YVELIN,
317 Pearl Street, New York
And DRAY & HAYES, 74 Cornhill, Boston.
Sold by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.
jly4 1yapr19

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
N W MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, next to second stories, Tyler's Block.
☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates! Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments. Bands to be engaged.
jan4

Curtain Fixtures,
NEAT, STRONG. AND SATISFACTORY,
in every respect,
Selling quite low '59
DEADEN'S
CHINA AND GLASS WARE WAREHOUSE,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET.

PIANO FORTES.

BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES
D. L. BEMIS,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
50 Central Street. 50
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It only contains the most magnificent and best selected stock of
LADIES' DRESS FURS
ever exhibited in this city, and are expressly for our retail trade; by all of workmen, from the to most stylish fashion. Also a full assortment of
☞ HATS, CAPS &c., to match colored to order.
oct27

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,
Only Manufacturers of Underclothing for Ladies' Wear, who have been in the business for the last 20 years, and have their premises over all other competitors at the late fire. Only Manufacturers in this city connected with a good assortment of the above-named makers' Fine Muslins, Cambrics, Linens and Trimmings, in every particular, to be the best Piano Forte made.
Lowell, June 6, 1860. 1yjly7

Music Books.
JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of a thousand popular dance tunes, arranged by the eminent composer, and published for the first time.
Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Concerted Pieces, from the most popular Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and social parties. Just published.
Also, a full assortment of Ditson's Music and Music Books, 17 Central street, where may be found the largest assortment of Music in Lowell.
Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Remember the place.
17 Central street.
oct1

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

Burnett's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair, Whiskers and Moustache. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It restores the faded hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It forms the richest lustre.
It removes dandruff and all scurf.
It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.
It costs $1 per pint bottle.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., former Merchant, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, State. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
mn19

SHILLING SONG BOOK.
CONTAINING 112 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by S. HUNT, 17 Central st.
nov26

(Copyright secured)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and operating effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly* to issue in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken a few days before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but it is full to any one, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and *in a single instance* when taken for months in any one—
Ef It is put up in bottles of three different sizes, viz: Quarter Strength, to suit children; Half-strength, and Full-strength, to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full-strength, $3; Half-strength $2; Quarter Strength, $1 per bottle.
Ef Remember! This Emmenagogue is designed solely for FEMALE COMPLAINTS, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been found to fail*, and is *not* recommended or represented in any other light, *or this price would be refunded*, EVERY RESPECT, *or the price would be refunded*, and is intended for married ladies *only*, and cannot be purchased directly of Dr. MATTISON, or through agents, unless they procure it from DR. MATTISON'S AGENT, who is the only authorized agent in Lowell, JOSE B. HAYES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
Ef This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature—both of MEN & WOMEN. Private matters—both of the sexes—treated by a regularly educated physician, who, by long practice, giving his whole attention to these Consultations, and to no other business, can be confidential, and warrants a cure in all cases. Communications, by all parts of the United States. Also, answered by return mail, when wishing for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.
—PARTICULAR ATTENTION—
Ef In those delicate complaints, when men are ashamed to physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, permit a doctor too careful to whom they apply, before at least making some inquiry, and sympathy in relation to those who make the *greatest pretensions* to advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten *are impostors*; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and such infamous traps are for you, without making any inquiry, you will have reason to REPENT it when too late. Ef Dr. M. will send *free*, by enclosing one stamp, a Pamphlet on the Diseases of Females OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, by also Circulars, giving full information of *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, without which no advertising physician or quack of note of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
Ef Dr Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, and is the only one who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the very best references as to character, as, both a his HONESTY and his SKILL, to any HOUSE or others, in Providence, in the SAME, otherwise, you had better keep away from them.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.
Providence, R. I.
aug23 1yr sep29-ly

PRESTON'S
PATENT COCOA BUTTER,
A BOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the The above cocoa, or Chocolate Nut. The greatest remedy for DISEASES OF THE THROAT, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, TOLD WORES, CHAPPED FACE AND HANDS, and for CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES. It is the only remedy for curing the Asthma in such cases as mentioned.
Preston's Bromade.
A beautiful Cream, prepared from the pure Cocoa Butter, and Combined OIL for the Growth, Preservation and Beauty of the HAIR. Unlike other preparations, it contains no Alcohol, Sugar of Lead, Acetate of Lead, or any other poisonous ingredient. It is a delightful dressing for the hair, and will restore Gray Hair to its original color. Also, a sure remedy for Dandruff, Humors, Scurf, Baldness, &c. Sold by all druggists.
Ef Remember! *This Cream is designed solely for the purposes mentioned*, and is not recommended as a dye. Ef Remember! *This Cream is designed solely for the purposes mentioned*, and is not recommended as a dye.
Ef Remember! *This Cream is designed solely for the purposes mentioned*, and is not recommended as a dye.
PRICES.—Cocoa Butter, 50 cents per bottle; Bromade, 50 cents per bottle.
Ef Remember! *This Cream is designed solely for the purposes mentioned*, and is not recommended as a dye

ter to make it worth dissolving the Union about?

But if it pass to the other condition it is any more reasonable? Are we going to fight because we cannot agree upon the mode of disposing of our neighbor's lands? Are we to break up the Union in these States, cemented by so many years of common sufferings and resplendiant with so many years of glory, because it is insisted that we should incorporate into what we regard as the charter of our freedom, a proclamation to the civilized world that we intend to grasp the territory of other nations whenever we can do it, for the purpose of putting into it certain institutions which some of us disapprove, and that too whether the people inhabiting that territory themselves approve of it or not.

I am almost inclined to believe that they who first contrived this demand must have done so for the sake of presenting a condition which they knew beforehand must be rejected, or which, if accepted, must humiliate us in the dust forever. In point of fact this proposal covers no question of immediate moment which may not be settled by another and less obnoxious one. Why is it then persevered in and the other rejected? The answer is obvious. You *want* the Union dissolved. You *want* to make it impossible for honorable men to become reconciled. If it be not dissolved then on you and you only shall rest the responsibility of what may follow. If the Union be broken in the manner which it happened shall remain on record forever. It was because you rejected one form of settling a question, which might be offered and accepted with honor, in order to insist upon another which you knew we could not accept without disgrace. I answer for myself only when I say that of the alternative to the salvation of the Union be only that the people of the United States shall before the Christian nations of the earth, plant in broad letters upon the front of their charter of Republican government the dogma of slavery propagandism over the remainder of the countries of the world, I will not consent to build myself with what I deem such disgrace let the consequences be what they may.

But it is said that this answer closes the door of reconciliation. The slaveholding States will recede. And what then?

This brings me to the last point which I desire to touch to day, the proper course for the Government to pursue in the face of these difficulties. Some of the friends with whom I act, have seemed to me to express themselves in favor of coercion, and they have drawn very gloomy pictures of the fatal consequences to the prosperity and security of the whole Union, that must ensue. If any one has said so I am glad I do not partake so largely in these fears. I see no obstacle to the regular maintenance of the Government at not less than twenty States, and perhaps more, the inhabitants of which have not in a moment been deprived of that peculiar share of wisdom in the management of their affairs which is the secret of their past success. Several new States will before long be ready to take their places with us, to make good, in part, the loss of the old ones. The mission of furnishing a great example of free government to the nations of the earth, will still be in our hands, impaired, I admit, but not destroyed; and I doubt not you desire to accomplish it yet in spite of the temporary drawback. Even the problem of the passage will go on to solve itself without our aid. For if the sentiment of dissension become so far universal and permanent in the slaveholding States as to show no prospect of good from resistance, and there be no more secession attempted on their part, I will not say that I may not favor the idea of some arrangement of a peaceful character by which I do not now see the authority under which it can be originated. The new confederacy can scarcely be other than a secondary power, and can never be anything like the United States as they now stand. It will begin with the necessity of keeping nine millions of its population to watch four millions, and with the task of guarding against the egress of the latter several thousand miles of an exposed frontier, beyond which there will be no right of reclamation. Of the ultimate result of a similar experiment I cannot, I confess, feel a moment's doubt. At the last session I placed on record in this House, a prediction by which I must abide, let the effect of the future on my sagacity be what it may. I have not now been any reason to doubt its accuracy. I now repeat it: THE EXPERIMENT WILL IGNOMINIOUSLY FAIL.

But there are exceptions to the adoption of this peaceful policy, which it is not right to wise to overlook. If there be violent and wanton attacks upon the persons or the property of the citizens of the United States, or of their government, I see not how demands for their immediate redress can be avoided. If any interruptions should be attempted of the regular channels of trade on the great waters common to the ocean, they cannot long be permitted. And if any considerable minorities of citizens should be persecuted or proscribed on account of their attachment to the Union, and should call for protection, I cannot deny the obligation of this government to afford it. There are prisons in many of the States, whose present dilapidations and honorable pledges of support from the whole country may bring upon them more than the ill-will of their infatuated fellow citizens. It would be impossible for the people of the United States to look on any prescription of them with indifference. There are times when they should keep together all men, by whatever party name they may have been heretofore distinguished, upon common ground. I think I heard the gentlemen from Virginia the other day so bravely and so forcibly urge their manly arguments in support of THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS, my heart involuntarily bounded towards them as brethren sacredly engaged in a common cause. Let them, said I to myself, but accept the offered settlement and the differences that remain between us, on no other terms than those that proposed by the committee, and then what is to prevent us all, as one people, from *the Union must be preserved*, from joining hand and hand our common forces to accept it.

When the cry goes out that the ship is in danger of sinking, the first duty of every man on board, no matter what his previous position, is to lend a hand at the strength he has to the work of keeping her afloat. What! Shall it be said that we waver in the view of those who begin by trying to expunge the sacred memory of the 4th of July? Shall we help them to obliterate the associations that cluster around the glorious struggle for Independence or stultify the labors of the patriots who founded the magnificent political edifice upon the adamantine base of human liberty? Shall we surrender the fame of Washington and the Laurens, of Gadsden and the Lees, Jefferson and Madison, and of the many other heroes whose names are imperishably connected with the memory of a united people? Never, never!

For myself I can only interpose against what seems to me the madness of this moon, the barbar of a single feeble remonstrance. But in any event it shall never be said of my share in the action of this hour of danger, that it has been guided by vindictive passions, or narrow considerations of personal or party advantage. I well know what I hazard among many whose good opinion has ever been part of the sunlight of my existence, in following what I hold to be a higher duty. Whilst at any and at all times I shall labor to uphold the great principle of liberty, without which this grand system of our fathers would seem to be a mockery and a show, I shall equally strive to give no just ground to enemies and traitors to expand the circle of mischief they may do. Although not very frequently indulged in the profession of a devotion to the Union which has heretofore been too often associated with a public policy I deemed most dangerous to its safety, I will venture to add that no man over the boundless extent of our dominion has more anxious for unextinguishable attachment to it than myself. It is in woven in my affections with the faithful labors in its support of two generations of my race." It is blended with a not inconsiderable personal stake in its continuity. It is mingled with my earnest prayers of those who are treading after me. And more than all these, it forms all my hopes for the beneficent spread of republican institutions over the feet of the civilized world.

If then so great a calamity as a division be about to befall us, it shall be hastened by no act of mine. It shall come from the wilful passions of infatuated men who demand it of us to destroy the great principles for which our fathers struggled in life and in death, to stain our standard with the symbol of human oppression, and to do so grade us in the very hour of our victory, before our countrymen and before all the nations of the civilized world, and before God. Rather than this, let its Heavens fall. My duty is performed.

THE DAILY COURTER.

Wednesday, February 6, 1861.

HOWEVER much Mr. Adams may differ from other members of the delegation in Congress from this State, on the matter of extending the olive-branch to the South, which is in fact holding conciliatory conferences with rebels, few, we opine, will be displeased with his speech upon the subject of settling the difficulties for which the South propose secession as a remedy, even though they may differ from him in the matter of proposing as an alternative the admission of New Mexico as a State when coming with a constitution admitting the establishment of slavery.

The manner in which the whole subject is treated is peculiarly calculated to win over opponents to the propriety and philosophy of a free talk with, and to, the men who are chafing under the yoke of tyranny, or who assume a feeling of injury, and are now pressing their pretended grievances for the purpose if possible of sundering the ties which have for more than three fourths of a century united the States under a Federal head.

A careful examination of Mr. Adams' remarks will show that there is no disposition on his part to slaughter principles, but on the contrary he places himself fairly and squarely on the declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and the Chicago Platform—terms as nearly synonymous as they can well be.

The alleged grievances for which the broad ægis of the Union is to be proposed remedy he enumerates as, 1. The passage of Personal Liberty Laws; 2. The denial of equal rights in the territories; 3. The non-admission of an amendment in the slaveholding States as to show no prospect of good from resistance, and there be no more secession attempted on their part, I will not say that I may not favor the idea of some arrangement of a peaceful character by which I do not now see the authority under which it can be originated. The new confederacy can scarcely be other than a secondary power, and can never be anything like the United States as they now stand. It will begin with the necessity of keeping nine millions of its population to watch four millions, and with the task of guarding against the egress of the latter several thousand miles of an exposed frontier, beyond which there will be no right of reclamation. Of the ultimate result of a similar experiment I cannot, I confess, feel a moment's doubt. At the last session I placed on record in this House, a prediction by which I must abide, let the effect of the future on my sagacity be what it may. I have not now been any reason to doubt its accuracy. I now repeat it: THE EXPERIMENT WILL IGNOMINIOUSLY FAIL.

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THE UNION MEETING IN BOSTON. Several of the Boston papers of this morning are crowded with the details and speeches at the Union meeting held at Faneuil Hall yesterday forenoon and last evening. The call was designed as a response to efforts ing made at Washington to have the Crittenden propositions—Mayor Wightman called the meeting to order about 11 o'clock. J. T. Stevenson of Boston, was chosen president, and a list of one hundred and sixteen vice-presidents and fourteen secretaries were read. Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Blagden. The president opened with a lengthy speech, after which a series of resolutions were read, the gist of which we present. 1. Express deep and unalterable attachment to the Union, and that it becomes the duty of all good citizens to rise above party considerations for the sake of the good of his country. 2. That although several States have seceded and others are in doubtful attitudes, there is no cause for despair, and no danger pending that may not be arrested by wisdom, moderation, and unselfish patriotism, and that in the hands of the people the emergency will be successfully met. 3. Endorses the position taken by Mr. Seward and Mr. Adams in Congress. 4. Looks with trust to Virginia and the border States. 5. That the servile stories are the common property of the United States, and that no one class of States have just right to their exclusive occupation. 6. Contend that the form of labor in the territories can be justly settled only by allowing southern people to an equitable part thereof. 7. Gives the territory north of 36.30 to free labor and south to slave labor till application is made to admit the territory as States, when the people thereof shall decide the question whether it shall be free or slave. 8. Recommends an amendment to the constitution, which shall make a vote of three-fourths of the States in Congress necessary to the passage of any resolution of the pas sage of the ordinance of secession, and as the right is a worthy one of the most careful reading and consideration.

MASSACHUSETTS COMMISSIONER. His Excellency, Governor Andrew, with the consent of the Council, immediately appointed the following named gentlemen Commissioners to represent the Commonwealth at Washington :—His Honor Lieut. Governor Joun Z. Goodrich of Stockbridge; Charles Cuarles Allen of Worcester; Ex Gov. George S. Boutwell of Groton; John M. Forbes, Esq., of Milton; Theophilus P. Chandler, Esq., of Roxbury; Hon. Caleb Cushing of Charlestown; Richard P. Waters, Esq., of Beverly.

The following is Secretary Dix's dispatch relative to the surrender of the revenue cutter at New Orleans, which was intercepted by the Alabama authorities: —

"To William Hemphill Jones, of New Orleans:

Tell Lieutenant Caldwell to arrest Captain Breadwood. Assume command of the revenue cutter and proceed with her to order I gave through you. If Captain Breadwood, after arrest, undertakes to interfere with the command of the officer, Lieutenant Caldwell to hold him as a mutineer and treat him accordingly. *If any one attempts to haul down the American flag, shoot him on the spot.*

JOHN A. DIX, Secretary of the Treasury."

The *Omipee (N. H.) Register* says that during the great snow storm, the people of that town were without mail, or any intelligence from the rest of the world, for three days.

The *Boston Bee* is in favor of a metropolitan police for that city.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ By order of the Board of the School Committee, the Committee on Teachers will examine candidates for the office of Teachers in the Public Schools, at the City Committee Room, City Government Building, on TUESDAY, February 19th instant, at 9 o'clock, A. M. A. C. ABBOTT,

Chairman Committee on Teachers.
Feb 6,1861. 2d

BOY DROWNED. This noon a boy, about seven years old, son of Mr. John Wier, who lives on Dutton Street, was drowned just below Central Bridge, under the following circumstances: He was sliding on ice on the ice with a sled and slid into the open water.

Mr. Whiting, who lives in Parker's new block by the end of the bridge, happened to be near, and throwing off his coat jumped in after him, and succeeded in getting hold of him, but the force of the current bore them rapidly down the river. Mr. Whiting exhausted was forced to let go, and the boy was carried under the ice. Mr. Whiting was taken out nearly chilled through and quite exhausted, when Dr. Bradley applied restoratives, by which he soon regained some degree of warmth.

POLICE COURT, Wednesday, February 6th. To the gratification of the "lookers on in Venice" there was one case this forenoon. John L. Sullivan, (not the author of Horse Shoe Robinson) was charged with the larceny of a terret from a horse belonging to Appleton & Co. Sullivan was a native of Milton, N. H., and 42 years of age. Several of his old acquaintances in this city have gone to Lawrence to attend his funeral, which takes place today at one o'clock.

The Student and Schoolmate. This handsome monthly — a general favorite with the little people of New England—has been enlarged, and the February number is before us, filled with choice and heretofore, while the price, as heretofore, remains at $1.00 per annum. Each number contains a speech, a dialogue, a piece of music, geographical questions, and puzzles, and other matter calculated to entertain and instruct the youthful mind. It is a cheap and valuable periodical, and we commend it to parents. Address Oakes James & Co., No. 15 Cornhill, Boston.

The following plan for a new militia law has been agreed upon by the leading military men of Maine, and will probably be carried out by legislative enactment. The object is to put the voluntary militia to be limited to 2400, the number to be raised, and total encampment of three days, with a payment of $2,50 per day and mileage to each man, the whole company drills, and two elementary drills of commissioned officers and non-commissioned officers, each year.

DIARY OF A "MEDIEVI" MAN. A pocket-diary was picked up in the streets of Mobile a few days since. From the following extracts it appears that the loser was a "medikul" man :—

"Kase 174, Mary An Perkins, bisnes woman, sickness in her bed. Fisik, sum pills a specific, 1 box, $1,00. Sent one dollar, 1 quarter bogus. Mind get cents enuff and make her take more fisik. Kase 175. Mikil Tubbs, Bonnie, Ninth-ward. Fisik with Dekun Pinkley, what keeps a drug store. Sickness, fever, chills and tow bad ile. Fisik, to drink my mixture two times a day—rub my body with ile and fish ile, to make it tast funky put in her assiby—rubbed his fais with kart grease limiment, aged 26 yeres of aig—Drinkt the mixtur and wouldent pay me kase it tasted nasty, but the mixtur I work his inards I reckin. Kase 176, Old Miss Boggs. Aint got no bisness but plenty of money. Sikness aint a humbug. Give her sum of my selebrated Dipamboikin, which she sed drunk like kold ise—which it was too. Must put sunthin in to make her fele sik and bad. The old woman has got the rocks."

Another Instance of Tape Worm Cured by the use of

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ This is to certify that I was troubled with a tape worm for more than six months. I tried all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained testimony of several wonderful cures that had been performed by his celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. I resolved to try it; and immediately purch ased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and in the course of an hour, I discharged one large worm, measuring more than a yard besides a number of small ones.

MRS M. SCOTT.
No. 70 Cannon street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable druggists. Be sure and examine the signature of

FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map and time table of the Rail Roads of the United States—forming a perfect Railroad Guide and Map, for sale at the Periodical Depot, 121 Nassau street, New York, and at the Railroad Stations.

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LEGISLATURE. In the Senate yesterday several bills of a private nature were forwarded a single act to the governor in regard to sending Commissioners to Washington were passed to be enacted in concurrence. A resolution was adopted that the Committee on Federal Relations be instructed to inquire into the expediency of requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to secure the enactment of such laws as may be necessary to give effect to all the slaves in such State or States of the Union as may now or hereafter desire to avail themselves of such an act of emancipation, and report by resolve or otherwise.

In the House, a large number of petitions were presented, among others the following: Petition of Thomas Lyman, Jr., and others, for a charter for the Lyman Mills, in Holyoke. Petition of Charles Hovey and others, for a Bank of Industry in Lowell. The resolves in favor of sending Commissioners to Washington were taken up, and after a long debate passed by 181 yeas to 31 nays. All the Lowell members voted in favor of their passage.

"God save our native land," a national anthem, written, composed and dedicated to all defenders of our glorious Union by J. W. Turner. We are indebted to the author for a copy. It is a spirited earnest production, and will undoubtedly become popular. The price is 25 cents, and is probably may be obtained at the music stores.

FROM WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.—Ex-President Tyler on taking the chair in the Convention at Washington, is reported to have made an able, patriotic, and conciliatory speech. The proceedings of the Convention yesterday, were of a conversational nature, and were chiefly confined to the expression of their views by the members present.

Several of the Alabama postmasters decline to render their accounts, saying that they shall await the action of their State.

Additional evidence continues to be received of the violation of private correspondence from the South. Gen. Dix's telegraphic dispatches sent to Mobile and New Orleans were intercepted, and orders to the naval officers at Pensacola. There is no doubt of this.

Secretary Black was nominated yesterday as successor to Judge Daniels on the Supreme Court bench, and John Pettit as District Judge of Kansas.

The Brooklyn has not yet been heard from, but it is stated positively that her orders were countermanded through Major Chase, commander of the secession forces; and it is also reported as reliable, that all the war steamers are to be put at once on a war-footing. Capt. Ingraham's resignation had been accepted before his letter recalling it reached the Secretary of the Navy.

The amount of money seized at the Mint at New Orleans, is put down at $600,000. Secession commissioners are on the mains in Louisiana, and to repeal the ordinance, are reported to have been made by anti-secessionists.

The *New York Herald* says that there was a caucus of between fifty and sixty Republican members of Congress on Monday evening, the North western and two or three of the New England States being represented. "The meeting was held at the instance of Mr. Potter of Wisconsin, but a few other Northern men were present. The meeting revealed the fact that there is a large number of shaky members in the House, who have held their positions before, but now begin to falter. At this the northwestern members came under the lead of Potter, Lovejoy, the Washburnes and others, gave exceedingly indignant. They expressed themselves resolute in their determination to yield nothing that would compromise the position of the North or the platform on which Lincoln was elected."

Judge Douglas has written a letter that has been published in the *Memphis Appeal*, denying the charge that he had advised Tennessee to withdraw from the Union. He opposed secession, and believes it will only strengthen the hands of the Abolitionists, who are aiming at the destruction of the Union; and he also strongly urges the border States to remain in the confederacy.

Very few of the delegates elected to the Virginia State convention are secessionists; Mr. Wise is among the number, however. The feeling in Virginia is very conservative. "They intend exhausting every honorable means, but will go for secession unless Southern rights are fully guaranteed."

The Alabama legislature, on Monday, passed $200,000 for the cause of Southern independence; and the Governor has signed the bill legalizing bank suspensions. The Southern Convention met at Montgomery on the 4th, and Howell Cobb was elected permanent Secretary. No business of importance was done.

A rumor has been started that the Texas Convention has passed the ordinance of secession, which is probably true. The ordinance will be submitted to the people. The Texas legislature has passed a bill establishing a patrol throughout the State. Gov. Houston condemns the resolutions of the New York legislature, offering men and arms to the General Government, and expresses a hope that the people of Texas will act as a unit in defence of their rights.

The coast survey schooner, supposed to be a equal of Florida vagabonds, has been recaptured by her officers, who have reported for duty at Washington.

Al Pennsacola a truce has been concluded between Lieutenant Slimmer and the interesting force. The Mississippians were to return home on the 4th. The Alabama troops will remain until relieved.

The expense of the Louisiana convention is reported at $10,000 per week, and those who are likely to be bled are getting anxious.

The handsome monthly — a general favorite with the little people of New England—has been enlarged, and the February number is before us, filled with choice and heretofore, while the price, as heretofore, remains at $1.00 per annum. Each number contains a speech, a dialogue, a piece of music, geographical questions, and puzzles, and other matter calculated to entertain and instruct the youthful mind. It is a cheap and valuable periodical, and we commend it to parents. Address Oakes James & Co., No. 15 Cornhill, Boston.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye !!

W.M.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

Is the best in the world!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold and applied at

GRAY, RED or SANDY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful black or brown, without injury to the hair or skin.

MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye, and over 5,000 applications have been made to the use of the Hair Dye since 1840.

W.M. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to injure in the least, however long it may be used, and is perfectly free from all the poisonous ingredients of other Dyes.

Sold in all cities and towns of the United States and Canadas.

☞ The genuine has the name and residence of W. A. Batchelor, New York, on the side in a WHITE BORDER.

Address
CHARLES BATCHELOR, PROPRIETOR,
81 Barclay street, New York.
Sold by Druggists. 2m jan16

SOMETHING NEW!

Piney Fisk's Family Coal

Has been extensively introduced into the Boston and Lowell markets, and is now for sale by HOBART & CO., Agents, Lowell. Also by BENNETT & BADLEY, Agents, Boston.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, for sale at very reduced rates, at the Agent's office first building canal. First and White Ash Coal for sale by the boat load. Also Red Wood at the lowest cash prices.

☞ Yard, Canal bridge and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Office at Tewksbury Farmers' Petrolia Rock Oil Co. 1st floor Office building. jan25dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the iron and nails that offer cost dealers in Lowell than on others, MR. W. FISK, Agent, Lowell, Mass.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against the frauds of one Charles Fisk, who claims if they hope to get the genuine articles, as we have no connection with any other person in the city of Lowell, except our agent, MR. LIVINGSTON, Lowell, Mass.

HOWARD & BROWN.
Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 6, 1860. 3m dec18

Dr. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

This splendid Hair Dye has no equal—produces an effect—beautiful Black or Natural Brown—not a Red or Yellow tinge like other Dyes—but imparts a rich, glossy appearance to the hair. Sold by all Druggists. Factory No. 81 Barclay street, New York. jan21 3m

Dr. J. Coughs. The soothing, changes or circumstances of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS, a experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to *Dr. Brown's Bronchial Troches*, or Lozenges, for the relief of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption. It is the only preparation in which the ingredients have been so proportioned as to meet the various forms of disease. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat and strengthening the voice. Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cents per box. Prepared only by JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston. Sold in Lowell by PAGE, PUFFER & WARREN and Druggists. jan21

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes, Gents' Buffalo and Coon Coats, House Blankets, &c., a large assortment always on hand at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

SKATING CAPS at BRAZER'S.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1858,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on favorable terms. Risks on dangerous or hazardous property will be declined. Policies issued for any term of time.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Josiah G. Abbott,
Joseph Morrill,	John Avery,
Arthur F. Sweetser,	Walter Wright,
Joshua W. Danforth,	Jas. C. Marvel,
Joseph Brown,	Henry C. Rose,
	Daniel Bixby.
Josiah A. Stone,	Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bailey,	Lester W. Clark,
	Rudolph T. Lincoln.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 63d Post Office Building, (first floor) up Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.
April 21, 1860. ly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000
Capital actually paid in,

$253,912.29.

☞ $100,000 Deposited with the Hon. Secretary of State, for the benefit of the Assured, in addition to the above Capital.

No ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Premiums to be had on application to the Agent at Lowell.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 14 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.
jan16 3m

FOR MANUFACTORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy FURNITURE, as I am selling off my entire stock at reduced prices in order to close the business. Call at 78 MERRIMACK ST. E. R. BARCUM.

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have purchased the right to manufacture and sell the above sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
For grates unrivalled.
It burns up clinkers,
It don't leave ashes,
It burns in less quantity,
It is cheaper than wood.
Than any other fire burning coal. And the best coal ever brought into use.
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
dec21 3m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	S. W. Stockwell,
Wm. Hamblen,	D. A. Gardner,
L. G. Howe,	D. Richardson,
	Edward Tuck,
	E. F. Sherman,
	Lott Spring.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Tradesmen and Farmers' risks. No assessment has ever been made. The STOCK DEPARTMENT has a surplus of $117,278.35. The assessments are particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies expired. Rates as low as is consistent with a reasonable cash security.

☞ Losses by fire in 1860 in the cash assets are $1,000,000, in Boston and vicinity, and

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
a note spreading a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the markets in every variety. Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, assortment and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.
All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the *Good Old Cross Pieces,* which will sell less than ever.
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Buying low as I do, enables me to sell low to Dealers or Trades, at my China and Crockery Emporium. Please remember.
Sign of the Gold Hand Pitcher,
No. 5 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

A GOOD
Sewing Machine
For $10.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the store agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would state that he is not ignorant of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons about to purchase will favor him with a call at T. S. Hunt's Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central Street, where a competent person is in readiness to explain the principles of this machine. S. C. CARTER.
Jan15 Lowell, Jan. 15, 1861.

A VALUABLE Book is found one of the best presents to a friend—such a book is sold by Moses Nye, 5 John street, may be found some of the choicest works published. Among them are:
WORDS OF BEAUTY, from Sermonets to Psalms—Poetical Gems of Female Loveliness, Heroism and Independence—with 10 large wood Engravings.
PLEASANT FAMILY MEDICINE—Containing the *CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN*, by Mrs. Sigourney—a beautiful gift book.
BEAUTIES OF SHAKSPEARE, by Dr. Thompson—with 10 large wood Engravings.
HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.
BELCHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition.
WORDSWORTH'S POETICAL WORKS—in superb styles of bindings and American Editions.
BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, illustrated by C. H. Bennett—splendid edition.
With a large variety of NEW and USEFUL books of OLD and YOUNG.
BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS COMMENTARIES—with Concordance, Dictionary, Maps, Tables, Pronouncers, Albums, Autographs, Books in Foreign Languages, Pocket BIBLES, and &c. &c.
dec19 T. JUDKINS.

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
—AND—
Fancy Articles,
selling low at the
China and Crockery Warehouse,
—AND—
Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also, the most approved
STOVE POLISH.
WARE suitable for carding Rooms, GOODS suitable for Country Trade, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.
dec6 46 Merrimack.

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.
—HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He has, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.
LOAMMI B. WARD & Co., Milford, N. H.
Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Uses only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.
A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any pain since. Mr. Fisher was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.
THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Carlisle.
Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.
H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.
His wife cured of Nervous Headache after two years of unbearable suffering.
E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery man, Brighton, Mass.,
Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to his bed several months, with terrible suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative given him by a friend, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.
JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.
JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured of Chilblains by one application.
Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia after eight years' suffering, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.
SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1858—a strong case. Now, and always since, enjoys the best of health.
L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot
His wife cured of severe Neuralgic pain along the arteries of the neck, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.
J. B. EA ON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.
Hon. AARON P. HUBBS, Nashua, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.
ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.
Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.
CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.
His wife cured of incessant suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.
SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.
Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.
ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1860.
ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains
LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,
His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, nearly years standing.
ROBERT. THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since.
JOHN LAWRENCE, Dunbar, Opio Co., Illinois
Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain.
GEO. ALLEN, Esq., Nurseryman, Nashville, Tennessee.
Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.
C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.,
Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and nostrils of 17 years standing, also Paralysed in both eyes 9 years, October, 1858, given up by his physicians that he could not live to get better, and now enjoys the best of health.
BRIG. J. C. UTTER, Esq., Orleans, N. S.
Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering; also cured of Neuralgia in both knees, after five years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles in return of pain since cured.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead,
Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.
HARRIS BARNARD, Marblehead,
Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.
Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H.
Cured of Dr. Dibleuretis, severe case in the face, eyes and forehead, with 2 applications.
Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Lowell.
Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas of 14 days, after having tried all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.
D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornlike, Me.,
Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully; cured with two bottles.
T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica,
Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth of long and severe standing, after eighteen months' return of the disease.
OLIVER MORSE, Dracut,
Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; terrible pain ensued. Sound his relief was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative, and has since enjoyed perfect health ever since and no pain.
ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.
Was cured one year ago, of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 19 years' agonizing pain, and is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.
NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah, and for sale by
nov29 SAM'L N. WOOD, 43 Merrimack.

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
AT
H. S. HAYNES',
WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low at 46 Merrimack, only a few steps from the Post Office. dec16

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

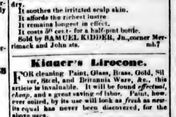
CUTLERY! CUTLERY
A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.
dec17 46 Merrimack.

RICH GOODS
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER.
Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAT TOBS, &c., &c.
Er offered in this city. Selling LOW
Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and exquisite sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," the late London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. His the only sauce in England and on the Continent, with increasing and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondents to try Moses Soyer's new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Yorkish recipe; its flavor is excellent and it affords considerable assistance to a cure of ALOW AND WISE INDIGESTION."—[The Ladies'.
PIQUANT and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer."—[Observer.
A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place in every larder.—[Standard.
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDINER G. YVELIN,
207 Fulton St., New York
And BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. 31anly1jan1y

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
N W MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.
All kinds of Music constantly to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Curtain Fixtures,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,
in every respect,
Selling quite low "!
DEADER'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher, 80 MER. IMACK STREET. apr14

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET, DAVIS & CO'S
Celebrated Boston PIANOS, for which they receive the first premium at the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association Fair, and have given a good assortment of the same-named makers' Pianos, which they will sell at the lowest prices, in every particular to be the best Piano Fortes made.
N. B.—Pianos to Let, Tuned and Melodeons to let. Lowell, June 8, 1858. jun8

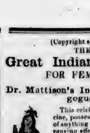
Music Books.
JULIEN'S BAND BOOK.—Containing a collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer and conductor, Julien.
The basseur. A collection of Sacred Music, full and complete in every particular. Edited by Edward Hamilton.
Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Concerted pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and Musical Conventions. By Edward Hamilton.
The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.
Persons living out of town can order by mail, and receive the music by return of the cars.
oct1 17 Central street.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR
SOLD BY
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Burnet's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for a dressing for the hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It has a most agreeable odor.
It restores the hair to those whom hard and close caps have made bald.
It checks the infirmities of the intricted scaly skin.
It affords the richest luxuries
It renders the hair soft as silk.
It prevents grey hair.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts. ma7

Kinsey's Lirocone.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap, and entirely reliable.* Paint, however dirty or stained, by its use will look as *fresh as new.* Its equal has never been discovered, for the above purposes.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. may19

SHILLING SONG BOOK.
CONTAINING 175 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by E S HUNT, 17 Central st. nov6

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.
☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for, and is only certain in, its use, and other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, whether it is recommended as represented in* EVERY RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded.*
☞ Beware of Imitations. None are genuine unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his Office, Temporary Residence, No. 1, M. Hanover Street, BOSTON. Consultation free.
REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.
☞ *This Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician, of long and extensive practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations and examinations are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who prefer to board at this office, and have the most unbounded confidence in their physician.
—PARTICULAR CAUTION—
☞ In the multitude of Quacks and Impostors, where men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons should be very careful in whom they apply, before at least making some enquiry, and obtaining the names of those who make the *greatest professions.* Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are *impostors*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, you will be thrown into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you do not even seem to regret your folly too late. ☞ Dr. M. will send *free*, by enclosing one stamp, a Pamphlet on DISEASES AND ABUSES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases generally*, also Circulars giving full information of *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, from persons of the highest standing in community, some of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
☞ Dr. Mattison is the only PHYSICIAN IN AMERICA who has ever had in his practice, or who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the most references and testimonials of his, both of his HONESTY and his SKILL. If there ARE any others, LET THEM COME FORWARD; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.
August 25, 1860. ☞ aug23d1y

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
No. 50 Central Street, 50
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
Hereby assuring them that prompt attention and liberal dealings will characterize the management of his present stock. ☞
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by our workmen, from the newest styles imported. Also, a large assortment of
MUFFS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order.
nov26 dtf

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY to make money, to make more money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this way, were poor, and in want of employment. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are now making from $5 to $20 per day, from women who a few months since was worth nothing to them, and from children who can earn from two hundreds, assisted by a circular for which he will receive $1 per hundred, and a sample for 25c, or $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. Any one can commence at once. Full directions necessary for a full understanding of the business sent by return mail. Capital not necessary, commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of 25c. Address H. BALLARD & Co., Lowell, Mass. All letters must be post paid.
nov22 dtf

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his extensive assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTING,
Which he has now ready for inspection.—Also,
HUGH McEVOY,
24 Central street.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap,
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 20, 1860. sep24dtf

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use
DR. TAFT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.
For Sale at all DRUGGISTS.
mar1 1860 may1 1860y

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
nov15

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHILDE'S Patent BOOT AND SHOE BRUSH. It is a Gigantic Invention, and takes the place of a *Boy, Scraper and New Brush.*
Please call at H. S. HAYNES' in Lowell. Price a dozen; all 43 Merrimack st. oct15*

(Copyright secured.)
B. T. THOMPSON,
No. 91 Merrimack Street
EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS !
Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the richest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of
Bonnet,
from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Velvet, and confident that my stock cannot be surpassed.
Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a prettier and better fitting BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.
MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.
Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.
Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17dtm

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street.
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the this manufactured by the
Patent Reversible Lubricating Oil Company,
Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of
THE PERFECT OIL.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Reversible Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Lard Oil for Light Machinery; No. 1, 2 and 3 Sperm Oil, Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, Sperm Candles, Patent Triple Refined Lubricating Oil, Graphite for Axles, Steam Gauge Cocks, &c. &c.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, February 7, 1861.

"E PLURIBUS UNUM." This motto, borne so gloriously and appropriately in the beak of the eagle of liberty through three-fourths of a century, but recently plucked ruthlessly away by the hand of secession, must forever lose to us practically, its significance, as associated with the cluster of Stars gathered around it—the fruit of a struggle for the achievement of liberty, and the establishment of a government of the people—if the events of the past two months, are made to stand.

Under this motto, with the spirit of which has blended all of the heart and soul possessed by the American people, we have grown up, the old thirteen, becoming great and strong, while have clustered around them State after State, rejoicing to ally themselves with a confederacy, the government of which has been the most encouraging in its advance of wealth, science, moral and religious improvement, of any that has ever been established.

With less of evil and more of good, with less of tyranny and more of freedom than ever before enjoyed by any people, we have swept along scarcely conscious of restraint, being in a great measure a law unto ourselves, until we have arrived at a point where the beneficence of the rule so benignly stretched over us and resting so easily upon us, fails, in great measure, to be appreciated or its value properly estimated. So faint a consciousness have many, that a government is over us, that even rebellion and treason deem existence of an authority to stand in its path, and tender, souled, chicken-hearted patriots cooly assure us, coercion is not to be exercised for the correction of sheer error.

The mild sway of authority has so far softened our judgments and taken out of our souls their true temper, that we shrink from the exercise of authority, in cases where, under any other government the sun ever shown upon, the acts of resistance and defiance would have been promptly stamped as treason and the strongest hand at once placed under the ear of every rebel. So deep-rooted is this dogma already found in the American mind, that men who have been through a life drilled to the science of government adopt the anti-coercion doctrine as the all in all of the American government, which in our pride of country and nation, we have continually taxed our pulmonary leather in proclaiming as the best and most perfect government the world ever saw. Much as a rupture may be deprecated, we may be led to regard it as a necessity, and rejoice in it as such, to harden up our spirits and qualify us for the healthy exercise of a power, which to be practical must possess the element of authority.

It would not seem that the enlightened judgment of this country will be long in discovering the mistaken estimate made of the inherent power of our government to protect and defend itself against the threat, the pilfering, and the attacks of pugnamentary portions of the people gathered under it. If the right to resist the government by coarive measures exists, why may not the same right exist with the government itself and be justly used in its own defence! If the employment of coercive means for the purpose of revolutionizing the government without it, is not cause is right, may not the government make use of the same means in its own defence! If the seceding States persist in their madness and resist the laws, why can we doubt that the remaining States will ultimately declare that in all reasonable means for the enforcement of government authority they are *E Pluribus Unum*.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, Mr. Crittenden presented a petition from citizens of Massachusetts in behalf of his resolutions; and Mr. Fessenden one from Maine praying that something might be done to save the Union. Mr. Douglas moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the bill was passed to organize a government for the territory of Colorado, but his motion was not agreed to. Mr. Johnson continued his speech, (the President's message being under discussion.) He contended that a reign of terror existed in the seceding States. He did not believe that Tennessee was going to be lashed to the car of South Carolina, and thought that even if the Tennessee Convention should pass a secession ordinance it would have to take the State out at the point of the bayonet. The Union was dear to the people, it must be saved, and if the old flag is struck to the dust he wanted no more gloomy winding sheet than that same flag and no better grave than to lie within the Union.

Mr. Wigfall got on the floor, when the Senate adjourned.

In the House, the bill to suspend the mail service in the seceding States passed, 121 to 26. The consideration of the report of the Committee of Thirty-Three was resumed, and considerable discussion followed.

LEGISLATIVE. The business in the Senate yesterday was not of general interest.

In the House, among the petitions was that of George O. Story and others for the repeal of the act equalizing the shares in manufacturing corporations. A. W. Tufts and 118 others petitioned for the annexation of Charlestown to Boston. An order was adopted, that the Committee on Judiciary inquire into the expediency of providing a law for choosing assessors for terms of three years; also the expediency of reporting an appropriation for the relief of Nancy Tribbles. The resolve for the purchase of a bust, in marble, of Hon. N. P. Banks, was refused a third reading by a vote of 65 to 93. A reconsideration was subsequently moved, which went into the order of the day. A memorial from J. S. Martin and 125 colored citizens, praying that the legislature instruct the Massachusetts Commissioners to Virginia "to oppose and vote against every proposition which may have in view or which may be perverted to the disfranchisement of the colored citizens of this Commonwealth," was presented and referred.

SOME of the opposition papers are making fun of the gun-hissing affair at the State House, the other day. They pretend to think it was a *blunder-buss* on the part of the *Governor*.

THE LAW TO EQUALIZE SHARES IN CORPORATIONS. A petition has been presented to the Legislature signed by N. Appleton, Seth Ames, William A. Burke, Samuel Fay, Joseph S. Holt, Horace Parmenter, John Avery, F. Anderson, Isaac Cooper, Erastus Douglass, Charles L. Tilden, and many others, owners of shares in the Lawrence, Suffolk and Tremont Corporations, of this city, asking for the repeal of the law approved March 30th, 1860, by which it is made incumbent upon all manufacturing, railway or banking corporations to divide their capital into equal shares of one hundred dollars each, and to assess each, with the exception of those corporations, the par value of whose shares cannot be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, without leaving a surplus.

They set forth at length the reasons why the law should be repealed. Charters are granted to individuals to facilitate their business operations, and they respectfully represent that the mere granting of a charter to a manufacturing company, should not subject it to the intervention of the legislature in the management of its affairs, which belong exclusively to the stockholders or proprietors thereof. The multiplication of shares would cause much trouble in the transaction of business, take the control from those who have invested the greatest amount of capital in the corporations, and be the beginning of a war upon capital, produce gambling in the stock and facilitate the forging of certificates. It would also frighten capitalists and tend to drive them into Maine and New-Hampshire, where equal laws have been passed to encourage the investment of capital in manufactures. They conclude by saying that the Legislature has provided sufficient safeguards for public security by requiring corporations to publish annual statements of their capital and indebtedness.

THE WORKS OF CHARLES LAMB. In four volumes. Boston: Ticknor, Reed & Fields.

A collection of the writings of Charles Lamb is at all times a most acceptable issue; but in the elegant form and faultless letter, pure white paper, and substantial binding—in which they are presented by the firm named above, they will be likely to excite the contentment of every intellectual reader who is not already in possession of them. The author of these volumes, while doing the drudgery of an office clerk in London, probably had no thought that in the stolen moments he appropriated to literary efforts, he was building for himself a name in coming times. It is a fact that the edition after edition of his works, in all the styles that all classes required, have appeared, gone out of print and re-appeared; and as it will be to the future, his writings will for many generations fascinate the scholar, and be an indispensable portion of every well-selected library. The volumes before us embrace a sketch of Lamb's life, by Talfourd, his letters to Coleridge, Southey, Manning, Wordsworth, Montague, Field, Wilson, Barton and many others of literary reputation; his controversy with Southey; his tales, essays, brief poems, plays and sketches—in fine, nearly everything the quaint and genial author ever wrote. The publishers have sent before the public four elegant volumes, the contents of which are admirably recommended through their neatly typographical execution. Sets may be purchased at B. C. Sargeant's, City Government Building.

SIGNIFICANT STATISTICS. It is very easy to say that the repeal of the Personal Liberty Law is not desired by the Republican party of this State, but let an actual canvass be started anywhere and the contrary will appear very quickly. Mr. Hodges, of Stoneham, gave a very interesting figures on this point, before the Legislative Committee, a few days since.—He said that in one district in his town there are seventy-five Republicans, of whom four were sick or absent, and they signed a petition for the repeal of the act, and seven refused. Even more Democrats refused out of a smaller aggregate number. So far as relates to the Republicans we believe that the above figures will fairly represent the sentiment of the party, in the eastern part of the State at least. Why should not this prevailing feeling be promptly heeded by the Legislature?—*Salem Gazette.*

In the course of Mr. Tyler's remarks in the Peace Conference at Washington yesterday, he asked, "Where is Massachusetts?" Mr. Ewing of Ohio, replied, "She is coming!" Whereupon the hall thundered with the applause of the delegates.

RAILROAD TRAVEL AT THE NORTH. The *Burlington (Vt.) Free Press* says the night train from Montreal of last Tuesday morning, January 29th, only reached Rouse's Point Friday evening, February 1st—four days for what is commonly a run of less than four hours. Cause, deep and blocking snows.

MRS. BUCH died at the residence of her son in law, in Junius, N. Y., on the 12th ult., at the advanced age of one hundred and twelve years. She was married at the age of twenty-four. A son of hers is now living who is over eighty years of age.

VICE-President Fillmore is a delegate to the New York *Democratic* State Convention.

THE SECEDING TRIBES. Senator Hale, of New Hampshire, in his remarks on Monday, thus referred to a historical allusion made by Senator Clingman:—

"The honorable Senator referred to the going out of the Ten Tribes. So they did go out, but left the ark of covenant of the living God with the tribe of Judah. The tribes did go out, and God only knows where they are gone. He hoped that such would not be the fate of the tribes now endeavoring to go out."

THE SPEED OF "COASTERS." A gentleman in Middletown, Ct., a few days ago, timed the speed of the boys' sleds there, where coasting is a very popular amusement. It was on a street where the inclination is pretty steep. He found that his sled went half a mile in eighteen seconds, or nearly two miles a minute! This is double the speed of the swiftest express train.

POSTMASTER STEVENS, of Milwaukie, has been removed on account of some discrepancies in his account. Mr. D. M. Bull, Special Agent of the Department, has assumed the duties of the office for the present.

FROM WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.—The Presidents course in relation to Mr. Hayne is similar to that pursued by him in relation to the former Commissioners.—He says he has no authority to treat for or to make any other disposition of the forts and other public property. It is his duty to defend them to the best of his ability, and the consequences must fall on those who attack them. Mr. Hayne will now return to South Carolina.

Leading conservatives now from Virginia declare that there will not be ten men in the convention who are not in favor of making Mr. Crittenden's resolutions the ultimatum.

Ex Secretary Floyd and Roger A. Pryor have been defeated for the convention. Henry A. Wise was defeated in Mr. Millson's district. Mr. Botts was defeated through an excess of candidates.

It is reported that Judges Wayne and Campbell of the Supreme Court are about to resign, in which case the name of Caleb Cushing will be sent to the Senate to fill either vacancy. Mr. Douglas, it is said, will oppose both him and Mr. Black.

The seizure of the mails at Jackson Washington,has New Orleans, is reported at Washington.

A CANVAS shows that eighteen Republican Senators are opposed to any compromise.

The Convention. In the Peace Convention yesterday a resolution was introduced proposing to conduct the proceedings with open doors. An earnest debate followed which resulted in a vote restricting the Commissioners from communicating their doings to outside parties. The Committee was generally harmonious, but have as yet discussed no measures looking to political results.

Louisiana. The convention has voted in favor of appointing commissioners to treat with the seceding States that have not seceded and invite them to join a southern confederacy.

Texas. The ordinance of secession was passed on the 1st inst.—166 to 7. The ordinance has not yet been voted upon by the people as the 23d of February. It is to adopted subjected to public security by requiring of their capital and indebtedness.

Virginia. Northampton County elects Fisher, southern rights man, by a large majority.—Warwick, Jacob Gay, Wilhelmsburg, Accomac and Custis, elect Union delegates. Iglewright of Whitfield, Washington County, elected. Washington County elects conservatives, and King and Queen, Democrat and Reformer, secessionists. Wise's election is deemed certain.

Senator Johnson's speech in the United States Senate produced an unusual excitement. It is a universal theme of discussion. His denunciation of the secession-ists was vehement and overwhelming. It is said that the Senator's speech before the secessionists supposed would turn in their favor, and finally compel Maryland to secede, came to follow overwhelmed them with disappointment, and to some extent changed the programme.

STARVING KANSAS. Thadeus Hyatt has written a letter from Lawrence to a strong address to the country in relation to starving Kansas. He says there is but one step between 50,000 persons and death.

COL. HARRISON RITCHIE, one of Gov. Andrew's aids, is in Washington on military business, in which this State is vitally interested. He has already had one interview with Hon. Mr. Hayne.

The National Intelligencer deprecates the seizure of the U. S. mint at New Orleans as "tending to irritate the public sensibilities." Well, it does rather. There is a sort of prejudice in this section against theft, burglary and such amusements.—*Worcester Transcript.*

THE Vermont delegates to the Chicago Convention, met at Montpelier on the 5th, and agreed unanimously to protest against any compromise in the matter of our troubles with the Southern States.

A WOMAN in San Francisco became the mother of a girl the day after Christmas, and while mother and child were doing very well, in two weeks afterwards the mother did lester, in giving birth to a boy.

MR. CRITTENDEN sought out Mr. Bouligny, Louisiana Representative, who would not withdraw from Congress because his friend sent a challenge, and assured him that however much he might be annoyed now by those who were disloyal to the Union, he would live in the affectionate memory of a glorious, Union loving, law abiding people. He gratefully accepted the invoked God's blessing upon Mr. Bouligny, and wept as he spoke.

A FAIR LIFE OF FRAMELIN. Mr. James Parton, who has but recently given to the public an excellent life of General Jackson, is now engaged on the life of Benjamin Franklin.

THE Democrats of the Second Congressional District in New-Hampshire, have nominated Chief Justice Samuel D. Bell, of Manchester, as their candidate for Congress.

CONNECTICUT COMMISSIONERS. The following are the Commissioners appointed by the Governor of Connecticut—Hon. Roger S. Baldwin, Hon. Chauncey F. Cleveland, James T. Pratt, Robbins Battell, Amos S. Treat, and Judge C. J. McCurdy.

DEATH OF THE JUST.

It matters little at what hour of the day
The Angel of death shall come for his victim.
'Tis true that in childhood doth often appear
The brightest flowers that blossom in Heaven.
The bitter tears of little children
Make the sweetest music.—*Bulwer.*

THE Democrats of Connecticut have nominated James C. Loomis of Bridgeport for Governor, and A. G. Hazard of Enfield for Lieut. Governor.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The whole number of members on the rolls of the several companies comprising this regiment as returned to Col. Jones is 467.

CORRECTION. Mr. E. O. Coburn, of Newport, Vt., writes to us correcting a statement which we made in our account of a gale, that he was nearly suffocated in his room at the Merrimack House in this city, from the escape of gas, owing to the stopping of the cock from being only partly shut the night. On inquiry we learn that Mr. Coburn is correct, and that he was not the sufferer, though it was so reported to us at the time of the occurrence. The person's name was Stevens, who, we believe, belongs in northern New York.

WOOD AND HAY. Mr. Holland Street, or, measured 1014 loads of wood during the month of January. The best of white oak sells for $7.50 and common oak from $6.00 to $6.50. Hay has advanced some from last week, a good article now selling in our market for $20 to $22.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ By order of the Board of the School Committee, the Committee on Teachers will examine candidates for the office of Teachers in the Public Schools, at the School Committee Room, City Government Building, on TUESDAY, February 12, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

ABBOTT, Chairman Committee on Teachers.

February 4th, 1861. 1 4tdd&3t

Superior Court, Middlesex County.

BINGHAM, J.

THOMAS LORD vs. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1861.

This Defendant in Attachment. Process for Plaintiff; Ripley and Hathaway for Defendant.

1825—Barry vs. Adams. Brigham for Plaintiff; Kennedy for Defendant.

880—Parker vs. Mills. Converse for Plaintiff; Ripley and Hathaway for Defendant.

884—Hagan vs. Charlestown Gas Company. Marcy for Plaintiff; Gaston and Hathaway for Defendant.

902—Tuttle vs. Keyes. Pearson for Plaintiff; Richardson for Defendant per se.

1031—Hale vs. Forbush. E. Whitney for Plaintiff; Rice & Ayer for Defendant.

On Monday next the regular trial list will be resumed, 1035 and 1036 being the first in order by Assignment.

PROF. COOKE'S SECOND LECTURE. Prof. Cooke delivered the second of his course of scientific lectures before the Mechanics' Association last evening. Huntington Hall was well filled with an attentive and interested audience, who were well repaid for their attendance.

The lecturer commenced by describing a beautiful sunset scene which he beheld from a lake in Switzerland, which was one of the most gorgeous views he ever witnessed. The west was gold and crimson, and the stars soon came out to measure with their twinkling the hours of night.—Similar scenes are witnessed by us when the heavens roll up their beautiful clouds to reflect back the rays of the sun. In his first lecture he spoke of the physical adaptation of the organs of sense to their element. In this he should speak of the relations of the atmosphere to light, heat, and electricity.

The atmosphere is not transparent, for if it was so, distant objects could be seen as clearly as those near us. Thirty per cent. of the rays of light never reach the earth—in fact, much more than one-half in time of year. But that which does not reach us is not lost, for it goes to make up the atmosphere. If it could be possible for us soon to lose the atmosphere, everything would be dark as the darkest midnight; the sun's rays would dazzle our sight. The atmosphere is so necessary for us that we are breathing. On the high mountains the atmosphere is of a leaden hue; stars are seen at noonday, and the rays of the sun will blister our hand. The atmosphere produces other results besides giving those beautiful tints which we see in the sunlight. It has been proved that the blue color of the sky is caused by reflection from the same as the blue color on a soap bubble before it breaks. What we are taught what causes the beautiful sunset scenes, we shall have cause to be thankful to our Heavenly Father for the pleasure which are afforded us. When the setting sun lights up the western horizon in all its beauty, may we be thankful to the child that our Heavenly Father is smiling behind the clouds!

He would next speak of the relations of the atmosphere to heat. The principles which convey light and heat are essentially the same. When you throw a stone into the water, waves are caused, and when you rub two stones together, a ripple is produced in the air which causes the same sympanum of the ear and causes the sound which we hear, the same as that from the ringing of a bell, which usually vibrate from 16 to 1024 times in a second.

The deepest note which we can hear is a wave of 8 in a second, and the highest 20,000. Sounds more highest than either of these, few can hear, though the acuteness of hearing in some is more acute than in others. He had been illustrating sound merely that the audience might understand the principles of heat.

The waves of light are much more rapid than those of sound, for while the latter travels only about 1100 feet in a second, the former travels 192,000 miles in the same space of time. The waves of light strike on the retina of the eye 477,000,000,000,000 times in a second. Red is reflected, 458,000,000,000,000, while the waves from the brightest colors are reflected 727,000,000,000,000 of times in a second. It is because we can see light at these colors are mazed together. A glass prism has the effect to bend the rays. There are seven colors corresponding to the seven musical notes. As some can hear more better than others, there are those who can discern darker colors better than others.—There are waves of light so large that our eyes cannot discern them; they strike on our hands and produce what we call heat. There are undulations of light and heat in the luminous ether of the atmosphere.—The atmosphere must act the same to produce heat as in producing light.

There are different kinds of heat. There is a heat which breaks upon us with a noise like an insect, and another which makes no noise, yet is soft and gentle. The heat of the glowing coal fire strikes us with great force, while that from the sun's rays is gentle. The heat of the sun is strong, so that it will penetrate glass.

He would next take up electricity. This is a subject often referred to but little understood. It was known to the ancients that when a stick of resin was rubbed with a silk handkerchief the resin would emit electricity. Franklin discovered that not only the resin was charged with electricity, but also the handkerchief, though both differed like the North and South poles.—It was found that rubbing glass in the same manner with silk would make electricity. Machines were invented, which produced a more powerful shock. [The lecturer illustrated with an electrical machine, which produced some fine results.] It was found that the diffusion of zinc would produce electricity; this was called galvanism and hence led to the discovery of the galvanic battery. Galvanism was produced by placing two metals together, and then separating them by a fluid, which is usually vitriol. [The lecturer here performed several experiments.] The lecturer concluded by saying that he would on Wednesday evening, will be on "The Adaptation of the Properties of Oxygen to the conditions of Organic Nature."

THE following correspondence requires no explanation:—

REV. J. P. CLEAVELAND, D. D.

Dear Sir:—The undersigned respectfully solicit you to repeat in Huntington Hall, at such time as may be convenient to you, the discourse upon the condition and prospects of the country, delivered by you in the Appleton Street Church, on the evening of the 27th ult.

Very respectfully,

Your fellow citizens,

A. P. Bonney, John Nesmith, James C. Ayer, C. C. Chase, Sullivan Tay, H. A. Cooke, C. L. Knapp, J. G. Marshall, Isaac S. Morse, H. Wilson,

and fifty-one others.

Boston, February 3d, 1861.

To Messrs. A. P. Bonney, John W. Graves, James Cook, John Nesmith, Jacob Robbins, and others:—

GENTLEMEN:—In your kind note, requesting the public repetition of my discourse of Sunday evening, is now introduced into my country," I have just received. For the opinion of such men as yourselves, representing all the great interests of the community, that I am capable of rendering any service, is a task like the present, I cannot be too thankful. I will certainly comply with your request, and as, in case of repetition, I am desirous to serve you to the convenience, I will designate next Saturday evening, as being less occupied with other public appointments, than any other Sabbath evening will be, for some time to come.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully your friend and fellow citizen,

J. P. CLEAVELAND.

LOWELL, February 7th, 1861.

STEALING FROM A POLICE OFFICER. William McComb, a fellow who gets his living on Merrimack street, was arraigned before R. L. Plaisted, No. 27 Walnut Street, one day last week, and some articles of clothing were given him. While going out, he took a vest which was hanging in the entry worth seven dollars, and pawned it at L. B. Richardson's for a dollar. From a description of the fellow, officers Plaisted and Hall arrested him this morning, at his house on High Street. He makes his living on the "sympathy" principle, having a child to bury, or a family in a destitute condition, which he is unable to support in consequence of injuries received by the fall of the Pemberton Mill, and has done good business in that line. He will probably be sent to Concord to-morrow to learn what it is "to beard the lion in his den."

AID FOR A WORTHY MAN AND A GOOD OBJECT. We learn that a subscription paper is in circulation for the relief of Mr. Hall, among citizens, for aid to enable Mr. J. W. Robinson to reconstruct his riding-school building, which was broken down by the snow on Sunday morning. An equestrianism is one of the most healthy exercises that can be indulged in, and as there has never before been a riding school in this city, this kind open in Lowell, we trust and hope that Mr. Robinson will be encouraged to re-build and again open his school. It is to be hoped that a subscription in accordance with many of our citizens, and those who have the means, it seems to us, should also have a disposition to assist the gentleman named in his misfortune.

THIS forenoon, while Mr. C. P. Brazer was engaged in changing the gutter in front of his brother's store, on Central Street, a piece of ice, weighing eight or ten pounds, fell from the roof of the building, striking upon the crown of his hat, and not only breaking quite an ugly wound. Had not the umbrella which he was holding over himself, offered some resistance, his injuries would have been much more severe, and rendered what medical aid was necessary.

We notice that Diptheria is becoming quite prevalent in our city. But as our physicians are becoming more acquainted with the disease and its treatment, it will not be long before it will be as serious an affair as has been in many places. We are informed by Dr. Thayer, who has recently returned to this city from the South, where he has had an extensive experience with the disease, that it readily yields to the mode of treatment now pursued if taken in season. We also learn that the Dr. has created a number of friends since his sojourn here with the same success as heretofore.

A BALL. The "Independent Guard," (the company that some frightened individuals thought was preparing to join the Southern Confederacy,) propose to have a dance at Merrimack Hall to-morrow evening. Good music, good management and good behavior will be the order of the evening, we doubt not; at all events we hope such may be the case.

POLICE COURT. Thursday, February 7. Alice Duncan, William Harrison and Thos. Carolin, charged with keeping and maintaining liquor nuisances, were ordered to the 19th inst.

John O'Neil, common drunkard, was ordered to the 23rd inst.

Michael Golden, for obtaining money on false pretences from one Ann McQuaid, was ordered till next Saturday, in order to obtain more testimony.

FX-FIVE ASSOCIATES. The members of this association will give their annual ball at French's Hall Friday evening. This is an independent social organization, that understands perfectly well that there is a silver lining to the darkest cloud, and the best use to which life can be put, is to enjoy it. They have secured, as usual in their recreations to-morrow evening, the services of Brooks, Davis & Carlton's Band, and propose, with their personal efforts, to spend a few hours in exercising themselves in a gay dance, which is all right and proper enough, and we hope may be as successful as they desire.

SKATING. The band will not be at the Skating Park of the McFarlin's this afternoon, as announced. The ice is in a bad condition, and unfit for use; and the arrangement for the Band therefore stands adjourned till the first favorable day.

THERE is not the slightest evidence that Fort Sumter has been reinforced.

Another Instance of Tops Worn Cured by the

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS.

New York, October 15, 1852.

☞ This is to certify that I was troubled with a tape worm for more than six months. I tried all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained notices of several wonderful cures it had been performed by his celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. I resolved to try it; and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged one large tape worm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones.' MRS M. SCOTT,

No. 70 Cannon street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges are counterfeits are worthless. Dr M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, are now to be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of*

FLEMING BROS.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WERKLY,

Containing a correct map on large paper and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States, Canada, &c. Price 6 cents.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, No. 2 Astor House, Cortlandt, Barclay and Fulton Streets, Agent, Jas. Hamilton.

FIRST PREMIUM.

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan30dif

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

For grates is good.

It burns up cleanest,

It lasts longest,

It burns in less quantity,

It costs less money.

Than any other free burning coal. And the best of all is that it is

Perfectly Free from Slate.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Prescott street. ma14dif

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, D. B. Stockbridge, D. B. Richardson,
L. G. Rose, Edward Tuck, E. P. Sherman,
Jr. Wm. Gray.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL PLAN has been found to Dwelling-Houses, Stores, Furniture, Merchandise, &c., on favorable terms. Apply at the office, No. 27 Central St., (second story,) Lowell.

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. jan28d1y

☞ Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and THROAT affections, which are frequently followed by the most fatal consequences. Of Troche is unsurpassed in the world for the relief and cure of all these diseases, requires should at once be had recourse to. Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents per box.

Lowell, Jan. 19, 1860. jan19d1y

☞ Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and THROAT affections, which are frequently followed by the most fatal consequences. Of all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained notices of several wonderful cures it had been performed by his celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. I resolved to try it; and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged one large tape worm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones.' MRS M. SCOTT,

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Pittsburgh, Pa.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Original and Best in the World!!

Produces the true shade of nature, and is warranted if you wish to escape ridicule.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS in a few minutes a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black, without injury to the Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR, which is more than any other three names ever have been made to the hair of the human head or face.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is WARRANTED not to injure in the least degree, but leaves the hair in a soft and beautiful condition, and the ill effects of bad dyes remedied. Sold at WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Wig Manufactory, No. 16 Astor House, and all Druggists and Fancy Stores in the United States and Canadas.

CAUTION!

Two schemers, the only shippers of the true and genuine article, have lately been detected in counterfeiting our labels, bottles, &c., and selling a counterfeit article for the genuine.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, Wood and Company, or their Agents, as we have not sold or shipped any Hair Restorative to any city in Kentucky, except LIVINGSTON, WOOD & CO., Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 3, 1859. dec13

☞ W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

The splendid Hair Dye has no equal—immediate in effect—beautiful Black or Natural Brown—is not a wash, but acts on the secretions of the skin—invigorates and promotes a healthy growth of hair for life. None are genuine unless signed "W. A. BATCHELOR" in a steel plate engraving.

CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,

81 Barclay Street, New York.

mar18 dly

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E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. jan28d1y

☞ Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and THROAT affections, which are frequently followed by the most fatal consequences. Of all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained notices of several wonderful cures it had been performed by his celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. I resolved to try it; and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged one large tape worm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones.' MRS M. SCOTT,

No. 70 Cannon street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges are counterfeits are worthless. Dr M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, are now to be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of*

FLEMING BROS.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WERKLY,

Containing a correct map on large paper and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States, Canada, &c. Price 6 cents.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, No. 2 Astor House, Cortlandt, Barclay and Fulton Streets, Agent, Jas. Hamilton.

FIRST PREMIUM.

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan30dif

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

For grates is good.

It burns up cleanest,

It lasts longest,

It burns in less quantity,

It costs less money.

Than any other free burning coal. And the best of all is that it is

Perfectly Free from Slate.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Prescott street. ma14dif

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, D. B. Stockbridge, D. B. Richardson,
L. G. Rose, Edward Tuck, E. P. Sherman,
Jr. Wm. Gray.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL PLAN has been found to Dwelling-Houses, Stores, Furniture, Merchandise, &c., on favorable terms. Apply at the office, No. 27 Central St., (second story,) Lowell.

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. jan28d1y

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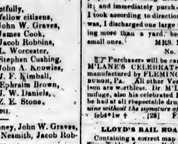
Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. jan28d1y



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is enough due to its peculiar merits, which are in the requisites for family use, and the universal favor with which it is received, is indeed upon as a household economy. In all the lower of family sewing, in the line of fine embroidery and broadcloth, in tucking, stitching and binding, in short, in all the innumerable wants which female needle work is required, the

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly surpass praise and yet confessed.

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Family Machine for their own use. Lowell:

J. E. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Buttrick, H. Hosford,
J. C. Ayer, T. F. Appleton,
E. Huntington, Walter Wright,
C. Cowley, F. L. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn, J. P. Folsom,
C. L. Kn

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
is now opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment particularly suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, non-jobbing
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, assortment and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.
All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will suit their own story. Of
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the City. Purchasers will find the Crockery Emporium,
Prince Street, Lowell.
Sign of the *Gold Band Pitcher,*
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

A GOOD
Sewing Machine
For $16.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the sole agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would say that he is well aware of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons about to purchase will favor him with a call. No. 8 Hunt's Block and Music Store, No. 17 Central Street, where a competent person is in readiness to explain the machine.
N. C. CARTER.
jan15 17 Central street.

A VALUABLE BOOK is offered one of the best machines in the world—as my agent. No. 3 John street, Lowell, Mass. Send a stamp and your address, and I will send you a book free, by return mail.
WOMEN OF BEAUTY from Rembrandt to Eugenie—Portrait Gallery of Female Loveliness, Historic and Intensive—with 16 large Steel Engravings.
PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT; or Bible Characteristics of Women, by Mrs. H. C. Knight—Illustrated.
HEROINES OF SHAKSPEARE.
THE LAMB by Dr. Doddridge, by Dr. Thompson.
HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.
BEECHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition, Revised, recast, full plate.
The English and American Poets—in superb styles of binding.
THE HOUSE BEAUTIFUL—Practical Suggestions, by C. H. Bennett—splendid edition.
With a large variety of NEW and USEFUL books on all new TOPICS.
BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS AND HYMNS, in every style, and at low prices.
Sunday School Books, Reward Books, Annuals, Toy Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES.
J. J. JUDKINS,
dec18 3 John street.

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
AND
Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse.
Also,
Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,
WARE suitable for outfitting Houses, GOOD in quality, and YET low in price, at the
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack Street.
aug14 W. DEARDEN.

TO THE LADIES.
BATH OF BEAUTY—A delicate preparation for the Toilet, completely effectious in annihilating Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and imparting a clear and fair complexion, without injury to the skin. Sold by E. KIDDER, 17, cor. Merrimack and Market sts.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MORE MUSIC.
"Is that both no music in it?"—Merchant of Venice.
JUST received, five pieces from Gemeinhardt Cantata by Otto Dresel.
Twenty-four Songs by Carl Zerrahn.
Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Melodies' Exposition from favorite Operas—arranged for Cabinet Organ.
All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov27

RUBBER SLATES.—A State which cannot be broken; cheaper than wood; will last a century of slates. Call and examine at
nov12 E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get DOWNER'S KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
Chine Emporium, 43 Merrimack St.
jan10

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies of Lowell to a splendid article for exercise, just from Paris—The French CHEST EXPANDER. For sale at
may17 No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.
THE STAR EXERCISER which enables the pupil to explode it so over a manner, that any person may understand the secret of. Sold by
1719 W. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Ware, Jewelry, Watches, &c. Prepared and for sale by Messrs. Morton, Martin, Tu, &c. For cleaning Plate, Jewelry, Window Glass, &c., Silver Soap is invaluable. A fresh supply received and for sale by E. KIDDER, 17, cor. John and Merrimack sts.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
Sold by
nov12 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.
NEW and superior Rice Meal prepared from fine rice, and recommended this article to the public.
nov27 W. H. & L. WOOD, 45 Market.

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
AT
H. S. HAYNES,
WHO has just imported a very large assortment, and is selling very low, at 43 Merrimack street, the large China Store the Proprietor.
dec26

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

CUTLERY! CUTLERY
A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 31 pieces; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
dec26 43 Merrimack.

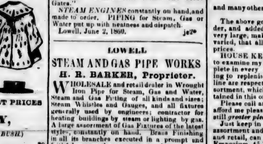
LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.
HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.
JOAMEL B. WARD of W., Milford, N. H.
Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. Never suffers since.
A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of a virulent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1858. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.
THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Clothier.
Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.
H. S SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.
His wife—red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of p ainful suffering.
E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery man, Brighton, Mass.
Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—confined to the bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders. Also relieved of pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.
JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.
JAMES PEARSON, Fm., Milford, N. H.
Cured of Chilblains by one application.
Mrs. NATHANIEL BILL, Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with which she had suffered intense pain in both feet for several years. No return of pain.
SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Now, and always since, enjoys perfect health.
L. STR A. TON, Esq., Wilmington Depot
His wife cured of severe Neuralgic pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative
J. B. FA ON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.
Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.
ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.
Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.
CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.
His wife cured of incessant suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Also cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.
SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.;
Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in March, 1858, after many years suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1859.
ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing. February, 1859.
ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains
LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,
His wife cured of an agonized case of Neuralgia, many years standing.
ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1858. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since been cured.
JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk, Cold Co., Illinois
Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle in one night, no return of pain for many days.
C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.
Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralyzed in both legs in years, October, 1858, so much so his physicians that he could never get better, and now enjoys the best of health.
SENJ. P. CUTTER, Esq., Pelham, N. H.
Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering, and of cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain, in the left for 6 months No return of pain since cured—a year ago.
JOSEPH HARDY, Esq., Marblehead.
Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.
HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead.
Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.
Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H.
Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case in the face, eyes and forehead, after every remedy tried had failed.
Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lowell.
Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 5 days, after having tried all the usual remedies of the profession for many months in vain.
D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornlike, Me.,
Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully, cured with two bottles.
T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica,
Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.
OLIVER ROBBE, Dracut,
Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried all remedies and finally this, which was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative; now enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.
ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.
Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 19 years of agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.
Mrs. MARY ANN CHEEVER, Dracut.
Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of 5 years' standing with two bottles of the Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health, and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.
J. H. HUMPHREY, Esq., Boston.
Cured of Neuralgia in May, 1859, after suffering intensely four years.
HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES
May be referred to by calling on
M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For the United States & British Provinces,
26 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price
sld hyall Druggists in Lowell at 1 per bottle, or 12 bottles for $10, by
Merrimack St. next door west of the Old Bank No 800.
[19-oct3-ow-y-

RICH GOODS
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CASTORS, &c., &c.
Every article fully warranted.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, has his decorative manufactured by the well known firm of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. Highly favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation in this country. Its delicious flavor, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent and it affords considerable aid in cases of SLOW AND WEAK DIGESTION."—The Lancet.
"Spicy, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of the Author."—Observer.
A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table.—Bell's Life.
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDNER G. YVELIN,
312 Pearl St., New York
And BRAY & HAYS, 24 Court St., Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers every where.
Jan 1 yjan19

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufactories, for sale at the
N W MUSIC STORE!
41 Central Street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.
All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Curtain Fixtures,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,
In every
Sailing quick-low ng
DEARDEN'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. apr14

PIANO FORTES.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 *CENTRAL STREET,*
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—changing a good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Beading for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

ASTHMA, complaint, use For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing
FENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.
Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
May.-1860 may16ly

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHERLET'S TRANSPARENT ANGLOISE DUTCH. Himself's spotless invention, and takes the place of a Shade. *Call, Inspect and Size Stock.*
Sold only by H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call examine. 43 Merrimack st.
nov26

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly *courses* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken before such a period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, clearly sealed, to all parts of the country.
PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ *Remember* This medicine is *designed especially for* OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; *and that is warranted as represented in* EVERY RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded.*
☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. MATTISON, at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE for SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 29 Union street, Providence, R. I.
☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN. It is a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to these. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Those in pain in both the sexes, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, recommending to all patients from abroad wishing for a secure and safe residence, with good care and attention to health.
☞ PARTICULAR CAUTION.—
☞ In these days of medical imposition, when the regular practitioner finds himself in the midst of medicine wizardry, persons cannot be too careful in choosing a physician. Many are making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the most extravagant American advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are empirics, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making some inquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. M. will not be found advertising one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Treatise on Consumption; all; also Circulars giving full information, with the most undoubted references and testimonials, without which no advertising physician or medicine of this kind is deserving of CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
☞ Dr. Mattison is a duly EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England: who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both in his NOSTRUM and in his Practice ASK any others, LETTHEM DO THE SAME; otherwise, they are humbugs keep away from them.
Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.
August 23, 1860. aug23ly

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY : LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSION TO BENT & BUSH)
30 Central Street,
Solicits the attention of the Ladies of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
Having purchased the entire manufactured stock of the late firm, he can offer them at very low prices.
LADIES' DRESS FURS.
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, of the best stock.
☞ Call in and look at these goods.
☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order.
nov26 dtf

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
H. B. BARKER, Proprietor.
LOWELL, Established in 1845.
Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds, Brass Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all fixtures generally used by engineers, manufacturers and heating buildings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of fixtures of the latest style, constantly on hand. Brass Finishing and Gas Fitting in churches and halls, and faithful manner by competent workmen.
Works, No. 10 River st. Office and Store, No. 9 Central st., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6

Coal and Wood
HARDED Sch. Coals, Souths' Coal, do. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use), which we deliver at low rates. WOOD, all of the best quality, at
NO. 28 MIDDLE STREET.
Having made arrangements with shippers to supply the above described fuel, we are now fully launched into the retail trade, and are prepared to fill orders promptly, and to please all who favor us with their patronage.
WILLIAM RITTENEDGE.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONEY,
Which he has now ready for inspection—Gents.
UGH McEVOY,
oct22 3m 37 Central street.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up, IRON FENCING of the most approved form and supperior workmanship.
CUMMING & MANN,
Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,
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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.
A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of the Violin, Seraphine, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., Tuned and repaired on the most reasonable and at late charges, Orders left at Dyar's Music and Piano Ware Room, 41 Central street, will receive prompt attention.
sep23 dt

"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Wonders in the Last Days." By Rev. J. Cumming, D. D. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
The largest and very best miscellaneous works at low prices, at the STATE Book and Music Store, No. 5 Central street.
sep21 E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. K HUNT'S.
oct8 Lowell Advertiser.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete beauty restorative, Blotches, Freckles, Tetter, Sunburn, Pimples, &c., will vanish like magic. Sold by all druggists, and at the Depot, 49 Merrimack street, corner Merrimack and John streets.
may16ly

FRENCH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR.—Fresh ground Graham Meal and Flour, put up in packages, for sale by
SAML N. WOOD, 43 Market st.
jan5

Nice Fresh Oysters.
Sold at $1.00 per gallon
by E. RICHARDSON'S Saloon
Nos. 10 and 12 Merrimack street.
oct20

SULPHITE OF LIME, for arresting Fermentation, for sale by E. KIDDER, Jr.,
oct20 corner Merrimack and John sts.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
we, the P printers of Lowell assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law Blanks, Catalogues, Town Reports, Programmes,
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN and FANCY
LABELS,
In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of paper suitable and convenient for printing Labels, and designed to fit every description of work—in packs and in boards to suit every number.
E. F. STONE,
S. W. HUNT,
"CITY"
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 84 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor.
MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Steam and Iron Fittings of all kinds. Malleable Iron Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, &c.
Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Smith's Patent Improved Governor Valve" and Fire and Patent Hose Couplings for Leathern Hose.
STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. PIPING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and dispatch.
Lowell, June 2, 1860. jy29

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
H. B. BARKER, Proprietor.
LOWELL, Established in 1845.
Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds, Brass Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all fixtures generally used by engineers, manufacturers and heating buildings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of fixtures of the latest style, constantly on hand. Brass Finishing and Gas Fitting in churches and halls, and faithful manner by competent workmen.
Works, No. 10 River st. Office and Store, No. 9 Central st., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in every style, Whalebone, Rattans, Sunbrellas, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
A steady repairer at hand, at greatly reduced prices.
may28 dtf

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money! Not by the speculations of a Gubbin, but been discovered, and is now being successfully carried on by many who are in constant employ, at simple business, more comparatively poor. We will send you a sample which will convince you of making from $20 to $30 per week. One young lady has made $17 in one day and another $11 in four hours. Any one can do it. $1000, all earned by his own hands, assured to every Lad and Lass who will write us. Those who do not commence at once can see from the above that $20 to $12 per week. Boys can earn from $5 to $10 per day. Any one can engage in the business. Send for a valise containing all directions necessary for the undertaking, and the whole secret, with such explanations as will enable the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent by mail or express, free of every description. No money is required in advance. We have sold this article to over 10,000 persons in the United States and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.
Address E. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug24 Boston, Mass.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Lead Works, and warranted to be ground to the fine Oil Lenden; and each package is stamped with the name of the Company. Every package is sold exactly by any establishment in the world. Orders addressed to the Company, or to their agents at Lowell, will receive prompt attention.
The above Company have appointed
E. S. HUNT, Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found a full assortment of the above White Lead.
Also, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw, Paints, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.
sep23 dt

Toilet Soaps.
Extra fine Toilet Soaps, Bay Rum, Jockey Club, Florida, Old Dollar, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by the gross, by CROCKER, Merrimack and John sts.
jy28

KIDDER'S HAIR DYESTUFF.—This is the new and superior article is highly recommended for *Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.* It renovates the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., for sale wholesale and retail by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts.
jy28

WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink, just received and for sale by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.
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GOVERNOR VALVES
FOR Stations, Engines, &c. "Jones & Parker," "Rochester, N. Y.," also "Fitts' Patent Globe and Governor Valves," for sale by H. B. BARKER,
No. 8 Central st.
jy28 dtf

A FEW gross of Cloth Crayons for sale very low, by DURKINS, 2 John st.
au27

PUMICE STONE SOAP.—This Soap will effectually clear the hands and render them soft and white. Sold by E. KIDDER for sale at Merrimack and John sts.
jy28

B. T. THOMPSON,
No. 91 Merrimack Street
EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS!
Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of
Bonnet,
from the cheapest straw to the richest French crapes—I am confident in saying the most fastidious taste.
Please give me an early call, and save one third of your money, and get a prettier and more fashionable BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.
MOURNING BONNETS always on hand.
Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.
Millinery supplied with patterns at short notice.
Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

E. G. KELLEY,
110 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the
PHILADELPHIA AND LOWELL ILLUMINATING OIL COMPANY,
Whose Oils are manufactured of the newly discovered coal process, which gives them the proportion of
FIVE SPERM OIL.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for cutting Spindles and all kinds of Machinery, No. 1 if per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, for Lamps, No. 3, 50 cents; White Illuminating Oil, No. 4, 37½ cents; White Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 37½ cents; Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 2, 25 cents.
Orders for the sale or the Oil,
110 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.
sep247 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemists.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from celebrated Potteries of
T. & R. BOOTH, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET SETS. Also, a large assortment of all kinds of Crockery, tions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are the very best of their quality and shape, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, just received from the best of American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to mention.
The above goods were manufactured to order, and will be sold at the lowest prices, and are very large, making an assortment so large and complete that will please both in variety and prices.
HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete, and will be pleased to show goods, giving to replenish their stock of goods in this line, and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in the city. Please call and examine my goods. It will be no trouble to show them.
HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete, and will be pleased to show goods, giving to replenish their stock of goods in this line, and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in the city. Please call and examine my goods. It will be no trouble to show them.
H. S. HAYNES,
43 Merrimack St.
jan10

A. T. NITE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nite)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Counter and Platform Scales, Beam Boxes, Weights, &c., &c., which they warrant to be as accurate as any Scales in the market.
Repairing done with promptness and dispatch.
Office, No. 3 Merrimack Block, Lowell.
Having had occasion for the past two years in Nite's Scales, and having them in constant use in my business, I cheerfully recommend them to the public as any in the market, and warrant them to give entire satisfaction.
JAMES L. GODDARD.
Lowell, December 11, 1860.
Having had occasion for the past two years in Nite & Nute's Scales, and having them in constant use in my business, I cheerfully recommend them to the public as any in the market, and warranted them to give entire satisfaction.
DANIEL CHAMBERLAIN.
Lowell, April 10, 1860.
dec5 dtf

Never ! Never ! Never !
BY O. W. CUTTER.
"I may be asked, as I have been asked when I am for a dissolution of the Union, if I never never ! never ! never."—*Henry Clay.*
You ask me when I'd read the scroll
Our fathers signed in days of yore—
When I would see our flag unrol
Its mingled stripes and stars no more?
Wires with a worse than felon's hand,
Or fetter it with galling chains?
The Union of this glorious land?
Never ! never ! never !
Think ye that I could brook to see
The banner of the free disgraced
Borne piece-meal o'er the distant sea—
Torn, trampled by the vile and base?
Divided, measured, paraled out—
Its stripes a tyrant's scourge to be?
Its stars a lawless rout
Of tinsel'd slaves? Never ! never !
Give up this land to lowless might,
To selfish fraud, a villain's sway,
Discern these blessings, and requite
Their worth with hate? Never ! never !
Then why not tell me, Ruth—very kind, indeed—as one child could and have been more devoted ! but you shall be rewarded, you shall, indeed ! you will marry Charles Edgeworth—my God ! how you both ! but his hard truly, for a young couple to struggle on in poverty, as you inevitably will, if married under present circumstances. Now, I have something to propose. Should you accept the offer which I am about to make, it would gratify my earnest wish, reward you for your kindness to an infirm old man, and disappoint my wicked children of their expected patrimony — is there any reader justice to all concerned. Ruth Wilson, I want you to marry me ! Will you ?
"*Marry you ?*" and his companion fairly sprang from her seat—"marry you !—what do you mean ?"
"Yes, marry me. I wonder not that you are astonished; but listen ; by marriage I mean merely a legal transaction ; I do not wish you to share my bed, I only want you to become my nominal wife, so that you may attend me in my last days, and then become the owner of my entire property. You could have your bed placed in the same room with mine, so as to give me no fear, no strange an offer—I hardly know what to say. Charles will be here in an hour or so and then we'll see what he thinks of it."
"So you consent ?"
"Yes, if Charles does ; I shall leave it all with him."
"He cannot fail to acquiesce ; he is a man of sense, and will not be likely to refuse such an offer."
"Well ! further guess, on the whole, he'll agree to it."
And so saying, Ruth left the room.
Mr. Edgeworth returned in less than an hour after the above conversation. The proposition of Ruth, after mature reflection, a series of a rival stepping in between himself and his affianced struck him speechless with indignation; but when he came to learn the proposed transaction in its true light, and to realize the full magnitude of the offer, his feelings were completely revolutionized. He saw at once the advantage in the scheme, and forthwith gave Ruth a most passionate embrace from her eloquent lips. Late in the evening he arose, put on his hat, and joconsely remarking, as he left the room, that he'd be back in a minute, for the moment was going to'out him out so slick, he'd forgotten all about it, he left.
Mr. Helmont and Ruth were united in marriage. The event created no little stir in the city. Numerous comments were made, were the ribald jests and animadversions passed from mouth to mouth. His sons and the heirs, and they cursed and execrated and howled with indignation. But jests and jeers and curses availed them not a whit.
Mr. Helmont continued to decline, and the physicians now expressed the belief that he could not live. He was sinking fast, at farthest. Never was a wife more kind and devoted to her lord than Ruth, the whole of his sickness she remained by his side, striving to anticipate his every wish. And when, at last, the summons came, he turned his eyes to the little group that surrounded his bed, and with a loving voice addressed his young and weeping wife—
"Farewell, Ruth—I am going—you have been kind and true to me—farewell may heaven bless you !"
These were his last words ; his eyes again closed, and in a few minutes he had ceased to live.
By the will he left, Ruth was put in possession of his entire property, with the exception of ONE DOLLAR APIECE to be given to his sons.
The heirs of the late Mr. Belmont being settled, Charles Edgeworth, after waiting what he considered a proper length of time, led the worthy object of his early and unceasing love to the altar.
And in the enjoyment of wealth and richly furnished dwelling of their kind benefactor they forthwith installed themselves, where, for aught we know to the contrary, they are yet living, in the full enjoyment of that wealth which they so richly deserved and so curiously obtained.—*Portland Transcript.*

SEVEN YEARS!
The seven years of unrivalled success attending the
Compound Fluid Extract Buchu,
have made it a household word throughout every part of the country.
Under the auspices of this popular institution, over *Fifty Thousand* Diseased Sufferers have been promptly restored to perfect health, and the most unqualified testimonials in favor of the remedy are daily received by the proprietor.
A SINGULAR PROPOSITION.
FOUNDED ON FACT.
BY C. O. STICKNEY.
Continued.
As she thus closed, pausing in pensive attitude, a small boat, containing one person only, shot out from the dark shadow of a group of rocks and shrubbery about half a mile distant, and propelled by the vigorous exertions of a single pair of oars, rapidly approached where she was standing. She knew it was Charles, although so far off Charles Edgeworth was coming over to visit her

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, February 8, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Thompson of New Jersey made a speech in favor of the Crittenden resolutions, and also in opposition both to coercion and concession. He was followed by Mr. Ten Eyck, who contradicted the statement that the Crittenden resolutions were endorsed by the sentiments of the people of New Jersey.

Mr. Collamer presented a petition from the citizens of Vermont in favor of the Border States Compromise. He contended that the provisions in the Constitution were plain, yet none of the complaining States had taken measures to secure an amendment to the Constitution in a constitutional way.

Mr. Wigfall of Texas read a violent but characteristic speech in reply, but not answering Mr. Johnson of Tennessee. He referred to the treaty ceding Louisiana to the United States, contending that Mr. Johnson did not give a fair construction of it, nor in regard to the admission of Alabama. He said Jacksonian doctrines had been perverted by Black Republicans.—He argued against coercion, and said that attempts to enforce the laws unless such reinforcement has been made since last Sunday, of which there is no probability.

THE WASHINGTON CONVENTION. As far as reported, the Peace Congress seems to be making but little progress. On Wednesday morning, Mr. Guthrie of Kentucky offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee—one from each State—to wait on the President elect, and ask from him a reply to the propositions of adjustment. This was sustained by the mover, Mr. W. C. Rives, Mr. C. B. Smith, Mr. Chase, Mr. Summers, Judge Ruffin, Mr. Baldwin, and others. The debate was continued for several hours, and finally the resolution was laid upon the table.

The business of the Convention is to be conducted with closed doors, and the commissioners are to be restricted from communicating anything to outsiders; but a synopsis of the business is to be furnished to the press.

The Convention adjourned yesterday after a three days session, to visit the President. Mr. Corwin's object in delaying the question on the report of the Committee of Thirty-three, was to see what the Peace Commissioners could do in the meantime.

The telegraphic dispatches relative to the Convention, close with the following:—

New York—Reports of the proceedings in circles about the Peace Conference are to the effect that the proceedings are to be kept secret until after the 4th of March. Delay is deemed by non-compromisers, in the interest of Mr. Lincoln, as the only way of preventing propositions in his inaugural that will lead to a peaceful solution of the difficulties.

Legislative. In the Senate, yesterday, an order was adopted in favor of repealing so much of the second chapter of the Revised Statutes as requires order of notice on petitions of individuals or corporations to be published fourteen days previous to the meeting of the General Court. No other business of importance.

In the House, a number of petitions were presented for the repeal of the Personal Liberty law, among them one from Josiah Rogers and 88 others of Billerica. Petitions were received from James Dana and B. F. Gardner and 632 others, against the secession of Charlestown to Boston. Leave to withdraw was given to Wm. Barnard and others, who petitioned for incorporation as the Lowell Firemens Aid of Maryland, under the stars and stripes. They will not allow a majority or minority to drag them from the Union.—Maryland has men who will assume armed resistance to anything looking like armed rebellion, and closed by expressing the sentiments for the platform proposed as a test act to catch the popular breeze.

Mr. Sedgwick of New York made a spirited speech, in which he said that "nothing but an incorporation in the Constitution of the Breckinridge platform, with the Dred Scott decision, would satisfy the rebels. He was opposed to compromise. The complaints were as groundless as the proposed remedies were puerile. He would concur that the Slave States should go into a separate Confederacy with the full assent of parties.

Mr. Vallandigham of Ohio, offered propositions to amend the Constitution, by dividing the United States to two confederacies—New England and the Middle States forming one, the North-Western States another, the Pacific States another, and the Southern States East of the Rio Grande another, to be called respectively the North, the West, the Pacific, and the South; new States within the present limits of each section to be part of such section; latitude 36-30 to be the line between the West and South; the consent of one-third of the Senators of any section, a vote on anything requiring the concurrence of the House shall be had by sections, and a majority of Senators from each section shall be necessary to the passage of any measure. Two electors shall be chosen in each State at large, the others by congressional districts.

A majority of electors in each section shall be necessary to the choice of President and Vice President in the House or Senate. The term of the President and Vice President shall be six years, and these are to be ineligible for a second term, except by votes of two-thirds of the electors of each section. In case of the failure of the House and Senate to choose a President and Vice President, a special election shall be held within six months of the 4th of March. No Slaves shall reside without the consent of the Legislatures of all the States of the section to which the Slaves of the President shall have been carried. Congress shall not prohibit slavery in the Territories. Neither Congress nor the Territorial Legislatures shall interfere with the emigration, on equal terms, of citizens of the several sections, nor shall either have the power to destroy or impair the rights of persons or property in the Territories. Kansas shall forthwith be admitted with any Constitution that is Republican in its form.

Mr. Leach, of North Carolina, acknowledged that secession had no warrant in the Constitution, and advocated Mr. Crittenden's resolutions, and was in favor of remitting the question to the people, whom some of the Republicans and Southern Unionists were afraid to trust.

Several other members spoke on the same ground, against the right of secession. The debate was the most spirited that has taken place in the House for some time.

FORT SUMTER. There were sixty-two women and children brought to New York by a steamer from Charleston, on the 16th inst., the relatives of the females of that fortification. A reporter of the *New York Post*, who visited and conversed with several of the wives, states on their authority that the provisions of the fort are nearly exhausted. The garrison is reduced to supplies of flour and pork. They are not allowed to get anything from Charleston, either in the way of edibles or clothing, and since Major Anderson declined to receive the meat and vegetables offered him by Governor Pickens, it appears to be the determination of the Charlestonians to starve the garrison out.

The inmates of the fort are fully aware that an attack is expected, and a vigilant watch is kept all the time. Not one of the garrison has deserted or attempted to.—They number seventy-nine, and although confident of a strong resistance, do not expect to be able to contend against the whole of South Carolina. The mission of the Star of the West was not known till she turned back, else Major Anderson would have certainly fired upon Fort Moultrie. No letter arrives at the fort that has not been opened by the Charleston authorities. There is no truth in the report that the fort has been re-inforced, unless such re-inforcement has been made since last Sunday, of which there is no probability.

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THE OLD THIRTEEN STATES. Now that the old thirteen States which formed this confederacy seem disposed to dissolve the compact by the withdrawal of one or more of them from the Union, we see patriotic allusions to the part each bore in the Revolution. In the Narragansett *Weekly* a few weeks since were extracts from the Boston *Transcript*, bearing on this point. But the *Transcript* does not give the whole number of commentals and militia raised by each State during the war. In round numbers the troops raised from each State was 289,500, furnished as follows :—

Massachusetts,	67,000	New Hampshire,	13,000
Connecticut,	31,000	Rhode Island,	10,000
Virginia,	26,000	North Carolina,	7,000
Pennsylvania,	25,800	South Carolina,	6,000
New York,	19,000	Delaware,	2,000
Maryland,	18,000	Georgia,	2,000
New Jersey,	15,000		

Taking the census of 1790 as the standard, we have the following table of troops furnished by each State compared with their population, as follows, beginning with the State which furnished the most warriors in proportion to the whole of its population :—

	1 soldier to every	7 inhabitants.
Connecticut,	7	59
Rhode Island,	7	59
New Hampshire,	7	59
Massachusetts,	7	59
New York,	7	59
Maryland,	7	59
Delaware,	7	59
Virginia,	7	59
Georgia,	7	59
North Carolina,	7	59
South Carolina,	7	59

Taking the Northern States together, they furnished 1 soldier to every 8.5 inhabitants, while the Southern States furnished 1 soldier to every 26.8 inhabitants. We need not claim for the Northern States any greater degree of patriotism than the South. The slave population is, of course, the cause of the difference, which will, in part, account for the comparatively small number furnished by the Southern States. It can be seen, however, to look at the facts. The people of these States did not need the stimulus of the Revolution—it was forced upon them. And now the idea of civil war strikes us with horror; but if it is unavoidable (which we trust in heaven it may not be), the same patriotism that was displayed by every eighth man in the Revolution, will doubtless summon myriads of invincible men for defence now.—*Newport Mercury*.

THE SUFFERING IN KANSAS. In the telegraphic dispatches last evening, was the following from Atchinson, Kansas, by Thaddeus Hyatt, dated the 6th, to the New York Kansas Relief Committee. We fear that in the excitement in relation to the secession and disunion troubles, the suffering people of Kansas have been too much forgotten. The dispatch reads thus :—

"I telegraphed last week to Mr. Williams that Gen. Pomeroy needed $2000. Now more needs of him. I have said 'Draw on the Committee,' for the money is indispensable. Thirty-four car loads of provisions arrived last week, and the freight must be paid. I cannot look upon the people's dangers and needs in numbers—and withhold my hand so long as one dollar remains. Your committee is our sole dependence. Send the money. Send it now. Send it quick."—*Missionary*.

In one of the jewelry establishments of New York is a set of diamonds, consisting of a necklace, bracelets, brooch and earrings. Value twenty-five thousand dollars. The necklace is composed of forty-three brilliant gems of the first water, forming a circle; from the centre are appended seven pear-shaped diamond pendants, of rare purity and brilliancy. The one necklace alone is sixteen thousand dollars.

A GEORGIA paper states that the town of Gordon, situated on the Central Railroad, at the junction of the road to Milledgeville, has, by an ordinance duly drawn up, signed and adopted by a meeting of the citizens of the place, formally seceded from Wilkinson county, Georgia! The narrow proposes to call it the independent city of Gordon.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ By order of the Board of the School Committee, the Grammar Schools will be closed on Saturday afternoon for the purpose of attending the Examination of Teachers in the Public Schools in the School Committee Room, City Government Building, on TUESDAY, February 12th instant, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

J. C. ABBOTT,
Chairman Committee on Teachers.

February 8th, 1861. 2tsuetuthfeb9

COLD WEATHER—A GREAT CHANGE. People who are obliged to be out of doors much to-day, have a slight idea of the weather which Dr. Kane's party endured, and that suffered by the imperial army of Napoleon in the Russian campaign. Yesterday at noon, there was every appearance of a rain storm, and rain commenced and continued for over an hour. The mercury ranged from 37 to 40 above zero in different parts of the city; but about 4 o'clock a fine squall sprung up, and the mercury fell rapidly, and this morning it was from 21 to 26 degrees below zero in several places about town!

They have kept a weather register at the Merrimack counting-room since February, 1812, and only one day since that time—January 11th, 1859—has it been as low as it was this morning at 7 o'clock, being 21 below on both occasions. At one o'clock yesterday noon, it stood at 37 above, at five o'clock 23 above, but 6th only rose by until it reached the lowest point this morning—21 below—a change of 58 degrees in sixteen hours,—something almost unprecedented.

On Stackpole Street, this morning, it stood at 26 below; at Mr. Brooks's, at the guard locks, about 25 below at three o'clock. At North Tewksbury we hear that it was 25 below, and Mr. L. Hantzsch says it was the coldest weather that he recollects to have experienced for many years. At the house of Mr. John Nesmith, Chapel east, near Pawtucket Falls, it stood at 26 below, this morning. We have met several persons who were out last night, who complain of frozen ears and noses.

At the Merrimack counting room at half past eleven o'clock this forenoon, the mercury was 12 below, and at Kimball's apothecary store, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, at one o'clock it was 8 below. Look out for another bitter cold night.

SCHOOL DRAFT. The amount of the draft for salaries of teachers for the present quarter amounts to $9,774.90. The amount of the High School teachers is $1,350; Bartlett Grammar School $811.70, Edson $824.05; Moody $673; Varnum $514.30; Green $430.70; Colburn $412.75; Franklin $406.25; Total for Grammar Schools $4,610. Writing professor $262.50; teachers of two Intermediate Schools $280.41; teachers of forty-eight Primary Schools $3,264.90.

POLICE COURT. Friday, February 8th, Christopher Morris, for keeping a liquor nuisance, was ordered in $100 to appear on the 16th inst.

William McComb, for larceny of shoes of the value of $7 from other Rufus L. Plaisted, was found guilty and sent to the House of Correction for two months.

RUN OVER AND SEVERELY INJURED. We learn that a girl named Doyle, who lives on Summer Street, was knocked down and run over by a pung on the Bridge about half-past six o'clock, last evening, and was so badly injured that it is feared she will not live. There were three men in the sleigh, who did not stop to see what injury they had caused.

DR. CLEAVELAND'S LECTURE. The lecture of Dr. Cleaveland (a correspondence concerning which we published yesterday) will be delivered in Huntington Hall on Sunday evening, commencing at half past six o'clock precisely. There will be no postponement or delay, and those desirous of hearing the discourse, should be in the hall at the time named.

We shall publish to-morrow, in place of a sermon, the lecture delivered in Boston, on National affairs, last Tuesday evening, by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, as reported for the *Boston Atlas and Bee*.

POSTPONED. On account of the severe cold weather, Ayer's Sarsaparilla Greenleaf's Park, Ayer's new city, which was intended for this afternoon, has been postponed to next Tuesday afternoon.

PATENTS. During the week ending February 5th, a patent was granted to William Markland of Lowell, for Improvements in Looms. Also a design to Elemir J. Noy of Lowell, assignor to the Lowell Manufacturing Company, for designs for carpets.

PEOPLE have to stand a good many things about this time, but they seem inclined to stand *fire* to-day better than anything else.

MUSEUM. The play of "Robert Macaire" will be performed this evening, with Mr. Nourse in the leading character.

A LOWELL GIRL IN TROUBLE. The *Boston Herald* of this morning states that about three weeks since a young girl named Estella Ryan, in company with another girl, was enticed from her home in Lowell by some smooth tongued rascal from Boston, and since that time she has not been heard from. Her distracted father is now in that city looking for her, but as yet has met with no success. This is a very sad case.

There are too many of these "smooth tongued rascals" about Lowell, and we too often have to record a "sad case" of this kind. We should be glad to see these villains ferreted out and sent to the State Prison where their smoothness could be of some use in cutting stone.

THE parading of United States troops on Pennsylvania Avenue, in Washington, by order of General Scott, it is reported causes deep indignation on the part of Southern delegates to the Peace Congress.

"IT makes a great difference whether glasses are used over or under the nose."

THE *Newburgport Herald* says "the delegates of Massachusetts, to the Peace Convention at Washington, are quite a different class of men from those named by rumor; they are all of the straightest sect of anti-slavery men; it does not express it to call some of them Republicans."

To the Editor of the Lowell Courier—SIR:—There appears in the issue of your paper of yesterday, a paragraph in which the statement is made, that the disease called "*Diptheria*" is "becoming quite prevalent in this city." If this assertion be true, it is a little remarkable that the fact has never yet been found out by our medical practitioners generally. The glaring special notoriety to mere hearsay report, is a peculiar acknowledgment, as it is at times a pernicious policy. In this instance, I am sorry that your notice alluded to *a utterly untrue*. Probably not a single genuine case of diphtheria has occurred in our city during the past month, which, Aside from the prevalence of measles, which for the most part has been of a mild character, it may be safely said that our city is at the present moment, in a remarkably healthy condition.

It is not intended, by the way, to call the attention of the public to the merits or demerits of the physician whose name we see so modestly associated with the paragraph above alluded to, but rather to direct the public in reference to a statement which is without foundation in fact, and liable to create a serious and unnecessary anxiety in the public mind.

The above comes to us from a physician of this city of the highest respectability, and is entitled to full credence, as far as its statements respecting the health of the city are stated. The paragraph in which the remark was made and to which exceptions are here taken, was not published on the strength of our personal knowledge of its matter, but on the strength of a statement that appeared quite probable, considering the fact that diptheria is prevalent in many places abroad. We certainly should be glad to give publicity to any matter of a report likely to alarm the public, and hope that what our correspondent says is strictly reliable, and we entertain no doubt whatever that he is well informed on the subject of which he speaks.

FATHER KNEW SOLD FOOLS IN ENGLAND. The Liverpool papers tell us how well the sale of Father Kemp and his troupe, and their criticisms are quite guarded. One of the papers speaks of the first concert as follows :

"The hall was full and the appearance and performance were so unique and peculiar that we can safely express a favorable opinion on the success this numerous party are likely to meet with. There is a variety in many of them, very good, and they are evidently well drilled and accustomed to play together; but the singing is not of a differently arranged from anything we have heard, and we fear it will not be appreciated our old friends. The Scotch airs are taken much faster then they are ever heard in Scotland, and the hash we have got of 'Save the Queen' is considerably modified from our national anthem. The 'Yankee imitator,' given out 'Old Hundred' and 'The Marseilles Hymn,' is only more altered from the original; except in the time and key we could not trace its identity. How this audience from this time will receive Kemp's Old Folks of a hundred years ago we cannot understand—but we would advise the management that the novelty of singing that the inventions are not new and got up for the occasion. During a short interval between some of the performances the whole party marched or promenaded round the room to give the audience an opportunity of close inspection. It is difficult to imagine how the public will appreciate an exhibition so peculiar and so unlike to anything we have ever seen in the United States. The expense of the undertaking, carrying so large a body of persons, must be enormous, and it will require large audiences to remunerate the proprietor. The sacred music of the programme may attract the choral harmonic portion of our musical population."

GOSSIP. The following gossipy paragraph we find in the Boston *Evening Traveller* from Washington, last evening :

Steam frigates will be at Savannah, Charleston, Mobile and New Orleans by the 25th of February, to blockade the ports and enforce the revenue laws.

The delegates of Massachusetts have been held at Charleston lately. A Union league has been formed there, numbering nearly five hundred men.

Quite an excitement has been created in Florida by the rumor that the Governor of Alabama is to be sent back to their native State.

Major Hess has gone to Nicaragua, and will immediately put nearly one thousand acres of land under cultivation for the cultivation of cotton.

Abraham Lincoln will leave Springfield on the 13th, but will not reach Washington till about the 1st of March. He will not visit Boston.

KILLED BY A COW. Thomas Laverty, a boy about ten years of age, was killed by accident in Springfield, Monday evening. While leading a cow, the animal attempted to break away, and threw her lender so violently to the ground as to kill him in a few minutes. Mr. Laverty was a married man, and leaves a wife and several children.

HON. JAMES GUTHRIE, one of the Commissioners to Washington from Kentucky, is a strong Union man. In a speech at Hendersonville, Ky., a few days ago, he said that "if secession is to supplant the system or be incorporated into their government, I would prefer setting up for ourselves to uniting with them."

A YOUTH after vainly trying to explain some act unlike theory to his fair seamstress, said "the question is difficult and I don't see well what I can do to make it clearer." "Suppose you pop it," whispered the blushing damsel.

THE committee appointed to convey the remains of Gen. Harry Lee from Cumberland Island, Ga., to Virginia, have received a passport from South Carolina, through Col. Walter Gwin, the present chief military engineer of that republic.

NAVAL. The steamer Brooklyn was sailing off Key West on the 31st. She was to visit Fort Tortugas, and thence to Pensacola. The steam frigate Macedonian was spoken on the 30th ult., bound for Tortugas. The Crusader is at Key West.

THE President elect has addressed a note to a committee of the Indiana Legislature, acknowledging the receipt of the Indianapolis on the 12th inst. This is the first public letter which Mr. Lincoln has written since his election.

THE Iron Clad Steamer Ambrister Asylum will probably be completed during the present year. Over 4300 applications have already been received to become patients.

IN Utica, N. Y., the other day, a young woman was insulted in the streets in the day time by a fellow who sought to grasp her ankles. She kicked him in the face with her high-heeled boots, and pending his astonishment, safely escaped.

Another Instance of Type Worn Cured by the use of

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE,

PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., New York, October 15, 1852.

3d? This is to certify that I was troubled with a tape worm for more than six months. I tried all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained a letters of several wonderful cures that had been performed by his celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. I resolved to try it, and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged the tape worm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones.

MRS. M. SCOTT,
No. 70 Cedar street.

3d? Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in connection are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge can be purchased of any Druggist in town; he had at all responsible drug stores. *Be sure you write without fail* Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh.

For sale by all Druggists. oct16

FLEMING BROS.

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Ladies, call and examine the Fur Store, Merrimack Block. Remember that $1000 worth of store Furs selling off at 25 per cent. less than usual. Furs made and repaired in the shortest manner. 160 Merrimack street, Lowell.

jan18tf H. DAMON.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have had a chance to examine the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Dame is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal:
It burns slowly,
It burns clear,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less ashes,
Than any other free burning coal. And the best of all is, it is the cheapest.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 18 Prescott street, Lowell.

jan16tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, R. W. Hinckley, D. S. Richardson,
S. Hooper, Edward Tuck, Jr., E. F. Sherman,
L. G. Howe, Edward Tuck,

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT will be limited to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made on the Mutual Premiums exceeding FIVE DOLLARS, in any one year, on a premium of $115.038.32. The retention of surplus premiums will constitute a Guarantee Fund for the Mutual Department.

Dividends will be declared on all the cash assets not required for the Mutual Department, semi-annually.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jan23

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Two Golden Salves has now won a world-wide fame. Its virtues are known to thousands. It cures the burns as it so long as an hair.

Two Golden Salves has now won a world-wide fame. Its virtues are known to thousands. It cures the burns child so long

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, assorting

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE, and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quantity and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at the

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the Goods and the Prices which will suit their own story. Or

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in Boston, Lowell, or any China and Crockery Emporium. Please remember the

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

A GOOD
Sewing Machine
For $10.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the sole agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would state that he is well aware of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons about to purchase will favor him with a call at F. S. Hunt's Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central street, where a competent person is in readiness to explain the qualities of this machine. F. S. HUNT.
jan15 17 Central street.

A VALUABLE BOOK, is noticed one of the best medical works ever published, entitled No. 5 Jobn Bull, among the latest issued of the choicest works printed. Among these are

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Burton's Anatomy of Melancholy—Portrait-gallery of Female Loveliness, Heroines and Beauties—with 16 large Steel Engravings.

PARISIAN FAST LIFE, PRESENT, by Hon. B. FRANKLIN.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN; by Mrs Jameson—a beautiful Gift Book.

HEROINES OF HOME LIFE.

THE LAMB AND THE BOOK; by Dr. Thompson.

HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.

MOTHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition.

SERMONS; by Dr. Bethune.

The English and American Poets—in superb styles of binding.

BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS Illustrated by C. H. Bennett—splendid edition.

With a large variety of NEW AND USEFUL BOOKS, for Sale at the LOWEST PRICES, by

SAM'L C. WOOD, 45 Market st.

DOUBLE TRAPS AND COMMENTARIES, entirely School Books, &c.—Also—Every Description of Blank Books, Envelopes, Lithographic Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and see.
J. J. GREEN,
dec19 7 John street.

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low as the

China and Crockery Warehouse.

—AND—

Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WARE suitable for cardinal Houses,

GOODS always on HAND and sold low at the

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack street.
sep16 W. DEARDEN.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—a new composition for its Toilet, completely efficacious in eradicating Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and in giving a clear complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. may17

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MORE MUSIC,

—By that bath no more in himself,' &c. &c.

JUST received, from the other side of the Continent, by Pelz Barthold—arranged for the Piano by Geo. Downer.

Toast Galop, by Carl Zerrahn.

Lucia Polka Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodies Favourites from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.

All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of C. Bruno & Co., Boston, and sold by F. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.
nov27

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which cannot be broken, cheaper than common slate, any other styles of slates. Call and examine at
nov12 F. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get gas PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE OILS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
jan30

F. S. HUNT would call the attention of the fair sex of Lowell to a splendid article for exercise, just from Paris—The Patent CHEST EXPANDER. For sale by
may17 F. S. HUNT, 17 central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Theory and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, explained by means of a manual exercise, by which any one may comprehend this useful art.
jy18 F. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Marble, Paint, Oil Cloth, Window Glass, Looking Glasses, Window Curtains and Carpets. Warranted harmless. It is invaluable. A fresh supply received and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. may7

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.

NEW and superior Rice Meal, just received from Savannah, and for sale by
nov29* SAM'L C. WOOD, 45 Market st.

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
of
H. S. HAYNES,
WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling at prices to suit all Merrimack street, which a few steps from the Postoffice. dec10

Wood's Restorative Cordial
and
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov18

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with trays of all sizes; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap by
dec15 H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD, W. Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any since. Is also cured of a bad case of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Corliss

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. J. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife: red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of painful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering about the spine, and the best physicians could do no good—used but both feet—Watered with seven bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering about the spine, and the best physicians and nurses could do no good for him—Watered with seven bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Has had no return, since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.

J. B. PAYSON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.:

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of severe suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in Head, Face and Neck, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1859.

LOAMMI B. WARD'S W. Milford, N. H.

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Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Confined to his bed three months with intense

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, February 9, 1861.

THE events of our day lead us, in glancing backward, to note whatever sentiment of the fathers is made, by its applicability to our present condition, to stand out prominently on the page of history. In the first inaugural of Thomas Jefferson, pronounced just sixty years ago, alluding to the strife of party which at that time raged so furiously as to lead many to doubt the success of a popular government and to predict its speedy breaking up, the great apostle of Democracy held that language of "If there be any among us who would wish to dissolve the Union, or to change its republican form, let them stand undisturbed, as monuments of the safety with which error of opinion may be tolerated when reason is left to combat it. . . . I believe ours the strongest Government on earth. I believe it the only one, where every man, at the call of law, would fly to the standard of the law, and would meet invasion of the public order as his own personal concern."

"In this is to be found, not only the judgment of a statesman, but the advice of a sage, and is a correct interpretation of the nature of our government as well as a prudential advice with reference to the course to be followed as a remedy for existing evils. Instead of subjugation, it is necessary to exercise calmly, but firmly, the authority of the Government in securing obedience to the laws for the collection of revenue, and leaving those who would disturb the Union to stand in the position they have chosen, and to bear the responsibility of their own folly. Let them stand in the position of the aggressor, and let the Government and the people act on the defensive. Let the waste and violence of faction, does not necessarily call for corresponding characteristics in a people, and the proper spirit of friendship, mildness and moderation in their application. The fault of the present administration has been neither in mildness or wavering, but in doing entirely the wrong thing. Had the first act of rebellion been met with a response by the Government, indicative of an indignant earnestness, all power would not only have been obtained, but the people would have been aroused to a determination to attend what they supposed to be their rights, at the cannon's mouth.

As we view it, it is no part of the Government to attempt to retrieve by negotiation the mistakes and efficiency by measures of violence, but holding the recusant States at bay by postal and revenue laws, long enough for the people, as they choose it, or inverting to the sword for the maintenance of their position. If in this year 1861, about as little had been achieved which could serve as a precedent upon which to base an opinion that this was not only a practical form of government, but the strongest one on earth, certainly any plan of practical experience and unexampled prosperity, must corroborate the judgment of the immortal patriot, and furnish abundant reason for a reiteration of the same opinion, and for the indulgence not only of the hope, but the belief, that our government is indeed the best on earth, and that there is resting with it the virtue and the force to bring once more order out of the chaotic condition now temporarily hovering about us.

THE WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT of the Wisconsin Legislature has chosen Senator Doolittle and Barlow, and Representatives Washburne and Potter, to represent the State in the Washington Convention.

Thurlow Weed has been appointed from New York, on the list of delegates to the Washington Convention, in place of Addison Gardiner, resigned.

THE Ocean House and Spice Mills at No. 206 Fulton Street, New York, were burned, and the warehouses adjoining badly damaged by fire and water last night.—Loss from $50,000 to $100,000. Schools $1,142; Pauper 5,239.31; Repairs of Schools $1,142.95; School Houses $76.06; Sites $766.23; Police $1,291.39; Paupers $539.86; Interest Fund $2,016.21; Fire Department $1,137.12; Sewers Public Buildings $255.25; Lighting $1140.63; City Farm $61.65; Printing $93.80; Liquor Agency $121.06; Salaries $780.40.

THE Legislature has passed a bill to abolish the office of teachers, paraders to-day—$7,770.44; recommends to $16,808.76, to be paid out this month.

LOWELL BANKS. The following is the official statement of the average condition of the Banks in Lowell, for the five weeks ending February 2, 1861:—

	Capital.	Loans and Discounts	Specie	Deposits
Appleton,	$200,000	$ 386,376	$ 6,867	$ 82,300
Merrimack,	150,000	281,206	3,114	83,740
Lowell,	100,000	172,000	2,000	51,000
Lowell Five Cents Savings,	100,000	141,000	21,000	4,700
Mechanics,	200,000	341,000	20,000	47,000
Other banks,	1,000,000	1,481,000	51,000	266,000
Appleton,	170,000	317,000	5,000	90,000
Lowell,	75,000	81,000	3,000	30,000
Prescott,	50,000	84,000	10,000	18,000
Suffolk,	50,000	84,000	10,000	18,000
Waverly,	50,000	84,000	10,000	18,000
Other banks,	1,000,000	1,481,000	51,000	266,000

ANOTHER SUIT SETTLED. The suit of Robert B. Caverly, Jr., against the city, claiming payment for extra services while City Solicitor, has been decided by the Supreme Court in his favor, allowing him $570.44, with interest and expenses making a total of $774.41. The city had offered him $345 which he refused. The case was tried last September, and $450 was claimed, but exceptions were taken by the City Solicitor.

WANTED TO BE SURE. A young man presented himself at the City Clerk's office a day or two since, and made known that his business was to procure a marriage license, and in order that the Clerk might have no misgivings as to whether he was a suitable person to trust with so important a business, he produced a "character" signed by one of our well-known citizens. Having perused the "recommend" the Clerk, who believes in Davy Crockett's motto, "first be sure you're right, then go ahead," furnished the young man with the necessary paper to make him happy. We did not learn whether the contended bride required the same certificate as to moral character.

POLICE COURT. Saturday, February 9. Business is again dull to-day, there being only one case. Samuel S. Harvey did not believe in coercion, but Judge Crosby did, so said Harvey will leave town this afternoon for a three months' residence at East Cambridge, his offence being a too common indulgence in burning fluid.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE. The Congregational Trinitarians of New Hampshire have 186 churches, 98 of which have pastors, 52 stated supplies, and 35 vacant. They have thirty-eight other ministers, agents of societies, professors in colleges, &c. The number of church members is 19,839. Added the first year by profession 288, by letter 330.

The friends of L. D. Barrows, the Methodist clergyman at Sanbornton Bridge, N. H., paid him a visit the other day, and surprised him with a donation of $100.

Rev. Moses Spencer, the Methodist clergyman at Pawlet, Vt., has lost five children (his all) by diphtheria, within two weeks.

Rev. Mr. Nichols, of Boston, has been holding a series of daily and evening meetings at Proctorsville, Vt., for five weeks, at the Methodist church. McPherson's interest is manifested especially by the young.

The Very Rev. Thomas Hill Lowe, M. A., Dean of Exeter, and of that rediocese, in the Clase, Exeter, on the 18th of January. The deceased was about 78 years of age, and had been Dean of Exeter for 22 years.

Rev. S. A. Davis, formerly of Bethel, Vt., has become pastor of the Universalist Society at South Woodstock in that State.

Rev. Dr. Alexander, of South Duxbury, Delphia, has received a call to the rectorship of St. Mark's Church, New York city. He is a very able preacher and opposes the cause of the Low Church party.

The First Congregational Church in Ambridgeport have extended a call to Rev. Horace G. Murray, of South Dennis, to become their pastor at a salary of $2000.

The New York Church edifice in Concord, N. H., cost $24,806.40. There are 250 pews, of which 100 are sold for about $20,000, and 24 are owned by the society and rented.

WASHINGTON ITEMS. Under date of February 8th, the following is telegraphed from Washington —

Postmaster-general Hunt left this morning for Baltimore. They came together by agreement and so return together.

The Postmaster at Mobile denies that the Department that letters passing through Mobile have been violated.

Senators Johnson and Wigfall are misled in arranging the preliminaries for a duel. Wigfall's remarks in the Senate yesterday on the veracity of Johnson, are supposed to be the origin of their disagreement. We hope no duel will take place, for the result might be that there would be no vacancy in the Senate from Texas, and might be one in Tennessee.)

Short-short manners from Governor's letter, and Governor Hall, of Georgia, as also Governor

RELIGIOUS.

National Prosperity.

A LECTURE.

BY REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Delivered before the Young Men's Association, Boston, Tuesday evening, February 26, 1861, and reported for the Boston Atlas and Bee.

I am this evening to speak upon the subject of National Prosperity. The integral element of States is man. States are not built of things, but of persons, and their wealth is not of substances, but of them. It is possible to have very much material wealth, and yet have a poor State; for poverty may be found among the richest. It is possible to have a good climate and a poor soil. God is rich simply because He has power. Man is rich just so far as they have power. The State is strong in the power of its citizens; for he who knows how to make what he wants—what need he more than that? It is not the effect, but the power which produces the effect, that makes men strong. Italy is full of pictures; but Italy has lost the power of producing great pictures; therefore Italy is poor in art, while in France, in England, even in America, it is a living power.

All classes are made up of individuals, and the result in society at large depends upon the figures which you put into the sum as individuals. The great make of the individual citizen, the more you make of the State. If in a society each man counts one, and he is the sole population of a thousand there will be but a thousand; but if each man counts five, then the thousand people are five thousand; and if each man counts ten, then ten thousand is the number; and it early, as every man ought to be, at least thirty—for such is the number of the full faculties, exclusive of such as sustain the body—morally, you have thirty thousand. The way of increasing population is the most economical too, since a man raised to the thirtieth power requires no more room, and is more easily governed, and represents vaster effects, than the man who counts from one to thirty. Let it be the apple statement that in ignorance man is not worth so much as an educated man.

The interest in a State is primarily its citizens. That thing given, everything else desirable comes after. Large land, like the Asiatic and all their springs, and I will give you the American continent, and may suck it dry as often as the Atlantic Ocean does, and I will keep it full. What need is there for haste, that are ours in the State. There is no reason why society should not be to-day up to the measure of the number of a ship moved by one of the same size, but none need be poor, weak or rotten. The best quality that the best citizens are educated, the stronger will be the individual and the State. No good difficulties of governing have arisen from ignorance and weakness than from knowledge and strength. For the educated man in the world is the ignorant man. You cannot get a fish, for the oyster there is one motive, the knife; but to get them that confers a blessing. For men left to themselves are ignorant, and ignorance and conscience invite the peasants. If the mind be imperfect in the sense of susceptibility of true government is worthless. Education is to a man what fruit-trees are to the soil; a little orchard in all over the field does much good, with a great heap stacked up in a corner, and the place it stands on, and helps the rest the soil around it. Many a step is gained for the world's progress when a single man is landed for the way his mother and the schoolmaster loaded him. So with most power is in need of least possession. The educated, when developed up to God's idea of it, is a true conception of a man.

If there is to be a perfect period in the end of the world, a glorious harvest at the close, we may expect that from the Christian guidance, will be realized the Apostle's transcendent vision, that men shall be a law unto themselves.

Of course, you will anticipate the sources to which that will lead to for that strength. The resources of a common wealth are not what its rock-ribs upon us, but what God has endowed its people. Not what treasures have been gathered and invested, but what power always to gather and invest have been developed in its men. Let us look at the silent, primitive elements of power in the State. First, is good stock. The right blood is to the State what right timber is to the ship, right seed to the harvest. We of New England need not fear to attach great efficacy to blood, since we are of such stock.

The blood of New England, the blood of the free North—it is worth more than all our rivers, more than the navigable ocean is to it. It is your blood that is the source of wealth. It carries with it civility, liberty, industry, and go ahead, and all that is exclusive of such as sustain the body

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, February 11, 1860.

DEMORALIZATION. The great work of demoralizing the Republican Party is now the chief object of the mottled host of its opponents, and any means of accomplishing this object will be resorted to. Whatever combination of the most dangerous forces can be effected, making of this a treasonable cause, will be consummated, erecting its battering rams at every accessible point to batter down the walls and destroy the Republican fortress. What ever of an unscrupulous nature could be used to stir up the fears of men; whatever of flattery can be injected into the veins of some susceptible ear pertaining to the latest news to listen to the hollow and unmeaning cry of "conservatism;" whatever of artifice can be exercised to catch the wavering in its deceptive coils—all these will be practiced to distract, weaken and finally break down the Republican Party before the reins of government shall pass from the present chief magistrate into the hands of Mr. Lincoln.

One class of these means is the united efforts of Bell-Everett men and Breckinridge and Douglas Democrats in procuring signatures to petitions asking for the immediate passage of the Crittenden compromise. Another is the holding of Union meetings for the purpose of fulsome laudations of the Union, and the urging of immediate measures for the pacification of the country, regardless of the sacrifice of principles, merely for the purpose of relieving the interests of trade. Another is the systematic abuse of Messrs. Seward and Adams in public assemblies, and by the bunker press of their late patriotic speeches, though not a line or word has been uttered by either that can be taken as in any sense satisfactory to the political wishes of the men endorsed in this work.

The work of reproducing Messrs. Seward and Adams in a shrivel and a fog, those men know full well that all words of praise from their lips will be looked upon as a suspicion light by those who have letter exposed confidence in their professions of love, wavering and staunch supporters, not of party merely, but of the principles of democratic liberty. If confidence can be in the last shake in the Republican leaders, weakness will follow, and they hope dissension and rupture will be the final issue.

Could it be made to appear that Seward and Adams have the remotest idea of accepting the Crittenden compromise as an embodiment of the present troubles, or that Mr. Lincoln intends to abandon the Chicago Platform, it would at once break the Republican columns and virtually destroy the power of the party before the man of their choice takes the executive chair.

Of this, however, there is really no danger; all the fusionists of our leaders by bunker lips is only sound, not reality and vaped madly, but devilish and not a heart utterance, but intended to close and initiate sensitive men and work uneasiness in the public mind.

Republicans, let not your fears be stirred or your passions excited; keep the columns close and stand upon your principles, and the storm will pass over, the wreck and disaster that the most fearful have seen in their dreams. The party must be kept a unit; there must be no demoralization.

Conkling. In the United States Senate on Saturday, Senator Sumner from Connecticut presented Union petitions. The committee of conference on the deficiency bill could not agree upon a report, and were discharged. The Indian appropriation bill was discussed, and the Naval Appropriation bill was passed.

In the House of Representatives Mr. Cox of Ohio offered an amendment to the Senate bill for a temporary government in the territory of Colorado, similar to Mr. Douglas's substitute. A bill was reported to remunerate the soldiers for their forcible removal to Fort Sumter. Mr. Cochrane of New York offered a resolution of inquiry given with exactly good success. Sqike the Cynical was redenounced. Mr. Nichols is the *prima donna* of the concert. He has a very pretty light voice and sings with much taste the old Scotch song, "Within a mile of Edinburgh town,' and "Where's the steer, Jimmy," both of which were encored.

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Major Chase has resigned the command of the rebel forces at Pensacola. His army has dispersed since the arrival of the federal fleet at that point.

The Kansas Legislature is maturing a plan of adjustment, which is to be reported from the Committee of States to the Peace Congress.

A GOVERNMENT CLERK. It is stated that one of the clerks in the department at Washington, who is drawing a full salary of nearly two thousand dollars per annum, is now at home on leave, and attending college. This has been carried on for a long time.

IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON to be attacked! The *Richmond Enquirer*—ex-Gov. Wise's organ—has the following significant paragraph in relation to the matter talked of raid upon Washington:—

"But we tell the people of Washington at the same time, that their lives and property are placed in manifest jeopardy by the instigators of Scott, Seward & Co. The city of Washington unoccupied by military forces, would afford a range of fodder. But so soon as the State of Virginia shall take active measures of resistance to Black Republican rule, her sanctuation cannot and will not brook the presence of a federal army of coercion at Washington. If the army shall remain there, *it must be driven out and its city captured*, even if an assault has to be made upon the Capitol itself, and if successful assault shall first require a commander which will level every gun it will bear upon the streets of the Union."

It has been demonstrated to General Scott and others that had not the inquisitors of the disgunionists been discovered, they would have undoubtedly taken possession of Washington, by force, before the 4th of March. In this they have been completely defeated, however. There are now troops enough within a short distance of Washington, to protect it against any body of men the traitors can muster. Finding themselves foiled, and their labors and plottings come to naught, they are now trying to frighten people by threatening the "driven out and captured" of the city, if the troops which were placed there especially to prevent their doing so are not withdrawn. It is a great pity that the people cannot be frightened amidst the most flattering applause.

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MR. LINCOLN leaves Springfield to-day, on his way to Washington.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ By order of the Board of the School Committee, the Committee on Teachers will examine candidates for the office of Teachers in the Public Schools of Lowell, in the Council Room, City Government, on TUESDAY, February 21st, at 2 o'clock, A. M.

CHARLES CUMMINGS, Clerk.
February 9th, 1860. febdtd1tm

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Compromise.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they cannot contain much that is of importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 12 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Office Counting Room.

PAWTUCKET BRIDGE. At a meeting of citizens held at the Citizen's Committee Room, Saturday evening to choose a committee to act in concert with the committee from Dracut, to make arrangements for a demonstration on the occasion of making Pawtucket Bridge free, Hon. E. B. Patch was chosen Chairman, and James Watson Secretary. The following named gentlemen were appointed a committee of arrangements on the part of Lowell.—Alfred Gilman, E. B. Patch, Levi Sprague, James Watson, William G. Wise, William McEntire, Br. H. M. Hocke, Z. Stone, George F. Sawtell, James L. Gage, Leonard Brown.

The Committee with those from Dracut, are requested to meet at the Citizens' Committee Room, to-morrow (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a plan of operations, by which the free use of the bridge may be secured to the public on the 22nd inst. (Washington's birth-day), with music and speeches, by the citizens of both towns, to be divided between Dracut and Lowell; the first to reimburse, in some manner, those who have been to great expense in getting the bridge free, and the latter for the benefit of the poor. Dracut will probably turn out a large number, as also will Pelham and Tyngsborough. We would not that the doors against our neighbors of Chelmsford, from whom we needed some thirty-five years ago, for we have long since forgiven them for the coercion we don't recollect of their having ever attempted. Our Tewksbury friends are also welcome, although we once took a good sized farm from them. We should say, come one, come all.

FREEWILL BAPTIST CONCERT. The children's concert of the Freewill Baptist Sabbath School, took place last evening in their church. Singing, dialogues and select pieces, appropriate to the occasion, by the children, with remarks by one or two gentlemen, constituted the regular exercises; but the great point of interest was the presentation of two valuable and elegantly bound books to their excellent pastor, Reverend, Mr. Samuel Beck, by Master Hilton, in behalf of the teachers and scholars of the Sabbath School. The whole affair passed off to the credit of the children, and the entire satisfaction of the large audience present, and we doubt not the prayer of the donors in the books presented, "God bless them," and that it will be fully appreciated by the recipient, and that the donors will find "it is more blessed to give than to receive."

About sixty persons have recently been converted at this church, and their school numbers at the present time almost seven hundred members. The minister and people here are in reality "earnest workers," and need have no *Elijahs* under the juniper trees, for they have seven hundred in their school who have not bowed the knee to Baal.

THE BLIZZARD. Rev. Dr. Cleaveland delivered his discourse on the Pestilence Crisis of the Country, to an overflowing house at Huntington Hall, last evening, and hundreds were unable to obtain admission. The discourse was considered overwhelming by a large audience present. As we shall publish it in the *Courier* next Saturday, those who have not heard it, and those who have, but desire to see it as well, will have an opportunity to read it at that time. The Doctor was several times during the evening encored by the most unmistakable evidences of approbation, and especially at the conclusion, the vast audience listened from the beginning till he closed with the utmost interest, rising as they respect a remarkable meeting, and the decision was evidently coincided with the sentiments of the audience to the letter.

ASSESSORS. The board of Assessors for 1861 organized on Saturday evening by the choice of J. L. V. Coburn as chairman, and Benjamin Goddard, Clerk. They also made the following assignment of wards for the coming year:—Ward 1 to Merriam and Coburn; ward 2 to Mr. Coburn; ward 9 to Mr. Goddard; ward 4 to Mr. Buttrick; ward 5 to Mr. Marvel; ward 6 to Mr. Merriam.

WARDEN DIVISION OF SONS OF TEMPERANCE. This Division is making arrangements for a grand festival at Huntington Hall, on Wednesday evening, March 6th. Endeavors will be made to have it equal to any of the season.

THEATRE TRAIN. The cars will leave Boston to-night after the close of the theatres for the accommodation of such persons from Lowell as may wish to visit the theatres in that city. We understand that quite a number will visit Boston this evening to witness "Tippoo Sahib" at the Boston Theatre.

THE WEATHER. To-day we are having balmy, spring weather, and the snow is fast disappearing before the warm sun. At one o'clock, the mercury at Kimball's stood at 56 above zero. Yesterday at two o'clock it stood 48 above.

THE COLLECTIONS FOR THE POOR. Collections were taken up for the poor yesterday in only four or five churches, most of the others preferring to defer it until some future Sabbath.

THE MONTGOMERY CONVENTION. This convention, on Friday last unanimously elected Jefferson Davis of Mississippi, President, and Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia, Vice President of the Southern Confederacy.

A committee of three was appointed to procure suitable buildings in Montgomery, for the use of the executive department of the provisional government.

It is understood that a tariff will be immediately laid upon all goods from the United States, the committee on Finance having been instructed to report a tariff bill.

A committee was appointed to report a Constitution for the permanent government of the Confederacy.

A Constitution for a provisional government was then adopted by a unanimous vote. The Constitution for the Provisional Government of the Confederate States of America." The preamble reads—We, the Deputies of the sovereign independent States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, invoking the favor of the Almighty, hereby, in behalf of the States, ordain and establish this Constitution for a provisional government of the States named in this preamble, for the organization of the President, or until a permanent constitution or confederacy be put into operation." The eighth section provides that Congress shall pass laws effectually preventing the importation of negroes from other than slaveholding States; also to prohibit the introduction of slaves from any State not a member of this confederacy.

The second section provides that an escaping slave shall be delivered up by the Executive of the State where found, and in which the owner may claim his property.

The sixth article says that the executive department shall take immediate steps for the settlement of all matters relating to the public debt and public property at the time of withdrawal from the United States, these States declaring an earnest desire to adjust everything pertaining to the common property, liabilities and obligations of that Union upon principles of right, justice, equity and good faith. The tariff clause provides that Congress shall levy and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises for revenue necessary to carry on the government, such duties, imposts and excises shall not the Constitution are almost identical with that of the United States.

THE SOUTHERN STATES. *Louisiana.*—The convention has resolved to recognize the central government at Washington so far as postal arrangements are concerned, until they are provided by the southern confederacy. A salute of one hundred guns has been fired in honor of Davis and Stephens.

Arkansas. The arsenal at Little Rock, with 10,000 stand of arms, a large amount of ammunition and forty cannon, including Captain Bragg's battery, were surrendered to State authorities on the 9th. The arsenal is now occupied by a hundred volunteers.

Georgia. Gov. Brown seized at Savannah on Friday five vessels owned in New York, viz.: the brigs H. W. Kidney, and Goddard, three pilots, which certainly does appear somewhat incongruous, and not at all in accordance with our notions of the rights of the weak. We cannot understand the on this representation being made by Father Kemp but at once decided that in future the weekly and the second compositions should form two distinct exercises. The first exercise in which music generally is of an unpretending, simple character, but it is not the less beautiful. It includes decidedly "old fashioned" compositions, but, as all who know anything of music will readily admit, the music of the old masters is incomparable and immutable.

The second, in which this music was sung is deserving of all the praise that can be bestowed upon it. The instrumentalists played well in tune, kept their place, and most effectively so. The vocalization was perfect. The voices were blended together in music in equality or equally blended; the effect was grand. It was truly charming. The vocalists are evidently "picked voices," and their rendering of the harmonized parts was such as to delight the ear and display to frequently neglected, imparting a beauty to their singing which must be heard to be appreciated. The concert opened with the well-known song "Auld Lang Syne," and was given with a peculiar finish that told admirably. Then followed a fine genuine old church tune, the sublime strains being accompanied by the organ and flute that could not well have been more perfect. This seemed especially to Madam's fine composition, the execution of which elicited general and unqualified applause. "The Marseillaise Hymn," "Strike the Cymbal," "The Star Spangled Banner," and other pieces were given with equally good success. Spike the Cymbal was redemanded. Mr. Nichols is the *prima donna* of the concert. He has a very pretty light voice and sings with much taste the old Scotch song, "Within a mile of Edinburgh town,' and "Where's the steer, Jimmy," both of which were encored.

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The *Baltimore Sun* openly confesses that the sole purpose of the South Carolina rebellion was to break the Republican Party into pieces, and that the failure of the border slave States to side with South Carolina and go out of the Union has blown up, not the Republicans, but the cotton States.

MR. LINCOLN leaves Springfield to-day, on his way to Washington.

MILITARY. Brigadier General Butler, of the Third Brigade, received a letter from Adjutant General Schouler on Friday, in regard to the probable requisition from the President for troops to protect the federal capital, and requires the Major Generals of the several Divisions to inspect, upon their several commands the importance of frequent company drills and other preparations for any call that may be made upon them. It is the purpose of the Governor to have at least 5,000 such troops as may be called into service with overcoats, blankets, Knapsacks, haversacks, ball cartridges, percussion caps, camp equipage and rations, ready to enter the service into which they may be detailed.

Gen. Butler at once issued the following Brigade order:—

HEADQUARTERS 3D BRIGADE, 2D DIV., M.V.M.,
Lowell, February 9th, 1860.

Brigade Order, No. 3. In communications from the Adjutant General to the Brigade Commander to exercise, although sufficient would be benefited. In fact, patient distrusts every remedy."

Colonels Jones and Lawrence, Major Moore and Captain Moore, of the dragoons, will immediately cause the same to be read to each company under the several commands.

The General of the Brigade takes occasion further to direct that each soldier who has served five years, unless he will reenlist, be forthwith discharged, and that officers who are permanently disabled by sickness like disease, or other places, if unpossible, supplied by enlistment. The General would suggest to the commanders of battalions that no member be discharged because of business reasons simply. To such he would imply that those who are willing to remain in the service have no business.

By command of Brigadier-General
BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Commanding 3rd brigade.
W. H. CLEMENCE, Brigade Major and Inspector.

EDITOR COURIER:—I saw in Saturday's *Courier* the following article:—

The suit of Robert B. Caverly, Esq., against the Lowell Railroad Corporation for services while City Solicitor, has been decided by the Supreme Court in his favor, allowing him \$4,000 which with the extra expenses makes a total of \$7744.41. Of this sum \$3744.41 is interest which he retained. The case was tried last September, and \$4000 allowed him, but exceptions were taken by the Railroad Corporation.

The facts there stated are entirely untrue. At the end of Mr. Caverly's year of service for the City Solicitor he presented a bill against the city of between four and seven hundred dollars. The Committee on Accounts refused to approve it. It was referred to the Committee on Claims. Every member of that committee believed it to be an unreasonable bill, and recommended to pay but one year. The Council approved the action of the committee, and the bill. I found it upon the docket when I entered the office in 1859, and Goddard and myself, in every meeting we would throw off nothing from the bill but the interest. I caused it to be referred to the Committee on Claims for 1860. Another good lawyer was upon that committee; they agreed with the committee of 1858. I was then obliged to try it.

At the last September term it went before the jury. By their verdict his bill was cut down more than \$3,000. Under the instructions of the Judge before whom the case was tried, a number of items were allowed to Mr. Caverly, the payment of which he (the Judge) said *ought to have been generously* opposed. I excepted to the Judge's ruling, as in duty bound to do. Mr. Caverly also excepted to some rulings which were against him. The Court found errors in the ruling of the Judge on both sides, and upon correcting them the Court reduced the verdict *just seven dollars*.

T. H. S.

THE LOWELL SENTINEL. The first number of a weekly paper of this title made its appearance in this city on Saturday last. It is published by Homer A. Cooley, Esq., a gentleman of large experience in newspaper business, and, as the readers of the *Courier* well know, a man of marked ability. From his introductory, we learn that the *Sentinel* will yield "a cordial support to the general principles of the Republican party," in behalf of which too many cannot be said or done. The first number of this new applicant for the favor of our citizens makes a good appearance, and will undoubtedly receive a fair share of patronage from the people of the city and vicinity.

GRAND JURY FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY. The criminal term of the Superior Court commences at East Cambridge this forenoon, when the Grand Jury will be empanelled and sworn, and at once entered upon their duties. The following are the names:

John N. Barbour of Cambridge, Foreman; Thomas Stiles of Bedford, Clerk; Charles R. Little, Joshua M. Hadley, Jonathan S. Noyes, Lowell; Thomas Gault, Cambridge; John Waitt, South Reading; James G. Carter, Concord; Samuel Farnsworth, Acton; Jefferson Nichols, Carlisle; Joseph Bancroft, Wayland; Peter E. Bent, Sudbury; Henry Varnum, Dracut; Otis L. Woods, Hopkinton; Herbert Trull, Tewksbury; John W. Collins, Watertown; John Dana, Ashby; Charles A. Upton, North Reading; Lucius Sherburn, Sherborn; Caleb Hammett, Lowell L. Hinds, Charlestown; Samuel N. Burbeck, Westford; John Perham, Tyngsboro'.

POLICE COURT. Monday, February 11th. The case of Robert Crowley, for an assault upon Andrew Walcott, a police officer, for Tyman's Church, occupied most of the forenoon. A large number of witnesses were examined pro and con. The Court after hearing the testimony, found the defendant guilty and ordered him until next Saturday for sentence.

William McShea and Patrick Carey for assault, were each fined $1 and half the costs.

PERSONAL. The machine post is in town, and at noon was holding a levee in the rear of the Market House.

We learn that Mr. Alexander H. Rice, Mr. Charles R. Train, and Mr. Delano, of the Massachusetts delegation, are ready to follow the lead of Mr. Charles Francis Adams; and Senator Wilson is reported to have said that "since Virginia has behaved so nobly, we must meet her half way."—*Boston Courier.*

RIVER COMPLAINT.

☞ This dangerous and often fatal disease is being baffled, the skill of the most eminent physicians, when the discovery of *Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills* solved the difficulty, and presented to the world its truest remedy, which has attained such wide celebrity for its certainty of cure. This successful remedy was the result of many years' study, in which the symptoms were carefully noted, and are thus described by the Doctor himself:—

"*Symptoms of a Diseased Liver*—Pain in the right side, and sometimes in the left, under the edge of the ribs—the patient being rarely able to lie on that side; pain sometimes under the shoulder-blade is frequently extending to the top of the shoulder—often mistaken for rheumatism in the arm; dullness in the head, loss of appetite; bowels mostly costive, but sometimes alternate with loose; dull, heavy sensation in the back part of the head; loss of memory, with uneasiness of having neglected something; sometimes dry cough; imaginary debility; nervous fears, with horrors of darkness, and prickly sensation of risks; low spirits, and indisposition to exercise, although sufficient would be beneficial. In fact, patient distrusts every remedy."

"Have you a liver complaint? If so, you will find a certain remedy in Dr. M'Lane's Pills. Prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and not be put off with any of the various other pills now being palmed upon the community.

☞ Beware of all Pills said to contain Mercury, as that mineral, however useful in some hands, is a dangerous article in unskilful ones. Fleming Bros. Pure Vegetable Pills are entirely free from Mercury, and may be relied on as containing only the best vegetable remedies.

☞ For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere. Price only 25 cents per box.

FLEMING BROS.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale in Lowell by all druggists. jan25 1y&w

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on large scale) and Time Table of Railroads in the State of New England States—forming a perfect Railroad guide. For sale at the Periodical Depot, No. 121 Nassau st Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

B. H. FISHER, sole agent.
jan14 3tNw

FOR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Lodges now in the time to buy Tors, Chimney Tops, Ridge Tiles, Flue Linings, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Cement, Plaster Paris, &c., at the lowest prices in order to close them out. Also, Agent for the sale of Hydraulic Cement. Office, 102 Merrimack street, Lowell.

jan14 3m CHARLES BUTTERFIELD.

FISHER & LOSE SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and surrounding towns.

jan31tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It burns up clean,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
And is cheaper
Than any other free burning coal. And the only place to get it is at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
Foot of the canal, J. HOWARD, Jr., Agent.
jan21 dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

C. B. Coburn,	DIRECTORS	D. B. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. H. Hunt,	E. Fletcher,
L. L. Hosmer,	Wm. Crosby,	F. Hinchman,
	Jos. Sprague.	

Mutual Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factory Risks. No speculation has ever been made in this class. The present cash assets of the Mutual Department are over \$100,000, amount of \$116,478.25. The liabilities of same are only \$1,000, which is a sufficient reserve for this particularly limited. A dividend is paid on policies of three years' standing, of 40 per cent. on the premium, and 30 per cent. on those of two years' standing.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over \$50,000, and the liabilities are \$1,000, leaving a other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.
Lowell, July 31, 1859. jy30tf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Great Remedy for Piles, Fever Sores, &c., before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It is the best salve in the world. It

Is oftentimes laziness and putrifying sores. It is the best salve in the world. It

It causes the crying of the wounds infants to cease. It is the best salve in the world. It

It like the cool breeze on the prairie, when overcome by the heat of the sun. It is the best salve in the world. It

Relieves more wretchedness, and more misery than all the pills ever prepared. It is the best salve in the world. It

Is unnecessary to enumerate the many diseases and cures the scalp of the sending brush-ing. It is the best salve in the world. It

It neutralizes the unbearable agony of piles. It is the best salve in the world. It

It moderates mumps. It is the best salve in the world. It

It fights against sickness and sorrow. It is the best salve in the world. It

WITHOUT PAIN.

It will not only be cured if you will breathe. There cure may be cured if you will but follow the

It may be rid of the disease. It is the best salve in the world. It

For all grievous sorrows cures it. It is the best salve in the world. It

For all wounds and foot sore it. It is the best salve in the world. It

For cold sores and lame this salve. It is the best salve in the world. It

Is the best salve in the world. It is the best salve in the world. It

Is the best salve in the world. It is the best salve in the world. It

Is the best salve in the world

MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES,

FOR SALE, and manufactures to Order any size or style—employs a good workman on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing. Plates for Glass a Specialty.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Sept. 24, 1861. Nov. 4, '61. sep24dt

SEWING MACHINES.

"I like the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine best, for which they have received the highest premium at the Fairs, because it is the most simple in construction, makes the prettiest stitch, and is the most rapid and durable."—HORACE GREELEY.

"The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine I have used in my family for the past six years, and it has proved to be the most reliable machine I have ever seen. It is the most simple in construction, makes the prettiest stitch, and is the most rapid and durable."—HENRY WARD BEECHER.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES

—ARE—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

Price from $40 Upwards! £

OVER 15,000 IN USE!

We beg leave to call your attention to the well known reputation of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines for RELIABILITY with both Ladies and Manufacturers. They are strictly first class in every respect, and have taken the highest premium at every Fair where exhibited. Call and examine the Machine, or send for Circular. Office in Boston, No. 18 Summer street; in Lowell, 17 Central street.

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a FULL AND ELEGANT assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

suitable for Bridal Presents, Parties, &c.

China and Crockery Warehouse.

Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved patterns.

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, Hotels, Saloons, and VERY low prices, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse, SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER, 80 MERRIMACK STREET.

W. DEARDEN.

no21

FURS! FURS!

A FULL LINE OF FURS NOW, JR.

All persons contemplating purchasing Furs will do well to call at No. 3 Prescott block, Merrimack square, and make the acquaintance of Messrs. Gerrish & Davis, who have just received a large and well selected stock of Furs, at Lower Prices than ever before offered in this city. Remember the number, 3 Prescott block, Merrimack square.

Principal Salesmen of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

J. D. Lombard, Boston, Mass.
496 Broadway, New York.
No. 6 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore.
115 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.
118 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.
For sale by GERRISH & DAVIS, 3 Prescott block, Merrimack square.

oct14

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company!

495 Broadway, New York.
No. 6 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore.
115 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.
118 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.
For sale by GERRISH & DAVIS, 3 Prescott block, Merrimack square.

oct14

"A PENNY SAVED IS AS GOOD AS EARNED."

LOOK HERE, LADIES!—Ladies who wish to keep their pennies in their pockets, and to look just as well, and dress just as fashionably, would do well to call at Portfolios in good leather and extremely cheap.

Miscellaneous Writing Paper and Envelopes, very low, at

In Lowell.

Ladies' Fancy Boxes and Box Paper, Envelopes, Iron Ink Potholders, Towels, &c., &c., at

Ladies' Pocket Books and Portmonnaies, at

Cabas Baskets, at

Ladies' Stockings in boxes and a good stock of Fancy Articles for sale by H. S. HAYNES,

A good second hand Piano for sale very cheap. Warrie hooked in the principal fashion plates.

dec21

DR. DOWNES'
HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF

—IS—

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever discovered for quickness and certainty. Catarrh is a disease of the head, producing a discharge very much like cold in the head, from the nose, and even the throat, lungs and in the stomach, and requires quick and powerful remedies. The substance, long in the foundation for a cough, and other disagreeable symptoms, which end in consumption. Young children are afflicted with this water catarrh, and in a short time the stomach, causing a cough; and when the child coughs and blows, it thinks nothing serious. It fills the stomach and whipworms, and the child dies with the catarrh, however, Dowdes' Snuff is offered. I—the child stuff up none of Dr. Downe's Catarrh Snuff is used, the disease is destroyed, and it will protect all from it. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists.

Prepared by Mr. J. DOWNS, No. 19 East Broadway, New York. Sold by all druggists.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

THE RE-ECHO THAT NEVER FAILS, WARCHANTED IN ALL CLIMATES.

HAVENS' CORDIAL OF LIFE.—Health restorative, Invisible, Invincible, Invaluable, Sovereign, Sanative, Comprehensive, Unequalled and Unique Remedy of the Age. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sold wholesale by the single bottle or dozen, by Dr. HAVENS, Family Medicine Depot, 12 central st., Boston.

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL in COLORS, selected in person for this season, for sale by

ROBERT STEVENSON & SON,

No. 17 Central street.

CUTLERY CUTLERY

A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Table Cutlery, with sets of 3 pieces, Carving Cutlery and Forks, Steels, Pocket and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, for sale by H. S. HAYNES.

dec14

SULPHATE OF LIME, for spreading if commenced by the middle of March. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

nov20

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and supplying a desideratum after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very first thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent obstructions*, if taken a short period before each month arrives, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *with out a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health on any occasion. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, securely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3.

If Remember This medicine is *designed expressly for cases of suppression, and all other remedies of the kind have proved to be worthless*, and I therefore warrant it to EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded.

If Beware of Imitations, as this is the only genuine Female Emmenagogue ever discovered. Obtained only at the INDIAN MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, 64 CALL HOUSE BLOCK, No. 64 Court Street, Boston.

If This Institute embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of Male and Female, by one of the most eminent physicians of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them exclusively, and all letters strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent to any part of the country, by Express, with full directions, or the United States Also, for consultation for quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

If In these days of quackery, it is unsafe, when any ailments be physician, without any knowledge of medical surgery, persons should be very careful to whom they apply, before at least making some inquiry, and if referred to any one to those whom make the greatest gentlemen. Advertising physicians, who have cures for all diseases, are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their flaming advertisements and get their traps are for you, without making any inquiry, you will have reason to think you have been fooled. If Dr. H. will send free, by enclosing stamp, his *Private Diseases*, a pamphlet containing full information, and *the most unsolicited references and testimonials*, without which none should place confidence in any letter of this kind in directing of ANY CONSULTATION.

If Dr. Mattison is the only PRIVATE PHYSICIAN who advertises his name in full, and who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and also, both a *his honesty* and his skill. If here ARE no secrets, LETTERS ANSWERED THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep your money.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

sep28dly

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This is the most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, where his dinners, manufactured by the well known Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the favorite Soyer in England, and is now introduced in this country, with a high and growing reputation. It is the most delicious and economical Sauce and is much approved of as a stimulant to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell's excellent 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; is the very thing for a curry, and is delicious cooked in the form of stew and WEAK INDIGESTION."—*Daily News.*

"SPICY, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Lu'ul."—*Observer.*

For sale by all Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment of rare samples, suitable for Hotels, Saloons and Families, and will be sold at very low prices.

Also, a large and varied stock constantly on hand, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
AND COMMON WARE,

which for *style, quality, assorting and cheapness*, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are about to purchase will find it to their interest to call and examine my large and varied stock.

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which cannot be undersold.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the city. Please call at the Crockery Emporium. Please remember,

At the Gold Band Pitcher,

no MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.

All kinds of Musical Merchandise, such as Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands, No. 41 Music, &c. Jan1

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This is the most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, where his dinners, manufactured by the well known Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the favorite Soyer in England, and is now introduced in this country, with a high and growing reputation. It is the most delicious and economical Sauce and is much approved of as a stimulant to digestion.

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All who are about to purchase will find it to their interest to call and examine my large and varied stock.

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which cannot be undersold.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the city. Please call at the Crockery Emporium. Please remember,

At the Gold Band Pitcher,

no MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO RENT & BUSH)

Central Street, 20

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It embraces the most magnificent and best selected stock ever offered.

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Low. Ladies can call and look at them. Perfect fit and CHEAPNESS guaranteed to order.

no27 1m

Kerosene-Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

Oil for Kerosene Lamps.

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Cylinders, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Ware House,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

80 Merrimack Street. sep

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can vouch for the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLANTER,

in curing CORNS without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed, and in relieving BUNIONS, in such a manner as to give immediate relief. It is the only article of the kind ever offered in New England now fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. Numerous testimonials can be given of its entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

SAMUEL KIDDER, JR.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all druggists.

mh13

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for to Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion, which is unequalled for purifying the skin, and rendering it soft and beautiful. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug27

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies of Lowell to a splendid article for restoring, preserving and beautifying the hair. Call and examine it.

no13 No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE ART and Practice of Active and Scientific exercise in so easy a manner, that any person may easily comprehend this art in a few hours. Sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c. For cleaning Plate, Knives, Window Glass and Looking Glasses, it is unequalled, and is entirely free from acid or any thing injurious to the hands. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

WOODS'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

IT ER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

as now, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PRINTING of BILL HEADS of ALL sorts ordered to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Handbills,	Funeral Cards,
Programmes,	Business and Visiting Cards,
Circulars,	Address,
Catalogues,	Check,
Town Reports,	Mammoth Posters, &c.,
Newspapers,	&c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Bankers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, for Druggists, Confectioners, &c.

Stamps in hand, a good stock of pearl and other colored inks and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in quality and in variety.

Orders by Mail or Express promptly attended to. Address

B. F. STONE, Proprietor.
S. W. HUSE, }

CITY

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street

THOMAS ATHERTON, *Proprietor,*

MACHINIST and Wholesale Dealer in Steam and Gas Fittings and STEAM and GAS PIPE, from cast Iron Fittings of all kinds Malleable Iron Pipe, Lead Pipe, Brass Cocks, Valves, Gauges and all fixtures used in connection therewith. Also, Pipe Cutting and Bending by steam or hydraulic power, &c. All work done by this establishment warranted to be of the best description and material, and at the lowest prices. Steam Fitting in all its branches executed with promptness, and in the most workmanlike manner.

Works, No. 10 River street, Lowell, Mass.
Store, No. 4 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. mh1

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals. Souder Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for mason's use, at wholesale and retail. Also, Wood, at the best prices.

H. S. HAYNES.

No. 39 MIDDLE STREET.

Having sole arrangements with shippers to keep all the above articles constantly on hand, I am enabled to offer the same at the city, Middlesex Canal or Railroad prices.

WILLIAM RUTHERFORD.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860.

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his extensive

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY CASSIMERES,

Which he has been ready for inspection—Goods.

LUTHER M'CRYSTAL,

sep22 3m 1 Prescott Block, Merrimack Square.

THE subscribers manufacturer and supply IRON FENCES of the most fashionable patterns and approved workmanship.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR the sale of PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL WIRE WORK of Square FRAMES, for which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the Mechanics' Fair in this city, Fancy ornamental on hand and made to order. Also, Iron Railing for Cemetery lots, &c., at manufacturers' prices. Orders left as above will receive prompt attention. Shop on Middlesex St. P.O. Lowell, June 2, 1858. jy9dly

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Music Books.

CHILDREN'S MUSIC BOOK, a collection of Instruction and Music composed by the eminent teacher and composer, Wm. B. Bradbury.

The Sunshine, A collection of sacred Music, 50 cts.

Shawm and Dulcimer, by Edward Hamilton. 75 cts.

Harmonia Sacra, a collection of Quartetts, Chorusses, Arranged for the use of choirs and singing schools, 75 cts.

The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selection of sheet Music in Lowell.

Any piece of Music will be sent to any part of the United States. Also, new musical works for quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

If In these days of quackery, it is unsafe, when any ailments be physician, without any knowledge of medical surgery, persons should be very careful to whom they apply, before at least making some inquiry, and if referred to any one to those whom make the greatest gentlemen. Advertising physicians, who have cures for all diseases are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their flaming advertisements and get their traps are for you, without making any inquiry, you will have reason to think you have been fooled. If Dr. H. will send free, by enclosing stamp, his *Private Diseases*, a pamphlet containing full information, and *the most unsolicited references and testimonials*, without which none should place confidence in any letter of this kind in directing of ANY CONSULTATION.

If Dr. Mattison is the only PRIVATE PHYSICIAN who advertises his name in full, and who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and also, both a *his honesty* and his skill. If here ARE no secrets, LETTERS ANSWERED THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep your money.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

sep28dly

Kinder's Lirecone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Stone, Gold, Silver, Brass, Tin, Copper, Marble, Ivory, Bone, &c., &c., active in invaluable. It will be found effectual for cleaning, and a few trials will prove that it has never been equalled, by its use will look as fresh as new. The price of this valuable article is 25 cts. the above name.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries every where. may

---

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for preserving the Hair. For Harmony and appearance it is without emergal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes the healthy and vigorous growth, and restores it when lost.

It checks its disagreeable odor.

Restores the hair to its natural color when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It allaying the irritation of the scalp.

It remains longest in effect.

It is the best dressing for the hair ever bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S.

no13 No. 17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete beautifier of Complexion, Removing Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn and Heat, and rendering the skin soft, clear Merrimack and John streets.

dec20

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL.

GRAHAM—Fresh ground Graham Meal from the best Genesee wheat, for sale by

SAML. S. WOOD, 41 Market st.

Nice Fresh Oysters.

Received at Kidder's Depot,

Daily per express.

For sale at 3 Merrimack square.

Nice to send to Merrimack street.

dec17

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in great variety, Gold setting, Plaiting, Covering, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money where before the inventions of all kinds of goods were discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many, who, by the use of the most simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 1000 testimonials in our favor. Some making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man writes from Iowa that he made $1000 during a new the corner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, without the use of a dollar of capital, paid the sum of $250. Women can clear from $8 to $20 per week, and all who engage can do from $5 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business and which enables the possessor to commence operations immediately, will be sent to any one on receipt of. No money to be invested in stock or merchandise. We have paid $1,000 to more than 100,000 people and intended in this respect. Address

B. H. MARTIN & CO.,
Box 1192, Boston, Mass.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD and Zinc Paints of the Forest River Mark is warranted to be ground in the best manner, pure linseed oil, and to contain only the best Dutch, English and American white lead and zinc, and no other material whatever. The Forest River Mark is the best known and most reliable brand of White Lead made in this country, and has been so for the last twenty years. The Company are not responsible for any accounts of the Forest River Mark, unless purchased from the Agent in Lowell, or from the Company at Salem. The Company will be as much work as $25 in the month other brands. Also, Red Lead, Litharge, Glass Makers' Lead, &c., for sale at the lowest market prices by the manufacturers in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair price of Boston and Lowell will be constantly maintained at their agencies. Remember the place.

sep24 1y

Kinder's Lirecone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Stone, Gold, Silver, Brass, Tin, Copper, Marble, Ivory, Bone, &c., &c., active in invaluable. It will be found effectual for cleaning, and a few trials will prove that it has never been equalled, by its use will look as fresh as new. The price of this valuable article is 25 cts. the above name.

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A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for preserving the Hair. For Harmony and appearance it is without emergal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

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It checks its disagreeable odor.

Restores the hair to its natural color when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

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no13 No. 17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete beautifier of Complexion, Removing Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn and Heat, and rendering the skin soft, clear Merrimack and John streets.

dec20

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in himself," &c.

JUST received, five pieces from the Operas and Concerts of Europe, arranged for the Piano, by Thalberg.

Trovatore, by Carl Zerahn.

Forty Four Quick Marsh, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Modern Transcriber from favorite Operas—arranged for the Piano.

Sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st., who has also for sale a splendid assortment of Music, suitable for the world-renowned Prima Donna, Johnson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SKATING CAPS at BRAZER'S.

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS!

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Velvet—I feel confident in saying that I can furnish you as good an article, and as cheap, for one third of your money, and get a more stylish bonnet than you can elsewhere in Lowell.

Please give me an early call, and save one third of your money, and get a more stylish bonnet than you can elsewhere in Lowell.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed. Millinery supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1865. nov17dtf

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the oils manufactured by the

Patent Secret Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose oils are pronounced by his many discriminating customers, which gives them the decided preference over all others in use.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Steam and Parafine Lubricating Oil, Patent Parafine Sperm Oil and Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2, Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 3, Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 65 cents. White Lard Oil, Sperm Oil, Neat's Foot Oil, &c., &c., for factory Machinery, &c., &c. 50 cents.

Orders solicited.

E. G. KELLEY, 110 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

sep27 E. G. KELLEY.

Manufacturing and Importing Chemist.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has removed from 41 Central to

T. & B. BOOTH, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for hotels and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, and are now landing from the steamer, and just arrived from the English and American manufactories, and are now in complete assortment.

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods will be manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, and will be sold at the lowest rates and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and price.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my goods, which will be sold complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase will find it to their interest to call, as I am resolved to sell at the lowest rates. Goods packed and delivered to the depot free of charge.

Remember the number,

64 CENTRAL STREET.

sep28

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, No. 3 BROADWAY, GREEN A. YORK, only manufacturer of the new

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

—AND—

Solid Packing Earring Machines,

—AND—

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woods established in the United States. Also, Agent for the Improved Burring Machines on the best principles, and warranted to do more work and better than any other machine in use. Also, Agent for the Improved Patent Burring Machine, which is the only machine that will take out the burrs from the wool without injuring the fibre. Also, Agent for the Improved Patent Burring Machine, which is the only machine that will take out the burrs from the wool without injuring the fibre. Also, Agent for the Improved Patent Burring Machine, which is the only machine that will take out the burrs from the wool without injuring the fibre.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are recommended by most fabricators. In strength and durability are unsurpassed. They are made of the best steel, and are the only rolls that can be used for the Bay State Burring Machine. Also, for the Improved Burring Machine, which is the only machine that will take out the burrs from the wool without injuring the fibre. Also, for the Improved Burring Machine, which is the only machine that will take out the burrs from the wool without injuring the fibre. Also, for the Improved Burring Machine, which is the only machine that will take out the burrs from the wool without injuring the fibre. Also, for the Improved

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, February 12, 1861.

HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President elect, is fifty-two years old to-day, having been born in Hardin County, Kentucky, Feb. 12th, 1809. A word or two, then—this being the anniversary of his natal day, and he being on his way to Washington, where he will soon assume the responsibilities of Chief Magistrate of this Government—may not be inappropriate respecting his history and position before the country.—Soon after the death of Mr. Lincoln's father, which occurred when he was six years old, his mother removed to the northern part of Indiana, taking her children with her. Young Lincoln had but few advantages for acquiring an education.—When twenty-one years of age, Mr. Lincoln removed to the neighborhood of Springfield, Ill., where he has since resided. After several years of hard work, he studied law and was admitted to the bar. He was a member of the Legislature for several years, and in the fall of 1846 was elected to Congress. He served one term, declining a re-nomination. He never held any other public office, although twice (in 1854 and 1858) he was a candidate for United States Senator. His memorable contest with Senator Douglas in 1858, and the masterly mind which he displayed in that canvass, brought him prominently before the country and undoubtedly had much to do in securing his nomination for the Presidency by the Republican National Convention, at Chicago, on the 18th of last May. The incidents and results of the campaign of 1860 are matters of but yesterday, as it were, and tomorrow Congress will go through the form (in counting the Electoral votes) which will declare him the President elect for four years after the fourth of next March.

Mr. Lincoln assumes in twenty days a position (under circumstances less favorable than have been guaranteed to his predecessors) of great responsibility and care; at the present time it is surrounded with difficulties which fill the boldest with apprehension and alarm. Open treason predominates in one quarter of the Republic; in another quarter the counsels of traitors, loyalty and open rebellion is most severe, and like the sword of Damocles, the fealty of six or seven of the border States are suspended by a hair, liable to be severed at almost any moment. He will find the capital, where all his predecessors but the two first have taken their oaths in peace, held from threatened assault by the presence of very air through which he will pass, if officiously-repeated statements are to be relied on.

These are among a few of the perils that will surround Mr. Lincoln, but we do not believe him to be a man to be abashed or to shrink from the performance of the new duties he is to assume. With honesty of purpose, a consciousness of right, a determination to deal justly by all parts of the country—a firm patriot and a conscientious man—we have no doubt that he will enter upon his new career under circumstances calculated to impress at least all who have not in advance set themselves inflexibly against him, with a consciousness that the rights of all and the good of the whole country will be the care of his administration. To him should be accorded, at the outset of his new career, the support of all who love their country and respect its laws;—the same protection that has been cheerfully given by the minority party to the successful candidate at all times, and which, so far as the Republican party is concerned, would have been unstintingly yielded had the position of parties to-day been the reverse of what it really is.

THE PEACE CONVENTION. No business of importance has yet taken place in the convention. It is reported (not by authority, however) that all the details of a proposition which it is believed the convention will recommend, have been agreed upon, except that relating to the territories, which is one of the most important to settle. A number of the delegates are in favor of a National Convention, as well as many outsiders.

Commissioners from all sections have become confident that peace measures will be proposed before the close of the session. A question is reached in Congress on the Compromise reported by the Committee of Thirty-three. Mr. Corwin, it is understood, will accept the Peace Conference propositions in preference to the others. When the measure is proposed, debate will be cut off and a vote at once had.

According to the Washington correspondent of the *New York Herald*, Hon. F. B. Crowninshield addressed the convention at some length on Saturday, though without entering into any discussion of the details already agreed upon before the delegation arrived:—

"Mr. Crowninshield said his State had committed no offence against the Constitution and laws of the country, but, on the other hand, those who had been active in saving the national government for years had frequently attempted to enforce obnoxious law, in the judgment of the best legal minds in the country, unconstitutional laws, seemingly more for the purpose of humiliating the people of Massachusetts than to obtain justice for any person or community or State. Notwithstanding this fact, Massachusetts had no grievances to complain of, her people were so loyal that when the federal soldiers were too weak to execute the odious and unconstitutional laws within her borders, her State troops, composed of men belonging to all political parties, marched to and trod her streets with bayonets from the heart of her capital to the very spot in the harbor where the ras was thrown overboard in 1775, in order that the tasty edict of a commissioner, in defiance of the sacred right of trial by jury, might be executed, and the majesty of even a contemptible law might be vindicated. If such a contempt of terms can exist. Mr. Crowninshield's remarks created considerable excitement, and are much commented on.

MR. E. H. BARRS has been elected Mayor of Biddeford, Me.

CONGRESS. Petitions relative to the country were presented by Messrs. Wade, Crittenden and Bigler. A new committee on the deficiency bill was appointed.—Several appropriations for the Pensacola navy-yard were made. There was considerable debate on the proposition to build seven steam sloops of war. Mr. Mason of Virginia, opposed it as a measure for coercing the seceding States.

Mr. Fessenden of Maine, dvocated the measure, as coming from Democratic precedent, and eminently necessary at the present time. If the time ever came when it is necessary to execute the laws he was quite ready to do it. But this is no time for coercion, and nobody dreamed of making the appropriation for the purpose of war.

Mr. Mason said he would never vote a dollar for such a purpose, until it was announced whether the incoming administration intended to coerce the seceding States.

Mr. King of New York, believed now that treason was abroad in the land, and it was necessary to increase the power of the country. He would put the country in a position to defend itself against foreign or domestic enemies. He would use all forbearance and make every effort for conciliation, but he would never admit the right to divide the country and peaceably break up the Government. He would tell gentlemen that treason must come to an end—peace fully be hoped—but never by the submission of the honor of the Government.

Mr. Green of Missouri, said that after the language he had heard to-day, he intended to express his sentiments at length.

Pending this discussion the Senate adjourned.

In the House, Mr. Craige of North Carolina offered a preamble and resolutions acknowledging the fraternity of Southern confederacy and its independence. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

A resolution was adopted calling upon the President for the facts relative to the seizure of the public property in Louisiana, and what steps have been taken or are contemplated to recover possession thereof.

Mr. Ferry of Connecticut asked leave to offer a resolution instructing the Committee on Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of amending the Constitution so as to expressly forbid the withdrawal of any State without a concurrent vote of two-thirds of both Houses of Congress, or the approval of the President, and the consent of all the States.

Mr. Winslow of N. C. objected.

Mr. Burch of California introduced a resolution establishing a territorial government in Nevada, or extending the Southern boundary of California over it.

Mr. Sickles of N. Y. offered a resolution recommending the celebration of the 22d of February as a national holiday. Adopted.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, offered a substitute for a resolution previously presented by Mr. Palmer, of N. Y., so as to enable Southern gentlemen to vote conscientiously, as they could not be expected to vote on the purposes of the Northern States, as follows: "Resolved, That neither Congress nor the people or governments of non-slaveholding States have the constitutional right to legislate upon or interfere with slavery in any slaveholding State of the Union." Passed without opposition.

Mr. McKean, of N. Y., offered a resolution substance providing for appointing a select committee of five to inquire if the consent of the people of the border slave States can be obtained to the forcible purchase of the slaves therein by Government, in order to prevent their flight to the example of the Gulf States, and to report a bill for that purpose. Laid over for debate.

A resolution was passed, calling for information as to obstructing the collection of the revenue in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Louisiana; also, what measures have been taken to secure the revenue cutters from seizure, or to recover those that have been seized, together with other property; also, for the reasons which induced the President to concentrate troops in Washington, and whether he has information showing the existence of conspiracies to take the life of the President elect, or the inauguration of the President elect. The latter portion was an amendment offered by Mr. Burnett, of Kentucky.

AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON. Gen. Scott has stated that no military aid outside of that in the District of Columbia and that of the Government troops, will be required in Washington.

The President, it is stated, has had offers of nearly five hundred thousand men to protect the public property and preserve the Union.

Capt. Morrison, the traitor who surrendered the cutter Lewis Cass to the State of Alabama, has sent in his resignation.—Capt. Breckinrod, another of the same stamp, will do the same as soon as he can under such circumstances will be accepted.

Some postmasters recently appointed in the seceding States decline to take the oath to support the Constitution of the United States. The offices will be discontinued unless persons are found to take and hold them according to law.

The War Department has received advices from Major Anderson to the 7th inst. He was well and hearty, and is fully prepared for any emergency that may arise. He expected to be attacked immediately after Fort Sumter is evacuated.

He says, judging from the activity of the people and the extensive preparations which are being made, that they will present a pretty formidable display and maybe a rather desperate effort to take the fort. He is fully prepared. In about a week's time after the attack is made the Government will attempt to send reinforcements into Fort Sumter. They will be made all necessary arrangements, and if it is possible to get men, munitions and supplies into the fort it will be done. He has been informed by Government that as soon as an attack is made he will be immediately reinforced. The Secretaries of War and of the Navy have been engaged some time in arranging matters to that end.

AN INVITATION. A Georgia poet named William Howe, invites Horace Greeley to visit the South, in the following poetical epistle. It was first published in the *Rome (Ga.) Courier* :—

Come, Mr. Greeley, come to the South—
The land you have long and so lied on.
Come, and your own words upon your mouth,
Bring Cod Granny Goodfellow and Fred. Douglass and Henry Ward Beecher,
And all the rest of the Abolition jail.
Come, and we'll make you a welcome guest,
Also rob, kill, and burn for the freedom
Of the down-trodden and the unfortunate loved,
And can find some friends when they need 'em.

Let each bring some sympathetic Bilious Boy
Which you exhumed of Freedom delight in—
Some Bilious Boy who, like you, will be
To use in the cause which you fight in.

Come! bring all your friends, and never despair
Once more of the Devil's spectres!
We'll bring all saints you're walking the air,
And make a display of big taxation!

The Democrats and Constitutional Union Conventions of Rhode Island meet on the 20th inst., and the Republican Convention March 7th.

MR. TARCOLN ON HIS WAY TO WASHINGTON. The President elect left Springfield yesterday morning. He was accompanied to the depot by a large crowd of his fellow-citizens, where, after shaking hands with those in his immediate vicinity, he said—

"No one not in my position can appreciate the sadness which I feel at parting. A duty devolves upon me, which, perhaps, is greater than has devolved upon any other since the days of Washington. He never would have succeeded but for the aid of Divine Providence, upon which he at all times relied. I feel that I cannot succeed without the same Divine aid that sustained him, and in the same Almighty being I place my reliance for support. I hope you, my friends, will all pray that I may receive that Divine assistance, without which I cannot succeed, but with which success is certain."

Loud applause, with cries of "we will pray for you." The President elect evinced great emotion, and his old neighbors were affected to tears. Major Hunter, Cols. Sumner, Ellsworth and Damon, and others, accompany Mr. Lincoln. Mrs. Lincoln and her children remained in New York until next week. At several points along the lines, after he left Springfield, he spoke to crowds at the depots.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday, the business transacted was not of general local importance.

In the House a petition was presented from N. P. Pratt and others, of Reading, that that town may be transferred to the Middlesex North Agricultural Society :—also one from Alvin Emerson and 26 others of Lowell, in aid of the petition of Charles Hovey and others, for the Bank of Industry, in this city. All joint and special committees were ordered to report on or before the fifth day of March. The motion to reconsider the vote by which the volunteer militia bill was passed to be engrossed was lost by a vote of 94 to 97.

THE SOUTHERN STATES. *Louisiana.*—The convention has adopted for a State flag, a red field with a single pale yellow star and thirteen stripes, blue, white and red. The committee making it a penal offence for pilots to bring a vessel to bar any United States war vessel was passed. An ordinance accepting the United States cession of the Land District Court was adopted.

Texas.—The Convention has adopted an ordinance favoring the formation of a Southern Confederacy, and has elected four delegates to the Montgomery Convention.

Georgia has given assurance that she will abstain, during the period occupied by the Peace Congress and the looking for a plan to settle existing difficulties, from acts calculated to produce a collision with the Federal Government. Alabama and South Carolina, to which State Commissioners have also been sent by Virginia, to get this guaranty, it is believed, will consent to the same thing.

A report has been sent from Washington that South Carolina is dissatisfied with the proceedings of the Montgomery Convention, and threatens to secede from the Southern Confederacy.

Tennessee.—An election was held in this State last Saturday to vote on holding a convention and also to elect delegates to the same should the people decide to hold one. Returns from all parts of the State show the election of Union delegates by a large majority, probably enough, which has

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS,

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing. Plates for Glass Shades.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

SEWING MACHINES.

"I defy the sewing women whose trade is by the needle, for which they earn one dollar per day, to sew faster with their hand. W. W. & W. J. Dyer's Elastic Lock Stitch Machine than the sewed while I was following Dyer's Machine."

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 15,000 IN USE!

We beg to say to the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our ugly increasing trade, from the many new and valuable improvements in every department of their construction, they are NOW MADE by us in WARRANTED BY EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines, are making the fatal mistake of selecting worthless machines because they are cheap. We have no machine to sell them. Therefore, we feel at liberty to say that all Machines sold by us will be visited with certain punishment. All machines sewing from the needle will be taken back and another one put in their place, and having a good reputation to sustain, we will not sell a machine that is objectionable.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, sell, or use any Sewing Machines which may infringe upon and make the stitch known as the "Elastic Lock Stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1850.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patent, dated the 10th of September, 1850, to make and sell the said Sewing Machine, and all others are liable to prosecution for infringement.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Summer street, Boston;
495 Broadway, New York;
730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore;
58 North Fourth street, Cincinnati;
118 Lake street, Chicago;
128 North Fourth street, St. Louis.

Agents for Lowell, H. BRAKE, CLARK & CO. dec14 s1

"A PENNY SAVED IS AS GOOD AS PEN-NY EARNED."

LOOK at those beautiful little SAFES for children to keep their pennies in. A most useful article on each one. Just the thing for a Christmas Gift. Perfection in every respect. Also, a variety of other Miscellaneous Works cheaper than can be bought in the city.

Also, Pocket Books, Portfolios, Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, Pencil-case, Pencils, &c., &c. Stationery Tasks for Boys and Girls. Gold Pens and Cutler Tools.

Ladies' Stationery Boxes and a good stock of Fancy Articles, for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central St.

A good second-hand Piano for sale cheap. Music bound in a thorough manner at a low price. dec8

SEVEN YEARS!

The seven years of unrivaled success attending the "Cosmopolitan Art Association,"

have made it a household word throughout every section of the country.

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CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS-WARE, TORS, &c., &c.

Re offered in this city. Selling LOW

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

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W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

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Where will be found a full assortment of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

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FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

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Universally adopted by the Nobility and Gentry of the United Kingdom, and pronounced by Connoisseurs, Gourmands, and Epicures, as the most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, whose high patronage manufactured by the well known firm of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation in this country among Americans ap-

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A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

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For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.

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Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice will be found unusually suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail. Sold low.

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which for *style, quality, quantity* and *cheapness*, is unparalleled in this and other cities.

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Great Indian Remedy

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Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other one of the kind, and having effected relief and cures where all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of suppression from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths,* with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *cases sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! This Medicine is designed exclusively for OBSTRUCTIONS, *in which all other remedies of the kind have failed*, and is not to be used during pregnancy, as it will surely produce miscarriage. We have sold this business to Dr. Mattison, and he will be found in the store of Messrs. Fowle, Kidder & Co., 18 Tremont row, Boston, manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in every instance, to be as represented. Sold also by R. S.—Prices Purifers and Medicines to suit. Lowell, June 15, 1860. jun15y

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The Minor books for sale by E. S. HUNT'S Book and Stationery, 17 Central street, where may be found a full assortment of Music Books and Sheet Music.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country for sale at short notice. Remember the place, oct1

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FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Stone, Wood, Oil Silver, or et al, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will clean Paint quicker, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever much, by its use will look as fresh as new, and its equal has never been discovered, for the above purposes.

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A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeable odorous, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

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It is not greasy or sticky.

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It softens the hair, gives it a silken hard and dry.

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It affords the richest luster.

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It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.

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"He that hath no music in himself."—&c., &c.

JUST received, fine pieces from Operation and Chapel, by Fitz Buchholz—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.

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All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of G. Hinde & Co., London, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. oct17

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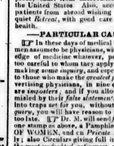

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NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR ALLET DAVIS & CO.'S celebrated Grand and Square Pianos, which are offered to purchasers at the lowest manufacturers' prices. We have on hand a good assortment of these Pianos, which we offer to the trade, as manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in every instance, to be as represented. Also, agents for N. S.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.

Lowell, June 15, 1860. jun15y

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The Daily Courier Printing Office

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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, printed in the most elegant style of borders,

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STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and made to order. PIPING for Steam, Gas and Water put up with neatness and despatch

Lowell, June 2, 1859. jun2

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H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam Gauges, Whistles and Gauges, and all fixtures for Steam, Gas and Water. Steam fitting and heating buildings by steam or boilers by gas. Large assortment of Brass Cocks and Valves for all the above articles, constantly on hand. Brass Finishing and Gas Fitting done to order. Shop in the rear of Merrimack Block, formerly occupied by Wilson & Barker.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6 dly

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect,

Selling quite low "1

DEADEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. sep14

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Smoke Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME and HAIR, for sale at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality.

NO. 78 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with the agents to supply the above direct from manufacturer the best kinds of Coal, I am prepared to offer it to my customers and the trade at as low rates as can be had elsewhere.

Orders left at my residence, No. 1840, Middle street, or addressed to me at Box 1840, Lowell, will receive prompt attention. WILLIAM BARTLETT.

Lowell Aug. 6, 1860. au6 dly

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for the season.

UGH McEVOY,

63 Central street.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up, from their own receipts, the most desirable patterns and superior workmanship.

CUSHING & MACK,

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A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds. Strapping and repairing Violins a specialty. Orders left at the rear of my store, and at Gardner & Tyerlin's, 107 Pine street, and Paul Dana's Ware House, 41 Central street, will receive prompt attention. sep23

G. MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Way of Salvation, by Rev. Wm. Cogswell Dana. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by E. S. HUNT. oct17

Toilet soaps.

ENGLISH Rose and Glycerin, Pumice, Silver Flake, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec1

KIDDER'S HAIR DYESINE,—This

is a new and superior article—highly recommended for *Dressing* and *Beautifying the Hair*. It invigorates the scalp, removes all dandruff, &c., for the roots, and causes the hair to grow luxuriantly.

Prepa...only and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec1

WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink may be purchased at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Stationery store at better rates than at any other place in town. sep17

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FOR Stationary Engines, of "Judson's Patent," Rochester, N. Y., also "Tyler's Patent Globe and Governor Valves," for sale by H. R. BARKER.

No. 8 Central st.

jn5 6m

A FEW pieces of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by JUDKINS, 3 John st. au23

PUMICE STONE SOAP.—This Soap will effectually cover the hands of tarnish, render them soft and white. Sold by S. KIDDER Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. dec1

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF MI.-LINERY GOODS!

Having just received the first assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the richest French Hat—I feel confident of pleasing most fastidious ladies.

Please give me an early call, and save exchange, and your money, and get a perfect and more tasty BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Millinery supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1859. nov17dtm

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street.

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Patent Paraffine-Lubricating Oil Company's Oils manufactured by

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which saves them the properties of

PURE MINERAL OILS.

C. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Engines, &c. Kelley's Patent Refined Paraffine Oil, for Lamps. Kelley's Patent Transparent Lubricating Oil, for Watches, Clocks, Chronometers, &c. Kelley's Patent Refined Sperm Oil, (superior to any in the market.) No. 1, 2 & 3 Refined Whale Oils. Kelley's Patent Neatsfoot Oil. Kelley's Chemical Oil, for Leather. No. 1, 2 & 3 Refined Lard Oils. Kelley's Patent Solar Oil. Kelley's Oil Cake. Orders for the above Oils may be left at

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

sept27 Manufacturers and Assistant Chemist.

E. G. KELLEY,

Boston, Mass

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in oil) made at the Forest River Lead Company's Works, Salem, Mass., at the best Old London 1 ead (or, and its superior quality for Inside and Outside Work, and Tinning, is acknowledged by many consumers in the world to be unequalled by any other manufacture.

Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality, and are offered at prices much lower than the very lowest. Also, just arrived from the Factory, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and selected by myself, and consequently are very large, making an assortment so large and complete that I can safely say I can suit every purchaser.

HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete, and will be found to be the best place for trading to replenish their stock of goods in this line, as I am determined to keep the largest assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in the market.

Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them to you, and I will *greater pleasure* to sell them to you.

I have also added to my stock a large assortment of Rubber Goods, consisting of Coats, Capes, Ponchos, &c. Remember, the largest assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail, at the old stand of

H. S. HAYNES,

41 Central Street.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1859. nov17

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and an easy way to make money! Any without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered. Full particulars sent free by return mail. Address at once, with your present post office address, plainly written, GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. nov17 3m

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is to be felt under the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and sometimes it extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with a pungent sensation of pain, and a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. There is frequently a great deal of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up the fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the Liver to be principally diseased. Strange.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, in CASE OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No calomel need be given to purify the system, or to after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them A FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders directly, and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, cost paid, to any part of the United States, on the receipt of $1 00, a box containing fifteen pills, or one dollar's worth of postage stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

Sold by all respectable Druggists, and Country Merchants generally.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. dec1

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK,

SOLE MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal Woollen Establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using the above Machinery, and the Proprietors are unanimous in their opinion that it is the best they have ever used. Without them, all Burring Machines are useless. The Steel *Burring Machine* is the only one that will work with the Solid Packing. The finer the Cloth is to be run, the more necessary is the Solid Packing, being as useful as efficient; and as the Steel Rings are also clothed in Steel Wire, they are very wearing in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability they are unequalled. With them no gearing is required, as they have no spurs to injure the fine fibre of the wool, but are fluted and straight. Their form strengthens the shaft, and does away with the necessity of a pinion, thus saving in the proper working of Burring Machines. They are also applicable to Carding Machines. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its foreign matter, and feed it to the Cards more regularly than by any other process, thereby saving the Cards and greatly improving the quality of the work

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, February 13, 1861.

THE well-played game of coercing freedom with a surrender to slavery, has just passed another point in the line of progress by organizing a Provisional Government and the election of Jefferson Davis President, and Alexander H. Stephens Vice-President. Under this organization a con-stitution is about to be adopted, and laws enacted to give life and working power to the new organization, which must speedily bring the seceding States into direct conflict with the national Government of these United States.

The first thing that will occasion a clash will be the collection of revenues and the attempt to enforce the tariff on imports from the United States; and in the last named matter there is likely to occur complications and troubles impossible to be got over in a peaceable way. It certainly will not answer to allow this newly framed provisional government of rebellious States, to impose duties upon goods shipped from sister States—the products of those States, and as a matter of necessity this will bring up the question of right or wrong in the position assumed by the States now just separated. To pass over these points without collision, involves the necessity of recognizing by the General Government the authority, if not the right of these States, under the new provisional government, to act for themselves, which certainly will never be done unless the Government is so blind and imbecile to either see or act for itself, and if collision of a violent nature does not come before, it is impossible to see how it can be avoided when these positions are met.

To arrest this work of outraging, in the most unusual and disorderly manner, all law and all authority, there is in our view but way than to meet it by a prompt and decisive demand or return to obedience to the national laws and authority, which have not and cannot be their plea for any act of refractory States. This brings us to a point where there must be a surrender, or a resistance of a sanguinary character, the end of which is not so easily to be seen; and perhaps it is not desirable to look for. Is the matter of the prodigal-service of dried authority, it is not for the God fearing to say that it shall be met between the points where insubordination is encountered and where the reasoning forces are brought to terms: it is usually enough to know that *fire engines ready of the law must be maintained at all hazards*. It would indeed be painful to record a conflict between two sections of the American nation; but if the people have had judgment force such an event to the surface of our nation's being, we feel a conclusion even in the painful duty of making the record, from the fact that the struggle has been forced upon us by the efforts of those who would change the character of our government, and stain our standard with the symbol of human oppression," and that it was met as it will be met, by the unconquerable hosts of freedom and right.

With whatever feelings of regret we may contemplate the approach we are making to a mortal conflict with men of a kindred blood, our regrets are assuaged by the fact that in the eyes of the laws of our country, in the face of the Constitution we have sworn to defend and obey, and before the face of those whose rights *are not the aggressors*; but are only standing in defence of what has been delivered to us for preservation and delivery by the men of another generation.

MOVEMENT OF MR. LINCOLN. On the arrival of Mr. Lincoln at Indianapolis, he was received and made comfortable by a great concourse of people. At several other places where the train stopped there were great crowds and the strongest interest manifested to see the President elect. He arrived at Cincinnati last evening.—The streets were blocked with people, compelling the locomotive to stop, and obliging the military of the city to take the depot. The Mayor welcomed Mr. Lincoln to the city. He then accompanied him to a barouche, and under the escort of the military and a procession of citizens, amid the cheers of the immense multitude, he proceeded to the Burnett House. The whole city was decorated, and there was the wildest excitement. At the Burnett Lincoln entered the house, the band played "Hail Columbia" and the "Star Spangled Banner." He was then introduced to a vast assemblage from the balcony by Judge Burnett, and addressed the crowd below as follows:

"I have spoken but once before in Cincinnati, and that was the year previous to the late Presidential election. On that occasion in a playful manner, but with serious words, I addressed much of what I said to the Kentuckians. I spoke as my opinion that we as Republicans would probably be beat them as Democrats, but they could postpone that result longer by nominating Mr. Douglas for the Presidency. They did not in point of fact nominate Mr. Douglas for the Presidency, and the result came certainly as soon as I expected. I also told them how I expected we should be treated after they should have been defeated, and I now wish to call their attention to what I then said. I intend to do as we say we will beat you, that you will perhaps want to know what we will do with you. I will tell you as far as I am authorized to speak for the opposition.—We mean to treat you as near as we possibly can as Washington, Jefferson and Madison treated you. We mean to leave you alone, and in no way interfere with your Constitutional rights. We mean to abide by every compromise of the Constitution. In a word, to treat you, so far as depends upon men, if we have a disposition, many according to the example of those noble fathers. We mean to remember that you are as good as we are, and that there is no difference between us other than the difference of circumstances.

We mean to remember that you are kind and dear in mind always that you have a good deal more at your bosom as other people, or as we claim to have, and treat you accordingly. Fellow-citizens of Kentucky—friends, brethren, may I not call you so? In my new position I see no occasion, and feel no inclination to retract a word of this. If I shall not be made good, be assured the fault shall not be mine."

Great enthusiasm was manifested during the delivery of the last address. In passing to his room, those that could, rushed to Mr. Lincoln, throwing their arms around him, patting him on the back, and almost wrenching his arms off. A large number of politicians were in attendance. The grand hall of the Burnett House is decorated for the occasion. Mr. Lincoln was holding a reception in the evening. He is in good spirits and looks well. Nothing has occurred to mar the pleasure of his journey thus far.

LENT REGULATIONS. Lent commences the 13th, (to-day). The regulations observed by Catholics, are as follows —

1. All persons who have completed their 21st year, and who are not exempted from the obligations of fasting by sickness, debility, old age, or for other well known reasons, are obliged to observe all the days of Lent (Sundays excepted,) as fasting days.

2. On those days but one full meal is allowed, which should be taken about noon.

3. A cup of tea, coffee, or thin chocolate, with a bit of bread or a cracker, may be taken in the morning, and a collation of food, not more than the fourth part of an ordinary meal, or not exceeding eight ounces, may be eaten in the evening.

4. Warm fish is not permitted at the collation.

5. Abstinence from flesh meats is enjoined on all the Wednesdays and Fridays of Lent, and on the two Saturdays of the Ember and the Holy Week.

6. The use of flesh meat is allowed, by dispensation, at every meal, on Sundays, and at one meal on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, with the exception of the two Saturdays above named.

7. Those exempt from fasting are allowed the use of flesh meat at every meal on the days on which it is allowed to the others but once.

8. Fish and flesh are not allowed on any day of Lent at the same meal; oysters are fish.

9. Eggs, milk, cheese, butter, can be used without distinction of days; but abstinence from all of these is recommended on Good Friday."

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday, among the orders adopted was one that the Committee on Education be directed to consider if any further legislation is necessary to define the rights of children over fifteen years of age, attending the district schools. The report of leave to withdraw on the petition of William Barnaba and others, was accepted.

In the House, among other petitions presented was one for the restoration of the law in relation to drunkenness. The Committee on Banks and Banking report-ed a bill in favor of the Lowell Mechanics' Savings Bank, and leave to withdraw on the petition for the Bank of Industry in Lowell. The special Committee reported in favor of increasing the salary of the Governor to $5000, the salary of Private Secretary to terminate with the present year. No other business of importance was transacted.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Crittenden offered a petition from 22,000 citizens of Massachusetts, in favor of his resolutions. A running debate of considerable warmth ensued between Messrs. Crittenden and Sumner. The Navy Appropriation bill, with the amendment relative to building sloops of war was passed. In the House, the unanimous report of the Committee on the Indian Trust bonds was presented and ordered to be printed—when the Public Railroad bill occupied the greater portion of the session, which adjourned without coming to any determination.

THE SOUTHERN CONGRESS. The standing committees have been announced.—Yesterday a resolution that as soon as the President is inaugurated commissioners be sent to the Government of the United States, was referred. Another was passed taking charge of all questions and difficulties now existing between the sovereign States of the Confederacy, and the United States relative to forts, arsenals, navy yards and other public establishments and the President is directed to communicate this resolution to the Governors of the different States.

THERE were certainly three deaths in this State on Thursday night of last week, from freezing. One occurred in Dorchester, the name of the person being Frank Withington, who was overcome by the cold while in pursuit of a horse that had escaped from him; the second at Marshpee, in the person of Mr. William Comet, who left his house in the evening to go about half a mile, and was found the next morning frozen to death—the supposition being that he fell in a fit, and afterward perished from cold; the third instance was that of a young Irishman, who froze in his sleigh while driving from Worcester to Grafton. His name is unknown, and he was somewhat under the influence of liquor.

TEXAS. The convention has adjourned to the 4th of March. Previous to her adjournment a committee of safety was appointed to remain in Austin till the re-assembling of the convention. There is but little disposition on the part of the legislature convention to trust Gov. Houston.

The returns from the Tennessee election indicate an aggregate Union majority of over 50,000. The Convention proposition is defeated by 20,000 majority. Only two secessionists have been elected as far as heard from. This is a very "wet blanket" to the secessionists, and has humbled those about Washington perceptibly.

The President has received information from Savannah that the British Consul there had been maltreated, and Lord Lyons has called upon the President for the facts. Another account says that was a British sea captain, who was tarred and feathered because he was a negro.

A dispatch states that in the Virginia Convention will be offered to-day a resolution requesting Senators Mason and Hunter to resign their seats, as they do not represent the desires of their constituents.

A bill authorizing the State's endorsement of the Government bonds passed the Senate of New York yesterday morning.

STEAMER North Star, from Aspinwall, 6th inst., arrived at New York yesterday, with 150 passengers and $1,000,000 in specie.

NATHANIEL S. BERRY, the present Republican candidate for Governor of New-Hampshire, was in 1846 the "Liberty Party" or Abolition candidate, for Governor of that State.

CITY AND VICINITY.

$100 MEN WANTED.
To sell an article used by every man and woman. Pays from $3 to $5 a day. Call at
feb13 1t* 173 Middlesex street.

By order of the Board of the School Committee the Committee on Teachers will examine candidates for teachers in the Public Schools, at the School Committee Room, in the Appleton Building, on TUESDAY, February 19th, commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.
J. C. ABBOTT,
Chairman Committee on Teachers.
feb13-3t Middlesex.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.
Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the
Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Resolutions of 1860,
Mr Crittenden's Propositions.
They are got up in a form, that all may possess a copy, they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.
PRICE 10 CENTS.
For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting Room.

MUNICIPAL.

The third regular meeting of the City Council for 1861 was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. Sundry persons were discharged from the Fire Department and others appointed in their places.

Petitions presented. From Michael Daly to keep a junk shop on Green Street —to common on license. From John A. Knowles and others, that Sylvester H. Sargent may be appointed a policeman.—From G. W. Shattuck and others, that a special election may be ordered to elect an Alderman from Ward 5. From Jonathan Tyler and others, that Horace J. Conant may be appointed a police officer, subject to pay from the City for Merchants' Bank building. Jonathan Mansfield to be licensed as an auctioneer—to committee on licenses.

Licenses granted. To David Rogers, A. W. Colby, Lovejoy & Morse, Chas. Going, Robert Wood, D. G. Leavitt and Christopher Armstrong to run hackney coaches, and the licenses of the former read, and all were approved but those of Lovejoy & Morse, which were referred to the Mayor and City Solicitor.

Appointments. Horatio Fletcher was appointed weigher of hay, and William L. Clark, supernumerary watchman.

Reports. The reports of the City Marshal, Truant Committee and Stephen C. Davis, measurer of lumber, were read and filed.

Tree use of Huntington Hall granted. A petition was read from the Lowell Belgian Band asking for the free use of Huntington Hall for four concerts, the proceeds of which are to be used for a new uniform for the Band. The use of the Hall was granted.

Other papers were acted upon in concurrence, with the exception of a resolution to place new sand desks in primary school No. 40, which was laid on the table, the Mayor suggesting that it was the intention of the School Committee to examine all the school-houses and suggest such improvements as seemed necessary, and this matter had better be acted upon with the others.

COMMON COUNCIL. A resolution to place modern seats and desks in primary school No 40 (on Rock Street) was adopted, but the Board of Aldermen refused to concur and laid it on the table, for want of reasons stated in the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen. Other matters were acted upon in concurrence.

CONSTABLE'S BUSINESS. Notice of the suit of Alanson Wright and wife against the city (noticed in yesterday's *Courier*) was read and referred to the Mayor and City Solicitor.

Petition. From Sarah Dearborn, asking the city to remunerate her for injuries received on Merrimack street, caused by ice on the sidewalk, and naming $1500 as the sum that would satisfy her—to committee on claims.

Guardianship of the social duty of belonging. Ordered that the city offices be closed on the 22nd inst., and that the bells be rung and salutes fired in honor of the anniversary of the birth of Washington; and Aldermen Watson and Wait and Messrs. Morey, Norris and Sargent were appointed a Committee to carry the same into effect.

Committee on debts due the city. The Mayor, President of the Common Council, and Chairmen of the Committee on Accounts and Streets were appointed a Committee with full power to settle all outstanding bills due the city, and to order the Solicitor to commence suits when in their judgment they may be necessary.

Committee on appropriations. Aldermen Manahan and Morse and Messrs. Newell, Sargent, Ward and Saunders were appointed a Committee on Appropriations.

A new steam fire engine. Ordered that so much of the Mayor's address as refers to the purchase of a new steam engine be referred to the Committee on the Fire Department.

Report of births, marriages and deaths. The report of births, marriages and deaths in Lowell, during 1860, was submitted by the City Clerk and read for information.

Pawtucket Bridge. The Committee on Streets reported in relation to Pawtucket Bridge, and also on the subject of the petition of Mr. Bailey for the repair and the support of poor prisoners, the County agreeing to allow $200 for the latter.—The report was accepted, and the Committee empowered to make all the needful regulations in laying out the Bridge at an expense not exceeding $1000.

Money wanted. The Treasurer was authorized to borrow from the Lowell Banks sums of money as it may be needed, not exceeding $40,000, in anticipation of the payment of taxes, the same to be paid back by the first of next November.

City Treasurer's report. The report of Isaac C. Eastman, City Treasurer for 1860 was read and referred to the Committee on Accounts, who reported the same to be correct. The same Committee also reported that they had examined the accounts of the same officer, also a statement of the amounts in his hands, and that the same with other property in his possession, belonging to the city, had been transferred to George W. Bedlow, the new city Treasurer. Voted that the last report be printed with the Auditor's report.

To alter offices in City Government Building. A resolution was adopted to have the offices of the City Clerk, Treasurer and Auditor so altered as to best accommodate said officers.

Abatement of taxes. The Assessors' report of the abatement of taxes in 1860 was read. The whole amount abated was $3,226,97.

Juvenile Library. The petition of Elisha Huntington and others, that a juvenile department might be established in connection with their city library, and the sum of $200 appropriated for that purpose, was referred to a special committee consisting of Aldermen Morse and Folsom, and Messrs. Keyes, Parker and Lancaster.

REPORT OF CITY MARSHAL FOR JANUARY. By the report of City Marshal Lovejoy to the Board of Aldermen we learn that the whole number committed to the station house was 160; admitted for lodgings, 153; committed for drunkenness, 97; number complained against, 49; prosecutions 43, for the following offences: common drunkards, 15; larceny, 7; assaults & disturbing the peace, 7; truancy, 5; lewd and lascivious behavior and false pretences, 2 each; keeping open shop on Lord's day, 1; violation of liquor law, malicious mischief, lascivious conduct, and violation of city ordinance, 1 each.

CITY TREASURER'S REPORT. From the report of Isaac C. Eastman, City Treasurer for 1860, we find that the whole amount received by him was $291,824,23, of which $19,313.89 was from the balance of 1859, $164,323,48 from taxes in 1860; $22,494,-29 from taxes of previous years; $2,-923,10 from sale of City Government Building and Market House; $3,000,12 from passports; $2,872,61 from Liquor Agency; $2,200 from rent of Huntington Hall, and the balances from various other sources. The expenditures were $291,-824,23, of which there were paid on Drafts $151,384,35; Resolutions $1,132,39; Interest $9,348,62; Abatement tax of 1859, $19,-780,70; State tax of 1860, $37,000; City Debt, $40,000; Firemen, $11,287,48; Balance to 1861, $24,662,16, and the balance for other purposes.

PAWTUCKET BRIDGE COMMITTEE. The committee appointed by the Legislature and Lowell at the Citizens Committee room, last evening, and organized by choosing Alfred Gilman, of Lowell, Chairman, and J. B. V. Coburn, of Dracut, Secretary. Benjamin Walker was elected a member of the Committee in place of Dr. Hooke. It was voted to have a celebration on the 22nd, and that the finals over and above expenses be equally divided to defray the expenses of freeing the Bridge and to assist the poor of Lowell.

The following sub-committees were appointed —

On Music. James Watson, Benjamin Walker and Asa Clement.

On Supper. William G. Wise, Levi Sprague and Charles H. Varney.

On Military. William McFarlin, T. G. Gerrish and James C. Ayer.

On Printing. E. B. Patch, Z. E. Stone and Leonard Brown.

Treasurer. William G. Wise.

Adjourned till next Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

A SINGULAR OMISSION. Among the abatements reported by the Assessors to the City Council on Tuesday evening was one to one of our Loan Fund Associations, there being no law to tax such associations. We may expect to look for a large increase of investments in Loan Fund Associations.

POLICE COURT. Wednesday, February 13th. Zebina N. Annis, the lunacy of was last from Charles F. Ingalls, was fined $5 and costs.

John Mansfield, for assault and battery upon Henry Worcester, was committed to the House of Correction for two months.

Daniel P. Parker and Angie Kennison, charged with fornication, were found guilty and fined—Parker $10 with costs and Kennison $15 without costs.

THE TWENTY-SECOND. The City Guards are arranging for a military and civic ball, on the twenty-second of February, at which the most requisite committees have been chosen, and all the necessary preparations are under way for a commendable notice of the anniversary, by the company, of the birth of Washington. We trust our citizens will favor the undertaking and see no objections to well conducted gatherings of the kind proposed, will give it their encouragement.

CRITTENDEN'S PROPOSITIONS. We noticed in the passage was in the Senate on this forenoon, a table with petitions for Mr. Crittenden's propositions lying on it.—While we would say nothing against the distinguished statesman whose name the propositions bear, we would suggest that the person sign the petition before thoroughly understanding what they are asking for.—We are glad to notice that the signatures so far are mostly those of Breckinridgers.

VENISON SUPPER. The venison supper at the American House, in former years will be recollected by very many of our fellow citizens. For some three years past the supper has been discontinued, but the subject has this season been broached, and Maj. Going is preparing his larder for one of the famous and favorite venison suppers, as in years agone. To-morrow evening has been selected as the time; and the former patrons of these suppers and invited guests, will not forget to report themselves.

MUSEUM. Shakspeare's tragedy of "Othello" will be performed this evening, with Mr. J. C. Myers as Othello, Mr. G. Nourse as Iago, and Miss Savage as Desdemona.

THIS day seems to have been designed for the last part of March; so sunny, genial and comfortable is it. Spoolls repeats somebody's only expression, "splendid walking overhead"—overhead in mud we suppose he means.

HAMILTON PARTY. The servants of the Hamilton and Appleton parties take place at French's Hall to night.

THE WARTHEN STREET FAIR AND FESTIVAL. The preparations for this affair, which commences at Huntington Hall to-morrow evening, are being pushed forward with a vigor which insures to all who attend an evening of enjoyment. Among other things there will be an interesting display of tableaux, one of which will represent Mrs. Anderson taking possession of Fort Sumter. Those who go to the Grand Festival of February instant, at Huntington Hall, will be sure to partake of a rare banquet, granting the name.

LOWELL BELGIAN BAND. Solicited to give whole notice thereof, by publishing the citation in the Lowell Courier, a newspaper printed in said county. Lowell, this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.
J. H. TYLER, Register.
feb13

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

Title no more unpleasant or smooth Medicine. For sale by most druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per bottle.
DR. D. JAYNE & SON, Proprietors,
No. 242 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
feb13-3m

NOTICE.
All persons having business with the subscriber are requested to attend to settlement immediately.
E. H. PARKER.
January 16, 1861. jan17-6m

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
CHARLESTOWN, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
T. C. SUMNER, Authorized Agent,
Factory of the Merrimack M. F. Co.
Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dec1-3m

BEAUTY ENSURED!
MAGNOLIA BALM!
A LIQUID PREPARATION ADMIRABLY ADAPTED FOR REMOVING
PIMPLES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.
And rendering the skin of a pearly whiteness, and the form of beauty. Ladies who have used this article will find it unrivalled for softening, whitening and beautifying the skin. Gentlemen will find it the most delightful article for allaying the irritation arising from shaving. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers. Price 50 cents per bottle.
HENRY C. PERKINS, Proprietor,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in Lowell.
jan21-3m

CAUTION!
Beware of worthless imitations of the true and original
FRANKLIN TONIC,
Prepared only at the Franklin Medical Rooms, No. 36 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass. Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, attorney Franklin Tonic.
Ask for the title that method of constructing the public of the Franklin Tonic, and see that the signature of W. E. LIVINGSTON, attorney Franklin Tonic, is on the outside wrapper of each bottle.
Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines throughout the United States and Canada.
W. E. LIVINGSTON & HENRY,
Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 8, 1859. dec15

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!
The splendid effect produced by this dye upon persons in different parts of the country, has induced numerous applications for the sale of it. Numerous orders have been received from Boston, Providence, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford, New Haven, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston, Texas, and other places, and the demand is increasing daily. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the United States, Canada and Europe.
Depot, No. 81 Barclay street, New York.
jan21-3m

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$100,000
North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$250,000
Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
Springfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$100,000
Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Springfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$200,000.
All losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office of the Company in Lowell, without reference to any other office.
Policies written at short notice, and at as low rates as by any other reliable Company.
NO RESPONSIBILITY OF ANY CASE.
T. C. SUMNER, Agent,
Factory of the Merrimack M. F. Co.
Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dec1-3m

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And rendering the skin of a pearly whiteness, and the form of beauty. Ladies who have used this article will find it unrivalled for softening, whitening and beautifying the skin. Gentlemen will find it the most delightful article for allaying the irritation arising from shaving. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers. Price 50 cents per bottle.
HENRY C. PERKINS, Proprietor,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in Lowell.
jan21-3m

Washington Coal.
For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up clearer,
It lasts longer,
It is more free from ashes,
It costs less money,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the GRATES can be bought very cheap at
jan21 SOUTHERN AVENUE,
And of our agent, J. HOWARD, 13 Prescott street.
jan21-6t

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.
DIRECTORS:
C. F. Coburn, H. Hosford, D. S. Richardson,
T. Sawtelle, Jr., Isaac Hale, Jr., Jas. Sullivan,
Edward Kidder, Jr., Lowell. A. Sherman,
Lowell Kingston.
Mutual Stock.
THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Farm property in Middlesex County, and exception of a few risks in Lowell, Lowell, Chelmsford, Dracut, Tewksbury, Tyngsboro' and Dunstable. Premium notes are taken for one year, and are payable at the end of the year. Premium notes are taken for one year, and are payable at the end of the year. Premium notes are taken for one year, and are payable at the end of the year.
STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Risks taken in this department are for one year, and are payable at the end of the year.
Office, No. 27 Merrimack street, (second story.)
C. F. COBURN, President.
E. T. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy18

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, and the doctors challenged. In less than one week's time it has cured more than one hundred cases of piles, and has become the surest relief no longer to dread the fire. It is a sure cure for the worst case of salt rheum ever encountered by challenge.
It is a sure cure for old sores from his scratch, when all such threatening.
It is a sure cure for any mother when her breast is in distress.
It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.
It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.
It is an infallible cure for the worst case of ringworm.
It moderates mumps.
It is a sure cure for scalds and burns.
It extracts and destroys inflammations, and does it in a few days.
The miracle may be cured if you will heathen. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines at 25 cents per box.
You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.
For sale by druggists and dealers.
For chafing in warm weather use it.
For sore and sore nipples use it.
For sore nipples use it.
For sore lips and sore sides use it.
Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, dust and everywhere it goes it is a sure cure for all sores.
Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, dust and everywhere it goes it is a sure cure for all sores.
Golden Salve is the only remedy that has received recommendations from gentlemen of the press, and the medical profession; from the highest and lowest, rich and poor, learned and unlearned, it will cure more cases in one week than any other remedy in one month. Golden Salve is the only remedy that has received recommendations from gentlemen of the press, and the medical profession; from the highest and lowest, rich and poor, learned and unlearned, it will cure more cases in one week than any other remedy in one month.
SPEAKERS are sometimes very obstinate, and refuse to be cured by any remedy, but they are generally cured by Golden Salve.
The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment. Sold by druggists.
Some tips that reason for praising the Golden Salve, is that it is the only remedy that has ever been discovered that heals the blotches of scrofula, fingers, & fog's evil.
Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines at 25 cents per box.
FLEMING BROS.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
feb11 1y

LLOYD'S BAIL ROAD WEEKLY.
Containing a correct list of the largest sales and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States, published by Lloyd & Bailroad guide.
For sale at the Railroad Depot, Lowell, and at the Periodical Depot, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.
H. B. FISHER, sole agent.
Jan15d3m

FUR MANUFACTORY.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Ladies, now's the time to buy Furs cheap. Call at the Fur Manufactory and examine our stock. Furs made and repaired in the best manner, at 108 Merrimack street.
W. BASCOM.
jan18tf

FINALE B LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of these sewing machines which Mr. A. David Ayer is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice and have given it a thorough test, and are prepared to recommend it as a superior article for the base of artificial teeth. Gentlemen who have worn gold plates will find it will suit them much better, as it is much lighter, and will not corrode the mouth as gold does. Ladies who have worn gold plates will find it will suit them much better, as it is much lighter, and will not corrode the mouth as gold does. Persons who have worn gold plates will find it will suit them much better, as it is much lighter, and will not corrode the mouth as gold does. Persons who have worn gold plates will find it will suit them much better, as it is much lighter, and will not corrode the mouth as gold does.
Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.
sep21

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine
The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is encreasing by its merits, which are acknowledge by the public in preferring it to the host of worthless machines that are being forced upon them. It has a domestic combination, and is capable of executing a range of work in a certain sure that for the following statement of its capacity will be found to be correct. It will sew from the finest cambric to the heaviest cloth, Hard and Soft Wood Cotton, Linen, Silk, Thread, Cord, Tape, Leather, Gutta Percha, Gimp, Braid, Fine Wire, &c., &c., &c.,

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING-GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Ambrotypes.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Also, Accordeons, &c. sep24tf

SEWING MACHINES.

Before those women who are still in the needle, for their own good, to examine the new Sewing Machine that is a disease of the head, producing a silvery water running from the head right down the nose, and down the throat, bringing on the stomach, and exhausting, instead of adding, glory substance, laying the foundation for dyspepsia and other dangerous diseases which finally end in consumption. Young children are afflicted with this water running from the head down to the stomach, causing a cough, and when the cough begins and can not, or will not, be stopped, it engulfs the stomach and windpipe, and the child dies with the croup, when nothing could be done to afford. Let the child snuff up some of Dr. Bowne's Catarrh Snuff, and the water will dry up, and it will recover all these complaints.

Prepared in 1847, by DOWSE, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. 1yeod

THE REGULAR SALES OF SEVEN YEARS PAST, WARRANTED IN EACH CASE.

HAYES' CHOLERA MIXTURE.—A cure for Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaints in Children, and all Irritable Stages of the Stomach, Painters, Colics, &c. Sold by the single bottle, and by the dozen. Hayes' Family Medicine Store, 12 Central st. 1y

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL INSCRIPTIONS, superior to imperfections in what ever, but Divisible in Breadth, Elegant Patterns, and will be sold at Lower Prices, than can be had at any other Carpet Rooms in Lowell, by

BUCKWHEAT MEAL.

10 Tons Buckwheat Meal, for sale very low by SAMUEL B. WOOD, 45 Market street.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with several fine patterns; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making it cheaper to buy of us than to try to solder. Call and see for yourself.

W. H. DYAR,
dec7 45 Merrimack st.

SULPHITE OF LIME for arresting fermentation for sale by E. S. DUNN,
nov29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

SEVEN YEARS!

The seven years of unrivalled success attending the "Cosmopolitan Art Association,"

have made it a household word throughout every quarter of the country.

Under the auspices of this popular institution, over three hundred thousand homes have learned to appreciate—by beautiful works of art on their walls, and choice literature on their tables, the great benefits derived from becoming a subscriber.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Any person can become a member by subscribing *three dollars*, for which sum they will receive.

1st.—The large and superb steel engraving, Size 22 by 28 in., entitled,

"Patient Mustering his Recruits,"

or either of the other Engravings published by the Association.

2d.—One copy, one year, of that elegantly illustrated magazine,

"The Cosmopolitan Art Journal,"

3d.—Your admission, during the season, to

"THE GALLERY OF PAINTINGS,"

548 Broadway, New York."

In addition to the above benefits, there will be given to subscribers, at various premiums, over

Five Hundred Beautiful Works of Art!

comprising valuable paintings, marbles, parians, bronzes, and other statuary, &c., &c., &c.

The superb Engraving, given to subscribers as a premium, entitled, "PATIENT MUSTERING HIS RECRUITS," is one of the most splendid and popular engravings ever issued in this country. It is done on steel, by the *line engraving*, making a most elaborate ornament, suitable for the walls of either the library, parlor, or drawing room. It is a companion piece to the "Last Parade Day," and, like that superb production, the portraits which have been gathered for the engraved regiment, will be found very interesting by the taste for less than ten dollars.

The Art Journal is well known to the whole country to need commendation. It is a magnificently illustrated magazine of Art, containing Essays, Stories, Poems, Gossip, &c., by the very best writers in the country.

The engraving is sent to any part of the country by mail, with canvas, being packed in a cylinder, postage prepaid.

Subscriptions will be received until the Evening of the 15th of April, 1861, after which time the books will close and the premiums given to subscribers.

C. L. DERBY, Actuary C. A. A.,
245 Broadway, New York.

C. P. LORD, Agent for Lowell and vicinity, at Range & Hovey's, 69 Merrimack street, where the public are respectfully invited to call and examine the beautiful engravings. feb25

RICH GOODS

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF G LD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied AMOUNT OF

CROCKERY, GLITTERY, CAS TORS, &c., &c.

Er offered in this city. Selling LOW

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please c and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SONS PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories,

All kinds of Instruments to be let or low prices. Violins, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, introduced by the renowned "SOYER," of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with the high and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much esteemed as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; the flavor is excellent and it affords considerable variety as a sauce to HOT and COLD MEATS."—*Observer.*

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its par."—*Observer.*

For valuable adjuncts to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Globe.*

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDNER G. YVELIN,
317 Fulton St., New York

And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Dunstable, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. 3tawly&sep13

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new opening a large variety of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality and cheapness is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who want to buy Crockery will please call and examine my large and varied stock at by

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will suit the closest buyers of

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, which will be found to be bought in the Plain and Fancy Goods line, by Cross and Crockery Importers. Please remember,

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
W. DEARDEN.

dec6

A VALUABLE BOOK is issued one of the best medicines in the world—and on my own side, No. 9 John street, may be found some of the choicest works published. Among them are

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Seminarets to Esquimaux—a truly interesting book; *Lectures*, Humorous and Instructive—with 19 large Steel Engravings.

FALLEN FOR THE TRUTH, by Rev. Dr. Cheever, D. D.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs Jameson.

HEROINES OF SHAKESPEARE.

THE LAND OF THE SERPENT PEOPLE, by Dr. Thompson.

HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.

BEECHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition. Sermons by Beecher.

TUPPER'S PILGRIMS PROGRESS. Illustrated by C. H. Bennett—splendid edition.

WILLIAM'S NEW AND USEFUL BOOKS—at 63 and 75CTS.

THE ART OF COMMENCE, PRAYER BOOKS and Bibles, Portfolios, Writing Desks, &c., &c.

Also—Portfolios, Books, Portemonnaies, Albums, Autograph Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and see.

J. J. JUDKINS,
dec19 No. 9 John street.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new combination for the Toilet, completely effective in annihilating Sun, Freckles and Tan, Pimples, Blotches, &c., &c., in a person without injury to the skin. Sold by E. STILLMAN, 9 John street, Lowell. 1y

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies to his stock of Corsets, which for shape and exercise, just from Paris—The French CHEST EXPANDER. For sale at

No. 17 Central street.

may17

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE ART and PRACTICE of BOXING, as taught and practised by the champions of the ring, is completed this day by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. 1y

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect.

Selling quite low "4

DEADEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. sep14

PIANO FORTES.

HUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

ALLET DAVIS & Co's celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, of which they receive a new supply direct from the factory, and offer inducements to the purchaser in the way of prices and terms, which cannot be surpassed by any Factory or manufacturers' prices, warranted, in every particular, for five years.

N. B.—Tunes Pianos and Melodeons to order.

Lowell, June 25, 1860. jy26tf

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Ballads, Airs, Quadrilles and Waltzes, arranged for common whose name the book bears.

The Success. A collection of Vocal and Instrumental Gems, in every department. By Edward Hodges.

Operatic Bouquet. A Collection of Gems, Overtures and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the Piano Forte, with easy and musical gatherings. By Edwin Ruse.

The above books are published by HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the largest assortment of Music and Music Books to be found in the country for sale at short notice. Remember the place,

oct1 17 Central street.

Kinney's Lifecure.

FOR dressing Ulcers, Sores, Cancers, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is found to be the best ever offered so cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever smooth it may be made, will not do, and its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists and grocers generally. may19

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the growth of the hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy growth.

It keeps it from turning gray.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It renders the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest luxury

To the delicate and fastidious taste.

It costs 25 cents for a half pint bottle.

For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in his soul."—&c. &c.

JUST received, for pieces from the finest Operas and Concerts, Instrumental Duets, Trios and Quartettes, arranged for the Flute by Otto Bernhard.

Also, a new Book in rudiment by the world renowned Bohm of Munich, &c., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SKATING CAPS at BRAZER'S

(Copyright secured.)

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other, is the result of a long and peculiar editorial after all others have failed, is designed for the *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. The may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months will, *in a single failure* will be taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

IT is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, clasp securely to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

IT *Remember* that this medicine is designed expressly for CONFIRMED CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been applied in vain; *any that is warranted as represented* in EVERY INSTANCE, or the price will be refunded.

IT Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. MATTISON.

Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Front Office, Boston.

IT This Specialty confined to the treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years experience, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines sent to any part of the country, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, an unequalled assortment of patents from abroad wishing for a secure and profitable friend, with good skill and honesty to locate.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

IT In these days of medical opposition, when monopolists be physicians without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before they risk making some enquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest professions*, advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are empirics, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into their net for you, without making some enquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. IT Dr. M. will send for *Free*, to any one sending a stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Treatise on Diseases of the Urinary Organs, giving full information, with the most unbiased preference and impartiality, without which no advertising physician or medicine from him is to be relied on. ADVICE GRATIS.

IT Dr. Mattison is the only PRIVATE physician in Providence, if not in New England who makes a specialty of these diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both as to his integrity and his skill. Here ARE no others, LETHERS DO THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1860. ✦ aug23tly

To get a good TEA SET, go to

To get a good DINNER SET, go to

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to

To get go PLATED WARE, go to

To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS go to

To get TOILET WARE, go to

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to

To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

H. S. HAYNES.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, at Ivory and Gold setting, Pitking, Enameling, &c., &c., at

H. S. HAYNES'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 dtf

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way to make money! A new without the investment of a dollar, but honorable, profitable, and is now successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were compensated in the poor house. Send two 3cts stamps to any one who will inform you how you can make from $20 to $50 per week, and in some cases more than this. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing full directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and a list of the first orders to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of 25cts. No money to be paid for work or materials. We have sold this business to over 1000 persons in the United States, and they have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
Boston, Mass.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALLEN WITE LEAD CO. (50) manufac the Finest White Lead in the world, and its superior quality has been fully tested by the test of time. It is not excelled by any establishment in the world. All WHITE LEAD sold by this Company is warranted Pure.

For sale by the Agents and at the owning of this Company, at the Factory, Salem, Mass. Allen White Lead. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will cover more surface and last longer than any other. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in the country, and we are prepared to prove it. A trial of the article will convince any practical painter. Manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company, Salem, Mass., and for sale by any other Lead Dealer offering to the public.

Orders by mail, or personally applied to, will be promptly attended to. Circulars containing full information, and testimonials from the most eminent painters in the country, will be sent to any address.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" is for sale by the following Agents in Lowell:

CHARLES B. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants' Building, Lowell street, Lowell. apr20eod

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Oatmeal Soaps, Rose and Palm, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

KIDDER'S HAIR DYESING.—This

now leading American article is highly recommended for *Dressing and Beautifying your Hair*. It renovates the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and by its use the hair will soon assume its natural color.

Prepared only and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. ly8

WRITING PAPERS, Pens and Ink,

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

GOVERNOR VALVES

FOR Stationary Engines, of "Judson's Patent," Rochester, N. Y., for sale by Steam Fitter Globe and Governor Valves," for sale by H. R. BARKER,
No. 9 Central st.

A FEW grose of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by JUDKINS, 9 John st.

PUMICE STONE SOAP.—This fine, will effectually scour the hands and render them soft and white. Sold by S. KIDDER Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. nov29

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LI ER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

as well, the P prietor will assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to him, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Cards, Programmes, Newspapers,

Card Dockets, Bi-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, DRY, and in the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS and CIRCUSES, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

IT Orders by mail, a good stock of neat and fancy and enameled white and colored cards always on hand, ready for use, and to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

"CITY"

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Castings of all kinds, Steam Pipe Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, Pumps, Lamps, &c.

Also, Agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valve" for Steam Engines, and Steam and Gas Fitter of Globe Gauges.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. TIPING for Steam, Gas or Water, put in Dwelling Houses and Shops.

Lowell, June 2, 1860.

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fittings, Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all Safety Valves, Globe Valves, Stop Cocks, Pumps for boiling, boilering by steam or lighting by gas, Lamps, Chandeliers, Brackets, and Glass Fixtures of the latest styles, constantly on hand. Iron Piping put in Dwelling Houses and Shops, executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Works, No. 10 Howe st., Boiler-room, No. 9 Central st., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1859.

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Stumbs' Coal, Ex. Alle, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and PLASTERERS' MATERIAL, at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, sold or delivered.

No. 28 MIDDLE STREET.

Having a convenient location for carrying on largely the above direct from manufacturers the best brands of Coals, we are able to sell at the lowest rates of the above to sell at No. 28 Middle street and Boston and Lowell R. R. WILLIAM KITTREDGE.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. aug6eodtf

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his superior stock of

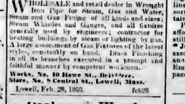
Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Goods.

E. S. HUNT,
17 Central street.



THE subscribers manufacture and put up, for the trade, the most desirable patterns and stretcher-working Hats.

CUSHING & MACK,
No. 127 and 135 Market street,
may24 Lowell, Mass.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds. Melodeons, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c. Tuned and repaired in the very best manner, by the subscriber, who may be found at the Music store and Piano Ware Room, 41 Central street.

E. MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Word, Just published by Henry J. J. JUDKINS, 7 John st.

nov17

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

BOOKS, BOOKS! BOOKS! The finest collection of Books ever offered in this city, at HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street. sep25

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Isaderia Inodor-

ous Benzine, for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merchant, corner of John street. dec26

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter in Lowell, by E. S. HUNT,
17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM.—A perfect and complete

substitute for Pearl Powder, Rouge, Carmine, Blanc, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND

GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal, Grits and whole wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by SAM'L B. WOOD, 45 Market st.

Nice Fresh Oysters.

Sold at $1.00 per gallon,
By E. S. HUNT,
17 Central street.

For sale at 8 RICHARDSON'S Saloon Nos. 16 and 18 Merrimack street.

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

nov15

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 14, 1861. NO. 6289

THE DAILY COURIER.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR.

To those subscribers who receive a delinquent notice of the expiration of their subscription, of Fifty Cents

STAMP & HINE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
OFFICE—No. 31 CENTRAL STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding one square will be inserted three times for One Dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements not limited to a specified number of insertions will be published until forbidden, and charged for accordingly.

JOURNAL, a paper of large circulation, and well adapted to the wants of business men, is published every Thursday morning, at Two Dollars a year in advance.

Terms of the several Banks.

Lowell Post Office.

Boston Mail, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Boston Express, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Nashua & Lowell R. R., 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Concord R. R., 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Northern R. R., 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Salem & Lowell R. R., 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Lowell & Lawrence R. R., 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Andover & Haverhill R. R., 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Portland, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Manchester & Keene, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Dover & Portsmouth, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Worcester & Nashua, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Fitchburg, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Hillsboro' Bridge, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Rochester, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.
Lowell Way, 11.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Sunday hours from 9 to 10 A. M. and 5 to 6 P. M.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861.

Alex. Cross's Hair Dressing Establishment

Is still in the same old place, where he will be pleased to wait on his old customers and many new ones. Only two and one moment's meeting. What inducements it is to your whether the South will secede or not, if you will only call at No. 3 Prescott Block, and get your hair cut. *Ye fair and gloppe*, making a much easier operation of shaving, and a much better one. Remember the place, No. 3 Prescott Block, Merrimack street. Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. jan1

Notice.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has taken the Store No. 31 Central street, and will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, Brushes, Window Shades, Paper Hangings, Borders, &c., &c., which he will sell at the lowest prices for cash. Also, Painting, Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Whitewashing and Coloring done in the best manner and at short notice. Please call and examine for yourself.

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. jan1

Notice.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the Store No. 45 Merrimack street, and is the only authorized agent for the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would state that he is well aware of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons about to purchase will favor him with a call. S. C. Hinds's Book and Music Store, No. 47 Central street, where a competent person is in readiness to explain the qualities of this machine. S. C. CARTER.

jan13 47 Central street.

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

OVER 15,000 IN USE!

We beg to say to the public that the Machine is perfect in every respect, that RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and is our rapidly increasing business is the best evidence that it is appreciated. Every department of this Machine is *WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public is invited to inspect the same, at the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public is hereby cautioned not to purchase of any one who represents himself as agent for the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, unless he has a Letter of Agency, or Licensee, and stamped under the power of Attorney. Dec. 1, 1860.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine patents, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell the said Sewing Machine, and all others are pretenders, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Summer street, Boston.
495 Broadway, New York.
Cor. Chestnut and Third, Philadelphia.
181 B. leaver street, Baltimore.
76 West Fourth street, Cincinnati.
103 Lake street, Chicago.
124 Main street, Cor. Second, St. Louis.
197 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal.

Agents for Lowell, H. I. BARNES, CHARLES CO. dec31

"A PENNY SAVED IS AN GOOD AS PENNY EARNED."

LOOK at those beautiful little RATES for children to wear, in workmanship from the best of styles in each one. Just the thing for a Christmas Gift.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Waterproof Overshoes which are cheaper than can be bought in Lowell.

Beautiful Ribbons and Purses, Ladies' Gaiter Shoes, Ties, Ink, Pocketbooks, Pencils, &c. &c.

Handsomest Pockets of the Latest Styles for Ladies' Collar Boxes.

Ladies' Rubber Shoes from a good asst. of Factory Arrivals and every article of Crockery.

A good second hand Piano for sale cheap. Also, a new Piano, which is strongly insured at a low price.

Stanley&sep13

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

20 and 22 Merrimack street, 20

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Every one can see and examine the most assorted stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, in workmanship from the best of styles invariably. Call in and look at them.

Also, a large assortment of Gentlemen's Fur Caps, &c., manufactured to order.

oct22 dtf

Kerosene-Bowners,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

Burner in use.

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and full assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street. ocb

Mary citizens of Lowell, and from all parts

of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CURE OF PLANTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, when all other remedies, as well as celebrated *Corn Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been recommended in general some fifty years since. Its equal has never been offered to the public, and will give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

SELLING OFF.

CONTAINING ONE of the most favorite National Patriotic Sentimental Songs of the day. Sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov9

Perfumery.

POND'S Lily Extract, Rimmel's Portfeuil, and an assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec27

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can-

not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received, 10 Boxes of Gilbert's CELEBRATED SOAP DUSTER. Birds' superior to any other Duster. Call and see it at No. 45 Merrimack street.

Also, a fine assortment of Fancy Soaps, for sale very low

nov27 45 Market street.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with several fine patterns; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making it cheaper to buy of us than to try to solder. Call and see for yourself.

W. H. DYAR,
dec7 45 Merrimack st.

GLUE! GLUE !!

UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE,
BARNARD'S PREPARED GLUE,
ANDERSON'S PREPARED GLUE,
For sale by E. S. DUNN,
may9 No. 17 Central Street

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS!

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Hat—I feel confident in saying the most fastidious can be suited.

Please give me an early call, and save one third of your money, and get a prettier and more tasty BONNET than you can elsewhere in the city.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17dtm

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered oil process, which gives them the properties of

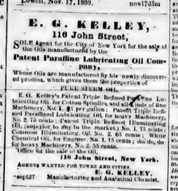
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, (superior to any in the world) for Machinery, No 1, 2, 3 and 4 grades; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Illuminating Oil, (superior to any in the world) for Lamps, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 grades; White Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; White Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 2, 65 cents. Samples and Circulars sent on application.

Office for the sale of the Oil,

110 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

sep27 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.



IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE

Has just received direct from celebrated Potteries of

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, just arrived from the Potteries of Messrs. Ridgways, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table and Parlor Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large and complete, makes it the largest and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and price.

HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock, will find my prices are respectfully invited to examine my assortment before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to this or any other market.

Also, a large assortment of Fancy goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and if you cannot find what you want, I am sure I can find it in my store.

✦ Just keep in mind two things—that the best assortment, and the lowest prices, of all kinds are retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack street, next door to the post office.

dec27 H. S. HAYNES.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

MADE and repaired, with Ivory and Gold setting, Pitking, Enameling, &c., &c., at

H. S. HAYNES'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 dtf

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way to make money! A new without the investment of a dollar, but honorable, profitable, and is now successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were compensated in the poor house. Send two 3cts stamps to any one who will inform you how you can make from $20 to $50 per week, and in some cases more than this. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing full directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and a list of the first orders to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of 25cts. No money to be paid for work or materials. We have sold this business to over 1000 persons in the United States, and they have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
Boston, Mass.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALLEN WITE LEAD CO. (50) manufac the Finest White Lead in the world, and its superior quality has been fully tested by the test of time. It is not excelled by any establishment in the world. All WHITE LEAD sold by this Company is warranted Pure.

For sale by the Agents and at the owning of this Company, at the Factory, Salem, Mass. Allen White Lead. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will cover more surface and last longer than any other. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in the country, and we are prepared to prove it. A trial of the article will convince any practical painter. Manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company, Salem, Mass., and for sale by any other Lead Dealer offering to the public.

Orders by mail, or personally applied to, will be promptly attended to. Circulars containing full information, and testimonials from the most eminent painters in the country, will be sent to any address.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" is for sale by the following Ag

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, February 14, 1861.

THE business of bringing the country into its present condition has been the work of years, and they who have been nearest to the Executive, during this time, are the most responsible for the work of demoralization. It may be convenient and agreeable for political men to charge the cause to this organization or that, whose moral positions have led them to attack what they regarded as moral recreancy in political men and the government itself, but if there is a reason for this charge, it does not rest alone against this class of our civil citizens.

The existence of Personal Liberty Laws is of the most stringent character are clearly traceable to National legislation of an odious and unreasonable character; in the shape of a Fugitive Slave Law, which Mr. Benton said was purposely made severe and odious that it might set most uneasily and irritatingly on the spirit of the North. The natural fruit of such legislation was the enactment of counter acts equally stringent, brought into existence with an equal disregard of constitutional agreement or adaptation to circumstances demanding soothing, rather than irritating legislation.

While, therefore, the work of State legislatures offensive to the feeling of citizens of other States, is attributable to the prior legislation of National powers, the existence of moral caustic applied continuously to the irritated and galled public sentiment, is equally traceable to the recreancy of public men and the moral delinquency of those who have led the van of parties, adopting the motto that "all is fair in politics," and that moral honesty and justice are to be made subservient to the right composition of a political faith or party policy.

In this downward tendency in good faith, honor, and patriotism, the Democracy is mainly chargeable, from the fact that being in the places of power, they have been the agents of the nation, and have allowed themselves to become controlled by tempting lenities of the power which has been in the field, with its favors and corruptions, for the last thirty years. We refer to the slave power, which it is well known has ruled the country during that time with all the tyranny of a despot, and which by its unfailing triumphs, had come to be regarded as certain to hold in its hand all the requisites to enable it to redeem every pledge made to its allies.

Though the permanency of this power and the multitude of its supporters peculiarly interested in their property and political interests, found in office in the army and navy as well as in every department of government, a national spirit has crept in, which in the hour of danger and its country's need, is found to reveal a traitorous spirit, which is, in numerous cases, sympathized with by Northern Democrats a sensible of obligations to the South for political favors.

This iniquity is discovered in the refusal to fight the battles of a common country, because the offenders happen to be born in a particular section, and in the cowardly and treasonable surrender of government property into the hands of rebels. This recreancy is foreign to the spirit of American soldiers and citizens of earlier days, and is the reprieve of the vile result of years of induction in political corruption for the sake of the loaves and fishes of office.

VIRGINIA. The Virginia Convention met at Richmond yesterday, but caused considerable rise in the rivers. The Hudson river at Albany, yesterday completely inundated a part of the city. Many streets in the northern part of the city were flooded with water to the depth of several feet, and many families were obliged to make a hasty retreat in boats from second story windows. Much damage has thus far resulted from the flood, which had not abated at last evening.

Lowell Sanguinaire, between Witton and Nashua, the ice in the Souhegan river, blocking in and flowing the track above Richardson's Crossing, cut off the regular trains on the railroad. The water was between three and four feet deep on the track. Night before last the water fell considerably, but left the track covered with ice, fences, &c.

THE OUTRAGE ON A BRITISH SUBJECT AT SAVANNAH. The Savannah Republican announces the proceeding with just indignation.

A LIMESTONE rock, the perfect picture of a horse, in form of a baby elephant, was taken from the earth near the coasters, known as the Hoosac Tunnel, several days since, and has attracted considerable attention from the curious in that vicinity.

The tunnel through which the trains of the Erie Railroad Company are to reach the Long Dock Company at Bergen, N. J., will be opened on Wednesday. It is a work of gigantic labor, the entire tunnel being nearly a mile long, cut through the solid rock. It has been three years in progress.

TENNESSEE was flooded with telegraphic despatches on the morning of the election for a State Convention, declaring that Virginia has gone boldly for the secession. The same disingenuous tricks appear to be resorted to on all occasions by the secessionists for the purpose of misleading the public mind.

THE St. Louis Evening News learns by private letters that the stars and stripes is flying above nearly every country store and hotel in the interior of that State, that the same is admired and respected, and unanimously of the opinion that whatever combination or intent may have existed at an earlier period, for the last six weeks there has been no appearance or vestige of an organization with hostile intent upon Washington or the public property thereto.

To show the good-natured feeling of some of the members of the House, caused by the [illegible] of a bell, we may state that sufficient to preserve order in case any of the traitors attempted to interfere with the counting of the votes yesterday, the contract with Hindman is cried. After the vote had been declared he moved that Gen. Scott be informed that there was no further use for the *mercenaries* around the Capital."

FAREHITS. The late warm weather and the rain which fell on Monday, has caused considerable rise in the rivers. The Hudson river at Albany, yesterday completely inundated a part of the city. Many streets in the northern part of the city were flooded with water to the depth of several feet, and many families were obliged to make a hasty retreat in boats from second story windows. Much damage has thus far resulted from the flood, which had not abated last evening.

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COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTE. *The proceedings in Congress yesterday.* After [illegible] prayer by the chaplain, and some unimportant business, a messenger was sent to the Senate that the house was ready to meet that body in joint session to open the electoral votes and announce the result.

The Senate came in after a short interval and took seats, the members of the House standing. Meanwhile the Vice President was conducted to the right of the Speaker.

The Tellers—Senators [illegible] Lanahan, and Lechan, and Representatives Washburn of Illinois, Kellogg of New York, Craig of Missouri, Anderson of Kentucky, Adrian of New Jersey—took seats at the Clerk's desk.

The Vice President rose and said: "We are assembled pursuant to the Constitution in order that the electoral votes may be counted, and the result declared for President and Vice President for the term commencing on the 4th of March, 1861, and it is made my duty, under the Constitution, to open the certificates of election in the presence of the two Houses, and I proceed to perform my duty."

He then opened the package containing the electoral vote of Maine and handed it to the Tellers, when a certificate thereof was read, the Secretary of the Senate making a note of the same.

The Electoral votes of New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Vermont and New York had been similarly disposed of, when Mr. Douglas suggested, if no objection is made, that the formal part of the certificates and names of the electors be omitted from the reading.

The reading of the vote of South Carolina produced some good humored excitement.

The reading of the votes having been completed, Mr. Breckinridge announced that Abraham Lincoln of Illinois, having received a majority of all the votes, is duly elected President of the United States for four years, commencing on the 4th of March, 1861, and made a similar announcement as to Hannibal Hamlin of Maine, for Vice President.

A strong police force was located in various parts of the Capitol. On the House side some parts of the building usually open to visitors were closed. The galleries of the House and the passages leading thereto were crowded. Lord Napier, Mr. Lyons, Hulsemann, and other Foreign Ministers, were present. On no former occasion was there ever a more animated and exciting scene.

THE SAFETY OF WASHINGTON. The special committee yesterday heard the testimony of Gen. Hughes of Maryland, in relation to the reports of threatened attacks on Washington. His belief that a conspiracy existed in connection with the Capital was founded by anonymous letters and newspaper articles; also, that it was certain to hold in its hand all the requisites to enable it to redeem every pledge made to its allies.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

$100 MEN WANTED.

To sell an article used by every man and woman—Pays from $50 to a day. Call at 153 Middlesex street.

[illegible] By order of the Board of the School Committee, the Committee on Teachers will examine candidates at the office of the Superintendent of Public Schools, School Committee Room, City Government Building, on TUESDAY, February 19, AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.

CHARLES A. S. [illegible], Chairman Committee on Teachers.

February 4th, 1861. [illegible]

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they embrace matter that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of the country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the County Counting-Room.

PROF. COOKE'S THIRD LECTURE. The third of the course of four scientific lectures before the Mechanics' Association by Prof. Cooke was delivered last evening to a full house.

The lecturer, after referring to the subject he had last discussed, said that material particles, when acted upon by electricity, became luminous. The particles of charcoal in gas lights produce a white light, slightly tinged with yellow. Hydrogen, when consumed in the pure state, produces a blue flame—burning a perfect Halitosis gas. Other substances produce other colors. Turk-et Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Mer-chants Exchange. Entrance on the Alley.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

ja15 3m

PUR MANUFACTORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs at reduced prices in order to close them out at cost. Furs made and repaired in order to close them out at cost. Furs made and repaired in the latest style. Furs cleaned

MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. **Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Ambrotypes.**

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity the woman whose staff is that needle, for when they break, it is the end. I think the needles has more than the sword of war."—Howard Wash. Phoenix.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 15,000 IN USE!

We beg leave to call the public that the well known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and to our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. "GROVER AND BAKER" is a *WARRANTED EVERY REJECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public is their employees to supply themselves with these Machines making the Grover & Baker stitch, most in demand. Purchasers will find them less wearing on machines as constructed to roll them. Purchasers and users of Machines of this stitch will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines now in use, having the Grover & Baker stitch, made only by persons under the control, and having a license which alone the machines to be correct as will, are infringements. A circular sent free. C. CARTER.

Jan15 17 Central street.

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse.

—ALSO—

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved kinds.

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse, SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

89 Merrimack street.

sep24 WM. DEARDEN

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

Central Street.

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It embraces the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles just received. ☞ Call in and look at them. ☜

HATS, CAPS &c., manufactured to order. dtf

nov28

DODGE'S

American Liniment,

AN INFALLIBLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Old Affections, Aguish Affections of the Throat and Face, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c.

The tremendous relief which even one application of this unequalled Liniment produces should induce all who are suffering from pain to give it a trial. Its effects are truly wonderful. Many who have been confined to their beds for months, and who have been racked with pain, have been entirely relieved by the use of this Liniment, and have been able to resume their usual occupations in a few days. It will be found to be the cheapest Liniment ever offered to the public.

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all Druggists in the U. States.

AT WHOLESALE BY

WILKES J. POTTER, 120 Washington Street, Boston, G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Merrimack street, Boston.

and

No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON,

ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.

AGENTS WANTED—apply as above. nov16w3m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

THE undersigned, Manufacturers at Augusta, Me., are now offering to the trade their Planing Machine Work, which for workmanship and finish cannot be excelled by any other establishment in the country.

CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 94,

corner of Sullivan street, where they will keep a constant on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES & MOULDINGS, they MANUFACTURE their own stuffings, mostly from Pine Logs, cut and hauled in large quantities, they are satisfied that they can sell at such prices as to defy competition, and offer a strong inducement to all in want of the above articles, either at Wholesale or Retail.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K ROBINSON & CO.

Boston, Oct. 18, 1858. oct19w1y

Kerosene-Bowers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling Wholesale and Retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also, by

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at very low prices, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign Of Gold Band Pitcher.

80 Merrimack street. dtf

DR. DOWNE'S HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF.

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh is a disease of the head, characterized by a very watery running from the head out of the nose, and down the throat, loose cough, sore throat, and expectorating, becomes a thick, glary substance, laying in the fore-front of the throat and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. It should not be neglected, for with this water running from the head into the stomach, causing sour stomach, sick headache, coughs and colds, and swallows the phlegm, it affects the stomach and soon destroys the digestion with the cough, unless immediate relief is offered. Use this snuff and you will not be troubled. Downe's Catarrh Snuff when they have taken cold, and will prevent all those evils. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Prepared by DR. DOWNE, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. nov29tf

THE REMEDY THAT NEVER FAILS, WARRANTED IN ALL CASES.

HAYES' CHOLERA COLDIAL—it cures Colics, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaints of Children, Cholera Morbus, Cramp in the Stomach, Feverish Colds, and is a cure for the single bottle, drawn or green, at Hayes' Family Medicine Store, 12 Central st. jy9

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL COLORS are expected to arrive, during the week ensuing, per steamer, but DOORMAKER IS ready IN ADVANCE, and would call and sell at the **Lowest Prices,** there can be had at any other House in Boston or Lowell.—J. DOORMAKER & SONS.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, Shears, also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

oct12* 46 Merrimack s.

BUCKWHEAT MEAL.

10 bbls Buckwheat Meal for sale by the bbl or less by SAMUEL N. WOOD 48 Market street.

oct19

SULPHITE OF LIME, for arresting Fermentation for sale by S. RIDER, Jr.

oct20 corner Merrimack and John sts.

A GOOD

Sewing Machine

For $10.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends that he has the agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would state that he is well aware of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons about to purchase will favor HIM with a call at E. S. Hall's Book and Music Store, No. 12 Central street, where a competent person is in readiness to explain the qualities of this machine. C. CARTER.

jan15 17 Central street.

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse.

—ALSO—

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved kinds.

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse, SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

89 Merrimack street.

sep24 WM. DEARDEN

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

Central Street.

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It embraces the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles just received. ☞ Call in and look at them. ☜

HATS, CAPS &c., manufactured to order. dtf

nov28

RICH GOODS

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT 118

CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM,

SIGN OF G LD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CASTORS, &c., &c.

Ev ioffered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please c and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, Hut and second stories, Tyler's Block.

☞All kinds of Instruments for sale at low rates. Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands, Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation in the United States. Gourmets

tcures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's newly entitled 'Sultana's Sauce. It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords comfortable aid in cases of SLOW AND WEAK DIGESTION."—The Lancet.

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Dr. Soyer."—Observer.

A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table.—Globe.

Sole Agents for the United States,

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is discovered for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly courses* in cases of *obstructions from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is well also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period comes around, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and over FIVE hundred certificates of its success are in possession of the proprietor, which will be published from time to time. This is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions, and will not do other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted on receiving a FIVE DOLLAR, or the price will be refunded.* ☜

☞ Beware of imitations! None genuine unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Frequently purchasers of MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a *regularly educated physician* of many years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed from observation to all parts of the United States. Also, recommendations for particular cases when wishing to correspond by mail. Address, DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I. Consultation Rooms for ladies and gentlemen entirely distinct.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be physicians without the slightest knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before they are making some *injury*, and especially in relation to those who would cure private diseases. In advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, *any one* may be deceived, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without any inquiry, you may have reason to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. M. will send *free*, by return mail, one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a *Private Document* explanatory; also Circulars giving full information, with *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, without which no advertising physician or medicine of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of these diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both in this country and Europe. If there ARE any others, LET THEM DO THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1860. augly

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG AND SATISFACTORY, in every respect,

Selling quite low ?4

DRADEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 89 MER IMACK STREET.

sep24

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 71 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR ALLIOT PARIS Celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium at the late exhibition, and which they will sell at Boston prices, and warrant equally as good. Also, a large assortment of other approved makes, to which they call the attention of purchasers, as they are satisfied that they can sell at such prices as to defy competition, and offer a strong inducement to all in want of the above articles, either at Wholesale or Retail.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K ROBINSON & CO.

Boston, Oct. 18, 1858. oct19w1y

Kerosene-Bowers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling Wholesale and Retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also, by

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shading, Chimney Brushes, &c., at very low prices, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign Of Gold Band Pitcher.

80 Merrimack street. dtf

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

and now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the trade, especially to retail traders. Wholesale and Retail, cash buyers only.

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

AND COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is not to be excelled in this city.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and well selected stock.

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the Goods and the Prices which will please them.

WM. DEARDEN,

sep24 89 Merrimack street.

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S MUSICAL CIRCLE, a collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent Conductor, and performed at his Concerts.

The Sanctum. A collection of Sacred Music, full and complete for Choirs, Singing Schools and Conventions.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Duetts from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of societies, singing schools, and private families.

The above books for sale at E.S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 12 Central street, where may be found a full assortment of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any Music or Books to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Remember the place.

E. S. HUNT,

sep24 12 Central street.

Chessie's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Marble, and Mahogany Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found to be a good, and a great saving of labour. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as *fresh as new*, and be equal to *new* when first discovered, for the better.

Prepared by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets. Sold by all Apothecaries generally.

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair, especially. For Glossy and agree ableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It keeps it in any desired position.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It keeps the hair cool in the hot and warm heated dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It promotes the growth of the hair.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new composition for the Skin, Complexion and Hands, for softening the Skin, Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion. For sale by S. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Merrimack and John sts. sep17

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell to a splendid article for preserving and beautifying the hair, called HUNT'S EXPANDER. For sale at 12 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, whereby any person may become his own master in any scientific manner. For sale at

E. S. HUNT'S

nov15 12 Central street.

SLATER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, Glass, Paint, Oil Cloth, Looking Glasses, Marble, &c. For sale by S. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings for invisibles. A fresh supply received and for sale by S. RIDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. dtf

WOODS'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

I am, the Proprietor will assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the COUNTRY AND NEXT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Programmes, Addresses, Catalogues, Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Steel or Copper Plates, Music, Pamphlet Covers, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or in colors to order.

IN EVERY COLOR.

CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, STEAMBOAT AND RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

SHOW BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand a large assortment of pearl and fine enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted for the fancy description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

Z. E. STONE,

N. S. HUBBARD, } Proprietors.

" CITY "

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds Malleable Iron Forgings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam Engineering.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for John Crane's "Patent Packing Rings" and "Steam and Fire" Patent Boiler Feeder and Steam Pump.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. TUBULAR BOILERS, Gas or Water put up with neatness and despatch

Lowell, June 2, 1860. jun26

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

E. H. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE DEALER in WROUGHT Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds and Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all articles usually used by machinists, steamboat and locating buildings by steam or hydraulic power. Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, constantly on hand. Brass Fittings of all descriptions, Steam Pumps and Pipe and Gutchal manner by competent workmen.

Shop, No. 10 Hurd's Row, Dutton street, Store, No. 8 Central st., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

Coal and Wood.

HARD and S.S. Coals, Steam' Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for sale at the lowest prices, by the load or ton, at the yard or the best quality, at

NO. 26 MIDDLE STREET.

Having also arrangements with shippers to supply the above articles from vessels, I am now prepared to contract for the entire year, and can promise to fill orders with dispatch and at the lowest rates.

WILLIAM KITTRIDGE.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. aug6

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

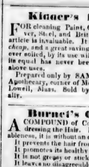
Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Goods.

UGH MCEVOY,

nov22 3m 240 Central street.



THE subscribers manufacture and put up, THRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and extension workmanship.

CUSHING & MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,

Lowell, Mass.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Violins, Violoncellos, Guitars, Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., and all kinds of Musical Boxes, at short notice, and at low charges. Orders left at Dyar's Music Store and Frame Ware House, 41 Central street will

sep28 41

MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Will Concerning Man's Future Life and Destiny. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by

J. C. JEWETT & CO.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 12 Central street, Lowell.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Inverts Insides' out, and Outsides' in, and Cleans Perfectly. Sold by all dealers. Wholesale and Retail by S. RIDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts.

M'LANE'S PILLS and VERMIFUGE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLING

NOW is the time to buy your Books to be ready for reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S,

17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—a perfect and unequalled remedy for Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Redness of the Skin, &c. Sold by S. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec26

LOWELL GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND HOMINY.

Just received and for sale by

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

nov29

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

BEAL and Imitation CALF GLOVES lamb lined, of all sizes—a fresh lot just receiv-ED. SHAW'S Corner Hat Store.

47 Central st.

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS.

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever selected in Lowell, ill imported styles of the most fashionable novelty and luxury, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the finest French Hat—I feel confident in saying that none have been offered in this city for less money.

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a prettier and more tasty BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed. Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for Osmalin of Paris' manufactured by

Patent Purifiable Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parr'fine Lubricating Oil, for machinery, warranted to stand any climate. Kelley's No. 1 Sperm Oil, Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, superior to any in the market. Solar Illuminating Oil, Patent Triple Refined Machine Oil, for Engines, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and No. 4. E. G. KELLEY,

Office for the sale of the Oil,

110 John Street, New York.

Agents WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY.

sep27 Manufacturing and Anatomical Chemist.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the elebrated Portories of

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade.

Also, just received, a large invoice of Glass ware, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Among this invoice are Fancy Goods, Solar Lamps, Shades, Globes, and all articles appertaining to Second-hand Crockery ware.

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to men tion.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, making a large stock to select from, and I am satisfied, that all can be suited, both in style and

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my stock, as I have made it complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to call, as I am determined to sell at the lowest possible prices.

Remember the place, 110 John street, one third of your money, and get a prettier and more tasty BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for Osmalin of Paris' manufactured by

Patent Purifiable Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parr'fine Lubricating Oil, for machinery, warranted to stand any climate. Kelley's No. 1 Sperm Oil, Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, superior to any in the market. Solar Illuminating Oil, Patent Triple Refined Machine Oil, for Engines, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and No. 4. E. G. KELLEY,

Office for the sale of the Oil,

110 John Street, New York.

Agents WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY.

sep27 Manufacturing and Anatomical Chemist.

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,

MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

—AND—

Cold Packing Burring Machines,

—AND—

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

A full assortment always on hand.

Also, Agent for the sale of Lowell Machine Co.'s Patent Cylinder Cards, Drawing Rolls, Spinning Frames, Spooling, Reeling, Twisting, Dressing Machines, Spinning Rings, Shuttles, Bobbins, Spindles, Flyers, Steel Rolls, Emery Rolls, Emery Wheels, Emery Grinding Machines, Card Clothing, Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Picker Leather, Oils, Soaps, Starches, Dyestuffs, Chemicals, Fire Proof Paints, Roofing, Sheathing, Felt, Steam Packing, Steam Gauges, Steam Whistles, Steam Pumps, Injectors, Governors, Valves, Steam Fittings, Iron Pipe, Brass Goods, Machinists' Tools, Files, Rubber Belting, Rubber Packing, Rubber Hose, Lubricating Oils, Anti-Friction Metal, Babbitt Metal, Babbitt Boxes, Babbitt Ingots, Babbitt Bars, Babbitt Pigs, Babbitt Cakes, Babbitt Scrap, Babbitt Dross, Babbitt Drippings, Babbitt Sweepings, Babbitt Shavings, Babbitt Borings, Babbitt Turnings, Babbitt Filings, Babbitt Babbitt, Babbitt Babbitt, Babbitt Babbitt

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. wp240

SEWING MACHINES.
"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they look over their work they sigh and wish their hook & eye & eye & I think the needle has taken more than the sword of war."—HOOD'S WAKE PAPERS.
GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES
—FOR—
Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.
☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜
OVER 15,000 IN USE!
We beg leave to call the attention of the public to the superiority of these MACHINES, which we believe to be fully sustained, and to our rapidly increasing business the same can be faithfully executed in every department of Sewing. Each Machine is warranted and sold by us to WARRANTED EVERY MACHINE PERFECT.
The public attention is respectfully requested to the following
CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.
The publick in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch, must in their haste be careful not to purchase of those who either are unable or unwilling to sell them. Purchasers and users of Grover & Baker Machines can rely that they will be visited with prompt attention to all wants. All the Grover & Baker Machines are now manufactured, from after the 1st of January, 1861, with the new Hemmer, which follows the inventor's wish to be turned at will over the fingernail. GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.
A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.
All persons are cautioned not to make, sell, or use any Sewing Machines which new from two upwards make their stitches alike on both surfaces, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co., or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.
And Company after Howe's Licensees, alone are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patents, during the extended term of fourteen years, to sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
ELIAS HOWE, JR.
CHARLESTON'S STORE, No. 24, corner of Stillman street; where they will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of BOOTS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE their own work (coming from no John Bowler,) and in large quantities, they are enabled to sell at such prices as will suit purchasers as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all in want of the above articles, either at WHOLE SALE OR RETAIL.
N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.
E. K. ROBINSON & CO.
Boston, Oct. 18, 1860. oct18eow1m

Kerosene—Downers,
THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE
At one wholesale and retail at
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Burners, &c., at
DEARDEN'S.
Chinas and Crockery Warehouse,
Corner of Merrimack and John streets.
80 Merrimack Street. c30

MANY dozens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in relieving the most malignant pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is surrounded to give instant satisfaction. Prepared only by
P. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR
SOLD BY
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
SHILLING SONG BOOK.
CONTAINING 175 of the most favorite National, Comic, Sentimental and Camp Songs of the day. Sold by E S HUNT, 17 Central st. nov9

Perfumery.
JOND'S New Extract, Hayner's Portugal, and an assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by P. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. decl7

RUBBER SLATES.—Just received, a few left, which I will sell cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

FOR SALE,
AN OYSTER AND EATING HOUSE—For terms apply to R. A. CLARK, at No. 6 over the Post Office. Lowell, sept30tf.

GLUE! GLUE !!
UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE,
BARNARD'S PREPARED GLUE,
HUDSON'S PREPARED GLUE.
For sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.
No. 17 Central Street
may9

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHELSEA'S Patent Rubber Overshoes, called LASTEX, which is the most desirable article in the market. Also, the Hat, Bonnet and Shoe Brush, the place of a Pin! Sold only at H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack st. 3

FRENCH OTTER HATS, 3½ and 4 inches deep, of a superior quality, just received from the importer, at BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.

SULPHITE OF LIME, for arresting Fermentation for sale by P. KIDDER, Jr.,
dec20 corner Merrimack and John sts.

A GOOD
Sewing Machine
For $10.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the sole agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would state that he is well aware of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons about to purchase will favor him with a call at E. S. Hunt's Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central Street, where a competent person is in readiness to explain the qualities of this machine. N. C. CARTER.
17 Central street.
jan31

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
—AND—
Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse.
Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Lamps and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,
WARE suitable for Boarding Houses,
GOOD!! quality, and VERY low in price, at the old
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
80 Merrimack street.
sep24 WM. DEARDEN.

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
Central Street.
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
Being the largest and most desirable assortment ever offered in this city. Also,
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be made to LOWELL-made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported. ☞ Call and look at them.
HATS, CAPS &c., manufactured to order.
Nov28 dly

DODGE'S
American Liniment,
AN INFALLIBLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Spinal Affections, Ague in the Breast and Face, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Scrofula, Sprains, Bruises, Piles, Burns, Scalds, &c.
The immediate relief which even one application of this invaluable Liniment produces should induce all persons afflicted with any of the above diseases, to give it a fair trial, and we are assured, that after once using it they will never be without it. Its cures are so truly astonishing, and after strong indorsements in all the principal papers, that we refer to our pamphlets, which can be had of all druggists.
Prepared by DR. J. DODGE, No. 29 East Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists in the U. States.
AT WHOLESALE BY
WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington Street, Boston.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
No. 29 LILLY STREET, BOSTON,
ASA S. CHOSBY, Agent.
ANSON WARREN—supply anywhere. nov16w3m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.
THE undersigned, Manufacturers at Augusta, Me., would respectfully inform their former customers and the public generally, that they have opened an establishment on
CHARLESTON'S STORE, No. 24, corner of Stillman street; where they will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE their own work (coming from no John Bowler,) and in large quantities, they are enabled to sell at such prices as will suit purchasers as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all in want of the above articles, either at WHOLE SALE OR RETAIL.
N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.
E. K. ROBINSON & CO.
Boston, Oct. 18, 1860. oct18eow1m

RICH GOODS
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF G LD BAND PITCHER.
Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS, &c.
Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please c and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK St REET. dec29

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
N W MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, (East and second stories, Central Block.)
☞ All kinds of Musical Merchandise, the latest Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands, Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, and now by his deceased manufactured by the well-known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation in this country. Asserted on reputation in this country. Asserted on receipt, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the epeptic and to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' We have tasted it, and think the flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable relish."—Times of 22nd and 23rd instant.
"Tasty, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the gastronat of his yer."—Observer.
A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDNER G. YUKLIN,
217 Fulton St, New York
And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. Nov15tuly&fly

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
AND
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the wants of every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
AND COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, purity and cheapness is unequalled this side of Boston.
All who want to purchase Crockery will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will suit all purchasers.
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITTANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, which I am selling very low for cash. Please remember,
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
W. DEARDEN.
dec6

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.
This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for the married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It should also prevent miscarriage, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too many increases. This may seem incredible, but it is fact to any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with out a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health on any count. It will be put up in bottles of three different sizes, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, charg paid, to all parts of the country.
PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted to prevent miscarriage, or the price will be refunded.
☞ Beware of imitations! None genuine unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his Principal Depot and Office, the MATTISON BENEFICIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them. Communications by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a home in a quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.
—PARTICULAR CAUTION!—
☞ In three days of medical imposition,when any statements to be plausible, without any large edge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before all, in making some enquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the practice of prescribing advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are impostors; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. M. will send free, to any one who enquires above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally; also Circulars, giving full information, with the most undoubted references and testimonials, without which no advertising physician or medicine of the kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both as his recovery and his skill, and there ARE any others, LETTHEM DO THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.
August 23, 1860. augtlly

Curtain Fixtures,
On a New Principle,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,
in every respect.
Selling quite low by
DEARDEN'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. sep14

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
JAMES HANDS' & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, which for tone, touch, and durability are unsurpassed by any instrument now in use. Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a good assortment of the above named Superior Pianos, manufacturers' prices, warranted, in addition to which we have for sale a few second hand Pianos and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 1, 1860. tuthly

Music Books.
JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Dances—most Music! Sentiment! Comic! Dance! whose name the book bears.
Operatic Pearls, a collection of Vocal Music, full length songs in every department. By Edward Hamilton.
Operatic Breathings, a collection of Quadrilles, Dances and Cancerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the Piano Forte, with musical gatherings. By Edwin Ivison.
The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the largest assortment of Music and Music Books in the country for sale cheap.
Remember the place, 17 Central street.
sept8

Kidder's Lirocone.
FOR dressing Paint, Gum, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this preparation is invaluable. It will be found perfectly cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however stiff, by its use will be found as free and as fine as new. Such a preparation has been discovered, for the first time, by
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. may15tf

Burnett's Cocoaine,
COMPOUND of Cocoa Nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is almost universal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It has a most delightful odor.
It restores the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It allays all pain in the head.
It remains longest in effect.
It is the best article for the toilet bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MORE MUSIC.
"He that hath no music in himself," &c. &c.
Just received from Oliverdion and Parker, Boston, by Felix Burkhardt—arranged for the Piano Forte by Ernst Perabo.
Toast Galop by Carl Zerahn.
Rocky Polka Quick Step, by Ernst Perabo.
Also another Fantaisies from favorite Operas—arranged by the same.
All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of Oliverdion & Co., Boston, and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use
PENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by G. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.
Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
May, 1860 ☞ may16tly

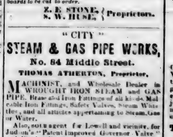
CARPET SWEEPER.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a very large stock of
Shaker's Improved Patent Sweeper,
the Best and Cheapest kind in the market. It needs but a trial to prove its real usefulness. For sale at 45 Merrimack street. sept29

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
it can, the P ess-es, rest assured, that they can compete, successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Catalogues, Address, Circulars, Bill Heads, Notes, Drafts, Checks, Receipts, Newspapers, &c.
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Electrotype Plates, &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with cuts, in the best manner.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, LYCEUMS, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
☞ Orders for Printing, and a large stock of paper and fancy and plain colored cards and colored CARDS always on hand. Every variety of work—on yards and in boards to be cut to order.
E. C. STONE,
N. W. BISBEE, } Proprietors.
" CITY "
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 64 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor.
MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE. Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds. Malleable Iron Fittings, Boiler Tubes, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas and Water.
Also, cut to agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Hall's Patent Improved Steam Packing, Sheet and Pipe "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Valve."
STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and for sale. Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fitting, Boiler Work and Repairing promptly attended to.
Shop on Water pipe way with entrance and carpenter Lowell, June 4, 1860. tuthly

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
E. B. BARKER, Proprietor.
WHOLESALE and Retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting, Brass Cocks, Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas and Water Pipe. Also, all kinds of Boiler Work and Repairing done with dispatch by experienced workmen. Shop on Water power, entrance on Carpenter street.
Lowell, Aug. 4, 1860. tuthly

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONEY,
Which he now ready for inspection.
UGH McMANY.
sept25tf 35 Central street.



THE subscribers manufacture and put up, HOOP SKIRTS of the most desirable patterns and SUPERIOR workmanship.
CUNNING & MACK,
Nos. 122 and 123 Merrimack street,
Lowell, Mass.
may25tf

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRING.
A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of instruments of all kinds. Bows re-haired, Violins, Violoncellos, &c., furnished and repaired in the very best manner, and at fair prices. Orders left at the Music Store and Piano Ware Room, 41 Central street, will receive prompt attention.
"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Way of Salvation," Books, all at the Lowell Bible House. Call and see.
dec19 J. J. JUDKINS, 3 John st.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
JUST received at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Restoring Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

McLANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and exquisite remedy for Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Roughness and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

ROBBIE GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS—Constantly on hand and for sale by SAML. KIDDER, Market st.

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

REAL and Imitation CALF GLOVES, in all kinds, of all sizes—fresh by just receipt at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store, 47 Central st.

S. T. THOMPSON,
No. 91 Merrimack Street
EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS!
Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the season, of novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of
Bonnet,
from the cheapest straw to the most French Hat—fixed condi ent in suiting the most fastidious.
Please give me an early call, and save your child of your money, and get a pretties and most fancy BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.
Remodeling BONNETS always on hand.
Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.
Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.
Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

E. G. KELLEY,
110 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Celebrated Lubricating Oil
Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company
Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process for the Distillation or
PURE STEAM OIL.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Paraffine Refined Parafine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Factories, Woolen Factories, Machinists, &c. No. 1 Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Spinning Frames, Looms and Parafined Lubricating Oil, for Steam Engines. These 3 Oils are the Patent Paraffine Oils, manufactured by the Company, (superior to any in the market.) No. 1, 2, 3 extra Paraffine Machine Oils. No. 1, 2, 3 extra Paraffine Cylinder Oils, for Engines. No. 1, 2, 3 extra; also, for Locomotive Engines, Nos. 1, 2, 3.
Orders left at the Office,
110 John Street, New York.
Will receive prompt attention.
E. G. KELLEY,
sept27 Manufacturer and Importer, Chemist.

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of
T. & R. BOOTH, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and elegance entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, just received from the same, a large assortment of manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to men tion.
The above goods were manufactured to order, and selected by my self stock, which was very large, making it the largest and best assorted, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.
Most of the above goods others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department, and assure them that in no respect will they be found inferior to any other house in the city. Remember the place, 45 Merrimack street, which I will sell as low as the lowest. Please call and examine my stock, before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident I can please all.
H. S. HAYNES.
Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Spring Scales, Nos. 45 and 47 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass. Also, Agents for the sale of Fairbanks' Scales, which are unsurpassed in the market.
Lowell, December 11, 1860. dec11d3m
Having been in constant use for the last 10 years, and having given entire satisfaction to all purchasers, we feel confident in recommending them to the public as the best scales in use.
A. T. NUTE & CO.
Lowell, Aug. 16, 1860. augtf

LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of LAMPS, which he will sell cheaper than ever before offered in this city. Also, a large lot of Burdenened Property for sale CHEAP.
jy12tf

S. W. ATWOOD,
WATCH MAKER,
With L. B. RICHARDSON,
NO. 80 CENTRAL STREET,
Over the Post Office,
LOWELL, MASS.
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.
Engraving neatly executed. jy16tf

S. RICHARDSON'S
OYSTER AND REFRESHMENT SALOON,
16 and 18 Merrimack street,
(Two doors below Central street.....LOWELL.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
CLAM CHOWDER every Saturday.
☞ Parties accommodated on reasonable terms. Families supplied with Oysters by the quart or gallon.
Lowell, July 6, 1857.

HUGH MEEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 35 MERRIMACK ST., Lowell, Mass.

CUSHING & MACK,
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE &c. &c.
Basement Story of 1st Universalist Church, Merrimack st.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
DYE WOODS AND CHEMICALS,
City Market House, Lowell.
C. P. TALBOT. Tom. TALBOT
jan31

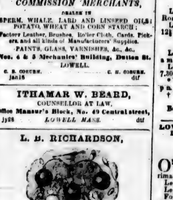
SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
CORNER MERRIMACK AND JOHN STREETS,
LOWELL, MASS.
N. B.—Particular attention paid to putting up Physicians' Prescriptions. Medicines delivered at all hours of the night.
jan31tf

H. G. BLAISDELL,
COUNSELLOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW.
TYLER BLOCK,
Corner Merrimack and Central streets,
LOWELL, MASS.
August 16, 1859. Aug60

FREDERIC HOLTON,
DEALER IN
GOODYEAR'S PATENT METALIC
Rubber Boots and Shoes
of the following Manufacturers:
Hayward Rubber Co.—Boots, C. C.—Cashoes & Co., Croscent Rubber Co.—Boots, Shoes and Overshoes.
No. 2 Prentiss Block, Boston.
sept4 1860 ly

IPHAMAR W. BEARD,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Office Mansur's Block, No. 49 Central street, LOWELL MASS. dly

L. B. RICHARDSON,



BROKER.
OFFICE:—No. 80 CENTRAL STREET,
Near the American House,
LOWELL, MASS.
☞ Money to Loan on Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Carriages, Harnesses, &c. &c.
☞ Goods bought, sold, Exchanged, Repaired and Warranted.
☞ Coupons, Western and Canada Money bought and sold.
☞ The BEST Lowell Watch Glass inserted for 15 cents.
N. B.—Keep a lot of Unredeemed Property for sale CHEAP. jy12tf

PRESS.
The subscriber has on hand a large assortment of Presses, suitable for printing visiting cards, circulars, notes, &c., at different sizes, suitable for family or business' use. Also, Printing Inks, Cards, &c. Call and examine at No. 7 MARKET, (79 Central street.)
jy12tf

WASHINGTON
Bowling Saloon,
BY W. K. THOMPSON,
No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.
THE proprietor would inform his friends and the public that he has opened the above place as a Gallery of the most approved style, and hopes to merit the patronage of the same. Gentlemanly attendants always waiting to exercise can do so free from intruders.

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov16

RESTAURANT.
DINNER will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 12 to 2 o'clock, P. M. daily.
The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we shall endeavor to please the taste of all our patrons.
Gentlemen may depend upon having their orders promptly filled, and upon the strictest attention from all persons who may be desirous of favoring us with their patronage.
H. EMERY.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.
BUFFALO, Coon, R. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

FOR BUFFALO ROBES go to BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. ja21dly

$3.00 $4.00
FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. ja21dly

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.
VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 15, 1861. NO. 6290

THE DAILY COURIER.
TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.
To those who pay in advance a deduction of Fifty Cents will be made.
STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.
Office—No. 91 CENTRAL STREET.

Lowell Post Office.
Boston & N. A. R. R. arrive 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Northern, 6 A. M. and 12 P. M. Nashua & Lowell R. R. arrive 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Eastern, 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Lowell & Lawrence R. R. arrive 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Andover & Haverhill R. R. arrive 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Boston & Maine R. R. arrive 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Worcester & Nashua R. R. arrive 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Stage for Dracut, Tyngsboro' and Hudson, 12 M. Stage for Billerica, Bedford and Burlington, 12 M. Stage for Chelmsford, 12 M. Stage for Dunstable, Tyngsboro' and Nashua, N. H., 12 M. Stage for Westford, 12 M. Stage for Tewksbury, 12 M. Stage for Pelham, N. H., 12 M. Stage for Tyngsboro' and Nashua, N. H., 12 M. Stage for Billerica, Bedford and Burlington, 12 M. Stage for Chelmsford, 12 M. Stage for Dunstable, Tyngsboro' and Nashua, N. H., 12 M. Stage for Westford, 12 M. Stage for Tewksbury, 12 M. Stage for Pelham, N. H., 12 M.
Boston & N. A. R. R. close 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Northern, 6 A. M. and 12 P. M. Nashua & Lowell R. R. close 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Eastern, 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Lowell & Lawrence R. R. close 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Andover & Haverhill R. R. close 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Boston & Maine R. R. close 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Worcester & Nashua R. R. close 8 A. M. and 12 P. M. Stage for Dracut, Tyngsboro' and Hudson, 12 M. Stage for Billerica, Bedford and Burlington, 12 M. Stage for Chelmsford, 12 M. Stage for Dunstable, Tyngsboro' and Nashua, N. H., 12 M. Stage for Westford, 12 M. Stage for Tewksbury, 12 M. Stage for Pelham, N. H., 12 M.
Lowell, Aug. 16, 1860. augtf

"PAPAS COMING HOME."
BY MARION HARLAND.
Distinctly—one sentence only!
Has jostled with a frown;
And Mary, looking up from
Is swooping grimly down.
Has Mary's pet canary
Whose every feather's gone?
Has Mary's darling fallen
Or Mary's self overthrown?
I wait in dreamy quiet,
Here by the window seat and call,
And sadness, fruitless sadness
Into my heart will fall.
Go thrive at the window,
Dear little busy mouse,
Unheeded, unbeloved, unloved,
Calmine the time, darkness,
And "Papa's coming home."
Glimpses of merry sunshine,
And violets, wet with dew,
Visions of rustled muslin—
Of curls of golden hue,
Of a face that's like the sunshine
When it laughs in a rosy bloom,
They stir my deeper longings
For "Papa's coming home."
"He is never coming, Mamma!"
O, lisping baby-tongue!
From thine innocent prattle
What direful knell hath rung!
Thou'st my soul affrighting,
That ever my soul affrights,
Dreadful, unspeakable fear,
Phantom of fever-nights!
Wouldst know, my thoughtless darling,
Some "Papa" is dying?
No—child in life's rude battle,
Some "Papa" is dead!
Lies tall through all the day time,
Hireling or slave or foe;
No watching and no hoping—
"Papa" is coming home!
I know by many freshes,
Where no one else can know,
Bad women bow them, mourning
The love they've lost so low.
Where the summer rain is beating,
Where the winter snow is driving,
Where the mosses pillow,
And the grasses weave a coverlet,
"He cannot be!" and wakened
By the heart's sickening throb,
Wrestle with prayer
And "God forbid!" I sob.
God forbid! Merciful Father!
To which the head never comes,
But the heart fragments fall down,
Shrieks unrecorded homes.
Hark! footsteps on the threshold,
A hand upon the door!
Mary and Mamma, they scamper
Wee feet across the floor.
Warm lips and cheeks, caresses,
And small arms, limb him fast!
"Papa" is coming home!

TIGER CHASE BY BABOONS.
The following account of a tiger chase is extracted from the "North Lincoln Sphinx," a weekly literary paper, published in Graham's Town. The writer, after alluding to his sporting experiences of all kinds and in all quarters of the globe, observes that he never witnessed so novel or interesting a scene as the one about to be described:—
Not long ago, I spent a few days at Fort Brown, a small military post on the banks of the Great Fish River, where my friend W. was stationed. One evening, as my friend and I were returning home after a somewhat fatiguing day's duck shooting, we were startled by the loud and prolonged incendiary noises not far from us. It seemed as if a number of dogs and human beings had been unchained, and were making what could be done by trying to frighten us poor mortals by their horrid yelling. We stood in breathless expectation, not knowing what could be the cause of such screeching approached, and presently the cause became visible to our astonished eyes. About three or four hundred yards to our right, upon the brow of a small hill, a spotted leopard (commonly called the tiger) and a tiger, though much smaller than the lord of the Indian jungle, were close to each other, and in the act of speed and energy of despair, while close behind him followed an enormous pack of baboons, the screams threats proceeded the demonical sounds that had, a few minutes before, startled us. Our excitement in the chase, as you may imagine, was intense. On went the tiger, making for the river, the baboons following like avenging demons, and evidently gaining ground upon their nearly exhausted foe, though their exultant yells seemed each moment to increase his terror and his speed. They reached the stream, the tiger still a few yards in advance, and, with a tremendous bound, he cast himself into its muddy waters and made for the opposite bank. The next moment his pursuers, to admirable confusion, were struggling after him, and as the tiger (now fully exhausted) clambered on the land again, the largest and strongest of the baboons were close at his heels, though many of the pack (the old, the very young, and the weakly) were still struggling in the water. In a few moments all had passed from our sight behind the brow of the opposite bank; but their increased yelling, now stationary behind the hill, told us that the tiger had met his doom, and that their strong arms and jaws were tearing him from limb to limb. As the evening was far advanced, and we were still some miles from home, we did not cross the river to be in at the death; but, next morning, a few bones and tattered fragments of his hide were all that remained to tell the tale how the tiger's fate. On our return home we were told by some Dutch graziers, that such hunts are not uncommon when a tiger is rash enough to attack the young baboons, which often happens. All these creatures for miles round assemble and pursue their enemy with relentless fury to his death. Sometimes the chase lasts for days; but it invariably closes with the destruction of the tiger—a striking instance that the idea of retribution is not confined to man alone.

LIFE AND FIRE
INSURANCE AGENCY.
Massachusetts Mutual Life Ins. Co.
Springfield, Mass.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, February 15, 1861.

COTTON.

The superfluity of cotton is one of the great questions of the day. It affects the political and commercial relations of the civilized world. It involves the existence of the American Union, and threatens to paralyze the greatest manufacturing interest of great Britain; in the language of the *London Times*, "three-fourths of our exports" has become ascertainable—one third of our trade is in jeopardy, and the earnings of one sixth of our population may be rendered precarious." While we do not admit the truth of the naked assertion that "Cotton is King," inits broadest extent, yet, viewing the momentous consequences of a failure in the supply, especially from a Southern point of view, we can understand how fully this conviction is held by the moving spirits of the South, and colors all their dreams of future aggrandizement.

To the cotton plant, in the eloquent words of a writer in the *North American Review*, "Art has tendered her mechanism, her gins, her power looms, and her serried ranks of spindles. Capital has placed at its disposal, the water-fall and the steam engine. Fleets have sprung into existence at its bidding. While it has ameliorated the condition of vast masses of people, clothing the naked, and feeding the hungry, it has, on the other hand, enlisted in its extension, by two millions of slaves from a race previously advancing on the highway to freedom. It has given a new value to their services, and drawn them away from a position, comparatively with free labor. Not satisfied with this, it has controlled the policy of nations, and for the last twenty years has directed, in a greater or less degree, the government of the United States."

Great has been the increased production of cotton, greater has been (with one or two exceptional years) the demand for it. The total crop of the United States in 1793, the year of the invention of the cotton gin, was 5,000,000 lbs. In 1800, when the invention had been thrown open to the people, free from the legal rights of the patentee, the total production amounted to 35,000,000 lbs.—a seven fold increase in seven years. In 1850, it reached 1,500,000,000 lbs., and in 1859, 2,134,000,000 lbs., or about seven eights of the product of the world.

The following table will show the total quantity and value of the cotton exported from the United States for the period of thirty-five years, from 1821 to 1855.

Years.	Pounds.	Value.	Cents each.	Val. per lb.
1821 to 1825	352,316,240	57,482,240	16.32	16.32c.
1826 to 1830	1,252,732,481	110,542,16	10.66	10.66c.
1831 to 1835	1,807,970,640	207,604,98	12.48c	12.48c.
1836 to 1840	1,962,190,614	290,190,614	14.78	14.78c.
1841 to 1845	2,445,757,674	256,536,73	7.65c	7.65c.
1846 to 1850	3,207,590,000	298,000,000	9.29c	9.29c.
1851 to 1855	3,128,230,000	491,160,92	9.35c	9.35c.
Tot. for 35 yrs	13,875,208,240	$1,320,809,9	72	

The consumption in Great Britain has risen from 5,280,000 lbs. in 1775, to 968,-000,000 lbs. in 1859. The consumption for 1860 is estimated at 1,050,000,000 lbs.: that of this country, 440,000,000 lbs. The United States which furnished but 1,500,000 Kingdom in 1790, only one bale in every 1000 imported, supplied her in 1859 with 770 bales in every 1000 imported!

In 1857, 28,000,000 spindles were employed in the manufacture of cotton in Great Britain, nearly one for every inhabitant of that realm. They spun during that year, 826,000,000 lbs., of which 172,000,000 lbs. were consumed at home; 168,358,300 lbs. exported in yarns and thread; 396,051,-600 lbs. exported in goods, and 90,243,-000 lbs. were waste. The aggregate value of the production exceeded $300,000,000, of which $175,000,000 were added to the cotton in the manufacture, and employment given to 4,000,000 of her people.

We have here the clue to the causes of the revolution in progress in the Southern States, and the motives which underlie it. The great increase of the consumption of their staple throughout the world, has created a demand for more land, and more slave labor. Since the invention of the cotton gin, the value of plantations in the older Southern States has more than trebled; the price of negroes has more than quadrupled. An advance of one cent per pound in cotton is equivalent to one hundred dollars added to the market price for able-bodied field hands. The rapid growth of population in the western and north-western States, has given the free States the control of the policy of the general government. The increase of the anti-slavery extension sentiment in the same region, leaves no doubt what that policy will be—the exclusion of new slave States from the Union. The cotton States, entrenched in the conviction that "Cotton is King," and that the civilized world, however strong its anti-slavery sentiments may be, must yield to the necessities of their condition, have deliberately resolved to break the bonds that unite them to the free States, and establish a confederacy of their own. The organization of the new Republic will be followed in due time, (however the intention may be now concealed) by the reopening of the African slave trade, and the endeavor to extend its power over Mexico, Central America, and eventually Cuba; intending thereby to retain the cotton monopoly of the world, with the advantages of cheap labor, and the power of indefinite production. Secure that the self-interest of other nations will permit this with impunity—the unwavering front and "no compromise" aspect of the seceding States is explained. To the consideration how far the consuming countries are likely to acquiesce in these designs and submit their national prosperity to the caprice of a power so unscrupulous, based upon human slavery, we shall devote the remainder of this article.

**The government and people of Great Britain, ever alive to all that concerns their commercial greatness, have for years past been uneasy under their dependence upon the United States for so large a proportion of their consumption. Several enterprises have been undertaken with the object of ascertaining from what sources a future supply can be relied upon, and thus effect her emancipation from bondage to the South. To India her attention has been chiefly directed. In the last twelve years the export of cotton from India to England has trebled, and it is safe to predict that in five years more, the amount will surprise the world. In 1848 less than 200,000 bales were furnished to Europe. In 1856 the export, principally to Great Britain was 463,000 bales; in 1859, 680,000 bales, and for the current year it is estimated by the *London Economist* at $1,000,000 bales. Great efforts are making in India to improve the quality as well as increase the supply. Col. Grant, of the British army in India has given particular attention to the subject, says, "Nothing appears more susceptible of improvement from culture, and a regular supply of water, than cotton. In fact the cultivation of the common kind, and that of the irrigated bed, cannot be recognized as the same plant; not only do the shrubs attain an increased size, and bear many more pounds, but the pod is much larger, and contains a much greater quantity of fibre." To meet the wants of transportation, the government have guaranteed five per cent on a capital of £3,000,000 sterling for a railway system extending more than 2000 miles. "A central line from Calcutta to Delhi is to be finished in 1861. Another of 600 miles from Madras to Beur is to be opened soon after. Another from Bombay into the interior, of 200 miles is in progress. Another of still greater length than the last, through Scinde and the Punjaub is also commenced. The navigation of the Indies by steamers of light draft is also developed. In 1857 a company was formed in London to construct a canal for navigation and irrigation through Madras, Berar and Mysore; and another from the Malabar to the Coromandel coast, which will open a communication with the interior. Another from the Malabar to the Coromandel coast, which will open a communication with the interior. Another from the Malabar to the Coromandel coast, which will open a communication with the interior.

MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS,
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain,
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
ACCORDEONS,
Always on hand.
Sept. 24, 1860. w'y2<tf

SEWING MACHINES.

"I fully trust women whose trust is worthy, whose life is pure and faithful. I feel that God is their judge, and not man. I honor such women. I love such women. I place such women upon the highest round of the ladder of fame. I place such women above the sword of war."—HARRY WARD BEECHER.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES
—FOR—
Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜
OVER 15,000 IN USE!

We beg to announce the publication of the well-known reputation of these Machines for REGULARITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department. Their manufacture "Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED. EVERY HEM PERFECT.

The public establishments respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public is their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines manufactured on the Lock Stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of Machines of other kinds will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines bearing forged signatures, and with wire needle-eyed point-runs the material to be cut and all sold as Lock-Stitch Machines, are INFRINGEMENTS.

PRICE 30 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
For sale by all Druggists in the U. States.
AU WHOLESALE BY
WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington Street, Boston.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
No. 29 KILBY STREET, BOSTON
ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.
AGENTS WANTED—apply as above. nov16w3m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

THE undersigned, Manufacturers of Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, &c., &c., would inform their customers and the public generally, that they have opened an office at

CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 54,

corner of Hudson street, where they will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of the above articles. BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE THEIR OWN SASHES, they can sell at a small advance, and in large quantities, they are satisfied they can sell at such a price as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all who may favor them with a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express. E. K. ROBINSON & CO.
Boston, Oct. 18, 1859. oct19w6m

Kerosene--Downers,
THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE
Safety Kerosene Oil.
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.
Also,
KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks, Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at
DEARDEN'S
China and Crockery Warehouse,
sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
80 Merrimack Street. 80

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION STEAM PLANTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, and the "skill of every Corn Doctor, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been known and in general use fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Sold by all Apothecaries in Lowell. mh3

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR
sold at
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

SHILLING SONG BOOK.

CONTAINING some of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. nov29tf

Perfumery.

JOND'S Hiy Extract, Rosemary, Portugal, and an assortment of Perfumery, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec21

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which cannot be broken cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine them at S. RIDDER, Jr.'S, 17 Central st.

FOR SALE,
AN OTTER and EATING HOUSE, situated on Jackson st. Inquire of S. S. CLARK, at No. 6, over the Post Office. dec6

GLUE! GLUE !!
UPTON'S PREFERRED GLUE,
BARNARD'S PURIFIED GLUE,
HUDSON'S PREFERRED GLUE,
For sale by E. S. HUNT.
nov19 No. 17 Central Street.

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received, CHELEY'S Patent SHORT AND SIDE DUSTER, Brass; also, Ostrich and Feather Dusters, the finest in the market. Call and examine them at No. 3 Dowers Block, Merrimack street. dec6

FRENCH OTTER HATS, 3¼ and 3 inches deep, of a superior quality, just received from the importer, at
BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.
oct 20 tf

A GOOD
Sewing Machine
For $10.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that he has taken the sole agency for the sale of the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, and is the only authorized agent for Lowell. In presenting this sewing machine to the public, he would state that he is well aware of the feelings which exist in regard to the qualities of the different machines in use, and only asks that persons about to purchase will favor him with a call at E. S. Hunt's Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central Street, where a competent person is in readiness to explain the qualities of this machine. N. C. CARTER.
17 Central street.

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
—AND—
Fancy Articles,
suitable for all his
China and Crockery Warehouse,
—ALSO—
Silver Plated Ware,
Cutlery,
Tea and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved
WARE suitable for Boarding Houses,
GOOD quality, and VERY low in price, at the old
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack Street.
may14 W. DEARDEN.

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
AT
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
Central Street,
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It only on the most magnificent and best selected assortment.
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, and warranted. Please call and examine the fine assortment, and look at them.
☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order. ☜
nov26 dcf

DODGE'S
American Liniment,
AN INFALLIBLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Breast and Face, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c., &c.

The immediate relief which even one application of this invaluable Liniment produces should induce all persons afflicted with pain to give it a trial. Many persons have been cured by it after all other remedies had failed, and we are assured, that after using one bottle they will feel no hesitation in saying that it is the best article in the market.

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by Druggists in the U. States.
AU WHOLESALE BY
WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington Street, Boston.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
No. 29 KILBY STREET, BOSTON
ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.
AGENTS WANTED—apply as above. nov16w3m

RICH GOODS
ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAS TORS, &c., &c.
Ev ery article offered in this city. Selling LOW
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please c and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufactures, for sale at the
N W MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories,
Tyler's Block.
☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Danda. Sheet Music. &c. jan1

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetising sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, is now his decrease, manufactured by the well known house of Caines & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, and with a high and growing reputation in this country. American invalids and in much appreciated as a stimulant to the appetite and promoter of digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new delicacy entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it blends considerable aid in cases of DRAWN AND WEAK DIGESTION."—The Lancet.

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Observer.

"Sauce, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its inventor."—Observer.

The most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table. Boiled Asparagus for the United States.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the suffering sufferer in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is the only preparation that can be taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large increase. The may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for CONSTIVATE cases, (when all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain) and that's is warranted as represented in EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded.

☞ Beware of imitations! Every bottle genuine purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S PERSONAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of this city, whose practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise, are strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, and with full directions for use. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a private and quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when more than one-half of the community do not feel sure of their health, it is necessary for those who make the greatest professions. Advertising physicians, by the mere word of mouth, are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you will have reason to regret it when it is too late. ☞ Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing the stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally, also Circulars giving the opinions of the most celebrated referees and testimonials, without which no advertising physician's assertions of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the ONLY EDUCATED physician in Providence, R. I. and the only American who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the very best medicines that can be made, both in his MINERAL and his HERBAL PREPARATIONS, and he is honorary and his skill. If you ARE any doubt, DON'T GO TO SOME NAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from him.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.
August 28, 1860. augdlly

Curtain Fixtures,
On a New Principle,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,
In every respect.
Selling quite low ☞
DEADEN'S
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
SIGN of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET.
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PIANO FORTES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a very large stock of
PIANO FORTES,
Shatter's Improved Patent Sweepers,
the Best and Cheapest article in the market. It needs but a trial to prove its real excellence. No. 3 Dowers Block.

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This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the suffering sufferer in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is the only preparation that can be taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large increase. The may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

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Having re-establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
a use the P printers can assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all workers trusted to them, and as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,	Court Dockets,
Pamphlets,	By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Sermons,	Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Addresses,	Programmes,
Catalogues,	Bill Heads,
Town Reports,	Cards, &c.
Newspapers,	

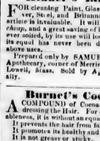
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, done in the best style and at low prices.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, for Medicines, Drinks or other articles.
☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted for Druggists' and Confectioners' cards and in boards to be cut to order.
E. F. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

" CITY "
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 84 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,
MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds. Malleable Iron Fittings, Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas and Water.
Also, cast agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Jackson's Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe and Flue "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Valve.
STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and fitting up. STEAM PUMPING ENGINES for Water put up with neatness and dispatch.
Lowell, June 2, 1860. jy5

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
H. B. BARKER, Proprietor.
WROUGHT IRON PIPE for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fittings of all kinds, Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all fixtures for Steam, Gas and Water. Agents for Lowell for Sturtevant's Patent Blast Engine, and also for Gaskill's Patent Steam Trap.
Having had extensive experience in the business, and with the best of workmen employed, I am prepared to execute all orders in my line with promptness and despatch, and on as reasonable terms as any establishment in the country. All work done by me will be warranted to give satisfaction.
Orders left at my shop, corner of Market and Dutton streets, will receive prompt attention.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public to call and examine his
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONERY,
Which he has now ready for inspection and sale.
UGH McEVOY,
sep22 3 Central street.



THE subscribers manufacture and put up, at their factory in Lowell, the following favorite patterns and STEAM ENGINES:
CUSHING & CUCK,
Nos. 125 and 130 Market street,
may22 Lowell, Mass.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.
A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to all the repairing of Musical Instruments, Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., that may be entrusted to his care. Also, a good assortment of Violins, Guitars, Guitar Strings, &c., for sale at Dyar's Music Store and Piano Ware Room, 41 Central street.
sep22

"MILLENNIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Way of Salvation," by Rev. Wm. Haslam, of Boston. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by
F. J. JORDAN, 3 Shattuck st.
nov17

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at the cheap Bookstore of
S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Ingersoll's Indescribable Kid Glove Cleaner is the best preparation of any color. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts. dec26

M'LANE'S PILLS and VERMIFUGE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINO
nov17

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S,
17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM.—A perfect, and complete remedy for Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Pimples, Blotches, Roughness and Tan. For sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec26

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR, at the Lowell Steam Mill.
nov12

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
nov12

REAL and Imitation CALF GLOVER Instep lined, of all sizes—a fresh lot just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store,
47 Central st.

B. T. THOMPSON,
No. 91 Merrimack Street
EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
SPLENDID OPENING OF MI...LINERY GOODS.

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of
Bonnet,
from the cheapest straw to the nicest, French Hat—Lyal combrest in clothing the most fashionable taste.

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a perfect and beautiful BONNET that can be purchased more tasty BONNET than can be purchased Hawthorn.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.
B. T. THOMPSON,
Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the celebrated
Patent Paralline Lubricating Oil Company.
Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of PURE SPERM OIL.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined "Parallineing Oil," for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of Machinery, for 1 gallon and upwards.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined "Parallineing Oil," (superior to any in the market.) No. 1, 75 cents; do. do. do. No. 2, 70 cents; do. do. do. No. 3, 65 cents; do. do. do. No. 4, 60 cents; do. do. do. for heavy Machinery and Axle Grease.
E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED for every city in the country.
E. G. KELLEY,
sep27 Manufacturing and Assorting Chemist.

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries,
T. & R. BOOTH, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE, Consisting in part of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. Those goods are of the very best quality, and entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, Crockery, China and Glass Ware, from other manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table Mats and Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to men tion.
The above goods were manufactured to order, and selected by my old stock, which was very large, making an assortment as complete as can be found, and will be sold at prices to suit the times.
HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase Crockery and Glass Ware by the single piece or case, will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.
H. S. HAYNES.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in all the fashionable setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c. at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a new way, to make money. A new business, new and valuable, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried on by one of the above stations. It is a simple business, were comparatively poor. We will show you how to make from three to five dollars per day, and upwards, and many are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man in this town has made over $100 in one week, and is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a small capital, which he paid the sum of $1,00. Women can clear from $6 to $12 per week. Boys can make from $3 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all the information necessary to start you in the business, and which enables the possessor to commence operations immediately, will be sent to you for 25 cents. No money to be invested in stock or materials. The whole will be sent to you for one dollar. Address
H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug24 Boston, Mass.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD, manufactured under the Forest River Mill is warranted pure as the Purest White Lead made in this country, and is recommended by Dr. Boot, Davies and Fessenden, It is believed that no better White Lead can be manufactured. All the White Lead made as above, and marked "Forest River Mill," is warranted pure.
The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead, makes it the cheapest as well as the best White Lead in the market. Orders left at the Mill as to mark work as 125 lbs of most other brands, will be filled with 100 lbs of this White Lead. Sold by agents in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A thousand dollars will be paid to any person who shall prove to a jury that he can mark easier and in better style than the Forest River Mill White Lead can be made.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this White Lead, is employed by the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century past, and has introduced many valuable improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to offer to the public a White Lead unsurpassed.
Orders may be left with the Agents in this city, or addressed to the Manufacturer's prices current, and circulars furnished on application.
CHARLES F. HOVEY,
Treasurer and Manufacturer.
Building, Dutton street, Lowell. sep29dtf

Toilet Soaps.
ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Silver Crystal, Shaving, Cold Cream, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

KIDDER'S HAIR DYEING.—This new and superior article is highly recommended for Dyeing and Beautifying the Hair. Perfectly harmless in its effects upon the hair or skin, free from the roots, and causes the hair to grow. Price 50 cents.
Pages 1 only and for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
H. B. BARKER,
No. 8 Central st.

A FEW grens of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by JUDKINS, 3 John st. nov28

PUMICE STONE SOAP.—This Soap will effectually remove the hands and render them soft and white. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. nov29

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK,
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Europe, are now using the above machines, and will testify to their value on a new plan of both, are recommended to your attention. Its strength and durability, being as much as three times that of any other machine in use.
Which HARMON'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU OF THE BEST REMEDIAL.
FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.
OLDEN YOUNG MARRIED AND SINGLE, ARE CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.
Should be aware of the CAUSE of IMPEDIMENTS the Extract Buchu is recommended by any other remedy in the known world, for Obstructions, Irregularities, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulceration of the Uterus or Vagina, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the female constitution, from whatever cause originating.
DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT
TAKE NO MORE BOGUS MEDICINE OR EXPERIMENT WITH WORTHLESS PILLS.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE
SECRET DISEASES
In all their stages, however arising, from a little or no cause to the most inveterate.
Consult not those who have been the victims of QUACKERY AND MERCURY,
WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF
SECRET DISEASES,
Destroyed, and ruined, for life, by the use of Mercury, Nitrate of Silver, Sugar of Lead, and other poisons.
Allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in the above diseases, and in all cases of Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Stone and Gravel, Affections of the Bladder, Incontinence of Urine, Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, &c., &c.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is pleasant in taste and odor, prepared in vacuo, and is the most delightful diuretic and invigorator known.
Depot 594 Broadway, New York.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.
Delivered to any address, free from observation.
Certificates, Testimonials, Pamphlets, &c., sent free.
Sold by all respectable druggists, and Country Store Keepers.
Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations.
Sold by all respectable druggists, and Country Store Keepers everywhere.
Be sure and ask for HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.
PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, sometimes extending sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a pain in the breast. The patient complains of being affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with loose; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dizziness of the eyes sometimes attends. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold, or burning, and there is sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of these symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet exam'nation of the body after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.
AGUE AND FEVER.
DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASE OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with (quinine, are a safe and certain remedy for the most happy results. No better cathartic can be taken before or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them A FAIR TRIAL.
Address all orders to
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.
P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and let this note but Dr. M'Lane, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., is the only genuine. Fleming Bros. are the only agents for the sale of Dr. M'Lane's Medicines in any part of the United States; one box of Pills for family use, containing twenty doses, or one vial of Vermifuge for children, twenty doses. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.
Sold by all respectable druggists, and Country Store Keepers everywhere.
Be sure and ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
AND
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

WASHINGTON
Bowling Saloon,
By W. K. THOMPSON,
No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell,
THE proprietor would inform his friends and the public that he has refitted and refurnished the above saloon in a manner that will render it a pleasant resort for gentlemen. Also, a private room for the accommodation of ladies.
The proprietor hopes by his attentions to accommodate the public to merit a liberal share of patronage.
Lowell, April 19, 1860. 1y19

RESTAURANT.
DUNKIN will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 12 to 2 o'clock, P. M.
The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we shall endeavor to furnish the best the market can afford.
The proprietor hopes by his arrangement to accommodate the public to merit a liberal share of patronage from dinners at a quick hour.
H. BEMIS.

B. T. THOMPSON,
No. 91 Merrimack Street
EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
SPLENDID OPENING OF MI...LINERY GOODS.

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of
Bonnet,
from the cheapest straw to the nicest, French Hat—Lyal combrest in clothing the most fashionable taste.

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a perfect and beautiful BONNET that can be purchased more tasty BONNET than can be purchased Hawthorn.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.
B. T. THOMPSON,
Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

Coal and Wood.
HARDand SOFT COAL, Hair and Sand, for masons' use, at the lowest market price. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use, at the lowest market price. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use, at the lowest market price. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use, at the lowest market price.
WILLIAM KITTEFIDGE,
No. 3 Dowers Block, New York.
augdlm

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
AT
H. S. HAYNES,
Who has just received from Europe a large and well selling lot, as will Merrimack street, only a few steps from Central.
may23 dtf

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.
NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah, for sale by
SAML'L N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.
Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.
PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, sometimes extending sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a pain in the breast. The patient complains of being affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with loose; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dizziness of the eyes sometimes attends. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold, or burning, and there is sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of these symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet exam'nation of the body after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.
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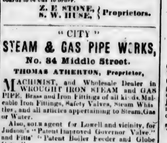
Sold by all respectable druggists, and Country Store Keepers everywhere.
Be sure and ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
AND
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

SCALES! SCALES!!



A. T. NUTE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Cotton or Lumber Scales, of every description, to which they respectfully invite the attention of the trade. They continue to manufacture their well known Scales at the old stand, where they have been for the past twenty years, and where they will be pleased to receive orders in the manner.
They also refer to the following certificate.
Having had occasion, December 11, 1860, to purchase Platform, Counter, and Cotton Scales, and having them in constant use for several years, we can recommend them to the trade in the manner, and to the accuracy of their weights.
CHARLES F. HOVEY.
Corp Sender.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. HAYNES, has just received a large assortment of KEROSENE LAMPS, of all kinds, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, Shades, Globes, Burners, Tubes, Wick Cutters, Wick Raisers, Oil Cans, Funnels, Lamp Trimmings, &c., &c. Also a new style for factory use, which will give a light equal to six old style burners, at

DR. CRAYLAND'S DISCOURSE.

(Continued from the Fourth Page.)

"You must alter the Constitution, so that slavery can go unhindered anywhere, and then, unreproached, everywhere." Better were it, a thousand to one, that we separate forever! Better this Missouri Line should be left alone of all her sisters, yet standing in the fear and in the favor of God, than that she should set the example of another guilty oblation to slavery!

In a further purpose, that an immutable pledge be given to the South, never to attempt the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia. In some respects that is the most revolting of all the methods thus far devised, for handling the question at the shrine of slavery. On the spot where all national legislation is enacted—where all natural justice is meted out for twenty-five millions of freemen—on the spot where the government are clothed with supreme jurisdiction in all cases whatsoever—it is not enough that slave drivers and slave auctions, and slave pens and slave prisons should thus far have been basely allowed—but now, forsooth, they are to be covered with the wing of the American Eagle through all coming time. I have seen what seemed impossible even to Northern servility, often actualized, but I cannot quite persuade myself that even political servility will supplicate New England and the West to stand up together, and swear that by their consent, such desecration has been sealed and ratified forever. The cool mettle of Major Anderson, under God, has done much to check the madness of the hour than all the shifting fusion and decision by the President and his Cabinet, a hundred to one. The stand taken by Mr. Davis of Maryland and Mr. Etheridge of Tennessee, as well as others calls for high praise. Should the threats of assassination be yet put in force, I, for one, have no idea of looking back upon, and seeing all the inheritance purchased by the sacrifices and sufferings of our godly fathers and fore fathers, lost without a death struggle to defend it. My Christianity forbids me be first party, then peaceable. If we can only prevent iniquitous concession, I believe we shall in often before, "live through and live down" our difficulties. The blindness has happened to the South only in part. The South is not there who shrink from the prospect of servile insurrection, should such defeat be permitted by the government, and perfected by themselves.

In our purpose to warn our fellow citizens of the suicidal effects of the slave system, we have before us the words of James Madison's most noble words—"Every thing which tends to increase danger, and involve national expense ought to be a source of concern to every part of the Union."

Of those who would repress all generous effort for freedom in America, Henry Clay—slaveholder though he was, scrupled not to say :—

"They must blow out the moral lights around us, and extinguish that greatest torch of all which Americus presents to a benighted world pointing the way to their right liberties, and happiness. And when they have blotted, and purposes, their work will be immense—complete. They must penetrate the human soul, must extinguish the light of reason and the love of liberty.—Then, and not till then, when universal darkness and despair prevail, can we perpetuate slavery, and repress all sympathies in behalf of man and henceforth efforts spring from the bosom of the unhappy portion of our fellow men, let its language."

I close in the language of another.—"When the plough share of confusion shall be driven through the earth, and all that is conventional and prescriptive is torn and swept away, it will be glorious to see the bare and solid rock of agee—the rock of God's eternal authority, deeper than the granite foundations of the earth, giving to mankind, rights ineffaceable as truth, unchanging as God's throne."

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, February 16, 1861.

THE GOVERNMENT ROBBERY. When the announcement was first made that a large amount of government bonds were missing, the sum was stated to be only two or three thousand dollars, which sum was indeed large enough to startle the country; and nearly every one was inclined to think the statement exaggerated, as in such cases is often apt to be the case. Instead, however, of proving less in amount, on investigation it was found to be much greater, and the astonishing fact has at length been developed that *more than six millions of dollars* in bonds have been stolen by those under the patronage of the present National administration. This great robbery, it appears, was committed by Bailey, Floyd & Co.—Bailey, the chief clerk in the Department of the Interior, being the principal operator, with the pledges, however, of Floyd and several outside parties, all of whom have, probably, been largely benefitted by the knavery.

Under a solemn official oath to hold safely and in good faith the treasure of the people, this work of draining the public funds has been going on through several years, and was intended to be so consummate, and that is of consequence to themselves and nobody else. People outside of the seceding States are confident of the safety of the forts that are threatened, are ready rather like to see the fools who have so long threatened them commit suicide by attempting their capture!

THE PEACE CONGRESS. The Committee of the Peace Congress has adopted propositions virtually the same as those of Mr. Guthrie, which were announced to be presented to the Congress yesterday. Some Republicans refuse to assent to them, and will make a vigorous effort to defeat them in the full Congress. So say the despatches from Washington. Our readers will remember that we published Mr. Guthrie's propositions on Thursday; but to them have been added, we learn, something of Mr. Crittenden's, and the border State propositions. We shall publish the report as soon as received.

At Webster, Mass., on Monday evening, a daughter of David Kingsbury, about twelve years of age, went to her brother's house to spend the night, and as she opened the door, a large and fierce watch-dog seized her, threw her down and mangled her horribly. Her face and forehead were terribly lacerated, the flesh being torn completely to shreds, and it was only with difficulty that the brute was removed.—Her injuries are of so serious a nature that it is doubtful if she recovers.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT. At Middleboro', Vt., on the 11th, the weight of the five o'clock, afternoon, train broke or displaced a rail, and the passenger car was thrown down an embankment of thirty feet and broken to pieces. There were but six passengers in the car, all of whom were badly cut and injured, but no bones broken.

MR. LINCOLN AT PITTSBURG. Agreeably to previous arrangement, Mr. Lincoln addressed an immense throng of people from the balcony of the Monongahela House yesterday morning. We copy below his speech, as reported by telegraph, suggesting that some allowance be made for inaccuracies and misinterpretations.—After thanking those about him for the flattering reception they had seen fit to give him, which he regarded as indicative of their good will and sincere feeling, he said—

"Allusion has been made in nearly every short address that I have delivered, to the present distracted state of the country, and you naturally expect me to say something upon this subject. But to touch upon it at all involves an elaborated discussion of a great many questions and circumstances requiring more time than I can at present command, and might unnecessarily commit me upon matters which have not fully developed themselves. The condition of the country is extraordinary, and fills the fiend of every patriot with anxiety. It is my intention to give this subject all the consideration possible before specifically declaring my position in regard to it, so that when I do speak I may be as nearly right as possible. When I do speak I hope to say nothing in opposition to the spirit of the Constitution, contrary to the integrity of the Union, or which will prove a violation of the liberties of the people or the peace of the whole country. And, furthermore, when the time comes for me to speak upon this great subject, I hope to say nothing to disappoint the people generally throughout the country, especially in their expectations based upon anything which I may have heretofore said. Notwithstanding the troubles across the river (pointing southward to the Monongahela River and smiling) there really is no crisis except such as may be artificial. Is there now to warrant the condition of affairs presented in the secession movement? Are there now to warrant the condition of affairs presented in the secession movement? Are there even their own views of the questions involved, there is nothing to justify the course they are pursuing. I repeat, there is no crisis excepting such as may be got up at any time by turbulent men, aided by designing politicians. To allay this, for them is to keep cool. If the great American people will only keep their temper on both sides of the line, the trouble will come to an end and the question be settled just as surely as it will be settled by the ballot box, and just as other clouds have cleared away, in due time this one will clear and our country continue to prosper as heretofore.

But I have spoken longer on this subject than I intended. As this is the first opportunity I have had to address a Pennsylvania audience, I will be pardoned for a few remarks on the important question of the tariff, a subject of great magnitude and attended by many difficulties, owing to the variety of interests involved. So long as direct taxation is not resorted to, a tariff is necessary. A tariff to a government is what meat is to a family. The duties collected by a tariff should be mostly and change its operations according to the circumstances and circumstances. So far there is little difference between us among politicians, but the question as to how far imposts may be adjusted for protection to home industry, gives rise to no, serious objections. I don't understand the subject in all its multitudinous bearings, but I promise to give it my closest attention and fully to understand it, and I suppose I may remark that the Chicago platform contains a plank on the subject which I think should be regarded as law for the incoming Administration. In fact, this question as well as all other subjects contained in that platform ought not to be varied from what we gave the people to understand before the late policy when we obtained their votes. At the proposed tariff (1846) section of the Chicago platform, I must confess there are shades of difference in construing even this platform, but I am not now discussing the difference, but merely give you a good general idea of the subject. I have long thought that, if there be any article of necessity which can be produced at home with as little or nearly the same labor as abroad, it would be better to protect that article, and bring the production of value. If a bar of iron be got out of the mines in England, and a bar of iron taken from the mines of Pennsylvania at the same cost, it follows that if the English bar is shipped from Main Street, Pittsburg and the American bar from Pittsburg to Manchester, the cost of carriage is appreciably lost.—If we had an iron bar here we should encourage shipments from foreign countries, but not when we can make it as cheaply in our own country. The Chicago platform is a low condition as to demand the attention of Congress, and will demand the immediate attention of the new administration.—The tariff bill now before Congress may not pass the present session. I confess I do not understand the precise provisions of that bill. It may not become the law of the land, but if it does, that will be an end of the matter until modification can be effected. But as I do not desire, and the latest advices I have are to this effect, it is not probable that the Congress will have to give it their earliest attention.—According to my political education, I am opposed to direct taxation, and would have their own views carried out through their representatives in Congress.

No subject should engage the attention of your representatives more than the tariff. If it be not the most important one to make, it will be that every man who is honestly devoted to the people in a representative capacity, should study the whole subject thoroughly, as I intend to do myself,—laying to the varied interests of the country, so that when the time for action arrives, adequate protection shall be extended to the coal and iron of Pennsylvania, the corn of Illinois, and the reapers of Chicago. Permit me to express the hope that this important subject may receive such consideration at the hands of your representatives, that the interests of no part of the country may be overlooked,—but that all sections may share the common benefits of a just and equitable tariff."

The President elect then thanked the assembling, and closed his remarks amidst the most enthusiastic cheering. At several points during his speech, he was interrupted by the applause of his vast audience. When he had finished, he was escorted to the depot, where he took a special train for Cleveland, at which place he arrived yesterday afternoon at half past four o'clock. He was here received by a procession of the military and fire companies of the city, and escorted to his hotel.—The same marks of enthusiasm meet him at every place where he stops, evincing the great interest the people have in the man who is soon to assume the reins of our National Government.

THE dry goods store, with the stock, lately belonging to Thom. S. Adams, at Saco, Me., was burned last Friday night. Loss about $10,000. Insured in the Etna, South Berwick, and other offices. Cause of the fire unknown.

A WOMAN of forty-two, Anna Marston, attended the funeral of her eighth husband, in Portsmouth, England, on the 12th ult.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. Mr. Tyng will deliver the third of his Sunday Evening lectures, to-morrow evening, in the First Universalist Church, commencing at 64 o'clock. Subject—Gambling. Seats free.

Rev. J. Pearson, an Oratorian, will commence a series of meetings in the John Street Baptist Church to-morrow. He will preach in the morning and afternoon at the usual hours, and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Meetings will be held every evening through the week.

LEO MILLER will close his present engagement at Weiles' Hall to-morrow, services commencing at 11½ and 6 P. M. Subject—Lecture No. 7, "A Compete tive View of Ancient and Modern Spiritualism."—Evening, "The Voice of God."

$100 MEN WANTED.

To sell an article used by every family. Call and see it at 64 Fifth avenue.
feb13 1w 113 Middlesex street.

☞ By order of the Board of the School Committee, the Committee on Teachers will receive applications for the office of Teachers in the Public Schools, at the Room of the Board of Aldermen, City Building, on TUESDAY, February 19th inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M.

J. C. ABBOTT,
Chairman Committee on Teachers.
February 4th, 1861.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Amendments.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting Room.

LOWELL TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO AND NOW. In turning to the files of the *Lowell Courier* of the early part of 1836, we find an article containing the statistics of Lowell at that time. The figures were to us very interesting, and it being a good standpoint in space of time, to make some comparisons, we shall do so, not doubting that our readers will find them as interesting as we have. In fact, we commenced last Saturday, then we intended to have there now to warrant the condition of affairs presented in the secession movement? Are there even their own views of the questions involved, there is nothing to justify the course they are pursuing. I repeat, there is no crisis excepting such as may be got up at any time by turbulent men, aided by designing politicians. To allay this, for them is to keep cool. If the great American people will only keep their temper on both sides of the line, the trouble will come to an end and the question be settled just as surely as the ballot box, and just as other clouds have cleared away, in due time this one will clear and our country continue to prosper as heretofore.

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POLICE COURT. Saturday, February 16th. Hugh Harvey, for keeping a liquor nuisance in a building on Market Street, reported to the Marshal as owned by T. Nesmith, was ordered to the Superior Court in $300. Christopher Morris, for same offence, in a building on Gorham Street, reported to belong to John Putney, was ordered same as above. Alice Duncan, for same offence, in a building on Green Street, owner not ascertained by the Marshal, was ordered same as last two.

Thomas Carolin, for the same offence in a building, No. 8 Howe Street, and William Harrison for same offence, in the building called Carolin's Block, on Fayette Street, the owners of both buildings being unknown to the Marshal, were ordered to appear.

Edward Burns, common drunkard, was sentenced to the House of Correction for two months, from which sentence he appealed and was ordered to the Superior Court in the usual sum.

The case against Robert Crossley was not *pressed*, and the defendant discharged.

By the above report it will be seen that the Police Court has been relieved of considerable business, three of the cases being ordered to the Superior Court, and two held for future examination. We hear that it is the intention of the Marshal to prosecute all such cases brought to his notice.

THE WORTHEN STREET FESTIVAL.—Owing to the storm the attendance at the Festival last evening was not large, though a goodly company were present, and seemed to enjoy the occasion well. The tableau announced on the programme were all given with several pieces of the previous evening, the music was good, and the quilting party and school were also participated by the company. The "spell" by the claw was like the weather—bad. The singing was complete success, and has increased the funds of the society, thus paying expenses, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather of last evening.

LOWELL BRIGADE BAND. The Band will have a promenade concert at Huntington Hall every Tuesday evening. As the funds, above expenses, will be used for the purchasing of a new uniform for the members, we trust, our citizens will encourage them by having their quarters at the ticket office.

THE TWENTY-SECOND. Salutes will be fired on Friday next at sunrise, noon and sunset from the North and South Commons, one half from each. The bells will also be rung for an hour, and probably the bells on the Catholic churches be chimed. With the proposed festival in Huntington Hall in the evening, the day will be suitably honored in Lowell.

THE DUTIES OF THE POOR. New and second-hand clothing of all kinds are very much needed at the Free Chapel, for the poor—a large number of whom will be well fur nished this winter if the friends will only contribute of their abundance. Clothing can be left at the Chapel, or the poor—Garments are needed for the aged and sickly. Bed clothing is also much wanted. We will be thankfully received any afternoon, between two and five o'clock; or will be called for when desired.

PATENT. During the week ending February 12th, a patent was granted to Benjamin F. Hale of Lowell for an improvement in stop motion for railway drawing head.

TO THE INVALID. Mr. John S. Wyman, No. 18 Tyler Street, better known as "Uncle Arthur," manufactures the best of grape, elderberry, blackberry and other wines the pure juices. To those who are suffering from debility at this season of the year, these wines contain peculiar nourishing qualities, which should be used by all for tonic. Mr. Wyman is well known in our community as a reliable man, and we commend the patronage of our citizens who have occasion to use the articles he manufactures with so much success.

BALL. The twenty-second will be celebrated by a ball at Chesley's new hall, over Central Saloon, in accordance with an agreement is in the hands of a competent committee, who will make every effort to minister to the pleasures of the patrons of the occasion. Tickets can be obtained by applying to Mr. Chesley, at Central Saloon.

THE STORM of yesterday has changed to a beautiful sunshiny day, and everbody seems to be enjoying it. There is a considerable rise in the water of the Merrimack River, though not enough to seriously affect the operation of any of our mills.

THE lengthy discourse by Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, in this issue of our paper, excludes much matter intended for to-day, and excuses the usual variety of news items. Something, however, of a following been desired by a number of our readers, and we have no doubt it will be of general interest.

ERRORS having occurred in carrying out the gross values in the table in our article on Cotton yesterday, we re-print it correct as originally prepared. In addition this table will show the total quantity and value of the cotton exported from the United States for the period of thirty-five years, from 1821 to 1855:—

	Quantity.		gross value.	tar. pr. lb.
1821 to 1825	182,111,760		$13,834,110	7.60
1826 to 1830	1,072,758,091		115,132,182	10.73
1831 to 1835	1,423,284,480		141,104,991	9.91
1836 to 1840	2,021,380,414		241,191,521	12.05
1841 to 1845	2,422,102,416		208,561,328	8.61
1846 to 1850	3,173,076,767		296,767,005	9.35
1851 to 1855	3,155,139,837		298,501,600	9.46
Total for 35 yrs	13,475,204,205		$1,329,976,736	

JOHN HUNT, a Fall River shoemaker, on rising from his bed, a few mornings since, expressed a wish for a glass of gin, saying he "would give five dollars for a glass of gin." He then stepped to the door, unlocked it, and on stepping across the threshold fell down and died instantly.

HALL'S *Journal of Health* states that statistics prove clergymen to be the longest lived of the human family.

THE line of steamers between Boston and Charleston will resume their regular trips (which have for some time been interrupted) next week.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

☞ This dangerous and often fatal disease had long baffled the skill of the most eminent Physicians, when the discovery of *Dr. Ayer's Liver Pills* solved the difficulty, and presented to the world the *Great Specific*, which has attained such wide spread celebrity for its certainty of cure. This successful remedy was the result of many years' study, in which the symptoms were minutely observed, and are thus described by the Doctor himself—

"*Symptoms of a Diseased Liver*.—Pain in the right side, and sometimes in the left, under the edge of the ribs—the patient hung rarely lies on the left; pain sometimes under the shoulder-blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder—often mistaken for rheumatism in the arm; sickness at stomach, and loss of appetite; bowels mostly costive, sometimes alternate with loss; dull, heavy sensation in the back part of the head; loss of memory, with uneasiness of having neglected something; sometimes dry cough; weariness and debility; sometimes headache; a dull aching or burning, and prickly sensation of skin; low spirits, with gloomy forebodings, and disinclination to exertion, although satisfied exercise would be beneficial. In fact, patient distrusts every remedy."

Have you any, or all of these symptoms? If so, you will find a certain remedy in Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills. Prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. AYER'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS—manufactured only by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, but Ayer's are the only Liver Pills, also his celebrated Cherry Pectoral, can be had at all the respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

feb4 1 [29]6 FLEMING BROS.

LLOYD'S BAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing correct information respecting and Time Table of every Railroad and Steamboat Office in the United States and Canada.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Offices. Price 10 cents.

Published at the Merrimack Express Office, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.
feb4 1m

FUR MANUFACTORY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs. Call at the North end of your Street and see the Furs made at the Merrimack street, Lowell.

[feb13 1m] [29] C. H. CROMB.

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan5eod

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles readily.
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less smoke,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the PRICE is the same as other coal.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, foot of and near agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Tyler Street, Boston.
ma16tf

TRIDERN' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, R. W. Hackney, H. C. Bowen,
S. Hadley, H. Hosford, Jr. F. F. Sherman,
L. G. Howe, Edward Tuck, Wm. Simpson.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made on the first year's business. The capital stock is $50,000.00, with Deposit notes to the amount of $100,000.00, which will be used in case of village and farm property in Middlesex County in preference to the capital stock, and will be issued in sums of $1,000.00 each, payable on any Company with a satisfactory cash surplus.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT of the Company has over $50,000, Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property in Lowell and vicinity insured, and the business is being extended and prosperity paid.

Office, No. 19 Central St., (up stairs.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. 1y [31]6[7]

E. P. SHERMAN, Secretary.

☞ Coughs, the common changes of our climate, readily yield to a potent remedy called ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience has proved that Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry and gentleman when taken in the early stages of the disease, will relieve the most distressing cough. See "*Brown's Household Treasure*," or Locke's Almanac, for 1861, for certificates of its virtues. Let no one be ever so slight, or by this precaution a most dangerous attack may be warded off. Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers and Sherman and Hall on the Canals, at 25 cents and one dollar per bottle. See advertisement.
Dec. 11. 6m*

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

This splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous—no disappointment—no ridiculous tints—but produces immediately the true and natural color, leaving the skin or scalp in a healthy state—remedies the ill effects of bad dyes—invigorates and beautifies the Hair to life. None are genuine unless signed "W. A. BATCHELOR," in a steel plate.

CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
No. 81 Maiden Lane, New York.
oct6eow 1y

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is scarcely less due to its simplicity than to the well acknowledged fact that its peculiar purpose is attained more perfectly than by any other. It has become a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as a necessity in every family. The many qualities of family sewing, such as, hem, fell, quilting, gathering and all the innumerable modes in which it is required, are performed

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
No. 343 Broadway, New York.

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of unrivalled excellence.

The following well known names are among those who have purchased and used the Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Lowe.

D. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
Wm. A. Burke,	H. Hall,
Wm. A. Burke,	H. Hall,
Wm. A. Burke,	J. F. Appleton,
Wm. A. Burke,	Mabel Dana,
E. A. Alger,	F. I. Richardson,
E. A. Alger,	Wm. Rice,
H. F. Butler,	Rev. F. H. Foster,
H. B. Hackett,	Rev. J. Cummings,
D. C. Brown,	M. C. Brown,
A. L. Brown,	Mrs. Wm. Gordon,
A. L. Osborn,	J. L. Corney,
A. L. Osborn,	Mrs. Wm. Gordon,
R. W. Webster,	J. L. Corney,
R. W. Webster,	Mrs. Wm. Gordon,

And many others, too numerous to mention. Circulars containing a full description of the Machine, with Terms, Testimonials, &c., will be furnished on application at the office of the Company, No. 343 Broadway, New York.

SHAW,
41 Merrimack Street
Lowell.

ma17 1y* [29]

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, &c.

Public Speakers and Singers will find these Wafers invaluable in clearing the throat and giving tone and strength to the voice. Military officers will find them a safeguard against the effects of exposure to the inclemency of the weather. Sold by all Druggists.

Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by SAMUEL BRYAN,
No. 21 Barclay street, New York.
mar12 1y [29]

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

W.M.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Original and Best in the World!!

Is the only one that is perfect. It imparts instantaneously a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black, and does not injure the hair, but leaves it soft and glossy. Sold by all Druggists, and at the Wholesale Depot of the Proprietor, No. 16 Astor House.

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the celebrated Medicines of

Dr. Radcliffe's Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Compound.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process from Petroleum, and are recommended by the

PURE SPERM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Paraffine Oil will not freeze in the coldest weather, Nor Cotton Spindles and Machinery, Nor Clog the Wicks of Lamps, Nor Corrode Brass Bearings, and Paraffined Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, No. 3, No. 2 Sperm, No. 1 Sperm, Extra Machinery Oil, (superior to any in the market,) No. 1, 75 cents; do. do. do. No. 2, 65 cents; do. do. do. No. 3, 50 cents.

Paraffine Candles, Sperm Candles, Adamantine Candles, Star Candles, Wax Candles, Tallow Candles, Bleachery, Camphene, Burning Fluid, Locks and Canals, Lard Oil, Whale Oil, Neatsfoot Oil, Solar Oil, Linseed Oil, Rosin Oil, Tanners' Oil, Crude Petroleum, Crude Coal Oil, Crude Rock Oil, Crude Whale Oil, Crude Sperm Oil, Crude Lard Oil, Crude Neatsfoot Oil, Crude Linseed Oil, Crude Tanners' Oil, Crude Rosin Oil, Crude Solar Oil, Crude Camphene, Crude Burning Fluid, Crude Paraffine Oil, Crude Paraffine Candles, Crude Sperm Candles, Crude Adamantine Candles, Crude Star Candles, Crude Wax Candles, Crude Tallow Candles, Crude Bleachery, Crude Locks and Canals, Crude Lubricating Oil Compound, Crude Lubricating Oil Compound, Crude Lubricating Oil Compound

RELIGIOUS.

THE PRESENT CRISIS

OF OUR COUNTRY.

A DISCOURSE.

BY REV. DR. CLEAVELAND.

Delivered in the Applefort Street Church, January 27th, and repeated in Washington Hall, by desire of many, February 3rd, 1861.

TEXT.—If the foundations be destroyed, what can the righteous do?"—Psalm xi.

The teaching of the text is, that when the government of a people is destroyed, their religion is destroyed. It, therefore, warrants the subject, on which I am about to preach. It makes it not only the right, but the duty, of the ministers of religion, to expose all the moral dangers to which our government and good order. God's providence has furnished my theme. Only one thought now fills the American mind. Never, since the Revolution, has any one question so possessed all classes. From the mariners of Cape Cod to the miners of California, there is not a chance group of men, by whom it is not discussed as earnestly as it is in the halls of Congress, or in the conclaves of the secession. It forces itself upon the musings of the bondsman, awaking the awful questions—what does all this mean? Who knows how my deliverance may be dawning? Sure enough—who knows? The night is great. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty. The failure of our free government would be the failure of our free Christianity. It is easy to see easy to cover the Great Desert with verdure, when the whirlwind is sweeping over it, as to make religion progress, where conflict and disorder reign. Private letters from the great disunion centres say, "everything is forgotten in the fury of our passions." If it be said, I am preaching politics—be it so. Christian politics are only God's word applied to one class of our duties. We Looking, have preached no bad political sermons, because they preach bad politics to begin with. Instead of arraigning existing politics before, I wish their standing theme is the rashness and the radicalness of their treachery. Let the Lee corruption and oppression should get their deserts from the pulpit, the very men preach three political sermons to one to their accused brethren none. They strike stealthily at somebody, instead of striking at the right thing. The recent Presidential Fast, which it called forth eloquent assertions of the right, produced so called fast sermons as befitted to the mercilessness of South Carolina, than to that of New England. One of them first sets forth the giant wrong of secession, and then attempts to fasten the chief guilt of our present condition upon the pulpits that have feared not to make the Saviour of God's love the minister of the unoccupying them any longer, would have defeated all their disunion movements at home. Under their maddening inspiration, half a dozen States have voted themselves out of the Union—as many more they were out—and believe that they are out. All allegiance to the government of the United States they have renounced forever. The property and defences of the Union, they have already seized, in defiance of the rights of the Union. They have levied war on the United States. "To counsel war," with force and arms to attack a power, is the highest declaration of war. They have notified their purpose to do it again, if government shall attempt to enforce their own laws against them. They have definitely warned the President that the consequences of his attempting to reserve the public property or punish the national insult, will be fatal. The President has heard the warning—and has not sent a whipped child hearkens to the added admonition of what will come the next time. Some of the foremost States have called conventions to treat with the government, which they had just voted to fight against, and most impudently have they affected the solemn sham of independent nations! The "united delect cut of all" in the President's seeming complicity with the treason. I am the last man rashly to "speak evil of dignities." But as a preacher of all godliness, I am as much bound to rebuke ungodliness in a chief magistrate or a chief patriot, as in the "meanest slave." I have tried to deem what seemed to be a practical perjury "on the part of the President, an excess merely of forbearance. But his allowing traitors to come and go as they pleased, instead of hanging them, as some of his noblest predecessors would have done, his complicity in nothing but thriving and indecision, are perfectly sickening. The deep disgrace done to the nation, by the insult to her flag, by the delusion of her laws, and her status, remains, to this moment unatoned for, and worse, unredressed! There lies the conquered vessel in New York harbor, and not the little finger of the government has been lifted to pun ish the crime! Had freedom's champions perpetrated the outrage, the country would have rocked with indignation, and pulpits preach revenge. Neither will I belie them. A few days ago, I thought that even the miserable inaction of the government had brought us to a point, where one or both parties must back down, or a collision in earnest come on. Just now, we seem not to be anywhere in particular. The President seems himself in the most precarious emergency, to nobody and to nothing. In the Free States, and among honest anti-secessionists in the Slave States, we hear of forbearance—of conciliation—of concession. In the secession States we hear the blackest falsehoods, and grossest slanders, and the most blasphemous defiance of scorn against the whole North. More shameless still—a few presses and pulpits at the North, have become completely confused by difficulties, by charging them all on the Republican party, by freedom. Business is somewhat embarrassed. So far as the selling States are dependent on the North. they were not more so than they have been their own wants as now. And yet they are, every day, making their warmest friends in the Southern cities, by unwillingness to run the risks of Southern bankruptcy. Of course, sales at the South are not quite equal to those of more quiet times. This may necessitate yet farther curtailments of work and wages. But no panic prevails, and there is no prospect of suffering at the South. Looking, however, to the future only, this Union of States, which cost so much blood and treasure, and to which we of the North, so fondly cling, is about to be breaking up! Thus viewed, things look as badly as the worst enemy to free institutions could wish. If the foundations are not destroyed, it is not because any serious means of destruction have been neglected.

What are the causes of this state of affairs? *It is not owing to any new element in Southern character.* Multitudes have supposed that the secession movements made at the South. They had so long been accustomed only to homed screams when speaking of the North, that they had been so often taught by politicians, and especially by a small side view from a clergyman, to call them our dear Southern brethren; to ring the changes upon South ern chivalry and hospitality, that they are struck dumb by the recent demonstrations. But, in fact, their nauseating style is not the single fiendishness of their treatment of peaceful Northerners, have not transcended, by an inch, the degrees of the workings of the effects of slaveholding on character, to which were long by Mr. Jefferson seventy years ago. One familiar sentence shall be all. "The parent storms"—the child is taught his wickedness—he is punished—catches the lineaments of wrath—puts on the same air—the child of the smallest slaves—gives loose to the worst of passions—and thus nursed, educated, and daily exercised in tyranny, cannot but be stamped with odious peculiarities."

The characteristics of secession have not changed by great wrongs, which the North has done to the South. On this point I will not weary you longer. It is the vocation of a class at the North to misrepresent the North. Demagogues have made their capital by blackening the motives of all who have deemed the giving to the North a voice in their concerns. They delighted to pollock honest speech, lest it should be heard. Then, I must reiterate the low catering of some pulpits and some presses to the appetites of their fashionable hearers. If the North can Party in the present House of Representatives at Washington, have just unanimously adopted a similar declaration, and this the South have appointed as the basest hypocrisy. I pray God that this false accusation may be presumed upon no longer than it is heard.

Nor has the present crisis come upon us, because the North is meddling with questions against the South. So far as the constitutional rights of the South are concerned, the North has no more right to bring forward. They have never thought of altering their principles or their practice. The new President has "never refus fation" was never hoisted because they honestly suspected that one clear right of theirs would be trenched upon by anybody. Out of the hot atmosphere of secession, the opposition prints are now free to say, that all the blackest falsehoods, and grossest slanders, and the most blasphemous defiance of scorn against the whole North. More shameless still—a few presses and pulpits at the North, have become completely confused by difficulties, by charging them all on the Republican party, by freedom. Business is somewhat embarrassed. So far as the selling States are dependent on the North, they were not more so than they have been their own wants as now. And yet they are, every day, making their warmest friends in the Southern cities, by unwillingness to run the risks of Southern bankruptcy. Of course, sales at the South are not quite equal to those of more quiet times. This may necessitate yet farther curtailments of work and wages. But no panic prevails, and there is no prospect of suffering at the South. Looking, however, to the future only, this Union of States, which cost so much blood and treasure, and to which we of the North, so fondly cling, is about to be breaking up! Thus viewed, things look as badly as the worst enemy to free institutions could wish. If the foundations are not destroyed, it is not because any serious means of destruction have been neglected.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, February 18, 1860.

In the credit of the nation abroad is of any consequence, it behooves the people to be careful what compromises they agree to, as a settlement of present difficulties.—If, at the present time, with the South standing in a hostile position, the North, and the friends of the Union, in their haste to get rid of trouble, shall step forward in a concession by which any principle shall be surrendered, or even by which there shall be discovered anything like a spirit of fear on the part of those endeavoring to compose the difficulties which the rebels have created, it will be an unfortunate thing for the honor and credit of the country abroad.

If it shall be established that a resort to secession is influential in operating upon the fears of one section of the country to so great an extent as to result in a surrender to the demands of another section, it will weaken confidence in the permanent character of our government and in its valuable and reasonable mode of adjusting its controversies. When this opinion is once formed of our government abroad, all bonds of its strength and stability will be vain, and its credit in the eyes of all shrewd men will be fatally shaken. The hint recently given by no less a personage than George Peabody, the American banker in London, shows what the influence of such a settlement of troubles will be abroad; and if the hint is acted upon, we shall be preserved from many inconveniences that are now scarcely dreamed of.

If there should be anything like a *purchase* of a settlement of the rebellion, it will be taken as a sign of instability and as an indication that ruptures of this kind may in future occur so frequently and become so violent in their character as to break up the business and destroy the credit of the country. In such an event, there will be a general return of Federal stocks now held in Europe, which will cause a drain of money infinitely more inconvenient to the country and more paralyzing than the war.

The friends of compromise can see by this that such a course as the adoption of compromise measures, "without a why or a wherefore," for the sake of restoring peace and bringing the country back to prosperity, is, after all, not the most safe and the swift road to that which all loyal and patriotic citizens most earnestly desire.—The quickest way of settling trouble is not always the best way, and it is not to much discussion in England. This number commences a new volume.

Price of one Review, $3 a year. Price of the four Reviews, $8. "Blackwood" and the four Reviews, $10.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH. Some one writing to the *Church Journal*, from Lowell, speaks concerning the "breaking ground" for the new church edifice in this city as follows —

"A beautiful morning in November last, the rector of the newly organized St. John's church in this city, with spade in hand, in presence of the venerable rector of St. Anne's and a few other devout persons, after impressive prayer, blessing upon the work, commenced digging for the foundation of the edifice which is expected to be consecrated God's worship *forever*. The building is to be of stone, not very unlike that of St. Anne's. The design and plans of the building have been carefully made by Theodore Edson Colburn, an accomplished young architect of Cambridge, Mass. To those familiar with this Diocese it will be needless to say where this promising young man obtained his *Christian* name, for he was born in Lowell and baptized by the distinguished whose name he bears. It will be interesting to all others to know that he is a father is no other than the distinguished Warren Colburn.

The location of the new church is a beautiful spot, overlooking the grounds of the County Court House. It is objected to by some (not well acquainted with the objects and aims of "the church" that it is too far from the most populous part of the city, and also that to get there the congregation from those parts will have to pass a Roman Catholic church and through a neighborhood of Roman Catholics.

Some years ago a Universalist meeting house was moved from a locality near the site of St. John's church to a prominent business place, where stores were prepared under it, which have since produced a handsome income. For similar reasons, which have not been quite so successful, a Methodist meeting-house was afterwards moved from the same neighborhood. The latter is now used altogether for business purposes. How different the church—"the dwelling place of God, and the *gate* of heaven"—from the *specific purpose* of God's worship, forever, and makes provision that in case of any perversion from the present intention a third party may enter and restore it. We are in addition to this it will be solemnly consecrated to Almighty God forever, where is the man who would dare to pervert it? Circumstances exist in this city which would give opportunity for more extended remarks upon this subject, but I forbear.

St. John's church thus far seems to be in good hands. It has the entire sympathy of St. Anne's in its rector, wardens and vestry, both in their prayers and contributors—indeed the largest contributor is a member of the vestry of St. Anne's. The rector of St. John's is the Rev. T. Homer, an active, industrious and thorough churchman. He has served in this county two years with entire acceptance as assistant rector of St. Anne's, and starts off with a creditable commencement. More than a hundred families who have heretofore depended upon St. Anne's for their ministrations will be nearer the new church than to St. Anne's. God grant that they may both prosper and know what things they ought to do, *and do them.*

Yours truly, A SON, &c.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate, Saturday, the Committee on Education reported that children between 15 and 21 shall not be deprived of the privilege of attending public schools, and that children under 5 may be excluded from them. The bill was committed to the third reading. The other business was unimportant.

In the House, a large number of petitions were presented against the proposed Rhode Island Boundary line. The other business was not of general or local interest.

In a prayer meeting of about a dozen persons in Hartford, Ct., a few days since, prayers were offered in behalf of the poor. The pastor suggested that it would be best for those present to answer their own prayers, and upon this hint the fist was passed round and $30 was contributed.

Mr. LINCOLN'S MOVEMENTS. The telegraph reports the progress of Mr. Lincoln, on his way to Washington. He arrived in Buffalo, from Columbus, Saturday afternoon. All along the route, where the train stopped, he was received with many manifestations of enthusiasm. At Dunkirk, he spoke briefly; and while doing so, grasped the staff of the American flag, under which he stood, and declaring his intention to support and defend that banner, asking that the people sustain him in so doing. At Erie, he also spoke briefly, excusing himself for not speaking on the questions of the day. When the time for speaking came, he hoped he should not find it necessary to say anything not in accordance with the constitution and for the interests of the whole country. Horace Greeley joined the party at Girard. At Buffalo, Mr. Lincoln was met by a deputation of citizens headed by ex-President Fillmore, a dense crowd being present.—His remarks were as follows :—

Mr. Mayor and fellow citizens of the State of New York:—I am here to thank you briefly for this grand reception given me, not personally, but as the representative of our great national country. Your worthy Mayor has been pleased to mention the fact that I am about to undertake agreeable journey I have had from home, only it is rather a circuitous route to the National Capitol. I am very happy to was enabled in truth to congratulate myself and company on the fact. It is true we have not nothing thus far to mar our pleasure trip. We have not been met alone by the kindness which was given the election returns to me, but by the whole population of the country through which we have passed. That is as it should be. And the election fallen to any other of the distinguished candidates before us at myself under the peculiar circumstances, it would have been proper for all citizens to have greeted real human sentiment that is evidence of the devotion of the whole people to the Constitution and the Union, and the perpetuity of the liberties of this country.

I am unwilling on any occasion that I should be so considered as to have it supposed for a moment these demonstrations are tendered to me personally. They are tendered to the country; to the institutions of the country, and to the perpetuity of the liberties of the country for which those institutions were made and created. I should be the most strangely fool to express the hope that I might be able to relieve the country from the present, or I should be the most thoughtless of men, if I did not see I bring a heart true to the work (Tremendous applause.) For the labor, I am sure I shall want the assistance of that Supreme Being who has never forsaken this favored land, through the instrumentality of their great, intelligent people. Without that assistance I shall surely fail. With it I cannot fail. Then I will ask you and those associated with you in this reception to unite with me in the great work before us, which will be the introduction of three magnificent chariots drawn by eight horses each, that will bear Buccphalus, who excels the horse Bucephalus, who excels the horse Bucephalus, who excels the horse Buceph

SEVEN YEARS!

The seven years of unrivalled success attending the "Cosmopolitan Art Association," have made it a household word throughout every quarter of the country.

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In addition to the above benefits, there will be given to subscribers, as gratuitous premiums, over

Five Hundred Beautiful Gems of Art!

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The Engraving is sent to any part of the country by mail, packed in such a manner as to render it entirely free from injury.

Subscriptions will be received until the Evening of the 15th of April, 1861, at which time the choice will close and the premiums given to subscribers.

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345 Broadway, New York.

☞ P. LORD, Agent for Lowell and vicinity, at Rogg & Griffith's Music Store, No. 77 Merrimack, where the public are respectfully invited to call and examine the Engraving and Books. dec29 dJan31

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No. 91 Merrimack Street

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SPLENDID OPENING OF MI..LINERY GOO..S!

Having just received the last assortment of FALL BONNETS ever opened in Lowell, all imported styles of the season, early and late, comprising

every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Hat—I feel confident in saying the most fastidious taste

Please give me an early call, and save one third of your money, and get a more tasty BONNET than can be purchased Elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov20

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Smiths' Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use. Also, constantly on hand, SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality, at

NO. 36 MIDDLE STREET.

Having sole arrangements with shippers we supply the above direct from vessels, thereby saving the handling into the centre of the city, and thus in many cases enabling us to sell at lower prices than others. Orders left at No. 36 Middle street, or at the Yards, foot of Merrimack street, will be sold at the lowest market prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Lowell, Lawrence and Cannel COAL by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

WILLIAM KITTREDGE.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. 6eod6m

"CITY"

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds; Malleable Iron Fittings, Engine Trimmings, Valves, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor for Valves" and Fitts' "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Gauge."

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and made to order. PIPING for the supply of Water put up with neatness and dispatch.

Lowell, June 7, 1860. jy20

LOWELL

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WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fittings of all kinds, Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all fixtures generally used by engineers; manufacturer of Leading Buildings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of Pipe and Fittings of the latest style, constantly on hand. Brass Finishing and Globe Valves executed in a superior and faithful manner by competent workmen.

Factory, No. 20 Dover St.

Store, No. 8 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

WASHINGTON

Bowling Saloon,

By W. K. THOMPSON,

No. 34 Prescott Street, Lowell.

THE proprietor has fitted up the above saloon in a first-class bowling saloon, and hopes to merit the patronage of the public. Gentlemen will be accommodated where persons wishing to exercise can do so free from intruders. oct6dtf

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DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M. every day.

The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we use the delicacies of the season, and the table is served neat and prompt.

We solicit a share of the public patronage, and will endeavor to merit the same by our attentions to all persons who may be desirous of dining out from home.

H. SWEET.

ASTHMA

For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

PENDER'S

BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

May, 1860. 1y

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps and Shades, Burners, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and all Care of same; Hanging, Side, stand, sacket, hand, lamps, Portable Lamps, a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Lowell's Patent Oil Stove for the burning of Kerosene, arranged for the use of carpet, sacking and oil cloth.

The Stove Boards for sale at H. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the largest assortment of Sheet Music, and a large variety of Music to be found in the country for furnishing Seminaries and Academies. Remember 17 Central street.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at H. S. HUNT'S,

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MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for the toilet. Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec6

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND MEDIUM—Fresh ground Graham Meal for sale at wholesale, constantly on hand and for sale by

dec26 LANE & WOOD, 41 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DYESSING.—This A new and superior article is highly recommended for *Dressing and Beautifying the Hair*. It removes the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., for the roots, and causes the hair to grow luxuriantly.

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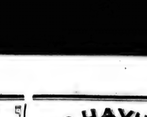
H.S.HAYNES.



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Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of

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Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for Stores and Hotels. These goods are of the very *best* quality and shapes, entirely new, and will be sold very low. Also, just arrived from the English and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and sold to my old stock, which was very large, making an assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and still *greater pleasure* to sell them to you.

Just keep in mind in two things—that is the best assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street, less than 50 paces from the post office.

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A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they tried it, were simple laborers, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from those who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One writes that when she first commenced she was nothing in now the owner of $1000, all accomplished in one year. Another, that he has cleared and paid the sum of $1,000. Women can clear from $10 to $15 per week. Boys can earn from $5 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all information necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent by mail (free of charge) to any person who may desire it. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have not this business to sell, but we send this information to all who may want it, and have not introduced it on the community.

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ALL WHITE LEAD (so-called) made at the Pioneer Lead Works Mine at Newburyport, Mass., and from Solid Lumber is manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company, and is warranted to be strictly All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," in Pigeon Holes.

The great body and capacity for covering of the Lead renders it much cheaper in the consumer than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will go as far in covering as 150 lbs of any other Lead. This fact has been tested by many of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere, in the trial of the article will confer a favor by ordering (adding) painter that he can work easier and to greater advantage than with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The General Agents, who personally superintend the manufacture of this Lead, have been engaged in it for the last 20 years, and have had the best facilities and his experience, in addition to the many improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article unsurpassed by any other.

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Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Kanagawa, Japan.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Melbourne, Australia.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Sydney, Australia.

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Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Nelson, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Otago, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Lyttelton, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Port Chalmers, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Kaipara, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Manukau, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Taranaki, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Wanganui, New Zealand.

Messrs. JOHN CARLTON & CO., Napier, New Zealand

THE DAILY COURIER.
Tuesday, February 19, 1861.

MR. LINCOLN'S PROGRESS TOWARD WASHINGTON. Mr. Lincoln arrived in Albany about half past two o'clock yesterday afternoon, from Buffalo. At all the points along the line of his journey from Buffalo, where the train stopped, to Albany, the same crowds and the same enthusiasm welcomed him. At Albany there was an immense gathering, and the way from the depot to the capitol, to which place he was at once conducted, was lined and crowded with people. At one point was suspended across the street a piece of canvas with this inscription—" Welcome to the capital of the Empire State. No more compromise."

At the State House the President elect made a brief address to the immense mass of people who had assembled to see him and hear him speak, and afterward, having been introduced to the legislature by the Governor, he also spoke to the convention of the two houses. We append a portion (the closing part) of his remarks.

"It is true that while I hold myself without much modesty the humblest of individuals who have been elected to the Presidency, I have a more difficult task to perform than any one of them. You have generously tendered me support, united support in this great Empire State, and this in behalf of the nation, in behalf of civil and religious liberty for all time to come, most gratefully do I thank you. I do not propose to enter into an explanation of any particular line of policy to be, our present difficulties, to be adopted by the incoming administration. I deem it just to you, to myself, to all, that I should see everything, that I should hear everything, that I should have every light that can be brought within my reach, that the counsels of the speak-halls have enjoyed every possible opportunity to take correct and true ground, and for this reason I do not propose to now speak at this time of the policy of the government. But when the time comes I shall speak as well as I can, and for the good of the present and future of this country, for the good of the people of both North and the South of this country, for the one and the other and all sections of the country. In the meantime I will say that, as I once, if we have to restrain ourselves, if we allow ourselves not to rush to the extremities, I still have confidence that the Almighty Maker of the universe will, through the instrumentality of this people and intelligent people, bring us through all the other difficulties of our country. Relying on this, I again thank you for this generous reception."

After being introduced to the State officers and several prominent men present, Mr. Lincoln was escorted to his hotel, and the legislature adjourned. The streets of the city were thronged with people all the afternoon, a great number having come in from the adjoining towns to see "Old Abe." He will leave Albany for New York city this morning.

THE VICE PRESIDENT ELECT. Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Vice President elect, arrived in Boston last evening, accompanied by his wife, on his way to Washington. Five Representatives from Maine to the Thirty-Second Congress, Messrs. Goodwin of the First District, Walton of the Second, Fessenden of the Third, Rice of the Fifth, and Pike of the Sixth, came with Mr. H. Mr. Morrill, of the Fourth District, alone is absent. Somewhat enthusiastic demonstrations were made at Portsmouth, Newburyport, Salem and Lynn, and at each place Mr. Hamlin made a few remarks. He also met with a hearty reception in Portland, where some of the Congressional delegation joined him. At Boston he was called upon during the evening by a large number of gentlemen, but there was no formal reception. Mr. and Mrs Hamlin left Boston this morning, but do not meditate going directly to that city, designing to spend some days with friends in Connecticut.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Sumner presented petitions from citizens of Massachusetts against any compromise which carries slavery into the Territories. Mr. Douglas presented petitions for a general bankrupt law. The credentials of James W. Nesmith, Senator from Oregon to succeed Gen. Joseph Lane, were presented. The duty on sugar was reduced, and that of tea fixed at 4c. per lb. and coffee 1 and 14c.

In the House, a bill was offered so as to call on the militia to help the army and navy execute the laws in case of rebellion. Mr. Boocock, of Va., objected. Mr. Winchester, of Md., made a speech in opposition to secession, but opposed a force policy. The bill organizing the territory of Colorado, after an amendment, was passed. Several speeches were made during the evening session.

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In the House, the business transacted was not important.

THE PEACE CONVENTION. Some of the delegates to the Peace Conference say they will probably by Wednesday agree upon a pan of adjustment satisfactory even to the Virginia Commissioners. The territorial question was under consideration yesterday, and the debate tended to secure a unanimity thereon. How Mr. George B. Boutwell is reported to have made a noble defence of Massachusetts, yesterday, in the Convention.

CONGRESS has voted to make the twenty-second of February, Washington's birthday, a national holiday. It is already an established holiday in Massachusetts. There will be a propriety, and, perhaps, a use in the observance of the day, this year, never heretofore experienced.

The Legislature of Ohio has passed an act guaranteeing the bonds of the Federal Government to the amount of $2,700,000.

THE MERRIMACK WOOLEN MILLS. We doubt if many of our readers are aware of the extent of business done by the Merrimack Woolen Mills Company, at the "Navy Yard" in Dracut. A few days ago happening in that vicinity, we spent an hour most agreeably in and about the premises, and received a pretty good insight into the amount of goods manufactured and the extent of the concern. Before any cotton mills were erected in Lowell, there was one at this point, and the present mills include that which was at that immaterial remote period appropriated to the manufacture of cotton and carpet yarn, but when the mills were started at Lowell this business was abandoned and machinery for the manufacture of woolen cloths was put in, and since that time the business has been confined to that class of goods.

The Merrimack Woolen Mills are managed by Messrs. J. & A. H. Chase, the agents of the company, who have been so employed for the past five or six years, during which time the whole premises have been very much enlarged and improved.—The company owning the mills consists of John Nesmith of Lowell; Thomas Barrows of Dedham; Walter Hastings of Boston, who is also treasurer. Each owns a one third share, and the business is conducted under the general incorporation act of the State.

Within the past five or six years, the mills building have been enlarged, and much of the machinery has been changed, and is now of the most modern construction. The whole building is lighted by gas manufactured on the premises, and a "dry room," where long carriages or frames (after the cloths are stretched upon them) are rolled and tightly enclosed, obviates the necessity of any part of the work being done outside in bad weather, and prevents the exposure of the operatives to unusual and injurious heat.

The water-power has proved insufficient to drive all their machinery advantageously, and last July an engine of upward of one hundred horse-power was put in. It is from the manufactory of Messrs. Thurston, Gardner & Co., of Providence, R. I., and is in all respects a finished and beautiful piece of workmanship, answering every purpose the manufacturers promised, and fully satisfying the requirements of the Company.

One of the most important additions to the works, however, was made last summer in the construction of a house in which to store and sort wool. It is some twenty rods from the main works, and is substantially built of stone. The length it is 140 by 40 feet wide, and fourteen feet high. It is, as far as possible, fire proof, and will hold easily $100,000 worth of wool, besides giving ample accommodation in a large room at one end, for the wool sorters.—This is connected with the main building (for transporting sacks of wool, ready for the manufacturer) by a sort of cable, on which the wool is slid to the door of the second story. Steam pipes are also laid from the mill to this building, by which it is sufficiently warmed, as is also the office, which is about half way between the two.

The whole works of the mills require the services of two hundred operatives. There are in operation 32 3-4 and 23 6-4 Crompton looms, with three shuttle-boxes on each end of the lathe. In the spinning apartment where the silk and wool twisting is done, are seven large frames of the latest pattern. In going through the mill, we noticed with attention to be accounted by the evidences of convenience which seem to exist on all sides, to assist in the most advantageous manner the labors of the operatives, and, making due allowance for the great age of some portions of the premises, which are not calculated to improve their looks, the whole establishment seems to be not only well arranged but admirably managed.

The mills produce about 7000 yards of 1 4 goods per week, of such character as the market demands. Some of the cloths are of excellent say we ever recollect to have seen in this vicinity, and we doubt it a better article is anywhere made. The silk mixed goods here manufactured extensively for a few years past, are of 4c. per lb. and coffee 1 and 14c.

In the House, a bill was offered so as to call on the militia to help the army and navy execute the laws in case of rebellion. Mr. Boocock, of Va., objected. Mr. Winchester, of Md., made a speech in opposition to secession, but opposed a force policy. The bill organizing the territory of Colorado, after an amendment, was passed. Several speeches were made during the evening session.

THE FIRST COTTON MILL IN THE UNITED STATES. Jesse Clement, Esq., one of the editors of the *Dubuque (Iowa) Times*, who has been in England for some time past, during which time he communicates his observations to his "home organ," in a letter from Beverly, in this State, writes as follows respecting the first cotton mill in America :—

"The first cotton mill in the United States was erected in Beverly, in 1788, two years before a movement of the kind was made at Pawtucket, R. I. While on his tour through the country in 1789, Washington thought the mill of so much importance that he found time to visit it. The spinning jenny spun sixty threads at a time, and forty pounds of cotton were carded in a day! This was set down by a periodical of those times as a marvellous day's work. All the machinery was carried by man power, there being no water power here, and steam had not been introduced. The mill was afterwards converted into a Baptist church."

DEATH OF MAYOR DAVENPORT OF NEWBURYPORT. Mayor Davenport of Newburyport, died yesterday forenoon, at the age of about fifty-five years, after a sickness of a few days' duration. Mr. Davenport was a prominent and successful business man, and of great integrity of character.—He has represented Newburyport in the Legislature and was at one time a candidate for Lieutenant Governor upon the United Democratic and anti-liquor law ticket.

A WIFE'S PRAYER. If there is anything that seems nearer to the inspiration of Naomi than the subjoined, then we have not seen it :—

Bless me this house and preserve that person whom thou hast chosen to be my husband; let his life be long and blessed, comfortable, and free from all misfortune; a great blessing and comfort unto him, a shaver in all his services, a most helper in all the accidents and changes of the world; make me amiable forever in his eyes, and dear and precious to him. Unite his heart to me in the dearest love and holiness, and mine to him in all exercises, charity and compliance. Keep me from all unquietness, all discontentedness and unreasonableness of passion, and make me humble and sensible and obedient, useful and observant, that we may delight in each other according to Thy blessed rules, and both of us may fill up our Father in Heaven, the one husband, and my sister and my mother.—Amen."

The applicants for the post office in Warren, in this State, were so numerous that the Postmaster General had to hold on the 14th inst., to let the citizens express their preference for a postmaster. The result was the choice of Mr. James S. Davis.

JEF. DAVIS, the President of the "Southern Confederacy," has delivered his inaugural address. It is in the usual Southern patriotism (which is different from the genuine), and pomposity. It will have little effect at home, and none abroad.—It is a great cackle over a very small egg.

If four dogs, with sixteen legs, can catch twenty-nine rabbits, with eighty-seven legs, in forty-four minutes, how many legs must the same rabbits have to get away from eight dogs with thirty two legs, in seventeen and a half minutes?

SAMUEL HILLSHOUSE's barn, in Readsboro', Vt., was set on fire by Dwight Canedy, on Sunday night, and a span of horses, a yoke of oxen and a cow and calf burned up. Canedy's wife, from whom he had separated, worked for Mr. Hillhouse, and jealousy instigated the deed.

THE venerable Daniel Webb is the oldest effective Methodist Minister in the world. Although he has now been in the ministry sixty-six years, he went to Little Compton, R. I., last week, and preached seven sermons in eight days.

WORKING FOR A PENNY A DAY. When in our boyhood we read in the Bible about the men working in the vineyard for a penny a day, we remember that it seemed like very small business indeed. But let us see about this. In those days a penny was about as large as fifteen of our cents, and as money was scarce, times as valuable as now, the penny a day was as good as $1.50 or $2 now. Still those men got as much as the best men now generally have in harvest time, that is, a dollar and a half a day. So also when the good Samaritan gave two pence to the landlord to take care of the sick man among thieves, it was equivalent to $3, which would probably pay his board two weeks in some country tavern, where board was very cheap. So we see that things change, while the same remains.

FRANK BLAIR says the secessionists have distinguished themselves by seizing empty forts and full Sub-Treasuries, whence he argues that they are better at stealing than fighting.

AN Irish woman named Jane Quinn died in Boston on Sunday last aged 103 years. She was the oldest person in the city.

The *Charleston Mercury* is highly indignant at Senator Douglas for having said privately that "the Union will certainly be reunited, sound and whole as ever, but even one single man of the Breckinridge leaders will ever return to represent the Gulf States in this Capitol."

I AM sick of opinions; I am weary to hear them—my soul loathes their frothy food. Give me solid, substantial religion give me an humble lover of God and man, a meek follower of Jesus, a good fruit—a full measure of love, the work of faith, the labor of love. Let your soul be such a Christian wherever they are, and whatsoever employment they are in, that both of us will cry Father in Heaven, the one husband, and my sister and my mother.—Jeremy Taylor.

MISSOURI ELECTION. Incomplete returns (the election took place yesterday) indicated the triumph of the Union ticket, for the State Convention, by 9000 majority—the returns having decidedly in favor of the Union candidates. The election passed off without disturbance.

The *Springfield Republican*, alluding to the proposed tinkering of the Personal Liberty Bill, says—" This tinkering and artful dodging are not creditable. Either let the whole thing be dropped, or the useless and obnoxious law be repealed in a straightforward, manly way."

IN his speech in Music Hall, Boston, on Sunday last, Wendell Phillips, alluding to Charles Francis Adams said—" Take care —take care, Mr. Adams; you send a long spoon to sup with the devil!"

ANDERSON, the fugitive from slavery, who has been on trial at Toronto, Canada, for some time, has been discharged, and is now at liberty.

Washington Coal,
For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns to less quantity,
It costs less money,
This is my only other fire having coal. And the GESSUNS can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF Western Avenue,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prince street.
mar14dif

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.
DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, G. G. Hows, S. M. Stockwell, D. Richardson, Edward Tuck, Edward York, E. F. Sherman, Jr.
Mutual and Stock.
The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings and Furniture, and has averaged a dividend of less than one per cent. per annum on the premiums received. The present cash capital of the Stock Department is $100,000, with a surplus amount of $114,816.35. The attention of owners of Stores and Manufacturing Establishments is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies in the STOCK DEPARTMENT, when the premium is for three years or more.
In the STOCK DEPARTMENT all the cash assets are invested in Bank Stocks, and no Manufacturing or other property not hazardous insured at current rates.
Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story).
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 16, 1860. 1y

Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate produce BRONCHIAL, PULMONARY, and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience has proved that simple remedies are often the most timely and certainly when taken in the early stages of disease. For reasons stated in our pamphlet, we refer to "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," or Lozenges, for the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious affection will be effectually warded off. Purely Medicinal.
Sold by all Druggists in the U. States.
mar14 eod3m

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous—perfectly harmless. This Dye imparts no unnatural tint, but acts upon the hair in a manner that is surprising. Sold and applied at No. 1 Astor House, and No. 233 Broadway, signed "W. A. Batchelor," and everywhere.
CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor.
mar14 eow4m

BLOOD FOOD!
BLOOD FOOD!
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BLOOD FOOD!
To all suffering from consumption, incipient or confirmed, dyspepsia, debility, loss of appetite, female weakness, nervousness, brought on by any cause; or those who have been reduced by the use of mercury or from scrofulous constitutional taint, we would say that by the use of "Blood Food" you will find relief. Many discerning complaints their are so little known, that they are often passed by unnoticed.
$5 Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. MCLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and see that the signature of Fleming Brothers is on the wrapper. Dr. McLane's Liver Pills can now be had at all respectable dealers in drugs. *Never purchase without the signature.*
FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
LLOYD'S BALL ROAD WERRAT,
Containing a correct map (so large-scale) and of every Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide. Published and for sale by Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 181 Merrimack street, opposite the Old Elmore House. Price 10 cents.
S. H. FISHER, sole agent.
jan24dtf

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
The subscriber would inform the public that he has about $1000 worth of nice Furs selling cheap, and is constantly receiving more to close out. Furs made and repaired in the store at short notice.
169 Merrimack street, Lowell.
W. BARCOM.
jan16dtf

FINKLE & LYON Sewing Machines. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jan5dtf

"The very popular Song, "DIXIE'S LAND," sold by E. S. BUFFUM, 17 Central street.
feb11

CITY AND VICINITY.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a clear, bold type, and may possess a copy; they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

THE LOWELL MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE. We have received a copy of the Annual Register of the Executive and Legislative Departments of the Government of Massachusetts. We compile the statements in regard to our Lowell members :—

ARTHUR P. HOWARD is a native of Dedham; Walter Hastings of Boston, who is also treasurer. Each owns a one third share, and the business is conducted under the general incorporation act of the State.

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It is said that Senator Critenden is expected in Boston in the course of a few weeks.

THE QUESTION as to who is to be the next Postmaster, is beginning to excite some interest in this city, although there is little probability of any change being made for several months to come—certainly not before May or June. Lowell has many good men who would not object to the office, and who are eminently qualified for it, too; some she has, also, who are said to be very anxious to get it, and who will make desperate efforts to that end, but will finally have to yield with the best grace they can when it passes to another's hands. Some who are to try for it have not yet "filled a finger," nor will they do so at present. The Lowell postoffice will be a "bone of contention" for months to come, and the claims of the Crittenden proposition—something they don't want; and if they go with their eyes open, will not endorse.

M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE.
FLEMING BROS. SOLE PROPRIETORS.
$7 No remedy ever invented has been so successful as the great vermifuge of Dr. McLane, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh. All who have used it have been equally delighted and delighted at its wonderful energy and efficacy. To publish all the testimonials in its favor would fill volumes; we must therefore content ourselves with a brief abstract of a few of them.
Mobile, Ala. Gentlemen:—I have used Dr. McLane's Vermifuge in my family with the most perfect success. Its operation is mild and pleasant, and in a variety of cases of worms, in children of all ages, it has never failed to bring away the worms. Its taste is agreeable to children, and it is entirely safe in all cases. I have also used it in my own case, and found it to be a most powerful and efficient remedy for worms. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have used it with the same success. I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best vermifuge I have ever used, and I have used many. JOHN A. GOODWIN.
Dr. McLane's Liver Pills are the best cathartic in use. Prepared only by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.
For sale by all Druggists in the U. States.
mar14 eow4m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.
THE subscribers would respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that they have opened an establishment on
CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 94,
corner of Hilliard street, where they will keep a constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c., and will MANUFACTURE their own articles, (mostly from Mr John Hosley's shop,) in a workmanlike manner, and at reasonable prices. All orders will be promptly attended to. In consequence of the large demand for Blinds, we have a machine for making them, by which we can turn out seven sizes at once. All ordered and received supplies of the above articles.
JOHN A. GOODWIN, Jr.
JOHN A. GOODWIN, Jr.
Charlestown, Dec. 1, 1860. 3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye !!
WM.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The splendid Hair Dye is instantaneous—perfectly harmless. This Dye imparts no unnatural tint, but acts upon the hair in a manner that is surprising. Sold and applied at No. 1 Astor House, and No. 233 Broadway, signed "W. A. Batchelor," and everywhere.
CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor.
mar14 eow4m

Medal Family Sewing Machine
The wide spread reputation of this Machine is enormously increasing, and its merits are acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in its class. Simplicity of form, it has become a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as a family necessity. It all the best premiums at the State and County fairs, on silk, linen, cotton and woolen, in the United States.
WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE
Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence
The following well known names are among those who have purchased the Medal Machine for family use in Low.
D. S. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Hosley, H. Hosley,
Wm. A. Burke, H. Hosley,
H. Hosley, Wilder Richardson,
S. A. Alger, F. L. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn, E. Bartlett,
B. F. Butler, Rev. E. H. Foster,
A. D. Sargeant, Mrs. Dr. Bowers,
D. C. Brown, Mrs. C. Bryant,
Samuel Fox, Mrs. Dr. Pillsbury,
J. L. Ordway, Wm. L. North,
J. W. Bailey, Mrs. Dr. Crosby,
B. W. Webster, J. L. Chaney,
Mrs. Dr. Crosby, and many others, in all sizes and prices varying from Fifty to One hundred and twenty dollars, for "cash only."
SHAW,
at Merrimack Drug Store
mar17 eop3t dly

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,
THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, CONSUMPTION, &c.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON
ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.
Agents Wanted—apply as above. mar14w3m

FIRE INSURANCE.
HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1848.
Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms, either in a single risk, or terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from six months to five years.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.
DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby, Stephen Fleming, Joshua W. Bailey, Benjamin Adams, Ephraim Brown, Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates, Alvah Crocker, Reuben E. Dodmen.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 604 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 83 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 21, 1860. yly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!
The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 100 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.
$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate, worth double the amount loaned on, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, and held exclusively for the benefit of Policy holders.
DIRECTORS:
Preston Lyman, Charles Stanton, Isaac Rice, Jr., Thos. Fillebrown, Jr., John Anderson, Jr., Nathaniel Bartlett, Jr., Robert Ray, Brooklyn, Edward Prime, Jr., Brooklyn, Samuel Fox, Merchant, New York, Thomas Tileston, Merchant, New York, Geo. Griswold, Jr., Brooklyn, GEORGE F. SNIFFEN, Secretary.
ROBERT AYRES, General Agent.
Books taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at the office of the Company,
DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Jewelry Store, Central street.
Nov. 18, 1860. dly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made one of the largest sets ever inserted on this material, they are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been much said in regard to the use of this article, but the difficulties in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber for the base of artificial teeth, have been entirely overcome; and we are now prepared to say, that for all purposes for which it is used with the best success, there are many instances where it is used with the best success, there are many where it is used with the best success, there are many where it is used with the best success, there are many

SEVEN YEARS!

The seven years of successful success attending the "Cosmopolitan Art Association," have made it a household word throughout every quarter of the country.

Until the simplicity of this popular institution, over three hundred thousand homes have learned to appreciate—by long!—its works of art on their walls, and choice literature on their tables, the great benefits derived from becoming a subscriber.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Any person can become a member by subscribing three dollars, for which sum they will receive

1st.—The large and superb steel engraving, finish and on canvas,

"Patient Mastering his Recruits,"

or either of the other Engravings published by the Association.

2d.—One copy, one year, of that elegantly illustrated magazine,

"The Cosmopolitan Art Journal,"

3d.—Free admission, during the season, to

"THE GALLERY OF PAINTINGS,

568 Broadway, New York."

In addition to the above benefits, there will be given to subscribers, as gratuitous premiums, over

Five Hundred Beautiful

consisting valuable paintings, marbles, cartoons, outline drawings, forming a truly national benefit.

Regarding Engraving, which every subscriber receives, "in one of the most beautiful and popular engravings ever issued in this country. It will cause no trouble, as *fine line and stipple*, making a most elegant ornament, suitable for the walls of either the library, office or dress. Its subject is that most celebrated work of Sir John Fabcuff receiving in Justice Shallow's orchard the recruits for the king's army. Each one of the principal expressions will be found can be learned from the books we loan them into delivery.

The Art Journal is well known, not only in this country to need commendation. It is a magnificently illustrated magazine of Art, containing Essays, Novelettes, Poems, Gossip, &c., by the very best writers in America.

The engraving is sent to any part of the country by mail, with entire safety, packed in pasteboard rollers, *no* prepaid.

Subscriptions will be received until the Evening at the close of April, at which time the books will close and the premiums given to subscribers.

Address,

C. L. DERBY, Actuary C. A. Ass.

Cosmopolitan Art Rooms, 568 Broadway, N. Y.

C. F. LORD, Agent for Lowell and vicinity, at Rugg & Griffith's Music Store. The public are invited to call and examine the Engraving and Premiums. de29 d1m&1

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF Mr. LIBBEY

ON

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Hat—I feel confident in suiting the most fastidious taste.

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a more tasty BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand.

Prices Bonnets bleached, and Hats dyed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17&8m

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Sawed Wood, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for sale at retail, at wholesale and retail. Orders left at the yard will meet with prompt attention.

NO. 28 MIDDLE STREET.

Having also arrangements with shippers to supply the above articles by the cargo, we are prepared to offer inducements to those who wish to deal in the above articles, to call and see us before purchasing elsewhere. WILLIAM KITTREDGE.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. aug6dm

"CITY"

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in SMALL WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds. Malleable Iron Castings, Boiler Valves, Cocks, Gauges, Tubes, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Jackson's "Patent Improved Gas Ground Joint Cock and Fire." Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Gates.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and made to order. PIPING for the Trade, Shipping, Water put up with neatness and despatch.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. jy29

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water. Also Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes. Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all fixtures generally used by engineers; constructing and erecting buildings for steam and lighting with gas. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest style, constantly on hand. Steam Pumping in all the branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

Works, No. 10 Howe St., Belvidere.

Store, No. 8 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

WASHINGTON Bowling Saloon,

By W. K. THOMPSON,

No. 81 Merrimack Street,

Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. may19

Burnell's Cocoaine,

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes the growth and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It has a delightful perfume odor.

It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the farthest lasting hair.

It remains longest in effect.

It costs 50 cents for a half size bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ap6

RESTAURANT.

DINNER will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 12 o'clock M. to 2 P. M.

The best of wines will constantly be on hand, as well as the delicacies of the season, which will be served up in a neat manner.

The proprietor hopes, by this arrangement to accommodate the citizens generally, and solicits a share of the public patronage.

1170 H. EMERY.

ASTHMA.

For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

PERRY'S BRONCHIAL ELIXIR,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per bottle. Sold by Druggists generally.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

May, 1860. may19 1y

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, reading, hall, parlor, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Lowell and retail.

Also, Hunter's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's lowest prices.

Please call and examine the above at H. S. HAYNES'

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct20

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy cheap Books, is at the Bookstore, No. 6 C. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 7 Central street, Lowell.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.

—Invery Incomparable Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves and Satin Shoes. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John street. dec26

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS

"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Wonders and Jesus'—by Rev. A. Underwood. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by A. STANIELS, nov17 J. J. JUDKINS, 2 John st.

H.S. HAYNES.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all description, for wholesale and retail. These goods are of the very *best* quality and shape, entirely new, and are the very lowest. Also, just arrived from the English and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and will be sold by any stock, which will very large, making an assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them. *No pay, and will create pleasure* to sell them to you.

Just keep in mind two things—that the best assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street, less than 50 paces from the post office.

dec7 H. S. HAYNES.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up THON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and strength, and guarantee

CUSHING & MACE,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market street.

may24 1y

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money at home. The investment of a dollar has been discovered, and is now being successfully used out by many, who, before, had no means, simple business, were comparatively poor. We have just arrived from the East, and are now making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months since was much needing is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own industry in this business. Any one can do as he has done, for the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $5 to $10 per day. Boys can clear from $3 to $10 per week. A pamphlet containing all information sent by mail, with full instructions in the business, and which enables the possessor to commence operations immediately, will be sent for a trifle. No money to be invested in stock or anything else. We offer to sell this business to the first 10,000 who send us $1.00. Address

H. HALLETT & CO.,

Portland, Maine.

Reference—Any merchant in Portland. We have two hundred individuals in this country, who have lost confidence in the whole race of mankind.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET, DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Piano Fortes. These Instruments have had premiums over all other competitors at the last three Fairs held in this city. Also, agents for the celebrated Melodeons and Cabinet Organs manufactured by Mason & Hamlin, Boston, and Prince & Co., Buffalo. Pianos and Melodeons to let. Lowell, June 16, 1860. jy16

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his new stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY WOOLLENS,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Gratis.

UGH McEVOY.

sept28&3m

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

In every respect,

Selling quite low at

HEADEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. apr16

Kerosene-Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

Selling wholesale and retail, at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Shades, Chimneys, Chimney Brushes, &c., at DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Emporium, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

80 Merrimack Street. nov9

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in certain Cases without the slightest pain, where all other remedies fail, as well as celebrated *Corn Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered, and it is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

P. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries generally.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

PHILLING SONG BOOK,

CONTAINING 192 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day, for sale by HUNT, 17 Central st.

GOLDEN SALVE

IS purely a vegetable preparation, easily tapped from the pine tree, and is a sovereign remedy for Piles. The secret of its preparation was obtained from a Canadian Indian, who used it for his people, who used it more than 20 years with great success. It should be in every family. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ap13

BUY YOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

AT

H. S. HAYNES,

WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is now prepared to sell at Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Postoffice. nov22

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is, since his departure, manufactured by the well known firm of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and is now used at most of the tables here, as it adds a high and growing reputation to the already American appetizer, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made for the Reform Club, and is the flavor is excellent, and it affords commendable aid to cases of ALOW and WEAK digestion."—[The Lancet.

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its 'per."—Observer.

A most valuable Sauce to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GABRIEL & JOHNSON,

317 Pearl-st., New York.

And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Central street, Lowell.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. Sm&1yjan19

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

and now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment so complete, suitable for this market in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

and a full line of COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness is unequaled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of crockery will do well to call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will tell loud items to

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITTANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a few seasons in the various markets and manufactories. Selling low to cash purchasers in the City Hall, and Crockery Corner, Merrimack street. Please remember,

Sign of the *Gold Band Pitcher*,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

AVALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best signs of a thriving business. Call at No. 6 Central street, may be found some of the choicest works published, viz:

THE BOOK OF BEAUTY from Boudoirs to Ballrooms, by Mrs. Ellet, author of "Women of the American Revolution," "Characteristics of Literature," "Pictorial Sketch Book," "Poetry of Flowers," "Pencil Sketches," "Poetry and Romance of Dress," "Poetry and Romance of Home," "Poetry and Romance of Costume," "Poetry and Romance of Social Life," "Poetry and Romance of Material Life," "Poetry and Romance of Mental Life," "Poetry and Romance of Moral Life," "Poetry and Romance of Religious Life," "Poetry and Romance of Rural Life," "Poetry and Romance of Patriotism," "Poetry and Romance of Love," "Poetry and Romance of Friendship," "Poetry and Romance of Time," "Poetry and Romance of Eternity," "Poetry and Romance of Heaven," "Poetry and Romance of Hell," "Poetry and Romance of Purgatory," "Poetry and Romance of Limbo," "Poetry and Romance of Nirvana," "Poetry and Romance of Annihilation," "Poetry and Romance of Resurrection," "Poetry and Romance of Judgment

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, February 20, 1861.

HARDENING UP. The idle thought so often and so hastily expressed in the early stage of our sectional troubles, that the government was suddenly going to pieces, seems about to give way to a more rational conclusion. The childish fear that our government, the work of nearly a century, was destitute of any self-protecting force, and was ready to fly to pieces at the very instant when a call was made for its strength, is every place to a large hope and a deep and penetrating confidence in its strength and adaptation to present and coming wants.

The organization and the growth of the federal power is the work of an age, the result of its tests of strength and adaptation to wants, of all things formed or accepted by it, that has ever yet appeared to man; and it would, therefore, be strange indeed, if this rare and beautiful, as well as practical piece of workmanship, which had its birth in necessity and has been developed in harmony with practical wants, should prove the most heartless and inefficient of any government ever stretched over the interests of a living nation.

A feeling of distrust in the power of the government has been creeping over the public mind, and has been mainly developed by what is called the misrule of the administrations of Pierce and Buchanan. In the former, Kansas was the scene of outrages the most disgraceful, while little if any attempt was made by the government to restrain the pro-slavery violence that raged and desolated that territory. In fact, the government would scarcely acknowledge the existence for it, and I suppose, it was peculiarly proper that I should do so until the time arrived when, according to the forms of the country, I should speak officially. I allude to the custom of the President at the close of his term of entering up on his office to submit his views upon political questions to Congress. (Cries of "Hear him.")

I did suppose that while the political excitement at present being enacted in this country is so rapidly shifting its scenes and changing every hour, forbidding any expression with any degree of certainty to-day of what we shall see to-morrow, that it was proper for me to defer what I say to the last minute before I should take a position which I might through some change of scene be compelled to abandon. I repeat what I have before stated, that when I assumed the reins to act, I shall take the ground that I believe to be right (applause); that I think is right for the North, the South, the East, and for the West, for the whole country (cries of "Good" and cheers and applause); and in doing so I hope to feel no necessity present to me to say anything in conflict with the interests of the States, in conflict with the perpetuation of the liberties of the people, or, I may add, in contradistinction with anything I have ever given you reason to expect from me. (Cheers.) Now, my friends, have I said enough? (Cries of "No," "no.")

There appears to be a difference of opinion between you and me, and I shall insist on deciding the question for myself.

Loud applause and laughter followed this sally, during which Mr. Lincoln left the platform and proceeded to the upper end of the hall, where he shook hands with a large number of those present and then retired.

THE ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA for January (L. Scott & Co.'s reprint) has been received by Crosby, Nichols, Lee & Co., Boston.

It contains articles on Church Expansion and Liturgical Revision, Japan and the Japanese, The Victoria Bridge, Political Ballads of England and Scotland, Ocean Telegraphy, Autobiography of Dr. A. Carlyle, Motley's History of the United Netherlands, Forbes and Tyndall on the Alps and their Glaciers, The Kingdom of Italy, and Naval Organization. The article on Motley's History is able, elaborate and appreciative. It begins with a fine tribute to Prescott, of whom the reviewer says, that "in his reputation from the first hour of its appearance has shone with a steady and enduring lustre; his great acquirements, his patience and unremitting hopefulness and industry under the most severe affliction which could happen to a student, his pure devotion to one of the loftiest departments of literature, his honest and single hearted purpose of his life, have caused his name to be regarded with affection and esteem wherever English literature is read and heard of. That he should have left half told the story of Philip will be the main the subject of regret." Of Mr. Motley's work the reviewer says, that "fortune is the present age has been to add three works of the highest merit, none of them can be ranked above these volumes in the grand qualities of interest, accuracy and truth." Several of the papers in this number possess more than usual interest.

NOMINATING POSTMASTERS. Hon. Schuyler Colfax has written a letter recommending to the Republicans of his district to nominate candidates for postmasters in the different places, by a mass vote. He expressed his full confidence that Virginia would join the Southern Confederacy.

Missouri. A dispatch says the Telegraphs have carried every county in the State by over-whelming majorities. Not ten secessionists have been elected to the Convention.

Arkansas. Fayetteville was carried Monday against a Convention. The raising of the American flag over the Court House was greeted with un bounded enthusiasm and cheering.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE. The peace convention is proceeding harmoniously, and probably will not arrive at a conclusion before the end of the week. The speech of ex-Gov. Boutwell, on Monday, is spoken of highly by all. The correspondent of the *New York Herald* says it is considered as a fair index of the sentiment of New England, and is the subject of much comment. He believes it is the duty of the people of the South to test the new administration before condemning it. Afterward there will be time enough for compromise.

The speech led to a debate which lasted all day. Messrs. Guthrie of Ky., Seddon of Va., Reverdy Johnson of Md., and Cleveland of Conn., taking part in it.

MR. RICHARD TAFT has leased the Plume and Perdle Houses, at the White Mountains, which will be opened the coming summer under his administration.

MRS. LINCOLN IN NEW YORK. Mr. Lincoln and his party left Albany yesterday for New York city. He was welcomed at the several important places on the way, by enthusiastic crowds. Several brief speeches were addressed to the throngs that gathered to see him, and in all instances his remarks were much applauded.

The train reached New York on time. Mrs. Lincoln and children were then driven on to the Astor House in a close carriage. Mr. Lincoln and party, occupying eleven carriages, then rode to the Astor House. All along the route the streets were packed with people, but the Presidential party had no difficulty in their progress, owing to the excellent police arrangements. It is estimated that over a million of people in all have witnessed the future President.—There was continuous cheering from the depot to the hotel. At the Astor House an immense throng collected. The streets were decorated, and the music and shouting were deafening. In the evening he was called upon by the Republican City Committee, and in reply to an address of welcome spoke as follows:—

"I did not understand when brought into this room that I was to make a speech.—It was not intimated to me that I was about to enter a room where Webster and Clay had made speeches, and where in my position I might be expected to do something like those men, or something worthy of my age and audience. I have been occupying a position since the Presidential election of silence, of avoiding public speaking and public writing. I have thought upon full consideration that it was the proper course for me to pursue. (A pause.)

I have not kept silent from any party wantonness or from any indifference to the anxiety which pervades the minds of men in regard to the threatening aspect of the political affairs of the country. I have kept silence for the reason that I supposed, it was peculiarly proper that I should do so until the time arrived when, according to the course of the country, I should speak officially. I allude to the custom of the President elect at the time of entering upon his office to submit his views upon political questions to Congress. (Cries of "Hear him.")

I did suppose that while the political excitement at present being enacted in this country is so rapidly shifting its scenes and changing every hour, forbidding any expression with any degree of certainty to-day of what we shall see to-morrow, that it was proper for me to defer what I say to the last minute before I should take a position which I might through some change of scene be compelled to abandon. I repeat what I have before stated, that when I assumed the reins to act, I shall take the ground that I believe to be right (applause); that I think is right for the North, the South, the East, and for the West, for the whole country (cries of "Good" and cheers and applause); and in doing so I hope to feel no necessity present to me to say anything in conflict with the interests of the States, in conflict with the perpetuation of the liberties of the people, or, I may add, in contradistinction with anything I have ever given you reason to expect from me. (Cheers.) Now, my friends, have I said enough? (Cries of "No," "no.")

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Loud applause and laughter followed this sally, during which Mr. Lincoln left the platform and proceeded to the upper end of the hall, where he shook hands with a large number of those present and then retired.

THE ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA for January (L. Scott & Co.'s reprint) has been received by Crosby, Nichols, Lee & Co., Boston.

It contains articles on Church Expansion and Liturgical Revision, Japan and the Japanese, The Victoria Bridge, Political Ballads of England and Scotland, Ocean Telegraphy, Autobiography of Dr. A. Carlyle, Motley's History of the United Netherlands, Forbes and Tyndall on the Alps and their Glaciers, The Kingdom of Italy, and Naval Organization. The article on Motley's History is able, elaborate and appreciative. It begins with a fine tribute to Prescott, of whom the reviewer says, that "in his reputation from the first hour of its appearance has shone with a steady and enduring lustre; his great acquirements, his patience and unremitting hopefulness and industry under the most severe affliction which could happen to a student, his pure devotion to one of the loftiest departments of literature, his honest and single hearted purpose of his life, have caused his name to be regarded with affection and esteem wherever English literature is read and heard of. That he should have left half told the story of Philip will be the main the subject of regret." Of Mr. Motley's work the reviewer says, that "fortune is the present age has been to add three works of the highest merit, none of them can be ranked above these volumes in the grand qualities of interest, accuracy and truth." Several of the papers in this number possess more than usual interest.

NOMINATING POSTMASTERS. Hon. Schuyler Colfax has written a letter recommending to the Republicans of his district to nominate candidates for postmasters in the different places, by a mass vote. He expressed his full confidence that Virginia would join the Southern Confederacy.

Missouri. A dispatch says the Telegraphs have carried every county in the State by over-whelming majorities. Not ten secessionists have been elected to the Convention.

Arkansas. Fayetteville was carried Monday against a Convention. The raising of the American flag over the Court House was greeted with un bounded enthusiasm and cheering.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE. The peace convention is proceeding harmoniously, and probably will not arrive at a conclusion before the end of the week. The speech of ex-Gov. Boutwell, on Monday, is spoken of highly by all. The correspondent of the *New York Herald* says it is considered as a fair index of the sentiment of New England, and is the subject of much comment. He believes it is the duty of the people of the South to test the new administration before condemning it. Afterward there will be time enough for compromise.

The speech led to a debate which lasted all day. Messrs. Guthrie of Ky., Seddon of Va., Reverdy Johnson of Md., and Cleveland of Conn., taking part in it.

MR. RICHARD TAFT has leased the Plume and Perdle Houses, at the White Mountains, which will be opened the coming summer under his administration.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate, yesterday, the joint special committee on the subject reported in reference to the Personal Liberty law. The committee go into some what of an argument to show the rights of the people of Massachusetts. Every man on the soil of Massachusetts is prima facie free. And this presumption should not be cut down without the most plenary and convincing proof to the contrary. The protection of personal freedom is the primary object of government, and should never be subordinated in deference to the rights of property. The right to legislate for the recapture of fugitives does not extend to persons who are not fugitives from service and labor. The committee having revised the law, suggest some modifications, the remaining provisions they believe are free from any pretence even of unconstitutionality. The following are the proposed sections:—

SEC. 1. That writ of *habeas corpus* shall in all cases except those mentioned in the thirtieth and the thirty-second sections of the one hundred and forty-fourth chapter of the general statutes, be returnable before the Supreme Judicial Court, or some justice thereof, in term of vacation.

SEC. 2. When any trial shall be had upon a writ of *habeas corpus*, under the nineteenth section of the one hundred forty-fourth chapter of the general statutes, no issues shall be framed under direction of the court, but the rules of evidence, proceedure and decision, shall be those of the common law.

SEC. 3. Nothing contained in the statutes of the Commonwealth shall be construed to authorize the taking of any person by writ of *habeas corpus* out of the custody of the United States marshal or his deputy, having his by legal and sufficient process, issued by any court or magistrate of competent jurisdiction *provided*, however, that this shall not affect the authority of the Supreme Judicial Court, or its justices, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, and of this Commonwealth, to investigate and determine upon the validity and legal effect of any process which may be relied on to defeat the writ, or any other matter properly arising.

SEC. 4. Nothing contained in the sixty-second section of the one hundred and forty-fourth chapter of the general statutes shall be construed to authorize the punishment of any person, who, without any false pretence or unlawful intent, claims another person with any degree of certainty to be a fugitive from service or labor.

SEC. 5. Nothing contained in the one hundred and forty-fourth chapter of the general statutes shall be construed to prohibit or hinder the arrest of any officer, court or magistrate to call out the militia for the preservation or suppression of any riot, tumult or mob, as provided in the thirteenth and one hundred and sixty-fourth chapters of the general statutes, or to excuse the officers or members of the volunteer militia from obeying such military order, or to render them liable to any penalty for executing the same: *provided*, that the militia shall not be used in the forcible service of any lawful process of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 6. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

The bill to incorporate the Lowell Mechanics' Association was read for a third reading, when Mr. Whiting, of Plymouth, offered an amendment that it should keep at least 40 per cent. of its loans in first mortgages on real estate and 20 per cent. in public securities; in making its loans it shall give a preference to applicants for less than $1000; it shall divide the whole amount of its net profits among depositors at least once in three years and shall never take more than the lawful rate of interest. Pending the consideration of this amendment, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, an order was adopted instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to consider the expediency of having the Governor's message laid before them on the first of April instead of the first of May.

At three o'clock the two houses went into convention to choose two directors on the part of the State in the Western Railroad. Messrs. Jonathan Bourne, of New Bedford, and George A. Shaw, of Boston, were elected.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, the Tennessee case was considered and an amendment adopted by 23 to 22, seeking the notes to fifty instead of twenty dollars. The tariff bill was taken up and the duties on the schedule of 40 per cent. An amendment, placing a duty of fifteen per cent. ad valorem on wool worth less than 25 cents, was, after a long discussion, lost by 29 to 25.

Mr. Bingham offered an amendment placing a duty of five per cent. on all wool worth under 18 cents.

Mr. Morrill opposed the amendment, as injurious to the manufacturers and of no benefit to the wool growers.

The amendment was adopted—22 to 20.

Mr. Powell offered an amendment repealing the fishing bounties. Lost.

Some other amendments were adopted, when the bill was reported to the Senate.

In the House, Mr. Fenton of N. Y., offered a resolution providing for calling a national convention as a substitute for the Committee of Thirty-three. Mr. Stanton's bill was taken up, to call in to service the militia when necessary, and a long debate ensued in which Messrs. Stanton, Pendleton and others took part.

The concert last evening, by the Lowell Brigade Band, at Huntington Hall, was well attended, and passed off with general satisfaction. The music of course was good.—From ten to twelve those who desired, danced to the time of the string and wind instruments of the Band combined, and as we have seen who were present, expect themselves highly satisfied. The next of the series is not yet announced.

A BUSINESS CHANGE. The business firm of J. F. Thompson & Co., in this city, has been dissolved by consent of parties. Mr. Thompson gives up business in Lowell and goes to Boston. He has long been engaged in the retail clothing trade here, and is well known to many of our citizens, who will regret that circumstances have occurred to induce him to leave Lowell, and will join their good wishes with ours for his success in business. By advertisement in another place, it will be seen that Mr. W. E. Farrar, his partner, will continue the business that has heretofore been carried on by the firm.

THE Sheriff's sale by James Hopkins of two bay mares, advertised to take place this day at 10 o'clock, at Lovejoy & Morse's stable, on East Merrimack Street, stands adjourned to Saturday, February 23rd, at 10 o'clock A. M., at E. B. Patch & Co.'s Auction Room, Commercial square.

CITY AND VICINITY.

PAWTUCKET BRIDGE CELEBRATION. The full Committee, for the Pawtucket Bridge Celebration, are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at the Reception Room, Huntington Hall, this evening, at 7 o'clock, to perfect the arrangements for the occasion. Every member is requested to be present.

Per order,
BENJ. WALKER Sec'y. Pro Tem.

Superior Court—Civil Term.
SESSION 2.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1861.

81—Whitten *vs.* Nichols. Way and Butler for Plaintiff. Fort for Defendant.
107—Holmes *vs.* Sargent. Pearson for Plaintiff. Butler & Webster for Defendant.
456—Tarbox *et al.* *vs.* Worcester and Nashua R. R. Butler & Webster for Plaintiff. Specking for Defendant.
21st. 1205—Commonwealth by Complaint *vs.* Kennedy. Locke and Burns for Plaintiff. Specking and Gaffney for Defendant.
1206—Commonwealth *vs.* Newhall. Prescott, Dwight and Chase for Plaintiff; Perry, Endicott and Haywood for Defendant.
852—Greenough *vs.* Gaskey. Lynde for Plaintiff. Griffin & Stackpole for Defendant.
22nd. 736—Hingham & Cambridge Insurance Co. *vs.* Marriott and Butler for Plaintiff. Griffin and Morse for Defendant.

No more cases will be put upon the Trial List, this term.

Mercantile View, on a P. Thomas Estate, to be sent to Essex Court on exceptions, as we understand.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess them. The pamphlet contains a list of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

FREEING OF PAWTUCKET BRIDGE. This forenoon, quite a number of our citizens were in attendance at the toll-gate house at Pawtucket Bridge, to go through the necessary forms to make the bridge hereafter free to the people. Lowell was represented by Mayor Sargent, the Aldermen, Common Council, Treasurer Fox, and Amos Stone, Esq., the County Treasurer was also present. The attendance from Lowell was not quite large, but from the unfavorable weather, the number present from all quarters would have been much larger.

After the formality of paying over the portion of the money required from the town of Dracut and the city of Lowell to the County Treasurer, who transferred the same to the Treasurer of the Bridge Company, Lawrence Hamilton, Esq., declared the bridge free. A team belonging to the McFarlins was present, and by a rope the toll-gate was attached to it, and the gate was drawn across the bridge—proposed by Lewis's Band, amid the cheers of the multitude and salvos of the artillery! Everybody was delighted, the Dracut people especially. The bridge is now a free thoroughfare, and unless our neighbors find it convenient to *secede* some day, it will undoubtedly prove a profitable arrangement to Lowell and the adjacent towns, when travel takes them along the highway leading to it.

APPOINTMENT AND RESIGNATION. Capt. Jonathan Ladd, of Company H (Watson Light Guard), Lowell, has been appointed Aid-de-Camp to the staff of Second Division, Maj. Gen. Sutton.

Last Monday night, Capt. Ladd resigned his position as commander of the Watson Light Guard. The members of the company did not understand the movement and were trying to have him reverse his decision, but the above will let them into the secret.

DECIDED AGAINST HIM. We learn from the *Boston Traveller* of last evening, that in the case of John A. Harwood, of Littleton, against James Lanson, of this city, which has been on trial for a day or two in Boston, the jury yesterday afternoon returned a verdict of guilty. The case originated as follows: Sometime last summer Lanson sold Harwood a horse, representing the animal to be sound. The horse was found to be almost worthless, and the evidence being laid before the grand jury of Suffolk county, an indictment was found against Lanson for cheating and defrauding.

BOHEMIAN GLASS BLOWERS. The exhibitions of this troupe at Mechanics' Hall are spoken of in the highest terms of praise by those who have visited their entertainments, and we should have been surprised had the citizens of Lowell not responded to the call which such a rare amusement warrants, and those who have thus far had the pleasure of attending their grand performances each afternoon and evening, speak in terms of unqualified praise. Nothing so refined and chaste has visited Lowell for years.—We learn that Mr. Somerby has arranged to give a grand performance Friday afternoon, February 22nd, the anniversary of Washington's birth-day.

THE concert last evening, by the Lowell Brigade Band, at Huntington Hall, was well attended, and passed off with general satisfaction. The music of course was good.—From ten to twelve those who desired, danced to the time of the string and wind instruments of the Band combined, and as we have seen who were present, expect themselves highly satisfied. The next of the series is not yet announced.

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THE PURE BLOOD
Is absolutely necessary to good health, and when impure or vitiated, must be expelled, or the seeds of disease will be developed in the form of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, Sores, Boils, Tumors, Ulcers, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Mercurial Disease, Fever and Ague, Consumption, and many other forms of disease. No medicine has ever been discovered which will so surely and speedily purify the blood as

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

Its virtues are known to many millions, who have been cured by it of the above complaints. Even when the disease has become deep-seated in the system, and has broken out in loathsome sores, a few bottles of this powerful blood purifier will generally suffice to drive it entirely out, and restore the patient to perfect health. Minor complaints, such as Boils, Pimples, Blotches, and Eruptions, disappear after a few doses of it, and the worst forms of Scrofula yield to its alterative power. Indeed, so subtle are the forces it imparts to the blood, that it reaches the most hidden roots of disease, and leaves no taint behind. Nothing can withstand it that has even a remote chance of relief. Hence, when all other remedies fail, a trial of this will show you the reason why.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.
Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Washington Coal,

For sacking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up clearer,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other free burning coal. And the ORDEUM can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
jan14dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, H. Bradford, B. S. Richardson,
T. Nesbitt, H. Hosford, Isaac Place,
L. G. Rowe, Joseph Tuck, F. Sherman,
Levi Spargo.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factory risks. No assessment has ever been made on this class. The present cash capital of the Company is $110,000, with Deposit Notes to the amount of $110,000. The attention of owners of Dwellings, Furniture and Factories is invited to this Company. Its rates are low, and its policies liberal in requiring, and rates are so low that no one can afford to be without insurance.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $100,000. Rates of premium moderate, and no other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

Applications received at the Company's Office, No. 97 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy19tf

J. P. Congdon. The recent changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL and THROAT affections. The experience of the past winter has clearly proved that simple remedies often are speedily and effectually overlooked in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. It will relieve the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat and Lungs, at this period of the season, when a serious attack may be effectually warded off—a single dose will convince the most skeptic of its effects; for relieving and strengthening the voice, see advertisement. Dec. 12. 6m*

W. A. Batcheior's Hair Dye!

Unsurpassed! Reliable! Instantaneous! Perfect! Harmless! Sold and applied at No. 16 Astor House, New York. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers everywhere. Factory No. 81 Barclay street, New York. feb4dly

To all suffering from consumption, indigent or otherwise, the advertiser will send the recipe for the preparation and use of a simple vegetable remedy, free from scientific complexities, by which he was cured of a severe lung affection, after the disease had made many distressing, confidential symptoms that are liable to be misunderstood. Address

BLOOD FOOD
is offered as a certain and valuable remedy. Delivering the Blood to the system in the purest form. Sold by druggists. Price $1 a package. Depot 289 Broadway, New York. feb4dly

CHURCH & DUTTON, 289 Broadway, New York, Proprietors of the Blood Food, beg to announce the appointment of a Travelling Agent, who will visit Lowell in a few days, and will be prepared to receive orders for the Blood Food, and to give any information desired. All Communications to be addressed to Church & Dutton, 289 Broadway, New York. None received after 5 P. M. Thursday. Agent will be at Merrimack House, Lowell, Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, and all day Thursday, at 6 o'clock.

RUFUS SOMERBY, Manager. dlf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

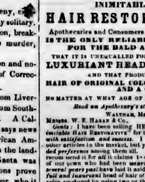
S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in this city, and have had the use of it for years, and have found its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to insert Teeth on this base, at prices among the lowest. Persons desiring the best dental protection in relation to the health of the mouth, can have it by calling at the office of the subscribers. Teeth inserted on gold plate every other article now in use, there are many advantages in using the gold plate process, and in many cases it is according to the popular favor—Teeth inserted from one to a full set, and warranted for ten years. Particular attention is paying that it be done in a manner not to be detected by the closest observer. Persons desiring to have their teeth attended to, in this mode, and all others, that are unable to pay the usual prices, can have it done at reasonable rates.

Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

This wide spread reputation of this Machine is an enemity due to its great merits. Its ability to perform for the best judges to surpass all others in the Field, has secured for it, in this and other countries, the highest encomiums, and is justly looked upon as beyond question the best for the use of families, or family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and broadcloth, and all the innumerable fancy stitching, gathering, and all the innumerable kinds of ornamental needle work upon clothing.

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING Machine

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known persons are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low-ell:

Mrs. Gov. Bullock,	J. B. Richardson,
J. A. Butrick,	H. Hosford,
Mrs. Gov. Andrew,	Mrs. Gov. Banks,
E. Hamblen,	Mrs. Gov. Washburn,
C. B. Coburn,	Mrs. Gov. Boutwell,
Mrs. Gov. Clifford,	J. P. Folsom,
Rev. A. D. Sargent,	J. N. Perry,
Mrs. Gov. Gardner,	Mrs. Gov. Morton,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Mrs. Gov. Lincoln,	Mrs. Gov. Wells,
A. L. Brown,	C. F. Blanchard,
Mrs. Gov. Briggs,	Mrs. Gov. Rice,

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, is for sale by the subscriber, at the manufacturer's lowest prices.

J. W. FISHER,
Agent.
44 Merrimack Street.
mar17 tf

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, &c.

The use of a single wafer will convince that there is a fact existed with respect to the powers of this invaluable remedy. Public speakers and singers will find in them a certain relief. Public speakers and singers will find in them a certain relief. In a few days' perseverance will be sufficient to effect a cure in the most obstinate cases. Those who are pleased to the taste. Je nettes principle of the herbs used in their manufacture, they are perfectly harmless, and may safely be given to children.

Sold by druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by F. WILCOX, Lowell Mass., and may be supplied at reasonable rates.

For sale by all druggists supplied at short notice by Jan 10, or 1841. 1y

CAUTION!

The subscribers, proprietors of the true and genuine **PULMONARY BALSAM**, would caution the public against the many worthless imitations of the same, MR. W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertise Frank Cal.

We take this method of cautioning the public against buying worthless articles. Ask for Wistar's. If they hope to get the genuine article, as we have no agents, and sell only to dealers. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country.

Dec. 12. 6m* SAMUEL RIDDER.

The Great English Remedy!

FIR AND TAR CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known medicine is recommended for all complaints incidental to the female constitution, regulates and overcomes, by its female difficulties, and removes all irregularities, it contains nothing hurtful to the most delicate female, and may be taken with perfect safety.

It will, in a short time, bring the most sickly and delicate female to the

Healthy Standard

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Fits, Trembling, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

These Pills have never been known to fail in the cure of Female Complaints, after a fair trial, in a single instance.

Full directions for use in the different stages of life are given with each box.

Sold by all druggists. M. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Sole Agents for the United States.

dec22 6mdaily

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England market. Warranted to be the best Anthracite Coal ever mined. Sold only by the Proprietors, PLINY FISK & SON, 44 Central street, Boston.

Also, the celebrated TIDEWATER COAL, equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other Lehigh Coal. Also, the celebrated Treverton Coal, for Blacksmith's use. All of the above kinds of Coal are mined by us, and we are the only Proprietors of the same. Yards, Offices and Depots of the Company as follows:

No. 44 Central street, Boston.
No. 1 Causeway street, Boston.
No. 1 Broadway, Charlestown.
No. 1 Broadway, Chelsea.
No. 1 Broadway, South Boston.
No. 1 Broadway, East Boston.
No. 1 Broadway, Cambridgeport.
No. 1 Broadway, Roxbury.
No. 1 Broadway, Dorchester.
No. 1 Broadway, Lowell.
No. 1 Broadway, Lawrence.
No. 1 Broadway, Salem.
No. 1 Broadway, Lynn.
No. 1 Broadway, Newburyport.
No. 1 Broadway, Haverhill.
No. 1 Broadway, Fall River.
No. 1 Broadway, Taunton.
No. 1 Broadway, Worcester.
No. 1 Broadway, Springfield.
No. 1 Broadway, Providence.
No. 1 Broadway, Pawtucket.
No. 1 Broadway, Woonsocket.
No. 1 Broadway, Manchester.
No. 1 Broadway, Nashua.
No. 1 Broadway, Portland.
No. 1 Broadway, Bangor.
No. 1 Broadway, Augusta.
No. 1 Broadway, Hallowell.
No. 1 Broadway, Gardiner.
No. 1 Broadway, Bath.
No. 1 Broadway, Rockland.
No. 1 Broadway, Portsmouth.
No. 1 Broadway, Dover.
No. 1 Broadway, Great Falls.
No. 1 Broadway, Concord

SEVEN YEARS!

The seven years of continued success attending the "Cosmopolitan Art Association," have made it a household word throughout every quarter of the country.

Under the auspices of this popular Institution, over three hundred thousand Annuitants have learned to appreciate—by immediate works of art on their walls, and choice literature on their tables, the great benefits derived from becoming a subscriber.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Any person can become a member by subscribing three dollars, for which sum they will receive

1st.—The large and superb steel engraving, Size 30x36 inch, entitled,

"Patriot Mustering his Recruits,"

or either of the other Engravings published by the Association

2d.—One copy, one year, of that elegantly illustrated magazine,

"The Cosmopolitan Art Journal,"

3d.—Four admissions, during the season, to

THE GALLERY OF PAINTINGS,

548 Broadway, New York."

In addition to the above benefits, there will be given to subscribers, as gratuitous premiums, one of

Five Hundred Beautiful Works of Art!

comprising valuable paintings, marbles, statues, engravings, &c., forming a truly national benefit.

The superb Engraving to which every subscriber will receive, entitled, "Patriot Mustering his Recruits," is one of the most beautiful and popular engravings ever issued in this country. Its size on paper is thirty inches long and twenty-six wide, and when framed, presents a splendid appearance, whether in parlor or office. The subject is the celebrated scene of Sir John Falstaff mustering in Justice Shallow's village, the recruits which have been gathered by his ragged regiment." It could not be furnished by the trade for less than two dollars.

The Art Journal is low well known to the whole country to need commendation. It is regularly issued every month, and contains the finest Steel Engravings, Poems, Stories, Essays, &c., by the very best writers in America.

The Engraving is sent to any part of the country by mail, with paper, being packed in a cylinder, postage prepaid.

Subscriptions will be received until the Evening of the 15th of April, 1861, at which time the books will close and further subscriptions cease to be taken.

Agents wanted in every town in the United States.

Address, GEO. A. CROFUTT,

Box 3600 Cosmopolitan Art Association, 548 Broadway, New York.

N. P. LORD, Agent for Lowell and vicinity, at Bond & Griffith's Music Store, 31 Central Street, where the public are invited to call and examine the Engraving and Journal. d&wlt

decl8 d&wtf

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF 301 LINERY GOODS, &c.!

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported articles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Satin—I feel confident in saying I have the most magnificent tasse

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a genuine and more tasty BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand.

Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Millinery supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17dtm

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Smiths' Coal, &c. Also, CEDAR LUMBER and SHINGLES, by the car load, at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality, at

NO. 98 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with the agents to supply the above direct from vessel over the lower branch Railroad into the centre of the city, I am now prepared to warn all the above to call at No. 98 Middle street and leave their orders. LEWIS KITTREDGE.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6

CITY

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and WORKER of all kinds of WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE. Steam Engines, Boilers, Tanks, Pumps, suitable Iron Fittings, Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, Agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valve and Fire" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Gates.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and built to order. PITTING to Steam, Gas and Water pipe up with neatness and dispatch.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. jn20

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS

No. 84 Middle Street.

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes. Steam Whistles and Gauges, and other articles generally used by engineers; contractor for putting buildings in steam or hydraulic, or gas. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest styles, constantly on hand. Brass Casting done to all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

Works, No. 10 Howe St., Refectory, Store, No. 4 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

WASHINGTON

Bowling Saloon,

By W. K. THOMPSON,

No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

THE proprietor has fitted up the above place as a first-class Bowling Saloon, and solicits a liberal patronage of the public by keeping a quiet place, where persons visiting the city can be sure of good entertainment.

Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dec1

RESTAURANT.

OYSTERS will be served at the SHORT QUICK at 12 NOON, from 12 o'clock, M., until 2 P. M.

The bill of fare will be varied as far as possible to suit the delicacies of the season, and at the lowest living market prices.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate that class of persons who do not wish to dine on dinners at a sperm hour.

H. EMERY.

1210

ASTHMA.

For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

PENDE'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO.,107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

May. 1860 my1[6]p

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also Hanging, Stands, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, bracket, hand, centre, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for burning coal oil of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Every Chimney's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above at 13 H. S. HAYNES'.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at S. P. HUNT'S Book and Stereo Store, 7 Central street, Lowell. jan19

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Ingersoll's Indelible and Preparation for cleaning Kid Gloves without taking off any color. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr. Merrimack corner of John streets.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLING

MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Wonders and Dens—Solo Sax. A Underwood. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by J. J. JORDAN, 8 John st.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from manufacturers of Potteries of

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER, AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, entirely new, and purchased this season. Also just arrived from the English and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, making an assortment as full and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and price.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of Crockery and line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment, which will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

Please remember my goods, in all cases, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by sold all *genuine pleasure* in showing them, whether we sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others purchased and sold at our agency, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Summer street, Boston;
495 Broadway, New York;
780 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore;
16 West Fourth street, Cincinnati;
18 Camp street, New Orleans;
58 Lake street, Chicago;
91 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agency for Lowell, H. L. EGANS, CHAVES & CO.
dec26 wt

PIANO FORTES.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up, upon FENCES of the most desirable patterns and STRONGEST workmanship.

CUSHING & WOOD,
Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,
may2[6]* Lowell, Mass.

Working Men, women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who are reaping golden harvests. Business new, unexpectedly poor. We will furnish you employment that will pay you from $5 to $10 per day and upwards, and a few can realize from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can make nearly as much as men. Many are making fortunes who started by improvements, all started by industry, which is within the reach of all. Those who want profitable employment, whereby they can clear from $5 to $12 per week, Boys and Girls nearly as much, should address us at once. Those remaining at home who can devote their evenings to business, and who possess more than ordinary energy, can clear from $5 to $10 per week. Full particulars, directions necessary for a full, safe and profitable business, and which enable the most inexperienced to commence work immediately, will be sent by return mail. Nothing can be received in such a variety of materials. We have sold the business to only 10,000 people in England and Scotland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

aug27 Boston, Mass.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mills in warranted to be ground to the best Old London ; and by its superior coating qualities is considered by many to be better, and is now enrolled by any establishment in the world. All White Lead manufactured by this Company is made from Pig Lead, and is warranted to be pure. Also, Red Lead, Litharge of all kinds, Manufacturer's Patent Improved Linseed Oil Boiler, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agents for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valve and Fire" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Gates.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and built to order. PITTING to Steam, Gas and Water pipe up with neatness and dispatch.

jn20

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and WORKER of all kinds of WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE. Steam Engines, Boilers, Tanks, Pumps, suitable Iron Fittings, Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, Agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valve and Fire" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Gates.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and built to order. PITTING to Steam, Gas and Water pipe up with neatness and dispatch.

jn20

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they lean upon it, it pierces, and their side, but their heart. 0 0 0 0 I think the needle has slain more than the sword of war."—Isaac Watts Emmons.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

IF Price from $40 Upwards! OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that fifty well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of our establishment. Every Machine sold by us is *WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their own interest, are cautioned to trifle with Sewing Machines making the Grover & Baker stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which the needle-stitch possesses the cloth, and having a bed which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the Grover & Baker stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their duly authorized agents, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Such Machines are infringements, and will be dealt with according to law. Purchasers not only to be cautioned in this or any other market.

Those who make and vend such goods, I will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and will *greater pleasure* in showing them, thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others purchased and sold at our agency, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

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Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

aug27 Boston, Mass.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S,

nov14 17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete toilet remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Tetter, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. RIDDER, Jr. corner Merrimack and John streets. Oct26

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal and Grits always on hand and for sale by SAM'L S. WOOD, 63 Market st.

nov27

KIDDER'S HAIR DYESING.—This new and superior article is highly recommended for *Dressing* and *Beautifying the Hair.* It renovates the scalp, removes all crust, dandruff, &c., for the roots, and causes the hair to grow luxuriantly.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by S. RIDDER, Jr. corner Merrimack and John sts.

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

IN TYPE-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

a use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Banks,	Court Dockets,
Bank-notes,	Bi-Laws and Consti.
Insurance,	Printing in Sections.
Catalogues,	Programmes, Tickets,
Town Reports,	Pamphlets,
Newspapers,	Monmouth Posters, &c.,
&c.	&c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

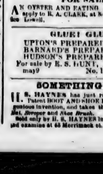
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and in the most fashionable styles.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

S. P. HUNT,
E. S. HUNT, } Proprietors.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and unrivalled Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER, of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the only person known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe. It is the most perfect and delicious Sauce ever introduced into this country, and as the Continent, with which it is daily and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much superior to all others in the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondents to try MONS SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Indian recipe; the flavor is excellent and it affords considerable relish to cold meat. Call and examine at

E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

FOR SALE,

AN OTTER and BEAVER HAT, BONNET—For terms apply to E. A. CLARK, at his 6 over the Post Office, Lowell. aug[6]dtf

GLUE! GLUE !!

UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE,
BARNARD'S PREPARED GLUE,
HUDSON'S PREPARED GLUE,
For sale by E. S. HUNT,
may9 No. 17 Central Street

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHAVES' PATENT SOFT AND GOOD SHAVING SOAP, which is the best article of soap for shaving ever introduced in this country.

Prepared by CHAVES & CO., Philadelphia.

Sold by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell. Price 25 cents per cake. nov[6]dtf

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

A NOW opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an unusually large and desirable one, this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail.

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE.

which for *style, quality, quantity and cheapness,* is not excelled in this market.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my goods and prices, as I am sure of all work entrusted to them, and as as

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.

where they will find a full stock of goods in the market, will tell best their own story. 19

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment, from various markets and manufactories, of Ornamental Goods for the Parlor Mantle or Stores, as my China and Crockery Emporium. Please remember it,

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

63 MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

CORN PLASTER.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best remedies for a friend—and at my store, No. 3 John street, may be found some of the choicest works published. *WOMAN AND HER DISEASES*, from Scotsmans to Sophomore, by Dr. Hall, *HOUSEHOLD PHYSICIAN*, new and indispensable—with 10 large Steel Engravings.

PLEASURE TOUR of a Physician, by Hall.

HEROINES IN DOMESTIC LIFE.

THE LAND AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.

HYMNS OF THE AGE—new series.

BEECHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition, in pocket size.

The English and American Poets—in superb styles at low prices.

DICTATES OF PRUDENCE AND PROGRESS, Illustrated by W. H. Bonwill—splendid edition.

With a large assortment of the CHOICEST books of OLD and YOUNG.

BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS and *COMMENTARIES*, Sabbath School Books &c.

Also—Portfolios, Desks, Portemonnies, Albums, Autograph Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES. Call at

S. P. HUNT'S Book Store,
7 John street.

dec19

Perfumery.

POND Lily Cologne, Rose, Bouquet, Portreil, and assortment of LUBIN'S Extracts, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr. corner Merrimack and John sts.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

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W. H. DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

RICH GOODS ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF G. LD BAND PITCHER.

Where can also be found a splendid assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, &c., &c.

Be offered in this city. Selling LOW

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec20

CURE FOR CHILDREN.

DR. D. JAYNE'S CELEBRATED CARMINATIVE BALSAM, for children to keep their parents in. A nice bed and by all druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle. Prepared by Dr. D. JAYNE, Philadelphia.

Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr. corner of Merrimack and John streets.

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LAWSON'S INFALLIBLE NERVOUS CURATIVE,

—FOR—

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, R. H. Cured in August, 1859, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating suffering. Also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to his date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD & Wife, Milford, N. H. Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of unceasing suffering. Cured only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell. Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and temples, in January, 1859. Has had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Carlisle. Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of the Curative.

H. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston. His sister had of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders. For other Nervous Ills, Mr. Story was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H., cured of Neuralgia in two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PHARSON, Hosp., Milford, N. H. Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HALL, Lowell. Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell. Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, dating since. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot. His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the right side nerve, of two and a half years standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H., Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of the severest suffering, ten years ago. No return of either disease. Perfect health.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H., Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in one of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of intense suffering from Neuralgia, of ten years' standing. Also, cured of rheumatic Pains in shoulder and arm. Has had no return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY & Wife, Milford, N. H. Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H., Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

Mrs. ELI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT L. THORPE, Hosp., Milford, N. H. A daughter cured of Neuralgia Pains in back, head and Chest, in February, 1859. Has had no further return of pain.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Cattaraugus Co., Illinois. Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by the Curative less than one year ago, and no return of pain since.

GEO. ADLEY, LEWIS, Hosp., Scamsbie Ward, Milford, N. H. Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.,

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralyzed in the legs 2 years, from 1858, down up to his physicians that he could never get better, is now up and about his business.

BENJ. P. CUTTER, Esq., Putnam, N. H.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of severe suffering. Has had no return of pain to both knees, after 10 years or more pain, by the use of one bottle. Seven of one bottle cured a year ago.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead.

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and Parity of nervous debility.

HARRY BARNARD, Marblehead.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back by the Curative.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H. Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case in the face, after years of suffering, with a single bottle of the Curative.

REV. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, Mass.

Cured of an aggravated case of Dyspepsia, in 4 days, after having tried all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornton, N. H.

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to bed four days, suffering dreadfully cured with two bottles.

T. FOSTER PARKER, Billerica,

Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; the return of the disease.

OLIVER HORNE, Dracut,

Was thrown out of a wagon on his head in part; tried all remedies and found no relief. Has had no return of pain since using the Curative two years ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.

A. S. PALMER, Lowell.

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years agonizing suffering. Has had no return of pain; health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 2 minutes.

MARGARET LYLE, Brooklyn, Ogle Co., Illinois.

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

J. H. HUMPHREY, Esq., Boston.

Cured of Neuralgia in May, 1859, after suffering from it for 20 years.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

For the United States & British Provinces,

96 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.

e3d 1yrd1 Druggists in Lowell, and at 132 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. jly[4]dtf

SCALES! SCALES!!

E. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter and Spring SCALES, Beam Scales, Patent Levers, and specially adapted to Steamboats and the public that they have constantly on hand a first-rate article of Scales, which they warrant to be as accurate as any in the market, and sold at reasonable prices.

Factory and Salesroom, Lowell, Mass. Warehouse, 113 Canal st., Boston, and 107 Commercial st., Portland, Me.

DYER'S MUSIC STORE,

31 Central Street, directly opposite Prescott Block. nov13 dtf

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—Just concoction by the Queen of Spain, for the Complexion, Skin, Hands, Toilet, Bath and Dandruff, and removing all the following blemishes from the skin, viz: Pimples, Blotches, Sunburn, Freckles, Tetter, Ringworm, Roughness, Redness, Chilblains, Moth Patches, Barber's Itch, Blackheads, Flesh worms, Chafes, Scurf, Itch, Scurvy, Prickly Heat, Rashes, Nettle Rash, Shingles, Blisters, Old Sores, Scald Head, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Syphilitic Eruptions, Mercurial Diseases, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Eyes, Inflammation, Weakness, Lameness, Soreness, Stiffness, Numbness, Paralysis, Contraction of the Muscles, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Hoarseness, Quinsy, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Fever and Ague, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Cramps, Pains in the Stomach, Sides, Back, Chest, Limbs, and all pains and aches, Sold by druggists at 50 cents per bottle. Depot, 49 Bond st., New York. Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere.

MOTHERS!

Is your baby suffering? Is it cross? Is it sick? Is it teething? Is it troubled with Worms? Is it troubled with Colic? Is it troubled with Cholera Infantum? Is it troubled with Canker? Is it troubled with Sore Mouth? Is it troubled with Sore Throat? Is it troubled with Sore Eyes? Is it troubled with Sore Ears? Is it troubled with Sore Head? Is it troubled with Sore Breast? Is it troubled with Sore Nipples? Is it troubled with Sore Bowels? Is it troubled with Sore Stomach? Is it troubled with Sore Back? Is it troubled with Sore Limbs? Is it troubled with Sore Feet? Is it troubled with Sore Hands? Is it troubled with Sore Fingers? Is it troubled with Sore Toes? Is it troubled with Sore Nails? Is it troubled with Sore Joints? Is it troubled with Sore Muscles? Is it troubled with Sore Flesh? Is it troubled with Sore Skin? Is it troubled with Sore Blood? Is it troubled with Sore Veins? Is it troubled with Sore Arteries? Is it troubled with Sore Heart? Is it troubled with Sore Lungs? Is it troubled with Sore Liver? Is it troubled with Sore Kidneys? Is it troubled with Sore Bladder? Is it troubled with Sore Urethra? Is it troubled with Sore Womb? Is it troubled with Sore Vagina? Is it troubled with Sore Penis? Is it troubled with Sore Testicles? Is it troubled with Sore Scrotum? Is it troubled with Sore Anus? Is it troubled with Sore Rectum? Is it troubled with Sore Intestines? Is it troubled with Sore Liver? Is it troubled with Sore Kidneys? Is it troubled with Sore Bladder? Is it troubled with Sore Urethra? Is it troubled with Sore Womb? Is it troubled with Sore Vagina? Is it troubled with Sore Penis? Is it troubled with Sore Testicles? Is it troubled with Sore Scrotum? Is it troubled with Sore Anus? Is it troubled with Sore Rectum? Is it troubled with Sore Intestines?

If it is troubled with any of the above symptoms, go and get a bottle of

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

which will relieve it at once. It is perfectly harmless to the most delicate infant, and will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for over five years, and can say in confidence and truth of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used. We speak in this matter "what we do know," and "testify to that we have seen." In many instances we have been requested to recommend it before, but have refrained from doing so from a fear that our motives might be misconstrued; but our space is limited, and we can only say to the mothers of children, you can rely on it as we do, and you will find it will do all that is claimed for it. Never will you have cause to regret using it. Many

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, February 21, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, the credentials of Timothy O. Howe, Senator elect from Wisconsin, were presented. The bill to suspend the postal laws in seceded States was taken up, and discussed by Messrs. Green, of Mo., Hemphill, of Texas, Clingman of N. C., Fitch, of Ind., and others. The tariff bill was taken up and quite a number of amendments adopted. The duty on sugar was reduced and that on wool fixed at 3 per cent. The bill passed, 25 yeas to 14 nays, all the Yeas being Republicans except Mr. Bigler, of Pa., and all the Nays, Democrats.

In the House, the volunteer bill was taken up and discussed by Mr. Roscck, of Va., who considered it as initiatory of war. He thought the chances of a peaceful solution would be diminished by the passage of this bill. The report of the Committee of Thirty-three was taken up, when Mr. Vallandigham, of Ohio, spoke in favor of conciliation and peace, and advocated his proposition to divide the country into four sections. The Senate's amendment to the Navy bill was then taken up.

Mr. Garnett, of Va., offered a proviso that the new sloops of war should not be used to execute the federal laws in any of the seceding States.

A long debate ensued, during which Mr. Stanton, of Ohio, said he took it for granted that the next administration will not recognize the constitutional right of secession, but that it will be treated as rebellion.

Mr. Garnett of Va., replied at length. He said that Mr. Lincoln, both in his speeches and private conversation, had foreshadowed a coercive policy, and was in addition to make war on the South.

Mr. Anderson, of Mo., asked Mr. Garnett if he was for the Union.

Mr. Garnett—I am for the immediate secession of Virginia. [Cheers and applause].

Several motions were made to clear the gallerce, but the chairman checked further demonstrations.

Mr. Brown of Ky. asked Mr. Anderson if he favored coercion.

Mr. Anderson said he did not believe in the right to secede. He was for the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws. [Applause].

Mr. Morse of Me., advocated the Senate's amendment.

Mr. Garnett's amendment was rejected, and the Senate's amendment was agreed to, 111 against 20.

In the evening, Mr. Ruffin of N. C., made a secession speech.

SOUTHERN AFFAIRS. Private letters received at Washington from Montgomery, say that as soon as the new Cabinet shall be announced, a commission of three distinguished gentlemen will be dispatched to the United States to treat for forts, arsenals, &c., and to negotiate a treaty of amity and alliance. A treasury note bill will be passed authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to accept cotton in lieu of money for bonds. It is estimated that over two hundred thousand bales of cotton will be ready as soon as the bill becomes a law.—It is rumored that Hon. Robert J. Walker will be offered the position of Secretary of the Treasury, and be invited to return to his old home in Mississippi. It is the intention of the new government to push matters with vigor, so as to show a contrast with the government at Washington.

Virginia. In the convention yesterday a large number of resolutions were offered and referred. They generally express attachment to the Union and favor an adjustment of troubles, but oppose coercion. A resolution calling upon the Commissioners to Washington to know if any settlement acceptable to Virginia was likely to be arrived at, was tabled. The committee reported that all but 16 counties had been heard from, and the majority for a reference to the people was 59,857. Mr. Critchenden will soon be invited to address the people of Richmond upon national questions.

Maryland. The Conference Convention adopted a series of resolutions in favor of calling a State Convention, and in view of understanding whether Governor Hicks was disposed to call a Convention in the event of a failure in the Peace Conference and Congress to effect a satisfactory adjustment; the Convention to adjourn from the 12th of March; also to oppose coercion.

Arkansas. Returns show that Fort Smith, Benton, Washington, Sebastian and Crawford counties have elected Union delegates to the Convention by over 4000 majority. The majority against holding a Convention was about the same. It is conceded that the State has gone largely against the secessionists.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday the bill to incorporate the Lowell Mechanics' Savings Bank, came up. Mr. Whiting's amendment (which we published yesterday) was rejected, and the bill was then passed to be engrossed. The bill concerning *habeas corpus* and personal liberty was then discussed on a motion to assign the subject for Monday next at 4 o'clock.—Mr. Whiting moved to lay the whole subject on the table, which was lost by 13 yeas to 14 nays.

In the House, a number of petitions were presented against the proposed boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island. The business transacted was not of general or local importance.

THE last of the cattle in the herd of Mr. Chenery, in Belmont, where the cattle disease first stated, were slaughtered last Tuesday by the Commissioners. In some of the animals indications of disease were discovered; in others nothing was found. Many farmers were present and protested against the butchery, but without avail.—We believe that now no animal exists in this county that is suspected of being diseased.

FORT SUMTER. We have information in which we place confidence, that the U. S. steamer *Brooklyn*, on her way to Pensacola, landed a detachment of troops with provisions at Fort Sumter. They were put into the fort by night, in boats propelled with muffled oars. One of the boats was fired at on the way, but no damage was done. The shot was fired at random, and the secessionist probably made up their minds that it was a false alarm, as the bombardment was not continued.—The secret has been well kept by the officers of the Brooklyn.—*Boston Journal.*

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 1.

TORONTO, Upper Canada.

DEAR COURIER: On Tuesday, the 11th inst., I took the evening train from Boston for the West and Southwest. Night had already closed down; and yet, by the peep of day, on the following morning, I had swept over the high lands of New Hampshire, had penetrated Vermont, and commenced the descent of the westerly slope of the Green Mountains; and at 8 o'clock of that morning I had reached the iron-bound waters of Lake Champlain.—Now, "the pith" of all this is the fact, that it was all done without my knowledge—thanks to the man who invented a sleeping-car!—which, however, we were detained an hour and a half (as I learned the next day) somewhere up in the mountains, in consequence of the baggage-car getting off the track.

But I shall say more at another time about sleeping-cars and smoking-cars—yes, smoking-cars. Good misery! I would count slavery almost smoking than negro slavery. The eternal habit of smoking and chewing is absolutely effecting our race. the children of parents given to this vice will come into the world to go through wretched, blear-eyed, with old faces, round shoulders, ignorant, mindless, and diseased—the living monuments of the curses of this saving, filthy habit. When you see a young man pale, and his whole form attenuated, draw out his pocket satchel of cigars, and rising from his seat in the cars and proudly march for the smoking-car with the folly on his lips that he must go out and "indulge," you may write with chalk on his back "despair."

Between Montreal and Toronto, we passed over the ground nearly bare. This was found the ground nearly bare. This was the case, also, in Canada West—but the barn as it was, every one declared that two days before the ground was covered four feet deep with snow, on a level. At 3, P. M., I was crossing the suspension bridge, at the river St. Lawrence, on the ice: thawing, rotten and dangerous; and much relieved was I, as well as the other travellers, when we placed our feet on the Queen's domain.

Now, Mr. Editor, it would be folly to write you anything descriptive of splendid towns, cities, or countries, majestic scenery or mighty waters, or living forests, or sweet-scented zephyrs, because everybody is thinking of secession, coercion, annexation, the loss of stocks, and the prospect of losing more. P. D. Tiffany, worth his millions, who killed himself a few days since, became mentally distempered by dwelling on our national troubles in their possible consequences on the value of his property. People first think about themselves and then their money.

On getting fairly into Canada, I found everybody there tremendously excited on the John Anderson extradition case. Every man, old and young, and no matter of what race, was lawyer and judge in the case, and fully understood its every rotation, while I was entirely unoptered.—Now, if half of your readers are half as ignorant of the case as I was, it is time they put themselves, for already the Queen's Bench has given serious offence to Canada, by laying that the decision of the Canada Court is the judgment of a tribunal competent to render a final judgment in the case. The loyalty of the Court will in any event be unquestioned and unshaken, and should our troubles have a disastrous result, I am fully persuaded that a portion of Canada would not come unwillingly to the Northern Confederacy, and I should hope they would not be unwillingly received; for Upper Canada is getting to be a very thriving people, and from their wheat, cattle, and horses, have learned how to farm well. If the map of North America is to be changed, let this be a part of the programme.

Speaking of the British usurpation in this case, I find one or two Canadian papers pronouncing it to be time to be casting about for the means of relief from such usurpation. The history of the case is this, that in 1853 a slave named John Anderson made his escape from his owner, in the State of Missouri, but in his flight he was pursued and overtaken by a man named Duncan who pursued Anderson and endeavored to take him into custody. Anderson resisted and in the struggle Digger received a wound from which he afterwards died. Anderson found his way to Canada, and remained there for seven years, unmolested; but last year his whereabouts was discovered, an application was made by the State of Missouri, to the General Government for his return, under the extradition treaty.

Anderson was arrested, and a majority of the Judges were against him, and he was remanded to prison. An application was thereupon made for a writ of *habeas corpus* from the Court of Queen's Bench in England, which was granted. The Court of Queen's Bench of Toronto, however, in despite of the will, set proceeding in their investigation of the case. The main exciting thing about it, after all, now is, whether the jurisdiction of English courts, extends over Canadian soil. The case and argument is now before the Court, and it is found the ground nearly bare. This was the case, also, in Canada West—but the barn as it was, every one declared that two days before the ground was covered four feet deep with snow, on a level. At 3, P. M., I was crossing the suspension bridge, at the river St. Lawrence, on the ice: thawing, rotten and dangerous; and much relieved was I, as well as the other travellers, when we placed our feet on the Queen's domain.

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FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH,)

50 Central Street, 50

Solicits the attention of the Citizens of Lowell to his Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It much on the most magnificent and best selected Stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported. ☞ Call and look at them.

*** HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order. oct

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse.

Also,

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WIRE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD! quality and VERY low by the case, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

66 Merrimack Street.

aug14 W. DEARDEN.

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 8 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS !

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest MAN to the nicest French Hat—I feel confident in suiting the most fastidious taste.

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a prettier and more tasty BONNET than can be purchased Elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand.

Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17d3m

Coal and Wood.

HARD and SOFT COAL, Sunbis' Coal, Alum, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, (for masons' use), at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, of the best quality, at

No. 98 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with shippers to supply this above direct from mines, I am now prepared to furnish railroad into the centre of the city, would ask those in want of the above to call on No. 98 Middle street and see us.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. WILLIAM KITTRIDGE.

"CITY"

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, *Proprietor.*

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE. Steam and Iron Fitters, and Plumbers, will enable Iron Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valve," and Fitz' "Patent Boiler Feeder and Gauge."

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand and made to order. PIPING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and dispatch

Lowell, June 2, 1860. jy7

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting, of all sizes; Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all fixtures generally used by engineers. Also manufacturer of heating boilings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of Gas and Water Valves of the latest styles, constantly on hand. Brass Finishing in all its branches executed in the prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

Works, No. 19 Howe St., Office and Store, No. 8 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

WASHINGTON

Bowling Saloon,

By W. K. THOMPSON,

No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

THE proprietor has fitted up the above as a first-class Bowling Saloon, and hopes to merit the patronage of the public by keeping a quiet place, where persons wishing to exercise can do so free from intruders. oct4d3

RESTAURA T.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 11 A. M. until 2 P. M.

☞ The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we is the delicacies of the season, and at the lowest Lowest prices.

The patron's support by this arrangement to accommodate that class of persons who may be detained from dinner at a specific hour.

jy10 H. EMERY.

B. T. THOMPSON,

No. 8 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS !

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Works, No. 19 Howe St., Office and Store, No. 8 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STRAW OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of fine Machinery, No. 1, $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffined Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, unsurpass for any in the market, No. 1, 75 cents; Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 65 cents; White Refined Machine Oil, 50 cents; Lard Oil, 60 cents; do. do. for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 55 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oils,

110 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,

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New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N. W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories,

Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates! Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands, Sutler Music, &c. jan31

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Working Men, women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were completely penniless. We have over 600 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months since was worth nothing is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of fifty cents. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables any one to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H MARTIN & CO.,

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TO get a good TEA SET, go to

To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TRAYS and WAITERS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get gilt and silver TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan19

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD manufactured by the Forest River Lead Mill is warranted to be ground in the best Cold Linseed Oil, and its superior quality for body, DRYING and FINENESS. It is believed is not excelled by any manufactured in the world. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," will be sold at 6½ cents.

The body, body and capacity for covering of this White Lead is unsurpassed by any manufactured in this country, believing that not less than 10 lbs. of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. Also, a large assortment of Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c., &c., for sale in Boston and elsewhere. A full list of the article will continue to be published.

GEORGE A. RAND & CO.

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they long upon it, it pierces it, their side, not their heart. I think the needle has more than the sword of war."—ISAAC MAY PEIRCE.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED *EVERY WAY PERFECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public in their employment to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch, would do well to forget the notion of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to break, deal in, or use any Sewing Machines which are from two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, or about Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legal manufacturers under my patents, and by said patent, during the extended term thereof to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are infringements and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found. ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms at the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company!

18 Summer street, Boston;

495 Broadway, New York;

730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;

181 BIsmore street, Baltimore;

96 West Fourth street, Cincinnati;

118 Lake street, Chicago;

and 323 Fulton street, Brooklyn;

and 91 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Agents for Lowell, H. BURNAM, CHASE & CO.

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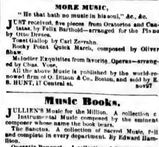

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NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and Square Piano Fortes, which have received the first premium over all other competitors at the late World's Fair, and also over all other manufacturers in the United States at seven consecutive masters' Piano Fortes, at manufacturers' fairs. Also, Piano Fortes from the manufactory of CHICKERING & SON. Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.

jan19 3m

A Splendid Stock !

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his well-selected

Fall and Winter Goods,

Purchased by his superior assortment of

FANCY DRY GOODS,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Gratis.

JOHN P. HALE, 30 Central Street.

sept23d3t

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect,

Selling quickly at 50 CENTS.

DEADEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 66 MER IMACK STREET.

Kerosene—Bowners,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

Selling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS.

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Burners, Shades, &c., at *lowest prices*, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S,

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street. ebd

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing CORNS without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, such as shaving and various *Cancers*, have failed to give permanent relief. It has been introduced recently, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is surrounded to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

C. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries everywhere.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

H. S. HAYNES'.

nov15 H. T. BILLINGS.

SHILLING SONG BOOK,

CONTAINING 175 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Comic and Convivial Songs of the day. Sold by H S HUNT, 17 Central st.

GOLDEN SALVE

IS purely a vegetable preparation, each leaf or plant of which possesses great healing virtues. The operation of this Salve is to obtain ease from a missionary from the West Indies, and which has been used with great success. It should be in every family. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BUY YOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

AT

H. S. HAYNES',

WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Postoffice. dec10

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.

NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah, and for sale by

SAM'L N. WOOD, 43 Market.

WRITING PAPER. Envelopes, Pens and Ink, can be purchased at S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store at better rates than at any other store in Lowell. sep18

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

PLATTS Three Pyramid New Buckwheat Flour, in white as Wheat Flour, can be had at the store of J. & J. M. PEARSON.

dec15 Bean Building, Shattuck street.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

IT TER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

a man the Proprietor feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Notices, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILL

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

Per CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored paper.

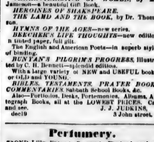
☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl morocco and enameled cards and colored Cardboard, to be used in every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

Z. B. STONE } Proprietors.

S. W. HUSE,

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," one of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of Unwin & Alexander, Lowell, Mass., from the original recipe. It is the most delicate Sauce in the world, and on the Continent, with which it is in great repute, imitation among American epicures, and is much improved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; the flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in the digestion of any kind of food."—*Morning Post* (Tee Lance).

"Piquant, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer."—*Observer.*

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Atlas.*

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDINER G. EVELIN,

217 Fulton st., New York

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. 3tan19

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for city trade, every request, Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

AND COMMON WARE

which for *style, quantity and cheapness*, is unequaled in this city.

All who are in want of goods will please call and examine my large and varied stock at the

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will not look down their eyes.

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

AND SAMUEL KIDDER'S

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the State or elsewhere, I say Cheap for Cash or approved paper.

Sign of *the Gold Band Pitcher*,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

A VALUABLE book is deemed one of the best means of success in life, and the following list, recent, may be found some of the choicest works published:

WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Sentiments in Elocution, Gesture and Dress, with Instructions in Fashion and Influencing Society.

PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT, by Rev. H. Osborne.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs Jameson—a beautiful work.

HEROINES OF SHAKSPEARE.

THE LAND AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thompson.

HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.

BROTHER'S LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition, in tinted paper, full gilt.

The English and American Poets—in superb style of binding.

BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, Illustrated by Darley—splendid edition.

BOYLE'S Popular and Useful Cyclopedia of Useful Arts and Trades.

BOILER, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS COMMENTARIES, variously bound.

Also—Portfolios, Desks, Portmonnies, Albums, Autograph Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES.

J. J. JUDKINS,

sep4 2 John street.

Perfumery.

BOND Tilly Extract, Burnett's Florimel, and an assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec3

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for one than any other styles of slate. Call and examine at

nov12 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

FOR SALE.

A OYSTER AND EATING HOUSE.—For terms apply to E. S. CLARK, in R. 8 over the Post Office. aug30tf

GLAZET GLUE !!

UPTON'S PREPARED GLUE,

DARTON'S PREPARED GLUE,

HUBSON'S PREPARED GLUE,

For sale by E. S. HUNT,

may8 No. 17 Central Street

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS—A new work by John Ellis, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical University, Ohio; just received and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street. sept25

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and being dangerous after all cases have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken just before each month, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid all of a too great increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths—No. 1, full strength, for ordinary cases; No. 2, for chronic cases; No. 3, for children.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3.

Sent to any part of the country by express, *regularly* for *quarterly* obstructions, on receipt of the money and *two* dollars extra. Where the money is sent in advance, and the case proves incurable, the money will be sent by Express, C. O. D. Where Warranted Genuine, and a certificate of Dr. M. or his agent. Prepared and sold at DR. MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 128 Grand street, New York.

☞ *This Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated Physician and Surgeon, of twenty years' standing, in whose *attentions* to them—confidential, and *medicines* will be sent by Express to any part of the World, or the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from a distance during treatment. *Advice Gratis*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In this day of medical opposition, when men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine, and of the human system, it is not too careful to whom they apply, before at least a fair experience, and especially in relation to those who make the greatest professions. Advertising physicians, in most cases are *quacks*, are *impostors*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiries, you will be sorry for your folly when too late. ☞ Dr. M. will send *free*, by enclosing one stamp for postage, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, also Consultation Circular, containing a list of the most undoubted references and testimonials, which will be found worthy the attention of the afflicted, none of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the ONLY EDUCATED PHYSICIAN in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he enjoys the very best reputation for honor and skill, both of his BRANCH and his SKILL. If *here and not others*, BETTER DO SOMETHING SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1860. aug23d1y

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PRESTON'S

PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

A SOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the Pacific Cocoa Nut, which is the only article ever known to DISEASES OF THE SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, CHILBLAINS, CORNS, COLD SORES, CHAPPED FACE AND LIPS, &c. It is the most delicate and healing preparation that Cod Liver Oil has, and is much more palatable.

Preston's Bromide,

A beautiful Cream, prepared from the rare Cocoa Butter, and Bromide of Potash, which is the best selling ever offered, for all Cutaneous Diseases. Also, a large assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec3

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This new and beautiful article is highly recommended for *Dressing and Beautifying the Hair*. It removes the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., for the roots, and causes the hair to grow luxuriantly.

Prepa ..ady and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. jy6

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE GRANITE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. Our facilities for buying are unsurpassed, quality and shapes entirely new, and prices the lowest. We are the only agents in the English and American manufacturers, a full line of which we keep constantly on hand.

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table and Hanging Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, makes my assortment the largest and most complete in this city.

HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to call and examine my stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock, will find it to their interest to examine my assortment before purchasing, as I am determined to sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and convince you that I can sell you cheaper than any other dealer.

Just keep in mind in two things—that the best is always cheapest, and that my goods are honest and retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Store, 45 Merrimack street, Sign of the Lamps from the post office.

dec7 H. S. HAYNES.

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new recipes of Kerosene Lamps, Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, Oil Stoves, Oil Cans, Lamp Trimmings, etc., etc., and keeps, and always will keep, both a wholesale and retail store, and will study to keep the best goods at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail.

Please call at H. S. Haynes', 45 Merrimack street, and examine the large and varied assortment of Lamps, Shades, &c., and be convinced that I can sell you cheaper than any other dealer.

Please call and examine the stock of H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct26

PRESTON'S

PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

A SOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the Pacific Cocoa Nut, which is the only article ever known to DISEASES OF THE SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, CHILBLAINS, CORNS, COLD SORES, CHAPPED FACE AND LIPS, &c. It is the most delicate and healing preparation that Cod Liver Oil has, and is much more palatable.

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Prepa ..ady and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. jy6

JUST RECEIVED per brig Ariel of FRENCH FELT and the Proprietors of the same will be at Minot House for Summer wear, at

Corner Hat Store, 47 Central St.

jy18

DR. M'LANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC,

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull, the sight often impaired, the ears sometimes runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a variety of the upper lip occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva, with a fetid breath; sometimes very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a craving sensation at others entire loss of appetite, entirely gone; feeling pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains about the navel, accompanied sometimes with severe colic; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen, hard and tense; the whole system occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

in every instance where it should prove ineffectual, after a fair trial, according to directions, in the sickness of the child or adult should warrant the supposition of worms being the cause of disease. Explicit directions will be IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

F. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to see that they get the genuine article. Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. To those wishing to try the Vermifuge before purchasing, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve thousand average doses, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen hundred doses, on receipt of twenty-five cents. Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

jy14 3m

DR. M'LANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC,

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull, the sight often impaired, the ears sometimes runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a variety of the upper lip occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva, with a fetid breath; sometimes very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a craving sensation at others entire loss of appetite, entirely gone; feeling pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains about the navel, accompanied sometimes with severe colic; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen, hard and tense; the whole system occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

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Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

jy14 3m

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute,)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter and Spring Scales, No. 20 Friend street, Boston, and especially inform their friends and the public that they have been awarded a gold (the only) medal, for their scales, wherever they have been exhibited, in the last two years.

They would refer to the following certificate:

Having had occasion, during December, 11, 1860, to make a Nute's scales, and having used them for several years past, I consider them the most reliable and accurate in use. I therefore cheerfully recommend them to the trade and public.

DANIEL CUSHING,

City Sealer.

dec10d3m

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

AT

HOWARD'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street,

Where can be found a greatly reduced prices.

Store 39 dtf

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for the Toilet, Nursery and Bath, for softening and beautifying the Skin, Freckles and Pimples, and imparting the Complexion of Youth and Beauty. For sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st., Merrimack and John sts. aug17

MOTHERS!

A friend for distressed mothers, and all who are afflicted with children, should not be without a bottle of their healing syrup. It relieves the little sufferer immediately—depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to you, and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. Prepared by a physician of many years' experience in the nursery, and is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold by all druggists throughout the country. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula in the Eclectic Medical Journal, a work of high standing, and a remedy which has been administered in thousands of cases during several years' practice, and has never failed in a single instance to effect a speedy cure. For children teething, it is invaluable, and is good for

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life no preventive hereto are placed by withdrawing the sufferings of your little ones, and rendering the process of teething comparatively easy. Mothers, do not be persuaded to use *Poor Diseases*, Wind, Dysentery, Colic and Cholera Infantum, when you can procure a remedy that will relieve your children of these diseases. Remember that this medicine has been in use for many years, and has never been known to fail in a single instance to effect a speedy cure

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, February 28, 1861.

The Southern Confederacy is now fairly in being, or as really so as it can be by action entirely of an *ex parte* character; and General Jefferson Davis elected and inaugurated as President of the Provisional Government. The inaugural address, that first state paper of the new government, is eminently Southern in its spirit, and the pertness of its style will scarcely lead to a very high appreciation abroad of the soundness and practicability at a government organized in such a spirit and led by men showing so little discretion as to conceive of the possibility of conducting peacefully a government which starts in its course with a menacing spirit. The voice of the South is, that it desires peace, but at the same time it demands that as an ultimatum, which cannot be conceded to, else by compromise or any other known way except when compelled to at the point of the bayonet.

President Davis, in his inaugural, states what fine will deny, that "the present condition of the Southern Confederacy has been achieved in a manner unprecedented in the history of nations," but so far from the "achievement" being a fact at all creditable to the South, it must stand on the page of history as a mark of shame against the actors so long as treason, rebellion and robbery are held in detestation. While such a record of first deeds in commencing their career, in sundering a united government, and disturbing the peace and prosperity of a great nation, the South still alleges the charge of revolution made against them as being an "abuse of language"; and proceeds to argue the right and necessity of the step in order to secure denied rights.

In alluding to the right which they have failed to secure in the Union, he says that the time for compromise has past, and that what could not be secured by peaceful means and under the Constitution as administered, must be secured in another way. If compromise is at an end, it is difficult to see how a peaceful arrangement can be effected between the old government and the new, unless there is an unconditional surrender to the Southern demands; and unless there is a surrender on either peaceably or by force, how is it possible that the South can be better protected in its right to hold property in slaves than it now is?

It will be found that treating with strangers, as in the case of division we shall be, will be entirely a different thing from settling family troubles as we have been engaged in doing for so many years. There is always a disposition in a large family, for peace loving members to yield much and sacrifice much to the more quarrelsome members for the sake of quiet; but when once out of the family, they will find that thing not so easy.

It may seem as though in government, by the crack of the whip and the nod of the head, will be as potent as on the plantation; but in practice it will be found that success in governing by force and fear only is only in the *seeming*. We venture to say the provisional government will not be successful by one of a permanent character. If it is, it will not be one of peace.

CONGRESS. The bill discontinuing postal service was taken up in the Senate yesterday. Mr. Hunter opposed it as premature, but on being assured that it was a peace measure, he appeared to feel easier. The bill was discussed by Messrs. Fessenden, Douglas, Powell of Ky., and Wilson of Mass. In the evening, Mr. Wilson made a speech in opposition to Mr. Crittenden's resolution. He defended Massachusetts from the charges made against her as to her certain traitors. The proposition of the Senator from Kentucky was unqualified concession, and a cheat and delusion.

In the House, Mr. Dawes, of Mass., from the Committee of five on the President's special message, made a report. It answ[ers] the defence of the whole Attack[ment], which, [in] fact, is neglected, while twenty-eight vessels are lying in port dismantled. Attached to the report is a resolution censuring Mr. Toucey, Secretary of the Navy, for accepting the resignations of Naval officers who are traitors in the secession movement. Mr. Branch, of N. C., submitted a minority report, and John Cochrane dissented from the report of the majority. Mr. Boocock of V. C. published his speech on the military bill, to which Mr. Howard, of Ohio, replied. Mr. Barrett, of Mo., made a speech on the report of the Committee of Thirty-three, and Indemnity secession, but opposing coercion.

THE BANKS OF MASSACHUSETTS. We have received a copy of the Abstracts of the Returns from the Banks, and from the Institutions for Savings in Massachusetts in 1860, the date ending December 27th.

The capital stock of 178 banks is $66,482,050; They have bills in circulation of the denomination of five dollars and upward, $20,048,742 50; Bills in circulation of denomination less than five dollars, $4,970,002 50; Gold, silver and other coined metals in their banking-houses $6,567,887 88; real estate owned by by them $1,599,315 76. Dividends and Merchants, $6,324,660; October, 1860, $2,438,339.

The capital of the Lowell Banks is stated to be $1,300,000. Bills in circulation of five dollars and upward $739,855; less than five dollars $196,247; specie in vaults $50,883.09; real estate $48,822.46. The semi-annual dividends have been four per cent., except the Appleton and Merchants, which divided five per cent. in October, and the Wamesit, which has only been 3 per cent. both times. The whole amount of dividends during this year was $117,054.54.

Number of depositors in 89 Savings Banks 230,068. Amount of deposits $45,054,525 55. The *rate* of ordinary dividends for last year was 5 5-100 per cent. Whole amount divided $1,663,407.34.

The whole number of depositors in the Lowell Savings Banks was 17,292; amount deposited by them $3,466,179 22. Annual dividend 5 per cent. for the City and Five Cent Savings Institution; 4 per cent. for the Lowell.

Mr. LINCOLN'S JOURNEY. Mr. Lincoln met Hon. Hamlin in New York on Wednesday evening. Yesterday morning the President elect resumed his journey. At Jersey City, he was welcomed to New Jersey by Mr. Dayton. He reached Trenton at 12 o'clock, where an immense crowd awaited him. Here he was received by the Mayor of the city, and under the escort of the militia proceeded to the State House, where he visited and addressed both branches of the Legislature. He reached Philadelphia at 4 o'clock. He was escorted to the Continental House, where he was introduced to the Mayor who welcomed him in a speech. He spoke in reply as follows:—

I appear before you to make no lengthy speech, but to return to you my sincere thanks. The reception you have given me to-night is not to me, the man, the individual, but to the man who temporarily represents, or should represent, the majesty of the nation. (Cheers.) It is true, as your worthy Mayor has said, that there is anxiety among the citizens of the United States at this time.

I deem it a happy circumstance that the dissatisfied portion of our citizens do not point us to anything in which they are being injured or are about to be injured for which cause I have left all the while, justified in concluding that the crisis, the pendency, the anxiety of the country at this time, is artificial. If there be those who differ with me upon this subject, they have not pointed out the substantial difficulty that exists. I do not mean to say that an artificial pause may not be considerable harm, that it has done such I do not deny. The hope that has been expressed by your Mayor, that I may be able to restore peace, harmony, and prosperity to the country, is most worthy of him, and most happy indeed will I be, if I shall be able to verify the fulfilment of the hope. (Tremendous cheering.) I promise you in all sincerity that I shall bring to the work a sincere heart; whether I will bring a head equal to that heart, will be for others to say in the termine.

It were useless to speak of details and of plans now. I shall speak officially next Monday week, and if I should speak then or shall be unless for me to do so now. When I do speak I shall take such ground as I deem best calculated to secure the prosperity and prosperity to this country, and tend to perpetuate the union and the liberties of those States and those people. Your worthy Mayor has expressed a wish in which I join with him, that it were convenient for me to remain in your city long enough to consult with your merchants and manufacturers, or, as he says, to listen to those breathings arising within the consecrated walls wherein the Constitution of the United States, and I will add, the Declaration of Independence, were originally framed and adopted. (Enthusiastic applause.)

I assure you and your Mayor, I hope upon this occasion and upon all occasions during my life I shall do nothing inconsistent with the teachings of those holy and sacred walls. I never asked anything that does not breathe from those sacred walls. All my political warfare has been in favor of the teachings that came forth from those sacred walls. May my right hand forget its cunning and my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth if I prove false to those great principles, never to be forgotten, impressed you longer than I expected to do, and now allow me to bid you good night.

In the evening Mr. Lincoln held a levee.

SOUTHERN AFFAIRS. Virginia. Yesterday, Mr. Woods introduced into the convention resolutions against coercion, pledging Virginia to resist it; that it is the duty of the federal government to acknowledge the independence of the seceding States.—They were received with favorable manifestations by the convention and referred to the Committee on Federal Relations. Adjourned till Saturday.

Alabama. In the Congress of the Southern Confederacy at Montgomery, on motion of Mr. Cobb, it was resolved that the financial committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of laying an export duty on cotton. Adopted. The President nominated and Congress confirmed Mr. Toombs as Secretary of State, Mr. Memminger as Secretary of the Treasury, and L. Pope Walker as Secretary of War.

We copy the following notice of Hon. Andrew Johnson, the Senator from Tennessee, who has so distinguished himself recently in his speeches for the Union, *from a newspaper dated* Oct. 15th, 1853 :—

A SELF-MADE MAN. The Democracy in Greene county, which, by the way, is the native home of Hon. Andrew Johnson, the new Governor of Tennessee, commenced life in an almost house of those living around him. He remained there until his eighth year, when he was apprenticed to the trade of a tailor. Having mastered it, he started off barefoot, with his wife at his side, and having reached a certain township in Tennessee, opened a tailor's shop and soon obtained a competency. He shortly became a member of both branches of the Legislature, and subsequently was Governor, and is now a Senator of the State.

WASHINGTON MATTERS. In the executive session of the Senate yesterday, a large number of nominations, including promotions in the army and navy, were confirmed, also that of Mr. Niblack, member of the House from Indiana, as Chief Justice of Nebraska.

A motion to take up the nomination of Mr. Black as a Justice of the Supreme Court and Mr. Peet as Marshal of Judge of Kansas, were rejected by three or four majority. There will probably be no more executive sessions during the present administration term.

TRADE OF BOSTON WITH THE SECEDING STATES. Since the first of February, says the *Boston Traveller*, twenty-one days, no less than forty-nine vessels have reached Boston from various ports of the seceding States, generally with fair, and in some cases with large cargoes. The largest number were from New Orleans, but some eight or ten were from ports in Texas. This does not look like a rupture of the intimate business relations between the two sections.

The *Charleston Mercury* sees breakers ahead. It specifies three causes of enmities in the slave States :—1. "The great mass of reconstructionists." 2. "The by no means small number of Union idolaters," and, tell it not in Gath, 3. "The insincere politicians of the Ketts Toombs school." Finally. "Reconstruction is the *nagger* at the heart of the Southern Confederacy;" and it thinks, but does not say, Davis is the "nagger."

LEGISLATIVE. Nothing of interest was done in either branch yesterday. Both branches adjourned till Monday at 3 o'clock P. M.

The Graves of Washington.

In the saffron-tinged morning,
With Potomac's anthem swell,
Hearts are bowed and heads are bending,
Mingles deep the passing bell!
Slowly glides the passing vessel
By Mount Vernon's hallowed shades,
And that mournful, solemn cadence
Echoes through the dewy glades!
Tis the Nation's tribute rendered
Offered in her holiest day,
Tis the free heart's fervent homage,
As the grave of Washington!

In the slumberous hush of noontide,
With Potomac's anthem swell,
Where our honored Chief is sleeping,
Mingles deep the passing bell.
Know marks insane insult
Might such dignity impart,
Nor the loud acclaim of millions,
As this homage at the heart!
'Tis Columbia's tender tribute,
Offered to her noblest son,
Tis the free heart's fervent homage,
At the grave of Washington!

In the rosy flush of evening,
With Potomac's anthem swell,
Where our honored Chief is sleeping,
Mingles deep the passing bell.
Know King or kingdom
Won a fame so true and pure,
Nor his name shall be a watchword
While his country shall endure;
Tis Columbia's tender offering,
Offered to her noblest son,
Tis the free heart's fervent homage,
At the grave of WASHINGTON!

In the hush of midnight,
With Potomac's anthem swell,
Where our honored Chief is sleeping,
Mingles deep the passing bell.
Sleep, O Father of your Country!
'Tis the regret of the Union!
'Tis the Meed of the Nations!
Meet such type and tender tribute
To Columbia's noblest son!
'Tis the true heart's fervent homage
At the grave of WASHINGTON!

—Louisville Journal.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

ITEMS OF TOWN HISTORY.

MR. EDITOR.—As you are probably interested in historical facts and anecdotes of olden times, and have at times exerted yourself to collect facts in relation to the territory of the river Merrimack and its tributaries, the town of Chelmsford and Westford, I respectfully offer a few facts on the same subject.

Westford (except the extreme westerly corner) was originally, like the the city of Lowell, a part of the township of Chelmsford, which was incorporated May 29th, A. D., 1655, in answer to a petition of certain people who inhabited at Wamesit presented to the great and General Court of that date. Such a church and society was established in the easterly part of the township, called the West Precinct of Chelmsford, and the town of Chelmsford appropriated one hundred pounds toward building a meeting house for that parish. In 1730 the West Precinct was incorporated as a town under the name of Westford, and in 1730 they erected a meeting house in Village, upon a petition of Ebenezer Prescott, Jonas Prescott, and Abner Kent, was annexed to the town of Westford, as follows:—"Beginning at the northwest corner of Stony Brook Pond, thence to the northwest corner of Westford, commonly called Tyngsboro', and so bounded southerly by said Tyngsboro' and by the town of Westford, for the greatef convenience in attending public worship. In the House of Representatives, read and ordered that the petitioners above-named, with their estates, according to the bounds before described, be and hereby are, to all intents and purposes set off from the town of Groton, and annexed to the town of Westford."

Before the people were able to build a church-steeple, they procured a bell and hung it on a tower, erected for that purpose, on the spot where the academy now stands. The sound of that bell was a signal for calling the people to the worship of the Supreme Being, to give the alarm of fire, of Indians, and for such other purposes as the town should think fit. The tower was erected by the town.

THE SERMON FOR TO-MORROW. The sermon for to-morrow's paper in character is the reverse of that we published last week; and having been preached in a different latitude, by a man whose ideas differ entirely from those of Dr. Cleaveland, it treats the "peculiar institution" in a style somewhat novel to the people of the North.—The text reads as follows :—

TEXT—Servants, be obedient to them that are your masters according to the flesh, with fear and trembling, in singleness of your heart, as unto Christ. Not with eye service, as men pleasers; but as the servants of Christ, doing the will of God from the heart; with good will doing service, as to the Lord and not to men; knowing that whatsoever good thing any man doeth, the same shall he receive of the Lord, whether he be bond or free; and ye masters, do the same things unto them, forbearing threatening knowing that Your Master also is in Heaven; neither is there respect of persons with him."—Ephesians vi. 5-9.

We have no doubt the discourse will be read with interest.

FOUR LEGS. J. N. Marshall, Esq., assures us that he is not an applicant for the office of Postmaster of Lowell. This reduces the number considerable, although Madam Rumor has brought out several new candidates, but we do not think it worth while to repeat them.

We understand that an infant son of Alderman Bellows fell out of a chair, (a lying at the point of death, its physicians dispairing of its recovery.

The *Atlantic Monthly* for March, has been received from the publishers (and may be found at Sargeant's bookstore, City Hall, Lowell, Boston Building). We give the contents : German Universities. The Professor's Story, Gymnastics, Land-locked, Two or Three Troubles, Harbors of the Great Lakes, The Man who never was Young, The Men of Schroya, A Glance at Art, Behind the Mask, Diamonds and Pearls, Reviews and Literary Notices. We have not time to look over pages of this number, but from the favorable notices many of the articles receive from our cotemporaries, we have no doubt of their merit.

MR. ROBERT CROMLEY, whose case before the police court has been two or three times mentioned in your columns, is known to many Lowellites as having been employed by Christian in his way, and a resident of Lowell for the last twenty years. His statement is as follows :—

I have been a constant attendant at the Methodist Episcopal Church in this city ever since its dedication, July 5th, 1835. I have, most of that time, borne the principal burden of the church affairs, and in the time of my arrest, class-leader, trustee, steward and sexton of the same for many months before that arrest I made the contract for letting the edifice a part of the time to St. John's Roman Catholic Society.

The meetings held there have always been conducted according to the usages of the church, and I was part in the service, which were, however, opened and closed by the singing of hymns, and at the conclusion of my arrest was appointed as a public union meeting of Christians of all denominations, being as usual, invited to preach. I went to the meeting-house on that evening, and in about five minutes before the time for the meeting to commence, and sat down in the front pew, on the north side of the house, put his hand on my shoulder, and, after calling me by name, informed me that I was under arrest. Another officer came to me to understand that I was not to take any part in that meeting. Rest assured who gave him that authority. He told me that he had a warrant, and was only repeating the question, he pointed to his badge and told me also a officer. I asked him if I was not one. He said I was. I told him that I was your time can out at the end of the week. He said I was my man (he having his hand on my shoulder) my hands gently on his shoulders, and told him I was not an Old Chelmsford, and of course the young men may have been somewhat unruled then. The father of the family sprang from his bed of rest and bade the boys haste to the combat. He had not laid out any arrearages for raising a house on another farm that day; but he told the boys to go home and to the raising alone, and go where duty called. Perhaps we may imagine, but we cannot realize the feelings of those young determined patriots in leaving the gay scenes that surrounded their homes to enter a fearful scene of strife, and to meet the consequent agitation and excitement of those living around them, one of whom was the honored mother of your esteemed fellow-citizen, Joel Adams, Esq.), in thus leaving the family friends and scenes. The names of those young men and women will be given next week if desirable. P.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE. The proposition to be submitted to the peace conference to day, is in substance the border State resolution. Its friends say there are unmistakable indications that it will receive the support of the commissioners from Illinois, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Rhode Island and all the border slave States except one or two from Virginia.

THE CITY GUARDS. The ball at French's this evening, by the City Guards, should not be forgotten by our friends who find recreation in the dance hall. They have a fine company in prospect, and the management of the affair being in good hands, it will scarcely fail of being successful. The music will be furnished by Brooks, Davis & Carlton's Band.

THE Central Methodist Society, Rev. Mr. Fields, pastor, are meditating a fair and festival in the course of a few days, and the initiatory steps for it have already been taken. In due time we shall refer to the matter more at length.

REMEMBER the ball at Chesley's Hall—connected with Chesley's saloons, near the Postoffice—this evening. Those that buy tickets already sold ensure the attendance of a large company.

OWNER WANTED, for carpenter's tools, found in the possession of two suspicious youngsters, last evening, who were endeavoring to sell them. The articles may be found at the Police Office, and the rogues from whom they were taken, in the lock-up.

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN. Our lady readers who may want a new bonnet (and there is probably not one who does not,) will find extra inducements offered them in the advertisement of Mr. Robinson, corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

BURLEIGH'S fine poem, "Mother Margary," will be found on the first page.

FINGER & LUTE SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. [under]

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up cleanest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the above facts can be heartily endorsed by
HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, end of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street. mar14eod1

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, W. H. Rockwell, D. B. Richardson,
H. Hosford, Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Rogers, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Levi Spraigue.

Mutual and Stock.
The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment for losses exceeding five cents. The present cash capital is $[illegible]. All profits over and above losses and expenses are divided annually among the members. Middlesex County is particularly invited. A Dividend in Scrip, of fifty per cent. has been declared on the scrip of any company with a substantial cash surplus.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash capital is now over $10,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property insured against loss by fire on favorable terms equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 8, Merrimack Block, (entry Merrimack.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Agent.
Lowell, July 16, 1860. jy18tf1y

Take no more aperient or unsafe remedy. Perfect relief and permanent cure by the use of
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
Which has received the unqualified approval of the most PROMINENT PHYSICIANS IN THE U. S.,
as new and valuable remedy, as a careful perusal of the following diseases and symptoms originating from constitutional debility will clearly show, and can be relied on.

Frenzied Liver, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Bladder, Incontinence, Irritability, Inflammation of Blood to the Head, Confused Ideas, Dizziness, Mental Irritability, Restlessness and Sleeplessness in Night, Low Spirits, Confirmed Hypochondria, Loss of Appetite, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Head, Exhaustion, Universal Lassitude, &c., &c., &c.

And, in fact, all the concomitants of Impaired and Debilitated Constitutions, or all the symptoms of Habitual Costiveness.

To assure the genuine, ask for the
CURES GUARANTEED.
See advertisement in another column.
Mar5 1y

Blood Food!
Blood Food!
Blood Food!

To all suffering from any imprudence, incipient or confirmed, or from diathesis of any kind; or from mental or nervous irregularities, or from the effects of mercury, from sore throat, pimples, or from diseases of the skin, or blood, or from any of the following complaints, which are but the symptoms of a disordered system, we say, use
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
It is offered as a certain remedy. Differing in every particular from the passive medicines of the day, it is an active principle, and will act in all cases.
Prepared and Prescribed by
PHYSICIANS AND PHARMACISTS, of very great worldly experience, and who have had the most extensive practice in the branches it has confirmed in them.

Its power over the above diseases is unknown. Now for the sole proprietors to the entire world.

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

50 Central Street, 50

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It is only one of the magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by all the workmen, from the newest styles imported. ☞ Call in and look at them.

☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order. nov20 6m

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

AND

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles.

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER,

50 Merrimack Street.

aug14 W. DEARDEN.

H. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF BONNETS!

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Hat—I feel confident in suiting the most fastidious taste.

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a prettier and more tasty BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17&3m

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coal, Smoke Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and PLASTER, for sale at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality at

NO. 28 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with shippers to supply the subscriber with coal during the season, is now delivered into the cellars of the city proper, or any part of the above to sell at No. 28 Middle street and pay on. WILLIAM RUTHERFORD.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. aug6-6m

"CITY"

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor.

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds, Malleable Iron Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valves and Pits" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Gates."

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. Work in PITTING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and dispatch.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. jn20

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes; Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all articles generally used by engineers; contractor for putting buildings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest styles, constantly on hand. Gas Fitting done in all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

Works, No. 10 Hurd St., Brittany.

Store, No. 4 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

WASHINGTON

Bowling Saloon,

By W. K. THOMPSON,

No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

THE proprietor has fitted up the above place as a first-class Bowling Saloon, and solicits the patronage of the public by keeping a quiet place, where persons wishing to enjoy the game will not be disturbed.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE largest and most miscellaneous works as low in prices, can be had at the Periodical Depot, 7 Central street, Lowell. sept1

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Joseph Inoder, an old Frenchman lately from Paris, has opened a shop under Bodell & Kidder's, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street, where he will clean

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLING.

"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Work Known and Done"—by Jes. Underwood, just published by Money Boyt, and for sale by

nov17 J. J. JUDKINS, 8 John st.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the Ladies to three of Smith's Lubricated article for exercise, just from Paris—the CHIEF EXPENDER.

may17 No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE ART and PRACTICE of Attack and Self-Defence, explained in such a manner, that any person may comprehend this useful art. Sold by

1859 H. T. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c. For cleaning Plate, Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings, it is unrivalled. A fresh supply received and for sale by E. S. HUNDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. n20

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paraline Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by six newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Pure Paraline Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of fine Machinery, No. 1, $1 per gallon. Patent Triple Refined Parafined Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, superior to any in the market; No. 1, 75 cents. Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 50 cents. White Chemical Oil, for Engines No. 1, 75 cents; do. do. do. No. 2, 50 cents. Lard Oil, 75 cents.

Offices for the sale of the Oil:

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

aug237 E. G. KELLEY, Manufacturer and Associated Chemist.

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N. W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Guitars, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

THE subscribers manufacture and put up IRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and of a superior workmanship.

CUSHING & MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,

may26 Lowell, Mass.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money now without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned the simple process, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $50 per week per week. One young man who a few months since was worth nothing, has cleared over $1000. Any one can test our own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $3 to $5 per week. A pamphlet containing full directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 persons in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address at once H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

Boston, Mass.

aug24

To get a good TEA SET, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get a good DINNER SET, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get goo PLATED WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get TOILET WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan19

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Lead Company's Works, Salem, Mass., is warranted to be of the best Old Leading, Ground Oil; and its superior quality for Inside and Outside Painting, is believed to not excelled by any establishment in the world. The Forest River Lead Company have also on hand

TARPAULIN PAINT,

The great body and capacity for covering of this article, renders it the most economical paint in use. Leads. It is confidently believed that 400 lbs of it will go as much as 600 lbs of any other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best paint ers in the city. Also, a large assortment of the trade of the articles will constitute my principal supply. Orders left with me will be filled at the lowest cash or approved credit prices. Also, a New Principle, NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY, in every respect,

Selling quite low ☞

DEARDEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher, 50 MER IMACK STREET.

apr14

Kerosene--Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

For Sale Wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment with Wicks Chimnies, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, at the above store.

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher,

50 Merrimack Street. nov

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the Kidney Dragon Pills. Call and get a box.

Dr. Dow is constantly receiving testimonials in curing Cows without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Cure Doctors, have failed to give any permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in 1838, and used for years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

R. SNIDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PHILLING SONG BOOK.

CONTAINING 175 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic songs of the day. Sold by E S HUNT, 17 Central st.

GOLDEN SALVE

IS purely a vegetable preparation, each ingredient of which possesses great healing virtues. The secret of its preparation was obtained from a celebrated Indian doctor in the Canada Indians, who used it more than 20 years with great success. It is warranted to cure any kind of sore. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BUY TOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

of

H. S. HAYNES,

Who has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Post-Office.

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.

NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah, and for sale by

nov22 WM. DEARDEN, 45 Market.

WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink, for sale cheap at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store at letter rates than at any other store in Lowell. sept15

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

JOHN'S Patent Prepared New Buckwheat Flour, for sale at No. 3 Merrimack Place, can be had at the store of J. J. H. McPHERSON.

nov20 Corner Hall Building, Shattuck street.

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they lean upon it, it pierces, and their side, but their heart." "I pity it, for I think the needle has little more than the sound of war."—Harry Wadsworth.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. "Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT."

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following testimonial:

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public in their eagerness to supply themselves with these Machines making Grover & Baker stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines coming from the Company's shops will have specific only prosecutions the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be moved at will, new in ringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make this stitch known as the Grover & Baker stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their duly authorized agents, and dated under my patent of September 10, 1846.

The Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell any Machines containing my said invention, and are in practice upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Eastern street, New Haven, Conn.

495 Broadway, New York.

730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;

181 B Hillsboro street, Baltimore;

18 Tremont row, Cleveland, Ohio;

135 Lake street, Chicago, Illinois;

128 North Fourth street, St. Louis;

81 Camp street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHASE & CO.

oct14 m1

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR the celebrated Piano Fortes of Chickering, Squire & Company, and Hallet, Davis & Co., which they received the highest premium at the late World's Fair, and the Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large variety of these instruments, which they offer for sale, at manufacturers' prices, warranted, in every particular, to be the best Piano Fortes made. Second hand Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.

Lowell, Feb. 1, 1860. feb11

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public to call and examine his extensive stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Gentlemen, call and see.

UGH McEVOY,

23 Central street.

Curtain Fixtures

In every respect,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

Selling quite low ☞

DEARDEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher, 50 MER IMACK STREET.

apr14

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

JOB PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

it can, the Proprietors are assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PRIMEST and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Address, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Matters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS and RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

Court Docket, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY AND PLAIN

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl morocco and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,

R. W. HUSE,

Proprietors.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl morocco and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,

R. W. HUSE,

Proprietors.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the celebrated "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known firm of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe, and is the favorite Sauce in England, and is now introduced here, with a high and growing reputation among the epicures of this country, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new luxury, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is delicious, and it is highly commendable aid in cases of atony and weak digestion."—The Lancet.

"Piquant, Pungent and Spicy, worthy the genius of its 'author."—Observer.

"A delicious valuable relish to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDINER G. YVELIN,

217 Fulton St., New York

And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. 31aug1;1sept19

W. DEARDEN

IMPORTER,

a new opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this trade in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality and cheapness of glasses, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of crockery articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will satisfy them every day.

Sign of the Gold Hand Pitcher,

50 MERRIMACK STREET.

W. DEARDEN.

dec6

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Spring Scales, No. 20 Fletcher Street, corner of Lowell street, Lowell. Orders and the public patronage solicited. Scales of every description made to order and warranted. Scales to exchange or for sale at short notice.

Having had considerable experience with Platform Scales, I am confident that I can give satisfaction to all who may favor me with their patronage.

They would refer to the following certificate.

Lowell, December 11, 1860.

We, the undersigned, certify that we have used Nute & Baker's Platform Scales for several years, and consider them the best we have ever used in the market, and recommend them as such.

DANIEL CUSHING,

City Sealer.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in ivory and gold setting. Parasol Sticks, &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

11 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

nov30—1y

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF HEALTH, a new preparation for the Toilet, completely effective in smoothing and beautifying the skin, removing Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Sunburn and Redness, leaving a clear and healthy complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by R. SNIDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

MOTHER'S

CORDIAL.

It must be admitted a remedy must be of the first class to maintain its reputation for a series of years, and to be constantly recommended by those who have used it. Such is the case with Mother's Cordial, which has been in use for many years, and is now more highly recommended than ever. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his extensive practice, and proved to be a most reliable remedy for the various complaints of infants and children. Mothers, try it once you of its superiority over many other preparations. Sold by druggists generally.

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life, when convulsions, cholera infantum, &c., are so fatal, it will be found invaluable in relieving the child of pain, regulating the bowels, and giving health and vigor to the system.

For Diseases attending Teething, such as Griping in the Bowels, Wind Colic, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, Vomiting, Sick Headache, Fever, Restlessness, Want of Sleep, Worms, &c., it is a safe and speedy remedy. It will relieve the gums, reduce inflammation, allay all pain, cure wind colic, regulate the stomach and bowels, and by giving healthful sleep to the child, make sweet rest to the mother.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from all other diseases, it should be used without delay, as it will almost instantly relieve the little sufferer. Every mother who has once used it will never be without it. Be sure and call for Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

No Morphine or Opiate,

or any preparation containing the essential parts of any of the same, is contained in this Cordial, and may be safely administered to the infant of one day old, as directed. Be sure and call for Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by rendering the secretions of your children too active, but simply acts upon the nerves of the stomach and bowels, thereby giving them the power to perform their functions naturally, and by thus regulating the secretions, relieves costiveness, looseness, &c. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is perfectly harmless, and may be given to a child of any age with perfect safety.

You need not Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial unless you want your children to be healthy.

Sold by CHURCH & DUPONT,

And by them, at 50 cts. per bottle.

JUST RECEIVED a rich lot of FRENCH FELT and the most fashionable shapes of OPERA HAT for gentlemen's wear.

R. H. CHASE,

Corner Hall Store, 47 Central St.

jn8

C. P. TALBOT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DYE WOODS AND CHEMICALS,

City Market House, Lowell.

C. P. TALBOT. jan31y THOS. TALBOT

SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

Merrimack Street, Lowell,

Opposite Curtisian Church.

Has constantly on hand a large assortment of the purest Prescriptions. Medicine delivered to any part of the city free.

H. G. BLAISDELL,

COUNSELLOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW.

TYLER'S BLOCK,

CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL, MASS.

August 26, 1859. 1y

FREDERIC HOLTON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

SPERM, WHALE, LARD AND LINSEED OILS;

POTATO, WHEAT AND CORN STARCH;

Agent for Lowell and Manufacturers' Supplies,

PAINTS AND VARNISHES, &c. &c.,

Nos. 4 & 6 Merchants' Building, Dutton St.,

LOWELL.

C. W. COBURN. jan16 H. P. COBURN.

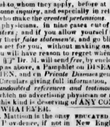
ITHAMAR W. BRARD,

CONSTABLE AND COLLECTOR,

Office Manson's Block, No. 49 Central street,

jy28 LOWELL MASS. 6m

L. B. RICHARDSON,



BROKER,

OFFICE — No. 80 CENTRAL STREET,

Near the American House,

LOWELL, MASS.

☞ Money to Loan on Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Div Goods, Piano Fortes, Books, Guns, Carriages, Harness, Furniture, &c.

☞ Watches and Jewelry repaired and Warranted.

☞ Eastern, Western and Canada Money for sale CHEAP.

☞ The BEST Lunett Watch Glass in the world for 12½ cents.

N. B.—A large lot of Unredeemed Property for sale CHEAP.

jy12 3m

B. W. ATWOOD,

WATCH MAKER,

WITH L. B. RICHARDSON,

NO. 80 CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL, MASS.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

Engraving neatly executed. jy10 6m

S. RICHARDSON'S

OYSTER AND REFRESHMENT SALOON,

Corner Merrimack and John sts.

(Two doors below CENTRAL street.....LOWELL.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY.

Corned Beef, Hot, Cold and Pickled Tongue, Pork and Cranberry Sauce, Oysters and Soup &c.

CLAM CHOWDER every Saturday.

Private entrance for ladies and gentlemen. Ice cream by the quart or gallon.

Lowell, July 6, 1857. jy7 6m

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes; Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all articles generally used by engineers; contractor for putting buildings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest styles, constantly on hand. Gas Fitting done in all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

Works, No. 10 Hurd St., Brittany.

Store, No. 4 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

WASHINGTON

Bowling Saloon,

By W. K. THOMPSON,

No. 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

THE proprietor has fitted up the above place as a first-class Bowling Saloon, and solicits the patronage of the public by keeping a quiet place, where persons wishing to enjoy the game will not be disturbed.

H. T. THOMPSON,

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

SPLENDID OPENING OF BONNETS!

Having just received the best assortment of FALL BONNETS ever offered in Lowell, all imported styles of the latest novelty and fashion, comprising every kind of

Bonnet,

from the cheapest straw to the nicest French Hat—I feel confident in suiting the most fastidious taste.

Please give me an early call, and save one-third of your money, and get a prettier and more tasty BONNET than can be purchased elsewhere.

MOURNING BONNETS always on hand. Straw Bonnets bleached, and pressed.

Milliners supplied with patterns at short notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1860. nov17&3m

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coal, Smoke Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and PLASTER, for sale at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality at

NO. 28 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with shippers to supply the subscriber with coal during the season, is now delivered into the cellars of the city proper, or any part of the above to sell at No. 28 Middle street and pay on. WILLIAM RUTHERFORD.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. aug6-6m

"CITY"

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor.

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds, Malleable Iron Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Improved Governor Valves and Pits" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Gates."

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. Work in PITTING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and dispatch.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. jn20

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes; Steam Whistles and Gauges, and all articles generally used by engineers; contractor for putting buildings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest styles, constantly on hand. Gas Fitting done in all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

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BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE largest and most miscellaneous works as low in prices, can be had at the Periodical Depot, 7 Central street, Lowell. sept1

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Joseph Inoder, an old Frenchman lately from Paris, has opened a shop under Bodell & Kidder's, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street, where he will clean

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLING.

"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Work Known and Done"—by Jes. Underwood, just published by Money Boyt, and for sale by

nov17 J. J. JUDKINS, 8 John st.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the Ladies to three of Smith's Lubricated article for exercise, just from Paris—the CHIEF EXPENDER.

may17 No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE ART and PRACTICE of Attack and Self-Defence, explained in such a manner, that any person may comprehend this useful art. Sold by

1859 H. T. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c. For cleaning Plate, Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings, it is unrivalled. A fresh supply received and for sale by E. S. HUNDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. n20

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paraline Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by six newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Para'ine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of fine Machinery, No. 1, $1 per gallon. Patent Triple Refined Parafined Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, superior to any in the market; No. 1, 75 cents. Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 50 cents. White Chemical Oil, for Engines No. 1, 75 cents; do. do. do. No. 2, 50 cents. Lard Oil, 75 cents.

Offices for the sale of the Oil:

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

aug237 E. G. KELLEY, Manufacturer and Associated Chemist.

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N. W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Guitars, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

THE subscribers manufacture and put up IRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and of a superior workmanship.

CUSHING & MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,

may26 Lowell, Mass.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money now without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned the simple process, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $50 per week per week. One young man who a few months since was worth nothing, has cleared over $1000. Any one can test our own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $3 to $5 per week. A pamphlet containing full directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 persons in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address at once H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

Boston, Mass.

aug24

To get a good TEA SET, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get a good DINNER SET, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get goo PLATED WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get TOILET WARE, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to

H. H. HAYNES',

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan19

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Lead Company's Works, Salem, Mass., is warranted to be of the best Old Leading, Ground Oil; and its superior quality for Inside and Outside Painting, is believed to not excelled by any establishment in the world. The Forest River Lead Company have also on hand

TARPAULIN PAINT,

The great body and capacity for covering of this article, renders it the most economical paint in use. Leads. It is confidently believed that 400 lbs of it will go as much as 600 lbs of any other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best paint ers in the city. Also, a large assortment of the trade of the articles will constitute my principal supply. Orders left with me will be filled at the lowest cash or approved credit prices. Also, a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect,

Selling quite low ☞

DEARDEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher, 50 MER IMACK STREET.

apr14

Kerosene--Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

For Sale Wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment with Wicks Chimnies, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, at the above store.

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher,

50 Merrimack Street. nov

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the Kidney Dragon Pills. Call and get a box.

Dr. Dow is constantly receiving testimonials in curing Cows without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Cure Doctors, have failed to give any permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in 1838, and used for years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

R. SNIDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PHILLING SONG BOOK.

CONTAINING 175 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic songs of the day. Sold by E S HUNT, 17 Central st.

GOLDEN SALVE

IS purely a vegetable preparation, each ingredient of which possesses great healing virtues. The secret of its preparation was obtained from a celebrated Indian doctor in the Canada Indians, who used it more than 20 years with great success. It is warranted to cure any kind of sore. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BUY TOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

of

H. S. HAYNES,

Who has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Post-Office.

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.

NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah, and for sale by

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, February 23, 1861.

MR. LINCOLN'S JOURNEY. Yesterday morning the American flag was raised over Independence Hall by Mr. Lincoln. An immense crowd was in attendance. Mr. Lincoln reached the Hall about seven o'clock, where he was received and welcomed by Theodore Cuyler. He responded as follows:—

I am filled with deep emotion in finding myself standing in the place where were collected the wisdom and patriotism from which sprung the institutions under which we live. You have kindly supposed fit to say in my hands is the task of attempting to add to the present distracted condition of the country. I can say, in return, that all the political sentiments I entertain have been drawn from the sentiments originated in and given to the world from this hall.

I never had a political feeling that did not spring from the sentiments embodied in the Declaration of Independence. I have often pondered over the dangers incurred by the men who assembled here and framed and adopted the Declaration of Independence. I have pondered over the trials endured by the officers and soldiers of the army who achieved that independence. I have often inquired of myself what great principle or idea it was that has kept this confederacy so long together. It was not the mere matter of the separation of the colonies from the mother land; but it was that sentiment in the Declaration which gave liberty not alone to the people of this country, but hope to the world for all future time. (Applause.) It was that which gave promise that in due time the weights would be lifted from the shoulders of all men. This is the sentiment embodied in the Declaration of Independence. Now, my friends, can this country be saved upon that basis?

If it can, I will consider myself one of the happiest men in the world if I can help to save it. If it cannot be saved upon that principle it will be truly awful. But if this country cannot be saved without giving up this principle, I was about to say I would rather be assassinated on this spot than surrender it. (Applause.) Now, in my view of the present aspect of affairs there is no need of bloodshed or war—no necessity for it. I am not in favor of such a course, and I may say in advance there will not be bloodshed unless forced upon the government, and then I think that will be pelled to act in self-defence. (Applause.) I did not expect to be called upon to say a word when I came here. I supposed it was merely to do something towards raising a flag. (Cries of No! No!) I have said but nothing that I am not willing to live and die by.

MR. LINCOLN concluded amid great applause, after which a procession was formed and moved to the platform in front of the State House. Mr. Lincoln was received with great cheering.

MR. Benton of the City Council, in a brief address, requested Mr. Lincoln to raise the flag to which he had referred, which he responded, briefly alluding to the original flag of thirteen stars, the number of which had increased as time rolled on, and had we become a powerful and happy people, each star adding to our prosperity. Our future, said he, is in the hands of the people. It was on such occasions as this that we could reason together and reaffirm our devotion to the country and to the Declaration of Independence. As we awake up our minds that whenever we do put a new star upon our banner it shall be a fixed one, never to be disturbed by the hand of the war, but brightened by prosperity and peace. Let us go on and extend the area of our usefulness, and star upon star shall their light shines over five hundred millennia. If any traitor lifts his hand,

Rev. Mr. Clark invoked divine grace, the spectators uncovering. The flag, which was rolled up in many folds, was then adjusted, a signal was fired, and amid the most excited enthusiasm the proud ident elect hoisted the national ensign and it floated out boldly upon the breeze.—Cheer followed cheer until hoarseness prevented their continuance.

MR. Lincoln at 9.30 took the cars for Harrisburg. At every stopping place a large crowd was assembled. At Lancaster a salute of 34 guns was fired, and Mr. Lincoln was conducted to the Caldwell House, where he made a speech in reply to one of welcome. The train reached Harrisburg at 2 o'clock, where Mr. Lincoln was received by Gov. Curtin and the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House. Mr. Lincoln happily responded. The remainder of the afternoon and evening was passed quietly by Mr. Lincoln in receiving a few friends.

POTTSTOWN ROBBERS ARRESTED AND HELD TO AWSWER. Upon complaint made by special Agent W. H. Clemmens of the New England District, James Langdon *alias* James L. McCoy, of Troy, N. Y., and Squire L. Goldthwait, of Hinsdale, Mass., were arrested at Worthington, Armstrong county, yesterday, and arraigned before Trial Justice Brewster, charged with robbing the Postoffice at Worthington on the 16th inst. They waived an examination, and upon this and other complaints were ordered to recognize for their appearance before the Superior Court, at Norristampton on the 2nd Monday of June next, in the sum of $6000. Complaints will also be made against them for the robbing of the Postoffices at Becket and Pittsfield.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE A MEMBER OF CONGRESS. Hon. C. H. Van Wyck, member of Congress from New York, states that an attempt was made on Thursday night to assassinate him at Capitol Hill. A man struck him with a bowie knife, which penetrated his clothing, the wound requiring treatment being arrested by a thick memorandum book in his breast pocket. Mr. Van Wyck knocked his assailant down, when a second assassin struck at him with a knife, wounding his left hand, with which he warded off the blow. Mr. Van Wyck struck his second assailant and drew a revolver and fired at the first assailant, when a third man lelled him with a slung shot.—When he recovered, he saw two men leading a third, evidently crippled. Mr. Van Wyck is in bed, but he gives a clear statement of the dastardly outrage.

SOUTHERN NEWS. Philip Dayton, now in Washington, has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for the Southern Confederacy.

Alabama. The Congress of the Southern Confederacy has unanimously passed an act declaring the establishment of the free navigation of the Mississippi River.

Georgia. On Thursday, Governor Brown seized ship Martha J. Ward, bark Adjuster, and brig Harold, all belonging to citizens of New York, and will detain them until the arms claimed by Georgia are delivered up by the State of New York.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 2.

CHICAGO, ILL. February 16th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: I closed my last at Toronto, Upper Canada. Toronto has now a population of 45,000; it lost 5,000 by the removal of the Government to Ottawa. The Canadians are strongly, and I was going to say *strangely*, impressed with the idea that Mr. Lincoln is going to interfere with slavery in the States where it exists; but really it is not strange that they are so impressed, since every man who was opposed to the Republican Party has carried that false idea and slander in his mouth wherever he has been. Everywhere I have gone. When assured that Mr. Lincoln was utterly opposed to interfering in any way with the institution of slavery in the States where it now exists, they were pleased to be corrected in the impression they had received.

When told that he only wanted to arrest *old* progress over any more free territory their next inquiry was, Why in the name of the "judgment of common-sense" do they want to break up the Union and bring the army who achieved that independence. I have often inquired of myself what great principle or idea it was that has kept this confederacy so long together. It was not the mere matter of the separation of the colonies from the mother land; but it was that sentiment in the Declaration which gave liberty not alone to the people of this country, but hope to the world for all future time. (Applause.) It was that which gave promise that in due time the weights would be lifted from the shoulders of all men. This is the sentiment embodied in the Declaration of Independence. Now, my friends, can this country be saved upon that basis?

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CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

On account of the illness of the speaker who was to deliver the address before the Lowell Sabbath School Union to morrow evening, the meeting will be postponed one week.

JAS. G. BUTTRICK, Secretary.

REV. J. PEARSON will preach in the John Street Baptist Church, to-morrow morning and evening.—Evening services commence at 64 o'clock.

REV. DR. MACKAY AND MERRIMAN of China, will preach at the Central Methodist Church to-morrow, at 1½ o'clock.

REV. B. GOREHAM will speak in the Tremont street at Weiler Hall to-morrow at 2 1-2 and 6 1-2 o'clock.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Washington's Farewell Address,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Abraham Lincoln's Speech at Springfield.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess them, and circulated among them in of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Journal and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

PAWTUCKET BRIDGE CELEBRATION. The celebration of the opening of Pawtucket Bridge to free travel, at Huntington Hall, last evening, drew together one of the largest audiences that ever assembled in-doors in this city. As an early hour in the evening, people began to arrive at the hall from out of town, and they were followed by a general rush of our citizens, so that by 7 o'clock the hall was full to packed, and a passage through the gallery, or through the main audience-room, was a feat requiring much skill and perseverance.

The military men—the Union Light Guard —entered the hall a few minutes before 8 o'clock, led by Hall's Boston Brass Band, which was the signal for the commencement of the exercises. It is unnecessary to speak of the performances as arranged on the programme; they were all carried out precisely as arranged, with the exception of the prayer: Jesse Clement, Esq., who was announced to read a poem, was for some unexplained reason not present, and the chairman, Col. Hall, in consequence of the absence of his instrument, was changed to "Dixie," by the full band. The military tableaux gave excellent satisfaction, and the singing by the Otis Club, as it always is the case, was superior, and of course was duly appreciated by the vast assemblage. The original song, by Parez Fuller (one of our "olden inhabitants") was particularly good, and its local hits were well received on all sides. The entertainment closed with a brief speech by J. N. Marshall, Esq., which was warmly applauded by such as heard it. We must not forget, also, to mention the acceptable manner in which the refreshments were provided by Mr. Jas. T. Chesley, of the Central Saloon; there was, as in the several other departments, no deficiency on his part.

With the exception of some little confusion at the time of the greatest rush for tickets, everything passed off satisfactorily, and to the credit of the chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, on whom devolved the principal responsibility. Probably not less than 2,500 persons were in the hall during the evening. Among the persons from out of town, we noticed present the board of County Commissioners, Messrs. Huntress, Sweetser, and Collins, and Messrs. Mackay and Merriman of China.

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THE WATSON LIGHT GUARD, Capt. Ladd, paraded yesterday afternoon, making a very good appearance on the street. They were led by Hall's Band of Boston, and marched to McFarlin's Skating Park, of course accompanied by a large number of "camp followers." Arriving at the Park they were invited to a collation that had been provided by Messrs. McFarlin, in brief remarks by Mr. T. G. Gerrish.—At this place speeches were also made by Hon. E. B. Patch, John A. Goodwin, Esq., and Capt. Jonathan Ladd. The company returned to its armory in season to be ready for the part that had been assigned to them at the celebration in Huntington Hall. The parade was a very creditable one to the Guard, who appeared with full ranks.

POLICE RECORD. This forenoon, there were several cases disposed of by Judge Crosby, of the Police Court—a large number of the "unwashed" being anxious spectators. We give the items, as follows. Morgan Morgans, common drunkard, was sentenced to the House of Correction for ten days. Henry Blackwell, for larceny, to the House of Employment for six months. Richard Cain, for maintaining a liquor nuisance, was ordered to the superior Court for trial. John E. Hanscom, for stealing, was ordered to March 2nd for sentence. George G. Blake, a common drunkard, ordered to Mason 23rd for sentence. Daniel Crowley, a continued case of drunkenness, was discharged. John O'Neil, another of the same sort, was disposed of in the same way. Thomas Carolin, another of the liquor nuisance, was ordered up for trial. Robert Cooper (a case of larceny that had been continued), was further ordered to March 23rd.

THE LOWELL POLICE IN CONFINEMENT. We notice in Sanborn's store window, a photographic representation of the members of our Police for 1861, twenty-five in number, taken by N. C. Sanborn & Co., No. 50 Merrimack Street. A. J. McCoy, Captain of the Police, by request: Jesse Clement, Esq., who was announced to read a poem, was for some unexplained reason not present, and the chairman, Col. Hall, in consequence of the absence of his instrument, was changed to "Dixie," by the full band. The military tableaux gave excellent satisfaction, and the singing by the Otis Club, as it always is the case, was superior, and of course was duly appreciated by the vast assemblage. The original song, by Parez Fuller (one of our "olden inhabitants") was particularly good, and its local hits were well received on all sides. The entertainment closed with a brief speech by J. N. Marshall, Esq., which was warmly applauded by such as heard it. We must not forget, also, to mention the acceptable manner in which the refreshments were provided by Mr. Jas. T. Chesley, of the Central Saloon; there was, as in the several other departments, no deficiency on his part.

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MECHANICS' HALL continues to be the centre of attraction to our citizens, and crowds nightly resort to this popular place of entertainment, to witness the skill of the artists connected with the Excelsior Bohemian Troupe. Valuable ornaments are given away at each exhibition, and all should improve the opportunity of visiting this elegant entertainment.

POSTPONED. The quarterly meeting of the Lowell Sabbath School Union, which was announced to take place at Huntington Hall to-morrow evening, has been postponed in consequence of the illness of Rev. Mr. Clark, who was to speak, to attend, until next Sunday evening, when it will take place at St. Paul's Church—when the usual interesting exercises will be had at the same as already announced.

A PRIZE CONUNDRUM. The following, contributed by a lady, took the prize at the exhibition of the Glass Blowers on Thursday evening:—Why is the glass storm-cone like the Union? Because it is formed of two flints.

M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE,

FLEMING BROS. SOLE PROPRIETORS.

☞ No remedy ever before offered has been as successful as the great worm medicine of Dr. M'Lane, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh. All who have used it are delighted with its safe and speedy action, and are loud in their encomiums upon it. To publish all the testimonials we have received in favor of this medicine would fore content ourselves with a brief abstract of a few of them.

Japhet C. Allen, of Amboy, gave a dose to a child six years old, and it brought away eighty-seven worms. He soon after gave another to the same child, which brought away 13 more, making 130 worms in about 12 hours.

Andrew Downing, of Allegheny township, Venango county, gave his child one tea-spoonful, and she passed 177 worms. Next morning, hence treated with the same dose of City Hall. one tea-spoonful, and she passed 117 worms. Next morning, hence treated with the same dose of City Hall. one tea-spoonful, and she passed 117 worms. Next morning, hence treated with the same dose of City Hall. one tea-spoonful, and she passed 117 worms. Next morning, hence treated with the same dose of City Hall.

Jonathan Houghman, of West Union, Park County, Ia., writes that he is unable to supply the demand, as the people in his neighborhood say, after a trial of the others, that none is equal to M'Lane's Vermifuge.

Messrs. D. & J. W. Colton, of Winchester, Ind., happened last spring to get some of this medicine, after selling all they could of the others, and found it far superior to them. Since then they have sold it in preference to any other, and have never known it to fail in a single instance.

Grief should be the instruction of the wise, Sorrow is knowledge; they who know the most Must mourn the deepest o'er the fatal truth; The tree of knowledge is not that of life.

THE correspondent of the *New York Tribune* says apprehensions are entertained of large defalcations by government contractors disbursing officers after the 4th of March. Many of their accounts are in confusion, or purposely kept back until a change of administration.

A LITTLE girl of four years old was recently called as a witness in a police court, and, in answer to the question as to what became of little girls who told lies, she innocently replied that they were *sent to bed*.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, the post route bill, the bill for the suppression of Indian hostilities in California, and the miscellaneous appropriation bill were considered. The House was not in session.

FINLEY & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. [ms&tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up clearest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less ashes,
Than any other free burning coal. And the best of all can be bought only at

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, And of our agent, J. MURRAY HAND, Merrimack street.

mar14dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

J. R. Coburn,	S. W. Stockey,	D. S. Richardson,
A. Bigelow,	Wm. Perkins,	Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Howe,	Edward Tuck,	F. F. Sherman,
	Lewis Downing, Jr.	

Mutual and Stock.

The above Company are now prepared to issue Policies, Permits and Farmers' risks. No assessment on Mutual risks. Cash Capital, $100,000. Premiums reduced to $3 on $1,000. No Deposit Notes to be assessed. $1½ $2½ $3. Deposit Notes to be assessed. $1½ $2½ $3. Deposit Notes to be assessed. $1½ $2½ $3.

RELIGIOUS.

MUTUAL RELATION OF MASTERS AND SLAVES AS TAUGHT IN THE BIBLE.

A DISCOURSE.

BY JOSEPH R. WILSON, D. D., Pastor:

Preached in the First Presbyterian Church, Augusta, Georgia, on Sabbath morning, January 6th, 1861.

TEXT.—"Servants, be obedient to them that are your masters according to the flesh, with fear and trembling, in singleness of your heart, as unto Christ; not with eye-service as man-pleasers, but as the servants of Christ, doing the will of God from the heart; with good-will doing service, as to the Lord, and not to men: knowing that whatsoever good thing any man doeth, the same shall he receive of the Lord, whether he be bond or free. And, ye masters, do the same things unto them, forbearing threatening, knowing that your Master also is in heaven, neither is there respect of persons with him."—Ephesians vi 5-9.

Our attention is forcibly arrested by the very first word of this text: "*servants.*" There is no difficulty in ascertaining its true meaning in the original Greek. It distinctively and unequivocally signifies *slaves*, springing as it does in this its substantive form from a verbal root, which signifies *to bind*. There are several words, conveying different shades of thought, which Greeks were accustomed to employ in speaking of servants, inasmuch as there are several kinds and degrees of servitude. But no one of them does so emphatically set forth the true and simple idea of domestic slavery as understood in these Southern States, as the "*doulos*" used in the text and whose plural form opens our text. It refers us to a man who is in the relation of permanent and legal bondage to another; that other having in him and his labor the strictest rights of property. The word is never employed to indicate the condition of a mere hireling. It points out a dependent who is solely under the authority of a master; that master being the head of a household and wielding over that household the connubium of a despot, whose acts are to be determined only by the restraining laws of Christianity and by general considerations of his own and their welfare: a dependent responsible to God, to good conscience, and the well-being of society. I use this word "despot" advisedly. It is the strictly original opposite of "slave," and is the first passage from the lst Epistle to Timothy: "Let as many servants (*doulous*) as are under the yoke count their own masters (*despotas*) worthy of all honor;" and as in the words taken from the Epistle to Titus: "Exhort servants to be obedient to their own masters (*despotais*) and to be obedient to their *despots*. In the passage immediately under discussion, the word "servants" has for its antipleres the word which may be rendered "lords," and which, in its lowest signification, means "possessors" "owners," "masters," in a sense sufficiently absolute. As a freedman in the New Testament sense, is one who is at liberty to go and act and be what he pleases, so a slave is one who goes and acts and is controlled by a superior will. And not only do the New Testament writers use the word *doulos*, to express the meaning which we have shown it to have; this meaning is likewise common to all the ancient authors, whose works in the Greek language are extant. Several classic men who wrote with strict attention to verbal accuracy, and whose compositions came from their pens at a time when domestic slavery was a universal institution, I have been thus careful in establishing the true import of this word, for a purpose. The issue has fully come when all who are interested must speak on the subject of Southern institutions—whether masters or servants—must be apprehend their *scriptural* relation to them in this country, or, in addition our Sovereign Ruler also. Now, we have already seen that the Holy Spirit employs the word which He has intended to be understood as distinctly enunciating the relation of domestic servitude—that He has sent to all the world a volume of truth, which is indispensably addressed to masters and slaves and to the slaves who possess masters—and that, from the time when and in which these highly suggestive words occur, He has included slavery as an organizing element in that family order given for the very foundation of Church and State. A study of such words is, therefore, always and an important step in ascertaining the will of God with respect to an institution which short-sighted men have indiscriminately and violently denounced, and which wicked men have declared unworthy of the countenance of a Christianity whose peaceful and conservative spirit, as applied to society, they neither respect nor understand.

I am sure that you will bear with me while I take another step in this great argument, and show how completely the Bible brings slavery under the sanctions of divine authority, upon other and strong grounds. Indeed, my text compels me to take this course—for *it our domestic servitude be essentially* different from that to which the apostle's exhortations refer, we do but beat the air with empty sounds when we endeavor to apply them to the masters and servants of society, in order to Christian congregations. In this section of our country. If Paul or rather the great God, speaking by his inspired lips, meant to combine his evangelical teachings to a state of things wholly unlike that under which we live, then this portion of Scripture is to us a dead letter, and can have no influence upon our consciences and our conduct. If we preach from it at all, therefore, it must be simply as a matter of practical benefit of hearers now as much as when the *Ephesian* church opened their ears and hearts to its reception. The great truth, in the suggestions of this very thought, there is a remote application to be found for the divine sanction of slavery. It would seem, that, inasmuch as the Bible was intended for all times and all ages, and not for one period and a single country, the fact that it gives directions as plain and full and forcible for the regulation of domestic service as it does for the defining and limiting the marital, parental and filial relations in families, forbidden an inference proof of the perpetuity of slavery where, such service ought to be as universal as such higher and tenderer relations: that no household is complete under the gospel which does not contain all the grades of authority and obedience, power of that husband and wife, down through that of father and son, to that of master and servant. Accordingly, we shall find, as a matter of historical fact, that among all people, having all the principal relations, that have been those, in every family, whom the very law of necessity itself has made servants to their masters; and those persons were in the rigid sense which slavery seems to imply, yet in a sense sufficiently obvious and strict. Go where you will—visit what family you may, and you will find members of the household subject to that law which requires them more than the others, to perform menial services for all the little community. The bireling, the wife, the eldest child, the dependent stranger, may be the volunteer in the ordinary doer of offices which must fall to the lot of *some one*. I need not point you to the manifold illustrations of this law, which appears in all conditions of human society—even in those which are most favored—even in those from which come the most heated denunciations of slavery which, existing among us, differs at least from sheer own more in degree and form than in essential qualities. There must be such inequalities in society; and wherever an attempt has been not jointly to remove them—whether radicalism has proposed to smooth down all individuals in the family or other community to a common level as was in the experiments of Fourierism, which once excited so much attention in the world,—it was found that a fundamental law had been transgressed, and failure inevitably attended such unscriptural and disorganizing attempts. God has evidently made one to serve another. The simple question is, what must be the nature of this service? The answer is, that its nature depends upon circumstances. And out of this answer springs the interrogation, has God ever shown us that there are circumstances under which *involuntary* service may be required and presided on the part of masters and slaves? Has He ever declared this kind of service to be right, and for abuse at the hands of the parties concerned? Surely the Bible is clear enough upon this point to satisfy the most sensitive conscience. Light cannot shine with greater brightness than does the doctrine of subserviency—nay, than does the existence of the righteousness—of an institution, which, besides being sanctioned and promoted by a long courses of favorable providences, besides being recognized in a prime conservator of the civilized world, is also besides being one of the colored man's foremost sources of blessing, is likewise directly sanctioned by both the utterance and presence of Scripture.

Look, first, at the most instructive case of Scripture upon this subject. An obvious feature of the sacred word, whose office is the basis of the Bible, is its conservance of sin and conduct to righteousness. Hence it never mentions a great evil, whether against God without denouncing it directly or impliedly; denouncing it, too, in the face of every human and divine sanction, and its existence denouncing it, that is, without the least regard to present consequences. The Bible could not wink at prevailing crime, much less at prevailing crime, least of all at prevailing ungodliness, through any fear of arousing angry opposition against Christianity on the part of such as might hold the evil power, or of such as might direct the sneer of hatred. Christianity came, rather, as necessarily it must have come, as a "sword," to set men at "variance" on the field of a great fight between evil and good. Wherever, therefore, it went in the early ages, it dealt its fiercest blows at idolatry, for example—blows which are now being repeated throughout the pagan world by an array of missionaries, whom no danger is sufficient to appal. Under all circumstances, too, falsehood comes under the frown of Scripture truth; so do theft, drunkenness, violence, murder, and a multitude of smaller offences. In short, the deeply dyed canvass of God's word, you find such a faithful representation of human guilt through all the turns and progressive developments of the sinful heart, as leaves nothing wanting in completing the portraiture of that manifold criminality against which divine wrath breathes one constant stream of fiery indignation. God will not, must not, cannot tamper with sin, in any of its forms, so long as He remains true to Himself and to His holy magistracy.—He can neither connive at it by silence, or perpetuate it by giving law for its regulation, nor excuse it by letting down to it the standard of His purity. And yet, how often do we find Him dealing with sin, not directly, but indirectly, by means of the rules which are given for the very foundation of Church and State. A study of such words is, therefore, always and an important step in ascertaining the will of God with respect to an institution which short-sighted men have indiscriminately and violently denounced, and which wicked men have declared unworthy of the countenance of a Christianity whose peaceful and conservative spirit, as applied to society, they neither respect nor understand.

Now, in the case of such reflections, it is remarkable to say the least, that the institution of compulsory slavery, as it existed throughout the Roman Empire, although often referred to in the New Testament, is never once condemned, or even mentioned with disapprobation. On the contrary, provision is made for its perpetuation, by means of the rules which are given for the very foundation of Church and State. A study of such words is, therefore, always and an important step in ascertaining the will of God with respect to an institution which short-sighted men have indiscriminately and violently denounced, and which wicked men have declared unworthy of the countenance of a Christianity whose peaceful and conservative spirit, as applied to society, they neither respect nor understand.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, February 25, 1861.

EVERY step taken as yet by the incoming President in his approach to the capital, is one indicative of firmness and decision, as will be seen by the language of every speech yet delivered. Notwithstanding a clear spirit of decision and sense of authority is discernable in the addresses that have been made to the vast crowds that throng his path, there is also seen pervading the whole that mildness which indicates the absence of anything like improper partisan bias, passion or sectional hate.

Some had the impression, a day or two since, that as he neared Washington, his speeches grew more conciliatory, and that his Albany speech bore a marked contrast in that respect as compared with those delivered in Ohio. Those who thought they discovered that change, must be compelled to note in his more recent speeches a return to original firmness, which means nothing more than that in his opinion the government is a power, and as its instrument he means to exercise it in a proper manner. Having discovered no change either in the tone or spirit of his speeches from the moment of his departure from Springfield, no change is to be seen necessary to place him on the same footing on which he started; but if any think they see anything of this kind necessary for the preservation of a uniform spirit, they have only to turn their attention to his speech before the New Jersey Legislature, in which he says "it may be necessary to put his foot down firm."

In our early days, when we heard this expression fall from the lips of the patriarchal head, there was no mistaking its meaning, and in every such instance it was an indication of authority and decision, from which there was to be no escape. There is, without doubt, as much of meaning in the expression when used by one of by his Press Agents, the authority of the constitution and the laws, as we may expect that he has made up his mind to meet rebellion and insubordination, with a firm and resolute hand.

Not less worthy of note as connected with the use of this language, is the fact that it was spoken to a democratic legislature, which responded to the sentiment in the most enthusiastic manner, showing that there is a disposition to aid the in-coming chief magistrate in his efforts to preserve the supremacy of law and order. That there are to be found in the democratic ranks, mottled as they are with Bell-and-Everett men, Breckinridge and Douglas democrats and secessionists, a few men who are willing to hazard the peace of the country, and are ready to keep its interests in a distracted state for the sake of a further effort to break down the Republican party, as the means of preparing the way for "re-construction" is to be regarded, looking to a political triumph over the Republican party in 1864, is doubtless true; but the great mass of the American nation is honest and will stand by the government.

When Abraham Lincoln "puts his foot down" it will mean something, and the people will say amen. The hope that one of anything like a government has given the people all the experience they desire under a government which is so only in name, and they will now rally around and around the constitution and the laws, the preservation of which is a sure guarantee of order and peace. A successful administration, which we certainly look confidently forward to, will unite and strengthen the country beyond the conception of the most visionary, and the institutions of the country will gather a strength never before possessed, and will not again be in danger through the misfortune of a relapse into misrule, by having its destinies committed to the hands of imbecile men.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, last Saturday, Mr. Wilson reported back the bill for the better organization of the militia for the District of Columbia. Laid over. The Post Route bill was discussed and postponed. The miscellaneous appropriation bill was taken up, several amendments offered, and the bill reported to the Senate.

In the House the Tariff bill was taken up. Mr. Garnett of Va., made a foolish speech, principally directed against Gen. Scott. Mr. Sickles spoke briefly on the tariff bill, which was defended by Mr. Sherman. In the evening Mr. Fenton, of N. Y., made a speech against all compromises, advocating his own proposition for a National Convention. Other members spoke.

THE PEACE CONVENTION. Various propositions are yet to be voted on by the Peace Conference. Saturday night the first branch of the pending propositions was voted on by a very North of 36.30 and recognising it South of that line, was agreed to, receiving a decided affirmative vote, and it is reported that this is satisfactory to nearly all the members from the border States. The Conference will not probably adjourn before Tuesday. Four Commissioners have received to-day from Kansas. After the adjournment Saturday night, the Commissioners had a brief interview with Mr. Lincoln, and several of those present that the presence of the President elect has already had a good effect in political circles.

THE *Syracuse Standard* says that while the rowdies were burning the Rev. Mr. May in effigy, when the anti-slavery meeting in Syracuse was broken up a few weeks ago, the reverend gentleman was carrying provisions to the families of some of the drunken ruffians who were committing the outrage and insults, to keep their children from starving.

THE *Lockport (N. Y.) Advertiser* says a gentleman and lady came some nine miles to that place, on the 7th of February, with the mercury down to freezing. Though the gentleman's face and ears were frozen and the lady's nose was in the same condition, the party went bravely through the ceremony, and were soon "homeward bound."

SOUTHERN NEWS. *South Carolina.*—The *Charleston Mercury* of the 22d states that despatches from Fort Moultrie to Governor Pickens say that a pilot had seen Senator Daniel Webster off Cape Hounsine, Thursday noon. Gen. Dunnovan and Captain Hamilton immediately proceeded to Fort Moultrie, and Major Stevens repaired to Morris Island. The batteries and everything was got in readiness for the expected visitors, but up to 4 o'clock on the morning of the 22d no steamer had entered the harbor. A sharp lookout was being kept.

Virginia. A large portion of the session of the Convention on Saturday was occupied by personal explanations. The resolution for raising a committee to inquire whether any movement of arms or men had been made by government to any forts or arsenal in or bordering upon Virginia indicating preparations for attack or coercion, was adopted.

Mr. Fisher offered a resolution opposing a national convention, and declaring that the people of the South are not ready to ably apprehend that such a body would reorganize the judiciary system and make judges elective by the people of the Union, and forward democratic party would do as soon as they got the power, and such a body would make other innovations upon the recognized rights of the minority section. Referred.

Mississippi. Reports received by the *St. Louis News*, says that there is a strong reaction against secession in Mississippi.—The co-operationists begin to show signs of life, and now in the counties which sent delegates of this class, the disaffection is becoming more and more intense, though its public and concerted expression is repressed by the terrorism still maintained by the secessionists. The people were not prepared for the severe trials which secession imposes on them. Their crops, last year, were short, and to the counties bordering on the Alabama line, the utmost destitution exists. Planters who generally make fifty to seventy-five bales of cotton, made, last year, only ten to twenty; and even this scanty crop cannot be sent to market, on account of disturbance of trade. The people, therefore, are in debt, and suffering from want of the commonest necessaries of life.

Missouri. Returns from thirteen counties give about 21,000 majority for unconditional Union. The total majority in the State for Union is from 75,000 to 100,000.

Georgia. At Milledgeville the Court House was burnt yesterday morning.—Most of the books and papers were saved, but nothing is left of the building but the walls. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary.

The administration has been officially informed that no foreign government sympathises with the secessionists, but all express solicitude for the maintenance of the entire Union.

MR. LINCOLN AT WASHINGTON. Mr. Lincoln reached Washington early Saturday morning, in advance of his party, having left Harrisburg late Friday evening. Soon after his arrival he received a note of greeting, that he hurried to Washington, in consequence of plots against his life at Baltimore, but his journey was hastened to conceal his friends and supporters. Mr. Lincoln called upon the President soon after his arrival at Washington, and was introduced to all the members of the Cabinet. He also called upon Gen. Scott, who returned the call at 3 o'clock. The Illinois delegation, headed by Mr. Douglas, paid their respects at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Lincoln dined at 7 o'clock, Saturday evening, with Mr. Seward, and at 8 received the members of the Peace Congress, in the parlor at Willard's. Ex-President Tyler and all the delegates were introduced by Governor Chase. After the interview, a large number of citizens were presented, including many ladies. Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet called at 10 o'clock, and were personally received.

In company with Mr. Seward, he attended St. John's Episcopal Church yesterday.

Arrangements for the inauguration are progressing rapidly, and there is every prospect of a successful demonstration. B. B. French will act as Chief Marshal, and his staff will include many of the principal Republicans in the District. The Committee of Arrangements for the ball, and the list of managers, comprise many of the leading members of the

DODGE'S

American Liniment,

AN INVALUABLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Spinal Affections, Ague in the Breast and Liver, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c., &c.

The immediate relief which even one application of this invigorating liniment affords, will recommend it to every one in any of the above diseases or pains. A fair trial, and we are assured, that after using one bottle there will not be without it, but will be convinced that it is the best article in the market.

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all Druggists in the U. States, as WHOLESALE BY

WEEKS & POTTER, 184 Washington Street, Boston. H. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON,

ASA B. CROSBY, Agent.

Agents Wanted.—apply as above. nov18eow3m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

THE undersigned, Manufacturers at Augusta, Me., would respectfully inform the former customers and the public generally, that they have opened an establishment on

CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 39

(corner of Sullivan street), where they will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE their own articles, (mostly from St. John lumber), and in large quantities, they are satisfied that they can sell at such prices as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all in want of the above articles, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K. ROBINSON & CO.

Boston, Oct. 18, 1860. oct18eow3m

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Lowell.

Myrtle's Band.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates! Violins, Accordeons, Flageolets, Brass Instruments Bands, Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

Selling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at *lowest prices*, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

China and Crockery Warehouse,

No. 3 Merrimack Street. ofd

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without investment or risk of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many men, and why they cannot by simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from those who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months since was a stranger, is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a few hours of his leisure. He paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $5 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent by return of mail. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold the business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and we have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

aug24 Boston, Mass.

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer whose name has become a household word in America. A collection of Sacred Music, Polkas and Quadrilles to every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quadrette, Chorusses and Concerted Pieces from the most popular Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and social gatherings. By Edward Hamilton.

The above books for sale at E. N. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 4 Merrimack Square, Lowell. Any piece of Music to be found in the country for sale at short notice. Remember the place,

oct1 17 Central street.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer, of the Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by his known house of Canard & Co., London, under the original receipt. It is the favorite Sauce in the Queen's Palace in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

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"We recommend our correspondent to try MORE SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable zest in cases of ALSO AND MEAT DISORDER."—[The Lancet.

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For sale by Grocers and Fine Goods every-where. 3mwlyjan19

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KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jarrett, Inodorous Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., 160, Merchants' Row, corner of John street. oct4

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Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLING

WAITING ROOM.—Benjamin Pease and Ira Cary, of Concord, N. H., have opened the HUNT'S Book and Music Store at lower rates than at any other store in Lowell. sep22y

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

PLATT'S Celebrated Pure Buckwheat Flour, for sale by WEEKS, FOSTER & CO.

Also, for sale by the retail dealers in this city.

nov17

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, explained in so easy a manner, that any person may comprehend this useful art. Sold by

W. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

nov17

☞ MILLERIAL EXPERIMENTS, or Guide to Knowledge and Instant Success, by Prof. Alexander Jam published by Hunt & Eaton, and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street. nov17 J. J. JUDKINS, 7 John st.

☞ NEW MUSIC of Strauss's Pleasure Music Publisher, Sole agent for Lowell,

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SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they have worn upon it, it pierces, not their side, but their heart."—S. T. COLE. "Do—unto the Needy" sixteen times the sweat of one."—HENRY WARD PEECHER.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $60 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that their well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and the rapidity increasing hereto some the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED EVERY PERFECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the claims of EACH stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent machines in this city will be visited with certain prosecution, all machines sewing from two Spools, and in which the needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a lock stitch alike on both sides, will be termed at will, are infringements.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned that the sale, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which now from two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their agents in Lowell, Boston, and Bangor under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are gross upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

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18 Summer street, Boston.

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Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHASE & CO. oct24

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best Old London linseed Oil, and its superior quality for Inner, Durable and Fine work, it is believed is not excelled by any establishment in the world.

The Forest River Lead Company have also established Paris, a Patented Article.

The great body and capacity for covering of this article renders it cheaper at the present time than White Lead. It is confidently believed that No Rat if will do as much work and will go as much other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this country. A fair trial of the article will convince any practical enquirer of its merits. Also, Red Lead, Litharge, &c., of the purest quality, and for sale at the lowest prices, and in any quantity, at the Company's office, No. 20 Central street, Salem, Mass., with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The General Agent, who previously superintended the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged by the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century, and his experience, connected with important improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article of unequalled purity.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained in Lowell of the following agents: of CHARLES B. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Dutton street, Lowell. aug28dly

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

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Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It can and will be sold at prices that have attracted much attention.

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, and of the best skins. Call and see for yourself.

M. DEMPSEY.

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WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low as ble

China and Crockery Warehouse.

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses,

GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

No. 3 Merrimack Street.

W. DEARDEN.

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of those little women. Who would be without a sewing machine of any description? But the $10 one-thread which is sold for $10, we find combined every good quality of the high priced machines ever before invented. It has a very decided superiority over all the others in one respect, and that is economy.

N. C. CARTER Agent.

feb28 17 Central street.

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the presentation of Pills, which are said to act on Books at any lower rates than they are now sold by the regular Dealers in Medicines. We have a regular Pill and Book for Christmas and New Year's Gifts or Gratuities, which we will sell at the following prices:

The Annual Register, by Walter Almond—one thing—Price 25 cents—Postage 6 cents. Or, the following couple of books for 50 cents—Postage 12 cents.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine Book and Illustrations, Gilt edge—Price 50 cents—add 12 cents.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

The Casket Library, containing four volumes.

The Illustrated Family Bible, 1000 Engravings—Price $3.50—Postage 75 cents.

Sold at 17 Central street, by E. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete Toilet Preparation for instantly removing Pimples, Freckles, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merchants' Row and John street. feb15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find these Troches beneficial in clearing the throat previous to addressing the voice. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

TESTH! TESTH! TESTH!

ROBINSON'S INDEFICAL DENTAL SOAP preserves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. nov3

"A PENNY SAVED IS AS GOOD AS PRESENT EARNED."

I LOOK at them toward Child into PAPER for children to keep their pennies in. A nice look and buy a penny out. Just the thing for a Christmas Gift. Furnished in great variety and extremely cheap.

Robinson's Business Works cheaper than can be bought in Lowell.

Beautiful Bibles and Prayer Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, Pocketbooks, Pencils, &c. &c.

Stationery Packets of the best quality. Ladies' Gilt Edge Note.

Sheet Music and Music Books at the Cheap Cash Store of CHARLES B. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Dutton street, Lowell.

DAILY COURIER

Printing Office.

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

JOB PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

it can, the PROPRIETOR feels assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Court Dockets,
Pamphlets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Cards, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Circulars, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF ANIMALS, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

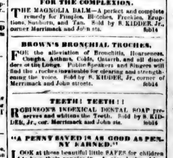
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Advertise a handsome stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut in order.*

Z. E STONE, Proprietors.
S. W. RUNE, Proprietors.

FURS! FURS!



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SEWING MACHINE.

AT CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever offered to the public. It will do better work; superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, requiring no more skill to thread or get out of order than machines which are more complicated. Any person can operate it. This machine weighs but six and a half pounds, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used by the hand or foot, as the operator may desire. It performs its work in no shortough a manner, but as thought every thing stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It is not liable to get out of order, and should it be, all persons interested are requested to call, before intending to purchase any where else.

PRICE $10.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

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W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

is now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct. This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the wants of every respect. Wholesale and Retail customers.

TEA WARE,
DINNER WARE,
TOILET WARE,
COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, cannot be excelled in this city.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine for themselves at the

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which cannot fail to please them.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITTANIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE.

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Goods for sale on as low terms as in the State or Union, at my Chinese and Crockery Emporium, Please remember,

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

6 MERRIMACK STREET.

oct4 W. DEARDEN.

E. G. KELLEY,

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SOLE Agent in the United States for the sale of the articles manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by its newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE SPERM OIL.

P. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Woolen and Cotton Machinery, No. 1, ☞ per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for nicer Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, for Burning in Lamps, No. 1, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Oil, for Burning in Lamps, No. 2, 62½ cents; Solar Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; Solar Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 2, 62½ cents.

Office for the sale at the Oil Rooms,

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

sep27 Manufacturing and Auditorial Chemists.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up IRON FENCES of the most desirable pattern, and of the best materials.

CUSHING & MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market street,

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Curtain Fixtures

On a New Principle.

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY.

Selling quite low ☜

in every respect,

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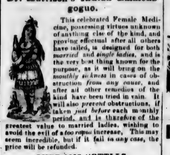
THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstructions from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* such a period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too-rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health or any exposure. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $2 50.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions only, and is not to be confounded with other remedies of the kind which have been tried in vain, and which are recommended to prevent sickness, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ *Beware of imitations, as the genuine is never sold unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office.* Pregnant females should not take it. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them—Consultation by letter or personal, strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad, with a good private and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

☞ PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when so many plausible physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply. Some of them are making some request, and especially in return to those who make the private practice of advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are impostors; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. M. will answer, by return of one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on BENEFICIAL WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases generally*; also Circulars giving full information, well worth the most undivided attention of invalids, without which no advertising physician or book-seller of this kind is deserving of public confidence whatever.

ly

Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned certify that we have been acquainted with Dr. MATTISON for many years, and that he is a gentleman of the highest character for honor and integrity, and that we believe his statements to be entirely reliable.

Hon. JOHN FAIRFIELD, Augusta, Me.
Hon. JOHN HUBBARD, Portland, Me.
Hon. JOHN H. CLIFFORD, Boston, Mass.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Worcester, Mass

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, February 26, 1861.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. Two weeks from today, the independent voters of this State will be called upon to vote for State officers, Congressmen and Legislature. The Republicans, Douglas Democrats, Breckinridge Democrats and Union men have all made nominations, but the candidates of the two last named parties are inclined to withdraw from the contest, and the only fight will be between the Republican and plain Democrats. There can be no doubt as to the contest, though the Democrats are whistling to keep up their courage, and tell us what they are expecting to do. They talk as if they had slight hopes of carrying the second Congressional district, but E. H. Rollins, the Republican candidate, will walk over the course with little trouble. The Republican candidate for Governor is Nathaniel S. Berry, of Haverhill, a Democrat of olden times, but an anti-slavery man for twenty years. He was the Liberty party candidate for Governor about 1845 and 1847, and in 1848 was supported by the Whigs for the same office on a coalition ticket, and came within about 3,000 votes of an election by the people. His majority now will be 4,000 or 5,000. The Democratic candidate for the same office is George Stark, of Nashua, well known for his connection with Railroads. Mr. Stark has been in the Legislature. For Railroad Commissioner, J. T. P. Hunt, of Manchester, is the Republican, and Frederick Vose, of Walpole, the Democratic candidate.

For Congress, in the First District, the candidates are Gilman Marston, Republican, the present member, who will be re-elected, and Daniel Marcy, Democrat, who has been twice defeated, and is again urged by his great gratification at Mr. Lincoln's safe arrival, and especially complimented him for choosing to travel from Harrisburg unattended by any display, and in a plain, democratic way. Among the Democratic Congressional delegation, without respect of party, headed by Senator Douglas, was great joy upon Mr. Lincoln, and paid their respects. The meeting was a formal perhaps than would be the case at the interview with any other delegation, from the fact that they were all in parties and acquaintance before. The interview between Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Douglas was peculiarly gratifying to all, and now declare him "a very pleasant, sociable gentleman, and not bad looking by any means."

At six o'clock Dr. Puleston, Secretary of the Peace Congress, presented a communication to Mr. Lincoln, announcing that the members of the Congress were anxious to pay their respects to Mr. Lincoln, and requesting the latter to name the time when he would receive them. Mr. Lincoln replied that he would receive them at 9 o'clock.

At seven o'clock Mr. Lincoln left his room, and proceeded in a carriage to the residence of Mr. Seward, with whom he had an interview before nine o'clock. Mr. Lincoln returned to his hotel, and was received by an enthusiastic crowd, who greeted him as cheerily as in the latter part of life. Some were old men, and some old and young young ladies. They reflected the general feeling, that in Mr. Lincoln rests the future hope of the government and the Union.

Mr. Lincoln passed through the long parlor hall, thronged with the elite and fashion of the national metropolis, shaking hands as fast as he could on his right and left with ladies and gentlemen.

At 9 o'clock Mr. Lincoln received the Peace Congress. The members formed in procession in the hall where they met, and, preceded by the reception committee, ex-President Tyler, and Gov. Chase, of Ohio, led the van. The latter introduced Mr. Tyler. Mr. Lincoln received him with a cordial grasp of the hand, and a pleasant interview was had. He was anxious to know if Mr. Lincoln had had a satisfactory reception at Harrisburg, to which the latter responded that it was very enthusiastic on the part of the people, and exceedingly quiet and orderly. Mr. Buchanan then introduced Mr. Lincoln to visit the Cabinet Chamber, which he accepted, and was introduced to each member.

Upon leaving the White House Mr Lincoln and Mr. Seward made a call upon Lieut. General Scott, but the old chief was absent, attending to his official duties.

At three o'clock General Scott returned Mr. Lincoln's call. He was warmly greeted by the President elect, who expressed to General Scott his thanks for the many marks of attention he had shown him, especially in detailing an escort from his native State of Virginia. Gen. Scott expressed his great gratification at Mr. Lincoln's safe arrival, and especially complimented him for choosing to travel from Harrisburg unattended by any display, and in a plain, democratic way.

At four o'clock the Illinois Congressional delegation, without respect of party, headed by Senator Douglas, called upon Mr. Lincoln, and paid their respects. The meeting was a formal perhaps than would be the case at the interview with any other delegation, from the fact that they were all in parties and acquaintance before. The interview between Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Douglas was peculiarly gratifying to all, and now declare him "a very pleasant, sociable gentleman, and not bad looking by any means."

We notice that some of the Republican papers are urging Mr. Lincoln to appoint Mr. Holt (the man who has saved Mr. Buchanan's administration from "everlasting condemnation,") a place in his Cabinet.—We believe the services and patriotic conduct of Mr. Holt should be remembered—but as he has done no more than the duties of his office required of him, he probably has no idea that the incoming administration will be under the slightest obligation to him or his State. We presume the Cabinet will be a new one throughout, but it would not be disgraceful to thousands of Republicans in New England to see Mr. Holt in that body; and, considering the peculiar state of the country, the propriety of the Northern portion of the Union being represented in the Administration.

THE PEACE CONVENTION. The third clause of Mr. Guthrie's proposition was debated in the Peace Conference yesterday without a vote being taken. A session was held last night. Strong efforts are making to come to a conclusion on the subject.

HON. HENRY WILSON'S SPEECH. Last Thursday evening, Mr. Wilson addressed the Senate on secession and Crittenden's Propositions, showing them both up in all their deformity. He commenced by referring to the bold words of George Mason, of Virginia, spoken three quarters of a century since against slavery. Mr. Wilson referred to the threats made last year, and continues—

"The memorable words of last year have now hardened into deeds. Madness and folly rule the hour. Treason holds its carnival in the national Capitol.—Armed Men, high in the national councils, plot conspiracies against the government they are sworn to defend, and clasp the hands of the assassins of the Union. Men, to whom have been intrusted official duties and responsibilities, talk of the dismemberment of the Republic, not in the old secrets of patriotism, but with the gleeful chuckle of an irrepressible joy. States haughtily proclaim their withdrawal from the Union made by the fathers, recall their Representatives in those chambers, capture the fortresses of the nation, insult, dishonor, and fire upon the flag of the Republic, seize the public property, and even erase from their festive days the hallowed anniversary of national independence, with all its glorious associations and thrilling memories. Never, no never, since the morn of creation, has the historic pen recorded a conspiracy against the rights of man and Democratic institutions, so utterly causeless, so wicked in its purpose, so regardless of the judgment of the civilized world, and the approval of Almighty God."

Mr. Wilson then spoke of the efforts of Garibaldi and his brave comrades to establish Italian liberty, while here men are seeking to break down our Government. He traces the history of the present conspiracy from the day when it was first put down at the bidding of Andrew Jackson, down to the present hour. The young politicians of the South discarded the teachings of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Mason and Martin; and adopted the doctrines and teachings of Calhoun.

"Your theories of constitutional construction were promulgated, the policy of slavery extension and slavery domination aggressively, and the whole brood of the very aggression, for nearly a generation, has been pursued with tireless energy in the Senate and House, in the councils of nations and the laws of the living God. The nation has been forced to accept the theories, acknowledge the rule, and bear the crushing burden and the crimes of the slave propagandists. The Democracy, which has ruled the country, has slept step to the music of slave propagandism in America, hesitated, paused for a moment, and it was lost in twain. The American people, by peaceful, legal, and constitutional action, rejected its aggressive demands, and the Union is imperiled.

Col. Benton knew the object of the conspirators, and, said the speaker, "In the last conversation I had with him, but a few days before he was prostrated by mortal disease, he declared that 'the disunionists had prostituted the Democratic party'—that they had complete control of the Administration—that 'these conspirators would have broken up the Union if Col. Fremont had been elected;' that 'the reason he supported Mr. Buchanan was that he knew those men intended to destroy the Government, and he did not wish to be the instrument in the hands of a member of his family.'"

Mr. Wilson spoke of Massachusetts, and denied that her people bore any feelings of animosity toward the South. She only

CITY AND VICINITY.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they are more such than is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Bank and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting Room.

LOWELL, January 19th, 1861.

Prof. E. P. Banning—Dear Sir: The undersigned, citizens of Lowell, some of whom have been greatly edified by the hearing of your recent gratuitous lectures on health and physical education, which you have made both entertaining and instructive, and some who regret not having heard them, ask for themselves and the community, that you will repeat those lectures at your earliest convenience, and suggest that you should have an admission fee, at least sufficient to defray expenses.

Hoping you will comply, we assure you of our hearty co operation.

JAMES CHILD,
EDWARD TUFTS,
A. B. ADAMS,
GEO. F. MOREY,
Z. E. STONE,
SAM'L J. TUTTLE,
NOAH CONANT,
WM. WATSON,
J. M. PEABODY.

Prof. B. has arranged to repeat his lectures for the the third time, at Mechanics' Hall, as follows, viz: before ladies only at 2 P. M., on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week, and before both ladies and gentlemen at 8 P. M., on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. All who have heard him before, or for the first time, should attend. Admittance free.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Virginia.* In the Convention on Saturday, Mr. Brown offered resolutions demanding security against future wrongs; opposing the African slave trade; opposing direct taxation; approving the Fugitive Slave Law; and declaring if such or a similar compromise is not adopted, Virginia would be ready to enter into a compact with such States as the request of the Legislature, and their co-operation, excluding all disagreeing States. Mr. Moore advocated his propositions, and was replied to by Mr. Goode, committee of the Whole. Considerable debate ensued in the galleries, which were cleared, and the Convention adjourned.

Alabama. In Congress yesterday, a resolution was adopted instructing the committee to inquire into the present condition of the public lands. The committee on the Post Office Department constitution will report on Wednesday. The following appointments have been made: Postmaster General Henry S. Clett; Attorney General, J. B. Benjamin; Commissioners to Washington, Messrs. Forman, M. J. Crawford, John Forsyth. It is rumored that Mr. Mallory will be Secretary of the Navy.

Maryland. A letter from a Southern member of the Peace Congress says the American says: "Peace will be preserved and the Union restored. The results on points of the controversy will be satisfactory to the majority, and we shall probably close our labors on Friday."

South Carolina. The Charleston Courier says "Fort Sumter botched forth its Administration-ella" these conspirators would have broken up the Union if Col. Fremont had been elected; that "the reason he supported Mr. Buchanan was that he knew those men intended to destroy the Government, and he did not wish to be the instrument in the hands of a member of his family."

Arkansas. This State is believed to have gone largely against secession. The West Tennessee counties in Southern Arkansas show a majority in favor of a convention and about seventeen candidates. There will be a majority of about 3000 in favor of a convention.

Louisiana. The Collector has decided that all goods purchased and invoiced by the 28th, can be shipped per steamer Bienville, which is to sail on the 1st of March for New York, free of duty.

Texas. The government property in Texas was quietly surrendered to the State authorities, and the federal troops were allowed to leave the State. The property seized was valued and is worth $1,300,000. Gen. Twiggs, who was sent to protect the government property in Texas, has surrendered it to the State authorities. He is a Georgian by birth.

MR. LINCOLN AT WASHINGTON. The President elect has received calls from Vice President Breckinridge and Mr. Crittenden. The interview between the latter and Mr. Lincoln, it is said, has been very cordial and friendly. Yesterday afternoon, in company with Mr. Seward, Mr. Lincoln visited the Senate and House of Representatives, and many crowded around to welcome him, especially in the House. He remained but a few minutes. Mr. Lincoln also visited the Justices of the Supreme Court in their consultation room.

The following is the latest in regard to the Cabinet. The most reliable report relates to the following names of Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, is as follows: Seward, Secretary of State; Bates, Attorney General; Gilmer, of North Carolina, Secretary of the Navy; Smith, Secretary of the Interior; Welles, Postmaster General; Cameron, Secretary of the Treasury.

A man may love his house well without riding on the ridge.

☞ Another resident of New York City testifies to the good effects of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa. For sale by druggists.

This is to certify that I have had the *Liver Complaint* for five years, during which time I have used a great many remedies without relief. I purchased a box of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, and I concluded to try a box. I did so, and, to my astonishment, before I had taken one box more will effect a permanent cure. I can cheerfully recommend these Pills to all who may suffer from liver complaint. I have also known them used with the most happy results in cases of ailis troubled, requiring a cathartic.

MR. SWIFT, No. 116 Attorney street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, in a steel-plate, signature of FLEMING BROS. can now be had at all the respectable Druggists throughout the country. *Beware of counterfeits!*

FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

feb25 ly*

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs. Persons wishing to purchase Furs will do well to call at the Fur Manufactory, No. 109 Merrimack street, Lowell.

jan12dtf

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WERKLY,

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 102 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

E. H. FISHER, sole agent.

jan14dim

FINKLE & LYON'S NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. We shall sell, on and after SATURDAY, March 24, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, all the right, title and interest of the Assignee in and to the Stone Machine Shop, Machinery, Tools, &c., on Dutton street, now occupied by Finkle & Lyon's Sewing Machine Co.

Also, directly after the above all the Machinery, Tools, &c., in the Wood Working Shop and Storehouse, situated on the corner of Dutton and Jackson streets.

Terms cash.

GEO. F. RICHARDSON, Assignee.

mar23 3t

City Library.

THE following Books have been added to the Library since the last publication:

Printer Boy, 2 copies; Tales from "Blackwood," 4 vols.; Lamplighter; Ida May; Temperance tale; Home of Ten Boys; Motley's History of the Netherlands, 3 vols.; Lost Bank Book; Elsie Venner, 2 copies; Pickwick Papers; Life of Gen. Taylor; Washington and his Generals, 2 vols.; Charles and Clara; Lucy Hamilton; Life of Gen. Jackson; Life of Daniel Webster, 2 vols.; Life of Clay, 2 vols.; Life of Gen. Scott.

Also, the following Periodicals: Harper's Monthly, Weekly and Bazar; Atlantic Monthly; Godey's Lady's Book; Graham's Magazine; Ballou's Pictorial; Peterson's Magazine; Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper; Boston Pilot; Lowell Journal; Lowell Courier; Lowell Citizen and News; Lowell Advertiser; Lowell Sun; Lowell Daily Journal; Lowell Weekly Journal; Lowell Daily Courier; Lowell Weekly Courier; Lowell Daily Citizen and News; Lowell Weekly

DODGE'S

American Liniment,

AN INFALLIBLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Spinal Affections, Ague in the Breast and Face, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c., &c.

The immediate relief which even one application of this invaluable Liniment produces, would induce all persons afflicted with any of the above diseases to give it a fair trial, if they are assured, that what advertisements say of it are not exaggerated, that what is contained in it is the best article in the market.

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all Druggists in the U. States.

AT WHOLESALE BY

WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington Street, Boston. G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON

ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.

JOSEPH WARREN,—apply as above. nov16m9m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

THE undersigned, Manufacturers at Augusta, Me., would respectfully inform their former customers and the public generally, that they have opened an establishment in

CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 24,

(corner of Stillman street,) where they will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE their own articles, (mostly from St John lumber,) and in large quantities, they are satisfied that they can sell at satisfactory prices as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all in want of the above articles, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K ROBINSON & CO.

Boston, Oct. 18, 1860. oct18w6m

New Piano Forte Rooms.

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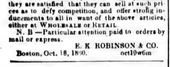

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments, Strings, Patent Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Kerosene--Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Safety Kerosene and retail at

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Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimnies, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at *lowest prices*, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

50 Merrimack Street. nov9

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention !

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the necessity of leaving home, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they adopted this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from those who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months since was penniless is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can add from $5 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary to enter successfully into the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold the right to over 15,000 people in England and Ireland, and have but introduced it in this country.

Address H H MARVIN & CO.,

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Music Books.

JULIEN'S MUSICAL Album. A collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer; whose name is the book bears.

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Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartets, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the Piano Forte, and for Social parties and Musical Societies.

The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any new Polka Music published in the country for sale at short notice. Remember the place—

17 Central street.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned Soyer, for the London Reform Club, is, since they have manufactured by the well known Sauce of Epicurean relish! It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years ago. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give universal satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

will not fail to

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

BUY YOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

of

H. S. HAYNES,

WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Post Office.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL

NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah. For sale by

SAM'L S. WOOD, 61 Market st.

NOW is the time to lure your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S,

17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A unique and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburns, Roughness and Tan, and to produce Real Rose Bloom. For sale by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner Merrimack and John sts. dec26

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND HOMINY—Prepared from the best Genesee Wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

SAM'L S. WOOD, 61 Market st.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies of Lowell to his splendid assortment of Fancy Goods, from the French CHEST EXPANDER. For sale at

No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE subscriber has published a book of instructions, explaining in so easy a manner, that any person may comprehend this useful art. Sold by

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

"A MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Wonders and Love"—by Rev. A. Underwood. Just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by

J. J. JUDKINS, 3 John st.

SHU LING SONG BOOK.

CONTAINING 175 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by S S HUNT, 17 Central st.

NEW MODE of Sloan's Patent Music Folio Binder. Sole agent for Lowell,

nov14 E S. HUNT,17 Central street.

SEWING MACHINES.

"I defy those women whose teeth it their needle, for when I say 'sew,' I mean it, forever, not their side, but their heart; and I think the needle has slain more than the sword of war."—HARRY WARD Patentee.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED

SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards ! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the only well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is *WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their suggestions to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch, must not forget to purchase them of those parties who agree are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which one needle only performs the stitch, and having a feed which allows the material to be screwed at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use any Sewing Machine which are now from two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licensees, and such purchase will protect them after September 10, 1856.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own, patents, and by said patents, during the extended term thereof to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are infringements upon my said patents; and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company :

18 Summer street, Boston ;
496 Broadway, New York ;
760 Chestnut street, Philadelphia ;
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore ;
158 West Fourth street, Cincinnati ;
124 Camp street, New Orleans ;
135 North Fourth street, St. Louis ;
91 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHASE & CO.

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FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

PALLEN'S PURE LEAD (in Oil) made at the FOREST RIVER MILL is warranted to be ground in the best Linseed Oil, and is manufactured in strict conformity to Boxer, Dutton and Pegasus. It is believed to be unsurpassed in quality by any establishment in the world. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is warranted to be so.

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead renders it the cheapest as well as the best in market. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of the article will satisfy any practical painter (or gentleman) painter that he can work easier and to greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The Forest River Mill is also personally superintended by the manufacturer of Lead who has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, combined with the recent improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES B. COREN, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Boston street, Lowell. sep29eod

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DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

a use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,	Court Dockets,
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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and of the richest style.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl medium and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. P. STONE, } Proprietors.
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FURS ! FURS !

BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BAIN)

20 Merrimack Street.

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Which can and has been bought at the lowest and best stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported. Also, a full stock of GENTS' FURS, &c., manufactured to order.

nov25 dlf

WM. DEARDEN

Has the hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse.

—AND—

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles.

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses,

Hotels and Saloons, at Wholesale.

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

50 Merrimack Street. W. DEARDEN.

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Who wants to buy a first class, well made sewing machine of some kind? In this machine, which is sold for $10, you have a machine of very good quality of any and all machines ever before invented. It is sold by a very decided guarantee over all the others on account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER, Agent,

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"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the promulgation of any individual to sell Books at any lower rates than E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street. Orders to Books in Lowell The following popular Books are now selling at the rate of 1000 per week :

The Roman Empire, by Lord Mahon.
The Roman Empire, by Lord Mahon.
The Roman Empire, by Lord Mahon.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, February 27, 1861.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS IN MASSACHUSETTS. During 1859 there were 33,422 births, 11,473 marriages, and 20,976 deaths in this State. The number of births is 931 more than in 1858, and the largest number ever recorded, being one in about every thirty-five of the population of the State. The number of marriages have decreased, however, being 634 less than in 1858 and 2,208 less than in 1854. The number of deaths was 200 more than in 1858. Of the births 18,108 were of the male and 17,157 females; 19,973 were of American parents; 13,678 of foreign parents; 2,306 had one American and one foreign parent, and the parentage of the balance are not given. Of the marriages, 9,572 were those of bachelors and 1,761 widowers. Of the females 10,289 were maids and 1,064 widows. In regard to nativity the records give 14,001 American born persons married, and 8,251 foreign born. Of those 951 of bachelors intermarried — Two venerable widowers; each over eighty years of age, were married in 1859; also one young lady of twelve, 4 girls of 13, 4 of 14, and 47 of 15 were married—one of the girls of 13 to a man of 35 and the girl of 12 to a husband of 31. One youth of 16 was married to a lady of 34, and one bachelor of 80 to a lady over 70, who was then married for the first time!

Of the persons dying 17,034 were of native origin and 3,263 foreign. The nativity of 659 are not given. 10,281 were males and 10,316 females. The sex of 79 are not given. Springfield was the greatest mortality of any city in proportion to its population, while Lawrence shows the smallest.

HON. HORATIO KING, now Postmaster General, began his public career as the editor of a newspaper at Paris, Maine, having Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, now Vice President elect, as his partner in the business.

Not exactly so. We think it very likely the Vice President elect and the Postmaster-General may have learned their trade in the same office—perhaps at the same time were in the (then) *Oxford Observer* office; but we doubt if they were ever in partnership. Mr. King commenced the *Jeffersonian* after the *Observer* ceased to exist, which was, some years later, removed to Portland, and in that city it went out of existence; and about the time *The Jeffersonian* was commenced, Mr. Hamlin entered a law office in Paris, and left that town about the time of the removal of the paper to Portland. Mr. King was appointed to a position in the Postoffice Department, and has since, through all the changes that have taken place, gradually risen till he now occupies the first position in the Department.

There are now no less than four gentlemen in public life at Washington, who have been connected with newspapers in Paris, Maine, namely: The Vice President elect, Hon. Hannibal Hamlin; the Postmaster-General, Hon. Horatio King; Hon. John J. Perry, member of Congress from the Second District, and Hon. Charles W. Walton, member elect from the same District. Mr. Perry is at present one of the editors of the *Oxford Democrat*, in the office of which Mr. Walton served an apprenticeship at the printing business some twenty years ago.

SOME of the Democratic prints pretend that there was no occasion for the unexpected excitement which took Mr. Lincoln from Harrisburg to Washington, and assume to look upon it as an act of cowardice. Since the movement was suggested and urged by the brave old Gen. Scott, and those who have always been true to their country, the dyspeptic whinings of those who have never spoken well of Mr. Lincoln, and have always maintained that the party that supports him, will have very little effect with reasonable men. Had Mr. Lincoln gone to Baltimore, and had the "gang egises" of that city, as he was ranked against him in the late election, defied all municipal law, and got up a bloody riot, these same Democratic emboliments of wisdom and propriety would have unsparingly blamed Mr. Lincoln for consenting to go to Baltimore, when the result was so clearly evident. They are bound to find fault, do what he will, and while this is the case, the public generally will understand that affairs are going about right.

CONGRESS. The Colorado Territorial bill was taken up in the Senate yesterday, and the House amendment agreed to, 26 to 18. Bills organizing the Territories of Dacotah and Nevada were passed. The credentials of Mr. Harris, Senator from New York, were presented. The consular and diplomatic bill passed. An amendment to the army bill was adopted, appropriating $50,000 to protect emigrants to Oregon. The bill was reported to the Senate.

In the House, the volunteer bill was taken up. Mr. Pryor of Va., opposed the bill, and Mr. Curtis of Iowa, in favor of it. Mr. Burnett and Simms of Ky., took part in the debate. The bill, on motion of Mr. Corwin, was laid over until to-day, by a vote of 100 to 74. A motion was made to defer the further consideration of the report of the Committee of Thirty three until a future time. During the discussion a personal colloquy took place between Mr. Hickman and Mr. Sickles. The motion to defer to a future time, was rejected. Mr. Corwin spoke upon the report.

ANOTHER PLOT. A rumor from Washington says that information is before the proper authorities tending to prove that an organized band of five hundred have sworn that Mr. Lincoln shall never step in the White House. A detective, who has joined them, says the plan is as follows: — The entire band are to occupy a position as near to the President as can be during the day, as they can obtain. One of their number, standing in the centre of them, is to shoot Mr. Lincoln with an air gun, when the crowd of men around the assassin will so hide him as to render detection impossible. We give very little credence to these reports, and do not think it right to send them abroad; but people insist on having all the horrible and marvelous there is afloat, and we can do no less than briefly allude to rumors of this character.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 3.

St. Louis, February 17th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER:—My last closed at Chicago, at which place I took the evening train for St. Louis, on the 15th inst. Col. Buffalo, the secessionist, who had been to Chicago purchasing provision, and our old townsman, Levi Straw, on his way to Memphis to purchase cotton, were fellow-passengers. After a good night's sleep in the sleeping-car, we crawled out to reconnoitre.

Illinois is a great State—the paradise of the agriculturalist. Nature has done everything possible to prepare it for the husbandman, except to plow and fence it; and I venture the assertion that considering the character of the soil, the climate, the facilities for cheap and rapid transit to superior market, there is nowhere to be found a better section of country for the farmer. When we remember that Chicago is already the greatest grain mart in the face of the globe, with probably only one-tenth of the available land of this or any adjoining State under cultivation, who can predict what her trade and commerce will be when the prophecies from those now vacant hundreds of thousands of acres shall be gathered here for sale or shipment?

On our passage down to St. Louis, I became acquainted with Mr. Kellogg, brother of the Hon. Mr. Kellogg in Congress from Illinois. He is a member of the Illinois Legislature from "Egypt." He says the southern part of Illinois stands non-intervention on the question of secession.—He had just received a private letter from S. A. Douglas, assuring him that there was still hope of saving the Union; that the cotton States would come back upon what ever basis the border States might agree upon; that there was still hope of some agreement.

We are now nearing St. Louis, and far behind us we have left the snowy robes and the icy hallelujahs that cover mother earth, and the sun seems as friendly and cheering as though I were not a northern man. One more long whistle, and one more dash through gullies and marshes, and suddenly the gorgeous sight of the mighty waters of the Mississippi are visible almost at our feet. By steam ferry we cross her swelling bosom to plant our feet once more in the land of bondage.

After getting a warm bath and a good dinner, I went out and visited the distinguished firm of bankers, Durkee & Bullock, and from them and others I learn that the prostration of business in St. Louis, at the present time, far exceeds anything that has ever existed here before; they are situated between two fires, and suffer a raking shot both ways.

Through all our secession troubles it has been difficult to decide what the real demands of the South were, or what to them would bring back the olive branch of peace. But as I gather it from their own sayings, it is "Give us equal rights in the territories, and a full guaranty of security in our property." They say truthfully, that without their negroes in the rice, sugar and cotton States, their landed property would be worthless, and they without labor—their soldiers and fleets useless upon any question that is likely to disturb them in this relation. They know all about the evils of slavery better than any Massachusetts man can tell them.

There are two sides to this question of slavery in the South, and I am fully convinced that it is the duty of the North to be magnanimous (and they can afford to be) and thereby save a noble band of Union-loving people from the destructive hands of a traitorous mob, and save the Union and do freedom no wrong. Why not give or grant them equal rights in our common territories?

Some three years since I travelled to a considerable extent in our western territories. I then, in a letter to the Courier, undertook to show that all that remained of our territories were comparatively worthless, in consequence of the annual drouths occasioned by their mid-ocean way position. Every year's experience since has proved the truth of my statement then made; and in Kansas the past year, it has proved true to such a frightful extent that the population are in a state of starvation and destitution, and more than one-third of its present population will leave, if they live, as soon as opportunity presents, for no other reason than those awful droughts, and the Southern portion will always suffer more than the Northern of that State.

The right to this annually burnt-up territory, the people of the slave States have a right to common to them with the other States of the Union, and I am yet to be convinced that it does not belong to them so long as they remain in the Union. Kansas is now a State, and is it not better to divide the remainder of this worthless territory with them, than to divide them United States with them? This is the fair and honorable way of saving the Union; the cotton States would come back upon what ever basis the border States might agree upon; that there was still hope of some agreement.

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For sale by all Druggists in the U. States.

AT WHOLESALE BY
WEEKS & POTTER, 154 Washington Street, Boston.
C. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON,
ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.
AGENTS WANTED.—apply as above. nov18w6m

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

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(corner of Stillman street,) where they will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE their own articles, (mostly from 20 John Sanborn,) and in large quantities, they are satisfied that they can sell at such prices as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all in want of the above articles, either at Wholesale or Retail.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K. ROBINSON & CO.
Boston, Oct. 18, 1860. oct18w6m

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CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories,
Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates! Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Band Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. jan1

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE
Safety wholesale and retail at
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Also,
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Address H. H. MARINA & CO.,
aug20w Boston, Mass.

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer whose name the book bears.

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Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Grand Forte Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, social circles and parlor practice. By Edwin Hamilton.

The above books for sale at E. H. HUNTS Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any piece of Music to be had in the country furnished at short notice. Remember the place.
17 Central street.
sept1

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the celebrated Cook of the London Reform Club, and universally manufactured by the well known Importers of Alex BLACKWELL, London, from the original receipt, is now the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American connoisseurs, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try MORE SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent and it affords considerable aid in cases of SLOW AND WEAK DIGESTION."—The Lancet.

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of SOYER."—Observer.

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDNER Q. YYELIN,
217 Fulton St. New York
And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. may1-1yr

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell. sept21

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvetia Tonique Preparation for instantly cleansing Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by E. H. HUNT'S, Merrimack corner of Market st. 80 Merrimack Street. sep8

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Sold by
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PLATT'S Pure Buckwheat Flour, for sale, at as white as Wheat Flour, can be had at the store of J. & J. M. PEARSON
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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRING.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds, Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., Tuned and repaired in the very best manner and at low charges. Orders left at Dyar's Music Store and PRICE WARE Room, 41 Central street, can23 41

A FEW MORE of Simon's Patent Music Folio Blanks are for sale agent for Lowell.
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SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose mail is their needle, for whom lady long agone is a pierron, not their side, but their heart. * * * * I think the needle has slain more than the sword of war."—HENRY WARD BEECHER.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES
—FOR—
Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜
OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that HIGH REPUTATION of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and the rapidly increasing business the same ones will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. PIECES MADE to sold by us is WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a loop which allows the machine to be started at will, are infringements.

GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the Grover & Baker stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said letters, during the extended term, to make, use and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

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Principal Salerooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Summer street, Boston;
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760 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore;
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And at 1500 other places in the United States.

Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHASE & CO.
dec6 41

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Pecuar Lowell Mills is warranted to be ground in Linseed Oil, Boiled Linseed Oil, and the superior quality of Pure Linseed Oil, and to be of the best and whitest quality ever manufactured in the world. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is PERFECTLY PURE.

The undersigned Agents, who personally superintend the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the White Lead business for many years, and has had the most extensive practical experience with it, and improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article of the best quality, at the lowest prices.

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LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,	Court Dockets,
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Catalogues,	tailers,
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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

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For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

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In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl outline and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

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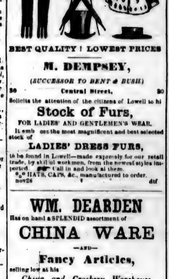

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(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
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Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

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FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Having purchased the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS.

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade by first workmen, from the newest styles imported this season.

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Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
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Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse.
—SIGN OF—
Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, Trays and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,
WARE suitable for Boarding Houses,
GOOD QUALITY, and for sale low to prize, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack Street. W. DEARDEN.

THOSE
$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of these little women, and NOW is the time to buy a sewing machine of some kind! In this machine, which allows the tension to be regulated, every good quality of any and all machines ever before invented, is found, and is offered superiorly over all the others on account of its simplicity.

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A RD the greatest humbug of the day is the presentation of any individual to sell Books at any price. Now I am not going to sell any of the regular Books to Books in Lowell. The following popular Books will be presented to any one who will call at my store in any to purchase one or more of the regular Books in Lowell. The following popular Books will be presented to any one who will call at my store in any to purchase one or more of the regular Books in Lowell. In Water street, Boston.

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Office for the above sale 116 John street.
116 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED for the above works.
E. G. KELLEY,
dec27 Manufacturer and Assistant Chemist.

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FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Throat and Lungs. Public Speakers will find the troches invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by J. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John streets. 80 Merrimack

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Beautiful Bibles and Prayer Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, Pocketbooks, Pencils, &c. &c.

Ladies' Portable Pockets of the best quality. Ladies' Gilt Purses.

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A good second hand Piano for sale very cheap.

Pianos to let.

Pianos bought and sold on commission.

Pianos boarded in a thorough manner at a low price.

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue,

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for the married and single ladies. It is the very best thing before the public, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in a few days in preference from any cause, and after all other remedies have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken a few days before each monthly period, and is thereby of the greatest value to married ladies. Nothing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may be relied upon, for if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health on any case. IT is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstinate cases where all the other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; and that by using it before or at monthly period, will be thereby of the greatest value to married ladies.* Nothing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may be relied upon, for if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

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TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the class I ever saw. CHARLES P. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism nearly years and being confined to the house nearly two months, I was induced to purchase and use one bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN CARVER,
No. 3 Boylston Street, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for many years, I was induced to try Gardiner's excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without success, until I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, which I did, and am entirely well. D. D. WHITTLE, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Aspinwall Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in my worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be described, every part of my body being afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and can honestly say I feel as well as ever. I am entirely cured. JOHN A MURDO,
Pearl street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" has already proved itself worthy of its high reputation. W. E. HODGKINS,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been afflicted for years with Salt Rheum, his head and face being covered with sores, and a equal number on other parts of his body. Your Compound cured him. MARTIN WHITE, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism. WM. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Revere House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
FANNY THOMPSON,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm. T. Glidden, Esq., was cured by the use of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1850, after having suffered with Rheumatism, and that I have not known of a return of the disease.
ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," and that it has cured them of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and have, in every case recommended it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism or Neuralgia, and in all cases where the directions were followed, the medicine has given entire satisfaction, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism or Neuralgia, as the best and most meritorious ever offered to the public.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines generally throughout the United States and Canadas.

Principal Depot, 80 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

GEORGE H. GARDINER, Proprietor.

Sold in Lowell by J. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts. 80 Merrimack Street.
GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND
Sold by
sept17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

New England Family
SEWING MACHINE.

A T 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the best sewing machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine in use, owing to its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to get out of order, and from its simplicity of construction, is not so complicated in their construction—and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the greatest facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may prefer. The machine was on exhibition a short time, and from the interest manifested by those who saw it, we are confident that it will receive a liberal patronage. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $30.00.
N. C. CARTER, Agent.
jan23

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
and
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the wants of this market, and will be offered

LOW PRICES

comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for *style, quality and durability* cannot be surpassed this side of Boston.

All who want good articles at low prices will please and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, always the best in the market.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
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I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufacturers, which will be offered cheap for cash.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
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E. G. KELLEY,
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SOLE Agent for the State of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

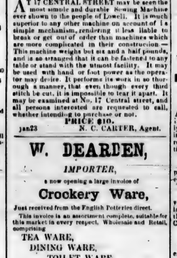
Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the superiority of

PURE SPERM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Superior Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of Machinery, Woolen Oil, Whale Oil Substitute, Extra and Pendleton Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, Solar Oil, Burning Fluid, Camphene, Chemical Oils, Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2 65 cents; White Lubricating Oil, No. 1 75 cents; do. do. do. for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 55 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oils,
110 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED for the above works.
E. G. KELLEY,
dec27 Manufacturer and Assistant Chemist.



THE subscribers manufacture and put up, IRON FENCES of the most durable pattern and ornamental workmanship.

CUSHING & MACH,
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On a New Principle,
NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY.
For sale in every respect,
Selling quite low to
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Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
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Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Done for Glass Silvered and Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
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ALL THE YEAR ROUND,
BY

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF G LD HANDPITCHER.
Where also is the largest nd most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA: TORS, &c., &c.
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GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum in all its inveterate forms, after all other remedies in ordinating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and is perfectly safe in all seasons and persons of the most delicate constitution. Sold by druggists everywhere.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the class I ever saw. CHARLES P. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism nearly years and being confined to the house nearly two months, I was induced to purchase and use one bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN CARVER,
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My son, ten years of age, has been afflicted for years with Salt Rheum, his head and face being covered with sores, and a equal number on other parts of his body. Your Compound cured him. MARTIN WHITE, Boston.

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New England Family
SEWING MACHINE.

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PRICE $30.00.
N. C. CARTER, Agent.
jan23

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IMPORTER,
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Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the wants of this market, and will be offered

LOW PRICES

comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for *style, quality and durability* cannot be surpassed this side of Boston.

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KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufacturers, which will be offered cheap for cash.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
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E. G. KELLEY,
110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the State of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

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Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the superiority of

PURE SPERM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Superior Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of Machinery, Woolen Oil, Whale Oil Substitute, Extra and Pendleton Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, Solar Oil, Burning Fluid, Camphene, Chemical Oils, Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2 65 cents; White Lubricating Oil, No. 1 75 cents; do. do. do. for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 55 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oils,
110 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED for the above works.
E. G. KELLEY,
dec27 Manufacturer and Assistant Chemist.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET, DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium at the World's Fair, London, 1851, and Paris, 1855. Also for the three years consecutively on hand a good assortment of the above Pianos, which they offer for sale at the lowest prices. Also, Melodeons and Seraphines. Persons wishing to purchase will find it for their interest to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Pianos Tuned and Repaired.
Lowell, June 2, 1858. jly8tly

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of
T. & R. BOOTH, England.

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE, also, Cut Glass, Lamps, Shades, Decorations for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the best quality ever imported, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, Agent for the Staffordshire and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to men tion.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was selected from the largest and best assortment ever shown in the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine in use, owing to its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to get out of order and from its simplicity of construction, is not so complicated in their construction—and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the greatest facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may prefer. The machine was on exhibition a short time, and from the interest manifested by those who saw it, we are confident that it will receive a liberal patronage. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $30.00.
N. C. CARTER, Agent.
jan23

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
and
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the wants of this market, and will be offered

LOW PRICES

comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for *style, quality and durability* cannot be surpassed this side of Boston.

All who want good articles at low prices will please and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, always the best in the market.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufacturers, which will be offered cheap for cash.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec4 W. DEARDEN.

E. G. KELLEY,
110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the State of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the superiority of

PURE SPERM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Superior Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of Machinery, Woolen Oil, Whale Oil Substitute, Extra and Pendleton Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, Solar Oil, Burning Fluid, Camphene, Chemical Oils, Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2 65 cents; White Lubricating Oil, No. 1 75 cents; do. do. do. for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 55 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oils,
110 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED for the above works.
E. G. KELLEY,
dec27 Manufacturer and Assistant Chemist.

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter and Spring SCALES, Beam Boxes, Weights, &c., and have constantly on hand the largest and best assortment of Scales in the country, which they offer for sale at the lowest prices. Scales of all kinds made to order, and repairing done on short notice.

Factory and warehouse, Nos. 7 and 9 Kilby street, Boston. sep1 3m

MOTHERS!

It must be obvious to all that by you look to every ingredient of medicine you give your children. Many of those in common use are highly injurious to the constitution, and the only safe course is to use those of known value and purity. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial does both every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by slackening the secretions, but by keeping them in a healthy condition. It cures internal inflammation by removing all pain and irritation, and by keeping the bowels open. It is the only safe remedy for Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Sour Stomach, Worms, Colic, Diarrhœa, Griping in the Bowels, Colds, Coughs, Croup, Canker Rash, Sore Throat, Measles, Scarlet Fever, Whooping Cough, Chicken Pox, Teething, and all other diseases of children. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT.

Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, and by the proprietors in Lowell.

JUST RECEIVED

In addition to my former stock of FRENCH FELT and the "parker" OMBRA HAT which I am selling at the lowest prices.

BRAZER'S
jy8 Corner Merrimack and Central St.

$3.00 $4.00

FOR BOLLARD ROBES at BRAZER'S
Corner Hall Street.

HERRICK'S CARPET SWEEPER!

MANUFACTURED and for sale by Rugg & Griffith, Sole Agents for Lowell, and Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 17 Merrimack street.

SKATING CAPS at BRAZER'S.

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increased by pressure, sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatic affection. The stomach is often affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with a looseness; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to be done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet get cold, and he frequently has a complaint of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF Ague and Fever, when taken with quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No bad effects can arise from their administration, even to infants. Explicit directions accompany each box, which should be strictly followed.

Address all orders to
FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write them stating that such and such medicine is wanted, and not order *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* By these means no fraud can be practised, as we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twenty-five cents, postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen cents, postage stamps. Be sure and call for Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., and take no other.

Sold by J. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets. 80 Merrimack Street.
aug1 ly

PRESTON'S
PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

A SOLID OIL extracted from the kernels of the *Theobroma cacao*, or "Cocoa Nut," by the Patent process of PRESTON & CO. THIS OIL CURES DISEASES OF THE THROAT, COUGHS, COLD SHOT, CHAFFED FACE AND HANDS, SORE N

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, February 28, 1861.

[The following communication, which has been on hand for some days, is a little late, as the Peace Convention has adjourned, but having it in type before the adjournment was announced, we have concluded to allow our correspondent to "ventilate" on the subjects that have been discussed by the Convention.]

The little progress as yet made by the Peace Congress, afford very small ground for hope that any arrangement will be reached that will be at all satisfactory to the people; nevertheless, great good may result to the country by the continuation of a do-nothing session of the sensible men assembled, till after the inauguration of the President.

The inflamed condition of a portion of the country render cooling applications and soothing doses, that may perhaps be better administered by what is supposed to be a highly conservative body of men, than in any other way, most beneficial.

It is far better at this time, for anxious to scald, morning and evening, the telegraphic columns for some new and exciting events connected with the present disturbance in the country, to be informed as that "the Peace Congress has held a harmonious session" — "the committee on compromise are expected to report tomorrow" — "a good spirit prevails" — there is little doubt that the Convention will adjourn without agreement"—" no compromise will be agreed upon, but a convention of States will be recommended, &c., &c., than to hear of a wrangle in Congress, the passage of treasonable resolutions in a Southern Convention, or a threatened attack upon fort Sumter.

While this Convention is in session, there is hope enough awakened in every section of the country to hold the rash in check, and to awaken a lively interest in the more moderate and thoughtful, that deliberation and reason may at length prevail. If no other object is gained than the recommendation of a Convention of the people, great good will result from the assemblage of this body, though the fruit of it may not be realized for months, and even years to come.

It is evident from the intelligence now coming from the South, that more of quiet and moderation prevails there, and that the threats of attack upon fort Sumter have been silenced more by the hope that through the acts of this Convention "something will turn up!" that will lead to an opportunity for South Carolina to get into communication with the government again, without making the act so much of a step backwards as it now seems to be.

If the present quiet is preserved till after the hour of inauguration, we shall open into new scenes, new parties will be in authority with whom negotiations are to be carried on, and the men of the South will not have it to charge upon Mr. Lincoln, as they have upon Mr. Buchanan, that they have claims to be answered, which were created by former pledges and former concessions of rights.

It is well to remember the fact that enough of just cause existed for secession, was admitted by Mr. Buchanan to afford the disunionists capital to work upon, and enough of encouragement given to move in the business with the expectation of being unmolested, by doing so against what though secession was revolution there was no power in the government to coerce rebellious States.

With a government standing in that position, how could it be expected that any progress could be made in the settlement of so grave difficulties as at present exist, and especially when demands so sectarian were made by parties fully assured in the beginning that government had no power to assert its rights or defend itself!

With new powers, and a people more believing in its own strength, there will be a new atmosphere, and new results will attend negotiations. Delay in these matters, if anything, will be the wisdom of the Peace Congress. INAUGURATION FIRST AND ADJUSTMENT AFTERWARDS, is said to be the Prince.

PEACE CONFERENCE. In the Peace Conference, yesterday, the proposition of Mr. Franklin was adopted by a vote of 8 in favor to 7 against. Indiana 61 against, and all, Kansas and New York were divided, and North Carolina, Virginia and Missouri voted against it.

The following it the substance of the proposition :—

"In all the present territory of the United States north of the parallel of 36 30 north latitude, involuntary servitude, except in punishment of crime, is prohibited. In all the present territory south of that line the status of persons held to service or labor as it now exists shall not be changed. Nor shall any law be passed by Congress or the Territorial Legislature to hinder or prevent the taking of property to and from any of the States of the Union to such territory, nor to hinder the rights arising from such relation. But the same shall be subject to judicial cognizance in the federal courts according to the course of common law. When any territory north or south of said line, with such boundary as Congress may prescribe, shall contain a population equal to that required for a member of Congress, it shall, if its form of government be republican, be admitted into the Union on equal footing with the original States, with or without involuntary servitude, as the Constitution of such State may provide."

The Convention then ordered the President to communicate the result to Congress, soon after which it adjourned, with the best feelings among its members.

THE *Boston Traveller*, one of the few independent New England dailies, came out in a new dress on Tuesday. It has at all times been a good-looking sheet, and has also been noted for its enterprise. We always look for the latest intelligence in its columns, and never fail to find it there.—*Traveller* is ever a welcome visitor to our sanctum, whether in new or old rig, and we are always gratified to witness fresh indications of its prosperity.

OLD. In the town of Strong, Franklin County, Me., there is a woman now living, who in 103 years old. Her constitution probably takes after the name of the town. Mrs. Patsey Allen died in Putnam County, Ind., a short time since, at the age of 116 years. She left a daughter living in the same county at the age of 93.

LEGISLATIVE. The Senate yesterday discussed the habeas corpus and personal liberty question. The Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Stone of Essex, who reported the new bill (the substance of which we gave some days ago) spoke at some length in explanation of its provisions and in favor of its passage. He was followed by Mr. Northend, also of Essex, who was in favor of modifying the personal liberty bill, if it could not be unconstitutionally repealed. Mr. Wilding of Plymouth, discussed the question and criticised the new bill, and his proposition to strike out the first section, was lost when the vote was taken. Mr. Davis of Bristol, was willing to adopt the report of the Committee. A proposition to adjourn further action till Saturday, was opposed by several gentlemen.

Mr. Bonney of Middlesex, spoke of the merits of the bill. He was astonished that it was not more fully considered before—now. It is not merely the question interesting the colored man, whose day seems short lived, but it is clearly a question that interests the white man. He thought the first section as it stood in every respect, as it makes it necessary for a person arrested in a dist ant part of the State to come to Boston to find a Judge of the Supreme Court. He contessed that he did not fully understand the meaning of the words in the bill as he would like. He called attention to many things that they may be considered. May the slave, or fugitive, be admitted to bail? What are the rights of jurors in the cases of fugitives? What is to be applied: the custom in criminal cases or in civil ones? It seems that we are making this law so as to continue to the fugitive slave law, which says that no slave or fugitive shall be admitted as a witness. The personal liberty law of Massachusetts proposes to close the mouth of the master. Is that to be strictly in our? We have section after section of the acts passed since 1843, that will be affected by the passage of the second section. Under this construction of the case, if the Senators could not explain the result satisfactorily, her thought the subject should be postponed for further consideration.

After some further discussion of the subject, the motion to postpone till Saturday prevailed. The only business in the Senate was that of general interest.

In the House, petitions were presented from several towns, and from Lowell, asking for the Worcester & Nashua Railroad to be placed in all the High, Grammar, and District Schools in the State. Also one from George Stevens and others for the repeal of the personal liberty bill; passed. Mr. W. W. Chenery, for compensation for herd of cattle killed by commissioners, amounting to $30,000.

FROM WASHINGTON. The heads of Departments, Clerks and Judges of the Court of Claims paid a farewell visit to Mr. Buchanan yesterday. The city authorities also waited upon Mr. Buchanan yesterday and took leave of him. They then waited upon Mr. Lincoln, who warmly welcomed them, and in response to the Mayor said much of the bad feeling between the two sections was owing to misunderstanding, and he availed himself of the occasion to say publicly what he never had any other than feelings of kindness toward his fellow citizens. He had no desire or intention to withhold any of their rights, and expressed the hope that they would be better pleased when they come to know one another better.

The House select committee of five on the President's course in receiving the South Carolina Commissioners, reported yesterday. The majority report is signed by Messrs. Dawes, Howard and Reynolds. They condemn the course of the President in treating with the commissioners, as he thereby involved to some extent a recognition of the assumed position of the rebellious State. The minority report signed by John Cochrane defends the President and denies that he received the commissioners in an official capacity. The Cabinet rumors are that Hon. N. P. Banks is being pressed for Secretary of War, and Dr. Chaffee is obtaining signatures of Congressmen to be appointed Commissioner of Patents.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Virginia.* Mr. Brent, a member of the Virginia Convention, writes to Washington, that even if both Congress and the Peace Conference fail to pass resolutions in regard to the present troubles, that State will not adopt an ordinance of secession.

North Carolina. The election for delegates to the Convention takes place to-day. A dispatch from Raleigh says the compromise sentiment is strong.

Texas. Scattering returns show a strong majority for secession.

AVOIDING BALTIMORE. The *Philadelphia Press*, in alluding to the movement of Mr. Lincoln, in passing through Baltimore, says that it is well that he will not pass Lancaster, four years ago, he was threatened by the rowdies of Baltimore, with personal violence, in any number of anonymous letters, and it is quite natural his opinion on him, that, in company with a few friends' he took a private carriage, leaving his escort and a dinner that had been prepared for him, behind. There were no newspaper charges of cowardice against him, although animadversions without number were uttered in private circles."

GEN. TWIGGS, THE TRAITOR. The course of Gen. Twiggy, in surrendering the Government property in Texas, creates great indignation among all classes at Washington. It is understood that the administration proposes to institute proceedings at once in the one. Of course he cannot be long without first getting hold of him—but his name can be stricken from the rolls, thus dishonoring him in a military capacity. It certainly ought to be done. Mr. Holt, the Secretary of War, and General Scott, are said to favor immediate action.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday several private bills, also pilot bills, were passed. The House amendment to the tariff bill, striking out the duty on tea and coffee, was agreed to and the bill passed. The army bill was also passed after considerable debate. In the House the consideration of the report of the Committee of Thirty-three was resumed. The first resolution of the series reported from the committee was adopted. The joint resolution was then taken up and with amendment rejected.

CITY AND VICINITY

LOST.

On Middlesex or Central Streets, Tuesday afternoon, 26th inst., a Gold Pencil Case. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. feb27d3t.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of the country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

THE LAST LECTURE. Last evening the last of the course of lectures before the Mechanics' Association, was given by Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, to a full house. The lecture was one of the best of the course—it perfected the whole, for though, during the course, "Franklin," "Lafayette," "The Stamp Act and Samuel," "Young America," "France in 1848," "Man and Climate," "Statesmen and Demagogues," and "Electricity, the Atmosphere, &c., were matters of interest, it required "Man and his Work" to form a cap-stone for the whole. Previous to introducing the lecturer, Dr. Huntington, in behalf of the Association, thanked the audience for their attendance. The course has been a complete success, the season ticket-holders being sufficient to fill the house.

The distinguished lecturer said, in commencing, that the best apology for his subject was that it touched everybody. There are personal whose special duties are executive, and the world cannot spare them.—There are others whose eyes and brains for us, though he was a little afraid the eyes and brains were further apart than formerly. (Laughter.) Faculties for special kinds of work are born with the man, so it is said, but he did not believe it. It is not true that the poet is born and the orator becomes. It requires as much intellect to lay down the law as a ship as to write an "Iliad." Labor may be taken in its sub-divisions, for twenty men may be employed in making a pin :—Every man has his own place and is fitted for some position. He did not believe the old axiom, "Jack at all trades and good at none."

The first thing which a man has to do is to make a choice of his calling. They should find out their aptitudes. There are some persons who never make a choice of business. They take anything that happens along. They bob up and down with every tide. They make good recruits for Beelzebub. It seems sad to see men tied to their work—to see a bungling mechanic, who ought to be in law or philosophy, or a lawyer or philosopher who ought to be driving nails or drawing waxed ends.

There are to be seen, men in business, who go about our streets looking very solemn and wise. These men live too deep—as they say in New York—live into their knees. Too much exercise was given over succeeded without some degree of intellect. We call this a modal age. But the black fact ought more noble than the black castle, smoking from the fire of the enemy of its late owners. There is a romance in labor, which the laborer beautifully described. The merchant laboring to save commercial honor, the common laborer, toiling to shield those he loves, were noble in their efforts.

There was a martyrdom in labor. Mr. Winter's statistics of labor in England showed some rude pictures. The grinders of Sheffield die at the average age of 29. A man of 30 considered himself an old man. The life of the needle-digger was a short one. Numerous are the instances of daily martyrdom. The bricklayers, the crackling coal fires are all evidences of the martyrdom of the weaver and the miner. Sir Ralph Abercrombie brought it mortally wounded on a soldier's blanket, asked the name of the owner of the blanket, and when told, said, "now that he has his blanket this very night."

We think little of what failure it to those who fail. The school-boy missing his prize is like Napoleon losing his crown. When you see a man shivering in the wind, and resorting to some mean artifice to save himself, do not condemn, but extend to him more charity. That shivering mortal has stable a failure, but don't condemn her, for remember you may have failed in some one spect. Defeat is sometimes less terrible than success. A politician used the principle and honor for success, is often saved by defeat.

As it is with individuals, so it may be with nations. Looking about us at the present time, with its fears and doubts, we tremble for the result. Ours has been a grand past, but with the past we have nothing to do. That is for the present and future. There is a certain cant about the Union in which the lecturer could not indulge. But there is glory in it. There is no evil in the Union to be feared more than that which would arise from its falling to pieces. He trusted that yet the good old ship would come up all right, though some of its planks were rotten, and the star-spangled banner would long float from her mast head. The lecturer was applause which followed showed the Union feeling of the audience.]

He closed by asserting that many of those who seemed to fail in the world's estimate, were successful in the eyes of God.

DEATH OF AN OLD RESIDENT. Abraham Howe, Esq., one of our oldest and most respected citizens, died at his residence, on High Street, at 7 o'clock, this morning, after a short sickness, of lung fever. He had been employed in the card factory of Messrs. Howe & Goodhue up to last Friday evening at 5 o'clock, when he left, and has been failing all winter. He was about 73 years of age, and was a native of Marlborough, in this State. He came to Lowell about thirty years ago, and was, for many years, a carpenter on the Hamilton Corporation for several years.

For about nine years he has been employed in the card factory of the firm which is now carried on by Messrs. Howe & Goodhue, the former, Mr. Edward B. Howe, being the son of the deceased. He has been a member of the Methodist Church, and another son in Lawrence. Mr. Howe was a Representative to the Legislature from this city in 1843. He was a man respected by all who knew him, and will be missed by a large circle of friends. The time for the funeral services has not been definitely fixed upon.

DEATH OF A LANDLORD. Benjamin J. Merrill, who has kept the Wamesit House on Merrimack Street, opposite the Northern Depot, for several months, died this evening of a disease said to have been contracted last summer by drinking water from a pump. He was about forty-five years of age.

POLICE RECORD. This forenoon, Michael McCune, common drunkard, was sent to the House of Correction for six months.

Patrick McDermott, for the same offence, got only two months in the same institution.

Charles C. Smith, a third of the same sort, received a three months' ticket to the same place.

Richard Butler, charged with breaking glass, was told to go and sin no more.

Bridget Finegan, for keeping a liquor nuisance, was ordered in $400 to the Superior Court.

A PLAN TO SAVE THE UNION! A gentleman in this city announces to us the important fact that he has discovered the only way in which the Union may be saved. It is for all the States that have not done so, to secede and join the Southern Confederacy. We have only to say that the idea struck us on this discovery, but he probably has, and will soll rights cheap to the States that would be willing to give up Mr. Lincoln and adopt Jeff. Davis for their President.

The individual who proposes this method of settlement, is a brother of the boy who "set" his old hen on a brick, expecting that incubation would make him the professor of a brick yard.

THE LAST DAY OF WINTER. This is the 28th day of February, and therefore the last day of the last winter month, yet the weather for the present week has been more like spring than like the last days of winter. This morning blue birds were heard near the almshouse, giving the intimates of that institution a free matinee.

WHO IS THE HANDSOMEST LADY! This question will be decided to-night at Huntington Hall, where the Ethiopian Opera Blowers are now exhibiting, as the Manager of this popular Troop offers a magnificent case of Glass Work to the handsomest lady in the Hall. We expect to see a rare display of beauty on this occasion; consequently is on tip-toe, and we expect to see an immense audience present, eager to gaze upon the fortunate competitor, and witness the interesting ceremonies of the presentation. In addition to the great prize, the usual number of specimens of glass work will be given away to the audience.

ENGAGEMENTS OF HUNTINGTON HALL.—The Hall is in the pretty well occupied for the next two weeks, there being only three nights, March 4th, 10th and 11th, when it is unengaged. The Glass Blowers occupy it for the balance of this week; Mrs. Young, March 3d; G. F. Wiley, 5th; Wamesit Division of Sons of Temperance, 6th; J. G. Hubbard 7th, 8th and 9th; Lowell City Guard, 13th; Central Methodist Church, 12th.

E. L. Sayer, Esq., of this city, has been appointed and qualified as a justice of the peace for the County of Middlesex.

SUPERIOR COURT. Criminal term.—*Vose, J.* The following cases were disposed of yesterday :—

Thomas Haslin, Marlboro', liquor nuisance, jury out two hours and unable to agree. They were discharged.

John Bagley, Stoneham, manslaughter, three years in House of Correction.

Patrick O'Callahan, Marlboro', fined $10 and costs for contempt of Court—committed.

Charles Williams, Cambridge, larceny, three indictments, one year State Prison on each.

Patrick Harrihan, common drunkard, and assault on his wife, paid costs and recognized to keep the peace.

Joseph Smith, Hudson, common seller, was on trial when the court adjourned.

ANOTHER FESTIVAL. The ladies of the Freewill Baptist Society, contemplate having a festival at Hunnington Hall about the 20th of March. Of course they will have a first rate time.

TAKING AN OFFER'S HORSE AT A HOLIDAY-TALK. This season several offers have been tempted in Lowell to "take a horse" at a very large one half, week after week, changed to keep clear of their mischievous contrivances, and enjoyed themselves according to his own free notions. But Sunday, 17th inst., Patrick Fitzpatrick, of Chelmsford, on that day of general rest, William Turner, of Irving, happened to be at Miller's River with his fish-rig, and as the goggetter go down into a hole in the ice.—Finding the air rather colder below, the animal stuck his nose up through the ice and thereupon Turner drew up his shoot at and took off the end of his nose. The latter, in his surprise, came up on the ice to see what had become of the end of his nose. Like many other adventurers, Fitzpatrick did all that he had left, in an attempt to recover his nose, but, as it was discovered to his sorrow, when a search shot from Turner's rifle passed through his head. The last that Fitzpatrick saw of his nose was a hasty exclamation.—*Boston Courier.*

THE *Manchester (N. H.) Mirror* says a boy in that city, on the 13th inst., saw and captured on a rose bush, a live, full-grown grasshopper. It is said to be the first time it was as lively as one of those insects in June. The hopper is certainly out very late as has got an uncommonly early start. The *Mirror* says it knew that it was in a sign of. It is a sign of hungry fish under the ice.

☞ Another resident of New York City unto the the pool—Stephen A. Douglas.

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS

PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

New York, October 20, 1859.

This is to certify that I have had the *Liver Complaint* for many years, and have tried almost all known remedies, but to no purpose. Hearing of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, I concluded to try one box, and am now almost cured. I think one box more will make a permanent cure. I can cheerfully recommend them to all who may be afflicted suffer from liver complaint. I have also known them used with the most happy results in cases of sick headache, or dyspepsia.

MR. SWIFT, No. 116 Attorney street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., as there are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, and also to counterfeit M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge Worm Oil or Worm Syrup. Sold by druggists generally. Be sure and call for M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. feo4s

FUR MANUFACTORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs. Mason & Hamlin's Melodeons are for sale cheap at the Furs made and repaired to order. 140 Merrimack street, Lowell. feb26d

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD AND STEAMBOAT MAP

Containing a correct map (on large scales) and Time Tables of the Rail-roads in the United States, a complete a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket et Office, 102 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

jan14d3m

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan30d6

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleanest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money.

This settlement was awarded to by Geo. W. Coburn, Esq., of Dracut, appropriately; and the fourth sentiment, which is as follows,

The Bridge Celebration :

Now in the winter of our discontent
Made glorious summer by this great event
Our house is full, our purses overflow
Our brows with wreaths victorious bound,

called up A. C. Varnum, Esq., who addressed the audience on the interesting subject that had brought his listeners there.

Between the speeches there was music by a quartette club of five voices, the members of which are understood to be Messrs. Stevens and Robinson, Mrs. Carleton and Miss Black. The President also called upon J. C. Kimball and J. N. Marshall, Esqs., and Capt. Ladd, of Lowell; and Benj. Cutter of Haverhill, who each made brief addresses. Our well-known fellow-citizen, Percy Fuller, Esq., sang the humorous song, with copious additions, that he favored the company with at Huntington Hall on the 22nd inst. W. H. Worcester of Lowell, was also among the vocalists. The Low Family, who have a reputation in Boston for their violin-playing, contributed materially toward the entertainment of the company.

Altogether, the festival was a complete success. The house was crowded in all parts. The amount of refreshments provided able to present, but they were generous. The whole affair, so far as we are able to learn, passed off without accident or jarring, and was a happy termination of the demonstration in honor of the opening of the bridge to free travel.

We remind our readers of Prof. Banning's introductory lecture on Health and Physical Education, at 8 o'clock to-night, at Mechanics' Hall; there will be both ladies and gentlemen—also that the lectures on the same subject before both sexes is at 8 P. M. every evening of this week, and before ladies only at 3 P. M. each day. Admission free.

THE MEASURER'S REPORT FOR ONE YEAR. Mr. Holland Streeter entered upon his duties as measurer of wood Feb. 11, 1760.—During the year ending Feb2-15th, he measured 17021 cords of wood and [illegible] cords of manure.

SECOND BRIDGE CELEBRATION. Last evening the people of Dracut held a festival at the Church, near the bridge, the occasion being a sort of jubilication over the opening of Parsucket Bridge to travel, free of toll —the proceeds to be given to those who have been the greatest losers in their labors to make the bridge free to all. The people of Dracut—men, women, and children —turned out in large numbers, and Lowell was well represented. In the church was speaking, sentiments, and vocal and instrumental music; while in the vestry, provided for other entertainments, and for refreshments, and there certain was a great abundance of the sustantial and excellent food, which was generously contributed by the ladies of Dracut. The vestry was trimmed with evergreens, and the general arrangements for the festival were excellent.

Asa Clement, Esq., of Dracut, was chosen President of the evening (in the anticipance room of the church) and J. J. Colton, Esq., of Lowell, toastmaster. Mr. Clement, in accepting the position, took occasion to address the audience, in which he made allusion to the company that had brought them together, and the object which had drawn them together.

Jesse Clement, Esq., one of the editors of the *Dubuque Times*, visiting his friends in Dracut, was present and read re ponses to the following sentiments, which were received with great applause which followed showed the Union feeling of the audience.]

Lowell and Dracut—While secession seems to be an epidemic in our country, we are happy to say that Union has been formed between Lowell and Dracut to unite their destinies.

We believe we have—though weal and woe,
While water bonds our bridges flow.

This sentiment was received by Geo. W. Coburn, Esq., of Dracut, appropriately; and the fourth sentiment, which is as follows,

The Bridge Celebration :

Now in the winter of our discontent
Made glorious summer by this great event
Our house is full, our purses overflow
Our brows with wreaths victorious bound,

called up A. C. Varnum, Esq., who addressed the audience on the interesting subject that had brought his listeners there.

Between the speeches there was music by a quartette club of five voices, the members of which are understood to be Messrs. Stevens and Robinson, Mrs. Carleton and Miss Black. The President also called upon J. C. Kimball and J. N. Marshall, Esqs., and Capt. Ladd, of Lowell; and Benj. Cutter of Haverhill, who each made brief addresses. Our well-known fellow-citizen, Percy Fuller, Esq., sang the humorous song, with copious additions, that he favored the company with at Huntington Hall on the 22nd inst. W. H. Worcester of Lowell, was also among the vocalists. The Low Family, who have a reputation in Boston for their violin-playing, contributed materially toward the entertainment of the company.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

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April 21, 1860. ap21

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$100,000.

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Robert Atterbury,
Nov. 14, 1860.

Merchant, New York.
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DODGE'S

American Liniment,

AN INVALUABLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR *Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Spinal Affections, Ague in the Breast and Face, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c., &c.*

The immediate relief which even one application of this Invaluable Liniment produces should induce all persons afflicted with any of the above diseases, to give it a fair trial, and we are assured, that after using one bottle they will not be without it, but will be convinced that it is the best article in the market.

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all Druggists in the U. States, at WHOLESALE BY WEEKS & POTTER, 154 Washington Street, Boston. G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT, *No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON,* ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.

AGENTS WANTED.—apply as above. feb18eodtm

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c.

THE undersigned, Manufacturers at Augusta, Me., would respectfully inform the trade, their customers and the public generally, that they have opened an establishment on

CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 94,

corner of Sullivan street, where they will keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they also MANUFACTURE their own articles, (mostly from Mr John lumber) and in large quantities, they are satisfied that they can sell at such prices as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all in want of the above articles, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K. ROBINSON & CO.

Boston, Oct. 18, 1860. oct18wtm

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufactories, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to be at low rates! Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands, Reed Instruments, &c. nov27

Kerosene—Dowses,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling wholesale and retail at

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Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Burners, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at

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Chico and Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 Merrimack Street. eod

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY—and a new way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried on by many who, until they learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $2 to $3 per week. One young man who a few months since was a drunkard, is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a journal for which he paid the sum of $1,00. Women can clear from $5 to $15 per week. Boys can earn from $3 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent by return of mail. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold over 100,000 and over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have never yet known one to be dissatisfied.

Address B H MARTIN & CO., nov24 Augusta, Maine

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The above books for sale at E. H. DITSON and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best assortment of the above stereotype editions.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country for sale at short notice. Remember the place,

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Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," the Cook of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the undersigned, who has been for many years the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been produced in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Oriental fashion. Flavor is excellent and it affords considerable aid in cases of AGUE AND WEAK DIGESTION."—The Lancet.

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its pr."—Observer.

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Fresh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDNER & EVERIN,

217 Fulton St., New York.

And BRAY & HAYES, 107 Washington St., Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. nov15eodly

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE largest and best assortment of Books in the city, at the lowest prices, may be found at the Bookstore of S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 7 Central street, formerly occupied by KIDDER, Jr., corner of John street. dec08

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Lavenia Incleon Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by C. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John street. dec08

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Sold by JOHN T. BILLING

nov17

WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink, wholesale and retail, at the BOOK and Music Store at better rates than at any other store in Lowell. nov27

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

PLATT'S Patent Prepared New Buckwheat Flour, for sale at the Store of J. & J. M. PEARSON, dec10 Bank Building, Shattuck street.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRING.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds. Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons &c., &c., Tuned and repaired in the very best manner, and at the cheapest. Orders left at Dyer's Music Store and Piano Ware Room, 41 Central street, nov23 tf

A FEW MODE of Sumner's Patent Music Folio Blanks, Sole Agent for Lowell

nov14 S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

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"I pity those women whose stuff is their needle, for when they lose sperit it, is pieces, not their side, but their heart."—M. F. Tupper. Ithinks the needle has claim more than the sword of war."—Hosea Wade Pacman.

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SEWING MACHINES

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OVER 45,000 IN USE!

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FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

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LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by actual workmen, and of the finest and most fashionable skins. Call in and look at them.

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CHINA WARE

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Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, Trays and Waiters,

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AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension, along with a very limited stock, to sell cheaper than those that are now sold by the regular dealers. Such humbug is not to be encountered at the Tea Store of

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PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Steam Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spinning and all kinds of Machinery, Woolen Machinery, Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Sewing Machinery, Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Steam Machinery, Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Burning, and for Illuminating Purposes.

Oil, suspected to any in the markets, No. 1, 75 cts.; No. 2, 70 cts.; No. 3, 65 cts.; No. 4, 60 cts.; No. 5, 55 cts.; Clearing Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 70 cents; do. do. do. No. 2, 65 cents; do. do. do. No. 3, 60 cts.

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THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Tetter, Redness, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner and John street. dec08

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Influenza, Colds, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches beneficial in clearing the throat and removing the voice. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John street. feb14

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ROBINSON'S INDEXICAL DENTAL SOAP prevents the Teeth and gums from decay. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. feb14

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LOOK at these beautiful little BAYES for children to keep their pennies in. Only one look and buy each one. Just the thing for a Christmas Gift. Furnished in great variety and extreme cheap. Miscellaneous Works cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.

Ladies' Stationery Boxes and a good stock of Fancy Articles, for sale by S. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

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Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an external remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

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After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN F AYRES

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Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven to excruciating pain to the last moment, and remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely cured.

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"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is an entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years' standing. GEORGE W. BAILEY,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

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"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.

MARY C. HOWARD,

Proprietress Pearl St House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

Fever St. House, Boston

I certify that my friend Mr. T. Glidden, Esq., presented me with a bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound, in 1850, when I was suffering with a painful and severe Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of great benefit.

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The undersigned have been appointed Agents for the sale of GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND, in Boston, and are prepared to supply the trade with the same on liberal terms and prompt payment notice. We have full confidence in its virtues as a remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all diseases of the kindred character, and we are willing to refund the money to those who purchase the *greatest professions*. Advertising professions are cheap, and *certificates of cures are imaginary*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, you will find yourself out in the cold. Beware of the *Quack Nostrums* that are imposed upon the community, and purchase only those things—that the best evidence of their merits. Read the following testimonials in favor of this valuable remedy, and if you are in need of suffering child. DR. DEANE'S WHITE LIVER PILLS.

Dr. H. Mattison is the only REGISTERED PHYSICIAN in the United States or Europe who makes a spec ality of Private Diseases; and he gives the most flattering testimonials and testimony, both a his morality and his skill. I have ARE—and I KNOW HOW TO DO THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1860. aug24ly

PIANO FORTES.

A beautiful Cover, propared from the original Design from Bastile, (not Cremorne Oil) for the Cremorne Gardens, London, and Beauty of the Night, in Oil. Unlike other preparations, this *Bouquet* contains no *Alcohol or Spirits* to injure the body, for this purpose and for every exertion, to be followed by fruition, no other preparation is equal to it. Ask for directions. Circulars Sold by all druggists.

CHAS. F. PRESTON & CO.,

Sole Agents, No. 36 Central street, Boston. Sold in Lowell by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. 6m

FOR SALE,

AN OYSTER AND EATING HOUSE—For terms apply to R. A. CLARK, at No. 6 over the Post Office. nov24

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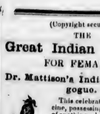
THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effected after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and all kind headaches and pains in the back, and other obstructions. If taken *just before each* monthly period, and I therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, making known their situation, as miscarriage becomes impossible, but if taken at any other time, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case, but on the contrary, it has cured a host of three different sufferers. I have the proof in my office, which can be seen by any one needed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Dr. Mattison's "Compound" is *so designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, and *which all* other remedies have failed, and *has been tried in vain, also that is warranted to effect a cure in all cases, or the money will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None genuine unless purchased directly of Dr. MATTISON at his office, No. 36 Bond St., New York. SIGN BEHOLD THE INDIAN WITH THE BOTTLE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Boston.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a Private Nature, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, &c., in a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving such advice gratuitous as to terms. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines sent to any part of the country by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States, Canadas, and Europe, with the most unbounded references and testimonials. Persons at a distance can be cured at home by addressing him, and all letters answered with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of the profession, it is the duty of every one to be careful to whom they apply, before at least making a confidential communication, and put implicit confidence in those who make the *greatest professions*. Advertising professions are cheap, and *certificates of cures are imaginary*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, you will find yourself out in the cold. Beware of the *Quack Nostrums* that are imposed upon the community, and purchase only those things—that the best evidence of their merits. Read the following testimonials in favor of this valuable remedy, and if you are in need of suffering child. DR. DEANE'S WHITE LIVER PILLS.

In Convulsions

from which most infants are said to die from teething disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately by the use of Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue. Mothers, if you have a child that is troubled with the above complaint, you can have immediate relief by the use of this remedy. Do not delay a moment, but procure it at once. It will invariably relieve the child, and it is perfectly safe to administer in the respect to any child.

In Convulsions

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No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, *or a fact which* will be communicated to any one who will call at their preparation for voluntary disease, at this time before the public, but what is the result of many years of close study and attention to the cure of the sad and blighting consequences of youthful indiscretion, and the destruction of health, both a the horrors of quacking remedies, their consequences, and the fearful effects of mercury, calomel, and corrosive sublimate, which is destroying the constitutions of thousands annually. Circulars sent free to all parts of the country. Call or address

DR. DEANE'S WHITE LIVER PILLS,

No. 28 Union street, Boston.

Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists every where. Price $1 per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it by weakening the constitution of your children, but naturally through its action on the secretions, relieves them from all causes of disease. We earnestly recommend you, and feel that we are doing you a service to make known to you that a remedy which will never fail to relieve you of your pain, and at the same time not injure your health, is now within your reach.

The sons but Dr. Estes's Infantile Cordial. Plus you can rely upon. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,

No. 1 Dey street, New York

and sold by them, and by druggists generally.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cases in any style and quality. Parasol Sticks, Tassels, Rings, &c., &c.,

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. nov23

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF PEARLS—Is unsurpassing for its LILY, completely effaces in combination with Pearl, Freckles and Tan. Prepared only by the proprietor without money in the skin. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. feb14

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., &c. Just received and for sale at BRAZER'S HAT STORE.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken, and will last longer than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

HERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPER!

Sold by the Agent for Lowell, SHADRACH DEAN'S China and Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 Merrimack Street.

SKATING CAPS at BRAZER'S.

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain a felt under the shoulder blade, and is frequently mistaken for a pain in the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. There is sometimes a feeling of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of cold chills alternating with flushes of heat and a disagreeable sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can seldom summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the diseases of this climate, but in whatever part of the body they may exist, or from whatever cause they originate, every portion of the system is more or less affected when the liver becomes diseased. The stomach, bowels, kidneys, heart, lungs, nerves, and even the blood itself, sympathize with the diseased liver. The whole train of diseases which then follow are the offspring of a diseased liver. Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills are purely vegetable, and are the result of long and extensive practice. No pains have been spared in testing their virtues in every climate in North and South America. In order to insure a perfect remedy for all diseases of the liver, they have been prepared with the greatest care, and each box is stamped with the signature of the inventor, without which none are genuine.

Sold by druggists throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America.

Principal Depot, 87 Kilby Street, Boston.

Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JEN NINGS, 277 Canal street, and HEGEMAN & CO., corner of Fulton and Pearl streets.

For sale by druggists throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Sargent, S. & Elder, Jr., W. W. Dennen, and by Benj. Bolton, 95 and 102 Merrimack st. nov24

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

New England Family

SEWING MACHINE.

AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is more superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to break or get out of order than machines which are more complicated in their construction. This machine weighs but six and a half pounds, and is an arrangement that it can be carried in a table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with ease by the most delicate lady, and to may desire. It performs its work in no thoroughly manner, that even, though every thing stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call. whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $100.

S. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan23

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is as assortment complete—suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale at Retail, selling low.

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

—AND—

COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness is unequalled this side of the Atlantic.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock of

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Cheapest* and the *Finest*, which will suit their own style. Or

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS.

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c., and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, selling low as can be sold by any store or stores, at my China and Crockery Emporium. Please examine.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

dec8 W. DEARDEN.

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Gold Medal Preparations in use.

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Compound,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the following properties:

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Steam Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spinning and all kinds of Machinery, Woolen Machinery, Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Sewing Machinery, Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Steam Machinery, Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Burning, and for Illuminating Purposes.

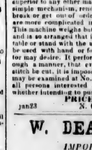
Oil, suspected to any in the markets, No. 1, 75 cts.; No. 2, 70 cts.; No. 3, 65 cts.; No. 4, 60 cts.; No. 5, 55 cts.; Clearing Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 70 cents; do. do. do. No. 2, 65 cents; do. do. do. No. 3, 60 cts.

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

sep27 Manufacturer and Auctioneer, 116 John st.



THE subscribers manufacture and put up, IRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and superior workmanship.

CUMBERLAND MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market street,

Lowell, Mass.

may24

Curtain Fixtures

On a New Principle,

EAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect,

Selling quite low ☞

DEADEN'S

HINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. sep14

W.H.DYAR.

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

20 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employing good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.

Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

RICH GOODS

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF THE GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAT-TORY, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city.

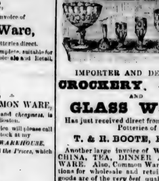
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEAR EN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec22

H.S. HAYNES,



IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the celebrated Potteries of

T. & R. BOOTH, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions, which he will sell at the lowest prices. These goods are of the best quality and manufacture, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, just received from the Potteries of Messrs. Powell manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table

—AND—

Waiters,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods have been manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, making an assortment larger and more varied, that all can be suited, both in style and price.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my stock before buying, as I am desirous to please every customer. Merchants wishing to purchase goods in quantity, will find it for their interest to call at my Store at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Square, where they will find goods at prices to suit purchasers.

H. S. HAYNES.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

W. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Dr. Harvey's celebrated Lower Lake Glove. They are made in the best manner by experienced workmen, and are the best fitting as well as the best wearing glove in the market.

He has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, which will wash soda, warranted not to shrink within wet.

A large lot of Buck Gloves and Mittens just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS.—A new work by John Ellis, M. D., Professor of Midwifery and Female Diseases in the Western Reformed Medical College. Just received and for sale by S. HUNT, 17 Central street. sep18

FOR SALE,

AN OYSTER AND EATING HOUSE—For terms apply to R. A. CLARK, at No. 6 over the Post Office. nov24

PRESTON'S

PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

A SOLID OIL, extracted from the kernels of the The above preparation has the effect of *Preventing* and *Curing* the *DISEASES OF THE THROAT*, *ASTHMA*, *BRONCHITIS*, *COUGHS*, *COLDS* and HOARSENESS. It has every quality for curing. BRON CHIAL TROCHES of the LUNGS that Cod Liver Oil has, and is much more palatable.

Preston's Bromade,

A beautiful Cover, prepared from the original Design from Bastile, (not Cremorne Oil) for the Cremorne Gardens, London, and Beauty of the Night, in Oil. Unlike other preparations, this *Bromade* contains no *Alcohol or Spirits* to injure the body, for this purpose and for every exertion, to be followed by fruition, no other preparation is equal to it. Ask for directions. Circulars Sold by all druggists.

CHAS. F. PRESTON & CO.,

Sale Agents, No. 36 Central street, Boston. Sold in Lowell by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. 6m

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Coal Scales, Lay Scales, No. 24 Fletcher Street, respectfully inform their friends and the public that they continue to manufacture a first rate article, and will sell as low as as accurate as any Scales in the market.

They would refer to the following certificate.

LOWELL, December 11, 1860.

Having had occasion to examine and adjust Woods & Nute's Scales, and having them in constant use for several years, I consider them as accurate and reliable as any in the market, and would recommend them to the public. DANIEL CHAMBERLIN,

City Sealer.

MOTHER'S

A most be shown not only to you, but to your affectionate and intelligent young, that the good discovery of effects arise chiefly from the early condition of their bowels, and in the connection we would say that the proper regulation and care of these disorders, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with entire success during several years' practice, as a remedy for Cholera Infantum, Dysentery and all bowel complaints, and one that alone will control the most severe cases. Its use is important to the health of the young and tender.

For Children Teething

And at this period of infantile life when convulsions have their source in inflammation of the bowels, the Cordial will be found invaluable. Sold by all Druggists.

For Diseases Attending Teething, such as Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Sick Stomach, Sour Curd, Cold and Cold on the Head, as well as Diarrhœa, it is the only remedy that can be relied on when given in time. It will invariably relieve the child, and it is perfectly safe to administer in any case.

In Convulsions

from which most infants are said to die from teething disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately by the use of Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue. Mothers, if you have a child that is troubled with the above complaint, you can have immediate relief by the use of this remedy. Do not delay a moment, but procure it at once. It will invariably relieve the child, and it is perfectly safe to administer in the respect to any child.

Does not Constipate

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The sons but Dr. Estes's Infantile Cordial. Plus you can rely upon. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,

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UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cases in any style and quality. Parasol Sticks, Tassels, Rings, &c., &c.,

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. nov23

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF PEARLS—Is unsurpassing for its LILY, completely effaces in combination with Pearl, Freckles and Tan. Prepared only by the proprietor without money in the skin. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. fe

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, March 1, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, the report of the committee of conference on the Oregon war debt, increasing the amount to $2,400,000 was agreed to. The post office bill was taken up, and the amendments of the committee on finance were under consideration, when Mr. Crittenden, from the committee on Peace Convention, offered a report recommending the adoption of the proposition. Mr. Seward said Mr. Trumbull and himself wished to offer a minority report. Mr. Trumbull offered a resolution, inviting the several States to express their will on calling a National Convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution.

Mr. Doolittle gave notice of a proviso as an amendment to the first section of the amendment proposed by the Peace Convention, viz: "Provided the section take effect on the express condition that no State heretofore or hereafter admitted shall have the power to withdraw from the jurisdiction of the United States, and that the Constitution shall be the supreme law of the land." The report, amendments and joint resolution, were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Trumbull presented the credentials of Mr. Lane, Senator elect from Indiana. He also reported that Messrs. Lincoln and Hamlin accept the offices to which they have been elected. The hour of one o'clock having arrived, a discussion arose between Messrs. Crittenden and Fessenden on taking up the report of the select committee. The resolutions were taken up on the 23, and were made the special order for to-day. The post office bill was again considered, and the Senate held an executive session.

In the House a petition was presented by Mr. Gilmer of N. C., from ladies of that State, asking that the present difficulties might be settled. It called forth quite a discussion. Mr. Corwin's proposed amendment was taken up on the motion to reconsider the vote by which it was rejected the day before. The reconsideration was rejected 128 against 65. The resolution was then adopted, 133 against 65. The Speaker announced that it was adopted by the necessary two-thirds vote. The original amendment reads as follows: "That no amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give Congress power to abolish or interfere within any State, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or servitude by the laws of said State."

The House concurred in the Senate's bill to stop the mail in certain States. Mr. Stanton endeavored, ineffectually, to have the volunteer bill taken up.

LEGISLATURE. Yesterday, in the Senate, the joint special committee on the State valuation, reported a bill fixing the polls and estates of the several cities and towns of the Commonwealth, and constituting the schedule of the Valuation Committee as a basis of apportionment for State and county taxes during the decade ending with 1870.

The bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Mutual Redemption (to allow Savings Banks to subscribe to its stock) was discussed by Messrs. Hardy, Whiting, Schouler and Northend, who argued against it, and Messrs. Bosson and Shaw in favor of the measure; but a third reading was refused without a count.

A message was received from His Excellency, Gov. Andrew, transmitting resolutions of the Legislature of Illinois, expressing an earnest desire for the return of harmony and kind relations between the sister States, and their willingness to appoint Commissioners to the Peace Convention, though they did not consider it an expression of opinion that the people of that State were willing to give any further guarantees for the security of slave property. The message also transmitted a copy of the resolutions from the Texas Legislature, the purport of which is that if the federal government uses force to put down rebellion in the Southern States, Texas will join her sister seceders and resist to the last extremity.

In the House, among the petitions presented was one from the Mayor of Lowell for a law in relation to sealing weights and measures. Several committees were appointed. The Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred an order relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors made a lengthy report together with a bill. The bill and to-morrow publish an abstract of the bill.

The report (leave to withdraw) on the petition of Charles Havey and others, for incorporation as a Bank of Industry in Lowell, was taken from the table and placed in the orders of the day.

FROM WASHINGTON. The select committee of five on the President's special message, in their report on the part of the subject urge against the doctrine of secession, and assert that it is the duty of the government to enforce the laws over every part of the country with the military if the civil authority is insufficient. Messrs. Cochrane and Branch dissent.

Gen. Twiggs's name has been stricken from the army roll as a coward and traitor.

The select committee on the abstraction of books from the Congressional Library, by members of Congress, report that they regard the entire charge as groundless.

The public business it in a greater state of forwardness than has heretofore been the case toward the close of Congress.—Several of the general appropriation bills only are pending or disagreed amendments.

The President has approved of the bill establishing a territorial government in Colorado, including Pike's Peak. It is silent on slavery.

Mr. Crittenden had an interview with Mr. Lincoln yesterday; also several Republican Senators and others.

CONNECTICUT. The Republican State Convention on Wednesday made the following nominations: For Governor, William A. Buckingham; Lieutenant Governor, Benjamin Douglas; Secretary of State, James H. Trumbull; Treasurer, Ezra Dean; Comptroller, Lemau W. Cutler. Mr. Buckingham is the present Governor, and this makes his fourth nomination for that office.

In the Rhode Island legislature, yesterday, a resolution sustaining the Franklin proposition of the Peace Congress, passed the Senate by a vote of 10 to 6—21 members being present.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 4.

ROLLA, MO., February 18th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: I am now one hundred and twenty-five miles south of St. Louis, and beyond the reach of winter. I arrived here last evening, just as the polls closed on the convention election. The result here in this village, which is the County seat of Phelps county, stands 301 for the Union to 27 opposition. At St. James, adjoining this place, the vote stands 105 for Union to 3 against. There is a strong feeling in this section for the Union, notwithstanding their Governor to the contrary. They want their rights in the Union, and have the utmost confidence that the Republicans will give it to them. They mean by their rights, equ-l rights to carry their property into the Territories. We should be willing to give them this right, because it never would have an existence. save on paper, and in their minds; first, because there are no more slaves in the States than are wanted there for their own use; second, because no man who is worth enough to own a slave, will ever think of removing to our barren, and thus far Territories. The whole question is a matter of pride and abstraction, and they acknowledge it; and to gratify that vanity, with no possible fear of anything deliberately seeing arising, cannot be done by otherwise "than we would be done by." I find any number of young men here who never owned a negro, and never mean to, yet they want to feel that there is no partial legislation.

I think that Mr. Lincoln will not be any troubled to find men in the border States, who will be willing to take office; for I find at the little "tavern" where I am now stopping, two gentlemen on their way to Washington for office. The time for Missouri to rink her destiny upon the dark waters of revolution has not come: and the voice from the grave, of Henry Clay, is an sure, is a response to the language of the great patriot of Ashland—"Dominion never, never, never."

The effect of secession upon St. Louis, is perfectly overwhelming. There is nothing doing, and every free negro and white laborer is discussing the question whether they will go when the negroes are sold. The streets are as quiet as Sunday, and despair is depicted on the countenance of every business man. I saw, while in St. Louis, two gentlemen from South Carolina, and they do not deny the fact that general distress prevails amongst the mass of the population in their State, in consequence of the general disarrangement of business, and the burdens which the new state of things renders it necessary to impose. One of them assured me that the fever of secession was abating, and that, for the most part, it had been fictitious, and slightly shared by the rural free population. He says the Southern ports are suffering, at present, to an extent never before witnessed. I pointed him to the evident blight that had fallen on the interests of St. Louis, since the Palmetto flag was hoisted in South Carolina. "Ah!" said he, "time will only the first fruits. As a Virginian, I had yet to hope that better counsel would finally prevail, and that the old 'Ship of State' would sail on and onward in her matchless course of State."

Although the South Carolinian did not discover his mistake, yet I was known by the paper-vender. Everything here however was absorbing, and that, or nothing, consequently three-cent pieces just now cost pieces are out of circulation. I bought a morning paper—five cents—and took from my pocket a three-cent piece and two cents. "Ah," says he, "a Yankee: this is Yankee money." I laughed and passed on.

There was a Union pole-raising, a little way from St. Louis on Saturday last. The pole was seventy six feet high, and after it was raised, the flag was not unfurled on its top, when a young man climbed up to the top and unfurled the flag to the breeze, then waving his handkerchief repeated the following beautiful lines:—

"We have no words, our sentb, nor wail—
Our Union bucks us all!
Its stars and stripes are of us dearer—
With them we'll stand or fall!"

Monday morning, when I left St. Louis, three were found dead in bed, murdered during the election of that day. The murderers are aroused in defence of the Union, and have been drilling and arming for election day; they are bound to vote for the Union, any how. They say that that star spangled banner beneath whose sheltering folds none of them have sought protection in vain, and which has ever been a source of proud eminence and be trampled, dishonored, and disgraced, under the feet of traitors. I think there will be no fighting, however, for the Major has ordered that all places where intoxicating liquors are sold shall be closed on election day (Monday). Who ever knew men to fight when they were in their right senses?

A large emigration is expected into Missouri the coming season, of Germans and others, provided our national troubles are settled.

The man who got the 27 secession votes, above referred to, shame on him, be it said, is from this Phelps'ps, and has been lecturing here on Secession for some time past, and got himself up as a candidate for the convention. But his rebuke is no less just than severe.

H.

SMALL-POX IN SALEM. The *Salem Register* denies the exaggerated rumors about the prevalence of the small pox in that city. It says that since the first of January there have been only thirty-three cases and six deaths. Eighteen cases only remain, all but one or two of which are of a mild form.

WHILE the boys were out at "recess" recently at one of the village schools at South Adams, a gentleman riding by stopped and enquired of a bright-looking lad: "What they did in there?" The urchin looked up, scanned his interrogator a few a moment, and then replied, "They tan boys in here sir." That boy probably knew whereof he spoke.

THE *Richmond Enquirer* concurs with its cotemporary, the *Dispatch*, in stating that private advices from different parts of Virginia announce that a number of the largest slaveholders are making preparations for an exodus. If the exodus once commences, the entire depopulation of some districts is predicted.

MANUFACTURING STATISTICS OF MIDDLESEX COUNTY. The following table, compiled from the recent census returns, gives the number of manufacturing establishments in the several towns and cities in Middlesex County, with the amount of capital invested, annual value of products, and the number of men and women employed:—

Towns.	No.	Capital Invested.	Value of Products.	Men Work.	Women Work.
Marlboro'	24	$1,000,000	$1,500,000	1,000	500
Pepperell	11	600,000	1,000,000	500	211
Hopkinton	34	375,000	650,000	250	60
Groton	24	475,000	850,000	250	60
Shirley	20	400,000	800,000	250	60
Shirley	20	165,000	325,000	191	115
Reading	30	350,000	750,000	300	150
Stoneham	23	100,000	1,000,000	400	200
Woburn	53	1,000,000	1,500,000	1,000	500
Medford	16	500,000	900,000	450	50
Malden	16	250,000	600,000	400	150
Somerville	27	350,000	1,200,000	600	300
Cambridge	70	2,000,000	3,000,000	1,500	1,000
Brighton	10	200,000	500,000	200	100
Newton	19	1,000,000	1,500,000	500	200
Watertown	14	150,000	300,000	150	50
Weston	1	30,000	80,000	50	20
Waltham	18	1,000,000	2,000,000	1,000	500
Natick	13	250,000	500,000	250	150
Framingham	24	300,000	1,000,000	500	200
Ashland	7	150,000	300,000	150	50
Hopkinton	34	375,000	650,000	250	60
Wellesley	22	745,000	1,200,000	600	300
Framingham	24	300,000	1,000,000	500	200
Ashland	7	150,000	300,000	150	50
Holliston	43	750,000	1,200,000	600	300
Hopkinton	34	375,000	650,000	250	60
Natick	13	250,000	500,000	250	150

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, March 1, 1861.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, yesterday, the report of the committee of conference on the Oregon war debt, increasing the amount to $2,400,000 was agreed to. The post office bill was taken up, and the amendments of the committee on finance were under consideration, when Mr. Crittenden, from the committee on Peace Convention, offered a report recommending the adoption of the proposition. Mr. Seward said Mr. Trumbull and himself wished to offer a minority report. Mr. Trumbull offered a resolution, inviting the several States to express their will on calling a National Convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution.

Mr. Doolittle gave notice of a proviso as an amendment to the first section of the amendment proposed by the Peace Convention, viz.: "Provided the section take effect on the express condition that no State heretofore or hereafter admitted shall have the power to withdraw from the jurisdiction of the United States, and that the Constitution shall be the supreme law of the land." The report, amendments and joint resolution, were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Trumbull presented the credentials of Mr. Lane, Senator elect from Indiana. He also reported that Messrs. Lincoln and Hamlin accept the offices to which they have been elected. The hour of one o'clock having arrived, a discussion arose between Messrs. Crittenden and Fessenden on taking up the report of the select committee. The resolutions were taken up 26 to 23, and were made the special order for today. The post office bill was again considered, and the Senate held an executive session.

In the House a petition was presented by Mr. Gilmer of N. C., from ladies of that State, asking that the present difficulties might be settled. It called forth a brief discussion. Mr. Corwin's proposed amendment was taken up on the motion to reconsider the vote by which it was rejected the day before. The reconsideration was carried 128 against 65. The resolution was then adopted, 133 against 65. The Speaker announced that it was adopted by the necessary two-thirds vote. The proposed amendment reads as follows: "That no amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give Congress power to abolish or interfere within any State, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or servitude by the laws of said State."—and the Senate concurred in the Senate's bill to stop the mail in certain States. Mr. Stanton endeavored, ineffectually, to have the volunteer bill taken up.

LEGISLATIVE.—Yesterday, in the Senate, the joint special committee on the State valuation, reported a bill fixing the polls and estates of the several cities and towns of the Commonwealth, and constituting the schedule of the Valuation Committee as a basis of apportionment for State and county taxes during the decade ending with 1870.

The bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Mutual Redemption (to allow Savings Banks to subscribe to its stock) was discussed by Messrs. Hardy, Whiting, Schouler and Northend, who argued against it, and Messrs. Bonney and Shaw in favor of the measure; but a third reading was refused without a count.

A message was received from His Excellency, Gov. Andrew, transmitting resolutions of the Legislature of Illinois, expressing an earnest desire for the return of harmony and kind relations between the sister States, and their willingness to appoint Commissioners to the Peace Convention, though they did not consider it an expression of opinion that the people of that State were willing to give any further guarantees for the security of slave property. The message also transmitted a copy of the resolutions from the Texas Legislature, the purport of which is that if the federal government uses force to put down the rebellion in the Southern States, Texas will join her sister seceders and resist to the last extremity.

In the House, among the petitions presented was one from the Mayor of Lowell for a law in relation to sealing weights and measures. Several committees reported. The Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred an order relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors made a lengthy report together with a bill. We shall to-morrow publish an abstract of both.

The report (leave to withdraw) on the petition of Charles Hovey and others, for incorporation as a Bank of Discount in Lowell, was taken from the table and placed in the orders of the day.

FROM WASHINGTON.—The select committee of five on the President's special message, in their report on the general subject argue against the right of secession, and assert that it is the duty of the government to enforce the laws over every part of the country with the military if the civil authority is insufficient. Messrs. Cochrane and Branch dissent.

Gen. Twiggs's name has been stricken from the army roll as a coward and traitor.

The select committee on the alleged theft of books from the Congressional library, by members of Congress, report that they regard the entire charge as groundless.

The public business is in a greater state of forwardness than has heretofore been the case toward the close of Congress.—Several of the general appropriation bills only are pending on disagreeing amendments.

The President has approved of the bill establishing a territorial government in Colorado, including Pike's Peak. It is silent on slavery.

Mr. Crittenden had an interview with Mr. Lincoln yesterday, also several Republican Senators and others.

CONNECTICUT.—The Republican State Convention on Wednesday made the following nominations: For Governor, William A. Buckingham; for Lieutenant Governor, Benjamin Douglas; Secretary of State, James H. Trumbull; Treasurer, Ezra Dean; Comptroller, Leman W. Cutler. Mr. Buckingham is the present Governor, and this makes his fourth nomination for that office.

In the Rhode Island legislature, yesterday, a resolution sustaining the Franklin proposition of the Peace Congress, passed the Senate by a vote of 15 to 6—21 members being present.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 4.

ROLLA, MO., February 18th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: I am now one hundred and twenty-five miles south of St. Louis, and beyond the reach of winter. I arrived here last evening, just as the polls closed on the convention election. The result here in this village, which is the County seat of Phelps county, stands 301 for the Union to 27 opposition. At St. James, adjoining this place, the vote stands 105 for Union to 3 against. There is a strong feeling in this section for the Union, notwithstanding their former sympathy for the country. They want their right in the Union, and have the utmost confidence that the Republicans will give it to them. They want no longer rights, equal rights to carry their property into the Territories. We should be willing to give them this right, because it never would have an existence only on paper, and in their minds; first, because there are no more slaves in the States than are wanted there for their own use; second, because no man who is worth enough to own a slave, will ever think of removing to our barren, worthless Territories. The whole question is a matter of pride and abstraction, and they acknowledge it; and to gratify that vanity, with no possible fear of anything disadvantageously arising, cannot be doing otherwise "than we would be done by." I find any number of young men here who never owned a slave, and never mean to, yet they want to feel that there is no partial legislation.

I think that Mr. Lincoln will not be any troubled to find men in the border States who will be willing to take office; for I find at the little "tavern" where I am now stopping, two gentlemen on their way to Washington for office. The line for Missouri to run her destiny upon the dark waters of revolution has not come; and the voice from the ballot box yesterday, I am happy to say, is no echo in the language or the great patriot of Ashland—"Disunion never, never, never!"

The effect of secession upon St. Louis, has been astonishing. Here is where the doing, and every tree negro and white laborer is discussing the question whether they will go when the spring opens. The secession ordinance will be quiet as death, and despair is depicted on the countenance of every business man. I saw, while in St. Louis, several gentlemen from South Carolina, and they do not deny the fact that general distress prevails amongst the mass of the population in their State, in consequence of the general derangement of business, and the burdens which the new state of things renders it necessary to impose. One of them assured me that the fever of secession was abating, and that, for the most part, it had been factitious, and slightly shared by the rural free population. He says the Southern ports are suffering, at present, to an extent never before witnessed. I pointed him to the evident blight that had fallen on the immense trade of St. Louis, since the Palmetto flag was hoisted in Charleston. "Ah!" said he, "those are only the first fruits. As a Virginian, I had yet to hope that better counsel would finally prevail, and that the old 'Ship of State would sail on and onward in her matchless course of State."

Although the South Carolinian did not discover his mistake, yet I was known by the paper-vender. Everything here however is quiet as death, or nothing, consequently three-cent pieces are worth five pieces are out of circulation. I bought a morning paper—five cents—and took from my pocket a three-cent piece and two cents. "Ah," says he, "a Yankee; this is Yankee money." I laughed and passed on.

There was a Union pole-raising, a little way from St. Louis on Saturday last. The pole was seventy six feet high, and after it was raised, the flag was not unfurled on its top, when a young man climbed to the top and unfurled the flag to the breeze, then waving his handkerchief repeated the following beautiful lines:—

"A wave on earth, no wreath, nor wave,
In ocean's depths, nor e'er so deep—
Within the world's extent or Eil—"

Monday morning, when I left St. Louis, there were fears of a riot and bloodshed during the election of that day. The Germans are aroused in defence of the Union, and have been drilling and arming for election; they are bound to vote for the Union, any how. They say that the star-spangled banner beneath whose sheltering folds none of them have sought protection in vain, shall not be torn ruthlessly from its proud pre-eminence and be trampled, dishonored, and disgraced, under the feet of traitors. I think there will be no fighting, however, for the Mayor has ordered that all places where intoxicating liquors are sold shall be closed on election day (Monday). Who ever knew men to fight when they were in their sober senses?

A large congregation is expected into Missouri the coming season, of German and Swiss, provided our national troubles are settled.

The man who got the 27 secession votes, above referred to, shame on him, be it said, is from Philadelphia, and has been lecturing here on Secession for some time past, and got himself up as a candidate for the convention. But his rebuke is no less just than severe.

H.

SMALL POX IN SALEM. The *Salem Register* denies the exaggerated rumors about the prevalence of the small pox in that city. It says that since the first of January there have been only thirty-three cases and six deaths. Eighteen cases only remain, all but one or two of which are of a mild form.

WHILE the boys were out at "recess" recently at one of the village schools at South Adams, a gentleman riding by stopped and inquired of a bright-looking lad of 12, Buckingham's or Lieutenant Governor, Benjamin Douglas; Secretary of State, James H. Trumbull; Treasurer, Ezra Dean; Comptroller, Leman W. Cutler. Mr. Buckingham is the present Governor, and this makes his fourth nomination for that office.

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MANUFACTURING STATISTICS OF MIDDLESEX COUNTY. The following table, compiled from the recent census returns, gives the number of manufacturing establishments in the several towns and cities in Middlesex County, with the amount of capital invested, annual value of products, and the number of men and women employed:—

	No. Establ.	Capital Invested.	Value of Products.	Men Employed.	Women Employed.
Marlboro	27	$214,000	$1,000,000	271	171
Pepperell	11	150,000	451,000	83	81
Ashby	20	80,000	240,000	100	50
Groton	34	275,000	865,000	278	60
Shirley	19	145,000	450,000	150	75
Shirley	19	185,000	455,000	191	115
Harvard	20	150,000	450,000	150	75
Stow	17	75,000	180,000	60	30
Stoneham	40	110,000	1,000,000	302	274
Malden	40	150,000	1,000,000	300	200
Medford	16	325,000	615,000	457	18
Somerville	22	325,000	1,000,000	300	200
Somerville	27	325,000	1,249,000	650	50
Framingham	31	150,000	450,000	150	75
Natick	17	75,000	225,000	75	25
Burlington	8	50,000	75,000	30	10
Lexington	14	100,000	300,000	100	50
Chelmsford	18	110,000	312,000	254	97
Westford	9	50,000	150,000	75	25
Tyngsboro'	5	20,000	82,000	56	40
Billerica	16	75,000	150,000	75	25
Billerica	43	250,000	720,000	622	300
Tewksbury	13	100,000	250,000	75	25
Hopkinton	43	250,000	1,000,000	300	200
Ashland	7	110,000	300,000	125	75
Framingham	31	150,000	450,000	150	75
Wilmington	72	745,000	2,300,000	1142	272
Framingham	31	150,000	450,000	150	75
Bedford	17	27,000	82,000	63	42
Acton	33	90,000	212,000	130	57
Melrose	39	90,000	212,000	130	57
Concord	14	100,000	300,000	100	50
Carlisle	4	5,000	8,000	8	4
Winchester	24	150,000	450,000	150	75
W. Cambridge	4	115,000	280,000	90	60
Waltham	40	1,000,000	2,500,000	1000	500
Lowell	60	13,250,000	15,745,000	4304	8300
Cambridge	40	1,000,000	2,500,000	1000	500
Newton	10	100,000	1,000,000	243	98
Natick	17	75,000	225,000	75	25
Cambridge	40	1,000,000	2,500,000	1000	500
Watertown	10	1,750,000	2,000,000	1866	277
Weston	16	250,000	550,000	78	52
Total	1,028	$28,360,000	$54,000,000	17,000	14,000

The above, says the *Boston Traveller*, includes the boot and shoe making business at Natick, Stoneham, Marlboro', Holliston, Hopkinton and the Readings, and the straw manufactures at Brighton, but does not include the Navy Yard or the State Prison at Charlestown.

The towns of Lincoln, Dunstable, Belmont, Hopkinton and Reading, have no establishments where the products are $500 annually, and are not included in the above list.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Virginia.* In the Convention yesterday, Mr. Morton made a speech in favor of the Union movement, and denounced the result of the Peace Conference. Mr. Baylor commenced a Union speech. Messrs. Tyler and Seddon, commitment to the Washington convention, were serenaded last evening, and made speeches denouncing the doings of the Convention. The secession feeling is reported to be increasing.

North Carolina. The result of the election yesterday is doubtful. Three precincts in New Hanover give 861 majority for a convention, and the other precincts will increase the majority. The secession candidates are elected by 1000 majority.—Brunswick has gone for secession. Three precincts in Duplin give 417 majority for a convention. Wayne gives 1000 majority for secession. Wake County, including Raleigh, gives 1000 majority for the Union ticket, and the majority against a convention is large.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy. The pamphlet contains what is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Rooms, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

PAWTUCKET BRIDGE CELEBRATION.—The following is the report of the treasurer, to whom the committee entrusted the unsettled accounts of the celebration on the 22nd ult. The report is quite as favorable as could have been expected.

Receipts—Sale of tickets at door, $225.50; sale of tickets at stores, &c., $125.50; for care of clothing, $14.04; total, $414.04.

Expenses—Hall's Brass Band, $100.00; City of Lowell, use of Halls, $25.00; moving seats out and in halls, $5.00; printing, advertising, &c., $38.45; military baldrics, $33.63; miscellaneous expenses, $18.35; total, $208.88.

Total receipts, $414.66; do. expenses, $208.88; net proceeds, $205.78.

Disposition of Proceeds—To A. Clement, for expenses freeing bridge, $102.89; W. G. Wise, Treasurer Lowell Missionary Association, for the poor, $102.89.

SUDDEN DEATH. This morning a girl named Julia Sullivan, aged about 26 years, who had been sick, probably from a disease of the heart, at No. 14 Massachusetts Corporation, and who was under the care of Dr. Bedwell, died very suddenly. She was removed, about 10 minutes before o'clock, to No. 39 East Merrimack Street, and died in about three minutes after being carried into the house. There were circumstances in connection with which she was thought should be investigated, and accordingly Coroner T. W. Prussy summoned a jury consisting of William Lansing, Jr., D. G. Greenleaf, J. P. Hurlbut, L. E. Shepard, A. B. Farr and Leonard Brown, who, after viewing the body, adjourned to meet next Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

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OVERSEERS OF THE POOR. At a meeting of the Overseers of the Poor, held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Lorenzo Phelps was re-elected Master of the Almshouse. His salary, with that of his lady, the Matron, was fixed at $800 per annum, which is an increase.

CHANGE OF MILL AND SCHOOL HOURS.—To-day the mills commence running from 6 1-2 A. M. to 6 1-2 P. M. The dinner hour is 12 M. The schools also commence at 8 1/2 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. This arrangement lasts until November 1st.

SUPERIOR COURT. Civil Term. *Brigham, J.* John Hagan vs. Charleston Insurance Company, was tried yesterday. Verdict for plaintiff and $702 allowed. Butler and Marrett for plaintiff; Morse and Griffin for defendants. The parties were dismissed, and the Court will devote the balance of the week and part of next week to hearing motions.

SUPERIOR COURT. Criminal Term.—*Fast, J.* Yesterday the following cases were disposed of:—

Ellen Flynn, Marlborough, Connecticut seller. Fined $50.

Edward Gannett, Lowell, keeping house of ill fame, four months House of Correction.

Hugh Donnelly and Morris Hogan, Malden, larceny. Pleaded guilty and upon showing a previous good character they were ordered to recognize in $300 each with sureties, and were then permitted to go on probation.

Jane Burns, Malden, larceny.—District Attorney did not ask for a verdict on the evidence. *Not Pressed.*

Patrick Hackett, Lowell, adultery, pleaded guilty. Four months common jail.

Charles Wilson, Cambridge, liquor sale. Paid costs and recognized for future appearance.

Stephen Smith, common seller. Jury did not agree, papers taken from them.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE on favorable terms. Policies issued for any term of time in the interest. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

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$150,000.

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ALONZO A. MINOT, President.
BENJAMIN R. BARNES, Secretary.

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April 21, 1860. ly

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$100,000.
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President,
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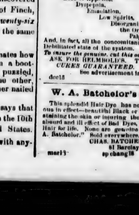
Charles Partridge, Broker, New York.
Wm. Bedell, Merchant, New York.
Wm. Bedell, Jr., Merchant, New York.
John B. Kitching, Cashier Fulton Bank, New York.
George B. Bayard, Merchant, New York.
Seymour Burrill, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Wood, Merchant, Staten Island.
John G. Wood, Merchant, Staten Island.

GEORGE CHAFFEE, Secretary.
ROBERT ATHEN, General Agent.

Risks taken in other Stock or Mutual departments. DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Insurance Agency, Merrimack and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 14, 1860. no15dly

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this machine is evidently due to its peculiar merits, which are the result of long and careful study and effort in the requisites for family use. It has become a favorite machine with all who have once used it, and is justly considered the best machine for family sewing. In all the four quarters of the globe, it has met with the most unbroken and unqualified success. It is simple, durable and beautiful, in lemming, stitching, fastening, and in the range of its application, and tends to which female needle-work is applied, the

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for home use in Low-ell:

D. S. Richardson, J. A. Bursley, E. Huntington, A. C. Alger, B. B. Coburn, C. C. Bailey, Rev. A. D. Sargent, Jr., A. H. Brown, Samuel Fay, Mrs. Dr. Kittredge, A. H. Brown, Mrs. Dr. Bixby.

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, is offered for sale at from **one hundred and twenty dollars,** for sale in Lowell by

J. W. B. SHAW,
44 Merrimack Street.
may17 ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to the public practice a year ago. Having made good use of it in their own practice, and found it superior to all others, have now prepared to use it more extensively. Have had a long and successful practice, and have had dental profession in relation to the value of the various articles used for dental work. They will not make every other article with us use, there are many who prefer it to any other. We have had the best of success with it, and have no fear of its standing, owing to the limited time this article has been in use. Gum Teeth and Plates of every variety and style made to order. Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, Silver Plate and Platinum, and all other work done in the most skillful manner. Also, Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, Silver Plate and Platinum, and all other work done in the most skillful manner. Also, Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, Silver Plate and Platinum, and all other work done in the most skillful manner.

Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen, and which has been used in her private practice for a long time, and has been found to be a safe, sure and safe-remedy for Female Difficulties and Disturbances, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, it will, in a manner, act like magic, and a few doses will restore the system to a healthy state, when all other means have failed. It will, in a short time, remove any obstruction from whatever cause, and is especially invaluable in all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Drowsiness, Shaking of the Nervous System, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and in all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these PILLS HAVE NEVER BEEN KNOWN TO FAIL WHERE THE DIRECTIONS OR THE LAWS OF NATURE HAVE BEEN OBEYED.

Also, the celebrated TREVONTON COAL, that in every respect to the Franklin or any other first class burning coal. For sale at the whole sale of the best qualities, Red Ash and Both Wood and Coal.

N. B. If and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by RALPH LEIDER, No. 9 Central st.

CAUTION!

To the subscribers, the only makers of the true and original **FRANKLIN COAL**, mined in their lands in Trevonton, in the county of Columbia, Pa.

N. B. We would caution the public against the spurious article, now being offered for sale in this city, by parties who have no right to the name, and who are selling an inferior article, under the name of Franklin Coal, which is not the genuine article, and which we will not be responsible for.

Orders left at the Central street, Lowell, or at the office of the Company, No. 27 Merrimack street, Boston, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Feb. 17, 1861. 6m

MERRILL'S NEW BOOKSTORE,

mar1 No. 37 *Merrimack Street.*

New and Second hand School Books for sale at Merrill's Bookstore, No. 3 Central and 37 Merrimack street.

ALL who have a desire for good TEA and COFFEE, and the best assortment of Groceries, should call at Merrill's Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar1

CURE (WITHOUT MEDICINE) OF FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

(FALLING, &c.) SPINAL AFFECTIONS, DYSPEPSIA, RUPTURE, PILES, and GENERAL DEBILITY,

As set forth in Marsh Street, (E. B. Adams's) By EDW. P. BANNING, M. D., Prof. of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, author of "Consumption, Sense" on Chronic Irritation of C. mucous Membranes and Ulcerations, and founder of the Institute for the Radical Cure of Female Complaints, and frequently appear incontrovertibly, as the result of the treatment of Dr. Banning's method (originated by himself) for the cure of these maladies, viz: temporariness of a variety of symptoms, also unimportance and unsuitable adaptation to the ends sought, of the usual treatment.

J. T. CURTIS M. D.,
28 West Fifteenth Street, New York.
feb23 6m

MARRIAGES.

In this city, Feb. 28th, by Rev. Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Chesley Knott to Miss Mary Lilly, both of Lowell.

DEATHS.

In Tewksbury, Feb. 25th, Mr. George Bailey, aged 59 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELECTROPATHY.

A Complete System of Medical ELECTRICITY.

S. PAIGE, M. D.,
Electropathic Physician and Surgeon,

May, on and after March 4th, be consulted at No. 3 AMERICAN HOUSE, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

DR. PAIGE, after an absence of six months in the Southern States, returns to the relief and affliction of Lowell and vicinity that he is better than ever prepared to treat all the various kinds of

Improved Electrical Instruments,

for the successful treatment and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Injuries, Derangements peculiar to Females, and all Chronic Diseases.

To call and consult him, FREE OF CHARGE.

Dr. Paige makes no display of printed Certificates of remarkable cures, but is content to refer to living witnesses in Lowell, that he does not exaggerate when he says that in the last summer months, (some of them prostrated with sickness) he has cured **Forty-Seven** persons, testify to the efficacy of his peculiar manner of treating disease.

Of the rest of this most potent agent, ELECTRICITY, it is unnecessary to speak, further than to say that it is the most deeply seated diseases to a certainty, and that in the case of Consumption, when the unpleasant sensations, or the use of drugs or nostrums, have not destroyed the sensibility of the nervous system. Those who have tested the virtues of this agent will gladly acknowledge, and without success, are especially invited to call.

N. B.—Dr. Paige would also state that he is prepared to furnish Batteries for home use.

Instruments for Medical Pr ctice,

and will give instructions in their application to individuals or private classes, enabling them to practice with safety and success.

For further information please call as above. CONSULTATION FREE. Hours as specified.

POCKET-BOOK LOST.

LOST on Thursday last, between Lowell and Boston, by the Boston train, a Pocket Book containing about $200 in bills and a Pocket Book containing about $200 in bills and a Pocket Book containing about $200 in bills and

DODGE'S

American Liniment,

AN INVALUABLE EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR *Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back and Chest, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Contraction of the Muscles, Spinal Affections, Ague in the Breast and Face, Sore Throat, Croup, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Nervous Headache, Corns, &c., &c.*

The immediate relief which even one application of this invaluable Liniment produces should induce all persons afflicted with pain to give it a trial. Those who have used it are desirous, when they see a friend suffering, that he will not be without it, but will take prompt steps to procure a bottle at once.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all Druggists in the U. States, AT WHOLESALE BY

WEEKS & POTTER, 154 Washington Street, Boston. G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 12 Marshall Street, Boston.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

No. 20 KILBY STREET, BOSTON,

ASA S. CROSBY, Agent.

AGENTS WANTED—apply as above. nov14tw

Doors, Blinds, Sashes, &c,

THE undersigned, Manufacturers at Auburn, Me., would respectfully inform their friends, customers and the public generally, that they have opened an establishment on

CHARLESTOWN STREET, No. 94,

(corner of Stillman street,) where they will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, &c. As they MANUFACTURE THEIR OWN STOCK, entirely from No 1 John lumber,) and in large quantities, they are satisfied that they can sell at such prices as to defy competition, and offer strong inducements to all in want of the above articles, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders by mail or express.

E. K. ROBINSON & CO.

Boston, Oct. 19, 1860. oct19eow

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

N W MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories,

Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Guitars, and all other Instruments Bands, Score Music, &c.

Also agent for Chickering & Sons, & W. Lead & Co., &c. &c. jan1dif

Kerosene--Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Safety wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at *lowest prices*, and built in quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street. nov16

Working Men, women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 200 valuable from more who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months since was penniless is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, another boy, a regular fool or who has paid the sum of $1,90. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can make from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold this valuable secret over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

aug24 Auburn, Maine

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music composed by the celebrated composer whose name she book bears.

The Section. A collection of Sacred Music, both and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Operatic Melodies and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of piano, melodeon and social gatherings. By Edwin Brown.

The above books for sale at E. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Music Boxes repaired.

nov1 17 Central street.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetising sauce, invented by the celebrated "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, is now in Boston, and is manufactured by the well known house of CROSBY & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation in American epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent and it affords a most commendable aid in cases of ALOW AND WEAK DIGESTION"—The Lancet.

"Tasty, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its par."—Observer.

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDINER G. YVELIN,

217 Fulton st., New York, and

AND BRAY & HAYES, 74 Broadway, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists everywhere. 3taw1yjan19

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy all kinds of Books low is at E. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvette Indestructible Preparation for cleaning Kid Gloves without injury of any color. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street.

M'LANE'S PILLS and VERMIFUGE

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

WRITING PAPER. Envelopes, Pens and Ink, can be purchased at E. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store at better rates than at any other store in Lowell. nov16

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

PLATT'S Buckwheat Flour, for sale at the lowest price by the barrel, bushel or at the store of *J. J. & W. H. PEARSON*, Book Building, Merrimack street.

dec20

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds. Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., Tuned and repaired in the very *best manner*, and at *low charges*. Orders left at Dyar's Music Store and Piano Ware Room, 41 Central street, will receive prompt attention. apr23 dtf

A FEW MORE of *Stason's Patent* Music Folio Blotters on hand. Sold by E. H. HUNT, 17 Central street.

nov14

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they lose upon it, it pierces, not their sides, but their heart. * * * * * I think the needle has claim more than the sword of war."—HENRY WARD BEECHER.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that they will well know reputation of those Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care and attention bestowed on every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines, purchase the Grover & Baker stitch, must seek further, as no other establishment has who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers of Grover & Baker Machines of this class will be entitled to purchase, as heretofore, from G. O. Dixon & Co., Boston, and sold by E. H. HUNT, 17 Central st.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLANTER,

in corn of Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Plasters, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is *warranted* to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

BUY YOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

OF

H. S. HAYNES,

WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Post Office.

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.

NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah, and for sale by

T. S. ANDREWS,

nov16 No. 3 Merrimack Square.

NOW is the time to buy your Books for winter reading. Call at E. S. HUNT'S,

oct31 17 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM.—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Erysipelas, Sunburn, Moth Patches, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Coarse Skin, and all Cutaneous Eruptions.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GUARD.—Fresh ground Graham Meal from white wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

SAML N. WOOD, 45 Market st.

nov9

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies of Lowell to a splendid article for preserving and whitening the Teeth. Sold by E. S. HUNT, No. 17 Central street.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, explained in a plain manner. Just published and may comprehend this art. Sold by

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or Gleanings from the Bible, and Some Say For A Understood, just published by Henry Hunt and for sale by

J. J. JUDKINS, 2 John st.

SHILLING SONG BOOK.

CONTAINING 176 of the most favorite National, Patriotic, Sentimental and Comic Songs of the day. Sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Centre st.

nov2

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

and the P rietors rel assured that they can undersell and execute work in a manner unsurpassed in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Business Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or flowers of every shade or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fancy colored cards, suitable for visiting cards, and will be happy to be put to such use.*

E. S. STONE,
H. HUNT, } Proprietors.

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

30 Central Street. 30

Solicits the attention of the ladies of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Which are now made and for sale at the most reasonable prices. nov15

LADIES' DRESS PURS,

to be found in the city, which I am selling for my retail trade, by all kinds of business, from the newest styles in the market. My call and examine my stock in trade, and I will be convinced that I am offering them at unexceptionable rates.

☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order. dec

dtf

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SELECTED assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street.

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of these little women, and EVERYBODY can afford one at the low price of some kind! In this machine, which is sold for $10, we have combined the qualities of any and all machines ever before invented. It is a perfect self-acting machine, over all the others on account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

17 Central street.

dec18

HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

AS the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension of some dealers to sell Books at any lower rates than they are sold by the regular trade, we would say that the following popular Books for Christmas and New Year's Gifts or children are now for sale at 17 Central street.

The Almond Stories, by Walter Aimsworth—some rich illustrations.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine edition of each, illustrated by Harvey Machinson.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine edition of each, illustrated by Harvey Machinson.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

The Casket Library, comprising four volumes.

The Gift Book, by Mrs. Ellis, and Wayside—Farmer's Son and Forest Boy.

Sold at 17 Central street, by E. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Musical Instruments. dec18

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM, a delicate and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Erysipelas, Sunburn, Moth Patches, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Coarse Skin, and all Cutaneous Eruptions. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts. nov9

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the throat and lungs. Singers and Speakers will find the troches useful in clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

SWEET'S TESTH! TESTH! TESTH!

ROBINSON'S ARMORIAL DENTAL SOAP preserves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

"A PENNY SAVED IS AS GOOD AS FOR-TUNE."

FOR sale at the Sewing Machine Store, 45 Merrimack street, a machine which will do more work and do it better than any machine now in use, and will be sold at a low price. Call and see it.

nov16 N. C. CARTER, Agent.

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and prominent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and such Illness. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, expelling the disorder in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the illness I ever saw. CHARLES A. SMITH,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism nearly 2 years, and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was completely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN C. AYRES,

23 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,

No 8 Ashburton Place, Roxbury, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured. MRS. ELIZA A. PERRY,

Pearl street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" as exactly relieved me, in a few hours, of one of the worst cases of neuralgia. I. HODGKINS,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a sufferer from Salt Rheum. His hands covered with sores and in constant pain; one bottle of your Compound cured him.

J. W. HAMMOND, 19 Milk Street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.

Proprietor Pearl st. House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

ANN C. THOMPSON,

Pearl st. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm. T. Glidden, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia or Rheumatism, and find it proved to be a very good benefit. ALBERT SMITH,

Ex-Member of Congress, from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that we have sold "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have, in a few cases known the bottle to fail to measure relief. We have full confidence in its healing qualities, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with these lacerating disorders, as one of the most reliable remedies ever offered to the public.

Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.

Wm. Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.

Gage, Chandler & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Boston.

Samuel White, Jr., City Hotel.

Wm. Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.

The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been taken by hundreds of people, for herculean Rumors, with great success.

Principal Depot, 97 Ellis Street, Boston.

Wholesale Agents: for New York, A. B. & D. SANDS, 37 Liberty street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States.

Price, $1.00 per bottle. Some genuine unless signed by the CHAS. F. GARDINER. Be sure and order to advertisement.

Sold in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. E. Kimball, S. Kidder, Jr., N. C. Carter, Agent, and by Benjamin Moore, 99 and 102 Merrimack street.

October 10, 1861. dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

New England Family

SEWING MACHINE.

A 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to get out of order than other machines which are more complicated in their construction. The machine is perfect, it performs as much as one, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with a few screws. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs as much work in one hour as any other machine will in two hours, and is so simple that it can be learned in one hour. It will do as much work as $125 machine, and will be sold for $10. Call and see it, at 17 Central street, and examine it before purchasing elsewhere. Machines sold on reasonable terms. Agents wanted in every town in the State. Address

A. T. PATTEE,

Lowell, Mass.

nov16

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect,

Selling quite low ☜

DEARDEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. sep16

W. H. DYAR

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—selling a good workman on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain, *Regilding and Repairing Plates for class* Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

RICH GOODS

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

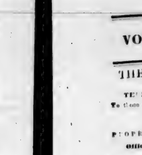
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CASTORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Table Cutlery of Gold Hand Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29



MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—selling a good workman on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain, *Regilding and Repairing Plates for class* Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

RICH GOODS

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CASTORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Table Cutlery of Gold Hand Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from Liverpool and Glasgow a large assortment of

China and Crockery Ware,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware for the country trade, at wholesale and retail trade. These goods are selected with great care, and will be sold regularly low, and prices the very lowest. Also, just arrived from Boston, a very large assortment of Castors, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to men tion.

Crockery and glass ware manufactured to order, and packed for any old stock, which was very large, making an assortment so large and varied that will suit the most fastidious and prices.

HOUSE KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete, and prices low, before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell my stock of goods in this city, and will not be undersold in this establishment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

Please call and examine my goods. You will be pleased to examine them, and you, and will *greater pleasure* to sell them to you.

I shall keep all the above things—but the best assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail. H. S. HAYNES' China and Crockery Store, 45 Merrimack Street, less than 50 rods from the Post Office.

dec27 H. S. HAYNES.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. T. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Dyar's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made from the best skins of the market, are retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting and most durable glove in use. Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, which are very soft, and warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

nov17 dtf

MARRIAGE AND ITS MISCELLANIES.

A new work by Rev. Edwin Hall, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical Chartered Institute, just received and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

nov16

FOR SALE.

A COTTER AND PATTING HOUSE—For terms apply to E. A. CLARK, at No. 9 over the Post Office, Lowell. feb26tf

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattjson's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This remedy has been used in Europe for a long time, and the price will be reformed.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, but with the least injury to health, as any one can see by a perusal of three different signed circulars, with full directions for using, and which are honestly said, to all parts of the world.

Pearl street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" as exactly relieved me, in a few hours, of one of the worst cases of neuralgia. I. HODGKINS,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a sufferer from Salt Rheum. His hands covered with sores and in constant pain; one bottle of your Compound cured him.

J. W. HAMMOND, 19 Milk Street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.

Proprietor Pearl st. House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

ANN C. THOMPSON,

Pearl st. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm. T. Glidden, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia or Rheumatism, and find it proved to be a very good benefit. ALBERT SMITH,

Ex-Member of Congress, from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that we have sold "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have, in a few cases known the bottle to fail to measure relief. We have full confidence in its healing qualities, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with these lacerating disorders, as one of the most reliable remedies ever offered to the public.

Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.

Wm. Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.

Gage, Chandler & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Boston.

Samuel White, Jr., City Hotel.

Wm. Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.

The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been taken by hundreds of people, for herculean Rumors, with great success.

Principal Depot, 97 Ellis Street, Boston.

Wholesale Agents: for New York, A. B. & D. SANDS, 37 Liberty street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States.

Price, $1.00 per bottle. Some genuine unless signed by the CHAS. F. GARDINER. Be sure and order to advertisement.

Sold in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. E. Kimball, S. Kidder, Jr., N. C. Carter, Agent, and by Benjamin Moore, 99 and 102 Merrimack street.

October 10, 1861. dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

New England Family

SEWING MACHINE.

A 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to get out of order than other machines which are more complicated in their construction. The machine is perfect, it performs as much as one, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with a few screws. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs as much work in one hour as any other machine will in two hours, and is so simple that it can be learned in one hour. It will do as much work as $125 machine, and will be sold for $10. Call and see it, at 17 Central street, and examine it before purchasing elsewhere. Machines sold on reasonable terms. Agents wanted in every town in the State. Address

A. T. PATTEE,

Lowell, Mass.

nov16

Curtain Fixtures,

On a New Principle,

NEAT, STRONG, AND SATISFACTORY,

in every respect,

Selling quite low ☜

DEARDEN'S

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, 80 MER IMACK STREET. sep16

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. T. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Dyar's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made from the best skins of the market, are retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting and most durable glove in use. Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, which are very soft, and warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

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FOR SALE.

A COTTER AND PATTING HOUSE—For terms apply to E. A. CLARK, at No. 9 over the Post Office, Lowell. feb26tf

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Cotton or Lumber Scales, No. 91 Friend Street, respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have been appointed Agents for the above celebrated Scales, and will warrant to be as accurate as any Scales in the market.

They would refer to the following certificates.

Having had occasion, Lowell, December 11, 1860, to examine and adjust Weights and Scales, manufactured by A. T. Nute & Co., I take pleasure in saying that they are accurate and reliable in every respect, and I can recommend them to all who may want a correct article. DANIEL CUSHING,

City Sealer.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious and only to you, that to every sensitive and intelligent people, that the Soothing Syrup is the only medicine to relieve the sufferings of their beloved, and in this connection we would say to Mothers, that we have the

OLD, RELIABLE

INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by the Nurses with remarkable success during several years' practice, we can safely say that it is the best article ever offered to the public for the relief of children suffering with pain in the bowels, wind colic, or griping in the stomach, sour curds, &c., &c. It will be found to correct acidity of the stomach, relieve vomiting, and will give rest to the mother, and health and comfort to the child.

For Children Teething

and at this period of infantile life when your sufferings are intense, and your little one is the image of your own, it will be found unmistakable in the happy relief it will afford. Remember, that

For Diseases attending Teething, such as Griping in the Bowels, Wind Colic, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind Colic, and Cold in the Head, we would say, that it is the only safe and sure remedy known. Prepared and sold only by DR. MOSS' MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Boston.

Sold by druggists generally.

☞ *This Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature in both sexes of MEN and WOMEN, a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his exclusive attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, all letters must be post paid, and address, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, medicines sent to patients from abroad without fear of a secret and *Patent Medicine* in general.

Beware of Imitations.

Office Hours—From 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Every day. Consultations free. Call and see us or write. Prepared and sold only at DR. MOSS' MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Boston.

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DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes pain is in the left side; the patient is unable to lie on the left side; sometimes pain a felt under the shoulder blade, it frequently extends to the top of the head, and sometimes mistaken for a pain in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, sometimes vomiting; the bowels are generally costive and sometimes relaxed; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold, or burning heat, or cold shivering over the whole body; there is often a sensation of a prickly sensation of the skin; the spirits are low; and although he is satisfied he ought to be cheerful, yet without an effort he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every one, and has the blues without any cause.

Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, in cases of Ague and Fever, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them A FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and South America, and by dealers in medicines everywhere.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the throat and lungs. Singers and Speakers will find the troches useful in clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

PRESTON'S

PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

ADMIRABLY adapted for the Growth, Preservation and Restoration of the Hair, Whiskers, Moustache, Eyebrows, &c. It is the most effectual remedy known for DISEASES OF THE SCALP, such as Itching, Scurfiness, Dandruff, Humors, Scaldhead, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Sores, Ulcers, Scrofula, Scorbutic Affections, Chronic Sore Eyes, Inflammation, Weakness, Baldness, Premature Decay, Loss of Hair, Grey Hair, &c. It is the most effectual remedy for COUGHS, COLD SWEATS, CROUP, SORE THROAT, PAIN AND TIGHTNESS OF THE CHEST, and all DISEASES OF THE LUNGS that Cod Liver Oil has, and is far more palatable.

Preston's Bromade,

A beautiful Cream, prepared from the pure Cocoa Nut Oil, and perfumed with the Bromade of Potash, recently discovered by the Scientific Professors of Paris, for the Growth, Preservation and Restoration of the Hair. Unlike other preparations, this Bromade of Potash is entirely free from the poisonous properties of combining it with pomatum, or to be followed by irritation, as others of a similar character. For Directions see Circulars. Sold by all respectable druggists.

CHAS. F. PRESTON & CO.,

Sole Agents, No. 36 Central Street, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. nov17 dlm

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

nov16 JOHN T. BILLINGS

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 27 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

ALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the late World's Fair in London, and which are pronounced by the most eminent of the above-named makers' Pianos, at home and abroad, to be the best instruments ever made, to be the best Pianos in the United States.

E. H.—Piano Tuners and Melodeons to let.

Lowell, June 1, 1860. jun1

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PIANO FORTES.

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PATENT COCOA BUTTER,

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CHAS. F. PRESTON & CO.,

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, March 2, 1861.

THE ISLAND OF HAYTI. While the work of revolution is going on in this country, the moving cause of which is the relations, morally and politically, of that portion of the African race now with us, to our present and future, it is natural to look about us, for the purpose of discovering what, if any, are the prospects for the future, of this unfortunate race of men. The change in the condition of the African transplanted from a land of barbarism to become a bearer of burdens for civilized and enlightened men, is so great that it forms at once a problem not so easily solved as to what the ultimate effect of this change is to have upon the race. Abstractly considered, the enslavement of these men is a heinous crime, but in the course of events ordered by a wise Providence, that which is in itself evil may result in good. Chartered in dark in darkness and oppressed as the African is under the plave system, by contact with civilization and by observation, he becomes slowly developed and elevated in a mental point of view to an extent oftentimes sufficient to make bondage an impossible thing with h m, and he needs only a friendly pointing of the finger to the north star to set him on the path to freedom; but in the free air he is in this country, forced to intitudes the rigor of whose climate is such as not to be endured by his nature, and the social element he meets is equally frigid, making him in fact, a homeless exile.

What, then, is there opening that offers a ray of hope for a "good time coming" for the benighted African? To our mind the Republic of Hayti, under the rule of Jeffr d, is opening a ray of refuge and a home where climate equality and physiologies for material and mental advancement beckon thither the free men of this race, and will ultim tely be the theatre for their development in all the distinguishing characteristics which they possess. With such persecution and in fact legal expulsion of all free blacks from the slave States, united with the social and legal ostracism they meet in the free States, it is useless for the sons of Africa to hope for the attainment in this country of a position or a development at all approximating to what it seems to be open for them in the fertile island now under the government of their self-emancipated brethren.

The importance of this little reality has hitherto failed to receive the attention it really merits and the extent of its transactions with this country are generally unknown. Our trade with Hayti exceeds that of all the South American States, except Brazil, and is yearly increasing. It also exceeds our transactions with several European states united, notwithstanding its present population is not a tithe of what it is capable of sustaining.

It has now a population of about 600,000, but is judged to be capable of sustaining 15,000 000, which when gathered upon it will make it one of the most productive and important of all the tropical states. It is admirably adapted to the production of sugar, cotton, rice, and every variety of tropical fruits. Its location is such that the centre of the cotton-raising belt, and may be made to produce that staple in quantity for the extensive supply of the manufactories of the world. This fact will attract attention at the present exciting moment when the eyes of the whole world are directed to the discovery of regions for the production of cotton to an extent to give relief from dependence upon the slave states.

The inducements offered by the government of that island for emigrants, "five currency of land as a free gift to each family of emigrants," will attract many to that country, and among them will be the men of skill and perseverance who always lead the van of emigration, which adds to the strength and increased importance to the country.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, a resolution was passed to allow Commodore Paulding to receive a sword of honor. The propositions from the Peace Conference were taken up when Mr. Crittenden said he was willing to sacrifice his own views for the good of the country, and would vote against his own and in favor of this proposition in hopes of a pacific settlement. A long discussion followed, Mr. Green of Missouri saying that the propositions were the merest twaddle. The House resolutions were made the order for to-day.

In the House, a bill passed fixing the value of the new silver florin of Austria at 49c 19-100. Mr. Lovejoy, of Illinois, moved to postpone the report of the Committee of Thirty three until the 4th of July. The Speaker ruled that the floor belonged to Mr. Corwin and the House sustained the Speaker. The proposition to admit New Mexico was laid on the table, 114 against 17. The bill for the rendition of fugitives passed, 92 against 82. The bill in regard to the rendering of fugitives from justice was rejected, 47 against 126. The Speaker asked leave to present the proceedings of the Peace Conference. It was objected to and a long discussion arose which continued into the evening session. Mr. Hughes of Maryland moved that South Carolina remains be brought before the House, as they had been absent since Dec. 20th. Mr. Stanton of Ohio hoped not, as the public business had not suffered the least debouch. The House refused to suspend the rules to take up the propositions of the Peace Conference. The Nevada and Dacotah Territorial bills were passed. After much squabbling the volunteer bill was taken up when John Cochrane opposed it.

WE wish to goodness the Washington letter-writers would cease manufacturing the exceedingly poor anecdotes which they attribute to Mr. Lincoln. People are getting tired of their pointless nonsense, and the President, if they go on, will lose his reputation as a good story-teller.

A YORK lady belonging to Jersey City, had her feet frozen a short time since while skating, and on her return home was ignorantly advised to place them in warm water, which resulted in mortification, and the loss of her feet, and eventually death ensued.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Virginia.* In the Convention yesterday, a resolution to submit the question to a vote of the people whether they will remain with the North or secede, was referred. The speeches made indicate that the peace propositions are acceptable to the Unionists, but not to the secessionists. The peace commissioners were invited to take seats in the convention as a substitute for the resolution inviting them to address that body.

North Carolina. The returns look as if the 1ar State was determined to *stick* to the Union. The following counties are reported for Union—Wake Co. 1200 majority; Rowan 400; Davidson 1200; Gilford 2000; Alamance, large majority; Orange, Johnson, Montgomery and Caswell, large majorities. For Secession—Brunswick, New Hanover, Wayne, Mecklenburg, Cabarras, Nash, Edgecombe, Lenoir, Duplin and Cravin, majorities unascertained, mostly large. The results for or against a convention are indefinite. Harrison county gave 460 votes for secession and 41 against. Five other counties are almost unanimous for secession.

Missouri. The Convention has not yet organized by the choice of Judge Gamble for President. A resolution was adopted requiring the delegates to the convention to submit to others thereof to take an oath to support the constitution of the United States and Missouri. A motion for secret sessions was almost unanimously defeated. A long discussion ensued on a motion to reconsider the vote requiring an oath.—Adjourned to meet at St. Louis on Monday.

Alabama. The Southern Congress was in secret session all day yesterday. Peter G. Bauregard was confirmed as Brigadier General of the provisional army.

Louisiana. Governor Moore says: "Let the people prepare their minds for a failure in the future permanent Southern Confederacy. No South Carolina is about to be saddled with Lincoln, and no secession except abolition, for which she has long struggled, and just withdrawn from the United States Government."

THE LAST SPEECH. But let me think somewhat of the future. Here will come to me another hour, which like the present, will be the last—the last being the last of all my earthly years. The clock will sound 12 forth from the church tower, when my failing ear can no longer hear it, and those only who are watching beside me round the couch will hear it. Two minutes will begin, one by one to depart. As they go, this heart which now beats strongly within me, will grow more feeble, until the last pulsation is given, and all is at rest. How long the time—for feeling now the old life is passing away, a new, better, nobler life is opening. Just as now it is pleasant to think that where this hour is gone, and the whole of the past year of this life is swallowed up in the past, there is a new year present, with all its opportunities for good, all its hours of communion with Christ, and days to labor in the vineyard of God, so after death there will be a better scene, an opening of prospects through which my soul may move in endless and immeasurable joy, serving God and enjoying him for ever and ever.

Saviour, in the shadows of the last hour, when my mortal life is ebbing away, give me thy presence, and when its end has come, receive my soul, clad in thy righteousness, and cleansed by thy Spirit, into the blessed land where years, days, and hours, shall all be forgotten, and nothing but joy or fell but the fulness of the pleasures of eternity.

Some of our exchanges are publishing an item to the effect that five hundred volunteers, distributed among as many "detectives," were in the galleries when the electoral vote for President were counted.—They were there ready for conspirators, if any made themselves visible. This is the last sensation item.

A CHILD was lately poisoned in Boston, "by sucking a common green concert ticket.

THE PROPOSED CHANGE IN THE LIQUOR LAW. In the House of Representatives, on Thursday, Mr. Bullock of Worcester, Chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary, made a somewhat lengthy report on the order of January 10th, to enquire into the expediency of providing for the inspection of liquors—simplifying the process of search and seizure—and increasing the penalty of violation of the law concerning liquors, recommending that the same be amended by striking out the 6th chapter of the General Laws, and substituting the following: "Any person or shall authorize any officer, executor, administrator or assignee, to sell any spirituous, intoxicating liquor otherwise than by public auction.

SEC. 2. The thirtieth, thirty first, thirty-fourth and thirty-seventh sections of the eighty sixth chapter of the General Statutes are hereby so amended that for the first violation the penalty shall be either fine or imprisonment therein severally specified, or both, in the discretion of the Court.

SEC. 3. The one hundred and sixty-eighth chapter of the Acts of eighteen hundred and sixty, entitled "An Act in relation to Single Liquor Agencies," is hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. If any town or city, or their agent, shall refuse or neglect to pay on demand, for the liquors ordered by them of the State Commissioners, pursuant to the eighty-sixth chapter of the General Statutes, such town or city shall be liable to the Commissioners for the full value of the bill purchase, with interest from the date thereof.

SEC. 5. The third section of the eighty-sixth chapter of the General Statutes is hereby so amended that all sales made by the Commissioner in less quantity than the original package shall be made at a price not exceeding an advance of one dollar and fifty per cent. upon the original cost, together with the cost of the analysis.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Bonney of Middlesex, moved to reconsider the vote whereby the bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Mutual Redemption was rejected. The motion went into the order of the day. The vote were in error, yesterday, in stating that Mr. Bonney spoke in favor of the amendment to the charter of Bank of Mutual Redemption: he did not take any part in the discussion.

The Personal Liberty Bill was taken up and discussed for some time, but finally on motion was laid on the table. No business of moment was transacted in the Senate.

In the House, no business of general interest was transacted. Report (leave to withdraw) on the petition of Chas. Henry and others, for incorporation as a Bank of Industry, in Lowell, was tabled on motion of Mr. Taylor of Chicopee.

A PERFECTLY successful trial of a new invention for heating railway carriages, with hot air, has been made between Paris and Montargis. By a most ingenious contrivance, a portion of the vade steam thrown off, after exhausting its motive power upon the engine, is introduced into a flexible tube, which passes throughout the train, and is so twisted that every passenger may place any degree of space one feels the adjustment of the heat. The benefits of the arrangement are thus distributed among all the various classes of travelers.

GEN. CASS has left Washington, and is now at his home in Detroit, Michigan.

A TERRIBLE boiler explosion occurred in the gun factory of the Whitney Arms Company, at New Haven, Ct., yesterday. The building was demolished, and about twenty persons were injured. Two men were blown completely across the street. None are believed to be fatally wounded.

"WELL, Sam, why am a cross baby like the *brazen yoke*?" "Is way dah; I gub em up." "Because it is a *yoker* (Auroa)

CITY AND VICINITY.

Senior Services.

The third quarterly meeting of the Lowell Sabbath School Union will be held at St. Paul's Church, Rand Street, to-morrow evening, March 3rd. Exercises to commence at half-past six o'clock. Addresses may be expected from Rev. Messrs. Allen, Jenkins, Thayer and Richardson. Singing by a choir of Sabbath School children under the direction of Mr. Currier.

REV. DR. PARKER, of Boston, will preach to-morrow evening in the Second Universalist Church, commencing at 7 o'clock. Subject—*Richmond the Archive of England*. Boston Bee.

REV. ALEXANDER CRUMMELL, of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will lecture in Huntington Hall, Cambridgeport, at 2 and 7½ o'clock, P. M.

There will on speaking in Wallis' Hall, to-morrow, at 10½ and 2½ o'clock.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence.
Constitution of the United States.
Washington's Farewell Address.
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850.
Missouri Compromise of 1820.
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law.
Fernando Wood's Proposition.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess them, and are published at the low price of 12½ cents per copy, or 10 copies for one dollar.

Orders addressed to the publishers will receive prompt attention to the wishes of the country.

PRICE IN CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

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ANOTHER CITIZEN ABOUT TO LEAVE. Mr. Thomas S. Bailey has been for sixteen years employed at the Lowell Machine Shop, much of the time as overseer and contractor, has accepted the post of superintendent and repair shops of the Nashua Manufacturing Company, and will leave for his new duties on Monday next. Mr. Shaw, during his residence in this city, has gathered about him a large number of friends, outside of business relations, who were attracted by his many social qualities and high moral principles. Those, however, who have only daily brought into contact with him in the business relations of life know how to prize his most, and could not part with him without something more than a mere shake of the hand, and a "good bye."

Acc rdingly, last evening, the overseers, contractors and a few others employed at the Machine Shop, to the number of about forty, had a social sit down at Fowle's Saloon. After those present had satisfied their appetites, the company were called to order by Capt. Abial Perry, and various parties were called upon for short speeches, toasts and sentiments. Messrs. C. F. Hall, J. F. Burgess, S. F. Gates, Jeremiah Clark, T. S. Shaw, Chas. French, A. R. Grant, W. D. Blanchard, M. D., and then, L. L. Perrin, John G. Wright, G. F. Scribner, J. E. Dorus and others, contributed to the pleasure of the company, in speeches or sentiments. Many a good story which contained many happy hits that were appreciated by those present.

The announcement that the bill to incorporate the Mechanics' Savings Bank had received the Governor's approval, was received with great satisfaction, and the opinion was expressed that the Machine Shop would have a word to say in the matter.

An hour was spent very pleasantly in the free exchange of sentiment, showing that the assembled mechanics were not only something else besides engines and pulleys, and thus although perhaps a little rough-looking when about their daily avocation, they have hearts open to the calls of sympathy and friendship for those around them. The press was properly recognized in the exercises of the evening. The time spent in this social gathering will long be remembered, not only by Mr. Shaw, in whose honor it was brought about, but by all participants.

OTTO CLUB. At a meeting of the Otto Club, held last evening, the following named persons (who also constitute the Executive Committee) were elected to office for the ensuing six months :—Peter Hagerty, President; P. F. Haggerty, Counselor; S. W. Foster, Librarian; Ben Walker, Secretary; Chas. Morrill, Treasurer. This Club maintains a high rank as a social society, and is, in every respect, worthy the liberal support and encouragement it receives from the public. Public rehearsals, for honorary members, continue to be given every Friday evening.

THE LECTURE ON THE FOURTH PAGE.—The lecture on the fourth page, by Capt. Pope, of the United States army, who was also a member of Mr. Lincoln's party, while traveling from Springfield to Washington, is extremely unusually entertaining. The telegraph last evening announced that Capt. Pope is to be court-martialed for speaking disrespectfully of Mr. Buchanan. We think the language may be disrespectful, coming from a captain in the Army, but it is complimentary, compared with some things that have been said of the President by "private." The lecture was reported for the the *Cincinnati Gazette*, from which we copy.

POLICE COURT. Saturday, March 2nd. Stephen Black, charged with keeping a liquor nuisance, was discharged.

John E. Brown, for larceny of a wash boiler, was sent to the House of Correction for three months.

John Shannon, common drunkard, and Edward Burke, truant, were defaulted.

George Campbell, for larceny of a sled, was discharged.

Samuel Ewing, for an assault, was found guilty, and case continued for two weeks.

THE FOURTH OF MARCH. There is to be a Fourth-of-March ball (Monday evening) at Chesley's new hall, the arrangements for which have already been completed. Ten of our good citizens have undertaken the management of the affair, and if the company that will assemble don't realize "the good time" that has so long been coming," they will better not hereafter look for it. The sale of tickets has been limited.

THE INAUGURATION SALUTES. Inauguration salutes will be fired on Monday next, at sunrise, noon, and sunset, from the South Common. Thirty-four guns will be fired at each time. The noon salute will approprite our citizens that "Honest Abe" is in command of the Ship of State, and that the "old public functionary" is only a private citizen.

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April 27, 1860. ap27 dly

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$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being three times the amount required by law to be invested in Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned. A component of the State.

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	Manufacturers', Augusta.
	Manufacturers', Manchester.
	Manufacturers', Nashua.
	Manufacturers', Lowell.
	Manufacturers', Lawrence.
	Manufacturers', Springfield.
	Manufacturers', Worcester.
	Manufacturers', Fall River.
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	Manufacturers', Middletown.
	Manufacturers', Meriden.
	Manufacturers', Waterbury.
	Manufacturers', Danbury.
	Manufacturers', Litchfield.
	Manufacturers', Bridgeport.
	Manufacturers', Norwalk.
	Manufacturers', Stamford.
	Manufacturers', Middletown.
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	Manufacturers', Waterbury.
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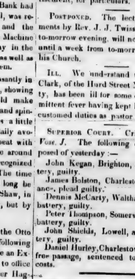
WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is based upon the fact that it has been generally acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the following points: Beauty of stitch, for home & domestic manufacture, and is justly the favorite with the ladies; Rapidity, Durability, and the many qualities of family sewing, as silk, linen, cotton, and woolen goods, from the finest muslin, gathering and all the ornamental work in which fancy can be displayed.

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE
Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among those who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low.

D. S. Richardson,	J. S. French,
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Machines sent out on trial, and on easy terms, at prices varying from Fifty to Three hundred and twenty dollars. Call and see them.

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VULCANIZED RUBBER.

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DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in 1851, and have since had a limited extensive and investigated the merits of the various modifications of Rubber, and have been led to prefer the Gum Base, and to use a gum-pressure application for the Upper Set, and a mineral base for the Lower Set, as the most natural and durable. Gum Teeth are also used in connection with Mineral Teeth, when the former are preferred. Those who have had Rubber Sets made by us, and have worn them for a year or more, are invited to call and examine them, as we are desirous of knowing how they have proved.

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CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

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In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Giddiness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Whites, Obstructions, Blues, &c., they take in a short time, the Nervous and Debilitated female to her former health and vigor. They never fail to effect a cure when all other means have failed.

TO FAIL WHEN THE NYTE DIRECTED, is impossible. Full and explicit directions, in the language of the country, accompany each box.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

Address JOHN DAVIS & CO.,
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BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR THE IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE OF CONSUMPTION, &c.

The use of one wafer gives relief, and two will convince the most incredulous that they are the most wonderful remedy ever discovered for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side, Breast and Lungs, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice. For sale by all Druggists.

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MAGNOLIA BALM:
A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
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This Elegant Preparation renders the skin so transparent and beautiful, that it is admired by all. It is purely vegetable, and strengthening; it softens and improves the skin, and imparts a delicate relief to the roses of beauty. Nothing pernicious enters into its composition. The contents of a bottle might be taken internally with perfect safety; *a single trial for a week, will cure the worst case of Ery sipelas.*

FOR MOTHERS AND NURSES
This Balm
To remove every Roughness of the Skin.
Use the Magnolia Balm
To make your Face clean and wholesome.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Before you have been exposed to the Sun.
Use the Magnolia Balm
For the Magnolia Balm
A few cents will purchase a bottle of priceless worth.
Use the Magnolia Balm
A few cents will purchase a bottle of priceless worth.
Use the Magnolia Balm
When any Roughness appears on the face.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you wish a delicate, pure complexion.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you wish a soft, white hand.
Use the Magnolia Balm
For the Magnolia Balm
Prevents the look with wonder upon its quaint power, for it has with wonder upon its quaint power, for it has
Magnolia Balm contains no material that can injure the most delicate skin. It is perfectly safe.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Use the Magnolia Balm
Use the Magnolia Balm

THE DAILY COURIER.

OUR NATIONAL

Fortifications and Defences.

A LECTURE.

BY CAPT. POPE, U. S. A.

Delivered before a Lyceum Club in Cincinnati, and copied from the Gazette of February 6th, 1861.

After pointing out the subordination of the Military to the civil arm of the Government, and the duty of every executive officer in this country to judge of the legality of orders given him by his superior, Capt. POPE considered the subject of the lecture as given below:—

REASONS FOR APPREHENSIBLE REBELLION.

First, "Has any State of this Union a constitutional right to secede," and second, "Have the seceding States sufficient such intolerable oppression from the General Government, that no honorable nor Christian man can take part with their oppressors." The settlement of these two questions decides the whole controversy so far as it concerns any Executive officer of this Government.

As I said in the beginning, I do not present these questions with any view of discussing them. I cannot realize that any man in this country, unbiassed by prejudice, interest, or disappointment, or fanaticism should for a moment doubt that the Union is to be stated by the Government in the event of a rebellion. With the modern school of statesmen or political quacks who seek infest the land, this right of peaceful secession was long ago, and it now becomes the duty of the people of this country to pass upon its legitimacy. I do not doubted that they will do so, and in such a manner that no subjecting of that stock will ever again arise to disturb the tranquillity.

Little examinations will be necessary to convince any candid man, and especially any army officer, whose reverence for the law and whose attachment to his flag would make him very reluctant to surrender any of the rights of his Government, that the right of secession has no legal existence, and is a revolutionary measure. As a revolutionary measure, it must be met, and can be treated, and self-preservation requires this we should exert it in the inevitable penalty of revolution. Every State in the Union is in relation to peaceably secede from the Union, and to go back to the Government the seals of a rapid and total dissolution. There are some things that civil war—and among them by far the most to be—the absolute destruction or disrespect for form is the natural sequel of such a war, is far from unreasonable assent to the right or practicability of peaceful secession. The executive of the Government, therefore, is bound to set forth by the seceding States themselves, even if they same as the authority of the subject, would lend any unprejudiced man to a still more rapid decision of the question of supposition. Suppose that a State has seceded, has not made any change of the kind and is ready to be received into the Union. Their sole complaint is of a few unfriendly acts of the States generally most remote from them, and which have not the right to apply to their integrity any unfriendly legislation. No one thought that any act seemed committed by the people of the States in the coming President, nor was such an apprehension made the supposing that the bold possession of the Supreme Court, and both houses of the General Congress. It is surely fairness at the hands of the people in the country, and no candid man can examine them on its genius as an exception without concurring himself, that no treaty to have no cause whatever that would justify revolution. For all the evidence of the seceding States are to-day as much lawless and unprincipled in point of law, and as much in the distance of and faith as it is also some unsurpassed in the history of nations.

CONDITION OF OUR MILITARY AFFAIRS.

In October, all the forts and arsenals in the country were in the hands of the United States General Government. A soldier, one that are beyond recovery, except by invasion and civil war. Let us see what was the condition of March and Dakota since, but fifteen regiments in all. Two of these, too, were recently garrisoned and supplied, are in vested by the troops of the Mormon States and hourly call for more soldiers and force at all.

No government on earth is the primary of its life, and at the smallest of power and prosperity, has ever been brought, without a few short months, actual to the dissolution.

NEITHER PEOPLE NOR OFFICERS—SIDE ARMS AND SAVE.

Notwithstanding the opinions of theorists and the predictions of partisan enthusiasts, I do not believe that the great mass of men in this country, unconnected with the relations of the army, unprejudiced by religious or political views will be found in the least averse to stand by their Government in the event of a rebellion.

It is agreed on all hands that the President is bound by his oath to enforce the laws, and that the only question to be considered is how from that obligation is a superior authority to the subordinate officer under his command is pledged to the same manner, and cannot shrink from the performance of any duty required by his legitimate commission. It is clear that to be a man and executive man must be held in his commission in the same manner, the duties and obligations which he is not prepared to fulfil. His oath is manifestly a violation of the United States, he received and will fail him by his own conscience, and in such circumstances have arisen since, and in such a manner that no subpoena of that stock will ever again arise to disturb the tranquillity.

Little examinations will be necessary to convince any candid man, and especially any army officer, whose reverence for the law and whose attachment to his flag would make him very reluctant to surrender any of the rights of his Government, that the right of secession has no legal existence, and is a revolutionary measure. As a revolutionary measure, it must be met, and can be treated, and self-preservation requires this we should exert it in the inevitable penalty of revolution. Every State in the Union is in relation to peaceably secede from the Union, and to go back to the Government the seals of a rapid and total dissolution. There are some things that civil war—and among them by far the most to be—the absolute destruction or disrespect for form is the natural sequel of such a war, is far from unreasonable assent to the right or practicability of peaceful secession. The executive of the Government, therefore, is bound to set forth by the seceding States themselves, even if they same as the authority of the subject, would lend any unprejudiced man to a still more rapid decision of the question of supposition. Suppose that a State has seceded, has not made any change of the kind and is ready to be received into the Union. Their sole complaint is of a few unfriendly acts of the States generally most remote from them, and which have not the right to apply to their integrity any unfriendly legislation. No one thought that any act seemed committed by the people of the States in the coming President, nor was such an apprehension made the supposing that the bold possession of the Supreme Court, and both houses of the General Congress. It is surely fairness at the hands of the people in the country, and no candid man can examine them on its genius as an exception without concurring himself, that no treaty to have no cause whatever that would justify revolution. For all the evidence of the seceding States are to-day as much lawless and unprincipled in point of law, and as much in the distance of and faith as it is also some unsurpassed in the history of nations.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, March 4, 1861.

INAUGURATION DAY. The day that has been looked forward to with so much interest by millions of the American people, has arrived, and to-day, for the sixteenth time in the history of our country, there is, we trust, to be a peaceful change of rulers. That success and prosperity may attend the administration of ABRAHAM LINCOLN cannot but be the wish of every true lover of his country. While we event prayers were addressed to the throne of Grace yesterday, that the new President might be firm, just and conciliatory in commencing the career as ruler of our land. A few hours longer, and the words which will give shape to his administration will be before the people of all parts of our country. We confidently believe that they will be the words of a patriot and a statesman; that they will give assurance of a determination to deal justly by all sections of our country for the good of the whole Union, over which he has been called to preside.

CONGRESS. There was a large amount of business done in Congress on Saturday. The Senate amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill, was taken up and concurred in. It was presented there by Senator Wilson, and annuls the present Butterfield & Co. mail route, which runs via El Paso, which now costs $600,000 for a semi-weekly letter service, but during the rental der of their contract time (three and a half years) gives them the Central Overland route, in lieu of the other. They are to carry it daily at $1,000,000 to Salt Lake twice a week, Denver and Salt Lake tri-weekly, and to run a pony express on weekly, carrying five pounds for the inconsiderable sum of $5 per pound, reducing the cost of letters by said express to one dollar per half ounce. If Butterfield & Co. fail to commence by the 25th of March, their present contract is to be abandoned, and the central route contract it to be let to the lowest bidder, not exceeding $1,000,000. The entire letter mail is to be carried through daily in twenty days and the contractor is to be charged with the privilege of sending the latter by steamer to twenty-five days, at contractor's expense; and the failure to reach in four months pay for damages for the change or return to the southern line of the central route. The bill, after debate, was concurred in exactly as it came from the Senate. So it is now a law. It relieves the mail service of one-third California from $4,437,000 to $1,000,000. Also, that the service is daily; concentrates the mail carrying to one line and abrogates the Butterfield contract without the cost of damages to one.

Mr. Dawes called up the report of the select committee, concluding with a resolution that the Secretary of the Navy, in accepting without delay the unconditional resignation of officers of the Navy who were in arms against the government, when tendering the same, and of those who neglected to resign that they might be relieved from the restraint imposed by the articles based upon existing anti-hostility to the constituted authorities of the nation, has committed a grave error; that it is subversive of the discipline of the service, and injurious to the honor and efficiency of the Navy for which he deserves censure of this House. Mr. Dawes moved the previous question. After some pretty sharp sparring, the resolution was adopted.

A resolution of thanks to Mr. Dole was presented to Speaker Pennington, soon after which the House adjourned to Monday morning, at 10 o'clock.

In the Senate, a large number of petitions, mostly against compromise, were presented by Messrs. King, Sumner and Wilkinson.

The special order, being the Pacific Railroad Despatch bill, was taken up, and Mr. Lane resumed his remarks yesterday against the propositions, and defended himself against the speech of Senator Johnson. He referred to the withdrawal of several of the States, and declared that Virginia would also go if nothing was done now, and the great Confederacy and also argued at some length in favor of the passage of the bill. Mr. Lane occupied three hours.—Mr. Johnson replied, saying he felt above the personalities which had been indulged in upon him by those favoring disunion. During the remarks of Mr. Lane he was personally applauded. He said the conservative men in the South had been overpowered and usurpation had triumphed. Disunion stars and stripes had been changed, and palmetto, pelicans and palmetto flags set up. He closed with an eloquent appeal for the flag of the Union, expressing his trust that it would ever wave over every foot of the free, and declaring that Tennessee would never remain inactive in the Union. When he concluded there was applause in the galleries. A few hisses followed, when the whole crowd were startled into most tumultuous applause, yelling and shouting, culminating in three cheers for the Union, Union, Union, the greatest excitement. The galleries were finally cleared.

The Committee of Conference on the Army bill reported, and it was agreed to and passed. The Pacific Railroad bill as Indian bill were agreed to. Mr. Crittenden's motion was disagreed to.

On motion of Mr. Douglas, the joint resolution from the House (reported by the Committee of Thirty-Three) and being of the city. They are to carry it daily at $1,000,000 to Salt Lake twice a week, Denver and Salt Lake tri-weekly, and to run a pony express on weekly, carrying five pounds for the inconsiderable sum of $5 per pound, reducing the cost of letters by said express to one dollar per half ounce. If Butterfield & Co. fail to commence by the 25th of March, their present contract is to be abandoned, and the central route contract it to be let to the lowest bidder, not exceeding $1,000,000. The entire letter mail is to be carried through daily in twenty days and the contractor is to be charged with the privilege of sending the latter by steamer to twenty-five days, at contractor's expense; and the failure to reach in four months pay for damages for the change or return to the southern line of the central route. The bill, after debate, was concurred in exactly as it came from the Senate. So it is now a law. It relieves the mail service of one-third California from $4,437,000 to $1,000,000. Also, that the service is daily; concentrates the mail carrying to one line and abrogates the Butterfield contract without the cost of damages to one.

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On motion of Mr. Douglas, the joint resolution from the House (reported by the Committee of Thirty-Three and signed by Mr. Corwin) was taken up, after a debate between that Senator and Mr. Mason relative to that resolution having precedence over the Peace propositions. A running debate ensued, in which several members took part.

Mr. Pugh then moved to amend by substituting the Crittenden Resolves.

Mr. Wilkinson said he was opposed to all compromises, and would not vote for any compromise or surrender of principle.

Mr. Hamlin moved an amendment to Mr. Pugh's amendment that no State should have a right to withdraw from the Union.

Mr. Chandler contended that the Union sentiments would eventually triumph in the South, and overthrow the very men now howling against the Union. He was willing to yield most anything to true Union men, but nothing to traitors.

Mr. Wigfall said it was strange that men should say they mean nothing personal in their wholesale charges of theft against a party. Unfortunately the North always sends men to make sectional issues on the Christian. He declared that the navigation of the Mississippi would never be impeded by the seceding States.

Mr. Rice said the people of the Northwest knew their rights too well to suppose that the navigation of their great river will be impeded by anything but ice.

Mr. Wigfall protested that Mr. Lincoln would leave the Chicago platform, and go for peace, that he would receive Commissioners from the South and withdraw the United States troops from the forts.

At 10 minutes to 12 o'clock, the Senate adjourned to 7 o'clock Sunday evening.

Sunday evening Session. Mr. Bright was in the chair; a large crowd upon the floor and also in the galleries. Mr. Sumner presented the memorial of 5000 citizens of Massachusetts against compromise, and said more were coming, signed by 37,000. Mr. Crittenden got the floor, and spoke upon the resolutions. The country is in danger and measures are proposed to save it, but we sit here doing nothing, presenting the aspect to the country of incompetency to devise measures for the safety of the country, and acknowledging to the world that we can do nothing. The question is not one of party—but of Union and country. He believed all that was necessary to settle this great mischief was to agree that in the sterile territory of New Mexico the state of things should remain as it is, and that she should be admitted as a State. This is all that is asked, because in respect to fugitives there is no difficulty. We have only to enforce the Constitution.—He asked if it is not worth something, more if we could not bring back seceding States, to preserve those that are not gone. This is an idea or dogma, not in the Constitution, but in the origin in the hearts and liar ideas of the people of a certain section to be an insuperable barrier to measure of policy, necessary to save the country. The proposition offered by him as a Senator of the United States was not a compromise from the North to the South, but a measure for the benefit of the whole. He would not offer a proposition to him that was unfair to either section.—Neither he nor his colleague nor his people would allow him to do so, yet Senators say to us have no compromise, let us have blood first. Remembered that the recent previous petitions from all parts of the country were evidence that the people of the free States were right and in favor of peace and reconciliation. We are one people, of the same blood, and one family, and must compose some family trouble. He was for Union first and foremost, and would say that Kentucky will stand by the Union unless necessity forces her out of it, with compulsory and direful drilling or under orders. Large army provisions, four and a half millions recently been purchased in Chicago, St Louis and Cincinnati, and sent to New Orleans and Mobile for distribution. The new postal arrangements were to go into effect on the 4th inst. A die for new stamps had been made, and old contractors had been discharged in the service of the Confederate States.

WASHINGTON ITEMS. Mr. Buchanan leaves Washington for Wheatland to-morrow.

Senators Wigfall and Hemphill will start for Montgomery to-morrow, to join Mr. Reagan and other members of the Southern Convention from Texas.

The Secretary of War has published an order dismissing Gen. Twiggs from the army for treachery to the flag of his country. Thirty-three army officers have resigned since the secession of South Carolina.

A *New York Herald* correspondent says—

I have positive information that the first act of the new administration will be to reinforce Fort Sumter, and send vessels of war for the collection of the revenue to the Gulf.

Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet was not fully agreed upon on Saturday.

Office seekers and party workers are in Washington in hosts, and every train increases the number.

The court martial of Capt. Pope has been postponed to the 11th.

Eighteen live American partridges sent by Mr. Cunard, to the English Society of Acclimatization, have arrived out safely, and are cared for by Lord Malmesbury.—The nobleman has also received sixteen prairie hens, which he expects will soon become naturalized, and one of these days afford "food for thought."

CITY AND VICINITY.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Resolutions Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy. The resistance and union is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of this country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

FIRE. This morning, about half past three o'clock, watchman T. J. Sanborn discovered fire in the hosiery and yarn store of Cyrus Fosier, No. 39 Merrimack Street. He gave the alarm and the fire department were soon out, and succeeded in saving the building, though it burned through into the shoe store of Daniel Sean, No. 41 Merrimack Street, and made a small hole in the floor of the Merchants' banking room. The building which is injured, probably not over $400; insured by the Merchant's Bank, which are insured for $1500 in the Lowell and Merchants' office of this city, and $2000 in the Mansfield, Springfield. Mr. Fisher's stock, consisting of hosiery, yarns, gloves and fancy goods, are badly injured by water and are greatly depreciated from their original value. Mr. Fisher states that his stock cost about $9,400, though he is unable to say what it is worth now. It is insured for quite large. He was insured for $3,000 by the New England Company, Hartford, and $2,000 by the Charter Oak Company of the same place. Mr. Fosier loss is also large. Probably $100 will cover it. He was not insured.

The fire caught in the centre of the store, and was first discovered by persons next from the door and about the same distance from the store. Had not the watchman turned back from his intended beat and discovered the fire when he did, it is possible that an extensive conflagration would have been the result. Much credit is given to the watchman, firemen and others for their efforts to confine the fire to its original starting point.

WHILE Ocean Hydrant was on its way to the fire, one of the members, John Gilgan, was thrown down, and his wheel of the carriage passed over one of his ankles, bruising it badly, though fortunately, not breaking it.

LOWELL SABBATH SCHOOL UNION. The third quarterly meeting of this Association was held at the Hurd Street Church last evening, the President, George J. Tarr, Esq. in the chair. The church was crowded to its utmost capacity, the aisles and passage-ways being filled with persons standing, and hundreds could not get into the church. The singing by the children connected with the different Sabbath Schools was under the direction of Mr. George F. Willey. The exercises commenced by singing the hymn from the Sabbath School hall, of which the following is the first verse:

> We love to sing together,
> Our hearts and voices one;
> To praise our heavenly Father,
> And his eternal Son.

The next exercise was reading of the Scriptures by Rev. Mr. Jenkins, followed by prayer by Rev. Dr. Patten, of Concord, N. H., who occupied the Hurd Street pulpit yesterday. The hymn from the Sabbath School Hall commencing

> "Hay Bible, will I live thee?
> Thine image shall be upon my way,
> Like the sweet flowers that around me lean
> Turning oftenest into day."

was next sung by the youthful choir.

Mr. Tarr then addressed the meeting, explaining the object of the meeting, which was intended to have had in Huntington Hall, the Mayor having kindly offered the free use of the hall for that purpose, but in consequence of the illness of the Rev. Mr. Cook, who was to have addressed the Union, the meeting had to be deferred for one week, but which had kindly volunteered their services. He hoped the time was not far distant when the Sabbath Union and Universalist Sabbath Schools would unite with this Union, and all the Protestant Sabbath Schools of the city be united in one band.

Rev. Mr. Alden was introduced. He was glad to see this audience which it might be said extended into the street.—The Sabbath Schools were a very prominent agency in a divine institution. Their utility had been demonstrated in times past, but there was no question now as to the need to the first Sabbath School organized by Robert Raikes, four and a half years ago, and the first established in this country but a few years ago. Those unions were useful. The object of the Sabbath School was to provide for the moral and religious education of our children. It was a godly system which recognizes man in his true position as a responsible being, which is quite large. He was insured for $3,000 by the New England Company, Hartford, and $2,000 by the Charter Oak Company of the same place. Mr. Fosier loss is also large. Probably $100 will cover it. He was not insured.

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For the Lowell Daily Courier.

ITEMS OF TOWN HISTORY.—No. 2.

MR. EDITOR: Perhaps it may be interesting to the younger portion of your readers, to understand the immediate cause of that sudden and early (though not unexpected) summons spoken of in the first number of these papers.—

The town of Boston was then in possession of a hostile British army, and under British martial law. Invasion was the plan, and conquest the object of the armies; and the ministry's delusive expectations of the success of their arms, to be crowned by the surrender of Boston to the British army, had strong reasons for the general alarm then existing. On the morning of the third day of March, 1775, five regiments of British troops left Boston, under command of Earl Percy, and marched out a few miles toward Concord, committing depredations in their course on the inhabitants of the land they went out of the common roads and traveled over fields of grain and gardens, threw down walls and fences, and other unwarrantable if not aggravating to the people, returned the same day to Boston.

The inhabitants of the surrounding country were under a state of alarm; many of the neighboring towns immediately armed and got equipped for a march. Twelve of the nearest towns chose committees to assemble in Lexington for the purpose of preparing a petition to the Provincial Congress, representing the matter to them, and desiring the Congress to remonstrate to the British general, Gage, upon it.

About eleven o'clock, on the evening of Tuesday, the 18th of April, 1775, one thousand of the best troops, very secretly embarked in a number of boats, and went up the Charles River from Boston, to Cambridge River and landed in Charlestown. In the meantime, they stopped every person that passed, so as to prevent any of them leaving the town, or by any ferry, from informing the people of Boston, that any way was found by which to get some men to alarm the country.

The men secretly appointed to alarm the people, when counter-marched from the river by stealth as early as the troops, and took their different routes; thus the inhabitants were soon notified of the intended sudden and secret attack, and about that it will touch a responding chord in the hearts of all our readers:—

> My country! 'tis of thee,
> Sweet land of liberty,
> Of thee I sing;
> Land where my fathers died,
> Land on the Pilgrims' pride,
> From every mountain side
> Let freedom ring.
>
> My native country! thee,
> Land of the noble free,
> Thy name I love;
> I love thy rocks and rills,
> Thy woods and templed hills;
> My heart with rapture thrills,
> Like that above.
>
> Let music swell the breeze,
> And all the trees
> Take up a strain;
> Sweet freedom's song;
> Let mortal tongues awake;
> Let all that breathe partake;
> Let rocks their silence break,
> The sound prolong.
>
> Our fathers' God! to thee
> Author of liberty,
> To thee we sing;
> Long may our land be bright
> With freedom's holy light,
> Protect us by thy might,
> Great God, our King!

The exercises closed with benediction by Rev. Mr. Patten.

SMASH UP. This forenoon, about half past eleven o'clock, as two young men were driving a horse and sleigh in Central, near the corner of Merrimack Street, it came in contact with a milk wagon, tipping the chaise over and breaking the shafts, but injuring neither of the occupants. The horse ran down Central Street, and was caught near the American House. The team belonged to George W. Norris.

THE ICE BREAKING UP AND FRESHET.—The ice in the Merrimack River has broken up and is now in a way down stream. Since Saturday night the water in the river has risen about two feet. Since the mill, stouted up this morning the water has risen six inches.

DEXT. Mr. Thomas G. Stoddard, engineer on the Salem and Lowell Railroad, drove the 2101 pr ze at the closing exhibition of the Glass Blowers, last Saturday evening. Mr. Stoddard is a deserving gentleman, and his friends would not have objected had the prize been gold instead of glass.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Roger Courney, for an assault upon officers, was fined $10 and costs.

George Lamarsale, for larceny, had his case postponed.

The attention of the Court is mostly occupied with civil business.

THE CONCERT to morrow evening bids fair to be in all respects successful. The class with which Mr. Willey appears this spring is, we believe, the largest, and embraces more talent, than any he has ever instructed in Lowell. Those who assist the class are persons well known as particularly skillful, and a musical treat is certainly in store for our citizens.

PROF. BANNING'S lecture on physical grace and beauty, and the prevention and cure of weaknesses and diseases of the spine, will be given before both ladies and gentlemen, at 8 P. M., to-morrow (Tuesday). Also before *ladies*, on female health, at 3 P. M. same day. Admittance free.

We learn that Prof. B. closes his season for consultation (at 86 Church Street) by the latter part of this week.

ANOTHER DIVIDEND. The Lowell Manufacturing Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent., payable on the 14th inst.

MASONIC HALL. There will be a grand masonic, civic and inauguration ball, at Groton Junction, this evening, 6th inst, when Boston, Worcester, and quite likely Lowell, will be represented on the floor of Union Hall. Col. Beals is to furnish the decorations, and the services of Brown's Band have been engaged for the occasion, which alone is sufficient to crowd the capacious hall. An invitation is extended to all good patriots and civil citizens. The last train for Groton leaves at 41 o'clock, which will be the one by which Lowell people should go if they design attending the ball.

REV. H. W. BEECHER says the prodigal son was a scripture case of secession. He commenced with arrogance and ended in a pigeon!

A GOOD COMPARISON.

[T The city, William Rollet, a well known Methodist clergyman, residing at Nantes, draws the following amusing but apt comparison between Dr. M Lone's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Penn., and a forest:

"A forest, when placed at the entrance of a menagerie, causes the spectator, standing in the passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his existence, and dares the animal's defiance exterminates his existence, and dares the animal's defiance to come out. Even so with Dr. M'Lane's *celebrated Vermifuge*. It destroys *Worms*, those dreadful and dangerous commencers of pain, and the consequent suffering, like the forest, enters the caverns of the mouth, throughout the entire system, and destroys the worm, lays hold of the worm, shakes him out of all the reptiles, swings clean there den, and carries their carcasses clear out of the system. Thus, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children."

Dr. Fleming, of Pittsburgh, Mr. John Bright, adopts the simile of the reverend cavalier, thus giving the in ut unqualified approval of the great aperitic pill by having witness it in operation upon their own children and in the animals.

[T Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROTHERS, of PITTSBURGH, Pa." All other Vermifuges in comparison are a cheat. DR M'LANE'S Vermifuge never injures, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had of all Druggists, and above of the Urinary or Anal Organs.

General Infirmary, Medical and Physical Depression.
Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia,
Intermittent and Remittent Fevers,
Confirmed Infirmities,
Chronic Diseases,
General Irritability,
Enstlessness and Disturbed Sensations at Night,
Absence of Muscular Efficiency,
Hypochondria,
Irregularities,
Constipation,
Loss of Appetite,
Disorganization or Laziness,
Or Diseases of the Digestive Organs.

And, in fact, all the concomitants of a disordered system of the Digestive Organs.

To insure the genuine, ask for

DR. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

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DR. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

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DR. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

DON'T TAKE NO OTHER.

CURES GUARANTEED.

See advertisements in another column.

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FLEMING BROS.

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It feels lighter,
It costs less money,
It costs less money,
It is more free from burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
No. 3 Prescott Block, CENTRAL AVENUE, And of our agent, J. HOWARD, at Boott mill yard.
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TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

C. B. Coburn, J. Bancroft, T. Nesmith, A. G. Hovey,
DIRECTORS:
S. P. Richardson, H. Hosford, Jr., Leon Abbott,
Isaac Flers, Jr., Benj. Perley, Jr., John H. Kettleg, Jonathan Tenney, George B. Barstow, Wm. Hutchinson, John G. Hopkinson,
Jonathan Tenney, President.
Benj. Perley, Jr., Vice President.
Leon Abbott, Secretary.
ROBERT AYER, General Agent.

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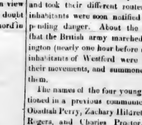
WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of the Machine is universally due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by the best judges wherever they are known. It has become a domestic institution, and is the favorite machine for family sewing, on all the finer qualities of family sewing, on all the finer qualities of family sewing, on all the finer qualities of

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they lean upon it, it pierces, not their arm, but their heart. * * * * I think the needle has killed more than the sword of war."—Harry Ward Beecher.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that they will always receive from these Machines the RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department as their manufacture. The Machine sold by us is WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to purchase machines with Sewing Machines making the Grover & Baker stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two spools, and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a find which allows the material to be turned as will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use any Sewing Machine which sew from two spools and make double stitch, unless the same are purchased of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licensees and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1860.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patents, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell the kind of Sewing Machine, and all others having thereon spool pin, and needle, and which do not, with accessibility wherever bound.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Summer street, Boston;
495 Broadway, New York;
Tremont street, Philadelphia;
Baltimore street, Baltimore;
West Fourth street, Cincinnati;
178 Lake street, Chicago.

730 North Fourth street, St. Louis;
91 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Agents for Lowell, LEURAS, CHASE & CO.

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New England Family SEWING MACHINE.

THE CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most unique and elastic Sewing Machine ever offered to the people of Lowell. It is the perfect lock stitch machine on account of its simplicity of construction, and the ease with which it can be set to work with the utmost facility. It may be used with a hand or foot power. It is not an experiment, as it performs its work in a thorough and perfect manner, and will last a life time. It is the only machine that will do the whole family work without feeders. It may be had on the following terms: $5 cash, and $5 per month, or $50 cash. It performs its work in a thorough manner, and is not liable to get out of order like many machines which have been sold in this city. The agent says that the machine weighs but 12½ and a half pounds, and can be exchanged for one of the largest size machines in the country

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, March 5, 1861.

The inaugural address of Mr. Lincoln, with the ceremonies of inducting him into office, will be found in our columns to-day. Probably no state paper of a similar nature has ever been so anxiously looked for by men of all parties in all sections of our country; and although much has been expected, we think honest, patriotic men everywhere can ask no more than has been brought it promulgated by Mr. Lincoln.—In it is true, straightforward, manly, positive; and there are but two clauses who can find in it cause for complaint: the determined disunionists of the North and the vehement disunionists (entirely from a different cause) at the South. No man, it seems to us, who loves his country, respects its laws, and would see them everywhere impartially enforced, will find in the position taken by the President cause for complaint. The spirit of the address is conciliatory, but from it those who set at naught the laws of the General Government of a given state to lead them to suppose they can continue in their "wicked ways" with impunity. The oath he has taken makes his duty plain, and from executing it through such instruments as are given into his hands, he will not hesitate. There are no indications of vacillation in his address; and if we see in it the spirit of a firm and determined man, who seeks "the greatest good for the greatest number." In this section, there is but one voice concerning Mr. Lincoln's inaugural; it is universally commended.

TOWN ELECTIONS. The annual town elections took place yesterday in the towns in this vicinity. We present the result below, as far as we have been able to get returns:—

Watford.—Leonard Luce, clerk; J. W. P. Abbott, Jacob Smith, Eli Tower, selectmen; Jacob Smith, Joseph Hildreth, Isaac L. Day, assessors; Edward Prescott, Eli Tower, C. L. Fletcher, overseers of the poor; S. T. Fletcher, treasurer; Z. Read, A. W. Cumnings, Daniel Flagg, appraisers of property at the poor farm; George T. Day, school committee for three years. All Republicans.

Dracut.—The following town officers were elected yesterday:—Hiram Johnson, clerk; George W. Coburn, Josiah Ames, Joseph B. V. Coburn, selectmen; Jesse Swan, treasurer; Levi F. Jones, school committee for three years. All Republicans.

Tyngsborough.—The following officers were chosen yesterday:—Clerk, Reuben S. Coburn; Selectmen, Reuben S. Coburn, Jr., L. Butterfield, Ebenezer Bancroft, Jr., Treasurer, John G. Upton. All Republicans.

Reading.—Town Clerk, Jonathan Baldwin; Selectmen, J. Brooks Leathe, James S. Campbell, Miles Parker; School Committee, Stillman E. Parker. All Republicans.

Concord.—Selectmen, E. W. Bull, B. N. Hendron, N. H. Warren. Assessors, Richard Barrett, John B. Moore, Samuel Staples.

Tewksbury.—The following were the officers elected:—Enoch Foster, Clerk; Leonard Huntress, Aaron Frost, Jr., Alvin Merhiah Selectmen, Assessors and Overseers of the Poor; Henry E. Prescott, Treasurer.

Billerica.—The officers elected yesterday were as follows:—Isaac Farley, Clerk and Treasurer; Joseph Dowse, Leander Crosby, Gardner Parker, Selectmen.

THE NEW SENATE. The new Senate convened in the Senate chamber yesterday to act upon the nominations of President Lincoln. By the withdrawal of Senators from South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas the number is reduced to fifty two, without including the Kansas Senators who have not been elected yet. The following are the changes:—

Arkansas—Charles B. Mitchell takes the place of Robert W. Johnson, both Democrats.

California—Not yet elected to succeed William M. Gwin, Democrat.

Indiana—Henry S. Lane, Republican, succeeds Graham N. Fitch, Democrat.

Kentucky—John C. Breckinridge, Democrat, vice John J. Crittenden, Union.

Missouri—Not one elected to succeed James S. Green, Democrat.

New York—Ira Harris, vice W. H. Seward, both Republicans.

Ohio—Salmon P. Chase, Republican, vice George E. Pugh, Democrat.

Oregon—George W. Nesmith, Douglas Democrat, vice Joseph Lane, secession Democrat.

Pennsylvania—Edgar Cowan, Republican, vice William Bigler, Democrat.

The Senate that assembles to-day will stand 29 Republicans, 20 Democrats, 3 Union men, and 2 vacancies, without Kansas or the seceded States.

INAUGURAL FESTIVAL AT WINDHAM. The Republicans of Windham, N. H., had a grand gathering at the town house last evening. Addresses were made by Hon. Jonathan Ladd and George Stevens, Esq., of this city, among others. After the speaking the company sat down to a beautifully spread table, provided by the Republican ladies of the town, and speeches, sentiments and toasts were the order of the evening. The money realized from the festive is to be sent to the sufferers in Kansas. Windham will give a good account of herself on Tuesday next, and help carry the Democracy, who are already *Sired* about.

AT Manchester, N. H., a few days ago, the steamer Fire King, which had been taken out for the purpose of practicing, threw a stream of water through a 1 (seven-eighths) inch nozzle 207 feet; through a 1¼ inch nozzle, 272 feet. The *Mirror* crows over this exploit and talks boastingly, and offers its castor to anybody that can produce any kind of a machine which will project a stream of that size as far.

HON. WARREN LOVEJOY, a prominent business man of Manchester, died in that city on Monday morning. He was postmaster of Manchester under President Polk, and died at the age of fifty-five years.

THE INAUGURATION OF MR. LINCOLN. The inauguration services by which ABRAHAM LINCOLN was yesterday made President, passed off without accident or jarring. Washington was crowded with strangers; the day was exceedingly favorable; the public buildings, schools, and places of business were closed; the American flag floated from the government buildings and in numerous places in the city; and American troops, mustered for the purpose of escort duty and to protect the city from apprehended scenes of violence. There was an unusual number of Northern men present, and the absence of Southern men was quite as noticeable.

The order of arrangements in the Senate chamber was as follows:—To the left of the Vice President were the Committee of Arrangements; immediately behind them the heads of the various departments of the government, Senators and members elect of the House of Representatives; officers of the army and navy, Governors of the States and Territories, Comptrollers, Auditors, Registers and Solicitors of the Treasury. To the right of the Vice President were the Judges of the Supreme Court, Senators, Diplomatic Corps, Ex-Governor of States, Assistant Secretaries of Departments, Assistant Postmaster General, Assistant Treasurer, Commissioners, Judges and Mayors of Georgetown and Washington.

At five minutes to twelve o'clock Vice President Breckinridge and Senator Foot, of the committee on arrangements, entered the Senate chamber, escorting the Vice President elect, Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, whom they conducted to a seat immediately to the left of the chair of the President of the Senate. Mr. Breckinridge made a brief farewell address to the Senate, and administered the oath of office to the Vice President Hannibal Hamlin. The new Senators were then sworn in.

When the Judges of the Supreme Court were announced, they entered in a body, the venerable Judges, headed by Chief Justice Taney, moved slowly to the seats assigned them immediately to the right of the Vice President. At 12 minutes past 1 o'clock, the President and Vice President elect were ushered in. The line of procession was then formed:—Marshal of the District of Columbia, Judges of Supreme Court and Sergeant-at-Arms, Senate Committee of Arrangements, President of the United States and President elect, Vice President, Secretary of the Senate, Senators, Diplomatic Corps, heads of Departments, Governors and others in the chamber. On reaching the platform, Senator Baker of Oregon introduced Mr. Lincoln to the assembly. Unfolding his manuscript, Mr. Lincoln, in a loud, clear voice read his message as follows:

Fellow Citizens of the United States

In compliance with a custom as old as the government itself, I appear before you to address you briefly, and to take in your presence the oath prescribed by the Constitution of the United States to be taken by the President before he enters on the execution of his office.

I do not consider it necessary at present for me to discuss those matters of administration about which there is no special anxiety or excitement. Apprehension seems to exist among the people of the Southern States that by the accession of a Republican administration their property and their peace and security are to be endangered. There has been any reasonable cause for such apprehension. Indeed, the most ample evidence to the contrary has all the while existed and been open to their inspection. It is found in nearly all the published speeches of him who now addresses you—in the plain declarations of the platform on which I declare that I have no purpose, directly or indirectly, to interfere with the institution of slavery in the States where it exists. I believe I have no lawful right to do so. I have no inclination to do so. Those who nominated me and elected me did so with full knowledge that I had made this and many similar declarations and had never recanted them. And more than this, they placed in the platform for my acceptance and as a law to themselves and to me, the clear and emphatic resolution which I now read:—

Resolved, That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the right of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively is essential to the balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depend, and we denounce the lawless invasion by an armed force of any State or Territory, no matter under what pretext, as the gravest of crimes.

I now reiterate these sentiments, and, in doing so, I only press upon the public attention the most conservative principle on which the case is susceptible, that the property, peace and security of no section are to be in anywise endangered by the now coming administration. Add to that, all the protection which may be given with the constitution and the laws can be given, they will be cheerfully given to all the States when lawfully demanded for whatever cause, as cheerfully to one section as to another.

There is much controversy about the delivering up of fugitives from service or labor. The clause I now read is as plainly written in the Constitution as any other of its provisions:

No person held to service or labor in one State under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall in consequence of any law or regulation therein be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

It is scarcely questioned that this provision was intended by those who made it for the reclaiming of what we call fugitive slaves, and the intention of the law-giver is the law. All the members of Congress swear their support to the whole Constitution—to this provision as much as to any other—to every provision there that slaves, whose cases come within the terms of this clause, shall be delivered up, their oaths are unanimous. Now, if they would make the effort in good temper, could they not, with nearly equal unanimity, frame and pass a law by means of which to keep good that unanimous oath? There is some difference of opinion whether this clause should be enforced by National or by State authority, but surely that difference is not a very material one. If the slave is to be surrendered it can be as well done upon demand by the officer of the United States, as the law may direct, as by that of the State officer. Shall fugitives from labor be surrendered by National or by State authority? The Constitution does not expressly say. May Congress protect slavery in the Territories? The Constitution does not expressly say.

From questions of this class spring all our Constitutional controversies, and we divide upon them into majorities and minorities. If the minority will not acquiesce, the majority must, or the government must cease. There is no other alternative for continuing the government but acquiescence on one side or the other.

I take the official oath to-day with no mental reservations and with no purpose to construe the Constitution or laws by any hypercritical rules, and while I do not choose now to specify particular acts of Congress as proper to be enforced, I do suggest that it will be much safer for all, both in official and private stations, to conform to and abide by all those acts which stand unrepealed than to violate any of them, trusting to find impunity in having them held to be unconstitutional.

It is seventy-two years since the first inauguration of a President under our National Constitution. During that period fifteen different and greatly distinguished citizens have in succession administered the executive branch of the government. They have conducted it through many perils, and generally with great success. Yet, with all this scope for precedent, I now enter upon the same task, for the brief constitutional term of four years, under great and peculiar difficulty. A disruption of the Federal Union, heretofore only menaced, is now formally attempted.

I hold that in contemplation of universal law and of the Constitution, the Union of these States is perpetual. Perpetuity is implied if not expressed in the fundamental law of all national governments. It is safe to assert that no government proper ever had a provision in its organic law for its own termination.

Continue to execute all the express provisions of our National Constitution, and the Union will endure, forever, it being impossible to destroy it except by some action not provided for in the instrument itself.

Again, if the United States be not a Government proper, but an association of States in the nature of a contract merely, can it, as a contract, be peacefully unmade by less than all the parties who made it? One party to a contract may violate or break it, so to speak; but does it not require all to lawfully rescind it? Descend from these general principles and find the proposition that in legal contemplation the Union is perpetual, confirmed by the history of the Union itself. The Union is much older than the Constitution. It was formed, in fact, by the Articles of Association in 1774. It was matured and continued by the declaration of independence in 1776. It was further matured and the faith of all the, then, thirteen States expressly plighted and engaged that it should be perpetual by the articles of confederation in 1778 and finally in 1787. One of the declared objects for entering into that solemn league of the Constitution was to form a more perfect Union. But if destruction of the Union by one or by a part only of the States be lawfully possible, the Union is less perfect than before the Constitution, having lost the vital element of perpetuity.

It follows from these views that no State upon its own mere motion can lawfully get out of the Union—that resolves and ordinances to that effect are legally void, and that acts of violence within any State or States against the authority of the United States, are insurrectionary or revolutionary, according to circumstances.

I therefore consider that in view of the Constitution and laws, the Union is unbroken, and to the extent of my ability I shall take care as the Constitution itself expressly enjoines upon me, that the laws of the Union be faithfully executed in all the States. Doing this I deem to be only a simple duty on my part, and I shall perform it so far as practicable, unless my rightful masters, the American people, shall withhold the requisition, or in some authoritative manner direct the contrary. I trust this will not be regarded as a menace, but only as the declared purpose of the Union, that it will constitutionally defend and maintain itself. In doing this there needs to be no bloodshed or violence, and there shall be none unless it be forced upon the National authority. The power confided to me will be used to hold, occupy and possess the property and places belonging to the government, and collect the duties and imposts; but beyond what may be necessary for these objects, there will be no invasion, no using of force against or among the people anywhere.

Where hostility to the United States in any interior locality shall be so great and so universal as to prevent the competent resident citizens from holding the federal offices, there will be no attempt to force obnoxious strangers among people that object. While the strict letter of this right may exist for the government to enforce the exercise of these offices, the attempt to do so would be so irritating, and so nearly impracticable withal that I deem it better to forego for the time the use of such offices. The mails, unless repelled, will continue to be furnished in all parts of the Union so far as possible. The people everywhere shall have the same undisturbed right of choosing electors and of voting as they shall think fit, and duly constitutional changes accepted and executed thereby, shall not be obstructed or unfavorably controlled by any power on earth.

That there are persons in one section or another who seek to destroy the Union at all events, and are glad of any pretext to do it, I will neither affirm or deny, but if there shall be such, I desire to address a few words to them. To those, however, who really love the Union may I not speak?—Before entering upon so grave a matter as the destruction of our National fabric, with all its benefits, its memories and its hopes, would it not be well to ascertain precisely why we do it? Will you hazard so desperate a step while there is any possibility that any portion of the ills you fly from have no real existence? Will you, while the certain ills you fly to are great—true that the real ones you fly from? Will you risk the commission of so fearful a mistake?

All cannot be content in the Union if all Constitutional rights can be maintained. Is it true, then, that any right plainly written in the Constitution has been denied? I think not. Happily the human mind is so constituted that no party can reach the audacity of doing this. Think if you can, of a single instance in which a plainly written provision of the Constitution has ever been denied.

If by the mere force of numbers a majority should deprive a minority of any clearly written Constitutional right, it might in a moral point of view justify revolution; it certainly would, if such rights were a vital one. But such is not the case; all the vital rights of minorities and of individuals are so plainly assured to them by affirmations and negatives, guaranties and prohibitions in the Constitution, that controversies never arise concerning them.—But no organic law can ever be framed with a provision specifically applicable to every question which may occur in practical administration; no foresight can anticipate, nor any document of reasonable length contain express provisions for all possible questions.

Shall fugitives from labor be surrendered by National or by State authority? The Constitution does not expressly say.—May Congress prohibit slavery in the Territories? The Constitution does not expressly say.

From questions of this class spring all our Constitutional controversies, and we divide upon them into majorities and minorities. If the minority will not acquiesce, the majority must, or the government must cease. There is no other alternative for continuing the government, but acquiescence on one side or the other.

It is a minority in such a case will secede, rather than acquiesce, they make a precedent which in turn will divide and ruin them, for a minority of their own will secede from them whenever a majority refuses to be controlled by such minority.

For instance, why may not any portion of a new confederacy a year or two hence arbitrarily secede again, precisely as a portion of the present Union now claims to secede from it? All who cherish disunion sentiments are now being educated to the exact temper of doing this. Is there not such perfect identity of interests among the States to compose a new Union, as to produce harmony only, and prevent removal secession? Plainly the central idea of secession is the essence of anarchy.

A majority held in restraint by Constitutional checks and limitations, and always changing easily with the deliberate changes of popular opinion and sentiment, is the only true sovereign of a free people. Whoever rejects it does of necessity fly to anarchy or to despotism. Unanimity is impossible. The rule of a minority, as a permanent arrangement, is wholly inadmissible; so that rejecting the majority principle, anarchy or despotism in some form is all that is left.

I do not forget the position assumed by some, that constitutional questions are to be decided by the Supreme Court, nor do I deny that such decisions must be binding in any case upon the parties to a suit, as to the object of that suit, while they are also entitled to very high respect and consideration in all parallel cases by all other departments of the government—and while it is obviously possible that such decision may be erroneous in any given case, still the evil effect following it being limited to that particular case, with the chance that it may become a precedent for other cases, can better be borne than could the evils of a different practice.

At the same time, the candid citizen must confess that if the policy of the government upon vital questions affecting the whole people is to be irrevocably fixed by the decisions of the Supreme Court, the instant they are made in ordinary litigation between parties in personal actions, the people will have ceased to be their own rulers, having to that extent practically resigned their government into the hands of that eminent tribunal. Nor is there in this view any assault upon the Court or the judges. It is a duty from which they may not shrink, to decide cases properly brought before them, and it is no fault of theirs if others seek to turn their decisions to political purposes.

One section of our country believes slavery is right and ought to be extended, while the other believes it is wrong, and ought not to be extended. This is the only substantial dispute. The fugitive clause of the Constitution and the law for the suppression of the foreign slave trade, are each as well enforced perhaps, as any laws can ever be in a community where the moral sense of the people imperfectly supports the law itself. The great body of the people abide by the dry, legal obligation in both cases, and a few break over in each. This, I think, cannot be perfectly cured, and it would be worse in both cases after the separation of the two great parts of the people. The foreign slave trade, now imperfectly suppressed, would be utterly revived without restriction. In fact, one

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LAWSON'S INFALLIBLE NERVOUS CURATIVE,

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NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

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Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He has, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD of W. Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Toe & Face. Neck and spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of either symptoms have since passed.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a six-foot attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 18 9. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Chelsea

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

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His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a fiful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago last January.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia after twelve years, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

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Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1857—a strong case. Now, and always has been, in the best of health.

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His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the whole nerve, of two and a half years standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.

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Cured of Chilblains and Frosted Feet after many years of sore affliction. Two years ago. No return of either symptoms. Himself and family cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

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Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

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His wife cured of in-ve suffering from Neuralgia, after four years' suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH TROW, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H. Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

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Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

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A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since done so.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Cedar Co., Illinois

Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle over two years ago, no return of pain.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship Ambia,

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

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Cured of Neuralgia of the brain, and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralyzed in both legs 4 years. October, 1858, given up by his physicians that he could never get better, and is now as well as ever.

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Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

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Cured of Neuralgic pains in both feet, in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications

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Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas and Neuralgia, after suffering with the most excruciating pain for three months without relief.

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Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.

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Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; was cured of Neuralgia and found no relief; was entirely by using one bottle of the Nervous Curative; now enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.

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Was cured of one year of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and has family out of Toothache in all of them.

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Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

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Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after long suffering, and by using three bottles was entirely free from pain. Is already more than one man who is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.

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This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. Its Proprietor recommends to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Liver Spots, Blotches, Low Spirits, &c.

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IT STIMULATES, REGULATES, INVIGORATES but never WITHOUT INTOXICATING EFFECT.

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It will immediately revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak and nervous to perfect health and vigor.

Persons who, from the intoxicating use of liquors, have become subject to Nervousness, Hysterics, sickness, constitutions broken down, and all the evils attendant upon intemperance, will find the Darius Thomas, will, almost immediately, be relieved by the use of the Invigorating Spirit of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

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Does—One wine glass full as often as one or six.

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One dose will cure Nervousness.
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One dose will cure Low Spirits.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.

One dose will remove the most distressing Headache in half an hour.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with Kidney Complaints will receive speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

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Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, find themselves, on getting up, languid, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, dizziness, &c., will find one dose only will remove all bad feelings.

Persons who, from bad constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them invigorate, build up and remove all obstructions and irregularities, and make them healthy and vigorous by the use of a correct face.

Each bottle contains six wine glasses, and is labeled with the testimonials of a few of the most remarkable cures that have been effected by the use of this medicine.

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Persons who are seriously afflicted with Kidney Complaints will receive speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, find themselves, on getting up, languid, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, dizziness, &c., will find one dose only will remove all bad feelings.

Persons who, from bad constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them invigorate, build up and remove all obstructions and irregularities, and make them healthy and vigorous by the use of a correct face.

Each bottle contains six wine glasses, and is labeled with the testimonials of a few of the most remarkable cures that have been effected by the use of this medicine.

Prepared only by Dr. DARIUS HAM, Manufacturing Chemist, No. 2 Central Wharf, Boston, Mass.

For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

Price 75 cents per bottle, or 6 bottles for $4 00.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, &c., may be had gratis of Druggists.

Agents wanted in every town in the United States, to whom a liberal discount will be given.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 1, 1861. 6m

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS

BUTTER COOLERS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
FINGER RINGS, PENCILS, RESERVE BUTTONS,
DESSERT SILVER, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, &c.
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—will be sold low.

HAIR-WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured to order.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Store No. 3 Merrimack Square.

dec1 6m

TO WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL KING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the country are using the *Steel King, Solid Packing Burring Machine* and their Feed Rollers, and the *Mestizo Burring Picker*, which are the most perfect machines for the purpose ever offered to the public, and are for protection of wool and durability. The four machines above named, with the Mestizo and Mungo Picker, is a new plan of teeth, are recommended in your attention, and are warranted to do as much work as any four last as are those machined to first cleaners. Those are the

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability they are unsurpassed. The Mestizo Picker has all the advantages of the old Mestizo, and is also very durable. Those machines are manufactured by the subscriber

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, March 6, 1861.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S CABINET. The Cabinet of Mr. Lincoln was yesterday announced to the Senate, as we have elsewhere recorded. Some of the gentlemen who have been selected for this important position are known to all who have taken a proper interest in the political affairs of this country; some have been comparatively little in public life; all, however, are able men, and are well entitled to the confidence of the Republican party. The following hastily-prepared sketches of the several members of the Cabinet, we commend to revive in the memory of some of our readers their personal history.

William H. Seward, Secretary of State, was born in Florida, Orange Co., N. Y., May 16th, 1801. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1822. In 1830 he was elected to the State Senate for four years. In 1834 he was the Whig candidate for Governor, but failed of an election. In 1838 he was again a candidate for Governor, and was elected, and re-elected in 1840. In 1843 he retired to private life where he remained until 1849, when he was elected to the United States Senate. He was re-elected in 1855, and his second term expired on Monday. He was the most prominent candidate before the Chicago Convention in May last, against Mr. Lincoln, leading largely on the two first ballots. Mr. Seward is a man of untiring perseverance, and brings to the important position he is called upon to fill, an experience in matters pertaining to the States-man that will doubtless enable him to perform its duties in a manner honor to himself and credit to his country.

Salmon P. Chase, of Ohio, Secretary of the Treasury, was born in Cornish, N. H., January 13th, 1808. His father died when he was ten years of age, shortly after which he was sent to Ohio, to be educated under the care of his uncle, Bishop Chase. He graduated at Dartmouth College in 1826, and studied law in the office of William Wirt, at Washington. Admitted to the Ohio bar in 1830, he soon took a high rank, but did not hold any official position until he was elected to the United States Senate, in 1849. At the expiration of his term he was succeeded by George E. Pugh. Mr. Chase was elected Governor of Ohio in 1855 and 1857, by the Republican party. He had been re-elected to the Senate for six years, commencing Monday, but declines that office to assume the care of the Treasury, at a time when it requires much ability to perform its duties. He was also a candidate for President in the Chicago Convention receiving the third highest vote on the second ballot.

Simon Cameron, of Pennsylvania, Secretary of War, was born in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, in 1799. He was educated while laboring in printing offices at Harrisburg and Washington City. When 22 years of age began publishing and edited a Democratic paper at Harrisburg, having previously had charge of a paper at Doylestown. He was also cashier of a bank at Middletown, president of two railroad companies, and Adjutant General of Pennsylvania. He was a Senator in Congress from 1845 to 1849, and again from 1857 to the present time. He has served on the Committee on Finance and Printing. He was also a prominent candidate for the Chicago nomination, but his name was withdrawn in favor of Mr. Lincoln.

Gideon Welles of Connecticut, Secretary of the Navy, was born, we believe, in Suffield, in that State, which has furnished more Cabinet officers than any other town in the country, it having been the birth place of four Postmaster Generals, and one Secretary of the Navy, previous to Mr. Welles. Mr. Welles who is not far from sixty-five years old, was a friend of the Jackson school, and held several offices of responsibility, and was considered one of the leaders of that party until the organization of the Republican party, when he joined that He was the Republican candidate for Governor of Connecticut in 1856 but received only about 6,000 votes, a large majority of the Republicans voting for Minor, the American candidate, who was elected. When Mr. Lincoln visited this part of the country, a year since, he was the guest of Mr. Welles at his home in Hartford, and a friendship was then formed which has resulted in placing the latter in the Cabinet.

Montgomery Blair, of Maryland, Postmaster General, is a son of Hon. Francis P. Blair, formerly for a long time of the *Washington Globe*, and one of Jackson's honest friends. He is also a brother of Hon. Francis P. Blair, jr., Representative elect from the St. Louis district. Mr. Blair is a lawyer, and has not previous to this time been in public life. He is one of the few men of Maryland who fearlessly at its commencement, cast his fortunes with the Republican party. He must be not far from forty years of age, and is therefore the junior member of the Cabinet by several years.

Caleb B. Smith, of Indiana, Secretary of the Interior, is a native of Ohio, born in 1808. In 1814 his parents removed to Ohio, where he was educated at the Cincinnati College and Miami University. He adopted the profession of the law, and removed to Indiana, where in 1830 he established and edited the *Indiana Sentinel*, a Whig paper. He was elected to the Legislature in 1833 and the three succeeding years, during the last of which he officiated as Speaker. In 1847 and 1848 he was a member of the Board of Fund Commissioners, and he was a Representative in Congress from Indiana from 1843 to 1849. He was also a Presidential elector in 1840 and a candidate in 1856; and after leaving Congress in 1849 was appointed by President Taylor one of the members of the Board for Investigating the claims of American citizens against Mexico.

Edward Bates, of Missouri, Attorney General, was born in Goochland County, Virginia, September 12th 1793. Like the President, he is of Quaker descent. At an early age he emigrated to Missouri, and soon after commenced the practice of law. He was a member of the Territorial and State legislatures for several years, and represented the State in Congress from 1826 to 1827, since which time he took no part in public life, exclusively devoting himself to his profession, and rearing a large family of children of which he has seventeen. He presided over the Harbor and River Convention at Chicago, in 1847, and in that position won the admiration of all for his brilliant powers and dignified manners. He dec ned the offer of a seat in Mr. Fillmore's Cabinet. He was like Messrs. Seward, Chase and Cameron, his cabinet associates, a candidate for President before the Chicago Convention, but his friends early turned their influence for Mr. Lincoln.

FORT SUMTER. Some one who pretends to understand the position of affairs, and the purposes of Major Anderson at Fort Sumter, gives to the newspaper press the following information respecting that point, to which so many eyes have for the past few months been directed. How much of it is speculation, the intelligent reader must be his own judge.—

Fort Sumter, on Cummings Point, Morris Island, being now considered impregnable, although distant only three quarters of a mile, and Fort Johnson being also in such a position that he cannot effect much there, he will be forced to allow them to fire away at his weak (land) side, where the walls are only *four feet* thick, while he will have the guns of the other side of the pentagon against Fort Moultrie, and will destroy all the houses on Sullivan's Island.— This side will stand an assault for weeks, as the walls looking seaward are *twelve feet* thick. The slaughter on Sullivan's Island will be fearful, with his terrible Columbiads pointing there, and the men at the four lower Forts (from Moultrie) will be fearfully cut up. Damages by day will be repaired by night. As a *defensive work*, if reinforcements do not come, he will point the long range Columbiads at Charleston, and shell the city. The blockade will be will bring about a truce, and a capitulation of some kind will be entered into, which will result either in an honorable withdrawing or a more terrible commencement than when the ships will be engaged. But, adds my informant, Major Anderson will never surrender that Fort except upon the most explicit instructions. Rather than do this, *he himself will fire the mast which will send it eternally homeward and carry one of his companions.*

I judge, from all I can elicit through diligent inquiry, that by the 4th of March there will be in Charleston and the points that protect the city, full ten thousand men, and over one hundred pieces of the most approved kind of ordnance. I really am at a loss to know why they are concentrating so many troops at the islands—5,000 men would surely not required to man seventy guns, the present number—but volunteers pour in, and as they come they are sent down, while every day you meet with heavy baggage-wagons, loaded down with stores for the Quartermaster's Department. Castle Pinckney will shortly have a 13inch gun with the iron plated floating battery, to rest in reserve.

THE PRESIDENT'S CABINET. The names of the persons selected by Mr. Lincoln for his Cabinet officers were sent to the Senate yesterday. After the usual formalities the Private Secretary of the President appeared with a message, when the following gentlemen were confirmed as Mr. Lincoln's cabinet:—

For Secretary of State—William H. Seward of New York.

For Secretary of the Treasury—Salmon P. Chase of Ohio.

For Secretary of War—Simon Cameron of Pennsylvania.

For Secretary of the Navy—Gideon Welles of Connecticut.

For Postmaster-General—Montgomery Blair of Maryland.

For Secretary of the Interior—Caleb B. Smith of Indiana.

For Attorney General—Edward Bates of Missouri.

Four or five votes were cast against Messrs. Blair and Bates, some of the Senators being unwilling that any one from the same State should be a member of Mr. Lincoln's cabinet. The other members of the cabinet were unanimously confirmed. A large crowd was around the doors, awaiting the result.

AN INDUSTRIOUS OLD LADY. One of our subscribers boasts of the smartness of an old lady of his acquaintance in Wilton, N. H. Her name is Mrs. ——— Steele, and she is a relative of the ex-Governor of New Hampshire of the same name. She is eighty-three years old. The past winter she has knit twenty-two pairs of ladies' over-socks, half-a-dozen pairs of men's socks, and several pairs of gloves, besides doing much housework in the family where she resides. This he calls a good winter's work for an old lady, and we certainly shall not controvert the statement of our subscriber. It would be a good winter's work for a young lady nowadays.

LEGISLATIVE. The principal matter before the Senate yesterday was the Personal Liberty Bill, which was discussed at length by Mr. Bonney, of this County. His remarks were quite lengthy and able; but as we have not space for them to-day; we may give such portions of them as appeared in the Boston papers this morning in our next issue. Without coming to any decision in relation to the bill which was being discussed the Senate adjourned.

The House business in the House was not important.

The inaugural address of President Lincoln meets with the most hearty approval of all the Republican papers that we have seen to-day. The opposition prints, in many instances, see fit to speak in its praise. The Union men, as a general thing, think Mr. Lincoln has done well, and believe that their cause will be improved by it in the slave States.

CREMMFORD. The following town officers were elected last Monday:—E. F. Webster, clerk; J. R. Fletcher, Christopher Roby, E. Shaw, selectmen and assessors; Asa Holgman, Edwin H. Warren, Charles Swett, overseers of the poor; Jos. Manning, treasurer: Zeba Gay, jr., school committee for three years.

The Democrats elected no shores, says the *New Bedford Mercury*, are now discounting liberally, providing sustenance for hundreds of clamorous laborers, the surplus returns finding ready sale in the market.

THE most vulgar brawler in the United States Senate, is Chandler, of Michigan—a mouthing ignoramus, uncouth and disgusting.—*Boston Post.*

"Jod!" Where's Joe Lane!

FROM THE SOUTH. *Arkansas.* The State convention has elected Union officers.

North Carolina. Thus far the delegates to the State convention stand sixty-two Unionists to thirty-three Secessionists.—There are of course differences of opinion as to the policy of the President's address, in some extreme it has been received with favor, in others portions of it are severely condemned.

Virginia. In the convention yesterday a resolution was offered that if the Peace Conference proposition failed to give assurance of the equitable settlement of the slavery question, Virginia should offer no more propositions, but withdraw from the federal compact and adopt measures to protect her rights, in concert with other southern States. Mr. Carlisle made a strong Union speech. A resolution was offered in favor of a border State convention. Advices from all parts of the State report that the inaugural is received with satisfaction, and the secessionists are reported to be in better spirits.

South Carolina. A dispatch at Washington from the Secretary of the Treasury of the Southern Confederacy, says that the exclusion of foreigners from the coasting trade and all discriminating duties are abolished. "The act of the 18th of February gives no distinction between citizens and foreigners. I see, then, no objection to the exemption claimed by the citizens of Massachusetts."

Commissioner Glen, from Georgia, spoke in the Missouri convention yesterday. He strongly urged Missouri to join the Southern Confederacy. His remarks were received by the Union delegates from the lobby, which the Chairman failed to suppress.

Mr. Lincoln's inaugural is regarded in Washington as a declaration of war. The New Orleans papers condemn it (so say the dispatches).

Gen. Twiggs was enthusiastically received at New Orleans yesterday. A salute was fired, and he was escorted to his residence by the military members of the convention. Immense crowds were gathered along the route.

The revenue cutter Dodge had been seized by the authorities of Texas in Galveston harbor. The accred officer in command resigned and tendered his services to the Governor.

The commanding officer at fort Brown, in consequence of the refusal of Gen. Twiggs was preparing for defensive operations.—The State troops were concentrating in the neighborhood preparing for an attack.—Fort Cooper had been surrendered to the State.

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION OF THE ENGLISH AND FRENCH GOVERNMENTS. The despatches from Washington dated the 4th, contain the following:—

"It is reported that Lord Lyons, the British Minister, has officially notified the American Government that Great Britain will not recognize a blockade of the Southern ports, unless it is thorough and effective, and that the sincere announcement of a blockade, in accordance with the treaty of Paris will receive due attention.

In order to make the blockade of the Southern ports thus complete, the American Government will have to have enough to blockade every port, otherwise the British government will feel themselves, in accordance with their engagements with other powers, to disregard the restriction, and carry on commerce with the Southern ports as if no such blockade had been announced.

It is understood that it is also the intention of M. Mercier, the French Minister, to give the same notification to the Government in regard to France, and that all the European Powers, in consequence of the blockade question having been with Commerce of the world, will likewise take advantage of the treaty of Paris, and act in accordance with the policy adopted by the French and English Governments.

CALL ON THE PRESIDENT BY THE MASSACHUSETTS DELEGATION. Several State delegations have called on the President to present Lincoln to day, including those of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania. Hon. Charles R. Train, in behalf of the Massachusetts delegation, addressed a humorous and read his (the President's) inaugural, and would stand by it, and from none would it meet with a more cordial support than from the old Bay State. Mr. Lincoln in reply, said:

"I am thankful for this renewed assurance of the kind feeling and confidence and support of the Old Bay State, in so far as you have expressed it in behalf of those you represent. The sanction of what I have enunciated in my inaugural address is very gratuitous to my feelings. The subject was one of very delicacy, and in presenting my views at the opening of an administration under the peculiar circumstances attending it, I was governed upon official duties connected with the government, I sought it with great anxiety, and presented them with what-ver of ability and sense I could bring to bear. If it met the approbation of our good friends in Massachusetts I shall be gratified to have it so entered into, while it will meet the approbation of friends everywhere. I am thankful for expressions of approval by those who voted with us, and like every other man of you, I like to hear my opinions expressed as do others. As President, in the administration of the government, I hope it will be seen enough not to know one citizen of the United States from another, nor one section from another—but to be faithful to both as good friends of Massachusetts, and others who have thus far supported me in these national views, will continue to support me in carrying them out."

A NEWSPAPER published at Niagara Falls, called the *Mute and the Blind*, has been following in the wake of the *Courier*. It is published—the editor is a blind man, the compositors are deaf and dumb, the pressw ork is performed by the blind, the papers are folded by the blind and wrapped by mutes.

THE Washington correspondent of the *Boston Atlas*, commends Hon. Mason W. Tappan as a suitable person to take the Mexican Mission under President Lincoln.

The dry goods store of Peter Ormerod, No. 66 Essex Street, Lawrence, was damaged to the extent of about $200, on Monday morning, by fire, which took from a store.

A SOUTHERN paper says a novel and interesting inquiry has been made from the cotton plant. It may be "intoxicating," but there is certainly no novelty in the "cotton gin."

THE Sons of Malta of New Orleans have expelled Gen. Twiggs from their lodge, and notified other lodges that his name is now inscribed with "O. S. A."

CITY AND VICINITY.

WANTED.

A Lady, fully competent, wishes a situation as housekeeper, or matron in a hotel or first class store. Satisfactory reference given and required. Apply at this office. mar4

WANTED.

A Room, furnished or not, within a short distance of the Merrimack Corporation. Apply at the counting room of C. P. BAKER. mar4

WANTED.

A good STORAGE ROOM. Only located in Bakerdow preferred. Apply at this office. 18781

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive State Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Proposition.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may own and s ver. fifty cents per hundred is the price, postpaid, to any where, and may be obtained of our Agent, at the Counter Counting Room.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Boys and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting Room.

ANOTHER FIRE. Last evening soon after nine o'clock, the alarm of fire was given, which was found to proceed from some buildings owned by the Lowell and Lawrence Railroad Company, a short distance south of the deep cut below the Northern Depot. They were formerly occupied as engine houses, but have been lately occupied by Moses Wilson as a slaughter on Sullivan's land. The buildings, four or five in number, one of which was saved, with the other property belonging to the Lowell and Lawrence Railroad Company, the Boston and Lowell Railroad Company, who, we understand, had some insurance. The loss to the company is estimated at about $5000.

Messrs. Cole, Nichols & Wilson had in connection with their foundry a pattern shop which was the building saved. Their loss we understand is quite heavy on patterns. They had about thirty hands in their employ, and two or three contracts on hand They hope to resume their business with only a temporary delay. They estimate their loss at about $2000, on which they had no insurance. The fire probably took from the furnace. The fire department was promptly on hand and were at hand, though water was scarce, and the fire had got well under way before it was discovered.

THE VERDICT IN THE CASE OF JULIA GIBNEY. The coroner's jury in the case of Julia Gibney, who died suddenly after being removed from her boarding house, last Friday morning, met yesterday after noon by adjournment, and after hearing further testimony in the matter, rendered the following verdict:—

That the said Julia Gibney came to her death on Friday the first day of March, A. D., 1861, between the hours of seven and eight o'clock in the morning, by being thrown down in the house numbered 39 on East Merrimack street in said Lowell—that she had been for some time dangerously sick with an acute rheumatic inflammation of the heart, at b anding house No. 14, Massachusetts Corporation in said Lowell, kept by Benjamin Hovey; that the immediate cause of her death was her sudden and extraordinary removal from boarding house No. 14 while thus dangerously sick to the place where she died, and that the conduct of the keeper of the said boarding house in seeking her removal so inhumanly and violently, was highly reprehensible, and should be disconinteuanced by all good citizens.

THE FESTIVAL TO-NIGHT. Our readers who would patronize Wamesit Division of the Sons of Temperance, should not forget their festival this evening in Huntington Hall. The arrangements are admirable, and a rare entertainment is promised.—Those who have an ear for "concord of sweet sounds" will not fail to be well pleased with the singing of the "Methusalah Family"—a club of excellent vocalists. Their singing is very highly praised and their appearance in a costume fashionable in "ye olden tyme," will give to them an additional feature of interest.—We hope and trust to see Huntington Hall crowded this evening.

DAMAGED GOODS FOR SALE. The sale of the goods damaged by the fire in the store of Mr. Cyrus Fisher, No. 39 Merrimack Street, will commence to-morrow morning, Every kind and style will be disposed of to clear the store of the goods that have been more or less damaged, but are valuable for immediate use. This is a good chance for persons in want of anything in that line. If it met the approbation of our good friends in Massachusetts I shall be gratified to have it so entered into, while it will meet the approbation of friends everywhere. I am thankful for expressions of approval by those who voted with us, and like every other man of you, I like to hear my opinions expressed as do others. As President, in the administration of the government, I hope it will be seen enough not to know one citizen of the United States from another, nor one section from another—but to be faithful to both as good friends of Massachusetts, and others who have thus far supported me in these national views, will continue to support me in carrying them out."

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ISRAEL PUTNAM, Republican, was re-elected mayor of Bath, Me., on Monday, by a majority of six hundred and thirty-six.

MR. WILLEY'S CONCERT. As we predicted, the concert give last evening, by Mr. Willey's class of three hundred and seventy-five pupils, was both successful and satisfactory. Huntington Hall was well filled and the programme was performed with spirit and energy. As an exhibition of Mr. Willey's success as a teacher it was much to his credit. The choruses for the most part were well sustained and gave evidence of thorough and careful preparation, although the first chorus, "Hail Columbia," was unsteady, wanting in that significance and volume of sound which was apparent in the remaining choruses. The orchestral accompaniments were superior to any we have before heard here, in concerts of this kind. The attractive feature of the evening was the quartette from Boston, consisting of Miss Adams, Mrs. Kempton, and Messrs. Fitz and Barnabee, assisted by Mr. Dow the pianist. Their music, though familiar to concert goers, was, nevertheless, very pleasing. Miss Adams possesses a clear and pleasant voice and made a very favorable impression. She is regarded as one of the most promising vocalists in Boston. Mr. Barnabee sang with that grace and finish which a splendid alto voice and great experience secure, and delighted all who heard her. Mr. Fitz has a sweet, pleasing and sympathetic tenor voice, and Mr. Barnabee a baritone of good quality and compass. His singing of "Simon the Cellarer" was capital, and was strongly suggestive of Mr. Henri Drayton, who has for years sung this song with the Hutchinson Family. The accompaniments by Mr. Dow were tasty and effective. We should much like to hear this quartette again in Lowell.

PROF BANNING gives his last lecture to ladies on female health to-morrow (Thursday) at 3 P. M., at Mechanics' Hall.

The same day at 8 P. M., he lectures to the gentlemen only, on Constipation, Piles, the cure of Bronchocele or Goitre, Epilepsie, and the ruinous effects of "habits" upon the body and mind. Admission free.

ANNUAL SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY: Or Year-Book of Facts in Science and Art for 1861. Edited by Dr. J. R. Ledderboge, Jr. Illustrated with numerous engravings. Contents, Science of Common Things, &c. Robert Tomes, New York.

As the title indicates, this volume embraces a brief description of the most important discoveries and improvements in the mechanics, useful arts, natural philosophy, chemistry, astronomy, geology, zoology, botany, hieroglyy, meteorology, geography, antiquities, &c. Including also the progress of science during the year 1860, a list of recent scientific publications, eminent scientific men, &c., neatly and compactly arranged. It forms a very useful and valuable of books for those interested in the sciences. The volume also contains a fine portrait of T. A. A. Gould.

This is the twelfth of the series. The *Boston Transcript* justly remarks, in a notice of it, that it contains "much which no man of science, however eminent, can do without, for every man of science, deservedly eminent, must be more or less engrossed by his speciality of investigation; and which is especially valuable to that large body of intelligent readers who, without pretending to be men of science, are curious to know what the success of Europe and America have really added to the facts,

A GOOD COMPARISON.

If Teacher. William Kimball, a well known Methodist clergyman, residing at Naples, drew the following amusing and apt comparison between Dr. M Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Penn., and a fowl:

"A fowl, when plucked at the entrance of a fat-hole, enters the aperture, carries along the passage, rouses upon the rat, exterminates his enemies, and draws the animal's deshcut carcase to the light. And in like manner have I found *Dr. M Lane's American Vermifuge* to operate upon worms, those dreadful and dangerous enemies of children. This remedy like the ferret, enters the aperture of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, lays hold of the animal, shakes the life out of the reptiles, sweeps clean their den, and carries the carcass clear out of the system.—Thus, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children."

A neighbor of Mr. Rankin, Mr. John Briggs, adopts the simile of the reverend creditor, thus giving their most unqualified approval of this great scientific relief being witnessed in operation upon their own children. Let others try it, and be satisfied.

☞ For sale by all druggists, who will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by FLEMING BROTHERS, of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr M Lane's genuine Liver Pills, can now be had at all druggists. Don't forget the name of

FLEMING BROS.

Take no more unpleasant or unsafe Medicines. For simple vegetable and reliable

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Which is used by the most eminent of the Medical PHYSICIANS IN THE U. S., in their practice, and recommended as a specific for the following diseases and symptoms existing, whether arising from Habit, Climate or Natural Debility.

General Debility,
Mental and Physical Depression,
Imbecility,
Determination of Blood to the Head,
Confused Ideas,
Dizziness,
Nervousness and Sleeplessness,
Absence of Mind, Loss of Memory,
Loss of Appetite,
Wakefulness,
Pain in the Back,
Dimness of Vision,
Dissipation or Excesses,
the Organs of Generation,
Universal Lassitude of the System.

And, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated System.

To ensure the genuine, ask this and take no other.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE ONLY REMEDY USED IN HOSPITALS.

Price, $1 per bottle.

Delivered to any address.

Secure from observation.

Sold by druggists everywhere.

Depot, 594 Broadway, New York.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

W.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

Is the Original and Best in the World.

All others are mere imitations, and should be shunned as you would a pestilence.

GRAY, RED or RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful Brown or Natural Black, without injury to the hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye, and over 10,000 applications have been made to the hair of the Inventor, by his pupils.

W.M. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off, and the hair dyed with it is as easily washed as before dyeing. It is not a sticky, filthy preparation, but is clear as water, and the ill effects of bad dyes removed from the hair in one or three days.

Sold by all druggists and fancy dealers in the United States, Canadas, and in Europe.

☞ The genuine has the name and address upon the side of each case, with a fac simile of my signature, W. A. BATCHELOR, on the back.

CHARLES BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
81 Barclay street, New York.

Sold by DANIEL KIDDER, 3m 14ed18 sp

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW YORK.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Richard Warren, Cornelius Grinnell,
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Edgar Ketchum, Elijah H. Good,
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin Babcock,
Benjamin E. Bates, Abraham B. Baylis,
Stephen B. Chittenden, NATHAN ALLEN, President.

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Office, Old Post Office Building, first floor; No. 81 1st Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 25, 1860. ly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned thereon, constitutes the Assets, and are the sole security for Policy Holders.

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Stephen Tyman, President.
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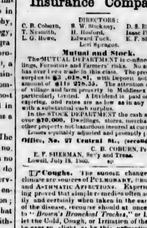
Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at the lowest rates of premium.

Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, Merrimack and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. ly

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is justly due to the fact that it has been, and is acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the requisites for family use. Its liability to cause a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton, or woollen fabrics, it is unrivalled, while quilting, gathering, and all the innumerable ends to which family needle work is applied, the

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine, and have given it their approval:

Rev. S. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Buttrick, H. Hanford,
Rev. E. Burke, F. P. Blatchford,
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A. H. Clark, L. L. Hosmer,
C. B. Coburn, J. F. Folsom,
Rev. A. D. Sargent, Rev. Mr. Miner,
Rev. A. D. Sargent, J. H. Pierce,
Rev. Mr. Bell, Wm. A. Richardson,
Samuel Fay, Wm. A. Richardson, Jr.
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Rev. Mr. Webster, Mrs. Dr. Bartlett.

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, for sale by the Agent, at No. 14 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

mar17 sp

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have found it to be all that could be desired, and now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said about rubber, and many have had their mouths filled with it, but the material, as it is usually made, while it is not expected that it will ever become entirely free from the objections, in every instance where it is used with great success, and in the hands of a skilful operator, it is found to be the best material for the purpose. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, we are not prepared to say how long it will remain in the mouth, but from the fact that the plate has been prepared to furnish a perfect fit, and that it is not affected by the fluids of the mouth, we think it can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.

Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building, 2nd floor.

Lowell, March 1, 1861. 1mos

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to Her Majesty. THIS well known medicine is a compound, the result of many years practice in the Medical Families and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet, which is given to all. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back, Head, Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation, of the Heart, Hysterics, Trembling, Horrors, Nervous Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases incident to the female frame, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

These PILLS HAVE NEVER BEEN KNOWN TO FAIL in the case of a single individual who has taken them according to the printed directions.

Full particulars are WELL GUARDED in the pamphlet which every purchaser of the agent.

$1 $1 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 100 PILLS, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, 3m 9dec18 sp

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

THE MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, AND CONSUMPTION.

The most extensive assurance is given that there is no article before the public which has ever been offered to the afflicted, that has proved itself so truly established in every instance, as a safe, speedy and permanent cure for all diseases of the throat and lungs, as this most excellent relief, and the medicine, although the most powerful remedy ever discovered for the utmost degree immediate in its composition, and perfectly harmless in its effects upon the most delicate system. IN TEN MINUTES in all cases, and in a very few moments in the most severe, they give ease to all distress which is or Cough or Cold. They are pleasant to the taste. No other principle of the kind being connected with them to cause objectionableness; and any child will readily take them.

Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER. dec14 1 ellemy

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters are the most aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All druggists have it. feb 4w eod

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the Bible Drawing Machine which is sold for $50. No machine ever was N. C. CARTER, Agent,
17 Central street.

feb18

FINKLE & LYON'S

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, we are prepared to guarantee all machines to be of superior workmanship.

Fact No. 2.—Our machines are the only ones in the market that will execute every kind of work, on thick or thin goods, with equal facility.

Fact No. 3.—Our machines are the only ones that will not pucker the seam.

Fact No. 4.—Our machines are the only ones that will not break the thread.

Fact No. 5.—Our machines are the only ones that will not waste the thread.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the State Fair held in Boston.

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Fact No. 63.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the State

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose stuff is thin needle for where they lose spools of cotton, and their sides, but these hours of work. I think the needle that flies faster than the sword of war."—Home Wash Francisco.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ **Price from $40 Upwards! ☜**

OVER 15,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business this same merit will be faithfully performed in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is **WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.**

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the claim that a machine will not forget to perform them of the purchase who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of these kinds will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines coming from two Spools, and in which one needle only pierces the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use any Sewing Machine which do not contain the spool and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized and their machines, as plain, and by my patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell, in a kind of thread, the use of which alone gives greater speed, ease and power, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

495 Broadway, New York.
18 Bromfield street, Boston.
Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore.
Main street, Cincinnati.
118 Lake street, Chicago.
66 Magazine st., Cor. Gravier, New Orleans.

Agents for Lowell, LEBANON, CHASE & CO. dec14

New England Family

SEWING MACHINE.

A $17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the best family machine ever sold. We have had one in store eleven months for inspection in Lowell. It is worth more than $50 and will be sold for $17 to introduce it. It is simple in construction, not liable to get out of order, and is more simple, durable and effective than any machine which sells for three times the price. It performs in a workmanlike manner all the work of a family, and will be used with ease by any lady. It performs in a beautiful manner, and is so very simple that every thread stitch can be seen at a glance. Any one wishing to buy may be examined at No. 17, Central street, and will receive instruction gratis. Call and see it, whether intending to purchase or not.

jan23 S. C. CARTER, Agent.

Kerosene--Bowers.

THE VERY FINEST AND ONLY RELIABLE Lamp oil in bond or retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

Of every and splendid assortment, with Shades, Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at decent prices, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

Clams and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Bond Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street, cch

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY and a necessity to make money here without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple method, were poor and dependent. Any of the following persons from here who are making from $5 to $20 per day and upwards. Any young man who a few months since was with nothing, is now the owner of plenty of money secured by his own hands, according to a circular which he has had the good sense to send for. Any one can do as he did and more. Women can do it as well. Boys can clear from $5 to $10 per week. A few can secure employment. Any one who desires to profit by a full understanding of the business, should send for a circular. Trade and commerce work immediately, with no pull or no capital. No one who is employed is required to give up business or marriage. We have sent this business to over 100 persons in Rhode Island and Ireland, and have not instances in the country.

Address H. MARTIN & CO.,

Providence, R. I.

aug24 eow

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

A new and large invoice of

Crockery Ware.

Just received from on the Liverpool Packet.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality and cheapness, cannot be surpassed in this city or Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will well bear their examination.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITTANIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a few second hand Crockery stores for sale, markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the State or mines, at my China and Crockery Warehouse, Please remember,

Sign of the Gold Bond Pitcher,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

Kidder's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap* and a great saving of time and labor. Try it once ordered, by the case will look as *fresh as new*. For sale by the principal dealers in Lowell and all the above ware.

For sale wholesale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass., and by druggists generally. may19

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Pianos, Melodeons, Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons &c., &c. Leave orders at Piano Ware Rooms, 17 Central st. and at *Ann Gordon's*, Fabric Hall at Dyer's Music Store and Piano Ware House, 51 Central street. sep23 dt

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

TEETH! TEETH!!

ROBINSON'S INDICAL INSTAL SOAP FOR the cure and whitening of Teeth. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr. cor. Merrimack and John sts. may14

LAWSON'S

INFALLIBLE

NERVOUS CURATIVE,

—FOR—

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured in August 1858, of Neuralgia, after three and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMM B. WARDWELL, Milford, N. H.

Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia in the Face. Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of excruciating suffering. I can say from matter of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering sign.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a severe attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 18 9. Never had any return since. Mr. Fisher says George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Colrain

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. C. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of painful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nurseryman, Brighton, Mass.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders and in constant pain in both feet, ankles and knees. After the use of one bottle of the Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

MRS. JAMES PEASON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia in her own words ago, with pain to the top of her head, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis in March, Delivered entirely well. Now, and always since, enjoys the best of health.

LATE, TOO, Esq., Washington Depot.

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now, and his family cured of Toothache in October.

MARGARET LYLE, Brooklyn, Ogle Co., Illinois.

Cured of Chill fever with two applications after suffering all winter.

EPHRAIM KNNON, North Chelmsford,

Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being so relieved to bed for six months in excruciating pain; by using three bottles each he says is entirely well, and can say that no one has been paid in less in perfect health ever since he was cured.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

For the United States & British Provinces,

26 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.

M. Iveli Lyngham is Lowell, and at 122 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. No one

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETTS,
CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
Pencil Cases, Gold Pens and Pencils,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PIE,
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—sold at wholesale.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

46 to 47, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,

MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

All the principal woolen establishments in the United States are using these rings, and are using *Silver Burring Machines* on their fine broadcloths, and *Solid Packing Burring Machines* on all the others. They are acknowledged the only perfect machines in use for burring Woolens. The *Steel Ring Feed Rolls* and *Burring Machines* for second hot-bars and finishers, are also the best in use. Manufacturers will find it to their interest to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere, as I am the only manufacturer that is there limited to first-makers. There is no humbug.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. It strength and durability are effected in every bite they are capable. Their parts fit true and straight surface allows them to run light and easy, and will not injure the finest wool sliver. They run strength and therapeutical not to injure the wool sliver. They run strength and therapeutical not to injure the wool sliver. They run strength and therapeutical not to injure the

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, March 7, 1861.

The South, which is making the strongest efforts possible to hide its own nose off, is likely to succeed in more ways than one. By her extraordinary acts within the few months past she has directed the United States, England, and France, to cotton growing; and it is quite probable that one half as much more territory as has ever yet been devoted to the cultivation of cotton, will be opened to its growth for the first time the present year. So, let the result of the trouble they have themselves created be what it may, the cotton States have created a competition that must operate greatly to their disadvantage.

There has also been much said about the navigation of the Mississippi River and the Southern Confederacy has already been legislating on the subject. An act has been passed by that body, which establishes the free navigation of the river as the citizens of any State upon its borders, or the borders of its tributaries, but prohibits, under heavy penalties, the disposal, at any point, of any portion of the cargoes of the crafts that are employed. If it is desired to enter the goods at any port upon the river within the limits of the Confederate States, the privilege is granted under certain forms. Vessels arriving at the first port of entry in the Confederate States, having on board goods subject to the payment of duties, are required to deposit with the Collector a manifest of the cargo, and the said collector may, if he thinks it necessary, place an inspector on the vessel to accompany her to the port of entry to which her cargo may be consigned. A failure to furnish the manifest or to receive the inspector is to be visited with a penalty of five hundred dollars.

Of course these restrictions will be a source of great annoyance, and few will be disposed to submit to them. That the commerce of the Western States is to "run the gauntlet" in the manner prescribed by the act of the Southern Confederacy, is not to be believed; and a scheme that has for some time been considered by commercial men, has already received a number of petos. A few days ago a petition, largely signed by influential men of Illinois, was presented in the Senate of the United States, by Mr. Trumbull, asking the Government aid in cutting a canal from the head of Michigan Lake to the Illinois River, in order to establish a regular steamboat communication between the lakes and the Mississippi River.

This would secure an outlet for the commerce of the Mississippi and its tributaries entirely independent of the mouth, and remove the "floating capital" of business men from the danger of confiscation at the hands of our capricious and excitable Southern neighbors. It is intimated that as early movement to secure the execution of this object will soon be made; if it is not seconded by Government, private enterprise will engage in it, and this perhaps would be best. A Chicago print is speaking of the movement, says its practicability is unquestionable, and its success assured if there was no interference with the navigation of the Mississippi, is every year becoming more apparent. Before long again the South is to be blockaded in its own game.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday, the bill in relation to the habeas corpus and Personal Liberty bill was taken up, and the motion to strike out the first and second sections was carried, and the bill as amended was ordered to be engrossed. Mr. Stone, of Essex, subsequently moved a re-consideration of the vote and made a speech at length in answer to the one made by Mr. Bonney, on Monday. To-day Mr. Bonney will probably reply to Mr. Stone today. Henry B. Wheelwright of Taunton, Thomas Russell of Boston, Asa French of Braintree, F. W. Crocker of Fitchburg, and Rev. A. A. Miner of Boston, were elected as Overseers of Harvard College.—The other business in the Senate was mostly confined to private bills.

In the House, the usual number of petitions were presented and referred. A bill was reported requiring among other things, banks out of Boston, to keep an amount of specie on hand equal to five per cent of their circulation and deposits.—The bill to incorporate the Howard Fire Insurance Company, was reported by Worthington, where he has practised law since his removal from office, able wherever you put him. Judge Blair is now in the prime of life and vigor, and there is reason in man south of Pennsylvania who is more devoted to Republicanism, or who is more popular among the radical Republicans all over the North and West."

THE Southern secession prints, as far as they have been heard from, strongly denounce the inaugural of Mr. Lincoln. This is to be expected; men who reject all propositions for a settlement of the trouble they have themselves created; who continually harp about their "rights," and who by forgetting that others have rights also, are not likely to be pleased with the straight-forward, patriotic sentiments of the address. We have no doubt, however, that the conservative and Union men of the South will think of it as all parties do here—that it is the production of one who seeks the good of the whole country, and in National matters, has "no friends to reward or enemies to punish"—who would administer with the same purpose the interests of the North and the South.

Two hundred thousand cords of pine wood are annually carried to the New York market, of which 60,000 cords are used by kindling wood companies. In the transportation of this material about 100 schooners are employed. Of this enormous amount of pine wood, Virginia furnishes seven-eighths, and New Jersey the remainder.

ABOUT.

In this dim world of clouding cares,
We rarely know, till 'withered years
See white wings lessening up the skies.
The angels with us unawares.

Harvard Monthly.

MISS HARRIET LANE, niece of ex-President Buchanan, was married at Washington on Monday, to Mr. James Carlisle, a distinguished lawyer of that city.

MR. SEWARD AND THE NEW YORK DELEGATION. The following is the address made by Mr. Seward to the New York delegation, which on Tuesday called on him at Washington:—

"Friends, Fellow-citizens and Neighbors: I am very deeply affected by this unexpected demonstration of affection on the part of the people of the State of New York. Its many familiar faces, seen at this distance from my home, and under the circumstances which surround me, awaken memories and sympathies that I should find it difficult to describe. It is just twelve years since I came, a stranger and alone, to this capital, to represent the great State from which you have come, in the councils of the Union. This day closes that service of twelve years—a period which now in retrospect seems so short, and yet it has filled up the one-sixth part of the constitutional dura on of this great empire. At this hour I appear before you a voluntary citizen, but, God be thanked! a citizen now as always, of the State of New York—one of yourselves—your equal—no longer bearing the responsibilities of a representative. [Here one of the Deputy Marshals stepped forward and pinned a badge of the New York delegation to Mr. Seward's coat, amid great cheering.] My public acts throughout that long, and to me trying period, are all upon record in the journals and debates of Congress. It is almost fatal to think that they are imperishable. Looking back ward upon them, I will say and maintain here and now, that I claim for them all the merit of good motives and honest intentions.

"Here in this presence, before you, a fair delegation of my constituency I have sensed, and in the presence of the God who is the sole Common Judge, I declare that there is not one word of that record which before should be obliterated. Although a representative of one State only, I have been all the while conscious that I was a legislator for all the States—for the whole Republic—and I am not ashamed to appeal to every citizen of New York and ask him to say what I have neglected. I am not afraid to appeal to every section—to the East, to the West, to the North and to the South, equally—and to every State in every section, and to every man, to every town, to every human being, freeman or bondsman, to say whether, in any word or deed of mine, I have done less than my duty. And in labors which demanded abilities, I could not claim, and trials which exacted more magnanimity than I have had, I feel in this capital neither received nor given personal offence. I have not one enemy on this section to forgive. I know of not one who will utter a personal complaint against me.

"I have done little good—indeed, far less than I have wished—but I have been sustained and supported by the people of New York with a generosity that is unparalleled, and the reason why this is so, people of New York are habitually constant and faithful to conscience, to truth, to liberty, to their country and to their God. They have thought that I endeavored to be faithful to them. I know their character well, and I know that in the new emergency which our country is now entering they will be equally faithful. I rely for them on their intelligence and their patriotism. I rely on the intelligence and patriotism of the whole people of the United States. They will preserve the inestimable blessings of civil and religious liberty which they have received from their heroic fathers. In the administration which you have come here to inaugurate comes into power, under circumstances of embarrassment and peril never before known in the history of the republic; but I believe I know the character and purposes of the Chief Magistrate. I believe that, while he will be firm, he will also be just to every section and every section, and every citizen; that he will defend and protect the rights and interests, the peace and the prosperity, of all the States equally and alike, while he will practice the moderation that springs from virtue, and the affection that arises from patriotism in confederated States.

"Under his guidance and with the blessing of God, I believe and trust, and confidently expect, that an administration that is inaugurated amid some distrust and pain and apprehension, will close upon a reunited, restored, prosperous, free and happy republic. The State of New York, the greatest and most powerful of the States, will lead all other States in the way of conciliation; and as the path of wisdom is always the path of peace, so I am sure that now we shall find that the way of conciliation is the way of wisdom."

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mar8*1w † [34] FLEMING BROS.

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RELIEF OF THE PEMBERTON MILL SUFFERERS. The final report of the Treasurer of the Committee of Relief of these sufferers is just published. From this document it appears that the whole number of deaths because of this accident was 88. The whole amount received by the committee was $80,377.29, of which $42,284.72 had been disbursed on the first of last May, leaving $23,574.57 in the treasurer's hands. The sum of $250.38 has accrued from interest, increasing the balance in the possession of the treasurer at that time to $23,829.95. The whole fund has now been disbursed. The report says:—

It was suggested in the report of May last that we might find it necessary to make permanent provision for some extreme case of incurable injury. This has been done in two instances by the purchase of annuities. After a full consultation, and with the approval of every member of the Committee, a deposit of $14,000 was made with the Massachusetts Hospital Life Insurance Company of Boston, in two separate sums of $6000 and $7500 to create two annuities in trust of about $30 and 600 dollars a year respectively, to be paid in quarterly payments to the annuitants for the remainder of their lives.

MISSOURI ALL RIGHT. The following respecting the business of the Missouri convention yesterday, is indeed cheer ing.:—

"Various resolutions declining co-operation with Georgia were referred. Resolutions in reference to coercion, secession and co-operation of the border slave States, were also referred.

Among the resolutions offered was one by Ex-Governor Stewart, that no overt act had been committed by the federal authorities justifying either secession, nullification or revolution. Also one by Judge Orr, that we have the best government in the world and intend to keep it.

Resolutions amendatory of the State Constitution were tabled. There was a long debate upon referring a resolution relative to the Governor's inaugural, but the resolution was finally withdrawn and the convention adjourned."

CONCORD. The following facts in relation to "Old" Concord we find in the *Boston Traveller* :—

"This fine old town has 2249 inhabitants—a decrease of 3 in five years—and 464 dwelling houses. Two men are over 90 years of age, 5 over 80, 17 between 80 and 90. One of these women is between 90 and 100. The oldest couple in town are Ephraim Dakin, 86, and Sarah Dakin, 85. There are 143 persons not able to read and write, of whom 7 are native born. Of those foreign born all but ten are natives of Ireland. Of the 13 persons in the County jail, 10 could not read and write; two of them were colored. There are two blind persons, four idiots, five insane persons and eight paupers.—The number of farms is 217. There are annually manufactured in town, 100,000 pails, and 75,000 tubs, worth $24,000; three thousand bushels of garden garnitures, $4000; two thousand packs of gold leaf, worth $14,000, &c. There are ten Districts, one High and two Private Schools, and two Churches—Unitarian and Orthodox.

MEETS THE QUESTIONS OF THE DAY FAIRLY. The *Literary Omnibus*, published at Boston, Mass., has this to say in relation to the position of the Democracy in the North and South:—

"To our Northern Patrons we say: Old Abe, the Black Republican people, the Administration, comes to-day to put his steady hand on the plough. Although he comes in the winter of our discontent, he will bring spring-time again, with the promise of a bountiful harvest in our land.

And we say to our Southern Friends: the right of secession is established by the Constitution—as every constitutional lawyer will tell you—and we boldly assert that coercion would be unwise, if it can be avoided.

We unite most cordially with Mr. Jeff. Davis, in the call of such men as Mr. Messenger to posts in the Provisional Government.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

WANTED.

A Lady, fully competent, wishes a situation as housekeeper, or would accept a situation in a first class family. Inquire of WM. H. COOPER, 107 Appleton street. Reference given and required.
dec7

WANTED.

A Room, furnished or not, within a short distance of the Merrimack Corporation. Address
mar6d1w C. J. BARKER.

WANTED.

A good STORAGE ROOM. One located in Butterfield's preferred. Apply as this office.
mar5d1w

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the
Declaration of Independence.
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793.
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850.
Missouri Compromise of 1820.
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law.
Chicago Republican Platform.
Mr. Crittenden's Proposition.

They are got up in a cheap form, that may possess a copy. They can reach most that is of great importance to every one who would be a waiker of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

LOWELL CEMETERY. A meeting of the proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery was held at the Mayor's office last evening, when the following officers were re-elected for the ensuing year :—Oliver M. Whipple, President; John F. Rogers, Clerk and Treasurer; Joshua Merrill, Josiah Tyler, S. K. Hutchinson, Edward F. Watson, Stephen Cushing, Charles Hovey, Samuel Burbank, Paul Perkins, Samuel W. Stickney, John L. Chaney, Andrew Moody and William A. Burke, re-elected. The report of the Treasurer was read, by which it appeared the receipts from lots sold in 1860 amounted to $830.75. The trust fund for a gateway amounts to $465.94. Reserved fund for general purposes, $437.87. The sum deposited by Samuel Horn for care of lots amount to $106.35; same by Josiah Fuller, $100. It is the intention to publish the coming summer a history of the cemetery for the past ten years.

MOODY SCHOOL. We visited, yesterday afternoon, an exhibition by the pupils connected with this school. The exercises consisted of singing, declamation, and dialogues, and were listened to by a large number of spectators. The singing by a class of little boys and girls, four singing "Land," by a choir of the pupils of the school, was much encored and was repeated. The declaiming of the "Ghost" was quite amusing, as well as the piece entitled "Pick wick." There was a responsive feeling in every heart to the appeal for the Dakin children, while the appropriate speech was well rendered. With a single exception, we were well pleased with the dialogues. The young lady who took the part of "Madame Lafarge" performed well her part. She called things by their right names, opposing deception, by reason of which she was adjudged to be insane and confined in a lunatic asylum. She received a few lodgers for company and was disgusted when told that she kept boarders. Those who took the part of "Mr. and Mrs. Dan Dalton," acted in the life, as we are compelled to suppose it sometimes exists; but, as a gentleman at our elbow remarked, we should advise that couple never to marry, as unhappiness might come to be real life. The "Prince of Wales" was well received by the company, while the "Schoolmaster" seemed to be immense.

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THE FESTIVAL LAST EVENING. The festival by the Wamesit Division of the Sons of Temperance, at Huntington Hall, last evening, was very fully attended, and all appeared to enjoy themselves. The exercises were continued till a late hour. The music by Hall's Brass Band of Boston, as was to be expected, was excellent. The singing by the "Methodist Family" was received with great approbation. The "Star Spangled Banner," the solo of which was taken by Miss Georgia Farr, was loudly encored. Mr. Perez Fuller, also a member of the company with a couple of his inimitable songs, which created much amusement. The singing was very fair and appeared to give satisfaction to all who witnessed them. The postoffice, express office and refreshment saloons were well patronized. The festival, upon the whole was what we should consider a success.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, George G. Shattuck, for assault on Samuel E. Mussey, was fined $5 and costs.

Bridget Watson, for the larceny of female wearing apparel from Mrs. E. B. Corporation, belonging to Harriet P. Jameson, was sent to jail for six months.

Bridget Sherry, for indulging too frequently in morning potations, was, on her name purports, was sent to the House of Correction for four months.

Our readers will remember that Prof. Banning lectures before gentlemen only, to-night at 8 P. M., in Mechanics' Hall, on injurious habits, and the prevention and cure of constipation, piles, and ruptures, on a new principle. Admission free. It is desired to say that he proposes to close his office (at 56 Church Street) on Saturday.

TARANTULA. A curious specimen of this rare insect, with which we are acquainted only in song and story, may be seen at our neighbor French's drug store. The bite of this insect is more venomous and more generally fatal than that of the rattlesnake. One of Messrs. Ayer & Co.'s travellers was bitten by this one in Louisiana, but his life was fortunately saved by having remedies at hand. They are peculiar to tropical regions and are often troublesome in bulk.

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To remove sunburn, tan, &c.
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To make your complexion fair and handsome.
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Sold by druggists generally.

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DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, S. W. Nesmith, G. W. Boyd, R. S. Richardson, B. F. Hosford, Edward Coe, E. F. Sherman, Isaac Hines, H. Hovey.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Farmers' risks. No descriptions of risks made in this office. The present cash capital of the Company is $100,000, and the assets are $141,429.35. Applications for insurance of stores or village and farm property in Middlesex County will be promptly attended to. Dividends paid on all expiring, and notes are now as in any Company with a mutual risk and stock.

STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Insurance on merchandise and other property not hazardous incurred at current rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 5 Central St., (second story,) Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary pro tem.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy19d1y

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continue to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula sore; Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Sick Headache; Female Irregularities; all which require regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, and purify the blood, and expel all impurities, give strength, quicken the circulation, and restore health and vigor when any medicine ever known. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs that grow, and contain no Mercury, Mineral or other poisonous drug. Explicit directions accompany each bottle, by which any one can use them with perfect safety. Their wonderful power to cure all the above diseases is unparalleled, and has caused them to be used in almost every town in the United States, and in many foreign countries. Their great merit has induced many worthless imitations to be palmed upon the public, which are not only worthless, but dangerous. Be sure you get DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, prepared by Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Ask for Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, and take no other. Price $1 per bottle.

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"A neighbor passing through the yard, observed a sparrow fluttering in a very unusual manner in a heap of oyster shells, as though struggling to release himself from unpleasant detention. He found that the leg of the poor bird had been caught firmly in the grip of a young oyster which was attached to the outside of one of the discarded shells. He at once took his prisoner into Mr. Potter's shop, and with the aid of a hammer soon opened, with a knife, and the bird released. It is supposed that the oyster had opened its pearly jaw for air, and the sparrow, being deceived, whilst hopping merrily past, accidentally, but too surely put his foot in it."

SECRETARY HOLT. The Washington correspondent of the *Charleston Mercury* speaks of Secretary Holt as follows. What an amiable class of Christians the secessionists are:—

"He does not deserve the honor of an assassination. But he is a marked man. If ever he ventures within the confines of the Confederate States, he will never return to private life. Mr. M'Lane's genuine Yankee cunning, and celebrated Letter Bills, can never be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine* without the signature of the inventor.
mar8*1w † [34] FLEMING BROS.

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber has on hand a large assortment of Fur Caps, Fur Robes and Gloves, which he will sell at the lowest cash prices. Furs made and repaired in the store at short notice. Store No. 3 Merrimack street, Lowell.
jan16d3m W. BACSOM.

LLOYD'S REAL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on large scale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States, Canada and Nova Scotia.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.
jan16d3m f8*1m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jan8d1f

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It burns up cleanest,
It burns less quantity,
It emits less money,
Than any other free burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 13 Prescott street.
mar14d1f

Perfumery.

JOND'S Illy Extract, Durrant's Florimel, and an assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John Sts. dec7

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE on favorable terms, on terms intrusted to them. Losses promptly paid without reference from one months to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Stephen Cushing, Arthur F. Bunton, Joshua M. Sargent, Ephraim Brown, Jr., Evans A. Minot, Benjamin F. Butler,

Josiah G. Abbott, Samuel Lawrence, Samuel Wright, Marshall P. Wilder, Henry G. Howe, Samuel Hubbard, Benjamin F. Stevens, T. Dennison.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 20, 1860. ap20

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth three times the amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

President,
Charles Denison, John Keese, Jr., Thos. Fullerton, Jr., Wm. H. Webb, Geo. Bliss, Jr., George S. Bascomb, Edward Haight, Seymour Boardman, John F. Goodrich, Wm. Bayard, Robert Ray,

Hon. Ogden Hoffman, Merchant, New York. Merchant, New York. Counsellor, Merchant, New York. Ex-Mayor of City of New York. Merchant, New York. Merchant, New York. Merchant,

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they are upon it in person, not their sole, but their best "stand-by" is gone. I think the needle has slain more than the sword of war."—Henry Ward Beecher.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ **Price from $40 Upwards! &c.**

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use any Sewing Machines which are now for sale or used and make the stitch known as the Grover & Baker stitch, unless the same shall be purchased from either the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10th, 1850.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally manufactured under their own and by said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine; and all others are liable to me by said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Pemberton street, Boston.
495 Broadway, New York.
700 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore.
76 West Fourth street, Cincinnati.
115 Lake street, Chicago.
139 Main street, St. Louis.
Richmond, Virginia, and Nashville.

Agents for Lowell, DURHAM, CHASE & CO. dec24

New England Family SEWING MACHINE.

AT 12 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the public. It is made by hand, is superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it more reliable than a four or six cord; it will run backwards as well as forwards, and will sew from the finest muslin to the coarsest cloth, and from the finest thread to the coarsest cotton, without any change in the machine. This machine weighs but six and a half pounds, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in so thorough a manner, that every stitch, every seam will stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 12 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $10.

jan23 N. C. CARTER, Agent.

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Boiling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
AND
50 Merrimack Street. n30

Working Men, women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned the simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $50 per week, and more; one man who a few months since was worth nothing $30 per week. The secret of this success is in our hands, and only to be had by us. Those who write for particulars will find that we do not deal in gift enterprises. Boys can do well. From $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all information necessary for a person commencing in the business, and which enables the most timid to make money at once, sent free by mail, on receipt of 25 cents. No money to be invested in stock or machinery. We have sold the business to over 10,000 people in England, Ireland and America, and have introduced it into this country.

Address B H MARTIN & CO.,
aug24 Boston, Mass.

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment so complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quantity and cheapness, is unequalled in this city or Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will talk louder than any story.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the United States. Please remember the place,

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
50 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

Kidder's Licorice.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Where ever seized, by its use will look as *fresh as new*, as the equal has never been discovered for the above uses.

Prepar'd only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. may19

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of instruments of all kinds, Saxophines, Melodeons, Accordeons &c., &c., Tuned and repaired in the most perfect manner and at *less charges*. Orders left at Dyar's Music Store and Place Ware Room, 61 Central street, will receive prompt attention. dly

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

HERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPER!

MERITS proved, and selling very low at DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Warehouse. Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, No. 50 Merrimack Street.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly at least in cases of obstruction from any cause, after all other remedies known to the kind have been tried in vain. To those objectionables, if taken *just before each* monthly period, and for the avoidance of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to limit the size of their families, this may seem incredible, but if fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with-out a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in three degrees of strength, viz. No. 1, Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle;

☞ *No. 2, Half Strength, $5 per bottle;*

☞ *Remember this medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *for which no other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, as that is a necessity of the case.*

☞ *Beware of imitations!* Each genuine bottle purchased direct of *Dr. M.* at his office is signed and sealed by DR. MATTISON, SPECIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ The Special Physician in attendance at the Providence institute both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician, who has had many years experience, giving his attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are free. Medicines will be sent by Express, *secure from observation*, to any part of the country. Also, accommodations for patients who desire watching for a few days, when such great care and skill received to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when mere ignorants be physicians, and poor knowledge be dangerous, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before any thing serious expends upon their constitutions. Be sure to whom you make the *essential professional examination*, before the silver cause out to, or the golden left behind. Satisfy yourself to be sure of your ground, before you go blindly into traps as if it you, without the least care or reason to regret when it is too late. Call at the Providence Institute, or write, without an hour's delay, to the Physician on DISEASES OF WOMEN, a Female *Licensed* physician, who also Circulars giving full information, such as every person of reflection and intelligence

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, March 8, 1861.

It is reported, by telegraph from Washington, that Judge Campbell of the Supreme Court, has not resigned. There is said to be an immense pressure from his State (Alabama) to bring about his resignation, but as yet it seems not to have been tendered. The report that Mr. Crittenden had been appointed in Mr. Campbell's place is of course not true; but his appointment, if it has been sent to the Senate, is to fill the vacancy for some time existing in consequence of the death of Judge Daniel, of Virginia. We think the appointment of Mr. Crittenden to the Supreme Bench would be generally approved, and there is no question but its influence in the border and the least radical of the Southern States would be good. There would be little if any opposition to him in the Senate, and so far as we have been able to get at the sentiments of the public prints and Republicans generally in New England, we think the appointment would be a popular one.

APPOINTMENTS CERTAIN AND PROBABLE. News from Washington say the following is the latest slate for Boston appointments: Collector, J. Z. Goodrich; Surveyor, Amos Tuck; Assistant Treasurer, L. B. Comins; Postoffice, Z. K. Pangborn; Marshal, J. L. Swift; Navy Agent, N. A. Thompson.

T. B. Gardner, of the *Boston Daily Advertiser*, goes to Port Luis, Mauritius, as Consul.

It is now stated that Buringame will go to Spain, Carl Schurz having prevailed upon him to give up Sardinia.

John H. Kasson, of Iowa, has been appointed First Assistant Postmaster General, and George W. McLellan, of Cambridge, Second Assistant Postmaster General.

Illinois has drawn the first diplomatic prize in the person of N. B. Judd, as Minister to Berlin. Herman Kreisman of Chicago goes as Secretary of Legation.

Frederick W. Seward, son of Hon. Wm. H. Seward, has been appointed Secretary of State.

RHODE ISLAND REPUBLICAN CONVENTION. The Republicans of Rhode Island met in convention, yesterday, at Providence, and nominated for Governor James Y. Smith, formerly Mayor of Providence, for Lieut. Governor, Simon B. Greene of Warwick; for Attorney General, Sullivan Ballou of Cranston; for Secretary of State, John R. Bartlett of Providence; Treasurer, Samuel A. Parker of Newport; for Congress, Eastern district, Christopher Robinson; Western district, James F. Brayton. The convention was full and and the proceedings were perfectly harmonious, indicating that they will render a good account of themselves at the polls today. There is no division between the two political parties on National matters, however; both are satisfied with Mr. Lincoln's position.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday, the Personal Liberty Bill was again under discussion; the question was on the reconsideration of the vote whereby the bill was passed to be engrossed (two sections having first been struck out). A final vote on the question is to be taken this afternoon. The matter was discussed by Messrs. Stone, Bonney and Northend.

In the House, the bill in addition to an act to incorporate the Howard Fire Insurance Company, at Lowell, was ordered to be engrossed. The following gentlemen were appointed on the part of the House as Overseers of Harvard College:—Hon. Thomas Russell, Henry D. Wheelwright, Rev. A. A. Miner, Rev. A. L. Stone and Rev. J. H. Twombly.

WHAT MAY BE EXPECTED. The Republican State Committee of New Hampshire have made their usual canvass of the State with the following result:

For Nathaniel S. Berry,	38,474
For George Stark, Jenness and Bartlett,	21,849
Berry's majority,	16,625
Republican majority over all (dividing the scatt'g)	5,025

The canvass has been carefully made; and with the exception of a few towns and wards has been promptly returned.

For several years the result of the election has not varied more than two or three hundred votes from the result of the State Committee, and it will not this year if the Republicans do their duty. The election takes place on Tuesday next.

THE *Boston Herald* is in favor of having a law passed creating gas-commissioners, whose duty it shall be to regulate the consumption of gas, independent of the gas-companies. The meters, it argues, should be in hands independent of the companies, for the reason that there are no grounds for believing that the gas companies are more honest than milk-dealers or others whole utensils are required by law to be tested by a sealer of the administration, and should not tender his advice until it is asked for. Wherever the administration wanted advice from the Senate, they would doubtless ask for it. It would be time enough for the senate to state what his policy might be, to one who may be soon be in the councils of the enemy and commander of an army. In reply to the remarks of Mr. Wigfall, Mr. Douglas said there was no reason to modify any resolution in his Norfolk speech.

Mr. Mason spoke against the inaugural as a declaration of war. Virginia would become a party to the war by the unanimous consent of her people, when the first gun was fired against the seceding States.

Mr. Douglas spoke further, to the effect that if the administration anticipate the use of arms, we shall see a proposition for an extra session of Congress in order to increase the regular forces and call volunteers into the field.

THE newspapers were in error in announcing the marriage of the President's niece (Miss Lane) on Monday last. No such event has taken place.

A PANORAMA is exhibited at Liverpool showing the progress of the Prince of Wales in this country, and contains views of the principal cities and towns through which he passed. There is also one of the same character on exhibition in Lowell.

JOHN COVODE, of Pennsylvania, speaks in Manchester to-night. To-morrow night Hon. Frank P. Blair, *Jr.*, speaks at Dover.

FROM THE SOUTH. We compile from the telegraphic despatches the following from the Southern States:—

Virginia. Mr. Carlisle made a powerful speech yesterday in the convention, against instructing the committee on federal relations to make a report pledging the State to resist coercion; he upheld the right of the General Government to collect the revenues, and was agreeably disappointed at the tone of the President's inaugural—opposed to placing Virginia in a hostile attitude against the government, and believed it was in the power of the people to restore harmony.

Mr. Randolph was the bearer to dispatches from Richmond, Messrs. Crittenden and Douglas replied — "Stand firm, and all will be right."

Louisiana. The *New York Herald's* correspondent telegraphs that in New Orleans Blair and Chase are the most objectionable men in the President's Cabinet; they of call Cameron the "Mrs. Partington of the War Department. They also have considerable faith in Mr. Seward, and believe that his peace policy and opposition to coercion, will have a good effect on Mr. Lincoln.

Texas. It is reported that Texas has "ratified the secession ordinance by from forty to forty-five thousand," which is a full or an ambiguous expression. The Texas force, under Ford, with Commissioner Nichols, some days ago, called upon Capt. Hill to surrender Fort Brown, he called Nichols and his men traitors, and sent to Ringgold Barracks for two hundred men. Captain Hill's men say he is determined to defend Fort Brown to the last, and would not obey any of Twiggs' orders to surrender. The troops at Fort Brown are in excellent health and spirits. State troops are being sent from Galveston to reinforce Ford at Brownsville.

Alabama. The "Montgomery Congress" has confirmed John H. Reagan of Texas, Postmaster General, Ellett of Mississippi having resigned. Hon. Bragg has confirmed as Brigadier-General, and Wm. J. Hardy was confirmed as Colonel, of the first regiment of infantry.

Yesterday Mr. Clayton reported a bill, providing that in the event of a conflict or of the refusal of the United States to recognize the independence of the confederacy, no court in the confederate States shall have cognizance of civil cases of citizens of the United States, all pending cases to be dismissed. A resolution was adopted, authorizing the President to instruct the commissioners to the European powers to enter into a treaty for the cessation of international copyright privileges.

Missouri. Yesterday, the convention received and referred several resolutions touching upon National matters, including one providing a committee to confer with the border States as to the best means of bringing the President to instruct the emergency; another declaring secession a dangerous political frenzy, that the Southern States have no excuse for seceding and asking the Northern States to repeal the personal liberty laws; that the United States will furnish neither men nor money for the purpose of coercion, and that a national convention be called making Mr. Crittenden's propositions the basis of action; another, requesting the Federal Government to deliver the Custom Houses and other offices in the seceded States to the people.

A resolution was unanimously adopted instructing the delegates to the Peace Convention be called making Mr. Crittenden's propositions the basis of action; another, requesting the Federal Government to deliver the Custom Houses and other offices in the seceded States to the people.

A resolution was unanimously adopted instructing the delegates to the Peace Convention to call a National Convention to assemble at Cincinnati on the 4th of July, to propose such amendments to the Constitution as may be deemed necessary to restore peace to the country. Seven States have established a government, and its representatives are now here, prepared to be received at the court, and matters in this controversy must be settled by treaty or by the sword. He argued that the only way to secure peace was to recognize the confederated States and withdraw the troops from the forts. If the Northern States would reform their laws, there was a possibility of reconstruction. He said that neither Forts Sumter nor Pickens would be allowed to be held but a short time, and himself with a flag of thirty-four stars will be fired into.

Mr. Douglas feared that Forts Sumter and Pickens could not be held much longer by the federal troops. There was a time when Fort Sumter could have been reinforced; he did not believe that it could be now, without the use of ten thousand men by land and sea. There were but a few men to serve the guns, and they must soon be exhausted, they had not bread and salt enough to last thirty days. There must be prompt action in favor of peace. He believed the President was in favor of peace.

Mr. Wigfall asked Mr. Douglas if he would advise the withdrawal of troops from Forts Sumter and Pickens, and from the borders of the confederate States, and that no attempt be made to collect the revenue.

Mr. Douglas replied that he was not in the councils or confidence of the administration, and should not tender his advice until it was asked for. Wherever the administration wanted advice from the Senate, they would doubtless ask for it. He would be ready at any moment to state what his policy might be, to one who may soon be in the councils of the enemy and commander of an army. In reply to the remarks of Mr. Wigfal, Mr. Douglas said there was no reason to modify any resolution in his Norfolk speech.

Mr. Mason spoke against the inaugural as a declaration of war. Virginia would become a party to the war by the unanimous consent of her people, when the first gun was fired against the seceding States.

Mr. Douglas spoke further, to the effect that if the administration anticipate the use of arms, we shall see a proposition for an extra session of Congress in order to increase the regular forces and call volunteers into the field.

CITY AND VICINITY.

WANTED.

A Lady, fully competent, wishes a situation as Housekeeper, or would accept a situation in a Sewing Establishment. Inquire of W. H. COOTE, 20 Appleton street. Reference given and required. 4tcf

WANTED,

A Room, furnished or not, within a short distance of the Merrimack Corporations. Address CHARLES H. C. J. BAKER. marlstlt

WANTED.

A good STORAGE ROOM. One located in Belvidere preferred. Apply at this office. marlstlt

A FARM.

Messrs. COLE, NUDD & WILSON would tender their grateful acknowledgments to the Hessian fly on the citizens generally for their generous efforts in rescuing their property from destruction by fire on Tuesday evening last.

They would also embrace this opportunity to say to their patrons and the public, that they have on hand a large assortment of Cooking and Parlor Stoves for sale, and that another Foundry will be erected with all possible despatch in this city. Lowell, March 8th, 1861. 4tt

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Proposition.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they cannot contain that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Store, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

A THIRD FIRE. Last night we had the third fire during the present week. About eleven o'clock fire was discovered issuing from a story and a half house in Centralville, in the rear of Dr. Boynton's house, on Fletcher street. The upper part of the building and the L part were saved, though the inside is pretty well burnt out. It was owned by Mrs. Charles Lee, and had been recently painted and fitted up for a family, who had expected to take possession of it to-day.—The loss is probably $200 or $400. Insured for $600 in the Eagle Insurance Company, of Boston.

CRUELTY. We saw a small boy in the Police Office this forenoon, who looked the picture of despair. His parents were dead, and he had lived with his uncle, an Irishman, who was cruel to him. He said he required was to beat and abuse the little fellow as much as possible. About four weeks since the boy slept out doors on the snow one night, and was found the next morning almost perished. He was clad in a thin jacket and pants, all his clothing being in a dilapidated state. A complaint having been made to the Mayor, with a statement of the circumstance, he called an extra session of the Board of Overseers yesterday afternoon, who decided to take the boy from his uncle and place him under the kind care of Mr. Phelps, of the Alms-house, and he was accordingly removed there this forenoon. The boy is probably ten years old, but only large for a boy six years, showing the hardships and abuse to which he must have been subjected. His life has opened darkly enough to be relieved by a bright ray of light at some future time.

CITY DRAFT FOR FEBRUARY. The city draft for the last month, payable on Monday next, amounts to $6,040 10, payable for the following appropriations:

Schools, $625,71; Repairs, $667,34; Police, $1,117,11; Paupers, $580,57; Reserved Fund, $2,368,37; Liquor Agency, $189,97; Library, $66,62; Printing, $83,50; Lighting, $374,18; Fire Department, $1,63; Repairs Public Buildings, $1,00.

BENEFIT. The Lowell City Guards will have a complimentary leve at Huntington Hall, Tuesday evening, 12th inst., for the benefit of Private Bert self-styled "Bert," lost his hand while firing a salute on the 22nd ult. The music will be furnished by Brooks, Davis & Carlton's Quadrille Band. Dancing from 8 to 12 o'clock. The pathetic story of the public for the unfortunate man should ensure a crowded hall, which we trust will be the case.

YOUNG BURGLARS. The shoe store of J. Whiteley, on Merrimack Street, was entered by burglars last Sunday night and a number of boots taken. One of the rogues, a small boy, has been arrested. He had a pair of the boots on.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, James M. Gregor, common drunkard, was sent to the House of Correction for two months.

Patrick Murphy, for breaking and entering Solomon & William Langley's shop, was committed to the House of Correction.

LOSS TO THE HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY. The Howard Company had a policy of $2,200 on the stock of T. R. Holland, engraver and lithographer, who was partially burnt out by fire in School Street, Boston, last evening.

A FOUNDLING IN DRACUT. About 4 o'clock last Sunday morning, a carriage was driven up what is known as the "back road," in Dracut, and stopped a moment at the house of Mr. J. Call, of nearly a mile and centre meeting-house. It soon passed on, and those who heard the carriage thought nothing of the occurrence at the time. The morning, Mr. Cregg found on his door step a basket, and in the basket an infant boy, apparently two or three days old. He took it in and kept it a day or two, or the regulation of the national finances and currency, his wid has been supreme. He directed the Secretary of the Treasury have been his servant. Does any one who knows anything of human nature suppose that such power can be relinquished without bitterness of heart, and even frantic struggles?

Is Buffalo, N. Y., last week, Margaret Wolf recovered damages to the amount of $100 from the Niagara Street Railroad did age was run through the street in the mud, some weeks since, by her hoop skirt, which was caught in the railing as she was stepping off from one of their cars.

WINTER, which strips the leaves from around us, makes us see the distant regions they formerly concealed; so does old age rob us of our enjoyments only to enlarge the prospect of eternity before us.

HUBBARD'S GREAT PANTOSCOPE of the *Prince of Wales tour through the United States and Canada, at Huntington Hall, last night.* This magnificent Panoramic Painting embracing sixty-three colossal views, was unrivalled for the first time at Huntington Hall last night, commencing with a view of the Prince's departure from the harbor of Bristol, England. This exhibition show all of the principal places of interest visited during the time the Prince passed in this tour in America.

Every scene, from the departure from Bristol to the love taking of American affections, is presented in one with all the distinctness and plainness actually startling, seducing the beholder into the belief that the Prince is one more in America, and is right among the people. The accompanying entertainment was in keeping with the enthusiasm which all know were heaped upon him. The views on the Saguenay River are held in the centre—the entering view off Cape Split, is one of the best we have ever seen. The various views of the Hall Room Reception in the different cities are painted with great spirit and are gorgeous and brilliant in their appearance. We think, however, that one of the finest things on the whole canvas is the moonlight scene on the prairies of Illinois. Here where there are so many good things, it is no use for us to particularize. The exhibition is one of the finest ever in Lowell, and every man, woman and child should go. The gentlemanly and efficient Mr. Pearson brothers have added another laurel to their already long list. Come—to-night and to-morrow night is the last of this exhibition here, as it will sail for England next week. We think all of our readers, go and see it before it leaves.

The subjoined forcible article on "Mechanical Support," condensed from the *Northern Independent*, we pass along to the readers of our columns, as we think it seems to have prompted its ingenuous author.

MECHANICAL SUPPORTS,

For the relief of persons suffering under displacements of the internal viscera from bad forms and positions of the body.

There is every reason to believe that many of the life's ailments which arise from such organic displacements, which artificial mechanical supports are designed to relieve, and organic disease—interferes with the functions of the organs, but after a certain time disease follows displacement, though the latter may be the result of long years of bad habit and disorder will its attendant pain and suffering

The following letter from a lady, contains some remarks

Bones in its natural form in the erect posture, should curve inwards, as it rises above the hips, so that a line drawn from the top of the shoulder to the ankles should fall on the centre of the body. The bones of the spine should form the muscles which are attached to the bones, and which are also under the control of the internal organs—in that elevated position the essential to the moral dignity of man's carriage—and protect them from displacement or injury. Whether we walk, run, or stand erect, these muscles are the only true supports of the body. There is not a muscle, nor a movement of the lungs, heart, liver, stomach or bowels, that does not affect the form and proper position; and were these abnormal muscles brought into their natural position, the body would immediately fill by their own weight, and the lungs, heart, liver, bowels, &c., would be supported only by more vein, arteries, pipes and nerves.

Hence we see what serious derangement all the body organs must suffer from displacement, the bowels sinking will drag down the liver, the stomach will sink, and the whole train of digestive organs, causing fearness headache, nervousness, pain in the back, pain in the bones in the chest, difficulty of breathing palpitation of the heart, and a host of ills, all of which were complained of by the host of invalids in this city.

Relaxation of the abdominal muscles *often occur*, and in two ways.

First: *Inherent relaxation*, by exhaustion from over use.

Second: *Accidental relaxation*, by the over stretching of the same. Therefore some contrivance that will restore the same to its right position, and support the viscera, will generally give relief. This is a clear reason why we can never reach such cases.

Mrs. Dr. Harding, N. of New York City, has invented an instrument well adapted for the purpose, which is highly spoken of by the profession.

It is to restore the back to its original and right position.

To bind up the abdomen, and assist the muscles to perform their duties in their proper place.

To keep the shoulders and thus expand the chest. It is constructed scientifically upon the lines of Physiology, after years of patient search. All other shoulder braces and aid must and supports are. Dismal failures, as they do not reach the real difficulty, for bracing the abdomen and shoulders is of little use when the spine is unsupported. Banning's Body Brace is worn next to the body with the corset, and in its natural position, giving even to the puny a graceful and perfect and erect form of health.

But whether the human frame can ever be restored by mechanical support, or medicinal nature, can be better tested by experience than theory, as I was informed a young miscellaneous cures effected by the above instrument. My self and friends are desirous of giving the public an opportunity to walk five steps, arose and went about the room, for the first time in 6 weeks. Mr. Banning's Brace was adjusted. She soon commenced to do her household duties, and has not done ever since. Of course she is enthusiastic in its praise, and believes that many suffering sisters should try it for themselves. There are hundreds of cases in this city and vicinity that require as this of the merits of this instrument. I will be pleased to show it to any one. If I have ventured to write thus without his knowledge, in the hope that some one among your many readers may be directed to a rational and scientific means of relief.

JOHN H. WISE.

Brockport, July 20, 1860.

Professor Banning may be consulted at 86 Merrimack Street, (B. B. Adams') until the 13th inst.

REV. LOT B. SULLIVAN, aged seventy years, died in Fall River on the 1st inst. He was a Congregational minister in active service for fifty years, but during the five years he has been confined to the house with chronic rheumatism, a disease which finally terminated his life.

The *Baltimore (Md.) Patriot* finds in Mr. Lincoln's inaugural an assurance of pacificatory purposes, and of the intention to enforce the laws as nearly as possible; in conformity with the will of the whole people.

The *Laconia (N. H.) Democrat* says that a lady in that village has for some days had in her possession a counterfeit $5 bill on the Suncook Bank, with a statement of the circumstances, and a third cousin to be the owner. Hopkinton *Democrat*.

Ah, be all the counterfeits in existence, or anywhere else, we say, send them to us. Ed. Courier.

ASK FOR HILMBOLDT'S. TAKE NO OTHER. CURES *GUARANTEED*.

See advertisement in another column.

dec15 eow

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

This splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous—perfect—harmless—reliable—no disappointment—no ridiculous tints—imparting the hair—remedies the ill effects of Bad Dyes, and restores Nature's color to Hair for life. Sold at the genuine saloon signed "W. A. Batchelor." Sold everywhere.

CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
No. 233 Broadway, N. Y.

mar11 ly

Perfumery.

POND'S Extract, Bazin's Florimel, and a assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by a KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John Sts. mar11

A GOOD COMPARISON.

If The love. William Hosking, a well known Methodist clergyman, residing at Naples, draws the following amusing but apt comparison between Dr. M Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Penn., and a fever:

"A fever, when placed at the entrance of a fair-hole, enters the aperture, travels along the passage, seizes upon the rat, extravasates his blood, produces inflammation, gives strength, quickens the circulation, and parches the blood better than it can be moistened.

"So the love enters the mouth, and travels to the Bowels and Stomach, among which are Savages of Worms, Tape, Pin, Seat and Stomach Worms, Poplar and Prickly Ash Bark, Rhubarb, Dandelion, and other vegetable tonics, which are considered as act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forcing the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Prevents sea sickness, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe to all ages. Only 25 cents per bottle.

This same nonsense is also put up in a more concentrated form, called **Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Pills**, at 25 cents per box. Concentrated and without gagging or pain, and will cure Costiveness. Sick Headache, Biliousness, &c., &c.

Orders addressed to J. O'BRIEN, Agent for C. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston. ly mar2

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It is less dusty,
It costs less money,
The best coal for burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street. mar14eod

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

Is the Original and Best in the World.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you regard your hair.

GRAY, RED, OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful Brown or Black, without injury to the hair or skin.

BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded the Medal of Honor, and are the best in use. Sold at the genuine saloon, 233 Broadway, New York. Sold by druggists everywhere.

W. A. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
CHARLES BATCHELOR, Professors,
233 Broadway street, New York.
mar13 ly

Take no more unpleasant or unsafe Medicines. Try a safe and pleasant remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Has been used in private practice with the most PROMINENT PHYSICIANS IN THE U. S., and is now offered to the public as a certain cure for the following diseases, viz:

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Debility, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions, Impurity of the Blood, Scrofula, Affections of the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Dropsical Swellings, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and while they purify and invigorate the system, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and purify the blood better than any other preparation.

To Females and Invalids, they are especially recommended as an invigorant, which may be relied upon to restore the patient to perfect health.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

Is prepared according to directions, and is used as a beverage, common drink, &c., at the will of the patient, without the fear of exposure or change of diet necessary.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

Is a powerful diuretic, and will in a few days effect a cure in all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing

SEWING MACHINES.

"I like those women whose stuff is their needle, for when they lean upon it it caresses, not cheer'aches, their fingers' ends." "I think the needle has done more than the sword of war."—Horace Mann Address.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and the rapidly increasing demand for the same does not fail to be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following:

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their own interests are cautioned to purchase only machines bearing the GROVER & BAKER stitch, which is the same as is produced from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Manufactory, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped with the name of the Company, as per Letters Patent, dated 29th September, 1857.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patents, during the existence thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are practical infringements, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company

18 Summer street, Boston;
No. 495 Broadway, New York;
730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore;
196 Main street, Cincinnati;
155 Lake street, Chicago.
24 North Fourth street, St. Louis;
91 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agents for Lowell, HUBBARD, LANE & CO.
dec14 s1

New England Family SEWING MACHINE.

AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the best Lock Stitch and Double Thread Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to break or get out of order than machines which are more complicated in their construction — The machine weighs but 11 and is half pounds, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in so thorough a manner, that even though every third stitch be cut, it is impossible to start it apart. It may be examined at No. 17, Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $10.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan23

Kerosene-Burners,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling wholesale and retail at DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS.

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at DEARDEN'S Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher. 85 Merrimack Street. feb

Working Men, women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way, to make money, without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried on by many, until the latter have used this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from those who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months ago was not worth nothing is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $15 per week. Boys can clear from $5 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent free of receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold the above business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H H MARTIN & CO.,
aug24 Augusta, Maine

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is unequalled by any house in the United States.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock.

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the Gold Band and Bird Pitcher, which will last them their whole life.

W. DEARDEN,
85 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown, of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *menstrual and monic influx*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent obstructions*, if taken *just before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember. This medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the price will be refunded.* ☜

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MENSRUAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature both of MALE & FEMALE. Dr. M. is a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving it a whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, & all medicines sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Dr. M. has also a large assortment of Agents, or Licensees, and stamped with the name of the Company, as per Letters Patent, dated 29th September, 1857.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patents, during the existence thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are practical infringements, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

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Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS.

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at DEARDEN'S Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher. 85 Merrimack Street. feb

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from celebrated Potteries

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions from the manufactories, who make goods are of the *very best* quality and shapes, and will be sold at prices that cannot be undersold, just arrived from the English and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats,

and many other articles too numerous to men tion.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and selected by myself in stock, which is very large, making an assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.

HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department. Merchants who are going to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully informed that examine my assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.

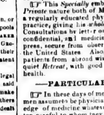
Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them to you, and *will prefer pleasure* to sell them to you.

I have always on hand a large stock of the best assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale or retail, at the old established H. HAYNES' China Emporium," 85 Merrimack Street, less than 6 rods from the post office.

H. S. HAYNES.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," Chef de Cuisine to the Reform Club, is, since its discovery, pronounced by all to be the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, the only correct recipe. It is the most delicious Sauce in England and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American epicures and is much appreciated as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We pronounce it excellent."—Illustrated London News.

"More nutritious than Soup," entitled "Sultana's Sauce." It is delicious, and will add a new relish to every variety of stew and hash."—Observer.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a capital thing, and will improve the most indifferent dinner."—Punch.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a delightful addition to the table."—Lancet.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Court Journal.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Morning Herald.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Morning Post.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Morning Chronicle.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Standard.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Globe.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Sun.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Daily News.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Observer.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Bell's Life.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Weekly Dispatch.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Sunday Times.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Sunday Gazette.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Sunday Herald.

"Sultana's Sauce" is a most delicious addition to the table."—Sunday Observer

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, March 9, 1861.

ABOUT APPOINTMENTS. As was to be expected, there is considerable scrambling at this time for the offices that are within the gift of the President and the "powers that be" at Washington. We trust that all who are in expectation of favors at the public crib, have made up their minds to the fact that "doubtful things are very uncertain," and will be willing to live in the ranks of the Republican party even if they are not successful in getting an office.—There probably is ten applicants for every office, and some must surely be left out in the cold, a fact we wish to impress upon the mind of every one who is at this time on the "anxious seat." All cannot have offices, however earnestly they may have worked to secure the election of "Old Abe," and it will be foolish to fall out with him, or their successful competitors, but some will do so, nevertheless.

We present below the following respecting the operation of "the guillotine," thus far, and the work in view for it. It is quite efficient, operating "to a charm."—

Col. Lorenzo Thomas has been appointed Adjutant General, vice Cooper, resigned. Walton Smith has been appointed to the clerkship formerly filled by Godard Bailey. John Nicolay and J. G. Hay, both of Illinois, have been formally appointed Private and Assistant Secretaries to the President. The son of Mr. Smith, Secretary of the Interior, was appointed Librarian to the Interior Department, vice, Lester of Mississippi, a secessionist, per se. Gen. Granger, Recorder of the General Land Office, and brother-in-law to Senator Douglas has been removed. John Defrees of Indiana, has been appointed Superintendent of Public Printing. John A. Jones of Illinois, has been appointed Superintendent of Statistics in the State Department, vice, H. C. McLaughlin. A son of John W. Forney has been appointed Second Lieutenant in the marine corps. Francis Brinley of Tyngsboro', formerly of Boston, is spoken of for Solicitor of the Treasury, which office is now vacant. He held it for many years since. The Vermont delegation has recommended Hon. Geo. P. Marsh. for the Sardinian mission, or some other first class mission. James Smith Slidell, of Minnesota, is to be Commissioner of the Land Office. Among the prominent candidates for consul at London, is Col. Schouler of Massachusetts. Charles Francis Adams is mentioned as the most prominent candidate for Minister to England. Mr. Fessenden of Maine, Corwin of Ohio, and W. L. Dayton of New Jersey, also named in connection with the same mission.

C. M. Clay, it is said, may have the mission to Mexico, and Emerson Etheridge, of Tennessee, is urged for some for Minister Spain. Col. Fremont, who was on his way to Europe, stands a good chance to be appointed Minister to France. Carl Schurz, of Wisconsin, will be clothed with the powers of a first class mission to Sardinia. Mr. Holloway, of Indiana, will probably be appointed Commissioner of Patents, and Mr. Dale, of Illinois, is urged for Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

FROM THE SOUTH. There is not much of interest from the south. As usual, there is a good deal of "war" talk, but people are getting used to it. The scene to be the grand divertisement of the united States to talk fight; and since it serves to amuse them and "nobody is injured" by it, the result will not be disastrous. It is their safety valve, and were it not for this talk, they might explode, as did the mother of Jacob Faithful, if not partially from the same cause.

The Southern Confederacy has passed an army bill, and it is reported that a force of 50,000 men will soon be raised. What is to be done with this army of course not appear. At New Orleans it is said that the President's inaugural is deemed to be a declaration of war. The legislature of Louisiana has passed an ordinance to seize the Federal Twiggs' conduct. The legislature of Delaware has adjourned, first refusing to call an extra session to consider our national affairs. Nothing new has taken place in Virginia convention. North Carolina has gone against a convention by a handsome majority. Missouri is still pursuing the right course, and is not to be moved.

LEGISLATIVE. There was considerable discussion yesterday, in the Senate, on the Personal Liberty Bill, a subject which is almost inexhaustible. Some halt dozen of the Senators spoke on the question, and the vote, when finally taken (which was on reconsidering the vote by the eight sections had been stricken out) was declared in the affirmative, and the two sections were restored. On motion, the bill as first reported was ordered to be engrossed.

In the House, among the petitions presented, were those of N. B. Edwards and 42 others of Chelmsford, Josiah Ames and 26 others of Dracut, and John Richards and 76 others of Lowell, in favor of petition for Bank of Industry in Lowell. Mr. Clerk of Lowell, moved that the petition for this bank be taken from the table, but his motion was lost. The constitutional amendment to authorize the Boston and Maine Railroad to widen its bridge over Charles river was resumed, and occupied considerable time. After several ineffectual attempts to amend the bill, it was passed to a third reading as originally reported.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamship North Briton arrived at Portland last night. She brings a large amount of specie. We condense her news. Eugene Scribe, the celebrated dramatist is dead. The fortresses at Messina and Tronto have been summoned to surrender by the Sardinians, but General Fergolla is in command at Messina, has declared his intention to resist until the last extremity. The rumored negotiations between Sardinia and Rome are denied. It is reported that orders have been sent to Trieste to arm the entire force of sailing vessels in the Austrian navy. England had been visited by heavy gales, which had done considerable damage. Several Hungarian districts are to be declared in a state of siege.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 5.

KANSAS, February 20th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: My last closed at Hollo, Mo., from which place I have been travelling a southwest course, through the State of Missouri, until I have penetrated the State of Kansas. During this long line of stage-coach travel, I have found only one place that, at the late election, went against the Union ticket, and that was at Waynesville—a little village of a dozen log huts in a hollow of the Ozark Mountains. When the stage drove up to the grocery, to change the mail, a "lot" of young men with high-crowned hats, red and yellow belts on, were seen hanging down over their eyes and coat collars, their faces brown from smoke and wind and red from whisky, were standing about the door. I got out and said—"Well, boys, how did the election go here?" "O," said they, "this place went for the South, we are all Southerners." The mail changed, and on we went, winding our way along the valleys of the rough and fire-rock-bound mountains of this sparsely settled country. Thirteen hundred dollars a year Uncle Sam pays for mail carrys for twice a week through this "God-forsaken country," and yet, forsooth, they vote to go out of the Union!

Getting through the mountains, we enter Webster County—named after our great statesman, and its county seat, Marshfield, after his last resting-place. Now, then, I can say with a fair degree of knowledge, that the people of Missouri are for the Union; but rely upon it, that they will not be for it only with a guaranty of their rights from some just power of some promise; without this they will go with the South. I know several slave-holders in Missouri, intelligent men, who are Republicans—now in Sarcoxie; also a people are very indignant at such inconsistency, as they call it.

The business of the people of Southern Missouri is to raise stock and mill down to Louisiana and Mississippi, and on a year's credit. This year the drovers have been down, but could not get the money as usual for their last year's sales. So the farmer don't get his money to pay his country merchant, and the country merchant, therefore, can't pay the wholesale dealer in St. Louis, and, hence, St. Louis becomes a great loser, and ruin stares its business in the face.

I am in Kansas, and now what I about to say, I do with care and conscience.—The representations of the starvation in Kansas have been altogether over-rated. There was a great fright in the fall and early part of the winter in Kansas and southwest Missouri, when the adjacent to Kansas, and corn was scarce at a dollar a bushel; but it is now only worth from 60 to 75 cents per bushel. I saw a letter from a traveller 125 miles northwest of Fort Scott, which was in the starving section, stating to the miller who wrote him that he would sell him for from 33 to 34.50 per cwt., that he (the Kansas man) could buy cheaper and nearer. There is enough to eat and drink where I am, and the panic is nearly passed. In all this I was happily disappointed. If Kansas people would have bread for winter, they must plough deep and hoe well their corn. I saw some corn to day raised by ——— Johnson, Esq., last year, as good as I ever saw in my life, notwithstanding the drought, by deep ploughing and thoroughly cultivating.—Now, there are a great many settlers in Kansas and some sent there by the Emigrant Aid Society, who are too lazy to live there or anywhere else, and had rather have some one beg for them than to work.

Emigrancy is the curse of all the country round about him. He has his sentinels in every town and county, most of whom are desperate men. His motto is, that such every man that opposes him and the country will not have quiet until he is disposed of. A traitor to his dare devil deeds who overtaken in Johnson county last week, and murdered on his own wagon.

I have visited my beautiful lands on Spring River, and find they have greatly enhanced in value, since I was last here.

The farther I penetrate south, the more I feel that "'Tis Greece, but living Greece no more." I am already beyond the confines of free speech. To-day I have entered the State of Arkansas, and what reflections crowd upon the mind! Only a twenty-two centuries ago! What a galaxy of memories cluster around that talismanic name! Following the brilliant track of her history, we cannot fail to mark that before her people became politically independent, they had learned to be mentally free! So with the republican Greeks were as free as thought—and the eagle of wing when amid his native Alpine pastures. The philosophers, with mind unbiassed by traditions, allegories and dogmas, gave widest scope to reason, and sought in Nature's lovely works for new inspiring truths. The past, with unreasoned freedom, sang in sweetest notes of love, and truth, and justice, and the memory of words. The artist gazed upward upon the dome of the midnight sky, or wandered the blooming flowery vale decked in the smiling face of spring, and joyfully imagined the enchanting scene. The warrior, fearless of death, gallantly fought and won unfading laurels for his country.

All the history of ancient Greece, up to that the whole secret of the stability of her government, her liability and the liability of other institutions, and the greatness of the nation, was found in the boundless mental freedom of her people, in thought and speech. This was the magic wand which gave her imperishable renown. as the conviction of the young successful that she has achieved a triumph which should ennoble down to late generations.

"A red headed Indian, with red whiskers and red moustache, has appeared in Winchendon. His preference is for the Redeye." There are a good many sandy complexion Indians among the Delawares of Kansas, and without being told of the fact, one would not surmise on seeing them once, that they were not white.

FAST DAY. Gov. Andrew has set apart Thursday, April 4th, to be observed in this State as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer.

The heart heaves and pants like a pent-up volcano. Better that our cities should become crumbling ruins and our fertile fields desolate waster, than that the mind of man should be subjugated by any abridgement of thought and speech.

II.

CONGRESS. Yesterday, the Senate adopted Mr. Dixon's resolution to print the Inaugural Address.

Mr. Foster of Ct., offered the following resolution:

"*Whereas*, Mr. Wigfall, now Senator from Texas, has declared in debate that he is a foreigner, owing no allegiance to the United States, and that, to another, it is resolved that Louis T. Wigfall be expelled from this body."

Mr. Simmons moved to amend by substituting ——

"It is understood that the State of Texas has seceded from the Union, and is no longer one of the United States, therefore:

Resolved, That Texas is not entitled to be represented in this body."

Mr. Foster not seeing Mr. Wigfall, let the resolution lay over.

On motion of Mr. Sumner the Senate referred to the Committee on Judiciary the resolution heretofore submitted by Mr. Mason, that there be paid out of the contingent fund such actual cost as shall be incurred by Silas Carlton and his associates now pending in the Circuit Court in Massachusetts against Carlton, founded on acts in executing the process of the Senate against one F. B. Sanborn.

The Senate then went into executive session.

The following are the Standing Committees:

Foreign Relations—Sumner of Mass., Collamer, Doolittle, Harris, Douglas, Folk and Hemphill.

Finance—Fessenden, of Maine, Simmons, Wade, Howe, Hunter, Pearce and Bright.

Commerce—Chandler of Mich., King, Morrill, Wilson, Clingman, Saulsbury and Johnson.

Military—Wilson of Mass., King, Baker, Lane, Rice, Latham and Breckinridge.

Naval Affairs—Hale of N. H., Grimes, Foot, Thompson, Powell and Kennedy.

Judiciary—Trumbull of Ill., Foster, Davis, Cowan, Bayard, Powell and Clingman.

Post Office—Collamer of Vt., Dixon, Wade, Latham, Wright and Latham.

Public Lands—Harlan of Iowa, Bingham, Clark, Wilkinson, Johnson, Mitchell and Bragg.

Private Claims—Harris of N. Y., Ten Eyck, Sumner, Polk and Bayard.

Indian Affairs—Doolittle of Wis, Baker, Cowan, Ten Eyck, Sebastian, Rice and Nesmith.

Pensions—Foster of Conn., Bingham, Lane, Simmons, Saulsbury, Powell and Mitchell.

Revolutionary Claims—King of N. Y., Chandler, Wilkinson, Nicholson, Nesmith, Clark, Simmons, Howe, Cowan, Bragg and Polk.

District of Columbia—Grimes of Iowa, Anthony, Morrill, Wade, Kennedy, Clingman and Powell.

Inter-Ocean—Simmons of R. I., Sumner, Doolittle, Thompson and Sebastian.

Public Buildings—Foot of Vt., Dixon, Chandler, Bright and Kennedy.

Territories—Wade of Ohio, Wilkinson, Cowan, Hale, Douglas, Sebastian and Bragg.

Audit expenses—Dixon of Conn., Clark and Johnson.

Printing—Anthony of R. I., Harlan and Johnson.

Engrossed Bills—Lane of Ind., Morrill and Mitchell.

Enrolled Bills—Bingham of Mich., Baker and Saulsbury.

Library—Pearce of Md., Collamer and Fessenden.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE. Rev. William O. Lee, of Wilton, has been applying as successor to the late Rev. Enos George, the *three* pulpits in Barnstead, N. H., for about six months, was ordained on the 12th ult., by Rev. Joseph P. Fessenden, pastor of the church at South Bridgton, N. H., died in that place on Wednesday, February 13th. He has been pastor of that church from its organization in 1828. He was a brother of Gen. Samuel Fessenden of Portland.

Rev. E. Davis, of Pepper Mill Village, N. H., has received a unanimous call to become the pastor of the Universalist Society in Methuen, and has accepted it. The Congregational Church in the same place have extended a call to Rev. K. H. Greenleaf of Natick.

Rev. Benjamin H. Bailey will be installed as pastor of the Unitarian Society in Dedham on the 14th of March. The sermon on the occasion will be preached by Rev. Dr. Francis of Cambridge.

Bishop Hopkins, of the Vermont Episcopal diocese, has written a letter in which he argues at length that slavery is no sin according to the Bible.

Rev. Edmund Squire of South Boston, Suffolk co. very highly esteemed minister in the Unitarian denomination, has lately applied for orders in the Episcopal church.

I BELIEVE there is no period of life so happy as that in which a thriving lover leaves his mistress after his first success—before the honeymoon—more than at the absolute moment of his own eager vow, and her half answering blushes. Then he is thinking chiefly of her, and is, to a certain degree embarassed by the overflowing presence of his own. But when the promise has once been given to him, and he is able to escape into the domain of his own heart, he is a conqueror, and has mastered half a continent by his own strategy. It never seems to him then, that the success that his success is no more than that which is the ordinary lot of mortal man. He never reflects that a full half of the married proficiency he knows and despises, have just as much right to that which he has, as have enduring that every fat, silent, dull, somnolent soul lady whom he sees and quizzes has at some period been as much to be worthy a prize as his priceless gallcon, and so deemed by as bold a captor as himself. Some one has said that every young mother, when her first child is born, regards the babe as the result of a wonderful invention of that description which the world has yet known. And who, too, is true. But I doubt even whether the conviction is so strong as the conviction of the young successful lover, who has achieved a triumph which should ennoble down to late generations.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

The Monthly Lecture in the South Congregational Church will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Hinckley, to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock.

REV. A. J. TWOM will lecture on Assessments to-morrow evening in his Church, commencing at 7 o'clock. Seats free.

REV. MR. MOTT will commence a series of discourses on important religious topics, in the Free will Baptist Church, Paige Street, to-morrow afternoon. Subject of the first discourse—The Bible.

REV. L. D. BARROWS will preach at St. Paul's Hard Street Methodist Episcopal Church to-morrow.

MR. M. B. KEYES, of Manchester, N. H., will speak at Wells' Hall, next Sunday, at the usual hours in the morning and afternoon.

WANTED.

A Lady, fully competent, wishes a situation as Governess, or would accept a few pupils to her own class room. Inquire of WM. H. COOPER, 107 Appleton Street. References given and required.

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WANTED.

A Room, furnished or not, within a short distance of the Merrimack Corporation. Address

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Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,

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They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy: they contain much that is of great interest to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

ON THE FOURTH PAGE—An excellent variety of articles take the place of a sermon, which we could not prepare for to-day. We think, however, every one will appreciate the selections that have been given instead. For next week and the week following, the sermons by Lowell clergymen already engaged we hope to be able to give one every week hereafter.

LOWELL BANKS. The following is the official statement of the average condition of the Banks in Lowell, for the four weeks ending March 2, 1861:—

	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie Deposits.	
Appleton,	$200,000	$186,554	$7,420	$94,136
Lowell,	300,000	319,841	3,909	99,000
Merrimack,	600,000	576,972	8,223	85,018
Pawtucket,	150,000	150,000	2,000	57,000
Tremont,	100,000	278,855	4,593	41,915
Wamesit,	150,000	278,855	4,593	41,915
	Balance in other banks.	Due other Banks.	Circulation.	
Appleton,	$ 70,365	$ 20,113	$ 197,000	
Lowell,	17,200	33,408	287	82,602
Merchants,	70,000	5,000	10,000	129,000
Pawtucket,	28,461	2,000	10,015	120,714
Tremont,	70,966	23,566	10,011	120,714
Wamesit,	70,966	23,566	10,011	120,714

The above show the loans and discounts of our banks to be $2,675,105, a decrease of $27,897 since the last monthly statement; specie in bank, $50,016, a decrease of $1,162; deposits $250,808, a decrease of $11,285; balance in other banks, $245,-760, an increase of $37,633; due from other banks, $313,283, an increase of $31,468, amount due other banks, $64,377, an increase of $2,098; circulation, $916,276, an increase of $22,120.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Charles Graham, a young lad, for breaking and entering the shoe store of Joseph Whidden, Merrimack Street, last Sunday night, and larceny of boots and shoes to the amount of $60, was ordered in $300 for his future appearance. Committed.

John Shields, for an assault upon Joseph Cram of Dracut, was ordered in $100 to a future day. Mr. Cram drove into town last Sunday, and left his horse standing on Merrimack Street. On going to look after it, he discovered that it was missing, and after searching for a time, found it in possession of Shields, who was having a free ride about the city. Mr. Cram commanded his team, when Shields refused to give it up, and upon Mr. C.'s attempting to take possession, the latter struck him several times, for which he had him arrested. Shields had just been convicted in the Superior Court, for an assault upon a party at the Locks, on the Bell torch-light procession in this city.

LECTURES ON PHYSICAL EDUCATION. At the request of many ladies, Prof. Banning will continue his lectures at Mechanics' Hall, on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, on the same subject. They will commence at 3 P. M., before *ladies only*, and at 8 P. M., before both ladies and gentlemen. Admission one dime, at the door. Subject for Monday—Physical Education, especially as relates (before the ladies) to the management of infants, and in the evening to the dress, diet, exercises, habits and schooling of children and youth. Subject for Tuesday—a general summary of the whole of his recent course, whereby those who have not previously heard him, may possess themselves of the whole matter. He continues his consultations at 56 Church Street, (E. B. Adams.)

GONE TO BOSTON. The Committee on Fire Department of the City Council have gone to Boston to-day, to view the working of the new steamer, recently built. Fire Department of the City Council have gone to Boston to-day, to view the working of the new steamer, recently built. The engine will probably be purchased the coming summer, when one or two of the present companies will doubtless be disbanded.

SUPERIOR COURT. *Civil Term.* The March term of this Court for the trial of civil cases will commence in this city on Monday next. It is understood that Judge Morton will hold the Court.

MR. WILLEY'S CONCERT. The *Boston Bee*, of Friday last, has the following well merited mention of the late concert by Mr. Willey, at Huntington Hall—compliments any to him and also to his unusually large orchestra:—

"Prof. George F. Willey of Lowell gave his annual spring concert, in Huntington Hall, in that city, on Thursday evening. He was assisted by several of the singers of Boston, including Mrs. Jenny Twitchell Kempton. The orchestra was composed of nearly three hundred and seventy-five of his pupils, the female portion of which were very tastefully attired and presented a most brilliant array of beauty and talent. The programme was quite choice, and its rendition very satisfactory to the large audience. That Prof. Willey has fairly won the musical heart of Lowell, and the complete success of his concert on Tuesday evening, evinces his determination to keep it."

A GOOD COMPARISON.

☞ The Rev. William Rouiatt, a well-known Methodist clergyman, residing at Naples, draws the following amusing but apt comparison, between Dr. M Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Penn., and a forest:

"A forest, when placed at the entrance of a rat-hole, enters the aperture, travels along the passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his entire species, and then the animal's defunct carcase to the light. And in like manner have I found *Dr. M'Lane's American Vermifuge* to operate upon worms, those dreadful and dangerous tormentors of children. This remedy, like the forest, enters the aperture of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, lays hold of the worms, shakes the life out of the reptiles, sweeps clean their den, and carries their carcases clear out of the system.—That, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children."

A neighbor of Mr. Rouiatt, Mr. John Briggs, also says that the Vermifuge will cure Canker, thus giving their most unqualified approval of this great specific, after having witnessed its operation upon their own children. Let others try it, and be satisfied.

☞ Fleming's Vermifuge is for sale by all druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle.

☞ Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Penn., sole proprietors.

☞ Fleming's Vermifuge is for sale in Lowell by GEO. RIPLEY, Agent, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

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He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks for the past patronage he has received for the last seven years, and hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

Lowell, March 2, 1861. 15m mar9dlmp.

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This Elegant Preparation is the favorite toilet article of fashionable resort in the Middle Country. It is most delightful in its effects, producing a luxuriant growth of hair on the face, and will give immediate relief to the Blind or Bleeding Piles. It allays pulmonary irritation in the consumptive. The ointment is also a certain remedy for

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This is the most effectual method of cautioning the public against those worthless imitations which are palmed upon the unwary. Ask for Hagan's Magnolia Balm, and observe that the name of the article is blown in the glass of each bottle. Sold by druggists and Perfumers generally throughout the United States, Canada and Europe.

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The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Lowell.

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Mrs. Wm. Boott,	J. P. Appleton,
Joshua B. Dana,	Mrs. Wm. Boott,
Mrs. Joshua Nesmith,	T. L. Richardson,
Ephraim Brown,	Mrs. Wm. Boott,
	Mrs. Wm. Boott,
Abner A. Wood,	Mrs. Wm. Boott,
Benjamin B. Jones,	Mrs. Wm. Boott,
	Mrs. Wm. Boott,
	Mrs. Wm. Boott,

RELIGIOUS.

WHEN CHRISTIANS ARE UNITED.

The time doth hasten on apace,
And every day hastens it,
When Christ shall hasten all bound in love,
To unite to his dearest.
The second of strife shall pass away,
And every heart be plighted—
It shall be known upon that day
That Christians are united.

The bells take wings at the tidings glad,
And each be each deriyed;
Till east and west and round the earth they sound
And through the air hovered;
The very sun shall brighter be—
The hills and vales delighted,
To hearing sons shall shall unbind
When Christians are united.

The sons of man shall know a joy
Which in the earth was never;
And every heart shall leap a limpless hopes
For ever and for ever.
The heart shall answer back to heart,
In truest blessing plighted—
And sorrows never more be known
When Christians are united.

The folds of Christ, so scattered now,
Shall join the shepherd's voice—
And tongues that ever were used in strife,
Shall strive no more forever—
All prejudice and angry pride,
As kinds of envy offended,
That take their everlasting flight,
When Christians are united.

Our Zion, too, shall lift her head
O'er every distant height,
And far and wide her bands shall spread,
And heathen shall be won,
And bend, her wonders to rapture sweet,
As souls of Heaven delighted,
When Christians are united.

The prince, in robes of snowy white,
Shall answer to the call,
And the glorious bride shall be decked
And not to miss for his—
The smiling maids that hasteneth
Were hastiness—all benighted—
Shall join the endless hymn of praise
When Christians are united.

The flocks of Christ shall wander forth,
Beside the fruitful river—
One fold there'll be, and shepherd one,
Forever and forever.
The weary pilgrim shall reign,
No tender tear be shed,
And God himself shall dwell with men,
When Christians are united.

REBEKAH.

Abraham advired his son Isaac to take a wife, but he was unwilling that he should wed any of the daughters of the Canaanites; they were idolaters and profaned the name of the true God. He advised the young man to go to Nahor, in the country of Mesopotamia, and find some one there among the worshippers of God, on which to set his affections. In giving this advice Abraham exhibited true religious purpose. Some parents seem to be willing that their daughters should marry anybody that has means to support them. But the object to be secured is a *home filled with comforts and luxuries*, and many do not look at all beyond this. It is said that an old Scotchman who was hesitating whether to give his daughter in marriage to a man of piety with a small fortune, or to a rich man who had no other recommendation, went to consult Thomas Boston on the subject. "I would bestow my daughter," said Thomas Boston, "upon a man without money, rather than upon money without a man."

Many parents take the opposite view.

A similarity of religious experience and opinions is a great bond between husband and wife. Where two persons are conscientiously opposed to each other in religious views, there is a breach, a chasm, over which, at times, affection casts but a slender bridge. Abraham was a wise man; he knew the influence of a religious woman upon the life of his son, and was well aware how much her piety would quicken his faith while waiting for the promise of God.

The way Isaac was betrothed was this: his father Abraham called his elder servant, and bade him take ten camels, well laden with gifts, and go to Nahor and search out some one who would be a suitable person for his son. This servant went to Nahor and stood by a well, which was a great place of resort, and to which many were accustomed to come for water. *As he stood there he prayed that God would reveal some one to him.* The crowd came to the well, the aged and the young; among the rest came along a young maiden, of countenance full of smiles. The eyes of the trusty servant were at once fixed upon her. She was a person of great beauty, and of the proper age for Isaac. As she stood filling her pitcher at the well, the servant ran to and prayed to her to be allowed to drink. With the greatest politeness she allowed him, and she drew water for his camels also. He then made sure the affections of the aged servant, and he decided at once to secure her for his lord.—So he frankly asked her who she was, and if there was room in her father's house for him. She said "Yes." He followed her home, and was joyfully received by her father; and when the evening meal came, they sat down together, and he told the purpose for which he was there. He laid before them the home and riches of his master, the virtues of Isaac, his son, and the pleasantness of the country in which he lived. Rebekah's father after hearing all that was said, consented to give up his daughter, deeming this call from God. His course is an example to parents whose children are called to other fields of usefulness and duty. What strange emotions must have filled the mind of Rebekah!—She had heard the whole discussion and chose to go. Her father did not use compulsion; he said, when his own mind was decided, "We will call the maiden and ask her decide." She accepted the proposal—heard enough to meet her future husband. She could only judge of him from the representations of his faithful servant, who came to meet them at the well of Lahairoi—the, young man took Rebekah by the hand, and led her into the tent of his mother, and there they were married. What the ceremony was we know not, but the place selected for it gives us an insight into the heart of that young man; shows us the benevolence and his disposition, and the high place his mother had in his memory. His mother's tent! Well, such an object object reminding him of her, each scene leading his recollections back to her counsels, with her spirit hovering near, was a guardian angel, he vowed to love and wed Rebekah, and protect her to the end of life.

One of the most beautiful things we can say of Rebekah is that she fulfilled the blessing of God,—to be a helper for man. She was a faithful wife and mother, who took pains assisting her husband at his work. Through a long life they lived together, acting in perfect harmony. And where this is not the case, the marriage relation cannot be a happy one; and it is impossible to be a source of life-long regret. There are hundreds of couples who have formed the habit of working against each other, and recognize marriage as the great mistake of their lives. The chain is tied, it is made to sticken one, but a relief of iron, that tightens around them more and more, crushing out all hope and energy, admitting *care for love*, and eating out with its rust the very inner life of two souls. But when the married pair are mutual helpers, the relation makes life a smooth road, fringed with flowers at either side. It is the object for the winter of adversity and sorrow. I have read an illustration to the point. A lady travelling in Europe visited with a brother a town in Germany, and took lodgings with an industrious pair, a man and his wife and woman, husband and wife—who lived by themselves. While the maid-servant, remaining on the landing of the stairs, talked two sad rooms. They were tall, thin, and erect, though each seventy years of age—The lady, in giving an account of these persons, says—*there we knew what it is for the two for nineteenths; they answered it together.* If we rang the bell the husband and wife invariably appeared together, side by side. All our requests and demands were received by both, and executed with the utmost alacrity and exactness. The first night, arriving late by the coach, and merely requiring a good fire and our tea, we were puzzled to understand the reason of this double attendance. When the hour to retire came, the lady was surprised to see both husband and wife attending her to her chamber; and on looking with some seriousness towards the husband, the woman replied, 'No offence is meant, madam. My husband is stone blind.' The lady began to sympathize with the wife on the misfortune of having a husband quite blind. The man himself took up the conversation now, by exclaiming, 'It is of no use for you to talk with my wife, she is entirely deaf.' 'I was astonished,' says the lady. Here was compensation! Could a pair be better matched! Man and wife were, indeed, one flesh; for he saw with her eyes, and she heard with his ears! It was beautiful to me over after to watch the old man and woman in their lone habitation.—Their sympathy with each other was as swift as electricity, and made their deprivations as nought.

Something like this is the dependence of every married pair on one another. There may be no deafness, no blindness; but there will be a *dependence as sure and as complete as that of the aged pair in Germany.* Marriage should never be the result of *Love at First Draw up*. Whole evening party rarely develop *real character*. Matches made that originate in such places, are not the class that originate in Heaven. The true way to become acquainted with each other is at home. It is not so necessary that the parties be similar in disposition, but that they should thoroughly know each other before the words are spoken which death alone can undo. Beautifully has Divine ordained that certain dispositions should come together, and that certain traits of character should balance and control other traits. The grace and beauty of the person are no criterion of character. We too often misjudge others in this respect. A gentle, homely face may accompany a heart almost as pure as piety itself, while the smiling face of beauty may hide a heart most extreme mental and spiritual deformity. The body may be ornamented until it shines in purple and gold, but after all these things do not compensate for *vanity, ignorance and piety.* Time will tarnish jewels, and the sun will fade the purple; but *the beauty of the soul*, which has an immortality of its own, and which is not dependent on any outward adornings. Uniting on their marriage day, the husband and wife have each duties to perform.

Man for the field, and woman for the hearth;
Man for the sword, and woman for the needle;
Man with the head, and woman with the heart;
Man to command, and woman to obey;
All else confusion."

We have in this account a terrible admonition against parental partiality. The conduct of Rebekah while her husband lived, is one of the most beautiful pictures of a mother's love. But when the married pair are mutual helpers, the relation makes life a smooth road, fringed with flowers at either side. It is the object for the winter of adversity and sorrow. I have read an illustration to the point. A lady travelling in Europe visited with a brother a town in Germany, and took lodgings with an industrious pair, a man and his wife and woman, husband and wife—who lived by themselves. While the maid-servant, remaining on the landing of the stairs, talked two sad rooms. They were tall, thin, and erect, though each seventy years of age—The lady, in giving an account of these persons, says—*there we knew what it is for the two for nineteenths; they answered it together.* If we rang the bell the husband and wife invariably appeared together, side by side. All our requests and demands were received

DIFFICULTY AND EFFORT.

It is not case, but effort; not facility, but difficulty, that makes men. There is, perhaps, no station in life, in which difficulties have not been encountered and overcome before any decided measure of success can be achieved; those difficulties are, however, our best instructors, as our mistakes often form our best experience.—We learn wisdom from failure, more than from our success; we often discover what *would do*, by finding out what will not do; and he who never made a mistake, never made a discovery. Horne Tooke used to say of his studies in intellectual philosophy, that he had become all the better acquainted with the country through having been the good luck to lose himself. Many centuries of Sanskrit in physical science have left it on record that wherever, in the course of his researches, he encountered an apparently insuperable obstacle, he generally found himself on the threshold of some novel discovery. The very greatest things, and most thoughtful, discoveries, inventions—have generally been nurtured in hardship, often pondered over in sorrow, and at length established with difficulty.

Beethoven said of Rossini, that he had in him the stuff to have made a good musician, if he had only, when a boy, been well flogged; but he had been spoilt by the facility with which he produced. Men who feel their strength within them, need not fear to encounter adverse opinions—they have far greater reason to fear undue praise and too friendly criticism. When Mendelssohn was about to enter the orchestra, he always threw down the sword and shield, the symbols of his "Elijah," he said laughingly to one of his friends and critics, "Stick your claws into me! Don't tell me what you think is fine, but what you don't like!"

It has been said, and truly, that it is the hard fight that tries the general more than the victory. Washington lost far more battles than he gained; but he succeeded in the end. The Romans, in their most victorious campaigns, almost invariably suffered defeats. Moreau used to be compared, by his companions, to a drum, which nobody hears of, except it be beaten. Wellington's military genius was perfected by encounters with difficulties of apparently the most overwhelming character, but which only served to nerve his resolution, and bring out, more prominently, his great qualities as a man and a general. So the skilful mariner obtains his best experience amidst storms and tempests, which train him to self-reliance, courage, and the highest discipline; and probably there is no rough seas and wintry nights, the best training of the best paid British seamen, who are surpassed by any in the world.—*Self Help.*

THE MYSTERY OF SICKNESS.

If we could have the experiences of sick rooms all written out in a manner in which should approach justice to the subject, embracing all ranks of human life and condition, from those who suffer in the midst of luxury, to those who languish in the neglected faces of the earth; if all the glimpses of light and shade which pass before the eyes of these wearied sons and daughters, could be pictured, would make a literature of more than Miltonic grandeur; the imagination of Shakespeare would be over-arched by the reality of human thought and feeling, as the flight of the eagle is overshadowed in mid-air by the bending heavens.

One of the most obvious reflections, perhaps in respect to sickness, is its profound mystery. Its effects are palpable enough, but the cause and nature of its operation—the precise how—is as inexplicable as the mysterious principle of life. No chemistry has revealed to us the work of creating crucibles. The relation which all these powers sustain to the mind, to that spiritual essence which we believe capable of supporting an existence independent of these conditions, but now so tenderly attached to the frail tenement of a muscle, or the condition of the brain—all this is unfathomable. The mind, and the immortal are so blended in this earthly mould to make the wondrous mixture man, that the closest study, aided by all the light of glory and immortality through Jesus Christ, is at matter, the conditions of material forces; of ropes and pulleys, and wheels and levers, and fire and air and water. This great mystery, revelation itself has not disclosed; it does not tell how the spirit becomes disembodied; and the great apostle rests simply in this: "We shall be changed."

But the absence of health, in those who are disposed to contemplation, brings them face to face with this combination of material and spiritual power. And many a shallow sceptic and feeble skepticism have been dissipated in the presence of this awful mystery of our being. In the midst of death, we do not get down to the facts of what we see. It is a veil of grossness in our life, which conceals the finer forms of being; and it is not until the veil is lifted by some derangement in our physical powers, that we clearly discern that there are other forces than those of matter. This mysterious relation between ourselves and our material powers, which sickness unveils, that, makes the hours of a severe convalescence frequently more full of thought than when the powers of ordinary life. The break between the body and the mind is painful; but a healthful coming together, and we feel our dependence upon causes which we cannot comprehend; and nature, putting forth her wonderful and kindly sense the powers of life and thought.—*Hon. Horatio Stebbins.*

"ALWAYS SINGING."

While talking with a neighbor, I heard a sweet, plaintive voice, singing that beautiful hymn:

"Jesus, lover of my soul"

The child was quite young. I knew that it was a child's voice from its silvery softness. I listened a while and then said:

"That child has a sweet voice."

"Yes, she has," returned my friend, "and she is always singing."

Always singing!

Sweet, happy child! Bird of angel wing! She was not very likely to find much of gushing happiness within thy soul! Taught to will and to do; a soul lighted with the love of Jesus and anchored on the surest hope; a soul that with more than a child's strength shall part the dark waves as it goes down the cold tide of death.

Always singing!

I passed that way again. Summer was gone; in her lifeless, sorrowing bier with flowers, and the sky with stars.—The same sweet voice was trilling on the air.

"Oh, had I the wings of a dove
How soon would I fly away."

This time the little singer was in the yard. I gazed upon the spiritual softness of her features; her sweet eyes like brown birds flying to the light"—the fine expressive lips—the dark, silken curls of rich flax that seemed to have caught their sunburst, and "find a refuge in Heaven."

Always singing!

Autumn came; the wild swan was turning toward the South; the leaves were dropping from the trees, and sprays of frost glittered in the grass.

A rip of crape fluttered from the shutter of the house where my little singer lived. Her voice was hushed in death, and trembling hands had bound those tranquil tresses around her white brow.

By the great white throne, by the river of eternal gladness, she was striking her golden harp, and singing in the gushing fullness of imperishable glory.

Men may shout and make a great noise about religion when "in the house of their friends," or in a religious meeting, but I place but little value on all that. Show me the man that dares talk seriously and alone with the wicked and ungodly, that dares to rebuke sin in its very haunts places, both by word and deed, and I will show you a man that is doing good, and one whose influence tells on the consciences of those it ought to.

If men could find the fabled fountain that is said to restore youth, and health, and beauty, with what eagerness they would rush to drink its waters! Yet, with scarcely less eagerness do they rush to that spring of water that brings upon them premature old age, and disease, and loathsome ugliness.

WHEN I consider how small a portion of human virtue is dependent on the will, how superior in dignity, as well as in number, are the unnoticed, unbalanced saints and heroes of domestic and human life, I see light thrown over the .pres-nt state which more than reconcile me to all its evils.

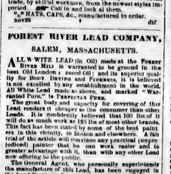
"For a long time I puzzled myself about the difficulties of composition, until at last I came to the conclusion that reading the Bible was like eating fish. Then I find a difficulty I lay it aside and call it a bone. Why should I choke on the bone when there is so much nutritious meat?"

MUSIC STORE!
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglding and Gilding Frames for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

WM. DEARDEN
Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of
CHINA WARE
AND
Fancy Articles,
selling low at his
China and Crockery Warehouse,
AND
Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery,
Tea Spoons and Waiters,
and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles.
WIRE suitable for Boarding Houses.
GOOD! quality, and VERY low in price, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
80 Merrimack Street. W. DEARDEN.

FURS! FURS!



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M. DEMPSEY
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30 Central Street. 30
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It comb ons the most magnificent and best selected stock of
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the choicest skins in the market. Call in and look at them.
N. B.—HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order. dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
I ILL WHITE LEAD in Oil; made at the Forest River Mills is warranted to be ground in the best manner, and to contain more than a double proportion of Pure Linseed Oil, and more White Lead than any other brand of Lead manufactured. No Patented Process or secreting of this article, but every package is branded with the name of the Company, and the quality of the contents. Orders solicited from the trade, and from consumers, and will be filled at the lowest market rates. Address
S. HANCOCK, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.
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Henry A. Fuller, 18 South Market street, Boston.
George C. Fuller, 18 South Market street, E. Boston.
Alonzo Works, Webster street, East Albany.
Capt. Chas. Cook, Lowell.
Samuel Wales, Jr., City Hotel.
Samuel Wales, 3d, 20 Central street, Boston.
Agents for the sale of the Forest River White Lead and Linseed Oil, and Nonesuch Compound has been taken by hundreds of Painters, and has proved to be the best article ever offered to the public.
Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.
Warehouse and Agency for New York MACY & ZEN-NISS, 67 Liberty street, New York.
Mr. Macy has been engaged in the White Lead business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, and long distance of time, will guarantee to the trade and consumers, confidence in all that is entrusted to their care. mar3 dly

Lowell, April 19, 1860.

DIALOGUE ON SECESSION.

Secesher.—Well, Uncle Jake. I am glad you've come to town. We have stirring times ahead. We are going to secede from the union and preparing for war, as fast as we can, and—

Uncle Jake.— What war ! I have learned of no war.

S.—Oh, you don't! Well, you are behind the times. Haven't you heard that Lincoln is elected?

Uncle J.—Why, yes, I heard he was elected, but what of that?

S.—What of that! Do you think the chivalry and gentry of the South will submit to Abe Lincoln?

Uncle J.—Why not? Abe Lincoln ? I see nothing strong in submitting to Abe Lincoln, as President, if he does right.—He's the best man for President that ever was, and a President as Mr. Buchanan, and I think so too, for Buchanan was no great shakes. But what about that? Why are you going to fight?

S.—Why, in the first place, we have got to take Fort Sumter from the Government of the United States, and—and—

Uncle J.—And what for?

S.—I see you don't understand things. We are going to form a Southern Confederacy of the United States, and then establish another Confederacy for the Southern States, upon the basis of Slavery, and Cotton, and Tobacco, and Rice, and Sugar, and—and—

Uncle J.—Stop, stop, my boy. You are great men of the South, are into the trick.

Uncle J.—The old Government is good enough for me. They have given us a big go on to sixty years, and never heard anything bad about it. The country, as a whole, was a good Government, and when I was fighting under Jackson at New Orleans, we all thought it was the best Government in the world, and every night of January since that, I have heard the old veterans make speeches about that battle, and about our Union, and our freedom, and our independence, and our happiness and our powers, and our improvements in arts and science, our national greatness, our high position in foreign eyes, our "land of the free and home of the brave," and all them sort of high-sounding words, and I have always felt good when I heard them sort of speeches; and then the shouting of the people, and the sound of the fife and drum; and so too, the stars and stripes waving, as it did on the battle-ships when we were going and leading on his troops to take New Orleans, I feel like laying down my coat-and and all pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by spasmodic contraction of the muscles of the sive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation, has induced the proprietor to pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

in every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the use thereof, in the child or adult should warrant the supposition of worms existing the cause." In all cases the Medicine to be given ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, and will not injure the *slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers throughout the United States and Canada.

N. B. Dealers and Physicians ordering from other than the regular Agents, will please state that they saw the advertisement of Fleming Brothers, Druggists, Pittsburgh, Pa. To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward by express, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve shillings currency, or one bottle of Vermifuge for fourteen shillings currency. All orders from Canada, must be remitted in advance. dec29

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
it can, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution and style of work, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.
Banks, Pamphlets,
Insurance Companies, Blanks,
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FANCY BILLS
For Concerts, Theatres, Lectures, Balls, Parties, Fairs, Festivals, Exhibitions of every kind, Railroads, Steamboat and Stage Bills.
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SHOW BILLS,
For Concerts, Theatres, Travelling Exhibitions of every kind, Railroads, Steamboat and Stage Bills.
Orders by mail or express will receive prompt attention, and the work will be executed in the most satisfactory manner.
Office in Courier Building, Nos. 114 and 116 Merrimack street, between Groton Junction and Huntington, Vt. p & w

Boston, 7 A. M., 1.15 & 8 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M. & 2 P. M. Vermont & Canada, 7 A. M., 12 M. & 5 P. M. Eastern, 7 A. M., 12 M. & 5 P. M. Nashua, 7 A. M., 12 M. & 5 P. M. Worcester, 9 A. M., 7 P. M. Salem, 9 A. M., 4.15 P. M. Lawrence, 9 A. M., 12 M., 4.15 & 7 P. M. Andover, 9 A. M., 12 M. & 4.15 P. M. Concord, N. H., 9 A. M. & 5 P. M. Manchester, 9 A. M. & 5 P. M. Nashua, 9 A. M. & 5 P. M. Portland, 9 A. M. & 5 P. M. Lowell, April 19, 1860.

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute,)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Counter or Line Scales, No. 30 Pearl street, respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have always on hand a first rate article, which they warrant to be as accurate as any brand in the market.
Scales for sale by the following agents:
Lowell—Stevens & Whitney, Cutler, Fitzpatrick & Co., Oscar Edmands, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr., Robinson Conroe and the Arabian Nights, a Day Book, Ledger and Journal, by H. Hildreth, Sold by Young Ladies, by T. S. Hunt.
The Casket Library, consisting four volumes, Sold by Agents, by Lee & Shepard, 149 Washington street, Boston.
Lowell Directory, for 1860-61, for sale by Daniel Bixby & Co., 114 John street.
Lowell Courier Almanac, for 1861

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, March 11, 1861.

THE NEW CABINET. The composition of the Cabinet of the new Administration is such that, in point of talent, it is universally acknowledged an able one, while few, if any, doubt that it is of that cast that will lead to harmony in council and efficiency in action. No one will deny that Mr. Seward ranks, all things considered, among the very first, if not first, of American statesmen now living, and is as competent, in point of talent, temper and judgment, to meet and solve the intricate questions that will demand official action by the present government, as any American can who has lived within the memory of the present generation.

No one who notices the comments of the Southern press will be prone to doubt this. We regret this profoundly—not, however, because we would be in favor of placing the eminent services of that gentleman to his country, but because the country needs him at home. The country can ill afford at this crisis to lay such a man upon the shelf in a foreign mission, even as much as Andrew Johnson of the same State from the public service. The great misfortune of the republic is that the people of it has so few men of this sort, who dare to say a bold word for the constitution and laws through the State of Texas laboring for the place you so unworthily fill! he compared you to a jackal trailing a lion.—Your position is scarcely changed now.

A SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE. The *Gospel Banner*, a religious paper published at Augusta, Me., mentions a remarkable circumstance which occurred at the funeral of a babe, in New Sharon, not long ago:—

"The little one, all beautifully robed for the grave, was laid in its coffin on the morning of its burial. The weeping friends placed in the little hand a small bouquet of flowers, among which was an unopened rosebud of the 'Rose of Sharon' species — the lid was then placed upon the coffin, and the funeral services performed. When, after the lapse of not more than two or three hours, the coffin was again opened, and the friends gathered around to look at for the last time on the sleeping form, *a full-blown rose*, while grasped in the cold hand of death."

The spool factory at Belgrade Mills, Maine, is doing a good business, and is now turning out about 5000 gross per month, for which a ready market is found in Glasgow, Scotland.

The *Beltsore Faith Argus* says that E. M. Brown, late Postmaster of Woodstock, Vt., is a defaulter for $767, and his bondsmen have been called upon to "pay up" for him.

EVERY man is a missionary, now and forever, whether he intends or designs it or not. He may be a blot, radiating his dark influence outward to the very circumference of society, or he may be a blessing, spreading benediction over the length of the world; but a blank he cannot be. The same great law that has filled the military offices of colonel, major, captain, lower than corporal, and corrupts, or the light that splendidly illuminates, and the salt that silently operates; but being dead or alive, every man speaks.

THE two prominent candidates for the office of postmaster of Boston, are Charles A. Phelps and Z. K. Pangborn. One is in favor of bringing the office back to State Street, and the other is not.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Missouri.* In the Convention on Saturday were presented resolutions denying that there is any cause for States leaving the Union; that Missouri desires a settlement of the troubles that Crittenden's propositions would be a *settler*; that a convention of the people be held; that coercion is not right, and that the general government shall, under no pretence, use a military force against the rebels. They were referred. The State Senate has passed a resolution instructing the Senators and Representatives in Congress from Missouri to oppose the passage of all acts granting supplies of men and money to coerce seceding States, and should such acts be passed, requesting them to retire from the halls of Congress.

Virginia. A dispatch from Richmond, dated yesterday, states that "the majority report of the Committee on Federal Relations recommends the legislature to hold a conference to determine their future action, and oppose coercion. A minority report by ex-Governor Wise, requires the States to give an answer by October next to certain demands, and in the meantime every step should be taken to preserve the peace, the government retaining only sufficient force in the forts to protect them, and neither the government nor the seceded States to commence hostilities.—Another minority report, with three signatures attached to it, is for the passage of a secession ordinance by the convention.—Still another report says that government should immediately adopt measures to afford the people of the slaveholding States their full constitutional rights, &c., and recommends that commissioners be sent to Montgomery to confer with the confederate States."

Hon. W. C. Rives, on Friday evening, addressed a large meeting at Richmond, on the peace congress propositions, speaking in favor of conciliatory measures and against secession.

Alabama.—No commissioner to Europe has yet been appointed by the "Confederate Congress." The Alabama convention has voted to confer all its authorities to the confederated States—its army, munitions, &c., which were stolen from the General Government.

Texas.—The convention, on the 4th inst., declared Texas out of the Union, and Gen. Houston has issued a proclamation to that effect. Ordinances have been passed authorizing delegates to represent Texas in the provisional government.—Vessels of the federal government sent to Texas will not be seized, Gov. Houston, however, has resigns, or take the oath of allegiance to the State. The convention is discussing a treason ordinance.—Col. Ben. McCulloch has sent a detachment to guard the upper forts.

Georgia.—On the authority of the *Charleston Courier*, it is stated that the Governor of Georgia has attached all the stock in the Macon and Western Railroad that is owned by Southern capitalists.

Arkansas.—At Fayetteville, on the reception of Mr. Lincoln's inaugural the secessionists called a meeting to instruct the delegates to the convention from that city, to go for secession. The meeting was held, but a majority of those present being Union men, it was adjourned amid great enthusiasm for the stars and stripes.

TEXAS. The *Frankfort (Ky.) Commonwealth*, publishes the following extract from a letter by a business man, respecting secession in Texas. It gives an insight into the *modus operandi* of the secession movement:—

"Now, with our immense territory in mid-winter, with no railroad facilities, and no telegraph lines, every man, not an idiot looks upon the whole matter as a base fraud upon the people, by few restless and reckless political pirates are thus plunging our Empire State into revolution and ruin."

The *New York Day Book* thinks it is fair to suppose that one of the first acts of Lincoln's administration will be to recognize the independence of Hayti, and receive a minister from that ebony Republic.

If population had anything to do with representation, the new "Southern Confederacy" would let black commissioners, ministers, and representatives, do its business, at home and abroad, and the largest portion of the inhabitants of the experimental Republic are of ebony complexion.

RAREY, the horse-tamer, appears at Music Hall, Winter Street, Boston, for the first time, on Thursday evening next.

A YOUNG lawyer lately concluded his argument in a case of trespass, with the following sublime burst:—"If gentlemen of the jury, the cherished hogs are permitted to roam at large over the fair fields of my client with impunity and without redress, farewell to all that should have our forefathers fought and bled and died in vain."

THE new tariff bill which goes into operation on the first of April, reduces the duties on sugar about one cent a pound, and molasses in about the same proportion.

THE WAY OF THE WORLD.

Impatient mother to her child:
"Ah, me," exclaims young Arthur,
While resting by the coffin,
"I wish I were my father."
Meanwhile, by the bedside
So sick, and pale and ran,
A father's heart is crying,
"I wish I were my son."—*Tom Hood.*

RICHARD SANDS, the world renowned circus proprietor, died recently at Havana. His remains reached New York on Monday. He leaves a family, who are well provided for, as the deceased leaves an ample fortune.

SEEDS and cuttings can now be sent by mail in packages weighing not over eight ounces, for one cent per ounce, when the distance is under 1500 miles; when over that distance, two cents per ounce.

THERE is a man in Stow who holds the office of selectman, overseer of the poor, constable pottmaster, auctioneer, highway surveyor, administrator, lieutenant in a military corps, keeps a hotel, one of the best in the County of Middlesex, and also keeps a wholesale grocery store in Boston. The same gentleman has also filled the military office of colonel, major, captain, lower than corporal, and corrupts, or the light that splendidly illuminates, and the salt that silently operates; but being dead or alive, every man speaks.

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WANTED.

A Lady, fully competent either to attend as a Book-keeper, or would accept a situation as a first class waiter. Inquire of WM. H. COOKE, 107 Appleton street. Reference given and required. 4tos*

WANTED.

A Room, furnished or not, within a short distance of the Merrimack Corporation. Address box 1, Lowell. marc6dlw

C. J. BAKER.

WANTED.

A good STORAGE ROOM. One located on Bellingham preferred. Apply at this office. marc11

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet, of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform.

Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they cost once much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of this country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

THE LECTURE LAST EVENING. The last of the course of lectures before the Young Men's Catholic Literary Association, was delivered in Huntington Hall last evening, by Thomas Francis Meagher. His subject was "Recent events in Ireland, and French Invasion." The audience, which half filled the hall, was very enthusiastic, frequently applauding the sentiments that fell from the lips of the speaker. He spoke of Ireland and her future in a hopeful tone, since he set foot on this land. He had not kept silent, however, because he had lost faith in the power of Ireland to maintain her rights. He then had an interesting history of Ireland for the last ten or eleven years, to show the wrongs and privations she had endured. At the same time she had been sending forth her sons to fight the battles of England in the Crimea, and in India. Never had Ireland such a glorious opportunity to right herself as during the Crimean war. That opportunity was lost. He then enumerated some of the brilliant achievements of Irish regiments, by which he intended to show the bravery of her sons; yet in the end they were not allowed to arm to defend themselves. He was against the repeal of the Union. There was a probability that France would come to the aid of Ireland. The French press were discussing the position and wrongs of Ireland. Such a thing was very probable. Louis Napoleon had once said that his reign would be one of peace, yet within five years of that time he was engaged in two bloody wars. Ireland only needed a leader, to win her independence. The Congress at Dublin might be held without harm. *In application every night for a week will clear the worst case of Pimples.*

Call you Mistress Rosalind?
To remove every disobedience of the Skin.
Then I'll be so by kind.
To make your Face clean and wholesome.
Else I will not be,
Use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.
Before you have your Photograph taken.
Or you'll be undone.
Before you go out to Parties.
Or you'll be undone.
A sure cure for red, eruptive, pimply faces.
Whosoever you be.
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples.
Or Flesh Worms.
When any Eruption comes out on the face.
Or Humor.
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin.
You can have one.
If you would please your friends.
Use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.
If you wish a *perfectly safe remedy.*
Use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.
And you will not be disappointed.

Physicians of the highest standing recommend Hagan's Magnolia Balm because it has sometimes been thought absolutely necessary to use Mercurial Ointments for the cure of many skin diseases. Hagan's Magnolia Balm contains neither, but is the most elegant and healthy preparation ever offered to the public.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM
Prepared by FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.
From the unsolicited testimony continually coming from all quarters of the country, it is impossible to resist a conviction of the great excellence of these Pills in all diseases of the Liver and Stomach. The following letter from Toronto, Canada, is one of the many the proprietors have received:

TORONTO, April 27th, 18 4.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.,

Sirs,—I take this opportunity of informing you of the benefit I have derived from Dr. Mc Lane's valuable Pills. I have for two years past been afflicted with a severe pain over the eyes, accompanied with a nervous excitement and sense of dizziness; a malady beyond the power and skill of any physician to relieve and cure, caused, as far as I myself could judge, by a disordered state of the liver and stomach. Some of the doctors used bleeding, and others other remedies were tried, but all in vain, for the complaint and disease still stuck fast. At last I procured a box of your valuable Liver Pills from a druggist here, and feel, after taking a portion of them, that the disease and painful sensation over the eyes has almost entirely left me. I was induced by advising all those afflicted as I have been, to procure the valuable medicine at once, and save much time and pain, with little expense. With sincere gratitude and respect, I remain yours, respectfully,

GEO. W. RUSSELL, Toronto.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR MCLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., for other pills are offered under the name of Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, and Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable drug stores throughout the United States.

FLEMING BROS.
marll 1w

FUR MANUFACTORY.

REMOVED.

London roar is the time to buy Furs. Also, Ladies' Furs made to order in the latest style, and warranted to fit. Furs repaired in the store at short notice. 103 Merrimack street.

W. BASCOM.

jan18dlm

LLOYD'S BAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of the Railroads of the United States. Forms a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Periodical and American Telegraph Merchants' Street, adjoining Merrimack House.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

jan15 2m

PIERCE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan30dlf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, L. G. Hale, | H. Bodwell, H. Hosford, Wm. Crosby, | B. F. Sherman, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Stores, and Mechanic Shops, and has never been made in this class. The present assets of this department are $1,000,000, and the risks amounts of $110,979.35. The attention of owners of property is called to the fact that the profits of this department are divided in part on policies expiring, and rates are as low as the safety of the property will admit of.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assetts are $100,000, and the risks $2,000,000. Losses and all other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

Office, No. 27 Central Street, (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
marl5,1yd&w

IRISH NOW. Last evening, about half past five o'clock, two or three Irishmen got into a fight at the bridge, at the corner of Lowell and Suffolk Streets. The fight was short but almost instantly a short space of time, a crowd numbering from one to two thousand were assembled, all interested in having a grand melee.—At this point, officer Hayes made his appearance, and he was soon reinforced by Father O'Connor, who sent the crowd in every direction. With the aid of Father O'Connor, officers Hayes, Hall and Clark, succeeded in arresting a fellow who it was afterward ascertained was not one the parties in the affray. A mob of at least five hundred persons followed the officers to the station house. Several brickbats were thrown at the officers while on their way to the station house, some of which hit them, but did no serious mischief.

BILLIARD HALL. Mr. Chamberlain's billiard hall, in Appleton Block, in the room formerly used by the Odd Fellows, is one of the most desirable places of the kind in the city. It has been newly fitted up, elegant tables have been added, and being always kept scrupulously in order, it certainly very inviting. No prohibited drinks are kept there, and consequently visitors are not in danger of being witnesses in "questionable" scenes on the premises. Mr. Chamberlain's advertisement will be found elsewhere.

ALARM OF FIRE. There was an alarm of fire, shortly after nine o'clock, Saturday evening, which proceeded from a burning chimney on Charles Street. Part of the department came out in consequence of the alarm.

THE VISIT OF THE COMMITTEE ON POST DEPARTMENT TO BOSTON. As noticed by us on Saturday, the Committee on Fire Department of the City Council, with the Chief Engineer and several of the Assistants, visited Boston on Saturday last, to note the working of two steam fire engines. Chief Engineer Bird gave the visitors an opportunity of seeing the operation of No. 2 and No. 8, which afforded them much satisfaction.

THE MATRIMONIAL MARKET. During the past week only two couples recorded their intentions at the City Clerk's office, to unite for better or worse, for richer or poorer, &c. Lent has a bad effect in reducing the fees of the Clerk for marriage licenses.

STEALING FROM A CHURCH. Last Saturday night, some thief or thieves entered St. Anne's Church, and carried off four plates, which had been used for taking up contributions. The sacrilegious wretches must have entered through the back door.

ANOTHER FREEZE. The storm of last Saturday afternoon and evening has brought the river up to a greater height than it was in the early part of last week. The Middlesex Mills have been compelled to stop operations on account of back water.

The lecture on Amusements, by Rev. Mr. Twiss, last evening, was listened to by a full house, and hundreds were unable to obtain admission. His lectures are very interesting, and as instructive as interesting.

PROF. BANNING'S LECTURES ON PHYSICAL EDUCATION. We have received the following brief communication respecting the popular lectures of Prof. Banning in this city.

MR. EDITOR: I noticed in your Saturday's issue, that Prof. Banning is to lecture on Tuesday and Wednesday, at three P. M., before ladies only, at Mechanics' Hall, on Physical Education. Having attended his recent lectures and being greatly edified and entertained by them, and believing about a dozen persons in the audience which he so ably and clearly discussed, I desire to urge all who can do so to attend, especially parents and those interested in schools, feeling positively certain that they will learn something that cannot fail to benefit them and those in whom they are vitally interested. The subject is one that should interest all classes, however, and Mr. Editor, you will be doing good service to the public, by urging a general attendance.

C. N.

SUPERIOR COURT. Civil Term. *Morton, J.* To-day is return day. To-morrow the juries will be impannelled and on Wednesday trials will commence.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Thom as McKaig, common drunkard, was adjudged worthy of two months' residence in the House of Correction.

THE LOWELL INSURANCE COMPANIES. From the annual report of the Insurance Commissioners, made to the Legislature in 1860, (a copy of which has been put in our possession by Commissioner George W. Sargent) we compile a few facts in relation to the Lowell Insurance companies.

Howard. Capital actually paid in, $106,100; amount of fire risks outstanding, $2,520,064.45; cash on hand and in banks, $11,571; do. in hands of agents, $1,926.10; losses claimed and unpaid, $577.29; losses during the year, $2,671.04; dividends during the year, $10,610; expenses, $2,402.41; other expenses, $2,761.41.

Tenders and Mechanics'. Capital actually paid in, $50,000; Amount of fire risks outstanding, $1,118,217; Cash on hand and in banks, $5,000.00; Losses on hand in agents, $1,014.78; Losses claimed and unpaid, $20; Losses during the year, $4,000; Dividends during the year, $4,000; Expenses during the year, $1,589.66.—Other expenses, $981.83.

Lowell Mutual. Amount insured in first class, $538,400; Cash on hand and in banks, $2,690.50; Losses on hand in agents, $26.72; Expenses, taxes and commissions, $837.39.

From this report, which is very elaborate, and appears to have been carefully prepared, that the number of companies doing business in the State, is 179. Their reported risks on the 1st of November, 1860, were $1,822,000,000. The aggregate, the sum of $1,832,000,000. Their revenue for the year closing at that date was not less than $25,000,000. The indemnities they paid during the same period for losses occasioned by the destruction of property or life, amounted to about $13,000,000.

CONCLUDED TO LEAVE. The trial of Jeremiah F. Horrigan of Charlestown, for setting fire to an engine house, was concluded on Saturday. While Mr. Sweetser was making the argument for the defence, Horrigan came to the conclusion that acts would be of more weight with the jury than words, and accordingly left the court room without being observed. After Mr. Sweetser concluded his argument, the jury retired, and soon returned with a verdict of guilty. When Horrigan was called upon to listen to the verdict, it was discovered for the first time that he was missing. He did not return to the court house, but has since placed himself in safe quarters. He is reported to have recently received a legacy of $2000 from a deceased aunt, which will probably secure his bondsmen.

The New York Times has the following respecting the Southern Confederacy Commissioners, now at Washington:

"Hon. Mr. Forsyth, and Mr. Crawford, of the Southern commission, held a long interview in addition with a Republican of the late Congress. When asked what they supposed to do, they replied that they did not know—that their course depended upon the action of the new administration and how they were received. They said that all the Southern Congressmen had left, kept them, and consequently visitors are not in danger of being witnesses in "questionable" scenes on the premises. Mr. Chamberlain's advertisement will be found elsewhere.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January 1810.

CONTINUES to insure against loss by FIRE on existing RISKS in a single or in terms not exceeding FIVE years, on terms less than most others. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS

Nathan Allen, Stephen Codman, Arthur T. Bowers, Joshua W. Bancroft, Ebenezer Bailey, Moses A. Hale, Rev. A. D. Sargeant, Jr., Samuel Fay, Jr., A. H. Brown, Jr., Wm. Hale, Jr.

Josiah L. Adams,	John Abbe,
Walter Wright,	Jas. M. Beard,
P. L. Robinson,	Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown,	Jr.,
Abraham T. Lowe,	Lemar M. Clark,
Wm. A. Richardson,	

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building. (First floor.)
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
Succeeded to the late A. J. H. HOWARD.
Apl 9, 1860. 1m6w

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A desirable two Tenement House and Stable, with about 25,000 feet of Land, situate on Tanneries Road, in Belvidere, now occupied by the estate of John F. Aimonde, and the heirs of the late Nathaniel Wright. Inquire of the subscriber, on the premises. The land is in a good state of cultivation, and the buildings are in good repair. Terms reasonable. Inquire of A. C. VARNUM, Belvidere, Feb. 25, 1861. 3m

EDMUND P. COBURN.

CHAMBERLIN'S
BILLIARD HALL,
APPLETON BLOCK, No. 31 Central Street.

THE above Hall has been newly fitted up, and is fully furnished throughout with new Tables, new Balls, and every article necessary to render it a pleasant resort for gentlemen and their families. The Tables are of the best manufacture, and will not be surpassed by any in the city. The Hall will be kept in order, and no pains will be spared to render it worthy the patronage of the public.

Gentlemanly attendants will be in attendance, and every effort will be made to please all who may favor us with their patronage.

The Hall will be open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

Refreshments will be furnished to order at all hours.

Lowell, March 1, 1861. 1m marl1dlm

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE
MAGNOLIA BALM:
A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
ERUPTIONS, SALLOWNESS,
SUNBURN OR TAN.

The Elegant Preparation renders the skin soft and beautiful, imparting to it that delicate tint of rich color and refreshing if applied to the face after exposure to the sun or wind. It allays any irritation or heating of tissues. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition. The ingredients are such as will be used without harm. *Its application every night for a week will clear the worst case of Pimples.*

Call you Mistress Rosalind?
To remove every disobedience of the Skin.
Then I'll be so by kind.
To make your Face clean and wholesome.
Else I will not be,
Use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.
Before you have your Photograph taken.
Or you'll be undone.
Before you go out to Parties.
Or you'll be undone.
A sure cure for red, eruptive, pimply faces.
Whosoever you be.
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples.
Or Flesh Worms.
When any Eruption comes out on the face.
Or Humor.
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin.
You can have one.
If you would please your friends.
Use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.
If you wish a *perfectly safe remedy.*
Use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.
And you will not be disappointed.

Physicians of the highest standing recommend Hagan's Magnolia Balm because it has sometimes been thought absolutely necessary to use Mercurial Ointments for the cure of many skin diseases. Hagan's Magnolia Balm contains neither, but is the most elegant and healthy preparation ever offered to the public.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM
Prepared by FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.
From the unsolicited testimony continually coming from all quarters of the country, it is impossible to resist a conviction of the great excellence of these Pills in all diseases of the Liver and Stomach. The following letter from Toronto, Canada, is one of the many the proprietors have received:

TORONTO, April 27th, 18 4.

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Office, Old Post Office Building. (First floor.)
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
Succeeded to the late A. J. H. HOWARD.
Apl 9, 1860. 1m6w

ÆTNA insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital	$1,500,000
Surplus	$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital	$500,000
Surplus	$450,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
New York.

Capital and Surplus	$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus	$225,000.

The above Companies unite on property at as low rates as other responsible companies offer. Policies issued by Dwelling Houses and Stores, Mills and Churches, for one or five years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. H. HOWARD.
Office No. 2 Merrimack Block.
Apl 9, 1860. 1m6w

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale the FARM on which he now occupies. It is situated in East Tyngsborough, in a pleasant part of the Old Road leading from Billerica to Lowell, and is about two miles distant from the Lowell Post Office. It contains a little more than five acres of fine mowing and tillage land. On the farm is a new cottage house with an ell building, in excellent repair, and there are also a good barn and other out buildings on the premises. There is also a well of never failing water on the premises, which is of great use for washing or culinary purposes, in connection with the house. The farm is well watered, and is very convenient for a gentleman doing business in Lowell, as the distance is but a short one, and the road is on account of the ill health of the present proprietor of the farm, he is desirous of selling the same, and will sell on reasonable terms. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises, or to D. K. LAWRENCE, Esq., Real Estate Agent, 48 Central Street, Lowell.

EDMUNDS. McDONALD.
March 8th, 1861. 6t2d

FOR SALE

A double set, two Horse and Stable, with about 25,000 feet of Land, situate on Tanneries Road, in Belvidere, now occupied by the estate of John F. Aimonde, and the heirs of the late Nathaniel Wright. Inquire of the subscriber, on the premises. The land is in a good state of cultivation, and the buildings are in good repair. Terms reasonable. Inquire of A. C. VARNUM, Belvidere, Feb. 25, 1861. 3m

EDMUND P. COBURN.

Charleston
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. H. HOWARD.
Apl 9, 1860. 1m6w

LIFE IN YOUR LIFETIME!!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation Account, April 1860,
$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, first lien on Real Estate worth Two and a Half Millions of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS,
Recorded at the City Clerk's office for the week ending March 9.

Names.	*Residence.*	*Ages.*
Frank F. Jacobs	Lowell	23 F. Fitchburg, Mass.
Mary L. Cook	Lowell	19 Fitchburg, Mass.
Josiah B. Ivason	Lowell	32 Belgrade, Me.
Harriet M. Dodge	Lowell	18 New Sharon, Me.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, on Sunday last, March 10, by Rev. Dr. Claveland Lemuel B Teaton to Hattie M. Dodge, both of Lowell.

In Bradford, Ct., Feb 19th, Samuel Dunlap to Miss Mary Ann Dunlap, both of Lowell.

In Lowell, March 2, by Rev. Mr. Hall, Mr. Thomas Hall to Miss Mary Ann Hall, both of Lowell.

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths for week ending March 9.

Consumption, 2—Scarlet fever, 1—Disease of heart, 1—Old age, 1—Disease of brain, 1—Inflammation of lungs, 1—Inflammation of bowels, 1—Still born, 1.

Males, 6—Females, 4—Total, 10.

Under 1 year, 1—Between 1 and 5 years, 1—Between 5 and 20 years, 1—Between 20 and 40 years, 1—Between 40 and 60 years, 1—Between 60 and 80 years, 4—Between 80 and 100 years, 1.

Born in the United States, 9—Ireland, 1.

Deaths in the public institutions, 1—Deaths in the almshouse, 1.

Deaths in the several wards of the city, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.

Deaths in the several towns and cities in the State, 1—Deaths in the several towns and cities in the United States, 1—Deaths in the several towns and cities in foreign countries, 1.

Deaths in each month in the year, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1.

Deaths in each week in the year, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1.

Deaths in each day in the week, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1.

Deaths in each hour in the day, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1.

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Deaths in each hour in the day, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE, POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IS THE
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.
Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure of informing you of the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of two years. I recommended your Restorative in January, 1858, since which time I have had no cause to write to you. Before I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has every appearance of health and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. In fact, those in my neighborhood will see for any part-time advantage in favor of your Restorative, and in every case, as I am well aware there are all well known to the public, and even many who are using out the Union. I have occupied my time in this city for the last ten years, and have in that time travels, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending Restoratives to confined entirely to the Restorative of Lyons.

It is consequently the only preparation of its kind now in use.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of policies, by giving him the option of receiving a deferred annuity, or Quarterly Premiums on Policies for one, two, three, four or five years, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum. The insured receives all profits of the business, and pays no premium for the privilege.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The dividends are paid to and the insured is entitled to receive them in cash, or have them credited in Cash Account, or have the dividends applied to the payment of premiums, or have the dividends applied to the purchase of additional insurance.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company has the principle of mutuality, and with Life Premiums are based. All bonuses of the Institution are declared annually, and the insured receives the benefit of the same.

The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all premiums paid prior to January 1st, 1860 payable on and after January 1st, 1861.

JOSHUA MUDGE, Agent,
No. 2 Merrimack and 3 Savings Bank Building.

mar7 No. 17 Central street.

The Great Demand and Popularity
OF
STARR & CO.'S
GLYCERINE SOAP

Daily show that a really good article will soon find patronage among the people. It is now found in the Saloons of Steamers, Hotels, Barber Shops, and in the large hotels and boarding houses, in factories and all large establishments, and is the favorite soap of many merchants and professional men. Manufactured only by STARR & CO., Middletown, Conn. No. 3 Sold in Lowell by PAGE, FLETCHER & WARDEN, Merrimack House.

mar4 4w

TO LET,

A TWO STORY BUILDING on Western Avenue, with ten rooms, and a good lot, in length and story feet in width, 10 and 12 feet between the stories. Will be let to a good tenant by steam power, or for a Storehouse. Said building is well calculated for a Boot and Shoe Shop, and is very conveniently located for building and procuring stock. Inquire of JAMES W. BOYNTON or A. L. BROOKS.

Lowell, March 7, 1861. mar7d1w

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on the Merrimack River, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices. The wharf is to be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.

mar7d1w Lowell, March 7th, 1861.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss. At a Probate Court, held at Cambridge, within and for said County of Middlesex, on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1861.

UPON the petition of Cyrus Hoss Whittaker, of Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, praying that the name may be changed to George Cyrus Whittaker, for the reasons therein set forth, it is ordered that the petitioner give notice to all persons interested in the matter of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Lowell Courier, a newspaper printed at Lowell, that they may then and there appear, and object thereto, if they see cause; and that said petition should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that the petitioner cause notice of this order to be served, if you will hereto, by a copy thereof, on all persons interested in the matter of said petition, fourteen days before said Court.

Attest, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Register.

A true copy. Attest,
J. H. TYLER, Register.

mar7 3w

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL UNIVERSAL,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
**SHERRY WINE B

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose mail is their needle, for when they lean upon it, it pierces, but rarely pins, but their heart." * * * I think 'this' needle has also more than the sword of war."—HENRY WARD BEECHER.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is *WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their suppression of cheaply thematic with Sewing Machines and selling the Grover & Baker stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the par ties who alone are authorized to use the Grover & Baker ones and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, sell or use, or use any Sewing Machines which are from two spools and make the stitch known as the Grover & Baker stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licensees, and not to infringe my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said letters, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are prevision upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Summer street, Boston;
495 Broadway, New York;
780 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 E. Baltimore street, Baltimore;
56 West Fourth street, Cincinnati;
153 Lake street, Chicago.
18 North Fourth street, St. Louis.
Metropolitan Block, Montgomery, Alabama.
Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHASE & CO.
dec14 w1

New England Family SEWING MACHINE.

AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most remote and durable Sewing Machine ever known to the people of Lowell, and decidedly superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism; consequently not liable to get out of order from machines which are more complicated in their construction. The machine weighs but six and a half pounds, and is made of cast and wrought iron, and steel, and will sew with the utmost facility. It may be used with both or but one spool, and will do the best kind of work. It performs its work in so thorough a manner, that the stitch cannot be ripped, which is the case in all machines now in use. It may be examined at 17 Central street, where all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $10.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan23

Kerosene--Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CORKSCREW STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at *lowest prices*, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

80 Merrimack Street. 89

Music Books.

ULLEN'S Music for the Million, A collection of Instructive Music composed by the eminent composer whose name it bears.

The Seminor. A collection of Sacred Music, Psalm and Hymn tunes in every denomination. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of clubs, societies, and private performers. By Edward Hamilton.

The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Remember the place—17 Central street.

oct2

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, all warranted 12 years; also Carvers and Forks. Steels. Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making this large stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by R. HAYNES.

dec17 4t 45 Merrimack

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the Only Perfect Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. N. C. CARTER, Agent,

feb13 Cor. Central and Merrimack.

TEETH! TEETH!!

ROBINSON'S INDUSTRIAL DENTAL SOAP preserves and whitens the Teeth, and is highly recommended by DRS. *Jr.*, our Merrimack and John sts.

may4

RAIL and Imitation CALF GLOVERS,

And a fresh supply of Kid Gloves, just received at **BRAZER'S** Corner Hall Store.

Perfumery.

POND Lily Extract, Burnett's Florimel, and a assortment of LUBIN'S Extracts, for sale by S. EDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. feb28

MORE MUSIC.

"Be that both no music in his soul," &c. &c.

JUST received, from the publishers, Home Circulation, by Felix Barthold—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.

Tonic Gallop. by Carl Zerrahn.

Lucy Polka. Quick Step, Mazurka, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodies Exquisites from favorite Operas—arranged by Otto Dresel.

All the above Music is excellent and should be owned. Sent free to E. Johnston & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov27

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the great virtues of

ALDEN'S CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, when all other remedies, as well as a number called *Corn Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov16

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy cheap books of miscellaneous character, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store 17 Central street, Lowell.

A FEW MORE of Simon's Patent Music Rolls Books are. Sole agent for Lowell,

E. S. HUNT 17 Central street.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

nov16 JOHN T. BILLINGS

HERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPER!

THE improved, and selling very low at DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Ware House, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, No. 80 Merrimack Street.

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS—A

New work by John Ellis, M. D., Professor of Midwifery and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical College of Ohio, just received and for sale by S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent obstructions*, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, will full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTRUCTION CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, therefore it cannot be recommended to every* SUFFERER, *or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations. None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 2 Central st., Lowell, Mass.

dec18

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a peculiar and successful physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad who wish board and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical composition, when quacks assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply. Such, for the sake of making some cunning, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest professions*. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are impostors; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any cautionary, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. N. will endeavor, in the same manner as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, which will be given away gratuitously, also Circulars giving full information, such as most unbelieving persons will require before entering upon a treatment, which is not to be advertising physician or medicine, and is destructive of any CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Dr. N. Matthews has been many YEARS EMPLOYED physician in Providence, if not in New England, and makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and has given the very best references and testimonials. He has had a LARGE AND EXTENSIVE PRACTICE in NEW YORK, where he has been practicing upon American principles, and in such a manner as not to interfere, and in such a manner as not to interfere with the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mother Seigel's Syrup, and particularly recommend 'Sullana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; in fact, we believe it is obtained from an Ottoman admiral." —Atlas.

"SAVORY, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the guise in which it is presented."—Globe.

A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDNER G. TYRRELL,

217 Broadway, corner of Murray st., New York

And BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fine Oil Dealers everywhere. 3taw1sjune19

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

is now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment most suitable for the wants of every respect. Wholesale and Retail.

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

and COMMON WARE,

which for *style, quantity and cheapness*, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in the want of such goods will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices* which will suit every one.

Also, a large assortment of

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have also an assortment from various markets and manufactories of Hard and Soft Coal Stoves, to be found in the city. Wood and Coal Stoves.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

dec6 W. DEARDEN.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, with the Principles of Training, by which any person may comprehend this useful art. Just received at

E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central st.

nov17

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM, a perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rough Skin, &c. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. feb14

SUPERIOR RICE BRAID.

NEW and superior Rice Braid, for sale cheap for cash, and for sale by

JOHN T. BILLINGS, 45 Merrimack, cor. of Warren.

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Scotch Coal, &c. Also, Hard and Soft Wood, for sale by the subscriber, at low rates, wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all sizes.

NO. 98 MIDDLE STREET.

☞ Orders left at the Counting Room will be promptly attended to. Persons wishing to have their coal screened before leaving the yard, will please leave their orders at the office.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. aug6 3m

Working Men, Women and Children.

Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way, to make money now without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered by which every one can profitably employ their spare moments, or their whole time. Those who are willing to work can do so without much capital, and without much experience. Those who are willing to work can do so without much capital, and without much experience. Those who are willing to work can do so without much capital, and without much experience

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, March 19, 1861.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

WHAT SHALL BE DONE?

"Still to thy right hand ministry gentle peace."

The above sentiment is as true to-day as it was when written by Shakspeare, or at the time when the Prime Minister of Henry VII. might have uttered it; and never was there a time when our country needed the sentiment thoroughly inculcated upon all hearts more than at the present.

I wrote a short article, a few weeks ago, for the columns of the *Courier*, in which I expressed a hope that no hostile attack would be made by those who have declared their allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, dissolved. May I further trespass upon your columns, and your readers, with a few remarks against enterlaining any coercive measures for crushing States? I am fearful I may not meet the views of all your readers. Some, no doubt, believe the Union may be preserved, and the integrity of the laws sustained, by force. But it seems clear to my mind, that the very genius and character of our Constitution is directly opposed to the use of force to compel a State to remain in the Union, or to restore her to the Union after she has seceded.

It may be said, that in this view, I ad mit the right to secede. By no means.— We all claim the right of revolution for sufficient cause, but the States which have revolted have no sufficient cause for their acts. The question, then, rises—Why not coerce them? Because, the moment we do this, we destroy our identity as a free Republican Government. For, provided we called an army into the field, and after a civil, and perhaps servile war, conquered those revolting States, they would be no part of the Union. We could not call them free sovereign States while held by force. Besides, the very idea of war against these late sister States, is too shocking to contemplate. War, under any circumstances, even with a foreign enemy, is one of the greatest calamities that can befall a nation. Our war with Mexico, though short, and, in the opinion of military men, deemed eminently successful, has proved to be unfortunate, and a national evil. We did indeed, extend our territory, but we weakened our moral power. The elements with which the great State of Texas was composed, rendered her unfit to become a member of our government, and she is now just as ready to secede from us, as she was from Mexico. I do not wish to reflect censoriously upon our Northern statesmen, who professed so much sympathy for this lone, and as I am apt to say, wandering star; but it seems to me they must begin to doubt that policy which, at the cost of so much blood and treasure, joined her to our constellation.

But as a friend of peace, I would say to our government, and to men of all parties, hold out the olive branch to these revolving States. This you must do, if you renounce your free Republican Government, and adopt absolute despotism. Neglect to do this, and your mission will be war for conquest, by force of a standing army!—But this I trust is not the public sentiment in Massachusetts, so late in the nineteenth century. But some political sepulcher, who longs for that bubble, "reputation," which is sometimes awarded to men of small courage, will say we must punish these seceders for an example, or other States may follow the same course, and our government will crumble into fragments of its present greatness. Let it crumble, then; I would much rather live in a country no larger than New England with her freedom, her schools, her intelligence, and above all, her charitable and religious institutions, than extend our dominion over the entire continent by conquest, if it must be acquired by war cemented by blood, and held in subjection by the power of the sword.

I see nothing in Mr. Lincoln's message which can fairly be construed as a declaration of war, or even a threat. It is true, he says he shall execute the laws; but this his official oath obliges him to do. But in view of the tremendous evils of war, in which hundreds of innocent persons must suffer before one guilty one is reached—the millions of treasure it must cost—would the check it will produce upon all the industrial concerns of our country—the sad example it will hold up to all other republics —and, though not least, the almost everlasting influence war always has upon the people, should cause our government to avoid, at almost any sacrifice, a collision with the seceding States, in which we have nothing to gain, but much to lose.

PAX.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE. In open session yesterday, the resolution introduced by Mr. Foster of Ct., to expel Wigfall was discussed. Mr. Foster advocated the resolution, on the ground that Wigfall had avowed himself a foreigner, and as owing allegiance to a foreign government. Messrs. Clingman, Mason and Hunter, spoke against the resolution. In executive session several nominations were received from the President.

The Senate is expected to-day to make some change in its officers. The Secretaryship, of course, will be retained, but there is strong opposition to Mr. McNair, the Sergeant-at-Arms, who is unpopular even in his own party, and who, it is charged, stood listlessly by when Senator Sumner was assaulted by Brooks.

COBB, THOMPSON AND FLOYD. Andrew Johnson, a Democratic patriot from Tennessee, spoke as follows of these members of Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet, in a recent speech at Washington:—

"Cobb remained in the Cabinet until the treasury was bankrupt and the national credit disgraced at home and abroad, and then he conscientiously seceded.—Thompson staid in until the Interior Offices were robbed out of a large portion of their patronage, and then he conscientiously seceded; and Floyd, more honest than the rest, waited until he and his friends had taken some eight millions of public and private money, and then he, pious soul, conscientiously seceded too."

The bill for the repeal of the personal liberty laws of Maine, passed the Senate by a vote of 17 to 10, on Thursday last.

FROM THE SOUTH. *Virginia.* A dispatch from Richmond dated the 16th, says the majority report from the Committees on Federal Relations in the Convention, requests the States to respond, at their earliest convenience, to Virginia's proposition, and to the amendment to the Constitution hereafter to be proposed by her. It makes it an indispensable condition that a pacific policy be adopted towards the seceding States. No attempt must be made to reinforce or recapture the forts, or to exact payment of the revenues. It regards his title action on either side as unfriendly, and leaving Virginia free to determine her future policy. A conference of the Border States is recommended to meet on the last Monday in May, at Frankfort, Ky. The report will probably not be adopted the approval of Union men, as it apparently recognizes the legal right of secession.

Monday, the Convention returned a vote of thanks to the Citizens for his spirited ie efforts to bring about an honorable adjustment of the National difficulties.

Mr. Baldwin made a majority report from the Committee on Federal Relations, in favor of a border States Convention at Frankfort, Kentucky, opposing coercion, and charging the present condition of the country upon politicians.

Alabama. In the Southern Congress a permanent Constitution has been adopted, but is kept secret. A member of Congress says it provides that the President shall serve six years; executive appointments under the grade of Cabinet are to hold their offices during good behavior: the slave trade is prohibited, and Cabinet officers are eligible to seats in Congress.

An act has passed issuing a million of dollars in Treasury notes. An appropriation bill for current expenses has passed. The Secretary of the Treasury finds no difficulty in negotiating the fifteen million loan at par.

Missouri. In the Convention yesterday, a resolution was passed to investigate the charge published in the *Republican*, that there was a secret conspiracy to force Missouri out of the Union. A report on the subject was presented from the Committee on Federal Relations, proposing a Convention of the border slave States, to decide upon such amendments to the Constitution as may be satisfactory, and advising the appointment of Commissioners to Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina and Arkansas, to secure their co-operation. A debate ensued on the majority report, but the Convention adjourned without taking action on it.

Texas. The United States troops are reported to be in a demoralized condition in consequence of the treason of Gen. Twiggs. The Report of Capt. Hill's determination to defend Fort Brown created great excitement along the Rio Grande, and a number of State troops were on their way to Brownsville, and other companies were organizing for the same destination. Capt. Hill anticipates collision with the State troops.

APPOINTMENTS MADE OR TO BE MADE. It is understood that the following names will be sent to the Senate to-day for confirmation: W. McLellan, Second Assistant Postmaster General; Amos Tuck, New Hampshire, Naval Officer, Boston; J. Z. Goodrich, Collector, Boston; Col. Ellsworth, Chief Clerk of War Department; James A. Dix, Consul at Honolulu; Wm. E. Webster, Consul at Manchester, England. Dewitt C. Littlejohn, New York, Consul to Liverpool.

Eli Thayer is urged to accept the Governorship of New Mexico. Geo. G. Fogg, of New Hampshire, has been tendered the position of Commissioner of Immigration. The *World* says that Wm. B. Dale has been appointed Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Thomas F. Scott of Ct., has been appointed Chief Clerk of the Postoffice Department.

The following appointments for New York, are understood as settled :—Hiram Barney, Collector; James Watson Webb, Naval Officer; Abram Wakeman, Surveyor; Joseph Hoxie, Postmaster. It is stated to be the policy of the Administration, to make appointments with promptness, where vacancies exist.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE ELECTION. The annual election of State and County officers, and three members of Congress, takes place to-day in New-Hampshire. There is considerable interest felt in the result, as this will be the first State election since the triumphant election of "old Abe" by the Republicans in this as well as in other States. There seems to be no doubt but the nominees of the Republican party will be triumphantly elected. Till within two weeks, hardly any interest has been felt by either party there, but the union of all factions against the Republicans has called out quite an interest in the way of political meetings, and this will have a tendency to increase the vote of both parties. To-morrow sufficient returns will tell the truth probably.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday the bill was passed repealing the law equalizing shares in Corporations, after discussion, was refused a third reading by a vote of 12 to 20. Mr. J. H. Twombly and Rev. A. L. Stone were chosen Overseers of Harvard College, in concurrence with the House.

In the House, among other petitions, one was presented from Dudley Foster and 34 others, of Billerica, in aid of the petition of Charles Hovey and others for a Bank of Industry in Lowell. On motion of Mr. Favor of Lowell, the report of leave to withdraw on petition of Charles Hovey and others, for a Bank of Industry in Lowell, was taken from the table. Mr. Clark, of Lowell, offered a bill as a substitute for the report, similar to that of the Pawner's Bank in Boston. This was accepted by the answer and by Mr. Wright, man of Chelmsford, and opposed by Mr. Wright of Lowell. The bill was ordered to be printed. Several bills were advanced a stage.

A TENDERFOOTER in Litchfield County Ct., having a bill of one dollar against a widow, received ninety-nine cents, and to make it square insisted on taking an egg for the odd cent. "Dutious is business."

THE EVACUATION OF FORT SUMTER. A correspondent of the *New York Times* says that the immediate necessity of settling this question grows out of the fact that there is a limited supply of bread at Fort Sumter, but plenty of salt meat, and that it must be re-supplied or abandoned very soon. The question has been under discussion in high military circles for several days.

Gen. Scott advises that reinforcements cannot now be put in without an enormous sacrifice of life. Of course his views on the subject cannot be known officially to the public, but he is understood to say that we have neither military nor naval force at hand sufficient to supply the fort against the threatened opposition, which it would require twenty thousand men to overcome. Besides, if it should initiate civil war, in addition to uniting the South and overwhelming the Union sentiment there, in the waves of passion, it would require two hundred and fifty thousand government soldiers to carry on the struggle, and a hundred millions of money to begin with. In such an event, twenty thousand men would be needed to preserve Washington and the government archives.

The general impression here on the streets is that the Administration heads are inclined to withdraw the troops from Fort Sumter, leaving only one Corporal, Sergeant and Guard. Such a course, now, would be the ruin of the Republican party. Mr. Crittenden is reported to say that if the troops are withdrawn from Fort Sumter, leaving only one Corporal, Sergeant and Guard, the Union is gone, now compelling the chivalry to capture the fort after all. They have been threatening to do it for three months, and failed when there were only about seventy men in it. They only have an opportunity to accomplish it against only three.

The Cabinet held a meeting on the subject yesterday, and reports are prevalent of the contemplated evacuation of Fort Sumter, but to 8 o'clock last night, the President had given no order to that effect. Gen. Scott is quite sanguine, however, that they have information which satisfies them that such a course will from necessity be pursued. Official dispatches were received from Major Anderson on Saturday. He had only fifteen days' provisions, and the Administration will probably, by the advice of General Scott order the evacuation of Fort Sumter. Southern Union men express the earnest hope that the administration will pursue such a policy as will render it unnecessary to send further supplies to Sumter. If that is not done, they say the pressure brought about by secession is pushing on a reaction in the Southern mind which will sweep the secession movement into chaos. They fully expect to have an armed conflict in Texas, but prefer that it shall be between the Unionists and Disunionists of the South. All the Union men ask is the privilege of whipping out their own traitors.

WIGFALL. The *New York Commercial Advertiser*, in an editorial, speaks as follows of this double-tongued traitor from the cotton fields of Texas :—

"It is difficult to say whether the Senator from the Camelbacked State is more eccentric in his social philosophy, his political conduct, or his literary taste. In each of these respects he may be set down as a representative of those single gentlemen rolled into one." He is secession personified—a fire-brinker as well as fire eater. He takes his seat in the United States Senate, makes speeches and votes; yet openly declares himself a traitor. With one hand he pockets the salary and perquisites allowed him for the supposed service rendered to his country; with the other he strives to rend the country into fragments. He is one of the pillars of the Government obtained by the annexation of Texas, the Mexican war, the ten million appropriation, the special expeditures made for volunteers, and the thousand other favors conferred upon that unanimous State.

THE AMERICAN QUESTION IN ITS NATIONAL ASPECT. Being also an incidental reply to Mr. H. Greeley's Letter to Governor Seward. Delivered in the Senate, by Hon. Edwin Pierrepont, Professor of Law in Yale College. New York: H. H. Lloyd & Co., 21 Howard Street. 1861.

This work is one of remarkably clear thinking at its pages, is an apology for slavery, and a sort of review of Helper's *Impending Crisis*. It is slightly enough nonsense those who would wantonly throw all blame on slaveholders, condemns slave-politicians and imprudent abolitionists; and the production is truly and in many cases cunning and hatred between two sections of the same country; they create fears and threats and experiments of dissolution." But "within the Union itself the question of slavery *Forever* can be solved in such a manner as to bring permanently the greatest benefit to all parties concerned. It is indeed *the* American question, and it will insist as whether there be a temporary dissolution or not.—Slavery "(we are quoting from the preface) "far from being a sufficient reason for breaking the Union, is the strongest reason, interest, new tests to draw us still more closely together." To prove this, and more, is the object of the volume. It may be had of G. T. Williams, at the Postoffice.

THOMAS & FIELDS, of Boston, have some good books in preparation for the spring trade.

Mrs. Thrall's autobiography letters, &c. She was the friend of Sam. Johnson, and Burke, Webster, Adams, Clay, Alter Thrall, the brewer, she married Piozzi.

Oliver W. Holmes' medical essays, current and occasional writings.

Life of Andre, the spy, whom Washington ordered to be hung.

Harriet Beecher Stowe's new tale, "The Pearl of Orris Island," now appearing gradually, in the *Independent*.

Theodore Parker's sketches of Washington, Webster, Adams, Jefferson, Franklin, and others, with a memoir.

A new volume of poems by Holmes; the Poet's Journal, by Bayard Taylor, and Fireside Travels, by Lowell the poet.

Life of Rev. Sylvester Adams, D. D.; the beauties of DeQuincy, and various other readable things.

THE Southern Congress has passed an act charging five cents on each letter for any distance in the interior, and not exceeding five hundred miles, and for a greater distance ten cents, and double these rates on letters weighing half an ounce—all to be prepaid by stamps.

MARTIN VAN BUREN, while he has not been in office so long as some of our American statesmen, has not only run out, has filled the four highest, most dignified, and powerful positions under the American Constitution. He has been Minister to England, Secretary of State, Vice President and President.

The reported duel in Florida, a few days ago by which two persons were reported to have been killed, turns out to have been a humbug.

CITY AND VICINITY.

LOWELL PARTIES.

TWO more Parties, by request. First Party on WEDNESDAY, March 13.h (instead of March 25th,) at French's Hall. For invites apply to J. N. MOORE, Central, corner of Chanler street.

N. B.—Mr. Moore's Party for Washing Quadrilles and Fancy Dances, comes off as soon as the Ship tick is subscribed for. mar9&7

WANTED.

A Lady, fully competent, wishes a situation as housekeeper, or would accept a position in a first class family. Inquire of W. H. COOPER, 167 Appleton Street. References given and required. dec9

WANTED.

A Boy, furnished or not, within a short distance of the Merrimack Corporation. Address mar16dlw C. J. BAKER.

WANTED.

A good STORAGE ROOM. One located in Belvidere preferred. Apply as this office. mar16 1&711

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Ottendorfer's Proposition.

Price only 5 cents per copy in a cheap form, that all may read—a copy they cannot read without a great importance to every one interested in the welfare of this country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting Room.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL. The annual bill making appropriation for city expenses, comes up before the City Council for action this evening. It has been the custom in former years, for City Councils to act up on what they supposed to be economy, and pare off small sums from the bill and that appropriation, until they had reduced the whole below what was necessary for the actual expenses of the city, thus increasing the debt of the city, and compelling the Treasurer to anticipate the collection of taxes by loans, for the current expenses of his office. By the following table it will be seen that from 1850 to 1860, a period of only two years—the first and last—where the receipts into the City Treasury exceeded the expenditures, there being a deficiency in each of the other years from 1851 to 1859 inclusive. In this table the excess of expenditures over receipts in the eleven years, was $58,273.61.

Years.	Receipts.	Expenditures.	Excess.
1850	$162,432.31	$151,969.65	$10,462.66*
1851	164,206.06	166,511.91	2,305.85
1852	190,613.77	206,719.38	9,105.61
1853	217,059.19	233,508.05	7,902.87
1854	192,380.01	198,161.77	5,776.76
1855	225,364.36	227,237.97	1,873.61
1856	220,203.36	231,441.74	11,224.38
1857	206,475.78	208,908.56	2,432.78
1858	203,824.53	208,558.30	2,731.82
1859	227,443.44	240,242.58	12,799.14
1860	272,949.34	266,403.33	6,136.01*

*Excess of receipts.

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PROF. Banning lectures at Mechanics' Hall, at 8 P. M., to-day and to-morrow, on health and the physical training of children and youth. Also, before ladies only at 3 P. M. to-day and to-morrow. Admission one dime. He continues his consultations at 86 Church street, (E. B. Adams').

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, William B. Gass, charged with an assault upon Peter Smith, was discharged. While firing one of the salutes on the 4th inst., Smith got in the way, and Gass, who is a member of the City Guards, requested him to move. Smith refusing to do so, Gass pushed him aside, for which the latter arrested.

Joseph Purcell, for assault and battery on Timothy Murphy, two months in the House of Correction. John Courtney, for assault was discharged.

Christopher Flynn, for an assault on Patrick Cosgrove, will be sentenced this morning.

CITY COUNCIL. The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council will be held this evening. The most important business to come up will be action on the appropriation bill.

SOME person in Lowell has divided the sister to writing malicious letters to southern journals, maligning the people of New England, and encouraging the secession movement. The Secretary of State gives the name of the traitor as Moses Bradford Hunt, of Lowell, Massachusetts.

Our exchanges are taking altogether too much notice of the fellow who has made himself so objectionable. Where he is known, he is regarded with the utmost pity, do no harm, for having found him out, people give him very little *credit* for anything.

WIGFALL HAS HIS FACE SLAPPED, AND KICKED OUT OF THE SENATE CHAMBER. Mr. Wigfall, the Texan traitor, has had his face slapped by Capt. Jackson, of Kentucky, for abusing Mr. Crittenden. It is rumored that Wigfall was kicked out by Capt. Jackson, and that there will be no duel.

It is supposed that in case Mr. Crittenden is not appointed to the vacancy in the Supreme Court, he will be returned, (if he will accept the position) to the House of Representatives. There is no doubt but the people of his district would gladly give him the chivalry to capture the fort after all. They have been threatening to do it for three months, and failed when there were only about seventy men in it. They only have an opportunity to accomplish it against only three.

The Cabinet held a meeting on the subject yesterday, and reports are prevalent of the contemplated evacuation of Fort Sumter, but to 8 o'clock last night, the President had given no order to that effect. Gen. Scott is quite sanguine, however, that they have information which satisfies them that such a course will from necessity be pursued. Official dispatches were received from Major Anderson on Saturday. He had only fifteen days' provisions, and the Administration will probably, by the advice of General Scott order the evacuation of Fort Sumter. Southern Union men express the earnest hope that the administration will pursue such a policy as will render it unnecessary to send further supplies to Sumter. If that is not done, they say the pressure brought about by secession is pushing on a reaction in the Southern mind which will sweep the secession movement into chaos. They fully expect to have an armed conflict in Texas, but prefer that it shall be between the Unionists and Disunionists of the South. All the Union men ask is the privilege of whipping out their own traitors.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
S. B. Colburn, Boston. H. Wadsworth, Boston. D. S. Richardson, Boston.
H. Hosford, Lowell. E. P. Hildreth, Lowell.
G. O. Shattuck, Boston.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made during the year 1861, unless the premium surplus is $25,000.81, with Deposit notes to the amount of $115,378.26. The business of owners of village and farm property in Middlesex County is solicited. Applications may be left at the office in Lowell, and risks taken for us in any Company with a substantial cash capital.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT is confined to risks over $10,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property in Manufacturing villages preferred. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, Rm. 37 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Secretary. C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy18tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up cleanest,
It lasts longer,
It gives more quantity,
It has more power,
Than any other coal for cooking. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
WASHINGTON COAL DEPOT, 6 EASTERN AVENUE,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

☞ Caution. The SCOOL changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and THROAT affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, serious should at once be had recourse to BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES in the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be even so slight, as by this means a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. PERSONS WHO USE THESE TROCHES ARE FREE from effects of for clearing and strengthening the voice, see advertisement. Dec. 15. 6m

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

This splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous in effect—producing a Beautiful Brown or Natural Black, leaving the skin or nursing the Hair—remedies the ill effects of bad dyes—invigorates the Roots of the Hair for life. None are genuine unless signed "W. A. BATCHELOR" in red ink.

Sold by all Druggists. CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor, No. 81 Barclay street, New York.

mar18 eo tf&wly

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Have come to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; they are prompt to the worst gastric fever; Jaundice; Costiveness; Indigestion; Dyspepsia; Headache; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and hence exert the most perfect control over the system in only two years—the first and last—where the receipts into the City Treasury exceeded the expenditures, there being a deficiency in each of the other years from 1851 to 1859 inclusive. In this table the excess of expenditures over receipts in the eleven years, was $58,273.61.

Years. Receipts. Expenditures. Excess.
1850 $162,432.31 $151,969.65 $10,462.66*
1851 164,206.06 166,511.91 2,305.85
1852 190,613.77 206,719.38 9,105.61
1853 217,059.19 233,508.05 7,902.87
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FIRE INSURANCE.

THE WORLD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1860.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on all descriptions of property on a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term not exceeding three years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Fleming, Arthur T. Bonney,
Joshua W. Danforth, Walter Wright,
Samuel Batchelder, Otis M. Mitchell,
Jr., Edward Kidder, Nathan Crosby,
Nathan A. Kelley.
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bailey,
Reuben D. Tenney, Lester W. Clark,
Stephen Fiske.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Central corner, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
mar19

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.
$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned.

Policies issued on all the approved plans of Life Insurance, at the lowest rates consistent with safety to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:
Erastus Lyman, Charles Isaacson, Peter Schermerhorn, Jr., Amos H. Hickox, Edward Haight, Ed. K. Scranton, John Archer, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr., John O. Shepherd, Brooklyn.
Francis Skiddy, Jr., Brooklyn.
Edward Wilson, Brooklyn.
G. W. Prescott, Merchant, Lowell.
Wm. Hall, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Ed. K. Scranton, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Peter Schermerhorn, Jr., Brooklyn.
John O. Shepherd, Brooklyn.
GEORGE W. PRESCOTT, President.
ROBERT ARTHUR, Secretary.
GEORGE W. LYMAN, Actuary.
Agents.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual departments, at the Company's agency, Lowell, Mass.

Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. 1y

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is sufficient guarantee to the purchaser that it possesses the best qualities to surpass all others in the long run. Its beauty of finish, its perfection of stitch, its elasticity, and its lightness of motion, and is justly looked upon as a household treasure. It sews from the finest cambric to the coarsest cloth, sews, tucks, ruffles, hems, gathers, and stitches in a manner unsurpassed by the most skilful needle which female needle will not equal, if applied.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among those using the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low-ell.

D. S. Richardson, J. P. French,
Geo. Boutwell, Jr., Hiram Hutchinson,
Wm. A. Burke, T. P. Appleton,
Mrs. Gov. Bullock, Mrs. Gov. Andrew,
E. A. Alger, Mrs. E. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn, Mrs. Gov. Banks,
S. F. Bailey, Rev. E. B. Foster,
Hon. Josiah G. Sargeant, Mrs. Gov. Boutwell,
D. C. Brown, M. C. Bryant,
Wm. Parker, Mrs. A. Richardson,
J. L. Ordway, Wm. L. North,
Mrs. Gov. Clifford, Mrs. Gov. Washburn,
R. W. Webster, J. L. Chenery,
Mrs. Gov. Gardner, Mrs. Gov. Lincoln.

SPECIMENS of work if you will hearken.
Sure eyes may be cured if you will look for this now.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains,
By using Holloway's Ointment,
Which is unrivalled to soothe one in.
For sore and swollen extremities
It is a perfect blessing.
For stiff joints and lame ache use it.
Every remedy for the cure of sores,
And in distant climes its virtues are acknowledged.
Ulcers, wounds, piles, fistulas, and all skin diseases
Are conquered by this celebrated unguent.

Sold by druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by PROF. HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, London, and 80 Maiden lane, New York.

Purchasers should look to the directions around each box, as spurious imitations are sold at short notice, by the 100, or 1000.

Take no more magnesium or smarty Medicines.
For constipation and the various diseases of the
WHICH THEY ARE SURE TO CAUSE.
Use Dr. Holloway's Pills and Ointment.
PROMINENT PHYSICIANS IN THE U. S.
In the most obstinate cases of Ulcers, Wounds, &c., for the following diseases and symptoms originating from diseases of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels of Coagulation.

Can be located at
MERRILL'S NEW BOOKSTORE,
mar1 No. 37 Merrimack Street. dtf

INFORMATION WANTED
Of a family of the name of Lyon of Lisle, of Seneca origin, who came to this city from Shirbrook, Derbyshire, England, about 1850. Any member of the family will hear of something to their advantage by addressing J. W. BOYNTON, Attorney, mar19 1w Lowell, Feb. 25, 1861. feb26&2w*

All who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to call at No. 17 Central street. mar19

"I wish I was in the land of nutmeg,
Old times dar are not forgotten."
Look in HUNT'S window and see Dixie—Walk in and buy a copy. mar4 No. 17 Central street.

VOCAL MUSIC.
The following Vocal Music can be obtained of S. S. HUNT, No. 17 Central street :
Nearly, the Pride of Ethlere—Dee Song for Thee—I'm waiting, Love—Hast thou a Heart? Love Memories—Sleep, baby Sleep, and other Music bound in the best styles at moderate prices. Don't forget the place. feb26 17 Central street.

Nice Fresh Oysters.
Landed at BLOD per quart.
Also, Fresh Clams.
Cooked to order at SANBORN'S Saloon
feb16 No. 11 Merrimack street.

MUSIC BINDER.
A NOTHER lot of Sisson's Patent Music Folio Binder just received and for sale by S. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.
And the popular Music of the day constantly on hand. feb13

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated Ware, Britannia, Tin, Glass, Paint, Oil Cloth, &c. For sale by druggists generally. Manufactured by the Silver Soap Co., 27 Pine street, Manchester, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & SONS, Boston, Agents for New England States. For sale by E. RIDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. feb9

A VOICE FROM THE WEST
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.
UNIVERSAL APPROBATION.
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, CHRONIC DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STATE OF THE LIVER OR STOMACH.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all wan ting them by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia or general debility.

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says : "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself having taken cold, become prostrated with fever, and by the use of one, and I can recommend it with great assurance to others."

C. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes : "I have used the Bitters in my

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they look upon it, it pierces not their sole, but their heart."—"I think an needle has slain more than the sword of war."—HARRY WARD Patterson.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained. The great and rapidly increasing business the same cause will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public is therefore cautioned not to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the Grover & Baker stitch, except from parties who are known to be duly authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which one needle only possesses the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which are from two spools and make the stitch known as the Lock stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patent, durfing the extension granted to me, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are infringements upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

18 Summer street, Boston;
495 Broadway, New York;
730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore;
64 Fourth street, Cincinnati;
115 Lake street, Chicago;
158 North Fourth street, St. Louis;
91 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Agents for Lowell, HUBBARD, CHASE & CO. dec14 w1

New England Family SEWING MACHINE.

☞ AT THE CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most useful and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to break or get out of order than machines which are more complicated in their construction — This machine weighs but six and a half pounds, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in a firm and rough a manner, that even through every third stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $ 30.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan22

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
80 Merrimack Street. 4tf

Music Books.

J. ULLEN'S Music for the Million, a collection of instruction and Music combined by the eminent composer of Union songs and hymn tunes.

The Success. A collection of Sacred Music, full and complete in every department, by Edward Hamilton.

The Vocal Bouquet. A collection of Quartettes, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, singing schools and parlors. By Edwin Hubbell.

The above books for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where can be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

A liberal discount to the trade in the country furnished prices of Music no lower in the country furnished prices of Music no lower in the country. oct1 17 Central street.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, all warranted to be as; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest assortment of Cutlery to be found in the city to be sold cheap for cash, by E. B. HAYNES.

dec17* 45 Merrimack.

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the little Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No money to be taken. N. C. CARTER, Agent,

feb13 17 Dutton street.

TEETH! TEETH!!

ROBINSON'S ARTIFICIAL DENTAL SOP. tre serves and whitens the Teeth; 25 cts. per box. DR. JT. ROBINSON, 80 Merrimack street. feb14

DR. AL and Institution CALIFORNIA, Institution, all of sizes—a fresh lot just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

dec23 17 Central st.

Perfumery.

POND'S Lily Extract, Burnett's Florimal and a full assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec29

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in himself," &c. &c.

JUST received, five dozen Songs, from Ballads to Operatas, by Felix Burbank—arranged for the Piano by Charles Grobe.

Voice Guide, by Carl Gerhard.

Rocky Point Quickstep, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodist Exposition from lyrictic Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.

All the above Music is published, and for sale at E. HUNT'S Music Store & Co., Boston, and at E. B. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov27

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the virtues of

ALBION CURB PIASTER,

in curing Coughs without the slightest pain, when all other remedies without the influence of Medical Discovery, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, but has been in constant use for many years—since its origin. Its equal has never been discovered, and it gives universal and entire satisfaction. For sale by

E. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good reasonable books at low prices, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell. sep21

Kerosene Lamps.

A NEW MODE of Sconce's Patent Moule Pelle Blind Lamps. Sold agent for Lowell by

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

nov14

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

JOHN F. BILLINGS

nov15

BERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPER.

MUCH improved, and selling very low at No. 17 DEN'S China and Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher. 80 Merrimack Street.

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS—

IN new work, by John Ellis, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical and Universal Office, just received and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street. nov14

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and to therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too-rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any one, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—$7 It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTRUCTIONS, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, after that it is warranted as represented in* EVERY INSTANCE, *or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold by DR. MATTISON'S MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole *attention* to them.—Communications by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to all parts of the country. All parts of the United States Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing to examine my apparatus. Which I will sell at low as can be obtained at any other establishment.

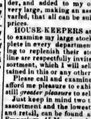
Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them to you, and I will *compare prices* to sell them to you.

Just keep in mind, that I have what the best and cheapest, and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Store, Merrimack Street, less than 50 paces from the post office.

dec7 H. S. HAYNES.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented and prepared by Soyer, of Soyer's Sauce," of the London Reform Club, has been for a few months manufactured by the well known Chemists of Florida & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe, and is now offered to the public with every confidence that, both on the Continent, and throughout the world, its long reputation among American gourmets is fully deserved.

Soyer's Sultana Sauce is a delicious, piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of so great a Cook.

"Atlas.

Sold Agents for the United States.

GARDINER G. YVELIN,
217 Fulton st., New York

And BRAY & HAYES, 54 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.

Rendering

W. DEARDEN

IMPORTER,

A now opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail.

Among

TEA WARE,
DINNER WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity, and cheapness, is not to be surpassed by any.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine before purchasing, as I am determined to

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
Where the best assortment is to be found, and the Prices, which will suit them they can buy. Of

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment, from various markets and manufactories, which I can sell as low as can be bought in Boston or Suncook, in my China and Crockery Emporium.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.

W. DEARDEN.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE Art and Practice of Attack and Self-Defence, without a master, by Professor Donaldson, that any person may comprehend this useful art. Sold by

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. 19

$5 MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Work

Known and Done—by Rev. A. Underwood, just published and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. 19

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM, a pure and complete remedy for Pimples, Freckles, Sunburn, Tetter Blotches, Redness and Tan. Sold by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. feb14

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.

NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Savannah, and for sale by

JOHN F. BILLINGS. 17 Market st.

Kinsler's Lirocome.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, or Tin, and Britannia Ware, &c., this preparation has no equal. It is found *effectual*, *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever soiled, by the use of this article, looks as fresh as the day it was put on. Glass and Tin will be made as clear as crystal. Gold, Silver, Brass, and Britannia Ware, &c., will look as bright as new. Try it, and you will be convinced that 10 lbs of it will do as much work as 25 lbs of any other brand. This fact has been stated by some of the best jobbers in this vicinity. It is the cheapest article in use. A trial of the article will convince any practical inquirer of its superiority. Sold by the manufacturers, and by grocers generally. Also, by the trade with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The Proprietors of this article, who personally are the manufacturers of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead business for many years, and has had a practical and has experience, connected with important improvements in the manufacture of Lead, which has resulted in forming an article that cannot be surpassed. Consumers of Lead manufactured by the Proprietors may rely upon receiving a pure article, and one that will not injure the most delicate fabric.

Take none but Dr. Kinsler's Patent Lead. Those *genuine* only are sold by

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Office 59 Cedar street, New York.

And sold by them, and by all respectable druggists

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—The

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Prepa. a only and for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. jan8

RUBBER SLATES.—A State which can

be used for years, and for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine it

E. B. HUNT, 17 Central st. dec6

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, and will be sold at the lowest prices. Just arrived from the English and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, making an assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.

HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete, and will be sold at low prices. Persons wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line will find it to their advantage to examine my assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained at any other establishment.

Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them to you, and I will *compare prices* to sell them to you.

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The Proprietors of this article, who personally are the manufacturers of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead business for many years, and has had a practical and has experience, connected with important improvements in the manufacture of Lead, which has resulted in forming an article that cannot be surpassed. Consumers of Lead manufactured by the Proprietors may rely upon receiving a pure article, and one that will not injure the most delicate fabric.

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RUBBER SLATES.—A State which can

be used for years, and for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine it

E. B. HUNT, 17 Central st. dec6

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, BUTTER COOLERS
SPOONS AND FORKS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALTCELLARS, PE.
SPECTACLES, GOLD AND SILVER PEN AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY,

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*all to be sold low.*

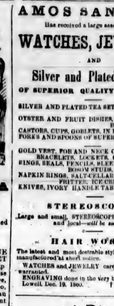
HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Jan. 18, 1860. dec31tf



Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—being a good workman on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Mouldings and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep26tf

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

China and Glass WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

—AND—

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved

PATTERNS AND STYLES.

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

80 Merrimack street. W. DEARDEN.

MOTHERS!

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one of infinite sensibility, that the first duty of a mother is to relieve her offspring from pain. Such a duty is not to be neglected, and to be fulfilled in State or Nature, in any China and Crockery Emporium.

Sold by

W. DEARDEN.

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his private practice, and now known it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the relief of children suffering from any person since you of its superiority over every other preparation for the same purpose. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Sold by

H. S. HAYNES,
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BEST QUALITY ! LOWEST PRICES

—AT—

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

30 Central Street.

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It embraces the most magnificent and best selected stock in

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for the wear trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported.

☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order.

dec3

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD OIL and PAINTS of the Forest River Lead Company are made from the purest Lead that London; sound OIL; and the superior manufacture of the Company, which has been proved in use, confirmed by many years' experience in the world. All White Lead, Colors and Paints, bearing the Company's Patent Pure," is Warranted Pure.

The Company have the exclusive use for covering of their barrels and kegs containing White Lead and Colored Paints, of the Patent Metallic Cement, which is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 25 lbs of any other brand. This fact has been stated by some of the best jobbers in this vicinity. It is the cheapest article in use. A trial of the article will convince any practical inquirer of its superiority. Sold by the manufacturers, and by grocers generally. Also, by the trade with any other Lead now offering to the public.

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RUBBER SLATES.—A State which can

be used for years, and for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine it

E. B. HUNT, 17 Central st. dec6

GARDINER'S Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disea you saw. CHARLE- A SMITH.

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks at times, I was induced to try one bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. ARVES.

75 Hamilton st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Andrews Block, Lowell, Mass.

Having been afflicted with Salt Rheum in his hands for a number of years, I can truly say no remedy that can be imagined, except the three similarly named, has ever found my case. Compounded and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured by the use of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound.

Pearl-Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" am really relieved by the first bottle after many years' standing. W. E. HODGKINS,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with Salt Rheum. His hands covered with sores and in constant pain; one bottle of your Compound cured him entirely.

J. W. HAMMOND, 90 Milk street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.

SOL C. THOMPSON,

Proprietor Pearl St House, Boston.

One bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has entirely cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY THOMPSON,

Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Mrs T Glidden, Esq, presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," which, when I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia, I took according to directions, and found relief. I can confidently recommend it to all who are afflicted with the disease.

ALBERT SMITH,

Ice Merchant of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the sale of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and having used it in his own family with the most satisfactory results, takes pleasure in recommending it to the public.

H. H. HOYT,

Druggist, 20 Scollay Square, Boston.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Stores.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.

Wholesale Agents for New York, PRATT & JENKINS, 47 Liberty street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States and Canada.

From Atlas just publish. None genuine unless signature of GARDINER & CO. is on the wrapper. Pamphlets sent free.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. H. Sherman & Co., S. W. Marden & Co., Dr. Wm. Hodgson, 90 and 102 Merrimack st.

October 25, 1860. 61p

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 37 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANO FORTES, which have received the highest premiums at all the competitors at the last Mechanics' Fair in this city, having received the first premium at Mechanics' Fair in Boston, and also Fortes, at Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, Boston, 1859, and at the Fair of the American Institute, N. Y.—These Fortes are Melodeons to be found in this market.

LOWELL, June 2, 1859. jeod1y

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DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

a one, the Proprietors feel assured that they can execute successfully with any other establishment in the COUNTY and favorable terms as to quality and prices.

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamp hlets,
Circulars,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Cards,

Insurance Policies,
Bill Heads,
Blanks,
Printing from Steel-Type Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, EVERY KIND RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of paper for fine and reasonable colors and CLEAN edges for the description of work—in packs and reams, boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

RICH GOODS ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is on hand quite a varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, TOYS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and examine for yourself.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. Haynes, has this day just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene LAMPS AND OIL, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans, for sale at the lowest prices. Also a new style for factory use—the Sconce Lamp, which is one of the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and 5 gallons, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack street.

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Gin celebrated Cordials.

Patent Parallax Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the following properties:

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parrafine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 1. Extra do do do do do do No. 2. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, for Burning, No. 1. Extra do do do do do do No. 2. Patent Triple Refined Lubricating Oil, for Engines, No. 1. Extra do do do do do do No. 2. Office for the sale of the Oil,

110 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

sep27 Manufacturing and Agricultural Chemist.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best medicines ever offered to the public. It is the Great Remedy, and has found some of the choicest works published.

WOMEN OF BEAUTY,

Or Secrets of Female Loveliness, by Dr. Trall.

HEROINES OF SHAKESPEARE,

Or Portraits of Female Characters of Shakespeare's Principal Plays, by Dr. Thompson.

PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT,

by Dr. Thompson.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN,

by Mrs. Sarah Stickney Ellis Book.

HEROINES OF SHAKESPEARE,

And LADY AND THE BOOK by Dr. Thompson.

HYMNS OF THE AGES—new series.

The finest collection of Religious Poetry ever published, in small pages, full gilt.

MOUNTAINS AND MOUNTAIN Pasts—in superb styles and bindings.

MENTAL'S PLURALITY'S PROGRESS Illustrated,

by Dr. Thompson—splendid edition.

White large variety of NEW and USEFUL books—all for sale at

BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, PRAYER BOOKS

Of the finest and most beautiful styles, at

Also—Portfolios, Desks, Portemonnaies, Albums, &c. All the Books, all at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Pomice, Silver Soap, Almond Meal, Rose, Lily, and a large assortment of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. jan28

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR.

Also, constantly on hand, a full supply of Family Groceries, at the lowest prices.

SAM'L S. WOOD, 43 Market st.

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S Patent Metallic Lamp Wicks, which are the best article ever introduced, and takes the place of a Burner. H. S. HAYNES is Lowell, Please call and examine. 45 Merrimack st.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete a

remedy for Pimples, Freckles, Sunburn, Tetter Blotches, Redness and Tan. Sold by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. feb14

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, sometimes with pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatic affection of the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and nausea; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with looseness. The head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold, or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied he ought to be cheerful, he cannot; yet he can scarcely summon resolution enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every thing. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are warranted to effect a most happy result. No better cathartic can be used preparatory to or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them A FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders plainly, and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* Fleming Bros. are

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, March 13, 1861.

THE SOUTHERN FORTS. There are good reasons for believing that Fort Sumter is soon to be evacuated by Maj. Anderson. This step, which at first seems to be a backward one with the spirit of Mr. Lincoln's inaugural, is undoubtedly determined upon for many good reasons, we hope the wisest policy suggests it, and that the most favorable ones will follow. There seems to be no question about the fact that Maj. Anderson is short of provisions, and to supply him, vacate the fort, or let him starve, are propositions to be acted upon without hesitation or delay. That the surrendering of this place will be considered a triumph by the cotton States, no one will deny; we see not the slightest reason for its being otherwise; and the talk about the evacuation being a stroke of policy that will confuse and extinguish secession, is the baldest nonsense. We cannot look upon it in any other light, and if it does not lead to the peremptory demand for the other forts of the South, then we are mistaken in the temper of the unscrupulous, unbridled men who are at the head of the secessionists. If direct and positive good comes from the surrender of the fort, it will be seen in its effect on the border States and on the conservative men of the cotton States, who will use it as an argument that war upon the South and its institutions has never been designed, and that the slaveholding States are to be protected by Mr. Lincoln. We still think that in every State that has seceded, the question of secession has never been fairly presented to the people; that the better judgment of every State is against the folly into which it has been led by ambitious and designing men.

To hold Fort Sumter and be defeated in attempting to reinforce it, would be more disastrous and humiliating than to surrender it, because it can be surrendered without loss of life, and there is scarcely a probability of putting men and provisions into it without large loss of life and the risk of defeat. War once begun in Charleston, would be the signal for a conflict the end of which none can tell. What is the policy to be observed? While, with our limited knowledge of the circumstances that control the General Government in this matter, we regret the steps that are publicly said to be taken in relation to Fort Sumter, we cannot relinquish the utmost confidence in Mr. Lincoln, his cabinet, and General Scott, who better than all others know accurately what the circumstances of the country demand.

The following from the New York Herald which is so apologetic for the present administration, presents the case probably in its true light :—

"It appears that the actual condition of Fort Sumter is much worse than was represented by the recent administration.— The question discussed and to be settled by Mr. Lincoln and his advisers is whether Sumter can be reinforced, and if so, what it will cost, and thirdly, what value it will be to the service after it is reinforced? These queries are not unusual at the time South Carolina passed her secession ordinance. Neglected to do so; secondly, to supply Fort Sumter with men and provisions now would require ten thousand men at least, and more naval ships than can be brought into immediate requisition, a large expenditure of treasure, a great risk of human life, and the initiation of civil war; thirdly, would the administration be justified in making such reinforcement at all events, in view of the fact that such a terrible condition of affairs at Sumter is not an installment of the Buchanan administration upon the present, and not produced by any act of the party now in power, but against its well-known policy, especially inasmuch as Sumter would be of no small importance to the government in the present condition of affairs if it was reinforced.

"The present administration *has had no quarrel with South Carolina*, and is not inclined to assume or encourage any complications that the Buchanan administration may have become entangled in. It will pursue a policy of its own, and not follow that of its predecessor. It is clear, from evidence now before the President, that Major Anderson must have supplies at once, or be ordered to salute the United States flag and evacuate the place. To reinforce him under all the circumstances would only be viewed as the act of *a power to initiate the people of South Carolina*, with no good resulting to the federal government by it. The step would be regarded as quite as aggressive and willfully coercive, because the fort would be under the South Carolinians were subdued and the federal forces became the conquerors as they eventually would. Mr. Lincoln's administration is not inclined to be put in a false position, and believes that the present complicated state of affairs has been produced by designing men to entrap the new powers that be. Major Anderson and Sumter have done well; their services are needed elsewhere; they can be ordered to another post now by Mr. Lincoln, because he has not been the guilty party to their present condition. He can remove them unsolicited by menace or threat. They cannot be reinforced short of incurring the expense named above, and starvation would overtake them before provisions could reach them under any circumstances.— Humanity, then, demands their removal."

We do not think that there is any probability that Fort Pickens, at Pensacola, is to be surrendered at present; but we should not be surprised to learn, at any time, that the secessionists of Charleston are celebrating the withdrawal of Maj. Anderson and his force from Fort Sumter.

THE SECEDING STATES. At the last Presidential election, eleven States, which cast seventy-two electoral votes, went for John C. Breckinridge. Of the eleven States, seven have seceded, which cast forty-seven votes, leaving only four of the States with twenty-five votes, that went for Breckinridge. The States that went for Lincoln, Bell and Douglas, with perhaps a single exception, seem inclined to stand by the Union and the Constitution as transmitted to us by the forefathers. And yet we are told every day by the supporters of Breckinridge at the last election that the Republicans are the cause of the disunion which now prevails.

The *Transcript* thinks "it would be rather refreshing to see a few names of prominent men and men not prominent, who were actively engaged in the last Presidential campaign, who are not candidates or seekers for office. It begins to look as if everybody, who acted as orator or leader, is calling for his reward or wages."

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday afternoon, an order was adopted requesting the Governor to transmit to the Senate the report of the Commissioners appointed to attend the Peace Congress at Washington. On motion, the vote whereby the bill relating to the shares in the stock of corporations was refused a third reading, was reconsidered. It was placed in the orders of the day and comes up this afternoon for further consideration. The Senate concurred with the House in the election of the following gentlemen as overseers of Harvard College :—Thomas Russell, H. B. Wheelwright, A. A. Miner, J. H. Thornby, and A. L. Stone. The bill to establish the Mercantile Saving Institution in Boston, after discussion was passed to a third reading. Several other b lls were disposed of, when the Senate adjourned till 2, P. M., this afternoon.

House. Petitions in favor of the Bank of Industry, continue to be received: Yesterday one signed by Foster Nowell and others, and to-day one by S. D. Fletcher and others, in its favor were presented. Quite a number of bills were disposed of or advanced one stage. The new personal liberty bill came up and was laughed to and passed, and was finally passed to a third reading by a yea and nay vote—114 to 62. Messrs. Clark, Sargent and Wright, of this city, voted in its favor, Favor and Nichols against it. The bill to incorporate the Bank of Industry, in Lowell, was opposed by Mr. Wright of Lowell, as uncalled for and as a bill that would prove injurious to the poor of that city. The previous question was ordered, and the bill refused a third reading by a vote of 25 to 79.

THE NEW CONFEDERACY. It seems that the injunction of secrecy has been removed from the new permanent constitution of the Southern Confederacy. The following are the new features of the new constitution :—

The principal new features are that no person not a citizen of the Confederate States, shall be allowed to vote for any officer, civil or political, state or federal.

Under the first census South Carolina is entitled to 5 Representatives in Congress, Georgia to 10, Alabama to 9, Florida to 2, Mississippi to 7, Louisiana to 6, and Texas to 6. Each State is entitled to two Senators.

The State Legislatures may impeach judicial or federal officers resident or acting in said State, by a two thirds vote.

Both Houses of Congress may grant a stat on the floor to either of the principal officers of each Executive Department, with the privilege of discussing the measures proposed by the Department.

The three-fifth slave representation is continued. Congress is not allowed, through duties, to foster any branch of industry.

The foreign slave trade is prohibited.—Congress is prohibited from making appropriations unless by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, except for appropriations be asked for by one of the Departments or the President.

No extra compensation is allowed to any contractor, officer, agent, after the contract is made or the service rendered.—Every law or resolution shall have the force of law, and shall relate to but one subject, and be expressed by title.

The President and Vice President shall not be eligible for re-election.

The Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, in all cases involving the construction of the Constitution of the Confederate States, of treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority, of cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, and of controversies to which the United States shall be a party, and of controversies between two or more States, between a State and citizens of another State, between citizens of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

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WIGFALL'S REPORTED DUEL. A Washington correspondent of the *New York Times* has learned the particulars of the affair out of which it was reported a duel was to be fought between Wigfall and a man named Jackson of Tennessee. "The parties were 'on a bender' the other night. Wigfall and Kentucky raised nothing but wind and jackson. Subsequently Jackson slapped his face. Jackson woke up next morning with a bad headache, quite oblivious of the previous night's proceedings, until Mr. Cambridge informed him of his behavior. He said he knew nothing about it and would apologize. Wigfall, hearing this, went to see him at once, the apology was made, and all hands had another spree."

A MAN named Fitz James, says the Niagara Falls *Gazette*, from Canada, was found one evening last week, sitting with his feet hanging over the railing of the suspension bridge. He had been stopping at the Niagara House. He was cared for at once, when it was found that he was under the influence of morphine, a bottle of which was found on his person. After spying around awhile, they found out the prescription, which, from its character, is evidently designed to destroy the new power that he. Major Anderson and Sumter have done well; their services are needed elsewhere; they can be ordered to another post now by Mr. Lincoln, because he has not been the guilty party to their present condition. He can remove them unsolicited by menace or threat. They cannot be reinforced short of incurring the expense named above, and starvation would overtake them before provisions could reach them under any circumstances.— Humanity, then, demands their removal."

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NEW-HAMPSHIRE ELECTION. The annual State election took place in New-Hampshire yesterday and resulted in a Republican victory, though the majority is smaller than last year, and the aggregate vote diminished 5000 or 6000. The news of the proposed evacuation of Fort Sumter fell like a thunderbolt on many zealous Republicans, causing them to feel indifferent as to the result. The opposition had not time to rally their forces and fortunately for the State has been saved, the Governor, Nathaniel S. Berry, elected, and three good Republicans—Gilman Marston, Edward H. Rollins and Thomas M. Edwards elected to Congress. The Council and Legislature are both strongly Republican.

By an extra from the office of the *Independent Democrat*, we are able to give the vote for Governor in 105 towns by counties, compared with last year, which comprises nearly two-thirds of the voters in the State :—

	1860.		1861.	
Counties.	Goodwin.	Cate.	Berry.	Stark.
Rockingham,	3,000	2,617	2,882	2,981
Strafford,	1874	1824	2078	1989
Belknap,	1016	1221	1346	1176
Carroll,	1,000	1,000	1,000	1122
Hillsborough,	4,000	4277	4138	4010
Merrimack,	3,000	3,000	3,191	3,000
Cheshire,	1,750	1,682	1,930	637
Grafton,	2,515	1684	2271	1,000
	24,608	19,707	22,043	19,564
Majority,	4,901		2,979	

We give the vote in a few of the largest cities and towns, compared with last year :

	1860.		1861.	
Towns.	Goodwin.	Cate.	Berry.	Stark.
Exeter,	400	305	395	182
Hanover,	811	662	733	727
Dover,	968	615	867	491
Rochester,	366	336	340	322
Manchester,	1604	1324	1593	574
Nashua,	1014	853	1000	700
Concord,	1,049	903	1302	800
Keene,	558	271	570	536
Claremont,	594	241	549	225

The Republicans elected their Mayor in Concord by 283 majority.

FROM WASHINGTON. It is almost certain that Mr. Crittenden is to be appointed to the Supreme Bench.

The Senate, yesterday, sent to the Senate, Cassius M. Clay for Minister to Spain, and Thomas Corwin for Minister to Mexico. The latter is considered the most important mission to the Government at this time, in view of the territorial expansion question as connected with the Confederate States.

The following nominations are announced :—Amos Tuck for Naval Officer at Boston; Willard Phelps, Collector at Salem, Mass.; Rufus Hosmer, Consul at Frankfort on the Main.

Archibald Williams as District Judge of Kansas, and Wm. P. Dale as Commissioner of Indian Affairs, were confirmed by the Senate yesterday.

An extra session of Congress is likely to be called soon, and the policy pursued will probably be to repeal the laws making the ports in the seceding States ports of entry, and station national vessels there so as to prevent foreign importations.

The reports concerning fort Sumter, the Peace Congress, and Cabinet, are exceedingly conflicting, but there is no question but the evacuation of the fort is now days.

TWO MEN FOUND DEAD IN A FIELD. The Manchester, N. H., papers state that on Sunday morning last two men were found dead in a field a short distance from Manchester, on the road to Goffstown. Whole number committed to station house, 196; admitted for lodgings, 141; committed for drunkenness, 88; complained against, 66; prosecutions before the Police Court, 60, for the following offences : common drunkards, 18; assault and battery, 10; larceny, 9; for keeping liquor nuisances, 7; breaking glass, 5; assault upon officers, 4; doing business on the Lord's Day, 4; disturbing the peace, 2; breaking and entering and stealing therefrom, stubborn child and fornication, 1 each.

A MOVE IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION. It will be seen by the report of the business done at the meeting of the City Council last evening, that an effort is to be made in this city to enforce all the laws in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquor. For one we hope this means something. We do not suppose it possible to close all the rum-holes in Lowell; but if they were shut up it would be an improvement, and the Marshal will find employment for some weeks to come to perform that work, which cannot be too soon undertaken.

THE lectures by our fellow-citizen, Mr. E. Brown, on Paleontology, at the High street Church, begin this evening. We recently extracted a notice of these lectures from the *Bath Times*. In another issue of the same paper we find the following :—

"The lectures by Mr. Brown increase in interest. Mr. B is one of the most felicitous lecturers we have ever listened to.— His physical peculiarities, his graphic illustrations on glass are more than four inches in diameter, magnified to the size of fifteen feet across, are very interesting. Our guests the precise idea arrived at by the most scientific and enthusiastic geologists."

We understand that three illustrations will be magnified from 27 to 30 feet across covering from 700 to 900 square feet of canvas. The stereoscope at the close of this evening. The stereoscope at the close are an exhibition of art, that the Lowell public have never yet seen.

We hear them spoken of as of exquisite beauty.

ANOTHER BANK IN LOWELL. We learn from the *Citizen* that James G. Carney, Joshua W. Daniels, John Avery, F. A. Tufts, and their associates, have formed an associated themselves together, for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking in Lowell, under the provisions of the general banking law of this Commonwealth, with the title of the "Manufacturer's Bank." A list of seven directors have been chosen, and J. O. Green was elected President. The capital stock is to be $100,000, divided into 1000 shares of $100 each.— The Lowell Institution for Savings in this city owns one half of the capital stock. It is also to open operation on the second day of July next.

SUPERIOR COURT, *Morton, J.* The Court came in at 9 o'clock this morning, and the calling of the trial list was finished. The first case on trial is Dowling *vs.* Dow, which is now on trial. This action is for

sewing machine sold by Clark by virtue of a mortgage, and was tried last fall and went up to the full bench, and exceptions were sustained and sent back to this term of the Court for a new trial. Pearsons for the plaintiff; Norris for the defendant.

The next case in order is No. 1005, Crane *vs.* Lawrence, which will probably be reached in the afternoon.

POSITIVELY THE LAST LECTURE. At 8 o'clock to night, Professor Banning will sum up the substance of his recent course, on the mechanical preventative and cure of affections of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Blood and Digestive organs, etc., before both ladies and gentlemen, in Mechanics' Hall. He will also exhibit and explain the working of the system of light and electric batteries, which have accomplished so much for great numbers in this city. Admission free. Prof. B. closes his office at 86 Church Street, at 12 M., on Saturday of this week positively.

ALTHOUGH the weather is not very promising to-day, we trust our readers will not forget the festival to be held at Huntington Hall, this evening, by members of the Central Methodist Church. With good music and refreshments of the usual sort, we have no doubt those who attend will be well pleased.

MIDDLESEX MECHANICS' LIBRARY. Subscribers to this institution are reminded that by the rules they must return their books on or before next Monday, where they will remain until the annual meeting, April 4th.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Peter Carroll, for larceny of a hat from Albern A. Lamkin, was sent to the House of Correction for two months.

Frank Keagan, for an assault upon Luke G. Martin, received a similar sentence to the first named.

THE *North British Review*, for February, in L. Scott & Co.'s reprint, has been received from the publishers. The contents are as follows :—India Convalescent, Shelley and his ancient biographers, Large farms and the Peasantry of Scottish lowlands, Lord Dundonald, Modern necromancy, Engineering and engineers. The Political Press (French, British or German), Home ballads and poems, Hessey's Bampton Lectures, Dr. Carlyle's autobiography, Lord Palmerston and our Foreign policy. Copies may be had at the bookstores.

THE Boston city government has passed an order for the closing of all drinking saloons on the Sabbath, and the venders of the liquid actually obey. This is right, and should be imitated in all other cities.

HON. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN has accepted an invitation to visit Boston, and will probably do so within the next week or two days.

S. S. FAIRFIELD was on Monday elected Mayor of Biddleford, Me. Mr. Fairfield is a democrat.

ISAIAH STETSON, a Republican, has been elected Mayor of Bangor.

CITY AND VICINITY.

FOUND.

A Wallet containing a sum of money, which the owner can have by calling at this office and paying for this advertisement. Call at this office. mar13d1*

WANTED.

A Lady, fully competent, wishes a situation as housekeeper, or would accept a situation in a first class store. Inquire at 19 MT. VERNON ST. Apartment Street. Inference given and required. mar13 4t*

WANTED.

A Room, furnished or not, within a short distance of the Merrimack Corporation. Address C. J. BARKER. mar6d1w

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they contain much that is of great importance to every citizen, and are the wishes of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

LOWELL, March 11, 1861.

REV. DR. HAMLIN :

Dear Sir,—The undersigned citizens of Lowell, wishing to obtain information in respect to the Turkish Empire and the people connected therewith, through whom the Bible is to be circulated, would respectfully invite you to give a course of lectures in this city, on such subjects as will be interesting to the community and children. Ascertaining that you personally great request, and hoping sincerely you will accede to us in arranging this invitation, We remain

Truly yours, &c.

Linus Child, Nathan Allen, Amos Blanchard, S. W. Hardy, Jr., Wm. S. Southworth, Samuel G. Ames, James C. Ayer, C. Robinson, J. L. Jenkins, Jacob Bigelow, E. S. Foster, Thomas Hill, J. P. Cleaveland,

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LOWELL, March 11, 1861.

Gentlemen.—I have received and will cheerfully comply with your request to deliver a course of six Lectures received to.

Very sincerely yours, C. HAMLIN.

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of the City Council was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. *Limitation of licenses.* A rule was adopted that all licenses for billiard saloons and bowling alleys should expire on the first of April, and the Marshal, Deputy, or any member of the Board of Aldermen shall have power to enter such premises at any time to make examinations.

Licenses. Samuel Hoyle was licensed to run a hack and his bond was approved. The application of Samuel J. Dresser for license to keep a billiard saloon was laid on the table.

Police change. Wm. D. Gray resigned as a member of the police, and Levi Hussey was appointed a policeman, without pay from the city, for the Central Methodist Society.

Petition against more auctioneers. A petition was presented from Burbank, Chase & Co., and a large number of other traders, against the licensing of so many auctioneers in Lowell.

Report of City Marshal. The report of Marshal Lovejoy for March, was read and placed on file.

Petition against the tiswy law. The petition of Moore, was adopted :—That the City Marshal be and he is hereby instructed to immediately and vigorously enforce all the laws of the Commonwealth against the traffic in intoxicating liquors within the city.

Order to enforce the tiswy law. The following order was adopted :—That the City Marshal be and he is hereby instructed to impartially and vigorously enforce all the laws of the Commonwealth against the traffic in intoxicating liquors within the city.

COMMON COUNCIL. The resolve adopted by the Board of Aldermen, in favor of licensing, authorizing the Committee on Claims to settle claims against the City, was adopted in concurrence.

Claims against the City. A resolution authorizing the Committee on Claims to settle with Mrs. Sarah Dearborn, was ordered to a second reading, and lies over under the rules.

CONCURRENT RUMBERS. *Appropriation Bill.* This was finally passed appropriating $160,000, or $10,000 more than was originally reported by the committee. The amount appropriated last year was $162,000. Below we give the items compared with those of 1850—eleven years ago :

Items.	1850.	1861.
Schools,	$36,000	$45,000
School House,	8,000	10,000
Roads and Bridges,	12,000	19,000
Paupers,	12,000	15,000
Police,	6,500	10,000
Fire Department,	8,000	10,000
Sewers and Drains,	1,000	1,200
Commons,	2,000	2,000
Printing and Advertising,	1,800	2,000
Lighting,	3,000	4,000
Repairs of Public Buildings,	1,000	2,000
Salaries,	1,000	1,000
City Library,	2,000	2,000
City Debt,	10,000	10,000
Interest on City Debt,	6,700	11,800
Water Rent,		8,500
Setting Trees,	100	100
Land,	500	500
Total,	$111,660	$169,000

Real estate to be sold for taxes. A resolution was adopted that Isaac C. Eastman, Esq., be appointed to defend the United States power. He is a worse man and greater traitor than Gov. Brown. We wish from the bottom of our heart that the gallows may overtake him."

A LETTER comes from Gen. Pomeroy, Jersey City, fully endorsing for the $50,000 appropriated by New York, through which the farmers are enabled to begin the sowing of their wheat. They expect to have it in the ground by July—meantime they must depend on the east.

When Mr. Sickles offered a resolution to observe the 22d of February, as a national holiday, a gentleman remarked to Washington, and that Mr. Everett should be invited to deliver an address in the hall of the House. Mr. Garnett of Virginia offered an amendment, to add after the name of Washington, "the illustrious Virginian and Statesman;" Mr. John Cochrane of New York, always ready for a joke, especially at the expense of those connected with the "peculiar institution," Emancipationist." Of course, that brought the House to laughter, and the original resolution was adopted.

A FEW weeks since two sportsmen, firing simultaneously, killed sixty-seven wild geese at one shot (four barrels) at Montauk, Conn. Since then, more than fifty persons have been there to get the same shot, and came away with "nary goose."

On the island of False river, Louisiana, is found a frog whose peculiarities, we believe, have hitherto escaped the attention of naturalists. It is called the "egg frog," from its great hankering after "hen fruit," and a rage, it is somewhat amiable, after the frog climbs a tree and then precipitates itself to the ground. The fall breaks the shell, and the frog spits it out piece by piece.

TWO MEN FOUND DEAD IN A FIELD. The Manchester, N. H., papers state that on Sunday morning last two men were found dead in a field a short distance from Manchester, on the road to Goffstown. Whole number committed to station house, 196; admitted for lodgings, 141; committed for drunkenness, 88; complained against, 66; prosecutions before the Police Court, 60, for the following offences : common drunkards, 18; assault and battery, 10; larceny, 9; for keeping liquor nuisances, 7; breaking glass, 5; assault upon officers, 4; doing business on the Lord's Day, 4; disturbing the peace, 2; breaking and entering and stealing therefrom, stubborn child and fornication, 1 each.

MARSHAL'S REPORT FOR FEBRUARY.— Whole number committed to station house, 196; admitted for lodgings, 141; committed for drunkenness, 88; complained against, 66; prosecutions before the Police Court, 60, for the following offences : common drunkards, 18; assault and battery, 10; larceny, 9; for keeping liquor nuisances, 7; breaking glass, 5; assault upon officers, 4; doing business on the Lord's Day, 4; disturbing the peace, 2; breaking and entering and stealing therefrom, stubborn child and fornication, 1 each.

M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS,
PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

From the unsolicited testimony continually offered from all quarters of the country, it is impossible to resist a conviction of the great excellence of these Pills in all diseases of the Liver and Stomach. The following letter from Toronto, Canada, is one of the many the proprietors have received :

TORONTO, April 27th, 1859.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS,

SIR,—I take this opportunity of informing you that the Agent you have appointed here, Mr. M'Lane's valuable Pills. I have for two years past been afflicted with a severe pain over the eyes, accompanied with a nervousness and sense of dizziness; a malady beyond the power and skill of our physicians to relieve and cure, caused, as far as I myself could judge, by a diseased state of the liver and stomach. Some of the doctors tried bleeding, and various other remedies were tried, but all in vain, for the deep-rooted disease still stuck fast. At last I procured a box of your valuable Liver Pills from a druggist here, and feel, after taking a portion of them, that the disease and painful sensation over the eyes is almost entirely left me. I will close by advising all those afflicted as I have been, to procure the valuable medicine at once, and save their health and money, with little trouble. I am sincere gratitude and respect, I remain yours, respectfully,

GEO. W. RUSSELL, TORONTO.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Pills are the only ones ever introduced Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable Drug Stores in the country.

FLEMING BROS.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

jan31 1y sw

FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs. A handsome Muff and Cape can be purchased at reduced prices in order to close them out. Store No. 3 Merrimack House, 168 Merrimack street, Lowell.

mar11 1m* E. RANCOM.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

CONTAINING a correct map (on largescale) and time Table of every Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, Central Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. PISHER, sole agent.

jan16d3m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8d3

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

G. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, L. G. Rowe, S. Hodgdon, E. Hosford, Thos. Fletcher, Levi Spaulding, D. S. Richardson, John Clark, Jr., Thurman Clark.

Mutual Insurance Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, and the business of this department has ever been made in this state. The present cash assets of this department are $111,978.35. The amount of risks $1,178,178.35. The directors of owners of property in this department are mutual insurers, and are liable for losses and expenses, and have no interest in any Company except in the Mutual Department.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000. The amount of risks are $1,000,000. Stockholders are liable for losses and expenses only to the amount of their stock.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SEBERAN, Sec'y and Treas.
LOWELL, Feb. 18, 1861. 6m jy18d1y

Washington Coal,

For making has no equal.
For grates,
It burns up clean,
For cooking,
It burns in less quantity,
For heating,
It is the most burning coal. And the ORIENS can be bought only at
CHARLES HUTCHINSON'S, Office, 7 Central Street, Wyman's Block, Entrance on Prescott Street.

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Locust Point Coal, hereby give notice that other coal dealers in Lowell than on the Locust Point Coal, are selling a spurious article for the genuine.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, who has the right to sell the genuine Locust Point Coal, and we will prosecute to the full extent of the law, all persons who may be found selling a spurious article for the genuine. Persons purchasing of Mr. Livingston may rely upon getting the genuine article.

CHAS. HUTCHINSON, Agent,
No. 7 Central street, New York.
WM. A. BUCK & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. Wholesale Agents, H. H. HAY & CO., 309 Broadway, New York.

mar5 1y sw

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Have been introduced to the notice of the public for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst rooted sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Dyspepsia, or Indigestion; Dysentery; Indigestion or Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, containing nothing that will impair the most delicate constitution, but will restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. They are composed of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Burdock, Dandelion, Mandrake, Poplar and Prickly Ash Barks, Rhubarb, Dandelion and Juniper Berries, all of which are so prepared as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Explicit directions with each bottle, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe in all cases. Good for children.

This same mixture is also put up in a more concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Bitters, which is perfectly without griping or pain, and will cure Costiveness and Piles. Sold by all druggists.

Address J. O. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

S. KIDDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1y mar28m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Original and Best in the World!!

Established in 1822, and still preserves its unrivalled reputation. It is perfectly harmless, and produces a GRAY, SOFT, OR RUSSET HAIR direct instantly to a natural color, without leaving the skin or hair injured by the dyer or skin.

BATCHELOR'S PUFFING MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR since 1838, and ever since that time he has been the only one that has received the genuine medals.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be used, but will leave the hair soft as silk, and prevent the hair turning red or fall off. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

WM. A. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
No. 81 Barclay street, New York.

mar12 1y sw

CAUTION!

Ten subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Locust Point Coal, hereby give notice that other coal dealers in Lowell than on the Locust Point Coal, are selling a spurious article for the genuine.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, who has the right to sell the genuine Locust Point Coal, and we will prosecute to the full extent of the law, all persons who may be found selling a spurious article for the genuine. Persons purchasing of Mr. LIVINGSTON may rely upon getting the genuine article.

CHAS. HUTCHINSON, Agent,
No. 7 Central street, New York.
WM. A. BUCK & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. Wholesale Agents, H. H. HAY & CO., 309 Broadway, New York.

mar5 1y sw

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago, and have since used it in a limited extent, and investigated its merits thoroughly, and are now prepared to say that it is the best article that has been and is now, a difference of opinion among the profession to the contrary notwithstanding. It is durable, while it is not expected that it will supercede the use of gold, it will be found a valuable substitute where it is used with great success, and in all cases where gold is used, it will be found more durable and less liable to change. The manufacturer of this plate is liable to occur if negligently used, but we are prepared to say that it is not to the extent that they are prepared to furnish sets of Teeth to any person who may wish to use them, at a price that will be satisfactory.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

sep11

Dr. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer,
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell,
mar12 2m. Mass.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL
$1000,000
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

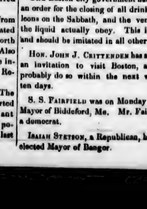
$1,000,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, producing five per cent on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

Rates lower in either Stock or Mutual department, than the most reliable companies.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Hinsdale's Insurance Office, Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16d6m

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the requisites for family use. It has become a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as a household economy. In all the four quarters of the globe, it is in use, for plain, cotton and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, gathering, and sewing on sleeves, the application to which female needle work is applicable, the

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among those who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low.

Nathan Allen, Stephen Chaloy, Arthur F. Bunney, Joshua W. Hannah, Samuel Bowers, Ephraim Brown,

Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates,

Nathaniel S. Berry,

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. 1y

"WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Great Remedy for Piles, Fever Sores, and Ulcers, has been introduced to the public.

It overcomes bruises and principal sores. In fact, it overcomes all sores. Try it. Sold by druggists.

It causes the crying of the tender infant to cease, when nothing else will.

It fills the old man off from his crutch, when nothing else will.

It relieves the delirious sufferer when her breast is the rules.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the face of the disfigured pimple.

Selling $160,000, or $10,000 more than was originally reported by the committee. The amount appropriated last year was $162,000. Below we give the items compared with those of 1850—eleven years ago :

It fights against felons and cancers.

It is a perfect friend to the afflicted.

For all grievous sores it is a friend indeed.

For chilblains it is a friend indeed.

For sore and swelled feet use it.

For fever sores use it.

For stiff joints and lame use it.

For sore breasts, sore nipples, sore throat, sore eyes, in distant climates, its virtues are acknowledged.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Ringworm, &c., it is a sure cure.

All the works speak its praises. It has the highest testimonials from physicians, druggists, clergymen, judges and the bar—from merchants, mechanics, farmers, manufacturers, and from all classes of society. Old and young men and women of all ranks and circumstances. And why? Because it is a sure cure. It is a sure cure for all sores. Its wonderful effects are known wherever it has been used. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE. Whitten's Golden Salve. Whitten's Golden Salve. Be sure and get the genuine. Whitten's Golden Salve. Beware of imitations. Whitten's Golden Salve. Whitten's Golden

SEWING MACHINES.

"Lyra about women whose end is their needle, for when they lean upon it, it pierces, not their side but their heart. * * * * I think the needle less fit a to more than the sword of war."—Isaac Walton Piscata.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is *WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines, are making the mistake of, in a short, most not forget to purchase them of the par ties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two spools, and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, use, deal in, or sell, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the Grover & Baker stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents or Licensees, and stamped with my (name) *Letter Patent*, with good cate until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when quacks and charlatans prevail everywhere, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to select from their number, before at least making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest professional* advertising physicians. In nine cases out of ten, are empirics; and if you allow yourself to be examined by their *false statements*, and go blindly into treatment, you will most assuredly repent too late. ☞ Dr. Mott offers no such inducements, nor stamps as above, a Parchment on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally; also Circulars giving full information, with the most unbounded references and testimonials, without which no advertising physician or medicine should be relied upon. CONSULT OR CORRESPONDENCE WHEREVER.

Dr. Mott's Office and Depot are situated physician in Providence, (if not in New England, where there are a great number of Irregular Practitioners,) who have a list of certificates and testimonials, some of them very extraordinary, and which will not, any others, LETTERS TO THE SAME; others, not to be published here) may be had gratis.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write for Circular, Pamphlet, and direct to DR. MOTT, as above.

August 25, 1860. + aug23d1y

TO WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AG NT, NO. 9 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK.

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

All the principal woolen establishments in the country are using the *Steel Ring Feed Rolls and Burring Machines* on their best broads, and some who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged to be perfect, and the only ones for perfection of work and durability. The *Steel Burring Machine* can be had with or without cards on a new plan of teeth; are recommended to your attention. Also, Burring Pickers, for Mestizo and Merino wool are those considered to first importance. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. As simple and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their perfect fit and straight surface allows them to run close to the Burr Cylinder, to save the fine and short staple. They form strength and dispense with the use of leather indispensable to a good hold on the wool, and the proper weight of the Rolls. They are also the only Rolls that can be used on the Solid Packing Burring Machine, when the wool of its required. Any machine, the same can be used and the four machines of the floor and burs; they are proven injurious machines. Burring and picking done with the card, and each set, in addition to cleaning, the wool preparing (if ☞ 50.00, so as to the carding as the cards to which they are attached.—Also, Solid Packing Burring Machines for sale.

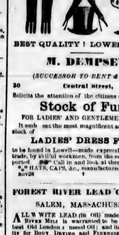
The undersigned has perfected a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Mestizo and other wools. It neither shortens the staple or injures the hand of the wool, but will not unravel the burs. The wool is combed open, and carefully and thoroughly picked of all vegetable burs, without waste to the wool, or injury to its staple. Those who have used it say it is the best machine they ever used. Others who have not, we say *send such advantage, it by this machine many acquainted with the qualities of wool and of wastes* are also thoroughly cleaned. Wool and Waste Dustings will be returned when ordered. Also for sale, Fisher Burring Machines.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

FURS! FURS!



MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

99 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—paying good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Frames for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24d3t

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

AND

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and COMMON WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD quality, and VERY low in price, at the old

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

80 Merrimack Street.

W. DEARDEN.

FURS! FURS!

MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

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99 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

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FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—paying good workmen on frames for

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WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD quality, and VERY low in price, at the old

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

80 Merrimack Street.

W. DEARDEN.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from *any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the

greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail on any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as *directed*, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember: This medicine is designed expressly for country cases, including all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, without success.* It is warranted as represented in *EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his Office in this city. Address, DR. MATTISON REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 36 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of many years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, where a personal interview is not had, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from a distance, who desire to remain under the care of Dr. M. or his assistants.

Bed Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patents, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are gross infringements, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker **SEWING Machine Company:**

18 Summer street, Boston;
458 Broadway, New York;
780 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 & 183 Baltimore street, Baltimore;
58 West Fourth street, Cincinnati;
118 Lake street, Chicago;
124 North Fourth street, St. Louis;
And at Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agents for Lowell, BURNHAM, CHAFEE & CO.
dec6 eod

New England Family

SEWING MACHINE.

A T 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most remote and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is more superior to any other machine on account of its simplicity, and the ease with which it is worked. It will do any work any other machine will do, and better than any other. It is impossible to get out of order than machines which are more complicated and liable to get out of order. This machine might be set down in a half hour, and in an arrange that it can be worked by any one. Under the stand which the machine fastens. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs all the work in an elegant manner, that even through every three stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $40.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan23

Kerosene-Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks, Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at *lowest prices*, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

80 Merrimack Street. 80

Music Books.

ULLEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instructive and Music compositions by the eminent composer, Julius Eichberg, Boston.

The Operatic. A collection of Operatic Music, and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quarrels, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and singing classes. By Edward Hamilton.

The above books for sale at H. B. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be had the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Remember the place,

oct1 17 Central street.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE assortment of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

dec12 Cor Merrimack

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the little Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No machine excels it. N. C. CARTER, Agent.

feb13 17 Central street.

TEETH! TEETH!!

ROBINSON'S IMPERIAL MINERAL DENTAL SOAP preserves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor Merrimack and John sts.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in his soul."—&c. &c.

JUST received, five pieces from Oratorios and Cantatas, by Fritz Hatschold—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.

Trust Gallop by Carl Zerrahn.

Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodies Exquisites from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.

All the above Music is published by Oliver Ditson, Boston, and sold by H. B. HUNT, 17 Central st.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION COIN PLASTER,

in curing Corns and Bunions. It is worth a dozen of all other remedies, as well as celebrated *Corn Looters*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years ago, and is the only one that never been discovered. It is *warranted* to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices is at H. B. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell. sep21

A FEW MORE of Sweet's Patent Music Folio Blanks, for sale here by Lowell.

nov16 H. B. HUNT, 17 Central street.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORY T. BILLINGS

MERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPING

MUCH improved, and selling very low at DEARDEN'S China and Crockery Warehouse, Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, No. 80 Merrimack Street.

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS—A new work by DR. LAHR, 13th edition. Also, Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Words of Men and Christians, Ohio. Just received and for sale by H. B. HUNT, 17 Central street. sep26

H. S. HOYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from celebrated Potteries of

T. & R. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER, AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, and are entirely new, and different from any ever just arrived from the English and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which was very large, making an assortment so large and varied, that all can be suited, both in style and prices.

HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete in every department, and will be pleased to bring to replenish their stock of goods in this line, and will endeavor to sell them as cheap as the cheapest. Which I will sell as low as can be obtained at any other store.

Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them to you, and it will be a greater pleasure to sell them to you.

Just keep in mind two things—that the best assortment, and the cheapest goods are wholesale and retail, can be found at HAYNES' China and Crockery Store, 45 Merrimack Street, less than 50 paces from the post office.

dec7 H. S. HAYNES.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," of the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known, house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and is now introduced on the Continent, with unbounded and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"Soyer's Sultana Sauce is a correspondent to my Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Delight.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable relief to those afflicted with a weak and slow and weak digestive."—The Lancet.

"SPICY, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its par ent."—Observer.

A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDINER G. YVELIN,
157 Fulton st., New York

And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fancy Dealers everywhere. 3tawtjuly19

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, BUTTER COOLERS

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,

GOLD PENCILS, GOLD AND THIMBLE RINGS, BRACELETS, GOLD BUTTONS,

BROOCH STUDS, SILVER SPOONS

NAPKIN RINGS, SALT-CELLARS, ETC.

PITTED, ICE CREAM AND CREAM KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES.

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*will be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18eod

MOTHERS

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during a practice of many years, and is now first offered to the public. It is a safe, reliable and efficient remedy for Cholera Infantum, Dysentery and Sour Stomach, and in case you of its supervisory over every other preparation. It is put up in a pure grape wine, and is entirely free from opium in any form.

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO RENT & DUSH)

Central Street,

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It may be found to be the most complete and select stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skillful workmen, and of the most fashionable and durable skins.

☞ Call in and look at them.

☞ HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order.

nov28 1m

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (PURE) manufactured by Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the finest Oil Grinding Mill in the country, and kept dry for Boot Dealers and Pressers. It is believed to be superior to any other manufactured in this or all White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," by the Forest River Co.

The great body and strength of the covering of the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Leads. It is recommended that but One Ib of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been proved by the use of the Lead now on its vicinity. In Boston and elsewhere. A full supply of the Lead will be kept on hand at the Mill, and delivered promptly at the Work order and in greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of the Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century, and is confident that the Lead will be found to be such improvements in the manufacture of White Lead as to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES D. COOLIDGE, Nos. 4 and 5 Merrimack Building, Boston street, Lowell.

sep18eod

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for a dressing of the hair. For efficacy and agreeable odorousness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It restores the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the perfect luster.

It remains longer in effect.

It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ow7

CARRIAGE ROBES at BRAZER'S

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Pain Killer. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or confinement, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw. CHARLES A SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN I. AYRES.
79 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely cured.
D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Auburn Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and, under-dosed more than can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. I tried a number of your Compounds, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN A. MUDGE,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" has entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years standing. ALEX. H. STEVENS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, fifteen years of age, has been afflicted nearly a year sufferer from Salt Rheum, his whole body was covered with sores and he could get no one bottle of your Compound cured him.
J. W. HAMMOND, 90 Brattle street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia. W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Revere House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
JOHN THOMPSON,
Feed 36 House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm. C. Dodge has presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound." I was troubled with suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and that I proved by it to be a good medicine. ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have found it a most excellent remedy for the disease. We have sold both the cash-one in its kinds of medicine, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism and Neuralgia, as we believe it will do all that is claimed for it. The following druggists and best medicines are offered to the public.

R. Swan, 20 South Market street, Boston.
Henry B. Gardiner, Weaver street, East Boston.
H. M. Hay, Boston.
Henry A. Fuller, 19 South Market street, Boston.
Tilton & Co., 289 Washington street, Boston.
Wm. Read & Sons, 13 South Market street, East Auburn.
Capt. Charles O. Dolliver,
James Hunt, Jr., Boston.
Elmer Tomerson, 43 to 47 Court street, Boston.
The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been taken by hundreds of people, by Sevaloom Hunters, Boston.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.
Wholesale agents for the New York, MACH & JENKINS, 67 Liberty street. New York.
Sold by Agents for Apothecaries and Druggists throughout the country.
Liberal discount to dealers. Some genuine unless signed by CHAS. GARDINER, Jr., Proprietor. Price $1 per bottle.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Sleeper, Hall & Co., and Dodge & Bowers, and by Boyd Brothers, 96 and 102 Merrimack street.

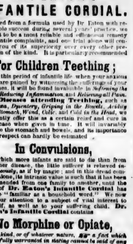
feb6 1y

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & Co's celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the late World's Fair, London, 1851, and subsequently at the New York Crystal Palace Exhibition, 1853, and the Paris, at manufacturers' prices. Second-hand Pianos for sale cheap for cash. Pianos to Rent. N. B.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.

Lowell, June 2, 1858. jy8d1y

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

a no. the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or in various colors and bronzes.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

IN CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always a good stock of pearl ine face and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STORY, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUNT, }

RICH GOODS

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Where also is the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CUTLERY, &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see

DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. 80

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

THE subscribers have just received and have a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Burners, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Gold Cut of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, sucker, hand, pocket, and Bracket Lamps, which are offered to the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES as CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

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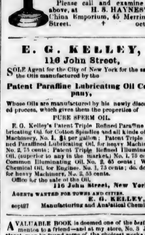
E. E. STORY, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUNT, }

RICH GOODS

ALL THE YEAR ROUND,

BY



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LOW PRICES as CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

E. G. KELLEY,

146 John Street,

GOLF Agent for the City of New York for the sale of his Patent Gutta Percha Belting.

Patent Parallelize Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE SPERM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parallene Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Woolen Mills, Cotton Machinery, No. 1, 2, 3, 4 grades. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 1, 2, 3, 4 grades. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 45 cents; White Lubricating Oil, No. 2, 45 cents. Patent Oil for heavy Machinery, 30 cts.

Office, No. 146 John street, New York.

Agents wanted for towns and cities.

nov27 1y E. G. KELLEY, Manufacturing and Agricultural Chemist.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best medicines ever offered to the public. It is a work of *infinite merit*, and should be in the hands of every family. Its author is a physician of great experience, and has devoted his whole time to the study of the diseases of which he treats. Its pages are filled with *facts* that are of *infinite importance* to all who are afflicted with any of the diseases of which it treats. Females are becoming convinced of the *importance* of this work, and are daily purchasing it. Those who are certain to result from the use of nostrums and quack medicines, should purchase this work, and instead administering being invariably followed by the most disastrous results. Those who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, should purchase Dr. Ketterell's Invincible Cordial before it is too late. Sold by Agents for Apothecaries and Druggists throughout the country. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, rather does it act by combining the necessary elements to produce a healthy condition. It is a rare medicinal qualities, by removing all pain and inflammation from the system, and restoring the vital energies to their natural channels. Any person who may have in hand a remedy which will never fail to cure Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, *Fever and Ague*, *family barrenness*, and cannot procure the most distinct testimonials of its virtues, can have the same sent to them by addressing

Dr. Keteell's Invincible Cordial,
Box 1,000, Boston, Mass.

Burnett's Cocoaine, for the hair, is for sale by all druggists.

Sold by them, and by all respectable druggists

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Instructions for cleaning Kid Gloves in a superior manner, without injury of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John street. ow7

$2.00 $1.00

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store jan21tf

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition in the Pill Tablet, completely effaces in ascertaining Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor Merrimack and John sts. aug17

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for our than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at H. S. HAYNES'

nov17 17 Central st.

THE very popular Song, "DIXIE'S LAND," sold by H. B. HUNT, 17 Central st

DAILY COURIER

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LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute,)

MANUFACTURERS OF Platform, Counter and Spring Balances, No. 20 Fulton street, New York. Also, Agents for Fairbanks' Scales. All orders promptly attended to. Manufactory at Lowell, Mass.

They would refer to the following certificate.

Having had occasion to purchase Platform Scales of several years, I consider them the best in use. Their simplicity and accuracy commend them to all who may be in the market, and I shall continue to use no other.
DANIEL CURTISS,
City Sealer.

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

THE latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18eod

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

THE subscribers have just received and have a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Burners, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Gold Cut of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, sucker, hand, pocket, and Bracket Lamps, which are offered to the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES as CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the forehead, with a dizzy state of the system, sometimes a sensation as if something had been left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes present, and the patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up resolution enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases may occur where few of them existed, yet exam'nation of the body, after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No fear of unpleasant effects from Mercury, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* Fleming Bros. are the only agents for the sale of Dr. M'Lane's Medicines in any part of the United States; and but few Druggists in the country have the genuine. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills are counterfeited in the most shameful manner. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets. ow7

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of the celebrated Rubber Boots and Shoes of the Lowell Rubber Co. for many years. They are made in the best manner and of the best stock, and have proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing boots in the market.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Boots, which he will sell low. Also, a large and varied assortment of Rubber Clothing, constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest prices.

Remember the place, at the Old Stand, No. 4 Merrimack Square, corner of Merrimack and Middlesex streets.

nov21 1m

VALENTINES.

BEST IN LOWELL.

THE very best assortment of Valentines may be found at H. B. HUNT'S, No. 17 Central street. The assortment of Valentines is unusually large, and includes more than 1000 varieties, from the cheapest comic on hand, varying in price from One Cent to Five Dollars. Every one about to purchase Valentines of any description are invited to call at

H. B. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

jan21

ILLUMINATING COAL OIL.

A LARGE SUPPLY just received and for sale at the Old Stand, No. 4 Merrimack Square, by

nov17 Agent for Pelletier's Oil Co.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Pumice, Silver Shaving, Gold Shaving, Gold Dust, Palm, and all other Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor Merrimack and John sts. nov28

BURNETT'S

COCOAINE.

THE GREAT DRESSING OF THE HAIR.

Is the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public. It is not a dye, but in a few applications restores gray hair to its original color, and prevents it from falling off. It promotes a new growth, and keeps the hair in any desired position. It is the best dressing for children, as it keeps the hair in curl, and promotes a new growth. It is the best dressing for ladies, as it keeps the hair in any desired position. It is the best dressing for gentlemen, as it keeps the hair in any des

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, March 14, 1861.

THE RHODE ISLAND BOUNDARY QUESTION. One of the most important Committees of the present Legislature is the Joint Special Committee, appointed to consider the boundary question between this Commonwealth and Rhode Island.—The people of the city of Fall River, Mass., and of the village of Fall River, R. I., are most anxious to have the so called Conventional Line of Attorney General Phillips and Gov. Banks, adopted. Judge Thomas and Mr. Chesebr, appear in behalf of the Line, while the Hon. Tarpell Wentworth, of this city, and Judge Marston of Barnstable, appear for the remonstrants. Massachusetts will be a great loser by the proposed settlement, and Rhode Island a great gainer. Nearly all the territory which has been in dispute between the two States for almost two centuries is given up to Rhode Island by the settlement. But this is not its worst feature. Two towns belonging to this State, which were never in dispute are ceded to Rhode Island for a very poor equivalent. We refer to Pawtucket, and the best part of Seekonk. Fall River, R. I., and a part of Tiverton, are to be ceded to us in return.

According to the testimony before the Committee, the village of Fall River, R. I., is a sort of Sodom—an Alsatia. It is inhabited mostly by foreigners, mill operatives. As a border town, it is a refuge for rogues and breakers of the peace. It is urged that it brought under a Massachusetts jurisdiction it would be improved in morals and in other respects. But will Massachusetts alienate a far more valuable territory, and a more numerous, wealthy and respectable population (Pawtucket and Seekonk) for such a lawless community as Fall River ? That part of Tiverton which is to be ceded to us consists of a fresh water pond, whose outlet is in this State, so that the water supply is ours already. Rhode Island has been a trespasser on this Commonwealth ever since 1746, all the way round from Burnt Swamp Corner, in Westboro, to Seaconnet Point, on the Atlantic Ocean. For a distance of thirty or forty miles, she took on an average, *a third of a mile* of our territory, when she ran the line *anew*, in 1746, 1747, and 1748. In 1852, [illegible] a suit in equity in the Supreme Court of the United States, to recover this portion of our territory, and have commissioners appointed to ascertain and run the true line.

But Rhode Island, ever on the alert, got this suit suspended, and even induced our Legislature in 1859, to pass an act authorizing the Attorney General and Governor and Council, to agree to adjust the suit by the adoption of a Conventional Line. But the line agreed upon by Messrs. Phillips and Banks, this State not only surrenders nearly all the territory in dispute, but she cedes away two towns and a village not in any debatable soil. The remonstrants against this cession say that Messrs. Phillips and Banks had no power to swap off undisputed territory in agreeing to a Conventional Line. How could they agree to give to Rhode Island a population of 6000 for one of 2000, a valuation of $4000,000 for one of $1200,000, nearly 2000 acres of land for four hundred, twenty-three miles of tidewater on Naragansett Bay, for three miles on Mount Hope Bay ! No wonder that there should be whispers of corruption, in view of such a bargain. In Rhode Island a property qualification is required to constitute a voter. Will Massachusetts be a party to the disfranchisement of each of her own citizens in Pawtucket and Seekonk as happen to be poor, by alienating them to another jurisdiction ?

But it is urged that the people of Pawtucket and Seekonk are in favor of the cession. So the foreign-born inhabitants are. But the native-born citizens are not. If the sales inhabitants of Rhode Island are not like Massachusetts, let them move elsewhere, but not attempt to take our soil with them. Then, again, our laws compel towns of a certain description, to support a High School. There is an excellent school of this sort in Pawtucket, which is hateful to the foreign tax-payers there. If they can be set off to Rhode Island, they will get rid of this tax. The present boundary line may be inconvenient for Fall River, but a boundary line between two jurisdictions is always a nuisance. It affords an opportunity to rogues to escape justice. But there is no help for it, unless all Massachusetts is annexed to Rhode Island. At the present rate of progress this there is danger of it. Rhode Island got away from us seven towns in 1746, and is clamoring for two more. If it is not, Messrs. Banks and Phillips have agreed to give them to her. Let the Legislature promptly repudiate their conventional line, and order the suit in equity to be resumed.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE SENATE. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Douglas offered a resolution of inquiry, the stated object of which is, by obtaining a reply, to officially disclose the fact that there is no executive power under the existing laws, to retake and hold the Southern forts now in possession of the seceded States, and to show that proceedings to that end would involve a large additional military force, and a great expenditure of money and that, therefore, the question of war must necessarily be postponed until the next session of Congress. Messrs. Wilson and Mason objected, and the resolution lies over.

Mr. Fessenden offered a resolution directing the Secretary to strike from the roll the names of the Senators from the seceding States who have declared they were no longer members.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE ELECTION. One hundred and thirty-six towns, for Governor, give Harvey, 26,063 ; Stark, Dorry, 25,060 ; Sterling, 101. Republicans elected to Legislature, 115 ; Democrats, 59. Rollins, Republican candidate for Congress in the 2d district, has from 800 to 1000 majority. All the members of Congress, four of the five Councillors, and perhaps the entire five, and 9 of the 12 Senators, have been elected by the Republicans. The vote is

A VOICE FROM GEORGIA. We have all along contended that the triumphs of the secessionists in some or all of the cotton States, was not attained through a fair expression of the people. We have seen this in the statements of private letters and in the declarations of some of the boldest public priests of the South. The people have not yet acted on the secession question ; the leaders of the movement are usurpers, and are yet, we believe, to be dealt with. One powerful reason is the calling us to any concessions toward the South is, that we believe *the people*, who sooner or later must and will rule in the rebel States, are guiltless of the notorious work that a few hot-headed, ambitious, unscrupulous men have been pushing on at Montgomery. We want no better evidence of this than the straight-forward, determined remarks of the *Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle*, a paper claiming to have the largest circulation in the Confederate States of any paper published there. The italics are its own.—

"And so we come now to the declaration of what we regard as a cardinal truth —at least of a truth on which we base our conduct—that the government to be formed should rest solely on the consent of the governed, and *shall* rest there, if we can bring it about, and that in all governments claiming to be free, *the people ought to be the sources of power*. We know, as well as any one living, that the whole movement for the secession of the Southern States, \$35,000,000 ; 73 ; bank stock owned, \$1,714 ; other investments, \$39,049.92 ; cash on hand, in bank and hands of agents, \$1,612.23 ; amount of loans secured, \$1,944.50 ; amount of policies issued the past year, \$1,005,005 ; paid for expenses, taxes and commissions, \$2,354.97.

THE FESTIVAL LAST EVENING. There was a fair attendance at the festival of the Central Street Methodist Society at Huntington Hall, last evening, though it would have been gratifying to those most interested in the affair to have had a larger number present. The usual entertainments on such occasions are as good as the average. The feature of the evening, however, was the poem, by Rev. Mr. Stetson, of Springfield, which occupied the attention of the audience for about half an hour. It commenced with an invocation to the departed spirits of certain great poets, noted for their poverty while on earth as well as their poetry. After stating the subject and giving two reasons for choosing it in preference to any other subject, he proceeded to its illustration ; first, negatively, by depicting the calamities into which a certain rich merchant fell, whose name was Dives ; then positively, by exhibiting the benefits and blessing of a good-natured old gentleman whose name was Penniless. After thus showing that poverty is good, he closed by showing for whom it is good. We hear the poem very highly spoken of by all who listened to it, and it is pronounced equal to the best of more celebrated writers. The festival was an occasion of pleasure to all present.

THE SECOND UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—The Church is to have a new carpet put down this month. It is being manufactured by the Lowell Manufacturing Company, and is to be spread in the aisles and pews, so as to be uniform through the church. A part of the money to defray the expenses of the improvement has already been raised ; and it is proposed to hold a festival, a fair, or some party, to secure what sum may be further necessary.

CONCERT. Dea. Cyrus Foster, of Boston, will give a concert in Huntington Hall, on Wednesday evening, March 27th. He will also deliver a speech on the occasion, which will no doubt be a rich word, order. Dea. Foster is a colored man, a native of "Old Chelmsford," and a person of acknowledged ability. The concert will be under the direction of B. A. Burditt, of Boston.

POLICE COURT. Only one individual sat for justice this forenoon. Thomas Ward, Jr., took a string of sleigh bells belonging to A. W. Bailey, for which offense, it was considered that the case was serious, so East Cambridge would be proper.

BLOWING-OUT BALL. There is to be a Union blowing-out ball, at Chesley's Hall, on Wednesday evening next, 20th inst.—The management is in the hands of a committee who have been very successful in such matters. The music will be furnished by Crocker & Patterson's Quadrille Band. The tickets are limited.

UNION FOR THE SAKE OF UNION. The spring style of hats just introduced by Messrs. Dunlap, Brooks & Co., for the Union hats, comes up exactly to our idea of what a hat should be. It is a happy medium between what has been jocularly termed the "Newmarket Hat," and the javenils looking hat so much in vogue the past season. Even a homely looking man would be transformed into an Adonis under one of them. Every Union man should have one of them by all means.

REV. D. MORY, of this city, lectured in the Freewill Baptist Church, North Bennett Street, Boston, last evening. His subject was —" What young men owe to society, and what society owes to young men."

CHANGE OF BUSINESS. Some fifteen or twenty of our citizens, are getting ready to occupy desks in a large granite building in Boston, on Commercial, near the slip of Milk Street. The autographs of all those supposed to have any influence are being solicited, and lucky is the individual who escapes having one of these papers laid before him at least once a day for a week to come.

TREAT YOUR FAMILY WITH A BEAUTIFUL CARPET. Three hundred pieces Tapestry Brussels Carpetings, for 80 cents yar yard, purchased by Legislature will attend to matters now, and is opposed to joining the new Confederacy, preferring that the State shall shine as a " lone star," as of old. The Convention, however, is determined to join the other seceded States and difficulty is in store.

MR. GORUM has got up a new lecture.—It is on " Woman." A good subject to talk about.—*Exchange.*

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 6.

INVASION OF ALABAMA. March 2nd, 1861.

DEAR COURIER :—I am now in the midst of "vital secession," but I shall "forbear" for the present, or until a more convenient season. I wish, however, to re-assert what I have before said in relation to Kansas destitution, &c. On the fullest observation and inquiry, I am still of the opinion that the people of the east have been, to some considerable extent, imposed upon by the Kansas aid beggars that have been lecturing through the east. The crops were cut off by a severe drought and frightful consequences seemed, in the fall, inevitable ; but " Providence " sent a tremendous " mast ", (that is, crop of acorns) upon which the hogs got as fat as one could wish. The winter has been exceedingly mild, without snow or rain. The dry fall just parched the prairie grass into hay, and the sheep have been wintered without a cent's expense, and it has been nearly so with horses and cattle. There have been no snows or rains this winter, to rot or destroy the nourishing quality of the dry prairie grass, and consequently the stock looks finely ; and what corn there was raised has not been needed for the stock, and there will be a surplus to keep over ; so there may be, but corn has gone down to " four bits," (that is, fifty cents) a bushel. Kansas will always be subject to dry summers and an indolent class of laborers.

The soil of Kansas and southwest Missouri does not require much rain to produce largely, and is undoubtedly the best stock raising country in the world, these advantages being favorable for sweetening the grass on their broad, fertile meadow prairies. The cattle and sheep were never so fat as last fall since the country was settled. Kansas and southwestern Missouri, in order to get crops of corn in a dry season, must plough deep, plant early, and then cultivate or hoe their corn.

Kansas is now attached to the Spring River country of Southwest Missouri, which for natural advantages cannot be surpassed. I have twelve hundred acres of beautiful rolling prairie in this section of the State, and in specimens of the advantages of that country, I will sum up its several relations to other things. 1. It is located between two large and never-failing streams, of clear water, with mill-privileges, either of which streams are within a mile and a half of this tract of land.— 2. The land is rolling, so that no water will stand upon it after rains. 3. There is wood and timber on the banks of the above-named rivers, in abundance. 4. There is good bituminous coal, one mile north and three miles west, enough to supply the world. 5. A climate so mild that sheep have required no feeding at all this winter, or only that obtained on the prairies. 6. The water from the wells in this country is very fine, clear and pure.— 7. As the communication, for the present, to this section is by steamboat, there being no river or railroad communication, there is yet an abundance of lands unoccupied, and at a very low price. Sheep seem to be in their element in this section of country. They rarely sicken, and owing to the mild, dry climate, with an abundance of food, they grow very large.

Immediately on the Missouri line, and adjoining the State line of Missouri, is the well-known tract of 850,000 acres, known as the Osage Diminished Land, claimed by the Indians, and in which the United States have not yet obtained a title, consequently settlers have no legal right to settle upon it, and any white settlement is a violation of law. Notwithstanding this objection, the beauty of the country was too enticing to be resisted, and large farms were opened, comfortable houses were built, and improvements generally were going on, in direct disregard of the frequent warnings of the trespassing on these lands. The population had increased to something over fifteen hundred souls, last spring, when Commissioner Greenwood gave orders to the Agent of Indian Affairs, to remove these white settlers. These settlers were living in hopes that the General Government would purchase the lands, so that they could hold these claims. But the operations of the agent were as sudden as unexpected to his victims, and his orders, the first intimation each settler had of his approach, was the flames of his neighbor's house. In less than three days seventy-five houses were burned, and as many families rendered destitute. But on arriving at Drywood, the agent found the settlers so united and determined, that he was compelled to forgive them a month's time to remove ; and the agent, with his United States troops, was obliged to turn back. Viewed in the most favorable light, this was a gross outrage and wrong, but it was only the " appendix " to the whole of the Kansas " tragedy. These fifteen hundred free white settlers were not slaveholders, but in favor of a free State ; and, forsooth, the musket and the faggot was none too good for them. Three families of them are now living in houses on my Spring River farm, and within a few weeks move back on their claims on these unoccupied lands, and I trust that under " Massa Lincoln's (as the niggers call him) reign, they will not be troubled any more. The Indian settlements are not within sixty miles, and they have no desire or intention of occupying these lands. Let the government treat with the Indians for the lands of the Indians, or permit them to dispose of them, and justice can be done to all parties, and the power of the government maintained also.

We are hoping that the Hon. John M. Richardson of Missouri will be appointed commissioner of Indian affairs ; first, because he is competent for the office, having served a long time as Indian agent under Polk's administration ; and second, because he has had the moral courage to take the stump in the State of Missouri, for Lincoln and the Republican party, and from this evening at Fayetteville, Ark., March 3rd, hearing travelled by private conveyance over the mountains for a distance of nearly two hundred miles. H.

HON. DAVID WILMOT was nominated at the Republican caucus of the members of the Pennsylvania legislature last evening, for United States Senator, and will unSUPERIOR COURT. *Morton J.* The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff yesterday afternoon, in the action of Dowling vs. Clark, assessing damages at $50.37 and costs.

Crane vs. Lamson, was the next case on the trial list, and the defendant was defaulted. This morning, the action of Simpson vs. Burns, appealed from Police Court, is brought to recover possession of a diamond ring, and is being tried by Simpson. The defence set up is insufficient notice to quit. R. B. Caverly for plaintiff : H. G. Bisbidell for defendant.

The case of A. C. Wheelock vs. Sheffield, will be on trial this afternoon.

IMPORTANT DECISION. " Perley " telegraphs to the *Boston Journal* that it is rumored at Washington that Attorney General Bates has given an opinion to the President that the revenue can only be collected under the act of 1799, which will not permit stationing collecters off the coast.

CARRYING OUT THE PRINCIPLE. Franklin County, one of the free counties in Tennessee in which disunionists were elected, desire to secede from the State.—At a public meeting the citizens passed resolutions in favor of a transfer to Alabama, and " declaring themselves out of the Union." If the doctrine of the secessionists be correct, these fellows are adhering to it logically.

CONSUMPTION OUR FOE. The Pony Express from San Francisco, February 27th, arrived at Fort Kearney yesterday. It was reported that a majority of the Douglas democrats, and all the Republican members of the Legislature, were endeavoring to get Mr. McDougal to withdraw from the contest for Senator, when an effort to elect some compromise candidate will be made.

A YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER. The Viceroy of Egypt's little son, Tousson Pasha, at the mature age of seven years, enters upon the enjoyment of a separate establishment of his own. Forty patriotic maids have already been presented with a couple of Circassian female slaves, while the English nurse is discharged.

POSTAGE. One of our exchanges has ascertained that between January 19th, and March 6th, there were shipped from Columbus, Ohio, by the American and Adams Express Companies, 403 barrels of wild pigeons, each barrel containing about 400—making a total of 161,200 pigeons.

EFFECT OF LINCOLN'S ELECTION IN NASHVILLE. At the time of writing this paragraph we have been living under Black Republican rule for several hours.— Except a slight headache, and some little anxiety to know whether Blynks is to get the Nashville postoffice, we experience no inconvenience from the change.—*Nashville Patriot.*

In the Hartford police court, on Friday, John Martin was convicted of beating his wife in the most cruel manner, first with a heavy strap and buckle, and afterward with a hoe-handle. He then struck her with an ungrinded chisel and the point broke off in the flesh of her head.

CITY AND VICINITY.

E☞ PAGE, BANNING closes his office at 36 Church Street, at 12 M. on SATURDAY, the 16th instant, for the application of his fluxon to the correction of eyesight, and the prevention and cure of Weakness and Disease of the Spine, Chest, and the Digestive and Female System. marl4tf&dly

PUBLISH,

A Wallet containing a sum of money, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Call at this office. marl4dlt

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are put up in a strong form, that all may possess a copy : they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Bible and Periodical Stores, and at the Counter Counting-Room.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY. In our notice of the Lowell Insurance Companies some days ago, taken from the Insurance Commissioners' Report, we overlooked the annual statement of the Traders' and Mechanics' Company.— They have insured, in first-class property, $3,211,488, for which they have received premiums and deposits to the amount of $35,805.

BUNJUR ON TAP.

This Elegant Preparation restores the skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a Native Purity. It is a delightful cool and refreshing if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, and will give immediate relief to the [illegible] of Sunburn. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition, and it can be used with perfect safety to the most unborn harm. Its *application* only *equal* for a month, *will cure the worst case of Pimples.*

Try it once and you will use no other.

To remove very Roughness of the Skin.
To make your Face clean and wholesome.
To make your Hands soft.
Before you have your Photograph taken.
Before you go out in Society.
Before you go out in Fashion.

Use BUNJUR, and you will have
A rare cure for red, eruptive, pimply faces.
A fine Complexion, and
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples.
Use BUNJUR, and you will have
When any Eruption comes out on the face.
Use BUNJUR, and you will have
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin.
Use BUNJUR, and you will have
If you would please your friends.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish a perfect beauty.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy success, for it has performed in a few days what they have failed to do in months. Its ingredients are purely vegetable ; but the *Magnolia Balm* contains neither Lead, Arsenic, Corrosive Sublimate, or any poisonous ingredient whatever. It is an application, and may be obtained of all our Apothecaries and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Price Fifty Cents a bottle.

FERRY, WELLS & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. M. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents. oNWAPly1

E☞ Coughs, the earliest changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and the ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, the public are invited to test the merits of this article, which is offered to them with confidence, as it will promptly relieve the distressing symptoms from custom, and is warranted to give satisfaction, or the money will be refunded. Full directions accompany each box. Lozenges similarly adapted and promptly sold.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)
Boston, Mass.
E. P. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly [illegible]

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up clearest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less ashes,
Than any other free burning coal. And the Cheapest coal in the market.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Foot of Howard, J. HOWARD, 13 Merrimack street.

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM :

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, FLESH WORMS, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

To remove very Roughness of the Skin.
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Hair Dye ! Hair Dye !!

W.M.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

The Original and Best in the World ! !

All others are imitations. This is the only genuine and reliable Hair Dye. It is perfect—instantaneous—no disappointment—no ridiculous tints—but Nature's own Dark Brown or Black, without injury to the hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to the inventor, by the Governments of this and other countries, which is sufficient guarantee of its superiority over all other preparations of the kind.

The immense sale of this Dye, and the many certificates constantly received from citizens and statesmen of the highest standing, is sufficient evidence that it is not to be classed with the many trashy articles now before the public.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash annexts are over $700,000. Dwelling houses, merchandize and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

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Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiarities, which render it the best adapted to everyone of the diverse uses in the requisites for family sewing. It is the favorite in Dressmaking and Tailoring, as well as upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, such as Hemming, Felling, Tucking, Quilting, Gathering, and Seaming, and inside to which female needle-work is applied, the

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among those who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low.

D. B. Richardson,
A. L. Barbour,
Wm. A. Burke,
H. Huntington,
E. A. Alger,
D. Colburn,
B. F. Butler,
C. F. Dalton,
D. D. Bargeant,
D. C. Brown,
Wm. Schouler,
J. L. Ordway,
J. H. Wadleigh,
B. W. Webster,
Alonzo A. Miner,
Benjamin R. Nichols,

J. B. French,
H. Hudnut,
T. P. Appleton,
Walter Hastings,
F. L. Richardson,
J. Wilson,
Rev. K. B. Foster,
J. N. Tenney,
M. C. Brunet,
Wm. Gaston,
Wm. L. North,
C. F. Richard,
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J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

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April 21, 1860. ly

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The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. above the amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

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Erastus Lyman,
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Robert Bell,
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Wm. H. Appleton,
John G. Stephens,

Benjamin Babcock,
Frederick Chauncey,
Fred'k City Bank, Brooklyn.
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Ambrose C. Kingsland,
Commodore of Connecticut.
Wm. H. Webb,
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Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department, on the most favorable terms.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
No. 8, 1860. ly 1m1w

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TO

69 Next Door. 69

P. H. EMERSON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has removed to

69 Merrimack Street,

next door to his former stand. Having now refitted it, he now offers a large assortment of goods in his line, which he will sell at the lowest prices.

He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks to his friends for their liberal patronage for the past eleven years, and would be happy to see all his old customers at his new place of business, 69 Merrimack street.

Lowell, March 2, 1861. 3m marl4tfsup

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT GROWTH OF WHISKERS ON A SMOOTH SCALP,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Prepared by C. HEIMSTREET & CO.,
Waltham, Mass., Jan. 20, 1859.

MESSRS. W. E. HAGAR & CO., TROY, N. Y.—Gents : I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S Inimitable Hair Restorative for the last two years, with much satisfaction and success. I have tried various kinds of Restoratives, but have found none to give such perfect satisfaction as this. I have also used it myself for a number of years, and have found it to be the most pleasant and effectual article for the hair and whiskers that I have ever used. Yours truly,

[illegible]

Sold by Druggists. W. E. HAGAR & CO., Troy, N. Y., Proprietors. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. [illegible]

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye !

This splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous in effect—harmless—reliable—and perfect. No disappointment—no ridiculous tints—but Nature's own Dark Brown or Black, without injury to the hair or skin. Sold at all cities and towns of the United States and Canadas.

Manufactured by CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor, No. 81 Barclay street, New York.

CHARLES BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
No. 81 Barclay street, New York.
mhsp18 1y*

CAUTION !

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Peruvian Guano, from the Chincha Islands, would caution the public against a spurious article, manufactured in this city, and sold in packages of the same size and appearance as the genuine. The public are hereby notified that the genuine article is put up in bags, with the name of the consignee, and the brand of the vessel in which it is imported, viz :

"BUT ME, AND PLL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Nervous Affections, from the pimple to the worst purid sore ; Jaundice ; Costiveness ; Piles ; Female Irregularities ; Dyspepsia ; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, and restore the digestive powers to healthy action, quicken the circulation, and purify the blood beaut the whole system, and in fact, make the most perfect cures of the worst forms of disease. Its *application* every night for a month, will cure the worst case of Pimples.

To remove very Roughness of the Skin.
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The Original and Best in the World ! !

All others are imitations. This is the only genuine and reliable Hair Dye. It is perfect—instantaneous—no disappointment—no ridiculous tints—but Nature's own Dark Brown or Black, without injury to the hair or skin. The present establishment is the same as is at present occupied by the inventor, and has been for the last 38 years.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to the inventor, by the Governments of this and other countries, which is sufficient guarantee of its superiority over all other preparations of the kind.

The immense sale of this Dye, and the many certificates constantly received from citizens and statesmen of the highest standing, is sufficient evidence that it is not to be classed with the many trashy articles now before the public.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash annexts are over $700,000. Dwelling houses, merchandize and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)
Boston, Mass.
E. P. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly [illegible]

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up clearest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less ashes,
Than any other free burning coal. And the Cheapest coal in the market.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Foot of Howard, J. HOWARD, 13 Merrimack street.

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM :

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, FLESH WORMS, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation restores the skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a Native Purity. It is a delightful cool and refreshing if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, and will give immediate relief to the [illegible] of Sunburn. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition, and it can be used with perfect safety to the most unborn harm. Its *application* only *equal* for a month, *will cure the worst case of Pimples.*

Try it once and you will use no other.

To remove very Roughness of the Skin.
To make your Face clean and wholesome.
To make your Hands soft.
Before you have your Photograph taken.
Before you go out in Society.
Before you go out in Fashion.

Use BUNJUR, and you will have
A rare cure for red, eruptive, pimply faces.
A fine Complexion, and
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples.
Use BUNJUR, and you will have
When any Eruption comes out on the face.
Use BUNJUR, and you will have
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin.
Use BUNJUR, and you will have
If you would please your friends.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish a perfect beauty.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy success, for it has performed in a few days what they have failed to do in months. Its ingredients are purely vegetable ; but the *Magnolia Balm* contains neither Lead, Arsenic, Corrosive Sublimate, or any poisonous ingredient whatever. It is an application, and may be obtained of all our Apothecaries and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Price Fifty Cents a bottle.

FERRY, WELLS & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. M. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents. oNWAPly1

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Mosart Hall, corner of John St.,

Lowell.

Selling Bonnets complete for 87 cents.
Selling Bonnets complete for 87 cents.
Selling Crape Bonnets complete for 87 cents.
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Terry Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00

RICE MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

mar14 dlw

DIXIE'S LAND, with Variation by Ch. Grobe, for sale at

mar13 No. 17 Central street.

CARRIAGE-BOBES at BRAKER'S

MARRIAGES.

In this city, March 13th, by A. B. Bruton, Esq., Mr. Daniel Richardson, of Ireland, to Miss Clara Harper, of Lowell.

In New York, February 9th, at the residence of the bride's father, Georgia E. Adams, of Lowell, to Mr. Asahel A. Richmond, of Boston. In Lowell, March 6, by Rev. Mr. Bigelow, Mr. Amos E. Wilder of the late A. J. Richmond, to Miss Ellen M. Bell.

Lowell, March 9, 1861.

JOHN WRIGHT, President.
SEWALL G. MACE,
WILLIAM H. BARKER,
LEVI SPRAGUE,
JAMES H. FLANCIA,
JOHN AVERY,
WILLIAM WORSLEY,
Directors.

mar13d3w

Middlesex Mechanics' Association.

NOTICE.—In accordance with Section 13 of the By-Laws and Regulations of the Library, all books not returned on or before the first day of the eighteenth day of March, 1861, and remain until after the annual meeting, April 6th, 1861, will be charged with a fine of

ONE DOLLAR.

mh16tow JOHN WRIGHT, Librarian M. M. A.

Woolen Manufacturer Wanted,

TO RENT. A man with about $15,000 capital, thoroughly acquainted with the business, can rent the Mill and Machinery, with two story brick store, with 4 tenements, in Webster, Mass., on favorable terms. Address box 1780 Boston Post Office. mar11d6w

KEROSENE

THE BEST THAT IS MADE, AND UNIFORMLY GOOD, AT

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Emporium,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

mar12 80 Merrimack Street.

CHANDS

BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.

The subscriber would inform his friends and the

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they lean upon it, it pierces, but they grin, but utter heart. 0 0 0 0 0 I think the needle has claim more than the sword of war."—HENRY WARD BEECHER.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our regular manufacturing none the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth and having a food which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the "Lock Stitch," unless the same are purchased from the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patent, during the extension thereof, to make, use and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others the principle upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salerooms of the Grover & Baker S. M. Machine Company:

16 Summer street, Boston;
458 Broadway, New York;
730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 E. Baltimore street, Baltimore;
36 Main Fourth street, Cincinnati;
18 Camp street, New Orleans;
136 North Fourth street, St. Louis;
81 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHAPIN & CO.
dec14 wl

New England Family SEWING MACHINE.

AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is equally superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to break or get out of order than machines which are more complicated in their construction—in this machine wrigh but six and a half pounds, and is so constructed that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be sewn with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in so thorough a manner, that even though every third stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call. Further information may be had of

PRICE $20. CARTER, Agent.
jan23

Kerosene—Bowners.

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Boiling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimnies, Shades, Chimney Brushes &c., at *lowest prices*, and in style, and durability, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street. s20

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The ready Pure by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner.

Will make hard water soft, clean Paint, remove in from Type, Grease from Woolen Goods, Clothes, &c., &c., &c.

One pound will do a ton
4 to 6 Lbs. refuse grease, usually given away, at about 1-cent per lb., say 7
45 cts.

Forty-fou cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel *first rate* SOFT SOAP.

Recipe for making different kinds of Soap, *free*, per by addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable Grocer in the Country.
May, 1860. may1ly 8sheet

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Dances Quadrilles, Waltzes, Polkas, Galops, &c., for every one whose name the book bears.

The Serenade. A collection of Sacred Music, full and complete, in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quadrilles, Waltzes and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of clarion, violin and orchestral playthings. By Edwin Brown.

The above books for sale at E. P. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found a full assortment of Music and Music Books.

☞ Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Remember the place,
17 Central street.

REAL and Imitation CALF GLOVES, Jamaica, the best of all qualities, for sale by the pair or dozen at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store,
jan23 47 Central st.

Perfumery.

POND Lily Extract, Burnett's Portical, and a assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John Sts. 6m26

MORE MUSIC.

"Be that hath no music in himself," &c. &c.

JUST received, five pieces of Music for the price of one piece, by Felix Barthold—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.

Thought by Carl Zerrahn.
Sweet Home Quick Step and Polka, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Melodies' Exposition from favorite Operas—arranged by Otto Voss.
All the above Music is published by the world renowned firm of Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston, and for sale by E. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov27

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the great virtues of the **ALBION CORN PLASTER,** in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed in accomplishing a cure. Corn *Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England over fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered, and it is decidedly the most entire safe fashion. Prepared only by

C. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries and Druggists. mh2

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. P. HUNT'S Book and Music Store 17 Central street, Lowell. sep21

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORN T. BILLINGS

nov15

CARRIAGE ROBES at BRAZER'S

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenogogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single females, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail—*any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 3000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *with out a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, when find a case represented in* EVERY RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of Imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only by DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 20 Union street Boston.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole *attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Dr. MATTISON, No. 3 Pemberton Square, Boston.

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETTS, CAKE BASKETS OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY. FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS, BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE RINGS, SEALS, KEYS AND BUTTONS. SILVER SPOONS NAPKIN RINGS, SILVER SPECTACLES.

PISTOLS, ICE CREAM AND DESSERT KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*all to be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most fashionable styles of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done to order by the very best style of Lowell. Dec. 18, 1860. dec18eo1f

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and unrivalled Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe. It is the Table Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much appreciated as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our readers to try Mons SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is a delicious relish to roast beef; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in case of YELLOW AND WEAK DIGESTION."—The Lancet.

"SAVEY, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its [ver."—Atlas.

A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place in every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDNER G. YVELIN,
No. 21 Park Row, N. New York
And BRAZER & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.
3aw1yjan19

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new consignment and invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail. comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for *style, quality, variety* and *cheapness*, is unequaled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of Crockery will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA and CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will be found their own advocate.

W. DEARDEN.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

THE ART OF BOXING, in plain and full detail, explained in so easy a manner, that any person may comprehend the whole. Price 25 cts.

E. P. HUNT, 17 Central st.
jan23

" MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Wonders in the Spiritual World," by Lee, A. D. Concord. Just published by Henry Ryan, and for sale by
nov17 E. P. HUNT, 17 Central st.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and comfortable remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Rough Hands, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. 8d14

SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.

NEW and superior Rice Meal just received from Saxonville, and for sale by
nov22 SAML. K. WOOD, 45 Merrimack.

Kinsler's Lirocone.

For cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Plated Ware, Marble and Wood Work, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, *safe* and *economical* in every respect. Tried, and for sale by
nov15 SAML. K. WOOD, 45 Merrimack.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Catarrh, and other disorders of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find the troches a most valuable remedy for clearing the voice. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

WAITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink; to be purchased at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music store, where all letter rates than at any other store in Lowell. 17 Central street.

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Who would be without a sewing machine if they could get one for $10? Everybody which is sold for $10, we feel confined every time we look at the store of the Company, before invented. It has a very decided superiority over all of the others as regards its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.
17 Central street.

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

nov15

DR. DOWES'

HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF!

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh is of a disease of the head, producing a watery water running from the head out of the nose and eyes, attended with a ringing in the stone ach, and evaporating, becomes a thick, ploy substance, usually called consolation for a cough, and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Young children are often afflicted with this water running from the head into the throat, causing a cough; and when the child coughs and raises, and swallows the phlegm, it fills the stomach and bowels with slime, and the child dies with the croup, unless immediate relief is offered. Use the child need up some of Dr. Dowes's Catarrh Snuff when they have taken cold, and it will prevent all these complaints. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Prepared by DR. J. DOWES, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. nov22tf

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

W.H.DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

AND

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS

Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitating Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

AND

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Silver Plated Ware,

CUTLERY,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

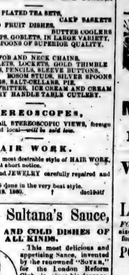
WARE suitable for Boarding Houses,

GOODS of quality, and VERY low in price, at the old **China and Crockery Warehouse,**

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

80 Merrimack Street.

W. DEARDEN.



BININGER'S OLD KENTUCKY BOURBON "1849 RESERVE"

The established popularity of this Centre One Born as an unrivalled agent, renders it superfluous to mention in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskies.

Being distilled in 1849, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon as strictly pure, unmixed, and peculiarly effective for the manufacture of Punch, Toddy, Cocktails, and the numerous other delicious compounds of the Stomach. Refreshment, &c.

As a convincing proof that its merits are so evenly and strongly appreciated by the public, we have only to say that the demand for it has increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to add to our already extensive facilities for its manufacture, and are now prepared to supply the trade with any quantity they may require.

BININGER & CO.,
Distillers and Importers,
No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.

For sale in Boston by WEEKS & POTTER; in Lowell by JOHN T. BILLINGS; in Salem by CHARLES H. ALLEN; in Portland by STEPHEN WEEKS; T. L. SMITH, 2 PIERCE & CO.; in Bangor by DAVIS & CO., and JAS. MACKINTOSH.
nov25 6TuThAfeb1yl

FURS! FURS!

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum it is an external remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the diseases I ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NORMAN T. AYRES,
73 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Jr.
No 5 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be described. Every thing I used only afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and am honestly say it has done me more benefit than all other remedies I have ever used.

JOHN A. MURLO,
Grand Jury Room, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" as an entirely reliable cure from sufferings of several years standing.

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years old, has been lame for two years. a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his limbs and body covered with sores. Using only one bottle of your Compound cured him.

C. W. HARDING, 90 Washington street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Salt Rheum.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Prop. Revere Pearl St. House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound has cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

JOHN THOMPSON,
Revere Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my daughter was cured by Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, after suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism for two years, and that I used several bottles.

ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress, Boston.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, in every case, found it to give immediate and permanent relief. We have full confidence in its healing virtues, and believe it to be the best article for the purpose with which we are acquainted. Some of the cases and best medicines were offered to us.

E. Hayward, Boston; Dr. 20 years' standing.
Henry D. Gardiner, Worcester street, East Boston.
W. E. Al
Henry A. Fuller, 19 South Market street, Boston.
Edward Fuller, 19 South Market street, Boston.
Mrs. Ann Fuller, 19 South Market street, East Boston.
Capt. Charles D. Dolliver,
Samuel Wright, 15 Hancock street, Boston.
Elmer Townsend, 46 to 47 Pearl street, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been by hundreds of people, for Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, &c.

Principal Depot, 99 Kilby Street, Boston.

Sold by druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle. Four bottles for $3.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. E. Richardson, Dr. Dowes, and by Druggists generally in Boston. 26 and 162 Merrimack street.

October 13, 1860. 1yr dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the first diseases of Children arise either from the bad condition of their bowels and in this connection we would recommend to your notice Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, which will relieve and cure those disorders in a short time.

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success in his practice for many years. It is known to be a most reliable and effective remedy for Cholera Infantum, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Sour Stomach, Griping Pains, Worms, and all other derangements of the Stomach. Retreshing, &c.

Being distilled in 1848, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon as strictly pure, unmixed, and peculiarly effective for the manufacture of Punch, Toddy, Cocktails, and the numerous other delicious compounds of the Stomach. Refreshment, &c.

As a convincing proof that its merits are so evenly and strongly appreciated by the public, we have only to say that the demand for it has increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to add to our already extensive facilities for its manufacture, and are now prepared to supply the trade with any quantity they may require.

BININGER & CO.,
Distillers and Importers,
No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.

For sale in Boston by WEEKS & POTTER; in Lowell by JOHN T. BILLINGS; in Salem by CHARLES H. ALLEN; in Portland by STEPHEN WEEKS; T. L. SMITH, 2 PIERCE & CO.; in Bangor by DAVIS & CO., and JAS. MACKINTOSH.
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DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS PRINTING.

Having an entire fresh stock of

Modern Types and Presses,

I am the Proprietor to feel assured that they can compete successfully with any Establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ELSEWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Cards, Addresses, Circulars, Bill Heads, Programmes, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, Bi-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Hammond Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

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PORTRAITS OF EMINENT PERSONS, Sermons to Young Men—a beautiful Gift Book for Women, by Mrs. Hale—Lives of Eminent Men.

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*Lossing's Pictorial History of the War of 1812

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, March 15, 1861.

Hon. C. H. Rice. We have received a copy of the speech of Hon. C. H. Rice, the able and accomplished representative from Boston in the United States House of Representatives, made February 26th. It is a philosophical and sound exposition of the exciting topics connected with our secession politics, and adds another valuable document to the contributions of Massachusetts members of the *revolutionary* session. If our government fails, and the hopes of the world in free institutions shall perish, it will not be said that Wilson and Adams, and Gooch, Elliott and Rice, have not exposed the perfidious and iniquitous causes of our overthrow, and left upon the record forensic orations which will immortalize the controversy.

We regret that we cannot present our readers with this speech. Our columns have been so engrossed, for the last four months, with this discussion, that we must forbear. We cannot, however, deny such of our readers as may not have seen it in the columns of other prints, a taste of it, by giving one of the opening paragraphs of great beauty and pathos. In expressing his devotion to the Union, he says:

"I cannot refrain from speaking warmly for that Union which I have been taught to hold in devoted admiration from my earliest years. It was my fortune to be born upon soil near which transpired some of the principal events of the American Revolution. The home of my childhood and of my maturer life as well, was within sight of the smoke of the conflict on Bunker Hill, in which the gallant little army of the colonies suffered defeat, the glory of which surpassed even the victory of that day. The plains of Lexington and Concord seem almost to ring echoes over the very hills which have been my familiar haunts. I have passed at frequent intervals all my life long, upon the eligies in marble and upon canvas of those who labored for and created the councils of these and of later struggles. I have dwelt always amidst the associations and traditions of their deeds. The walk to my daily avocations has been beside the memorials of those patriotism has sought to bestow veneration and gratitude upon their names, and I have worshiped in temples that were sacred around which all but their imperishable glory and their immortal spirits seem to have fled in flight and repose of death. Sir. I am not prepared to celebrate the obsequies of the nation which, under the will of Providence, the patriots founded; and those who are now engaged in the sacrilege of destruction shall I verily believe after the passion of the hour has passed, live, while they continue, as the degraded outcasts of earth and Heaven; and history, through all the years to come, shall render their disgrace immortal."

☞ Legislative. Yesterday in the Senate, on motion, it was ordered that the Committee on the State House be instructed to inquire into the expediency of preparing the ground and furnishing a suitable pedestal for the reception of the statue of the late Horace Mann. The Mercantile Banking and Savings Institution bill was again under discussion, and was first disposed of by being laid on the table, and afterward by being placed in the orders of the day. The bill for better protection of property from fire, was rejected on the question of ordering it to a third reading, and the same fate attended the bill for the removal of gore and ice from sidewalks.

House. An attempt to reconsider the vote by which the new personal liberty bill was passed to be engrossed, was defeated. The other business was not of general interest. Quite a number of the members of both branches were absent, having gone to Fall River to examine into facts and "look over the property" concerning which Massachusetts and Rhode Island are at variance.

From Washington. It is not known that the Cabinet has taken any new action in relation to Fort Sumter, within the last few days. The withdrawal of Judge Anderson has not been "involved in any doubt" since the meeting on Saturday night, when Gen. Scott's military report, accompanied by the detailed statements of the engineer and naval officers was laid before the council. All the high military and naval officers agree entirely in opinion that the government could not reinforce Major Anderson with its present available means, and that the attempt would be attended with serious loss of life and probable failure. It is strictly a military question, and must be decided upon military principles, and by military authority.—Neither the President nor his Cabinet can assume to determine operations about which they must be necessarily ignorant. Hence, in acting upon the official advice of Gen. Scott, the Cabinet have adopted his programme as they would the plan of a campaign."

Congress. The Senate yesterday, after considerable discussion of the resolution of Mr. Fessenden, proposing that the names of the Senators from the seceding States, who had withdrawn from the Senate, be stricken from the roll, adopted the following substitute, offered by Mr. Clark :—

Whereas, The seats occupied by Messrs. Brown, Davis, Mallory, Clay, Toombs and Benjamin, as members of the Senate have become vacant, therefore,

Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to omit their names respectively from the roll.

Mr. Mason ineffectually proposed to amend the resolution by making it read—"the gentlemen named have ceased to be members."

During one of the late great storms that visited England, about one hundred and ten feet of the Crystal Palace in London, was blown down and shattered into pieces. The appearance of the wreck was peculiar, and looked as if particular pains had been taken by those who had wantonly destroy the material of which the palace was built.

Let the South have their way. We see it stated that a petition is in circulation in the vicinity of Boston to the effect that the people of Massachusetts are willing (their quarters of the adhering States [illegible] same) that the seven States [illegible] secession shall be governed, [illegible] and form any other govern- [illegible] they shall deem best.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 7.

Fayetteville, Ark., March 4th, 1861.

Dear Courier: I arrived in this city last evening. Although there are many Northern men here, secession is rampant.—At every grog shop, at every tavern, at every corner, "gangs" of men of all ages are discussing the rights of the South, and cursing the wrongs from the North. A Republican here, especially from Massachusetts, who would have a voice for it, registered my name as from Missouri, and soon was all "right on the goose," by making myself acquainted with some one, and taking a fuss, to say the least, as any of them. The men seem to be moving to and fro in a restless manner; and when they meet one of their neighbors, they accost him thus, which I give verbatim, as one of the first salutations that struck my ear—"Well, Jake, what is the last news?" "D——— good for the South; the Peace Convention broke up in a row last night, and Tyler is speaking to-day in Virginia, and declaring the whole thing a cheat, a swindle, and an insult to the South." "Is that so, Jake?" "Yes." "By ——, I believe it, go with me to the telegraph office." "Well, Jake, I have lived on this ole treeny-four years, and by ——, I want to have no more——to break down before I die." Jake moves along and repeats his latest news to every one he meets, and so the old and young are kept in a perfect state of madness and frenzy. Soon the tall, lean man that first accosted Jake, comes into the tavern and sits down.

The weather is quite warm, and I sat in the door reading the paper, and hearing the talk of the bystanders. I soon dropped my newspaper, and informed this hot secessionist that it is much dryer with us in Missouri than in Arkansas. "Your convention meets to-day?" "Yes." "Well, I suppose you will be out of the Union to-morrow or next day, at farthest." "Your convention stands thirty for secession, twenty-eight conditional, and only one for the Union," said I. "Yes," said he, "and the thirty and twenty-eight are all for secession when they come to vote."

Evening comes, and the number of unemployed rascals about me, "Well, Jake, if this is 'vital secession,' no wonder that old man White, was run off from this place a week or two since." He was from Massachusetts, and had lived here for a long time, and was a good citizen. His principal crime was this: When asked if Arkansas seceded, to what State he would owe allegiance, he said Massachusetts.—A man on the overland mail, the other day, said he was a Republican; he was not allowed to eat in the stage tavern, and there were fears that he would be lynched.

Soon after supper I retired to the bar-room. "I wish I was in Washington to-day, and I'd like to see old Abe shot, and the whole nation to plunder and every ——— Yankee-Daddy shot down." They mean by "Paddy-Yankee," that New England is composed of Irishmen. After he got through with his onslaught, he was answered by another, by saying that whoever did the clean thing for the South, would be pensioned for life by the Southern Confederacy. Now, if it does not require some self-control for any New England man to sit quietly under such abuse, it is a loss to know what would bring him on to his feet. But I have been so thoroughly educated to personal abuse, by the eschems of my own party, that I can easily smile while satan rages.

At 8 o'clock in the evening, and in front of the tavern is a gang of men as described in number and in temper. No one would wonder that the Carthage people of Missouri were so loth to drive me down to Arkansas; for several that I importuned to carry me to Arkansas gofawed, on the ground that they were afraid to go through that country; and I left Carthage and went to Sarcoxie (about fifteen miles) before I got one to take me along. I believe the gang in front of the tavern, was a conditional Union man, otherwise they were all agreed. He was told that "you Union loving people were either cowards, or after office under this new reign of secessionism." The speaker now becoming excited, declared that the South had borne the taunts and insults of the North long enough, and that the —— Yankees had got their wheels blocked now, and it ought to have been done "on the start."

Now, I have listened to this sort of "stuff" from old M., until it is stale, and one word is uttered about the fugitive slave law, or equal rights in the territories. The whole thing seems to sum up in being "talked about by the North," "is being slandered," &c.; and one of them said, "We'll let them know whether we will live under a Constitution that is a 'covenant with hell' or not!" Now, my Editor, there is no power on earth that can either reason, or compromise with this class of men. Yet, even here, there are Union men, and God who searches the heart with the past history of the country, and with it might be continued in the future. They are men that have made money and got property, and do not wish to see such things to be brought about by which they may lose it. I met with Mr. Potts, of Missouri, just coming home from Mississippi, and he says it is absolutely dangerous for a man to even say that he is a Union man in that State.

It is now 9 o'clock, and the overland mail has just arrived from the South, and all are on a "gaze" to see who is on board, I, mingling with the crowd. I "pitch" for the stage, when out gets six brawny-looking fellows, all dressed in suits of Uncle Sam's military costume. They went into the tavern, and one registered their names, and they proved to be three Captains and one Lieutenant, with no one could find out their destination.—They were from the frontier of Texas; but the mystery was, whither are they going. Has it come that military officers have been going North for several days, over this express line of travel. Probably Gen. Scott knows what the object of their mission is, although they themselves may not until they reach Washington.

I had supposed that Missouri was suffering badly from the effects of secession; but in Arkansas, it seems knocked everything value.

CITY AND VICINITY.

DR. THAYER

Can be found at his office, No. 28 Central Street, any hour from 1 to 4 and 7 to 10 P. M. All who wish to see him professionally will please call as above, as the balance of the day is spent in visiting patients at their residences.

Orders left at his office will be promptly answered. Lowell, March 15, 1861. mar15d1w

☞ Prof. BANNING closes his office at 66 Church Street, at 12 M. on SATURDAY, the 16th instant, for the application of his System for the correction of corns and the prevention and cure of Weaknesses and Diseases of the Spine, Chest, and the Digestive and Female System. mar14d3

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A Wallet containing a sum of money, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Call at this office. mar15d1t

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are put up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 15 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

THE COURIER for to-morrow will contain a sermon by Rev. D. Mott, the subject being "The Five Things Indispensable to make a Man." It will occupy some five columns of our paper, and we think is particularly worthy the attention of young men, to whom it is directed.

Superior Court. *Morton, J.* The jury returned a verdict for the defendant in the action of Simpson vs. Burns.

The action of Whitlock vs. Sheffield, was put on trial yesterday afternoon. This suit was brought to recover rent of a tenement leased by plaintiff, as plaintiff says, to the defendant; the defence is that plaintiff engaging to pay rent for same, for the use of defendant's mother, as the building was not occupied by the plaintiff. The Judge charged the jury this morning, and they were still out at noon.

Crowell vs. Goodwin is an action brought by a writ of entry to gain possession of a certain parcel of land, situated on the Gorham Reading, by virtue of a sheriff's deed, conveying the equity of redemption belonging to one Page, the owner, in 1842; also, the Collector's deed, to convey when he sold the same for taxes.

The defence is, the defendant owns the same by virtue of a deed from one owning the premises in dispute, by virtue of which deed, conveying the same for non-payment of taxes, assessed by the assessors of South Reading, in 1848-9, against Page, and his said title was sold in a proper manner, by F. A. Brooks for plaintiff; A. V. Lynde for defendant.

The work for St. John's Church begun. Work has been resumed on the foundation of this church, near north of the Court House, and it is to be pushed forward with vigor. Ground was broken on the 10th of last December. Mr. Caleb Crosby lays the foundation. The contract for doing the work is to be performed by Dea. L. G. Howe, for $8,625. This does not include the iron fixtures, such as pews, desk and pulpit. The building is to be constructed of stone, and will be 95 feet long by 55 wide, with a tower on the corner 120 feet high. The architect, Mr. Cudworth, of Cambridge, son of the late Warren Cudworth, is the architect. The stone is being got out by Messrs. Runals, Clough & Co., from the ledge on the land of Hon. Ebenezer H. K. Butler, of Patterson, N. J., preached a discourse recently, on the Inaugural Address. His text was the fourth verse of the 6th chapter of 2d Samuel, and was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

The wife of Jefferson Davis, emulating the custom of the White House, is giving receptions at the "Executive Mansion" in Montgomery, Ala.

Every man complains of his memory, but no man complains of his judgment.

Col. Ellsworth, the Zouave, has been appointed a Inspector in the army.

Hon. David Wilmot has been elected United States Senator by the Pennsylvania Legislature.

Large importation of fine English prints now opening at Cheney's, who at retail is the "New England Carpet Company," comprising Velvets, Tapestries, and Brussels—the product of the looms of Messrs. Crossley & Sons, of Halifax, England—from goods that are the very newest and most desirable patterns, and are the finest and stand the highest of any carpets which come to the American markets. The entire invoice was purchased of a New York importer, who was in need of the ready cash, for a few figures, and is now offered at into quantities to suit our customers, at about three quarters value. New England Carpet Company, 75 Hanover street, opposite American House.—*Boston Journal.* mar15d1w

Music Hall Concerts. Mr. Lothrop announces that Miss Adelaide Phillipps, the celebrated contralto singer, will appear at the concert on Monday evening, March 18th. Miss Phillipps is a favorite with the Lowell audiences, and will be welcomed on her return. Mr. Lothrop has also engaged Mr. Wm. Harrison, the popular tenor singer, who will appear at the concert on Monday evening, March 25th. Mr. Harrison is also a favorite with Lowell audiences, and will be welcomed on his return. Mr. Lothrop has also engaged Mr. Wm. Harrison, the popular tenor singer, who will appear at the concert on Monday evening, March 25th. Mr. Harrison is also a favorite with Lowell audiences, and will be welcomed on his return.

Suspreme Court and Donation. Last evening the parishioners of Rev. Mr. Homer, of St. John's Church, called at his house and left sundry good things, among which was \$83 in money. The donation was arrested and held to bail in $500 each.

Capt. Brago, of Mexican war notoriety has taken command of the army of the Southern Confederacy.

The *Charleston Courier* warns President Lincoln and Gen. Scott. It believes that Washington City, and some places not very far from it, and in the Middle States, are in more danger now, than at the time of the military inauguration."

George Washington Dixon, a well known and eccentric individual, died a few days since at Charity Hospital, New Orleans, of consumption. This Dixon, we are informed, once published a paper in this city.

At the late session of the Illinois Legislature, the members, among other extravagancies, voted themselves a gold pen each, valued at $15. Some of the members who had no special use for gold pens, effected a "dicker" with the jeweller who furnished them with table spoons, castor table dog stores. *News* gracious sakes! *Its* [illegible] value.

The Manufacturers' Bank. The following is a list of the holders of stock, together with the number of shares taken by each, in the proposed Manufacturers' Bank :—Lowell Institution for Savings, 500 shares; Howard Fire Insurance Company, 100; Paul R. George, Londonderry, N. H., 50; H. F. Butler, 50; Geo. Manley, 20; F. A. Hildreth, 20; J. W. Daniels, 25; George Stark, Nashua, N. H., 20; R. S. Fay, jr., Boston 20; John Brown, 20; J. O. Green, 20; Ephraim Brown, 20; A. P. Bonney, 10; J. G. Abbott, 10; Stephen Cushing, 25; E. P. Wilson, 10; Geo. F. Hunt, 10; S. L. Hale, 10; Geo. T. Carney, 10; W. H. Clemence, 10. Making a total of 1000 shares at $100 each, and a capital of $100,000. The following are the directors :—J. O. Green, (president), B. F. Butler, John Avery, S. L. Hale, J. G. Carney, A. P. Bonney and Ephraim Brown. The banking rooms, the *Citizen* says, will be in the apartments formerly occupied by the Railroad Bank, in the Savings Bank Building.

Ethiopian concerts. The company of minstrels that has been singing in this city for some time past, embracing, Thomas, Clark, Norton, Shorey, and others, wind up their season to-night with one of their concerts at Huntington Hall, to-morrow afternoon and evening. The afternoon performance is to accommodate children and those who cannot attend the concerts in the evening. At both a choice selection of new and popular pieces will be presented, and a capital entertainment is promised. For particulars see their programmes.

Yesterday afternoon and last night about four inches of snow fell in this vicinity, which may be called a "hunter's snow," a "sap snow," or the farmer's guano.

Letter from U. S. Senator Lane.—We have great pleasure (says *Vanity Fair*) in publishing the following letter from that brilliant and gallant son of Joseph Lane, of Oregon. It may seem somewhat paradoxical, that a Pacific statesman should be ferociously warlike, but that is evidently one of his moods.

We cannot comply with Mr. Lane's request in regard to hoisting the Palmetto flag, but will say that we admire his (we allude to Mr. Lane's) pluck, and (of course) boldness, candor and eloquence:—

Perry Chambers, Washington, D. C., March the 9th, 1861.

Eds. Vanunty Fiure.—if god spairs my life I shall succeed within 20 days. jonson and tenessee is throwing off the mask, and goin no intellect into him. Sivil war is sertain, and I wants to be there. Ronnin Rors. Hist the Palmettoo banair from on top your offis & let it wave to the Breeze. that the noose may no well in a proper manner. F. A. Brooks for plaintiff; A. V. Lynde for defendant.

The work for St. John's Church begun. Work has been resumed on the foundation of this church, near north of the Court House, and it is to be pushed forward with vigor. Ground was broken on the 10th of last December. Mr. Caleb Crosby lays the foundation. The contract for doing the work is to be performed by Dea. L. G. Howe, for $8,625. This does not include the iron fixtures, such as pews, desk and pulpit. The building is to be constructed of stone, and will be 95 feet long by 55 wide, with a tower on the corner 120 feet high. The architect, Mr. Cudworth, of Cambridge, son of the late Warren Cudworth, is the architect. The stone is being got out by Messrs. Runals, Clough & Co., from the ledge on the land of Hon. Ebenezer H. K. Butler, of Patterson, N. J., preached a discourse recently, on the Inaugural Address. His text was the fourth verse of the 6th chapter of 2d Samuel, and was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees."

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Hon. David Wilmot has been elected United States Senator by the Pennsylvania Legislature.

FOR MANUFACTORY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs. Just about $1000 worth of nice Furs selling at reduced prices in order to close the stock. Extra trade will be expected in the store at Merrimack Square. mar15d1w

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on large scale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect railroad guide.

For sale at the Railroad Depots and Newsmen's Counters, 182 Merrimack street, and at Merrimack House. Price 6 cents. mar15d1w

H. S. FISHER, sole agent. jan15d2m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8d3f

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, G. O. Hows,
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Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factories only. No Assessment has ever been made in this class. The present cash capital is $100,000. The STOCK DEPARTMENT is for Buildings, Merchandise, &c. The minimum cost of stock is $100,000. The minimum cost of shares is $100. The minimum cost of shares is $100. The minimum cost of shares is $100. The minimum cost of shares is $100. The minimum cost of shares is $100. The minimum cost of shares is $100.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, Manufactories and other property not hazardous insured at cutting rates. Losses promptly paid and adjusted.

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C. E. COBURN, President.

R. F. DIERMAN, Secretary. jan1d3m

Lowell, July 18, 1860.

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up cleanest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money.

Call and try it, and be convinced.

Office and Yard, Merrimack Square, Lowell.

HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, foot of our canal, J. HOWARD, 3d. mar14d1f

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation is perfectly harmless, fresh, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is most delightfully refreshing if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, and will instantly remove all the effects of the scalding of linseeds. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition. The most delicate lady may use it with impunity. *An application every night for a week will ensure a beautiful complexion.*

Prepared only by
Perry Chambers, Washington, D. C.

Use the Magnolia Balm
To remove every Roughness of the Skin.
Use the Magnolia Balm
To make your Face clean and wholesome.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Before you have your Portrait Taken.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Before you go out in Parties.
Use the Magnolia Balm
A rare cure for red, eruptive, pimply faces.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples.
Use the Magnolia Balm
When any Eruptions appear on the face.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would have a clear, healthy skin.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would please your friends.
Use the Magnolia Balm
And you will be delighted with the result.

Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Price Fifty Cents a bottle.

H. H. HAGER & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by A. Stimpson, 9 Merrimack street, and by S. M. Burr & Co., Boston.
Wholesale Agents. mar15d1w

"SUM ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst purest scrofula; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Costiveness, &c. They are both alterative and purgative, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver to healthy action, purify the blood, give strength, quicken the circulation, and purify the blood better than any medicine ever known. They are made of Roots and Herbs, which are known by the name of Pills, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, Cherry Bark, Juniper Berries, Bucku, Dandelion, Prickly Ash, Wintergreen, and Prickly Ash Berries, which are known to be the most efficient Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should use it. Price, large bottles, one dollar, all sizes. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

☞ This medicine is also put up in a concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic and alterative, or pills, and are the best cathartic pills. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Circulars sent free. J. C. LANGLEY & CO., Boston.

S. RIDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and Middle streets.

☞ Coughs, the sudden changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial, Throat and Lung Affections, and Consumption, if neglected. Nothing proved that simple remedies often act speedily in the relief of disease, than the early use of them in the disease, consumes should at once be had recourse to. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Sold by Lee, Lowell, and Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator, the best cathartic. Sold by all druggists.

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when their lives are worth the pattern, and their clothes their head. . . . I think the needle less black more than the sword of war."—Henry Ward Fanning.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES

—FOR—

Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜

OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care and skill be faithfully exercised in any department of their manufactory. Every machine sold by us is WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch, must not forget to purchase those of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Pitchers are not aware of Pseudonym Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a Seed which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use any Sewing Machines which are made, sold, or used, and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1850.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents and by my patent, duties, the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are infringers upon my said patent, and persons cannot do with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

18 Summer street, Boston;
505 Broadway, New York;
18 North Fourth street, Philadelphia;
181 Baltimore street, Baltimore;
—66 West Fayette street, Syracuse;
152 Lake street, Chicago.
18 North Fourth street, St. Louis;
81 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agents for Lowell, TUBBAR, LEIGH & CO. 0ct14 w1

New England Family SEWING MACHINE.

AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Family Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to break or get out of order than machines which are more complicated in their construction—The machine weighs but six and a half pounds, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in as short a time as any other machine, and even though every third stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $10.

jan23 N. C. CARTER, Agent.

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Works Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at *lowest prices*, and to suit any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of the Gilded Pitcher.

66 Merrimack Street. o50

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The ready Farm by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner

Will make hard water soft, clean PAINT, remove IN from Type, Grease from wash cloths, &c., &c., &c., &c.,

Barrels, 5 cents
5 lbs. and 2 lbs., refuse grease, usually given away, at about 1-2 cent per lb., say 2½

" 45 cts.
" 20 cts.

Forty-five cents. therefore. is the cost of a barrel *Best rule* SOFT SOAP.

Recipe for making different kinds of Soap, *sent free* by addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.

**The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the Country, May, 1860. may1511y

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music composed by the celebrated composer whose name the book bears.

The Selection. A collection of Sacred Music, full and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

OLIVER'S Songster. A collection of Quartettes, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, singing schools, social gatherings. By Edwin Brace.

The above books for sale at H. N. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best assortment of Music Books in Lowell.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice with either publication. 17 Central street. oct1

BRAL and Imitation CALF GLOVES, Jamb Kid, of all colors, for sale low. Just from market at 41 *Dock*. BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

dec22 41 Central st.

Perfumery.

JOCKEY CLUB Extract, Burnett's Florimel, and a assortment of LUBIN'S Extracts, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Lowell, Building.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in himself," &c., &c.

JUST received, from the Publishers, a new Polka Quadrille, by Felix Barbieh—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresse.

Tommy Dodge, by Carl Zerrahn.

Honey Point Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodies Exquisites from favorite Operas—arranged for Cornet, Violin, &c.

All the above Music is published by the world renowned firm of CHARLES C. Co., Boston, and sold by H. N. HUNT, 17 Central st. no27

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALDEN CORN PLASTER.

In curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as cutting, have failed. *They* have failed to give permanent relief. It is now a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is sure to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

DR. ALDEN,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

no15

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORY T. BILLINGS

no15

ROBINSON'S IMPERIAL DENTAL SOAP prevents and whitens the Teeth. Sold by KIDDER, Jr., cor Merrimack and John sts. 6m54

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and *single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too great increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail *in any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case—

☞ It is put up in bottles of *three different* strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember!* *This medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, whether it is warranted as represented* IN EVERY RESPECT, *or the money refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature both of MEN and WOMEN. No known source of Cancer & other *remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, the original recipe. His is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with the United States. Each growing reputation among American epicures, and is much superior to any of a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE AMERICAN PRESS.

We recommend our correspondent to try MOSS SOTAN'S new Sauce, entitled 'Solitan's Sauce.' It is made at the Lea and Perrins' recipe; the latter is excellent, and it affords considerable pleasure to assure our readers of its superiority.—The Lancet.

"Sweet, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of its'yer."—Observer.

A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl. Also, Soups and Gravies in every instance.—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDNER & WELLS,
317 Fulton St., New York
And BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Oil Dealers everywhere. ☞ 3tawly1jan19

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in the market would do well to please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will suit their own story.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various markets and would invite a call, assuring purchasers that my time will be no tax to them.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.

Or, the Art of Self-Defence. Self-instruction, explained in so easy a manner, that any person can comprehend the secret and become a boxer.

☞ S. HUNT, 17 Central st. 1919

"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Wonderful Dealings with Mankind." Illustrated, just published by Henry Hoyt, and for sale by

J. J. JUKINS, 3 John st.

nov17

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well-known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, Purveyors to Her Majesty the Queen, and on the Continent, with the Original Recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with the United States. Each growing reputation among American epicures, and is much superior to any of a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

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THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY wants them. Who would be without a sewing machine, when they can buy a first class machine which is sold for $10, we find continued every day? Ladies who have been paying $50 and upwards for invented. It has a very decided superiority over all the others on account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER Agent.

feb8 17 Central street.

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

no15

DR. DOWSE'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is a specific in anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh is at once relieved by producing a discharge from the head, which passes off by the nose and mouth. A single application is sufficient. Full directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the greatest sufferer to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No necessity to investigate the effect or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have not introduced it in this country.

Address H. M. MARTIN & CO.
aug24 Boston, Mass

CHERRY'S CAPSTAN WHEEL.

MERRY'S Chain and Cordage Warehouse, Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher, No. 80 Merrimack Street.

MARRIAGE AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.—Just now out by John Ellis, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical College, Ohio, just received and for sale by S. HUNT, 17 Central street. no25 tf

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

no17

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
BUTTER COOLERS

GOLD VEST, POD AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
BROOCHES, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PIE,
FRUIT, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, brought and bought and sold.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. 1 dec19 tf

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FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.

This most delicious and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well-known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, Purveyors to Her Majesty the Queen, and on the Continent, with the Original Recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with the United States. Each growing reputation among American epicures, and is much superior to any of a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

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For sale by Grocers and Oil Dealers everywhere. ☞ 3tawly1jan19

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low at his

China and Crockery Warehouse,

—ALSO—

Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery,

"Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved styles. Also,

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old **China and Crockery Warehouse,**

SIGN OF GOLD HAND PITCHER.

80 Merrimack Street.

W. DEARDEN.

BININGER'S

OLD KENTUCKY

BOURBON

"1849 RESERVE"

The established popularity of this CHOICE OLD BOURBON as a medicinal agent, renders it superfluous to mention in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grades of Kentucky Whiskeys.

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for A Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum in its *an internal remedy*, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disea I ever saw. CHARLES SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism for many years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYERS,
75 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 6 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be described, except by those who have been afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and was entirely relieved, and am entirely cured. JOHN A MUDGE,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" as an family remedy for Rheumatism, is worth more than its weight in gold. W. E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years at times greatly suffered from Salt Rheum; his hands covered with sores and in constant pain—one bottle of your Compound entirely cured him. J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Milk street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism. W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Revere House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Salt Rheum.

FANNY THOMPSON,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T. Glidden, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, which was effectual in relieving me of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and that it proved to be a valuable family medicine. ABBEY SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND" in their families for years, and have, in every case, found immediate relief from pain, and that it is a valuable family medicine, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism or Neuralgia. It is one of the first and best medicines ever offered to the public.

Rev. E. H. SUMNER, Rector of Trinity Church, Boston.
Rev. ALONZO BARTLETT, Minister Christ, East Boston.
W. H. ALLEN,
Rev. E. E. HALE, Boston.
Hon. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., Mayor of Boston.
George H. Plummer, 1 Marcetta Square, L. Boston.
Rev. Dr. Putnam, Minister Federal Street, Boston.
Rev. Dr. Gardiner, Minister street, East Boston.
W. H. ALLEN,
Rev. E. E. HALE, Boston.
Hon. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., Mayor of Boston.
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Rev. Dr. Gardiner, Minister street, East Boston.
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Rev. Dr. Gardiner, Minister street, East

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, March 16, 1861.

FROM WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH—The Southern Commissioners do not expect an answer for several days. Mr. Holdaway of Ind., is appointed Commissioner of Patents.

The nomination of Mr. Crittenden to the Supreme Bench has not been abandoned. The President and Cabinet all favor it, but Senators oppose it decidedly.

Mr. Crittenden has postponed his Eastern tour. He says he feels called upon to go home to Kentucky, and put his house in order to fight the battle in that State for the Union. He declares that secession must and will be beaten in that State, and he desires to assist in the good work. He leaves for Kentucky in a few days. Previous to his departure, it is proposed by his friends to tender him an ovation.

Accounts from Virginia and North Carolina controvert, in the strongest manner, the rumors of the gain of the secession element in those States. The conservative administration is having a good effect in all the border States.

There are people here who blame Maj. Anderson for not giving earlier information to the War Department of the scarcity of provisions at fort Sumter.

Virginia.—A vote was taken in Petersburg, Va., which stood 879 for secession and 762 against. It is proposed to take a similar vote in Richmond.

Alabama.—Jefferson Davis has vetoed the African slave trade act, and objecting to the section authorizing the sale of Africans to the highest bidder, as in opposition to the constitution forbidding such trade.—The vote was sustained by yeas fifteen, nays twenty-four.

Texas.—The Galveston *Civilian* of the 11th, says the surrender of fort Brown was arranged quietly on the 8th, between Gen. Hill and the State Commissioners. The Galveston *News* says that fort Brown will be given up soon. Provisions are being made for the transportation of the troops.

Louisiana.—The convention at Baton Rouge is considering an ordinance to submit the permanent constitution to the people.

LEGISLATIVE.—The business of the Legislature, yesterday, was not of much importance. In the House the liquor bill was discussed. An amendment providing that the husband, wife, parent, child, guardian or employer of any person who hereafter may have the habit of drinking spirituous or intoxicating liquors to excess, may, in an action of tort against any person or persons, who shall sell or deliver unlawfully to the person having such habit, recover as damages any sum not exceeding $500, and not less than $21, was discussed, and adopted; and after one other slight amendment, the bill was passed to be engrossed.

CALIFORNIA.—We have news to March 2nd by Pony Express. There is, however, nothing of importance. Charles Lindsley, Chairman of the Breckinridge Committee, has called a meeting, and urges a consideration of the propriety of establishing a Pacific Republic rather than submit to a war against the South, if war should ensue; but if a peaceful separation takes place, to unite with the North. The Senate has adopted a resolution endorsing Mr. Crittenden's plan of adjustment, and urging coercion and recommending conciliation and compromise. The new silver mines recently discovered in Nevada county are reported as having prospected very favorably.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION. Returns from 209 towns give Berry 32,988;—Stark, 29,743. The Democratic gain heard from gave Goodwin last year 1358; Cate, 1707. Should they vote the same this year, Berry's majority will be 3,896. Messrs. Marston and Edwards, Democrats, are re-elected to Congress, in the First and Third Districts, by large majorities. In the Second District all but seven towns give Rollins, Republican, a majority over all. Four of the five Councillors and ten of the twelve Senators are Republicans. The Republicans elect 183 Representatives, and the Democrats 105, leaving 32 to be heard from.

SPECIAL SESSION OF THE SENATE. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Mason offered a resolution against the concentration of a military force at Washington. Mr. Douglas' resolution concerning the Southern forts and arsenals was then taken up. Douglas advocated the resolution, and proceeded to give his reasons for interpreting Mr. Lincoln's inaugural. Quite a discussion followed between Mr. Douglas and Messrs. Wilson, Fessenden and Hale. After an executive session, the Senate adjourned.

MR. SEWARD'S POLICY. A letter from Washington describes what is probably the policy of Mr. Seward, as indicated in all his speeches since the election.—His belief is that secession will die out if left to itself, and all irritating measures should be avoided by the government. He thinks that if the people in the cotton States have no cause to concentrate their animosity against the government at Washington, it will soon develop itself against the government at Montgomery.

It is hardly necessary to correct typographical errors in yesterday's *Courier*, by which we were made to speak of Hon. C. H. Rice, when Hon. A. H. Rice was intended; there are none probably who did not know it to be a blunder.

HON. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN's visit to Boston has been postponed to May, as he desires to go home to Kentucky to take part in the struggle now going on in his State.

The candidates for United States Senators from Kansas, are Thomas Ewing, jr., and Messrs. Stanton, Lane, Pomeroy, and Parrott, all of them gentlemen of the highest character, and well worthy the position.

WILLIAM H. RUSSELL, the well known correspondent of the *London Times*, will leave and come to this country to describe men and things at the present juncture.

The *Boston Courier* denies that Hon. William Appleton contemplates resigning his seat in Congress.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 8.

FAYETTEVILLE, ARK., March 9th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: After a good night's rest in this city of "vim" and "vital accretion," I am cordially greeted by our own warm and cheering sun, which is always calculated to fill the mind of the weary traveler with pleasure. After breaking fast, the business for which I came to this place is to be attended to, and with Peter Vanwinkle, the other contracting party, we got to the lawyer's office, where the deed is carefully examined by the learned barrister, and pronounced correct and properly executed. Well, this was a great relief, as it was evident Peter was "awfully anxious" to crawl out of the bargain, and send me home. The next thing was, that I must go with him, twenty-five miles, through the mountains, to his home on the White River, in order to get the "rocks." All right; and at 10 o'clock we were pushing the mules over the mountains and through the hollows, winding and turning in every possible direction, but at 6 o'clock we made his home, which is far away from neighbors and schools, and twenty-five miles from a postoffice, and that is the distance he has to send for a physician when any of his family are sick. But in that mountain pass he has a fine farm, and a good one, which, with forty hands to cut the timber and draw it in, and to run the mill, he turns out from twenty to thirty thousand feet of yellow pine lumber per day; and he is ready to bet $20,000 with any Northern man, that he can cut out 10,000 feet of square-edged boards in twenty minutes.

Now, it so happened on a time, that I became owner of the best of this pine forest, while he owned the mill. After supper we retired to a private room, and by the "golden light of a tallow candle," the Dutchman parted with his gold, but it made the sweat ooze down his cheeks "like dew-drops from the lion's mane," as one thousand after another was passing from his sight. Occasionally a deep sigh came whispering forth from his well-expanded chest, mingled with thoughts and fears of the crash of men, business and future prospects the traitorous secessionists had brought upon the country. Instead of attending to the requisite number at once, the old Dutchman only brought in a few, and at a time, and when that was counted, he would fetch another sigh, and say that he had no idea of the present scarcity of money and depression in business and property, when he wrote me the price he would give, and received my answer that I would take it—if he had, he would not have been caught "sold" at the sweat-back. of out from any engagement that he had made in his life, and he would not do it now. After the requisite sum was counted out, and the business contract concluded, I turned the conversation to other matters as much as possible, for it was evident that he was a marked victim of his own ministry education, and was suffering deeply in view of the separation that was about taking place between himself and his gold.

It was now 9 o'clock in the evening, and the pine board house of this "old man of the mountains" was being pelted and lashed by one of those tremendous southern storms that prevail at times through this climate. The old man had left me alone to retire. The storm was fearfully increasing with the nights, and the black volume of clouds overhead seamed rent asunder by flashes of lightning. The fierce sirocco along the mountain-side, making the succeeding darkness doubly dark and terrible. The thunders bellowed over the pine forest, and were echoed and prolonged through the mountain gorge. The winds whistled through the lashed forests, now with tremendous force and confusion, and now like funeral wailings. Feeling that I was safely sheltered from the blustering storm without, and fatigued with a long and tedious journey, retirement became a sweet luxury. However, before falling to sleep, I prospectively looked through my mind the duties and dangers of the morrow. My journey for eighteen miles before I could reach the overland mail, was over the ridges and through the hollows and gorges of the Ozark Mountains, a section of country not long since famous as the den of the noted robber and murderer, Murrill and his confederates; but I felt that I was well armed, with a good revolver in my breast pocket, and that same old jack-knife in my right pocket which so frightened somebody once upon a time, and for this feeling of security I soon passed into that somnolent land of shadowy dream and ever-returning strength.

Morning came, and no rosy blush of morn mantles the east, and no rising sun, emerging from amidst gold and purple clouds, sheds his blythesome rays on the surrounding hills; for it was, then, the delicious season of the year in Arkansas when Nature, breaking from the chilling thraldom of frosty winter, like a blooming damsel from the tyranny of a sordid father, throws herself, blushing, with ten thousand charms, into the youthful arms of Spring. But not so to-day. Ah, no! It is a dark, cold, lowering, dreary-looking day; the clouds are broken and ragged, and drift heavily along; the rain is a monotonous patter, patter; all is dull and cheerless. The mules are harnessed, and with a big, bully negro slave for my driver, gentle and cicerone, we start. My saddle bag proves about equal to Greatheart, in the *Pilgrim's Progress*, and not being myself greatly subject to apprehensions arising from imagination only, we dash on the jolly voyage like a brave fleet, with fresh canvas to the breeze and pennons flying.

My hope of a successful passage through these mountains, rested on the fact that none, or comparatively none, knew my business, and Mr. Murrill had taken the precaution not to mention his errand to any one except his "partdoner" in business. He advised me to be on a constant guard, stating that he usually carried eighteen ready shots with him when he passed through the mountains with money about him. The rain was still falling, and we crossed White River about 10 o'clock, and reached the station-house of the overland mail about 2, P. M., having seen only one man, a traveller on horseback, and only passed one or two shanties during the whole drive. An eastern man was robbed at Cassville last week, of $15,000, and a droter from Louisiana, on his way home to Missouri, the week before, was murdered about six miles from this station, for the paltry sum of six hundred dollars.

I shall be detained at this station-house for a day or two in waiting for the stage, and will give you, in my next, a description of Arkansas scenery, &c. H.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

REV. MR. ADAMS will preach in the South Congregational (Rev. Mr. Hinsdale's) Church, morning and evening, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.

THE Monthly United Services of the Congregational, Churches at the Kirk Street Church, to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject—Ceaseless, the great Change, Death, Judgment and Eternity.

MISS EMMA HOUSTON, trance speaker, will speak in Wilder Hall to-morrow forenoon and afternoon, on the usual hours of Church service.

DR. THAYER

Can be found at his office, No. 23, Central Street, any hour except 9 to 12 A. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. Those in need of a physician will please call as above, as he is not prepared to visit patients in visiting parlors at present. Orders left at his office will be promptly answered. Lowell, March 15, 1861. 3t

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing

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For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

THE LOWELL POSTOFFICE. At this time, when the subject of a new postmaster is being discussed, it may be that a few facts, (which we have taken some pains to collect) in relation to the history of our postoffice, may not be entirely uninteresting. Lowell, after the commencement of manufacturing in this city, the need of a postoffice, of course, began to be felt; and in 1824, Mr. Jonathan C. Merrill, father of Mr. C. C. Merrill (teacher of the Green Grammar School), was appointed postmaster, receiving his commission from Postmaster General (now Justice) John McLean, and the office established in Merrimack Square, where the grocery store of Wheeler & Stickney, on Tilden street, now stands. We do not know the politics of Mr. Merrill, but as he held office under John Quincy Adams, we presume he was a National Republican. The office was first established by the name of East Chelmsford, but when Lowell was incorporated, the office assumed the same name. During the incumbency of Mr. Merrill, the office was removed to the corner of Merrimack and William Streets, about where Roland Lyman's store is located. The letter-list published in the *Chelmsford Courier*, of January 7th, 1825, contains the names of Mr. Merrill left here in November, 1830, and died at Taunton the latter part of August, 1858, aged about 65 years.

Mr. Merrill's successor, Mr. Jackson came into office in 1829, he inaugurated the policy of the Albany regency, "to the victors belong the spoils," and all who were not "sound on the Democratic platform" were ejected. Mr. Jackson was a resident of Chelmsford, and connected with the office ever since, proving an honest, useful and reliable assistant in the general duties of the office. With this brief history of the postoffice, we trust that Mr. Hildreth's successor, whoever he may be, will enter upon his duties understandingly.

SUDDEN DEATH OF AN OLD RESIDENT.—Mr. Daniel West, well known as one of our oldest and most respected citizens, died suddenly of heart disease, this morning about six o'clock. He had been in poor health for some time, but was able to be out, and was at the house of Mr. Hosea Hosford, his son-in-law, last evening. Mr. West was a native of Thetford, Vt., and came to Lowell, about 1826 or 1827, and for several years was employed in the Hurd (now the Middlesex) Mills, and had charge of the falling department. He was married March 4th, 1829. About 1834 or 1835, in company with Henry Read, now a resident of Dracut, he went into the grocery business, at the corner of Central and Hurd Streets. They subsequently went into the dry goods business on Merrimack Street, which they carried on for many years. The name of Read & West still sounds familiar to many of our Lowell people. About 1852, the firm sold out to Mr. Hosea Hosford, who has continued the business to the present time. The deceased leaves a wife and three daughters two of whom are married. He was fifty-four years of age.

CORRECTION. We are requested to state that there were some inaccuracies in the account in our yesterday's issue of the "surprise party" at the Rector's of St. John's on Thursday evening last.

The Rev. Mr. Hiner wishes us to say, that after a residence in Lowell of a little more than two years, he has already learned not to be "surprised" by any acts of generosity. He and his family receive continual recipients of acts of kindness from very many sources. The amount in money presented was something over $100, which was contributed by Mr. Amos's parishioners and others, as well as by the members of St. John's. This latter parish, although doing very well, and up to the utmost limit of its ability, is yet in its infancy, and while in leading strings must gratefully acknowledge the support which it receives from the Diocesan Board of Missions, the Eastern District Missionary Association, the community at large in the city, and more especially from the parent parish of St. Anne's Church.

THE resignation by Dr. John O. Green of the office of President of the Lowell Bank, made an election necessary; and we learn that there will be a meeting of the directors on Monday, for that purpose. We hear the names of Mr. Lucius Bellows, Mr. Cyrus Tyler, and Joshua Bennett, now of Boston, but formerly of Billerica, mentioned as likely to be prominent in this election. Of the latter, personally, we know very little; but Mr. Tuck we have known for years, and judge him to be a man eminently qualified for the position for which he is mentioned; and probably numerous friends outside of the Board of Directors would be pleased if the selection should result in Mr. Tuck's favor, which, however, should not be regarded as disparaging the claims or competency of Mr. Bennett, who is considered as a safe financier and an influential man in business circles.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY. To-morrow is the anniversary of the natal day of Ireland's patron saint, and preparations are being made by the members of the Young Men's Catholic Library Association, and the Irish Benevolent Society, to celebrate the day in a befitting manner. The latter will meet at Huntington Hall at 9 o'clock, and accompanied by the Brigade Band will proceed to the corner of Central and Hurd Streets, and receive the Library Association, and from thence will march to St. Patrick's Church, where there is to be divine service. The Association have engaged the Lawrence Band for music. Peter Haggerty will act as chief marshal, with John McCarty and Richard Rowe as assistants. James Loughran acts as marshal of the Association. A cavalcade commanded by John McCann, will accompany the Association. They intend to march through the principal streets in the afternoon, and will turn out altogether 300 or 400, strong, should the weather prove fine. In the evening the Benevolent Society partake of a supper, at the Merrimack House.

DR. BANNING. This gentleman, who has been in Lowell so short a time that his features appear to us somewhat like those of old Polk, the old citizens, his closest friends, will be glad to learn that his features are rapidly assuming their wonted appearance, and will soon be seen in their old place, as of yore, in the old Dutchman's pew, which, however, will not "sound on the goose," but their beads. Mr. William Wyman, a friend of the late worthy proprietor, was appointed postmaster, and removed the location of the office a few doors eastward of the place last named, to the Union Building, at the corner of Central and Hurd Streets. He subsequently removed it to the old City Hall, (now City Government Building,) in a room which is now the back room of the store of Stone, Sargent and Bascom. Mr. Wyman still resides among us, enjoying competence which he earned in business in Lowell.

In 1833, Mr. Shiphard Cass, one of the most skillful political engineers that ever flourished hereabouts, and a Democrat of the most unswerving kind, took charge of the Lowell mail. Cass held that office during the balance of Gen. Jackson's and also through Mr. Van Buren's administration. Mr. Cass removed the office from the City Hall Building to Middle Street, near the corner of Central Street.

Mr. Jacob Robbins, a Whig, took charge of the office in 1841, by a commission received from "Captain" John Tyler—not our local Captain, but the "Captain" of the 1840 campaign. Mr. Robbins held the office for four years, until the election of Mr. Polk. Mr. Robbins is still one of our well-known citizens, and, we believe, leaving town. He has given thirty-one lectures here, which have been attended by the best class of our citizens, who speak of him in the warmest terms of commendation. From our own observation and from our knowledge of the Doctor's theory of physical education and the laws of health, we are confident his lectures are of great benefit to the public. He goes from this city to Worcester, where, we trust, he will at once receive the confidence of the people of that city.

MR. PINKHAM'S CONCERT. The annual concert by Mr. J. N. Pinkham's class, is announced to take place this evening. He has prepared a good musical programme, and should have a fine attendance. The concert takes place in the Freewill Baptist Church, Paige Street, commencing at 7 1-2 o'clock.

ILL. Dr. J. W. Graves, we regret to hear, is still suffering from an attack of typhoid fever, which has kept him confined to his house for some three weeks.

SNOW. Some eight or ten inches of snow fell in this vicinity, between 10 o'clock last evening and 11 this forenoon. The streets are again higher than the sidewalks, and sleighing is good. So, Winter is comfortably "lingering in the lap of Spring."

DEACON FOSTER'S concert, it will be seen by the advertisement elsewhere, takes place next Wednesday evening, 27th inst. We speak of it, because the old Deacon may not be forgotten by our citizens.

SUPERIOR COURT. *Morison, J. Gates vs Hupton et al*, appealed up from the Police Court of Lowell, is brought to recover a balance due on work performed by the plaintiff for the defendants. The defendants admit the claim but files a bill in set-off for goods furnished and stock not returned to the amount of plaintiff's claim and an excess of some three dollars. This morning the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff and refused to allow the set-off. A. F. L. Norris and D. F. Huntoon for pff. Sweetser & Gardner for defts.

The jury were out seven hours before a verdict was reached in the action of Wheelock vs. Sheffield and trustees, which was for the recovery of the plaintiff's wages during the plaintiff's claim and costs.

The Court stands adjourned till Monday next at nine o'clock.

POLICE RECORD. The following cases were disposed of in the Police Court this forenoon:—Charles Graham, one of the fellows who it is believed broke into the house of Joseph Whiteley, a few nights ago, was ordered in $300 for further examination. Patrick Murphy, for breaking and entering the junk shop of Mr. Samuel Ewing, for an assault, and assault with the partie, and was let off on payment of costs. Thomas Ewing, a truant, was sent to the House of Correction for three months.—Cornelius and John Collins, for assaulting officers Ingalls and Blaisdell while in the discharge of their duty, were examined, but before the case could be concluded the court adjourned to 3 o'clock this afternoon.

THOSE desirous to consult Professor Banning at 86 Church Street, are informed that he will leave this city at 6 P. M., on Monday, the 18th inst.

WE copy the following very complimentary article from the *New York Herald* of March 16th. The Miss Reed alluded to is Miss Fanny Reed, daughter of Joseph Reed, Esq., of Lowell. Many of our citizens heard her sing at the Universalist Church, in the course of last fall, when on two or three occasions she sang with the choir.—

"MISS REED AT THE LOWELL SEWING MACHINE. We ended refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for a full account of it. Miss Reed performed in the most brilliant

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Lowell, July 16, 1860. 1y

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For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up clean,
It is very durable,
It burns in less quantity,
It is very powerful.

Than any other free burning coal. And the CHEAPEST in the market.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 51 Prescott street.

"BUT WE, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard remedy for all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Pimple to the worst purid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Dizziness; Sour Stomach; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, acting upon the secretions and excretions of the system, restoring the appetite, promote digestion, give strength to the whole frame, and thereby remove the cause. Ladies who suffer from any of the irregularities peculiar to their sex, will find these Bitters very medicine ever known. They are made of Roots, Barks and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Dandelion, Mandrake, Burdock, Poplar and Prickly Ash Barks, Hemlock, Dandelion, and other common plants, all of which are considered to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming a perfect Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times. Price 50 cents per bottle.

This same nostrum is also put up in a more concentrated form, called DR. LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla and Root and Herb Pills, for those who prefer them without griping or pain, and will cure Costiveness of the worst form. Price 25 cents per box.

Who can believe it? The Columbia *South Carolinian*, of the 2nd inst., relates a tough story of vital tenacity and of sagacious skill, which concerned it in that city, as follows:

"On the 4th of January, Cornelius Tooshy, in a fit of *mania a potus*, made two attempts to commit suicide, first by cutting off his knife, two pieces, each about one foot in length, part of the smaller intestine. He was taken in charge by Dr. J. F. McCants, assisted by Dr. W. C. Freeman. The latter, on examining the parts, found that the whole of the intestine were taken out. The ends were brought together and sewed with silver wire, and the wounds were opened into one by the sagacious Doctor, after the operation upon the intestine, was sewed up also, and the patient left in the poor house. Little or no hope was entertained that he could be recovered. Yesterday, on his own responsibility, Dr. McCants had a consultation with Dr. A. Bachelor, and Dr. Geo. Bachelor, and Dr. Geo. Bachelor, and Dr. Geo

RELIGIOUS.

THE FIVE THINGS

Indispensable to Make a Man.

A SERMON TO YOUNG MEN.

BY REV. D. MOTT.

TEXT—"Show thyself a man."—1 Kings ii. 2.

The text is part of King David's dying charge to Solomon, his son, who was to succeed him as the throne of Israel. David had been a man of war and conquest. He had exalted his Kingdom to a lofty height of power and glory; but when the death hour came, he did not counsel his son and successor to be a great warrior or statesman, or monarch—but, "*Show thyself a man!*" was his high direction—"a man in all you are, and in all you do—a man on the throne, dispensing justice—a man in all the relations and work of life—a man in meeting the responsibilities and duties of your high position." So Solomon understood David; and it was the glory of his reign that, while others ruled as despots or military conquerors, he aspired to be a man, and the kings and queens of the earth did homage to his wisdom.

No wonder or more weighty counsel ever fell from the lips of mortal than is condensed into the few words of the text; and hence I have made it the basis of my remarks to young men to night.

I purpose to speak of the FIVE THINGS INDISPENSABLE TO MAKE A MAN. I say the five things are *indispensable*. Some things may be said to be necessary, or desirable, which are not *absolutely* indispensable. One thing of which I shall speak, we are indispensable that no being can be a true man in the relations and work of life who is destitute of one of them. Of course, I take it for granted that a human being must have *human* in order to be a man. He must have something more than form and grace, and broadcloth. But mental power and culture, however high they may be height, and depth, and breadth, will never make a full man. They may, and will, rightly directed and employed, be a very essential and; but they may also help to narrow a man down to the dimensions and pettiness of a human fiend, of an unmitigated villain, and all the native and acquired power of the intellect may be used to weave a web to catch and ruin the innocent, the helpless and the unwary. True manhood depends on *energizing* forces and *moral, spiritual* qualities. These make a man large or small, generous or mean, pure or base, useful or pernicious, a blessing or a curse. Hence, when I say I have to say, will have reference principally to the five moral, or spiritual, elements indispensable to manhood.

We have great poets, profound scholars, able statesmen, deep philosophers, subtle mechanics, keen lawyers, shrewd merchants, but the great want of our time is MEN—noble men, who will be greater and grander *to character* than any art, trade, or profession can make them—men who will be true when there is no watcher but conscience and God—brave and firm when all things seem to be tottering—persevering through or over all obstacles—generous from noble motives and for noble aims—and living with an ever-present, ever-regulating, and ever-guiding consciousness of the being and presence of God—just and holy God. This is the stamp of manhood needed to-day.

It is not sufficient that we have men of brawny muscles, though a good muscular body is a nice thing to put a candle in, and it is not sufficient that we have men of great and extensive knowledge. It must be careful and not put the pugilist at the top of the list, and estimate a Nimrod by his club. We must have men whose mental powers are pure and strong and well-trained, and whose aspirations reach beyond the temporary and the fleeting to the realities that are infinite and everlasting. We need men with zeal as well as ability—men of kings who have nothing but muscles to show, or who are mere trading and accumulating animals, do not amount to human life. Instead having a purpose of human life and destiny.

1. The first requisite to the true type of manhood is *Decision.*—A man may have amiable feelings, excellent resolutions, and strong moral principles in his heart, and does not decide to put them in real action, they are of very little value or service to the possessor. A man may reason and speculate and theorize most profoundly, and chase with the keenest scent after truth in his conversation, but if he is an undecided man in the real work and struggle of life, he is, to all practical intents and purposes, a weak man. Knowledge, desirable as it is, is not the chief end of man. It is *action*—an action which draws its inspiration and strength from divine sources, and which is always on the side of the right and the true. One of the great differences in individuals men, morally, is found in this. One man has good desires, and forms most excellent resolutions but never gets beyond them. Another man, the truly good man, not only decides quickly and promptly what is right and true, but he not only decides his decisions, his desires, his resolutions in noble action. When the enchanter of evil comes along, and presents the world with instantaneous decision he says so—thrusts the devil behind him, and follows after him. The other, halts between two opinions, gets on to the fence, and on both sides of it, and seems to be very sorry that he are not more than two sides. In conversation you will always find him swinging on a pivot, ready to tip either way, and would tip both ways at the same instant, if he could—he is so conscientious and so considerate, and he either has not made up his mind, or he will think it over, and he always takes it out in thinking. Ask him if he will pursue a given line of action, and he is like a weather vane, turning to all points of the compass in the same day. The most pitiable object in the universe is such an undecided specimen of humanity. He resolves and *resolves*, until he has formed a pavement of resolutions beneath his feet. Many a young man goes down to a drunkard's infamy because he cannot muster decision enough to say no when asked to drink by companions. Many a man is driven to the wall in business because he cannot, or does not decide to say no to unsafe creditors, or to dishonest investments, or to extravagant domestic demands. Many a young man goes down to perdition because he cannot, or will not, decide to be a man! whether he had better serve the Lord or the devil—and especially when he is always guts such a man. Indecision is one of Satan's strongest holds, and I want no surer evidence of a man's moral weakness, as a general fact, than to see him hesitating and halting when he is called upon to act either in business, politics, or religion. Reflection is necessary, of course, indispensable, to anything and everything valuable in this life; but there comes a time when the man must stop reflecting, and act with energy, prompt decision. Indeed, he is the strong man and the sure man, who, by the study and adoption of comprehensive principles of *forecasts* contingencies, and is ready to act when the time appears.

Decision has marked all men who have made any deep and permanent impression upon the world. The heroes and martyrs of the nations have ever been distinguished for this quality. It has made orators and statesmen, conquerors, and reformers, from their reflected and studied till he became convinced that the Church of Rome was false and corrupt, and then he decided to stand by the truth though the devils were as thick as paving stones. Decision made the apostle Paul fur up in all the power of a saint, and to go forth day and night every part boldly proclaiming the truth of G d. It was decision that made Luther particular and usurper as he was, victorious in the civil wars over the uncertain and unstable counsels of Pompey and the Senate—the same indomitable spirit which spoke out to the pilot in the tempest, "Fear not, thou bearest Cæsar and his fortunes!" The great men of modern times, who have changed the face of the world and given direction to human affairs, have all been men of high decision. The Cromwells and Napoleons and Washingtons of history have left their countrymen and the world because they possessed this great power. Descend from this high sphere of worldpower to that of every day life, and you will find the truly successful, forcible men in all trades and professions to be men of decision. Go into our churches and select the strongest and best members, and you will invariably find them prompt, decided men. No man can be much of a Christian without decision. Satan will handle such a man at his leisure, and easily bind him to his purposes. A person of this stamp may be pious after a fashion, but it will be a very weak, inefficient sort of piety, utterly destitute of luck-bone.

The decided man has an end for which to live, and he bends every power to its attainment. And hence he who has made up his mind, who is resolved on his course, works to the greatest advantage. He loses no time in vacillating from one thing to another. He knows that Providence has ordained great diversity in the talents and tastes of men, and obeying this intimation of the all-wise Designer, he chooses that particular sphere in which he can most concentrate and devote himself to it, and he will succeed in consequence of his resolution. His purpose is single and steady, and he is always sure of accomplishing it. His energy of will not only gives him power over himself and his pursuit, but it gives him power over others. He bends circumstances to his purposes. He is the moral master of his destiny. Opposition but rouses and awakens him. When others are trembling with fear, he marshals his strength to meet every obstacle; for his habits of decision have prepared him for emergencies. Hence, if he fails, he will get up again. If he fails in business, he learns wisdom from failure, and starts anew out of defeat. He will not cannot crush such a man. You may worry and annoy and persecute him, but he is the stronger than all your opposition, and in time, in spite of all the obstacles rolled in his pathway, will triumph over you. He may not have very high intellectual endowments, but if he has decision of character, he will often control minds of finer and rarer stamp than his own.

Decision, then, my young friends, is your first indispensable requisite to true manhood. If you would be capable of standing up men when the forces of life roll upon you, you must decide that you will stand. If you engage in any pursuit, you must determine to succeed in it. Without this, you will be a rambling noble, nor accomplish anything worthy. Many a young man is ruined just because he has no firmness and toughness of resolution. Any one in one fails in life because he will not make up his mind to his work. If he is engaged in some mechanic art, the wind and the rain and the flavors too few. If he goes to the bar, he cannot bear its strong discipline and hard tasks. If he turns his attention to the study of the law, it is too dry, and requires too much severe examination. The drudgery of the physician's daily life, the hurried visits of the sick room, are distasteful. The wearing routine of the clergyman's life, and the incessant tax upon every power of his mental, moral, and physical being, is absolutely intolerable. I urge you, then, first of all, young men, to seek decision. Without it you will be a failure. You will be a mere nobody, a good candlestick in a nice thing to put a candle in, and you put the pugilist at the top of being. You will be a mere nothing. You will be always takes it out in thinking.

2. The second thing indispensable to make a man is *Integrity.* When a man has decided upon his course of life he must *stick to it* and be true to it, and such a principle is integrity. This is the vital element of all intercourse and society, and without it society would plunge into anarchy.—Selfishness and the falsehood which prevails everywhere in life, in our social customs, in politics, in trade, it is Integrity which is the only reasonable hope of reform—that prevents us from proving upon each other, and shields our property and reputation—an action which draws its inspiration and strength from divine sources, and which is always on the side of the right and the true. One of the great differences in individuals men, morally, is found in this. One man has good desires, and forms most excellent resolutions but never gets beyond them. Another man, the truly good man, not only decides quickly and promptly what is right and true, but he not only decides his decisions, his desires, his resolutions in noble action. When the enchanter of evil comes along, and presents the world with instantaneous decision he says so—thrusts the devil behind him, and follows after him. The other, halts between two opinions, gets on to the fence, and on both sides of it, and seems to be very sorry that he are not more than two sides. In conversation you will always find him swinging on a pivot, ready to tip either way, and would tip both ways at the same instant, if he could—he is so conscientious and so considerate, and he either has not made up his mind, or he will think it over, and he always takes it out in thinking. Ask him if he will pursue a given line of action, and he is like a weather vane, turning to all points of the compass in the same day. The most pitiable object in the universe is such an undecided specimen of humanity. He resolves and *resolves*, until he has formed a pavement of resolutions beneath his feet. Many a young man goes down to a drunkard's infamy because he cannot muster decision enough to say no when asked to drink by companions. Many a man is driven to the wall in business because he cannot, or does not decide to say no to unsafe creditors, or to dishonest investments, or to extravagant domestic demands. Many a young man goes down to perdition because he cannot, or will not, decide to be a man! whether he had better serve the Lord or the devil—and especially when he is always guts such a man. Indecision is one of Satan's strongest holds, and I want no surer evidence of a man's moral weakness, as a general fact, than to see him hesitating and halting when he is called upon to act either in business, politics, or religion. Reflection is necessary, of course, indispensable, to anything and everything valuable in this life; but there comes a time when the man must stop reflecting, and act with energy, prompt decision. Indeed, he is the strong man and the sure man, who, by the study and adoption of comprehensive principles of *forecasts* contingences, and is ready to act when the time appears.

Decision has marked all men who have made any deep and permanent impression upon the world. The heroes and martyrs of the nations have ever been distinguished for this quality. It has made orators and statesmen, conquerors, and reformers, from their reflected and studied till he became convinced that the Church of Rome was false and corrupt, and then he decided to stand by the truth though the devils were as thick as paving stones. Decision made the apostle Paul fur up in all the power of a saint, and to go forth day and night every part boldly proclaiming the truth of G d. It was decision that made Luther particular and usurper as he was, victorious in the civil wars over the uncertain and unstable

member that on the large scale of God's arrangements, the success, the prosperity of others, is *his prosperity*—and that on the other hand, his falsehood, his deception, poisons the social fountain, and sends a fearful taint through all the public morals. "For if one member suffer, all the members suffer with it;" and which has its blessed counterpart in the declaration that "if one member be honored, all the members rejoice with it."

There is but one sure, safe, unerring standard for a man to follow in life, and that is presented by the Son of God—the standard of integrity, when your hand would infringe your brother's right, when selfishness urges you to disregard your duty to others, and their claims upon you, the voice of Him who never errs is to be heard and heeded: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." *That* comprehends the entire scope of what a man's life should be on its *human* side, and to carry out this decision will engering a precision the delicate boundaries between *mine* and *thine*.

There is one danger to which every young man is exposed in our time, and against which we may well be warned. It is firmly and plainly uttered. I refer to the very common practice of sacrificing the principle of integrity in politics. There are men everywhere who not only say, but act as though they believed all to be of the politician. Men who would shrink from dishonesty in trade, from fal-shood in home and social life, will stoop to the sanctions practices in political action and political measures, which ought to make their flesh burn and their consciences quake. There are politicians who walk the streets, as though they have the audacity to hold their heads up in decent society, who are guilty of violating this command of *all moral principles and all moral qualities*, and who would vote for the devil if he was regularly nominated by the party to which they belong. Above all, would you have a noble, manly character, and be loved and trusted of everywhere? You must walk in life through the sacrifices of years, subduing temptation and evil, growing stronger and stronger as time carries you on to the accomplishment of high objects.

And still further, my young friends, adopt this principle of perseverance in the very *commencement* of your course. Let your purpose in life be a good one, though seas and mountains intervene, look over every obstacle to the end. Bring yourselves to your labors with inflexible resolution, and resolve to succeed. Let no temple pals of opposition, nor-run at the first fire. *Go ahead!* in everything worthy, and earth and heaven, good men and angels will conspire to help you. Your success, your destiny in life, are in your own keeping and it is most solemnly true in every direction, that life will be to you what you make it. Success to the laziest, by merely opening up grand opportunities which you may improve, or revealing depths of depravity and woe to which you may sink.

4. The next indispensable requisite to true manhood, is *Benevolence*—a benevolence that is disinterested, and which I use this word in a very comprehensive sense. All those qualities which make a human being generous, noble and liberal-minded in disposition, are included in it. And there is not in the world a more beautiful and desirable than this. A man may be decided, and honest, and elsewhere in his way through life, but if he is totally destitute of real kindness, he will be a hard, unfeeling man, and will show by his falseness nor amiability in his nature, and of course express none in his action. Such a man is like a rock in the ocean, or like a mountain of ice, cold and repulsive. He is very necessary in a world so fearfully selfish as ours, but he suppresses that a man has fixed upon an object, or upon certain objects in life, and that he is to be all he is to accomplish, he must be benevolent. Without this, he will be a mere machine, a piece of mechanism, a stick, a stone, a block, but not a man. Benevolence is the very soul of manhood. It is the very element of God's character. It is the very life of heaven. It is the very spirit of Christ. It is the very essence of all true religion. It is the very principle that will make you a man, and a man of God. Without it you may be a man of talent, a man of learning, a man of wealth, a man of power, a man of fame, but you will be a man of God. Without it you may be a man of talent, a man of learning, a man of wealth, a man of power, a man of fame, but you will be a man of God.

Again, true kindness expresses itself in a wise and beneficent *charity*. The poor, the suffering, the tried and the fallen we always have with us, and we are to remember always and everywhere that they are fellow-beings and God's children. This is a continually changing life, and those who are up to-day, may be down to morrow—those who are rejoicing in great strength to-day, may be weak as infants to-morrow—those who are favored with life's most splendid associations may be called to bereft to-morrow, and it is through these great and ever-varying dispensations of life, that God teaches us the necessity and the value of goodness.

Benevolence is also very careful and very forbearing in regard to human infirmities. A kind spirit never trifles with, and makes light of those *peculiarities* of mere policy, or taste, and there is no armor that will shield us from temptation and trial. And when the sorrows of life break upon us, and its high and deep mysteries overshadow us, and its griefs and bereavements wreak heart-strings, where shall we go for the true solution for light? for strength? Nothing—nothing but the pure and religious sanctifies all trials and afflictions to our spirits, and prepares us to improve and profit us glimpses of the refreshing sunlight of starry crowns and blessed re-unions of the gospel.

I will not be guilty of eulogizing religion, even in a eulogy from me. It speaks for itself in the experience of thousands of years, and millions of hearts. Its power is seen in the life of the martyr, in the spirit of the apostle, in the sufferings of the first Christians, in the missionary toil, in the triumphs of the cross, in the purest and loftiest characters that have ever lived on earth, and in the sublime and glorious hope of immortality, and where the soul is to spend its eternity. Here is a religion that furnishes a fitting close to our subject. The young painter was once directed by his master to paint a picture, and when on which the master had been compelled to suspend his labors on account of his growing infirmities. "Paint me something worthy of you," said the aged artist, "*to do thy best for eternity!*" The young man never had such reverence for his master's skill, and he was incompetent to touch canvas which bore the impress of that honored hand. But "Do thy best" was the old man's counsel, and against his own judgment he complied. "*Do thy best.*" The youth trembling seized the brush, and standing before his approving master, he prayed, "It is for the sake of my beloved master, and for the sake of eternity, to do this deed." His hand grew steady as he painted. Slumbering genius awoke in his eye. Enthusiasm filled his heart. Forgetfulness of himself supplanted all self-distrust, and with a calm joy he finished his labor. The beloved master bore on his couch into the studio of his departed pupil, and there he saw his eye fell upon the symbol of his faith, and then, with a cry of joy, and throwing his enfeebled arms around the young artist, he exclaimed, "*I past no more, for I have eternally* because of the painter of the "Last Supper," the Christ of the forests, the hope of three hundred years still attract around its refectory of an obscure convent in Europe, and the name of Leonardo da Vinci shall it be with the young man who labors to do his best in the spirit of his Divine Master, and who prays always to that work without reserve, resolved to do it well, and to do it for eternity! and at the foot of the cross, and pray for that spirit, that power and skill and wisdom may be given him. And the spirit of that Master shall breathe through all his work, and the blessing of God in his hand shall grow firm and his heart calm, his trust and tranquil expectation shall follow him early struggles, and he shall be crowned with an October glory, and the cross shall be planted and still more nobly and the cross shall be planted and still more nobly and the cross shall be planted and still more nobly

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, March 18, 1861.

JUDGE DOUGLAS'S RESOLUTION. The following is the resolution offered in the Senate on Friday last, by Judge Douglas, in relation to the forts, arsenals, ship-yards, and other public property in the seceded States. It is represented that there was a very fiery debate on the question of adopting the resolution, during which Mr. Douglas lost his temper, and was particularly abusive toward several Senators :—

Resolved, That the Secretary of War be requested to inform the Senate what forts, arsenals, navy-yards and other public works within the limits of the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, are now within the actual possession and occupation of the United States, and by what number of men each is garrisoned and held, and whether reinforcements are necessary to retain the same, and if so, whether the government has the power and means under existing laws, to supply such reinforcements within such time as the exigencies and necessities of the case may demand, and whether the defence and protection of the United States and their interests make it necessary and wise to retain military possession of such forts, places and other property, except as Key West and Tortugas, and to recapture and occupy such others as the United States have been deprived of by seizure or surrender for any other purpose, and with a view to any other end than the subjugation and occupation of those States which have assumed the right to secede from the Union, and within whose limits such forts and other public property are situated; and it has to be the motives for recapturing and holding the forts and other public property, that military force, including regulars and volunteers, would be necessary to enable the United States to reduce the States aforesaid, and such others as are supposed to sympathize with them, to a condition of obedience to the laws of the Union, and protect the federal capital.

It is charged that Mr. Douglas's object has been to divide the Republican party, and that his speech in support of his resolution, was the work of deliberate, premeditated after consultation with Southern men. He has been exceedingly friendly toward Mr. Lincoln, and, as Mr. Wilson said in the Senate, has analyzed, as he may, and it amounts to nothing less than treason. In his remarks with new vigor. But sum up all that he says, analyze it as you

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CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico are using *these Burring Machines* on their Cards, without them those who have used them would not be without them. They are acknowledged by all to be the most perfect and durable *Burring Machines* ever invented. The *Steel Ring Feed Rolls* are the best and most perfect feeding apparatus ever invented. The *Solid Packing Burring Machines* are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool so much more faster the coarse machines of the corsest and the finer machines of the finer dirt and vegetable, and prevent injurious substances from coming in contact with the wool and card teeth, and will save their cost in one season in the saving in the cards, in the work of burr picking as the cards to which they are attached—They should therefore be attached to each card of the set.

The undersigned has perfected a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Dusting, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wools. It is more effective and will single nor injures the fact of the wool, nor does it warrant the burrs. The wool is very much more carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burrs, without waste, than by any other picker. The burrs are free from wool, and in the shape of burrs and not fine dust, from which *could not otherwise be used with advantage.* It is the *most economical and desirable picker of extensive use.* Card waste and burr waste are also thoroughly cleaned. Wool and Card Waste, &c., with or without blowers attached, are also furnished.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars containing full particulars of references furnished before with explanations, by addressing CALVIN L. GODDARD,

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One box costs ..... 25 cts.

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Saving for making different kinds of Soap, *great,* by only addressing

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JOHN T. BILLINGS.

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JOND-I-Tilly extract, Burnett's Flortinal, and a large assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

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MUCH imagined, and selling very low at DRAPERY TWINE and Cockroy Warehouse. Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher, No 80 Merrimack Street.

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS—A new work by John Ellis M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Med. College, Cincinnati, Ohio, just received and for sale by R. HUNT, 17 Central street. sep28

DIXIE'S LAND, with Variation by Ch. Grobecker, for sale at

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WAITING PAPER, Invoicing, Pens and Ink as can be purchased at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found the best selections of Sheet Music in Lowell.

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c. For sale at PARK & JEWETT'S, Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Manufactory, 31 Merrimack street. A fresh supply received and for sale by R. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. sep29

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

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Crockery Ware,

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This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, comprising

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DINING WARE,

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AND COMMON WARE,

which for *style, quality, quantity and cheapness,* is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices,* which will sell both their own and others.

KNIVES AND FORKS,

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TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

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I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the State of Massachusetts, and warranted as efficient, and as important as those attached to first breakers. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficiency work, they have no equal. Their parts are even and straight; surface allows liquid to pass through, but strong enough to stand any wear and tear. They are the most perfect machines ever invented for strength and durability. The first *Steel Ring Feed Rolls* ever made, and the only ones that can be highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool so much more faster the coarse machines of the coarser and the finer machines of the finer dirt and vegetable, and prevent injurious substances from coming in contact with the wool and card teeth, and will save their cost in one season in the saving in the cards, in the work of burr picking as the cards to which they are attached—They should therefore be attached to each card of the set.

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INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a long Chinese prescription by Dr Eaton with remarkable success during twenty years practice, we know it to be a most reliable and safe substitute for infantile complaints, and one that alone will recommend you of the superior value of the article, and the preference of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infancy (if when your anxious hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, relief can be found invaluable. It will regulate the *Bowels, Relieving Inflammation* and flattening all Pain. *Sour Stomach, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity, Dysentery, Spasmodic Affections of the Throat, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic and Cold on the Head,* we confidently offer this as a certain, safe and speedy remedy, every case when given in time. It will invariably relieve the stomach and bowels, and is an importance to the most particular and family be estimated

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately, as if by magic. A few drops in a teaspoonful of plain water, (a natural state is such that it can be given at any time with safety) will relieve in a few minutes of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial can be become "familiar as a household word." We now call your attention to a remedy, tried and proved by yourself, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial contains

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of any kind, or of whatever nature, for *a fact which the use of fully warranted us in saying it cannot be said of any other preparation for infantile disease, at this time before the public.* Many of the so called "Soothing Syrups" of the country, Doctors are becoming convinced of the fallacy of their use, and the "Infantile Cordial" is rapidly taking the place of many of the nostrums heretofore employed in the form of quieting remedies, their continued administration is found to undermine the constitution of the bowels, ending frequently in the destruction of the child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from every other remedy.

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THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh has a disease of the head, produced by the very water running from the head out of the nose, and down the throat, lodging in the throat, ach, and evaporating, becomes a thick, glary substance, laying the foundation for a cough, and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Very few physicians are effectual unless who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of Snuffing a cough; and where the child coughs and raises, and swallows the phlegm, it fills the stomach and windpipe, and the child dies with the croup, unless immediate relief is offered. Let the child snuff up some of Dr. Dowse's Catarrh Snuff when they have taken cold, and it will prevent all these complaints.

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A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of all sizes; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

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DAILY COURIER

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For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

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LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

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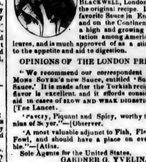

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Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It embr ces the most magnificent and best selected stock 3

LADIS' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular. Please call and examine.

E. PHAIR, CAPS, &c., manufacturers to order.

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WM. DEARDEN

Has on hand a SPLENDID assortment of

CHINA WARE

—AND—

Fancy Articles,

selling low as the

China and Crockery Warehouse.

—ALSO—

Silver Plated Ware,

Cutlery,

Trays and Waiters,

and CROCKERY WARE of the most approved patterns.

WARE suitable for Boarding Houses, GOOD in quality, and VERY low in price, at the old China and Crockery Warehouse,

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

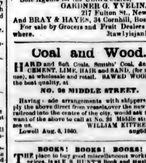
Sign of Gold Hand Pitcher.

80 Merrimack Street.

W. DEARDEN.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the celebrated Soyer, for the London Reform Club, is, since the decease manufactured by the well known Sauce and Cruet Stand Maker, Mr. BLACKWELL, London, from the original receipt. It is the favorite Sauce at the Coffee Houses, and on the Continent, and a high and growing reputation among American epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Soyer's Sauce, entitled 'Sultana Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and will be found a great addition to stews of MEAT and WRAK DOSSITION."—The Lancet.

"PIQUANT, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Mr. Soyer."—Observer.

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should adorn a place in every table."—Atlas.

Sole Agents for the United States,

GARDINER G. TYERLIN,

No. 17 Central Street, Lowell.

And BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.

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Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Grate and Blacksmith Coal, CHESNUT, LIME, HAIR and MASON WORK (any), at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality, at

NO. 98 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with shippers to supply the above direct from quarries, we are now prepared to deliver into the centre of the city, Coal at the lowest rates. Leave orders at the above place, or at our office, No. 4 Shattuck street.

Lowell Aug. 6, 1860.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell. sep25

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

nov12 JOHN T. BILLINGS

BRAL and Imitation CALF GLOVES, lamb lined, for all classes, direct from New York just received at HAZEN'S Corner Hat Store,

dec28 47 Central st.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies,* and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstruction if taken in the first month of the period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too rapid* increase. The may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1, for one dollar; No. 2, for two dollars; No. 3, for three dollars per bottle.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for the cure of female diseases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, often that I am warranted in recommending it in every instance, or the price will be refunded.

Beware of Imitations! None genuine unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only by DR. MATTISON, No. 3 Bowling Green, New York. Consultation and advice, R. I.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures sent free. dec9 1

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

Worm Specific,

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an unusual appetite, variable; at times sick; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with burning or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath sometimes fetid, particularly in the morning; a pe culiar variable, sometimes voracious, with a lowing sensation of the stomach, at others, sickness, with vomiting; slimy stools; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive, at others; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and sometimes affected by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

in every instance where it should prove ineffectual, if providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult, should warrant the supposition of worms being the cause. Dr. M'Lane's Medicines to be given strictly ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS

We pledge ourselves to the public

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Druggists and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* We have been informed that unprincipled persons have been palming off upon the public a spurious article for the genuine, and assuming the name of Dr. M'Lane, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. Purchasers will please be particular to see that the name of Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., is on the outside wrapper of each box, and the name of Vermifuge for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Worm Specific or Vermifuge, on the inside wrapper. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada.

For sale by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Cellar Scales, No. 204 Pearl street, Boston, are specially inform their friends and the public that they have removed to their new and extensive Factory, where they warrant to be as accurate as any Scales in the market.

They would refer to the following certificate:

Lowell, December 11, 1860.

Having had occasion to examine and adjust Woods & Nute's Scales, and having them in constant use for several years, I consider them as accurate and reliable as any in the market, and would recommend them as such.

dec14tf DANIEL CUSHING, City Sealer.

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CAKE BASKETS

OYSTER AND PEAST DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS

CASTORS, LADLES, LARGE VARIETY,

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES

RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS

STUDS, SCARF PINS, SILVER SPOONS

NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, FIFE,

FIFTEEN, TWENTY-FIVE AND FIFTY CENT

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and domestic, *will be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 10, 1860. 1mo dec18tf

BUY YOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

AT

H. S. HAYNES.

WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is now prepared to offer to Merrimack streets the most stupe from the Post-Office. dec10tf

MUSIC BINDER.

A NOTICE to Lovers of Music.—The Subscriber is to Binder just received and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

Also for all the popular Music of the day constantly on hand. or feb12

THE LAND OF PROMISE.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best medicines ever offered to the public. For sale at 17 Central street, may be found some of the choicest works published on the following subjects:

WOMEN AS SHE IS, OR WHAT SHE SHOULD BE.—Female Loveliness, Beauty, Health and Female Loveliness. Every one should read this book, and learn how to secure a hundred rods behind him, he could see the dark outlines of a pack of wolves in full pursuit. He knew almost all of the terror struck his heart, and he nearly fell from his seat.

As soon as the momentary shock was over, and he had recovered his self-possession, he drew his horse to the road which would overcork himself before going half a mile, his only chance of safety being to husband his strength, with the almost hopeless expectation of reaching the nearest house—seven miles off. He tried to direct himself of the beast, but the knot which tied the reins slipped before, and, after one or two vain efforts, he gave it up.

The summit is gained, and the long ascent is passed, and the wolves behind are running easier on the descending ground; the patter of the feet becomes more distinct, and the prolonged howls more frequent and to quite short yelps. Again the horse and his master hear the howl of the wolf-pack came nearer, and he could hear the hot breath as it rushed in rough the red mouths of the hungry vermin. With accelerated speed the faithful servant struggled on, but his unsteady motion and rolling gait showed the muscles were tiring; shaking him with the reins, and animating him with his voice, he reached the top, the nearest wolves snapping at his heels.—Again they are left behind; can he continue distance enough before reaching Big Creek, where another hill has to be climbed, there may be a show yet. He ventures for the first time since the race began, to look back—they are strung out for a quarter of a mile, and he shudders at the persistency with which they follow him; more howls or yelps, but running it silently and steadily on, apparently aware that the prey would be reached on the next ascending ground.

He rises in the stirrups, and prepares for a leap across the creek, his weary glimmering in the moonlight like a stripe of silver. Old Sandy makes the attempt, flounders against the opposite bank, and falls, the Doctor thrown quite clear of the animal. On his horse is struggling up the hill, the headmost wolves not a hundred yards off. Fortunately a few stunted gnarled oaks are close by; he climbs the nearest, but its branches are only a few feet from the ground. Perhaps the wolves may follow the horse and he may escape. 'Tis a vain thought; a few of the leaders run a short distance beyond —the majority rushing for the tree.—Gaining his feet, his horse is again mounting

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, March 19, 1861.

SPECIAL SESSION OF THE SENATE. Hon. David Wilmot took his seat in the Senate yesterday. Mr. Douglas' resolution was again up for discussion. Mr. Breckinridge made a lengthy speech, giving his interpretation of the inaugural, positively inclining to the belief that the object of the President was the subjugation of the South so far as in his power; that he will collect the revenues, occupy the forts, &c., where he could; that his cabinet is for coercion, with one exception. Mr. Breckinridge was exceedingly anxious to know the policy of the administration. He said, "We are in constant danger of collision and bloodshed. For the sake of the political and material interests of the country, the support of the public credit, and the general prosperity, let us establish some leading principle. If a peace policy is to prevail, then let us get ready for the conflict."

Mr. Hale replied, but denied that he knew anything more of the policy of the administration than others. He went into an argument to show that the South had no reason to complain, and gave some undeniable facts in relation to the relative position of the North and South, showing that the latter had always been protected and had nothing to fear at this time. He was unable to understand the charge of aggression against the North, and "attributed all the clamor to the fact that the outs are now in and the ins out."

No vote was taken on the resolution before the Senate went into executive session, and afterward, without further discussion, adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Bonner of Middlesex, from the special committee to which was referred that part of the Governor's message relating to the laws of divorce, reported a bill, that "when a divorce from the bond of matrimony may have been granted under the laws of this State, or any State or Territory in the United States, the Justices of the Supreme Court, or either of them, upon petition filed by the party against whom the divorce was granted, that party residing in this State at the time of the divorce, or at the time of the filing of such petition) and upon such notice as the Court shall order, may authorize such party to marry again."

There was a long discussion in relation to another Horse Railroad charter for Boston. Several other matters were advanced one stage or disposed of.

In the House, a bill for the inspection of gas meters, the protection of gas consumers, and the prevention of the pilferation of gas-light companies, was passed over in the orders of the day. The new personal liberty law was passed to be enacted. A bill for gilding the dome of the State House was reported.

FROM WASHINGTON. It is reported that the Fort Sumter matter rests now entirely with the President, who will deliberate of abandoning Fort Pickens, whatever may be the result in relation to Fort Sumter.

It is reported that Mr. Crittenden has concluded to accept the Mexican mission. It is estimated that there are now eight and ten thousand applicants for offices connected with the postoffice department. G. A. Hall of the District of Columbia, has been appointed Postoffice special agent for Maryland and Virginia. It is announced that the President has "put his foot down," against the nomination of men of extreme abolition tendencies. It is expected that the Massachusetts Postmasters will be appointed this week.

Many of the reports sent last are the idlest speculations, and are entitled to no consideration whatever.

MISSING STEAMERS SAFE. A private letter from San Francisco, dated January 2d, says that the United States steamship Lenard, ran ashore after she left Honolulu, and it will be requisite for her to come up here to go on the dry dock. The ship John Lancaster, has lent her propeller shaft, and is also obliged to come up. The steamship Australasian, about which fears have been entertained, reached Honolulu, on March 3d. She broke both flanges of her screw, February 20th, and continued her voyage under canvas until the 26th, when she encountered a heavy gale and gave up about. Her mails and passengers came in the Arabia, which reached New York Sunday afternoon.

FORT SUMTER. A Washington dispatch says that "it is stated confidently, upon information from leading men in this Richmond, that if Major Anderson be withdrawn from Fort Sumter, the whole edifice of the Secessionists will signally fail. They have endeavored to precipitate some rash measure before the Administration could develop its policy."

An editorial in the *New York Times* of yesterday, in relation to this fort said on the best authority that no orders to withdraw had been sent to Maj. Anderson.

WE have received a copy of the introductory lecture to the class of the Female Medical College of Pennsylvania, delivered at the opening of the eleventh annual session, October 17th, 1860, by Reynell Coates, M. D. The lecture is quite interesting and will be perused with profit by all who have given the subject of which it treats (the education of females for medical practitioners) the slightest attention.

LAST Saturday afternoon, Mr. Charles E., son of Col. W. E. Faulkner, of Acton, a member of the Freshman Class in Harvard College, was killed on the Fitchburg Railroad, while attempting to cross the road in front of a moving train. He was nearly cut in two. It is probable that he was laboring under aberration of mind at the time, as there was no discoverable reason for his crossing the track at the time and as he did.

A BIG SWINDLE. Mr. Mirea, a banker *Low*, has lately failed, owing his creditors the modest little sum of *one hundred and twenty millions of dollars*.

H.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No 9.

STATION-HOUSE OF THE OVERLAND MAIL AGT.
March 5th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER:—My last was written in this station-house last evening, where were several men, of all ages, telling over the adventures, murders and robberies, of the noted Murrell, who once resided within about five miles of this place, at what is called the Cross Hollows, in the mountains. I shall not repeat to you any of the desperate deeds enacted by him and his confederates; I shall not "tell the tale as it was told to me," because I believe all such reading to exert a bad influence upon the mind, especially of the young. It is enough to say that he was hunted by some of his own crew, caught and sentenced to the State Prison, in the State of Tennessee, for life. He finally, when there was no hope of reprieve, wrote his life, and it is published, but there are still so many of his friends, through this section which was his general headquarters, that one by one, the books have almost entirely disappeared.

The storm of yesterday has passed away, and the sun sheds his blithesome rays so joyfully as ever, and the leafy groves resound with the notes of hymenial love; the grass is springing up, and the virgin bud is timidly putting forth its blushes, and the twilight of evening is "gala with the noise of the merry frog." The air to-day is a mellow breeze, nothing can be more delicious, as it comes sweeping over these Arkansas mountains. The traveller in passing over the mountains, perhaps truthfully feels that there is no locality in the great Valley of the Mississippi where the scenery is of such variety of character as in Northwestern Arkansas, and where the mind has such full scope for meditating upon the divine power and beauty of the great Architect of the Universe. Nature seems to have lavished in exuberant plenty all the sublime beauties that confuse to make a locality romantic and pleasing to those who are unaccustomed to mountain scenery.

The traveller who visits this region for the first time, or even the second or third, is signally delighted with every natural prospect, especially if he has any geological knowledge, or any taste at all for the sublime. Ascending from the base to the apex of one of these Ozark Mountains, we may drink from the pure, crystal stream as it gushes from the bosom of the rock, stone rock, and murmurs on its way down the mountain-side, until it reaches the cascade over which it escapes and disappears from our sight. Or we may seek the stupendous cliff, whose towering comb seems to reach into the very clouds, as it stands alone in solitary grandeur.

In passing from Elkin-Horn Tavern to White River you cross the summit of one of these mountains; and when, at your greatest height, every object around is calculated to inspire feelings of wonder and delight, and the mind alone is enabled to realize the sublime works of nature, seen in their primeval majesty; for the impress nor the pen can designate the picture of rock piled upon rock, thrown together in utter confusion—the most of which are composed of silex—plainly indicating an intense heat at some anterior period, and their somber telling the geologist in unmistakable language that these mountains were formed by great upheavals.

Dreary subterraneous chasms are here found, that seem to have been formed by the opening and receding of the solid rocks; perpendicular precipices rear their heads to dizzy heights, and massive cliffs and crags, reaching into the region of clouds and thunder, present a combination of sublime objects that baffle description. A view from the top of one of these pinnacles is delightful. As far as the eye can reach, arise in broken and disordered heaps the majestic mountains, lifting their cerulean crests far into celestial space.

Here and there a cultivated farm, with its neat cottage, becomes wearied in gazing at the uplifted succession of mountains that are seen through the dim distance, and in scrutinizing their scenery, size, shape, height, and disordered system, the eye involuntarily falls to the landscape and scenery below, where the meandering stream winds its way through the mountain gorges, its margin overhung with precipices, and shaded with trees and shrubs, that cling to the parapets of every wall of this lime-stone rock. For miles I have followed along on these precipitous knights of the road, and have found no cessation to one to descend.

Descend to the base of these mountains, and you enter a gigantic forest of timber, interspersed with fruit-trees and wild grape-vine that winds itself around their trunks, and creeps from bow to bow, until its twigs form a canopy that is almost impervious to the rays of the sun, and which, when in leaf, afford a shelter to man or beast during the tremendous storms that frequent these regions. These vines, I am told, in the early days of the settlers bore clusters of grapes as large as the English Sweetgoong, and not inferior to that delicious fruit. This wild plum-tree, now putting forth its buds, is said to grow in great size, and dance and spontaneously on every hillside and in every valley.

I have not the lot of man to have a paradise on earth, but surely, who, how Eve-land lacks in the gifts of nature, we enjoy in the hard-earned luxuries of our own toil. Now New England man can have any idea of the manner that the mass of the people through this country live, only by actual observation. Why any human being should manage or many do through those mountain regions, I am utterly at a loss to determine. For instance: A man takes his family and goes four or five miles into the gorges of these mountains, and in a hollow where from one to two acres of gravelly soil land can be cleared, he goes to work and builds a log hut. He has a cow and several great pigs; he cuts down hay heavy timber and clears and fences this one to two acres, and there lives in the most abject poverty—living nobody can tell how, unless by theft. And even I have put up for the night at a place with good lands, of large stock of cattle, horses and hogs, and yet they have nothing fit for a human being to eat, and lie upon the floor like pigs. In a word, they are thriftless, shiftless, ragged and dirty.

H.

CITY AND VICINITY.

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Republican Platform,
and Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of the country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY. The procession, after the services at St. Patrick's Church, paraded our streets until about 3 o'clock, when it was dismissed. During their parade, they paid their respects to Mayor Sargeant and Dr. Huntington, on Tyler Street, each of whom responded to the calls in short speeches. The best of order prevailed throughout the day.

In the evening, the Irish Benevolent Society partook of a supper in Merrimack House, kept by Maj. Emery, of the Merrimack House, in his usual good style. The banners borne by the Association during the day were suspended at the head of the hall. Mr. John Whitty, President of the Association, presided, and on either hand were the invited guests. About 100 persons, including quite a number of ladies, partook of the supper. Brooks, Davis & Carlton's Quadrille Band was present and discoursed excellent music at not unfrequent intervals during the evening. The best justice had been done to the edibles, the President of the Day, Whitty, called the company to order, and in a few remarks stated the object of the gathering. In addition to its being St. Patrick's day, it was also the twenty-first anniversary of the organization of this Association. Congratulating the Society upon the successful celebration and thanking the guests for their presence, he called upon the Toastmaster, Mr. John Marren.

The first toast, "The Day We Celebrate," was responded to by Mr. Owen McNamara in some very appropriate remarks, which were well received.

The second toast was "The President of the United States," to which John A. Goodwin, Esq., was called upon to respond. He was received with enthusiasm. Disclaiming any connection with the President of the United States, he thought there was no finer place where such a sentiment should be given than in such a place as this. Last Fourth of July, beneath the burning sun, this Association bore the beautiful American banner in the procession, as they had to-day over the snow and through the frosty atmosphere. He referred to the services of Lafayette, the Frenchman, Pulaski, the Pole, Steuben, the German, Montgomery, the Irishman, in the Revolution and the services of the Irishmen in all the wars of this country. There is no pelican or ostrich screws shrub, on that banner. (Cheers.) After a brief allusion to Patrick as a man of peace, he closed with a sentiment to the ladies of the Association.

The third sentiment was "Ireland." T. A. Crowley, Esq., was called upon. He referred to the sympathy which was felt for Ireland in common with every people struggling for their rights. The Irish had a love for oppressed nations in their breast, a feeling that pervaded their whole being. His remarks elicited warm applause.

The fourth toast was the "Federal Union." From it the following was called upon to respond to this sentiment, and was received with hearty and prolonged applause. He said that no more pleasant task could be allotted to him than to respond to the sentiment of the Union. He had, in the course of his life, been called upon several times to swear fealty to the Union; and that I am now in danger he loved it, no less. (Applause.) He loved Massachusetts because she was his home, but the other afforded protection to all her children whether at home or abroad. It always heretofore her power to protect its citizens abroad, as in the case, when one sought protection from the clutches of Austrian tyranny of March. Early hods and the hands of its own citizens are raised to strike it down! In the life of nations there is something to be feared more than blood. Death is not the worst evil that can befall a man, and a little blood-letting not the worst evil that can befall a nation. Rather than give up what our fathers fought to secure, we should fight to maintain it. He would approach our brethren who had gone out, with the olive-branch in one hand and the sword in the other, and give them their choice to accept the one or take the other. He had no malice, or will to inflict any injury. He had many warm friends among those who had seceded. We had often talked over what our fathers did against the mother, and the conclusion was that sufficient treatment was required for the brother. You mourn the loss of liberty in Ireland. Are you willing to mourn the loss of liberty with us in America, or will you join with us in defending that liberty? He would close with the sentiment:—

The Union and the Constitution. The legacy of our fathers to us, won by much treasure, by much suffering, and by much blood. Let not we, our children part with it without receiving first cost and interest.

The fifth toast, "Ireland in '98 and '48," was responded to by Mr. Thomas Claffey, who made a brief review of the revolutions of those two periods.

The sixth sentiment, "The City of Lowell," called up Mayor B. C. Sargeant, who referred to the progress made in Lowell by the industry of her people—assuring them that they had no challenge the world to produce anything like it. He complimented the Society on the creditable appearance it had this day made, and closed with a sentiment wishing success to all citizens, whether native or foreign born, who attempt to do their duty. His remarks were warmly applauded.

The next sentiment to "Old Friends" was replied to by Hon. Elisha Huntington, who was received with great enthusiasm. He felt honored by being present. He was present on a similar occasion twenty-years ago, when his old friend, Mr. Cassidy, presided. He thought to-day that the city had cause to be proud of such a noble body of men as marched through our public streets. Republican institutions are those under which the Irish flourish best. Those are the results of our free school system and free religious institutions.

The eighth toast, "The Stars and Stripes," was responded to by A. R. Brown, Esq. He was delighted with the celebration of this day and evening. He would yield to none in his devotion to the flag of his country. He spoke in complimentary terms of the services of Irishmen in the great struggles in which this country has been engaged, and was frequently applauded during his remarks.

John P. McEvoy, Esq., replied to the ninth toast, which was complimentary to "Adopted Citizens." He was very happy and able in his remarks, and made several points, which called forth unbounded manifestations of delight.

The tenth sentiment, "The Commonwealth of Massachusetts," called up E. A. Alger, Esq., who briefly recapitulated some of the heroic deeds of Massachusetts, her devotion to the Union, and the great names she had given to the country. There were one or two things not so pleasant, but he trusted she would soon repent the Personal Liberty Law and strike the two years amendment from her Constitution.

The next sentiment "Andrew Jackson," called for another speech from Hon. B. F. Butler, who reviewed the life of an Irish emigrant, in the person of the Hero of New Orleans. He referred to the efforts of Jackson against secession, and said that if he was alive now, no traitor would lay dead forever. Great applause preceded and followed the General's remarks.

The twelfth sentiment "Woman" was responded to by Capt. Peter Haggerty in his usual gallant style, his remarks being received with great favor.

The thirteenth and last regular toast "The Press," was done justice by our venerable friend of the *Advertiser*, B. Dinsmore, Esq.

A short time longer was spent in volunteer sentiments, speeches, &c., by members of the Association, all of which went to show the good feeling which prevailed. The whole celebration passed off in good style—was creditable to all concerned, and many will point with pleasure and with pride to the celebration of St. Patrick's day in Lowell, in 1861.

SUPERIOR COURT. *Morton, J.* Poland vs. Dudley, was given to the jury this morning, and a verdict was returned for the defendant.

Parker vs. *Mills et. al.*, is now on trial, and will occupy probably, two days' This action was commenced yesterday before the second jury, who went to Winchester to view the premises, as this action is brought to recover damages by flowage of water back upon plaintiff's water-wheel, thereby causing a loss power to plaintiff's mill.

The defence is, the defendant's are only using their own right to flow the water back as far as their dam carries it, since they have used the same for twenty years past. J. G. Abbott, F. O. Prince and P. Converse for plaintiff: Ripley and Folsom for the defendants.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Joseph P. Lakin, convicted of being a common drunkard, was committed to the House of Correction for two months.

Patrick Flood, for larceny from Richard Cain, was adjudged to be worthy of a residence at East Cambridge for the next sixty days.

Terrence Kavanagh, common drunkard, was granted four months' leave of absence, at East Cambridge.

Winnifred Lewis, common drunkard, goes to jail for three months.

Peter Sullivan, for larceny from Michael Dempsey, six months in House of Correction.

Mary Mullen, larceny, ordered for one week in $100.

MORE SNOW. We are having another tough, rough, blustering, old-fashioned snow storm to-day, which would lead one almost to think that some mistake had been made in the calendar, and that it was January instead of March. Early hods and the hands of its own citizens are raised to strike it down! In the life of nations there is something to be feared more than blood. Death is not the worst evil that can befall a man, and a little blood-letting not the worst evil that can befall a nation. Rather than give up what our fathers fought to secure, we should fight to maintain it. He would approach our brethren who had gone out, with the olive-branch in one hand and the sword in the other, and give them their choice to accept the one or take the other. He had no malice, or will to inflict any injury. He had many warm friends among those who had seceded. We had often talked over what our fathers did against the mother, and the conclusion was that sufficient treatment was required for the brother. You mourn the loss of liberty in Ireland. Are you willing to mourn the loss of liberty with us in America, or will you join with us in defending that liberty? He would close with the sentiment:—

The Union and the Constitution. The legacy of our fathers to us, won by much treasure, by much suffering, and by much blood. Let not we, our children part with it without receiving first cost and interest.

The fifth toast, "Ireland in '98 and '48," was responded to by Mr. Thomas Claffey, who made a brief review of the revolutions of those two periods.

The sixth sentiment, "The City of Lowell," called up Mayor B. C. Sargeant, who referred to the progress made in Lowell by the industry of her people—assuring them that they had no challenge the world to produce anything like it. He complimented the Society on the creditable appearance it had this day made, and closed with a sentiment wishing success to all citizens, whether native or foreign born, who attempt to do their duty. His remarks were warmly applauded.

The next sentiment to "Old Friends" was replied to by Hon. Elisha Huntington, who was received with great enthusiasm. He felt honored by being present. He was

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The Knickerbocker, for April, contains an article by J. T. Headley on "Our Colleges in the Revolution;" "John T. Irving one entitled "Derrick Van Dam" (a sketchy tale); Miss Prescott continues her serial, "Fauntleroy Vernian's Fate;" Mr. R. B. Kimball furnishes another installment of "Revelations of Wall Street;" Mr. Charles G. Leland a "Roger Payne" in his usual vein, and Judge Edmonds writes a letter on Lord Bacon. The editor's table is entertaining as ever.

In Wheeling, Va., a few days ago, two young men named Clarence P. McLain and Richard Hadden, got into a quarrel. Hadden approached his opponent, McLain, when the latter shot him through the breast, fatally wounding him. McLain then deliberately walked away, went out of the town a short distance, wrote his name on his pocket-book, and then shot himself through the heart, dying instantly.

It cannot be that Earth is man's continual abiding place. It cannot be that our bodies must for ever waste away and die. There is a time when the rainbow must not span the heavens, when the sunbeam must not be seen, when the flowers must not spring, when the stars will be spread out before us, like islands that slumber in the ocean; and when the beautiful bow shall be seen before us like visions, will stay in our memories forever.—*Channing.*

THE *Charleston Courier* learns that a dispatch has been received by a mercantile house in that city, to the effect that the proper officers at Havre have notified merchants that they will not allow any vessel to will be admitted on the same footing as those carrying the Federal flag.

An Irishman just from the sod, was eating about dinner, when he turned to his dismay, that it contained living inhabitants. "By jabers," said he, "dose your chaze in this country are mighty tough."

A LETTER from Montgomery to a secession leader in Charleston, denounces the new government as almost as bad as the old one, which they had rebelled against. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effects for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. Dec. 12. 6m*

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honorable fame, and is now the great remedy for all the ills to which flesh is heir. It is so kept in all parts of the country.

It cures the worst cases of Piles.

It cleans the crying of the tender infant to cease, and sleep to visit its eyelids.

It lifts the old man off from his crutches, and makes him throw away his staff.

It relieves the delicious mother when her breast is inflamed.

It is the most valuable remedy of the enemy head ache.

It neutralizes the indescribable pain of Neuralgia.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled, and makes beauty.

It is the most healing application known to man.

It fights against boils and cancers.

It is the most valuable remedy for Salt Rheum, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

Its healing power may be carried if you will believe.

Sores cure may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

It is the most valuable remedy for Salt Rheum, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

It is the most valuable remedy for Salt Rheum, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

It is the most valuable remedy for Salt Rheum, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

All its works speak its praise. It has the highest recommendations from those who have used it. Its purchasers are its best friends.

Manufactured and Sold.

The MUSICAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dealings, Furniture, and Piano Forte Trade. It continues to do a large business in this class. The present cash capital is $10,000.00. The annual sales are over $115,000.00. The collections of orders of village and farm property in Middlesex County is a specialty. Dividend in politics, religion, shipping, and taxes are as low as in any Company in the United States.

The AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. The business, confined to Insurance of Farm Property, is conducted on a cash basis. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 37 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, Secretary and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. 1y19

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It gives more quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other fuel burning coal. And the ORDERS can be bought only at
EDWARDS'S WILLOW YARD,
Foot of Dutton Street, Merrimack Square.
Lowell, April 17, 1860. 1y17

"BUT MR. AND PLL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple or blotch to the worst scrofula; Erysipelas; Sores; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Costiveness, &c. They purify the blood, and thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, create an appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and carry off all humors that cause any sickness ever known. They are made a Purgative, Alterative, or Tonic, as occasion requires, by varying the dose. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country.

DR. LANGLEY'S
CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
81 Barclay street, New York.
Sold in Lowell by DAVIS & SWAN, 24 Merrimack street.

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, would thus caution their dealers in Lowell, Lawrence, Nashua, and vicinity, against buying the counterfeit article.

CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
81 Barclay street, New York.
Sold in Lowell by DAVIS & SWAN, 24 Merrimack street.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

WM.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Original and Best in the World!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish a fine head of hair.

GRAY, RED, or RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly a splendid Brown or Black, without the slightest injury to the hair or skin.

TESTIMONIALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR'S DYE since 1839, over FIFTEEN HUNDRED of which have been made to the hair of the Crowned Heads of Europe.

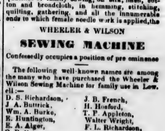
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that is durable and natural. It will not crock, contains no injurious ingredients, but imparts to the hair the most beautiful gloss, leaving it soft and pliable, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be used. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers everywhere.

Manufactory No. 81 Barclay street, New York.

25** The genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraved on the side of each box, thus: WM. A. BATCHELOR, Address
CHARLES BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
81 Barclay Street, New York.

Sold by all Druggists.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are conceded by the best judges to be unequalled by any in the requisites for family use. It has become a household necessity, and is now looked upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of sewing—such as elasticity, tension and broadcloth, in seaming, stitching, hemming, quilting, gathering and fine embroidery—it is unrivalled.

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE
Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

DEATHS.

In this city, March 18th, of membranous croup, Harriet Augusta, only child of Mr. Samuel and Ann L. Sage, aged 2 years 7 months 12 days. Maine and New Hampshire papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Scriptural Illustrations.

ILLUMINATED PHOTOGRAPHS

OF SCENES IN PALESTINE, and other places mentioned in the Bible, for sale at the Periodical and JOHN STREET MEETING-HOUSE in the city, on TUESDAY EVENING next, March 19th, at 7 o'clock. These Illustrations will be accompanied with appropriate remarks. Fifty cents admission. Tickets to be had at the door. Admission for all the doors—Adults Ten Cents; Children Five Cents. Doors open at 7—Lecture to commence at 7½ o'clock.

Lowell, March 16, 1861. mar18

ETNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn
Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital	$1,500,000
Surplus	$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn,
Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital	$300,000
Surplus	$300,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus	$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus	$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Churches, for one or five years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.
AUG 8, 1860. 1m17

REMOVED
TO
69 Next Door. 69
P. H. EMERSON

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and the friends and the public that he has removed to

Merrimack Street,

next door to his former store. Having newly refitted it, he now offers a full and complete assortment of the most reasonable prices.

He asks a continuance of the favors bestowed upon him by the public, and will be happy to see all his old customers, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call at his new store.

Lowell, March 2, 1861. 1m marl4tmap

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE
HAIR-RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE BEST ARTICLE EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

PREPARED AND FOR SALE BY
DAVID RYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, Merrimack and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 14, 1860. nov14tf

DR. BENJAMIN'S

CELEBRATED PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

A BRITISH MEDICINE, composed entirely of its beautiful women; but how many die annually, for want of a remedy within their reach. Such, for want of a remedy existing in the Materia Medica, is JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS. We know no disease to which the female system is subject with the greatest success. In all cases of Nervousness, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Pain in the Back and Loins, Hysterics, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysteria, Spasms, Sick Headache, Whites, and all Irregularities of the Uterine and Glandular system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. Moderately used, restore and removing obstructions, whether from cold or other causes, with certainty, and without pain or sickness.

Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada.

Price $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5.

Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.

Agents wanted everywhere, to whom liberal terms will be given.

Address all orders to JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILL DEPOT, No. 2 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass.

For sale by SAMUEL N. WOOD, Lowell, and all druggists. 6t*

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

The extraordinary reputation this compound has been for many years in the enjoyment of, and the unprecedented demand for it, have induced many persons to attempt the manufacture of a similar article, but the genuine Wafers of the Chest and Lungs. To those suffering from obstinate coughs and colds, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis and general and perfect relief; and when great Bilious attacks are threatened, a few doses will check the disorder. In acute pulmonic diseases, these Wafers produce expectoration, relieve the cough and compress, and relieve the most distressing symptoms. For public speakers and singers they are unrivalled. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country.

Prepared only by SAMUEL BRYAN, late of the firm of Bryan & Co., Boston.

Sold in Lowell by SAMUEL N. WOOD, and all druggists. 1yap mar14d3m

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WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, for their own use:

C. B. Richardson,	J. B. French,
J. A. Bartrick,	H. Hosford,
C. A. Richardson,	J. P. Ingalls,
E. Huntington,	Walter Wright,
A. A. Abbott,	Chas. E. Hoyt,
C. B. Coburn,	J. F. Folsom,
C. A. Bell,	Mrs. H. N. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant,	J. N. Prince,
Wm. Hall,	J. Ayer,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
A. L. Converse,	C. F. Hunt,
A. R. Brown,	C. F. Blanchard,
D. W. Wilson,	Mrs. Wm. Hall.

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, at various prices, from $50 to $125, and warranted for twenty dollars, for each and every year.

J. W. B. HAYNES,
64 Merrimack Street.
mar17 dly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Intimated the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have now so far perfected the process as to be now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want in the dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber for dental purposes. It is now generally conceded by all who use it, that for many cases in the mouth where it is used, it is far superior to anything else ever introduced. It is more healthy, owing to the limited time this article has been in use, than any other material, and is also far more superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they will not recommend it for any case where it is not made, and all others, that are equal to any that can be made of any other material.

Rooms 2 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

sept1

The Great English Remedy

DR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

A BRITISH MEDICINE, composed entirely of its beautiful women; but how many die annually, for want of a remedy within their reach. Such, for want of a remedy existing in the Materia Medica, is JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS. We know no disease to which the female system is subject with the greatest success. In all cases of Nervousness, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Pain in the Back and Loins, Hysterics, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysteria, Spasms, Sick Headache, Whites, and all Irregularities of the Uterine and Glandular system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. Moderately used, restore and removing obstructions, whether from cold or other causes, with certainty, and without pain or sickness.

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Sold in Lowell by SAMUEL N. WOOD, and all druggists. 1yap mar14d3m

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GENTS' NECK TIES,

Of new and beautiful patterns, just opened at BRADLEE'S, Central corner of Merrimack st. mar7

THE very popular Song, "DIXIE LAND," sold by S. S. HUNT, 11 Central street. mh13

A FEW grons of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by JUDKINS, 3 John st. mr 28

FOR SALE.

The residence of the late Joseph B. Varnum, Esq., situated on Lowell, near the Methodist Church. The house is large two-story building, well finished, with an L, and contains all the modern conveniences. There are eleven acres of excellent land attached to the estate, with a large number of fruit trees, and some ornamental forest trees. The house is pleasantly situated, and is in a convenient and desirable place in this village.

For further particulars inquire of A. C. VARNUM, Esq., in Bank, or of C. B. VARNUM, Druggist, Dracut, March 19th, 1861. mar19*2w

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Westford Academy.

THE Summer Term of this Institution will begin on MONDAY, April 8th.

Tuition $4 per Term. Board can be obtained at reasonable rates.

J. G. SMITH, A. M., Principal.
Westford, March 19, 1861. 3w mar19

Woolen Manufactory Wanted,

IN a town with about $10,000 capital, thoroughly acquainted with the manufacture of Shoddy and Satinets, and with a reputation for making a superior article of fancy cassimere. Rent of rail-road station, and water power furnished. Address, with real name, mar12d3w

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ASTROLOGY.

PROF. HUNTER, real Astrologer, 23 Lowell Street, Boston Terms—One dollar and two postage stamps. Nativities written briefly $1; all through life, Letters answered. Nativities written briefly $1; all through life, Letters answered. Nativities written briefly $1; all through life, Letters answered. No natural learning. mar14d4w

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EXTRA LEAF LARD.

12 Tierces Extra Leaf LARD just received and for sale by C. B. COBURN & SON,
Merrimack Building.
mar15

KEROSENE,

THE BEST THAT IS MADE, AND UNDERDEALT BY
China and Crockery Emporium,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack Street.
mar14

CHAMBERLIN'S
BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.

The subscriber having leased the above Hall, and refitted it throughout by the old Fellows' Lodge, and Hall, and refitted it throughout by the old Fellows' Lodge, and Hall, and refitted it throughout by the old Fellows' Lodge, and

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring* Machines on their first breakers, and none who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machines in use for perfectly cleaning a good lock on the wool. The *Burring Machine* for second breakers and finishers, for cleaning cut of cards, are recommended to your attention, being as simple as efficient, and the best that are now attached to first breakers. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability of fillets and rings, they have no equal. Their parts are even and straight surface allows them placed near to the first Cylinder, to work the fine and short staple. Their first strength and indispensable set of teeth are distinguished by a good hold on the wool, for the proper working of Burring Machines. Their durability is such, that they will last for years. The Solid and Burring Machines clean the wool of its second time matter the coarse machines of the coarser and of a finer machine of the finer fibre, and their different inspections substances from coming in contact with the card teeth, as well as the wool, thereby saving the wool and protecting the cards, so as much injuring as to double the life of the cards, and the wool will therefore be attached to each card of the latter.

The subscriber has also on hand a few

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Dusting, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wools. This Picker is the most desirable staple for burring the burl of the wool, nor does it injure the staple. The wool is also combed open, and carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burrs without waste in the wool, or injury to the fibres and free from the fine fibrous beards of burrs. *Burrs, Pea-stones*, and all coarse substances from hard wood, &c., &c., in this machine mark's may be cleaned out, and the wool returned to the bag as clean as it was. Burring machines, Feed Rolls, Pickers, will or without blowers attached, are also furnished.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with references and testimonials furnished by addressing C. L. GODDARD, Agent,
dec31 3m No. 3 Bowling Green, N. York.

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those women whose staff is their needle, for when they have married it proves, not their pride, but their labor beam. I pity them all—I pity them most of all, since mere human the sword of war."—HARRY MAY HANCOCK.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINES
—FOR—
Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

Price from $40 Upwards!
OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained; and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be bestowed upon each and every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is *WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the "Lock Stitch," must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent machines will not be visited with certain prosecution. All machines bearing Grover & Baker's name, and the needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will, are infringements. GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, or their agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under my patents, and not any one of said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:
18 Summer street, Boston.
495 Broadway, New York.
730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
181 E. Baltimore street, Baltimore.
18 West Third street, Cincinnati.
139 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
194 North Fourth street, St. Louis.
81 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHASE & CO.
dec14 1y

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.

The ready Pure by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner
Will make hard water soft, clean linen, flannels, &c., from Type, Grease from Wood, Paint from Hands, Tobacco stains 25 cts.
Ink 25 cts.
Pint 45 cts.
Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of the *Best* rain SOFT SOAP.
Recipe for making 40 different kinds of Soap, *sent free* by addressing
DEPOT OF COMPANY.
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the Country.
may 1 1860. 1 mo1bly

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Boud and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a full assortment of Rosewood and Mahogany Piano Fortes, at manufacturers' prices. Warranted for seven years, to be the best Piano Fortes in use.
N. B.—Pianos to Let and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 2, 1858. 1y

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM, Lily and Rose Cosmetics, and complete toilet requisites, Pinaud's Eau de Quinine, Extracts, Bandoline, and Toilet Soaps, for sale by HENRY R. HARRIS, corner Merrimack and John sts.
feb14

CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

A LARGE variety of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches, with sets of 21 jewels; also, Chronometer and Duplex, Patent Lever, Lepine and Lever Watches, Fine Gold Chains, Pencils, Pins, Rings, Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Silver Spoons, Forks, Thimbles, Spectacles, Opera Glasses, Accordeons, Flutes, Violins, Violin Strings, Music Boxes, Fancy Goods, &c., &c., at the lowest cash prices, at the old stand of
H. B. HAYNES,
No. 17 Central street.

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
A NOW opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.
All who are in the habit of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREROOMS,
where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which are ready to suit.
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.
I have a first-class assortment of Lamps and Lamp Goods for manufacturing. Selling low as can be afforded, and will not be undersold by any Crockery Importer. Please remember,
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
No. 20 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and considerate mother, that the use of essences of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their food, and that the remedy is to be present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, by administering the

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success for many years, and which is known to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and one that, above all, will maintain more than the sword of war."—HARRY MAY HANCOCK.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life, when POISONOUS NARCOTICS are palmed by wheedling the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in following the *Divine Injunction*, "Suffer little children to come unto me," *Divine Injunction*, "Forbid them not,"

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, March 20, 1861.

CONNECTICUT holds her State election on Monday, April 1. The rival candidates for the principal offices are as follows:—

	Republican.	Opposition.
Governor,	W. A. Buckingham.	Joseph E. Hawley.
Lieut. Gov.	Benjamin Douglas.	Augustus G. Hazard
Sec. of State	Jas. M. Trumbull.	Horace Taylor.
Treasurer,	R. H. Cleveland.	E. K. Kingsbury.
	Congress.	
District 1,	Dwight Loomis.	Alvin P. Hyde.
" 2,	John Woodruff.	James E. English.
" 3,	Alfred A. Burnham.	Geo. S. Woodruff.
" 4,	Orrin S. Ferry.	Burlon L. Baker.

The Republican candidates for Governor and Congress are the incumbents in all cases, while the Democratic nominees want to be.

The following has been the party vote of Connecticut since the organization of the Republican party:—

	Republican.	Democrat.	American.
1856	Buckingham, 47,602	Seymour, 43,488	Minor, 20,108
1857	Norman, 42,716	Hall, 39,744	Fillmore, 2615
1858	Minor, 43,750	Hall, 34,130	
1859	Average, 43,356	Hall, 39,208	Talbot, 3636
1859	Austin, 36,007	Seymour, 36,007	
1860	Buckingham, 44,948	Seymour, 43,315	Talbot, 1,193
	Lincoln, 43,792	Douglas 15,764	Bell, 5291
		Breckinridge, 14,641	

FROM WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.—A Washington despatch states that the opinion is universal that there will be an extra session of Congress. Governor Roman, a Southern Commissioner, has arrived. It is rumored that Major Anderson and command will be ordered to Newport, Ky. A despatch says the War Department have received intelligence from Major Anderson and endorsed by all the officers at Fort Sumter, that that fort cannot be reinforced without twenty thousand men.

The Southern commissioners do not expect an answer to their official communication for ten or twelve days. They feel confident of it in the meantime they will be no collision or change in the military status of the seceded States. They have telegraphic assurances from Montgomery that ample arrangements have been made to avoid all trouble for the present at Fort Pickens.

Texas.—Indications from Texas are, that there will be an armed collision between the friends of Gov. Houston and the secessionists. Many advocate the keeping of the Federal troops in that State to cooperate with and protect the Unionists.

Virginia.—The Franklin amendment to the Constitution, in the Peace Conference, has been reported to the Convention. It provides for the exclusion of slavery north of 36 30, but it shall not be excluded by Congress or any Territorial Legislature south of it. It also prohibits the importation of slaves from places beyond the limits of the United States; makes verbal changes in relation to the representation of fugitives by Congress; forbids the elective franchise and the right to hold office to persons of the African race; provides that none of these amendments, nor the first paragraph of the second section of the first article of the constitution, nor the third paragraph of the second section of the fourth article thereof shall be amended or abolished without the consent of all the States.

FOUR PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH IN ROXBURY. A tenement house in Roxbury, occupied by fifteen families, caught fire from a shed that was burned on Saturday night, and was partially consumed, and four of the inmates lost their lives. The *Boston Journal* says that in one of the rooms on the second story was the body of John Smith, consisting of himself, wife, a daughter and several sons. The father, aroused from his sleep to find the flames raging all around him, leaped from the window, but not until he had been severely burned in endeavoring to rescue some of the members of his family. The distance to the ground was about 15 or 20 feet, and he was badly injured by the fire and the fall. After the flames had been somewhat abated by the labors of the firemen, some of the police entered the house and in the room occupied by Smith found the wife and a daughter of sixteen years dead upon the floor, and their bodies badly burned.

In one of the rear rooms, occupied by John Kelley and wife, each about forty-five years old, the couple were found on the floor, burned to a crisp. Mr. Kelley had been sick for some time, and it is supposed that the wife had attempted to aid her more feeble husband in making his escape, but that both were suffocated by the smoke, and died by that means rather than by the flames. The stairway leading to the rooms were not destroyed, but the large number of persons in the house—probably more than fifty at the time of the disaster—rendered it nearly impossible for all to escape the fearful doom which awaited those less fortunate ones when age or disease had crippled.

APPOINTMENTS. The President on Monday sent the following nominations to the Senate: Charles F. Adams of Massachusetts, for Minister to England; Geo. P. Marsh of Vermont, for Minister to Sardinia; James Watson Webb of New York, for Minister to Turkey; Wm. L. Dayton, of New Jersey, for Minister to France.

The last named was immediately confirmed, the rule requiring a nomination lying suspended, as Mr. Dayton was formerly a member of the Senate, and his character was sufficiently known without further investigation.

The Senate confirmed Benjamin M. Trumbull as Receiver of Public Monies at Omaha; ex Congressman Howard as Postmaster at Detroit; William Hemmy, of New York, as Consul General to Egypt; Patrick J. Dunne, as Consul to Cork.

Dr. Locke, of Indiana, has been appointed Chief of the Agricultural Bureau in the Patent Office.

The following nominations for Postmasters are understood to have been made: John Lockwood for Milwaukee, Sidney E. Van Benthuysen for Dubuque, and Wm. M. Gaines for Frankfort, Ky. J. L. Scripps for Chicago.

Charles Howe has been nominated for Collector for Key West; Benj. O. Farrer, Assistant Treasurer at St. Louis; Samuel Lo-g of Ill. Consul at Lahaina.

It is stated this morning that General Webb declines the mission to Turkey.

The *New York Evening Post* asks the following pertinent question:—

"Mr. Yancey, Butler, King and others it is said, are going to England and France to negotiate a recognition of the Confederate States. But it may be asked whether they will be permitted to enter France without a passport. To procure a passport they must swear they are citizens of the United States which may be their degeneracy a little."

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 10.

Salem 7th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: My last closed with a statement of the thriftlessness of the people in northern Arkansas; and I am convinced that this miserable state of society will continue to exist here until a system of free schools and a systematic course of education is introduced and appreciated.

The foundation of the future habits of man is laid in childhood. Sloth, idleness, and self indulgence, is the education of these children; and what can be expected of them, more than are their parents? "Believe me," said Cicero to Torquatus, "we are born for nobler and more exalted purposes." These mountaineers have no idea of dignity, usefulness, or knowledge, or they can neither read, write, or spell; and many of them, I am told, have never seen a book. This state of things is not owing to a want of interest in the rising generation, their want of training in the right direction.

The people of New England have a good appreciation of the importance of education, but to comprehend it in its just importance and its true dignity, one must compare the children and people of New England with those of a section of country where there is no education at all. And when I look to New England there is no one thing or which I feel more proud than the condition of our common schools, academies and colleges; and it is a fact that wherever a son of New England is found abroad, something more than common is not only expected of him, but almost always found. But let not our vanity, in view of this high consideration, lead us to urge on the intellectual culture of our children, to the neglect of the physical for short sighted powers will be diminished by too great application, and their judgment weakened by overtasking the memory; and the effects of both will be manifest in the man. It is for this reason that the best scholars in our schools fail to give evidence of that early ability in their manhood, or after life. Such young men have an accumulation of knowledge, but it is of no use to them, because they have no power to apply it. The physical, the practical and the intellectual education, are necessary to the young man, in order to ensure success to himself and usefulness to others.

The guardians of our public schools should remember that a true education is that and that only which will enable our young men and young women to bring to bear all their powers or forces upon them and upon or relations which may effect them and others in after life. Men who are mere scholars, whose tastes lead them to shut themselves up in their studies and completely engross themselves with their literature, and direct their energies to the service of letters, we shall always have, and their services we shall duly appreciate—but they are not, however, the men of great conception, nor the men who originate new and brilliant ideas. They are not the men for action, and they are not the men for the times in the great affairs that are to be transacted on this continent in the next fifty years. The men who are to wield the destinies of this mighty empire, must have physical development, intellectual education, and practical knowledge.—Education should fit men for the stage of life that is, and is to be; it should enlarge and strengthen his own natural and acquired powers upon the subject which for the time demands our attention. A man may be as profound as Plato and as versatile as Proteus, but if he cannot set, he is not up to the demands of his age; he must know how to act promptly, efficiently, and wisely, in the varied exigencies of life.—Parents have overtasked their children in the primary schools to get them into the grammar school younger than their neighbors' children; and there is a wicked vanity to hurry them through the grammar school for the sickly folly of being known as members of the high school. This urging without cause or reason, is hurrying hundreds to a premature grave and raising those who enjoy a precarious life of sickly dwarfs that will be of "no account to themselves" or usefulness to others.

Education does not consist in devouring books as an ox eats grass, yet there are some who imagine that all knowledge is circumscribed within college grounds, and all wisdom included between the freshman and senior classes. They flaunt Latin phrases and ignore their mother tongue. Others assume an awful gravity and gain credit for knowing a vast deal by saying nothing, while others parade in the vanity of scholarship, effervescing like small beer, with little talk about great things.—These make what is popularly termed, "great ladies' men."

This is a practical age, and as a type of the scholarship of this age, look at Humboldt, who, like a majestic oak, laid the axe of the woodman under contribute, and struck his roots far nutriment through the ribbed strata of the solid earth. To the successful scholar, power of action is quite as essential as power of thought. Now, in order that these two elements should be harmoniously combined, the true development of our physical organization is just as necessary as the high culture of our intellectual; for, with the latter without the former, a person cannot be anything more than half a human being—neither physically or mentally. The harmonious development of the physical as well as the intellectual faculties; and such, too, is the history of Patrick Henry, Sheridan, Adam Clark and others. Above all things, teachers should have good physical health, that they may be able to apply a living scholarship with power, to the minds of others, that they may have a spiritual element as well as a mental.

The teacher should be endowed with that force of character which stamps its impression on every mind that comes in contact with it. If it is true that there is in electrical powers, how can the efflux of vitality thrill the organic forces around him? Hence the importance of not wearing too hard and incessantly upon your teachers by a too lengthy school-year. If a teacher lacks the spiritual forces which kindle other souls into enthusiasm, he is a failure, and his teaching is no better than the Sabbath school.

"Earth," says Humboldt, "holds up to her master no fruit but the finished man." The Ichabod Crane class of school teachers deserves contempt; but educated teachers command the respect of all true men. If the teacher be a true man, a living scholar, he will never sicken of his labor, because the freshness of childhood will be to him a constant fountain of youth, and his leisure hours will make him rich in the generous stores of a true and manful scholar. Scholarship is the result of thought, and a teacher should have that living scholarship which can apply its power to the minds of others. Thence, therefore, of feeble health, should never think of becoming teachers.

I am still at the station-house in waiting for that conveyance which will have no other way to amuse myself—but with this scribbling; but I hope to get away sometime during the night. H.

LEGISLATIVE. The Senate, yesterday, held something to do with tinkering the "two years' amendments act." A majority report of the joint special committee on the Governor's recommendation, was made, deciding it inexpedient to legislate on the subject. Mr. Whiting of Plymouth, made a minority report, recommending the following amendments to the Constitution, which was ordered to be printed:

No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the limits of this State for one year subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified according to the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: provided that this amendment shall not affect the civil rights which any person or foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and provided further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of an American citizen born during the temporary absence of the parents abroad."

Mr. Whiting, from the joint special committee, to whom was referred so much of of the Governor's message as relates to the qualification of voters for Representatives to Congress, reported a bill providing that in an election of Representatives to Congress in this Commonwealth, no person shall be allowed to vote for the same unless he shall have resided in the Congressional District where he offers to vote, six months next preceding such election, and shall be otherwise qualified according to the Constitution and laws of this State.

On motion of Mr. Bonney of Middlesex, the vote whereby the bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Mutual Redemption was refused a third reading, was reconsidered. Mr. Bonney then offered an amendment, which was adopted, providing that in the event of the winding up of said bank, or the termination of its charter or otherwise, the said Savings Banks or Institutions for Savings shall, after the payment of all other lawful demands upon said bank, be paid in full, the par value of their stock as held therein before any division of the assets of said bank shall be made or paid to its other stockholders; and said bank may guarantee to such Savings Banks and Institutions for Savings, a rate of interest of five per cent. per annum in semi-annual payments of two and a half per cent., to be made on the first Monday of April and October of two and a half per cent., to be made on the first Monday of April and October of every year, so long as said stock is held by them. The second section provides that if stockholders representing a majority of the par or present capital stock shall object, the foregoing provisions shall not apply.

After debate the bill was ordered to a third reading.

The bill in relation to divorces and marriage was ordered to a third reading by a large vote.

In the House, the bill for the inspection of gas meters, the protection of gas companies, and the incorporation and regulation of gas-light companies, (with amendments, ordered to be printed,) was laid on the table.

A bill was reported and once read, to incorporate the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for the promotion of Industrial Arts and Science, Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce, and to grant aid to said Institute out of the Boston Society of Natural History. This bill provides that said Institute of Technology shall be authorized to hold real and personal estate to an amount not exceeding $100,000; also, that the corporate powers conferred upon the Public Garden, between Newbury and Boylston streets, according to the plan of the Commissioners of the Back Bay, Feb. 21, 1857, shall be reserved for the uses of the educational institutions named in the bill, in such portions and subject to such stipulations as are therein mentioned; also, that the location therein shall not cover with their buildings more than one third of the area granted to them respectively. Reported in the memorial of the associated institutions of science and arts.

There are to be two sessions each day of the House after the 26th inst.

SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE. The bark Harvest Queen, from Buenos Ayres, with a cargo of wool, went ashore on the beach at Scituate, Mass., on Tuesday morning. A boat containing six of the crew, in attempting to go ashore was upset and the six were drowned. The storm at the time was very severe. The cargo will be saved, but it will be valuable that the bark, which at last dates, was high on the beach, would be got off with but little injury.

SPELL IT WITH A WOE, MY LORD.” Somebody calls Joe Lane the “ol war hawse.”

AMONG the conditions of a recent horse trade, at San Francisco, was the stipulation that the owner of the losing horse was to proceed to Oakland, stand on the stringpiece of the wharf, and permit himself to be shovved overboard by the successful winner!

TENNEY, of the *Brunswick (Me.,) Telegraph* says twenty-five years ago last Sunday, he commenced the publication of the *Baltimore Transcript*, and to sum up the success of his editorial life, in a word, adds that if anybody should ask him for an amount exceeding five dollars, he could not answer.

THE LAW'S DELAY IN THE GAINES CASE. The *Hartford Courant* recalls the circumstance that the *Columbian* published in that city *nineteen years ago*, in speaking of the great Gaines case, decided a few days since, said that the decision would not probably be given *for two weeks*.

THE music in the Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin's church, in New York, is furnished by a choir of seventy-five children chosen from the Sabbath school.

ITALIAN OPERA. We witnessed with pleasure the Masked Ball at the Boston Academy of Music, on Monday evening, and unhesitatingly say that the present troupe have won the confidence of the theatre-going public of Boston and their vicinity. Although *Un Ballo in Maschera* would not be termed a charming opera, like *Linda di Chamounix*, still the choruses and concerted pieces produced at once a mingled feeling of pleasure and gratification, which has not been felt in witnessing any previous opera of the present season. The salient points were finely sustained by the quintette (Brigoni, Ferri, Testani, Phillippi and Brackley), and were often warmly applauded. We were much pleased with the new aspirant for lyric laurels—Miss Hinckley; and the ease and grace with which she acted her part, entitled her to no small degree of credit.—Madame Colson pleased every one, and though laboring under a cold, which rendered it impossible to execute the higher notes with her accustomed finish. In this opera there is not that opportunity to display her finely-cultivated vocal powers that is afforded in the more elaborate of the previous Monday evening. One is carried along unconsciously, by the beautiful melody, characteristic of the opera of *Martha*, alone, while in the *Masked Ball*, the scenes effect, in combination with the music, &c., renders this opera at once striking and grand. P. M. B.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

JOHN A. ANDREW, GOVERNOR.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR A DAY OF

Public Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer.

The season has arrived when it becomes the people of Massachusetts, obediently to the pious and venerable custom of the Commonwealth, to unite in the observation of their Annual Fast.

I do, therefore, with the advice and consent of the Council, appoint and set apart the fourth day of April next, a day of FASTING, HUMILIATION and PRAYER.

And I respectfully request the people of every persuasion, with due regard to the sacredness of the day, to assemble all unnecessary and inconsistent avocations of business and pleasure, to repair to their usual places of public worship, and to dedicate the day to earnest self examination, and to the service of God in the exercises of devotion.

Let us penitently confess, renounce and forsake our sins, and implore the forgiveness of the same, through the Infinite and Divine Redeemer, and, hearing and keeping in purity of heart, disinterested affection and abiding faith, rigidly to discern, obediently and cheerfully to observe and to do duties and obligations of our future lives.

Let us remember the Providence of the Almighty Ruler of Heaven and Earth, in all the affairs of Nations and of Men.

Let us remember with grateful recognition of our own vanity and foolishness, how much we have gone astray in our own wisdom or will against His Supreme Goodness, Love and Power.

Let us remember that the Divine requirement to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with God, rests upon all men everywhere, and upon us as a people; that there can be no national wickedness apart from the wickedness of individuals, independent of human folly or misconduct, and no suffering unendurable save the misery of sin.

Let us carry on our hearts, before Him who is the Father of mercies, the cause of our country, the rights and welfare of all her people, of whatever section, party or condition.

And let us be willing, in all respects, to hear what He receives, and to desire, whatsoever He shall deem to be the best for us, who ruleth all things well.

Given at the Council Chamber, this seventeenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the eighty-fifth of the Independence of the United States of America.

JOHN A. ANDREW.

By His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council.

WILLIAM C. BOWDITCH, Secretary.

God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

An enthusiastic Union man in California thought that the Union sentiment in that State is upright, downright and outright for the Union, whatever its Legislature may say or do. No hazard, bat, owl, pilicun, nigger, tom, wolf flag shall ever be allowed from its folds, where there lives a pioneer to pull it down. Yours, in the bonds of Union.”

An Irish woman named Catharine Farren, aged 70 years, at the North end in Boston, in a fit of jealousy, a few weeks ago, stabbed another woman named Ellen Maloney, in the breast. The wounded woman was taken to the City Hospital, where she lingered till Tuesday morning, when she died. The Farren woman has been arrested, accused of her murder.

CARPETS.—Ul the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices by GEO. RIPLEY, Tremont street.

CARPETINGS. Durable CARPETINGS—A large assortment, subject to one per cent. discount, sold as cheap as the cheapest, by GEO. RIPLEY, Tremont st. Also, the celebrated MINOTT'S PATENTED Tapestry Carpet, Sheet, Pressed and

Brussels Tapestry Carpets, also the celebrated Ingrain at FARRINGTON'S. Also the celebrated GOLDEN & MATTINGS. Tremont st., opposite Bromfield street.

A VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINE.

DR. LANGLEY'S "ROOT AND HERB BITTERS"

is a PROMINENT PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTION, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., because, that it is regarded as the only specific for all the diseases of the human system that can be cured. Incredibly weak this medicine, and it should use it. Females need and ask at all times. Only 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated shape, called Dr. Langley's Sarsaparilla and Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic combining purging and alterative properties, and for two months, thus learning that "the way of the transgressor is hard."

SUPERIOR COURT. *Morton, J.* The case of Parker *vs.* Mills *et al*, is still on trial, and will probably occupy the remainder of the day. The arguments may be reached this afternoon.

POLICE COURT. The only criminal today was Susannah Hawd, who was found guilty of larceny, and sentenced to the common jail for two months. This being civil week, the Court is engaged in hearing the legality of leases, contracts and accounts.

LECTURES. The second of the course of lectures by Mr. E. Brown, on Paleontology, will be given in the High St. Church this evening, commencing at half past 7.

The first lecture last Wednesday evening was unusually interesting, and gave unbounded satisfaction to those present.—Its photographic representations on a canvas screen about 27 by 30 feet, give good illustrations of the subject of the lecture.

TO BETTER ACCOMMODATE the citizens of Lowell, Deacon Foster has placed the price of his tickets for Lectures this evening evening at 15 cents. Doors open at 6 1-2; commence at 8 o'clock. 13t

GREAT RUSH FOR BOSTON, &c. We learn that a large number of our citizens have gone on an excursion to Boston today. They have a pleasant day for their trip. It is probable that many of them, before their return, will call upon the newly-appointed Collector to congratulate him upon his appointment. We understand that it has been decided by Mr. Goodrich to make two appointments from Lowell soon. Out of the numerous anxious ones, who will be taken!

PROFESSOR BARNING has returned to his office, 86 Church St., Boston, Mass., where he will remain until Friday, at 3 P. M., for the cure of hernia, constipation, piles, weaknesses of the spine, lungs, digestive organs and female system. 2t

DEA. FOSTER, who proposes to give a concert in this city next Monday evening (a week hence) will call upon our citizens with his tickets, selling them himself previous to the evening of the concert, as he did in Boston. We hope the Deacon will be received with satisfaction to himself. A "quarter" should not be withheld from him. On the forenoon of the concert, he will ride in from Chelmsford, passing through several of the principal streets. Look out for his snow-white poll.

RABEY IN LOWELL. Rabey, the great horse tamer, will give an exhibition in this city next Tuesday evening, at Huntington Hall. His recent brilliant success and ovations in Boston have given great satisfaction, and we shall look for a full house in Lowell.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE. Mr. George W. Caleff, who comes to this city highly recommended, proposes to deliver a lecture on Sunday evening next on the subject of temperance. If satisfactory arrangements can be made, his first lecture will be followed by a series, on the same subject.

THE SUN crosses the equator this afternoon, he being at noon to-day 2 minutes and 37 seconds north of it, and to-morrow at the same hour he will be 26 minutes and 8 seconds north of the same line. The farthest northern point will be attained June 21st, when he will be 23 degrees, 27 minutes and 27 seconds north of the equator. He will then start for the south and again cross the equator September 22nd, arriving at the farthest southern point December 21st, which is the same as the farthest northern one—a difference of 46 degrees, 54 minutes and 54 seconds.

JOSEPH W. LEIGHTON, formerly a constable in Boston, on Monday night, in a fit of temporary insanity took a dose of opium, which, although removed from his stomach by physicians, probably caused his death, as he died during the night.

AN Irish widow, named Monton, was burned to death in Manchester, N. H., on Tuesday last, by her clothes taking fire from a stove over which she was at work.

"THADDEUS AND BENJAMIN"

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. E. Cabot, T. Tenney, L. G. Homer, S. W. Bridge, Edward Tuck, D. S. Richardson, Isaac Hinds, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, Churches and Public Buildings, and is now in successful operation. The present cash capital of the Stock Department is over $116,228.72. The statement of owners of things and liens grouped, in Holders of Credit is particularly invited. A dividend is paid on policies expiring, which has been in force for one year, with a substantial cash surplus.

The Cash Capital and Assets of the cash assets are invested in the most unexceptionable and profitable securities, and are held as up to any Company.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 21 Central St., (second story.)

C. E. CABOT, President.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treasurer.

Lowell, July 15, 1860. jy16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal,
It kindles quick,
It burns up clear,
It burns long,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less in money,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the
BEST KIND OF COAL FOR FURNACES.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, end of our canal. J. HOWARD, 125 Prospect street.

mar5 3m

— BUY IT, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD. —

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Confesses to be the standard medicine for the cure of Liver and Kidney Complaints, Humors, Gout, a simple to the worst solid cases; Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Female Weaknesses, and bowel complaints, stimulate the Liver, Purify the Blood, Regulate the Bowels, Digestion, Appetite, quicken the Circulation, and purify the blood better than any medicine ever known. They are made a Strictly Pure Extract of Roots and Herbs, containing Alla, Yellow Dock, Sassafras, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Tolu and Prickly Ash principally, with Glycerine and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to work in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming a perfect Panacea for the cure of all diseases that can be cured. Incredibly weak this medicine, and it should use it. Females need and ask at all times. Only 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated shape, called Dr. Langley's Sarsaparilla and Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic combining purging and alterative properties, and for two months, thus learning that "the way of the transgressor is hard."

Sold by all druggists and dealers in Medicines.

Orders addressed to J. O. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO. Boston,

E. RIDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1y mar20m

C. Congus. The unique changes of our climate are now upon us, and the Nervous and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, we would call your attention to Dr. Wood's *Norway Pine Syrup*, as now known to the public as a reliable and safe remedy for all Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Inflamation of the Throat, Lungs, &c. Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye !!

W.M.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Original and Best in the World!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape Ridicule, Disappointment, and Sudden Detection.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE

is perfect in every particular, producing a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black, without injury to the Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and over FIFTY THOUSAND applications have been made to the hair of the Inventor, by the Ladies.

W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE contains no mineral nor to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to Blister the Skin, Stain the Hand, Scald, Smell Rancid, or Change the tone and address upon a label (fac-simile) on the side of each box.

Sold in all cities and towns of the United States and Canadas, and by

WM. A. BATCHELOR, Patentee,

No. 16 Astor House, New York.

CAUTION! Beware of a counterfeit called Batchelor's Hair Dye. Sold by CHARLES BATCHELOR, Fayetteville, Onondaga County, N. Y. mar12 ly eharcy18

Take no more experiments or unsafe Medicines. Use only the Great Remedy for Consumption,

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Which has received the PUBLIC CONFIDENCE and the PROMINENT PHYSICIAN'S USE for 40 years. It is now offered to afflicted humanity as a certain cure for the Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, from diseases and abuse of the Urinary or Sexual Organs.

Depot 138 Fulton street, New York.

General Debility, Physical Depression, Mental Incapacity, Determination of Blood to the Head, Dizziness, Confusion of Ideas, Hysteria,

Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night, Universal Prostration and Irritability, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia,

Constipation or Costiveness, Low Spirits, Hypochondriasis or Nervousness, and all the distressing symptoms which arise from diseases and abuse of the Urinary or Sexual Organs.

And, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

To restore the system—eat this and

ASK FOR HELMBOLDT'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

CURES GUARANTEED.

See advertisement in another column.

mar15 1y

KEROSENE LANTERNS.

JUST received and for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,

mh15 45 Merrimack Street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against all risks by FIRE on favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and paid as soon as the amount is determined.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Josiah G. Abbott,
Arthur F. Bourne, John Avery,
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Alonzo A. Miner, Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin F. Butler, Lester M. Clark,
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NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 21, 1859. 1y

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

Cash Capital,

$100,000,

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages being first liens on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy holders.

DIRECTORS:

Preston Lyman, Theodore Sedgwick,
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GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,

8 Gurney's Building, Lowell.

Banks taken in either their stock or premium at the most favorable rates.

DAVID HYDE, Agent Lowell, Mass.

Offices at Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City, Boston, Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are unsurpassed by any other. It has been awarded the premium at the principal Fairs in the United States and Canada, and has received the highest premium ever awarded to a sewing machine upon as a household economy. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, felling, tucking, gathering, quilting and embroidering, it ends to which female needle work is applied, the

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well-known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine within the last year in Lowell.

J. B. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Bartlett, H. Hosford,
Wm. A. Gage, C. F. Appleton,
E. Huntington, Walter Wright,
R. A. Alger, F. L. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn, J. P. Folsom,
S. F. Hersey, Wm. A. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargent, J. N. Prince,
Rev. J. W. Dadmun, M. G. Edgell,
Samuel Fay, Wm. A. Richardson,
Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Wm. Crosby,
A. K. Brown, C. F. Blanchard,
B. F. Farrar, Wm. Boyden.

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, for sale by GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Middlesex street. 1y may18

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago, and having had the use of it in their hand, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are prepared to say that it is the best article for the base of artificial teeth ever offered to the profession. Dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, and the attention is called to it, as every other article now in use, there are many objections which do not exist in this article, and in many cases it is proving in the popular favor—Gentlemen who have had sets of teeth made on this base, are requested to call and have them examined previous to exchanging, as they are in a position to insert them on this base, and at about the same price as on gold. Those who have had sets made on this base, and at about the same price as on gold. Those who have had sets made on this base, and at about the same price as on gold. Those who have had sets made

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 9 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using Burring Machines in their first breakers, and some who have used them would not be without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machines in use for perfect work and durability. The *Solid Packing Burring Machine* for second breakers and finishers, on a new plan of setting, are recommended to your attention, being as useful, as efficient, and as imperishable as those described in first breakers. There are none to wear out.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS are also recommended to your attention. In strength and flexibility and efficient work, they have an equal. Their parts fit even and straight; surface shows them placed next to the first Cylinder, to save the Second short staple. Their firm strength and thinlyperiphrase of teeth are indispensable to a good hold on the wool, for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are widely appreciated, and are now in use in the Solid Rolls and Burring Machines, since the wool of 1859. Also, for second and finisher machines of the coarser and the finer machines of former date. Solid steel bars prevent injurious substances from coming in contact with the card and each set will, in addition to cleaning the wool and protecting the cards, do as much carding as the cards to which they are set to work. They should therefore be attaching to each card of the set.

The undersigned has patented a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Dusting, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wools. It perfectly shortens the burrs, but injures the hair of the wool, nor does it material the burs. The wool is picked, dusted, carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burs, without waste to the wool, or injury to the fibres, and free from the fine fibrous boards of burs *Stone, Iron* and other substances which injure the wool and machinery. Its other machines needs no particular advantage, it by this machine needs no particular attention, and will do the work of two pickers. Machine thoroughly tested. Will be sold on reasonable terms, with or without Burring Machines attached, are also for sale.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references furnished by addressing C. L. GODDARD, Agent.
dec31 1y No. 9 Bowling Green, New York

SEWING MACHINES.

"I pity those dames whose staff is their needle, for when they lose spirit, it proves, not their aids, but their foes." Book I. Ch. 3. Which the ancient Gaels more than the sword of war.—HARRY WARD Boston.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES
—FOR—
Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes.

☞ Price from $40 Upwards! ☜
OVER 45,000 IN USE!

We beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be strictly observed in every department of their manufacture. Every Machine sold by us is *WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

CARD FROM THE GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines, are making the fatal error to suppose that stitch, must not,forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to use them. Purchasers and users of fraudulent Machines of this class will be visited with certain prosecution. All machines sewing from two Spools, and with a stitch that needs only penetrate the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned as well, are infringements.
GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

All persons are warned not to make, sell, or use, any Sewing Machines which are from two spools and make the stitch known as the Lock-stitch. This stitch, unless the same are purchased from she Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and by said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine, and all others are fraudulent upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.
ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Principal Salesrooms of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:
18 Summer street, Boston;
495 Broadway, New York;
780 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
181 B limore street, Baltimore;
88 West Fourth street, Cincinnati;
118 Lake street, Chicago;
126 North Fourth street, St. Louis;
241 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Agents for Lowell, BURBANK, CHASE & CO.
dec18 ly

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
TENNYSONIANA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.

She ready Jam ly Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner Will make hard water soft, clear and delightful; removes Ink from Types Grease from sa.-ches Utensils, &c., &c.

One box costs $1 00
4 to 6 1-2 lbs Perfect grease, usually given away, is about 1-2 cent per lb., say 50
Total $1 50

Forty-six cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel *Best cake SOFT SOAP.*
Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, *sent free* by addressing
DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEVIS, JAMES & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ The SAPONIFIER can be had of any Druggist throughout the Country.
May, 1861. may1 1y

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 71 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Pianos, for which they have received the first premiums over all other competitors at the late World's Fair, and at the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, and the Massachusetts Mechanics' Fair. These Pianos, as manufacturers' prices, REMOVED, to every purchaser to be as low as the lowest.
N. B.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 2, 1858. jun21y

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM.—A perfect and completely harmless substitute for Powder, Rouge, Pomatum, Bandoline, and Paste. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
dec4

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with knives of all grades; also Carvers and Forks. Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city to sell cheap for cash, by H. B. HAYNES,
nov13 tf 45 Merrimack st.

A FEW MORE of Simon's Patent Mantle Pulls Handles. Soon Agent for Lowell,
S. RIDDER, jr. corner Merrimack and John sts.
nov13 tf

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
And dealer in
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, assortment and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.
All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices,* which will suit best their own story. tf

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the State of Maine, at my China and Crockery Emporium. Please remember,

Sign of the Gold Hand Pitcher,
50 MERRIMACK STREET.
W. DEARDEN.
dec4

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observer and thinking mind, that the use of the old means of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of the stomach and bowels, which requires to be present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, by administering

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice. We know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of infants, and we feel confident that it will prove itself decidedly worthy every other preparation of the kind. In particular we recommend it

For Children Teething;

And at the period of infantile life when your anxious solicitude is awakened by the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in relieving the *Pain, Relaxing Inflammation,* and *Internal evil* Pain. For *Diseases attending Teething,* such as *Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, Fits of Sick in the Head,* &c., unobtrusively offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case where it is used. It is also a great relief to every one when it is used. It is also a great relief to every one when it is used. It is also a great relief to every one when

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, March 21, 1861.

ROBERT DALE OWEN has written an elaborate review of Mr. Lincoln's inaugural, which he pronounces conservative and conciliatory, but says that if the cotton States persist in secession, we must acknowledge their independence eventually, and had better do it before than after a war—arguing, we suppose, that victory would perch upon the banner of the peculiar, as upon the ensign of the bird. But right or wrong in this conclusion, it is every day made more apparent that the desire at the North to retain in the Union any of the Southern States that have seceded, is gradually lessening, and where, a few months ago, the idea of breaking up the Union by permitting one of the States to withdraw would not be listened to at practicable, under any circumstances, the feeling now is that they can better be spared than retained. The rule or rum principle that prevails in every State that is now in the dominion of "Secesha," has enslaved the Northern representation in our National Government the thirty years past. The defeat of the party which has kept the traitors on the surface to the present time, has sent them raging back to their homes, where every plantation is a miniature kingdom, and every slave-holder a self-constituted monarch. Certain States have voluntarily withdrawn; and now the question is, Can we not do without them? Able statesmen have pictured the disastrous consequences of a dismemberment of our confederacy; all honest men deprecate such an event; but the result, after all, may not be attended with so many blighting influences as anticipated. If there is not (but we contend that there is) a conservative class of men at the South who are now inactive, but are yet to be heard in opposition to the fanaticism of the disunionists, then to bring back—by coaxing, reasoning, or by force—the seceded States, is a matter of impossibility, without involving the whole country in a war, and impoverishing all classes, with the possibility of being defeated ourselves, since there is no power guaranteeing to our side success under all circumstances.

Something should be done to let the Union sentiment develop itself at the South. In Louisiana there certainly is a growing opposition to the Southern Confederacy: the convention, knowing this, has voted not to submit the constitution that has been framed at Montgomery to the people, fearing, with good reason, that it would be confirmed. In Texas there is more than a possibility that a conflict will ensue between the secessionists and the State authorities. In every cotton State, too, there are men and presses that openly and boldly denounce the disunionists and their schemes. To aid those, then, who have the patriotism and manliness to war against the landpirates who have plunged the country into its present condition, should be our first duty. They should not be deserted; war should not be waged against their States; if they can triumph, the traitors will soon sink into oblivion to trouble earth no more. This is a strong Government, and should not consent to a disunion, and why violence should not be resorted to, and beyond this, there is little to desire that the connection between the North and the seceden States should be maintained a day longer.

Mr. Owen does not predict the destruction of our government by the withdrawal of such States as do not choose to remain, but blessing; he believes that graver consequences will follow coercion, than are possible if they are permitted to go quietly—and if the "silver, second thought of the people" does not correct the madness that is upon the South, they had better be suffered to depart in peace. He is not alone in this fear; thousands would rejoice at its consummation, regretting only the misfortune of the government in losing treasure and property by the lightfingered runaways, who have stolen that with which they propose to foster and protect their illegitimate confederacy.

LEGISLATIVE. Wednesday, 20th inst.—A petition was presented asking that the appropriation of $15000 to procure a pedestal for the statue of Horace Mann (designed for the State House grounds,) was read and referred.

Mr. Bouney of Middlesex, from the Judiciary Committee, to which was committed the House bill relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors, reported that the same ought to pass, with an amendment striking out the first, second and third sections of the same. These provide that citizens and towns shall be responsible to the State Commissioner for liquors purchased; and that the profits to the Commissioner for all liquors sold in less quantity than the original package, shall not exceed 7 1-2 per cent.

The bill defining the qualifications of voters for Representatives to Congress, was passed to a third reading. It was reported inexpedient to legislate on that part of the Governor's message recommending the repeal of the two years' amendment act.—The bill authorizing the Governor to sell the State of Mutual Redemption, was ordered to be engrossed, and the bill relating to marriage and divorce, was also advanced to the same stage.

House. The committee to whom was referred the resolution in aid of the suffering people in Kansas, reported that it ought to pass. The committee to whom the bill to insure freedom of speech was referred, reported that it ought not to pass. This bill was suggested probably, by the late transactions in public meetings in Boston. Its provisions are that the editor or may, at the request of twelve or more citizens, order a sheriff or the militia to attend upon a meeting in which a riot is feared.

Mr. GODDRICH enters upon the duties of his office at the Boston custom-house on the first day of April.

DR. GEORGE WILKINS, a dentist, committed suicide by taking strychnine at Dooley's Hotel, Boston, on Tuesday. Deceased was about thirty-five years of age, and belonged in Brighton.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. II.

ON THE ROAD,
FROM ARKANSAS TO ST. LOUIS.

DEAR COURIER: My last closed at the Overland Station-house, in Arkansas, where I was detained in consequence of the Indian attack upon the Overland mail on the plains by the Apache Indians (called Paches). Now, I can give you the facts in this case (which are not correctly given by the telegraph), as I had them from Mr. Fuller, the Superintendent of the Overland Mail Company. The Indian agent to the Indians, like the rest of Buchanan's officials, came a few months since, ran off from his post, leaving the treaty obligations made by the Federal Government with the Indians unfulfilled, and pocketing all he could get his hands on. The Indians, to avenge themselves, attacked the Overland Mail. By their first fire they broke the thigh of the driver and killed one mule. They were repulsed, the mule was cut from the coach, and before the Indians rallied the coach got to the tar station, which was only two miles distant.—The next day a party of these Indians came down with a white flag, as a decoy; and one driver and two others, who were well acquainted with these Indians, for they had been at the station upward of two years, went out and met them, at which time the Indians rushed upon them, bound their hands behind them, and with a rope about their necks led them off. A reinforcement soon arrived at the station, and soon succeeded in capturing twelve of the Indians, and held them as hostages.—Every day some hundred Indians would ride down in sight three white captives, with a rope round their necks and their hands tied behind them, and with the rope about the neck would tauntingly dangle about these captives. Thinking that they led these men down on the side of a hill just in the sight of the station-house as an index that they would exchange prisoners, word was sent to them to that effect, but they would not exchange. Again word was sent that if they killed those three men, that they (the whites) would hang their twelve Indians, to which they returned the reply "that they did not care much about the Indians, and that they might kill them as soon as they pleased." The three white men were strangled to death the next day, and as soon as it was ascertained to a certainty, the twelve Indians were strung up. Those three men were all that were killed that belonged to the Overland Company, but the number of eight or ten white men were found in that vicinity, probably, killed by these Apaches.—Some six hundred of these Apaches were collected together for several days, but have finally disappeared, and the stages are resuming their travel.

There was no hope of my being able to get on from the overland for several days, in consequence of the crowded state of the coaches with the passengers detained on the plains. But as good luck would have it, the Superintendent of the line has just arrived here, and with a kindness long to be remembered, interests himself in my behalf, and by "hook or by crook" I shall get off in the morning. The Major intendent goes on with his private conveyance and his clerk; and in the morning a two-horse, or mule, lumber-wagon is to take me to Keatsville, from which place there is a two-horse coach which runs twice a week to Springfield.

Twilight is fast ripening into evening, and the blue vault of heaven unclouded, and looking upward I gaze upon the pillades as they glitter like bright jewels in the "globe of wisdom," and I sigh for a sight of the coming morn, and an early departure from this lonesome habitation.

The crime for which Mr. Williams was run off from Batesville was simply for saying (which I have no doubt he said) to show that he was not an Abolitionist) that the Abolitionists of the North and the secessionists of the South ought to be hung on the same tree. It is not safe for a Northern man to travel in Arkansas, and I am constantly asked by those who know where I am from, how I dare come down here? If a Northern man is obliged to go South, he should hail from a border State, where he is acquainted, wear corduroy pantaloons, and get the bang of their protuberations as much as he can, chew tobacco as a sheep chews its cud, and squirt its juice as a steam engine squirts water. You must pronounce school, "skule;" stool "stule," tube "tibe," staple "steeple," Missouri "Missouri." For a colored person you must never say "nigger," and in every sentence you must work in the following expressions as often as you can. "O, Shucks!" "Dog on't," "Right smart," "Tis that sure," "Plumb up," &c.

After all, the most natural beauty in the world is honesty and moral truth.—For all beauty is but the true features make the beauty of a face; and true proportions the life and soul of architecture; as true measures that of harmony and music. In poetry, which is all fable, truth is the very subject and groundwork.—*Shaftesbury.*

THERE is a young lady residing in the vicinity of Dedham, over whose head but fourteen summers have passed, who now weighs one hundred and seven pounds, is married and has two children, the elder of whom is over two years of age.

The town of Woburn contains 1148 houses, 1432 families, and 6288 inhabitants in all, 2852 of the male sex, and 3206 females—being an excess of 124 females over the males, and averaging about 5 1-1 inhabitants to a house.

A HAYSTACK inventor has produced a machine that will stack 60,000 cwt. cocks in a day. The *Boston Gazette* says the Massachusetts Legislature will make a machine for doing sums with 'em, for he is about sick of it.

THE CENTS HAVE GONE TO. One of our exchanges states that in November last the Directors of the Mint in Philadelphia made an arrangement with the Adams Express Company to convey to the Mint, free of charge, all bullion sent to be exchanged for new ones. On the 20th of last month this arrangement was brought to a close. During this time (about three months) there was received and exchanged at the Mint five million four hundred thousand cents (fifty-four thousand dollars). One million one hundred thousand cents (eleven thousand dollars) were sent from Boston and the East.

REV. THOMAS J. WHITTEMORE, the well known Universalist minister, is again very ill, and his recovery is considered doubtful.

LEWIS FOOT, of Philadelphia, Co., aged 72 years, died on the 11th, and on Tuesday an immense bony excrescence, extending from the back of his right ear to his right hip, was removed. It weighs fifty-two and a half pounds, and is called by the doctors—skipping their jaw breaking technicalities—"a degeneration of the shoulder blade." It had been growing since 1856, and did not affect his general health very seriously. The substance is to be preserved as a medical curiosity.

CITY AND VICINITY.

RE-OPENING OF J. W. ROBINSON'S *RIDING ACADEMY.*

On Friday Next, ... Lowell.

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED AND IMPROVED IN EVERY PARTICULAR, AND THE BEAUTIFUL TRAINED HORSES in splendid order, and less him to commence the Spring Campaign.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23d,

better equipped than ever.

The great misfortune of once having destroyed the old building, finding the desirability of a Riding School in our city, conducted upon high-toned principles, several of the patriotic citizens of once more forward and tendered material aid in the construction of the new Riding-School Building.

Perhaps no accompanying exchanges more commendation than Equestrian exercise. Wise and good men have ever recognized the value of horsemanship as a healthful, manly exercise, and the present age renders the rider practical and independent, and delightful companionship in its healthful effects upon the form and system, and the young Lady who can grace the saddle, and ease and elegance of action charges of the saddle, at once elicits the admiration of study before her.

My terms will, as usual, be moderate, and thoroughly understanding the difficulty of managing horses, every kind of assistance will be rendered.

J. W. ROBINSON, Proprietor.
mar23d4t

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of the United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise Act,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Clingman Republican Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are put up in a cheap form, that all may possess a copy; they contain matter that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting Room.

THE LECTURE LAST EVENING. Mr. E. Brown gave the second of his course of lectures on "Paleontology" or "Geology" at the High Street Church, last evening. The attendance was very good, the audience generally being full. Dr. Bingham was upon the reign of reptiles, which existed on the pre-Adamite earth, millions of years ago, and whose remains have been found deeply embedded in the rock, solidity and chalk formations. Many of these reptiles were of immense size, nothing now on earth approaching near them in gigantic proportions. The wonders of Mammoth Cave, and the great Petrified Spring and Summer Meditation Rock, were also noticed, but time was limited, and all should see it at once. Present to-night, all three. Only 25 cents per bottle.

This same compound is also put up in boxes concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar coated Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic combining grayitic or mineral and vegetable properties. I am yours very truly,

P. R. EMMONS.

Druggist.

W. E. HAZARD & CO., Troy, N. Y., have the cheapest and best Sewing Machine in the market. Call and see it at their store, 9 Central street, Lowell.

mar19 3t

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and original Dr. Hall's Hair Dye, hereby give notice that other coal dealers in Lowell than are not authorized to sell the genuine article. Call at 9 Central street, Lowell.

mar19 3t We take this method of cautioning the public against the use of a spurious article, called Hall's Hair Dye, which is now in market. Call at 9 Central street, Lowell.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

WM.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Original and Best in the World!!

These splendid Dyes are the only ones that have ever received universal approbation, and the immediate, and permanent effect of this Dye, and invigorating qualities of the Hair, are unequalled by any other preparation in existence. Sold and applied in the Establishment, No. 1 Astor House, New York.

The above Dyes are for sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, Canadas, and Europe, and address upon a steel plate engraving on four sides of each box, as W. A. BATCHELOR'S.

CHARLES BATCHELOR, Proprietor.
Dec. 1, 1860. 1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money.

Than any other free burning coal. And the best coal can be brought into it.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, head of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Central street.

mar14dtf

27 Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and CATARRHIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved first simple remedies often act speedily and surely, we call attention to the first stages of the disease, because should at once be had recourse to "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES." Let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Perfumery and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. Now styles just received by FARRINGTON & HOYT, 24 Prescott, opposite Market Street.

mar19d2m

A VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINE.

☞ So celebrated has Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., become, that it is regarded as the only specific cure for worms. Expel these pests and never be without a supply of it. At this season particularly, when the system is debilitated and frequently fatal among children, parents should be watchful; and on the first appearance of worms administer a dose of this medicine, and by their presence, at once apply this powerful and efficacious remedy. We are confident that it is the most powerful and safest worm medicine in existence, and will give immediate relief to the most distressing symptoms. Express 1 dozen or more on receipt of $10, and be supplied with a pamphlet, free, of the best Books and Stationery.

N. B. $1 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any valuable book, will be sent by return mail, containing over 80 bills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL HOYT & CO., and all Druggists. Tu Th Sat

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years the most celebrated remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Chest and Lungs. By using two or three boxes, severe and confirmed Coughs, they give the most immediate relief in the most violent attacks of Whooping Cough. Public Speakers and Singers will find them to soothe the slightest expectoration. Coughs originating from Colds and other symptoms, and entirely remove that tickling sensation in the throat, which often gives rise to the complaint. The medical properties contained in these Wafers are harmless to the most delicate child, and they will speedily take them; and they are warranted to give relief in ten minutes in any case in all cases.

Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL HOYT & CO., and all Druggists.

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters, the most extensive Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers.

mar19 3m

SULANE'S PILLS AND SUDMINIQUE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. R. Coburn, S. W. Stickney, D. P. Richardson,
A. Bailey, H. Bedford, Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Hosea, Edward Tuck, F. F. Sherman,
Lowell Sprague.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Factory and Farm property. The present cash capital has over been made to the amount of $75,000, and the premium notes to the amount of $115,213.25. The attention of owners of Dwelling Houses, Factories and Machinery Farms is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies of three years' standing, as long as the Company shall make a satisfactory dividend.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $30,000. Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 91 Central St., (second story) LOWELL, MASS.

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 16, 1860. tu

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on favorable terms in a single sum, or terms from one months to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, John O. Aldrich,
Stephen Crosby, John Avery,
Arthur F. Rogers, Joseph Nesmith,
Benjamin Adams, Jr., Abraham T. Lowe,
Ephraim Brown, Stephen F. Hamblett,
Nathan Allen.

Alonzo A. Miller, Benjamin F. Butler,
Benjamin L. Hall, Abraham T. Lowe,
Stephen F. Hamblett,
Nathan Allen.

J. W. DANIELS, President.
CHARLES HOWARD, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 91½ Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell,
April 21, 1860.

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE PEOPLE'S

Mutual Fire Insurance Company

OF LOWELL.

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Erastus Lyman, Jonathan Sturges,
Wm. H. Aspinwall, Hiram Barney,
Anson G. Phelps, Jr., Brooklyn, Conn.
Jos. B. Collins, Brooklyn, New York.
Alex. T. Stuart, Hartford, Connecticut.
John D. Keating, Brooklyn, New York.
Wm. Bayard, Jr., Jersey City, New Jersey.
George B. Barnard, Recorder of City of New York.
Wm. H. Webb, Shipbuilder, New York.
Benjamin Marshall, Merchant, New York.
Frederick Sheldon, Merchant, New York.
John G. Stearns, Staten Island.

ROBERT ATHON, General Agent.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at the lowest rates. Apply to

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office, Merrimack Square, Lowell.
Nov. 16, 1860. 1y

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by the public generally, and which are the opposites for family use. It has become a domestic institution. In all the finer qualities of family sewing it is without a rival. It executes beautiful, firm, even, elastic, sewing, stitching, quilting, gathering, and embroidering, and tends to widen the circle of useful work it is applied.the

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine, and who will testify to its merits:

A. Richardson, J. B. French,
A. A. Bullock, H. Hosford,
A. Burke, F. P. Johnston,
E. B. Chase, Walter Wright,
C. B. Coburn, L. Kittredge,
C. B. Coburn, J. P. Folsom,
Rev. A. B. Sargeant, Mrs. A. P. Foster,
Rev. J. Ivy, Mrs. Dr. Bemis,
Samuel Ivy, Wm. A. Richardson,
A. A. Brown, Mrs. L. Hall,
A. R. Brown, C. F. Blanchard,
A. R. Brown, Mrs. Dr. Bemis,

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, at prices varying from $50 to $125, is manufactured and sold only by

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,
44 Merrimack Street.
mar17 3m

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, and having thoroughly tested its merits, are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want of a substance to supply the dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanite, and we feel confident that in this article we have every thing that could be desired, in all those instances where it is used with great success, and the only one that can be used with perfect safety. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, we do not feel like making any claims for it superior to everything else; but they assure the public that we shall use every effort to merit a liberal share of their favors.

Rooms 6 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

mar19 1m

The Great English Remedy

FIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

A NEW DISCOVERY. This medicine will prove of its beautiful women; but how many die untimely graves through ignorance of the cause! Sir James Clarke's Female Pills. We regret to say that many have fallen victims to the use of this class of pills, which, while they may relieve the present, will ultimately destroy the future health of the patient. Sir James Clarke's Female Pills are known to be a safe and infallible remedy in all cases of difficulty, whatever from whatever cause. They will effect a cure when all other remedies have failed. Full particulars are given in the pamphlet, free, of the General Agents.

N. B. $1 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any valuable book, will be sent by return mail, containing over 80 bills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL HOYT & CO., and all Druggists. Tu Th Sat

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years the most celebrated remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Chest and Lungs. By using two or three boxes, severe and confirmed Coughs, they give the most immediate relief in the most violent attacks of Whooping Cough. Public Speakers and Singers will find them to soothe the slightest expectoration. Coughs originating from Colds and other symptoms, and entirely remove that tickling sensation in the throat, which often gives rise to the complaint. The medical properties contained in these Wafers are harmless to the most delicate child, and they will speedily take them; and they are warranted to give relief in ten minutes in any case in all cases.

Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL HOYT & CO., and all Druggists.

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters, the most extensive Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers.

mar19 3m

SULANE'S PILLS AND SUDMINIQUE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

W.M.A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Original and Best in the World!!

These splendid Dyes are the only ones that have ever received universal approbation, and the immediate, and permanent effect of this Dye, and invigorating qualities of the Hair, are unequalled by any other preparation in existence. Sold and applied in the Establishment, No. 1 Astor House, New York.

The above Dyes are for sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, Canadas, and Europe, and address upon a steel plate engraving on four sides of each box, as W. A. BATCHELOR'S.

CHARLES BATCHELOR, Proprietor.
Dec. 1, 1860. 1y

Take no more suppressors or *drugs!* *Medicines.* For unpleasant and dangerous diseases, use

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS.

Which has received the endorsement of the most eminent physicians in the land. IN THE U. S. is now offered to afflicted humanity as a certain cure for Scrofula, Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the Urinary or Sexual Organs.

General Debility,
Mental and Physical Depression,
Insanity,
Intemperance,
Nervousness and Sleeplessness at Midnight,
Absence of Muscular Effort,
Loss of Appetite,
Dyspepsia,
Emaciation,
Cold Feet,
Constipation or a prolusis,
Pain in the Region of the Kidneys,
Palpitation of the Heart,
And, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

Prepared by Dr. J. LANGLEY, Boston.
ASK FOR KELMBOLDT'S. TAKE NO OTHER.
CURES GUARANTEED.
See advertisement in another column.
Tu&w

BEAUTY ENNURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

And all Impurities of the Skin.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Face soft and clear, imparting to it a Native Purity. It is most delightful in its Effects upon the Complexion, giving it a healthful appearance, and will give immediate relief to its most distressing symptoms. It is also recommended as the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pectoral, Prickly Ash Bark, Dandelion, Juniper Berries, and others recently added, all scientifically combined by the Proprietor. The Sweetness of Manner, and frequently fatal among children, parents should be watchful; and on the first appearance of worms administer a dose of this medicine, and by their presence, at once apply this powerful and efficacious remedy. We are confident that it is the most powerful and safest worm medicine in existence, and will give immediate relief to the most distressing symptoms. It is also and infallible. Volumes of certificates can be produced, testifying to its great medical qualities.

Pamphlets will be carried to all parts by the M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges are spurious. Dr M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had of all respectable dealers. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

mar19d1w & T [64] FLEMING BROS.

PUR MANUFACTORY,

WHERE TO BUY AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy a Cheap Shawl. About $7000 worth of nice Furs selling off at cost. Also, a large assortment of Furs constantly on hand and manufactured in the store at short notice, at No. 104 Merrimack Street.

W. BAUGH.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on two large sheets) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 91 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

mar19 1m

FINKLE & LYON SEWING-MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. 1mo&tf

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A NEW STOCK of Chalk Crayons for sale very low, by J. DUNBAR, 3 John st. mr22

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he now resides, containing

FIFTY ACRES,

situated in East Chelmsford, in a pleasant part of the town, on the Westford Road, distant from the Lowell, and is about two miles distant from the Lowell and Nashua Railroad. There is about a little more than five acres of fine mowing and tillage land, on the farm is a new cottage house with an outbuilding, in a thorough repair, and there are about one hundred apple trees, a well of never failing water on the premises, also a good drinking water on the premises, also a good drinking well and cistern. The land is well watered, and is divided by any in the vicinity. Terms made to suit purchaser, and will be given on a mortgage of the land. Any one wishing to purchase a farm will do well to call and see the subscriber on the premises, or to Real Estate Agent 49 Central Street, Lowell, Mass. EDMUNDS McDONALD.

March 6, 1861. 3m

KEROSENE.

THE BEST THAT IS MADE, AND CAN BE FOUND GOOD, AT

P. BARNES'S

China and Crockery Emporium,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

mar12 **80 Merrimack Street.**

CHAMBERLIN'S

BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street,

The subscriber having leased the above Hall, and refitted the same in a neat and convenient manner, has put in Gamer's Cent Saving Tables and hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of the patronage of the citizens of Lowell and vicinity.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN.

Lowell, March 11, 1861. mar12 3m

Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate.

THE Lowell Mutual Loan and Fund Association, a corporation legally established by the laws of the City of Lowell by virtue of the laws of Massachusetts, by virtue of a power of sale contained and by virtue of the power in said Association vested by it said by virtue of a certain deed executed to said by Bartholomew Fairley, to said Association, the date dated 4th day of December, 1858, and recorded in the year of our Lord Eighteen Hundred and Fifty-eight, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of the County of Middlesex in the 5th book, 67th page, 319. The several parcels of land in said deed described as follows, viz: A certain lot of land in Hundred and Fifth county, and Recor and in said Lowell, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the Northeast corner of said Public Avenue, on the Northwest corner of said lot, thence Northwesterly on said Public Avenue, one hundred and fifty feet, to a corner, thence Southwesterly one hundred and one feet, to a corner, thence Southeasterly one hundred and fifty feet, to a corner, thence Northeasterly one hundred and one feet, to the first mentioned bound, containing fifteen thousand one hundred square feet, more or less, and all buildings thereon. Also a certain piece of land, situated in said Lowell, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the Southeast corner of said Public Avenue, on the Northeast corner of said lot, thence Southeasterly one hundred and one feet, to a corner, thence Northeasterly one hundred and fifty feet, to a corner, thence Northwesterly one hundred and one feet, to a corner, thence Southwesterly one hundred and fifty

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their first breakers, and none who have used them would do without them. There is a perfection of work and a durability in these machines that cannot be found in any other *Burring Machine* for second breakers and finishers, for a new join of teeth, are recommended to your attention, being as useful as efficient, and as important as new blades inserted in first breakers. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their parts fit even and straight, and are also so nicely placed over to the Bur Cylinder, to save the fine and short staple. Their firm strength and the precise set of to fit are indispensable to a good lick on the wool, and a perfect delivery of the stock to the Cylinder. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its refuse matter, better than any other machines. They are the finer machines of the finer size and burs; they prevent imperfect scratches from coming out of the white cloth, and each set will in addition to cleaning the wool as directed, to which they are attached, do the threefold duty of a set of cards, and of the burr.

The undersigned has patented a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Beating, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wools. It neither shortens the staple nor injures the feel of the wool, nor does it wherrel the burs. The wool is combed open, and carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burrs, without waste to the wool, or injury to its fibres, and is the best preparation for a second *Burring Machine* that can be used. *The Burring Machine* is the best machine for cleaning wool after the *Burring Picker* has separated the coarser matter, and each set will in addition to cleaning the wool as directed, to which they are attached, do the threefold duty of a set of cards, and of the burr.

The undersigned has patented a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

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All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references furnished by address

dec22 1y No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, New York.

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by this newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil for Steam Machinery, No. 1, 2 and 3 per gallon. E. G. Kelley's Patent Refined Paraffined Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, No. 1, 75 cents. Star Oil, Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, superior to any in the market, No. 1, 75 cents. Carmine Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 87 cents. Patent Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; do. do. do. for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 62½ cents.

Office for the sale of the Oils, 110 John Street, New York.

ASTER'S UNITED PATENT SPERM CANDLES.

E. G. KELLEY,

sept27 Manufacturer and Auctioneer, Oil Dealer.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 71 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium over all other manufacturers, at the Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a good assortment of the above-named makers' Piano Fortes, as manufacturers' prices, to which they invite particular to be low. Piano Fortes to let.

N. B.—Piano Fortes of Melodeons to let.

Lowell, June 2, 1858. jy3d1y

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, and Sallowness. Sold by S. KIDDER, 24 corner Merrimack and John sts. feb14

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The ready Pure by Soap Maker. & Universal Cleaner

Will make hard water soft, clear Paint, remove In Stains, Ink Spots, Iron Rust, &c., &c.

One box contains 25 cts.

4 to 5 1-2 lbs. refine grease, usually given away, at about 1-2 cent per lb., say 20

" 45 cts.

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of *first rate* SOFT SOAP.

Scraps for making of the different kinds of Soap, sent *free* by addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY,

LEWIS, JAMES & CO.,

Philadelphia.

N. B.—The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the country.

may 1 1860. 1y

BININGER'S

OLD LONDON DOCK

GIN

(Established 1778.)

A. M. BININGER & Co

GIN as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, Especially designed for the Use of Invalids, *Professions* and the *Family*, having superseded the so called "Gins" "Aromatic," "English" "Medicated," "Schnipps," &c., is now indorsed by all the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those invaluable medicinal qualities, (from pure materials) which belong to an old and PURE GIN. Put up in quart bottles, as imported, for family use, by

A. M. BININGER & CO.,

Established 1778.

No. 3 Broadway and 5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

Sold in Lowell by J. B. RICHARDSON, 24 Market street.

jy31d1y.Th&Sat1y

PRICES REDUCED!

GROVER & BAKER'S

$50 Shuttle Machine,

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

OVER 10 IN USE IN LOWELL AND VICINITY

Grover & Baker's Family Machines,

$40 AND UPWARDS.

Superior to any other sold in the market.

For sale by their Agents, BUCKNAM, CHASE & CO., 51 Merrimack street. 1y dec20

WRITING PAPER AND ENVELOPES.

WE have just purchased of Mr. HUNT'S Book and Stock Store at better rates than it can be manufactured for, and will sell at the same low prices.

Lowell, sept27

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Britannia Wares, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c. For cleaning Piano, Sewing Machine Glass and Carriage Mountings, it is invaluable. A fresh supply received and for sale by S. KIDDER, 24 cor. John and Merrimack sts. 1y20

MAGNOLIA BAL —A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, 24 cor. Merrimack and John sts. feb14

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

A NOW opening a large invoice of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct. This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

and COMMON WARE,

which for *style, quality, quantity and cheapness,* is unequaled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock of the

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices,* which will tell loud their own story. Or

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

and FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, including low as can be bought in the State or States, at 93 Chinas and Crockery Emporium.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

93 MERRIMACK STREET. W. DEARDEN.

dec1 3m

MOTHERS

It active an obscure not only to you, but to every admirable and intelligent person, that the Cordial known as

DR. GEO. C. KEYES'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Tison with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints; and our trial alone will convince those of it. It is a pleasant preparation to take.

For Children Teething,

And at this period of infantile life when your nervous hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, and when you are anxious for their safety, we say, **DON'T DOSE THEM WITH Narcotics and Poisons for Diseases attending Teething,** such as *Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Bowels, Colic, Canker of the Stomach, Wind Colic, and Cold on the Head,* we confidently recommend the Infantile Cordial and cure in every case when given in time. It will invariably regulate the stomach and bowels, and is an experiment in this respect can hardly be examined.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately upon the use of this Cordial. Many mothers have used it in this city, and it is with their hearty recommendation from one family to another, and the cause of Dr. Keyes's **Infantile Cordial** has become "familiar as a household word." We now call your attention to the subject of your interest to yourself, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Keyes's **Infantile Cordial** is for sale by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets and Bold by all Apothecaries. ap4 6m

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR

SOLD BY

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

Perfumery.

BOND'S Otto of Roses, Heliotrope, Bouquet, and a assortment of Lundy's Extracts, for sale by S. KIDDER, 24 cor. Merrimack and John sts. feb14

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS—A new work by John Ellis M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Western Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio, just received and for sale by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. 1y20

DIXIE'S LAND, with variations as sung recently by Pringle, Sanford, Bowers, Christy, &c., for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr. No. 17 Central street.

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL.

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, table and stand lamps, hacks, tanite, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for hanging lamps, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, the Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack street. dec22

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

29 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Over and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain. **Regilding and Repairing Plates by Oliver** Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

W. DEARDEN,

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and best varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA-

TORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in oil) made at the Pioneer Mills is warranted not to be ground in the least Old London or Patent Oil; and its superior quality for Fine Work, Inside and Outside, is believed to be now excelled by any establishment in the world. The Pioneer Mills Lead and Zinc are marked "Warranted Pure," in PIONEERS TYPE.

The Proprietors have had many years' experience in the Lead business, and are thoroughly conversant with the best method of conducting it, and have also had the benefit of the experience of other leading manufacturers.

The Lead is manufactured entirely by covering of fine Lead, rendered so by the addition of lead increased in strength and consequent durability, which are certain to be found in the Lead manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company.

Orders may be left with the Agent in Lowell, at 24 Market street, or addressed to the Company, at Salem, Mass.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. 6m

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices is at H. S. HAYNES' Book and Stock store, 7 Central street, Lowell.

sept1

PERUVIAN SYRUP

SOLD BY

JOHN T. BILLINGS

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 4000 times

WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having on extensive

supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work required to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, &c.mass, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,	Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of Letter Paper, fine and wove white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,

A. W. RUSE, } Proprietors.

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

20 Central Street. 20

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It will offer on the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—manufactured expressly for our retail trade. Also, a large assortment of Gentlemen's Furs, at 20 per cent less than can be found elsewhere. Also, a large assortment of all descriptions of Furs, which are now making from $20 to $30 per week. One young lady in my employ last year, made over seventy dollars in $20; per week. A paraphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence with immediate success, will be sent one receipt of 25 cts. No money to be invested in stock to commence with. Address H. H. MAGINN & CO., Boston, Mass.

aug28 1y

Kerosene Burners,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

Selling now at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lower prices than ever before.

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street. oct6

New England Family

SEWING MACHINE.

AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine on account of its simplicity, rendering it less liable to get out of order than machines which have a great many parts. It is the cheapest machine made, and can be afforded by any family, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table in a few minutes with perfect security. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and will be put in operation for any one requested to call, after 2 P. M. It is patronized by fashionables.

FRANCIS SMITH,

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan23

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

Delivered free of charge to any part of the City. Also Agent for the Anthracite Iron Co. of Easton.

Agent for the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co.

Office and Yard, Prescott street, near the Gas House.

Orders left at the Counting Room of Messrs. BENNETT & RADLIFF, corner Moody and Market streets, will receive prompt attention.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Lehigh or Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coal of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order for coal left at T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building will receive prompt attention.

sept 1 dly

BININGER'S LIQUORS

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of a thousand useful Music contained by the eminent composer, arranged for the Piano Forte.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and private families. For sale by

H. S. HAYNES' Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where can be found the best selection of Sheet Music in Lowell.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Instruments for hire.

sept28 17 Central street.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money has been discovered, and is now successfully practiced by hundreds of men, who may learn the simple business, were comparatively poor. We will send a sample free by mail, to those who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who has been with us but a few months, now is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A paraphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence with immediate success, will be sent one receipt of 25 cts. No money to be invested in stock to commence with. Address H. H. MAGINN & CO., Boston, Mass.

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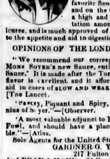
FRANCIS SMITH,

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan23

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce,

FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



Soyer's Sultana's Sauce, as served from the Royal Table.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce, as served from the Royal Table.

Soyer's Sultana's Sauce, as served from the Royal Table.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, March 22, 1861.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 12.

WASHINGTON, D. C. March 18th. 1861.

DEAR COURIER:—My last closed at St. Louis, from which place, with one dash, or railroad bound, I was whirled into this city, over a distance of nine hundred and seventy-nine miles, in less than forty-eight hours. In the course of this line of travel, when passing along the banks of the beautiful Potomac (pronounced by those inhabiting the inland Scotia-ites), we were brought to a stand-still at Harper's Ferry, just in front of the old engine-house which was occupied by John Brown and his dozen men. A stately monument is erected near the arsenal, and in the midst of quite a large village, and still shows the marks of that wonderful struggle; and so long as that old engine-house remains, it will ever be an assuring monument to the passing traveller, that John Brown was none other than a monomaniac. Upon this subject of mental derangement a volume might profitably be written. The Board of Wisdom of this city, in their wisdom, failing duly to investigate the true cause which led to the acquisition of wealth, the wrongs of others, or the rights of ourselves, it matters not, for either in time, by undue attention and continued application, will unbalance the mind, and thereby produce an intellectual aberration. This mental derangement is often so slight that it passes unnoticed for years, even by the most intimate friends of the individual—yet it is none the less there. In the miser, one of its earliest symptoms is a fear of sustaining losses and a dread of coming to want. A poor man never committed suicide from any such fear; while with the mentally-diseased miser, it is a common thing. So, too, it is with the abolitionist—at least those whose time and opportunities have been favorable to give to this subject long and continued thought and investigation. In the scholar and statesman this aberration manifests itself in a disposition to speak, write, talk, and lecture, upon that subject whenever and wherever opportunity presents, whether it be in the halls of Congress, by the social fireside, or the crowded hall for the popular lecturer.

To-day, March 13th, I have visited the Senate—Hamlin in the chair. He is highly spoken of as a presiding officer. Douglas is in fine spirits, and is no less a giant here now than before his presidential defeat. But it is conceded here, on all hands, that he is doing all in his power to save the Union, of which salvation many are yet hopeful. The southern side of the Senate is nearly empty. The two brave trainers, Mason and Hunter, were both in their seats. They are looked down upon with contempt from the galleries.

The capitol is enlarged, altered, and improved, is magnificent beyond description, and when finished will exceed in grandeur and beauty any other structure on the face of the globe. The Senate chamber, the Hall of Representatives, the corridors, and the multitudinous number and forms of committee rooms, clerks' rooms, &c., are perfectly furnished, and are magnificent, each within itself. To wish to pull the doings of the Senate and that of the President and Cabinet, would be a waste of time and paper, since you get all and often more than all by the telegraph, and that, too, days before a letter could reach you by the slow process of steamboat and railroad.

When the Senate went into secret session, I went direct to the Smithsonian Institute. This institution was founded by the bequest of James Smithson, a native of London, England. He was an illegitimate child; his mother was Elizabeth, Duchess of the Hungerfords, and his father Hugh, the first Duke of Northumberland. The style of architecture of this building is that of the twelfth century, and the head of the rounded style before merging into the early Gothic. The doors, windows, and all other openings throughout the building, are of the semi-circular arch, sulked. It has two towers, one reaching to an elevation of one hundred and fifty feet, the other thirty-seven feet. The length of the building is 447 feet, and its greatest breadth 156 feet. It is built of a lilac grey variety of freestone, found in the neighborhood of the Potomac.

By the kindness of the janitor I was permitted to go into the Regents' room, where are deposited the personal effects of the late James Smithson, such as his trunks, canes, silver plate, &c. In the library there is much to be seen of great interest. Besides rare and valuable books and maps there is here a choice collection of engravings and paintings, all of great value. There is one portfolio of the works of Albert Durer, containing twenty engravings on copper, and two on iron—the labor of his own hand. Also, one containing the collections of the etchings of Rembrandt, Marc Antonino, Holler and Claude Lorraine.

In the museum department is a large collection of skins and skeletons of the mammalia, both of Europe and America. There is also a splendid collection in mineralogy, geology, and natural history. To me the most interesting object seen was a meteorite, the largest specimen in this country. It was obtained at Salillo. It weighs two hundred and fifty-two pounds, and has the general appearance of malleable iron, and is supposed, by the most learned of the Institute to have a lunar origin—that is, that it came from the moon.

In connection with the Institution is a splendid collection of over one hundred and fifty accurate Indian portraits, from forty seven different tribes, each painted from life. In the collection is the remarkable face of Kaka katish, principal chief of the Wacoes. This Indian is celebrated for his powers of oratory, being one of the greatest natural orators now living among the Indians. At the council held upon the river Brazos, his oratory and dignity so captivated the wild warriors present that they declared that he obtained their entire confidence.

Having a half hour to be occupied before dark, I walked over to the Washington Monument, which has now reached a height of one hundred and seventy-five feet. The blocks of granite, marble, &c., that have been sent here for this monument from different societies, schools, orders, States and countries, are packed away in a building for safe keeping, until the monument is completed, when they are to be arranged within the monument.—They are truly beautiful, and some of them of deep interest and exquisite workmanship.

To-morrow I shall visit Fort Washington, Mount Vernon, and the tomb of Washington.

The political engine in Washington is at a complete stand-still, and all are anxiously waiting for the next scene.

H.

THAT DEFALCATION CASE. The *Boston Journal* of last evening, gives the particulars of the defalcation case to which we made allusion in our last issue. They are much the same as we received them, and represent that Nathaniel A. Richardson, of Boston, who had been for the past five or six years treasurer and collector of that town, is a defaulter to the amount of about $8000.

The evidence of his fraud was brought to the notice of the Board of Selectmen on Saturday last by the Attorney of Mr. Richardson, who informed the Board of the inability of his client to meet certain demands against him to the amount falling due. An investigation of the accounts of Mr. Richardson was at once commenced, when it was discovered that his peculations extended over a period of three years, during which time it has been found ascertained that he has borrowed upon the credit of the town and appropriated to his own use the sum of $40000, of which $2000 was obtained without authority, and also misapplied an additional sum of $2400 which he was authorized to borrow for the extinguishment of the town debts.

Mr. Richardson was a broker, and had an office in Boston. He dealt largely in real estate, and is known to have been unfortunate in his speculations, having paid ruinous rates of interest. He is reported to have lost $34,000 within the last year in the Tennessee of the town. Having resorted to the public chest to repair his losses, he made good his accounts with the town, by obtaining of the Town Clerk, on the 5th inst., a check upon this certificate, attesting to his authority to borrow money upon the credit of the town, under a vote passed July 4, 1857. Upon this certificate Mr. Richardson obtained the sum of $2000 from Lowell Five Cents Savings Bank in the month of January, 1858. During the same year he borrowed $2000 additional upon the authority of the Selectmen. As the Selectmen knew nothing of the first transaction, no borrowing has been found correct, it is presumed that he paid from his own pocket the interest on the first loan, and recommenced.

On the 5th inst. Mr. Stephen Cutter, under advice of the Selectmen, $1000, to pay a note for that amount held by the State, which note has not been paid. In addition to the above defalcations, the county tax for 1860, amounting to $960, for which money was appropriated, was paid by his own check due yesterday, but the certificate was returned and the check given up on Monday. His bonds, the sureties of which are renewed every year, were $16,000. As his frauds extend over several years, his several bondsmen will probably be held responsible. The bondsmen of 1860 have been fully secured. The investigation of the affair is still going on. It is impossible to state whether he is a defaulter as treasurer or collector or both.

We learn that the directors of the Five Cents Savings Bank have investigated their matter, and find that they are sufficiently secured to save them from all losses.

OUR FOREIGN MINISTERS. As considerable attention is now directed toward our foreign missions, we copy the following list of them, and of their recent and present locations, with their respective salaries:

MINISTERS EXTRAORDINARY AND MINISTERS PLENIPO.		
Countries.	Missions.	Salary.
Austria,	Richard B. Moale, Pa.	$12,000
Brazil,	Charles L. Peaslee,	12,000
Great Britain,	George M. Dallas, Pa.	17,500
Mexico,	John S. Heller, Ga.	12,000
Peru,	Joseph A. Wright, Ind.	12,000
Prussia,	Henry S. Sanford, Ct.	12,000
Ar ssitor Consuls.		
Alexandria,	R. C. Ansary, Ga.	2,000
Amoy,	Thomas Dwight, Mass.	2,000
Ancona,	T. V. Tait, Ala.	1,000
Antwerp,	Edward Kane,	1,000
Archangel, Special Agent,	Thomas Seymour, Ct.	2,000
Bremen,	J. M. Buchanan, Md.	1,000
Bristol,	Wm. Hunter, R. I.	1,000
Cork,	B. L. Clark, Ky.	1,000
Dublin,	Thomas Coyne, Pa.	1,000
Dundee,	Henry C. Murphy, N. Y.	1,000
Edinburgh,	R. Pettigrew,	1,000
Galway,		1,000
Hamburg and Nor.		1,000
Havana,	Benj. F. Angel, N. Y.	2,000
Honolulu,	Theodore R. Fay, Mass.	2,000
Leghorn,	Wm. H. Hunt, La.	1,000
Venezuela,	A. Dupuy, N. Y.	1,000
Vienna,	Thomas Dyer,	1,000
Scottish Islands,	R. Barkley,	1,000

A GOOD ARGUMENT. The elaborate argument of Mr. Glenn, the Commissioner from Georgia, who was sent to Missouri to induce that State to turn traitor, is happily summed up in the following synopsis:

"Slavery is evidently equal to Jack the Giant Killer, according to Mr. Glenn. Its feats, according to him are about these: 1. It sets the South and South quarrelling with each other. 2. It kills the Republican Party. 3. It established Abolition Societies. 3. It established Abolition sermons and speeches. 4. It established Helper's book, and Uncle Tom's Cabin.—5. It deposed Bishop Andrews. 6. It split the Methodist Church, as Abe did the Baptist Church. 7. It killed the Whig Party. 10. It killed the American party. 11. It came near electing Fremont. 12. It has killed the Democra ic party. 13. It prevents Southern preachers from preaching in the North. 14. It sent John Brown to Virginia. 15. It built the Chicago platform. 16. It elected Lincoln. 17. It precipitated the cotton States into a revolution."

PATRICK SERSKEE of Bethlehem, N. H., has been committed to jail on suspicion of having killed his wife. She had been missing about a month, when she was found dead, by the side of a log not far from the house, with marks of violence upon her person. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict that she came to her death by blows inflicted by her husband.

The ship Moonlight lately sailed from San Francisco for China with the following "items" of freight: —140,000 feet of lumber; 50,000 flasks of quicksilver; $120,000 in specie, and 400 dead Chinamen!

"OPEN TO CONVICTION." There is a man in a town not twenty miles from Hartford, Ct., who has been converted to religion eighteen times and backslidden seventeen. He is now on the high road toward his twenty-eighth conversion.

A BIG BABY. Mr. and Mrs. George Howard, of Springfield, Ill., are supposed to be the happy parents of the biggest baby of which there is any record. It is six months old, and weighs sixty-one pounds. It is said that its strength is fully in proportion with its stature; it bits and throws the chairs around as easily as a boy of five years.

CITY AND VICINITY.

RE-OPENING OF J. W. ROBINSON'S RIDING ACADEMY.

On Paige Street, ... Lowell.

RECONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE PARK, and his BEAUTIFUL TRAINED HORSES in splendid order, ensure him the confidence of the public.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23th.

better equipped than ever.

The great amount of snow having destroyed the old building, leaving the necessity of a RE-BUILD before it can be completed upon high-toned principles, secured the services of the best talent to come forward and rendered material aid in the construction of the new Riding Academy.

Perhaps no accomplishment challenges more commendation than Equestrian exercise. We solicit a call from all who have spare moments in its recreation. Ladies may ride upon the most gentle and docile horses the day or evening, and receive instruction from a flying competition in its beneficial effects upon the form and system, and the young Lady who can graceFully dismount and manage herself and better charger in the saddle, will soon obtain the admiration of every beholder.

My terms will, as usual, be moderate, and thoroughly understanding Mr. Bailey's system of managing horses, every fear of anything vicious or dangerous is entirely removed. Also, a few boarders can be made every pupil a gentleman and accomplished rider.

Lowell, March 21st, 1861. mar21law

PAPERS FOR THE TIMES.

Now ready, a pamphlet of twenty-four pages, containing the

Declaration of Independence,
Constitution of United States,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1793,
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850,
Missouri Compromise of 1820,
Massachusetts Personal Liberty Law,
Chicago Resolutions on Platform,
Mr. Crittenden's Propositions.

They are got up in a strong form, and may be sent you as a copy; they embrace much that is of great importance to every one interested in the welfare of his country.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

For sale at the Book and Periodical Stores, and at the Courier Counting-Room.

GREAT SNOW STORM. It commenced snowing about noon, yesterday, and since then we have had the largest fall of snow for several years. That one or more persons approaching anywhere near it in severity are remembered by our "oldest inhabitants," the first being the great storm of February 4th, 1817, upon this certificate of Richardson obtained the sum of $2000 another 29th, 1853, though all admit they never saw anything like this so late in the season. It is thought that not less than fifteen inches have fallen in this city, and in one instance, and in some places it has drifted to a depth of eight or ten feet. The severity of the storm last evening was almost unprecedented, and there were but very few pedestrians on the streets after working hours. Many of the stores did not light up during the evening, and others were closed at an early hour; and by eight o'clock the city presented a sombre appearance.

The heavy, soft snow, clinging to the sides of the buildings this morning, gives them a crystalline appearance, and presents an unsual than picturesque, and must tempt the hands of our artists, who would like an admirable winter piece. We have never seen the effects of a snow storm more severe, usually or grandly displayed. The wind, which blew furiously all night, and is still going with some force, piled up the snow, loaded buildings, fences, and trees, most fantastically; but we do not learn, save the toppling over of one or two chimney tops, that any damage has been done. It is more than possible, however, that fruit and ornamental trees have suffered some from the heavy burthens heaped upon them.

The railroads are blocked up somewhat with the drifts, and the trains were consequently delayed. Last evening they were about half an hour behind time. This morning the train from Concord reached here about forty minutes behind time.—The first Boston train did not reach here till half past ten o'clock, two hours later than usual. The train from Boston to Portland on the Maine Railroad, had not reached Lawrence at ten o'clock. The train for Lawrence, which left here at 7½ o'clock with three engines in front of the snow plough, was driven back to Mason's Crossing (three miles from Lowell) and got stopped in a drift. At 9½ o'clock word was sent back for hands to come down and assist them out. At Manchester the snow is a foot deep, and badly drifted. Our Boston exchanges give fearful accounts of the ravages of the storm, which must have struck with great force on the coast, equalling, if not surpassing, the great gale of April 16th, 1851, in which Minot's Ledge Light House was blown down.

There has probably not been such a storm in Lowell, since the well-remembered one of February 4th, 1843, when the snow completely filled the Board of the Indian Orchard heights, was burned. The storm of that time is represented as the worst that had been known for several years. A great quantity of snow fell on the 23d of March which blew a gale, drifted it badly. There were no cars from Boston the next day until ten o'clock in the evening, the snow on the track in some places being six or twelve feet high. The roads at the north were not drifted so badly, for the cars came through both morning and evening.

The fire in Mr. Smith's house, to which we have referred, broke out about midnight. The firemen turned out, but in consequence of the drifted snow, it was almost impossible to reach the house with the engines, and it was entirely consumed, some of the inmates only barely escaping by leaving the house in their night clothing. Mrs. Smith was one of the sufferers. Her body was found, through the storm, to the nearest house, which was some distance from the scene of the conflagration, the place not being at that time built up as at the present. Only one engine reached the scene of the fire—the old "Rocket," on the Bodt Corporation—but she was not in season to do any service. She was left at the fire, the deep and driving snow making it almost impossible to return her to her house. Several of the companies got stopped in the drifts, and turned back, finding it impossible to go on.

The fire illuminated the whole heavens, and almost everybody in Lowell, on seeing the light, which was reflected with great brilliancy on the falling and drifting snow, supposed it to be in their immediate vicinity, and turned out. It is remembered as the worst night for a fire ever experienced in Lowell, and is deeply engraven on the minds of all who were firemen at that time. The peculiar reflection of the light, wholly illuminated the horizon, and its origin could only be guessed at. We have heard it remarked that some persons, who were then believers in the peculiar doctrine of Miller, supposed "the last of earth" was really at hand, and made haste to don their ascension robes. It was an occurrence that is still often referred to, and will long be remembered by all who were at that time residents of Lowell.

CORRESPONDENCE.

LATEST FROM DRACUT. *Mr. Editor:*—At midnight (last night) the prospects were that Dracut would be literally covered up and obliterated by the snow. The wind was blowing a perfect screamer from the northeast, and the snow was then, as it would be also arrived at in the heights and darkness, from fifty to a hundred feet deep (lengthwise). It is one wilderness of snow. No traces are left of roads or fences, and only occasional glimpses can be obtained of the tallest houses.—In the inhabitants are cuddled up to shelter their houses just after dark, and in some they escaped by climbing out through the chimneys. No lives were then lost, and the prospect seems to be furnished with strength and courage for the occasion.

The snow is very damp and solid, but they keep on digging out and trying to believe; they say it is a rage overcomes, and thinks as we have always known, that the poor people "down east" where the snow must lodge in great quantities, and think they must be used to it, have not word to July. The House tunnelling machine will be sent for at once. Several valuable hats were lost in attempting to cross Pawtucket Bridge (which if not on having "lost") in the early part of the storm. If one should be found Yours, please return to the owner.

Yours, respectfully, A. DRIFT.

THE theft of the valuable medical books advertised in this day's paper, has been preceded by several similar thefts of books and instruments, in the course of the past year, from the same office, and one in the same entry occupied by Dr. Spalding. In each case much tact has been shown in choosing the most modern and valuable volumes, and in each case the volumes last stolen, must render them difficult to conceal, and it is hoped our police will be very early notified of the theft, will yet discover the thief. We learn that on the same premises, but in consequence of the drifted snow, it was almost impossible to reach the house with the engines, and it was entirely consumed, some of the inmates only barely escaping by leaving the house in their night clothing. Mrs. Smith was one of the sufferers. Her body was found, through the storm, to the nearest house, which was some distance from the scene of the conflagration, the place not being at that time built up as at the present. Only one engine reached the scene of the fire—the old "Rocket," on the Bodt Corporation—but she was not in season to do any service. She was left at the fire, the deep and driving snow making it almost impossible to return her to her house. Several of the companies got stopped in the drifts, and turned back, finding it impossible to go on.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

LATEST FROM DRACUT. *Mr. Editor:*—At midnight (last night) the prospects were that Dracut would be literally covered up and obliterated by the snow. The wind was blowing a perfect screamer from the northeast, and the snow was then, as it would be also arrived at in the heights and darkness, from fifty to a hundred feet deep (lengthwise). It is one wilderness of snow. No traces are left of roads or fences, and only occasional glimpses can be obtained of the tallest houses.—In the inhabitants are cuddled up to shelter their houses just after dark, and in some they escaped by climbing out through the chimneys. No lives were then lost, and the prospect seems to be furnished with strength and courage for the occasion.

The snow is very damp and solid, but they keep on digging out and trying to believe; they say it is a rage overcomes, and thinks as we have always known, that the poor people "down east" where the snow must lodge in great quantities, and think they must be used to it, have not word to July. The House tunnelling machine will be sent for at once. Several valuable hats were lost in attempting to cross Pawtucket Bridge (which if not on having "lost") in the early part of the storm. If one should be found Yours, please return to the owner.

Yours, respectfully, A. DRIFT.

THE theft of the valuable medical books advertised in this day's paper, has been preceded by several similar thefts of books and instruments, in the course of the past year, from the same office, and one in the same entry occupied by Dr. Spalding. In each case much tact has been shown in choosing the most modern and valuable volumes, and in each case the volumes last stolen, must render them difficult to conceal, and it is hoped our police will be very early notified of the theft, will yet discover the thief. We learn that on the same premises, but in consequence of the drifted snow, it was almost impossible to reach the house with the engines, and it was entirely consumed, some of the inmates only barely escaping by leaving the house in their night clothing. Mrs. Smith was one of the sufferers. Her body was found, through the storm, to the nearest house, which was some distance from the scene of the conflagration, the place not being at that time built up as at the present. Only one engine reached the scene of the fire—the old "Rocket," on the Bodt Corporation—but she was not in season to do any service. She was left at the fire, the deep and driving snow making it almost impossible to return her to her house. Several of the companies got stopped in the drifts, and turned back, finding it impossible to go on.

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CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no competition, sold as cheap as the damaged goods now advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOLDEN MANTRIES, Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar18d2m

A VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINE.

IT So celebrated has Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge become in Pittsburgh, Pa., Boston, that it is regarded as the only specific cure for worms. Families should never be without it, as the health of children depends largely, when worms are so troublesome and frequently fatal among children, parents should be watchful; and on the first appearance of those distressing symptoms which warn us of their presence, should have recourse to the efficacious remedy. Let no one apply this powerful and safe remedy to a child, to continue all that is required, but that which has been invariably given upon it. It is safe and infallible. Volumes of certificates can be produced, showing its great value.

IT Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable druggists throughout the United States and the vicinity of Canada.

mar18†w f

FLEMING BROS.

FUR MANUFACTORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs cheap, for the season is fast passing away, and at reduced prices in order to close them out. Furs made to order in the best manner.

162 Merrimack street, Lowell.

mar18 1m

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of every RAILROAD in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad Guide and Pocket Companion. Published and for sale at the Railroad Depot, Office, 182 Merrimack street, Lowell, and Nassau street, New York. Price 10 cents.

mar18 1m E. H. LLOYD.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer readers to the advertisement of the above machine, to be found in which Mr. A. LYON is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan5lif

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, R. W. Sturdevant, D. S. Richardson,
Wm. Nesmith, Edward Tuck, Jr., Wm. Hale,
L. G. Hows, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment during the last seven years. Cash capital and assets over $3,500,000. Stock department $500,000. Capital paid in $100,000. Office, No. 10 Exchange street, Portland. Agencies in all the principal towns in Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office of the Company in Portland, without reference to any other office. Applications for insurance may be made to the Agents in Lowell, or to the Secretary at the office in Portland.

Office, No. 10 Exchange street, Portland.

C. B. COBURN, President.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy18d1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking has an equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns longest,
It burns clear,
It burns with no smoke,
It leaves little ashes,
It leaves no clinkers,
It leaves no dust,
It is the cheapest coal.

For sale by the CHEAPEST COAL dealer in Lowell, at No. 8 BUNTS Block and Minot Shute, No. 17 Central street.

mar15 2m

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is not merely due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by all who have used it, but likewise to the requisites for family use. It has become a household convenience. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, tucking, quilting, and in the application of cords in which female needle work is applicable,

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine for family use in Lowell, viz:—

Mrs. E. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Bostwick, H. Hosford,
Mrs. J. Bigelow, T. Appleton,
E. Huntington, Walter Wright,
C. B. Coburn, E. J. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn, Jr., Mrs. Wm. Hale,
Mrs. Wm. Nesmith, Mrs. L. W. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant, J. S. Pierce,
Mrs. E. Fowler, Mrs. Wm. Richardson,
Samuel Fay, Wm. A. Richardson,
Mrs. E. Fay, Mrs. L. Tucker,
A. S. Brown, C. F. Blanchard,
Mrs. C. P. Bartlett, Mrs. Wm. Boott,
Family Driver, Jessie E. Hart,
Double fed, by hand. Remember the place.

mar21 17 Central street

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it on a limited extent from a small supply, now have a full stock, and now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been no case of failure in the use of this article, and in many instances where it is used with great success, and in all cases where it is used, it gives entire satisfaction. Those who have had work done at this establishment during the past year, and wish to have it changed to this article, can have the same done at a reasonable price. Those who have not had work done, and wish to have it done, will find that the price is no more than other first class establishments charge for the common article.

Orders addressed to J. O. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

S. L. RIDDEL, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and Palmer streets.

mar29dm

IT Coughs. THE SUDDEN changes of our climate are productive of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Frequently a single dose of Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY will relieve the most distressing cough, and effect a speedy cure. Numerous

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using *Gardner's Hydraulic* and *Neuralgia Compound*, which have used them would do without them, for the reason that they are a perfect and durable machine, for the protection of work and durability. The *Self-Burring Machines* for second breakers and finishers, on a new plan; cards are recommended to make as lentive, being as useful as efficient, and as inexpensive as those classified in this invention. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their parts fit even and straight surface allows them placed next to the Burr Cylinder, to save the fine and short stock. Also, the *Mestizo Burring Pickers*, which all of wool are indispensable to the perfect working and for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its refuse matter; the cause and effect of the manufacturer and the finer machines of the finer dirt and burs; they prevent injury to the cards, and the wear and tear of the with the card, and each will, in addition to these, do the work of two pickers. They are also valuable for making any thickness of lap. They are simple; they should therefore be attached to each card of the set.

The undersigned has purchased a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Burring, Burring and Coating Wool and other Woods. It neither shortens the staple nor injures the hair of the wool, nor does it unravel the burs. The wool is combed open, and carefully and thoroughly cleaned from the seeds, burs, without waste to the wool, or injury to its staple. It is the only machine that will do this. *Gardner's Hydraulic and Neuralgia Compound* are offered to the finer machine for the purpose of working and burring wool with advantage to any machine made nor capable of performance. Also, *Gardner's Burring Machines* are also thoroughly renewed. Wool and Waste Dusters, which are without question the best in use. Also for sale.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations, &c., forwarded upon application.

C. L. GODDARD, Agent,

Sept. 11. No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paradise Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the superior qualities of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Pure Sperm Oil, Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Burring Machines, Refined Paraffine, Burring Machine Oil, Solidified Lard Oil, Solidified Tallow Oil, Solidified Lard Oil, Solidified Tallow Oil, Solidified Lard Oil, Solidified Tallow

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, March 23, 1861.

On the 16th inst., the Hon. James Guthrie, by invitation, delivered an address on the state of the country at Louisville, Ky. In some particulars this address is a remarkable one, and the position taken by its author must greatly influence the border slave States in this season of peril of our country. Considering the fact that Mr. Guthrie has been his life long a member of the Democratic Party; that he had been active in the late Peace Congress; that he has been within the reach of all the alarements that the South could extract to seduce him into dissension and treasonable schemes, the speech, which takes high and honorable grounds for the Union and against Secession, is really a remarkable one, and proves Mr. Guthrie to be vastly above three-quarters of those who have controlled the political complexion of the South in years past.

He spoke of the divisions in the Democratic Party, and in them he saw the reason of Mr. Lincoln's election; proceeding, he shows that the policy of the Secessionists is to legislate in secret, and to withhold from the people a voice in the government they were seeking to establish, revealing the *modus operandi* by which Georgia had been ruled out of the Union against the wishes of her people.

Sketching the character of the Peace Congress, he earnestly proclaimed that he believed a majority of the free States were disposed to give all required guarantees to hold the Union together. 'In the convention, he said, the border States were shorn of their strength by seven seceding States going out of the Union, when they should have recognized the action of the conference and submitted its work of reconciliation to the people. He pictured the woeful condition of the border States in case of a division of the Union. Now Kentucky was at peace with the States adjoining her, and her farmers find a market both at the South and at the North. Join which side they may, in case of dissension, the border States will be the scenes of strife and contention, and it was a fearful thing to contemplate the inauguration of a border war for the present or for posterity. His picture of so direful an event was as truthful as revolting, and must have sent conviction of its impracticability and impossibility to the understanding of all who listened to his words.

Alluding to the condition of the States that had engaged in the formation of a Southern Confederacy, he said they were arming and submitting to a heavy taxation. They had guaranteed the free negation of the Mississippi, but for that they were not to be thanked, since the right had been secured by treaty with Great Britain. He deprecated the precipitation which the seceding States had displayed; argued that Kentucky was perfectly safe in the old Union—and insisted that there was no necessity at all for arming the State. There is to be no civil war, unless Mr. Lincoln and his party were the most blood-thirsty beings in the world, which he did not believe. He was opposed to shaking hands with those who had deserted them in times of peril, and as he had been born in the Union, he hoped to die and be buried in it.

Mr. Guthrie's speech was manly, lightsoned, and patriotic. It has placed him in line with Johnson, Etheridge, Clemens, and Bridges, of the slave States, who have so earnestly, so patriotically, labored for the preservation of the Union,—God help them in their endeavors.

DEATH OF REV. THOMAS WHITTEMORE, D.D. This eminent divine, who, since the death of Rev. Hosea Ballou, has stood at the head of that class of men, sometimes denominated "old school Universalists," departed this life at his late residence in Cambridgeport, on the night of Thursday last, aged sixty-one years. For a long time he had been gradually sinking, yet until recently, his many friends indulged fond hopes of his recovery. Having a strong constitution, he did many times during his illness, seem to be improving for a few days or a week, and would then fall back again, each relapse bringing him lower than before.

In view of these experiences, he felt assured for many weeks that he should not recover, and made arrangements in reference to his death. He sold his interest in the *Trumpet*, a religious journal which he had published for thirty-three years, and in the very last number of that paper, took leave of his patrons in an affectionate article, the last he ever published.

He sent word to the congregation with which his family worshipped, and over which he was once settled as pastor, that he should never meet with them in the worship of God, on earth again, but assured them that the faith he had long cherished—the doctrine he had so often proclaimed to them, was still dear to his soul, and gave him comfort and peace in view of death. He gave directions about his funeral services and died with cheerful resignation to the will of God, leaving a full legacy.

Few men ever lived who accomplished more in the same number of years. For over thirty years he edited the *Trumpet* and preached nearly every Sunday. In addition to this, he prepared and published a large and popular work on the *Parables*, a Commentary on *Revelation*, the *Modern History of Universalism*, *The Songs of Zion*, *The Gospel Harmonist*, *The Universalist Psalmist*, and *The Sunday School Choir*. At the time of his death he was engaged upon another extensive and theological History, one volume of which was published some months ago.

He was for many years President of one of the Banks in Cambridge, for some years President of the Fitchburg Railroad, and had the charge of a book establishment, and withal, beginning a poor boy, he accumulated a fortune of more than one hundred thousand dollars.

Few men in the country were more extensively known, and his death will be deeply felt, not only by his large congregation and the denomination of which he was a valuable and honored representative, but by the many thousands to whom he was known as the high-minded and honorable business man.

LEGISLATIVE. The House, yesterday, reconsidered the vote whereby the bill for the inspection of gas meters was rejected and ordered the bill to a third reading.—The bill to incorporate the Massachusetts Institute of Technology was discussed and rejected by a yea and nay vote. A motion to reconsider is pending.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 13.

WASHINGTON, D. C.: March 14th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER:—Although we are within the threshold of Spring, yet the sky to-day is sad, and a dense fog rests upon the capitol, veiling from our sight all its commanding beauties.

At half-past nine, A. M., we were descending the Potomac, bound to the grave of Washington; and at 10 o'clock, a joyful breeze wafted away much of the heavy mist, disclosing the shores and their beautiful scenery. We made a short stop at Alexandria, but some other difficulty had tolled us quietly up to the base of Mount Vernon, when, the steamer secured to her fastenings, the footsteps of the passengers were quietly turned to the Mecca, so full of deep and enduring interest.

Mount Vernon is sixteen miles below Washington City, and derived its name from Hugh Admiral Vernon, of the British Navy, for whom it was named by Lawrence Washington, who had served under this British officer. It is located in the County of Fairfax, Va. After viewing the Country, I entered the old mansion, consecrated as the home of Washington. The house is two-stories high, and is marked for its excellent arrangements and great simplicity. Around it and in the rear are still the out-houses, the kitchen, and the buildings for the servants. In the mansion there still hangs an ancient map of Virginia, with pencilled lines, and assured them that the faith he had long cherished—the doctrine he had so often proclaimed to them, was still dear to his soul, and gave him comfort and peace in view of death. He gave directions about his funeral services and died with cheerful resignation to the will of God, leaving a full legacy.

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THE NEWS THIS MORNING. There have been reports received by the Government from Oregon and California, intimating that the "Knights of the Golden Circle" are extending their influence into those States. Gen. *Jo Lane* is about starting for the regions named, which is an indication that mischief may be in the wind. It is intimated that the General Government will immediately see that proper steps are taken to prevent any surprises by the secessionists of the Pacific fortifications.—The reports concerning disaffection among the army officers are greatly exaggerated.

No orders for the evacuation of Fort Sumter have yet been issued, and there is much curiosity to know what course is to be pursued toward that Fort and its inmates.

An extra session of Congress has not yet been determined upon.

About one hundred recruits (half of which had been enlisted in Washington) left Baltimore on Thursday for Charleston.

It is positively stated that Mr. Seward has written a letter to the Southern Commissioners, reviewing the entire grounds of misunderstanding, with a view to restoring harmony; and closing with the recommendation of a National Convention.

The Georgia convention has passed an ordinance declaring the Governor's chair vacant, and also that of the Secretary of State, on account of their refusal to acknowledge the supremacy of the convention. It is not known what course Gov. Houston will adopt. It is intimated that the army will not be withdrawn from Texas.

The Missouri Convention has provided for the election of seven delegates to a Border State Convention. The Committee to whom was referred the communication of the Georgia commissioners, have reported, declaring against secession, and exhorting Georgia and other seceding States to return to the revolutionary measures commenced by them, and to unite their voice with the people of Missouri in restoring peace. A minority report denies the right of secession, but recognizes the right of revolution. The convention has adjourned to the third Monday in December.

An inauguration meeting was held at Goldsboro', N. C., yesterday, 1000 persons being present, who were all in favor of immediate secession.

APPOINTMENTS. The following among other appointments were confirmed by the Senate yesterday:—Thomas Corwin, Minister to Mexico; J. W. Nye, Governor of Nevada; Rufus King, Minister to Rome; Bradford R. Wood, Minister to Denmark and Carl Schurz, Minister to Austria; Elisha O. Crosby, Minister to Guatemala; J. O. Putnam, Consul at Havre; Freeman H. Morse, Consul at London; James H. Anderson, of Maine, Consul at Hamburg; Francis H. Moody, Receiver of Public Monies at Little Rock, Arkansas; and Lieut. Hartsuff, Assistant Adjutant General, with rank of Captain.

The vote on confirming Mr. Burlingame stood 32 to 6. Some of the Democrats opposed his confirmation, but Mr. Douglas

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

A meeting in behalf of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, will be held at Park Street Church to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock. Addresses by Rev. Mr. Lindley, of the Lodi Mission, Africa, and Rev. Dr. Hamlin, of Constantinople.

Rev. J. J. Twiss will lecture in the First United Methodist Church, to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock. His subject will be "Female Education." Lady invited.

MRS. M. B. KENNEY, of Lawrence, will lecture at Fellow Hall, to-morrow forenoon and afternoon, at the usual hours of service.

Irishmen in the Field and in the Forum.

P. W. BLACK, of Portland, will deliver a lecture on the above subject, before the Young Men's Catholic Association, in Lancaster Hall, before the Young Men's Catholic Association.

Doors open at 6 o'clock: to commence at 7. All are respectfully invited to attend, as the subject is one of great interest. mar23 1t

RE-OPENING OF J. W. ROBINSON'S RIDING ACADEMY,

On Paige Street, ... Cambridgeport.

RECONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE PARK and its BEAUTIFUL TRAINED HORSES in splendid order, are the inducements to the Spring Campaign.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23D,

better equipped than ever.

The great amount of snow having destroyed the old building, fearing the destability of a new one, I stoked in our city, constructed upon high-based principles, several of the patriotic citizens, at once came forward and rendered material aid in the construction of the new Riding School Building.

Perhaps no accomplishment evinces more grace and ease than horsemanship, and to ride well and gracefully is the result of practice, and a good instruction. As an exercise, it invigorates and consolidates the whole system, and is unequalled as a life giving competition in its beneficial effects upon the form and spirit, and the young Ladies and Gentlemen will find pleasure and manage herself and noble charger to perfection, at once skills the attainment of every fashionable accomplishment.

My terms will, as usual, be moderate; and thoroughly understanding Mr. Savoy's system of management at home, every fear of anything vicious or dangerous is entirely obviated. No pains will be spared to make every pupil a graceful and accomplished rider.

J. W. ROBINSON, Proprietor.

Lowell, March 21st, 1861. mar21d1w

MORE OF THE STORM. From all accounts, the snow storm of Thursday night was the worst that has been experienced within the present century, at this season of the year. An old gentleman of this city, whose memory extends back threescore years, says that the only one to equal it in severity, took place about 1795 or 1796.

The trains on the railroads running out of Lowell, had hard work all day yesterday with one or two exceptions. Only three trains got through from Boston.—The first was two hours behind time; the one which left there at half past 2 P. M. reached here at a quarter before five; the last came through nearly on time.—No trains from Lowell or way stations reached Boston until one o'clock, and four trains arrived at the depot altogether. The road is now clear and the trains are running regularly.

We left the first train for Lawrence stuck at Mace's, waiting for reinforcements. With the aid of about thirty men with shovels, and two additional engines, making the train four deep, we reached Lawrence at half past six o'clock, last evening, in eleven hours from Lowell. The train came back immediately with little delay. The road is in good condition, to-day.

The Northern and Stony Brook trains were but little delayed, the storm not being so severe to the North of us. No trains were run on the Salem and Lowell road yesterday, the track being much embargo, and all the help and engines that could be raised, being required on the other roads. This morning engines and men were started for Salem as a double train, but had not reached Wilmington Junction (nine miles from here), when the first train from Boston came past, at eight o'clock. It is intended to have the road clear to-day. There has been no rest for railroad employees in this vicinity for the last thirty-six hours. They have worked like firemen at a conflagration, and are deserving of credit for their endeavors to keep the ways of travel open to the public.

LOWELL TROTTING CLUB. A number of the members of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society, have organized a trotting club. The following officers have been duly chosen: President, Elijah M. Read; Vice Presidents, Levi Sprague, Samuel Horn, Secretary, S. W. Hunt; Treasurer, Henry Read, Drascut. A code of by-laws has been adopted last evening; also rules and regulations for the government of all trots to take place on the Road, or in the fair grounds. A committee of five was also appointed to report a list of premiums to be awarded at the annual exhibition of the Club next September. Members of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society can become members of the Club by the payment of three dollars, which will entitle themselves and family to free tickets to all trots under the direction of the Club during the year. The object of the club is to elevate the character of all trots on the Society's grounds, get up a grand trot in 1861, improvement of horses, and aid the Society pecuniarily.

GOING TO EUROPE. We understand that John A. Butrick, Esq., Treasurer of the City Institution for Savings, intends to go abroad with Hon. Mr. Alden (U. S. Consul), Rev. Mr. Eddy of Boston, and others.—Mr. Butrick has given close attention to his duties as Cashier of the Appleton Bank from its organization a term of more than five or six years, when he resigned, and as Treasurer of the Savings Institution since its organization in 1848, and he certainly deserves a few months' recreation, and we hope he will highly enjoy, and return with invigorated health. Mr. James G. Butrick has been chosen to act as Treasurer of the Institution during the absence of Mr. John A. Butrick.

LECTURES ON TURKEY. Dr. Hamlin commences his lectures on Turkey at the Kirk Street Church next Monday evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock. The subject of the first lecture will be—"Turkish Empire, its races, religious resources, and social institutions; polygamy, concubinage, and slavery." These lectures have been delivered to crowded houses in other places, and have everywhere given the highest satisfaction to all that attended them. Tickets may be had at J. J. Judkins, No. 6 John Street, and at the door.

ELECTION ORDERED. Col. Jones has ordered Company H, "Tatum Light Guard" to meet at their armory on Monday evening, April 8th, to fill all vacancies in the officers of the company, that may then be found to exist.

BURGLARY. Last evening, soon after nine o'clock, Mr. Ezra B. Adams and Henry A. Hartley, employed at Adams & North's, were going home, when between George and Warren Streets, on Church Street, they discovered two fellows ahead of them, acting in such a manner as to awaken their suspicions. When they came up near the fellows, the latter turned and ran toward George Street. They gave chase and when near George the pursuers of the parties dropped a hatchet. The pursuers knowing that they were in pursuit of thieves, redoubled their exertions, and the fellows dropped some shoemaker's tools and materials. They finally disappeared in a court leading from Green Street, and the pursuers thought it not safe to follow them further. They returned and the police, who made an arrest, but nothing appearing against the fellow he was discharged. This morning it was found that the things were taken from the shoe shop of Manasseh Bailey, on Warren St. The scamps took a gun, which was found this morning in the snow, on Green Street, probably by the entire passing crowd, and secured by the fellows and recovered. We nominate Messrs. Adams and Hartley for the next vacancies that occur in our police.

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Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money,
It is more healthy,
And is cleaner than any coal.

Price, 25 cents per bu. For sale by SAMUEL WOOD, 69 Merrimack street.

ANCIENT JERUSALEM. We have received from Mr. James W. Kershaw, the lithographic view of Ancient Jerusalem, in which are the principal places mentioned in scripture are given, with a key. The picture which is from a plate about 20 by 12 inches, is sold at the bookstores for fifty cents.

Mr. RAREY. This wonderful man gives one of his entertaining exhibitions at Huntington Hall Tuesday evening. Although we think his admission fee double what it should be for this locality, we have no doubt the curiosity to see the wonderful powers displayed by the man, will bring out a large audience. The following from the *Boston Post*, we wish could be carried out in Lowell, so far as to give free exhibitions to those whose business brings them in contact with horses. Our livery stable keepers should have interest enough in the matter to make a move in this direction:—

"He is a remarkable man, and his discoveries as to the true nature and proper management of the horse, are as wonderful as they are important. Our philanthropists could not do a more useful and humane act than to take measures by voluntary subscription, to induce Mr. R. to deliver a few lectures to which truckmen, omnibus and hack drivers, teamsters, and all whose business places horses under their control, should be free admission."

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1860,

Continues to insure against loss by and by FIRE on reasonable terms, and will promptly adjust and pay all losses that may occur. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.

Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby, Arthur F. Bunney, Joshua W. Daniels, Samuel Bothwick, Ephraim Brown.

Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates,

Joseph O. Abbott, Hosea M. Quimby, Moody Wright, Caleb S. Marvel, Henry C. Rowe, Josiah H. Goss, Boston.

Lewis W. Leone, Lester M. Clark, Reuben E. Demond,

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Lol Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 21, 1860. ly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 100 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth 25 per cent. more than amount loaned thereon. Report of the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Preserved Fish, Jonathan Goodhue, Jr., Wm. A. Hall, Jas. F. Bailey, John B. Kneeland, George D. Barnard, Thomas Slidell, Seymour Booth, Jr., Wm. H. Aspinwall, John O. Sheppard,

President. Brooklyn. Treasurer of City of New York. Merchant, Merchant, Brooklyn. Merchant, Brooklyn. Merchant, Treasurer of City of New York. Merchant, Merchant, Brooklyn. Merchant, Secretary.

ROBERT AYERS, General Agent.

Rates taken to relieve Stock and Mutual Companies. Office at Knickerbocker Life Insurance Co.'s Agency,

DAVID RICE, Agent, Lowell, Mass. mar16 3m

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors from a pimple to the worst potted sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Dyspepsia; Sick Headache; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, operating on the secretions and the circulation. They are the most powerful purifier of the blood ever discovered, and the most perfect cure for Dyspepsia that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and should have it. Be sure and get the genuine. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Langley has also put up in a concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, a healthful purgative, which will be found very convenient for Dyspepsia and Piles. Sold by all dealers in Medicines.

Orders promptly answered to J. O. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

S. RIDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. mar19d1w

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS NO HUMBUG. It is the best article

FOR THE HAIR AND BEARD

THAT HAS BEEN COMPOUNDED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT GROWTH OF HAIR,

AND THE HALD AND GREY,

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR AND A CLEAN SCALP,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

MANUFACTURED BY

WALTHAM, Mass., Jan. 20, 1859

Messrs. W. E. HAGAR & Co.

Gents: I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S "Inimitable Hair Restorative" for the last two years, and have found it to be the best article for the hair that I have ever sold. I have tried other articles in the market, but yours has the decided preference with my customers. I have sold over a gross in all, within the last year, and have never had a complaint. I do not hesitate to say that it has given more general satisfaction than any other article I have ever sold, and I believe it to be the best article in the market. Yours, &c., FLEMING BROS.

FOR MANUFACTORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Fans and Parasols, as we are now receiving an assorted prices in order to close them out. Remember the place, 182 Merrimack street, Lowell. mar21 1m

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MORE OF THE STORM. From all accounts, the snow storm of Thursday night was the worst that has been experienced within the present century, at this season of the year. An old gentleman of this city, whose memory extends back threescore years, says that the only one to equal it in severity, took place about 1795 or 1796.

The trains on the railroads running out of Lowell, had hard work all day yesterday with one or two exceptions. Only three trains got through from Boston.—The first was two hours behind time; the one which left there at half past 2 P. M. reached here at a quarter before five; the last came through nearly on time.—No trains from Lowell or way stations reached Boston until one o'clock, and four trains arrived at the depot altogether. The road is now clear and the trains are running regularly.

We left the first train for Lawrence stuck at Mace's, waiting for reinforcements. With the aid of about thirty men with shovels, and two additional engines, making the train four deep, we reached Lawrence at half past six o'clock, last evening, in eleven hours from Lowell. The train came back immediately with little delay. The road is in good condition, to-day.

The Northern and Stony Brook trains were but little delayed, the storm not being so severe to the North of us. No trains were run on the Salem and Lowell road yesterday, the track being much embargo, and all the help and engines that could be raised, being required on the other roads. This morning engines and men were started for Salem as a double train, but had not reached Wilmington Junction (nine miles from here), when the first train from Boston came past, at eight o'clock. It is intended to have the road clear to-day. There has been no rest for railroad employees in this vicinity for the last thirty-six hours. They have worked like firemen at a conflagration, and are deserving of credit for their endeavors to keep the ways of travel open to the public.

LOWELL TROTTING CLUB. A number of the members of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society, have organized a trotting club. The following officers have been duly chosen: President, Elijah M. Read; Vice Presidents, Levi Sprague, Samuel Horn, Secretary, S. W. Hunt; Treasurer, Henry Read, Drascut. A code of by-laws has been adopted last evening; also rules and regulations for the government of all trots to take place on the Road, or in the fair grounds. A committee of five was also appointed to report a list of premiums to be awarded at the annual exhibition of the Club next September. Members of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society can become members of the Club by the payment of three dollars, which will entitle themselves and family to free tickets to all trots under the direction of the Club during the year. The object of the club is to elevate the character of all trots on the Society's grounds, get up a grand trot in 1861, improvement of horses, and aid the Society pecuniarily.

GOING TO EUROPE. We understand that John A. Butrick, Esq., Treasurer of the City Institution for Savings, intends to go abroad with Hon. Mr. Alden (U. S. Consul), Rev. Mr. Eddy of Boston, and others.—Mr. Butrick has given close attention to his duties as Cashier of the Appleton Bank from its organization a term of more than five or six years, when he resigned, and as Treasurer of the Savings Institution since its organization in 1848, and he certainly deserves a few months' recreation, and we hope he will highly enjoy, and return with invigorated health. Mr. James G. Butrick has been chosen to act as Treasurer of the Institution during the absence of Mr. John A. Butrick.

LECTURES ON TURKEY. Dr. Hamlin commences his lectures on Turkey at the Kirk Street Church next Monday evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock. The subject of the first lecture will be—"Turkish Empire, its races, religious resources, and social institutions; polygamy, concubinage, and slavery." These lectures have been delivered to crowded houses in other places, and have everywhere given the highest satisfaction to all that attended them. Tickets may be had at J. J. Judkins, No. 6 John Street, and at the door.

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ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

New York.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written this day to commence its terms Custom.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

Office in Exchange Block, Lowell.

April 21, 1860.

REMOVED

TO

69 Next Door 69

P. H. EMERSON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has removed to

69 Merrimack Street,

next door to his former store. Having newly refitted it, he now offers to the public a choice assortment of Hats at the most reasonable prices.

He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks for the past patronage he has received for the last seven years, and hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

P. H. EMERSON.

Lowell, March 2, 1861. 1m marl6tf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of home approval, which is destined to be heard throughout the land. It is the most wonderful remedy ever discovered for the cure of Piles, Fever Sores, Scalds, Burns, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Felons, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Chilblains, Corns, Bunions, Frost Bites, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Cancers, Tetter, Chronic Sores, Sore Breasts, Sore Heads, Barber's Itch, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Ringworm, Sore Nipples, Chronic Inflammation, Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Piles, Tumors, Broken Breasts, Fever Blisters, Cold Sores, Chronic

RELIGIOUS.

THE ROCK IN THE ATLANTIC.

BY REV. J. G. LYONS, LL.D.

In the sleepless Atlantic, remote and alone,
In a rock which the wild waves all wrathfully beat,
Its echoing hollows with sea-drift are strewn,
And dark are the waters that roll at its feet.
Let ice as it will, of ocean go forth as they may,
It warm with the sunrays, and known not of rest;
Its pleasure-day with the sea-falling spray,
And bellygas are roaring to hum on its breast.

But though breakers and whirlwinds around it may sweep;
Though the hurrah of ocean lives conquering on,
And the mariner still sees it, through the dark deep,
As a fixed hope to which he may turn that are gone;
Yet the rock is a rock that is cosmic rock,
For round a heart-chords and whirlpools are born,
Leaves heavenly down on the breakers' rude shock,
And laughs the vain home of the tempest to scorn.

O, thou who recount a Master above!
And endow'st for glorious immortal and high,
Amazing in coloring, and steadfast in love,
When question is loud and the tempest is nigh;
When tablets that thou be false to thy Lord,
When they laugh at the faith that stendom and saves,
When they scoff at His people and rail at His word,
Be thou to their wildness that "rock of ages."

Arc; stand like that sea-cliff, nor ask thou to share
The work of obedience the storm or the cost;
There are treasures of infinite price to be won,
There are treasures of infinite price to be lost.
With the wiles of the heart, the vengeance of hell,
Let thou dream on the "rock" of the Atlantic wave!
And the sorrows and toils of thy warfare repel!
Shall be that in the grave found the mansion of heaven.

ATHEISM:

UNSATISFACTORY AND UNTENABLE.

A SERMON,

BY REV. J. J. TWISS,

Pastor of the First Unitarian Church, Lowell.

TEXT.—And ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free.—John viii. 32.

Not far from the time these words were first uttered, the Christian ranks received large accessions. And it being a maxim among the Jews, that no man was free but he who exercised himself in the meditation of the "Law," Jesus aimed to impress upon the people the principles of the Gospel by the use of the same favorite aphorism. Therefore he says, "If ye continue in my word, then are ye my disciples indeed." Or, "to simply receive God's word is not sufficient." You must walk in, and meditate upon that truth, as the Jews were commanded to do in the acceptance of the "Law."

Then "ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free."

To be free in the sense of the text is not merely to enjoy liberty of speech, or of action. Such was the freedom of the Scribes and Pharisees. Yet they were servile and religious bondmen.

In treating the subject of freedom as expressed in the text, and thus endeavoring to ascertain what is true and what is false, I propose to consider the Christian Atheism, when adopted, upon the mind.

It is supposed that those who reject natural and revealed religion, and accept the idea that death is an eternal sleep, are, in reality, what they call themselves, *free thinkers.* But if this expression imply untrammeled or unbiased thought upon all subjects, dispassionate as well as scientific, it is not true that the Atheist is a "free thinker." For no man is more completely the victim of prejudice than he. Atheism derides the principles of love and justice inherent in every soul and positively inhibits their exercise among men. It even forbids the hope of a higher or purer state of being than the present, and seals up every avenue of comfort to the mind.

Now, as a correct principle of reasoning, I suppose every one will concede that a sincere belief in any truth, whether scientific or ethical, gives a certain degree of satisfaction to the mind. Even a belief in a falsehood is

THE DAILY COURIER.

MONDAY, March 25, 1861.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamship Canada arrived at Halifax Saturday morning. We condense the material part of her news.—

England. In the House of Lords, it has been more than intimated that the Russian Government approves of the occupation of Syria by the French, and will if necessary increase the French force by additions of its own. In the House of Commons, lately, there was an interesting debate on the Italian question, during which Garibaldi and Victor Emanuel were defended by Mr. Gladstone, Sir Robert Peel, Lord John Russell, and others; several of the Irish members spoke in opposition to them.

The *London Times*, in reviewing Jefferson Davis's inaugural speech, says:—"We have never read a speech so difficult to analyze and interpret."

France. The Emperor is said to have ordered the discontinuance of the building iron-plated ships in consequence of results obtained in lately invented cannon; and it was also reported that the Emperor was about to proceed to Turin, to negotiate for the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome.

The Mires failure affair is said to be growing still more serious.

The independent members of the Corps Legislatif, proposed various liberal amendments to the address, calling, among other things, for the repeal of the law of public safety, the freedom of the press, &c.

Poland. The outbreak at Warsaw, lately, resulted in the death of 53 persons, who were killed by the troops; but at last accounts all was quiet, and no further trouble was anticipated as the revolutionists were but few in number, and the Emperor care had been taken to guard against an outbreak. There was, however, great excitement, though no demonstrations of a violent nature. This is a trouble between the Poles and Russians.

India—or the northwest frontier of it—is suffering dreadfully from famine. The The failure of the spring crop, now coming on, seemed (by latest intelligence) to be certain; and it is said that the people were dying at the rate of four or five hundred daily.

Japan. The health of Mr. Harris, the American minister at Yeddo, is reported entirely restored. The belief that the commercial intercourse between Japan and this country is to be insignificant, as expressed by recent letter-writers, is not entertained by Mr. Harris; he expects large importations of silks from Japan, and other things peculiar to Japan, the present year. The ambassadors who visited the United States have resumed their several positions. They are profuse and enthusiastic in their public acknowledgments of the attentions the embassy received at the hands of the American people.

THE *Washington Intelligencer* of Friday last, contained a lengthy article, entitled "The Past, the Present, and the Future," which created no little excitement at Washington. The article has not yet reached us, but through other sources we learn that the points it makes are these:—

1. Opposed to coercion of the seceding States. Our government is, in its very genius, a government of consent, and can rest for support on the hearts of the people. 2. The state of things in the seceded States is held to exonerate Mr. Lincoln from the execution of the federal laws in them; no public nature has been received here that the stories of starvation in Kansas are gross exaggerations, and that Seward, Hyatt, Montgomery, and other "jay hawkers," are absolutely speculating upon the charity of the people of the Northern States. In money, provisions, and clothing, a million of dollars have been sent here, while it is most positively asserted that less than ten thousand people stand in need of the necessaries of life! On Tuesday last, Mr. Gregg, without any explanation whatever, offered a resolution calling back the bill (then in the hands of the Governor) appropriating $30,000 to the purchase of bayonets and the resolution was passed without a dissenting voice. Of course they knew what they were about, although nobody else knew outside of the Republican ring.

I saw the freight-master on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, who told me that the amount of provisions already sent, is ten times more than Kansas would have raised had there been a good season. Mr. Hobbs, running a steam saw-mill at the Sacs and Foxes Indian Mission, and who had been all over Kansas, told me that there was no suffering in Kansas—that probably some cattle in the western part of Kansas would die for the want of hay, which the owners might have cut for them off the prairies in the season if they had not been too lazy.

I saw Gen. Scott yesterday afternoon. The old veteran looks well, and is as thoroughly devoted now as ever to the Union and Constitution. He is hopeful for the future, and ready in any event to do his duty.

The new administration is starting off well and prudently, with its novel and onerous duties. The latest is making friends among men of all parties last, and from all sections. The Southern men especially, who have seen and talked with Mr. Lincoln are quite enthusiastic in their praise of his cordial address and frank conversation.

Seward is recovering from his illness, and the new Secretaries are all hard at work, though beset from early morn till late at night, with importunate visitors.—The northwest is everything here, and New England and the other old States are nothing. As I was entering the President's house, yesterday morning, I saw a bright little lad playing at the front door. I asked him if he was President Lincoln's boy! He said, "No: I am Mr. Montgomery Blair's boy. My father is Postmaster-General, and he's in the house, if you want to see him!"

The vile treachery of the late General Twiggs, in Texas, will prove, in the end, a most damaging blow to the "Lone Star" republic. The United States troops in Texas are or were two thousand seven hundred strong, thoroughly equipped, and well

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER No. 14.

WASHINGTON, D.C. March 17th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: In a former letter, I wrote you something in regard to "Suffering Kansas." Enclosed I send you a slip cut from the *Sunday Philadelphia Dispatch*, which will be read with interest by your readers:—

"The Kansas appropriation has come to a sudden finale, after a tremendous waste of eloquence in behalf of the suffering people. Information of the most reliable nature has been received here that the stories of starvation in Kansas are gross exaggerations, and that Seward, Hyatt, Montgomery, and other "jay hawkers," are absolutely speculating upon the charity of the people of the Northern States. In money, provisions, and clothing, a million of dollars have been sent here, while it is most positively asserted that less than ten thousand people stand in need of the necessaries of life! On Tuesday last, Mr. Gregg, without any explanation whatever, offered a resolution calling back the bill (then in the hands of the Governor) appropriating $30,000 to the purchase of bayonets and the resolution was passed without a dissenting voice. Of course they knew what they were about, although nobody else knew outside of the Republican ring.

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MATTERS AT WASHINGTON. The Secretary of the Treasury has advertised for proposals till the 2nd of April for the eight millions of stock of the United States to be issued under the act of February. This sum will be sufficient for the wants of the Treasury during the present year.

The President is represented as being "bored to death" by office-seekers, who have no compassion. Besides their visits in person it is said that four or five hundred applications for office are made daily by letter.

Detective Keese has seized, and retains by order of the Court, bogus and counterfeit notes on twenty-seven banks, amounting to $200,000; also plates, dies, etc.—The larger packages contain the following: $30,000 in counterfeit bills on the Bank of Augusta, Me., and $60,000 unsigned counterfeit bills on the State Bank of Ohio. The dies were of 10 cents, $1 and $2.50.

The New York *Herald's* Washington correspondent says the administration will reply to the Peace Commissioners in a few days, stating that it has no power to deal with them, as they can be regarded only as agents of a disaffected people; but will refer them to the next Congress. The same paper also says that Col. George W. Summers, of Virginia, has been tendered the Supreme Court Judgeship. We quote further from the same journal, under date of Sunday, 24th inst.:

The President issued an order Saturday to Major Anderson to put his command in readiness to evacuate Fort Sumter on the arrival of a war steamer. Col. Lamon has been sent to Fort Sumter with an order that if an attempt was made to prevent the evacuation, Major Anderson should remain in the fort and open fire thereupon upon his own responsibility.

It is reported that a steamer has been sent by the Secretary of the Navy to Fort Sumter. Major Anderson is to salute his flag and embark.

The Cabinet have despatches from Texas. Governor Houston of Texas, stating that he is nearly out of provisions, and that he must be supplied soon or he shall have to abandon the State. The Cabinet have informed him that no supplies can be landed until permission is had from Jefferson Davis. The Brooklyn, Boston, St. Louis and Wyandotte were off the fort. The Cabinet are considering what policy to pursue.

SELECTING POSTMASTER THROUGH PUBLIC MEETING. The people of Manchester, N. H., who undertook to select a candidate to recommend to the Postmaster-General for Postmaster of that city, have abandoned the idea. "In view of the difficulties in preparing a ballot to be used at a meeting of the Republicans to vote for postmaster, in such a manner as those not entitled to vote, and including only those entitled to vote, and considering that this mode of expressing a preference for a candidate is not in conformity to the usages heretofore existing, and considering also that the result of such a meeting may have no weight with the appointing power—may distract the Republican party, and can be of no avail to any nominee of such meetings—and knowing that many leading citizens disprove of the meeting, and have expressed their determination not to attend—more than six hundred Republicans have signed a card declaring their intention to take no part in any such meeting, and have recommended all Republicans having the same views to do likewise.

MISSIONARY MEETING. The meeting at Rev. Dr. Blanchard's church, last evening, was fully attended, and the services very interesting. Rev. Dr. Hamlin, missionary to Constantinople, was the first speaker. His remarks were not at all confined to giving a description and account of Bruza, a missionary station not far from the foot of Mt. Olympus. There was a church, school, and boarding house connected with the station, but it was found necessary to retrench, not long since, and the bookstore, which has not paid, had to be closed, though it was not considered possible, to save the school, though it would be a hard struggle. Such retrenchment did much harm and gave the enemy of Christianity much encouragement, (the speaker) had been obliged to contract debts to sustain the station, and the money which he raised by his lectures, would all go toward paying that debt.

Rev. Mr. Lindley, of the Lulu mission in Africa, was the next and last speaker. He gave a very interesting account of the native, who, under the influence of Christianity, had gradually emerged from the darkest kind of barbarity to a good state of civilization, mingled with some refinement. Formerly they lived in a dirty hut, which he could only compare to a hollow hay stack; the women did all the work in cultivating the ground and bearing the burdens to and from market, and almost the only clothing worn by them was what nature had furnished, but now things had changed.

The speaker gave an amusing description of their first attempt to wear clothing, but having donned that, they must have a stool to sit on, then a bitter house, from which the cattle and sheep must be excluded. Next came some rough pieces of furniture; the oxen were trained, plows, and various articles of furniture were imported from Boston. The men gave up the out-door work, while the women were assigned the domestic affairs of the house. In one year $1250 was paid at his station, for articles imported from abroad, mostly from Boston. Ten years before that $1200 could not have been raised among the people of the whole station, without selling some of them. The speaker, who was before he went as a missionary, was pastor of a church in North Carolina, discarded the idea that these people could not be learned anything. They were capable of being brought to a high state of civilization, notwithstanding there were many who could see no good, except a bale of cotton in every hog—or dog, rather, for high-toned principles, several of the patriotic citizens of Lulu station had been greatly improved by missionary labor. It had been found necessary to retrench recently, which would have a bad effect, but they still looked for aid from the Christian world, and hoped that all would contribute to reclaim those heathen.

LECTURE ON TURKEY. Do not forget the lecture at the Kirk Street Church this evening, by Dr. Hamlin, on Turkey and its institutions. The many who cannot be seen by our report of the missionary meeting last evening, is to be supplied to an interesting lecture. Christians should feel a lively interest, and we trust that alone will fill the house. See the advertisement elsewhere.

ASSAULT AND LARCENY. Last Saturday evening, as a son of Mr. E. B. Worthen was carrying home some groceries in a basket, a fellow named Gray knocked him overtook him, struck him and pushed him down, and taking the basket and contents ran off with it. Mr. Nasmara was arrested and this morning fined $2 and costs for the larcenry, but being short of change, has gone to board at the stone house on Thornton Street, where he will probably be found for the next thirty days.

MR. RAREY. This gentleman, who gives an entertainment in this city tomorrow evening, gives a free lecture to teamsters, hackmen, and others who have charge of horses, at Music Hall this evening. There is much anxiety on the part of many of our citizens to see this gentlemen, and we are gratified that they are to have an opportunity to do so without going to Boston. It will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere that he has reduced the price of tickets to fifty cents.

LOWELL STOCKS. In Boston, on Saturday, shares in our manufacturing companies sold as follows:—Lowell for Mar. for $652 1-2 each; ten of the Middlesex for $105 and $105 1-4 each; four in the Massachusetts for $835 each; ten in the Hiesberry for $246 each; one in the Tremont for $802 1-2.

ETHIOPIAN CONCERT. By an advertisement, it will be seen that Wilson & Morris' Minstrels will give a concert at Huntington Hall next Thursday evening. This company consists of fifteen star performers, to which Charley Backus, the great Ethiopian comedian from California, has recently been added.

ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE FROM AN OFFICER. This forenoon, Deputy Marshal Bancroft arrested a man named Greenwood Morton, on Middle Street, near Central, charged with keeping a liquor nuisance. He put the prisoner in a sleigh, and while getting in himself, Morton jumped out and ran up Middle Street. Officer Bancroft, who understands that game, started in pursuit, and caught him opposite Kittredge's woodyard. The fellow exposed a revolver to and exclaiming—"I did not think you could run so." "You have found out your mistake," was the reply. "I'll learn you that you can't sell rum and run away too." Morton was carried to the Police Court, and in a very few minutes found himself under $300 bonds for his appearance at the next term of the Superior Court to answer to the charge brought against him. Those who attempt to fool officer Rand, are apt to find the joke not on their side.

FOUND. G. W. Norris has recovered the team which he let to a stranger on Thursday last, to drive about the city. The team was found in the stable of Mr. Wm. Charlestown, where it was left on the same day that it was hired. The fellow who left it has not been seen since. The horse was in good condition and appeared not to have been driven hard. The fellow who hired the team had played similar pranks in Manchester, there stating his name to be J. B. Emerson, Jr., and his residence Johnson. Unfortunately there is no law to punish the fellow, unless he offered to sell the team. A provision ought to be made to cover such cases.

SUPERIOR COURT. *Morton, J.* The Court came in this morning at 9 o'clock, and several attempts were made to find a case ready for trial, but no party seemed to be ready, and at 10 o'clock both juries were discharged till 2 o'clock this afternoon. The Court has been hearing motions, and several parties were defaulted, and thus bring their actions to a sudden close.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, John Lyons, for keeping a liquor nuisance in Cummiskey's building, Lowell Street, was ordered in $300 to the Superior Court

Greenwood Morton, for keeping a liquor nuisance in Kittredge's building, leased by Cyrl French, on Middle Street, was ordered the same as the first named.

Francis McNamara, for larceny, was fined 3-3 costs. Committed.

CONCERT. The Mendelssohn Quintette Club, of Boston, with other talent, will give a first-class concert at Merrimack Hall on Thursday evening of next week, Fast Day.

DESIGNS. Three designs were granted to Elemir J. Ney, of this city, assignor to the Lowell Manufacturing Company, for carpets, for the week ending March 19th.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE. There will be a session of the Teachers' Institute at Acton, Monday, April 8th, when there will be lectures by Henry K. Oliver, George S. Boutwell, John D. Philbrick, Cyrus Hamlin of Constantinople, and James C. Sharp. It is probable that some of the teachers of this city will attend the Institute.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY. The April number of this excellent publication has reached us. We have but casually glanced over its contents, and can at this time give no more than the table of contents, as follows:—"April days, the season, birds, &c., the Professor's Story, concluded; Bubbles (a poem) Queen Victoria and Duke Alba; the Iron Mills; the Reign of King Cotton; Glimpses of Garibaldi; Two or Three Troubles; Marion Dale; Charleston Unitarianism; Reviews and Recent Publications.

Mrs. Beecher Stowe's new story—*Agnes Grey*. His station we will be commenced in the May number, and each number will contain a prose or poetical article from Dr. Holmes.

MILLIKEN'S HOTEL. Mr. Milliken, for many years the popular landlord of the popular house for good living and lodging, known as the European plan, has resumed his old place, and will be happy to see his old customers and the public at his house, rear of No. 185 1-2 Washington Street, between Bromfield and School Streets. The house, under the administration of Mr. Milliken, was one of the best temperance houses for travellers in the city. Gentlemen with their families will find this house a convenience of the best hotels, and at the same time economical. We are glad to see that the way

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

All the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* in their first breakers, and none who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged by all to be superior to any one for the purpose of picking wool, and gentlemen who have never seen or used them, should not fail to call at the shop of the subscriber, or at the store of Packer for second breakers and finishers, as a very few of both are required for their situation, being so useful, so efficient, and so important as to cause a machine to find breakers. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their perfectly even and straight surface allows them placed near to the Burr Cylinder, to save the fine and short fibres, which are now carried over and wasted, as it needs no description to any one to hold on the wool for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are likewise approved and much used. These Steel Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its remotest fibre of the coarse matter, and of the coarser of the finer machines of the finer dirt and burrs; they prevent ingrained substances from being carried away with the card, and such are, in addition to which they do not cut the wool, as is the case with those of spelling on the spiral or wire-toothed machines. They should therefore be selected in such cases of card for the cut.

The undersigned has perfected a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Burring, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wools. It neither shortens the staple nor injures the fleece, but will clean it from

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, March 26, 1861.

THE EVENING EVENT.—Rev. Dr. Cyrus Hamlin delivered the first of his course of lectures on the Turkish Empire, at the Kirk Street Church last evening. The house was well filled by an attentive audience, who were well repaid for their time by the interesting lecture.

The lecturer, in commencing, first referred to the territory of the Ottoman Empire which was divided into several provinces, formerly kingdoms such as Macedon, Thrace, Syria, Asia Minor, Arabian, Palestine, Bosnia, Mesopotamia, Egypt, Lybia, Palmatia and Carthage. Turkey in Europe is nearly equal in extent to France, while the territory of the whole empire, which extends into Asia and Africa is eight times as large. Turkey has every possible variety of climate and soil. There are no more sandy deserts than those of Africa, while there are no more fertile plains than those of the Danube and Nile. There are about thirty six or thirty-seven millions of people in this vast empire, divided, however, into eight leading races, of which the first is the Turkish race, called Ottoman or Othmen, or, as they call themselves, Osmanlis, from the founder of the empire, who is their great hero, known as Osman. This race, which numbers about twelve or thirteen millions, is found mostly in Asia, only about one million residing in European Turkey. The religion of this race is Islamism or Islam, from the principles of which they never depart. They always adhere to what they call the "true faith." They are a finely developed people, having intelligence, power and dignity. They love to have their hospitality appreciated. In their Islamic principles in life they are honest; and whether they come to some official position and they become corrupt, tyrannical and cruel. [We question whether this is a peculiarity confined exclusively to Turkish officials.]

The second race is the Arabian, which numbers about five millions. They are lovable, useful, and fagoted, and there is nothing noble in their character. They reside in the southern portion of the empire. It was the Arabs that caused the massacres in Syria. The third race was the Kurds or Druses, which number one or two millions. They are a plundering race, who hold Mahommedanism much as did the Crusaders in the seceded States were borne down by a tyranny from which they ought to be relieved. He asked Mr. Douglas to unite with him and the Republicans in the declaration that while we do not propose to make war, we do not intend war shall be made upon us. The country was in danger, not by dissolving the Union, but by supporting it: not by abusing the Constitution, but by having faithful upon it."

Mr. Douglas replied, and then followed a dialogue debate, in which several sentences were given, closing again, without coming to any action on the resolution.

WHAT THE SECEDING STATES HAVE GOT. The following figures, show how much money has been paid by the Government, to say nothing of human life, for the exclusive benefit of the seceding States of the Union.—

Louisiana (purchased of France), $15,000,000—interest paid, $8,385,334; Florida (purchased of Spain), $5,000,000—interest paid, $1,430,000; Texas (boundary), $10,000,000; Texas (for indemnity), $10,000,000; Texas (for creditors, last Congress), $7,500,000; Indian expenses of all kinds, $30,000,000; military expenditures, $3,000,000; Mexican war, $21,413,575; soldiers' pensions, $7,000,000; removing Indians, $5,000,000; paid by treaty for New Mexico, $15,000,000; paid by treaty to Cherokee Indian tribe, $100,000,000; paid to Georgia, $3,982,000; total cost, $26,118,272,978.

ANOTHER PLAN TO SETTLE OUR TROUBLES. A Cork Factory, up in Vermont, proposes through his paper, the *Catechumen*, a characteristic method of settling the trouble now existing between the free and the slave States. It is that we should "leave it out" to some of the European powers, and that they appoint arbitrators (three or five) who shall give the case a fair hearing and render a decision. Let us suppose that when there must be no backing down.—Such a plan would preclude the necessity of either section "backing down," and it is very likely to about as good a plan as has yet been mentioned. Of course, it would not suit the radicals of either section, but could suit the border States harmonize on such a plan.

METHODIST CONFERENCE. The Methodist Conference, held at Baltimore, on Saturday, adjourned to Staunton, Va., after accepting a plan of separation from the Southern Church. This is catastrophe is the third crisis in the world. Its majority and capacity are estimated at from ninety to one hundred and ninety thousand members. There are about twenty-six thousand preachers and ministers in the connexion, in the course of a year. The slaves' delegation is very extensive, with the Rev. Bishop Andrew at its head. Its members being distributed to railroads, which will greatly increase the business of the empire.

Among other institutions, polygamy, concubinage and slavery are sanctioned by law the monarch is allowed six wives and his subjects are limited to four wives. They have no more wife. He knew one monarch, the emperor of Morocco, who had two wives, and he was the richest man in his dominions. He knew one pasha, who had two wives of distinguished accomplishments. He had found Miss Turba, his only wife, the highest order of intelligence, with whom he had lived happily for two hours. It beats anything there since Eve.

KANSAS. A dispatch from Atchison, Kas., dated March 25th, says that the Methodist Conference have made a report of the statistics of the church in the district in Kansas, and asking their friends not to stay their hands until the people are able to realize something from their own resources.

THEY get up much bold lovelorters at Cleveland, short, sweet, and spirit upon the principle of "simple sweet." Here is one from the literary rakes. Here is one from the last week:—"Dear ——How obscent not to write before. Have a good deal to say. Am a little looser. Come down this evening and let's have a good talk. Yours, ——." Turkey. The Lucy ——. Turkey. The Lucy ——. Turkey. The Lucy ——.

TO WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.

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Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

All the principal woolen establishments in the United States have adopted the Steel Ring and these Burring Machines on their feed boards, and those who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machines in use for protection of wool and durability. The *Steel Burring Machine* for second breaking and finishers, on a new plan of teeth, are recommended to your attention, being as useful, as efficient, and as important as a throw a shadow to first trousers. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability they are unequalled. The Steel Rings of the Steel Rolls are now being put on, and when placed near to the Bar Cylinder, to save the fine and short staple. Their firm strength and superpendicular set of teeth are indispensable to a good feed on the wool, for the proper working, of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines, from the nature of its construction, are more simple, and will do more and better work than those made on any other principle, and are more durable. Those made by the Subscriber are entirely new, and have never been in use. Any person buying one of these machines, and finding it not to answer the above description, can return it to the subscriber, and receive back the money paid for it.

The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price of the Steel Rings and Steel Machines, and have furnished them with all the vessary appendages, including a feed roll, hammer, gauges etc., to be found any where.—Please call and examine them.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Canton Block, Merrimack Street.

January 3, 1861 — ao3m

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mills, Salem, Mass., from Pig Lead, (not from Old London Lead pipe,) and is superior quality for Brick, Durries and Frescoing, and will not scale or become discolored by the action of gas. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is Forrest's Pure.

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead renders it cheaper in use than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 150 lbs of any other White Lead. This fact has been stated by some of the painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A sample of the article will convince any one of the truth of the above. Forrest's Patent Lead Burner, for using Lead Pipe, is the most perfect burner in use. Can be attached to any gas fixture, and will burn common illuminating Oil. No. 2 65 cents: White Burner, for burning Camphene, Spirits Turpentine, &c., &c., for heavy Machinery, No. 3, 75 cents.

Office for sale of Forrest's White Lead, No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.

Agents wanted in every town and city.

E. G. KELLEY,

Manufacturing and Agricultural Chemist.

sep27

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET*,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

AND

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, are also handsomely framed. Wood and Gilt mouldings, with or without lowers attached, are always on hand.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Orders will be received at the Music Store, or by addressing

W. H. DYAR,

dec31 3q No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, New York.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

638 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against all infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as those using the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach ne in market, to the frequent changes of silk and a rolling variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from coarse to the finest thickness of Millsrillis without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will sew any seam from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In fact, such a machine is just adapted to family use; and if just adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machines, we recommend our Manufacturing.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use. A fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, as gores of boots and shoes, &c.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—I use Machines of the same name (sing generally) wherever properly exhibited in competition with other machines for sewing machines. But we have space for only our FACTS here; if in the most important of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen or used them. But the most distant inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, of what are the particular merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine, and to this inquiry we offer the above explicit and undeniable Facts—Facts which no other sewing machine made such, by more reference to certain kinds professional friends, who never wish to recommend themselves of certain personal obligations, but Facts demonstrated by the performance of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, in manufactories.

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SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mills, Salem, Mass., from Pig Lead, (not from Old London Lead pipe,) and is superior quality for Brick, Durries and Frescoing, and will not scale or become discolored by the action of gas. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is Forrest's Pure.

The great body and capacity for covering of the above White Lead renders it cheaper in use than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 150 lbs of any other White Lead. This fact has been stated by some of the painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A sample of the article will convince any one of the truth of the above. Forrest's Patent Lead Burner, for using Lead Pipe, is the most perfect burner in use. Can be attached to any gas fixture, and will burn common illuminating Oil. No. 2 65 cents: White Burner, for burning Camphene, Spirits Turpentine, &c., &c., for heavy Machinery, No. 3, 75 cents.

Office for sale of Forrest's White Lead, No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.

Agents wanted in every town and city.

E. G. KELLEY,

Manufacturing and Agricultural Chemist.

sep27

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The ready Farm ly Soap Maker. A Universal Cleaner

Will make hard soap, soft soap, hard soap, saleratus in from Type, Grease from w. ters. Utensils, &c., &c.

One box costs $5 00

It will make, refined grease, usually given 4 to 5 cts. per lb., say 20

Or 45 cts.

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of soap, equal to any for ordinary purposes.

Sold by storekeepers in different kinds of Soap, *cent free* of addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY.

LEWIS, JAMES & CO.

PHILADELPHIA.

**The Saponifier can be had of any respectable Storekeeper in the Country.

May, 1860. — may8 1y

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Pianos, which they recommend as the first premium over all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair in Boston, and have now on hand a good assortment of the above-named makers' Pianos particular, to be sold at the lowest Factory prices. Also, for sale, a few second hand Piano Fortes made.

Lowell, June 2, 1859. — jn6dly

DR. DOWS'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH

SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh is a disease of the head, producing a watery water running from the head out of the nose, and down the throat, being a bi the stomach, and evaporating, becomes a thick, glary matter, keeping the throat in a state of cough, and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Dr. Dow's Catarrh Snuff is the only thing known to the world that will cure the worst cases of Catarrh. Two applications will relieve the most violent headache in five minutes. Those who have been troubled with the Catarrh for 10 years, will find relief in a few days.

Prepared by Dr. J. F. DOWSE, No. 10 East Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass. — n 25 f

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the above.

ALUION N. PLASTER,

Sole Agent for the United States & British Provinces,

26 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers every where. Price 25 cts.

Dr. DOWSE'S Office is in Lowell and at 102 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. — 17 — ao6 — ow — y.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

JOB PRINTING

Having an extensive supply with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Court Dockets,
Pamphlets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
No means, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Addresses, Town Reports,
Circulars, Manuscript Papers, &c.
Town Reports, Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF PORTRAITS, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

*** *Always on hand, a good stock of print ers' cards and colored cards, and colored paper, suited to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

Z. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO RENT & BUSH)

50 Central Street, 50

Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. — feb28

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum it is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disea I ever saw. CHARLES A. SMITH,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism for many years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." — BENJAMIN TYLER,

29 Franklin st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,

No 5 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be imagined. I tried a number of remedies without relief. A friend induced me to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and can honestly say I believe it has cured me.

Pearl Street Baker, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is entirely free from all narcotic poisons, and is perfectly safe.

W. E. HODGKINS,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum in his hands covered with sores and in constant pain; he is entirely well after using one bottle.

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Milk street, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Rheumatism.

W. C. THOMPSON,

Proprietor Old Colony House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY THOMPSON,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T Glidden, Esq., purchased in 1859 a large bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1859, when I was suffering with a severe attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of great benefit to him. — JOHN P. ROBINSON,

Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned have been appointed sole agents for "GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND," and are prepared to supply the trade on liberal terms, to whom we would respectfully call the attention of the public to the above testimonials, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism or Neuralgia, as a safe, speedy and permanent remedy for the same.

S. Hancock, Jr., 27 Dock square, Boston.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 18 Hanover street, Boston.
W. H. All n, 8 Exchange street, Portland.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Worcester.
Joseph H. Plummer, 1 Market square, Providence.
Hall, Richardson & Co., Manchester, N. H.
Fisher & Brother, Nashua, N. H.
Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Richardson & Co., and Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., and by Druggists in Lowell, 50 and 102 Merrimack street.

dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS

H. B. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water. Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes; Steam Whistles and Gauges; Lead Pipe always generally used by engineers, contractor for heating buildings by steam or lighting by gas. A large assortment of the Fixtures of the latest style, constantly on hand. Pipe cut to order in all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by steam power. Shop on Jackson

Works, No. 10 Howe St., Belvidere.
Store, No. 5 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. — feb28

H. S. HAYNES

Has received from

T. & B. BOOTE, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, DINNER AND TEA SETS, and GOLD BAND CHINA, DINNER AND TEA SETS, just arrived from the English and American manufacturers, a large and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,

and many other articles too numerous to men tion.

The above goods are all new manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, making the largest, making an assortment so large and varied that all can be suited to their taste and purse.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for the celebrated Improved Governor Valve and Fire "Patent Feeder for Steam Boilers.

*** *STEAM Engineers* constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest CASH prices for Steam, Gas or Water pipe up with reasons and samples.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. — jn29

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received from the Factory a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys from 6 cts. and upwards.

All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Hanging, side, stand, sinking, bracket, entry, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also, a large assortment of Oil Cans of all sizes

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, March 27, 1861.

THE MASSACHUSETTS COMMISSIONERS' REPORT. The following report of the Commissioners sent by the Massachusetts Legislature to attend the Peace Conference at Washington, proposed by Virginia, is the best history of the doings of that body that we can lay before our readers. It is something in which every one should feel an interest. The report of the Commissioners fully and clearly sets forth the part they took in the deliberations of the convention, and shows what measures they were ready to adopt to secure a return of peace to our country, and how they voted on all the leading questions that came up. We commend it to the attention of our readers.—

The undersigned, commissioners appointed by your Excellency, in pursuance of certain resolutions passed by the Legislature at its present session, to attend a convention to be held in the city of Washington, with authority to confer with the special agents of government, or with the several States, or with any associations or delegates from such States, having, agreeably to your Excellency's instructions, repaired to Washington and conferred with the delegates of twenty other States of the late Union, now respectfully submit the following report of the proceedings of that convention and of the action of the commissioners of Massachusetts.

The convention commenced its sessions on the 4th of February, and closed its deliberations on the 27th of the same month. The Massachusetts commissioners repaired to Washington as early as practicable after their appointment, and presented their credentials on the 4th of February.

The sessions of the convention were secret; although repeated efforts were made, with considerable ingenuity and zeal, to remove the veil of secrecy, then to admit the public to witness the deliberations, and then to procure a complete and accurate report of the debates and doings. These efforts failed; and the convention, by its own direction, only to transmit a copy of the journal of the convention. An authentic copy of the journal was not received until the 21st inst., and the commissioners did not feel prepared to make a report without an opportunity of consulting it.

On the 6th of February a resolution was adopted, upon the motion of Mr. Guthrie of Kentucky, that a committee of one from each State be appointed by the commissioner thereof, to whom should be referred the resolutions of the State of Virginia, and also other States represented, and all propositions for the adjustment of the existing difficulties between the States. The Commissioner representing Massachusetts upon this committee. At the earliest practicable moment he called for a specific statement of the grievances complained of by the disconnected States of the Union.—That call elicited no response. Indeed, no definite response to the demand was ever made, either in the committee or the convention.

On the 15th of February, Mr. Guthrie, from the committee of one from each State, made a report recommending certain amendments to the Constitution of the United States. This report was adopted in committee by a majority of five States—the delegates from Kansas not having then taken their seats in the convention.

A copy of this report may be found upon the 224 and 225 pages of this journal. After much discussion and many amendments, the several sections of the proposed article of amendment to the constitution were finally adopted on the last day of session. It is to be observed, however, that the report as a whole never received the sanction of the convention, although the several sections of the article of amendment were separately approved by a majority of the States voting; and it may well be doubted whether the requisite two-thirds have been adopted by the convention.

The first section was adopted by a vote of nine States to eight. For those from New York, Indiana, Missouri, and Kansas—not voting.

The other sections were approved by large majorities.

The convention declined to vote upon the last question, but the vote of Massachusetts with its manner cannot of the commissioners, was given in the negative upon all the others. This course seemed to be dictated, who their opinion, by a desire to the constitution of the convention, the circumstances under which it assembled, the nature of the propositions submitted, the solution of the difficulties in which the government of the country was involved, and the character and peace of the country in the future. The two Pacific States, whose loyalty to the Constitution and the Union is unquestioned, could not have been represented in the convention, if it had failed to appoint commissioners. The resolutions of the State of Virginia were passed on the 19th January, and it was then expected that within sixteen days thereafter they be represented at that session. It would consume for the purpose of drawing, printing, and recommending alterations in the resolutions of the report, and also a necessary to organize the people were not enabled to meet before the 4th of February.

It seemed, the commissioners were appointed by the Executive of each, without any previous agreement as to the time within large discretion; there, the sound of the time selected by Virginia was early, and in instance were a people themselves convulsed. The in many proposed were enpassionately new, the important one was introduction upon the established principles of the government, and which none of them had ever been submitted to public scrutiny. They related to the institution of slavery. And

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK,
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States are using them in their first Burrers, and their Burring Machines in their first Burrers, and none of them would do without them. Many of them have also lodged the only perfect machines in daily operation of work and durability. The Rear Burring Machine for carded Broadcloth Burrers, on a new plan of both, are recommended to your attention, being useful as efficient, for which the important are now placed in first Burrers. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. Its strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their parts fit even and straight surface allows them to operate with the least friction, and they are of the best metals. Their fine strength and interpenetrating set of teeth are indispensable to a good feed on the wool, for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. Those Feed Rolls and Burring Machines from the wool of any description, whether it be cotton, wool, or linen, and I use from the fine fibrous bands of hard, *Steel Feed Rolls* are used in the finest manufactories, and both discriminate by this machine made are the best. Also, Burring Machines for Silk Goods, which are also thoroughly cleaned. Also, Burring Machines for Silk Goods, with or without blowers attached, are also furnished.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and recommendations sent by addressing C. L. GODDARD Agent.
dec22 1y No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half a much thread as those on the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are both adapted, than any other sewing machine, to the fragrant changes and the endless variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of cloth, sell on stitching, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will sew new from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stour, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In y ars past, machines best adapted to family use? and if ever adapted to family use, why not for every variety of work in family manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger size.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any machine now in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods cut on the bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines never need, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No 9.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—I now have Machines on the same thing generally wherever properly exhibited in competition with any other sewing machines. But we have space for only one fact more; it is the most important fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen one and used them. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, to learn what are the peculiar merits and distinctive characterizations of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machines? To this inquiry we offer the above explicit and undeniable Facts—Facts that are indisputable, easily made such, by mere reference to certain kinds professional friends, who may call to ascertain themselves of certain personal obligations, but Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or manufacturing.

The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price from that of their market Machines, and have furnished them with all the necessary appendages, including a hemmer, gugers, etc., to be found any where in use. These call and examine them.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Lawrence Block, Merrimack Street.
January 3, 1861 * nov3dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALLEN WHITE (Analyzing Oil) makes the Pure Forest River Mine is warranted to be grooved in the Lead, Oil Lodine; named Oil, and its quality only for BODY, DRYING and FINENESS. It is believed that is manufactured by any establishment in the world. All the Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure Forest River Lead."

The Lead made and exported for covering of Metal Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Leads. It is confidently believed that for the use will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial will convince any practical painter of the truth of the statement that he can work easier and to greater advantage with this Lead than any other and now offering to the public.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of the Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, connected with important improvements in the mode of manufacture, which he has introduced, will be found of great value.

Lead manufactured by the Company, for sale by, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES D. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 8 Merchants' Building, Dutton street, Lowell.

W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
Has the largest and most varied amount of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA
TORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Felling LOW.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music complete in one volume, by the composer whose name the book bears.

The Success. A collection of Varied Music, full and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Reminiscences. A collection of Operatic tunes and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the Piano Forte, with accompaniments for flute, violin and violoncello. By Edwin Ewer.

The Excelsior Song Book. By HUNT, Book and Music Seller, 17 Central street, where may be found the largest assortment of Music in the market.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished to order at short notice.
may1 17 Central street.

WRITING PAPER, envelopes, pens and pencils can be purchased at F. B. HUNT'S Book and Music Store at better rates than at any other store in Lowell.
sep.7

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Britannia Wares, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tile, Floors, &c. For sale by Druggists generally, Window Glass and Carriage Manufacturers, in quantities. A fresh supply received and for sale by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. John and Merrimack sts. n30

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR
No. 39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Rosewood and Gilding Frames for Sliders are also constantly finished.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860 sep24tf

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories,
Trier's Block.
All kinds of Musical Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Easily Learned. Music Boxes.
Also Agency for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., &c., &c.
jan14tf

E. G. KELLEY,
110 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the city of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the
Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.
PURE STEARM OIL.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Pure Sea Lubricating Oil for sale by the gallon and all kinds of Machine Oils. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2,75 test. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 80 test. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 85 test. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2, Engine Oil, No. 2, 90 test. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2, Engine Oil, No. 2, 95 test. Office for the sale of the oil.
110 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.
sep127 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.
The ready Pure by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleanser. Will make the purest water soft soap, from common Spice Type. Grease from the Slop Counter.
Directions
For hard water, use 4 to 6 to 1-2 lbs. to one gallon, usually given soap, at about 1-2 cent per lb., sd
25 cts.
Forty-five cents, therefore. In the cost of a barrel of soft soap MUST BE SAVED.
Recipe for making different kinds of Soap, *sent free* by addressing
DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
* The SAPONIFIER can be had of any grocer or storekeeper in the Country.
May, 1860. may13tf1y

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 71 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET, DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Pianos, which for the last two years have received first premiums over all other competitors at the late Fairs in Boston, Charlestown, Worcester, Lowell, Nashua, Manchester, and at the late mechanics' Fair in Portsmouth, N. H. These instruments are warranted, in every respect, for five years. Also, Agents for the sale of E.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 2, 1860. jun2dtf

DR. DOWSE'S
HEADACHE AND CATARRH
SNUFF
THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh is a disease of the head, producing a severe pain across the forehead, the head out of the nose, and down the throat, losing the sense of smell, and exposing to become a thick, gluey substance, laying the foundation for a cough, and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Young children are frequently afflicted with the catarrh, and for which relief is offered. Let the child snuff up some of Dowse's Catarrh Snuff, and relief is the result. It fills the stomach and windpipe, and causes a violent sneezing, by using three bottles eighteen months ago; is nearly years of age, and has been and is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.
HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES
May be referred to by calling on
M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For the United States & British Provinces,
29 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price 25 cts.
M'lntall Druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack Street, next door above the Merrimack House. 17-oct2-sne-tu

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL
DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX,
HEADACHE, LAME BACK,
STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.
HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.
LOAMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Two and three bottles of this infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.
A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any return of pain. Mrs. Lovejoy was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.
THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Castle's
Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.
H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.
His wife: red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sad suffering.
E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery, nan, Brighton, Mass.
Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering in the joints of the feet, and between the shoulders and incessant pain in both feet. Was entirely relieved by the use of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.
JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.
JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured of Chilblains by one application.
Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. Never a return of pain.
SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1858, by one bottle. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.
L. STRATTON., Esq., Wilmington Depot
His wife cured of severe Neuralgic pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.
J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of pain. Has enjoyed the perfect health.
Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing
ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.
Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.
CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.
His wife cured of severe Neuralgia from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hr, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint.
SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain. Has enjoyed perfect health.
ARIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.
ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains
LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,
His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, of two years' standing.
ROSEBEL THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1858. Enjoys perfect health. Also, one boy cured of Chilblains.
JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk, Ogle Co., Illinois.
Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by a friend to try Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.
I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. I purchased a bottle of Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured.
JOHN A. MUDGE,
Pearl Street House, Boston.
"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is entirely relieved him after many years of severe standing.
W. E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.
My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Neuralgia. His hands covered with sores and in constant pain; but one bottle of your Compound cured him.
J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Milk street, Boston.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.
C. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Pearl Street House, Boston.
One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of
FANNY THOMPSON,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.
I certify that my friend Wm T Glidden, Esq, presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was afflicted with a fearful case of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and that it proved to be a perfect cure.
ADRIEL SHERB, M. C.
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.
The undersigned knows of the wonderful cures used "GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND," for the cure of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and have, in every case, found immediate and permanent relief. We have full confidence in its genuine qualities, and would recommend it to all who are in need of a reliable remedy. Also, for Cuts, Burns, Sores and Bruises, as offered to the public.
H. Hancock, Jr., Watertown.
Henry Fuller, Watertown.
W. H. Allen,
Henry A. Fuller, 18 South Market street.
George H. Plummer, 1 Merchants Square, E. Boston.
Joseph Hall, Jr., 1 Merchants Square, E. Boston.
Capt. Charles G. Bullens,
Capt. Thomas Bullens, Jr.
Capt. Thomas Bullens, 2d, Fort street, Boston.
The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been given to hundreds of persons in this vicinity, with great benefit.
Sold by druggists, 97 Hilby street, Boston.
Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JENKINS, 377 Canal street, for sale also by Apothecaries throughout the United States.
Price, \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5, forwarded by CHAS. F. GARDINER, to whom all orders be addressed.
For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Eastman, S. Hadley, C. C. Hadley and by Real Estate, 36 and 102 Merrimack street.
may13 dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.
WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water. Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes, Brass Work, Engine Trimmings, &c., &c., generally used by engineers, contractor for building Machinists, Steam Boat and Ship Builders. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest and most approved styles. Pipe cut and fitted in all the branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner, and at the lowest prices.
Works, No. 10 Hear St., Belvidere.
Office, No. 3 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

H. S. HAYNES
Has received from
T. & B. BOOTH, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET SETS, which he will sell at the lowest prices for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, just arrived from the same house, a full assortment of Glassware.
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to men
The above goods were manufactured to order for the subscriber, and is my old stock, which was very large, making my assortment at present very full, that all can be suited, both in style and variety.
Those in want of goods in our line are invited to examine my large stock, which, with the facilities for importation, Merchants will find it to their interest to call before they purchase elsewhere. Please to examine my assortment, which I will sell at the lowest cash prices. Remember the number.
Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me great pleasure to show them to you, and still greater pleasure to sell them to you.
Don't forget to examine my assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale or retail.
Remember the place, H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street, opposite the post office.
dec7 H. S. HAYNES.

RESTAURANT.
DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMAC SALOON from 12 o'clock, M., to 2 P. M.
The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, so as to please the taste of the most fastidious and epicurean palates.
Also, Gentlemen's boarding with the subscriber can be obtained at reasonable rates.
Also, Bowner's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or gallon, for sale at the store in the manufacturer's prices.
Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.
dec7

TAPESTRY CARPETS
OF NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL Incolors, are subject to imperfections whatever, but Directly we have examined, and will be sold at LOWER PRICES, than can be had at any other House in Lowell, by
ADAMS & NORTH.

Coal and Wood.
HARD and Soft Coal, Broken, Egg and Stove SIZE CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons, Whitewash and Calcined PLASTER, all of the best quality, at
NO. 20 MIDDLE STREET.
Having also arrangements with shippers to supply all customers direct from vessels over the new branch railroad, can furnish coal at the yard, or delivered in any part of the city or vicinity, at WILLIAM KITTREDGE.
Lowell Aug. 6, 1860. aug6dtf

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
The place to buy good miscellaneous Books at low prices, is at F. B. HUNT'S Book and Music Store 17 Central street, Lowell.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
nov13

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,
Warranted to light itself 4000 times
WITHOUT A MATCH!
Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
oct29*

NEW and finished hand School Books for sale at F. B. HUNT'S Bookstore, No. 17 Central and 37 Merrimack street.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for the Toilet. Removes Pimples, Freckles, Tetter, Sunburn, and Tan. For sale by E. KIDDER, Jr. corner Merrimack and John sts.

ROBINSON'S INDELICATE DENTAL TOOTH POWDER and whitens the Teeth. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an extensive supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they are complete kinds of
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS.
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of paper surface and colored cards, suitable and adapted to every description of work—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.
E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE,
Proprietors.

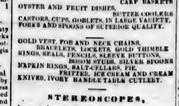
FURS! FURS!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
30 Central Street. 30
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It embraces the largest assortment and best selected stock of
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly by our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported.
Call in and look at them.
N. B. REPAIRING & alterations to order.
oct20

"CITY"
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 84 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,
MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds. Malleable Iron Fittings, Valves, Yarns, White Lead, Oils, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas and Water.
Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe and Fire" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Injector."
STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order, at the shortest notice.
Water put up with neatness and dispatch.
Lowell, June 2, 1860. jun2tf

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, viz: Table, Hanging, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Also, Bowner's Oil, in bbls, sized, socket, hand, centre, and side lamps, also, Sinking Lamps. Also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale or retail.
Also, Bowner's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or gallon, for sale at the manufacturer's prices.
Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.
dec7

SCALES! SCALES!!



A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute.)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Cotton or Coal Scales, Beams, Weights, &c., respectfully inform their friends and the public that they continue to manufacture a first rate article which they warrant to be as accurate as any Scales in the country.
They would refer to the following certificate.
Lowell, December 11, 1860.
We, the undersigned, have used Scales of A. T. Nute & Co., and believe them to be correct in every respect, and having them in constant use for the last two years, we can recommend them to the public as any in the market, and would recommend them to purchasers.
DANIEL CLARK,
City Sealer
dec31tf

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
AT
H. S. HAYNES,
WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is now receiving a fresh supply, which he will offer to his customers at the lowest prices.
oct29

MUSIC BINDER.
A NOTHER lot of Nason's Patent Music Folio Binders just received at
F. B. HUNT'S Central street.
All the popular Music of the day constantly on hand.
feb13

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the leading characteristics of a well regulated family. No object may be found some of the choicest works published in the country.
WOMEN OF BEAUTY, from Sentiments to Essays, Poetry and Prose, Sketches of Character, Manners and Influences with 13 Steel Engravings.
THE HOUSEHOLD BOOK OF POETRY, by Putnam.
CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs Jameson, illustrated.
HEROINES OF SHAKESPEARE.
THE LIFE AND TIMES, by Dr. Thompson.
HYMNS OF THE AGES—new edition.
HOUSEHOLD LIFE THOUGHTS—new edition.
Just received and for sale by
F. B. HUNT, Bookseller,
17 Central street.

MORNING PRAYER BOOKS and useful books suitable for Presents and Rewards, for sale by
F. B. HUNT, Bookseller,
17 Central street.

ELEGANT PRAYER BOOKS and Books, all at the Lowest Prices, for sale by
J. J. JUSKINS,
dec18 8 Merrimack street.

ASTHMA. FOR the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use
FENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.
Price, 25 cts per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
May, 1860 may1dly

\$2.00 \$2.00
FOR BUFFALO ROBES & BRAZER'S
Corner Hat Store
jan21dly

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in great variety. Umbrella Trimming, Sunbrella Making, Re-covering, Repairing, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S FANCY STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
dtf

F. S. HUNT would call the attention of the ladies to his stock of Corsets, which he offers for exercise, just from Paris—The French CHEST PROTECTOR.
No. 17 Central street.
may17

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for one than any slate sold; and warranted to stand any climate. Also that I am warranted to stand any climate. Also that I am warranted to stand any climate. Also that I am

of the undersigned, the courts would render an interpretation adequate to the result just indicated. It is thus seen that the only method of establishing and protecting slavery in the Territories is to provide for the execution within their limits of the laws of the several slave States. This section also incorporates into the constitution of the United States the existing laws and usages of New Mexico relating to slavery, and renders them irrepealable during the Territorial condition.

By the second section, the Senators are divided into two classes, those who represent the slaveholding, and those who represent the non-slaveholding States of the Union, and a majority of each class is required as a part of the two-thirds majority necessary for the acquisition of territory by treaty. A full exposition of this proposition would show that it is a contrivance dangerous departure from the principles of the government, and sure to effect its complete dissolution. When the Senate becomes two separates and distinct bodies, and when the existence of slavery or of anti-slavery determines where the line of division shall be, then the government, for all practical purposes, is at an end. This proposition was introduced by Mr. Sumners of Virginia, and Virginia, by its delegates, also introduced and supported a kindred proposition, by which, all appointments to office in the Territories during the continuance of Territorial governments in and over the same, or any part thereof, shall be made upon the recommendation of a majority of the Senators representing at the time the non-slaveholding States. And in like manner, all appointments to office in the Territories which may lie south of said line of 36° 30 shall be made upon the recommendation of a majority of the Senators representing at the time the slaveholding States.

As a convention duly called and assembled for a revision of the Constitution, the undersigned would have assented to this section; and in declining to vote therein they intended to so declare to their associates from the slaveholding States.

The undersigned set forth the designs of the convention, and some of the reasons by which their conduct was controlled. It was their misfortune to differ with the action of the convention.—The concessions demanded by the non-slaveholding States seemed to be inconsistent, with honor, justice and freedom, and calculated to render permanent the existing causes of disturbance. A Union restored by mutually concessions would be productive of later criminations and lasting hostilities, and would contain within its-If the seeds of a violent death.

But the undersigned are bound to say that the difference is the convention is not in the main, differences of opinion and not of purpose. Loyalty to the Constitution and the Union was general; and the undersigned do not doubt that the act of Virginia, in inviting a conference of the sister States, will be productive of beneficial results to the country.

The commissioners from Massachusetts were much impressed by the fact, which their personal intercourse with gentlemen from the slaveholding States brought to their knowledge, that the present difficulties in the country were not caused by the presence of grievances supposed to be actually existing, but rather by the fear of future interference with Southern rights, caused by entire misapprehension of the purposes of the people of the North. Misrepresentations of those purposes proceeding from unscrupulous sources, whether prompted by ignorance or by the excitement of by sinister motives, are greatly to be deprecated.

The undersigned entertain no doubt that the late course between the different sections of the country, through their representatives in convention, had a most unsatisfactory influence in correcting it as to views of North en sentiment, and in assuring our brethren of the South that there is no purpose among the people of those States who up a principle opposed the extension of slavery, to disturb or touch with an unfriendly hand the domestic relations of any other State of the Union.

In the present emergency of public affairs each State should be careful to perform its whole duty freely and faithfully to its sister States and to the country; and then may it well and fearlessly demand whether the Union contains many States or few, that the government shall be administered according to the principles of equality and justice which characterize the constitution formed by our fathers, and which will prove a sufficient security in all the trials and perils of our national existence.

JOHN Z. GOODRICH,
CHARLES ALLEN,
GEO. S. BOUTWELL,
P. C. CHAMBERLAIN,
F. B. CROWNINSHIELD,
J. M. FORBES,
RICHARD F. WATERS.

THE WIDE AWAKES STILL IN THE FIELD. The election in Connecticut takes place next Monday, and the canvass in that place is quite lively. We see that the Wide Awakes, who did such effectual service in Connecticut last fall, throughout the country, are still organized in Connecticut and are doing active duty. The opposition prints have been anxiously inquiring as to the fate of the Wide Awakes for some months past; vainly attempting to ridicule them, and some have foolishly charged them with being responsible for the natural results of Mr. Buchanan's mal-administration—a disgrace which has so consistently be charged on the Patagonians. We shall expect to hear a favorable account of the lively Wide-Awakes in the coming election, and are also anxious to learn if the modern Democrats as holy, water with his satanic majesty.

The Democratic prints in Connecticut are spending their time in endeavors to prove John Brown and Wendell Phillips the representative men of the Republican party, an undertaking likely to employ them, if they persevere till conviction following their arguments, till doom-day. But lacking heart and spirit to defend their own wrecked party, it is no wonder that they have no direct attention from it by setting up mock issues, where real ones do not exist. We think, however, they are laboring without hope, and that the Republicans will render a good account of their strength in the approaching election.

ABOUT POSTMASTERS. In nearly all the large places about us, as well as at home, there is quite a lively struggle going on to secure the position of postmaster, and various methods have been adopted to get at the wishes of the people in regard to the question. In Manchester, after a great deal of pulling and hauling, the Republicans held a meeting and voted for candidates; they succeeded in making a nomination, and the nominee has gone to Washington, armed with this endorsement of his party. In Lawrence there has also been a struggle. The Republican parties are Mr. G. S. Merrill of the *American*, and Dea. Partridge—both worthy members of the Republican party, and both have made personal efforts to secure the appointment. Returning home, it was agreed that their respective petitions should be submitted to a committee of three Republicans of Lawrence, who should decide on the comparative Republican weight, strength and influence of the two documents, which have been quite generally signed. Two of this committee were selected by the applicants, the third by the two. It will be rather a delicate job for a committee to pass upon the occasion requires the employment of unusual and ingenious methods and artifices. The idea is not a bad one, however, as the question would be settled in a quiet and fair way. The proposition of submitting the postoffice question to public meetings of Republicans, which seems a very fair way of doing things, has not resulted satisfactorily in a single instance within our knowledge. There seems to be a little too much anxiety on the part of rival candidates, and such meetings have not been governed by that spirit of fairness likely to result beneficially to the Republican party.

DEATH OF HON. FREDERICK G. STARK. Hon. Frederick G. Stark died at his residence in Manchester, N. H., on Tuesday evening. He was a son of Gen. John Stark, of the Revolutionary army, and was sixty-eight years of age. He had been connected with the cotton manufactures in the vicinity of Manchester from their earliest date; in 1824 he represented Manchester in the Legislature, afterward was in the Governor's Council, and for a long time held the office of Associate Justice of the Court of Common Pleas. During his life he has also held other offices of trust and honor.—He has left but two surviving children, Gen. George Stark of Nashua, and Wilson Stark, Esq., of Manchester. The deceased was a man who will long be remembered in New Hampshire, for the many sterling traits of character he possessed, through all his useful life.

APPOINTMENTS. A large number of appointments were confirmed yesterday, among which we notice the following:—D. F. Holloway, Commissioner of Patents; William Barrett, Collector at New York; B. B. Bunker, of N. H., Attorney General of Nevada; D. K. Carter, Minister to Bolivia; F. Dasaveredo Minister to Ecuador; W. H. Hunt, Secretary of Legation at Turin. Appointments were made for the Territories of Nevada, Dacotah, Nebraska and Colorado. Geo. Howe, District At Marshal for Vermont; C. C. Baldwin, Marshal for Vermont. The following post masters, among others, have been appointed for New Hampshire: Robert N. Corning, Concord; Allen Board, Nashua; J. P. Morse, Portsmouth; Wm. H. Murrill, Exeter; Nathaniel Low, Dover; Thos. L. Hatch, Keene.

The Boston Postoffice is not settled yet, and some of the candidates are counted out, a law having been hunted up which requires the incumbent to be a resident of the place where the office is located.

A equestrian club has been organized by a party of ladies residing at the West End, Washington, including two who preside over the hospitalities of foreign legations. They have pledged themselves to meet in the saddle, every fair week-day morning, under forfeiture of a quarter-eagle for every neglect to appear, which is to go into a fund for the relief of the poor.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate on Tuesday, the bill in relation to intoxicating liquors was discussed at length. The Senate refused to strike out the first section repealing the law of last year, by a vote of 17 to 12. The bill was ordered to a third reading. In the House, petitions were received from D. C. Sargent and others, in favor of Webster's Dictionary. The bill defining the qualification of voters for members of Congress, was passed to a third reading. The resolve in favor of the Museum of Comparative Zoology, was passed to be engrossed. The bill to suspend the act in relation to the Billerica dam, was passed to a third reading.

The bill reported yesterday a bill to establish a Board of Health and Vital Statistics was reported, and ordered to be printed.—Several committees made reports. The bill relating to banks was discussed. In the House several reports were made. A petition was received from C. W. Bellow and others, of Pepperell, to be included in the District of Middlesex North Agricultural Society. The resolve to place Worcester's Dictionary in the public schools was debated at great length and rejected: 102 to 68.

SOUTHERN MATTERS. *Virginia.* A motion in the Convention to adopt the Constitution of the Confederated States, was unanimously rejected.

Louisiana. The convention has adopted an ordinance dividing Louisiana into six Congressional Districts; also, an act transferring the public funds to the Confederated States. The act abolishing the free banking and general charter system passed. Adjourned *sine die*.

Texas. The Washington correspondent of the *New York Express* says Governor Houston has sent orders to the militia to meet the Indians are threatening Texas, and asking of the federal government if it can be of any service.

Other States. Several Southern States are sending troops to occupy Pensacola, and provisions and ammunition are being concentrated there.

CALIFORNIA. The Pony Express from San Francisco 13th, passed Fort Kearney on Monday.

The Golden Gate sailed on the 9th for Panama with sixty passengers and nearly a million in treasure.

The Governor has vetoed the bill changing the name in the charter tried of Horace Smith, from San Francisco to Placer County, but both Houses passed it over the veto.

The United States Senator has yet been elected by the legislature.

Commodore Cunningham died on the 12th inst.

The stoop-of-war Wyoming arrived at Honolulu on the 10th, in search of the Levant. It was believed, from the occurrence of dates, that the Levant was lost.

San Francisco markets are dull.

UNITED STATES SENATE. Yesterday the chair submitted a message from the President, stating that he considers it inexpedient to communicate to the Senate Major Anderson's dispatches at present. After an executive session the resolution offered by Mr. Breckinridge to remove the troops from the Confederated States, led to a long debate, in which Messrs. Breckinridge, Rice, Wade, Clingman, Clark, Simmons and others took part. The Senate refused to take up the resolution 19 to 10, soon after which it adjourned for want of a quorum.

The celebrated floating battery which the rebels at Charleston built to batter down Fort Sumter, and which has proved a complete lusher, is said by a correspondent of a Philadelphia paper, who boarded it, to have cost about 320,000. It is entirely useless, and could not have been used to any advantage had hostilities occurred between the Government and the seceders.

AN OLD BOY TAKES TO SLEDDING. Dea. Caleb Corking of Whitingham, Vt., on the last day of February, being his 70th birthday, took his hand-sled and went to the top of his house, and then had a very agreeable ride from thence to the ground, on a snow drift which had drifted up to the roof. In the western part of Brattleboro the snow is so deep that in some places it is tunnelled to a great depth, for the convenience of travelers.

A NAME SELECTED. Some writer has suggested that the new Southern Confederacy be called "The Panola Republic" after Col. Panola's wife, as the name for cotton, and would be the most appropriate title by which the young Republic could be designated. It would touch alike the feelings and the pride of the people who live in the Cotton states.

The editor of the *Eastern Argus*, Portland, Me., had sent to him on Saturday last, a hide flower that is known in Maine as the "Hide of Beef," having grew out done this month. The recipient thinks it stale a march on winter.

We can never fathom another's sorrow, not one, not even the truest eyed and tenderest-hearted among us, can ever be familiar with the ins and outs of it as to be able to see into its most trifling or its piteous nooks at the right time and in the right way.—Watch as we may, we are continually sure or love in the dark, often irritating where we should soothe, and wounding where we should give our lives to heal.

WHAT IS A NEWSPAPER? Judge Low, of the Land Court, St. Louis, has decided that a paper published in the interest of a religious sect, is not a newspaper, and that legal matters published in such journals are null and void.

A BIG SNOW DRIFT. In Ipswich, Mass., the Lane was piled up an immense snow drift. It was two hundred rods in length and twenty feet deep, upon which one hundred men were employed all Friday night. The Eastern Railroad Company had the felicity of tunnelling that drift.

An ingenious English inventor proposes to remedy the want of tunt in ladies of "a given thinness," by a jacket, to be inflated by the wearer to the proper shape, and, as Willis would say, "plumptitude." Oh, nonsense!

MEASURING THE WIND. During the tremendous gale in England, on the 21st of February, the anemometer at Lloyd's marked 36 pounds pressure to the square foot. This is heaviest gale recorded for very many years.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE.

The members of Pentucket Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons are requested to meet at the lodge room to-morrow (Friday), at one o'clock, P. M., to attend the funeral of our late brother, Asaph Coe. Members of Andover, York Lodge, and other members of the craft are also invited. mar2[2]

THE HORTICULTURAL MEETING. The meeting of those interested in the Lowell Horticultural Society, last evening, was well attended and quite spirited, giving evidence that the exhibitions the coming season will be largely interest our readers than heretofore. A committee of six was appointed to solicit membership, at $1.00 each, which entitles the subscriber to two tickets, admitting to all the exhibitions of the Society the coming season. The committee to do this work consists of Isaac Holden, J. W. Brooks, Joshua Merrill, C. E. Briggs, W. Hamblen and N. F. Cuffe. These gentlemen have already gone about their work, and we shall expect to hear a favorable report from them, as our citizens are not of that class to let the exhibitions of the Society the coming season. The committee will report at the adjourned meeting, April 10th, at which time the officers for the ensuing year will be chosen. We should add that ladies, as well as gentlemen, by subscribing $1.00, can become members of the Society, and be entitled to the same courtesies as others.

The treasurer for the last year made his report. Amount received by subscription and tickets at exhibitions, $239 20; amount expended in premiums and incidental expenses, $222.15.

"THE VILLAGE CLOCK." Persons are today engaged in raising to the tower of the High Street Church the dials of what has so long been called the "Belfrey Clock," the work going on under the supervision of Mr. George Hedrick, who has for some time personally interested himself in the commencement of the work. The dial has been made by Mr. Pratt, at the Wamesit Steam Mills, and is the largest in the State. Measuring from the extreme outside, its diameter is eleven feet; inside, nine and a half feet; the figures are thirteen inches, the largest hand will be four feet nine inches. The open space, which is five and a half feet, will be filled with a diamond lattice work.

All the outside work is to be completed at once, and the expense known before the clock is engaged. Enough to pay for the clock has not yet been collected, but it is hoped that the improved look that the dial will give to the church, and the advantage it will be derived from a good clock so slightly situated, will prompt the people of Belvidere to put their hands to their purses and raise the amount necessary. The Turret and Marine Clock Company of Boston have been spoken to and consulted with in relation to putting up the clock, and probably will have the job.

MIDDLESEX MECHANICS' ASSOCIATION.—During the period that the Library Room has been closed for repairs, it has been a resort in pokers for loons. Also one to George W. Blake, of East Pepperell, as station coalheaver at the Old Blake of the same place, for improved bolt fastening.

The last session article relative to Soldiers affairs is published in the New York Express. It provides a pension of $8 per month to all soldiers disabled by service, and $5 per month to their widows and children.

A FREE READING ROOM IN BILLIARD SALOONS. On Tuesday evening, petitions were presented to the Mayor and Aldermen for the renewal of the licenses of some eight or ten billiard rooms and bowling alleys, and the Board met this evening to act upon such petitions. The fact that the keepers of these places ask for a renewal of their licenses, show that they are doing a profitable business, and the petitions are in connection with those places refreshment saloons, which are of course patronized.—Assuming a small income to them places of $10 each per day, the sum of $300 or $100 is spent daily in them, or altogether from $24,000 to $30,000 per month. This sum, which would be called magnificent if raised for charitable or educational purposes, comes partly from hard working young men, a fair proportion of whom are comparative strangers in the city, and frequents these places for purposes of recreation and to form acquaintances for the reason that no avenues furnishing amusement and pleasant associates are open to them. It may be that they sometimes form beneficial associations in these places; but we think that such are exceptions and not the rule. The acquaintance of the writer with these places has not entirely improved character, but judging from the class that we have seen entering and leaving them, our opinion of their usefulness has never been very high, although we doubt not that many who frequent them are physically benefitted by the exercise, which might, however, be found elsewhere.

A GREAT BLESSING TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. J. C. DR. M'LANE, the inventor of the celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., need these pills for several years in his practice,before he could be induced to offer them to the public.It was a measure of so much importance to him, to consign his skill to a mere nostrum who outrade their useless noxious compounds upon the public, and rely upon a system of puffing to sustain them. Convinced, however, of the real value of the Liver Pills, and in response to the many pressing solicitations of his friends—the East and the West, the North, and the South, are filled with "tidings of great joy" from the afflicted. These wonderful Pills have completely conquered that great enemy to health, the Liver Complaint.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills,now before the public, of Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also less celebrated, but worthless preparations. Ask for a pamphlet describing their virtues. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

mar23 [3]Y

FUR MANUFACTORY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Where can be found at all times a large assortment of Furs, at Low Prices. Also! $1000 worth of same Furs selling off at Cost. Furs made and repaired in the most fashionable manner. Store in Merrimack Block, 103 Merrimack street, Lowell. jan12dist W. RESCH.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map (on large scale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States, forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Railroad Depot, New York-office, 192 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

mar16

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the public to the above Machine which is now offered for sale at the low price of $20.

mar17 ep

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Intimated the above article in their practice a year ago. Having given it a fair trial, they are prepared to say that for Dentistry purposes it is now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been used by a number of dentists in this city, and dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, and all concur in the opinion that in many other articles now in use, there are many which can be made of this material, and made to answer a better purpose than those now in use. Owing to the limited time that we have been using it, we have not had the opportunity to test it in every thing else, but there cannot be the least doubt but that it will prove to be superior to everything else, both for durability and cheapness. Those who wish to have their work done in the best manner, and at reasonable prices,

Rooms 2 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. 1y

Advertised Quinine Tonic Pitters,—the most delightful Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All druggists have it. See advertisements.

mar16 4TeThSatSnly

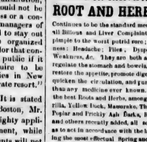
CAUTION!

You subscriber, the only shippers of the true and original Liver Pills, hereby give notice that other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills are now offered to dealers in Lowell, and vicinity, by peddlers, and others, and that they are base counterfeits and imitations.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Drug Store, Central Street, and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. 1y

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is evinced by its popularity among the people, and by the premiums awarded to it at the various fairs in the capitalists for family use. It has become a household necessity. In all the finer fabrics of the family wardrobe, it is unrivalled. Its use upon a household economy

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 2 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

All the principal woollen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these Burring Machines and their Rolls, and those who have used them would do without them if they knew no other way of burring wool. They are now perfected to the highest degree, and are unequalled by any machine for second brushers and finishers. *Burring Stone* of north are recommended in our absence, being as useful, as efficient, and as important as when a blanket is first running. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their parts fit even and straight, and are made of hardened steel to the Bar Cylinder, to guarantee fits and short staple. There are no projecting bolt heads on the work of to-day are indispensable to Burring Machines. They are the only Feed Rolls ever invented that have not the leather spring covered. Wool and Waste Dust cannot collect between the Rolls, as in other Rolls, to work out and destroy the leather spring. Our Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its remotest fibre, and the cloth of the finest texture and the finer machines of the finer and finer. They generate in burrings substantially the same heat as those with the card, and can feed with as much, and in some cases more than double the cards, so much carding as the cards to which they are attached—that should therefore be attached to each card of the set.

The undersigned has perfected a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Burring, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo wool. It is a success. It neither shortens the staple nor injures the hand of the wool, nor does it waste the burrs. The wool is combed open, and carefully and thoroughly cleaned of burrs and burrs, without waste to the wool, or injury to its fibres, and free from the burrs and burrs, and *Dance Any Machine now in use*, and the machine made specially adapted to the Mestizo wool. Mestizo wool is now generally used in the manufacture of the finer cloths, and the Mestizo Burring Picker is the only machine by which it can be thoroughly cleaned. Wool and Waste Dust can, with or without, work in any machine now installed.

All orders will receive prompt attention. Circulars with explanations sent free on application by addressing

C. L. GODDARD, Agent,
No. 2 Bowling Green, N. York.
dec22 1y

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered by many who, until they learned this simple business, were completely poor. Now they are making from $50 to $100 per week. Our agents are making from $5 to $10 per day. Over one hundred in a few months since was worth nothing to know the owner of $1000. All who engage in any business, assisted by a circular for which he will send the sum of $1.00. Women can make from $5 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $50 to $100 per month. A pamphlet containing full directions necessary for a full understanding of this business, and what is considered guaranteed to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No risk is incurred, as we do not sell or materials." We have sold this business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
Boston, Mass
aug24

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE

Selling wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

Also,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Globes, Common Brass Trimmings, at *lowest prices*, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S

China and Crockery Warehouse,

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher,

80 Merrimack Street.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Ireland's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with silk or twist, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21 1y

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best Linseed Oil (unless a special call is made for by Red Dryers and Patentees, it is believed is not excelled by any manufacturer in the world. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is FORREST PURE.

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead, when mixed with Oil, is its most valuable merit. It is confidently believed that no White Lead will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been tested in many of the largest Mills in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of the article will convince any one of the above. Indirect painter that he can work easier and to greater advantage with this than any other lead now offering to the public.

The Forest River Mill is personally superintended by the manufacturer of this lead, who has been for years the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, connected with numerous valuable improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be excelled.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" is for sale in Lowell by the following agents CHARLES S. CURTIS, No. 1 and 2 Merrimack Building, corner, Lowell.

W. DEARDEN,

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA-

TORS, &c., &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and examine for yourself.

W. DEARDEN,

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec22

Music Books.

JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of favorite Airs, Dances and Quadrilles, by the celebrated composer who so names the book herein.

The Service Collection of Sacred Music, full and complete in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Songs: A collection of Operatic Airs, Choruses and Concerted pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of clubs, societies and social gatherings. In Boston Style.

The above Music Books are for sale at HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, where may be found a full assortment of Music and Music Books.

Also, a full assortment of Sheet Music, and Music Books, at about eastern prices. Call and examine.

sept1 HUNT'S.

WRITING PAPER, envelopes, Pens and Ink, of the best quality, for sale by E. H. HUNT'S Book and Music Store at less than any other store in Lowell. sep7

SILVER PLATING and repairing and gilding Silver Ware, Military Goods, Harness, &c., done by Messrs. Mills & Co., Boston, for returning Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Spoons, Forks, &c., done by themselves. A variety of articles for sale by E. KIDDER, jr., 46 Merrimack st. jan26 1y

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 4000 times

WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale or H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st. sep30

NEW and fancy and basket Board Rule just rec'd at J. MORSE'S, 38 Merrimack street.

CARRIAGE BOXES at BRAZER'S

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass promptly attended to.

Imitation Gold Leaf for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

NEW MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second floors, Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let or low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments. Books, Sheet Music, &c.

Also agency for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., and N. Y.

jan14tf

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which produces a perfection of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Train Refined Parrot Oil, burning 48 per Candle Pound, and 4 Lights to the Gallon. E. G. Kelley's Patent Refined Sperm Oil, burning 50 per Candle Pound, and 4 Lights to the Gallon. E. G. Kelley's Patent Refined Lard Oil, superior to any in the market. No. 1, 75 cts per Gallon. Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 60 cents. Miners' Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; No. 2, 60 cents per Gallon. Machine Oils, &c., &c.

Office for the above Oils at the

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

aug27 E. G. KELLEY,
Manufacturer and Agent for Chemicals.

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PERSEVERANCE

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The ready Yam by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner

Will make hard water soft, clean Paint, remove In from Dyes, Grease Spots, &c., &c., &c.

One cake 25 cts.
6 to 1-2 lbs. for one pound, usually given, 20
1 lb. or about 1-2 cent per lb. 10

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a pound of

first-rate SOFT SOAP.

Sold by Grocers and different kinds of Soap, *and for sale* by addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable grocer in the Country.

May, 1860. may24ly

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 97 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANO FORTES, which they offer to the public with the confidence that connoisseurs at the late Mechanics' Fair will confirm, pronouncing them to be a good, some worst of the above-named makers. Piano Fortes, of every description, for sale at prices to suit every purchaser to be had. Piano Fortes made.

N. B.—Piano Fortes to let by the month.

Lowell, June 2, 1858. jy31ly

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALPINE CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. In fact, the Alpine Corn Plaster is now used in England some fifty years other. Its equal has never been discovered. It never fails to give satisfaction. Prepared only by

Corner Merrimack and John streets.
8-16 ly all Apothecaries and Druggists. mh2

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL colorings, subject to no imperfections ever before, but DEVERAUX is every respect, just received, and will be sold at Lower Prices, than can be had at any other House in Town.

Lowell, by

SILVER PLATING and repairing and gilding Silver Ware, Military Goods, Harness, &c., done by Messrs. Mills & Co., Boston, for returning Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Spoons, Forks, &c., done by themselves. A variety of articles for sale by E. KIDDER, jr., 46 Merrimack st. jan26 1y

BRUNSON'S LIQUORS

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Brunson! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES.—Floor Brushes with long handle, Scrub Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Comb Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a full assortment of Brushes for sale by JOHN T. BILLINGS, 50 Merrimack street.

CARRIAGE BOXES at BRAZER'S

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigations.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing-mach as in market, to the frequent changes and thin of a little variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to six ply thickness of Mar seilles without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from fine thread gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if BEST adapted IS family use, is it not the very best for light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods cut bias or bind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or will work more rapidly, and a greater more so only understood.

The Superintendent of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, and with the highest Premium for the sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest at the Machinists' Fair, Utica, N. Y., in Sept. 10, 1860, and were awarded to the same thing generally wherever properly exhibited, and in competition with other first-class sewing machines. But we have space for only a few more facts, and will therefore close the list of all.

Fact No. 10.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine in use, or money refunded.

The peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen or heard of them. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, from whom the part of the public, "What are the peculiar merits and distinctive features of this Machine?" To this inquiry we offer the above facts and proofs, declaring that these are in fact—not Fact, decided facts, as more reliable than certain kinds made such, by mere reiteration of a certain professional kind. Hence we may wish to relieve themselves of certain persons' obligations, but Please call and examine them.

Circulars with full particulars furnished them with all the various appendages, including the best and most approved kinds and styles of CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be used in

Z. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new opening a large invoice of

Crockery and Glass Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail trade comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and elegance, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher, which will be found three doors from the Post Office.

W. DEARDEN.

dec6

MOTHER'S

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

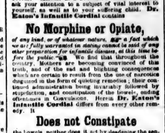
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his private practice, and which he knew it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of infants and children. Twenty years' use of its unfavorable results, and its importance in this respect can barely be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants die than from any other disease, this soothing balm will give relief in fifteen minutes. In cases of Worms, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Sour Curds, &c., it is unfailing. Teething physicians, and Nursing Mothers, will find it a most valuable remedy.

Prepared by DR. J. DOWNE, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. nov22tf

BININGER'S



OLD TOWN DUCK

GIN

A. M. BININGER & Co

(Established 1778)

GIN as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, prepared from the pure Juniper Berry, is recommended by the Medical Professions and the Family, having superseded the so called "Arcanum," "Anodyne," "Elixir," "Medicinal," "Schnapps," &c., it is now indispensable to all the prominent physicians, Druggists and connoisseurs, as possessing all the desirable properties of a perfect Gin, and is the only Gin (that which belong to an old and celebrated brand) which can be used as a diuretic, tonic, or stimulant, without injury to the kidneys. A. M. BININGER & CO.,

Established 1778.)

Sole Proprietors, No. 79 Broad st., N. Y.

Sold in Lowell by J. P. KELTON, 87 Market street. 13jly61-Thursday

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S our Hat Store. jan21tf

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an entirely

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can execute

JOB PRINTING

in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Steel Dies, Diamond Pastors, &c.,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF ANIMALS, RAILROADS, ESTABLISHMENT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored paper.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of yearly and half-yearly ruled and unruled CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be used in*

Z. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

a new opening a large invoice of

Crockery and Glass Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail trade comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, quantity and elegance, is unequalled this side of Boston.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher, which will be found three doors from the Post Office.

W. DEARDEN.

dec6

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

and FANCY ARTICLES.

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufacturers. Selling low as can be bought in the city. Please call and examine my assortment.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

W. DEARDEN.

dec6

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported. Also,

GENTS' HATS, &c., manufactured to order.

Call and examine.

dec6

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, in proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, at any period, however obstinate the kind have been tried in vain.

Explicit directions accompany each bottle, if taken *just before* each monthly period, will prevent miscarriage, if taken according to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This is a secret incredible, but if it fail, in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in pills of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, privately to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full strength, $10; Half strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Explicit directions accompany the Emmenagogue especially for obstruction cases, to which we call the attention of the fair sex. Bear in mind, we do not, nor will we, recommend our remedy in cases of pregnancy, as it is an important discovery in the female system.

Sold by the Proprietor, DR. JACK SAMUEL, No. 2 Hudson st., N. York, and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines. Also, at the Office of DR. MATTISON'S INDIAN REMEDIES INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.

Sold in Lowell by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RESTAURANT.

DENNIS CASEY, late of the BLACK SAILOR, from 2 to 6 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M. will be found at his old stand, No. 6 Merrimack street, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call.

Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dec1

DR. DOWNE'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH

SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for sale in this city. It is certainly a disease of the head, producing a stupefying effect upon the senses, both of the nose, and down the throat, bringing the sense of smell, evaporating, harmless, a thick, glairy substance, laying the foundation for a cough, and often terminating in that fearful disease, consumption. Young children are affected with this water running down the throat, sickening stomach, causing a cough; and when the child coughs and snivers, and sneezes, the water rises, fills the stomach and windpipe, and the child dies with the croup, or some disease that might be relieved. Let the child smell up some of Dr. Downe's Catarrh Snuff when they have a cold, and it will prevent all these complaints. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Prepared by DR. J. DOWNE, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. nov22tf

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind or of whatever nature, sip a fact which can be truthfully stated in connection with the use of any other preparation for infantile diseases, at this time be fore the public. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for many years with never failing success in the hands of many thousand mothers and nurses in the United States, and is the only medicine for children which can be truthfully recommended as a safe and certain relief and cure in all cases of Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Wind Colic, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, &c. It is pleasant to the taste, and its operations are perfectly safe. Its action is truly magical, and its importance in this respect can barely be estimated.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibilities of your children, but by relieving them from pain and natural quietude, thereby producing all the rest necessary to restore health and vigor to the system. After using this valuable remedy, no mother will entertain a doubt as to the propriety of recommending it to her friends as the most reliable and pleasant remedy in the world in all cases of infantile complaints, however deep seated. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT, Physicians and Chemists, No. 205 Broadway, New York City.

And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists everywhere.

MORE MUSIC,

JUST received, five pieces from Oriental and Calliope, for sale by JOHN T. BILLINGS, 50 Merrimack st.

Also, Polka Redowa by Carl Zerban.

Henry Tolman Quick March, composed by Oliver Ditson.

Melodies Fugitives from favorite Operas—arranged by Ed. Mack.

All the above Music for sale by the author, wholesale and retail, at the sign of the Gold Band Pitcher, No. 80 Merrimack street.

W. DEARDEN.

dec6

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Tetter, Sunburn, Redness, and Tan. Sold by E. KIDDER, jr., 46 Merrimack and John sts.

feb14

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his private practice, and which he knew it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of infants and children. Twenty years' use of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind, is the only recommendation required.

For Children Teething;

And at the period of infantile life when your children are teething, if you have any regard for their health, comfort, and life, do not fail to procure Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. It will relieve the child from pain, and the mother from anxiety. It will regulate the bowels, and by so doing prevent a large proportion of the diseases to which children are liable during the period of teething. Do not be persuaded to purchase any other article, on the representation that it is the same thing generally, or that it will answer the same purpose. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibilities of your children, but by relieving them from pain and natural quietude, thereby producing all the rest necessary to restore health and vigorous growth to the system. After using this valuable remedy, no mother will entertain a doubt as to the propriety of recommending it to her friends as the most reliable and pleasant remedy in the world in all cases of infantile complaints, however deep seated. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

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W. DEARDEN.

dec6

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,

SPOONS AND SUPPLIES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND KEY CHAINS.

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES

RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,

BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS

NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, DR.

FRUITS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold by

AMOS SANBORN.

HAIR WORK.

This latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.

SCURFS AND DANDRUFF carefully removed and warranted.

AMOS SANBORN done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18tf

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Cotton or Lap beam, No. 22 Fletcher Street, corner of Appleton, Lowell, Mass., and for sale at the factory and by all the principal dealers in Hardware throughout the country.

Having had considerable experience in the manufacture of Scales, and having introduced many improvements in the same, we feel confident that we can offer to the public a Scale not surpassed by any in the market.

Please refer to the following certificate.

LOWELL, December 12, 1860.

Having had occasion to use Platform Scales of various kinds, we are pleased to say that those manufactured by A. T. Nute & Co. are decidedly the best. They combine more accurate and reliable weighing qualities than any we have ever used in the market, and we cheerfully recommend them as such.

DANIEL CUSHING,
City Sealer.

dec18tf

BUY YOUR

Crockery, China and Glass Ware

OF

H. S. HAYNES,

WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Post Office. dec1tf

MUSIC BINDER.

A NOTHER lot of Simon's Patent Music Folios. Also, Binder just received and for sale by E. H. HUNT, 17 Central st.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best means a friend—and at my store, No. 2 John street, may be found a large collection of books well published. Among them are

THE WORLD OF ART, from Sculptures to Engravings, Portrait Gallery of Female Sovereigns, Gallery of Portrait Painters of the 19th Century, &c.

PALESTINE PAST AND PRESENT.

THE CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN, by Mrs. Jameson—a beautiful gift book.

HOW TO BE HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED.

THE LAND AND THE BOOK, by Dr. Thomson.

THE WORK OF THE SPIRIT—a series of *RICHER LIFE THOUGHTS*—new edition.

THE ENGLISH AND AMERICAN POETS—in superb styles and prices.

BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, illustrated, by G. H. Boughton—superb edition.

With a large variety of MEN and CHEAPER BOOKS.

THE ILLUSTRATED PRAYER BOOK—*COMMENTARIES* (selected) School Books &c.

Also—Fancy Goods, Stationery, Blank Books, Photographs Books, all at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and see.

J. J. DUTTON.

dec19

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cases to measure, &c., &c. at

J. SIMUS'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

mar23 tf

T. & B. HUNT would call the attention of the Ladies of Lowell to a splendid article for Ladies' Dress Trimming, called

OVER SHOULDER BRAID,

FOR SALE at

No. 17 Central street.

may17

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can be written on with any pen and any kind of ink. Call and examine at

E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvetin Indian Rubber Glove Cleaner, for cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by E. KIDDER, jr., Merrimack and John sts.

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

A BIG one presented itself to the day in the person of Alon or say (untruthful) to sell Books at any price. Another big one says, I will sell as low as any dealers in Books in Lowell The following popular Books will be sold at the prices named. Any person may be purchased low at 12 Central street.

Ten Nights in a Bar Room, Uncle Tom's Cabin, entire red volumes, viz; Omar, Clayton, Elia, Whisper, Ruth Hall,

Dombey, Copse and Stray, Dombey and Son, Dealer edition, published by H. Dayton, sold for 75 cents, for

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur,

Advice to Young Men, by T. S. Arthur, sold at 50 cents, Music near Nonsense, by Fitz Gerald, &c.

THOSE

$10 SEWING Machines.

EVERYBODY needs one of those little sewing machines. Who would be without a sewing machine of some kind? In this machine, Dowse's Catarrh Snuff, where they have not already received it, they will find a machine of every good quality at any and all machines ever before invented. It will more than recommend itself over all the others on account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER,
17 Central street.

feb5

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

nov15

DEAL and Imitation CALF GLOVES, lamb lined, for sale at wholesale and retail at

BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

dec23

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo Coats, Coon Coats, Wolf and Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHELEY'S PATENT BOOT AND SHOE BRUSH. Every gentleman, call and see this Brush. Price 50 cts.

Hat, Sweeper and Shoe Brush.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHELEY'S PATENT BOOT AND SHOE BRUSH. Every gentleman, call and see this Brush. Price 50 cts.

Hat, Sweeper and Shoe Brush.

Also, a full assortment of Brushes in Lowell. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack st.

JUST RECEIVED a rich lot of FRENCH and ENGLISH CLOTHS, SATINETTS and CASSIMERES, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store, 47 Central St.

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Sawdust Coal, &c. Also, Hard and Soft Wood, sawed and split, delivered to any part of the city. Orders left at the Yard, Central street, or at Middle street, will be promptly attended to.

No. 24 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with shippers to supply the above Wood from transhipper the last year, I am now prepared to offer it to my customers at the lowest rates of the above to call at No. 24 Middle street.

WILLIAM SETTERIDGE.

Lowell, Aug. 8, 1860.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE largest and best selected stock of Books at low prices, just R. E. HUNTS Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, in proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, at any period, however obstinate the kind have been tried in vain.

Explicit directions accompany each bottle, if taken *just before* each monthly period, will prevent miscarriage, if taken according to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This is a secret incredible, but if it fail, in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in pills of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, privately to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full strength, $10; Half strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Explicit directions accompany the Emmenagogue especially for obstruction cases, to which we call the attention of the fair sex. Bear in mind, we do not, nor will we, recommend our remedy in cases of pregnancy, as it is an important discovery in the female system.

Sold by the Proprietor, DR. JACK SAMUEL, No. 2 Hudson st., N. York, and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines. Also, at the Office of DR. MATTISON'S INDIAN REMEDIES INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.

Sold in Lowell by JOHN T. BILLINGS, C. B. Kimball, S. Kidder, jr., W. W. Dutton, and by Rest Rob't Hall, and all Merrimack street.

October 10, 1860. 41y

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold for

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Silver Shaving, Almond Meal, Rose, Lily, Jockey Club and Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

TURKISH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR.—Fresh ground Graham Meal from white wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

SAM'L S. WOOD, 45 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This new and superior article is highly recommended for *Dressing and Beautifying the Hair*. It restores the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and causes the hair to grow thick and luxuriant.

Prepared only and for sale by S. KIDDER, jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for the Toilet, completely efficacious in annihilating Tan, Freckles, Sunburn, Pimples, Blotches, &c., and imparting a delicate and beautiful clearness to the skin, &c., for Merrimack and John sts.

Perfumery.

HOND'S Lily Extract, Burnett's Fluviline, and a large assortment of Perfumery, for sale by S. KIDDER, jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec18

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

is

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

AND

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure of the hand; pain in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt across the shoulder blade, frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with hax; the patient complains with pain accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough often attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold, or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, March 29, 1861.

DR. HAMLIN'S LECTURES ON TURKEY.—The second lecture, last evening, was, if anything, more interesting than the first. The subject was "The Sultan and his Government."

The present Sultan, Abdul Al Raschid, is the third child of his dynasty, in direct descent from Othman or Osman, who was born in 1259, over six hundred years ago. The household of the present Sultan consists of eighteen persons, his wives not being included. He has fifteen children—seven sons and eight daughters. The lecturer gave the names of the children, but the names are so unpronounceable that we dare not attempt to report them. The present Sultan ascended the throne in 1839, when sixteen years of age, and is consequently now in his thirty-second year. He is a mild, benevolent sovereign; unlike most of his predecessors, and is averse to shedding human blood. He is very lavish in his expenditures, having little regard for the finances of his empire. He is, however, very intemperate, giving himself up to personal pleasure; and the result is that the pashas in distant provinces do worse than ever. Not long ago, when his father, Mahmoud, was alive, now feel that their heads are safe, and carry on their iniquities without fear. He is allowed as many wives and as many concubines as he chooses. His favorite wife is very extravagant. It is reported that she owes three millions of dollars to traders in Constantinople. The Sultan is under the charge of a black Nubian eunuch, who is the most ugly specimen of humanity that could be imagined, but although a slave, he is in rank as high as a cabinet minister, and often rides with the Sultan in state, with free white attendants. There are the white eunuchs, the pages, who are educated in schools for that purpose, and the deaf and dumb eunuchs. The latter also attend the Sultan as a body guard, when he is holding private conferences. Some of them show great acuteness and sagacity, and have been known in times past to divulge secrets talked over in their presence. There are three kinds of palaces for the Sultan. First the great imperial palaces, fitted up in gorgeous style, with their harems; second, the palaces of the daughters and sisters of the Sultan; third, private palaces, where the Sultan retires when he wishes to be alone, undisturbed by the cares of state. The Sultan has recently been building six marble palaces, on the most magnificent scale, but five have been stopped for want of means to complete them.

The lecturer had visited the Sultan in the chief palace, on the banks of the Bosphorus, on two occasions, and he would describe the visits. Morse's telegraph was brought to Constantinople by order of Dr. Smith, an American citizen, who was for several years in the service of the Sultan. By a hurry in packing, some of the apparatus had been left behind, and, in order to get some tools, Dr. Smith brought the machine to his house to get his assistance in supplying the parts, and putting it in working order. He fixed it and learned the alphabet, and premature notice was sent to the Sultan that it was ready. We expected to receive word "to bring it in a week or ten days," but the curiosity of his majesty overcame his dignity, and word was returned "to bring it to-morrow." There was no alternative but to comply with the request, and the next day found us at the palace. We were received with the greatest courtesy, Mr. Brown, interpreter to the American embassy, being with us. We had to leave our boots at the entrance, and then were conducted to the throne room. This room is very large, and is fitted up in good style, though there is a struggle between the taste of the Turk and the Europe. As the party entered the room the Sultan was entering at the other end. We bowed three times, advancing each time and bowed ourselves four times, that is, in the presence of the Sultan. He saluted Messrs. Brown and Smith very politely, being acquainted, and then asked who I was. He was told that I was a gentleman, and a lecturer on the same subject with Dr. Smith, when he cordially bid me welcome, and hoped my residence in his capital would be a pleasant one.

He examined the telegraph in every part, freely asking questions, and the use of the alphabet. The only thing that distinguished him from his attendants was a rich diamond clasp on the front of his coat, his dress otherwise being plain. He stood for nearly three hours, the time spent in arranging the telegraph. He conversed about America, asked several questions about the Mexican war, and an account of which he had read, and remarked, "What a horrible thing it is for Englishmen to fight one another in war. If I could have my way, all quarrels between nations should be left to an international board, and there should be no shedding of blood." The remarks, coming from the head of Mahommedan Church, struck me very forcibly. His private secretary noticed that of arranging a map of the world, separate hat and shoes, and whispered to me, "You must not sit in the presence of royalty." I had no one else, not even an ambassador. You must either stand or kneel." I did not like the idea of kneeling to a Mahommedan as an earthly sovereign, but said nothing at the time.

When everything was arranged, he said to Mr. Smith, "you may go to the factories at Stamboul." Thinking I was going, I hastily laid the idea that he could direct it if things was any longer. "Stop," he said hastily, I remarked, "that in order to work with precision it would be necessary for me to see." The Sultan replied that I was to be placed for me, and the secretary who had conducted me, was the last to spring to get it. Horror spread over the faces of the attendants at seeing me seat myself in his majesty's presence, but when I had seated myself, the Sultan said, "You may speak." He the French ambassador to know what news does anything from Europe? He then ran to the other end of the station, sent the message, and then sent the message from me, he was surprised. He then got his several ministers to send to Europe, and came back to where I was. I was writing them, and he took the slip of paper and read them. He seemed pleased, and nothing could be more complete. He said he could not see me this, and invited us to come the next day.

When we arrived the following day, the pashas had begun to assemble. As Mr. Smith and myself were coming up the grand staircase which led to the throne room, he said that he had forgotten the alphabet, and asked me to run back and get it. I was in a hurry, as it would not do to enter the room after the pashas had assembled, and in running up stairs I mistook the door and rushed into the room where the Sultan and his secretary was. I did not notice the former till I was very near him, and it was only by exertion that a collision was prevented. When they saw by my confusion that no assassination was intended, they both burst into a hearty laugh. The working of the machine was perfect, and gave great satisfaction to the Court—about fifty persons being present. Whenever the Sultan spoke, however, all the pashas would bow themselves to the floor, and remained in that position till the end of the audience. We were received with the greatest courtesy, Mr. Brown, interpreter to the American embassy, being with us. We had to leave our boots at the entrance, and then were conducted to the throne room. This room is very large, and is fitted up in good style, though there is a struggle between the taste of the Turk and the Europe. As the party entered the room the Sultan was entering at the other end. We bowed three times, advancing each time and bowed ourselves four times, that is, in the presence of the Sultan. He saluted Messrs. Brown and Smith very politely, being acquainted, and then asked who I was. He was told that I was a gentleman, and a lecturer on the same subject with Dr. Smith, when he cordially bid me welcome, and hoped my residence in his capital would be a pleasant one.

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FLORIDA BITTERS A BLESSING TO MANKIND.

LATER FROM EUROPE. The steamship City of Baltimore arrived at New York yesterday morning, with dates to the 13th.

Turin, March 13. The citadel of Messina surrendered to the Sardinian troops to-day.

Berne, March 13. The Sardinian government has lodged a complaint with the Federal Council against Bishop Morelly, on account of his pastoral letter having contained remarks disrespectful of Victor Emanuel. The government of Canton Fribourg, before whom the complaint was presented as the only competent tribunal, has rejected it.

Naples, March 13. An encounter has taken place between a French regiment and a body of brigands. The regiment of French colonel was killed and forty-three men were wounded.

The army is to be divided into six *corps d'armee*. The fourth corps, under Cialdini, goes to Bologna.

Warsaw, March 13. A separate Council of State has been granted by the Emperor to the Kingdom of Poland. Zamoisky has been appointed President.

All was quiet at Warsaw, but it is asserted that agitation, though muffled, was increasing. Russian troops continued to arrive.

Paris, March 13. The *Patrie* denies that Prince Napoleon is about to visit Italy.

Difficulties had risen been Sir H. Bulwer and Mr. Lincoln Minister in Turkey, like a net work, and extends into Asia as far as Bagdad.

The central government, or Sublime Porte, as it is called, consists of twenty-two persons, the grand visier, ministers of foreign affairs, war, navy, finance, &c. These when assembled compose the Grand Divan. The cause of education in Turkey has greatly improved within the last twenty years. When the lecturer went to Turkey, there was not a school-book in the modern Turkish dialect but the Mission ories introduced new books, which are now universally adopted. The Turk is obliged by law to send his children to school.—The boys and girls go to the same school till the latter are about ten years old, when they go to separate schools established for them, though the wives of the wealthy employ private teachers for their daughters.—There are thirteen female seminaries in the capital, supported by government.—There are forty one papers in Turkey in the Greek language, where not many years since there were not any.

The government of the provinces, counties, chief towns, and small villages, is in the hands of officers similar to governors, each of whom is responsible to his superior in station until they reach the central government. Each governor has his council, who are selected from all sects in the province. These councils are very corrupt, and oppressive, although designed for the benefit of the people.

The governments of Europe all seem to be interested in Turkey, and have their ablest diplomatists at its Court. Russia wants the whole empire, Austria wants a part, England a trade through Egypt to India, and France wants a chance for commerce.

The European papers enlarge upon the massacres in Syria, as great enormities, but they do not compare with the atrocities committed by the Turkers, in the service of Russia, during the Crimean war.—When the war ended, the Russian government allowed these Turkers to sow their crops and then ordered them to leave the empire. They paid them off in notes not good outside of Russia. Thousands were sent to Constantinople and miserably perished by hunger and cold. Dr. Hamlin saw in the Streets or floating in the Bosphorus, was seized by them and devoured with avidity. Nothing was said in the European papers of this, however, which far exceeded any crime committed in Syria. The intention of the European governments to annihilate Turkey is frustrated by their jealousy of each other.

Were Turkey wholly reformed or her governments the most complete in the world, it would not prevent Russia from taking possession of her, provided the other powers would allow her to do it. Turkey has to rely upon twelve or thirteen millions of Mahommedans in a population of thirty-six millions. Now, with that population, and the rest of her subjects sympathizing with her great enemies, it is impossible for Turkey to resist Russia more than one or two years. We have back word that we wanted nothing, but any favor he had to bestow he might send it to the inventor, Professor Morse, who afterward received a splendid diamond shuff-box. The telegraph did not go into operation in Turkey for several years, in consequence of the opposition of the pashas, who did not relish the idea of having their proceedings reported at Constantinople every morning. During the Crimean war, the telegraph was put up and now covers European Turkey, like a net work, and extends into Asia as far as Bagdad.

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TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their flat breakers, and none who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machines in use for picking the coarse burrs from wool. They will save from 5 to 10 per cent. of wool, besides much labor. A few of their merits, are recommended in your attention, being as useful as efficient, and as superior as are those attached to flat breakers. There are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. Its strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their perfect draws and straight surface allows them placed near to the first cylinder, to save the fine and short staple. Their firm strength and indispensible set of teeth, are also worthy of your attention. Our agent for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines come in front of the coarse machine, the coarse machines of the coarser and the finer machines of the finer; and have the effect to prevent injurious substances from coming in contact with the cylinders, and will be found to be of great importance to the wear and preserving the teeth, and of needling as the cards to which they are attached.—They should therefore be attached to each card of the set.

The undersigned has presented a

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Dusting, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wools. It neither shortens the staple nor injures the hair of the wool, nor does it injure the cots. The wool is opened, spun, and carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burrs, without waste; the burrs are thrown in the Brown and two from thatthe Blouse boards of burrs. *Several fine machines* are attached whereby much additional advantage is by that machine made superior to any other machine for the purpose. They are also designed for Burring Cotton Wool and Cotton Waste, with or without Needlers attached, are also furnished.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references will be sent by addressing C. L. GODDARD, Agent.
dec6 3y NEW YORK.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were on the verge of starvation. We have over 400 testimonials from men who are making from $5 to $15 per day, and from every man who is few months since was worth nothing. To show the success of this business, we will send our own hands, devised by a circular for which we paid the sum of $5. We want one person in each town to do the work. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. By sending your address, all the directions necessary for a full understanding of the business will be given, and the possession of a business which immediately, will be sent on receipt of 25 cts. We try to be worthy the confidence of mankind. We have sold this business to over 500 people in England and this country. Address H. H. MANN & CO.,
aug24 Boston, Mass

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE being wholesale and retail at
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.
Also,
KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimnies, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at *lowest prices*, and in full quantity, at
DEARDEN'S
China and Crockery Warehouse,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
90 Merrimack Street. nov8

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Dreyer's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and have proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gros Tanned Mittens, sewed with a silk thread, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Red Mittens and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
jan21 1y

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALEN WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Lead Works, is warranted to be pure, and to contain no Barytes, Sulphate of Lead, or any other adulterant by Boat Builders and Painters generally, who have used it, that it is the best White Lead made in this country, and the best in the world. All White Lead made at above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is Forest River.

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than any other. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will go as far in painting as 150 lbs of any other kind. This fact has been satisfactorily tested in many instances in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A barrel of the above White Lead, and a keg of Linseed Oil (boiled) cannot but be cost with easier and to greater advantage than those will any other kind now offering to the public.

The Forest River Lead Company respectfully solicits the manufacture of their White Lead, engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century, and his experience, connected with numerous valuable improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article unsurpassed by any in the market.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained at the Manufactory, or of CHARLES E. COBURN, No. 4 and 5 Mechanics Building, Prince street. apr7tuly

W. DEARDEN,

AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CLATORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Fellig LOW.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see our stock.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

Music Books.

J. ULLEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music, consisting of the easiest and most popular tunes now in use, for
The Seminary, Violoncello, Flute, Violin, Flageolet and Accordion. Also, a collection of Sacred Music, full and complete, in every department. By Edward Hamilton.

Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartetts, Choruses, Duetts, Trios, and Solos, from the most famous Operas, arranged for the use of Schools, societies and social gatherings. By Edward Hamilton.

The above books are for sale at D. KIDDER, Jr., Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Music dealers in Lowell.

Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished to order. Books for the trade.
oct27 17 Central street.

WRITING PAPER. Envelopes, Pens and Ink can be purchased at the Lowell Bookstore and Music Store at better rates than at any other store in Lowell.
sept21

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Paint, Marble, Oil Cloth, Window Glass, &c. Warranted to be free from Acid or Caustic Soda, and is harmless. A few bars for sale by D. KIDDER, Jr., Corner Merrimack st. 4y20

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 4000 times WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale at H. B. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

NEW and Second hand School Books for sale at J. MERRILL, 70 Merrimack st. Cash paid for Second hand Books. 17 Central st.
Merrimack street. mar

CARRIAGE ROBES at BRAZER'S

MUSIC STORE!

AND
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Sculpturing and Bronzing Frames for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
Watches, &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SONS PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the

NEW MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories,
Tyler's Block,

All kinds of Instruments to be at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands, Music Boxes, &c.

Also agents for Chickering's & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., and others.

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street.

Sole Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the
Patent Portland Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, and are given from Parafine, Kerosene, &c.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parafine Lubricating Oil for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of fine machinery. E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parafine Lubricating Oil for Woolen Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, superior to Sperm, Whale or Lard Oil, 75 cents; Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 65 cents; White Chemical Oil, for Machinery, No. 1, 75 cents; do. do. for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 65 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oils, 110 John street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.
sep27 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.

The ready Pure Lye Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner Will make hard water soft, and soft water hard, in a few minutes.

One box contains 48 lbs., refines grease, usually given
4 to 1 1-2 lbs. refined grease, usually given 20 lbs.
2 " " " " 10 " 5 cts.

Forty-five cents, inserted in the cost of a barrel of *first-rate* SOFT SOAP.

Recipe for making different kinds of Soap, *sent free* by addressing
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.

***The SAPONIFIER can be had of any merchant in the Country.
May, 1860. may31tly

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, which for power, quality of tone, promptness of action and durability, are unsurpassed at the late Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Pianos, at manufacturers' prices, warranted, in addition to which we have Piano Forte Stools and Covers, Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
jan31 1y

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALDEN COD'S LIVER

in curing Coughs without the slightest pain where all other remedies, with no exceptions at the late *Mechanics' Fair* in this city, have continually on hand a large assortment of Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Pianos, at manufacturers' prices, warranted, in addition to which we have Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
jan31 1y

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL in COLORS, subjects to no imperfections when received, and will be sold at **Lower Prices** than can be had at any other House in Lowell.
Lowell, by ADAMS & NORTH

$3.00 $4.00

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. jan21tf

BINNINGER'S LIQUORS

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES; Floor Brushes with long handle, Scrub Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Ivory Handle Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Hair Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a *Flat Crash and Sweeper* combined, something entirely new—use the thing to clean the floor thoroughly. Just received and for sale by
nov26 H. B. HAYNES 45 Merrimack st

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the finest, elegant or coarse fabrics, it endless variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will run backwards or forwards, any thickness or Material, without stopping, and make sew y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even steer hard leather. Also, changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever, is not such a machine best adapted to family use,) and if easy adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacturing. For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic cloths, goods, or any kind of seam.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable for more years continuous operation, or more easily understood.

Every variety of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, together with the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 9.—Whatever work can do the same thing generally, wherever properly exhibited in operation, it will be found the best sewing machine. But we have space for only a few of the many testimonials received.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an extensive
Modern Types and Presses,
supplied with all the most

to us, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and so as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Cards,
Circulars,
Bill Heads,
Programmes,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Newspapers,
Books,
Pamphlets,
Constitutions,
Labels,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fancy and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of business—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE,
Proprietors.

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,
a now opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment of goods, suitable for this market in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
AND COMMON WARE,
which for *style, quality, quantity and cheapness*, is unsurpassed by any in the market.

All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine our stock and learn prices at

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will suit their taste and purse.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
90 MERRIMACK STREET.
W. DEARDEN.

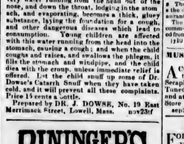
THE subscribers manufacture and put up, IRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and SUPERIOR workmanship.

CUSHING & MACK,
Nos. 123 and 125 Market street.
may2d

DR. DOWSE'S
HEADACHE AND CATARRH
SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public favor. One trial will satisfy a disease of the head, producing a slight watery condition of the eyes, nose, and down the throat, lodging in the stomach, and evaporating, becomes a thick, glary substance, laying the foundation for a cough, and other dangerous symptoms, which lead to consumption. Young children are affected with this water running from the head into the stomach, causing a cough; and when the child coughs and rakes, and swallows the phlegm, it fills the stomach and windpipe, and the child dies with the croup, unless immediate relief is offered. Let the child smell up some of Dr. Dowse's Catarrh Snuff, and it will relieve it. Sold, and it will prevent all these complaints. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Prepared by DR. J. DOWSE, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. mar20tf



A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778.)
GIN as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, Especially designed for the use of the *Medical Profession and the Family*, having superseded the so called "Holland Gin," "Jamaica," "Cordial" or "Medicated," "Schnapps," &c., is now indorsed by all the prominent physicians, Hospitals, Dispensaries, and Asylums, as being entirely free from those deleterious properties which render the use of the ordinary Gin so prejudicial to health, and is pure Gin and nothing else, and is imported direct by the Proprietors.
A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1778.)
Sole Proprietors, 39 Old London Dock, London.
Sold in Lowell by J. P. KELTON, 87 Market street. 19Sep1y-TuThsSat1y

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by
OBN T. BILLINGS
nov15

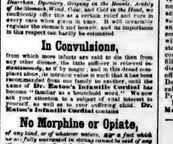
500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. jan21tf

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

FURS! FURS!



BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
30 Central Street, 30
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

In early use the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, and will be sold at the lowest cash prices in the country. Call in and look at them.

M. DEMPSEY, CAUN. &c., manufactured to order.
oct dtf

MOTHERS

IT should be obvious not only to you, but to every thinking person, that Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the article to use for your children during the process of their teething, and for the relief and cure of those disorders, a remedy known to

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL

Prepared from a Formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, as a safe and sure remedy for Cholera Infantum, and for relieving Convulsions, and one trial alone will convince the most skeptical that this will any other kind now offering to the public. It is particularly recommended for

Children Teething;

And at the period of dentition, when so many precious lives are prematurely destroyed by mismanagement or ignorance, it should be in every family. *Following the Directions in every bottle, and following all Parental Precautions, it is impossible to give the Infant Opium in any form.* Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is a substitute for *Godfrey's Cordial, Soothing Syrups, Paregoric, Opium, Castor Oil, Oil of Wormwood, Wind, Colic, and Oil on the Head*, as confidently recommended by the Mothers, Nurses and Physicians in every case where given in time. It will invariably relieve the Infant suffering from Worms, and is important in this respect too lastly be examined

For Convulsions

from which more children die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately after the first dose is given, and a few doses will effect a permanent cure. It is not that it can been recommended from one infant to another, as the Mother, Nurse or Physician, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become "familiar as a household word." We now ask your attention to the Cordial, and your support, as well as to our suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is for sale by

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, nor a fact which we challenge contradiction, can be proved to be said *of any other preparation for infantile disease, at this time be found in Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.* Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is for sale by druggists and dealers in medicines throughout the United States, and by the sole proprietor, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial office from every other remedy.
jy 31

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it with its soothing the convulsions of your children, but entirely through its operation on the stomach, relieves it of its pain and cramps of disease. We earnestly recommend you, Mothers, to give it a trial, and we assure you that you will not be disappointed in the result. It will never fail to relieve the child from pain and distress.

You know best Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This you can rely upon. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPUOY,
No. 650 Broadway, New York.
And sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in his soul," &c. &c.

JUST received, 350 pieces from Gratiston and Curtis' Boston Music Saloon, comprising a part of the Piano by Otto Dresel.

Also, Songs by Carl Zerrahn

Also, Songs by Carl Zerrahn

Also, Songs by Carl Zerrahn

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, March 30, 1861.

CENSUS OF 1860. We present below the official figures of the census of 1860, as furnished to the papers by Mr. Kennedy, Superintendent of the Census Bureau.

States.	Free.	Slaves.	Total.
Alabama	529,164	435,080	964,201
Arkansas	324,323	111,259	435,582
California	380,015		380,015
Connecticut	460,151		460,151
Delaware	90,589	1,798	92,597
Florida	78,687	61,753	140,425
Georgia	591,550	462,230	1,057,797
Illinois	1,711,951		1,711,951
Indiana	1,350,479		1,350,479
Iowa	674,948		674,948
Kansas	107,110		107,110
Kentucky	919,517	225,490	1,155,684
Louisiana	376,913	332,520	709,433
Maine	628,276		628,276
Maryland	599,846	171,188	687,034
Massachusetts	1,231,065		1,231,065
Michigan	749,113	436,696	1,171,809
Minnesota	150,037	114,965	172,317
Mississippi	354,412		354,412
Missouri	1,063,489		1,063,489
New Hampshire	325,579		325,579
New Jersey	672,035		672,035
New York	3,887,542		3,887,542
North Carolina	629,963	331,081	961,044
Ohio	2,339,599		2,339,599
Oregon	52,464		52,464
Pennsylvania	2,906,370		2,906,370
Rhode Island	174,621		174,621
South Carolina	301,271	402,541	703,812
Tennessee	834,031	275,784	1,109,815
Texas	420,651	182,566	603,217
Virginia	1,105,196	490,887	1,596,083
Wisconsin	775,873		775,873
Washington	11,594		11,594
Total	27,457,990	3,949,553	31,134,998
Territories.			
Colorado	34,197		34,197
Dakota	4,839		4,839
Nebraska	28,832	10	28,842
Nevada	6,857		6,857
New Mexico	93,516	24	93,540
Utah	40,261	29	40,290
Washington	11,594		11,594
Indian Territory	59,774	3,511	63,285
Total	27,457,990	3,949,553	31,134,998

One of the most interesting questions in connection with the census is the representatives to which different States will be entitled. The law provides that 233 representatives to be apportioned among the several States according to population (three-fifths of the slaves being counted). We present below a table giving the number of representatives at each period since the Constitution went into operation. That of 1789 was provided for in the Constitution; that of 1793 and 1803 on a ratio of 33,000; 1813 one of 35,000; 1823 of 40,000; 1833 of 47,700; 1843 of 70,680; 1853 of 93,420; 1863 of 126,853. It will be seen that nine of the thirteen original States lose one or more representatives from the last apportionment, while the other four, New Hampshire, Connecticut, New Jersey and Delaware barely hold their own. The seceded States would be entitled to thirty-two representatives, a loss of one from the last census. The comparisons in the table will be a study for the curious, showing that "westward the star of empire takes its way."

	1789	1793	1803	1813	1823	1833	1843	1853	1863
Alabama a							5	7	9
California									3
Connecticut	5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4
Delaware	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida								1	2
Georgia	3	4	6	7	8	9	8	8	10
Illinois					1	3	7	11	11
Indiana				3	7	10	11	11	11
Iowa							2	2	2
Kansas									1
Kentucky		2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9
Louisiana				1	3	4	4	4	6
Maine			7	7	8	8	7	6	5
Maryland	6	8	9	9	6	6	6	6	6
Massachusetts	8	14	17	20	13	12	10	10	10
Michigan						1	3	4	4
Minnesota									2
Mississippi					1	2	2	2	2
Missouri				1	2	5	5	7	7
New Hampshire	5	4	5	6	5	5	4	3	3
New Jersey	5	5	6	6	6	7	5	5	4
New York	10	17	27	29	34	40	34	33	31
North Carolina	5	10	12	13	13	15	9	8	7
Ohio			1	6	14	19	21	21	19
Oregon									1
Pennsylvania	8	13	18	24	28	28	24	25	25
Rhode Island	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina	5	6	8	9	9	9	6	4	4
Tennessee		3	6	9	13	13	11	10	10
Texas									2
Vermont	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Virginia	10	19	22	23	21	21	15	13	13
Wisconsin							2	3	3
a—Admitted in 1819 with one.									
	1789.	1793.	1803.	1813.	1823.	1833.	1843.	1853.	1863.
Total	65	105	142	182	213	240	223	234	233

A FRANK CONFESSION, WITH RARE-HANDED COMPLIMENT.—Every one has long been aware that ex-Secretary Floyd derived a large part of his term of office especially to surreptitiously supplying, under one pretext and another, the Southern States with munitions and arms to bring about the present state of affairs that has brought our country into its present deplorable condition. But probably it has never been thought that there could be those so devoid of moral principle as to undertake to glorify the base guilty of such a wrong. Strange things, however, are said in these days to surprise one, and no one will be much astonished to read the following exceedingly cool eulogistic notice of as good a specimen of a traitor as ever "swung at the halter. The sheet from which we quote (the Southern Confederacy, Atlanta, Ga.,) talks eulogies in language toward the unblighted people of the free States that is not complimentary, certainly is not like by to befog the reader as to what its opinions of them are. We copy but one paragraph from the article. It says:

"But for the foresight and firm nerve and patriotic providence of John B. Floyd, in what state and part would the Union of States be floundering in this day. He saw the inevitable doom of the Union, or the doom of his own people, if he remained in the past, from his stand-point, he had an unparalleled load of vanom and hate entailed him to see the great danger which threatened us, but which was hid below the horizon from the eyes of most of us. Where is his faithful loyalty to his own persecuted people to be sickened and shocked at the state of condition were the Southern States?... The North had the heavy guns, the light arms, the powder and the shot, and had at the North had every thing else that belonged to the common government. How quarrelly were men skilled from our soil who might have been here today to murder us at Abraham Lincoln's order! How slender the garrisons became in Southern forts which were to be ours and belong to history else, but which a savage enemy now claims and rages to get possession of. What sent 37 batteries of arms to Georgia? How came 60,000 more prime muskets to arm at Jackson, Mississippi? And, in short, why have we any thing at all in the South to mail the strong hands of the sons of the South with at this hour, when every heart, and hand, and arm of her children are needed in her defense? Truth demands it of us, to declare that we owe to John B. Floyd an eternal tribute of gratitude for all this. Had he been less the patriot than he was, we might now have been disarmed, and at the mercy of a nation of cut-throats and plunderers."

DAKOTA. This territory, as now constituted, covers an area sufficient for six large States. The north-east corner of the territory is at the point where the Red River of the North crosses the line separating the British dominions from the United States. Thence it follows that river south to latitude about 46 deg., thence along Travers and Big Stone lakes, and thence duly south to the intersection of Big Sioux river with the Missouri, then it up the latter to its intersection with the Niobrara, thence up this to its intersection with the Keha Paha, thence up this river to its source, and thence westward to the Rocky Mountains. Thence north-westerly along said mountains to the line dividing this territory from the British territory, and thence easterly along said line to the place of beginning. This takes off the greater part of the original Nebraska territory, leaving about the same area that Kansas has.

The Red River of the North is a sluggish stream, watering a valley rich, beautiful, and extending across the line to the mouth of the river in Winnipig Lake, which connects with Hudson's Bay by Nelson river. The principal settlement on our side of the line is at Pembina, near the line. On the British side the settlements are quite numerous, the principal one being Kildonan, about seventy miles from the line, and having a population of about 10,000. This is in the vicinity of the Hudson Bay Company, to whom it is estimated that upward of $200,000 worth of furs are sold annually from our side of the line, and our traders are receiving a rich harvest by furnishing supplies to the settlers on the other side. This trade is increasing rapidly. The Red River of the North is navigable for boats of three feet draught four months in the year, for nearly 400 miles in that territory. The Dakota waters a beautiful prairie region, and is navigable with hunting canoes about 600 miles. The Missouri, rising in the extreme western part of the territory, passes through its entire extent, watering a narrow valley well adapted to agriculture. The middle and northern part of the territory is an extensive plain called "Coteau Prairie," situate between the 43d and 46th parallels of latitude, and extending about 200 miles. On either side of this are boundless fertile prairies over which the eye of the traveler gazes in wonder as he stands on this elevated plateau. But very little of this vast territory has been surveyed, but all travelers speak of it as a beautiful and fertile region destined eventually to gather and support a vast population.

FROM WASHINGTON. The receipts of the Treasury last week were $600,000; making the net balance on hand, $1,588,000. Much anxiety is expressed respecting the distribution for building the seven steam sloops-of-war ordered by the last Congress. There has been no official action as yet in regard to the matter, the appropriation for that purpose not being available until after the first of July.

A correspondent of the New York Post has informed that paper that orders have gone west to confine the goods introduced from Southern ports without payment of the regular United States duties. The Post considers this very strict, and says that Port Dickens was reinforced years ago, during the night, by several hundred troops from Government ships.

It is still believed that an extra session of Congress is inevitable.

SOUTHERN NEWS. In the Virginia Convention on Thursday a resolution declaring that "African slavery is the vital part of the social system of the State wherein it exists," came up for action. Ex-Gov Wise moved to add "and of the political system of the federal government." Lost—37 to 90. The resolution was then adopted, and the committee rose.

A dispatch from New Orleans says that the stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railroad have resolved literally to make a call for an advance of a dollar on each share. Many paid the whole amount.

Pensacola dates of the 26th say the U. S. steamer Brooklyn had left, it is supposed for Key West, to obtain provisions for Fort Pickens. The Southern troops continue to arrive at Pensacola, and the force will soon reach 5000 men.

THE NEW ORLEANS correspondent of the Traveller says of Gen. Twiggs:—

"Gen. Twiggs—and I have it from an eye-witness—since his arrival here, has been more than once seen weeping like a child for deserting the cause of his country in the hour of trial. You may rely on the correctness of this statement."

We shall expect to read among the telegraphic dispatches on Monday a contradiction something like this:—"The report that Gen. Twiggs had been seen weeping is contradicted; he has not shed a tear since he left his country," and that will be—as He considers such an insinuation a base imputation of war, and has declared his intention to wipe out every vestige of the power of the abolition government has in Florida, and this he will do without the slightest compunction of conscience."

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday, the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad extension bill was discussed at great length, and a substitute adopted, 16 to 12, and the bill ordered to a second reading. The bill to protect gas consumers was ordered to be engrossed. The resolve in relation to the People's Pacific Railroad Company and to define the costs of criminal prosecutions were ordered to a third reading. In the House an order was adopted that on and after to-day all petitions, memorials and papers of a like nature be referred to the next General Court. The vote to engross the bill defining the qualifications of voters for Representatives to Congress, after some debate, was reconsidered, by a vote of 70 to 58, when the bill was recommitted.—The report ought not to pass, on the bill to regulate the dividends on deposits in Savings Banks, was taken from the table and placed in the orders of the day.

POSTMASTER OF BOSTON. Hon. John G. Palfrey, of Cambridge, has received the appointment of Postmaster of Boston. The sympathy for that position has been a lively one, the prominent contestants being Mr. Palfrey, Dr. Phelps, and Mr. Congdon of the Bee.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE. Rev. J. A. Knowles, late of Lake Village, was installed over the Elm Street Freewill Baptist Church, in Manchester, N. H., last Tuesday evening. Rev. D. Mott, of this city, preached the installation sermon, which is spoken of by Manchester papers as an able production.

The New England Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will meet in the Hanover Street Church, Boston, next Wednesday, and will remain in session about one week. It was voted to meet at Waltham, but soon after the last conference the church in that place was burned. Then it was agreed to meet at East Cambridge, but recently that church was burned also, and the arrangements in Boston were all completed, when it was found that it could not be ready for the session.

The Lecture appointed for the evening will be postponed one week. Subject—Fear the Hornet, and the Crusades.

Rev. W. H. ALDEN will lecture in the First Baptist Church on next evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject—Daniel, the Metal Hero. At the close of the service the ordinance of baptism will be administered.

There will be preaching Sabbath evening at the Worthen Street Baptist Church, services commencing at 7 o'clock. Baptism at the close of the sermon.

MISS EMMA HARRISON will occupy the Gethsemane Hall, to-morrow evening, as a Bible school, at the usual hours. That will be the only opportunity that Miss Harrison will speak in Lowell at present.

Death. Mrs. Paul Moody died at her residence, on Nesmith Street, last Thursday evening, at the advanced age of eighty-one years. Her health has been poor for some weeks, but she was able to be about her house till within a few hours of her death. She was the relict of Paul Moody, Esq., whose name is inseparably connected with that of Francis C. Lowell, Patrick T. Jackson, Jonathan Kirk Hastings, Nathan Appleton, and others, in originating and building up Lowell. Mr. Moody came here in 1822, sold a number of machines, took charge of the machine shop, which position he held until his sudden death, July 7th, 1831, at the age of about fifty-two years. The funeral of Mr. Moody will take place from her late residence next Monday, after which her remains will be taken to Byfield, the native place of her husband.

ANOTHER OLD RESIDENT GONE. Died in this city, this morning, Mr. Reuben Butterfield, aged 79 years. He was born in Chelmsford, now Lowell, and with the exception of three or four years, has always resided here. The funeral will take place at his daughter's residence (Mrs. William Tyler) No. 57 Howard Street, next Monday afternoon at two o'clock. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

FIRE LAST NIGHT. Last evening about ten o'clock, fire was discovered in an unoccupied barn on Allen Street, belonging to Mr. C. B. Richmond. The alarm was given on the street and most of the Department came out, but the fire was extinguished by the neighbors with a few pails of water, and it was the general impression at the time that it was a false alarm. The damage was trifling. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary, as no fire had been used about the building, and a board was found this morning to have been removed sufficient to admit a person.

FESTIVAL NEXT WEDNESDAY EVENING. Preparations are being made which will make the festival of the Second Universalist Society, next week, a most attractive and highly pleasing entertainment. The present features *entirely new*, which must be very novel and afford an opportunity for any quantity of mirthfulness. The pantomime of *Dream in Fairy Land*, in which thirteen children beautifully dressed will act, while little old men and women will be suddenly transformed into fairies, and elves, and decorations will fall around the stage at the will of the little enchantress, must be very beautiful. We learn there are to be seven juvenile pantomimes, and each one of them are entirely new, and that one, "The Henpecked Husband," will be reported by children. The tableau of *Baldazzini's Feast* must be a splendid one. Costumes are to come from Boston, and the wares, for the table, from the establishment of Mr. Amos Sanborn. We learn that there is to be a *Dinner conference* as a part of this festival, in which five ladies and six gentlemen in full Chinese costume will have part. This will consist of a wedding, a concert in the Chinese language, and a Chinese dinner. In addition to these features there will also be good music and plenty of refreshments. We understand that this festival will be one night only.

CLAM CHOWDER. Last Saturday none of the restaurants had supplied their customers with the customary Saturday evening clam chowder, for the reason that the great fall of snow had enveloped all the clam beds. Yesterday, however, the boys in search of the delicious bivalve, went to the old clam beds. To their surprise the snow, less their way, and the disagreeable and dangerous alternative of passing a night on the road became apparent. Fortunately they had with them a feather bed and a considerable quantity of bed clothing. Covering their horse well with blankets, they blocked him before the sleigh; then lifting out the bed, they arrayed their heads on the snow, tipped the sleigh bottom-side-up, crawled under it, and slept soundly and comfortably. In the morning they packed things, and after a couple of hours succeeded in getting to comfortable quarters. Such a couple of sensible women for you.—*Traveller*.

THE Japanese treaty boxes were furnished by Samuel Lawis, a jeweler in Washington, at an expense of $2,400, which has since been paid by the amount of consequent expenditures of the department of State. Some of the boxes were of silver, and some were silver mounted. The most costly were engraved, silver mounted.

WRITES a small postscript she begins to feel a peculiar sensitiveness about the nose; and who involuntarily cringes every time she hears an axe. "I loathe the name Dogtera or Linken. I take no responsibility for the existence of the word. If whose grate efter-ni ancestors fit and bled and died on the battle of Braade Wine, I'm proud to say it, voted the grand national dinner critic ticket of *Beverage and Lemon*."

A CHAMPION runner challenged another to run with him, agreeing to carry ten pounds weight, leaving the choice of what he should carry to his opponent, whereupon the latter chose ten pounds of full blown bladders.

CHARLES T. KELLY, a painter by trade, while walking on the railroad track in Manchester, N. H., on Thursday, was run over and fatally injured.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

Religious services will be held in the South Congregational (Rev. Mr. Hinckley's) Church, to-morrow at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M.

EASTER SUNDAY. The Easter services at St. John's Chapel, (Rev. Mr. Richmond's) will commence to-morrow morning at 4 o'clock, and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

There *will be* services at the Second Universalist Church to-morrow morning at the usual hour. This notice is given to correct a report originating in the fact, that the Church is now being cleaned and repaired, and as at one time supposed that it could not be ready for service.

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SUPERIOR COURT, *Morton J.*—Sullivan vs. Scripture, verdict for defendant.

The case of Benj vs. Wilkins, which was put on trial yesterday afternoon, is an action of tort brought to recover damages for an alleged assault upon the plaintiff and for insulting and abusive language toward the same. The defense set up is no abuse or insult offered and a total denial of any such transaction, and the defendant tried to prove the assault came from the prosecuting party. After the evidence was all in, both parties were dismissed till Monday morning at 9 o'clock. A. Y. Lynde for plaintiff; Chas. Russell and Wm. P. Webster for defendant.

This morning the Court is engaged in hearing motions and arranging matters for Monday.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon Patrick Nolan, for attempting to damage the olfactories of Jane Riley, was brought before the Court, settled with Jane, and was let off on a fine of one cent and costs.

Charles Graham and Patrick Murphy for breaking and entering in the night time the shop of Joseph Whitely and stealing therefrom, and thence to the value of $61, were ordered to the Superior Court in $200 each.

MUSICAL. We are pleased to learn that arrangements for a grand concert by the Mendelssohn Quintette Club of Boston, are in progress in this city, to take place next Fast day evening. The great reputation of the club and their immense popularity, is a sufficient guarantee for success. We predict for them a crowded house. They will be accompanied by Miss D. P. Pearson, who has sung at their concerts in various places this season with the greatest success. She is said to possess a highly cultivated, flexible voice of remarkably five ability and sweetness of tone. Her trill is spoken of as being exceedingly fine. We presume there may be sure a rare treat is in store for them.

LECTURE ON TEMPERANCE. Mr. George W. Cahill will lecture in Huntington Hall to-morrow evening, commencing at seven o'clock. Mr. Cahill's lectures elsewhere have been productive of much good in reclaiming the inebriate, and we hope that success will crown his efforts in our midst. As the lecture is free, he will be greeted with a full house.

EASTER SUNDAY. To-morrow is Easter Sunday, a day observed, especially by the Episcopal and Catholic Churches, in commemoration of the resurrection of the Saviour. The religious services are of more than usual interest on this day.

THE PANORAMA OF CHINA. By an advertisement elsewhere, it will be seen that the Panorama opens at Mechanics' Hall next Tuesday evening, when undoubtedly there will be quite a rush for tickets.

FINNY FEATS are "if there is a thing which a pickerel can't do," is the modest description of a lady's dress. The new style of wearing the hair, as a newspaper article, may be instantaneously determined when it is delicate subject is ventured upon. After a man has "shot a gold arrow" through a woman's hair, or stuck the inevitable stereotyped "comb" in it, we are mentioned that 'her lace was point,' her bonnet was diamond,' her shawl was 'a dress of 'evident richness,' or 'very tasteful.' We couldn't possibly say *tasteful*—or, that her bonnet was a love of a bonnet—she is gone—and it is really touching to think of the bewildered creature's unconsciousness or infirmity of body, all the defects of speech, all the failings of temper, intensified by consternation, so that every bit of our own, finds itself multiplied by reflection, like our images in a saloon lined with mirrors.

THE line so frequently quoted in years past, to wit—

"Of milk his head—so much for Buckingham."

in view of the peculiar state of political so-called, it is thought should be subjected to a slight emendation, thus:

"Of milk his head—so milk for Abraham."

A CERTAIN hotel in New York was ornamented last week with a framed card, hung up in a conspicuous place, and giving the names of the persons, male and female, who, during the past two years, had left without paying their bills. One lady is put down on the list as having left, owing seventy dollars."

THE pail factory in Bakersville, (Fitchburgh, N. H.) belonging to Mr. Merrifield, was destroyed by fire on the 22d inst., together with all the contents. Loss about $6000.

A MODEL ADDRESS. Mayor Moody, of Belfast, Me., was published on Sunday last, after which he delivered the following address to the City Council:—

"Gentlemen of the City Council—I presume that there will be no need for me on Monday last know that I was not a talking man, but a working man; and now, gentlemen, I am here, ready to go to work."

AFTER the first of April next, another night mail is to be run between Boston and New York, by way of Providence.

O, WHAT A STORY! The correspondent of the *New York Express* says that there are on file for parmastarships over two hundred and fifty applications from colored citizens of Massachusetts. It will thus be seen that they are contracting to an appalling extent the vices of their white brethren.

A PUZZLE. Place nine dots in such a manner that ten straight lines may be drawn over them, each line touching three dots.

ROBIN REDBREAST, the pretty porringer of Spring, was at Portland this week.—*Post*.

"Pretty porringer!" What! Making fun of the birds? They'll never cover you with leaves when you get lost in the woods, if you do.

COL. COLT, of Hartford, Ct., (say one of our exchanges) has raised $1,000 worth of cucumbers in a hot-house, this month, and he has on hand $5,000 worth of grapes, ripened in the same mammoth building. Figs, rose, plums, and rare flowers he has also in profusion.

A COMPANY of girls have been giving concerts at Manchester, England, clear coaled and rigged out as damsels of the plantation, and have been highly successful.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. The regular bi-monthly meeting of this Board will be held at their room this afternoon at two o'clock.

A GREAT BLESSING TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. D. McLane, the inventor of the celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., stand first pills for several years in his practice, before he could be induced to offer them to the public in such a manner as to make them known throughout the country. This learned physician left the same impression that all high-minded men of science feel in entering the lists against those unscrupulous pretenders who claim their medicines to be panaceas upon the public, and rely upon a system of puffing to sustain them. Convinced, however, of the real merit of his Liver Pills, and influenced by the plain dictates of duty, the Doctor finally authorized Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., who are now the sole proprietors to manufacture and place them before the public. The great medicine has not disappointed the expectations of its friends, the medical faculty, at whose instance he was induced to place them before the public in their present popular form. From every quarter we hear the most gratifying accounts of their wonderful curative effects, not only in the West, the North and the South, but also in the East, where a "great joy" from the afflicted. These wonderful Pills are working a complete revolution in the country of America, the Liver Complaint.

Dr. McLane is entitled to and does DR MCLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be McLane's Liver Pills, but the genuine McLane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at the regular retailing stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

mar25 *1m

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auctioning prices by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as low as 50 cents. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at Adams & North's, selling at reduced prices, and those falling to be suited from our assortment can get with us to order and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture Coverings received from Messrs. Prescott Brothers, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

FOR MANUFACTORY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs at reduced prices in order to close them out before the season closes. Store open evenings. 1m

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on large scale) and full description of the Railroads in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide and Gazetteer. Also, Steamboat routes, and Steamboat Tickets. Office, 182 Merchants' Exchange, New York. Price, 3 cents. Terms, 25 cents per month.

B. H. FISHER, sole agent.

jan16dly

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is the agent in Lowell. jan9dtf

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING CARPETINGS. A large assortment, at very low prices, for cash or approved credit, sold as cheap as the damaged goods in the city auctions. Call at the Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOURAUD MATTINGS. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar19d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Colburn, T. Nesmith, G. C. Richardson, Jr., Paul Moody, W. P. Stickney, B. S. Richardson, Jr., Wm. Crosby, E. T. Sherman, Jr.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurance on Dwelling Houses, Stores, and other buildings. No assessment has ever been made in this department. The Capital Stock is $125,000, all paid in. The STOCK DEPARTMENT is for insurance on Factories, Machinery, Merchandise, and other property not hazardous. A Dividend is paid on profits annually. The Capital Stock is $100,000, all paid in.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

JOHN C. PALFREY, President.
E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
jan21 *1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up clearer,
It lasts longer,
It goes further in quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other fuel.

Call and see it burning coal. And the genuine can be bought only at

WHEELER & WILSON'S OFFICE, 27 CENTRAL AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 French Block. mar14dtf

"BUT ME, AND ALL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of Scrofula or King's Evil, Humors, from a pimple to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Erysipelas; Salt Rheum; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are both mild and powerful, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, restore the appetite, promote digestion, cleanse and purify the blood, and by their wonderful power in subduing disease, make the system perfectly healthy and strong. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, Prickly Ash, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to get the greatest medicinal effect from them. They are the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine ever offered to the people, and when this medicine and all should use it at once. Persons and families all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Be sure to get Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic and healthy purgative pill. Only 25 cents a box.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Office, 120 Hudson St., N. Y.

JOHN C. LANGLEY & CO.

GODWIN A. CO., Boston.

Sold in Lowell by Drs. Jas. Agnew, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1y

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years in the most unvarying and perfect control of Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing the voice. Military men and travelers will find them a safeguard against sudden changes of climate. Their use at night will prevent any disturbance of rest from Coughs and colds. Their timely use will break up the most severe Coughs and colds, and relieve even those apparently in the last stage of Consumption. Their agreeable taste recommends them to the most delicate. The medical properties are such that they will modify and control any disease in the system, and will readily take them; they are warranted to give satisfaction in every case, or the money will be refunded.

Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL HOWARD, Jr.

mar18 1m

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

For the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Catarrh, and all Diseases of the Throat. Public Speakers and Singers will find the various invigorating, cleansing and strengthening properties of these Troches invaluable. For sale by all Druggists. 1y

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at No. 3 HAYNES' China Emporium.

apr5 2w

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against fire and by FIRE, no exceeding $5,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies granted for terms of one or five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, John Avery, Arthur T. Lyman, Charles Cowley, Jr., Samuel Lawrence, Edward Dana, Abiel Abbot, Jr., Alvah Crocker, Fitchburg, Alvin A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates,

Josiah G. Abbott, John Avery, Walter Wright, Caleb M. Marvel, Edward Dana, Elijah M. Reed, Jr.

Nathan Allen, Jr., Lowell.

Arthur T. Lyman, Boston.

Charles Cowley, Jr., Lowell.

Benjamin E. Bates, Lowell.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary pro tem.

Office, 60 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

Office at Exchange Building, Boston.

mar25 1m

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000

Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

NEW YORK.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies unite on property at as low rates as responsible companies offer. Policies written and losses promptly paid by

E. P. HOWARD, Agent,
No. 18 Appleton Block, (over Adams & North.)

mar29dtf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 1, 1860. apr2 1m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 100 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulations April, 1860.

$253,912.29?

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned thereon.

$100,000 deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:

Preston Lyman, Charles Stebbins, Wm. H. Aspinwall, Alex'r H. Rice, Jr., Wm. Bayard, John Anderson, George B. Bennett, C. W. Prichard, Wm. Bayard, Jr., Robert Bowne, Jr., S. S. Fernandez, Wm. Bayard, Jr., Alex. G. Hodgkins, Jr.

Fleet Owner, Brookly

RELIGIOUS.

The Moral Power of Commerce.

A SERMON.

BY REV. E. H. FOSTER.

TEXT.—"Many shall run to and fro, and knowledge shall be increased."—Daniel xii. 4.

The influence of Commerce upon society, and the true theory of commercial obligation are points which need to be studied with careful attention. Questions of moral duty in matters of commerce are varied and complicated. Opinions are not accordant. The simple, uneducated sense of right and wrong is not an adequate guide. It sets out fine gang of regret for our neighbor's distresses, we must look, it may be, to the barbarian, scorning the principles of civilization and religion; renouncing all human fellowship and bonds, he roves over the fields for plunder; breaking into villages with armed band for spoil; mocking the lamentations of men with mid-night war-whoop and with gleaming tomahawk we must trade. God said to Adam, and to all his vicissitudes of climate and variations of soil, for ourselves. We gain from produces wheat, and another corn. One lives in rich, tropical lowlands, and raises cotton, another has the rugged sides and top of cold hill country, and raises wool. One section of country has orange and vine, another has apples and plums. One region is noted for its timber; another for its grasses; another for its wines; another for its fourth for its vegetable roots; a fifth for its fine metals. All this is to demonstrate that God is good, and that his bounties are infinite. All these diversities are designed, not to separate men, but to bring them together, to connect them of their continental interdependence, to awaken mutual sympathies, to impart reciprocal benefits.

Correspondent with these variations in the products of Nature, are the manifold diversities in the gifts of man. One is formed, by nature, with a strong mind, and by the habits of his life, for agricultural labors; one for mechanical ingenuity; another for the navigation of the sea; still another for the mathematics of the counting room; a fifth for artful exchanges; and a sixth for rapid work of the brain. And these diversities do not separate men, but bring them together. There is an endless division of labor, and it plainly appears that no one man must rely, in large extent, for the enjoyments of life and for the privileges of his lot, upon his fellow-men. No man, with his unassisted mind and unaided skill, could procure a single garment that he wears. Take the fur he has, the wool for his coat, or the skins for his boot, and ask him to go through the entire process of transformation, from the raw material to the finish of garment, he would lack instrumentalities to do the work, if he had not the requisite knowledge, if he had the tools. But all this is changed by the law, and without perplexity, by exchange.

Helps to national intercourse, and invitations to trade are found in every river, and every expansive lake. The ocean itself, which, for long centuries, was held as an invincible wall, separating kingdom and a barrier against all international traffic, has now become, by discoveries of science and inventions of art, the most perfect and facile medium of communication. Ships, steamers, schooners, sloops, freighted hourly with goods, crowded with passengers, are passing day and night on the wide waste of waters, more swift and untiring than birds of flight, which haste from Northern to Southern climes; more rapid, more enterprising than caravans of the earth ages, which crossed the desert more loudly, more penetrating than cross ders of the ocean. The electric telegraph, in 3 minutes, is more energetic and high than all the inventions of the modern times, the magic of instantaneous transmission of flaming banners to the sun.

In all this we see, not a peaceful and life-saving exercise of the human faculties, and a turning aside of the thoughts of men from violence and conflict, but the formation of alliances, to the boundaries of friendly communion, to the most beautiful and honorable trade. In all this we discover new proofs of the wisdom and love of God, who has made the world a vast theatre for human ingenuity and activity; who has given to it the social sense, which excites and warm social faculties, an age to friendship, love to man, in reasoning, enterprise, love and hope.

II. Commerce has an instructive history. In the hands of God, it has been a potent instrument,—sometimes with its foreknowledge and sometimes without its previous pure so,—in the elevation of nations. Commerce settles new colonies; it nerves the hand of labor; it multiplies the useful arts. It develops the riches of new countries, sweeping away the forest from the wilderness, and the rank and worthless grasses from the prairie, letting in the light of the sun, and the song of industry, and the thrift of rising villages upon the once dismal scenes. It inquires after the crops of the valleys, and the mines of the mountains, and the pasturage of the flocks, and of the hills, and, by all its employments, produces for the multiplication of comforts, and for the ingathering of stores from far eign lands. It secures the sweet influences, of the family and of a settled habitation, and surrounds the busy hum of labor with the protection of christian love. It subsidizes all agencies and all forces. Steam is its messenger. Water is its servant.—Winds blow to waft its cargoes. Hidden rock or shoal, or adverse current, and calm rule work for it, night and day. Oxen and horses and camels, with patient docility, toil on under its multiplied demands, and faint not, as they carry its burdens. The mind of man, more ingenious, more fertile, deviser of his kindred and the savior of Egypt. It was Christian mercantile men who carried letters and arts and the germs of higher thinking amongst all the islets, and along all the coasts of the Mediterranean Sea—southward to the Arabian Gulf, northward to the Euxine and Caspian, westward, through the Herculean straits, to the extremities of the British Islands, planting, especially amongst the sensitive Greek race, seeds of refinement and quickenings of genius, whose influence has been as long as the ages, and as wide as the world. It was Tyrian merchants who, in alliance with Solomon, led his ships to Ophir, and Tarshish and Parvaim, ports of India and Africa, until, to use the language of scripture, "silver was in Jerusalem as the stones of the street, and cedar trees as sycamores that grow in the plain."

Charles I. of England, undertook to father and bind the spirit of commerce, but commerce struck down his sceptre and cut off his head. It was on the question of ship money that Hampden resisted the whole bonded power of the throne, and the struggle, and bloody life of that accomplished gentleman and christian patriot became the field of renown. Runnymede, out of Cosigrove Field, yet his principles triumphed, and the Stuart despotism was overthrown and dynasty passed away.

It was the right of taxation on imported articles, such as sugar and tea, which was the question of commerce, which stirred the American Colonies to their deep foundations, and led to the open and unequal contests of George III, and to throw off from England, yoke. The history of commerce becomes almost identical with the emancipation of mind, the stirring up of latent energies, the acquisition of new ideas, and the development of national forces. Commerce has been opposed to conquest, and filibusterism and war from the beginning. This, with the spirit of freedom, and the spirit of trade, are twins, and go forth together to the parts of its existance. Commerce, by privatications, embraces, defalcations, &c., are its dread and of horror. How can an Christian witness the presence of gospel institutions, and the high and holy bonds of Christian integrity without, in part; therefore in barbarian and heathen countries, commerce, as a system of credit, is unknown. No notes of hand, no title deeds, no obligatory bonds, no day-book or ledger-book accounts, no consignee papers and letters of instruction to foreign agents, no banks of paper currency, payable on demand, and guaranteed by gold and silver in the vault, are allowable or possible. Exchanges must be from hand to hand, each trader giving one product for another, trusting no man out of sight, taking no promises, believing no protestations.

The whole history of commerce shows that wherever it finds root and encouragement, wherever it has free course, so as to be unfettered by state laws, is civilizing agent, as one of the chief protectors of honorable dealing, and one of the great sources of human welfare. It requires a free and generous government for its success; a brake and earnest soul in the people; a religious honor and a religious trust, for it is exposed to a thousand contingencies. Contingencies of frigid or tropical climates, of fertile or barren seasons, of riches or famine, of rising and falling markets, of storms or calm upon the ways, of conversion or peace in governments. It is dependent upon the confidence of men. Its success is more variable, and not more, than the severe ordinances of Providence and the unforeseen action of nations will, than any other employment. Commerce makes man dependent on his fellow man, and nations on other nations. It has barbarian policy of jealousy, and hatred, and opposition is broken up. Fraternity, reciprocity, equal rights are introduced where all was strife before. Tribes meet each other in peace to exchange commodities, and to ask mutual counsel. States form alliances with other states, and the fertility of difference, of nations, and the ingenuity of artisans, and the labor of agriculturists may be mutually beneficial. Kingdoms unite in the common mechanical art, and multiplying the products of the earth, and the manufactures and thoughts of the lower classes. Kindly emulation takes the place of savage warfare. Generous trust takes the place of suspicion and of hate. Friendship and jealous espionage. Friendship and mutual aid expel the spirit of bitter animosity. Commerce cannot breathe in the air of tyranny. It cannot exhibit its vitality and strength, but under the free and equal and fettered by the manacles of proscription and monopoly. Flourishing only where the mind is free, and where the soul is left to be will is controlled by reasons, and not by force, it gives room for education and honor, and freedom all that it asks. Befriended by liberty, strong only in the deficiences of integrity, it cannot live and grow wrong the unshackled asserter of the dignity of man, the unbought assurer of the bounties of the liberal, the glad distributer of civil rights and religious privileges for all.

When we say that commerce is promotive of honor and integrity, we by no do not mean to assert that this occupation furnishes no temptation to fraud, and no opportunities for the dynasty passed away. The merchant is enticed by many and great temptations. It is sometimes said that the lawyer cannot be an honest man, because he is called as often to plead for victory and not for justice, and that he is bribe this to be a libel, and not a truth. It is sometimes said that the minister cannot be an honest and independent minister because he is dependent for the very bread of his children upon the favorable opinion of those who hear him. We believe that this also is a libel, both upon lawyers and people. But there is a temptation held out before the preacher to be a dishonest time-server, and to keep back truths which may give him offence. There is a temptation urging the merchant to be false to his trust, for the sake of profit to give up a pure conscience. With great facility and force he can resort to indulge in fraud or in meanness. There are vivid distupt and doubtful, so that litigation is an uncertain refuge against injuries; with various pretexts in the customs of the respect christianity of the New England city, which might serve as an excuse for calloping obligation; with all the contingences of weather, and all the treacheries of the sea, and all the perils of pestilence and savage assaults; those two merchants rely upon the written contract or the verbal pledge with an unwavering mind. They entrust to their employees multiplied costly cargoes. They load and unload scores of vessels. They dismiss and welcome their outward bound and home returning ships, with the confidence of yearly or of daily exactness of a dollar, maintaining their traffic for a life-time, and yet, with a thousand opportunities, and ten thousand temptations to fraud, living and dying with perfect confidence in each others integrity. It is sublime. There is moral grandeur in such commercial relations.

This is christian nobility in such fidelity. We think better of man when we see such honor—more highly of the christian principles which rule the conscientious man of business when we are such regards. Our country has been accused of being false to commercial obligation, but in the financial crisis of 1837, one of the most shared and competent Englishmen, who ever visited this country, agent of the Bank of England, said, "that of fifteen millions of debt, due from our merchants to England, but some fourteen millions had been paid." That does not look very much like dishonesty or indifference to honor. It is a noble tribute to our country. And it is a satisfactory proof of mercantile honor when such facts exist. "A good name is rather finer," says Dr. Chalmers, "than the honest who which one merchant may be distinguished from another, as from a first rate article, in which a second is but a shade inferior."

They would refer to the following certificate:

Having had occasion to examine and adjust Woods Pectoral Balsam, and Woods Hair Restorative, for several years, I consider them as accurate and reliable preparations as any I have ever examined.

DANIEL CUSHING,
Attorney at Law.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1860.

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES
AND SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES,
GOLD PENCILS, TEA SPOONS, BUTTONS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, ETC.,
ETC. CREAM and MUSTARD
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE CARVERS, ETC.

STEREOSCOPES,

large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—and to sold less.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable styles of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 10, 1860. 3mo47

BEEBE HATS at BRAZER'S.

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatics, Neuralgia and sore Throat. It is an internal remedy, giving out and entire satisfaction in every case. There is no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease, I have ever used.

CHARLES SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several months last spring, I was induced to try two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." It relieved me entirely.

NORMAN T. AYRES,
75 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. It has taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

JOHN MURPHY,
No 1 Old street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" can on my family with the most wonderful effects.

W. E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old street, Boston.

My son, two years of age, has been for three months afflicted with Spinal Disease, and has hands covered with sores and in constant pain. I did him some good with your Compound.

J. W. HAMMOND, 19 Mile street, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound heals sores of long standing.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor of Boston Museum.

One-half of a bottle cured my Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.

JANNY THOMPSON,
Fruit Dealer, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm. T. Giddens, Esq., of Boston, was cured of Rheumatism by Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856. Wm. T. Giddens is well known in Boston and Newburyport, and what is proved to be true.

ALONZO SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Boston.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" in their families, and have found it to be a good and valuable remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, sore throat, &c., and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with the above diseases. We also certify that the facts and testimonials above offered to the public.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1860.

W. H. ALLEN,
Publisher of the Boston Museum.
GEORGE H. FLUMMER, 1 Marvelle Square, E. Boston.
JOHN C. PARKER, Proprietor Parker House.
CARL CHARLES, Gallery.
JOHN C. PARKER, Jr., Parker House.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot at 1 Old State House, Boston. Price $1 per bottle.

CHARLES H. GARDINER, Proprietor.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1860. 1y48

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Bitter Almond, Rose, Palm and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by J. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec22

DRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR,

Of superior quality, for sale by

KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This

article has been extensively used, recommended for *Dressing* and *Beautifying the Hair*, and for its *Restorative* properties. It prevents dandruff &c., for the roots, and causes the hair to grow luxuriantly.

Sold by J. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec8

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new combination for the toilet, for the purpose of beautifying the skin, eradicating Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and rendering it soft, smooth and white. Sold by J. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec8

Perfumery.

BOND Fifty Extracts, Frankincense, Rose, Violet, Jockey Club, Heliotrope, &c., for sale by J. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec8

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

is

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is felt under the left side; it is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and is sometimes mistaken for a pain in the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is troubled with acidity, and sometimes with the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can seldom summon fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease of the liver, but not all. It occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the liver to have been enormously diseased.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, in cases of AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No bad effects will follow. While it facilitates and expedites the cure, it counteracts the effects of Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them A FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, Pa.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders plain, and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills, on receipt of price, (50 cents per box.) Practicage for Pamphlet three cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

Sold by all responsible Druggists, and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by J. KIDDY, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1861. NO. 6328.

THE DAILY COURIER.

TO MAIL FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

To those who prefer to receive a collection of fifty numbers of the paper, at one time, the price will be

FIVE DOLLARS.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.
Office—No. 91 CENTRAL STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 per square for three insertions, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Those not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be published until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Yearly and quarterly advertisements inserted at reasonable rates. Special notices charged double.

☞ The Courier will be sent to subscribers by the carrier, regularly every morning at seven o'clock.

Contracts for yearly advertising will be confined strictly to the business of the firm or individual contracting, and when discontinued or changed in that year, the price of a whole year will be charged.

☞ Court notices inserted at reasonable rates.

The LOWELL WEEKLY JOURNAL, a paper, of the largest size, for the country, is published on FRIDAY MORNING, at the low price of $1.50 per year in advance, or $2 if not time during the year.

☞ Single copies of the Courier and Journal are for sale at the counter of the Courier office, and at the periodical depots in this city. Single copies of the Journal are for sale at the counter of the publisher.

Discount Days of the several Banks.

APPLETON BANK—Mondays and Thursdays.
HOWELL BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.
MERCHANTS BANK—Mondays and Thursdays.
MIDDLESEX BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.
MERRIMACK RIVER BANK—Wednesdays and Saturdays.
WAMESIT BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.

Pay days on our Corporations.

Work after first Saturday—Boott.
Work after second Saturday—Hamilton.
Work after third Saturday—Massachusetts and Tremont.
Saturday before each Monday—Lowell.
Saturday following in each month—Lawrence.
Saturday following last Monday in each month—Middlesex.

Lowell Post Office.

Boston S A. M. 1 1-2 and 6 1-2 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M. and 6 P. M. Nashua & Worcester, 9 1-2 A. M. and 6 P. M. Worcester, 9 1-2 A. M., 1 1-2 P. M. Fanners, 9 A. M. Salem, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Andover, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Lawrence, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Amesbury and Newburyport, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Methuen, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Dracut, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Tyngsboro', 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Pelham, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Hudson, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Derry, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Nashua, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Manchester, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Concord, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Portland and Eastern, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Portland and Boston, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Portland and Worcester, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Portland and Lowell, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Portland and Lowell, 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Portland and Lowell

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, April 1, 1861.

TAKING SHARES IN CORPORATIONS. We notice that the bill relating to taxing shares in corporations, reported to the Senate by the Committee on the Judiciary, of which Hon. A. P. Bonney is chairman, has passed the Senate, and will come up in the House in a day or two.—Probably few are aware of the precise character of the provisions of the bill, which, we think, is likely to become a law of the Commonwealth.

The first section provides that all shares in any bank, insurance, manufacturing or other moneyed corporation (except rail roads) owned by persons residing without this State, shall be taxed to the corporation in the town in which such corporation is located or has its principal place of business, and such corporation shall have a lien upon such shares, and the income and dividends thereof, until such tax is repaid to them, and shall have a right to recover such tax of the owner of such shares, by action of contract. The second section provides that such corporations as are named above, shall annually, between the first and tenth days of May, return to the assessors of the town in which such corporation is located or has its principal place of business, the name of every shareholder in such corporation, on the first day of said month, residing without the State, and the number, par and cash market value of the shares owned by him. No shares owned by any resident of the State, in any corporation located without the State, are to be subject to taxation in this State, provided the same are taxed in the State where such corporation is located.

The advantage to be gained by this act, should it be finally passed, is that all capital invested in Corporations in this State will be liable to be taxed; as now it is now, a person residing out of the State, however large his investments may be in shares in our manufacturing, banking, or insurance corporations, is subject to no tax whatever, while our own citizens and neighbors are taxed for every dollar so invested. Another advantage is that it will prevent evasion of taxation in towns, thus availing themselves of the present laws in relation to taxing corporations by investing *through parties belonging out of the State*, thus giving to them all the profits of their investments, unburdened by any tax whatever, while their neighbors who are not up to such dodges, are properly taxed for all they hold. The present is the last mild method of cheating the Commonwealth in taxes that can be known, but that it is somewhat practiced, cannot be denied. It would be no small advantage, could all the shares in the several corporations in Lowell, that are owned out of the State, be taxed here, and not more to Lowell than to many other cities.

SOUTHERN NEWS. In the Virginia convention last Saturday, several speeches were made, after which the convention, by a vote of 84 to 38, adopted a resolution to terminate debate in committee of the whole on Thursday next, when the committee will produce a vote on the various propositions, giving a brief time for explanations and amendments. In Norfolk a petition is numerously signed to be presented, for immediate secession.

The Mississippi State convention has ratified the constitution of the Southern Confederacy, by a vote of 78 to 7.

The Georgia convention ratified the Southern Confederacy, there being only two negative votes, and adjourned *sine die*, without referring the question of its adoption to the people.

Judge Marvin, of the United States District Court of Florida, is about to resign and remove to New York to attend to underwriters' business in the courts. He is a strong Union man.

MIDDLESEX TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The semi-annual meeting of this association will be held at Brighton this week.—By reference to the report of the School Committee it will be seen that such teachers as wish to be employed have been to close their schools during the sitting of the Association.

The Association will convene on Friday, At 10½ A. M., a lecture will be delivered by Lewis B. Monroe, Esq., of Boston.—At 2 P. M., a lecture will be delivered by Rev. Arthur B. Fuller, of Watertown.—On Saturday, at 10, A. M., a lecture will be deliver-d by John D. Philbrick, Esq., of Boston. The subject of each lecture will be open for discussion.

Teachers are requested to make special preparation for the discussions. Brief Essays are solicited from the Ladies, upon any subject connected with the profession to be read to the meeting. The usual accommodations will be furnished female teachers.

By arrangement with the Boston & Lowell, Nashua & Lowell, and Fitch burg Railroad Companies, free return tickets will be given to teachers that pass over those roads.

RHODE ISLAND has two full tickets in the field for her State election. The stakes p'ace on Wednesday next. The candidates are as follows:

	Republican.	Conservative.
Governor,	James I. Smith.	William C. Cozzens.
Lt. Governor,	Simon B. Arnold.	Samuel G. Arnold.
Atty General,	Sullivan Dalton.	Walter S. Burges.
Sec'y of State,	John B. Bailey.	Ed. R. Bartlett.
Treasurer,	Samuel A. Parker.	Samuel A. Parker.
Cong Dist 1,	Christ'r Robinson.	George H. Browne.
Cong Dist 2,	Wm. B. Rawson.	Wm. P. Sheffield.

We present the votes of Rhode Island from 1856, for President and Governor:—

	Republican.	Democrat.	American.
1856.	Fremont, 12,236	Buchanan, 7,816	Fillmore, 1,637
1857.	Dyer, 7,021	Harris, 8,662	
1858.	Turner, 8,020	Smith, 7,440	
1859.	Padelford, 8,099	Brayton, 7,913	
1860.	Lincoln, 12,244	Douglas and Union 7,707	

We see it announced that Allen Beard, Esq., editor of the *Nashua Telegraph*, has been appointed Postmaster for Nashua. We hope the burden of the position will fall lightly on his shoulders, and the emoluments heavy in his pockets. May it so contemporary, and we respond "Amen."

HON. HORATIO KING, ex Postmaster General, has opened an office in Washington, and advertises to attend to business before the Post office and other Executive Departments.

THE WAY GOVERNMENT WORK IS DONE. The Washington correspondent of the *Nashville Patriot* has been investigating the mysteries of Government contracts, and gives the following striking illustration of the subject:—

"The way the Government gets its work done is curious. As an illustration, you and your family meet in convention of the whole, and adopt a resolution authorizing the construction of a hen-coop in your back yard. You at once appoint an superintendent of the work, putting a thousand or two of dollars in the bank for me to check on. I get you to appoint my brother-in-law chief engineer. I appoint two of my brothers assistant superintendents, and my brother-in-law appoints two of his brothers assistant engineers—all at your expense. We lay out such a fast house, and spend, and ride around town, drink hot cock-tails and play billiards, until the bank deposit gives out, when we make out a printed report of seventy-three pages, forwarding you a complete topographical survey of your back yard, and a vast amount of statistical information with regard to the number of hens you are about to have for the next forty years. We wind up the report with the announcement that the site of the hen-coop has been selected, and a call for another appropriation to prosecute the work, which we assure you will be done with vigor. You place another thousand or two in bank, and we employ two hundred hands at three dollars a day, to transport seventy-five cents worth of lumber (which costs under our management about ten times that many dollars) to the place of operations, which requires about three months. In the meantime we drive around and go on vigorously with the liquor and the billiards. We then come up with another report and a demand for another appropriation. With this we get the walls of the structure up, and with one or two more appropriations and a great many more cock-tails and billiards, we get the thing covered in, and at the end of twelve months, when the work is appropriately style our 'fiscal year,' we point you in formal possession of a ten thousand dollar hen-coop that any hen-carpenter would have been glad to knock up in one Saturday afternoon for a suit of your old clothes."

FROM WASHINGTON. The Washington correspondent of the *New York Evening Post* telegraphs on Saturday:—

"There has been a great sweep in the government departments to-day, especially in the Treasury and Interior. Many clerks who have been removed were paid off this morning, and departed to make room for their successors.

It is reported that Henry Winter Davis, of Maryland, will be appointed Minister to China.

The despatch to the *Commercial Advertiser* was as follows:—

"The time for receiving bids for the four year mail carrying contracts for New York and the New England States expires to-day. Numerous bidders are in attendance, and a lively competition is exhibited at the Postoffice department.

The mails between New York and Boston will be withdrawn from the steamboat lines and carried only by railroad. Two mails a day will be sent, one in the morning by the Springfield and Worcester, and one at evening by the way of Providence. It is the avowed purpose of Mr. Lincoln that the consular appointments be apportioned throughout the States, in accordance with the ratio of population.—This will give general satisfaction and not unfrequently embarrass one district to subordinate the claims of one district to another. A similar rule would be well in the case of the numerous Indian appointments."

It is said that no uneasiness is felt by the Confederate State commissioners, either in regard to the evacuation of Fort Sumter or to the reinforcement of Fort Pickens, and that the session will be adjourned on both points.

The force in the census and pension bureaus will be reduced by the first of July to the extent of 80 or 100 clerks, as the legal necessity for their further employment will then cease to exist.

FOREIGN NEWS. The Africa arrived at New York yesterday. She brought intelligence of the death of the Duchess of Kent, the Queen's mother, which took place on the 16th inst. The Parliamentary news is unimportant.

The *London Times* asks where the Confederate States are to negotiate their proposed loan, seeing that one-fifth of their population is pledged to repudiation. It says President Davis is a man who laughed at the dupes in the Mississippi bond.

The reduction by the Bank of France of its rate of discount to six per cent. had produced a good effect on the money market of Paris and London. Rentes had advanced to 68f. 30c. on the Paris Bourse.

The Corps Legislatif continued to debate the address. The Independent members strongly advocated the liberal amendments already published, but the first two paragraphs had been carried without amendments.

Warsaw continued apparently tranquil, but a late dispatch says the excitement was unabated. The Polish deputation which they accepted the Emperor's rescript, but were far from being satisfied.

CONNECTICUT. The annual State election in the "land of steady habits" occurs to-day. There is no doubt but that the State will go Republican, though one or two of the Congressional Districts are sharply contested by the Democrats. The following was the vote of the several districts last fall:

	Lincoln.	Opposition.
I	8,112	8,373
II	9,086	10,503
III	12,181	12,874
Total.	45,709	37,439

ALLEN S. YALE, of Stockbridge, had a fine yoke of oxen standing in his barn, adjoining a stall occupied by a spirited horse, but with a partition between the stalls.—The ox resented the horse, in licking out his manger, thrust his tongue through a crack in the horse's manger, when that animal seized it as he would a mouthful of grass, and bit off about half of it, leaving the piece in his manger. The ox was found in great pain, with his tongue bleeding profusely, and it was found necessary to kill him.

It is evident that a large portion of the people of the cotton States are anxious to get back into the Union, for it is out of respect to this feeling that their leaders have provided for the admission of new States into their Confederacy, while they speak of the secession of the border slave States as probable, and of the admission of the Northwestern and Middle States as not impossible. Thus, practically, secession is represented to be a short and easy method of amending the Constitution so as to gain new guarantees for slavery, and of uniting the New England States out of the Union, forever and keeping the o her five States out of it until they are prepared to humbly beg their way into the socie y of the Montgomery conspirators. This theory is a brilliant one, but will most likely be found altogether impracticable.—*Philadelphia Press.*

DEATH OF EX-CHIEF JUSTICE SHAW.—Hon. Lemuel Shaw died suddenly last Saturday morning at his residence on Mt. Vernon Street, Boston. Judge Shaw was born in Barnstable, January 9, 1781, and was the son of Rev. Oakes Shaw. He graduated at Harvard College in 1800. On leaving College he taught school for a short time, and afterward studied law three years in the office of David Everett. He was an entered attorney at the Suffolk bar in 1805, and represented Boston in the Legislature from 1811 to 1816, during the entire period of the war with Great Britain. He was elected to the State Convention for the revision of the Constitution in 1820, and became a prominent member, and assisted in framing himself by his arguments on the Judiciary. He was one of the editors of the General Laws of the State revised in 1821, and in 1822 was in the State Senate. In 1830 he was a member of the Legislature, and in September of that year was appointed the successor of Isaac Parker as Chief Justice of Massachusetts. It is said that high place until last September, when he resigned, having completed forty years of service. He was elected Fellow of Harvard College in 1824, and was senior fellow for many years, until his death.

During his whole Judicial life, Judge Shaw made records of the legal transactions under his superintendence, comprising nearly fifty large volumes, lettered "Minutes of the Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court," a most valuable bequest to the Suffolk Bar.

The Courts sitting in Boston took appropriate notice of his death last Saturday.

DIPTHERIA. This disease, now so prevalent and fatal, is well described, and its proper treatment given in language to be understood by any one, in a new edition just issued in a pamphlet upon the "Science of Health and Longevity," by Dr. GREENE, Principal of the Indian Medical Institute. It is a valuable little book, and may be obtained at the office for twelve cents, or by mail by enclosing four postage stamps, on addressing R. GREENE, M. D., 26 Bromfield Street, Boston.

FINE SOAPS. We call attention to the superior quality and low price of the Ice Italian Soaps advertised in another column. They are unquestionable the first Soaps made in this country, and equal to the best imported.

SPUNKY. A Wisconsin editor who has been sold out three times by the sheriff, says: "We came here to print, and will attend to it. If we have nothing but shotguns and a chance to use them."

COTTON. Within three days last week eighteen thousand bales of cotton passed through Buffalo, *en route* for Boston.—The whole of this transportation per lake from Memphis to Boston is $4.40. This is cheaper than it can be shipped via New Orleans, and the difference in time is almost thirty days in favor of the Northern route.

A GOOD THING. The *Toledo Times* says that Judge Blank in that city, has a little game of poker up in the living state or not. It is performed by removing a small flat surface, to which a similar piece is replied, saying that he had not dreamed of such a thing, and returned his thanks to the donors. A splendid copy of Milton's Poetical Works was soon after the donor of the Whitworth, through her husband. The presents cost about $75, and were very appropriate for such an occasion, which will not soon be forgotten by those present, especially by those the closest interested in it.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* Bee vs. Wilkins was given to the jury at ten o'clock this forenoon.

Walker vs. Barnes et ux. is brought to recover the amount of a promissory note signed by Mrs. Barnes, wife of C. E. Barnes. The defence is the wife is not liable, being a married woman at the time of signing the note, and it was given for the benefit of her husband. Butler & Webster for plaintiff; J. C. Kimball and A. C. Varnum for the defendants.

POLICE COURT. His Honor being absent from the city, there was no Court this forenoon. Two or three parties, arrested on various offences, were ordered for their future appearance.

JUVENILE SINGING SCHOOL. We refer our readers to the juvenile singing school advertised in another column. Mr Wilby is the most popular musical teacher in Lowell, and children cannot be placed for instruction in a more desirable position.—His experience in former schools of the kind proposed is a guarantee of its success.

It will be seen elsewhere that the Old Ladies announce their last dance for the season. All those interested will please be getting their wigs dressed for the occasion.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. The regular meeting of the Board was held last Saturday afternoon. The Committee on Teachers reported favorably on the application of Sarah G. Carlisle, and it was voted to give her a certificate to teach; also one to Sarah C. Weymouth. The following teachers were temporarily appointed:—E. J. Carleton, in Primary No. 1, and J. V. Wight in No. 39, till the next meeting; Miss Ender, in Primary No. 38, till the last Saturday in July. Such teachers as wish to attend were authorized to close their schools on Friday and Saturday, the 5th and 6th inst., during the semi-annual meeting of the Middlesex Teachers' Association, at Brighton. A communication was received from Miss F. S. Manahan, tendering her situation as a teacher in the Edson Grammar School, to take effect last Saturday. The following resolution introduced by the sub-committee of the school was unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That the Committee receive with regret the resignation of Miss F. S. Manahan, as assistant teacher in the Edson Grammar School; and that she retires from her office within the law as ably filled for some years, with the best wishes of the Committee.

Mr. Stevens submitted an order that the Masters of the several schools ascertain whether there were any scholars in their schools who are liable to pay tuition, and what rule in such cases be enforced.—Adopted. The Committee on Music E. Drew, Sylvester Hovey, Daniel Swan, and Charles H. Smart to be admitted to the High School, were referred to the sub-committee on that School. Ordered, on motion of Mr. Kidder, that barometers be placed in the High and Grammar Schools at a cost not exceeding $8 each. On motion of Mr. Wheeler, the Committee on books be instructed to consider the expediency of introducing Sargent's third reader, and part into the schools. Adjourned.

RESIGNATION OF A TEACHER. Miss F. S. Manahan closed her teaching in the Edson School (Mr. Perley Balch's) last Saturday forenoon, after having been for three years connected with the school in the capacity of assistant teacher. Shortly after the school opened, she was agreeably surprised, by the presentation of a silver tea-service, and a basket of salt-spoons, by Miss Martha C. Walker, on behalf of her scholars, with the following appropriate address:—

MISS MANAHAN:—On the occasion of your leaving school to-day, at the request of those who have been your pupils, I ex-press to you their kind regards, and ask you that we entertain toward you a deep sense of their kindness and affection. We thank you for your faithful instruction, and for your love for our good. We shall not forget you, and trust that you will forget our errors and shortcomings. As a token of our love and gratitude, please accept this humble gift. We are small and poor, but our hearts are large toward you, and earnestly petition Heaven for its choicest blessings upon your future course of life.

Directly following, Miss Deedie Burden presented to Miss Manahan, from the former pupils, with these few expressive words:—

MISS MANAHAN:—We, your former pupils, wish you to accept this small present as a slight expression of our high regard and esteem for you, our past faithful teacher.

Miss Manahan has been for many years a favorite with her pupils, and is particularly appreciated by those with whom she has been intimately associated at the Edson School. Her resignation will be regretted, by the pupils generally, but by the School Committee, by whom she has been held in high estimation for her many excellent qualifications as a teacher.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE. The lecture of Mr. Caleff, on the subject of temperance, at Huntington Hall last evening, was very well attended. Charles Cowley, Esq., presided, and introduced in a few remarks the speaker, whose address occupied about one hour's time, and was well received by those present. Mr. Caleff is an easy, interesting speaker, making his points from his own personal experience, which has been a sad one, he reaches at once the sympathy and attention of those he addresses. We have no doubt that the assistance of those who desire to encourage a temperance reformation, can do a vast deal of good.

DEATH OF BARRY'S AGENT. Mr. H. B. Nealy, agent of John B. Barry, the horse tamer, died at the hospital in this city, on Saturday last, after a severe illness of six days. He was twenty-five years of age, and belonged in Philadelphia, to which place his remains have been taken for interment.

REV. DR. HAMLIN. This gentleman will deliver the third and last of his course of lectures on the Holy Land in the Kirk Street Church, this evening, commencing at 7½ o'clock. His subject this evening will be "Mahommedanism and its future." His lectures are highly interesting and instructive character that should crowd the house.

EXTRA CARS FOR BOSTON. Two extra cars were run on the 7 1-2 train for Boston this morning, but whether the rush was to see the Collector of Boston or some other person does not appear. We would admonish those who fail to receive an appointment that they can find consolation in II Samuel xxv., 27.

SEE notice of change of time on the Lowell and Lawrence and Salem and Lowell Railroads.

LOWELL AND LAWRENCE RAILROAD. A dividend of three dollars per share has been declared, payable to-day at the Wamesit Bank.

DEATH LAST WEEK. There were twenty-four deaths in Lowell last week, as seen in the corresponding week of last year.

VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM. This popular remedy for Coughs, Colds, &c., in this city, has now acquired a reputation as one of the excellent remedies in cases of bronchial and pulmonary complaints. We have ourselves more than once experienced its soothing and healing effects and have had opportunity to know what it is approved by common consent in the earlier stages of such complaints by eminent physicians, as a reliable and valuable medicine.—*Boston Christian Register, Feb. 23th, 1860.*

FACT, WITHOUT COMMENT. THE PUBLIC SHOULD KNOW THEM. New York, February 10, 1852.

Mrs. Hardy, No. 110 *Suffolk street*, writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some three years, and that *she used one vial of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., which brought away *over fifty large worms*. Her usual good health immediately resumed.

Mrs. Quigley, 49 *Vandam Street, New York*, under date of November 23, 1852, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months, when she took a bottle of M'Lane's Vermifuge, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as hearty as ever it had been.—Parents, with such testimony before them, should not hesitate when there is any reason to suspect worms, and use no time in procuring and administering Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. It never gripes, sickens or weakens.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless, and unanimously adopted ☜

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Attwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters.—The best American Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists keep them. See advertisement.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages,being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Corporation of the State, as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Preston Lyman, Chester Chapin, Albert H. Holley, Wm. Whitwell, Jr., John S. Richardson, Calvin Hastings, Sam'l Shethar, Jr., Edmund Dwight, Ed. K. Bernaton, Sylvanus Brown, Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin R. Nichols, Nathan Allen, Lemuel Shaw, Joseph G. Abbott, Amos Lawrence, Arthur T. Hudson, Abbott Lawrence, Wm. Appleton, Jr., Augustus Hemenway, Jonathan Phillips, John O. Stephens, Abraham T. Lyon, Lemuel B. Clark, Reuben E. Richmond, NATHAN ALLEN, President.

JOHN P. ROBINSON, Secretary.

Office, 404 Post Office Building, (fifth floor) Washington Street, Boston.

Office in Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. ly

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is an surely due to its peculiar merits, which are unsurpassed by any other. Its perfect adaptation to the requisites for family use, and its simplicity, are to a household recommend, as it is not liable to get out of order, and is easily learned by the most inexperienced. In hemming, stitching, gathering, and sewing on, it is unrivalled, and ends to which female needle-work is applicable.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among those who have purchased and are using the Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low.

D. N. Richardson,	J. B. Veazy,
Wm. A. Burke,	Wm. Appleton,
E. H. Jaquith,	J. Appleton,
E. Bartlett,	Walter Wright,
C. C. Chaffee,	Mrs. Edmund Dwight,
C. B. Coburn,	J. P. Folsom,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant,	Mrs. Wm. Foster,
Rev. J. Pierpont,	J. N. Peirce,
Samuel Fay,	Mrs. G. Brewer,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Wm. Hall,	Wm. H. Prescott,
A. H. Brown,	C. P. Blanchard,
Wm. Wetmore,	Mrs. Wm. Gray,
J. C. Thomas,	Mrs. Wm. Appleton,

In a Machine of a variety of styles and sizes, at prices ranging from $75 to $125, manufactured and for sale by

J. W. B. SILL,

41 Merrimack Street.

mar17 apr dly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in this country about a year ago. Having made it a study, and after many experiments, have at last succeeded in bringing it to perfection, and are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said in regard to the poisonous and dental properties in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, which we will not here refer to, but simply assert that every article sold in our name are manufactured from the best material, and in the most perfect manner. In presenting to the public these articles we have in view the benefit of the afflicted, and shall endeavor to merit a liberal share of patronage.

Rooms 2 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

mar18 dly

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. For the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, and Consumption, and for clearing the voice. Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches useful in relieving Hoarseness and giving the voice. Sold by RUDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. S. Coburn, T. Sawtelle, L. G. Hitchcock, B. Hodgdon, Jr., Jos. P. Sherman, Lott Spargo, Jr., S. S. Richardson, Jr. Hodgdon, John F. Sherman,

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Factory risks, and has always had an excellent business in this class. The present cash amount of $112,370.35. The election of owners of property in this department, is therefore of great importance, as the Board is paid no pecuniary remuneration, and rates are as low as any responsible office.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000, and the business, mercantile and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

C. S. COBURN, President.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 21, 1860. ly

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It burns less quantity,
It costs less money,
And you can't offer burning coal. And the reasons any one should buy anything else is beyond our comprehension.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at the lowest cash prices. Also selling at reduced prices, and those failing to call at once from our accounts can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Also, a large and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Manchester d'e Pinon, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & CO.

mar20df

FUR MANUFACTORY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The subscriber is the same to buy Furs of all kinds, and pay the highest cash prices for the same. Furs made and repaired in the best manner. Store 102 Merrimack street.

W. BACON.

jan5dtf

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map (so largecularly and full that it can be used for a guide) of the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Periodical Depot, at the Post Office, 242 Merrimack street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 6 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

jan15dtm

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is general agent for Lowell.

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at the Boston Store, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETING. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, and a large stock on the damaged goods are advertised in Boston Store, Prescott Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. Newstyles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated Gothic Mattress. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar19 2m

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss by and by FIRE, on favorable terms. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Jonathan Clement, Arthur T. Hudson, Joseph Morrill, Solomon Brown, Josiah G. Abbott, Amos Gay, Walter Wright, Caleb M. Hurlbut, Henry C. Howe, Joseph M. Wood.

Abraham T. Lyon, Lemuel B. Clark, Reuben E. Richmond.

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JOHN P. ROBINSON, Secretary.

Office, 404 Post Office Building, (fifth floor) Washington Street, Boston.

Office in Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. ly

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is an surely due to its peculiar merits, which are unsurpassed by any other. Its perfect adaptation to the requisites for family use, and its simplicity, are to a household recommend, as it is not liable to get out of order, and is easily learned by the most inexperienced. In hemming, stitching, gathering, and sewing on, it is unrivalled, and ends to which female needle-work is applicable.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among those who have purchased and are using the Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low.

D. N. Richardson,	J. B. Veazy,
Wm. A. Burke,	Wm. Appleton,
E. H. Jaquith,	J. Appleton,
E. Bartlett,	Walter Wright,
C. C. Chaffee,	Mrs. Edmund Dwight,
C. B. Coburn,	J. P. Folsom,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant,	Mrs. Wm. Foster,
Rev. J. Pierpont,	J. N. Peirce,
Samuel Fay,	Mrs. G. Brewer,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Wm. Hall,	Wm. H. Prescott,
A. H. Brown,	C. P. Blanchard,
Wm. Wetmore,	Mrs. Wm. Gray,
J. C. Thomas,	Mrs. Wm. Appleton,

In a Machine of a variety of styles and sizes, at prices ranging from $75 to $125, manufactured and for sale by

J. W. B. SILL,

41 Merrimack Street.

mar17 apr dly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in this country about a year ago. Having made it a study, and after many experiments, have at last succeeded in bringing it to perfection, and are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said in regard to the poisonous and dental properties in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, which we will not here refer to, but simply assert that every article sold in our name are manufactured from the best material, and in the most perfect manner. In presenting to the public these articles we have in view the benefit of the afflicted, and shall endeavor to merit a liberal share of patronage.

Rooms 2 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

mar18 dly

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and original Medal Coffee in this city, hereby notice that other coal dealers in Lowell than ourselves are selling a spurious article.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, Wells & Co., or ourselves, as we shall not be responsible for said or other spurious articles sold by any in Lowell.

LIVINGSTON, WELLS & CO.
THOMPSON & HENRY.

Delaware City, Delaware, Jan. 4, 1859. dec15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. For the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, and Consumption, and for clearing the voice. Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches useful in relieving Hoarseness and giving the voice. Sold by RUDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

DIXIE LAND, with Variation by Ch. Grobe, for sale at

mar19 No. 17 Central street.

REMOVED

TO

69 Next Door. 69

P. H. EMERSON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has removed to

69 Merrimack Street,

next door to the Post Office, where he will be pleased to see them. Having newly refitted it, he now offers a full assortment of goods in his line at the lowest cash prices.

He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed for the past eleven years, and would be happy to see all his old customers at his new place, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call.

Lowell, March 2, 1861. 1m mar2dtmy

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PRESENT AND IMMEDIATE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation "renders the skin natural bush, imparting to it a Marble Purity It is most and unrivaled if applied for those after exposure to the sun, and will give immediate relief to the Sting of Insects. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition, and it is warranted to contain no material that may injure. *Its application every night for a week will remove the most sallow complexion.*

BEWARE OF THE COUNTERFEITS.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove the Roughness of the Skin
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To Soften and Improve the Complexion
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To Remove Pimples from your Face
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To give you

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an extensive supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Banks, Corporations, Insurance Companies, Auctioneers, Hotels, Railroads, Steamboats, Manufacturers, Merchants, Lawyers, &c.
Lower Dockets, Orders and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, in all kinds and styles of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
☞ Always on hand a good stock of *paper for face and enameled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards* to be cut to fit the box.
Z. E. STONE,
S. N. HUSE, } Proprietors.

SCALES! SCALES!!

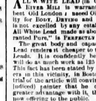
A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute,)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Hanging SCALES, Beams, Weights, &c., &c., respectfully inform their friends and the public that they continue to manufacture a first rate article, which they warrant to be as accurate as any Scales in the market.
They would refer to the following certificate:
LOWELL, December 11, 1860.
Having had occasion to examine and adjust Woods & Nute's Scales, and having used them for the last seven years, I consider them to be an excellent and reliable scale; and I would recommend them to the public.
DANIEL CUSHING,
City Sealer.
dec14tf
AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CASTORS,
CARTOON CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY
FORKS AND SPOONS, OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, POCKET AND STUD CHAINS
BRACELETS AND KEYS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, LOCKETS, SILVER BUTTONS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, NUT-CRACKERS, PEN-KNIVES,
PENCILS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, PLATED BASKETS, &c., &c.
Also a large assortment of
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*will be sold low.*
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860.

The infamous practice of adulterating Brandies having become so common that a genuine article is the exception, is one of fearful importance to those requiring it for Family use, and we have just received but a few cases of the
GENUINE OLD BININGER'S
Cognac Brandy,
It is mild, delicate and fruity, and is designed to be always uniform in quality and character. Put up in pint and quart bottles in cases containing two dozen pints and one dozen quarts, and is sold by all promiment druggists, grocers and wine agents.
The above is also for sale in original packages, viz: Hogsheads and Quarter Casks
A. H. BININGER & CO.
Established 1778.)
No. 40 Commercial Street, Boston.
dec19 3m
BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
REAL and imitation CAMPHOR LIMAN in bird, of all sizes—fresh lot just received by BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
oct 27 4 Central st.
HAMS INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,
SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S corner Hat Store.
SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
BEEBE HATS at BRAZER'S.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE.
To be sold at Private Sale the large stone house on Stackpole Street, known as the residence of Hon. J. G. Abbott. It is a large two story house, with a cupalo on the roof, and an octagonal sa front; contains in all twelve rooms and three attics. It is also supplied with all the modern conveniences, being abundantly lighted with gas, and thoroughly warmed by means of a furnace. There are perfectly safe steam appliances. There is a cistern connected with the house, with a capacity of forty hogsheads. Also connected with the house is about 7500 feet of land, part of which could be very easily converted into a garden.
The place is situated in a very desirable locality, easily to be reached by the men of business, while its situation on the banks of the Merrimack River, makes it very agreeable and retired.
Terms very easy. A large part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage, if desired.
For further particulars inquire of
J. P. McEVOY,
Canal Block. Central Street.
feb18.

Cures Cough, Col., Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation of the Throat, relieves the Hacking Cough of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh. Clear and gives strength to the voice of
PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS.
Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "tickling in the throat," a slight cold, that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if allowed to run, attacks the Lungs. *"Brown's Bronchial Troches,"* combining demulcent and expectorant properties, relieve Pulmonary and Bronchial Irritation.
BROWN'S ☞ "That trouble in my throat (for which the *"Troches"* are a specific) is entirely gone, and my voice is more whiterer."
N. P. WILLIS.
"I recommend their use to PUBLIC SPEAKERS."
REV. E. H. CHAPIN.
"Have proved extremely serviceable for HOARSENESS."
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing produced by Asthma."
REV. A. C. WALWORTH.
"Relieving instantly the tickling impediment."
DR. A. A. HAYES,
Chemist, Boston.
"A simple and pleasant combination for COUGHS, &c."
DR. G. F. BIGELOW,
Boston.
"Beneficial in Bronchitis."
DR. J. F. W. LANE,
Boston.
"I have proved them excellent for ASTHMA."
REV. H. W. WA -BEN,
Providence.
"Beneficial when troubled with Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with SPEAKERS and SINGERS."
Prof. M. STACY JOHNSON,
La Grange, Georgia.
Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.
"I can best describe their powers for HOARSENESS. From their effect, I think they will be of permanent advantage to me."
ELIVE BROWN, A. M.,
President of Athens College, Georgia.
"I find they will be a useful remedy in the hands of the profession."
REV. E. W. PEARSON,
Boston.
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOX. 10mis dec19

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.



Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufactories, for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.
☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments. Bands, Sheet Music, &c., &c.
Also agency for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., and others. jan1 6mf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best manner, and to contain the full proportion of pure White Lead. This Company being entirely free from any connection with the Lead Trust, is enabled to say establishment in the world. All White Lead ground above and marked Forest River, is PERFECTLY PURE.
The great body and quality for covering of this Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Leads. Its combining qualities with Oil are such that it will be found to work freer, spread better, and be more elastic when painted, than any other Lead in the market. Its perfect purity, and the great care used in the manufacture of the article will convince any practical painter, (without painting a test card,) that it has a much greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been for many years the Lead Inspector for nearly all the Railroads in and his experience, connected with importance in the manufacture of White Lead, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.
Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices, of CHARLES H. GORDON, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.
mh16 (Near the Post Office.)

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, or Nervous Headache, yields to the influence of this wonderful remedy. What *Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!!* Our victims in all parts of the world.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, *within the reach of all.* Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and Central streets, Lowell, Mass., and by C. H. DOLLEN & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
17 Tyler street, Boston.
February 18, 1861. feb18d1y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.
REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby Line, Stanstead, Sherbrooke, and all points in Canada East.
Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $3.50
" " Charleston, 3.00
" " Derby Line, 2.90
" " Stanstead, 2.90
" " Sherbrooke, 2.90
THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all points in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
192 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.
dec1 jan26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

For Family and Medicinal Use.
THIS natural product of the most nutritious grain, in its concentrated form, containing in a concentrated form, the nutritive properties of Wheat, and has been found invaluable in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and nervousness, as possessing qualities that are absolutely necessary to the healthy action of the digestive organs. It is also a specific for Diseases of the Throat, *Lung Complaints, Bronchitis, Impaired Strength, and Loss of Vital Energy*, and all diseases resulting in imperfect nutrition, require only a generous diet, and an occasional dose of this preparation.
Put up in quart bottles, in iron bound cases of one dozen each, and sold by the trade generally, druggists, grocers, and Tonic Agents.
A. M. BININGER & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 19 Broad Street, ... New York
For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 32 Hanover street; M. S. BURR & CO., 36 Merchants' Row; C. H. DOLLEN & CO., 3 Tremont Row; TUCKER, CUTLER & CO., 76 S. MARKET; S. PIERCE & CO., 400 Washington street, and by Druggists generally.
dec19 3m

Central Saloon,
(POST OFFICE BUILDING, MERRIMACK ST.)
THE above Saloon has been fitted up in the most elegant manner, and is now open for the accommodation of the public—there being two convenient entrances, one through the Post Office, and the other as above accompanied by ladies. Also rooms for the convenience of parties, &c.
There will be a choice supply of Fruits, Cakes, Pies, Confectionery and Refreshments on hand.
OYSTERS served up in every variety of style, and in the best manner, at all hours, by the gallon or can.
There is a neat and commodious Hall and Drawing Room connected with the Saloon, for the use of Balls and Parties.
The proprietor solicits the public patronage, and assures them that no exertion will be spared to merit the same.
☞ Families supplied with Oysters, by the quart or gallon.
H. S. HAYNES.
dec19

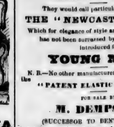
H. S. HAYNES
HAS just received a large assortment of superior Rubber Boots and SHOE PACTORS—the best kind in the market, for Hotels, Billiard Saloons, &c. Please call and examine for yourself.
Kimball's Block.
dec19

TEAS, COFFEE AND SPICES!
OF THE BEST QUALITY.
Black Oolong, Fine Young Hyson, Young Hyson, Pure Java, West India, and Dutch COFFEE, Cheshire, Cocoa, Cream, Shells and Broma. Mace and all SPICES, Pine, Ginger, Cayenne, Cassia, Cloves, Pepper, and Cinnamon.
Can be found at
J. MERRILL'S NEW BOOKSTORE,
No. 37 Merrimack street.
mar1 dtf

CHAMBERLIN'S
BILLIARD HALL,
APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.
THE subscriber having leased the above hall for a term of years, and entirely renovated and fitted it up with new and superior tables, is now prepared to accommodate his friends and former patrons that he has left for a short time, and the public generally, by keeping a good, first class table, to merit the patronage of the same. Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of cigars constantly on hand.
C. H. CHAMBERLIN.
dec19 3m

SPAULDING'S
Celebrated Prepared Glue.
THIS article has been in use for the past 20 years, and the many testimonials in favor of its superior qualities, have induced the manufacturer to increase the facilities of manufacture, so that he is ready to supply the trade and consumers with a better article than ever before. Orders addressed to the manufactory, Huntington Glue, will at H. S. HAYNES' Book and Stationery Store, No. 17 Central street, will receive prompt attention.
NOW is your time to buy a Sewing Machine cheap. Ten dollars will buy one as good as any that is now made. Call at H. Central st. and examine it.
A FEW MORE of Simon's Patent Music Files limited to sell. Sale agent for Lowell.
H. S. HAYNES.
dec19 No. 17 Central street.

BENT & BUSH'S
SPRING STYLE, 1861,
"Patent Elastic Cushion"
HATS
ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.
They would call particular attention to
THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"
Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by any article put introduced for
YOUNG MEN.
N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the
"PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."
For sale by
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
mar1 6 Central Street, Lowell.

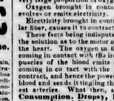


HAS just received direct from manufacturers a large and fine assortment of
CUTLERY,
Comprising Cloths, Hirs, and Ivory handles—the most improved style, and of unusually low prices resorted. Also on hand,
CHINA WARE
Of new and desirable tea-tinful shapes, consisting of White CHINA,
Edge and Line do.,
Gold Band do.,
Richly Decorated do.
A full assortment.
—ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
Rich and Common VASES,
Rich FANCY GOODS,
Silver Plated SPOONS,
" FORKS,
" KNIVES,
" CASTORS,
Britannia " and
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE
in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit the times. Call and see.
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
99 Merrimack Street.
mar18 W. DEARDEN.

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ. Diseases of the Lungs. Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause. Improper Circulation, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?
For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientists and medical men, and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended in the research, it has only been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries in knowledge, to make the grand discovery, also,
Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the assertion, that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain immutable laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the certain effect, follows.
Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.
The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.
Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, renders an oxide—rusting.
Electricity brought in contact with a muscle or fiber, causes contraction.
These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution as to the cause or source of the power of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron and sulphur compounds of the blood cells electricity, which coming in contact with the heart, causes it to contract, and hence the power which expels the blood into the lungs, through the pulmonary and aorta arteries. What then, are the causes of
Consumption, Dropsy, Fever, Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Fevers, &c.? Simply a deficiency of the red corpuscles containing the iron, sulphur and phosphorus, and consequently an abnormal circulation. The cold, clammy sweats, colds and bronchial complaints ensue—the suffering becomes extreme, and subject to rheumatic pains and neuralgic—complaints of the liver and kidneys follow. The nervous system and all of disease but virulent fevers may be traced to this deficiency in the blood and the proper cure for all life can be materially prolonged by the use of the
"Blood Food,"
which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumption, the "Scourge of consumptives!! Sufferers from any organic disease, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Fevers, &c., are victims of the body or mind, reduced the standard of health, and diminished the red corpuscles. Ladies suffering any of the distresses known as nervousness, should use the "Blood Food." This "Blood Food" can cure you. It has cured thousands of desperate cases, and will cure you, if you are given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your life, by the use of the ordinary of the day in failing remedy; give it a trial.
An abhorrent feeling in bringing out and fully proving the theory advanced here to be correct, we will make a liberal offer to the public for a period of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by druggists at $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5, and I send 6 bottles free if receipt, for $4. Price, single bottle, $1. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in yellow wrappers—the old kind, in small bottles, in red wrappers having been counterfeited and worthless—and beats the fac-simile signature of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits nor imitations.
DR. C. BUPONT,
Sole Proprietor,
No. 49 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold to Lowell by Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. Read & Sons, and C. H. Sanders. K. RIDER, Jr.
feb 9 6t

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,
IN NOW
Setting Bunnets complete for $0 cents
Setting Bunnets complete for 50 cents
Setting Crape Bunnets complete for 50 cents
Setting Velvet Bunnets complete for 75 cents
Setting Velvet Bunnets complete for $1.00
Setting Velvet Bunnets complete for $1.50
Setting Velvet Bunnets complete for $2.00
Setting Straw Bunnets intended complete for $2.50
Setting Straw Bunnets intended complete for $3.00
At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec19 dtf

RICH MILLINERY GOODS
AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.
At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec19 dtf

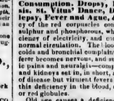


CALL and buy a Ten Dollar Sewing Machine today. Agent for, and sale at wholesale and retail, by the last Stop. Sold at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central st.
ANOTHER lot of choice Bullets now on hand at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store.
WHAT a time to buy a Sewing Machine cheap. Ten dollars will buy one as good as any that is now made. Call at 17 Central st. and examine it.
dec19 No. 17 Central street.

Nice Fresh Oysters.
Stewed or Fried
Served up by T. JENNINGS' Fish Market, under Odd Fellows' Hall.
dec19

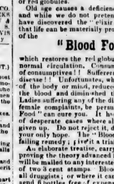
LOOK! LOOK!!
OVER two hundred of the New England Family Sewing Machine sold in Lowell—These machines are destined to take the place of all the longer, more complicated, and higher priced machines in the market. Sold at
E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store,
dec19 No. 17 Central street.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
536 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements by legal injunction.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machine now in market, to the frequent changes and ch ng s rendered necessary by fashion, as they will sew from one to twenty thickness of Muslin, using the same tension and needle, and work perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In test such a machine best adopted by family use; and if ever adopted by family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufactured? For work on heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.
Fact No. 5.—Each Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily managed.
The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, and fully tested, is of the highest character.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.
Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the Premium Medal at the American Institute, Academy of New York, together with the higher Premium Medal at the State Fair.
Fact No 9.—These Machines took both the Premium Medal and Diploma at the Fair of the Mechanics' Institute, San Francisco.
Fact No. 10.—I hese Machines can do the same variety of work, and as well as any other machines in competition with other first-class machines, and do it with much less noise and one fast motor; it is the most important Fact of all.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction, or any machine being returned in market, or money refunded.
Agents wanted in every County to sell FINKLE & LYON'S NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. Machines never sold for less than $50, and will be sold at less than one-half the price charged by other companies. Below the cost of manufacture. Call and examine the machine, and get circulars containing full description, and testimonials from all parts of the country. All letters must be addressed to
FINKLE & LYON,
536 Broadway, N. Y.
The Company having determined to meet the times, have changed the price of their extra Family Machines, and have furnished them with the round hemmer, gauge etc., to be found any where else, and will be sold at $50 each.
Agents wanted for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 35 Central St. Merrimack Street.
January 2, 1861 an3dtf



MUSIC STORE!
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames only.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Prints done to Order.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANO FORTES, which for volume of tone, promptness over all other competitors at the late World's Fair, London, 1851, and unanimously pronounced by the most eminent makers to be the most perfect Piano Forte in use. Also, for sale, a few second hand PIANOS, in good order, at low prices.
N. B.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let. Tuning and repairing.
dec19

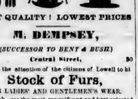
TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.
ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Great Britain, and Europe are using these *Burring Machines* on their last breakers, and they have given entire satisfaction to all users. They are acknowledged the only perfect machines in existence for burring Mestizo wools, and are now in use by the most extensive manufacturers and dealers in the country. Also, a new plan of feeding the Burring Machine, which is a great improvement on any machine in use. Orders promptly executed, and instructions sent to those who desire to put up their machines themselves.
THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS
are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability they are unequaled, and will not injure their particular wires and straight surface allows them to run much closer to the cylinder or breast than the short staple. Their first strength and impiovement not to be questioned, as they are the only rolls that have for the proper working of a speed hold on the wool, are thereby supplied and Burring Machines. They are also the only rolls that will not cut the wool, and no matter the coarse machines of the coarser and heavier description of wool, they will not cut or permit injurious substances from coming in contact with the cylinder or breast. Manufacturers will find a saving in the labor and by not having the necks, as so much cotton is saved by the use of these rolls, and the yarn is more even and regular in its thickness, and more free from knots.
The undersigned has perfected a
MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,
for Picking, Burring, Burring and Cleaning Merino and other Wools. It neither shortens the staple nor injures the heart of the wool, nor does it make any waste. It takes out the burrs perfectly and thoroughly separated from the whole fleece, and leaves the wool in the finest state for *Burrs* and two from the fine Gascoe heads of burrs that are found in the Mestizo wools, and will not injure the wool in the least. It is the only machine in existence capable of extracting the Gascoe burr. Card waste and burrs are also thoroughly picked by this machine. Any person with or without blowers attached, are also invited to call.
All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with cuts, and testimonials sent to any address by addressing C. L. GODDARD, Agent,
No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.
dec19 3m

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.
THE sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years, is a sufficient guarantee of the manner especially for his retail trade, and are now offered to the public at the same old stand, and being as well as the best made glove in the market.
Mr. B. has also in store a large assortment of Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip, and other goods.
A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at
BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
oct21 dtf

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.
H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.
WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe, Brass Work, Gas Fixtures, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes; Steam Whistles, Gauges, Oils, &c., &c., constantly on hand, and furnished to contractors for fitting up Steam and Gas Works, at short notice.
A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest patterns, Brass Work, Globes, &c., always on hand.
Works, No. 16 Howe St., Belvidere.
Store, No. 8 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, Feb. 28, 1860. feb28

FURS! FURS!



THE subscribers manufacture and put up their FURS in the most desirable patterns and attention workmanship.
Also, a large assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONEY,
which he has now ready for inspection—Goods.
H. S. HAYNES,
dec19 17 Central street.

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.
This Medicine has been used by the public for years with unvarying success. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Debility, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Low Spirits.
Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.
It frequently cures in a few hours, INTOXICATION BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.
AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual in its operation, and the separated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other diseases arising from a disordered Stomach, in a speedy manner.
It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and debilitated to health and vigor.
Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become deranged, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and their minds filled with the most horrible fears, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, find relief, and in a few days a perfect restoring efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
Drink.—One wine glass full at meals—Sure to cure.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
One dose will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will cure Nervousness and vigor.
Two doses will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the system is regulated by the Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pain in the Stomach, Bowels or Kidneys.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaint, or Nervousness are advised to give a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of a few bottles, is effected.
NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.
Persons who, from dissipation, keep much over night, and feel the effects of nervousness, languor, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one wine glass full at meals a perfect cure.
Ladies of weak and sick constitutions should use it in connection with Ham's Liniment, as they will make them strong, healthy and happy. Ham's Liniment and Invigorating Spirit will restore the bloom of health and beauty to the most delicate female.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to insure this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in bottles, at 50 cents, and $1 per bottle.
General Depot, 46 Water st., New York.
Sold by druggists generally. Price 50 cents and $1 per bottle.
For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Bacon, W. H. French, Wm. Read & Sons, Hildreth & Co., C. H. Sanders, A. Stanich, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country.
dec19 3m

THE following new and very popular Ballads are now for sale at
E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store,
No. 17 Central street.
Sweet Bells, the Pride of Ribbon, Lovely,
I'm waiting, Love, Gilbert,
Blow thou a Breeze, Turner,
May Morning, Rosewood,
Sweet Voice of Wave, Wilkinson,
You'll Come, Wilkinson,
Sweet Bird, Wilkinson,
Is it Coming, Crouch,
Mother's Prayer, Crouch,
Remember the Poor, Crouch.
dec19 17 Central street.

HERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPER!
MUCH improved and selling very low at HILDRETH & CO.'S Crockery and Glass Ware Store, 99 Merrimack street.
dec19

MARRIAGE AND ITS VIOLATIONS—A new work by John Bell, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Medical College of Cincinnati, Ohio. Just received and for sale by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.
dec19

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in every variety and Gold mating, Plaiting, Cane bottoming, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may30 dtf

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 2, 1861. NO. 6329.

THE DAILY COURIER.
TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.
To those who pay in advance a deduction of Fifty Cents will be made.
STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.
Office—No. 91 CENTRAL STREET.
ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 per square for three insertions, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent insertion—to be paid for in advance in all cases where the parties reside in said town. Twelve lines or less constitute a square.
Parties have been afflicted with advertisements repeated in print according to the posts and paper occupied.
Contracts will be made with those who advertise regularly by the year, and the privilege of changing their advertisements once a week, without extra charge. Contracts for yearly advertisements are not considered as limiting the number of changes, but that the number of insertions are those matched to first insertions. There will be only one change in a week.
THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS
are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability they are unequaled, and will not injure their particular wires and straight surface allows them to run much closer to the cylinder or breast than the short staple. Their first strength and improvement not to be questioned, as they are the only rolls that have for the proper working of a speed hold on the wool, are thereby supplied and Burring Machines. They are also the only rolls that will not cut the wool, and no matter the coarse machines of the coarser and heavier description of wool, they will not cut or permit injurious substances from coming in contact with the cylinder or breast. Manufacturers will find a saving in the labor and by not having the necks, as so much cotton is saved by the use of these rolls, and the yarn is more even and regular in its thickness, and more free from knots.
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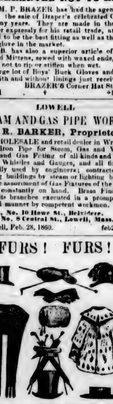

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
30 Central Street, Lowell.
Solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his
Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
It will be found on the most complete and extensive stock of
LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by all of whom, from the newest styles in the market. Also,
"HAIR CAPE &c., manufactured to order.
dec19

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money. A new wonder—worth a dollar—has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by a party who, until they learned the secret, were comparatively poor. We have over a dozen in our employ, who are now making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months since was working by the month now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, as started by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all the information necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or patents. We have sold this business for over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have now introduced it in this country.
Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
Biddeford, Maine.
mar25 3m

Kerosene—Burners,
THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Selling wholesale and retail at
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.
Also,
KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Globes, &c., &c. *lowest prices*, and in any quantity, at
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
99 Merrimack Street.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up their FURS in the most desirable patterns and attention workmanship.
Also, a large assortment of
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THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, April 2, 1861.

Dr. HAMLIN'S LAST LECTURE. Dr. Hamlin delivered the third and last of his lectures on Turkey at the Kirk Street Church last evening. The subject was "Mahometanism and its future."

All Mahommedans were early taught to believe in what they call "the true faith." They believe in Adam, Abraham, Moses and Christ and all the prophets of the Old Testament. They believe Christ to have been a worker of miracles, though not so great as Mahomed. They believe that the Old Testament has been mutilated by the Jews and the New Testament by the Christians. They place implicit confidence in all the doctrines of the Koran, absurd as some of them appear. The principal religious observances enjoined are prayer, almsgiving, fasting, and a pilgrimage to Mecca. While the Koran contains many absurdities and exaggerations, there are also many truths within its pages. It seems to be a mingling of falsehood and truth, singularly blended. In describing an angel it is said that the distance between its shoulders and ear is so great that no one can see them both, and that it would take the swiftest-winged bird a hundred years to pass from one to the other. They also believe that the hours wear sixteen silk dresses at once, adorned with precious stones, and so arranged that each dress can not only be seen at once, but aid in showing to better advantage those outside or inside of it.

Absurd as Islamism appears, there are few apostates from it, principally because its teachings are so like to the tastes of human nature. But it is decay is sure, and it eventually pass away. The Turks themselves admit it and often say mournfully: "It is the last day." To understand the reason of this decline, it is necessary to go back in the history of Turkey. In 1453, when the Turks took Constantinople, they were unsurpassed in military art and science; they had no equal at that time in the use of artillery and arms. But succeeding centuries saw their power at a stand still, while the rest of Europe was advancing in military prowess. From the close of the last century, Selim III. commenced a military reform, his object being to introduce the dress and discipline of the European army. But he was regarded as a concession of the weakness of Islamism. The clergy and military janizaries opposed the reform and the latter revolted and dethroned Selim, but their triumph was short, for the Sultan who had succeeded Selim, was in turn dethroned, and the father of the present one placed on the throne. To commence the work of reform it was necessary to destroy the janizaries. The chiefs were removed by dagger and poison, and at a stated time whole regiments of artillery rushed upon them mowing them down. So ended in a bloody one. The janizaries removed, the coveted reform was carried forward and perfected. On the coronation day of the present Sultan, there was a grand procession. As it drifted past the new made graves of the last Sultan, the soldiery, who were equipped in the most gorgeous style, showed unmistakable signs of grief in various ways.—There came the clergy, with solemn adornments. They showed no signs of grief, but on the contrary wore a look of hatred and scorn, for the late monarch who had done so much to injure them. As soon as the new Sultan ascended the throne he commenced a work of reform; proclaimed equal rights to all his subjects and commenced a true reform. There is also that an apostate from their faith shall suffer death, unless he recants. In 1843, an Armenian who had professed Islamism recanted and escaped from the empire. He afterward returned hoping that no notice would be taken of him, but he was arrested, condemned, and put to death. There were circumstances connected with the execution insulting to Christianity, and the foreign powers demanded the abolition of the death penalty for apostacy. It was done. This was 1260 years after the Hegira, and as there was a prophecy saying that Islamism was to exist for 1260 years, its followers regarded the abolition of the death penalty as its death blow. The establishment of Protestant missions has had another influence to lessen the power of Islamism.

The Crimean war made a deep impression upon the Turks. In 1856, the imperial edict was promulgated, announcing the doctrine of equal rights and freedom of conscience as unmistakable as our Declaration of Independence. The same year Hatmeyoun of religion and rests was proclaimed to all, and that no force should be used to compel a man to change his religion. The Turks converse freely on the doctrines of the New Testament and Christianity.—Much has been said about Syria. Its population is Arabic, and is about of the same character in relation to the Turks as the Irish as that of Charleston, S. C., is to the United States. It has always been a fanatical, bigoted population.

The reason why Christianity has never been able to get a foothold in Turkey is because they have only seen the worst phases of Christianity—an idol worshiping class of Christians. Mr. Henry Rawlinson said that a Jew once came to him to get his influence for an office, and claimed to be a Christian. Sir Henry questioned him. "Why," said the Jew, "I swear, get drunk and eat pork, and am I not a Christian?" The Jew meant no buffoonery, but spoke truly his impression of Christianity by what he saw among him. The Bible has been translated and pretty generally circulated and read in Turkey. In the last ten or twelve years eight thousand copies have been sold in Mahomedan. The lecturer believed that while Turkey stood, Islamism would continue to same. The downfall of Turkey might give it new life, and it was therefore better for Christianity that Turkey should remain independent. He did not believe that it would be long before there would be Christians in the Cabinet. He believed it was the duty to carry a pure literature to the land of Homer—a purer law to the land of Justinian and Moses, a purer gospel to the land of Christ and the apostles.

ELECTIONS. *Connecticut.* The election which took place in Connecticut on yesterday, resulted in the election of the Republican State ticket, by an increased majority from last year, and a Republican majority in both branches of the Legislature. Dwight Loomis and Alfred A. Burnham, Republicans, have been re-elected to Congress in the 1st and 3rd districts, but we regret that John Woodruff, Republican, has been defeated in the 2nd district, by James E. English, Democrat, which is a gain. The fourth district is not fully heard from and is in doubt.

St. Louis. The anti-Republican ticket was successful yesterday by 2,000 to 3,000 majority, and the Union ticket was successful in all but two wards. Wille Lincoln had a plurality in St. Louis, last November, the majority of Douglas, Bell and Breckinridge against him was over 4,500.

Cincinnati. The Democratic Union ticket carried Cincinnati yesterday by about 2000 majority.

California. Hon. James A. McDougal, was on the 19th ult, elected United States Senator, by the California Legislature.—The vote was a close one, and some doubt of his election is expressed. McDougal, we believe, is a Douglas Democrat.

THE FLEET OF OBSERVATION. The *New York Times*, in its announcement that the French and English governments are fitting out a powerful fleet of war steamers for the United States, surmises that it is intended as an ordinance for the struggle which is soon to take place between brother and friends in the United States—as a sort of honor for the funeral of the Great Republic. The idea is said to have been provoked in the English Cabinet by the indignities offered to the British subject or subjects in the Southern States. We do not suppose, of course, that the fleet goes out with any hostile intent; the only warlike errand will be the protection of English and French subjects. But it is the custom to send a fleet "of observation," and the very great war is going on in a foreign country, and nothing to pick up in any little advantages that may offer for themselves; or when the sympathy of the fleet is all on one side, to send a loud now and then accidentally between the contending forces as England has twice done in the late Sicilian war so as to protect a suffering friend at the right moment.

A WHALE SHIP BURNED AND HER CREW MURDERED. Intelligence has been received that the whale-ship Superior, from New Bedford, was burned by the natives of Treasury Island, on the 16th of September. The ship was burned and all but six of the crew were murdered. The six were left captives by the chiefs of the island, who claimed them for the other jailor—death—to set him free. Sometimes man is the prisoner, and then man pity him; but it is a stronger woman, whose words of love have hardened into forbearance and patient endurance.

DEATH OF A MILITARY OFFICER. Major Ephraim Moore, of Sudbury, commander of the Second Battalion, connected with the Third Brigade, Second Division of Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, died at his residence last Saturday afternoon. He was to be buried with military honors this afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.

FROM THE SOUTH. *Virginia.* There was a protracted and exciting debate in the Virginia Senate yesterday. A resolution finally passed authorizing the Governor to call out the public guard in arrest the contemplated removal of guns from the State, and directing him to employ a needful force to resist any attempt to remove the same beyond the reach and control of the State Government. Nine Senators presented a protest against the passage of the resolution into a law; but the Senate refused to permit it to be entered upon the journal.

A despatch to the *Tribune* says that the opponents of secession in the Richmond Convention have a clear majority of twenty.

In the Convention several secession speeches were made, and resolutions favoring secession presented, but no movement of interest was made.

Florida. There is nothing new at Pensacola, excepting that ammunition and provisions are rapidly flowing in upon the Confederated troops. There is nothing going to show that Fort Pickens has been reinforced. Active efforts are being made to get a railroad completed to Pensacola to facilitate the passage of troops.

South Carolina. A despatch from Charleston states that great anxiety is felt as to the Administration's course about Fort Sumter. If nothing is done soon the fort will be attacked and captured. The Governor's communication has not yet been acted on. Col. Lamon's return is also expected.

North Carolina. The report that the Governor of North Carolina is dying of consumption is contradicted. He is in his accustomed health.

FROM WASHINGTON. There is no news as to the purpose of the President toward Fort Sumter; and as the various rumors afloat are only the speculations of Washington letter-writers. An extra session of Congress is expected, and will probably be called soon after the general belief in Washington will be called. It is represented that Mr. Seward was opposed to it.

Mr. Wilson was announced to leave Washington yesterday.

A PRESENTATION. Last evening a social gathering was held in the vestry of the First Baptist Church, the company consisting, mainly, of those attached to the Rev. Alden's Society, the purpose being to take leave of that gentleman, who, as already announced, has temporarily left them.—The right hand of fellowship was extended to those who were baptized Sabbath evening, and an hour passed away very agreeably. At the close of the exercises, Mr. A. B. Wright asked the company to remain a few moments, when, in some appropriate remarks, he presented to Mr. Alden a purse containing about $160, which had been contributed by generous friends, and was offered as a slight token of their respect and esteem. Mr. Alden acknowledged the gift in a brief but feeling reply, expressing his love for the society and will and wishing the company health and prosperity.

Mr. Alden and Hon. John A. Buttrick, of this city, leave for Boston this afternoon, where they join Rev. Mr. Eddy, of that city, Rev. Messrs. Dunn and Foster, of Vermont, and other gentleman, and embark to-morrow morning in the Canada for Liverpool. They proceed direct to Alexandria via Rome. In that city they may have a pleasant and profitable journey.

TO-MORROW NIGHT. All lovers of the beautiful, and of that class of amusements which are pleasing and pure, will desire to be present at Huntington Hall to-morrow night. The ladies of the Second Universalist Society know how to make a festival attractive, and this time they are doing their best. Last evening a few ladies and gentlemen were present at the last rehearsal of the juvenile pantomimes, and although the children appeared in their usual dress and without the properties to be used at the festival, they were all delighted. They unite in pronouncing the pantomimes very charming and the acting excellent. In the Chinese entertainment, we learn, there will be several genuine and very rich Chinese dresses, manufactured in China, and those, together with the *concert, wedding and dancey*, will constitute a great attraction. Every day we hear of some new feature in this great festival.

ELECTIONS BY THE FIREMEN. At a meeting of Torrent Engine Company, No. 12, held last evening, the following officers were elected for the year ensuing, viz:—George B. Smith, Foreman; John C. Blood, Assistant Foreman; Benj. F. Goddard, Clerk; Joel Jenkins, Treasurer; Andrew Jackson Seward; Moses Stackpole, Foreman of Hose; E. L. Webster, F. W. Puffer, S. Maynard, Standing Committee.

Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, elected Stephen T. Kenney, Foreman; Jacob Hauver, Assistant Foreman; J. W. Pratt, Clerk; George W. Norris, Treasurer; Loring Fosdy, Steward; George H. Roper, H. M. Thompson, J. W. Procter, Standing Committee.

ANOTHER SNOW STORM. Last evening about eight o'clock, it commenced snowing and has continued without interruption up to the time of writing, with no prospect of immediate abatement. The snow is not deep, as it is fine and soft, and melts somewhat as it falls, but it is quite sufficient to be out.

THE LAVA GAS BURNER. We would direct the attention of our readers to the lava gas-burner, which is advertised in another column. After a brief trial of it, our experience goes in its favor, and we think it is not too highly recommended. In other places it has been used with good results and is confidently spoken of as a decided improvement over the old style.

DEATH OF A LOWELL MAN IN CALIFORNIA. Died in San Francisco, February 23rd, Mr. Charles P. Trott, son of Mr. Joseph F. Trott, of this city, aged 28 years. Deceased has followed the sea for several years, and was a young man of many excellent qualities, who leaves a large circle of friends in this city to mourn his early death.

CITY AND VICINITY.

OLD LINE PARTY.

On account of the storm on Thursday evening, March 31st, which prevented many from attending, the committee of arrangements have decided to have another PARTY, to take place on TUESDAY EVENING, April 2d, at Merrimack Hall. Tickets, 50 cents, to be had of A. S. Butts, at Sargent's Express Office, and at the door. mar29d2t

☞ A Gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a pleasant and good board, at 22 Hurd Street. Also, two table boarders.
Lowell, April 2d, 1861. ap2d2t*

BUSINESS IN THE MILLS. It has been stated in some of the Lowell papers, that at "a meeting, last Saturday, the directors of the Merrimack Mills voted either to run their mills only four days in the week, or reduce the wages of the operatives, the alternative to be decided by the operatives, next pay day." We have made some inquiries relative to this report, and are confident it is unfounded, or at least premature. This forenoon, no one at the counting-room of the Merrimack is aware of any such transaction. Instead of the large supply of goods on hand, but all the departments are running full time, and no such arrangement as stated has been announced, whatever may yet take place. It is hoped that there will be no occasion for stopping any part, and it is unfortunate that rumors of the character of the above should be published.

On the Massachusetts and Prescott, some kinds of the work have been suspended a portion of the time, for a few weeks past. This week, partially in consequence of Fast, mills Nos. 1 and 2, Massachusetts Corporation, will be stopped Friday and Saturday; after which three quarters of the machinery in those mills will be run full time, and the same will be case in the Prescott Mills, and all the machinery in the other Massachusetts mills will be run full time as heretofore. This is an improvement over the past few weeks.

We make these statements on reliable authority.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Matthew Hayes and Julia A. Hyde were found guilty of fornication. Hayes was sent to jail for two and Julia for three months.

The Court is engaged with civil business.

ST. JOHN'S PARISH. At the annual meeting of St. John's Parish, held last evening, the following officers were elected:—Hiisha Huntington, Robert Prince, Jr., Wardens; W. G. Saltmarsh, George Hudson, I. N. Metcalf, C. B. Littler, John McDonald, Vestrymen; Alfred Gilman, Treasurer; W. B. Hurd, Clerk.

ST. ANNE'S PARISH. At the annual meeting of the Parish of St. Anne, held this evening, the following officers were elected officers:—J. H. B. Ayer, John O. Green, Wardens; William A. Burke, B. C. Sargeant, William W. Wyman, James Russell, A. B. Tyler, Vestrymen; Chas Hovey, Treasurer; Oliver E. Cushing, Clerk.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE. Those in want of horses have a good opportunity to select from a lot just arrived from Vermont, which may be seen at the stable of Messrs. Kenyon & Morse, in the rear of the old City Hotel. See advertisement.

THE OLD LINE BALL. Another snow storm is awaiting the Old Liners this evening, but we presume there will be no postponement on account of weather. If it don't hold up, don't let a little snow or snow keep you of the Old Line from Merrimack Hall. It is the last chance.

A LIBERAL CONTRIBUTION. On Sunday the liberal sum of over $400 was raised in the Catholic Church for the cause of foreign missions.

FIRE DEPARTMENT. The Mayor and Aldermen meet to-morrow afternoon to appoint Chief Engineer, Assistants, and Firemen, for the year commencing the first of May.

SEE notice of meeting of Pawtucket Division Sons of Temperance to-morrow evening.

CHINA AND JAPAN. The panorama of these oriental empires opens at Mechanics' Hall this evening.

NOT THANKFUL FOR SMALL FAVORS. At the train from Salem for this city was near North Reading one day last week, some person in charge of it observed a man lying across the track a little distance ahead.—The brakes were applied and the train stopped in season to save the man's life. On making hold of him he was found intoxicated, which fact was further substantiated by a jug of rum lying near him. Some one remarked to him that it it had been dark he would have been run over and killed. "Well, I shouldn't have found any fault" was the muttered reply. He was ungrateful for his act of safety, and the train moved on after the cause of his carelessness had been dashed into a thousand pieces.

REV. I. D. WILLIAMSON, formerly pastor of the Second Universalist Church in this city, has resigned the pastoral charge of the "Church of the Messiah" in Philadelphia, and preached his farewell discourse on Sunday last.

It is actively contemplated by several prominent spiritualists of the United States to issue a new edition of the Bible—no proof-sheets of which shall be through "mediums," revised by the original authors.

As a sample of the stuff printed in the Charleston papers, we quote from the *Mercury* that the loan of $8,000,000 for which Secretary Chase has issued proposals, is to be issued in a new edition of the Bible—the blacks in the North to aid insurgent negroes in the South.

THE office of Collector of Portland has been given to William Willis, Esq., the law-partner of Senator Fessenden, and the Postoffice to Maj Dale. L. O. Cowan of Biddeford, and J. M. Deering of Saco, have been selected for postmasters of their respective cities.

FACTS, WITHOUT COMMENT.
THE PUBLIC SHOULD KNOW THEM.
NEW YORK, October 10, 1852.

I'T *Mrs. Hardy*, No. 119 *Suffolk street*, writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some three years, and that she could get none of *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., which brought away over *fifty large worms*. Her usual good health immediately returned.

Mrs. Geoghegan, 182 *Essex street*, New York, under date of November 23, 1852, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months. She procured a bottle of M'Lane's Vermifuge, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as lively as ever. Call and see her. Parents, with such testimony before them, should not hesitate when there is any reason to suspect worms, and lose no time in procuring and administering Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. It never fails, and is pleasant.

I'T Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and not be imposed upon by worthless preparations now offering, under the pretence that *the regular one is out of market*.
ap1*1m [c] FLEMING BROS.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, which will be sold low for cash, prices by ADAMS & NORTH.
ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those cheap Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at 37½ cents, which will be sold low for cash at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

ROYAL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and sold at reduced prices. Those in want of carpets to be suited from our assortment, can go to ADAMS & NORTH'S and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.
mar23d1m

FIRE INSURANCE.
HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF BOSTON, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1826,
Continues to insure against loss by fire, on favorable terms to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.
DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Benjamin Gorham, Arthur T. Bumrey, Joshua W. Smith, Samuel Richards, Edward Howard, Abiel Abbott, John Avery, Walter Wright, Caleb H. Atwood, Henry H. Sampson, Alvah Crocker, Abraham T. Lowe, Lester M. Clark,
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. THAYER, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office—Old Post Office Building, (First floor) No. 53 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
ap1 3m

ETNA Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies unite on property at as low rates as other reliable Companies. Policies issued on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and other property.
NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.
Policies issued by the Agent at this office, will be countersigned in the late A. J. BU RHAM, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.
W. BARCOM.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WHEELS.
Containing a correct map from Liverpool and Time Table of every Railroad in the United Kingdom, with a table of Railroad Fares. For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 162 Merrimack street, Lowell, and at Rimock House. Price 10 cents.
C. B. FISHER, sole agent.
ja15d3m ☞8*1m

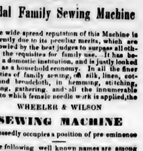
FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, which Mr. A. D. Sargent is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jan9d6f

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Carpet Co., for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. Large assortment, subject to no impertinences, sold low. Also, Stair Carpetings. Rods and fixtures advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOUGH & DAVIS Carpets, Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.
mar19d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.
DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, S. W. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
A. H. Brown, Edward Tuck, E. P. Sherman,
L. G. Hosmer, Lyon Spaulding,
Boston.
Kendrick Lyman, Charles Stanton, Isaac Rice, jr., Thos. Fitzsimons, jr., Thos. Fitzsimons, Sr., Joseph Bigelow, George B. Barnard, Wm. Whitwell, Seymour Bostwick, Wm. Lyman, Samuel Richards, Robert Atkins, Robert Bigelow, Jr., George F. Shaffer, Secretary.
ROBERT ATKINS, President.
Risks taken in either stone or brick buildings on the most favorable terms.
DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Express Office, Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 14, 1860. nov14d6m

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are fully known to the public. It has been long before us in the requisites for family use. It has been awarded the premium at Paris, Vienna, and Washington, &c. They are both alternative and lock stitch, and make the same on both sides. Liver, restores the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, improve the circulation, and purify the blood better than any medicine we know of. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine.

SEWING MACHINE
Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine in this city, Lowell:—
Mrs. C. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Bartrick, H. Hosford,
J. Bartrick, C. F. Appleton,
E. Huntington, Walter Wright,
E. Huntington, jr., F. L. Richardson,
C. P. Gleason, S. S. Fletcher, J. P. Folsom,
Mrs. E. D. Sargeant, Rev. E. H. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant, J. N. Prince,
Mrs. Dr. Crosby, M. G. Bryan,
Samuel Fay, Wm. A. Richardson,
A. H. Brown, W. L. Hall, North,
A. B. Brown, C. P. Blanchard,
A. B. Wright, Wm. Whitwell.

This Machine is a variety of styles and sizes, for sale by the subscriber, at his residence, 109 Merrimack street, Lowell.
J. W. D. SHELDON.
mar17 opt

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have become satisfied of its merits, and now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said about the use of rubber for dental purposes in a variety of ways, and in many cases, while it is not questionable the value of the rubber, the operator has failed to secure the desired results. This has been owing to the fact that in many instances where it is used it is the great bonanza, and in the hurry to get along in the practice, the process of vulcanizing is hurried over, thus destroying the value of everything else; for in saying that it is the best for everything else, but they assure the public that they are prepared to do the work in a manner in this mode, and at others, that a set of teeth can now be obtained, and at reasonable prices.
Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.
mch31

CAUTION!
The subscribers, the only shippers of the iron and material for the
NEW CANAL,
notice that other coal dealers in Lowell thus on the Canal, are not authorized to receive orders for coal.
GEO. BLOOD & SON.
☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against the impositions of other dealers. If they hope to get the premium on the Canal coal, they must send or shipped on Franklin Canal to carry in Lowell, except our agent, MR. BENNY HOWARD.
Tewksbury City, Lowell, Dec. 6, 1860. dec15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.
Know the advantages of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Public Speakers and Singers will find the troches invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
ja14

DIXIE'S LAND, with Variation by Ch. Grobe, for sale at
mar12 No. 17 Central street.

REMOVED
TO
69 Next Door. 69
P. B. EMERSON
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has removed to
69 Merrimack Street,
next door to his former store. Having newly refitted he has now the most convenient and pleasant store in this city for the transaction of business.
The ladies will find that this new position has elicited thanks for the past patronage he has received for the last seven years, and hopes by strict attention to business and a determination to please to merit a continuance of the same.
mar30d1m

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE
Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it
IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE
FOR THE BALD AND GREY,
THAT IT IS CERTAIN TO PRODUCING
LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,
AND THAT PRODUCES
HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,
AND A CLEAN SCALP,
NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OR LIFE IT IS USED.
Manufactured and for sale by
WAUTMAN, Mass., Jan. 20 1859
Messrs. W. E. Hasam & Co.
Gentlemen: I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S RESTORATIVE for the last two years, and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best article for the hair of any other articles in the market, and many has the devoted gentleman whose name it bears to the credit of having discovered it. Several ladies have procured it from me on account of its superior qualities, and I have never had one to complain of its not doing all that was recommended. Yours truly,
ap15*1m J. C. FLEMING BROS.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, which will be sold for the present season for 37½ cents.
ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those cheap Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at 37½ cents, which will be sold low for cash at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

ROYAL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and sold at reduced prices. Those in want of carpets to be suited from our assortment, can go to ADAMS & NORTH'S and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.
mar23d1m

NEW
AND
Highly Instructive Entertainment.
PANT WEEK.
WARREN & CO. have the honor to announce to the citizens of Lowell that they will exhibit for the first time, their
MAMMOTH PANTSCOPE OF
CHINA AND JAPAN,
AT MECHANICS' HALL
COMMENCING
TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 2d,
And continue through the week. Also, Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, at three o'clock when children under twelve years of age will be admitted for half price.
This exhibition illustrates by a series of rooms
THE SCENERY,
ARCHITECTURE,
STATE CEREMONIES,
RELIGIOUS RITES AND CUSTOMS,
SOCIAL HABITS, &c.,
Of those ancient and eminent nations, conveying a more adequate idea of those Empires, than ever terrestrial scenery, all mimic their fertile plains, and cloud-capped mountains, their gorgeous palaces and Pagodas, and populous cities, teeming with busy millions, than ever has, or can be, by mere description.
Mr. WARREN has also succeeded in procuring the CHINESE GIANT,
JOSS.
This Idol is more than 20.00 years old. It was taken from a temple in the Empire of China, at the sacking of Shanghai. That curious relic is on exhibition at this Hall.
Admission 15 cents.
Children under ten years of age, half price.
Doors open at 7 o'clock.
Fast Day Exhibition at 3 o'clock. mar2

GRAND
Vocal and Instrumental Concert
BY THE
Mendelssohn Quintette Club,
ASSISTED BY
MISS D. P. PEARSON,
The distinguished Reader and Elocutionist, at
MERRIMACK HALL,
FAST DAY EVENING, APRIL 4th, 1861.
Single Tickets 50 Cents. Three tickets for $1.00.
Doors open at 7—commence at 7½ o'clock. mar30
Tickets for sale at the usual places, and at the door on the evening of the Concert. mar30d2w

LOWELL & LAWRENCE, and ST. LAW & LOWELL RAILROAD.
On and after MONDAY, April 1, 1861, Trains will leave Lowell for Lawrence (Merrimack and Middlesex street Depot):
Leave Lowell at 6.30, 8.00, 9.45 a. m., 1.00, 3.00, 4.45, 6.30 p. m.
Leave Lawrence at 8.30, a. m., 1.45, 7.00 p. m.
Leave Lowell for Boston at 6.30 a. m. (*Sunday the first* without delay.) And through trains for Boston at 8.00 a. m., 1.00 and 4.45 p. m.
For Dover, Exeter and Great Falls, 7.30), 1 and 6.30 p. m.
For Newburyport, 7.30 and 10 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.
For Haverhill, 7.30, 10 a. m., 5.00 p. m.
For Andover, 7.30 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.
For Rowlinee, Belfast and Bangor, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 7.30 a. m.
SALEM & LOWELL RAILROAD.
Leave Lowell for Salem at 7.35 a. m., 3.30 p. m.
Leave Salem for Lowell at 7.40 a. m., 3.45 p. m.
Leave Lowell for Portland at 7.35 a. m., 3.30 p. m.
Leave Portland for Lowell, at 7.30 a. m.
For Lynnfield, Topsfield, Branford and Mont Dauvers at 7.35 a. m., 3.30 p. m.
Lowell, April 1, 1861. apr1d2w
JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN, Supt.

SPAULDING'S
Celebrated Prepared Glue.
THIS Glue has recommended and retained its superiority over all others, and the manufacturer has tried to keep pace with the improvements of the times, and has succeeded in producing an article that bears off the premium at the Fairs, and has been awarded by the invention and introduction of the Liquid Glue, which has become a staple article of use in the country. If you wish to get a package of the genuine article, ask for SPAULDING'S. For sale by all Grocers, and by
HUNTS Book and Music Store,
No. 17 Central street.

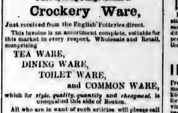
FARM FOR SALE.
A large and very valuable Farm, beautifully situated in Pepperell, Mass., on the main road leading from Lowell to Groton Junction, consisting of about 150 acres of excellent land, entirely divided into fields, and well watered. The buildings are in excellent repair, consisting of woodland timber; all cut this winter. The farm is well stocked with fruit of all kinds, and is in a high state of cultivation. Having a large and convenient two story house, with ell, and a large and convenient barn, with sheds and other buildings connected, and a never failing supply of water in the house and barn. Also, one of the best Ice Houses in the country, which is filled with ice from the pond. Also, one of the best Orchards in the country, which is filled with ice from the pond. Also, one of the best Orchards in the country, which is filled with ice from the pond. Also, one of the best Orchards

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having re-establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the FORMIT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law, Commercial, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing Cards from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or in the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN and FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good assortment of pearl and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to suit purchasers.
Z. E. STONE,
S. W. BUSH,
} Proprietors.
SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute.)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter and Counting-House Scales, No. 20 Fletcher Street, respectfully inform their friends and the public that they continue to manufacture the above Scales, which they warrant to be as accurate as any Scales in the market.
They would refer to the following certificate.
Lowell, December 11, 1860.
Having had occasion to examine and adjust Woods & Nute's Scales, and having them in constant use for several years, I consider them as accurate and reliable as any in the market, and would recommend them as such.
DANIEL CHENEY, City Sealer.
dec18eo7
AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF VARIOUS STYLES AND QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS
BEAUTIFUL LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
RINGS, BRACELETS, BROOCHES, EAR DROPS,
BOSOM STUDS, PENCILS, SPECTACLES
SAPKIN RINGS, SALT-CELLARS, ETC.
ALSO, A FINE ASSORTMENT OF KNIVES AND
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—some new line.
H. WORK,
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18eo7
BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
"1849 RESERVE"
The established popularity of this Cognac fits Rock now as a medicinal agent, and its unqualified commendation in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskies.
Being distilled in 1849, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, from the original grain, it is directly pure stimulant, and peculiarly effective for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Debility, Impoverished Conditions of the Stomach, Nervousness, &c.
As a curative agent it has a tendency to re-create and strengthen; while as a beverage it possesses a genial charm; and enriched it with a delicious flavor and an oily body, it affords a most desirable medium for the preservation or recovery of health, through the agreeable medium of a well conducted appetite.
Put up in a variety of attractive forms, in treasboard cases of one and two dozen bottles each, and sold by all prominent druggists, grocers and liquor agents.
A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1778.)
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.
For sale in Boston by GOLD C. GOODRICH, No. 11 and 12 Merchants' Row; WEEKS & POTTER, BETH & FRENCH, 120 Washington Street; REED CUTLER & CO., 97 S. BENDE & CO., STEPHEN WEBB, 7 Commercial Street; and by DRUGGISTS and DEALERS generally. mar8-1y
BININGER'S LIQUORS
Are for sale by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
mar15
Brushes! Brushes!
WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Scrub Brushes, Long Handled Whitewash Brushes, Iron Brushes for cleaning Stoves, Shoe Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes, and a full assortment of Fancy Brushes, for sale very cheap by the dozen or single piece, at the Brush Factory, No. 7 Prescott street.
mar30 H. S. HAYNES & Co.
Merrimack & Prescott streets.
M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
mar17
BEEBE HATS at BRAZER'S.

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.



Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories,
Tyler's Block.
☞ All kinds of Instruments to let or low rent. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments Bands. Sheet Music, &c. &c.
Also agency for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., &c. &c. jan14tf
FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD (in oil) made to be ground in the best Linseed Oil, warranted to be ground to the fineness required by Government, and to contain not less than 99 per cent. of Carbonate and Sulphate of Lead, and known as "Forest River Pure."
The great body and capacity for covering of this Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will fill as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands in use. It is manufactured by the most improved machinery in this country, in Boston and Charlestown. All the trial of the article will continue any greeting (unpre-judiced) painter that he can work easier and to greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, will be pleased to call on the Lead Business Men of every quarter in reference and his experiences, connected with important improvements in the mode of manufacture, enable him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.
Orders addressed to "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES B. RICHARDSON, No. 4 and 5 Merchants' Building, Dutton street. Lowell. apr18tf
Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.
"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU!
A positive and specific remedy
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.
This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, thus removing OBSTRUCTIONS, Dyspepsia, Languor, Loss, and all UNNATURAL SECRETIONS are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for
MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse,
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Nervousness, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Eruptions on the Face,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
FEARFUL COUNTENANCE.
These symptoms if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPECT.
When the above symptoms are frequently follows, the DREADFUL DISEASE,
CONSUMPTION AND INSANITY!
Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but
NONE WILL CONFESS,
THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS,
and the Melancholy Deaths by Consumption,
BEAR AMPLE WITNESS TO THE TRUTH OF THE ASSERTION.
Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably
REMOVES AT ONCE.
Requires the aid or medicine to strengthen as
Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.
FEMALE COMPLAINTS—FEMALES.
IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES the Extract Buchu is offered to the afflicted, and with confidence to the married or single, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painful, Suppressed or Profuse Menses, Uterine Diseases, Inflammation, Ulceration, or Schirrous tumors of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, this Extract has no equal, as in all cases of Nervousness, Debility, Hysterics, Fits, Pain in the Side, Dizziness, or Sinking Sensations, &c.
DIRECTIONS FOR CHANGE OF LIFE.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT
In the various climates of this country, or exposure to any
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is required in all cases of Imprudence, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse,
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the great Diuretic and Blood Purifier.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the great remedy for all Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the great remedy for all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Gravel, Dropsy, Stone in the Bladder, Dropsical Swellings, Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, Low Spirits, Difficulty of Breathing, Horrors, Disinclination to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Difficult Breathing, Trembling, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horrors, Sudden Flushes of Heat, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Eruptions on the Face, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Fearful Countenance

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, April 3, 1861.

"CONTRAPTION."—The *Washington Star*, speaking of the permanent constitution of the new confederacy, says that it is the cutest Yankee invention conceivable, a sort of self-operating, self-controling, self-protecting and self-maintaining contraption, designed forever to prevent within the seceded States any such disagreeable contingency of public affairs as a real popular election, by which the government may possibly get out of their own hands into those of any other men or party.

The *Star* is an "outsider," and therefore its comments on the new government are not expected to be complimentary.—But in the seceded States there are many expressions of opposition to the manner in which government matters are conducted. The action of several of the State conventions in voting against submitting the constitution of the new confederacy to the people is harshly denounced. Among the influential prints that are out against it, are the *New Orleans Picayune* and the *True Delta*, the Savannah *Republican*, the Augusta *Sentinel*, and the Atlanta *Commonwealth*. The latter is very bold in its expressions against the action of the State convention in refusing to allow the constitution to be directly voted on by the people, and says it introduces into the revolution "an element which has been increasing in influence, and secretly cherished for years past. Cautiously but surely it is developing itself, and the people, if they do not watch closely and act promptly, will find themselves divested of the liberties they are aware of it," and "an aristocracy will be erected on the ruins of this Republican Government, and that, too, by those who boast loudest and long of their love for the intelligence and patriotism of the people." There is a fair prospect that, if the cotton states can be "severely let alone" for a time, they will get into a quarrel among themselves, and perhaps meet the fate said to have befallen the "Kilkenny cats."

FROM THE SEIZED STATES. *Texas.*—The latest news from Texas is exciting and important, if it is not contradicted to-morrow. A dispatch dated New Orleans, April 2nd, is as follows: "Texas advices state that Col Ford has been relatively informed from Matamoras that Gen. Ampudia with 3000 Mexicans, is marching on Brownsville. Ampudia has despatched expresses with placards and handbills announcing that Texas is rightly belonged to Mexico, that he would no longer have the support of the federal government, and now was the time to take back. Reinforcements in large numbers were rapidly coming in to him. Col. Ford has ordered all the heavy guns and ordnance stores at Brazos Island to be removed from the scene of anticipated difficulties."

Florida. W. H. Ward, editor of the *Key of the Gulf*, arrived at Montgomery on the 1st., from Pensacola. He states (we quote from the dispatches) that the "steamer General Rusk had arrived, and landed at Key West, March 22nd, with 200 troops, and had on board 100 for Tortugas. Steamer Crusader had reached Key West with sealed orders, under charge of Capt. Craven, with marines. Fifteen tin in the was going into Key West on the 26th, and there is no doubt she left her troops at Fort Jefferson." The Texas Commissioners had stipulated that the troops on Gen. Rusk should be landed at New York.—The commanders of the three companies on board signed a document exonerating the captain of the steamer from all blame for deception."

South Carolina. The Charleston correspondent of the *Providence Journal* says that the Unconditional Unionists will not be adopted immediately by the South Carolina Convention. He is confident there will be a strong vote against it.

FROM WASHINGTON. The Southern Commissioners at Washington disbelieves the report of the reinforcement of Fort Pickens.

The administration discredits the reported sailing of an Anglo-French fleet for our coast.

A dispatch to the *New York Times* says it is reported that the Pawnee has been ordered to Fort Sumter to take off Major Anderson and command. The other Southern forts are not to be disturbed. The Southern Commissioners have advised Jefferson Davis that Fort Sumter will be evacuated this week.

A letter from the Secretary of the Treasury to the Collector, says that in consequence of the control of the warehouses of the Government in the reports of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Florida and Texas having been interrupted, it is impracticable to continue the privilege of bonding goods for transportation to those ports, and Collectors are instructed that no entries for transportation in bond to said ports can be permitted.

The promptness of the bids for the new government loan is having a good effect, and establishing the confidence of business men. For the $8,000,000 loan, $20,000,000 were bid. The average accepted bids were about 92 1-2. Proposals for $1,600,000 of the loan came from Boston and $26,000,000 from New York.

LEGISLATIVE. The Senate yesterday concurred with the House in the election of Hon. Moses Kimball and Ira Abercrombie as State Prison Inspectors, vice Lord and Greenfield Railroad. The majority report [incredient to legislate] of the committee on the 5 hours' cars amendment was accepted. The House refused, 92 to 106, to concur in the Senate amendment to the bill to incorporate the Museum of Comparative Zoology. The committee on the close of the session reported that the adjournment could take place on Saturday next at noon.

A SOUTHERN planter writes to a Tennessee paper that the policy of the secessionists is to frame a government upon a monarchial basis. And the Ministers of the Southern Consederacy are instructed especially to so represent to the foreign Courts. Republican form of government is to be abolished, and the last vestige of Democracy to be destroyed under this new order of things.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW. The articles in that (April) number, for learning and ability are fully equal to those of any former issue of this excellent Review. Article I is an elaborate philosophical disquisition, by an able jurist, on the methods of criminal procedure, taking strong ground against the continuance of those secret inquisitorial bodies known as grand juries. It says:—

"Those bodies are irresponsible, and can be called upon by no authority whatever, to give a reason or answer for their acts. While their duties are of a delicate nature, and demand great skill and knowledge of the law, and experience in the designs and operations of depraved and criminal persons, they are generally composed entirely of men unfit to discharge these duties. In fact, *they are lost engenderers of vote cliques for the gratification of private malice and personal revenge.*" * * We think it will be found to be the concurring, almost universal testimony of prosecuting officers, that grand juries are only a hindrance rather than a help, to the cause of justice."

The writer thinks the design and use of grand juries well adapted to the state of society in which those tribunals originated; but now everything is changed:—

"We have in our progressive civilization far outgrown the need of these bodies, and instead of being an auxiliary, they are a cumbrocome weight upon the practical working of the criminal law. They are known only to the countries of the common law of England prevails, and their duties would be far better performed if committed to prosecuting officers, who by information, instead of indictment, could bring offenders to trial. These objections to grand juries are not merely theoretical. Nay, so great a grievance have they become, that in some States of the Union they have been partially abolished."

The writer then proceeds to an examination of the evils of the present system of grand juries. He favors the entire abolition of juries, and, having "freed his mind from the nightmare of incubus," concludes:

"The duties now discharged by the court and the jury should be allotted to a single tribunal, composed of one or more persons, trained by study and practice to judicial office, and skilled in the investigation of facts. In criminal cases, this professional court should be assisted by assessors specially qualified, when questions of technical science are involved in the course of the prosecution or defence."

The learned writer also favors the abrogation of the rule disallowing criminals to testify in their own behalf, and the adoption of the old Roman and modern Continental-European custom of inquiring into the past life of accused persons, and allowing either a proneness to virtue or to ruin.

Article II. is an encomiastic review of Smith's History of the Church of Christ, in chronological tables. Article III. gives an interesting account of the results of the late African explorations of Kraff, Burton, Speke and Livingstone. Article IV. on "Ancient Geography—History of the Revolution," contains a concise biographical account of the historian, Peter Force, and of the circumstances attending the publication of his nine volumes of "American Archives." The materials of the tenth volume of these invaluable Archives were arranged some years ago, soon after Mr. Everett left the Department of State and would have been published but for the

SPRING SNOW-STORMS (says the *Boston Transcript*), are of more frequent occurrence than is generally believed. In six-tyfive of the past seventy-three years, snow has fallen in the spring months. A correspondent writes us that thirty-nine years ago this month (April, 1822), we had the severest snow storm that had been experienced in two years. The snow soon disappeared, however. At the eastward, the snow was even with the tops of the stone walls, and the roads were completely blocked up. The only means by which people could get about for a few days was on snow-shoes. The following list of snow-storms since that day may be taken from *Felt's Annals of Salem* :—

1659. April 30—Snow-storm. Three or four inches of snow lay on the ground next morning.

1672. April 1—Great storm of snow which drifted 6 feet high.

1701. May 2—Many cattle lost by a rain and hail storm of 3 days.

1761. May 5—Hard gale at northeast rain and snow. The latter melted as it fell.

1769. May 11—Snow fell for twelve hours.

1803. May 8—Snow fell seven hours

1808. April—Snow deep in places.

1832. May 4—Snow-storm all day and night.

1832. April 17—A great snow-storm with rain.

1834. May 15—Snow this morning. Hail storm 31—Considerable snow last night and to-day.

In July, 1804, snow fell in Salem and its vicinity.

ELECTIONS. *Connecticut.* Buckingham, Republican, for Governor, has about 1000 majority, against 531, last year.—Nothing decisive from the fourth Congressional district.

Portland. William W. Thomas, Republican, was chosen Mayor yesterday, over Joseph Howard, Democrat, by 175 majority.—A Republican gain of 223 from last year, Howard having then a majority of 48.

Cincinnati. The average Democratic Union majority is 2,800.

Oglesburg, N. Y., elected Republican officers, and Elmira, Democratic.

BOILED OYSTERS. Boiled oysters are something new in the epicurian line. We believe that Soyer has not recommended them. But the editor of the *Cleveland Herald*, writing to his paper from Washington, has the following gastronomic reference to the article:—

"Did you ever eat a *boiled* oyster? We have discovered a new *institution* in Washington. A friend asked us to follow him, and we followed. Entering a low sloth-like looking door, we were met by a fish-like smell, and penetrating the inner recesses, found that there were opening oysters, passing along into an apartment where tables, chairs or were set in furniture, our friend ordered some boiled oysters. "How many?" was the query, and 'a peck' was the reply. We started, but stood by in mute astonishment—a peck of oysters, and only two small men as feeders. The peck of oysters were shelled in a basket, placed under the basket and oysters went into the cauldron of boiling water and remained five minutes. Then the basket was taken out, and the peck of oysters deposited on the table, and were placed in the hot plates, with salt and pepper, and the eating commenced. This was an easy task as each shell had opened. The oysters were deposited in the plates faster than we could eat them, but we halted not until the peck of shells were scraped into the trough.—The bill was twenty-five cents. A boiled oyster is very much like a *broiled* one in delicacy of flavor."

FIRE IN FALL RIVER. Between 9 and 10 o'clock Monday night, fire was discovered in the livery stable of William Cole in Fall River, which was nearly destroyed. The flames communicated to the stable of Elihu Kirby, adjoining, badly damaging that. There were seventeen horses in Mr. Kirby's stable, two of which were burned, together with the entire stock of carriages and harnesses. Mr. Cole's loss is about $3000; no insurance.

GEN. SCOTT has written a letter to a member of the Virginia House of Representatives, respecting the guns which have excited the Virginians. He says "the guns are only sent to Fort Monroe as a safe place of deposit—being as little wanted there for the defense of that work as for the defense of Richmond. The only urgent reason in the case results from the founders' want of the contract sum. So, it will be seen that there was not the slightest cause for the excitement that arose in the Legislature.

PERSONAL. At the Parker House, Boston, last evening, were Vice President Hamlin, Hon. John A. Goodwin, Hon. D. W. Gooch, Hon. John L. Baker, Hon. Frederic Smyth, Jr., Hon. A. P. Bonney, Hon. George S. Boutwell and Hon. John R. Robins. Hon. N. P. Banks and Senator Wilson were expected by the midnight train from New York.

A young man named Daniel Robbins, proposed honorable marriage to a girl near Little Rock, Ark., on the 13th ult., and her father hearing of it shot him dead in the street. Verdict—justifiable.

Some mischievous boys finding a lad asleep lately in Morrisville, Wis., placed a lighted match to his nose, the fumes of which caused his death in the next day.

GEN. LANE, just before leaving for Oregon wrote to a friend saying: "I am out of politics, but I will urge the Democracy of Oregon to adopt the Constitution of the Confederate States as their platform.

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THE New England Methodist Episcopal Conference assembles at Boston to-day, and will continue in session until the middle of next week, when the assignments of clergymen will be announced. The three clergymen of this city having been here the past one year will probably be continued, as they seem to be very generally liked.

ALLUDING to the results of the census in the United States, the *London News* says—"At present the mere numbers are quite enough to dispel any illusions, in Europe if not in the modified Southern States, as to the chances of any Southern Confederation based on the institution of slavery."

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ A Gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a pleasant room and good board, at 32 Bond Street. Also, two table boarders.
Lowell, April 3d, 1861. aprl3-1w

FAST DAY. To-morrow being Fast day, in accordance with a time honored custom, the publication of the *Courier* will be suspended.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. The Board met last evening pursuant to adjournment.—Samuel W. Locke, John Hill, Albert Mallard, James N. Morse, Frank P. Appleton, and Jacob Lovejoy were drawn as traverse jurors to serve at the term of the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden in this city on the third Tuesday in April.

A petition was received from Isaac Place and others asking for a special election to elect a Representative in place of David Whitney, declined.

W. K. Thompson, S. T. Dresser, Amsden & Perkins, George D. Fowler, J. P. Kelton & Frank French and F. F. Peart were licensed to keep billiard rooms.

The following fire companies made choice of their officers for the ensuing year, last evening, April 2nd :—

Merrimack, No. 4.—John H. Durgin, *Jr.*, foreman; John H. Clay, assistant foreman; S. D. Gordon, clerk; C. A. Nich, treasurer; Lewis A. Young, foreman of leading hose; James Platt, foreman of suction hose; Charles Moser, steward; Rufus Norman, Jacob B. Currier, David Harding, Russell Knapp, A. B. Young, standing committee; John H. Durgin, *Jr.*, and John H. Clay, trustees of the Firemen's Fund.

Tiger, No. 5.—Samuel D. Shipley, foreman; George W. Barnard, assistant foreman; Charles H. Britell, clerk; Joseph C. Barr, treasurer; John Sweat, steward; John Carter, foreman of hose; A. J. Herrick, second foreman of hose; William W. Bates, John H. Lakin, William Coburn, standing committee; James D. Shipley and George W. Barnard, trustees of Firemen's Fund.

Maupas, No. 10.—C. E. Poor, foreman; J. C. Smith, assistant foreman; S. S. Hosmer, clerk; J. C. Eastman, treasurer; J. T. Willis, foreman of leading hose; G. R. Hussey, foreman of suction hose; E. C. Ayers, steward; A. H. Church, J. T. Willis, J. A. Caldwell, standing committee; C. E. Poor and J. C. Smith, trustees of Fireman's Fund.

A GENTLEMAN in this city, a few days ago, received a guno-cock direct from New York, which he discovered a spider in a fish-like smell, and penetrating the inner recesses, found that there were opening oysters, passing along into an apartment where tables, chairs or were set in furniture, our friend ordered some boiled oysters. "How many?" was the query, and 'a peck' was the reply. We started, but stood by in mute astonishment—a peck of oysters, and only two small men as feeders. The peck of oysters were shelled in a basket, placed under the basket and oysters went into the cauldron of boiling water and remained five minutes. Then the basket was taken out, and the peck of oysters deposited on the table, and were placed in the hot plates, with salt and pepper, and the eating commenced. This was an easy task as each shell had opened. The oysters were deposited in the plates faster than we could eat them, but we halted not until the peck of shells were scraped into the trough.—The bill was twenty-five cents. A boiled oyster is very much like a *broiled* one in delicacy of flavor."

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CONCERT FAST NIGHT. Our readers will bear in mind that the Mendelssohn Quintette Club, from Boston, will give a concert to-morrow (Thursday) evening, at Merrimack Hall, and will be assisted by Miss Pearson, a vocalist of high reputation. The Quintette Club are well and very favorably known here, and have done more to create and cultivate a taste for classical music than, perhaps, all others that have visited us, and we call attention to their proposed entertainment with the certainty that they will have a large and appreciative audience. For a concert of this description, Merrimack Hall presents unusual advantages, being both pleasant and spacious, and we are glad to notice that it is fast becoming a popular place for the first class musical entertainments. Give the club a crowded house and assure them that they are appreciated.

THE Baptist churches of this city will hold a united service in the forenoon of Fast day, in the Worthen Street Baptist meeting house. Sermon by Rev. G. F. Warren. Services will commence at 10½.

SEIGH RIDING ON FAST DAY. There is six or seven inches of snow on the ground, and unless a rain storm intervenes, we shall have good sleighing to-morrow, a very rare thing for Fast day.

DODWORTH'S BAND. The *Boston Journal* notices the fact that Dodworth's Band announces a concert in this city as follows:—"A great treat is in store for the people of Lowell on Friday evening—a less than a concert by the renowned Dodworth's of New York. The bare announcement is sufficient to induce everybody to obtain tickets in advance."

HUNTINGTON HALL will be used to-morrow evening by Mr. A. A. Thissell, for a promenade concert and dance, he having experienced in entertainments of that character. The music will be furnished by Brooks, Davis & Carlton's Quadrille Band.

POLICE COURT. The Court was wholly occupied with business this forenoon, and not a criminal daring to present himself for justice.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* Leonard *et als* vs. Bean *et als*. was resumed this morning after the opening of the court.

679 WASHINGTON STREET,
BOSTON, Feb. 1, 1861.

Messrs. Editors

A sincere feeling of personal gratitude toward Dr. Flagg, of Bowdoin Square & Flagg, 21 Tremont street, accompanied, I believe, with a truly philanthropic motive, prompts me to speak of his wonderful discovery, Restorative, the irresistible benefit of the use of *Bills*, I had endured, as best I could, the excruciating pain of a boil which had been seated on the outer cavity of all my teeth, fearing all the time, still more, the pain of extraction, yet convinced there was no other remedy. I was ignorant of the effects of Ether, supposing it intolerable to a nervous and sensitive person. Dr. Flagg, however, persuaded me to take it, and then extracted eleven teeth, without any feeling of pain on my part, or any knowledge of the precise moment of the operation. In a few days my gums healed, and I have not since felt an ache or pain. Having also suffered from a severe cough, and from a pain in my side, which was so severe as to deprive me of my natural rest, I was induced to call at the Dr.'s DEPARTMENT the cash assorts are the cough and other symptoms and entirely remove that distressing pain in my side. GOLDEN SALVE. Dr. Flagg's Vermifuge, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as hearty as ever it had been—with such testimony before them, physicians cannot but recommend, and I would respect worms, and how no time in procuring and administering Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. It never fails, and is perfectly safe.

F.P. Purchases will be exerted to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. Fleming's Genuine Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine unless signed FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, on the wrapper. Also for sale by all druggists and country dealers.

FLEMING BROS.

CAUTION!

You subscribe in the establishment of the true and original Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, manufactured by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., and for sale by all druggists and country dealers.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, as they begin to get the genuine article, as we have never sold or shipped any Southern Confederacy. LIVINGSTON, Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 3, 1860. 6m14

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best goods in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing will be suited from our assortment can go with us to the mill and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Freuch Carpets just received from Manchester in State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, mar28tf

FOR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Furs at reduced prices in order to close the stock out. Furs cannot be carried over in the store. 164 Merrimack street, Lowell.
jan26tf E. MORRISON.

LLOYD'S BAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map on largescales and Time Table of all the Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad Guide. Also, Lloyd's Weekly Steamboat Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Bee Hive Store. Price 10 cts.
jan14-3m S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jan3tf

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no former prices, sold as cheap as the damaged goods at the auction rooms. FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

THE GREAT BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott street, opposite Market Street.
mar12-2w

TRADERS AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, E. Wentworth, B. B. Richardson,
S. Hopkins, H. Bedford, Jas. Bridges,
Jas. Tyler, Jr., Jas. Tyler, Sr., C. Sherman,
Jas. Parkhurst.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurance on Dwelling Houses and Stores, and Furniture therein, in the City of Lowell. The present cash surplus is $20,000, which is invested in the most unquestionable securities. The present cash assets of offices and farm property in Middlesex county are limited to $100,000. Insurance effected at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assetts are $50,000, which is invested in current stocks. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

J. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. 1y30j1

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns brighter,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It is cleaner,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the only Coal that is entirely free from dust.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, foot of canal.
J. HOWARD, 13 Prescott street.

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Blood and Liver Complaints. Its wonderful purifying properties in the worst forms of disease, restores the appetite, promote digestion, give vigor and strength to the circulation, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. It is made entirely of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Juniper Berries, Dandelion, Fever Plant and Prickly Ash Barks, Rhubarb, Dandelion, Mandrake, Blood Root, &c., &c., all skillfully combined so as not to neutralize what is the best medicine in the world for all Blood and Liver Complaints.

This same insurance is also put up in a more concentrated form, called **Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills**, a beautiful substance without griping or pain, and will cure Costiveness and Piles. Only 25 cents per box.

Orders addressed to J. O. LANGLEY & CO., or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston,
Sold by all druggists. Ja. Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1y

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, and is fast taking the place of all other salves in existence. It is a sure remedy for all diseases of the skin, such as Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Tetter, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Nipples and Sore Eyes. It is a positive cure for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Felons, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Old Sores, Corns, Bunions, Sore Feet, Sore Breasts, Sore Heads, Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Sore Legs, Sore Ears, Sore Nose, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, Sore Hands, Sore Fingers, Sore Toes, Sore Nails, Sore Corns, Sore

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having no establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can
complete satisfactorily before any other establishment
in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Law Cards, Addresses, Circulars, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,
Court Dockets, Bill and Lead Constitutions of Societies, Printing Store Cards, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.
FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Firms, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or in richest colors, or bordered,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand a good assortment of paper suitable for and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
Z. E. STONE,
N. WHITNEY, } Proprietors.

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute.)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter and Cotton or Cloth Scales, in connection with the sale of specially tailor-made their brands and the public that they have constantly on hand a full line of the scales with their warrant to be as accurate as any house in the business.
They would refer to the following corroborative,
Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860.
Having had occasion to examine and adjust Weeks & Nute's Platform Scales, which we have used for several years, I consider them as accurate and reliable as any in the market, and would recommend all those
ANOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
PORTABLE AND SPOON CASTORS, BUTTER COOLERS
GOLD VEST, FOB AND KNIT CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
RINGS, HEAD, SCARF AND BREAST PINS,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, FRUIT KNIVES,
PISTOL AND POCKET KNIVES,
IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—sold by and for
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable styles of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dec19eow
BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
1849 RESERVE
The established superiority of this CORDIAL has been as a medicinal agent, is now so generally known, as to render it unnecessary in the manufacturers which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskeys.
Being distilled in 1849, and thus matured expressly for us while in store, it is now offered to the public as strictly pure, wholesome, and peculiarly effective for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Debility, and Derangements of the Stomach, Nervousness, &c.
As a cure agent it has proved itself in many cases of severe attack, while age having contributed its genial charm and enriched it with a delicious flavor and mellowness, it affords a most luxurious beverage for the preservation of recovery of health, through the agreeable medium of well-pleased palate.
Put up in a variety of attractive forms, in two-bottle cases of convenient size, and in quart bottles, each, and sold by all prominent druggists, grocers and town agents.
A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1778.)
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.
For sale in Boston by C. F. GOWEN & CO., 102 Hanover and 14 Marshall st.; WEEKS & POTTER, 82 Tremont st.; LOCKWOOD & BRADLEY, 148 Washington st.; MOSES, MERRILL & CO., 47 Hanover st.; SLEEPER & CO., 61 Commercial st.; and by Druggists generally.
dec20 1y
BININGER'S LIQUORS
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS
Brushes! Brushes!
WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Scrub Brushes, Long Handles, Feather Dusters, Hair Brushes, Comb Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Whisk Brooms and a full stock of Paint and Varnish Brushes constantly on hand, and for sale at low prices by
no20 E. P. HATCH, 42 Merrimack st.
DR. KEANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.
BEESE HATS at BRAZER'S.

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.
All kinds of Musical Merchandise to be had.
Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands, Sheet Music, &c.
Also agency for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., &c., &c. jan1tf
FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD in full cases at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the Old Linseed Oil, and to be equal in quality to any by Boon, Davison and Paterson; it is believed that no White Lead made in this country has a more world wide reputation or larger market. Warranted Pure." Is PERFECTLY PURE.
The great body and capacity for covering of this Lead, renders it cheaper to the consumer than other brands. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been attested by many of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. At this Mill is also manufactured, by the same process as the Lead, pulverized Litharge, which is well known and to greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century in this country and abroad, and has had extensive experience in the manufacture of Lead, which enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.
Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES E. HOVEY, No. 8 and 9 Faneuil Hall Building, Boston street, Lowell. sep18tf
Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
A positive and speedy remedy
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, DROPSY, and TROPICAL DISEASES.
This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WASTES OF CALCAREOUS DEPOSITIONS are thrown off. Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are speedily cured as HEALTH AND INFLAMMATION and a good flow of
MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
Arising from EXCESS, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, &c.
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horrors of Confinement, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Head, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, &c.
Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably removes.
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.
CONSULTATION, personally or by letter, FREE.
OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE,
IN ANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES
Should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.
Full and explicit directions accompany the medicine, and Physicians may be consulted, free of charge, either personally or by letter.
Which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably removes.
DEPOT 594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Price $1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50, delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.
DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.
Observe Certificates of Cures.
AFFIDAVIT.
Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, to be dealing with drugs, both as a practical chemist and druggist, and no mercury, or other injurious drugs; but are purely vegetable, and that he has sold for 15 years, and continues to sell more than 100,000 per annum.
November, 1854. WM. F. HIBBERT, Alderman, Third street, above Race, Philadelphia.
Address letters for information or confidence to
H. T. HELMBOLD'S Chemist,
Depot, 594 South Tenth St. below Chestnut, Philadelphia.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS
AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS.
Be sure to ask for "HELMBOLD'S" and take no other. "HORSE" ARTICLES OF THE KIND ARE OFFERED BY UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS.
Helmbold's Extract Buchu,
Sarsaparilla,
Improved Rose Wash.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., and by druggists every-where. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Call on advertisements and send for it. and avoid imposition and exposure.
nov15 1eowly

W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
Has the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA TORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec22

Music Books.
JULLIEN'S Music for the Million. A collection of Instrumental Music composed by the eminent composer when in this country.
The Operatic Journal. A collection of Sacred Music, Polkas and compositions in every department of Music.
Operatic Bouquet. A collection of Quartette, Chorusses and Concerted Pieces from the most favorite Operas, arranged for the use of choirs, societies and singing schools. Edward Hall.
Any piece of Music to be found in the country furnished at short notice. Remember the place,
oct1 17 Central street.
WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink! can be purchased at E. E. HUNT'S Book and Music Store at better rates than at any other store in Lowell.

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
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All kinds of Musical Merchandise to be had.
Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands, Sheet Music, &c.
Also agency for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., &c., &c. jan1tf
W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
a new opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is now in convenient complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is unsurpassed on this side of the water.
All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine our stock, which is rich and full
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices which will suit them in every case.
Gf All kinds of Instruments, to let at low terms. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes and Brass Instruments Bands, Sheet Music, &c.
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A positive and speedy remedy
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ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
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Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., and by druggists every-where. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Call on advertisements and send for it. and avoid imposition and exposure.
nov15 1eowly

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
a new opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is now in convenient complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, is unsurpassed on this side of the water.
All who are in want of such articles will please call and examine our stock, which is rich and full
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices which will suit them in every case. tf
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS.
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the State or Boston, and invite the Crockery Emporium Patronage remember,
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.
H. S. HAYNES
Has received from
T. & B. BOOTH, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, just received from the English and American manufacturers, a full and complete assortment
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to men tion
The above goods will be manufactured to order, and sold to my old stock, which was very large, making the assortment so large and full, that all can be suited, both in style and price.
HOUSE-KEEPERS are respectfully invited to examine my large stock, which is now complete, and will sell as low as can be obtained in this city for cash.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line, are invited to call and examine my assortment, which I will sell as low as can be obtained in this or any other market.
Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to show them to you, and still greater pleasure to sell them to you.
Just keep in mind the place, Merrimack street, the assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail. Remember the sign of HAYNES' CHINA Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street, less than 50 paces from the post office.
dec7 H. S. HAYNES.
BININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN
A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778.)
GIN as a Remedial Agent.
THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,
Reperously designed for the use of the Medical Profession and Invalids, having received the so called "Gins," "Aromatics," "Cordial" and "Schiedam Schnapps," &c., is now indorsed by all the prominent physicians, chemists, and connoisseurs throughout all of these intoxicating compounds, a remedy, heretofore

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during over twenty years practice, to know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the various diseases of infants, and from the conviction you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended
For Children Teething;
And at this period of infantile life when your anxious hearts are joyous in the fond caress of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in relieving the Convulsions, Indigestion, and Relaxation, and from That Disease attending Teething, such as Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Worms, Fever of the Stomach Sick, Nervousness and in fact, we confidently offer them as a certain relief and cure in every case when given in time. It will invariably regulate the stomach and bowels, and be important in that respect, can hardly be estimated
In Convulsions,
from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, a few doses will relieve the most distressingly, as if by magic; and as this dread complaint arises from derangement of the stomach and bowels, and of the tail and lighting consequences from the irritation of teething, the Infantile Cordial, composed on the first principles of vegetable and animal administration being scarcely followed by constipation, will be found a safe and certain remedy in all
Does not Constipate
the bowels, neither does it act by destroying the organs of digestion, as is necessary through the use of rare mechanical quinine, by its tonic effect upon the nervous system, and the digestive organs, therefore, to use to tone in procuring a health, that in any case where it is used, there will be no need for you to relieve your child in time of need. It is perfectly harmless, and may be given to the infant of days old.
Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This you will find on the outside wrapper of the bottle.
Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 459 Broadway, New York
And sold by them, and by all druggists in the country.
Kinder's Liniment.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Mahogany Furniture, &c., &c. This article is invaluable. It will be found effectual, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Try it. If you never seized, by its use will look as fresh as new.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
may19
A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best medicines in a family—and at no time, for 25 cents, may be found some of the choicest works published, than the following:
WOMAN: Her Character, Culture and Influence—Portrait Gallery of Female Loveliness—Heroism—Fortitude—Patriotism—Piety and Virtue. Put up in quart bottles, and sold by all Druggists. Grocers, &c.
A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1778.)
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad st., N. Y.
Sold in Lowell by J. P. KELTON, 87 Market street.
jy30eod1yTuSatwly
DR. DOWSE'S
HEADACHE AND CATARRH
SNUFF
THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind at present offered for publication. The Catarrh is a disease of the head, producing a slimy matter running from the head out of the nose, and down the throat, lodging in the stomach, and exasperating, becomes a thick, glary substance, laying the foundation for a cough, and other pulmonary diseases which lead to consumption. Young children are effected with this matter running from the head into the stomach, causing a cough; and when the child falls to sleep the cough ceases for the phlegm. It fills the stomach and windpipe, and the child dies with the croup, unless immediate relief is offered. 1-4 the child snuff up some of Dr. Dowse's Snuff, and in a few days will have taken cold, and it will prevent all these complaints. Price 25 cents per box.
Prepared by DR. J. DOWSE, No. 19 East Merrimack street, Lowell.
CERTIFICATE OF CURES.
Price 6 to 25 years standing
WINE NAMES KNOWN IN
SCIENCE AND FAME.
Price $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00, Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.
DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.
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nov15 1eowly
SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received from CHELSEA'S Patent Boot and Shoe Duster. It has a new principle of action, and is the equal of a Jim's Hat, Sweeper and Shoe Brush.
Also, a new lot of Jim's Hat Brushes, Flesh and manicure at 45 Merrimack st.
JUST RECEIVED a rich lot of FRENCH Prints, Ginghams and Muslins, which will be sold at Wholesale Prices for Summer wear, at
jy6 Corner Hat Store, 47 Central St.
Coal and Wood.
HARD and SOFT COAL, &c. Also, LIME, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and CALCINED PLASTER, constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices at the MIDDLE STREET.
Having also arrangements with shippers to supply the above articles from vessels discharging at the railroad runs the centre of the city, we are prepared to fill orders at short notice and on as favorable terms as can be obtained elsewhere.
WILLIAM RITTERIDGE.
Lowell, Aug. 8, 1860. 3m
BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices is at E. E. HUNT'S Book and Music store, 41 Central street, Lowell.
RESTAURA T.
DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, up one flight of stairs, at 12 M.
The bill of fare will embrace a great variety, as we shall endeavor to please our customers in the matter of eating.
The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to secure a liberal share of public patronage, and he is determined to deserve it.
jy6 H. EMERY
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED.
A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds (Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., Tuned and repaired in the very best manner, and at low charges. Orders left at Dyer's Music store and Place Music Room, 41 Central street, Lowell, will be promptly attended to.
dec28 DYER.
Burnett's Cocoaine.
COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for A dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without a rival.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It restores its natural color.
It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the most perfect dress.
It remains longest in effect.
It is perfect for a bald spot bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
QUACKS.
BOXING WITHOUT A MASTER.
THE ART and Practice of Boxing and Self Defence, explains the various positions, blows, guards, and every complement thing necessary to make a finished boxer.
"MILLENIAL EXPERIENCE, or God's Will Known and Done"—by Rev. A. Underwood. Just published by Henry Tuckerman, for sale by
J. J. JUDKINS, 9 John st.
SUPERIOR RICE MEAL.
NEW and fresh ground, for sale by
S. KIDDER, Jr.
FRENCH OTTER HATS, $3 44 and 4 dollars per hat, superior quality. Just received from the importer, at
BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.
"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."
AND the greatest humbug of the day is the premium given to Dyer's Music Books at any price or rates than they are now sold by the regular Music Dealers. Dyer's Music Books are universally acknowledged to be the cheapest and best collection ever published. The Latest and Most Popular Songs, including six volumes, viz: Odeon, Clinton, Elm, Whistler, Melodeon, Temple.
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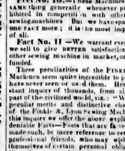

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, April 5, 1861.

ELECTIONS. *Rhode Island.* The election on Wednesday resulted in the choice of William Sprague, Conservative, (who supported Mr. Lincoln) for Governor, over James Y. Smith, Republican, by 1,628 majority, with one town—Scituate—Sherman majority, with one town—Scituate—Sherman majority, with one town—Scituate—Sherman majority, which gave last year 106 Republican majority, to be heard from. The following is the vote by counties compared with the vote of last year:

	1861.			1860.
	Paleffera.	Sprague.	Smith.	Sprague.
Providence,	6,067	7,337	5,945	7,203
Newport,	1,547	1,942	1,237	1,801
Bristol,	1,047	1,113	1,301	1,231
Kent,	1,012	1,460	1,033	1,276
Wash'n,	622	844	1,000	1,000
	10,835	12,296	10,390	11,511
Scattering,	143		Scattering,	16

For members of Congress, William P. Sheffield, Conservative, is elected over C. Robinson, Republican, in the Eastern District, by 342 plurality and 320 majority. In the Western District, George H. Browne, Conservative, beats William D. Brayton, Republican, by 555 plurality, with New Shoreham to be heard from. Mr. Sheffield has heretofore voted with the Republican and Mr. Browne with the Democratic party, though the *Providence Journal* says they are both pledged to the support of the administration. Messrs. Robinson and Brayton were the late members.

There is a majority of the supporters of Sprague in both branches of the State Legislature.

Connecticut. Nearly complete returns give Buckingham, Republican, 1,910 majority over Loomis, Democrat, for Governor. Should the towns to be heard from vote same as last year, Buckingham's majority will be over 1,700. For Congress, Dwight Loomis, Republican, is re-elected in the First District by about 154 majority; James L. English, Democrat, in the Second District by about 800 majority; John Woodruff, Republican, the late member; Alfred A. Burnham, Republican, in the Third District, is re-elected by about 2000 majority; George C. Woodruff, Democrat, is reported to have beaten Orrin S. Ferry, Republican, the late member, by about 80 plurality. Two years since the Republicans elected their members in the respective districts by the following plurralities —Loomis 65, Woodruff 322, Burnham 552, Ferry 557, total, 1,496. In the State Senate the Republicans elect Messrs. Wastheim, and in the House about sixty majority.

Richmond, Va. On Wednesday, Mr. Mayo was elected Mayor by about 1,000 majority over Mills, Unionist.

FOREIGN. The steamship America, which left Liverpool on the 23rd, arrived at Halifax on the 3rd. We compile the most noteworthy paragraphs of news received by this arrival.

England. In the House of Lords, the Ionian question had been discussed, and the English government endorsed the action of the Governor of the Ionian Islands, in proroguing the Assembly for six months. The reason for this was that a member of the Ionian Assembly moved that the Islands vote by universal suffrage on the question of annexation to Greece, and to unite themselves into one service for the purpose of expelling the Turks from Europe.

In the House of Lords, Lord Wodehouse said he believed the States of Holstein would reject the propositions of Denmark, but war was not likely to take place before August.

In the House of Commons Lord John Russell promised to produce the correspondence with the American government relative to the fugitive slave law. Inquiry had been made whether explanation had been demanded from the French relative to the assistance rendered by the French minister in the escape of Miramon from Mexico. Lord John Russell admitted that Miramon had violated international law but in the absence of official despatches the French government had not been applied to on the subject.

France. In the Corps Legislatif, Jules Favre moved his amendment to the address, requesting the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome, and strongly urged the necessity for such a proceeding. He said the maintenance of the status quo was impossible. M. Billault said the French government would neither sacrifice the Pope to the unity of Italy, nor the unity of Italy to the Pope. The object of France was to reconcile the two interests. The amendment was rejected. The appointment in favor of the temporal power of the Pope was offered but withdrawn. Count Morney urged the Legislature to leave the solution to the Emperor. The entire address was finally agreed to. So far from receiving the French troops from Rome by the government, that it was generally reported in Paris that 10,000 more would be sent out, nominally to reinforce the garrison, but really to make a counter demonstration to that of Austria on the Po.

Italy. A grand fete in honor of Garibaldi, took place in the royal castle in Naples, on the 24th. Alexander Dumas has challenged an editor who accused him of taking money from the Government during Garibaldi's dictatorship, and a duel was pending.

India. Private information from Calcutta reports business in cotton, but heavy arrivals had caused a depression. The area of the famine, which has already done a terrible work, is extending.

APPOINTMENTS. The following appointments have been made for Maine:—Jedediah Jewett for collector of Portland; Andrew Dow for postmaster, and C. G. Talbot for survey. In addition to the above it is reported that Roland Fisher is to be collector at Bath; James A. Bicknell, postmaster at Augusta; John Berry, postmaster at Gardiner; Thomas Hovey, postmaster at Hallowell.

THE *Pennsylvanian*, a Democratic journal of Philadelphia, which has fought the battles of Democracy for thi ty years, has been suspended for want of support. The *Worcester Daily Times* has been changed to a weekly.

THE influences of little things are a real and as constantly at work as the air we breathe, or the light by which we see.—These are the small—the often invisible—the almost unthought of—stands, which are unwearing and tending by millions, to bind us to character—to good or evil here, and to heaven and hell hereafter.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Louisiana.* The following is the official vote of Louisiana on recession: For secession 20,448: for co-operation 17,296: majority for secession 3,152. The total vote on the question of secession was 37,744; for President but November 50,510, a loss in the total vote of 12,766 from that time.

Kentucky. The Legislature has adopted the amendment to the Constitution passed at the late session of Congress. It has also passed a resolution inviting the States of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Missouri and Arkansas to send delegates to Frankfort, in that State, on the 27th of May next, to consult upon the critical condition of the country, and agree upon some plan of peaceable adjustment.

South Carolina. The State Convention on Wednesday, by a vote of 149 to 29, ratified the Constitution of the Confederated States. So the Constitution is not to be submitted to the people.

Texas. Governor Houston has sent a message to the Legislature protesting against the Convention, appealing to the Legislature to sustain him, and claiming still to be Governor. The Legislature did not take the slightest notice of it. Mr. Blaisdell, the contractor of the custom-house at Galveston, TEXAS, arrived at Washington Wednesday, bringing with him nine thousand dollars of government money, handed him by the collector of that port, which the secessionists failed to get hold of. He represents that the people of that State have not been fairly heard, and that the movement is one of affairs, most of the citizens being disgusted with the revolution. Mr. Blaisdell called on several of the Secretaries.

England. The *New York World* has dispatches from Richmond, which indicate that the Virginia Convention will pass an ultimatum this week to be submitted to the border States. There will be no ordinance of secession passed.

Alabama. Some of the Alabama papers are inclined to treat the appointment of George W. Lane, by President Lincoln, to be Judge of the United States District Court in that State in a facetious manner. It is said that he will not attempt to hold the courts in only the Northern District of the State.

FORT SUMTER. The dispatches from Washington on the 3rd, state that a meeting of the Cabinet was held that morning, which was attended by Captain Seem, who has hardly summoned. Capt. Fox had arrived from Fort Sumter, and it is thought the consultation was in reference to reinforcing Major Anderson.

A special dispatch to the *Sun* says the Charleston to the *New York Day Book*, says the furnishing of provisions to Major Anderson was stopped the day. Gen. Beauregard was inspecting the fortifications, as orders from Montgomery for the commencement of hostilities are hourly expected. The preparations are all completed.

It is reported from various quarters that several Western Senators are strongly opposed to the removal of Fort Sumter, and have within a few days strongly urged the President not to give it up. The delay in doing so, if it is to be done at all, is certainly singular; but the presence of the President are not known out of the Cabinet. It will surprise no one to learn that the fort is reinforced.

A NIGHTMARE VIEW OF THE CRISIS.—The *London Chronicle* of March 14th, has a long article on the American crisis, in which the following tremendous statement is sincerely made :—

"Ever since Mr. Lincoln's accent to the Presidential chair, the cruelties of the slaveowners have been multiplied and intensified, because it is feared that, unless a system of terror be established, the hereditary bondsmen will make weapons of their chains and crush oppression itself under the heel of revolted slavery. Not in Algiers, when the Deys were at the summit of their execrable power; not in Rome, when the poor captive girl, after being flagitiously abused, was flung into the fish pond; not in Russia, when the executioner cuts out the tongue of his knouted victim, have horrors more terrible been recorded than have been testified to by unwilling witnesses since the triumph of Mr. Lincoln. The over-worked, jaded, fiend, miserably-tired and wretchedly lodged slaves, have been compelled, as a means of repressing their intelligence, to work in iron collars, to sleep in the stocks, to drag heavy fetters at their feet, to wear yokes and bells, and copper horns; to stand naked while their masters or mistresses whipped them infamously, to have their teeth drawn, to have red-pepper rubbed into their eyes, to be hunted like wild beasts, pentine, to be thrust into racks with nail cats, to have their fingers amputated, to be tarred and feathered and whipped from neck to heel with redhot irons. It is of no avail to decry this impeachment. Numbers of the which contains a majority of slaveowners, admits the truth. The American journals teem with advertisements of the bloodhounds which are masked indelibly with the traces of torture. Cases are frequently tried in the law courts of the Union, of masters who have not only flogged their slaves, girls to death, but have deliberately carved their flesh from their bones; and since the beginning of the panic caused by Mr. Lincoln's election, these abominations have been redoubled."

The absurd extravagance of this statement bears with it a lesson. If the state of public feeling and education in England is such, that a really strong journal can make such statements, believing them itself and expecting others to believe them, we may reasonably suggest that the opinion of the Southern Confederacy by England is not likely to now occur.

At New Haven, Ct., on Tuesday afternoon, the wife of William Shold took her infant boy out in a carriage, and drove it to the river, where she drowned herself and child. The bodies were recovered in the evening. Mrs. Shold had been out of health, and suffered greatly from depression of spirits, which at times amounted to insanity. She leaves two young children.

PROBABLY in all, Mr. Goodrich will make some eighty new appointments, and we learn that full that number of applicants are residents of Iowa county.—*Newburyport Herald.*

The *Herald* must be mistaken; the eighty applicants for office under Mr. Goodrich belong in Middlesex County, not Essex.

THE Republican Wigwam, at Chicago, has been sold at auction.

THE MAILS IN THE NEW CONFEDERACY. Hon. J. H. Reagan of TEXAS, the Postmaster General of the Southern Confederacy, is a very cool gentleman, considering the climate he inhabits. He has a very easy way of settling difficulties and has disposed of the postal matters in the whole of the new Republic with much more ease than the people of Lowell settle the matter of the sixteen years, and would be huge to see all his old customers. In his report to the President he says:

"I have addressed a circular to the postmasters in the seven seceded States, in which he says, among other things—

"It is the wish of this Government that all Postmasters and other employees in the postal service, should continue to perform their duties as before, and render all their accounts and pay all moneys to the order of the Government of the United States, as has been heretofore done, until the Government of the Confederate States shall be prepared to assume the entire control of its postal affairs. This will be done as soon as practicable. But the cases are of daily incident to the organization of the Department are such as to place it out of the power of the Government definitely when the new service will be substituted for the old. Any attempt to mix the employees of the two Governments in the same service would be wholly impracticable. And no reliance for the appointments of postmasters or others in the postal service will be made by this Department, nor will it receive returns of moneys or money derived from the postal service, until it shall assume the entire control of the service. If the postmasters and other officers should cease to carry on this service before this Department shall be organized and prepared to take charge of it no great shock to the public interests will be produced. They will be considered by the master General is authorized to continue the postmasters and others in the postal service in office, and to continue existing contracts, pending the audits until new appointments and new contracts can be made.

"We must regard the people of our mails, at this time, by that Government, as a great public necessity to the people of both Governments, and expect their just and intimate political, commercial and social relations, and alike important to the prosperity and the peaceful interests of the people of both countries. And while that Government shall, by its action, consult such considerations, our Government and people should act with the same high regard for the great interests. Such a course on our part, springing from such motives, will powerfully the character of our people, without impairing the dignity of our Government, and may lead to the transfer of our Postal service from one to the new Government, with far less injury to the people of both, than would necessarily flow from precipitate and inconsiderate action on the part of either."

HEBREW MEN AND WOMEN, from the Patriarchs to the Present Time. By Joseph Henry Allen. Boston: Walker, Wise & Co.

The volume of which the above is the title page, is divided into parts as follows: 1. Judges; 2. Moses; 3. The Judges; 4. David; 5. Solomon; 6. The Kings; 7. The Laws; 8. The Prophets; 9. The Captivity; 10. The Maccabees; 11. The Alexandrines; 12. The Messiah. The author has made a judicious use of the latest researches of German scholarship, which may be partially accounted for in a slight diffidence, but as she proceeded that was forgotten in the skilful and artistic management of it, and she created a very favorable impression with her audience. The cavatina from Traviata and the song from Somnambula were perfomed admirably. We cannot enter into the details, has given the public a clear and comprehensive history of Hebrew men and women, as far as space will allow. In his preface, Mr. Allen says he has "conscientiously sought to avoid entangling his little work with any sort of dogmatism, leaving to theological writers to keep it true to its strictly historical intension." In this he certainly seems to have succeeded, and the volume will completely answer the want felt by general readers for a work more actively devoted to History than has heretofore been obtainable. We commend it to the attention of those for whom it was especially designed.

For sale in Lowell by Mrs. S. B. Eaton, No. 115 Central Street.

MERRY'S MUSEUM. This little juvenile monthly, notwithstanding the whole establishment was lately consumed by fire, came out in its usual form and with undiminished interest. The irrecoverable loss of this companion of thousands of children, would be a serious injury to not only the young but the old. We are glad to see that it still lives. We presume the April number is for sale at the bookstores.

ONE of the assistant census marshals of Georgia having written to Mr. Kennedy, the superintendent of the census, for the balance due him for services rendered the government, the gentleman wrote him "that government having been deprived of the funds wherewith it was contemplated to pay the creditors of the United States, he had no claim upon the appropriation to the purposes of the so-called Southern Confederacy, the officers of government will not deposit funds where they are liable to be diverted from the purposes required by law"; but if the impecunious holders of the abstracted funds would accept orders in favor of its own citizens for funds due them from the United States, he had no doubt satisfactory arrangements could be made.

A NICE LITTLE ON DIT. A millionaire of Paris wrote to Jules Janin, that he had a great desire to be associated with him in some dramatic composition. "Will you do me the favor to write a comedy, and let me sell a few lines of my own? I will then have it produced in the most costly and splendid style upon the stage, at my own expense, and we will share the profits." To which Scribe wrote: "My dear sir, I must decline your flattering offer. I am already associated with a man who is not proper that a horse and an ass should be yoked together." To which the Parisian replied: "Sir, I have never had your impertinent epistle. By what authority do you call me a horse!"

FRESH WATER SPRING AT SEA. A fresh water spring has been discovered at sea, about eight miles of the coast of St. Augustine, Fla., which bubbles up with such force as to be seen two miles off, and has generally been mistaken for a breaker. It is pure fresh water, and ships have lately supplied themselves from it by throwing over a bucket.

DANGEROUS TO STAND BEHIND. The statement that valuable improved arms are being sold at Harper's Ferry at auction by order given by Secretary Floyd during his term of office, is contradicted. The only arms sold, or for sale, are a lot of Hall's rifles, breech-loaders, made in 1832, and which have been on hand ever since. They were sent to a company in the Florida war, and returned in the spring of 1861 as unserviceable. "For God's sake send me arms which will give the man who stands behind as good an chance as the man in front of it."

MR. DAVID STARBIRD, of Concord, N. H., while assisting in rolling logs into the Suncook River, at Loudon, on Monday, was killed by logs rolling over him which had suddenly started.

AT a recent ball in Reedsburg, Wis., the price of admission was a bushel of wheat. The farmers attended in large numbers.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ A Gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a pleasant room and good board, at 22 Hurd Street. Also, two large bowsprits.
Lowell, April 3d, 1861. apr3d2t

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. A special meeting of the Board was holden Wednesday afternoon to appoint engineers and firemen for the year commencing May 1st. The annual report of the Chief Engineer was received, read, placed on file and five hundred copies ordered to be printed. Asahel D. Puffer was appointed Chief Engineer, with Joseph Tilton, Amos H. Foster, Horace L. Eaton, William H. Lamprey, James Sands and Charles H. Arlen as Assistants. All were re-appointments. A communication was received from the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, submitting the rolls of the several companies. A resolution was passed providing that the Board of Aldermen shall have power to discharge firemen at any time they deem proper, and that the firemen shall not receive pay for their services after receiving notice of their discharge. It was voted to appoint the members of the several companies, with the exception of Nos. 1 and 4, and that this meeting be adjourned until the last Wednesday of this month.—The members of engine companies No. 1, and 4, Ocean Hydrant No. 1, Steamer company No. 2, and Hook and Ladder company, were appointed. The name of George W. Norris was stricken from the roll of the Hook and Ladder company, as being ineligible, being a member of the City Council. The roll of engine company No. 10 was referred to the Board of Engineers with the addition of the names of the persons whose names were omitted in the appointments and new contracts can be made.

CHIEF ENGINEER'S REPORT. The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, submitted his annual report to the Board of Aldermen, Wednesday afternoon. The report represents the department to be in a good condition, and the members active and ready to perform their duties. He recommends that a steamer be placed in the city, for Rocket Engine No. 2, located at Ayer's New City. The steamer has met the expectation of its most sanguine friends, but it is recommended that the present one be exchanged for a lighter machine. The department has been called out twenty-two times during the year ending March 31st—sixteen times in consequence of fires and six times by false alarms. There was no alarm from June 20th to October 12th, a period of about four months. The amount of loss during the year from fires is about $29,000, as near as could be ascertained; insurance on property destroyed, $6,750. The loss is smaller than during any period for the last ten years.

We give a table of the loss and insurance in each year since 1852, and the aggregate for the whole time now:

Year ending March.	Loss	Insurance
1852,	$94,090	$42,600.
1853,	72,500	33,548.
1854,	118,673	105,650.
1855,	67,000	31,900.
1856,	72,950	39,650.
1857,	79,793	34,786.
1858,	67,475	25,068.
1859,	35,150	17,300.
1860,	35,775	21,775.
1861,	29,000	6,750.
Total,	$668,398	$376,611.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* The Court came in this morning, when the case of Frost vs. Gage—an action of contract brought to recover of the proceeds of certain property put into the hands of the defendant as agent—was resumed. The case which the plaintiff holds one—was commenced. The defence is that Frost is not a creditor, and by agreement of the plaintiff the defendant should retain the sum due to the claimant to pay part of a note held by Gage against the brother of the plaintiff.

This action was tried in the Superior Court and went up to the Supreme Court on exceptions, and the exceptions were sustained and sent back to this Court for a new trial.

A. F. L. Norris for plaintiff, Butler & Webster for defendant.

It is understood that the 1st jury will be dismissed after this case is finished till Monday next, the 1st jury having been dismissed Wednesday night.

The festival by the ladies of the Second Universalist Church was entirely successful. Some portions of the entertainment were really fine, especially the tableau of the Lilliputian fairies and some of the pantomimes afforded the audience great amusement. We did not see all, but such as came under our observation we regarded as excellent; and the whole entertainment passed off to the credit of its managers. If as successful in a pecuniary point as in other respects, there will be no fault to find in any direction.

NEW SHOES. Brazer, at the corner hat store, has just placed three large signs into the spaces formerly used for glass side windows on the Market Street side of his store. They were painted by J. E. Wiswall, at Fielding & Co.'s, and make a fine display. The attention of the gentleman with a "shocking bad hat" must be attracted by them.

REOPENED. The Middlesex Mechanics' Library, which has been closed for some days, will be re-opened to-morrow forenoon, at 10 o'clock, after which time it will be accessible to members at the same hours as heretofore.

This evening the annual choice of officers of the Association takes place.

SOCIAL PARTY. Mr. Ganson, who has leased Carleton Hall, in Carleton Block gives a party there this evening, and hopes to meet his numerous acquaintances in his new quarters. It is an admirable one for small parties and for schools, and we have no doubt Mr. Ganson will find himself very pleasantly stanted. On and after this evening, then, Mr. G. may be found at Carleton Hall.

THE ladies of St. Anne's Parish will hold their annual Easter Sale at French's Hall on Friday afternoon and evening.

POLICE COURT. The Court is wholly occupied with civil business again to-day.

FIREMEN'S ELECTIONS. On Wednesday evening, the members attached to Steamer Wamesit, No. 2, elected their officers for the ensuing year: John C. Hall, Foreman; J. W. Heald, Assistant Foreman; Leonard Brown, Clerk; John C. Hall, Treasurer; W. S. C. Sargent, Driver; F. S. Perkins, J. W. Heald, Robert Butcher, Standing Committee; F. S. Perkins, Engineer; Georgh W. Austin, Assistant Engineer; George F. Salmon, Fireman. [The three last are supposed by the Mayor and Aldermen.]

Excelsior Engine Company No. 1, elected Cyrus E. Luscomb, Foreman; A. Shepherd, Assistant Foreman; C. E. Ricker, Clerk and Treasurer; C. H. Grant, Foreman of leading Hose; A. P. Hall, Foreman of suction Hose; William Doyle, Steward; William Fowler, D. M. Prescott, S. Badger, J. Rollins, Standing Committee; C. E. Luscomb and A. S. Shepherd, Trustees Firemen's Fund Association.

QUINTETTE CLUB. The concert given by the Mendelssohn Quintette Club at Merrimack Hall last evening was fully attended, and the performance elicited the admiration and applause of all present.—Nothing can exceed the perfect manner in which they play, either separately or collectively, nor the beautiful and perfect harmony which they invariably draw forth from their instruments. In whatever they undertake they are thoroughly masters. With this unqualified acknowledgment of their ability and skill as artists, as also of their pleasing style of programme for the evening, we regret that a larger Lowell audience so sparingly to that severer and more classic music with which their repertoire so fully abounds, and which is so abundant in their programmes for other cities. We had a pleasing specimen of this in the quintette by Mendelssohn and the quartette by Schubert, both of which received the profoundest attention, and elicited the most hearty applause when duly appreciated. The solos, by the different artists, were a leading feature of the programme, rather more so than we could have wished. Mr. Bergen, the cornetist of the evening, proved a very agreeable attraction. At the outset her voice seemed to lack that pure and ringing quality of tone which is so delightful to hear, and which may be partially accounted for in a slight diffidence, but as she proceeded that was forgotten in the skilful and artistic management of it, and she created a very favorable impression with her audience. The cavatina from Traviata and the song from Somnambula were perfomed admirably. We cannot enter into the details, but by their success last evening, will feel encouraged to favor us with their exquisite concerts at more frequent intervals than heretofore. They can hardly fail to secure good audiences.

We regret that the encouragement of our citizens is not such as to induce Mr. J. C. D. Parker to give the series of concerts he proposed, as in that event we should soon have been favored with a few more very fine concerts.

A "new sensation!" The last chance! Improve it or you will regret it! This Saturday afternoon and evening is the last opportunity to witness the magnificent panorama of Scenes in Japan at Bowman's Hall. No language can describe the novel effect of this gorgeous spectacle —it takes you right into the heart of those mysterious countries, and you behold not only their wonderful temples, magnificent pagodas and ever varying scenery, but it hurries you along the thronged streets of their immense cities and shows you the manners and habits of the various and curious human beings who swarm them like bees in a hive. Don't fail to see it. *The children* are reminded that at the *afternoon exhibition* it only costs them five cents.

THE CONCERT THIS EVENING. Our readers will bear in mind the fact that the first and only concert in this city by Dodworth's band will be given this evening, and it is necessary for us at this time to add a word in commendation of the entertainment. It can hardly disappoint any one. See programme elsewhere.

REMOVED
69 Next Door. 69
P. H. EMERSON
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has removed to
69 Merrimack Street,
next door to his former store. Having newly refitted it, he now offers a full assortment of goods in his line at the lowest cash prices.
He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received for the last seven years, and would be happy to see all his old customers and as many new ones as may favor him with a call at his new store.
Lowell, March 2, 1861. 1m mar23dsup

BEAUTY ENSURED!
THE
MAGNOLIA BALM:
A PERFECT AND COMPLETE SAFEGUARD FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
SUNBURN OR TAN.
This Elegant Toilet Requisite renders the skin soft as velvet, imparting to it a Native Purity. It is most cool and refreshing if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, wind, dust, or heated air of crowded assemblies. Sapping poisonous matter for a moment, it leaves the skin white as the lily, without harm. *In spitefulness every night for a week, will cure the worst case of Pimples.*
For sale by Druggists everywhere.
To remove every blemish from the skin,
To soften every roughness of the hands,
To clear the face from tan and sunburn,
To render the skin soft as velvet,
Before you leave your Photograph taken,
Be sure to have a little Bloom of Roses
Before you proceed to Parties,
Before you go to Balls,
A rare case for red, rough skin, pimply faces.
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples,
When any Eruption comes out on the face,
When it is troublesome with Tan,
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin,
Use Bloom of Roses.
If you would please your friends,
If you would please yourself,
If you wish a perfectly safe remedy,
Use Bloom of Roses.
And you will not be disappointed.
Thousands look with wonder and admiration at the beautiful complexion of the fair sex, and are ignorant of the means employed to produce it. *The Magnolia Balm* combines in itself the most healing and purifying properties, and is the most delicate preparation ever made. It is the favorite of the Ladies, and is used by all of our Aristocracy. Price Fifty Cents a bottle.
Prepared only by H. T. HOPKINS & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. H. S. BURR & CO., Wholesale Agents, Boston.
dec13 1yr

"BUY ME, AND FILL ME TOO GOOD."
DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS
Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Sometimes a few pimples to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice, Costiveness; Headache, Piles, Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. In fact, all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, are speedily cured by the use of these Bitters. Ladies troubled with pimples, Yellow Dash, Sallowness, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pectoral, and Jaundice, will find a speedy cure in these Bitters. Persons exposed to sudden changes of climate, or subject to Fevers and Ague, will find these Bitters a sure preventive. Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and should have it in their house. Use it now, and at all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.
This same mixture is also put up in a more concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic without griping or pain, and is the best cathartic and Pills. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.
Orders addressed to J. O. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.
S. RIDDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets.
apr3 eod&w3m

Charleston
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charleston, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent, Boston.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 3, 1861. 1m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?
The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL,
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.
$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth 25 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security to Policy Holders.
Trustees:
Erastus Lyman, Charles Hamilton, Isaac Rapp, Jr., Nathan Allen, Jr., Thomas Slocum, John B. Eichbaum, George E. Bernard, C. W. Bernard, Seymour Bartlett, Wm. H. Appleton, John F. Goodrich, Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates.
President,
John D. Abbott,
John Adriance,
Walter Wright,
Caleb M. Marvel,
Samuel Burhans,
Jr.,
Jonathan Trowbridge,
Abraham T. Lowe,
Samuel H. Lunt,
Edwin C. Bennett.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 21½ Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 23, 1860. ly

ÆTNA Insurance Co.
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000
Hartford Fire Ins. Co.
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000
North American Fire Ins. Co.
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000
Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Mass.
Capital and Surplus....$250,000.
The above Companies unite on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written and losses promptly paid at the office of the Charleston Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent, Boston.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central cor., Lowell.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.
C. B. Coburn, S. Washburn, L. G. Hosp, Edward Tuck, Levi Newell,
DIRECTORS:
S. W. Stockney, D. S. Richardson, E. F. Sherman, Wm. Crosby, Jr., Waldron Crosby, E. F. Sherman.
Mutual and Stock.
THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment will ever be made in this class. Premiums reduced one quarter to one third, with Deposit Notes at three years, and security for the payment of losses equal to that of the Stock Department.
The Stock Department the cash assets are over $70,000, dwellings, stores, merchandise and other risks taken at reasonable rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.
Office, No. 21 Central Street, Lowell.
C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 10, 1860. ly

Washington Coal,
For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns brightest,
It lasts longer,
It burns longest,
It costs less money,
It is the cleanest for burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, CORNER MERRIMACK AND OF our agent, A. C. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
mar14dtf

VULCANISED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, and thoroughly tested its merits among others, are now prepared to use it more extensively. Those having work to do in the line of Dentistry, will find this material preferable in relation to the value of the vulcanite base, to any other material in use. Also, Gold Fillings, Mineral Teeth, and all other work in connection where it is used with great success, and in the most skilful manner. Those who have suffered from the limited time this article has been in use, will find it to be perfect, and will prove to be superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they have not recommended it for use in this mode, and all others, that are equal to any that they have ever seen or heard of before.
Rooms 2 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
mar30dtf

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.
This extraordinary preparation has been for many years before the public, and has proved itself in the Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, to be the most speedy and effectual remedy ever discovered; and where great debility exists, and the Nervous System is shattered, it immediately exerts the slightest exposure, these Wafers produce the most wonderful effects. They are warranted to cure Coughs and other symptoms, and entirely remove that distressing irritation of the throat which is the first stage rise to the complaint. The medical proprietor would say to those who are afflicted with Consumption—that although it will not cure a child will generally relieve it, and they are warranted to give relief in six minutes in the worst case.
Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr.
mar14

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, and is the most wonderful remedy that causes the lame man to leap as an hart.
It cures Consumption in its early stages, and causes the burnt child no longer to dread the fire.
It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ulcers, Piles, Felons, Burns, Scalds, &c.
It lifts the old man off from his crutch, when all else fails to relieve him.
It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is sore.
It cleanses and cures the scalp of the sanitary head.
It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.
It is a sovereign remedy for
The carache may be cured if you will hearken, Sore throat you can cure if you will look to your children.
You may be rid of your corns and chilblains,
For all grievous sores it is the best plaster,
For chafing in warm weather use it,
For all sore nipples use it,
For sore nipples use it,
For sore eyes use it, and you will see clearer,
For all sore breasts use it,
For all sore throats use it, and you will not be troubled with quinsy.
Sold by all Druggists. H. S. BURR & CO., Wholesale Agents, Boston.
dec13 1yr

SEWING MACHINE
Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence
The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for their use in Lowell:—
Dr. C. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Bartlett, H. Hosford,
C. A. Bartlett, T. P. Adams,
E. Huntington, Walter Wright,
C. L. Knight, Caleb M. Marvel,
C. B. Coburn, J. F. Pulsan,
Rev. C. B. Tenney, Rev. B. B. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant, J. N. Peirce,
Rev. E. Cutler, Rev. J. Pike,
Samuel Fay, Wm. A. Richardson,
Rev. A. Gould, Rev. L. Bates,
A. R. Brown, C. P. Blanchard,
Rev. L. Eaton, Rev. J. Cummings.
This Machine in a variety of styles and also, adapted to the use of Tailors, from one hundred and twenty dollars, for sale in Lowell by
J. W. B. WILSON,
44 Merrimack Street.
mar17 dly

The Great English Remedy
FOR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
Prepared from a prescription of *Sir J. Clarke*, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen Dowager. A combination of the most powerful of its beautiful women; but how many die unknown, of that fell destroyer, the secret vice of youth, for want of a remedy suitable to their peculiar case. Such cases will find in JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS. No exposure or change of diet necessary. Sold by all druggists, Henniker, Sole Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a deranged system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. Beware of counterfeits and remedies of unknown reputation, whether from druggists or others. Full particulars in pamphlets, sent free by them. For full particulars of agency, &c., address
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
Sole Proprietor, 594 Broadway, New York.
Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.
mar16 eod&w3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
DANCING SCHOOL.
MR. V. GANSON, assisted by his Assistant, Mr. Wm. Ganson, will open a class for Misses and Masters at CARLETON HALL, on Thursday, April 11th, at 3 o'clock P. M., and continue Wednesdays and Saturdays for
Useful Information.
apr5

STEARNS & CO.'S
GLYCERINE SOAP
IS
Labor Saving, Time Saving, Money Saving.
Will cleanse thoroughly; is free of all deleterious substances; is perfectly pure; will not chap the hands nor cleanse; and may be used your entire body as well as your face with perfect safety. Sold by all Grocers, and by STEARNS & CO., No. 8 Central Street, Lowell.
Sold by LOWELL by PAGE, BUFFER & WARREN, Middlesex street.
apr5d&w

ATTENTION, FARMERS!
1000 BUSHELS
200 bush. Rye,
200 " Barley.
Also, a fresh supply of FEED, SHORTS and MIDDLINGS, for sale by LARSON & DAVIS,
111 Market street.
apr5

TEAS, COFFEE AND SPICES!
OF THE BEST QUALITY.
Black, Green and Oolong Teas, Java and Mocha, Rio and Laguayra Coffee, Pure Ground Spices, Sugars, Molasses, &c., &c., for sale at
No. 2 Merrimack Square,
by
ISAAC HINCKLEY,
Sup'r Ct. Ct. Pro.
mar29 3t

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE.
The Merrimack Manufacturing Company offer for sale the House and Land owned by them, at the corner of Kirk and Merrimack Streets. The house contains 10 rooms, and is in the rear of the dwelling house now occupied by the subscriber. The building upon their lot southerly of their Boarding House.
For particulars Inquire of the subscriber, at the Counting House of the Company.
ISAAC HINCKLEY,
Sup't Ct. Ct.
March 29, 1861. mar30 3t

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE.
To be sold at Private Sale the large and convenient House and Land now occupied as the residence of Hon. J. G. Abbott, on Fayette street. The house is a large two and a half story French roof, with L in the rear, and an extended addition on the southerly side, with bay windows and three attics. It is also supplied with gas, and thoroughly warmed by furnaces. The grounds are laid out in a tasteful manner. There is a stone connected with the house, and a large and convenient barn. The property is pleasantly situated, and is very conveniently located for boating and bathing purposes. For further particulars inquire of
J. P. McEVOY,
Canal Block, Central Street.
feb16

FOR SALE,
The residence of the late Joseph B. Varnum, on Varnum Avenue, Dracut, about two miles from Lowell. The house is large and convenient, and contains all the modern conveniences. There are eleven acres of excellent land attached to the place, which is well stocked with fruit trees, and bounds on Lowell, and is pronounced by good judges to be one of the most desirable farms for sale in this vicinity.
Also,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, April 5, 1861.

ELECTIONS. *Rhode Island.* The election on Wednesday resulted in the choice of William Sprague, (Conservative, who supported Mr. Lincoln) for Governor, over James Y. Smith, Republican, by 1,628 majority, with one town—New Shoreham—which gave last year 196 Republican majority, to be heard from. The following is the vote by counties compared with the vote of last year :

	1861.			1860.
	Padelford.	Sprague.	Smith.	Sprague.
Providence,	5,047	7,782	3,455	7,201
Newport,	1,047	1,042	1,297	1,067
Washington,	1,012	1,469	1,735	1,276
Kent,	622	644	844	806
Bristol,				
	10,836	12,295	10,200	11,841
Scattering,	143		Scattering,	16

For members of Congress, William P. Sheffield, Conservative, is elected over C. Robinson, Republican, in the Eastern District, by 342 plurality and 320 majority. In the Western District, George H. Browne, Conservative, beats William H. Brayton, Republican, by 505 plurality, with New Shoreham to be heard from. Mr. Sheffield has heretofore voted with the Republican and Mr. Browne with the Democratic party, though the *Providence Journal* says they are both pledged to the support of the administration. Messrs. Robinson and Brayton were the late members.

There is a majority of the supporters of Sprague in both branches of the State Legislature.

Connecticut. Nearly complete returns give Buckingham, Republican, 1,910 majority over Loomis, Democrat, for Governor. Should the towns to be heard from vote same as last year, Buckingham's majority will be over 1,700. For Congress, Dwight Loomis, Republican, is re-elected in the First District by about 154 majority; James E. English, Democrat, in the Second District by about 800 majority over John Woodruff, Republican, the late member; Alfred A. Burnham, Republican, in the Third District, is re-elected by about 2000 majority; George C. Woodruff, Democrat, is reported to have been three Or Ferry, Republican, the late member, by about 80 plurality. Two years since the Republicans elected their members in the respective districts by the following pluralities :—Loomis 65, Woodruff 322, Burnham 552, Ferry 557; total 1,496. In the State Senate the Republicans have about two to one, and in the House about sixty majority.

Richmond, Va. On Wednesday, Mr. Mayo was elected Mayor by about 1,000 majority over Mills, Unionist.

FOREIGN. The steamship America, which left Liverpool on the 23rd, arrived at Halifax on the 3rd. We compile the most noteworthy paragraphs of news received by this arrival.

England. In the House of Lords, the Ionian question had been discussed, and the English government endorsed the action of the Governor of the Ionian Islands, in proroguing the Assembly for six months. The reason for this was that a member of the Ionian Assembly moved that the Islands vote by universal suffrage on the question of annexation to Greece, and to unite themselves into one service for the purpose of expelling the Turks from Europe.

In the House of Lords, Lord Wodehouse said he believed the States of Holstein would reject the proposals of Denmark; but war was not likely to take place before August.

In the House of Commons Lord John Russell promised to produce the correspondence with the American government relative to the fugitive slave Anderson.—Inquiry had been made whether explanation had been demanded from France relative to the assistance rendered by the French minister in the escape of Maximilian from Mexico. Lord John Russell admitted that Miramon had violated international law but in the absence of official dispatches the French government had not been applied to on the subject.

France. In the Corps Legislatif, Jules Favre moved his amendment to the address, requesting the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome, and strongly urged the necessity for such a proceeding. He said the maintenance of the *status quo* was impossible. M. Billault said the French government would neither sacrifice the Pope to the acts of Italy, nor the acts of Italy to the Pope. The aim of France was to reconcile the two interests. The amendment was rejected. The appointment in favor of the temporal power of the Pope was offered but withdrawn, Count Morney urging the Legislature to leave the solution to the Emperor. The entire address was finally agreed to. No fear from recalling the French troops from Rome is the government, that it was generally reported in Paris that 10,000 more were to be sent out, nominally to reinforce the garrison, but really to make a counter demonstration to that of Austria on the Po.

Italy. A grand fete in honor of Garibaldi, took place in the royal castle in Naples, on the 25th. Alexander Dumas has challenged an editor who accused him of taking money from the Government during Garibaldi's dictatorship, and a duel was pending.

India. Private information from Calcutta reports business in cotton fair, but heavy arrivals had caused a depression.—The area of the famine, which has already done a terrible work, is extending.

APPOINTMENTS. The following appointments have been made for Maine :—Jedediah Jewett for collector of Portland; Andrew Dow for postmaster, and C. G. Talbot for surveyor. In addition to these it is reported that Roland Fisher is to be collector at Bath; James A. Bicknell, postmaster at Augusta; John Berry, postmaster at Gardiner; Thomas Hovey, postmaster at Hallowell.

The *Transcript*, a Democratic journal of Philadelphia, which has fought the battles of Democracy for thi ty years, has been suspended for want of support. The *Worcester Daily Times* has been changed to a weekly.

The influences of little things are a real and as constantly at work as the air we breathe, or the light by which we see.— These are the smallest often invisible the almost unfelt touch of strands, which are interwoven and twisting by millions, to bind us to character—to good or evil here, and to heaven hereafter.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Louisiana.* The following is the official vote of Louisiana on the secession : For secession 20,448 ; for co-operation 17,296 ; majority for secession 3,152. The total vote on the question of secession was 37,744 ; for President last November 50,510, a loss in the total vote of 12,766 from that time.

Kentucky. The Legislature has adopted the amendment to the Constitution passed at the late session of Congress. It has also passed a resolution inviting the States of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Missouri and Arkansas to send delegates to Frankfort, in that State, on the 27th of May next, to consult upon the critical condition of the country, and agree upon some plan of peaceable adjustment.

South Carolina. The State Convention on Wednesday, by a vote of 149 to 29, ratified the Constitution of the Confederate States. So the Constitution is not to be submitted to the people.

Texas. Governor Houston has sent a message to the Legislature protesting against the Legislature appealing to the Legislature to sustain him, and claiming still to be Governor. The Legislature did not take the slightest notice of it. Mr. Blaisdell, the contractor of the custom-house at Galveston, Texas, arrived at Washington Wednesday, bringing with him nine thousand dollars of government funds, handed him by the collector of that port, which the secessionists failed to get hold of. He represents that the people of that State have not been fairly heard, and gives a gloomy account of affairs, most of the leaders being disgusted with the revolution. Mr. Blaisdell called on several of the Secretaries.

Virginia. The *New York World* has dispatches from Richmond, which indicate that the Virginia Convention will pass an ultimatum this week to be submitted to the border States. There will be no ordinance of secession passed.

Alabama. Some of the Alabama papers are inclined to treat the appointment of George W. Lane, by President Lincoln, to be Judge of the United States District Court in that State in a facetious manner. It is said that he will not attempt to hold his courts in only the Northern District of the State.

FORT SUMTER. The dispatches from Washington on the 3rd, state that a meeting of the Cabinet was held that morning, which was attended by Gen. Scott, who was hastily summoned. Capt. Fox had arrived from Fort Sumter, and his thought the consultation was in reference to reinforcing Major Anderson.

A special dispatch the same day from Charleston to the *New York Day Book*, says that the excitement on the receipt of Major Anderson was stopped this day. Gen. Beauregard was inspecting the fortifications, as orders from Montgomery for the commencement of hostilities are hourly expected. The preparations are all completed.

It is reported from various quarters that several Western States are strongly opposed to the evacuation of Fort Sumter, and have within a few days strongly urged the President not to give it up. The delay in doing so, if it is to be done at all, is certainly singular ; but the purposes of the President are not known out of the Cabinet. It will surprise no one to learn that the fort is reinforced.

A NIGHTMARE VIEW OF THE CRISIS.—The *London Chronicle* of March 14th, has a long leader under the above caption, in which the following tremendous statement is sincerely made :—

"Ever since Mr. Lincoln came to the Presidential chair the cruelties of the slaveowners have been multiplied and intensified. Journals in France have alluded to the assistance rendered by the French minister in the escape of Maximilian from Mexico. Lord John Russell admitted that Miramon had violated international law ; but in the absence of official dispatches the French government had not been applied to on the subject.

France. In the Corps Legislatif, Jules Favre moved his amendment to the address, requesting the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome, and strongly urged the necessity for such a proceeding. He said the maintenance of the *status quo* was impossible. M. Billault said the French government would neither sacrifice the Pope to the acts of Italy, nor the acts of Italy to the Pope. The aim of France was to reconcile the two interests. The amendment was rejected. The appointment in favor of the temporal power of the Pope was offered but withdrawn, Count Morney urging the Legislature to leave the solution to the Emperor. The entire address was finally agreed to. No fear from recalling the French troops from Rome is the government, that it was generally reported in Paris that 10,000 more were to be sent out, nominally to reinforce the garrison, but really to make a counter demonstration to that of Austria on the Po.

Italy. A grand fete in honor of Garibaldi, took place in the royal castle in Naples, on the 25th. Alexander Dumas has challenged an editor who accused him of taking money from the Government during Garibaldi's dictatorship, and a duel was pending.

India. Private information from Calcutta reports business in cotton fair, but heavy arrivals had caused a depression.—The area of the famine, which has already done a terrible work, is extending.

THE MAILS IN THE NEW CONFEDERACY. Hon. J. H. Reagan, of Texas, the Postmaster General of the Southern Confederacy, is a very cool gentleman, considering the climate he inhabits—He has a very easy way of settling difficulties, and has disposed of the postal matters in the whole of the new Republic with much more ease than the people of Lowell settle the matter of the postmaster of this city. Mr. Regan has addressed a circular to the postmasters in the seven seceded States, in which he says, among other things—

"It is the wish of this Government that all Postmasters and other employees in the postal service, should continue to perform their duties as such, and render all their accounts and pay all moneys to the order of the Government of the United States, as they have heretofore done, until the Government of the Confederate States shall be prepared to assume the entire control of its postal affairs. This will be done as soon as practicable. But the causes of delay in the full organization of the Department are such as to place it out of my power to determine definitely when the new service will be substituted for the old. Any attempt to mix the employees of the two Governments in the same service would be wholly impracticable. And no removals or appointments of postmasters or others in the postal service will be made by this Department, nor will it receive returns relating to or money derived from the postal service, until it shall assume the entire control of the service. If the officers or agents of the United States should cease to carry on this service before this Department shall be organized and prepared to take charge of it, great shock to the public interests will be produced by such a course, as the Postmaster General is authorized to continue provisionally, by proclamation, the present postmasters and others in the postal service in office, and to continue existing contracts for carrying the mails until new arrangements for the service can be made. We must regard the carrying of our mails, by those who have cast away their own, as a great public necessity to the people of both Governments ; resulting from their past political, political, commercial and social relations, and alike important to the prosperity and the best interests of the two people of both countries. And while that Government, by its action, consults such considerations, this Government and people should act with the same high regard for great public interests. Such a course can make such statements, believing them sufficient and expecting others to believe them, we may reasonably suggest that the recognition of the Southern Confederacy by England is not likely to now occur.

At New Haven, Ct., on Tuesday afternoon, the wife of William Stahl took her infant boy out in a carriage, and drove it to the river, where she drowned herself and child. The bodies were recovered in the evening. Mrs. Stahl had been out of health, and suffered greatly from depression of spirits, which at times amounted to insanity. She leaves two young children.

Probably in all Mr. Goodrich will make some eighty new appointments, and we learn that full that number of applicants are residents of Essex county.—*Newburyport Herald.*

The *Herald* must be mistaken ; the eighty applicants for office under Mr. Goodrich belong in Middlesex County, not Essex.

THE Republican Wigwam, at Chicago, has been sold at auction.

CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ A Gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a pleasant room and good board, at 45 Hurd Street. Also, two table boarders.
Lowell, April 16, 1861. apr22tf

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. A special meeting of the Board was holden Wednesday afternoon to appoint engineers and firemen for the year commencing May 1st. The annual report of the Chief Engineer was received, read, placed on file and five hundred copies ordered to be printed. Assistant Engineers—D. Fuller was appointed Chief Engineer, with Joseph Tilton, Amos H. Foster, Horace L. Eaton, William H. Lamson, James Sands and Charles H. Arlen as Assistants. All were re-appointments. A communication was received from the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, submitting the rolls of the several companies. A resolution was passed providing that the Board of Aldermen shall have power to discharge firemen at any time they deem proper, and that the firemen shall not receive any pay for any services after receiving notice of their discharge. It was voted to appoint the members of the several companies, with the exception of Nos. 12 and 4, and that this meeting be adjourned until the last Wednesday of this month.—The members of engine companies Nos. 1, 3 and 11, Ocean Hydrant No. 1, Steamer company No. 3, and Hook and Ladder company, were appointed. The name of George W. Norris was stricken from the roll of the Hook and Ladder company, he being ineligible, being a member of the City Council. The roll of engine company No. 10 was referred to the Board of Engineers with instructions to report at the next meeting. The Board of Aldermen April 9th. Adjourned.

CHIEF ENGINEER'S REPORT. The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, submitted his annual report to the Board of Aldermen, Wednesday afternoon. The report represents the department to be in a good condition, and the members ready, willing and ready to perform their duties. He recommends that a steward be paid by the city, for Rocket Engine No. 2, located at Appt's New City. The steamer has not the expectation of its most sanguine friends, but it is recommended that the present one be exchanged for a lighter machine. The department has responded out twenty-two times during the year ending March 31st—sixteen times in consequence of fires and six times by false alarms. There was no alarm from June 20th to October 12th, a period of about four months. The amount of loss during the year from fires was $26,875 as near as can be ascertained ; insurance on property destroyed, $6,750. The loss is smaller than during any period for the last ten years.

We give a table of the loss and insurance in each year since 1852, and the aggregate for the whole time :—

Year ending March	Loss	Insurance
1852,	$94,990	$42 600.
1853,	72,501	36,548.
1854,	118,672	105,950.
1855,	27,067	19,955.
1856,	72,999	39,630.
1857,	39,725	20,728.
1858,	67,479	25,068.
1859,	30,150	17,200.
1860,	35,775	21,775.
1861,	26,875	6,750.
Total,	$696,393	$376,611.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* The Court came in this morning, when the case of Frost vs. Gage—an action of contract brought to recover of the proceeds of certain property put into the hands of the defendant as trustee to pay certain claims, of which the plaintiff holds one—was commenced. The defence is that Frost is not a creditor, and by agreement of the plaintiff the defendant might retain the sum due to the claimant to pay part of a note held by Gage against the brother of the plaintiff.

This action was tried in the Superior Court and went up to the Supreme Court on exceptions, and the exceptions were sustained and sent back to this Court for a new trial.

A. F. L. Norris for plaintiff; Butler & Webster for defendant. "

It is understood that the 1st jury will be dismissed after this case is finished till Monday next, for the grand and Hook of Leader company, were appointed. The name of George W. Norris was stricken from the roll of the Hook and Ladder company, he being ineligible, being a member of the City Council. The roll of engine company No. 10 was referred to the Board of Engineers with instructions to report at the next meeting. The Board of Aldermen April 9th. Adjourned.

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FIREMEN'S ELECTIONS. On Wednesday evening, the members attached to Steamer Wamesit, No. 3, elected their officers for the ensuing year : John C. Hall, Foreman ; J. W. Heald, Assistant Foreman ; Leonard Brown, Clerk ; John C. Hall, Treasurer ; W. S. C. Sargent, Driver ; F. S. Perkins, J. W. Heald, Robert Butcher, Standing Committee ; F. S. Perkins, Engineer ; George W. Austin, Assistant Engineer ; George F. Salmon, Fireman. [The three last are appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen.]

Excelsior Engine Company No. 1, elected Cyrus E. Lancaster, Foreman ; A. Shepherd, Assistant Foreman ; C. E. Ricker, Clerk and Treasurer ; C. H. Grant, Foreman of leading Hose ; A. P. Hall, Foreman of tender Hose ; William Doyle, Steward ; William Fowler, D. M. Prescott, S. Badger, J. Rollins, Standing Committee ; C. E. Luscomb and, A. S. Shepherd, Trustees Firemen's Fund Association.

Ocean Hydrant Company No. 1, elected S. W. Taylor, Foreman ; W. S. Prescott, Assistant Foreman ; Hosea B. Locke, Clerk ; S. W. Taylor Treasurer ; A. B. Whitten, Steward ; M. B. Littlefield, Pipeman ; H. E. Pearson, J. Smith, S. W. Taylor, Standing Committee. S. W. Taylor and W. S. Prescott, Trustees of Firemen's Fund Association.

THE QUINTETTE CLUB. The concert given by the Mendelssohn Quintette Club at Merrimack Hall last evening was fully up to the usual standard, and the unanimous admiration and applause of all present.—Nothing can exceed the perfect manner in which they play, either separately or together. Each one is a thorough artist and performer, and the harmony which they invariably draw forth from their instruments. In whatever they undertake no wish remains ungratified.—With this unqualified acknowledgment of their ability and skill as artists, is also of their pleasing style of programme for the popular taste, we regret that they treat Lowell audiences so sparingly to that entertainment, and more music with which their repertoire so fully abounds, and which is so abundant in their programme as other cities. We had a pleasing taste of it in the opening piece, the overture to the quartette by Sebubert, both of which received the profoundest attention, and which, we venture to say, were duly appreciated. The solos by the different artists, were a leading feature of the programme, rather more so than we could wish. Miss D. P. Pearson, the vocalist of the evening, performed a very agreeable selection. At the outset her voice seemed to lack that pure and ringing quality of tone, which is so essential to success, and which may be partially accounted for in a slight diffidence, but as she proceeded she gained confidence, and in the brilliant and artistic management of it, and she created a very favorable impression with her audience. The cavatina from Traviata and the song from Somnambula with flute obligato performed admirably. We earnestly hope the Quintette Club, by their success last evening, will feel encouraged to favor us with their delightful concerts more frequent intervals than heretofore. They can hardly fail to secure good audiences.

We regret that the encouragement of our citizens is not such as to induce Mr. J. C. D. Parker to give the series of concerts he proposed, as in that event we should soon have been favored with a few more fine concerts.

A "new sensation" The last chance! Improve it or you will regret it! This Saturday afternoon and evening is the last opportunity to witness the magnificent performances of China and Japan by Mechanic's Hall. No language can describe the novel effect of this gorgeous spectacle —it takes you right into the heart of those picturesque countries, and you become not only their wonderful and splendid palaces, pagodas and over varying scenery, but it hurries you along the thronged streets of those populous countries and shows you the every-day life of the motley crowd of curious human beings who swarm them like bees in a hive. Don't fail to see it. *The children* are reminded that at the afternoon exhibition it only costs them five cents.

THE CONCERT THIS EVENING. Our readers will bear in mind the fact that the first and only concert in aid of the Lowell Cornet Band takes place this evening. It is unnecessary for us at this time to add a word in commendation of the entertainment. It can justly anticipate any one. See programme elsewhere.

A NICE LITTLE OUT. A millionaire of Paris became so facetious as to say he would have a great desire to be associated with the term of office, by contradiction. The will you do me the favor to write a comedy, and let me add a few lines of my own ? I will then have it produced in the most costly and splendid style upon the stage, at my own expense, and you will share the glory ?" To which Scribe answers : " My dear sir, I must decline your flattering proposition, though I appreciate that it is made by a person who has a horse and an ass in his stable, and who is a fit subject for a millionaire replica. " Sir, I have received your impertinent epistle. By what privilege do you call me an ass ?"

FRESH WATER SPRING AT SEA. A fresh water spring has been discovered at sea, about eight miles off the coast of St. Augustine, Fla. which boils up with such force as to be seen two miles off, and has generally been mistaken for a breaker. It is pure fresh water, and ships have lately supplied themselves from it by throwing over a bucket.

DANGEROUS TO STAND BEHIND. The statement that valuable improved arms are being sold at a fabulous price to persons given order by Secretary Floyd during his term of office, is contradicted. The only arms sold, or for sale, are a lot of Hall's rifle breech-loaders, made in 1832, and since condemned. When some of these were sent to a company in the Florida war, the captain sent word to the department that "for God's sake send me arms which will give the man who stands behind as good a chance as the one he shoots at !"

MR. DAVID STARBIRD, of Concord, N. H., while assisting in rolling logs into the Suncook River, at Loudon, on Monday, was killed by logs rolling over him which had suddenly started."

AT a recent ball in Reedsburg, Wis, the price of admission was a bushel of wheat. The farmers attended in largenumbers.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets sells 5 as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to call before purchasing elsewhere can get with us to the mill, and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, to be sold cheaper than anywhere in the country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. mar29tf

FOR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Now is the time to buy Fancy Goods at the Store of the Subscriber, as he is about to remove to close out his stock. Fine hands and regular Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. &c.
H. BARNUM.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map on large scales and full time tables of all the Rail Roads in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack street, adjoining Merrimack House.
S. H. FISHER, sole agent.
jan15 3m

FISHER & IVES SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is Agent in this city. Call and see it.

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

CARPETS AND CARPETING. A large assortment, subject to no inspections, sold as cheap as the damaged goods that are offered in the city. Examine at Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOUGH MATTING. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.
mar19d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:	
C. B. Coburn,	S. N. Merrill,
T. Nesmith,	H. Bodwell,
J. Abbott,	Moses Brock,
Ira Perley,	Jos. P. Sherman,
	Jas. Reed.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is doing a safe business. Premium notes, Mortgages, Bonds and Cash Deposits to the amount required by law, $50,000.00, with Deposit notes to the amount of $100,000.00. Total amount of assets over $170,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property, in Lowell and vicinity insured on favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 23 Central St., Lowell.
C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. so 1y18tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It makes more quantity,
It coats less money,
Than any other coal burning. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, MIDDLESEX AVENUE, and of agent, J. HOWARD, 16 Prescott street.

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent in operating, are now prepared to do work more generally and more extensively. It has been found to be a most valuable substance for filling the teeth, and for plates for artificial teeth it will supersede all other substances. In the latter case, for instance where it is used with great success, and in which it is the only base that has ever been found to combine to the limited time this article has been in use, it has proved to be far more healthy and superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they will not use it in any case where it is not perfectly adapted, that is equal to any that can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.

Rooms 3 and 5 Savings Bank Building.
mar30

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years in use with the most unrivaled success for Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable, as they relieve hoarseness and produce relief, and when great liability needs the slightest exposure, these Wafers produce instant relief. Try all other remedies for Cough and other symptoms and entirely remove that distressing complaint. Sold by all druggists at 25 cents per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Prepared only by SAMUEL BRYAN, Boston, Mass. Sold in Lowell by PAGE, PUFFER & WARREN, Middlesex street.
mar30

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital,	$1,500,000
Surplus,	$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Cash Capital,	$500,000
Surplus,	$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus,	$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus,	$225,000.

The above Companies are represented by the undersigned, who will write insurance on favorable terms on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Factories, Churches, for one or five years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

C. B. COBURN, RIPLEY, ADAMS & CO.
Successors to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 15 Appleton block, Central Street, Lowell.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE, on favorable terms, for a single year, or terms from one to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS :

Nathan Allen,	Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Codding,	John Avery,
Andrew P. Hunt,	Josiah Richardson,
Josiah N. Daniels,	Caleb Marland,
Ebenezer Bailey,	Wm. Crosby,
Ephraim Brown,	Elijah M. Read.

ALONZO A. MILLER, Secretary and Treasurer.
BENJAMIN E. BAILEY, Actuary.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 21 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 30, 1860. ly18

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Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

OTIS RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
apr1 1m15 No. 15 Appleton block, Lowell.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned thereon, deposited with the Comptroller of the State, as security for Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS :

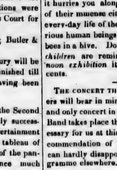
Erastus Lyman,	President,
Charles Denison,	Merchant, Park Row, Brooklyn.
Isaac Rinehart,	Merchant, New York.
Wm. C. Miller,	Ex-Governor of Connecticut.
Jas. Boorman,	Merchant, New York.
John S. Kiesling,	Caloric Engine, New York.
Jas. Low,	Merchant.
George B. Barnard,	Counselor of City of New York.
C. W. Foster,	Merchant.
Seymour Booth,	Merchant,
Jas. Punnett,	Merchant, Staten Island.
John D. Gardner,	Merchant, Brooklyn.

ROBERT ATKES, General Agent.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual departments.

DAVID RITOE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office, No. 2 Prescott Block, over the Bank and Savings Bank.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dly

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are the result of long and careful experience and study in the requisites for family use. It has become a household necessity. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, felling, tucking, and all the various purposes to which female needle work is applied, the

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine, during the last few days :

C. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
J. A. Bostrick,	H. Hosford,
A. H. Bradley,	Mrs. Hosford,
E. Huntington,	Walter Wright,
A. Gage,	Mrs. Wright,
C. B. Coburn,	J. F. Folsom,
Mrs. C. B. Coburn,	Rev. D. B. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant,	J. M. Peirce,
Mrs. A. D. Sargeant,	Mrs. Bryan,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Mrs. S. Fay,	Mrs. W. A. Richardson,
A. R. Brown,	C. F. Blanchard,
Mrs. A. R. Brown,	Mrs. C. F. Blanchard,

This Machine is a variety of styles and sizes, and sells for from $50 to one hundred and twenty dollars. For sale in Lowell by

D. HILL,
44 Merrimack Street.
mar19 apr

The Great English Remedy

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

AMERICAN WOMEN should be proud of its beautiful women ; but how many die untimely deaths ! how few have the health, the spirit, the form of a remedy suitable to their peculiar delicacy and constitution ! Is found in Sir JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS. We know them to be a remedy of unfailing power, and one with the greatest success. In all cases of Nervousness, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Sight and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Hysterics, Neck Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases so common to a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. *Moderating* excesses and removing obstructions, whether from cold or any other cause. Suffer no more anxiety or low spirits, but try them. For full particulars get a pamphlet, free, of the Agent.

N. B. 50 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER & CO., and all Druggists. tu&f mar14&m

CHAMBERLIN'S BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.

The subscriber having leased the spacious and well known premises, and refitted the same in a neat and convenient manner, would invite the old Patrons of the Hall and the public generally to call and see him. The Tables are new and of the best quality, and the Balls will be kept in order. Gentlemen may depend on finding every thing in this establishment as represented, and the subscriber hopes by strict attention to business to merit a liberal share of public patronage.
JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN.
mar14tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. V. C. D. BROCKLEBANK respectfully announces to the citizens of Lowell that his Dancing School will open at Lyceum Hall, on WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10th, at 3 o'clock, and continue Wednesdays and Saturdays by private lessons.

STEARNS & CO.'S

GLYCERINE SOAP

IS

Labor Saving, Time Saving, Money Saving.

THE cleanest, purest, most economical and valuable soaps ; will carry the bloom and other natural beauties of youth to the most advanced age. Sold in Lowell, by PAGE, PUFFER & WARREN, Middlesex street.
mar30

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good for Nine-tenths of the Suffering Millions.

THE Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the people, which no other healing preparation can claim. It is the true and only

CURE FOR PILES.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

To make patent leather boots look like new.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

Before you have one to use. Be sure and get the genuine.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

Whenever you have a cut, bruise or burn.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

A sure cure for Chilblains, Frost Bites and Pimples.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

When any Ointment or Salve is required for the skin.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

If you would have a beautiful skin.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

If you would avoid pimples.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

Use it—it will surprise you.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

Is the only salve that will cure Piles.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

Is the only salve that will cure Piles.

CURE FOR MANGOLIA BARK.

Is the only salve that will cure Piles.

Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy cures for Piles, and pronounce it the only salve that will not by its use prepare others of food or necessary to cure its application. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, sole agent.
mar30

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public that he has commenced business at his old stand, on Western Avenue, near the Locks and Canals, where he will keep constantly on hand a full supply of all kinds of WOOD, at the lowest cash prices. All orders left at the LOW CUT CASH STORE, 24 Central street will be promptly attended to.
mar30 J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7d

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Monarch Hall, over the Bank.

IS NOW

Selling Bonnets complete for	50 cents.
Selling Bonnets complete for	75 cents.
Selling Bonnets complete for	87½ cents.
Selling Bonnets complete for	75 cents.
Selling Bonnets complete for	50 cents.
Selling Straw Bonnets trimmed complete for	50 cents
Selling Straw Bonnets trimmed complete for	50 cents
Selling Silk and Ribbon Bonnets for	$1.00
Selling any goods in proportion.	

RICH MILLINERY GOODS

AT No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.
apr2 1m

BED BUGS! BED BUGS! BED BUGS!

KIDDER'S BED BUG AND ROACH EXTERMINATOR is the best article known to the destruction of Bed Bugs, Roaches, Ants,

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHED.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Tickets, Circulars, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS

FOR CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

N.B. Always on hand, a patchwork of pearl ear flats and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boxes to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE,
} Proprietors.

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD.

DR. BENCH'S

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus entirely and perfectly renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skilfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the coated stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and irritable feelings. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combined, powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, NERVOUSNESS, DEBILITY, INABILITY TO SLEEP, A RAGGED, DEBILITATED STATE OF THE HEART, MELANCHOLY, HYPOCHONDRIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, SICK HEADACHE, LANGUOR, "GIDDINESS AND ALL THAT CLASS OF DISEASES SO TRUE-FULLY DRAWL CALLED FEMALE WEAK-NESSES AND HEREDITARY EVILS.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevents all attacks arising from them by purifying the blood, and cures disease at once, if already attacked.

TRAVELLERS would find it safe to have with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS should use it, for it is a perfect relief, taken a month or two before the final trial, as she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety.

There is no mistake about it!!

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT!!

MOTHERS TRY IT!!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it is too late, but also your sons and husbands, for should the latter die from debility, they go down to a premature grave, rather than let their wives know of it, and the latter are often so mixed up with the testamentary affairs of the deceased, that if they, too, should die, the estate with the same somewhat involved, it is but too frequently the case that the children are left to their own resources. But the remedy is at hand, and you can confidently appeal for we are sure you never before in addition will assertions positive as this to PROVE. READ THE CERTIFICATES OF PROF. WOOD'S BLOOD RENOVATOR as the results of cures of the most remarkable nature.

O. J. WOOD, proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and by the 114 Market, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all druggists in the United States and Canada.

Read what the Press say, after thoroughly testing the matter, and no one can have a doubt.

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a genuine medicine of the most pleasant to the taste, and invigorating to the system. While it purifies the blood and soothes the nervous irritation, it aids the organs of digestion to perform their functions, and ward off the assault of disease. It is a chemical combination so skillfully combined that while it exhilarates it does not provoke the lassitude which usually follows stimulants. It is also entirely composed exclusively of vegetable matter. It is absolutely beneficial to all who use it, and cannot injure in any case. It is an infallible and speedy cure for Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervousness, Debility, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing of the Womb, and all complaints of the female system. It is a sure cure for Sickness of the stomach, Bilious Attacks, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and all style fault in bein to, it in a certain cure.—*N. Lowa Morning Herald.*

PROF WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL. It is recorded in the Classics that Psyche was once sent to a warmer climate for her health, in order to procure a sample of the beauty of Proserpine in a box. Venus, on delay the messenger returned, and as soon as the lid of the box was removed, out flew all the ills that flesh is heir to. Fortunately hope was found in the bottom of the box, and PROF. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial revives the recollection of the story, for it frightens the blood, stirs the organs of digestion, imparts strength to the nervous system, and fortifies the citadel of health, so as to bid defiance to the assaults of disease. It is a healthy beverage, composed entirely of vegetable productions, and while it is exhilarating as pure wine, no injurious results can possibly follow its use. It is a desideratum in the medical world, and must be universally adopted with loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Faintness, Giddiness, Restlessness of Loswell to be tion of the Heart, &c., will find here an infallible panacea.—*N. Lowis Daily Experst.*

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR is without doubt the best tonic Cordial in the world. To those who are suffering from General Debility, we would recommend its use, for it is pleasant to the taste, it strengthening to the nervous system, and will most certen ro remove all impurities of the blood, and restore all it once to its original purity. It is used by the weakest stomach, while those in good health can use it with perfect safety and benefit. We are confident that after using one bottle of the Cordial none will go for a day without it.—*New York Leader.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the uncertainties and injurious effects of Control stent, follow those in ordinary use, has long been felt by the medical profession in the modern world. Such a tonic, and one so skillfully combined as to overcome the depressing effects of debility in accordance with the laws of nature, and thus soothe the weakest stomach, and at the same time allay nervous and other irritations and tone up all the organs of which the human body is composed, is offered in Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator. The House, it is perfectly adapted to old and young alike, try it. Thousands have already done so, and the testimony is universal in its favor.—*New York Atlas.*

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR, for the cure of General Debility, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, Bilousness, Loss of Appetite, Female Weaknesses in all stages; also to prevent the contraction of disease is certainly the best and most agreeable Cordial tonic and Renovator ever offered to the afflicted, and so chemically combined as to be the most pleasant of the delicacies of the medical science. Reader, try it. *It will do you good.* Sold by all druggists in recommending it, since we know it to be a *safe, pleasant and reliable remedy for the diseases enumerated.—New York Dispatch.*

17 Before noticing a patent medicine we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that it is recommended to be, or would not that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of Prof. O. J. Wood will stand the test fully, and in fact it is without any doubt the first medicine in the market for purifying the blood and strengthening the system. We have no hesitancy in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker.*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many, in consequence of a fal-se fulness, suffer from imprudent *grateful or obstructed menstruation*, and think because they are young that hygienic instructions, and all connected with it, clear from existence, and of course, that the seeds of death are already germinating in the system, and that while it exists in a state of ignorance, and the entire animal economy deranged debility and yet cure is at hand, and where is there any, if it remedy were set before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body, there would take it, and then be in time to save their lives. Provide think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, and No. 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

sold by all Druggists.

ja21 now 6m&8eow&MWF

BININGER'S LIQUORS
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
nov15

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Pianos, Coaster, and Cutter or Lac-ueine. No 20 Fletcher Street, respectfully inform their friends and the public that they continue to manufacture a first rate article, which they warrant to be as accurate as any built in the market.

They would refer to the following certificate.

LOWELL, December 11, 1860.

MESSRS. NUTE & WOOD—Gentlemen:—The Pianos which you have sold to my family, and those in constant use for the Public Schools of this city, have proved to be as any in the market, and as accurate as can be made.

DANIEL CUSHING,
City Solicitor.

ASTHMA, For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

FENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES.

Made by I. S. REYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, 25 cents per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Mar. 1860 mar31 1y

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov17

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The wonder Firm by Soap Maker. A Universal Cleaner

Will make hard water soft, clean Paint, remove Iron Rust, Grease from Cloth, Leather, &c. &c.

One level spoon $5 cts.
4 to 6 lbs. refine grease, usually given 20
Any, all mixed 1-4 part grease 10

Forty-five cents invested in the cost of a barrel *first rate* SOFT SOAP.

Recipe for making Soft, most kinds of Soap, *sent free* by addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.

N.B. The Saponifier can be had of any respectable druggist in the Country
may, 1860. may31m1y

RUBBER SLATES.—A slate which cannot be broken; cheaper for use than any other style of slates. Call and examine at
E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.
jan21 now

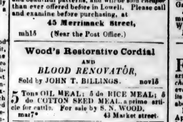
W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
a new opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.
This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, consisting in part of
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, quantity and cheapness, in connection with his sale of
CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which will tell best their own story. 45
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS.
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories. Selling low as can be bought in the State or Staples. 45 Merrimack Street.
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
to MERRIMACK STREET.
oct W. DEARDEN.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
ALSO,
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

5 TONS OIL MEAL; 5 do RICE MEAL; 5 do COTTON SEED MEAL, a prime article for cattle. For sale by S. N. WOOD,
may7 45 Market street.

FURS! FURS!



BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
30 Central Street, 30
Solicits the attention of Ladies of Lowell to his Stock of Furs,
FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
Having seen the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,
to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, I feel confident that I can please every one who may favor me with a call. Remember
30 Central Street, 30
N.B. HATS, CAPS, &c., kept constantly to order. oct

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension, which is made by many, that they can sell lower rates than they are now sold by the regular trade. We, for instance, have Illustrated Gift Books for Christmas and New Year's Gifts for children, which we sell for less than 12 Cents each.

The Aswell Stories, by Walter Aiswell—comprising Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a Sea from the regular trade published in Boston, and for 12 cents.

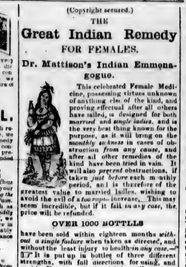
Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

The Casket Library, comprising four volumes.

Gift Books for Boys. A Will and a Way—Farmer Boy, and Young Farmer.

Sold at 17 Central street, by E. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery dec19

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Ipswrrx Incidentally Kid Gloves and other articles. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street.



It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the list of cases of infants saved chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in the consequent improvement in your access to the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success during several years, and we know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of infants. It is now offered to the public as an experiment of the last resort, but with confidence in the result.

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life when your infirm and sickly offspring is suffering from the pains of dentition, it is most invaluable in *hastening the Gums, Relaxing, Inflammation* and *Relieving all Pain.* Your Children attending Teething, calls as *Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic*, and Gen-ra the Head, we confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in every instance. Mothers, give it a trial, and it will regulate the stomach and bowels, and so improve in that respect as hardly to be credited.

In Convulsions,

from which most infants are said to die than from any other cause, this will be found a most valuable remedy, and by those who will administer it during the paroxysms, the most violent will be found to subside in a short time, and in such a manner as to astonish the beholder. Such has been the experience of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial when administered during the first stages of any colic, and by the watchful mother, or nurse, it will be found a most valuable remedy.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by hardening the natural secretions of your children, as is frequently the case with medicines quieting, by removing all pain and irritation, in which case the consequences are worse than the first, in case in procuring a bowle, that you may have at hand a remedy which will be sure to relieve your child in time of need. *It is perfectly harmless* in its operation, and will not disappoint.

Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This you will find by the name on the bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 49 Broadway, New York
and sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

"CITY"
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 84 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds Malleable Iron Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe and Flue" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Valve."

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. PIPING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and dispatch.
Lowell, June 5, 1860. ajly

Skinner's Liresconc.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Metal, Oil Cloth, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable, it will be found *the* cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however dirty, can be made to look as fresh as when its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

A VALUABLE BOOK is deemed one of the best mentions to a friend—and as that friend, we know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of infants. It is now offered to the public as an experiment of the last resort, but with confidence in the result.

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life when your infirm and sickly offspring is suffering from the pains of dentition, it is most invaluable in *hastening the Gums, Relaxing, Inflammation* and *Relieving all Pain.* Your Children attending Teething, calls as *Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic*, and Gen-ra the Head, we confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in every instance. Mothers, give it a trial, and it will regulate the stomach and bowels, and so improve in that respect as hardly to be credited.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without* one *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health,one cup.—ed E7 It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1 *mild*, No. 2 *strong*, and No. 3 *extra strong*, *clearly marked*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $2 50 per bottle.

E7 Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for infantile Cases, and a trial of any other remedies of the kind have been tried-to no effect—that it is recommended as a last resort, every respect, or the price will be refunded.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or at his office, No. 49 Broadway, New York. SOLE MANUFACTURING INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 49 Broadway, New York.

Dr. Eaton *Specially* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by which he has acquired a reputation in the world of practice, giving his *whole attention* to them—and consulting and treating patients on terms strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, safely from observation to any part of the United States Also, recommendations for those who wish to engage in the sale of Eaton's *Infantile Cordial*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

E7 In these days of medical imposition, when we have so many pretenders to a knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful in selecting a physician in whom they are making *some* enquiry, and especially in relation to those who advertise to cure all diseases. In advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, the reader is deceived, and is induced to apply to one simply as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF THE SEXUAL ORGANS, and a LETTER OF THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write *explicitly*, and direct to Dr. M. as above.

August 24, 1860. ly aug24dly

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Over and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Prints for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 71 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium at the World's Fair, London, 1851, and the first premium at the Fair of the American Institute, 1853, have constantly on hand a good assortment of the above instruments, of different styles, which they are confident will prove entirely satisfactory, to be sold on as reasonable terms as any other first class Pianos in the market.
Lowell, June 2, 1858. jan23dly

E. G. KELLEY,
110 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process entirely, and direct to the Manufacturers.

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of fine Machinery, Patent Triple Refined Paraffine and Parrafined Lubricating Oil, for heavy Machinery, Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Machine Oil, for Woolen Machinery and in the most light No. 1. 75 cts.
No. 2. 70 cts.
No. 3. 65 cts.
No. 4. 60 cts.
No. 5. 55 cts.
Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; do. 60, do for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 55 cents.
Office for sale of the Oil, 110 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR SOMES AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,
Manufacturer and Associated Chemist.
sep27 dly

KEROSENE LANTERNS
JUST received and for sale by
H. S. HAYNES,
mh15 45 Merrimack Street.

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 4 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK
ONLY MANUFACTURERS OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States and Canada, where they are using these *Burring Machines* in their first trimmers, and *Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers* in their second pickers, are fully convinced that they are the best for perfection of work, quantity and economy. Those who have not yet introduced them, and are relying on a new plan of work, are recommended to just examine, before another week, as efficient, and as important as are those already in first trimmers. There is many to one chance to find trimmers. There

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their teeth are sharp and straight; surface shines when new, and will keep so for years. They are the first and only steel staple. Their fine cylinder, and the fine steel of teeth are indispensable to the perfect working of the *Burring Machines*. These machines and Feed Rolls are jointly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its impurities, and in a manner so perfect as to astonish the beholder, and so effectual, and so important as to save many to one chance to find trimmers. There is many to one chance to find trimmers.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief—and I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, which I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dy's Goods Dealer,
No. 1 Old State House, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more pain than I can describe. Could get no relief until afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, which relieved me. I believe one more will cure me entirely.
JOHN A. MURRO,
Peace Officer, Boston.

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J. W. HAMMOND, 95 Milk street, Boston.

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Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned can testify that they have used "GARDINER'S NEURALGIA COMPOUND" in their families with the most beneficial results. Rheumatism, and have, in every case found immediate and permanent relief. We consider it a valuable medicine of great merit, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Side and best medicines ever offered to the public.
W. H. AD—, Boston.
Firm of Hodgkins, Webster street, East Boston.
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George H. Plummer, 1 Maverick Square, E. Boston
Mrs. Sarah Wheeler, East Andover.
Capt. Charles O. Dailey.
Mrs. Mary Dodd, Dedham.
Mrs. Drummond, 6 Avon st. Pearl street, Boston.
The Rheumatism of which Mrs. Drummond has been cured by your Compound, was of the most severe form, with great loss of.

Having had occasion to use Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound in my family, I can recommend it as the best medicine ever offered to the public.
C. L. GODDARD, Agent,
No. 4 Bowling Green, New York.

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND
Sold by
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Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Pumice, Rivers' Tooth, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by
H. S. HAYNES,
mh15 45 Merrimack Street.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRAHAM FLOUR, manufactured and for sale by
SAM'L N. WOOD, 45 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This is the best and superior article in use for preserving, renewing and *Dressing and Beautifying the Hair.* It contains no mineral or other poisonous ingredient, &c., for the roots, and causes the hair to grow luxuriantly.

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DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.
SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, and a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; epilepsy, or fits; unequal pulse; nausea or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very fetid, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a hawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the head; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools alimy and unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable.

THE subscribers manufacture and put up, IRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and superior workmanship.

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Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,
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New England Family
SEWING MACHINE.

A 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine for Family use in the present day. It is much superior to any other machine on account of its being so simple and durable. There is no liability of break or get out of order than machines which are complicated, and will be recommended to the sickness of the child or adult should warrant the supposition of worms being the cause." In all cases for Medicine to be given with safety, we pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, and will not injure *the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

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N.B. Doctors and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will be sold a spurious article. Fleming Bros. are the only proprietors of the genuine Worm Specific or Vermifuge.

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SAM'L N. WOOD, 45 Market st.

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A NEW WAY, and a new way, to make money. Something entirely new, which has not been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many, with small capital and very simple business, more comparatively power. We have over 500 testimonials from those who are now making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who was a cripple, and unable to work, now earns over $1000, all earned by his own house, assisted by a cripple to which he paid the sum of $1,00. Women can clear from $5 to $10 per day. Boys can make from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all the information necessary to commence with in the business,and which enables the possessor to commence operations immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or machinery. Parties can hold this business for over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have not been introduced in to the country.
Address R. H. MARTIN & CO.,
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Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE Safety which can be relied on.
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Also,
KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimnies, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at
Secret prices. DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—*call and see for yourself.*
W. H. DYAR,
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may25 dtf

"CITY"
STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,
No. 84 Middle Street.
THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds, Malleable Iron Fittings, Safety Valves, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Judson's "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe and Flue" "Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Valve."

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. PIPING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and dispatch.
Lowell, June 5, 1860. ajly

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

HAVE before introduced into the New England States, and now offer to the public, the Pliny Fisk Coal—*true economy* to buy it. Sold ONLY by BENNETT & RUDLEY, corner Merrimack and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best quality, Hard and Soft Wood, at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office Building
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ROBINSON'S INDEXICAL DENTAL SOAP preserves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, April 6, 1861.

A TWENTY YEARS' RETROSPECTIVE VIEW. It has often been said that there are times, in the lives of nations as well as of individuals, when lessons, too frequently of a sad character, are learned by reflecting upon events of the past. At present, the anniversary of which has just passed, is suggestive of thought, as from that occurrence, in a great degree, we may trace many, if not most of the troubles which now agitate our disintegrated country.

On the 4th of April, 1841, twenty years ago last Thursday, William Henry Harrison died at Washington after filling the Presidential chair for the briefpace of one month. Gen. Harrison had been elected President by the Whigs in the memorable campaign of 1840, by a majority unprecedented in the history of the country up to that time. Associated with him on the Whig ticket was John Tyler, of Virginia, for Vice President, who was elected by the same vote given for the former as Chief Magistrate. Mr. Tyler had never fully identified himself with the Whig party, having been known while in Congress as an adherent to the State Rights, or Calhoun party of politicians. Mr. Tyler had been opposed to the administrations of Jackson and Van Buren, and it was thought by the Conventions which placed Mr. Harrison in nomination, that Tyler's name would strengthen the ticket in the South; he was nominated as the expository candidate. No previous President had died in office, and the position of Vice President was regarded as of little consequence.

The death of Gen. Harrison placed John Tyler in the Presidential chair, much to the disgust of many Whigs, who knew his antecedents. An extra session of Congress assembled May 31st, 1841. The Whigs having a handsome majority in both branches of Congress, passed a number of pet schemes, particularly a bill to establish a National Bank—a favorite measure of Henry Clay—which was met by Mr. Tyler's veto. The dissolution of all connection with Mr. Tyler and the party which had placed him in power. The Whig Cabinet appointed by Gen. Harrison and returned by Mr. Tyler resigned, with the single exception (Mr. Webster remaining as Secretary of State) and at a meeting of the Whig members of Congress, Mr. Tyler was formerly read out of the party. From that time until the close of his administration Mr. Tyler acted wholly independent of either of the leading parties. His sympathies, however, seemed to be with, and to be with the slavery propagandists, and the Calhoun wing of the Democratic party.

The question of annexing Texas had been whispered in certain circles, even after the establishment of its independence; but the matter was received with little favor by the great mass of the public. The accession of Mr. Tyler to the Presidency was considered exceedingly fortunate by those who favored the annexation scheme. In 1843, Mr. Calhoun and other leaders of the Democratic party, favored by the President, endeavored to make it a party measure. A portion of the party at the North, were disgusted with the proposition, and Democratic Legislatures and Conventions passed resolutions against it. The Democratic National Convention met in 1844, and through Southern pressure, passed annexation resolutions, defeating Martin Van Buren (who was rather adverse to the measure) and electing James K. Polk, a friend of the scheme, in nomination for the Presidency. Mr. Polk was elected, and in the last days of John Tyler's administration, the annexation resolution passed both branches of Congress, received the President's approval, and Texas became a part of the Union.

We need not follow the history of the annexation of Texas, in 1845, by which slavery, encouraged by that victory, sought and achieved new triumphs, until their continuous demands finally aroused the free people of the free States to tear asunder the bonds which united them with the old party, and to fraternize in the Republican party to arrest the progress of events which threatened to subvert the liberties of the people in every section of the country. The Southern slavery extensionists and the Democratic party, as a political tool, finding it to be the most facile, until it found that a spirit had been aroused in the North which would control the country, and then it abandoned the party, and finally the Union of the States itself. Men who a few years since professed the greatest love and fidelity for the Union, today stand in the attitude of traitors.

We trace many of these events from the death of Harrison, and the accession of John Tyler to the Presidential chair.— The feeling of extending the area of slavery had been lurking in the minds of men of the South for twenty years, from the passage of the Missouri Compromise, but no supple tool of theirs had been found at the head of the Government until Mr. Tyler became President. An opportunity offered which they did not leave unimproved, but follow ed it by others, which have led to the present disastrous consequences, the end of which no man can see.

Twenty years have passed since the death of Harrison, and the inhabitant of his successor into the office consequently rendered vacant; but the man to whom we trace much of the trouble to which the country has since been subjected, is not dead. He was with we could think that age and experience have brought to his head wisdom, and his heart goodness. He has left the retirement of private life, in which the public so willingly consigned him, and which they never would have disturbed, to take part in the stormy scenes that he, more than any one man, perhaps, was instrumental in creating. But he is still the friend of the South against the North, and is justifying and encouraging disunionists by proposing terms of settlement which are all on their side, and cannot be accepted by those who will not sacrifice principle to cotton.

We do not see, however, in the present state of our country, cause for "mourning without hope." We believe that a steadfast purpose, an unyielding of principle on the part of the present National Administration, will ultimately be rewarded by a union of the people in its support. Perhaps there may be some of the "old thirteen" of the confederate States missing, but enough will remain, unburdened by institutions antagonistic to the principles of freedom, to protect themselves from foes within and foes without.

DEATH OF DISTINGUISHED MAN. The Hon. John McLean, one of the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States died at his residence in Cincinnati, Thursday, at the age of seventy-five years. He left Washington a few days ago in greatly impaired health, and his friends then feared that his days of usefulness were about to be terminated.—Judge McLean was born in Morris County, New Jersey, but in 1799 removed to the West, and settled in Ohio, then a territory. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1807. He was elected to Congress from Cincinnati in 1812, and re-elected in 1814, but resigned before his term expired and was succeeded by Gen. Harrison. He was appointed Land Commissioner by President Monroe in 1822, and Postmaster General the following year, which office he held until 1829, when he was appointed by President Jackson as an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, which office he held till the day of his death, having been the senior Judge upon the death of Judge Story in 1845. He was the father in-law of Hon. Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury.

The Rev. Heman Humphreys, D. D., ex-President of Amherst College, died in Pittsfield, Mass., on Wednesday afternoon, at the age of 81 years. The deceased has long occupied a prominent place among the divines of New England. He was President of Amherst College from 1823 to 1845, and was universally esteemed by the graduates. He was the author of several widely-circulated volumes.

Gen. Nathaniel Austin, of Charlestown, died in that city on Wednesday afternoon. He was in his 90th year. He held many public offices among which were Major General, Sheriff of Middlesex from 1814 to 1832, representative, senator and councillor, and was a man of marked ability and probity.

IS THE CAPITAL SAFE? There are those, who not without many reasons, fear that the Southern Confederacy is still hopeful of seizing the capital. One reason why the South is so anxious to force Maryland into the secession movement is to facilitate this object, and should that State finally be carried by the secessionists, we think there is great danger of an attack upon Washington, and if an attack is made it will be no child's play. Such an occurrence is awful to contemplate, but who can expect less from the reckless men who are pushing forward their terrible purpose of destroying this government? We are no alarmists, and in this paragraph only embody the idea of a hundred flying reports that must have some foundation, but what we know not.

From the New York *Press* we clip the following extract from a letter received in that city, written by a gentleman in high position in Washington. It is dated the 2nd inst:—

"The possession of the seat of government by the Southern Confederacy in the event most confidently predicted to take place within one day. The act of a United States Senator told me an anecdote illustrative of the purposes of the President of the Southern Confederacy. He holds a very eligible pew in the Rev. Mr. Hall's church, and a friend, wishing to obtain it, wrote to him that she would give him what he gave for it. He replied, 'that so far from relinquishing my flitch pew, I have ordered an engraved plate to be affixed to it bearing my name.' A lady just from Montgomery, a leading friend of Mrs. Davis, asked, 'And what message must I bear with you to your lady friend in Washington?' She replied, 'Tell them I shall be happy to receive their calls at the White House some two months hence.' This is very elaborate trifling, or unsurpassed cassabianding."

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION. Some of the opposition prints, and also some persons who hate the Republican party without a "why or wherefore," crow lustily over the election of two conservative members of Congress in Rhode Island, claiming a defeat is a triumph over the Republicans. Not at all, gentlemen. We have the most positive assurances that every member elected will support the Administration of Mr. Lincoln. The *Providence Journal* informs us, in very positive language, that through the whole canvass the speakers and the press had declared the position of Messrs. Sheffield and Browne, "claimed in the most unequivocal and emphatic language that their position was one of friendship, and not of hostility, to the Administration. On no other basis would they have ventured upon the struggle. Certainly upon no other could they have been elected by a majority of the people."

The Harriet Lane has not sailed, but is lying in the bay, in consequence of information given Captain Faunce by the Collector, which may result in the seizure of other vessels bound for the ports of Africa.

The *Post* says it is rumored that the government agents sent to England and France have returned, and reported that both of these nations will set their faces against the Southern Confederacy, and in no manner recognize or assist it, and that the Secretary of the Cabinet have determined to take immediate and vigorous measures for the enforcement of the laws at all hazards.

The *Commercial* says a committee of leading Virginia politicians have had an interview with the President and Secretary of State, and were assured most positively that the President completed no bonds or Buildings owned by Lowell and Lawrence movements; that he should not attempt to collect the revenue, for the simple reason that Congress withheld from him the power.

WESTERN BANKS. Some days ago fifteen or twenty of the Illinois banks were discredited, at Chicago; and we notice now that forty-two of the Wisconsin banks have been discredited, and the notes of these are thrown out by the leading banks of Chicago. This reason of this is that their securities are Southern stocks, which have greatly depreciated. Wisconsin money has heretofore been looked upon as the safest of any in the West, and the panic that this movement will create, we fear will be seriously felt by business men. A few months ago, in Wisconsin, all notes not on banks of that State, unless their position was un-bolstered every where, were about the only ones that were current.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE. Rev. W. S. Perry, Rector of St. Luke's Chabch, Nashua, N. H., has accepted a call to go Portland. The *Telegraph* says Mr. Perry has won the respect of all classes in our community, and we regret that he is to leave us.

Rev. Wm. Parker, formerly of Maine, was installed as Pastor of the First Congregational Church at East Cambridge on evening of last week. The sermon was preached by Rev. Jacob M. Manning, of Boston.

A new Congregational Church on Berkley Street, Boston, was dedicated on Thursday. The corner-stone, Rev. H. M Dexter is pastor of the society which erected the edifice, which will seat 1,500 persons.

The Rev. H. M. Grout has resigned the charge of the Congregational Church, at Poultney, Vt., and was dismissed by a council February 27th. He has been elected Principal of Monson Academy at Monson, Mass.

The *Taunton Gazette* announces the death of Rev. Alvan Cobb in that town on Tuesday last, at the age of 74 years. He was for nearly half a century pastor of the Trinitarian Congregational Church and Society at Westville, in Taunton.

Rev. James J. Peck, of the Baptist Church in Walnut Street, Exeter, N. H., is to close his pastoral labors there next Sunday.

The Government has chartered steamer Illinois, which will go to sea under sealed orders in a manner or Sunday.

A special dispatch to the *Post* from Washington, says, that the Harriet Lane is then Pawnee goes to Charleston. The excitement hourly grows more intense, and all the conservative elements are ready to the point where the blow will first fall.

An Abolition Alliance has also been chartered by the Government, and cleared this afternoon with provisions, stores and armory of the Lancaster.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

The Rev. JAMES B. MILES, pastor of the First Church, Charlestown, will preach at the Appleton Street Church to-morrow.

Rev. MR. TWISS will deliver the sixth and last of his Sunday Evening Lectures in the First Universalist Church, to-morrow evening, commencing at 7 o'clock. Subject—Jesus the Son of the Virgin.

St. Rev. Bishop EASTBURN will preach in ST. ANNE'S Church, and administer Confirmation, to-morrow in the forenoon, and in St. John's Church in the afternoon.

MR. M. S. TOWNSEND, a trance speaker, will occupy the desk at Wesley Hall to-morrow forenoon and afternoon at the usual hours of church service.

THE CONDITION OF FALLEN WOMEN.

ANNA CORLEY, the reformed woman, will lecture in Music Hall, on Monday evening, April 8th, upon the wants and condition of Fallen Women in large cities. Tickets of admission 25 cents. Doors open at 6½ o'clock. The lecture will commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets of admission 10 cents. apr6 2t

MIDDLESEX MECHANICS' ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of this association for the election of officers and transaction of other business, was held last evening.— There was a very full attendance of members.

The following new members were elected:—Thomas Fletcher and Samuel Parker of Chelmsford; Stark Tolman, James Emmet, Robert Gillham, Thomas F. Burgess, Rev. A. J. Thompson, Rev. Hosea Benjamin W. Ball, Theron A. Bryant, J. J. B. Randall, William D. Day (minor), and William H. Dowe.

The Treasurer of the Association submitted his annual report. Total receipts $3,633,70; expenses $2,939,99. Balance on hand $693.71.

Dr. E. Huntington, Chairman of the Directors of the Library and Reading Room, made a very able and satisfactory report of the condition of the Library and Reading Room, and the improvement were directed to have the same pruned.

An assessment of $1,00 was laid upon each male member and 50 cents upon females and minors.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Sewall G. Mack, President; Jeremiah Clark, Vice President; Albert Nesmith, Treasurer; William F. Salmon, Secretary; Silas Tyler, A. Livermore, Fletcher, Hubbard Wilson and Cyrus H. Latham, Trustees for two years; Elisha Huntington, Stephen F. Gates and William G. Ward, Directors of the Library and Reading Room for two years.

It was voted to have a course of lectures the coming season similar to the last, and the government were authorized to appoint a lecture committee.

It was voted to appoint a committee to consider the subject of forming a class or association of young men for instruction in mechanical pursuits, &c., and to report at the next quarterly meeting, and Messrs. Stephen F. Gates, William G. Wise, Andrew Moody, Josiah G. Peabody and Mer. Stephen F. Gates. The following is the official statement of the average condition of the Banks in Lowell, for the four weeks ending March 30, 1861:

	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie	Deposits.
Appleton,	$300,000	$350,000	$1,000	$50,000
Lowell,	200,000	328,911	2,300	29,000
Merrimack,	1,000,000	1,000,000	25,000	200,000
Prescott,	200,000	355,464	12,118	59,657
Railroad,	300,000	300,000	10,000	50,000
Wamesit,	150,000	272,000	5,170	40,777
	$2,250,000	$2,606,375	$55,588	$429,434
	Due other banks,	other B'ds.	Bonds,	Income.
Appleton,	$6,000	$1,000		$1,000
Lowell,	10,000	20,000	$7,000	1,000
Merrimack,	67,660	69,850		1,000
Prescott,	46,886	1,000	2,000	1,000
Railroad,	112,500	112,500	2,100	500
Wamesit,	20,000	20,000	20,000	1,000
	$263,046	$224,350	$31,100	$5,500
	March 2nd.	March 30th.	Increase.	Decrease.
Capital,	$2,250,000	$2,250,000		
Loans and dis.	2,572,116	2,606,375	$34,259	
Specie,	55,588	55,588		$1,788
Deposits,	350,868	429,434	4,845	
Bal. in other Banks,	261,703	290,370	40,615	
Due other Banks,	313,980	348,471	34,490	
Bonds and Income,	37,500	37,500		8,440
Circulation,	916,370	902,5 2		11,854

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May 1st, 1860. Dwelling house on French Street, belonging to Gibbins & Carroll. Loss $400; fully insured. In upper story of Carleton Block. Damage to building, $50 by Mr. Hopkins, the occupant, $75. 20th, dwelling house in Pollard's Avenue, owned by John Nesmith. Loss, $400; fully insured. False alarm. 29th, on Howe Street. Damage trifling.

June 10th. False alarm. 16th, in Otis Allen's steam mill, which was mostly destroyed. Loss, $1,000; insured for $500. Several other buildings were destroyed or damaged. Insured for $1,000. 20th, fire in Allen's steam mill. Loss trifling.

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The *Post* says it is rumored that the government agents sent to England and France have returned, and reported that both of these nations will set their faces against the Southern Confederacy, and in no manner recognize or assist it, and that the Secretary of the Cabinet have determined to take immediate and vigorous measures for the enforcement of the laws at all hazards.

The *Commercial* says a committee of leading Virginia politicians have had an interview with the President and Secretary of State, and were assured most positively that the President completed no bonds or Buildings owned by Lowell and Lawrence movements; that he should not attempt to collect the revenue, for the simple reason that Congress withheld from him the power.

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IMPORTANT MILITARY AND NAVAL MOVEMENTS. The following telegraphic dispatches from Washington and New York, under date of yesterday, give evidence that there is to be decisive and immediate action by the Administration in relation to the troubles at the South.

New York, April 5. The Government has chartered steamers Baltic and Ariel to carry troops and provisions to Texas. The Baltic will carry Capt. Barry's company of Flying Artillery and 90 men, and the Ariel 7 or 8 companies of infantry and marines. They will sail on Monday.

The frigate Sabine goes to sea to-morrow morning, fully equipped and provisioned, and will take three companies of troops.

The impression at the Navy Yard is that forts Sumter and Pickens will both be reinforced.

A company of 100 men on Governor's Island, has received marching orders, and others will specially follow. There are now 2600 troops 34 different stations in this port.

All the navy yard and all the army depots great activity prevails, and laborers are working day and night at the former on the Pawnee. Large numbers of naval and army officers are continually arriving and reporting themselves for duty.

The *Express* says it is supposed in well informed quarters that Texas is the point for which the troops will be landed, and that they are sent out at the request of Governor Houston to repel the Indians and Mexicans.

The Government has chartered steamer Illinois, which will go to sea under sealed orders in a manner or Sunday.

A special dispatch to the *Post* from Washington, says, that the Harriet Lane then Pawnee goes to Charleston. The excitement hourly grows more intense, and all the conservative elements are ready to the point where the blow will first fall.

An Abolition Alliance has also been chartered by the Government, and cleared this afternoon with provisions, stores and armory of the Lancaster.

The Harriet Lane has not sailed, but is lying in the bay, in consequence of information given Captain Faunce by the Collector, which may result in the seizure of other vessels bound for the ports of Africa.

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WESTERN BANKS. Some days ago fifteen or twenty of the Illinois banks were discredited, at Chicago; and we notice now that forty-two of the Wisconsin banks have been discredited, and the notes of these are thrown out by the leading banks of Chicago. This reason of this is that their securities are Southern stocks, which have greatly depreciated. Wisconsin money has heretofore been looked upon as the safest of any in the West, and the panic that this movement will create, we fear will be seriously felt by business men. A few months ago, in Wisconsin, all notes not on banks of that State, unless their position was un-bolstered every where, were about the only ones that were current.

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DOUGHERTY'S BAND. A portion of Dougherty's celebrated New York Band gave a highly successful concert at Huntington Hall last evening. The programme was mostly made up of operatic gems and Mr. Dodworth's own compositions. The selections were pleasing and the rapturous applause testified to the delight of the audience. The overture to "William Tell," the selections from "Un Ballo in Maschera," "Lucretia Borgia," and the "Sestetto for cornets," were excellent, while the lancaises, solos, and the more fanciful musical combinations gave a variety to the entertainment. To-day one, however, will be over heard the entire band, and who went expecting to hear anything like their street music, in which they so wonderfully excel, it must have proved a slight disappointment.

We notice that the practice of having "reserved seats" in Huntington Hall is becoming somewhat prevalent. An arrangement of this kind is in theory well, but buildings expressly adapted for musical or other entertainments, is highly proper; and in halls like ours, with one level floor and moveable seats, and from the performers adapted to any kind of an exhibition, lecture, or entertainment, it seems unsuited; besides our citizens are not, generally, a "reserved" class of pleasure seekers, and in almost every instance within our recollection most of such seats have been found vacant. The result, last evening, was to keep the audience off the floor, from the performers as possible, and the mistake was, if we must have "reserved seats," that they were not reserved *at the opposite end of the hall* from the stage, and within the hearing distance of Mr. Hobbs' arrangement last evening, but simply offer in this form our objection to the plan, which, we think, was not at first a wise suggestion.

THREE RUNAWAYS. This noon, as a horse attached to a wagon belonging to Mr. Perham, of Chelmsford, was standing on Middlesex Street, above the depot, he became frightened and rushed down Middlesex Street toward the depot, where in turning he came in contact with one of Morse & Lovejoy's hackney teams, which started also. Perham's team kept ahead, however, and turned down Central Street at a dead run, the hackney team following at a slower pace. When near the corner of Hurd Street the cach came in contact with Dr. Savory's horse and carriage, in which Drs. Savory and Whitmore were riding. Both were thrown out, though we are glad to say that neither were injured except by being much shaken somewhat. Perham's wagon was badly shattered by coming in contact with something near the corner of Hurd Street, and a barrel of meal was thrown out and scattered along the pavement. Both the horses attached to Dr. Savory's and Mr. Perham's teams were detached and ran away, though the former's animal was soon caught. Morse & Lovejoy's team was stopped near the corner of Central and Dutton Streets.

ROGERS. This noon, a young fellow giving his name as George Clark, was arrested on Prescott Street for forgery, drunkenness, and fighting. It seems that he is a stranger in the city, but is known as a pretty hard fellow. He engaged board with Mrs. Norris on Middlesex Street, and pr posed to pay her with an order signed by Mr. J. Abbott, of this city. For this and other offences he was arrested, and also another fellow, who was drunk and disorderly. They will be before the Police Court this afternoon.

SUPERIOR COURT, *Morton J.*— Yesterday afternoon the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff in the action of Frost vs. Gage, allowing $107 and costs.

This morning the Court is engaged in hearing motions and will adjourn at noon till Monday at 9 o'clock, at which time the Court will come in to resume business; it is expected the Court will adjourn at the end of next week to meet at Cambridge and continue there two or three weeks.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Charles Kendrick, who says he belongs in Maine, was ordered in $500 to the Superior Court on a charge of breaking and entering the store of Edward Kavanagh, on Central Street, last night. He took a bag of flour, a keg of bacon, and other groceries.

Timothy Sullivan, for keeping a liquor nuisance on Winter Street, was ordered in $300 to the Superior Court.

Robert Christie, for an assault upon his wife, was ordered in $200 to future time.

Thomas Welden, for an assault, settled with party, and was discharged on payment of costs.

Michael Connelly, for violation of the Sunday law, will be tried this afternoon.

FIREMEN'S ELECTION. At a meeting of Deluge Company, No. 14, held last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Foreman, Lindsay; Foreman; Samuel Daniels, 2nd Foreman; C. F. Tilton, Clerk; Jas W. Dunlap, Treasurer; A. M. Campbell, Steward; Wm. A. Fifield, Foreman of Hose; Albert Moore, A. J. Hall, Standing Committee; Ira W. Dunlap, Samuel Daniels, Trustees of Firemen's Fund Association.

The committee the firemen's elections for the ensuing year.

All the Methodist Churches in this city will be supplied to-morrow from the New-England Conference, which is now in session in Boston.

LOWELL BRIDGE BAND. This Band will give another of their series of four Concerts at Huntington Hall, next Wednesday evening. The proceeds of these concerts, it will be recollected, are to be devoted toward procuring a new uniform for its members.

SENATORS FROM KANSAS. James H. Lane and Samuel C. Pomeroy have been elected United States Senators from Kansas, by a small majority. Both are Republicans.

Two fugitive slaves, who were overtaken at Chicago a few days ago, were taken to Springfield and after trial were remanded to their owners in Missouri.

S. L. McClellan, tax collector of the Western District of Louisville, Ky., has absconded. He is a defaulter to the amount of $20,000.

THE FEELING AT CHARLESTON. Dispatches dated Charleston, April 4th, are as follows:—

Lieutenants Talbot and Snowden have just reached the city with a flag of truce. They are now in consultation with Gov. Pickens. Nothing has transpired as to their mission.

Charleston has to-day been in a state of excitement unequalled since the first secession movement. A crisis is at hand. The appearance of a schooner off the harbor last evening, and her attempt to pass the batteries, has set the city fairly agog. And this subsequent mysterious disappearance of the vessel increases the excitement. The military leaders have been unusually active all day, and members of the convention now in session are looking to the several fortifications have been ordered to their posts.

The Charlestonians generally say there shall be no more boys play. Evacuate or fight is the universal slogan.

Major Anderson will have to surrender in self-defence, though it is believed that an attempt will be seriously made at reinforcement. His supplies were cut off today, and no further communication will be allowed between him and the Federal government.

THE *Commercial Advertiser* publishes a letter signed Alphonso McNiell, captain in the army who enlisted at Buffalo years ago, and who is now with Major Anderson in Fort Sumter. He says:—

"We have enough to eat and drink, and sufficient to keep us for four months. Our fuel is scarce, but still sufficient. We rebuke think we have been idle, but they will find to their cost that we know how and men we have in this garrison. We have got sufficient to hold the fort against the whole force that can be brought against it. Ours is a true soldier, and so are the other officers. Our men are determined to fight, and wish we had a chance to give the rascals h—l, and we can do it, too.

"We have a very good fort of this fort it will not be with the wish of our officers. As to fuel, and provisions, and supplies, it is all non sense to talk about it. As to the latter, we are all right if old Lincoln will only keep the back door, as stated by us."

THE *Louisville Journal* says that "there are two Johnsons in Tennessee, Bruce Johnson and Cave Johnson. Brave isn't Cave and Cave isn't Brave."

CARPETS. Just received from New York a large new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than manufacturers prices, by Hurd & North.

Hurd & North have just received another large lot of three new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at less than manufacturers prices, by Hurd & North at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply to be sold from our assortment at less than manufacturers prices, by Hurd & North.

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LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply to be sold from our assortment can go but with us to the end and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture, Piano and Instrument Manufacturers Stools Pianos, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

FOR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Lasdon, now in the time to buy Pure Linseed Oil, as the price will be much higher at renewed prices on account of the high price of Flax seed and the scarcity of Oil. Also, 100 Merrimack street.
mar30tf

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,
Containing a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States and Canada. Price 10 cents.
For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 27 Merrimack street, Lowell, and at the Railroad Office, 10 Park Row, New York.
Price 10 cents.
S. H. FISHER, sole agent.
ja15 4m

PIERCE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, by which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, sold as cheap as the damaged goods are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. Newstyles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, a celebrated GOUGH MATTINGS. Prescott Street, opposite Market Square.
mar19d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.
DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, G. D. Howe, D. S. Richardson, Isaac Hale, Jr. Hosford, Isaac Hale, Jr. Hosford, Isaac Hale, Jr. Hosford

RELIGIOUS.

WAIT.

Christian wait—the nations trembling,
Shaking to their utmost bound—
Kings their terror ill dissemble,
Loyal and quiet spread around;
There's no prophet now to call us
To unbend, to widen free,
What events will soon befall us—
Wait, and see what God will do.

Christian, wait—the morning thunder
Gathering on the sky afar,
Need not bring disaster or wonder,
Double, or triple, or pallid hue;
Hap your zeal in quietness,
He will get the victory through—
Wait for your reward, God will do.

Christian, wait—Jehovah regneth
On His throne of unseen control;
If you see not His weapons,
It was so which not His will;
Be assured, the future story
Of the three now dark to you,
Will reveal His work of glory—
Wait, and see what God will do.

REJOICE!

In the warm grandeur of the summer glows,
Gleaming and cold rich in Winter's truest tones,
Calming Beauty in all seasons shows
Her changeless power through the years.
The thunder mutters of the winter floods,
The summer calms, the bank of violets,
This or wailing breath breathes upon the bee,
Thy sighing, the fine power of the revived flowers,
In life—all these life looks of love we know,
And they are dear to God's loved ones.
Her dew will loosen in the secret grasses;
Her bloom gild the liege the cheek of rose.
Beauty will be her face in darkness shrouded,
Her wrath will show upright through the storms;
The thick bosom of the rainy cloud
Bears the bright token of her love.
A universal love, a good in all
That meets her, yet denies his human skill.
Cloud on the rich and starving beneath,
Lashed by the grieving mourning of the wheels,
The world is loud in Her, becomes a part
In the fierce clash of human strife.
Through all the city's long and ominous veins,
The many sounded speech, the lighted lamps,
Yet may the heart-to-her strong flowery fells,
Breathing the divine presence of the Joy,
Or dreaming repose in the summer dells
Weigh not in power.
The spirit never is content by time or place,
Makes for itself its holy Heaven.

Tender, tremulous, the whole thing sad "Rejoice"?
Hints it not—why by this Sorrow?
A grand, impulsive, heavenly voice
Speaks from the depths of grief.
O friend! how sorry, how thy gift of life
Bewilders us—we who sought for Death!

DANIEL: THE MORAL HERO.

Sketch of a discourse delivered on the First Baptist Church, by Rev. A. A. Miner, on Sunday morning, March 31st, 1861.

TEXT—"And when I heard, I said how that the writing was signed, he went into his house; and his windows being open in his chamber toward Jerusalem, he kneeled upon his knees three times a day and prayed, and gave thanks before his God, as he did aforetime."

It has been truly said that the history of the Christian Church is written in the blood of saints. There has been a moral conflict between the seed of woman and the serpent ever between sin and holiness. The first family had a Cain and an Abel sin in motion. Abel was the first martyr, and Cain the first murderer. From that time until the flood sin predominated. Christ and his apostles suffered every persecution and watered the earth with their blood.

Daniel was a prince of the royal line of David. He was a man of great wisdom, and was often called upon to interpret dreams, as in the case of Nebuchadnezzar and Belshazzar. When Darius, king of the Medes and Persians had conquered the kingdom, he made Daniel chief of his hundred and twenty princes whom he set over it. But other princes were ambitious and ev-heavored to find something against Daniel, but were unable to do so. He remained faithful and firm. At length the conspirators went to Darius and asked him to proclaim a decree "that whosoever shall ask a petition of any god or man for thirty days, save of thee, O king, he shall be cast into the den of lions." The king, if we do so; a short time only shall pass away before we shall have the reward of the righteous.

HOW LONG SHALL I LIVE?

You will live forever.
There are no dead.
The blow which struck asunder body and spirit did not end the spirit life. And so the countless myriads of the past, whose dust has long since mingled with the soil, "still live." The men, women, and children of Noah's day, and Abraham and David—the mighty tribes that herded beneath the crescent of the Arabian prophet—the swarms of Goth and Hun, Tartar and Vandal, that swept o'er the plains of the Eastern world—the red man that roamed the forests of the western world, and left the mounds and tregrown ruins the dim history of their earthly existence—all these are yet alive. They cannot die. Immortality is their birthright and inheritance. With the first breath of life they inhaled immortality.

You, too, are henceforth eternal. The life you have begun is endless. You have only crossed the threshold. The countless ages before you stretch out in immeasurable distance. When you have trod the path of those years or millions of years which you cannot count, with them you will be before you as many more, fresh and new like the first, and so on forever and ever. As a traveler can discern his pathway winding among the hills till far off on the horizon it seems to end, but when he reaches the place, there stretches the path again away to another hill top—so will the ages of eternity be before you. As you forever, the age following age, till all your powers of conception, thought and enjoyment have been fulfilled and silenced and yet you have scarce begun! The never ending eternity stretches out, just as far ahead as when you took the first step of your journey.

How long will you live! You will never cease to live. You cannot die. By the endowment of your Maker you bear a "charmed life;" and whatever rounds the epochs of time, the great unversal shall run parallel with them all—nay with the eternal years of God.

Ah me! My birthright, immortality, weighs on my heart. I tremble. I shrink from the burden. Those myriad ages fill me with dread. From the bosom of those far-off distances I know not what strange things will befall me. Some accident shall the coutless way lay me on the road. Some mis-step to the right hand or left, shall ruin me forever. Some accident shall plunge.

Ah! On the highway of heaven none fall. In the hollows of hell none rise.—You have fixed your state forever when you leave this world. The case is closed. You have either married yourself to Christ with an eternal love which no possibility can rift off; or, on the other hand you are married to the world and its pleasures.—All change must be made on this side of the grave—there is no change beyond. The preparation must be finished here, for there is no time. The decree is unalterable: "he who is filthy, let him be filthy still; he who is holy, let him be holy still."

Do you see it, my friend? Have not all the men, women, and children of the past century's day—the time that followed the false prophets—the swarms of Goth, Hun, Vandal, Tartar, and red men alike—found that time was given them to prepare for eternity?

Those eighteen, upon whom the tower of Siloam fell and slew them, think you that they were sinners above all men that dwelt in Jerusalem? "I tell you nay; but except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish." "Strange," cries Fenelon, "that the experience of so many ages did not make us more humble, more distrustful of the future, so as to take proper measures in the use of the present! Is the dust upon this world as if it were never to leave an end, and we neglect the next as if it were never to have a beginning.

How long will you live? You will live forever. And your life there will depend on your life here. Every day as you complete it, will re appear in the year to come. Every hour, every moment as it hurries on its way, leaves a page to be read before the throne. Every word, every act, every thought and feeling of your heart, records itself inexplicably in the memory of One who never forgets. You are writing your life for eternity.

In a gallery in Paris hangs a famous picture of Murillo, of an old Spanish monk seated at his desk. He had begun the chronicle of his life. Death had summoned him before the work was done; but he had sought and obtained leave to return to the earth and finish it. You see in the monk's pale face a more than natural energy. Those sunken eyes had looked beyond the vale, and gleam with the visions of eternity. The soul within has summoned all the powers of mind, and he will be held face to face "Him who is invisible." And the solitary desk is plied with the earnestness of one who has already forgotten the fading scenes of time, and is absorbed in the realities of eternity.

So let the record of your life be written as in the light of eternity. Look beyond, and see the unalterable things as they shall soon surround you, when you stand before your Judge. Behold your endless lifetime newly departed. Oh, heedless soul, I adjure you to prepare for that eternity—to live and obedient servant toward Him, so you may read it in eternity with joy.

WONDERS BROUGHT BY GOD'S HAND.

The portens forms of the thousand minute yet perfect animalcule which microscopic art discloses to the wondering eye, the drop of matter teeming with vitality; each creature distinct, and marked with the peculiar habits and conformation of its species. No less than three hundred and seventy-seven have been already figured by naturalists under two classes; and there is no doubt there are innumerable others yet to be discovered and arranged. They are to be found in every putrescent substance, and in almost every combination of animal and vegetable matter, acted upon by a sun-shine heat. Milk and blood produce their peculiar tribes; and vinegar has been known to contain its tenant eels. Air is peopled with their existence, as they disappear in excess of moisture. The wonderful modes of their propagation, by eggs, by living young, &c., a portion of the part is sometimes detached and becomes a living creature. Their remarkable smallness surpasses all conception; ten thousand do not occupy more space than a grain of sand; and a hundred million more species will not exceed the thickness of a hair.—Lewenhoek calculates that the size of some is to that of a mite, as a mite is to an infinite and various are the modes in which Omnipotence can call his creatures into existence, and give them powers for active enjoyment.

The sphere of sporting through its dismal life; with mute, flattering in the sunny beam, and with a rosy hue, another species passing wave; the glow worm, emitting its pale fire on the moss bank, and starting forth and expiring in the very next moment; the cates of caterpillars, beautiful and curious in their first home, gradually passing into states yet more beautiful, with wings disclosing every lovely tint, and studded with various colored planes, that, to the unaided eye, appear as dust; are among nature's wonders.—*Insects on the Sources of Happiness.*

He who is false to present duty, breaks a thread in the loom, and will find the flaw when he may have forgotten its cause.

GARRISON SHOULD BE GOVERNED IN THE SPIRIT.

It is said of the sixth Edward (the Josiah of England,) that when at his coronation, three swords were brought to be carried before him as the king of three kingdoms, he said, "there is one yet wanting, upon which the nobles inquired what he might mean. He replied, "the Bible," and thus he delivered himself in right royal style.—"That book is the sword of the spirit, and to be preferred before three swords, and ought in all right to govern us who use those for the people's sake by God's appointment. Without the sword (the bible) we are nothing, and can do nothing. From that, we are what we are this day; from that we receive whatsoever it is that we as this parliament assume.—He that rules without it, is not to be called God's minister, or a king. Under it we are safe; by it fight, by it preserve the people, and to perform all the affairs; from that alone we obtain all power, virtue, grace, salvation, and whatsoever we have of divine strength."

So, now, forsooth as the church may not dare to arrogate unto itself any power whatever, accordant with, or compulsory civil power—which is not an ordinance of God; it is so much the more her province and duty to open the ears of magistrates, judges, members of Parliament, ministers of state, of and royal princes, the good aged nurse, and instructress for which government and law (that best of all natural wisdom, being a remedy to their ailments) that they may not err through ignorance of their high and holy position. Wherefore, it is at this occasion of our gracious king, and of all Christian kings, it is appointed unto a minister of Christ to answer his bond work, and to another to discourse in his hearing, concerning his royal office, as the highest steward in the land. And every sitting of Parliament is opened with offerings of devotion. Every session of both houses the council is opened not only with prayer, but with a sermon; and likewise at the same time to be directed. In the north, the first thing the magistrate's have to do, is to call upon God for him in lips of a minister of the gospel a discourse concerning the sacred respect due to

THE DAILY COURIER.

MONDAY, April 8, 1861.

THE NEWS.—Saturday's and to-day's Boston and New York dailies are principally devoted to the flying reports growing out of sudden activity in the army and navy. It is safe to say now, what we have frequently before said, that nearly all the reports that are published relative to operations at the South are for the purposes of the Administration, are based on idle rumors in Washington for which no one is responsible. Mr. Lincoln and his cabinet keep their own counsel. It is only evident that the Administration has found it necessary to more at once and in a decided manner, and this is done independent of outsiders. A few days will develop the reason of this movement.

A copy from the *Boston Advertiser* the following respecting the movements of steamers &c., for New York.

The vessels chartered by the government as transports are the Atlantic and Baltic, late of the Collins, and the Illinois, of the Havre line. The Atlantic sails to-day for Charleston if the Ariel seems to have been interfered. The Atlantic was loaded in all possible haste with ship stores and provisions of all kinds, munitions of war, and a number of fast-footed horses for landing troops. On Saturday afternoon, Capt. Barry's battery of light artillery, which arrived at New York from Washington the day before, marched on board the steamer, and other troops followed, until, it is said, 700 men were on board. She had steam up at noon, but had not sailed up to nine, P. M.

The steamer Illinois, whose destination was suddenly changed from Havre to parts unknown, was already coaled and provisioned, but would take additional freight similar to that of the Atlantic, such as barrels of flour, which were to have been sent to Havre on owner's account, were materially subject to government orders. She did not clear on Saturday, but will perhaps do so to-day.

The steam frigate Powhatan, Capt. Mercer, sailed on Saturday afternoon, crossing the bar at 6 P. M. The captain had two sealed government envelopes handed to him while leaving the wharf, not to go on board his ship. One of them was to be opened while the ship is under steam at the battery, and the other when she gets thirty-five miles to sea, on a course indicated in the first dispatch. The ship was then off the port of or the frigate knew to which point all the compass she would steer. The Powhatan is the only steam vessel in the United States navy that was ever changed from the "flying jib" to "commander" and state within three days. At two o'clock on Friday she went into commission. She has on board an extraordinary armament and immense quantities of shell. She carries ten nine inch and one eleven inch pivot guns; but a large portion of her ordnance consists of ten inch shell; consequently those are probably intended for the reinforcement of some of the forts, or possibly for land service. There are a number of gun carriages on board, which are only applicable to land service. The Powhatan has about three hundred officers and men.

The Baltic, although chartered by the United States, is held in readiness, and the preparations have been made toward getting her ready for sea or freighting her with a cargo.

The steam revenue cutter Harriet Lane, which steamed down the bay on Friday, returned at night. Her mission is probably only to stop vessels starting on slave voyages.

Capt. Meigs of the Corps of Topographical Engineers, left New York on Saturday morning, in command of a large company of carpenters and other mechanics who arrived from Washington in the early part of the week. Among the men in Captain Meigs's company are several experienced architects and others, who are accustomed to the construction of fortifications. Captain Meigs on being asked how many carpenters directed him to repair for duty, significantly remarked, "In ten days you will know all about it."

Major Holmes, commander-in-chief of the United States military forces at New York, and general superintendent of the recruiting business, resigned on Saturday. The Major is a native of North Carolina, and entered the service thirty-one years ago. It is said, too, that Major Edward Johnson, who is an old navy man, a Virginian by birth, has resigned.

Orders have been received in New York, for immense quantities of sand-bags, and 40,000 are now preparing, destined for Tortugas.

Active preparations are still in progress at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Large companies of men are at work on board the frigates Wabash and Roanoke, and the brig Ferry. Those vessels are to be put into commission immediately, and will soon be ready for sea. It is understood that they are to be called into active service with as little delay as possible.

After to-day, it is expected the garrison of Fort Hamilton will be confined to quarters. They belong principally to the Third regiment of infantry.

The steam sloop-of-war Pawnee left Washington on Saturday. She would stop at Norfolk, for sailing orders.

FROM THE SOUTH. There is no truth in the report that Fort Sumter had been attacked. It is stated in a dispatch from Charleston last Saturday that with the supplies sent to the Fort that day was a notification from Gen. Beauregard that no more provisions could be obtained in that city, which is regarded as a virtual declaration of hostilities. It is also reported that 5000 confederate troops had been ordered to rendezvous at points near Charleston.—The Charleston papers declare that everything is in readiness to reduce the fort, if it is not evacuated.

There is nothing known as to the intention of the Administration in regard to Forts Sumter and Pickens. It is not thought, however, that the former will be reinforced, while the latter may be.

The late movement of troops and steamers at the East has created the greatest excitement in all the Southern States; and from the tone of the dispatches, it seems they would welcome a conflict, or seek one.

Virginia.—In the Convention, last Saturday, several secession petitions were presented. Mr. Boulden offered a substitute for the ninth resolution, that the separate independence of seceded States should be acknowledged without delay. Rejected by 68 against 71. The resolution was then adopted. Mr. Preston offered a resolution, asking the President to define his policy in regard to the seceded States, which was adopted. Mr. Jackson moved a reconsideration, as he did not vote. The convention agreed to take the vote again. Mr. Jackson made a vehement speech against the proposition, declaring that his constituents would never consent to join South Carolina. Lieut. Gov. Montague made a spirited speech in favor. There was considerable feeling on all sides. Some Unionists consider that the adoption of Mr. Preston's resolution would annihilate all hope of an adjustment.

LEGISLATIVE. In the State Senate Friday, petitions were presented from the Suffolk Savings Bank and Lowell Institution for Savings against the passage of the bill in relation to Savings Banks. The bill to protect gas consumers was passed to be engrossed. The subject of a national convention was discussed and referred to the next Legislature. The resolve for the establishment of an agricultural school or college was taken up, when a resolve instructing the Board of Agriculture to prepare a plan for an Agricultural School and report to the next Legislature, was adopted and the resolve passed to a third reading. The bill relating to corporations and the assessment of taxes upon the shares thereof was slightly amended, and was ordered to be engrossed; also the bill in relation to sealing weights and measures in the city of Lowell.

In the House it was voted to suspend the act in relation to the flowage of the meadows on Concord and Sudbury Rivers. The bill was ordered to a third reading to apportion and assess a State tax of $300,372. Mr. Clark, of this city, moved to reconsider the vote whereby the bill relating to taxation of shares in corporations was rejected. After debate the motion was lost. The resolves in aid of the Massachusetts Comparative Zoology were passed to be enacted. The petition of Asa Cheever and others of Dracut, that the dam on Beaver Brook may be removed and the owners of the mill and dam compensated, was referred to the next General Court.

In the Senate on Saturday, the bill to abolish capital punishment was taken up, and after a long debate was passed to a third reading.

In the House, the Judiciary Committee reported that the Senate amendment to the bill relating to marriages and divorces ought not to pass and the report was adopted.

On motion the vote whereby the report leave to withdraw, on the petition of Christian Klebert and others, and inexpedient to grant the same, was passed in the year and nay of

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This medicine increases the power of the digestive and excretive organs, thereby restoring them to a healthy action by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS deposits are removed, and all PAIN AND INFLAMMATION of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER and URINARY PASSAGES.

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PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to progress, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

DISEASES OF A MORE FATAL FORM:

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BUT NONE NEED SUFFER

THE REMEDY IS WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

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Allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, *exciting all Poisonous Diseases, and warm out matter.*

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Cured in two years ago of Neuralgia in the Face, Face Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Unhesitatingly three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

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Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

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Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

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Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

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THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, LUMBAGO, or in any part of the system, is certain to find a

Wonderful Relief ! Where Great Destroyer

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CURTISS & MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,

mar26d3m Lowell. Mass.

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS

Of every and Gold setting, Plating, Embroidering, &c., &c.,

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

61 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 d1f

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tetter. For sale by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

dec30

"HUMBUG IN THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the persistency with which the Agents sell Books at one dollar, when they could be had by the regular dealers in Books in Lowell. The following popular Books for Christmas and New Year's Gifts, at that rate may be purchased low at 31 Central street.

The Abdominal Hunter, by Warren Chase.

Ingalls volumes, viz: Oscar, Clintonian, Ella, Winslow, Myrtle Haven.

Dickens' Cruise and Miss Arabian Night's, a fine collection, published by H. Hastings, New York city.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

The Casket Library, comprising 12 volumes.

House and No House—A Will and a Way—Farmer's Boy and Freed Boy.

jan10 f

R. B. HUNT, dealer in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods, 31 Central street.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvetis Isodore Compound for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John street

dec26

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at R. B. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 31 Central street, Lowell.

sep21

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, No. 47, cor. Merrimack and Market sts., at the bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we shall endeavor to have the best the market affords, at the lowest living rates.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate that class of persons who may be detained from dinners at a specific hour.

1y10 H. EMERY

GERRICK'S CARPET-KEEPER.

MUCH improved, and selling very low at DEARBORN'S China and Crockery Warehouse.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, No. 80 Merrimack Street.

BEEBE HATS at BRAZER'S.

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK,

SOLE MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woollen manufactories in the United States, Canada and Mexico, are using *these Burring Machines* on their finest work, and none who have used them would be without them. They are acknowledged to be a perfect machine for use for perfection of work and durability. The finer the *Burring Machine* is set, the more perfectly it will clean, on a new plan of teeth, are recommended to your attention as being as useful, as efficient, and as durable as any there is machined in first rate shape. They

ARE ALSO

recommended for their accuracy in setting. In strength and durability and workmanship, they have no equal. They perfectly save and clean all surface wool, and are noted over to the Burr Cylinder, to save the fine and short staple. Their fine strength and interspersible set of teeth are indispensable to a good lead on the wool, for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls are highly recommended to all who use the fine mestizo wool, as they will clean and open all of the finer machines of the finer cigs and burrs; they will not felt the wool, but keep it clean and open, and with the card, and each set will, in addition to cleaning the wool, perfectly clean the cards, by not causing as the cards to which they are attached—which is highly recommended to each needle the set.

The undersigned has preferred to

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Burring, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wools of a fine staple, as they are simple not injures the burr of the wool, nor does it injure the staple of the wool, and will clean the wool perfectly, and is easily managed, and will work the wool without waste to the wool, or injury to its staple. The Burring Picker is also used in the *Home, for mestizo wool which could not otherwise be used with advantage.* It is a *perfect and useful article of domestic use.* Card waste and low waste wool, which is now thrown away, can be used for mixes, with or without linseeds attached, are also for sale.

All orders will receive with prompt attention. Orders with explanations and directions furnished by addressing

dec22 ly No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, New York.

HAS just received direct from manufacturers a new and fine assortment of

CUTLERY,

Comprising Cooks, Hors, and Dessert, and has also the most approved styles, and of quality as recommended. Also on hand,

CHINA WARE

Of new and most beautiful shapes, consisting of

White CHINA,

Edge and Line do.,

Gold Band do.,

Richly Decorated do.

A full assortment.

—ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—

Rich and Common VASES,

Rich FANCY GOODS,

Silver Plated SPOONS,

" FORKS,

" KNIVES,

" CASTORS,

Britannia " and

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit the tastes of all, at my

China and Crockery Warehouse,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,

80 Merrimack Street.

W. DEARDEN.

mar19

"CITY"

STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS.

No. 84 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor,

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds, Malleable Iron Fittings, Pillar Cocks, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas and Water.

Also, agent agent for Lowell and vicinity, Hydraulic, Tubular and Chain Pumps, Hose, Lead and Tin. Patent Boiler Feeder and Globe Valve.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and made to order. PIPING for Steam, Gas or Water put up with neatness and dispatch

Lowell, June 12, 1857. e2*

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes, Brass Whistles and Cocks, and all fixtures generally used by engineers; contractor for putting buildings and vessels with gas fixtures. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest style, constantly on hand. Also, a full assort in all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

Works, No. 10 Howe St., Belvidere, Store, No. 8 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1859. feb28

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY, WHICH HAS EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONSTANT BLESSING TO MANKIND.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, LUMBAGO, or in any part of the system, is certain to find a

Wonderful Relief ! Where Great Destroyer

In that action of the application to the

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The pain is low, within the *reach of all.* Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. Sold also by SHEPPARD & FREW, Boston; R. S. & J. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BRAD & CO., Proprietors,

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 13, 1860. feb13 1y

THE subscribers manufacture and put up, IRON FENCES of the most desirable patterns and superior workmanship.

CURTISS & MACK,

Nos. 123 and 125 Market Street,

mar26d3m Lowell. Mass.

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS

Of every and Gold setting, Plating, Embroidering, &c., &c.,

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dec30

CARRIAGE ROBES at BRAZER'S

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent mind, that the frightful cases of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in this connection we present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of these disorders, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during many years of practice, and now is to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Griping in the Bowels, and all other disorders of the stomach and bowels, to which your children are liable, during the months of July, August and September.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life, when your anxious minds are constantly agitated with fears for your little ones, it will be found invaluable in relieving the child from pain, and in regulating the bowels. In all cases of *Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Vomiting, and Cholera Infantum,* it will confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in the shortest time given in time. It will invariably regulate the stomach and bowels, and its importance in the respective families cannot be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which most infants are said to die than from any other disease, it will be found a sure and speedy remedy, as if by magic; and in this brief compass of time, we could refer to hundreds of cases in which it has been used, and never yet failed, in which the convulsions have been instantly relieved by the use of the Infantile Cordial. Attend to your infants, and give your attention to a subject of vital interest to them, and use in time the Infantile Cordial.

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial contains

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or deleterious nature. And if for what we say Fully our control in stating cannot be said of any other preparation, we would not have you use it. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial

Is prepared only by Dr. EATON, Druggist, 80 Broadway, New York

Sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists.

dec22 ly

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The ready Yankee Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner

Will make 40 pounds of the best SOAP, common Rosin, from Tyre, Grease from each Barrel of Salt.

One box costs ..... $5 cts.

Two do. do. ..... 10 "

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of SOAP, MADE.

Being two pounds for a cent. Ask your grocer for it, and take no other. Manufactured by the

DEPOT OF COMPANY,

LEWIS, JAMES & CO.

Philadelphia.

☞ The Saponifier can be had of any respectable grocer in the Country.

may 1 1y

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to have a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any kind of Looking Glasses or Portraits.

FOR

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Steam Whistles and Cocks, and all fixtures generally used by engineers; contractor for putting buildings and vessels with gas fixtures. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest style, constantly on hand. Also, a full assort in all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner by competent workmen.

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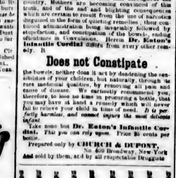
February 13, 1860. feb13 1y



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dec30

CARRIAGE ROBES at BRAZER'S

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine is unfailing in relieving all those unknown of anything else of the kind, and especially those of all others have failed, is designed for both married and single, and is by far the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly so-lace* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken in time. Explicit rules are carefully printed, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too regular* increase. Thousands have taken but one bottle, and are entirely cured. Put it up in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 HOPELESS

Have been assisted within eighteen months with *our a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, each bottle bearing the same price, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3. If I fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for PRIVATE USE in cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and is the only one ever offered to the public on EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations. None genuine unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his Depot. Letters should be addressed to DR. MATTISON'S CHEMICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ Dr. Mattison specially embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a *very peculiar treatment*, known to the usual faculty, *entirely different from any other attention to them*—Consultations by mail or otherwise, strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation. Dr. Mattison is the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who wish to board with the doctor in a quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when so many unprincipled persons, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, possess cunning enough to obtain a diploma, and then set up for practicing some empiric, and especially in relation to those who have been unfortunate enough to contract some of the many nervous prostrations, involving pitiable consequences, in the cases cut out, and the patient left to die, or live a life of misery, one might as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF A PRIVATE NATURE, and the Nervous System, also Circulars giving full information, with the above, will be sent to any person writing for them, without which no advertising physician or medicine of the kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only SPECIALIST physician in Providence, if not in New England, who has a sure cure for nervous prostration, he gives for very rare instances, a Pamphlet on SAME, otherwise, you better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Direct your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. Mattison's Chemical Institute,

No. 23 Union street, Providence, R. I.

August 23, 1860. aug23d1y

GARDNER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum it is an *external* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS

"Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease, I ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed seventeen months, I was induced to try Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NORMAN T. AYRES,

79 Franklin st., Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by its excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief I was induced to try Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. After a few days' use, the pain entirely left, and remains away.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,

No. 1 Old State House, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with the Rheumatism in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than tongue can tell. Having used two bottles of Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, I am happy to say I am entirely cured.

JOHN A. MURDO,

Fancy Goods Dealer, Lowell, Mass.

"Gardner's Neuralgia Compound" is a remedy of great value for the relief of nervous and severe years' standing.

W. E. HODGKINS,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with Rheumatism, his hands covered with sores and in consequence of which he could not dress himself. I used Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and in three days he was entirely well.

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Milk street, Boston.

"Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine I ever saw.

W. C. THOMPSON,

Proprietor Washington House.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.

FANNY THOMPSON,

No. 2 Bowdoin Square, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T. Giddee, Esq., was relieved by the use of Gardner's Rheumatic Compound" in 36 hours, after suffering with Rheumatism, and that it proved to be entirely effectual in his case.

Ex-Member of Congress.

I certify that my family has been using "Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" with entire success, and that I have found it a valuable remedy for Rheumatism, and that it proved to be entirely effectual in my case.

Ex-Member of Congress.

I certify that my family has been using "Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" with entire success, and that I have found it a valuable remedy for Rheumatism, and that it proved to be entirely effectual in my case.

Ex-Member of Congress.

Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JENKINS, Broadway, corner of Broome street. Also, agents for Boston, Apothecaries generally throughout the United States.

Price $1 a bottle.

Orders by mail promptly attended to, addressed to CHAS. F. BILLINGS, C. B. Union-square, New York, or to Messrs. Tilden, Gardner, Sampson & Co., Boston, will receive prompt attention.

October 16, 1862. dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Persian, Bitter Almond, Camphor, Rose, Palm, Castile, Shaving and Shampooing Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., Corner Merrimack and John sts.

jan26

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal from white wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by SAML'N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

may9

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This new and superior article is highly recommended for Dressing the Hair. It softens the Hair, prevents it from falling, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and causes it to grow. Try it. Prepared only and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. jn8

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for the Bath, which softens the water, and renders the skin soft, white and beautiful. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

aug17

SILVER SOAP, for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares, and for cleaning Paint, Marble, Mirrors, Oil Cloths, Furniture, Glass, Jewelry, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings, it is unequalled. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

REAL and Imitation CALF GLOVES, lamb lined, of the best kind, for sale by the pair or at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

apr23 47 Central st.

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the muscles. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with hax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient, complains of weariness and debility; is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are variable, and though he is satisfied exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, April 9, 1861.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Buffalo Commercial Advertiser*, writing from California, gives the Democratic programme in the matter of secession, as it has been agreed upon in his State (California). He is of opinion that South Carolina is egotistic enough to believe in secession; but that Davis, Stephens and Benjamin, and others, are too intelligent a class of men and have in them too much of true statesmanship to be gulled by any such sophistry, and could not be misled by any such policy. Stephens, up to a very short time before his State seceded, was dead decidedly was a Union man, but went into the movement to control it. Benjamin, just before the election of Lincoln, made a strong Union speech in San Francisco Davis, until within a few months, has been claimed as a friend of the Union. In this each has been sincere; but they have said and prophesied such dire disaster in case the Republican party came into power, and have been so completely crushed out, that it was necessary that something should be done to prove their statesmanlike true—some thing they have felt bound to do to preserve their self-respect. The integrity of the Union must be attached the free settlement of the North must be destroyed—They would show that under Democratic rule the country has prospered beyond precedent (so some of our neighbors say), but the moment Republican rule commences, ruin begins. They propose to withdraw the cotton States—divide the Union temporarily—frighten and convulse the whole country, reorganize the Democratic party, and in 1864 elect a Democratic President and Congress, that will re-admit them into the Union on such terms as they may choose to make, giving them all the future guarantees they may demand. In this way they accomplish three important things. 1. They escape from the "ignominy of Black Republican rule"; 2. The Democratic party is restored; 3. They gain satisfactory concession in favor of slavery for the future.

This is the opinion of the California gentleman, and we see much in it that is plausible and probable. It is a bold scheme, but desperate diseases require desperate remedies; in this is the reason why the secession question has been crowded in the Southern States without giving the people a chance to vote on it; that is why Buchanan could find no power in the Constitution authorizing coercion; this is why Douglas and others justify the South in the fight against force being employed; why Floyd armed the South as far as he could; why Southern forts were seized; why the Southern States are ready to avail themselves of the Federal postal system: why friends of the South in the border States talk so much of re-construction; why every act of Buchanan's has a like effect—giving the laws, is construed to be a declaration of war; why, by attempting to weaken the National Administration, Northern men and prints are trying to weaken it in other Democratic party; and also why, if it is really so, there are secret organizations (Knights of the Golden Circle) in all the large cities, who are the working of the nucleus from which the reorganized Democracy are to spring and again rise to power in this country.

The way the scheme has been planned, and is to be managed in California is, those who sympathize with the secessionists (they are all found with those who voted for Breckinridge) are to hope in the Douglas Democrats; about one half have already been brought over, but many will join the Republicans, and enough, it is hoped, will be retained to break down the opposition and carry the State, or at least control it, so that it cannot give its support to the administration of Mr. Lincoln. The first object is to organize a Pacific Republic, in order to help the South and injure the North, but failing in this, as they expect to, unless the Union is badly broken up, the next plan is to put the State in the position of armed neutrality, and this it is believed they will accomplish. This end will be easily reached, for the reason that a large portion of the people of California are from all parts of the Atlantic States, without home ties to keep them where they are—some are reckless from disappointment, and indifference as to the future, and care not what becomes of the State or themselves, and are ready for any experiment, risking nothing, and losing nothing, let the result be what it may.

The Legislature has been wrangling over the Senatorial question, and also over the Union resolutions; and the writer referred to is of the opinion that resolutions denouncing against the power of the administration to coerce a rebel State will be passed. The Pacific Republic sledge will undoubtedly be strongly pushed, until after session movement in the South culminates; and if in the end the cotton confederacy concludes to and can maintain its position, a Pacific Republic will be inaugurated, or tempted. This is the state of things in California now. The secession sympathizers have had large successes since the movement began, under the pro-slavery cry, and the end aim being the destruction of the Republican party and the reorganization of the Democracy. It requires no stretch of imagination to give this interpretation to the whole movement, and the sagacity of any one must be exceedingly limited who cannot see that if when the movement was inaugurated at Charleston, it had been crushed out, as it might have been, the treason that has disgraced the country, if indeed it has not forever severed it, would have died in its infancy—But it seems as though the part assigned to Mr. Buchanan was faithfully played by him, and thank God he has made his exit and last appearance. The curtain has risen on a new scene in the drama, the end of which none foresee.

THE *Manchester American* says that William S. Marston has eloped with a young girl of that place named Mary Crow. Marston was considered a respectable citizen, and had always lived in that vicinity. He is young, and leaves a wife and child. It is supposed the parties have departed to California.

FROM CHARLESTON. The following are the latest dispatches from the beleaguered fort at Charleston:—

Charleston, April 8th. Gen. Beauregard has ordered out five thousand troops. Companies are constantly arriving and being put in position. The mail facilities of Fort Sumter are not cut off, but the supplies are. Considerable activity is manifested in military quarters. The indications are that matters are approximating to a crisis.

New York, April 8th. A special despatch from Charleston to the *Times* last night says vessels have been ordered from the fleet off the entrance to Fort Sumter and Sullivan's Island. The floating battery will be on hand for a point near Fort Sumter. A boat-load of troops from Fort Sumter and Charleston, which states that Major Anderson intends to retort upon the Charlestonians for stopping his supplies, by preventing further communication by water with the forts that surround him.

MILITARY AND NAVAL. *New York, April 8th.*—The revenue cutter Harriet Lane has assumed the American ensign instead of the revenue flag, and sailed this forenoon for the Gulf. It is confidently stated that the destination of the Harriet Lane is Fort Sumter. Her crew has been increased to 80 men.

Large quantities of ordnance, ammunition, &c., have been transported to-day from Governor's Island to the steamship Baltic, including 100 gun carriages for Major Columbus Anderson's Flying Park men. The crew of the Baltic numbers 140 men.

The fast steamship Illinois is still loading. She takes 2000 barrels of assorted stores, 3000 cases of provisions, a large quantity of ammunition and two parks of artillery. Beside a large number of gun-carriages, &c., about 700,000 in specie. She may possibly start on this evening but will not leave until to-morrow morning. Her crew number 78 men.

The frigate Savannah has been ordered into commission and is being fitted for sea, as is also the brig Perry.

The steamer Baltic sailed this afternoon, passing through the Narrows at 5 o'clock accompanied by the steamtug Yankee, which has been chartered by the Government. The steamtug Thomas Freeborn has also been chartered by the Government to accompany the Baltic to sea.

Norfolk, Va., April 8th. The Pawnee sails to-morrow morning for the South with sealed orders. It is reported here that she landed 250 troops at Fort Monroe last night.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP. Under date of yesterday we have the following from Washington, on which all eyes are at this time centred:—

The State Department replied to-day to the note of the Confederate Commissioners, declining to receive them in their official capacity but to accept them as private citizens as gentlemen. The Secretary indicates a impartial policy by the government, declaring that its purpose is to defend only where it is assailed. The reply is of such a character as to refuse a continuance of the correspondence. It is not known when the Commissioners will leave Washington, but probably not for some days. They are said to appear much chagrined at the reception they have met with.

However much reports of Southern designs in Washington may be discredited, it is certain that officers high in authority are making preparatory measures for the safety of the capital. The *Post's* Washington dispatch says that Gen. Scott continues his active personal supervision of the military there, which is considered sufficient to protect the city. The guards around the Executive Mansion and Treasury have been doubled, and armed to the teeth.

SENSIBLE. We were informed of a circumstance a day or two ago, of rather a marvelous character, which some of our friends who believe in spiritualism will have to explain. It will be remembered that a few months ago, a negro burglar, while attempting to enter a house in Newburyport, was shot at by a watchman and killed, while in the act of entering a window.

The spirit of this bold robber, for some time past has so haunted a watchman (a believer in spiritualism), within ten or a dozen miles of Newburyport, that to escape the torment, last week she attempted to take her life by swallowing a dose of poison! As we understand the case, the watchman knew nothing of the black robber or of the affair which ended his career of crime excepting what he heard on the mediums, but she has been haunted and tormented by the presence of his *spirit*, till life became a burden to her. However, her friends deemed it wise to shut up dose, and forced into her stomach emetics which saved her life, but they fear that she will destroy herself the first opportunity that occurs. It is pleasant to believe in ministering spirits, guardian angels, &c., but it is not very agreeable to feel that we are also, or may be, controlled by evil spirits, as in the case of this poor woman, or fancy that we are, which is quite the same.

NATIVITY OF THE TEXAS CONVENTION. The TEXAS *State Gazette* publishes the nativity of the members of the convention, which gives Tennessee 42, Alabama 18, Kentucky 17, North Carolina 9, Georgia 12, Virginia 21, South Carolina 11, Arkansas 2, Missouri 1, Indiana 1, Texas 1, Ireland 1, Nova Scotia 1, Maine 1, Germany 4, Connecticut 1, Ohio 1, Pennsylvania 1, New York 4, Mississippi 5, Massachusetts 1.

EDMUND DALY, an old man obscenty-two years, of Georgetown, committed suicide on Monday by hanging himself. He is a man of property, and is supposed to have hung himself in a fit of despondency, induced by a belief that he might come to want.

REV. JAMES O'DONNELL, pastor of St Mary's Catholic Church, of Lawrence, died on Sunday evening, of a complication of diseases, aged about 52 years. He was ordained a priest in 1836, and for some time after officiating commenced there, and his labors among his people were always regarded as highly valuable by the citizens generally.

SIX car loads of twenty-four pound cannon balls, five thousand balls in all, weighing sixty tons, left the United States arsenal at Watertown, Saturday afternoon, for New York. They remained in Worcester on Sunday, and went on in the night by the Norwich route.

THE domestic circle is always too small to allow of any rupture; it is always too short to allow excessive ceremony or neglect to prevent or heal disturbance. There are enough to minister, by hints and reports, to domestic misunderstanding; and unfortunately, the best under such circumstances, are generally the most sensitive, and thus many present motives; trifles, which with no direct object, are magnified into mountains of misunderstanding, and all is the same in social. Let us guard against it. Delicate regulations are the only safeguards of society—dampness corrodes, and rust, though scarcely seen, destroys.

THE steamship Great Eastern is to sail for New York, from England, the first day of next month.

THEY mean to raise tall students out in Wisconsin, according to a recent paper. Such is the boast of education and culture now resolved to erect a building large enough to accommodate five hundred students three stories high.

PUBLIC LANDS IN ARKANSAS. Arkansas contains an area of 52,198 square miles containing 33,406,720 acres. Millions of acres of government land remain unsold. The survey is not yet complete in that State, but are not yet all transmitted to the State authorities, for the want of a State act of acceptance, as required by the act of Congress of 1841.

THE Androscoggin mill, at Lewiston, Me., one of the largest in the country, was set to work on Monday.

MRS. REED, residing on Salem Street, Woburn, died about two o'clock Saturday afternoon, from the effects of a fall received the day previous. She was thought to be in better until found dead in her room.

A MEETING in Worcester, owned by Edward Earle and occupied by Vaulkhan & Moon, for a part of their wire manufactory, was burned on Saturday. It was known as the "Gymnasium Building."

PENNSYLVANIA, Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, in a message to the legislature, recommends an appropriation of half a million of dollars for munitions of war, judging it necessary in the present distracted state of the country, to prepare the means for self-preservation, and also to aid in enforcing the national laws.

MR. W. W. SILVESTER, the elocutionist, gives a farewell entertainment in Salem to-morrow evening. The Salem papers announce that it is his intention to retire from professional reading.

THE individual in Boston recently lost a wallet containing $1200, eight-fifths being of the denomination of $500 each and one of $200, and it was soon afterward found by a boy, who returned it to the rightful owner, and received the extravagant reward of two dollars.

LOWE, the balloonist, intends to make an ascension from Cincinnati, and will attempt a long aerial voyage from that city to New York.

DR. E. J. FOUNTAIN, of Davenport, Iowa, died after an illness of a week, a few days since, a martyr to science. He had been for some time engaged in an investigation of the properties of chlorate of potash as a cure for consumption. It is presumed that he has been experimenting on himself with small doses of the remedy, and gradually increasing them on Friday last to an ounce, which proved too much for him.

THE Methodists are adopting the spunter for sovereignty doctrine. Their Conference, sitting in Philadelphia, voted to recommit their General Conference's organ from the discipline for government of the chapter on slavery, and leave each local conference to regulate that matter for themselves.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Pawtucket Division: No 64, S. of T.

The next regular meeting of Pawtucket Division, will be held at Agricultural Hall on THURSDAY Evening, April 11th, 1861.

Every member and *lady visitor* is requested to be present, as very important business will come before the meeting. GEORGE H. ELLIOTT, W. P.

C. F. GOODRICH, R. S. apr9 2t

LOWELL TROTTING CLUB. At a meeting held last Saturday evening, Levi Spaulding was elected President in place of Elijah M. Read, declined, and J. B. V. Coburn, or Dracut, Vice President, in place of Levi Spaulding, promoted. It was voted to have a horse exhibition on the second day of the Agricultural Exhibition in September. At 10 o'clock A. M. there will be an exhibition of family horses for prizes of $20 and $10. The horses which won prizes last year will not be permitted to contend. At 11 o'clock there will be a trial of trotting stallions for prizes of $100 and $25. At 2 o'clock P. M., a contest of trotting horses and geldings for prizes of $75 and $25. At 3 o'clock P. M., a contest of equestrian exhibition by ladies for prizes of $20, $10 and $5. To trust that all persons within the limits of the Agricultural Society, who are interested in horse-flesh, will connect themselves with this Society.

We understand that it is intended to have an exhibition and social re-union on the 12th of June, at the Society's grounds, the exact nature of which has not yet been determined upon.

MISSING WOMAN. Last Saturday, a lady came to this city in the stage, from Concord, Mass., to visit some friends on the Lawrence Corporation. When the stage reached the corner of Merrimack and John Streets, she got out, telling the driver she had some errands to do, and could walk to where her friends resided. She has not been seen since by her friends, and as she was in a very depressed state of mind, it is feared that she may have committed suicide. She is about forty years of age, thin face, and of dark complexion. She wore a brown thibet dress, a brown shawl, and had a straw bonnet with black silk cap crown. Any information concerning her left at No. 20 Lawrence Corporation, or No. 33 Central Street, will be immediately forwarded to her anxious relatives.

POLICE COURT. Patrick Quinn, "a lamb of a boy" thought that his wardrobe needed replenishing, but how to do it was a question, as his funds were short and his credit was worse than his pocket-book. So "An I have it now," said he, as he was walking up Central Street yesterday afternoon, and saw a pair of pants hanging at the door of A. Adams, No. 20 Central Street. Patrick grabs the pants and rushes up Central Street, but he does not do the deed quick enough to elude the vigilance of those in charge of the store, who rushed after him. The first thing Patrick knew he found himself in the grasp of three sturdy policemen, who happened to be standing under the awning at the time, and the probable result of the next city election. This forenoon he was fined $5 and costs, a sum sufficient to have procured him a new suit from top to toe.

SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS. This Ethiopian Opera Troupe, from Sharpley's Opera House, in Philadelphia, announce a grand entertainment at Huntington Hall next Thursday evening. Among the performers connected with this company are Prof. J. H. Sadkler, W. P. Spaulding, James Lamont, Johnny Pierce, John E. Taylor, Sam Sharpley, and others, who bring a good reputation as performers. The programme, which may be seen in another place, presents a large variety of the sentimental, comical and negro melodies, sufficient we should think to please all, who are interested in such entertainments.

WATSON LIGHT GUARD. At a meeting of this company, held at its armory last evening, Capt. J. A. Sawtell of Company A (National Guard), presiding, Thomas G. Gerrish, Esq., paymaster of the Merrimack Corporation, was elected Captain, vice Jonathan Ladd, promoted. Mr. Gerrish subsequently appeared, and in a short speech accepted the position assigned him. Mr. Gerrish possesses energy and firmness, two essentials for a military officer, and we have no doubt the Watsons will continue to flourish while he remains with them. He makes the fourth Captain of the Company since it was organized, October 22nd, 1851.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK. A meeting of the corporators of the new Saving's Bank was held in the rooms of the National Bank yesterday afternoon. William A. Burke was elected Chairman and Alfred Gilman, Secretary. It was voted to accept the act of incorporation. Sixty-two names were added to the list of members. A committee of five was appointed to report a code of by-laws and the meeting adjourned to be holden Tuesday 16th inst., at 7½ o'clock P. M. at which time the permanent officers of the institution will be chosen.

NEW STYLE RECEIPTS. We invite the readers to the advertisement of Smith & Dresser, who are now issuing a great many very unique styles of gentlemen's note blanks for spring and summer wear. We have seen samples of them, and judge them to be all they are represented by the manufacturers. They are sold by Messrs. Smith & Brouwer only to wholesale dealers and jobbers, but they will probably soon be retailed by our retail dealers in gentlemen's furnishing goods.

Do not forget the sale of a horse, chaise, harness, sleigh, furniture, housekeeping goods, &c., by E. B. Patch & Co., at the house of the late Dr. Royal Call, deceased, No. 225 Fletcher Street, to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* Brown vs. the City of Cambridge is still on trial, and will occupy all this afternoon.

Wilson *et ux.* vs. City of Lowell is the next action on the trial list, but probably will not be reached till to-morrow.

CITY COUNCIL. The regular semi-monthly meeting of both branches of the City Council will be held this evening.

FROM WASHINGTON. We have a letter from Washington, dated the 6th inst., from which we copy the following paragraph of local interest:—

"Z. B. Caverly Esq., has been despatched as Secretary of Legation to Peru—But he has stopped into a far more important position, viz. that of Commissioner for the Spanish American claimants. He is retained with the late Attorney General Black. It seems to be a fixed fact that Speaker Goodwin is to be the next Postmaster of Lowell. So Mr. Clarke, Esq., is in the city, stopping at the National.

THE LOWELL POSTOFFICE. The contest for the Lowell postoffice has been transferred from that city to Washington, it would seem. In the dispatches to the *Boston Journal* last evening, was the following paragraph:—

"The friends of Mr. Pearson claim the Lowell postoffice for him, in opposition to Mr. Goodwin, who was nominated by Mr. Train, but they will not succeed."

We are informed that Mr. Pearson and John Nesmith, Esq., left this city for Washington yesterday morning, and it is supposed that their mission relates to the postoffice question; but what their errand may be, we know not better than others.

The *London Times* of a late date, notes the fact that "Lowell is the Lowell of America."

"After a prosperous sojourn in London for several weeks, the American troop of Equestrians, under the name of 'Farini-Kemp's Old Folks,' are to treat the public with their sacred and secular songs, and dances, assisted by their child prodigy. They have departed for the provinces, leaving a fair reputation behind them. Mrs. Nichols, the eldest and best vocalist, will quickly be remembered as a ballad singer of the first order, united to the talent of transferring a broad popularity upon melodies injudiciously selected."

An unoccupied dwelling house in Concord, N. H., owned by George Hayward, Esq., was set on fire and totally destroyed Saturday night.

HON. STEPHEN MINOT, of Haverhill, died in that town on Saturday, aged 84, fair, and of dark complexion. She wore a brown thibet dress, a brown shawl, and had a straw bonnet with black silk cap crown. Any information concerning her left at No. 20 Lawrence Corporation, or No. 33 Central Street, will be immediately forwarded to her anxious relatives.

It is estimated that over a thousand fugitive slaves have arrived at Chicago since last fall. About one hundred are reported to have left the city last Sunday night, for Canada.

MACHINERY FOR PRINTING CALICOES. An idea may be formed of the extraordinary advance in effective performance of machinery and improvements in engraving have had in cheapening the cost of printed calicoes, from the statement in the report of Professor Calvert's lectures, that large furniture patterns, such as are required for some of the oriental markets, and which sixteen colors and shades enter, have been printed at the rate of one piece in nine dollars per piece, because they would require upwards of sixteen different applications of as many blocks, and would have required more than a week in printing, whereas in the same piece can now be printed by a single operation, which takes three minutes, and costs about one dollar and a half. So rapid is the progress of one branch of manufacture in connection with another, that it has only recently been possible to produce the rollers capable of performing the operation required to engrave a cylinder copper forty-three inches in circumference by forty-four inches long. Such, indeed, is the degree in which improvement in this branch of manufacturing has been carried, that the time required to print a piece of thirty-six yards is not more than one minute.

ANOTHER CASE OF FEVER AND AGUE CURED.

☞ A few days ago we recorded an astonishing cure of Fever and Ague, effected by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. We have now another equally astonishing case to chronicle. Mr. Gard, of Mazeppa, who states that he had labored under a very severe attack of Ague and Fever, and was recommended by the use of one box of Dr. Sharpe also expresses astonishment, founded upon experience, that the Liver Pills are the best for bilious complaints ever used in this section of country

Thoroughly long known as a specific remedy for chronic cases of Hepatic derangement, as diseases of the Liver, the proprietors, Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., feel that they are entitled for the frequent, but gratifying evidences of its great utility and curative capacity. In this connection, they also state that Watsons will continue to flourish while he wears out their most sanguine expectations, and indorse them so hope that it will be introduced into every family throughout the United States.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills offered to the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had of respectable dealers in drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

apr9 [3t]

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $1,000,000
Dividends paid to date, 1,000,000
Losses paid, 2,000,000

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle of securing to members the cheapest insurance. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the Company receives a small premium for the use of the capital and the services required, and is held to the Company as trustee to the corporations to them.

Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

1st. Guaranteed security and advantages. It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount for which they are held.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

It has never suspended payment, nor declared extra assessments to the insurance of Lives.

It is economically managed, the expenses of its business being less than those of any other company.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving them annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Joint Life, and Survivorship, are received at the rate of $10 annually, for each $100 insurance, and so in proportion for any other sum. The interest on premiums paid in advance is allowed.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been eight years insured.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets, Lowell.

mar2

A Chance for Bargains!

BEING about to remove from my old stand to No. 37 Merrimack Street, I will sell for a short time, my entire stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, &c., on hand, at greatly reduced prices.

apr6 No. 37 Central street. BURBEE.

CARPETS. Just received from New York, some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices. Also, those falling to be suited from our assortment can go side to the mills and select any pattern but they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received at ADAMS & NORTH'S. Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, 850 mar30 Merrimack Hall.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss and damage by FIRE, on favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Codding, John Avery,
Arthur F. Bourne, William Hall,
Joshua W. Bailey, Caleb H. Marrel,
Samuel Barbour, Edward Kidder,
Ephraim Brown, Abraham T. Tenney,
Alonzo A. Miner, Nathan Ellers, President.
Benjamin K. Sawin, Chester M. Clark,
Stephen Fletcher, Secretary.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) Merrimack Street, cor. Middle st., Lowell, mar21 3m

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The only agreed repetition of this Machine is owing to the fact that it is the best, and has acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others. It is not a thing of yesterday, but has become a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as the most reliable machine in use. It is capable of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton, and woolen fabrics, from the finest cambric to quilting, gathering, and all the innumerable kinds to which family sewing is applicable.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among those using Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine for family use in Low-

D. S. Richardson, J. B. Gough,
Wm. A. Burke, Wendell Phillips,
Wm. A. Richardson, Rev. Dr. Cheever,
E. A. Alger, P. L. Richardson,
Rev. E. H. Chapin, Rev. E. H. Sears,
H. F. Durant, Rev. E. H. Dunn,
J. N. Pickering, Rev. Dr. Kirk,
D. C. Brown, M. C. Brown,
Rev. Dr. Adams, Rev. Dr. Blagden,
J. L. G. Ware, Wm. L. North,
Rev. Dr. Eddy, Rev. Dr. Neale,
B. W. Wallace, J. L. Cheney,
Rev. Dr. Huntington, Rev. Dr. Nichols.

Also, 40,000 other persons in variety of the best sizes, at prices ranging from $50 to One hundred and twenty dollars. For sale by

J. W. B. SHAW,

mar27 apr4 at Merrimack Street

The Great English Remedy

FOR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription used by the Queen's Physician, and may be relied upon as a safe, speedy and sure remedy for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, &c.

Washington Court,
Cambridge, Mass.

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 66-100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth over $300,000, constitute a portion of the investments of the Capital Stock.

The Capital Stock is the Guarantee of the Assets.

DIRECTORS:

Erastus Lyman, Charles Stearns,
Charles Sumner, Jr., Francis Bacon,
John B. Kleiberg, Jr., Samuel Hoar,
Thomas Motley, Jr., Edward Austin,
George Barrell, Jr., Samuel Hoar, Jr.,
Wm. Appleton, Jr., Thomas Motley,
Seymour Smith, Jr., Edward Austin,
Jr., Samuel Hoar, Jr.,
John G. Stephenson, Jr., Merchant, Boston Island.

ROBERT AYRES, General Agent.

Risks taken in either Brick or Mutual department, at the lowest rates of premium.

DAVID RIPLEY, Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Office at Kimball's Periodical Depot, Merrimack Street.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dly

ETNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,200,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Cash Capital.....$300,000
Surplus.....$300,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above 4 companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted at their counters, and agents.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Apply at the Agency of the Companies,

No. 24 Kimball Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Secretary.

Office for the transaction of business relative to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

No. 24 Kimball Block, Central street, Lowell.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 100 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

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H. F. Durant, Rev. E. H. Dunn,
J. N. Pickering, Rev. Dr. Kirk,
D. C. Brown, M. C. Brown,
Rev. Dr. Adams, Rev. Dr. Blagden,
J. L. G. Ware, Wm. L. North,
Rev. Dr. Eddy, Rev. Dr. Neale,
B. W. Wallace, J. L. Cheney,
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Prepared from a prescription used by the Queen's Physician, and may be relied upon as a safe, speedy and sure remedy for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, &c.

CAUTION!

The subscribers have purchased the entire stock of FRANKLIN SQUARES of the true and genuine manufacture, and will continue to sell them at the old stand, MR. W. F. LIVINGSTON, Jr., advertise. Frankl

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against being duped by other parties than Mr. Livingston, who keep to get the genuine article, as we have no agent in Lowell, Lawrence, or any other city in Lowell, Lawrence, or any other city in Mass. SEMMINTON & HENRY.

Bridgewater, Dec. 10th, 1860. dec11

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best remedy Tonic ever offered to the public. All druggists have it. See advertisement.

4 TpTuTh&Sly

BEESE HATS at BRAZER'S.

REMOVED TO 69 Next Door. 69 TO

P. H. EMERSON'S

RESPECTFULLY informs the friends and the public that he has removed to

No. 69 Merrimack Street,

next door to his former store. Having newly refitted it, he now offers a full assortment of goods in this line at the most reasonable prices.

He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received for the past eleven years, and hopes by strict attention to business and the public generally, to his new store.

Lowell, March 2, 1861. 1mo mar2[3]dap

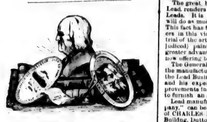
"BUT HE, AND HIS SONS, DO ABHOR IT."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints, Fevers, from a slight Cold or Fever to the most confirmed Dyspepsia or Jaundice. Costiveness: Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness; Loss of Appetite; both alimentary and female complaints; Dizziness; Sick Headache; Fever and Ague; Pain in the Side, Back and Loins. Several bottles will cure the worst case of Piles. Two or three bottles will cure the worst case of Costiveness. One bottle will cure the worst case of Sick Headache. One bottle will cure the worst case of Dizziness. One bottle will cure the worst case of Loss of Appetite. Two bottles will cure the worst case of Dyspepsia. One bottle will cure the worst case of Jaundice. One bottle will cure the worst case of Fever and Ague. One bottle will cure the worst case of

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.



The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING,
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT executing of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law-briefs, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.
Court Dockets, Bi-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
FANCY TYPES
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mills is warranted to be ground in the best Old London; (some Oil), and its superior quality for Body, Durable and Fineness, it is believed will be excelled by any manufactured in the world. All White Lead, Brands as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is for sale by the Agents.
The great, body and capacity for covering of this Lead, renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Leads. It is confidently believed that the use of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial is solicited, and purchasers and consumers may be assured of getting the best work under and be now offering to the public. Share with any other Lead now offering to the public.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, connected with important, and improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to offer a Lead unsurpassed in purity and quality.
This Lead is manufactured by the Forest River Company, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES B. CURRIER, No. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Boston street, Lowell. apr5dd1

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
— FOR —
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.
— HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY: —
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two years suffering, and a great part of the time confined to his bed. Has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, connected with important, and improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to offer a Lead unsurpassed in purity and quality.
This Lead is manufactured by the Forest River Company, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES B. CURRIER, No. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Boston street, Lowell. apr5dd1

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.
"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A positive and specific remedy for
For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.
This preparation is entirely vegetable in its composition, and exerts the ADMIRABLE effects of healthy action, by which the WEAKENED and DISEASED parts are restored to health and vigor. In all CHRONIC, NERVOUS, and LONG STANDING DISEASES, which this remedy is recommended to cure, it will be found one dose will remove all bad feelings.
Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day, and it will make them strong, healthy and happy; remove all obstructions and irregularities, and speedily restore the bloom of health and beauty to the careworn face.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to insure this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts. each.
General Depot, 48 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. H. Hayes, Samuel Kidder Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. Franch, A. M. Swinerton, Bingham & Cheney, E. A. Stanich, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. apr22eod1y

Coal and Wood.
HARD and Soft Coals, Smiths' Coal, &c. Also, for CHEMICAL LIME, HAIR and SAND (for masons' use), at wholesale and retail. SAMUEL WOOD, 3d. jan30

NO. 26 MIDDLE STREET.
Having made arrangements with shippers to supply the above direct from vessels, at the lowest cash prices, I would invite the notice of the city and adjacent towns to the above to call at No. 26 Middle street and see us.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. WILLIAM RITTEDGE.

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."
AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension of some of any individual to sell Books at any lower rates than they are now sold by the Cheap Stores in Boston to Lowell. Now I am selling popular Books at prices that defy competition. Some of these you may be purchased low will be found in the list:
The Maxwell Stories, by Walter Almon—Boston, price $1.25, reduced to 75 cents. Oscar Craigie, by Mrs. Marcus, Lease.
Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights; a fine dollar edition, published by H. Dayton, sold at 75 cts. for 50
Advice to Young Ladies; by Mrs. Ellis, 50 cts.
The Casket Library, containing four novels in Boston and No Name—A Will and a Way—Farmer's Boy and Forest Bee.
Send at 17 Central street, to F. B. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery dec29

KENNEDY'S
FRECKLE CLEANSER.—Jeanette Isador says: "I have used Kennedy's Freckle Cleanser, and it has cleared my face of every freckle." Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street. dec29

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE place to buy good miscellaneous books at low prices, is at F. B. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell. apr7

RESTAURANT.
DINNER will be served up at the MERRIMACK HOUSE, from 12 to 2 o'clock, M., every day.
The bill of fare will consist of the best the market can afford, and the deliciacies of the season, and at the lowest low current prices.
The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate that class of persons who may be debarred from dinners at a specific hour.
H. EMERY
jan1 1y

MERRICK'S CARPET-SWEEPER!
JUST imported, and selling very low at DEALTRY, BLAKE & CO.'s Crockery Warehouse. Sign of Gold Band Pitcher, No. 30 Merrimack street.

BEEBE HATS at BRAZER'S.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
SECRET DISEASES
In all their Forms, Ages and Stages.
All kinds of Humors, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple, in the blood, are speedily cured by the use of this Extract.
Ulcerations, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and curing Inflammation of the Urethra, in the form of chronic or recent injection.
Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsical Swellings, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Pimples on the Face, Blotches on the Skin, Humors of the Blood, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Ringworm, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurf, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors, and all Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, Excesses and Imprudence of Life, these symptoms are produced:
IMPOTENCY, PAIN IN THE BACK, DISEASED IMAGINATION, DIMNESS OF VISION, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, PALLID COUNTENANCE.
These symptoms indicate the diseases to which this Infallible Remedy is adapted.
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS, IN SHORT WHATEVER STATE OF THE SYSTEM.
Who can say that they are not frequently follows, thus—DEBILITY, LOSS OF POWER, INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.—?
Many are annually swept to an untimely grave.
BUT NOW, SELF-CONFIDENCE
"THE BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN."
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Established upwards of 18 years, and is prescribed by the most eminent Physicians in the country.
THE CONSTITUTION IS RENOVATED AND ORGANIC WEAKNESS
Requires the aid of no medicine to strengthen or Invigorate the System
When HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is used.
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.
FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.
OLDER YOUNG SINGLE MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE,
IN MANY AFFECTIONS AND INTERNALS
the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy. Explicit directions accompany each bottle, in English, German or French, rendering it impossible to be misunderstood.
DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
This distressing period of woman is robbed of its horrors, and the nervous, shrinking, timid sufferer is made to feel that she is the
DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
Is invariably attended by a train of distressing symptoms, all of which are entirely removed by the use of this Extract.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT
Take no other. Buy no Counterfeit.
MEDICINES FOR EXPEDITANT AND DARKNESS
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NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT
Take no other. Buy no Counterfeit.
MEDICINES FOR EXPEDITANT AND DARKNESS

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.
This Medicine has been used by the public for two years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Cramp, Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Bowels, Headache, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, &c. &c.
Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.
IT STIMULATES, REMOVES, INVIGORATES
BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.
AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual. Curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.
It will invariably restore the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.
Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dyspeptic, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, feel the happy effects of the invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach is relieved, the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urgans.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured a cure will follow by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one to two bottles.
NIGHTLY DISSIPATION
Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.
Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day, it will make them strong, healthy and happy; remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the careworn face.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to insure this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts. each.
General Depot, 48 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. H. Hayes, Samuel Kidder Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. French, A. M. Swinerton, Bingham & Cheney, E. A. Stanich, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. apr22eod1y

TO WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
16 & 17, NO. 5 BOWDOIN SQUARE, N. 1863.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.
All the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their final brookers, and have done so for the last fifteen years without a break. They are acknowledged by the most experienced manufacturers to be unequalled in durability. The *Burring Machines* for second brookers and finishers, on a new plan of loading, are unsurpassed for production, being self-feeding, efficient, and requiring but little attention. Manual fit-tool tenders. There are many reasons.
THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS
are also recommended to your attention. Its strength and durability and efficiency, they have no equal. These *burring Machines* on their final brookers, and have done so for the last fifteen years without a break. They are acknowledged by the most experienced manufacturers to be unequalled in durability. The best *Burring Machines* for second brookers and finishers, on a new plan of loading, are unsurpassed for production, being self-feeding, efficient, and requiring but little attention. Manual fit-tool tenders. There are many reasons.
THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS
are also recommended to your attention. Its strength and durability and efficiency, they have no equal. These gentle elevators and straight surface allow a thicker feed to the Burr Grinder, and with a high degree of steadiness. Their construction and the proportion of teeth are independent to a good hold on the wool, for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and used. The Steel Ring Feed Rolls and Burring Machines can be used on all other Burring Machines now in use, and will be found to be a great improvement. Address as above, or apply to the subscriber, who is prepared to furnish machines to order, and to put them in operation when required. Also, for sale, Burring Machines for second brookers and finishers, on a new plan of loading, and Burring Machines for first brookers. Also, for sale, Burring Machines for first brookers. There are many reasons.
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ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

MOTHERS
It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the present system of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in connection we would call your attention to the operation and cure of those diseases, a remedy known as
DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be safe and effective in relieving children for infantile complaints, and we fear some will endeavor to counterfeit it. It is particularly recommended for
For Children Teething
And at this period of infancy for which your cordials hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, we would say that the use of this Cordial will relieve the inflammation and fever, and from *Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial* will be found a sure remedy for *Diarrhœa, Dysentery*, Griping in the Bowels, *Sickness of the Stomach, Wind*, Colic, and cure of the *Head*, we confidently say that as a remedy it has never failed in every case when given in time. It will invariably relieve the stomach and bowels, and no experiment in this respect can hardly be entrusted
In Convulsions,
from which disease the little sufferer will rise from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately after the first dose is given. Mothers, we recommend this Cordial with confidence, and from the many testimonials we have in our possession, we deem it unnecessary to say more than it has been recommended to us. Let it be kept in every family as a household remedy. Remember "Sunshine in a household word." We now call your attention to a subject of vital importance to yourself, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is for sale by
C. L. GODDARD, Agent.
No. 5 BOWDOIN SQUARE, NEW YORK.

No Morphine or Opiate,
of any kind, or of whatever nature. Sp—a fact which we are prepared to prove, distinguishes *Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial* from any other preparation for infantile disorder, *at the time* be offered to the public. Its operation is immediate, and the little sufferer is soon seen becoming convinced of the truth, and of the soothing effects of the Cordial, and in a few hours the little one is seen to be entirely changed in the form of soothing remedies, these cordials are invaluable, and we would say that they are also theoretically cleansed. Wind and Waste Heat will be found to work wonders with this Cordial, as a stimulant.
Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from every other cordial.
Does not Constipate
but by its soothing effects, it will not by deadening the sensibilities of your children, but will relieve the pain and suffering, and will not leave the little one in a state of disease. We earnestly recommend you, therefore to give it a trial, and we feel confident you may have at hand a remedy which will never fail you in the hour of need, and which will prove truly invaluable, and cannot injure the most delicate infant.
Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 3 Bowdoin Square, New York.
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SUPERIOR
SUNSHINE.
The newly Patented Dairy Salt.
Manufactured by the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company.
The only Dairy Salt Made on a Natural Crystal.
Dissolves Slowly.
Works Well.
Packs Well.
Keeps Well.
Tastes Well.
Sells Well.
Gives Satisfaction.
Is Pure.
Is Cheap.
Is Reliable.
Is Perfect.
Is Unsurpassed.
Is Unequalled.
Is Unrivalled.
Is Unapproached.
*Is Unexcelled

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, April 10, 1861.

The news this morning from Washington and Charleston is of a very important character, and coupled with the events that have transpired within a few days past, give undoubted assurances that the National Administration is not to be powerless and purposeless as its opponents have represented and would have the public believe. According to accounts from Washington within the past week, it appears that Fort Sumter is not to be conceded to the Southern States on their demand; that Major Anderson is out of provisions, and the authorities who have invested the fort with a hostile force, having refused to supply him, it is necessary that the Government should do so. This it proposes to do, and if in so doing it is interfered with, the conflict will have been commenced by the rebel army, and that, or its leaders, must be responsible for the consequences. The Government does not propose to endorse, but simply to keep from starvation those in its employ in its own fort." It is necessary that this should be done, whether in accordance with the views of Jefferson Davis or not, and we hope it will be most effectually executed.

Some time ago it was said by the political "non-resistants" of the day, that giving up Fort Sumter would be the death blow to secession in the South—a line of argument that was never forcible to us; on the contrary, we believe that if Fort Sumter is given up, so also must be Fort Pickens; then any other fort in the way of the traitors, and finally Washington would be demanded, and if not yielded, a fight would be the consequence. We are gratified that the Administration is to make no such concessions, and if there must be a strife between right and wrong in this case, the sooner it comes the better. The people of our country long coerced, as it surely will be, if position after position is given up, for the sake of a dishonorable peace with the self-styled Southern Confederacy, is not to be entertained; the people of every free State, at least, are opposed to it, and with money and men are ready to sustain the Administration in the well-directed efforts to hold that which belongs to it. Here there is only one voice in relation to the policy of the administration, and that is thoroughly in favor of not giving to our enemies the means and which they may fight us, or encouragement to persist in their endeavors to overthrow the government. If the South desires to secede, it should adopt some other course than first to plunder the government and afterward, with its stolen untitle attempting by force or fight, to take what it could not steal and finally practically and presumptuously demand whatever its greed covets. Had the steps taken within a few days been on record an earlier date, (although we can see no reason they were not,) we think the Administration would have been in the right favor than at present; but every friend of his country will now heartily hail a movement which is to sustain the honor and integrity of our government at home and abroad.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

EDITOR COURIER:—For the past few days the tone of conversation here has been decidedly desponding. At no period of the present difficulties have the citizens of the place been more dejected.—Hope has finally been turned into "blue despair." Real estate here will bring little or nothing. There is none in the market, however, for sale. The owners of houses and lands here have concluded to make no half-way work of it, but either to sacrifice the whole or nothing. Now and then a piece of land is put up for sale under a legal process, but it has to be withdrawn, as it will not bring enough to pay the cost of selling. Brown's Hotel, the favorite resort for Southerners while sojourning here, is shabbily dressed. The long haired, sallow, sinister-looking crowds of contemptuous Southerners, whom I used to see pacing its corridors and halls, have departed, never to return except perhaps under the rattlesnake banner of Jeff. Davis. They have gone, and let them go. The city looks all the better for their absence. Perhaps in a few days or weeks, the seedy chivalry of Virginia may be seen crossing the Long Bridge, under the lead of Wise, Tyler, Wise, Hunter & Co., to seize the archives of the Government and expel President Lincoln and his subordinates. A majority of the citizens here are strong Unionists, because it is for their interest to be, but they say if a collision between the North and South come, they shall side with the South. But this city never will be yielded up to Maryland and Virginia, except in the shape of a heap of rubbish. If the North abandons it, it will be as the Russians abandoned Moscow.

The Administration has been abused a good deal in the press and assembly of Loco Focos, because it has seen fit to devote a portion of its attention to putting good men in the places long filled by very questionable ones. The timid and filthy *New York Herald* has made this the text of many of its late editorials, comparing President Lincoln to Nero fiddling over burning Rome, and making other similarly novel and original comparisons. Now, the truth is that with the exception of a number of prominent appointments, much has been done and is now doing in the appointment line than usual at the opening of a new Administration. Secretary Chase, has as yet, made hardly any changes in the Treasury Department, and does not propose to make any at present. There are Southerners enough in the Departments still, even of Disunion proclivities. But whenever one of these employees is likely to be guilt-stoned his wife or sister, or daughter, or sweetheart rushes all in tears to the rescue. What can a head of department do under such circumstances? Lovely woman in despair of course proves too much for his nerves. He recalls the warrant of decapitation at once, and Palmetto Montgomery, Esq., still continues to draw his monthly rations from a black Republican government. Numerous as are the applications for office here, it is said the crowd of office-seekers at Montgomery, the Capitol of Jeff. Davis's dominions, is still larger.

In regard to the Administration and its course, it has by no means been inactive or undecided. It has been quietly and energetically at work, keeping its own counsel and is unassailable. Instead of the government in a bad state. It has had to gather up the loose ends left by the Cobbs and Floyds. President Lincoln and his Cabinet are not *cool and dangerous* their supporters.—The sequel will show that it *shall keep the policy of the Administration within a very few days. It will be strong and determined. The scent of gunpowder is distinctly perceptible.*

Every Southerner here deprecates war. "The secessionists must not be coerced," said a Maryland gentlemen to me, "I will send to see pacing its corridors and halls have departed, never to return except perhaps under the rattlesnake banner of Jeff. Davis. They have gone, and let them go. The city looks all the better for their absence. Perhaps in a few days or weeks, the seedy chivalry of Virginia may be seen crossing the Long Bridge, under the lead of Wyper, Wise, Hunter & Co., to seize the archives of the Government and expel President Lincoln and his subordinates. A majority of the citizens here are strong Unionists, because it is for their interest to be, but they say if a collision between the North and South come, they shall side with the South. But this city never will be yielded up to Maryland and Virginia, except in the shape of a heap of rubbish. If the North abandons it, it will be as the Russians abandoned Moscow.

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In regard to the Administration and its course, it has by no means been inactive or undecided. It has been quietly and energetically at work, keeping its own counsel and is unassailable. Instead of the government in a bad state. It has had to gather up the loose ends left by the Cobbs and Floyds. President Lincoln and his Cabinet are not *cool and dangerous* their supporters.—The sequel will show that it *shall keep the policy of the Administration within a very few days. It will be strong and determined. The scent of gunpowder is distinctly perceptible.*

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—A GOVERNMENT TRAITOR IN NEW YORK. The *Tribune* says that a prominent official of the Federal Government in that city, who received his appointment from Mr. Buchanan, is now engaged in enlisting soldiers for the Southern Confederacy.

If this is true, why is not the offence abated? When England attempted to enlist recruits in New York for the Crimean war, there was no difficulty in stopping the work, and there certainly should be a stop put to inducing men to turn traitors against their country. It might not have a bad effect to test the strength of Southern lungs with any traitor engaged in the mean work hinted at, and we recommend the experiment.

THERE are 1610 Indians in Massachusetts—775 are males, 829 females, and 378 families.

IMPORTANT NEWS FROM CHARLESTON.—We publish below the latest intelligence from Charleston, respecting the condition of affairs in that city, induced by the unexpected movement of the Federal Government:

New York, April 9th. A dispatch from Charleston to the *Herald* says the authorities of that city have received official notification that supplies will be furnished to Major Anderson at any hazard. Immense preparations were immediately commenced. Orders have been issued for the entire military reserve to proceed to their stations. Four regiments of 1000 men each have been telegraphed for from the country. Ambulances and other preparations for the wounded have been made. At midnight, 7 guns from the citadel was the signal for the assembling of all the reserves, and the city was thrown into the greatest excitement. The 17th regiment, 1000 strong, assembled in an hour, and left for the fortifications at 3 o'clock in the morning. All the vessels in the harbor necessary for transportation, will be put in service by noon. A fleet of 7 Government vessels was reported off the bar, and Major Anderson displayed signal lights during the night from the walls of Fort Sumter. It is believed that the fight will commence at noon. Forts Moultrie, Sumter, and the batteries along the coast being silenced in turn, after clearing Morris Island, the Government fleet will cross to Fort Sumter while Major Anderson engages Fort Moultrie.

Lieut. Talbot was refused admission to Fort Sumter by the authorities.

R. M. Chase brought dispatches from Washington to Governor Pickens that Major Anderson will be supplied with provisions, and the steamer with Lieut. Talbot left for Washington at eleven o'clock last night.

A special despatch to the *Herald* says that offers of volunteers from the border States continue to be sent to Montgomery, and tenders of 7000 men and 2000 Indian warriors have been sent there from the West.

A special dispatch to the *Commercial* says the Star of the West arrived at Charleston today with a message from Mr. Seward to Governor Pickens, to the effect that Fort Sumter must be evacuated. Reinforcements from Charleston, and if Major Anderson refuses to evacuate, forcibly the government will supply him.

Charleston, April 9th. Affairs are quiet this morning. The steamer Isabel came in last night. Nothing definite, points. It is expected that the steamer Baltic will anchor off Sullivan's and Morris's Islands, and along the coast. Companies are arriving from the interior, and the various forts will be further strengthened to-morrow by additional artillery and infantry. There is the greatest enthusiasm among all classes.

Charleston, April 9th—evening. All is quiet this evening, but a sleepless night is expected. Privateering preparations are progressing rapidly. Senator Hill is serving as a common soldier. Rifle cannon are arriving. There are no war vessels outside as far as known.

CALIFORNIA. The pony express arrived at Fort Kearney yesterday. We condense the news it brings:—

The question of the legality of Mr. Dunlap's election to the United States Senate is still undecided, and is in the hands of a committee.

Business in California has been very dull for some time past, but is now improving. Gold springs are reported to have been found in Humboldt county. The Asphaltum springs near Los Angeles, are to yield a large supply of oil.

The amount of coal shipped to San Francisco last year from the California mines was about 900 tons, and 90,000 tons were consumed in the State. It is thought the yield of coal from the California mines the present year will be over 20,000 tons.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature, a premium of $10,000 to the first person engaging in California and completing for market 100 bales of cotton of 500 pounds each.

Some of our Lowell people are exceedingly unkind toward the local press. Sometimes when information likely to interest the public generally is handed up by the local reporters, an injunction of secrecy is imposed upon them, and the next thing known, is the whole affair is detailed in the Boston papers. This has occurred more than once within a year, and we feel that we have good right to complain, and hereafter shall exercise our own judgment as to the propriety of secrecy in matters within the province of newspaper discussion.—While we do not deny the right of gentlemen to invest their interests where they please, we can be permitted to doubt the expediency of such investments when they appear injurious to our citizens and to ourself.

The *Cleveland Plaindealer* has the following hit on the rage for office under the new administration:—

"Another Republican got something," said Jim to Tom. "Who's that?" asked Dave. "Senior." "Senior! Has he been appointing?" "Yes, sir, he has, sure, and brought it home and showed it!" "Well, what is it?" "The measles."

FIRE AT THE WHITE MOUNTAINS. The Lafayette House at Franconia Mountains, owned by Col. Ira Colby, together with its contents, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The fire originated from a defect in the chimney. The property destroyed was partially insured.

A DESPERATE baby lately at Albany is possessed with a monomania for duplicating. He swallowed a dollar bill two years left his morning, repeats every meal in pantomime. If she accidentally breaks a cup or plate immediately he looks around for one in the same way. In making calls at her friend's house, she is forever satisfied with returning to their doors a second time. She is unmarried, and will probably remain so, as there might be a slight legal difficulty in the way of her practising duplicate matrimony.

THE Bangor Liquor Agency last year made sales to the amount of more than ten thousand dollars, and cleared for the city, $2,400.

NAVAL. Orders were received at the Charlestown Navy Yard yesterday morning to fit out the steam frigate Mississippi for sea, immediately. Her engines are now under repairs, and the work will be pushed forward with all possible despatch.

DON'T GET THEIR PAY. A dispatch from New Orleans says that the mechanics at the Warrington Navy Yard are becoming heartily disgusted on account of the non-payment of wages. The stolen money is all gone, probably.

THE *Albany Standard* says:—"We attach no more importance to the rumors with regard to Fort Sumter, than we would to a dispatch from the Arctic Ocean, stating that the man in the moon had descended in a parachute and stolen the North Pole, to be used as a harpoon in a fight with the great bear."

CITY AND VICINITY.

Paweic ce Division. No 61, S. of T.

THE next regular meeting of Pawtucket Division will be held at Appleton Hall, on THURSDAY Evening, April 11th, 1861.

Every member and lady visitor is requested to be present, as very important business will come before the meeting. GEORGE M. ELLIOTT, W. P.

C. F. GLIDDEN, R. S. apr9 2t

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of the City Council was held at its rooms last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. *Reports.* The reports of the City Marshal, Liquor Agent and City Clerk were read and placed on file.

Licenses. Several parties were licensed to run night carts, &c.

Appointments. Daniel Barry, of Bercan Street, was appointed a field driver; A. R. Grant and W. P. Davis police for the Page Street Church; also the members for Massapoag Engine Company, No. 10.

Hearing granted. Friday, April 26th.

was fixed upon as the time to grant a hearing to Cole, Nichols & Wilson, petitioners for leave to set up a furnace near the old Nashua and Lowell Railroad depot.

Other papers acted upon in concurrence.

COMMON COUNCIL. *Nine Acre.* The resolution to purchase new hose, laid over at the last meeting, was read a second time and passed in concurrence.

Resignation of a member. A communication was received from Samuel Beckwith, member from Ward 5, resigning his seat, on account of his removal to another ward.

CONCURRENT SCHEDULE. *Petitions received and referred.* From L. G. Howe and others, that a portion of Read Street may be laid out and accepted; from John Clydd and others, for a sewer in Fletcher Street; from Allen Waldo, to be remunerated for injuries to goods in his cellar on Middlesex Street, caused by overflowage of a drain; from F. Bodfish and others, trustees of the Hurd Street Church, that the sidewalk on the north side of Hurd Street may be set back of all encumbrances.

Deposits in Savings Banks to be taxed. The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Assessors of the City of Lowell be instructed and required to assess a tax upon all deposits made in such banks exceeding the sum of two hundred dollars, with the amount of such deposits, as provided in Chapter 57, Section 152 of the General Statutes of the Commonwealth; and the City Clerk furnish the Assessors with a copy of this resolution.

City Library to be made free. An ordinance was passed to be enrolled in the Board of Aldermen and was referred to the Committee on bills in second branch, in the Common Council, to make the City Library free to all citizens.

Resolutions and orders adopted. That the Committee on Streets consider the expediency of paving Gorham Street from Lowe's corner to West Union Street. Middlesex Street from Central Street to Page Street is paved, and Merrimack Street from the depot to Suffolk Street. A verbal amendment was made to the resolution to build two new reservoirs and it passed. For the resolution to rebuild the primary school houses on Middle and Paige Streets, to remove school room under the City Hall, and to build a new one on the school house on Tilden Street, and to place the furniture in those before named, and also in No's 4 and 6 on Middlesex Street and No's 40 and 42 on Park Street, was passed. That the Committee on Lands and Buildings consider the expediency of placing a chandelier in the centre of Huntington Hall. That the primary school-house on Paige Street be offered for sale.

Leave to withdraw. The Committee on Claims reported leave to withdraw on the petition of Patrick Lynch, for compensation for alleged injuries received on North Street. Accepted.

REPORTS OF CITY OFFICIALS. The City Clerk reports that the whole amount of fees received by him during last quarter was $244.45; marriage returns of same, $41.70; marriage certificates, $62; licenses, $137.75; dog licenses, 82.

The City Marshal reports that the whole number of arrests in March was 61, of which 8 were females, 134 foreigners and 139 non residents. Number of arrests during the same time 204, of which 196 were committed to the House of Correction, 4 were females, 182 foreigners and 14 non residents. Whole number of complaints 204; prosecutions 59, for the following offences:—Common Drunkards 19; assault and battery 15; larceny 11; liquor nuisance 5; burglary and truancy 4 each; vagrancy 3; disturbing the peace, false pretences and adultery 1 each.

The Truant Commissioner reports 61 cases investigated of which 16 were truants. There were sentenced to the House of Reformation, 2 for two years each and 1 for three months.

The Liquor Agent reports the whole amount of liquor &c., on hand April 1st, $1,181.27; sales to regular druggists during the quarter $615.69; total $1,799.96. The liquors &c., on hand January 1st, with purchases and expenses during the quarter as above, $1,556.69. Balance during the quarter $43.36.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Merlow, J.* Brown vs. the City of Cambridge was given to the jury at noon to-day. This action has been on trial two days, and every question of fact or law to be passed upon by the jury has been presented by the counsel on either side. The arguments were made by T. H. Sweetser for the defence, and B. F. Hallett for the plaintiff.

The case of Winn *et ux* vs. the City of Lowell will commence this afternoon.

ROGUERY. Last evening some pusillanimous specimen of the genus knave, broke and entered and appropriated the sign of Dr. G. W. Lawrence from the door of Carleton Block, where the Doctor has his office. If the thief will return the sign, we presume he can have a tooth extracted gratis. We suppose another sign will shortly appear in the place of the stolen one.

REMEMBER the sale of eleven acres of land and buildings near the City Farm on Friday next, at 2 o'clock P. M. It is one of the most desirable places about Lowell.

A SUSPICIOUS CASE OF POISONING. The *Boston Herald*, of this morning, has what purports to be the particulars of a poisoning case, concerning which we heard something a few days ago.

About a week ago a Mrs. Wilkins died in Lowell quite suddenly. Two or three days ago Dr. Jewett, a Coroner in Lowell, was induced to examine the body, and consented to do so, as the circumstances of the woman's death were considered suspicious by some, just to demonstrate in his official position that everything was right and proper, and as it should be. Dr. Jewett took the stomach from the body and brought it to Boston, to the office of Dr. Hayes, the chemist, by whom it was examined—Arsenic was found in the stomach, and a report to that effect, together with the details of the examination, was sent by Dr. Hayes yesterday afternoon to the Coroner of Lowell, Dr. Jewett.

The particulars will be developed before a coroner's jury, which will probably be summoned this afternoon; by Dr. Jewett, we think. We do not think it right to say more now rife concerning the matter should be put in print, and prefer to learn the facts in the case from a reliable source, when they will be laid before our readers.

LARCENY OF A DRAFT. About a year since a letter was received at the postoffice in this city, from California, directed to a Mr. Margaret Delmore, who lives on Middle Street. Some one requested those at the office to send the letter to Billerica, which they did. It was taken out by a man named John J. Gorham, who found a draft in it on Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Gorham attempted to get the draft cashed, when he was detected and committed to jail to await trial on the charge of purloining from the mail. He is to be tried before the United States District Court now sitting in Boston. This is the only case known to the employees in our postoffice, though the *Boston Journal* says that he has been frequently in the habit of purloining letters from the postoffice, and in this way got possession in it seems, of two letters addressed to him. The draft was cashed in California, both containing drafts sent by mail and two drafts were enclosed to the Cashier of the Exchange Bank of Boston, with a request that he proceeds to the writer, Gorham. In one instance the money was so sent, but a repetition of the same, led to the discovery and arrest. It is believed that other parties have been concerned with Gorham in those bold and mischievous transactions.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY. The members of this society, including those who have just joined the association, will not forget their meeting at Mechanics' Hall this evening at 7½ o'clock for the choice of officers for the ensuing year.

POLICE COURT. Business is very dull again to-day. Two parties were ordered a nature day.

VERDICT OF A JURY NOT SUSTAINED—Most of our readers will recollect the case against James Lannan, of this city, for striking a horse to J. A. Harwood, of Littleton, and the trial of the former for selling liquor without a license. The case was recommended. The case was tried in the Superior Court for Suffolk County, and Lannan was convicted by the jury. His counsel moved an arrest of judgment, which was overruled by the Court and Lannan took exceptions. On the 5th inst., the Supreme Court arrested the judgment and sustained the points taken by the counsel, the indictment was defective in not alleging a sale respecting which the false pretences were used—and in not averring that the prosecutor was injured on account *use of Fenger*, by reason of the false pretences. Lannan, Sennott appeared for Lannan, and A. O. Brewster, Esq., for the Government.

NEW STYLE NECK-TIES. We refer our readers to the advertisement of Smith & Brouwer, who are the inventors of some very unique styles of gentlemen's neck-ties for spring and summer wear. We have seen samples of them, and judge them to be all they are represented by the manufacturers. They are sold by Messrs. Smith & Brouwer only to wholesale dealers and jobbers, but they will probably have a few for retail by our retail dealers in gentlemen's furnishing goods.

CONCERT THIS EVENING. The second promenade concert by the Lowell Brigade Band takes place at Huntington Hall this evening.

A YOUNG man in Somersworth was recently summoned to appear before a Police Justice to answer to the charge of kissing a young lady against her wishes. He preferred paying the costs in the case, $4.92, rather than submit to a trial.

THE closing of liquor shops in Boston on Sunday has created a howl from the good behavior of that city for one-seventh part of the time. Drunkenness, riots and murders are not common on the Lord's day as they are at other times, why not try it two, three or four days in the week, three; then four, and so on to all the seven?—*Newburyport Herald.*

ANOTHER CASE OF FEVER AND AGUE CURED.

$7 A few days ago we recorded an astonishing cure of Fever and Ague by the use of Dr. Jayne's Fever and Ague Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. We have now another to mention, viz: that of Mr. John Sharpe, of Cambridge, Ohio, whom that he had labored under a very severe attack of fever and ague, and was soon restored by the use of these Pills. Sharpe also captures an opinion, founded on observation, that the law of nature that forbids human complaints ever offered in his section of country.

Although Log known as a sovereign remedy for all cases of Hepatic derangement, or diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, Dr. M'Lane's Pills, now most prepared and offered for sale, are more highly concentrated than any other pill, but gratifying evidences of its general utility and certain good effects, we expect, this invaluable medicine has exceeded the most sanguine expectations, and induced them to hope that it will be introduced into every family in the United States.

Dr. M'Lane's Pills are purely vegetable, and can be taken with safety by persons of either sex, or any age, without making any change in diet, from the infant of a week old to the aged man of ninety. Explicit directions accompany each box, so that any person can use them with perfect safety and certainty of good effects.

Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can be had at all the respectable drug stores. See advertisement and signature of

FLEMING BROS.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

apr9 1m

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from any assortment can get with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, agents for the company.

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FUR MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

[illegible] is the Time to buy Furs at about $1000 less than the usual prices, at the Fur Manufactory and Fur Warehouse, No. 2 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

jan12tf C. H. BASCOM.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

CONTAINING a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States. Also, a complete Railroad guide.

For sale by all Periodical Dealers, and at the Railroad Ticket Office, 187 Merrimack street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 6 cents.

jan13d3m S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

FINELY & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell.

jan8tf

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at H. CHRISTOPHER'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY AND BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, sold as cheap as the damaged goods that are advertised by auction. Also, Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOTHAM MATTRESS. Prescott street, opposite Market Street.

mar19d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	S. Hildreth,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Sweetser,	R. Hosford,	Jonas Abbott,
Jos. Hale,	J. Wilder,	F. F. Sherman,
	L. Lovejoy.	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Farm Property and its contents. The premium charged for insurance is $2.50 per $1,000, for five years, or $1.00 per $1,000 for one year. The Stock Department of Stores and farm property in Middlesex County is managed by the Directors. The rates of insurance, premium, and rates are below as to any Company in Massachusetts.

The Company has a paid up Capital of over $50,000, and a Mutual Fund of over $100,000. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office of the Company, No. 61 Merrimack street, (second story).

C. B. COBURN, Secretary.
E. P. SHERMAN, Agent and Treas.
Lowell, July 16, 1860. jy17tf

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It has more quantity,
It burns in less quantity,
Than any other coal now burning coal. And the HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, head of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Merrimack street.

mar16d1f

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE
MAGNOLIA BALM:
A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation is unrivalled for the rapid, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is more delicate than Cream, and will not leave the slightest appearance to the sun, and will give immediate relief to fevered patients. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition. Ladies can use it with safety and without harm. *Be particular every night for a few days to anoint the face with the genuine Magnolia Balm.*

Use one Magnolia Balm
To make your complexion fair and calm.
Use one Magnolia Balm
To make your complexion soft as balm.
Before you take your Photograph taken
Use one Magnolia Balm
To make you present to Fortune.
A new cure for red, eruptive, pimply faces.
A new beauty for sallow complexions.
Whenever your face is covered with Pimples,
Whenever your face is sallow,
Whenever your face is covered with Blotches,
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin,
If you wish a fine set of teeth,
If you would please your friends,
If you would please yourself,
If you would *perfectly suit* yourself,
Use the Magnolia Balm.

And you will not be disappointed.

Physicians of the highest standing in society recommend it for it betterthan boasts though absolutely innocent. Ladies can use it with safety and without harm immediately. Just *the Magnolia Balm* combines requisites for the toilet never before attained in any one preparation. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers everywhere.

Price 75 cents.

Wholesale Agents, HENRY C. MILLER & CO., 48 Washington street, Boston.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1860.

Continues to insure dwellings, stores and all other property for sale by FIRE, on reasonable terms. Also, on large risks, on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Thomas Allen, Jr., Lowell.
Josiah G. Abbott, Boston.
John Avery, Boston.
Walter Wright, Lowell.
Henry J. Howe, Lowell.
Nathan P. Rand, Boston.
Jonathan T. Lowe, Boston.
Benjamin F. Clark, Boston.
Theodore L. Richardson, Lowell.

THOMAS ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 604 Post Office Building, (third floor)
No. 27½ Central street, opp. Middle St., Lowell.
April 20, 1860. 6m

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as reliable companies. Call and examine. Office in Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Farm Property and its contents, and

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late firm of RIPLEY & SON,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.
Office No. 18 Appleton Block, Lowell.
April 6, 1860. jan9w

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL,
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies on force averaged 71 16 100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages,starting first lien on real estate worth $250,000

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers	Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS of CURIOSITIES, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to any size.

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
N. W. HUSE, }

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the proprietor six years with increasing favor. It is warranted to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Chole Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Lowness of Spirits, Consumption, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILIRATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual during the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the sufferer to new vigor and sickly to health, strength and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, feel the happy and healthy invigorating effects of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Dose.—One wine glass full as often as once an hour.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulency, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load as well as all pulpitations will be removed.
One dose will invigorate the most distressing pains of the stomach, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will cure all cases of Pain in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are extremely afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a perfect cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find a dose or two will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the cheek.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts, $1.

General Depot, 46 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. B. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Bacon, W. H. Franch, Dr. M. E. Thompson, Bingham & Cheney, B. A. Stanicle, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. ao22tf&1y

Coal and Wood.

HARDING for Cash, Smoke Coal, Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, (for masons) at the lowest cash retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality, at

No. 36 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with shippers to ship the above direct from mines, enables the new branch railroad into the centre of the city, would see those in want of the above to call at No. 36 Middle street and see us. HARDING & LEIGH.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6-3m

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretence of a slew of any individual to sell Books at any lower rates than they are now sold by the regular dealers in Books in Lowell. The following popular Books for Christmas and New Year's Gifts and Presents may be purchased low at H. Central street.

Uncle Tom's Cabin, Illustrated, 75 cts; Uncle Tom's Cabin, 44 Editions, 44; Onward, Children, Rise, Whittier, Macrae, Jessie Gray, 50 cts.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine dollar edition, published by H. Dayton, sold for 75 cents.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.
Advice to Young Men, embracing Courtship, Marriage and Home, by Arthur.
Boy and Forest Hunter—Parker's Journal.
Sold at 5 cts. each by E. S. HUNT, Dealer in Books, Music and Stationery. dec19

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvetts Indelible Kid Glove Preparation for cleansing and restoring Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John street. dec6

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE subscriber has just received from Boston a large and well selected assortment of Books, which he offers at the lowest cash prices, consisting in part of the following works at low prices, to suit all purchasers, viz:—

The French Chef, Lowell Cook, Miss Leslie's Cookery, Mrs. Hale's Cookery, Mrs. Child's Cookery, Mrs. Child's Frugal Housewife, Mrs. Child's Family Nurse, Mrs. Child's Girl's Own Book, Mrs. Child's Boy's Own Book, Mrs. Child's Mother's Book, Mrs. Child's Fact and Fiction, Mrs. Child's Flowers for Children, Mrs. Child's Looking Glass for the Mind, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Wives, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Mothers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Children, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Husbands, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Brothers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Sisters, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Lovers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Friends, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Neighbors, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Enemies, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Animals, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Inventors, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Artists, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Poets, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Philosophers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Statesmen, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Soldiers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Sailors, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Travellers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Scholars, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Teachers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Preachers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Missionaries, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Doctors, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Lawyers, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Judges, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Governors, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Presidents, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Kings, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Queens, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Princes, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Princesses, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Dukes, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Duchesses, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Lords, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Ladies, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Gentlemen, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Women, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Men, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Children, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Boys, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Girls, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Babies, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Infants, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Children, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Boys, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Girls, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Babies, Mrs. Child's Biographies of Good Infants.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED!"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A positive cure for Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This medicine increases the power of Digestion and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, which restores the SECRET OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are reduced. PAIN AND INFLAMMATION are subdued, and in general a few days' use of

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Affords more EXTENSIVE, SPEEDY and PERMANENT relief than any other remedy known.

Many are ashamed of the cause of their suffering, and will not apply for relief, until the constitution is destroyed. This FACT is well known to the FACULTY.

Such persons should bear in mind that the use of HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Requires the aid of medicine to purify the blood.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.
OLDER, YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, Suppression, Excessive or Scanty Menstruation, Uterine Irritation and Displacements, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and in Abuses and Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Stone in the Bladder, Inflammation, or of the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

AS A GENERAL PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD and Renovator of the System, this medicine is unsurpassed.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR COPAIBA, Nostrums for Impurities and Diseases, but use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

SECRET DISEASES

In all their Stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no exposure, and no loss of time.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra.

Allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all *Poisonous Humors* and Acrimony from the system.

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF QUACKERY,

and who have paid HEAVY FEES to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "PURIFY" has by the use of mercury, or Sarsaparilla, been driven deep in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and

TERRIFIED A FUTURE MARRIAGE.

The Remedies Extract Buchu for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

Whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause, originating

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of the Urinary organs require the aid of a DIURETIC. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Acts directly in all these diseases, and is the great DIURETIC of the age.

Prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist, 594 Broadway, New York.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.

Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS. Advice gratis! Certificates and

AFFIDAVITS

Personally appended before any Magistrate in the city of Philadelphia. H. T. HELMBOLD, being duly sworn, doth say, that his preparations contain no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable extracts. H. T. HELMBOLD.
Sworn and subscribed before me this 23d day of January, 1856. WM. F. RUDDELL,
Alderman, 121 South Sixth st.

Address letters for information, confidence is inviolable, H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist, Depot, 594 Broadway, New York.

Sold by druggists everywhere.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists everywhere. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the advertisement and send for it, secured by mail, first and exposure. au13

W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CATORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of JAPANNED TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and try the little Sewing Machine for which is sold for $10. No machine excels it. N. C. CARLTON, Agent,
17 Central street.

E. S. HUNT would call the attention of the lovers of Music to the Library of Sacred Music he is now publishing in numbers, each containing Sixteen pages, just from Paris—The French CHEST EXPANDER. To cost only
No. 17 Central street.

Kluger's Lirocone.

FOR dressing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver or Steel, Soft Soap, Bottles, Marble, Oil cloth, Stone or Leather. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of time and labor. Every one should try it—it will look on *fresh* as new. Its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by *Apothecaries* generally.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. 5m14

Hemorrhoidal Ointment.

THIS Ointment is a sure remedy for Piles, Fistula, Ulcers, Sore Nipples, Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Cutaneous Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Ringworm, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Sore Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Bites of Poisonous Insects, Corns, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Sore Heads, Sore Lips, Scrofulous Sores, Swellings, Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diseases of the Spine, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Female Complaints, Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Fever Sores, Mercurial Affections, Diseases of the Skin, Erysipelas, Dropsy, Gout, Neuralgia, Tic Doloureux, Lumbago, Sciatica, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammation of the Stomach, Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Throat, Inflammation of the Womb, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Eyes, Inflammation of the Ears, Inflammation of the Nose, Inflammation of the Mouth, Inflammation of the Rectum, Inflammation of the Genital Organs, Inflammation of the Joints, Inflammation of the Muscles, Inflammation of the Nerves, Inflammation of the Veins, Inflammation of the Arteries, Inflammation of the Glands, Inflammation of the Tissues, Inflammation of the Membranes, Inflammation of the Cellular Tissue, Inflammation of the Abdominal Viscera, Inflammation of the Pelvic Viscera, Inflammation of the Thoracic Viscera, Inflammation of the Cranial Viscera, Inflammation of the Spinal Viscera, Inflammation of the Brain, Inflammation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Liver

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, April 11, 1861.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9th, 1861.

Virginia and her Vacillation—Secrecy—Child Chatting—Editorial Eccentricity, &c.

Southerners even die stigmatizing the vacillating course of Virginia. She still fondly dreams that she is relatively as important among her sister States as she was in the Revolution. She has stepped forward and arrogantly assumed the position of an arbiter. At length she has become a subject of ridicule even with Southern*ers* for her indecision.

—the other takes leave.
Has seems hith'to the object.

The fact is, that there is more danger today of a collision between Eastern and Western Virginia than there is between Virginia and the Federal Government.—So one of her own citizens assured me.—Virginia is burdened with a debt of thirty or forty millions of dollars. Her financial condition is desperate. The days of her Eastern Shore Aristocracy are numbered.

The opposition papers here have a great deal to say about the reticence and secrecy which characterize the present Administration. The *Baltimore Sun*, the leading daily paper of this region, and a violent disunion sheet, is very much exercised in spirit by what it calls the secrecy and apparent lack of all sense of responsibility, which seem to prevail at Washington.—*Per contra* every Unionist and patriot will feel gratified that the Administration is capable of keeping its own counsel at such a momentous crisis. It was too much publicity which crippled England during the Crimean war. How can a blow be struck to any purpose, if the rebels against whom it is directed are to be notified of it before-hand?

The fact is the Lincoln Administration is beginning to be regarded by the rebels with *fear* as well as ordinary partisan dislike. They find it is likely to be ready for serious and stern front in this emergency. That it will deal in thunderbolts, it neces*sary*. If its pacific overtures (I refer to the President's inaugural and Mr. Seward's speech) are not met in the spirit in which they are made, it will not hesitate to apply sterner remedies.

Caleb Cushing is prowling about the streets h re, generally after nightfall. I met him the other evening muffled in an ample overcoat. He reminded me of a Fiesco, or some other dark Italian conspirator. I don't believe that Caleb feels at ease in his mind, in view of the present terrible complication of affairs. He knows in his own heart that he has been one of the leading agents of ruin and successful treason. Query: Will he be likely to return to Massachusetts, in the event of a collision between the sections? All the Massachusetts men who took a part in the Breckinridge Secding Convention at Baltimore were mere tools of Caleb. They were not aware of the concealed treason of their leaders. Hence they will be safe in the event of war, especially as most of the Secessi Rifles consented to be mustered in those refusing being apprehensive that it would be ordered out of the District of Columbia, while others were unwilling to take the oath, which they were taking in the event of the secession of Maryland and Virginia, would compel them to fight against those States. It is said that they were informed that they must take the oath unconditionally, an infraction of which would subject them to punishment under the articles of war.

Captain Carrington's company of about 40 men, were mustered to a man. The other volunteer companies have not been placed on duty, guarding their respective armories. Immense crowds gathered in front of the War Department to witness the proceedings that are attendant on inspection.

A new military department, formed of Maryland and the District of Columbia, is to be established, with Col. Smith as Commandant and Capt. Talbot as Adjutant.—Major Sherman's artillery, from Fort Ridgeley, which was ordered to Newport, but has since been ordered here, and two companies of cavalry are expected to arrive to-morrow, the latter coming without horses, which will be purchased here.

MATTERS AT THE CAPITAL. We clip the following paragraphs from the *New York Tribune's* Washington correspondence:

"The purpose expressed by Mr. Seward, in his letter to the southern commissioners, is that of the administration, and was fully approved by the President. It excludes any idea of negotiation, but insists upon the proper assurance of the Federal authority. If the Executive functions are willingly resisted by armed bodies of men, they will be vindicated firmly.—Without such a declaration, the Government would be powerless, and a mockery of forms, without stern gift or substance.

When the conspirators who instigated this Southern rebellion find that they must confront as a consequence of actual war if they provoke a contest, they will reflect before striking the first blow. Thus far they have shown remarkable prudence, except in the affair of the Star of the West, which, fortunately, terminated without injury.

The messenger from the War Department should have reached Charleston last evening, but no intelligence had been received from him this morning at the head of the Cabinet met. It is quite probable, however, that an important communication was sent from Major Anderson to Governor Pickens to day, announcing the intention of the government to send provisions immediately to Fort Sumter, and expressing the hope that no resistance would be offered; inasmuch as it would necessitate the exercise of all the power at his command for self-defence. Reinforcements, as already stated in my former despatches, are not contemplated in this movement, and will not be introduced unless the State authorities should compel that resort, as defensive operations.

SUICIDE IN CONCORD, MASS. Miss Nelly Hoar, an educated, intelligent woman, the daughter of Dr. Daniel Hoar, and an inmate of the family of Judge Hoar, was found floating in the river at Concord, on Wednesday morning. She was missing the previous evening, and from a note left behind, it was feared that she had in some way committed suicide. She had been from some cause unknown depressed and sad for several days, but no such catastrophe was feared.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A CLERGYMAN. Rev. Thomas Smith, of Brewer Village, Me., died suddenly on Sunday night, of disease of the heart. Mr. Smith graduated at Bowdoin College in 1840, and at the Theological Seminary at Bangor in 1843. He was settled as pastor of the Congregational church in Brewer in 1844, and has remained there ever since.

THE LATEST "WAR" NEWS. The following is the latest from the South:—

The *Times'* Washington correspondent is entirely satisfied that the Baltic has gone with supplies for Fort Sumter.

An editorial in the *Tribune* states positively that the principal object of the expedition which sailed hence within four days was the relief of Fort Sumter. About 2,000 armed men will arrive off Charleston to-night or to-morrow, under command of Lieut. Col. Harvey Brown, of the Second Artillery. A small steamer will be sent in with supplies, and if repelled, the *Tribune* says the relief will be taught, without unnecessary delay, that there is still a power in the United States, and that this power cannot well be insulted with impunity.

The *Tribune* has dispatches from Lieut. Slemmer, Fort Pickens, explaining that the reason troops had not been landed from the Brooklyn was that she already had sufficient to hold the fort against any army the rebels could bring against him. He has four months provisions. He adds that troops can be landed at any time when needed.

The *Herald* says orders were issued today to have the steamers Wabash, Vincennes and Savannah at New York, Jamestown and Philadelphia detailed for immediate service.

The South Carolina mails will be stopped upon the first sign of hostility or attempt to prevent the relief of Fort Sumter.

A special dispatch from New Orleans to the *Herald* says there is much excitement there at the news from Charleston. The cabinet at Montgomery has called upon each of the Confederate States for three thousand troops, except Florida, who for three thousand troops, except Florida, who for three thousand troops, except Florida, who

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietor is not assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work required to be done, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books,	Court Dockets,
Pamphlets,	Bill-Heads and Letter-Heads,
Law Briefs and Documents,	Notices of Sheriffs' Sales,
Address,	Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Catalogues,	Town Reports,
Circulars,	Manuscript Pastern, &c.
Blanks,	&c.
Handbills,	

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, always on hand, with the richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, CIRCUSES, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl paper and manilla white and colored CARD, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Cold, Fever, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Dizziness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, &c., Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILIRATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

AS A MEDICINE it is highly recommended. Curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nerves prostrate shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, immediately, if used, feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as once an hour.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulency, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all Obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a few doses of it, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of it next morning, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, dizziness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy and well, and remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the blood of health and purity to the careworn face.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles at 50 cts., quarts, $1.

General Depot, 48 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by F. B. Heyes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Bacon, D. M. S. Thompson, Graham & Chaney, F. A. Stanley, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 1022eiy

Coal and Wood.

HARDand Soft Coals, Stone Coal, Alum, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND for masons' use, and a large assortment of WOOD, which all of the best quality

NO. 70 MIDDLE STREET.

Having also arrangements with shippers to supply them direct from vessels at the wharf, we are prepared to sell at the verge of the city, would ask them to favor us with their orders. 70 Middle street.

WILLIAM RITTEFIEGE.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. 1y

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension of any individual to sell Books at any lower rate than the publishers' list. We have always been in the habit of selling the following popular Books for Christmas and New Year presents at the same low rate purchased for at Cash Counters:

The Arabian Nights, by Walter Aikman—from the Mayhew Brothers' Edition.
Shakspeare's Works, in one volume.
Milton's Poetical Works, in one volume.
Pilgrim's Progress and the Arabian Nights, a fine edition, published by H. Dayton, sold for 75 cts.
Æsop's Fables, by Townsend Harris, sold for 50 cts.
The Cricket Library, comprising four volumes.
Mrs. Hemans' Poetical Works, in one volume.
Boy and Travels.
Pocket Bibles, for Sunday school, by F. B. Bunker, sold for 50 cts.

dec19

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Converts leather and Preparation for instantly cleaning kid gloves, without soap or water. For sale by F. KIDDER, 37, Merrimack, corner of John street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE largest and cheapest assortment of School books, at prices low as the lowest, for sale by F. S. HUNT & Book and Music Store 7 Central Street, Lowell.

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 11 A. M. until 2 P. M.

The Saloon is open for the accommodation of the gentlemen of the city, as a resting place, and as a reading room.

The proprietor hopes that the arrangements he has made to accommodate those favors of patronage who may be desirous of such favors at a special hour.

H. EMERY

Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. 1y

CARRIAGE ROBES at BRAZER'S

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALLN WITE LEAD (in Oil) to 2-3d the Former Prices. Also, Zinc White, Lead Colors, Litharge, Red Lead, Linseed Oil, and its superior quality for Boot, Dresses and Harness, it is believed is not excelled in any establishment in the world. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is PERFECTLY PURE.

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead renders it cheaper in the consumer than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 300 lbs of it will do as much work as 400 lbs of other manufacture. This fact has been stated to some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A trial of the article will convince any practical (especially jobbing) painter that he can work easier and to better advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering for sale.

The General Agent who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, connected with important improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," is for sale by Messrs. Shurtleff & Co., Boston; Messrs. CHARLES S. GREENE, Boston, and S. REMINGTON BARNES, Lowell.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED!!"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSY.

This medicine is prepared expressly to purify and cleanse the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the SYSTEM IS CATECHISED despite the taste, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENT are reduced, as in the PALE AND INFLAMMATION and is good for

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, &c.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Eruptions of the Skin, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to progress, which this INVALUABLE MEDICINE is calculated to remove, IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, ERILEPTIC FITS, INSANE OR CONSUMPTION usually follows.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by these DISEASES.

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION!!"

Many a distinguished Lunatic Asylum

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUM
And the Bills of Mortality

BEAR ample WITNESS TO THE TRUTH OF THE ASSERTION THE CONSUMPTION ONCE ATTRACTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

Requires the use of Medicine to Invigorate the System

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SCEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.

OLDOR YOUNG, MARRIED OR SINGLE, AT COMING OF AGE OR GETTING MARRIED,

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES the Extract Buchu is compounded to act upon them safely, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painful, Suppressed or Excessive Courses, Whites, Sterility, Green Sickness, or Retention state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Barrenness, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or Exposure.

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE,
AT EITHER PERIOD,

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR UNPLEASANT MEDICINES FOR IMPURITY AND BLOODDISEASE

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

CURES

SECRET DISEASES

In all their Stages. At little expense, little or no change in Diet, no inconvenience; and no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to the Generative Organs, thereby restoring the Patient to Perfect Health and Vigorous Manhood.

Alarming pain and inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and requiring all Prussian Blue, Antimony, Sarsaparilla, &c.

THOUSANDS CAN TESTIFY

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF QUACKERY,

and who have paid HEAVY FEES to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that MERCURY, BALSAM, OR SARSAPARILLA, in large doses, was destroying their constitutions, instead of curing them.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and be cured of these diseases at once.

Be not deceived by Nostrums of Unprincipled Druggists, who, to make a large profit, will recommend some trash they have on hand, or claim that they have something "just as good" as Helmbold's Extract Buchu. Such do not exist. Do not be deceived, but if you value health, insist upon having Helmbold's Extract Buchu, and none other. If you cannot procure it, do without, as all others are worthless.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

Is Diuretic, Sedative, Detergent, Stimulant, Solvent, Tonic, Alterative, Antiseptic, Antilithic, Antacid, Antiscorbutic, Antidyspeptic, Antihypochondriac, Antihysteric, Antispasmodic, Antibilious, Antiplethoric, Antirheumatic, Antiarthritic, Antigouty, Antidotal, Antipoisonous, Antiphlogistic, Antiemetic, Antiepileptic, Antiparalytic, Antierysipelatous, Antierysipelatic, Antiinflammatory, Antiirritable, Antiscrofulous, Antiputrescent, Antiputrid, Antiputrefactive, Antiinfectious, Antiinfectious, Antiinfectious

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, April 12, 1861.

DEATH OF HON. JOSEPH T. BUCKINGHAM. We regret to record the death of Hon. Joseph T. Buckingham, which event occurred at his home in Cambridge early yesterday morning. Mr. Buckingham was born at Windham, Conn., December 21st, 1779, and was consequently in the eighty-second year of his age. His family name was Tinker, but he added the name of Buckingham to it in 1806. He received a limited education and commenced learning the printing business at Walpole, N. H., when sixteen years of age. He subsequently worked at Greenfield, in this State, and went to Boston in 1803. He started the *Palpon Mus*, a monthly magazine, in 1806, and subsequently the *Orderl* and *New England Galaxy*, but his name became distinguished by his connection with the *Boston Courier* from the time he started it in March, 1824, until June, 1846, when he ceased to edit it.

In this publication, says the *Traveller*, Mr. B. first came successfully and favorably before the public. At that period the journalists in the country had become dull and dreary, from the comparatively long political repose which followed the close of the war with England, and the stagnation of commercial affairs which followed the excessive reaction succeeding the war. The principles upon which he established that paper were such as gave it great popularity and influence. He fixed upon it the impress of his own active and energetic mind, and refused to become the organ of any cliques or the tool and flatterer of individuals. Mr. Buckingham conducted the *Courier* for many years with great ability and success. He made it the exponent of great principles, and brought to bear upon all the leading questions of the day a plain and practical common sense view, which readers were never at a loss to appreciate and understand.

Mr. Buckingham served several years in the Legislature, having been a member of both branches, and in his writings and acts always favored protection to American industry. He was an indefatigable worker and has published among other volumes, "Specimens of Newspaper Literature, with Personal Memoirs, Anecdotes and Reminiscences," 2 vols., Boston, 1852, and "Personal Memoirs and Recollections of Editorial Life," 2 vols., Boston. He was a member of several associations, and to no man, more than him, is the credit due of finishing Bunker Hill Monument.

His funeral will take place from his late residence, to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

CALIFORNIA. The Pony Express, with San Francisco dates to the 20th inst., reached Fort Kearney yesterday.

The joint committee in the California Legislature on investigating the election of McDougal, have arrived at the conclusion that no election had taken place. Joint resolutions for another election on Tuesday next passed both houses.

Indian hostilities having become frequent in Mendocino and Sonora Counties, the Governor has mustered a small force of volunteers in the service, for the protection of strangers and settlers in that region.

The weather during the week has been inclement and rainy, the roads will be impassable for several days. The rivers in Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys are higher than ever before, many bridges have been carried away, large tracts of land submerged, fences lost and stock drowned. Two expensive bridges on the American River were destroyed, as well as other inundation at Sacramento is apprehended. Several lives have been lost. The damage to property is estimated by the hundreds of thousands. The weather is now clear, and no further damage is anticipated.

LEGISLATIVE. Both branches adjourned yesterday at noon. Little was done in either branch, except to return the customary thanks to the officers. In the House, the bill for the relief of Kansas was refused a third reading by a large vote. During the session the Governor has approved 208 acts and 105 resolves, and withheld his signature from two acts.

KOSSUTH states in an affidavit that he makes before a court in England, that he still considers himself Governor of Hungary. Kossuth is very much of a humbug, old grandfather, and is just as much Governor of Hungary as he ever will be. Had he half the pluck of Garibaldi he would several years ago have righted things for his country; but he never will.

The wife of Governor Pickens has received from Mr. Miles, ex-member of Congress, the valuable keepsake of the "original flag" of the Confederate States. Mrs. Miles requests Mrs. Pickens to "have it hoisted over Fort Sumter." The lady has not yet acceded to this request, there being some obstacles in the way of executing the exploit, while Major Anderson has charge of the fort.

ARIZONA VOTES ITSELF OUT OF THE UNION. The New Mexico correspondent of the *St. Louis Republican* says the citizens of Arizona, in convention at Mesilla, on the 16th ult., voted themselves out of the Union. Gen. C. S. Jones, formerly of Missouri, has announced himself as a candidate to represent Arizona in the Congress of the Confederate States.

FROM CHARLESTON AND THE SOUTH—*Montgomery, April* 11th. The War Department is overwhelmed with applications from regiments, battalions, and companies to be taken into service. Over seven hundred have been received, and hundreds more are coming in every hour. The Secretary has declined to accept the services of any companies but those already in the service with the Confederate States. Large numbers of companies daily reach Charleston, Pensacola and Pensacola, but the excitement is subsiding.

Charleston, April 11th. A collision is hourly expected. Northern dispatches state that an attempt will be made to-day to provision Fort Sumter. The Secretary of Navy has ordered a steamer to Charleston, and the Secretary of War has issued a call for land submerged, fences lost and stock drowned. Two expensive bridges on the American River were destroyed, as well as other inundation at Sacramento is apprehended. Several lives have been lost. The damage to property is estimated by the hundreds of thousands. The weather is now clear, and no further damage is anticipated.

FROM WASHINGTON. Below we give the gist of the news from Washington since our last issue.

The *New York Herald* dispatch says the President told a visitor to night (Wednesday), that decisive events could not be looked for before the last of this week.—He remarked: "We will then see whether they dare fire upon an unarmed vessel sent with provisions for our starving soldiers." He expressed little hope of the preservation of peace, but evinced a decided determination to relieve Major Anderson, and to hold the other Southern Forts at all hazards.

The *New York Times'* Washington correspondent says it is understood, by good authority, that the Government and Maj. Anderson will demand an explanation from Governor Pickens, for the refusal to allow Lieut. Talbot to return to Fort Sumter.—South Carolina will be held responsible, as it is not the intention of the President to treat with Jeff. Davis or the Confederate authority.

A dispatch to the *New York Tribune* states that President Lincoln says he has positive knowledge of a contemplated attack on Washington. He has communicated this information to several governors of the Northern and Western States. It is understood that he desires them to call out the militia, and hold them in readiness to march at a moment's warning. It is also understood that Governor Curtin will offer out the Pennsylvania volunteers for the occupation of the capital, upon the first sign of danger.

A dispatch to John Democrat sent a dispatch to the President as follows: "We are for no blood, if you will hold Fort Sumter: the necessity of holding it is absolute."

Under date of the 11th, the *New York Post* has a dispatch which says it is reported that the agents of the Confederate States have received the cold stonder in unmistakable terms by several of our large commercial houses in the matter of the loan to the seceded States.

The *Commercial* says the report that Jefferson Davis had issued letters of marque to not to fire on the vessels conveying supplies and men to Fort Sumter, is confirmed by dispatches from Charleston to a shipping house there.

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An opening on Fort Sumter is expected every moment. The Battery is covered with troops pouring in. Business is suspended. The city cadets are guarding the battery with heavy cannon. Companies are waiting to see the attack commence.—

There are 1000 troops mounted and 3000 foot patrols guarding the city. Absolute secrecy is observed as to military movements.

Later! It is currently reported that negotiations will be opened to-morrow between Gen. Beauregard and Major Anderson for the surrender of Fort Sumter.

The officers commanding different posts in the harbor and along the coast are on the alert, expecting an attempt early in the morning to reinforce and provision Fort Sumter.

THE SOUTHERN COMMISSIONERS. The Southern Commissioners have left Washington for Montgomery. The telegraph reports that they are chagrined at the treatment they have received.

They sort on Wednesday to Secretary Seward their final communication. It is said to be written with ability, and reflects severely on the administration, taxing the ground that they have exhausted every resource for a peaceful settlement, and if civil war ensues, on the head of the federal government rests the responsibility.

They charge the administration with gross perfidy, that under the shelter of the recent and assertion that Fort Sumter should be evacuated, an immense armada had been despatched to provision and reinforce that fort. They repeat that they had almost daily indirect assurances from the administration that Fort Sumter was positively to be abandoned, and that all the efforts of the government were to be directed toward peace. The Commissioners allege that the Montgomery government was earnestly desirous for peace, and that in accordance with their instructions, as well as their own feelings, they left no means unexhausted for that object desired end, that all their efforts having failed, they now are forced to return to an outraged people with the object of their mission unaccomplished, and they express their firm conviction that war is inevitable.

PENNSYLVANIA. The war committee of the Pennsylvania Legislature was in session yesterday. The following points were considered:—The amount of money to appropriate; will the general government furnish arms; and the establishment of a military bureau. The committee will report a bill to-day.

HON. JOHN G. PALFREY took possession of the Boston postoffice yesterday morning.

THE copper-head, poisonous snakes, found recently in the mail speech from Washington, are contained in a box addressed to President Lincoln.

"Jackson, of Wood County, one of the most distinguished representatives of Western Virginia, got up and declared that if it was the purpose of the convention to take Virginia out of the Union on the pretext of coercion applied to seceding States, he was ready to raise the banner of revolt and secede with his people, or as many as would join him, from the State of Virginia." Had a pistol shot exploded in the convention it could hardly have created more consternation."

CITY AND VICINITY.

CORONER'S INQUEST. The coroner's jury in the case of Mrs. Rhoda M. Wilkins, wife of Mr. Harrison Wilkins, who died March 30th, met this morning at the Citizens' Committee Room. The room was quite full, especially of ladies, most of whom are neighbors of the parties, and who appear to take a deep interest in the proceedings. The deceased, who was about 34 years of age, was reported to have died of typhoid fever, but some circumstances coming to light, Dr. Jewett, coroner, caused her body to be exhumed on Friday, April 5th, four days after burial, and a post mortem examination was held. Her stomach was sent to Boston, and on being examined, arsenic was discovered sufficient to have caused her death. Without going into any further explanation, we will say the case is now in the coroner's inquest before our readers:

TESTIMONY OF DANIEL H. GORDON.

Buried Mrs. Wilkins, wife of Harrison Wilkins, Monday, April 1st, in the new burying ground. Was present at the *post mortem* examination. Could not tell whether it was the same body, as I did not see it at the house. Acted as undertaker for Mr. Jewett. Do not know Mr. Harrison Wilkins. Was called. I think by Mr. Wilkins, to bury his wife. Went to No. 21 Adams Street. The name on the coffin plate was Rhoda Wilkins. Took up the same coffin that was put into the grave.—The body was exhumed April 5th. A body buried that length of time ought to have emitted more odor. The body did not smell at all. Exhumed it for the examination of the injury April 10th. Did not gain a smell then, a little sloughing even for the dry soil in which it was buried. It looked yellow. It was more small than when opened the first time.

TESTIMONY OF DR. GILMAN KIMBALL.

Was called to make a *post mortem* examination of the body of Mrs. Wilkins.—Saw the body at the house house of the new burying ground. There was no appearance of decomposition of the body. Mr. Wilkins, the husband, was there, but retired during the examination. The body had not been disturbed in the coffin. We removed the clothing and proceeded to make the examination of the usual manner. The body was remarkably yellow which called to mind Bright's Disease, or some other inflammation inside. Detached the stomach and took it out. We opened it and found nearly half a pint of fluid matter, of a brownish yellow complexion. This fluid was emptied into a clean earthen vessel and closed there.—We then examined the condition of the stomach itself. It was obvious that there had been a high degree of inflammation. This was made evident by the general color of the stomach, particularly by patches which were especially red. What was particularly striking was a certain white appearance over the external surface of the inside of the stomach, looking, as we remarked, like a certain white powder had been sprinkled over it. It could not be detected by the scraping of a knife. There was no real ulceration of any inner membrane of the stomach, it being in a healthy condition. There was a fourth of an ounce of putrid matter in the stomach, and thereupon, such city or town shall not be liable for any sales made to such agent after such notice, and the sale of such agent may be set aside by order by letter of the Mayor and Aldermen of such city, and the selection of such town.

3. The third section of the eighty-sixth chapter of the General Statutes is hereby amended so that the selectmen of each town may appoint in any such town as they shall deem necessary or convenient, one or more agents for the sale of cider, and may make all the provisions and regulations in relation thereto, which are made at a price not exceeding an advance of seven cents per gallon upon the actual cost, together with the duty thereon.

4. The thirty-eighth section of the eighty-sixth chapter of the General Statutes is hereby so amended that the husband, wife, parent, child, guardian or employer of any person who shall habitually have the habit of drinking spirituous or intoxicating liquor to excess, may, in an action of tort against any person or persons who shall sell or deliver unlawfully to the person having such habit any spirituous or intoxicating liquor, recover as damages a sum not exceeding one hundred and not less than twenty-one dollars; and the ried woman may bring such action in her own name, and recover such damages as she and all damages recovered by her shall go to her own use, and the action of the death of either party, the action and right of action given by this section shall survive to or against the executor or administrator.

Some new and elegant styles of PATENT LEATHER just received from Massachusetts State Prison. Call and see them at the store in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, agent. mar29dif

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WHEEL,

Containing a cutter, runs on last gauge and Tune Table of every Railroad in the United States, manufactured by the Subscriber. For sale at the Railroad and Steam-Boat Depot, Lowell, Mass. JOHN LLOYD. mar30d1m

THE TRUE DOCTRINE. The *New York World*, in an article on the attitude of the administration toward the seceding States, makes the following remarks, which will be endorsed by more than a majority of the people out of the rebellious districts:

"The action of the State executives of Pennsylvania and Ohio toward sending troops and providing munitions, indicates the same energy with which the whole force is prepared for the crisis. The bugle has sounded, and there will be a rally to that old flag, from Maine to Texas.

The possession of a certain number of square miles of forts, more or less by the United States, the display of a certain number of stars more or less, are matters of comparatively small consequence. But the unpendous vital issue, whether a Constitution and government, which has cost a people dear, is to be, at pleasure, unjured and destroyed. Some salient to this will, implicable secessign, or any sanctity over a state secession, principle of constitutional government; or whether republicanism lost another name for every contingent anarchy."

THERE is a good deal of truth expressed in the following paragraph, which we clip from an exchange paper:—

"It is a curious fact that every a man so long as he is getting up in the world. A man starts out, and pays his butcher once a year, Let bad times come, and he has to meet bill will come in every morning, as regular as the morning and hungry children. Never plead guilty of poverty. So far as we are concerned, you had better admit that you are a counterfeiter.

On a certain portion of the Illinois prairies, corn is being used for fuel instead of coal, and it is found an excellent substitute. In the district referred to, corn is 12½ cents per bushel, and coal is 12 to 17 cents.—Not only is the difference in price in favor of the corn, but a bushel of it goes more heat than a bushel of coal.

COL. J. W. RIPLEY of the United States army, returned from Europe a few days since, and has been ready for service in defence of his country.

CHICAGO papers speak of the preparations in that city for very active business, and that they are more profitable ever known in the history of Western commerce.

THE latter purporting to come from a private on duty at Fort Sumter, stating there were four months' provisions in the fort, etc., was a hoax.

THE *Charleston Courier* my 80,000 on rol ed militia and 10,000 volunteers, ready for duty, could be readily be brought into the field by South Carolina. Beg!

SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS. This company of Apollo's noble followers, from the city of brotherly love, brand brimmed hats and steel chalked coats, opened their budget of fun before a large audience at Huntington Hall last evening, and succeeded in amusing the crowd pretty extensively. Their singing, though very fair, was "nothing to brag of," but their jokes—which were quaint somewhat freely from Artemus Ward—their political harangues upon the present state of the country, and their dramatic attitudes and exhibitions were excellent.—That living picture of the "Southern Confederacy" was inimitable, the more so from the fact that it was *so easily seen through*. Our reporial, brethren who have customers desirous of a "clean shave" would do well to learn from them the secret of "entire success." "Sam" announced that they would remain "another night or two" with us to the mills and select any pattern of bonnets they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of PATENT LEATHER just received from Massachusetts State Prison. Call and see them at the store in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, agent. mar29dif

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best carpets in the country. A large assortment always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and Boston prices. Orders from the country may be sent from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of PATENT LEATHER just received from Massachusetts State Prison. Call and see them at the store in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, agent. mar29dif

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WHEEL,

Containing a cutter, runs on last gauge and Tune Table of every Railroad in the United States, manufactured by the Subscriber. For sale at the Railroad and Steam-Boat Depot, Lowell, Mass. JOHN LLOYD. mar30d1m

FINGLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, which Mr. A. J. Gill is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

CARPETS. All the new patterns from Lowell and Boston manufactories reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A fine assortment, subject to no imperfections, such as clashing of colors, etc., constantly are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOULD CARPETS, Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar19 2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

C. S. Coburn,	DIRECTORS: D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. Hosford, Isaac Hale,
L. G. Berry,	Ezra Graves, F. T. Sherman.

Mutual Plan.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, and Stores. The business has now been under it this class. The present cash capital is \$11,370.36. The amount of risks in force is \$1,179,230. The aggregate of owners of village property, combined to make a safe, reliable and economical system of insurance. Applications, blanks, and rates are now at the office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over \$200,000. Risks taken on favorable terms. Other property not heretofore insured at current rates.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

D. P. SHERBURNE, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. 1y19

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up clean,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes no dust,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the above facts are warranted.

Also, Lehigh Coal, also, Franklin Coal, delivering milk to his customers on School Street, while attempting to jump into his wagon his horse became frightened by a colt running against it, and threw him to the ground.

CAUTION!

The subscribers in all the shippers of the iron and steel manufactured by them, and of the trade mark now in use thereon, viz: "I. R. & S. Warranted Cast Steel."

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against the counterfeiting of our trade mark, whereby if they hope to get the genuine article, as we have neither sold or shipped any Files to any party to Lowell, except our agent, MR. LYNDON BLODGETT, since Jan. 1, 1861.

IRVING & STEVENS,
Delaware City, Delaware Iron Works, Del.

Attwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All kinds of agents. See advertisement.

apr2 4w*

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at less than auction prices.

Lowell, Feb. 25, 1861.

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Blotches and Liver Complaints. Humors from a pimple to the worst putrid sores; Jaundice, Costiveness; Headache, Piles, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, &c. They are healing, purifying and invigorating, and will cure when all other remedies fail. Leave no trace of disease in the system, promote digestion, give strength, restore the skin to its natural clearness. Three bottles will cure the worst Blotch, or Humor in the system. Three bottles will cure the worst case of Dyspepsia. One bottle will make a strong and healthy appetite. Two bottles will cure the worst Headache and Dizziness. A week previous had hopes that she would recover. On Friday before her death, her symptoms were very much worse than they had been at any previous time. She had complained at times of a pressure or feeling of sinking at the pit of the stomach which was relieved with rhus. Gave the rhus in the same diluted state as other medicines. Gave none of the arsenic after the first day. She was very restless and slept but little nights. Looked for a change every seven days, the being worse on Monday or Tuesday. Have seen fevers run for sixty days at the South. Mr. Wilkins called for me on Saturday, the day of her death, about half-past four o'clock in the morning; left me and returned at six o'clock at night. Found her with vomiting and hiccough. Was present at the *post mortem* examination. Could not tell her cause of death. Have seen cases of hiccough in typhoid fever. Have not seen the stomach as a tonic, and called early in the morning, found her very much prostrated. She was prostrated by her vomiting and hiccough. Pulse rapid and feeble. She was sensible and thirsty.—Gave her stimulants and called again at eleven o'clock, and found she was sinking very fast. Gave her more stimulants. Nothing pleased her. Her vomiting was stopped at eight o'clock.—She went for quietly about two o'clock P. M., Saturday, and found her insensible, she having had two spasms. Stand there about dinner, about three o'clock. She was unconscious. Do not recollect of making the remark that I had given her a powerful remedy. Might have said that I had given her a powerful stimulus. Gave her brandy. Saw no unusual symptoms. Do not suppose that she was poisoned, or that she had taken anything, except what I had given her. Reported her as dying of typhoid fever. If she took poison it was within twenty-four hours of her death.—Mr. Wilkins informed me: Made up my mind in regard to her having typhoid fever, on the third day. Seen on Saturday morning to stop her vomiting. Her sudden vomiting was unexpected to me, nothing I could not account for; did not expect it, although it might possibly occur. If she had had arsenic in her system when I was first called, the arsenic that I gave her would not have stopped her vomiting. Miss Dower generally took the remedies given by me. Mrs. Wilkins was under my supervision in the case. She took no other powders by my consent; ordered them to be given by no other person. Was not informed that other things have been given her, and by medicine thrown aside. At the *post mortem* examination there was no visible appearance about her stomach. The appearance of inflammation, and the white arsenic prepared from the arsenic found in the drug stores. [The Doctor described the manner of preparing it, which reduced it to the smallest infinitesimal part of a grain by repeated dilutions.] This stopped her vomiting. The second day gave her pulsatilla and ipecac, in very small doses. Her symptoms were serofula and schyrrus in the stomach. Her symptoms after two or three days assumed the shape of typhoid fever. She improved every day for ten days: was not very much prostrated. Sim found fault because I would not give her more to eat. On the second Monday after I was called, her symptoms of fever were increased. The next day she was very comfortable, the fever having subsided. On Wednesday I noticed that her fever was increasing, and increased in the evening. When I left her food away, and changed her mode of treatment. Gave her *hiosa* and rhus and occasionally phosphorus. She died on Saturday. A week previous had hopes that she would recover. On Friday before her death, her symptoms were very much worse than they had been at any previous time. She had complained at times of a pressure feeling of sinking at the pit of the stomach which was relieved with rhus. Gave the rhus in the same diluted state as other medicines. Gave none of the arsenic after the first day. She was very restless and slept but little nights. Looked for a change every seven days, the being worse on Monday or Tuesday. Have seen fevers run for sixty days at the South. Mr. Wilkins called for me on Saturday, the day of her death, about half-past four o'clock in the morning; left me and returned at six o'clock at night. Found her with vomiting and hiccough. Was present at the *post mortem* examination. Could not tell her cause of death. Have seen cases of hiccough in typhoid fever. Have not seen the stomach as a tonic, and called early in the morning, found her very much prostrated. She was prostrated by her vomiting and hiccough. Pulse rapid and feeble. She was sensible and thirsty.—Gave her stimulants and called again at eleven o'clock, and found she was sinking very fast. Gave her more stimulants. Nothing pleased her. Her vomiting was stopped at eight o'clock.—She went for quietly about two o'clock P. M., Saturday, and found her insensible, she having had two spasms. Stand there about dinner, about three o'clock. She was unconscious. Do not recollect of making the remark that I had given her a powerful remedy. Might have said that I had given her a powerful stimulus. Gave her brandy. Saw no unusual symptoms. Do not suppose that she was poisoned, or that she had taken anything, except what I had given her. Reported her as dying of typhoid fever. If she took poison it was within twenty-four hours of her death.—Mr. Wilkins informed me: Made up my mind in regard to her having typhoid fever, on the third day. Seen on Saturday morning to stop her vomiting. Her sudden vomiting was unexpected to me, nothing I could not account for; did not expect it, although it might possibly occur. If she had had arsenic in her system when I was first called, the arsenic that I gave her would not have stopped her vomiting. Miss Dower generally took the remedies given by me. Mrs. Wilkins was under my supervision in the case. She took no other powders by my consent; ordered them to be given by no other person. Was not informed that other things have been given her, and by medicine thrown aside. At the *post mortem* examination there was no visible appearance about her stomach. The appearance of inflammation, and the white arsenic prepared from the arsenic found in the drug stores. [The Doctor described the manner of preparing it, which reduced it to the smallest infinitesimal part of a grain by repeated dilutions.] This stopped her vomiting. The second day gave her pulsatilla and ipecac,

FAMINE IN MISSISSIPPI. *The Brandon (Miss.) Republican* speaks in mournful tones of the suffering in its county. It says:

"There are hundreds of hard-working, honest men, who are almost entirely destitute, and who must suffer unless they get relief in some form. We have heard of a large number of men who have given up their crops and gone off to hunt work and get food for their families. If they had the means, they would leave their families and stock they could make a crop and pay for it the fall. These men do not want it given to them. They only want it on a credit until next fall. Our old friend, Hiram Greene, informs us that there is a great deal of destitution in his neighborhood, and that unless relief is afforded in the next ten days a number of men will have to be sent by force from those who have it. Major Hawkins has returned with 17,000 bushels of corn and 1000 bushels of potatoes, which will be a great relief for the present, but it will last but a few days. 100,000 bushels more are needed, and there is no money here to buy it with. Let those who are able give liberally of their means to purchase corn for the destitute, and let us be spared the spectacle of men willing to work, and then let those who are able to make it, send extra corn and notes to said agent, and let the agent proceed to Illinois, or some other favored land, and buy corn on credit."

DR. CHUNN, in a notice in the *Nashville Advocate* of a new book, says: "Some of our best men have been ruined by the use of tobacco in his snuff. "Some of them he has insisted upon it, have been ruined themselves become to her took up to it before they were unmountable by a thousand such cases before our eyes. Nothing pleases him more than to see a Sabata to write upon the Mediterranean Sea, or a Bonaparte, mind Napoleon, or a Dr. Polo for a pen, and two sternbles for the achievement of the task."

MR. BICKFORD, of New Bedford, has returned to the city, after seeing to service on board the cutter Aiken at Charleston. He says the soldiers at Charleston are mostly Northerners and foreigners.

ANOTHER CASE OF FEVER AND AGUE CURED.

☞ A few days ago we recorded an astonishing cure of Fever and Ague by the use of Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. We have since had it mentioned, viz. that of Mr. John Sharpe, of Pittsburgh, who was cured of the same disease that he had labored under a very severe attack of it for about two years, and was soon restored to the use of these Pills. Mr. Sharpe also states that he has since given them on observation, that the Liver Pills are the best for bilious complaints ever offered in his section of country.

Although long known as a sovereign remedy for chronic cases of Hepatic derangement, or disease of the Liver, Stomach and Digestive Organs, Dr. M'Lane's Pills, were not prepared for this purpose, but gratifying evidences of its general virtues in all bilious complaints, and in this respect, this invaluable medicine has exceeded the most sanguine expectations, and induces them to hope that it will be introduced into every family in the United States.

Be sure and be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, which I left, and refused to have the supervision in the case. She took no other powders by my consent; ordered them to be given by no other person. Was not informed that other things have been given her, and by medicine thrown aside. At the *post mortem* examination there was no visible appearance about her stomach. The appearance of inflammation, and the white arsenic prepared from the arsenic found in the drug stores. [The Doctor described the manner of preparing it, which reduced it to the smallest infinitesimal part of a grain by repeated dilutions.] This stopped her vomiting. The second day gave her pulsatilla and ipecac,

SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS. This company of Apollo's noble followers, from the city of brotherly love, brand brimmed hats and steel chalked coats, opened their budget of fun before a large audience at Huntington Hall last evening, and succeeded in amusing the crowd pretty extensively. Their singing, though very fair, was "nothing to brag of," but their jokes—which were quaint somewhat freely from Artemus Ward—their political harangues upon the present state of the country, and their dramatic attitudes and exhibitions were excellent.—That living picture of the "Southern Confederacy" was inimitable, the more so from the fact that it was *so easily seen through*. Our reporial, brethren who have customers desirous of a "clean shave" would do well to learn from them the secret of "entire success." "Sam" announced that they would remain "another night or two" with us to the mills and select any pattern of bonnets they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of PATENT LEATHER just received from Massachusetts State Prison. Call and see them at the store in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, agent. mar29dif

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WHEEL,

Containing a cutter, runs on last gauge and Tune Table of every Railroad in the United States, manufactured by the Subscriber. For sale at the Railroad and Steam-Boat Depot, Lowell, Mass. JOHN LLOYD. mar30d1m

THE TRUE DOCTRINE. The *New York World*, in an article on the attitude of the administration toward the seceding States, makes the following remarks, which will be endorsed by more than a majority of the people out of the rebellious districts:

"The action of the State executives of Pennsylvania and Ohio toward sending troops and providing munitions, indicates the same energy with which the whole force is prepared for the crisis. The bugle has sounded, and there will be a rally to that old flag, from Maine to Texas.

The possession of a certain number of square miles of forts, more or less by the United States, the display of a certain number of stars more or less, are matters of comparatively small consequence. But the unpendous vital issue, whether a Constitution and government, which has cost a people dear, is to be, at pleasure, injured and destroyed. Some salient to this will, implicable secessign, or any sanctity over a state secession, principle of constitutional government; or whether republicanism lost another name for every contingent anarchy."

THERE is a good deal of truth expressed in the following paragraph, which we clip from an exchange paper:—

"It is a curious fact that every a man so long as he is getting up in the world. A man starts out, and pays his butcher once a year, Let bad times come, and he has to meet bill will come in every morning, as regular as the morning and hungry children. Never plead guilty of poverty. So far as we are concerned, you had better admit that you are a counterfeiter.

On a certain portion of the Illinois prairies, corn is being used for fuel instead of coal, and it is found an excellent substitute. In the district referred to, corn is 12½ cents per bushel, and coal is 12 to 17 cents.—Not only is the difference in price in favor of the corn, but a bushel of it goes more heat than a bushel of coal.

COL. J. W. RIPLEY of the United States army, returned from Europe a few days since, and has been ready for service in defence of his country.

CHICAGO papers speak of the preparations in that city for very active business, and that they are more profitable ever known in the history of Western commerce.

THE latter purporting to come from a private on duty at Fort Sumter, stating there were four months' provisions in the fort, etc., was a hoax.

THE *Charleston Courier* my 80,000 on rol ed militia and 10,000 volunteers, ready for duty, could be readily be brought into the field by South Carolina. Beg!

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE, as heretofore, either in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Office second floor, up stairs from the Merrimack House.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Josiah G. Abbott,
Benjamin Perkins,	John Avery,
Albert H. Nesmith,	Walter Wells,
Joshua W. Tenney,	Alfred Gilman,
Leonard Huntress,	Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Bowers,	Samuel M. Hadley,
	Jonathan Tyler.
Alonzo A. Miner,	Abraham T. Lane,
Benjamin F. Bacon,	Jacob Bailey,
	Reuben P. Dennett.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary.

Office, 2d floor, Merrimack Building. (First floor) No. 33 1-2 Central, cor. Middle St., Lowell, April 25, 1860.

ÆTNA insurance Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,300,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies, with the property at their risks, are subject to no other responsible offices. Policies issued, and losses adjusted and paid at the office of the undersigned, 33 1-2 Central St., cor. of Middle.

NO ASSESSMENTS AND NO SCRIP.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. 1y1 2 Court, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend and Business Office,

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 9, 1860. 1y15 2 Court, Lowell.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 100 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation Assets, \$100,000.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 26-100 per cent.

The Company issues Policies insuring five hundred dollars on Real Estate worth \$1 per cent. more than amount insured, and Policies on Life, Endowments, Annuities and Survivorships.

Its security to Policy Holders.

Directors:

Theodore Lyman,	Frederick Sheldon,
Charles Stanton,	Henry Day, Brooklyn,
Robert L. Taylor,	Thomas Tileston,
Abner Bloodgood,	Ex-Governor of Connecticut,
Edward Haight,	Hon. Samuel Nelson,
John B. Kinsling,	Late Chief Justice Supreme
Gouverneur Kemble,	Court of the City of New York.
Samuel Hoffman,	Hon. Ira Harris,
Egbert Benson,	Late Senator of the State of New York.
	Hon. M. Hoyt,
	Ex-Member of Congress.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

Abraham T. Lane,
Secretary.

Reuben P. Dennett,
Actuary.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary, Lowell.

Office at Simonds's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dif

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, and the unparalleled success that it has met with is justly to be attributed to the fact that it surpasses in the requisites for a perfect machine, and is justly looked upon as a household treasure. It will do the whole family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and broadcloth, with equal facility and beauty, and all the innumerable ends to which female ingenuity has applied.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence over all others.

The following well known persons have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low-ell:—

J. B. Richardson,	H. Hosford,
J. A. Butterick,	Mrs. Ayer,
Mrs. Dr. Spalding,	Walter Wright,
E. Huntington,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
Mrs. Dr. Kittredge,	J. P. Folsom,
C. B. Coburn,	Mrs. Dr. Bell,
Mrs. Dr. Peabody,	Mrs. Dr. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant,	J. M. Peirce,
Mrs. Dr. Bell,	C. C. Bryan,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Mrs. Dr. Crosby,	Hon. L. Huntress,
A. R. Brown,	T. F. Blanchard,
Mrs. Dr. Bell,	Mrs. Dr. Shaw,
Mrs. Dr. Bell,	44 Merrimack Street.

The great English Remedy

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine—America is justly proud of its beautiful women—the envy of the world, for their health and beauty, should be used by every female who wishes to preserve her health and beauty. Sir JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS, have been used in private practice with the greatest success. They have been used in the Queen's family for many years, and have never been known to fail. Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue, Nervousness, Trembling, Hysterics, Fits, Giddiness, Loss of appetite, Hysteric, Sick Headache, Weakness and all the painful diseases of the female system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. *Moderating the system and removing obstructions, whether from cold or any other cause.* Suffer no more unnecessary or expensive, but try them. For full particulars get a pamphlet, free of charge.

N. B. \$1 & 5 postage stamps enclosed to any author; inclosed, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

All the genuine SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS are sold by Druggists.

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM!

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE BEAUTIFIER FOR

PIMPL

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Paper bills, Law blanks, Pamphlets, Circulars, Cards, Catalogues, Programmes, Town Reports, Newspapers,
Court Dockets, Bridges and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Wedding Cards, &c.
PANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at this Pioneer Zinc Mill is warranted to be ground in the best Old Loudon; hand Oil; and its superior quality is most Pure, Durable and Perfect. It is believed to be unsurpassed by any establishment in the world. All White Lead is packed in kegs, and marked "White Forest Pure." A Pamphlet Free.
The great body and capacity for covering of this Lead renders it cheaper in the consumer than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of the article will convince any practical chemist, painter or consumer, that it has a decided and very great advantage with it, over with any other Lead now offering to the public.
The General Agents, who personally superintended the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, connected with important improvements in the process of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article of unsurpassed excellence.
Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained of any Paint dealer in this region, or CHARLES B. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 5 Mechanics Building, Boston street, Lowell. ap16tf

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED!
A positive and specific remedy
FOR DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.
This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbent System, thereby inducing by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS deposition, and all URINARY DISEASES, ENLARGEMENTS are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION.
and in all
MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse,
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Flushing of the Body, Eruptions on the Face, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance, &c.
These symptoms, if allowed to progress, which this medicine invariably removes, soon induce
IMPOTENCY, EPILEPTIC FITS, and CONSUMPTION, IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE.
Having safe appetizers with which it is pleasant to supply the above direct to counteract the new tendency inclined into the system, we do not wish it to be understood that we claim to cure all at No. 28 Middle street and those of life always to be the case. WILLIAM HUTCHINS.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. 1y aug6dlm

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."
AND the greatest humbug of the day is the presentation of many individuals to sell Boots at very lower rates than they are now sold by the regular dealers in Boots and Shoes. The following prices of Boots for Christmas and New Year's Gifts or otherwise may be considered as a fair criterion, by Walter Baker & Co., 169 and 171 Washington street, Boston, viz: Whisker, Marvel, Jenny.
Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine dollar edition, great variety of Juvenile Books, for presents.
Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.
Also Cards, Lithographs, Song Sheet and Music.
Home and No Home—A Wife and a Way—Farmer's Boy and Forest Boy.
dec22 1m

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.
This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, &c.
Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.
IT STIMULATES, EXHILIRATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.
AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual in curing the most agravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.
It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.
Persons who, from the injudicious use of ilicquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that miserable curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, feel the happy and healthy influence and efficacy of Dr. Ham's invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
DOSE.—One wine glass full as often anmee as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the Most Distressing Fit of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the first dose the drooping spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are recommended to give it a trial by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.
NIGHTLY DISPATION.
Persons who, from dissipation keep much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors in violent headaches, sick stomach, nervous weakness, giddiness, &c., we will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.
Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit; two times a day for it will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities, and will restore the bloom of health and beauty to the careworn face.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the Invigorating Spirit in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts, $1.
General Depot, 46 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WORTH & GRIFFITH, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Rider, Jr., Frederick Bacon, W. H. French, Dr. M. F. Thompson, Douglass & Chenery, D. A. Stanley, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. 26529y1

Coal and Wood.
HARD and Soft Coal, Stoves, Coal, &c. ALL CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and PLASTERING, same, at wholesale as retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality at
No. 24 MIDDLE STREET.
Having safe arrangements with steam power to supply the above direct to purchasers at the new branch railroad into the centre of the city, we shall be found to wait of the above to call at No. 28 Middle street and No. 1 Railroad avenue. WILLIAM HUTCHINS.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. 1y aug6dlm

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success for a period of twenty years, and is known as to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of children. It is the result of the long years of its experience and study in the preparation of the food. It is particularly recommended for
For Children Teething;
And at this period of infantile life when your patience and sympathies are so frequently tried, you will find it the best remedy. It is found invaluable in relieving the
Pains, Sickness, Inflammation and Relaxed Bowels.
For Diarrhea attending Teething, Acidity of the Stomach, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Worms, Colic and Cold in the Head, we confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in every instance. Price 25 cts per bottle.
Explains the stomach and bowels, and is an important in this respect can hardly be estimated
In Convulsions,
from which many infants are said to die from fear any other cause, this Cordial will be found invaluable in the case of Fits. We feel that although the proprietor in placing it before the public, has not only had the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become "familiar as a household word." We now ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to every mother, that is, the health of her child.
Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial
Does not Constipate
the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the nerves, as is the case with many, but simply by its genuine medicinal qualities, by removing all pain and disease of disease, and by its soothing power, it therefore, in no time in procuring a bottle, that you will find it to be the best medicine for the purposes for which it is recommended. Price 25 cts. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Sole Proprietors, Middletown, New York
Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. The genuine can be had of all dealers in this city and vicinity.
Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Sole Proprietors, Middletown, New York
and sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists

MOTHERS
It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the use and names of infants arose chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels and as this complaint we present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, recently known as
DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success for a period of twenty years, and is known as to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of children. It is the result of the long years of its experience and study in the preparation of the food. It is particularly recommended for
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And at this period of infantile life when your patience and sympathies are so frequently tried, you will find it the best remedy. It is found invaluable in relieving the
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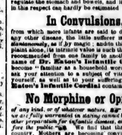
Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Sole Proprietors, Middletown, New York
and sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists



BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
1849 RESERVE
The established popularity of this Centre Cin Bourbon as a medicinal agent, and its superlative excellence in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskeys.
Being distilled in 1849, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon a strictly pure stimulant, and peculiarly effective for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Dyspepsia, Debility and Nervousness, &c.
As a curative agent it has a tendency to re-create and restore, while its delicious and exhilarating medicinal charm and enriched with a delicious flavor and an oily body, it affords a pleasant incentive to the appreciation or recovery of health, through the agency such medicine of a well pleased palate.
For sale by druggists and fancy grocers, in two-pound cases of one and two dozen bottles each, and also by all proprietors of saloons and eating houses generally.
A. M. BININGER & CO.
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.
For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., WILLIAM S. DAMRELL & CO., and by JOHN F. HAMILTON & CO., and by CHARLES H. HARRIS, CUTLER & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., STEPHEN DANIELS & CO., and by CHARLES H. MARSH & CO., DAVID & CO., and JAS. MACKINTIRE.
dec24 1y

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
AN
OLD
REMEDY
WHICH HAS
STOOD THE
TEST OF
YEARS.
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
"THE FIEND OF PAIN,"
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases, or in Internal Organs, "WILL WORK-MAGIC Relief! What a Great Blessing!"
Our active agents are sufferers in the
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDER, JR., Druggist and Apothecary, Lowell, and by all Druggists. Lowell; CLACK & SHERWOOD, Fall River; HOWARD & CO., and R. E. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.
G. E. BEALS & CO., Proprietors.
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861. 1y feb14

To get a good TEA SET, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get TOILET WARE, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
D. A. STANLEY & HAYNES',
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
dec19

ASTHMA
For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use
PENDER'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by B. SEYMOUR & CO., 197 NASSAU STREET, New York.
Price, 25 cents per box by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
Mar. 1860 1y mar14dly

New England Family
SEWING MACHINE.
A 7.17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever known to the people of Lowell. It is more superior to any other machine on account of its simple construction, and will sew from the finest gauze or gut cut or other than machines which are more complicated in their construction. This machine weighs but six and a half pounds, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with the hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in no thoroughly satisfactory manner every thing that stitch can do. It is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, as a personal invitation is given to
PRICE $10.
N. C. CARTER, Agent.
jan23 3m
BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
of
H. S. HAYNES,
WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Postoffice. dec19

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.
ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these Burring Machines in their first breakers, and none who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged by the only perfect machines in the first breakers and finishers, and are now in use in the largest woolen establishments in the country, being as useful as efficient, and as important in this respect can hardly be estimated.
OVER 1000 HOTTLS
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If D is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and may be taken by old or young, male or female, in all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
Sold by druggists generally. Orders to be forwarded expressly for DORTICATED CARB, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that's a warranted as represented in all cases, or the money will be cheerfully refunded.
Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 24 FORAFTER, CL. DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
If This Specialty embraces all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE. DR. MATTISON, M.D., is a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience, and has devoted his whole time to the treatment of these diseases. Communications by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines can be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Office hours from 9 o'clock A.M. to 9 P.M. Sundays excepted. Read and Write Book sent free of charge. Providence, R. I. dec24 1y

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly period in cases of the obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evils of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If D is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and may be taken by old or young, male or female, in all parts of the country.
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MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,
for Picking, Dusting, Burring and Cleaning Merino and other fine wools. It is further claimed that we supply the trade with the best Burr Picker that has ever been offered to the public, and that it will extract the Burr. The wool is combed open, and carefully and thoroughly separated from the burrs, burrs, without waste to the wool, or injury to the fibre and yet the Burr is left in a condition to be easily removed from the cards. Wool and Waste Dusting Machines, Burring and Cleaning Machines, Burr Pickers, &c., manufactured and for sale by
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.
dec19 1y

W. H. DEARDEN.
IMPORTER,
And dealer in
Crockery Ware,
No. 49 MERRIMACK STREET,
Corner of Merrimack and Prescott streets,
Lowell.
IT Has just received direct from manufacturers a new and fine assortment of
CUTLERY,
Comprising Cocoa, Horn, and Ivory handles—Buck, Pearl, Stag, and of quality and prices unsurpassed. Also on hand,
CHINA WARE
Of new and most beautiful shapes, consisting of White CHINA,
Edge and Line do.,
Gold Band do.,
Richly Decorated do.
A full assortment
—ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
Rich and Common VASES,
Rich FANCY GOODS,
Silver Plated SPOONS,
" FORKS,
" CASTORS,
Britannia " and
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE
in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit the tastes of all buyers.
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
49 Merrimack Street.
mar19 W. DEARDEN.

LOWELL
STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.
WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes. Steam Whistles and Gauges. All work done and generally used by engineers; contractor for heating buildings by steam or hot water a specialty. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest styles, constantly on hand.
Also, Agent for the Lowell Machine Co., and manufacturers. Selling low as can be bought in the State or vicinity. Also Chimney Tops, Ventilators, Flange remember.
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
50 MERRIMACK STREET.
oct6 W. DEARDEN.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money! A new without the investment of a dollar, how you can earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and be carried on by many who, until they learned the secret, were in the most abject poverty. Any one can make from $20 to $50 per week, and many do more than $100, and a few make over $200, and realize for which he gold the sum of $1,000. Now is the time to work. Now is the time to save from $5 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all the information, and the secret explained, sent by mail, post paid, for 25 cents. Address H. H. MARTIN & CO., Boston, Mass.
aug24

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal
NEVER before introduced to the New England market, a superior RANGE and GRATE COAL, mined by PLINY FISK, and sold by DENNETT & RADCLIFF, corner Moody and Tremont streets.
Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, for grates and furnaces. Red and White Ash Coals of the best quality, and Soft Coal for smiths, at the lowest cash prices.
Wood, dry sawed and split, at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.
Office, No. 1 Winter street, Periodical Depot, Post Office building.
aug6dlmw, &c., &c.

WAITING PAPER, Brown, Fine and Ink, for sale or purchased at E. S. HUNT'S Bookstore. Will pay more at better rates than at any other store.
sept18 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can IX not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at the Rubber Clothing Works, 17 Central st.
SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,
Warranted to light itself once each week
WITHOUT A MATCH!
Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
dec19

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S PATENT SELF-LIGHTING LAMPS, which is an important invention, and takes the place of a fine, and is warranted to light itself once each week without a match. Please to call and examine at 45 Merrimack st.
dec19

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

$2.00 $6.00
FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
oct12

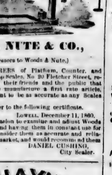
GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,
A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Salt Rheum sores and being combined to any industrial weeks last spring, I will sell this valuable remedy for $1 per bottle, or five bottles for $4. Call and get Compound."
79 Franklin st., Boston.
Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have used but one bottle and am entirely free from pain.
DANIEL CUSHING,
City Sealer.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-FREE
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Paper bills, Law blanks, Pamphlets, Circulars, Cards, Catalogues, Programmes, Town Reports, Newspapers,
Court Dockets, Bridges and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Wedding Cards, &c.
PANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl paper and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
Z. F. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute.)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Cotton or Lap Scales. No 20 Fletcher Street, on the Canal, Lowell, Mass. Having had many years experience in the business, they continue to manufacture a first rate article, which they warrant to be equal to any Scales in the market.
Having had occasion to examine many of the Scales manufactured by the above firm, I can recommend them to the public as being correct.
DANIEL CUSHING,
City Sealer.
Lowell, Aug. 23, 1859. aug23—1y

H. S. HAYNES


Has received from
T. & B. BOOTE, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, for DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for the country trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, recently made and packed by the makers, and will arrive from the English and American Steamers in a few days, and will be offered at low prices.
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to mention.
The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which we have been selling at reasonable prices, and is now varied, that all can be suited, both in style and
HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to call and examine my large stock, which is complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase will find examining my stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment before they buy, as I am sure I can interest them in my other market.
Remember the place, it will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and will greatly contribute to sell them to you.
Just keep in mind two things—that the best assortments and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
H. S. HAYNES.
45 Merrimack st.
(Near the Post Office.)

New Piano Forte Rooms.
CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO,

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale at the
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories, Lowell.
All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Music and Instruments Boxes. Sheet Music, &c.
Also, Agent for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., &c., &c.
jan1dtf

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.
The ready Yam by Soap Maker. A Universal Cleaner for Washing Clothes, Scouring Floors, Paint, &c. &c.
One box costs $5 cts.
" 4 " " 1.00
Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of Soap, and from
Recipe for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by mail to any address.
DEPOT OF COMPANY,
No. 53 Central street, Lowell.
The Saponifier can be had of any country storekeeper in the County.
May, 1860. may1dly

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, with Glass Globes, Chimneys, Burners, and Fixtures complete. Also, a large assortment of Lamps, Shades, Globes, Chimneys, Burners, and Fixtures complete. Also a new style for factory use, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil, by the barrel and half barrel, at the lowest cash prices.
Please call and examine the stock at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.
oct26

Perfumery.
BOND THE PEOPLE'S Perfumes. Portfreuil, Seal's assortment of Lubin's Extracts, for sale by S. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John Sts. dec27

Holmbold's Genuine Preparation
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov17

BUCKWHEAT MEAL.
10 Tons Buckwheat Meal for sale very low by SAMUEL N. WOOD
43 Market street.

SPECTACLES.—A new lot of Steel Bands adapted to all Eyes received this day and for sale cheap at SANBORN'S, Old Post Office Corner.
nov29

THE PRINTER BOY,
Or how he learned to spell, a charming book for the young. For sale by JUDKINS, 3 John street.
jan3

SULPHITE OF LIME, for arresting fermentation for sale by S. RIDER, Jr.
nov22

GOLDEN SALVE
Is purely a vegetable preparation, each ingredient of which possesses great healing virtues. The secret of its preparation was obtained from a celebrated Indian Doctor. It is for sale by dealers generally, who have used it more than 30 years with great success. It is warranted to cure Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Piles, Corns, Bunions, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Felons, Boils, Sore Breasts, Chapped Hands, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Swellings, Rheumatism, Frost Bites, Tetter, Barber's Itch, Ringworm, Chronic Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Nipples, Sore Heads, Scrofula, Sore Throat, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Fever Blisters, Sore Legs, Old Wounds, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Earache, Sore Feet, Chilblains, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Female Weakness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Tumors, Cancers, Erysipelas, Pimples, Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Piles, Fever and Ague, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Humors, Bad Digestion, Weak Stomach, Biliousness, Female Irregularities, &c. &c. Price 25 cts. per box. For sale by druggists generally.
GOLDEN SALVE CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Middletown, Conn.
For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Rider, Jr., Frederick Bacon, W. H. French, Dr. M. F. Thompson, Douglass & Chenery, D. A. Stanley, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country.
dec24 1y

A. T. NUTE & CO.,
(Successors to Woods & Nute.)
MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Cotton or Lap Scales. No 20 Fletcher Street, on the Canal, Lowell, Mass. Having had many years experience in the business, they continue to manufacture a first rate article, which they warrant to be equal to any Scales in the market.
Having had occasion to examine many of the Scales manufactured by the above firm, I can recommend them to the public as being correct.
DANIEL CUSHING,
City Sealer.
Lowell, Aug. 23, 1859. aug23—1y

H. S. HAYNES
Has received from
T. & B. BOOTE, England,
Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, for DINNER AND TOILET WARE. Also, Common Ware of all descriptions for the country trade. These goods are of the very best quality and shapes, recently made and packed by the makers, and will arrive from the English and American Steamers in a few days, and will be offered at low prices.
Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Brittania Ware, Table Mats, Lamps,
and many other articles too numerous to mention.
The above goods were manufactured to order, and added to my old stock, which we have been selling at reasonable prices, and is now varied, that all can be suited, both in style and
HOUSE-KEEPERS and others are invited to call and examine my large stock, which is complete in every department. Merchants wishing to purchase will find examining my stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment before they buy, as I am sure I can interest them in my other market.
Remember the place, it will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and will greatly contribute to sell them to you.
Just keep in mind two things—that the best assortments and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
H. S. HAYNES.
45 Merrimack st.
(Near the Post Office.)

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
The subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONEY,
Which he has now ready for inspection—particularly.
sept22tf DON'MOUNEY.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

A NOTHER lot of choice Ballads now on hand at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store.
Falling Away—The Voice of a Departing Soul—Here's a health to woman dear—She gave me a rose.
mar21

FOR SALE.
300 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,
SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
sept12

DIXIE'S LAND, with Variation by Ch. Grobes, for sale at
No. 17 Central street.

BUSINESS CARDS
CITY HALL
Clothing and Furnishing Store.
GILMAN & BURBANK,
No. 156 (City Hall Building) Merrimack St.,
DEALERS IN
CLOTHS, CLOTHING,
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
HATS, CAPS AND UMBRELLAS, SILK, COTTON AND WOOL HANDKERCHIEFS, BOSOMS, COLLARS AND TIES, CRAVATS AND STOCKS AND THEIR MANUFACTURE, SUSPENDERS, HOSE AND SHIRTS.
Dress, Frock Jack and Overcoats, Pants and Vests made to order, and warranted to fit.
The Proprietors have always on hand the largest assortment of Cloths, Doeskins, and Vestings at this Establishment will always be of the finest quality, and of the latest patterns.
jan5—1y

C. B. COBURN & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
SPERM, WHALE, LARD AND LINSEED OILS; POTATO, WHEAT AND CORN STARCH;
Also Manufacturers of Lard, Linseed, Palm, Tallow, and all kinds of Manufacturers' Supplies.
PAINTS, VARNISHES, &c.
Nos. 4 & 5 Mechanics' Building, Boston St.
LOWELL.
C. B. COBURN. jan16 C. F. HUNT.

ITHAMAR W. BEARD,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office Masonic Block, 45 Central street,
LOWELL, MASS.
1y26

L. B. RICHARDSON,

BROKER.
OFFICE — No. 80 CENTRAL STREET,
Near the American House,
LOWELL, MASS.
IT Money to Loan on Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, Plated Ware, Boots, Shoes, Carriages, Harnesses, &c. &c.
IT Also, Agent for EZRA HOLT'S repaired and warranted
IT Kossuth, Western and Canada Money bought.
IT The BEST Lowell Watch Glass inserted for 15 cents.
IT Agent for all kinds of Unredeemed Property for sale CHEAP.
jy14tf

S. W. ATWOOD,
WATCH MAKER,
WITH L. B. RICHARDSON,
NO. 80 CENTRAL STREET,
LOWELL, MASS.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.
Engraving neatly executed. jy14dtf

S. RICHARDSON'S
OYSTER AND REFRESHMENT SALON,
16 and 19 Merrimack Street,
(two doors above the Merrimack House,) LOWELL.
SERVED AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY.
Corned Beef, Ham Chicken, Pies, Cakes, Fruits, Confectionery, Segars, Tobacco, &c.
CLAM CHOWDER every Saturday.
Parties supplied with Oysters, Lemonade, Ices. Families supplied with Oysters by the quart or gallon.
Lowell, 1861. 1y jan1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 53 Central st., Lowell, Mass. no16

CUSHING & MACK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
STOVES, FURNACES, &c. &c.
Basement Story of 51 Universalist Church, Market st.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.,
DEALERS IN
DYE WOODS AND CHEMICALS,
No. 29 Market Square, Lowell.
C. P. TALBO

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, April 13, 1861.

THE WAR BEGUN. By the accounts which we elsewhere publish, it will be seen that hostilities have actually been commenced by the rebels of the Southern States. There is now no longer a doubt as to their purpose, or as to the duty of the National Administration. The accounts thus far give no details by which it can be judged which party has the advantage yesterday, although the despatches are undoubtedly colored by the telegraph operators at Charleston. The success in this conflict, one way or the other, does not end the matter. Government has undertaken to supply its starving soldiers with provisions, when the traitors make it the excuse for the commencement of hostilities. This was expected, and probably ample preparations have been made for it. No serious person will doubt the right of the Government to put down the rebellion, and no one will doubt that it is able to do so.—We hope and pray that there will be no delay or child's play in this matter. Maj. Anderson, it is believed, can sustain himself till succored by the Government, but should he be compelled to surrender, the victory will be a dear one, and will by no means end the contest. The greatest anxiety is felt in the matter by all we meet, and the hopes of all are that Mr. Lincoln has not sent a fleet to Charleston that will be thwarted in its purposes.

As we go to press, we can get no further intelligence respecting the bombardment than contained in the despatches this morning. It is not impossible that the whole affair is bogus news, or that it is premature. Despatches of the character of these were sent to Washington some days ago.

POSTMASTER APPOINTED. It was announced yesterday afternoon, by despatch-es to the Boston press and to individuals in this city, that John A. Goodwin, Esq., had received the appointment of Postmaster of Lowell. This announcement was of course gratifying to many, while some were displeased, and still others indifferent as to the matter. There has been a great deal of feeling in Lowell respecting this office, and we are glad that the matter is settled. Mr. Goodwin is abundantly qualified for the duties of the office, and we believe he will make an excellent postmaster, and there are few who will not join us in this opinion. It would have been a matter quite impossible for selection of a Postmaster for the office who would have suited every one, and we doubt if the friends of the several prominent candidates are disappointed at the result; as Mr. Goodwin has had the "inside track" from the start.—When he is installed in office, we are confident he will use every means at his command to accommodate, in the best possible manner, our citizens in all things relating to their postal affairs. We have no doubt the department of Mr. Goodwin, under the many congratulations already given him on this occasion, will be creditable to himself and gratifying to his friends.

PENNSYLVANIA PREPARING. A bill has passed the Pennsylvania Legislature, appropriating half a million of dollars for arming and equipping the militia of that State, and Governor Curtin has issued a call All the Democrats of both houses voted against the bill. The bill appropriates a million to arm and equip the militia, and authorizes a temporary loan. It also provides for the appointment of an Adjutant General, Commissary General and Quarter-master General, who, with the Governor, have power to carry the act into effect.

HON. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS has been invited to a public dinner by the citizens of Boston, previous to his leaving to enter upon the duties of the office of Minister to the Court of St. James. The correspondence is published in the Boston papers this morning, and Mr. Adams, owing to the constant demand upon his time and attention during the interval between the reception of the invitation and the time of leaving, is compelled to decline the invitation.

MRS. SARAH LOCKE has obtained a habeas corpus from a New York court to obtain possession of her husband, a minor, of whose custody she is deprived by his father. As the courts usually give the possession of minors in such cases to the party who can give the care most required by them, the motherly care of the wife may be deemed the best advantage to him.

PREDICTED TWENTY-FOUR YEARS AGO.—It is a remarkable fact that the present secession movement was foreshadowed just as it has occ rred in a work called the "Partisan Leader," attributed to the pen of Judge Upshur, of Virginia, who was killed by the bursting of the Vesuvius gun. In that work, under the guise of a novel, it was predicted that precisely what has occurred. The Gulf States, it was described, had acceded in consequence of the election of a Northern President, and the Virginia and other border States were about following suit. As attempts was made to form treaties with foreign nations, and free trade was established, which gave the South an unexampled career of prosperity. The current of events twenty four years later has greatly more than realized the form of fulfilled facts.—*Richmond Despatch.*

"THE TRAPS FOR YOUNG MEN." The address on the fourth page of to-day's paper is particularly worthy of attention. We shall probably give a discourse in our next, by some one of the clergymen of Lowell, but learning one this week we have selected something that all may read with equal profit and interest—particularly young men, for whom it is especially designed.

The following appointments for New England, were made by the President yesterday:—Chas. A. Phelps, Surveyor of Boston, in place of Hector Webster, who was removed at the request of the Massachusetts Congressional delegation. Richard rd. Dana, District Attorney, and John S. Keyes, Marshal of Massachusetts. John A. Goodwin, Postmaster at Lowell; C. B. Baldwin, Marshal, and Geo. Howe, District Attorney of Vermont.

WAR BEGUN!

THE SOUTH FIRES THE FIRST GUN, AND IS THE AGGRESSOR.

The intelligence from Charleston this morning announces, what was not unexpected, that Fort Sumter has been attacked, and every effort is to be made to reduce it. The despatches open with the telegraphic correspondence between the South-ern war department at Montgomery and Gen. Beauregard, which resulted in an order to take the fort from Lt. P. Walker, Secretary of War, that if Major Anderson would state the time at which he would evacuate, and agree not to use his guns against them unless theirs in the meantime should be employed against Sumter, he was thereby authorized to prevent the effusion of blood. But in case of refusal he was to be reduced. Major Anderson of course refused to evacuate, and the batteries on Sullivan's Island, Morris Island and at other points opened on Fort Sumter at 4 o'clock this morning. Fort Sumter returned the fire during the day.

The following are the several dispatches received last night by the Boston press:—

SECOND DESPATCH. *Charleston, April 12th.* The ball has opened. War is inaugurated. The batteries at Sullivan's Island, Morris Island and at other points opened on Fort Sumter at 4 o'clock this morning. Fort Sumter has returned the fire, and a brisk cannonading has been kept up. No information has been received from the seaboard as yet. The military are under arms, and the whole population is in the streets. Every available space facing the harbor is filled with anxious spectators.

THIRD DESPATCH. *Charleston, April 12th.* The firing has continued all day from Fort Sumter. Not a gun of Fort Sumter's guns have been silenced, and it is reported that a breach has been made in the South-east wall.

The answer to Gen. Beauregard's demand by Major Anderson was that he would surrender when his supplies were exhausted, if he was not reinforced. Not to actually has yet happened to any of the forces of 19 batteries, only 7 had been opened on Fort Sumter, the remainder are held in reserve for the expected fleet. Two thousand men reached the city this morning and embarked for Morris Island and neighborhood.

FOURTH DESPATCH. *Charleston, April 12th.* The bombardment of Fort Sumter continues. The floating battery and Stevens's battery are being made ready. Not a gun of Fort Sumter is returning the fire. It is reported that three war vessels are outside the bar.

FIFTH DESPATCH. *Charleston, April 12.* The firing has ceased for the night, to be resumed at daylight in the morning. Nothing has been done to reinforce Fort Sumter, to repel which ample arrangements have been made.

Only two men were wounded during the day.

The Pawnee, Harriet Lane and another steamer are reported off the bar.

Troops are arriving by every train.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE AFFAIR.—*New York, April 13th, 3 A. M.* The following special despatch from Charleston says Fort Moultrie began the bombardment with the first shot fired at Major Anderson replied with three shots from his barbette guns after which the batteries at Morris Island, Fort Cummings' Point, and the floating battery opened a brisk fire with shot and shell. Major Anderson replied only at long intervals, until between 7 and 8 o'clock, when he opened on the two lines of fire. The spirit waving toward Fort Moultrie and Steven's battery, but it 8 o'clock had failed to produce any serious effect. During the greater part of the day, Major Anderson directed his shot principally against Fort Moultrie, the Stevens and the floating battery, and Fort Johnson, they being the only guns operating against him. Only five or eighteen shot struck the floating battery without effect, breaches in the sand bags being made in the sides of Fort Sumter exposed to the fire. Portions of the parapet were damaged, and several gans have been shot away. The fight will be continued all night. The fort will probably be carried by storm.

It is reported that the Harriet Lane has received a shot through her wheel-house. She is in the offing. No other government ship in sight.

Troops are pouring into the city by thousands, and all business is suspended.

Steamer Isa Uncle has arrived with a detachment of the 9th, 10 miles south of Harbor Island mouth.

A special dispatch from Washington to the *Commercial* says the President to-day expressed confidence that the supply ship will be permitted by the Charleston authorities to land stores at Fort Sumter at 6.30 *P. M.*—A despatch from the agent of the Associated Press at Charleston says he has not commenced, pending the fighting is proceeding.

The following is a special dispatch to the *Herald* from the same:—

Six o'clock, evening. Despatches from the shore this afternoon state that two men have been wounded. On Sullivan's Island quite a number have been struck by spent pieces of shell and knocked down, but none hurt seriously.

Three ships are visible in the offing, and it is believed that attempts will be made to night to throw reinforcements into Fort Sumter by boats. It is also thought from the regular and repeated firing of Major Anderson that he has a much larger force of men than was supposed. There have been two rain storms to day, but they had no effect upon the firing.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE OF ST. JOHN'S CHURCH. Arrangements are being made to lay the corner stone of the new Episcopal Church, which is to be erected this season on the corner of Merrimack Street, on Gorham Street, Monday forenoon, at 10 o'clock. The stone is to be laid with Masonic ceremonies, as has been the case in several other instances in this city, Pentucket and Ancient York Lodges, Mount Horeb Royal Arch Chapter, and Pilgrim Encampment will take part. The last named with the Brigade Band, will do escort duty. Rev. Dr. Randall, pastor of the Church of the Messiah, in Boston, will conduct the services.

FATAL ACCIDENT. Last Thursday afternoon, as old gentleman named Robert Simpson, of Pelham, N. H., while hoisting from this city met with an accident which resulted in his death. He was in company with one or two other persons, but in attempting to get out of the carriage, he reached forward to take hold of the railing, when from some cause he lost his balance, and pitched forward to the ground. Striking upon his head, his neck broke, and death soon followed. He was about seventy five years of age.

The business in the Police Court this forenoon was almost entirely confined to continued cases, and the offending parties, we believe, were without an exception defendants.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

THE Monthly Lecture in the South Congregational Church (Rev. Mr. Brooks), M. will be delivered on Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject: Physical Education.

MAJ. M. E. STRONG will occupy the desk at Trinity Church in the morning and afternoon, at the usual hours of church service.

PILGRIM ENCAMPMENT.

[OFFICIAL ORDER NO. 13, 1861.

The members of *Pilgrim Encampment of Knights Templar* will assemble at their asylum, on Sunday morning, April 14, 1861, at 9 o'clock, to fall regalia, for the purpose of attending divine service in the Lecture Room of St. John's Episcopal Church.

By order of WILLIAM W. BRIGGS, Recorder.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST. The jury met again yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The room was crowded, mostly with ladies. After consultation, it was decided that the inquest should not be public, and of course the audience was excluded. The witnesses were examined separately, only the one on examination being allowed in the room.—The first witness, Miss Anna A. Dower, the nurse, was on examination nearly four hours.

TESTIMONY OF MISS ANNA A. DOWER.

I have been a nurse for eight years; have been in Lowell for five years, with short intervals. Am a native of Calais, Maine. Went to St. Albans two years ago the 14th of next July. Went there to nurse Mrs. Wilkins. Was previously acquainted with Mrs. Wilkins. Had only seen her with a Mrs. Grant previous to that time. Have made my home at Mrs. Wilkins' when not out nursing. Went to Boston the 27th of last June. Came back to Lowell, and went to Mr. Wilkins' house in August, by invitation of Mrs. Wilkins. I was at Mr. Wilkins' when she was taken sick. I had a sickness during the winter. She was sick about five weeks before her death. Mrs. Wilkins had a spiritualist, as was her sister, Miss Foss. She first employed her. Mrs. Wilkins was taken sick Monday night, and the next morning she wanted an emetic, which I gave her. The next day the witness said that she was called a spiritual lawyer. Her sister, Miss Foss, came on Thursday morning, and went into an unoccupied room state and told Mrs. Wilkins that she had ulcers in the stomach and bowels. Mrs. Wilkins and sent him for the Doctor. He called in the afternoon, and left two or three doses. One looked like salts, and the other was not vomited for two or three days except to throw up the pill on Thursday night.—She vomited three or four times from four to seven o'clock, and she was very restless until twelve o'clock. At twelve o'clock on Friday night, parties commenced. A little before twelve o'clock, I called Mr

RELIGIOUS.

"ONLY WAITING."

Only waiting till the shadows
Are a little longer grown,
Only waiting till the glimmer
Of the day is waning down;
Till the night of earth is faded
From the heart, once full of day;
Till the stars of Heaven are breaking
Through the twilight soft and gray.

Only waiting till the reapers
Have the last sheaf gathered home;
For the Husbandman is fitted
And the Autumn woods have come.
Quickly reapers! gather quickly
The last ripe hours of my heart,
For lo, "now or never" hurried
And I haste to depart.

Only waiting at the angels
Open wide the mystic gate,
At whose feet I shall be whispered,
"Enter now and rest from weight."
Only hear your tardy footsteps
And then cease to hear at all;
If they call me, I am waiting,
Only waiting to obey.

Only waiting till the shadows
Are a little longer grown;
Only waiting till the glimmer
Of the day's last beam is flown;
Then from out the gathering darkness
Holy, heathless stars shall rise,
By whose light my soul shall gladly
Tread its pathway to the skies.

ASLEEP.

BY FLORENCE PERCY.

The sheep at last—a soft, drowsy slumber,
After a weary night of pain and woe,
Within knowingly silently her head I number
The still hours passing slow.

All the night long, mostly and unknowing,
We watched upon the dial time's dark flight,
Guessing the hours of darkness and of morning
And waiting for the light.

And now she sleeps—in fancied rest—her fashes
No more across her brow; the eye is hid
Beneath the golden shade of the lashes
Fringing the drooping lid.

She sleeps: ye sons and all the hours light falling,
Or bush your breath above her rest to bow—
All morning sorry of sound of hurry and calling
Can break her slumber now.

Nay, shudder not to think how icy fingers,
And feet that ever bore you no false breath creep,
Heart not that ever beat for you shall linger—
God I not say "She sleeps"?

No more for life the weary sufferer sorrows,
Robbed ere she knew it poor mortality, the lip's low
She sleeps—she sleeps with the good Father giveth
His best beloved ones.

"Traps for the Young Man."

AN ADDRESS.

BY REV. ALFRED TAYLOR:

Delivered to the Young Men's Christian Association of Philadelphia, January 23rd, 1861.

I address to-night young men, most of whom are engaged for themselves in some way, in gaining a livelihood. Some of you who have set out on the work of life, some, expecting to find everything easy; some, almost despairing at the difficulties which already present themselves. Some, confident in their own ability to carry themselves through; some trusting God for the grace and necessary strength.—Some, too wise in their own esteem to listen to any suggestion for their guidance; some, glad to hear the word of advice, and to receive it as its meant.

It is a privilege to work for your living. If you have some fixed occupation, which you have hard work to do, you are happier than if somebody had left you several hundred thousand dollars, and you had a life in indolence and effeminacy.—Your ability and disposition to work are your capital—a capital which will make you a thousand fold happier than wealth for which you have put forth no effort. You value what you earn for yourself vastly more than what somebody else earned and bequeathed to you.

But we must travel cautiously, as we labor on our way. Traps are set for us.—They await us at every step, and are of every kind. Traps visible and invisible.—Street traps into which we thrust an unwary member, and from which we escape mangled and bleeding. Traps like the sugar-covered poison which we give about our houses to destroy vermin, none the less deadly because sweet to the taste. Traps whose end is better expressed by a two-edged sword," into which the "young, void of understanding," rushes, "as a bird hasteth to the snare, and knoweth not that it is for his life."

Some people think they must tamper and tinker with every temptation that assails them. They must examine every trap set for them, and see if it really catch them. They want what they call "experience." They try the trap. They are caught in it. They get experience. They carry their experience to their deathbed, if, indeed, it does not carry them there. The only safe plan is to determine, in God's strength, to avoid what you can avoid; to conquer what you must meet, and grapple with. You wouldn't stop to parley with a highwayman on a dark night, to discover whether he is a highwayman or not. You don't examine his pistols to see whether they are loaded to the muzzle, or only contain one shot. You don't try the sharpness of the blade, which he may attempt to run you through; nor do you measure its length. With all the speed you can muster, you get out of his way, and that with no fear of being called a coward. You don't try all the mixture of the apothecary's shop to satisfy yourself as to their power to destroy life. Common sense warns you against tasting the contents of a vial or tin which the man of drugs has ticketed with a skull and crossbones. As you warn it, you feel to brace up to "nerve yourself every grain of it.

Listen to a few minutes' very plain talk about the traps which are set for you.

There is the LOTTERY TRAP. We are all apt to fall into it. Man is not constitutionally industrious. Few of us work for more than the work itself. The young man who is above work, generally falls into this trap as his first step. He would be called a "gentleman," and to earn the name he put on what he judges to be the gentleman's apparel. His idea of beauty is that of the most recent prizefighter. His hat tilted on one side; his mouth a chimney for the exit of offensive smoke; his lips stained with noxious yellow juice, when he dominates liberally over the pavement, steamboat and railroad car; his gait a swagger; his clothes well made, for unpaid for; his ornaments from the "gift bookstore," where he bought "literature" and got the finery thrown in; his conversation low twattle, or perhaps profanity and blasphemy, his company those of like appearance and behavior. He has "expectations," and therefore he need not work. There is a "good thing coming," he says. Ah! if he keeps on his course, he will get no benefit of it when it comes. There will be no "good thing" for him. He is of no use to society; he is a "social evil."

Young man, do you want to be a vagabond for life? Do you want to be a disgrace to yourself and your friends? If you want to waste the time and talents God gave you for good, no matter what filth they may have passed through. You will practice lying because it pays; you will hesitate at nothing that accomplishes your ends; you will advertise "great bargains" when you know you are selling goods improperly worded, would read "great swindles;" you will offer to cure all known and unknown diseases by the shallowest compound which you will puff under some classical name or with a flourish of trumpets; you will put your talents to every base use, and that with no fear of being called a coward. You don't try all the mixture of the apothecary's shop to satisfy yourself as to their power to destroy life. Common sense warns you against tasting the contents of a vial or tin which the man of drugs has ticketed with a skull and crossbones. As you warn it, you feel to brace up to "nerve yourself every grain of it.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, April 15, 1861.

We have elsewhere given as detailed an account of the bombardment and surrender of Fort Sumter, as can well be gathered from the despatches, which have been sent from Charleston, of course somewhat colored in favor of the South. With others, we deeply deplore the fact that hostilities have commenced between the Southern traitors and the General Government. The Boston evening papers of Saturday, were seized with avidity, the various periodical depots being besieged by crowds long after their supplies of papers were exhausted. A telegraphic dispatch to the effect that Fort Sumter had surrendered, was received Saturday evening, but was not believed. We made arrangements to have telegraphic dispatches yesterday at noon, and from them, and the meeting and counting-room was thronged with anxious inquirers after news. The dispatches relating to the surrender of Maj. Anderson, were read to the crowd, and were received with sorrow, although but few would believe more than half that was reported. In nearly all our churches, if not in all, prayers appropriate to the occasion were offered, during the morning service, and all felt much impressed with the magnitude of the events that were transpiring.

This morning the Boston papers were snatched as soon as received at the depot. The proclamation of the President is received with favor by everybody, and all with whom we have conversed express that the Government must be sustained, and the traitors punished for their treason. The various military companies have meeting this evening, and at least a part will be evinced of readiness to aid in upholding the President, by volunteering their services if necessary.

HORSE TROTS IN PROSPECT. Young Morrill, of Manchester, N. H., has been matched for three trots with Flyaway, of Taunton, Mass. The trot will take place at Saugus on the 21st of next month, for a purse of $1000—$500 on a side; best three in five. Two other trots are to come off, May 25th and 31st, each also for $500 a side, at the same place—the first will be in wagons. Young Morrill is owned by Mr. Silas C. Manchester, and Flyaway by Mr. Thornton, of Taunton.

GOOD PRICE IN RHODE ISLAND. The *Providence Post*, of April 12th, says that Gov. Sprague has telegraphed to the President, offering for the defence of the national capital, the Providence Marine Artillery, and one thousand infantry, commanded by the Governor in person.—Rhode Island and her Governor are worthy of each other, and of the principles which they are prompt to support, in the field as well as in the council.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. The April term of this Court will come in to-morrow at 9 o'clock; Judge Bigelow, of Springfield, will hold this term of court. Criminal trials will commence till Wednesday morning, but the trial list will be called and so adjusted as to cut the various parties having suits pending in this court.

FROM MONTGOMERY. The despatches from Montgomery are dated Saturday.—Maj. Chalmers had arrived there with Lieut. Reed Warden of the navy, as a prisoner of war. He was bearer of despatches to Fort Pickens and to the fleet off Pensacola. He has been compelled to give up all the Secretary of War's despatches from Lieut. Slemmer to the government at Washington. He violated his promise to report to General Bragg, and carried in secret despatches to Fort Pickens, showing to Gen. Bragg other despatches, and failing to report himself on his return.

Despatches from Governor Pickens to the Secretary of War were read by the Secretary of the War Department from the executive building, in the presence of Jefferson Davis and his cabinet. Seven guns were fired in honor of the victory, and there was great rejoicing.

According to a despatch in the *New York Herald* the Secretary of the War Department in his speech said—"Let them try the Southern chivalry, and test the strength of Southern resources, and if the Confederate flag might eventually wave over Faneuil Hall itself."

FATHER KEMP and his family, with the business agent of the "Old Folks," have returned from England, having closed their connection with the company. Mr. H. G. Field, formerly of the Massachusetts Old Folks, has been chosen leader of the company, and they propose to remain away a year or two longer.

THE BATTLE AT CHARLESTON!!

MAJ. ANDERSON SURRENDERS

FORT SUMTER!

THE WOOD WORK OF

THE FORT BURNED!

The News at Washington!!

THE FEELING IN THE DIFFERENT STATES!!

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

75,000 VOLUNTEERS

CALLED FOR!

Extra Session of Congress!

The latest intelligence in our paper of Saturday from Charleston was dated Friday evening, 8X o'clock. The fire was kept up on Fort Sumter, at intervals of twenty minutes, all night. Major Anderson replied as constantly as possible with his heavy guns during the day, but at six o'clock ceased, and all night he was engaged in repairing damages. At nine o'clock on Saturday morning, a dense smoke rose from Sumter, indicating that the wood work was on fire. The batteries of Sullivan's Island, Cumming's Point, and Stevens's battery poured shot and shell into Fort Sumter with terrible effect. At 1 P. M., the whole nineteen batteries were playing upon Sumter, which replied vigorously. The entire roof of the barracks in the fort were at one time on fire, and there were several explosions during the afternoon. A raft was put out by Major Anderson and men were employed to ball water with which to extinguish the fire, according to the facts from Fort Sumter. With the display of a flag of truce from the ramparts of Fort Sumter, at half past 1 o'clock, the firing ceased, and an unconditional surrender was made. After May-Anderson's flag staff was shot away, Lieut. Col. Wigfall, one of Gen Beauregard's Aids, went to Fort Sumter with a white flag, to offer assistance in extinguishing the flames. He approached the burning fortress from Sullivan's Island, while the fire was raging on all sides, and effected a landing at Fort Sumter. He approached a port hole and was met by Major Anderson. The latter said he had displayed a white flag, but that the firing from the South Carolina batteries was kept up, nevertheless. Col. Wigfall replied that Major Anderson must haul down the American flag—that no parley would be granted, and that "surrender or fight" was the only alternative. Major Anderson then hauled down the American flag and displayed a flag of truce. All firing immediately ceased. Two aids-de-camp of General Beauregard's staff and Ex Senator Chesnut and Ex-Governor Manning came over in a boat and stipulated with Major Anderson that his surrender should be unconditional, and for the present, subject to the terms of General Beauregard. Major Anderson was allowed to remain with his men in actual possession of the Fort, while Messrs. Chesnut and Manning came over to the city accompanied with a member of the Palmetto Guards, bearing the colors of his company. These were met by hundreds of citizens, and the party marched up the streets to the General's quarters, the crowd as it swelled to them sends. Shouts rent the air, and the wild est joy was manifested.

A boat with an officer and ten men was sent from one of the four ships in the offing to General Beauregard's quarters, the forces on Morris Island, with a request that a merchant ship or one of the Government vessels be allowed to come and take off the commander and garrison of Fort Sumter. General Beauregard replied that if no hostilities were attempted during the night, and no effort being made to reinforce or relieve Fort Sumter, he would give them an answer at 9 o'clock, Sunday morning. The officer signified that this was satisfactory and returned.

Gen. Beauregard went on a steamer to the Fort, and when the fire companies were also sent to extinguish the flames, but the fire had however, been previously extinguished by the exertions of Anderson and his men. Visitors reported that Major Anderson's quarters were entirely destroyed, and barracks were destroyed, he had no hope of reinforcements.

The fleet laid idly by during thirty hours, and either could not or would not help him; besides his own men were protrated from over exertion. There were but few killed, four badly, and one thoughmortally; but the rest were worn out—The explosions were caused by the bursting of loaded shells, which were ignited by the shot which could not be removed quick enough. The fire in the barracks was caused by the ignition of hot shot thrown from Fort Moultrie.

Within Fort Sumter everything but the casemates is in utter ruin. The whole thing looks like a blackened mass of ruins. Many guns were dismounted. The side opposite Cummings' Point is the hardest dealt with, as the rifle cannon played great havoc with Fort Sumter. The wall looked like honeycomb. Near the topis a breach as big as a cart. The side opposite Fort Moultrie is honeycombed extensively as is the opposite to the floating battery.

Fort Moultrie is badly damaged. The officers' quarters and barracks are torn to pieces. The frame houses on the island are riddled with shot in many instances, and whole sides of houses are torn out.

Fort Sumter caught fire three times during the day. Dr. Crawford, Major Anderson's surgeon, is slightly wounded in the face. None of the South Carolinians were injured.

Boats were sent to officially notify the fleet at the bar that Major Anderson had surrendered. It is not known when the South Carolinians will occupy Fort Sumter, or what will be done with the vanquished. Every one of the batteries is satisfied with the victory and happy that there has been no bloodshed. After the surrender, the bells of the city were rung and cannon fired.

CHARLESTON, April 14, *morning*.—No guns were completed last night, and Major Anderson with his command will evacuate Fort Sumter this morning, and embark on board the war vessels off the harbor.

When Fort Sumter was in flames and Major Anderson could only fire guns at long intervals, the men at our batteries cheered every fire which the gallant Major made in his last struggle, but looked with sorrow at the vessels of war, when more aid without firing a gun or attempting to divert the fire from a tragic battery.

Five of Major Anderson's men were wounded.

Information continues to be received from private sources of secret plots in various localities in Maryland and Virginia, having in view the seizure of the public property, and even the persons of the highest officers of the government. Although many of the rumors are not believed, they will receive attention enough to secure a strict watch at all points. A rumor that Fort Dickenson was to be seized by the Secessionists, prompted the Secretary of War to take immediate steps to prevent the consummation of the plot.—This fort is opposite Delaware City. The National Volunteers last Saturday night passed resolutions denouncing the military operations of the government, and expressing sympathy with the secessionists. This has always been looked upon as a company of traitors. Three cavalry companies from Tyrone, and Sherman's battery of Light Artillery are expected to-morrow. Additional volunteer companies will be mustered to-morrow.

Senator Douglas. Senator Douglas called upon the President last night. He had an interesting conversation upon the condition of the country. The substance was, on the part of Mr. Douglas, that while he was unalterably opposed to the administration on all its political issues, he was prepared to sustain the President in all his constitutional functions to preserve the Union and maintain the government and defend the Federal Capital; that a firm policy and prompt action was necessary; that the Capital of our country was in danger, and must be defended at all hazards, at any expense, of men and money. Mr. Lincoln was very much gratified with the interview.

It is believed at Washington that the Southern Confederacy will at once declare war.

PENNSYLVANIA. In Philadelphia, the report of the assault of Fort Sumter (as every where else) was received with universal disbelief, and the greatest excitement. The news created the greatest excitement. In the afternoon the streets were blocked by the crowd assembled in front of the bulletins for expressing dissinion sentiments, were assembled and the flag of the Union waved. Several arrests were made by the police.

Governor Curtin went to Washington last (Sunday) evening, to tender the services of 25,000 men.

Two regiments of the Washington Brigade met last night, one German and one American. They will be ready to march in five days. Several companies are also ready to respond instantly to the call of the Governor or President. Two new regiments are forming, to consist of a battalion of light and horse artillery in Middlesex County to be ready at a day's notice. Leading secessionists replied and applauded the sentiments of South Carolina, and maintained that whatever the Convention might do, the people would not secede from the State out of the Union. Gov. Letcher communicated a despatch to the Secession ists, giving an account of the bombardment, which closed as follows:—

"Fort Sumter was furious in its fire upon us. Our iron battery did great damage to the fort on its front. Sumter is a ruin. Our guns fell freely into the fort and the effect is supposed to be serious, as they are not firing from the fort this morning. Our battery dismounted three of the largest of the Columbiads of the enemy. The flag staff on the fort and can sink the fleet if they attempt to force their way up the channel.—If they attempt to land elsewhere we can whip them. We have now nearly seven thousand of the best troops in the world, and a reserve of ten thousand on the railroad. War has commenced, and we intend to fight it out. Please let me know what Virginia will do."

To this Gov. Letcher replied that the Convention would determine. Mr. Wyson offered a resolution in view of the late intelligence, recommending that the Governor of Virginia at once unite in defence of their institutions and make common cause with the Confederate States. Without taking action on this resolution the Convention adjourned.

It was openly stated in Baltimore that the Southern army would march through Virginia to the North, and that thousands would join them. Mr. Early said this would be invasion and should be repulled.

MARYLAND. In Baltimore there is an unexpected Union sentiment exhibited. On Saturday a man made his appearance on the streets wearing a large secession rosette on his hat. He was pursued by a crowd and had to be protected by the police.

* Intense excitement prevails here, and the captain afterward received upon me, and at any event I shall to the best of my ability repel force by force.

In case it proves true that Fort Sumter has been assaulted as reported, I shall perhaps exercise the discretion given me to withdrawn from all the States which claim to have seceded, letting the Southern star against the government justifies and possibly demands it.

I scarcely need say that I consider the military posts and property situated within the Seceded States as claim to have seceded as yet belonging to the United States government, as much as they did before the supposed secession. Whatever else I may do for the purpose, I shall not attempt to collect the duties and revenues by any armed invasion of any part of the country, not meaning by this, however, that I may not hereafter land a force necessary to relieve a fort upon the border of the country. From the fact that I have quoted a part of the inaugural address, you are not to infer that I repudiate any other part—the whole of which I reiterate with emphasis as far as what I now say of the mails may be regarded as a modification.

The commissioners returned to Virginia yesterday. They are represented as being cautious about expressing an opinion in relation to the President's position.

THE WAR NEWS.

HOW IT IS RECEIVED, AND WHAT IS TO BE DONE.

There was great excitement at Washington on the receipt of the news. The Cabinet was in session till a late hour last Saturday night and met again Sunday morning. The President is reported to have received the news with calmness, he accepting the issue that war has begun, and (says a dispatch,) he is "ready for all emergencies." The country may rely upon the administration for the full preservation of the honor of the government. The city will soon be sufficiently protected against the assaults of the rebels, should they undertake to attack it. The Government is prepared for all events.

"It is apprehended that in the event of disaster to the federal forces in the harbor of Charleston, the rebels will immediately march upon Washington with a large number of troops. The possibility of such an event is not denied by the military authorities here, but even with the worst that can happen, the traitors will find a warm reception.

"The regular troops now here have been ordered and proceeded to the outskirts of the city, to watch every avenue thereto, while volunteers are being mustered to guard the armories and public buildings. Volunteers are constantly seen riding through the streets."

Capt. W. B. St. Johns, of the Third Infantry, and First Lieut. Abner Smead, of the First Artillery, are to be discharged, for failing to respond to orders from superiors.

Information continues to be received from private sources of secret plots in various localities in Maryland and Virginia, having in view the seizure of the public property, and even the persons of the highest officers of the government. Although many of the rumors are not believed, they will receive attention enough to secure a strict watch at all points. A rumor that Fort Dickenson was to be seized by the Secessionists, prompted the Secretary of War to take immediate steps to prevent the consummation of the plot.—This fort is opposite Delaware City. The National Volunteers last Saturday night passed resolutions denouncing the military operations of the government, and expressing sympathy with the secessionists. This has always been looked upon as a company of traitors. Three cavalry companies from Tyrone, and Sherman's battery of Light Artillery are expected to-morrow. Additional volunteer companies will be mustered to-morrow.

CITY AND VICINITY.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE OF ST. JOHN'S CHURCH. The corner stone of the new church edifice, on Gorham Street, for St. John's Parish, was laid this forenoon, with Masonic ceremonies, under direction of the Grand Lodge, of Massachusetts, assisted by the various Masonic bodies of this city. They left their hall about half past 9 o'clock, escorted by the Brigade Band, in the following order:—Pilgrim Encampment, Royal Arch Chapter, Pentucket Lodge and Ancient York Lodge. There were not far from two hundred in the procession. It reached the site of the church about a quarter before eleven o'clock. There was an immense concourse of people, numbering four or five thousand in the vicinity.

The ceremonies opened with a brief address by Hon. George Washington Warren of Charlestown, acting Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. After alluding to the bright skies overhead, he referred to the news of the day, and the proclamation of the President calling upon the loyal citizens to pattern after his own. He expressed the wish that works similar to the one we are now assembled to perform would restore peace and harmony in the country. Rev. J. J. Twiss, of this city, addressed the throne of Grace. The ceremony of laying the stone was then performed by Grand Master Warren, assisted by Hon. B. B. Gardner, Worshipful Master, and other officers of the Grand Lodge.

A metallic box was deposited under the corner stone, stating by whom it was laid, and by whose authority, and containing the names of the President of the United States, Governor of Massachusetts, and Mayor of Lowell; Constitution and officers of the United States and Massachusetts; Records of St. John's Parish, name of architect, builder, &c. It also contained a Bible; prayer book; city ordinances; rules and orders of the Grand Lodge; list of city officers; records of last Episcopal Convention; Church Almanac, 1861; several copies of the *Daily Courier*; *Daily Advertiser*; *Lowell Daily Citizen*; *Vox Populi*; *Lowell Sentinel*; Card of the Edson School.

After the stone had been deposited in its place, the Grand Master and assistants went through the usual ceremonies of ascertaining that the stone was in its right place, when the tools of practical masonry were delivered by the former to Caleb Cushing, Esq., for the mason work in being performed. Rev. Dr. Edson next offered up a prayer. After music by the Band, Rev. G. M. Randall, of Boston, offered up a prayer. Music by the Band. Rev. Dr. Edson next delivered an address, which occupied about twenty minutes. It was a very able production and was listened to attentively by all within hearing distance. It had a strong anti-secession tone, without any further comment upon it, exceedingly interesting work, a large and appreciative audience.

HIGH WATER. The water in the Merrimack and Concord Rivers is higher than it has been at any previous time this season. Nearly all the mills on the water level have been compelled to stop, in consequence of back-water, and our Streets present a semi-holiday appearance.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST. The jury met pursuant to adjournment Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock.

TESTIMONY OF MR. HARRISON WILKINS.

Beside at No. 31 Adams Street; was the husband of Rhoda M Wilkins. Anna A. Dower took care of my wife during her last illness. Miss Fox was present all but the last few days, and helped take care of her nights. Miss Dower was the only one that knew about sickness. My wife first complained of being ill; sent for a doctor who prescribed it. No one set up with my wife for two nights after she was taken. Was not up in the day time. I purchased most of the medicine to my knowledge. Mrs Dower was stopping, to leave her letters. It was reported that we were too intimate. Inquire here in the City Court, why Miss Dower talked concerning her; Miss Dower denied the reporting and refused to face them down. My wife never intimated to me that anything was wrong. She made the remark to me when I was about to have a physician, "That she did not wish to be hurried out of the world." She took arsenic; she said that the care of her child must have given it to her or she must have taken it herself. She was sick; my wife was unable to get up without help so far as I know.

MISS ANNA A. DOWER RECALLED.

Mrs. Wilkins gave up work about five weeks before her death. I gave her lobelia in the Tuesday before she died, by order of the spirits, for a foul stomach.—Gave her lobelia at Mr. Murray's appointment. The witness went into a description of the manner in which spirits prescribed medicines. Was first employed by Mrs. Wilkins a young man. I gave Mrs. Wilkins the medicines prescribed by the spirits. Mr. Mathews had confidence in the prescriptions; I would give anything that they ordered. I was partially confined to a spirit the day morning, while in the other room, but do not remember of getting any intelligence. Do not remember of writing. I pay there was shown witness which she could not identify or whether I had seen it or not. I went after medicines, I found myself in a trance state—a state of Middle sex Street, with the medicine which I had procured. Never recollect of going out of the house. Never recollect of reading or writing down the directions given by the spirits. Always acquainted myself with the directions. Mrs. Wilkins was in the habit of taking the medicine herself. She would not allow me to get up to call; she said it was the physician's order. She gave me my pay in accordance with the spirits' order. Mrs. Dower was the only one that knew about sickness. My wife first complained of being ill; sent for a doctor who prescribed it. No one set up with my wife for two nights after she was taken. Was not up in the day time. I purchased most of the medicine to my knowledge. Mrs Dower was stopping, to leave her letters. It was reported that we were too intimate. Inquire here in the City Court, why Miss Dower talked concerning her; Miss Dower denied the reporting and refused to face them down. My wife never intimated to me that anything was wrong. She made the remark to me when I was about to have a physician, "That she did not wish to be hurried out of the world." She took arsenic; she said that the care of her child must have given it to her or she must have taken it herself. She was sick; my wife was unable to get up without help so far as I know.

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The jury adjourned to meet Saturday afternoon at two o'clock, when they will probably render their verdict, unless some one here shall in the meantime be brought to light.

A CARD. R. M. Hutchison hereby acknowledges the receipt of a valuable pinchor and silver, presented to him on Saturday evening last, by those lately in his employ, for which he returns his most sincere thanks, and assures them, that although not connected with them in their daily occupation as heretofore, yet he shall feel a deep interest in them, and trusts that the pleasant and prosperous relations that have for a long time existed between them may be continued with his successor.

By notice elsewhere, it will be seen that there is to be a special meeting of the Firemen's Fund Association on Thursday evening next.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply just received by ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those calling to us sated from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Messrs. Prescott Sts Firms, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the sewing machine, by which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. 1m*apl6

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, sold as cheap as the damaged goods are usually offered for. ADAMS & NORTH, Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated ENGLISH AXMINSTER. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar18d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, H. Bradford, D. S. Richardson, Thos. Hopkinson, Wm. Crosby, Jr. Wm. Crosby, 3d.

Office, Merrimack Street, Lowell.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Factories risks. No assessment for the past year. The STOCK DEPARTMENT embraces all kinds of insurable property, with deposit notes to the amount of $101,418.75, which are liable to assessment and loss, and have proved to Middlesex County to be a safe and profitable investment. Rates are as low as any Company that offers reliable security.

Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

C. B. COBURN, Secretary and Treas.

Lowell, July 16, 1860. ly 19

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

It kindles quickly,

It burns up clearer,

It lasts longer,

It burns less quantity,

It is cleaner than any other free burning coal. And the best place to get it is at the Coal Yard of

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 31 Prescott street. nov14tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Incorporated January, 1849.

CONTINUES to insure against loss by FIRE, on corresponding $50,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Losses promptly paid.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Josiah O. Abbott,
Joseph Peck, Jr. Thomas Trowbridge,
Arthur P. Bonney, Joseph W. Alsop,
Samuel W. Harrod, Henry C. Howe,
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (Court Street floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 9, 1861. 6ly

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital..... **$1,500,000**
Surplus..... **$700,000**

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital..... **$500,000**
Surplus..... **$500,000**

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus..... **$250,000**

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus..... **$225,000**

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as responsible companies. Call and see us before insuring.

CHARLES H. GREENE,
Agent, Boston.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18, Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 per 100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth three times the amount loaned.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth three times the amount loaned, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:

Erastus Lyman, President.
Charles Leverich, Brooklyn.
Isaac Rhoe, Jr., Brooklyn.
Wm. H. Webb, New York.
Thos. Fillebrown, Jr., Merchant, New York.
Wm. Bryce, Merchant, New York.
Jno. D. Gleason, Merchant, New York.
Geo. W. Richardson, Merchant, City of New York.
Wm. Fellowes, Merchant, New York.
Seymour Boutell, Merchant, New York.
Jno. Hall, Merchant, New York.
John F. Goodrich, Merchant, New York.
A. W. Pritchard, Merchant, Staten Island.

ROBERT ATHEN, General Agent.

Books taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at the Lowell Agency.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 10, 1860. ly

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mechanics' Savings Bank, in Lowell.

A MEETING of the Corporators of this Bank will be held at the Railroad Bank, in LOWELL, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of April, 1861,

To choose permanent officers of the Institution, and to transact such other business as may then be deemed necessary.

Per order of the Trustees.

J. A. BURK, Chairman.

Lowell, April 15, 1861. 3w apl6

Mechanics' Savings Bank in Lowell.

NOTICE is hereby given that the first meeting of the Corporators of this Bank will be held at the Railroad Banking House, in Lowell, on MONDAY, the 29th day of April, 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of acting upon the accompanying Act of Incorporation, and for the choice of members of said Corporation, to adopt a code of By-Laws, elect a Board of Trustees, and transact such other business that may be proper to effect an organization, or that may be deemed necessary.

JOHN NESMITH,
B. C. SAUNDERS,
JOHN A. KNOWLTON,
Persons named in the Act of Incorporation.

April 15, 1861. apr15dtod3t

Firemen, Attend!

THERE will be a meeting of the Lowell Fire Engineers, who belong to the Firemen's Fund Association, at their Engine House, on Central street, on THURSDAY EVENING, April 18th, at 7 o'clock—Business of importance requires the attendance of all the Association, and a full and punctual attendance is requested. By order of the Clerk.

apr15 2t

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless Dye Known, and Reliable Dye Known.

All those who are tired of Nasty Dyes, or those afflicted with complicated diseases, should avoid them, and use the Unrivalled preparation of the aforementioned, at the Institute, where proper boarding-houses can be had.

Consultations at the office, free of charge, personally or by letter. Dye sent to any part of the country on the receipt of a postage stamp.

Manufactured and for sale by the proprietor, at No. 16, Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.

WM. A. BATCHELOR.

apr15 1y

Steam to Liverpool for $30.

CALLING AT CORK.

The new and splendid first class Steam Screw Steamship will sail as follows from New York for Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor:

Cassaic ..... from Boston to Cork, Liverpool
Kedar ..... April 20th, " " " $30.
Chas. Frey Liverpool $40. Third Class, from New York to Liverpool, $30. Third Class, from Cork to Boston, $32.50.

For further information apply to H. THAYER & WARREN, Agents, 99 State Street and Constitution Wharf, Boston, or to CHARLES DE ROSAY, New York.

REMITTANCES.—Sight Bills of Exchange for £1 and upwards payable at any Bank in Great Britain and Ireland, always for sale by THAYER & WARREN.

Crane's Patent Rubber Band

CARPET SWEEPER.

This is the only article fit to sweep a Carpet. It will last twice as long. They are one of the best articles to keep the dust down that can be used. Call and see them at

No. 3 Merrimack Square.

Price, $2.50.

MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE BY THE RUBBER BAND CARP-T SWEEPER CO.,

No. 33 Cornhill, Boston.

O. H. WEBB & CO., Agents.

P. S. We solicit orders from all Traders and Peddlers, to whom we will furnish a sample, or any quantity of the above Sweepers at the lowest wholesale price. apr15 1m

$1200 A YEAR AND EXPENSES GUARANTEED TO AGENTS FOR

FULLAM'S $10

PAIRS STRAIGHT TOOLS.

The Widest Guild in a Seam Tucker for $10. Two hours practice enables any one to use the tools with facility. The only Shoulder Braces, Chisels and Gouges for LARGE WORK, and Screw Plates for Cutting Screws. Circulars and samples sent free.

Address FULLAM, 13 Merchants' Exchange, Boston; 212 Broadway, New York; or Springfield, Vt.

The French Bury Hillstone Shop

Is removed from the fort of WEBSTER STREET, East Boston, to

Nos. 17 and 19 Eastern Avenue,

Next Door from COMMERCIAL ST., BOSTON

Constantly on hand a choice selection of all kinds of French and American Rouge Burr Millstones. Rouge dressed and repaired in Mills at short notice, and by most competent workmen.

N. CRILLY.

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Offensive from a simple cold, the worst patient soon recovers under its influence. Headache, Pain, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, &c. Thousands of certificates could be published to show the wonderful benefits this medicine has conferred upon the afflicted. It is purely vegetable, stimulates the Liver, regulates the stomach and bowels, stimulates the Liver, purifies the blood, and imparts new life and vigor to the whole system. Only 25 cents per bottle.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally. Principal depot, 21 Hanover street, Boston. Sold also by Dr. LANGLEY, 169 Broadway, New York, and by Dr. L. RIDER, Sept'r of Bottles.

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N. CRILLY.

Spring Trade Advertisements.

From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

INDIAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

Office, 30 Bromfield Street, Boston.

DR. E. DAY, President.
CHARLES H. GREENE, Physician.

DR. H. GREENE, M. D. L. HUTCHINS M. D.
MARY HARWOOD, Female Physician.

This institution was established to secure greater perfection in the science of Medicine, and more successful practice in the treatment of the various diseases upon natural or rational principles, discarding the use of all poisonous drugs, and strong rank remedies, and more especially as in harmony with the laws of life. Invalids, therefore, who wish to employ a rational mode of practice, can rely upon the discovery of health, will find advantages at this Institution not to be obtained elsewhere.

The Electro-Chemical Baths, together with the Medicated Inhalations, are highly recommended in this Institution, and have greatly aided in the removal of many diseases.

Most Diseases, such as Scrofula, Humors of the Blood, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Nervous Complaints, and the great variety of diseases with which the human family are afflicted, successfully treated with medicines which can be sent many part of the country. Those who wish to avail themselves of knowledge can be obtained from answers to questions which will be sent them, a part of which will be sent free when requested.—Address DR. E. DAY, Boston, Mass. The principles and practice of this Institution, will be supplied to Physicians, Clergymen, or those wishing to study the science of Medicine.

Those who are afflicted with Chronic Diseases, or those afflicted with complicated diseases, should avoid them, and use the Unrivalled preparation of the aforementioned, at the Institute, where proper boarding-houses can be had.

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apr15 1y

PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO.'S

LINE OF

BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

Sailing from Liverpool every 10 Days.

PASSAGE

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BECAUSE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

IT IS

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S
RESTORATIVE CORDIAL
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *as safe as to perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and also all nervous and their irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently acts better injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, PAINTNESS, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, DEBILITY, MALARIA, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, HEART-BURN, WANT OF VITALITY, CONFIRMED, NIGHT SWEATS, AND ALL LUNG DISEASES.

AND ALL DISEASES TENDING TO PROVE FULLY FATAL CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND IRREGULARITIES.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangement or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent the attacks arising from miasmatic influences, and cure the disease in a shorter, full period of time.

TRAVELLERS should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent an attack of the ague consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS should use it, for it is a perfect relief, taken a month or two before the final trial, she will pass the dreadful ordeal with perfect ease and safety!

There is no mistake about it!!

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT!

MOTHERS TRY IT!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it is too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from false delicacy, often go down to a premature grave, rather than let your condition be known in time, the latter are often so misled by the excitement of business that if it were not for you, they, too, would travel in the same downward path until it is too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal, for we are sure you never failing affection will administer, point you to the WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the only remedy that should be always on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No 114 Market st, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists at one dollar per bottle.

Read what the Press say, after thoroughly testing the matter, and no one can have a doubt.

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a genuine medicine of real merit, invigorates the body, and invigorating to the system. While it purifies the blood and soothes the nervous system, it aids the organs of digestion to perform their functions, and resists the assault of disease. It is a chemical compound so skillfully combined that while it exhilarates it does not leave the slightest injurious effect following excitement. A tonic composed exclusively of vegetable matter. It is also perfectly beneficial, and its effects can possibly accompany its use. It is an invaluable and sure remedy for Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Fading of the Mouth, and other delicate diseases to which woman is subject. For Sickness of the Stomach, Bilious Attacks, Liver Complaints, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Faintness, Giddiness, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, &c., it will find here a infallible panacea.—*N. Louis Daily Express.*

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is, without doubt, the best invigorator in the world. To those who are suffering from General Debility, we would recommend its use, for it is pleasant to the taste, is strengthening to the system, and will at once tend to remove all impurities of the blood, and eradicate all traces of disease. It can be taken by the weakest stomach, while those in perfect health will at once feel its exhilarating power. We are confident that after using one bottle of this Cordial none will be for a day without it.—*New York Leader.*

A Pure, Healthy Tonic, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects of bitters so fellow those in ordinary use, has long been felt to be a desideratum, and this want is supplied. Such a tonic and one so skillfully combined from the vegetable kingdom as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and thus soothe the weakest stomach, and at the same time allay nervous and other irritations and tone up all the organs of the body, we believe has been to compound, is offered in Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—Hence, it is pur ely adapted to old and young. Reader try it. Thousands have already done so, and the testimony is universal in its favor.—*New York Atlas.*

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, for the cure of General Debility, or Weak nervousness, Dyspepsia, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, Bilousness, Loss of Appetite, Female Weakness in all stages; also on present the contraction of disease is certainly the best and most agreeable Cordial extant. Renovator ever presented to the afflicted, and so chemically combined as to be the most powerful tonic ever known in medical science. Reader, try it. *It will do you good.* Don't have to be told, but in recommending it, since we know it to be a *safe, pleasant and sure* remedy for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

Before noticing a patent medicine we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that is advertised. We can safely say that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator (Prof. Wood's) stand the test fully, and in fact it is without any doubt the first article in the market for the purification of blood and strengthening the system. We have no hesitation in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker.*

Look to Yourself in Time. How many, in consequence of a fall a debility, from *suppressed, painful or obstructed menstruation*, and thirty become the very young that by-and-by nature will work itself clear from obstructions, and all come right in the end, and dreaming that the seeds of death are already germinating in the system because the vital energies are impaired, and the entire animal economy deranged and debilitated; and yet care-less of themselves as they are, if a remedy were but offered from which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body, they would take it, and thus be in time to save their lives. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative and a box of pills Seth-is here to. It is a certain cure.—*St. Louis Morning Herald.*

Prof. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL. It is recorded in the Classics that Pyrrhus at once sent to a warmer climate than the Wear Indies, to procure a sample of the Cocoa Nut Properties in a box. After some delay the messenger returned, and at once on the lid of the box was removed, out flew all the ills that flesh is heir to. Hope, however, was found in the bottom of the box. Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial revives the recollection of the story, for it invigorates the blood, aids the organs of digestion, and gives strength to the nervous system, and fortifies the citadel of health, so as to hold defiance to the assaults of disease. It is a healthy tonic, composed entirely of vegetable productions, and while it is exhilarating as pure wine, no injurious results can possibly follow its use. It is highly prized in the medical world, and those who are afflicted with loss of appetite, dyspepsia, Constipation, Faintness, Giddiness, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, &c., will find here a infallible panacea.—*St. Louis Daily Express.*

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, April 16, 1861.

WAR MEASURES.

The New York Assembly yesterday morning took up a bill authorizing the Governor to enroll 30,000 men for public defence for two years, unless sooner discharged. They are to be organized, officered and equipped in such a manner as the Governor may direct, without regard to existing military districts, and to be in addition to existing military organizations of the State. The officers and men are to receive the same pay and rations as the same in rank in the army of the United States, and to be liable to be turned over to the service of the Federal Government, on the order of the Governor. The remainder of the bill is detailed provisions for the maintenance, sustenance, &c., of the troops above mentioned. The bill appropriates $3,000,000 to carry out its provisions, and takes effect immediately. The bill passed and the Governor has issued his proclamation accordingly.

The Bank of Commerce, and the Globe Bank of Providence, Rhode Island, have offered loans, the first of $50,000 and the last of $50,000, to the State for war purposes. Large offers are also made by private citizens, and there is a universal feeling among men of all parties in favor of sustaining the President.

In Baltimore the Union feeling was strong yesterday morning. The Massachusetts regiment, twenty-five hundred strong, who have been drilling since election as a military organization, threw out the stars and stripes yesterday morning from their headquarters, with the motto, "The Union and the Constitution."

In Indiana, Governor Morton has information from all parts of the State, indicating that volunteer companies are forming every where, and that 10,000 men can be relied upon to respond to any call for their services in defending the national flag.

THE ACTION OF THE STATE AUTHORITIES FOR SOLDIERS. We copy from the *Boston Journal* the following account of the action of the State authorities relative to the assistance to the call of the President for troops. At about noon, the Governor received despatches from the authorities at Washington calling for two regiments of infantry companies each, the companies to be composed of sixty-four privates each, to be marched "if you have them," the dispatch said) to Washington as early as possible, when the regimental organization might be completed. The terms of this order occasioned some embarrassment, as there is not a regiment in the State containing ten companies, and it is not probable that there is more than one company provided with sixty-four uniforms. His Excellency, who repaired to the Adjutant General's office forthwith, upon receipt of the above named order, received quite a reasonable amount of gratuitous advice upon the points suggested by the terms of the order from the warlike gentlemen who were about. Col. Cowdin's regiment—the First—it was suggested, has now but six uniformed companies, and could not readily be filled up with similarly uniformed companies. Col. Jones's regiment—the Sixth—appeared to be the favorite upon all hands. The most popular plan for complying with the requisition was to take the Sixth regiment, and the Eighth, now under the command of Lieut. Col. Munroe, and fill them up with companies from the Ninth and Tenth regiments. The Sixth regiment, it has, we believe, eight companies. The Eighth has the same number, of which one —Company H. of Marblehead—would not probably be called out. Another plan suggested was, to take the First Regiment, fill it up with two companies of infantry from the country, and two companies of rifles.

When it was objected that it was desirable that all the companies of each regiment should be uniformly uniformed, so to speak, his Excellency closed the argument by saying: "It isn't uniforms—it's men we want!" To avoid the perplexity occasioned by a multiplicity of counsellors, the Governor, his aids, and the Adjutant General then shut themselves out from the common gaze, and remained in secret session for something more than an hour.—The result of this "council of war" was the promulgation of an order for four regiments—the third, Col. Wardrop; the fourth, Col. Packard; the sixth, Col. Jones, and the eighth, Col. Munroe, to assemble on Boston Common at as early an hour to-day as may be, from which the twenty companies required, will then be selected.

Among the evidences that the order will meet with a prompt response, may be mentioned the fact that Col. Jones was in uniform, and actively at work arranging for the departure of the troops. Of overcoats, knapsacks and cartridges lately contracted for by the acting Quartermaster General, more than one-half will be ready for delivery to-day, and the balance will follow very shortly.

FOREIGN NEWS. By the Fulton, at New York, we have foreign news to the 3rd inst. England has recognized Victor Emmanuel as King of Italy. It is asserted at Berne that Garibaldi has requested his officers residing in Switzerland to be ready to assemble at his summons within fifteen days. Poland is dissatisfied and rebellious, and the military are being concentrated at Warsaw. The Emperor of Austria rejected the democratic programme of the Hungarian leaders, who demanded absolute separation of the Hungarian administration from that of Austria. The Emperor intends to abide by the reforms already granted. Garibaldi has had a conference with Victor Emmanuel at Genoa.

VIRGINIA CONGRESSMEN. Hon. Sherrard Clemens, of Virginia, has sent a card to the Wheeling *Intelligencer*, declaring that he cannot be a candidate for re-election to Congress, notwithstanding he is constantly pressed with solicitations. He says that the duties and promises to his family demand his retirement from public life. Roger A. Pryor is announced as a candidate for re-election.

POSTMASTERS APPOINTED. Albert Stay has been appointed p. master at Concord, and C. W. Fisk at Groton.

THE FEELING IN THE COUNTRY.—*New Hampshire.* New Hampshire will respond promptly to the call of the President for troops. The requisition upon New Hampshire has not been received yet, but as soon as received, Gov. Goodwin will take prompt and active measures for complying with it. It is not probable that an extra session of the legislature will be called.—The State will undoubtedly tender two regiments to the Government, instead of one, as requested by the President.

Maine. The Secretary of War has made a requisition upon Governor Washburn for a regiment of troops for immediate service. Governor Washburn's answer is, "Maine will respond promptly to your call. The people of this State of all parties will rally with alacrity for the maintenance of the Government and the defence of the flag." A proclamation will be issued to-morrow for a special session of the Legislature, to be held probably on Monday next.

Vermont. It is understood that Governor Fairbanks will convene the Legislature of Vermont in extra session on Tuesday week. He will respond promptly to the call for the Secretary of War for troops.

Rhode Island. Governor Sprague has called a special session of the Legislature to meet on Wednesday.

New Jersey. In Jersey City, the feeling is universal in rallying by the Union at all hazards. The Second Regiment will tender their services to the Government, at about 600 Wide Awakes, it is said, will do the same. The Fourth regiment Olden of New Jersey will, in a few days, tender the federal authorities several thousand troops.

Pennsylvania. From present appearances, the military quota of this State will soon be made up with many to spare. Companies are arming in almost every ward of Philadelphia. The second regiment of the Washington brigade of Germans is full, and the first regiment is nearly completed. The National Guard have tendered their services, and will be able soon to march with 1000 men. Hon. John Covode has offered Governor Curtin $60,000 of the loan authorized by Pennsylvania to arm and equip the troops ordered from that State. A delegation of Pittsburg merchants have made a similar offer. Ex-President Buchanan participates in the expression of a determination to sustain the Government.

The citizens of Lawrence held an immense meeting last evening. 3000 persons being present, and the utmost enthusiasm prevailed. There is a strong war feeling in that city.

From other parts of the country, we hear of noble responses to the call of the President for aid in maintaining the integrity of the government.

THE FEELING AT THE SOUTH. *Virginia.* The President's proclamation receives general execration. The public mind is fearfully excited, and the secessionists declare that nothing could be more favorable to their cause. Military men say they would sooner die than respond to such a call.

North Carolina. The President's proclamation is received with perfect contempt and indignation. Union men openly denounce the administration. The greatest unanimity prevails. There was great rejoicing here at the news of the reduction of Fort Sumter.

Kentucky. Recent news considerably paralyzes the people. Companies are enrolling for the Southern Confederacy. It is rumored that several will start to-morrow. The people generally deplore the positions in Mr. Lincoln's proclamation. Mr. Toombs has received a despatch from Messrs. Breckinridge and Magoffin of Kentucky, stating that the people are greatly excited and sympathising with the people of South Carolina.

Alabama. President Lincoln's response to the Virginia Commissioners is considered as a declaration of war.

FORM OF THE PRESIDENT'S CALL UPON THE STATE EXECUTIVES. The following is the form of the call on the respective State Governments for troops, issued today through the War Department :—

SIR—Under the act of Congress for calling the militia to enforce the laws of the Union, to suppress insurrection and repel invasion, &c., approved February 28, 1795, I have the honor to request your Excellency to cause to be immediately detailed from the militia of your State the following quota, to serve as infantry or riflemen for the period of three months, unless sooner discharged.

Your Excellency will please to communicate to me the time at about which your quota will be ready to rendezvous at Washington. It will be met as soon as practicable by an officer or officers to muster it into the service and pay of the United States. At the same time the oath of fidelity will be administered to every officer and man.

The mustering officers will be instructed to receive no man under the rank of commissioned officer, over forty-five or under eighteen years, or who is not in physical strength and vigor. The quota for each State is as follows: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Delaware, Michigan, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, one reg. each; Massachusetts and Tennessee, two each; Ohio, three; New Jersey, Kentucky and Missouri, four each; Indiana and Illinois, six each; Pennsylvania, sixteen; New York seventeen; Arkansas one; North Carolina, two; Ohio, thirteen, instead of three; Maryland four; Virginia three. It is ordered that each regiment consist of 780 officers and men.

The total number thus called out is 75,391. The remainder is to compose the quota of the District of Columbia, thus coloring 75,000.

The Boston Courier has abandoned the stories war cry it has hurled at us in the past, "THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS," and now would be worthy of the approbation of the terror of the Revolution, were they above ground. The *Courier*, we believe, is the only one of the newspapers in Boston that justifies the Southern traitors in their war upon the Federal Govern ment.

THE LAWS TO BE ENFORCED.

ARTICLE 4. *Constitution of the United States. The United States shall guarantee to every State in the Union a Republican form of government, and shall protect each against invasion; and on application of the Legislature or of the* EXECUTIVE *(when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.*

The authority of the President under this clause of the constitution, is very clearly defined; and it is not difficult to imagine that it is under this clause President Lincoln finds his authority for what he has done, and for what he has done, and until such times as Congress shall clothe him with special powers to put down the existing rebellion.

We wish it to be distinctly understood, that we are at present in regard to the purposes and intentions of the President and his Cabinet as are any of our readers; but it is our right to guess what is being done and what is intended. We know, in common with all the public, that while the Attorney General was anxiously looking for authority for the President to call out the militia, in order to enforce the laws and put down rebellion, the Governor of Massachusetts (the Eighth) Regiment was present and made a speech to each corps, to the effect that when their country called for their services all personal considerations must be laid aside, and they should respond with a zeal becoming true soldiers. He said that the Mayor had called upon him and requested him to say that if there were any who had families dependent upon them for support the city would provide for them as the families of soldiers. This was received with applause. He also said that State would provide them with overcoats, knapsacks, haversacks, &c., and cautioned them to provide themselves with flannels. Many of the men were here nearly all night in making preparations, and at an early hour this morning the city was astir with members of the different companies. Crowds lined the passage way to the different armories and the sidewalks on Market Street.

Many citizens came forward with liberal offers of money, clothing and other necessaries to furnish those who were ill provided, but we cannot give individual instances to-day, though we hear of many instances worthy of being recorded. The morning opened with a rain storm, making the atmosphere as gloomy as the mind of our citizens at seeing so many young men go forth from our midst.

About nine o'clock the companies belonging to the Regiment out of the city arrived and the whole Regiment congregated in Huntington Hall. The following companies from other parts of the regiment and companies, with the number of men reported in the ranks to-day :—

Sixth Regiment Infantry.—Colonel, Edward F. Jones; Lowell; Lieutenant Colonel, Walter Shattuck, Groton; Major, Benjamin F. Watson, Lawrence; Adjutant, Alpha B. Farr, Lowell; Quartermaster, Jesse Monroe, Cambridge; Paymaster, Rufus L. Thaxter, Lowell; Surgeon, Norman Smith, Groton; Chaplain, Charles Babbidge, Pepperell.

Company A (National Greys), Lowell — Captain, John A. Sawtell. 3 commissioned officers, 49 privates.

B (Groton Artillery), Groton—Captain, Eusebius S. Clark, Groton. 3 commissioned officers, 37 privates.

C (Methuen Rifles), Lowell—Captain, Albert S. Follansbee. 4 commissioned officers, 32 privates.

D (City Guards), Lowell—Captain, Jas. H. Hart, Lowell. 4 commissioned officers, 42 privates.

E (Davis Guards), Acton—Captain, Daniel Tuttle, Acton. 3 commissioned officers, 31 privates.

F (Warren Light Guard), Lawrence—Captain, Benjamin F. Chadbourne, Lawrence. 5 commissioned officers, 49 privates, 2 musicians.

H (Watson Light Guard), Lowell—First Lieutenant John F. Noyes, Lowell, commanding. 2 commissioned officers, 49 privates.

I (Lawrence Light Infantry), Lawrence —Captain, John Fickering, Lawrence. 5 commissioned officers, 46 privates, 1 musician.

The Lowell Brigade Band, George Brooks, leader, also accompanies the Regiment to Boston. At ten o'clock, by invitation of the Mayor, a large number of our citizens met at his office, and from there went to Huntington Hall, where the troops were assembled. Col. Jones ordered the troops to be drawn up in solid column in front of the speaker's stand, and the doors were opened for the crowd who rapidly filled the hall.

Col. Jones introduced Mayor Sargent to the audience, who was received with loud cheers. Rev. Dr. Blanchard read the 80th Psalm, and offered a fervent prayer.

Mayor Sargent then came forward and addressed those present. He remarked that for three quarters of a century they had been accustomed to see the citizen soldiery parade in peace, ready, however, for any emergency. To-day they are called into active service and he was glad to see them here with full ranks. The soldiers present had the sympathy of every citizen. (Cheers.) Seventy five years ago our fathers established this government. It is your duty to defend the institutions which they left you, and to see that they are maintained. For his part he was willing to trust the question in the hands of those that he saw before him, knowing that they would do their whole duty. His remarks were frequently applauded.

A. R. Brown, Esq., was the next speaker. He said it there could be but one cause for a loyal people to take at the present time, and that was loyalty to the Union. (Cheers.) There should be no disunited sentiment on the questions of the day. His was in favor of sinking all party distinctions. He had full confidence that the soldiers before him would do their whole duty, in defence of the flag of our country, the constitution, and the liberties which our forefathers fought to secure. He would give them one word of parting advice. Spare property, spare families, spare the defenceless, for you are citizen soldiers. But when you find an enemy of your country and the constitution, smite him like a Sampson. Be temperate and careful of yourselves for your country needs your services and cannot spare you. He trusted that they would return with victory perched upon their banners.

T. H. Sweetser, Esq., was introduced and said, we feel that we are right, that you are right, that you leave, no traitor behind. Believe that God is on your side, and in conclusion he would wish them God speed and that success might attend their efforts.

Capt. Peter Haggerty regretted that he was not of their number; that he was not one to receive the proud homage that had been paid them this day. A year ago he was sailing up the Chesapeake and landed at Baltimore. He heard the band playing "Hail Columbia," which did not cause the enthusiasm which that tune should, but on leaving that city, the band played "Yan kee Doodle," and all were enthusiastic.—He wished them success in their mission. His remarks were received with great favor.

Hon. Linus Child next addressed the assembly. A crisis had arrived in the history of the country which must be met, and he was glad to witness so noble a response. Their reliance should be on the God of armies. You are going forth to defend the rights and liberties and the Constitution of your country. The eyes of the world are upon you, and they should respond with a zeal becoming true soldiers. He said that the Mayor had called upon him and requested him to say that if there were any who had families dependent upon them for support the city would provide for them as the families of soldiers. This was received with applause. He also said that State would provide them with overcoats, knapsacks, haversacks, &c., and cautioned them to provide themselves with flannels. Many of the men were here nearly all night in making preparations, and at an early hour this morning the city was astir with members of the different companies. Crowds lined the passage way to the different armories and the sidewalks on Market Street.

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COPYRIGHT IN THE SOUTHERN STATES. *The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle* suggests that there is now an opening for fortunes to be made in "Dixie" by reprinting Northern copyright works at the South, where the people depend almost wholly upon the Northern publishers for their books. There is now nothing to prevent Southern publishers from pirating Northern books, and now is the time to commence operations, in advance of any copyright law by the "Confederate States." This idea is worthy a Cobb or a Floyd. It might be well, first, to instruct a large portion of the citizens of the South how to read, before steal ing their books, or there may not be much left to steal.

MISS CLARA ROBINSON challenged Miss Belle Isnis to fight a duel, at Montgomery, Alabama, last week, but the police prevented it, by arresting the fair and frail combatants.

CALIFORNIA SENATOR. McDougall has been again elected Senator, receiving 77 votes to 39 votes for Gwinn; the rest are scattering. The Republicans and most of the Douglas members supported McDougall.

A LITTLE boy in New York pulled over a bottle of melted wax from a stove, which poured out upon his head and killed him; and the wax cooling instantly, an imprint of his features, contorted by agony, was left in the shell that formed.

THE oil cloth factory of Stickney & Page at Hallowell, Me., was burnt on Wednesday night last. Loss about $30000; partially covered by insurance. Cause of the fire a mystery.

A MAN by the name of Dyke was shot by another by the name of Boynton, in Wall, on the 5th inst. Dyke died on Saturday morning. Both had been drinking freely. Boynton was arrested, and will have his trial at the next session of the Court.

ONE of our exchanges says that Charles S. Mallett, of South Reading, Mass., who had joined a Georgia secession company, returned home recently, and had the honor of being burned in effigy.

MR. JOHN F. BOYDEN, well known as the landlord of the Gloucester House, Gloucester, Mass., was found dead in bed in a room of his hotel, Saturday morning. It is supposed that he died of heart disease.

CITY AND VICINITY.

PROF. BANNING

Gives notice to those suffering from spinal affections and female complaints, diseases of the throat, heart and lungs, dyspepsia, constipation and piles, that he can be consulted at his office, 4 Merrimack street, Lowell, where he will receive from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily. Prof. B. is a graduate of the Botanic Medical College of Ohio, and has had extensive experience in the treatment of chronic diseases. apr16tf

OUR MILITARY READY FOR DUTY. The call for two regiments of troops from Massachusetts, being known in this city yesterday afternoon, and it becoming known at a later hour that the Sixth Regiment was one of those from the troops were to be selected, the armories of the Lowell companies were crowded last evening by the members and outsiders, many of the latter anxious to enlist. About fifty or sixty members were added to the rolls of the several companies last evening and this morning. Col. Jones of the Sixth Regiment was present and made a speech to each corps, to the effect that when their country called for their services all personal considerations must be laid aside, and they should respond with a zeal becoming true soldiers. He said that the Mayor had called upon him and requested him to say that if there were any who had families dependent upon them for support the city would provide for them as the families of soldiers. This was received with applause. He also said that State would provide them with overcoats, knapsacks, haversacks, &c., and cautioned them to provide themselves with flannels. Many of the men were here nearly all night in making preparations, and at an early hour this morning the city was astir with members of the different companies. Crowds lined the passage way to the different armories and the sidewalks on Market Street.

Many citizens came forward with liberal offers of money, clothing and other necessaries to furnish those who were ill provided, but we cannot give individual instances to-day, though we hear of many instances worthy of being recorded. The morning opened with a rain storm, making the atmosphere as gloomy as the mind of our citizens at seeing so many young men go forth from our midst.

About nine o'clock the companies belonging to the Regiment out of the city arrived and the whole Regiment congregated in Huntington Hall. The following companies from other parts of the regiment and companies, with the number of men reported in the ranks to-day :—

Sixth Regiment Infantry.—Colonel, Edward F. Jones, Lowell; Lieutenant Colonel, Walter Shattuck, Groton; Major, Benjamin F. Watson, Lawrence; Adjutant, Alpha B. Farr, Lowell; Quartermaster, Jesse Monroe, Cambridge; Paymaster, Rufus L. Thaxter, Lowell; Surgeon, Norman Smith, Groton; Chaplain, Charles Babbidge, Pepperell.

Company A (National Greys), Lowell — Captain, Josiah A. Sawtell. 3 commissioned officers, 49 privates.

B (Groton Artillery), Groton—Captain, Eusebius S. Clark, Groton. 3 commissioned officers, 37 privates.

C (Methuen Rifles), Lowell—Captain, Albert S. Follansbee. 4 commissioned officers, 32 privates.

D (City Guards), Lowell—Captain, Jas. H. Hart, Lowell. 4 commissioned officers, 42 privates.

E (Davis Guards), Acton—Captain, Daniel Tuttle, Acton. 3 commissioned officers, 31 privates.

F (Warren Light Guard), Lawrence—Captain, Benjamin F. Chadbourne, Lawrence. 5 commissioned officers, 49 privates, 2 musicians.

H (Watson Light Guard), Lowell—First Lieutenant John F. Noyes, Lowell, commanding. 2 commissioned officers, 49 privates.

I (Lawrence Light Infantry), Lawrence —Captain, John Fickering, Lawrence. 5 commissioned officers, 46 privates, 1 musician.

The Lowell Brigade Band, George Brooks, leader, also accompanies the Regiment to Boston. At ten o'clock, by invitation of the Mayor, a large number of our citizens met at his office, and from there went to Huntington Hall, where the troops were assembled. Col. Jones ordered the troops to be drawn up in solid column in front of the speaker's stand, and the doors were opened for the crowd who rapidly filled the hall.

Col. Jones introduced Mayor Sargent to the audience, who was received with loud cheers. Rev. Dr. Blanchard read the 80th Psalm, and offered a fervent prayer.

Mayor Sargent then came forward and addressed those present. He remarked that for three quarters of a century they had been accustomed to see the citizen soldiery parade in peace, ready, however, for any emergency. To-day they are called into active service and he was glad to see them here with full ranks. The soldiers present had the sympathy of every citizen. (Cheers.) Seventy five years ago our fathers established this government. It is your duty to defend the institutions which they left you, and to see that they are maintained. For his part he was willing to trust the question in the hands of those that he saw before him, knowing that they would do their whole duty. His remarks were frequently applauded.

A. R. Brown, Esq., was the next speaker. He said it there could be but one cause for a loyal people to take at the present time, and that was loyalty to the Union. (Cheers.) There should be no disunited sentiment on the questions of the day. His was in favor of sinking all party distinctions. He had full confidence that the soldiers before him would do their whole duty, in defence of the flag of our country, the constitution, and the liberties which our forefathers fought to secure. He would give them one word of parting advice. Spare property, spare families, spare the defenceless, for you are citizen soldiers. But when you find an enemy of your country and the constitution, smite him like a Sampson. Be temperate and careful of yourselves for your country needs your services and cannot spare you. He trusted that they would return with victory perched upon their banners.

T. H. Sweetser, Esq., was introduced and said, we feel that we are right, that

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of three new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call on ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those falling in love at first sight. Any measurement can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, agents. mar29tf

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. ap8tf

LLOYD'S RED ROAD WEEPAL.

Containing a correct map (on lithographic) and The Law of Country Roads in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad guide.

For sale by H. SIZER, Merrimack street, Lowell, and at Office, 181 Merrimack street, adjoining Merrimack House. Price 12 cents.

S. H. FISKE, Sole agent. mar2tf

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the factories for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, sold at 62½ cents per yard, at FARRINGTON'S furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received and for sale at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar19d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, D. W. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
J. Nesmith, Jr., Ira Gage, Jr., Wm. Nesmith,
L. G. Hows, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Wm. Crosby.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made for losses in excess of the premium notes. The STOCK DEPARTMENT has a capital amount of $111,870.36. The stockholders are severally responsible for losses in proportion to their particularly, taxed. A dividend is paid on policies of the Mutual Department, as far as any Company with a substantial cash capital.

The Stock Department the cash assets are divided between the Stockholders, and premium notes, merchandize and other property and accounts, are left to meet the losses and liabilities.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary.
Lowell, July 19, 1860. jy20 1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It is clean coal.
It burns up cleanest.
It leaves little ashes.
It burns in less quantity.
It is not dusty coal.
Then why enter free burning coal. And the best of all coals for the grate.
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE.
Office of our agent, J. HOWARD, 18 Prescott street.
may16dtf

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Druggists all testify that it is THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IN THE SHORTEST TIME GIVES A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND RESTORES THE GLOSS, BEAUTY AND HEALTH OF THE HAIR,

AND A CLEAN SCALP;

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OR FROM WHAT CAUSE BALDNESS HAS RESULTED.

Read on Apothecary's statement:

Messrs. W. E. HAZAR & CO.,
Gents: I have sold HEIMSTREET'S "Inimitable Hair Restorative" for three or four years, with satisfaction and success. I have tried almost other articles in the market, but yours has the decided preference with customers. I have also used it myself and found it to be all it claims to do. Several ladies have used it in my family, and find it very valuable.

I am yours very truly,
S. S. EMMONS.

Messrs. W. E. HAZAR & CO.,
Gents: I have the pleasure to certify that I have given HEIMSTREET'S "Inimitable Hair Restorative" a fair trial, and find it to be all it claims to be. I have sold it for three years, with satisfaction to my customers, and can recommend it as a first class article.

WILL GESTON, Druggist.
Lowell, July 1, 1860. jy2 6m

Where age or sickness has turned it grey, and that it will restore it to its natural color.

USE NOTHING ELSE.

Sold everywhere—Price 50 cents and $1 a bottle.
W. E. HAZAR & CO., Proprietors, 218 Race street, Philadelphia.
H. S. BUCK & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents for New England.
oct11 ly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, ... $1,818,155 80
Dividends paid to date, ... 1,484,980 19
Assets, ... $3,303,135 99

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the premiums are strictly mutual, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is held solely for their benefit, and cannot be used by the insured, and is held by the Company as a trust fund, to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves, and encourages, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusually security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,300,000 Assets.
Its investments are in bonds and mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Company in the City of Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.
The insured get all the profit.
The business of the Company is confined strictly to Life Insurance, and to the Mutual plan.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It has no restrictions as to travel or settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly.
Policies for Life, or for a term of years, may be paid one half in cash and the balance by note, bearing interest at seven per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.
Dividends are declared annually to the insured, to be added to their policies, or paid in cash, when required.
The dividends declared are based upon the most careful and reliable mortality tables.
The dividends declared in 1860 upon the new issues of 1855 and 1856 amount to 50 per cent. on the annual premium.
The dividends declared are based upon the most careful and reliable mortality tables.
The dividends declared in 1860 upon the new issues of 1855 and 1856 amount to 50 per cent. on the annual premium.
The dividends declared in 1860 upon the new issues of 1857 and 1858 amount to 40 per cent. on the annual premium.
The dividends declared in 1860 upon the new issues of 1859 amount to 30 per cent. on the annual premium.
The dividends declared in 1860 upon the new issues of 1860 amount to 20 per cent. on the annual premium.
Dividends are declared annually to the insured in settlement of their accounts, and are payable on demand; and those who prefer it can have their dividends left with the Company, and interest allowed on them

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

SECURE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK, REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the whole system. It also revivifies reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, and

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as not to perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence not to the weakest stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and also all nervous and debilitated females. It is the perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by sinking or nervous depressing spirits. It is compound entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly and carefully extracted, and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of *CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, DEBILITY, MALARIA, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, NIGHT SWEATS, LANGUOR, GIDDINESS, AND ALL THAT CLASS OF CASES SO FREQUENTLY CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND IRREGULARITIES.*

THERE IS NOTHING LIKE ALUAL.

Also, Liver Derangement or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent all attacks arising from miasmatic influences, and cure the disease at once if already contracted.

TRAVELERS should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any disorderly consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS the ALUAL *is*, for it is a perfect relief, taken a month or two before the final trial, she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety.

There is no mistake about it!!

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT.

To

MOTHERS THEY IT!!

And to you we appeal, to prevent the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it is too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from false delicacy, often go down to a premature grave rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are often so mixed up with business matters as to forget that if it were not for you, they too, would involve the same downward course, and be too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we appeal in behalf of your children, for we are sure you never failing affection will unerringly point you to the remedy for WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR, which we feel sure should be always on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists. Price one dollar per bottle.

Read what the Testimony of those who are testing the matter, and no one can have a doubt.

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a genuine medicine of real merit, pleasant to the taste, and invigorating to the system. While it purifies the blood and soothes the nervous irritation, it aids the organs of digestion to perform their functions, and resist the assault of disease. It is a charming compound so skillfully combined that while it exhilarates it does not provoke the lassitude which usually follows excitement. A tonic, composed exclusively of vegetable matter. It is wholesome, beneficial, and no ill effects can possibly accompany its use. It is an infallible and speedy remedy for Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Dyspepsia, Consumption, and a host of ills, for it is a

certain cure.—*N. Louis Morning Herald.*

Prof. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL. It is recorded in the Classics that Pyrrhe was once sent to a warmer climate than the West Indies, to procure a sample of the beauty of Properzia in a box. After nine days the messenger returned, and as soon as the lid of the box was removed, out flew all the ills that flesh is heir to. Fortunately hope was found in the bottom of the box. Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial revives the recollection of the story, for it invigorates the blood, aids the organs of digestion, imparts strength to the nervous system, and fortifies the reader of health, so as to bid defiance to the assaults of disease. It is a healthy tonic, composed entirely of vegetable productions, and while it is exhilarating as pure wine, its ingredients remain impossibly fellow its use. It is no deleterious in the medicine world, and those who are afflicted with loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Faintness, Giddiness, Neuralgia, Irritation of the Heart, &c., will find here an infallible panacea.—*St. Louis Daily Express.*

Prof. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR is, without doubt, a valuable Cordial in the world. To those who are suffering from General Debility, we will say a few words in regard to its use, for it is pleasant to the taste, is straightening to the system, and will assist materially in the removal of all impurities of the blood, and eradicate all traces of disease. It can be used safely by the weakest stomach, while those in good health will at once feel its invigorating effects. We are confident that after using one bottle of that Cordial no one will be for a day without it.—*New York Leader.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects so often to be found in ordinary use, has long been felt to be a desideratum in the community, and we are happy to say that one so skillfully combined from the vegetable kingdom as to be a sure and safe remedy for the ills of nature, and thus soothe the weary and suffering, and at the same time allay nervous and other irritations and tone up all the system, is now to be found in Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator. We have used it, and have also had it administered by hospital-trained oil and nursing. Reader, try it. The result will be already decided, and the testimony is universal in its favor.—*New York Star.*

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is the cure of General Debility, or Weakness arising from any cause, as, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Incipient Consumption, Female Weakness, Insomnia, Loss of Appetite, Female Weakness in all stages; also, Chronic Diarrhœa, and all forms of disease in certain, the best and most agreeable Cordial tonic and Renovating agent known to the afflicted, and is recommended and believed to be the most powerful tonic yet introduced to medical science. Read it. *It will do you good.* We have no hesitation in recommending it, since we know it to be a *safe, pleasant and sure* remedy for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

☞ Before noticing a patent medicine, we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that it is recommended to be, and we would say that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of Prof. Wood will stand the test fully, and in fact it is without any doubt the first article in the market for Female Weakness and strengthening the system. We have no hesitation in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker.*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many, in consequence of a false delicacy, suffer from *suppressed, painful or obstructed menstruation*, and think because they are young that hyperand-bye nature will work itself clear from obstructions, and all come right in the end, little dreaming that the seeds of death are already germinating in the system because the vital energies are impaired, and the entire economy deranged, debilitated, and yet ashamed of themselves as they are, remedy and set before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body, they would take it, and thus be in time to save their lives. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, and No. 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

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TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, NO. 8 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK.

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal Woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using the above Machinery, and their fine testimonials, which can be had on application to Calvin L. Goddard, are the strongest guarantee that they are acknowledged to be the best machinery for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and most widely used. Open Feed Rolls and Burring Machines clean the wool of its removable impurities, leaving the burr of mixed and other machines of the finer dirt and burs; they carefully and thoroughly separate from the whole burr, without waste to the wool, or injury to its staple, and are the only machines that will clean Jute Butts. Also for the use of which could not otherwise be used with advantage. Also, Burring Machines for *cylinder of narrow cards.* Also, Wool and Lint Cleaners are also thoroughly cleaned. Wool and Waste Dusters, with or without fifteen inches wide, for Cotton Mills.

All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references furnished on application. Address

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

Box 3 BOWLING GREEN, NEW YORK.

dec28 1y No. 8

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing person, that children are not what they used to be, and that your child is not a fine-tuned creature of those days when you were a child. Then, if you will observe, you will find that the principal cause of this decline is a scrofulous condition of the system, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton in his marketable success during several years' practice, so well known as to need no further comment. For all forms of infantile complaints, and one trial alone will convince you of its superiority. Sold by druggists. Preparation of the kind. Its particulary recommended

For Children Teething;

and at this period, when a child is cutting its teeth, many lives are passed by unknowing the sufferings of your little one. It will be found invaluable in *Relieving the Gums, Reducing Inflammation, and Relieving all Pain, Griping, Wind Colic, and Cold in the Stomach, Bowels, and Chest.* It will also relieve the *Weakness of the Stomach, Worm, Colic, and Cold in the Bowels*, and by its timely use will save many lives that are every case when given in time. It will invariably regulate the bowels, and to mothers, is of importance in this respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately by the use of this Cordial. Numerous cases since, in infancy when in such that it has been administered by the mother, have been restored to health, and the child has become "familiar as a household word." We now offer it to mothers with confidence, and earnestly recommend it as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is for sale by

CARRIAGE ROBES at BRAZER'S

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

is use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Law Cards, Blanks, Circulars, Town Reports, Invoices, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Printers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of border.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, on white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to suit the trade.*

Z. E. STONE,

S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

BININGER'S

Cognac Brandy

Is a famous practice of adulterating Brandies having become so common that a genuine article is the exception: it is of *rare importance* to them to purchase of a house of long standing, that is absolutely of undoubted purity and efficacy.

The above Brandy is now very popular demand for a reliable Brandy in its natural state, free from adulteration, and impurities, and fully appreciating the fact that it is often recommended by the Medical Faculty, as a *restorative stimulant*, when all other remedies fail, I have imported a large quantity of my own importation, from one of the most scrupulous houses in France, and known as

"Bininger's Genuine Cognac Brandy."

It is mild, delicate and pure fruity, and is designed to be always uniform in quality and PURE, suitable for invalids and court bottles, in cases containing two dozen pints and one dozen quarts, packed by it, and sold by all grocers, druggists, grocers and wine agents.

The above is sold by all the original packages, retail by fancy harmless, and cannot enjoy the best degree of health.

A. M. BININGER & CO.

No. 19 Broad Street, N. Y.

Established 1774.

jan26 6MWAFJuly1

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Smiths' Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, and HAIR, already for use. Coal, &c., at wholesale and retail. Edward Wood, all of the best quality.

NO. 28 MIDDLE STREET.

Having sole arrangements with shippers to sell by the Storer direct from vessels over the new branch road to the Boston and Lowell Railroad, I will at once be at want of the above to call at No. 28 Middle street and Lowell. Aug. 8, 1860. WILLIAM WOOD.

aug8 6mos

"HUMBUG IN THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

☞ Not the greatest humbug of the day is the presumption that any person can sell a better article for a lower price than they are now sold by the manufacturers of Lowell. We have a well selected stock of Boots for Gentlemen and New York Gaiter or calfskin for gentlemen and boys at 11 Central street.

The Annual Meeting, by Walter Allwood—price fifteen cents. Also, Crowe and the Arabian Night, a fine Illustrative Cover and the Arabian Night, a fine Illustrative Cover and the Arabian Night, a fine Illustrative Cover

THE DAILY CQURIER.

Wednesday, April 17, 1861.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The Sixth Regiment arrived in Boston from this city yesterday about one o'clock, and from the depot they marched to Faneuil Hall. They were received with enthusiastic cheers by the thousands who lined the route of their march. They remained there until about half past four o'clock, when they marched up State and Washington Streets, with the Brigade Band, to Bowdoin Hall, which had been fitted up for them. They were every where, as before, greeted with cheers, waving of handkerchiefs by the ladies, and other demonstrations of enthusiasm. The march was through a pelting storm, but neither the ardor of the soldiers or people was dampened. Throughout the day, as the companies and regiments passed thro' the streets, they were honored with the most cordial cheers. Such scenes have rarely been witnessed in the public thoroughfares of Boston.

It was decided, yesterday afternoon, to send the Sixth Regiment to Fort Monroe, Point Comfort, Va. The regiment will be enlarged to 600. In this connection it is said it may state that the cost of Fort Monroe was $2,400,000. Its garrison is 450 men, guns 371. It is expected that the troops will be sent in the steamer Massachusetts, leaving at Long Wharf, and we learn by the conductor who came up with the first regular train, that they leave at nine o'clock this morning. Old Point Comfort is in Norfolk County, Virginia, where the James River empties into Chesapeake Bay.

The following letter, written to us by a member of Company H., will be read with interest, showing, as it does, the patriotism which will cause the members of this Regiment to render a good account of themselves :—

BOSTON, April 16th, 6 P. M.

The sixth regiment are rendezvoused in the armory of the second battalion of Infantry (formerly known as Boylston Hall), who with kindness of true military gentleman have tendered the use and occupancy of all their rooms to the members of the sixth. We have been quartered since our arrival in this city at Faneuil Hall and the old cradle of liberty rocked to its foundation from the shouting patriotism of the gallant sixth. During all the heavy rain the streets, windows and house-tops have been filled with enthusiastic spectators, who loudly cheered our regiment as we passed the streets from Faneuil Hall to this place. The city is completely filled with enthusiasm; grey-haired old men, young boys, old women and young, are alike wild with patriotism.

Gen. Butler is in the armory and we are all sail to-morrow morning for Fort Monroe.

The boys are ready and anxious.

BAYONET.

THE FEELING IN DIFFERENT STATES.—*Maine.* Gov. Washburn has called an extra session of the Legislature to convene at Augusta on Monday next. The Governor has received a despatch that Maine's quota of troops will be required by the 20th of May. A leading capitalist of Portland left for Augusta yesterday to tender a loan of $50,000 to the State in behalf of citizens at Portland. A great public meeting was held in Bangor last Monday evening. A Democrat presided and all parties took part in its proceedings. The sentiment was unanimous in favor of sustaining the government. Gen. Veazie has tendered a loan of $50,000 for war purposes, and the Market Bank of Bangor $25,000.

New Hampshire. Gov. Goodwin has issued a proclamation ordering recruiting offices to be opened at Nashua, Manchester, Concord, Dover, Portsmouth, Keene and other places, and there is no doubt but that the regiment will be filled in less than a week. The Union Bank of Concord has tendered to the Governor the loan of $20,000. Other divisions together with the cashier, agree to contribute $100 each toward the support of such families of volunteers from the city of Concord, needing aid, who may fall in the defence of the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws of the country. Judge Upham and Mr. Gilmore have tendered free transportation over the Concord, Manchester and Lawrence Railroad, to troops and munitions of war.

Rhode Island. The action of the Providence Banks is worthy of all praise. The directors of the Bank of Commerce have informed Gov. Sprague that they are ready to advance a loan of $20,000 to the State for aiding in the outfit of troops. The Globe Bank tenders $50,000. The Providence $15,000 ; and private citizens have also made liberal offers to the Governor.

The tender of troops to the President, has been accepted, and Governor Sprague is requested to get them to Washington this week if possible. The *Providence Journal* says that a telegraphic message was sent to Maj. Barnaby, who was in Washington, inquiring how much notice he desired to prepare himself for service. His reply was a prompt and brief one, as follows :—" One minute."

Connecticut. A public meeting is to be held in Hartford this evening for the purpose of expressing opinions in favor of sustaining the Government. The call is quiet. The most intense loyalty exists. It is reported that Hon. George Ashmun has been sent to Canada on a secret mission. No orders have yet been issued to blockade the southern ports or to stop the mails. The President has issued orders to the garrison Harper's Ferry, and Forts Washington, Monroe and others. The route from Philadelphia to Washington will be guarded by western troops.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamer North Briton brings European dates to the 5th Some sensation was created by the announcement that the Emperor of France was about to review the garrison of Paris in arms at this unusual time was construed by some into the forerunner of a campaign. Rumors are to be taken by the French Government for the suppression of all religious associations and congregations not already recognized and authorized by law. It is reported that the Hungarians have left the order all troops to be concentrated in the heart of the kingdom; if opposed by the Austrian government, the Hungarians would refuse to pay taxes, and the movement for breaking out into insurrection would then have arrived. Gortschakoff is indisposed and is unable to attend the sittings of the Chamber. Sweden and Denmark have followed the example of England and France in recognizing Victor Emmanuel King of Italy.

In our opinion we can pay the *Boston Post* no higher compliment than by republishing the following noble article, which appeared in its columns yesterday :

STAND BY THE FLAG.

The spectacle our country presents, if inexpressibly painful, is most imposing. The constituted authorities, uttering the will and speaking the voice of the nation, in the exercise of their legitimate functions, have raised the standard of REVOLUTION AND WAR. Let us think up to the magnitude of the great fact and solemnity of the duty the necessity that occasioned it. The course of South Carolina, from first to last, has been arrogant, precipitate, unjust to her fellow-citizens, and false to the first principles of Republican Government; and we do not see how a candid mind in the civilized world can justify the immediate attack, under the circumstances, on Fort Sumter because it was about to be supplied with provisions. This act of war was made necessary the President's Proclamation.

This unsheaths the sword of law, and calls on the other States to arm. But the good citizen will observe that the President is careful to say, that in every event the utmost care will be observed to avoid devastation, not to interfere with or destroy any property, or to disturb peaceful citizens in any part of the country. This is well put and must meet the approbation of every considerate man. The people and not State have done more to exasperate than the Secretary, but not even for her peaceful citizens will the towns and cities to be the devastation of war; if for no thing else, for the sake of old memories, that will come thronging in with every fiery scene.

At the call of the LAW, this great country, in its armed men springing to its reason, will present a spectacle that the world will contemplate with wonder. President Jefferson said in his first inaugural that it was a splendid and visionary fear, that this republican government, *the world's last hope*, was too strong enough; or that it could, even by possibility, want energy to preserve itself; and he pronounced it to be the strongest government on the face of the earth. His words are : "I believe it to be the only one where every man, at the call of law, would fly to the standard of the law, and would meet invasions of the public order as his own personal concern." This is what the people are doing now. The uprising is tremendous ; and well founded is the early patriotism, South and North, to feel this invasion of the public order as if each Sumter as his own personal concern. In reality it is so. There is left no choice but between a supine LOVE OF QUIET and anarchy ! The rising shows that this is the feeling. The proclamation calls for seventy-five thousand men ; and from one State alone, Pennsylvania, a hundred thousand men are at once tendered to command, at forty-eight hours notice! Nor is this all. Capitalists have stood ready to tender millions of credit, who cheered them enthusiastically.

In Marblehead, which sends three companies, the sum of $1900 was raised for the aid of the families of those belonging to the companies, one individual giving $200 and several others $100 each. $1000 more will be raised for the same purpose. Marblehead had the first company in Boston, as was the case in the revolutionary war.

In Lynn the greatest excitement prevailed, and in addition to the regular companies, five hundred volunteers were raised. The two companies organized in Taunton with 150 men besides those in uniform.

The Fifth Regiment on Monday evening

CITY AND VICINITY.

FOR SALE. One half of the *Lowell Daily Courier* establishment is offered for sale, the senior proprietor desiring to join, to some capacity, the Sixth Regiment, now on its way for Fort Monroe. The interest offered for sale includes the printing material, good will, and subscription lists of the *Daily Courier*, the *Weekly Journal* and *Vox Populi*, with the job printing material attached. To any one wishing a desirable interest in the printing business, the opportunity is rare for a desirable one. apr17

PROF. BANNING

Gives notice to those suffering from spinal affections and trouble weaknesses, diseases of the throat, heart and lungs, dyspepsia, consumption and piles, and also those who desire a thorough course of gymnastic exercise, that he will be at his rooms a few days to a few days to his office for the purpose of giving advice and prescribing relief (usually without medicine) by means of his improved system of breath. apr15&3t

A GOOD SUGGESTION. It has been suggested by quite a number of citizens that in view of the fact that all the military companies of Lowell have been called into actual service, that one or more new companies should be organized in Lowell without delay, for any emergency that may possibly arise where the services of a military company may be required.— It is thought best that the company or companies should be of such a size that they may be, of persons not liable to perform military duty. It is further suggested that a public meeting be called immediately, to consider the subject, which no doubt would be readily and enthusiastically responded to. Many of our most substantial citizens would enroll themselves in its ranks, while others would contribute means to arm and equip such as might need substantial aid. Something should be done at once, and there should be no delay in taking the initiatory steps in the matter. Who will move in the matter ?

In this connection we may with propriety urge upon our citizens to take steps to see that the families of the soldiers who have left Lowell are amply provided for. Our corporations, institutions, churches and citizens of means, should consider this matter, and we have no doubt they will. The city government will doubtless move on it ; Mayor Sargent has already volunteered to assure the troops that their families shall be cared for, but the more our citizens do voluntarily the less will be required from the city government. Several, to our knowledge, have volunteered to provide for the families of those who have left their employ, especially as to what the troops, and others we know who are willing to do anything in reason. We hope the matter will be properly attended to, and have no doubt it will be, as all seem to be of the same opinion as to the propriety of something being done.

THE FEELING IN LOWELL. Never has there been a time in the history of this city when there has been such a unity of feeling among all classes as exists at the present. All party distinctions seem to be buried, and all are united in a determination to do their part in sustaining the Union, the Constitution and the Laws.— Now and then an isolated individual will attempt to speak against the universal sentiment, but the words of indignation, the frown and the hint soon silence all such. THE NEW STEAMER. The new steamer, now on exhibition here from the manufactory of Silsby, Myndeer & Co., Syracuse, N. Y., was tried Monday afternoon, on the South Common in presence of the city government, engineers, and citizens. We copy from the *Citizen* the following statement in regard to the trial :—

At precisely 25 minutes past 3 o'clock the smoke issued from the stack, and water left the pipe in 4 3-4 minutes: in 6 1-2 minutes the steam was at 100 lbs. and in 9 minutes 100 feet ; in 9 1-4 minutes 150 feet, and in 10 1-4 minutes 210 feet was reached ; this was through an inch-and-a-quarter nozzle. Through an inch-and-three-eighths nozzle a distance of 225 feet was reached. During the 4 1-2 minutes employed in getting up steam, the steamer was moved to Church Street over the two minute 1 1-2, in three minutes 3 lbs ; in 3 1-2 minutes, 10 lbs ; in 4 minutes, 15 lbs., and in 4 3-4 minutes, 20 lbs., when the pumps were started. The next trial was made on perpendicular playing against the liberty-pole, which was 90 feet distant, on account of a high wind, but all concluded that a distance of 150 feet was played, and that the eagle would have been struck had it been still. After this the steamer was moved to Church Street bridge, to test her capacity for drafting, and 245 feet of hose was allowed if desired. The despatch says that the steamer Isabel has just come in and brings information that a heavy gale was experienced off the Federal fleet weighed anchor and have escaped the shoals and shells of their enemy, for they were certainly most of the time securely sheltered inside the fort. A regular correspondent of the *Providence Journal*, writing from Charleston late on Friday, says :—"A boat has just arrived from Morris and Sullivan's Island, leaving at 8 o'clock, and report that on Sullivan's Island there was a perfect panic. Some say no, while others declare that they did. It is easy enough to see how Anderson's men might have escaped the shots

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BRUCE'S

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies nauseous and irritating medicines in all its original purity, and thus restores and produces the serene wholesomeness of appetite of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a portable form that can be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skilfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to acts and in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the wounded stomach and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetable, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INCIPIENT DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE FAINT TURNINGS, SICK HEADACHE, NERVOUS AND GENERAL DEBILITY, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, MELANCHOLY, HYPOCHONDRIASM, COMPLAINTS OF A DELICATE LANGUOR, GIDDINESS AND ALL THAT CLASS OF CASES SO FOUR FULLY FATAL TO CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESS AND IRREGULARITIES.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements, Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevents all attacks arising from miasmatic or other causes, and the disease at once if already attacked.

TRAVELLERS should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following change of water, climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS who find use it, for it is a perfect relief, takes a month or two before the final relief, she will pass the dreadful period with per fect ease and safety.

There is no mistake about it!!

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT.

MOTHERS TRY IT!!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it be too late, but also your sons, and especially so while the former finds false delicacy, often go down to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are often so misled up with the accursed delusion, that if it were not for you, they, too, would trav el in the same downward path and it is too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure you never failing affection will unwearingly point you to the "BIGELOW'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR," and that no family should be always on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists at one dollar per bottle.

Read what the Press say, after thoroughly testing the matter, and no one can have a doubt.

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a genuine medicine as well as pleasant to the taste, and invigorating to the system. While it purifies the blood, corrects the nervous irritation, it aids the organs of digestion to perform their functions, and resists the assault of disease. It is a chemical compound so skillfully combined that while it acclimates it does not provoke the inestitude which usually follows acclimatization. A tonic, composed exclusively of vegetable matter. It is absolutely beneficial, and no fair trial can possibly be amiss to use. It is an infallible and speedy remedy for Low of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Fading of the Woman, and other diseases to which woman is subject. For Sick Headache of the stomach, Bilious Attacks, Liver Complaints, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Consumption, and a host of evils flesh is heir to, it is a certain cure.—*St. Louis Morning Herald.*

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial. It is recorded in the Classics that Psyche was once sent to a wonderful land by the War Indies, to procure a sample of the beauty of Proserpine in a box. After some delay the messenger returned, and as soon as the lid of the box was removed, out flew all the ills that flesh is heir to. Fortunately hope was found in the bottom of the box. Prof Wood, also, in Restorative Cordial revives the recollection of the story, for it invigorates the vital force of the organs of digestion, imparts strength to the nervous system, and fortifies the mind and health so as to bid defiance to the assaults of disease. It is a healthy tonic, composed entirely of vegetable productions, and while it is exhilarating as pure wine, no intoxicating results can possibly follow its use. It is a desideratum in the medical world which has long been sought after by all appetite, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Sore throats, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Debility of the Heart, and a host of evils flesh is heir to, it is a certain cure.—*St. Louis Morning Herald.*

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All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars sent free. Prepared and sold wholesale by addressing

O. J. WOOD & CO.,
No. 3 Bowling Green, N. York.
Sept. 12

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL KING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their first breakers, and they are admitted by all to be superior to any other machine now in use. *Burring Machine* for cleaning Merinos, Saxons, and one new plan of teeth, are recommended to your attention, being as useful as efficient, and as important as are those attached to first breakers. Terms are many in use.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. Its strength and durability are efficient with, they have no equal. Their parts are even and straight surface allows them to run together. The Rolls are driven by a pair of steel gears, which are firm strength and their peculiar set to fit in so different a manner as to prevent the gears from the proper working of burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines can be seen in use at the store of the above to call at No. 3 Bowling Green and No. 3 Bowling Green.

CALVIN L. GODDARD, Agent.
Sept. 12 No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.

MOTHER'S

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensible and intelligent person, that the first object of your solicitude should be the health and welfare of your beloved offspring, and in this connection we would respectfully call your attention to the

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton, with extensive success during several years' practice, as a remedy for the various forms of Infantile Disorders, and for the Loss of Sleep, Nervousness, and Irritability of Mothers, during nursing. It is a safe, speedy and effectual remedy for the Cholic, Griping, Sour Stomach, Worms, Cholera Infantum, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Vomiting, Sick Headache, Fever, Restlessness, Watchfulness, Nervousness, Irritability, Convulsions, Fits, Teething, and all the various forms of Infantile Disorders.

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life when your anxious feelings are excited, and your sleep broken by the little ones, it will be found invaluable in *Relieving the Gums, Regulating the Bowels, Preventing Convulsions*, For Diseases attending Teething, such as Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Griping in the Bowels, Worms, Wind Colic, and Cold on the Head, we recommend it as a safe, speedy, and effectual remedy. It is perfectly harmless, it will correct Acidity, regulate the stomach and bowels, and its operation in this respect is truly wonderful.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, it will be found a never failing remedy, as if by magic; and in the dread consumption of Infancy, Scrofula, it has cured more than all remedies combined that while it acclimates it does not provoke the inestitude which usually follows acclimatization. A tonic, composed exclusively of vegetable matter. It is absolutely beneficial, and no fair trial can possibly be amiss to use. It is an infallible and speedy remedy for Low of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Fading of the Woman, and other diseases to which woman is subject. For Sick Headache of the stomach, Bilious Attacks, Liver Complaints, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Consumption, and a host of evils flesh is heir to, it is a certain cure.—*St. Louis Morning Herald.*

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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, for the use of

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl inface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—packs and inboards to be cut to order.

Z. STONE, Proprietors.
E. W. HUSE,

BININGER'S
Cognac Brandy

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than any other establishment in the city. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,
(Near the Post Office.)

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection.

UGH MEVOY,
51 Central street.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN
EFFICIENT,
SPEEDY,
AND
RELIABLE
REMEDY
FOR
PAIN.

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THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, or in any other form, is instantly subdued by the use of "THE HAMMOND LINIMENT." *Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!* Our writes to tell that he has used

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The grave is low, within the reach of all! To say and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, and at 17 Central street, Boston.

For sale by J. P. FERRY, Manchester; S. D. BALLARD & CO., Concord; and by all druggists in the country.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
Sept. 19 17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861. 1y

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agree ableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not gluey or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hair and makes it wavy when hard dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It is the favorite dressing for children.

It is used by the Queen and her Court ladies.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ms7

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Sallowness, Freckles, Blotches, Tetters, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec28

New England Family
SEWING MACHINE.

AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most simple and durable Sewing Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is equally superior to any other machine on account of its simple mechanism, rendering it impossible to get it broke or get out of order than machines which are more complicated in their construction—as this machine wiggles but six and a half pounds, and is so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in so thorough a manner, that even the strongest thread stitch be cut. It is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons interested are requested to call, whether intending to purchase or not.

PRICE $10.
N. C. CARTER, Agent.
jan23

BUY YOUR
Crockery, China and Glass Ware
OF
H. S. HAYNES,

WHO has just imported a very large stock, and is selling very low, at 45 Merrimack street, only a few steps from the Postoffice.

T. Tons OIL MEAL; 5 do RICE MEAL; 5 do COTTON SEED MEAL—a cheap article of cattle. For sale by S. N. WOOD.
mar7 67 Market street

ROBINSON'S INFICIAL DENTAL SOAP prevents and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other medicine of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have been tried in vain, is recommended *for married and single ladies*, and in all cases where stimulating tonics for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in a few days after cessation from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It should not be taken by females who are pregnant, as it is a powerful medicine in working on the uterine system.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "He lives and moves and has his being" in us, we will venture the remark, that as the planet moves in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain laws, so the animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause which remove or destroy, and death, the certain effect. Follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows them to be remarkably rich in sulphur and phosphorous.

This we describe, be known to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, evolve or emits electricity.

Oxygen brought in contact with a muscle or fiber, causes it to contract.

The Indian Emmenagogue is now proved the solution as to the motive or motive power of the heart. One ounce of this will contain as much oxygen in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood as one hundred ounces of pure air, and will thereby cause the heart to contract with the same force as one hundred pounds of weight. One wine glass of this will contain as much oxygen as is required to lift 62½ pounds of weight 1,000 feet high. Boys can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $12 per week

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, April 18, 1861.

THE RESPONSE OF DIFFERENT STATES.—*Maine.* The Rifle Guards of Portland voted Tuesday night to tender their services to the Governor, as part of the State regiment. Governor Washburn has convened the Legislature to meet on the 2nd inst.

New Hampshire. The citizens of the State of John Stark are responding promptly to the call of Governor Goodwin for enlistments. The recruiting officer of Concord is completely overrun with volunteers. Great enthusiasm prevails. The more wealthy citizens who are too old to enlist come forward and freely offer large amounts of money to help keep the ball in motion.

Rhode Island. The Legislature has passed the bill authorising the raising of a regiment. The large sum of $500,000 has been appropriated. Major General Burnside is appointed Colonel of the Rhode Island Regiment, Brigadier General Pitman, Lieutenant Colonel, and Colonel John S. Slocum, Major. These officers have all seen active service, and the appointments give the greatest satisfaction. Gov. Sprague will accompany the regiment.

Vermont. Governor Fairbanks has issued a proclamation calling for a regiment. The quota of Burnside is already raised. A number of companies have also been organized. The Governor's Guard have tendered their services. Volunteer companies are forming in all parts of the State. Governor Randall telegraphs: "The call for one regiment will be promptly responded to, and further calls when made."

Indiana. The Bank of Indiana has tendered the Governor all the money required to furnish the troops to sustain the Government. The first Regiment of the Indiana volunteers leave to-day for Washington.

Minnesota. Gov. Ramsey has issued a proclamation for one regiment of volunteers in response to the call of the War Department.

THE FLOATING BATTERY AFTER THE FLEET. Some person, profoundly impressed with the bravado of the secession fete, created quite a fashionable excitement at Willard's Hotel, Washington, on Monday morning by posting up what pretended to be a dispatch from "Capa Hatteras Light," announcing that the United States fleet has just passed, under sail and steam heading North, and closely pursued by the Charleston floating battery." Prob ably like the boy's for the floating battery was "a bottle ahead."

A RIDICULOUS rumor is prevalent in Italy that the Federal Government has selected Garibaldi as its commander against the cotton State rebels.

VIRGINIA.

We have a dispatch from Boston stating that there is a report in that city that Virginia has refused to secede. It is stated, though we cannot vouch for it, that there was a strong majority against accession in the convention!

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 16th, 1861.

The Capital just now is a very interesting point. The scener we see the gleam of Northern bayonets here the better. The District volunteer militia and the regulars will be perfectly reliable when they find themselves backed by a large Northern force, and not till then. The people here are Southerners inclined to be Union men, but still with a lurking taint of secession in their blood. The advent of the gallant Seventh Regiment of New York is anxiously awaited by all Northern supporters here. New York and Pennsylvania should come fast: Massachusetts should follow after. The appearance of Massachusetts troops here in defiance of other Northern States, would have an unfavorable effect for very obvious reasons.

There are plenty of secessionists here in the Departments; but as soon as martial law is proclaimed, it will be best for them to clap a padlock on their lips straightway, or otherwise they may have a short shrift and a speedy hanging. Arrests of secessionists take place at the hotels. A colonel of the Volunteer Militia yesterday announced in front of Willard's Hotel that he would not fight for the Government against Southern invaders; whereupon a Pennsylvanian stepped forth and told him he was a perjured knave, at the same time presenting his name, that he might report him at the War Department. The people of Baltimore appear to be loyal. It has been said that the passage of Northern troops through the Capital would be arrested at Baltimore, but it is not probable. Indeed the better portion of the Marylanders are conscious of their critical position at the present terrible emergency. Their State would become "a dark and bloody ground" if it should attempt to obstruct the Federal Government.

The people of this country should bear in mind the individuals who have brought us to this pass: James Buchanan, Mason of Virginia, Jeff. Davis, Slidell, Cobb, Floyd, and Cushing. Davis bent the Pierce administration wholly to his evil purposes, Buchanan followed and put the finishing stroke to the conspiracy. They will known leaders. A terrible retribution is in store for the men above named. No man who has recently had any complicity with these men ought to be trusted.

The *New York Herald* is beginning to tack ship. It has been one of the vilest agencies of political demoralization ever tolerated in any civilized community.

Pennsylvania. Recruiting and the enlistment of volunteers is proceeding steadily in Philadelphia. Five thousand are already enlisted, which is more than the quota required of that city. Advices from Harrisburg state that more than ten thousand volunteers had already been accepted.

Delaware. The secessionists of Delaware are overawed by the prevalent Union sentiment. They had planned the organization of a company to be armed with rifles from the military academy, for the seizure of Fort Delaware, which has been taken by the government. The project has failed.

Maryland. The German Guards, Company F. of Baltimore, waited on Governor Hicks last Tuesday evening, saying that they had come to sing the "Star Spangled Banner" with him. The Governor expressed pleasure at the visit, but said he was too hoarse to join with them. He said he would tell them he was still under the stars and stripes. The "Star-Spangled Banner" was then sung with fine effect. The Governor thanked them for the courtesy, and hoped it would be sung on all fitting occasions forever. He said the Union must be preserved.

A voice—You have done your duty so far.

Governor—Yes, I intend to keep doing so.

Voices—We will all stand by you.—(Much enthusiasm.)

Ohio. Governor Dennison says to the Secretary of War: "Your requisition calling on Ohio for thirteen regiments is just received, and will be promptly responded to." The City Council of Cincinnati has tendered the Governor a quarter of a million in hard cash.

Michigan. Gen. Cass in a speech yesterday on the occasion of the Board of Trade entering the national flag, strongly favored supporting the national government. Oakland County alone offers to raise the regiment required of Michigan.

Iowa. The Partridge & Keeler State Bank of Iowa has offered to advance all the money the Governor requires to equip the troops.

Wisconsin. The Wisconsin Legislature has adjourned *sine die.* The Governor's Guard have tendered their services. Volunteer companies are forming in all parts of the State. Governor Randall telegraphs: "The call for one regiment will be promptly responded to, and further calls when made."

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A RIDICULOUS rumor is prevalent in Italy that the Federal Government has selected Garibaldi as its commander against the cotton State rebels.

THE GALLANT SIXTH. The destination of this regiment having been changed from Fort Monroe (as announced yesterday) to Washington city, the troops embarked last evening about half past seven o'clock, at the Worcester depot for New York city. They were escorted from Boylston Hall to the depot by the Second Battalion of Infantry, and the route of their march was lined with thousands of people, who manifested their feelings by the wildest enthusiasm. There was an immense crowd about the depot, who, when the train started, at a quarter before eight o'clock, with two engines and twenty-one cars, gave vent to their enthusiasm with the loudest cheers, amid the firing of cannon, and the ringing of bells.

The Sixth regiment during the day and a half that they were quartered in Boston, was the "observed of all observers," the leading theme of the papers, and the praise of all tongues. Well may the citizens of Lowell, Lawrence, Groton, Acton, and other places from which the members of this regiment have gone, feel proud at the ovation paid to their fathers, brothers and sons. Massachusetts has responded nobly to beting the first volunteer regiment in the country to respond to the call of the President. It shows that the "Spirit of '76" still lives in old Middlesex and Essex Counties.

Before the regiment left, it was made up to ten companies by the addition of the Lawrence Light Infantry, Capt. J. H. Dike, and the Washington Light Guard, of Boston, Capt. Sampson. The ranks of the different companies were filled up with men from other regiments so that it contained 650 men when it started. In the morning an affecting scene took place in the adoption of a "Daughter of the Regiment." Miss Lizzie Lyman Jones, daughter of Col. Jones. She was led along the line by Major Watson, and was received with the greatest enthusiasm. She is a beautiful little girl of 7 or 8 years. She does not go with the regiment, but their remembrance of her will inspire the troops should they ever be called into action.

As the Sixth regiment marched to the State House, where those of the troops who had old muskets were furnished with the new rifled muskets. Each man was also furnished with two flannel shirts, drawers and pair of stockings. They were marched in from the rear by companies, and came out in front, receiving hearty cheers from the large crowd assembled as they marched down the steps. They will be accompanied by the Lowell Brigade Band, thirteen pieces, George Brooks, leader.

Rev. Charles Babbidge, of Pepperell, Chaplain of the regiment, leaves his congregation, who were paying him a good salary, having volunteered to act in that capacity at a moment's notice. He is in politics a Democrat.

Previous to their departure, the regiment was drawn up in arms in front of the State House, when the regimental colors were presented to Col. Jones by Governor Andrew, after remarks by the Governor and a reply from Col. Jones. The following were the speeches:—

Gov. Andrew said as the official head of the troops of Massachusetts, he bid the 6th regiment a cordial farewell. They were now to depart to secure to which the country is indebted for the service of patriotism and love of country. They were to go from the cheerful homes and firesides of Massachusetts, to perform the duties of soldiers, to ultimately return from victorious fields, bearing with them the integrity of their country and sustaining the honor of that flag whose starry folds have swept the breeze of every land, and always in triumph. (Immense cheering.) Under the immediate command of him who now stood by his side (Gen. Butler) they were to be led to join the hosts of patriots, to be led by him who is the hero of a hundred fights in the service of his country—him whom God has spared, with the laurels of victory around him, again under his victorious lead the glory of the American people may be maintained and the honor of their country be placed on a pinnacle as high and immovable as the everlasting hills. (Tremendous cheering.)

The State had done all in her power to send them forth prepared for the strife, and now that they were to depart, the prayers and benedictions of our whole people would follow them. He knew they would never return until they brought back the assurance that all had been done that the utmost valor of patriotic men could accomplish.

Vociferous cheering followed the close of his speech, and the colors were then presented.

Col. Jones almost overpowered by emotion, received the standard and said:—

Your Excellency—The regiment under my command gratefully express their thanks for the kindness of the occasion, and I accept this standard. So help me God I will never disgrace it!

Great cheering followed this brief and pithy speech, and with ringing cheers young men cried, "Good by you, Colonel!" "That's the way to say it!" and old men said, "God speed you! God bless you!" "God bless you, Colonel, we know you will do your duty!"

The colors were then taken into the ranks, and the troops passed in review before the Governor and his staff, and took up their march.

An immense crowd was present on this occasion, and testified their delight by vociferous cheering.

The regiment will be met by a United States officer in New York, and immediately forwarded to Washington.

THE SOUTH NO LONGER TO BE FED OR ARMED BY THE NORTH. At Cincinnati, yesterday, the order of police seized thirty boxes of guns on the steamer Ohio, which were marked for Little Rock, Arkansas.—The guns were shipped at Parkersburg, Va., and are supposed to have come from Harper's Ferry. Heavy shipments of powder were also stopped. All steamers have been prohibited from taking provisions to the South. A large consignment of bacon for Charleston via Nashville were taken off the steamer Glenwood.

NORTHERN men with Southern principles and sympathies cannot better employ their tongues in these times than by shutting them closely in their mouths.

IN New York the ladies are wearing red, white, and blue rosettes. Good! show your colors, girls!

STEWART, the great New York dry goods dealer, it is said has offered the loan of a million dollars to government.

CITY AND VICINITY.

ATTENTION!

The Lowell Infantry members of the MECHANIC BLUES will parade at their armory at the corner of Merrimack and Kirk streets, THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, to take measures relative to uniting the battalion of the entire membership of the company will be been called into the service of the country.

Lowell, April 16, 1861. 2t

ATTENTION! EXEMPTS!

The honorary members of the various military companies in this city and vicinity are hereby notified to be equipped for active service, at the Odeon Committee Room, at half past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a battalion, to take a volunteer service, and take the place of the citizen soldiery, during its absence.

Nathan Allen,	Lowell.
Stephen Crosby,	Lowell.
Thomas Nesmith,	Lowell.
Wm. Parker,	Lowell.
Alonzo A. Miner,	Lowell.
Benjamin K. Bates,	Lowell.
	Lowell.
	Lowell.

H.S. HAYNES.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.
The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing.
45 Merrimack Street,
mh18 (Near the Post Office.)

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.
W. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Dreyer's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his trade, and have proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.
Mr. B. has also a superior article of Own Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or siphon when wet.
A large lot of Boys' Dog Skin Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hall.
jan21 ×ly

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.
Be ready. Firm by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner
Will make hard water soft, clear as Palm, removes Iron Type, tiresome from a clean Utensils.
As a
One box costs $5 cts.
It will do the refuse grease, usually given away, at about 1-of cent per lb. 50
Forty-five cents therefore, is the cost of a barrel *Forty-two* SOFT SOAP.
Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, sent *free* by addressing
DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.
PHILADELPHIA.
☞The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable Grocer in the Country.
May, 1860. 1ym31 ×ly

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.
This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended to every Dyspeptic, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, the Miseries, Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Dizziness, Costiveness, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.
IT STIMULATES, ENNOBLATES, INVIGORATES
BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.
AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual during the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.
It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore to health and vigor and vitality to health, strength and vigor.
Persons who, from the indiscretions of youth, have become depicted, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, immediately, feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
DOSE.—One wine glass full as often asnee as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give a keen appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and pain of Dyspepsia will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all disorders of the Kidney. Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are dreadfully afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.
RIGHTLY DISPELLING.
Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.
Ladies of weak or delicate constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong and healthy and will remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the sunken face.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts, $1.
General Depot, 40 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agencies, WARE & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. B. Hayes; Brown, Holder, Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. Frost; Dr. M. S. Thompson, Dr. A. Cheney, J. Stanlels, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. 1ed29†1y

MORE MUSIC.
"Be that hath no music in himself," &c. &c.
JUST received, five pieces from Operettas and Cantatas by Frits Spindler—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresser.
Polka from Carl Zerrahn.
Rocky Point Quick Step, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Melodier Exercises from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.
All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. E. HUNT, 17 Central street.
nov27

THOSE
$10 SEWING MACHINES.
EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Will make hard water soft, clear as Palm, removes Iron Type, tiresome from a clean Utensils. As it does the work of two and all machines ever before invented. It has a very simple movement, over all the others, so as to make it so simplicity.
A. C. CARTER,
17 Central street.
feb8

MUSIC BINDS!
ANOTHER lot of Sewing's Patent Music Binding just received and for sale by E. E. HUNT, 7 cts per piece.
All the popular Music of the day constantly on hand.
feb18

BACHE. OR'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
nov12 JOHN T. BILLINGS

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, NO. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.
ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their fine broadcloth, and none who have used them would do without them. They are acknowledged the only perfect machines in the country, combining *Strength, Durability, and Simplicity* of construction, Second brushers and Strikers. Also on a new plan of leveling, requiring no change of position, being as useful, or efficient, end to end, as last as are those attached to first breakers. There are many in use.
THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS
are also recommended to your attention. Is strongs, and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their parts are even and straight surface allows them closest point to the Burr Cylinder, to save the fine and short staple. Their firm strength and unexceptionable rotary motion, contributes to a good hold on the wool, for the proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved by all who have used them. Solid Packing Burring Machines, clips the wool of the coarse matter, the coarse machines of the coarser and the finer machines of the finer dirt and burr, and thus prevents injurious substances from coming in contact with the card, and each set is in uniform thickness, leaving the wool and preventing the cards,&c so much injured by the old method. Those who have used them should therefore be attached to each end of the set.
The undersigned has been engaged in the manufacture and other kinds of machinery for the past fifteen years, and is either shortens the staple nor injures the burl in the least degree (as it is stated) the burrs. The machines are made in the most carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burrs which remain in the wool, or which are in the Stove, are free from the fine fibrous beards of burr *fibres*. The machine wood, which could not change or ward with advantage, or by this machine ready use and adjustment, and the teeth are set in such a way that are also thoroughly cleaned. Wood and Water Dampers, which will keep the machine in order for a long time.
All orders will meet with prompt attention. Circulars with explanations and references furnished by addressing C. L. GODDARD, Agent.
jan21 No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, NEW YORK.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the first duties of those who are study from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in this connection, we would recommend to your notice the well known cure of Home Comforts, a remedy called

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with entire success during a practice of many years, we have to be a most reliable and effectual remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, or Summer Complaint, and we feel assured that we will not advance you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;
And at this period of infantile life, when your anxious hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in *Softening the Gums, Reducing Inflammation, Allaying all Pain and Spasmodic Action*, and by the energy with which it *Regulates the Stomach and Bowels*, and an importance in this respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,
from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, it will be found a *Medicine of inestimable value*, and if by magic; and in this count numerous instances have come to our knowledge in which it has been recommended from one family to another, until the sale of it has become very extensive. Explanatory of the *Symptoms* for which it is recommended, and the *Manner* in which it is to be administered, will be found in a pamphlet accompanying each bottle, to which your attention is called. Sold by druggists generally. Depot 40 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agencies, WARE & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. B. Hayes; Brown, Holder, Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. Frost; Dr. M. S. Thompson, Dr. A. Cheney, J. Stanlels, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. 1ed29†1y

No Morphine or Opiate,
or any kind, or of whatever name, is used in the preparation of this soothing remedy in spite of any false statements to the contrary which may be put forth by parties who, for the sake of gain, would destroy the lives of children. To test this throughout the world, the mother is advised to procure a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children Teething, which are certain to result from its use. Perfect safety and moderate in the use of any kind, and the most unexperienced nurse can not injure the stomach and bowels, and an importance in this respect can hardly be estimated.

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Sold by
nov12 JOHN T. BILLINGS

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
to use, the Proprietors feel angered that they can compete successfully with any letter establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books,
Pamphlets,
Circulars,
Addresses,
Programmes,
Town Reports,
Catalogues,
Manuscripts,
Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
Court Dockets,
By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Bill Heads,
Note Heads,
PANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address
DAILY COURIER,
Lowell, Mass.

HAS just received direct from manufacturers
A new and fine assortment of
CUTLERY,
Comprising Cocoa, Horn, and Ivory handles—
Also on hand,
CHINA WARE
Of new and most beautiful shapes, consisting of White CHINA,
Edge and Line do.,
Gold Band do.,
Finely Decorated do.
A full assortment.
—ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
Rich and Common VASES,
Rich FANCY GOODS,
Silver Plated SPOONS,
" FORKS,
" CASTORS,
Britannia " and
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE
in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
50 Merrimack Street.
mar19 W. DEARDEN.

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONEY,
Which he has now ready for inspection—Embracing
VOH MEYOT,
aug31 31 Central street.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, socket, hand, centre, burner, Shades, and study lamps Also a new style for factory use, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.
Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES'
Chimney Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct26

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS AND PENS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, BALL CASTORS,
KNIVES, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY AND METALLIC KNIVES.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Songs and books—all to sold low.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured to order.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Store, 31 Merrimack Street.
oct26

Burnet's Cocoaine,
COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without equal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and luxurious growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It has no disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest perfume.
It remains longest in effect.
It is sold in the handsomest bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.
AND
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The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of the Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and is personally acquainted with the wants of the trade, and in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article of superior quality.
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Sign of the Sand Pitcher.
Please call and see.

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50 MERRIMACK STREET. dec22

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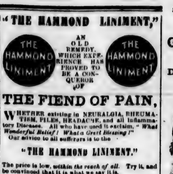
BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. E. HUNT'S Book and music Store
mar21 17 Central street.

A FEW MORE LEFT.
CALL and see the Belle Sewing Machine which is sold for $15. No machine sells for less.
N. C. CARTER, Agent,
feb18 17 Central street.



Cognac Brandy
The infamous practice of adulterating Brandies and Wines with poisonous drugs, is not confined to the exception; it is of equal importance to those residing in the country, as well as in cities, that it should be of undoubted purity and efficacy.
With a view to meeting the popular demand for a pure article, we have imported a stock, free from adulteration, and selling at reasonable rates, a Brandy of *rare excellence*, and one of the most responsible houses in France, and known as
"Bininger's Genuine Cognac Brandy."
It is mild, delicate and fruity, and is designed to be used as a beverage, and for medicinal purposes. Physicians and quiet bottles in cases containing two dozen bottles each. We warrant, and will sell only all genuine goods, grocers and town agents.
The above is also for sale in original packages, viz: Eights and Quarter Casks.
A. M. BININGER & CO.
Established 1778.)
Sole Importers, No. 19 Broad Street, N. Y.
For sale by GEO. W. GROSVENOR & CO., Nos. 11 and 12 Marshall street; M. S. BURR & CO., Nos. 47 and 49 Merrimack street; S. D. HOOD-NOW & CO.; REED, CUTLER & CO.; T. L. SMITH; C. S. LINCOLN & CO.; JAS. MACKINTIRE.
dMWFaly sept1

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get go PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get DOWNER'S KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
mar19

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
for the Corns, Warts and Bunions, for which
FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
A LL WHITE LEAD (So Oil) made by the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground extra fine, Old London process Oil, and to contain no equal for Body Durable and Fineness. It is believed to be the most economical, and is the only White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure" on the package.
The great lead capacity for covering of the Lead renders it the most economical article in use. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 150 lbs of most other brands. The fact has been stated by some of the best dyers in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial is solicited, and the public are assured that no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.
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W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
Has the largest and most varied amount of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA TORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city.
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
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A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONEY,
Which he has now ready for inspection—Embracing
VOH MEYOT,
aug31 31 Central street.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, socket, hand, centre, burner, Shades, and study lamps Also a new style for factory use, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.
Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES'
Chimney Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct26

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS AND PENS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, BALL CASTORS,
KNIVES, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY AND METALLIC KNIVES.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Songs and books—all to sold low.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured to order.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Store, 31 Merrimack Street.
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Burnet's Cocoaine,
COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without equal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and luxurious growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It has no disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
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AN
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REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF
THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all internal or external pains, which have resisted its actions. "What *Wonderful Relief* it has afforded to the afflicted!"
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; BLACK & SHERWOOD, and PERRY, Manchester; N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and by retail by Dealers generally.
O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 15, 1861. bdlly

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,
Has just received a large assortment of
FANCY GOODS,
Silver Plated SPOONS,
" FORKS,
" CASTORS,
Britannia " and
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE
in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
50 Merrimack Street.
mar19 W. DEARDEN.

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SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal
NEVER before introduced into the New England States. Manufactured at Mauch Chunk, Pa. Dealers may consult to buy it. Sold by
DENNIS & WRIGHT'S Coal Office, Moody st Tremont streets.
Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other Schuylkill Coal. Sold by the above Coal Office Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTI-SON'S REMEDIAL DEPOT FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private nature*, and all of MEN and WOMEN, a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, devotes his whole time to the Medical Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent by mail or express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Persons deterred from applications from abroad wishing for a secure and just dealing, will find in this office a sure remedy to health.
PARTICULAR CAUTION.
☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assumes to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine, it behooves every person to be very careful to whom they apply, before at least making some of their most delicate secrets known to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. Advertising Quacks are *generally* those who are the *most ignorant*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiry as to the character of the one you are to entrust with your case, you have only yourself to blame.
☞ Dr. M. will send *free*, by enclosing a stamp for return postage, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on "*Private Diseases generally*," also Medical Opinions of the Press, which will tell best their own story. ☜
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
AND FANCY ARTICLES,
I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, selling which will be sold low for cash in State or Store at my China and Crockery Emporium.
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
50 MERRIMACK STREET.
W. DEARDEN.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has just been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by those who are availing themselves of this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have now over 500 workers in our employ, some of whom are now making from $5 to $20 per week. One young man who a few months ago was in destitute circumstances, is now worth $1000, all earned by his business. Another, a mechanic, has made $1,000 in a few months. Women can clear from $5 to $10 per week in their own homes. Boys can make from $2 to $5 per day. We send a pamphlet containing all directions necessary to enable any one to commence work immediately, and the business is such as enables the possessor to commence work immediately, and the profits are large from the first day. Capital not required; we will start you. Those who want profitable employment, and all who are in need of more money than they now make, should write us immediately, and test the business for themselves. Full particulars, directions, &c., sent by return mail. Address
H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
Portland, Maine.
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DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
or
VERMIFUGE.
SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.
THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull, the pupil dilated; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eyelids; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a feeling of the upper lip occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva, with occasional nausea; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite, sometimes voracious, with a craving sensation at the stomach; at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, sometimes costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, sometimes accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and dis

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, April 19, 1861.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT ON ITS WAY TO WASHINGTON. The 6th military demonstration in New York, since the attack on Fort Sumter, was made by the Massachusetts Regiment yesterday. The soldiers were received with great enthusiasm and loudly cheered at every point. They marched to their quarters at the Astor, St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels early in the morning, enthusiastically greeted by the populace along the line of march down Broadway. At the Fifth Avenue Hotel the cheering was tremendous. At 11 o'clock the military marched down Broadway amidst an ovation more demonstrative than ever before greeted any Massachusetts soldiers. The standard presented by Gov. Andrew Wednesday was carried aloft proudly. The companies produced a marked impression by their manly and intelligent bearing and resolute appearance. Praise of the old Bay State is heard on every hand, and the altered tone toward Boston here is truly astonishing.

Flags floated from every house and store; all the trains, horses and boats had the American flag attached, and nearly every pers n carried one in his hand.—The flag presented by Governor Andrew was chosen the whole length of the route, and "God bless you" was frequently uttered. Cheers for the old Bay State were demanded and enthusiastically given at every step. They marched to the Jersey Ferry, where there was a perfect ovation. They embarked at 12 o'clock, and took the train direct for Washington.

A national salute was fired by order of the Governor, at Trenton, N. J., in honor of the troops, who were enthusiastically cheered by hundreds at the depot and State Arsenal.

The Massachusetts volunteers were received at Newark with a salute.

The volunteers arrived at Philadelphia about 8 o'clock. They passed along Chestnut Street to the Continental Hotel, where they took supper there and at the Girard. The soldiers are mainly quartered in the latter house, which is now vacant. The cheering was incessant along the route.

MASSACHUSETTS ALL ALIVE. The Eighth Regiment, Col. Timothy Monroe, is leaving Lynn, Salem, Marblehead, Newburyport, &c., left yesterday afternoon by the Worcester Railroad for Washington, it being the third regiment from this State which have gone to Washington, and the fourth which has left the State. The march of the regiment from Faneuil Hall to the depot was the signal for the greatest enthusiasm for the large crowd who witnessed their departure. The troops seemed to be in good spirits and were merrily singing as they were along. They will be joined at Springfield by Company A of Pittsfield, and will then number 640.—Brig. General B. F. Butler, of this city, went on with this regiment to take command of his brigade. Previous to their departure the regiment was drawn up in front of the State House, when a flag was presented to Col. Monroe, with speeches from Gov. Andrew and General Butler, the substance of which we present below:

Speech of Governor Andrew. Handing the flag to Col. Monroe, Gov. Andrew spoke as follows:

Mr. Commander and Soldiers:—Yesterday you were citizens: to-day your are soldiers. True to the instincts of your flag, true to the inspirations of your own hearts, true to the undying examples of our fathers; you have hurried up from the towns of Essex, all along from Boston through Marlborough Capes and Fall River, to all the men of Massachusetts, to the brave soldiers of a heroic army! You have come to be credited anew one night to Faneuil Hall, and from breathing once more the inspirations of Independence, you have hurried forth this afternoon to follow where ever glory leads under the folds of the American banner! (Great applause.)

From the bottom of my heart, standing here as the official representative of the Commonwealth, I pay to you, soldiers, citizens, heroes, the homage of my most profound gratitude. And the heart of all Massachusetts beats to-day in sympathy with every word I utter. There is but one sentiment throughout this beautiful domain of liberty. From the shores up to the tall hills of Berkshire, from the beating heart to the the granite peaks, it speaks in unison with our common land, and our common liberty in deathless echoes. (Applause.)

Soldiers, go forth bearing that flag—

"Never foul in the smoke of battle,
Where breathes the foe but fall before us?
With Freedom and Right for our motto,
And Heaven's banner streaming o'er us."

We stay to defend the hearth stones of Massachusetts. We remain to guard the homes of the wives and the children of your love; and we swear whatever fortune may befall us on the field, we will be true to them. (Applause.)

I need not say to you Mr. Commander, that we pack entire confidence in your fidelity, courage and ability, in this noble hand. We have mustered under your command. I need not say that in the gallant son of Massachusetts who stands by my side, (General Butler) we have all the confidence which Massachusetts men place in each other.

I speak to you not as citizens and soldiers of Massachusetts, but as citizens and soldiers of the American Confederate Union. While we love that Union shall last! (Tumultuous applause.) And until all of us and all those who shall have landed death, the Government, the Union of the American people, the large and the free, shall be immortal! (Applause.)

Go, remember, go forth with the blessing of your country, and the confidence of your fellow-citizens, obey only the bugle of God in a good cause, and be, under the stout hearts and strong arms, go forth to victory. Do not dream possible to return, or live them with you.

You are the advance guard of Massachusetts soldiers. As such I bid you God speed and fare you well.

Great applause and cheering followed the Governor's speech, and three cheers were given for Gen. Butler.

Speech of Gen. Butler. Gen. Butler, standing by the side of the Governor, advanced and said:—

JEF. DAVIS' PROCLAMATION.

We give below an article from the *Boston Post* on the infamous proclamation of Jefferson Davis, the recognized leader of the Southern rebels. We commend it to the attention of every man, woman and child. It must speak the sentiments of all honest, patriotic hearts, in its denunciations of the arch traitor and pirate, for a man who authorizes and encourages the sale which, in all ages, is an unworthy descendant of the Kidds and Gibbses that have disgraced humanity and the gallows.

In the noon of the Nineteenth Century, from the Presidential Chair of the Capitol men of the Border States, aye, and even of the Gulf States, can sustain the proposition that citizens may sell and direct the trade which the civilized world pronounces to be a piece of barbarism, war on private property, but thus only to invoke fire and sword on our humble and unoffending seamen! In this time honor of our country's dire calamity, we distrust the power to write aught, save in the most distinct and lowers, can ostly stand in the faith, that the God, who smiled on the Heritage of our sires, gave to that man Christian Sons who desire to do their whole duty in this struggle for Liberty. This is the only Light behind the Darkness. In such faith let the union of the loyal men, South, North, East and West, be a perfect in their cause is JUST.

Put this call of LETTERS OF MARQUE, just as it is, without extenuation and malice, and it is just this: South Carolina, fifty-six years ago, gave to that body or one ality as clear a deed of session of all the lands on which the Forts in South Carolina stand, by individual gift from many private property. Thus, this was Ninety years ago, and when President Buchanan first, and President LINCOLN next, were called upon to do what they could to maintain such a deed, they spoke to the Constitution, to wit, give up Fort Sumter, it is said, to pay a debt or do the National Flag. Then President Lincoln summons forces about him, careful to say they are not to be used in offensive operations against peaceful individuals, communities or States, but only to defend the private property, but only to defend the PUBLIC PROPERTY. Less he could not have done: more he could not do for our noble nationality. The answer to this duty—the civilized world will not regard it as a duty—is the invocation of the sword on PRIVATE PROPERTY!! Aye, let the Sword be used too, by all such foreigners as may be prompted to it by the most mercenary motives! But we cannot believe that citizens with this are they to go forth on the high seas to make war! They will respect the ratification flag that floats over such craft? Will large minded England? Will France? Will the Netherlands, the mighty arm of her great and enlightened Emperor? Will Sweden and Norway? Why? the Turk would not respect such a flag !—And can it be possible, is it conceivable, that the Government of the South can call upon Almighty God to bless those who, with a Confederate flag of marque as their signal manual, go forth on the high seas and invade the American Home of the free and brave?

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ANOTHER FLAG. The residents of the neighborhood of Mechanics' Mills last evening threw the American flag to the breeze from the liberty pole in Franklin Square, there to float while a rag of it remains.

ATTENTION!

The past and honorary members of the MECHANIC BLUES are requested to meet at the armory of the company, this evening, (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock, to take measures relative to raising the number of the active members of the company who have been called into the service of the country.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. 22k

FOR SALE. One half of the *Lowell Daily Courier* establishment is offered for sale, the senior proprietor desiring to join, as a private soldier, the 6th Regiment, now on its way for Washington. The interest offered for sale includes the entire material, good will, and subscription lists of the *Daily Courier*, the *Weekly Journal*, and *Vox Populi*, with the job printing material attached. To any one wishing a desirable interest in the printing business, the opportunity to invest is a desirable one. apr19

PROF. BANNING

Gives notice to those suffering from spinal affections and throat weakness or, common of the throat, heart and lungs, Asthma, Consumption and piles, and also those who desire a radical cure or hernia—as a new principle has been discovered by him, which he applies to his own body, and will be pleased to call on the afflicted at their residence, or names of the improved system of braces. apr15d1

MUNICIPAL.

A special meeting of the City Council was held last evening.

The following communication was received from the Mayor and read:

To the City Council:

Gentlemen:—On the night previous to the departure of our Lowell companies, acting upon my own convictions of duty, I authorized Mr. Jones to expend the sum of fifty dollars as a token of the gratitude of the people of this city to the members of the Fifth Regiment, who were appointed to distribute the money, to which chief engineer Fuller was added as chairman.

LOWELL, April 18th, 1861.

The undersigned members of the Massachusetts Medical Society respectfully tender their professional services free of charge to those families from which any member may be absent on military duty.

Martin Pillsbury, 24 Kirk Street.
John O. Green, 23 Pawtucket Street.
Elisha Huntington, 31 Tyler Street.
John W. Graves, 14 Dutton Street.
Nathan Allen, 12 Hurd Street.
Hiram Pillsbury, 15 Hurd Street.
Luther B. Morse, corner of John and Merrimack Streets.
Hamilton Hoit, 3 John Street.
Daniel P. Gage, 13 John Street.
A. P. Avery, 20 Kirk Street.
David Wells, Wells Block.
William B. Proctor Wells Block
C. F. Stevens, Wells Block.
G. Kimball,
Joel Spalding, Savings Bank Building.
Chas. A. Savory, corner Kirk and Paige Streets.
Hazlin H. Pillsbury, 7 Kirk Street.

A BET GOODS THIEF. The rascal, Jeremiah L. Edds stole a piece of broadcloth from the store of Tucker & Lewis, in Wells's Block. He was soon and pursued through Kirk Street to the Lowell depot. He threw a stone at one of the pursuers, but was soon overtaken by him. He rushed into a house in the Avenue, but was arrested by Officers Bowles and Cook, and conveyed to the station house. He will be examined this afternoon. The last time he was before the Police Court he was let off on promising to leave the city, and he will possibly be compelled to leave the city for a few months now without any promise.

REV. AUGUSTUS WOODBURY, formerly pastor of the Lee Street (Unitarian) Church of this city, has been appointed Chaplain of the Rhode Island regiment.

MEETING OF EXEMPTS. There was a good attendance of our citizens who were exempted from military duty, at the Committee Room, at Huntington Hall, last evening, to take immediate steps toward forming a "home guard," to take the place of our military companies who have been called into service. Many of our most active citizens were present, and but one feeling pervaded the minds and hearts of all: that every security that military organizations can give our community should be given at once, and every man expressed his willingness to perform in that position which would best secure the result desired.

The meeting was organized by the choice of Joel Powers for chairman, and Alfred Gilmore, secretary. Capt. J. G. Peabody and Hon. E. B. Bates were chosen a committee to wait on the City Government, then in session, to confer as to what steps were necessary to secure a charter for a military organization for such length of time as may yet be determined upon.—They reported that a committee of two from the City Government would visit the Governor to-day for the object already named.

A committee of five was also created to solicit the signatures of such as were willing to join the proposed organization. A paper was drawn up and quite a number put down their names; and there is no doubt, from the feeling exhibited, that the requisite number will be obtained with but little solicitation.

Various propositions were broached as to the manner of organizing, as it is probable that there are to be no more companies. The idea that a full company of the past and honorary members of the Phalanx could be formed, was strongly encouraged by several of the old members who were present; and as they are to have a meeting this evening, on motion, it was voted to adjourn to Saturday evening, the same place, at 8 o'clock.

Brief but animated speeches were made by Messrs. Powers, Patch, Favor, Peabody, Gray, Lovejoy, Wright, Howe, Lawson, Hollis, and others, and when Powers Chaman first, and President LINCOLN next, were called upon to do what they could to maintain such a deed, they spoke to the Constitution, to wit, give up Fort Sumter, it is said, to pay a debt or do the National Flag. Then President Lincoln summons forces about him, careful to say they are not to be used in offensive operations against peaceful individuals, communities or States, but only to defend the private property, but only to defend the PUBLIC PROPERTY. Less he could not have done: more he could not do for our noble nationality. The answer to this duty—the civilized world will not regard it as a duty—is the invocation of the sword on PRIVATE PROPERTY!! Aye, let the Sword be used too, by all such foreigners as may be prompted to it by the most mercenary motives! But we cannot believe that citizens with this are they to go forth on the high seas to make war! They will respect the ratification flag that floats over such craft? Will large minded England? Will France? Will the Netherlands, the mighty arm of her great and enlightened Emperor? Will Sweden and Norway? Why? the Turk would not respect such a flag !—And can it be possible, is it conceivable, that the Government of the South can call upon Almighty God to bless those who, with a Confederate flag of marque as their signal manual, go forth on the high seas and invade the American Home of the free and brave?

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SOUTHERN NEWS. Tennessee, Governor Harris replies to Secretary Cameron that Tennessee will not furnish a single man for coercion, but 50,000 if necessary for the defence of their rights and those of their southern brethren.

Kentucky. The Governor has convened the Legislature to meet on the 27th.

A special dispatch to the *New York Herald*, dated at New Orleans 18th, says it is expected that Tennessee, Kentucky, North Carolina, Missouri and Arkansas will secede within a week.

MASS. ARMORY. This officer arrived at New York yesterday and was received with great enthusiasm by an immense crowd at the Battery. He joined his wife at the Brevoort House. His statement and that of Capt Doubleday, go to show that he acted at Fort Sumter with wisdom and patriotism and was overcome only by the immense superiority of the rebels in numbers and arms. He also acted in strict conformity with the instructions of his Government.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. *Chapman J.*, in the action of Tebbetts vs. Hamilton Mutual Fire Insurance Company, a *pro forma* verdict for the defendants was given, and the case goes up to the full bench.

Both juries are dismissed till Monday morning at 9 o'clock, for want of anything to do. The Court is busy in hearing motions for divorce, as in most of the cases this term no defence has been set up. The case of Thomas Ford vs. Lowell, for personal injuries, was commenced yesterday afternoon. C. Cowley for libellant; Brown & Alger for the libellee.

CONCERT THIS EVENING. The concert complimentary to Mr. C. M. Currier, at Huntington Hall, this evening, should not be forgotten. In the midst of discord and warlike deeds, "a concord of sweet sounds" is desirable. We have more than once spoken of the admirable array of talent engaged, and can do no less than urge the attendance of our citizens.

UNFEELING. We have incidentally heard that two or three of the wives of soldiers who have gone with the Sixth Regiment, have been deemed for house-rent and grocery bills, and that in one extreme case a nurse will be taken if the bills are not paid at once. The landlord or grocer who would be guilty of such conduct, especially at this time, when families are filled with grief at the sudden departure of those in whom they depend for support, are inhumanly mean.

As a bright side of the case, one of our city bakers told us that the morning after the volunteers owed him $42, but he felt amply repaid by the readiness with which the man took up arms at his country's call.

ANOTHER NEW COMPANY. We hear that the workmen on the Lowell Machine Shop are raising a company of sixty-four men, whose services are to be at once offered to the Commonwealth. We shall refer to their company again to-morrow.

THE NEW STEAMER. The steam fire engine now in this city, which has been purchased by the city, and will be placed in the engine house on Middlesex Street, now occupied by No. 12, which is to be fitted up for it. The cost of $2,500 is to be paid, yesterday, to the Amoskeag Company, by Myadeus & Co. They offer $1000 in exchange for the steamer Wamesit, to have a new one here by July 4th.

FIRE AND DISTRICT COURTS. We expect your meeting this evening, at 8 o'clock.

CORRECTION. Several paragraphs in our paper yesterday went to press with proofs uncorrected. Mr. "P. A. Daws" should have read P. A. Davis. Mr. George F. Richardson was appointed to fill Lieut. Davis's influence to raise $1000 (instead of "$100") to a volunteer company from this city. These slips of the types are all that are necessary to explain.

MORE GENEROSITY. Dr. Judge J. G. Abbott authorized the Mayor this morning to draw on him for $250 for the aid of families of soldiers. Gen. B. F. Butler also offered, before he left the city, to contribute any sum that might be wanted for the same purpose from $100 to $500.

LOAN OFFERED TO THE STATE. At a meeting of the directors of the Appleton Bank, held last evening, it was voted to offer a loan of $10,000 to the State for war purposes.

PROF. BANNING IN THE CITY AGAIN. Prof. Banning has been upon Monday and Tuesday of next week, when he will be at his office, No. 86 Church Street, for the application of his braces for the cure of drooping and affection of the throat, heart, lungs and spine; also for dyspepsia, hernia, and female weaknesses. if.

THE MERRIMACK HOUSE. Workmen today are engaged in putting up a flag-staff, thirty feet long, on the Merrimack House, from which the American flag is to be unfurled.

REMEMBER the sale of Judge Abbott's place on Stackpole Street to-morrow at 2 o'clock P. M. It is one of the most desirable places in the city.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Sarah Brophy, for being a stubborn child, was sent to jail for ten days.

Jeremiah L. Edds, whose case is elsewhere mentioned, will come in for trial this afternoon.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. This Board will hold a special meeting this evening, to act upon the subject of having a new military company chartered.

VIRGINIA. Contrary to the report yesterday noon, Virginia has, it seems, seceded by a large majority. The time for the promulgation has not yet arrived, measures of a military character having first to be consummated. As yet no resolutions have been passed. This is an emergency, though it is to be regretted. But Virginia evidently feels that the prestige she once carried is no longer here, at the South. There are other States, from the letter equal, and she cannot bend all to her will.

Governor Letcher's reply to Secretary Cameron, calling for Virginia's quota of troops concludes as follows:—"Your object is to subjugate the Southern States, and a requisition made on me for such an object, in my judgment, is not within the purview of the Constitution or the act of 1795, and will not be complied with.—You have chosen to inaugurate civil war, and having done so, we will meet it with a spirit as determined as the Administration has exhibited toward the South." Gov. Ellis, of North Carolina, responds in like traitor. The reports concerning an attack on Harper's Ferry arsenal, and the capture of arms by Virginia, is contradicted.

The last news from Norfolk is that has been received at the Navy Department, is that when Capt. Pendergast ascertained that the channel was obstructed, he placed his ships broadside to Norfolk and Portsmouth, and demanded that the obstructions be removed, else he would level both places. It is added that the citizens complied with his demands.

WHAT, OR WHICH IS THE BEST, VERMIFUGE OR WORM DESTROYER? If in question daily and hourly asked by parents, anxious for the health of their children. All who are at all acquainted with the article, will immediately answer,

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE PREPARATION, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

It has never been known to fail, and is one of the safest remedies that can be used. A friend of ours lately handed us the following statement in reference to it:

NEW YORK, September 25, 1852.

Gentlemen:—A friend of mine, who had suffered some for a long time over my acquaintance with your Vermifuge, induced me to try it on my little daughter, aged 3 years. I procured a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburgh, Pa., and after carefully purchased and took one vial, which was sufficient to discharge an animal large quantity of worms. She was immediately relieved of all her sufferings, and has remained well ever since. I cheerfully and gladly recommend her unequalled remedy for worms, to all who may be afflicted in a similar manner. Your respectful friend, &c.

Mr. Purchaser, will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and take no other. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, and by dealers in medicines everywhere. Price 25 cents. Each bottle has a fac-simile of the signature of Fleming Brothers, on the outside wrapper. Also, for sale by all respectable druggists in Canada, and by one druggist in every town in the United States. Be sure and call for Dr. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE, prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. apr8 1y

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices by MANNING, CHILDERHOSE & CO.'S, 5 Prescott Block.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETING. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, just received and for sale by MANNING, CHILDERHOSE & CO. Also, Damaged goods are advertised in Boston, at Fancy Goods, Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Block.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. Now styles just received at FERRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated Tontine Patent Stair Rods. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call attention to our Sewing Machine, which stands unrivalled for simplicity, durability and beauty of stitch. FINKLE & LYON, Agents for Lowell and vicinity. 5 Prescott Block.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, which we offer less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of Brussels and Ingrain Tapestry and Brussels carpets sells g as low as the lowest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, agents.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:		
C. B. Coburn,	E. W. Stockwell,	B. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby,	Jos. Bullard,	Jas. Kendall,
L. G. Howe,	Edward Tuck,	E. F. Sherman,
	Wm. Hildreth.	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made on the Premium Notes. The present surplus is $10,000.00, with frequent notes to the Company. The Stock Department is confined to risks of village and farm property in Middlesex County is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies in force, annually, on the 1st of January, together with a substantial cash surplus.

The Stock Department is entitled to the cash assets not over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property insured on favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 17 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 13, 1860. jy13tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against hazards by FIRE, on favorable terms. Office in the Bank Building, on the side to the interest. Policies issued for any term not exceeding five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Josiah G. Abbott,	
Joseph Morrill,	Jonathan Tyler,	
Arthur P. Bonney,	Walter Wright,	
Daniel P. Rice,	Caleb H. Marshall,	
Samuel Batchelder,	Henry C. Howe,	
Jr.,	Benjamin Dix,	
Alonzo A. Miner,	Jr.,	
Benjamin K. Jones,	Nathaniel Wood,	
	Reuben F. Donnelson.	

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, President.
ARTHUR P. BONNEY, Vice President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, (2d Floor Bank Building, Central Street.)
Nov. 30, '59 Central cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass.

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital,	$1,500,000
Surplus,	$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital,	$500,000
Surplus,	$300,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus,	$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Capital and Surplus, $225,000.

The above Companies unite on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies issued promptly. Office in Bank Building, Central cor. Merrimack, Up one flight of stairs.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
Nov. 16 Appleton Bank, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent and Adjuster,
Successor to the late J. J. RICHMOND.
April 2, 1860. 1m14

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Elizabeth's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dtf

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Hair Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELDER'S HAIR DYE,

The only Reliable Harmless and Reliable Dye Known.

All others are mere impositions, and should be avoided.

A GREY HEAD OR RUSTY HAIR soon restored to a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to the hair.

A PERFECT, HARMLESS AND INSTANTANEOUS DYE has been produced by WM. A. BATCHELDER, which does not stain the skin, but imparts a beautiful and natural color to the hair, which will remain permanent, and the hair is left soft and glossy. It has been used by upwards of one million persons in this country and Europe, and has given perfect satisfaction in every instance. No one who tries it will be disappointed. It is the only perfect dye that is reliable, and is entirely free from all those stimulating and poisonous properties contained in all other dyes, which render them highly injurious to the hair and health. This dye, unlike all others, is applied at one application, forming a beautiful Brown or Black, as may be desired, and remains permanent until the hair grows out.

Wholesale Depot, 81 Barclay St., New York.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Factory No. 1 Astor Place, 4th door from the Broadway.

Manufactory and Depot, No. 16 Astor Place, 4th door from the Broadway. apr20 GMWAFly

"BUT ME, AND FILL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst Scrofula; Dyspepsia, Indigestion; Headache, Piles, Dysentery, Indigestion, Diarrhœa, &c. In all cases of Nervousness, Debility, they will regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, restore the appetite, promote digestion, and cause the food to nourish the system, and purify the blood better than any medicines ever known. They are made entirely of Roots and Herbs, and contain no poisonous drugs. Explicit directions accompany each bottle. Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, Cherry Bugle and other valuable remedies are combined in these Bitters, and no other medicine can be used with them without destroying their virtues. Ask your neighbors what they think of them. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. LANGLEY'S

Pain Syrup.

A Cure warranted in every case.

Relief afforded in twenty-four hours.

This Syrup is a sure cure for Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Summer Complaint, Griping Pains in the Bowels, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting, Sick Stomach, Colic, Flatulency, and all Derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, arising from cold, or from any other cause. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. LANGLEY'S

Pin Worm Syrup.

A NEW DISCOVERY.

THE Ascarides of Pin Worms, the removal of which has been attended with so much difficulty and the most disastrous, and universally incurable results, have been found to be destroyed in a few hours by the use of this Syrup. Sold by all Druggists.

Prepared only by DR. R. G. LANGLEY, Boston, Mass.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

W. E. HARAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

Sold by all druggists. B. S. BUSH & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents. 6mW4Fly

MARRIAGES.

In this city, by Rev. L. B. Thayer, March 30th, Mr. Gustus Y. Eager, of Westford, to Miss Mary L. Harris, of Lowell. By Rev. A. Mahoney, April 14th, Mr. Bernard Smith, of Troy, N. Y., to Miss Ellen A. Rout, of Lowell. By Rev. Mr. Bleecker, Mr. M. D. Coffey, to Miss Ellen Hayes, both of Lowell. By Rev. Mr. Cheever, Mr. Charles Spaulding to Miss Lucinda Cook, both of Boston. By Rev. Mr. Hinckley, Mr. M. D. Coffey, to Miss Ellen Hayes. By Rev. Mr. Cheever, Mr. Charles Spaulding to Miss Lucinda Cook, both of Boston. By Rev. Mr. Cheever, Mr. Charles Spaulding to Miss Lucinda Cook, both of Boston.

DIED.

In this city, April 18, inst., Chas. H. Parker, Esq., aged 42 years. Funeral this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the residence of his father, Mr. Jonathan Parker, No. 14 Lee street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

In this city, April 18, Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, aged 60 years. Funeral this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Thomas Hall

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street,
uhl5 (Near the Post Office.)

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.
WM. P. FRAZER has had the agency for the sale of DIXON'S celebrated gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing glove in the market.
Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.
A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hall Store.
jan21 tf

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.
PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.
The ready Yam by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner
Will make hard Water, Cold, soft. It removes Iron from Tyre, Grease from sk. clean Utensils, &c. &c.
One pound will make 4 gallons strong soft soap, or about 12 cents per lb. soap. 25 cts.
4 lbs 1 box, 90 cts.
Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel *four cents* SOFT SOAP.
Recipes of making different kinds of Soap, *sent free* by addressing
DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS & JAMES & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable Storekeeper in the Country.
May, 1860. may15tf

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.
This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with unexampled favor. It is recommended for Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Weakness, Heart Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Dizziness, Coming on of Fits, Delirium, Tremens, Intemperance.
IT STIMULATES, EMBELIORATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE IN THE LEAST.
AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual in curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a few days.
IT WILL instantly relieve the most melancholy and despondent spirits, and restore the weak and nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor. Those who have been using Ardent Spirits, Liquors, have become convalescent, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken and ruined, and subject to the horrible sensations of Delirium Tremens, will, almost immediately, feel the happy and beneficial effects of the Invigorating Spirit. The delightful invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
DOES.—One wine glass full as often as once an hour, if necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wine or Flatulence, and assure to the system renewed vigor. Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all disagreeable sensations will disappear.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are earnestly requested to try a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.
NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.
Persons who, from dissipating too much one night, and feel the effects of it the following day, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.
Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day: it will make them strong, healthy and happy; remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health to the cheek and beauty to the countenance.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in flat bottles of 25 cts., quarts, $1.
General Depot, 48 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents—WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. Franch, Dr. M. E. Thompson, Bingham & Co., and A. Daniels, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. 2022tf

MORE MUSIC,
"But that both no music in his soul" &c., &c.
JUST received by express from Oriniston and Cincinnati, a large and complete assortment of the latest Sheet Music.
Sheet Music by Carl Zerahn.
Rocky Pool Quick Step, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Another Instrument to execute Operas—strange, but true.
Also a large assortment of the most celebrated Music, from the Italian, German and French Masters.
S. H. HUNT, Merchant. nov17

THOSE
$10 SEWING MACHINES,
EVERYBODY owns one of these little women's dears. Who would be without a sewing machine? Certainly not the industrious mother which is soothing her children to sleep with the cradle song, and reminded every good quality of Sewing Machines, and at the same time every one of the worthless kind.
DANIEL CUSHING,
feb9 City Building.

MUSIC BINDER!
ANOTHER lot of Simon's Patent Music Folio Binder just received and for sale by S. H. HUNT, 24 Central street.
All the popular Music of the day constantly on hand. feb11

LACHER O 'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
jan21 JOHN T. BILLINGS

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.
CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, No. 3 BOWLING GREEN N. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
AND
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.
ALL the principal woollen establishments in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, are using these *Burring Machines* on their first breakers, and those who have used them would do without them if they are acknowledged the only perfect machines in use. Their action of work and durability. The first *Burring Machines* for second breakers and finishers, on a new plan, are recommended to your attention, being as useful as efficient, and as important as any thing attached to first breakers. There are many in use.
THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS
are also recommended to your attention. Its strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their parts are own and simple; surface allows them placed near to the first cylinder, to save the first set of cards, and will be found invaluable in following the *Burring Machines*, as they will in addition loosen fibres, and free from the fine fibrous beards of burr and cotton, and will be found of great benefit to the wool in carding, as it is submitted to each card of the set.
The undersigned has perfected a
MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,
for Picking, Dusting, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo and other Wool. Which, neither shortens the staple nor injures the fuzz of the wool, nor does it entirely the burrs. But it combs and picks out carefully and thoroughly separated from the whole burrs, without waste. It will be found to open the

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, April 20, 1861.

THE ATTACK ON THE SIXTH REGIMENT IN BALTIMORE.

The painful rumors of last evening, respecting the attack upon the Sixth Regiment, at Baltimore, are confirmed by this morning's advices, though the reports are very contradictory as to those killed belonging to the Massachusetts Regiment—some accounts say that two were killed, while others say three or four. A dispatch from Baltimore last evening says as far as ascertained only two Massachusetts soldiers were killed. They belonged to Company C. [There were three Co. C's with the regiment, the Mechanic Phalanx of this city, and the Boston and Stoneham companies.] Their bodies are now at the police station. At the same station are the following wounded: Sergeant Ames of the Lowell City Guards, wounded slightly in the head; private Colburn, of the same place, shot in the head—not seriously; private Michael Green, of Lawrence, wounded on the head with stones; H. W. Danforth, Co. C, 6th Regiment, slightly wounded. Daniels and one named Cooper are reported to be shot in the thigh. Comparatively quiet now prevails. The military are under arms. The police are out in full force. The mass meeting held at four o'clock was very large. It was addressed by the Mayor. The Governor was present.

The following citizens of Baltimore were killed: John McHenn, Sebastian Giles, Patrick Clark, B. Thomas Miles, William C. Maloney, W. Reed and Mr. Davis.—Patrick Giles, John McCarty, G. Needham, citizens, are mortally wounded. Several others are wounded.

A special dispatch to the *Boston Journal* from "Perley" says that "the sixth regiment has arrived, leaving one hundred men with the Band, at Baltimore. In the fight two men were killed and sixteen wounded. A later despatch says that only a few men were left behind. Capt. Dike, of Stoneham, was wounded. It is thought that Daniel Stevens and ——— Whitney of Lowell are killed. Two hope this will prove incorrect]—probably no others. The wounded are John F. Swett, Co. A. (National Greys) Lowell; Lieut. J. F. Howe, of Stoneham, James White-taker, Sidney Collins, Daniel Brown, D. S. Moody, W. G. Butterfield, John Ruffen, Jr., of the late distinguished name in Boston, and Mr. Bell the son-in-law, of the late distinguished name of Massachusetts, have all offered their services to the government.

Yesterday the American flag was raised on the steeple of Trinity Church, New York City, and the bells chimed the "Star Spangled Banner," and "Hail Columbia."

The Secretary of War has ordered to purchase the new steamer Mercedita for the Confederate States, but the reply was that there was not money enough in the seceded States to buy her.

Delegates from sixteen life insurance companies met yesterday and recommended to the several boards of directors to assume the risk of the insured entering upon naval or military service.

A dispatch dated yesterday, at New York, says that a bloody negro insurrection is apprehended in the cotton States.

The Middlesex Mills, which are woolen manufacturers, have given directions to their agents in New York to sell no goods, which can be used for military purposes, to go South.

Fort Pickens contains now, 800 men, and seven vessels are lying outside. The forces about the fort are threatening; but the danger of an attack is rather too great, and they delay.

Quite a number of Northern workmen in Virginia have been ordered to leave the State. The excitement is said to be great and the rebellion formidable, and threats to lynch Union men are frequent.

Union meetings in the slave States. There was an enthusiastic Union meeting at Wilmington, Del., last night. Resolutions were unanimously passed for immediate enrolment for the protection of homs and to restore the Union by arms if necessary; also that "we do not belong to the North or the south, but to the Union."

Kentucky. Last night there was a great Union meeting in Louisville. Speeches were made by Messrs. Guthrie, Nicholas, Bullock and Brown. Resolutions were then unanimously adopted declaring that as the Confederate States commenced the war with the Federal Government, Kentucky has the right to choose her position; acknowledges loyalty until the Government becomes the aggressor; opposes the call of the Government for volunteers for coercion, and the raising of troops; desires co-operate with the Southern Confederacy, when the acknowledged intention of the latter is to march on Washington; declares that secession is a remedy for no evils; that Kentucky will not take part against the Federal Government; that Kentucky should maintain an independent position within the Union, and between the Administration and the seceded States; declaring her loil secred against the hostile powers on either; that Kentucky be armed in accordance with law.

15,000 stand of arms destroyed. A dispatch from Carlisle, Pa., confirms the report of the distruction of the arsenal at Harper's Ferry, by Lieut. Jones of the Harper's Ferry Army. rather than they should fall into the hands of the enemy. The dispatch says—

"Lieut. Jones, late in command at Harper's Ferry, arrived here this afternoon. 43 men, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The Lieutenant having been advised that a force of 2500 troops were ordered by the Governor to take possession of Harper's Ferry, and finding his position untenable, under the direction of the War Department, he destroyed all the munitions of war, the armory, arsenal and buildings. He withdrew his command under cover of night, and almost in the presence of 2500 troops. He lost three engaged in the arsenal.

FROM THE COURIER EXTRA.

Last evening, between 8 and 9 o'clock, we issued an extra, containing the latest news received by the Associated Press of Boston for their last editions, the special dispatches to the *Boston Journal*, and a special message for ourselves from Boston after 8 o'clock, which are given below:—

FIRST DISPATCH.

Baltimore, April 19. Terrible scene here. The Pratt street track torn up.—The troops attempted to march through, but were attacked by a mob with bricks and stones and fired upon.

They returned the fire. Two men are killed and several wounded. The fight is now going on. Awful scene.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Baltimore, April 19th. Cannot say certain what portion of the troops were attacked. They bore a white flag as they marched up Pratt Street, but were greeted with a shower of paving stones. The Mayor went with the troops.

There was an immense crowd, and the streets were blocked. The soldiers finally turned and fired on the mob. Several of the wounded men have since been carried up the streets in carts. It is reported that there was dreadful work at the depot.

THIRD DISPATCH.

Baltimore, April 19th. The mob rushed to the Washington depot for arms. Two of the troops were killed and ten more reported killed.

FOURTH DISPATCH.

At the Washington depot an immense crowd assembled. The rioters attacked the troops at the depot. Several of the latter were wounded—some fatally. There is said to be four of the troops killed and four of the rioters killed.

The city is in a tremendous excitement. Martial law has been proclaimed, and the military are rushing to their armories.—Civil war is inaugurated. The railroad track is said to be torn up outside the city.

The Potios threaten to destroy Pratt street bridge.

As the military passed along Pratt street a perfect shower of paving stones rained on their heads.

The cars have left for Washington, being stoned as they left.

FIFTH DESPATCH.

It was the 6th Massachusetts regiment that was attacked, *and they have marched through.* Three of the mob are known to be killed. Also three soldiers, and many wounded.

The stores are closing. The military are rapidly forming.

SIXTH DESPATCH.

Affairs are getting serious. Before all the cars got through, crowds assembled at various points and commenced obstructing the road. Reports now are current that the mob is tearing up the track. It is understood that only a portion of the troops have gone through.

LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

We copy from the *Boston Journal* "Perley's" dispatch dated at 12 o'clock today, as follows:—

Washington, April 19th.

No volunteers have arrived in this city since the Pennsylvanians reached here last night. Many apprehensions are entertained of interruption of communication on the railroad, and one of the Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad are known to be secessionists.

The 2d Rhode Island and landed her detachment of regular troops at the Arsenal.

Rumors are afloat that the arms at the Harper's Ferry Arsenal were destroyed by the troops.

A party of Northern mechanics arrived here from Richmond this morning, having been driven away. They say the flag of the Southern Confederacy is floating over the State Capitol.

Great excitement here. The President's Massachusetts Guard has been mustered into service as cavalry, for one month nominal, and delay may lose the capital.

INTERCOURSE WITH THE SECEDED STATES STOPPED.

The following is a copy of a dispatch which was received by the Collector of Boston this afternoon:—

Washington, April 19th, 1861.

To J. Z. Goodrich, Collector.—Grant no clearance for any vessel South of Maryland till otherwise ordered.

S. P. Chase, Secretary of Treasury.

RUMORED DESTRUCTION OF HARPER'S FERRY BY REGULARS.

Baltimore, April 19. The *Sun* publishes a despatch dated Harper's Ferry, midnight, stating that the regulars shoot and other buildings on fire, and retreated into Maryland. No State troops were there at the time.

DEPARTURE OF THE EIGHTH REGIMENT FROM NEW YORK.

New York, April 19. The Eighth Regiment from Massachusetts left for Washington at 10 o'clock this morning amid the wildest enthusiasm.

THE HARPER'S FERRY ARMORY.

Washington, April 19th. A report is current here that the Postoffice department has received a dispatch that the Superintendent of the Harper's Ferry has ordered the destruction of the arsenal, &c., to be burst to prevent their being occupied by an overpowering force of Virginians.

LATEST!

We have the following dispatch from Boston, which is the latest we are able to get:—

Traveller Office, 8 o'clock. Nothing received since 5 o'clock. Dispatches from Col. Jones say his regiment arrived in Washington with three men killed at Baltimore. None of the previous dispatches are contradicted, but the report of the attack are confirmed by messages to private individuals in Boston.

THE 19TH OF APRIL 1775 AND 1861.—On the 19th of April, 1775, the American people were aroused by the British troops at Lexington and Concord, where the first blood was spilled, in the war which resulted in the freedom of the "Old Thirteen Colonies." On the 19th of April, 1861, the first blood has been spilled in the struggle which is to result in the supremacy of the Government over traitors and rebels. The same spirit still prevails in Middlesex County that animated the patriots in early days, and the descendants of the same men who took part in the first struggle are engaged in the second.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

Union Prayer Meeting. Pursuant to the action of a meeting of the Protestant pastors of this city, union prayer meetings on behalf of the country will be held next Sabbath evening in the following churches, viz: Kirk Street, Rev. Dr. Leonard; St. John Street Church, Rev. Dr. Hitchcock; Second Congregational Church, Rev. Mr. Blockley; Hurd Street Church, Rev. Mr. Clark; Central Church, Rev. Sumner at 7 o'clock. The pastors are cordially invited to attend.

At Union Prayer Meetings in behalf of our country are requested to be narrow evening. Rev. Mr. Pierce or will deliver his discourses intended for that time, in the Second Universalist Church in season for opening. Subject—Peter the Hermit, and his Crusades.

The usual services of the Methodist Church of this city will be held in the John Street Baptist Church on Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sermon by Rev. Mr. Hubbard.

Rev. H. B. Frayer will discourse upon the present state of our country, to-morrow, at John St. Church.

Mr. H. S. Townsend will speak in the vestry room at Worthen Street at 7 o'clock this evening. Subject—Duties of Christian Citizens.

ADJOURNED MEETING.

An adjourned meeting of those citizens favorable to the organization of a "Home Guard" will be held at the Citizens' Committee Room, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

Lowell, April 20, 1861.

EX AND HONORARY PHALANX.

A meeting of the Ex and Honorary members of the Mechanic Phalanx was held at the armory last evening, Capt. J. G. Hurd was called to the chair, and Lieut. H. H. Wilder chosen Secretary. Owing to some misunderstanding in regard to the meeting, but few were present. It was voted to meet on the same hall next Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and also for the active members who are in the service, and also for the Lowell Guards, as the Company may be a Home Guard.

Lowell, April 20, 1861. sp1202p

PROF. BANNING

Gives notice that those persons who desire optical affections and trouble wonderfully relieved by the use of the Spectacles, can be accommodated with a perfect fit and also those who desire a radical cure or benefits on the Eyes, can call at No. 6 Merrimack Square, up one flight of stairs, for two days only, and will be prepared to attend to the above business. Testimonials from the first improved system of lenses. ap1604

At 2 o'clock we cannot get additional particulars by telegraph from the 8th Regiment.

If occasion should require, we shall issue extra this evening and to-morrow.

Military movements in this city.—Lieut. P. A. Davis obtained seventy-five names to his enlistment papers yesterday afternoon and evening, and the company met at the Watson Light Guard Armory, and owing to the immense crowd, adjourned to the City Guards' armory. They could have obtained five hundred names had they been wanted. The Mayor and Aldermen met last evening and approved of the company. G. F. Richardson presented the company with the sum of $100, and promised to raise $1000 by this evening. The uniform will probably be Cadet gray, and it is intended to have it made early in the morning, and to the different tailors. Mr. Davis goes to Boston to-day to purchase the muskets and other equipments, and the company meet again this evening. They will probably organize early in the week, or as soon as orders for that purpose can be obtained. The rapidity with which this company has been filled up is unparalleled in military matters in this city.

In addition to the above we have also to report that there was a large and spirited crowd in the Watson Armory last evening. Gt. G. F. Sawtell called to order and made a few remarks to those present, after which a paper for recruits, was passed around, and fifty-five names were placed on it in a very short time. Mr. W. who is suspected of treason by part of the Watson Light Guard, was not present last evening. We are requested to say that those who signed last night will meet in front of the Market House this evening at 8 o'clock, and are desired to bring others with them, who may wish to join. It is to be made known in reference to obtaining a charter and also a place in which to meet and drill.

The past and honorary members of the Mechanic Phalanx, met in the armory of that company last evening. Capt. J. G. Hurd was called to the chair, and Lieut. H. H. Wilder secretary. After short speeches by Capt. Peabody, A. Rolfe, H. H. Wilder and others, it was voted to adjourn to Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The object of this meeting will be to appoint a committee to visit the families of the active members who have gone into the service and ascertain their condition, and to act as a provisional committee to solicit; also to consider the expediency of forming a corps for home service.

The Knickerbocker. We have received the May number of this standard monthly. Its contents are numerous and attractive:—"Fauntleroy Versian's Love," by Miss Prescott, arrives at a strange conclusion. H. T. Tuckerman furnishes part second of "Patia, and Some Lions There." "Revelations of Wall Street," by Richard B. Kimball, is continued; and Henry R. Schoolcraft contributes three beautiful Indian legends, one the origin of "The Sources of Alaleal." The remaining contents are as follows:—"Sonnet; suggested by some of Longfellow's Poems," by Edmund Ersgg; Sunnas; Immortality, by J. H. Elliot; Lines read at Stockbridge, Mass., by William Pitt Palmer; Shakespeare's Brutus, by Henry T. Lee; Lines on a Withered Rose, by Pelzela; Saturday; Glimpses of the Danish Capital, by Rolfe Boswayne; The Real and the Ideal; Cousper Myers, A. D., 1770, by Edward S. Hand, Jr. There are also the usual literary notices, under the Editor's Table, and the usual "Gossip with Readers and Correspondents." The number is an excellent one.

The Southern ports to be blockaded. President Lincoln, in consequence of the infamous proclamation of the traitor Davis, has himself issued a proclamation, ordering that a sufficient force be posted at each port to prevent the entrance and exit of vessels from Southern ports. This is right.

The way to heaven is just as short from the battle-field as it is from the sanctuary; and it is as easy to get to heaven from the first named as from the house of God; because, the way to heaven is the Mediator, who covers all space; who hears the Publican's first cry, and sees the Magdalen's every tear, receives the criminal's last breath, and to whom the heart beats prayer when the lips cannot speak, and who hears the dying soldier's and the dying sailor's cry, when no noise is heard by living mortal; hence the terrible din of a battle-field. What a magnificent religion is Christianity, for all places, for all circumstances, for all titles.

The right kind of food. A young lady from Haverhill arrived in this city this morning, and made known that her business was to get knowledge of her brother, who had been employed on one of the corporations. Somebody asked her if she was afraid that her brother had enlisted.—"No," she replied, "I am afraid he has not."—That's the talk.

The excitement last evening. When the report of the attack upon the Sixth Regiment in Baltimore was confirmed, was of the most intense character. We never, under any circumstances, saw our people so excited. All sexes, classes, and ages, were in a phrensy of excitement. Wild and absurd stories were reported, and all manner of contradictory rumors purporting to have been "just received" at the telegraph office, were circulated. For hours after the office had been closed.

It is not at all strange, however, that such things should occur, especially when Lowell is so deeply represented in the Sixth Regiment. We are glad the news is no worse, and we are heartily glad to hear of the good behavior of the troops of that Capt. Sawtell (for we have no doubt it was the gallant Captain) saved himself from the mob, and that the Sixth Regiment went through to their destination in spite of the hellishness who attacked them. We are all anxious to hear more definitely from the intrepid Sixth Regiment from old Middlesex County.

Personal. Major Jonathan Ladd, P. S. Davis and P. Adams Ames went on to Washington, in advance of the Sixth Regiment, to make arrangements for lodging, catering and railroad transportation.—These gentlemen made the Fifth Avenue Hotel in New York their headquarters, and when they called for their bills, they were told by the proprietors that no money should be paid at that establishment by persons in the employ of the country in this crisis, particularly those who represented old Massachusetts. We are requested to say that Major Ladd will be back in a few days, and may then be found at his office as usual.

The families of all those patriotic men who so promptly responded to the call of our Chief Magistrate to defend the honor of our country and subdue treason in her strongholds, are commended to the care of Thayer (Homeopathist) *gratuitously*, by citizens at his office, 28 Central Street, or his residence. No. 34 Lawrence Street. The latter can be found at his residence during the night.

Mr. Currier's concert. Owing to the present agitation of the public mind, Mr. Currier's concert was not very fully attended last evening, although under other circumstances he would have had a crowded house. The programme was an excellent one and the performances were very much to the credit of all concerned. Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Kempton and Mr. Solon W. Stevens acquitted themselves admirably and were loudly applauded. The concert announced for the benefit of families of members of the Lowell Brigade Band is necessarily postponed.

Divorces. In the Supreme Judicial Court in this city, this forenoon, Judge Thomas presiding, Mary A. Bardwell, of this city obtained a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, from John P. Bardwell, on the ground of adultery. C. Cowley for libellant. Several cases in which the parties reside out of city, were then heard. The case of Ford vs. Ford, in which considerable interest was manifested, was resumed but not finished. The Court adjourned till Monday at 9 o'clock.

Lowell loans to the State. The Directors of the Lowell Institution for Savings have voted to offer a loan of $50,000 to the State for war purposes.

At a full meeting of the Directors of the Wamesit Bank, held yesterday afternoon, it was unanimously voted to tender a loan of $15,000 to the State.

Remember the adjourned meeting at the Common Council Room, Merrimack Hall, this evening, to take measures to form a Home Guard. Let there be a good attendance.

Correction. We are informed that there was an error in our report of the case of Tebbetts vs. Hamilton Insurance Company, tried in the Common Pleas Court sitting here. The decision was for the plaintiff, instead of the defendant.

Flag raising. Major Emery, of the Merrimack House, designs raising the "Stars and Stripes" from the flag-staff which is on his house this evening, about seven o'clock.

Police Court. This forenoon, Jeremiah L. Eelis, for larceny (case mentioned yesterday), was sent to the House of Correction for four months.

Martin Morrissey, for assault and battery, was sent to the same institution for six months.

Patrick Donahoe, for assault and battery, was ordered till May 11th for sentence.

Families who may want immediate relief, need have no hesitation in applying at the Mayor's office or to either member of the committee, whose names are published in another place. The fund set apart is not a charity fund, but is considered as due to the families of soldiers for the services rendered by their natural protectors to the call of their country.

Theatre. McFarland's theatrical company opens at Huntington Hall next Monday evening with the play of "Richelieu," by command of the Duke of Duke-stret-ter-shire-ness-ter-ness-ter-ness-ter

RELIGIOUS.

PRAYER FOR PEACE.

Great God, to thee our prayer we humbly make,
Oh! hear our cry,
And save us for thy gracious mercy's sake,
Ere hope shall die.

"Peace to our times," great King of Kings,
And bless our land;
And may the Heavenly Dove with beating wings,
Ever all expand.

Remove the curse which blights this cheering ray,
This penalty of sin;
Cause truth and justice to assert their sway,
Our hearts within.

Deliver us from that woe,
A brother's strife—
And let the future of our country show
A better life.

Let distant discord cease,
For a while,
And the discovered members of our race
Be one again.

Thy bounty to us give in patriots true,
With wisdom rare,
So that our country, blessed with life anew,
Its across may rear.

Oh! Giver of all good, to thee we pray,
And never cease,
In merey unto this land to plead away—
Lord, give us peace.

ADDRESS

OF

REV. G. W. BANDALL, of Boston,

At the laying of the Corner Stone of St. John's Episcopal Church, Monday, April 15th, 1861.

We have assembled on an occasion of deep and varied interest. We have met to perform a labor in which all classes in the community are, or ought to be interested. When I look upon this vast assembly of old and young, who have been attracted to this spot to witness this ceremonial, I am happy to believe that it is not solely from curiosity that they have come thither. It is true there is something inherently in the scene before me. Here are the representatives of that ancient fraternity, who as operative masons erected many of the cathedrals and churches which adorn the continent of Europe, and which are an enduring monument of the skill of their architects, and which are now the models of all who would excel in the noble art of architecture. But this occasion is not indebted to its excellence for its interest.—The work itself carries the conviction of its importance to the minds and hearts of all who behold it. The visible rule of faith and the corner-stone of a Christian church, which I pray may remain where human hands have placed it until the Redeemer shall stretch forth His hand and take down this Universe which He has erected, and time shall be no more.

While we stand here, in the light of this bright sun, which the Almighty has graciously sheds upon us, on this pleasant morning, to lay this corner-stone, it is a melancholy thought, which comes to us to deden the scene, that other hands are engaged in other places to upturn the foundations of the Temple of Liberty, which the hands of our fathers laid, less than a century ago. But we are cheered in that undertaking by the fact, that we are laying the corner-stone of a house to be erected in my name and for the service of the PRINCE OF PEACE. We believe He will behold and bless the undertaking to our good and to His glory.

The laying of the corner-stone of a Christian Temple for the worship of the living God, is an interesting event in the history of the church and of the community. It is a sign of life and of progress. It indicates a period of prosperity, and a spirit of enterprise, worthy of all commendation. We have assembled on this spot, to lay the corner-stone of a new church for a new parish. I congratulate my brother, the Rector of St. John's, who I am very sorry to say is providentially prevented from being present by illness in this early part of his earnest and faithful labors has so much in it of future promise. I congratulate my worthy brother, the Rector of St. Anne's, whose interest in this part of the church growth cannot be less than that of his son in the Gospel, to whom the charge of this new undertaking more immediately belongs. He has been spared to see the little factory a temple, in which he was the first and for a while the sole minister, rise into a great city, and take its rank among the largest manufacturing communities in the world. Year after year, for more than forty years, has he stood by the ebbing and flowing wails of Zion, and proclaimed the Gospel of his Master. From the parish where he has so long, so faithfully, and so acceptably ministered have hundreds and thousands gone forth to bless the world, to build up the cause and kingdom of Christ. His eyes this day behold a colony leaving their home, in St. Anne's, now grown to full age, to find a field of extended usefulness in another organization. Though they may no longer be under his immediate parochial charge, yet he can never cease to hold them and theirs near to his heart in all that pertains to their best welfare, in this world and in the next. He cannot be, on this day a witness of this transaction the most interested of us all.

We are here to lay the corner-stone of a CHRISTIAN CHURCH. We lay it in faith, and we lay it in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost. This fact alone is sufficient to give to this occasion a deep solemnity in the eyes of all who believe in the Christian religion. The influences which will proceed from that temple which is to be erected on this foundation, impart a dignity and character to this ceremonial, which at once invests it with more than ordinary interest. This edifice is to be the centre of a radiating power, which in part of time, may exert a vital force which God himself directs in the work of the world's regeneration; a power which will be felt by all in its regenerating, reforming, and elevating influences, as connected with, and emanating from the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ.

This event finds an element of interest and importance in the relation which the Christian church sustains to the community, so that all good citizens should bid the work God speed. If we would know what may be the worth of Christian institutions to a community, we have only to ask what would the community be without them.—This question is answered by the condition of this very spot on which we stand before the gospel was heard here. What was to be seen on the banks of this beautiful river three hundred years ago? Why do not these smiling vales look down upon the barbarities of savage life; why do not these hills re echo the war-whoop of debased heathen? Why are there not the dark signs of a high civilization; whence did it introduced into and industry and enterprise and progress? What has banished the darkness of paganism, and what has introduced this light state of civilization? Nothing but the religion of the Lord Jesus Christ—the influence of which this church which enters immediately and largely into all the relations of life. Every facility for extending the gospel contributes immediately to the public good. Every church edifice erected is so much done toward promoting the best temporal welfare of a community. Every friend, therefore, of a sound morality, good order and a virtuous education, should share in the voice of general congratulation on such an occasion as this.

But there is another influence attendant upon the endeavor, which, though not so prominent and immediate, is nevertheless both real and abiding, which emanates from the building itself. Its monumental presence in the heart of a crowded city, lifting its spire above its surroundings, and as if with an index of divinity it points perpetually day and night to its skies, witnessing continually the busy, heartless, thoughtless world, whose tide of ceaseless life and strife daily sweeping around its courts, reminding them in tones of its mute but everlasting eloquence of God, eternity, immortality, death, duty, judgment, Christ and his kingdom, the blessing of it and the way to it, rebuking the worldly, admonishing the guilty, instructing the ignorant, encouraging the humble. The sight of the temple will inspire many a chorister soul with hope, as they repass it on their way to their daily vocation.

A beautiful church is moreover an ornament to a city, and its architectural beauty will serve to promote an elevated taste. I am sure this community may feel that their city will have received an ornament which they may well prize as a gem, when this edifice shall be completed in accordance with the plans which have been adopted. I therefore congratulate all the good people of Lowell on an undertaking in which they must all feel so deep an interest, irrespective of their class or condition.

But this is to be an *edifice* for the use of the Protestant Episcopal church. Here are her clergy and her people. To them, and to all who love her hallowed courts, who honor her apostolic institutions, who prize her heavenly ways—this is a day of joyous congratulations. Not simply because in this day's doings there is a sign of growth, an indication of popular favor—all indicative of the prosperity of the Zion which we all so much love, but as evidence of the increase of our branch of the church as such. But we rejoice in it also, because we know what this church IS, HAS and DOES. We know what gospel is to be preached within these walls, what ministry is to serve within these consecrated courts, what sacraments are to be administered by their hands, what children are to be had and heard in this house of the Lord. We hope that corner-stone will witness fonds and earnest and ardent hearts, because it is to be a temple of CHRIST—a house where is to be honored and glorified as God where the doctrines of this gospel are to be unfolded and vindicated; where men will be taught all they need to know of the great plan of salvation, with a distinctness and emphasis which shall leave no uncertain sound in any ear, however heavy; a house where His word will not only be regularly read, but devoutly honored as the revelation of Almighty God, which is also the infallible rule of faith and the unvarying law of life; where the depravity of man, the divinity of Christ, the efficacy of His atonement, the conditions of salvation, are all plainly published in connection with such a presentation of the right use of the means of grace, as will afford to them all the aid they need in making their calling and election sure.

All good Christians and all good citizens should bid God speed in this undertaking, because the edifice to be erected is to be occupied by a Church that proclaims the pure gospel that has an apostolic ministry, and to be one of the agencies which shall go forth to bless the world. Every friend of the Temple of Liberty, which the hands of our fathers laid, less than a century ago, should bid God speed in this undertaking, for the fact, that we are laying the corner-stone of a house to be erected in my name and for the service of the PRINCE OF PEACE. We believe He will behold and bless the undertaking to our good and to His glory.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
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LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, &c-mess, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Shipmasters Posters, &c., &c.
FANCY WORK
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and of the best quality.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

BININGER'S
Cognac Brandy

The fabulous practice of adulterating Brandies seems on occasion to call for a genuine article in the exception. It is of vital importance to those to whom Brandy is prescribed as a medicine, that it should be of undoubted purity and efficacy.

With a view to meeting the popular demand for a reliable Brandy in its natural state, free from adulteration and imposition, and fully appreciating the high character which was recommended by the Medical Faculty, as a *sustaining stimulant*, when all other remedies fail, I have imported, for bottling and selling at wholesale case, a Brandy of our own importation, from one of the most responsible houses in France, and known as

"Bininger's Genuine Cognac Brandy."

It is mild, delicate and fruity, and is designed to be used as a beverage, and not as a remedy. For its pure and quiet bottles, in cases containing two dozen each, and corresponding prices, to be sold by all prominent druggists, grocers and town agents.

The above is also for sale in original packages, viz: Quarter Casks and Octaves.

A. M. BININGER & CO.
Establishment 1840.
Sole Importers, No. 19 Broad Street, N. Y.
For sale in Lowell by JOHN C. HOWARD & CO., Nos. 11 and 13 Marshall street; M. S. BURR & CO., WYMAN BROTHERS, SETH C. FRENCH, D. GOOCH, NOW & CO., REED, CUTLER & CO., T. L. SMITH, CHARLES C. HUTCHINSON, and WESLEY C. E. Bar VIN & CO.; JAS. MACKINTOSH.
4MWAPJuly1

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. B. HAYNES',
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. B. HAYNES',
To get cut and common GLASSWARE, go to
H. B. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. B. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TABLE CLOTH, go to
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To get go PLATED Ware, go to
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To get all kinds of TEA, go to
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To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. B. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KITCHEN FURNISHING, go to
H. B. HAYNES',
To get DOWNER'S CELEBRATED KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. B. HAYNES',
Cheap Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19 † 4m

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns, without any pain or inconvenience, after all other remedies, as well as celebrated *Corn Salves*, had failed to give relief, and in a permanent cure. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England over fifty years ago, and has equal high reputation there as in this country. It is surrounded to give entire satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.
S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

Kerosene—Downers,
THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE
KEROSENE OIL
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.
Also,
KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimnies, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and best quality, at
DEARDEN'S
China and Crockery Warehouse,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher,
80 Merrimack Street. ebb

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
nov15

ANOTHER lot of choice Ballads now on hand at R. DEARDEN'S Crockery Store.
Also—A very large assortment of Fancy Goods—Call and see them. mar27 † 17 Central street.

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,
Of all descriptions, at BRADLEY'S
Ner Hat Store. † jan21†1y

7 Tons OIL MEAL, 5 do. RICE MEAL; 5 do. COTTON SEED MEAL, for sale by S. S. WOOD, 63 Market street
apr1

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store 7 Central street, Lowell. apr13

A FEW MORE LEFT.
CALL and see the little Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No machine excels it. N. C. CARTER, Agent,
feb12 17 Central street.

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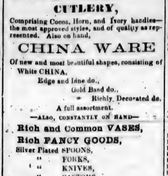

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CALL and see the little Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No machine excels it. N. C. CARTER, Agent,
feb12 17 Central street.

HAS just received direct from manufacturers a new and fine assortment of
CUTLERY,
Comprising Cases, Horn, and Ivory handles—the most approved styles, and of quality as represented. Also on hand,
CHINA WARE
Of new and most beautiful shapes, consisting of White CHINA,
Edge and line do.,
Gold Band do.,
Richly Decorated do.
A full assortment.
ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
Rich and Common VASES,
Rich FANCY GOODS,
Silver Plated SPOONS,
" FORKS,
" KNIVES,
" CASTORS,
and
Britannia
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE
in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit the tastes of all, at my
China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER,
80 Merrimack Street.
mar19 W. DEARDEN.

A Splendid Stock!
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Particularly his superb assortment of
FANCY PANTALOONS,
Which he has now ready for inspection—Gratis.
UGH McEVOY,
sep23 3d Common street.

SKRIDSONE'S
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. B. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Patented Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and all Cases of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, socket, hand, centre, piano, kitchen, and student lamps. Also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.
Those call and examine the above, at H. B. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct26

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
SPECTACLES, GOLD PENCILS,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, &c.
Also, a large assortment of POCKET KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*and to sell for less.*

A. SANBORN
Establishment 1840.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most fashionable styles of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.
LADIES' HAIR promptly repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 10, 1860. dec10tf

Burnett's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For delicacy, purity and agreeableness, it is without an equal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not gummy nor sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It prevents it from turning gray when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It renders it longest in order.
It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.
mh7

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec28

New England Family
SEWING MACHINE.
AT 17 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the most complete and durable Family Machine ever shown to the people of Lowell. It is much superior to any other machine now in use. It is simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to get out of order than machines in which are more complicated in their construction.—This machine weighs but six pounds in weight, and is an arranged that it can be fastened in any table or stand with the utmost facility. It may be used with hand or foot power as the operator may desire. It performs its work in a thorough manner, that even though every third stitch be cut, it is impossible to tear it apart. It may be examined at No. 17 Central street, and all persons wishing one are invited to call, whether intending to purchase or not.
PRICE $10.
N. C. CARTER, Agent.
jan23

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!
A LARGE variety of English and American Tea Cutlery, Table Cutlery, Pen knives; also Carvers and Forks. Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, and a large assortment of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. B. HAYNES'
dec17 † 45 Merrimack.

Brushes! Brushes!
WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Shoe Brushes, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Flesh Brushes, and a full assortment of Scrubbing Brushes, for sale at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail, by
H. B. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct26

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

ROBINSON'S INDEXICAL DENTAL SOAP for nerves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr. cor. Merrimack and John sts. jan26

MORE MUSIC.
"He that hath no music in his soul," &c., &c.
JUST received, five pieces from Operettes and Concertos, by Felix Berthold—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.
Tonal Gallop, by Carl Zerrahn.
Polka Brilliante Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Schottisher Favoristen from favorite Operas—arranged by Otto Dresel.
All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of C. Bruno & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st. nov27

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN
OLD
REMEDY
WHICH HAS
PROVED TO
BE A GOOD
WARRIOR
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FILES, SPRAINS, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*Wonderful Relief!*" Many a Cripple is made joyful. Our advice to all sufferers is to the
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACK & SHERWOOD, Boston; and Druggists generally. "*Hand Cuts, Wonderful Relief!* Many a Cripple is made joyful.

THE DAILY COURIER.
Monday, April 22, 1861.

On citizens were all day yesterday in a feverish, restless state of excitement. All kinds of improbable rumors were in circulation, and nothing but the war news was talked on the streets. The attendance at church was quite general, and in every pulpit we believe, prayers for our country were offered, and in some of the occasion was specially considered in sermons. The critical state of affairs at Washington filled all minds with apprehension and absorbed all things else. All seemed to have been suddenly aroused to a consciousness of the imminent peril of our country, and all regretted that steps were not sooner taken to avert the threatened calamity.

The reception of the news by telegraph and the return of the train that went to Boston at noon, brought relief to many a throbbing, anxious heart. At the armories were crowds of people all day. The new recruits were drilled, flags were flying in every direction, and the day, but for the anxious faces everywhere to be seen, a stranger would have taken for a holiday.

We hope it may be a long time before another such Sabbath of anxiety and excitement is known in Lowell.

LATEST.

We compile from the Boston papers of this morning the following telegraphic dispatches :—

New York swears vengeance upon Baltimore. The indignation is universal.

Praises of the Massachusetts Spartan band are upon every tongue.

Although Sunday, the streets of the city have been filled with departing soldiers and cheering thousands.

A most formidable fleet sailed at sundown with troops for Washington.

The Fifth Regiment and the Light Artillery from Massachusetts have arrived here.

NEW YORK, April 21. No communication with Baltimore or Washington to-night. There is no doubt, however, of the perfect safety of the Capital, and that nothing of a serious character transpired in Baltimore to-day. The stoppage of communication is doubtless by the desire of the Government.

A gentleman from Washington states that Gen. Scott remarked yesterday that he had ten days the start of Jeff. Davis and meant to keep it.

It is rumored that the President is about to call for additional troops from the faithful States to make up the deficiency caused by States refusing to furnish their quota.

Steamer State of Georgia arrived here from Fort Monroe to-day, having landed her Massachusetts regiment there. She reports steamer Spaulding having arrived, and was landing her troops from Boston when the States of Maine left.

NEW YORK, April 21. The Fifth Massachusetts Regiment, Col. Lawrence, and the Boston Fifty-ninth Regiment, Col. Cook, arrived this evening, and dined respectively at the Metropolitan, Lafarge, Astor and St. Nicholas. Each regiment kept their tables set all day. Major Devereux's battalion of cadets arrived from Worcester this morning, and dined at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The Massachusetts battalion was escorted to the dock by a company of Massachusetts citizens. The crowd was immense and great enthusiasm.

6 P. M. A fleet of steamers with troops has just sailed as follows :—

The Baltimore with the 12th New York Regiment ;

The R. R. Cuyler with the 71st New York Regiment ;

The Columbia with the Sixth New York Regiment ;

The Coatzacoalcos with the Rhode Island Regiment ;

The Ariel with the Third Battalion of Massachusetts rifles and some regulars ;

Together with the Harriet Lane, with sealed orders, probably as escort.

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Steamer Florida, Alabama and Augusta, of the Savannah line, have also been chartered by the Government.

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PHILADELPHIA, April 21—*Afternoon*.—The Eighth Massachusetts Regiment, which left here Friday night, have reached Annapolis Junction, by way of the Susquehanna River and Chesapeake Bay. They are stationed at Annapolis and hold the junction of the road connecting with that to Washington.

Passengers from Baltimore report that the mob of that city demanded the surrender of Fort McHenry, threatening to attack it. The reply of the commander was that if attacked he would become pelted to defend himself and fire upon the city of Baltimore.

A party of armed men will leave to-morrow to repair the bridges on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore road across Portland, Lewiston, Bush, Bell fast, and other places are alive with excitement. The Legislature meets to-day, at Annapolis. It is understood that Governor Washburn will recommend the raising of ten regiments of soldiers and the appropriation of $1,000,000. Whatever he suggests will go through the Legislature unanimously. The banks and private capitalists of the State continue to pour in offers of money, and the State loan will be promptly taken at 5 per cent.

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The Delaware Guards, Capt. Bayard, two companies of the Columbia Rifles, and the Home Guards have rendered their services to the city and State.

The Arkansas State Convention has been notified to assemble the 6th of May.

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The people of Leavenworth have volunteered to take care of Fort Leavenworth till the troops arrive from Fort Kearney

THE WAR NEWS RECEIVED HERE LAST EVENING. The war excitement in Lowell yesterday was so great that a train of cars was run from here to Boston, under direction of A. Rolfe, Esq., to accommodate such of our citizens as could not wait in quiet at home for the tardy news. About seventy-five persons embarked at the Northern Depot about 12 o'clock, and returned to Lowell about 7 in the evening. They were fully equipped from this, and was read to and by the multitude that visited the office during the evening. It is needless to say that its receipt brought a feeling of relief to all, as, we apprehend, our citizens generally were afraid of news of a much more serious character :—

Great excitement here. State Street crowded all day. Speeches this forenoon by Fletcher Webster, General Schouler, and others. More speaking afternoon.

A crowd visited Wendell Phillips, when he came out for the Union.

Ten more regiments can be enlisted, and The Fifth regiment is universal.

Praises of the Massachusetts Spartan band are upon every tongue.

Although Sunday, the streets of the city have been filled with departing soldiers and cheering thousands.

A most formidable fleet sailed at sundown with troops for Washington.

The Fifth Regiment and the Light Artillery from Massachusetts have arrived here.

NEW YORK, April 21. No communication with Baltimore or Washington to-night. There is no doubt, however, of the perfect safety of the Capital, and that nothing of a serious character transpired in Baltimore to-day. The stoppage of communication is doubtless by the desire of the Government.

A gentleman from Washington states that Gen. Scott remarked yesterday that he had ten days the start of Jeff. Davis and meant to keep it.

It is rumored that the President is about to call for additional troops from the faithful States to make up the deficiency caused by States refusing to furnish their quota.

Steamer State of Georgia arrived here from Fort Monroe to-day, having landed her Massachusetts regiment there. She reports steamer Spaulding having arrived, and was landing her troops from Boston when the States of Maine left.

NEW YORK, April 21. The Fifth Massachusetts Regiment, Col. Lawrence, and the Boston Fifty-ninth Regiment, Col. Cook, arrived this evening, and dined respectively at the Metropolitan, Lafarge, Astor and St. Nicholas. Each regiment kept their tables set all day. Major Devereux's battalion of cadets arrived from Worcester this morning, and dined at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The Massachusetts battalion was escorted to the dock by a company of Massachusetts citizens. The crowd was immense and great enthusiasm.

6 P. M. A fleet of steamers with troops has just sailed as follows :—

The Baltimore with the 12th New York Regiment ;

The R.H. Cuyler with the 71st New York Regiment ;

The Columbia with the Sixth New York Regiment ;

The Coatzacoalcos with the Rhode Island Regiment ;

The Ariel with the Third Battalion of Massachusetts rifles and some regulars ;

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BY TELEGRAPH.

We received the following dispatch at 1-2 past 2 o'clock :—

A report from Chambersburg, Pa., says that Baltimore is being shelled from Fort McHenry.

EX-PRESIDENT PIERCE FOR THE UNION. Several of the friends of Gen. Pierce having called upon him to ascertain his sentiments in relation to the present affairs of our country, he appointed Saturday as a time agreeable to him to address his fellow-citizens of Concord, and the following is a report of his remarks :

Fellow-citizens and neighbors: If I had been apprised of your meeting last night seasonably, I should have been present at it, but the notice did not reach me until this morning. I wish to say in advance, that since my arrival here, the resolution which has been passed has been read to me, and it has my cordial approval. [Applause.]—You call for me, my friends, as lovers of our country, and of the blessed Union which our fathers transmitted to us on a occasion more pregnant, more momentous, more deeply fraught with painful emotions, than any under which I have ever addressed you. I rejoice that that flag, (pointing to the flag of the United States,) floats here. [Cheers.] Love for the flag of our country is a sentiment that appeals to us all; at least to my heart it is no new emotion. My father followed it from the battle of Bunker Hill uninterruptedly till the enemy evacuated New York in 1783. My self-imposed duty is to speak to men who upheld it in the war of 1812. Can I, can you, fail to remember how proudly it floated, at a more recent date, from Palo Alto to Buena Vista on one line of the operation and from the City of Mexico to Jalapa on the city of Mexico on another.

Never can we forget the gallant men of the North and of the South moved together like a band of brothers and struggled side by side under a field in the common cause ; can I, if I would, feel other than the profoundest sadness when I see that those who so often stood shoulder to shoulder in the face of foreign foes, and on the battle-field, presented an unbroken front to face as the foes of each other ; but they should have thought of this as we do. As friends, there is no issue now to consult our feelings. The question has manifested itself as one of patriotism and stern duty. We cannot fail to see what the nature of this contest is to be, and, in view of the fearful issue, the fearfulness of the progress and consequences. We must not, however, turn our faces from them, because the true way to meet danger is to see it clearly and encounter it on the advance. [Applause.] I, for one, will never cease to hope, so long as the flattering signs of the times more fully developed than at present, that some strong, some power, may yet intervene to save us from the awful calamity that is ever impended over a nation.

The opinions of many of the most eminent before me with regard to the causes which have produced the present condition of public affairs, are known, and mine are well known to you. I do not believe aggression by arms a suitable or possible remedy for existing evils, neither of these matters ought to be considered now when they may well be laid by—nay, must be, until we have seen each other through present trials and future dangers. Should the hope which I have expressed not be realized, which may a beneficient Providence forbid, and a war of aggression be waged against the National Capital and the North, then there will be but one duty for citizens of the old Thirteen States but to stand together and uphold the flag of the land, with all the rights that pertain to it, and with the fidelity and endurance of brave men. I would counsel you to stand together with one mind and one heart.

I feel calm, united and determined, but give no countenance to secession and violence, which are usually unjust, and often in periods like these the worst enemies of our native State. Be just to yourselves, just to your country—and may God, who so signally blessed our fathers, graciously interpose in this hour of clouds and darkness to save from the extremities of the country, and to cause the old flag to be upheld by hands and all hearts. Born in the State of New Hampshire, I intend that here shall repose my bones. I would not live in a State, the rights and honor of which I was not prepared to defend at all hazards, and to the last extremity. (Vociferous cheers and applause.)

THE RIGHT SPIRIT. The Washington correspondent of the *New York Times* says :—

"Cassius M. Clay, Minister to Russia, to-day offered his services to Secretary Cameron, either as an officer in raising a regiment, or as a private in the ranks. Mr. Cameron said : "Sir, this is the first instance I ever heard of, where a foreign Minister volunteered in the ranks." "Then," said Clay, "let's make a little history."

THE CHARLESTOWN NAVY YARD. The *Boston Journal* says the work of fitting out ten vessels of war at the Navy Yard is progressing rapidly. The Minnesota already presents a formidable appearance, and, when fully equipped will strike terror to the rebels.

Tons of shells were put on board the Minnesota yesterday, and workmen were employed in shipping the powder-proof locks upon her heavy guns in the park.

MANCHESTER. They are forming drill battalions at Manchester. One has already been formed with sixty-one members.

The *New York Journal* learns that E. J. M. Hale, of Haverhill, Connecticut, has had said some time since in favor of the Southern rebellion, previous to the leaving of Company G, from that town. He offered a hundred dollars to the company but they refused it.

PREPARING FOR JEFF. DAVIS'S VISITORS. The *Boston Transcript* states that the Lazzella, Capt. Higgins will sail from that port to-morrow, on her regular trip to the West Indies. She will carry a double complement of men, and will be armed in a manner which will give Jeff. Davis's privateers considerable trouble, should they feel it timed to interfere with lawful commerce. The Lazzella is owned by Thomas F. Weld & Co.

THE BOSTON REGIMENT. The new regiment now forming in Boston, is rapidly filling up ; and to equip it, 12,700 have already been subscribed.

ONLY TWO CLASSES. The *Hartford Courant* pertinently says :—

"There are but two classes of men nowadays ; Democrats, Republicans, Americans and Whigs, have all merged into two grand divisions.

PATRIOTS AND TRAITORS.

Choose your side, middlemen are not wanted ; and the traces is broken down."

ARRIVAL OF THE BRIGADE BAND. The Brigade Band reached home to-day, three of the members coming by the train o'clock and the others by the one o'clock train from Boston. One member, Mr. Leavitt, was injured, being knocked down two or three times at Baltimore. He is not seriously injured, and is stopping with a relative in Philadelphia. The other members have all arrived.

One of the Band informs us that on their arrival at Baltimore cars were never detached and taken over to the Washington station, leaving two companies and a half behind. When they found that they were left by the mob tearing up the rails. Adjutant Farr commanded them to take the street and march over. As they slighted from the cars the mob assailed them. The Band then formed in front of the rear car here is a closed baggage car, and not having received the order from Adjutant Farr to march over, were assailed by the mob. They made their way as best they could to a place of safety, assisted by a citizen of Baltimore.

They went into a private house, with many of their instruments broken. They then obtained citizens' clothes, and went down to the station-house, some four hours after the outbreak, and saw two members of the Mechanic Phalanx, supposed to be dead, but made their escape from the station-house. They soon after left in a train for Philadelphia.

On their arrival here they were met at the depot by a detail from the Lowell company and a drum corps made up by home musicians, and escorted to their several places of residence.

THE WILKINS PROSECUTION CASE. The jury summoned by Coroner Jewett, to investigate the case of the late Mrs. Mrs. Rhoda M. Wilkins, met on Saturday, and were duly to adjournment. Miss Anna A. Dower was recalled, but although on the stand for some time, the jury privately developed nothing new in the case. After consultation the jury returned a verdict that Mrs. Wilkins came to her death by arsenic, administered by some person to them unknown.

That Rhoda M. Wilkins came to her death on Saturday, March 30th, 1861, at the house of Hannah Wilkins, in her husband, in Lowell, being poisoned by means of arsenic administered from time to time between the 20th day of February last past and the day of her death, and especially by means of a large and fatal dose of arsenic administered within twenty-four hours previous to her death, by a person or persons to the jury unknown.

RELIEF OF SOLDIERS. A large number of gentlemen met at the Mayor's office last Saturday evening for the purpose of instituting measures for the comfort, encouragement and support of the citizen soldiers in the service of the country.

By stated the object of the meeting, which was organized by the choice of W. S. Southworth, Judge Thomas Hopkinson, C. O. Bryant as secretary. Judge Crosby presented a memorandum as a basis for the object proposed, comprising the gathering of such funds as may be necessary for furnishing extra clothing, provisions and matters of comfort, which rations and camp allowances may not supply, and which would contribute to the soldier's happiness ; by a direct communication with the soldiers wherever they may be, for forwarding and receiving contributions to be transmitted and supplied to them.

The following committee were appointed to obtain subscriptions upon the basis proposed and report at a future meeting :

Ward 1. William G. Wise, Samuel L. Dana. 2. S. W. Stickney, Linus Child.—3. Tappan Wentworth, Elisha Huntington, C. C. Livingston, Asa Gordon, J. J. C. Ayer, W. S Southworth. 6. J. G. Abbott, Nathan Crosby. This Committee meets this evening.

At a meeting of the Hook & Ladder Company, held Saturday evening, they appropriated $100 for the equipping of the company (Capt. Davis's) with revolvers. And this morning, Capt. Davis having received the necessary amount of funds, went to Boston and purchased revolvers for every man of the company.

CAN'T BE BEAT. The organization of the company composed of our adopted Irish citizens and the sons of adopted citizens, in the matter of time employed in drilling, has been the most extraordinary parallel thus far in the war excitement. A recruiting office was opened at 8 o'clock on Friday evening, and at 9 1-2 o'clock, the same evening, a company of seventy-five men appeared with drum and fife on the streets! In now numbers 80 men. Saturday morning they were accepted, and a charter was received by the company in the evening the company made choice of the following gentlemen for officers :—E. S. Proctor, captain ; Matthew Donovan, first lieutenant ; D. W. Roache, second lieutenant ; Thomas Claffy, third lieutenant ; Edward Murphy, fourth lieutenant. This evening the company meets again to elect non-commissioned officers, and to adopt a uniform. The company is to be ready for service at once, and will march when ordered.

In this connection we will add Paul Hill, Esq., on Saturday passed a subscription paper among the agents of our corporations and others, and the sum of $450 was raised in a few hours, for the new Irish company. James B. Francis, Esq., headed the list. Among other liberal contributors, James C. Abbott, Esq., gave $100. Then who have not been called upon and wish to contribute, will find papers at the offices of D. S. & G. F. Richardson and Brown & Alger.

SENTENCED. Daniel Hackett was tried at the last December term and found guilty of the murder of Henry Gillon in this city. The case was carried up to the Supreme Court on exceptions, by his counsel, B. F. Butler, Esq. They were argued and overruled, and this morning, on motion of District Attorney Morse, he was sentenced by Judge Chapman to ten years in the State Prison, and one day in solitary confinement.

RAILROAD BIDS. At a meeting of the Directors of the Railroad Bank, this morning, it was voted to loan the State the sum of $60,000 for war purposes should it be required.

ANOTHER MILITARY COMPANY. Col. Temple Tebbetts, formerly commander of a regiment in Maine, has raised a company of active men, not less than five and a half feet in height—the headquarters at the Phalanx Armory. Col. Tebbetts has seen California life in its early days, which is about equal to a campaign. The Mayor and Aldermen have approved the company and Col. Tebbetts has gone to Boston to get the necessary papers from the Governor to organize the company which will be done without delay.

THE week's end inform should remember that to-day and to-morrow Prof. Banning, by his braces, proposes to make them safe to take care of themselves, whilst the vigorous go to battle. We understand that he remains at 86 Church Street, only today and to-morrow.

THEATRE. McFarland's company, it will be remembered, opens at Huntington Hall this evening. Mr. Wyseman Marshall appears in the character of Richelieu. Secure your seats this week.

MEMBERSHIP TO WASHINGTON. Mr. Merrill S. Wright, (of the firm of Wright & Co.) S. Wright, provision dealers on Middlesex Street) left for Washington this morning. He carries with him about $600, which has been contributed by the City Council, and other parties for the soldiers ; also a large number of letters and packages sent by the friends of the soldiers.—Mr. Wright goes to join the Sixth Regiment.

SALE OF JUDGE ABBOTT'S RESIDENCE.—The residence of Judge J. G. Abbott, on Stackpole St., was sold Saturday afternoon to Joseph Chase, Esq., of Dracut, for $2,100. Mr. Chase could not attend the sale, but the bus was declined. The swallowing is said to be true as it is strange.—*Norfolk Day Book*.

THE *Bath Times* says :—"The South defends the right of secession for white men. When a nigger escapes from them they don't hesitate to apply coercion as a remedy."

A WOMAN named Gammon, of Lexington, who had been out of health during the winter, drowned herself in a pond near where she lived, on Friday.

PROF. BANNING IN THE CITY AGAIN.—Prof. Banning has fixed upon Monday and Tuesday of next week, when he will be at his office, No. 86 Church Street, for the application of his braces for the cure of drooping and affection of the throat, heart, lungs, vocal spirit ; also for dyspepsia, hernia, and female weaknesses.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Wm. A. Batchelor's Dye produces

GREY, RED OR RUSTY HAIR

Instantly, without injury to the skin, and imparts to it the most beautiful shades of

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1840, and 80,000 applications have been made to the hair of Wm. A. Batchelor's Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off, and is as permanent and fast to nature as the hair itself, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, Canadas, and by druggists everywhere.

The Directors had offered to Wm. A. Batchelor, if any other person's dye should produce as good a color in every respect as his, $10,000 reward, but no application was ever made.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St., Late 135 Broadway, New York. ap22 6 TuThSatly

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up quicker,
It lasts longer,
It burns less quantity,
It costs less money,
And is the best burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S, 86 Church Street, only to
officers for cleaning and WHEELER & WILSON'S
apr22tf

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is enormously due to its peculiar merits, which are fully known to all who have purchased and witness the regularity for family use. It has become a favorite instrument with the ladies, and as a household economy. In all the finer work of the family, such as tucking, cotton and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, gathering, binding, &c., it is unsurpassed, and one to which female needle work is adapted.

Price, $75 cash or by installments. For sale by SAMUEL HOWARD, apr22tf

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Machine for family use in Low. ell :—

C. B. Richardson,	J. B. French,
J. A. Bancroft,	H. Hosford,
Dr. E. Huntington,	T. P. Burke,
Dr. C. Aiken,	Walter Wright,
Rev. A. D. Sargent,	F. L. Richardson,
D. C. Dodge,	J. F. Folsom,
Samuel Fay,	Mrs. Dr. Bowers,
Mrs. Dr. Brown,	J. N. Prime,
A. H. Brown,	M. C. Brown,
Mrs. Dr. Wright,	C. F. Blanchard,
Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,	Mrs. Dr. Bowers,

The Machine is a variety of styles and sizes, and is sold at prices from one hundred and twenty dollars. For sale in Lowell by

J. W. EDDY,
44 Merrimack Street.
apr22 dly

CAUTION!

You subscribers, 3 or any of the tyrants and swindlers, FRANKLIN COAL,
Dealer in that old and well known article,
No. 3 Central Street, Lowell.

Don't. We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other persons than Mr. Livingston. The late is interested for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

Sold by all the cities and towns of the United States, Canadas, and by druggists everywhere.

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Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS :

C. B. Coburn,	R. W. Stickney,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. Hosford,	Isaac Hinds,
L. G. Hunt,	Wm. Parker,	Josiah Fox,
	Levi Spaulding.	

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Stores, Factories, Churches, School Houses, and other buildings in this vicinity. The present cash capital of the Company is $100,000, and the whole property insured is the property of citizens of village and farm property in Middlesex and adjoining counties. Its rates are low, its business exacting, and rates are as low as in any Company with a cash capital.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000, invested in Bonds and Mortgages, and Bank and other stocks, mechandize and

Loans on all kinds of property effected on favorable terms, at the Office of the Company and Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dtf

The great English Remedy
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

ANOTHER WONDER OF THE AGE.—In the midst of its deserved success, some of which are the most astonishing on record, the proprietor is only prevented from proclaiming the wonderful cures of this unrivalled medicine, whether from cold or stoppage of the system, because this will reflect a cure when all other means have failed. *Ladies requiring a powerful and immediate effectual remedy, should not be without a box of original Clarke and Female Pills. Full and instructions* and proof of original Clarke and Female Pills. Full and instructions and proof of original Clarke and Female Pills. Full and instructions and proof of original Clarke and Female Pills. Full and instructions

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you but to every intuitive and intelligent person, that the first occasion of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels; and it is the duty of every parent to pay some heed to the alterations and cure of these diseases, a remedy suited to

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, and known to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and one of the best preparations ever offered to the community, ever every other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

and at the period of infantile life when your attention must be given to the regulation of the bowels, and you have to meet it will be found invaluable in relieving the pains, Relaxing Inflammation, and Spasmodic Affections. For Diseases attending Teething, such as Diarrhea, Dysentery, Griping on the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, and Costiveness, the Public, we confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case when given in time. It will materially regulate the stomach and bowels, and its importance in this respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease of the human race, this invaluable preparation will be found most efficacious, and in this trying moment alone its intrinsic value is beyond all price. It is also recommended in Measles, and in fact in every complaint the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become familiar as a household word." We now ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to every mother, and that is, the health of her child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial contains

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature. Dr. Eaton is the only universally existing remedy in and of any preparation of the kind, that can be given to infants from the first to the twelfth day. We find that all suffered the quietly. Mothers are becoming convinced that the Infantile Cordial is the best medicine for children, which are certain to result from the use of incorrect diagnosis in the treating of teething remedies, and the most administration being invariably followed by convulsions, and frequently death. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from every other remedy in

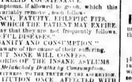
Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibilities of your infants, but instead thereof it creates natural quietude, by removing all pain and cause of disease. We earnestly recommend it, therefore to use no time in procuring a bottle, that you may have it by you in case of need. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure a child in any way.

Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. That you can rely upon. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 209 Broadway, New York
and sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

SCALES! SCALES!!



A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Spring Balance Scales, Beam Scales, Patent Levers, &c., &c., Warehouse and Factory, Nos. 7 and 9 Union street, Boston. Also, they continue to manufacture a first rate article of Counter Scales, which we warrant as any Scales in the market.

They would refer to the following certificate.

LOWELL, December 11, 1860.

Having had occasion to examine and ascertain Woods & Nute's scales, and having put them in constant use for the last two years, we take pleasure in saying that we consider them as good as any in the market, and would recommend them as such. DANIEL CLARK, City Sealer.

dec3m

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU.

A positive and specific remedy

For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSY IN ALL ITS FORMS.

The Extract Buchu is unsurpassed in its power of ingestion and solvent action in DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORGANS, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS deposits, MUCUS or PUS, and the ACRIMONY of the urine are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is unsurpassed as a diuretic, in all diseases originating from excesses, habits of dissipation, or abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weakness of the Stomach, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions of the Face, PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to progress, which they invariably do, induce

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FIT,

IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE.

Who can say that they are not frequently follows. How many INSANE ASYLUMS

Many a sad confession could be made.

BUT NONE WILL CONFESS

THE TRUE CAUSE, NOR WILL PHYSICIANS

And the Melancholy Truth be known, that SEMINAL WEAKNESS OR THE DECAY OF VENEREAL POWER, THE CONSEQUENCE OF SELF-ABUSE, is filling the land with ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and

INVIGORATE THE SYSTEM

Which Helmbold's EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT THE MOST SKEPTICAL

FEMALES—FEMALE—FEMALE,

OLDER YOU NO SHOULD APPLY TO HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES

Known Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy in the world, and no lady should be without it. Pamphlets, containing the most flattering testimonials of its wonderful virtues in all diseases of the Urinary Organs, can be obtained of Druggists, or will be sent by mail, free of charge, by addressing H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York.

Beware of Counterfeits and Unprincipled Dealers.

Who endeavor to impose "or your eye" and recommend articles as the equivalent of EXTRACT BUCHU, or Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Remember the Name,

Extract Buchu,

Helmbold's Genuine Drug and Chemical Warehouse,

No. 594 Broadway, New York.

Sold by S. KIDDER & Son and all Druggists everywhere. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cancel the advertisements and send for it, and avoid imposition and expense.

may1 lmeowly

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES,

EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. They will be sold for without a sewing machine of some kind is without a sewing machine of some kind is sold for $10, we find combined every good quality of the most expensive machines ever invented. It has a very decided superiority over all the other low priced machines in the market.

S. C. CARTER, Agent.

Central street.

feb8

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,

AGENT, No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. YORK.

SOLE MANUFACTURER OF THE

SUPERIOR STEEL RING,

AND

Solid Packing Burring Machines,

AND

Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

ALL the principal woolen establishments in the United States, England, and Mexico, are using these rings, and those who have used them for the last two years are now unanimous in pronouncing them the best ever invented. It has a very decided superiority over all the other low priced machines in the market.

THE STEEL RING FED ROLLS

are also recommended to your attention. In strength and durability and efficient work, they have no equal. Their parts fit and work perfectly, and are always kept planed over under the Bur Cylinder, to save the Burs and Teeth. They form strength and elasticity to the set of teeth are indispensable to a good hold on the wool, and are adjustable while Burring Machine. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls and Burring Machines are now in use in the most extensive establishments of the country.

Sole Importers, No. 19 Broad Street, N. Y.

For sale at the Manufactory by GEO. GODDARD & CO., 11 and 12 Marshall street; M. S. BURR & CO., Wall street, N. Y.; GEO. W. BULKLEY & CO., Philadelphia; GEO. CHENEY & CO., Boston; J. SMITH, PIERCE & CO., STILLMAN STEVENS, C. S. BAILEY & CO., JAS. MACKENZIE.

nov26 (MWAF)oly

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING

Having no establishments supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can execute Printing in a manner not to be excelled by any establishment in the PRIMITY and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

ELSE.

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Address, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions, Printing of the Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

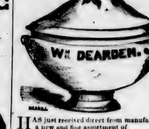
FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.



WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Hiscock's celebrated Glover for many years. They are made in the best manner; guaranteed to fit, retain their color, and not rip; they are the best fitting as well as the best made glove off the market.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, well waxed with wax, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Fancy Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21 ly

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The ready Tonic by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleanser

Will make more and better soap with less grease than any other article in the market.

Directions for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing the

DEPOT OF COMPANY,

LEWIS, JAMES & CO.

PHILADELPHIA.

*** The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the Country.

May 1860. may2oly

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IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink—or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

*** Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapt ed for printing of wafer-cut or wafer-in packs and is cards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
E. W. RICE, }

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Hiscock's celebrated Glover for many years. They are made in the best manner; guaranteed to fit, retain their color, and not rip; they are the best fitting as well as the best made glove off the market.

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Will make more and better soap with less grease than any other article in the market.

Directions for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing the

DEPOT OF COMPANY,

LEWIS, JAMES & CO.

PHILADELPHIA.

*** The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the Country.

May 1860. may2oly

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Stumps' Coal, &c. Also, CEDAR, LIME, HAIR, and PLASTERING. SAWED WOOD, all at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD all of the best quality, at

No. 38 MIDDLE STREET.

Having had a long experience with shippers to supply the above direct from trees under the ground, and the undersigned hopes to receive a share of the patronage of those in want of the above to call at No. 38 Middle street and leave their orders. WILLIAM KITTREDGE.

augtoion

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860.

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension of any individual to make and sell a better razor strop than they are now sold by the regular dealers in Lowell, and following are the only places for Clemens and New York's files for children, and where the best razor strops are sold:

The Almond Strop, by Walter Almond—same as furnished to Barnum's Museum.

The Premium Strop, by Hall—awarded premium at Worcester County Fair, 1860.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a few dollar strops, packed for the Pacific Railroad, at the

No. 8 Middle Street.

Above to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

The Casket Library, comprising four volumes.

Beauties of Modern Literature, by Parley.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Magazine, 1 vol. 1 to 21 vol. 21 current street, by F. S. HUNT, dealer in books.

nov26 tf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (it Oil) made at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be equal to the best (oil London, based oil); and its superior quality for Body Durability and Whiteness, is believed to be not excelled by any establishment in the world. Orders for this brand of White Lead, or for the "Salem Refined Paint," in PASSAGE'S TYPE.

Also, for Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, for covering of flat roofs, Lead Traps, and all other articles usually made of Lead. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of any other brand. This fact has been stated by some of the best paint ers in the country. It leaves and works freer, is of a finer color, and the article will convince any practical purchaser of its superiority. It is the aim of the proprietors to produce always the best, and thus will any other Lead now offering to the public.

The General Agent, who personally has made the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead business for nearly a quarter of a century, and his experience, connected with importation in person of the best Spanish Ores, and the most improved machinery, is the guarantee that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained of the manufacturers, proprietors of CHARLES R. CORLISS, Nos. 4 and 8 Merchants Building, Dutton street, Lowell.

nov26tf

W. DEARD, N,

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY

EMPORIUM,

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CA TORY, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.

Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN

80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec20

1 ACHELOUS HAIR DYE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

nov15

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL in COLORS, subject to no imperfections what ever, but DURABLE IN EVERY RESPECT, just received, and will be sold at Lower Prices, than any be had at any other House in Boston or Lowell, by

ADAMS & NORTH

17 Central street.

nov27

BININGER'S

Cognac Brandy

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. HAYNES, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, &c. Gil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, socket, hand, reading, entry, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use. Oil will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' Dim Lamp Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.

oct26

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETTS,

CAKE BASKETS

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, LADLES, SPOONS

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, FINGER THIMBLES

RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS.

SPECTACLES, GOLD AND SILVER SPOONS

NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PIE.

PICKLE FORKS, SUGAR SHELL AND CREAM

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home subjects.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

REPAIRING JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dec19tf

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for preserving the Hair. It renders it soft, glossy and agreeable, it is without an equal.

It prevents the Hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hair more than any other hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It cools the feverish head ache.

It is used by ladies for a ball print lustre.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mh7

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete beautifier of the Complexion, Removes Tan, Freckles, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER JR., corner Merrimack and John streets.

may4

New England Family

SEWING MACHINE.

AT 12 CENTRAL STREET may be seen the best Family Sewing Machine, and those who want one are shown to the people of Lowell. It is much easier operated than any other machine, and is so simple mechanism, rendering it less liable to get out of order. Other machines are found to be more complicated in their construction—and in machine weights as low as and a half pounds—and so arranged that it can be fastened to any table or stand without any fastening. The UNIVERSAL FEED is used with kind of feet power as the operator may desire, and will perform the work in the most perfect manner, stronger than any other machine in which be used. Warranted for three years. Price $50. Machines sold on monthly payments. All persons interested are invited to call and examine for themselves. Circulars sent free. Agents wanted.

PRICE $50.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

jan23

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery, which we offer at prices; also Carvers and Forks, Steels Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

dec17 45 Merrimack.

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Brush Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a Foot Brush and Sweeper combined, somewhat after the manner of the Sweeping Machine, but of a much cheaper quality. Just received and for sale by

H. S. HAYNES.

dec17

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

HUNT'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

nov17

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

ROBINSON'S INDUSTRIAL DETAIL SOAP is perfect and achieves the Truth. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr. nov26 tf

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in his soul," &c. &c.

I JUST received, for cash, from Germany and Canada, by Fritz Barthold—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel,

Something Worth Having,

Grand Fest Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodist Exposition from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.

All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of O. Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by F. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

nov27

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the little Sewing Machine for which is sold for $10. No machine excels it.

S. C. CARTER, Agent,

17 Central street.

feb13

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FILMS, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Disorders. All who have used it exclaim, "What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!"

Only 25 cents per bottle.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHEPHERD, J. A. FERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. B. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 19, 1861. feb5tf&1y

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

IS NOW

Selling Bonnets complete for 85 cents.
" " " 50 "
Selling Crape Bonnets complete for 75 "
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Rosette complete for 50 cents
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.50
Selling Straw Bonnets complete for 50 cents
Selling Terry Velvet Bonnets complete for $2.00
Selling Velvet Hats for $2.00

RICH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

feb22 dtf

W. DEARDEN,

IMPORTER,

is now opening a large assortment of

Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the Retail trade. Inspect. Wholesale and Retail, at

CHINA STORE,

DINING WARE,

TOILET WARE,

and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality and cheapness, is unequaled this side of Boston.

All who desire to buy Crockery Ware will please call and examine my large and varied stock of

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the Cheapest and the Prices, which will bell best their own story. Of

KNIVES AND FORKS,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TRAYS AND WAITERS,

GLASS WARE,

KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,

and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment from various markets and manufactories, which I offer to the trade in lots to suit purchasers, at my China and Crockery Emporium.

Please call and see.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,

80 MERRIMACK STREET.

W. DEARDEN.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of capital. Business light and pleasant. Everything successfully carried out by many who, until they engaged in it, were in poverty. Many are making fortunes. Nobody has ever over 500 testimonials from men, women and children who are doing well. One young man who a few months since was working for 75 cents a day, has cleared $1,000 since entered by his own hands, assisted by a circular containing full information, which we can can clear from $5 to $12 per week. Boys can earn from 50 to $12 per week. Boys can earn from $2 to $5 per day. Those who want employment, or to better their condition, by addressing our establishment, can receive by return mail, full and complete directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, which will astonish them. Those who address us now will immediately, will be at work before the first of M. No money to be invested in stock. Capital not required. We have the best in over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced them in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

Boston, Mass.

aug28

SOMETHING NEW!

Pinny Fisk's Family Coal

NEW this before—and the best in the City of Lowell market. A superior Rawen and Grate Coal, delivered to order. Also, Wood. Orders left at BURNETT & RODLIFF, corner Moody and Merrimack streets.

Also, the celebrated TROUTMAN COAL equal to every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coal, one of the best qualities in the market, at the lowest cash prices.

Orders left at No. 41 Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building.

WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink, for sale wholesale and retail, by JOHN T. BILLINGS, Music Store at better rates than at any other store in Lowell.

nov15

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

RUBBER SLATS.—A Slate which can be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

E. S. HUNT'S,

nov17 17 Central street.

Wood's Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD PURIFICATOR,

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS

nov15

SPAULDING'S

Celebrated Prepared Glue.

THIS article has now successfully withstood the test of the many inquiries and imitators who have attempted to produce a similar preparation for the laudable endeavors of those who are trying to obtain an article which is useful in every man and family, and especially to the Mechanic and Manufacturer. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

No. 17 Central street.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!

Do you want a Moustache?

IF SO, SPALDING'S PREPARED IS THE GENUINE PERFECT REPRODUCER to be had. It will force a heavy growth of hair upon the face in a few weeks.

Mustaches. We advise all our male friends to wear whiskers and a moustache if the want one. Those who have used SPALDING'S PREPARED have been delighted with the result, and find a good stubble remove needed to be shaved. Try it. Sold by druggists generally. Price 50 cents per bottle.

The undersigned with pleasure announce to the public that they are the only agents for the sale of the above celebrated article, and are happy to say that it has given entire satisfaction to all purchasers. Sold by Druggists generally in this city and vicinity.

K. GOLDTWAITE & CO.,

No. 71 Merrimack street, Boston.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England in 1860.

10 000 sold in the United States within the last two years.

350 sold in Lowell within the last three years, and all doing well.

There is no machine which can be compared with the NEW ENGLAND FAMILY. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central street.

The following new and very popular Ballads are for sale by S. HUNT:

Darling Nellie Gray, Banks of the Dee,
I'm waiting for thee, Gentle Annie,
Oh waiting for thee, Marshall,
Maxy Morning, Whitney,
Don't forget me, Kelly,
Remember me, Whitney,
Sweet Genevieve, Danks,
Remember the giver, Crouch,
Lilly Dale, Fox,
Home, Sweet Home.

Remember the place.

17 Central street.

THE very popular Song, "DEEPER LAND," sold by F. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

nov27

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly period in case of obstruction from any cause, and after other remedies have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstruction, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore the best preventive against taking cold, which is the cause of more than half the sickness of females.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case—in fact it is just the thing for those of these diseases, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely to all parts of the country.

Price $5 per bottle. Full Strength, 4lb. Half Strength $3; Quarter Strength, $2 per bottle.

*** Beware of Quacks. This Medicine is designed expressly for CONSTITUTIONAL cases, in which all other remedies have failed to give relief, and is not to be found at any other office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 29 Union street, Providence, R. I.

*** This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Female nature, and is under the charge of a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, who will answer letters of inquiry. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Those writing will please state particulars from abroad with age for a secure and speedy answer. All letters must be addressed to

DR. MATTISON,

Providence, R. I.

*** Beware of Counterfeits.

*** In these days of medical imposition, when mean unscrupulous impostors, without any knowledge of medicine, are daily advertising their worthless cures for whom they apply, before at least they have been tested by a number of years' practice in those who make the greatest professions. And as a consequence, the public are afraid to trust to any one's representations, and if you allow yourself to be deceived by them, you have only yourself to blame. Therefore, before you purchase any medicine to cure you of any disease, you would do well to call and examine my large and varied stock, which will please call and examine my large and varied stock, which will please you in every respect, and at prices as low as the lowest.

*** Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing three three cent stamps, a Treatise on the DISEASES OF WOMEN, and my Private Diseases generally. This pamphlet contains many letters from the most undoubted references and testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the value of this kind of medicine. Address as above, and in full. Dr. MATTISON, Providence, R. I.

*** Dr. Mattison is the only PHYSICIAN physician in Providence, if not in New England, who has a diploma from the Medical School, and he gives the very best references and testimonials. Letters by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1860. aug23dly

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

29 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Gilt and Rosewood Frames, Engraving Glass Ground and Silvered to Order.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 71 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and first premium Pianos at all the World's Fairs for the last seven years, in competition with all other competitors at the last World's Fair, held in London, in competition with the world, they received the only Medal awarded to any Piano Forte Manufacturers' prizes, WARRANTED, in preference to all others. Also, for sale by the subscribers, N. S.—These Pianos are Melodeons to 66 octaves. Lowell, June 8, 1860. jun8dly

E. G. KELLEY,

SOLE Agent for the City of Lowell, for the sale of the Gun manufactured by the

Colt Patent Fire Arms Manufacturing Oil Company,

Whose Oils are Manufactured by his newly discovered process, with green fruit by the proportion of

PETROLEUM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parafine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 1. It prevents friction, and will not gum or corrode. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 2. It burns with a clear white flame, and will not smoke, No. 3. It is the Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2. It burns with a clear white flame, and will not smoke, No. 3. It is the best for heavy Machinery. No. 4. It is neutral.

Office for the Sale of the Oils, 116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY.

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store jan21ly

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; but still more the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is frequently mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, nausea in the ground; on costive, sometimes alternative with last; the bowels are troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the head ache part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of uncommon drowsiness during the day, and restless, disturbed sleep at night; alarming dreams, and frightful spectres appear before the eyes; the patient is much troubled with hypochondria, or blues; the whites sometimes appear, and sometimes the patient has all the symptoms of a highly nervous temperament, with great mental depression, a disposition to easily startled, as if from fear, as if something evil was about to befall him; he is unwilling to converse, and if he does muster up resolution enough to speak, he hesitates, and frequently stops in the middle of a sentence, from a loss of memory for the moment. Sometimes he imagines that his friends are not his friends, and suspects the fidelity of those in whom he formerly placed the greatest confidence; he is unwilling to be spoken to or looked at, and scarcely willing to look at anybody or anything

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, April 23, 1861.

FURTHER RESPONSES. *Maine.* The Legislature met yesterday. Gov. Washburn delivered a brief, pointed and patriotic address, which was received with enthusiasm and referred to appropriate committees, who will report to-day. Mr. Gould of Thomaston, the leading Democrat in the House, introduced a resolution pledging the entire resources of the State to the vigorous support of the federal government. It was unanimously adopted by a rising vote. It is proposed to raise ten regiments and a million of dollars to fit them out, with provision for families. A coast guard will be formed to meet the pirates of Jeff Davis. A volunteer company is being raised for Bidderford, Bangor will raise a regiment.

Vermont. Two hundred men, at Burlington, have volunteered for active service and recruits are pouring in. The Legislature meets to-day and will doubtless appropriate $500,000.

Connecticut. The first Connecticut Regiment will be ready to start for Washington on Wednesday, and the second regiment very soon after. A third regiment has been called for and will be filled immediately. Hartford alone will make a full regiment and have several companies in reserve. The war feeling in the State is intense and exists among all parties and classes.

New York. The State authorities have decided to muster into service the balance of the quota called for. This gives 17,000 troops additional to the 17 regiments previously ordered. Ninety companies have already sent in their roll. Hon. D. E. Sickles contemplates raising a regiment to serve during the war. It is the exception of the staff. The railroad company undertook to take from the lower depot in Baltimore to the Washington depot, the troops now in detached portions of the train by horse power; when that carried over all except Company D. City Guards of Lowell, and Capt. Dyke's command, of Stoneham, and Capt. Sampson's Boston Company (the next after the horses came down to be attached to the cars) commenced tearing up the rails and laying big anchors on the railroad and piles of lumber, for the purpose of rutting off the above named companies.

These companies seeing the communication cut off from their comrades left the cars and formed in line, commanded by Adjutant Farr, and the order for the march was given. Then the mob, after they had marched probably twenty or thirty feet, proceeded in front with a secession flag and commenced cheering for Jeff. Davis and South Carolina, and groaning for Lincoln and nigger stealers of the North—Massachusetts in particular; and at this point the crowd was so dense that the soldiers were compulsorily stopped. They then used all gentle efforts to pass through the mob. Their progress was slow through the mob, and at last the mob closed in the left from the depot the troops wheeled into that street. Immediately after entering this street, an iron missile was thrown from a building which instantly killed one of Capt. Dyke's command, striking him on his head—don't know his name. I saw the iron thrown, but the crowd was so dense that I didn't see it strike, but afterward conversed with a policeman who took care of the body.

Immediately after this one of the soldier's guns was snatched from his hand, and he was instantly shot with his own gun; I (I think without an order) the troops then began to fire upon the mob, and at the first fire many were killed; the firing then became general, but from what troops can't say, the mob using pistols freely with all kinds of weapons, making frequent attempts to get away the guns from our men by overpowering them, and from this point I know but little more; but it is well known that the soldiers behaved like men and fought their way through to the Washington depot. The Band was not ordered out of the car, and were left at the lower depot with six hundred volunteers from Philadelphia, who had very few arms. After the first shot into the mob by our men, the mob thought they would have better game by attacking the unarmed men who were left in the cars. They accordingly attacked the Pennsylvania Volunteers and the Band by throwing a vast score of missiles, breaking the windows and doors. Many of the Volunteers rushed from the cars only to be worse treated by the streets.

The Band were then attacked furiously. Finding the cars no place for their safety they left the car, attempting to save their property in the mow, but were then completely attacked in the street, were stoned, maltreated and clothes torn off their garments destroyed, and they driven in different directions, each one supposing that the others were killed, and were only saved by the kindness of friendly policemen and some ladies. Through the kindness of one police a train of cars was furnished for the Band and such others as wished to return to Philadelphia, and further southern progress prevented. We were then at 7 o'clock P. M., Friday, taken to the cars previously provided for us, protected by a large police force in a very cautious manner, and even that did not protect us from ancient low language; and a few stones were hurled at us, but while the police were protecting us. We then went to Harrys de Grace; where we were laid without lights or fire until daylight, Saturday morning, suffering much from cold and bruises, having lost our overcoats and blankets, and all our provisions. We then proceeded to Philadelphia, where we received our orders from Gen. Butler to return home.

A ROARING MEETING IN WEST CAM, BRIDGE. A gentleman who was present, says that there was a very large and enthusiastic meeting in West Cambridge on Sunday night. A company of "light footing" was raised at short notice, and the meeting passed a vote recommending to the State to appropriate $10,000 for the relief of the soldiers' families. A paper was then started to get money to equip the soldiers, and in a short time $4,200 was subscribed. Every man, rich and poor, gave. Rich men gave hundreds; mechanics gave from $5 to $25. The meeting is represented to have been one of the greatest interest.

It is said that there are ten companies of Zouaves, of one hundred each, organizing in Chicago.

THERE are 4850 newspapers published in the United States.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

The following soul-stirring lines, from the pen of Walter Scott, have such a peculiar and marked applicability to the present condition of feeling throughout the free and loyal States of the Union, as to require no apology for requesting their insertion in your columns. The same enthusiastic patriotism animates every man and every woman in the free States. The zeal and devotion that inspired the fathers and the mothers of the Revolution, burn with no less ardor in the bosoms of the sons and daughters.

H.

Pibroch of Donald Dhu.

Pibroch of Donald Dhu,
Pibroch of Donald,
Wake thy wild voice anew,
Summon Clan Conald.
Come away, come away,
Hark to the summons!
Come in your war array,
Gentles and commons.

Come from deep glen, and
From mountain so rocky,
The war pipe and pennon
Are at Inverlochy.
Come every hill-plaid, and
True heart that wears one,
Come every steel blade, and
Strong hand that bears one.

Leave untended the herd,
The flock without shelter;
Leave the corrie unshear'd,
Leave the yellow grain;
Leave the web on the loom,
Leave the work in the mill,
Come with the fife sounding,
Bonadrowndis and tabor.

Come as the winds come, when
Forests are rended,
Come as the waves come, when
Navies are stranded:
Faster come, faster,
Faster and faster,
Chief, vassal, page and groom,
Tenant and master.

Fast they come, fast they come;
See how they gather!
Wide waves the eagle plume,
Blended with heather.
Cast your plaids, draw your blades,
Forward each man set!
Pibroch of Donald Dhu,
Knell for the onset!

THE BALTIMORE RIOT. The following account of the riot in Baltimore on Friday even is pronounced by the Boston *Traveller*, from which the following extract is quoted:

"Gov. Banks had resigned his office as manager of the Illinois Central Railroad, and is going on immediately to Washington, at least I have been informed so by two railroad men since night. Don't know for what purpose he goes."

The report is believed to be incorrect.

MR. JAMES M. PALMER, one of the editors and proprietors of the *Tri-Weekly Publisher*, has taken up arms and marched to the wars with Company G, of Haverhill. Mr. Palmer is an excellent man, a good soldier, and a patriot. We hope he will live to see all the enemies of our national government once more gathered beneath the folds of the American flag.

IN Manchester, N. H., last Sunday, a woman took a dose of "cold pizen." Her son, she had married a second husband while her first one was still alive, and was found out.

CITY AND VICINITY.

ATTENTION, GUARD!

All members of the Company are requested to meet at the National Grays' Hall THIS EVENING, at half past 7 o'clock, For order.

C. O. ABBOTT.
Lowell, April 23, 1861.

ATTENTION!

The Rookery and Fast members of the Winnen Light Guard are hereby requested to meet at the Citizens' Committee Room to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, at half past seven o'clock. apr23&2t

FLAG-RAISING AT THE MACHINE SHOP. This forenoon at half past eleven o'clock, a new and beautiful American flag given by the corporation, was raised on the shop near the mounting room of the Lowell Machine Shop. The workmen in the employ of the corporation and a large crowd of citizens, including many ladies, were present. The Lowell Brigade Band were present and played several patriotic airs.

William A. Burke, Esq., agent of the corporation, presided. He was received with great enthusiasm and spoke substantially as follows:—

Fellow Citizens and friends: We have met at this time to witness the raising of the flag of our liberty, protection of life and the principal buildings owned by the Lowell Machine Shop. We intend by this act to testify anew our love for and our allegiance to the cause of the Union. We raise the banner as a token that our forefathers of glorious memory fought and conquered. It is the flag that protects the American citizen in every clime and in every sea. Under this flag we have been protected in our persons and property, and have safely followed our peaceful pursuits. This flag of our country has welcomed to its protection the exile and the oppressed from many lands. Under this flag we will yet be able to protect our enemies without, and the traitors and treason at home. And when we have faithfully done our duty to the cause of our country, these Stars and Stripes will still wave over us when we are laid down in honorable graves.

At the conclusion of Mr. Burke's remarks, the flag was run up amid enthusiastic cheering.

Hon. Linus Child was introduced and received with hearty cheers. He had hoped that the great question which agitated the country would have been settled without a resort to arms, but as that hope had failed, he was glad to see the flag raised in such an earnest, affecting, and patriotic address, brief but to the point, to quite a large audience that had assembled. We hear his remarks highly commended.

CAPT. DAVIS'S COMPANY. Capt. Davis and others visited Boston yesterday and purchased a revolver for each man of the company, and regulation swords for the officers, which will, when otherwise equipped, put them on a "war like" footing" suitable to meet the enemies of the stars and stripes. In our reference to the making of the uniforms for this company yesterday, we should have added to the tailors who were engaged on them, Hugh McEvoy, who makes fifteen. The company will probably parade our streets within a week, uniformed, armed, and equipped, "as the law directs."

DR. KIMBALL. We neglected to mention yesterday that Dr. Gilman Kimball, the well-known surgeon of this city, left on Saturday to join the troops at Washington, to which place he has been called by General Butler.

The following correspondence needs no explanation, and is only another evidence that *all* our citizens, as one man, are ready to contribute in every way toward property and quickly putting in the field Lowell's quota (and more) of men to defend our country and its institutions:—

LOWELL, April 22d, 1861.

MAYOR SARGENT—*Sir:* The time has come when every man and woman should lend their hands to the defense of the Union and the maintenance of the Stars and stripes. Lowell has done nobly so far, in sending four companies to the protection of the capital, and she is now doing nobly in recruiting more to be ready at a moment's notice. Many are the enlisted one hundred adopted citizens, with several other companies, to be ready at a moment's warning to defend their son be loved Union, as it was handed down to us by those noble patriots, Washington, Montgomery and others. To uniform these companies is a work in which all can lend a hand; money has been subscribed toward purchasing these uniforms, but as all sailors must be busy in Boston as well as here, with such orders as have been given that is a work which should not be delayed, I will suggest that you call on my Hall, with note rooms attached, well lighted and warmed, in the meantime of such uniforms as may be needed for the different companies now organized or organizing in this city.

Respectfully yours,
HENRY EMERY.

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REMEMBER the meeting of those in favor of a "Home Guard," at the Committee Room this evening.

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No business in the Police Court to-day.

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President Lincoln and Cabinet—May they be guided by unshaken firmness in the honor of our stars and stripes, meet with a warm response from every lover of our common country.

Whereas, This Government, the principles of which are embodied in our loved Constitution—fought for, and framed by our Fathers,—under which we were born, and have thus far been nurtured in peace; this Government which for the last seventy-five quarters of a century, has scattered nought but blessings over all our favored land, from North and South, East and West—that have been our pride and boast, is now menaced and threatened with a disgraceful overthrow, by a people too, who have participated equally with ourselves, in all its wide-spread benefits—a people whom we have called brothers, whom we have called by the endearing name of countrymen, therefore,

Resolved, That we will lend all the aid in our power to assist these treacherous brethren, not in a spirit of revenge or retaliation, but with a firmness and determination that already has sent forth the sheer Massachusetts among the foremost of the loyal States of America, and Lowell at the head of the column of patriotic cities and towns of our glorious old Commonwealth.

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CAPT. PASCTOR'S COMPANY. The uniform for this new company is to be of dark grey, trimmed with blue. As soon as the cloth is procured the uniforms are to be made by tailors in Burbank, Hugh McEvoy, John Quinn, and other tailors. Many citizens who had suits ordered, have told our tailors to attend to the orders of volunteers first.

RECRUITS FROM LOWELL. Two recruiting officers from Boston came to this city yesterday and opened their headquarters at Central Hall and during the afternoon and evening and this forenoon obtained about eight recruits. About seventy of the number went by the quarter past two o'clock train to Boston.

ANOTHER LOAN OFFERED FROM LOWELL. The Prescott Bank yesterday afternoon voted to tender a loan to the State for war purposes, of $20,000.

THE LADIES READY FOR SERVICE. The Mayor has received applications from about sixty ladies, from among the first families of this city, for the privilege of making or assisting in getting ready the uniforms of the volunteers who are preparing for the service. This shows that there will be no lack of sympathy or aid from the ladies of Lowell, had not the fact been evident before.

REMEMBER the meeting of those in favor of a "Home Guard," at the Committee Room this evening.

At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen, last evening, the company raised by E. S. Abbott was approved.

No business in the Police Court to-day.

PROF. BANNING IN THE CITY AGAIN—Prof. Banning has fixed upon Monday and Tuesday of next week, when he will be at his office, No. 86 Church Street, for the application of his braces for the cure of drooping and affection of the throat, bronchial lungs and spine; also for dyspepsia, heart-burn, and female weaknesses.

HON. HENRY WILSON has gone to Washington. He enlisted as a private in the (Massachusetts) Third Battalion of Rifles.

It must be admitted that the "Confederate" army shows an excellent sense of propriety in the selection of their national emblems. The vegetable kingdom might be marched in vain for a more unsightly or meaner looking tree than the palmetto; a large cabbage stuck high on a bean pole is about as handsome an object. The palmetto is a foul and filthy bird that lives on steal-ings. The rattlesnake is one of the vilest and most loathsome of reptiles—cowardly, treacherous and venomous.—*Providence Journal.*

LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 22d, 1861.
Sunday, 12 o'clock, P. M.

MESSRS. STONE & HUSE:—To-day has been a day of intense interest and excitement in this city. Every face is full of determination, and the streets have been crowded from sunrise to this moment.—Three of the largest steamers have just left with 4500 true and loyal men, to fight the fight of freedom once more; three full regiments from this city, with Governor Sprague and his noble-looking Rhode Island regiments, and two more regiments of the hardy sons of the glorious old Bay State. Thank God they are all on board and have just dropped down the bay in safety. May the God of Battles be their God and protect them in this glorious struggle and return them to our homes again in triumph, achieving victory over our treacherous foes.

In the midst of the excitement this forenoon, it did my soul good to laugh back the hand our noble-hearted citizen, Dr. G. Leland, on the free and liberal scale of generosity and compassion to our noble and gallant Seventh Regiment, who have already spilled the first blood in this, our second revolution; and it is a matter of confidence that on the 19th of April, 1861, the same blood that first blood was spilled in Lexington and Concord in 1775. How singular that good old Massachusetts should be called upon to give up the first martyr in April, 1861, and as the first revolution was victorious, so will this end in victory, and freedom and supremacy of the laws be united and a glorious Union of thirty-four States.

I attended the greatest meeting yesterday afternoon ever held in this country; at least 100,000 patriots were holding a meeting in front of the City Hall and Park, for sake of hearing the speeches. The scene was grand beyond description. Nothing but one united sentiment prevailed. Party parties, but one; the past sectional feeling is gone, and all are united "for Union and Liberty, now and inseparable."

In conversing with Dr. Leland this morning, he urged me very much to persevere in the suggestions I made at the meeting, which exempts last Thursday night, namely, to have a committee send out at least one *nurse* to each company that has left Lowell, first to see that our noble, patriotic citizens may have every comfort that they may require, both in clothing and care of their health, in their new and glorious position, as the climate, the change of living, the water from the clay and lime bottoms will carry off many of our citizens. Let the delicets or bayonets of our treacherous foes—As our "Fathers of the City" have so nobly done their duty for the support of the honor and families of our soldiers, why not at once raise a fund, and secure the true and faithful nurses and stewards to protect the lives and see to the comfort of those we have now in the field and on the soil of a subtle and treacherous foe. Let us do this at once, before any more of our patriotic citizens leave the city, and assure those who are now in the service, that they also will be cared for by those who are left behind to protect their families in their absence.

A telegram at this moment received, that the pet regiment of New York, the glorious Seventh, has arrived at Washington after a forced march from Annapolis.

7 1-2 o'clock, P. M. A fourth steamer is just starting, under a merry peal from every bell in the city. As the people of this city are so hoarse with hurraing that they could not speak, I will close this letter, as this last ship went with its full load of patriots, they employed the bells to do it for them.

To get this into the mail I must close, hoping that the suggestion of Dr. Leland will be fully and faithfully carried out. I shall return on Tuesday morning, and any letter, however arduous, and my means will be cheerfully added in those of our citizens who may wish to assist in this merciful errand.

Yours, in haste,
P. L.

THE MASSACHUSETTS TROOPS AT BALTIMORE. All accounts concur in giving great credit to the troops of the Sixth Regiment who were in the Washington depot in Baltimore last Friday. There were only about two hundred men against several thousand of the mob, but in a march of over a mile they bore themselves as calmly amid the showers of missiles and other dangers which beset them on every side, that they seem to have given Adjutant Farr, of this city, for his fine conduct on that occasion. The Lowell City Guards, Capt. James W. Hart, Stoneham Light Infantry, Capt. John H. Dyke (who was wounded), and the Washington Light Infantry, Capt. Walter S. Sampson, were in the midst of the fight, the other companies having gone ahead. They fired upon the mob only when driven to desperation and it is now said they did so by order of the Mayor of Baltimore.

☞ DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER, is one of the most common, as well as the most painful of diseases known to American physicians. It had for years attracted the close attention of the medical faculty in all parts of the civilized world, but up to the time of the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's great Liver Pills, appeared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., it was considered almost a matter of medical skill. Thousands had perished without even a hope of relief, and although thousands may yet be destined to fall the effects of this terrible scourge, enlisted disease, it is now, thanks to the search of Dr. M'Lane, most completely brought within the scope of medical control. The proprietors, Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., of the fully which have been fully tested by time, and which has never failed of success when fairly tried.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, but DR. M'LANE'S are the only genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, or sure cure for worms, can be had of all Druggists.

☞ Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you get Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, or sure cure for worms, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and for sale by all Druggists. apr23

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,
Warranted to light itself once a week
WITHOUT A MATCH!
Just received and for sale at R. A. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st. oct20

☞ FRENCH OPTER HATS. 32 44 and 7 inches deep, of a superior article, just received from the importer, at SHAW'S CORNER HAT STORE. oct19

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, sold as cheap as the damaged goods are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the best assortment of Stair Carpeting. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar 19&2m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the public to this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5tf

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map (on largescale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad Guide. For sale at the Railroad depot, and at Periodical Depot, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Museum. Price 10 cents. Subscribe now.

N. P. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Museum.
apr20 S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and desirable patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant patterns of Tapestry Carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Also, a new lot of Carpet Sweeping into a pamphlet, free, of the Agent.

N. B. A large assortment of damps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing a fluid which will insure the growth of hair. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. mar29&4t

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia or pimple to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness, Headache, Piles, Female Irregularities, Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the secretions, purify the blood, remove the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and purify the blood better than any medicine ever known. They contain none of the least Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Burdock, Prickly Ash, Juniper, Poplar and Prickly Ash Bark, Elecampane, Dandelion, and others recently added, all of which are so prepared as to be extracted with the virtues of Nature, forming the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Explicit directions accompany each and should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times. Only 25 cents and 87 cents per bottle.

This same medicine is also put up in concentrated form called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, a most valuable and effective purging or pain, and will remove disease and Pills. Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicine.

Orders addressed to J. O. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston,
S. RIDDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1yr mar29eod

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years before the public, and has proved itself to be the most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Influenza, and Diseases of the Chest and Lungs. To Singers and Public Speakers it is invaluable, as it allays irritation, clears the throat, moistens and protect relief; and when great liability to take cold exists, and it is desirable to avoid the smallest exposure, these Wafers produce the desired effect immediately. Public Singers and Clergymen will find them invaluable, as they will entirely remove that morbid irritability and weakness of the throat which gives rise to that distressing cough. These Wafers are combined in an agreeable form and pleasant to the taste, so that any child will readily take them, and they are warranted to give relief in ten minutes in every case.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents per box.
S. RIDDER, Jr. 1yr mar29eod

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice 2 years ago, having made use of it in a limited extent for the purpose of inserting the entire set, which they are prepared to use if more extensively. There has been a decided difference of opinion among the dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber. Those who have used it will recommend it; those who have not, there are many reasons why they should. The principal objection many cities is its poisonous effects upon the gums. Those who have used it since this article has been in use, have not experienced it. We would say that it is impossible for any person to use it in this mode, and all others, that are equal to any that will be inserted by any other process.

Rooms 2 and 3 Bowers Building, Prescott Street.

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
IMMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR THE HAIR AND SCALP.

THAT IS FIT IN EVERY RESPECT FOR PRODUCING A **LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,**

MAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

AND A HEALTHY CLEAN SCALP,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OR LIFE IT IS USED.

Read an Apothecary's statement:

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 20, 1859.

MESSRS. W. E. HAAS & CO.—*Gentlemen:* HEIMSTREET'S "Inimitable Hair Restorative" for three or four years, has been extensively used in this city, and in many other articles in the market, but has never been introduced to the public as a remedy for the hair, but has proved itself to be the best article in the market of our town who had been wearing *false hair for* years, and have now discarded it, and have a beautiful and luxuriant head of hair of *original shade and color*, and have used no other article but HEIMSTREET'S. I am yours very truly,

E. S. FENNOR.

W. E. HAAS & CO., Troy, N. Y. have the cheapest and best article in the market for the hair, and the assortment in every case, Troy. They are in the hundreds of cases. On application to the Agents, HEIMSTREET'S Inimitable Hair Restorative is put up in a pamphlet, giving full directions for use, and will be mailed free on application to the Agents, W. E. HAAS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

WILL RESTORE TO THE NATURAL COLOR OF THE HAIR,

Where age or sickness has turned it grey, and that in a few days.

IT CONTAINS NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late Dr. WM. ANDREWS,
No. 19 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

Lowell, April 1, 1861.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

Capital, $100,000.
$100,000.

Insures on the Mutual Plan, and Stock Plan on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Preston Lyman, Charles Hamblen,
John H. Sheldon,
John P. Bailey,
John S. Eaton,
John S. Kinsley,
Jas. Lawrence,
George B. Barnard,
C. W. Hall,
Seymour Smith,
Wm. Hamilton,
Jos. Coolidge,

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the first diseases of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels; and it is therefore but to present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with regard to success during several years' practice, and I know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints; and that it will invariably prove you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious mind is filled with fearful forebodings of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in softening the gums, reducing inflammation, and allaying all irritation. For Diseases attending Teething, such as Diarrhea, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic and Cold in the Head, we confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in all cases. Those from grown up children will invariably experience speedy and benefit, and its importance in that respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, it is the only safe and certain remedy, as if by magic it will restore the most convulsed infant to its natural ease, its intrinsic value is such that it has been recommended from one family to another under the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become "familiar as a household word." We need ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to you, and only say, when ordering Infantile Cordial, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial ordered.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, forms a fact which we are fully interested in stating cannot be said of any other preparation of the kind now before the public. Save the public by it. We feel that we are benefiting the community. Mothers are becoming convinced of the truth, and of the sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics disguised in the form of quieting remedies for infants. Ruined constitutions being invariably followed by premature graves. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is efficacious in the extreme, and entirely free from all injurious effects. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from all other remedies in this respect.

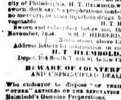
Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibilities of your children, but by its soothing and rare medicinal qualities, by removing all pain and source of disease. We earnestly recommend it, and therefore in how no time in producing a desire, that you will give it a trial, and we feel confident that it will be a source of joy and comfort to you and your children. It is pure, perfectly harmless, and cannot injure any child in any degree.

Take notice that Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is not to be had anywhere but at my office, No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 3 Bowling Green, New York
And sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

SCALES! SCALES!!



A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Improved Platform Counter, and Cotton or Lale Scales, No. 347 Washington street, opposite Eliot, three Streets below Boston Theatre. Every scale warranted to manufacture a first class article only. Scales repaired and exchanged at the shortest notice in the market.

They would refer to the following certificate.

LOWELL, December 11, 1860.

Having had occasion to purchase both kinds of Nute & Woods's scales, and having them in constant use for several years, I can say that I have never found any scales for sale in the market, and Boston, to be their equal as such.

DANIEL CUSHING,
dec8sb3 City Sealer.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED!!

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

A positive and specific remedy.

For diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSY, ALL WEAKNESS.

It acts directly upon the organs, the power of digestion, and excites the ASSIMILATIVE FUNCTIONS to healthy action by which the WASTING OR CALCAREOUS deposition, and all DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPURITY are reduced, as well as PAIN and INFLAMMATION, and is good for

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For Weaknesses

Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Eruptions on the Face, Dryness of the Skin, Emissions in the Face, PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IN SHORT ALL THE HORRORS OF A MAD HOUSE.

Many of these cases, when too far progressed, terminate those DREADFUL DISEASES.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but

BUT NONE WILL CONFESS,

THE FRAILTIES OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS
And the Suicide's Grave bear ample testimony.

FEMALE WEAKNESS, OBSTRUCTIONS AND IRREGULARITIES
THE CONSTITUTION BECOMES IMPREGNATED WITH THE VENOM OF SYPHILIS,

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the System.

When HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SCEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES

OF YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES

Dr. Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, Suppression, Whites, Sterility, Incidental to Change of Life, Falling of the Womb, Incontinence or Wetness Smarting, and in all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause, at whatever period.

DULCIFY OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

DO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR DISPLEASANT MEDICINES AND NOSTRUMS ADVERTISED, and that recommended as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION and is good for

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

SECRETS!! SECRETS!!

SECRETS DISEASES.

In all their forms, at all ages, and under all circumstances. Little or no change in Diet. All Bile expense, Medicine and no Exposure. Restraint from Business.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to the Urinary, thereby restoring Natural Action.

Prevents and curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, Ulceration, Gleet, Chronic Diseases, and regarding all Poisonous, Diseased, and Unnatural Discharges.

It is confidently believed that no case of

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF

Mercury, Sarsaparilla, Copaiba, Cubebs, Injections, and who have paid HEAVY FEES to be cured in a few months, have found they were more deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "SECRETS," so THOROUGHLY TAINTED the whole system, as to bring out in an aggravated form the

TERRIBLE SYMPTOMS AFTER MARRIAGE.

The Lead Business to Extract Boone for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS.

Whether existing in Male or Female.

MALE OR FEMALE.

From whatever cause, and of whatever nature or matter of long standing or recent origin. LOSS OF SEXUAL POWER, DISEASES IN CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS, Nos. 4 and 5 Medicated Building, Dutton street, Lowell. sep29dly

W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied assortment of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CAT TORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN.
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

LACHELOU'S HAIR DYE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF NEW DESIGNS and BEAUTIFUL in COLORS, subject to no imperfections what ever, but DURABLE in every respect, just received, and will be sold at Lower Prices, than can be had at any other House in Boston Lowell, by ADAMS & NORTH

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

CALVIN L. GODDARD,
AGENT, No. 3 BOWLING GREEN, N. Y. YORK.
ONLY MANUFACTURER OF THE
SUPERIOR STEEL RING,
Solid Packing Burring Machines,
AND
Feed Rolls and Mestizo Burring Pickers.

All the principal woolen establishments in the United States, Canada, and for many years past, have used the Steel Machines on their first breakers, and none who have used them will be without them on any account whatever. They are acknowledged the most perfect machine in use for perfection of work and durability. The Steel Burring Machines are now constructed and finished on a new plan of teeth, are recommended to your attention as being as useful, efficient, and as superior lasts as are those attached to first breakers. There is nothing to wear.

THE STEEL RING FEED ROLLS

are recommended to your attention, in strength and durability and efficient work; they have no wood. Their parts fit over and straight surface allows them pinned next to the Burr Cylinder, to save the fine and short staple. Their firm strength and limited number of teeth are indispensable to a good hold on the wool, and a proper working of Burring Machines. They are highly approved and much used. These Feed Rolls will be found to be superior to any other in use.

The undersigned, the machines of the steel and the fine machines of the finer fitted burrs; they prevent imperfect machines from being in connection with the card, and each set will, in addition to cleaning, do a true feeding for the finer bands of burrs fitting on the cards to which they are attached. Should dissatisfaction be manifested in such case of

MESTIZO BURRING PICKER,

for Picking, Dusting, Burring and Cleaning Mestizo or any kind of whatever nature. Should a fact which we are fully interested in stating cannot be said of any other machine now before the public. Save the public by it. We feel that we are benefiting the community. Mothers are becoming convinced of the truth, and of the sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics disguised in the form of quieting remedies for infants. Ruined constitutions being invariably followed by premature graves. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is efficacious in the extreme, and entirely free from all injurious effects. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from all other remedies in this respect.

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Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 3 Bowling Green, New York
And sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper & Dewhurst's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner, especially for his retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing glove to be met with.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gun Tanned Buck Gloves, with wool and fleece lined, wanted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Draper Book Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received a BRAZER'S Corner Hall.

jan21 wly

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA
SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER.

The ready Pure Ley Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner
Will make best soap in one hour, without boiling.
Sold by Grocers throughout the whole Union.
dec. dw

Factory, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office, 110 Wood street.
Sold by Druggists generally.
Agents wanted in every town in the country.
May, 1860. may1wly

THOSE
$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of those little sewing machines. Who would be without a sewing machine for $10? In this machine which is sold for $10, we find combined the most good quality of any and all machines ever before offered to the public. It has a very little machinery, over all the others on account of its simplicity.

No. 3 CARTER, Agent.
17 Central street.

Coal and Wood.

HARDWOOD, Dock, Stove and Nut Coal, for CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for mason, at wholesale and retail. Also, SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality, at

NO. 10 MIDDLE STREET.

Having also arrangements with shippers to supply me with any kind of merchandise, either on Boston or Lowell, I am prepared to execute orders for the same on the most favorable terms.

WILLIAM KITTREDGE.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. 3m

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension of many dealers in Books in Lowell. The following people know for themselves that the Cheapest Place to buy Books for Libraries, Private or Public Libraries, or Reading Rooms may be purchased low at 17 Central street.

The Annual Sales of Books at this establishing are volumes, viz: Oscar, Clinton, Ella, Winslow, Mary, Caroline.

Also, Mrs. Dr. Bowers, Mrs. Dr. Hayes, Mrs. Dr. Bigelow, Mrs. Dr. Dalton, Mrs. Dr. Bigelow, Mrs. Dr. Dalton, and a host of others.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.
The Mother's Book, by Mrs. Child.
Home, the Mother's Book, by Mrs. Child.
Home, the Mother's Book, by Mrs. Child.
Home, the Mother's Book, by Mrs. Child.
To get DOWNER'S but KEROSENE OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, testify to the efficacy of the

ALBI'N CORN PLASTER,

which is sold here without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed, is established, and has received its full praise to give permanent relief. It is not a new thing, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered, and it is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

GEORGE MERRICK and JOHN STREETS.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh12

Kerosene—Downers,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE
by the wholesale and retail at
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

KEROSENE LAMPS,

A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Burners, Globes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity.

DEARDEN'S
China and Crockery Warehouse,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
80 Merrimack Street. eb9

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
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ANOTHER lot of choice Violets for sale at C. HUNT'S Book and Music Store.
Valley Away—The Voice of a Departing Soul—Sleep on beauty, to-morrow dear—Come, come, come, &c. a new song.
mar22 17 Central street.

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S corner Hall. jan21 tf

5 Tons OIL MEAL, 5 do LICE MEAL, 5 do COTTON SEED MEAL, a prime article for cattle. For sale by
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BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

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For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

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In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

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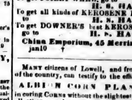

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Cognac Brandy

The infamous practice of adulterating Brandies having become notorious, I take a genuine article in the exception; it is of mild complexion, as shown in questing it for Family use and Invalids, that is should of unbroken fine purity and delicacy.

With a view to meeting the popular demand for a reliable Brandy at a moderate price, I have from their home fauce and importation, and fully appreciating the fact, has it in a most remarkable degree, I offer it to the public, as a sustaining stimulant, when all other means fail, we are now bottling and selling at remarkably low prices, and will be pleased to receive orders for the most responsible houses in France, and known as

"Binnger's Genuine Cognac Brandy."

It is mild, delicate and fruity, and is designed to be always uniform in quality and character. Put up in cases containing one dozen quarts, and is sold by all prominent and one dozen quarts, and is sold by all prominent dealers throughout the country.

The above is also for sale in original packages, viz: Eighth and Quarter Casks.

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For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 11 and 13 Merchants' Row; H. H. HAYD & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, SETH E. PECKER, B. GOODRICH & SON, BEMIS & DAMON, C. T. L. SMITH, PERKINS & CO., STETTINEY WEEKS, C. S. DAVIS & CO.; FAY, SMITH & WEBB.
dew2 sep1 1y

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get GOO PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S but KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19

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DEARDEN'S
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Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
80 Merrimack Street. eb9

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 31 pieces, 44 pieces, 51 pieces, 57 pieces, 62 pieces, and Round Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in this city to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
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Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handle, Scrub Brushes, Long Handle Dusters, Hair Brushes, Dust Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes and a full stock of Brushes of every description, including entirely new—as the thing to clean the tea chest—at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail by
B. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
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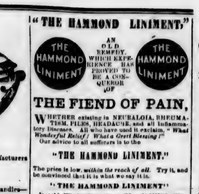
RICHINSON'S INDIFACIAL DENTAL SOAP, prepared for the teeth. Sold by J. KIDDER, Druggist, Dracut, and by C. H. LEE, Jr. cor. Merrimack and John sts.

MORE MUSIC.

"Be that hath not music in his soul," &c. &c.

JUST received, ten pieces from Oratorios and Cantatas, by Felix Mendelssohn arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.

Those Gallop by Carl Zerahn.
Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Oliver Shaw.
Melodies' Excursion from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.
All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of O. Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.



HAS just received direct from manufacturers a new and fine assortment of

CUTLERY,

Comprising Coons, Horn and Ivory handles—the most approved styles, and of quality as represented. Also on hand,

CHINA WARE

Of new and most beautiful shapes, consisting of White CHINA,
Edge and Line do.,
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A full assortment.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—

Rich and Common VASES,
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Silver Plated bPOONS,
" FORKS,
" KNIVES,
" CASTORS,
Britannia " and
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit the tastes of all, at my

China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
80 Merrimack Street.
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A Splendid Stock!

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Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection and sale.

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H. S. HAYNES would respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that he has received a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps, Shades Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, Globes, &c. Also Oil of all kinds. Hanging, stike, stand, sucket, hand, tramp, chamber, lantern, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.
oct25

AMOS BANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY
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Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CAKE BASKETS.
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, 18 KARGE VARIETY
FORKS AND SPOONS OF EVERY QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
SINGS, SEALS, KEYS, PENCILS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
AND SPECTACLES.

Which will be sold for gift, we feel confident that we can offer the others on account of its simplicity.

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"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT. AN OLD, HEMPEL, WHICH KEPE HIGHLY PROVED TO BE A CONSQUEROR OF THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FILES, HEADACHE, ACHE or all Inflammations, Throat Affections, Sores, Scalds, Burns, Wounds, Weakness of Relief, Wind a Cord Hemorrhage, Our action to all sufficient to say that

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, and by PEASLEE & BURLEIGH, Manchester, N. H.; E. B. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 18, 1861. mh18dly

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,
IS NOW
Rich FANCY GOODS,
Silver Plated bPOONS,
" FORKS,
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" CASTORS,
Britannia " and
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit the tastes of all, at my

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Which will be sold for gift, we feel confident that we can offer the others on account of its simplicity.

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to the Medical Faculty of the kind, and proving, in almost all of others have failed, is designed for both married and single females, and is the most powerful and direct known to the purpose, as it brings on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction from a cause, or any other kind have been tried without obstruction. It taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value in relieving the sufferer from those distressing complaints, so frequent with females, and which, if not relieved, will in time undermine the constitution.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and in no case has it been known to do any one any more harm than to produce a slight nausea, and in some cases a little pain, but before such acting entirely disappears.

Full "Directions" accompany each bottle. Price $1, or large Stock of $3 per bottle.

Prepared only by DR. MATTISON, Hall Borough Co., Quarter Sessions,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, April 24, 1861.

WAR NEWS.

Maine. An immense Union meeting was held at Augusta last evening, over which Hon. Ruel Williams presided.—Speeches were made by Judge Weston, now 82 years old, Senator Morrill, Ex-Senator Bradbury, Speaker Blaine and others, and great unanimity of feeling prevailed.

New Hampshire. The Dover city government have vouted to present each volunteer with a revolver. Two companies have been raised in that city, and the third one will be filled to-day. A large meeting was held at Nashua on Monday evening.—Among the speakers were Major Bowers, A. Hughes, Dr. Boynton, of Texas, Gen. George Stark, the late Democratic candidate for Governor, who pledged the thirty thousand men who voted for him for the Union, and others. Mr. Beard, of the *Telegraph*, read a poetical sentiment handed to him by a lady.

Vermont. The Legislature met yesterday, and will appropriate all the money that is needed for equipping volunteers.—St. Albans has voted $10,000 for the families of volunteers, and Woodstock has raised $1,000 for a similar object. The feeling for the Union in every part of the State is reported to be intense.

New York. The New York 8th, 13th, 28 and 69th regiments sailed yesterday afternoon for Washington. Barque Grapeshot, owned in New Orleans, is an object of suspicion to the authorities. The captain asserts his determination to defend his flag, and says he is bound privateering.—She will be taken care of. The State authorities have decided to muster into immediate service the whole of the forty thousand volunteers authorized by the Legislature.

Pennsylvania. This State is all alive with military movements. Two hundred and thirty men, nearly all between the ages of 18 and 25, have enrolled themselves in Philadelphia as nurses. A splendid uniform for a Major General, in a case bound South, was seized on Monday.

Maryland. The Governor has issued a proclamation convening the Legislature for the 26th. A special election is to be held in Baltimore to-day. The mail is dispatched North by wagon to the Susquehanna river. Baltimoreans complain greatly at the want of mail and telegraph facilities.—A large Union meeting was held at Elkton. Eight hundred delegates were present. A resolution was passed that let Maryland do what she will, Cecil County will not secede.

Washington and vicinity. Reports from Washington, state that on last Sunday there was a rumor prevalent that martial law would be proclaimed on Monday. On Friday night fourteen boys from Washington captured a steamer at Alexandria and brought her to Washington. There were 24,000 stands of arms on board. Georgetown heights were held by regulars. It is said that orders have gone to England for the purchase of 30 Armstrong guns, which may be expected to arrive at an early day. At Alexandria there is a great excitement. Secession flags are flying in every direction. The people are preparing for war. Three Union men have been ordered to leave.

A report was current at Philadelphia yesterday that Fort Pickens had been captured with serious loss of life. The report is probably incorrect.

The city of Savannah was still with rejoicing over the news of the attack on the Massachusetts regiment. It was reported that 130 of them were killed.

Governor Letcher of Virginia, has made a requisition upon Gen. Beauregard for two regiments.

It is said that in every township on the southern frontier of Pennsylvania all the able bodied men are enlisted for the Union.

The *Post* says that Jefferson Davis is in Richmond. A gentleman from Charleston Thursday, says it was the intention of the Southern Confederacy to march to the North fifty or sixty thousand men, expecting fifty thousand additional in Virginia.

Some fears are entertained at St. Louis that the United States arsenal would be attacked. The commanding officer has threatened that if they attempt to take it, he will shell the city and lay it in ashes. He is amply prepared for that purpose, and is a true Union man. The secessionists make many threats against this gallant officer. The Union sentiment however is quite strong at St. Louis and in the immediate neighborhood. The Germans are all on the side of the government.

ANOTHER WORLD'S FAIR. The English government, through Lord Lyons, has notified Hon. W. H. Seward that the Queen of England has appointed a Commissioner for the management of an exhibition of the works of industry of all nations, to be held in London next year. The object of this announcement is to ascertain what foreign countries will take part in the exhibition, and to put the commissioners in communication with such persons or bodies in the United States, as will be entitled, at the desire of the government, and best representent the interests of those who may intend to become exhibitors.

No details or plans are developed as yet, but the fullest explanations will be made when the proper period arrives. Mr. Seward acknowledges the receipt of Lord Lyons' communication, and expresses the willingness of this government to encourage the enterprise by the publication of whatever correspondence may take place between the two governments. It is anticipated that the proposed exhibition of 1862 will exceed that of 1851.

EXTRACT FROM A PRIVATE LETTER FROM KENTUCKY. We are permitted to copy the following, which closes a letter from a business man in Kentucky to a gentleman in this city, dated the 18th :—

"I cannot close without some reference to our beloved country. We, the Union party of Kentucky, are running Crittenden and Guthrie as representative for the State at large to represent us in the Border States Convention. We pray you at the North to grant us a compromise; not for ourselves, but to restore peace and harmony to a divided and distracted country. You, I know, love your country and can and will give your aid to the Union."

The border States should have appealed to the seceded States, and not to the by-at North. There is not a baker's dozen among them of gentlemen in New England, that are not ready and willing to sacrifice blood and treasure to preserve the Union, asking nothing of any section of the country but not guaranteed to them in the Constitution of the United States *as it is!* The day of compromises has passed, and those who would best serve their country, can not too quickly let deeds take the place of words in the defence of the Union as we have inherited it.

The second annual report of the excellent City Missionary at Lawrence, Mr. George P. Wilson, is just published. It appears that the churches of that city have contributed to the mission for charitable expenditure $577.67, of which Grace Church paid $237.46. The Catholic priests contributed $20. His death has occurred during the year. The report thus speaks of him :—"Our city has met with a very serious loss. He was very strict in his examination of applicants for charity, and had no sympathy for the drunken and indolent, yet he gave away largely from year to year, to the deserving among his own people. His voice was weekly heard by thousands in times of temperance, honesty and good behavior. He has been from its commencement a liberal friend to this mission—contributing to its relief fund and aiding in its investigation in behalf of the poor." We are glad to read this testimony to the worth of one whom we have always regarded as having a wise and true heart, and good love towards his brethren; and we are glad that the Catholic Church in this country is beginning to produce specimens of large and enlightened benevolence toward the needy and degraded.

WAR MATTERS IN MASSACHUSETTS. The necessary papers have been issued from the Adjutant General's office for raising eighty-three volunteer companies, and from every part of the State we hear of hearty responses to the call of the Governor. The new regiment raised by Major Cook, of Boston, is nearly full, and rapid progress is being made toward completing Fletcher Webster's regiment. Besides Lowell, volunteer companies are being raised in Boston, Salem, Attleboro', Royalston, Chelmsford, Roxbury, Chelsea, Clinton, Kingston, Templeton, Nantucket, Ipswich, Lancaster, Scituate, Belchertown, Canton, New Bedford, Lynn, Hyannis, Newburyport, Haverhill, and many other places. The enlistment season has now arrived in every town, and Massachusetts will answer any demand made upon her by the government.

A REBEL FLAG IN WESTFORD. We understand that there was no little excitement on Monday in Westford, on account of a man in that town having run up the rebel flag of the "Southern Confederacy," which he proposed to keep flying. But there were others of a different mind, and his flag was hauled down without much ceremony and to the great annoyance of the man who no longer respects his country. He applied to a Justice of the Peace to get out a warrant against the man who pulled it down, but only got laughed at. He came to Lowell, and tried again, but without success. One lawyer told him if the man was prosecuted, he would on his own responsibility carry the case up to the Supreme Court. The man who pulled the flag down acknowledged his guilt, and is ready to suffer the consequences. The probabilities are that he will not suffer so much as will secession flags in patriotic old Westford, if any are hereafter raised there.

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE. The order of exercises has been issued, and the usual number of the graduating class, 74, received parts for the annual commencement, day, July 25, 1861. On Tuesday the oration, poem, &c., usual for class day, will be attended to, and on Wednesday the Hon. Edward Everett and Rev. John Pierpont will address the united literary societies; the latter will read a poem. Hon. William M. Evarts will address the *Phi Beta Kappa* Society the same day. On Thursday, the real commencement day, some twenty-five of the graduating class will perform the parts assigned them, and the whole class receive their "sheepskins." Dodworth's celebrated New York Band has been engaged.

DESTRUCTION OF THE NAVY YARD AND VESSELS AT NORFOLK. The national government have sunk all the vessels and burnt the navy yard at Norfolk to prevent its falling into the hands of the secessionists. Among the most valuable property destroyed were the finest Pennsylvania, Columbus, New York and Delaware; frigates Merrimack and Potomac; sloops Germantown and Plymouth, and brig Dolphin. Large quantities of provisions, cordage, machinery and buildings of great value also were destroyed. It is not positively known that the dock is blown up.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT. "Perley" the Washington correspondent of the *Boston Journal* says :

"The Massachusetts Sixth Regiment are a part of the fifteen hundred men who are located at the Capitol. Col. Jones has his head quarters in the Senate Chamber, where he occupies the Vice President's chair. The men are rapidly becoming accustomed to soldier's rations. Fire places for cooking purposes are built in the basement and Congressional Library. Without doubt men are in the Hospital, and are doing well."

* * *

THE "colored people" of Boston held a meeting last evening, which was addressed by several speakers. One speaker said that fifty thousand colored volunteers could be raised for the service of the government, if required.

HON. MILLARD FILLMORE. At a late meeting of the citizens of Buffalo, without distinction of party, convened to take into consideration the best means to sustain the government, ex-President Fillmore was called to the chair: on taking which he made an eloquent and patriotic speech, an extract from which we give below. The meeting was one of great enthusiasm, and the remarks of Mr. Fillmore made the most favorable impression on all who listened to them :—

"Fellow-citizens, this is no time for any man to shrink from the responsibility which events have cast upon him. We have reached a crisis in the history of this country when no man, however humble his rank or limited his influence, has a right to stand neutral. Civil war has been inaugurated, and we must meet it out-The government calls for aid, and we must give it. Our institutions are in danger, and we must defend them. It is no time now to inquire by whose fault or folly this state of things has been brought about. The ship of state is in the breakers, and the quarreling thunders and darkened sky indicate the coming storm, and if the ship sink, we must go down with her. We have a common flag, and must meet a common fate. Let every man, therefore, lend a helping hand, like the Roman senator at the gate of Pompeii, his posterity, when the storm is over, find our skeletons and armor on the spot, where duty required us to stand.

"Fellow-citizens, my friends, that my love of country embraces the whole Union. In all that relates to the administration of the government, I know no North, no South. Each and every portion is alike entitled to its protection, and I have this confidence in this administration to believe that it will receive it. I, therefore, think our South-ern brethren have made a great mistake in arraying themselves against the government. They have by the improperly administered, and I hoped that if peace could be maintained for a short time, until they could have time to correct their error, that they would voluntarily unite with us again, or, if they were impossible, that time might be gained for a national convention, which might so amend the constitution as to enable it to separate without war; but if they commence an aggressive warfare we have no alternative but to rally around the constituted authorities and defend the government.

COUNCIL TO OUR VOLUNTEERS.—*How to prepare for the Campaign.* "Be ready at all times to act as an old soldier," in the *New York Post*, to our volunteers, are timely, and should be heeded :—

1. Remember that in a campaign more men die from sickness by far than by the bullet.

2. Line your blanket with one thickness of brown drilling. This adds but four ounces in weight and doubles the warmth.

3. Buy a small India rubber blanket (only $1.500) to lay on the ground or to throw over your shoulders when on guard duty during a rain storm. Straw to lie upon is not always to be had.

4. The best military hat in use is the light colored soft felt; the crown being sufficiently high to allow space for air over the brain. You can fasten it up as a conical helmet in fair weather, or turn it down when it is wet or very sunny.

5. Let the board grow, to protect throat and lungs.

6. Keep your entire person clean; this prevents boils and the worst complaints in warm climates. Wash your body each day if possible. Avoid strong coffee and oily food. Remember we would that the too free use of these (together with neglect in keeping the skin clean) must many a soldier his life in Mexico.

7. A sudden check of perspiration by chilly or damp air often causes fever and death. When thus exposed do not forget your blanket.

NAMES OF THE WOUNDED MASSACHUSETTS TROOPS. The *Washington Star* of Saturday gives the following names of the wounded of the Massachusets troops :—

Company C, Stoneham Light Infantry —Capt. J. H. Dike, a ball wound in the head; he was left at Baltimore. Henry Dike, ball wound in the leg. W. H. Young, hit by a brickbat on the head. Stephen Flanders, ball wound on the head by a brickbat. Geo. Perry, wounded on the right forearm. John Foster, wounded on the head with a stone. C. G. Gill, ball wound on the arm from the breech of a gun. Joshua W. Pennell, knocked in the head by a brickbat. Alvin Kempton, several bad bruises on the legs and arms from paving stones. Marcia Meade, wounded in the left arm by a brickbat. Lieut. James Rowe, two side cuts in the head from brickbats. Sam Brown, third finger of the left hand shot off.

Company D, City Guards, Lowell—C. H. Chandler wounded in the head by a brickbat. W. H. Lamson, struck on eye and on back of the head by paving stones, and other severe bruises on the body. Ira W. Moore, badly wounded on left arm with brickbat. George Alexander, back of the head and neck badly cut with a brickbat. Sidney Thompson of Company C, Mechanic Phalanx, of Lowell, had nose broken with a brick.

Company I. Lawrence—V. Gingrese, shot through the arm. Alonzo Joy, two severe wounds in the leg. G. D. Durrell, cut on the head with a brickbat. Of this company five or six were left in Baltimore, the nature of their wounds not known.

* * *

AT a meeting last evening, in Chelmsford, it was proposed to raise means to sustain the families of soldiers that may be called into service from that town. In a short time more than $1000 was subscribed.

A PROCLAMATION. Governor Horace Greeley also follow the appointments in this Congressional district, made by Collector Goodrich :—

Wm. L. Sullows—Weigher—Pepperell; Wm. L. Coolidge—Inspector—Natick; Erastus Boyden—Lowell; Homer A. Cook —Lowell; George W. Warren—Inspector —Weston; Lawson Maynard—Night Inspector—Framingham.

REV. T. W. HIGGINSON, of Worcester, has offered, if means can be supplied him, to raise a company of returned Kansas men and other picked material for service on the Pennsylvania border.

GOV. BANKS lectures in Boston this evening, before the Mercantile Library Association.

VICE-PRESIDENT HANNIBAL HAMLIN has gone to New York, but he may be more in contact with the public men during the war movements, than he can be at his home in Maine.

HON. EDWARD EVERETT endorses the course adopted by the National Administration in its efforts to quell the rebellion in the Southern States.

The *Boston Journal* says that a letter has been received by a gentleman in that city which contains the opinion of an army officer upon the conduct of the Sixth Regiment at Baltimore. His says that their coolness and bravery is not often equaled by old and well tried soldiers.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE. There will be a Quarterly Meeting of the Lowell Gymnasium on THURSDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock. L. C. MUNROE, Secretary. April 24, 1861.

ATTENTION!

The Honorary and Past members of the Warren Light Guard are hereby requested to meet at the Armory, on THURSDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock, sharp. per order. Lowell, April 24, 1861.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Professor Lewis B. Monroe will give his second Lecture on ELOCUTION to the several Teachers of the Public Schools, at Lowell, on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., at day afternoon, May 3d, at 3 o'clock. These lectures are for the Teachers all or whom are especially invited and expected by the Committee on Instruction.

For order of Special Committee,
GEO. STEVENS, Chairman.
Lowell, April 24, 1861. 2w

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of the City Council was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. *Licenses.* Several parties were licensed to run night cars and swill carts.

Appointment. Richard Fillebrey was appointed a supernumerary watchman and police officer.

Elections ordered. Warrants were ordered to be issued for an election on Monday, May 13th, to fill the vacancy in the Board of Aldermen; also to elect a Common Councilman from Ward 5 in place of Samuel Beck, resigned.

Resolution for a flag-staff rejected. A resolution to erect a flag-staff on the North Common passed the Board of Aldermen, but was rejected in the Common Council.

THEATRICAL. There was a small audience present at Huntington Hall last evening, but the performance of "Ingomar" was excellent. Mr. Marshall and Miss Johnson eliciting great applause from those who composed the audience. This evening the play of "Othello" will be performed, Mr. Marshall taking the part of Othello, Mr. E. Thompson Jago, and Miss Johnson Desdemona. Mr. G. G. Spear well known as "Old Sap," will appear for the first time this evening in the character of Dolph, in "Family Jars." We hope to witness a full house.

The company contemplates giving a performance to-morrow evening, half of the proceeds to be deposited with the Mayor for the benefit of families of soldiers. This will afford an opportunity of witnessing one of the best of Shakespeare's plays, and also of contributing something in a worthy and patriotic direction. We hope the attendance may be a large one.

A LOWELL REGIMENT. Five volunteer companies have already been enrolled in this city and more undoubtedly will be.—Tewksbury, Billerica and Chelmsford are each raising a company. Dracut will not be behind her sister towns. Why can we not have an entire volunteer regiment composed of troops well in hand from the adjoining towns? Massachusetts has already furnished her quota for the first requisition of the general government, and will not probably be called upon again for some months, affording time to organize, drill and discipline a crack volunteer regiment, of which every citizen of Lowell and surrounding towns will be proud. We have military skill and military talent among us, and abundance of military spirit. Why can it not be done?

ANOTHER PATRIOTIC YOUNG LADY. The following correspondence explains itself.—We regret that we are not authorized to give the name of the fair contributor.

LOWELL, April 23, 1861.

HON. B. C. SARGEANT, *Dear Sir*:—Herewith I enclose $25 from a patriotic, public spirited young lady, to be appropriated according to her wishes, as expressed in the following note.

Your most ob't servant,
E. HUNTINGTON.

Dear Sir—I cannot *wait* to be *asked* to do the little I am able for those who have been so ready to give their *lives* for my country. Never have I contributed to any thing with such hearty good will as to the deep regret that I am powerless to do more. I have put aside one hundred dollars, to be devoted to the immediate use of our soldiers from Lowell and Lawrence, twenty-five of which I now enclose. The maindor to be forthcoming when called for.

In haste, yours truly,

MECHANIC PHALANX. The past and honorary members of this company held an adjourned meeting on Monday evening. Remarks were made by Capt. J. G. Peabody, Lieut. A. Cummings, Sergt. Major W. C. Gray, Abiel Rolfe, and others.—Nearly all present signed a paper for a volunteer home company. W. C. Gray, David Lane and Reuben Kaye were made a committee to solicit names for the company, the ex-members of the Phalanx to have the preference. An adjourned meeting will be held in the armory this evening. when it is desirable to have all the old members present.

The patriotic boarders at the City Hotel last evening, "hung a banner on the outer wall"—and the stars and stripes floated proudly over the house. One idea of quite a number of our prominent citizens. Speeches were made on the occasion by half a dozen lawyers, and the Union was sung with a will in the streets. Americus and Warren being now historic were represented. The company voted to put their fair Gal on the track in support of a second ticket, with Democracy in the ascendency.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY. Containing a correct map on large scale and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States and Canada. Price 10 cents.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack street, and by all Newsmen in Lowell. Price 10 cents.

S. H. FISHER, sole agent.
apr15 4w

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at ARRINGTON'S, Merrimack street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imposition, now and for sale at low prices. Other goods are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated Gothgan Mattings. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:	
C. B. Coburn,	R. W. Stockwell,
Wm. Hall,	H. Abbott,
T. G. Howe,	D. S. Richardson,
	Edward Tuck,
	E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings and Farmers' risks. Its assessment has ever been low, and the Directors have the pleasure of announcing that the Mutual Premiums amount of $4,146,876.56. The retention of owners in the Mutual Department of this Company is particularly invited. A dividend is paid on policies of three years' standing. The Stock Department with a substantial cash capital.

The Directors have the pleasure to announce that the cash assets are $1,000,000, and that the Company is prepared to write policies on Mercantile risks at as low rates as other properly not hazardous insured at current rates.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 1, 1860. jy1

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It burns into less quantity,
It costs less money,
And it is the best burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, Foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Market street.
mar16tf

The great English Remedy
DR. JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke Bart., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

AMERICAN WOMEN.—America is justly proud of her fair daughters, but they are not exempt from ills, and there is no country where more lives are sacrificed to the mistaken notions of delicacy and useless fashions. That remedy is found in Dr. JAMES'S FEMALE PILLS, which in the last hundreds of cases where they have been used in this country, have in all cases of Irregularity, or "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Suppression of the Menses, Pain in the Back, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Bold Stools, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered state of the system, in a few days as many other means have failed. *Moderating exercise and proper attention to diet, is under these circumstances of very great importance*, whether from cold or any other cause. Suffer no more anxiety or loss of time. Full directions in the language will be found in each package.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canada.

Price $1 per box. Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of the money.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
HENRY SANDFORD,
Proprietor of Dr. James' Female Pills,
Bridgeburg, C. W.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canada.

Price $1 per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.
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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, as exercising $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS :

Nathan Allen, Josiah G. Abbott,
Benjamin Crosby, Abiel Rolfe,
Andrew P. Preston, Joseph Wright,
Joshua W. Hamblett, Caleb M. Marvel,
Thomas Hopkinson, Edward Kidder,
Ephraim Brown, Silas M. Lund.

Alonzo A. Miner, Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin R. Baker, Arthur M. Clark,
Benjamin Thompson.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 71 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
apr27 [2m] FLEMING BLOS-SOM.

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other reliable companies. Office in Building on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Stores and their contents, and

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late C. S. MERRILL,
No. 19 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

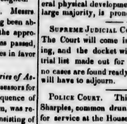
Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. M. BARTLETT, Secretary,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Boston Office, 3 Exchange Place.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by all who have used both—as in the requisites for family use. It has become the favorite Machine for all who have occasion for a household economy. In all the finer qualities of family sewing, on fine and coarse cloths, in hemming, stitching, felling, tucking, quilting, gathering, and all kindred operations, it is unrivalled. Its ease of management is equally unsurpassed, and it will sew from the finest cambric to the heaviest cloth.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE

Confidently occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among those who have used the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine in the Law.

D. S. Richardson, J. B. French,
J. A. Bartlett, Wm. Hall,
Wm. A. Burke, T. P. Aquilon,
Ira Harrington, Wm. Stickney,
S. A. Alger, F. L. Richardson,
D. H. Chase, Wm. Bryant,
E. F. Sherman, Rev. E. B. Foster,
Hon. A. H. Sargeant, Rev. Geo. M. Rice,
D. C. Brown, M. C. Bryant,
Wm. L. Hall, Wm. Chamberlain,
J. L. Ordway, Wm. L. North,
J. G. Abbott, Wm. Livingston,
B. W. Webster, L. L. Cheney.

This Machine is a variety of the Lock Stitch, and at prices varying from Fifty to One hundred and twenty dollars. Call and see it.

J. W. B. SHAW,
44 Merrimack Street.
may17 apr27 dly

CAUTION!

The subscribers (late shippers of the true and genuine) CAUTION the public against the notice that other coal dealers in Lowell than ourselves are selling the Lehigh Coal from Mauch Chunk.

CAUTION! We take this method of cautioning the public against purchasing the Lehigh Coal of any dealer but ourselves, as we are the only agents in this city for the genuine article, and we are determined to sell no other. We are also agents for "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Bold Stools, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered state of the system, in a few days as many other means have failed. *Moderating exercise and proper attention to diet, is under these circumstances of very great importance*, whether from cold or any other cause. Suffer no more anxiety or loss of time. Full directions in the language will be found in each package.

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DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Nervous Complaints. Honors, from a people to the worst points see a Jaundice Countenance; Headache; Fits; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Biliousness; Fever and Ague; Rheumatism; Piles; regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, and remove all impurities from the blood, whether they originate the circulation, and purify the blood better than any other medicine ever known. They are made of Roots, Herbs and Barks, which are the best remedies in the world, Yellow Dock, Manzanita, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pectoral and Prickly Ash, Juniper Berry, Dandelion, and others recently added, all an alkaline combined with the vegetable extracts, which gives them a searching the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and should use it at this season of the year. Remember that it will supercede all the Sarsaparillas, Panacea's, Mineral Waters, &c., &c., in use. One pint is more concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Bitters Pills, a sure remedy for Costiveness, Piles, and all sores Constitutional and Flux. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Orders addressed to D. B. LANGLEY & CO. 0 GOODWIN & CO. Boston.

Sold in Lowell by Dr. J. C. AYER, corner of Merrimack and John streets.
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BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years before the public, and has received the highest testimonials from the most eminent physicians and clergymen in the country. Its wonderful success in the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. To those suffering from exposure and confirmed Coughs, they give the most immediate relief. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat, and for this reason avoids the glutinous expectorants, these Wafers produce the most marked results. They act more effectually the Cough and allay irritation, and entirely remove that mental irritability and weakness of the Lungs which gives rise to the complaint. The medical properties of these Wafers are such that they can be administered to the most delicate infant with perfect safety to them; and they are warranted to give relief in all cases of Coughs, Colds, &c., in a few hours.

Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.
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MUSIC BINDER.

A MOTHER list of Sheet's Patent Music Folders. Binder just received and for sale by H. S. HUNT, 71 Central street.
apr26 Also, the popular Music of the day constantly on hand.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

made and repaired, Cane is Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
61 Central Street, so greatly reduced prices.
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DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER,

is one of the most common, as well as the most formidable of diseases known to American physicians. It has for years attracted the closest attention of the medical faculty in all parts of the United States, and yet up to the time of the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's great Specific, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., it was almost beyond the reach of medical skill. Thousands had perished without even a hope of relief, and although thousands may yet be destined to feel the direful effects of this most contemplated disease, it is now, thanks to the search of Dr. M. Lane, completely brought within the scope of medical control. The proprietors, Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., of the Liver Pills, feel confident that they have in their hands a remedy which has been fully tested by time, and which has never failed of success when fairly tried.

Druggists will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and to take no other. None are genuine unless the name of the firm is blown in the glass. FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

CARPETS.

Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by
ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at as cheap as the cheapest. Please call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received and for sale low. Please call and see them, best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. BLAIS is agent. Call and see it working.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY.

Containing a correct map on large scale and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States and Canada. Price 10 cents.

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Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 1, 1860. jy1

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It burns into less quantity,
It costs less money,
And it is the best burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, Foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Market street.
mar16tf

The great English Remedy
DR. JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke Bart., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

AMERICAN WOMEN.—America is justly proud of her fair daughters, but they are not exempt from ills, and there is no country where more lives are sacrificed to the mistaken notions of delicacy and useless fashions. That remedy is found in Dr. JAMES'S FEMALE PILLS, which in the last hundreds of cases where they have been used in this country, have in all cases of Irregularity, or Suppression of the Menses, Pain in the Back, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Bold Stools, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered state of the system, in a few days as many other means have failed. *Moderating exercise and proper attention to diet, is under these circumstances of very great importance*, whether from cold or any other cause. Suffer no more anxiety or loss of time. Full directions in the language will be found in each package.

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Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.
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IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$1,000,000.
Accumulation April, 1860, $263,912.59.

The Dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies will be declared in Cash.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages,being first class on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Erastus Lyman, Charles Sanford, Jas. Boorman, Jr., Alex

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every thinking and intelligent person, that the first diseases of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in this connection we present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, we believe it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infants complaints, and one trial alone will convince you of its superiority over many other preparations of the kind now offered to the public.

For Children Teething:

and as the period of infantile life when your anxious hours are passed by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, is when they are teething, we would say to you, *Mother Eaton Infantile Cordial* will relieve the *Fire Diseases attending Teething*, such as *Dysentery, Dysentery, Gripping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, and Cold in the Head*, we unhesitatingly offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case when given in time. It will invariably regulate the bowels to healthy action, and is important in this respect was never before offered.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately on the use of a few drops of this valuable cordial, as nothing is found to act so speedily as that recommended from one family to another, until the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become "familiar as a household word." We now ask your attention to a subject of vital importance to yourself, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, sign or fact which we or Fully recommend to administer to your child, or any other preparation for infantile disease, at this time. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is a combination of vegetable remedies, which act directly upon the liver, and of the skin and bringing consequently upon where are certain to result from the disease first diagnosed in the form of quieting remedies: their continued administration being invariably followed by stupefaction, and constipation of the bowels, ending in death. Convulsions are unheard of when Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial offers from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, but by bringing on a healthy action of the secretions of your children but naturally through the pure medicinal qualities by removing all cause of disease. We earnestly recommend you, therefore, to use no time in procuring a bottle, that you may have at hand a remedy which will never fail to relieve your child in time of need. It is prepared *fairly* for any climate, and cannot injure its most delicate system.

Take once but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This you can rely upon. Price 35 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT, Druggists, Lowell, Mass., and for sale by all respectable druggists.

SCALES! SCALES!!

A. T. NUTE & CO.,

(Successors to Woods & Nute.)

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Counter, and Coffee or Tea Scales, No. 85 Prescott Street, respectfully inform their friends and the public that they continue to manufacture the above Scales, which they warrant to be as accurate as any Scales in the market.

They would refer to the following certificate.

Lowell, December 15, 1860.

Having had occasion to examine and adjust Woods & Nute's Scales, and having found them to be correct for several years, I consider them as accurate and reliable as any in the market, and would recommend them as such. DANIEL CUSHING,
dec18dif City Sealer.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation.

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive cure for all diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsical and Organ of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsical and Urinal Affections.

This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCULOUS DEPOSITIONS, and all UNNATURAL ENGAGEMENTS are removed. It is used in all cases of PAIN and INFLAMMATION, and is good for

MEN, WOMEN, OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

For Nervousness, Retiring after Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, Habits of

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, April 25, 1861.

THE BALTIMORE RIOT.

The following letter from Capt. Follansbee of the Mechanic Phalanx, detailing the march of three companies of the Sixth Regiment, through the streets of Baltimore, will be read with interest. He writes from Washington, under date of April 20th, to Lt. H. Wilder, Esq., to whom we are indebted for a copy :—

We arrived in Baltimore about 10 o'clock, A. M. the cars are dragged through the city by horses. There were always sentry cars on our train, there being in addition to Col. Jones command, about 1200 troops from Philadelphia, without uniforms or arms, they intending to get them here. After we arrived, the cars were taken, one a time, and dragged to the depot at the lower part of the city, a mob assaulting them all the way. The Lowell Mechanic Phalanx car was the ninth ; and we waited till after the rest had left, for our turn, till two men came to me and informed me that I had better have my command and march to the other depot, as the mob had taken up the track to prevent the passage of the cars. I immediately informed Capt. Pickering, of Lawrence Light Infantry, and we filed out of the cars in regular order. Capt. Hart's company of Lowell, and Capt. Ames of Stoneham, did the same, and formed in a line on the sidewalk. The captains consulted together and decided that the command should device upon me. I immediately took my position at the right, wheeled into column of sections, and requested them to march in close order. Before we had started the cars of the rear, with a secession flag attached to a pole, and told us we never could get through that city. They would kill every " white nigger " of us before we could reach the other depot. I paid no attention to them ; but after I had wheeled the battalion, gave the order to march.

As soon as the order was given, the brick bats began to fly into our ranks from the mob. I called a policeman and requested him to lead the way to the other depot. He did so. After we had marched about a hundred yards we came to a bridge. The rebels had torn up most of the planks. We had to pass " Scotch hop " to get over it. As soon as we had crossed the bridge, they commenced to fire upon us from the streets and houses. We were loaded but not capped. I ordered the men to cap their rifles and protect themselves ; and then we returned their fire, and laid a great many of them away. I saw four fall on the sidewalk at one time. They followed us up, and we fought our way to the outer depot without the loss of one. They kept at us till the cars started. Quite a number of the rascals were shot after we entered the cars. We went very slow, as we expected the rails were torn up on the road.

I do not know how much damage we did. Report says about forty were killed, but I think that is exaggerated. I think may be so. There is any quantity of them wounded. Quite a number of horses were killed. The Mayor of the city was the most half way. He said that there would be no trouble ; and that we could get through, and kept with me for about a hundred yards, but the stones and balls whistled too near his head and he then took a gun from one of my company, fired and brought his man down. That was the last I saw of him. We fought our way to the cars and joined Col. Jones and the seven companies that had left us at the other end of the city, and now we are here, every man of the old Phalanx safe and sound, with the exception of a few marks made by brick-bats, and all we want now is a chance to go to Baltimore and clean out all the roughs there. If Col. Jones would march his command there, we would do it. There are five or six of the regiment missing and all of the band. I am in hopes that most if not all of them are alive. The way the men in Baltimore showed his pistols, axe or Palmetto flag, he was about sure to drop. Capt. Dyke, of Stoneham, is wounded badly, but is better. A corporal of Capt. Pickering's (Lawrence Light Infantry) company was killed. What more we left still will be well taken care of by the Union men of Baltimore.

ANOTHER LETTER. We have been permitted to copy the following letter, also descriptive of the riot in Baltimore, written by Mr. Brent Johnston, a member of the Phalanx, to a friend in this city. This, and the letter of Capt. Follansbee, which precedes it, gives altogether a better account of the riot than has yet been published. We are glad to be able to lay them before our citizens, knowing the parties who communicate them to be perfectly reliable men :—

I take the opportunity to inform you that I am alive and well. You undoubtedly heard of the row in Baltimore ; well you got a brief sketch of it. I see by this morning's papers, that one of the Lowell (Lowell Phalanx) was shot, but this is not so. We have not lost a man out of our company. Three or four got their heads cut and their faces disfigured, but one needn't shudder. We arrived in Baltimore everything seemed to be still and quiet. The cars had to be drawn through the city by horses, and a number of us got out which were ahead of us were allowed to pass unmolested, and the horses attached to the rear car, when the mob broke out and tore up the track, and commenced hostilities by seizing the rear guard. We will for get you, but we were not to be bluffed. Capt. Hart's company being the chief commissioned officer of the three companies left, we took the lead and marched in the city, and remained into sections and formed into sections without being molested, and started to march toward the depot. We marched about two and a-half miles. We had not gone more than one square when stones, bricks and seven bottles flew like hail about our heads, but we kept right along until they commenced firing pistols, when we turned and fired a volley which made the retreat with considerable less rapidity, at the firing was kept up for twenty-six dozen and windows, but with little ; no effect. I received a slight bruise on my ; about one mile from the depot with the police force, and told Captain Follansbee that he should be pleased to see him. While I was speaking, one of our men was downed down with a stone. The mayor at once seized a rifle and shot the man that threw the stone, after which we arrived at the depot with little or no trouble. We got into the cars, lifted the window and saw rifles above in each window on each side of the car, and if a man was seen to move, threw a stone, or show any sign of disturbance, down went his brains. There could get twenty-five men in Baltimore who would kill the whole Sixth Regiment, but he did not get time to repeat it. He was found with seventeen bullets in his body. Yesterday was the anniversary of the battle of Lexington. We are proud to say that Massachusetts men have more blood for the good cause of their country. And now the drum is beating, and I must be off into line.

THE BALTIMORE RIOT. We have been permitted to copy portion of a private letter, written the day after the assault of the mob of four or five thousand men on a small portion of the Sixth Regiment in the streets of Baltimore. The letter will be interesting to our Lowell people, as it reveals the whereabouts of two members of the City Guards. The statements made appear perfectly reliable, as we assure the friends of the persons named of their safety.

You have doubtless had news of the terrible affair here yesterday between the mob and the Massachusetts troops, and news has already reached you of the encounter of the Lowell City Guards and other companies under Col. Jones and commanded by Capt. Hart ; and I write a few lines to tell you that those of the wounded are here in the house—me, Sergeant Ames, who lives on Market Street, and has a wife, the other is a Mr. Coburn of Dracut, son of Nathaniel B. Coburn, who lives up the river road some two miles. Sergeant Ames is wounded on the head by brickbats or bottles, and has lost considerable blood and is very weak. The Doctor says he has nothing now that is alarming in his case. He desires his love to his wife, and to say to her that he is only a little hurt and is kindly cared for and as well off as he could be at home. He says, also, tell her that I may be on my way home in a few days, but that is not probable.

Coburn was beaten on the head with paving stones and his musket taken from him, but with them with it he was shot through the thigh. The ball passed clear in, no bone wounds, and he thinks is comfortable. *He* is going home whether or no ; he has done enough for the country and as his wound is not in the back, I suspect he thinks he will be discharged from further service.

I am not married and only twenty-one years of age. That is the way the chivalry fight.

A large number of the City Guards were injured, but they are not identified as yet. Mrs. Tyler went down with " thought shot and shell " to the station house and got them sent. In the room there were two dead men, others were dying, and others but little wounded. It was the most horrible sight I ever saw, and such a day as yesterday was cannot be described.

Gen. Butler is now actively engaged at the sight, and proved myself a coward. I was horrified, and I hope I shall never be called upon to witness it. The soldiers' muskets and cartridges are all taken from them, to shoot them with, in all probability, when they are well enough to be shot again. I gave them their breakfast this morning, and Coburn ate like a wolf but Amex, poor fellow, was too much affected to eat. The kindness is too much for me. The secessionists are too mean to meet men hand to hand, but they follow behind, tear up the paving stones to beat the poor fellows to the ground, and then steal their muskets and shoot them.

SENTIMENTS OF PROMINENT MEN. It is reported that the President said to the Baltimore deputation on Monday, if the passage of the United States troops was again obstructed he would lay the city in ashes.

Daniel S. Dickenson, in a speech at New York, on Monday night, remarked that he would strike now in our might, and if necessary would wipe the South from the face of the earth.

Gen. Wool delivered orders Tuesday for the delivery of 10,000 muskets and 400,000 cartridges to the Ohio troops now at Harrisburg. He has recommended by special couriers to the government the bringing of 50,000 troops into the field, and opening the route through Cincinnati.

A company left Manchester yesterday and another leaves Keene to-day. The last named town has appropriated a large sum, and $4,500 has already been subscribed for the benefit of soldiers and their families.

Vermont. The Guards at Bradford are full and leave on Monday. $2,000 has been voted for them and their families.

Rhode Island. The Second Division of the Rhode Island Regiment, under command of Lieut. Col. Pitman, sailed from Providence for New York yesterday afternoon. They number 500 men, and carry the flag which the Rhode Island Regiment bore through the battles of the Revolution.

New York. Major Hall has been served in the Mexican war, is organizing a regiment. Col. S. Wilson's 3rd Col. Howkins's regiments are ready to be mustered into service. Gen. Wool has authorized Col. Curtis to raise a regiment for immediate service.

New Jersey. The Col. of New Jersey Cavalry has appropriated $100,000 for the benefit of the families of those who go out, and has appropriated $5,000 for equipments. Over 1,000 troops are at Trenton. The Governor has called an extra session of the Legislature on the 30th to take the needful means to place the State on a war footing.

Pennsylvania. Two Pennsylvania regiments had reached Chambersburg and encamped there. A part of the 10,000 stand of arms shipped to Harrisburg from the Springfield arsenal have arrived, and at last the troops are ready to march.

Ohio. Three regiments ordered from this State are at Harrisburg waiting for their supplies of arms.

It is reported that a negro insurrection has occurred in Ann Arundel County, Maryland, and that Gen. Butler had offered to subdue it. The Seventh New York Regiment was at Annapolis on Tuesday afternoon. Gen. Butler was taking measures to have the rails relaid on the Annapolis road, as they had been carefully taken up by the company. No difficulty is apprehended in opening the road to Washington. The Eighth Massachusetts Regiment reached Annapolis on Sunday. They found the ship Constitution in the possession of the secessionists, who were converting her into a battery. They were driven out and the ship towed out by the steamer Maryland, but grounded. Some guns were then hoisted out, when she floated off. But the Maryland was aground, and was fast when the 7th New York Regiment arrived, and still remained ashore. Both regiments suffered much from want of provisions on the route.

Washington. Gen. Scott's pickets are gradually extending toward Annapolis.—

Gen. Butler will not let you get away leaving Washington as fast as possible.—The Avenue is almost deserted. On Tuesday 16 strangers dined at the National and 9 at Brown's Hotel.

HON. JOHN A. DIX. Hon. John A. Dix, at the late Union meeting in New York, made a speech in which he said that patriotism had tendered war to the late administration as she had to this—I mean by a hostile and deadly assault—it would have been unanimously accepted. I repeat, then, that this administration has done no more than its duty. Nay, I believe, that self-preservation rendered necessary what it has done. In sustaining up this remark, Mr. Dix continued as follow :—

" I have no doubt that the Confederate leaders at Montgomery have entertained, and still entertain, the design of marching upon Washington to overthrow the government. They have taken the most energetic measures to the nations of the world as the true representatives of the people of the United States. Against this assertion and fraud, if it shall be attempted, I trust we shall maintain our own. I trust in God that we shall not be overthrown. We do not ask who administers it. It is the government of the country, and it is such I shall give it in this extremity all the support in my power. I regard the pending contest with the secessionists as a death struggle for constitutional liberty and law for the existence of both. I stand on their part, could only end in the establishment of a despotism more terrible than that cast off, wherever they were in the ascendant, every vestige of national freedom. You know that I have been active in favor of adjusting controversies between the States by compromise, by compromise, by mutual concession—in a word, in the spirit in which the constitution was formed. Whenever that spirit shall be propitious for calm consultation they will find me so still. But until then, I am resolute that nothing could be so disastrous, so humiliating and so disreputable to us all, as to see the common government overthrown or its legitimate authority successfully resisted.—

" Let us, then, rally with one heart to its support. I believe it will act with the moderation and forbearance consistent with the preservation of all the rights reserved or yielded to it. There is no choice left but to acquiesce in total surrender to revolutionary leaders, or to give it the means it needs for defence, for self-preservation and for the assertion of its rightful authority. I am responsible for their legitimate use. Fellow citizens, I stand by the proud statute of the Father of his country. The flag of the Union which floats over it, hung above him in the procession over the Convention by which the Constitution was framed—the great work of his life has been rejected, and the banner by which his labors were consecrated, has been trampled in the dust. Let it float over Carolinians, and which the sculptor has shaped his image, cannot be changed to their living form which bed the armies of the Revolution to victory, he would command us, in the name of the hosts of patriots and political martyrs who have gone before, to strike for the defence of the Union and the Constitution.

THE price of the Manchester papers (the *American* and *Mirror*) heretofore one cent, has been increased to two, on account of the [illegible]

NOTICE. There will be a Quarterly Meeting of the Lowell Gymnasium, on THURSDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock.
L. C. HOSMER, Secretary.
April 24, 1861. 4tlp

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.
Professor LEWIS B. MONROE will give his second Lecture on ELOCUTION to the several Teachers of Public Schools of this city, at High School Hall, WEDNESDAY afternoon, May 1st, at 3 o'clock.
They will be followed by Lectures on Music and Reading, all of whom are especially invited and requested by the Committee to attend.
For order of Special Committee,
EZRA STEVENS, Chairman.
Lowell, April 24, 1861. 2w*24695

ELECTROPATHY.
DR. S. PAIGE has derived to remain a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 3 AMERICAN House, Central Street.
Dr. Paige successfully treats diseases, the first step of which is derangement or loss of vitality of the Nervous System. His cases which have been treated by him, and which have been of long standing for years, readily yield to the vigor and vitalizing element of this most subtle, natural and patient curative agent, so nearly allied to vitality—ELECTRICITY.
N. B.—Dr. Paige furnishes the best Instruments for Medical use, and gives instructions in Electropathy. Charges moderate.
Consultation free. apr24lw

MAYOR AND ALDERMEN. A special meeting of this Board was held yesterday afternoon at two o'clock. The company raised by Edward G. Abbott was appointed. Voted, that one of the steam fire engines be placed in the brick engine house on Middlesex Street. Ordered, that the hand engine No. 12, be placed in Centralville, and that a volunteer company be appointed to take charge of the same without pay from the city. The Mayor nominated persons to take charge of the new steamer as follows : George W. Austin, engineer ; Frank T. Austin, assistant ; George B. Smith, Moses Stackpole, George W. Dow, Charles I. Freeman, Charles W. Marriott, Andrew Meekin, Elias L. Webster, engineers. Voted that the companies connected with engines Nos. 4 and 12 be disbanded, to take effect the first of May. Ordered, that the subject of compensating members of the fire department on the part of this board. Ordered, that police officers now paid by fees, be paid by salaries for May first, according to the resolution passed November 27th 1860.

The Board met again this forenoon and approved the company raised by Col. Tebbetts, and also passed an order to purchase a map of the United States to be placed in the Mayor and Aldermen's room.

DAILY PRAYERS IN ST. ANNE'S. There will be daily prayers at St. Anne's Church at 5 o'clock, P. M., in this season of peril to our country, and especially that we may have gone or are yet to go from their homes in this city.

THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY.—The new company raised by Capt. Davis has voted to take the name of Richardson Light Infantry in honor of E. F. Richardson, Esq., who has exhibited much spirit and interest in getting up the company.—They were out last evening for street drill, and made a fine appearance.

CAPT. PROCTOR'S company was out last evening, for street drill. Nearly all the members visited Dempsey, hat manufacturer, opposite our office, for the purpose of leaving their measures for caps, which he is to furnish the company.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Michael O'Hare, for leaving a cart of $17 from Ambrose Madden, a stranger in the city, was fined $20 and costs. Owen Sweeney, for assault and battery on Mary Ann Sullivan, was fined $10 and costs. Patrick Gallagher, for assault and battery on Ellen Gallagher, was fined $10 and costs.

Washington. Gen. Scott's pickets are gradually extending toward Annapolis.—

Gen. Butler will not let you get away leaving Washington as fast as possible.—The Avenue is almost deserted. On Tuesday 16 strangers dined at the National and 9 at Brown's Hotel.

HON. JOHN A. DIX. Hon. John A. Dix, at the late Union meeting in New York, made a speech in which he said that patriotism had tendered war to the late administration as she had to this—I mean by a hostile and deadly assault—it would have been unanimously accepted. I repeat, then, that this administration has done no more than its duty. Nay, I believe, that self-preservation rendered necessary what it has done. In sustaining up this remark, Mr. Dix continued as follow :—

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CITY AND VICINITY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The following was telegraphed to us this noon, from Boston :—

The *Herald* has a dispatch from Washington, dated yesterday, that Gen. Beauregard had written from Richmond to President Lincoln, to remove the women and children from Washington before Saturday.

Stand by the Flag.

BY THE LATE JOHN E. WILDER.

Stand by the flag—its stripes have streamed in glory,
Stand by the flag—its stars are a fatal crest,
And spread, in rythmic lines the sacred story
Of freedom's triumps over all the globe.

Stand by the flag—on land and ocean billow,
Its form is ever fair, immortal and true,
Living defended—dying, from their pillow,
With their last breathing, passed it on to you.

Stand by the flag—immortal heroes born it—
Through darkness and smoke, they stood and upheld
Defence.
And their imperial shades still hover o'er it—
A guest celestial, from omnipotence.

Stand by the flag—through well-shed blood it was reared it stands,
And understands its waving folds have met
The fiercest fires and storms of angrier lands—
The quivering lances and glittering bayonet.

Stand by the flag—it's depth and truest meaning—
Liberty—with a love of God and man,
Which, like the sun, is ever beaming
Pales, in its glories, all the lights of time!

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints : Humors, from a Blotch to the worst cases of Scrofula ; Consumption : Headache, Piles ; Dyspepsia ; Indigestion ; Costiveness, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach. They purify the blood in all the variations of life, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and invigorate the whole system. In fact they are a complete Family Physician, and never do harm, as they contain no mercury, or other mineral poison. Observe the signature of the sole proprietor and manufacturer, the

signature of WM. H. LANGLEY.

Sold by druggists and country dealers generally throughout the United States and Canada.

ROBERT AYERS, General Agent.

Root & Herb Bitters in either Stock or Mutual department, on the most favorable terms.
DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Hotel, Merrimack Square.
Central Mutual Insurance Company,
Incorporated 1851.
Cash Capital.....$1,000,000
Surplus.....$700,000
Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000
North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000
Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies settle on property as at low rates as other reliable Companies. Call at the Insurance Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Mr. Hosmer's House.
mar 19d3m S. H. FISHER, sole agent.

FISHER & LUND SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this new sewing machine, by which Mr. A. Lund is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan9d3

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map (on large scale) and full list of Rail Roads in the United States and Canada—forming a perfect Railroad guide.
For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining Mr. Hosmer's House.
S. H. FISHER, sole agent.
Jan1543m

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns of Ingrain carpeting at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & KENDALL.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant tapestry and brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply now in store which we are offering at low prices and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to visit this establishment previous to purchasing elsewhere can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received at the Manufacturers' Sale Room, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. mar29d1f

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS :

C. B. Coburn, P. Hood, B. Richardson,
T. Sawtelle, H. Hosford, Isaac Fletcher,
G. Brown, Jr., Wm. Nesmith, C. Sherman.

Lowell, April 24, 1861.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Furniture only. The Stock Department has ever been made in this class. The present cash capital is $118,429.75, with which to meet all losses. The amount of premium notes is $118,429.75. The amount of assets exceeds the liabilities by $20,000. The Company has never assessed its members, but has paid on policies issued by the Stock Department, a dividend of 40 per cent. on the premium.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. The Company insures all kinds of other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Office, No. 37 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1860. jy28tf

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns longest,
It lasts longer,
It burns most cheerfully,
It costs less money,
THAN ANY OTHER burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Prescott street.
mar14d3f

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints : Humors, from a Blotch to the worst cases of Scrofula ; Consumption : Headache, Piles ; Dyspepsia ; Indigestion ; Costiveness, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach. They purify the blood in all the variations of life, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and invigorate the whole system. In fact they are a complete Family Physician, and never do harm, as they contain no mercury, or other mineral poison. Observe the signature of the sole proprietor and manufacturer, the

signature of WM. H. LANGLEY.

Sold by druggists and country dealers generally throughout the United States and Canada.

ROBERT AYERS, General Agent.

CAUTION!

The subscribers, having observers of the true and genuine Dr. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, are determined to prosecute all persons who counterfeit the same. Beware of the counterfeit, and ask for the genuine. Sold by
J. B. SILAS,
14 Merrimack Street.
mar17 eod3m apr1

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mar17 eod3m apr1

CURE FOR PIN WORMS.

A NEW DISCOVERY.

THE AMERICAN WORM CURE, the removal of which has ever baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, is now offered to the public with confidence as beyond the reach of humbug, as it is a positive remedy for the destruction and removal of the Pin Worm, which should be sufficient to convince every sufferer that a cure is within their reach.

THE ECLECTIC REMEDY,

and that it is without exception.

THE BEST MEDICINE EVER USED for all *Irregularities or Cessation of the Menses.*

All communications will be promptly attended to, and sent by mail to any part of the country.

Address, DR. J. B. HUGHES, No. 4 Hurd Street, Boston, Mass.

Sold by all druggists.

mar30d3m

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following extract, in recommendation of Waltham Watches, which is a been patiently waited for by long suffering Watchmakers and Jewelers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States is quite too long for publication, in our advertisement, but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with Trade Yards in that vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishment any one may be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture in great variety and at moderate prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of the United States, have appeared in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, beg to state that they have found no watch, either as regards as class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, than the Waltham, for reliability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Watch Company."

Thos. Steele & Co., Hartford, Conn.
Hemingway & Stevens, " "
J. C. Blackman, Bridgeport, "
Benjamin & Co., New Haven, "
C. J. Munson, " "
John Gordon, New London, "
James D. Ayres, " "
E. Howard & Co. Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford, " "
H. D. Hall, Middletown, "
John L. Smith, Lynn, Mass.
John Barton, Boston, "
Frederick Tracy, " "
J. V. Ketteli, " "
Dexter & Haskins, Lawrence, "
S. Cobb, N. Bedford, "
Wm. Bliss, " "
Taunton, "
Fall River, "
F. W. Macomber, " "
J. J. Burns, Gloucester, "
T. M. Lamb, Salem, "
N. Sney, Worcester, "
Wm. Thomas, Jr. " "
W. M. Root, Greenfield, "
John B. Rice, Springfield, "
Ben'n Cook, Pittsfield, "
Charles W. Fogg, " "
Andrew Moore, " "
Amos Sanborn, " "
D. Anthony & Co. N'hampton "
Peirce & Kenrick, " "
L. K. Handerson, Lowell, "
Hall, Dyer & Co. Providence, R. I.
N. G. Carr, Greenwich, "
Elijah Knight, Concord, N. H.
Joseph Dyer, " "
Henry H. Hunt, Dover, "
Albert N. Bolge, Portsmouth "
Wm. B. Morrill, " "
W. O. C. Woodbury, Exeter, "
Fisher Ames, Claremont, "
Richard Gove, Laconia, "
Jonathan Brown, " "
N. W. Goddard, " "
Chas. T. Ridgway, Gardiner, "
L. B. Lee, Saco, "
Sherburne Shaw, Sanborton Bridge "
J. Mellish, Hanover, "
C. H. Huntington, Littleton, "
C. H. Harding, St. Albans, Vt.
T. C. Phinney, " "
A. A. Mead, Bradford, "
J. H. Murdock, Montpelier, "
S. Chadwick, " "
Brinsmaid & Hildreth, Burlington, "
C. W. Wingate, " "
Wm. Wallace, Brattleboro', "
Foster Grow, Chelsea, "
L. Amadon, Newbury, "
C. R. Kimball, Vergennes, "
Freeman H. Hardison, South Berwick Me.
Henry McKenney, Auburn, "
John B. Hoskins, " "
Tompkins & Morris, Bangor, "
C. C. Williams, " "
Wm. Gray & Co. Gardiner, "
Twombly & Smith, Saco, "
Moses Swan, Augusta, "
D. G. Hall, Lewiston, "
James Emery, Rockport, "
Hall Hamlin, Rockland, "
D. E. Lucy, Houlton, "
John B. Adams, Bangor, "

CAUTION—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited we solicit purchasers to notice the name of the Company, and that no watch is of our production which is not stamped with the name of the Company, bearing the number of the watch, and signed by our President, Treasurer, Directors and Assistants.

WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY.

For sale by the American Watch Co. Agents.
H. F. & W. H. DURGIN, BOSTON.
158 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
7 tm

THEATRE, AT HUNTINGTON HALL, A. MACFARLAND, Manager.

Second Night of the engagement of the great *American Tragedian*,

WYZEMAN MARSHALL, Esq.,

Supported by the celebrated MACFARLAND DRAMATIC TROUPE,

TWENTY IN NUMBERS.

The LARGEST AND BEST COMPANY,
The BEST SCENERY AND STAGE APPOINTMENTS,
The BEST ORCHESTRA AND BRASS BAND.

This has ever appeared in Lowell.

Admission 25 Cents—Children under 12 years of age 15 Cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence at 1-4 to 8 precisely. apr25

NOTICE

TO Shippers, Boston and Freight Agents, Lawrence, Lowell, Worcester and New York Lines, via Norwich.

Orders have been received that Goods can be forwarded to any second Depot, or any other place or point set to the General Government. Those interested will govern themselves accordingly.

P. ST. M. ADDISON, Supt. Norwich.
J. F. SMITH, Supt. Stonington.
F. H. ROGERS, Local Supt. Lowell.
apr25 1d2w

$50 Premium.

THE Proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery having decided to offer a premium of $50 for the best design for a Gate, to be erected at the entrance to the Cemetery, invite all persons who shall furnish a design for the same, that shall be so adjudged. The gate not to exceed $600. Communications may be addressed to the chairman of the committee,

ANDREW MOODY,
JOHN C. CHENEY,
JOHN A. KNOWLTON, Committee.

Lowell, April 23d, 1861. 3w*

Mechanics' Savings Bank in Lowell.

A adjourned meeting of this Corporation, for the purposes of completing the organization of the Board of Trustees, will be held at the office of the Railroad Bank on the first day of May next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

A. GRADY, Secretary.
Lowell, April 23, 1861. 3w*

Cures Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, and restores strength in the most of Consumption.

Wallace's Bronchial Troches.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough, Cold or Hoarseness in the first stage at which in the beginning would yield to a simple remedy, but neglected, settles on the Lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" soothing, demulcent properties, allay Pulmonary and Bronchial Irritation.

Those troubles in my throat (for which I used "Brown's Troches") I consider entirely cured by their use.
REV. E. H. CHAPIN.

I recommend them to my congregation.
REV. W. W. EVERTS.

I have proved them excellent for Clergymen.
REV. H. W. WARREN.

"Bronchial troubles, compelled me to relinquish preaching.
REV. S. P. ANDERSON.

"Effectual in removing Hoarseness and Bronchial Throat, as common with SPEAKERS and SINGERS.
Prof. M. STUART JOHNSON,
Principal Female Seminary.

Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.

"I can best benefit when taken before retiring, and also after prayer at Hour-sermons. From their use I have derived great benefit, and of permanent advantage to me."
REV. H. WOOD, D. D.
President of Athens College, Tenn.

"I WANT to be understood as recommending Brown's Troches.
REV. C. S. ROBINSON, D. D.
Pastor Presbyterian Church, N. Y.

Sold in Lowell by J. P. KELTON, 87 Market street.

A Chance for Bargains!

$3 BUYS an excellent Cook Stove and stand to No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell. I will sell for a short time, to close my business, the following articles, which I have on hand, viz :—

1 Cooking Stove, 1 Parlor Stove, 1 Franklin Stove, 1 Office Stove, 1 Sheet Iron Stove, 1 Counter, 1 Desk, 1 Set Platform Scales, 1 Set Counter Scales, 1 Set Tinners' Tools, 1 Lot Sheet Iron, 1 Lot Sheet Zinc, 1 Lot Sheet Copper, 1 Lot Tin Plate, 1 Lot Stove Pipe, 1 Lot Stove Boards, 1 Lot Stove Linings, 1 Lot Stove Hearths, 1 Lot Stove Furniture, 1 Lot Stove Trimmings, 1 Lot Stove Castings, 1 Lot Stove Patterns, 1 Lot Tinners' Trimmings, 1 Lot Tinners' Patterns, 1 Lot Tinners' Solder, 1 Lot Tinners' Rosin, 1 Lot Tinners' Soldering Irons, 1 Lot Tinners' Shears, 1 Lot Tinners' Punches, 1 Lot Tinners' Dies, 1 Lot Tinners' Hammers, 1 Lot Tinners' Mallets, 1 Lot Tinners' Stakes, 1 Lot Tinners' Files, 1 Lot Tinners' Rasps, 1 Lot Tinners' Chisels, 1 Lot Tinners' Gouges, 1 Lot Tinners' Bits, 1 Lot Tinners' Braces, 1 Lot Tinners' Scrapers, 1 Lot Tinners' Squares, 1 Lot Tinners' Compasses, 1 Lot Tinners' Dividers, 1 Lot Tinners' Scribers

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

INDIAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE.
Office, 36 Bromfield Street, Boston.
DR. J. DAY, *President.*
DR. F. BARRON, *Vice President.*
CHARLES B. GREENE, *Treasurer.*
PHYSICIANS:
R. GREENE M.D. I. BUTCHINS M.D.
MARY HARWOOD, Female Physician.

This institution was established to secure greater perfection in the science of Medicine, and a more successful practice in the treatment of the various diseases upon natural or rational principles, discarding the use of poisonous drugs and using such remedies, and such only, as act in harmony with the laws of the fluids, therefore, who wish to employ life in such a sensible way, for the restoration of health, will find advantages at this institution not to be found elsewhere.

The Electro-Chemical Baths, together with Dr. Greene's improved Medication, have been adopted in this Institution, and have greatly aided in the removal of many diseases.

Most Diseases, such as Scrofula, Humors of the Blood, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Heart Complaints, Female Complaints, and the great variety of diseases with which the human body is effected, are successfully treated with medicines which can be sent to any part of the world, with full directions, as a very general knowledge can be obtained from answers to the questions in the "Indian Assistant," a copy of which will be sent free when requested.

Persons wishing to learn more fully the theory and practice of this Institution, will be supplied with a pamphlet by mail, free, on the receipt of four postage stamps.

All persons having Chronic Diseases, or those effected with complicated diseases, should avail themselves of the personal attendance of the Physicians of the Institute, where proper boarding-houses are provided.

Consultations at the office, free of charge, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 6 P. M., or by letter on the receipt of a postage stamp.

All communications should be directed to DR. R. GREENE, *36 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.*

HORSE SHOES.
BURDEN'S NEW PATENT MACHINE HORSE SHOES, punched, creased, and ready for fitting, warranted to fit well in all sizes, and wear as long as the best hand-made Shoes from Blue Iron, and made of the prime of English iron. Weight from one-eighth to three pounds, packed in kegs of one hundred pounds each, of one or assortment, as preferred, in each keg. Samples may be seen at the Warehouse of LEEDS & TOBEY, 70 Broad St., Boston.—Agents for the sale of Burden's Horse Shoe, Shoe and Boat Spikes, Boiler Rivets, Horse Shoes, and Horse Nails. Samples may be seen at the store of 30th Bulfinch, Lowell.

The Place to Purchase Everything in the Sewing Machine Department.
C. PATCH & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Sewing *Machine Shuttles, Bobbins, Needles, Screws, Screwdrivers, Oil Cups, and Oil, Silk, Cotton, and Linen Thread,* and every variety of Sewing Machine Trimmings, at the *lowest prices.* Also, every variety of *Fancy Class Sewing Machines, and the Manufacturer's lowest cash prices.* Persons wishing to purchase Sewing Machines will find it to their advantage to call at 191 Washington Street, . . . Boston.

ATTRACTIVE MUSIC BOOKS.
Home Circle—Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles, Marches, &c., for Piano, $1.50. *Shower of Pearls*, Vocal Duets, Quartets, $2. *Pearl Duets*, Quartets, Choruses, &c., from the best Operas $2. *Home Melodist*, 150 Songs, Ballads and the same THREAD is used for the UNDER and the same THREAD for the UPPER THREAD. They are warranted more durable. They are warranted to give the most perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Address THOMAS DERMOTT, Agent, 200 Washington St., Boston.

N. B.—The above Machines are licensed under Howe's Patent.

PURCHASED BY
A. W. POLLARD,
Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in
WATCH MATERIALS,
No. 6 Court St., Boston, Mass.

THEATRICAL GOODS,
No. 6 Court St., Boston, Mass.
Gold Leaf and Foil, Bentin's Plate, WIRE AND SOLDER,
Manufactured by Lothrop & Tolman, *16 Harvard Place, opposite Old South Church, Boston.*
Gold and Silver Assayed and Melted.

NATURAL HISTORY STORE,
16 Tremont Street, Boston.
CHARLES G. BREWSTER,
Dealer in Stuffed Birds, Animals and Skins, Live Birds, fine singing Canaries, Cages, Mocking Birds, Blackbirds, Brilliant Feathers, Moss and Feather Work, Artificial Eyes for Birds, Fish, Alligators, Turtle, Gold-fish, Glass Snakes, Bird Seed of all kinds, Nests, Eggs, &c., &c.
Birds and Animals preserved to order—when sent from other places they will be safely packed.

Trusses, Supporters, and Shoulder Braces.
Dr. J. W. PERLEE, celebrated throughout New England and the West, as the inventor of various kinds of apparatus for the cure and comfort of ruptured and distorted patients, keeps constantly on hand at his establishment, No. 25 Cornhill, Boston, a full assortment, such as Patent Trusses, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Knee Caps, Elastic Stockings, &c., &c.
Dr. Perlee's Apparatus are used and recommended by the faculty at the Massachusetts General Hospital.

TAGS
FOR
CLOTHS,
CLOTHING,
DRY GOODS,
CARPETINGS,
HARDWARE,
FANCY GOODS,
JEWELRY,
FURS,
UPHOLSTERY,
FURNITURE,
GAS FIXTURES

DENNISON'S MERCHANDISE TAGS, 163 WASHINGTON ST. BOSTON.
SHIPPING & TREE LABELS.

161 ALE DEPOT, 161
BLACKSTONE STREET, BOSTON.
We wish to call the attention of the public to our superior PORTER, CREAM, and AMBER ALES, brewed by us for the trade, and Family use, in bbls., half bbls., and kegs, and kegs—none superior in the market—at wholesale and retail prices. Orders solicited.
Cash Rates are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
may7 GILMAN & BURBANK.

THE FREEMASON'S MONITOR,
BY THOMAS SMITH WEBB.
A new and beautifully illustrated pocket edition, containing, in addition to the whole of the matter contained in the original, a Manual for the Degrees of Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft, and Master Mason, as conferred in a Master's Lodge, also by Constitution, Dedication, and Installation of Grand and Subordinate Lodges, a historical sketch of the Lectures of Masonry, a correct list of Lodges in the United States (alphabetically), and a complete Burial Service for the Order, by the Rev. Thomas Smith Webb, Grand Chaplain, Editor of the Masonic Journal. This is the only work of the kind ever published in this country, and as it is the only one containing complete and correct work of the Degrees, Dedication, Installation, in Lodge, Chapter, Council and Encampment, it is the only one which should be purchased. The Monitor contains 352 pages, is splendidly illustrated with numerous fine cuts, is neatly bound, and is sold at $1 per copy. The same bound in gilt for $1 50.
Also, the THREE FIRST DEGREES of MASONRY, in a neat pocket form, price 37 cents, at retail. (postpaid to any part of the United States.) A liberal discount made to the trade.
PUBLISHED BY
A. W. POLLARD,
Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in
WATCH MATERIALS,
No. 6 Court St., Boston, Mass.

THEATRICAL GOODS,
No. 6 Court St., Boston, Mass.
Gold Leaf and Foil, Bentin's Plate, WIRE AND SOLDER,
Manufactured by Lothrop & Tolman, *16 Harvard Place, opposite Old South Church, Boston.*
Gold and Silver Assayed and Melted.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER and AGUE, Loss of APPETITE, and ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
DR. JAMES L. LEFFERTS, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are relished by those suffering from indigestion, dispepsia and liver complaint."
E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give a great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken both, become prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."
Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., says: "I have used your Bitters in a complaint I believe effected. He has recommended them with great success to others, and under several cases of pupilization of the heart and general debility."
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Henry Co., Ind., writes on a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most distressing character, and prostration, during a few bottles I was completely restored, having been afflicted for three years.
GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two months using the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him were unable to do good. It says, "The rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidneys affections and piles, is a specific certain remedy."
T. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.
D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Bath, Ind., "I most cheerfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, as they require a scientific united medicine."
Each Bottle are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
may7 GILMAN & BURBANK.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

CLOTHING!
GENTLEMEN'S & BOYS'
Ready Made Clothing,
of the latest style, fine material and faithful workmanship, designed for the New England Retail Trade. Great care has been taken to get up articles that will favor the eye and do good service.
—Also,—
An extensive assortment of Gentlemen's
Furnishing Goods, &c.,
*** Attention invited, believing that purchasers will find something to please all classes of customers.
GEO. W. SIMMONS & CO.,
OAK HALL,
32 & 34 North St., Boston, Mass.

Netcraft's Superior Indelible Ink,
For Stencil Plates; *Thin Brass; Zinc Frames; Brushes; Steel Dies, &c.* The best of STENCIL ALPHABETS; also, Type and Steel Dies, Stencil Ink, Gauge of all kinds. Letters of leather with postage stamp for cutting, and orders, promptly attended to. Address Direct to
M. J. Netcraft, 43½ Salem St., Boston, Mass.

WILSON'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.
A Cure for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, General Debility, and all Scrofulous Humors.
THIS COMPOUND has been used with the most remarkable success by our most celebrated Physicians, for the removal and permanent cure of the above diseases, and has never failed in a single instance. We hope before the discovery of this simple yet efficacious remedy, that many more will be saved from the fearful ravages of disease, to convince all of its wonderful effects. Testimonials of the
Head Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a pleasant way, to make money without the investment of a large capital, has been discovered by many who, until they learned this secret, were content to remain in poverty. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $5 to $10 per day, and from women who a few months since was worth nothing, but now are in the receipt of a steady income. Any one can, by addressing a circular for which he will receive by return mail, full information, including a list of 100 articles in which there is a large profit. Any one can engage in the business, and make money from the first day. Those who want employment, or wish to increase their present income, should send their address at once. Those who are willing to work should not delay a moment. Address, J. WILSON, Box 1,300, Boston, Mass.
N. B. This compound does not contain the disagreeable taste or effects of Cod Liver Oil, and can be taken by the most delicate. Only to be had of DR. H. HUNTS Book and Music Store, No. 166 Court Street, Boston.

J. A. BRUCE,
No. 106 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.
DEALER IN
Horses, Carriages, Buggy-Top-Forter, Iron Axles, Cigars, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and various other kinds of Merchandise.—Also, *Real Estate* bought and sold. Money loaned on Personal Property. Always ready to buy, sell, or exchange property.

ROMAN CEMENT.
IMPORTED BY
BRAY & HAYES, 36 Cornhill, Boston.
Roman and Portland Cement, for brick or stone work, hydraulics, gas and water pipe joints, &c.

FAIRBANKS & BEARD,
DEALERS IN
Ale, Porter, Cider, Mineral Water,
Congress Springs Water, Dragon Ale, Porter, and Lager Beer,
Howard Athenæum Building, Bowdoin Square,
BOSTON.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against all infringements.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the most beautiful, elastic, and durable seam of any, more than hair as much thread or silk as the chain or lower thread.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machine in use, to the frequent changes and rim it confers variety of sewing, from fine lace to the heavy will sew from one to twenty thicknes of Mar seilles without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the fine cotton to the heaviest silk, under and over the feather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any other change whatever, be not such a machine best adapted to family use, and if any one wants a machine for use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufactured? For work too heavy for any family Machine, we re commend our larger sizes.
Fact No. 4.—Unlike other machines the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, having been tried in every fortune and under the most favorable conditions of those who are trying to make them break, and they have never been known to break, under several years constant use, and in the country. If you wish to purchase a machine that will do your sewing well, call at the HUNT'S Book and Music Store.
mar8 No. 12 Central street.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!
Do you want a Moustache?
Or a Beard, or Whiskers?
If so, we advise all our male friends to raise whiskers and a moustache if they want one. Those who have used Professor Fay's Bloom of Roses, or those appendages, will find a good article recommended. Those who have not used it will be surprised at the result after using it a few weeks.
The undersigned with pleasure recommends the above article to the public, as he has been induced to fill all orders for the above celebrated and unrivalled article since the first introduction. Professor FAY'S BLOOM OF ROSES is for sale by Druggists generally, and Fancy Goods Dealers everywhere.
Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.
E. S. GOLDTWAITE & CO.,
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers,
feb25 3mBeowlyF 160 Washington St., Boston.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England in 1860.
10,000 sold in the United States within the last three years.
350 sold in Lowell within the last three months, by one agent.
There is no machine which can be compared to them for simplicity, durability, and ease of management. Call and see them at
E. B. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 12 Central street.
mar22

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
THE CELEBRATED PIANOS,
of Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS, Boston, for which they received the highest premium and other commendations at the late Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of their superior instruments, Square and Parlor, at manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED for five years. Also, the celebrated MELODEONS from same manufacturers, for sale by the sole agents.
E. R.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 8, 1859. ly

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Patent Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.
Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of
PERFECT SAFETY & ECONOMY.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, (superior to any in the market), No. 1 Machinery, No. 1. \$1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, (superior to any in the market), No. 2, 75 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, (superior to any in the market), No. 3, 75 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, (superior to any in the market), No. 4, 50 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, Chemical Oil, for Engine, 75 cents; No. 5, 75 cents; No. 6, 50 cents; No. 7, 50 cents; No. 8, 25 cents.
Office for the sale of the oil,
116 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED FOR EVERY STATE.
E. G. KELLEY,
Manufacturer and Analytical Chemist,
mar24 3mBeow

SOMETHING NEW!
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHILLY'S Patent BOOT ANTISEPTIC DUSTER. It is a new and superior article in highly perfumed Powder, and is sold by the Agents at 25 cents a Box.
mar24 3mBeow

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the only medicine ever offered for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too frequent increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—IT is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express to any part of the world, secure from observation.
PRICE—Full Strength, \$10; Half Strength \$5; Quarter Strength, \$3 per bottle.
*** Ten Dollars will be refunded if Emmenagogue expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, as that is warranted as represented in every respect.* Wholesale and Retail, corner of
*** Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased of *Dr. M. or at his office.* Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
*** This Specialty embraces all diseases of a female nature. Dr. Mattison, M. D., has had a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his attention to this branch. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and the Doctor will, if desired, express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, communications for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and safe remedy. Agents are wanted everywhere in each town.
PARTICULAR CAUTION.
*** In three days of medical imposition, when men assumete be physicians, without any knowledge of the constitution of man, or capacity to use careful so when may apply, before at least three months have expired, and reported to those who make the *greatest professions.* Address, with postage stamp, for circular, as *all pretenders are impostors*; and if you allow yourself to be enticed to the office of any one of them, you will have to pay for your experience. Providence, Principal Depot, 97 Kirby Street, Boston.
Principal Depot, 97 Kirby Street, Boston.
Principal Depot, 97 Kirby Street, Boston.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, April 26, 1861.

THE LOWELL BRIGADE BAND IN THE BALTIMORE RIOT. The following statement, drawn up by Mr. A. S. Young, of the Brigade Band, and vouched for as correct by others of the same company, gives a further insight into the manner and spirit of the attack by the Baltimore roughs, on the military companies that were moving toward Washington. In the tumult and confusion that prevailed, it is hardly possible that the recollection of all who were in the *melee*, will be the same. The Band and the Pennsylvania volunteers were entirely unarmed, some not having even a pocket knife, and of course could offer no resistance to the mad rush that assailed them. It cannot be doubted that had the Pennsylvanians been armed as were the Massachusetts men, the conflict would not have closed without a severe struggle; as it is, Baltimore has largely suffered, and the end of the cowardly attack is not yet. The sketch which we present below is more minute in the matter of details than anything we have yet seen.—

"The train which consisted of thirty-six cars, reached Biltimore at about 11 1-2 o'clock, at which time there was a large and peculiar sign of a mob; but in a very few minutes any fears to the contrary were allayed, as our arrival only consisted of one or two hundred people, scattered up and down the street, had swelled to about a thousand. Up to this time no demonstration, beyond cheers for Jeff. Davis and hootings for the "Northern Mudsills," had been made; and the railroad company had been busy in mowing the train (one car at a time) through the President depot to the Washington—one and a half miles beyond; and had succeeded in moving four of the eight trains, when the crowd, now very large, commenced laying obstructions on the rear part of the track, and to throw stones and other missiles at and into the cars—their intention being as stated, to prevent the passage of the troops through the city. The Police were present in considerable numbers, and removed the obstructions as fast as they were placed upon the track, until ten cars had safely passed. At the eleventh stone, the crowd had effectually stopped its passage by laying seven or eight large anchors, blocks of granite, piles of paving stones, boxes, &c., upon the rails. The rear car was run back to the last train, and orders were given for the troops remaining in the cars (five in number, three passenger and two baggage) to turn out and march through the city. To orders being given to the Band, we considered it our duty to remain where we were—in one of the baggage cars.

The troops ordered into the street were (as we remember) the Steuben Company, Capt. Dyke; the Lowell City Guards, Capt. Hart, and a part of another Company, the National Greys of Lowell, or the Lawrence Light Infantry, of Lawrence; it is impossible for us to say positively which. These troops numbered about one hundred and seventy-five. As they commenced their march, they found opposed to them an excited mass, scarcely amenable to the opinion of their own people numbered at least ten thousand.

No opposition was at first offered to the troops beyond getting in front of them and as they were asked, stating a reason for their passage. This state of things was altered by a bottle being thrown from the top of a house, striking one of the soldiers on the head, killing him instantly. Then commenced from that house a perfect shower of paving-stones, bottles, sticks of wood, bricks, and everything which could be handled and thrown. Long the soldiers endured, till patience was no longer a virtue, when the order was given to fire. It was obeyed with alacrity by the now mad dened troops, and a dozen men presented arms and poured in their discharge in the very faces of the bloodhounds who surrounded them. The crowd receded for a moment, when, pushed by those behind, they came up once more, and again the troops gave them a discharge, and the crowd fell back. This continued from the President depot to the Washington—a distance, certainly, of one mile and a half—and occupied about three quarters of an hour.

On arriving at the Washington depot, cars were provided as speedily as possible for the soldiers who had marched through, and at one o'clock the train started for Washington, leaving behind the Band, who were entirely ignorant of the whereabouts of the regiment or of what was expected of them.

As the cars moved out of the depot, the mob made every effort to throw them from the track: rails, sticks of wood, paving stones, blocks and everything at hand was thrown under the wheels; but by the care of the engineer and some of the police, the train moved safely out of Baltimore, followed by the mob, to some distance from the city. Stones and bottles were thrown at the train, breaking the windows, and in some instances injuring the men severely.

All this time, the Band had been waiting in their car for orders, visited some of the time by persons who called to see themselves friends, and who advised us to remain quiet and we should not be troubled by the mob. Others told us that our day had come, and that we should not leave Baltimore alive. All sorts of reports were made as d—d Northern paupers, and others unfit to publish were applied to us. We took no notice of this, but shutting the door next the street, we waited some demonstration by the mob. It came at last in the shape of a volley of stones, bricks and bottles, against the side of the car, making, however, very little impression, as it was a solid wooden side. On the cars back of us, the case was very different, being of passenger cars, filled with the Philadelphia volunteers. Windows, sash and all were demolished, in the twinkling of an eye, the doors torn from their hinges, and in some instances, portions of the sides of the cars broken in and torn completely away, the occupants driven into the street, and "scattered to the four winds." Many of them were unshackled, and the large iron links used to throw at the poor fellows.

At the time the assault was first made upon us in the cars, one of the members of the Band was on the platform talking with General Small, of the Pennsylvania Volunteers, and requested to be furnished with a pass for the road, asking him to run the train back to some point beyond the mob; but he would not, saying he could do nothing for us. Twice he was asked and twice he refused. Had he consented, all trouble so far as the Band and volunteers were concerned, might have been avoided. An order was then issued to *vandalism*, and was once attached to the train, and the whole ran back some distance and then formed again to the point of starting, detached and the cars left precisely where they were at first. It was something we could not understand. The agent did not offer any explanation, but we concluded that he looked very much like an understanding between the railroad company and the mob.

But to return to my statement. As a member of the Band was on the point of returning, he was set upon and driven back to the car, followed by a number of the roughs. We fought them off as long as we could, but coming thicker and faster, and crawling from under the cars, others jumping from the tops, they forced their way in in spite of our utmost exertions.—The door was then partly thrown open by two of them, and I was told to "run—run like the devil," and he did. They could do nothing; they would take care of our property, but could do nothing for us. We were obliged to leave everything behind—music, instruments, coats, caps, knapsacks and haversacks. On our way we saw squads of police, who took no notice of us, evidently regarding the affair as a free mad good joke. The writer of this saw and spoke to two of them, and was told to "run—run like the devil," and he did. They could do nothing; they would take care of our property, but could do nothing for us. We were running in this way for a half mile, as near as we could judge, we were encountered by a party of women, partly Irish, partly German, and some American, who took us for Secessionists, removed the stripes from our pants, coats, and hats (those that had any), and we were furnished with old clothes of every description for disguise.—We were treated here as well as we could have been in our own homes. Everything we wished was furnished, and nothing more could be taken. All that we were told was that it would be an insult to offer it. We remained in their houses an hour or more, and were finally all collected in one.

A note was dispatched to the Mayor, but did not reach him, the bearer returning saying that he had left the city. A note was also sent to the Marshal, and a reply to some of the above are in a despatch from the city. Stones and bottles were thrown at times through the windows, and in some instances injuring the men severely.

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WAR NEWS.

New Hampshire. From the White Mountains to the Ocean, New Hampshire is ready to do her full duty for the Union. The war feeling runs high in Claremont.—Two companies in little Sullivan are daily drilled and are ready for action. One hundred ladies, with the wife of the late Gov. Metcalf at their head, are making clothing for the soldiers. Ample provision is making for their families.

Vermont. The House of Representatives promptly and unanimously passed a bill on Tuesday, the day of their convening, appropriating a million of dollars for military purposes. On Wednesday the Senate unanimously concurred. In the meanwhile the work of enlisting and organizing volunteers goes bravely on all over the State. The first regiments will be ready to march in three days.

New York. The Governor's proclamation is issued, calling for 30,000 men in addition to those called for by the President. There seems some doubt of the arrival of the 6th, 12th and 71st regiments at Washington. Wilson's battalion of Zouaves were mustered at Tammany Hall Wednesday night, and took the oath of allegiance to support the flag and to march through Baltimore.

Pennsylvania. The commissary department of Pennsylvania is fully organized and preparing to issue 30,000 cooked rations per day. Twelve pieces of heavy artillery have been sent by rail to Perryville. They are of a thousand pounds each, fully manned, arrived from Pottsville.

New Jersey. It is stated that Major Robert Anderson, the hero of Sumter, a New Jersey man by adoption, has asked permission to take command of the volunteer troops from that State. His wishes will undoubtedly be acceded to by the government. The Franklin line of propellors have all been chartered by the government, and troops will embark by Monday.

Ohio. Quiet Byron Young was arrested by the Marshal, at the Spencer House, Cincinnati, Wednesday, for treason. Important correspondence was found upon him. He will be examined to day.

Indiana. The extra session of the Legislature convened yesterday. The oath of office was resigned. C. M. Allen was chosen Speaker, and H. Crawford, Democrat, Clerk. No party lines were observed.—After organization, the Star-Spangled Banner and other national songs were sung.—The House then adjourned, and headed by a Band of music, marched to Camp Morton to listen to an address to the troops by Mr. Douglas. The address will be remembered so long as we live. At some future time we hope to be able to tender to them some more substantial token of remembrance.

ANOTHER LETTER. The following letter was written by James Conroy a private in Company D (City Guards) to a friend in this city. It gives the names of two of the men injured :—

No doubt you have heard all about the affair at Baltimore. We were not in the streets more than two minutes before the mob commenced hooting and throwing stones at us. I got hit on the back of the neck with a paving stone which knocked me to the ground. I soon got over that and was determined to have revenge. I fell cocked my pistol and let one of them have the contents right in the breast. After that the men began to turn on the crowd and on my way to the depot, I shot two more men down. It is stated in the papers that the mayor of the city fired the first shot.

Company D suffered the most. There were three companies in the streets, the remainder being in the cars. George Alexander was shot dead, and Corporal Tyler badly cut on the head with stones. I think he will get over it.

George Alexander, referred to as killed, is reported by "Parley" in a letter to the *Boston Journal*, dated April 21st, to be among the wounded, at the hospital in Washington.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED AT BALTIMORE. Lieutenant Rowe, of the Stoneham company, has written home that James Keenan, and Horace Danforth, of his company, were killed. "Parley," in a letter to the *Boston Journal* gives the names of the wounded in the infirmary in Washington. Taking those whose names are not given as belonging anywhere, and not found in the rolls of the Lawrence companies, (which we have by us) or among the wounded mentioned by Lieut. Rowe, we find the following names: Corporal Gardner, W. D. Gourley, Gordon Reed, G. Congas, Maurice Mead, Wm. G. Withington, George Alexander, Charles Stimes, John Reed, Joseph W. Parsnell, Stephen Flanders, John Kempton, W. H. Lamson. Several of the above are well known to many of our citizens. "Parley" says none of the above are in a dangerous condition. Sergeant Ames, Corporal D. B. Tyler, and E. Coburn, of Dracut, at last accounts, were at Baltimore, in good health and doing well.

From a letter received in this city, from J. F. Noyes, commander of the Watson Light Guards, we learn that the following persons at the date of the letter, were not answering to roll-call. The white, and black of the City Guards :—C. H. Chandler, C. H. Edmunds, R. C. Ladd, and I. W. Moore. Where they are, the letter does not state.

A letter received from G. W. Swain (a member of one of the Lowell companies) says that at the outset he was knocked down with a paving-stone thrown against the head. He says the mob threw brickbats and they (the soldiers) returned cold lead. He expects a "bloody time," but is ready for service.

PATRIOTISM AMONG THE BOSTON TEACHERS. The teachers of Boston held a meeting yesterday, when it was unanimously voted to accept reduced salaries while the present national troubles continue. The extent of the reduction for the several classes of teachers is 20 per cent. for the first class, 15 for the second, 12 1-2 for the third, and 10 for the fourth.

ANOTHER COMPANY. The towns of Wilmington, Burlington and Tewksbury have joined together in raising a company of volunteers. Those of Wilmington are said to be furnished with a brace of Colt's revolvers in addition to the regular equipments. Mr. S. D. Bond, of that town, has subscribed $3000 for this object.

CITY AND VICINITY.

ATTENTION, COMPANY!

THE ROYATE RIFLE COMPANY will meet at the armory of the City Guards this (FRIDAY) evening, April 26th, for drill.

Per order of the Captain.

THOMAS C. BUDDEN, Clerk.

apr26 1t

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Professor Lewis B. Monroe will give his second course of lectures to the several Teachers of the Public Schools of this city, at High School Hall, Wednesday afternoon, May 1st, at 3 o'clock.

These lectures are for the Teachers, and applications to visit, all of whom are cordially invited, will be granted by the Committee.

Per order of Special Committee of Arrangements.

GEO. STEVENS, Chairman.

Lowell, April 26, 1861. apr26d1t

ELECTROPATHY.

DR. S. FAIGE has devoted to remain a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 3 American Block, Central Street.

Dr. Faige successfully treat diseases, the first cause of which is Derangement of the Nervous System. Many thousands of persons have failed to be benefitted by the use of Medicines, and have been entirely cured by the use of Electricity, Galvanism, and other remedies applied on Electrical principles, as nearly allied to vitality, as—ELECTRICITY.

N. B.—Dr. Faige furnishes Electricity, Galvanism, Medical use, and gives the medicine in Electropathy.

Consultation free. apr26d1w

COMPANY ORGANIZATIONS. Last evening two of the new companies raised in this city were organized. The Irish company raised by Edward G. Abbott.—Major Jonathan Ladd was the presiding officer, and the following persons were elected: Edward Abbott, Captain; H. O. Weymouth, first lieutenant; James Francis, second lieutenant; H. H. Fuller, third lieutenant; F. M. Abbott, fourth lieutenant. This company is under a good account of itself should it ever be called into action.

The company raised by Col. Temple Tebbetts also elected its officers. Jonathan Ladd in the chair. The following were elected: Temple Tebbetts, captain; Walter N. Smith, first lieutenant; David Hyde, second lieutenant; Charles Emerson, third lieutenant; John A. Gale, fourth lieutenant. This is a fine looking body of men, and would be likely to make an equal number of Baltimore roughs run, if ever met them—that is, if the roughs had any senses left at the end of the rencontre for regrets.

MAJOR JONATHAN LADD. Among those who have done good service within the last two weeks, the name of Major Ladd, of this city, should not be overlooked. He was detached by Maj. Gen. Sutton with Col. Davis and Maj. Ames to make arrangements for provisioning and transporting the Massachusetts troops from Boston to Washington. Major Ladd reached New York city early on Thursday morning of last week, and for five days was engaged in making arrangements for catering, chartering special trains and steamers, that he had scarcely time to eat or sleep. He reached home on Tuesday last, pretty well worn down, but he has been busy every day since that time in organizing companies and making other arrangements for troops. The spread of the organization of a new company in Cambridge yesterday, and two new ones in this city last evening. The Major is certainly entitled to a good share's of credit for his labors at this time.

In some remarks made at the organization of Capt. Tebbetts' company last evening, he spoke in terms of praise of Abnerian Hosmer, of Lowell, and the encouragement bestowed upon Massachusetts, and particularly upon those of the Sixth Regiment, who took part in the Baltimore fight.

A WARM AND BITTER. We announced yesterday the death of Henry Bigelow, son of William Kittredge, Esq., at the age of 16 years, 3 months and 26 days. He was a member of the High School, and at a meeting of that body on Monday morning, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted :—

Whereas, it hath pleased Almighty God in His inscrutable and mysterious Providence to remove our friend and comrade, Henry B. Kittredge, therefore

Resolved, That his loss is to us a cause of the most heartfelt sorrow, and that in his company, we have lost a friend, the band of the omniscient God who "doeth all things well."

Resolved, That we most devoutly thank our Heavenly Father for the example of serenity and peace which he was to the last ever before us, and for the assurance that our loss is his eternal gain.

Resolved, That we sympathize most earnestly with the afflicted family in their bereavement, and that we feel that they have such reason to be comforted by the undoubted faith in his triumphant resurrection through the merits and mediation of our blessed Redeemer.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, and that they be published in the Lowell papers.

HENRY ESTERBROOK HUNT,
GEO. H. FILLEBROWN,
HENRY A. MERCALF,
JAMES HALL,
Committee of the Lowell High School, members of H. B. Kittredge's Grand Class.

NURSES FOR THE SOLDIERS. Mayor Sargeant has had several offers from women of this city to act as nurses in the hospitals there. Offers of this kind are pouring in from all parts of the country, and the assurance that women can give in this capacity is valuable and will be required.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. *Chapman J.* The Court came in this morning about nine o'clock, and was busy in arranging the trial list, to find parties ready for trial, but no one was found, and on consulting members of the bar, the Court decided to continue all actions till the last of June. The Court is occupied in hearing motions for bills of divorcement, and will adjourn to day or to-morrow, as stated above.

PROF. BANNING IN THE CITY AGAIN.—Prof. Banning has fixed upon Monday and Tuesday of next week, when he will be at his office, No. 86 Church street, for the application of his braces for the cure of drooping and affections of the throat, bronchi, lungs and spine; also for dyspepsia, bilis, and female weaknesses. tf

VIEW OF WASHINGTON. P. Anderson, Esq., has placed in one of the windows of W. P. Brazer's store, corner of Central and Market Streets, a very accurate view of the city of Washington, drawn by himself. At the time, when all eyes are turned in expectation to that point, this view is something that will be examined by all with equal interest.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Michael Leary, and Hugh Carney, truants, were sent to the House of Employment for three months.

WESTFORD EXCITED. A palmetto flag was hoisted in the north part of Westford on Wednesday, by an Irishman, and two brothers by the name of Keyes tore the same down over their door. As soon as it was such a banner was hung out; but in the conflict, the hero of the palmetto flag fired twice upon the two Union men, without, however, doing any injury to them. He was soon seized abroad, and some one hundred and twenty-five, young and old, started for the scene of conflict, but the hero of one battle had fled and has not been seen or heard of since. Any information of his whereabouts will be gratefully received by the Union men of Westford.

A PATRIOTIC LOWELL BOY. The following spirited letter is from Charles L. Prince, a young man well known to many of our citizens, and is addressed to his father in this city. It breathes the right spirit, and shows that whether at home or abroad, the Lowell boys are have to be depended upon.

MILWAUKEE, April 21st, 1861.

DEAR FATHER: I write you this letter to ask your permission to enlist in the service of "Our Country." I can expect but one answer, as I think you will be proud to have me do it. I feel as anxious as any other of our family are in such circumstances, so as to allow them to volunteer; I feel it my duty to do so. I anxiously await your answer, and if favorable shall proceed immediately. I do not wish to appear conspicuously, preferring to do so than to enlist here. If I had remained and I should have been on the way to Washington now with the 5th Regiment. Everything here is in the utmost excitement. All the companies are forming daily. Some have gone, others are guarding the city under martial law according to march daily. It is hard for me to stay here in safety when I hear that some one of our old companions is cut down by traitors. I want to fight side by side with Massachusetts men, who are at the front, for the honor of the old flag—the 1776 were then.

All well here. My love to all. Please write soon to your son CHARLES.

We this morning had an interesting interview with J. N. Peirce, Jr., Esq., a brother of the writer of the above note. He arrived home yesterday from Washington. Although his representations of the state of affairs at the Capital are such as to cause intense anxiety, we are glad to learn that no orders a successful assault by the rebels as at all probable. He believes all the men under arms in Washington are to be relied upon. The Capitol is guarded by twenty-five hundred men; the White House is guarded constantly by seven hundred perfectly reliable men, armed cap-a-pie, and though there was much anxiety at the time he left (last Sunday night), there was a universal feeling of security among residents there. What we have named was, at the time, only a part of the military force in Washington, and the number is daily being augmented; so that now the attacking party will require a very large army to make much of a fight.

Mr. Peirce came home through Baltimore, where he stopped about two hours. He was watched, and from the appearance of things did not deem it safe to make a long stay there; so with another man he hired a team to take him to Havre de Grace, for which he was compelled to pay $50. The excitement in Baltimore has been intense, and is by no means passed before less. This side of Havre de Grace the sentiments of the people are for the Union, and travelers are safe. We have been thus particular in the answers to congratulate himself on his escape from injury while traversing the enemy's country.

FROM THE SOUTH. Passengers from Harrisburg, report that all was quiet at Baltimore Wednesday. Guards were stationed at all the public buildings, and there was a strict surveillance over strangers passing through. The price of a carriage to York was $60. Many northern born citizens are fleeing, as all had been ordered to enlist.

Five cars have arrived at Chambersburg filled with families flying from Baltimore. All the males over fourteen years are required to enlist. Baltimore money was ten per cent. below par there, and Pennsylvania money is exchanged for gold and silver.

The *Baltimore Sun* says that the war spirit in Virginia is fully aroused. Volunteering and arming is going on rapidly. Captain Russell of the steamer Louisiana reports over 7000 troops at Norfolk. He arrived at Norfolk on Tuesday. Their destination is a secret.

Gov. Hicks of Maryland has issued a proclamation assembling the Legislature at Frederick city to-day. A despatch is accepted by Federal troops.

Nashville papers contain the speech of John Bell, advocating a strong military league between all the Southern States against the common invading foe.

The Davis Guards of Louisville have arrived at New Orleans, and were enthusiastically welcomed. Two companies of German soldiery have volunteered to go to Virginia.

Two Massachusetts men, fleeing from Thomasville, North Carolina, have arrived at Harrisburg. Five hundred South Carolinians passed Thomasville Sunday for Norfolk. All their other route to the North troops were getting into camp. Heard them talk freely. They said their destination was the Southern camp, 25 miles south of Washington, near Aquia's Creek. Our informants passed Harper's Ferry and judged the number of troops there to be three or four thousand. Batteries are erected on all the heights overlooking the town. Their arms looked new and bright and their tents clean. Had no means of ascertaining their accurate number.

Gen. Wool has sent a despatch to the President stating that 70,000 stand of arms were captured by secessionists in taking Fayetteville, N. C.

A despatch to the General of North Carolina calls for 30,000 troops.

"OUR UNION—IT MUST AND SHALL BE PRESERVED; ITS FRIENDS ARE OUR FRIENDS, AND ITS FOES ARE OUR FOES."—*Edward Bates.*

P. T. Barnum has presented $1,000 to the New York 7th Regiment.

☞ DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER, is one of the most common, as well as the most formidable of diseases known to American physicians. It had for years attracted the closest attention of the medical faculty in all parts of the United States, and set up to the time of the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's great Specific, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., it was almost beyond the reach of medical skill. Thousands had perished without even a hope of relief, and although thousands may yet be destined to feel the dreadful effects of this most combinated disease, it is now, thanks to the search of Dr. M'Lane, most completely brought within the scope of medical control. The proprietors, Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., of the Liver Pills, feel confident that they offer a remedy which has been fully tested by time, and which has never failed of success when fairly tried.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. Three doses of these Pills purify a person's blood, and three Pills purify a family. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had of all druggists and country merchants. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

apr26 1y

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the best Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment of patterns; no imperfections, sold as cheap as the ordinary Brussels are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Warehouse "and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

LOWELL BRUSSELS CARPETS. New style just received at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street, celebrated GOUGH'S MATTINGS. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

apr19d2m

FIRMAN & LYON SEWING MACHINE. *We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which* Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5d1

LLOYD'S BLUE BOOK WEEKLY,

Containing a correct map on two sheets, and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States. Price 6 cents. For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, 102 Merrimack street, Lowell, and 57 Nassau Street, New York. jan13d3m

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at 75 cents.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country; they have been and always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our stock can receive it with us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State shops, which are faster and more reliable in this country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, 305 agents. mar29d1f

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

	DIRECTORS:	
C. B. Coburn,	H. W. Hosford,	D. S. Richardson,
T. C. Hurd,	Edward Tuck,	C. F. Sherman,
L. G. Howe,	Levi Spaulding.	

Mutual Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Stores, and Farm Property, and has over Lowe made in this class. The present cash capital is $200,000, with Reserve Fund and Premium account of $116,679.35. The attention of owners of property is called to the fact that the Mutual Department of this Company is paid on policies expiring, and rates are as low as the safest Mutual Companies will insure for.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets after the payment of losses, dividends, commissions and other property not hazardous insured at current rates, are over twenty-eight thousand dollars.

Office, No. 97 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.

Lowell, April 16, 1861. 1y16d1y

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It goes further in quantity,
It costs less money,
That will not burn or burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
WM. WHARF, NORTHERN AVENUE,
And of our agent, J. HOWARD, 18 Prescott street. mar16d1f

"BOY ME, AND PLL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors, from a Pimple to the worst Scrofula; Salt Rheum; Carbuncles: Headache, Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Loss of Appetite. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, remove the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and restore the patient to health and purity of blood. They have such reason to be comforted by the undoubted faith in his triumphant resurrection through the merits and mediation of our blessed Redeemer.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, and that they be published in the Lowell papers.

GEO. H. FILLEBROWN,
HENRY A. MERCALF,
JAMES HALL,
Committee of the Lowell High School, members of H. B. Kittredge's Grand Class.

NURSES FOR THE SOLDIERS. Mayor Sargeant has had several offers from women of this city to act as nurses in the hospitals there. Offers of this kind are pouring in from all parts of the country, and the assurance that women can give in this capacity is valuable and will be required.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. *Chapman J.* The Court came in this morning about nine o'clock, and was busy in arranging the trial list, to find parties ready for trial, but no one was found, and on consulting members of the bar, the Court decided to continue all actions till the last of June. The Court is occupied in hearing motions for bills of divorcement, and will adjourn to day or to-morrow, as stated above.

PROF. BANNING IN THE CITY AGAIN.—Prof. Banning has fixed upon Monday and Tuesday of next week, when he will be at his office, No. 86 Church street, for the application of his braces for the cure of drooping and affections of the throat, bronchi, lungs and spine; also for dyspepsia, biliousness, and female weaknesses. tf

VIEW OF WASHINGTON. P. Anderson, Esq., has placed in one of the windows of W. P. Brazer's store, corner of Central and Market Streets, a very accurate view of the city of Washington, drawn by himself. At the time, when all eyes are turned in expectation to that point, this view is something that will be examined by all with equal interest.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1851.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE to an amount not exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms reasonable to the assured. Policies issued for any term of years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Josiah G. Abbott,	
Charles Richardson,	John Avery,	
Thomas Hastings,	Walter Wright,	
James W. Daniels,	Daniel H. Marvel,	
Samuel Hadley,	Jerry C. How,	
Ephraim Brown,	Elliott B. Stone,	
	Nathan Allen,	
Alonzo A. Miner,	Abraham T. Lowe,	
Benjamin E. Bates,	Lester W. Clark,	
	Reuben E. Denman.	

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 101 Post Office Building, (first floor)

No. 63 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass.

April 25, 1860. ly

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$760,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Capital and Surplus....$295,000.

The above Companies, with no property at or low risks, offer responsible offers. Policies written at the lowest rates. Office in Post Office Building, Central street.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late Gen. RICHMOND.
No. 19 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'CE CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late Gen. RICHMOND.
apr8 6 1m. No. 19 Appleton Block, Lowell.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the requisites for family use. It has become a favorite with the public, and is introduced upon as a household economy. In all the finer kinds of family sewing, as silk, linen, muslin and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, felling, tucking, &c., it is unrivalled, and executes in each of these operations the most beautiful work that can be produced.

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for their use in Law.

D. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
J. A. Bartlett,	H. Hosford,
Wm. A. Burke,	Wm. Nesmith,
E. Huntington,	Walter Wright,
A. Alger,	P. L. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn,	J. P. Folsom,
T. C. Hurd,	J. C. Pevey,
Rev. A. D. Sargent,	J. H. Prince,
L. G. Howe,	Wm. Hall,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Geo. Ripley,	Wm. S. Locke,
A. H. Brown,	C. F. Blanchard,
J. C. Ayer,	J. W. Wetherbee.

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, for sale by the Agent, at his office, Appleton Block, Central street.

J. W. BLAKE,
44 Merrimack Street.

mar27 1y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it on a limited extent, they have found it to be a valuable article, and now prepared to use it more extensively. Those who have had sets of teeth made on this base will find them more durable and comfortable than any other. Persons who have had sets of teeth made on other bases, and wish to have this substituted, can have it done at a reasonable price. Those who have lost their teeth by the use of mercurial preparations, will find this base a valuable substitute. Persons having children whose teeth require attention, will find it to their advantage to call at our rooms, as we are constantly receiving the latest improvements in the profession.

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

apr3

CAUTION!

The subscribers, all one daughter of the town and county aforesaid, hereby CAUTION ALL PERSONS against harboring, trusting or crediting her on their account, as they will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

Witness our hands and seals this 25th day of April, A. D. 1861.

JOSEPH HOWARD, [L. S.]
ELIZABETH HOWARD, [L. S.]

Witness—W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertiser Frank!

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

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A. Alger,	P. L. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn,	J. P. Folsom,
T. C. Hurd,	J. C. Pevey,
Rev. A. D. Sargent,	J. H. Prince,
L. G. Howe,	Wm. Hall,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Geo. Ripley,	Wm. S. Locke,
A. H. Brown,	C. F. Blanchard,
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BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM.

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

AND EVERY IMPURITY OF THE SKIN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin actual fresh, imparting to it the Roseate Hue of Health and Beauty, and is perfectly free from any Mineral composition. The eminent success of the Magnolia Balm has induced many Ignorant and Unprincipled Dealers to attempt to impose upon the public by selling Spurious Imitations, under the most cunning disguises.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm, and take no other. To remove any Roughness of the Skin, use Hagan's Magnolia Powder.

Use the Magnolia Balm
To make your Skin soft, smooth and wholesome.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Rather than use Paint, Pearl Powder or Rouge.
Use the Magnolia Balm
A mere trial will prove its Superiority.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Whenever you would remove Pimples, Freckles or Tan.
Use the

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

INDIAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE.
Office, 36 Bromfield Street, Boston.
Rev. B. DAY, *President.*
Dr. P. MASON, *Vice President.*
CHARLES S. GREENE, *Treasurer.*
PHYSICIANS:
R. GREENE, M. D. I. HUTCHINS M.D.
MARY HARWOOD, Female Physician.

This Institution was established to secure greater perfection in the science of Medicine, greater performance in the cure of the sick, and a more successful practice in the treatment of the diseases depending upon natural or rational principles, discarding the use of poisonous drugs, and using such remedies, and such only, as act in harmony with the laws of life. Invalids, therefore, who wish to employ sensible means in a sensible way, for the recovery of health, will find advantages at this Institution not to be found elsewhere.

The Electro-Chemical Bolus, together with Dr. Greene's improved Medication, have been adopted in this Institution; and have greatly aided in the removal of many diseases.

Most Diseases, such as Scrofula, Tumors of the Blood, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Consumption, Heart Complaint, Female Complaints, and the great variety of diseases which can be treated man body is afflicted, are successfully met with medicines which can be obtained in every part of the world, with full directions for their use; and knowledge can be obtained from answers to the questions in the "Indian Journal," a copy of which will be sent free when requested.—

Persons wishing to learn more about the science and practice of this Institution, will be supplied with a pamphlet by mail, free, on the receipt of four postage stamps.

All persons having Cancers, or other ulcerated and scrofulous diseases, should avoid them. Seek complicated diseases, the physical sense of the personal attention of the conducting-house at the Institute, where proper accommodations are provided.

Consultations at the office, free of charge, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 6 P. M., or by letter on the receipt of a postage stamp.

All communications should be addressed to DR. R. GREENE, 36 *Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.*

HORSE SHOES.
BURDEN'S NEW PATENT MACHINE HORSE SHOES, punched, creased, and ready for fitting, warranted to fit as well and wear as long as the best hand-made Swedes shoe, and to be sold at the price of the old shoe iron. Weight from two ounces to three pounds, punched in keeps of one hundred each, nail size or an assortment, as preferred, in each box. Samples may be seen at the Store of LEADE & TOBEY, 25 Broad St., Boston — Agents for the sale of fasteners & Lead, Slag, Shoe and Boat Spikes, Boiler Rivets, Horse Shoes, and Merchant Iron. Samples may be seen at the store of John Butcher, Lowell.

The Place to Purchase Everything in the Sewing Machine Department.
C. PATCH & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in *Sewing Machine Shuttles, Bobbins, Needles, Hemmers, Screw-drivers, Thread, Oil, Silk, Cotton, and Linen Threads, and every variety of Sewing Machine Trimmings.* Also, every variety of *Fancy Sewing Machines*, at the Manufactory, 7 *Union Street, Boston.* Persons wishing to purchase Sewing Machines will do well to call at No. 191 Washington Street, ... Boston.

ATTRACTIVE MUSIC BOOKS.
Home Circle.—Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles, Marches, &c., for Piano. $1.00. *Shower of Pearls*, well adapted to serve the most fastidious Duets, Quartets, Choruses, &c., from the best Operas. $2. *Home Melodies*, a collection of about 150 Favorite Songs, 25 cts. *Sabbath Song Book*, Words of 175 Tunes. They are the cts. 100 *Scotch Songs*, 100 *Irish Songs*, 100 *Comic Songs*, each 25 cts.

Sent post-paid, on receipt of price. Pianos and Melodeons for sale and to let at very low prices, by DITSON & CO., Publishers, Boston.

PURE PICKLES.
Delicious Salads, Sauces, Cold Meats, Fish, Game Ketchups, Mustard, and
Wine Mustard, and
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
LONDON.
Chow-Chow, Pacaudilla, Mixed and other Pickles; Sultana's, Harvey, John Bull, Anchovy, &c., Sauces; Durham Mustard; Indian Soy, Curry, Walnut, and Mushroom Ketchups; Chutney, &c., and adopted by the Queen.
MEATS, FISH, SOUPS, GRAVIES, ETC.
They should be furnished for every table, and will add to every soup.
N.B. A goods have gained great renown for their purity and quality, not only in England, but in other countries. They are well assorted as low as inferior goods, and purchasers wishing their preparations, should see that the name of Crosse & Blackwell, London, is on each Bottle or parcel purchased.
Importers and Agents, BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

JULIAN A. FOGG,
Manufacturer of every description of Polished ENGRAVED METAL SIGNS, for Store Windows, Office Doors, Door Plates, Silver Door Plates neatly engraved to order. No. 17 Washington Street, Boston. Trunk, Valise, Carriage, and Coffin Plates, furnished and engraved to order. Silver Letters and Numbers, Pew Figures, &c., &c. Orders sent from a distance will receive prompt attention. Also, was awarded at the late Mechanics' Fair, for Engraved Metal Signs.

Rubber Coats,	$1.50 to $8.00
Rubber Horse Covers,	2.50 " 5.00
Rubber Foot Mats,	1.00 " 1.50

All Goods at the Manufacturers' Lowest Prices.
ALFRED HALE & CO.,
India-Rubber Manufacturers, 23 School St.

ANDREW J. HORSE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Soda and Mineral Water Apparatus,
46 Congress Street, Boston.
Catalogues containing prices and description of the various articles will be sent upon application.

Steam to Liverpool for $30.
CALLING AT CORK.

The first-class Iron Screw Steamship will sail as follows from New York every Saturday
Passage 100lb Boston to Liverpool, or Londonderry —Cabin, $75. Third Class, $30. Third Class, *from Liverpool* $40. Third Class, *from Cork to New York*, $30. Third Class, *from Cork to Boston*, $27.50.
For passage apply to THAYER & WARREN, Agents, 20 State Street, and Commercial Wharf, Boston, or to J. G. DALE, 25 Broadway, New York.
REMITTANCES.—Sight Bills of Exchange for £1 and upwards payable at any bank in Great Britain or Ireland, always for sale by THAYER & WARREN.

Crane's Patent Rubber Band
CARPET SWEEPER.
This is the only article fit to sweep a Carpet. They never all the fuzz from any coat, and the Carpet will last twice as long. They are used extensively all over the country in house keeping, which no one will be without after once trying it. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction.
Price, $2.50.
MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE BY THE
RUBBER BAND CARPET SWEEPER CO.
No. 55 Cornhill, Boston.
O. H. WEED & CO., Agents,
78 Sudbury st., Boston.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

NEW YORK KEROSENE OIL COMPANY.
Kerosene, Illuminating, Lubricating, and Burnacle Oils.
The above Oils, from the manufactory of this Company, constantly on hand and for sale by the Agents,
BURSLEY & KING,
March 14, 1861. 36 India Street.

BINNEY & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PAPER, TWINE AND STRAW BOARD,
ALSO PAPER RAGS,
No. 4 BINNEY STREET, BOSTON.
Paper of any size or weight made to order.

Keep it before the People!
HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY.
We Don't be deceived any longer. We, the originators of the Gift Book business, will send our new Catalogue, postage paid, to any address. Also for sale, a splendid History of the Gift Book Business, especially published for 1861. 1000 Book Agents wanted.
ALBERT COLBY & CO.,
No. 20 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

COLDS! COUGHS!!
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
Cure *Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Consumption, Sciatica.*
Price 25 Cents.
and Cures—clear and give strength to the voices of PUBLIC SPEAKERS AND SINGERS.

For a rare cure of the importance of checking a cough or "RELEASING COLD" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if allowed to attack the lungs, "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are a most valuable article, exemplary of this second of the year, when *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness and Sore Throat* are so prevalent. The Troches give our and almost immediate relief. Sold by all Druggists in the United States, at 25 cents a box.

DR. WHEELER'S
Sherry Wine Bitters.
Those who are suffering from a weakness of the Stomach, should partake of the celebrated panacea, Dr. WHEELER'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

They purify the blood, create an appetite, give tone and action to the Stomach and digestive organs. They are highly recommended by Physicians, and every family will be without them after giving them a fair trial.

For Sale at the principal Stores throughout the United States and the Canadas. Prepared only by Lewis Wheeler & Co., Druggists, Corner of Custom House & Broad Sts., Boston.

PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO.'S
LINE OF
BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL PACKETS.
Sailing from Liverpool every 10 Days.
PASSAGE CERTIFICATES to and from Europe, $40. Drafts at sight, and Bills of Exchange payable at any bank in Great Britain or Ireland, for sale by the subscribers. Apply to PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO.,
114 State Street,
or 122 Commercial Street,
19 Broad Street. Boston.

GLIDDEN & WILLIAMS' LINE
FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
First Class Clippers. Passengers only. PROMPTLY on their advertised days.—
For Freight, apply to GLIDDEN & WILLIAMS,
CALIFORNIA PACKET OFFICE,
No. 114 State Street.

$40 EUREKA LOCK-STITCH $40
SEWING MACHINES,
For Family use and manufacturing purposes. The Eureka Machines make the *beautiful* Lock-Stitch ALIKE on both sides, and will stitch, hem, fell, cord, gather, quilt, bind, and tuck. They are what everybody is inquiring for—a perfect Family Sewing Machine; being simple, well adapted to sew the most fragile muslin and the heaviest woolen fabrics. The Eureka Machines use a KIND OF THREAD, and the SAME THREAD IS USED FOR THE UNDER as WELL AS THE UPPER THREAD. They are warranted more durable. They are warranted to give the best perfect satisfaction, or money will be refunded.
Address THOMAS DERMODY, Agent, 260 Washington Street.
N. B.—The above Machines are licensed under Howe's Patent.

To THOMAS DERMODY, Esq., No. 260 *Washington Street, Boston.*
Dear Sir—The "Eureka Sewing Machine" which I purchased of you last October works like a charm, and has given me *perfect satisfaction.* We find it a matter of great convenience that it makes a stitch alike on both edge. We cheerfully recommend the "Eureka" in any way desired. Yours truly,
Machine. REV. T. WILLARD LEWIS,
Wollaston, Mass., 8, 1861.

A LIVE NEWSPAPER!
THE
AMERICAN UNION,
Having passed into the hands of *NEW PROPRIETORS*, will be conducted
As a first-class
FAMILY JOURNAL,
Devoted to none in the country.
$2.00 a Year. . . Single Copies 4 cts.
For Sale by all Newsdealers.
ELLIOT & THOMES,
PUBLISHERS,
100 Washington Street. . . . . Boston.

F. B. ROBINSON'S
INDEXICAL SOAPS.
TWO SILVER MEDALS AWARDED.
SILVER SOAP—for cleansing Silver, Britannia, and Plated Wares. Jewelry, Mirrors, Pianos, Artificial Teeth, Flies, &c., warranted to contain nothing that can possibly injure the finest metals or atonement even the most delicate skin, though not designed for toilet use.
Many of our largest Dealers in Silver Ware have given it their unqualified approval.
See testimonials and directions accompanying each cake.
It is superior to any other Soap *for cleaning fine House Paint*, the alkaline strength being insufficient to affect it injuriously the paint, which almost at a touch becomes as fresh as when new.
PUMICE SOAP instantly removes Ink, Pitch, Varnish, Acid, and other Stains from the hands, leaving them soft and white. It is equal to the best French *pomcine* and is sold for less than half the price.
HONEY SOAP, Pure.—The Committee and disinterested judges pronounce this Soap equal to the *best* imported and far superior to most that claims the name. Honey is said to be unrivalled to the most delicate skin, and fragrant as a flower garden.
DENTAL SOAP, *made expressly for the Teeth* of the purest materials, and agreeable to the taste. Physicians and other scientists men have demonstrated the fact that the Teeth and Gums of all are infected with Animal Parasites. Careful and repeated experiments have proved that *Soap is the only agent that will destroy them* without injury to the organs.
It effectually rids the mouth of the foetid matter and tartar which renders the breath impure and disagreeable—it gives tone and strength to the gums, and a clear, pearly whiteness to the teeth, preserving them for a mature decay. Manufactured only by the Boston Indicial Soap Company.
GEO. W. RAFFORD & CO., Agents,
78 Sudbury st., Boston.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

TAGS
FOR
CLOTH,
CLOTHING,
DRY GOODS,
CARPETINGS,
HARDWARE,
FANCY GOODS,
JEWELRY
FURS,
UPHOLSTERY,
FURNITURE,
GAS FIXTURES

161 ALE DEPOT. 161
BLACKSTONE STREET, BOSTON.
We wish to call the attention of the public to our superior ALES, viz: PALE ALE and AMBER ALES, brewed by us for the trade, and Family Use, put up in bottles of half barrels and kegs—none superior in the market—at wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms.
Also, for sale by us at wholesale and retail, Dr. Mowe's Celebrated COUGH BALSAM and VEGETABLE DIURETIC, the best medicines in use. Upwards of 60,000 bottles of these medicines have been sold by us in the last year. Every family should get a dozen, as they will be found invaluable to purify the blood, also as an appetizer.
CHAMBERLIN & WAUGH.
A. J. COLGROVE, Agent. Lowell.

Day & Martin, London.
REAL JAPAN BLACKING,
17 From DAY & MARTIN, 97 High Holborn, LONDON, for polishing and preserving Leather, celebrated throughout the civilized world as the best composition for Boots and Shoes. Sold by the principal dealers in Family Stores, Boots, Shoes, &c. Each Bottle of the genuine bears the name of the Agents,
BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

IRA B SHAW,
DEALER IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUIT,
Confectionery, &c. Meals with hot Tea and Coffee at all hours.
No. 5 Brattle St., Boston.

THE GREAT CURATIVE
PERUVIAN
SYRUP!
TRY IT!
Principal Office, 39 Summer Street, Boston.
JEWETT & CO.
For sale by all Druggists.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

CLOTHING!
GENTLEMEN'S & BOYS'
Ready Made Clothing,
of the latest style, fine material and faithful workmanship, designed for the New England Retail Trade. Great care has been taken to get up articles that will favor the eye and do good service.
—Also,—
An extensive assortment of **Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.;**
*** Attention invited, believing that purchasers will find something to please all classes of customers.
GEO. W. SIMMONS & CO.,
OAK HALL,
32 & 34 North St., Boston, Mass.

Metcalf's Superior Indelible Ink,
For Linen Plates: *Thin Brass; Zinc Frames, Brushes, Steel Dies, &c.* The best of STENCIL ALPHABETS; also, Key Plates and Stamps with Indelible Ink, *cheap at wholesale and retail.* Letters of inquiry will receive prompt and secret, promptly attended to.
Direct to
M. J. Metcalf, 454 Salem St., Boston, Mass.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER
OIL AND LIME.
A Cure for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, General Debility, and all Scrofulous Humors.
THIS COMPOUND has been used with the most complete success by our most celebrated Physicians, for the removal and permanent cure of the above diseases. Hundreds for whom other remedies had failed, have found of this simple yet effectual remedy, have been restored to health and strength by its timely use. The following case of Mr. J. Williams is sufficient to convince the most skeptical of its wonderful efficacy:
"I had been sick with confirmed Consumption for several months. I had used the clear Cod Liver Oil most of the time, but derived but little benefit from it. I had an attack of bleeding at the Lungs, which alarmed my friends very much, as they now supposed there was no hope for me. About this time I heard of your Compound Cod Liver Oil and Lime. I immediately commenced using it, and was soon to perceive its beneficial effects; in two months time I was enough restored to health to now enjoying perfect health. Truly yours,
J. WILLIAMS."
N. B. This Compound does not nauseate the stomach, but is as palatable as milk.
Prepared by
J. A. BRUCE,
No. 106 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.
DEALER IN
Horses, Carriages, Piano-Fortes, Iron Safes, Cigars, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Sewing Machines, Pianos, Melodeons, &c.
Also, *Real Estate* bought and sold. Money loaned on Personal Property. Always ready to buy, sell, or exchange property.

ROMAN CEMENT.
IMPORTED BY
BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.
Roman and Portland Cement, for lime or stone work, hydraulics, gas and water pipe joints, &c.

FAIRBANKS & BRARD,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Ale, Porter, Cider, Mineral Water,
Congress Springs Water, Draught Ale, Porter, and Lager Beer,
Howard Athenæum Building, Howard Street, BOSTON.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
536 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew more than half as much thread or silk as the Shuttle Machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and slim stitches required in sewing Corsets; as 4 inches of sewing will sew from one to twenty thickness of Mar seilles Cotton, and make one stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even sew sole leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or the making of any adjustment whatever, in not such a machine best adapted to family use? and is not that the best machine, why not for every variety of light sewing and heavy work? and is not that the best family Machine, we recommend our larger size.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines are also the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing India goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.
Fact No. 5.—These Machines are not double or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.
The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Maryland Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for fine sewing machines.
Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the Silver and the Bronze Medal, at Boston, 1860.
Fact No. 10.—I now Machines can do the same thing in every respect, whatever has been hinted in competition with other first-class sewing machines. But we repeat, it is the one FACT more; it is the most important FACT of all.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction, and any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.
These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON machines seem peculiar to themselves, and have never been or used them. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, in almost every part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiarities and distinctive excellencies of the FINKLE & LYON Sewing Machine?" To answer which, we have prepared a pamphlet of Fifteen pages, containing Facts—Facts that are facts—not Fact, and Testimonials, which will be sent free to any address on receipt of stamp, who may desire to relieve themselves of certain obligations to the Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing and manufacturing.
The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price that of their excellent Machines, and have furnished them with all the necessary apparatus, consisting of a hemmer, gaugers etc., to be found any where—Please call and examine specimens.
Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.
January 3, 1861. jan3tiff

BROWN'S BRONCHIALTROCHES,
FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find the above unrivalled for clearing the throat and easing the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

ROBINSON'S INDEXICAL DENTAL SOAP now ready for delivery to the trade. Sold by F. B. ROBINSON, Jr. cor. Merrimack and John sts. feb16

MORE MUSIC.
"In that book no music is lost."—*Ec. Ar.*
JUST re-issued, five pieces from Oratorios and Cantatas, by Peter Bartholomew—arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.
Trust Gallop, by Carl Zerrahn.
Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Otto Dresel.
Wachster Exposition from favorite Operas—arranged by Otto Dresel.
All the above Music is published by the undersigned Sole Agent for O. Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by S. KIDDER, 17 Central st. nov27

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

HATS.
BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well-known manufacturer of Burns & Co.
The great leader of the Hat is so adjusted as to make a combination of a perfect fit and the body of the Hat, securing all the ease of the Felt Hat, without using an article to heat the head or feather the face.
*** Hats made to order at the shortest notice, fitted in the head by the use of the Conformateur.
Corner Central and Market st. mar27

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
And now opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received direct from the English Potteries abroad. This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail, comprising
TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,
which for style, quality, variety and cheapness, is unequalled this side of Boston.
All who want to purchase will please call, examine and examine my large and varied stock at 97

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE.
where I will sell for cash and the Prices which will suit best their own entry. 97
KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES.
I have a fine assortment from various markets, and every article in my line of business, including Staple or Staple, at my China and Crockery Emporium. Please remember,
Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
No. 97 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money, has now been discovered, and is now being successfully worked by many of the people who have learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have now 500 in operation, the majority of them making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who was in a few months ago in debt, and now is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his business. Another, who was a drunkard, has not paid the sum of $1,00. Women can clear from $10 to $15 per week. Boys can clear from $5 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all the necessary information as to the manner of doing the business, and which enables the possessor to commence operations immediately, will be sent on receipt of 25. No money to be invested in stock or anything else. Address, post paid, for one or more 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and 10,000 in the United States. A liberal discount to the trade.
Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug28 Augusta, Maine.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal
NEVER before introduced into the New England States, and which has never earned this Anthracite coal, is now offered to the public by the subscriber, at ROBILEE, corner Moody and Tremont streets.
Also, the celebrated Lehigh COAL of the best quality, for sale at the lowest cash prices. Coals of the best qualities, prepared for family use, and delivered in any part of the city.
S. B. WOOD saved and split at short notice. Bowed Wood for sale.
Order box at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building. aug5ddlm

WRITING PAPER. Envelops, Pens and Ink; also, a large assortment of CHILD'S BOOKS and STORIES at 97 Merrimack st. nov19

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which cannot be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. For sale by
E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. may15

SPAULDING'S
Celebrated Prepared Glue.
Is now offered to the trade in Boston, with the assertion of the many improvers and imitators who have attempted to build up a reputation upon the laudable endeavors of those who are trying to improve the Glue, that this article is the only one that has ever been made to stand the test of all climates in the country. If you wish to get a perfect article, call for Spaulding's Prepared Glue.
HUNT'S Book and Music Store,
nov7 No. 17 Central street.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!
Do you want a Moustache?
OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA,
THE ONLY REPRODUCER for the Whiskers or Moustache, and will force a heavy growth of hair in a few weeks.
We advise all our male friends to wear whiskers and a moustache if the want one. Those who have used Oldridge's Balm of Columbia, of those acquaintances will find a good article recommended. Sold by druggists and perfumers. Depot, Dispensary Pharmacy, 344 Washington street, Boston. The compounder will pleasure accompany the above preparation to all orders for the above celebrated and unrivalled preparation. Price $1 per bottle, OLDRIDGE will force Whiskers or Moustaches to grow in from three to six weeks. Price $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Orders by mail promptly attended to by directions will cure Baldness.
For sale by Dr. Greene, 36 Bromfield street, Boston.
feb27 6mos

E. GOLDTWAITE & CO.,
No. 19 MERRIMACK STREET,
Have now on hand
1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England in 1860.
10,000 sold in the United States within the last twelve months.
350 sold in Lowell within the last three months, and all giving satisfaction.
There is no machine which can be compared to them, after a trial, in quality, price, or in fact, as S. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street. mar22

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There is no machine which can be compared to them, after a trial, in quality, price, or in fact, as S. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street. mar22

THESE sewing machines are very popular Ballads are now for sale by
Mrs. Dr. Child's Kildare,
Dove Song for Three,
The wishing Gate,
Blue Bonnet's Heart,
Mary's Dream,
Sweet Sister, pray for me,
The Old Church Bell,
The Sentinel's Dream,
Memories of Parting,
Dr. Gamble,
My Dear Mother's Prayer,
Early Days,
Lovely Bird,
Remember the place.
mar21 17 Central street.

ASTHMA FOR THE INSTANT RELIEF, and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use
JENDEN'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by L. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.
Price, 50 cts per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
may29 ly

SOMETHING NEW!
11 S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S Patent BOOT and SHOE BUFFER. BRASS and IRON BOOT JACKS, and
Sold only by S. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine as at Merrimack st. nov19

MUSIC STORE!
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
29 *CENTRAL STREET,*
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Ornaments.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, BOLK AGENTS FOR
PALLARD, LUCAS & SURMAN, Celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the two premiums at all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of these superior instruments, for sale at manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in every particular, to be the best Piano Fortes ever offered in this market. Also, for sale at the lowest prices, MELODEONS. dec6

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the celebrated
Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company's
Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of
NON-FREEZING AND NON-EXPLODING.
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Spinning and all kinds of Light Work. Patent Triple Refined Lubricating Oil, No. 2, for general purposes. Patent Triple Refined Lubricating Oil, No. 3, for Heavy Machinery. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 4, for Burning. Common Illuminating Oil, No. 5. All series. Water Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; do. do. do. for Machinery, No. 2, 50 cents.
Office for the sale of the above Oils,
116 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.
E. G. KELLEY,
Manufacturer and Exclusive Chemist.
nov27 ly

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at BRAZER'S Corner 1st Store. jan21tf

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattisone's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, plainly and explicitly contains not known of anything else of the kind, and having effected all other remedies have failed, is designed for both *married* and *single ladies*, as it is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, in a few hours, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent obstructions*, if taken *just before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This remedy has been in use for many years, and is perfectly safe in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case, as it is put up in bottles of three different sizes, viz: No. 1, small, for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
Remember! *This medicine is designed for* FEMALES ONLY, and will not be sent to gentlemen, or unless *all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, as *this* is the most powerful remedy in every respect, *or the price will be refunded.*
Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or his Agent, and sealed and sold only at DR. MATTISONE'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE DEPOT, No. 1 Old Cornhill, Boston, Mass.
Dec. 31, 1860. 1y

Is Put up Specially embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of long and extensive practice, giving his *whole attention* to them—*Consultation free*, and strictly private and confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad. Also, a *private* pamphlet *just Reboot*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—
IF In these days of medical imposition, when quacks assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful in whom they confide. Many of the most amusing some inquiry, and especially in relation to the *private diseases*, which are sometimes the most advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into temptation, you will have reason to regret it. Many, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. Many, too, are ruined in constitution, one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF A PRIVATE NATURE, sent free of charge, also Circulars giving full information, with the most unexceptionable *references*, (confidential) without which no advertising physician or medicine of this kind can be depended on.
Address DR. M'LANE'S
Office, No. 7 Tremont street, Boston.
IF Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED Physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of these diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both in Providence and Boston. Beware of here ARE any others, LETTHEM DO THE SAME. Providence is a quiet, and better keep away from them.
Letter must be well promptly attended to. Dr. Mattison's address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, *Providence.*
dec26 3m

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,
A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children with the utmost safety. Numerous and the most delicate consultations with perfect safety.
TESTIMONIALS.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy for the disease I ever saw.
CHARLES A. SMITH,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.
After suffering from Rheumatism nearly two years and being confined to my bed several weeks of the spring of 1860, I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
NORMAN T. AYERS,
75 Franklin st. Boston.
Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by it almost to madness, and having tried numberless remedies without obtaining relief I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
D. B. BAXTER, D. y Goods Dealer,
No. 4 Augusta st. Boston, Mass.
I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum for the last fifteen years, and have tried almost every remedy that can be imagined, excepting Rheumatic Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured by it.
JOHN C. BERRIGO,
Pearl street House, Roxbury.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" is entirely relieved me from a severe attack of Rheumatism.
F. E. HODGKINS,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.
My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores and in constant pain. Two bottles of your Compound cured him entirely.
J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Main street, Boston.
Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has done me more good than all other medicines.
W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Union Hotel, Boston.
One-half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.
FANNY TH MPSON,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.
I certify that my friend Wm T Gliddon, Esq., printer, was with a severe attack of Rheumatic Compound" in 1859, when I was induced to procure a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of decided benefit to him.
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.
The above "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has also been used in my family with great benefit.
Rev. WILLIAM CROWELL,
Wollaston, Mass.
Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JENKINS, 327 Broadway. Sold by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, unless otherwise ordered by
ST. CHAS. F. GARDINER, M. D.,
Sole Proprietor, No. 4 Augusta st. Boston.
For sale by JOHN T. BILLINGS, Lowell.
Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20

JERRY CLEMENS,
OF ALABAMA, AND THE
NEW ENGLANDERS IN MEXICO.

The lines which follow were written in the city of Mexico by John H. Warland, and published in the *Amercan Star*, a weekly Army paper during the occupation of the Mexican capital by the American troops.
A word or two by way of introduction may perhaps be necessary.
After the defeat of Col. Ransom at Chapultepec, and the transfer of Major Seymour of Texas to the command of the 15th Regiment, three Southern gentlemen, by the usual routine of rank and promotion, succeeded to the command of the three New England or Col. Ransom's regiment. They were the Colonel, Lieut. Colonel, and Major. The Colonel was a Senator, built of Mobile, in Alabama, and Major Talaferro, of Richmond, Va.—the last a graduate of Cambridge, in Mass., and a prominent lawyer and politician, who had married into the family of Mr. Winthrop, late Speaker of the House. The Alabama officers had their slaves with them in the city, and were accordingly introduced as entire new order of things—which the Yankees never would have sanctioned, and which was exceedingly repug

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, April 27, 1861.

THE NORTH AND THE SOUTH. Figures never lie, but establish facts. Taking the figures of the last census table, we find that the Northern States, which stand firmly by the government, have a population of 18,904,019 persons, *all free*, while the entire Slave States, without making allowance for fabulous and portions of other States, which seem at this time inclined to remain true, contain a free population of only 8,352,385. They have also 4,000,000 of slaves, which may be regarded as an element of weakness, and liable at any time to strike for their freedom.

Taking the votes at the last Presidential election, the North cast 3,384,871, while South (allowing 50,000 for South Carolina) cast only 1,327,299, or little more than one-third as many. With the statistics given, with the feelings of justice, to say nothing of the sympathies of the civilized world, on our side, who can doubt the result of the pending contest?

In this connection, it will remark that there seems to be a strange idea of the ties of consanguinity binding the border States to the others of the Union. Maryland and Virginia are exceedingly quick to protest that they cannot take up arms against their "sister States," and what is peculiar about it, is that the "sister States" for which they have so much affection, they are Southern States, in open rebellion against the Federal Government. The Northern States, that are loyal to the American flag, are only recognized as "poor relations," and are not to be aided or encouraged in their endeavors to prevent the overthrow of the best government God has ever prospered.

It is too late to count on but small assistance from any State where slavery exists. We have been, we fear, deceived in regard to the Union sentiments in those States, and the sooner we cease to count on any help from them in this struggle for the maintenance of our government, the better shall we be in the end. We must rely on ourselves alone. The Union men at the South are principally natives of the North, and in but few places, excepting on the borders of the free States, have they power to aid the government. But while we have miscalculated in this direction on aid in the glorious work of upholding the National Government, the South has been most egregously mistaken in regard to the sentiment of the North. A divided North was expected, where there is but one mind, and that a most decided one: *the Government must be preserved.*

THE EXCITEMENT. There has never been a more exciting time among our people than at the present. A telegraphic report is known all over the land in an hour, and discussed by those who formerly seemed to know but little of national affairs—It is hoped that no one will put too much confidence in telegraphic despatches till confirmed. There was a report Thursday that Gen. Beauregard had sent to Washington to inform President Lincoln to remove the women and children from this city. Nothing of the kind is supposed to be true, if Gen. B. intended to besiege the city of Washington, he would be so insane as to inform the rulers of the city of his plans beforehand, but rush upon them as soon as unprepared as possible. The Capital at present is safe, but how long it would be if attacked by the reported strength of the secessionist army, is only known to those who pretend to have, every one is able to judge for himself. Let no one be too much alarmed by newspaper reports, but wait patiently and thereby save much anxiety.

MR. EDITOR:—The following extract of a letter from a native of Lowell to his father in this city, utters the sentiments of many.

MANASSAS, Oana. April 22nd, 1861.

DEAR FATHER: We are all right. Ohio blood is up. The first company of Marietta volunteers left this morning. Such a scene I never saw before.—We are holding a public meeting to-day, to organize the whole county. Business is suspended. Western Virginia is true to the Union, and loves to Ohio for help, and she will get it. I belong to a cavalry company for service where we are most needed, in the State or out of it. There we see you anon, rest assured I will never disgrace my native State.

The stars and stripes were run up in Williamsburg, Va., this morning. The flag was immediately saluted from the fort by the Harmar Pet. J. F. H.

SENATOR JOHNSON. We have seen nothing more despicable in Virginia since that State turned traitor, than its treatment of Hon. Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee. Last Sunday, while on his way home from Washington, at Lynchburg a large crowd assembled and groaned at him and offered every indignity, necessary to pulling his nose. Every effort was made to take him off the cars. Great difficulty was experienced in restraining the populace.

In accordance with a recently issued order of the government, the oath of allegiance to the United States was on Thursday administered anew to the officers and crew of the Niagara, and all but *four* subscribed readily to the same. These names have been stricken from the list. They have been ordered to the Navy Yard, but have been released upon their parols of honor not to leave the vicinity of the Navy Yard. The Niagara has been taken to New York.

LIEUT. MACE'S SUCCESSION. Lieut. J M. Gillies, of the Navy, one of the earliest and most efficient friends of the Observatory movement of the Government, succeeds Lieut. Maury, who stalked away from Washington a few days ago. Lieut.

A NORTHERN THAST. *Left Dania*—Mar

WAR NEWS.

Maine. Seven companies have been raised in Bangor and others in the neighboring towns. Two volunteer companies are being formed at Brunswick, and many students in the college are volunteering.—The First Regiment, composed of the first Portland companies, two from Lewiston, one from Auburn, one from Kittery, and one from Norway, have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to march to Boston next Monday.

New Hampshire. A man named Dow, at Suncook, who had an American flag, raised it upon a day or two since by thirty-four ladies, who requested the use of his flag. He refused to give it up, when they undertook to duck him, and with the aid of some men, used him roughly. A man named Tennant was stabbed in the affray. The following officers have been appointed by the Governor: First Regiment, Mark Tapley, Colonel; Thomas J. Whipple, Lieutenant Colonel; A. F. Stevens, Major. Second Regiment, Thomas P. Pierce, Colonel; Frank S. Fiske, Lieutenant Colonel; George Bowers, Major. Col. Whipple was in the Mexican war.

New York. New York city and Albany are still agitated with the war excitement, and troops are moving in from all directions. Public and private appropriations to equip volunteers from Buffalo have reached $110,000.

Pennsylvania. It is reported that the Marylanders are attacking the Pennsylvanians, Tuesday, on account of the runaway negroes rendezvousing there.—Whole families were crossing into York, Franklin and Adams counties. It is reported that 500 slaves have escaped.—Fears are entertained that the border counties in Maryland will be entirely depopulated of slaves. Pennsylvania is arming and preparing for the conflict.

Delaware. Governor Burton has issued a proclamation calling out troops to defend fend the Union. A son of Senator Bayard has raised a company, and took the oath of allegiance at Washington.

Illinois. A special dispatch to the *New York Post* from Chicago says, Illinois troops, under orders from the President, crossed to St. Louis Thursday night, advanced to the Federal Arsenal and brought away immense stores of artillery and small arms, belonging to the Government.—There was no fighting. Among the articles recovered are 21,000 stands of small arms and a park of artillery.

Northern Missouri. There is little sympathy in Northern Missouri with the secessionists. The reports that the railroads, &c., are likely to be interfered with are wholly unfounded.

Maryland. News from Baltimore express confidence that the secession rule in that city will soon be overturned. A gentleman declared publicly in the parlor of Barnum's hotel that the secession flag would not be allowed to remain in that city many days. There is most indisputable evidence of a reaction of public sentiment in Baltimore. The stars and stripes were flying at Baltimore over the Minute-Men's head quarters on Batcher's Hill. The eastern shore of Maryland was pure strongly Union. Chestertown, the home of Senator Pearce, is intensely Union. They have the stars and stripes over the market house, and swear it shall never come down except in blood. There is no danger in Baltimore, which they say, has provoked ruin on the State. There is a large, respectable, powerful Union element in Maryland, *and the presences of a military force in Maryland, adequate to their protection, would embolden them to crush out the intended movement of secession, and bring back the State to loyalty.*

General matters. Official accounts show that 4000 troops entered Washington before 6 o'clock yesterday. Abundant provisions followed.

The *Milwaukee Sentinel* says that Hon. J. F. Potter was in that city a day or two since. He left Washington on Friday morning last, and brings the intelligence that of the 60,000 stand of arms at Harper's Ferry previous to its abandonment, 40,000 stand of arms had been shipped North to Pennsylvania, and westwardly through Parkersburg, for arming Western troops, and they are the arms that were stopped and seized at Cincinnati. They had been marked for Fort Smith and other Southern points, solely with a view to mislead praying parties, and insure their passage through Virginia.

It is said that the federal troops occupied Arlington heights on Tuesday.

The States and *Union* newspapers at Washington have suspended, the people having threatened to demolish the office if they continued to advocate the Southern confederacy.

The frigate Constitution sailed from Annapolis on Thursday evening with the midshipmen of the naval academy.

A large schooner from New York, towed by a tug, was brought to by a shot from Fort Monroe, passing through the tug.—The cargo consisted of military stores for Virginia, and a full flight of Virginia troops was seized.

All through Marshall, Preston, Mason, Tyler, Wetzel, and the other counties along the northern and western frontiers of Virginia, the Union movement is sustained with a wonderful and gratifying unanimity. Steps are being taken to organize a provisional government under the protection of the Administration. Vigilant committees are being formed, and no effort is being spared to secure a thorough and effective system of organization.

WORK ENOUGH FOR SOLDIERS. A Captain writes that work bags are more necessary than shirts or uniform clothes and gives the following instructions for building a work bag:—

"The bag should be made of new calico, double, with compartments for each article, so that they may be easily got at when time and need press. It should contain one pair of extended pointed scissors, one paper and part needles, two darn needles and one skein grey or blue yarn, three hanks strong black linen thread, two skeins coarse black silk, six dozen porcelain shirt-buttons, a piece of wax, one piece grey twilled tape, two pieces white do., the needle case made of new delaine, small, plain, and strong, filled with needles, and half a paper of pins."

THE SOUTHERN NEWS. *Maryland.*—Gov. Hicks at the head of a regiment of troops it is said is helping open the route from Annapolis to Washington. The *Baltimore Sun* has a leader disclaiming secession proclivities, and says the Legislature has no power to pass a secession ordinance.

Virginia. Reliable information states that Gov. Letcher orders that no aggressive movements either against the Federal Government or in aid of Maryland shall be taken. It is rumored that he refused to allow any interruption of the Potomac.—Six thousand volunteers are said to be in Richmond. A battery is being erected at Yorktown, and another three miles above Richmond. The steamer Jamestown is also being fitted at Richmond for war purposes. There are 6000 troops at Harper's Ferry and 3000 at Norfolk. It is stated that there will be 25,000 troops in Richmond by Saturday.

Kentucky. A proposition has been made by the Governor of Kentucky to the Governor of Ohio, that the Governors of the border States propose to the United States Government to become arbitrators between the Government and the present conflict. The troops which left for the South yesterday went unarmed and against the advice of the Governor. A detachment of Col. Disney's regiment has left for the South on Confederacy last Wednesday evening.

Tennessee. The Legislature met in secret session. The reporters were excluded: contents of the Governor's message unknown.

A letter from the wife of Bishop Polk, of Louisiana says his house was burnt over the head on the 21st inst. The fire was built by his negroes; also the residence of Bishop Elliott. A number of gentlemen from the South assume great excitement everywhere. Much has been hung in North Carolina, and another cleared, for uttering Union sentiments. It is stated that Jeff. Davis will issue no letters of marque until after the meeting of Congress on the 29th. The *New York Courier* expects soon to announce before sixty days expires the arrival of the steamer Northern Light, North Star, or Star of the West, as a prize by the privateer Rattlesnake, of New Orleans.

GENERAL BUTLER. The *New York Journal of, Commerce* speaks as follows of General Butler. It might have been remarked in addition, that he was the candidate of the Democratic wing of the Democratic party, for Governor, at the last election; and was nevertheless selected for this important military command by Governor Andrew, upon whom, before the election, the wrath of the opposition was most bitterly concentrated :—

"Brigadier General B. F. Butler, whose name has been so suddenly repeated in the news from Baltimore. Annapolis and Washington, is a lawyer by profession of any officer accompanying the troops, en *route* for the Capitol, has had devolved upon him the command not only of the Massachusetts but of the New York 7th, and other regiments between Havre de Grace and Washington.

General Butler is a resident of Lowell Massachusetts, is a lawyer by profession, and a gentleman who has been making efforts to get a young friend into the New York Custom House. Col. Mr. Barney the other day, that the young man whose papers he had left with him for an office, had gone from Boston to Washington. "Has he?" said Mr. Barney. "Well, write to him that the place shall be kept open for him; and let him nominate a friend to fill the place if he fails, and I will give it to him."

ANOTHER ITEM ABOUT THE "BATTLE OF BALTIMORE." A correspondent of the *Lawrence Journal* relates the following incident connected with the passage through the Massachusetts Regiment while passing through Baltimore :—

"As the cars containing the staff-officers were being driven through the city, the driver attempted to unhitch the horses, when Megg Watson stepped upon the platform amid's shower of stones, drew his revolver, and told the driver if he dared to touch the horses he would shoot him dead. The driver concluded not to do it."

CHARLES CROSSE, a brakeman on the freight train on the Boston and Maine Railroad, was instantly killed at Newburyport on Thursday morning last, while engaged in shackling cars. He was about twenty years of age, and belonged in Salem.

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A PLUCKY DUTCHMAN. The old leader of the New York Seventh Regiment Band applied for the post of bugler when the company was about to leave for Baltimore. In short and pithy Teutonic English he said—"I can't command soldiers, but I can blay the pugle so well as any other man. I can sound any note, but I swears to die pefore I command the forecast."

MR. JOHN E. HARRIMAN, of the *Lawrence Courier*, is in the Lawrence Company of the Sixth Regiment that suffered from the attack of the mob. We know John well, and know that he will go to action, crowned with victorious wreaths—He is small but plucky. God be with him and his comrades.

THE *Providence Journal* says that the "almighty dollar" shall have another name. It shall be called the "patriotic dollar," as well. The manner in which the united capital of the country has come

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

THE soldiers' discourse at the Worthen Street Baptist Church (Rev. Mr. Warren) to-morrow afternoon will be "The War Spiritually Improved." In the evening a sermon will be preached, at the close of which the ordination of Deacons will be administered.

REV. JOSEPH H. ELY will give the second of a course of lectures on Bible themes and Bible lands at the High Street Church to-morrow evening, on the location of their Sabbath School Concert. Subject: Jerusalem. Services commence at 7 o'clock.

REV. W. H. CLARK, of the Hurd Street Church, will preach to-morrow morning and evening. Text—"Put on the whole armor of God."

REV. S. S. HUNTER, of Manchester, N. H., will preach at Lee Street Church to-morrow.

REV. MR. KNAPSEY, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will preach in the John Street, Baptist Church to-morrow after noon. Services commence at 2 1-2 o'clock.

MAJ. M. S. TOWNSEND will speak in the tranquil Music, at Wells' Hall, to-morrow, at the usual hours of church service.

LOWELL RIDING ACADEMY,

Opposite Prescott Street Baptist Church, Paige St.

MR. J. W. ROBINSON

Respectfully announces to his former patrons and the public generally, that he has opened the above Academy for the season, having been rebuilt in an improved and thorough manner, and is now ready to receive visitors. Horses will be kept constantly on hand for the use of the public, and by applying for the same to the subscriber, or at the Academy, they will be promptly attended to. Those who wish to learn the art of horsemanship can be satisfactorily accommodated on the same terms as at other similar institutions.

By endeavoring to meet the requirements of those by his patronage he hopes, Mr. Robinson hopes to keep his place in good condition, and also to overcome the loss he has sustained the past winter, which is about him entering the entire apartment of his patrons.

LADIES' EQUESTRIANISM, TO USE THE PHRASE:

Feeling desirous that my class this term shall not be behind the times, I have decided to offer a prize for public exhibition at the close, at which I will award, for the most graceful rider, a fine Riding Whip, and three liberal Premiums to such as shall merit them, to be decided by competent judges. J. W. ROBINSON.

Lowell, April 27, 1861. apr27-lm

ATTENTION, COMPANY!

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED to appear at the Lowell Riding Academy, on MONDAY EVENING, the 29th inst., at 7 1-2 o'clock, for drill.

Those who wish to become connected with this Company are requested to be present on the above evening. The defence of our country against all enemies from abroad is important. Per order

apr26-2td THOMAS C. HUDSON, Clerk.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Professor Lyman D. Morse will give his second Lecture on Elocution to the several Teachers of the Public Schools of this city, at High School Hall, on Monday afternoon, May 1st, at 3 3-4 o'clock.

Teachers will please call at the Superintendent's room at the High School House, and kindly invited and expected. By order of the Committee,

GEO. STEVENS, Chairman.

Lowell, April 26, 1861. apr27-3t

ELECTROPATHY.

DR. S. PAIGE has decided to remain a few months longer at his Room, No. 3 American House Block, Lowell.

Dr. Paige successfully treats diseases the first stage of which is derangement or loss of vitality of the Nervous System, and which, if not relieved, are sure to be afflicted by the use of drugs and nostrums frequently paid to the proper and skilful employment of this most subtle, natural and potent curative agent, Electricity. Paige furnishes the best Instruments to be had in the world, and gives instructions to Electropathic Surgeons rendered gratis.

Consultation free. apr25-1w

THE BANNER CITY.

THE BANNER CITY. If a stranger should walk through our principal streets, before he had visited any other large place, he would at once accord to Lowell the title of the "banner city," in her expressions of devotion to the Union. From our office window, a day or two since, we counted *sixty-one* American flags, to which several have since been added. In sight, we shall be able to gaze on the Republican and Douglas flags of the Irish Infantry, decked of all political mottoes, waving nearly side by side, in union, as those who rallied under their separate folds six months since now stand shoulder to shoulder in support of the great cause—the maintenance of our National Government.

We should like to name many others, but must attempt to reply only of a few. On Thursday evening, Mr. Samuel Converse, the carriage manufacturer, run up the "Stars and Stripes" from a flag-staff on the top of his building. From a seat on the cupola of the Lawrence Mills floats another. Councilman E. A. Sanborn, overseer in the upper weave room in the Prescott Mills, has a handsome flag floating from the window of his room, which first attracted the eye of the passer from Merrimack Street to Belvidere.

Last evening a flag-raising took place at the residence of Councilman M. G. Perkins, Tremont Corporation. The banner was presented to him by the ladies employed in his room. It was run up amid the cheers of a large crowd at about half-past thirty-four guns. Appropriate remarks were made by Stephen P. Sargent, Esq., Representative from Ward One, which were well received. The assembly dispersed after giving cheers for President Lincoln, Gen. Scott, Maj. Anderson, and the Sixth Regiment.

We presume there are dozens of instances just as worthy of mention as those we have named, but we have not a column to devote to them now. The "star-spangled banner" is never so profusely displayed as now, and

"long may it wave,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave."

PRESENTATIONS. Last evening the ladies employed by Burbank, Chase & Co., presented to D. Austin Waters, an employee of the establishment, who is a volunteer in the Sixth Regiment Infantry, Capt. Davis's company, a superb mounted revolver, with the motto on the stock, "Remember April 19th, 1861," also, "D. Austin Waters, presented by the ladies of Burbank, Chase & Co's." The presentation was made by Miss Jewett in behalf of the ladies, and was appropriately responded to by Mr. Waters. Mr. Chase, of the firm, at the same time presented him with a bible. With such incentives to action, who doubts that he will do his whole duty?

On Wednesday evening, the friends of Dr. Wm. H. Bradley and George E. Fray, two volunteers in Capt. Davis's company, presented each of them with one of Colt's revolvers, a very convenient thing, as patent medicine makers say, for a soldier to have by him. Mr. Robert L. Read presided and J. J. Judkins, who knows how to do such things, made the presentation speech. Much enthusiasm was manifested by those present.

Harper's Magazine for May, has been received at B. C. Sargeant's Bookstore, City Government Building. It is unusually attractive, and in the hall of war news, one will find in its pages, a kind of amusement much needed and ben ficial.

Harper is also for sale at G. T. Williams',

At a meeting of the horsemen of the Lowell Light Guard, held on Wednesday evening, April 24th, at the Citizen's Committee Room, after organization by the choice of Edward F. Watson Chairman, and W. A. Lamb Secretary, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted :—

Whereas, The active members of the Lowell Light Guard, Company H., Sixth Regiment, Infantry Volunteer Militia, have been called into the service of their country to suppress a treasonable and dangerous rebellion, and to assist in perpetuating the principles of the Federal Government, therefore,

1. *Resolved*, That in the prompt response to the call of the Commander-in-Chief, for assistance, the Watson Light Guard have proved themselves in the eyes of their fellow citizens, worthy descendants of the immortal heroes of the first battle fields of the revolution.

2. *Resolved*, That we hear with the utmost pleasure of their soldierly deportment and gentlemanly behavior since they have been called into service—winning the highest encomiums, even among strangers: and that we have confidence they will acquit themselves no less reputably, if brought into collision with the foes of the flag of their country.

3. *Resolved* That we, the honorary members of the Watson Light Guard, feel it a duty, as it will be a pleasure, to look after the interests of the several active members of the company and their families, during their absence.

4. *Resolved*, That a committee of five be appointed to carry into action the last spirit and letter of the third resolution.

The committee appointed in accordance with the provisions of the above, consists of the following gentlemen :—Thomas G. Gerrish, Edward F. Watson, James Melvin, Charles A. Stott, W. A. Lamb.

EDWARD F. WATSON, Chairman.
W. A. LAMB, Secretary.

MAYOR AND ALDERMEN. This Board held an adjourned meeting last night, and granted a hearing to the iron foundrymen, Messrs. Cole, Nichols & Wilson, petitioners for leave to set up an engine for blowing iron, on the corner of Dutton Street and the Nashua and Lowell Railroad track. No one appearing to oppose the petition, it was granted under the usual restrictions. The Committee on lands and buildings have been instructed to erect suitable armories for the companies raised by Edward G. Abbott, and Temple Thebetts, also to take charge of the armories belonging to the companies which have gone from here.

MONEY is needed to uniform, arm and equip the new company commanded by Capt. Temple Thebetts. All persons who desire to contribute for this purpose can easily paid to the proper authority, at the office, Kimball's apothecary store, corner of Central and Merrimack Streets. It is important that a sufficient sum should be raised at once, in order to be ready at a moment's warning to respond to the call of the commander-in-chief. The physician who examined this company considers it one of the most muscular that has been organized in Lowell.

MECHANIC PHALANX. An adjourned meeting of the past and honorary members of this company was held last evening for the purpose of choosing officers for the ensuing year. James Dennis, the oldest commander in the city, was first chosen Captain, but declined on account of his age. The following officers were then chosen: G. O. Peabody, captain; A. R. Brown, first lieutenant; Wm. C. Gray, second do.; Reuben Frye, third do.; Samuel Lawrence, fourth do.; Samuel Brown, fifth do.; Thomas Hall, sixth do. About eighty names have been entered upon the rolls of the company. They will meet every Wednesday evening for drill.

CAPT. DAVIS, and the officers of the Richardson Light Infantry, were yesterday with a portion of the band lately constituted to examine the officers of the volunteer militia. They were the first that applied under the new regulation, and all were accepted, and now have their commissions. Capt. Davis has made the following appointment of non-commissioned officers: William Fifield, 1st sergeant; Thomas Hall, 2nd sergeant; Geo. G. Peabody, 3rd, and clerk; Richard Ingham 4th. For corporals, Solon Perkins, 1st; C. E. Brazer, 2nd; Andrew J. Driscoll, 3rd; Wm. M. Young, 4th.

PERSONAL. Our old friend J. P. Thompson, Esq., formerly of this city, but for many years a resident of Boston, and for a long time connected in a wholesale establishment in Boston for the past three months and probably has learned the secret of *first cost*.—He has resumed the same business at the old stand, No. 57 Central Street, and we are sure is soon to go to Washington as Lieutenant in Capt. Davis' Company. No doubt he will. Old friends will be happy to meet him and welcome him again to our city.

MACFARLAND'S THEATRE. In consequence of the excited states of the 4th public mind, Mr. Macfarland has been compelled to postpone the opening of the Huntington Hall. He intends to give his inestimable entertainment in a few days, for a week or two, to a crowded house, and we hope he has encouragement from the citizens generally to remain for a longer period. Mr. Macfarland is a gentleman of the highest character, and his entertainments are of the most attractive and instructive character.

MR. JOHN E. HARRIMAN, of the *Lawrence Courier*, is in the Lawrence Company of the Sixth Regiment that suffered from the attack of the mob. We know John well, and know that he will go to action, crowned with victorious wreaths—He is small but plucky. God be with him and his comrades.

THE *Providence Journal* says that the "almighty dollar" shall have another name. It shall be called the "patriotic dollar," as well. The manner in which the united capital of the country has come

CAPT. PROCTOR'S RECRUITS. *Mr. Editor:* Having had the pleasure of meeting this new corps, the issue of which is already abroad through the city, I cannot forbear giving them my well deserved commendation. A more robust, stalwart set of men are rarely found. They number seventy-three, and are all of them, I believe, over twenty-one years of age, and all, or nearly all qualified voters. Irishmen, and sons of Irishmen, they are true to their country, and are thirsting to serve her in the tented field. Capt. Proctor needs no introduction to our citizens. He has long been as an admirable drill officer and an accomplished soldier.

I should do injustice in neglecting to mention in this connection, Mr. Michael Dempsey, who has taken the active and most efficient part in the formation of the company, and has given liberally, both of his time and money, to this patriotic object. Many of our adopted citizens have contributed nobly to like manner. In a few days the company's arms and equipments will be received, and we shall have the pleasure of seeing their gallant fellows in our streets before their departure to enter upon more soul stirring service. Success and honor accompany them. That we shall have good reports of them, I do not for a moment doubt.

MORE TOUTSPUT PATRIOTISM. The pupils connected with the Moody School, having contributed a sum sufficient to purchase a flag, the same was run up this forenoon as another emblem that all hearts beat as one for the great cause of sustaining the integrity of our institutions. It is a very fine flag, and floats from one of the most conspicuous flag staffs in the city.

We hear, also, that the scholars in Primary School No. 2, Miss Lucy A. Hill teacher, have for some days been much excited over such a flag, and as they have accumulated money enough to buy one, a flag-staff is to be placed on the schoolhouse, and on Wednesday next, the "red, white and blue" will float above it, to the great joy of the children who are "learning to shout" under its roll.

THE OLD SOLDIER IS TOWN AGAIN. Capt. Nathan Jaquith of Winchester, Mass., who walked up to Lowell last Thanksgiving day, has arrived in town again. He walked up in an hour, which is good condition. The Captain is "all up" about the war. He was ordered by Gov. Strong in 1812 to march with his command to Boston, and he has consequently been one of the Governors of Massachusetts at that date. If he was going to stop in the city, would it not be a good plan to get him to take command of the exempts?

DR. PAIGE. This gentleman, who is still stopping at the American House, in this city, (see announcement in our columns) we are gratified to know, is practicing with much success. Every year, we believe, electricity as a remedial agent, is coming more and more into use; and we doubt if there is any one better acquainted with its principles than Dr. Paige, who for many years made it a constant study.

DIVORCES. In the Supreme Judicial Court, on Friday, W. S. Coolidge, of Lowell, was divorced from Alvina Coolidge, on account of her habitual intemperance.

Mary T. Brooks was divorced from David B. Brooks. See card of Gardner for libellant; H. A. Alger for libellee.

A GOOD THING. The personal friends of W. H. Lamson, of this city, who was wounded in the attack at Baltimore, have subscribed a sum sufficient to purchase a horse for him, which is to be forwarded without delay.

THUS evening, the lovers of clam chowder will find a palatable dish at Chesley's saloon, next the Postoffice.

We have quite a lengthy letter from a member of the Mechanic Phalanx, dated Washington, April 20th, which will be published on Monday.

POLICE COURT. There were no cases tried in this forenoon. One or two parties will come in for examination this afternoon.

ABBOTT LIGHT GUARD. The following non-commissioned officers have been appointed by Capt. Edward G. Abbott, of this company :—

Jonas D. Stoner, Orderly Sergeant; Samuel R. Phillips, 2nd Sergeant; Eben W. Whitten, 3rd Sergeant; John F. Wilson, 4th Sergeant; Charles H. Lovejoy, 1st Corporal; Deyen Magee, 2nd Corporal; Stephen C. Amsden, 3rd Corporal; Francis H. Phelps, 4th Corporal.

A WAGGISH member of the Middlesex bar wrote the following notice in large letters and suspended the same on the Clerk's desk in the Court House at Cambridge, and read by all who passed by the desk :—

"All suits at, Supreme Court, April Term, 1861, Chapman, J. Adjourned, April 20, 1861, on account of the war."

KEENAN and Danforth, the heroes of the Revolution of 1861. All honor to the gallant Sixth Regiment."

PROF. BANNING IN THE CITY AGAIN.—Prof. Banning has fixed upon Monday and Tuesday of next week, when he will be at the Merrimack House, No. 66 Church St., application of his braces for the cure of spinal curvature, weakness of the chest, lungs and spine; also for dyspepsia, hernia, and female weakness. tf.

RIFLED CANNON. We learn that this State will in a short time be in possession of not less than forty rifled cannon of various —beautiful brass field pieces which have been recently taken from the arsenal to a well-known foundry, there to be converted into the most effective weapons of modern warfare. We understand that this shall have five tons of projectiles for these cannon are already in store. It is the opinion of this Monachusetts will be well prepared to do her duty, and with the purchases in Europe now said to have been undertaken by various State, the government will soon be set on its legs again.—*Boston Advertiser.*

AN EDITOR DRIVEN OUT OF BALTIMORE. A despatch from Philadelphia, on Tuesday, says :—

"Mr. Evans, editor of the *Baltimore Patriot*, has reached here, having been summarily driven from Baltimore, and expresses his determination to return and march through Baltimore if an escort can be had for love. The people have appear to be in a mood to accommodate him."

Two children of the notorious rebel, L. T. Wigfall, of Texas, are attending school

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FIRE INSURANCE.

E. & W. Ayer

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms for a single risk, or term not exceeding one year, or by the renewal of policies from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Stephen Codding,	John Avery,
Arthur F. Bogman,	Warren Wright,
Joshua W. Bennett,	Caleb M. Marcy,
John Aiken,	Hamon F. Ayer,
George E. Barnard,	Elijah M. Lund,
E. W. Prescott,	Jr.
Alonzo A. Miner,	Alexander T. Lowe,
C. Bates,	Reuben E. Denison,
	NATHAN ALLEN, President.

E. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, first floor, No. 42 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell
April 20, 1860 ly

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital..... $1,500,000
Surplus..... $700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital..... $800,000
Surplus..... $560,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus..... $350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus..... $225,000.

The above Companies settle all property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Furniture, Merchandise, Churches, Vessels and Property generally.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Boom 2, Merrimack Block, Lowell.
Ap26 3m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$1,000,000.

Capital and Accumulations April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 at 100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned thereon, and the Stockholders' liability as security for Policy Holders.

Directors:

Reuben Lyman,	Samuel Sloan,
Charles Swanson,	Fred'k City Bank, Brooklyn,
Alex'r H. Holley,	Jos. Blumenthal,
Douglas Taylor,	Ex-Governor of Connecticut,
John A. Kingsbury,	Gen. Wm. Hall,
Charles Knowles, New York,	Calvin Hastings, New York,
George B. Barnard,	Theodore Sedgwick,
E. W. Prescott,	Lieut. Gov. of Mississippi,
Alonzo A. Miner,	Benjamin Babcock,
John G. Stephens,	Merchant, Boston,
	GEORGE C. RICHARDSON,
	Secretary.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y of Boston Department,
Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleaner,
It gives more heat,
It burns in less quantity,
It leaves less ashes,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the
Best of all is, it is sold at the
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
Sign of our agent, J. HOWARD, 2d.
mar14 6m

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice some time ago, and have found it to be all that is claimed, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are fully convinced that it is the best article that is known, and is not, a difference of opinion among the profession to the contrary notwithstanding. In this article, which it is not expected that it will supersede the use of gold, but will be found to be a most valuable substitute for it, and will be used by those who are unable to pay the price of gold. Persons who have lost their teeth can be furnished with a full set of teeth, which will be found to be as durable as gold, and at less than one-half the price. Persons who have lost their teeth can be furnished with a full set of teeth, which will be found to be as durable as gold, and at less than one-half the price. Persons who have lost their teeth can be furnished with a full set of teeth, which will be found to be as durable as gold, and at less than one-half the price.

Also, Teeth inserted on Gold Plates, Silver Plates, Platina Plates, and Continuous Gum Work, Teeth filled with Gold, Platina, Silver, Tin, Amalgam, Cements, &c., &c.

Also, Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, Ether, Chloroform, &c.

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BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
"1853 RESERVE."

The *established popularity* of this Choice Old Bourbon as a medicinal agent, renders it superfluous to mention in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskeys.

Being distilled in 1848, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon as *strictly pure* attributes, and peculiarly effective for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Dyspepsia, Derangements of the Stomach, Nervousness, &c.

As a Restorative Agent it has a tendency to re-create and strengthen, while age having contributed its genial charm and enriched it with a delicious flavor and an oily body, it affords a pleasant Stimulus by the preservation or recovery of health, through the agreeable medium of a well-matured glass.

Put up in a variety of attractive forms, in iron-bound cases of one and two dozen bottles each, and sold by all prominent druggists, grocers and liquor agents.

A. H. BININGER & CO.,
Established 1719.

Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.

For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Nos. 11 and 17 Marshall st; WEEKS & POTTER; SETH W. FOWLE; H. GOODNOW & CO.; HERB. CUTLER & CO.; M. J. BURR & CO.; STEPHEN WEEKS; L. SMITH; PIERCE & CO.; C. B. DAVIS & CO. and JAS. MACKINTIRE. 6t*

mar17&eod4w July1

Dose.—One wine glass full at bed-time, or when necessary.

One dose will remove all Hot Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One remedy will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Cordial the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipation or indiscretion by night, and feel the effects of it in the morning, by its violent headaches, and nervous agonies, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find a dose of this Cordial will remove all the feelings.

Ladies of weak and nervous habits, constitutions should take the Cordial every morning, before breakfast. It will make them strong, healthy and happy. It removes all obstructions, and by its genial heat and power the bloom of health and beauty is diffused over the cheeks.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to insure that, he has put up the Invigorating Spirit in pint bottles, at 25 cts. per bottle.

General Depot, 48 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. P. Bailey, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. French, Dr. M. S. Thompson, Hughes & Cheney, F. A. Stanley, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. ow29*1

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 31 pieces. Also Carvers and Forks, Steels for Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city. In store and for sale, by H. S. HAYNES,
dec12 46 Merrimack

BRUSSES! BRUSHES!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handle, Shoe Brushes, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Whisk Brushes, Scrubbing Brushes, and Paint Brushes, for sale by WASH BROTHERS, Manufacturers of Brushes, Tin and Wooden Ware, Nos. 11 and 13 Marshall st. WEEKS & POTTER, Agents for Boston. mar2 6m

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for nine years with unexampled success. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Heart Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Heartburn, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramp in the Stomach, Low Spirits, Loss of appetite, Sour Eructations, Nausea, Vomiting, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EVACUATES, INVIGORATES
BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

AS A MEDICINE it is quick and effectual in curing the most rigid and severe cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to mankind, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, find the happy and healthful, and invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

One dose will remove all Hot Spirits.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mar19

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is unsurpassed.

It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or stinky.
It is the most delightful perfume.
It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It eradicates dandruff.
It remains long in effect.
It costs 25 cts. per bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

Kerosene-Bouverys,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE
Lamp wholesale and retail at

DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.

LAMPS,
KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity, at

DEARDEN'S
China and Crockery Warehouse,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
mar3 80 Merrimack Street.

A NOTHER lot of chicken Ballads now on hand at 37 Paige Arcade Book and Music Store.
Here's a health to woman and the Union!
mar21 11 Central street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Freckles, Sunburn, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Rashes or Heat. For sale by S. RIDDER, 37 corner Merrimack and John streets. dec28

Books, Pamphlets, Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Catalogues, Bill Blanks, Programmes, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, Bill Leaves and Cards, Ruled Work, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

Always on hand, a good stock of yearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of marble *inside pages on boards to be cut to order.*

Z. K. STONE, } Proprietors.
N. W. BURR, }

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superior assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY.

Which he has now ready for inspection—Gents.

UGH McEVOY,
sep22&3m 45 Central street.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, BILIOUS DISEASES, DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become permanent friends.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, late from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become very much reduced and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., states to us that they are the most valuable medicine extant. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Seneca Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, suffering from fever and ague two years, with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and frightening character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with fever and ague for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending could do him no good. He says, for all kinds of rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affections, they are a specific never before known.

HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevail,) that he has successfully recommended them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Chronic Constipation, Debility, &c.

D. K. GALLEHERS, N. D., writes from Van Wert, O.: "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of Apothecaries, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such facts as these are receiving Daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
mar7 d1m3m

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than ever before offered in this city. Call and examine before purchasing.

80 Merrimack Street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied amount of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CATTORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

A NID the greatest humbugs of the day is the pretension of any individual to sell Books at any lower discount than at the old and reliable stand of Books in Books in Lowell. The following popular Books are now selling at 37 Paige Arcade, at prices you may be assured are low. 37 Central street.

The Maxwell testament by Wm. Maxwell—complete in 1 vol. 12mo. Price $1.25.

Bobbin Around, Lucy and the Aeadian Exiles, 50 dollar edition, published by B. Dayton, sold for 75 cents.

Address to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.
Dr. Kane's Arctic Explorations, 2 vols.
Dr. Kane's Life, 1 vol.
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Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol.
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Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 12mo.
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Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 8vo.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 2 vols. 8vo.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 4to.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 2 vols. 4to.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 12mo. Price $1.25.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 2 vols. 12mo. Price $2.50.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 8vo. Price $3.00.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 2 vols. 8vo. Price $6.00.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 4to. Price $4.00.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 2 vols. 4to. Price $8.00.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 12mo. Price $1.25.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 2 vols. 12mo. Price $2.50.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 8vo. Price $3.00.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 2 vols. 8vo. Price $6.00.
Dr. Kane's Life, Explorations and Services to Science, 1 vol. 4to. Price $4.00.
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Bill Leaves and Cards, Ruled Work, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

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For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

Always on hand, a good stock of yearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of marble *inside pages on boards to be cut to order.*

Z. K. STONE, } Proprietors.
N. W. BURR, }

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Having an establishment stocked with all the most Modern Types and Presses,

in the case, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

HAS just received direct from manufacturers a new and fine assortment of

CUTLERY,

Comprising Cocoa, Horn, and Ivory handles—the most approved styles, and of quality as represented. Also on hand,

CHINA WARE

Of new and most beautiful shapes, consisting of White CHINA,
Edge and Line do.,
Gold Band do.,
Richly Decorated do.
A full assortment.

—ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—

Rich and Common VASES,
Rich FANCY GOODS,
Silver Plated SPOONS,
" FORKS,
" KNIVES,
" CASTORS,
Britannia
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

in abundance, variety and cheapness, to suit the tastes of all, at

China and Crockery Warehouse,
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
80 Merrimack Street.
mar19 W. DEARDEN.

MOTHERS

IT must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the first diseases of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in this connection are present in your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy KNOWN as

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during twenty years' practice, and know it to be a most reliable and effective remedy for infantile complaints, and one on which you may rely for expressly over every other preparation of its kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And as this period of infantile life when your anxious hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in *Relieving the Pain, Reducing Inflammation, Allaying Fever, and For Diseases attending Teething, such as* Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Disorders of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, and that is the *Greatest* and confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure to every mother who will give it a trial. It promotes digestion, regulates the stomach and bowels, and as imparting in this respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are sold to us than from all other causes, the little sufferer is relieved immediately, as if by magic; and in this brief compass of time, we could refer to more than a thousand mothers (among whom are many well known to us) who have used it in their families with the most perfect success. We have never seen or us of them. Hence the confident manner in which we offer it to the afflicted part of the civilized world, viz.: "What was the previous opinion and testimony of that eminent physician of the Finkle & Lyon sewing Machine?" To which we reply, "Just the same as the opinion of the desirable Facts—Facts that are factors—and Facts that are living witnesses to the skill of those professional friends, who may wish to relieve suffering humanity in a specific manner. Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Infantile Cordial, in every variety of cases, and of manufactories.

Those desirously having determined to meet you there, have redoubled the price list of their excellent Machines, and are now presenting you with all the newest appendages, including the best Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Binder, Gatherer, Tucker, Plaiter, Corder, Cord and Bias Machine, &c.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Lathrop Block, Merrimack Street.

January 2, 1861 ly jan2&tf

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps, Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, &c., and all Cast Iron Fall sizes. Hanging, side, stand, bracket, and student lamps, and study lamps. Also a variety of Lard Oil Lamps. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash retail prices.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and by the barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES'
mh20 46 Merrimack Street.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Influenza and Sore Throat. Singers of the Lungs, Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches invaluable for clearing the voice, among the voice. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

Price 25 cents per box.
mar7 17 Central street.

H. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Is the best remedy ever discovered for the cure of Worms. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

H. M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by
mar17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RUBBER SLATS.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper than any other article of slates. Call and examine at
mar12 S. RIDDER'S.

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD INVIGORATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS mov15

SPAULDING'S
Celebrated Prepared Glue.

THIS Glue has successfully withstood the opposition of all competitors, and the proprietors have been urged to build up a fortune and reputation upon the manufacture of this article, which they have done by the investment and introduction of the genuine article which is now known throughout the civilized world. We wish to put a package of the genuine "Spaulding's Prepared Glue" in the hands of every family.

HUNT'S Book and Music Store.
No. 37 Central street.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!

Do you want a Moustache?

USE GOLDTHWAITE'S IMPROVED IMPERIAL COMPOUND for producing the Whiskers and Hair. Read what the following say:

WARNER, We advise all our male friends to wear whiskers and moustaches as a mark of manhood. We may experience any difficulty in the cultivation of these appendages, we would recommend to them Goldthwaite's Improved Imperial Compound. Goldthwaite's Imperial Compound is just what it is represented to be. Its use is extensive, and is highly appreciated by the people of the United States. Some of the most wonderful results have been produced by its use. The IMPERIAL DEPOT is at 37 Paige Arcade Book and Music Store, 37 Central street, Lowell. Sold by druggists generally. Price $1.00 per bottle. Send free.

GOLDTHWAITE & CO.
Box 31, Stoughton, Mass.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England within the last month.

10,000 sold in the United States within the last two months.

2500 sold in Lowell within the last three months, and still they sell.

Why is it? The reason can be compared to it either in price or quality. Call at No. 6, HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 37 Central street.

THE subscribing new and very popular Ballads are now for sale by E. S. HUNT.

Nothing but a Drunkard's Child.
Parts, Leslie.
Gilbert.
Marshall.
Whitney.
Winnie.
Whitney.
Winnie.
Winnie.
Remember the plaque.
37 Central street.

ROBINSON'S INDENTAL DENTAL PASTE

Preserves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in his soul," &c. &c.

JUST received, first pieces from Ornstein and Carlton, Wallace's Fifth Symphony—and the Pieces by Dimler, Beethoven and Kuhlau.

Tonic Sol-fa by Carl Zerrahn.
Tonic Sol-fa Reader, compound by Oliver Mitchell.
Mitchell's Translation from Rivarius' Opera—second to none. You.
And the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 37 Central st.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply from the above direct importation, for sale by
mar21 S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

A FRESH supply just received and for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

LADIES' RIDING HATS,

NEW STYLES, just received at No. 6 HUNT'S Book and Music Store,
mar21 37 Central street.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New Hog Coal market. A superior RADIUS and GRATE Coal—free from dust. Sold only by H. S. HAYNES & BODGLIF, corner Moody and Market sts.

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SPRING STYLES

HATS.

BLAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York and PHILADELPHIA Well-Known manufactory of Dunne & Co.

The well known leather of Sheffield is admitted as to admit a circulation of air between it and the body of the wearer, rendering all the fatigue from the Hot, exhausting no article to hold the head or change the color.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice, fitted to the head by the use of the Conformateur.
sept29 Corner Central and Market sts.

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
AND
Crockery Ware,

Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for the wants in every respect, Wholesale and Retail, comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
and COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality and prices cannot be surpassed in this side of Boston.

All who wish to purchase Crockery will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,

where they will find the *Goods* and the *Prices*, which will please and satisfy them.

Sign of the *Gold Band Pitcher,*
80 MERRIMACK STREET
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, not a new way, to make money, but a new way to save it after it has been earned, and is now being successfully carried out by hundreds of persons, who, through simple business, were comparatively poor. We have now 500 testimonials of those who are now making from $20 to $30 per week. One young lady in Boston has made over $1000 in one year. Also how the owner of $1000, all earned by his own industry, is enabled to double it in one year, and paid the sum of $1,00. Women can clear from $5 to $10 per day. Men can clear from $10 to $25 per week. A pamphlet containing all the information necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence operations immediately, will be sent on receipt of 25. No money to be invested in stock or patents. Address, E. G. KELLEY & CO., Boston, Mass.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Box 2, Boston, as above.

August 28, 1860 aug28&1y

SOMETHING NEW!

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ASTHMA,

For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

BEDDIS'S
BRONCHIA CIGARETTES,

Made by S. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
Mar. 19m

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S Patent HOT AND COLD DISHES. These dishes are the most convenient, economical and elegant invention, and are highly recommended by all who have used them. Sold only by H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine at 46 Merrimack st.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing properties unknown of anything else, of the kind, and which has been used by many of our first ladies, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best thing known for the relief of females in all cases of *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken during *just* before such monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may be used in safety at any time, and the price will be reduced.

OVER 1000 HOTELS

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Weak Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for cases of obstruction, or which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, *only* for the purpose of producing a monthly evacuation, *or the price will be refunded.*

Sent to all parts of the country. Note or money unless *purchased directly of Dr. M.* or at his Regular Office, No. 29 Union Street, Boston. Mass. Consultation Rooms, No. 29 Union Street Parlor, R. I.

Dr. Mattison's Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature—both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician, and of long standing practice, giving his whole attention to them.

Persons from a distance can have medicines sent by quiet Express, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

In these days of medical imposition, when Quacks, Pretenders and Empirics, without knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cause to be published in the papers, that they are at least making some enquiry, and especially to avoid such, we would say to those who require the services of a regular physician, in any case requiring advice, you will have reason to regret it, if you call on them late. Dr. M. will not deceive you, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet, or Dr. M.'s Treatise OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases in general, will give Circulars giving full information, which *he must understand before entering and treatment*, without which no advertising physician can or will undertake a case. Beware of advertising of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Dr. Mattison is the ONLY PRIVATE physician in Boston, who is a regular New England graduate, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and he gives the very best of skill, and knowledge in all, with a BIG HONESTY and his SKILL. If you have a case, LET HIM TRY IT, and if he cannot cure, HE WILL SAY SO; otherwise, you had better keep away from him.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 28, 1860 aug28&1y

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Celebrated

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Engines, Railroads and all kinds of Machinery. No. 1, $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, No. 2, 75 cts. per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, No. 3, 50 cts. per gallon, supported by any of Engine Refined Illuminating Burning Fluid, 50 cts. per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Burning Fluid, 37½ cts. per gallon; Patent Chemical Oil, for Fireplace, No. 1, 75 cents; do. No. 2, 50 cents per gallon; Patent Chemical Oil, for Stoves, 25 cts. per gallon.

Orders by the case or barrel will receive prompt attention.

Office 116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,
Patent Chemical Oil Company.

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at 6 BRAZER'S
Corner Hat Store

Music Store!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Moulding for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of
PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET Davis & Co.'s celebrated Boston and Square PIANOS, for which they respect the best pianos ever offered at auction in this city. At the Manufacturers' Fire in this city, have constantly on hand a full assortment of Rosewood and Mahogany Pianos, of various styles, WARRANTED, in every particular, to be first class instruments. Also, Melodeons for sale. Merchants to call.
Lowell, June 9, 1858. 1y6m

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Celebrated

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Engines, Railroads and all kinds of Machinery. No. 1, $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, No. 2, 75 cts. per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Burning Fluid, 50 cts. per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Burning Fluid, 37½ cts. per gallon; Patent Chemical Oil, for Fireplace, No. 1, 75 cents; do. No. 2, 50 cents per gallon; Patent Chemical Oil, for Stoves, 25 cts. per gallon.

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Office 116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,
Patent Chemical Oil Company.

FOR BUFFALO ROBES at 6 BRAZER'S
Corner Hat Store

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatic, Neuralgia and nail Rheumatic and constitutional remedy, driving out and eradicating from the system every impurity, requiring no change in our business, and may be taken by children and persons of delicate health, most delicate constitutions, with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

Portland, Dec. 1, 1859.

Dollars & Sense.—Gentlemen—I purchased of you the best medicine for the disease I ever saw CHARLES A. SMITH.

No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being pronounced by best physicians incurable, I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. JEREMIAH T. AYRES,
75 Franklin st Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia in our northern mountain climate, and having exhausted the skill of the best physicians, and tried numerous remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am happy to say it has entirely relieved me. I have also used it in my family for a long time, and with perfect success in every instance. I have no hesitation in recommending it to all who are afflicted with Neuralgia. JOHN A. M'LOON,
Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is worth its weight in gold. I have suffered for several years' standing. W. E. HOBBS,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been afflicted with Neuralgia in the head. He has suffered from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores. Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound cured him.
J. W. HAMMOND,
Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound is worth its weight in gold. W. C. HIGGINS,
Proprietor, No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
FANNY THOMPSON,
Pearl 30, House, Boston.

I certify that my friend, Mr. Holden, 124, Pearl street, Boston, was afflicted with Neuralgia, suffering with a terrible attack of Neuralgia in the head. Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound relieved him in a few hours.
ALBERT SMITH,
Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have found it a perfect remedy. We have full confidence in its being a safe, sure and permanent cure for the above diseases, and have no hesitation in recommending it to the public as one of the most valuable and best medicines in use.
Henry Gardiner, Merchant, Boston.
Henry D. Gardiner, Merchant street, Boston.
Wm. Gardiner, Boston.
Henry A. Fuller, 18 South market street, Boston.
Wm. Gardiner, Jr., Boston.
Henry Gardiner, Jr., Boston.
Jacob Wendell, Wendell street, Boston.
Wm. Gardiner, Wendell street, East Acton.
Chas. Gardiner, Boston.
Daniel Townsend, 4 Pearl street, Boston.
Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been taken by hundreds of people, and has never failed to cure.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.

Sold by druggists generally. Price $1.00 per bottle. MACY & JENKINS, of Liberty street, for the United States, Canada and Europe. LETTMAN BROS., 120 Wall street, New York; otherwise, you had better keep away from us.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Box 2, Boston, as above.

August 28, 1860 aug28&1y

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Palmine, Silver of Violets, Rose Geranium, Lily of the Valley, Cocoa and Palm Nut Soaps, for sale by E. RIDDER, 37 Merrimack and John sts. dec21

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR, manufactured from Meal from white wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by
mar17 H. S. WOOD, 45 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DYEING.—This is now and acquires a fine color. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

Dressing and Beautifying the Hair.—It renovates the hair, prevents it from falling off, promotes a new growth, and causes the hair to grow in curls. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

FOR SALE.—A very cheap and fine Piano, a rosewood case, 7 octaves. Apply at 37 Paige Arcade.

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 12 o'clock, M., until 2 P. M.

The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we shall endeavor to furnish the best the market can afford.

We respectfully hope by the strictest attention to merit a share of the public patronage.

H. BERRY.

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
AND
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the rib, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is under the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is often mistaken for a *rheumatism* in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sleepy feeling; the eyes are sallow; there is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; in fact, the symptoms are so various that it is hardly necessary to enumerate them. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where but few of them existed, on examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, in cases of Ague and Fever, when taken according to directions, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE by druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and by dealers in medicine everywhere.

P.S. Dealers purchasing from other houses than Fleming Bros., will do well to write to Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., and learn how they can buy the genuine and save money by it. Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. To those writing us for them we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States: one box of Pills for twenty-five cents; three boxes for fifty cents; one dozen boxes for one dollar. All orders from Canada for medicine must be accompanied by twenty cents per box additional, to pay postage.

Sold by all respectable Druggists and Country Merchants generally.

For sale by RIDDER, corner Merrimack and John sts. ow29&1y

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, April 29, 1861.

We regret to observe at this time a spirit of fault-finding in some of the Republicans prints. Some are dissatisfied with Mr. Lincoln because he does not move fast enough, or does not adopt their ideas; others complain of his cabinet, which is pronounced behind the times. If their unjust and ill-called for complaints are continued, there certainly will be a disunion of public sentiment, where now but one voice is heard. The fact is, probably, that Government is moving with as much expedition as necessary, and is doing its work thoroughly; and by the time of the expiration of the President's Proclamation (May 6th), will be prepared to execute such measures as the exigencies of the times require, promptly and vigorously.

We have every confidence in Mr. Lincoln and his cabinet, and we are also persuaded that the wisdom concentrated at Washington, and active at this time in behalf of the interests of our nation, is not to be circumvented or overthrown by the plotting traitors that threaten its stability. It is an easy matter, without knowing the obstacles that interpose to prevent their execution, for New York editors to plan campaigns, destroy and blockade cities, &c., and it is still easier to complain if their ideas are not accepted. But the responsibility of doing such things with the means at command with which to do them, is of the greatest importance, and requires the exercise of the wisest judgment. We hope the fault-finding of the old scolds of the Republican party will not be listened to. Mr. Lincoln has not yet disappointed the country; and we trust that none will withdraw from him their confidence or fail to acquiesce in the measures of his government.

MASSACHUSETTS IN THE FIELD. By a private letter from a gentleman connected with the military at Annapolis, we learn that Gen. Butler is winning the good opinion of all and will distinguish himself. There is an opportunity to do so during this struggle between the North and the South. The Massachusetts troops are already behaving admirably, and have thus far been called on to do about all the service, and they have proved themselves ready and efficient. We have excellent troops in the field; and enough more at home that are impatient to join them. Massachusetts will do her share of the work, and do it well, too.

The *New York Evening Post* says:—"The seceders of Maryland were to meet at Annapolis to make a formal and impudent finish to their base treason; but Gen. Butler, of Massachusetts, to the delight of every loyal man in the country, took the responsibility of landing them there, and if they met he would arrest every one of them. Doubtless he had no orders—because government could not reach him in time. He took the responsibility, and he did well."

AN EXTRAORDINARY CONFERENCE PROPOSED. Our exchanges announce that C. J. Ingersoll has invited ex-Presidents Buchanan, Pierce, Fillmore, Tyler and Van Buren, to become arbitrators to settle the differences between the North and the South. We can conceive of no more ludicrous convention than this. Who has authorized Mr. Ingersoll to bring together these men, we know not; but we do know that nobody has the least idea that they will propose or agree upon anything that the people this way desire. Better, by far, it is also rumored, is on his way to visit Jeff. Davis, but his "mission" is known only to himself. We shall probably hear from him in a few days, but meeting together beneath a Southern or Northern mask, none can tell.

DIED OF HIS WOUNDS. Corporal S. Henry Needham, of the Lawrence Light Infantry, Company D, Captain John Pickering, died in Baltimore on Saturday last. While his company and others of the Sixth Regiment were passing through Baltimore, he was struck on the back of the head with paving stones, thrown by some ruffian in the mob, and his skull was fractured. He spoke but a single word, which was in answer to a question whether he died easily, when he said "No." It is believed he did not comprehend the question, as it is stated he has a wife. His skull was trepanned, and every possible attention paid to him by the medical faculty and the sisters of charity. Needham was a native of Bethel, Maine.

WESTFORD. We are informed that the statement which was made in our paper a few days ago, that a secession flag had been raised by an Irishman in Westford, and was pulled down by two brothers named Keyes, is incorrect. No flag of the kind has ever been put up there by an Irishman, but there was a difficulty between one and a Yankee, which had however, nothing to do with a flag of any kind. The Irishmen of Westford go for the Star Spangled Banner, to a man.

MANUFACTURING AT MANCHESTER. We learn from the *Manchester Mirror* that the Amoskeag Mills have curtailed operations to a small degree, by suspending work entirely on Saturday of each week. We believe the corporations are working on full time. The Stark Mills are working on contract, and are doing a brisk business in the manufacture of seamless bags. The Amoskeag Mills have orders for the manufacture of tent cloth, which is new business in this place. The Manchester Mills are manufacturing bunting, which is to receive the impress of the Stars and Stripes at the

WAR NEWS.

Maine. The Legislature adjourned last Thursday. Gov. Washburn has issued his order for 10,000 volunteers. At Gardiner, a company of 85 men was formed in a few hours, and another company is fast forming, the men to weigh not less than two hundred pounds each.

New Hampshire. The Concord City Council has appropriated $10,000 in aid of volunteers. The Granite State Guards, of Great Falls, having tendered their services, have received orders to march to Concord to-morrow.

Rhode Island. The State has purchased a steam tug for the coast guard service, and will arm her immediately.

New York. It is understood that Hon. John A. Dix will be appointed Major General by the Governor. Seven more companies were enrolled in Albany last Friday, for two years' service. The Buffalo regiment is anxious to be called into service.

Pennsylvania. A requisition has been made for twenty-one more regiments, one of cavalry, making a total of thirty-eight regiments, or 29,500 men. The Governor will recommend the legislature which meets to-morrow, to raise 10,000 more men for a contingent reserve. Clearfield County with 4000 voters, offers a full regiment.

Illinois. A regiment has been sent from Spring field to occupy Alton. A bill for a three million loan for war purposes, and another to send ten thousand militia into camp to answer the next call of the Governor will probably pass the Legislature.

Iowa. The State regiment is in camp awaiting orders, and 10,000 are waiting a call to war.

Missouri. Four regiments of volunteers for the service of the United States are nearly organized, and another is being formed. Henry Boernstein has been elected Colonel of the Second Regiment.

Washington and vicinity. Washington despatches say that there are 14,000 troops in that city. The President will promulgate his proclamation extending the blockade to the ports of Virginia and North Carolina, for the same reason that he has the ports of other States.

Influential men in Washington have petitioned the President for the appointment of Cassius M. Clay as a Major General in the army of the United States. This proposition meets with no opposition from the President, and General Scott is said to be similarly inclined. An effort is making to obtain a similar appointment for Ex-Governor Banks. The Seventh New York regiment gave a splendid collation to the Eighth Massachusetts regiment at its own expense, on the 24th. The Massachusetts regiment is quartered at the rotunda of the Capitol, and the 5th in the Treasury Building. In the rotunda of the Capitol, on Saturday, a stack of muskets were accidentally fell, and three of the guns discharged. A ball passed through the right foot of Moses S. Herrick of the Beverly Company. His foot was amputated. Captain Clark, of the 6th Massachusetts regiment, received a flesh wound in the arm from a musket discharged by a private, who fell while drilling. This is probably Capt. E. S. Clark, of the Groton Company. Several members of the 5th and 6th Massachusetts regiments have been injured by revolvers accidentally discharged, and sent home.

General Butler remains at Annapolis.—Deven's Rifles, Boston Flying Artillery and the 6th New York Regiment are stationed there. General Butler has planted a battery on the heights opposite the city, and can destroy the city at an hour's notice. About 12,000 troops have landed there.

Gen. Butler says there is a musket guarding every rail between there and Washington.

It is now the plan to place large bodies at the intermediate stations. The superintendent of the road has been arrested for taking up the rails.

Troops and munitions of war have been sent to Fort Carroll and McHenry.

The frigate Constitution has arrived at New York. She had on board 150 midshipmen from the Naval Academy, 25 seamen, and three companies of Massachusetts troops to protect the ship.

Col. SCHLEY, of the Astor House, declines all pay for feeding the Massachusetts troops.

It is reported from good authority that no more troops will be ordered out without complete preparation for service.

The *New York Times* correspondent says that a deputation of Virginians and Marylanders waited on the President on Wednesday and demanded the cessation of hostilities until after the session of Congress. The President's answer was prompt and decided. One of the deputation said that 78,000 Marylanders would contest the right of passage, to which he replied that he was by the medical faculty and the sisters of charity. Needham was a native of Bethel, Maine.

SOUTHERN NEWS. *Maryland.* The Legislature is in session, and it is reported to be in favor of having Maryland assume a neutral position. It is proposed to arm the State. Baltimore is reported to be quiet.

Virginia. The ordinance of secession is published. It repeals her ratification of the federal constitution, and effects to resume for her all her rights and powers as a free and independent State. The ordinance is to take effect when ratified by a majority of the votes of the people of the State, on the fourth Tuesday in May. High authority states that Gov. Letcher has notified the President that no troops from Virginia will be allowed to march on the capitol or interfere with it in any manner. The object of Virginia is to defend her soil from aggression from the North. He will not permit the troops of the Confederate States to cross Virginia to attack Washington. Little confidence can be put in the promises of Virginia.

Gentlemen from New Orleans report the whole country between Jackson, Tennessee, and New Orleans in arms. Company after company is marching along the road. They seemed destitute of arms, using old muskets, shot-guns and rifles. All the troops except those at Fort Pickens are being moved rapidly North. The best of those destined for Fort Pickens have been withdrawn. It is believed at New Orleans that there will be no attack upon Fort Pickens for weeks.

A large number of troops are at Pensacola sick and dying of fatigue and hunger. The people of Alabama and Mississippi are crazy with excitement. The latter's spirit is rampant, and rendered daily more desperate by threatened famine and starvation. Large contracts from a State in Alabama, who left Mobile on Tuesday, reports that hundreds of troops are returning from Fort Pickens disgusted, and satisfied that it is impossible to capture it.

It is reported that Lord Lyons a few days since dispatched his first Secretary to Montgomery. It is understood that he carried information to Jeff. Davis as to the position Napoleon finds it best to assume toward the Confederate Government.

It is pretty certain their Commissioners to England will not be received in an official capacity.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE TROOPS TO BE FED. We learn by a dispatch from Boston, to supply the necessities of our army at the capital, the provision dealers in Quincy Market have agreed to send a vessel load of provisions to the troops daily. Ice dealers have furnished the ice.

At a meeting held in the City Government buildings on Saturday evening, a SOLDIERS' AID ASSOCIATION was organized, with the following officers and standing committees:

NATHAN CROSBY, President; S. W. STICKNEY, Treasurer; M. C. BAYLEY, Secretary.

COMMITTEE ON COLLECTIONS.

Ward 1—W. G. Wise, S. L. Dana, Edward Tufts, Mrs. E. Tufts, Mrs. W. G. Wise, Mrs. Paul Hill, Mrs. H. Sawyer, Mrs. J. B. Francis, Miss L. A. Kimball.

Ward 2—Mrs. Lucius Manning, Miss Child, H. W. Hilton, Mrs. Hastin Pillsbury, Mrs. Amos Rogg, Mrs. F. F. Hastins, Mrs. J. P. Hamblin, Miss Mary Child, Miss Mary Read.

Ward 3—Isaac A. Fletcher, Samuel Conyers, James Meadowcraft, Mrs. Wm. North, Mrs. Joseph Tapley, Mrs. Cyril French, Mrs. J. W. Leonard, Mrs. Daniel S. Richardson, Miss Fanny Heed.

Ward 4—S. Adam, W. E. Livingston, Josiah Gates, Miss Ellen Gates, Miss Augusta Watson, Miss Susan Cleveland, Miss Elizabeth Winchester, Miss Mary Horn, Miss Elizabeth Ordway.

Ward 5—Mrs. James C. Ayer, W. S. Southworth, George W. Shattuck, Mrs. Joseph Bedlow, Mrs. William Fuske, Mrs. Alexander Wright, Mrs. Wm. Miller, Miss Mary Carney, Miss Lucia M. Brooks.

Ward 6—C. D. Abbot, J. A. Goodwin, C. B. Stevens, Mrs. C. D. Miller, Mrs. B. F. Butler, Mrs. J. A. Goodwin, Miss E. Sheldon, Miss F. Talbot, Miss M. S. Gooding.

Committee on Purchase of Supplies—Charles H. Coburn, F. P. Folsom, William Nichols.

Committee on Correspondence and Forwarding. William G. Wise, Saml. D. Sargeant, Joseph F. Trott.

An executive committee was established to consist of the officers of the association and the chairmen of the several standing committees.

To the committee on collections is intrusted the collection of funds, and also the collection and preparation of articles. The committee on purchase and supplies are to procure and receive such supplies as may be needed.

The executive committee will appropriate and direct the use of all funds and supplies for the use of the Sixth Regiment, and subsequent troops called in service.

The object of the association is to promote the comfort, to aid in the care and encouragement, and to relieve the wants of the citizen soldiers of this locality while they are in service, by providing such articles and conveniences they may need that may not be otherwise furnished them; to provide means for the transmission and of information between them and their friends at home.

It is not doubted but that the government will provide as far as a regular system will allow for the comfort and welfare of the soldiery, but situated as many of the volunteer soldiery have been in the enjoyment of the comforts and luxuries of life, the change to that of service in the ranks must subject them to conditions that are uncomfortable to bear, and the feeling of the community is aroused to the conviction of this, and there will be no trouble to enter into their hardships are ready with open hands to relieve them of such privations and inconveniences in their present condition and provide what they may to this object, and the Association is formed to promote the efforts to aid the soldiers and make them effective.

It is proposed to solicit subscriptions in two forms, one in which those who are willing may contribute a fixed sum, and the other in which subscriptions will be received for a certain amount and that the individual subscriber is willing to be assessed upon as the contingencies of the campaign may require, from time to time, in some future time, that contributions of labor will be needed in preparing articles for use by the soldiers. The Association is to consist of those persons who contribute to its objects, and it is hoped and believed that this community will cheerfully contribute to its effects.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

MR. EDITOR:—Let every Lowell soldier and every soldier's wife and family be provided for. Let the city council order an outlay by the measure of $50,000, and if that is not enough, draw the balance needed from the reserve fund. This will unite justice with benevolence. This will impose the burden where it should be: upon property.

True, as it has been said, there are many who can give freely, and not feel it. Others, with the same noble sentiments and feelings, from losses and depreciation of property are not able to give what their hearts dictate. By this assessment, all property will pay its just proportion for its use and protection, and not a husband, wife and children will not be left to the charity of the benevolent, but will receive aid from a sure source. $50,000 is more than the exigency requires. Let the balance be left for the payment of the city debt.

There are cases enough for individual relief, where the delicacy of the recipient would suffer by the receipt of relief from the city treasury. But in this exigency, the city makes the grant for value received. It is the duty of the city to make the grant, and the right of the soldier's family to receive it.

A TAX PAYER.

CITY LIBRARY. This institution is now open for the delivery of books to subscribers as usual.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Court of Insolvency at Lowell, May 1st, at 9 o'clock. Hon. ASAHEL A. M. KNOWLTON, J.

Thomas J. Dow, third meeting; William Upham, do. do.; William H. Lamson, do. do.; Jonathan Sawyer, do. do.; John C. Worth, do. do.; Benjamin S. Stuart, do. do.; Harriet Hadingley, do. do.; Jane Simpson, do. do.

WANTED,

A Drummer and Fifer for the Richardson Light Infantry, Company G, Sixth Regiment. Apply to Serg. WORCESTER, at the Armory, Merrimack Building, Lowell, April 29, 1861. 2t

ATTENTION!

The members of the LOWELL LIGHT INFANTRY are requested to be at their Armory, on Merrimack Street, Saturday Eve., at 7 o'clock this (MONDAY) evening, Business of importance demands a full and prompt attendance. The Company is expected to be ready to march at any time after Friday next.

TEMPLE TEBBETTS, Capt.

Lowell, April 29, 1861.

LOWELL RIDING ACADEMY,

Opposite Prescott's Baptist Church, Paige St.

MR. J. W. ROBINSON

Respectfully announces to his friends and the public that his Academy is now open, having been re-built in an improved and thorough manner. The work has been done by Mr. George E. Pearson, who has added to the looks and advantages of this main room by raising the roof, and also by the generation of air by steam, and accidents like the late disaster cannot occur. The Academy is now in complete order for riding, and the best of horses for the use of ladies and gentlemen. The subscriber will continue to assume to himself the requirements of those who patronize him, Mr. Robinson hopes to keep his place in good condition, and also to conserve the confidence he has exercised in the past, as he is now commencing the active speculation of his patrons.

LADIES' RIDING HABITS. 100, FOR THE PRIZE!

Posting Lessons three days in class this term 50 cts. (if possible.) Gent any private lessons one. I propose to give public exhibition at the close, at which I will award, in accordance with the number of pupils, one of three liberal Premiums to such as shall then, and there, be identified by certificates. J. W. ROBINSON.

Lowell, April 27, 1861. apr29 1m

ATTENTION, COMPANY!

The ZOUAVE RIFLE COMPANY are hereby notified to meet at the Light Guards EVERY EVENING, for Drill.

Per order, apr29 THOMAS C. HUDSON, Clerk.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Professor LEON S. ROBERTS will give a series of Lectures on Elocution to the several Teachers of the Public Schools of the city, at Huntington Hall, on the evening afternoon, May 1st, at 2 1-4 o'clock.

These lectures are for the Teachers and applicants to teach, all of whom are especially invited and expected by the Committee to be present.

Per order of Special Committee.

GEO. STEVENS, Chairman.

Lowell, April 25, 1861. apr25 3t

ELECTROPATHY.

DR. S. FAIGE will be decided to remain a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 3 American House, Central Street.

Dr. F. would respectfully state that he has a new style of electricity, the arrangement or loss of vitality of the body which renders it necessary for those who are to be benefitted by the use of drugs and nostrums for years, and who have failed to receive benefit from other modes of treatment, will find a natural and potent curative agent, in the use of Dr. Faige's Electropathic Fluid.—ELECTRICITY.

N. B.—Dr. Faige furnishes the best Instruments for Electro-Chemical Baths, instructions in Electropathy &c. apr29 1m

THE LOWELL PULPIT ON THE WAR. The excitement having been less yesterday than on the preceding Sabbath the churches were better attended. With, probably, but one exception, the subject which so agitates the country was appropriately alluded to in the Lowell pulpits yesterday. The pulpit, like the pew, is in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war, that shall soon establish the supremacy of our country's flag and carry terror into the traitors camp. We give a brief synopsis of some of the discourses yesterday, representing each denomination in the city:—

Central Methodist Church. Rev. Mr. Field yesterday afternoon preached from the following text:—1 Kings viii.: 44, 45. *If thy people go out to battle against their enemy, &c.* God of battles! God of battles! God of battles amid the impressive scenes of the dedication of the temple afford a sufficient justification for bringing the subject of the present crisis before the Christian pulpit. Christianity afforded the only vision point from which a true and perfect view of the subject could be commanded. War is a terrible scourge. It was under the control of Providence, and in the present instance could no more be avoided by us, than could the laws of nature be ignored in the avalanche, the earthquake and the storm.

Not to resist now would render us recreant to right, traitors to God, enemies to mankind, and would result in reducing us to the slavery of tyrants. Scripture precedents were referred to. In the prayer of the text there was a respect to national constitutions and laws. The prayer was to Lord toward the city which thou hast chosen." The patriotism of the Jew was illustrated by reference to manna, as made known in scripture, and the Son of God weeping hands to our country's prosperity was an instance of divine patriotism. If a noble Terrence could say, "I am a man, and the duties of humanity to me are nothing, if I am to humanity," how eagerly should we discharge the duties of a Christian to God? Patriots in defence of that which should be held dearer to us than life itself. The character of the Christian soldier, as one of the nation was glanced at. We have now not for a moment to forget that the individual soldier is willing to be assessed upon as the contingencies of the campaign may require, from time to time, in some future time, that contributions of labor will be needed in preparing articles for use by the soldiers. The Association is to consist of those persons who contribute to its objects, and it is hoped and believed that this community will cheerfully contribute to its effects.

Central Universalist Church. At the Second Universalist Society, Mr. Fletcher alluded to the state of our country in his morning prayer and also in his sermon. In closing his discourse he said that there was not the present crisis any war; the assault on Fort Sumter was not the primary cause; but our legislators and rulers—those who have made and executed the laws, have failed to recognize their responsibility to God. Even members of the cabinet had shaped the character of our government while under the influence of a spirit the opposite of the spirit of Christ; and until the Supreme ruler was recognized by those who are at the head of our nation, we should look in vain for peace and prosperity in our land.

Second Unitarian Church. Rev. Mr. Clarke, of Haverhill, we are informed, preached an able discourse on the all absorbing theme at the Lee Street Church in the afternoon. In the morning no prayer was on manhood, which he closed with an appropriate allusion to the struggle now going forward, contending that what is true of men is true of nations, and that in the contest, the North must succeed.

PRESENTATION. A few days since a lady connected with the Appleton Street (Rev. Dr. Cleaveland's) Society met one of the members of the Richardson Light Infantry, and after a short conversation ascertained what small articles, which a lady's nimble fingers can manufacture, the company would most in need of. Having received the desired information, she called a meeting of her sisters, and the materials having been procured, their hands were busy in making pin-cushions, hemming handkerchiefs and sewing, and sixty-seven neat packages were made up, each containing a new towel, handkerchief, pin-cushion, needle-book, thread, and a beautiful copy of the English Common Bible, the name of each soldier being written inside of the latter and on the outside of the package. This Monday evening, about eight o'clock, Dr. Cleaveland, accompanied by a few of the ladies, appeared in the armory for the purpose of making the presentations, which was done by the Dr., who, after a fervent prayer, said the towels were given because the ladies believed a clean soldier would fight better than a dirty one. The handkerchiefs were to be symbols of their work in wiping out the tears which the present national crisis has caused.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, William LaMountain, for truancy, was sent to the House of Reformation for two years.

Francis Keefe, for larceny of a gold chain, was convicted and sentenced this afternoon. One or two continued cases were settled by the parties paying costs.

HYMENIAL. Under the appropriate head will be found the marriage of a member of the Lowell Brigade Band, the one who, with a single exception, was most roughly treated by the Baltimore mob, on the 19th of April. The band will long live to enjoy the Union in peace and happiness.

PATENTS. Among those granted for the week ending April 23d, were the following:—

Joseph Stevens of Low-ll, assignor to himself and H. M. Currier, for improved hand-rest.

John Magee of Lawrence, assignor to himself and William J. Towne, of Newton, for improvement in stoves.

HAVE YOU SEEN

EMMA WALLER?

BROTHERS OF THE GOOD LADIES OF OUR CITY

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen of England.

ARMENIAN WOMEN.—America is justly proud of its beautiful women, but how many die early, miserably, or prematurely lose their health and beauty, by the use of those deadly poisons, the pestilence alkalies. That remedy is found in Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., which is composed entirely of Herbs, and was, it brought away an immense number of worms in bunches and strings; many have suppressed the use of this valuable remedy for a long time, saying most excellent health. I take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted and old, as one of the best medicines I ever used.

MRS. ANN JEMISON, 38 Sixth Street.

☞ Purchasers will be required to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, or FLEMING'S VERMIFUGE, of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges are counterfeits. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills are a genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills. Fleming's are counterfeits. For sale by druggists and storekeepers generally. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

apr29 1m* [40] Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	D. B. Richardson,
H. F. Stickney,	John Nesmith,
L. G. Hosmer,	E. F. Sherman,
	Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Stores in Lowell, and the Premiums are over trade in this class. The present cash assets of the Company are $110,000, with a surplus to the amount of $113,870.32. The attention of owners of property is called to the Stock Department of this Company, as it is DIVIDED in paid on policies expiring in 1861, and can be renewed at a reduction. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

JOSHUA WHEELER, Secretary.

D. C. COBURN, President.

E. F. SHERMAN, Surg and Treas.

Lowell, Apr 13, 1861. 3m*apr20

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the form soft and rich, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is most cool and refreshing in Summer, and is warm in Winter, and will give immediate relief to the fiting of Insects. Nothing possesses more into the composition. The contents of a bottle will be taken without harm. *Its application every night for a week, will rest the most fretful of Fingers.*

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

To remove every Eruption of the Skin.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

To make your Face clear and Complexion fine.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

Before you have your Photograph taken.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

Before you go out to Parties.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

A pure Cure for all Cutaneous Eruptions.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

Whenever you feel Disagreeable.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

When you have the Blues.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

For Chapped Hands, Face, Lips, Scratches, Insect Stings, &c.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

If you would have your Beard Grow.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

If you wish a perfectly ugly Beard.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM

And you will not be disappointed.

Physicians and Druggists throughout the country certify that the above results have been frequently obtained by its use. Ladies who have used Spalding's Prepared Glue, Hagan's Magnolia Balm, and Lyon's Kathairon, pronounce it the best. It is the most elegant and truly yet an article for the toilet. Sold by druggists and dealers in all our Apothecaries, and Fancy Goods Stores.

Prepared only by

DR. F. HAGAN & CO. Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

Sold by Druggists & M. S. Mills & Co., Lowell. apr29 3m

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is everywhere in the United States and Europe, is acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all its competitors in simplicity, beauty of stitch, and in some a domestic construction, and is justly invited to the attention of families in all the first circles of society, as one which, from its perfect freedom from liability to get out of order, is the best adapted to the use of the million.

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for their own use, and are their stores in Lowell.

S. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
J. A. Burbank,	H. Hosford,
H. F. Hall,	C. F. Appleton,
E. Huntington,	Wm. Wheeler,
A. A. Abbott,	Mrs. Dr. Bartlett,
C. B. Coburn,	J. P. Folsom,
Mrs. Dr. Foster,	Mrs. Dr. Foster,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant,	J. N. Pierce,
Rev. E. H. Sears,	Mrs. J. Tyler,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Mrs. Dr. Bowers,	Mrs. Dr. Bowers,
A. R. Brown,	C. F. Blanchard,
Mrs. Dr. Bowers,	Mrs. Dr. Bowers,

This Machine in a variety of styles and sizes, is for sale at the Agency, No. 2 Merrimack Square, and at the residence of the ladies, appointed in the armory for the purpose of making the presentations, which was done by the Dr., who, after a fervent prayer, said the towels were given because the ladies believed a clean soldier would fight better than a dirty one. The handkerchiefs were to be symbols of their work in wiping out the tears which the present national crisis has caused.

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HAVE YOU SEEN

EMMA WALLER?

SECOND COMMITTEE. The regular monthly meeting of this Board was held Saturday afternoon. Daniel Swan was admitted as a member of the High School; no action upon the petition of Charles H. Smart was recommended and adopted. A report from the committee on books recommending certain changes in text books was recommitted, with instructions to report at the next regular meeting. The Secretary was instructed to notify the several Agents of the Corporations, of certain children being employed in the mills, contrary to the provisions of the Statutes concerning school children. A petition was presented from John McCarthy and others that primary school-house, No. 32, may be furnished with new seats and desks. Referred to committee on school-houses. It was voted that in the opinion of the Board an square in front of the Green School, on Middle Street, should be laid out as a play ground for scholars of the Green School and Intermediate School No. 3, and that it should be under the charge of the principal of the Intermediate School. Messrs. North, Merrill and Kimball were appointed a committee to consider the expediency of reopening the Primary School on Mill St. Messrs. Merrill, Bayley and Eaton, of Primary School, Lucy A. Eaton, of Primary School, No. 25; Mary F. Cumminsky, of No. 43, and Jennie V. Wight, of No. 39, were continued as teachers—teachers until the next meeting of the Board. Voted to supply a copy of Worcester's Dictionary to each department of the High School. The committee of the High School to whom was referred the subject of increasing the salary of Miss Ellis, were allowed further time.

MORE FLAG-RAISINGS. On Saturday afternoon a new flag was unfurled from the belfry of the First Congregational Church in this city, and there was quite a gather ing of people. In the morning no prayer-meeting had been made to draw a portion of them together. After singing the Star Spangled Banner, the Rev. Mr. Jenkins read a selection from the Old Testament, offered a fervent prayer. Dr. Morse made some very appropriate remarks, and introduced Hon. Linus Child, who spoke with feelings of the deepest interest. He then up from Boston to inform him that he was off for the war. Dr. J. U. Ayer entertained the crowd by reading extracts from letters received by himself that day from the South, commencing the same with remarks in his usual earnest way.

The American flag was raised on the store of the block in the Hamilton Mills the same afternoon in the presence of those employed in them. The Lowell Brigade Band was stationed in the belfry and played several National airs and the operatives also sang a patriotic song.

The flag used by the Douglas party in the last campaign was run out last Saturday evening, on a cord from the roof of Dr. Bixby's residence on Kirk Street, building opposite our office, corner of Middle and Central Street. It bears the motto "The people must rule."

A flag was also run out from Ocean Hydrant House to Norris' stable, on Warren Street. The Lowell Bleachery have refloated the stars from the spire on their belfry, and also raised a flag.

DR. HOSEA, Inspector Surgeon, will be at the armory on Market Street, this evening.

DEATHS. Lowell, April 27th, Mrs. Mary Ann Wilson, aged 50 years.

In this city, Saturday evening, April 27th, by Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, Sergt. Hosea Wilkinson to Miss Abbie Ann Wilson.

MARRIAGES.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS,

Recorded in the City Clerk's Office for the week ending April 27, 1861.

Names.	Residence.	Age.	Birthplace.
Nathan Cogswell	Lowell,	23	Lowell, Mass.
Susan S. Shepherd	"	23	Westfield, Vt.
Joseph Bowers	"	21	Kendall's Mills
Georgiana F. Brown	"	18	Kendall's Mills
E. P. Fairbanks	E. Reading	22	Chelsea,
Mary A. Hall	Lowell,	21	Lowell,
John Murray	"	23	Ireland.
Catherine Dillard	"	21	"
Charles C. Bing	"	22	Lowell,
Ann J. Tuck	"	21	Newburyport,
Charles Hartley	"	31	Hudson, Vt.
Ellen Hartley	"	21	Ireland.
Patrick Bing	"	27	N. Brunswick.
Ellen Cunningham	"	21	Ireland.
George A. Tucker	"	21	Roxbury,
Ellen M. Bowers	"	21	Lowell,
John C. Hobbs	Dover, N. H.	24	Candgee, N. H.
Mary Ann Johnson	Lowell,	21	Newburyport,
George Donahue	"	21	Ireland.
Ann Lee	"	21	"
Walter Lahey	"	30	"
Mary Ann Mahoney	"	21	"
Edwin Andrews	"	22	Methuen,
Ellen Sullivan	"	18	Ireland.

Second marriages of party.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, Saturday evening, April 27th, by Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, Sergt. Hosea Wilkinson to Miss Abbie Ann Wilson.

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths for week ending April 27, 1861, by Dr. Wm. Perry, City Physician.

Abner F. Murray, 25 yrs, consumption.
Mary A. Wilson, 50 yrs, consumption.
Mary Ann Johnson, 21 yrs, consumption.
Adeline C. Jackson, 29 yrs, consumption.
Mary Ann Mahoney, 21 yrs, consumption.
John J. Mathers, 1 yr, congestion of lungs.
Ellen M. Bowers, 21 yrs, consumption.
D. George P. Butterfield, 35 yrs, consumption.

Of Consumption, 3; of Lung Fever, 1; of Scarlet Fever, 1; of Inflammation of brain, 1; James Donnelly, 13 mos, Inflammation of brain.
Joseph Donnelly, 3 mos, Inflammation of brain.
Catherine Donnelly, 3 yrs, Inflammation of brain.
Wm. Sullivan, 1 yr, Inflammation of bowels.

MOSES W. KIDDER, Supt. of Burials.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY OF LOWELL,

Clerk's Office, April 17, 1861.

WHEREAS a petition has been presented to the City Council by Darwin D. Hosmer and others, praying that a new street may be laid out from Central Street, the Joint Standing Committee on Streets, in whom said petition has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of May next, at 4 o'clock, P. M., at the office of the City Engineer, in the City Government Building, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested in the premises, who are hereby notified to appear and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of the Committee.

RICHARD W. BAKER, Clerk. apr27 3t

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Liverpool Salt, in Lowell, hereby caution the public against the counterfeit Liverpool Salt now in the market.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public that we have the only genuine Liverpool Salt, and if they hope to get the genuine article, as we have imported it direct from Liverpool, they will call at our store.

BOSTON & LOWELL STEAM PACKET CO.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department, on the most favorable terms.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Office in Exchange Insurance Agency, 64 State and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16tf

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints, and all complaints in the worst painful form: Jaundice, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Piles, Dyspepsia, Debility, Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the secretions, remove obstructions, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and purify the blood better than any medicine known. Sold by all the Druggists in the town Boston and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Burdock, Dandelion, Mandrake, Poplar and Prickly Ash Bark, Ithotarb, Dandelion, and others recently added, all of which are combined in such a manner as to accordance with the laws of Nature, forming the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that has ever been offered to the public. The worst cases of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Blotches, and all should use it at once. Pleasant, and safe at all times for children and infants.

This same nostrum is also put up in a more concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Super Concentrated Root and Herb Bitters, for those who cannot without gripping or pain, and will cure Consumption, Bad Pins, Scrofula, and all Humors.

Beware of Counterfeits.

The genuine has the name of Dr. J. P. Langley blown in each bottle, and a fac simile of his signature on the wrapper.

BENNET & HOOK, Sole Proprietors.

Address Dr. J. C. LANGLEY, Box 1922, Boston. And Marshall Brown, Boston, Mass., General Agents for New England.

HURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. H. Hamblen's, No. 23 Central st., and at his new Bookstore, apr24 No. 37 Merrimack st.

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Monsart Hall, corner of John St.,

Selling Boquets complete for 50 cents.
Selling Bridal Boquets complete for $1.00.
Selling Funeral Boquets complete for $1.00.
Selling Velvet Boquets complete for $1.50.
Selling Velvet Boquets complete for $2.00.
Selling Tarry Velvet Boquets complete for $3.00.
Selling Tarry Velvet Boquets complete for $4.00.
Selling Boquets of all sorts for 25 cents.

RICH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

apr25 3t

C. G. H. BAYES, M. D.,

*

BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
1849 RESERVE

The established popularity of this Cream Oak Bourbon as a medicinal agent, renders a description unnecessary in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskeys.

Being distilled in 1849, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon as *strictly pure* stimulant, and peculiarly effective for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Dyspepsia, Derangements of the Stomach, Nervousness, &c.

As a curative agent it has a tendency to re-create and strengthen; while age renders it unobtrusive in medicinal charm and enriched it with a delicious flavor and an oily body; it affords a pleasant inducement to the preservation or recovery of health, through the agreeable medium of a well pleased palate.

Put up in a variety of attractive forms, in one-pound cases of one and two dozen bottles each, and sold by all prominent druggists, grocers and hotel agents.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1718.)
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.

For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 11 and 12 Merchants' Row; WETHERBEE, KEITH & PECKER; D. GOODNOW & CO.; REED, CUTLER & CO.; WM. S. BURR & CO.; STEPHEN WELLS; 2 CO.; WM. H. A. FISHER & CO.; C. E. DAVIS & CO., and all MARKET HOTELS. nov25 6TuThSatsDly

Books, Pamphlets, Law Blanks, Addresses, Circulars, Town Reports, Bill Heads, &c.
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Wood Cuts, Job Printing Generally.
BILLS.

FANCY PRINTING
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Also,
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. P. STONE,
S. W. HUNT, } Proprietors.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having no establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with other establishments in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
WITH EQUAL FACILITIES.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,850.70
Dividends paid to date,	1,464,980.18
Losses paid,	1,348,000.00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, own the accumulations, and the accompanying fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the assured. The object of the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.
It pursues over 3 Millions of Assets.
Its investments are in Fir-t Bonds on Unincumbered Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only bonds on which money is loaned, are Adams, Wells, and Newark City Bonds.
The interest got all the profit s.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the assured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums for Whole Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half by note, and one-half in cash, the interest on premium notes to be paid annually.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The Dividends are paid to the insured in ten annual instalments, commencing with the fifth year.
Each Policy covers the dividends in Cash, when redeemed; and shows the whole profits, as per the Scale of the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7715 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders the expenses less and increases the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should add to the number of their acquaintances in the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to Jan. 1, 1860.
Applications for insurance may be made to
JOSHUA M. ALVORD, Secretary.
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
may7

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS HAWN'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.
This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended for Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Bowels, in a speedy manner.
It will instantly relieve the most distressing and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.
Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, weak and nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to the horrors of delirium tremens, to humanity, the DISTRICT TRAVERSE, will, almost instantly, feel the happy and invigorating effects of Dr. Hawn's Invigorating effects of Dr. Hawn's Invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
DOES—One wine glass full as often as nec ssary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
One dose will cure Indigestion.
One dose will create a good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and distressing sensations of Nervousness, and as soon as the system receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the Stomach or Bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaint can obtain speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.
NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.
Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of it next morning—suffering in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.
Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the careworn face.
All the proprietor asks, in a trial and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATIN SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts, $1.
General Depot, 46 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.
For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Bacon, W. H. French, Dr. M. E. Thompson, Bingham & Cheney, E. A. Stanleis, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. nov29Ly

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!
A LARGE variety of Jacknife's American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 31 pieces; also Carvers, Forks, Steels, Razors, Self Shaving Razors, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.
dec17* 45 Merrimack st.

Brushes! Brushes!
WETHERBEE BROTHERS, Proprietors, 48 Hanover Street, Boston, Brush Manufacturers, Long Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Hair Brushes, and a *Pure crush and Scrubber* combined, unequalled for Painters, Whitewashers, Floating Ships, thoroughly. Just received and to sale by
H. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack st.

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JOB PRINTING
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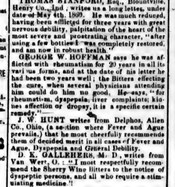
WITH EQUAL FACILITIES.

Books, Pamphlets, Law Blanks, Addresses, Circulars, Town Reports, Bill Heads, &c.
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Wood Cuts, Job Printing Generally.
BILLS.

FANCY PRINTING
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Also,
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. P. STONE,
S. W. HUNT, } Proprietors.



IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
PEUD DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
All of which are offered at exceedingly low prices for cash, and will be sold cheaper than ever before offered in this market. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street.
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.
Has the largest and most varied assount of
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CASTORS, &c., &c.
Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec22

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."
AND the greatest humbug of the day in the prescription of any individual to sell Books at any lower rate than they can be sold in the regular Book Stores in Lowell! The following popular Books for Christmas and New Year's Gifts, will be sold at the following low prices, for cash only:
The Ainsworth Stories, by Walter Aimwell—consisting of Rockwood, Crichton, Tower of London, Miss Whitaker, Mervyn, Jessie.
Arabian Nights, Grimm Gnome and the Arabian Nights a fine dollar edition, published by Ticknor & Fields, Boston, $1.
Arthur's Stories, by T. S. Arthur—consisting of Advice, The Causey Library, comprising four volumes, Orphan Children, Lucy Sandford, Out in the Way—Farmer's Boy, and Forest Boy.
Books at 17 Central street, by E. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery
dec19

PURE WATER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD PIPE manufactured by the Pure Water Lead Company, is warranted to be ground in the best manner, and to be of the best and purest quality. The Pure Water Joints and Pipe are, it is believed, in use, and will, with proper care, last as long as lead and other pipes. Also, a large assortment of "Pure Water Patent Lead Traps." In Paperers Trap, the Company have a trap which is unsurpassed for covering of the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other traps. The Company will warrant it to last 100 lbs. of lead will do as much work as 125 lbs of other lead traps. The Company will also warrant all of the lead pipe manufactured by them to be free from all impurities. A fair trial of the article will convince the most incredulous of its superiority over all other traps. The Company have a general advantage with it, than with any other Lead Trap in use.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of the Pipe, has been engaged in the business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, and constant attention to the business, will enable the Company to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.
Lead constantly on hand, and Pipe made to order.
Lead can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES H. SEAL, No. 1 and 2 Mechanics' Building, Jackson street, Lowell.
sep29dtf

THOSE
$10 SEWING MACHINES,
EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Who would be without a sewing machine when it can be had for $10. This machine which is sold for $10, we feel convinced every good quality of any and all machines ever before invented. It has a very decided superiority over all the others in the following points of simplicity.
N. C. CARTER, Agent,
17 Central street.

Coal and Wood.
HARD and Soft Coals, Stoves, Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use, at wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality.
NO. 28 MIDDLE STREET.
Having also arrangements with shippers to supply them with coal direct from the mines, we are prepared to sell at the lowest rates to those who favor us with their orders. Yards at the corner of Merrimack and Jackson streets.
WILLIAM RITTREDGE.
Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860.

A FEW MORE LEFT.
CALL and see the little Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No machine excels it.
N. C. CARTER, Agent,
17 Central street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
THE place to buy good miscellaneous books at low prices, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street, Lowell. sep15

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDS'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
DR. JAMES L. LEEPERER, write from Nashville, Ohio, says: "They are the most satisfactory bitters I have ever found for indigestion, dispepsia and liver complaint."
E. B. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They are the best bitters for indigestion I ever found. Having taken cold, became prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."
Dr. WM. M KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., says: "I am satisfied that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility."
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Huron Co., Ohio, writes: "I was taken very sick on the 8th day of May, 1859. He was much reduced, had been afflicted for several years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe kind, and general debility, "after using a few bottles" was completely restored. And am now a well man."
GEORGE W HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had used only two bottles of the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him gave him up to die. He says: "The Sherry Wine Bitters is the best remedy for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affections and debility, that is a specific certain remedy."
Mrs. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague seems to have its home) that her husband considers them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.
D. E. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Fort Wayne, Ind., that he respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."
Dr. S. O. RICHARDS is now receiving daily FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
43tw3m mar7

H.S.HAYNES'
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
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Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.
W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK STREET. dec22

MOTHERS
It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person that the use of ardent spirits in any form as a drink is disordered state of blood therein, and in this connection we proceed to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those disorders, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and one that will in all cases, prove you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;
And at this period of infantile life when your anxious bosom is agitated with fears for the safety of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in *Relieving the Pain, Griping, Inflammation and Soothing of Pain.*
Your Diseases attending Teething, such as Convulsions, Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Disorders of the Stomach, Fever, Cold, and Cough in the Head, by confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case when given in time. It will accurately regulate the stomach and bowels, and its importance in this respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,
from which more infants are said to die than from all other diseases, the effects of this Cordial are instantaneous, as if by magic; and in this crowd complaint, which is the scourge of our land, it is highly recommended from one family to another, until the sale has become immense. Mothers, you have only to try it, and you will be convinced of its merits. Let your solicitude be a subject of great interest to you, and you will not regret having tried Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial once.

No Morphine or Opiate,
of any kind, or other deleterious drug will be found in it, as *fully sustained in saying* cannot be said of any other preparation now in market. He says: "*It defies the public.*" We find that throughout the country, Mothers are beginning to realize the truth, and of the sad and blighting consequences of administering to their babes the various Soothing Syrups and Cordials, which contain opium in some form or other, and are constantly receiving letters from distinguished gentlemen, who have used it in their families, and recommend it in the highest terms.
Does not Constipate
the bowels, neither does it act by rendering the secretions of your children, but naturally, through the nervous influence of the blood, which is the life of the human system. We earnestly recommend you, therefore, to give it a fair trial, and you will find that it will not only be a friend to your children, but will also relieve your child in time of need. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure it in the slightest degree.
Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. Price 25 cts. per bottle. Prepared only by
DR. EATON,
No. 409 Broadway, New-York
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew more than ONE THOUSAND STITCHES PER MINUTE.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, both in their construction and operation, to the finest or coarsest fabrics, than any other machine now in use.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines will sew from No. 10 cotton to the heaviest Seaming Silk, and will sew from one to twenty thickness of Mar seilles Quilting.
Fact No. 5.—These Machines are simple in construction, not liable to get out of order, and perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even sew from the finest to the heaviest sheeting and even sew from kid leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension. They will sew a seam, or run a tuck, or hem, or fell, or gather, or bind, or braid, or cord, or quilt, or seam and stitch and trim in one operation, and do it better and faster than any other machine.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Maryland Institute, Baltimore.
Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Mechanics' Fair, in the City of New York, together with the highest premium for Sewing by Machine.
Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest premium at the Metropolitan Fair, in 1860, No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing, in a better manner, and more rapidly, (in competition with other first-class sewing machines) than any other machine in use. Can't more; it is the most important Fact of all.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER SATISFACTION than any other machine in market, or money refunded.
Fact No. 12.—We believe the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite unnecessary to say more in their favor, as they are self-evident. Hence the one last inquiry we will make is, from what other part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar merits of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this inquiry we shall be happy to give explicit and satisfactory Facts that are facts—not Fact, made such, by misrepresentation, but Facts that commend themselves to those who wish to relieve themselves of notions, and to those who wish to be desirable Facts, sustained by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, manufacturing.
The Company having determined to meet the wants, and accommodate the price list of their excellent Machines, and to meet the views of those who have no sewing machine, and who have not the means to purchase them, have established an
Agency in Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 4 Central Block, Merrimack Street.
January 3, 1861. jan3dtf

Do You WANT WHISKERS!
Do you want a Moustache?
IF SO USE PROF. WILSON'S **IMPROVED INVIGORATING PREPARATION.** Which has been used by thousands with perfect success. (Mass.) Budget says of it—
"We advise all our male readers who wish to raise whiskers and a moustache if they want one. Three applications effectually did it for us." Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price, 50 cents. Address *Wilson Budget Office*, Boston, Mass. The undersigned with pleasure recommends Professor Wilson's Preparation to the public. I prepared to fill all orders for the above celebrated and unequalled preparation. Price 50 cents. Address Professor WILSON, Boston. Whiskers or Moustaches to grow in six weeks. Call and get a circular, or send for one, and by return mail you will receive it, containing full directions how to proceed. Address as above.
For sale by
E. GOLDTWAITE & CO.,
Box 34, Boston, Mass.
feb27Sdaw6tdtf

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England within the last two months.
10,000 sold in the United States within the last two years.
350 sold in Lowell within the last three months, and
There is no machine which can be compared with the FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central street.
may22

The following new and very popular Pieces of Music for sale at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street:
Parry. Gems of Ireland, Gilbert.
The Wishing Line, Marshall.
Have been a Hunter? Kingsley.
Sweet Home, copy for one, Whitney.
Sweet Home, copy for two, Whitney.
Vow, Vow, Vow, Whitney.
The Sailor's Parting, Whitney.
Sweet Home, Wallenstein.
Sweet Home, Wollenhaupt.
Nonsense, Nevin.
Nonsense, Nevin.
Nonsense, Nevin

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, April 30, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—The glorious, soul-stirring song, the "American Flag," by Joseph Rodman Drake, is, doubtless, familiar to many, especially those of the generation now passing away. There was never a better time to re-produce it, than the present. It strikes a responsive chord in every patriotic heart. The four last lines are said to be from the pen of Drake's friend Halleck. I am thinking how well it will become your paper, to publish it under the emblematic flag that adorns the first column of the inside, and I believe every one of your numerous readers will heartily thank you for giving it insertion.

S. M.

THE AMERICAN FLAG.

When Freedom from her mountain height,
Unfurled her standard to the air,
She tore the azure robe of night,
And set the stars of glory there.
She mingled with its gorgeous dyes,
The milky baldric of the skies,
And striped its pure, celestial white,
With streakings of the morning light;
Then from his mansion in the sun,
She called her eagle-bearer down,
And gave into his mighty hand,
The symbol of her chosen land.

Majestic monarch of the cloud,
Who rear'st aloft thy regal form,
To hear the tempest-trumpings loud,
And see the lightning lances driven,
When strive the warriors of the storm,
And rolls the thunder-drum of heaven,
Child of the sun! to thee 'tis given
To guard the banner of the free,
To hover in the sulphur smoke,
To ward away the battle-stroke,
And bid the blending shrine stay,
Like rainbow's arch on the cloud of war,
The harbingers of victory!

Flag of the brave! thy folds shall fly,
The sign of hope and triumph high,
When speaks the sword in tempest-tone,
And the long line comes gleaming on,
Ere yet the life-blood warm and wet,
Has dimm'd the gleaming bayonet,
Each soldier's eye shall brightly turn
To where thy sky-born glories burn,
And as his springing steps advance,
Catch war and vengeance from the glance.
And when the cannon-mouthings loud,
Heave in wild wreaths the battle-shroud,
And gory sabres rise and fall,
Like shoots of flame on midnight's pall;
Then shall thy meteor glances glow,
And cowering foes shall sink beneath
Each patriot arm that strikes below
That lovely messenger of death.

Flag of the seas! on ocean wave,
Thy stars shall glitter o'er the brave;
When daylight's dying smile serene
Sweeps darkly round the bellied sail,
And night-storm wrath rush madly loose
Before the breakdale's rending flash,
Each flying wanderer of the sea
Shall look at once to heaven and thee,
And smile to see thy splendors fly
In triumph o'er his troubled sky.

Flag of the free heart's hope and home!
By angel hands to valor given!
Thy stars have lit the welkin dome,
And all thy hues were born in heaven.
For ever float that standard sheet!
Where breathless hosts may look below,
And bless it ere they meet it there,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us.

FROM BALTIMORE. We learn from a private letter received in this city from Baltimore, that Sergeant Ames of this city, was, on the 24th, doing well, and was considered better. Coburn of Drexel, was not as well as he had been, but was not regarded as dangerously wounded. Tyler, who has been reported to be dead, was quite well, and it was believed would soon leave the city. There are other wounded men in the city, but though we learn nothing of their condition, we are assured that they will be well cared for. The state of the city is represented as being terrible, the mob spirit raging. A large number of men from the government were entertained, but the mob was dreaded. All who could, were leaving the city.

In the telegraphic dispatches to the Boston morning papers, we find the following, which is almost a week later than the letter from which we have quoted:—

"A private dispatch from Baltimore says secession is defunct there, and the Union sentiment is again triumphant. Few men are willing to-day to acknowledge themselves as secessionists. One week's experience of the deadly contest has whelmed the conspirators, and the Union sentiment is stronger and deeper than ever. The day of recovery has come, and those who last week, sustained by the police, disgraced the city, almost to a man, hide in public gaze. The reaction is overwhelming in all parts of the State, and we are prepared to meet the issue at the ballot box. Bad as were the doings of the past ten days they have forever settled the question of secession in Maryland. On Wednesday the custom house will be cleared of its traitors and new appointees take their places. The American flag will be immediately hoisted over the custom house. Boys are selling miniature flags in the streets."

LEGISLATIVE RESIGNATIONS. We learn that Senator Goodwin yesterday received the resignation of D. M. Crouch, Esq., representative from Westfield, who is bound for the war as a soldier. He also received several days since the resignation of Hon. D. F. Parker, one of the representatives from Worcester, and Mr. Parker has been serving in the ranks of our Sixth Regiment ever since its arrival at Washington.

WHAT NEW YORK DOES. The Common Council of New York has voted a million and a half dollars for the service of the Government at Washington; the Board of Supervisors a quarter of a million, and private subscriptions to the famount of $390,000 have already been contributed in that city alone, making a total of $2,140,000—not a mere loan, but a free gift to the government, without interest or return of principal.

The *New York Times* continues its clatter about our being in a "period of revolution." *We are not in such a period*, and the so-nor the *Times* and George Law and Col. Wilson see this point the better. Eight States are in rebellion, and the government is attempting to bring them to reason, it is worth while for a letter to say. The people would do well to keep this in mind lest there is danger to the republic in following any letter leader more than the President of the United States.—*Boston Courier.*

It is said to be the intention of Mr. Charles Smith in New York, to come forward to the aid of the country with a regiment of Sailors. He thinks that there are enough men of that name in New York to establish a right of way through Baltimore at once. The officers of the regiment should be named Jack.

WAR NEWS.

Maine. The Maine Regiment expected to leave Portland this morning in a special train via Boston and Maine Railroad. It will reach Boston this afternoon.

New Hampshire. The Claremont company of volunteers, numbering eighty-three stalwart men, Capt. Austin, left there this morning for Concord. Their appearance and movements is that of veterans. They will make their mark when brought into action. They insist upon going through Baltimore.

Vermont. Gov. Fairbanks has received tenders of loans from Vermont banks to the amount of $300,000.

Connecticut. The First Regiment consisting of six rifle and four infantry companies from Hartford, New Haven, Meriden, Norwich, Stamford, Norwalk, Danbury, and Bridgeport were to rendezvous at Hartford yesterday. A large number of other companies are being raised.

New York. The 30th Regiment arrived at New York from Albany, Sunday evening. Col. Ellsworth's regiment are expected to leave yesterday. The 79th, a Scotch regiment, mustered into service yesterday.

Pennsylvania. Five regiments are ready to march at a moment's warning.

Ohio. The Governor of Ohio is moving two regiments on Wheeling, one on Parkersburg, and one on Wyandotte and Point Pleasant, to protect the Union men in Western Virginia.

Washington. Five employees at the Navy Yard were discovered Sunday filling shells with sand and saw dust. They were arrested, and will be tried by Court Martial, and, if convicted, shot. A large additional number of troops have been ordered out, so the whole number called for by the Government, that is; Volunteers by proclamation, 75,000; volunteers for three years' service, 40,000; regulars for five years, 25,000; seamen &c., 18,000; total, 158,000. Even this falls short of the real number, he would like to see double the number of regiments asked for.

The wounded Massachusetts soldiers have already got well.

An arrangy in place of that at Harper's Ferry is to be established at Rock Island, Illinois.

A Kansas company called on the President last Friday. The President responded to them that if he had to choose between the maintenance of the Union, the liberties of the nation, and the shedding of blood, there need be no doubt which course he would pursue.

No more Diplomatic Consular appointments will be made, and no consideration given to the subject until the avenues leading to the Capital are open for the passage of citizens and U. S. troops.

FROM THE SOUTH. *Maryland.* A Maryland planter from Frederick says the Legislature will not pass a secession ordinance, but submit the question to the people. He saw none but secession flags in Frederick. Information has been received that the Maryland Legislature has refused to pass a secession ordinance by a two thirds majority.

Virginia. Terrorism reigns in Eastern Virginia. In most of the towns Union men are driven out of town by force. The number on their way North is hourly increasing. They describe the secessionists to be anything but ready for aggressive warfare. In Spottsylvania and adjoining counties the negroes are perfectly quiet and unmanageable. Parties lately arrived from Richmond state that a famine is threatening. Flour sells for twenty dollars a barrel. Governor Letcher has issued a proclamation laying the ordinance of secession and promulgating an order for its ratification or rejection by the people on the 4th Thursday in May. The 9th section of the schedule for the election as passed by the convention declares any one prohibits the election of members of the Federal Congress. It is stated that the ships William, from Bath, and Richmond from Richmond, Maine, loaded with ship timber, have been seized at Hampton Roads, Va. The crews were imprisoned and required to take the oaths of allegiance to the South Confederacy.

It is said that 10,000 Southern troops are at Richmond. The telegraph gives the very improbable story that an armistice of 80 days has been concluded between the *United States and Virginia*, and that Secretary Cameron has gone to Richmond.

North Carolina. The arsenal at Fayetteville surrendered to the State authorities on the 22nd, with a large number of arms. Governor Ellis has called for 30,000 volunteers additional to the regular militia, and all organized corps are commanded to be in readiness at an hour's notice.

South Carolina. Five hundred South Carolinians have arrived at Richmond, under Gen. Bonham.

It is reported that at the bombardment of Fort Sumter, at least a thousand rebels were killed, four hundred of whom were sent to Fort Moultrie. It is asserted that 30 were killed by Major Anderson's first discharge.

Tennessee. A gentleman who passed through Nashville, Tenn., on Saturday, was informed by a member of the Tennessee Convention that the ordinance of secession was passed that afternoon in secret session. The fact will not be publicly proclaimed until the result of the vote upon Washington, which is expected to occur on Saturday, is known.

Mr. Ritchie, of the *Richmond Whig* arrived at Philadelphia Sunday. It is understood that he is going to Europe to purchase arms. District Attorney Smith has been notified, and will probably arrest him.

All passengers from the extreme South by the people universally believe that President Lincoln has been drunk since the inauguration, and only going out nights in disguise to escape assassination.

Thomas H. Clay, of Kentucky, son of Henry Clay, has come out strongly in favor of the Union. In a letter he says that the Kentucky would lose one hundred millions of dollars in slave property should she secede. He warns Gov. Magoffin against taking any steps to place Kentucky in a false position.

DR. METCALF, a dentist in New Orleans, has been arrested for treason, by the secession authorities, for having said that Lincoln was a second Jackson; and that if he was in Lincoln's pl ce he would try Charleston in ashes, and would cut the Louisiana levees.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 29th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER:—In the *Courier* of the 22nd, which has just come to hand, I find the statement that the companies on being attacked by the mob in Baltimore on the 19th, were ordered out of the cars by Adjt. Farr, to march through the streets to the depot. This is not correct, as all the regimental officers were in the cars that were drawn across the city to the other depot without molestation. We do not doubt that Adjt. Farr would have behaved with commendable courage and coolness had he been in that interesting conflict with the roughs, but he was fortunate enough to escape the pistol-shots, the paving-stones, brick-bats, and the miscellaneous "munitions" that were brought into service by the Baltimore heathen and traitors on this occasion, and consequently to others belong the honors.

At the risk of repeating what may be too familiar already, I will here state that the Pulaski Guards of Lowell, Light Infantry of Lawrence, and Light Guard of Stoneham, the sitting quietly in the cars, waiting to be drawn through the city as were the other companies, when one of the Union men came running to us and informed us that the mob had torn up the rails, about half the distance to the other depot, thus cutting off the passage through the city or return to Philadelphia. Captain Follansbee gave the order to the Pulaski to file out of the cars, which she did, the other three companies filing in the rear. After consultation with the other officers, took the line of march to regain our regiment, which we did by fighting our way through a mob for a mile and a half, as you know. We were first assailed with a perfect shower of brick-bats, broken glass, stones, &c., but we did not fire on them until they fired on us and then commenced with our revolvers, and fired, but only on such as were seen in the act of firing on us.

The statement that one of the Band saw two of our men at the depot, some four hours after we had left for Washington, is also incorrect, as he left on a man lidisch, and that a report to the contrary should be circulated among our friends at home is a source of regret to the members of the Pulaski, who were determined not to leave any of their comrades in the hands of the Baltimore roughs. When one of our men was attacked, he was defended him along, and thus we lost not a man.

We were very glad to get the *Courier*, which brought us the news from our many home which we have received since leaving there. We are all in good spirits.—We have been assigned to the Sixth Regiment, of guarding the Capitol building, in which we have to quarter ourselves except when out for drill or on the outer guard. The New York Seventh-Regiment arrived here last evening. The third Lieutenant of the Waverly company met with a serious accident this evening, in the following manner:—While marching with one of the knacks was, in some way, thrown down, and one of the muskets was discharged, the ball passing through his foot, shattering it so badly that amputation was necessary. The Lieutenant was taken to one of the hospitals, his leg amputated just above the ancle joint.

L.

The following letter, although much of its contents has been anticipated, will not prove without interest, coming as it does from the stirring scenes which it describes, and from one who is a participant in them. It should have reached us, by due course of mail, some days ago.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

A CARD.

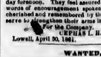
The officers and members of the Richardson Light Infantry, at a meeting held this evening, were unanimously in tender their sincere thanks to the ladies connected with this Agassiz street Congregational Society for their very appreciative and timely present to the company evening; and also to Rev. Dr. Clementhand, pastor of the Society, for the pleasure of listening to his very able and eloquent discourse on the day foreseen. They feel assured that the interest and kindness manifested by them on this occasion will be cherished and remembered by the Corps and, and will serve to strengthen them in the day of conflict.

For the Company,
ORVILLE J. HARTWELL, Clerk.
Lowell, April 30, 1861.

WANTED.

A Drummer and Fifer for the Richardson Light Infantry, Company G, Ninth Regiment, now at WORCESTER, at the Armory, Market Building.
Lowell, April 30, 1861.

ATTENTION, COMPANY!



THE ROUAVE FIFTH COMPANY will meet at all the armory of the City Guards EVERY EVENING, for drill.
By order of the Captain.
THOMAS C HUDSON, Clerk.

LOWELL RIDING ACADEMY,
Opposite Prescott Bapt. Church, Paige St.
MR. J. W. ROBINSON

Respectfully announces to his former patrons and the public generally, that the Riding Academy is now in complete order for exercising. Having been re-built in an improved manner, with a new floor, and the whole ventilated by George W. Pearson, who has added to the already advantages of the main room by raising the roof, so that a better circulation of air is obtained, and rendering it one of the most desirable for building, are obtained.

The horses are in good condition, and the whole establishment was better as well arranged for the comfort of ladies and gentlemen than ever before. Horses boarded by the week, month or year. Horse-back riding is now as fond, and those desirous of learning are solicited to call and see me, when they can be satisfactorily accommodated on the same reasonable terms as heretofore.

By endeavoring to meet the requirements of those who patronize him, Mr. Robinson hopes to be able to place in good condition, and also to overcome the inconveniences which have heretofore existed, and thereby meeting the entire approbation of his patrons.

LADIES' EQUESTRIANISM. HO, FOR THE PRIZE!

Feeling desirous that my class this term shall (if possible) excel all previous ones, I offer a prize of $5 to the public satisfaction of the Committee of Arrangements, in accordance with the number of my pupils, two or three Ladies' Premiums. The prizes will be awarded, and to be decided by competent disinterested judges.

J. W. ROBINSON.
Lowell, April 27, 1861. apr27d1w

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Professor LEWIS B. MONROE will give his second Lecture on ELOCUTION to the several Teachers of the Public Schools of this city, at High School Hall, on Monday afternoon, May 1st, at 2 P. M.

These lectures are for the benefit of such applicants as teachers, all of whom are especially invited and expected to be present on this occasion.

For order of Superintending Committee,
GEO. STEVENS, Chairman.
apr30td1t

ELECTROPATHY.

DR. S. PAIGE has decided to remain a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 3 American House, Merrimack Square.

Dr. PAIGE has had the most extensive practice of which is derangement or loss of vitality of the Nervous System, and those who have suffered from the effects by the use of drugs and nostrums for years, readily plead to the proper and scientific application of this most certain, natural and potent curative agency, as surely attest to vitality and RESTORATIVE POWER.

N. B.—Dr. Paige furnishes the best Instruments for the application of Electricity to Diseases in existence.
apr30 1m

Constitution free. apr25d1w

SOLDIERS' AID ASSOCIATION. The first meeting of the ladies comprising this committee was held in the hall over the gas office yesterday afternoon. A large quantity of cloth having been given by the corporations (the Merrimack Company, of which Isaac Hinckley, Esq., is the Superintendent, having given 1500 yards), the ladies assembled upon the task yesterday in preparing it for bandages, &c. The committee met again this afternoon to prepare flannel to be made into shirts for the soldiers.

As the object of this association is to systemize the method of making provision for the soldiers, it would be well for those who are disposed to give for their benefit to confer with some of the members of the committee, the names of whom were published yesterday. By such a unity of action, the various wants of the soldiers will be more likely to be attended to than in each generous-minded person acted independently, and thereby overstocked the volunteers with some particular article, while something else was neglected and much if not more. The committee also propose that every thing given shall be used in the most economical way, and that the soldiers shall have the whole benefit of the generosity of our citizens.

THE pupils of the Lowell High School, belonging to both the male and female departments, unfurled, upon their building yesterday afternoon at the close of school, a handsome flag, as a token of their attachment and love for the Union, as a mark of their allegiance to the world-renowned "Stars and Stripes," the Star Spangled Banner and Freedly and the Union, which should be the guide on our land, school hall the distance to the other depot, thus cutting off the passage through the city or return to Philadelphia. Captain Follansbee gave the order to the Pulaski to file out of the cars, which she did, the other three companies filing in the rear. After consultation with the other officers, took the line of march to regain our regiment, which we did by fighting our way through a mob for a mile and a half, as you know. We were first assailed with a perfect shower of brick-bats, broken glass, stones, &c., but we did not fire on them until they fired on us and then commenced with our revolvers, and fired, but only on such as were seen in the act of firing on us.

The statement that one of the Band saw two of our men at the depot, some four hours after we had left for Washington, is also incorrect, as he left on a man lidisch, and that a report to the contrary should be circulated among our friends at home is a source of regret to the members of the Pulaski, who were determined not to leave any of their comrades in the hands of the Baltimore roughs. When one of our men was attacked, he was defended him along, and thus we lost not a man.

We were very glad to get the *Courier*, which brought us the news from our many home which we have received since leaving there. We are all in good spirits.—We have been assigned to the Sixth Regiment, of guarding the Capitol building, in which we have to quarter ourselves except when out for drill or on the outer guard. The New York Seventh-Regiment arrived here last evening. The third Lieutenant of the Waverly company met with a serious accident this evening, in the following manner:—While marching with one of the knacks was, in some way, thrown down, and one of the muskets was discharged, the ball passing through his foot, shattering it so badly that amputation was necessary. The Lieutenant was taken to one of the hospitals, his leg amputated just above the ancle joint.

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From their armory I passed into the adjoining armory, for the inspection of the Light Guard. I examined every man standing before the ben hours of the night, inspecting only three—not because their ends were not right, but because their bodies were weak. They received their rejection with grace, and will fit themselves both in art and duty; but I kindly told them that since the travel to volunteer was so great, it was not best to send any but those that could run down, on foot, "the man on the white horse," or "Dead Sea." The sixty-nine passed, will form the traitorous enemy on any field; for they evidently put their whole hearts burning with the full consciousness of right, in their strength, discipline and dutiful attention to every command so fully evinced.

Go forth, then, brave men! ever showing mercy to the innocent, but give, with your valiant sword and the bayonet to the traitors of our country's flag, the justice of their own just liberty!

In so stimulating those young men, I was deeply impressed with the sacredness of loyalty and their marshal spirit of devotion, and companies, to the cause they are so anxious to meet. I could but be impressed that this is the great crisis of the age, the most solemn event as natural as seed time and harvest; and I could but feel that I had lived to see it, and was enabled to assist in carrying it through; and I pray God that my days may live to see it through, and harvest moon, but to that "high noon" when the whole land shall be joyous in the sunshine of universal freedom, embracing a people with one mind, one heart, one flag. And this alone, I think, is the accomplishment of perfectibility of human freedom.

H. M. H.

PRESENTATION. Last evening the commissioned officers of Company G, (Richardson Light Infantry), Capt. Davis, presented Major Jonathan Ladd with a neat sword. The presentation took place at Chesley's saloon. Capt. Davis, in presenting the sword, gave to each officer a token in payment for services, but as a slight token of gratitude for the many favors which the company had received from the Major. Major Ladd replied, in accepting the gift, that it should never be used except for the defence of the country, or in preparing for its defence. He would gratify glad to the present, that they might learn to love their country. The sword is a handsome one, and bears on its scabbard the words, "Presented to Major Jonathan Ladd by commissioned officers of Company G., Sixth Regiment." We venture to say that the Major will never disgrace it.

The members of the same company presumably presented Dr. William H. Bradley, who goes with them as their surgeon, a neat regulation sword, as a token of their esteem. The handle of the sword bears the words, "Presented to Dr. William H. Bradley." The Doctor knows how to use sharp instruments, we suppose, and will leave the mark of this weapon on the enemy, should he ever meet them in conflict.

BODY FOUND. Yesterday afternoon, the body of a woman was found in the woods at East Chelmsford, about two miles from this city, on the land of Parker Marshall. The body was found hanging from a tree, showing that the commission of the deed was apparently about forty years of age, and in every particular answers the description of Sarah Ann Fife, who came to this city from Concord three weeks ago last Saturday, and who has been missing ever since. Her friends have no doubt that it is her body. The body was taken in charge by Dr. J. C. Bartlett, coroner, of Chelmsford.

ANOTHER COMPANY FULL. The company of Zouaves now forming in this city for a few days past, known as the "Zouave Rifles," is now full. On application, last evening, the company was approved by the Mayor and Aldermen, and more than the necessary number were present to answer to the requirements of the inspector surgeon, Dr. Hooke, last evening. While assembled at the armory, the question of an officer to command was discussed, it was voted unanimously to assume the name of the Butler Rifles. Application for a charter will be made to day, the same will be immediately elect their officers and prepare for the field.

"Whereas, for reasons assigned in my proclamation of the 19th inst., the ports of the ports of the seceded States will be closed against all commerce, now that date public property has been seized, the collection of its revs ue obstructed, and duly commissioned officers while acting in the execution of the laws forcibly resisted, and whereas a combination too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings or by the powers vested in the marshals by law has duly organized in some of the States for the purpose of opposing the laws of the United States and of preventing by force the due execution of the said laws in those States, and for the purpose of overthrowing the Government of the United States, and whereas such combination has threatened to set on foot military expeditions against the property of the United States in the said States, and has seized and now holds in open hostility this property, and has blockaded the ports of the said States, and has repeatedly defied the power of the United States to enforce the laws thereof in the said States by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the powers vested in the marshals by law, now, therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, in virtue of the power in me vested by the Constitution and the laws, have thought fit to call forth, and hereby do call forth, the militia of the several States of the Union to the aggregate number of seventy-five thousand, in order to suppress said combinations and to cause the laws to be duly executed. The details for this object will be immediately communicated to the State authorities through the War Department. I appeal to all loyal citizens to facilitate and support these efforts to maintain the honor, the integrity and the existence of our National Union and the perpetuity of popular government, and to redress wrongs already long enough endured. I deem it proper to say that the first service assigned to the forces hereby called forth will probably be to repossess the forts, places and property which have been seized from the Union. And in every event the utmost care will be observed, consistent with the object aforesaid, to avoid any devastation, any destruction of or interference with property, or any disturbance of peaceful citizens in any part of the country. And I hereby command the persons composing the combinations aforesaid to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes within twenty days from this date. Deeming that the present condition of public affairs presents an extraordinary occasion, I do hereby in virtue of the power in me vested by the Constitution, convene both Houses of Congress. Senators and Representatives are therefore summoned to assemble at their respective chambers on Thursday, the 4th day of July next, then and there to consider and determine such measures as, in their wisdom, the public safety and interest may seem to demand. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 15th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-fifth.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

THE following, had it been received in season, would have appeared in our columns yesterday, in place of the paragraph referring to the same subject:—

CATHOLIC LOYALTY. The sermon at High Mass, at St Patrick's Church on Sunday, was delivered by the Rev. Mr. O'Connor. In the course of the sermon the preacher alluded to the deplorable condition of the nation and proceeded to commune with the Divine will, the impending conflict may bring. He examined and spoke to his hearers of the duties which they owed to the government, and reminded them of the solemn oath they had taken at their naturalization. This was the proudest moment of his life to address those ever seen. He knew that every Irishman was prouder and his heart's blood to maintain it. They should all stand by the Constitution. It was noble and patriotic to die for our beloved country. Our duty to God was paramount. Our duty to our country came next. Many of those now present in their duty on the field of battle within a few days. He ordered every one to spake their prayers with Christ. A prayer was then said for their religious duties should be their first step. Let this be done and the smiles of Heaven would accompany them. They could then go forth to battle spiritually pure, and if they should fall they would die with a consciousness of being at peace with God and of having fulfilled their duty.

In assembling those young men, I was deeply impressed with the sacredness of loyalty and their marshal spirit of devotion, and companies, to the cause they are so anxious to meet. I could but be impressed that this is the great crisis of the age, the most solemn event as natural as seed time and harvest; and I could but feel that I had lived to see it, and was enabled to assist in carrying it through; and I pray God that my days may live to see it through, and harvest moon, but to that "high noon" when the whole land shall be joyous in the sunshine of universal freedom, embracing a people with one mind, one heart, one flag. And this alone, I think, is the accomplishment of perfectibility of human freedom.

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BODY FOUND AT LAWRENCE. This morning the body of a boy apparently seven to nine years old, dressed in grey jacket and jacket, was found in the Merrimack River near Lawrence. It is thought to be the body of the son of Mr. John Wier, who was drowned while playing on the ice, in Centralville, on the 6th of last February.

THE SIXTH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT. A dispatch to the *Boston Journal* says "the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment has received its personal baggage from Bahi more and Washington, and will be ready to start for Washington, April 30th in which it was suggested that revolvers from their friends at home would be most acceptable to the company, as those engaged in the Baltimore fight were not armed with them. Regulation swords for the officers would not be unacceptable.

At a meeting of the Watsons, held in the Senate Chamber on the 21st, Col. Jones presiding, and Adjutant Farr acting as recording officer, John F. Noyes was elected Captain, George E Davis first lieutenant, and A. F. Jewett second lieutenant.

The same better states that Benjamin W. Hall, Esq., of this city, is enrolled as a member of Canton M. Clay's company of volunteers.

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BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
1849 RESERVE

The established popularity of this Celebrated Old Bourbon as a medicinal agent, renders it superfluous to mention in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskies.

Being distilled in 1849, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon a strictly pure stimulant, and peculiarly effective for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Dyspepsia, Derangements of the Stomach, Nervousness, &c.

As a corrective against it has a tendency to re-create and strengthen; while age having contributed its genial charm and ourtoboni it with a delicious flavor and an oily body, it affords a pleasant incentive to the preservation or recovery of health, through the agreeable medium of a well ripened glass.

Put up in a variety of attractive forms, in two-hundred cases of one and two dozen bottles each, and sold by all the most prominent druggists, grocers and town agents.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1719.)
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.

For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Nos. 11 and 12 Marshall st.; WEEKS & POTTER; EDW. P. PECKE; D. GOODNOW & CO.; REED, CUTLER & CO.; M. K. BEBB & CO.; STEPHEN WEEKS; L. SMITH; S. WELLS & CO.; I. DAVIS & CO. and JAS. MACKINTOSH & CO. [1]

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THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
351 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,512,555 92
Dividends paid to date, 1,844,960 19
Losses paid, 2,841,000 35

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital stock. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely held for their benefit. Premiums paid by the insured, and in hold by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bank.
The interest got all the profits.
The insurer is not liable to assessment.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $5—for part years, to be paid one-half cash, one-quarter in note bearing interest at 6 per cent, and one-quarter in note without interest—notes to be paid annually in advance.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The Dividends are paid to and the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash—those who discount; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7174 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All those insured on the mutual plan therefore perceive it to be important that those associated with it should add the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.
The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860
Applications for insurance may be made to
JOSIAH C. BENEDICT, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 17 Merrimack streets.
mar6 dtf

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirits.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended in cases of Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Cold, Pains, Wind on the Stomach, or Pain in the Bowels, Headache, Irresolution, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, &c.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, INVIGORATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual. As curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, it is a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and acrid to health, strength and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to mankind, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, feel the happy effects of its invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirits.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as once a day.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-Burn.
Three doses will cure Dyspepsia.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will disappear.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder or Urinary Organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sick stomach, and great weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all nervousness and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the careworn face.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the Invigorating Spirits in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts, $1.

General Depot, 46 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Forrester & Hall, H. Trowell, Dr. M. E. Thompson, Bingham & Cheney, E. A. Stanhope, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. [eod&2w]

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with Carvers, &c.; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making a full assortment of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
dec17* 46 Merrimack st.

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Combs, Tin Ware, Brass Kettles, Looking Glasses, Crockery and a fine assortment of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES & Merchant's Row.
mar30

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.
ocr3tf

Books, Pamphlets, Re-sumes, Addresses, Circulars, Town Reports, Programmes,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Music, Railroad Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and Mantua Makers, plain, or with the letters of a better stock.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

Always on hand, a good stock of post cards, suitable for business men, and of a variety of color and quality to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE,
E. W. HUSE,
Proprietors.

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Gents.

UZIM MEYOT,
33 Central street.

W. DEARDEN,
AT HIS
CHINA AND CROCKERY
EMPORIUM.
SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied amount of
CROCKERY CUTLERY, CUTLERY, CATORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Following Low.
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,
80 MERRIMACK St.REET. dec22

HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the presentation of cheap and worthless Jewelry. Books at any lower rates than they are now sold by the regular booksellers. Sewing Machines, Accordeons, and all other humbugs of the day. Gold Pens and Pencils can may be purchased for $1 each, and warranted.

The above are a few of the many humbugs advertising at volumes, viz: Omar, Clinton, Ella, Whistler, Bonaparte, &c.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights a few days only, and Peter Simple, Jack Brag, Snarleyow, Dog and Peacock, &c.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.
The Cook's Own Book, with numerous illustrations.
Home and No Home—A Wife and a Way—Farmer's Boy, and Peacock.

Sold at 17 Central street, by F. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods.
mar19 W. DEARDEN.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in relief of Corns without the slightest pain which all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It positively will give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It prevents it from turning grey.
It leaves an disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when hard or dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It remains longest in effect.
It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

Kerosene--Burners,

THE VERY BEST, AND ONLY RELIABLE
Selling wholesale and retail at
DEARDEN'S CROCKERY STORE.
Also,
KEROSENE LAMPS,
A large and splendid assortment, with Wicks, Chimneys, Shades, Chimney Brushes, &c., at lowest prices, and in any quantity. 81

DEARDEN'S
China and Crockery Warehouse,
Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
80 Merrimack street. dec6

A NOTHER lot of choice Ballads now on hand at E. S. HUNT'S Rock and Music Store:
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mar30

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. L. SAWYER, writes from Nauvoo, Ill., "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from Indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. B. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. One man thinks myself, having taken fifty, becomes prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of patients with the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of Dec. 1st, 1860, in which he speaks highly of the Bitters, and says that he has been troubled with the heart severe and prostrating character, "after eating a few hours, I was completely restored, and felt as well as your suffering child. Dr. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its varieties, and had tried all he could do, his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure. Many more persons physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain to cure."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, that his wife, (Lever and Ague prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them as the stomach restorer in the Invigorating Spirit; the distressing load and all painful feelings will disappear.

Prepared only by
S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

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A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

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Pulling Away—The Voice of a Departing Soul—Here's a health to thee, dear—She gave me a rose.
mar30 17 Central street.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent parent, that the early diseases of infants arise chiefly from the disordered condition of the stomach and bowels connected with the process of teething. It is particularly recommended for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared by Dr. Eaton, formerly of St. Louis, with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be a most valuable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and one avail alone will convince you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And as the period of infancy, or, when your children hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of their little ones, it will be found invaluable in relieving the Cholera Infantum, Convulsions, and Inflammation of the Bowels, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Sick Stomach, Fever, Sour Curds, Worms, Canker, Sore Mouth, Rash, Colic and Wind, so prevalent among children during the summer months, and in every case when given in time. It will invariably relieve the child, and when the directions contained in this respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which many children are said to die than from any other disease, the skin softens a relieves relaxation, and if by any chance the child should be in a spasm at the moment, the relief is so quick that it can be given with safety. Many mothers have been deprived of their children by the use of Opium, Morphine, Paregoric, &c., which is a positive poison, and should never be given to children. Mothers are becoming convinced of the fact that the Infantile Cordial is a safe, speedy and certain remedy to vanish from the nursery of suffering imposed in the form of quieting remedies; their suppression, and consumption of the bowels, saving the lives of thousands annually. Mothers! Try the Infantile Cordial! Others from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

but gently regulates, and does not by disordering the stomach and bowels, produce Dysentery, Cholera, or the other medicinal agencies, the consequences of the excess of diseases. We earnestly recommend you, therefore, to give it a trial. Its composition is such that you may have at hand a remedy which will never fail to relieve your child in time of need. A *fatal family luxuries*, and seldom regret the moment it is used.

Prepared only by Dr. EATON'S Infantile Cordial. This you can rely upon. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 284 Broadway, New York.
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
536 BROADWAY. N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements of patents.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and are by far more than half as much thread or silk as the ordinary shuttle machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machine now in market, to the frequent changes and the application of a variety of sewing required in a fam. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin without stopping to change the tension, and do it perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of any kind whatever. In not much a machine best adapted to family use? and if your child is to be for use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger class.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines are by far the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use. A fact of very great importance in the sewing of goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable than these Machines. Being entirely self-adjusting, they require no constant change of adjustment, and are therefore not subject to get out of order readily. They are simple in construction, and are not liable to get out of order readily.

Fact No. 6.—Those Machines look the best, and will look well after the most constant use of any sewing machine in use.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, where they took the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—I now have on hand in the state thing generally wherever property exhibited in competition with other machines of sewing machines. But we have space for only one fact more; it is the most important of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give better satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or we have any other.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite essential to persons who have ever seen or used them. They have the most inquiry of themselves from almost every part of civilized world, viz.: Europe, the most populous cities, and from the extremities of the Pacific & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we reply that we offer the most explicit and undeniable Facts—Facts that are indisputable, and made such, by many years of trial in certain kinds professional friends, who may visit us from time to time, and by the most unimpeachable testimonials, facts demonstrated by the practical operation of these machines in every variety of family sewing, or manufactories.

The Company having determined, after a few times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines, and will hereafter sell them on all the necessary appendages, including the best Hemmer, gauge, etc., to be found in any where—Please call and examine them.

Agents wanted in every town in the State.
6 Carlton Block, Merrimack Street.
January 3, 1861 [1] 1an3dtf

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new patent Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wick Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, Side and Study Lamps. Also a new article of Study Lamp, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, a call is solicited.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or gallon, and warranted by the manufacturer's prices.

H. S. HAYNES,
Kerosene Emporium, 43 Merrimack Street. oct26

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, and Affections of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches beneficial in clearing the voice. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

ROBINSON'S INDEXICAL DENTAL SOAP preserves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr. cor. Merrimack and John sts. feb14

MORE MUSIC.

"Is that built no music in his soul," &c. &c.

JUST received, five pieces from Operettas and Cantatas, by Pitt Parker, Glover, Hutchinson, Wallace and Bishop.

Those Gallop, by Carl Gerhahn
Rocky Point Quick Steps, composed by Oliver Shaw.

Melodies Recreation from favorite Operas—arranged for the piano.

All the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of G. Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

nov27

PURE PRUSSIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply from the Agent of the Prussian Government. Every bag stamped with the Inspector's name. F. Barnaby & Son. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,
mar28 43 Market street.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

A FRESH SUPPLY just received and for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

LADIES' RIDING HATS,

NEW STYLES, just received at BEAN & KELLEY'S Corner Hat Store.
apr27 47 Central street

SPRING STYLES
HATS.

R. BAKER, at the COURIER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York STYLE HATS from the well-known manufactory of Dunn & Co.

The great number of the hats is so extensive as to admit a circulation of air between it and the body of the hats, secreting all the sense of the foot fits, without using an article to heat the head or enlarge the hat.

Paper Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and sent to the head by the use of the Conformator.
mar27* Corner Central and Market sts.

W. DEARDEN,
IMPORTER,
now opening a large invoice of
Crockery Ware,
Just received from the English Potteries direct.

This invoice is an assortment complete, suitable for this market in every respect. Wholesale and Retail comprising

TEA WARE,
DINING WARE,
TOILET WARE,
AND COMMON WARE,

which for style, quality, assorting and cheapness, is unsurpassed in this city or Boston.

All who want to buy at such articles will please call and examine my large and varied stock at my

CHINA AND CROCKERY WAREHOUSE,
where they will find the Goods and the Prices, which I will sell their own way.

KNIVES AND FORKS,
PLATED WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
TRAYS AND WAITERS,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS, SHADES, &c.,
and FANCY ARTICLES,

I have a fine assortment of Goods in Variety and manufacturers. Willing low as can be bought in the city. Please call and examine my large assortment.

Sign of the Gold Band Pitcher,
80 MERRIMACK STREET.
dec6 W. DEARDEN.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

IMPORTANT FACTS.

A NEW WAY to make money is now made known. We are without the investment of a dollar, has been proven, and which will be carried out by many who, until they learned this Programme, were poor, and remain poor as ever. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are here-to-fore, from $20 to $50 per week. Any man, woman who a few months since was worth nothing to-day is worth from $5 to $10 per day, and have their own hands, assisted by a circular for which he will receive by return mail, full information and directions necessary for a full understanding of its nature, terms, and which immediately the possessor of commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of 25 cents. No money to be invested in cash or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 persons in the United States and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug24 Boston, Mass

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England market. A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL, burning clear and free from dust and smoke. Other fine burning coal. Red and White Ash Coal, for furnaces, Hard and Soft Coal, delivered at the lowest cash prices.

Office and Yard, foot of Lowell and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.
Orders left at No. 3 Tremont street, or at the Office, Post Office building.

WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink of the best quality, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., Music Store at better rates than at any other store in the city.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can be broken, cheaper than the best wood or other styles of slates. Call and examine at E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD PURIFYING INVIGORATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SPAULDING'S
Celebrated Prepared Glue.

PUTER Glue has successfully withstood the opposition of all the newly invented cements, manufacturers have tried to build up a fictious and reputation upon the ruins of Spaulding's Glue, but have failed in the attempt. Spaulding's Glue is the only article which is useful to every man and woman in the country. Wholesale and Retail Depot of the genuine "Spaulding's Glue," call at A. E. HUNT'S Book and Music Store.
jan1 No. 17 Central street.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
Do you want a Moustache?

USE GODFALKNER'S INVIGORATOR, or, THE GREAT HAIR REGENERATOR, and you will have a heavy growth of Whiskers and Moustache in a few weeks. Also Hair and Beard when the Woburn (Mass.) Badges and Hair.

WARNING. We advise all our male friends to wear the Woburn Regenerator, as it is the only article in the world that will produce a heavy growth in the cultivation of those appendages, will find it a most valuable preparation. Prepared by Dr. Godfalkner, Chemist and Druggist in the artist—Woburn *Budget*.

Prepared only by the proprietors, and for sale by the people of the United States that they are now prepared to supply the trade. Price 50 cents per bottle, or three bottles for $1. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. Sold also by druggists generally. Beware of counterfeits. Genuine has the signature of the proprietors on the outside wrapper.
feb15 [1] 1y

CURIOUS EXPERIMENTS.

Mr. D. U. Martin, the vegetarian wheat-hygeian and phrenologist, has been treating all kinds of diseases for some time past. During his arrival home from his famous oreanic way through Europe, he was induced to experiment on apples since then, sometimes eating cooked food once a day, and apples once most of the time, and he says he has cured himself, so as to tell the effect of the different kinds of food. As an experiment, for one time he had confined himself to reading very closely, without taking any exercise, till he became quite nervous and debilitated. Happening to take cold at this time, he was threatened with a fever. He then took a few doses of aversation, eating nothing but a small pear from sunday morning till Friday night, when he felt so well that he was down to 36; he then eat three common apples, and was well in a few days, and his pulse was up to 50. He had lost some fourteen pounds in this time, and in a week from that time he had gained eight pounds. He has also camped out in the woods and on the ocean for days together, one to three nights per week, during the fall and winter; lying in the woods on the snow some of the time, and sometimes when the mercury ranged from zero upward. Sometimes when he awoke, he found the ground a heap of covered with snow, he first spreads his rubber coat, then his comforter and a blanket, lies down on the snow, pulls the other over him, and sleeps soundly till morning.

One morning when camped on Cedar Hill, near Jamaica Plain, on waking up, Mr. Martin found he was lying in the snow around him, apparently increasingly carefully what was done in the clothing, but not daring to come near enough to see. He gave a loud shout, which started the canine gound off as if their investigations had suddenly discovered to them that their lives depended on the sudden arrival home of their individual daughter—in another occasion his watch had stopped at 6 o'clock on the evening before, and on waking up, the morning seing unusually clear Mr. Martin looked at his watch, the hands of which indicated 6 o'clock, when he rolled up his bed and started for home. He had not proceeded far before he heard a clock strike four, but it was too late to revamp, so on he walked. A bundle on a man's back looks rather suspicious to an unterrified policeman at so early an hour, consequently Mr. M. had not got far down Washington Street before he was hailed by one of the above named gentlemen—"What do you have in that bundle?" "My bed," answered Mr. Martin. "I must see that bundle," said the policeman. Mr. Martin passed him his card, answering that he was of the firm of Butler & Martin, phrenologists and healers, and had been expert-menting on vegetable diet for a year, some time; and as most people thought that vegetables, and especially fruit, could not impart vitality enough to the system to resist cold, he had been in the habit of sleeping out very often, to disabuse himself of the truth or fallacy of the assertion. This explanation satisfied the officer, and he allowed Mr. Martin to proceed on his journey to the Phrenological rooms, where he arrived in time to take another nap on the lounge. Mr. Martin says his voice is improving, he is living on fruit, his health is good, and every indication of health stronger.—*Boston Journal.*

WHAT IT COSTS TO BE EIGHTY-NINE YEARS OLD. A correspondent of one of the Western papers, writing from Cincinnati, says: "Burn's latest account of himself, wherein he gives a photographic picture of his daily habits at living at the age of eighty-nine years, and enlarges upon the comfort he has derived from the use of Burnett's Cocoaine, remonstrates against such hideous manifestations of the ravages of time.

"In the first place, it is extremely questionable whether it is a good thing to be eighty-nine years of age under the best of favorable circumstances. At that period of life you have outlived all the friends of your youth and manhood, and are a stranger among those who know you perfectly well. You belong to the past and have nothing to do with the present. It is very doubtful that you make yourself disagreeable by declaring that you are surrounded by the excellence of the good old times, that you are garulous and stubborn, and your opinions are tolerated rather than respected.

Mr. Thorburn says his senses fail—otherwise he is in good health, and sees stove wood as comfortably as ever he did in his life. It may be happiness to saw stove wood at eighty-nine, but we cannot with our prejudices regard it that in the light. Indeed if this is held out as an incentive to long life, we think one would be willing to go a trifle earlier.

It is small inducement to become eighty-nine years old to learn that Mr. Thorburn has not had the rheumatism, the headache, or the toothache, when we learn also that an octogenarian has still twinges of the heart disease when affects the young. To lose the appetite, to grow old, to be sick very heavenly, is bad—but not to have outlived the twinges affected to, may well make one pause and think twice before he lives to be eighty-nine."

H. S. HAYNES
Has received from
T. & R. BOOTH, England,

Another large invoice of WHITE STONE CHINA, TEA, DINNER AND TOILET WARE, also, Common Ware of all descriptions for wholesale and retail trade. These goods are of the best quality and shapes, entirely new, and prices the very lowest. Also, Kerosene Lamps, Shades, Chimneys, Burners, &c., and a full and complete assortment of

Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, Plated and Britannia Ware, Table and Pocket Knives,

and many other articles too numerous to men tion.

The above goods were manufactured to order, and are warranted to be of the best, and very large, making an assortment which will suit all, and can be suited, both in style and prices.

HOUSE KEEPERS will please call and examine my large stock, which is now complete, and will be pleased to show the goods, or help to replenish their stock of goods, as they are now receiving the largest and best assortment, which I will sell as low as any one can afford to sell the same quality of goods.

Please call and examine my goods. It will afford me great pleasure to exhibit them to you, and still greater pleasure to sell them to you.

If you have a mind to purchase, please call and examine the lowest prices, at wholesale assortment and the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail, at the old stand of the Kerosene Emporium, 43 Merrimack Street, less than 50 paces from the post office.
dec7 H. S. HAYNES.

Kinsler's Lirocone.

FOR Lasting Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is unequaled. It is a beautiful polishing cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, is by one rubbing with this article, and its equal has never been discovered. Call and examine.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
mh19 1y

THE UNION IS SAFE!
ALL DONE FOR $20.

A Lowell machinist, employed in the printing States for a dozen New Hampshire papers, has invented a machine which will do the work of a dozen men, and is now in using up the rest which he has been making during the past year. He is about to go into the business of manufacturing his machine, and is taking agents in Boston, Lowell, Manchester, Nashua, Concord, Dover, Portsmouth, Exeter, Newburyport, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lowell, Nashua, Manchester

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, May 1, 1861.

NOT A BLOODLESS FIGHT. The New York papers are publishing a statement that a soldier who had escaped from Fort Sumter a few days ago, says that he arrived at the guns during the fight at Fort Moultrie, and that nearly every shot from Fort Sumter killed somebody. Between three and four hundred were killed and a large number wounded at Fort Moultrie during the siege. The killed were collected in a mass and interred at night in Potter's Field. Many were also killed in dwellings outside the fort. The soldiers were threatened with death if they disclosed the facts about the killed. People are constantly inquiring about their friends, and are assured that they are at Sullivan's Island.

Another soldier who was at Morris Island says that 150 were killed there, and 40 at Sullivan's Island. He makes the same statement relative to the dead being buried in Potter's Field; he also states that the negroes only want their leaders to give them the word, when the slaughter would be terrible.

AT a meeting in Chicago, a few days ago, the number present being estimated at ten thousand, it was proposed to administer the oath of fealty to the government.—Never was there a more impressive scene than that which followed. The entire audience rose and stood reverently with bared heads and raised hands, while all, old men and youth, matrons and maidens, repeated solemnly after Judge Manierre, the words of the oath.—It is solemnly in earnest in the presence of Almighty God, that I will faithfully support the Constitution of the United States and of the State of Illinois. So help me God."

CONGRESSMEN IN THE WAR. We notice that the following members of the present Congress are engaged, either as officers or privates, in the service of the Government, in response to the President's call for troops:—Charles R. Train, James Buffington, Massachusetts; Daniel E. Sickles, John Cochrane, New York; B. F. Wade, John Sherman, Ohio; James H. Campbell, Pennsylvania; James H. Lane, Kansas.

The *Charleston Mercury* does not want Washington. It says, "with a new republic we should have a new capital, erected in the heart of the South." The fox and the sour grapes are well illustrated in this position of the Mercury.

LOSS OF A CIRCUS. Brig Black Squall was wrecked near Cape Hatteras, on the 19th ult., with all the paraphernalia of Nixon's South-ro Circus. Mr. Nixon's adopted son and one other passenger, and one of the crew, were drowned. Three passengers had their legs broken.

The *Providence Journal* says that in the Rhode Island regiment, not ten men, if they were asked whether they were Republicans or Democrats, could tell without stopping to think.

WAR NEWS.

Maine. The first regiment did not leave Portland yesterday as announced, and will await further orders, which they expect and hope to receive to-morrow.

New Hampshire. The Granite State Guards, of Great Falls, which expected to march to Concord yesterday, received orders not to do so, but to hold themselves in readiness to march at short notice. The Amoskeag Veterans have voted to send their services to the Governor for the war. A flying artillery company is talked of at Manchester.

Vermont. The first Vermont regiment will be in camp at Rutland on Thursday, and leave on Saturday for Washington.

Massachusetts. It is probable that an extra session of the Legislature will shortly be called, a large number of members being in favor of it. A special agent has been sent to Europe to purchase fire-arms for the State. The Hon. John Pierpont, of Medford, has tendered his services to Gov. Andrew as a Chaplain to one of the Massachusetts Regiments, with the stipulation that on their way to Washington they shall *not go around Baltimore.* The town of Acton has appropriated $5000 for the benefit of the families of volunteers. Webster votes $4000 to the war purposes and agrees to pay each volunteer $5 per month, $1.00 a week to the wives of the absent, and 50 cents a week for each child under 16 years of age. Voluntary subscriptions in the town amount to $2400. In Marlboro' the town has voted to appropriate $1000 to and and encourage volunteers from that town. A special dispatch to the *Tribune* states that W. Dwight and Wm. S. Andrew have been authorized to raise two Massachusetts regiments to serve through the war.

Rhode Island. A special dispatch to the *World* from Washington says Secretary Cameron and General Scott, in conference with Governor Sprague, have ordered another regiment from Rhode Island, they being highly pleased with the troops from that State already there.

Connecticut. Forty-one companies were reported to the Adjutant General's office in ten days after the order was given. Four regiments have been organized and many more companies are about ready for marching orders.

New York. The 2nd and 29th regiments sail to-day for Washington. The State sends a special agent in the next Europa steamer to purchase $500,000 worth of the most approved small arms now used in the English and French armies.

New Jersey. The extra session of the Legislature commenced yesterday. The Governor's message recommends a loan of two millions and a State tax of $100,000. It also recommends the raising of four regiments for the State, to be subject to the call of the Government and as a provision for the defence of the southern border of the State by fortified posts or an entrenched camp. The necessary bills will be passed without delay. All four of the New Jersey regiments are to start to-day.

Pennsylvania. A dispatch from Philadelphia dated last evening says the Scott Legion regiment has been mustered into service and that the officers and men were in the Mexican war. It is probable that 700 or 800 of the Philadelphia troops will leave to-night for Harrisburg via Danville.

Gov. Curtin's message speaks of the unexampled promptness and patriotism of Pennsylvania and the other loyal States which responded to the call of the President. He says the slaughter of northern troops in Baltimore, for pretended offence, imposes new duties and responsibilities on the State and administration.

Ohio. The *State Journal* states that 81,000 troops have been offered by Ohio for the President's proclamation, and 21,000 of which it is assured will be accepted.

Michigan. Two regiments are said to be ready for service. The Legislature meets on Tuesday, and it is believed will authorize a loan for two millions for war purposes, and provide for the raising of efficient troops for any contingency. A company of flying artillery has arrived at Detroit, having been accepted by the War Department.

Maryland. The *National Intelligencer* says both Houses of the Maryland Legislature have passed resolutions affirming the right of the General Government to march troops through Maryland for the defence, to defend Washington. The Legislature has passed a bill for granting a pension of specie payment until 1862. The people in the western part of the State are said to be rising for the Union.

A special dispatch to the *New York Post* says that the presence of a Maryland battery at Elkton, Md., has changed the community from secessionists to Union men. Troops are concentrating around Baltimore. Troops are already in Virginia and a force of 10,000 regulars will soon be posted at Frederick.

There was a spontaneous Union meeting last Monday evening, at East Salisbury. There were from 1500 to 2000 persons present. Strong, straight-out Union resolutions were adopted. Great enthusiasm was manifested. The national banner was unfurled.

Western Virginia. Four intelligent gentlemen from western Virginia, waited on the President and Secretary of State yesterday, invoking its influence with the national administration, to procure arms to defend themselves; they say that Virginia west of the Blue Ridge can be held, if arms are given them to do it. They said that the request was endorsed by the public sentiment of that portion of Virginia. The State administration compiled with their request.

AYWOOD'S QUININE TONIC BITTERS.—We take pleasure in calling the attention of the public to the preparation above advertised, as we are satisfied it is good, and will benefit all invalids who need a tonic. It is prepared by Mr. Charles H. Haynes, importer of Select Medicines and Bot Chemicals, 19 Central street. Mr. A has submitted his formula to many of our leading physicians, some of which have voluntarily given him certificates, which he will exhibit to all who require such testimonials in favor of his Bitters. The doctors approve of the article, and say "it is a good combination." It is a decided tonic to the stomach, when debilitated and out of tone, assisting digestion, good in appetite, strengthening and invigorating the system after protracted diseases and the loss of blood. It is a palatable and efficient form of Quinine, carefully compounded, and not containing all the bulky virtues of Peruvian Bark. It does not tighten a cough, constipate the bowels, or affect the breath. In fact it is a decorect combination of tonics, stomachics and carminatives, and cannot fail to meet the wants of the debilitated. It is put up in neat bottles, labelled in a style to prevent counterfeits. It is now extensively used, and is a popular preparation in thousands of cases where a tonic is required.—*Boston Jour.*

ARITHMETIC. Squirk says that a retired tooth is ten teeth—because it is a "*denude*" tooth.

CITY AND VICINITY.

ATTENTION!

The members of the LOWELL LIGHT INFANTRY are notified to meet at their Armory, Huntington Hall, on THURSDAY, the 2d inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M. All interested in having a uniform will be present without fail. TEMPLE TEBBETTS, Capt.

Lowell, May 1, 1861. may1d3t

A Drummer and Fifer for the Richardson Light Infantry, Company G, Sixth Regiment. Apply to Sergt. WORCESTER, at the Armory, Merrimac Building.

Lowell, April 30, 1861. 3t

LOWELL RIDING ACADEMY,

Opposite Prescott Hall Baptist Church, Paige St.

MR. J. W. ROBINSON

Respectfully announces to his former patrons and the people of Lowell that the above Academy is now permanently open for the season. Horses kept for private and pleasure use. Horses boarded. The work will be done by Mr. George W. Robinson, who has had charge of the Academy for the last three years, and who has by raising the roof so that a high circulation of air is obtained, and accidents (in the one that occurred) are avoided, are obviated.

The horses are in good condition, and the whole establishment under the care of a man well acquainted with the avoidance and accommodation of pupils or those needing horses for pleasure use. Mr. R. will be found at the same hours as heretofore, and will take pleasure in improving an opportunity to learn, or to practice those who have formerly been connected with the same establishment.

Mr. R. will attend to the requirements of those who favor him with their patronage, and hopes to keep its reputation as the first riding school in Lowell.

Lowell, April 27, 1861. 3m

ELECTROPATHY.

DR. S. PAIGE has decided to remain a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 3 American Block, Merrimack street.

Dr. PAIGE has been practising in this city for the first time, which is encouragement or loss of vitality of the Nervous System, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c., has been cured by the use of drugs and nostrums for years, and pronounced incurable, by the skilful employment of this most subtle, natural and potent curative agent, is nearly daily under the Doctor's treatment. Consultation free.

N. B.—Dr. Paige furnishes the best Instruments for sale, and gives Instructions in Electropathy.

Consultation free. apr24d1w

FIRST PARADE OF THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY. This company came out under command of Capt. Davis, yesterday afternoon, for their first street parade. The company turned out in uniform, with full ranks, and made a fine appearance, winning "irrepressible" encomiums from all who witnessed their parade. Their drill is unexceptionable, and their employment of this most noble, natural and potent curative agent, is nearly daily under the Doctor's treatment. Consultation free.

N. B.—Dr. Paige furnishes the best Instruments for sale, and gives Instructions in Electropathy.

apr24d1w

woman's heart. Between those who go and those who stay runs an electric chord of sympathy which no orator hands can break asunder. In token of that sympathy the ladies of Lowell offer you this flag, this token and symbol, you have all sworn to protect, even with your lives.—As the flag of our country, the deeds of the past few weeks may eloquently appeal to your support of it. In pledge of our love for the same, holy cause for which you offer your all, in token of our deep appreciation of your noble sacrifices for our country, in token of our faith in your confidence we repose in the honor and fidelity with which you will uphold it through whatever scenes you may be called to bear it, we give it to your charge, solemnly praying that through the blessing of God we may welcome you home again bearing it in triumph, and that never again shall traitor hands be raised to cast one star from its azure field.

The following was Capt. Davis's response on receiving the colors:—

MISS LADY AND —. On behalf of my command, I thank you, and through you the ladies of Lowell, who have generously and kindly presented us with that which in all earthly things most dear to a soldier's heart—the flag of his country. Rest assured that in whatever position we may be placed—in whatever post of duty we may be assigned, we will prove ourselves worthy, nor the ladies who have entrusted it to our keeping. We know from the life of a soldier is one of labor, privation and hardship, but all our toils will be lightened for the thought that we are fighting for home and good-wishes of the ladies at home.

Again we thank you, and assure you that we shall bear our colors, not alone because they are the ensign of a great, free, and enlightened nation, but because they are the gift of those whose approbation it will be our pride to merit.

After the ceremonies at the Park, the company, by invitation of John Nesmith, Esq., partook of a collation at his residence. Returning to their armory, about half-past five o'clock, they were found filled with spectators, a large number of whom were ladies, mostly connected with the First Unitarian (Rev. Mr. Hinckley's) Society. Fourth Lieutenant Edward S. Hunt stepped forward, and after a very appropriate remarks, presented to Capt. Davis, in behalf of the ladies, a purse containing $87.50, which the recipient accepted with thanks, and stated that the members should not suffer while he had a dollar to share with them.

At the conclusion of this presentation, Rev. Mr. Hinckley came forward and in behalf of the ladies of his Society also presented Capt. D. with a purse containing $70 in gold. Mr.. H. said, among other things, that Rev. Mr. Paul could not and should not be sent to fight on his own charges, and the ladies of his Society were determined that it should not be so in this case. Capt. D. was completely taken by surprise in this instance, but returned his thanks to the fair donors, pledging himself and company to do their duty in the work upon which they were about to enter. Mr. Hinckley also in behalf of the ladies presented a large number of packages, containing scissors, needles, thread, and other articles which the soldiers may find useful when in distant parts of the country. He also stated that the ladies were busily employed in manufacturing flannel shirts for this and other companies which will probably follow them. He congratulated the company upon the fact that they were to be attached to the Sixth Regiment, which had already won for itself an enviable name. Capt. Davis in response to this, remarked that he was eloquently appealed to your support of it. In pledge of our love for the same holy cause for which you offer your all, in token of our deep appreciation of your noble sacrifices for our country, in token of our faith in your confidence we repose in the honor and fidelity with which you will uphold it through whatever scenes you may be called to bear it, we give it to your charge, solemnly praying that through the blessing of God we may welcome you home again bearing it in triumph, and that never again shall traitor hands be raised to cast one star from its azure field.

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STAND BY THE FLAG.

Respectfully dedicated to the Richardson Light Infantry.

Stand by the flag!
For your country's in peril,
Imploring thousands, the brave and the true;
On to the conflict, all eager are pressing
To shield from dishonor
The red, white and blue.

Stand by the flag!
Let your battle cry
Be "on! on to or die!"
Shouting for victory,
God and the right.

Stand by the flag!
Let your star-spangled banner
Float o'er the land of liberty and plain.
On to God's standard, the world fully demands,
The well they should bow in submission again.
Then be your battle cry,
"On! on to or die!"
Shouting for victory,
God and the right.

W. W.

SOLDIER'S AID ASSOCIATION. The executive committee met yesterday afternoon and organized by choosing Dr. Elisha Huntington chairman. Judge Crosby explained the object of the Association.—Sewing circles were then divided into districts and the committee of collection will at once enter upon their duties. It is proposed to receive two forms of subscription, one of those to give a fixed sum and another who subscribes a maximum amount to be called for in such sums as may be needed from time to time.

MIDDLESEX MILLS. Business on this corporation is brisk at the present season, so great is the demand for army cloth, and all the force is to be employed in its manufacture as fast as the machinery and materials can be got ready for it. Those employed in the dye-houses were busy all last Sunday evening, and were found filled with spectators, a large number of whom were ladies, mostly connected with the First Unitarian (Rev. Mr. Hinckley's) Society. Fourth Lieutenant Edward S. Hunt stepped forward, and after a very appropriate remarks, presented to Capt. Davis, in behalf of the ladies, a purse containing $87.50, which the recipient accepted with thanks, and stated that the members should not suffer while he had a dollar to share with them.

MAY DAY. This is the first of May, and several parties have been out seeking for May-flowers. We noticed quite a number of ladies on horseback, enjoying the morning air, which imparts more roses to the cheeks than all the rouge Lowell can produce.

FIRE! A match came off at the trotting park, on the Tyngsboro' road, yesterday afternoon, between a bay horse named by Messrs. Scott & Pickering and a gray colt belonging to Mr. Churchill, of Tyngsboro', for $100 a side, best of three in three, and were won by the bay horse in two straight heats, in 2.29 and 2.34.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as low as they can be had in the country, at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply being raised in Boston. ADAMS & NORTH'S selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can go to Boston and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture Coverings, suitable for Summer Sacks Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, next door to Post Office.

apr29d1f

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, and having found it to be all that could be desired, they have now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want among dentists for a material that could be used in setting teeth on gold plate, which it is not expected that it will supply entirely, but in a large majority of cases, and in instances where it is used with great success, and in which it is found to be far superior to anything else. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, they do not feel like saying all that they expect to be eventually found in it, but they assure the public that they are prepared to furnish it to those who desire it, and to do work equal to any that can be obtained, at reasonable prices.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

apr21

THE UNION MUST BE SAVED!

4th July to be Celebrated!

Lowell Division No. 1, Sons of Temperance.

The Committee of Arrangements, Andrew Langworthy and J. G. Hovey, Jr.,

Have completed all the necessary arrangements, and are now prepared to announce that the Celebration will be held in the Grove of Mr. Jonathan Tyler, in Dracut, on the Tyngsboro' road, about one mile from the Lowell Depot, and that the following distinguished gentlemen have been secured as speakers:

Hon. Henry Wilson, of Natick, Mass.
Hon. Anson Burlingame, of Boston, Mass.
Hon. Thomas Russell, of Boston, Mass.
Hon. Thomas Drew, of Lowell, Mass.

Also, the Lowell Brass Band, and the Lowell Cornet Band, have been engaged to furnish music for the occasion.

The Committee of Arrangements have also made such arrangements with the Proprietors of the Lowell and Nashua Railroad, that the cars will leave the Depot in Lowell at 8 o'clock, A. M., and 1 o'clock, P. M., and will return from the Grove at 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tickets for the round trip, 25 cents.

Tickets can be obtained of the Committee of Arrangements, and at the Depot on the morning of the Celebration.

Lowell, April 30, 1861. 2t

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, RUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation is a Liquid, Pearl-like in hue, imparting to it a Matchless Purity. It is most sure and refreshing in its effects. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its wonderful virtues, and will give immediate relief to the Scalding of Insects. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition, and it is perfectly safe to use on the most delicate infant.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove every Spot or Pimple.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
To make a Lady fair.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
To make the Complexion pure.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
A rare article for the Toilet.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Whose purity defies detection.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
When the Skin is Rough or Pimply.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you blush you'll appear beautiful.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish a perfectly pure complexion.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you would preserve the Skin from Insects.

Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy cures for it has, in almost every instance, been brought to our notice by the prescriptions of local or mercury to cure impurities of the blood, which it does more speedily than it is the most elegant and speedy application for the Skin ever offered to the public. Ladies will find it invaluable after a visit to the crowded assemblies, Theatre or Opera. Its use imparts a delightful freshness to the features, and renders the skin soft and beautiful, in harmony, exhilarating and refreshing. Its use cannot be detected, even by the closest observer, as it produces no change in appearance, only that of a healthy and beautiful complexion.

Prepared only by
DR. B. FISHER,
Sole Proprietor,
No. 57 Central St., (second story)
Lowell, July 18, 1860.

P. F. FISHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

jy19d1y

Office, No. 57 Central St., (second story)

Lowell, July 18, 1860.

P. F. FISHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

jy19d1y

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles Just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated Hartford Tapestry. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar19d2m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. [Lowell Journal.

LLOYD'S RAIL ROAD WORK.

Containing a correct map (on large scale) and Time Table of every Railroad in the United States—forming a perfect Railroad Guide.

For sale at the Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Offices, 121 Nassau street, New York, and at Rimark House. Price 10 cents.

H. H. FISHER, sole agent.

ja5 1m

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

MAY DAY VISITORS. This morning, five respectable gentlemen commenced calling upon one of our ladies, and were forming the most chemical Spring and Summer Medicine ever offered to the public. Sold by druggists and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe to all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 36 North street, Boston.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

apr27 New York

The Great English Remedy

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of *Sir J. Clarke*, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

AMERICAN WOMEN—America is justly proud of its beautiful women; but many quite shy of their beauty by neglecting their heal h and comfort, for want of a timely use of this remedy is found to Sir James Clarke's Female Pills. They have been used with the greatest success where they have been used for Female Weakness, Fits, Spasms, Pain in the Back and Loins, Nervous Affections, Hysterics, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Blotches on the Face, Sallowness of the Skin, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered state of the system. They are safe and sure, when all other means have failed. *Moderating exercise* should be used during the use of these Pills, and also all other cause. Suffering more anxiety or loss of time. Full directions in the pamphlet that accompanies a box of the Pills.

Price $1 per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage stamps enclosed to any part of the country. Sold by all Druggists.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. 7m mar14d1m

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary remedy has been for many years in constant use, and has proved itself to be the most certain and speedy remedy for Coughs, Colds and Lungs. To those suffering from disease of the Throat and Lungs, Consumption, Bronchitis and asthma, we would say, that these Wafers are offered to the public with the confidence that they will relieve the most distressing symptoms, and in the most agreeable manner. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat and giving it strength and flexibility.

Prepared and sold by DR. BRYAN, Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box.

A Chance for Bargains!

The subscriber will continue from May 1st to May 20, at 27 Merrimack Street, I will sell for a short time, my stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, &c., at cost, as I intend to go into other business. Call and see for yourself.

JOSHUA MERRILL.

No. 27 Merrimack Street.

apr29 1m

THE UNION MUST BE SAVED!

4th July to be Celebrated!

Lowell Division No. 1, Sons of Temperance.

The Committee of Arrangements, Andrew Langworthy and J. G. Hovey, Jr.,

Have completed all the necessary arrangements, and are now prepared to announce that the Celebration will be held in the Grove of Mr. Jonathan Tyler, in Dracut, on the Tyngsboro' road, about one mile from the Lowell Depot, and that the following distinguished gentlemen have been secured as speakers:

Hon. Henry Wilson, of Natick, Mass.
Hon. Anson Burlingame, of Boston, Mass.
Hon. Thomas Russell, of Boston, Mass.
Hon. Thomas Drew, of Lowell, Mass.

Also, the Lowell Brass Band, and the Lowell Cornet Band, have been engaged to furnish music for the occasion.

The Committee of Arrangements have also made such arrangements with the Proprietors of the Lowell and Nashua Railroad, that the cars will leave the Depot in Lowell at 8 o'clock, A. M., and 1 o'clock, P. M., and will return from the Grove at 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tickets for the round trip, 25 cents.

Tickets can be obtained of the Committee of Arrangements, and at the Depot on the morning of the Celebration.

Lowell, April 30, 1861. 2t

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 30th, 1861.

Our wounded are all doing well, and expect to be ready for duty in a few days.—Capt. Dyke, of the Steamboat Light Infantry, who was the most seriously injured, is getting along finely. He was robbed of $1000 during the affray, which had been contributed by the citizens of Boston for the benefit of his company.

The Phalanx will probably elect a first Lieutenant in a day or two. No secession-ist can act as an officer in the old Phalanx, no matter whom he may be. All our men are as true as steel, and for the Union, and we will never march under an officer who will, in the presence of a mob, sheath his sword and tell them to talk as they please it, as was the case while we were going through Baltimore, and that he is in favor of Jeff. Davis, &c. Shall talk as they "goes against the grain" of the Phalanx, and we are now without a first Lieutenant.

We are all anxious to hear from the friends we've left behind in the "City of Spindles." We sleep with "one eye open," for we know not what a moment may bring to go into action at a moment's notice.—Each man has forty rounds of ammunition in his cartridge box. We have, in all, twelve days' rations, and 100 rounds of ammunition without even taking off our roundabout, sleeping on the floor. Each man has a number with our knapsacks for pillows. Rather hard fare, but we are getting accustomed to them.

On Monday last we were sworn into the service of the United States for the term of three months, unless sooner discharged.—We are ready for an attack at any moment; and we have a right to, and are to do our duty. With the exception of our first lieutenant, every officer of our company responded to the call of allegiance, with a hearty "aye." The same can be said of all the Lowell companies, with the exception, as I hear, of three or four instances in one company, but these were hissed and treated with such contempt that the next day they concluded to take the oath of allegiance. There were from Lawrence, Salem and one from Boston who acted in the same manner.

L.

A LITTLE daughter of Mr. S. B. Bruce, of Yellowville, was burned to death by her dress taking fire on Saturday last. Her mother was burning brush, on Friday of last week.

HON. CHARLES R. TRAIN, M. C., has a company organized and ready for the service whenever called upon by the Governor of Mass. The company is to be drilled at Fort Warren, in Boston harbor.

ANOTHER OF THE GOOD LADIES OF OUR CITY TESTIFIES TO THE EFFICACY OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

Prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mrs. Ann Eliza Young, of Nauvoo, Ill., says:

I do hereby certify to the public, that a child of mine, four years old, being troubled with worms, I administered to her several doses of *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., for that complaint, and the worms came away, I brought away an immense number of worms in bunches and strings; many had the appearance of having cut up pieces; they were about six inches in length, and the same time sell as cheap as those who make tea and coffee of minor consideration in their trade. Cummings sells the best Japan tea in this city for one dollar per pound, and coffee in such quantities as his customers want—raw, cooked, or ground. People are every year getting more and more in the practice of buying of those who deal exclusively in the articles we mention, and in such quantities as they require at least a trial. Mr. Cummings' experience, who is selling, late years, much more extensively than six or seven years ago; and since it is as it is, as one that is adulterated, those who do not have the best are not wise beyond their day and generation, to say the least.

MAY DAY. This is the first of May, and several parties have been out seeking for May-flowers. We noticed quite a number of ladies on horseback, enjoying the morning air, which imparts more roses to the cheeks than all the rouge Lowell can produce.

FIRE! A match came off at the trotting park, on the Tyngsboro' road, yesterday afternoon, between a bay horse named by Messrs. Scott & Pickering and a gray colt belonging to Mr. Churchill, of Tyngsboro', for $100 a side, best of three in three, and were won by the bay horse in two straight heats, in 2.29 and 2.34.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as low as they can be had in the country, at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply being raised in Boston. ADAMS & NORTH'S selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can go to Boston and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture Coverings, suitable for Summer Sacks Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, next door to Post Office.

apr29d1f

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, and having found it to be all that could be desired, they have now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want among dentists for a material that could be used in setting teeth on gold plate, which it is not expected that it will supply entirely, but in a large majority of cases, and in instances where it is used with great success, and in which it is found to be far superior to anything else. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, they do not feel like saying all that they expect to be eventually found in it, but they assure the public that they are prepared to furnish it to those who desire it, and to do work equal to any that can be obtained, at reasonable prices.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

apr21

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary remedy has been for many years in constant use, and has proved itself to be the most certain and speedy remedy for Coughs, Colds and Lungs. To those suffering from disease of the Throat and Lungs, Consumption, Bronchitis and asthma, we would say, that these Wafers are offered to the public with the confidence that they will relieve the most distressing symptoms, and in the most agreeable manner. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat and giving it strength and flexibility.

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JOSHUA MERRILL.

No. 27 Merrimack Street.

apr29 1m

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on favorable terms on a single risk, or terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Jr., Lowell.
Andrew P. Crosby, Lowell.
Amherst Colman, Lowell.
Andrew M. Dennis, Lowell.
Samuel Bothwick, Lowell.
Ephraim Brown, Lowell.
Alonzo A. Miner, Lowell.
Benjamin R. Bates, Lowell.
Lester M. Clark, Lowell.
Stephen E. Sammons, Lowell.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
ANDREW P. CROSBY, Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central; cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 23, 1860.

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$300,000
Surplus.....$300,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at low rates of premium. Call and examine the plan on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Stores and their contents, and

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Office in Howard Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

$150, RIPLEY, Agent, Lowell.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

Capital and Accumulation,

$100,000.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 86-100 per cent.

The Company has paid Policies maturing by death or Endowment, during the last year, more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State of New York, as security to Policy Holders.

Directors!

Erastus Lyman, Charles Denison, Wm. H. Aspinwall, Chas. Tillinghast, Jr., John Anderson, Wm. H. Webb, G. W. Pritchard, Wm. Bell, Richard Bell, Nathaniel Marsh, Merchant, Brooklyn, Edward Prime, Merchant, New York, Thomas Thompson, Merchant, Long Island.

GEORGE P. SCHIFFER, Secretary.

Books taken in either Stock or Mutual departments, on the most favorable terms.

C. D. WYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office, Merrimack Building, Prescott Street, and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16d1f

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all diseases originating in a disordered Liver, from a pimple to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Piles; Fever and Ague; Rheumatism; Female Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, restore the appetite, purify the blood, and by these agencies the circulation, and purify the blood better than any medicine ever before offered to the public. Made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Bark, Dandelion, &c., &c. Being entirely free from alcohol, and all deleterious substances, they can be taken by the most delicate female or child, without exposing the most fastidious. Spring and Summer Medicine. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe to all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 36 North street, Boston.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

apr27 New York

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all diseases originating in a disordered Liver, from a pimple to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Piles; Fever and Ague; Rheumatism; Female Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, restore the appetite, purify the blood, and by these agencies the circulation, and purify the blood better than any medicine ever before offered to the public. Made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Bark, Dandelion, &c., &c. Being entirely free from alcohol, and all deleterious substances, they can be taken by the most delicate female or child, without exposing the most fastidious. Spring and Summer Medicine. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe to all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 36 North street, Boston.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

apr27 New York

Medal Family Sewing Machine.

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which attract the attention of every family desirous of a machine in the requisites for family use. It has become a favorite machine for all who desire to depend upon as a household economy. In all the four points essential to a perfect machine, viz: Motion and beautiful, in harmony, stitching, uniformity, and strength of seam, it stands unrivalled, and is the only machine that will do the entire work to which female needle work is applicable.

WHERE IS THE STORE,

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among those in whose store exclusively the Medal Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Low

D. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
A. J. Bartlett,	A. J. Richardson,
Wm. A. Burke,	T. P. Appleton,
Huntington Bros.,	Wm. Wilson,
E. A. Alger,	F. L. Richardson,
Wm. Gleason,	Wm. Lee,
B. F. Butler,	Isher, E. B. Foster,
Wm. A. D. Sargeant,	W. N. Bryant,
D. C. Brown,	M. C. Bryan,
Samuel Fay,	Wm. H. Richardson,
J. L. Orday,	Wm. L. North,
L. Bryant,	Wm. Hall, Jr.,
R. W. Weaver,	J. L. Cheney,

This Machine is a variety of the Wilson and plan, at prices lower than any in One hundred and twenty dollars. For sale by

J. W. B. SHAW,
44 Merrimack Street.

may17 mpr

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, RUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation is a Liquid, Pearl-like in hue, imparting to it a Matchless Purity. It is most sure and refreshing in its effects. One tr

BININGER'S
OLD KENTUCKY
BOURBON
1849 RESERVE

The established popularity of this Canvas Old Rye now as a medicinal agent, renders it superfluous to mention in detail the characteristics which distinguish it from the ordinary grade of Kentucky Whiskeys.

Being distilled in 1849, and manufactured expressly for us with great care, it can be relied upon as *strictly pure* stimulous, and peculiarly effective for the treatment of Lung Complaints, Dyspepsia, Derangements of the Stomach, Nervousness, &c.

As a curative agent it has a tendency to *re-create and strengthen*; while age having contributed its genial charm and enriched it with a delicious flavor and an oily body; it affords a pleasant incentive to the preservation or recovery of health; through the agreeable medium of a well pleased palate.

Put up in a variety of attractive forms, in iron-bound casks of one and two dozen bottles each, and sold by all prominent druggists, grocers and town agents.

A. M. BININGER & CO.
(Established 1719.)
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad St., N. Y.

For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Nos. 18 and 19 Marshall st.; WEEKS & POTTER, KEITH & PECKER, D. GOODRICH & CO., PETERS & HALL, CHANDLER, SWAN & CO., CUTTER, WEEKS & LAMSON, S. FIELD & CO., C. K. DAVIS & CO. and JAS MACKINTIRE.
nov24 1y(T&S&Su)1y1

Banks, Money Brokers, Bankers and Capitalists of Societies, Printing Presses, Type Plates, Patent Medicines Venders, &c., &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Patent Medicine Venders, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, a white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of Printed surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his splendid stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Gratis.

HIRAM WILSON,
53 Central street. 53

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Blanks,
Fancy Job-bing,
Bill-heads,
Address Cards,
Catalogues,
Circulars,
Programmes,
Newspapers,

Pamphlets,
Law and Court Business,
Posters,
Hand-bills,
Cards,
Labels,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

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HIRAM WILSON,
53 Central street. 53

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit,

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Colic Pains, Want of Appetite, Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Liver Complaints, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dyspeptic, should their nervous system shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to the horrible train of evils attending the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, almost immediately, feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Hain's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Does.—One wine glass full as often as once as ney.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.

One dose will cure Heart-Burn.

Three doses will cure Indigestion.

One dose will give you a Good Appetite.

One dose will subdue the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as the first dose is generally received by the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder or Urinary Organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, extreme nervousness, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions, and all sickly pale hues, restore the bloom of health and beauty to the sorrowful face.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial and to induce this, he has put up the 1-2 pint bottles at 50 cts. quarts $1.

General Depot, 46 Water st., New York.

Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederic Brooks, C. H. French, Dr. M. E Thompson, Hugh A Cheney, F. A. Stanley, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country

jan26'61

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery, with a general assortment; also Carvers and Steels, Steak Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest store of Cutlery to be found in the city to be sold cheap, for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.
dec17 6 46 Merrimack

BRUSHES! Brushes!

WILLOW BRUSHES, Flour Brushes with long handles, Scrub Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Horse Brushes, Whitewash Brushes, Sitting sewing rests—on the sitting or steam by the fiber-dough. Just received and for sale by
nov26 H. S. HAYNES 46 Merrimack st.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDS

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GASTRAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them the best.

DR. JAMES L. LEKFERE, write from Natrona, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dispepsia and liver complaint."

E. S DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrated and lost my appe ite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits, wonderful merits."

DR. WM. M KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine in general use. He has recommended them with great success, and, with them made several cures of palpitation of the heart, and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Emery Co., Tenn., says: "I was taken ill the latter date of May 4th, 1860. He was much relieved, and was often afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most grievous and distressing nature," after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in perfect health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with dyspepsia for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him had given him up. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affections, and the like, it is a specific certain remedy."

T. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevail to a fearful extent) that he recommends them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Liver Complaint and Debility.

D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Ft. Wayne, Ind., that he has prescribed extensively the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of the profession generally, and will require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
mar7 o3w2m

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the first instance of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in this connection we proceed to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years, and we certainly know it to be a most reliable and safe remedy for the complaints of infants, and we feel alone will endorse you of its many excellent and valuable properties of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when the gums are inflamed, and the little sufferer cries with pain, a few doses will be found invaluable in relieving the *Gums, Relieving Inflammation and Relieving all Pain.* Our Diseases attending Teething, such as *Dysentery, Derangement, Groping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic and Griping*, will be confidently offer this as a certain remedy for these diseases, and in fact, it will be found invaluable in the nursery and hospital, and no family should at this season be without it.

In Convulsions,

from which, more infants are said to die than from any other disease, it will be found a never failing remedy, and by many mothers it has been used in preference to all other remedies. Its immediate effect in such cases is such that it has been pronounced by many as little short of miraculous. The cause of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been attended by the practical use of the article, and we now ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to mothers, and to the public generally. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is entirely free from opium or any of its preparations.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, that's fact and we fully recommend it during some of the most distressing cases of infantile disease, as it is perfectly safe for the public to do so. We feel confident that the country, Mothers are becoming convinced of this fact, and of the fact that it is a specific certain remedy."

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by confining the secretions of your child, but by relieving the bowels of the rare morbidic qualities, by removing all pain and irritation from the bowels, consequently it does not therefore, in the least to interfere with the healthy action of the bowels, but on the contrary, it will be found to restore your child to a healthy state, as it is a perfect

Tonic and Alterative.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 60 Hanover st., Boston.
Agent, Boston and Maine Railroad.

Sold by them, and by all respectable druggists

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed to manufacture machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much waxed thread as the chain or loop-stitch machine.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine now in use, to the entire range of family sewing, from the coarsest to the finest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, requiring a needle No. 18 to penetrate, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In such a result consists the great merit to family use? and if your adapted to family sewing, you cannot purchase a better machine manufacture? For such too heavy for our Family Machines, or to commend our Machines.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam, and will not break or rip, even if a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, and of any kind on a line.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, and not liable to get out of order.

Fact No. 6.—Those of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair in 1859, and the Three Highest Premiums, the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, in October last, and the highest Premium for the sewing machine work.

Fact No 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in 1860.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, together with the highest Premium for the sewing machine work.

Fact No 9.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in 1860.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing and do it better than any other sewing machine, and the Company are prepared to exhibit in competition with other machines, and to prove the truth of the above statements.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give perfect satisfaction, and will have never seen or used them. Hence the unprecedented success of these Machines in every part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the practical results and distinctive merits of the machine of the Finkle & Lyon's sewing Machine?" To this we answer, that it is the only machine with the combinable Facts—Facts that are facts—not Fact, made such, by persons interested, or by pretended professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of some unsalable machine, or machines. Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the machine in the various styles of family sewing, or manufactories.

The Company having determined to sell by sample, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines to the following low rates, without all no essary appendages, including the best Hemmer, Feller, Braider and Gauger, and Instruction Book and Examine them.

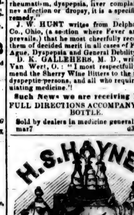
Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.
January 5, 1861 jan5dtf

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a full assortment of the latest styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Globes, Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, Side and Counter Lamps, hand, evening, Store and Study lamps. Also a large assortment of all kinds of Oil to be sold at the lowest cash prices, at the sign of the Golden Eagle.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and see for yourself, at
H. S. HAYNES'
Sign of the Golden Eagle,
45 Merrimack street.
oct26



H. S. HAYNES'

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

FANCY GOODS AND HARD CHINA TEA SETS, COVERED DISHES, FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE *FRENCH* AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable articles, which will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine for yourself, at

45 Merrimack street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

W. DEARDEN,

AT HIS

CHINA AND CROCKERY EMPORIUM.

SIGN OF GOLD BAND PITCHER.

Has the largest and most varied assortment of

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, CASTORS, &c., &c.

Ever offered in this city. Selling LOW.

Sign of Gold Band Pitcher.
Please call and see.

W. DEARDEN,

90 MERRIMACK STREET. dec29

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension of a few to sell Books at any price. Books at any price they are now sold by the regular trade, and at the store of C. H. HUTCHINSON, Books for literature and education (school books excepted) can be purchased low at 11 Central street.

Also, a large assortment of Blank Books, Writing and Wall Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Pocket Books, Portfolios, Gold Pens, Pocket Knives, Combs, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Bibles and Testaments, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, Diaries, Almanacs, Motto Cards, Motto Seals, Motto Wafers, Motto Rings, Motto Pins, Motto Sleeve Buttons, Motto Bracelets, Motto Necklaces, Motto Lockets, Motto Chains, Motto Keys, Motto Pencils, Motto Pen Holders, Motto Gold Pens, Motto Pocket Knives, Motto Combs, Motto Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of Miscellaneous Books, Albums, Gift Books, Juvenile Books, Toy Books, Picture Books, Standard Works, Poetical Works, Novels, Romances, Histories, Biographies, Travels, Sermons, Lectures, Speeches, Dictionaries, Gazetteers, Cyclopedias, Encyclopedias, Commentaries, Concordances, Reference Books, Medical Works, Law Books, Miscellaneous Works, Religious Works, Theological Works, Sunday School Books, Sunday School Cards, Sunday School Rewards, Sunday School Requisites, Sunday School Libraries, Sunday School Hymn Books, Sunday School Music Books, Sunday School Singing Books, Sunday School Question Books, Sunday School Catechisms, Sunday School Commentaries, Sunday School Concordances, Sunday School Reference Books, Sunday School Dictionaries, Sunday School Gazetteers, Sunday School Cyclopedias, Sunday School Encyclopedias, Sunday School Histories, Sunday School Biographies, Sunday School Travels, Sunday School Sermons, Sunday School Lectures, Sunday School Speeches, Sunday School Novels, Sunday School Romances, Sunday School Poetical Works, Sunday School Medical Works, Sunday School Law Books, Sunday School Miscellaneous Works, Sunday School Religious Works, Sunday School

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, May 2, 1861.

RECEPTION OF THE BODIES OF THE MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS WHO WERE KILLED IN BALTIMORE ON THE 19TH ULT. The bodies of the three soldiers who were killed in the riot at Baltimore on the 19th ult., were brought to Boston yesterday, in charge of Merrill S. Wright, of this city, who was dispatched from Washington on Monday noon for the duty he has performed, by Col. Jones.

The Boston papers of this morning give the details of the reception of the dead in that city. Yesterday noon Gov. Andrew received a dispatch announcing that the bodies would arrive at the Worcester Depot, in Boston, at a ¼ to 5 o'clock, and steps were immediately taken to arrange for their proper reception. The Independent Corps of Cadets were immediately ordered out to act as escort, and proceeded to the depot, accompanied by the Brigade Band. Governor Andrew, accompanied by Cols. Sargent and Lee, of his staff, Adjutant General Schouler, the Executive Council, Mr. Brown (private secretary), Hon. Alexander H. Rice, and John S. Keyes, United States Marshall, were also present. The Cadets were drawn up in front of the depot, and a large detachment of police kept the space between the cars and the street clear of the immense crowd which had begun to collect. At 5 o'clock, the New York train arrived with the bodies, in charge of Mr. Wright. The bodies were enclosed in metallic coffins, which were placed in fine boxes and sealed up. Mr. Wright left Baltimore on Tuesday morning. The bodies were taken from the receiving tomb in Baltimore, where they had been temporarily placed, and delivered to Mr. Wright, and every service was rendered him by the authorities of that city, in the performance of his duty, that he could desire.

We quote from the *Boston Courier* as follows:—

"The coffins were taken from the baggage car and placed on hastily constructed biers, and covered by American flags. They were then borne out of the depot and placed on the sidewalk in front of the military company, the Governor and the gentlemen who accompanied him, stood looking on with uncovered heads. The Cadets presented arms and the Band played a dirge. A dense crowd had collected meanwhile, outside of the lines, and witnessed the proceedings in profound silence.

The hearses came up soon after, and received the coffins

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

INDIAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE.
Office, 36 Bromfield Street, Boston,
Rev. N. DAY, *President.*
Dr. T. MASON, *Vice President.*
CHARLES S. GREENE, *Treasurer.*
PHYSICIANS:
R. GREENE M. D. I. HUTCHINS M.D.
MARY HASWOOD, Female Physician.

This institution was established to secure greater perfection in the science of Medicine, and a more successful practice in the treatment of the various diseases upon natural or rational principles, (discarding the use of all such only as act on harmony with the laws of health,) and using such remedies, and agents only, as act in harmony with the laws of life. It enables therefore, who wish to employ a mild remedy, if neglected, even attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are a most valuable article, certainly at this season of the year, when *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness and Sore Throat* are so prevalent. The Troche give our and also relief in the removal of many diseases.

Most Diseases, such as Scrofula, Humors of the Blood, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Heart Complaint, Female Complaints and the great variety of diseases with which the human body is afflicted, are successfully treated with medicines which can be sent to any part of the world. With full directions, so that the correct knowledge can be obtained from answers to the questions in the "Indian Address Book." Such will be sent free when requested. Persons wishing to learn more fully the theory and practice of this Institution, will be supplied with a pamphlet by mail, free, on the receipt of four postage stamps.

Those who have been unsuccessfully treated with complicated diseases, should await them notice of the personal attendants of the physicians at the Institute, where such facilities for cure are presented.

Consultations at the office, free of charge, from 8 o'clock A. M., to 9 P. M., or by letter on the receipt of a postage stamp.

All communications should be directed to DR. R. GREENE *36 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.*

HORSE SHOES.

BURDEN'S NEW PATENT MACHINE HORSE SHOES, punched, countersunk and fitted for driving, are kept on hand daily and for wear as long as the best hand-made shoes. Horse Shoe and nails will be furnished by the ton. Weight from ten ounces to three pounds, packed in kegs of one hundred pounds, one ton or carload, as may be required. Also a supply of Burden's Horse Shoe Bars of LEWIS & TOBEY 23 Broad Street, Boston. Agents for the sale of Burden's Railroad, Ship, and Boat Spikes, Boiler Rivets, Horse Shoes, and Merchant Iron. Samples may be seen at the store of John Butcher, Jacksonville.

The Place to Purchase Everything in the Sewing Machine Department.

C. PATCH & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in *Sewing Machine Needles, Shuttles, Needles, Hemmers, Screw-drivers, Oakes and Oil, Nail Cutters, and Lister Machines*, and a large variety of *Sewing Machine Trimmings*, at the lowest *prices*. Also, every variety of *Foot and Class Sewing Machine*, at the Manufacturer's lowest cash prices. Persons wishing to purchase Sewing Machines will do well to call at 181 Washington Street, Boston.

ATTRACTIVE MUSIC BOOKS.

Home Circle.—Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles, Marches, &c., for Piano, $1 50. *Minstrel's Own*, Vocal Duets, Quartets, Choruses, &c., for Piano, Guitar, $1. *Home Melodies*, Words and Music of about 100 Favorite Songs, 25 cts. *Stirring Song Book*, Words of 125 Popular Songs, 25 cts. 110 *Notech Songs*, 100 *Irish Songs*, 100 *Comic Songs*, each 25 cts.

Sent post-paid, on receipt of price. Pieces and Melodeons for sale and to let on low prices, by DITSON & CO., Publishers, Boston.

PURE PICKLES.

Delicious Sauces,
Pure Mustard, and
Genuine Ketchups,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
LONDON.

Chow Chow, Piccalilli, Mixed and other Pickles; Soda Crackers, Harvey, John Bull, and Shrewsbury Biscuits; Durham Mustard, India Soy, Curry, Walnut, and Mushroom Ketchups, Chutney, &c., are adapted to hot or cold

MEATS, FISH, SOUPS, GRAVIES, ETC.

They should be furnished for every table, and supplied to every cook.

C. & B.'s goods have gained great renown for their purity and quality, not only in England, but in other countries. They are now nearly as low as inferior goods, and purchasers wishing their preparations, should see that the name of Crosse & Blackwell, London, is on each Bottle or parcel purchased.

Importers and Agents, HEAT & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

JULIAN A. FOGG,

Manufacturer of every description of Polished ENGRAVED METAL SIGNS, for Doors, Windows, Office Doors, Door Plates, &c. Silver Door Plates neatly engraved to order. No. 211 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON. Machine, Carriage, and Coffin Plates, Stencil Tools, &c., engraved to order. Silver Letters and Numbers, for Figures, &c., &c. Orders sent by mail or express to any distance will receive prompt attention. Diplomas awarded at the late Mechanics Fair, for Engraved Metal Signs.

Rubber Coats,	$1.50 to $6.00
Rubber Horse Covers,	2.50 " 4.00
Rubber Foot Balls,	.50 " 1.00

All Goods at the Manufacturers' Lowest Prices. ALFRED HALE & CO.,
India-Rubber Manufacturers, 32 School St., Boston.

ANDREW J. MORSE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Soda and Mineral Water Apparatus,
40 Congress Street, Boston.

Catalogues containing prices and description of the various articles will be sent upon application.

Steam to Liverpool for $30.

CALLING AT CORK.

The first-class Iron Screw Steamships will sail as follows from New York every Saturday:

Arabia, 875. Third Class, $30. Third Class, *From Liverpool* $45. Third Class, *From Cork to New York* $20 Third Class, *From Cork to Boston* $22 50.

For passage apply to THAYER & MAGRATH, Agents, 70 Pine Street, and Pier 4 North River, Boston, or to J. G. DALLY, 15 Bowling Green, New York.

N. B.—Sight Bills of Exchange for sale at the lowest rates, on the Provincial Bank of Ireland, England, always for sale by THAYER & MAGRATH.

Crane's Patent Rubber Sand *CARPET SWEEPER.*

This is the only article fit to sweep a Carpet. They save all the labor and waste, and the carpet will last twice as long. They are one of the most important articles for housekeeping which no one will be without after once using them. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Price, $2.50.

MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE BY THE RUBBER BAND CARPET SWEEPER CO.,
No. 24 Cornhill, Boston.
O. H. WEED & CO., Agents.
P. S. We solicit orders from all Traders and Peddlers, to whom we will forward a sample, or any quantity of the above Sweepers, at the lowest wholesale price, viz.—$21 per dozen.
O. H. WEED & CO.

$1200 A YEAR AND EXPENSES GUARANTEED TO AGENTS FOR
PULLMAN'S $10 PATENT STENCIL TOOLS.

The Outfit is a Neat Trunk for $10.

Two hours' practice enables any one to use these tools with facility. The outfit contains Alphabets and Figures for cutting in brass or zinc, and stock enough to retail for $100. Circulars and samples sent free.

Address A. J. PULLMAN, 12 Merchants' Exchange, Boston, 314 Broadway, New York; or Springfield, Vt.

The French Burr Millstone Shop

Is removed from 16 feet of WARREN STREET, East Boston, to

Nos. 17 and 18 Eastern Avenue,

2nd DOOR FROM COMMERCIAL ST., BOSTON.

Constantly on hand a choice selection of all kinds of French and American Esopus Burr Millstones. Stones dressed and warranted in the best manner, and by most competent workmen.

N. CRILLY.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

COLDS! COUGHS!!
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Cure *Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough*, and *Consumption*; *clear and give strength* to the *voice of Public Speakers and Singers.*

Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "*slight cold*" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a simple remedy, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are a most valuable article, certainly at this season of the year, when *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness and Sore Throat* are so prevalent. The Troche give our and also relief in the removal of many diseases.

Most Diseases, such as Scrofula, Humors of the Blood, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Heart Complaint, Female Complaints and the great variety of diseases with which the human body is afflicted, are successfully treated with medicines which can be sent to any part of the world. With full directions, so that the correct knowledge can be obtained from answers to the questions in the "Indian Address Book." Such will be sent free when requested. Persons wishing to learn more fully the theory and practice of this Institution, will be supplied with a pamphlet by mail, free, on the receipt of four postage stamps.

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Consultations at the office, free of charge, from 8 o'clock A. M., to 9 P. M., or by letter on the receipt of a postage stamp.

All communications should be directed to DR. R. GREENE *36 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.*

DR. WHEELER'S
Sherry Wine Bitters.

Those who are suffering from a weakness of the Stomach, should partake of the celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters. DR. WHEELER'S WINE BITTERS.

They purify the blood, create an appetite, give tone and vitality to the stomach and digestive organs. They are highly recommended by Physicians; no family will be without them after giving them a trial.

For Sale at the principal Stores throughout the United States and many foreign ports.

only by Lewis Wheeler & Co., Druggists, Corner of Custom House & Broad Sts., Boston.

PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO.'S
LINE OF
BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL
PACKETS.

Sailing from Liverpool every 21 Days.

PASSAGE CERTIFICATES to and from England, Ireland and Scotland, and Bills of Exchange on the Union Bank in Great Britain to be had at either of our offices. For passage apply personally or by letter or otherwise.

PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO.,
114 State Street.

GLIDDEN & WILLIAMS' LINE
FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

First Class Clipper Ships, sailing regularly. For Freight or Passage apply at the
GALLANT MAST OFFICE,
No. 114 State Street.

$40 EUREKA LOCK-STITCH $40
SEWING MACHINES,

For Family use and manufacturing purposes, the best perfect Family Sewing Machine in use. Lock-Stitch ALIKE ON BOTH SIDES, and will stitch, hem, fell, cord, gather, quilt, bind, and braid. They are what everybody is inquiring for—a perfect Family Sewing Machine, complete, equally well adapted to sew the most flimsy muslin and the heaviest woolen fabrics. Sewing Machines use ALL KINDS OF THREAD, and the same THREAD AS USED IN HAND SEWING AS WELL AS THE UPPER THREAD. They are warranted not to rip or ravel. They are warranted to give the most perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Address THOMAS J. DERMOTT, Agent, 209 Washington Street.

N.—The above Machines are licensed under Howe's Patent.

To THOMAS DERMOTT, Sir,—No. 209 *Washington-street, Boston.*

Dear Sir—The "Eureka Sewing Machine" which I purchased of you last Saturday, I exchange to a chasm, and has given, thus far, *perfect satisfaction*. We find it a matter of great convenience that it makes a stitch *alike on both sides*. Yours, respectfully, ELIZABETH BOND.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. P. BROWN'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

DR. JAMES L. KEPHERE, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O. "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, became prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great confidence of its merits."

WM. S. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicines offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several remarkable cures. Many more of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "*for Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Liver complaint, Nervous affection or dropsy*, it is a specific certain to cure."

J. W. HUNT writes from Troy Dripbolt, Allen Co., Ohio, that where fever and ague prevails, they he most cheerfully recommends the Bitters as a specific for the disease. Fever and ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

DR. S. P. BROWN, D. D., writes from Van Wert, O. "I most respectfully recommend them as a valuable tonic and harmless stomachic panacea, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally throughout the United States.

THE FREEMASON'S MONITOR,
BY THOMAS SMITH WEBB.

A new and beautifully illustrated edition to the Manual of Webb, (carefully edited by Rob Morris, LL. D.,) containing all the Degrees of Royal and Select Master, full rituals for the Degrees of Mark Master, Installation, in Council and Encampment, a historical sketch of the Order of Knighthood, by George W. Chase, Esq., Editor of the Masonic Mirror, and full Likenes of Webb, (with a fac simile autograph,) and Portraits of Morris, Scripture for the Orders of Knighthood, by George W. Chase, Esq., Editor of the Masonic Mirror. This is the only COMPLETE Masonic Monitor ever published. The work has been carefully compiled and illustrated, bound in best Morocco, tucks, gilt, and for sale by all the Trade. Also, a correct edition in Muslin, 75 cts. per copy.

Address THE FIRST DEGREES of the same work, in Muslin, price 37 cents, at the Masonic Mirror Office, 23 Bromfield Street, Boston.) A liberal discount made to the trade.

A. W. POLLARD,
Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in
MILITARY, REGALIA,
AND
THEATRICAL GOODS,
No. 6 Court St., Boston, Mass.

Gold Leaf and Foil, Dentist's Plate, WIRE AND SOLDER,
Manufactured by Lothrop & Tolman, 16 *Harvard Place, opposite Old South Church, Boston.*

Gold and Silver Assayed and Melted.

NATURAL HISTORY STORE,
16 Tremont Street, Boston.
CHARLES S. BREWSTER,
Dealer in Preserved Birds, Animals and Skins, Live Birds, fine singing Canaries, Cages, Mocking Birds, Paroquets, Brilliant Parakeets, Java Moss and Feather Work, Artificial Eyes for Birds and Animals, Insects Tanks, Gazelles, Silver Snakes, Bird Seed of all kinds, Nests, Birds and Animals preserved to order. When sent from other places they will be safely packed.

Trusses, Supporters, and Shoulder Braces.

DR. J. W. PERLEE, celebrated throughout New England and the West, as the inventor of various kinds of apparatus for the cure and correction of all kinds of deformities, keeps constantly on hand at his establishment, No 68 Washington Street, Boston, a full assortment, such as Patent Trusses, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Elastic Stockings, Elastic Knee Caps, &c. &c.

Surgical Apparatus are used and recommended by the faculty at the Massachusetts General Hospital.

TAGS

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BLACKSTONE STREET, BOSTON.

We wish to call the attention of the public to our superior STOCK PALE and AMBER ALES, brewed by us for the trade, and Family Use, put up in Bottles and Kegs—none superior in the market—at wholesale and retail.

Also, for sale by us at wholesale and retail, Dr. MOFFAT'S Celebrated COUGH BALSAM for Colds, Coughs, &c., which, for its many medicines in use. Upwards of 60,000 bottles of this medicine have been sold in this city the past year. Every family should get a dozen, as it will relieve Coughs, Colds and purify the blood, also as an appetizer.

CHAMBERLIN & WAUGH.
A. J. COLBROVE, Agent, Lowell.

Day & Martin, London.

REAL JAPAN BLACKING,
DAY & MARTIN, 97 High Holborn, LONDON, for polishing and preserving Boots and Shoes, has been celebrated throughout the world as the best composition for Boots and Shoes. Sold by Dealers in Family Stores, Boots, Shoes, &c. Each Bottle of the genuine article has a steel plate Engraving.

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IRA B SHAW.
DEALER IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUIT,
Confectionary, &c. Meals with hot Tea and Coffee at all hours.
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THEOBRIAL CURATIVE
PERUVIAN
SYRUP!
TRY IT!

Principal Office, 29 Summer Street, Boston.
JEWETT & CO.
For sale by all Druggists.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

CLOTHING!
GENTLEMEN'S & BOYS'
Ready Made Clothing,

of the latest style, fine material and faithful workmanship, designed for the New England Retail Trade. Great care has been taken to get up articles that will favor the eye and do good service.

—Also,—

An extensive assortment of *Gentlemen's*
Furnishing Goods, &c.,

*** Attention invited, believing that purchasers will find something to please all classes of customers.

GEO. W. SIMMONS & CO.,
OAK HALL,
32 & 34 North St., Boston, Mass.

Metcalf's Superior Indelible Ink,

For Stencil Plates; *Time Brass; Zinc Pyroxyle Brushes, Metal Rules, &c.* The best of STENCIL & ALPHABET Plates, Type and Stamps with Indelible Ink, *cheap of whole sale and retail*. Orders by mail and express promptly attended to.

SAMUEL STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of Dec. 1, 1860, that he was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after trying all the remedies I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

DR. J. F. KEELER, of Aurora, Ill., writes us that they are the most valuable medicines offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several remarkable cures. Many more of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "*for Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Liver complaint, Nervous affection or dropsy*, it is a specific certain to cure."

J. W. HUNT writes from Troy Dripbolt, Allen Co., Ohio, that where fever and ague prevails, they he most cheerfully recommends the Bitters as a specific for the disease. Fever and ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

DR. S. P. BROWN, D. D., writes from Van Wert, O. "I most respectfully recommend them as a valuable tonic and harmless stomachic panacea, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER
OIL AND LIME,

A Cure for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Debility, and all Scrofulous Humors.

THIS COMPOUND has been used with the most complete success by our most celebrated Physicians, for the cure of Fever and sore cure of the above diseases. Hundreds for whom there are no hope before it, have found of this simple yet effectual remedy, have been restored to health and happiness by its timely use. The following case of Mr. J. Williams is but one of many which we could publish, if necessary to convince all of its wonderful virtues. He says:—

"I had been sick with confirmed Consumption for several months. I had used the clear Cod Liver Oil most of the time, but could get but little benefit from it. I had an attack of bleeding at the lungs, which alarmed my friends very much, as they now supposed there was no hope for me. About this time I heard of your Compound Cod Liver Oil and Lime. I procured a bottle immediately, and in a few days I began to perceive its beneficial effects; in two months my cough entirely left me, and I am now enjoying perfect health. Truly yours,

J. WILLIAMS."

N. B. This Compound does not nauseate like the clear Cod Liver Oil. Be sure and get the one manufactured only by A. E. WILBOR, CHEMIST, No. 150 CHURCH STREET, BOSTON.

J. A. BRUCE,
No. 106 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.
DEALER IN
Horses, Carriages, Piano-Fortes, Iron Safes, Chests, Window Glass, Jewelry, And various other kinds of Merchandise—Also, *Real Estate* bought and sold. Money loaned on Personal Property. Always ready to buy, sell, or exchange Property.

ROMAN CEMENT.
IMPORTED BY
BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

Roman and Portland Cement, for brick or stone work, hydraulics, pipe and water pipe joints, &c.

FAIRBANKS & BEARD,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Ale, Porter, Lager, Bitters and Water,
Congress Springs Water, Draught Ale, Porter, and Lager Beer,
Howard Athenæum Building, Howard Street, BOSTON.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every reflecting person, that the health, life, and happiness of millions arise chiefly from a disordered condition of the Stomach and Bowels, and consequently the use of any preparation, and cure of those diseases, a remedy known to

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success in his private practice, and which has received the highest commendation for infantile complaints, and one trial alone will convince you of its merits. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infancy, when the suffering infants are pursued by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found a blessing to you. Prepared only by Dr. EATON, *Medical Establishment, Saleroom and Factory, 36 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.* Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere. Agents wanted in every town where given to sell. It will invariably meet by Engravers, Printers, and Publishers, and is important to every one.

In Convulsions

from which more children die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately by the use of this Cordial. Prepared in plant stone, the internal value is such that it has been recommended by the most eminent Physicians of the country. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been used in his private practice for years, and he has never known it to fail in relieving the little sufferer. Prepared, as well as to your suffering child. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, sign, or form which can be administered to your child, will be found in either the preparation or the formula thereof. Dr. Eaton has been for years a practical Physician in this country. Mothers are becoming convinced of this fact, and are using his Infantile Cordial in preference to all others. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become a household word in many families, and is fast becoming so in yours. Procure it, as well as to your suffering child. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibility of the nerves, as Opium and Morphine do, but it relieves costiveness by removing all pain and cause of disease, and by restoring regularity to the bowels, and healthy action to the secretions. You may have at hand a remedy which will never fail to relieve your child. Sold by druggists and dealers. *Family furnished, and agents for the trade supplied.*

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 40 Cortlandt Street, New York.
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

For the relief and cure of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Throat and Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers find the use unrivalled for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. RIDDEL, *Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.*

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

ROBINSONS INDEXICAL DENTAL SOAP preserves and whitens the Teeth. Sold by S. RIDDEL, *Jr.*, cor. Merrimack and John sts.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in his soul," &c. &c.

JUST PUBLISHED, for piano-forte from Operettas and Concerts, Fantasias, Waltzes, Polkas, &c., &c.

Trust Gadboy, by Carl Zerrahn.
Rocky Point Quick March, composed by Shaw.
Melodier Exercises from favorite Operas—arranged by O. Shaw. Vol. 1.

Each of the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by S. RIDDEL, *Jr.*, Central Street.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply for sale from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Import Government. Every bag stamped with the Import
No's name. For Barrelles & Bbls. For sale at Boston prices by SAML'L W. POOR,
45 Merchants' Row.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

H. S. HAYNES,
BAZEER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well known manufacturer of

H. S. HAYNES,

to which he invites the attention of his friends and the public generally. Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Please call and examine before purchasing.

45 Merrimack Street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

Working Men, Women and Children
CAN EARN MONEY

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make no money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now in full operation, carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $50 per week. Any person can make a few minutes since was worth nothing to them, now worth hundreds, secured by a few days' work, secured by a circular for which he will send the sum of 25 cents and a three cent stamp to pay for the same. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. All the particulars, and directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, will be sent by return mail. Those who commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No one should be without a few hundred of materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 persons, and have always given satisfaction, and have not introduced it in this country.

Address, H. H. MANN & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
(Post Office Box 1760.)

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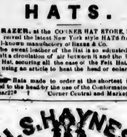
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown, and never before in the hands of the white man, is now offered to the afflicted females of the United States, with the full confidence that it will prove to them a blessing, dispensing the rich blessings of health and happiness to all who use it. It is a sovereign remedy for all

DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

It is a safe, speedy and certain remedy for all

OBSTRUCTIONS OF THE MONTHLY COURSES,

from whatever cause, and at whatever period of life they may arise. It will bring on the menses in a few days after all other means have failed. It is the only female medicine ever offered to the public, that can be relied upon in all cases of suppression of the menses, no matter what the cause may be. It is the only remedy ever offered to the public, that will relieve the system from the effects of *Mercury*, after a long course of *Mercurial Medicine*, and restore the patient to perfect health.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, May 3, 1861.

REVOLVERS FOR SOLDIERS. A letter has been received by the Soldiers' Aid Association, of this city, from Col. Jones, of the Sixth Regiment. He says,—"Your letter of sympathy and aid I have just received, and my command as well as myself are truly grateful, and the fact that we are remembered at home will do much toward smoothing the rough path we have to travel. * * * * * Spend no money on revolvers, as the men are weaker with than without them, as every officer will explain to you. Do not send them to any but commissioned officers."

A Washington correspondent of the *Boston Journal* says that several accidents have arisen from the "use of revolvers, which have been injudiciously supplied to privates of infantry regiments by friends. A soldier who has any weapon other than that furnished him, is not only liable to throw his platoon into confusion by using it, but exposes himself and his command to constant risks. An infantry soldier has his musket and bayonet, with the ammunition provided for him with which any outside attempt to make him a peripatetic arsenal by loading him with revolvers, is doing him an injury. The best Colonels have very promptly prohibited the wearing of those superfluous shooting irons, and those who propose to purchase them for friends here, will do well to expend their money for shirts, or some other *useful* article."

THE WAR NEWS.

There is nothing of moment to-day in the character of war news. The same activity in mustering troops into service continues, and the "war spirit" is undiminished. We compile some news paragraphs as appear of moment, and seem reliable.—

A man in the employ of the Government, sent from Washington on Saturday, into Maryland, was three times arrested and imprisoned in Baltimore. His pistols, money and watch, were taken from him. He was treated as a spy. He finally escaped and left the city, but was arrested at a set of vicious fellows, taken to the Relay House, where he was finally escaped, but was compelled to go without his horse.—He finally reached the Lazaretto, and returned by a government train to Washington.

The people of Alexandria declare that there are 8000 troops in that city; but there are no appearances indicating such a force. There are said to be (seen by a man in the employ of the Government) 22 guns of light artillery back of Arlington Heights—18 and 24 pounders. At Richmond there are also reported to be 8000 troops. Virginia is stubborn, and full of opposition to the Government.

There is but very little illness among the troops at Washington.

A man calling himself Brooks, was arrested on Wednesday at Annapolis, for he had reached that point from York by a train passed. He is believed to be a spy, and was put under guard.

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It is reported that the Navy Yard at Norfolk is to be retaken and retained.

Fort McHenry has been reinforced by two companies of artillery.

Commissioners from the Western Virginia have assured the President that if furnished with arms their portion of the State will be cared for.

Twenty-five additional vessels have been purchased by government, and every Southern port will be strictly blockaded within twenty days. Commodore Stringham commands the blockading squadron, and Capt. Pendergrast the home squadron.

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The Baltimore train connects at the junction.

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SERMON TO-MORROW. We shall publish to-morrow the able discourse preached by Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, before the Richardson Light Infantry, at the Appleton Street Church, last Sunday forenoon. A few extra copies will be printed, and they may be obtained at the *Courier* counting room, or at G. T. Williams', near the Postoffice.

The spirited song in our paper yesterday, entitled, "Wave aloft our Country's Banner," was written by Miss Clara E. Porter, of Pittsfield, Mass., an accomplished daughter of Rev. Lemuel Porter, formerly pastor of the Worthen Street Baptist Church of this city.

FROM ANNAPOLIS TO WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 26th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR: The greater part of April 24th and 25th was spent in Annapolis.—The intervening night on shipboard—no quarters having been prepared for us on shore. There were on shore the New York seventy-first and sixty-ninth, as well known to suggest comment from me—the first regiment from Rhode Island, under Governor Sprague—a fine-looking body of men, many of whom are middle age—with their Kossuth hats turned up on the right side, and each a red blanket strapped on behind. There was also a regiment from Philadelphia, some companies of which, without arms, in citizen dress, were seemingly deficient in many respects, save enthusiasm for the welfare of their country, which I could trust more than compensated for any apparent deficiency in their personnel. With the Fifth Regiment and Boston Light Artillery in addition, we constituted a body of men numbering about four thousand troops upon the two level, grassy plats, each of which is of several acres in extent, in front and rear of the students' quarters, and presented a very animated scene.

On the afternoon of the 25th the sixth regiment, numbering between six and seven hundred, drew up in line to witness the evolutions of the Boston Light Artillery, which they heartily cheered, and then marched down to the wharf, escorted by a band of music and a regiment of soldiers. As the foot of the wharf they drew up in line, four deep, for the purpose of listening to a speech from their sutler. His feelings evidently overcome his intentions, since he left with great emphasis—"Boys, stand by the flag! Boys, stand by the flag!"—There was evidently a deeper feeling manifested than was understood by the outside gazers upon the scene. The tears from many manly eyes were dashed aside, and at the next prompt order, these stout-hearts, unapprached in double quick time drill by any other company in the United States, and who had been so regular in the step, now in semi-disorder proceeded to the steamer Maryland, to be conveyed to their place of destination, the "Constitution," which was to come up from New York. The naval school had continued regularly, until last Sunday, when they had their last closing exercises. They also were filled sufficiently the unceremonious breaking up of the many ties and associations that had been formed at this truly delightful point. Though there was no murmur, yet the indifference with which their books were thrown from the windows of their rooms to the waiting soldiers—seemed to be appropriated to incoming regiments—was a painful method of giving proof to unexpressed longings.

Early in the evening, having filled our haversacks with provisions, the eighth regiment, in double file, took up their respective line of march from the Government grounds. Passing Gov. Hicks' residence, I noticed that the gas was lit in every room, though no person was visible in any of the apartments as we made our way. In passing through the gate of the walls enclosing the valuable and truly beautiful property, three hearty cheers were given. About a half a mile beyond the depot was reached, and we came to a halt. Several hours were spent, waiting in line, the arrival of the train. All the popular melodies were sung, not omitting Yankee Doodle or Dixie's Land, and some of us thought that we were not already in the latter, we were now approaching it. Though the long very dreary night of rest, and quiet, and comfort, was not to be enjoyed in attached church service—Rev. Mr. Sampson, of Cohasset, officiating, occupying the pulpit. This afternoon, at two o'clock, we had the whole hundred, drew up in line to witness the evolutions of the Boston Light Artillery, which they heartily cheered, and then marched down to the wharf, escorted by a band of music and a regiment of soldiers. As the foot of the wharf they drew up in line, four deep, for the purpose of listening to a speech from their sutler. His feelings evidently overcome his intentions, since he left with great emphasis—"Boys, stand by the flag! Boys, stand by the flag!"—There was evidently a deeper feeling manifested than was understood by the outside gazers upon the scene. The tears from many manly eyes were dashed aside, and at the next prompt order, these stout-hearts, unapproached in double quick time drill by any other company in the United States, and who had been so regular in the step, now in semi-disorder proceeded to the steamer Maryland, to be conveyed to their place of destination, the "Constitution," which was to come up from New York. The naval school had continued regularly, until last Sunday, when they had their last closing exercises. They also were filled sufficiently the unceremonious breaking up of the many ties and associations that had been formed at this truly delightful point. Though there was no murmur, yet the indifference with which their books were thrown from the windows of their rooms to the waiting soldiers—seemed to be appropriated to incoming regiments—was a painful method of giving proof to unexpressed longings.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

LOWELL RIDING ACADEMY,

Opposite Prescott Baptist Church, Paige St.

MR. J. W. ROBINSON,

Respectfully announces to his friends and patrons and the people of Lowell and vicinity generally, that his Riding Academy is now in complete order for the season, having been re-built in an improved and thorough manner. The ring is 60 feet in diameter, with a track 12 feet wide, and is laid and graveled on the main room by raising the roof, so that a better ventilation is obtained, and neither rain nor snow can beat throughout the building are obtained.

The horses are in good condition, and the whole establishment was never so well arranged for the convenience and accommodation of parties or those desiring horse-back exercise as now. The season for pleasant riding is at hand, and the proprietor solicits a liberal share of public patronage, and pledges himself to use his utmost endeavors to render the establishment as satisfactory accommodation as the same reasonable terms as heretofore.

By understanding to meet the requirements of those who patronize him, Mr. Robinson hopes to merit a continuance of the favors he has received in the past, and to increase the number of his patrons during the coming season.

LADIES' EQUESTRIANISM, NO. 100 THE PRIZE!

Feeling desirous that my stars this term she will do proudest credit any previous one, I offer to the pupil of my riding school who shall, at the close of the present term, ride the greatest number of miles, the following valuable prize, viz: a beautiful gold watch, to be decided by competent disinterested judges.

J. W. ROBINSON.

Lowell, April 27, 1861. apr27d1w

ELECTROPATHY.

DR. B. PAIGE will be found at Lowell a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 7 American House Central Street.

Dr. Paige successfully treats diseases by the use of Electricity, Galvanism, Magnetism, &c. He has had eighteen years experience in the practice of Medicine by the use of drugs and instruments for years, exactly paid to the practice of Electropathy, and by this most subtle, natural and potent curative agent, Electricity, he successfully treats DISEASES.

N. B.—Dr. Paige furnishes the best Instruments to Physicians and others, and gives instructions therein. Charges moderate. apr26d1w

Commissioners Sale.

THE LOWELL VICTIMS OF THE BALTIMORE MOB. The doubt which for two weeks has prevailed in regard to the victims of the Baltimore mob, has now been removed, and it is ascertained that the two who were killed on the 19th of April were from Lowell. Their names are Addison O. Whitney, aged 21, Co. Q, Lowell, both members of the Lowell City Guards. Their faces bear no mark of having been defaced as has been represented in some of the papers. It is stated that both were killed by shots, one in the breast and the other in the thigh, though no surgical examination has been had since they were brought to Boston. The bodies were yesterday identified by relatives and friends, and there can be no longer any doubts on the subject. Pocket books were found on their persons in Baltimore and were sent on by Mr. Wright, and have been sent for by Mayor Sargeant. The bodies will be brought to Lowell next Monday forenoon, and the funeral will take place the same afternoon, after which the remains will be conveyed to their native homes.

ADDISON O. WHITNEY was a native of Waldo, Me., where his parents reside.—His father's name is John P. Whitney. He had been in Lowell about two years, with a brief exception, and was regarded by the Middlesex Corporation, in No. 3 spinning-room, for which he was overseer. He boarded with Mr. Bowles to return through Virginia to North Carolina for his family, because the doctor is a Union man, and obnoxious to the people of Virginia.

Active military preparations are said to be making in Texas. A despatch from New Orleans (probably bogus) says Col. Van Dorn, with 800 Texans, captured 450 of the lieutenant's command at Ship Island, were in Indianola, and attempted to escape in two sailing vessels. The officers were paroled, and the men were turned over. The men were allowed sutler to join the Confederacy or to take an oath not to serve against it.

Families from all parts of the South are flying to the North for safety.

The Montgomery correspondent of the *Mobile Advertiser* says the country exists relative to the present conflict in the United States, especially Maryland and Virginia. Secretary Walker, of the War Department, troops being hurried into the field. Jefferson Davis' cabinet has decided to call out fifty thousand regulars, in addition to the 35,000 troops already obtained. More than double this number have been offered their services. Six of the new regiments are taken from Southern States not members of the Confederacy.

The Montgomery Government will co-operate with the Southern States, and furnish men, money and munitions, to aid them to resist any force brought against them.

Advices from Pensacola of the 24th ult. state that the enemy's steamers were shelling night and day erecting batteries. Three gun batteries are being erected by New York regiments on the shore of the city.

Capt. Oaks, from Texas, states the troops are concentrating there as fast as they were of efficiency, and that they are being concentrated at Norfolk and Richmond.

Action of the City Council. In response to a call of the Mayor, both branches of the City Council assembled in their rooms, this afternoon, at two o'clock. The warrant having been read, the following communication from Mayor Sargeant was received and read:

To the City Council:

GENTLEMEN:—I have called you together at this unusual hour to communicate to you the sad intelligence, which has already reached you through the channels of information, that two of our Lowell soldiers, Luther C. Ladd and Addison O. Whitney, members of the Lowell City Guards, were slain at Baltimore on the 19th of April, and that their bodies have been received by the executive authorities of the Commonwealth.

It has seemed to me highly proper that the funeral obsequies of these *first martyrs* in the great cause of the Union, should be a pending constitutional republican government, should be marked by a suitable public observance.

The friends of the deceased, in compliance with my suggestion, have decided that the public demands of the occasion, have signified their consent to such public ceremonies as shall be deemed necessary by the City Council.

I therefore recommend the appointment of a joint special committee, with authority to make such arrangements for the funeral of these men as shall enable the City Council and our whole people to join in this last token of respect to their patriotic memories.

The following resolution, submitted by Alderman Folsom, was unanimously adopted in encurrence:

Resolved, That a joint special committee of three be raised on the part of the Board of Aldermen and two members of the Common Council, be a committee with full authority to receive the remains of the two Massachusetts soldiers belonging to Lowell, who fell in Baltimore, and make all necessary arrangements for the final disposition of their bodies with such funeral obsequies as they may deem proper.

Alderman J. F. Folsom and Messrs. Keyes and Norris of the Common Council, were appointed the committee in addition to the Mayor and President of the Common Council.

LOWELL VETERANS. At an adjourned meeting of the past and honorary members of the Mechanic Phalanx, held on Wednesday evening, the following preamble and by-laws were reported by a committee appointed at a previous meeting, and they were also adopted:—

Preamble. Whereas there seems to us a necessity for organizing the past members of the Lowell Mechanic Phalanx, and such others as they may hereafter associate with them, in order to secure in every way in our power the exigencies of the present crisis, we, the undersigned, hereby pledge ourselves to the above purpose, and agree to be governed by such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the members of the association for its government.

Art. 1. The organization shall comprise (as of course) 1st, all old members of past military organizations, who may wish to join and sign the articles; 2d, all such as may be enrolled into the corps of the Exempts, deserous to do duty as a home corps.

Art. 2. The corps shall be called the "LOWELL VETERANS," and be officered by a captain, four lieutenants, one orderly, four sergeants, and four corporals.

Art. 3. There shall be chosen by the corps the following standing committees: A board of examination, consisting of three, the chairman of which shall be treasurer, and also an executive committee of three.

Art. 4. There shall be regular drills of the corps once a week. Penalty for non-attendance or neglect, 25 cents; twenty-five cents each. There shall also be squad drills whenever the company shall determine.

The following are the officers elected: Captain, Lieut. Hiram A. Burke; Vice President, William M. Stickney, Jeremiah Clark, Hoyt W. Hilton, Lieut. Col. Isaac Place; Trustees, Andrew Moody, Edward F. Sherman, Isaac Cooper, Benjamin C. Sargeant, George Ripley, Mer-Ammon F. Bryant, W. D. Gray, 1st corporal; Holland Streeter, 2d, D. D. Collins, 3d, J. F. Scripture, 4th.

The company intend to have their first drill next Wednesday evening, when we understand a full attendance will consider themselves boys again, although some have grown *Gray* in service; and a few were not often seen in the *Street*(er) or the *Lane*, during some rough days of service. Lieut. *Wilder* than some they consider the *younger Frye*, who turn *Brown* with indignation at the acts of the rebels.

PRESENTATION. Quite a large number of ladies met at the City Hotel, last evening, at a room of Rev. Mr. Warren, pastor of Worthen Street Baptist Church, to visit Mr. Warren, on their behalf, presented to Wesley Lovejoy and H. Haselton (both of Capt. Abbott's company) each a large work knife. H. also presented Lovejoy a tilful copy of the English pocket bible.—Mr. W. spoke in a most felicitous and able manner, vindicating the justice of our cause, and encouraging those who had so nobly volunteered in defence of their country's flag. The donees in their responses, left no doubt in the minds of those present of their courage, as well as ability to make a most creditable use of the favors received. F. Louge (of Capt. Davis' company) was also present, and with a revolver by the same parties, which was left for the encampment in Millerica, yesterday.

RECEIPTS FOR THE MASSACHUSETTS.—Among other duties with which Mr. Russell S. Wright (who reached home from Washington yesterday) was charged, was to request the Hon. Mayor to send seventeen members for the ranks of the Richardson Phalanx, they having only forty-seven members. We have to doubt that the drill will be at once honored. Mr. Wright expects to return to Washington next week, and we hope he may easily get the number required. The Phalanx is an excellent company, officered and well-drilled. It is already the first of marching lead in one affair that is sure to be recorded on the pages of history.

THE NEW STEAMER. The company appointed for the new steam fire engine met Wednesday evening and organized by the choice of the following officers:—George B. Smith, foreman; Moses stackpole, assistant do; Charles I. Freeman, clerk; Elihu L. Webster, treasurer; Andrew Mc-Bride, Charles Merrifield and Jeremiah Austin, standing committee. The engine house on Middlesex will be fitted up as soon as possible for the reception of the machine.

THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY.—The company was mustered into service at North Billerica, yesterday afternoon. Some of the members thought it was a little cool last night, ice having formed inside the tents. The camp is called "Camp Tal bot."

This morning a boy named Harrigan, belonging in Billerica, who was assisting the company, while playing on to a wagon which was in motion, fell and broke his leg just above the knee. Dr. Bradley attended to him, and Dr. Burnham was sent for, as it is feared that his leg will need amputation. A purse of $40 was raised by the company for the relief of the little sufferer.

PATRIOTIC CONDUCT. At a meeting of the "Butler Rifle Company," held last evening, it was unanimously voted that the Company tender their service to the government for the term of three years, unless sooner discharged.

It was also voted that the officers be instructed to see the officers of volunteer companies in this city and Lawrence, for the purpose of forming a Massachusetts brigade.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Catherine McNamara, for common drunkenness, was sent for six months to the common jail.

Margaret Sullivan, a common nightwalker, was sentenced for six months to the House of Correction.

DR. TUAYER respectfully asks all who wish to consult him at his office (28 Central Street) to call in the afternoon from 1 to 4 and 7 to 9, as the first part of the day is spent in visiting patients at their residence.

The *Dr.* will be found at his residence, No. 24 Lawrence Street, during the night. All orders left at his office will be promptly answered. d3w

The following is a list of the officers and men of the Watson Light Guard, reported to us since the arrival of the company in Washington. We shall publish the names of the members of the other companies as soon as we can receive them. There was so much activity and excitement on their leaving (and they went so suddenly) that we were unable to get a list at that time, and our efforts at getting one filled, excepting in the case of the Watsons, which we give below:—

J. S. Noyes, Capt.
C. S. Davis, 1 Lieut.
J. Jewett, 2 Lieut.
H. Warren, 3 "
E. K. Read, sergeant.
K. K. Pour, "
F. A. Tuck, "
A. A. Crowley, "
J. J. Gomez, Corporal.
H. W. Gordon, "
C. Philbrook, "
W. G. Crosby, "
F. S. Avery,
F. S. Avery,
B. Hill,
H. Roberts,
J. Gordon,
G. F. Clark,
C. F. Poinet,
Geo. Wilkie,
W. Goodwin,
W. D. Braddock,
W. Hayes,
J. J. Small,
J. S. Hill,

C. W. Ricker,
F. J. Marshall,
Levi Brown,
Walter Wright,
Calvin H. Marvel,
Geo. W. Bailey,
Musicians.
Alonzo T. Young,
Lester M. Clark.

NATHAN ALLEN, Privates.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
apr27 1m

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK. A meeting of the corporators and associates of this institution was held at the banking rooms of the Railroad Bank, on Wednesday afternoon. The following officers were chosen:—President, William A. Burke; Vice Presidents, Samuel W. Stickney, Jeremiah Clark, Hoyt W. Hilton, Lieut. Col. Isaac Place; Trustees, Andrew Moody, Edward F. Sherman, Isaac Cooper, Benjamin C. Sargeant, George Ripley, Mer-Ammon F. Bryant, W. D. Gray, 1st corporal; Holland Streeter, 2d, D. D. Collins, 3d, J. F. Scripture, 4th.

The company intend to have their first drill next Wednesday evening, when we understand a full attendance will consider themselves boys again, although some have grown *Gray* in service; and a few were not often seen in the *Street*(er) or the *Lane*, during some rough days of service. Lieut. *Wilder* than some they consider the *younger Frye*, who turn *Brown* with indignation at the acts of the rebels.

The Trustees meet next Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, to organize.

A PRIVATE IN THE PHALANX writes to one of our citizens, under date of Washington, April 29th, as follows:—"We had a new recruit join us here in Washington. He left the academy at Exeter, N. H., on Thursday last, and came on here on purpose to join the Phalanx. He walked about 40 miles of the distance. Some of us knew him before; but as he brought good recommendations with him from Hon. Amos Tuck and others, we voted him in at once. He is a fine young man. Our surgeon, Lay Burgess is here, and is well. He has been running an engine on the railroad between this city and the junction near Annapolis. All of us are in good spirits, and mean to do our duty. Our wounded are all doing well. Charley Allin got a lock of his whiskers shot off at Baltimore, but escaped without further injury."

POCKET BOOK LOST. Last evening, Mrs. Rebecca Clark, who keeps a variety store on No. 1 Tilden Street, lost a pocket book, either at the postoffice, or between there and the gas office. It contained about $70 and some valuable papers. She offers a liberal reward for the recovery of the property. She thinks it may have been stolen at the postoffice, for while she was handing there a fellow crowded up against her, and soon after left the office.

Since the above was written the pocket book has been found by a boy, who picked it up in the rear of Dr. Simpson's new block on Merrimack Street. The papers were in it, but the money was gone, and her conjectures in regard to its having been stolen are doubtless true. We hope the rascal will be caught.

ANOTHER OF THE GOOD LADIES OF OUR CITY TAKES THE PRECAUTION OF

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE

Prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW YORK, February 7, 1857.

I feel it my bounden duty to the public, that a child of mine, for years past has been troubled with worms, I was induced to purchase a bottle of *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, for which I administered; and the result was, it brought away a number of worms, some of them in bunches and strings; many had the appearance of being cut to pieces. My child is now as enjoying the most excellent health, and I cheerfully recommending it to both young and old, as one of the best medicines of the day used.

MRS. ANN JEMISON, 38 Ninth Street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and other Vermifuges in market are base counterfeits. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge can be had of most druggists in the country. Also, Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, which have been in use for years, and are now considered the surest and best cathartic for all bilious complaints, whether liver complaint, dyspepsia, sick headache, jaundice, or bilious fever. Be sure and call for Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, and take no other. Prepared only by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. For sale by all druggists. ap26 1m*

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years before the public, and has proved itself a sovereign remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Public speakers and singers find great relief from their use. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL C. WOOD'S, 12 Merrimack Street.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a warfare of honesty and merit, and has gained a popularity that is unknown to any salve in use. It has cured more cases of Piles, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, and Sores of every description than any salve ever known. It has become the crying of the tender infant to cease, and the sufferer to rejoice.

It lifts the sad man and woman from his wretch, when all else fails.

It relieves the delicious mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and heals the worst of sores, and is entirely harmless.

It removes the indescribable agony of piles, it smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It cures scalds.

It cures any wound, however deep or extensive.

It cures any sore of any name or nature.

You may be rid of pimples and blotches.

You may be rid of fever sores and chilblains.

You may be rid of corns and bunions.

You may be rid of all pain and soreness.

For sore and swollen feet use it.

For sore eyes use it.

For salt rheum and tetter also use it.

For sore nipples, sore throat, cuts, rent, wast, and in chronic ulcers, its virtues are acknowledged. The Salve is prepared in a variety of ways, for the use of the patient, and has a variety of names, as Golden Salve, Golden Ointment, Golden Liniment, Golden Cerate, Golden Balm, Golden Pomade, and Golden Extract. Be sure and ask for Whitten's Golden Salve, and take no other.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Merrimack Street, Lowell. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the list of those who have purchased the Wilcox & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Lowell:

D. S. Richardson,
A. Bigelow,
Wm. A. Burke,
Mrs. Ann Bigelow,
E. A. Alger,
Mrs. Alger,
R. F. Butler,
Mrs. Butler,
D. C. Brown,
Mrs. Brown,
J. L. Gridley,
Mrs. Gridley,
B. W. Wetherell,
Mrs. Wetherell,

B. S. Richardson,
H. Hosford,
Dan. Plum,
Edward Tuck,
Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Steady.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factories only. No assessment has ever been made in this class. The present cash surplus is $3,120.81, with interest notes to the amount of $412,378.33. The retention of owners in the Mutual Department is the Company's strength. A premium note is required and is paid on policies issued in the Mutual Department.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000. Stock holders are individually responsible for their proportion of the capital stock.

ALONZO T. YOUNG, Agent.
Office in Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. no16tf

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND HARMLESS REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

SUNBURN OR TAN,

And all Cutaneous Diseases, and Roughness of the Skin, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is more than any other article, the Toilet Friend, as it is the only one to use with, and will give immediate relief in the Rising of Insects. Nothing possesses more delicate composition. The ancients sought for a preparation without harm. *Its application every night for a few weeks will make a clear and beautiful skin.*

Use the Magnolia Balm
To remove pimples and freckles.
Use the Magnolia Balm
To make your skin soft and healthy.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Before you go out, and be safe.
Use the Magnolia Balm
And you will be free from insect bites.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Wherever your face is covered with Pimples.
Use the Magnolia Balm
A few applications will remove Tan.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would have a beautiful, healthy skin.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would have a perfect complexion.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would have a perfect form.
Use the Magnolia Balm
And you will be free from Sunburn.

Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy cures of the most malignant Cutaneous Eruptions, contrary to use preparations of lead or mercury to cure impurities of the blood, which ultimately destroy. It is the most elegant and healthy pay article for the enjoyment, comfort and preservation of the skin, and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Price 50 cents.

W. F. FLEMING & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. M. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents.

apr26 eow&d1y

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Hair Dye!

The only Reliable and Harmless HAIR DYE

Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided by all who wish to employ a reliable.

BATCHELOR'S CELEBRATED HAIR DYE

Produces a natural color, without the least injury to the hair or skin. It is the best in the world. The only FIFTY-CENT DYE that is reliable. Sold and applied at 16 Astor House, New York, and by druggists and fancy goods dealers everywhere.

Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Astor House, New York.

Manufactory and Depot for Wigs, Toupees, &c. Lace and Broadway, New York. apr26 eow1y

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at

H. S. BATES' China Emporium,
apr26 44 Merrimack st.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES, Paper Shades with long Rollers, Scrub Brushes, Long Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a *Fast Friend and Scrubber* combined, something entirely new, and a great saving of labor and strength. Just received and for sale by

apr26 H. S. BATES' China Emporium.

SPECTACLES.—A new lot of Steel Bowed

adapted to all Eyes received this day and for sale cheap at SANBORN'S, Old Post Office Building. apr26

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

S. W. Stickney, B. S. Richardson,
H. Hosford, Dan. Plum,
Edward Tuck, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factories only. No assessment has ever been made in this class. The present cash surplus is $3,120.81, with interest notes to the amount of $412,378.33. The retention of owners in the Mutual Department is the Company's strength. A premium note is required and is paid on policies issued in the Mutual Department.

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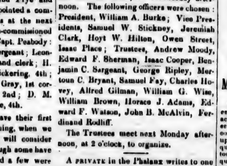
ALONZO T. YOUNG, Agent.
Office in Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. no16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up clearer,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less ashes,
And every purpose burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
H. WARD'S COAL YARD,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are known to all. Those who have used the Machine are in the requisite for family use. It has become a household necessity, and is justly looked upon as a household economy. In all the four quarters of the globe, it is used in families, tailoring establishments, and manufactories, for sewing, stitching, quilting, gathering, hemming, felling, and binding, and is made in which female needle work is required.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

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D. C. Brown,
Mrs. Brown,
J. L. Gridley,
Mrs. Gridley,
B. W. Wetherell,
Mrs. Wetherell,

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In

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

INDIAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE.
Office, 36 Bromfield Street, Boston,
Rev. N. DAY, President.
MARY P. MASON, Vice President.
CHARLES R. GREENE, Treasurer.
PHYSICIANS:
R. GREENE, M. D. E. HUTCHINS M.D.
MARY HARWOOD, Female Physician.

This institution was established to secure greater perfection in the practice of Medicine and those successful practice in the treatment of various diseases upon natural or rational principles, discarding the use of poisonous drugs, such as Mercury, Antimony, and such others as in harmony with the laws of life. Invalids, therefore, who wish to escape needless wear in a sensible way, for the recovery of health, will find advantages at this Institution not to be found elsewhere.

The Electro-Chemical Baths, together with Dr. Greene's improved Medications have been adopted in the Institution, and have given great aid in the removal of many diseases.

Most Diseases, such as Scrofula, Humors of the Blood, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Heart Complaint, Female Complaints, and the great variety of diseases with which the human body is afflicted, are successfully treated with medicines which can be sent to any part of the world, with full directions, on a very correct knowledge can be obtained from answers to the questions in the "Indian Arcana," a copy of which will be sent free when requested.

Persons wishing to learn more fully the theory and practice of this Institution, will be supplied with a pamphlet by mail, free, on the receipt of four postage stamps.

All persons having Cancers, or those afflicted with complicated diseases, should avoid themselves of the personal attendance at the Institution, where proper boarding-houses are provided.

Consultations at the office, free of charge, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 6 P. M., or by letter on the receipt of a postage stamp.

All communications should be directed to DR. R. GREENE, 36 *Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.*

HORSE SHOES.
BURDEN'S NEW PATENT MACHINE HORSE SHOES, punched, creased, and ready for fitting, warranted to fit better, wear as long as the best hand-made Swedes from Sweden, and sold at the price of common iron. Weight from ten ounces to three pounds, packed in kegs of one hundred pounds each of one size or an assortment, as preferred, in each keg. Samples may be seen at the office of LEEDS & TOBEY, 23 Broad St., BOSTON. Agents for the sale of BURDEN'S Horse Shoes and Boat Spikes, Boiler Rivets, Horse Pikes, and Merchant Iron. Samples may be seen at the store of John Butcher, Lowell.

The Place to Purchase Everything in the Sewing Machine Department.

C. PATCH & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in *Sewing Machine Shuttles, Bobbins, Needles, Hemmers, Screw-drivers, Thimbles, Awls, Oil, Silk Cotton, and Linen Thread*, and every variety of *Sewing Machine Trimmings* at the *lowest prices*. Also, every variety of *Fine Glass Sewing Machines*, at the Manufactory of *Needles and Pins*. Persons wishing for purchase Machines will do well to call at No. 191 Washington Street, ... Boston.

ATTRACTIVE MUSIC BOOKS.
Home Circle.—Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles, Marches, &c., for Piano. $1 50. Shower of *Pearls*.—Vocal Duets, $2. Musical Treasury.—Duets, Quartets, Chorus's, &c., from the new Operas $2. *Home Melodies*.—Vocal Duets, Trios, &c. of about 150 Favorite Songs, $2.25 each. Musical Treasury.—Vocal Quartets and TWO-PART Songs, $2. TRIO-SONGS. *Songs*. 100 *Irish Songs*, 100 *Scotch Songs*. 100 *Comic Songs*, each 50 cts.

Any of the above pieces, on receipt of price. Piano and Melodeon Instructors, at low rates. All at net prices, by DITSON & CO., Publishers, Boston.

PURE PICKLES.
Delicious Sauce for Meats, Fish, Game, Soups, Stews, &c.
Pine Mustard, and Genuine Ketchup.
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL, LONDON.
Chow-Chow, Piccalilli Mixed and other Pickles; Sultana's, Harvey, John Bull, Anchovy, &c., Sauces; Durham Mustard, Lunch Set, Curry, Walnut, and Mushroom Ketchups. Culinary, &c., are adapted to hot or cold MEATS, FISH, SOUPS, GRAVIES, ETC.

They cannot be furnished for every table, and supplied to every grocer.

C. & B.'s goods have gained great renown for their purity and quality, not only in England, but in other countries. They are now nearly as low as inferior goods, and purchasers wishing their preparations, should see that the name of Crosse & Blackwell, London, is on each Bottle or guard Label.

Importers and Agents, BRAY & HAYES, 24 Corn hill, Boston.

JULIAN A. FOGG,
Manufacturer of every description of Polished ENGRAVED METAL SIGNS, for store Windows, Office Doors, Door Posts, &c. Silver Door Plates neatly engraved to order. No. 22 Washington Street, Boston. Machinist, Carriage, and Coffin Plates, furnished and engraved to order. Silver Letters and Numbers, Few Figures, &c., &c. Orders sent from a distance will receive prompt attention. The premium awarded at the late Mechanics' Fair, for Engraved Metal Signs.

Rubber Cords,	$1.50 to $8.00
Rubber Horse Covers,	2.50 " 5.00
Rubber Foot Balls,	.60 " 1.00

All Goods at the Manufacturers' Lowest Prices.
ALFRED HALE & CO.
India-Rubber Manufacturers, 32 School St., Boston.

ANDREW J. MORSE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Soda and Mineral Water Apparatus,
40 Congress Street, Boston.
Catalogues containing prices and description of the various articles will be sent upon application.

Steam to Liverpool for $30.
CALLING AT CORK.

The first-class Iron Screw Steamships will sail as follows from New York every Saturday:
Cabin, $75 | Steerage, $30. Third class, from Liverpool, $30. Third class, from Cork to New York, $30. Third class, from Cork to Boston, $32 50.

For passage apply to THAYER & WAR-REN, Agents, 117 State Street and Constitution Wharf, Boston, or to O. D. SAGE, 2 Bowling Green, New York.

Sight Bills of Exchange for £1 and upwards payable at any bank in Great Britain or Ireland, always for sale by THAYER & WARREN.

Crane's Patent Rubber Band
CARPET SWEEPER.
This is the only article yet to sweep a Carpet. They have no dust to lodge and rot, and the Carpets will last twice as long. It is the most important article in a house keeping, which no one will be without after once using it. Weighs only 3 lbs., give perfect satisfaction. Price, $2.50.

MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE BY THE
RUBBER | BRUSH | COMPANY,
No. 35 Cornhill, Boston.
O. H. WEED & CO., Agents,
P. S. We solicit orders from all Trade and Peddlers, to whom we will forward a sample of any quantity of the above Sweepers, at the lowest wholesale price, viz.—$21 per dozen.

FULLAM'S $10 SEWING MACHINES,
For Family use and manufacturing purposes. The Eureka Machine was made to embroider, Tuck-shells, GATHER ON BOTH SIDES, and will stitch, hem, fell, bind, gather, cord, braid, and sew from the finest muslin and lawn to the coarsest woolen fabrics. The Eureka Machine will use ALL KINDS OF THREAD, and the SAME THREAD ON BOTH SIDES OF THE WORK, and THE FINEST UPPER THREAD. They are warranted more durable, and to do more work with less labor than any other perfect machine, or money refunded. Address FULLAM & DERMUTT, 200 Washington Street.

N. B.—The above Machines are licensed under Howe's Patent.

To THOSE WHO KNOW THEM.—No. 260 Washington Street, Boston.
Home New-York Machine, the best Sewing Machine which I purchased in New York. Price, $25. Also, a choice lot of Second-hand Machines given, those for *perfect satisfaction*. We have a number of Machines taken in exchange for Rockers & Wheelers which we sell from $5 to $10. Also, a few Machines which we will warrant the best Family Machine. BUY NO WORTHLESS LEWIS. HARRINGTON, Agent for Lowell.

A LIVE NEWSPAPER!
THE
AMERICAN UNION,
Having passed into the hands of *NEW PROPRIETORS*, will be conducted
FAMILY JOURNAL,
Second to none in the country.
$2.00 a Year, 4 cts. Single Copies 4 cts.
For Sale by all Newsdealers.
ELLIOT & THOMES,
PUBLISHERS.
100 Washington Street, . . . Boston.

F. B. ROBINSON'S INDEXICAL SOAPS.
TWO SILVER MEDALS AWARDED.
SILVER SOAP—for cleansing Silver, Britannia, and Plated Wares. Jewelry, Mirrors, Marble, Artificial Teeth, Plate, &c., warranted to contain nothing that can possibly injure the finest metals or stones—or even the most delicate skin, though not designed for toilet use.

Many of our largest Dealers in Silver Ware have given it their unqualified approval.

For testimonials and directions accompany each cake

It is superior to any other Soap *for cleaning our Home Paint*, the alkaline strength being insufficient to affect injuriously the paint, which almost at a touch becomes as fresh as new.

PUMICE SOAP instantly removes Ink Pitch, Varnish, Acid, and other stains from the hands, leaving them soft and white. It is equal to the best French pomade and is sold for less than half the price.

HONEY SOAP, Pure.—Competent and disinterested judges pronounce this Soap equal to the *best* imported and far superior to most that claims the name, Honey. It is mild and soothing to the most delicate skin, and fragrant as a flower garden.

DENTAL SOAP, *made expressly for the Teeth* of the purest mate-rials, and agreeable to the taste. Physicians and other scientific men have demonstrated the fact that the Teeth and Gums *of all* are infested with Animal Parasites. Careful and repeated experiments have proved that *Soap is the only agent that will destroy* these Animalcules, and preserve the Teeth.

It effectually rids the mouth of the foetid matter and tartar which renders the breath so offensive, and disengages the gums, and gives a clear, pearly whiteness to the teeth, preventing their premature decay. Manufactured only by the Boston Indexical Soap Company.

GEO. W. SAFFORD & CO., Agents,
78 Sudbury Street, Boston.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

NEW YORK KEROSENE OIL COMPANY.
Kerosene, Illuminating, Lubricating, and Burning Oils.
The above Oils, from the manufactory of this Company, are constantly on hand and for sale by the Agents,
BURSLEY & KING.
March 16, 1861. 3m

BINNEY & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
PAPER, TWINE AND STRAW BOARD,
ALSO PAPER BAGS.
NO. 64 KILBY STREET, BOSTON.
Paper of any size or weight made to order.

Keep it before the People!
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Constantly on hand a choice selection of all kinds of French and American Burr Stones. Burr Millstone Stones dressed and repaired in the most skillful manner, and by most competent workmen.
N. CRILLY.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IN THE BREAD PAN DO
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
RADICAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GANERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEFERE, write from Nevarre, Stark Co., O., "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several remarkable cures. They purify the blood, and cure debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 10, 1860, in which he says much relief having been effected for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using the Bitters I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms. He was cured by the use of six bottles of his Bitters, and has been two years well; the Bitters effecting a cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain to cure."

C. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, that Fever and Ague prevails to a great extent, that he went cheerfully recommending the Bitters, and that they are doing a great work in Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

Rev. JOHN M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend the Bitters to the notice of ministers attending upon dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating tonic medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
mar1

THE FREEMASON'S MONITOR,
BY THOMAS SMITH WEBB.
A new and beautifully illustrated edition, containing, in addition to the Manual of Webb, (carefully collated with the original work,) the Manual of the Degrees of Royal and Select Master, full ritual, Ceremonies, Dedications, and Installations of Councils and Encampments, a historical sketch of the Rise and Progress of Masonry in the United States of Webb, (with a few similie autographs,) and a complete Digest and Service for the Degrees of Knighthood, by George W. Chase, Editor of the Masonic Mirror and Monitor. This is the most comprehensive Masonic Monitor ever published, and the only one containing complete Manuals for Construction, Dedication, Installation, and the Ceremonies of Consecration. Many of the above named Burial Services, as performed by the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, are not found in best Monitors, tasks, gilt, and in many other styles of binding. The sizes bound are the most perfect for reference, and most convenient for the pocket. Price, $1.50. Sent by mail, postage paid, to any address in the United States. A liberal discount made to the trade.

A. W. POLLARD,
Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in
MILITARY, REGALIA,
AND
THEATRICAL GOODS,
No. 5 Court St., Boston, Mass.

Gold Leaf and Foil, Bentini's Plate, WIRE AND SOLDER,
Manufactured by Lothrop & Tolman,
16 *Harvard Place, opposite Old South Church*, BOSTON.

NATURAL HISTORY STORE,
16 Tremont Street, Boston.
CHARLES G. BREWSTER,
Dealer in Preserved Birds, Animals and Eggs, Live Birds, Dog and Cat Animals, Canaries, Curiosity Shells, Minerals, Insects, Artificial Teeth, Moss and Feather Work, Grass Work, Artificial Eyes and Leaves. Also, Aquaria Tanks, Goldfish, Fish Globes, Fish Food, Bird Seed, Birds, Nests, Sand, &c. &c.

Birds and Animals preserved to order. When sent from other places they will be safely packed.

Trusses, Supporters, and Shoulder Braces.
Dr. J. W. Phelps, authorized throughout New England and the West, as the inventor of various Trusses, and Supporters for the treatment and cure of all kinds of deformities, keeps constantly on hand at his establishment, No. 68 *Tremont Street, Boston*, a full assortment, as follows: The Patent Trusses, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Knee Caps, Elastic Stockings, &c., &c.

Dr. Phelps' Apparatus are used and recommended by the faculty at the Massachusetts General Hospital.

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DENNISON'S MERCHANDISE TAGS.
163
WASHINGTON ST. BOSTON.
SHIPPING & TREE LABELS.

161 ALE DI POT, 161
BLACKSTONE STREET, BOSTON.
Is now prepared to supply the public with its superior STOCK, PALE, and AMBER ALES, favored by us for its taste, and Family Use, put up in barrels, half barrels and kegs—also in bottles, which we ship—at wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms.

Also, for sale by us at wholesale and retail, Dr. HOWE'S CELEBRATED COUGH BALSAM and VEGETABLE BITTERS, the best medicine in use for Coughs, Colds, &c. 50 cents bottles of these Bitters have been sold by us in the last month, and we have not yet got a dissatisfied party in the number.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address CHAMBERLAIN & WAUGH.
A. J. COLOBURN, Agent, Lowell.

Day & Martin, London,
REAL JAPAN BLACKING.
ET From DAY & MARTIN, 97 High Holborn, LONDON. For polishing and preserving Leather, celebrated throughout the civilized world as the best composition for Boots and Shoes. Sold by the principal dealers in Family Blacking throughout the World. Each Bottle of the genuine bears the name of the Agents.
BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

I. & B. SHAW,
DEALERS IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUIT,
Confectionery, &c. Also, a hot Tea and Coffee at all hours.
No. 3 Bromfield st., Boston.

THE GREAT CURATIVE.
PERUVIAN SYRUP!
TRY IT!
JEWETT & CO.,
Principal Office, 30 Summer S reet,
BOSTON.
For sale by all Druggists.

Spring Trade Advertisements.
From S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Boston.

CLOTHING!
GENTLEMEN'S & BOYS'
Ready Made Clothing,
of the latest style, fine material and finished workmanship, designed for the NEW ENGLAND Retail Trade. Great care has been taken to get up articles that will favor the eye and do good service.

—Also,—
An extensive assortment of Gentlemen's
Furnishing Goods, &c,
ET Attention invited, believing that purchasers will find something to please all classes of customers.

GEO. W. SIMMONS & CO.,
OAK HALL,
32 & 34 North St., Boston, Mass.

Netcalf's Superior Indelible Ink,
For Stencil Plates: *Thin Brass; Zinc Frames, Bradley Nice Dies, &c.* The best STENCIL ALPHABET for Marking Cloth, and Stamps with Indelible Ink, *cheap at wholesale.* Letters of Brass for Hotels, Steamboats, enclosed, and orders, promptly attended to.—Address
H. J. Metcalf, 44½ Salem St., Boston, Mass.

WILSON'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.
A Cure for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Scrofula, Rheumatism, and all Scrofulous Humors.

THIS COMPOUND has been used with the most complete success by our most considerable Physicians, for the removal and perpetual cure of the above diseases. Hundreds for whom there was no hope, have found the efficacy of this simple yet effectual remedy, have been restored to health and happiness by the timely use of the following. The combination of Mr. J. Wilson has produced a result which is wonderful effects. He says:—

"I had been sick with confirmed Consumption for several months. I had used the Cod Liver Oil most of the time, and had derived but little benefit from it. I had an attack of Bleeding at the Lungs, which reduced me so that friends very much, as they now supposed there was no hope for me. At this time I heard of your Compound Cod Liver Oil and Lime. I procured a bottle, and found so much good in it, that I soon so perceive its beneficial effects; in two months my cough was gone, and I was well, now enjoying perfect health. Truly yours,

"WILSON."

N.B. This Compound does not nauseate like the Cod Liver Oil. Be sure to get the genuine, manufactured only by A. E. WILSON, Chemist, No. 106 COURT STREET, BOSTON.

J. A. BRUCE,
No. 106 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.
DEALER IN
Horses, Carriages, Piano-Fortes, from Salem, Portland, Worcester, Nashua, Lowell, Concord, and various other kinds of Merchandise—**Also,** Real Estate Bought and Sold. Liberal advances on Personal Property. Always ready to buy or sell on commission.

ROMAN CEMENT.
IMPORTED BY
BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.
Roman and Portland Cement, for brick or stone work, hydraulics, gas and water pipes, &c.

FAIRBANKS & BRARD,
WOOLLEN DRAPERS IN
Ale, Porter, Cider, Wine, Water,
Congress Springs Water, Draught Ale, Porter, and Lager Beer.
Howard Athenæum Building, Howard Street, BOSTON.

MOTHERS
It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one who has children, that the Cry of Pain which issues from the lips of suffering infancy, is the direct effect of their ignorance of the cause of their pain. Ignorance of the cause is the reason why so many children die. Ignorance of the cause is the reason why so many children die. Ignorance of the cause is the reason why so many children die

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, May 4, 1861.

It cannot be too frequently or earnestly urged upon our people, to abstain from everything that looks like a criticism of the actions and movements of the Government. In times of such burning excitement, when coolness, as well as intrepidity, is needed in the largest measure, there is the greatest danger of injuring ourselves, and imperiling our cause by rashness.

There is a class of men in every community, who are extremely wise, in their own eyes, at least. They have their favorite projects, and their own half digested notions, as to the best way of carrying on the war. If these happen to conflict with the opinions of the Government, they hesitate not to charge the leaders with imbecility, if with nothing worse. Looking out from their windows, they would undertake to direct the complicated operations all over the Union, that are to crush out treason. The greatest Generals and ablest strategists of the day should come to them to learn lessons in the art of war. This is hardly overstating the case. Who has not heard something of this flippancy, and been disgusted with it?

We have our honored leaders, who have hitherto been found equal to any emergency. Let us trust they will be found as now. From their central stand-point, a view of the whole field is open before them. They know what the public exigencies require, and know, also, far better than we can, how those exigencies should be met. It is our part to cease to put any confidence in the irresponsible opinions of irresponsible men, and trust to those safer guides—the President, his Cabinet, and Winfield Scott.

H.

NO NEUTRALITY. Some of the border States, it is stated, have signified their desire to assume a neutral position, and have made that an excuse for not complying with the general government's call for troops. At the same time, however, no attempts are made to prevent whole regiments from marching to the relief of the forces. These States cannot long be permitted to maintain this position. They must be either a part of the Union, and in favor of its maintenance, or they must take their destinies with Jeff. Davis's bastard government and suffer the consequences. Maryland, Kentucky, and Missouri, cannot be permitted to remain in the position of "Good Lord or Good Devil," as the fate of the coming struggle may determine, but must at once be made to show where they wish to stand, so that all loyal citizens may know who are their friends and who are their enemies. Their sympathies are with one side or the other, and they must be compelled very soon to treat them.

THE WOUNDED SOLDIERS AT BALTIMORE. A correspondent of the *New York Herald* writes on the 26th :—

"Yesterday we paid a friendly visit to two of the wounded Massachusetts soldiers, namely, Sergeant Ames and a private, Edmund Coburn, the latter of the town of Dracut. They are both doing well, although Coburn, who is shot through the thigh, had considerable fever. Ames is wounded in the head with a brick or stone, but is able to sit up. They were removed from the Central police station to their present place, No. 210 North Howard Street, on Friday evening last; a few hours after they were wounded, by order of a Society of Ladies connected with the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Maryland, under the auspices of Bishop Whittingham. If these men were at their own homes; attended by their wives, mothers, and sisters, they could not be treated more humanely and tenderly. Call those angels of mercy by whatever name you please, but judge of the comfort and care received by these God like acts, and there can be but one verdict as to their appreciation. The confidence and support of the wealthy portion of our citizens, while the benedictions of the poor and the unfortunate will fall like blessings from Heaven upon them."

SUSPENDED ANIMATION. One of our exchanges says that a man in Boston lately gave vent to some secession sentiments, upon which a young man in the store where the malcontent happened to be, seized him by the slack of his pantaloons behind, run a boisting hook through the cloth, and hoisted the gentleman high in the air, where he was kept with legs and arms stretched out, much like a frog in the act of leaping, till he gave three lusty cheers for the Union, three for Major Anderson and three for old Massachusetts; when he commenced the scene to the illustrated weeklies.

WITH the Rhode Island regiment at Washington are several ladies, who have volunteered to attend the sick and wounded. Two of them wear the uniform of the French *Vivandieres*, and they march in the rank of file closers of their company. On the 2nd inst., one of these "daughters of the regiment," Miss Sarah Beasley, was married to Charles Tibbetts, of the same regiment. The occasion was one of considerable interest. Rev. Augustus Woodbury, formerly of Lowell, performed the marriage services.

BALTIMORE "BY STATE AVENUE." A New York paper says that one of the conductors of the New Jersey Railroad, recently, urging his military passengers to "hurry up" the opening of the way through Baltimore, said, "Make haste, or the Massachusetts boys will do it, and obtain the route "By State Avenue."

WISCONSIN DISCREDITED CURRENCY.—Messrs. Noonan & McNabb, paper dealers in Milwaukee, give the following notice through the *Press and News* :—

"To our CUSTOMERS.—We hereby give notice that from and after this date we will give, without intermission, the same price for Wisconsin discredited currency that we do for common paper rags which have been smutted with lamp-black, viz., *four cents per pound.*"

THE WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

Washington matters. Gen. Butler arrived in Washington yesterday afternoon. The troops at Washington are reported to be in good condition, and there is very little sickness among them.—It was reported at the Capital that the Worcester Rifles had sailed from Annapolis with sealed orders.—Col. Ellsworth's Fire Zouaves, from New York, arrived on the 2nd, and were received with much enthusiasm, and will be sworn into service for a term of three years.—There are now 20,000 troops in the District of Columbia—A picket of Virginia State troops were driven back, on Wednesday night, by a small party of federal volunteers, who were reconnoitering.

Other Places. The fire Maine regiment was mustered into service yesterday, at Portland, but have as yet received no orders to march.

The Governor of Delaware has called for 1000 rifles, which, when added to the 800 or 900 already here, will make Delaware ready for the defence of the Union. A Union meeting is to be held in Georgetown, at the secession end of the State.

Dispatches from the commandant of Fort Monroe and the commander of the squadron in that vicinity, state that the mouth of James River and the Hampton Roads are already under strict and impassable blockade.

A special Washington dispatch to the *Post* says it is confidently asserted that government will commence active operations against the rebels on Monday next.

Another requisition has been made upon Pennsylvania for troops to proceed to the Washington camp immediately.

Capt. Meigs, who returned from a recent expedition to Fort Pickens, says it is so reinforced and otherwise strengthened as to made its reduction utterly impossible for six months, for which time it is well provisioned.

The fact that a large body of government troops are concentrating at Cairo, affords the Southerners much uneasiness. According to a Memphis paper, $175 000 worth of arms for the secessionists were captured there a few days ago, on a steamer bound down the river. The cargo consisted of about 700 kegs of powder, 350,000 black cartridges, and 200 tons of lead, besides cars, cans and bag.

SOUTHERN ITEMS. A report made to the Maryland Legislature on Wednesday animadverts in the severe terms on the Federal Government in stationing troops at Annapolis and seizing the road to Washington, and considers such a course as being treasonable as a consequence, and it is there, therefore the duty of the Legislature to ascertain the precise position which the General Government, or the commander-in-chief, occupies with the following resolution :—

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Legislature, that the Governor be requested to communicate to this Legislature whether any requisition has been made upon him by the Federal Government, and if so, what number of troops, and for what purpose, and whether any of the said troops have been ordered to march through the territory of this State, and if so, by what route.

J. W. ROBINSON, Speaker of the House of Delegates.

Approved April 27, 1861. ELECTROPATHY.

DR. S. PAIGE has decided to remain a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 3 American House, Merrimack Square.

Dr. P. has had the most extensive practice of any physician in this city, the first season of which is derangements or loss of vitality of the Nervous System, and he has never failed to be benefited by the use of drugs and nostrums for years, and realizing that he can do more satisfactory business by a few months' application to a single disease, than by a scattering practice, he will confine himself to this most subtle, natural and potent curative agent, and will continue to be found at his present location.

Dr. Paige furnishes the best Instruments for Medical use, and the most scientific Electro-Magnetic machines.

Consultation free. apr26lm

OBSEQUIES

Of LUTHER C. LADD and ADDISON G. WHITney, soldiers of the 6th regiment. April 19th, 1861.

It has been decided to be received in Boston from the Executive of the Commonwealth by a Committee of the City Government and a detachment of the Boston Light Infantry, with a special escort at the Middlesex Street Depot at ¼ o'clock, P. M., on Monday, May 6th. They will be received at the Depot by a salute of cannon, by the military, and proceed to Huntington Hall, through Thorndike and Dutton Streets. The services at the hall will be

1. Dirge. Brigade Band.
2. Reading Scriptures. Rev. C. W. Homer.
3. Prayer. Rev. Dr. Gannett.
4. Anthem. St. Ann's Choir.
5. Reading Hymn. Rev. W. L. Clark.
6. Reading Hymn. Rev. J. J. Twiss.
7. Prayer. Rev. D. Mott.
8. Benediction. Rev. Frederick Hinckley.

After the services at the Hall, the procession will form and proceed to the Cemetery in the following order :

Military Escort.

Pall Bearers Pall Bearers

Aids Chief Marshal Aids

Relatives and Friends.

His Excellency the Governor.

Members of the Governor's Council

His Honor the Mayor of Lowell.

His Honor the Mayor of Lawrence.

Board of Aldermen.

Common Council.

City Officers.

Judges and Clerk Police Court.

Sheriff of Middlesex County and Dist. Attorney for the District.

Clergymen of the City.

Military Companies not in uniform.

Citizens.

Minute guns will be fired, the bells tolled, and citizens are requested to close their places of business during the moving of the procession.

The Committee of Arrangements—Sentinels Burbank, Merrimack Street—Merrimack to Central—Central to Middlesex—Gen. Lawrence—Grounds—Lawrence Street to the Cemetery :

F. C. SARGEANT,
C. HALEIGH,
W. L. NORTH,
W. W. CLARK,
G. W. NORRIS,
Committee City Government.

GEO. F. SAWTELL, Chief Marshal.
Aids—Wm. A. Wise, Thomas J. Gerrish, Geo. W. Bodine.
Marshals—Samuel T. Lancaster, James Watson.

PRESENTATION. Last evening, Maj. Ladd was made the recipient of a handsome pair of Major's epaulets, by the commissioned officers of the Abbott Guards, accompanying which was the following letter :

LOWELL, May 2nd, 1861.

MAJOR LADD: *Dear Sir*—We with you please accept the accompanying epaulets as a slight expression of the high regard in which you are held by the commissioned officers undersigned. It is our sincere desire that these epaulets will always be as bright as the honor of the man who wears them ; but we know full well that while the storm and contest may for a time dim their lustre, the bright, shining honor of the wearer will never be obscured or blemished. With great respect, we subscribe ourselves,

Your most ob't serv'ts to command,

E. G. ABBOTT, Captain.
H. G. O. WENTWORTH, 1st Lieut.
JAMES FRANCIS, 2d "
H. H. FULLER, 3rd "
FREDERICK M. ABBOTT, 4th "

To which Major Ladd answered :—

Fellow-Soldiers, commissioned officers of the *Abbott Guards* :—Allow me to return to you my thanks for the kind feeling that prompted your donation of a pair of Major's epaulets. I can only say that the kind regards you express for me in your note accompanying them, be assured that your acknowledgment of them is duly appreciated. I endeavored you in the discharge of my duty, tends greatly in my mind to enhance the value of your gift, and if, in the storm of battle they may be dimmed, rest assured that no act of mine will ever mar their lustre. I bear in the sphere in the future, I am resolved to devote my time and the ties to the cause of my country until the proud revolution shall be ended, and the Stars and Stripes shall proudly wave over thirty-four United States.

Gentlemen, I am happy to be with you in connection with the militia of Massachusetts. Please accept my regards, and believe me,

Your devoted friend,

and fellow-soldier,

J. LADD.

To Capt. E. G. ABBOT, Lieuts Weymouth, Fuller, Francis and Abbott.

LOWELL, May 2nd, 1861.

SOLDIER'S RELIEF. With a view to concentrate the labors of the various societies desirous of aiding in making up clothing, &c., for our soldiers already in the field, the ladies of the different religious societies are requested to send five delegates each, to a meeting to be held in Merrimack Hall, Monday evening, May 6th, at 7 1-2 o'clock, to consult upon the best plan for securing this object.

VETERANS, ATTENTION! The members of this organization are requested to meet at the Phalanx armory at 8 o'clock, this evening, to make arrangements for attending the funeral of the Lowell soldiers who were killed at Baltimore.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. Dr. BARRETT, of Boston, will preach in Lee Street Church to-morrow.

Rev. Mr. HILL will lecture at Wallace Hall to-morrow, at the usual hours of church service.

NOTICE. There will be a meeting of the Lowell Trotting Club this Saturday evening, May 4th at 7 o'clock. A punctual attendance is requested.

D. W. RUSS, Sec'y.

Lowell, May 4th, 1861.

LOWELL RIDING ACADEMY,
Opposite Freewill Baptist Church, Paige St.
MR. J. W. ROBINSON

Respectfully announces, to his former patrons and the people of Lowell that he has again commenced business in the above Academy is now permanently open for the season, having had the walls thoroughly repaired and painted, and the floor relaid in a manner that cannot be excelled by any in the country. The horses are in good condition, and the whole establishment has been entirely changed for the convenience and accommodation of pupils or those seeking pleasure on horseback. The public may be assured that nothing will be left undone on the part of the proprietor to merit a liberal share of public patronage, and by strict attention to business and reasonable terms as heretofore.

Those wishing to learn the requirements of a horse can patronize him. Mr. Robinson hopes to keep his place in good condition, and also to improve it so that he had sustained the past winter, at the same time to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

LADIES' EQUESTRIANISM. HIS FOR THE PRESENT. Riding Academy will be open at 1 o'clock this afternoon for the first season of this popular exercise. Mr. Robinson has taken the utmost pains to render the Academy as pleasant as possible; exert any previous one. I propose to give a series exhibitions, the coming week, and I will engage, that the number of my pupils, ten or three hundred. Particulars in future notices. Horses to let by the hour, day or week. apr27lm

J. W. ROBINSON.

Lowell, April 27, 1861.

Lowell Institution for Savings in Account with James G. Carney, Treasurer.

Cr.			
To amount loaned City of Lowell,		$ 68,000 00	By amount received from Banks, Corporations,
" "	" Charlestown,	50,000 00	per certificates of Trustees,
" "	" Cambridge,	50,000 00	not amount received for Dividends,
" "	" Boston,	50,000 00	Interest and Rents, less Dividends
" "	" Town of Lowell,	50,000 00	and expenses paid,
" "	" Medford,	25,000 00	
" "	" Watertown,	25,000 00	
" "	" Malden,	10,000 00	
" "	" Somerville,	10,000 00	
" "	" Lakeland,	7,000 00	
" "	" Melrose,	7,000 00	
" "	" Woburn,	5,000 00	
on Bank Stock,		7,000 00	
" Mortgage—Real Estate		109,700 00	
" Loans to Mechanics		253,500 00	
paid for Real Estate,		25,000 00	
"	" 156 Shares Eagle Bank	15,600 00	
"	" 200 " Bank of Com.	20,000 00	
"	" 125 " Bank of Chas.	12,500 00	
"	" 100 " Granite Bank,	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " Market Bank,	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " Columbian Ex.	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " Atlas Bank,	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " N. England Ex.	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " Traders' Bank,	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " Bank of Com.	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " City Bank,	10,000 00	
"	" 100 " Merchants' Bank	10,000 00	
"	" 150 " Market Bank,	9 150 00	
"	" 100 " Tremont Bank,	10,000 00	
"	" 60 " Tremont Bank,	6,000 00	
"	" 45 " Bank of Com.	4,500 00	
"	" 50 " Boston Bank,	4,950 00	
"	" 50 " Cash on hand,	4,750 19	
		$1,101,075 19	
The net amount of interest to May 1, 1861, is		$46,643 72	
The amount of the 69th Dividend to be declared then, is		37,937 54	
Leaving a surplus of		$28,866 45	
			$1,101,075 19

By amount received from Banks, Corporations, per certificates of Trustees, $1,066,866 91
Interest and Rents, less Dividends and expenses paid, 34,475 27
$1,101,075 19

The subscribers, a Committee of the Trustees, have examined the above account, and find it correct and properly vouched. They also find the amount of the 68th Dividend to be declared May 4, 1861, being Twenty-one Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-seven Dollars and Fifty-four Cents, $21,837 54

WILLIAM K. SOUTHWORTH,
CHARLES A. SAVORY,
JOHN O GREEN,
Committee.

The Treasurer herewith presents his 68th semi-annual account with the Lowell Institution for Savings. All accounts have been opened within the past year, depositing with the other Departments. $185,727 67, 468 accounts have been opened in the Savings Department, and 1,214 have been closed, leaving the number now open 2,714 ; showing a decrease during the past year of 746. Although the deposits have been over One Hundred Thousand Dollars greater than the withdrawals, the new accounts are fewer than the natural increase of the year, which is accounted for by the fact that many persons have withdrawn their deposits and paid off mortgages, who have themselves in the unwilling balance of the year's work.

The average profits now accruing to the Trustees from the deposited six hundred and forty-six dollars per month. The net earnings of the year, the first since the division of the surplus leaving Jesse Towne three thousand seven hundred and sixty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents, which is to be added to the deposit account, and will be entered upon the books as a new deposit. The Treasurer has been at a very low rate of interest for the coming summer. If the depositors have been willing to be content with a low rate of interest for the coming summer. If the depositors have been willing to be content with a low rate of interest for the coming summer. If the depositors have been willing to be content with a

RELIGIOUS.

AMERICA.

BY S. F. SMITH.

My country! 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liberty,
Of thee I sing.
Land where my fathers died;
Land of the pilgrims' pride;
From every mountain side,
Let freedom ring.

My native country! thee,
Land of the noble free,
Thy name I love;
I love thy rocks and rills,
Thy woods and templed hills;
My heart with rapture thrills,
Like that above.

Let music swell the breeze,
And ring from all the trees
Sweet freedom's song;
Let mortal tongues awake,
Let all that breathe partake,
Let rocks their silence break,
The sound prolong.

Our fathers' God! to Thee,
Author of liberty!
To Thee we sing;
Long may our land be bright
With freedom's holy light;
Protect us by Thy might,
Great God, our King.

THE GOOD SOLDIER.

A DISCOURSE,

BY REV. DR. CLEAVELAND:

At the Agawam Street Church, April 28th, 1861, before the Richardson Light Infantry.

TEXT:—Thou, therefore, endure hardness as a good soldier of Jesus Christ.—2 Timothy, ii. 3.

I have selected this text, because it contains some of the thoughts which I wish to present, and suggests the rest. In the presence of these enlisted soldiers of the common country, I would like to say something, not wholly inappropriate, as I am not until a late hour, last evening, that I had a hint of our being honored with their attendance here to-day. At the close of a short interview, in which I had the pleasure of presenting to each of the company, on behalf of some of the ladies of this congregation, a copy of the English Pocket Bible, and sundry useful articles, prepared for them by the ladies, the company voted to worship with us in a body, at this hour. Every reliable I utter has been constrained to paper since ten o'clock, last evening.

My text shows you that I believe it, for a few moments, on THE QUALITIES OF A GOOD SOLDIER. Preliminary to this, is the question, whether the profession of a soldier is a *legitimate* one. It has been warmly debated, whether, in a Christian civilization, any such profession is good. It does it a question, however, which, in an imperfect world, can never have more than one side. The religion of the New Testament is, indeed, a religion of peace. It seeks to fraternize all the tribes of men into one harmonious whole. It commands all men, everywhere, to love one another; if smitten on the one cheek, to turn the other also to the smiter. It denounces wars as the offspring of passions and lust, warring in the bodies and souls of implacable men. It promises that whensoever it shall gain a universal ascendency, it will put an end to all strife, and blood-shedding, and confusion. The peaceful genius of the Gospel of Christ has been the inspiring theme of eloquence, of poetry, of history, in all ages.

Nevertheless, the Bible certainly recognizes war as an occasional necessity. The wars of the Old Testament fulfilled positive edicts of Heaven. Abraham, "the father of the faithful," volunteered to raise an army, march into a foreign country, give battle to allied chieftains, and recover his relatives, whom those chieftains had ruthlessly assaulted and carried captive. On his return, Melchisedek, a solemn functionary of the Most High, whose whole life, as an ordained priest, had been spent in communings with his Maker, met the brave old soldier, and, instead of rebuking him for unsheathing his sword, blessed him with an abundant benediction. The great Religionist of the age seemed to see and sanctified the volunteer prowess of the great Soldier and Statesman. In honor of a soldier's victory, he performed the most sacred rites of religion. When those old Emancipators, Moses and Aaron, were marching over half a million soldiers through a neighboring State, they foresaw that there would be battles to fight, and they would attack them furiously. They knew that a peaceable passage could not be had. What did Moses, the Hebrew President, do? Did he tell Joshua that he must remember that they were not fighting men,—he just reminded him that the finger of God pointed their way, and they must fight it through. Joshua was one of God's special favorites and yet he was a soldier by profession. He held precisely the same relation to the Hebrew forces, that our veteran Scott does to the American army —if at all inconsistent, generals. Moses, surnamed the Servant of God, surnamed the Meek, was yet a man, and he refused to compromise with treachery. "Get all our soldiers together," his order to Joshua was, "by daybreak to-morrow morning we will fight Amalek, as God's soldiers always fight, which I take Aaron and Hur up into the hill-top to call down God's help for you. If we turn away from Amalek now, and try the peace-policy with the enemy is enraged, and defiant, we shall only plunge ourselves into a much bloodier war-policy before we have done with it.— One tug of real war will settle the question. If we compromise matters, we shall be set upon by every fire-eating State between here and Canaan, as soon as we get there, and cross over, and begin our great war of conquest. we shall be worn out, not fit for anything, and our God-appointed government will prove a miserable failure! Oh how all the ages will laugh at us, and how the God of our fathers will spue us out of his mouth!"

At last, they reached the Jordan, which was then Moses and Dixon size—crossed over—and made for Jerusalem, which they must go to make the seat of a government. Here they found new trouble. At once on their arrival, the Canaanites, in a panic of timor—thronged with desperadoes—who would kill anybody for pay. God told Joshua, "You must now go and fight, valiantly and fortified, and mad, but you must take it—level it to the ground—and not a man, nor pin of it, to begin with." So Joshua sent up a scout, who judged that two or three thousand men would take the city, and could throw thousand, to make sure. But they were not of the right kind—were not fighting-ably—who had a great horror of blood.— And as soon as the Ai roughs had cut down some thirty or forty men, they returned tratter, and ran back to the camp. Their hearts, we are told, became as water, a very bad material to make soldiers of. Joshua was very fond of prayer, and as he felt horribly, he fell on his face, and began to pray. "O God up," and Jehovah, "what are you lying on your face for? up, and purge out all the traitors and murderers that are in your camp. Don't let the first Achan escape! Take your strength again, and show the Confederate Canaanites what to expect. Joshua, you are a soldier of the King of kings, and must begin work, when the enemy means to annihilate him, is to fight. Ai can't be got down by got round. It must be marched through, and my people, the whole three million, are going through it, unhurt, when I say the word." Then Joshua chose out thirty thousand men of valor—as he called them —picked Massachusetts men, as we should say—and he put five thousand men at one point, and five thousand at another, till he had ambushed it all round. And when the slingers threw their deadly missiles one way, he bended them off, till another ambush sprang upon them, so that he killed twelve thousand men that day. He was not afraid that there would not be room enough to bury them and as many more, under the city. He actually burned the city to the ground, and hung the chief of the mob on a tree, the true way with all traitors. Then Joshua built an altar to God, and the manner of his setting his seal to the soldier's vocation at that time, was one of God's sublimities. The rest of the Old Testament will only vividly, if you read it all, God's picture of the havoc of war, on the one hand, and of the soldier's mission, on the other, when he is compulsed to fight, or let go all that is dear to him. The war upon Canaan was a war aggressive.— These atheist tribes had exhausted even God's patience. The Book of Judges might be named God's witness to the soldier's calling. But the Israelites were an ungrateful race, people. As soon as they smiled on their agriculture, their commerce, and manufactures, they would rush into all ungodliness, and God would let loose their enemies, to chastise them. Just as soon, however, as the Canaanites dared to make slave them, God raised up some valiant soldier, and bade the enslaved rise, follow their leader, and break their chains. The New Testament is no repeal of the Old.— When Christ, as the Prince of Peace, said to his disciples, "Put up again, thy sword into his scabbard, for all they that take the sword, shall perish by the sword," he never meant to abrogate the soldier's calling—nor to ordain a code of absolute non-resistance—nor to dissolve all human government—nor to force every man to look out for himself—nor to flood the world with anarchy. The precept is the reverse of wholesale condemnation of defensive war. If they that take the sword, shall perish by the sword, then in verifying it, God's providence must stir up fighting on the other side. It can't be divinely demonstrated, unless a soldiery is raised up, and moved to war, by fighting on a battle-field on earth. When James asks his Peaceable question, "From whence come wars and fightings among you: come they not hence even from your lusts, that do war in your members," it is manifestly not with a view to denouncing a deadly enemy, that he so reproaches a surrendered foe. If they will first re render their *bad principles*, as well as matter arms, they will surrender. It is a fair grant that our men may be excused from very much blood shedding—their's or the enemy's—if they will but act. Only a tame consent to give up everything, and let oppression have full sway, can abate the call for high courage.

A good soldier will be a man of SELF-DENIAL. "Thou, therefore, endure hardness," said noble Paul. Hardship is inseparable from actual field service. The comforts of home, the society of wife and daughters, sisters, lavish upon us till we think we can't live without them, seldom follow us to the camp. Forced marches —tented beds—chill night airs—a sinking in thirst—have a terrible reality. We do not mean that the hunger or nakedness of our revolutionary worthies shall haunt our volunteers. But we mean that they shall achieved, worthy of being achieved, patriotism, principle, peril, will be the price of it. Yet will a good soldier put it all as tat as it comes, into one scale, and is will put honor, freedom, friends, and his conscience, into the other, and weigh them together. If the United States keep a fifth tithe of their words, velvet cushions to sit upon, down pillows for sleeping, will not be had until every soldier we send out, has comprehended what it means to endure hardness.

A good soldier will be a man of PURE MORALS. Drunken desperadoes will some times fight fiercely, on occasion, like the goaded animals in a Spanish bull fight.— But for a sealed sonfloc of fanaticism with oppression, of principle with passion, a drunken soldier is a hundred fold worse than none. The company that tolerates him will share his guilt and disgrace. All the old soldiers of Europe, though surrendered to temptation when despotism has done with them, have been inured on the field to strict abstinence. The invincibles, who carried the Roman Eagles round the world, were models of self-control. A winter of wine drinking cost the greatest general of the world the promised conquest of Rome. A bottle of brandy turned the fate of Waterloo. I have tried the sythe on cool milk and water, and I have tried it on rum, and I know which makes me mown strong. Oh taste not of "liquid fire," young gentlemen, until the star spangled banner floats over subjugated Rome. [The captain said to the preacher, at the close, that the company had pledged themselves to take from any man in his ranks, who should come under the influence of liquor, with it on.]

A good soldier is DEVOTED TO HIS CALLING. So Paul taught. "No man that warreth, entangleth himself with the affairs of this life, that he may please him that hath called him to be a soldier." This is the meaning of the word. If you trace it back to the Gallic, or yet farther, to the Latin, you have the image of a man who had enrolled his name, his time and business and his disciples, "Put up again, thy sword into his scabbard, for all they that take the sword, shall perish by the sword," he never meant to abrogate the soldier's calling—nor to ordain a code of absolute non-resistance—nor to dissolve all human government—nor to force every man to look out for himself—nor to flood the world with anarchy. The precept is the reverse of wholesale condemnation of defensive war. If they that take the sword, shall perish by the sword, then in verifying it, God's providence must stir up fighting on the other side. It can't be divinely demonstrated, unless a soldiery is raised up, and moved to war, by fighting on a battle-field on earth. When James asks his Peaceable question, "From whence come wars and fightings among you: come they not hence even from your lusts, that do war in your members," it is manifestly not with a view to denouncing a deadly enemy, that he so reproaches a surrendered foe. If they will first re render their *bad principles*, as well as matter arms, they will surrender. It is a fair grant that our men may be excused from very much blood shedding—their's or the enemy's—if they will but act. Only a tame consent to give up everything, and let oppression have full sway, can abate the call for high courage.

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by use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
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For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious hours are passed, by a watchful attendance upon your little ones, it will be found invaluable to *Relieving the Gums, Allaying Inflammation, Griping Pains, Wind in the Bowels, Diarrhœa attending Teething, such as frequently occurs in Summer, Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Sick Head, and Cold in the Head*, as is evidently clear that its operation is to relieve the system of that acrid matter which is the cause of all these complaints, and by its use every mother can be assured that she is taking the most effectual means to relieve her infant from the many distressing complaints to which it is subject during the period of teething.

No Morphine or Opiate,

or any kind, or of whatever nature, life is first taken into consideration in the preparation of this article, and it is offered to the public with the confidence that it will prove a blessing to all who may use it.

For sale by all Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

Price 25 cents per bottle.

Depot, 106 Broadway, New York.

Sept. 24, 1860. 3m

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the bowels, neither does it act by inducing the exhibition of your children, but naturally through its cause of disease. We earnestly recommend you, therefore, to give it a trial, and we feel confident you will have no cause to regret it. We also recommend it to relieve your child in case of need. It is perfectly harmless, and will relieve the child.

Sold by Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This preparation is for sale from its route per

HARRISON GRAY, Agent,
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Or Lozenges, are recommended for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs. Clergymen and Singers will find the cool and invigorating to clearing and strength. Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States. Manufactured by JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Merrimack and John streets, Lowell.

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$10 SEWING MACHINES,
EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Who would be without a good sewing machine of some kind? In this machine, which is sold for $10, we have combined the best good quality of any and all machines ever before invented. It has a very needed necessity for over all the others on account of its simplicity.
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FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
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Sept. 24, 1860. m2w2tf

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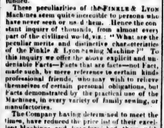

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Whose Oils are recommended for their newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of
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Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same range of work, and command the same variety of stitches, possible to the varying demands of difficulties, possible to the varying fancy of the sex, the latter is ready-formed, until he receives his discharge.—Husbandry, commerce, trade, gain, study, amusement, and the fine arts, are instant life-time never wits his name on the muster-roll. Lesses he must forego, if he would win glory, or instructive preferment. Greece and Rome's best days, not a man, but a surrendered foe. If they will first re render their *bad principles*, as well as matter arms, they will surrender. It is a fair grant that our men may be excused from very much blood shedding—their's or the enemy's—if they will but act. Only a tame consent to give up everything, and let oppression have full sway, can abate the call for high courage.

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A CERTAIN cure and permanent cure for all forms of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum in an *external* remedy. Giving out and entirely removing the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitution with perfect safety.
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My son, ten years of age, has been for three years almost entirely from Salt Rheum, his whole system was filled with humors, and by the use of your Compound cured. I am satisfied it has saved his life. JOHN M. BERRY.
Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines generally.
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Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

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ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Patchouli, Rose Soap, Toilet Soaps, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a large variety of Soaps for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr. corner Merrimack and John sts.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal now on hand, and for sale by the bag or barrel by
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KIDDER'S HAIR DYEING.—This elegant preparation for restorative article is highly recommended for *Restoring* or changing the color of the hair to its original color. It is a beautiful dye, removes all dandruff, and leaves the hair soft and glossy. Price 50 cents per bottle.
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HAIR OF BEAUTY.—A perfect preparation for the Toilet, completely effectuous in nourishing and beautifying the hair, rendering it soft and glossy, prevents it from falling off by the roots. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. tf

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Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.
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THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on the cheek; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swollen, or sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the head; fetid breath; tetchus of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite sometimes voracious, sometimes with a knawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine pale and copious; occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive, sometimes hoarse and sleepy, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

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Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

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DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, not *capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to
FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, Pa.

P.S. Doctors and Physicians ordering from others than the proprietors, will please be particular to call for Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. To those wishing to purchase a single bottle, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve Dollars—the money to accompany the order. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines generally throughout the United States.

☞ For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. tf

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY EVENING, MAY 6, 1861. NO. 6356.

THE DAILY COURIER.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

To those who prefer to receive a description of Fifty Cents per week.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Office—No. 91 CENTRAL STREET.

Advertisements inserted at $1 per square for three insertions, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent insertion—to be paid for in advance to all cases where no account is kept open. Twelve lines or less constitute a square.

Yearly and monthly advertisements inserted at prices according to the room and space occupied.

Notices in reading columns, 15 cents per line.

Notices before marriages and deaths, 25 cents per line.

Obituaries, or notices of deaths, 25 cents per line.

Business cards not exceeding eight lines, $10 per year.

Business cards not exceeding four lines, $6 per year.

Job Printing executed with neatness and dispatch, and on reasonable terms.

Orders for papers to be discontinued, and all communications relative to the business of the office, must be addressed to the Publishers, and not to any individual connected with the establishment, or they will not be attended to.

Papers will be discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for, unless otherwise ordered.

Subscribers changing their residence will please give the name of the Post Office to which their papers have been sent.

Letters and communications should be addressed to the Publishers, and not to any individual connected with the establishment.

All letters must be post paid.

Correspondence solicited from all parts of the country.

The following gentlemen are authorized agents for the Courier, and are entitled to receive subscriptions and payments for the same:

Boston—Messrs. Adams & Co., 21 Cornhill.
Boston—Messrs. Dailey & Co., 21 Cornhill.
Boston—Messrs. Tyler & Co., 21 Cornhill.
Boston—Messrs. Sampson & Co., 21 Cornhill.
Boston—Messrs. Wilson & Co., 21 Cornhill.
Boston—Messrs. Wilson & Co., 21 Cornhill.
Boston—Messrs. Wil

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, May 6, 1861.

OBSEQUIES
OF
Addison O. Whitney
AND
Luther C. Ladd,

SOLDIERS, WHO WERE SLAIN AT BALTIMORE, APRIL 19TH, 1861.

Delivery of the Bodies in Boston.

Remarks of Governor Andrew.

Mayor Sargeant's Reply.

THE EXERCISES AT HUNTINGTON HALL.

ADDRESS BY REV. MR. CLARK.

EXERCISES IN BOSTON.

The funeral of Addison O. Whitney and Luther C. Ladd, whose remains were brought to Boston on Friday, took place to-day. It was an occasion to be long remembered by our citizens. This morning at 7 1-2 o'clock Mayor Sargeant, members of the City Government and a detachment of the Richardson Light Infantry proceeded to Boston to bring the remains to Lowell.

At 11 o'clock, Gov. Andrew and the Lowell Committee were escorted by the Boston Independent Cadets from the State House to the Stone Chapel on the corner of School and Tremont Streets. The bodies were placed in hearses, heavily draped, arms were reversed, the escort troops, and the procession moved to funeral marches from the band, through School, Tremont, Court, State, Commercial, Chatham, Blackstone and Causeway Streets to the depot. Throughout the entire route the streets were thronged and flags lowered to half mast. At Long Wharf, six vessels just from Philadelphia lowered the flag just as the funeral cortege passed.

At the depot, flags were lowered, and the bells in the neighborhood were tolled. A detachment of the Richardson Light Infantry there received the remains, and the following addresses were made, and phonographically reported for us by Mr. H. W. Parmenter, of this city.

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR ANDREW.

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen of the City Council of Lowell: Never in the annals of the military patriotism of Massachusetts, has she made the 19th of April a historic day, not twice on the 19th of April, but the men of Middlesex poured out the rich libation of their blood upon the altar of their country. It has been given to you, Mr. Mayor, and to your city of Lowell, one of the recent creations of Massachusetts industry and interprise, to lead the army of 1861, and to offer two of her sons for their country's cause. With gallant, noble, never to be forgotten valor, these citizens sprung to their arms, and from the quiet pursuits of private life pursued on the next day, the next step conducted before mankind, soldiers and heroes. The remains of your fallen leaders are in your arms, sent for by the anxious care of the Commonwealth—their mother and ours—have been regained, and now this sacred dust restored to the soil of Massachusetts, reposes in the area of glorious death, to be remembered and preserved under monumental urns, in the hearts and memory of a grateful country forever.

Now, Sir, to you, and to your goodly city, from me, her humble official representative, Massachusetts returns and surrenders these remains. Take them, sir, bear them peacefully and tenderly home, watch over, and care for them as you would your most cherished and most beloved. To you, sir, these remains are now committed.

RESPONSE OF MAYOR SARGEANT.

May it please your Excellency : We receive these sacred relics in behalf of the City of Lowell, and propose to pay to them such official honors as are due to the dead brave, who die in the defence of their country.

The early sacrifice of these men may have been necessary to enkindle the patriotism and inspire the energy of the country; if so, it was fit that the first victims should come from the County of Middlesex; and the 19th of April should be the day of the sacrifice.

In these names the people of Lowell, and in behalf of the friends of the deceased, I thank you for your considerate kindness in causing the remains to be returned safely to their homes.

The train under the care of the veteran Conductor Barrett, left Boston at 12 1-2 o'clock. The engine and cars were appropriately draped with mourning, and flags at every station were lowered as the train passed.

EXERCISES IN LOWELL.

This has been a solemn day for Lowell. The funeral of Addison O. Whitney and Luther C. Ladd, the members of the City Guards who were killed at Baltimore, by the mob, on the 19th ult., has awakened a feeling of gloom over the whole community. A rain-storm has rendered the day more gloomy than it otherwise would have been, and the aspect of all nature has been indeed gloomy. The insignias of mourning were almost universal on the principal public buildings, and in many instances along the streets.

Huntington Hall, where the funeral services took place, was tastefully and appropriately decorated, under the direction of Messrs. Alfred Gilman and Joseph S. Bowers. Over the speaker's stand, on the Dutton Street side of the hall, American flags were suspended, having on them the simple motto, "Union." Underneath these were black and white drapery, giving the whole a mournful effect. The platform was covered with dark-colored carpeting, and its sides were covered with black and white cloth extending to the floor, the black cloth being relieved with white stars, and the white cloth festooned with black. On the opposite side, over the Shattuck Street entrance, large sized American flags were displayed, and underneath them were black and white drapery. The front of the gallery was trimmed the same as the speaker's platform. In front of the gallery was a canopy covered with American flags, trimmed with mourning and surmounted by a gilt eagle. This canopy was used for the bodies during the funeral exercises. At the south end of the hall was a small American flag on each side of the clock. The sides of the hall were heavily festooned with white and black drapery, at certain distances, held by mourning rosettes, from which drapery was suspended. The whole was creditable to those who arranged it, and gave the hall a neat and appropriate appearance.

At the head of the gallery was the motto : "All hail to the Stars and Stripes." On one side of the railing of the gallery were the words "April 19, 1775," and on the other "April 19th, 1861."

Wentworth's Building, the Savings Bank Building and the Lowell Gas office were also tastefully or namented with mourning drapery. Many of the traders on Merrimack and Central Streets appropriately arranged their windows and the fronts of their stores. The flags in many parts of the city were at half mast.

The Committee of the City Council proceeded to Boston early this morning and receiving the bodies from the State authorities, accompanied them to this city in an extra train, which arrived at about half past 1 o'clock. The bodies were brought from Boston under escort of a platoon detailed from the Richardson Light Infantry. On their arrival here the whole company acted as a guard of honor. An immense crowd was at the Middlesex Street depot, at which place the train stopped, and followed the procession through Thondike, Dutton and Merrimack to Shattuck Street, the bodies being borne into the Hall by Shattuck Street entrance.

The seats immediately in front of the speakers stand were reserved for the relatives and friends of the deceased. The bodies were brought into the hall and placed in the canopy erected for them.—The Committee of the City Council, officiating clergy and invited guests, including the Mayor-elect, Mayor of Lawrence, took seats upon the platform. The other members of the City Council had seats assigned them immediately in front of the platform. The military escort had seats in front of the gallery, and on the south side of the hall.

The doors having been thrown open to the public, the hall was rapidly filled, and thousands were unable to obtain admittance. After order had been restored, Mayor Sargeant came forward and said the following words had reached the Mayor of the State authorities, and the City Council were now present to join with their relatives and friends in paying the last tribute and respect to their memories. He said that he was requested to say that a press of public duties had kept his Excellency, the Governor, from being present. The following resolutions were then proceeded with, as follows :—

1st. Brige by the Lowell Brigade Band.

2nd. Reading of a portion of the 15th Chapter of First Corinthians, by Rev. C. W. Homer.

3rd. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Cleaveland.

4th. Anthem by St. Anne's choir,

"I heard a voice from Heaven."

5th. Discourse, by Rev. W. R. Clark, which we present entire :—

TEXT.—"If I forget thee, O Jerusalem, let my right hand forget its cunning. If I do not remember thee, let my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth; if I prefer not Jerusalem above my chief joy."—Psalm cxxxvii. 5, 6.

The deep unaffected love of country so touchingly told in these few words is ever hereafter to be associated with the names of those whose dust we have met to consign to the duy solemnize. Moved by its strong inspiration, they with their companions in arms promptly bade a tearful adieu to friends at their country's call, and bravely offered a soldier's life, a free-will offering upon their country's altar.

The instinctive patriotism has been implanted in the human breast for beneficent purposes. Providence has separated the human race into great Nations, that it might attain the highest civilization.—Without this arrangement, human governments would be impracticable, and the physical resources of the globe and the energies of the human mind would never be adequately developed. Hence the confusion of tongues, and physiological dissimilarities and the grand divisions of the earth by mountains, seas, rivers, climate and soil, whereby nations are constructed and consolidated.

A powerful nationality was demanded by the genius of human progress. Hence the physical resources of the globe and the energies of the human mind would never be adequately developed. Hence the confusion of tongues, and physiological dissimilarities and the grand divisions of the earth by mountains, seas, rivers, climate and soil, whereby nations are constructed and consolidated.

A powerful nationality was demanded by the genius of human progress

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulations Jan. 1, 1861, $2,317,233 93
Dividends paid to date, 1,454,980 18
Losses paid, $,811,053 75

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fir t Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, and are unusually safe, double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in its management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Terms for, per annum, may be paid half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually in advance.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in several future premiums. Those who prefer the Dividends in Cash, receive the amount in Cash, every year, or a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force the large number of 7772 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which the Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore promise to be important to those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 21 Central and 37 Merrimack Street,
mar8 dif

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the public for the past ten months with entire success. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Cold or Pain, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, &c.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, REVIVIFICATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual in curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

IT will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dyspeptics, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to the horrible sensations of the Delirium Tremens, will, almost immediately, feel the happy influence of the invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as eases or necessary.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.

One dose will cure Heart-Burn.

Three doses will cure Dyspepsia.

One dose will give you a Good Appetite.

One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Pains to back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Hop-bitters perfect health now, and has ever since cured.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Optic Co., Illinois Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia in face, using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Prairie City, Iowa

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralyzed in both legs 8 years October, 1858, given up by his physicians as incurable, he could never get better, and now enjoys the best of health.

BENJ. P. CUTTER, Esq., Pelham, N. H.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg after over one year of intense suffering; also cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain; by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain since cured—a year ago.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Hartisbend,

Cured of acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Hartisbend,

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H. Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case, in left face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications

Rev STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now Cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 5 days, after having tried all the usual remedies prescribed in the disease without relief

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thetford, Vt.

Had a cough or cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffers dreadfully, cured in 24 hours.

T. POTTER FARMER, Billerica,

Was cure of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using 3 bottles or less, severest cases of Neuralgia of 10 years standing, no return of pain since was cured.

OLIVER BURBE, Dracut,

Was cured of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' suffering, by 3 bottles. It is the best of all the medicines I ever used, and his family cured of Toothache and Headache.

MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle Co., Illinois

Cured of Chill fever, with two applications after suffering all winter.

EPHRAIM KENSON, North Unionsted,

Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after he had been bed for six months by the most excruciating pains, by using three bottles sigh been one he says; is entirely cured of leg, and has been and is now in perfect health ever since he was cured.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For the United States & British Provinces,
36 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere Price $1

d lyeal Druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. 1y-oct8-nov 9

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, H. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two years and a half of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LORMI B. WARD of Wis. Hartford, Ohio, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of excruciating suffering. Cured only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 18 9. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Sore Throat.

I HOR. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Cooter, Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a fatal suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured in one week after using the Great Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H., Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H. Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after the most intense the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—strong case. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of severe affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON F. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

Jan31 ly

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—rapidity in the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, Indigestion of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., and from the same cause arise spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for each disease, is the first great enquiry necessary in, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and many years experience have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry to find out what it was that set in motion the other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make the blood disease-free, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live, move and have our being," we will venture to the remark that as the planets move in the fair spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by the principle of life, so animal life is governed by a kindred cause, which remove or destroy life or disease, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen being highly charged with a metal, evinces or emits electricity.

Electricity is the greatest agent in contact with, or cause, disease it counteracts.

Upon the above principles, we have arrived at the solution as to the motor or motive power of the blood, and found it in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, and sulphur and other gases coming in or tact with the heart causes it to contract, and the blood, which expels the blood and sends it tingling through the remotest parts of the body. We have also discovered the cause of

Consumption, Dropsy, Pulsy, Paralysis, Fits, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, &c. &c.—a deficiency in the quantity of oxygen entering the lungs, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency in the quantity of electricity so absolutely necessary in the blood to produce a normal circulation. The blood becomes watery, colds and consumptions, and circulating erratically become anemous, and subject to rheumatism, neuralgia, and other diseases of the liver and kidneys set in, in short, almost every type of disease. We have discovered the cause of all this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles and their remedies.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, or the blood to be watery. To say that we have discovered the "elixir vitæ," we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation of the blood, and the cause of consumptives!! Sufferers from any organic disease, or complaint, who have by disease of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood and destroyed the red globules! Ladies suffering any of the distresses known as female complaints, by the use of the "Blood Food" can cure you. It h s cured thousands of despairing sufferers, and will cure you. We give up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your only hope. Try the "Blood Food" in an unfailing remedy; give it a trial.

Be not deceived by carrying out and fully proving the theory advanced here to be correct. Pamphlets explaining the theory on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by all druggists at $1 per bottle, or 6 will send 6 bottles free of expense, for $5. Price, one bottle, $1. If you cannot get it, visit, by letter wrapper—the old kind, in small tot le, and the genuine has the private stamp of Lawson & Co., Hartford, Conn., on the side, and bears the fac-simile signature of Church & Co., proprietors, on the side of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

CHURCH & CO., Sole Proprietor,
No. 49 Main Street, Hartford, Conn.

G. G. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold in Lowell by Chas. A. Stimson, Wm. B. Graves, C. A. Mansfield, & Hayes, & Eidter, &c.
aug28 1eh 8eo47

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c

THE LOWELL FEED AND FLOUR STORE

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
EXTRA FINE FLOUR,
EXTRA SUPERFINE FLOUR,
EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,
EXTRA SPRING WHEAT FLOUR,
EXTRA WESTERN FLOUR,
EXTRA GENESEE FLOUR,
EXTRA BROWN FLOUR,
EXTRA GRAHAM FLOUR,
EXTRA CORN MEAL,
EXTRA RYE MEAL,
EXTRA FINE FEED,
EXTRA COARSE FEED,
EXTRA MIDDLINGS,
EXTRA SHORTS,
EXTRA CRACKED CORN,
EXTRA OATS,
EXTRA CORN,
EXTRA BARLEY,
EXTRA SEED,
EXTRA HAY,
EXTRA STRAW,
EXTRA SALT,
EXTRA LIME,
EXTRA CEMENT,
EXTRA HAIR,
EXTRA PLASTERING,
EXTRA BRICK,
EXTRA STONE,
EXTRA COAL,
EXTRA WOOD,
EXTRA KINDLING WOOD,
EXTRA CHARCOAL,
EXTRA CHARGE.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES to be sold in England within the next 12 months.

10,000 sold in the United States within the last two months.

350 sold in Lowell within the last three months, and all giving satisfaction.

There is no machine which can be compared to it for simplicity, beauty of stitch, and durability. It sews from 2000 to 3000 stitches per minute, and is the only machine that makes the same stitch on both sides alike. It will sew from the finest cambric muslin to the coarsest cloth, all sorts of work, with any kind of thread, cotton, silk, linen or twist, and will do it better and faster than any machine in the world. It will fell, hem, stitch, tuck, bind, braid, cord, gather and sew on a ruffle, all at the same time, and do it perfectly. It will run either way, and will not get out of order. It will do a greater variety of work than any machine in use, and will sew from one extreme thickness of Marseilles quilting to the finest cambric muslin, perfect. This will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and will sew and embroider, without changing the feed, needle or tension. It will do the whole range of family sewing whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if any one is not so handled as to take it *just before* each an with a thorough trial for a reasonable period, we will refund the money. This is the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to relieve the toil of their wives, ever offered. This is new, incredible, but if it fail as any case, the notes will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months, with *not a single failure*, and in every instance within the least injury to health in any case.—

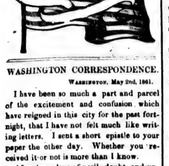
Dose is put up in three sizes, of different strengths, with full directions for using, and sold by druggists with it, also with any other article offering to the public.

Certificates from the personally acquainted with the Lord Bishops of this London are now shown to the Lord Bishops of this London, and many improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to offer it to the public at a reduced price.

Lord Bishop of this London, Lord Bishop of this London, Lord Bishop of this London,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, May 7, 1861.



WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, May 2nd, 1861.

I have been so much a part and parcel of the excitement and confusion which have reigned in this city for the past fortnight, that I have not felt much like writing letters. I sent a short epistle to your paper the other day. Whether you received it or not is more than I know.

After long days of peril, doubt, and uncertainty, we are at length safe and in the ascendant. Washington now is a vast camp. Every street resounds with the tramp of armed men. Everywhere is heard the drum-beat. Everywhere are seen the stalwart forms of the Northern soldiery. Traitors skulk and hide their faces, who a few days ago menaced us with impunity. Not many days since a Washington acquaintance of mine, a leading secessionist of the Washington people are, very kindly notified me that "we," (that is, the Southerners) "have got you," to wit, the Northerners sojourning here. That, says he, "I will take care of you." I thanked him and informed him that within ten days from that date I would extend the same protection to him which he would need more than I did then.

The North is here now in immense force. She is pouring from her "populous loins" swarms of armed men. It is a splendid sight to behold the military array here.—Gov. Sprague and his Rhode Island troops bear the palm in their parades. The cold and relish Washingtonians are fairly enthusiastic at the martial appearance of the brave Rhode Islander. Col. Burnside, the manufacturer of Burnside's rifle, commands them. Gov. Sprague is extremely youthful in his appearance. His yellow plume is the centre of all eyes. His immense wealth and disinterested patriotism are the theme of a popular talk.

Gov. Boutwell, Senator Wilson and Judge Hoar are in town. I notice in the Seventh Regiment of New York two gentlemen formerly of Lowell, to wit,—John Avery and Professor Daniels, both of the pleasure of taking breakfast with Henry Read, Esq., of your city, and Miss Butler, daughter of Gen. Butler, at the National Hotel on the morning of the inauguration of Lincoln. Miss Lander, the sculptress, is tending the sick and wounded in the hospital of the Sixth Regiment, M. V. Regims, it is called.

The Capitol Building has been in charge of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment for the most of the time since they arrived.—The New York Seventh goes into camp today, a mile south of the White House. It is an odd sight for me to behold my Lowell friends and neighbors encamping in the marble halls of the Capitol, with the huge mirrors, rich carpets, rosewood furniture, and plate glass windows. But our troops are not idle. Col. Jones puts them through a thorough drill in the suburbs of the city every day.

I must not say that I feel perfectly calm and confident of the result of the present civil conflict. The North will triumph gloriously. The Union will be preserved.—The traitors will be driven into exile. Out of all the present excitement and military preparation, will eventually come peace and harmony.

Col. Parsons, of Lawrence, came into the city yesterday from Annapolis, as bearer of despatches from Gen. Butler.—While I write the New York Seventh Regiment are going out to dress parade.

As the world in regard to the Rev. Mr. Babbidge, the chaplain of the Sixth Regiment. He is eminently fitted for his position. He is very popular with the soldiers. His presence is of itself salutary.—He is a graduate of Harvard College, of the class of 1828, and is the first graduate of that University who was ordered into service. He was not only ordered, but he has marched and smelt gunpowder at Baltimore, and been on duty at the capitol.—I write this because Lieut. Porter, of the class of 1829, has been claimed to be the first Harvard graduate in the field.

D. W. D.

THE NEWS.

The *Commercial*'s Washington correspondent says it is expected that Baltimore will be occupied by government troops on Wednesday.

A despatch to the *New York Post*, from Washington, says large numbers of exiles from Virginia are constantly arriving. Also that the government is determined to retain the Harper's Ferry arsenal. Also that official permission has been granted for a continuance of the passenger and mail service by steamer between Baltimore and Norfolk.

Large amounts of military stores are constantly arriving in Washington.

A special despatch from Philadelphia, says the steamer Keystone State has gone to Fortress Monroe from Annapolis to retake the Smith's Point light-ship. The Rayney has four guns and seventy men aboard, who will replace the light-ship which has been destroyed by the rebels.

A war steamer is now stationed off Fort McHenry, Baltimore, to assist the garrison in case of exigency.

Four companies left Annapolis for the Relay House last night.

A Baltimorean had an interview with Gen. Butler last night, who said that Northern troops must march directly over the ground where Massachusetts blood was spilled, and that if they were attacked from any house, the house would be blown up.

Gen. Scott is A. 1. His has accepted the office of Major General of the New York forces, tendered him by Gov. Morgan.

The forces at the Relay House are fortifying their position.

The Secretary of War in order to accommodate the traveling public, has opened a military route by way of Annapolis to Philadelphia, with two daily trains leaving Philadelphia at 10 30 in the forenoon and 11 at night.

A JOLLY LETTER FROM A LOWELL SOLDIER. We have been handed the following letter, from a member of one of the Lowell companies, dated Washington, April 29th. It is certain that the condition of the writer is not a very unpleasant one, or if so, he has a wonderful facility of making it appear anything but gloomy.—

We have a great time out here, sleeping in the Senate Chamber, on the floor, with our equipments all on, forty rounds of ball-cartridges in our boxes, and guns all ready so that we can be ready to fall in at one minute's notice. The other night we were called up at 12 o'clock, and had our rations served out, and got already for a fight, and waited about half an hour, then laid down and went to sleep. The same thing was done the next night, since. I suppose it is to get us used to being called up in the night, in case we are attacked.—But we do not apprehend any danger of attack, now that the city is so strongly guarded.

There is nothing here but military.—Alexandria is blockaded, and the order is to pay generally. "Old Abe" was in here to see us yesterday. He is a homely old cuss, and longer than a week's payment. Gen. Scott is about as long. Gen. Butler, of Kansas notoriety, was in it here yesterday, and made us a speech. I tell you he is a "brick." He has got a regiment of Kansas rangers organized, and is bound to give the Confederate army to understand that they have got to fight for all his little city of Washington. The Union men are not afraid to show themselves here, now that their friends have come to the rescue. If there is a row, we will fight like the devil, and no mater.

At the rate we are put through now I shall be something of a soldier at the end of three months. There was a very handsome woman came in here yesterday, and sang the "Star Spangled Banner" for us. The whole regiment and Jim Lane's battalion joined in the chorus. The hall rung with cheers, and the tears rolled down the cheeks of gray-headed men while the flag of the Old Bay State waved over the singer. G. W. S.

THE following spirited article, from the *Boston Herald*, is worthy of attention, and we have been requested to publish it:—

TO ARMS!—TO ARMS!!

Such should now be the cry of every loyal citizen. The flag of our country in Charleston is stoned for, by the most signal punishment of the traitors who would destroy it, and the best government on earth, and reduce our hitherto powerful and prosperous country to a mere condition than the petty States of Mexico.

The President, in his inaugural address, extended the olive branch of peace to the rebellious citizens of the South, and called upon them to return to their allegiance and their duties. He guaranteed to the seceding States a continuance of their peculiar institutions, and offered to them the ruinous paths they were pursuing, with all the kindness and affection of a parent to his erring children.

The pacific policy thus inaugurated has been treated with derision by the traitors and looked upon as evidence of the weakness, and cowardice of the national government.

The little garrison defending Fort Sumter, who, by the way, are mostly of Irish birth, and of that fine old Celtic race which never yet turned its back upon a foe, had not a fire for a fire-ball to be returned, and when the government offered to withdraw all the troops from that fort, leaving only a corporal and two men in charge of it, this was refused by the rebel leaders, who insisted upon having the whole fort, and all our government, would have made its name synonymous with everything mean and vile, and every other country the scoff of every nationality on earth.

These humiliating conditions the government rejected, and announced to the Governor of South Carolina their intention to provision peacefully the little garrison with provisions.

For this a civil war has been precipitated by the South, which can end only in the overwhelming defeat of the rebels, and the destruction of the oligarchical power which has usurped the government.

In the war of Independence, Irish-born men played a noble part. At the battle of New Orleans, the country was saved by Andrew Jackson, the son of an Irish peasant, and in the war now inaugurated Irishmen will be found foremost in the Government and the country which has been an asylum and a home to the oppressed of every nation.

Let every adopted citizen remember the oath which he has taken to support the Constitution, and to people pay greater reverence to the sanctity of an oath than those of Irish birth.

There are, unfortunately, in all our large cities, a few designing traitorous demagogues, who will endeavor to instil the poison of their own minds into others, but they are few indeed, and every adopted citizen should shun these traitors or put a mark of reprobation on them. The Irish people on this continent are loyal to the Union, the Constitution and the Government, and will not support them by every means in their power. Let the Government proceed with vigor. If we must have war, let it be a "little war," let it be overwhelming, so that it may speedily be ended."

WESTERN VIRGINIA. An immense Union meeting was held at Wheeling on Saturday. Hons. F. Pierpont and G. M. Porter addressed the convention, urging resistance to the secession ordinance and favoring the formation of a State. Resolutions were adopted approving the action of the merchants in refusing to pay taxes to the authorities at Richmond, denunciatory of the secession movement, and declaring all adhesion to the stars and stripes. At Clarksburg, Harrison County, the same day, a similar meeting was held. The Unionists in the Kanawha valley of Virginia have enrolled 2600 men for the government, who will fight the tyrants of the "Tide Water" to the last.

It is asserted that the test vote in the Virginia Convention was 80 yeas to 53 nays, and the people of the different counties are very indignant at having been hurried out of the Union without a popular vote. A strong reaction has taken place, and a Union spirit is fast gaining ground.

THE ANXIETY IN THE COUNTRY. In a small town in Vermont about six or seven miles from a railroad route, the people are in a state of great anxiety and alarm. The gentleman is a subscriber to a daily paper, and up to within three weeks was satisfied for it is to come by mail, receiving a double dose at each time. Now, however, since the war broke out, for his neighbors have volunteered to go every evening, in turn, to the postoffice, at the railroad station, and get the news, and when the welcome messenger returns, the whole neighborhood, for two or three miles around, are assembled at the town-house, where the clergyman reads aloud the contents. A lady who came from there last week, says that the town-house is crowded every evening and the greatest interest is manifested by old and young until the whole paper is read.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE.

Parties having bills against the Richardson Light Infantry will present them to the Captain immediately, for approval and payment.

may7

ELECTROPATHY.

DR. S. FAIRE has decided to remain a few weeks longer at his Room, No. 5 American Block, Central Street.

Dr. Faire successfully treats diseases the first cause of which is the introduction of poisons into the system. Dr. Faire equipments all his new instruments himself, and has never failed to benefit any one who has applied to him, as he has no office within his gift, and no power to accept individual volunteers; that he has no time to read applications for testimonials, and cannot acknowledge one letter in fifty.

Much alarm has existed at Alexandria for the past few days, owing to reports that the federal government contemplated taking early possession. Many persons have fled. The Virginia militia proceeded to the Culpepper Court House.

SINCE the passage of the Sixth Regiment through Baltimore, we hear no doubt expressed as to what would have followed had the rebels attempted to pass through there in open day, on his way to Washington in February. No sensible man will say that the rough, boisterous, threatening mob, that prowled about and into the care of the train which it was supposed had brought Mr. Lincoln to Baltimore, was not composed of the same half-drunken mass that made the cowardly assault on the Sixth Regiment on the 19th ult., two of whose victims were yesterday buried with a public funeral in this city. Since the inauguration of Mr. Lincoln, the conspiracy against him has been revealed by the detectives who interfered with the plans of the conspirators; and it is hoped that at some period of time we may properly deal with. Baltimore has for years sheltered and protected as precious a set of *bangable* villains as ever disgraced a Christian land. It is unfortunate that more of them were not swept out of existence by the Sixth Regiment of Massachusetts; it will be still more unfortunate if the Government troops are not ordered to pass through Baltimore whenever they are required beyond, with instructions to remove all obstructions that would prevent their march, whether they come in the shape of secessionists or their tools, the half-civilized "Plug Uglies." Baltimore is one of the Sodoms of the New World, and needs purification, and it is hoped by all good men, that its wants will not long be neglected.

THE wife of F. J. Garland, overseer in one of the Amoskeag Mills at Manchester, N. H., died very suddenly on Sunday, in consequence of taking a dose of the oil of cedar, which proved more powerful than she anticipated.

EDWARD G. P. WILKINS, formerly of the *Boston Times*, and for the past eight years attached to the *New York Herald*, died in the New York House of Incurables, aged 51 years.

ALDERMAN QUINN, of the Seventh Ward, Albany, N. Y., having gone into the army with the regiment of which he was an officer, his chair in the Council Chamber has been tastefully decorated with the Stars and Stripes, surmounted by the motto, "We honor and respect the Patriot."

SONGS FOR THE TIMES—No. 1.

BY A. J. GROVE.

Wake ye, sons of the North! unfurl your flag be unfurled—
The flag that has long been the hope of the world;
Let it float in the breeze until unsullied and bright—
When traitors assail it let freemen unite.

The East and the West will respond to the call,
And millions are ready to fight and to fall
For the flag that they love, that it ever may wave
As the herald of peace, the true friend of the brave.

Let its bright stars rekindle the patriot's fire,
That every true heart with those feelings that move
The soul to a deed that shall ever improve
The land in the midst of each pastoral vine.

Who waded through blood, long and sorrowful to save,
The land they revered as a fond mother's grave,
Who fought for the right, and who bled for the right—
As a treasure, more sacred, more precious than gold.

Then up with the flag, now freedom doth call
On her sons to unite, lest liberty merely shall fall
By the hands of those traitors now numbered by few
Are ye, are there any that basely will cower?

O, no! is the voice that is heard on each hill;
O, no! is the answer from valley doth fill—
O, no! is the watchword in every land,
Where liberty lives the mighty, the free, and the strong.

We pledge, then, to freedom, not merely by words;
But will write it in blood that shall flow by the swords
Of those who are ready to fight for the right—
And to die, if it needs be, in freedom's defence.

THE storm of yesterday afternoon and last night, was quite severe on the bunting, some of, which show large rents this morning.

ONE of the lieutenants of a Bradford, Vt., company, who resigned when there was a prospect of anything to do, has been promised with a remission of fines, and fees in length, by his aggrieved comrades.

THE FUNERAL YESTERDAY. Although the severe storm of yesterday interfered with many of the arrangements, especially in the matter of decorations, yet with slight exceptions, the order of arrangements was carried out in such manner as to reflect great credit upon those who had the management of them in their hands.

The procession, which was over a mile in length, was the longest ever seen in Lowell, and the multitudes who lined the route was lined with thousands of people. We should probably have had a larger number present from other places had it not been for the storm.

Frederick Ayer, Esq., was one of the Aids to the Marshal, in addition to those named yesterday. There were thirty-two carriages in the procession, besides a large number which followed behind.

The pall-bearers were Lieutenants W. E. Farrar, G. E. Dana and Edward S. Hunt, and Surgeon W. B. Bradley, of the Richardson Light Infantry, Lieutenants James Francis and H. H. Fuller, of the Abbott Light Guard, and Capt. Temple Tebbetts and Lieutenant David Hyde, of the Lowell Light Guard.

An immense crowd followed the bodies to the cemetery. The only exercises there were the firing of salutes.

The sisters of Mr. Whitney have consented to have his remains interred in Lowell, and it is to be hoped that his parents will consent to the same arrangement. The body of Mr. Ladd was taken by the noon train to the home of his parents in Alexandria, N. H. After funeral services there, it is to be hoped that his friends will consent to bring his body to rest here in Lowell, in which case both bodies will be placed together, and at no distant day, when the questions which now agitate the country are settled, a suitable monument will be erected to their memory, as the first martyrs in the present struggle.

LIBERALITY OF THE RAILROAD MEN. A few days ago the hands employed by the Boston and Lowell Railroad Company, pursued contributions for the blood shed at $850, which was sent on to Frank C. Horn, heretofore one of their fellow-workmen, but who is now serving in "the bloody State" Regiment.

This morning, we are informed by friend Rolfe, the transportation agent, that the men performed a similar work, the beneficiary being George H. Farnum, one of the seventeen Lowell men who are enrolled to go on to fill up the ranks of the Phalanx. Fifty dollars were presented to Mr. Farnum, and more would have been raised if it had been known that the men were to be bound to see that their boys do not suffer for a little pocket-money, while away in defence of the stars and stripes.

ANOTHER FLAG RAISING. A flag is to be raised on the Lowell (Carpet) Corporation this afternoon, at six o'clock. The flag-staff is to be pressed, and speeches may be expected.

A number of those employed on the Merrimack Corporation will, to-morrow afternoon, assemble and proceed to a near the gate-house, corner of Merrimack and Dutton Streets, from which will float a twenty-one foot flag.

THE COURIER OF YESTERDAY. A large extra edition of yesterday's *Courier*, containing a full account of the funeral ceremonies, was issued in the forenoon, but not a copy was left. In order to accommodate such as could not be supplied with the Courier, a more elaborate description of the exercises, together with Mr. Clark's address, will be published in *Vox Populi*, which will go to press on Thursday morning.

SOLDIERS' RELIEF. An adjourned meeting of the ladies representing the different religious societies, to consult in regard to the relief of our soldiers already in the field, will be held at Merrimack Hall, to-morrow afternoon, Wednesday, May 8th, at 3 o'clock. Five delegates are due from each society. A full attendance is particularly requested.

DRAGGY ON HAND FOR THE WAR. A town meeting was held in Dracut yesterday afternoon, the principal object of which was to see what should be done toward having that town properly represent itself in the efforts of New England to sustain the Government against the usurpations of the rebels of the South. G. W. Coburn, Esq., was called to the Moderator's Chair. The question of raising a company in Dracut, to be offered to the Governor, was discussed, and it was finally voted to pay volunteers $10 per month, together with the bounty which will draw from Government. Another vote was also passed to appropriate $2000 to equip and fit out a company—the money to be raised in the usual way by taxation. There was but one voice in all the business relating to this matter; old Dracut is not a whit behind the most forward of those about her in her devotion to the Government, and her share in men and money will be readily offered to assist in preserving the Union, and in protecting the stars and stripes.

Mr. Daniel Varnum announced that he would give $100 to a company if one should be enlisted in Dracut; Mr. Joseph Chase also expressed a willingness to give the same amount; and from indications at this meeting, there is no doubt about the fact of a company goes from Dracut, it will be a thoroughly prepared for usefulness as any company that has gone, or will yet go into the service of the country from Middlesex County.

PRESENTATION. We were shown a splendid regulation sword, presented to Capt. P. A. Davis, of the Richardson Light Infantry, by Miss Harriet Parmenter, of this city, with the request to draw it only in defence of the country's honor, and not to disturb itself that aim was accomplished.

DR. THAYER respectfully asks all who wish to consult him at his office (18 Central Street) to call in the afternoon from 1 to 4 and 7 to 9, as the first part of the day is spent in visiting patients at their residences. The Dr. will be found at his residence, No. 34 Lawrence Street, during the night. All orders left at his office will be promptly answered.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against fire and by FIRE, on extending $50,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Losses second to any. Has never refused to pay a loss.

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Charles Cowley, Walter Wright,
Alonzo P. Marsh, Caleb H. Marcy,
Samuel Boutwell, Ephraim Brown,
Ephraim Brown,

Boston:
Alonzo A. Miner, Thomas E. Davis,
Benjamin E. Bates, Lemuel H. Chase,
Charles T. Russell.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
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Hartford, Conn.

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The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written and losses promptly adjusted at the office of the undersigned.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1861. 6m

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Office 106 BROADWAY,
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Cash Capital,
$100,000.
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Isaac Bell, Jr., Edward Tuck,
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Alex. Bell, Jr., Jr.,
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Brooklyn Fire Insurance Co.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capital and Surplus.....$300,000.

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"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Blood and Liver Complaints. Remove from a pimple to the worst potent sore; Jaundice, Costiveness, Headache, Piles, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, &c. They are mild, positive and active, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the liver, restore the appetite, purify the blood, and by their quickness the circulation, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. Sold by druggists and dealers in all the States and Territories, and many foreign countries.

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Are a sure cure for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Nervousness, Debility, Weakness, Impurities of the Blood, Fevers, Fever and Ague, Erysipelas, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pectoral and Pricky Ash Bitters. In addition to the above I am authorized to say that Jaundice, Costiveness and Piles will be cured by the use of Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, or no pay will be required. Dyspepsia is a disease that is supposed that it will require a long time to cure, but in the following instances it was cured with great success, and in the short space of one week, by the use of Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters. Only 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

This entire medicine is also put up in a more concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic without griping or pain, and with more Continuous and Pleas. Sold by all dealers in Medicines.

Orders addressed to J. C. LANGLEY & CO. Cincinnati, O.
GOODWIN & CO., Boston,
S. E. KIMBALL, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1m*

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
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HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it
IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE
FOR RESTORING HAIR.
THAT IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING A
LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,
AND
FOR CURING AN OBSTINATE SCALP.
HE MASTERS AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED
Read an Apothecary's testimonial:
BALTIMORE, Jan. 30 1859
MESSRS. W. E. HAZARD & CO.,
GENTLEMEN:—I have used HEIMSTREET'S HAIR RESTORATIVE in my family, and have found it a valuable article. I have tried various articles with similar pretensions, but have found none to equal it. I have also used it in my own case, and can recommend it to my friends as a valuable article. Yours truly,
JOSEPH SNOWDEN.
Read another:
Mr. Snowden has been wearing *False Hair for a number of years*, and has used a bottle of HEIMSTREET'S *Pall and Invigorator* and now has a good head of hair of his own growth. I can recommend it to all in want of a good article.
S. S. EMMONS.
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FULL AGENTS
W. E. HAZARD & CO., Troy, N. Y., have the cleanest and most complete Hair Establishment in the U. S. Satisfaction in every case. Respectfully invite you.
Those in no other way can be supplied with the genuine article, will find it at the Depot, No. 10 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell. Price, $1 per bottle.
WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL COLOR OF THE HAIR,
Where age or other causes have changed it gray, and that it will CURE DANDRUFF.
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CELEBRATED ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILLS.

Prepared from a pre-cription of Dr. J. Clarke, one half his sons imported as Baltimore, but born and sworn in. The troops as a general thing are well.

The following members have been raised in this city for the Richardson Light Infantry, their uniforms being near by:

Frank Thirtell, James Osborn,
Stephen C. Amsden, Nelson Thissell,
Hiram Farnum, Hiram Farnum,
Oliver Plumado, Richard Rollins,
Thomas E. Johnston, Thomas E. Johnston,
Alonzo B. Stevens, Alonzo B. Stevens,
George W. Farnum, George W. Farnum,
Andrew McMeekin, Andrew McMeekin,
James Bean. Nathan F. Robinson.

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE CITY GUARDS, COMPANY D.

James W. Hunt, Capt. Thomas L. Hopkins,
Chas. F. Jones, 1 Lieut. Alvin B. Harrer,
Daniel C. Pinder, 2 " Daniel A. Hunt,
Llewlyn L. Craig, 4 " H. F. Hill,
John S. Ames, 1 Sergt. Jas. Locke,
W. P. Cummings, " Alonzo Kincaid,
Wm. H. Lamson, " Wm. H. Bickford,
John H. Gilmore, Corp. Hiram C. Mussey,
David B. Tyler, " Daniel Richardson,
A. W. Webber, " Irv Moore,
Geo. Abraham Hall, " Benjamin B. Peaks,
Wm. H. Bickford, Wm. H. Pasis,
John B. Chamberlain, John B. Chamberlain,
James Conroy, Henry A. Sinclair,
Simeon Gardner, Simeon Gardner,
Edward Osburn, Frank L. Sanborn,
C. B. Chandler, Andrew Jackson,
Winslow H. Dodge, Charles T. Taylor,
Martin Davis, C. W. Taylor,
Charles H. Edmonds, Edward Taylor,
Horace S. Finn, G. Washington,
William B. Gass, Joseph L. Wood,
William P. Gardner, Arthur B. Wheeler,
Frederick Glover. James O. Winn.

[Lesher C. Ladd and Addison O. Whitney also belonged to this company. Sergeant John S. Ames, Corporal D. R. Tyler and Private Edward Osborn are now in Baltimore in good health. Wm. H. Lamson and Geo. W. Lovett are in the Hospital at Washington, doing well. Four others that were there have returned and reported themselves for duty at once. There are two others of which the officers can give no account, viz: Corporal Daniel C. Stevens, who was in this city some days ago).

OFFICERS AND PRIVATES OF COMPANY H., WATSON LIGHT GUARD.

J. F. Noyes, Capt. Geo. M. Marshall,
G. R. Davis, 1 Lieut. Levi Brown
A. F. Pratt, 2 " F. C. McGilvry,
B. Warren, 3 " F. J. Milliken,
N. S. Reed, Sergeant, Stephen Brown,
C. E. Poor, " T. H. Harrington,
B. W. Pratt, " Orrin Reed,
T. A. Crowley, " E. Hoskins,
F. S. Gilman, " B. B. Hobart,
H. H. Gordon, " A. Pinder,
C. Phillips, " W. Short,
W. C. Crosby, " W. Smith,
C. C. Atwood, " B. B. Chesters,
F. S. Avery, " H. K. Keen,
C. B. Bliss, " C. F. Hall,
N. Reberts, " J. B. Whiting,
S. B. Simpson, " H. G. Clifford,
C. F. Clark, " J. O. Reed,
C. F. Palmer, " G. Robertson,
Geo. Wilkins, " M. Strone,
H. J. Fellows, " J. H. Reaser,
W. D. Pradock, " A. Harper,
A. Warren, " E. P. Mack,
F. J. Small, " B. Sadding,
J. M. Mitchell, " D. Russell,
J. R. Hill, " John Brady.
C. W. Bixter,

[We have seen before given the names of the above company, but as there were some errors, we republish them in order that the corrected list may go with the other three companies.]

ANOTHER GENEROUS ACT. This morning Capt. Eben James, of the Butler Rifles, received a complimentary note from James G. Carney, Esq., enclosing a check for $50 to aid the company in preparing for service. Capt. James sends a note to us acknowledging the check, and says "the Butler Rifles will answer it from the streets of Baltimore or the plains of South-rn Mississippi, when traitors shall hide their heads for shame and secessionists shall be numbered among the things that were."

PAY OF FIREMEN. The semi-annual pay of firemen, due on the first inst., amounts to $5,808 48, payable as follows: To engineers $156; Excelsior No. 1, $692 00; Merrimack No. 4 $855; Tiger, No. 5, $692 40; Hamilton, No. 10, $692 50; Torrent No. 12, $692 50; Deluge No. 14, $692 50; Steamer Wamesit, $492 50; Ocean Hydrant, $295; Hook and Ladder, $347 40.

PERSONS in want of Pear Trees, Blackberries, Raspberries, &c., will do well to attend the sale at the office of E. B. Patch & Co., Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against fire and by FIRE, on extending $50,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Losses second to any. Has never refused to pay a loss.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Lowell:
Nathan Allen, Josiah G. Abbott,
Stephen Crosby, John Avery,
Alonzo P. Marsh, Walter Wright,
Samuel Boutwell, Caleb H. Marcy,
Ephraim Brown, Ephraim Brown,

Boston:
Alonzo A. Miner, Thomas E. Davis,
Benjamin E. Bates, Lemuel H. Chase,
Charles T. Russell.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
Nov. 18, 1860. ly

ÆTNA insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$300,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written and losses promptly adjusted at the office of the undersigned.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1861. 6m

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!
The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
Cash Capital,
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 31-100 per cent.

Policies issued on the most favorable terms on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:
Erastus Lyman, Frederick Fiske,
Isaac Bell, Jr., Edward Tuck,
Isaac Bell, Jr., Edward Tuck,
Thos. Fullerton, Jr., Jr.,
Alex. Bell, Jr., Jr.,
Dan'l Drapier, Jr., Jr.

Brooklyn Fire Insurance Co.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capital and Surplus.....$300,000.

Policies issued on the most favorable terms on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:
Erastus Lyman, Frederick Fiske,
Isaac Bell, Jr., Edward Tuck,
Isaac Bell, Jr., Edward Tuck,
Thos. Fullerton, Jr., Jr.,
Alex. Bell, Jr., Jr.,
Dan'l Drapier, Jr., Jr.

Brooklyn Fire Insurance Co.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capital and Surplus.....$300,000.

Policies issued on the most favorable terms on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:
Erastus Lyman, Frederick Fiske,
Isaac Bell, Jr., Edward Tuck,
Isaac Bell, Jr., Edward Tuck,
Thos. Fullerton, Jr., Jr.,
Alex. Bell, Jr., Jr.,
Dan'l Drapier, Jr., Jr.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide-spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are fully appreciated by those who have used it, and are in the requisites for family use. It has become a household necessity, and is now looked upon as a household economy. In all the four quarters of the globe, in the tropics and in the frozen and broadcloth. In tenement, sitting-room, parlor, chamber, and work-room, it is equally at home, and is the only machine made to which female needle work is applicable.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occup

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
111 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,813,555 92
Dividends paid to date, 1,584,980 16
Losses paid, 2,401,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers natural security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the first-class of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay quarterly, semi-Annually, or Quarterly.—Premiums may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in a note falling due at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when required; and those who give Notes, receive credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7711 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more extensive the benefits of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important to be connected with it; should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

The Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA A MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Sts.
mar4 d1f

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the public for the past few years with unbounded success. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Disease, Colic Pains in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Sudden Consumption, Low Spirits, &c.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILIRATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

IT IS A MEDICINE. It is quick and effectual. In curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, of four years suffering. Hundreds cured of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak and nervous and slowly to health, strength and vigor.

For those who, from the injudicious use of liquor have become dejected, and their nervous system shattered years' standing, have broken down, and subject to the horrible curse to humanity, the Delirium Tremens, will, almost immediately, feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr Ham's Invigorating Spirits.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as nec essary.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.

One dose will relieve Heart Burn.

Three doses will cure Indigestion.

One dose will give you a good Appetite.

One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulency, and soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all unpleasant feelings will be removed.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions of the kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.

Persons who are now suffering, afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use no one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day: It will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the sallowest face.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to insure this, he has put up the Invigorating Spirit in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts, $1.

Principal Depot, 45 Merrimack St., Lowell.

Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell: by J. B. Hayes, Samuel Lisher, Jr., Howard & Bowers, W. H. Franklin, Dr. M. T. Thompson, Bingham & Chesley, E. A. Stanich and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country

mar1 dly

PLYMOUTH COVE GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

W. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Dr. Dixon's celebrated Glove Cement for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his trade, and have proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Dr. Dixon's Cement, for Boots, Shoes, Rubber, Tanned Morocco, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stitches when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Rock Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan31 1y

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

SO the president informed us the other day in the presence of said humbug, and we think he very keenly rates the humbug. Here are hats sold by the regular dealers in Book Row, Lowell, for the sparkling premium Books for Christmas and New Years Gift or children, at the following prices, viz: Cloth, Silk Plush, Beaver, Otter, Nutria, Fur Beaver, Fur Nutria, &c., &c.

The Admiral's choice of a hat, as he was in the habit of buying his wardrobes, viz: Under Clothes, Hats, Whistles, Marine Jackets.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine dollar edition, gold-lined by 10 cents, or 75 cents complete.

Subscribe to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

The Cheap Literary Department for Boys.

Boy and Forecast, by Oliver Optic, Will Wimble, by Sam Farmer's Letters, by T. S. Arthur.

Send at 11 Central street, by F. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Stationery and Hats.

de31 dtf

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER at contemplated into the New England market. A superior RANGE and GRATE Coal—for economy to burn it. Sold only by HENN'T & RUDLIFF corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the re-shipped THREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other Pea Survival coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Woods at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice Kindling Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at G. F. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building. mch25dtf

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or rest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Toe, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the head, August, 1858. Has had no return of it, nor had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Internal Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITEMORE, Esq., Castine

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders, and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THORPTON, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgic pain along the whole course of the nerve to the extremities, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of severe suffering, by one bottle of the Curative. We years ago; enjoys perfect health from its use.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of in e suffering from Neuralgia, of four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hr, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH TROW, Milford, N. H.

Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in March, 1859, after two years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY of Wm. Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

Has used the Infallible Curative in case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROSEBEL THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1858. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since enjoyed it.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Ogle Co., Illinois.

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout, after suffering all winter.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship Agent, Boston.

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralyzed in both legs and arms, in 1858, given up by all his physicians that he could never get better, but now enjoys the best of health.

REV. P. CUTTER, Esq., Pelham, N. H.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after many years of severe suffering; also cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain since cured—age 70.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq. Marblehead.

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of seven Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H.

Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case in the face, eyes and forehead, with frightful explosions

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now Lynn.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having tried all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornlike, Me.,

Had a cough, or cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully, cured with two bottles.

T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica.

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right shoulder, after 17 years suffering, by using this and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.

MARGARET LILE, Brookville, Ogle Co.,

Cured of Chil blains with two applications after suffering all winter.

EPHRAIM KENSON, North Litchfield,

Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being confined to bed for six months in great agony, by using only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. He says: is worth more if ; ape. and has used it in his family to perfect health ever since using the Curative.

Mrs. ELIZA PALMER, Lowell

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, May 8, 1861.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, May 6th, 1861.

The tremendous energy of the North in this crisis is beginning to tell in this city. It is now a Northern camp, whereas a few days ago it was a nest of Southern traitors. Yesterday Gen. Butler and staff came over from Annapolis on a visit to Gen. Scott and Col. Jones's headquarters. Gen. Butler was accompanied by Capt. Schuyler Hamilton, of New York, a skillful officer, who has rendered General Butler most efficient service at Annapolis. Gen. Scott is highly pleased with Gen. Butler's course at Annapolis, and so expressed himself.—Of course the Massachusetts boys here, quartered in the Capitol, were highly delighted by the presence of their distinguished commander.

At one o'clock, P. M., the Massachusetts troops were assembled in the Senate Chamber to meet Gen. Butler. Judge Hoar was also present. Gen. Butler proceeded to address the troops in his usual energetic and eloquent style. In alluding to the fact that the Massachusetts boys were not all fully equipped, he said that when men were most needed, Massachusetts sent them at once and promptly. The clothing and baggage would be on hand in due season. There is no doubt that the Sixth Regiment reached here just in the nick of time to save the Capital. At Baltimore Gen. Butler and staff dined with General Scott by special invitation.

The arrival of Ellsworth's New York Fire Zouaves has created a great sensation here. The Zouaves are better liked for times of war than peace. They are, of course, somewhat turbulent, and as they were hastily levied, of course there are some questionable characters in their ranks. But Col. Ellsworth will weed them out, and I predict that his corps will prove one of the most effective in the army. They will be regular *enfant terrible*. I should like to see them encounter a regiment of the braggart chivalry of South Carolina.

The utmost consternation prevails amongst the refugee traitors down at Alexandria. Men, women and children, are flying from there in crowds. The fact is, Washington is getting to be too hot to make a residence near it either safe or comfortable for traitors.

This morning I visited the ovens for baking bread for the army, which have been built in the basement of the Capitol, by Lieut. T. J. Cate, of Lawrence, of Company F., of the Sixth Regiment. They are eight in number, regular old-fashioned brick ovens, heated with wood. They are good specimens of Yankee ingenuity, promptness and energy. They were commenced on the 21st of April, and in three days after bread was baked in them. These ovens turn out 12,000 rations in twenty-four hours. A ration weighs 18 ounces.—The bread baked in Lieut. Cate's ovens is No. 1 in quality. Many army officers have ordered it for their families. These ovens supply the whole army with bread, both here and at Annapolis. The hard bread in kept for emergency use. The Postmaster and Cabinet, during their recent visit to the Capitol building, examined Lieutenant Cate's ovens, and were particularly gratified. To-morrow Col. Jones will furnish his command with a regular New England Sunday morning breakfast of pork and beans. There is a telegraph in the Capitol, operated by private Dunlap of Lawrence. The orders to the troops at Annapolis and elsewhere, are issued through this telegraph.

I am happy to say that the government is taking first-rate care of the Massachusetts troops. If there has been the least cause of complaint in the hurry and excitement of recent events, there is none now. In fact, the government is now exhibiting an energy worthy of the occasion. Red tape and circumlocution have gone out of fashion.

In my last letter I made allusion to Col. Jones, of the Sixth Regiment. Let me recur to him again. Col. Jones has, perhaps, been placed in a more trying position than any other officer here at present in vicinity. Of course no man in such a responsible place, as such a peculiar time, could please everybody in his command. But with a full knowledge of all the circumstances, I feel compelled to say, in justice to Col. Jones, that he has done his duty and borne himself like a gentleman and a gallant officer. He was thrown, as it were, at once, and at a single bound, from peaceful pursuits into the very smoke of battle, with the prestige of all he (Capt.) city of a great nation, and the government, to a considerable extent, in his hands. He has acquitted himself in such trying circumstances like a man. He has put his troops, each day, through a severe drill, somewhat irksome and exhausting of course for raw recruits. But they will thank him for it hereafter. He is particularly attentive to the sick. He visits the hospital each morning, and has a kind word for each invalid.

Gov. Sprague's *corps d'* Marine Artillery entered the city Thursday. It consists of a hundred and fifty men, one hundred horses and six rifled cannon. It was followed by a large quantity of baggage. Its appearance was really formidable. A few more such *entrees* will complete the consternation of traitors in this region.

In the morning our streets resound with the blast of the bugle and the tap of the drum as the different corps go to breakfast. The New York Seventh Regiment has gone into camp near Columbia College. The New Jersey troops are on the way hither. The hospital of the Sixth Regiment is in fine order. The sick are doing well. This hospital not only takes care of sick of the Sixth, but also of the Eighth, and even of Col. Ellsworth's Zouaves.

Capt. Chadbourne, of Company F, of the Sixth Regiment, of Lawrence, is, I am sorry to say, seriously ill and unable to attend to his command. It is with great reluctance that he finds himself compelled to remain inactive, as he is a brave and efficient officer, universally respected by the officers and men of his regiment.

R. W. P.

WESTMINSTER REVIEW. Leonard Scott & Co.'s re-publication of this talented *Review*, for April, 1861, has been received. It contains ten articles under the following titles:—Mr. Kingsley on the Study of History: the Sicilian Revolution; Voltaire's Romances and their Moral; the Universities and Scientific Education; Early Intercourse of England and Japan; Progress of the Cotton Manufacture; Mains on Ancient Law; Eton; Austria and her Reforms; Contemporary Literature.

The article on the cotton manufacture, will attract particular attention at this time. The writer thinks there is no *immediate* danger of a falling off in the supply of cotton—no falling off in American supplies being likely to be compensated by those from other sources. But the writer adds:

"The political complications of the United States may, however, produce the most disastrous results in 1862. We have already commenced to feel the scarcity of the cotton supply which are even now at our command. There is yet time to render them more productive, and we have the fair warning. We do not care again to refer to the consequences to be dreaded from the real dearth of cotton in our markets. One good consequence to be anticipated from the present state of *civil destroy fire over the monopoly of the United States*, will convert our manufacturers to the judicious policy of free competition among many markets. The three years of unequalled prosperity which have come to an end, will give them strength to bear the season of trial which is before them."

CORRECTION. *The Boston Courier* is informed that the statement made in our issue of the 2d inst., that Capt. Dike, of the Stoneham Light Infantry, (one of the soldiers injured by the Baltimore mob,) "was robbed of $1000 during the affray, which had been contributed by the citizens of Boston for his company," is not true. Capt. Dike's father states "that his son, who is still in Baltimore, has been treated with the utmost kindness; that responsible merchants had taken charge of his effects and supplied his wants with filial kindness; that his son had no such sum as $1000; that no contribution was made by the citizens of Boston, and that the whole story of robbery and unkindness was a fabrication." We are gratified to hear that Capt. Dike has fared no worse than represented, while we would also acquit our correspondent of all intention to misrepresent the facts in the case.

PRACTICAL MEN IN THE ARMY. The *New York Tribune*, a few days ago, in describing the reconstruction of the railroad at Annapolis, by the New York Seventh and Massachusetts Eighth Regiments, relates the following striking incident:—

"All kinds of willing hearts and skillful hands of the two regiments did their duty; but the man who made the engine repaired his own work; how engineers and artisans of all necessary crafts were found among that efficient and hardy band of Eastern men, till at length the whole road was complete save a single rail. No iron sought for in vain; every nook and corner was scanned, but still that one remaining link was wanting, without which the work was incomplete. It was at length decided that a man rose to the emergency. With eyes and faculties sharpened by use, and the habit of overcoming obstacles, he surveyed the ground, considered probabilities, and weighed chances. Then, with an intelligence as daring as that of an Indian who reads in the turning of a leaf the passage of a doe, he made his way to a deep stream, at a distance, examined its banks, and stripped. Three times he plunged to the bottom, and the third time found the long missing rail! 'I am working for my country, and not for pay,' he said, when, amid the cheers of the Seventh's men, one of them offered him a piece of gold."

BEECHER TO GO TO WAR. It is stated that the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in the course of a few days, will leave for the seat of war, as a chaplain, attached to a company of soldiers who are now mustering in Brooklyn, composed exclusively of members or ex-members of Plymouth Church. A hundred and twenty-seven members have enlisted—among them Mr. Beecher's oldest son and the betrothed of his eldest daughter. A member of the Church has engaged to furnish every one going from the Church with a revolver, up to the number of two hundred.

THE ATTITUDE OF VIRGINIA. Brigadier-General Cocke, commanding the military and the forces on the Upper Potomac border of Virginia, in a **general order** says Gener. Scott has ordered him to "repel by force the *encroachments of the United States*, and

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulations Jan. 1, 1861.	$3,512,656 92
Dividends paid to date,	1,454,980 10
Losses paid,	2,057,950 82

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet the obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest got all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the home-asset of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving the same Semi-Annually, or Quarterly (Premiums will be Pro-rated in Life, Fifteen Days' grace allowed), may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to aid the insured in selecting future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash receive the dividends in Cash, when redeemed; and those who pay by Note, by a credit on the Note.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the success of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered by it.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all Policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOHN A. BRIDGE, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar1

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

The Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Low Spirits, Loss of appetite, Low Spirits.

Delicate Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILARATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual in curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and despairing spirits, and restore the weak nervous and debilitated body to health, strength and vigor.

Persons whose occupation is sedentary and confined, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELICIOUS TREMENS, will find immediate relief, but the most happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirits.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass half an hour before meals.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.

One dose will cure Heart-Burn.

Three doses will cure Wind in the Stomach.

One dose will give you a Good Appetite.

One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulency, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirits, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of it next morning, known in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, dizziness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day: it will make them strong and healthy and will remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the sallowest face.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to indorse this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRITS in pint bottles, at 50 cents per bottle.

General Depot, 48 Water st., New York.
Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. French, Dr. M. S. Thompson, Brigham & Cheney, E. A. Stanials, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. mar29tf1

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western street, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash rates. All orders will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7d

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AID the greatest humbug of the day is the promiscuous use of and imbibing of so-called Bitters at any lower rates than they are now sold by the regular Druggists. Such is the Wild Cherry Bitters, sold by Doctors for Christmas and New Year's Gifts for children may be purchased for 25 cents a bottle. The Almond Nursing Syrup, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, viz.: Ozone, Chinese, Elli, Wheeler, Morrow, Jones,

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights a Sea Serpent stories published by D. Appleton, for 75 cents.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

The Cricket Library, containing four volumes.

Home and No Home—A Will and a Way—Farmer's Boy, and Forest Boy.

Sold at 17 Central street, by E. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery. mh7

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES,

PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

The rarely Pure by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner Will make hard water soft. Clean Paint, remove Ink from Type, Grease from c. clean Utensils, &c. &c.

One box costs $2 00.
" 1-2 " " 1 00
" 1-4 " " 50
" 1-8 " " 25

Purely for cents, therefore in the cost of a barrel *Soft* SOFT SOAP.

Recipe for making different kinds of Soap, sent *free* by addressing

DEPOT OF COMPANY,
LEWIS, JAMES & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.

* * The SAPONIFIER can be had of any respectable grocer in the Country.
May, 1860. my7d1y

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Paste Polish* for *Furniture, Metals*, and any painted surface—it is something new and the best kind ever invented for housekeepers, hotel keepers, and manufacturers generally. By using one box of this Polish, the most beautiful polish can be given to furniture in a room or in a shop in a few minutes. Please call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Store, 48 Merrimack st. ap26tf

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, H. H. Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD of Wite, Milford, N. H. Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Indelible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell. Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and of Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Clerk, Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston. His wife—red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.; Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Declared in his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders. Gout increasing in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H., Cured of Chilblains in two applications, two years ago. No since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H., Cured of Chilblains by one ap cation.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell. Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

REV. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lynn. Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 5 days, after having tried all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornton, N. H. Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 2 years, suffering dreadfully, with two bottles.

T. POTTER FARMER, Billerica, Was cure' of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return to this disease.

OLIVER HORSE, Dracut, Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried all remedies and no relief until he used the Curative, having two bottles of the Nervous Curative two years ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.

ANN A. PALMER, Lowell, Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.

MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle Co., Illinois, Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

EPHRAIM KENNON, North Chelmsford, Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being confined to bed for six months in excruciating pain, by using three bottles right-side Curative. It seemed a perfect miracle. He has been and is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For the United States & British Provinces,
20 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere Price $1.

at trail Druggists in Lowell, and at 192 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. ly-cod-ow-y

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to the present century and its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, in a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood chow them to be composed of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.

Electricity in contact with moisture and the blood, causes it to contract.

Upon these facts established, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the blood in the veins, and that the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, and electricity, which is coming in eq tact with the heart causes it to contract, and hence the pulse. Which expels the blood and sends it tingling through the remote parts of the system. What then, are the causes of **Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, &c.** ?—a deficiency of iron, or electricity, or both, or the want of sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficient circulation, and consequent stagnation of the blood becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism, Neuralgia, and other complaints—the liver and kidneys act in, in short, almost every type of disease. That they can in every case be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles before mentioned.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and hence the infirmities of age, so that we have discovered the "fruit vine," to do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Sufferers from any organic disease! Unfortunates, who have by excess of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood and diminished the red globules! Sufferers from any of the distresses known as female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. For I have cured thousands of desperate cases where all hope has been given over. Do not neglect, then, to procure your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy, and it is this

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the above theories, and how to proceed will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of two letter stamps. The Blood Food is sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will forward it, charges paid, on receipt of $1 per bottle, or five bottles for $4. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in which form it is much more effective, in small but large in red wrappers having been done away with—and the whole is enclosed in a pasteboard box. Deposit upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 4 Gouverneur Street, N. Y.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, WEEKS & POTTER, and SEAVER & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents for New England States.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers. Price $1 a bottle. E. S. Hanson, J. C. Sayer, S. Kidder, Jr., Lowell. ap25

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PURE WHITE AND YELLOW MEAL, FINE FEED, SHIP STUFF, MIDDLINGS, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

E. N. WOOD.

apr25*

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England within the last month.

10,000 sold in the United States within the last twelve months.

350 sold in Lowell within the last three months, and more to follow.

There is no machine which can be compared to the "NEW ENGLAND FAMILY" sold by H. E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central street. ma22

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

ALEWIFE, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mills, is manufactured from the ground in the Company's mines (not), and its superior quality for body, whiteness, durability, and spreading qualities, is fully attested by the most eminent painters in the United States. All White Lead made as above, and marked "White Lead," is warranted absolutely pure.

The great body and capacity for covering of this manufacture is due to the consummate skill employed in the preparation of the linseed oil used, which is confidently believed that like for it is not to be found in the market. Its use will be found to be economical, as one pound goes as far as two in common use, as thousands of consumers, who have used it, can testify. Its extra body and spreading qualities (unless) enable it to be reduced with pure linseed oil to any consistency for inside or outside work, without fear of its settling in the can.

Put up in kegs of 25 pounds each, and for sale by the manufacturers, at the Company's Office, No. 23 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

JOSEPH B. MARSH, Pres. and Treas.
Lowell, Mass., Jan. 1, 1861. ja1d&w6m

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, NOR A FACE which enters into the composition of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, *a safe and reliable preparation for infantile disease; at this time be-fore the public for the first time, and which is destined to supersede the use of all other preparations for the same purpose. Mothers, Nurses, and all who have the care of children, will find this Cordial a safe and reliable remedy for all the diseases of children, from the birth, and of the sad and blighting consequences which are produced in the form of quieting remedies; their constitutions ruined, and their lives rendered a burden, and sometimes of the lowest, ending in premature death. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is entirely free from every other remedy.*

Does not Constipate

the bowels, as all other preparations do, by the astringent actions of your children, but naturally through the natural passages in the bowels, relieving the system of disease. We earnestly recommend you, mothers, to give this Cordial a trial, and we feel confident that you will find it a remedy which will never fail to relieve your child of pain, and restore it to health and vigor.

Any one but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. Then you can not expect cure. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared by CHURCH & COMPANY,
No. 279 Broadway, New York.
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Public speakers and singers will find these lozenges invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by all Druggists. Manufactured by Brown and John street. ap24

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

Sold by all druggists. JOHN T. BILLINGS.

ROBINSON'S INDEXICAL DENTAL SOAP removes Tartar from the Teeth. Sold by E. HILLES, Jr. cor. Merrimack and John sts. mh14

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of those little wonders. Who wants a good, strong, new machine of some kind? In this machine, which is sold for $10, is combined every good quality of any kind all machines ever had. Sews fine or coarse, light or heavy materials, over all the others an account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER, Agent,
17 Central street.

feb8

Coal and Wood.

HARRIS' Soft Coals, Stoves' Coal, &c. Also, CHESNUT HILL and Red Ash of Church & Co., by the cargo and retail. EDWARD WOOD, all of the best quality, at

No. 3 MIDDLE STREET.

Having made arrangements with shippers by sail, we are prepared to receive orders for Coal by the cargo, and will deliver it at the lowest market rates. Orders left at the office, or sent by mail, will be promptly attended to. Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. WILLIAM KITTREDGE.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. au6dtf

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the little Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No machine excels it.

N. C. CARTER, Agent,
17 Central street.

feb8

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to get your miscellaneous Books at low prices is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 17 Central street. Lowell.

apr21

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.—Every bag stamped with the Importer's name, F. Barreda & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,
apr25 42 Market street.

MAGNOLIA BALM.—A perfect and complete substitute for Pearline, Bloom, Powders, Paints, Enamels and Cosmetics. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec26

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets,
Circulars,
Addresses,
Bill Heads,
Town Reports,
Newspapers,

Card Borders,
Ball Tickets,
Constitutions,
Invitations of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

** *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. S. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing person around you, that the use of the various quack nostrums daily forced upon a disordered community, are productive of more harm than good, and cannot be too much shunned by those who value their children's health.

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be a safe remedy for all the diseases peculiar to infantile complaints, and one that alone will convince you of its merits. Sold by druggists generally. Be particular to remember the name and residence of

Dr. EATON, Boston.

For Children Teething;

and as the period of infantile existence during which parents are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your children, but naturally through the natural passages in the bowels, relieving the system of disease. We earnestly recommend you, mothers, to give this Cordial a trial, and we feel confident that you will find it a remedy which will never fail to relieve your child of pain, and restore it to health and vigor.

Any one but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. Then you can not expect cure. Price 25 cents per bottle.

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$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of those little wonders. Who wants a good, strong, new machine of some kind? In this machine, which is sold for $10, is combined every good quality of any kind all machines ever had. Sews fine or coarse, light or heavy materials, over all the others an account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER, Agent,
17 Central street.

feb8

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONEY,

Which he has now ready for inspection.—Also,

UGH McEVOY,
sept23tf 11 Central street.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath no music in his soul," &c. &c.

A large supply of the choicest new Music at low prices. Call and see for yourself.

E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

Also, all the above Music is published by the world-renowned firm of O. Ditson & Co., Boston, and sold by E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

A MOTHER list of choice Ballads now on hand at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store.

Fading Away—The Voice of a Departing Soul—Home's a heaven on earth—Mother, she gave me a rose—Farewell.

17 Central street.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE.

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above goods have been purchased for cash, and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever before offered in this city. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,

Next the Post Office.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way, to make money without investment or capital, and make it rapidly. Any one can engage who is willing to work and make money. Those who are ready to work at the business, will find it will more than double their wages. Persons in any part of the country who want to engage in a permanent, profitable business, will do well to address us at once. It costs nothing to try the business. Those who are already employed, or have other business, do not feel disposed to engage. Boys and girls will do well to address us. Many have made fortunes from small beginnings. Reader, think of this! Address, E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Augusta, Maine.

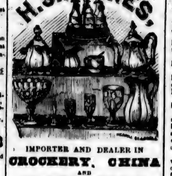
(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other drug, is the result of many years' research among the Indians, and is now offered to the afflicted with the full confidence that it will do all that is claimed for it. It is purely vegetable, containing no mineral or poisonous drug, and may be taken with safety by the most delicate female, at any time, without exposure. It is the greatest known remedy for all female obstructions, however caused, and has never been known to fail in bringing on the monthly courses, when taken *just before* each monthly period. It is also a sure preventive of miscarriage, if taken at any time during the first three months. It is the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evils of a large family. Explanatory pamphlets, which will be sent free of charge, on receipt of a letter stamp. Price $1 per bottle, or five bottles for $4. Sent to any part of the country, by express, to all post offices in the country.

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OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with-out a single failure to effect a cure, when taken according to directions, and in most cases relief is given within the first hour after taking. Ladies, who are troubled with any irregularities, or suppression of the monthly courses, will find this Medicine a sure relief. Explanatory pamphlets, which will be sent free of charge, on receipt of a letter stamp. Price $1 per bottle, or five bottles for $4. Sent to any part of the country, by express, to all post offices. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 28 Union street, Boston.

CAUTION.—Full strength, $10. Half strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been employed in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in all cases, and that no family should be without it.*

Beware of Imitations! None warranted genuine unless bought at DR. MATTISON'S office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 28 Union street, Boston. Price $1 per bottle.

CT This Specialty comprises all diseases of a private nature, viz: SYPHILIS, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, STRICTURE, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCY, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, &c. &c. Dr. Mattison has had many years' experience in the treatment of these diseases, and has never failed in curing the most obstinate case. Medicines sent to any part of the country, with full directions for use. Advice free. Call or address DR. MATTISON, No. 28 Union street, Boston.

Dr. Mattison's Medicines may be found at the following places in Lowell: Hall's Drug Store, Merrimack street; Hall's Drug Store, Middle street; Hall's Drug Store, Central street; Hall's Drug Store, Market street; Hall's Drug Store, Dutton street; Hall's Drug Store, Bridge street; Hall's Drug Store, Lowell Depot; Hall's Drug Store, Lowell Depot; Hall's Drug Store, Lowell Depot

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, May 9, 1861.

UNION TRIUMPH IN KENTUCKY At the election in Kentucky, held last Saturday, for the choice of delegates to a Border State Convention, ordered by the Legislature, the returns show an overwhelming Union triumph, although the secessionists withdrew their tickets in different sections of the State hoping thereby to bring on a small vote, and demoralize the effect of the election. In Louisville, where the aggregate vote is about 8000, nearly that number were thrown for the Union ticket. Bracken County, Covington and other places, cast a vote little less than that of last fall, nearly unanimous for Union. The State which gave a majority of 40,000 against Breckinridge, has again repudiated his traitorous designs, now that the mask has been removed, and Gov. Magoffin has received a rebuke that he will doubtless long remember. John J. Crittenden and James Guthrie, are chosen as the delegates at large to the Convention.

CALIFORNIA NEWS. We have news from the Pacific States up to April 27th. The receipt of the news from the States announcing the taking of Fort Sumter had had the effect on the business community to cause the exercise of great caution in entering upon new ventures, but it is believed the State will not be taken from others by the civil war. The bankers held a meeting to see what course should be pursued in shipping treasure to New York. Nothing definite was done. Insurance agents refused to insure treasure against the hazards of war. It is difficult at present to say what the sentiment of the State is in regard to the policy of the Administration. In San Francisco, although no public demonstrations have been made, the general tone of conversation seems to be to sustain the President at all hazards in his efforts to sustain the Union.

A bill calling Congressional elections on May 18th was defeated in the Legislature by a combination of the Republican and Breckinridge members. General Sumner has arrived and taken command of the Federal troops on the coast. Gen. Johnston has resigned and will probably join Jeff. Davis's rebels. Generals McDougal and Latham will leave soon, so as to be at Washington by the first of July.

Gen. Joe Lane has gone to Oregon.

THE "CONFEDERATE CONGRESS." In the congress of rebels at Montgomery, on the 6th, an act was passed recognizing the existence of war with the Federal Government. The only shadow of an honest act we have seen in the congress, is that their days are given for ships belonging to the Federal States to leave the ports of the Confederacy. It is a matter of surprise that such property was not at once confiscated.

Virginia was admitted to the Southern Confederacy, the congress not desiring to wait the action of the people of the State, so as to whether they will leave the Union or not.

A Montgomery paper states that over three hundred applications have been made for letters of marque.

PROF. LOWE'S BALLOON EXCURSION.—Prof. Lowe has published an account of an extraordinary balloon voyage which he made from Cincinnati to South Carolina 500 miles in a straight line, on the 20th of April. He started at five o'clock in the morning, and passing over parts of Kentucky, the Cumberland Mountains and parts of Virginia, felt uneasy lest he should get into South Carolina, so he threw out ballast, and at about 12 o'clock nearly descended in Spartanburg, near the Carolina line. The people appeared astonished, and he was only a few feet above them and came down twenty-five miles further east. His anchor caught in a scrub oak near a log hut. Men, women and children were terrified at first with difficulty that they could be induced to aid in securing the "animal" which they believed the balloon to be. In a few minutes men with muskets began to collect, and threatened destruction to the "devil" that could travel through the air—one asking that he had fired nine balls at him, and had shot at six times without any effect. The Professor had great difficulty in escaping from the clutches of the bears, and nine of them landed upon accompanying him to a hotel, some miles distant, where fortunately he found persons of intelligence who were friendly to him. He returned to Cincinnati by the usual modes of travel.

DESTRUCTIVE PRESENT NEAR PORTLAND. A despatch from Portland, dated the 8th, says there is a destructive freshet in Pre, sumpscot River, which empties into Porter harbor. Paper mills carried away, every bridge between Sebago pond and Saccarappa gone, and the bridge at Cumberland mills is in great danger. Some damage has been done to the Gorham powder mills. People are vacating houses on the banks of the river.

OVERFLOW OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.—On the 6th, the Mississippi river, near St. Louis, it is reported, had overflowed its banks, and that there had been a loss of life in property in consequence. Cairo was in danger. A breach had been reported in the levee north of that place.—The federal troops there were strengthening the levee as much as possible.

PROVIDENCE ELECTION. Mayor Zabea C. Knight and the other incumbents of municipal offices, were re elected yester day without opposition. They were nominated by a union of all political parties. The vote was very large.

THE WAR NEWS.

Isaac Moore, of New York, who went to Washington as bearer of dispatches, after he informed Secretary Seward of the determined feeling in New York, and the unanimous action expected, Mr. Seward said: "The people should not be disappointed, and he thought they would be very well satisfied with what would take place in a very few days." Mr. Moore also had an interview with Postmaster General Blair, who is represented to have said: "Troops will, in all probability, be sent to New Orleans." He (Blair) thinks the war will be short, but it will be spirited and energetic.

The New Jersey Senate have amended and passed the loan bill, so as to make it read two million instead of one million, and a bill has passed the House to raise four regiments for State service, and to purchase ten thousand stand of muskets or rifles.

Senator Johnson of Tennessee, made a manful Union speech and in favor of the enforcement of the laws and the preservation of the Union at all hazards, at Knoxville a few days since. The speech was received with great applause.

The Maryland Legislature have voted unanimously against calling a Convention.

A report prevailed at Harrisburg yesterday, said to have been started by a gentleman direct from South Carolina, that Gen. Beauregard is dead!

Secretary Cameron and General Scott, compliment General Butler highly for his rapid movements to his present position at the Relay House.

The greatest activity prevails in the War and Navy Departments, preparing details for encompassing and punishing traitors.

Another committee has been to Washington, reporting the taking of Fort Sumter, and reported to the President that the mob-spirit is down, and that the loyalists are preparing to welcome the federal troops. There will be at least 10,000 men here in a few days, and 1000 men each, and accepted by the Government.

The Massachusetts Eighth Regiment a day or two ago sent five hundred loaves of splendid bread, made by themselves, to the New York Twenty-eighth Regiment.

Major Anderson has accepted the command of the Kentucky Brigade, with the consent of the President.

Senator Merrill has tendered a regiment of lumbermen from Maine for the regular army, none of the men to be less than five feet in height.

The Surveyor of Customs at Louisville has been instructed to prevent shipments of arms, munitions and provisions of war to be recided States, including Tennessee, North Carolina and Arkansas, and to intercept such shipments passing through there.

The advice from Western Virginia report an increase of Union sentiment in that region. Fourteen counties have already appointed delegates to the Union Convention to be held at Wheeling, on Monday next.

Several arrests were made in Baltimore on Tuesday of parties charged with participating in the attack on the Massachusetts troops. There has been quite a stampede among the suspected. Many of the rioters have disappeared.

The Kentucky Legislature has adopted a resolution calling for the correspondence between Gov. Magoffin and Jeff. Davis's officials; also inquiring if there has been any requisition for Southern troops, and that Governor's reply thereto; also to appoint a committee to inquire into the expediency of the suspension of specie payments by the banks.

It is reported that the Virginians are ready for an attack on Washington. Gen. Lee insists that the State line shall not be crossed by Virginians until they are attacked.

Orders have been received at New York to send to Washington all the regiments which are ready. Nearly 10,000 men are ready to move from that city. The Third Regiment of United States Infantry, under Major Shepherd, left by steamer for Washington, via Baltimore, yesterday morning.

Gen. Patterson, of Pa., will move his troops in detachments through Baltimore, as soon as the repairs on the Northern and Central Railroads are completed.

Warren Leland, of the Metropolitan Hotel, New York, has tendered his services to the Governor of his native State, Vermont, to lead the First Regiment of Green Moutain Boys.

THE "Railroad Battery" is the name given to a war contrivance which has just been constructed at Philadelphia, for service on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, and is expected to be in action in a day or two. It will be used on that part of the road between Havre de Grace and Baltimore, and perhaps in Baltimore. It is said to be a formidable engine of destruction, and is built of a long platform car, resembling in general appearance a baggage car. The sides and ends, however, are piled with iron plates. Along the sides are loop holes for musketry and portholes for a cannon—the latter in the centre, a rifled cannon is to be placed, of very long range and terrific power.

The carriage of the gun is constructed in such a manner that it can be fired at any angle from either of the sides, or from the ends of the car. The cannon will be loaded with shot, shell or any other kind of iron punched from locomotive boilers. Fifty sharp-shooters, armed with Minie rifles, will be placed in the inside respectively artillerists enough to work the battery. It is designed to have this battery in front of a locomotive and train of cars. When this ball of the railroad battery rings, it will be wise to clear the track.—*Boston Courier.*

THE NORTH TO BE CIVILIZED. The *Mobile Tribune*, which does not like the word "conquest," says, and we think it true as to rebellion, endeavors to ease the matter by this threat:—

"It will be well for the bad men on the other side, if provoked to extremities, they may not conquer them; and this we, perhaps, shall be the result of their civil and by warfare. Conquer them, and bring them in a sense of religious and civil duties!—That would be the result—there would be strengthening the levee as much as possible.

PROVIDENCE ELECTION. Mayor Zabea C. Knight and the other incumbents of municipal offices, were re elected yester day without opposition. They were nominated by a union of all political parties. The vote was very large.

THE SOLDIERS' FARE AT WASHINGTON. There having been several contradictory statements, in relation to the fare of the soldiers at Washington, the following letter from Capt. J. A. Sawtell, relative to the matter may not be out of place. From his representations it will be seen that the "rations" served to them are far from objectionable. The letter was written two days before the Sixth Regiment left Washington.—

WASHINGTON, May 4th, 1861.

FRIEND COURIER: That a wrong impression may not prevail in Lowell and other places in regard to our "living" at the Capitol garrison, I deem it a duty, as it is a pleasure, to inform the public through your columns, what is and what has been our fare since our arrival here.—Were we to do so, everything was in confusion; for the Government were taken by surprise, not expecting so many men from the Old Bay State. We arrived about 5, P. M., April 19th, and the quartermaster was immediately dispatched to obtain provisions, which were soon on hand, and we had a good supper, consisting of bacon, hard bread, and coffee, and enough and of as good quality as I ever saw. Since then arrangements were made for our supper, which have been brought to us as ordered. This meal, consisting of beef (fresh), corn-beef, hard bread, coffee, sugar, coffee, and flour of the best quality.

The cooking arrangements have been built in the basement of the Capitol, where all the bread is baked by our own men, and no other person is allowed to enter, unless their business is set for us here. In connection with this, I will state, several large fingers have been placed in the basement, where all the cooking is done; and large boilers are set for making coffee, and others for cooking soup. We have also all things required necessary to make our food according to taste; so you can see that our fare here is as good as any man need have and that there is enough of it. I have simply made these statements that no wrong impression may go out. Rest assured, my fellow citizens, that none that we were kept upon hard bread and salt pork, which is not true, as pork has not been on the table for a day, not even at the landing, and we are in the midst of fresh beef at the best quality. As a general thing, is in good health and vigor, and ready for duty whenever called upon. The officers of the Government and the companies occupy the different committee rooms around the Senate chamber, and are quite comfortable. In my command I have not had but one man in the hospital since leaving Lowell, who was injured at Baltimore by a paving-stone, which made quite an ugly gash over his eyes. He is now on duty in the ranks.

Gen. Butler was here yesterday from Annapolis, with Mrs. Clemenson, to visit us. He talked to us in his usual good style of encouragement, and returned by the last train. Troops are continually arriving here from all quarters, and everything looks like war in form and discipline. But I have written more than I intended when I commenced, and as duty calls, I must draw to a close.

Yours, respectfully J. A. S.

A LETTER FROM A SOLDIER.

WASHINGTON, May 3, 1861.

We are once again to take up the line of march. We leave this morning for the Relay House, at the junction of the Baltimore and Ohio and Baltimore and Washington Railroads, nine miles from Baltimore and thirty from this city. We go in response to an order from Gen. Scott to Gen. Butler, placing the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment and other troops at his command, and ordering him, within three days from the issuing of the order, to take possession of the Relay House. This movements is made so co-operate with the Pennsylvania troops now advancing upon Baltimore from Harrisburg. Gen. Butler is the General Butler at once responded that he would hold religious services there today.

Our men are much pleased with the idea of passing through Washington, which, I must say, is the most filthy city that it has ever been my chance to see. Take out the Government buildings and there would be but little left of much account. The climate here is very changeable one day being cold enough to overcoast, and the next so warm that we grill without any fire. Our men have New England home comforts in prefuence to anything we have seen since leaving it, in the mind of or all.—When at home, we are not accustomed to see logs running at large in the principal streets in the city, or the carcasses of dead dogs and goats left to decay by the side of the street, in the heart of the city, as is the case here, much to the disgust of our nasal organs. Almost any change from this city must be for the better.

There were a "batch" of commissioners here yesterday from the Maryland Legislature, to see honest Abe, for the purpose of presenting to him some new propositions, but of what character is not yet known to us. They are reported to be secessionists. The reports of the resignation of Gen. Harney are untrue, and are an unjust reflection on the integrity of that gentleman, who has rendered his services to the Government in any capacity in which he can be useful. He denies the right of secession in the strongest terms, and would lead to universal anarchy. He implores the Union men of Missouri not to be seduced by the mad ambition of designing men, who would plunge the State into revolution, and he pledges himself to continue in the service of the Federal Government, and later to assume it and protect its citizens in blessings, thus affording a strong contrast to others who, having been honored by the Federal power, have already raised to honorable rank by the Government, in the time of its need, turn their swords against it.

The New York Seventh Regiment went into camp on Staten Island, on George's town heights. Before they left, they raised a purse of $1000, and presented it to the Zouaves of the Bowery company who met with the accident, of which I wrote you in my last letter.

The New York Fire Zouaves arrived here on Thursday evening. They number about 1000 men, rank and file, men, and are accompanied with full drum corps. They are under the command of Col. Ellsworth, of Chicago Zouave notoriety, who has with him quite a number of the original Chicago company. They are a splendid body of captains. The rank and file are about as hard looking set of fellows as we could easily be congregated together in a single regiment. They are spoiling for a fight, and to keep them from the use of military discipline, requires the constant exertions of the officers.

The Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, which has arrived here, are a fine body of men, and bear the pain, being considered the best-looking regiment that has yet arrived in appearance. They are ahead of the famous New York Seventh in time that tried men's souls." They measure arms with the rebels, they will give a good account of themselves. They brought with them a dozen large hogsheads of tea, with stores, &c., and horses to draw them—horses for all the field and staff officers, as well as for relays and all necessary purposes. They also brought with them the old war time Revolutionary flag, carried by the Rhode Island troops in "the times that tried men's souls." They are quartered in the Patent Office Building. The Rhode Island Battery has also arrived here. Its cannon are James' parent rifle, and the other equipments are of the most modern and durnable kind. It is said that the new battery was made to the order of one of the seceded States, the order being given before the State had adopted secession doctrine; but the manufacturers turned their work over to the Government.

The New York Sixty-Ninth Regiment (Irish volunteers) have reached here in detachments, during the last three days. They are athletic and well disciplined, and will give a good account of themselves whenever or wherever they may be put to the test, in an active engagement.

Company D, Second Artillery, United States army regulars, arrived here last evening, via Annapolis, from Fort Sandusky, Wisconsin. They are a splendid company of men, and are under the command of Capt. Hall. Their appearance gives ample evidence that Uncle Sam provides liberally for the comfort of his men.

The gallant Major Anderson has arrived here, and was most cordially welcomed at the war department.

Yours, truly, L.

CITY AND VICINITY.

ORDERED. We learn that a dispatch has been received in this city since noon, from Capt. Davis, in Boston, stating that his company (the Richardson Light Infantry) have received orders, and will leave in the afternoon train. There is to be a meeting of the company this evening, at their armory.

EXCITEMENT ON OUR STREETS. With the exception of the funeral on Monday last, there has not been more excitement on our streets since the Sixth Regiment left, than has prevailed this forenoon. It having been understood that the Richardson Light Infantry and the recruits of Capt. Davis in this city would leave here this morning, long before eight o'clock a crowd began to assemble in front of the Market House, and at nine o'clock there was probably from 2,000 to 3,000 people in the vicinity. The company from Dracut reached there about this time, which served to swell the ranks of the spectators. Owing to the unhappy circumstances, the band did not leave at the hour expected, and they do not know when they shall start. Capt. Davis is in Boston, and has hopes to receive assurance of leaving in the forenoon.

The Legislature, which meets on Tuesday next, will without doubt make some provision for volunteers, who are ready for service, until they are mustered into the service of the General Government.

The Abbott Light Guard and the Richardson Light Infantry were out parading this forenoon, the former company performing escort duty for the latter. Both companies looked finely and seemed to be in the right trim for any duty required of them.

HILL CADETS. At a meeting of Company K. (Capt. Proctor's), held last night, it was voted to take the name of Hill *Cadets*, complimentary to Paul Hill, Esq., who has labored hard for the welfare of the company. The company come out for a parade this afternoon, and will pay their respects to Mrs. Butler, wife of Gen. Butler, who leaves to-morrow for Annapolis, to join her husband. They will before calling on Mrs. B. parade in front of the residence of Paul Hill, Esq., on Worthen Street, where they will be presented with a banner at 2 1-2 o'clock.

PATRIOTIC SPIRIT AT THE NAVY YARD. This morning, it being expected that the Richardson Light Infantry would leave the city to-day, the thought suddenly occurred to the citizens of the Navy Yard, that it would be right, proper and patriotic for them to turn out and escort two of the members of the company—Harvey B. Chase and Samuel Hall—who would be but little left of much account. The climate here is very changeable one day being cold enough to overcoast, and the next so warm that we grill without any fire. Our men have New England home comforts in prefuence to anything we have seen since leaving it, in the mind of or all.—When at home, we are not accustomed to see logs running at large in the principal streets in the city, or the carcasses of dead dogs and goats left to decay by the side of the street, in the heart of the city, as is the case here, much to the disgust of our nasal organs. Almost any change from this city must be for the better.

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MORE GENEROSITY. On the morning that the Sixth Regiment left this city, Mr. M. H. Woodward, who keeps the saloon at No. 42 Central Street, was requested by the city authorities to furnish some cooked provisions for the troops, and to send in his bill to the city. Eatables were furnished to the amount of $15, and the other day, when requested to send in his bill, he did so, it being, however, receipted, he declaring the amount rather than to add it to the expenses of the city. Such acts deserve credit.

The whole amount given by different contributors to fit out the Abbott Light Guard, and to leave a large sum being given by Hon. J. G. Abbott, in whose honor it was named, and who has two sons in its ranks—one, Edward G., being Captain, and the other, Fletcher M., fourth lieutenant.

THE RECRUITS FOR THE PHALANX. The seventeen recruits raised here for the Mechanic Phalanx are now ready to march and expect to be sent forward when the quarter Company is made up. They are from four looks very tatty. This forenoon they marched up to Sanborn's daguerreotype saloon, No. 50 Merrimack Street, and had their pictures taken together.

THE question now is—"Are you right on the pelleas?" The goose is ignored.

CHANGE OF TRANSPORTATION AGENTS. Edwin Bynner, for several years agent of the Providence and Worcester Railroad Company, and Commercial Steamboat Company at Worcester, has been appointed agent for these companies at New York, and removed there. A. C. Munroe, formerly of Woonsocket, R. I., succeeds Mr. Bynner in the Worcester agency for the companies named, and has entered upon the duties. Mr. Munroe is a Lowell man, and was formerly connected with the Boston and Lowell road. His friends will be glad to see he is safe "in the heart of the Commonwealth," and within so short a distance of them.

RING CURE.

Have you heard the song they sing, my boys?
Have you heard the song they sing?
The Union song they sing, my boys!
That's "Union strong to King!"

CHORUS.

As sure as we are born,
We, we!
As sure as we are born,
We'll conquer Slaughter King in Cons!

Cotton reigns in the land of the sun, my boys!
Cotton reigns in the land of the sun!
The sceptre in grand he's won, my boys!
The sceptre in grand he's won!

CHORUS.

As sure as we are born, &c.

Corn waves his flag o'er the world, my boys!
Corn waves his flag o'er the world!
On the staff of life he's unfurled, my boys!
On the staff of life unfurled!

CHORUS.

As sure as we are born, &c.

Corn reigns when Cotton is dead, my boys!
Corn reigns when Cotton is dead!
For Cotton can't whom Corn is whom bread, my boys!
Can't live where Corn is bread!

CHORUS.

As sure as you are born,
That's it!
For the king of the world is Corn!

NARROW ESCAPE OF A MEMBER OF THE STATE REGIMENT. We find in the *Boston Traveller* the following account of a very narrow escape of one of the soldiers who participated in the "Battle of Baltimore," on the 19th ult —

Ex-Mayor Saunders, of Lawrence, has in his possession a very narrow escape had him by his brother, who is a member of one of the Lawrence companies belonging to the State Regiment. The ball struck over the arteries and Femoral Affections, from the slight rarefaction, Palpitation of the Heart, Flushes, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a torpid state of the system. Only a cure when all other remedies have failed, whether from cold or any other cause, suffer not for full particulars get a pamphlet, free, of the Agents.

N. B. A three cent stamps enclosed to DR. J. BRANDRETH, Sole Proprietor, Office, No. 294 Canal Street, New York, will secure you the pamphlet, free, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL LUDDER, Jr. and all druggists. may14d3m

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years the most certain and speedy remedy or Coughs Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and the Chest and Lungs. To those suffering from colds or coughs, a single dose will give relief. Public speakers and singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat, and a wonderful Cough soothing effect. Military men and travellers will find them the most marked results. They at once relieve the Lungs from the effects of Tobacco smoking, and restore irritability and weakness of the Lungs which is the cause of nine tenths of the Consumptive cases. They are combined in an agreeable manner, and may be taken by the most delicate with perfect safety. Numerous certificates of their efficacy can be produced after one to all cases.

Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL LUDDER, Jr. may14d3m

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HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it

IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE

THAT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR

TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

THAT IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT GROWTH OF HAIR,

AND THAT PRODUCES

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR.

Sold by druggists. DO NOT BE DECEIVED

IN MATTER OF WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED

WALTHAM, Mass., Jan. 30, 1858

MESSRS. W. E. HAGAN & CO.:

GENTS: I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S Imitable Hair Restorative for two years, with satisfaction and success. I have tried various articles for the hair, but have found none to give such perfect satisfaction as this. I never hesitate to do perfectness among them all. I never hesitate to recommend it to my customers, for I know it will do all that is claimed for it. I have used it myself for several years past and have had it aside, and to have a fine head of hair, and can truthfully say that it is not produced by using two or three bottles of your Restorative. Yours, &c., B. R. EMMONS.

STILL ANOTHER.

W. E. HAGAN & CO.: GENTS: I have the choice and best Hair Restorative in our market, and is given universal satisfaction. Yours, &c., J. S. SIZER, Wholesale Druggist.

There is no other article in the market so reliable as that which comes from a druggist or an Apothecary. They are the best judges of its merits. The proprietors will furnish certificates sufficient to cover this page, all genuine. *Beware of Quacks.*

WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL COLOR

Where age or sickness has turned it gray, and that in a few days.

W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

Sold by SAMUEL LUDDER, Jr. and all druggists. may9 d&w3m

CAUTION!

The subscribers, in many shapes of the true and original FRANKLIN TOOL CO., that other parties are selling Tools in Lowell than those manufactured by the Franklin Tool Co., and that they are not authorized to sell or shipment any Franklin Tools in Lowell, being manufactured by the Franklin Tool Co., Dunbarton City, Delaware, Dec. 5, 1858. ly

WOOD'S

Wood's Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR,

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov13

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE received from Massachusetts and New Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, 108 Merrimack

THAYER'S AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, S. Richardson, T. Nesmith, R. Hosford, C. H. Brown, E. Wood, F. Stedman, Lowell.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1860. sep1

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Desirable Risks, and is entitled to the Mutual Dividends, which have been declared in this office. The present, 1859 Dividend is 40 per cent. The Stock Department is entitled to the profits of $115,000, the accumulation of village and farm property in Middlesex County in which its capital is invested. Its profits are large and rapidly increasing, and rates are as low as in any Company which offers equal security.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are invested in the Stocks of the Banks of Middlesex County, and the Capital is returned at convenient rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, 54 Central Street, Lowell.

C. B. COBURN, President.

F. STEDMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 16, 1860. ly

Coburn's Insurance Agency.

For the transaction of a general Insurance business, in reliable Companies, at the lowest rates.

Office, 54 Central Street, Lowell.

C. B. COBURN, President.

F. STEDMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 16, 1860. ly

Coal, Coal, Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It is clean in quality,
It costs less money,
It is the best for burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at

HOWARTH'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE
HOWARTH & WILDE, Proprietors.
Office in Fletcher's Block, Central Bridge, Chelmsford, for sale of five years.
Lowell, May 1, 1861. may1 1y

"BUT ME, AND BILL TO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints, and for all complaints in which the natural secretions are vitiated. Jaundice. Costiveness. Headache. Piles. Dyspepsia. Indigestion. Weakness, &c. They are both gentle and sure and regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, and remove all obstructions from the system, restore the natural secretions, and purify the blood better than any medicine ever known. They are made of the best herbs and roots, the virtues of which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Bark, Juniper Berries, Black Alderberry, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, thereby producing the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should have it. Price 25 cents per bottle, and all in all cases. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

This same compound is also put up in more concentrated form, called DR. LANGLEY'S Super Concentrated Root and Herb Pills. They are the same medicine as the Bitters, and will cure Costiveness and Piles, as well as Diseases in Medicine.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Genuine signed with the name of GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

S. RIDER, Jr. Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1y may7&eow

CAUTION!

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Wood's Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR,

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov13

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1851.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE, as extending HIBERAL to a single risk on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Jonas P. Adams,
Stephen Cushing, John Avery,
Arthur Bodwell, Walter Wright,
Joshua W. Bamrick, Caleb M. Marvel,
Joseph Bowers, Henry F. Bond,
Ephraim Brown, Elijah H. Bond.

Jonas A. Miner, Secretary.
Benjamin B. Bates, Treasurer.

Reuben B. Dimond, Clerk.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)

No. 93 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, 1860. ly

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire ins. Co.,

NEW YORK.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Wester Mass. Ins. Co.,

SPRINGFIELD.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies settle on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written at the Office, No. 93 1-2 Central Street, Lowell, Mass., Up Stairs.

CHARLES HOWARD, Agent.

Lowell, May 1, 1861. may1 1y

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

FIRE INSURANCE.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Attorney and Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND. Office, No. 14 Prescott Block.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS

Introduced the above article in their practice some years ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, and having had ample opportunity to test it, are now prepared to use it more extensively. There is no other material that has ever been introduced to the dental profession in relation to the value of which there is such a diversity of opinion. Some say it will not retain color, others that it will not retain form, and others that it will not retain softness, but we claim success, experience and time is proving to the contrary. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, they do not feel warranted in stating that it is superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they are prepared to furnish sets of teeth on this base, and if others, have not succeeded, it can be attributed to want of reasonable perseverance.

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

Lowell, April 1, 1861. ap1

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is the result of its merits. It is the only machine for the seamstress; by the best judges to surpass all others in the variety of work it will perform. It is at once a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as the greatest blessing ever given to the qualities of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton, or woolen garments, from the finest cambric muslin to the coarsest fabric, it is equally adapted, and the attachments made to which it is applied.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known persons are among the many who use the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine in Lowell:

Mrs. Richardson, J. B. French,
" Bartlett, H. Hosford,
" Bowers, Mrs. Leighton,
" Wm. Knight, Walter Wright,
" Kidder, C. L. Richardson,
" Pinkerton, Jr., Mrs. Peaslee,
" Bell, Mrs. Hall,
" Bowers, J. N. Fiske,
Rev. A. D. Sargeant, Mrs. Bowers,
" Dr. Dana, Mrs. Richardson,
Samuel Fay, Mrs. Goodrich,
" Dr. Bartlett, C. F. Blanchard,
A. R. Brown, Mrs. Bigelow,
" Wm. Nesmith, Mrs. Hall.

This Machine is a variety of styles and sizes, and is for sale in Lowell by

J. M. B. SARGENT,
44 Merrimack Street.

mar17 apr

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

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Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

Lowell, April 1, 1861. ap1

TRIUMPH!

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what the name indicates,—a remedy which will restore the blood to its natural purity, when from any cause it has become vitiated or impoverished, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to the attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the public which is a popular form so as to be within the reach of all, that will thoroughly and radically combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and at the same time harmless in its effects, *to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature*, and hence will cure in the shortest time, and tone up the debilitated system to a healthy condition, without any reaction. It also perfectly restores the appetite, and gives strength to the digestive organs, which never followed by laxatives or depressing medicines. It is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of vegetables and those thoroughly compounded, and consequently can never fail to cure all diseases of the blood, and consequently can never fail to cure all diseases of the blood, and consequently can never fail to cure all diseases of the blood

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861.	$3,518,586.92
Dividends paid to date,	1,184,908.72
Losses paid,	2,441,950.55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscription capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premium paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The largest risk ever taken by it, was $25,000.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It manages somewhere the interest in the settlement of its accounts, by crediting them to policy-holders annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $25 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest as 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends accrued to and the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the profits in Cash, when the deceased; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of TYPE Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All needs of the Institution must therefore promise it to be important that those connected with it should use their influence and acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSIAH A. MERRILL Agents,
No. 27 Central and 37 Merrimack Sts.

mar1 tf

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

The Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Clear Flame, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Colic, Cholera, Morbus, Fevers, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, INVIGORATES AND INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPIFY.

AS A MEDICINE it is quick and effectual in curing the most agravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a short speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sleepless to health, strength and rest.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become deprived, and their nervous systems shatters'd, constitutions broken down, and subject to the horrible curse to inebriety, will find the DRUNK'S TORMENT, will, almost immediately, feel the happy and healthy invigorating influence of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as one or two hours.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.

One dose will cure Heart-Burn.

Three doses will cure Indigestion.

One dose will give you a Good Appetite.

One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulency on the stomach, and relieve the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and pain of Indigestion will be removed.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder or Urinary Organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, feel the distress of drunkenness impairing in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and delicate constitutions should use the Invigorating Spirit three times a day. It will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the careworn face.

All the proprietor asks, in a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts. a bottle.

General Depot, 45 Water st., New York.

Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. French, Dr. M. R. Thompson, Shipley & Chenery, L. A. Braniels, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. mar29

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash rates. All orders will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the pretension of any individual to sell Books at any lower rates than they are now sold by the regular dealers in Books in Lowell. The following popular Books for Christmas and New Year's Gifts for children and grown persons, are for sale at

The Lowest Prices, by Wholesale and Retail, including six volumes, viz.: Oasis, Children, Whistler, Marvin, Jessie.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine dollar edition, published by H. Hoyt, sold at 50 cts. a volume.

Advice to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

Beecher's Liberty conquering four volumes.

Beecher and No Northern Slavery, by Parmer's Boy, and Forest Rose.

Sold at 17 Central street, by F. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery. dec13

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.

PENNSYLVANIA!

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER.

She ready Firm by Soap Maker, & Universal Cleaner. Will make hard water as t. clear Paint, remove In Spots, Tar, Grease from ... cts. Use but ounce ... cts. Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of soft SOFT SOAP.

Recipe for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing DEPOT OF COMPANY,

LEWIS, JAMES & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.

The SAPONIFIER can be had at any respectable Grocer in the Country. mar30dly

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Paste Polish for Furniture Marble*, and any personal not in a scientific way, and desiring a polish that will not injure the most delicate fabric, by using one box of this Polish can will be enabled to remove the dirt, finish—if a house paint new, within one hour. Please call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 33 Merrimack st. 17 Central street. mh17

LAWSON'S INFALLIBLE NERVOUS CURATIVE,

— FOR —

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

JOAMNI B. WARD of Wilton, Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had the slightest return. Also cured of a bad case of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Castle Square, Boston.

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife: cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering, along the spine, and between the shoulders, and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H., Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No sign since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H. Cured of Chilblains by one ap cation.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with three bottles of Curative, after having tried all the nerve remedies of the day. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859, after having tried all the nerve remedies of the day, without relief. Has enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' suffering, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of severe suffering, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in use of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of in use suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatism in his shoulder in half an hr., eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH TROW, Milford, N. H.

Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

LOAMNI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgia in the head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has never since ceased.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk, Ogle Co., Illinois.

Cured of a severe case of Neuralgia. No return of pain in this date, September, 1860.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.,

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, after Paralyzed in both legs 4 years October, 1858, given up by Physicians as incurable. Has never got better, and now enjoys the best of health.

BENJ. F. CUTTER, Esq., Pelham, N. H.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year, and Neuralgia in left side. Cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain since cured.—1 year ago.

JOSEPH HAINES, Esq., Methuen.

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Matchboard.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H.

Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lynn.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having tried all the nerve remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornedike, Me.,

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully; cured with two bottles.

T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica,

Was cure' of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by one bottle of Curative, after having suffered excruciating pains for eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.

OLIVER BURDE, Dracut,

Was thrown from a wagon, and had his head injured; tried all remedies and could not relief; Ayer's Curative was given him; by the use of two bottles of the Nervous Curative two years ago, he has enjoyed perfect health ever since and no pain.

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell,

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.

MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle County, Illinois,

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

EPHRAIM KENSON, North Uxebridge,

Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being confined to bed for six months by excruciating pain, by using three bottles eigh teen mo. ths ago; it was a severe case, and has been and is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

For the United States & British Provinces,

20 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.

Id byall Druggists in Lowell, and at 192 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. dec

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a master of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful interests in knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture the remark, that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, excites oxide, and rust appears.

Electricity brought in contact with a mass of iron, magnetizes the whole.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution of the question of the cause and cure of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Castle Square, Boston.

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife: cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

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His wife cured of in se suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatism in his shoulder in half an hr., eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH TROW, Milford, N. H.

Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

LOAMNI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgia in the head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has never since ceased.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk, Ogle Co., Illinois.

Cured of a severe case of Neuralgia. No return of pain in this date, September, 1860.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.,

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, after Paralyzed in both legs 4 years October, 1858, given up by Physicians as incurable. Has never got better, and now enjoys the best of health.

BENJ. F. CUTTER, Esq., Pelham, N. H.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year, and Neuralgia in left side. Cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain since cured.—1 year ago.

JOSEPH HAINES, Esq., Methuen.

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Matchboard.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H.

Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lynn.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having tried all the nerve remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thorndike, Me.,

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully; cured with two bottles.

T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica,

Was cure' of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by one bottle of Curative, after having suffered excruciating pains for eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.

OLIVER BURDE, Dracut,

Was thrown from a wagon, and had his head injured; tried all remedies and could not relief; Ayer's Curative was given him; by the use of two bottles of the Nervous Curative two years ago, he has enjoyed perfect health ever since and no pain.

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell,

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.

MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle County, Illinois,

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

EPHRAIM KENSON, North Uxebridge,

Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being confined to bed for six months by excruciating pain, by using three bottles eigh teen mo. ths ago; it was a severe case, and has been and is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

For the United States & British Provinces,

20 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.

Id byall Druggists in Lowell, and at 192 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. dec

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

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Having an establishment supplied with all the most

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LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Addresses, Catalogues, Circulars, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

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LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, on white or colored paper, of every description.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
H. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every educator and intelligent reader, that the real diffusion of valuable knowledge, and the formation of habits of study and thought, are the first steps necessary to your science for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy for which

In Convulsions,

from which mean infants are said to die than from any other disease, will be found invaluable in relieving the little sufferer. It will be found invaluable in relieving the little sufferer. It will be found invaluable in relieving the little sufferer. It

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, May 10, 1861.

WAR NEWS.

Quite a number of secessionists have left Baltimore for Harper's Ferry; they do age to take part in the stand that is to be made by the rebels at that place.

Cairo is regarded as *safe*, and no apprehensions of an attack at present are apprehended.

Intelligence has been received that the Virginians seized, on Tuesday night, the heights on the Maryland side of the Potomac, and were engaged in fortifying them. The number of regular troops was nearly 4000, which was increased by the arrival of 1200 Kentuckians.

A gentleman sent from Pennsylvania to South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Virginia and Kentucky, reports that there are 25,000 troops in the radius of fifty miles from Richmond. About 15,000 troops were in Tennessee and Kentucky, whose supposed destination was Cairo.

Washington. The Zouaves have gone into camp on the heights near the Insane Asylum, overlooking the Potomac.

Mr. Lincoln will soon issue a proclamation urging the return of all persons who have abandoned the city of Washington, fearing an attack was to be made upon it. Business will be resumed, and safety assured to all who seek the capital.

A policeman named Evans has been arrested in Washington for shooting and killing a soldier named Howell, for which he was deliberate and unprovoked. Much indignation among the soldiers was the consequence. Evans has been committed for trial for murder.

Hundreds of ladies of character and refinement, and actuated by motives of charity and patriotism, have offered their services to the War Department as nurses, etc., and a number have been accepted.

From the South. On the 9th a conference was held at Frankfort, between Governor Magoffin, J. C. Breckinridge and R. Harris, on the one part, and Hon. J. C. Crittenden, Archibald Dixon and Judge Nicholas on the other, was agreed to recommend the Legislature to make an appropriation to arm Kentucky under the direction of a military commission composed of the Governor and Inspector General, and another to be chosen by the Unionists. Three millions will be required to arm the State.

The *New York Herald's* New Orleans special dispatch says that 3000 applications for letters of marque have been received, many of them from foreign States.

A dispatch from Montgomery, by way of New Orleans, dated yesterday, says Jeff. Davis's congress is in secret session, and is understood to be engaged in arranging for the vigorous prosecution of the war, and placing the Confederacy in the best possible condition of defence. It is also understood that they contract sufficient arms, ordnance and ammunition of every description to put 150,000 men into the field for a year's campaign. This is, it should be remembered, rather speculative.

The correspondent of the *St. Louis Republican* says that large bodies of troops are stationed at Hopefield, Ark., opposite Memphis, and at Camp Rector, four miles above. A company of Sappers and Miners are throwing up fortifications at Camp Harris, six miles above Memphis on the Tennessee side. Memphis is turned into a military camp, every body belonging to some military organization.

Charleston, S. C. A dispatch appears in the morning papers, purporting to be the substance of a Union man of Charleston who left that city some ten days ago. He had seen Beauregard within a fortnight of the time he left, and does not believe the report of his death.

There was a great scarcity of provisions. Butter sold (on the 28th ult.) at 87 per pound, and pork at 37 cents. Starvation was the enemy most dreaded.

The people are kept purposely in ignorance of the feelings and doings at the North. The South Carolinians rely upon anarchy in the Northern States, as they are extensively circulating stories of bread riots and similar troubles.

Richmond, Va. The *New York Herald's* Washington dispatch says that large numbers of troops are pouring into Richmond from the South. Nearly a thousand men are employed in manufacturing arms.—They have provisions more than for a year, and plenty of ammunition except percussion caps. There are several persons in the Northern cities, trying to get a supply of the latter.

Jeff. Davis has notified Gov. Letcher of his intension to command the troops. The same informant reiterates the report that five men have taken an oath to assassinate President Lincoln and General Scott.

A member of Company G, Fifth Regiment, writes to us that the day after the arrival of his company in Washington, A squad of them happened into a shop, where the Massachusetts troops were the theme of discussion. One man remarked that they were mere "gingerbread soldiers," whereupon one of them, who is known as "Capt. Foster," stepped up to the man and said—"I am a Massachusetts soldier, and if you repeat that expression again, I'll whip you!" The secessionist dared not repeat his insult.

Coon heard from! The Coon Recruits, a new military company, left Lancaster last Monday for Portsmouth, to join the Second New Hampshire Regiment. The company numbered eighty hardy sons of the old Granite State, who are desirous of guarding off the blows aimed at the American flag.

Lowell, May 8th, 1861.

To the Editor of the Lowell Courier.—Will you allow me space in your columns to make a suggestion in relation to our gallant Sixth Regiment?

After participating in the mournful ceremonies of last Monday, in honoring the memory of our lifeless dead, and looking upon the very many of our patriotic young men in the solemn procession, who have volunteered their services, and are willing to stand shoulder with their blood for freedom's cause, to crush all traitors and put down treachery the most vile that ever occurred in any civilized nation, in its efforts to destroy one of the best governments on the face of the earth, I could not help shedding a tear at the sad fate of our two fellow-citizens who had fallen the victims of a wicked and treacherous mob, but whom we were consoling to be heroes' graves. I reflected, also, on the fate of our patriotic soldiers now in the field, and the hundreds of young men under daily training and military discipline in this city, who are anxiously waiting for orders to join their brethren in arms who for three weeks past have been in an enemy's country, and who, at a moment's notice, a moment's notice to start at once (provided only with the clothes on their backs) to defend, and by their promptness to saved their country and our country's capital—May God's blessing always attend the glorious and gallant Sixth Regiment in all the trials it may be called upon to endure, with its true-hearted and loyal Colonel, and the self-sacrificing, noble, and energetic man and soldier, our own General Butler!

I have been pained to learn that a number of our Lowell companies are ordered join some other regiments than our own gallant Sixth; and I am informed from the lips of our young patriots, that it is a matter of general regret amongst them, that they cannot be attached to that regiment. The reason is obvious to all. The Sixth has already earned a name and fame with its true-hearted and loyal Colonel, and the self-sacrificing, noble, and energetic man and soldier, our own General Butler!

Hundreds of ladies of character and refinement, and actuated by motives of charity and patriotism, have offered their services to the War Department as nurses, etc., and a number have been accepted.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK.

The following persons have been chosen officers of the Mechanics' Savings Bank in Lowell, at a meeting of said corporation holden May 1, 1861, and accepted the several offices for which we were chosen.

For President, William A. Burke.

For Vice Presidents: Samuel W. Stickney, Jeremiah Clark, H. W. Billiou, Owen Street, Isaac Pierce.

For Trustees: Andrew Moody, R. F. Sherman, Isaac Cooper, B. C. Sargeant, George Bixby, Marcus P. Bryant, Samuel Fay, Charles Hovey, Alfred Gilman, William G. Wyo, William Tenney, Horace J. Adams, E. F. Watson John B. McAvin, P. Roelif.

A true copy. ALFRED GILMAN, Sec.

Lowell, May 9, 1861.

PARADE OF THE HILL CADETS—BANNER PRESENTATION AND COMPLIMENTARY CALL.

Yesterday afternoon the Hill Cadets, Capt. C. B. Hunter, turned out for parade and made a fine appearance. They are physically a good looking body of men, and we have no doubt if brought into actual conflict, will make as good a show as the tiniest ranks. They marched through Market Street, and received the Abbott Greys, under command of Lieut. Weymouth; then marched through Central and Merrimack Streets to Worthen Street. They drew up in front of the house of Paul Hill, Esq., and went through dress parade.

A beautiful American flag, *with thirty-four stars*, having been purchased by the friends of the company, John F. McElroy, Esq., in behalf of the donors, stepped forward and said as follows:

Mr. Commander and Citizen-Soldiers of the Cadets:—I have been commissioned by a few of your fellow citizens to present to you an American standard, and ask your acceptance of it as an earnest of the warm regard in which you are held by them.

In these times of outraged public sentiment, when the people all are of one opinion, and need but an outlet through which they can show their patriotism, words are unnecessary. That flag which was lowered in the dust in Charleston harbor, patriots in all sections of the country were struck with astonishment that our own respectable brethren should be the first to insult it. Slowly we recovered ourselves, and as one man we now stand ready and anxious to avenge the outrage upon its dignity. A hundred thousand hastened to their arms in a twinkling, and two hundred thousand more are now eagerly waiting the order to march, and you are ready and eager in the richest of its fight, if need be, to visit the traitors with summary punishment.

But it has been permitted to your friends and kinsmen, who stay behind, with moistened eyes and glowing hearts, to wave in the dust in Charleston harbor, patriots in all sections of the country were struck with astonishment that our own respectable brethren should be the first to insult it. Slowly we recovered ourselves, and as one man we now stand ready and anxious to avenge the outrage upon its dignity. A hundred thousand hastened to their arms in a twinkling, and two hundred thousand more are now eagerly waiting the order to march, and you are ready and eager in the richest of its fight, if need be, to visit the traitors with summary punishment.

But it has been permitted to your friends and kinsmen, who stay behind, with moistened eyes and glowing hearts, to wave in the dust in the cause of the country, firm and determined as it is, could not but be strengthened by this patriotism and devotion which your esteemed husband has shown in the cause now so dear to us, the restoration of the Union and peace. We understand you are about to visit him.—While accepting your warmest regards and good wishes, he pleased to convey to him, from us, our congratulations on the patriotic valor he hastinessly shown, and the brilliant future thatawaits him.

F. A. Hildreth, Esq., in behalf of Mrs. Butler and family, made the following remarks:

Messrs. Commander and Soldiers:—Mrs. Butler desires me to thank you for this complimentary visit. It is particularly gratifying to her that her husband stands so well in your esteem as to prompt this courtesy to his family. To-morrow she will leave for the General's quarters, and on her arrival will be happy to relate to him the attentions received from you, which I know will be more pleasing to him than if paid to himself.

The flag you bear, we all know, will never be dishonored; and I am sure I express for those who cannot be present the result of your labors, and the labors of your fellow-soldiers who have already gone hence, and those who shall come after you will end in the planting of our stars and stripes upon every foot of soil that belongs to, that ever did belong to, that ever may belong to the United States. And upon those men or those who, without that end may there be no settlement in compromise, but let "grim visaged war" be the pleasant business of our country.

Miss Butler, eldest child of the General, presented Capt. Proctor with an elegant bouquet. After hearty cheers the companies resumed their march, and returned to the city.

A pleasant gathering and presentation. Last evening, the members of the Fireside Benefit Society had a social gathering in the vestry of their church, on Paige Street. After an hour spent by the company in conversation, the Lowell Light Infantry, Capt. Thompson, marched into the vestry. Capt. T. and quite a number of the members of his company are connected with this Society. While in the vestry, the Infantry went through various military movements, and then marched down up in line, Mr. C. H. Latham, superintendent of the Sabbath School, connected with the Society, in behalf of the ladies, presented each member of the company with a work-bag, containing among other things a pair of scissors, pencils, cake of soap, sewing materials, and a copy of the New Testament, in each of which was a card, containing a sentiment, by different persons. To show the spirit which animates all ages, we give the two following, from the smallest girls:—One by a lady of seventy years, "You go to fight for your country; I stay at home to pray for you"; the other by a girl of seven years, "Fight like lightning." Mr. Latham, in presenting the gifts, accompanied them with remarks of counsel and encouragement, to which Capt. Tebbetts, his officers, and some of the men, responded briefly, promising to do their duty, the whole duty, and nothing but their duty.—The company soon after retired, the assembly giving them three cheers as they passed out, and those broke up. On no occasion was a very pleasant one to all present, and will be recalled with pleasure at future times.

The Infantry will worship at this church, one half the day, next Sabbath.

City pay day. This is the monthly pay day at the City Treasurer's office. The whole amount of the draft for April is $8,734.94, for the following purposes:—Schools $822; school house $296; streets $1,193.38; police $1,198.58; gas $604.92; reserved fund $1,301.54; fire department $2,008; lighting $319.56; printing $57.50; library $14.52; repairs of public buildings $14.02; setting trees $0.75.

The semi-annual payment of the treasurer is also due to-day. It amounts to $5,-808.48. We gave the items on Wednesday.

Lowell Institution for Savings. At the annual meeting of the Lowell Institution for Savings, held on Tuesday last, the following officers were chosen:—Theodore Edson, President; Josiah Crosby, Elisha Huntington, and John Avery, Vice Presidents; Amos Blanchard, Samuel L. Dana, William S. Southworth, George Motley, Daniel Cushing, Stephen Cushing, Charles Savory, Albert Mallard, and William North, Trustees.

A Memento. We were shown this morning a red sash, said to have been worn by General Wolfe, when he received his death wound at Quebec, Sept. 13, 1759, and is, therefore, over one hundred years old. There is upon it a stain of blood, said to have been caused by the wound received by Wolfe. It is in the possession of Mr. Jesse G. Stover, orderly sergeant of the Abbott Greys.

In another place in our columns will be found a suggestion by a correspondent worthy of the consideration of our citizens and the authorities. It is that a battalion should be raised and attached to the 6th Regiment, composed of the companies of Lowell and vicinity.

Swords, belts and revolvers. The city has purchased regulation swords and belts, manufactured by Ames, and Colt's revolvers, for each of the commissioned officers from Lowell, now with the Sixth Regiment in Maryland. The swords cost $16 each, the belts $4.50 and the revolvers $14.

The members lately connected with Merrimack Engine Company, No. 4, are about to form themselves into a Home Guard. If they cannot run with the "machine" they are determined to do their duty in defending our institutions. A number of the Merrimack boys are now at the seat of war.

Gone into quarters. Ubesicy's Hall has been fitted up as a temporary camp for such of the volunteers of the Richardson Light Infantry as do not desire to go home, and some twenty of them lodged there last night, on mattresses which have been provided. The hall is airy, and is a very comfortable place for the company. Many of the members also take their meals at Chesley's saloon.

The body of Mr. Labd. Assers. Folsom and W. L. North, of the City Council, who accompanied the remains of Luther C. Ladd to Alexandria, N. H., returned last evening. The body has been temporarily interred at Alexandria, but his parents and other relatives have consented to have it brought back to Lowell for permanent interment.

The funeral services took place at Alexandria, Wednesday afternoon, and was attended by an immense concourse of people from that and neighboring towns. There was present a company of soldiers from Bristol, and a company raised for the purpose in Alexandria, who were accompanied by a Band.

Vox Populi for this week contains a lengthy account of the funeral of Addison O. Whitney and Luther C. Ladd, a list of the names of the field officers and staff, the names of the officers and privates of all the Lowell companies, the Insignea Band, Dr. Cleaveland's sermon before the Richardson Light Infantry, &c. For sale at the office and the book stores.

Personal. Mrs. Butler, wife of Gen. B. F. Butler, leaves this afternoon, by the 4.3-4 o'clock train, to join her husband at Annapolis. She carries with her the wishes of all, that she may find him in good health, and that ere long the questions which now agitate the country may be settled, without the necessity of bloodshed, and he return to his home and usual avocations unharmed.

Lowell Power Loom Carpets. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at Adams & North's and selling at wholesale and retail. Also carpeting to be suited from our assortment can go to any part of the city and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison. The best and cheapest lot in the country, for sale by Adams & North, 818 Middle.

Fifield & Lyon Sewing Machine. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, which will be found in a fine dress of type. Mr. Lyon is the agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8dtf

Carpets. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills for sale at reduced prices at Farrington & Gould's, Merrimack Square, opposite Market Street.

mar19dtm

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

C. B. Coburn,	B. A. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	E. F. Hall,
L. G. Hosmer,	E. F. Sherman,
	Lester Bigelow.

Directors:

Meeting of Directors.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, and the Capital Stock Department has ever been made in this class. The present cash assets are $1,000,000, which is invested in loans to the amount of $118,979.32. The attention of owners of Dwelling Houses in the City of Lowell is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies expired one year, of 40 per cent. on the premium paid.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $170,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property not hazardous insured at current rates and on favorable terms.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy19tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

For grates it excels.

It burns in less quantity,

It burns longer,

It burns in less quantity,

It is cleaner than any other fuel.

Than any other free burning coal. And the cheapest coal in the market.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 11 Warren street.

may14dtf

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors, from a slight Pimple, Sore or Scrofulous Affection, to the worst Scrofula; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and will cure when any medicine in the world will. They remove the agonies, promote digestion, give strength, and change the blood when all other means fail. Ask your druggist for Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Dandelion, Burdock, Juniper, Poplar and Prickly Ash Barks, Rhubarb, Dandelion, and Cleaveland's sermon before the Richardson Light Infantry, &c. For sale at the office and the book stores.

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"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors, from a slight Pimple, Sore or Scrofulous Affection, to the worst Scrofula; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and will cure when any medicine in the world will. They remove the agonies, promote digestion, give strength, and change the blood when all other means fail. Ask your druggist for Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Dandelion, Burdock, Juniper, Poplar and Prickly Ash Barks, Rhubarb, Dandelion, and Cleaveland's sermon before the Richardson Light Infantry, &c. For sale at the office and the book stores.

Personal. Mrs. Butler, wife of Gen. B. F. Butler, leaves this afternoon, by the 4.3-4 o'clock train, to join her husband at Annapolis. She carries with her the wishes of all, that she may find him in good health, and that ere long the questions which now agitate the country may be settled, without the necessity of bloodshed, and he return to his home and usual avocations unharmed.

Lowell Power Loom Carpets. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at Adams & North's and selling at wholesale and retail. Also carpeting to be suited from our assortment can go to any part of the city and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison. The best and cheapest lot in the country, for sale by Adams & North, 818 Middle.

Fifield & Lyon Sewing Machine. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, which will be found in a fine dress of type. Mr. Lyon is the agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8dtf

Carpets. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills for sale at reduced prices at Farrington & Gould's, Merrimack Square, opposite Market Street.

mar19dtm

Tapestry Brussels Carpetings. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, sold at a low price, and handsome styles are advertised in Boston, at Farrington's Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

English Brussels Carpets. Now styles just received at Farrington's. Also, the best Farrington & Gould's Merrimack Square, opposite Market Street.

mar19dtm

GREAT BLESSING TO THE AFFLICTED.

☞ The number and formidable character of diseases of the Liver have long challenged the attention of medical men. Some of these diseases, classed under the general term of Consumption, have been supposed incurable, and the unhappy patient allowed to die, without medical assistance, and with no hope of recovery. Happily this can no longer be the case. A remedy has been found which will cure all complaints of a character to originate from the derangement of the Liver. The Pills discovered by Dr. Wistar, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., act directly on the Liver, and by correcting its operation and purifying it from disease, cure all and extirpate the complaints which have their origin in the diseases of that organ. Remedies hitherto proposed for liver complaints have failed to operate upon the seat of the disease; but Dr. M'Lane's Pills make themselves felt upon the action of the Liver, and by cleansing the fountain, dry up the impure streams of disease which thence derive their existence.

☞ Let no one will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. Prepared by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, but the genuine Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, alone the celebrated Vermifuge, can be had. Also, M'Lane's celebrated Worm Specific. Each of these medicines is the GOLDEN SALVE. Fleming's Vegetable Purgative Pills, for all derangement of the bowels in BILIOUS DISORDERS. These medicines have never been known to fail in a single instance. Full directions accompany each package. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations. Be sure and call for Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, and Fleming's Vegetable Purgative Pills, and Dr. M'Lane's Worm Specific. Prepared only by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. For sale by all Druggists. 25 cents per box

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,813,304.80
Dividends paid to date,	1,641,860.18
Losses paid,	2,631,305.35

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely owned by the policy holders, and held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in N. Y. State Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks accepted by it, are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest pays all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving the Cash Premium, or a promissory note, at 7 per cent. interest, or by deducting it from the Loss, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one half in a note one year at 7 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premium in Cash receive the dividends in Cash, when required; and those who pay by a note, receive the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now in force about number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the application of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important, that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to its advantages.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to the Agents, or at the Office of the Company.

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets, mar1 Lowell, Mass. 4tcf

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years with increasing fame. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Cold Feams, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Kidney Complaint, Low Spirits, &c.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

It Stimulates, Exhilarates, Invigorates but will not Intoxicate or Stupify.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quite unequalled, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the wasted energy of your and vitality to health, strength and vigor.

Persons who, by the use of injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous system shatter-d, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will, immediately, feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Does.—One wine glass full as often as one to six hours.

One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.

One dose will cure Heart-Burn.

Three doses will cure Indigestion.

One dose will give you a Good Appetite.

One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the effects of poisonous liquors in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day. It will make them strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to a careworn face.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to insure this, he has put up the Invigorating Spirit in pint bottles at 50 cts. per bottle.

General Depot, 46 Water st., New York.

Wholesale Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. B. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Baron, W. H. French, Dr. M. P. Thomp-on, Dr. Hall, Bailey & Stavicis, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. 2m22p41

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Ave., is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the low est CASH rates. All orders will be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7d1

"NUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the prevention of any individual to sell Books at any lower rates than they are now sold by the regular dealers in Books in Lowell. The following popular Books are now selling at the rates named, and can be purchased low at 91 Central street.

The Ainsworth stories, 13 Walter Almeida—comic tales of the widower, viz: Oscar, Clifford, Whisker, Marcus, Jessie.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights, a fine dollar edition, published by H. Dayton, sold for 75 cents.

Lady Audley's Secret, by Miss Braddon, 25 cents.

The Casket Library, complete in four volumes, Home and No Home, Wife's Trials, Woman's Love and Forest Rose.

Sold at 17 Central street, by E. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery. de19

ASTHMA For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

FENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by L. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

May, 1860. may1eo1y

SPECTACLES—A new lot of Steel Bands adapted to all Eyes received this day and for sale cheap at SANGER'S, Old Post Office Corner. my20

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYES has just received a *Patent Plate Polish for Furniture Mirrors &c.* which will prove a no-humbug—it will clean and polish any kind required for household purposes, and is highly recommended by factorers generally. By using one box of this Polish you will be enabled to remove the whole furniture of a house quite rom within the house. Please call and get a circular containing full directions. 91 Central st. 4t apr27

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYES, 46 Merrimack st. dec12d tf

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, a specific in cases unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is destined for both general and single ladies, and at the very best thing known for the purposes, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too rapid* increase in their family, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health on any occasion. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths—No. 1, Full Strength, *already sealed*, to all parts of the country by Express, *already sealed*, to all parts of the country by Express,

No. 2—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is designed expressly for PERSONS TAKING IT, and *no other*. *Numerous certificates of the kind have been tried in this city, and are now in the possession of the proprietor*, which will be shown to any one who may call.

Please to call and examine my goods. It will afford me pleasure to exhibit them to you, and *I promise pleasure* to sell them to you.

Just keep in mind two things—that the best assortment and lowest prices, of a reliable character are retail, can be found at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street, less than 50 rods from the post office.

H. S. HAYES.

TO get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get go PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get all inds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYES'.

To get DOWNER'S or KEROSENE OIL, go to H. S. HAYES'.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St. mar1

Schuer's Liroconc.

FOR Cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Steel, Silver, &c., and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever soiled, by the use of this article, will look as new as equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. ap5

"THE UNION IS SAFE!"

ALL DONE FOR $100.

A Neder has been received from the sporting State of Maine, and the following is a correct list of the articles used in a sing up the rent, which has been made in the glorious Union. It is now hung up among the curiosities in Chatsog, or in taking Garments, than in the Legislature of Maine having now conformed.

Persons wishing to purchase a Sewing Machine are respectfully invited to call and examine the Elias Howe, Jr. Machine, at 91 Central street. mch31 N. C. CARTER Agent.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Ingredients Indelible, and Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves, of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John street. 4t

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRING.

A COMPETENT PERSON will attend to the repairing of Instruments of all kinds. Seraphines, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., &c., Tuned and repaired in the very best manner, and at one charges. Orders left at Dyer's Music Store and Place Wax Room, 91 Central street, will be attended to. de16

CONSUMPTIVES.

As equal and normal circulation of the blood is health, so abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause. Vital Impurities Circulating and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure, for these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a master of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries in knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we safely venture the remark, that as the planets move in their spheres, and the tides ebb and flow in accordance with certain laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed law, which governs the circulation, and death, the result of its derangement.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood gives as the component parts of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The all we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, carries or oxidizes it.

Oxygen brought in contact with a minerfor fiber, causes it to contract.

By the use of Oxygenize, we have now the solution as to the cause of the active power of the Blood. Oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the blood in the red corpuscles of the lungs, imparts electricity, which coming in contact with the nervous centres in the form of Galvanism, causes it to impart to the blood a power which expels the blood and sends it tingling through the remotest parts of the body, and thus the causes of Consumption, Dropsy, Fits, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, &c., &c., are overcome by the introduction into the system of sulphur and phosphorous, which combining with the oxygen, more copiously as an abnormal circulation. The blood becomes pure, the nervous system regulated, healthy circulation becomes harmless, and subject to the control of the will, and the whole system, including the liver and kidneys act in, in short, almost every disease to which the human system is subject to be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles and Oxygen.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and while the writer has proved that it can also discovered the "elixir vita," we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Oxygenize is a combination of emancipation!! Sufferers from any organic disease, should at once go into the system by the body or mind, reduced the standard of vitality and circulation, and the red globules is the suffering any of the distresses known as incurable. If Dr. Wilson's "Blood Food" be taken it can cure you. It has cured thousands of desperate cases after all other had been given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your money, but try it. Remember it is an all failing remedy; give it a trial.

Oxygenize is for sale by carrying out and fully setting the theory advanced here to be correct. Dr. Wilson has been engaged in its preparation for a great many years. Blood Food is sold by all druggists throughout the world for $1 per bottle, five of regular size, for $5, and the large bottles free of expense, for $5. Price, single bottle, $1; three bottles, $2 50; six vials, in neat wrappers—the old kind, in small bottles, in red wrappers, for $1. Be sure and ask for and take none but the fac-simile signature of Church & Dupont upon the outside wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

DR. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor.

No. 3 Dey street, New York.

C. GOODWIN & CO., M. D.'S, BURR & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, and RICHARDSON, HALL & CO., Agents Boston. Sold in Lowell by Chas. A. Stimson, Wm. B. Rider & Son, H. S. Hayes, Dr. Wm. Kidder, &c. sep28 [ob folw] 6ty

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY! THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PHILBRICK'S

PHILADELPHIA

PEARL

FLOUR.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Liver Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, for sale by

E. N. WOOD.

sep28 3mos

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England within the last month.

10,000 sold in the United States within the last two months.

350 sold in Lowell within the last three months, and still they come.

Here is no machine which can be compare to it in point of simplicity. Call and see it at H. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 91 Central street. mar22

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Works, has received the highest premium at the last Old London; and the superior quality of this White Lead over all others in the market is now asserted by any establishment in the world which has received the highest premium and market "Warranted Pure" in Fahrenheit Pure.

The Company are now prepared for covering of this Lead, which is claimed to be much sooner than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 150 lbs of it will cover as much surface as 200 lbs of any other. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A full trial of the article will convince any practical painter of its superiority. Also, for sale, a large stock of Red Lead, Litharge, Patent Shot, &c., &c., and now offering to the public the best article of Lead ever manufactured by the manufacturers of this Lead, has been engaged in the business for a long series of years, and by science and his experience, connected with important improvements in the manufacture, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Orders left with the Agent, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Corner Merrimack and John streets, will receive prompt attention. Boston's Infallible Cure for the Toothache, Sold by all Druggists. Infallible Cerebral Gift offers from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibility of the nerves, but by strengthening them. It cures by removing all pain and inflammation, the cause of disease, and by restoring the natural tone to every part of the system. Thousands can and have testified to its virtues, and by the use of a few bottles, will be convinced of the truth of the assertion, that it is a

Safe, Speedy and Certain Remedy

for all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Full directions in English, French, German and Spanish accompany each bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT, Chemists and Druggists, No. 3 Dey street, New York.

Sold by them, and by most druggists throughout the country.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

for removing Corns, Bunions, &c., more quickly than other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Cushions, have failed. Every one who uses it is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years ago. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction, or the money refunded.

Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

is sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES,

EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Who would be without a Sewing machine of some kind? In this—another, which is sold for $10, we have combined the good quality of all and all machines ever before invented. It has a very durable motion, and over all the others on account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER Agent.

91 Central street.

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Sawed Coal, &c., for Grates, Stoves, &c., and Hard and Soft Wood, sawed, &c., wholesale and retail. SAWED WOOD, all of hard wood, quality, &c.

No. 26 MIDDLE STREET.

Having also arrangements with shipper to buy in large quantities, we are prepared to sell at lower prices than can be purchased elsewhere. Please call and see us. Middle street, and see us.

WILLIAM KITTREDGE.

Lowell Aug. 6, 1860. aug6eodtf

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the only sewing Machine which is sold for $10, and warranted every way.

N. C. CARTER Agent,

feb15 91 Central street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE latest in fancy good stationery at low prices. Call at H. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, 91 Central street. Lowell. sep21

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the importer's name, F. Barreda & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD.

mar27 47 Market street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—prefers and complexion, removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Sunburn and Tetter. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

SPRING STYLE HATS.

BRAZER, at the CO-NEE HAT STORE, has received from the manufacturers the LATEST STYLES of HATS from the Spring of 1861.

The sweet leather of the hill is so obtained as to admit a circulation of air sufficient to heal the body of the hat, thereby all the sweat of the Fevil Hat, without causing any accident to heat the head or endanger the health.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice, dyed to the head by the use of the Electromagnetic. mar27d

Corner Central and Market sts.

H. S. HOYNES.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE AND RICH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,

mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

New Goods, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money. A new method for the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until very recently, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from those who are making from $250 to $30 per week. One young lady has cleared over $1000, all earned by her self in a few weeks. A little girl 12 years old has paid the sum of $1,00. Women can clear from $5 to $15 per day. Men can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all information necessary to enable any one to enter the business, and which enables the possessor to commence operations immediately, will be sent free of charge to any one who may be interested in stock for investment. We have sold this business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,

aug24 Boston, Mass.

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Rheumatism Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools and in every walk of life, testify to its wonderful efficacy, and recommend it to the afflicted. Their certificates, which are open to the inspection of all who have used it, unite in testifying that its wonderful power to relieve pain is almost magical, and that it is a sure cure for Rheumatism.

For Neuralgia it is unequalled, and for Sciatica, Lumbago, or aching pains in the back or limbs, it is a perfect specific.

For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and all affections of the throat and lungs, it is a sovereign remedy.

For Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Frosted Limbs, Chilblains, Sore Feet, Stiff Joints, Lameness, Contracted Muscles, Numbness, Paralysis, Tic Doloureux, Toothache, Earache, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Hysterics, Fits, Spasms, Colic, Cramp, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Stomach, Vomiting, Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for Female Complaints, it is a remedy of unequalled power.

In Convulsions,

from whatever cause arising, as also in those from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved instantaneously. Where the nervous system is completely shaken, its instant voice is such that it has been known to restore the use of the limbs in a few minutes to those who had been for years bedridden. Let the following testimonials speak for themselves. We ask you to read them carefully, and then, if you are not convinced, or satisfied, as well as to your suffering child, Kennedy's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, has a fact which the Proprietor is prepared to prove, enters into the composition for infantile disease, at this time by the public, as a Soothing Syrup, which is a baneful remedy. Mothers are becoming conscious of this fact, and will not, if they understand the nature of the article, give it to their children. Those who do so, are dogged in the form of paralysis, epilepsy, nervous administration being severely tortured by convulsion, and consumption of the bowels, ending in death. Kennedy's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound Infantile Cordial offers from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibility of the nerves, but by strengthening them. It cures by removing all pain and inflammation, the cause of disease, and by restoring the natural tone to every part of the system. Thousands can and have testified to its virtues, and by the use of a few bottles, will be convinced of the truth of the assertion, that it is a

Safe, Speedy and Certain Remedy

for all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Full directions in English, French, German and Spanish accompany each bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT, Chemists and Druggists, No. 3 Dey street, New York.

Sold by them, and by most druggists throughout the country.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

For the alleviation of bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Influenza, Sore Throat and Consumption. Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches beneficial in clearing the voice when taken before using. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

is sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES,

EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Who would be without a Sewing machine of some kind? In this—another, which is sold for $10, we have combined the good quality of all and all machines ever before invented. It has a very durable motion, and over all the others on account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER Agent.

91 Central street.

Burnet's Coconine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agree ableness, it is without an equal.

It promotes the growth of the hair, and prevents it from becoming dry and unsightly.

It imparts no disagreeable odor.

It is the favorite dressing of all who use it.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre

It is the best dressing for children.

It costs 50 cents per bottle, and is sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his superior stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Goods, DON BE SOLD

91 Central street.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath music in his soul," &c. &c.

JUST received, five pieces from Operettes and Christy's Minstrels—Arranged for the Piano by Otto Dresel.

Price, 25 cents each.

Valentine Exposition from favorite Operas—arranged by Chas. Voss.

All the above Music is published by the workmen in the employ of Chas. C. Perkins, and for sale at H. S. HUNT, 91 Central st. mch7

A HOYT'S Celebrated Ballads now on hand at H. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store.

Parties wishing Tunes of a depressing nature, Love's health to woman dear—She gave me a rose, &c., &c., can be accommodated at H. S. HUNT'S, 91 Central street.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are warranted against infringement or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as other lock-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, both in range and variety of work, to the frequent changes and fine stitchery of sewing required in a family, than any other. They will sew from one to six inches in a minute, from the finest cambric to the coarsest leather, without changing the tread, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In root such a machine best adapted to family use? and if any one can be found to say, why for the every variety of light sewing machine? We would be happy to see it. Finkle & Lyon's Family Machine, is the only one that will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of fine cambric

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, May 11, 1861.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, May 9th, 1861.

The Sixth Regiment, as you know, is no longer in Congress, but has gone into camp at the Relay House, about nine miles from Baltimore. The country about the Relay House is charming in the extreme. It is, in fact, a noted summer resort for Baltimoreans and Washingtonians. The Sixth Regiment seems bound to be put into fashionable quarters wherever they go. Col. Parsons is constantly passing to and fro between the Relay House and this city, to see to the transportation of the baggage as it arrives at the Navy Yard, and the carrying of letters and papers. Nice little bags of gold are constantly arriving from friends at home. I was glad to see to-day that the Rev. Mr. Babbidge's friends in Pepperell have sent on to their pastor a pouch full of the needful. He is deserving of any beneefactions his parishioners may see fit to bestow upon him. Gold is at all times welcome, as well in war as peace; but I fancy that the Massachusetts Regiment at Relay House, prize the letters and papers which they receive from their friends at home, as highly or even more highly than they do golden eagles.

The New York Fire Zouaves seem likely to fall work enough in their own peculiar line of extinguishing fires, that is, if secession incendiaries are allowed to tarry here much longer. Willard's Hotel and its particular quarters of the Republicans here, is peculiarly obnoxious, of course, to the secession barbarians, who are still skulking about here. The fire near the Navy Yesterday was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. But fortunately the Fire Zouaves were on hand, and the incendiary attempt was defeated. All sorts of stories are in the city were *barricaded*; but the New York Zouaves soon burst them open, and hauled out "der maskeens," and went to work with terrible energy.

It is no exaggeration to say that the Mayor of this city, the Police and the entire Municipal government are rotten to be sure with the secession disease. The Mayor is under strict surveillance.

The New York Fire Zouaves have succeeded to the Sixth Regiment Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, as guardians of the Capitol. They are a rough set, but I believe they are conducting themselves with great propriety now. Col. Ellsworth has subjected them to severe discipline. He has disbanded the corps of a few secessionist characters, who were enlisted in the hurry of the moment. I like the Fire Zouaves. They will prove terrible customers for the Southern Chivalry in a hand to hand encounter. It is impossible to imagine anything more picturesque than the Zouave sentinels in their red shirts and with their Sharp's rifles, as they pace the precincts of the Capitol, under the vernal foliage of the numerous shade trees.

I was agreeably surprised by the sudden appearance at the Capitol last Sunday, of Speaker Goodwin and Clerk Merrill, two of your city. The Sixth Regiment was assembled in the Senate Chamber, on the eve of their departure for the Relay House. You had "better believe" that there was a flutter of Messrs. Goodwin and Gardner was the signal for some of the tallest cheers on record. Mr. Goodwin responded to the uproarious welcome in a strain of genuine eloquence.

To-night we are to have the first instalment of troops from the Great West. Two Ohio regiments and Sherman's battery are expected.

According to newspaper reports, *Jeff. Davis'* rebel followers are gathering in great force in Virginia, at such points as Culpepper Court House, Harper's Ferry, &c. It is the only chance for *Jeff.* and his rebels to strike quickly. Delay will ruin them. They have already lost prestige by not attacking Washington when they could possibly have taken it.

The halter will soon be the penalty of defeat. Now that the danger of attack is past, people are coming here in crowds. During the reign of terror which prevailed a fortnight or three weeks ago, the stampede was like that of rats escaping from a falling house. Large sums of money, in the shape of bribes, were paid to get across Maryland—in some instances as much as three or four hundred dollars.—The hotels were almost deserted.

The casualties from the careless use of firearms still continue here. Fugitives are continually arriving here from the South.

Last Tuesday night, the band of the New York Twelfth Regiment proceeded to Willard's Hotel, at which Major Anderson is now stopping, and tendered him the compliment of a serenade. After repeated calls by the crowd he appeared, saying:

"Fellow citizens: I thank you for this general manifestation of enthusiasm, but you must not expect a speech. My business is not to speak; my business is to fight, and after the rendering of several airs from the band, and repeated calls for him again, he appeared, and said: Gentlemen—My business is not to speak. The time for speaking has passed. I must now go and do something." After several national airs the following sentiments were proposed and said great cheering:—

1. Kentucky—We honor her because she holds the ashes of the sage of Ashland [Cheers.]

2. We honor her because she has furnished the hero of Fort Sumter—Major Anderson. [Cheers.]

3. We honor her because, despite the efforts of demagogues, she remains true to the Union. [Cheers. A voice—"I that remains to be seen."]

The assemblage was then addressed by Gen. Runyon, of the New Jersey Regiment, who, after stating that New Jersey, together with the North and West, would remain true to the Union, addressed the volunteers, saying that in a few days they would be called upon to cross the Potomac, [cheers from members of various regiments] and that they would be called upon to take Alexandria, Norfolk and Richmond; [cries of "That's the ticket,"] and that he expected they would not be required to stop until they took Charleston; but before that time should arrive, hundreds, aye, thousands, would be flocking to the standard of the stars and stripes. He further said that this was to be a war to the end of which was to establish the power of the government over all the seceded States.

The Government will not strike any blows until it is thoroughly master of its position in this region. Then look out for some stunners in the direction of Alexandria, Richmond, Harper's Ferry, &c.

S. W. B.

THE WAR NEWS.

The Massachusetts Regiment at the Relay House received their tents yesterday, and are reported to be in excellent condition. They were visited by not less than 2000 Baltimoreans during the day.

Thursday night ninety-four of the Maryland Guards were arrested by the Massachusetts Picket Guards, who invested Baltimore, for attempting to escape to Virginia to join the rebel hosts there. They will be dealt with as traitors.

It is reported that troops with a battery of artillery were sent this morning to a point west of the Relay House.

The bridges on the Northern Central Railroad are completed.

A Baltimore correspondent of the American, at Frederick, says the train going west yesterday morning was stopped at Point of Rocks, three miles west of Frederick, by Major Ashley, commander of the Virginia forces, and subjected to an examination. All westward trains will be stopped there in future. There are about 400 Virginia troops stationed there, comprising two companies of artillery and two companies of artillery and two companies of cavalry, together with the Baltimore and Frederick volunteers.

A train from the West, containing 10 horses and 1000 bushels of corn, arrived on the road from Baltimore. Gen. Butler dispatched a scouting party in pursuit, who overtook it six miles beyond the Relay House. The box was found to contain a Dickinson steam gun, which was being taken to Harper's Ferry. The gun and the men were brought into camp. One of the men is Dickinson, the inventor of the steam chine. The prisoners were sent to Annapolis.

Passage of the troops through Baltimore.

A Pennsylvania Regiment, troops from Texas, and Sherman's battery, was landed at Locust point, Baltimore, day before yesterday, in presence of the Mayor, Police Commissioner, and two hundred policemen. The Harrier Lane steed off Locust Point, with her port holes open, and Fort McHenry is reported to have been ready to send the Flag Uglies had there been an outbreak.

Texas. A dispatch received at New Orleans on the 5th, says that Texas forces had been sent to intercept Colonel Reeve's command of Federal troops, 600 strong, above San Antonio. Capt. Lee's company of infantry had surrendered at San Antonio. Col. Waite, successor of Gen. Twiggs, is a prisoner of war on parole.

The New York Commercial says the aggregate of the patriotic contributions already made for the equipment of troops, and the support of volunteers' families, amounts to over twenty-three millions of dollars.

BY TELEGRAPH.

VICTORY OF UNION MEN IN MISSOURI—TWENTY SECESSIONISTS KILLED.

We have received the following dispatch from Boston since 1 o'clock:—

St. Louis, Saturday morning.

To-day the Legislature of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows are requested to meet at Unity Hall, Tryon Row, Upperstairs (Saturday), at 12 o'clock, M., to attend the funeral of Brother Lyon, a member of Mariteek Lodge.

G. H. AUSTIN,
Secretary pro tem.

may13 1t

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK.

The following persons have been chosen officers of the Mechanics' Savings Bank in Lowell, at a meeting of said corporation holden May 11, 1861, and accepted the several offices for which they were severally chosen:

For President—William L. Burtt.

For Vice Presidents—Samuel W. Stickney, Jeremiah Clark, H. W. Hilton, Owen Street, Isaac Plaisted.

For Trustees—Andrew Roudy, E. P. Sherman, Isaac Cooper, J. C. Sargeant, George Rogers, Moses Greeley, A. Boyden, Samuel Fay, Charles Stevens, Alfred Merrill, Williams Wilson, Moses Wilson, Horace J. Adams, H. F. Watson, John B. Varnum, Jr., Rufus P. Stone.

Attest—JAMES ELDRED GILMAN, Sec.
Lowell, May 9, 1861.

ELECTION ON MONDAY. It will be recollected that there is to be an election on Monday next, to fill vacancies existing in the City Council. There has not been any special action in relation to nominations of candidates, but we hear the name of Capt. J. G. Peabody mentioned for Alderman, and George L. Harris for Councilman. Capt. Peabody is known to all our citizens, and has been in both branches of the City Government in years past. Mr. Harris, we believe, has had no experience in the place for which he is named, and looks more like our own New England farmers than any place we have seen since we left Massachusetts.

A NEW VIEW OF THE TREATMENT OF SECESSION. A writer in the *Boston Advertiser* treats the secession movement in a way that is refreshingly "at this juncture." The South are not only sensible but very practical in their secession. Before we quote from his article we believe it is well to say:

"People sometimes ask who is going to subjugate who, and how they are to do it. The answer will be that the process of subjugator to the subjugated then! Here is the bottled liar view of the question from the 'Political Pulpit' of Dedham:—'As soon as there is any sign of rising among the rebels, coal up the steamers and frontiers thermetically, and then wait. *You cannot starve the business. You must wait and let them ferment amongst themselves.*—There will be a pop here and there, or a broken bottle, but no matter. The general ferment will be on the inside. Only wait to the corks, and when the beer is lively, yesterday, in presence of the Mayor, Police Commissioner, and two hundred policemen. The Harrier Lane steed off Locust Point, with her port holes open, and Fort McHenry is reported to have been ready to send the Flag Uglies had there been an outbreak.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

BOSTON DAILIES!

The regular subscription list for the *Boston Journal, Traveller, and Atlas and Bee*, will be served on application at the subscription price, 50 AS WRIGHT.

Lowell, May 11, 1861.

I. O. O. F.

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LOWELL BANKS. The following is the official statement of the average condition of the Banks in Lowell, for the five weeks ending May 4, 1861 :—

	Capital.	Loans and Specie.	Deposits.
Lowell,	$300,000	$301,811	$13,150
Appleton,	200,000	525,043	8,206
Merchants,	150,000	296,090	7,572
Mechanics,	300,000	596,267	15,818
Manufrs.	600,000	1,033,421	21,520
Wamesit,	150,000	263,139	4,558
	Bal. in favor of other Banks.		66,352
	Bal. against other Banks.		2,564
Appleton,	$50,000	50,016	992
Lowell,	50,000	50,016	
Merrimack,	100,000	100,032	1,152
Railroad,	50,000	50,016	3,370
Spinners',	96,384	96,372	10,000

The following is the aggregate condition of all the banks, compared with the last monthly statement :

	March 25th.	May 6th.	Increase.	Dec
Capital,	$1,800,000	$1,800,000		
Loans and Specie,	4,021,323	4,041,417	$20,094	
Circulation,	32,994	64,307	6,314	
Deposits,	1,241,648	1,255,948	14,301	
Due to other Banks,	296,316	301,10	14,877	
Due from other Banks,	360,471	402,122	52,650	
Bills of other Banks,	57,337	54,771		$2,566
Specie,	308,328	320,961	12,633	
Circulation,			184,486	2,566

WHAT THE SOLDIERS REQUIRE. We have the most undoubted reasons for stating that Col. Jones wishes to uniform the Sixth Regiment without delay, so that the Light Colored Kossuth hats, crown about six inches high, and rim looped up on one side. Blue flannel blouse, long sleeves, with skirt long enough to reach midway between the hips and knees. Gray pants, satinet or Kentucky jean with black stripe on outer seam.

It will be apparent to all that this will constitute a uniform for practical service, and the expense would be but a trifle compared with the more ornamental dresses of our soldiers, which would be of little worth in the actual wear and tear to which they will be subjected.

BRIGADE BAND. The members of the Lowell Brigade Band expect to leave on Monday next for the headquarters of Gen. Butler. Last evening, by the liberality of their friends, each member of the band was presented with a six-octave instument, manufactured by Colt, and should they again happen to meet with such a reception as they had at Baltimore, the instruments will be played in such a manner as to astonish the audience and bring down at least a portion of the house.

LOSS COMING. The advanced drive of Norcross' logs have reached Manchester, and they were received from the same early to Huntington Hall, by the Richardson Light Infantry, Capt. Davis. In Huntington Hall a large number of persons were assembled, and after the arrival of Mr. W. Homer, the troops were briefly addressed by Mayor Sargeant and A. R. Brown, Esq., with words of encouragement and counsel.

After the exercises the company entered the depot, which was crowded, and at half past nine o'clock the train started with them, amid the cheers of the large crowd assembled. God be with our patriotic young men who constitute this company.

FLAG-RAISING IN CENTRALVILLE. The scholars connected with the Varnum School in Centralville, having noticed the flag floating from the top of the Moody School House, determined to show a patriotic spirit as their youthful Belvidere friends, "pursed" enough to purchase a flag, which was run out last evening, in the presence of a large audience, assembled for the purpose of seeing all armed men and munitions of war; also all cars passing westward, which included a number, consisted a train of ten cars last night, the first of the season, containing corn, sugar, rice, &c., while the remainder were filled up with dry goods boxes, upon the opening of which they were found to contain bed cloth, and in consequence thereof were detained. This morning several more cases were seized, loaded with similar contents.

The New York Eighth Regiment is also here, and are stationed on high land for the immediate vicinity of our regiment.—They number eight hundred and forty-eight men, exclusive of their band and sickly, who were left at Annapolis. With them they have a corps of engineers mustering twenty-four, and a drum corps of sixteen men. They are an able-bodied set of men, and will doubtless give a good account of themselves if they are called into active service. One of the lieutenants of this regiment was instantly killed this morning, by the accidental discharge of his musket, which was in the hands of a comrade, the cause unknown the piece was discharged, the ball passing through his head, killing him instantly.

Letters for the members of the Sixth Regiment addressed to Washington, will reach us, let us be located where we may, as they will be forwarded to us by the War Department. The same is true in reference to papers. It is a beautiful country around the Relay House and looks more like our own New England farms than any place we have seen since we left Massachusetts.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, to any amount exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000

DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Lowell.
Richard Cushing, "
Arthur F. Bonney, "
Joshua W. Danielle, "
Solomon Bancroft, "
Ephraim Brown, "
Alonzo A. Miner, "
Nathaniel Wilkinson, "
Abraham T. Lowe, "
Stephen E. Barnard, "
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 164 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass.
ap13 1y

ÆTNA insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn
Incorporated 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus:.....$560,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$560,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other companies. Call and examine their terms before insuring elsewhere. Risks taken on Churches, for one or five years, at low rates.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Apply to
GEO. F. BAILEY & CO.'S
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 14 Appleton Block, Central Street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
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IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!
The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL
$100,000.
Dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 86-100 per cent.
Assets and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.
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$253,912.29.
The Company has been doing a prosperous business during the past year, having issued more than a million dollars of insurance, and increasing its Capital and Surplus Funds over $100,000.
Its Assets are invested in the most unexceptionable manner, and are held in the hands of Trustees, who are responsible for the safe keeping of the same.
Its Directors are men of the highest standing in the community, and the Company is conducted with the greatest economy.
Its Rates of Premium are as low as those of any other Company.
Its Policies are liberal, and its Dividends are large.
Its Agents are men of character and ability, and are responsible for the faithful performance of their duties.
Its Medical Examiners are among the most skilful in the city.
Its Secretary is a practical insurance man, and will attend to the business of the Company in person.
Its Trustees are men of wealth and character, and are responsible for the faithful performance of their duties.
Its Counsel is one of the most eminent lawyers in the city.
Its Policies are issued on the most favorable terms, and are free from all unnecessary restrictions

RELIGIOUS.

TRUE RICHES.

A SERMON.

TEXT—Rich toward God.—Luke xii. 21.

"What is he worth!" Used in its full significance, this would be the most pregnant, the most just, and the most comprehensive question that could be propounded in regard to any mortal being—when asked in the ordinary way, it simply means, How large are his estates? how much gold has he in his bank vaults? And the ordinary answer would be, "The man is worth twenty thousand, or a fifty thousand dollars." Then we can only say that he will have twenty thousand or fifty thousand dollars to account for at the bar of God. Then will he be either the happy reaper of immortal joys, when every well-employed coin will find like a golden ear in the full sheaf of his heavenly harvest; or else he must meet thousands of scorpions to torment his soul through his dreary eternity of despair. In a man worth uncounted thousands—a bullion or bank stock, in real estate or rare commodities? Then he ought to be worth a vast deal to the community in which he lives, and to the Church of Jesus Christ. He ought to be worth—bread to the hungry, a shoeing to the ignorant, flicks to the unevangelized, and mission schools to those famishing children at our doors. He ought to be rich toward God in the large and liberal employment of his high stewardship.

For not every rich man is "rich toward God." Else our Saviour would not have uttered the parable from which our text is taken. He probably had in his mind just such a person as I could easily find in a ten minutes' walk through this commercial city—a self complacent Croesus, shrivelled in soul, but corpulent in purse; a man to whom avarice has devoured all the other appetites of the heart as sea-worms do the gulp down whole shoals of smaller fish; one who could call up his immortal part, and address it in the same words as Esau—he would to a silken-haired pet spaniel, "Now my little soul, thou hast every thing good laid up for thyself!" Not for others, observe. Not for God. But for thyself. Now my little soul, and be merry, thyself. Thou art thy eyes on full barns, full boxes, full safes, full bank vaults. Grunt over them. They are all thine. Never will I be so weak-headed as to be cheated out of these comforts—spending and so to squander them on foolish charities."—"Thou fool!" thunders the voice of God above him—"thou fool, this night thy soul shall be required of thee; then whose shall those things be which thou hast provided?"

This terrible satire of divine indignation is not expended upon the subject of this parable, because he was rich in temporal goods. The Bible has no controversy with men of wealth. It never discourages the acquisition of gold, so long as the heart owns the gold, and the gold does not own the heart. Such anathema of the parable is not against riches, but against *selfishness*, the inmost worship which destroys Jehovah. And by as much as the selfishness is the selfishness of wealth, by just so much is it the more abominable and baneful. For when God makes an individual worth tens of thousands, and he makes himself worth less than nothing to the Creator and his fellow men, God will curse such selfishness with the most crushing condemnation. Even at the bar of final judgment, one test question will be, in regard to you and to me, and to every man, "How much is he worth—worth to his Saviour and the Saviour's cause! How much has he been worth to his fellow-men!" In that great day of decision we should like to stand up as the pastor of a rich church—exceeding it is to talk and preach to a poor one. If so, you must begin now, with a holy covetousness to lay up spiritual and eternal treasures. Let me point out to you, in this familiar discourse, a few simple rules for becoming "rich toward God."

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How then can any soul become rich toward God! He does not inherit spiritual wealth, but rather the entire and most pitiable want of it. He inherits poverty. He inherits evil passions. Noble faculties and capacities are his inheritance, but not one particle of native grace comes with them. The more gifted in intellect, the more dangerous will he become if those noble powers are wholly uncontrolled by the law of God. Without grace, he is a guilty creature on earth and a lost creature through eternity.

He must begin then on that grace—on God's free gift to him through Christ.—Just as a liberal father makes his son rich in commercial business by furnishing him a certain sum as his capital, so (if we may thus speak) our heavenly Father gives the new heart as a Christian capital. This is the starting point. As soon as converting grace enters the soul its condition changes. At that point, by that act, the seeking sinner becomes the forgiven, the accepted, the adopted heir of God. And the religious principles then implanted by the Holy Ghost is the spiritual capital with which the new-made heir begins his stewardship. Sometimes this capital is inserted in early childhood or in early youth, and then it long "three years and not" witnesses the growth of that soul into vast possessions. Sometimes a person begins late in life, and then, like those who invested in government stock at forty, he seldom becomes a spiritual millionaire. The fact, he does not get far beyond his original capital. It is hard work to make a "first class" Christian out of an aged sinner. Old habits of sin have become inveterate. The best soil of the heart has been worn out in growing enormous crops of tares. There is a want of spring pliability in an an old man's temperament. He does not readily apply himself to new dispositions and new duties. As the merchants who have accumulated the most gigantic fortunes are those who began to be rich before thirty, so the richest Christians are usually to be found among the converts of the fifth class room and the Sabbath school. Begin young, my friends, if you would attain to great riches. And you who are no longer young may still be saved, if they will come heartily at once; but I doubt if they often do much toward saving others. God reserves the highest reward to those earliest laborers in his vineyard who serve the hardest and the longest.

II. In the second place, let me remind you that *he who would amass the ge wealth must not sit down content with* A*n original capital*. He makes a investing. He plants his gold in a well tilled farm, or sends it onward in strong bottomed ships, or uses it to spinning new fortunes in the factory. He must venture what he has if he would gain more.

Even so in the spiritual world, that professor is but a lone, poverty-stricken starveling who never gets beyond the infantile condition in which he stood for the first time at Christ's table. Such professed *saints* are in every church. Their single talent is hidden in a napkin—a very small napkin. What God conferred upon them at the time of their conversion is all that they have now; if there has been any change, it has been rather a reduction than a growth. Such began small—they continue small. They never were anything but rivulets, trickling with slender thread of water among the barren stones, at the mercy of every August drought, and well nigh drunk up by every thirsty noonday sun. Year after year they trickle—trickle—trickle—until death dries them up, and they vanish from them. They watered nothing, they refreshed nobody, and blessed no living thing. Earth is little the poorer for being there—hardly scarcely the richer for gaining them.

But a growing believer's course is like yonder river—he is tirtle-place seas sacked feet fountain under the mossy rock. Cool and clear it steers its modest path whithersoever God shall lead it, laughing evermore, and leaping to it own silvery music, as it flows on its way. Then we see it again, no longer a wayside brook, but a deep-voiced river, bearing against its banks —swelling up to kiss the margin of green meadows—winding around the highland's base—rolling on in majestic march until it spreads out into a hospitable bay, or whose placid bosom rides at anchor, and in whose azure depths the banners of all nations are mirrored. Such is the river's flow of a rich soul; every day widening its influence; every day deepening in experience; every day running purer and purer. To human eyes and believers may seem more slowly as old age draws on. But it is because the volume of their graces is increasing, and they are nearing the ocean of eternity. How those lives gladden the region through which they flow! How they mirror back the glory of Christ's gracious countenance! How they bear up the man hopes, and spread themselves out like broad, patient rivers, to carry all burdens that are launched on their waters!

Yet such a glorious Christian career, so beautiful in its daily flow, and so beneficent in its results, is only the result of a daily conversion employed at compound interest. Where one soul is saved they pass it on to the original fountain magnified. Behold the virtue of *consumulation!* To this the apostle exhorted when he urged his brethren to "grow in grace." To accumulate spiritual wealth for God is the purport of that apostolic injunction—"*Add* to your faith virtue; and to virtue, knowledge; and to knowledge, temperance; and to temperance, patience; and to patience, godliness; and to godliness, brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness, charity." Brethren, I repeat and re-enforce the exhortation. Grow in grace. Advance. Always every down-pouring of heavenly influences. Catch every descending drop of spiritual blessing. Open your hearts to every ray of Bible knowledge. Be filled with the fullness of wealth. It never discourages the acquisition of gold, so long as the heart owns the gold, and the gold does not own the heart. Such anathema of the parable is not against riches, but against *selfishness*, the inmost worship which destroys Jehovah. And by as much as the selfishness is the selfishness of wealth, by just so much is it the more abominable and baneful. For when God makes an individual worth tens of thousands, and he makes himself worth less than nothing to the Creator and his fellow men, God will curse such selfishness with the most crushing condemnation. Even at the bar of final judgment, one test question will be, in regard to you and to me, and to every man, "How much is he worth—worth to his Saviour and the Saviour's cause! How much has he been worth to his fellow-men!" In that great day of decision we should like to stand up as the pastor of a rich church—exceeding it is to talk and preach to a poor one. If so, you must begin now, with a holy covetousness to lay up spiritual and eternal treasures. Let me point out to you, in this familiar discourse, a few simple rules for becoming "rich toward God."

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CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz.: Improper Circulation; and from this one cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for these diseases, the first great requisite necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful increases in knowledge, to make this great discovery.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, and call upon the patient more in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, as animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which restores or destroys, and death, the natural effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood gives the two principal compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

Upon these, therefore, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Organic life brought in contact with a metal, revives or emits electricity.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscular fiber, causes it to contract.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the heart. Oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, electricity, which coming in contact with the heart causes it to contract, and hereon by means of which expels the blood and sends it tingling through the remotest organs of the system. In the process of decreasing, and they are nearing the ocean of eternity. How these lives gladden the region through which they flow! How they mirror back the glory of Christ's gracious countenance! How they bear up the man hopes, and spread themselves out like broad, patient rivers, to carry all burdens that are launched on their waters!

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FARMERS,

JUST RECEIVED AT E. MANSUR'S,

100 tons Mapes's Improved Super Phosphate of Lime;
1 ton Mapes's Soc. Superphosphate of Lime;
10 tons Parsvinian Guano, warranted genuine
50 tons Herds Grass Seed;
50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Seeds; Timothy, Spring Wheat, Seed Corn, Onion Sets, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.
MANSUR'S, Corner Merrimack and John sts.
Building Stone constantly on hand. ap29eo1

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

The subscriber having completed his new wharf on Hurd street, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash rates. All kinds of wood delivered with promptness.
J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dt

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for the toilet. Sold by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Sold by E. K. HALE, 17 Central street.

SPRING WHEAT AND RYE.

100 bush Spring Wheat, for seed;
100 bush Rye, for seed;
For sale by S. N. WOOD,
ap22* 45 Market street.

Kidder's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, Stone, Slate, and Britannia Ware, &c., &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found peculiarly adapted for the use of those who have, or have ever seen, or may be, use without knowing it. Sold by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

THE UNION IS SAFE!

ALL DONE FOR $100.

A Notice has been received from the sounding States of the Union that they will not secede from the Republic, which are to be forwarded immediately, to be given away to the first person who calls and pays for the same. It is to be seen at the sewing Machine Office, No. 11 Merrimack street, where all are invited to call and examine. Agents wanted.
100 Agents wanted
Machine Instructors and Operatives are respectfully invited to call and examine at No. 11 Central street.
J. CARTER, Agent.

GENTS' NECK TIES,

Of new and beautiful patterns, just received by the subscriber, at 57 Central, corner of Market st.
mar8* E. STONE.

SPECTACLES.—A new lot of Steel Bands

just adopted to all Eyes received this day and for sale cheap at SANBORN'S, Old Post Office corner
mr29

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

P. T. H. E. A. P. E. S. T.
PUTNAM'S CHEAP CASH STORE,
Corner of Central and Market streets.
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Rice Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by
apr29 S. N. WOOD.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES

are now in use in Lowell within the last month. 3200 are in use in United States within the last months, and still they sell.

The Machine is so much known to be useful, that it needs no commendation. Simple to bought so cheap, and yet it costs us. This is a part of the soul's wealth that no one can purchase for us; no dearest friend can take it from us; we can get it for ourselves, and ourselves alone. Yet exhortation is the price we offers you for it.

My dear people, I covet for you the best gifts. Am of God who giveth liberally that he will be rich—rich in God's gifts—rich in good works—rich in revenues of joy—rich in righteousness—rich in the riches of grace, although your frame be wrapped in coarse raiment, your soul shall be enfolded in the shining garments of Christ's righteousness. Though your dwelling-place be so lowly, yet your heaven-seeking affections may be as those in the celestial courts before the throne of the God and the Lamb. Although your purse be scanty, your heart will be a palace whose chambers are filled with "all pleasant and all precious riches." So shall you be made in the eyes of partakers of the inheritance of the saints in light.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

A LL the Lead Ore taken on the Forest River Estate is now owned by the Company, and will be worked in the most ORDERLY and economical manner by Messrs. Dorrance and Perkins, it is believed that the Ore will be found more abundant than in All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," is Guaranteed Pure.

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead, and its perfect freedom from grit, are the shining attributes of Christ's right. All of us do much work at 185 lbs of most other brands, but 100 lbs of Corroll's Pure White Lead will cover as this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of this White Lead will convince the most unbelieving painter that he can work easier and to better advantage with any other brand.

Also for sale by the Lowell Agent, Corroll's Pure Linseed Oil, which has personally superintended the manufacture of, and which is signed by the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and is warranted to be made in all respects as the governments in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" for sale by CORROLL & CO., Boston.
CHARLES CORROLL, Boston, 24 Kilby street.
Building Stone constantly on hand. ap29eo1

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts

of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALDEN CORE PLASTER.

In curing Cancer without the slightest pain, where the knife and caustic have failed to effect a cure. Its efficacy, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now used in the principal Cancer Hospitals in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered, and it is intended to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
E. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa Nuts, Oil, &c., for A dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeable odors, it is unsurpassed.

It prevents the hair from falling off
It promotes the most luxurious growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It contains no disagreeable odor.
It cleans the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest nutriment.
It remains longest in effect.
It is the cheapest dressing in use.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his new and extensive stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection.
TOM McEVOY,
aug28dtf 55 Central street.

MORE MUSIC.

"He that hath an ear to hear, let him hear."—Rev. iii. 22.

JUST received, five pieces from Ornestes and Chandler's Band, Boston, for Quadrille Band, for the Fall and Winter season.
C. F. BUTTERFIELD,
sep7 No. 57 Merrimack Street.

MOTHERS

Is most be shrieking not only to you, but to every one who has children to attend to, that the use of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children of their bowels, and in the connection we would say to every one who has a child afflicted with any of those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice. We know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for Cholera Infantum, and we feel safe in saying to those you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind in the market.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious attention is required, you will find it a treasure of priceless value. It will be found invaluable in relieving the child from pain, and the mother from anxiety and watching. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, relief and health to your infants. Remember, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Sick Headache, and all Derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, are all immediately relieved by the use of this Cordial. It will regulate the stomach and bowels, and by its operation on the tongue and stomach

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other cause, it will be found a most valuable antidote, as if by magic; and in the dread sometimes fatal disease, Cholera Infantum, it is the only remedy that can be relied on with certainty. Remember the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been given it by the proprietor, and see that you call for your attention to a subject of vital interest to you. Sold by all first class druggists. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any description will be found in the composition of my Cordial, and I would say to all who recommend or existing cannot be said of any other preparation of the kind now before the public.

We find that throughout the country, in the principal cities, towns and villages, Agents have been appointed, at which certain in reach from the use of narcotics are placed in the hands of druggists, and the well established administration being invariably followed by unparalleled success, it is now regarded as the most efficacious in Convulsions. Observe Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is Certified to by the Mayor of the city. Sold by

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibility of the nerves, as Opium and Morphine, but by rare medicinal qualities, by removing all pain and irritation, and by its wonderful soothing power, and therefore, to lose no time in procuring a bottle, that by next meal or at bed time, you may be sure and call to relieve your child in time of need. It is perfectly harmless, and may be given with safety to a child a few hours old.

Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. The pen can say no more. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 69 Broadway, New York
And sold by them, and by all druggists everywhere.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR the alleviation or immediate, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Sore throats of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches useful in clearing the voice before entering the voice. Sold by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
mh14

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

Is now ready
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov17

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES,

EVERYBODY needs one of these little wonders. Who would be without a sewing machine? Who will be, after they have seen what is sold for $10, we find combined every good quality of any and all machines, and more invented. It has a very decided superiority over all the others on account of its simplicity.
N. C. CARTER Agent.
17 Central street.

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coal, Stove, Nut and Egg. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use, at the lowest cash prices. SAWED WOOD, all of the best quality, at
NO. 36 MIDDLE STREET.

Having ade arrangements with shippers to supply me with Coal, I am prepared to contract to furnish railroad into the centre of the city. wood as those in want of the above articles will find it for their interest to call and see us.
WILLIAM KITTREDGE.
Lowell Aug. 6, 1860.

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the new Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No machine excels it.
N. C. CARTER Agent.
17 Central street.
feb13

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE largest stock of Miscellaneous works at low prices, to all 1 to 5 cents per volume, at the Lowell Book and Periodical Depot.
nov17 E. STONE.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Importer's name, F. Barreiro & Bro. For sale at Boggis prices by SAM'L. N. WOOD,
Mar2 49 Merrimack Street.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for the toilet. Sold by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

A FOTHER lot of Station Ballads now on hand at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store;

Ballads, Sing-Tho' Never—Sing Tho' Ye May—Departing Soul—Home's a haunt to woman dear—She gave me a rose. Sold by
E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.
mh13

THE ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FROM Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians at the oldest schools of medicine, who give it their unqualified approval, and from thousands in for cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but all who have used it, testify that its self-restoring property, the hair from falling out, and from letting gray, and from falling to the head, and restoring the follicles to a healthy action.

Oak Grove, R. C., June 24th, 1859.
Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: Your hair restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. Many have been restored to health by its use. Your hair dressing is the best I ever used.
During the year 1858 I was unfortunate as to be afflicted with Rheumatism in the worst form and the head, from which my head received a most terrible shock—during a steam boat explosion, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From the time I received the injury, I was unable to procure anything I could think of that would restore it, I employed every physician of skill in the city, and tried every remedy I heard of, but I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but was finally defeated in every prescription advanced.
These and no other circumstances induced me to procure Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, which I had before, produced a very hairy result, but 6 months after I had used it, my head was covered with a fine growth of hair. Since then I certainly can say my most sinister thanks are due to you for the Rheumatic Compound, and your hair restorative, I shall use my influence in your behalf, and you can publish this, if you think proper.
Yours very respectfully,
M. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jefferson Co. Democrat,
Watertown, N. Y., Feb. 18, 1859.
Dear Sir:—I feel in my duty as a friend to humanity to come to you in the following statement, which I have no use as yet thou thank proper. A gentleman of this place, (Mr. Wm. Hall,) has used your Restorative with success; so much so, that he was compelled to wear a wig for the last 20 years, but by the use of your Restorative he has a fine head of hair, and after using some two or three bottles of your Restorative, he discarded the wig, and consequently an old head of hair. The gentleman's name is Brainard, and as to his character for truth, I refer to the community. I persons can testify to the truth of this statement. I am, dear sir, yours, with respect, &c.
THOMPSON SUBSCRIBE.

I certify that my friend, Mr. Brainard, has presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," for the use of suffering with a painful attack of rheumatism, and I am pleased to say that it has relieved me of the said disease.
ALBERT SMITH,
Member of Assembly, Jefferson Co.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have found it a most valuable and successful remedy. We have had confidence in its healing virtues from the first, and have found it to be all that it claims to be in those harassing diseases, as one of the best and most reliable remedies in use.
G. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 64 Broadway New York.
For sale in Lowell by WM. B. FRENCH, corner Merrimack and Middle streets, and by all druggists and dealers in medicines.
And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
nov17

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an *internal remedy*, driving out and restoring, and not outward application, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children with perfect safety. One of the most delicate constitutions.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.
DANIEL A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks at one time, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."
NORMAN T. AYRES,
75 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numerous remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
D. BARTLETT, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Angleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

Dear Sir:—I feel in my duty as a friend to humanity to come to you in the following statement, which I have no use as yet thou thank proper. A gentleman of this place, (Mr. Wm. Hall,) has used your Restorative with success; so much so, that he was compelled to wear a wig for the last 20 years, but by the use of your Restorative he has a fine head of hair, and after using some two or three bottles of your Restorative, he discarded the wig, and consequently an old head of hair. The gentleman's name is Brainard, and as to his character for truth, I refer to the community. I persons can testify to the truth of this statement. I am, dear sir, yours, with respect, &c.
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And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
nov17

W. H. DYAR

39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Frames done with Neatness and Attended to.

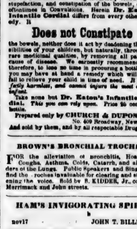
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and first premium over all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair, and the Crystal Palace Prize Medal, a good tone, "next to the above-named makers" Pi ano Fortes are manufactured by the subscribers, and warranted to be in every respect first class.
Second hand Pianos for sale at a bargain.
RUGG & GRIFFITH.
Lowell, June 2, 1860.

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England States, and now offered to the public as a Coal—free grooming, by far it. "said only by
PLINY FISK & WORLEY, corner Moody and Tremont streets.
The above Coal is a new discovery, and is equal in every respect to the Cumberland Coal, and is recommended by all who have used it. Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood for sale at the lowest rates.
N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice.
Also, Hay and Straw for sale.
Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building, will receive prompt attention.
(Copyright secured.)

THE Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown, of safety and certainty, is now used, and proving effectual after all others have failed, in hundreds of cases of *married and single ladies*, and in the very worst cases of suppression, on purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in a few days. Its construction *from any cause*, and *at any period*, and although all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is put up in a large bottle, containing a powerful concentrated substance, and is taken *just before each* an ordinary dose of medicine, and is the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to keep their health, and examine at
E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Bitter Tooth, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a variety of fancy Toilet Soaps for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR, for sale by the subscriber, at his whole wheat establishment, on hand and for sale by
S. N. WOOD,
ap22 45 Market street.

OVER 1000 MOTTLES

have been sold in this vicinity within the past month, *for a single fortnight* when taken as directed, and will cure any case of Kidney Trouble in one week. 27 It is put up in bottles of three different sizes, viz: 25 cents, 50 cents and $1, and is sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICES—Full strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $2 50.
27 *Remember! This medicine is designed especially for those who have tried in vain all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and who have

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, May 13, 1861.

THE LOWELL TROOPS.—Hon. J. A. Goodwin, of this city, who reached home Saturday night from a tour to the seat of war, reports the Lowell companies to be very pleasantly and safely situated at the Relay House, nine miles from Baltimore. Several of them had coughs and other complaints while hived up in the Capitol, but encamping in the open air had relieved all these. Although during the first two days and nights at the Relay there was a steady rainstorm, during which they had no protection but bushes and fences, and though for five nights they had no vessels and were obliged to perform very fatiguing guard duty, only one man in the entire regiment was on the sick list. The Lowell troops now have tents, a plenty of good food, and are well clothed for the present and well cared for. They seem in the best of spirits, and are full of zeal. Their greatest wants now are india-rubber blankets, sewing and writing materials, and a supply of good reading. Towels and soap are also in demand. Jars of pickles, preserves, ketchup, cans of lobster, &c., will also be very acceptable until the time for fresh vegetables, now drawing near in that direction. But no bulky packages of any sort should be sent to camp at present.

Mr. G. says that the uniform coats of our men will soon be laid by for the season; besides cramping the motions of the body, at all times, so as to add to the fatigue, they are such ill garments that to wear a coat endured in the summer campaign; a light flannel tunic, or over-shirt, must be substituted. Gen. Butler now wears a loose flannel coat, though approaching the regulation form for his rank. White cap-covers with capes, called "Havelocks," she also said to be indispensible for summer comfort and safety. A straw sun-hat is generally should be heeded by those making outfits for the war.

Mr. Goodwin with Adj. Gardner also visited the various quarters of Massrs. Ames, Coburn and Capt. Dike, the wounded men of the Sixth Regiment, who are still in Baltimore: they were all found very comfortably situated at the time of our call. They have been as tenderly cared for in Baltimore as they would have been in Lowell; they have received furloughs to visit home, as soon as able to move. Wm. O. Fiske, of this city, military secretary to the General, is at present with a private family, near the Relay camp, confined to his couch with a sprained ankle; he is most comfortably situated and is fast recovering from his casualty.

We see in this morning's papers that the wounded soldiers at Baltimore (Sargeant Ames, Corp. Tyler, and private Coburn) were to leave that city for home on the steamer Ben Deford, on Saturday afternoon,—so they will soon be here.

FARMAS'—FARMERS'—FARMAS'!

Now is your time to fill your coffers with gold, and give a great and needed help for the defense of your country; and it is to be hoped that every "dough-faced" in every acre of ground will be occupied to the best possible advantage. Hire more help, and double the product of your farms, for everything that can be raised or saved will be wanted. White beans, grain, pork and beef, will be the staple articles.—Armies never feed at less than the parched earth water. Farmers! do not be "dough-faced" patriotic soldiers suffer for want of bread and meat. As labor will be cheap and provisions dear, lure extra hands and buy extra tons of guano, double the product and spare your grain and meat, raise calves, colts, and pigs, for these will be largely wanted to supply the gigantic wastes of war.

MONTGOMERY. Advices from Montgomery, to the 11th, state that in the Confederate Congress, a copy of a letter by Hon. J. A. Campbell formerly a Judge of the U. S. Supreme Court, to Hon. Wm. H. Seward, pending negotiations with the Commissioners at Washington, was read. Judge Campbell acted as voluntary intermediator between the two Governments to prevent a collision, and prepare Mr. Seward with grave duplicity. A message was communicated by Jeff. Davis, recognising Hon. T. L. Clingman as a Commissioner from North Carolina, conveying the assurance that that State would co-operate with the Confederacy.

CALIFORNIA ALL RIGHT. The Pony Express, from Sacramento, May 1st, arrived at Fort Kearney yesterday morning. The news is not of particular interest aside from the position of California on the war question. The Union spirit was thoroughly aroused under the news of the secession of Virginia and the fight in Baltimore and the reported marching on Washington by Jeff. Davis. A monster Union demonstration was to be held in San Francisco. The few sympathizers with secession are very quiet. Many Union Clubs have been formed in San Francisco and all the principal town, who repudiate the idea that California can occupy a neutral position in the war.

BODY FOUND AT WESTFORD. Last Friday, the body of a man was found lying in a ditch about a mile from the depot, at Westford. He was a man apparently about sixty years old, and had on a black hat, green jacket, dark pants and blue overalls. In his pocket was found a case knife, pipe and tobacco. The body is supposed to be that of a man named O Brien, who escaped from the Tewksbury Almshouse last fall, and it is supposed he fell into the ditch and was unable to extricate himself from it.—The body was much decayed. Coroner Richardson, of Westford, was called, but did not deem an inquest necessary, and the body was buried.

THE SOLDIERS IN WASHINGTON

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 10, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: One morning last week, after going through company drill, we marched from our quarters to the Hall, and drawing up in front of the same, formed a double line, with other companies of the regiment, extending up and down the sides of the long hall in the new part of the extension, where the rooms of the different companies are located. Sitting edgewise upon, or reclining against a dry goods packing box, about ten feet distant from me, was a man with folded arms, his manner perfectly at ease, and to whom I was particularly attracted by his luxuriant whiskers, seemingly permitted to grow at will. Presently a short man, his hair bleaching to snowy whiteness, emerged from the door of the head-quarters of the Fifth Regiment, opposite, accompanied by other officials, by me unrecognized. At "present arms," from our captain, a superior officer stepped forward, saying,—"Gentlemen, the President, Mr. Lincoln?" Though much concealed, I nevertheless recognized the strong resemblance between this countenance and the engraved plates and photographs of the same man in the shop windows. The President stepped forward a few steps, and with a cheery, off-hand, and very gracious manner, (waving his hand deferentially toward the little, and only little as regards stature) man with the hooked-nose—"Boys, you have done yourselves and myself have done ourselves the honor of paying you a visit this morning." Bowing, he came forward, with a peculiar, hitching sway of his tall form (just the least trifle ungainly) and immediately walked briskly down the line, hat in hand, accompanied by the Secretary of State. To our regiment this was indeed a agreeable surprise, as nothing of it was anticipated.

May 1st, we were mustered into the service of the United States for three months, taking the oath to support the Constitution, &c., &c. On the second, on parade ground in front of the White House, we drew up in line for inspection—"shoulder arms!" At the roll-call, as fast as each answered to his name, he brought his musket to "order arms." Afterward, closing in the left and intermidiates of the line, we formed three sides of a hollow square around the equestrian statue of Jackson, fronting the White House. Each one was sworn in separately, each one holding up the right hand and repeating sentence by sentence the form of oath as read to him.

Issuing from the grounds, we formed in to platoons, marching up and around, in the semicircular roads in front of the White House. About forty feet from the front, on the east side, upon the walk, stood President again, alone, with head bared, his eye scanning, apparently, every man as the lines wheeled by, and passed on by him. Earnest in manner, there was an expression of kindness upon that countenance that would enlist your favorable opinion, though able to obtain but the momentary glance vouchsafed us on that occasion.

Under strict military discipline, we are kept in this beautiful ornamental grounded with the cleanly-cut, immense blocks of granite, from which we cannot go except with a pass, of which only a limited number are given and only to those who have been vouched for by the guard. The regimental orders posted on our door one week ago read thus:—5 o'clock, A.M., Reveille; 6 o'clock, A.M., Surgeon's call; 7 o'clock, A.M., Breakfast; 8 o'clock, A.M., Squad drill; 9 o'clock, A.M., Regimental drill; 12 o'clock, P.M., Dinner; 2 o'clock, P.M., Squad drill; 3 o'clock, P.M., Company drill; 4 o'clock, P.M., Regimental drill; 6:30 o'clock, P.M., Supper; 10 o'clock, P.M., Taps.

Four times a day roll is called, and to each absence some penalty is attached.—The pass does not exempt from roll-call, as does the time, whether present or not, to go from the building is pretty finely cut up.

Quite all the trades are represented in every company. Carpenters have erected cookshops, &c., for each company in the enclosed square of the building, resembling booths on a muster-field. Masons have constructed impromptu cooking-ranges, and ovens, where all the bread is baked by bakers from the regiment.

The recent improvement in our rations is duly appreciated; yet, when but a few days ago, we passed from our hard bread and salt pork, as served us in the open camp, to living through a dark basement, passage, at such a time, in such a place as this would not have been accepted with this enthusiastic exclamation—"O! a soldier's life is always gay," &c. Some of the booths are inscribed with these ornamental titles and inscriptions, possessing a local significance elsewhere. We have "Cognac Hall," beneath: "The tigers feed at 1 o'clock." "Mose Pearsons," "Quiet and much cattle this day," "Mount Vernon dining saloon," &c.

One day we take possession of some street in the northern part of the city, where are private residences, to perform our evolutions in battalion drill; then upon the square surrounding the unfinished Washington monument, in its very shadow and with the inspiration of the locality seek perfection in our manœuvers. Yesterday we marched the full length of Pennsylvania Avenue and beyond to Capitol Hill, about a mile and a half distant. Returning, we passed around the capitol through same avenue, having been absent about three hours.

Being able to get beyond our splendid confinement, I visited the Patent Office Building, where are quartered the Rhode Island Regiment from Rhode Island. Found their quarters scattering about among several squads drilling in the hall, and weaving in with these and other sounds, was an endless click of hammers, the carpenters at work upon a platform for the grand equestrian statue of Jackson, fronting the White House. Each one was sworn in separately, each one holding up the right hand and repeating sentence by sentence the form of oath as read to him.

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Gen. Mansfield sent 1600 men and a body of cavalry and artillery from New York on Saturday. An attack was expected.

From Maryland. A dispatch from Annapolis dated yesterday, says that General Butler, with the cars and two pieces of artillery, left in the afternoon, on the propeller J. S. Shriver for important secret service in the direction of Baltimore.—They were also accompanied by the propeller Saturday night. The messenger of Gov. Hicks to Gov. Letcher has returned from Richmond. He says the Virginians expect that 30,000 troops from the south would arrive by Thursday last. The Union men are indignant at the occupation of Maryland soil by Virginians.

CAPT. G. V. FOX of Massachusetts has been appointed to the important post of Chief Clerk of the Navy Department. He is an officer of great capacity and energy, and nowhere will there be a wider field for the exercise of those qualities than in the naval operations of the war.

CITY AND VICINITY.

CARD

The undersigned not to shirk the first opportunity afforded him, to express his deep-felt gratitude to those numerous friends who assisted to save so much of his property as was saved on the burning of his house, on Friday evening last.

He is confident that in the confusion, every thing was not saved which under the circumstances might have been expected, and in the hurry of the moment, many articles were thrown out of the fire and window, and carried themselves as well as some furniture, the kindness of friends.

He would also express his thanks in a special manner to the fire department—to gentlemen for what they could render gratuitously, and to those who assisted to guard the fire, and to those members of the Richardson Hose Company, who so promptly rendered aid and service in their line of duty.

While he finds his time severely, the sympathy and sacrifices and trials exercised by him, is a source of comfort which is valued more than gold.

L. J. FLETCHER.

Lowell, Monday morning, May 13, 1861.

THE MERRIMACK FLAG-RAISING. The flag on the liberty-pole erected in the rear of the gate-house, corner of Merrimack and Dutton Streets, by those employed on the Merrimack Corporation, was run up Saturday evening, in presence of an immense assembly of people, at least five thousand having been present. The Lowell Brigade Band was on the ground, and played several popular airs during the exercises. The Richardson Light Infantry, Lowell Light Infantry, and Hill Cadets, were also present.

Isaac Hinckley, Esq., agent of the Merrimack Corporation, called to order, and after a few prefatory remarks, said there was appropriate music by the Band. The flag was then run up, and was greeted with with hearty cheers, thrice repeated. The Richardson Light Infantry also fired this ten-volley, which was exceedingly well done.

W. S. Southworth, Esq., was introduced to the assembly. After alluding to the flag and to the fact that it was symbolical of the freedom of our country, he said we were determined that it should float without molestation, and that the people of the South submit. (Loud cheers.) Let us say to them that we will not offer to cause, you the constables who go to enforce the laws, the laws they have made, until you see those laws are altered so thoroughly that they will not have to get up a posse again in order to enforce them.

I say again, in conclusion, we must go on in this matter; we must keep the old flag floating—floating over us, till the war is finished it; not stopping until the banner shall float over the South as it does over here; until it floats over one whole, united people, who bow in fond submission to it; then not only the flag of the United, and generous people—respected because we can make our Government respected by ourselves, respected abroad, until that time comes again which has existed, when the flag was the pride of the heart of every soul of the earth, and we can point to that glorious old flag as a protection and talisman, like the talismanic words of Roman times—"I am a Roman citizen." We will keep which rested over the flag of the Confederation, at the time it was raised, which he regarded as a bow of promise.—It was an omen he should never forget.—He believed that it was a sign of the new union of safety in the men that left this city on the 16th of April, who three days after, were assembled in the streets of Baltimore, as their forefathers were attacked on the same day of the same month in 1775 at Concord and Lexington. He saw a favorable omen in the soldiers before him. He addressed himself in a complimentary manner to those companies present, as the symbol of their country, and said that he rested upon this revolution as a prelude to making our people more united than ever before.

Hon. J. G. Abbott was the third and last speaker. Mr. Abbott speaks so rarely in Lowell, that we feel warranted to present his remarks in full, as phonographically reported by Mr. Webster:—

SPEECH OF J. G. ABBOTT.

Mr. Chairman:—I think I owe an excuse to my fellow citizens for appearing here for the first time in ten years to make a speech upon a public occasion—although I get my livelihood by speaking, and in public occasions—at a time when I think speech making should give way to something more important than we have had here-to-fore. Speech making we have had too much of heretofore, and the time is now I know of now, or have known of for the last three weeks, consists in three words. The first word is, men of Lowell, action; and the second word is, action; and the third word is, action, gentlemen. Action, gentlemen, action is the only wisdom of the hour for us; but while I say this I think we have, upon an occasion like this, when the glorious old flag is flung to the breeze here, the Lowell have a right to have a little talk, because we here in Lowell have acted, and are acting, and to-morrow will act, and the next thing is finished.

Two sons I sent through her sons on the 20th of April in the streets of Baltimore, and the story of her action on that day will go down to the world and be handed down, like the story of the action of the men of Lexington and Concord on another April. I ask if we here in Lowell have not given evidence of our faith by our acts. To-day we have given to the men in the South, ready to stand around the flag and support it to the death, and we have just as good men, those sons whom we see before me whom I have no doubt are ready and true men ready now and at all times to gather under that flag and pour out their blood, and their brethren did in Baltimore three weeks since, in its support.

You may ask what this glorious old flag means, and what we mean when we come together and thus throw it to the breeze. The Government of this country, our country, by those bound to it by their own consent, bound to it by their oaths solemnly taken, that flag is the dirt, aye, the dirt buried with all the dishonors of war.—What the men who have gone from this city? Here, gentlemen, that flag means government; it means law; it means order; it means religion; it means everything that is worth living for here on earth, and it it means, it is more than we should come here now when it is unfolded to the breeze to pay our devotions to that flag that is enshrining so dear to us all. Another thing, we do not mean that this flag shall be lowered until it floats in every part of the land, (cheers) until it floats as proudly in the extreme South as it does in the extreme North (cheers). And, gentlemen, although I am not given to boasting, although I do not believe in self glorification,—it is not the time, the hour and the place, and I will say that I am proud that our people with all their skill in art and science, with education, with devotion to their country, with high sense of honor,—are invincible. And even if we do suffer defeat here and there—for don't believe it, gentlemen—we do know that in the end the cause of civilization, of humanity, when we believe God smiles upon, that twenty millions of people with but one heart and one mind ready to lay down that life on the altar of their country; we do believe, and we do know—for it is more than belief—that that twenty millions of men, never, never can be conquered or driven from their purpose by nine millions of men who start with perjury, who start with treason to the flag that they have fought under and that has protected them down to the present time. (Prolonged cheers.)

I wish to say another thing in this connection—now is the last time in the world for us to feel in the slightest degree gloomy or despondent. Why, gentlemen, we may spend money, what of it? We may spend men, what of it? Our good men and our true men may lay down their lives upon the altar of their country; and the men who will not do it are those that have sell their lives most truly and most gloriously. If we do spend our treasures, if we do spend our blood, to-day this people are better; we are all better than we were three months ago; we have been educated within three weeks, more than in the piping times of prosperity and peace. We needed this thing—we have got it—and in our country—to make us believe in that country, to lay down our lives if that country demands the sacrifice.

And, gentlemen, if the war lasts longer than I believe it will—if our treasure is spent than I believe will be—if more lives are laid down than I believe will be, we are still a great, united people, and we will go through with this; we are respected; we are respected; we are respected by others.

One word more: What do we mean when we come here as one here and spread to the glorious old flag? I will tell you: we mean to keep that banner floating until all the people, united as they were before, submit to the laws of the land. (Cheers.) We mean to support it to the death, and we have just as good men, those sons whom we see before me whom I have no doubt are ready and true men ready now and at all times to gather under that flag and pour out their blood, and their brethren did in Baltimore three weeks since, in its support.

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SERVICES IN THE FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH THIS DAY. The Lowell Light Infantry, Capt. Temple Tebbetts, and the recruits for the Mechanic Phalanx, attended the morning service at the Freewill Baptist Church yesterday. The house was crowded in every part. Rev. D. Mott, pastor of the Society, preached a very able discourse on "True Manhood," from first Corinthians xvi. 13, 14. The object of the preacher was to show that the soldier should be governed by high moral principles in the duties of his vocation. It was these which gave the Roman soldier the power which he always had, and it was highly necessary for the American soldier to be governed by the same principles.—In the course of his remarks the preacher expressed the hope that the men before him might pass through Baltimore, which was responded to by an "Amen" more of a physical than a mental character. The sermon was a very appropriate one, of a high order, and we hope to be also next Saturday, to lay it before our readers.

THOSE interested will not forget the election now progressing for Aldermen and Common Councilmen. Also, for all the civil vacancies. The names of J. G. Peabody and Sager Ashworth are being used for the first position and George L. Harris, John Avery and H. Goodale, for the last named office. The polls close at 6 o'clock.

The Mayor and Aldermen were in session two hours Saturday evening, and did not receive a single application for change of name or right to vote.

A GOOD MOVE. Persons in various places are furnishing the soldiers with Quinine's Golden Salve. A timely and useful present indeed. It is a specific for wounds, sun-burnt faces, lameness caused by exposure, sore throat, &c. Several of the new companies here have been supplied with it. It is a boon to all of the citizens. Agents in all places dealing in this article should press it upon the notice of soldiers and their friends, as one of the best possible presents that can be made to them.

A NEW REGIMENT. The recent companies formed in Lawrence and vicinity, want three companies to complete a regiment. Capt. Charles Stanley, formerly commander of the Mechanic Phalanx, and ex-Mayor Daniel Saunders, Jr., of Lawrence, are named in connection with the office of Colonel.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon James Dacey, common drunkard, was sent to the House of Correction for two months.

Mary Nutting of Grafton, for adultery with Job Worcester, was ordered in $200 until Saturday.

DIED.

In this city, May 11th, by A. J. Stackpole, Esq., Mr. John Gerard to Miss Justina Demarais, both of Lowell.

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths for two weeks ending May 11. Scarlet fever, 1; croup, 1; rot-on, of stomach, 1. George F. A. Mercer, 11 mos., cholera infantum. Ellen Maria Bowers, 1 yr., cholera infantum. Elizabeth Hosier, 67 yrs., suicide by hanging. Ellen Frances Hosier, 28 yrs., suicide by hanging. Ephraim Brothers, 45 yrs., lumber shower. Lydia F. Conary, 31 yrs., consumption.

Bessie M. Ivy, consumption.
Ann Eliza Bowers, 1 yr., cholera infantum.
Joseph Ashton, 57 yrs., consumption.
John Balagan, 10 yrs., typhoid fever.
Mary Ann Balagan, 7 yrs., typhoid fever.
Mary Ann Balagan, 12 yrs., scarlatina and dropsy.
Mary Ann Balagan, 12 yrs., scarlatina and dropsy.
Edward W. Richardson, 1 year, cholera infantum.
Edward W. Richardson, 1 year, cholera infantum

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been politely given by the leading practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in our advertisement; but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade in this vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, beg to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect to durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steele & Co.	Hartford, Conn.
Hemingway & Stevens,	" "
Wm. Rogers & Son,	" "
J. C. Blackman,	Bridgeport, "
George Brown,	New Haven, "
E. Benjamin,	" "
C. J. Munson,	" "
John B. Kirby,	" "
John Gordon,	New London, "
James R. Ayres,	Waterbury, "
E. S. Huntington & Co.	Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford,	" "
H. D. Hall,	Middletown, "
John L. Smith,	" "
John Barton,	Lynn, Mass.
Curtiss & Trott,	Boston, "
J. V. Ketteli,	" "
John McGregor,	Lawrence, "
Dexter & Haskins,	N. Bedford, "
S. Childs,	" "
E. D. Tisdale,	Taunton, "
Albert Pitts,	" "
Ellis Gifford,	Fall River, "
F. W. Macomber,	" "
J. J. Burns,	Gloucester, "
Jesse Smith,	Salem, "
S. N. Story,	Worcester, "
Levi Johnson,	" "
F. M. Lamb,	" "
M. Moody,	Greenfield, "
W. Kirkham, Jr.	Springfield, "
W. M. Root,	Plainfield, "
John R. Scott,	" "
Benj'n E. Cook,	Pittsfield, "
Charles W. Fogg,	Nashua, N. H.
Andrew Warren,	Waltham, "
Amos Sanborn & Son,	" "
D. D. Anthony & Co.	Lowell, "
Paine Arnold,	Providence, R. I.
E. R. Henderson,	Greenwich, "
George W. Drew & Co.	Concord, N. H.
N. G. Carr,	" "
Elijah Knight,	" "
Charles I. Bacon,	Dover, "
Henry H. Hun	Portsmouth "
Robert N. Bodge	" "
Wm. B. Morrill,	Exeter, "
W. O. C. Woodbury,	Claremont, "
Reuben Spencer,	" "
Richard Gowen,	Laconia, "
Jonathan Hosmer,	Nashua, "
N. W. Goddard,	" "
Chas. T. Ridgway,	" "
L. B. Gay,	" "
Sherburne Shaw,	Sanbornton Bridge "
B. J. Mellish,	Hanover, "
F. Hodgman,	Littleton, "
C. H. Huntington,	St. Albans, Vt.
C. H. Harding,	Bradford, "
T. C. Phinney,	Montpelier, "
A. A. Mead,	" "
J. C. Bates,	Northfield, "
Merriam & Hildreth,	Woodstock, "
C. W. Wingate,	St. Johnsbury, "
Thompson & Ranger,	Brattleboro', "
Foster Grow,	Chester, "
W. K. Wallace,	Newbury, "
L. Amsden,	Bellows Falls, "
C. H. Kimball,	Vergennes, "
Freeman M. Hardison,	South Berwick Me.
Henry McKenney,	Auburn, "
John T. Howland,	Bath, "
Tompkins & Morris,	Bangor, "
C. C. Williams,	" "
G. S. & G. L. Rogers,	Gardiner, "
Twombly & Southam,	Saco, "
Moses M. Swan,	Augusta, "
D. Gellali,	Lewiston, "
James Emery,	Rockport, "
Simeon Blood,	Rockland, "
D. E. Jarvy,	Houlton, "
John B. Adams,	Winthrop, "

CAUTION.—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by forty manufacturers, we deem it proper to inform the public that no watch is of our production which is not accompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the number of the watch, and signed by our President, A. Bigelow Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.

ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents.
158 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
apr25 Tm

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond,	$5.50
" " Charleston,	5.00
" " Derby,	5.00
" " Newport,	4.50
" " Stanstead,	3.90

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 192 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for any particular information.

4&t jan26 R. H. FISHER, Agent.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the above for three years, and has sold over 50,000 pairs. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Every pair has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21 tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

made and repaired. Cane in every new English Family Sewing, Embroidering, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 dtf

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings, just received by J. MERRILL, No. 23 Central street, and at the new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar26

No More Hard Work!

EDWARDS' PAINT RESTORER.

—FOR—

E. P. R.

EDWARDS' PAINT RESTORER,

—FOR—

Cleaning Paint and Glass.

USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE,

For removing dirt from all Paint, such as doors, windows, glass, marble slabs, oilcloths, &c.

USEFUL IN EVERY STORE,

For cleaning show cases, mirrors, steel goods, brass, and all paints.

It will remove the dirt with little trouble, and will not injure the paint as the old soap and sand process. A package will clean a whole house.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

For sale in Lowell by BUTTRICK & CO., NICHOLS & CO., JOSHUA MERRILL & CO., FLETCHER, KNOWLES & HOLLAND, CARLETON & HOYT.

FISHER, DAY & CO., Prop'rs,
SALEM, MASS.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or piracy.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the machines using two threads.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and slim stitches required in family sewing. One of these will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Merino, Cassimere, Broadcloth, &c., alike perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest Kersey cloth, Buck or Kid leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making a ridge in the seam. No other whatever, is not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing shoes, goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No breaking of needles or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Prize for the best sewing machine ever.

Fact No 9.—These Machines took both the highest Premiums at Metchanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing generally wherever property exhibited in competition with other first-class sewing machines. But we have reserved the one FACT more; it is the most important FACT of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction in case any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen or used them. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, viz. "What are the peculiar merits and distinguishing characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this inquiry we offer the above explicit and undeniable Facts—Facts that are facts—not Fact, as in many of the above cases, but Facts patronized by professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of certain personal responsibility. Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machine, in every variety of family sewing, or manufactories.

The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of these excellent Machines, and have furnished them with all necessary appendages, including the best assortment of needles, for the use of the Machine. Please call and examine them.

Agents wanted in every County. A DAVIS, No. 5 Latteton Block, Merrimack Street.

January 1, 1861. dtf

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is healthy, if abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; Diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to stagnate?

For centuries it has been a master of much study among scientific and practical men, and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful inventions and knowledge, to make the grand discovery, also,

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we still recognize the principle that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which governs or destroys, and death, for certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, oxidizes or rusts it, producing

Electricity brought in contact with a muscle, or nerve, causes it to contract.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution of the motive power and motive power of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron of the red corpuscles of the blood emits electricity, which coming in contact with the lungs causes it to contract, and hence the power which expels the blood from the heart, which again sends the remote parts of the system. When then, are the causes of Consumptions, Scrofula, Fever, Pleurisy, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Dyspepsia, Epidemics, Cholera, &c.? Ans. The Red Corpuscles of the blood.

By the use of the Red Corpuscles containing the iron, the nerves are strengthened, and there is a natural deficiency of electricity, and consequently an abnormal contraction. Hence, in consumptive, colds and bronchial complaints ensue—the suffocating sensations—spasmodic contraction in pleurisy, pains and neuralgia—complaints of the liver and kidneys, and in fact, almost every type of disease but virulent fevers may be traced to the same cause. The remedy is to supply the red globules.

There is also a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we have discovered the only cure for all, we say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives!! Sufferers from any organic disease! Consumptives, who have by exposure of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood and diminished the red globules! Ladies suffering any of the distresses known as female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. It has cured thousands of desperate cases, and will cure you, if time is given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your money, but try it. Two bottles will be a satisfying remedy; give it a trial.

Pamphlets containing starting out and fully proving the theory advanced here to be correct, will be mailed to all interested, on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by druggists at a dollar a bottle, or two for half, and a half bottles free of expense, for $5. Prior, Cures by the use of "Blood Food" are in from six weeks, in yellow wrappers—the solid kind, in small bottles, and the liquid kind in large ones, put up away without, and bears the fac-simile signature of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits.

C. H. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., BURR & POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents, Boston. For sale in Lowell by Carleton & Hoyt, Fenner, Ela & Stanley, J. S. Hayes, & Kidder, Jr. & Co. jan1 tf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY! THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PROPRIETOR OF THE GREAT WESTERN FLOUR AND FEED STORE, 1st DOOR FROM THE CANAL BRIDGE.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Middlings, &c., at Flour, Feed, Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

apr26 C. W. NOYD.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England within the last month.

10,000 sold in the United States within the last twelve months.

350 sold in Lowell within the last three months, and all give satisfaction.

There is no machine which can be compared with the Wheeler & Wilson. Call and see it at E. S. HUNTS Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central street.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Power Mills, Salem, Massachusetts, on the ground in the best Old London 1 ascend Oil; and its superior quality for Whiteness, Fineness, Body and Durability is not excelled by any manufactured in this country.

Orders may be left with the Agent for covering of Old Iron Roofers in the vicinity of Merrimack Square, Lowell. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will cover as much surface as 125 lbs of common. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in Lowell, who have used it extensively. A fair trial of the article will convince any practical cooper of its superiority over any other paint for the interior of casks, &c., &c., than will any other lead now offering to the public.

For further particulars relative to the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in, and for the sale of the same, apply at the office of the Company at Salem, or to the Agent, connected with important interests in the Forest River Lead Company, residing in Lowell, and who is prepared to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Salem, Mass., Dec. 1, 1860. dtf

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry and Tar.

THIS valuable remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Hoarseness, Pain in the Side and Breast, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, is prepared and sold by DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing CORNS without the slightest pain, when all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Salves, have failed. This Plaster is unrivalled, as it is not a new remedy, having been invented in England by a Chemist, and has had a equal but never been discovered. It is *warranted* to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for it strengthens the hair, promotes its growth, allays dandruff, and is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It keeps it in curl.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It is the most delightful dressing for when hard and dry,

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It is the cheapest article in use.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ms7

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public to call and examine his stock of superior stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Grain.

URIE McEVOY,
53 Central street.

MORE MUSIC,

"Is that bath no music in his soul," &c. &c.

Those who have not yet purchased a Piano-Forte, can find Piano-Fortes, almost every variety, from Chickering, or in leading Gazettes, than by visiting Dyar's Music Store, Merrimack Square.

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Accordeons, Guitars, Drums, Tambourines, Cymbals, Triangles, Flageolets, Fifes, Flutinas, Bugles, Trumpets, Cornets, Trombones, Bass Horns, Bass Drums, Snare Drums, Fife Cases, Drum Cases, Violin Cases, Guitar Cases, Flute Cases, Flageolet Cases, Bugle Cases, Trumpet Cases, Cornet Cases, Trombone Cases, Bass Horn Cases, Bass Drum Cases, Snare Drum Cases, Violin Bows, Violin Pegs, Violin Screws, Violin Bridges, Violin Tail Pieces, Violin Chin Pieces, Violin Strings, Violin Boxes, Violin Cases, Violin Bags, Violin Rosin, Violin Varnish, Violin Glue, Violin Sordines, Violin Mutes, Violin Tuning Forks, Violin Tuning Pegs, Violin Tuning Screws, Violin Tuning Bridges, Violin Tuning Tail Pieces, Violin Tuning Chin Pieces, Violin Tuning Strings, Violin Tuning Boxes, Violin Tuning Cases, Violin Tuning Bags, Violin Tuning Rosin, Violin Tuning Varnish, Violin Tuning Glue, Violin Tuning Sordines, Violin Tuning

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, May 14, 1861.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, Monday, 13th inst.

EDITOR LOWELL COURIER: The quiddnuncs on Pennsylvania Avenue, and about the Hotels, continue every now and then, to get up a sensation. Jeff Davis is, of course, the Raw Head and Bloody Bones in all cases. He looms to their excited imaginations like the Harts Giant over the treetops, which cover the Arlington Heights across the Potomac. Yesterday, Washington was to be shelled, and no mistake. One hundred thousand Southern warriors were suddenly to show themselves, armed with the deadliest weapons. The hundred thousand confederate troops are, of course, capable of doing without such ordinary matters as food, &c. They can traverse the earth like a whirlwind, and appear at every given point in the twinkling of an eye. Gen. Scott probably knows what he is about, and what is needful, quite as thoroughly as the wiseacres who are lounging at Willard's, the National, &c., on the Avenue.

I saw one of the corps of the West Point Cadets who arrived here day before yesterday, to offer their services as drill masters. They are a great accession to the Government, and a fine body of men.—When they entered town, Scott's quarters, to pay their respects to the old veteran, he was lying upon his back. But he insisted on rising at once to greet his guests, although he was very weak, and they protested against his doing so. He said the occasion was too important for him to remain recumbent. As you are aware, the aquiest Major of Jersey City, got it into his head that this corps of Cadets were young Southerners, en route for home to join the ranks of Jeff. Davis. He accordingly telegraphed to the Mayor of Philadelphia to have them arrested. Conceive their astonishment when they found themselves, on their arrival in the city of brotherly love, taken in charge by a strong squad of policemen, and duly caged. Of course the matter was quickly cleared up, and the Mayor tendered the hospitalities of the city to his distinguished guests.

It is quite possible, or rather within the limits of possibility, that this city may be the scene of a grand *coup d'etat* on the part of King Jeff., but I do not believe in it. Wait a few days longer, and we shall be in full possession of the line from Perryville, Harrisburg, and Harper's Ferry are dreading an attack from the Federal troops. Let me say a word as to the *modus vivendi* of our forces arriving here. I do not believe that finer stuff to make an efficient army of ever took the field in any country or age. Everybody speaks of the vigor and intelligence of the volunteers from the North. Just give them experience and practice, and they will give a good account of themselves. Regiment after regiment is getting into marching order in the environs of the city. The Pet Lambs, or Fire Zouaves, are to occupy the heights on which stands the Insane Asylum. This morning a detachment of the New York Seventh Regiment passed silently down Pennsylvania Avenue, following a hearse which contained the remains of one of their comrades, who was accidentally shot at the encampment day before yesterday. A part of the Third Regiment of United States Regulars for Texas passed up the Avenue this morning, with banners flying. They passed through Baltimore with Sherman's Battery.

It is reported here this morning that the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, at the Relay House, has taken a leaf out of the book of secessionists. Col. Parsons knocked down a blatant Virginian, out there the other day, in the presence of a large crowd of visitors from Baltimore.

This morning I visited the quarters of the Fifth Massachusetts Regiment in the Treasury Building. Lieut. Col. Greene of this regiment, is one of the best officers in this city. His services in drilling his regiment are very valuable. While I write it is raining as usual. Sunshine is the exception and not the rule. The atmospheres foreshadows the triumph of the North.

A leading railroad officer of the Baltimore and Ohio road, from Ohio, told me that the uprise of the Northwest in defence of the government was something majestic. It was a regular ground-swell. Two Ohio regiments will arrive to-day.

The Southern gascons and braggarts are really surprised and frightened because the North has taken them at their word.—They talked loudly about Yankees and the flag over the National Capitol, but it was mere empty boasting. In reality they never dreamed of executing their threats. The single word, *whisky*, will furnish the key to the most of this Southern vaporing. However, there is danger, and the North is right in arming herself *cap-a-pie* to meet it. Let us have two or three pitched battles of the Solferino description. B. W. S.

The *Portland Argus* thinks that since it is fully apparent that Washington is in no danger of an attack, some propositions for peace should be immediately brought forward. Under any battle is fought, which would probably render peace impossible.

The *Argus* is quite stupid not to remember that "propositions of peace" were brought forward even before Washington was out of danger, but they have not been heeded. Mr. Lincoln prepared the way, and gave the rebels twenty days to disperse and return to their several homes and employments. This is enough; we want no more "propositions for peace."

Hon. F. P. Blair, of Missouri, is named among the Republican candidates for Governor of Missouri.

THE WAR NEWS.

A dispatch from Baltimore, dated last night, says that about 8 o'clock (evening) a large train filled with troops arrived from the Relay House. They numbered 1000, constituting five companies from each of the regiments stationed at the Relay House, (the 6th Massachusetts and 8th New York) and a battery of artillery.

They marched through South Baltimore to Federal Hill, a high point of ground on the south side of the harbor, directly over-looking the city, a mile west from Fort McHenry.

The sudden appearance of the troops took the city by surprise. They were greeted with every demonstration of approval. Immense crowds quietly gathered and cheered them at every step. Ladies waved their handkerchiefs and many citizens illuminated their dwellings.

Prominent citizens accompanied the troops to the hill, and assisted the officers in taking the best route, and in procuring quarters for the troops until their tents could arrive. The troops seemed to be highly pleased with their reception, and all expressed surprise and delight at their commanding position and fine prospect of their location.

Harper's Ferry, May 12th. A person employed on special service, who visited Harper's Ferry last week, and arrived at Chambersburg to-day, reports that there are 6000 troops there altogether, and that about three-quarters are well armed, and the balance not at all. Only 200 Kentuckians were there now, and one company of South Carolinians. The resident militia of Harper's Ferry are very restive under existing circumstances. Only one day's provisions were on hand, and supplies were cut off from Western Virginia by the burning of that section. All the supplies within reach anywhere in the surrounding country will be exhausted within two weeks. There was positively not more than 1000 stand of arms in the whole of the arsenal, and none of those were in bad condition. They cannot manufacture more than twelve rifles per day. They have only 600 men on this side of the Potomac, and have not erected any batteries on the Maryland side and show no disposition to erect them. All the preparations indicated defensive purposes on their part. There was no disposition to make a forward movement, and they must be great fools to provoke a fight. They cannot supply the force of 800 men under their command. To have attempted resistance, surrounded as they were by 6000 or 8000troops well armed, and with every appliance of war, would have been mere suicide, and to retreat was impossible, they being without the means of transportation or provisions, and no credit. They conceive the State authorities are not paying the just military debts of the country, so that proper supplies could have been secured. They pronounce Capt. Lynn's demand illegal and unconstitutional, and a wanton trampling under foot of the laws of our common country.

There is nothing of importance from the West. Cairo is the centre of attraction, and according to intelligence from the South, a determined assault is to be made on the place by a larger force, in every way better armed and appointed. The attack is to be made from several points, but simultaneously.

Transport vessels, designed to supply the besieging army at Pensacola, were stopped by the Federal fleet and ordered off. Capt. Braggs' forces will no longer be fed through this channel. The steamers returned to Mobile.

An abundance of food is reported to be in Washington, but cooking utensils are somewhat scarce.

The Massachusetts quota of man is to be

CITY AND VICINITY.

THE ELECTION. The election yesterday for Alderman, resulted in the choice of Sager Ashworth over Josiah G. Peabody, by 96 majority. Only 941 votes were cast —about one-fifth of a full vote, yet the vote was somewhat increased by rallying on the part of the friends of the two candidates.—Mr. Ashworth is engaged in the file-cutting business, on Franklin Square, and his business qualifications are highly spoken of. He has hitherto been a Democrat, and was a Douglas man in the last Presidential campaign. He has never been in the City Council before. In Ward Five, George L. Harris was elected by 31 plurality, over W. H. Goudale, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Samuel Beck. Mr. Harris was a member of the Common Council in 1858 from Ward One.

We give the vote in each Ward, and the total vote :—

Ward.	Whole No.	Ashworth.	Peabody.	Scat'g
1	155	98	54	3
2	178	91	85	2
3	173	115	55	3
4	194	124	102	4
5	144	90	47	7
	941	518	423	—

The scattering vote in Ward 2, was for Isaac Place. There was one vote returned in Ward 6 for J. G. Peabody, instead of Josiah G. Peabody, which we included in the latter's vote.

Vote for Councilman in Ward Five :—George L. Harris, 143 ; William H. Goodale, 112 ; John Avery, 2nd, 8 ; Isaac Place, 1.

THE Soldiers' Aid Association send to the Sixth Regiment by Company G., Richardson Light Infantry, Capt. Davis, which leaves Boston on Thursday in the steamer Cambridge,—a large case, containing 700 pairs of socks, 650 shirts of coarse cotton gloves, all useful articles of which the Regiment is in want, and which will add much to the comfort of the men. The articles of just such articles are needed, that is especially annoying to a soldier in camp.

We understand that the Association are also sending to Dr. Kimball, at Annapolis, 100 hospital shirts, and a quantity of woolen stockings and old linens, for sick and wounded soldiers. It is precisely in this way that the Soldiers' Aid Association is doing, and will continue to do, a valuable work. While liberal hands and busy fingers are providing full outfits for the new companies, the "old line" that so promptly obeyed the first call to arms, without an opportunity to be provided by their friends with many needed articles, will not, by the judicious care of this Association, be permitted to suffer. Its operations will extend to all Lowell companies, to whatever regiment attached.

PACKAGES TO THE TROOPS. Adams & Co.'s Express offered some time ago to convey light packages to the Massachusetts troops, at the seat of war, free of expense, but in consequence of some misunderstanding on the part of the public, as to the character of *light* packages, the company found their expenses so much increased thereby that they have been compelled to withdraw the offer. Sargent & Co.'s Express convey packages to Boston, designed for the troops, free of expense, but they can go no further unless paid for. The committee of the City Council have made an arrangement to send a box each week to the Lowell companies, at the seat of war, and *light* packages left at the City Hall, or any officer in this city, will be sent according to direction. Articles of a bulky character, or liable to break or perish, cannot be sent.

NEW FATIGUE FROCKS FOR THE SIXTH.—The Committee of the City Council having purchased the necessary materials, ladies of the different religious societies met and actually busy in making up grey flannel frocks trimmed with black, with large buttons, for the members of the Lowell companies now at the seat of war. They are a neat, light, and we should think, serviceable garment. The work is being done under the management of the ladies of the members of the special committee, and it is hoped that our citizens are fitting out those who are preparing to go, the comfort of those already in service are not forgotten.

The same kind of regular garb is furnished by Lawrence for the companies from that city, and measures will be at once taken to have the same frock for the Lowell and Acton companies, so that the entire Sixth shall be dressed alike.

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CITY COUNCIL. The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council will be held this evening. The new Aldermen and Common Councilman will probably take their seats.

MAPLE STREET. Mr. C. A. Tripp, of Brattleboro', Vt., will please accept our thanks for a generous "remittance" in the form of maple syrup. The maple orchards of Vermont are the "peculiar institutions" of that State, and this sample is far from distasteful. We appreciate the favor of our friend, and herewith acknowledge our gratefulness.

"All we ask is to be let alone."

As rumor I visited by a dismal scene,
There sent an old Gore in the dark and damp,
And as everybody as passed that road
A voice of a skin thin thin thin thin thin thin
And remorse he thing his no more his room,
But as up a spark he was to his alone.

"Let me alone, for I have a sky
Think this of things at the painters lips—
Let me alone for I've got pork in
And lots of other things easy to have—
Let me alone, I'm rigin about
Let me alone, for I've got a pair
And I took on a pair of pantaloons
And turn you out of your nose and collar—
Let me alone, for I've got a grave
All I have to—Let me alone.

Just then passed a man with a basket on his arm,
Another Old Gore, and begged for to carry—
"Let me alone! That's coming it strong!
You've been let alone—a dozen right too long—
Let me alone, I say, you've had
Put down that stick! (You may well look amazed)
Let go that chair! If you come over this
I'll knock you higher than any kite.
Let me alone, I say, you've had your share,
And even you if you're trying thems stones and sticks,
And I'll have no hand in your dirty work—
Let me alone, I say, you've had your share,
And if ever I catches you tossed my rocks,
I'll rather fight you than eat my dinner.
The boss you can do to be go to bed,
And keep a devil tongue in your head,
For I reckon, before you and I are done,
I'll make you let me alone, I'll be bound.

The Old Gore stopped, and the Cuther Old Gore
Let go the chair, and looked at his self,
And he looked at his stick, wondered how
He came to have such a thing in his hand,
And he growled on, as he shoved iron,
All I want you—let me alone.

—*Hartford Courant.*

THE DIFFICULTIES ENCOUNTERED BY GOVERNMENT. No one can realize the difficulties of embarrassments which the government has encountered from the necessity of entrusting arms, equipments, and supplies to the army and navy, almost half demoralized by officers of treasonable sympathies.

When it was decided to employ troops for the defence of the capital, the arsenal at Harper's Ferry was found to contain only 1000 muskets, and these were in bad condition. Within a few days ago, that the whole number of troops sent North from the cotton States to be 16,500—positively not above that number.

The train between Philadelphia and Baltimore was destroyed running regularly yesterday, the bridges that were burned on the night of the 19th ult. have all been rebuilt.

GEN. HAUPT, the well known engineer of the Hoosac Tunnel, has made proposals to the Government to raise the vessels sunk at Norfolk in sixty days. It is not improbable that his plans may be adopted before long. The rebels will first be driven from the Navy yard and its neighborhood, however.

The *Richmond Dispatch* says that President Lincoln has agents in that city who instrument to him daily information of the state of things there. It recommends that all letters should be opened, and no man should be allowed to leave the city who is not known to be "sound on the cause."

☞ Of the detented candidates at the presidential election, Douglas and Everett alone are loyal to the government. Breckinridge, Lane, Johnson and Bell have gone with the seceders.

SALE OF DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE. ☞ Among the hundreds of letters, certificates and orders received by the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this medicine, the following are selected to show its character, and the effect of its use in a distant part of the West :

ROYALTON, Boone Co., Ia., May 10, 1859.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—*Gentlemen* :—I write to you to inform you that the agency for the Israel Vermifuge you prepare, sometime since, I purchased one dozen vials of Mr. C. Eddy, and proceeded to sell my property, and it proved so effectual in the expulsion of worms, that *no other preparation will satisfy the citizens of this village and vicinity.* Please send me one gross of the Vermifuge immediately.

Yours, &c. SAMUEL ROSS.

NEW PROVIDENCE, Tenn., July 1, 1851.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—Please send the Vermifuge for us as soon as possible, as we are nearly out, and *the demand for it is very great. We believe it to be the best Vermifuge ever introduced.*

Yours, &c. PORTER & DYKUS.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and other Vermifuges in pretence, can now be obtained. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also, is prepared expressly for children, in Brown's *Household Panacea*, or Lozenges, of which one or two may be taken from a child of any age with perfect safety.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere. Price 25 cents per bottle. Be sure and call for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale by HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Agents, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Row. may13d&w1m

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Thousands of the special consumers, in all parts of the country, are fitting out those who are preparing to go, the comfort of those already in service are not forgotten.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by fire, on corresponding favorable terms as heretofore. Office in a single tile, on terms favorable to the insured. Losses promptly paid. Apply for terms on premises in fire proof.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Ayer, Jr.,
Josiah G. Abbott, John Avery,
Anthony F. Bowers, Walter Wright,
James W. Daniels, Calvin B. Marvel,
Samuel Dennis, Edward Peabody,
Ephraim Brown, Josiah M. Gaud,
Thomas Hall.
Abiah A. Miner, Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin F. Baker, Reuben J. Fletcher,
Daniel P. Richardson.

W. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 42 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 23, 1861. 1m

ETNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies issued at the Dwelling Houses and their contents, Stores and Merchandize.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

apr20 1m

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 9, 1860. 1m1y

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation Account, $253,912.29.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 16-100 per cent.

$1 00,000 in Bonds and Mortgages being first lien on Real Estate worth $2,000,000, more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

President.
Cashier, Nat. Park Bank, Brooklyn.
Broker, New York.
President of Connecticut.
Merchant, New York.
Merchant, New York.
Merchant,
President City of New York.
Merchant,
Merchant, Brooklyn.
Merchant, New York.
Merchant, Staten Island.
GEORGE F. SMITHS, Secretary.

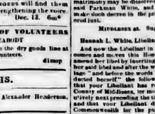
ROBERT ATTERBURY, Actuary.

Rates taken in either Stock or Mutual department, on the most favorable terms.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. no16tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are fully appreciated by all who have had practical experience in the requisites for family use. It has become the favorite machine with a quarter of a million of people, and is the only machine in general use for sale at a moderate price. Its simplicity, freedom and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, fine embroidery, and in the range of application to which female needle work is applied, the

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among those who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use :

D. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
Wm. A. Burke,	H. Hovey,
Wm. A. Burke,	T. T. Appleton,
Mrs. Wm. Appleton,	Martin Wright,
E. A. Alger,	F. L. Richardson,
J. C. Brown,	J. P. Ordway,
S. P. Butler,	Rev. E. S. Foster,
Rev. E. H. Sargent,	J. H. Bigelow,
D. C. Brown,	M. C. Brune,
Mrs. Wm. Gray,	Mrs. Wm. Sturgis,
J. L. Ordway,	Wm. L. North,
Mrs. Wm. Gray,	Mrs. Wm. Sturgis,
B. W. Webster,	J. L. Cheney.

WM. A. HATCH'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure the hair in any way, but on the contrary is important on its growth, and is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original color or life by skin scientific principles which is properly applied as No. 1s Inod Street, New York.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, Canadas, Batchelor's and address up a neat plain engraving, on the four sides of each box.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Beekley St.,
Late 233 Broadway, New York.

apr20 3m

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

FOR THE CURE OF PULMONARY DISEASES, are the most certain and speedy remedy in "coughs and colds," Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, Croup, the Chest and Lungs. To those suffering from debility of the throat and lungs, they give relief, and are a genuine and perfect relief, and when great Ability to talk and sing is required, as Clergymen and Singers, they facilitate expectoration, clear the throat, and give a healthy tone to the vocal organs. This remedy is the result of long study and experiment, and entirely removes the disagreeable and extremely irritating effects of the Lozenges which are usually resorted to for relief in Pulmonary Diseases. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. For sale by all Druggists.

Manufactured only by
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy19tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quick,
It burns up clearly,
It burns long,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns with less ash,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the best of all, it can be had for the asking at
HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Agents,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Row. nov14tf

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WAR HAS COME,

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers, as a necessary companion on the march, camp-hunt-line tents, and on board their long tedious marches, sore throat, lameness caused by exposure, &c.

Soldiers! Remember this Salve is a sure cure for piles, sores, chilblains, lame ankle, spinal disease, rheumatism, felons, and all kinds of burns, it is peculiarly adapted for the Army, and many surgeons say excels the healing system.

The Golden Salve is made only by DR. J. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

TO BANK, &c. Ointments, by the 100, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Golden Salve. Address as above.

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Against quacks and Counterfeits we all testify that it is THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE

FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IS UNIVERSALLY SATISFACTORY.

LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND THAT PRODUCED BY

HAIR OF OTHER PREPARATIONS SCALP.

NO MATTER AT WHAT PRICE.

Read on. Apeak very plainly now.

Boston, Dec. 20, 1859.

Gents :—I have used your HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE for three or four years, and can truly say that it is the best article for the hair that I have ever used. I have recommended it to many others since I have used it, and they have all found it to be the best article they ever used. I am yours very truly,

P. B. SIMONS.

W. E. HAGAR & CO., Sole Proprietors, 14 Howard Street, Boston. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. Also, manufacturers of the celebrated Hagar's Magnetic Machine, which is the only machine in existence that will produce a perfect curl without injury to the hair. Also, manufacturers of the celebrated Hagar's Magnetic Machine, which is the only machine in existence that will produce a perfect curl without injury to the hair. Also, manufacturers of the celebrated Hagar's Magnetic Machine, which is the only machine in existence that will produce a perfect curl without injury to the hair.

WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL COLOR TO GREY HAIR.

USE NOTHING ELSE.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

W. E. HAGAR & CO., Sole Proprietors, 14 Howard Street, Boston.

apr20 3m

A Chance for Bargains!

BEING about to remove from my old stand to No. 27 Merrimack Street, I will sell for a short time, my stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, &c., on hand, at greatly reduced prices.

JOSIAH G. BERRILL.

apr6 3m

KIDDER'S BED BUGS! BED BUGS!!

KIDDER'S BED BUG AND ROACH EXTERMINATOR is the best article known for the destruction of insect vitality and weakness of the Lungs which are given to the complaint. The medical properties are combined in an agreeable form and pleasant to the taste, so that any child may readily take them ; and they are warranted to give relief in ten minutes after the first dose is taken.

Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.

mar16 3m

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvetta Incidecon Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street. dec26

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, Wm. Nesmith, D. S. Richardson,
Josiah G. Abbott, Wm. A. Burke, Wm. Gray,
L. G. Hosmer, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Wm. Crosby.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT the cash assets over $30,000, Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property in Middlesex County by any Company, with a substantial cash surplus.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandize and other property insured at current rates.

Office, No. 23 Merrimack Street.

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy19tf

TO ARMS!

AN APPROPRIATION OF TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS for the benefit of the families of such of the members of the Lowell Cadet Corps as may be called into the service of the United States.

Endowment Policies issued in the branch of A. H. CHASE, at the office of the Merrimack Valley Mills, Kimball, and E. D. BLAKE, at Waushop & Sweetser's store, Tolden street, Lowell.

☞ An adjourned meeting of the Board will be held THIS EVENING, May 14th, at the Treasurer's office in the City Government Building, for the purpose of receiving and acting upon applications of Commissions.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

Dated, May 10, 1861.

Eclectic Medical Infirmary,

NO. 4 HURD STREET, BOSTON.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

The treatment of chronic diseases in both sexes requiring Experience, skill, honor and honesty.

SCIENCE has diffused its intelligible rays and brought to light in Electricity the means and power by which the Eclectic Physician can heal the sick when very eminent physicians get relief and confess their inability to cure. Eclectic Medicine is the only intelligible principle in the practice of medicine being the foundation of the principles of this newly discovered healing science.

MY ECLECTIC REMEDIES

For the cure of Rheumatism, Scrofula, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all kinds of Humors, either sour or sweet, are the strength in the mine of

YOUNG AND OLD.

And for those diseases which are the results of disruption, whether existing in

MY ECLECTIC REMEDIES

Are the only reliable curatives for the above complaints.

MY ECLECTIC CURE

In every case I cure successfully.

The well known and unrivalled effect of the

ECLECTIC REMEDIES

Need no further recommendation than to give them a trial. Their action is prompt, safe, sure and perfect cure.

PATIENTS

Can be treated at their homes by letter, as well as by personal attendance. Medicines sent by express to all parts of the country. Give an accurate description of the case by letter, stating age, sex, occupation, habits, &c. Enclose $5 for full directions, and carefully conceded from the receipt of letter.

All communications will be attended to without delay. Address,

DR. J. B. HUGHES,
No. 4 Hurd Street, Boston.

Consultation free. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. apr27 3m

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, by virtue of an order from the Judge of Probate for the County of Middlesex, to me directed, on THURSDAY, the thirteenth day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the right, title and interest of the said deceased, at the time of his decease, in and to the following described real estate, viz :—

The homestead of said deceased, situated in the town of Dracut, and bounded and described as follows : Beginning on the Northerly line of Jonathan Bowers' land, at the land of Ira Richardson ; thence on said Richardson's land Southerly about forty-four rods to land of Joshua Bennett ; thence on said Bennett's land Southerly about forty-four rods to land of Joseph Bowers ; thence on said Bowers' land Southerly about seventy-four feet to land of Ira Richardson ; thence on said Richardson's land Northerly about one hundred and sixty rods to the first bound ; containing about twenty-six acres, be the same more or less, with the buildings thereon standing.

Also, a certain lot of land situated in said Dracut, and bounded and described as follows : Beginning on the Northerly line of Jonathan Bowers' land, at the land of Ira Richardson ; thence on said Richardson's land Southerly about forty-four rods to land of Joshua Bennett ; thence on said Bennett's land Southerly about seventy-four feet to land of Joseph Bowers ; thence on said Bowers' land Northerly about one hundred and sixty rods to the first bound ; containing about twenty-six acres, be the same more or less, with the buildings thereon standing.

The Golden Salve is made only by DR. J. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

TO BANK, &c. Ointments, by the 100, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Golden Salve. Address as above.

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Against quacks and Counterfeits we all testify that it is

THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE

FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IS UNIVERSALLY SATISFACTORY.

LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND THAT PRODUCED BY

HAIR OF OTHER PREPARATIONS SCALP.

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DOBBIN & SON'S

MENAGERIE

And Circus Complete,

Will Exhibit at LOWELL, on the

SOUTH COMMON,

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, MAY 17th and 18th,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

This Mammoth Establishment is all

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., beg to call the attention of the public to the following emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been politely given by the leading practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in one advertisement; but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade in this vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, beg to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steele & Co.,	Hartford, Conn.
Hemingway & Starkens,	" "
Wm. Rogers & Son,	" "
J. C. Blackman,	Bridgeport, "
George Brewer,	New Haven, "
E. Benjamin,	" "
C. J. Munson,	" "
John B. Kirby,	" "
John Gordon,	New London, "
James R. Ayres,	Waterbury, "
E. S. Huntington & Co.,	Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford,	" "
H. D. Hall,	Middletown, "
John L. Smith,	" "
John Barton,	Lynn, Mass.
Currier & Trott,	Boston, "
J. V. Kettell,	" "
John McGregor,	Lawrence, "
Dexter & Haskins,	N. Bedford, "
S. Childs,	" "
E. D. Tisdale,	Taunton, "
Albert Pitts,	" "
Ellis Gifford,	Fall River, "
F. W. Macomber,	" "
J. J. Burns,	Gloucester, "
Jesse Smith,	Salem, "
S. N. Story,	Worcester, "
Levi Johnson,	" "
T. M. Lamb,	" "
J. Mendell,	Greenfield, "
W. Kirkham, Jr.	Springfield, "
W. M. Root,	Pittsfield, "
John B. Scott,	" "
Benj'n E. Cook,	N'thampton "
Charles W. Frost,	Waltham, "
Andrew Warren,	" "
Amos Sanborn,	Lowell, "
D. D. Anthony & Co.,	Providence, R. I.
Paleg Arnold,	E. Greenwich, "
L. H. Sanderson,	Concord, N. H.
George W. Prescott & Co.,	" "
N. G. Carr,	" "
Elijah Knight,	" "
Charles E. Bacon,	Dover, "
Henry H. Ham	Portsmouth "
Robert N. Bodge	" "
Wm. B. Morrill,	Exeter, "
W. G. C. Wendell,	Claremont, "
Reuben Spencer,	" "
Richard Gove,	Laconia, "
Jonathan Hosmer,	Nashua, "
N. W. Goddard,	" "
Chas. T. Ridgway,	" "
L. B. Gay,	" "
Sherburne Shaw,	Sanbornton Bridge "
S. J. Mellish,	Hanover, "
F. Hodgman,	Littleton, "
C. H. Huntington,	St. Albans, Vt.
C. H. Harding,	Bradford, "
T. C. Phinney,	Montpelier "
A. A. Mead,	" "
J. C. Bates,	Northfield, "
H. H. Murdock,	Woodstock, "
C. C. Childs,	St. Johnsbury, "
Brinsmaid & Hildreth,	Burlington, "
C. W. Wingate,	" "
Thompson & Ranger,	Brattleboro' "
Foster Grow,	Chelsea, "
W. K. Wallace,	Newbury, "
S. Amadon,	Barnet, Canada E.
C. R. Kimball,	Vergennes, "
Freeman M. Hardison,	South Berwick Me.
Henry McKenney,	Auburn, "
John T. Howland,	Bath, "
Tompkins & Morris,	Bangor, "
C. C. Williams,	" "
G. S. & G. L. Rogers,	Gardiner, "
Twombly & Smith,	Saco, "
Moses M. Swan,	Augusta, "
D. G. Hall,	Lewiston, "
James Emery,	Bucksport, "
Simeon Blood,	Rockland, "
D. E. Lorv,	Belfast, "
John B. Adams,	Winthrop, "

CAUTION.—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our production which is unstamped with our name, date of graduation, bearing the number of the watch, and signature of the Agent, E. P. R. Robbins, or by our predecessor, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.
ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents.
158 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
apr30 3m 6m

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points on Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " Charleston, 5.90
" " Derby, 5.90
" " Newport, 5.90
" " Stanstead, 5.90

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 192 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for any further information.

ap1 3m 8 H. FISHER, Agent.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRADLEE has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Glover for many years. These are made in the best manner especially for Lowell, and have proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with silk, and warranted not to rip or split when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without Thumbs.

jan21 1

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

neatly made and repaired. Cane in Ivory and Gold setting. Plaiting, Recovering, &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
mar22 dtf

JM'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 28 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

No More Hard Work!

EDWARDS' PAINT RESTORER

E. P. R.

EDWARDS' PAINT RESTORER,
—FOR—
Cleaning Paint and Glass.
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE,
For removing dirt from all Paint, such as doors, windows, glass, mirrors, &c.
USEFUL IN EVERY STORE,
For cleaning show cases, mirrors, steel goods, brass, and all paints.

It will remove the dirt with little trouble, and will not injure the paint as the old soap and sand process. A package will clean a whole house.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

For sale in Lowell by BUTRICK & CO., NICHOLS & CO., JOSHUA MERRILL, J. A. FLETCHER, KNOWLES & HOLLAND, CARLETON & HOVEY.

FISHER, DAY & CO., Prop'rs,
mar31dcod6t SALEM, MASS.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines are the only lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as those of the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are being adopted, than any other sewing mach ne in use, to the frequent changes and also to the great variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, cord, braid, and gather and sew on the same at the same time, and will sew from the finest cambric to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather. They will sew with any length of stitch, tension, or making any adjustment of machine necessary. In fact such a machine is adapted to family use? and if NOT adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for other machines, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, for goods will tear sooner than rip a seam.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine on the market is more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever sold, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Parish Institute, Philadelphia, 1857.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair in Newark, 1858.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for the sewing machines worn.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest Premiums at Fairs in Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the LARGEST range of sewing, and do it better, and with less trouble in competition with other first-class sewing machines (as we have room to say more in space for one), than any other machine in market, or money refunded.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give perfect satisfaction, or take any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines are often quite incredible to persons who have never seen or used them. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, from every quarter of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar merits and distinctive excellencies of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we offer the above explicit and unquestionable facts—Facts that are facts—not Fact, made such, by mere reference to certain kinds professional friends, who may wish to relieve their friends of surplus stock of Machines, Patent Rights, &c.

These facts are sustained by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of light sewing manufacture.

The Company having determined to meet the demand, have reduced the price of their excellent Machines, and have furnished them with all the necessary appendages, including the best hemmer, gauges, etc., to be found anywhere.

Please call and examine them.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, ALVIN B. NO-LES Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.

January 3, 1861. ma3dtf

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for these diseases, is a great enquiry necessary to us. What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make the discovery.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture to search out the laws for preserving it. Even in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain short laws, and as animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which remove or destroy, and death, the effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows them to be composeds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Iron brought in contact with a metal, oxidizes or emits electricity.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscular fiber, causes it to contract.

Sulphur, when decomposible, we have now the solution as to the modus operandi or power of its cure for diseases. Sulphur in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, emits electricity, which coming in contact with the heart enhances its contraction, and hence the power which expels the blood and sends it through the whole circulation with greater force. Sulphur then are the causes of Consumption, Dropsy, Liver Complaint, Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, and Nervous Debility.

Sulphur and phosphorous containing the iron, sulphur and phosphorous in the proportion as they exist naturally, and consequently an abnormal circulation, or a circulation somewhat varied, and hence the complaints ensue—the sulphur becomes nervous—the liver, the stomach, the spleen and kidneys—complaints of the liver are the first to appear, and in every type of disease the diseased action of the brain fevers may be traced to this deficiency in the blood, or to make this explanation more plain.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, hence the disease. I do not pretend to say that we have discovered the exact quantity, but we have discovered the quality, which has by close observation been found to be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the healthy blood circulation. Consumption! Diseases of consumptives! ! Sufferers from any organic disease! ! Unfortunate, who have by stress of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood, and disabled from the red globules! Ladies suffering any of the distresses known as female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. If its cured thousands of experts, cure where all hope has been given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your money, but try it. The "Blood Food" is a failing remedy; give it a trial.

An elaborate treatise, carefully cut and fully proving the theory advanced here to be correct, will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by druggists generally; where none has had, I will send 6 bottles free of expense, for $5. Price, single bottle, $1; large size up to 6, viz. in yellow wrappers—the old kind, in small bottles, in red wrappers, and hence the name red and yellow and bears the fac-simile signature of Church & Sherman, sole proprietors of the compound. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

C. T. DI PONT, Sole Proprietor,
600 Broadway, New York.
Q. C. GOODWIN & CO., & M. S. BURR & CO., WEBB & POTTER, and REED & STANLEY, Wholesale Agents.
BARRY & Hanson, Druggists, Boston.
E. Kidder, Jr., Lowell.
my 15 1y eod&wlm

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

FRYE, HEATH & CO.

FLOUR AND FEED

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

FRYE, HEATH & CO.

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Grand.

UGH McVEOY,
Central street.

MORE MUSIC.

—He that hath no music in his soul," &c. &c. S. H. RAY'S Book and Music Store.

Nothing Away—The Value of a Departing Business's health to women diar—they give it as a loan. Sold by all Druggists.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

its one, the Proprietors but assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work executed to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Re-sues, Circulars, Catalogues, Programmes, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, BALLROOMS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN and FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl ouer-faces and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE,
E. P. STONE, } Proprietors.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every scientific and intelligent person, that the first impressions of childhood are the most lasting, the duties of their bounty and in the connection, we present to your notice the valuable and cured of those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. TOTT'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Tozer with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and one that alone will convince you of its merits. Its operation is mild, and does not constipate the bowels, but improves the secretions of the liver, and regulates the whole system.

For Children Teething

And at this period of infantile life, when your anxious solicitude is awakened by the sufferings of your offspring, we would say that the Infantile Cordial will be found a most valuable remedy, relieving the child from pain, and the mother from anxiety.

For Diseases Attending Teething, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Sour Curds, Flatulency, Sick Headache, Convulsions, &c., it is particularly recommended.

In Convulsions,

From which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, the Infantile Cordial is a most valuable remedy, as it will relieve the dread complaint alone, on intimation being given of its approach, and in most cases prevent it. Numerous testimonials in the hands of the agents of Dr. Batson's Infantile Cordial has become a household word, and we only ask your attention as a subject of vital interest, in the confidence that it will not disappoint you. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Dealers.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever name, &c., will be used in or fully warranted in stating cannot be said of any of the Soothing Syrups, Cordials, &c., now in use, and which are destroying the infants and children throughout the country. Mothers are becoming aware of the fact that the use of the Opium, Morphine, &c., contained in most of which are certain to result from the use of narcotics disguised in the form of quieting remedies, their continued administration being invariably followed by prostration, idiocy, and death. Let the Infantile Cordial be used in place of these, and you will have nothing to fear. Dr. Batson's Infantile Cordial is entirely free from these evils, and may be safely administered to infants from birth upwards.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibilities of your children, but by keeping the system in a pure medicinal quiescence, by removing all pain and irritation, and by thus allowing the secretions to be healthy, it does not cause a recurring a bottle, that you will be induced to purchase another, but it is calculated to relieve your child in time of need. *It is perfectly harmless in all cases.*

Take none but Dr. Batson's Infantile Cordial. The price is 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 679 Broadway, New York
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists.

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

is certain to relieve without the slightest pain, where all other remedies fail. It will eat out a diseased Corn in a few days, and has failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, but has been invented in England and used by them fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered in this country, and is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

E. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries generally.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing and beautifying the hair. Strengthens and agrees sickness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is the greasy or sticky oil.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It is not rancid, and will not turn hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the reigest lustre.

It removes dandruff or scurf.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mh7

A Splendid Stock!

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE subscriber respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Particularly his superb assortment of

FANCY PANTALOONERY,

Which he has now ready for inspection—Grand.

UGH McVEOY,
Central street.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England in 1860.

10,000 sold in the United States within the last two years.

350 sold in Lowell within the last three months. There is no machine which can be compared to it sitting at the same quality. Call and see it at S. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store, No. 17 Central street.

mar22

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Power Mill in Salem is warranted to be ground in the best Old Linseed Oil, and to be of the most superior quality. The Forest River Lead Company is believed to be not excelled by any establishment in the United States. Their brand is "Forest River," and "Forest Rock Pure." is Pioneers Pure.

The great facilities for the severing of the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other brands. The Company are now putting up a new article of White Lead, in cans as low as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been proved by the use of the Lead in the Navy Yard, Boston, and other places. The material of the article will convince any practical consumer of its superiority.

Orders left with the Agent in Lowell, and in greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead in the market.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of the Lead, has been engaged in the Lead business for nearly a quarter of a century and his experience, and that of the Company, is at the service of consumers, who may desire information as to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of GILMAN & BURBANK, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants' Building, Dutton street, Lowell

mar9 6m

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, testify to the efficacy of the

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

FOR the alleviation of bronchitis, Hoarseness, Influenza, Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs and Throat. Public Speakers and Singers find the Troches exceedingly useful in clearing the voice for use. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov17

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES,

EVERYBODY needs one of these little woven Machines. Who would be without a sewing machine of some kind? The $10 machine is sold for $5 as a low as it is, combined every good quality of any sewing machine. Everybody is now invented, it has a very decided superiority over all the others now in the market.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.
feb8 17 Central street.

Coal and Wood.

HARDWOOD, Coal, Coal dust, Lime, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, (for masons' use), at wholesale and retail. EDWARD WOOD, 33 of the best quality, at

NO. 33 MIDDLE STREET.

Having adv. arrangements with shippers to supply the above direct from vessels over the main trunk railroad into the centre of the city, we do not those in want of the above to call and examine our stock and prices.

WILLIAM KITTREDGE.
Lowell Aug. 6, 1860. au6dtf

A FEW MORE LEFT.

CALL and see the little Sewing Machine which is sold for $10. No machine excels it. N. C. CARTER, Agent,
feb13 17 Central street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE largest and best miscellaneous works from low prices, but E. S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store 17 Central street.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Inspector's name, F. Barreda & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAMUEL M. WOOD,
mar22 6t 45 Market street.

MAGNOLIA BALM.

MAGNOLIA BALM.—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Moth and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,
nhl3 (Near the Post Office)

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money. No very wholesale business ever yet was done discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 men, women and children now making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months ago was working for us is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his business. Another boy, only 15 years of age, has paid the sum of $1,00. Women can clear from $10 to $15 per week. Any one can invest $1 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing full directions sent by mail, free. Those wishing to engage in the business, and who can be employed with these harassing diseases, and who are afflicted with these harassing diseases, and who are afflicted with these harassing diseases, and who are afflicted

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, May 15, 1861.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate was called to order at 12 o'clock, M., yesterday by the President, who addressed that branch of the legislature, stating the cause of the extra session. After some unimportant business, a bill to provide for the disciplining and instruction of a military force," was introduced, on leave, by Mr. Northend of Essex. The bill is quite lengthy, and we are unable to give even a synopsis of it today. It was referred to the special committee on the Governor's Address.

The House was called to order at 12, M., by the Speaker, Mr. Goodwin, who spoke briefly relative to the matters that had called the legislature together.

In convention of the two bodies, the Governor, having been inducted into the chair, addressed the convention as follows:

THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives: The occasion demands action, and it shall not be delayed by speech. Nor do the people or their representatives need or require to be stimulated by appeals, or convinced by arguments. A grand era has dawned—inaugurated by the present great and critical exigency of the Nation, through parts of it will eventually and triumphantly pass—and soon emerge in its apparent gloom, will breathe a freer inspirations on the nearer encounters of spirituality and power. Confident of our ultimate future, confident in the principles and ideas of a democratic form of government, in the capacity, conviction, and manly energies of the American people, wherever liberty exists, and republican government is administered, under the pulsifying and instructing power of free opinion and free debate, I perceive nothing now about us which ought to discourage the good or to alarm the brave.

But the occurrence of public events universally known, and necessarily repetitive here, has compelled the constitutional government of our Federal Union to assert its rightful powers for the protection of its own integrity, and the maintenance of the honor, rights and liberties of the whole people, by an appeal to the stout hearts and the strong right arms of all loyal States and patriotic men.

Massachusetts, by the unanimous acclaim of her whole people, a powerful people, has already inspired every department of her own public service with her traditional sentiment of perfect devotion to the cause of that common country which her successive generations have helped either to create or to support. And I see not only with a view to securing the aid and co-operation of the Legislature, but in order to carry out more perfectly and more consistently with the system of our constitutional distribution of powers, the measures requisite to a full performance of of our duty as a State and a People, that I have ventured to recall the members of the General Court from their private duties so speedily after the close of a laborious session.

Gentlemen,—This is no war of sections —no war of North on South. It is waged to avenge no former wrongs, nor to perpetuate ancient griefs or memorable conflict. It is the struggle of the People to vindicate their own rights, to secure and invigorate the institutions of their fathers—the majestic effort of a National Government to vindicate its power and execute its functions for the welfare and happiness of the whole—and therefore we do not forget, I will not name to day that "*subtle poison*" which has lurked always in our national system—and I remember at this present moment, that even in the midst of rank and towering rebellion, under the very shadow of its torch and axe, there are sincere but loyal multitudes of citizens of the South who wait to see the power of all power to be revealed and its protecting flag unfurled for their own deliverance.

The guns pointed at Fort Sumter on the 12th day of April, winged their terrific and material edifice and made prisoners of its garrison, announced to Louisiana and his men their introduction into the sacred circle of heroes of American history; and the cannon of the Fort, as they struck down the American flag, when the vanquished garrison,—unconquerable in heart,—retired from the scene, saluted the immortal Stripes and Stars, flaming out in ten times ten thousand resurrections of the light of Heaven, on hill top, staff and spire, hailed by the shouts and the joyful tears of twenty millions of freemen.

The proclamation of the President, summoning the rebels to disperse and the militia to rally to the support of the National Capitol menaced by secessionists, was immediately followed, in this State, by a movement of four regimental commands of Infantry at Boston and at Reliefes, and another of Light Artillery, (all from the "Active Volunteer Militia" of Massachusetts), which, under all the circumstances of celerity of motion, promptness of obedience and brilliancy of results, is unexampled in anything I remember elsewhere of the conduct of citizen soldiery. The telegraphic call from the War Department at Washington for two regiments reached the Executive of Massachusetts on the morning of Monday the 15th of April, and was soon expanded into a call for four regiments. Assembling at once at the organization happily existing in this Commonwealth partially prepared for the service duty, and of the flexibility of our militia system, and with the aid of the legislation of this year, permitting the indefinite numerical enlargement and the expansion of its components to the full and ample sixty-four privates, together with the regiments already taken to anticipate possible exigencies of the time, and with the advantages of previous drill, discipline and moral preparation induced by the general order promulgated to the militia in the month of January—the patriotic ardor and generous devotion of the people found means of efficient and prompt response.

The telegraphic message from Washington convinced me that no small reliance was placed on this Commonwealth to be early on the field; and moreover that any delay whatever would be consistent with the urgent demands of the service of the people, by an appeal to the stout hearts and the strong right arms of all loyal States and patriotic men.

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Now was already manifest in Washington, or in Fortress Monroe, or on their way to Washington, the necessity which the Executive of the United States felt of an immediate increase of the military force for the protection of the Capitol, and for the maintenance of the honor, rights and liberties of the whole

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been politely given by the leading practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in our advertisement, but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade in this vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, long to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steele & Co., Hartford, Conn.
Hemming'ay & Stevens, " "
Wm. Rogers & Son, " "
J. C. Blackman, Bridgeport, "
George Brown, " New Haven, "
E. Benjamin, " "
C. J. Munson, " "
John B. Kirby, " "
John Gordon, New London, "
James H. Ayres, Waterbury, "
E. S. Huntington & Co. Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford, " "
H. D. Hall, Middletown, "
John L. Smyth, " "
John Barton, Lynn, Mass.
Currier & Trott, Boston, "
J. V. Ketrell, " "
John McGregor, Lawrence, "
Dexter & Haskins, N. Bedford, "
S. Childs, " "
E. D. Tisdale, Taunton, "
John Gordon, " "
James H. Ayres, Fall River, "
F. W. Macomber, " "
J. J. Burns, Gloucester, "
Jesse Smith, Salem, "
A. M. Storey, Wenham, "
Levi Johnson, " "
T. M. Lamb, " "
N. Moody, Greenfield, "
W. Kirkham, Jr. Springfield, "
W. M. Rooy, Plittsfield, "
John B. Scott, " "
Benj'n E. Cook, N'hampton "
Charles W. Fogg, Waltham, "
Andrew Warren, " "
Amos Sanborn, Lowell, "
D. D. Anthony & Co. Providence, R.I.
Paine Arnold, Greenwich, "
L. K. Hunderson, Concord, N. H.
George W. Drew & Co. " "
N. G. Carr, " "
Elijah Knight, " "
Charles E. Bacon, Dover, "
Henry H. Hunt Portsmouth "
Robert N. Bodge, " "
Wm. H. Morrill, Exeter, "
W. O. C. Woodbury, Claremont, "
Reuben Spencer, " "
Richard Gove, Laconia, "
Jonathan Hosmer, Nashua, "
N. W. Goddard, " "
Chas. T. Ridgway, " "
L. B. Gay, " "
Sherburne Shaw, Sanborton Bridge "
S. J. Meilish, Hanover, "
F. Hodgman, Littleton, "
C. H. Hoitgman & Son, " "
C. H. Harding, Bradford, "
T. C. Phinney, Montpelier "
A. A. Mead, " "
J. C. Bates, Northfield, "
J. H. Murdock, Woodstock, "
C. C. Childs, St. Johnsbury, "
Brinsmaid & Hildreth, Burlington, "
C. W. Weeks, " "
Thompson & Ranger, Brattleboro', "
Foster Clarke, Chelsea, "
W. K. Wallace, Newbury, "
L. Anadon, Bellows Falls, "
C. H. Kimball, Bath, "
Freeman M. Hardison, South Berwick Me.
Henry McEnerney, Saco, "
John T. Howland, Bath, "
Tompkins & Morris, Bangor, "
C. C. Williams, " "
G. S. & G. L. Rogers, Gardiner, "
Twombly & Smith, Augusta, "
Moses M. Swan, Augusta, "
D. G. Hall, Lewiston, "
James Emmery, Biddeford, "
Simeon Blood, Rockland, "
J. E. Lane, Rockland, "
John B. Adams, Winthrop, "

CAUTION.—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we take to inform the public that no watch is of our production which is not stamped with the name of our gate of genuineness, bearing the number of the watch, and signed by our Treasurer, E. N. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.
ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents
168 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
apr23 1tm Gowlin

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East this Year.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 4.90
" " " Newport, 4.90
" " " Stanstead, 4.90

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

apr 1 tf S. H. FISHER, Agent.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. DRAPER has been made agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated kid gloves for many years. They are the best and most manner especially for his retail trade, and has proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Mr. P. has also on a superior article of Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

jan21 ly

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

MADE and repaired. Cases in every and Gold setting. Pruning, Embroidering, Stitching, &c., by the best of workmen.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central street, at greatly reduced prices.

may22 6t

MCLANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 22 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 27 Merrimack street.

Orders left at the Post Office, Lowell, or in Fortress Monroe, or on their way to the

No More Hard Work!

EDWARDS' PAINT RESTORER,

FOR

E. P. R.

EDWARDS' PAINT RESTORER,

FOR

Cleaning Paint and Glass.

USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE,

For cleaning oil cloths, looking glasses, mirrors, steel goods, brass, and all paints.

It will remove the dirt with little trouble and will not injure the paint as the old soap and sand process. A package will clean a whole house.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

For sale in Lowell by BUTTRICK & CO., NICHOLS & CO., JOSHUA C. MERRILL, E. FLETCHER, KNOWLES & HOLLAND, CARLTON & HOVEY.

FISHER, DAY & CO., Prop'rs,

may31 6mod&w SUDBURY, MASS.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as those on the chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine ever invented, to the application of the needle to the great variety of sewing required in a fam ily. They will sew from one to ten thicknesses of fabric, or sew without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will sew as fine from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, with perfect ease. They will set a needle, or tweezer, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In out such a machine less adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For with two heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our Manufacturing.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elegant of any sewing machine in use, and a face of very great importance in sewing elastic goods. Examine and judge for yourself.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more capable of any sewing machine in use, or fairly understood.

Every operation of these Machines, wherever exhibited, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New York State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the Premiums at the Mechanics' Institute, in the city of New York, together with several Premiums for five other machines.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the Premiums at the Mechanics' Fair, Boston, 1861.

Fact No. 10.—I rese Machines can do the same thing generally whenever properly established in competition with other first-class sewing machines. Don't take our word for it, one fact more; it is the most important fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give PERFECT SATISFACTION, and other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen or used them. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, viz. - "What are the peculiar merits and distinctive excellencies of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this inquiry we offer the above facts, and invite a personal call at our shop at BARROW'S, Old Post Office Building.

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 22 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 27 Merrimack street.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation here made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been found in the ordinary being in other men's blood, which may be termed a new disease, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first grand inquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left for the present century to other men's blood, which may be termed a new disease, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first grand inquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture the remark, that the air we breathe is one of the principal agents in our system, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the result.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen will combine at once with a metal, revives or emits electricity.

Electricity is magnetic in contact with a muscle, raises it to contract.

Now, if this reasoning reasonable, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the blood. That is, the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits electricity, which coming in contact with the heart causes it to contract, and the nervous power which expels the blood and sends it tingling through the remotest parts of the system. Hence the causes of Consumption, Dropsy, Piles, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, &c. &c.—a deficiency of the red corpuscles, rendering the blood sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of electricity, and consequently an abnormal circulation. The blood becomes watery, the nervous power becomes exhausted, the liver becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism, the lungs become tuberculous of the liver and kidneys act in, in short, almost every type of disease known to man may be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles above named.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, hence the gray hair and decay of teeth, as well as the fleshless of the "chair vital," we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends and acquaintances! Will you not investigate this matter? Others have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new thing. It has been discovered in the blood and diminished the red globules! Hence suffering say of the distresses known as female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" will relieve you. It has cured thousands of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Try it, for it will cost you but little, your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy. Give it a trial.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the principles upon which it is based, will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of a post paid envelope. Blood Food is sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send a Bottle to any one of price, by $1. Five bottle bottle, $5. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in a highly concentrated form, in small bottles, in red wrappers having been done away with—the large bottle is the similar size of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

C. F. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,

No. 2 Dey street, New York.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BROWN & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold by Lowell; Chase, Hall & Co., Lowell; French, E. A. Stanwin, J. S. Hayes, S. Kidder, Jr., Lowell.

may

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

BY THE BARREL OR BAG

AT THE

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Flour, Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

S. N. WOOD.

1000 NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINES sent to England

within the last month.

10,000 sold in the United States within the last two months

Call and see one in Lowell within the last three months, and still they sell.

Call and see the machine which can be compared to it either in price or quality. Call and see it at H. S. HAYNES',

Where you can get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES',

Where you can get PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES',

Where you can get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES',

Where you can get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES',

Where you can get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES',

To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES',

Chips Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

ASTHMA,

for the IN-TANT RE LIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

PENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. REYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, 25 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Mar. 1860. ly may16'61

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR'S.

THE same Maps & Illustrations Super Phosphate of Lime.

A few Cook's Super Phosphate of Lime.

A few Cook's Super Phosphate of Lime.

100 Pure Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine.

100 bushels Herds Grass Seed.

Also, a large stock of Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Timothy, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Barley, Canada Peas, Millet, &c., &c.

may16 2m

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE undersigned having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL at the shortest notice on the low est cash terms. All orders will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7 6t

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete Toilet Preparation, Restores Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, Tan, Redness, &c., and renders a fair skin. Prepared only by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries.

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. For Dressing and Ornamenting it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not gluey or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It gives the hair a rich and hair warm hard and glossy.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains longer in effect.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may16

SPRING WHEAT AND RYE,

100 Bush. Spring Rye, for seed;

50 bush Spring Wheat, for seed—on hand and for sale by S. N. WOOD.

43 Market street.

may22

Kinder's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, silver, Sc. &c. and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found very efficient, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever stained, is quickly restored to its original color. Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

jan21 ly

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

MADE and repaired. Cases in every and Gold setting. Pruning, Embroidering, Stitching, &c., by the best of workmen.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central street, at greatly reduced prices.

may22 6t

MCLANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 22 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 27 Merrimack street.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having of establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors bot assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.

For CONCERT, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, at white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of post-mar-ked and unmarked white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one, that the present generation of children is not what it was a few years ago. Many causes combine to the production of their bowels, and in this connection we would say that MOTHER'S CORDIAL will relieve and cure all those diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be a most reliable and effective remedy for the diseases of children, and we can say to every one you of its superiority over every other preparation extant. Sold by druggists generally.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your children have any symptoms of disease, or of a disordered state of the system, it will be found invaluable in relieving the child from pain, and restoring the health of the child. For Children Suffering Teething, such as Griping in the Bowels, Wind Colic, Flatulency, and from the same cause arising all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first grand inquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left for the present century to other men's blood, which may be termed a new disease, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first grand inquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

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Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture the remark, that the air we breathe is one of the principal agents in our system, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the result.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen will combine at once with a metal, revives or emits electricity.

Electricity is magnetic in contact with a muscle, raises it to contract.

Now, if this reasoning reasonable, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the blood. That is, the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits electricity, which coming in contact with the heart causes it to contract, and the nervous power which expels the blood and sends it tingling through the remotest parts of the system. Hence the causes of Consumption, Dropsy, Piles, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, &c. &c.—a deficiency of the red corpuscles, rendering the blood sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of electricity, and consequently an abnormal circulation. The blood becomes watery, the nervous power becomes exhausted, the liver becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism, the lungs become tuberculous of the liver and kidneys act in, in short, almost every type of disease known to man may be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles above named.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, hence the gray hair and decay of teeth, as well as the fleshless of the "chair vital," we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends and acquaintances! Will you not investigate this matter? Others have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new thing. It has been discovered in the blood and diminished the red globules! Hence suffering say of the distresses known as female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" will relieve you. It has cured thousands of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Try it, for it will cost you but little, your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy. Give it a trial.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the principles upon which it is based, will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of a post paid envelope. Blood Food is sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send a Bottle to any one of price, by $1. Five bottle bottle, $5. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in a highly concentrated form, in small bottles, in red wrappers having been done away with—the large bottle is the similar size of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

C. F. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,

No. 2 Dey street, New York.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BROWN & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold by Lowell; Chase, Hall & Co., Lowell; French, E. A. Stanwin, J. S. Hayes, S. Kidder, Jr., Lowell.

may

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

BY THE BARREL OR BAG

AT THE

DYSPEPSIA

LIVER COMPLAINT

BILIOUSNESS

SICK HEADACHE

CONSTIPATION

COSTIVENESS

INDIGESTION

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS

FEVER

AGUE

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD

FEMALE COMPLAINTS

H.S. HAYNES.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

45 Merrimack Street,

mh16 (Near the Post Office.)

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money by the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were entirely poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $40 per week. One young man who a few months since was worth nothing is now worth $2,000. He has invested in his own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1, and has since been making from $20 to $40 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. Pamphlets containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and a large variety of the most convenient work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. Address, with stamp, for return postage of $1

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, May 16, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN? The most important statement, in any way relating to the war, in this morning's papers, relates to John C. Breckenridge, and which we are completely at a loss to explain. We give the report for what it is worth, suggesting, however, that in our opinion it will turn out to be an error of the telegraph. A despatch from Harrisburg, Pa., dated the 15th says:—

Major Anderson arrived here this afternoon, but stopped only a few minutes.—Governor Curtin and other State officials, and immense numbers of people greeted him. Camp Curtin turned out twelve companies to participate in the ceremonies of welcome. Major Anderson received repeated cheers. *He stated to Governor Curtin that Mr. Breckinridge would join him at Cincinnati and would take command under him.* The announcement created a profoundly gratifying sensation among all classes.

Major Anderson also stated that the European steamer which arrived yesterday brought a large quantity of improved modern arms for the Federal army, and that each succeeding steamer will bring more. He expressed the utmost confidence in the success of the federal arms, and of a reconstruction of the Union upon its original basis.

A second despatch says there is good authority for the statement made by Maj. Anderson concerning Mr. Breckinridge.—If it is true, it is also undoubtedly true that the sentiment of his section (Kentucky) has driven him into the support of the Union.

There are great apprehensions that there will be an attack upon Wheeling from Harper's Ferry to-day. If an attempt is made, Governor Dennison of Ohio will concentrate heavy forces at once there, and two Pennsylvania regiments will be moved from Pittsburg at once.

Captains Single and McKinistry were to Europe in the Adriatic to purchase steam gun boats for the Government from Gourd.

The *World's* Washington dispatch reports that all telegraphic communication south of Washington, is suspended, the rebels having removed all they shall be new company has been formed embracing all the southern lines.

The story of the reunion of Gen. Washington having been stolen from Mount Vernon is originated in the *New York Herald*, we are glad to believe is very generally disbelieved.

The Massachusetts Fifth Regiment is practicing skirmishing, outside the city of Baltimore, every day, preparatory to the expected marching orders.

A spy messenger with a large quantity of dispatches to Gen. Lee and Gov. Letcher, was detected night before last by a New York detective, while on his way to Virginia. He had his dispatches secreted in a false bottom to his buggy seat. The dispatches have the appearance of being from regular rebel spies here. The government will look into the matter.

A report is current that an engineer officer has discovered that the Virginians are throwing up defences within spy-glass view of Washington. That may be a repetition of a former canard. If confirmed, it is improbable that the government will remain an indifferent observer; but we judge the report to be an idle rumor.

The presence of Gen Butler's command in Baltimore, has had a good effect on the people of that city. The assurance conducted in his proclamation that the troops were not in their midst to interrupt the business of the city, but to protect the people, preserve the peace and maintain the laws, seemed to give general satisfaction.

Gen. Butler, accompanied by his aids, Colonels Clemence and Parker, and three officers detailed from Major Cook's battery, he was educated at Waterville College, Maine, visited Baltimore on Monday, unacquainted with Gen. Butler at that time, give him the reputation of being a recognized military man of considerable ability.

Gen. Butler was born in Deerfield, N.H., November 5th, 1818, consequently is not a native of Maine. We believe, however, he was a student of Waterville College, may have spent several years of his early life in that State, although he came to this city while in his minority.

THE WESTERN VIRGINIA CONVENTION. The convention of Union men at Wheeling worked harmoniously. There is a settled purpose of dividing the State if the secession ordinance is passed by Virginia.—The Union men are working nobly, and in the expectation of the Government, if they require protection. Before adjourning, a vote was passed calling a convention on the 11th of June, and appointing a General Committee of nine, empowered to order the re-assembling of this convention before the General Convention, if necessary.

FAST DAY AT THE SOUTH. On the Montgomery congress, May 16th, Mr. Thos. R. Cobb offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, that the President be requested to issue a proclamation appointing a day of fasting and prayer, in observance of which all be invited to join who recognize our independence.

DAVID J. CLARK has been appointed Postmaster of Manchester, in place of Col. T. P. Pierce of the Third New Hampshire Regiment.

☞ Somebody thus improves Shakespeare:

"There is he armed who hath his quarrel just."
But oh times armed is he who owes a poor reviewer.

☞ MARRIED—George Good and Mollie Fitcher, both of this city, were married in Cincinnati on Thursday. Good for

FARMERS AND HORSE-RAISING.

Said Brownelson, a distinguished English horse-breeder, when in this country a few years since—"If there is any one feature of husbandry by which the farmers of New England show short-sightedness, and a want of perception of what is for their best interests, it is in the matter of breeding too small horses." In this matter, however, we are glad to say, that there are some signs of improvement. Vermont people are now fully convinced upon this subject, and breed only from horses of size, style, bone and muscle, and the greater the speed the better. The Vermonters, like the English, have completely changed their breeding from little horses, the stock of which is nearly worthless in every horse market in this country.

And we are glad to be able to say, that there are hopes of a similar improvement in this regard in Massachusetts; for we see the subject has been recently opened up for discussion at the land-bills and elsewhere, and as improvement and revolution is the order of the day, a discerning husbandry will not be slow to discover that the day of small things has gone by, at least so far as regards the raising of horses. Indeed, it is conceded, on all hands, that the large and good grown horses are the only ones that sell well, or that are at all profitable to raise, consequently those who now happen to have small, ill-shaped horses on hand, add knowing the growing demand for large horses, would, in their "stead," force the honest husbandman to believe, if they could, that little horses beget large ones, and that there is truth at all in the long and fully established physiological law, "that like begets like." This adage is not only true in the animal kingdom, but also in the vegetable.

But as facts are weightier than theory, let us look at such as are within the present knowledge of all; let us see what are the present distinguished stock horses of the day, and whether they are ponies or large Canadian horses. The trials at Worcester about 1300, and his colts are nearly all large, and often very fast, and very few of them are of less value than \$200; and if any of them should prove to be even slow roadsters, they make a large price to be used at other labor, while a small horse, if he goes not prove to be fast, (and not more than one out of ten does prove fast,) becomes very valuable on account of its speed) is nearly worthless, for there is no other labor for him to do, hence he will positively, no place for a small horse; every one of experience in horse matters knows that a large horse is worth more than a small one. Small horses are of no "account" in the cavalcade or for the field. The large horses are sought after for every department of labor, while small horses are only wanted by "every reflecting mind" as comparatively worthless, except for the trotting and the skeleton waggon. If \$100 when grown will make the marsh, will bring twice as much as a 900 horse, as all other things besides size being equal. "Little and long legged" is the order of horsedom, and the sooner we are "short" of them the better.

The spirit of the times, like times, then, must be met, and instead of breeding to speed alone, as has been the case, unfortunately, we must breed to size and speed combined. A fast pony horse, for a stock horse, is of very little account. With a universal love for the horse, and the present high state of human consciousness with our demand for them, it is to be hoped that our farmers in old Middlesex will give attention to this important branch of husbandry, and in so doing look well to the purity of breed and the importance of size and style. Let our farmers breed from good sized mares and from stock horses not lighter than 1000 lbs., with good proportioned, limb, and muscles, well proportioned with light grey, fleet and airy carriage, with a decided blood to transmit, and it will pay well.

The mistake hitherto of breeding for trotters, to the sacrifice of every other indispensible qualification, has resulted in the class of horses that, after proving to be of no account as trotters, are sold for what they will fetch—worthless as carrying horse, too small for farm horse, and too

CITY AND VICINITY.

SIXTH REGIMENT MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will despatch to Col. Jones of the Sixth Regiment, an Express Bag for the soldiers from Lowell in that Regiment, on MONDAY next, 20th inst., at noon, from the office of the Association, No. 5 Prescott Block, corner of Merrimack and Market streets.

Letters in U. S. stamped envelopes will be received and, forwarded, parcels weighing not over one pound.

It is proposed to send a similar bag every Monday.
By order of Executive Committee.
WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Committee on Forwarding.
may15

POLICE COURT.

The examination of Miss Annah A. Downes charged with administering poison to Mrs. Harrison Wilkins, on the 20th of last March, causing her death on the next day, was commenced this morning. The complaint in substance charges the prisoner with the murder (with deliberately premeditated malice aforethought, which is murder in the 1st degree) of Rhoda H. Wilkins, on the date specific, privately and secretly mingled with certain substances unknown, and administered to said Rhoda, on the 20th day of March, by means whereof said Wilkins became sick and distressed, and that said Wilkins languished and languishing, did live until the 30th day of same March, when she died.

The court room is crowded, over half the audience being composed of ladies.—George Stevens appears for the government; Brown & Alger for the defence.—There are about twenty witnesses summoned for the government, and there is every probability that the case will continue at least two days. The testimony is substantially the same as that before the coroner's jury, which we published at the time. Up to the time of adjournment at noon, the following witnesses had been examined:—Dr. Daniel H. Gordon, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Dr. H. R. Thayer. Ast 12 1-2 o'clock the Court adjourned to 2 1-2 o'clock.

Samuel Dutton, the larceny of a watchman's rattle, was sent to the House of Correction for two months.

LOWELL VETERANS.

This company had a meeting last evening. They voted in a large number of members, sufficient to increase the company to one hundred and fifty. The committee on uniforms reported in favor of an undress uniform consisting of a grey flannel sack coat, black pants, and regulation cap. H. H. Wilder was elected treasurer. The committee on uniforms will be at the armory every evening this week, to measure members for uniforms. After the transaction of business, the company came into the street drill, with full ranks and made a fine appearance.

TO REMAIN IN LOWELL. We understand that the parents of Addison O. Whitney have consented that his remains shall be buried in Lowell. It has been suggested that Col. Ellsworth and Whitney be buried enclosed lot in Merrimack Square, as it would be the most public place in the city for the erection of a monument.

GONE TO BOSTON. The Richardson Light Infantry, Capt. P. A. Davis, left for Boston this morning in the 9 o'clock train, they having received orders to appear on Boston Common for drill in consequence of the Sixth Regiment, which is in the steamer Cambridge, which arrived in Boston last evening. There was a large crowd in the depot to see them off. They expect to return this evening, and if not positive they may be quartered in Boston until the steamer starts, which will doubtless be by the first of the week.

DISTRIBUTION OF MONEY TO LOWELL COMPANIES. The money contributed by the Lowell manufacturers, City Council and other citizens, for the benefit of the Lowell companies now in service, was distributed as follows:—Company A., (National Grays) \$150.01; Company C., (Mechanic Phalanx) \$151.77; Company D., (City Guards) \$150.01; Company H., (Wason Light Guard) \$164.73.

A CHICK FROM A COUNTRY FLOWER BANK. We received, a few days ago, an immense pyramidal-shaped bouquet of flowers, including arbutus—all the way from Wilton, N. H. The gentleman who so kindly remembered us, will be gratified to learn that it contained the "trail of a long" and a few of our Lowell ladies, as it was borne triumphantly through the streets to Belvidere.

PACKAGES TO SOLDIERS. Sargent & Co.'s Express have arranged with Harndon & Bigelow by which they will take the box by the city to our soldiers in service free of charge.

THE CITY has received a supply of the Laws and Resolves passed at the late session of the Legislature, which citizens may obtain by calling at the City Government Buildings.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK.—This Institution will receive deposits at its office, Railroad Bank, on and after Monday next. Those desiring to be received as depositors on the 1st June, will be placed on interest at that time.

CIRCUS TO-MORROW. Wambold & Co.'s Circus and Menagerie will arrive in this city to morrow morning, and will exhibit here in the afternoon and evening. The company is highly spoken of wherever it has performed.

DR. THAYER suspectfully asks all who wish to consult him at his office (28 Central Street) to call in the afternoon from 1 to 4 and 7 to 9 o'clock, as the rest of the day is spent in visiting patients at their residences. The Dr. will on found at his residence, No. 34 Lawrence Street, during the night. All orders left at his office will be promptly answered. d2w

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

HYDROPATHIC ESTABLISHMENT.

WINDSOR HOUSE, Prop. Stockton with long Sandy Beach Bromley, Long Branch, Clinton Hall, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Cape May, Atlantic City, Somers Point, Absecon, Brigantine, Beach Haven, Tuckerton, Barnegat, Manasquan, Squan Beach, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Point Pleasant, Mantoloking, Bay Head, Island Heights, Toms River, Seaside Park, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Absecon, Atlantic City, Somers Point, Cape May, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Clinton Hall, Long Branch, Bromley, Stockton with long Sandy Beach, Windsor House, Prop.

WRITING PAPER, Envelopes, Pens and Ink of every description at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Stationery Store, No. 3 Merrimack Square.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete beautifier for Ladies. Manufactured by Dr. Felix Gouraud, No. 48 Great Jones street, New York. For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers everywhere.

SALE OF DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE. ☞ Among the hundreds of letters, certificates and notices received by the proprietors, Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this medicine, the following are selected to show its character, and the effect of its use in a distant part of the West.

ROYALTON, Boone Co., Ia., May 10, 1850.
MESSRS FLEMING BROS.—*Gentlemen*—I write to you to solicit an agency for the invaluable Vermifuge you prepare. Sometime since, I purchased one dozen vials of Mr. C. Eddy, and prescribed it in my practice; and it proved an effectual in the *expulsion of worms,when no other preparation will satisfy the citizens of this village and vicinity.* Please send me one gross of the Vermifuge immediately.
Yours, &c. SAMUEL ROSS.

NEW PROVIDENCE, Tenn., July 1, 1851.
MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—Please send the Vermifuge for us as soon as possible, as we are nearly out, *and the demand for it is very great. We believe it to be the best Vermifuge ever invented.*
PORTER & DYCUS.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, a purely vegetable preparation, free from Mercury, can now be had at all respectable drug stores throughout the *United States and Canada.* FLEMING BROS.
may1-1y (42)

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at 44 Merrimack North before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best carpets in the world. Can be supplied always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH's and they will sell at lower prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. mar29dtf

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all parts of the West, North and South, (choice of roads) at the lowest rates. Also, tickets for the Grand Trunk Railway, Canada, for sale at the office of

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack street, Depot.
may11

SIM. JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

AMERICAN WOMEN.—America is justly proud of its beautiful women, but they are not so, usually, or prematurely lose their health and beauty, for want of a timely knowledge of the ailments. This remedy is found in Sir James Clarke's Female Pills, which have hundreds of cases where they have been used with the greatest success. They are a safe preventive and Special Afflictions, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Obstructions, Nervousness, Hysterics, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills are unfailing. Explicit directions in other wrons have failed. *Moderating severe and removing difficulties,* no matter from cold or any other cause. Suffer no more anxiety or low spirits, but try them. Sold by druggists, or by pamphlet, free, of the Agent.

☞ Sir J. Clarke's signature and stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing fifty Pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all druggists. may14

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years the most certain and speedy remedy we possess for the relief and cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Influenza, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough and confirmed Coughs, that give the most immediate and perfect relief, and when promptly taken in time, are a troublesome Cough soon expels the afflicted sufferer, these Wafers produce the most marked results. They at once relieve the most distressing symptoms, and by their wonderful curative power subdue and remove the Cause which has given rise to the complaint. The most perfect confidence is confidently reposed in its agreeable taste. Those persons in the habit of using it will verify this fact, and they are warranted to give relief in less time than any other one in all cases.

Prepared only by DR. BRYAN, Boston. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by or by FIRE, on all kinds of property, on favorable terms. Permanent and temporary risks taken. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000

DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Lowell.
Stephen Crosby, " Josiah O. Ashott, "
Arthur T. Brown, " Lowell.
Joshua W. Bancroft, " Walter Wright, "
Samuel Richards, " Moses G. Clark, "
Ephraim Brown, " Hiram Tufts, "
Elijah Hunt, "
Alonzo A. Miner, " Abraham T. Lyon, "
Benjamin E. Bates, " Lowell.
Reuben E. Demond, "
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 2d Floor Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 16, 1861. ap16dtf

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn
Incorporated 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,300,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other companies. Policies written on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and on Stores and their contents.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON,
No. 19 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'CE CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON,
April 9, 1861. ap9

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000:
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, amounted to 31 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages,being first lien on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount loaned.

Policies issued on all the approved plans, with the Compositor of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:
Ernestus Lyman, Lowell.
Charles Stanton, "
Thos. Fullerton, Jr., "
Wm. H. Crosby, "
John Anderson, "
Wm. Hogarth, "
Nathan Morse, "
Merchant, New York.
Tolavercine, "
Merchant, "
Merchant, Brooklyn.
Merchant, New York.
Merchant, Brooklyn.
Merchant, New York.
GEORGE F. SNIFFEN, Secretary.
ROBERT ATHERTON, General Agent.

Rooms taken in other Stock or Mutual departments, on the most favorable terms.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dtf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is eminently due to its peculiar merits, which are acknowledged by all who have examined it, and attests the requisites for family use. It has been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited upon as a household economy. In all the finer fabrics of family sewing, such as linen, cotton and broadcloth, in hemming, stitching, quilting, gathering and sewing on, it is unequalled, and to which female needle work is applicable, this

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for family use in Lowell, all of which can be referred to:

D. S. Richardson, J. Bostwick, C. B. Coburn, C. F. Bailey, Rev. A. D. Sargent, Samuel Pray, Rev. A. A. Miner, Rev. Mr. Waterhouse, Mrs. Dr. Bartlett, Mrs. Dr. Bigelow, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Wilson, Mrs. Dr. Bowers, Mrs. Dr. Bartlett

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, given that any qualified medicine must cure or relieve all eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and skin. Also, that it is unfailing in the 5th will also be found lasting grey, and from falling to 80 years, as well as restore. Read the following:—

Mr. Sayr, as well as restore. Read the following:—

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to lay preparation aside, and give your Hair Restorative a perfect trial.

During the year 1858 my hair came out so as to be very thin on the crown of my head, and soon the crown spot was one which my head received a most terrible blow; causing a great deal of irritation, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. About the time I first discovered the dropping, however, my attention was called to your Hair Restorative, and although I could ill afford it, being a professional man, myself, and, I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but was finally deceased in every prescription advanced.

These and other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have used now for between three and four months, and in about two months after my first application I found the hair coming out in small tufts all over the head, for which I certainly could not account. Upon further observation, however, I found the hair was coming out of the old follicles, and that a new growth of hair was starting some two or three inches high over every spot where the hair had been destroyed. I have used your Restorative for about four months, and the result is a splendid growth of hair, which I certainly could not have believed possible. Yours, very truly,

R. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Phillipi, Va.]

Dear Sir—I feel it my duty to you as well as myself, to make to you the following circumstances, which you can use as you think proper. I am a gentleman of this place, (a lawyer) has been bald ever since his early youth, so much so that he has worn a wig for a long time. He was induced to use a bottle or your "Hair Restorative," which he had very much, and after using some two or three bottles his hair grew out quite thick, and he has now discarded the use of his wig. The gentleman's name is Mr. Bonnifield, and he is very well known in our adjoining counties, so that persons can identify the truth of this statement. I have given it to you at the request of Mr. Bonifield. You can sell a great deal in this place, and I will aid you all I can in the adjoining counties if you have the proper agents.

Yours, truly, JOHN S. MARTIN.

DR. WOOD: Dear Sir—Permit me to express the obligations I am under to you for the restoration of my hair to its original color. About the time of my arrival in the United States from Europe, my hair began to grow, but upon the application of your Hair Restorative it soon assumed its natural color, and has remained so ever since. I have much pleasure in recommending it to my acquaintances as well as to the public.

S. THALBERG.

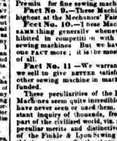
The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes, viz.: large, moderate and small. The large holds a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the moderate holds at least two-thirds per cent. more in proportion than the small; and retails for two dollars a bottle, the other retails at one dollar per bottle.

Prepared only by O. J. WOOD & CO., 444 Broadway New York. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner of Merrimack and Central streets; and by H. P. BALLARD, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

And sold by all Druggists, Fancy Goods and Variety Dealers. 926 may20

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

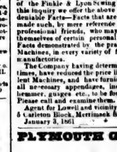


WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for the last seven years, and has sold them in such a manner expressly for his retail trade, and are to-day using the same, and will do the best he has made glove in the market.

Also, a large and superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or soften when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Gum Tanned Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. 23y



KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of Lamps, Shades, &c., for burning Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, table, stand, sconce, bracket, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for fastening one-ball of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. Call and see for yourself.

Also, Skinner's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack street.

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AD the greatest humbug of the day is the pretense, on the part of individuals, to sell articles at much lower rates than they are now sold by the regular dealers. Among the list of these humbugs, the Grand Jewelry Exhibition and New York's Great Jewelry Store can be purchased low at 27 Central street.

The above will explain why the immense crowds visiting six volumes, viz: Oscar, Clinton, Ella, Wilhelmina, and Jessie.

Solomon Crosse and the Arabian Nights, a delightful children's story, published in 12 engravings, 12 mo. cloth.

Guide to Young Ladies, by T. S. Arthur.

Life and Services of Gen. Winfield Scott.

Home and No Home—A Will and a Way—Trust and Travel Not.

Sold at 17 Central street, by E. S. BUNT, dealer in Music and Musical Instruments. 2

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turgidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause (the Improper Circulation); and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure therefore, these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries, to bring forth the great and grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we shall venture the remark that as the plants move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which, to move at regularity, and thus, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.

To sum up briefly, we have to contain the element of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, produces electricity.

Electricity brought in contact with a steam, produces motion, and motion is life.

Upon the above principles, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the blood, which is found to be the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles. This is the great discovery of this century, which, coming in contact with the blood causes it to circulate, and sends it tingling through the remotest parts of the body. This is the great secret in the cure of **Consumption, Dropsy, Pulse, Paralysis, Fever and Ague, &c.**—in defining which, we have only to say, that **Consumption, Dropsy, Pulse, Paralysis, Fever and Ague, &c.**—in defining which, we have only to say, that consumption is nothing but phosphorus and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of the blood, and consequently an abnormal circulation. The blood becomes watery, and the lungs, liver, kidneys, heart—in fact—become nervous, and subject to rheumatism, neuralgia, inflammation and congestion of the liver and kidneys set in, in short, almost every type of disease to which the human flesh may be heir to, is the deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles of red globules.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and hence the blood becomes watery, so that we have discovered the "elixir vita," we do say that we do not see why old age should not be prolonged to the full limit of human existence.

"Blood Food."

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation, Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Sufferers from dropsy and disease!! Unfortunates, who have by excess of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood and diminished the red globules! Thousands of certain cases of the direst known as female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. It is cured thousands of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Do not despair, but call and throw away your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the above theory, is now in course to be correct, will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will forward it, express paid, on receipt of $1 for a large size bottle, $2. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in a rather unpretending form, and in small bottles, in red wrappers having been done away with—as the public have condemned them and keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTICKER.

Augusta, Me., Aug. 23, 1860. aug23d1y

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES.

CAKE BASKETS

BUTTER COOLERS

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, STUDS, SLIDES, THIMBLES RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, GUARD BUTTONS, GOLD PENS AND PENCILS, &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of Musical Instruments, FIFTEEN, ICE CREAM AND CREAM KNIVES, INFANT'S TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, for sale and rental—sold by sale and loan.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, executed at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 16, 1859. 1y

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money has been discovered, and is now being successfully practiced by hundreds of persons in this country. Its simple business, were comparatively poor. We have now a large number of persons in our employ who are making from $30 to $50 per week. One young man who, a few years ago, was in destitute circumstances, is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own industry in this business. Any one can find the sum of $1. Those who are in need of from $10 to $20 per week will find employment by addressing TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. Any person commencing in the business will be set on receipt of $1. Those who are not satisfied may return the money, and we will send the business to them. We have sold this business to hundreds of persons in all parts of the country, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

SOMETHING NEW!

Flint Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER ASHES, STEAM-BOAT AND Family Coal hard. A superior RAMON and GRATE COAL for furnaces, which is found to be the best coal for the purpose.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, which is every way superior to any coal ever before burning coal. Red and White Ash coals of the best qualities, for sale by the cargo at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building, aug6dw

ROBES and FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Deer, Dog, Sheep & Shag Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats. Horse Blankets, &c., at wholesale and retail, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S Patent BOOT AND SHOE BRUSHES. It has a reservoir to contain the blacking, and is the best Brush ever offered to the public. Call and examine it. Sold only by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can be set in a frame, cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at H. S. HAYNES', 45 Merrimack st.

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of celebrated Iodin Rubber PISTOOONS—the best article for the money ever offered to the public. Also, a large assortment of Rubber Balloons, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack street.

TOY BOOKS

TOY BOOKS for the children, Dominoes, Jack Straws, Playing cards, Pocket Books, Knives, Tablets, Pocket Pens, Ink, &c., &c., sold by H. S. HAYNES.

A Chance for Bargains!

BEING about to remove from my old stand to No. 37 Merrimack Street, I will sell for a short time my stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, &c., at greatly reduced prices. Call soon.

Lowell, Dec. 1, 1859. JOHN S. ELLIOTT.

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the country, and solicit a continuance of the patronage extended to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Court Dockets,
Blanks of Every Description,
Pamphlets,
Circulars,
Bill Heads,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Cards,

Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, STEREOTYPED RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN and FANCY
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and other beautiful labels and colored CARDS, suitable for every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

J. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE,
Proprietors.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and thinking mind, that the use of the various means of infants arise chiefly from a disordered stomach, and that the use of the various means of infants arise chiefly from a disordered stomach, and that the use of the various means of infants arise chiefly from a disordered stomach, and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, May 17, 1861.

[The following article was handed us on Monday, but we have not had room for it until the present time, when some of the propositions of the writer are anticipated by the receipt of later and important news from England.]

THE SOUTH AND FOREIGN POWERS. Notwithstanding England's detestation of slavery, and her pronounced dislike of a mushroom polity based on that odious institution, there is a latent uneasiness in the American mind that John Bull, while professedly neutral, may extend a recognition to the Jeff. Davis junto and a consequent support. Our latest European advices are to the effect that a Mr. Gregory, a member of the House of Commons, was to ask that body to affirm the expediency of an immediate recognition of the Southern Confederation. The London *Economist*, commenting upon this fact, makes an earnest and eloquent protest against the movement. Its reasons are convincing and unanswerable.

We are not of the number who think that the English government would take such an insane step. To take that step under present or any probable state of future circumstances, would be a downright bravado. Not that England would labor to conserve the power and majesty of the American Republic. We do not give her credit for so sickening and so much disinterested sentiments. A generation and a half of good feeling have not obliterated her ire at the humiliation to which we have subjected her. If events were propitious, we doubt not that she would attempt to-morrow, to re-assert her authority over her former American possessions. But at the present time, events within and just beyond her own circle, are sufficient to monopolize her time and attention. The warlike preparations of France are unceasing. The Roman question is by no means settled, though we think that, from Italy, Napoleon will avoid, ostensibly at least, active participation in its adjustment. Sardinia seeks by finesse, the acquisition of Venetia. The restoration of good feeling between Cavour and the Bomba displeases Austria, although, were it otherwise, she could not but experience increase fear of the latter. To keep the pilaster of Hapsburg from tottering, she must cling to Venetia, and curtail, if possible, the spread of Italian power. The Warsaw affair has inflamed the Russian mind. The brave, persecuted Poles, hail every manifestation of Russian division, and watch but the opportunity to weaken the despotism that circumvents them. And Hungary, more determined than ever in her continued misfortune, is restrained, with difficulty, from rebellion. Add to these formidable complications, England's chronic jealousy and fear of France, and the conclusion that the former has enough to divide her attention, is placed beyond cavil. She does not get effectively entangled in our civil troubles, until cognizant of the part she is to play when the volcano that now underlies political Europe bursts forth.

There is another consideration, more powerful, perhaps, than all others, which most compel Great Britain to maintain amicable relations with the United States. That is the condition of Ireland, which occupies the same position toward the English Government that Hungary does to the Austrian. The Irish people, more intelligent now than ever, more rising in favor of home, and uncompromising in their hate of England (it is stated and believed) await the signal of trusted leaders. If there is one thing more than another that would make that signal forthcoming, we believe it would be the imprudent succoring of the Southern rebellion. To a man almost, the Irish in this country are loyal to the Government. They will fight valiantly under the liberal and free ensign which has been their protection here, and their star of hope at home. Let England be induced to aid Southern treason, and their affection for their ancient nationalities, their conviction that these nationalities will be preserved, their relentless hostility to England, their native and unflinching combative-ness would be developed to the fullest extent. They would fight with incomparable bravery, and in the meantime all her leading men would not be idle. John Mitchel is now in France. That he is not regarded by the Emperor with distrust, we well know. That he is not treated with indifference, is apparent. The Irish entertain a supposition, not without reason, that there is concert of action between Mitchel and the brave McMahon of Malakoff fame. Thomas Francis Meagher is encouraging with all the charm of his eloquence, the martial ardor among his people here. He is an American citizen, and is about to fight for the perpetuation of American freedom. That is the principal motive that animates him and others, and the sole one that animates the mass of the Irish people here. We do him and them the justice to say that no selfishness mars their patriotism. Yet, would it be unreasonable if they should cherish the thought that circumstances would conduce to the redemption of their own land? Is it improper, is it improbable that they should attempt to shape circumstances to that end?

The humiliation of England would accomplish the direct desire of Ireland's heart. A portion of his policy may, to some, seem a tacit contradiction to this, yet, whatever he may think, personally, it is matter of unquestionable fact that the French foster the hope of wreaking vengeance on England. Their feeling must partially form his guide. McMahon is ingenious and cannot be insensible to his Irish popularity. English sympathy for the South would be a pleasure to France—

CHARLES LEVER the Irish novelist, died of pulmonary ally, would become so once more and a majestic contest for liberty would be the result. American liberty would be insured, strengthened and expanded. The patriots of Ireland, if ever, might strike an effective blow. Poland and Hungary and Sardinia might rise forever from night the throne of Austrian despotism. And Russian interference would be met with domestic division and a hostility not easily repelled, on the part of Turkey, which would not be new born. The folly of European powers—and we speak of folly we refer to the pursuance of that policy which militates against themselves—may precipitate convulsions, great and grand, that will eclipse in their brightness the history of the past, and that are delineated in the providence of God to regenerate and exalt civilized mankind.

Those who have hitherto treated the possibility of a French invasion of Ireland as chimerical must remember that two or three brief years ago, a prediction that intervention would be made to break out in the United States, would elicit nothing but laughter.

The English diplomatists have enough on their hands at home. A recognition of the Southern Confederacy would only plunge them in embarrassment and disgrace the government which inaugurated national emancipation. The conscience of England is in correct attitude toward us. The capitalists, the cottoncracy, for it exists there in as much vigor as it does here, may temporarily be the other way. But other judgment, if not conscience, will control their action and that of their government. We will not say that we hope the Confederation will not meet with European favor. We are strongly inclined to declare that if it should, we would not regret it. The wish, that the South, in this particular, might meet its desire is dishonored only in the breach. That power would not only be overwhelmingly crushed here, but weakened and annihilated perhaps throughout Europe.

It is whatever direction our wishes may carry us, however, we must express the conviction that we have no fear that England or any other European power will notice the southern emigrants. To us the latter, the law of nations accord the fullest a doom and civilization shall witness its execution.

W. T. C.

LEGISLATIVE. *Senate.* On Wednesday the bill introduced on the first day of the session by Mr. Northend, was reported from the special committee with slight amendments, with other bills of interest, having upon the subject referred to in the Governor's address.

House. Three bills were reported from the special committee on the Governor's message, the first ratifying the contracts which were made by the Governor, authorizing new ones, and providing for a "Union Fund" of $3,000,000 to carry out the bill; the second authorizing a loan of $7,000,000, should an emergency arise in the opinion of the Governor during the recess of the Legislature; and the third regulating the use of the last named sum—leaving the Treasurer to endorse the securities of the United States. The bills were all ordered to a third reading. An order was passed requesting the Governor to communicate to the House, whether any and what companies of Massachusetts troops were then ordered forward, and cannon were placed so as to sweep the entire distance The Colonel with whom in vain he waited for the expiration of the time, when not a rebel waste be seen. Two hundred Massachusetts troops then possession of the Dyke and bridge, and will treat all rebels in the same way hereafter.

The President yesterday promoted Brigadier Generals McClellan and Butler to be Major Generals, Captains Franklin and Meigs to be Colonels, and Col. Thomas to be Brigadier General.

Keokuk and Quincy papers say that hundreds of Shiguers were driven out of Missouri under orders issued by southern legions.

The military encampment of 500 State troops at St. Joseph, mostly armed with guns stolen from the Liberty Arsenal, was dispersed on the 13th.

The Wisconsin Legislature convened extra session on Wednesday. Gov. Randall's message recommends six regiments in addition to the one waiting orders, to be put in camp and equipped by the State, also an appropriation of a million for war purposes.

The Pennsylvania Legislature has adjourned. The Senate passed all the bills that came from the House, and they were approved by the Governor.

Major Anderson arrived at Cincinnati yesterday, and met with a brilliant reception. He is the guest of his brother, L. Anderson.

New York. The *Herald* states that our government has notified foreign powers that no vessels purchased by the Southern Confederacy will be admitted, as a matter what flag covers them; also, that this government will break off all official connection with any government recognizing the pretended Confederacy or receiving its commissioners.

A special dispatch from Frederick says it is rumored that the Kentuckians at Harper's Ferry are without arms, have mutinied and declared for the Union, and are leaving for home.

THE SECOND MAINE REGIMENT. This regiment, which passed through Boston on Wednesday, is represented as being a solid body of men. The regiment is under command of Col. C. D. Jameson, and is composed of six companies from Bangor, two companies from Castine, Mdo, Brewer and Oldtown. They reached Boston between three and four o'clock, P. M., and were met at the Boston and Maine depot by the Lieutenant Governor, Council, and the sons of Maine, resident in Boston. After dinner they were escorted to the State House, where Hon. George S. Hilliard introduced them to the Governor, who in a few words, as representatives of his native State. In the course of his address, Gov. Andrew said, after having spoken of the united interest of Massachusetts and Maine: "And no matter who falls first—whether a man of Massachusetts or of Maine—the man who stands last will avenge his death."—(Applause.)

After the ceremonies at the State House, the regiment marched to the Old Colony and Fall River depot, and soon after nine o'clock an extra train of sixteen cars sweep out of the depot, bearing the hardy sons of the Pine Tree State toward New York, where they arrived yesterday morning.

MR. BRECKINRIDGE. The statement relative to John C. Breckinridge, is reported to have originated as follows: "Lieutenant Filden, aid-de-camp to Gen. McClellan of the Ohio troops, accompanied the train on which Col. And-rson was a passenger, to Harrisburg, and when at Middletown received a letter from a friend in Kentucky desiring him to inform Col. Anderson that Mr. Breckinridge would meet him at Cincinnati and take command under him in organizing the federal troops in Kentucky. Col. Anderson received the intelligence with much warmth, as Breckinridge was an old personal friend, but he is said to have remarked that the news was almost too good to be true." No one in teh region has yet credited the report, which is entirely improbable.

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A MAN SCALPED IN A LATHE. Mr. Ephraim Jackson, this week, while turning a spindle in the steam mill machine shop in Portsmouth, N. H., put his head near the place he was turning, when the shaft caught the hair on the top of his head, drawing him down to the shaft, against the square head of a set screw that was in motion, which cut his scalp up in a ragged manner, bore it down on the shaft as large as a silver dollar; and if his hair had not given away, and thus freed his head from the shaft, the head of the screw would have been driven through the skull and produced his death.

MR. MARTIN, of wherry and huckleberry fame, left Boston on Wednesday for Fortress Monroe, in his little wherry named "Fraternity." He will row the entire distance, sleeping on shore nights. The *Boston Courier* says he carries a quantity of fruit, which is the only thing he sells. His rowing costume consists of two cotton undershirts, thin checked pants, and light shoes and stockings. He has no covering for his head except a light net to keep the

CITY AND VICINITY.

SIXTH REGIMENT MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will despatch to Col. Jones of the Sixth Regiment, via Havana, the following articles from Lowell to that Regiment now at Annapolis, Md., under the charge of the Adams Express Company, at the Gas Light Company's building, corner of Merrimack and Middle Streets:

Letters to U. S. stamped envelopes will be received and forwarded, and parcels weighing not over one pound.

It is proposed to send a similar bag every Monday.

By order of Executive Committee, O. W. WIER,
Chairman Committee on Forwarding.
may15 4t

CARD.

The undersigned, on behalf of himself and his countrymen, hereby acknowledges with gratitude the many favors received from its-self, who entertained with a commendable zeal in the noble cause of our country, have left no matter unpleasant that will be remembered by us as a true friend, especially to me, who left my dear friend, James G. Carney, Esq., to whom the memory of his kindness will ever be cherished by me, and with encouraging words as such more, and would be have heard the cheers that went up from Jackson Hall last evening, when his letter was read to the head of the Company, he could not but suppose that his exertions in our behalf were duly appreciated. We hope that he, with our other patrons, will never have occasion to regret the favors they have bestowed on the Sixth Regiment. We intend to show our gratitude by actions rather than by words, that we have not been unworthy recipients of your favors.

THOMAS TRAINOR,
Capt. Lowell Light Infantry.

Lowell, May 16th, 1861.

POLICE COURT. The examination of Miss Ansah A. Dower, charged with poisoning Mrs. Wilkins, is not yet closed, and may continue another day. Since the yesterday noon, Harrison Wilkins, Mrs. Brown, Sylvia Teeman, Joseph Foss, Mrs. S. O. Wade, Mrs. M. N. H. Bidwell, Mrs. Allen, Edson Bidwell, Mrs. Hannah Bidwell, Matthews, and Dr. A. A. Hayes, of Boston, have been examined. Most of the testimony was similar to that before the coroner's jury. Mr. Matthews was the physician who attended Mrs. Wilkins before Dr. Thayer was called. She said she prescribed under direction of a spiritual power. *Dr. Hay* the main the chemical examination of the contents of the stomach. He testified as to the appearance of that orgao, and the presence of white arsenic in it.

THE PROPOSED MONUMENT TO THE BALTIMORE MARTYRS. At the last regular meeting of the City Council, a joint special committee was appointed to consider the expediency of selecting some prominent place in the city for the monument to be sold and Whitney, who fell at Baltimore, and of erecting a suitable monument to their memory. We understand that this committee met last evening and voted to report and declared for the Union, and are favorable, and the same will be presented to leaving for home.

THE SECOND MAINE REGIMENT. This regiment, which passed through Boston on Wednesday, is represented as being a solid body of men. The regiment is under command of Col. C. D. Jameson, and is composed of six companies from Bangor, two companies from Castine, Mdo, Brewer and Oldtown. They reached Boston between three and four o'clock, P. M., and were met at the Boston and Maine depot by the Lieutenant Governor, Council, and the sons of Maine, resident in Boston. After dinner they were escorted to the State House, where Hon. George S. Hilliard introduced them to the Governor, who in a few words, as representatives of his native State. In the course of his address, Gov. Andrew said, after having spoken of the united interest of Massachusetts and Maine: "And no matter who falls first—whether a man of Massachusetts or of Maine—the man who stands last will avenge his death."—(Applause.)

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RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY. This company on arriving at Boston yesterday, were met at the depot by the following companies: National Guards, Chadwick Light Infantry, Schuster Volunteers and Capt. Clark's Rifle Company. The companies paraded through the principal streets, and finally marched to the Common for exercise. The Richardsons returned to this city by the last train last evening. Previous, however, to leaving Boston for Lowell, they received an order from Adjutant General Schouler to come home, increase their number to 101 members, and to be in Boston next Monday, ready to sail in the steamer Pembroke, instead of the Cambridge. The men will be enrolled and the uniforms made at once, and we hope, for the sake of the men composing this company, who are getting very impatient, that they will be forwarded at the time named by the Adjutant General.

ANOTHER HOME GUARD. The ex-members of Engine Company, No. 4, and other persons employed on the Merrimack Corporation, have organized a Home Guard. Andrew Bidwell, who has done the State some service" in a similar position, has been elected Captain; Frank E. Jewett, 1st Lieutenant; Benjamin S. Ireson, 2nd do.; E. S. Delaro, 3rd do.; N. A. Wright, 4th do. Although this company is mainly organized on the Merrimack, yet well disposed persons not employed on that corporation will be admitted as members. The next meeting of the organization will be held at the engine house of No. 4, next Wednesday evening at 7 1-2 o'clock.

MACFARLAND'S THEATRE. The re-opening of MacFarland's theatre, at Huntington Hall, on Monday next, will be an event well worthy of the remembrance of every lover of the legitimate drama. Mrs. Wallace is the best actress in the country, for such is not merely *the* best, actress on the American stage; and, playing in conjunction with a good stock company, our citizens will be offered one of the most agreeable entertainments than were ever before presented in Lowell. This is a fact which will be borne out by the entertainments played in the city for the past year. And we would refer the reader. Mrs. Waller makes her first appearance in Lowell in the character of Imogene, in "Bertram," which will be sustained by her husband, Mr. D. W. Waller.

AGNES M. GILLESPON, a graduate of the Penn Medical Univ-rsity, of Philadelphia, has opened an office in Nesmith's building, in this city, and will devote her time to the diseases of women and children, for which she is fitted by a thorough education in anatomy and physiology. Persons requiring medical treatments may find it advantageous to interview the counsel of this lady, who solicits the patronage of the class named above.

FIREMAN'S FUND ASSOCIATION. This body has organized under the new act of incorporation, by electing the following officers for the ensuing year: Hon. Josiah Adams, President; L. W. Dunlap, Vice President; James Sands, Secretary; G. W. Barnard, of No. 5, Treasurer.

THE "OLD FOLKS" COMING HOME. By a letter received here, we learn that a portion of the "Old Folks" concert troupe, including Mr. and Mrs. Nichols of this city, expect to leave for home about the first of June. They were at Derby when the letter was written, May 2d) and from thence expected to go to Sheffield, Manchester and Liverpool, from which they would start for home. The company is highly spoken of by the local press wherever it has performed.

TENEMENT WANTED. See advertisement.

TYNGSBORO'. The men of Tyngsboro' have formed a military company of short forty, and unanimously elected the Hon. Francis Hildreth to their command. They have adopted the name of "Brinley Light Infantry," as a compliment to their commander, who at once commenced the instruction of the recruits.

THE SOUTHERN COMMISSIONERS TO EUROPE. The *New York Evening Post* says of the reception of rebels abroad:—

"Very satisfactory dispatches has been received at the State Department from our representatives abroad. It is well known now that at no Court whatever, with which we have relations, has Jeff. Davis met with the reception which he had room to be accorded to any gentleman from this country who may desire presentation at Court. It is not denied that he is at present in Europe, but he is not denied the public ear at length concerning them off its, by a may rest assured that the so-called Commissioners found themselves met everywhere by the most unequivocal declarations of loyalty to the Union.

RESIGNED. Col. Timothy Monroe, of the Eighth Regiment, has resigned on account of age, he being upwards of sixty years of age, and having been in the service thirty years. Gen. Butler accompanied his application for a discharge, with a note bearing testimony to his zeal, courage and patriotism.

JEFFERSON DAVIS announces now that he will dine at the White House in Washington on the 4th of July. The *Boston Post* thinks he may "hang-out" there about the time.

It is said that a man in Virginia has given Jeff Davis a $100,000 check. Gen. Scott may claim a bigger "check" than that.—*Louisville Jour.*

It is said that Rev. Mr. Tillotson is to return to Manchester, N. H., from Philadelphia, to be pastor of the Second Universalist Church.

THREE colored men who were found on board the Star of the West in the service of the Government of the United States at the time of the Charleston affair, and surprise, piratically captured, have been justly and manly sold into slavery by the orders of the Montgomery government!

MORTIMER THOMPSON, popularly known as "Doesticks," was married on New York on Sunday, to Miss Grace Eldridge, eldest daughter of "Fanny Fern."

LIEUTENANT DERBY, (better known as "John Phœnix") is the inmate of an insane asylum.

SALE OF DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE.

☞ Among the hundreds of letters, certificates and orders received by the proprietors, Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this medicine, the following are selected to show its character, and the effect of its use in a distant part of the West:

HOUGHTON, Boone Co., Ia., May 10, 1860.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—*Gentlemen*—I write to you to solicit an agency for the invaluable Vermifuge you prepare. Sometime since, I purchased one dozen vials of Mr. C. Eddy and prescribed it in my practice; and it proved so effectual in the *expulsion of worms*, that no other preparation will satisfy the desire of my *village and vicinity*. Please send me one gross of the Vermifuge immediately.

Yours, &c. SAMUEL ROSS.

NEW PROVIDENCE, Tenn., July 1, 1851.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—Please send the Vermifuge for us as soon as possible, as we are nearly out, and *the demand for it is very great. We believe it to be the best Vermifuge ever exposed.* J. PORTER & DY.-DR.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED WORMFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. ☞ Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, a safe, sure and all unprovable drug store. Beware of counterfeits. Examine the signature of FLEMING BROS.

may17d&w1

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at 37½ cents per yard, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best goods made in this country, for sale cheaply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to call and examine our assortment can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

mar29d&f

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through lines. Passage secured in the Cabin of the Steamer Isaac Newton, leaving Buffalo every Saturday at 4 P. M. on Grand Trunk Railroad.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street (upp.)

may17 1m

FINNEY & LUND'S SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Finney & Lund's Sewing Machine, for which they are agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan8dtf

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Brick Block.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, and as cheap as the cheapest. Also, a large assortment of Oil Cloths, Mats and Carpets are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Tapestry and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the largest assortment of Oil Cloths, Mats and Carpets in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Tapestry and Carpet Store, Prescott Street, opp. site Market Street.

mar19d2m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	Jonah G. Abbott,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. Hosford,	Isaac Fiske,
G. G. Hovey,	Jos. Nesmith,	F. T. Sherman,
	Wm. Crosby,	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT transferred to Deed Trustees, consisting of Messrs. Jonah G. Abbott and Jos. Nesmith, has over two years' risks in force. The present cash capital is $100,000, which is invested in the best of village and farm property in Middlesex County in sums not exceeding $3,000 on any one risk, and the assets, capital, and means are now as in any Company in the State of Massachusetts.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the most assetive are offered to the public, and the Directors pledge their personal attention to the business of the Company. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Offices, No. 23 Central Street, Lowell.

T. NESMITH, President.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly (19815)

☞ Coughs, colds, sudden changes of our climate are sure effects of PULMONARY, PHARYNGEAL and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that a single dose of BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS will generally relieve and often cure in the early stages of the disease, we would advise all to try it. See "*Bryan's Remarkable Proofs*," or Leaflet, (to be had, Gratis, of Druggists.) Those suffering should be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more alarming attack may be prevented. Sold by all Druggists. PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS will find these WAFERS relieving and strengthening to the throat. See advertisement.

Dec. 12. 6m*

"BUT ME, AND PILL DO YOU GOOD."

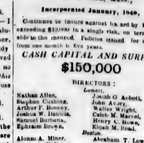
DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continue to be the standard medicines for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Jaundice, Costiveness; Headache; Piles, Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Female Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the Liver, and restore the system to perfect health.

Sold by druggists generally throughout the country, and by dealers in medicines everywhere.

DR. J. P. LANGLEY & SON,
Proprietors, Boston.

Medal Family Sewing Machine



The wide spread reputation of this Machine is *an enemy* due to its peculiar merits, which are seen in the regularity of the stitch and simplicity in the requisites for family use. It has become a favorite with the ladies, and is regarded upon as a household necessity. In all the finer qualities of sewing, it is unsurpassed by any and household, in harmony, stitching, hemming, tucking, &c., it is unrivalled, and made to which female needle work is applied, the Medal Family Machine will do it.

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre-eminence

The following well known names are among those who have purchased and are using the Wilcox Sewing Machine for family use in Low.

D. S. Richardson,	J. B. French,
Wm. Crosby,	H. Hosford,
Wm. A. Burke,	I. P. Appleton,
Jos. Nesmith,	Rev. E. H. Hall,
E. A. Gage,	F. I. Richardson,
Jos. Graham,	Wm. Graham,
H. F. Bellor,	Rev. E. B. Foster,
Rev. Geo. Sargeant,	Rev. A. Poor,
D. C. Brown,	J. L. Dunnell,
J. L. Ordway,	Wm. L. Nesmith,
Rev. J. Cutler,	Rev. Geo. Bachelder,
R. W. Webster,	J. L. Chaney.

Call at the Store in a Lowell Block and examine all prices varying from Fifty to One hundred and twenty dollars. Call and see them.

J. W. B. SHAW,
41 Merrimack Street.
may17 spt 41 dly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. During trade use of it to a limited extent, they have found it unsurpassed for the purpose for which it is recommended. For the gums and to wear, a difference of opinion among the profession exists, as in the case of other fashions, while it is not expected that it will supersede the precious metals, it is found to be unobjectionable in instances where it is used with great success, and in the hands of those who are skilled in its use. Its cheapness, lightness, and Carriage Resistance, are its recommendations.

Rooms 2 and 4 Bowers Block Building, upstairs.

mar29 3m

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters.—the best tonic and appetizer in the world. Physicians and druggists have it. See advertisement.

may17 4 TuThdlwly

THE undersigned, the President, Treasurer, and a majority of the Directors of the Phœnix Fire Company, a corporation established under the General Laws, hereby certify that the Capital Stock of said Company is the Fifteen Fetting Company. The purpose of the business of manufacturing Rock Lamp, Axle, China cases, and, Wool, Cotton, and Flax Mixes enclosures, in the various forms of manufacture now known, or which may hereafter be invented, and the bleaching and coloring the same, and the purchase and sale of such articles as the Corporation in Tax Income aggrieved shall be authorized by the Directors of said Company. Certificate of Middlesex ss.

Then personally appeared M. ALLEY, President, before me, this 15th day of May, 1861.

STEPHEN M. ALLEY,
GEORGE F. FALL,
S. P. WHITE,

Directors.

Before me, NATHAN MOORE,
Justice of the Peace.

may15d3t

MENAGERIE
And Circus Complete,

WILL EXHIBIT IN LOWELL, on the SOUTH COMMON,

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, MAY 17th and 18th,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

The Menagerie Establishment is conducted on a Monagerie full in every particular, and is a splendid collection of Foreign, Native, and trained animals, Birds, Reptiles, &c.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED
Whitby Family,
AND A HOST OF STARS.

Admission to Menagerie and Circus Performances, No full performance of which. Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock.

Tickets 25 Cents. Children under 12 years, PLENTY PEANUTS. Half price.

may15 3t

PURE ICE.

WM. & L. McFARLIN,
DEALERS IN ICE,
Head of Pawtucket Falls, Lowell.

Are now prepared to furnish families, offices, stores, &c., with Ice, in any quantity desired, at the lowest market rates. Orders left at Carlton & Hovey's, Apothecaries, Merrimack Street; Kimball & Hadley's, Drug Store, Kimball's Apothecary, Jones & Fletcher's, Grocer, Central Street; Dr. Dunbar, Dentist, Middlesex Street; Dr. Duncan, Dentist, Middlesex Street, will receive prompt attention.

may15 3m

To the Honorable Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court in and for the County of Middlesex, and the Honorable Justices of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Middlesex, in

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statements, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest character as well as new, give it unqualified mention, and recommend it for all cases of symptoms, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but all who have used it, under its benefiting the will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to any age, as well as restore.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. S. BILLINGS, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

And also by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. may20

PURE LIQUORS AND WINES FOR PRIVATE USE AND MEDICAL PURPOSES.

WE refer to the country trade and consumers, as to the completeness and variety of our stock of LIQUORS, WINES, &c., and we would say that our experience of more than FORTY YEARS as importers is not only a sufficient guarantee for the Purity of our Goods, but that it enables us to offer advantages to buyers that cannot be excelled by any house in Boston. Owing to the difficulty of procuring, in many towns, a strictly pure and reliable article of Liquors and Wines for medicinal and other purposes, we have for many years given special attention to filling orders for PRIVATE USE, and encourage it still further by greater facilities to send their orders to us direct, as we employ no travelling or other agents whatever. Persons who require Pure Liquors and Wines in large or small quantities, may rest assured that all orders will receive our best personal attention, and that every article sent from our house will be satisfactory in every respect. Communications by mail will receive prompt attention, with full and complete catalogue, Circulars, prices, &c.

I. D. RICHARDS & SONS,

87 & 89 State Street Boston

Boston, April 6, 1861. 3m

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT. AN OLD REMEDY IN A NEW FORM, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A VALUABLE AID TO NATURE. THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

NEURALGIA existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, SCIATICA, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, *"Most Wonderful Relief! What a Great Discovery!"* Our action to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The grave is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be relieved this is the best we can say of it.

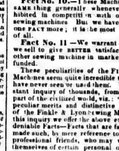
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL EDDY, 24 Dock Square, and by Druggists everywhere. Manufactured and for sale, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & J. FERRY, Manchester, N. H. R. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

Manchester, N. H. 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 15, 1861. feb18dly



SPRING STYLES

HATS.

BRAZER, at the CO-OPERATIVE STORE, has received the latest New York and Boston styles of well-known manufacturers in Beaver & Co.

Also, a full assortment of Caps, selected as to admit a circulation of all varieties of the latest, securing all the same to the Fair Hat, which we bring as cards to hear the best of customers.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice. Blind to the hand by the use of the Conformator.

mar27 Corner Central and Market sts.

ASTHMA,

for the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of the Sixteenth complaint, use

PENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by S. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York

Price, 25 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

May, 1860. † may10dly

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS

made and repaired. Canes in every style. Also a new thing in Umbrella Trimmings, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central street, at greatly reduced prices.

mar29 dtf

[M'LANE'S PILLS and VERMIFUGE

Sold by

mar17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hanging just received by J. MERRILL, No. 23 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 27 Merrimack street. mar30

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a thread no more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and alm of endless variety of sewing required in a fam ly. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Mar seilles without stopping, and make any stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and without any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if anot adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacturing? Those wishing to examine the Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind in use.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully bear out the truth of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fair of the State of Pennsylvania.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest premiums at the Fairs of the State of Virginia, which I feel assured no other sewing machine can approach.

Fact No. 10.—I use Machines can do the widest range of work, and whatever properly established in competition with other first-class machines, they will do it better, more rapidly, and with less fatigue to the operator. This is one FACT more; it is the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction, or any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine were quite impossible to persons who have never seen or used them. Hence the confident inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which inquiry we offer the above explicit and undeniable Facts—Facts that are facts—not Fact, but such, in more reference to certain long professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of certain personal obligations, but Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, in manufactories.

The Company having determined to meet the wishes of the public, have reduced the price of their Family Machines, and have furnished them with an improved Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Binder, Gatherer, gauge, etc., to be found anywhere —

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Lawton Block, Merrimack Street.

January 3, 1861. an3dtf

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are protected from the ill effects of the dye. Pricing as well as the best

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL,

H. S. HAYNES, has just received a large assortment of the above articles, which he offers at wholesale and retail. Also,

Shades of White, Chimneys, Brushes, &c.

Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging Lamps, Bracket, Solar, Student, Table, store, kitchen, and study lamps for sale at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil to be barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the stock at H. S. HAYNES'S, 63 Merrimack st.

Lowell, April 1, 1861. ap3

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AN the greatest humbug of the day is the promiscuous use of quack medicines. So much of late years has been thrust upon us, and sold by the regular dealers, that the public, as a rule, have become disgusted with all patent medicines, and will not even read the testimonials of the most eminent physicians, and the consequence is that many die who might have been saved by the timely use of a proper remedy.

Dr. J. C. AYER, Practical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., has been for years engaged in the preparation of medicines, which are not excelled by any in the country, and which are sold by the regular dealers everywhere. Among these are his

CHERRY PECTORAL,

for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption. This is the best remedy that can be employed for the relief of patients in the last stages of pulmonary disease. Also,

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,

for Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, Blotches, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Debility, Female Complaints, and Diseases of the Kidneys. This is the best blood purifier that can be taken, and will thoroughly eradicate from the system the taint of Hereditary Disease, or that contracted by exposure to Miasmatic Poisons. Also,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS,

for the cure of Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Headache, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Piles, Worms, Dropsy, Suppression, Ulcers, Coated Tongue, Sick Headache, Female Irregularities, Fever and Ague, &c., &c. Being purely vegetable, these Pills are an active but safe purgative, and may be taken by children with perfect safety. They are sugar-coated, so as to be pleasant to take, and are the best aperient medicine for general use in the world. They are mild, but searching in their operation, and are the best purifier of the blood and corrector of disorders in the system.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. S. BILLINGS, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

And also by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. may20

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Re-ports and Circulars, Bill Heads and Notes, Cards, Catalogues, Town Reports, Programmes, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing for Banks, Insurance Companies, Factories, &c.

FANCY BILLS

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl outline and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. B. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one of ordinary intelligence, that the use of the many cases of child-bearing, that the use of this remedy is not to be used by any other means, and that it is not to be used by any other means, and that it is not to be used by any other means, and that it

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, May 18, 1861.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, May 16th, 1861.

EDITOR LOWELL COURIER.—Last Saturday I made an excursion to Camp Butler at the Relay House. The road for the whole distance is protected, at short intervals, by squads of soldiers. At what is called the Junction, a whole regiment of Germans is encamped. Many soldiers in this regiment have seen service in the more recent wars of Europe. Their appearance is very martial and soldierly. In company with Capt. Haggerty, of Gen. Butler's Staff, and the Colonel of the regiment, I visited their encampment.

We reached the Relay House soon after nightfall. Here we found the famous Massachusetts Sixth and the New York Eighth encamped on the summit of two wood-covered hills. It is impossible to conceive of a more charming region than the vicinage of the Relay House. On the brow of the hill occupied by the Massachusetts troops, were pitched the tents of the Boston Flying Artillery. They had two pieces of artillery in position on the height. In addition to magnificent views of the bridge of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Two others are placed below, beyond the bridge. A huge pile of sand-bags screens the artillerists. The whole region is thickly embowered with woods full of singing birds. Fine residences, the abode of wealthy Baltimoreans, rise among the trees.

I found the gallant Sixth in excellent health and spirits, and enjoying their *civil legislature* greatly. Their encampment was evidently an object of intense interest to all the dwellers on that locality, including multitudes of Baltimoreans. A delegation from Baltimore has just been out and presented the Sixth with an American flag, as a token of respect. Its richness and beauty in the neighborhood had been very conspicuous, both to officers and men, inviting parties of them to their houses. Their ladies were at first rather shy of their Yankee guests, evidently supposing them to be cannibals. But they soon found out their mistake, and became very hospitable.

It is wonderful what a salutary effect a battery of Massachusetts artillery placed in a commanding position has had on these Marylanders of the Relay House region.—A few days ago they were bitter secessionists. Now they talk the best kind of Union talk. But who believes in their professions of loyalty? Not in fact. Maryland is subjected and thoroughly humiliated. But let the strong arm of Federal power be lifted from it, and its people would relapse instantly into treason and rebellion. Let them writhe and lick the dust. Gen. Butler has muzzled them. Their railroads are in the hands of the Federal government. Their telegraphic offices and depots are guarded by armed men.

The celebrated steam gun stood on the hillside in the Massachusetts camp. It is a funny looking object. I am not mechanist enough to describe it. They say it is capable of dealing out death liberally. It looked to me like a cross between a windmill and a thrashing machine. I had the pleasure of a long ride into the country on one of the horses captured with this gun.

Among the officers of the Sixth Regiment, Capt. Folsombee, of the Phalanx, of your city, is justly popular. He led the ever memorable march through the Baltimore mob, in the most gallant manner.—This fact justifies me in specially alluding to him.

I spent a night in the camp. The morning, the bugle-note, the prancing of horses, the musical array, the camp fires, the sentinels, which challenge your approach on all sides, all spoke of war. The gallant boys of the Sixth are evidently beginning to like their present rather rough life, subjected to the severest hardships and privations though it be. Their bearing is beginning to be that of the tried and practised soldier. They have passed through a fiery ordeal, but it has only kindled in them the stern, high, daring of their race. Monday afternoon word came that they were to move on some other point, and the camp became a scene of bustle and preparation. I could not ascertain their destination. I ascertained in the evening at Annapolis, that it was Baltimore. Truly there has been a speedy retribution.

On last Monday night the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, M. V. M., marched into Baltimore, with drums beating and colors flying, and went into camp. On the next day Gen. Butler issued a proclamation of the most decided character to the Baltimoreans, instructing them in sharp and pointed terms as to their duties.

Ross Winans, who was arrested at the Relay House, by order of Gen. Butler, is a millionaire. He acquired his great wealth in the service of the Emperor Nicholas of Russia, as a railroad builder. Of his treasonable complicity with secession, there is no doubt. He and his son offered a million of dollars to the cause of secession in Maryland.

Among the instrumentalities of treason in Baltimore the newspaper called the *Daily Nue*, of that city, is the most infamous and mischievous. It is difficult to exaggerate its malign influence throughout this whole region of country. It is worse than an army of thirty thousand men. In extent nearly every household in Baltimore and Washington, besides having a large moral circulation. It is edited with great ability, enlisted in a bad cause. I am surprised that its conductors are not arrested and sent to Annapolis. Its leading articles from day to day are most treasonable, insolent, and insidious. General Butler could not do a better thing than to pay his compliments to the *Sun* folks for inciting treason.

I am inclined to the opinion that the first collision between the federal troops and the rebels will be at Harper's Ferry. The small portion of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, lying in the enemy's country, must be seized at any hazard, so as to make the connection complete between Washington and the West. With Harper's Ferry in our hands, and Western Virginia loyal, treason will have to fall back on Richmond. As soon as that point is taken, Eastern Virginia will be completely at our mercy. R. W. B.

A SERVILE INSURRECTION. Unquestionably one of the elements of the weakness of the rebel States, is the danger of an insurrection among the slaves. It is one of the contingencies which will be very likely to happen, but for which the United States government cannot be made responsible. Every human mind revolts at the idea of such a terrible scourge upon any people on the face of the earth, and no power of the government will be put forth to excite it. If it comes, it will come because, as it seems now, it is inevitable, and the responsibilities of it must rest upon those who are responsible for the state of things that produces it. The war upon which we have entered, is against high-handed treason to the constitution, and not against slavery. It has not for its object the interference with that institution where it exists. It is to defend, and to protect the Constitution just as it was given to us by our fathers.—In result upon this institution it may be an extinction or the other is only collateral. They may inaugurate a system of piracy which would have disgraced the dark ages, but nothing could justify the deliberate setting on foot a servile insurrection which should visit upon helpless women and children wrongs and outrages, to dwell upon which, except with the deepest horror, a man must be a very devil.

The above is from the *Nashua Telegraph*, and expresses precisely what our views we some days ago expressed. This struggle is not an attack upon the institutions of the South; but the East, and the West, are rising in their might to crush a rebellion against the central government. It is a civil war; and although it has not been sought by us, humanity, it would seem, should prompt us to conduct it, if possible, with less barbarism than have been other wars. No one can fail to remember how all cried out against the English for employing the Indians against us in their struggle with the mother country? Were the English right? We say, no! and the civilized world says the same; but if they were not right, how much greater would be our error if we were to call to our bosoms, both to officers and men, inviting parties of them to their houses. Their ladies were at first rather shy of their Yankee guests, evidently supposing them to be cannibals. But they soon found out their mistake, and became very hospitable.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

We have the following telegram from Boston :—

The Postmaster General will suspend steam mail service in the seceded States today. Virginia has withdrawn her forces from Maryland and the heights commanding Harper's Ferry ; they will be occupied by federal troops. Gen. McClellan has sent 5000 guns to Kentucky Union men.

THE NEWS OF TO-DAY.

A gentleman in whom we can place reliance, telegraphs that he has the best reasons for knowing that no fortifications have been thrown up on Washington Heights.

The *World's* Washington dispatch says that a passenger via Harper's Ferry reports that the rebels are erecting fortifications on the Maryland Heights, and have erected one of railroad iron, twelve miles below the ferry.'

Gen. Wool has been ordered to Fort Monroe.

Government has received intelligence that Cairo is believed to be safe against all attacks of the rebels.

There is no doubt upon the mind of the belief that Foreign Governments will give any aid to the rebels.

Ex-Governor (of Kansas) Reeder, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Brigadier General, by the President.

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SPADES ARE TRUMPS. An impromptu meeting of the Home Guards, of East Medford, was organized a few days ago, and the members proceeded well armed with spades, hoes, rakes, sords, &c., to the gardens of those of their neighbors now serving the country in the federal army.—They soon prepared the soil and planted the beds in good style, much to the joy of the female relatives of the troops. This example is worthy of imitation. Middlesex seems to be first in the field and garden in this war.—*Boston Transcript.*

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CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

MRS. HYDER will lecture at Welles' Hall to-morrow morning, at the usual hour of Church service. The funeral services of the late John Clark will take place in the above hall, at 3 o'clock P. M. Several able temperance speakers will take part in the exercises.

SIXTH REGIMENT MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will congregate in Odd Fellows of the Sixth Regiment, an Express Bag for the soldiers from Lowell in that Regiment, on MONDAY, May 20th, at noon, from the office of the Association, in the Old Lion Light Company's building, corner of Shattuck and Middle Streets.

Letters in U. S. stamped envelopes will be received and forwarded, and supplies of all kinds will be received.

It is proposed to send a similar bag every Monday. By order of Executive Committee

WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Committee on Forwarding.

may15 d6t

FAIRFUL ACCIDENTS. This morning as the machinery of the Middlesex Mills was about to start, William Doyle, who is there employed, attempted to adjust a belt. The machinery starting quicker than he expected, his left arm was caught, taking a large piece out of the fleshy part of it above the elbow, leaving bare the bone, and severely lacerating it between the wrist and the elbow. He was carried into the office of Dr. Graves, who, with Dr. Allen, dressed his wounds. Mr. Doyle is well known as an energetic fireman, and is at present steward of Engine Company, No. 1. His injuries are of such a nature that he will be likely to be kept from his business for some time, although Dr. Graves thinks the arm will be saved.

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DR. THAYER respectfully asks all who wish to consult him at his office (28 Central Street) to call on him between the hours of 7 to 9, as the first part of the day is spent in visiting patients at their residences. The Dr. will be found at his residence, No. 34 Lawrence Street, during the day. All orders left at his office will be promptly answered. d2w

SPADES ARE TRUMPS. An impromptu meeting of the Home Guards, of East Medford, was organized a few days ago, and the members proceeded well armed with spades, hoes, rakes, sords, &c., to the gardens of those of their neighbors now serving the country in the federal army.—They soon prepared the soil and planted the beds in good style, much to the joy of the female relatives of the troops. This example is worthy of imitation. Middlesex seems to be first in the field and garden in this war.—*Boston Transcript.*

JOHN BARRY

RELIGIOUS.

THE NECESSITY OF A TRUE MANHOOD.

A SERMON.

BY REV. D. MOTT.

Preached before the Lowell Light Infantry and the recruits for the Mechanic Phalanx, on Sabbath Morning, May 12th, 1861, *in the Provicial Hospital Church, Lowell.*

TEXT.—Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit you like men, be strong.—Let all your things be done with charity.—1 Corinthians xvi. 13, 14.

The Apostle Paul had, naturally, large ideas of manhood; for he was, naturally, a large pattern of a man. Even while he was a Pharisee, persecuting most bitterly the Church of God, there was a frankness and straightforwardness about him, even in all his movements, which marked him as no ordinary character. After his conversion to Christianity, his ideal of manhood was greatly elevated, widened and deepened, and in the text he tells us what it is to be a man. The figure is that of a warrior. The Apostle lived, you know, during a government which was most essentially military. Conquest had made Rome the mistress of nations—had united into being ten thousand cities, no small institutions of her own, gradually—and from the rocky coast of Palestine to the chalky cliffs of Britain, she ruled by her military superiority. The Roman soldier was required to watch, to be on his guard, to be all eye, all ear—fail at his post, if necessary, but never to desert it—to act like one to whom the interests of an Empire were entrusted, and to put forth the strength of a hero in every conflict. So, the apostle, bringing all the requisitions pressing upon the Roman soldier to bear upon the Christian combatant, would have every man wide awake, in the full possession of his powers—would have every man firm and stable in his convictions—have a real stand-point and a fixed root-place—for a man, like a tree, that is continually undergoing transplantation, or is constantly running and whirling about, never grows, never comes to anything desirable.

And still further, MANLINESS is inculcated—not the manliness merely of the pugilist and the wrestler—that which springs from preponderance of bone and muscle and animal pluck, but that which springs from noble moral qualities and from right principle—the manliness of clear intelligence, upright motives, and generous purposes—

But more yet, the *root* of this manliness is POWER; and hence the apostle says, "BE STRONG," be fearless—be courageous; and no coward's part in this great struggle against evil.

And then, to finish the whole, to present a round, symmetrical manhood, the apostle tops off his ideal with charity, or love,—"Let all your things be done with love."—As if he had said, You are to develop yourselves in manliness, in moral strength, in nobleness, in power, in the atmosphere of love. The strong and rugged aspects of a true manhood are to be softened and softened to the most attractive beauty. You are to be strong in every part, and love is to gather round and bind all, and warm and permeate all. *That* is the christian and apostolic idea of what a man, a christian man, should be. He is to be no little, dwarfed, stunted thing—concave, but deep, broad, true, firm, noble, voluminous, circular. This grand condition of being, this high and broad and deep and symmetrical ideal of manhood, marks all the teachings of the Bible on the point before us. *True Bible men*, as the most wakeful men, the most stable men, the manliest men, the strongest men, and the most loving and lovable men. Hence, other things being equal, Bible men, that is, men built up after the Bible standard of manhood, make the best citizens, the best magistrates, the best professional men, the best men for laboring men, the best fathers, the best sons, the best legislators, the best patriots, and, thank God, the best soldiers!

There are some of you here to-day who have nobly responded to the call of your government and country for help against rebels and traitors. You have stepped forth from your various pursuits in life, and buckled on the armor of war. You are soon to leave our peaceful and meritorious city, I learn, for stirring and doubtless, perilous scenes. Before leaving, you have very properly come up to God's house, and met in the Sixth, quit you like men, be strong."—Let all your things be done with charity."

Now, a watchfulness is a vigilance of that state, makes a man a sentinel in life, and if there is any creature that I dread meeting, it is one of these square, prim, trimmed, shaved down, prosaic persons, who does everything by rule. I had rather meet a lion and fight a whole score of rebels and traitors. No such vigilance does the Gospel ideal of manhood ask, but it demands a clear, calm, large watchfulness, which springs from an intelligent perception of the great principles, of high responsibilities, and of the grand nobility of true manhood.

And this is the vigilance I would most earnestly and affectionately press upon you, my soldier friends, to-day. I would have you vigilant not only in the camp and on the march, but on board ship, in the midst of Palestine to the chalky cliffs of Britain, she ruled by her military superiority. The Roman soldier was required to watch, to be on his guard, to be all eye, all ear—fail at his post, if necessary, but never to desert it—to act like one to whom the interests of an Empire were entrusted, and to put forth the strength of a hero in every conflict. So, the apostle, bringing all the requisitions pressing upon the Roman soldier to bear upon the Christian combatant, would have every man wide awake, in the full possession of his powers—would have every man firm and stable in his convictions—have a real stand-point and a fixed root-place—for a man, like a tree, that is continually undergoing transplantation, or is constantly running and whirling about, never grows, never comes to anything desirable.

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And this is the vigilance I would most earnestly and affectionately press upon you, my soldier friends, to-day. I would have you vigilant not only in the camp and on the march, but on board ship, in the midst of your enemies and our enemies are concerned, but I would have you vigilant in regard to your principles, your principles, every thing that concerns your manhood. You are New England men. You have lived and grown up under the light and glory of her institutions. You go forth as the products of her soil, her schools, her churches and social arrangements. You go forth as representatives of New England life, manliness, ideas, habits, courage, fortitude. (Those you go forth to meet and put down, have called you the "mud-sill" of society; but my impression is, that before this struggle closes, they will find that the "mud sill" of society is going to be a mighty power, and the main timbers in the house). In one sense you carry New England's good name, especially old Massachusetts', home with you. That flag, though a national flag, bears your firm, steady, fixed, and solid motto, wherever you march, *There go Massachusetts men.* When the old Roman Legions went forth to war, they not only carried the arms and the armor, but the institutions, the character, the life, of the Eternal City, and wherever a Roman soldier trod, it was felt that there moved Rome. So you, my friends, carry with them, as you go forth to the defence of our common country, the institutions, the character, the life, of New England; and my prayer is that wherever each one of you plants his foot, it may be the print of a true son of the old Commonwealth, who never will bow down before the mother that bore him. Carry yourselves then with a true vigilance. Be watchful over your principles, your morals, your manliness, your loftiness, in power, in the atmosphere of love. The strong and rugged aspects of a true manhood are to be softened and softened to the most attractive beauty. You are to be strong in every part, and love is to gather round and bind all, and warm and permeate all. *That* is the christian and apostolic idea of what a man, a christian man, should be. He is to be no little, dwarfed, stunted thing—concave, but deep, broad, true, firm, noble, voluminous, circular. This grand condition of being, this high and broad and deep and symmetrical ideal of manhood, marks all the teachings of the Bible on the point before us. *True Bible men*, as the most wakeful men, the most stable men, the manliest men, the strongest men, and the most loving and lovable men. Hence, other things being equal, Bible men, that is, men built up after the Bible standard of manhood, make the best citizens, the best magistrates, the best professional men, the best men for laboring men, the best fathers, the best sons, the best legislators, the best patriots, and, thank God, the best soldiers!

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2. Steadfastness, fixedness of principle, resolution and purpose, is indispensable to manhood. "Stand fast in the faith," says the apostle. "A man must know where and what he is. He must believe the truth, and hold it firmly. If a man would grow up to manhood, after a true Christian ideal, he must have a positive and decided and fixed root-place for his convictions. Some men are forever whiffing and running about after every new thing, and going along, and as much men never amount to anything—sometimes you see professed christians prevailing on every kind of doctrine that blows, trying every church and every meeting in turn, running from pillar to post, and back from post to pillar, and as Christians such men are not worth going to the door for. They have got souls, and I pray that God will save them, but, practically, they are the greatest cumberers of the earth they are worthless. They remind one of those plants or sticks, which you have seen boys moving from place to place, thinking they would grow better, but soon become poor, shriveled, dried up things. The gardener rakes them up, and burns them. You sometimes see men in business, shifting from one thing to another—trying a little of this and a little of that—here to-day and somewhere else to-morrow—dabbling in some half a dozen branches in as many years, satisfied with none—jack at all trades and, in the worst sense of the word, none and the reason is, that such men before they get half through life are all mixed up. They have moved about so much, have been transplanted so many times, that they have lost all rootpower and all heart-force. They are not only loose in their business affairs, but very often loose in their moral principles and moral principles; for, I assure you, when a man loosens a screw in any part of his being, he is apt to loosen it in many others, and loosens the next tier above, and so on till he reaches the top of his manhood, and at length becomes a poor, shriveled, dried up thing of humanity, a burden to himself and to his friends, to-day. I would have you vigilant not only in the camp and on the march, but on board ship, in the midst of your enemies and our enemies are concerned, but I would have you vigilant in regard to your principles, your principles, every thing that concerns your manhood. You go forth as the products of her soil, her schools, her churches and social arrangements. You go forth as representatives of New England life, manliness, ideas, habits, courage, fortitude. (Those you go forth to meet and put down, have called you the "mud-sill" of society; but my impression is, that before this struggle closes, they will find that the "mud sill" of society is going to be a mighty power, and the main timbers in the house). In one sense you carry New England's good name, especially old Massachusetts', home with you. That flag, though a national flag, bears your firm, steady, fixed, and solid motto, wherever you march, *There go Massachusetts men.* When the old Roman Legions went forth to war, they not only carried the arms and the armor, but the institutions, the character, the life, of the Eternal City, and wherever a Roman soldier trod, it was felt that there moved Rome. So you, my friends, carry with them, as you go forth to the defence of our common country, the institutions, the character, the life, of New England; and my prayer is that wherever each one of you plants his foot, it may be the print of a true son of the old Commonwealth, who never will bow down before the mother that bore him. Carry yourselves then with a true vigilance. Be watchful over your principles, your morals, your manliness, your loftiness, in power, in the atmosphere of love. Before you return to us you will pass through stirring, perilous scenes, doubtless, and you will find that a soldiers' life brings forth and peculiar trials and temptations. Your moral and Christian principles will be tested, and I charge you before God and this great assembly to-day, to stand firm in your integrity, and watch that you do not dishonor your manhood by falling down in the moral and Christian defences of your soul.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, May 20, 1861.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.
WASHINGTON, May 17th, 1861.

EDITOR LOWELL COURIER :—A large number of Virginians are making their appearance on the streets here. Amongst others Extra Billy Smith and McCullum. What their errand may be, is more than I know, or why such conspirators are allowed to walk here unmolested, passes my ingenuity to explain. I have no doubt but that the rumor that the tomb of Washington has been rifled of his bones by the rebels is true. I am ready to believe any imputation against Virginia secessionists. I know their capabilities in the way of rascality and iniquity. They are ghouls.

Yesterday I visited the encampment of the New York Seventh Regiment, at the foot of Fourteenth Street. It is surrounded by graves, and is a delightful spot. A constant stream of carriages is going to and fro, between the city and this camp.—Fashionably dressed ladies are very numerous on the camp ground, at the afternoon parade. The dress parade, or gilt youth of the Seventh, are favorites with the Washington belles. It is the old story of Mars and Venus.

The women of Washington are extravagantly dressed at the expense of the government. They are at heart secessionist, and are a worthless lot. Their chief business is to keep their husbands, brothers, fathers, &c., in office. They have great skill in this business, and do not hesitate at the means. In fact the population of Washington is entemptible, and ought to be cleaned out and give place to better men. Their sole thought is office. The lower orders here are a meagry, motley set, a disgrace to the capital of the nation.

But to return to the Seventh. I think that this regiment has been unjustly traduced. Much has been said about them, as new carpet knights, &c., &c. But they are brave men. They have already done the government and country immense service. Their mere appearance here in Washington, announcing as it did that communication was once more opened up between Washington and the Free States, afforded infinite relief. Then the hardships and privations which they endured on their way hither should be considered. Many members of the Seventh Regiment are the sons of the wealthiest families of New York. It is a great event in such parsons to come here at all. They might have staid at home and lived luxuriously. They nobly chose to come hither at a most critical moment. Let them have the credit of their great sacrifices. It is neither fair nor right to call their courage in question, or their patriotism. I believe the Seventh is one of the most formidable bodies of men on the ground. New Yorkers ought to be proud of the young braves of the Seventh.

I read in the *Baltimore Sun*, yesterday, that Gen. Butler has been superseded in command there. I know not whether this is true. The Sun is utterly unreliable.—Gen. Butler's proclamation may have give offence. But it is an admirable document, and gave great satisfaction to Northern sojourners here. Gen. Butler has made his mark already. He has achieved a distinguished reputation. He is every where in every body's mouth. He is looked up on as the man of the time. His manner and bearing toward all who approach him, are courteous and kindly to the extreme. Mrs. Butler is at Annapolis, deprecing her husband's absence in a fine old mansion near her husband's headquarters. Dr. Kimball rents as much at home in Annapolis as Lowell. The calls upon him are constant, and his duties are arduous. S. W. S.

LEGISLATIVE. Saturday. In the Senate, about all the business was the motion to re-consider a previous vote, to strike out the word "white" from the militia law. The motion was lost.

In the House the subject of labor in the State Prison was presented in a message from the Governor. A bill withholding option aid from the people of the so called seceding States, was introduced on leave, and referred to the committee of twenty-two. This bill provides for heavy penalties for any one found giving aid or comfort to traitors. A bill for the better protection of the Cochituate water works was also introduced on leave, and under a suspension of the rules, ordered to be engrossed. A resolution providing for a "one year amendment" to the Constitution was reported and passed finally under a suspension of the rules by a yea and nay vote of 190 to 15.

THE BALTIMORE RIOTERS. Jerome Pendorgast, James Whitford and George McGowan, were arrested in Baltimore on Saturday morning, charged with riotous conduct in obstructing the track of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on the 19th of April, while the Massachusetts were en route to Washington. They were indicted by the grand jury, but were admitted to bail.

SENATOR BAYARD, of Delaware, publishes a letter relative to his position, disclaiming any connection with the Southern Confederacy while South; that his visit there was purely a social one; and, deprecating civil war, if, after the assembling of Congress, he finds no chance for a settlement, he will not misrepresent his constituents but resign his seat.

The *Frankfort* (Ky.) *Yeoman* has authority from John C. Breckinridge to contradict the statement which has been made to the effect that that gentleman had stated that he was in favor of the Confederate troops marching into Kentucky to shape and control her action.

TELEGRAPHIC.

We have the following telegram from Boston :

The Government will establish two large camps ; one at Gettysburgh, Pa., and the other at Staten Island, New York, for instructions. Nearly 20,000 men will be stationed at each.

The *Herald* says that Gov. Andrew has received an order for Six Regiments, instead of four.

Gov. Hicks' tender of four Regiments for the defence of Maryland is declined ; if troops enlist from that State, they will be required for the general service.

THE WAR NEWS.

There is not much of moment to-day, relative to the war, but it is evident that there will be a contest within a few days.

It is reported at Washington that within a fortnight the Massachusetts troops, under Gen. Butler, will have possession of the Gosport Navy Yard or destroy it. Immense bodies of troops are being concentrated at Fortress Monroe, and Major General Butler will forthwith repair thither, where he will establish his headquarters as commandant of the new Military Department of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee. This is significant of future events.

The State encampment at St. Joseph, Mo., has been removed several miles west, on the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad, where batteries have been erected, trains stopped, and government stores detained. It is reported that government will take possession of the road, in which case State interference will not be tolerated.

A contract has been made with Knapp, Wade & Co., of Duxbury, for a large amount of rifled cannon, shot, shells &c.

The *New York Herald's* Washington dispatch says a party of gentlemen, including an officer of the Seventh Corps of seceding States, was introduced on leave, and referred to the committee of twenty-two. This bill provides for heavy penalties for any one found giving aid or comfort to traitors. A bill for the better protection of the Cochituate water works was also introduced on leave, and under a suspension of the rules, ordered to be engrossed. A resolution providing for a "one year amendment" to the Constitution was reported and passed finally under a suspension of the rules by a yea and nay vote of 190 to 15.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

ARMORY OF THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY,
May 20th, 1861.

At parting from reported to be disbanded, the company under my command have been guilty of no treason, on the streets of Lowell, I have investigated the cases, and have personally heard that they were mistaken, arising from the similarity of our uniform to that of various other companies in this city. I respectfully, if any members, supposed to belong to this company, be now or above, that parties should report his name, and if he be a member, he will be at once expelled and arrested. By order of

T. J. DAVIS, Capt. R. L. I.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE. We have been permitted to publish the following correspondence between Mayor Sargeant and Mr. John F. Whitney of Waldo, Me., father of the late Addison O. Whitney, in regard to the final disposition of the remains of the latter. As his parents have consented he may be buried here, we trust ere long the proposed monument shall point toward heaven, an enduring shaft, not only to remind the passer-by where rests the brave dead, but also to remind him that those who die nobly and honorably for their country, shall not be unhonored and unsung. Let it rise to show with what alacrity Lowell sent forth her sons to defend the country in the contest of 1861. Let it rise to show that the descendants of those who fought the British at Lexington and Concord in 1775, is the same Massachusetts that met the roughs of Baltimore in 1861, and by the efforts of her soldiery was enabled to march through it. We hope that Massachusetts, through her Legislature, will give a liberal sum toward building the proposed monument, worthy of her many munificent acts. S.

CITY OF LOWELL,
MAYOR'S OFFICE, May 16, 1861.

John F. Whitney, Esq.

MY DEAR SIR :—You are already apprised of the fact of your son at Baltimore, on the 19th of April, and the receipt of his body by the Executive of the Commonwealth. I enclose a copy of the resolution passed by the City Council of Lowell, and also send you by the hand of the bearer, the daily papers giving a detailed account of the ceremonies in connection therewith under the direction of the City Government. In accordance with the unanimous desire of our people, I take the liberty to inquire if you will consent to the final burial of your son in the City of Lowell, the place of his birth, if not unmindful of the feelings of parental affection, but the circumstances of your son's death are such as to make it a public request peculiarly proper. He has fallen in defence of the flag of his country—a member of one of our military companies a resident of our city—all the proprieties of our people make it the appropriate place for the last resting place of his remains.

Should this request be granted, I promise that the most pious care shall be exercised over the body, and I have no doubt the City Council will purchase a lot in our cemetery in which to deposit it, and cause a suitable monument to be erected to his memory.

I have a good reason to believe that the friends of Luther C. Ladd, your son's compatriot in arms and in death, will consent to his burial with him, and that it will be sure that the bodies of these two brave citizens soldiers should lie side by side in the soil of old Middlesex County. Their names have been made immortal as soldiers of Massachusetts.

I desire not to urge this request with unbecoming earnestness, but my position as the representative of the city, constrains me to call your attention to the public considerations of the occasion, and as a person tell in the public cause, I trust you will give full weight to these considerations in deciding on the final disposition of his remains.

I can hardly find words in which to ask the consent of a mother to the proposition contained in this letter, but let her remember that the so-called "Southern Congress" are about to recommend to the so-called President of the so-called Southern Confederacy—of confederate traitors—to proclaim and set apart a day of fasting and prayer, in view of their national difficulties. I hope it is true ; for undoubtedly it will be much better to spend their breath in prayer than to brag and blaster but how absurd ! A confederation of sworn thieves, robbers, and assassins, assuming the attitude of prayer before God —for what ? To confess their sins and pray for forgiveness ? O, no ! What then ? What form of words can they invent to which they will attach the name of prayer ? Will they say, "Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done !" Will they say that ? How can they, when that is just what they are afraid of—when that is the cause of all their troubles ? Why, if the kingdom of God should come, would they not recede, or else strive to elect Jefferson Davis president ? The kingdom of God is the manifestation of truth and righteousness, from which they have always seceded, and which has brought them into their present troubles.

A "black republican" has been elected President of the United States, who is sworn to observe the constitution and the laws, and who declares that he will not interfere with slavery where it exists, or any institution that may exist in South, legally and rightfully in existence, and who could not if he would ; yet by the gradual advancement of the public sentiment, Southern demagogues say that they are loosing the power which they have always held, and the finger of God points to the Standard of Liberty. They see the hand writing on the wall, and they cry "Wolf"—and need no Daniel to make the interpretation. They look at the election of Abraham Lincoln as the resurrection Moses, which Providence has appointed as army of ten thousand men. But Uncle Sam is well prepared, and if repot be true he is "eager for the fray."

PLANS LAID FOR A CAMPAIGN. The Washington correspondent of the *New York Post* says the government has its plans all laid for a can paign. But one drogn animates every movement which is made, and that is to put down treason and secession every where, and to allow of but one government and one country from Canada to Mexico. Gen. Scott may not be Washington's counterpart, but he sees the advances of the rebels upon particular points, but depenz upon it that all the great strategic points will be taken care of. It is a settled thing that Norfolk and Gosport navy yards will soon be invested and taken by United States troops. Sooner or later an attack upon these places is contemplated. It would seem desirable, if there is a fight in that locality, that it should come off before the severely hot season is upon us.

No very cautious is the government respecting its projected movements, that it has little fear that the secession spies are keeping us well get hold of its plans, when friends cannot find out the plans of General Scott, it is hardly probable that enemies will. As far as the number of troops in this city and the war-spirit of the North are concerned, the government is quite willing that the South should get at the truth.

MR. THOMAS P. WAITE, a worthy citizen of Peterborough, N. H., fell into a wheel pit at Salter's grist mill, a few days ago, and received injuries from which he died in a short time.

MRS. EDITOR :—I notice by the papers that the so-called "Southern Congress" are about to recommend to the so-called President of the so-called Southern Confederacy—of confederate traitors—to proclaim and set apart a day of fasting and prayer, in view of their national difficulties. I hope it is true ; for undoubtedly it will be much better to spend their breath in prayer than to brag and blaster but how absurd ! A confederation of sworn thieves, robbers, and assassins, assuming the attitude of prayer before God —for what ? To confess their sins and pray for forgiveness ? O, no ! What then ? What form of words can they invent to which they will attach the name of prayer ? Will they say, "Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done !" Will they say that ? How can they, when that is just what they are afraid of—when that is the cause of all their troubles ? Why, if the kingdom of God should come, would they not recede, or else strive to elect Jefferson Davis president ? The kingdom of God is the manifestation of truth and righteousness, from which they have always seceded, and which has brought them into their present troubles.

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THE Hill Cadets, with a number of invited guests, went to North Billerica, by a special train, Saturday afternoon, and partook of a collation by invitation of the citizens of that place. They arrived at the station at 1-4 to 5 o'clock, P. M., and immediately took up their line of march for Middlesex Hall, where ample arrangements had been made for their accommodation. The tables were furnished with an abundance of everything necessary to supply the "inner man," and after a brief speech by the chairman of the committee of arrangements, Mr. V. Burroughs, welcoming the company and their guests to the repast which had been furnished for them, the viands were discussed with much relish.

Dinner being over, several National songs were sung in excellent style by a Glee Club, after which the company reformed, and proceeded to a neighboring field for the purpose of drill. Their gallantly bearing and the precision with which the various movements were performed, reflected much credit upon them. After the drill was over, they were compelled, by a sudden storm to again repair to the Hall when they were addressed by Mr. Burroughs, and by Lieut. Donovan and Cadets, and others, after which they partook of another collation, and then took up their line of march for home apparently highly pleased with the reception which had been given them.

ANOTHER FLAG-RAISING. The employees at Whipple's Mills raised an American flag last Saturday morning. There was a large crowd of people present, who when the flag was run up, saluted it with loud and continued cheering. The Butler Rifles, had been invited to be present, but Capt. Tebbetts, were both present on the occasion. Speeches were made by Messrs. Charles Cowley, Timothy Pearson and H. S. Butterworth. The latter in the line of his profession, delivered an address, with loud demonstrations of favor.

A GENEROUS EXCHANGE. When it was known that the Richardson Light Infantry was to be increased to 101 members, and some who could not go, were left behind, Jack Holton, who has charge of making shirts for the Butler Rifles, came forward and offered shirts enough to supply the new recruits, provided the city would give cloth enough to make new ones. The generous offer was gladly accepted. The uniforms for the members are ready, and the whole company will be in marching trim to-morrow.

RACEBITS FOR COL. GORDON'S RECRUITMENT. Last Saturday evening, Sergeant E. B. Whitten of the Abbott Greys, now at Camp Andrew, came to this city for the purpose of raising recruits for the Cass company and also for the other companies which are to comprise Col. Gordon's Regiment. He had his office open yesterday, but in a few hours succeeded in raising his entire company, and when, who left for Boston by the 9½ o'clock train this morning—They went in citizen's dress and will be mustered after arriving in camp.

Our readers in want of green house flowers, garden roots, tomato plants, &c., will do well to attend the sale at the office of E. B. Patch & Co., to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SPIRIT OF TEWKSBURY. Some half a dozen members of the Richardson Light Infantry, belong in Tewksbury—The town has voted to give them $10 a month while on duty, and private individuals have subscribed enough to make it up to $15. They will also be provided with all the articles necessary for camp life by the town.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Richard Brennan, for larceny of clothing worth $15 from a circus man, was fined $5 and costs.

Gerard C. Hanley, for assault and battery, was fined $5 and costs.

Samuel K. Pickering, for assault upon a female near the Northern depot, was fined $3 and costs. Appealed.

Mary M. Nutting, of Groton, for adultery, a continued case, was discharged.

ORDERED, AT LAST. Capt. Davis, of the Richardson Light Infantry, received orders from Gov. Andrew this noon, for his company to start to-morrow.

THEATRE THIS EVENING. Remember that Macdonald's company will open at Huntington Hall this evening, with Mrs. Emma Waller, the favorite actress, and Mr. D. W. Waller, in "Bertram," to conclude with a laughable farce. We know that this will be a dramatic entertainment of more merit than ever before presented to our citizens.

Don't forget the sale of the property at the corner of Church and Lawrence Streets, at 2 P. M., to-morrow. It is the most desirable property offered this season.

CALIFORNIA. The Express arrived at Fort Kearney yesterday. The sentiments in favor of sustaining the Government is represented to be almost unanimous in the State. The Douglas Democrats refused to unite with the Breckinridge men in a move to hold a State Convention of their own party. More firmness was imparted to San Francisco market by the news from the east.

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS SAY OF
DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

NEW YORK, August 30, 1852.

GENTLEMEN :—I have been using your valuable remedy, *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, most acknowledged, for the cure of *Fever and Ague, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint*, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as we feel confident, that if those who are troubled with any of these complaints will give them a fair trial, they will be amply rewarded by their beneficial effects.

MRS. HILL, East Troy,
MRS. STEVENS, West Troy.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now for sale in this city, which are destitute of merit, also, the counterfeit of M'Lane's Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge can now be had of all the country trade through the principal cities. Be sure and observe the engraving upon the genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.
[4-3] ly

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON'S, Prescott Street.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. A large assortment, subject to no imperfections, sold as cheap as the damaged goods are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON'S Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOURAUD MATTINGS. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.
mar 19d2m

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE
For all points West, via, any of the through lines, by the Great Western Railway, can be had at the Inland Food Restaurant, Shattuck, and all pts on Grand Trunk Railroad.
E. HOSKINS, Agent.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street.
may11

FINZER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and neighborhood.
jan8d

CARPETS. Just received from New York some handsome and brilliant patterns, selling below their auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as a Bargain. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and warranted to be suited from our assortment can get what pattern they want in rolls and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received at ADAMS & NORTH'S Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. mar29d6f

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.
LOWELL, MASS.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Co., (organized under the Mutual Insurance Hosing Hose) is called, N H., on MONDAY the 20th day of May inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the choice of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
By order of the Directors,
CHARLES LANE Clerk.
Lowell, May 13, 1861. may13d3w

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, consisting of Tip Carts, Toy Carts, Dry Carts, Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and Portable Chairs, and has something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at 41 Merrimack Street.
may17

LOST,
O Merrimack or Central Streets, on Wednesday last, a Gold Watch and Chain. Two hundred dollars, (among other bills,) $100 bill on a New York Bank, for which a reward will be paid by the finder by leaving the same at the Counting Room of the Lowell Manufacturing Co.
Lowell, May 17, 1861. may17d3t

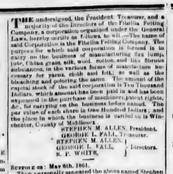
WANTED TO HIRE—A house to rent, of from 6 to 8 rooms, in a pleasant location. Address immediately box 308 Post Office.
may17 dtf

Mechanics' Savings Bank in Lowell.
THIS Bank will receive deposits at its office in the Old Post Office building, on Merrimack Street, on MONDAY next, at the following hours viz. Every Monday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock, and every Wednesday afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock. Dividends will be declared in June and March.
JAMES F. ROGERS, Treasurer.
Lowell, May 16, 1861. may16d1w

RESERVE.
J. BRIELL, No. 23 Central Street, is selling off at cost his large assortment of PAPER HANGINGS, new and second hand BOOKS, and a great variety of FANCY ARTICLES. He will remove in a short time to No. 37 Merrimack Street.
may14

G. NYE'S NEW KITES,
If new and beautiful patterns, just opened at BELL & ABBOTT, 31 Central, corner of Market.
may14

WHEELER & WILSON'S



Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide spread reputation of this Machine is encreasing daily, and the peculiar merits which are acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others in the sewing of a family, will make it become a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as a blessing to every home. It will do the quality of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and woolen fabrics, hemming, felling, tucking, quilting, gathering and all the innumerable ends to which Sewing Silk is applied, the

WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence over all.

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased this Machine for family use in Low,

D. S. Richardson,
J. Bartlett,
Wm. A. Burke,
Wm. Spaulding,
E. A. Alger,
B. F. Butler,
B. F. Butler,
J. C. Brown,
D. C. Brown,
J. L. Ordway,
J. L. Ordway,
A. H. Brown,
B. W. Webster,
J. C. Ordway,
J. B. French,
T. P. Appleton,
Walter Wood,
F. L. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby,
Rev. E. B. Foster,
J. N. Pevear,
M. C. Bryant,
Mrs. Jacob Gordon,
Wm. L. North,
Mrs. Bartlett,
J. L. Cheney,

Persons interested in a variety of stitch and sizes, at prices varying from Fifty to One hundred and twenty dollars, will find it to their interest to call at

J. W. B. SHAW,
41 Merrimack Street.
may17 dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice some years since, and have found it to be a valuable article, and investigated its properties, and have found it to be perfectly healthy, and a material that has been and is now, a difference opinion among the dental profession in relation to the value of the article, while it is not expected that it will supersede the use of gold, yet it is found to be valuable in instances where it is used with great success, and in many cases where gold is not used with success. Those wishing to try the article may be assured, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they are prepared to furnish sets of TEETH in this mode, and others, that are equal to any that can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.

Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Buildings.
may16 eod3m

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS,
Recorded in the City Clerk's Office for week ending May 18, 1861.

Names.	Age.	Residence.
Jared F. Mayfield	21	Lowell.
Adelina Fontaine	Decsd	
Lucien Lamoy	21	Lowell.
Mary L. Corbin	20	Lowell.
Samuel S. Parsons	21	Lowell.
Hannah S. Parsons	21	Lowell.
Alexander Bell	21	Lowell.
Samuel B. Bachelder	21	Lowell.
Lottie F. Dow	21	Lowell.
Thomas Mayfield	Mutfied	Lowell.
Juliette Tourneau	Lowell	Lowell.
Peter F. Lamoy	21	Lowell.
Hannah T. White	21	Lowell.

Second marriage of party.

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths in our wards ending May 18.
Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Chicoutimi, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " " Charlestown, 6.00
" " " Derby, 6.00
" " " Newport, 6.00
" " " Stanstead, 6.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the **Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,** 162 MERRIMACK STREET, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

apr 24 **S. H. FISHER, Agent.**

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly incorporated, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew more than any machine now in use, from the finest thread or silk as the eloth or fabric may require, to the coarsest, and will do their work in a more perfect and beautiful manner, using the same needle, thread and length of stitch.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machine, to the use of tailor, to the frequent changes and use, in endless variety of sewing required in a fine tailoring establishment, than any other machine, as they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Merinoes without stopping, and do the work perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even do hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension. Buttons are adjusted to any thickness whatever, in not such a machine but adapted to family use; and if ever subject to any breakage, we do not for every variety of light sewing manufactured. The work done on these Sewing Machines, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines are the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine can be more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate the above facts.

PRICES.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New York State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for hand-sewing machines.

Fact No 9.—These Machines took both the highest of the North and South Fairs, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing practically without practical experience in competition with other first-class sewing machines. But we have not space in this one fact more; it is the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction, than any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine secure quite invariably to persons who have never seen or used them. Hence the constant inquiry of families, from almost every part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this inquiry we offer the above explicit and undeniable Facts—Facts that are fact—proof fact, and such, in more reference to certain kinds of professional friends, who may wish to recover themselves of some personal prejudice, or Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of family, or manufacturing.

The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines, and have furnished them with all the recent appendages, including the best hemmer, quilter, etc., etc., for the Family Fancy and Manufacturing.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Appleton Block, Merrimack Street.

January 3 1861 au3d1f

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish Wood and Coal, to those favoring him with their orders, at the lowest cash prices. All orders will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7d1

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT — AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY, WHICH HAS NEVER FAILED TO GIVE SATISFACTION. — THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

QUERY:

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TIC DOLOREAUX, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases, All will be Subdued under the "Hammond Liniment." What *Kind of Relief? What a Cure! Economy!* Is the Question. Only 25 cts. will suffice to try it.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The cure is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Merrimack street, and 2 doors south of Central. CLARK & SHERWOOD, 24 Tremont street, and 21 Hanover street, BOSTON, and by Druggists generally.

G. L. BEAN & Co., Proprietors.

February 15, 1861. **17 Tyler Street, Boston.**

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

THE Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the great jury of the people. Its intrinsic merits cause the latter to be long an act built, and its fame is now spreading with unprecedented rapidity. It is the only remedy in the world that will relieve crying of the worst form of Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Chilblains, Corns, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, Scrofula, Ulcers, Felons, Boils, Tetter, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Chronic Sore Nipples, Sore Heads, Scald Heads, Sore Legs, Sore Feet, Chronic Sore Eyes, Fever Sores, Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Canker, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Sore Breasts,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, May 21, 1861.

MEN AND MEANS. The people of the North, especially of New England, have been accused of being coward in character and close-fisted in their monetary matters. It is true that the people of the North do not resist every fancied insult at the muzzle of the pistol or at the point of the bowie knife, and hence they are accused of cowardice; but when they are called upon to support the flag of the country, the rebels will be likely to find them a very different people from what they have conceived to be their character. The people of the North have also been called tightfisted and miserly. That may be so economical, in laying up means for any emergency is also true, but as to being mean, there is nothing so false, as hundreds of colleges, asylums, libraries, and charitable institutions, founded by private contributions, amply testify.

The ruling spirit among our people at the present time is to raise all the troops without regard to the number of men or the amount of means required, until the rebels are brought to a realizing sense of their position, and as much time will be saved that if they let the day the laws of the government under which they live, they must suffer certain punishment. A word as to men.

The proclamation of President Lincoln was issued April 15th, only some five weeks since, and within that time about 100,000 men have taken the field, and from 300,000 to 400,000 more are ready to offer themselves for service. The first call of the President was for 75,000 men, or one in every 252 of the population of the Northern States, according to the census of last year. Subsequent calls have increased the number to 230,000, or one in every 82 of the population. According to the first call, the proportion of Lowell was 147, but the 147, but the sent away, at the time, 200, and her proportion of the 230,000 would be 460, while she has sent into service, or has ready over 700. Her proportion in an army of 300,000, would be 980, or less than one in seven of her polls.

The last point is in regard to means.—Suppose the cost of this war is amount to two hundred millions of dollars before it is closed; and second, that this debt is thrown evenly upon the Northern States—a thing not, under any circumstance, likely to happen—for as our Southern neighbors have opened the ball, they must pay dearly for its amusement. At present the subject in the worst light on our side, suppose a direct tax of two hundred millions should be laid upon the loyal or Northern States. The Constitution provides that direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States according to federal population, and in that event the proportion of Massachusetts would be about one of thirteen millions of dollars, or $10.58 to every man, woman and child. Lowell's share of the thirteen millions, based on her valuation in proportion to that of the whole State, would be about $363,000, or about one and a half per cent of her valuation, which certainly is not a great sacrifice for Lowell to secure peace and prosperity, and above all to re-establish the American flag where it has been dethroned and dishonored by unthinking men in the hands of traitors.

According to the statistics which we have given, the number of volunteers which Lowell would be required to furnish is two in every thousand of those called out, and her proportion of money $1,000 in every $1,000,000—that is, in both instances, counting the South as contributing nothing, which is not likely to be the case, so far as furnishing means is concerned, or at least. Looking upon the matter in this light, there certainly is not a very gloomy or disheartening prospect ahead. The object of the war is everything dear to man, upon the patriot or the Christian: and none will regret the sacrifice of men and money that is freely offered to perpetuate the blessings so vouchsafed to us through the government framed by our forefathers and baptized with their blood.

"THE QUAKERS ARE OUT." According to the *Philadelphia Press* the Pennsylvania Quakers are exactly right on the war question. It says:—

"In a Friend's meeting in Delaware County, a member was named on a committee to prevent young members of the society from volunteering in the cause of rebellion. The individual so named arose and declared that he could not serve on such a committee, as he thought it a solemn duty to put down the rebellion at all hazards. Another member was then named who also declined serving. He said he had already a son in a volunteer company, and if his own services were needed to put down the southern treason, he would go himself."

GEORGE J. L. COLBY, editor of the *Newburyport Herald*, has received his commission as Naval Officer in the Newburyport Custom House.

The *Boston Herald*, in consequence of the demand for the war news, proposes to issue a Sunday edition, to be called the *Boston Sunday Herald*. The first issue of which will be published on Sunday next. The *Herald* is a first-top little sheet, and we are glad that the people require of the publishers this new enterprise.

MR. JOSIAH FRENCH, JR., a very respectable farmer of Solon, Me., died last week from the effect of a disease with which he had been innoculated while doctoring a sick cow. He had been in the habit of handling the rags that were wrapped about the diseased parts of the cow, and the disease was communicated to the system through a small crack or cut in one of his thumbs.

TELEGRAPHIC.

We have the following telegram from Boston:—

A man named Dromgoole, at the head of 300 secessionists, is committing depredations in Indiana.

The Government has seized the manuscript of twelve volumes in the principal telegraph offices in the Free States, thus becoming cognizant of the *secret* operations of the rebels and their abettors.

A fight occurred on Sunday at Sewell's Point, near the mouth of Elizabeth River, between a Federal steamer and the rebels. A terrific fire smashed the battery and scattered them.

General Butler has orders to remove the obstructions in Norfolk Harbor.

THE NEWS OF TO-DAY.

The frigate Niagara has been withdrawn from the blockade of Charleston for more important service, and another vessel will immediately take her place.

A dispatch from Washington says it is understood that Gen. Mansfield will command the *corps d'armie* to be advanced into Virginia from that city. It will consist of 26,000 volunteers and 5000 regulars.—Three thousand of the latter are already here.

The forces detailed to retake Harper's Ferry will probably be commanded by Brigadier General Reader.

The President visited Great Falls yesterday, sixteen miles above the city, and crossed the bridge, passing the secession pickets on the Virginia side of the Potomac, and returned the same way.

It is settled that no more troops will be accepted by the government under the last requisition. Already 220,000 men have been offered, and considerable time will be required so organize them.

As we stated yesterday, it is the design of Government to establish two large Camps, partly for instruction and partly for reserved force—one at Gettysburg, the other at Staten Island.

The troops at Gettysburg are designed for action on the Southern border, when necessary, and those at Staten Island will be required for coast service, to be used at any moment and at any point that the Government may direct. For this purpose orders have been issued for a fleet of transports to be kept in readiness in the harbor.

The *Tribune* says that three of Ellsworth's Zouaves brought a secession flag into Washington seventeen feet long, which they hauled down from a pole in Alexandria.

Movements of the rebels. A letter in the *Baltimore American*, from Williamsport, says that a thousand Virginia and South Carolina troops, from Harper's Ferry, took position on Sunday, on the Virginia side of the Potomac, opposite that town, commanding the Ferry, and expected to be joined by another thousand with field pieces. They have no tents, and very little, if any provisions. The commander says he has no intention to cross the river.

Reports that there were 2000 barrels of flour in Wilmington, belonging to a secessionist, which is being rapidly removed to Hillsborough. Cherokee Indians were seen there recently. Small-pox was also prevalent among the rebel troops at Harper's Ferry. The people in Cumberland were much excited, fearing an invasion of the rebels, thereby exhausting all the supplies. It is believed the rebel troops are being scattered over Berkley, Jefferson, Loudon, Frederick and Clarke counties, to overcome the Unionists at the election.

Two batteries of railroad iron have been erected at Point of Rocks. A regiment from the the Southwest part of Virginia arrived Tuesday.

A gentleman from Richmond says he passed 15,000 troops on the railroad in Tennessee, last week, en route for Virginia, and they all armed.

The rebel Congress, it is expected, will adjourn to-day, to meet at Richmond, Va., in July.

The *Picayune* of Friday states that the privateer Calhoun captured on the 10th, the bark Ocean Eagle, from Rockland, Me., with 3100 casks of lime, consigned to New Orleans parties.

Two thousand Mississippians are reported to have arrived at Harper's Ferry on Sunday; also two regiments from Alabama. The small pox had broken out among the troops there. A company of cavalry had left for Martinsburg to prevent Unionmen from voting there on the 23d. The city of Frederick is guarded by armed Union men, who have arrested an incendiary.

Texas. It is said that all the approaches to Galveston are covered by formidable batteries.

It was reported at New Orleans on the 20th, that General Young was pursuing Montgomery and his federal troops, and had overtaken the baggage, supply and ammunition trains, which were seized, with some beeves and horses.

Montgomery had evacuated Fort Washita, and was moving at Fort Arbuckle. Gen. Young was determined to take Fort Cobb and Arbuckle.

Information has been received that Cortinas is rapidly preparing for another raid on the Texas settlers on the Rio Grande. Another statement is that Cortinas, with a large force, is moving up the left bank of the Rio Grande, and that recruits are pouring in to join him. It is believed that he has a formidable force concentrated on the river. Six recruits from Matamoras to join Cortinas have arrived. Col. Ford is preparing to receive Cortinas.

Arlington Heights are to be occupied by 10,000 troops.

There are now not less than 16,000 troops at Camp Dennison, Ohio.

Col. Vonburgh, of the Seventy first New York Regiment died yesterday morning of hemorrhage of the lungs. His remains will be immediately transported to New York.

Judge Nelson writes from Tennessee that the Union men of the eastern section of the State will give 20,000 majority against Secession.

Governor Magoffin has issued a proclamation which asserts that the State will be kept in a condition of armed neutrality and will not allow the arms in the hands of the Home Guard to be used for or against either the United States or the Confederate States.

Washington, May 20. The steamtug Freeborn arrived this afternoon from Fortress Monroe, bringing despatches to the government. On her way up she captured two small vessels and wharted them at the Navy Yard. A passenger by the Freeborn states that on Saturday two vessels from the fleet paid a visit to the vicinity of Sewall's Point, about four miles from Fortress Monroe, where the Virginians were erecting a battery, and threw sundry shells at the works, materially spoiling their architectural arrangements. The shells were thrown with such effect all the vessels. It is not known whether anybody on shore was killed.

LEGISLATIVE. In the Senate yesterday, a bill in aid of the families of volunteers (now draft) was reported. It empowers towns and cities to raise money for the relief of such families, and legalizes the appropriations heretofore made. All contracts with any members of the volunteer militia who have been without limit into the service of the United States for the term of three months, shall be valid during such term, and no pay shall hereafter be allowed to any such person at the expense of drilling. Any city or town, when danger from attack from the sea is apprehended, is authorized to organize an armed police. No salary shall be paid or applied by any city or town for the support of any inhabitant who may be actually engaged in the service of the United States, there shall be annually reimbursed in such town or city specified sums. There were several amendments proposed, one of which was that instead of $1 per week, the wife of each soldier should be paid or applied by any city or town for the support of any inhabitant who may be actually engaged in the service of the United States, there shall be annually reimbursed in such town or city specified sums. There were several amendments proposed, one of which was that instead of $1 per week, the wife of each soldier should be paid or applied by any city or town for the support of any inhabitant who under 16 years. There was considerable discussion, the measures of the bill exciting the interest of every member.

In the House, several bills were advanced one stage, and some unimportant petitions were presented; the bill to provide for the discipline and instruction of a military force which had been ordered to be engrossed, was reconsidered, amended, and finally again ordered to be engrossed.

A resolve was introduced making an appropriation for Plates, Paper, and Printing of Script to be issued by the Commonwealth, which was also passed to be engrossed.

Mr. Bullock, from Worcester, from the Joint Special Committee on the Governor's message, reported the following resolve:

RESOLVES CONCERNING THE PRESENT CRISIS.

Resolved, That the conflict now existing between the government of the United States and the disloyal persons and communities that have instituted open war upon its authority should be regarded by all patriotic men as a struggle in which the stake is the very existence of our government and our national unity; and that in such a contest, fraught with the most grave consequences to the cause of freedom and republican institutions the diversities and divergencies of political thought and action, usually observed in a free state, should be united in a common fellowship and service beneath the common flag.

Resolved, That while it is justly expected of the national administration that this war upon rebellion shall be prosecuted with all the promptness and vigor which it can command, we invite the people of Massachusetts to bear constantly in mind that public confidence in government is one of the elements of military power, and that therefore we are moved alike by considerations of justice and patriotism to uphold the arm of the State in its efforts to avert all unnecessary cause of public distraction and weakness, believing that in the hearts and in the resources of the loyal States of the Union there is the most ample guaranty of triumphant success to sustain that administration and those associated with him in conducting the government in a spirit of full cooperation with the great uprising of the people.

Resolved, That in the prompt and vigorous action of His Excellency the Governor, in response to the call of the President, in the enthusiasm and unanimity with which our fellow citizens have rallied in support of the government, as well as those who were first in the field as the thousands who are ready to follow, and especially in the historic precedence, which having assigned to this Commonwealth a place in the front rank in the original war of independence, has again conferred upon her annals the first honors of bloodshed in the present conflict, Massachusetts expresses the fidelity to liberty and law which is a part of her character, and the full acquiescence of which all her resources, all her hearts and all her arms, are pledged forever.

Resolved, That we invoke the people of the Commonwealth, while they sustain the just cause of the Union in the maintenance of the patriotism and liberality which have marked the beginning, to increase rather than to strengthen their patriotic position by the practice of a wise and intelligent economy, qualifying and regulating the public spirit by a proper husbanding of their resources, so that the means applied to the maintenance of which all her resources, all her hearts and all her arms, are pledged forever.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

ARRIVAL OF THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY.
May 21st, 1861.

The members of the Richardson Light Infantry, on leaving the city, take this me kind of returning their sincere thanks to the citizens of Lowell, ladies and gentlemen, for their very many acts of kind note and attention to them during the past month. The kind manner that in whatever position of duty they may be placed in the future, will ever be remembered by them while they had. the honor of the Company.

P. A. DAVIS, Commander.

DEPARTURE OF THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY. This company has at last left Lowell. Capt. Davis yesterday received written orders from the Governor for his company to start at once, to-day for Boston, there to embark in the steamer Pembroke for the seat of war. Last evening and this forenoon the company were busy in getting ready; and shortly after ten o'clock this morning, they left their armory and marched to Park Garden, where a photograph of the company was taken, by Mr. George K. Warren. They then started for Huntington Hall, under escort of the Hill Cadets, Lieut. Donavan, and Butler Rifles, Capt. James. They three companies filed into the hall, and formed in a row square in front of the rostrum, which was occupied by the Mayor, some seven or eight clergymen of the city, and otherprominent citizens. The large hall was filled, as was crowded with citizens, the ladies occupying the galleries.

Mayor Sargeant called to order the vast assembly, and introduced Rev. Mr. Hinckley, who read selections of Scriptures from Psalms 91 and Isaiah 58. Prayer was next offered by Rev. Chester Field.

Mr. Sargeant then made some introductory remarks, as follows:—

REMARKS OF MAYOR SARGEANT.

Mr. Commander of the Richardson Light Infantry:—We meet here for the purpose of giving you a parting benediction. But there are present quite a large number of gentlemen who would very much like personally to address you on this occasion did time permit. Allow me in behalf of myself and them, to express the pleasure of personally to speak to you, in a very few words, to say that the speech is present in the hearts of us, throughout the entire North, throughout the entire loyal States, is one of which you ought to pride yourselves in every. The whole country is aroused, and all I have to say here in presence of the citizen-soldiers of Lowell is, that Lowell has not been behind in any part of it. (Applause.) I say then, to you, citizen-soldiers, you have the heart of the people of Lowell with you, and you shall have the prayers of the whole community going up night and morning in the God of battles to preserve you in the hour of trial.

Rev. Mr. Hubbard was introduced and said that he had been a soldier in the Aroostook war, not being called away from home, however. His remarks were peculiarly happy and felicitious.

Rev. Dr. Cleaveland was introduced, and among other things said that he had some notion of raising a company of old grey headed men, but they would want a place assigned them in the rear ranks. His remarks were hardly reportable, but were received with unmistakable evidences of appreciation by those who heard him.

Dr. Huntington being introduced by the Mayor made the following remarks:

REMARKS BY DR. HUNTINGTON.

Captain Davis, Officers and Soldiers of the Richardson Light Infantry:—After the stirring speeches which you have already listened here this morning. I feel that it is altogether out of place for me to speak at all. But in view of the scene that is around me and before me, I cannot but feel convicted how poor my words are in the exercise of the fathers. The events of the Revolutionary war to us are matters of history, but we do not know that throughout, that contest our people always looked to a higher than a human power for their protection and success. And you have met here on the eve of your departure, to met together with your fellow-citizens and with these ministers of the gospel may mingle your prayers for protection in the glorious cause that you are privileged to engage in. For next to the duty you owe your God is the duty you owe your country, and I rejoice to see so many young men, so many noble men ready to lay down their life when, as now, that country is invaded by a desperate foe led on by the most unprincipled ambition. "Roman citizen" were potent words throughout the old Roman Empire, and "I am an American citizen" has hitherto been that were a protection in any corner of the civilized globe. Associations and the glorious country is now assailed. We cannot go with you, my friends, in person, but we will accompany you in spirit, we will go with our souls, with our supplicant prayers to Almighty God for your safety and protection; and now I bid you farewell.

The next speaker announced was the Rev. Mr. Twiss, whose remarks we present in full:—

REMARKS OF REV. T. J. TWISS.

Mr. Commander and Fellow Soldiers:—I have you will pardon my feelings this morning. I have stood where you stand today. I have been a member of the volunteer militia. I feel to day all the old enthusiasm I felt fifteen years ago. I am happy to congratulate you to-day upon the glory which I think awaits you, and the honor which I think will be bound about your names. You go to-day, not merely to defend us from an abstract idea, but to uphold the flag of our country and sustain the constitution which guarantees to us the most ample civil, social and domestic relations. Be assured, fellow soldiers, your cause is right; it is animated by the great idea that God is with you. You go not from us to ravage, to burn towns or to subdue cities; but you go to preserve the country from the wicked ambition of those who are seeking to destroy their country, to save it from the insane schemes of those who are led on by wicked leaders. Be assured you go not to sit vest anybody of any legal or moral right; you go to deliver those whose rights have been trampled by the right, that you are not fighting to exterminate anybody, only to exterminate sentiments, and although your martial tread I trust will be victorious only, however, to exterminate rebellion and treason, your hands will ever be extended to relieve the defenceless, and to cheerfulest liberty and the order that has blessed all our days until this moment.—May God guard you on the right. My heart, my prayers will go with you. [Applause.]

Rev. Mr. Jenkins next addressed the companies and referring to the remarks of Dr. Cleaveland in reference to the company of grey heads, said if he enlisted he should not want to be placed in the rear ranks but would insist on a place in the foremost ranks, &c.

S. W. Stickney, Esq., accompanied with some remarks, presented each member of the company with some tracts from the American Tract Society.

Rev. Mr. Clark closed the speaking with well-chosen words of counsel and encouragement.

After a blessing by Rev. Mr. Hinckley, the company marched out of the hall, down the stairs into the depot and at about half-past twelve the train left with them, amid the cheering of the crowd and the God-speed of all our citizens.

Below we present the muster-roll of the company as made up this morning :—

ROLL OF THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY, COMPOSED OF 64 RANK AND FILE, UNDER THE COMMAND OF P. A. DAVIS, Captain.

P. A. Davis, Captain, | Franklin J. Hersey,
T. W. Cowell, Lieut., | Somerset W. Sargent,
Wm. E. Farrar, | Harvey B. Chase,
Wm. Hall, | Henry N. Hazy,
W. A. Fifield, Serg't, | Thomas R. Mills,
W. H. Worcester " | George F. Pritchett,
C. L. Harwood, " | P. Dillingham,
Wm. H. Graham, " | Charles Hall,
Wm. M. Young, Corp. | C. H. Williams,
Wm. Cox, " | Richard M. Hollins,
Chas. R. Brazer, " | Wm. H. Locomb,
Wm. H. Bingham, " | Frank Cooper,
Elias G. Blake, " | Charles Tolman,
Wm. G. Bingham, " | Wm. G. Peaslee,
Chas. Bowers, " | E. F. Wing,
Wm. H. Bingham, " | Wm. H. Bailey,
W. H. Bradley, Surg. | W. F. Hubbard,
Hartley Hall, " | C. C. Farnham,
Clement McC. wland, | Wm. Hall,
Charles H. Pinnell, | Chas. Hall,
Wm. Bowers, | Jos. Wentworth,
Andrew Cole, | John Sayers,
Andrew Scholes, | C. J. Richardson,
Wm. Cole, | Isaac Wolfey,
Wm. H. Hayden, | Jas. Wolfey,
John C. P. rmenter, | James W. Brain,
Wm. Hall, | H. Warren Brown,
W. G. McCord, | A. McMeekin,
Andrew H. Ewing, | Chas. H. Frost,
D. H. Hobbens, | Ronald Page,
Wm. Hall, | S. H. Richardson,
Charles B. Cadwell, | Jos. N. Hinsell,
John McKee, | Daniel D. Waverly,
William M. Green, | J. L. Collins,
George W. Swain, | Chas. W. Haskell,
Charles Riley, | Thomas F. Pratt,
Frank P. Hayden, | Alonzo B. Stevens,
George C. Edwards, | A. N. Conner,
Thomas Bowers, | Horace Bigelow,
Henry L. Gardner, | Morton N. Peabody,
H. W. Richardson, | Otis Lewis,
Thomas S. Jones, | Q. B. Stewart,
Wm. Richardson, | Thomas Parsons,
Franklin French, | Francis T. Wilson,
Henry S. Baker, | Henry S. Walker,
Thomas Emmett, | S. C. Amedon,
George W. Swain, | Wm. Bowers,
Geo. S. Preston, | Wm. Bowers,
Thomas Lowry, | Wm. Bowers,
A. J. Weston, O. T. Wilkins, Drummers.
Wm. Bowers, Fifer.
George W. Fairbanks, Captain's boy.
Wm. Bowers, Lieutenant's do.; John Sullivan, Surgeon's do.

THE HILL CADETS are every day receiving renewed evidences of the good will and esteem in which they are held by our citizens, in all others in matters of moment. Mr. B. H. Peshallow, printer, has not forgotten to contribute his mite, and has sent to the Cadets a neat box, containing to be suited from our assortment can go with the mails to and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE received this week at Converse Note Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

Capt. Proctor is now in Washington, and we learn that his object is, if possible, to have the Hill Cadets at once into the service of the government.

APPOINTMENT. Mr. Erastus Boyden, of this city, has been appointed a storekeeper by Collector Goodrich. He will be located at East Boston. Mr. Boyden is deserving of the appointment; he has labored long and earnestly for his party, and is deserving of something good in the next man." We hope the place to him will be a pleasant one.

CAPITAL LIKENED TO GEN. BUTLER.—Our citizens are indebted to our neighbor Dempsey, for display'ng the first publication containing the likeness of our gallant townsman, Maj. Gen. Butler. It is a most life-like picture, and attracted so large a crowd opposite his store last evening that he was obliged to close for several hours. In this, as in almost everything else, Dempsey seems to be foremost.

MACFARLAND'S THEATRE. In consequence of the non-arrival of two of the actors, this theatre did not open last evening, much to the disappointment of many of our citizens, and particularly to Mr. Macfarland; but it will be opened this evening without fail. Mrs. Walter, the Goal in the duty you owe your country, and I rejoice to see so many young men, so many noble men ready to lay down their life when, as now, that country is invaded by a desperate foe led on by the most unprincipled ambition. "Roman citizen" were potent words throughout the old Roman Empire, and "I am an American citizen" has hitherto been that were a protection in any corner of the civilized globe. Associations and the glorious country is now assailed. We cannot go with you, my friends, in person, but we will accompany you in spirit, we will go with our souls, with our supplicant prayers to Almighty God for your safety and protection; and now I bid you farewell.

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Rev. Mr. Clark closed the speaking with

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS SAY OF DR. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

☞ We, the undersigned, having made trial of *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, must acknowledge that they are the best medicine for *Sick Headache, Dyspepsia*, and *Liver Complaint*, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public, and are confident, that if those who are troubled with any of the above complaints will give them a fair trial, they will not hesitate to acknowledge their beneficial effects.

MRS. HILL, East Troy.
MRS. STEVENS, West Troy.

☞ Purchasers are cautioned to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now in the market, but Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills are the only ones that can cure, nor can he had at all the respectable drug stores. Some unprincipled dealers advise you to buy FLEMING BROS.

m22 1&T

CARPETS. All the new patterns from the Lowell Mills, for sale at reduced prices at FARRINGTON & PROCTOR Street.

WESTERN BRUSSELS CARPETINGS. Large assortment, subject to the same reductions, sold as cheap as the damaged goods are advertised in Boston, at FARRINGTON & Furniture and Carpet Store, Prescott Street.

EXCELSIOR BRUSSELS CARPETS. New styles just received at FARRINGTON'S. Also, the celebrated GOLDEN MATTINGS. Prescott Street, opposite Market Street.

mar19d2m

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Lines, also via the Boston and Island Pond, Stanstead, Shefford, and all points on the Grand Trunk Railway.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street, Lowell.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the sewing machine, sold by Mr. A. D. Lyon, agent for Lowell and vicinity.

CARPETS. Just received from New York, a large assortment of Brussels, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling 5 cents per yard less than any other house in Lowell. Also, a large assortment of Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, &c., at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and they will sell as low as any house in Lowell. Also, a large assortment of Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, &c., at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

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Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE received this week at Converse Note Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

TRIDERN' AND MERRIMACK' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, | B. Hinckley, | D. S. Richardson,
T. Sowmlle, | H. Hosford, | Isaac Hinds,
L. G. Howe, | Edward Tuck, | E. F. Sherman.
Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurance on Dwelling, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment has been made for the last two years, and the present cash capital is $100,000. The Stock Department has a cash capital of $112,278.34. The attention of owners of property is called to the fact that the rates are particularly invited. A dividend is paid on policies expiring, and a return of 40 per cent. premium, with a substantial cash surplus.

SCRIP DIVIDEND. The cash assets are over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, manufactories and other property insured on favorable terms. Losses promptly paid. Office in the Counting Room of the Corporation, Merrimack Street.

C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. my22

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles readily.
It burns up clearest.
It burns long.
It burns in less quantity.
It makes no clinkers.
Than any other free burning coal. And the largest stock in town for sale by
HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 18 Prescott st.
mar14dif

"BUT SEE AND TELL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continue to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Blood and Liver Complaints; Humors, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Headache, Piles, Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. Also, for all female complaints, and as a blood purifier, they have no equal. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction, or the money will be refunded. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

Orders promptly attended to by addressing DR. J. C. LANGLEY & CO., Boston.

S. KIMBALL, Jr., agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

mar20tf

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HOSTETTER'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IS IN UNIVERSAL USE FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT GROWTH OF HAIR,

AND THAT PRODUCES

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR.

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

IT IS A BANE CHANCE FOR GOOD BARGAINS

WALTHAM, Mass., Jan. 25, 1859.

Messrs. W. E. Hagar & Co.:

Gents: I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S "Inimitable Hair Restorative" for the last year, and with satisfaction and success. I have tried various Hair Restoratives, but have found none to equal it. I have sold a bottle to a man who was entirely bald for 20 years or more, and he in 3 weeks time had a fine growth of hair. Several ladies have used it for the hair, and say it is the best they ever used. I have also used it myself, and can say that you are fighting for the right, that you are not fighting to exterminate anybody, only to exterminate sentiments, and although your martial tread I trust will be victorious only, however, to exterminate rebellion and treason, your hands will ever be extended to relieve the defenceless, and to cheerfulest liberty and the order that has blessed all our days until this moment.—May God guard you on the right. My heart, my prayers will go with you. [Applause.]

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Rev. Mr. Clark closed the speaking with

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by or by FIRE, on existing Buildings in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Folleys issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000

DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, | Josiah G. Abbott,
Stephen Crowell, | Asa Gove,
Arthur F. Bonney, | Walter Wright,
Daniel Saunders, | Isaac H. Tucker,
Edmund Morse, | Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown. | Boston.
Alonzo A. Miner, | Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin F. Butler, | Lester M. Clark,
Lowell.
Andrew P. Dennison,
Boston.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 604 Office Building, Merrimack Street.
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 27, 1860. 6m

ETNA insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$300,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Financial.
Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Office in Merrimack Chambers, for one or five years.

NO ASSESSMENTS IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
Jr., 19 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'CE CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
APR 8, 1861. ly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and
Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 84 100 per cent.

Policies issued on all the approved plans, combining cheapness, safety and profit. Insurance effected in sums ranging from $500 to $5000, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. mar14d3m

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years in the hands of the proprietor, and is Compounded from Oil of Cod Liver, Wild Cherry, Hoarhound, Elecampane, Blood Root, Squills, Lobelia, Ipecac, Antimonial Wine, Paregoric, Chloroform, Alcohol, Sugar, Molasses, &c., and is confidently recommended as a safe and speedy remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Chest and Lungs. Many of the above ingredients are used and combined Coughs, they give the most immediate relief, and in Consumption, Asthma, and Bronchitis, they allay the irritation, and by their healing qualities, soothe the afflictive symptoms, these Wafers produce a free expectoration, and by their combination with other ingredients, they act directly upon the Cough and other symptoms, and entirely remove that morbid irritation which is the cause of the disease, and give rise to the complaints. The medical properties of these Wafers are such that they may be taken by persons of the most delicate constitution, with perfect safety, and they are warranted in giving relief in ten minutes after one is taken.

Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.

☞ Coughs, the common changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, proving that simple remedies often act speedily and effectually when taken in the early stages of the disease, recommend should at once be had to "Dr. Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers." Don't let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, but attend to it at once, for serious attack may be effectually warded off.—PEARL'S Pulmonic Wafers will give instant effects in free clearing and strengthening the voice for Singers and Speakers.

TO THE FAMILIES OF VOLUNTEERS.

JAMES H. PEABODY

Will supply the families of Volunteers any goods free at cost to the families of the Volunteers.

April 24, 1861. 61mos

MARRIAGES.

In South Berwick, Me., May 13th, by Rev. E. P. Allen, Mr. Alonzo F. Moore, of Lowell, to Miss Ellen M. Goodwin, of South Berwick.

In Lancaster, May 14th, Mrs. Isaiah Sawyer, aged 84 years, 6 months and 14 days.

In Lancaster, May 14th, Mrs. Sarah A. Fiske, aged 39 years, 11 months and 14 days.

In Lancaster, May 14th, Mrs. Hannah L. Sawyer, aged 39 years, 11 months and 14 days.

In Lanc

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Inland Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Pond, $6.00
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 4.00
" " " Newport, 4.00
" " " Stanstead, 3.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the **Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,** 182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

apr1 jm26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly incorporated, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as the shuttle or chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach. ine in market, to the frequent change from one to ending variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to twenty-five thicknesses of Massailles without stopping, and make ever y stitch perfect. They will sew as well from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not much a machine is required to family use! and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing the manufacturer? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our Manufacturing.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam and the strongest seam, which is a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in construction, and requires less adjustment.

The separate parts of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the FAIRS in Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Massachusetts, in 1860.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premia for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the North-west Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—I sell these Machines on the SAME terms generally, wherever properly established in competition with other first-class sewing machines. But, we have space for only SOME FACT more; it is the most important fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen one; but to them, Hereafter, the exact inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, is, viz.: What are the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the FINKLE & LYON Sewing Machine? To this inquiry we offer the above explicit and undeniable Factsas Facts of fact—Reasons for reasons such, by mere reference to certain kinds of goods, our friends, who may be receiving themselves of certain personal obligations, but Facts demonstrated by the experience of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, of manufacturers.

That company having determined to meet the times, have come down to the price last established Machines, and have furnished them with all the recent improvements, including the best hemmer, always ex., to be found anywhere.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Cushman Block, Merrimack Street.

January 3, 1861 ms53tf

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD and COAL, both by the LOW-EST CASH rates. All orders will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. ms68tf

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT — OLD RELIABLE — THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, or Inflammatory Disease. All who have used the Liniment, *Wonderful Relief!* Where *Great Suffering!* Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that in what we say I am

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, 37, Dragon, and Chemical Warehouse, Merchants' Row, Boston. Retail by SAMUEL CLARK & SHERWOOD, 184, Washington, Boston. Retail by HOWARD & CO., Concord, and by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 12, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston. ms53tf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

THE Golden Salve now for sale at 9 Merrimack Street, is the greatest cure of the world's healing art before the public. It is so long, so as to say, it is everything

It encourages bruises and putrifying sores. It causes the cuticle and flesh to grow together. It draws the crying of the wounded together.

It stops the cold sweat off from his crutch, when bowed with rheumatism.

It relieves the drudger mother when her head is broken.

It dissolves as it cures the scale of the scaldy head.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It is the only remedy for the pitted and pimpled.

It is certainly quick in its cures.

It fights against tetters and cancers.

It relieves and destroys inflammations, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

The remedy may be cured if you will hearken. Have eyes you may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of your pains and children.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For chaffing it beats another use it.

For sore and swelled feet use it.

For sore eyes use it.

For stiff joints and backs use it.

Every where it goes, in cold, wet, hot, wet, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. Its unbounded, suffering flesh rejoices in hope while the **Golden Salve** is being applied.

All its works speak in praises. It has the highest testimonials from the Governor of the State, and the highest authorities of the press, merchants, manufacturers, and the medical profession, and men and women of all ranks and circumstances. And last but not least, it will cure sore toes as soon scratches on horses, and will not leave a scar in any kind. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE. Sold by J. P. WHITTEN, 9 Merrimack Street, Lowell. Agents in all towns in Middlesex county. Also, agents wanted in every county, state, and country. Address J. P. WHITTEN, 17 Central st.

Lowell, Aug. 6, 1860. ms32tf

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of clear, boxed Lydia Rankin "FILLIGNS—the best kind in the market, for Hosiery, Bi-lized Boots, &c. Please call and examine at 65 Merrimack street.

TOY BOOKS for the children. Dominoes, Chess Men, Playing cards, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Wallets, Pens, Ink, &c. &c. Sold cheap by S. S. HUNT, 17 Central Street.

A Chance for Bargains!

BEING about to remove from my 34 stand to No. 27 Merrimack street, I will sell for a short time my stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, and PERIODICALS, at a great reduction.

JOSHUA GREELL.

No. 34 Merrimack street.

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S corner Hat Store.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by I. MERRILL, No. 22 Merrimack street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 26 Merrimack street. ms47tf

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the many years it has been used for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It should not be taken in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It should not be taken by females who are *pregnant* as it will produce miscarriage, but at any other time it is safe.

It is a great relief to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family, when from circumstances incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within months *within the past month*, *only a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case—

IT IS put up in three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE:—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies have failed, and therefore from its power should not be taken by females who are pregnant, as it will be refunded.*

BEWARE of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature, and both MEN and WOMEN are regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.

Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent to any Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States, Canada, or Europe.

Patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet Retreat, will find it pleasant and retained to health.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when more scamsters be physicians, without any knowledge of the science, it is necessary for persons to be too careful to whom they apply, before at least making some enquiry, especially as to whether to those who make the *greatest professions*. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are *impostors*, and if you allow yourself to be operated upon by their ignorance, you go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. If Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing three stamps to above address, a Letter of Advice OF WOMEN, and in *Private Diseases* generally, filled in complete with full information, and *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, which cannot be surpassed by this or any other Institution in the country.

Dr. M. suggests 25 cents per box. Prepared only by C. F. MATTISON, M. D., and Mass. Graduate, and Member of many Medical Societies.

The Boston testimonials supplied at short notice by a line of two stamps.

apr27 3m

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England Market. A superior Hard Coal Grate Coal—Coal for evaporating it by Pliny Fisk, Philadelphia, and sold by BENNETT & DOLLOFF, Boston, and Merrimack streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL—equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Also, a superior kind of Coals of the best qualities, Hard and soft Wood at the low cash prices.

N. B.—Work sawed and split at short notice. Saw-dust Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at G. I. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office Building. aug24tf

PAPER HANGINGS!

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THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Incorporated Jan. 7, 1845. $187,258.59
Dividends paid to them, 2,425,903.51
Losses paid, 2,613,903.51

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, and has been conducted solely for the members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulations fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the members, and the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers **unusual security** and advantages.

It possesses over **$3,000,000** security.

Its investments are in **Fir t Bonds** and **Mortgages on Real Estate**, worth double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get **all the profits.**

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively in the **insurance of Lives.**

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is **prompt in the payment of losses.**

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, and Charges only annual, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for life, if over $50, are allowed to be paid one half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent per annum. The interest is supposed to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums yearly, receive a dividend each year, and those who pay for a term of years, receive a dividend at the end of every year, and those who pay for the whole term, receive their dividend in time of need. *It is perhaps unnecessary to say that this Company is entirely reliable.*

Take note but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. From 25 cents per bottle.

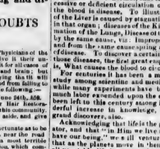
Prepared only by **CHURCH & DUPONT,** No. 639 Broadway, New York

And sold by them, and by Druggists generally.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.



The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and so as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.,	Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

and

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in reams to be cut to order.*

Z. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MOTHERS!

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every mother and nurse, that the first and most important cause of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of the stomach and bowels, which is always present in your mouth for the administration of the following valuable remedy.

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during his extensive practice, we know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of infants. We have used it in our own families and in numerous cases in our practice, and have the satisfaction of recommending it to the public as a most valuable remedy.

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life when your children are suffering from the many ailments and sufferings of infancy, this cause it will be found invaluable in *Relieving the Pain, Griping in the Bowels, Wind in the Stomach, Sickness, Vomiting, Sour Curds, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Wind Colic, Flatulency, Loss of Sleep, Fever, Inflammation of the Brain, Convulsions, Worms in the Head, &c.* and confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in all the above cases, and in fact, it will invigorate and regulate the stomach and bowels, and no impurities in the system can exist where it is used.

In Convulsions,

from which most infants are said to die than from any other disease, we have found it to relieve unfailingly, and by magic; and in this crowd community, where quackery and humbug are so prevalent, we feel that we are rendering a service to the public in calling your attention to the fact that the name of **Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial** is a guarantee of its genuineness. We now ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to you, and one which we are confident will. **Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial** contains

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or whatever name, for a fact which we are fully warranted in stating cannot be said of any other preparation of the kind offered, at the time for the public. We feel that throughout the length and breadth of our community, the name of Dr. Eaton and his well known character for veracity which are certain to result from the use of so valuable a remedy as the Infantile Cordial, are the most unanswerable being invariably followed by the most unbounded confidence in the statements of parents & Guardians. Hereon **Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial** is offered to the public at every other variety. 17

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibility of the nerves, but by gently toning the digestive machine quickens, by removing all pain and cause of disease, and by its soothing influence, therefore in less time than in procuring a bottle, that the infant will be seen to smile, which will never cease until the nerves your child in time of need. *It is perfectly harmless, and can be administered with safety to infants of a few days old.*

Take note but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. From 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by **CHURCH & DUPONT,** No. 639 Broadway, New York

And sold by them, and by Druggists generally.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Arthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Throat and Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers find them useful in clearing the voice before and during the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, 37, corner of Merrimack and Dock streets. 30614

HAM'S INTEGRATING SPIRIT

is sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

THOSE

$10 SEWING MACHINES.

EVERYBODY needs one of those little wonders. For $10 you can buy a strong, serviceable machine of some kind? In this machine, Howe's A. T. Stitch, you have the highest degree of good quality of any and all machines ever before offered, and at a price which places it immeasurably over all the others on account of its simplicity.

N. C. CARTER, Agent.

feb8 17 Central street.

Coal and Wood.

HARD and Soft Coals, Summer Coal, &c. Also, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and SAND, for masons' use, at wholesale and retail. Also, SAW WOOD, all of the best quality, &c.

WM. H. MIDDLE STREET.

Having adv arrangements with shippers to supply the above direct from vessels, we can offer to the trade *the most unbiased references and testimonials*, which cannot be surpassed by this or any other firm. Terms cash. Yard—Opening of ANY CONFLUENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only RUPTARY physician in Europe or America, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and he gives the very best references and certificates, with a BE HONESTY and his SKILL. If he cure ALL cases, LET HIM DO THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

Aug 23, 1860. aug23tf

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of clear, boxed Lydia Rankin "FILLIGNS—the best kind in the market, for Hosiery, Bi-lized Boots, &c. Please call and examine at 65 Merrimack street.

TOY BOOKS for the children. Dominoes, Chess Men, Playing cards, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Wallets, Pens, Ink, &c. &c. Sold cheap by S. S. HUNT, 17 Central Street.

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JOSHUA GREELL.

No. 34 Merrimack street.

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S corner Hat Store.

NEW STORE.

A NEW STORE opened at Pawtucket Corner, by I. MERRILL, No. 22 Merrimack street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 26 Merrimack street. ms47tf

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest standing, as well as many others in the unsolicited assertion, and recommend it for all cases of coughing, colds, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. All who have used it, unite in testifying that it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling in old age, as well as restore. Read the following:—

Oak Grove, S. C., June 24th, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Your Hair Restorative Dye is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to use it myself, and also on your Hair Restorative a perfect test.

Your Hair Dye I find to be unfortunate as to be shown from your Hair Restorative, as it takes out the hair, from which my head received a most terrible blow; causing a great deal of irritation, which soon manifested to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was entirely destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From this time I first discovered the dreadful effects of the use of the time of his total disappearance. I employed every physician of note in the city, and numerous quacks myself, and as I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but was finally detained in every prescription addressed.

Those and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have in every reason to believe, produces very happy results. Having used about one bottle of the Restorative, my head is almost covered with hair, on which I cordially give you my most sincere thanks. Should any of my friends or acquaintances be put out by all inquirers; myself, I shall use my influence in favor of your Restorative. You can publish this if you think proper.

Yours, very respectfully,

R. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office at the Jefferson House, Va.

Dec. 12th, 1859.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty to inform you of what to state to you in a few words circumstance, which can see as you think proper. A gentleman of this place, by the name of Mr. Wm. Hall, has used your Hair Restorative, which has now a handsome head of hair. The gentleman was completely in ruins a few months ago, and was considered by the faculty as a confirmed consumption. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, and the Hair Restorative, and is now in a good deal of your Hair Restorative in this and adjoining counties. Yours &c.,

THOMPSON BURDINE.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir—Permit me to say that the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color, after it had all fallen off and turned gray, by the use of your Hair Restorative, I can never repay. I can only say that I am willing to do all in my power to make it known to the world. Your Restorative is a valuable one. I consider it the best article for the hair in use. Yours truly,

S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes; large, medium, and small; the small holds 12 ozs.; the medium, 16 ozs., and the large 24 ozs. Seven bottles at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, and the large bottle is cheaper, the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion than the small bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner of Merrimack and Middle streets, and by S. KIDDER, 37, Dragon, and Chemical Warehouse, Merchants' Row, Boston, and sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. 30614

PURE LIQUORS FOR PRIVATE USE AND WINES MEDICAL PURPOSES.

WE refer to the country trade and consumers, as a complete assortment of every variety of LIQUORS, WINES, &c., and we can say that our experience of more than FORTY YEARS in the importing business is not only a sufficient guarantee for the Purity of our Goods, but that it enables us to offer advantages to buyers that cannot be excelled by any other house in Boston. Owing to the difficulty of procuring, in these towns, a strictly pure and reliable article of *Liquors and Wines for medicinal and other purposes*, we have for many years given special attention to filling orders for PRIVATE USE, and our customers will find it greatly to their advantage to send their orders to us.

Orders by mail or express, from any part of the country, will be carefully filled, and forwarded with dispatch.

Address

C. F. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 45 Commercial Wharf, Boston.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., WEBER & HEILBRON, and PRESCOTT & CO., Agents, Boston.

Messrs. WOOD, HUNNEWELL & CO., Agents, New York.

Messrs. FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., Agents, Philadelphia.

Messrs. KINSEY & KINSEY, Agents, Baltimore.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Concord.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Lowell.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Nashua.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Manchester.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Portsmouth.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Dover.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Exeter.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Great Falls.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Somersworth.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Rochester.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Biddeford.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Saco.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Portland.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Bangor.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Augusta.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Gardiner.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Hallowell.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Bath.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Brunswick.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Lewiston.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Auburn.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Waterville.

Messrs. HOWARD & CO., Agents, Skowhegan

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, May 22, 1861.

EVERY effort is made to conceal from the people and troops in Virginia the real state of things at the North, and to inflame their passions by the assurance that Northern troops are actuated by promises of plunder and rapine. There is not one print in all the South that, in speaking of the movements at the North to suppress the Southern rebellion, has not in every paragraph misrepresented the facts. Every statement as to the real condition of the people here, the position of the volunteer troops and their officers, the financial condition of the country, the object of the General Government, and its means to operate against them, have been most extravagantly misrepresented. The object we suppose to be to keep up the ceaseless hate of the Southern soldiers against the North, and from what we learn we judge that they universally believe that the Northern soldiers are really the lowest, most degraded, and insignificant class of men that could be brought together in Christendom—that they are hired and forced into the service, when poverty does not compel them to join the army to save themselves from starvation. Some regret that Southern "gentlemen" are to be met by such a despicable foe, instead of men worthy of their sword. Now, there must be, at some future time, a waking up at the South, on this point; for in the end it will come out that the designs of the Government are simply to maintain itself, and that the loyal North is really a most formidable enemy with which to contend. We do not boast of superiority, but if the South does not find itself met by men equal to its own, then we are mistaken in the character of our people; and if those who have so systematically and studiously misrepresented us, are not punished for their great crime against us and against their own friends, then we are also mistaken in human nature.

DISPATCHES SEIZED BY GOVERNMENT. We announced briefly, yesterday, it at the General Government had taken possession of some of the principal telegraph offices in the country, and that all the dispatches that have passed over the wires for twelve months passed had been seized. The report is confirmed by the receipt of New York papers. The object of the seizure was to discover, if possible, any evidence of treasonable correspondence between parties at the North and Southern rebels. All the dispatches received at each office are preserved for three years, so that it was not difficult for government to gain possession of the original copy of every dispatch that has been sent over the wires during that time.

In New York city, says the *Tribune*, the dispatches in the hands of the Federal officers amount to many thousands, and include information in regard to the movement of arms, ammunition and equipments, purchase and outfit of vessels, diplomatic and financial arrangements, the negotiations of rebel loans, the purchase and shipment of army and navy officers, the secret plans for dividing the people of the North, the progressive operations of Government toward suppressing the rebellion, and every other imaginable species of testimony which the "Pirates of the Gulf" would wish kept secret.

CALIFORNIA. By the arrival of the Pony Express, we have California news to May 11th. A monster Union meeting was held in San Francisco the day the Express left. Speeches were made by Senators Latham and McDougal, and General Sumner, Shields and others, in favor of sustaining the Administration. Resolutions were adopted that secession should be put down and the Union preserved, at an immense procession, composed of all political parties, paraded the streets.

The general news in San Francisco is that matters in the East have reached such a pass that a terrible civil war was inevitable, and that it ought not to be shrunk from. An enthusiasm of the masses for the Union, and the formation of Union Clubs throughout the State, are a complete check on the utterance of secession sentiments.

The Douglas State Committee will call a State Convention for the Fourth of July. Their resolutions will support the Union and the Laws for their platform.

Reports from Oregon state that the people of Portland are in a blaze of patriotic excitement. The papers publish a call for a mass meeting, to be held on the 4th of May, of all citizens desirous of sustaining the National Government, and who are determined that the National flag shall not trail in the dust.

In the legislature, yesterday, the committee to whom the petition of the Mayor of Lowell for aid to build a suitable monument to the memory of the Lowell soldiers who were killed by the mob in Baltimore, reported, referring the matter to the next legislature on the ground that it would not be compatible with the intent of the House in relation to the business of the extra session. That we are inclined to believe; and if the House had thought of the specific object of the extra session it would not have undertaken to "blarney" any class of our citizens by at this time disposing of the two year's embodiment act" so unceremoniously.

COL. JOHN JONES, a well known and highly respected citizen of Weston, Mass., was almost instantly killed on Saturday noon, under the following circumstances. He was engaged in moving a heavy stone in a ditch near his house, when the iron bar sprung back, struck Mr. Jones in the temple, inflicting a wound causing death immediately. He was about 55 years of age.

TELEGRAPHIC.

The following telegram was received at this Office from Boston this P. M:

The steamer Pembroke, sailed at 11:25 this forenoon, from Commercial Wharf, with the Richardson Light Infantry, Capt. Davis, amidst the stunning cheers of the crowd for the Infantry and the city of Lowell.

The reported battle between the Montecello and the rebel vessels at the mouth of the Chesapeake is fully confirmed. The former had three men killed and five wounded.

WAR ITEMS.

Col. Colt's regiment of revolving rifles is now full, fifteen companies having offered themselves. The men have very good accommodations for sleeping and eating at Colt's meadows, near Hartford, Conn.

Senator Foote, of Vermont, tenders to the government ten regiments of Green Mountain boys.

The raid into Indiana by secessionists is pronounced a hoax.

The Second New York Regiment passed through Baltimore yesterday, and was loudly cheered by the citizens' along the route of March.

According to reports now Montgomery has not been and is not at present in Texas.

On the 9th he was at home in Kansas.

Virginia. It is proposed and expected that the general convention of Western Virginia will be attended by delegates from the counties east of the mountains, and a policy will be proposed of forming a provisional government for the whole State, electing a Governor and other State officers, the authorities at Richmond having proved that the legitimate powers, and become rebels and traitors. The proposed State, it is has been named, will be called New Virginia.

The Herald says that Col. Ruggles, commanding the rebel forces at Fredericksburg, has issued a general order, stating that troops are only called out to defend the rights, firesides and families from the aggressions of tayrant. He cannot allude to the Gen-ral Government, because it simply proposes to protect those who are not to protect themselves.

It is reported that there is great dissatisfaction among the troops at Harper's Ferry, in consequence of the existence of several parties, some of whom favor the annexation of Virginia to the Confederate States, and others her separate independence, and still others who are unconditional Unionists. Each of the last two classes referred to, take the oath of allegiance to the Confederate States.

Ex-Gov. Floyd has received a General's commission in the rebel army, and is raising a regiment in Virginia. Some except excellent military mage, made for Gov. Letcher and on the way to him, have been captured by the Government.

The *Richmond Dispatch* is getting impatient. It says: "This very moment we could be encamped on the Potomac, and on the heights of Arlington, and the bayonets of our legions on the Long Bridge. But we should pass over our dead heads without witnessing the capture of Scott and Lincoln, and leading them in triumph through the streets of Richmond.

The brig Bainbridge left Charlestown yesterday, and has gone into the service of Uncle Sam. The Mississippi, South Carolina and Massachusetts, it is thought will speedily by the last of next week.

Maj. Ben. Parley Poor, of the celebrated "Savages," has entered the service of the Government in the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment.

The *New York Commercial* states positively that both the French and English ministers at Washington, heartily approve of the course of the Government in its efforts to put down the rebellion.

The expenditures of Massachusetts on the war account, up to last Saturday night, amounted to about $335,000. The State Treasurer has thus far borrowed of the different banks $700,000.

Ex-Gov. Haile of New Hampshire, has tendered himself as a volunteer in a company forming in Hinsdale.

The *New York Herald* says D. H. Todd, of New Orleans, brother of Mrs. President Lincoln, has been appointed a first lieutenant in the army of the Confederates.

The Massachusetts Rifle Regiment is to be taken to Fort Monroe, to which place it will be proceed at once.

Two of Col. Ellsworth's Zouaves crossed over to Alexandria on Monday night, and, eluding the vigilance of the sentries, cut down a secession flag there and returned home.

The Postmaster General yesterday ordered the stoppage of all steamship mails to the coast, and all steamboat mails on the rivers having any connection with the rebel States. The service has been an expense of $600,000 annually.

Secretary Cobb has submitted the oath of allegiance to the employees in his department yesterday. Sixteen men refused to take the oath in the Sixth Auditor's office, and there were several in other bureaus who refused, and all were discharged.

Gen. Scott's health is good, maugre reports to the contrary. He is discharging the duties of his office daily and nightly.

A gentleman just arrived from Junction, Miss., says two regiments from Mississippi and one from Arkansas left Lynchburg on the way to the North. He also says the design of attacking and capturing Fort Monroe is openly talked of at Richmond. He says that the machinery from Harper's Ferry has been put up in workshops in Richmond, and that in a few days they will be making muskets there the same as those made in Harper's Ferry. He says the subjetre caves of Alabama are now being worked.

A reliable Union man has just arrived from Harper's Ferry. He arrived here from Winchester on Monday night. He saw five hundred more troops arriving yesterday morning, three hundred of whom were Indians, fully equipped. Heavy guards are thrown out regularly as far from Harper's Ferry as Osawatamie Brown's school house, about two miles from the Ferry.

The first New Hampshire Regiment leaves Concord for Washington on Saturday.

The blockade is working admirably, and will soon work better still.

Yesterday, afternoon two companies under Major McLane went to Baltimore, and proceeded to an unoccupied house near Green Mount Cemetery, and seized 1000 muskets, marked "Virginia muskets," and thirty-four boxes, containing 4000 pikes, marked "from Dunnead's." The whole made twenty-six dray loads. They were all taken to Fort McHenry. The arms had been in the custody of the city authorities.

There is a cloud gathering in the direction of Fort Pickens. Gen. Bragg stated on the 10th instant that he was ready to begin the attack. He is also reported to have said that the conflict will cost him 3000 men. Before Pickens, there are fifteen batteries erected, or in the course of erection, and the soldiers were engaged in planting mortars. Major Ben McCulloch, of Texas is there, and will remain until after the fight. Gen. Bragg's command numbers 10,000 men.

CHARACTER OF THE DRILLS AT WASHINGTON. A correspondent of the *Salem Gazette*, who is attached to the Fifth Massachusetts Regiment, sketches some of the features of the drill practice to which the soldiers have to become acquainted. He says:

The Fifth Massachusetts Regiment is the hardest working regiment here. Our Massachusetts officers are severe under Lieut. Colonel J. Darrell Greene (who by the way is the smartest and most efficient officer I have seen.) If you could see us jump ditches, ford duck ponds, and charge up hill sides, you could but laugh outright. It would seem almost to be impossibility for a man to get out alive who should stumble in the ranks when we made a charge upon these knights; but all came out right side up.

To give you an illustration of our drills, I will take yesterday's, which is a correct idea of what we have every day. Our regiment started from quarters at 3 1-2 o'clock, marched about two miles, through dust and heat, and then halted. The regiment was divided — the right wing under Major Keyes, the left wing under Captain Perkins, son of Company B—he being detailed as Major, all under the direction of our Lieut. Col. Our leader is very positive directions, to meet on a high hill about a mile distant; the wings to march by the flank, and occupy the heights as soon as possible. I know Col. Greene was with us, for we had to cross some brushy and thicket filled with water, without regard to shoes or boots or clothes, and double quick at that.

We arrived at the foot of the hill. The order then was to charge up to the top,—this is about the severest hill I ever saw. When we arrived at the top we were nearly dead. We were the left wing at the other side of the hill in the road. They passed around the brow of the hill, and made a charge in deep order, with yells, as they came forward a line of battle, and such another uncouth place you never saw. The left wing of our regiment were some thirty feet below the right. A better line never was formed. Then came the order to advance in line of battle, and we did advance—the two right companies flanking off to clear obstacles, such as fences, ditches, &c.

We have also practiced in passing defiles, forming squares on the march, advancing by squares, marching by column and right in line with an advance and rear guard of skirmishers. It is very pretty fun to go into three days' camps at home, but the duty here is no boy's play. The company drills in the morning are superintended by the Field Officer. The companies improve rapidly under their instruction and tuition.

THE BOMBARDING AT SEWALL'S POINT. On Saturday afternoon, at Sewall's Point, Hampton Roads, at the mouth of Elizabeth River, were witnessed the first offensive operations on the part of the United States in this war. The battery here is the eighth and last of the important works which do the fortifying of Sewall's Point, and now in the hands of the secessionists. The erection of the work at Sewall's Point is of the greatest importance as a defensive as an offensive work, operating on that part of the Hampton Roads relative to Norfolk. How important this is will be seen from the fact that there are now twenty pieces, eighteen inches bored, under the guns of the blockading squadron, nearly all taken from the navy yard at Norfolk. Among them is one British bark, cargo valued at one hundred and sixty thousand dollars; also an American bark.

The United States steamer Star (late Monticello) at noon commenced cannonading the new work. She fired shell with ten-inch gun, which burst with effect—Captain Ward, in the steamer Freeborn, was immediately sent to aid the Star. The Freeborn armed with thirty-two pound shot; she fired fifteen rounds. The effect was terrific; two columbiads on the battery were speedily disabled, while the men, some fifty in number, scattered in every direction. In a moment they rallied near the battery, when a shell was sent after them; it struck the ground some twenty feet in front, glanced and passed through the crowd, and they all took to the woods. A few more shots smashed the battery, which the enemy considered a good one, into atoms. They think none were killed at the battery. When the steamer left, no one could be seen.

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TRY YOUR GUNS. The Boston *Atlas and Bee* states that a company of volunteers, in testing the new rifle muskets at target practice, found very serious difficulties in their use—the cartridges and balls being so imperfectly made, that nothing reliable could be done with them. No gun should be taken to the field, nor any balls or cartridges, until their qualification for active service has been fully proved.—Try your guns.

CITY AND VICINITY.

A PATRIOTIC MOVEMENT AMONG OUR BANKS. It will be recollected that Congress last winter authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to raise a loan of $14,000,000, for two years, at par, at 6 per cent., payable semi-annually, and in case he could not raise the loan, to issue Treasury Notes for the amount. An effort is being made to take $5,000,000 of the loan in New England, which will without doubt be successful. At a meeting of the officers of our different Banks, held last Saturday evening, it was unanimously voted that the Banks of our city would take a portion of the loan, equal to 5 per cent. of their capital, which will be divided as follows:

Railroad Bank,	$30,000
Address "	10,000
Lowell, "	10,000
Prescott, "	10,000
Merchants' "	7,500
Wamesit, "	7,500
	$75,000

It is probable that enough more will be taken by parties in Lowell to carry the amount up to $200,000 which will be something toward helping sustain the Government in a pecuniary point of view.—The confidence shown by our people in voluntarily taking the loan at par, will do much toward showing the unwavering confidence of monetary institutions and capitalists in the government, and will help its credit abroad. How different from the action of the Southern Confederacy, which has truly earned for it the name of Confederacy, which Artemas Ward applies to it.

THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY.—This company on arriving in Boston, were received at the depot by a battalion of the First Regiment, under command of Capt. Snow. It was escorted to the Eastern depot and there drawn up in line, while the ceremony of mustering the members into Uncle Sam's service was being performed. The officers and soldiers filled with wine, one in number, first answered to their names and then, with heads uncovered, took the solemn oath of allegiance to their country, which was administered by a large crowd of people. By request of the company, the oath of allegiance was administered by George F. Richardson, Esq., of this city.

This company is deservedly complimented in Boston. To Mr. Richardson, it is well known in Lowell, more than to any one else, does the credit of getting it up belong. His interest in it from the start has been unflagging, and he has spent his time and his money liberally in advancing its prosperity. I gon, says a friend, and believe, with every advantage that thorough preparation and equipment can give it, and we shall undoubtedly hear of gallant behavior on its part when the "tug of war" between our troops and those in rebellion actually comes, in the character of a conflict of arms.

MACFARLAND'S THEATRE. This company opened at Huntington Hall last evening. The audience was not a very large one, but those present were especially gratified with the performance of Miss Mary Mrs. Walter is an accomplished actress, and cannot but be a favorite while she remains among us. This evening she appears in the character of Lucy Ashton, in *Hunchback*. The part of Master Walter will be taken by Mr. E. Thompson and Miss Rachel Johnson, assisted by the whole company.

The audience were astonished last evening by the appearance of the genial face of Gregy to fill a part. We learn that he is expected to take a part this evening. Let the house be crowded, that our citizens may show their appreciation of true merit, and encourage one who has been so much expense to give us good entertainments—something really exciting all dramatic representations heretofore presented in Lowell. The Dashing Rides, Capt. James, will be in attendance this evening.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION. The first exhibition of the season of the Lowell Horticultural Society takes place at Mechanics' Hall this afternoon and evening. We hear that there will be a fine display of flowers, notwithstanding the rather backward season. Solicitors and friends of this Society will please bear in mind the exhibitions. They will well repay all who visit them.

A BOX FOR THE SOLDIERS. A box will be dispatched from Fielding's, No. 99 Central Street, to-morrow, for the Pushaw, who are again, we believe, at the Relay House. The friends of the soldiers of the Sixth Regiment have been presented an opportunity of communicating with them.

In the report of the divorce case, heard, tried and determined before Judge Chapman, at the recent sitting of the Supreme Court, in this city, we omitted to mention, that in the course of the disagreeable testimony Jane Ford, libellee, the Court refused to grant a divorce to said Thomas as prayed for by him.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Susannah Burke, for drunkenness, was fined $1 and costs. The Court is engaged in civil business to-day.

BUTLER RIFLES. We understand that the Governor has consented that this company shall be attached to the Middlesex Regiment, raised in Framingham and vicinity, by Hon. Charles R. Train. This will give them a better chance to be one of the first companies that will hereafter be called into service.

HARPER FOR JUDE. The June number of this favorite of the monthlies has reached our table, from J. Y. Dyer, 35 School Street, Boston. It is a capital number, the reading matter and illustrations being particularly attractive. For sale at B. C. Sargeant's, City Government Building.

GOVERNOR ELLIS has telegraphed to Jeff. Davis that the North Carolina Legislature has passed the ordinance of secession unanimously.

ELECTION IN THE SIXTH REGIMENT. An election was held for Lieut. Colonel of the Sixth one day last week to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Walter Shattuck, when Maj. Benj. F. Watson, of Lawrence, was elected Lieutenant Colonel. Capt. Josiah A. Sawtell, of Co. A, (National Grays) of Lowell, was elected Major, vice Watson promoted. We think that the election of Major Sawtell is one eminently fit to be made, and that he will do honor to himself and to all advantage to the country in the new position to which he has been appointed.

An election was held by Co. A, (National Grays) to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Capt. Sawtell, when Sergeant George M. Dickerman was elected Captain receiving 35 votes to 7 for First Lieutenant A. J. Johnson and 6 for Second Lieutenant A. C. Wright.

MAJ. GEN. BUTLER'S *staff*. Some of our exchanges announce that Major General Butler has decided to appoint upon his new staff, Capt. R. S. Fay, of Boston, who has achieved so many successes of late—and his nephew, Lieut. George H. Butler, of California, who recently attached to the regular service. Most, if not all of the other members of the staff will be experienced officers of the regular army. Mr. Fay, being exempt by age from civil life, will be Gen. Butler's military secretary. Lieut. G. H. Butler was one of Col. Lander's exploring and wagon road party, and has proved himself a gallant young man.

LEGISLATIVE. Senate. Yesterday the bill in aid of the families of volunteers was amended and ordered to be engrossed on the motion of Mr. Bowers. The article of amendment to the Constitution in relation to the qualification of voters, was passed 30 to 5. The bill in relation to the appointment of notaries was laid on the table. The bill authorizing the formation of a Home Guard was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

In the House, the Joint Special Committee reported a bill in addition to the act for the maintenance of the Union and the Constitution, which was ordered to be engrossed under a suspension of the rules. The House accepted the report of the committee that it is inexpedient at the present time to legislate on the subject of aiding the city of Lowell in the erection of a monument to those that fell at Baltimore. The resolves concerning the present circuits were discussed and ordered to be engrossed. The Senate amendment to the one year amendment was non-concurred in and a Committee of Conference appointed. The bill withholding certain aid from the people of the so-called seceding States was amended by striking out a proviso and ordered to be engrossed. The bill in aid of the families of volunteers considered. The discussion and received several amendments and was then ordered to a third reading.

"We learn from the best authority," says the *New York Post*, "that it is the opinion of our chief military men at Washington, that the Southern rebels are half beaten already, and that Gen. Beauregard does not dare or regrets his present position. A letter from him is to that effect." This may be well to talk, but it should not be believed. There is to be a desperate struggle on the part of the secession traitor leaders. They are doomed men, and will fight with desperation, or ignominiously flee the country to escape the punishment that awaits them.

NEWSPAPERS. The *Provincetown Banner* is to be discontinued. It is not well supported, though a good paper. If these times continue, there will be many other papers following in its footsteps. There is perhaps no business that suffers so much from the disturbed state of the country, as printing and publishing, notwithstanding the public generally, as the printers can make "heaps" of money.

WAS THERE AN ATTEMPTED REVOLT ON BOARD THE FEDERAL FLEET? A letter received in this city from a gentleman connected with the medical department of the Florida army, dated Warrington, April 26, the battery were speedily disabled, while the men, some fifty in number, scattered in every direction. In a moment they rallied near the battery, when a shell was sent after them; it struck the ground some twenty feet in front, glanced and passed through the crowd, and they all took to the woods. A few more shots smashed the battery, which the enemy considered a good one, into atoms. They think none were killed at the battery. When the steamer left, no one could be seen.

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WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS SAY OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

EF We, the undersigned, having made use of *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, unhesitatingly say that they are the best medicine for *Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint*, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public, and considerers, that if those who are troubled with any of the above complaints will give them a fair trial, they will not hesitate to acknowledge their beneficial effects.

MRS. HILL, East Troy.
MRS. STEVENS, West Troy.

EF Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.
(6*)† *New*

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received an other large lot of Window Shades and Papers. Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Call and examine at Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reasonable prices. Every carpet to be suited from our assortment can go with us to the CHEAPEST SELECT any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE DAMASK, just received at ADAMS & NORTH'S.

Sold by all the cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Pieces generally. William A. Batchelor, Sole Proprietor, 205 Broadway, New York. Also for sale by Druggists in Lowell, GEORGE OTIS, AGENT, No. 10 Appleton Block, Central Street, Lowell.

Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 8, 1856. 6m18

The Great English Remedy
DR. DARBY'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
Prepared from one of Dr. Darby's Female Prescriptions, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

AMERICAN WOMEN—Avoid the pernicious and dangerous nostrums of Quacks, and use DR. DARBY'S FEMALE PILLS. We assure hundreds of ladies that they are the only remedy with the greatest success. In all cases of Nervousness as Spinal Affection, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases peculiar to the sex, these Pills are unequalled. Forfeiture on slight exception. Full directions in the pamphlet around each box. Sold by all Druggists.

N. B. $1 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent will insure a box containing over 30 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDER & SON, and all Druggists. 3m16dlm

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years the most certain remedy known for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Many of the most astonishing cures have been effected in the most hopeless cases, after the most eminent physicians have given the case up as incurable, while it is not supposed that a single case of Consumption, which has taken the Wafers according to the directions, has ever failed to be cured. In all cases of Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Hoarseness of the throat, a single dose will give relief, and in Coughs, Colds, and Consumption, it is the most speedy remedy ever known, as it will cure the most distressing cough in a few hours, and the most severe cold in a single night. Public Speakers and Singers will find these Wafers invaluable in clearing the voice. See advertisement.

TO THE FAMILIES OF VOLUNTEERS.
JAMES M. PEABODY
will supply all the wants in the dry goods line at cost in addition of the Volunteers.
April 24, 1861. † dlmop

DEATHS.

In Newton Centre, May 12th, Mrs. Izzy Bourne, aged 78 years and 7 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LITHOGRAPHS.

RECEIVED this day fine Lithographic Portraits of General Scott, Gen. Butler, Gen. Wool, Gen. Banks, Col. Scott, Richard Anderson, and President Lincoln. The above are for sale at 25 cts. each, or the set of six without a frame, by B. B. GUDGEON, at the 25 Cent Store, 24 Merrimack Square. Also, a fine lot of Portfolios, Pocket Books, Wallets, Port Monnaies, Cigar Cases, Tobacco Pouches, Pocket Combs, Fine Combs, Dressing Combs, Fine Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Shaving Soap, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Razors, Razor Strops, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Spectacles, Sleeve Buttons, Pens and Pencils

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Inland Ports, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Ports,	$6 50
" " " Charleston,	5 50
" " " Derby,	5 00
" " " Newport,	5 00
" " " Stanstead,	6 00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Offices,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are assisted to call for particular information.

may 22dtf S. H. PISHER, Agent.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

638 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being daily licensed, their machines are protected against the fingerprints of imposters.

Fact No. 2.—Finkle & Lyon Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and one a little more than both are much stronger than the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach ine in market, to the frequent changes of all the various variety of sewing required in a fam ly. They will sew from one to the heaviest trimmings of Merchant tailors without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew over from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, tension, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not only a most valuable machine to family use ? and is BEST adapted to family use, why not for the manufacture? For work too hasty for our Family Machine, we recommend our Manufacturing Machine.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most exact seam known to the public, and is worth a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, as no other will do it.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in construction, as those who examine will understand.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—Finkle & Lyon Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New England Fair, Boston.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the Mechanics Institute, in the City of New York, together with the highest premium at the State fair in Virginia.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest premium and Medal at the Fair in Ohio.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the sewing of a general family, where property is divided, as well as with other first-class sewing machines. We have copies of the testimonials of more than a thousand families, that is the most important fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give perfect satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or money to be funded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines are once quite serviceable to persons who have never seen or heard of them. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, from every quarter part of the civilized world, viz: "What are the peculiarities of the various and numerous claims of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this inquiry we would say in short, that the Finkle & Lyon Machine Company, is the only one that has ever made such a more extensive exhibition of the practical use of Machines, in every variety of family and manufactures.

The company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price last of their excellent Machines, and have furnished them with all an ready appendages, including the best fitments, gauges etc., to be found anywhere — Please call and examine them.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Carlton Block Merrimack Street.

January 3, 1861 ja5dtf

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the low cash prices. All favors will be duly attended with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT. A OLD AND WELL TRIED LINIMENT, PROVEN TO BE A CONQUEROR OF PAIN, THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TILES, HEADACHE, and TOOTHACHE every Disease.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals. The only Pain Reliever by it on Brooklyn, Albany Troy, and Newark City Banks.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. Cures of Neuralgia by J. A. PERLY, Manchester, N. H.; E. B. FOLLIN & CO., Concord, and by dealers everywhere.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 15, 1861 feb18dly

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

THE Golden Salve has won a verdict of honor before the jury of the world and unanimously decrees the issue as it ought to be, an hart.

It overcomes human suffering as no other. It means the born child no longer to dread the fire.

It means the crying of the burned no more, when annoyed by challenge.

It means the removal of iron his cruich, when burned with oil, cautious.

It relieves the desolate mother when her breast is broken.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy headed.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It is a healing for the chafed and crippled.

It is a blessing to the aged.

It fights against fevered sores and cancerous.

It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

Every where it goes, if you will hearken, Sore eyes may be cured if you will but be convinced.

You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For chaffing in warm weather use it.

For sore and tender feet use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For all inflammation, use it.

Every where it goes, south, east, west, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The unwritten golden testimonials in hope within the Golden Salve is being applied.

All its works speak in silence. It has the highest commendations from gentlemen of the press, the pulpit, the bar, the bench, the medical profession, manufacturers, and the whole population of both men and women of all ranks and circumstances. And last but not least, it will cure any sore on man or animal, be it burns, scalds, or any sore or inflammation, and, moreover, it is the GOLDEN SALVE. SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and require a powerful remedy to overcome the inflammation. The world can only be conquered by the Universal Remedy in two or three days.

Sore lips for ages can be cured the Golden Salve.

You can be made free from the burning agony of erysipelas, not from the blackest of aconite, ring worm, or king's evil.

Price only 25 cents per box. Prepared only by C. F. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists at reasonable rates.

Be sure to enclose stamps to cover postage when by mail.

SOMETHING NEW!

Flint Fisk's Family Coal

IS NOW for sale by the subscriber, at the New Coal yard market, A superior RANGE and GRATE Coal—for economy in use is unsurpassed. Also for sale by BENNETT & RIDDLIFF, corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to any in the market. Also other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building promptly attended to.

may6dtm

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE Assortment of Paper Hanging just received by J. MERRILL, No. 37 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

mar30

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effective after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from *any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1, *mild*, for ordinary cases; No. 2, *strong*, for severe cases, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for the Female Complaints, and in other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his Principal Office. Prepared only by DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, 19 Tremont Street, Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated Physician, of light and long practice, giving his *whole attention* to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who wish to board while under treatment.

Dr. Mattison's Office is the largest devoted exclusively to this class of diseases in the world, and he will have no agencies.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address as above, plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.

August 23, 1860. aug23dly

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Programmes, Newspapers, Cards, &c.

Court Dockets, Dray Lists and Constables' Blanks, Printing from Stereotype Plates,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, on white or colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl envelopes and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted for every description of work—in packs and in wards to be cut to order.*

E. F. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the free-use of Alcoholic Stimulants in any form, is the most prolific source of their misery, and in this connection we would present to your notice the pure and time tried Home Germain, a remedy known as

DR. J. C. AYER'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Ayer with remarkable success during several years' practice, we feel confident that it is the best and most reliable remedy ever offered to the public for the relief of Infants and Children. For Diseases attending Teething, such as *Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Sour Stomach, Cholic, Dull Pain in the Head, &c.*, it is a most valuable remedy, as it promptly relieves the child, invariably regulates the stomach and bowels, and by its operation in this respect is of incalculable benefit to

Mothers and Children.

In Convulsions,

from which most infants are said to die from this cause alone, this Cordial will be found a safe and speedy remedy, as if by magic; and in this dread convulsive disease, it is safe to say it has done more than has been recommended from one family to another, until the name of Dr. Ayer's Infantile Cordial has become a household word. We now

Have the Testimony

of thousands of mothers, who have used it in their families, to the extent of many bottles each, to prove to the world that it is the most valuable remedy ever offered to the public for the relief of Infants and Children.

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life when your anxious hearts are put to the test, and your feelings of regret and sorrow are almost overwhelming, this Cordial will be found a most valuable remedy, and one that alone will convince you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. Be sure to procure the genuine.

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Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere.

aug 25 eod&w1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$1,812,558 76
Dividends paid to date,	1,494,802 16
Surplus,	1,817,756 60

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the premiums furnished is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company, in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It possesses the **Largest Cash Capital**

It possesses over **$3,000,000 Assets.**

Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate,** worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Pain Reliever by it on Brooklyn, Albany Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured **get all the profits.**

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the **Insurance of Lives.**

It is **economical** in the management of its business.

It is **prompt in the payment of losses.**

The above considerations commend to the attention of premium-payers, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-annually, or Quarterly, the rates of Eight per cent. Low, Either $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and the balance by a note bearing interest at seven per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The Dividends are paid to the insured yearly from the date of the policy, or they may be left with the Company to accumulate and those who give Notes, by a credit on premium.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful estimates of the mortality.

The Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of policies issued would not more certain the operation of **the principle of average,** upon which all Life Insurance is based. Although of late years many institutions have sprung into existence, and therefore cannot with it should not be expected to have the same advantages as the old.

The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all premiums paid prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

WM. H. HARRIS, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack, Lowell.

mar2

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFA-O, Conn, H. B. Wolf and Shaw Bros.—Buffalo and Linen Robes. Bison Bindery, &c., a large assortment, just receive at the HAT HOUSE.

mar2 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

a.y18 JOHN T. BILLINGS

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S celebrated Hair Dresse. Hair Restorative, an unrivaled preparation, not unlike the place of a Dr. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Sold only by H. S. HAYNES in Lowell, Branch establishment at 37 Merrimack st.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which cannot be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

E. S. LUNT'S, 17 Central st

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of the Renowned Lo-do Sodium Bathing Powder—the best kind in the market, for Hotels, Bathing Establishments, and private families, for sale by the barrel or single package.

mh15

LADIES' Pocket Books for children, Pocket Books, Chess Men, Playing cards, Pocket Boots, Portmonies, Wallets, Purse, Pens, Inks, &c., for sale cheap by E. S. LUNT,

17 Central Street.

apr2

A Chance for Bargains!

BEING about to remove into my Mi stead to No. 37 Merrimack street, I will sell for a short time, my stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, &c., as usual, at greatly reduced prices.

SEWELL.

No. 37 Merrimack street.

5000 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S corner Merrimack street.

jan21tf

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium.

43 Merrimack st

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified assistance, and recommend it for cases of constipations, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but above all recommend it for the cure of piles, and to preserve the hair from being gray, and for the following:—

Cure, Cure, Cure, Cure, Cure, Cure, Cure.

PROF. O. J. WOOD, Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to use it quite extensive, and give it my unqualified praise.

During the year 1856, I was unfortunate as to be thrown from my sulky, and received a severe fall, which left from which my head suffered intensely. The shock to the system, and consequent irritation which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. During the time I was disconsolate in dropping, however, up to the time of the last improvement, I sampled from anything I could think of, being a druggist myself, and having the best advantages of obtaining the materials for those, but was finally defeated in every prescription advanced.

Time and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to believe produced a very large growth of hair; two months after the first application, I had an entire new growth of hair, and to-day my head is covered with a good growth of hair, and my friends and Rest assured, dear sir, I shall recommend your rare to my friends and the public, as I have done in the past, since, which I flatter myself to say, is not a little.

You can publish this if you wish.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Dear Sir—I have used my dye for a number of years, to state to you the following circumstances which you are at liberty to make use of as you please. A gentleman of this place, (a lawyer) has been lately ever since his early manhood, troubled with a very bad case of scald head or scurf. He was induced to use a bottle to your Hair Restorative, which he did, and after using about one and one-half bottles his hair grew out beautifully, and he is very well known in our adjoining counties many gentlemen of the bar, and others, have called at my office to test as the requests of Mr. Rentford. You can still a great deal of my time and trouble, by giving the following counties it you have the proper agents.

Yours, &c.,

JAMES M. BOYLE.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir,—Permit me to express the obligations I am under for the use of your Restorative, my hair to its original color. About the time of my marriage, my hair began to turn gray, and in a short time was quite white. I used your Restorative, and in a few months it again recovered its original hue. I consider it the most valuable article for the hair, and its effectiveness as well as agreeable.

S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes, viz., large, medium, and small. The small bottle is a plan, and results to one dollar per bottle; the medium holds an ounce more than a quarter, and is cheaper than the small, retails for two dollars a bottle; the large bottle holds a pint, and contains more by a portion than the small, retails for $3 a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market Street, Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by E. S. LUNT, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

may20 dawly

PURE LIQUORS AND WINES FOR PRIVATE USE AND MEDICAL PURPOSES.

WE offer to the country trade and consumers, a complete assortment of every variety of LIQUORS, WINES, &c., and would say that our experience of more than **HORTY YEARS** as importers is not only a sufficient guarantee for the purity of those offered them, with that it enables us to offer advantages to buyers that cannot be excelled by any house in Boston Having on hand a large stock of Brandies of 1811 vintage, a strictly pure and reliable article of Liquors and Wines for medicinal and other purposes, we feel that we can confidently appeal to intention to filling orders for PRIVATE USE, and consumers will find it greatly to their advantage to send their orders to us, in preference to those of no travelling or other agents whatever. Persons who require *Pure Liquors and Wines*, in large or small quantities, may rely upon them, and all orders will receive our best personal attention, and that every article sent from our house will be satisfactory in every respect. Communications by mail will receive prompt attention, with full and complete catalogue of prices.

I. D. RICHARDS & SONS,

87 & 89 State Street Boston

Boston, April 6, 1861. apr6dawly

PLYMOUTH GUARDS

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. SHARPE, late of Plymouth, Mass., one of the Sole Proprietors of the celebrated Guards for many years, begs to state in a few words in a manner expressly for his friends, and are now prepared to fill orders in the most prompt manner, and on as reasonable terms as any other manufacturer in the market.

☞ Be sure to call for the Plymouth Guards, and see that the name of WM. P. SHARPE is on each pair.

Sold by RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, Sole Agents for

HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Piano Fortes, which for tone, touch and finest premium over all other competitors at the late Fair of the American Institute, the Metropolitan Fair, and the Fair of the Mechanics' Institute, New York, also Fort Piano, as manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in addition to which we have the Agency for the celebrated S. D.—Piano Fortes of Boston.

may6 RUGG & GRIFFITH.

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the celebrated

Patent Parafine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE PERFECTION.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Pure Sperm Oil, for Machinery, No. 1, $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Pure Sperm Oil for Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Sperm Oil, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Pure Lard Oil, 75 cents; Pure Neatsfoot Oil, No. 1, $1 per gallon; Pure Neatsfoot Oil, No. 2, 75 cents; Pure Whale Oil, 50 cents; Pure Sperm Oil, 75 cents; do. do. do. for use by Manufacturers, $1.25 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oil,

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,

Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

nov27

GRASS SEED.

150 Bush. Red Top do
50 Bush. Hungarian Grass Seed,
2000 lbs. Timothy Seed,
Also, Hungarian Honey Blade and Millet Seeds, for sale at the Seed Store of

S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

mar29

Working Men, women and Children, Attention!

A NEW work is now ready to make money for all who will engage in it. Those who are employed at home, or who travel and spend their spare time, will find this a rare opportunity to make money. Any one can engage in the business, and make from $5 to $10 per day. Those who are out of employment, or who wish a change, should send their address immediately. Those who are employed at present, will find it to their advantage to devote their spare time to the business. Address, with stamp, for particulars, and see for yourself. Do not neglect this. Address

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,

107 BOOKMAN ST., NEW YORK.

N. B. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, and GEYER & CUTLER, Lowell Agents. Boston. Sold in Lowell by CHAS. A. KIMBALL, Wm. H. FRENCH, E. S. LUNT, and THOMAS K. KIDDER, Jr.

feb4 3m

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY, THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR.

FEED, GRAIN &c.

FOR THE PEOPLE

FEED OF ALL GRADES

EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff Oil Meal, &c., at No. 43 Market Street, N. WOOD.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

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HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Piano Fortes, which for tone, touch and finest premium over all other competitors at the late Fair of the American Institute, the Metropolitan Fair, and the Fair of the Mechanics' Institute, New York, also Fort Piano, as manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in addition to which we have the Agency for the celebrated S. D.—Piano Fortes of Boston.

may6 RUGG & GRIFFITH.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. A current is normal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turgidity of the Livers caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for each of these diseases, the first great requisite necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific men, and many and while many experiments have been made and much money spent upon it, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery, also.

Time and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to believe produced a very large growth of hair; two months after the first application, I had an entire new growth of hair, and to-day my head is covered with a good growth of hair, and my friends and Rest assured, dear sir, I shall recommend your rare to my friends and the public, as I have done in the past, since, which I flatter myself to say, is not a little.

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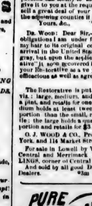
And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

may20 dawly



KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just receive a large assortment of Lamps and Kerosene Lamp. Also Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, Parlor, Student, Table lamps, Girandoles, entre stocks, kitchen, and study lamps of the very latest style factory prices. all of which will be sold at the lowest prices. Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

H. S. HAYNES,

Lamp Emporium, 43 Merrimack Street.

"HUMBUG IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY."

AND the greatest humbug of the day is the prevalent idea of any individual to sell Boots at any lower rates than others, but they are real cheap dealers in Boots in Lowell. The following popular Boots for Gentlemen's wear, which for style and neatness may be purchased low at 11 Central street.

The Answer to the Question, Where shall I get my nice wellens, viz: Under, Clinton, Ellis, Wheeler, and Bellows.

Boots for Ladies, Misses and Children, in great variety.

Address to Young Ladies, by T. P. Arthur.

The Queen's Library, containing four volumes.

Home and Its Duties—Will and's Way—Farmer's Daughter—Orphan Sisters.

Sold at 11 Central street, by E. S. HUNT, dealer in Books, Music and Stationery

dec19

ASTHMA

PENDY'S

BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by B. SEYMOUR & CO., 197 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

Price, 25 cts per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

may1 dawly

Wood's Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR,

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS nov15

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself. NEW TONS WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 43 Merrimack st.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. D. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them, become their warm friends.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, write from Natchez, Miss., Dec. 6, 1860: "The most severe cases of prostration of the heart and gone effectually cured."

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Ohio, says: "My wife was afflicted with Dyspepsia to date or May 4th 1860. Its was much reduced, by the disease, and she was troubled with nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most distressing character. Your Bitters, being a few bottles I was completely restored."

GEORGE HOFFMASTER says he was afflicted with Dyspepsia for 15 years, and was reduced to a mere skeleton, at the date of his letter he had taken but two bottles of your Bitters, and the rule, when several physicians attending failed to relieve him, and he was given up by them."

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Main street, Boston, says:

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound was a perfect success in my case."

W. C. THOMPSON,

Proprietor Tremont House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.

FANNY THOMPSON,

No. 1 Old Colony Place, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T Glidden, Esq., had while we did not prescribed "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856 when I was practicing medicine in Boston, for Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of great benefit to him.

ALBERT SMITH,

Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The above testimonials are but a few among hundreds of "GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC and NEURALGIA COMPOUND" which are daily coming to hand, and have, in every case found immediate and permanent relief. We have no hesitation in saying to all afflicted, that we would recommend it but what we have the most perfect confidence in its curative powers, and that it will do all that is claimed for it by the public.

HARRIS, JR., 20 South Market st Boston.

W. H. ATWOOD, 18 North Market street, Boston.

JOHN F. HOYT, 18 South Market street, Boston.

The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been in use for the past two years, and has become well known to the public.

Prepared only by **GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND**

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.

Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JEN-KINS, 97 Canal street, and by druggists generally throughout the United States.

Sold in Lowell by JOHN T. BILLINGS, whom all orders to be addressed.

Also, for sale by GARDINER, JR., 97 Kilby street, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the country.

Also, for sale by J. W. DOWNS, and by Beal Bros' agent, Worcester.

October 10, 1860. 6ly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

aug11

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Almond Soap, Palm Soap, Turkish Shaving, Gold Lemon and a large variety of Toilet Soaps for sale by T. K. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John Sts

dec21

FRENCH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND SUJI.

Fresh ground Graham Meal from white wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

SAML S. WOOD, 43 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DYESING.—This article is not a dye, but a preparation recommended for *Dressing and Beautifying the Hair*. It restores to the hair its natural color, by degrees, but effectually, from the roots, and causes the hair to grow.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Sole Proprietor of the above remedy.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (EAD-IN OIL) made at the Power River Mill, Salem, Massachusetts, is ground to an impalpable powder, and is offered to the public by Every Painter and Consumer, as the purest and best White Lead made at above, and marked "Warranted Pure."

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead, commend it to the favorable notice of all who use it. One pound of it will cover more surface than will do as much work as 125 lbs. of any other White Lead. Its whiteness and purity are unsurpassed, as any one can see in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial would satisfy any one (and a practical one is sufficient) painter that he can work easier and to better advantage with it than with any other White Lead ever offered to the public.

The General Agents who personally superintend the manufacture of this Lead, have confidence in the Lead Business—for nearly a quarter of a century past, and have introduced many valuable improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to offer it to the public at the lowest possible rates.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" is for sale by the Agents in Lowell, and by dealers in Paints and Oils throughout the country.

Salem, Mass., 1860.

SPRING WHEAT AND RYE.

100 BUSH. Spring Wheat for seed—on hand and for sale by S. N. WOOD,

43 Market street.

mar22*

SPENCER'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete Liquid Beautifier, removing Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, and Redness, and imparting a delicate, lasting and natural bloom to the complexion. Prepared only by E. SWEET, 37 Tremont street, Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

feb14

RESTAURANT.

DINNER and SUPPER at the RESTAURANT KELLOM, from 12 o'clock, A. and 5 P. M.

The Restaurant is open on Sundays, as well as on the other days of the season, and at the hours named.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate those who wish to dine with their families, and otherwise as a special favor.

E. SWEET

1y30

FOR THE COMPLEXION—Ingersoll's Premium Liquid Pearl, for Beautifying the Complexion, Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Diamond Liquid White, White Lily, Rose Pearl, Bloom of Roses, for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'S, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Journeth Doubleday's Kid Glove Cleaner, for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color, for sale by T. K. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LIQUORINE for cleaning Paint, Grease Spots, Gold Lace, Carpets, Silks, Woolens, Feathers, &c., for sale by T. K. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

Liquorine is invaluable. It will be found effectual where, and will not injure the most delicate fabric. Try it.

RICH AND RARE PERFUMES.

The above Perfumes have been fitted up in the most elegant manner, and are now ready for sale at the store of the manufacturers, who bring this fact before the notice of the public, as they have been awarded the highest premium at the late Fair of the American Institute, Metropolitan Fair, Mechanics' Institute Fair, New York, and Mechanics' Fair, Boston.

There will be a large assortment constantly on hand, and Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers will find it for their advantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing, as we are determined to sell at low prices.

Manufactured by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Sole Proprietor of the above Perfumes.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (EAD-IN OIL) made at the Power River Mill, Salem, Massachusetts, is ground to an impalpable powder, and is offered to the public by Every Painter and Consumer, as the purest and best White Lead made at above, and marked "Warranted Pure."

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead, commend it to the favorable notice of all who use it. One pound of it will cover more surface than will do as much work as 125 lbs. of any other White Lead ever offered to the public. Its whiteness and purity are unsurpassed, as any one can see in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial would satisfy any one (and a practical one is sufficient) painter that he can work easier and to better advantage with it than with any other White Lead ever offered to the public.

The General Agents who personally superintend the manufacture of this Lead, have confidence in the Lead Business—for nearly a quarter of a century past, and have introduced many valuable improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to offer it to the public at the lowest possible rates.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" is for sale by the Agents in Lowell, and by d

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, May 23, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

The Navy Department has adopted a new and secret system of signals for the use of vessels in service.

The State Department will furnish no passports to citizens of seceded States unless they give ample proof of loyalty.

The Washington dispatch to the *Express* says there are now 32 strong regiments under arms in that city, including 2 of regulars. Gen. Scott says 60,000 men along the banks of the Ohio and Mississippi, which precludes the idea that any very large force is coming for Harper's Ferry from the North or West at present. The government does not seem to care much about that point.

The second regiment of regulars in Minnesota, 10 companies of dragoons, artillery and infantry in Utah, the 5th and 7th regiments of infantry in New Mexico, and part of the 10th regiment also there, are all ordered to Washington. Minnesota will be guarded by the 1st regiment of Minnesota volunteers, and New Mexico by two regiments raised by the Governor.

Seven boxes containing paper and bandage for Gen. Lee (the Virginia rebel) were seized yesterday. They were from Texas to Virginia.

The report of the attack on the steamer "Baltimore" (printed by us yesterday of "Monticello") is pronounced a fabrication.

Organization of Volunteer forces. The Secretary of War has sent a circular to the Governors of the different States, giving the plan of organization of the volunteer forces called into service by the President. He says that all regimental officers from Colonels to second Lieutenants are to be appointed by the Governors of the States, and respect should be shown to the suggestions as tuned to the General in Chief and no person of doubtful morals or patriotism, or unsound health, shall be commissioned, and to appoint no Lieutenants under 22 years of age, and no Captains under 30, or field officers, such as Major and Lieutenant Colonel, unless a graduate of the United States Military Academy, or known to possess knowledge and experience who has passed the respective ages of 35, 40 and 45 years of age. The Secretary also says that the highest the moral character will bear all ideal legal or official officers appointed, the greater the efficiency of the troops and the resulting glory of their respective States.

Virginia. Troops are reported to be on their way to Western Virginia, for the purpose of influencing the secession vote there.

REBEL HOT IN ST. JOSEPH, MO. Yesterday the American flag was hoisted over the Post office but the crowd was not a large one by any means. Some of the secessionists were present, and while preparing to go to the minister to have the core sony performed, the reverend gentleman happened to pass that way, was called in and the knot was tied."

FLAG RAISING IN WESTFORD.

A very handsome United States flag was raised on the beautiful common in Westford Centre on the afternoon of the 18th inst., in the presence of a goodly assemblage of the loyal citizens of that town. Sherman D. Fletcher, Esq., chairman of the Flag Committee, offered some very appropriate remarks, a choir of the young people sang in a spirited manner the "Flag of our Union," and of course there was some hearty cheering.

Adjourning from the Common to the Town Hall, prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Hodgman pastor of the Union (Orthodox) Society, which was followed by remarks from Rev. Messrs. Luce, Rice and Hodgman, of Westford, and Col. Stawell, a native of Westford, but now a resident of Lowell. The latter gentleman was here by accident, and was unexpectedly called upon, but made a very animated and stirring speech. The choir sung "America" with good effect, and then all returned to the common and under the lead of Mr. Fletcher, gave nine more enthusiastic cheers for the Union, which concluded the ceremonies of the occasion.

The flag measures 35 feet by 20, and the pole and staff measure 97 feet. The pole which is a remarkably straight and smooth piece of white pine timber, the product of the town, was the liberal gift of Mr. Josiah Fletcher, Esq., of Westford. The cost of the whole, including labor, will be from $175 to $200, which is provided for by private subscription.

Some thirty volunteers have enlisted from Westford, and the town has voted $1500 to equip them and others that may offer their services, and to provide for families left by their heads, as may be needed. The ladies of Westford, always foremost in any good work, have made up quite a number of serviceable garments for the volunteers.

We give the remarks of Mr. Fletcher, at the flag raising, and also the presentation given up by Mr. F., and votes of the Town meeting held April 29th, to take action with regard to the President's proclamation. Mr. F.'s remarks was as follows:—

It is a source of gratification to the committee, that they are able to present a tree of suitable size and proportions for the main flag staff—the growth of our own soil. The noble pine, doubtless, waved its youthful branches during the American revolution, when our fathers went forth to battle to establish that liberty and independence which we have long happily enjoyed, but now threatened to be overthrown by a wicked and most unholy rebellion. Since the day of Independence was inaugurated, in the morning, reaching far heavenward, has invited the eagle to its lofty dwelling, and to rest on the topmost branches—that noble bird, the symbol of American valor. How appropriate, then, is this staff to bear aloft the stars and stripes of the Union.

The first flag of the United States was adopted by Congress, June 14th, 1777, and was in form as follows:—The flag of the thirteen United States was composed of thirteen stripes, alternate red and white, the Union thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation. By act of Congress, June 13th, 1794, it was ordained that from the first of May, 1795, the flag of the United States be fifteen stripes, alternate red and white, the Union fifteen stars, white in the blue field. April 4th, 1818, Congress enacted, that from and after the 4th of July next, the flag of the United States be thirteen horizontal stripes, alternate red and white, and that the Union be twenty stars, white in blue field. That on the admission of each State into the Union, one star be added to the Union of the flag, and that such addition shall take effect on the 4th day of July then next succeeding such admission.

Such is a brief history of the adoption of the flag of our Union, which now waves from the top of this liberty pole; and may it wave throughout our land to the latest posterity.

Fellow-citizens, sons and daughters of the revolution-ary stock, will you quietly permit the stars and stripes, emblems of our nationality, which have so long waved over us in prosperity, to be now trampled in the dust, to give place to the palmetto, rattlesnake, or flag of other strange device? I know your answer will be in the voice of *Bunker Hill.*

From Cairo, information has been received that the fortifications at that place are being rapidly pushed forward. Three 30 pound guns arrived yesterday.

A large force of rebel troops is concentrated at Jackson, Tennessee.

GOOD NEWS FROM KENTUCKY. We have the following cheering news from old Kentucky, which shows that the Union sentiment is gaining ground in that State:—

In the House (yesterday) the bill to arm Kentucky was rejected, 78 against 12.

A resolution that the Governor's proclamation that Kentucky should occupy during the strife between the North and the South, was rejected.

The amendment to the State Militia law, by which the State Guard is required to swear to support the Constitution of the United States and Kentucky, was passed, 67 against 36.

Mr. Rowsell made a strong speech in the Senate in favor of sustaining the Government. He said he did not consider the Union now dissolved, nor had he any fears that it would be. The time had not arrived for appeals to politicians not to dissolve the Union.

LEGISLATIVE. *Senate.* Yesterday the bill to establish a camp for the instruction and insurrection of a military force, was passed, which was about the only business of importance transacted. The bill, which originated in the House, without a report from the special Committee, was rejected, but a motion to reconsider is pending. The resolves upon the present crisis were laid on the table.

House. The Home Guard bill was again considered and finally rejected.—The bill in aid of the families of volunteers was again discussed, and in the end returned to the Senate with amendments. Both branches of the Legislature will probably adjourn to-day.

THE *Bangor Whig* says that during a drill of Capt. Burton's six footers, at Oldtown, a few days ago, while marching up on a platform towards the river, where the platform ended, no order to halt being given, they kept on marching on it en hal jumped into the river and commenced swimming. Had not the ride been given it a whole company would have all waded same, and probably kept on swimmi g to this day.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

EXPERIENCE OF HON. G. F. BAILEY.

Mr. Bailey, member of Congress elect from the Worcester (Mass.) district, has arrived from Enterprise, Florida, where he spent the spring months on account of his health, much improved. Mr. Bailey came via Savannah, Nashville and Louisville. He was advised that it was impossible to come through Virginia, having met two men turned back thence. His party consisted of thirty, including six Northern school mistresses, other invalids, and two army lieutenants. The latter were threatened by a Savannah mob, who were appeased by a West Point classmate, a lieutenant in the Confederate army, and a formal arrest by the Mayor, who advised their immediate departure. At Atlanta his baggage was searched in the absence of the owner. Special attention was paid to the school mistresses by the troops. Afterward the party divided. No passes were required. He had no trouble in Florida or on the journey. His invalidism was his protection.

Mr. Bailey reports soldiers everywhere in motion toward Virginia, well disciplined, armed and equipped. At Chattanooga there were from 2000 to 3000. He heard no Union talk till he reached Knoxville. Many said "Union" till the President's proclamation. At Nashville they talked a little of the Union. At Knoxville Parson Brownlow and Andrew Johnson would soon be crushed. They boasted of the certainty of annihilating the North, the necessity of cotton to Europe, Europe recognizing the Confederacy. They have the belief that the Confederate government has rich, how rich is unknown. Money was scarce among the people. Specie was 15 to 20 per cent. at Savannah. Georgia money was worthless in Tennessee.—*Correspondence of the New York Tribune.*

VIRGINIA ELECTION. The election which takes place in Virginia to-day is an important one, and the returns will be looked for with great interest, but with the forces brought to bear by the traitors, we do not doubt the acceptance of the secession ordinance by a large majority. It is stated that Gov. Letcher has issued a proclamation requesting soldiers to vote in order to carry the secession ratification by a large majority. In doubtful districts, it is said that electors will be compelled to publicly declare their votes, and that, if in favor of the Union, they will be forcibly compelled to leave the State. The Union men are uncertain how to act in this dilemma. It is also declared that travel into or through Virginia will be prohibited after Monday, except by special permit of the Governor.

LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW. The April number of Scott & Co.'s republication of this Review has appeared. It contains nine articles: 1. The Pearls and Mock Pearls of History; 2. Epistolary Correspondence; 3. Spiritual Destitution in the Metropois; 5. German, Flemish and Dutch Art; 6. African Discovery; 7. Lord Stanhope's Life of Pitt; 8. Indian Currency, Finance and Legislation; 9. Iron Manufacture.

The first article directs history of a hundred pleasant falsifications and embellishments of the imagination, which have heretofore been accepted as undoubted facts, and it is replete with interest. The article on Lord Stanhope's Life of Pitt, throws light on the unwinding a new constellation in the history of England during the long Ministry of Mr. Pitt. No man who has been taught the first nine stripes, alternate red and white, the Union fifteen stars, white in the blue field—April 4th, 1818, Congress enacted, that from and after the 4th day of July next, the flag of the United States be thirteen horizontal stripes, alternate red and white, and that the Union be twenty stars, white in blue field. That on the admission of each State into the Union, one star be added to the Union of the flag, and that such addition shall take effect on the 4th day of July then next succeeding such admission.

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A large force of rebel troops is concentrated at Jackson, Tennessee.

CITY AND VICINITY.

A CARD.

The "Boldt Rifles" take this opportunity to thank Mr. Mackerland and the Dramatic Company for the pleasant yet exciting entertainment tendered to and accepted by the company on Monday evening.

The play, the scenery, the band of a Lowell Regiment, the assembly worthy and unobtrusively and quietly conducted under the guidance of the gentlemen accommodations all provided. We feel pleasure in commending the accommodations of this excellent company to the citizens of Lowell. Soldiers go comfortable go happy and return home on the day of Mr. Mackerland's company in this city.

Per order, JESSE JAMES, Captain.

T. C. BROOKS, Clerk.

may23d1t

EXPRESS BAG FOR 6TH REGIMENT.

A secured bag for the Lowell visitors to the 6th Regiment, will be dispatched by the Boldiers' Aid Association, on MONDAY next, from Lowell, and from their office in the Lowell City Hall. Light Clothing, Blankets, Bandages, Lint, &c., &c.

Letters to U. S. regiment, newspapers, and packages not exceeding one pound in weight, will be received and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

may24d1t WM. O. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, at ten o'clock, the examination of Miss Annah A. Dower was resumed. The court room was crowded, mostly with ladies, every available foot of room being occupied. There are still several important witnesses to be examined for the government, and the defence intend to introduce testimony to that the case may occupy two or three days longer. This forenoon, Mrs. Mary B. Favour, Mrs. Caroline B. Hyt, Miss C. A. Vinal, Dr. Samuel Abbott, (who is the former family physician) and Miss Janette Dower, (a sister of the prisoner) were examined for the government. Miss Vinal testified to a conversation with the prisoner since the coroner's inquest, at Andover, Miss Dower having been stopping at the witness' brother's house. Miss Dower told her that she could leave the city if she would, and that they had been round to all the apothecaries' stores in Lowell to find out if she had bought any, but could not find out anything. Miss Janette Dower testified that her sister told her Fast Day that she expected to keep house for Mr. Wilkins;—that he was intending to get a better house and she (the sister) would see what six months would bring forth. She also spoke before Mrs. Wilkins' death about getting a black silk dress for mourning.

LOWELL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY. The first exhibition by this Society, took place in one of the ante-rooms of Mechanics' Hall yesterday afternoon and evening. It was the intention to have held the exhibition in the hall, but in consequence of its being occupied by ladies who are engaged in making up clothing for the soldiers, this purpose was changed. It was not generally known that there was to be an exhibition yesterday, but there was a fair attendance of visitors, and a large number among the exhibitors: Gen. B. F. Butler had the largest show, consisting of thirty or forty pots of flowers and plants. E. Sheppard, Esq., had a large display of roses, some fine geraniums and other flowers.—John W. Smith and Mrs. Otis Allen had each a beautiful display of cut flowers.—Miss Marshall, of Chelmsford, had some bushes in full bloom. L. M. Brooks and Mrs. D. C. Eaton each an agapanthus, Josiah Gates, a plate of cucumbers, and C. H. Latham, a basket of dried peas.

The following were the awards of premiums and gratuities:—

Rhubarb. Earliest and best, E. Sheppard, $2,00

Cucumbers. Earliest and best, Josiah Gates, 2,00

Geraniums. Best display, E. Sheppard, 2,00

Second best, B. F. Butler, 1,00

Peonies. Best 12 varieties, E. Sheppard, 2,00

Pot Plants. Best display, B. F. Butler, 2,00

Second best, E. Sheppard, 1,00

Tulips. Best 12 varieties, Mrs. Otis Allen, 2,00

Second best, John W. Smith, 1,00

Cut Flowers. Gratuity to E. Sheppard, ,50

Roses. Gratuity to Miss Marshall, ,25

The next exhibition by the Society will be held in Mechanics' Hall, Wednesday, June 26th, when the public may look for a fine display.

THEATRE. There was a larger audience at Huntington Hall last evening to witness the *Hunchback*, than on the previous night. The part of "Julia," by Mrs. Walcot, won almost continuous plaudits from the audience. Mr. Thompson's "Master Walter" was well done, while Yankee Locke, in the part of "Sir Thomas Clifford," seemed to be perfectly at home.

This evening the *Stranger* will be played, when Mrs. Walcot, as "Mrs. Haller," will have an opportunity to show her superior powers as an actress, to excellent advantage. All who have not seen this accomplished artist, on the equal, if not the superior of Charlotte Cushman, had better embrace the present opportunity, as the company only remains this week. We say this not unkindly or without cause.—No better dramatic entertainments are given in Boston than those every evening announced at Huntington Hall.

It will be seen by the advertisement above that the Soldiers' Aid Association will meet at their rooms in the City Hall, this afternoon at 4 o'clock, to find out if she had bought any, but could not find out anything. Miss Janette Dower testified that her sister told her Fast Day that she expected to keep house for Mr. Wilkins;—that he was intending to get a better house and she (the sister) would see what six months would bring forth. She also spoke before Mrs. Wilkins' death about getting a black silk dress for mourning.

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For the Lowell Courier.

MR. EDITOR: Again and again have the city authorities been appealed to within a year past, in regard to the *filthy* condition of *Centralville Bridge*, but all to no purpose. Ten residents of Centralville are so good and sufficient reason why their wishes in that respect should be disregarded.—Could our City Fathers have passed over the bridge with me this morning, I think they would have needed no further appeal from patient and long suffering victims. The condition of things is a disgrace to Lowell—not only being a nuisance to all who are from necessity compelled to cross it, but a subject of severe comment by all strangers visiting the city. Let it be at once thoroughly cleansed—the roadways and the side-paths; then see to it, that it is *kept clean.*

If the wishes of the complainants, in this respect, are not at once heeded, measures will be soon taken to have the bridge (bad enough at best) *indicted as a nuisance.*

Yours truly,

Lowell, May 23d, 1861.

We think our correspondent has reasons for complaining, and hope our excellent Superintendent of Streets will look into the matter himself. It is not pleasant for us to allow correspondents to scold so severely in our columns. We feel sure that cause for complaint is not immediate, although our correspondent has reason to have been long afflicted. Centralville should be well cared for, or its good people may take a notion to secede in which case there will be no bridge, and we may be "shelled" from Dracut Heights.

We shall publish in the *Courier* of Saturday next the discourse on the times, preached by Rev. Mr. Jenkins of this city, in the First Congregational Church on Sunday evening last.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT. Joseph L. Sargent, of this city, has been appointed Commissioner of the court, by Dr. J. R. Hayes and Charles L. Flint are also members of the jury.

THE NEW STEAMER. The new steamer has been removed to the place fitted up for it on Middlesex street, in the house formerly occupied by the company No. 12, and is now ready for service.

The *Lynn Reporter* publishes the farewell address of Col. Monroe, delivered in the presence of the Eighth Regiment, at the Relay House, on the occasion of his taking leave of his command. We make the following extract:

"Fellow citizens and soldiers, comrades in arms, in toil and suffering, and comrades in the glory, I bid you farewell. In this duty we engaged in defending our country and its institutions, in the kind and generous feeling manifested toward me, you have had command of our beloved regiment to the present moment. From the last one of a grateful heart I thank you for your ready and willing obedience to orders, for your soldier-like deportment and correct behavior under the most trying circumstances.

"We have by mutual toil and suffering been drawn by the strongest ties of sympathy unto which death alone can sever.—During our march to the Capitol, for eight days and nights, we were served in the revenge of destitution, not a single act of violence was committed upon the people, and no one's rights have been invaded, no one's property destroyed or taken, without which we have lived in the midst of plenty, and paid for to double its value, not an accident or disturbance occurred on the march to disfigure its harmony, or cause a feeling of regret.

It is stated on the best authority that Col. Monroe will not return home at present, but has further duties assigned him near the seat of war.

STEAM FIRE ENGINES IN FORTS. A correspondent of the *Cleveland Herald* writes:

"I would suggest the propriety of furnishing each fort now in possession of the United States forces with one first-class steam fire-engine, capable of throwing three streams of water through 75 to 100 feet each. In case of fire in the fort, or the coming of guns, it would prove of great service. Again, the enemy will certainly attempt to storm the fort, three streams of salt water, and with sufficient force into their faces, might affect their eyesight so much and spoil their ammunition. Should the enemy succeed in taking the fort, then the water might be thrown into the powder magazine, and spoil the powder for their use.

The understanding is, we believe, that no more forts are to be taken by opposition, but, as a last resort, it may not be a bad idea to have steam engines in some of the largest fortresses.

A LOYAL OFFICER. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says: "First Lieutenant William H. Wallace, of the United States Army, arrived at Norristown on Saturday, having escaped from Indianola, Texas. After resigning he was given a parole to serve against the rebel army during the war. His duties, however, were confined to taken prisoners by Col. Van Dorn refused to sign the parole. Lieutenant Whipple escaped on a schooner to New Orleans, then through the country, via Cairo, to this city, travelling incognito as a citizen of Texas. When Col. Van Dorn, who had been a companion in arms of Whipple, at the same post, for several years, offered his hand upon receiving his sword, saying, "Well, Whipple, good bye, it is but the fortune of war that you should be my prisoner," Whipple answered, "Sir, I do not think the hand of a traitor and rebel, and it is not the fortune of war, but treachery, that places me in your hands."

DR. HOLMES, of New York, the celebrated inhaling surgeon, has established operation as surgeon in the United States army. His duty will be to embalm all those killed in battle whose bodies it may be desirable to preserve.

At the raising of a liberty pole and national flag in Salisbury, Conn., a few days ago, the great crowd present sang the following solemn oath:—"With uplifted hands and solemn bow, in the presence of Almighty God, we swear eternal fidelity to that flag. We pledge ourselves to God that we will never cease our efforts to defend against all enemies, at all times, in all places, and under all circumstances, with the last dollar of our money and last drop of our blood."

On Tuesday night the outposts at the Relay House were attacked by members of the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, were fired upon. They immediately rallied and searched for their assailants, but they were horsemen, and fled as soon as they had fired upon the pickets.

PRINCE ALFRED, another of the good Queen of England's sons, arrived at Halifax, N. S., yesterday.

GOVERNOR ANDREW Johnson declares that he is hopeful of Tennessee yet.

It is settled positively that the tomb of Washington has not been violated by the rebels.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by fire, on reasonable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Lowell.
Josiah G Abbott, "
John Avery, "
Arthur F. Bunney, "
Samuel P. Fay, "
Samuel Batchelder, "
Henry C. Dodge, "
Kendall Brown, "
Ephraim Brown, "
Abram M. Miner, "
Benjamin B. Davis, "
Abraham T. Lowe, "
Lester M. Clark, "
Reuben E. Demerritt, "

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 6th Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 21 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 21, 1861. 3m

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital **$1,500,000**
Surplus **$700,000**

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital **$300,000**
Surplus **$500,000**

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Cash Capital **$300,000**
Surplus ..... **$225,000.**

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written and losses paid by the undersigned, Agents for Churches, for one or five years.

NO ASSESSMENT OR ANY SCRIP.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. & RICHMOND,
No. 18 Merrimack Block, Central street, Lowell.

may21 3m

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEN. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. & RICHMOND,
No. 18 Merrimack Block, Central street, Lowell.

may21 3m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL **$100,000.**

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 66 100 per cent.

$140,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first class and well secured, and $113,912.29 in Cash, deposited in Bank, and invested in Government Stocks, constitute the assets on which the Company rely for the payment of losses.

Office in Knickerbocker Building, 346 Broadway, and Exchange Streets.

Nov 16, 1860. DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell. Mem. ly

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Medal Family Sewing Machine

The wide several reputations of this Machine is a sufficient guarantee to purchasers, which is also acknowledged by the best judges to surpass all others. It is the only machine in use that has become a domestic institution, and is justly looked upon as a necessary appendage to all the fine qualities of family sewing, on silk, linen, cotton and woolen goods, in hemming, felling, quilting, gathering, and all the innumerable ends to which a female needle or cloth is applied.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Confessedly occupies a position of pre eminence

The following well known names are among the many who have purchased the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine to further any good cause:

D. U. Richardson,	H. Hosford,
Wm. A. Stevens,	H. Hosford,
Wm. A. Stevens,	Jr. Appleton,
Wm. A. Stevens,	Walter Wright,
C. A. Stevens,	Richard Sears,
C. A. Stevens,	J. P. Folsom,
Samuel Fay,	J. P. Foster,
Samuel Fay,	J. N. Peirce,
A. H. Brown,	C. C. Burgess,
A. H. Brown,	Wm. A. Richardson,
Wm. L. Smith,	Wm. L. Smith,
C. P. Huntington,	C. P. Blanchard,
Wm. Appleton,	Wm. Appleton,

This Machine is a variety of styles and sizes, and is sold at prices from $50 to $100 each, and very liberal discounts, for cash or in lowell by

J. W. B. SLEE,

61 Merrimack Street.

may17 dly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD, DENTISTS.

Introduced the above article in their profession a year ago. Having made use of it in a limited extent, and performed operations successfully, are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want among the profession and the general profession in relation to the use of rubber for dental purposes, and we believe it will supersede all other articles for the reason that it is the most suitable substance there is used with great success, and in the hands of skilful operators, it is very durable. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is superior to everything else, but feel confident that it will prove to be the best article for the gums, and for the roof of the mouth, and is cheaper, more durable, and as reasonable prices.

Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building, apl1 dly

Award's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best tonic and appetizer in the world. Sold by druggists generally.

WAR HAS COME, AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES OF IT TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers, as a necessary composition for wounds, sore burnt feet, sore and chafed feet from long marches, and for all sores, and is highly recommended by agents, &c.

Besides being the best family salve in use, for some generous sentiment, piles, sores, chilblains, lame side, spinal disease, rheumatism, felons, and a 1 kinds of humors, it is pronounced by all who have used it, the best salve in the world, and for the soldiers' use, it is invaluable, as it is a sure cure for chafed feet and sore, and is used by many of the soldiers in the Lowell, and 2nd Regiments.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 6th Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 21 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 21, 1861. 3m

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

Dr. Ham's Medicine has been used by the public for seven years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Fever in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Com plaints, Low Spirits.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILIRATES, INVIGORATES BUT NOT AS A BEVERAGE OR INTOXICANT.

As a MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual. Taken in water with meals, it prevents Nervousness and other complaints of the Stomach and Bowels. As a WINE BITTERS, it will please druggists and dealers, as it restores weakly, nervous and sickly constitutions, and those subject to Nervousness, Lowness of Spirits, Dizziness, Headache, Heart-Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Fever in the Bowels, will immediately feel the happy effects of Dr. Ham's Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

Doses—One wine glass full; which may be taken with safety three times a day. Diseases—Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Indigestion, acute or sudden attacks, acute Dyspepsia and Colic, Heart-Burn, Dizziness. Kidney, Bladder or Urinary obstructions, which will in many cases relieve in one hour, and an effectual cure by the use of a few bottles.

A dose will give instant relief to Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, or Bad Feelings, through excesses of wine, and which is frequently caused by Ladies of a Nervous temperament. Gentlemen find A dose occasionally will return to them their natural vigor.

During pregnancy, it is most efficacious in relieving the complaints so frequent at that time, and is invaluable in regulating generally the female constitution.

General Depot, 45 Water st., New York. Sold by druggists in Lowell, Mass. Agents, Dr. M. E. Thompson, C. R. Kimball, S. A. Wilkins, and by druggists and dealers generally throughout the country. may24d1y

GOOD NEWS, GOOD NEWS, TO THE LADIES!

NEW STORE AND AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

AT THE STORE OF

O. S. CURRIER & CO.,

IN THE NEW EAST BUILDING,

HANOVER STREET. 94

We invite the attention of the Ladies of Lowell to

Proclamation!

In the first place we would say that we have one of the largest and most convenient stores in the city of Lowell. Our building is low down below the Merrimack House, and is the first store on the left hand side of Hanover street, as you go down from the corner of the Merrimack House, and is the first store on the left hand side of Market. We have a large and very choice stock of Dry Goods, which we have taken with perfect safety at all times.

This Remedy has been in Ten Years' Trial, and will be found a convenient experience every suffering woman of the great value of

THE ECLECTIC REMEDY,

and that it is without exception

THE BEST MEDICINE EVER USED

for all *Irregularities or Cessation of the Menses.*

All communications will be promptly attended to. Address DR. J. B. HUGHES, No. 4 Hord street, Lowell.

may15 6w

WANTED TO HIRE—A house of 8 or 10 rooms, with modern conveniences, in a pleasant location. Inquire at this office. may15 6w

CARPETS & WARPS

FOR SALE.

CARPET THRUMS

AND

BROKEN YARNS,

REMNANTS OF CARPETS,

Damaged Carpets, &c.,

For sale VERY CHEAP, at

CARPET HALL, CROSBY ST.,

WHIPPLE'S MILLS.

A RARE CHANCE FOR GOOD BARGAINS.

may20 1m

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CAUTION!

The subscribers H. and C. Shipman of the true and original "Indian Vegetable Pills," hereby caution that other pill dealers in Lowell that have taken agency, &c., for "Brandreth's Pills," are base counterfeits.

☞ We take this method of countering the public that we have not sold to any person in Lowell, or elsewhere, the genuine article, as we have never authorized any person to sell them. Those who have been swearing *false lines for us* have been paid for their services by the *Brandreth Pill* and *Sarsaparilla* manufacturers, and are now endeavoring to palm off their counterfeit upon the public. Let it pass every truly.

H. & C. SHIPMAN.

may21 1m

W. F. HAMM & CO., Troy, N. Y., have the cheapest and best Portable Steam Engine in the world. Send for circular. Engineering, machine work, and repairs promptly attended to. Boilers, Tanks, &c., made to order. Respectfully yours, W. F. HAMM & CO.

Troy, N. Y., April 1, 1861. 3m

HENRY S. LYON SEWING MACHINE. We are now prepared to furnish the above machine for this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicin

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Inland Pond, Chemiston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 4.00
" " " Newport, 5.00
" " " Stanstead, 5.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, &c. &c. at the **Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,**
102 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.
apr4 jan26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation. ·

Fact No. 2.—Their new Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as any other chain or loop stitch machine.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach ines manufactured, to the frequent changes and use of a endless variety of sewing required in a fam ily. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Mar seilles without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard bunches, without changing the feed motion or the tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine has been adopted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of sewing in the manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our Improved Machine.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the lockstitch more perfectly than any other machine, a fact of very great im portance in sewing elastic goods, to produce such kinds as will last.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more readily understood.

The reputation of these Machines wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute Fair, in Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—Three Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York; and if you have not the Medal or Premie for the sewing machine work.

Fact No 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Machinists' Fair, Union, N Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing generally whenever properly explained in compari n with other kind of sewing machines. But we have space for only one fact more: it is the most important fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine in the market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the Finkle & Lyon Machine are some quite noticeable in persons who have never seen very fine references and testimonials, both a bu ROSARY and his KILL, which ARE given with EACH MACHINE SOLD THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from us.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to the MANUFACTORY, as above.
August 23, 1860. aug23d1y

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian, Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is now offered for both *married* and *single ladies*, and in the very best terms known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If It is put up in bottles of three different sizes, viz: Quarter Strength, $3; Half Strength, $5; and Full Strength, $10.

☞ Remember! This medicine is recommended expressly for country use, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it contains no representation of Mar seilles without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard bunches, without changing the feed motion or the tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine has been adopted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of sewing in the manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our Improved Machine.

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August 23, 1860. aug23d1y

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Blank Notes, Addresses, Bill Heads, Cards, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Steel or Wood-cuts Plates, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores. Hatters Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN and FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ Anyone in need, a good stock of paper and fancy and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE } Proprietors.
N. W. HIKE. }

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the first formation of this kind is observing of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the very EDUCATED PHYSICIAN in Fact alone, if not in New England, who makes a speciality of Private Diseases; and he gives the most very best references and testimonials, both a bu ROSARY and his KILL, which ARE given with EACH MACHINE SOLD THE SAME; otherwise, you had better keep away from us.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to the MANUFACTORY, as above.
August 23, 1860. aug23d1y

MOTHER'S

DR. SEAMAN'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Seaman with remarkable success during several years' practice, we are led to offer it to the public as a most valuable remedy for infantile complaints, and one that is sure will continue to be found so by all who may use it. Price 25 cents per bottle.

For Children Teething;

And as this period of infantile life when your children hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, we would say to you, use the *Infantile Cordial*. *Directions and following*

For Diseases attending Teething, such as *Burning Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Sickness of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, and Cid in the Head*, we confidently offer this Cordial as a safe and sure remedy in every case when given in time. It will invariably relieve the child from pain, and will be found a treasure in this respect on family account.

Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other cause, will be found to be entirely under the control of this Cordial, and it is the only one in existence that will do so. Mothers, in this respect, you have a remedy for your children, and the importance of this respect cannot be overrated.

In Convulsions,

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No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, NOR A FACT which can be found in connection with any other establishment in the FRONT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Blank Notes, Addresses, Bill Heads, Cards, Newspapers,

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August 23, 1860. aug23d1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

381 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$13,752 558 70
Dividends paid to date,	1,466,992 52
Assets,	$15,219,551 22

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, insure one another, and the profits are divided to the entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust for their exclusive benefit and advantages.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany Troy and Newark City Bonds.

The interest got all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the State of New Jersey.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to be paid Semi-Annually or Quarterly. Premiums can be paid in Cash, Bank Notes, Drafts, Checks, and one half in Stocks at par, if such bonds be not below par at the time of payment, the amount of premium bears to the whole premium.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured five years.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in several ways, viz: Cash, reducing the premium, Scrip, which can be used in payment of premiums, or to be left on deposit with the Company, receiving therefor interest, as per the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured receives the constant attention of the Company's *present average*, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution are deposited with the Bank of this State, and can be connected with it, should call the attention of their friends to the *advantages* offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 21 Central street, Merrimack House.
Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dec1 1y

HORSE AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Plain Fur Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, Gloves and Mittens, for sale at the lowest prices at BARKER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Is a sure protection to females, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before they are making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest professions*. As the worthless physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are impostors, and if you have not been misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. To such we would say, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Treatise *Diseases generally*; also Circulars giving full information, with *the most wonderful references and testimonials*.

Fact No. 11 —We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine in the market, or money refunded.

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WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Jackson street, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the LOW est cash rates. All orders will be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict at least before the *great jury* — the world's intelligence. It stands the test as a sure remedy for all

Burns and Scalds,

when the worst child no longer to dread the fire. It causes the crying of the infant to cease, and relieves the mother from much anxiety.

It allays the old sore off from his cradle, when bowed with rheumatism.

It relieves the distress mother when her breast is broken.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles. It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled. It moderates wrongs.

It is security against scrofula.

It fights against felons and cancers.

It arrests tooth, earache, inflammation, and does it without fail.

Whitten's Salve only be cured if you will heathen. Sore eyes may be cured if you will only use it freely.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains. For all grievous accidents use it.

For chaffings in the arm-pits weather use it.

For sore and swollen feet use it.

For sore lips use it.

For stiff joints and lame use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and in distant climes, it cures and relieves. Its power is astonishing, suffering flesh rejoices in hope while the Golden Salve is being applied.

All its works mount its praises. It has the highest recommendations from the most eminent of the people and the best-born merchants, mechanics, manufacturers, farmers, and all classes of society. Its sales are unprecedented, and its reputation has not been lost, nor ever will. It will cure sore knees or sore shoulders on horses, sore back or sore tongue on ox or cow kind. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE.

SPRAINS are sometimes very common, and the largement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. In such cases use the Golden Salve freely, and the inflammation will soon leave the joint.

Here is the best reason for praising the Golden Salve. You can be made free from corns and chilblains by its agency, and from the tendencies of scrofula, ring worm, or white swelling.

Sold by Druggists, 25 cents per box. Prepared only by C. P. WHITTEN, Lowell Mass. The trade supplied at reasonable rates.

Also, the Golden Ointment supplied at short notice by L. & C. Ives.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD HERBIT, WELL-KNOWN AND PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Nervous Disorders. Whatever need is applied to it, it is

Wonderful Relief!!! What a Great Blessing!

Our advice to all sufferers is to use

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDEL, D. Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACK & SHEPWOOD, 4 Tremont Row, Boston; and by H. H. HOLLISTER & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
February 18, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER deteriorates nor loses the name HOWARD market. A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL—for economy to be had. Sold only by BENNETT & RIDDLE, corner Moody and Thorndike streets.

Also, the celebrated THERVORTON COAL equal in every respect to any Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best quality. Yard and Scull Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at G. I. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building aug6dtm

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 37 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar26

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

JOB Sanderson, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest order, have given their names, and Gold Medals of unqualified sanction, and recommend for all time to come, the Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, and Iodine of Potash, as the best remedy ever discovered for both preserve the hair from losing gray, and from falling to any age as well as cure. Read the following:—

Oak Grove, S. C., June 24th, 809.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to use a portion made, and give your Hair Restorative a perfect test.

During the past fall, I was unfortunate as to be deprived from my sable appendage, which could not be replaced by a wig, presented a most terrible blow. Imparting a great deal of irritation, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From the time I first commenced the dropping, now over, up to the time of the total disappearance, I employed every available remedy which came to my notice, from the Indian Herb Doctor, down to the most scientific of the day, but to no purpose. I was finally consigned to every prospect of baldness.

These and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to believe, produced a very happy result. I commenced using it in the month of May, and a beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw, for the time, now adorns my head. I have used about three bottles, and am satisfied I could recommend it freely to all inquirers, —moreover, I shall use my influence, which I flatter myself is not small, to that end.

You can publish this if you think proper.

Yours, very respectfully,
M. M. KERR.
Office of the Jeffersonian, Dec. 10th, 1859.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty to inform you that I am now in the following circumstances, which you are at liberty to use as you think proper. I was afflicted with a severe humor, from my head to the crown of my foot; so much so, that he was compelled to wear a wig. I was induced to make use of your "Hair Restorative," which he liked very much; and after using some two or three bottles, my hair began to grow quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. I have recommended it to many others, and intend to do so. I will answer to any enquiries you may make, if you will address me at this place. I am with a great deal of your Hair Restorative in this and adjoining counties, and it is giving the best satisfaction.

Yours &c.,
DR. WOOD.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty to you, and my obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its former color, and a beautiful one it is, I assure you. I have been afflicted with a humor in my scalp, which caused the hair to fall out so rapidly, so much so, that he was compelled to wear a wig. I was induced to make use of your "Hair Restorative," which he liked very much; and after using some two or three bottles, my hair began to grow quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. I have recommended it to many others, and intend to do so. I will answer to any enquiries you may make, if you will address me at this place. I am with a great deal of your Hair Restorative in this and adjoining counties, and it is giving the best satisfaction.

Yours &c.,
DR. WOOD.

Dr. Wood's Hair Restorative is now in extensive and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, May 24, 1861.

LETTER FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

Hesperia sends the Relay House.]
May 23rd, 1861.

EDITOR LOWELL COURIER :—It was my good fortune to be in the officers' quarters of the Watson Light Guard, when they received the splendid regulation swords, so generously presented by the honorary members of the company and by Hon. T. G. Gerrish. In the same box also came the elegant revolver sent by the honorary members, as a token of their regard for the brave standard bearer of the Sixth Regiment, Sergeant T. A. Crowley. I can testify to the lively gratitude of the recipients of the above beautiful and appropriate presents. It would have done the donors' hearts good, if they could have looked into the Light Guard officer's tent, when the box containing the above gifts was opened. First and foremost was read the eloquent epistle of Col. George F. Sawtell. Then the gifts were taken out. Sergeant Crowley was called in from a neighboring tent to receive his revolver. Capt. Noyes' sword, the gift of Mrs. Gerrish, was especially admired. It is the finest in the regiment. The swords of Lieutenants Jewett and Davis come in for their full share of admiration also. A great many officers and soldiers visited the Light Guard officers' tent to see the presents. I was particularly pleased that Sergeant Crowley was so kindly remembered by the honorary members of the Watson Light Guard. He is a brave boy and a meritorious soldier, and will prove a trump in the stirring times just ahead. Lieut. Warren wishes me to tender his thanks to T. G. Gerrish, Esq., for the fine revolver presented to him by the honorary members. The donors of the above gifts may rest assured that they will be gallantly borne; I give my personal guaranty to that effect. The arm of the Captain of the Light Guard will be nerved in the day of conflict by the name inscribed on the scabbard of his sword.

It is an experience worth having this camp life. It is a stirring chapter in a man's existence. Night before last, I reached the camp, and had hardly got to sleep when the watchword of alarm was given by the sentinels. *Baltimore was the word.* In a moment the air rang with "Baltimore, Baltimore." The drums began to roll, and the men sprang to their arms and were quickly in battle array. I was in the tent of Col. Watson, and can testify to the admirable coolness with which he got his men ready for the expected attack. If an enemy had appeared, he would have been received with the warmest courtesies. In fact his heart would have been touched. But the alarm proved to be a false one, so we resumed our snooze. It causes just the least possible fluttering for a moment in the region of the heart—this being aroused out of a sound nap by a notice that the enemy are upon you. I speak for myself and nobody else. However, one gets used to the roughest experiences. Napoleon said that a man, who was *cool*, cool qld collected under such circumstances, was thoroughly brave.

I have already alluded in a previous letter to the exceeding beauty of this Relay House region. Vegetation is as far ahead here as it is wh h you in June. Our soldiers, like Robin Hood's merry men, live under the green-wood tree. About six hundred Baltimore "Plug-Ugly" recruits are at the Relay House depot. They will make first-rate material to fill up gaps with. They are the ugliest-looking subjects I ever beheld. "Massachusetts, I joy they are no sons of thine." Charlestown State Prison can show no such hideous-looking wretches. The people here, who were formerly secessionists, have a good chance to contrast Massachusetts men and Baltimoreans. I saw one of these Plug-Uglies had been put in the Guard House for drunkenness, attempt to escape through the window. The sentry shot him through the hand. I watched the operation with the liveliest satisfaction.

The best proof I can adduce of General Butler's merits is, that he is cordially feared and hated in Baltimore. The General gave the Sixth Regiment ample satisfaction. He marched them back to that city —grabbed the wealthiest Baltimoreans while returning home from the State Legislature, and issued a proclamation which cut the Maryland rebels to the quick. It was a regular Butlerian slap across the mouth. It made the Maryland Legislature gag. Gen. Butler is an accomplished artist in the retributive line.

Virginia is next in order. Her turn will surely come. *Gen.* Butler will move from the East, Gen. McClellan will move from the West, behind Harper's Ferry, and an immense column will move from Washington. Gen. McClellan of Ohio, by the way, is esteemed the most promising military man in the United States—equal to the best of the Confederate renegades, who, after having been educated at the expense of the Union, have lifted their accursed hands against it. Every now and then an immense load of cars rushes past, full of soldiers, en route for the seat of war. The cheers of the Sixth and Eighth Massachusetts Regiments on such occasions, are deafening, and they are always returned, with interest.

Capt. Proctor, of your city, was here last evening. I nearly forgot to extend the thanks of the officers of the Watson Light Guard to Mr. George E. Leonard, of your city, for his services in their behalf. The Sixth and Eighth Regiments are expecting orders to move to Fortress Monroe hourly.

R. W. B.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ALEXANDRIA AND ARLINGTON HEIGHTS SEIZED—COL. ELLSWORTH KILLED—HIS MURDERER CUT IN PIECES.

The following dispatch was received by us from Boston this afternoon.

Troops to the number of 7,500 have advanced into Virginia from various points. Arlington Heights and Alexandria have been captured. Col. Ellsworth, in pulling the secessionists flag from the Marshal's House in Alexandria, was shot dead by a concealed force. A special dispatch says he was shot in the hotel.

The wildest excitement at Washington. Ellsworth's slayer cut to pieces by the Zouaves. The news has fairly begun.

It is also reported that the Zouaves have given the secessionists six hours in which to leave the city, which indicates that there is a disposition to destroy it; but if such is the case, it is quite probable that the Government will have time to stay the movement.

WAR NEWS.

Gen Butler and staff have arrived at Fortress Monroe.

The several Flying Artillery corps (at Washington) consisting of seven splendid batteries, have been organized into a single brigade, under the command of Maj Sherman, of the regular army.

Orders have been issued by Gen. Mansfield for all the troops of the District of Columbia to load their guns, and to sleep on their arms every night.

Two thousand troops are still quartered in the capitol. They occupy both of the legislative chambers and the halls of Representatives, and also the committee rooms.

Government hourly expects news of the commencement of hostilities at Fort Pickens. Naval officers here express the belief that the rebels will be outflanked by the land force.

A letter from Virginia states that between fifty and sixty thousand men are under arms in that State, chiefly posted at Richmond, Norfolk, and Harpers' Ferry.

The government will not accept the Corps of Sappers, Miners and Pontoniers.

Twelve members of the Massachusetts 5 h regiment went on Tuesday night to haul down a secession flag in Alexandria. They pulled along the town and were fired at four times by a picket guard while descending the river. No flag is flying in Alexandria.

Private advices confirm the report of large arrivals of arms at the South from abroad, which were shipped from Europe early in April, consisting of over 200,000 muskets and rifles, and ample supplies of gunpowder, percussion caps, and machinery for making the latter.

Much speculation is indulged in as to movements of troops for active service, but those who are presumed to be best acquainted with such matters say that no invasion into the heart of any State of the Confederacy is intended, and that operations will be confined to the recapture of the forts and public property which has been seized on the seaboard, and to the maintenance of the defensive works still in possession of the government. Much deference is paid to the views of Gen. Scott, and it is known that he does not wish to make a forward movement, except in the event of a decided chance of success. There may, however, be modifications of his present policy, dependent on circumstances.

It is rumored that the New York Fire Zouaves have received orders to occupy Arlington Heights.

NOMINATION IN THE THIRD DISTRICT Yesterday afternoon, agreeably to previous notice, the citizens of the Third Congressional District, without respect of party, met at Dunbarton, for the purpose of nominating a successor to Hon. Charles Francis Adams. The convention was fully attended, and organized by the choice of Hon. Amos B. Corning, of Roxbury, for President. On taking the chair he was earnestly applauded, and in response made an admirable speech, saying that "the importance of recent events had proclaimed a new era, and demanded a truce of politics. We must forget party and remember only our country. He asked no man there to stand yesterday, but to-day he stood by the national administration, by the government, the constitution and the flag, he gave him his hand."

On motion of Lawrence Saltonstall, Esq., Hon. B. F. Thomas, of West Roxbury, was nominated by acclamation, amid much enthusiasm. Admirable speeches were made by several gentlemen, and the utmost union of sentiment prevailed. We look upon this as an excellent nomination. As Judge Thomas is well known in Massachusetts, a word of course in his favor is better than elsewhere. We have no doubt whatever that he will be triumphantly elected.

LEGISLATIVE. The extra session of the Legislature came to an end yesterday.—Fifteen bills and two resolves have been approved by the Governor, being all which the Legislature has passed during the special session. Both branches were occupied during the greater part of yesterday in discussing the resolves in relation to the rights of citizens. The resolves of the House (which we published some days ago) were rejected in the Senate, and substitutes proposed were also killed in the House. The mileage and compensation of the members amounted to $10,801.—The most important acts passed by the Legislature were those authorizing the Governor to order into camp between five and six thousand men, for discipline and instruction; and providing for the aid of the families of volunteers in actual service.

A DEPRAVED GIRL. The stable of Mr. Leonard Chandler, of Canaan, Me., was set on fire and totally destroyed on the night of the 11th inst., together with several head of cattle, hay, grain, &c.; also, corn barn and shed. The barn was set on fire by a girl by the name of Julia Chandler, aged twelve years, for the purpose of revenge for a whipping she received for misconduct. She was committed to the jail in Norridgewock.

VIRGINIA ELECTION. We have but few returns from the Virginia election, and those from parts of the State where the vote was almost a majority. The following are the reported majorities, compared with the vote for President last November :—

	Against secession.	For President.
Wheeling,	700	2976
Taylor Co.,	700	1246
Harrison "	1000	2220
Wood "	1600	1801
Berkley "	700	1847

The vote of Ohio County in which Wheeling is situated.

The whole vote of Wheeling is reported to be 2,983 against seceding to 69 for it. Berkley County reported 700 majority against secession, is the next County west of Harper's Ferry. A dispatch from Grafton says that 1,000 votes were cast against and 1 for secession.

The reports are that the troops voted three to one against the Union. At Alexandria (Garrison) the vote stood 133 for Disunion to 2 against. A dispatch from Washington says :—

"The plan of action determined upon by the Union Government in reference to Virginia, will not be deviated from, no matter what the result of the election upon the secession ordinance may be. The Government is well aware that the secession leaders in that State have taken that nothing but an overwhelming secession vote can be expected in the eastern portion of the State, where disunion terrorism reigns supreme."

AN ATTEMPT TO DESTROY A GOVERNMENT VESSEL. The steam frigate Minnesota, left Charlestown on Thursday morning bound to sea under sealed orders, and when going down the harbor a considerable leak was discovered in one of the delivery pipes. She was returned to the navy yard. It is fortunate that their defect developed itself before the frigate had got to sea, otherwise it might have proved to be a terrible affair. Steamers have their sea valves and stop-cocks are said to be in a bad condition. When the Mississippi arrived at this port, two years ago, her machinery was in a bad condition, and it was found that the engineer, and that duty was entrusted to Mr. Michael Quinn, late a chief engineer in the naval service, and a person of great mechanical ability in his profession; and the fact that he received his commission as a Virginian, although a native of Ireland, leads to the suspicion that the defective parts had been inserted by his direction. Last week Mr. Quinn obtained five days' leave of absence, and was to have returned on Saturday last, but as he has not yet come back and reported for duty, and it being stated that the girl has not been struck from the roll, there is hardly any room to doubt the fact that he having proved false to his allegiance.

MORE TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES SEIZED.—Yesterday, R. H. Dana, Jr., United States District Attorney took possession of the telegraphic messages at the office in the telegraph offices of Boston, Springfield, Newburyport, Worcester, and Chicopee. It is supposed that the object of the Government is to test the seasonableness, if not the performance of the army and navy. The matter has caused very little excitement or remark, although the fewer seizures are regarded as an exercise of unnecessary policy on the part of the Government, as it is believed important developments will be made through the dispatches relative to the action of certain traitors within the year past.

THE SIXTH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT. The following is an extract from a letter written by a private in the Sixth Regiment, at the Relay House :—

"I would like to have you look in upon us now. It is raining hard, and we are all in the tents writing. We have just received from the State of Massachusetts some uniforms and rubber blankets, and if you could hear the shouts and blessings poured out upon our old state by her soldiers, you would know that there will be no lack of courage in case of a battle, for all the boys say that Massachusetts shall never regret the favor she has shown us.

"GENTLEMEN :—I am delegated by my company to tell you that if you hold a secret session here as you threaten to do, not one stone of the Capitol will rest upon another twenty-four hours after. Good day."

The secret session has not yet been held, and late accounts (as we published yesterday) are very encouraging for the Union men.

A SPECIAL bearer of dispatches arrived in Washington yesterday, from Lord John Russell, with important instructions for the British Minister there. It is understood that these instructions from the British Foreign Office have a direct and important bearing upon the delicate questions now growing up with reference to the Confederate States and their diplomatic agents.

THE students of the Theological Seminary at Andover, have organized themselves into a Home Guard, under the name of "The Home Rifles," and have been actively drilling.

COL. JOHN C. FREMONT, who was expected to leave Europe on the 18th inst. for this country, is announced to have tendered his services to the government.

MISS THEODY DICKINSON, late of Brattleboro, Vt., and recently deceased, left her dwelling house for the benefit of the pet dog. After the death of the dog the property reverts to a nephew.

THE total number of persons killed in the two collisions at St. Louis between the Union troops and the secessionists, was thirty five.

THE editor of the *Cleveland (O.) Plaindealer*, says he has been a "Hail Columbia" 19hour at his life, and proposes to die a "Yankee Doodle Dandy."

The *Richmond Examiner* says that Richmond contains, at this moment, more than 3000 unemployed negroes. The tobacco factories are closed, or working short hours. All the usual occupations of manual labor are at a stand still. Slaves walk the streets whose masters can find work neither for hire nor for nothing.

AS old farmer in southern Illinois, seeing the cannon at Cairo, remarked that "There brass missionaries had converted a heap of folks."

LETTERS from Kentucky, represent Crittenden, Guthrie, and Ex Governors Dianmond, Owsley and Wickliffe, as earnest for the Union. Mr. Crittenden says :—"I am not for a neutrality subserving secession, but for a neutrality compelling with Kentucky's loyalty to the Union."

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS SAY OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

NEW YORK, August 20, 1852.

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.—*In the following letter, Dr. M'Lane acknowledges that they are the best remedy for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public; and are confident, that if those who are troubled with, any of the above complaints will give them a fair trial, they will not hesitate to acknowledge their beneficial effects.*

MOSS HILL East Troy,
MRS. STEVENS, West Troy.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be "Liver Pills," and the name of DR. M'LANE'S genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Worm Specific, are often given *when Dr. a sale, which cures the worst case of Fever.*

FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
may20 (4)t *1w

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and cheap Tapestry and Brussels carpets sells g at 50 cts. per yard. Call and see them at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

ROYAL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply now on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those about to be suited from our assortment can go home and look at and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE received from Blakemore's Factory, Boston, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms. No single risk on which liability can be incurred, exceeding one hundred thousand dollars. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000

Deposited with the Treasurer of the State of Massachusetts, as security for Policy holders.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby, Arthur P. Bonney, Joshua W. Danforth, Samuel Bothwick, Abner Coburn,
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates, Jonathan Tenney, Lowell.
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Isaac Livermore, Lowell Mass.
Charles M. Clark, Brooklyn, N. Y.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
1 6mmp

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies were on prosperity at the time of the most disastrous fire. Policies written on favorable terms. Office at their Agency, No. 23 1-2 Central st., Lowell.
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
ADOLPHUS C. BARTLETT, Agent.
may20 1m

ACCIDENTS. The Travelers' Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., insures against accidents of all kinds, and will pay a weekly indemnity in case of disability, or a gross sum in case of death. Its capital is $300,000, and it has paid over $100,000 for losses. Apply to
JOHN A. KNOWLTON, Agent,
No. 23 1-2 Central st., (second story,)
Lowell, Mass.
Policies issued for any length of time, from one day to one year.
may20 1m

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Row, Lowell, Mass.
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
may20 1m

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND, No. 18 Appleton Row, Lowell, Mass.
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NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK
CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 56-100 per cent.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage, bearing first class Real Estate worth 2 to 3 times the sum loaned or loan deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy holders.

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Isaac Livermore, Lowell Mass.
Charles M. Clark, Brooklyn, N. Y.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
1 6mmp

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Diseases from a derangement of the stomach, Jaundice, Costiveness, Headache, Piles, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach, or torpid liver, will find a speedy cure by the use of these Bitters. Also, for Female Complaints, Gentlemen's Infirmities, Children troubled with Worms, or Pains in the Stomach, they are unequalled.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

It STIMULATES, REVIVIFIES, INVIGORATES and gives new life and energy to the whole system.

As a MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual in its operations, and is warranted to be free from all other compounds of the Stomach and Bowels, Rum, Whiskey, Gin, Brandy, and other intoxicating spirits and restore weakly, nervous and sickly females.

Shattered constitutions, and those subject to Intermittent Fevers, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, &c., will immediately feel the happy effects of "DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS."

Directions for use in different languages accompany each bottle.

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the sole owners of the iron and portrait on the wrapper of DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, caution the public against counterfeits and imitations.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, or his authorized agents, as we have found it to be a better sold or shipped any Franklin Co. to any other than ourselves, or our agents. DR. LANGLEY & SON, Proprietors,
Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 6, 1858. may23 1m

The Great English Remedy
DR. LANGLEY'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen of England.

AMERICAN WOMEN.—America is justly proud of its beautiful women, but they are not so universally, or prematurely lose their health and beauty, for want of a remedy to relieve them of their ailments. That remedy is found in Dr. Langley's Female Pills. We now have hundreds of cases where they have been used in every part of the country, and in all cases they are used as Special Affections, Pain in the Back and Loins, Female Weakness, Irregularity or Suppression of the Menses, Whites, Prolapsus or Falling of the Womb, Hysterics, Nervousness, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system. Also, for Children troubled with Worms, these Pills have never been known to fail. *Moderating exercise and a proper diet should be observed during the use of these pills, but they require no restraint from business.*

Sold by druggists and Fancy Goods dealers everywhere.

Beware of Counterfeits! Buy only of Druggists and Jobbers.

GILBERT BROS. & CO., Proprietors,
Delaware City, Del.
may23 6mwsp

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
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This extraordinary preparation has been for many years the most certain and speedy remedy of "conflicting" pulmonary complaints that has been known to the Chest and Lungs. To those suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side, &c., it will prove a sure relief. Public Speakers and Singers will find it invaluable in relieving hoarseness and clearing the voice. Military men, and those exposed to the night air, will find it a safe protection against attacks of Pneumonia, Pleurisy, &c. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines. Price 25 cents per box.

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THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 25, 1861. NO. 6873.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE in Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points on Canada Road.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond,	$6 50
" " " Charleston,	5 90
" " " Derby,	5 90
" " " Newport,	6 00
" " " Stanstead,	6 00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 152 MERRIMACK STREET.

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Lowell, April 19, 1860.

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FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

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Fact No. 2.—Their Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—Their Machines may be set adapted, to satisfy other sewing machines in market, to their frequent changes of stitch, or endless variety of sewing required in a fam ily. They will sew from the finest cambric muslin to the coarsest needle without stopping, and make per fect stitches. They will even sew from the finest piece to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the machine in any respect, tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In fact such a machine best adapted to family use! and if not adapted to family use, the best for every branch of light sewing manufactures! For such no hesitation! Family Machines are recommended to larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—The Machines make the most exquisite and elastic seam, which is also a feature of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, as goods of this kind are in general use.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, as a child can understand.

The reputation of these Machines wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fashion Institute in Saratoga.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, over all competitors, at the Annual Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing generally, whenever property required, in competition with other first-class sewing machines. So we have space for only one fact more, the most important fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine now in market, or it can be forfeited.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who are not familiar with them, but are, nevertheless, the constant inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world. They are the result of peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Machines, and have furnished them with all the many, many advantages over all other Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or manufactures.

The company having determined to meet the wants of the public, have furnished them with best Machines, and have furnished them with all the many, many advantages over all other Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or manufactures.

The

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, May 25, 1861.

GEN. BUTLER AND THE MASSACHUSETTS STAFF. In consequence of the resignation of Gen. Butler as Brigadier General of Massachusetts, and of his acceptance of the appointment by the President and Cabinet of Major General of the United States, the Massachusetts appointments upon his staff necessarily expire. The staff consisted of Maj W. H. Clemence, senior aid; Captains Haggerty, Conway, and Dutter, the first three from Lowell, and the latter from Woburn.

Maj. Clemence and Capt. Haggerty accompanied the General to the seat of war, and were constantly with him from the time of his arrival at Annapolis until his departure to Fortress Monroe, in the Department of Virginia, except when detailed to execute special orders. Colonel Edward G. Parker, formerly of Gov. Bank's and now of Maj. Gen. Sutton's staff, was also a member of Gen. Butler's staff, and accompanied him from Annapolis to the Relay House, where, for a time, he was left in temporary command, and subsequently, with Major Clemence, assumed the same General upon his return into Baltimore.

As it becomes necessary for Gen. Butler, in the selection of his new staff, either to take them from the regular army of the United States, or the volunteer or militia regiments, and as Maj. Clemence, Col. Parker and Capt. Haggerty deem it inexpedient to enlist for that time, they may therefore be soon expected home.

Maj. Clemence has been detailed to close up the affairs of Gen. Butler in the Department of Annapolis, after which he will, by order of the General, return to Lowell, in charge of the famous steam gun, which was captured by a detachment from the Sixth and Eighth Massachusetts Regiments, under command of Capt. Haggerty. Here, a Marylander, who was temporarily attached to the staff. Maj. Clemence is directed to deliver the gun into the hands of the City Government of Lowell, where it will be taken as a trophy of the gallantry and bravery of the Massachusetts troops. Having performed this duty, the Major will, at his convenience, enter upon the discharge of duties connected with another branch of the Government.

Capt. Haggerty will accompany the General to Fortress Monroe, and having remained there for a short period, will return home, to resume his profession. Col. Parker returns to Boston to attend to matters connected with the Second Division of the Massachusetts militia.

The members of the staff retire with many evidences of kind appreciation on the part of Gen. Butler. Among other things he has given them each a letter to His Excellency the Governor, most cordially recognizing their services in the trying scenes of his Maryland campaign.

TEST YOUR GUN. It appears, by a communication in the *Boston Journal*—probably from some one in the Watertown arsenal—that the views of the *Boston Atlas and Bee*, to which we alluded the other day, in regard to the imperfections of the Minie-ball cartridges, were the result of ignorance in those who practiced with the new rifled muskets, and condemned the cartridges. According to the Watertown authority, the cartridge is not to be put into the musket and rammed home; but the end is to be broken, the powder poured into the weapon, and the ball then placed upon it, bread end down; and the butt of the musket to be then gently tapped, to fill the chamber in the base of the ball with powder. We think it plain that the ball should be covered with a light wad, if it fits the bore freely enough to drop down to the powder, else it would, quite as easily, drop out. In either case, the wad might not be necessary; but in loading for movements, or a march, a light wad must be essential. The *Atlas and Bee* of this morning, makes the philosophy of the Minie-ball, when it says, "in fact, there can be no force, until the resistance of the ball, by *friction in passing out*, shall furnish it." The truth is, the *inertia* of the ball gives that first *resistance* which expands the hollow cup at the base of the ball, causes it to fill the rifle grooves, and thus promotes that *more perfect* air excursion, which gives the final power which speeds its course from the muzzle.

FOREIGN. The steamer Etna, with four days' later intelligence from Europe, was intercepted off Cape Race yesterday.—The most important feature of her news relates to the feeling in England in relation to our affairs. The English Government has issued a proclamation, declaring its intention to maintain strict neutrality and impartiality between the contesting parties in America, and warning its subjects not to meddle in the quarrel.

It was announced in Parliament that Spain had consented to the reannexation of Dominica. England and France were willing, and to take possession of any objection on the part of the United States, Spain has ordered the construction of six first-class steam frigates.

The death of the Duke of Bedford is announced. He was seventy-three years of age.

A WHALE ON THE RAILWAY. This week a whale, caught in the St. Lawrence river, was brought, alive, from River du Loup to Boston, all the way by rail. This stranger is fourteen feet long; is lively when roused up, and brought by special trains, safely to the Agricultural Gardens, at which place he is "permanently engaged." The fact that such a water monster should be conveyed eight hundred miles by railway, is not a little astonishing.

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT.

CAPTURE OF ALEXANDRIA AND DEATH OF COL. ELLSWORTH. The reported capture of Alexandria by the government troops, attended by the death of Col. Ellsworth, of which we had a telegraphic dispatch yesterday, is confirmed. At an early hour yesterday morning, several regiments were sent into Virginia from Washington. The New York Zouaves, 14th, 69th regiments, and New Jersey regiment captured Alexandria, while Arlington Heights were occupied by several other regiments.—When the federal troops reached Alexandria, the Virginia troops fired at them and fled.

A report says that 300 of the rebel troops were captured on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, near Alexandria, by the New York 69th.

The most painful circumstance attending the capture of Alexandria, was the death of the young and brave Col. Ellsworth, of the New York Zouaves, which took place under the following circumstances:—

The Zouaves crossed the river in boats, and landed in good order, each company forming on the street facing the river.—Company D, under Capt. Winchester, was detailed to destroy the Railroad track, which they performed. Col. Ellsworth then directed the Adjutant to form the regiments, and with the aid of Lieut. Wisner and a staff of men started to cut the telegraph wires.

They had proceeded about three blocks, when the attention of Col. Ellsworth was attracted by a large secession flag flying from the Marshall House. He entered the hotel and meeting a man in the hall asked him who put the flag up. The man answered that he did not know, he was a boarder in the house. Col. Ellsworth, Lieut. Wisner, the chaplain of the regiment, Mr. House, a volunteer aid, and four privates, went to the roof, when Col. Ellsworth cut down the flag.

The party were returning down stairs, headed by private Brownell. As they left the attic, the man who said he was a boarder, but who proved to be the landlord, was met in the hall, having a double barrelled gun, which he leveled at Brownell. The latter struck up the gun with his musket, when Jackson pulled both triggers, the contents lodging in the body of Col. Ellsworth. Brownell, with the quickness of lightning, leveled his musket at Jackson and fired. The ball struck him in the bridge of the nose and crashed him through the skull, killing him instantly.—As he fell, Brownell thrust him through with his bayonet. Col. Ellsworth's companions held guard some ten minutes until reinforced by Company A. The company made a litter of muskets, and placing the body upon it, returned to the hotel, leaving a detachment to guard the hotel, and make prisoners of all its occupants.

The body of Col. Ellsworth is at the Navy Yard in Washington, and after fitting ceremonies will be taken to Mechanicsville, where his family reside, for interment.

The Colonel was shot between the 3d and 4th ribs, shattering the 4th rib, the slugs entering the left auricle of the heart, and downward at the lungeneurs with which it came in contact. The other charge of the gun, a double barreled one entered the wainscoting near him. The Colonel fell on his face, only exclaiming, "My God!" The blood poured from his wound in such profusion as to drench the entire passage. A few seconds afterward he uttered a low moan, but his eyes were instantly fixed and he ceased to breathe. He was laid upon a bed in a room near at hand, and with the rebel flag stained with his blood, formed now a trophy of his glory, about his feet.

Another account says that the murderer of Col. Ellsworth was James W. Jackson, keeper of the Marshall House. He must have died suddenly, as he was shot through the head and afterward run through the body by the sabre bayonet of some private. His wife presently discovered the fatality, and approaching his body in search of the most agonizing cries, and although treated with the utmost consideration that could be offered in her misery, she remained a long time in the wildest state of frenzy.

President Lincoln has visited the Navy Yard and viewed the body of his youthful friend, Col. Ellsworth.

The Michigan regiment was accompanied by two guns from Col. Sherman's battery and a company of United States cavalry. As they passed down the street, a steam whistle saluted them, and a train of cars steamed away, probably bearing most of the secession forces. One company of horse, numbering 30, were captured by Col. Sherman's battery, who came up the street toward them like a whirlwind, and they had no choice but to surrender, dead or alive. The Michiganian proceeded to tear up the rails leading out of the city, while other detachments did the same office for the road at distant points.

It is reported that Gen. Sanford of New York, has gone on to take command of the forces advancing into Virginia. His headquarters for a few days will be on Arlington Heights.

The first movement of troops toward Virginia was commenced about 2 o'clock last one o'clock, Friday morning, when six companies of District volunteers, including the National Rifles and Grayson, stepped from Long Bridge upon Virginia soil. Nothing hostile was seen until they arrived at Alexandria, and upon some of the left Virginia pretexts, who put spurs to their horses and got out of the way. The vanguard was commanded by Gen. Stone, under whom Capt. Sumner led the centre, Adjt. Abbott the left, and Col. Stewart the right. They stopped within half a mile of Alexandria, waiting for the main force, having made sure that the coast was clear.

There are reports of shots having been fired by Virginia troops as they left for Alexandria, and that one of their number was killed by a shot from the Government troops.

Judge Arny has tendered the President three regiments from Kansas, and they will co-operate with Illinois and Iowa regiments to protect Union men in southern Illinois, and to take possession of the bridges connecting with another branch of the Government.

Capt. Haggerty will accompany the General to Fortress Monroe, and having remained there for a short period, will return home, to resume his profession. Col. Parker returns to Boston to attend to matters connected with the Second Division of the Massachusetts militia.

The members of the staff retire with many evidences of kind appreciation on the part of Gen. Butler. Among other things he has given them each a letter to His Excellency the Governor, most cordially recognizing their services in the trying scenes of his Maryland campaign.

It is believed the next movement made by the government troops will be on Harper's Ferry.

The *New York Commercial's* Washington despatch says that as an advance upon the rebel force stationed at Culpepper Court House is expected. This post of the rebels is sixty two miles from Alexandria. It has been reported that the rebel force there is formidable, but we feel assured that Gen. Scott has directed the advance with a full understanding of all he has to encounter, and that the right must triumph.

Captains Boyle and Scheffer, prominent secessionists from the city of Washington, were captured in the Virginia woods.

The Federal force in Virginia at this time probably is not less than 13,000—in fact it is so estimated; and that there are a quarter of a million men under arms at this time and in the service of the government.

A LOYAL OFFICER IN TEXAS.

INTERESTING LETTER FROM MAJ. SPRAGUE. The *Albany Argus* publishes the following letter, received by a gentleman in that city from Major Sprague, who was recently in Congress from the trans-Mississippi:—

HEADQUARTERS, TEXAS RIFLEMEN, 1861.

DEAR SIR: Since my last letter events have culminated here so rapidly that it is impossible for me to narrate them in detail. To myself, the most important event is my arrest as a prisoner of war. The details of the affair are adopted at Washington toward the Confederate States, alafmed the authorities in Montgomery, when orders were transmitted to arrest and disarm the United States troops en route out of Texas, unless the arrest was made by Major Twiggs, and to arrest the United States officers on duty in San Antonio, "as prisoners of war." The last mentioned mandate by Texas that the entire command serving in New Mexico should be disarmed, is unsolved, has been disregarded, and Texas, throughout her recently acknowledged government has prepared herself for a most proclaim act.—Fifteen officers have been arrested and marched through the streets of San Antonio, surrounded by a guard of Texas volunteers. Most of these officers have served in Texas, under the same commander in the frontier. When coming into the seceding States, in February last, on my way to New Mexico, I had serious apprehensions of the present result, and endeavored by timely representations to the proper authority to avoid it, but was unsuccessful, and here I am, "a prisoner of war." If taken in conflict, I should be treated as an article of warfare, I would not grumble; but to be crushed in the treachery of a North in the treachery of others, is more than man can bear. I have served twenty-two years under our flag, and spent in it the best days of my life and time and setting sun, and have witnessed its triumphs, with a proud heart, in all parts of the country. To this Union I am devoted, and though for a time my sword may rest in its scabbard, yet my tongue, heart, intellect and pen, shall be devoted, in peaceful warfare against those, who, with vindictive spleen, and pretended wrong would destroy this government under which we have lived and prospered so many years.

Political parties and questions have not a place in the negro has gone under, neck and heels, and it becomes every man who loves his country to stand by the Union. We have parolles offered, obligating us not to bear arms during what they, the enemy, call a war, unless exchanged, or to remain close prisoners of war. All communication with the States by mail or otherwise is cut off, and the entire country is under the control of ranging volunteers. The Germans and men, though removed from all connection with the Government, are restrained by the agents of the Confederate States to join their cause, with the prospect of increased rank and pay, have remained true to their colors, in the firm conviction in the ability and patriotism of the People to restores our wrongs.

We remain here as prisoners, or take a parole and go home. That is still the question. I give you a few of the heavy forces in

RELIGIOUS.

THE LESSONS OF THE TIMES.

A SERMON.

BY REV. J. L. JENKINS.

Preached in the First Congregational Church, Lowell, Sunday Evening, May 19th, 1861.

TEXT.—When thy judgments are in the earth, the inhabitants of the world will learn righteousness.—Isaiah xxvi. 9.

God's judgments come on a mission of instruction. They are stern, terrible, effective teachers. Directly under their power they are divinely empowered for their work. To teach solemn and urgent lessons, their mode of instruction is startling, impressive, thorough. Gentler methods are put by and divine lessons are taught in noise and suffering—in violence and blood. When such teachers are sent, it becomes the people they visit to awake and be instructed. God has for them most important lessons. Divine judgments were not sent among a people if not now among us. No people, if we are not, were ever under their divine tuition. In the presence of such instructors, it becomes us to be attentive, and teachable. Thus disposed let us contemplate the fact that, when God teaches through judgments. 2. Some of the lessons taught by the divine judgment. under which we are now suffering.

I. *God teaches through judgments.*—We may name the entire activity of God, so far as it produces visible effects—teaching. He cannot act without instructing, without revealing more or less fully himself, his purposes, his preferences. This property—this revealing property—belongs of necessity to all intelligent beings, and in greater degree to the more perfect and so in an incomprehensible degree to God. Whenever he acts, he makes a revelation of important truth. It he build a world—a vast system of countless worlds—if he make the lily grow in beauty, or balance the cloud—if he elect a people, and appropriate years to their education—if in Godlike love he projects a redemption for sinning man, to be consummated by the incarnation and death, wherever he acts, be it in the supreme splendor of Bethlehem or on the peaceful repose of the Mount of Beatitudes—be it in the awful terrors of the Crucifixion or the genial sunshine of the marriage feast, wherever God acts, *there* is a manifesting light in of his glory. Every action is never complete in itself—its value is in its revealing, teaching power. All divine actions are clothed with this power, are sent among men to dispense it. They are vehicles valuable for what they carry unless without their load. They are good for God imparts truth. God's activity, his direct, personal activity, extends to all nature. It is this which gives their rightful claim upon our most thoughtful study. In this fact we have not merely a permission, but a command, to study creation, to make tributaries to bring near the distant, to apply all microscopes to disclose the world the eye is too weak to see—to make voyages to remote and unknown lands—to pierce the earth's crust—to do all the work busy and inquisitive science is doing. So we have a commission that reaches to all space over all history—to trace upon its broad acres the majestic movements of matter swayed by the will, and working out the purpose of God. Wherever God has acted, or is acting, there are issues of truth, God for man to learn.

Within a self-chosen sphere God has so acted as to teach with peculiar impressiveness and distinctness. This sphere the Scriptures mark out. The Old Testament history—what grand interpositions, what magnificent displays of God's power. At the time of the exodus more than a million were now convulsing the nation, it is the struggle of government seeking to exalt itself in the respect, and so to secure the allegiance of the people. God is protecting his own institution from insult and shock. All are to, see, as if under a common divine impulse, our hitherto money-getting, peace-loving people, are talking of the government, its necessity, its honor, and thousands are willing to go to battle for the protection of a government, which till now in danger, they never realized the worth of. It is very much that ordinary hopes have been displaced and new, and lofty subjects of conversation introduced. For a while gazing may be fascinating, and yet neighbors when they meet, forget to discuss either of their neighbors, and really get hold of exciting and elevating themes. Men surprise themselves by finding that they can talk about higher matters than stocks and traffic. It is very much, too, that all party politics are put by. Questions are now engrossing attention than those upon which parties divide—The minds of men are turned to the government itself—its nature, its functions, its powers. Everywhere speech is of these. The papers find unusually exciting war items to draw from their discussions upon government. Our soldiers carry to war New Testament and the constitution. Our people are being indoctrinated, are being made acquainted with the theory of government. Two generations have passed since its formation. We were getting ignorant of it. Not knowing its distinctive excellencies we could not venerate it. There was danger lest we should care so little for it that we should lose it. God has prevented this. All speech is so saturated with thoughts of government, so much of the truth of God could do to weaken and disgrace it, only augments the grandeur of its true character.

Coming out from these difficulties and dangers stronger, juster, better than ever, with more powerful claims upon our affectionate loyalty, and upon the admiration of the world. But this trial to which our Government has been subjected, is a dear one. It has been borne at a costly price in the sacrifice of life, and as an expense of treasure and blood. Since we love and prize the blessings of government, its value and our Government will be all the more precious to us. Everything conspires to make it so. Many a man has got more and more accurate ideas of our government during the last month than in the rest of his life. We have all been studying the science of government in the very best way. Till our government was threatened, and there was danger of its overthrow, we did not think much about it; this thoughts of government, its value and its power and claims that the most illiterate man has learned better than all the books

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, May 27, 1861.

COL. ELMER E. ELLSWORTH, who was shot at Alexandria on Friday, was born in Malta, Saratoga County, N. Y., and was but twenty-four years of age. His only military experience, until within about four years, was in the school at West Point. He resided about three years in Chicago, where he was engaged in the study of law, and where he first becomes known to the public through his connexion with the Chicago Zouaves. He entered the law office of Mr. Lincoln a little more than a year ago, where he remained till about the time Mr. Lincoln left home for Washington. A commission to raise a regiment of Zouaves from the firemen of New York was given him when it was seen that hostilities between the North and the South could not be avoided, and to this he was successful; but, alas! he was the first to fall, and that too by the hand of the assassin. His death will be mourned wherever he was known in the free States.

The remains of Col. Ellsworth arrived in New York yesterday forenoon, and were received with much solemnity of respect by the military, the firemen, and by citizens. Many of the public buildings and hotels were draped in mourning, and the flags were at half mast throughout the city.

The *New York Tribune*, in a notice of the death of Col. Ellsworth, says he was a man of exemplary moral habits, and a model of temperance and integrity. It is said that he never tasted a drop of liquor, nor smoked a cigar in his life. At the time of his martyr's death he was engaged to be married to Miss Spofford, a charmable young lady of Rockford, Illinois. The personal sorrow for his untimely loss can hardly be more poignant than the indignant national grief, which is pledged both to honor the memory and avenge the murder of the departed.

We cannot better close this brief notice of an event which has cast a cloud of sadness on us all, than by quoting the following passage from a discourse by Rev. W. R. Alger, touching the same subject :—

O, loved and stainless soldier! not in vain didst thou shed thy precious blood, and lay down thy young life. Taken in the flush of thy days, in the midst of the undiffused sweetness of thy strength, without a spot on the heroic virtue, in thy rare love henceforth to live, incapable of ever growing old, enshrined in all thy fearless beauty in the memory of thy country, thy early history shall show thee to the admiring youth of future times, thine unsullied forehead garlanded with immortal praises.

We will not lament, but honor and emulate thee. Thy life thou didst freely devote at the altar of a holy cause; but thy death is a greater service far. The traitor-cue erages at thy feet, pierced with patriotic manding thy crest, in the place of duty full gallantly thou stoodst when the murderer's missive smote thee, and thy heart poured its sacramental drench over the trophy thine own chivalrous hand had plucked. Thy sacrifice, soon now in weakness, shall rise in strength in the terrible day when thy remembering regiments, witt agonizing joy—hearing in their van the emblem suffused with thy blood—see flaming vane—front to front, shall meet the soul-dreaming hosts of rebels and traitors. Sleep well, O thou darling of many hearts, in thy early grave! Victory on victory shall compensate the land that mourns thee. And where thou art, no calamity can ever happen to blot thy fame or mar the blooming image thy destiny bequeathed to stand forever side by side with WARREN in the Temple of American Life.

FLAG-RAISING AT PELHAM, N. H. The citizens of Pelham had an interesting gathering Saturday afternoon, on the occasion of raising a flag in the village. Among those who had taken a deep interest in the matter was Edward Wyman, of Boston, a native of Pelham, who was present. From 1500 to 2000 persons of Pelham and surrounding towns (many of them being natives of Pelham, settled elsewhere) were present. Lowell contributed quite a delegation. The flag was run up by young ladies, teachers in that town, amid the hearty cheers of the crowd. Joshua Atwood, Esq., presided, and patriotic speeches were made by E. A. Alger, Esq., of this city, Rev. Mr. Russell, of Pelham, Hon. Peter Lawson, of this city, Rev. Mr. Gage, and Moody Hobbs, Esq., of Pelham, Mr. Wyman, of Boston, B. F. Cutter, Esq., of Pelham, and others.

A band was present from Nashua and Hudson, and gave several popular airs and national songs were sung by a choir belonging in Pelham. A company of minutemen raised in Pelham, were also present, and added to the interest of the occasion. This company will soon be equipped, ready for service. We are informed that the gathering was one of the most interesting ever held in that town, and speaks well for the patriotism of the yeomanry of that section, who have ignored all party distinctions in their zeal for the cause of the country.

SEWALL'S POINT. The battery erected by the rebels on Sewall's Point, about which so much interest is now felt, and at which there must soon be a determined and desperate struggle, is on the right bank of Elizabeth River, and due south about three miles from Fortress Monroe. It is within half a mile of the deep channel to Norfolk, and must therefore be reduced before the Gosport Navy Yard can be taken.

PAUL AKERS, the artist, a native of Maine, died in Philadelphia a few days ago. Mr. Akers returned from Italy about eight months ago, soon after which he married Mrs. Taylor (letter known as Florence Percy) one of the sweetest writers of her sex in New England.

The Border State's Convention meets at Frankfort, Ky., to-day.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

Our citizens, for two days past, just have been excited to the highest point by news *from* the seat of war, or rather from the seat of rumors, the false editions of the Boston papers. We propose to dispose of the false reports in the briefest way : by stating that no fighting occurred between Washington and Alexandria on Saturday, and that Sewall's Point was not attacked by Gen. Butler. The reports, it should also be added, originated in Washington, and Saturday afternoon and yesterday were circulated all over the country, only to be contradicted this morning.

The news of to-day is not of great importance. At Fortress Monroe the force is set down at 6000, and two Massachusetts Regiments (probably the Sixth and Eighth) have arrived there. The Pembroke, which left Boston last Wednesday morning, arrived at the Fortress on Saturday, with two Massachusetts companies.

Gen. Butler had made a bold reconnoissance toward Norfolk. He set three fugitive slaves, brought in by his pickets, at work, and in answer to their owner's demand for their surrender, replied that he considered them contraband of war, but would give them up when their forks and plates ; and yet good humor prevails.

It is pleasing to note how soon to appetite will dispose of delicate little controversies. By all day our Boston friends the frying pan for our meats, and no one seems to object to the mode of dining, though there is no mistake but I went without eating much for a day or two.

There has been a rumor in the camp that the Sixth is to go soon to Fortress Monroe ; but as the time has been deep in the mud several days, and no order passed, and we are still here, it quite confirms the statement made (or reported to have been made) by Gen. Scott, that is was his policy to keep the troops in the northern districts for the purpose of fully equipping and perfecting them in drill and military tactics, till they were needed in active service ; and, besides, this junction is an important point to hold, by prohibiting the transportation of provisions and munitions of war over the roads for the benefit of secession forces. A large quantity of contraband goods have been seized by our troops, and in some instances appropriated to very good use ; and I am quite sure it is a benefit to the generous cause.

The "Sixth" is stationed on the heights about a half mile from a village called St. Dennis, or Elkridge Landing.—Directly south of us, on more elevated hills, the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment is located. The Boston Light Artillery is in the camp of the "Sixth," with six fine guns. They have about seventy horses, and very fine looking horses they are, too.

There is no doubt but secession spies are numerous here about, and very little concealment is placed in the pretensions of the "Unionists" in this section. There are now some one hundred and fifty Union Maryland troops (a very suspicious appearing squad) prowling around here. Last night the citizens of the village sent to Col. Jones for a guard to be stationed at different posts in the place, to protect them from the abuse and inroads of the Maryland troops (a very suspicious appearing squad) prowling about

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of LETTER-PRESS PRINTING,

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Business, Addresses, Programmes, Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions, Cards, Bill Heads, Printed from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, in White or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS Adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for the married and *single ladies*, and is now very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent miscarriage*, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is perfectly safe at any time. It is a great value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too *rapid increase*, as it has been incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If 3 or 4 bottles be taken as directed, it will restore the most obstinate case of suppression, and in any recent case, only one bottle is sufficient. If by mail, or over the counter, always state the disease, and the sex, whether married or single ladies, and in what month they want it. Price $5 per bottle, or four bottles for $15, which will be sent to any part of the country, by mail or express, free of charge, on receipt of the money. Sold by the sole proprietor, DR. MATTISON, No. 28 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass. Also, by Druggists generally throughout the country.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. 1y

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, of Warrensburg, Mo., writes that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomtville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was troubled with having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, a pain in the small of the back most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "the Bitters are, indeed, a wonderful remedy, and every affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them to families in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

D. K. GALLAHER, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the order of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

may7 d&w3m

W.H.DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

20 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames and

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Pictures.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

Clocks,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

RESTAURANT.

DUTTON will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 11 o'clock, A. M., to 2 P. M., on the 25th of May, and every day thereafter, as long as the delicacies of the season, shall be found in the market.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate those who desire to obtain a meal or meals from dinners at a specie hour.

R. EMERY

may25

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article of toilet luxury. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may25 eod3m

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

Only Manufacturers of Upright Pianos in Lowell.

Warerooms, Wyman's Block, Merrimack Square.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. 1y

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Mr. Otis manufactured by the

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

Pure Sperm and unsurpassed white and colored CARDS Adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
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Lowell, June 2, 1860. 1y

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, or any inflammatory disease, all who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to do

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold, wholesale and retail, by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLAGE & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and all retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

February 18, 1861. 57 Tyler Street, Boston.

feb18dly

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing glove in use.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Gent's Hunt Skins and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Market Sts.

Jan21 sly

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, socket, hand, centre, table, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale or retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 46 Merrimack Street.

oct30

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD manufactured by the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best Old Linseed Oil, and to be equal in quality by Boar, Davies and Piverness, it is believed that no better White Lead can be made. We mark All White Lead made as above, and named "Warranted Pure." For sale by the agent,

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead, and the purity of the Linseed Oil with which it is ground, warrants the belief that 100 lbs will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other kinds. It is made from pigs of one of the best pure ores in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A full supply of Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, and Block Tin constantly on hand, but no work done and to order. Orders left at the Office of the Company, No. 1 Broad street, Boston, will receive prompt attention.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and has introduced many important improvements in the mode of manufacture, results his long experience and practical knowledge.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained of the Manufacturer's prices by the following Agents, at No. 8 and 9 Merrimack Building, Boston street, Lowell.

sep29dly

To Farmers and Gardeners,

LIME and PLASTER for sale by the cask or bushel, at the celebrated herdsman, Jacob Wemich & Co's Lime Kiln, Chelmsford, Mass. Also, Lime for sale or by the cask, at the Lime Kiln, Central street, Lowell.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. Produces a new, rich, glossy and agreeable softness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not gummy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It confines the hair when long, and when hard and dry,

It soothes the irritated scalp such.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains unchanged in any climate.

It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mh7

RESTAURANT.

DUTTON will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 11 o'clock, A. M., to 2 P. M., on the 25th of May, and every day thereafter, as long as the delicacies of the season, shall be found in the market.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate those who desire to obtain a meal or meals from dinners at a specie hour.

R. EMERY

may25

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article of toilet luxury. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may25 eod3m

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article of toilet luxury. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

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GRASS SEED.

150 Bush. Timothy Seed;
40 Bags Red Top do;
200 lbs. Prime Clover do;

Also, Hungarian Millet, Blade and Millet Seed for sale at the lowest cash prices by

S. N. WOOD, 42 Market st.

may22

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALLISON CORN PLASTER.

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed, as evidenced from *Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now a *Fixed Fact*, that Corns have invested in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It surrounded to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. N. WOOD,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries.

may22

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

Made and repaired. Canes in great variety. Parasol setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 d1f

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light one thousand times WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 46 Merrimack st.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE.

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

LAWSON'S

INFALLIBLE

NERVOUS CURATIVE,

—FOR—

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY.

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after the use of a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of his Neuralgia or Paralysis.

JOANNI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a virulent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in 1857, from which he had suffered much since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Cashier of

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of the Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife—red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sad suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery man, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders, and numbness in both legs. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative, seventeen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by one application, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Rev. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of it since.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of acute suffering, two years ago. No return of the disease. In perfect health now.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of intense suffering from Neuralgia, after four years. Her sister, Mary Pratt, cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain in this case, during a year.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Lumbago and Chilblains

LORENI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia Pains in back, breast, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since cured.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Cattaraugus Co.,

Cured of a very painful case of Neuralgia, by using one bottle one year ago, to return of pain.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, son of Provisdence. Ct.,

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years' standing. The pain left his body in 5 years October, 1858, given up by his physicians as incurable. They have since met, and now enjoys the best of health.

BENJ. P. CUTTER, Esq., Nelson, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia of the face, head and leg, after one year of intense suffering; also cured of Neuralgia in the stomach, after 10 years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain in either case, for a year.

Mrs. JOSEPH HARRIS, Dea. Marblehead.

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N.H.

Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case, in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lowell.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having had all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornton, N. H.

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully. Cured with two bottles.

Mrs. MARY ANN CHEEVER, Dracut.

Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of the face, temples and head, by the use of the Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health; and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.

OLIVER MORSE, Dracut.

Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried all remedies about him, no relief; was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative—no pain ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right arm and knee, after 10 years agonizing pain; after trying everything he could hear of, and all fruitless. He is surrounded to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. N. WOOD,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries.

may22

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Inland Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Pond, $6.50
" " " " Charleston, 6.50
" " " " Derby, 6.00
" " " " Newport, 5.00
" " " " Stanstead, 5.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, may be had at the **Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,**

181 MERRIMACK STREET.

Adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

da7 jan28 G. H. FISHER, Agent.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half the thread required by the shuttle or chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach es in market, to the fine and delicate work of a family, and to the heavy work of the manufacturer; For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we refer to our Manufacturing Machine.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any machine in use, which is a very great importance to sewing elastic goods, or any fabric that is to be worn.

Fact No. 5.—The Machine is more durable and more simple in its construction, than any other machine in use.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever sold, fully demonstrates each of the above FACTS.

Each of Chilblains by one application, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

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BENJ. P. CUTTER, Esq., Nelson, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia of the face, head and leg, after one year of intense suffering; also cured of Neuralgia in the stomach, after 10 years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain in either case, for a year.

Mrs. JOSEPH HARRIS, Dea. Marblehead.

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N.H.

Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe case, in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lowell.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having had all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornton, N. H.

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully. Cured with two bottles.

Mrs. MARY ANN CHEEVER, Dracut.

Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of the face, temples and head, by the use of the Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health; and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.

OLIVER MORSE, Dracut.

Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried all remedies about him, no relief; was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative—no pain ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right arm and knee, after 10 years agonizing pain; after trying everything he could hear of, and all fruitless. He is surrounded to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. N. WOOD,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries.

may22

THE PARAGON UMBRELLA,

Also, constantly on hand, Gingham and Cotton Umbrellas and Parasols, with a great variety of

BEECHER'S CORNER HAT STORE.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—*sold or sold for rent.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most fashionable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

SAML. RIDDER, Jr.

dec1 1y

SPECTACLES.—A new lot of Steel Bands just received by J. MERRILL, No. 37 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

may29

PAPER HANGINGS!

LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 37 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

may29

THE ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FROM Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction, and recommend it for all cases of Rheumatism in Canada East, and in fact, wherever it has been introduced, it unite in testifying the all well doing and great good it has done, in healing of any age, as well as restore. Read the following:—

Quebec, Dec. 24th, 1860.

Dear Sir:—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining favor in this city, and many have had occasion to try your valuable medicine, and give your Hair Restorative a perfect test.

During this year 1860, I have been attacked to be thrown from my saddle against a rock near the road by which my head was severely cut, and received a long and severe contusion, which completely destroyed over the entire surface on the front part of the head. The hair commenced dropping, however, to the time of its total disappearance, I employed several physicians, who prescribed various remedies, but without arresting the disease. I finally determined to try your Restorative, and was delighted to find in every prescription almost exactly suited to my case.

Those and no other circumstances induced me to write to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have nearly ceased to believe, produced a very happy result, and I am now in possession of a head of hair as beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw, for which I am indebted to your Hair Restorative, and for which I shall ever recommend your remedy to all sufferers, and more especially to those who have lost their hair, and look elderly before their time. You can publish this, if you please.

I am, very respectfully yours,

R. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 15th, 1855.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty to inform you of the wonderful effects of your Restorative, which has in every case in which it has been used by my family, or myself, given entire satisfaction. I have used it myself for a severe cough, and found it much so much so that he was compelled to use it. I have also used it for the hair, and find it to be the best article I could recommend your remedy to all sufferers, and more especially to those who have lost their hair, and look elderly before their time. You can publish this, if you please.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, May 28, 1861.

LIGHT RIFLE CANNON FOR FIELD SERVICE.—We desire to invite special attention to the suggestions in the following communication. The writer has given the subject considerable attention, and is confident that what he proposes is entirely practicable. We hope that his suggestions will be tested, and if they should meet his own expectations, there would be no necessity of sending abroad for arms with which to put down the formidable rebellion now threatening the security of our country.—ED.

EDITOR OF THE COURIER:—I wish to make a few suggestions through the columns of your paper, on the subject of the war for the reflection of military men, and to excite action on the part of the State government. Nothing new on the subject of gunnery, artillery practice, or solid or explosive shot is suggested. But a more effective and destructive combination of well-tried material is respectfully suggested, and which I hope may be carried into practice by the Northern States at once.

The power of the rifled cannon first used by the Emperor Napoleon on the fields of Magenta and Solferino in 1859, are well known to scientific and military men.—They consisted of two cannon, for the siege and 4 pounders for field batteries.—Their effects upon these well-contested fields are a matter of history, and gave to the French in the artillery arm a decided superiority over the Austrians.

Let us inquire what was the 4 lb. French rifled cannon, and its power. It was of bronze, cast, loaded at the breech. Each gun has six twisted rifles—the rifles being about an inch wide and one-third of an inch deep. In the bottom of the breech there is a narrow chamber to receive the powder, like the carbine of Dahlgren gun. The projectile rests on the bottom of this chamber, is of a cylindro-spherical form, resembling the ball of the infantry; of iron and hollow and conical like the musket. The cylindrical base of the bullet is pierced in six places, and into these drills are introduced as many plugs of pewter.—These six pieces of pewter, when placed correspond to the six rifles of the gun, which perform the important duty of "slugging." They are forced into the rifles by the explosion of the powder, and thus give to the bullet the precision and force of the carbine ball.

Sometimes the projectiles are filled with balls, and are made to explode at a given distance. To affect this, the shell is numbered to indicate the distance to which it will carry before exploding.

The match is cut according to the distance desired to throw the shell. The rammer is hollowed at its base, so as to embrace the conical head of the shell.—The sight is movable, and fixed on the battery, with guns of such a weight that five or six men would take the gun and carriage, in pieces, on their shoulders, or leap it over a ditch, brook or wall, and make as rapid movements on the battle-field as infantry, or in short distances as flying artillery without their incumbrances, would be a most powerful arm. The principal projectile used is the explosive shell. Its range is sure as the minie rifle 14 miles, is very effective 24 miles, and will throw shot or shell 3 miles. The gun can be fired five times a minute, and more rapidly by experienced gunners. Against such a battery of 100 guns, five or ten thousand men, however brave, could not form, or rally, or advance; they could be dispersed,or almost, if not utterly destroyed, in marching from the range of the cannon to within rifle distance; and if a dozen such batteries should be put into the field by the North, in aid and auxiliary to the present forces, but few more troops of infantry would be required.

These guns when mounted and supplied with 25 rounds, would not weigh over 650 lbs. Set on two wheels, they could be as easily handled as a hose-carriage, by five men, each gun having a driver by its side.

They can be wrought and mounted in many a shop in Massachusetts at a cost not exceeding $300 per gun. There are many shops in Suffolk and Middlesex competent to complete such guns. Jones, Prescott, of Westford, one of the most experienced forgers of iron in the country, states that he can forge such a gun, making it lighter and stronger, by far, than any cast. The sporting gun, wrought from horse-nails, and the Armstrong gun, are proof of this. They can be rifled, finished, and mounted by the firm of Ball & Scheel, or forged and finished by the Lowell Machine Shop, and the carriages can be built anywhere. In ninety days such a regiment as I have named could be organized, armed, and ready for service, and in the judgment of many practical men, it would be the cheapest and most effectual peace-maker Massachusetts could send forth.

Will Massachusetts, so generally the pioneer in improvements of a practical nature, inaugurate this movement? It will take but a fraction of the vast appropriations now making. The example would be followed by other States, and if a winter campaign follows, our armies would, at any time desirable, be protected by batteries which could not be successfully assailed.

There is nothing new in the science of gunnery, of shot or shell proposed—only a greater combination in a light field battery of cannon, approved by the best French gunners under the experienced eye of Napoleon himself. HOGGLES.

DRUMMED OUT OF CAMP. John Abbott, an individual well known in many localities in New England—has been on a temperance man and an anti-temperance man—a Whig and a Democrat—anti-slavery and pro-slavery—white talking in justification of the South, joined a company in Col. Fletcher Webster's Regiment, and strange enough, was elected a lieutenant. After this he could not keep his active tongue from revealing his stabby character, and told some of the soldiers that the whole of the present national trouble was occasioned by the people of the North; that the South were in the right, and he hoped the Northern troops would receive a severe thrashing, and that the Southern flag would ere long wave over new England State. Yesterday afternoon a military tribunal assembled at the headquarters of the regiment, which is at Fort Warren, and the culprit was confronted with the witnesses who heard his seditious language.—He boldly denied the truth of the charges made against him, and claimed to be a Union man. The proof was too conclusive, however, and the tribunal decided that his commission should be taken away from him, his uniform taken off, and that he be drummed out of the camp. This sentence was at once executed. After his uniform had been removed, he was placed between a file of soldiers and marched round the interior of the fort, and down to the wharf, to the music of the "Rogue's March." On board a propeller he came to Boston, since which time his whereabouts are not reported.

Col. John Abbott, as he has styled himself for many years past, is a Canadian; he came to Lowell some sixteen years ago, and was connected with one or two newspapers while here. He was of intemperance, but his habits and conduct were not such as to command the respect of any one, and he soon run out. He seems to have been heard about Boston in the past six or eight months, but what particular vocation has employed his time, we have no means of knowing. We do not know that there is anything absolutely bad about "Long John Abbott;" certainly we are not aware that he possesses any good points. He is one of the kind that like the South better than the North, and wants to be "let alone." We wonder where the fellow will next turn up! His history, if it could be truly written, would be an interesting one, and might serve "to point a moral or adorn a tale."

APPOINTMENTS. Gen. E. W. Pierce, of Middleboro', has been ordered South as the Brigadier General from Massachusetts, vice Butler promoted, and Gen. Joseph Barrows of Auburn, has been ordered to the command of the troops at Fort Warren.

Mr. Pierce has been a Brigadier General of our State militia for several years, and is well and favorably known as a military men in Massachusetts.

Gen. E. W. Stone has been appointed by his Excellency the Governor, Assistant Quartermaster General, Chief of the Ordnance Department of the State, which has heretofore been included in the Quartermaster Generalship. We believe that this is a good appointment, of a right man in the right place, and that Gen. Stone's experience and ability will be of signal advantage to the State in this new capacity.

A SOUTHERN lady on her way home from Philadelphia, passed through Harper's Ferry last week, with no less than a dozen revolvers stowed away under her crinoline, while any quantity of devices have been adopted by different parties for supplying the army, in quantities large and small, with articles required.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

The war news is of little importance today. Although the rumors concerning a fight at Sewall's Point were revived last night, there is nothing this morning to substantiate them, and it is more than probable that no contest has yet taken place there. But that the point will be attacked, and that at an early day, too, admits of no doubt.

The steamer Minnesota, it is reported, will soon leave Fort Monroe to assist in the blockade at Charleston.

It is reported that there are 3000 rebel soldiers at Manassas Gap, to intercept the march of federal troops on Harper's Ferry. They are fortifying, in anticipation of an attack.

Yesterday a small guard of men was ordered from Alexandria toward Fairfax Court House on a reconnoitering expedition. Some miles out they discovered a company of secession cavalry drawn up in line. Satisfied with this view, they retraced their steps, capturing on the way two of the enemy's picket guards, who were brought to Washington. One of them confirms the report that on Saturday afternoon there were 700 rebel troops a few miles only from Arlington, but they precipitately retired further back when they discovered the hurrying of troops from Washington. The War Department is satisfied of these facts from reliable quarters.

A secession scout was released from arrest at Washington yesterday on taking the oath of allegiance. He states that several weeks ago he was accidentally presented some rebel sympathizers the oath of the secessionists but was glad he had escaped from the severe hardships to which he had been subjected. He says that many of his former military companions would rejoice to be similarly relieved.

The New Hampshire Regiment went through Baltimore" yesterday unmolested.

The *Post*'s Washington dispatch says that another military movement is on foot, but the government keeps its own secret strictly.

Harper's Ferry advices state that the rebels have been greatly alarmed at the government movements, and expected momentarily an attack.

A special dispatch from Baltimore to the *New York Herald* states the burning of Hampton bridge is confirmed by trains arriving from the West.

Saturday and Sunday 3000 Virginians, with light artillery and howitzers were distributed along the country road north of Harper's Ferry, leading to Sharpsburg and Boonsborough, on the northern approaches to the Maryland heights, where the country is rather open. None are posted over a mile from the heights, except the picket guards, which are much further in front. Two more additional cannon arrived from Winchester on Saturday. Loaded coal cars have been switched off at Harper's Ferry and arranged to form barricades. There are 300 Virginia troops at Uraftion.

A gentleman from Richmond on Friday via Fredericksburg says there are 10,000 troops at Richmond under Gen. Lee, and 12,000 at Fredericksburg under General Ruggles.

The remains of Col. Ellsworth were received at Mechanicsville yesterday. Minute guns were fired, and every token of respect paid to the deceased. His funeral took place in the afternoon, the military and firemen participating in the exercises.

The South are humbugged by false reports of battles as well as the North. A dispatch sent to a Nashville paper says "the fight at Sewall's Point was revived last night, there is nothing this morning to substantiate them, and it is more than probable that no contest has yet taken place there. But that the point will be attacked, and that at an early day, too, admits of no doubt.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

ARRIVAL OF THE BODY OF JOHN BUTTERWORTH. The body of John Butterworth, who was killed at Alexandria on Friday night of last week, by the mistake of a sentry, arrived in this city this morning, from New York, by the first train over the Stony Brook Railroad, in charge of Chief Engineer John Decker and Assistant Engineers Elihu Kingsland and Timothy West, of the New York Fire Department, and a committee from Oceanus Engine Company, No. 11 of that city, of which deceased has been a member for the last four years. The committee consists of Christopher Johnson, Foreman; James F. Storrier, Assistant Foreman; John Milligan, Levi D. White, Henry Tardoff, Theodore C. Allen, Charles L. Clark, and David Decker, the latter being in Alexandria when Butterworth was killed, and was detailed to escort his remains to New York. They are accompanied by A. G. Russell and George W. Holmes, formerly of this city, also members of the same company. Chief Engineer Decker is not probably leave to-night, but the committee will remain until after the funeral.

The body of the deceased was received in New York on Sunday, the entire Fire Department turning out to do honor generally to the oath of allegiance. He states that several weeks ago he was accidentally presented some rebel sympathizers the oath of the secessionists but was glad he had escaped from the severe hardships to which he had been subjected. He says that many of his former military companions would rejoice to be similarly relieved.

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FROM THE SIXTH REGIMENT. We have been permitted to copy the following paragraphs from a letter received in this city this morning from Capt. Follansbee, dated Relief House, May 25th. It will be seen that the boxes which were reported to have been lost (or to have fallen into the hands of dishonest persons) have arrived, and the contents have been given to the proper owners:—

The two large chests that were started from Lowell arrived in camp last evening. Every package was delivered to the proper owner; they were the first large packages that have been received from home since we have been in camp. You ought to have seen the boys crowd around them while I was distributing the goods. Our company quarters were full of men, all anxious to hear their names called. Some of them went away feeling good, I can assure you; while others, who received nothing, looked rather "down in the mouth." To all our friends who have made donations to us, we return our sincere thanks. Tell them that the goods have been distributed according to their request, and the regiment is ready to march at an hour's notice and we are probably going to Baltimore. Our

A CARD UP FLAG. We have a flag in our office, taken from a flag-staff this morning, which is twisted up in a most astonishing manner. Human hands could hardly have executed the work that did the twisting in this banner. It is a curiosity—admittance free, and no half price—at our sanctum.

CITY COUNCIL. The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council will be held at their rooms this evening for the transaction of business.

THE MASSACHUSETTS LINE.

Hold fast, we say, the glorious line!
Let Massachusetts muster!
Give her the post where she has been
Be sure that you may trust her
Her sons are ready for the fray,
For freedom and for honor;
They'll meet the rebel foe to-day,
And a cheering to open her!

She never faltered on the right,
Nor never will hereafter!
Why her blood is mingled with your might,
In the days of old and later;
Best of old-fashioned men and true,
Since she broke sword and musket,
Fling out upon the old striped Flag,
Sheet'd in gory moon and sunset!

In peace her mails fleck all the sea,
Her mills shake every river,
And where are scenes so fair as these,
Or half so worth preserving?
In war who seeks her claim to rob?
All others come in blues!
Here it is first to hunt the Mob,
The Tyrant and the Tories!

God bless, God bless the glorious State!
Let her have way to battle;
She'll go where lightnings crash with fate,
Or as a whirlpool bubble;
Give her the light, and let her try,
Her right to be the foremost;
She'll go straight to the Capitol,
God bless her, and God bless her.

—*Army Bulletin.*

THE RIGHT TALK. The *Albany Argus*, which has been described as a cool and calculating man in regard to the war, closes an article on the death of Col. Ellsworth as follows:

"This war is now commenced. It must go on. The Confederates have declared what it claims to be, a Nation, it is believed, by all the European Powers except Washington. Its rulers have offered the ports of the North to the privateering fleets of all nations. We, who have struggled so long for peace, accept the issue thus imposed upon us, with all its conditions. Let the Government direct its vigor at every point. Let it call for men enough and push home its blows. The people of the Union will sustain their rulers in every measure of honorable retaliation, and in every act which shall hasten war to its only legitimate conclusion, honorable peace."

POSITION OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT. In view of our difficulties, Queen Victoria in the 11th instant, issued a proclamation warning her subjects against taking any part in the contest, either by land or sea, and against breaking or endeavoring to break any blockade lawfully established by either of the contending parties; and subjects so offending, to be liable to all the penalties established by statute and the laws of nations, and all offenders to have no protection from the British flag, and entering into trouble, but on the contrary to incur the soverest displeasure of her Majesty.

"MATERIAL AID" FROM AMERICANS ABROAD. Secessionists in different parts of England are making important donations to our government at the present time. A gentleman from Boston thought should be called the Secretary of War that they are sending to ship their battery of Armstrong rifled cannon, six, twelve, and twenty-four pounders, with all equipments complete, of which they beg the acceptance of Government. This princely gift could not have cost less than $200,000. Other Americans, living in Manchester, have forwarded a battery of Whitworth guns—twelve-pounders—two of which bears the following inscription:—"From loyal Americans in Europe to the United States Government, 1861."

It is stated that Collector Goodrich will examine no more applications for office for some months to come.

GEORGE H. DERBY (better known as "John Phoenix") was in this city a few days ago in a private asylum, a short distance from New York. He was a captain in the United States Army.

HARRIS, the man who starved his cattle to death, at Newcastle, was ridden on a rail by his neighbors night before last. This is a poor way of punishing the fellow.

VIRGINIA ELECTION. Returns from twenty counties in the Western part of the State give 13,000 majority against secession.

☞ Every chaplain in the army and navy is to be permitted hereafter to conduct public worship according to the forms of the church of which he may be a member. This is as it should be.

☞ It is stated that the Rev. H. H. Garnet, a colored preacher in New York city, is about to emigrate at the head of a colony to Abbeokuta, in the Niger District, Africa, where they intend to raise cotton.

☞ N. P. Willis, alluding to the promiscuous display of bunting in the city of New York, says, "It seems as if nature's entire stock of rainbows had been hung out to dry."

FROM THE SOUTH. Mr. Wm. B. Clark, Mr. Charles Wheeler, of Nashua, N. H., to Miss Betsey A. Lane, of Lowell.

In East Cambridge, May 26th, Mr. Henry H. Chase, to Miss Ann E. Wright, both of Lowell.

In Sterling, May 24th, Mr. Charles A. Sawyer, of Boston, to Miss Fannie S. Kidder, of Sterling.

DEATHS.

In this city, May 27th, Ivy Eve, Hiram Balfour, 56, B. D. Perkins, 2 months, 27 days, Mary A. Hall, 2 years, 9 days.

In South Auburnham, May 19th, widow Parnie Maynard, aged 81 years 1 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY OF LOWELL.
Cashing Bridge.
WHEREAS a petition has been presented to the City Council by James F Springer and others, praying that a new bridge, (Cashing) may be established, and a Sidewalk laid on the Northerly side of the Canal, and that the Joint Committee on streets, to whom said petition has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 25th day of June next, at 4 o'clock, P. M., at the office of the City Engineer, in the City Government Building, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all persons interested in the premises, who are hereby notified to appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any, why prayer of said petition should not be granted.
By order of the City Council,
RICHARD W. BAKER, Clerk.
Lowell, May 27, 1861. may28

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,
SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the American Flag, &c., stamped upon them. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 65 Merrimack st. may28

L. B. BATCHELDER,
Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Piano-Forte, Melodeon, and Musical Composition, would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has returned to Lowell, and may be found at his room in Merrill's Block, corner Central and Merrimack streets. Lowell, May 25, 1861. may28

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Hair Dye that Reliable Dye Known.
All others are mere mockeries, and should be avoided by all who wish to escape ridicule.
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye died instantly a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to the hair.
FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded WM. A. BATCHELOR for the superiority of his Hair Dye, which have been made to the hair of the journeys of his former Pupils.
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is perfectly harmless, and is not to be distinguished from nature; and is warranted to Dye instantly, and the effects of bad Dyes neutralized, and the ill effects of bad Dyes removed. Sold by all Druggists. Factory No. 81 Barclay st. New York. Wholesale Depot, 81 Barclay st. New York. Price Fifty Cents a bottle.
The Genuine has the signature of WM. A. Batchelor, and address upon a steel plate engraving, on the four sides of each bottle.
Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay st. New York. 353 Broadway, New York.
apr29

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.
Extraordinary preparation has been for many years the most successful remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, and diseases of the Chest and Lungs. To those suffering from the above complaints, we would say, try this remedy. It is entirely removes that morbid irritability and weakness of the throat and lungs, which is the cause of the cough. These Wafers are combined in an agreeable form and pleasant to the taste, so that any child will take them without objection, and they are warranted to give relief in ten minutes after taking. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.
Attwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters.—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists have it. See advertisement.
4 TuThSatly

Lowell Mechanics' Association.
A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 23 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 27 Merrimack street. may28

MORE DONATIONS. Among our liberal people who have freely contributed from their means to aid the soldiers, the following should be awarded to Mrs. Dr. S. H. Young. Before the Richardson Light Infantry left Lowell, understanding that some of the soldiers were destitute of blankets, she gave Capt. Davis an order to go to Brazer's and get enough to supply every man. Her bill at Brazer's was about $80. This was indeed a generous act on the part of Mrs. Young, and we take pleasure in recording the fact, which has just come to our knowledge.

S. T. Birmingham, Indian Physician at Ayer's New City, has given $50, of which $25 is donated to the Soldiers' State Fund, in the name of his grandfather, who was a soldier in the Revolution, and $25 in his own name for the benefit of soldiers' families in this city.

BUTLER RIFLES. This company is in good and agreeable quarters at "Camp Holton" (Agricultural Fair Grounds) and are enjoying themselves finely. On Saturday next, they will have public drill on the grounds when the company of Cadets from the Worcester Military Academy will be present. Brigadier General Wright Band will furnish the music. There will no doubt be a large number of spectators present to witness the drill of this company.

THE smart thunder-shower of yesterday afternoon was followed by a "blow" of the severest kind we remember to have known at this season of the year. The trees that were in blossom must have suffered seriously. Any number of flags were ripped and ravaged, and it is a marvel that hall in the city were not ruined. Three big ones, within view of our window, stood it nobly.

We have in our office a piece of the screen flag, which Col. Ellsworth had in his possession when he was assassinated at Alexandria last Friday. It was presented to our reporter by Chief Engineer Decker, of the New York Fire Department.

POLICE COURT. The only case this forenoon, was that of James McGowan, a truant, who was sent to the House of Reformation for one year. The Court has been principally occupied with civil business.

REMOVAL. Joshua Merrill, who has kept the bookstore under our office for many years, has seceded from that corner to his new store in the old Museum Building, No. 37 Merrimack Street, where he may hereafter be found.

LOWELL MEN IMPRESSED INTO SOUTHERN SERVICE. The *Manchester Mirror* says that George E. Mixer, formerly of that city, impressed into Southern service, at Wilmington, N. C., has escaped by secreting himself on board of a vessel. He says that everybody in the State but women and children was forced into service, and among those impressed are six young men from Lowell and Lawrence, Mass.

WORMS! WORMS!!
☞ There is no disease more common among children, and yet none more frequently baffles the skill of the physician, as worms.—They are highly detrimental to the constitution; and their presence should be carefully guarded against by parents. On the manifestation of symptoms, every means should be used to expel them promptly and thoroughly. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburgh, is confidently offered as the most certain, safe and speedy remedy ever offered for this troublesome and dangerous malady; and all who have the management of children should keep this invaluable medicine on hand. In addition to its perfect safety, it never fails to produce the desired effect.
☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable druggists. Be sure and call for Dr. M'Lane's.
may27t4w [6] FLEMING BROS.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.
ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call on Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.
LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best carpets in the city. Can always supply always on hand at Adams & North's store selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited favorably in our store can go with us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.
Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. may29dif

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE
For all points West, via, city or the through lines, at Fisher & Lyon's Sewing Machine Office, Merrimack Island Pond, Stanstead, Shortland, and all p ints on the Grand Trunk Railway.
E. F. BRICKETT, Agent.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street, Lowell. may21 tf

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan9dif

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.
DIRECTORS:
C. B. Colburn, S. F. Hersey, D. S. Richardson,
N. Kemble, H. Hosford, Isaac Flaus,
L. G. Howe, Wm. Crosby, P. Shortreed,
Levi Sargent.
Mutual and Stock.
THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, and Stores only. The Stock Department has ever been made in this class. The present cash assets are $112,978.35. The retention of owners in participating in losses, is held to prevent fraudulent reporting, and rates are as low as consistent with safety.
In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are invested in Buildings, stores, merchandize and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.
In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are invested in Buildings, stores, merchandize and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1860. ly

Washington Coal,
For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicken.
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes no clinkers.
This is why it is now commended. It must go on. Call at the Washington Coal Office, 3 Washington st. may28

BEAUTY ENSURED!
THE
MAGNOLIA BALM:
A PRESENT AND IMMEDIATE REMEDY FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
AND ALL IMPURITIES OF THE SKIN.
This Elegant Preparation renders the skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a Healthy Purity. It is most cool and refreshing if applied to the face and arms before going to bed, and will give immediate relief to the skin tormented by mosquitoes, sandflies, or any irritating complaint. The coolness of a bottle might be taken with the ice in a julep, and a single application at night for a week, will cure the worst case of Pimples.
Use the Magnolia Balm
To make the Skin of Your Infant soft and delicate.
Use the Magnolia Balm
To remove every Roughness.
Use the Magnolia Balm
To make the Skin Healthy and Blooming.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Before you leave home for Exposure to the Sun.
Use the Magnolia Balm
To heal the Irritation caused by Mosquito bites.
Use the Magnolia Balm
A rare remedy for Sunburn.
Use the Magnolia Balm
Whenever you are troubled with Pimples.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would have a clear, healthy skin.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would have a beautiful complexion.
Use the Magnolia Balm
If you would have a good appetite.
Use the Magnolia Balm
And you will not be disappointed.
Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy cures of the most malignant cutaneous eruptions, and recommend its use in preference to all others.
Ladies of weak and delicate constitutions, and those who require a mild but effective tonic, should use the Magnolia Balm.
Gentlemen who are troubled with Pimples, Flesh Worms, Blotches, Sunburn, Tetter, Ringworm, Roughness of the Skin, Prickly Heat, Chafing, Excoriations, Freckles, Moth Patches, Blackheads, Flushings of Heat, Unnatural Redness, Rough Shaving, or any Cutaneous Disease, will find in the Magnolia Balm the only remedy ever discovered that will remove the disease, and leave the skin with a clear, healthy appearance.
Ladies who are troubled with Superfluous Hair will find the Magnolia Balm will remove it in a few minutes, without injury to the most delicate skin. Explicit directions accompany each bottle.
Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
Depot, 69 Canal st., (second story,) New York.
Price 50 cents per bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it as a limited assortment, and with entire success, they are now now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said in regard to the merits of this valuable preparation in relation to its adaptation to caries, while it is not expected that it will supersede every other article now in use, there are many instances where it is used with great success, and in many cases it is proving to the popular favor. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best everything else, but they assure the public that it is a valuable article, and one that will stand the test of time, and they are ready to say that they can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.
Rooms 8 and 9 Savings Bank Building.
apr29

FIRE INSURANCE.
HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED JANUARY, 1846.
Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000
DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Cushing, Jr., Thomas Barnes,
Arthur F. Bonney, Walter Wright,
Joshua W. Daniels, Caleb B. Metcalf,
Sabine Bartlett, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown, Elijah B. Gage,
Alonzo A. Miner, Alexander T. Lowe,
Benjamin A. Bacon, Lucius M. Clark,
Reuben D. Dennison.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
Office, 424 Post Office Building, (first floor) Boston, Mass.
April 27, 1861. 3m

ÆTNA insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies offer security as low as any first class Companies offer. Policies written on Dwelling Houses, Furniture, Stores, Merchandize, and other property.
NO ASSESSMENTS IN ANY CASE.
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Merrimack street, Lowell.
may28

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 9, 1860. ly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?
The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.
$253,912.29.
The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 per cent.
Policies issued on all plans, participating five per cent Semi Estate worth 12 per cent. more than annual premium. Apply to or address the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.
Directors:
Erastus Lyman, President.
Charles Sanford, Vice President.
Alex'r H. Rice, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Alex'r Hamilton, Broker, New York.
Wm. H. Appleton, Merchant, Connecticut.
John B. Kitching, Cashier, New York.
Wm. Cullen Bryant, Editor, New York.
George B. Barnard, Counsellor, New York.
C. W. Price, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Seymour Burrill, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. H. Webb, Merchant, Brooklyn.
John C. Stephens, Merchant, New York.
ROBERT ATHEN, General Agent.
DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell. Hass.
Office at Kimball's Jewelry Store, Merrimack street.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dif

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."
DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS
Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Headache, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Jaundice, Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, operating like a charm upon the digestive functions, restores the appetite, promotes digestion, give strength, restores the complexion, and purifies the blood better than any medicine ever before used. Be sure and get the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Burdock, Dandelion, Juniper, Prickly Ash Bark, Rhubarb, Dandelion, and other known remedies, all of which are recommended as an act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming the only perfect Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Everybody needs a good medicine, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times, and for all ages, from infancy to old age.
This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Extract of Roots and Herbs, a beautiful cathartic, for children, requires griping or pain, and will c

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets; Notices of Sheriffs' Sales; Printing from Stereotype Plates; Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade in black or fancy colored papers.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and plain note and commercial ENVELOPES, CARD-BOARD of to every description of work—in packs, and in boards to be cut to order.

E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUBE, }

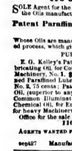
(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for the use of married and single ladies. And is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and in all other cases where any kind have been tried in vain. It should never be used during the first three months, as it is certain to bring on a miscarriage, but at any time after that it is perfectly safe, and is the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large increase, it is now incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

Have been sold within eighteen months with, and a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, wholly secure from observation of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember! This medicine is designed especially for CERTAIN CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been found worse, also that it is warranted as represented in every instance or the price will be refunded. ☜ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or his Agents. Office Prepared and address at DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE DEPOT, No. 17 OFFICIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature in both sexes. It is intended to be a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent to Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet Boarding, with good care and treatment in health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before at least making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the greatest pretensions. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, and are blinded into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret your folly too late. ☞ Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on the DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally; also Circulars giving full information, with the most undoubted references and testimonials, without which no advertising physician should be trusted. None of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in the country, of the kind, (Female), who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and he gives to very best references of any physicians, with a his HONESTY and his SKILL have ABE an equal, (LET THEM COME FORWARD AND DO THE SAME); otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

☞ August 22, 1860. sep23daly

E. G. KELLEY,

110 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Old Establishment to the

Patent Parafine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE STEAM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parafine Lubricating oil, for Steam Engines, Cotton and Woolen Machinery, No. 1. $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Parafine Lubricating Oil, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent No. 3, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, 75 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; Patent for Rotary Machinery, No. 2, 50 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oil,

No. 110 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,
sep27 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carver and Pocket Knives, Razors, Shaving and Hair Brushes, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,

dec12 66 Merrimack st.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being extensively carried out by many who, until they learned this simple secret, were completely penniless. Any one can make from $5 to $20 per evening. One person is now the owner of $1,000, all secured by what he has made at spare hours, or rather for which he paid the sum of $1,000. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A rich prize is offered. Full directions necessary for a profitable understanding of the business, and which enable the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be remitted except in cash or greenbacks. We have letters from persons to over 10,000 people in England and Scotland, who have been introduced in this country, and a letter of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
sep26 Boston, Mass

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEFERE, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are unquestionably the best medicine I have ever used in my practice, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them seen several cases of palpitation of the heart and general debility cured.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountsville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character," after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in perfect health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in six to various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well: the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affections or disorders of the digestive organs, this remedy is

A SURE CURE.

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails), that he most cheerfully can recommend them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

R. B. GALLERHER, M. D., writes from Fort Wayne, Ind.: "I most cheerfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of Dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Sold by druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

Manufactured only by DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
Medical Depot, No. 15 Cross: Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, No. 1, 75 cents; No. 2, 50 cents; White Chemical Oil, for Engines, No. 1, 75 cents; No. 2, 50 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, 75 cents per gallon; Patent for Rotary Machinery, No. 2, 50 cents.

Office for the sale of the Oil,

No. 110 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,
sep27 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carver and Pocket Knives, Razors, Shaving and Hair Brushes, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,

dec12 66 Merrimack st.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being extensively carried out by many who, until they learned this simple secret, were completely penniless. Any one can make from $5 to $20 per evening. One person is now the owner of $1,000, all secured by what he has made at spare hours, or rather for which he paid the sum of $1,000. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A rich prize is offered. Full directions necessary for a profitable understanding of the business, and which enable the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be remitted except in cash or greenbacks. We have letters from persons to over 10,000 people in England and Scotland, who have been introduced in this country, and a letter of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
sep26 Boston, Mass

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN OLD REMEDY WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A GOOD ONE.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "What a powerful Relief! How Cooling! How Healing!" Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

This price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that this is what we say is true.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, 12 Central street, Boston, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACE & SHERWOOD, 24 PERRY Manchester, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb20 3mdaily

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WE have had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years, and have made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are pleased to be able to say that they are still the best made glove in the market.

M. R. DRAPER, superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip, for sale by

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens will be received by express just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21 No. 1 Merrimack st.

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, Parlor, stand, sconce, hand, centre, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
oct23

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Pioneer Lead Mill is warranted to be ground in the finest manner, and mixed (66) made expressly for Boot, Brogan and Furniture. It is believed by the Manufacturers that this Lead will be found to be the best Lead ever offered to the trade. "Read wanted Paint." PERFECTLY PURE.

The great body and purity of the covering of this Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Lead in the market. One pound of this Lead will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. Its whiteness and purity will please the eye of the most fastidious. Its great body and covering qualities of the artist will convince any practical painter that it is the best Paint for use. Those of it will be found to be a great advantage with it, than with any other Lead now in use. Price 8½ cents.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and is well known to the trade as a practical man, and a thorough business man. His reputation for fairness in his dealings with the trade is a sufficient guarantee that the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and is well known to the trade as a practical man, and a thorough business man. His reputation for fairness in his dealings with the trade is a sufficient guarantee that the Lead will be found to be as represented.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of 8½ cents per lb, at Nos. 4 and 5 Rockingham Building, Union street, Lowell.

apr25daly

To Farmers and Gardeners.

JUST RECEIVED per ship Sophia, from the estate and Seedsman, Jacob Wenck & Sons, of Hanover, Germany, the following packing of Dan'l O'Rorke, Champion of England, and Prize Flower Seeds. Warranted genuine. At S. MANSUR'S Seed Store, 138 Central street, Lowell.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. For sale by all druggists and agent wherever advertised.

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMAC SALOON, from 12 M. to 3 P. M. until 3 P. M.

☞ The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we shall endeavor to furnish the best the market can afford.

☞ We respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage, and hope by this arrangement to accommodate those who may desire to obtain a meal or lunch at any hour.

H. EMERY

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Ingenue's Preparation of French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parisian Bloom of Youth, Circassian Beautifying Cream, Lily White's Cosmetic, Tricolein, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for the Toilet, removes Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, corner Merrimack and John sts.

GRASS SEED.

150 Bush. Timothy Seed;
100 " Herds Grass Top Do;
2000 lbs. Prime Clover Seed.

Also, Hungarian Honey Blade and Millet Seed, for sale at the lowest cash prices by

S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

MARY etienne of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, when all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, but has been introduced in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered, and is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Cane in the head, Gold Pens repairing, Engraving, &c., &c., at

H. S. HAYNES'S MUSIC STORE.
61 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dly

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 4000 times

WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

LAWSON'S

INFALLIBLE

NERVOUS CURATIVE,

—FOR—

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain, also of a paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1858. Never had any pain since. Has also been entirely cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Corliss' Corner.

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife, tired of Nervous Headache, after ten years of sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering in the spine, and between the shoulders, and incessant pain in both feet. Was entirely relieved by one bottle of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two pleasing, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES WILSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with only two bottles of Curative, after the ravages of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—since using Curative, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia in along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' suffering, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative.

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in one of his ulcerated teeth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia in the face, resulting, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hr., eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

SARAH THOM, Milford, N. H.

Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1850, after many years' sufferers. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ARIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains, Toothache and Chilblains.

LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgia Pains in back, head, shoulders and face, in March, 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has always since cured.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Cayle Co., Illinois.

Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain since.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 15 years standing, after Paralysis of both legs 5 years October, 1856, given up by his physicians and friends, could not get better. He LOWEST CASH PRICE.

BENJ. F. CUTTER, Esq., Felham, N. H.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after two years of intense suffering. Also cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of suffering, in 1857. Has had no return of pain since cured—a year ago.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead,

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family of severe Neuralgia.

MAXEN BARNARD, Marblehead,

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very bad Neuralgia, in 1857.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N.H.

Cured of Tic Doloureux, severe case in the face, eye and forehead, with 2 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lynn.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having tried all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thordike, Me.,

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully; cured with two bottles.

Mrs. MARY ANN CHEVER, Dracut.

Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of 5 years' standing with two bottles of the Curative, after having tried all the most expert health; and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.

OLIVER HORSE, Dracut.

Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried all remedies and found no relief; was cured by using two bottles of Mr. Lawson's Curative two years ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and is glad to

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.

Was cured one year ago, of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache and Chilblains.

MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle Co., Illinois.

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica,

Was cure' of Neuralgia in the face and teeth, by using the bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

For the United States & British Provinces,

29 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.

Sold by all Druggists in Lowell, and at 102 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House.

1y-oct6-sow-3

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Inland Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Pond, $5.50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 4.00
" " " Newport, 4.00
" " " Stanstead, 4.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 182 MERRIMACK STREET.

Adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass, where the public are invited to call for particular information.

E. H. FISHER, Agent.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly incorporated, their machines are protected against infringements or piracies.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew more than hair as much thread or silk as the best lock-stitch machine in market.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better and stronger made, more simple in their construction, to the frequent changes and aim 4 inches per minute, and will sew from one to twenty thickness of Mar' Cloth, Leather, &c., and the stitch will be perfect. They will even sew from the finest Muslin to the heaviest cloth, and every other leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, as no other machine in use can perform the same. It is not such a machine best adopted to family use only, but is also adapted to factory use, why not for every variety of light sewing in Shoe Shops, &c., as well as any other Family Machine, we re-commend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines have the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing woolen goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more expert in operation.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever sold, will fully demonstrate the truth of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fair of the American Institute.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal in the Mechanics' Fair, Troy, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for the best sewing machine.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest and the Diploma at the Fair, Troy, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same kind of work performed by any machine exhibited in competition with other first-class sewing machines in the country in the same space more; it is the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction in every particular.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen or used them. Hence the constant inquiry of the public, from every quarter of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which inquiry we answer, that the most distinctive and desirable Facts—Facts that are facts—not Fancy, such as more strength, more durability, more professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of many of their sewing machines. Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, and not by any family sewing, or manufactories.

The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price (not of their excellent Machines, but) of their Machines, to meet all necessary appendages, including the best Hemmer, Feller, Braider, &c., and anywhere or Please call and examine them.

Agents Wanted for Lowell and Vicinity.

A. DAVIS, No. 8 Lawrence Block.

January 3, 1861. jan30dly

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above articles are of the most extensive and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered in this city. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack st. Brick Store.

mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to receive and sell Wood and Coal, at the LOWEST CASH RATES. All orders will be promptly attended to.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mh8

BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the best Manufacturers in the country.

The exact leather of the Hat is so adjusted as to fit the head perfectly, and will not change its shape by wetting, ensuring all the ease of the Felt Hat, without any of the inconvenience of the Leather Hat.

☞ Hats made to order at the shortest notice, either in the Silk or Felt Hat of this Country.

BRAZER'S Corner Central and Merrimack sts.

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED, at SAMUEL KIDDER'S, Tyler Stone Hall's Superphosphate Super Phosphate of Lime;

8 Sons Mapes No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;
10 tons Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine
10 tons Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine
50 bags Nitrate of Soda;
50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Timothy, Clover, Herds Grass, Red Top, Millet, Hungarian Grass, Rye, and all kinds of Grass and Garden Seeds.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 bush. Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar29 43 Market street.

Kidder's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver Plate, &c., has just been received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar29 43 Market street.

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica,

Was cure' of Neuralgia in the face and teeth, by using the bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.

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Sold by all Druggists in Lowell, and at 102 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House.

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THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

DR. Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified assistance and recommend it for all cases of symptoms, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but more especially do we know anything like it will restore the hair from losing gray, and from falling, or any age, as it so surely does.

Oak Grove, S. C., June 24th, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is working like a charm, particularly in this community. I have had occasion to use it in my family, and it has given perfect satisfaction. Please send me another supply.

During the year 1856, I was so unfortunate as to be robbed from which my head received a most terrible blow, from the effects of which I suffered much pain, and from the shock and external contusion of the head, from the effects of which my hair fell off. From the time I first discovered its dropping, however, up to the time of its total disappearance, I had not used anything I could think of being a professional man of the highest standing, but all to no purpose. Your Restorative, I am glad to say, has had finally demand in every professional man of the highest standing, but all to no purpose. Your Restorative, I am glad to say, has had finally demand in every section of the country.

Yours very respectfully,

J. W. WHITE, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittsfield, Va.,

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure to state to you the following circumstance in relation to your hair preparation. A gentleman of this place had lost the hair from his head, and was entirely bald. I was requested to try your preparation on him. He was induced to use a bottle of it, and in a few days after he had done so, I saw him, and was astonished at the change. He had a fine growth of hair, and is now using some two or three bottles his hair grew out as fine as ever it was before. I am now using your preparation myself, and find it very beneficial. I am a Barber, and have a good opportunity of seeing the effects of your preparation, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with baldness, as I consider it the best article I have ever seen.

I remain, Yours, &c.,

J. W. HOWARD, Pittsfield, Va.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir,—Permit me to express the pleasure I feel in being able to recommend your Hair Restorative. I was afflicted with a severe case of Neuralgia of the head, which resulted in the loss of my hair to the original color. About the time of my hair to the original color. About the time of my using your preparation, I had a severe attack of the gray, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" I was relieved in a few days, and my hair grew out your Restorative as a very wonderful preparation.

Yours, respectfully, A. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small the small holds 1 pint, the medium 1 pint, and the large 1 pint and a half. The large are the cheapest in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars a bottle. Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. T. BILLINGS, Tyler Stone Hall, Lowell.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An ab'normal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation of some portion of the blood is disease. To illustrate—impurity of the blood is disease. In perfect health, the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, Erysipelas, Boils, and by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; Impurity of the Blood, in the organs of the Throat, Consumption. Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, Fits, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, Erysipelas, Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, &c.,—a definite cure for all these diseases is obtaining the iron, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of blood, and a consequent irregular and unnatural circulation. The blood becomes watery, pales and finally produces scrofula, consumption, &c. It becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism, neuralgia, and inflammation of the liver and kidneys set in, in short, almost every type of disease. Dr. Finkle's Iron Tonic Cordial is a definite remedy in the blood, of the corpuscles of the blood.

Iron causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and the blood becomes watery, pales and finally, and how supplies the best of health.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, May 29, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR NEWS.

There is nothing new from Alexandria. Troops are being constantly sent over the river from Washington, Maryland and Virginia, and outposts are being extended further and further into the region around Alexandria. The city is quiet, and as a general thing the people are satisfied with the state of things under the control of the Federal troops.

Five transports, with 2500 troops, conveyed by the Harriet Lane, went up Hampton Roads toward James River, and took possession of Newport Point and entrenched themselves. The position is important, as it commands the mouth of the James River about six miles from Hampton. The last transport was fired at by the Sewall's Point rifled cannon, but the range was too great to be effective.

Information has been received at Washington that over 2000 Ohio troops, from Camp Dennison, on Monday, took possession of the Baltimore & Virginia Railroad from Fankersburg to Grafton, distance 80 miles, and proceeded in the latter direction. A large number of Ohio troops cross at the ferry above the Wheeling bridge for the same destination. This is indicative of events at Harper's Ferry.

The Pensacola correspondent of the *Mobile Advertiser* says Lord Lyons has written to the British Consul at Pensacola, recognizing the blockade in the name of the British government, and hoisting English vessels of its effect.

The time for which the New York Seventh Regiment enlisted expired yesterday, but by request they voted to remain in service three days longer.

Ex-Gov. N. P. Banks has been (according to report) appointed Commissary General.

The Republican convention in the Third Congressional District, at Dedham yesterday, adjourned after an animated discussion, without making a nomination and without leaving the report of the committee on an odious basis. There is, therefore, no obstacle in the way of Judge Thomas Russell's triumphant election. It is understood that the informal ballot showed 68 votes for Judge Thomas to 34 for Hon. William Claflin of Newton. So says the *Boston Advertiser*. We are glad of this result. We wish Judge Thomas might be elected without an opposition vote.

ALLEN A. BURTON, of Kentucky, has been appointed Minister to New Granada, in place of Gen. Jones, of Iowa.

EDWARD TAYLER, of Worcester, has been appointed Patent Examiner.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE.

CADY SONG.

Come, brothers, come join in the chorus;
Let it ring on this soft summer air;
Our banting floats in the breeze,
And its stripes and its stars are still there.
Here's a health to our friends left behind us—
To alone we have bidden adieu—
Where duty may call there you'll find us,
Proudly bearing the red, white and blue.

The laws are good, loyal Constitution
Secession may vainly defy,
But there's something to fight for—a union—
Left fools will dare hint to die.
Then we'll march on the foe in our glory,
Where victory follows, and bullets, thick flow;
Yet Lord sounded from many a gory,
All hail to the red, white, and blue.

All hail, ye sons of our nation!
May thy glorious banner ne'er trail,
And the tyrant who dares to insult thee
Shall sink from our ranks in a pale.
Shall sink from our ranks in a pale.
Shall sink from our ranks in a pale.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Circulars, Newspapers, Card Circulars, Bill-Heads, Letter-Heads, Constitutions of Societies, Programmes, Tickets, Labels, Blanks, Bills of Fare, Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with any variety of style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and variety of color required by customers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl muslin and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, in preventing effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in from 24 to 48 hours after using. One young man who is from this country is now in the county of [illegible], all earned by his own hands, assisted by a circular of which he paid the sum of $1 50. Women can come from $5 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $3 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which renders the possession to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug26 Boston, Mass

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. R. S. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEFERE, write from Nashua, Shaka Co., O.: "The Bitters are gained by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia or liver complaint."

R. B. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, became prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with success, and with them made several cases of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Sullivan Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 6th, 1861. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart &c. He gave the bitters a trial, and after using a few bottles was entirely restored to health.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, general debility, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain to cure."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, that he has never seen any thing prevails, that he most cheerfully recommends them of decided merit in all cases of liver and ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

Rev. WILLIAM KIRK, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend Dr. Sherry Wine Bitters from the action of [illegible] and will require a similar article."

Such NEWS we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 43tw3m

W. H. DYAR

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

FOR SALE, and manufacturers to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

OF

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglding and Repairing done. Orders Promptly Attended to.

Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c. &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., &c., Best Feed Grain Store,

No. 43 Market Street, by

S. N. WOOD.

PIANO FORTES.

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HUGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 31 pieces; also Carvers and Steels; Pocket Knives; Pearl Handled Knives, &c., &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

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A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many, who are making from it a large business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from those who are making from $20 to $30 per week. One young man who a few months since was in poor health is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a circular of which he paid the sum of $1 50. Women can clear from $5 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $3 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which renders the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

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THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE and all its numerous Very Distressing Forms, it is the

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Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and Warren streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, 24 PERRY, Manchester; S. D. & H. B. ROLLINS & SLOCUM, Exeter; and by dealers generally.

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February 16, 1861 feb16ly

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WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

W. F. DRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Drazer's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner, equal to any in the market, and proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing glove in use.

Mr. D. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Gloves, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stitch when wet.

Also a large lot of Boys' Thick Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at DRAZER'S Corner Elm Street.

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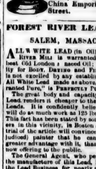

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, sconce, hand, castor, kitchen, and study lamps, &c. Also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 42 Merrimack Street. ✦ oct26

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

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ALL SHOT LEAD (No. 00) made at the Pioneer Mills, Salem, Mass., is warranted to be of the best quality for Buck, Duck and Pigeon Shooting, and especially for Bucy, Davison and Parsons. It is believed and has been excelled by any manufactured in the world. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Warranted Pure," for sale by

FENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this dreadful complaint, we

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Manufactured by C. D. REYNOLDS & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

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Mar. 1860. may16ely

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AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR,

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HAS just received a large assortment of carpet kind in the market, for Hotels, Billiard Saloons, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack Street.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. For Speakers and Singers will find the Troubles invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. mh14

LAWSON'S

INFALLIBLE

NERVOUS CURATIVE,

— FOR —

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which it would not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after seven years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, after the doctors in Lowell had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

I HOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Clerk

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife: red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a most distressing

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nurseryman, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders, and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Infallible Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No return of pain.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H. Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Now, and always has shared and full health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve and hip, of long standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nerve Curative

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, in two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON F. HUDDLE, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after 3 years' standing.

ISAAC N. GOODRICH, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in ease of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of intense suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Herself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of the complaint since.

SARAH THOW, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1855.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Mag., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Entirely cured. Has never since been troubled.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Cattaraugus County, N. Y.

Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain since.

GEO. ALLEN LEWIS, Esq., Lowell,

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.,

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralysed in the right arm and shoulder, has given up by his physicians that he could never get well, and has since enjoyed the best of health.

BENJ. F. CUTTER, Esq., Tolland, N. H.,

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering; also cured of Neuralgia pains in the head, after 15 years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain since. Now in perfect health.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marlebead.

Cured of Neuralgia, after 3 months' suffering and severe Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead,

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

DR. D. GOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H.

Cured of his Deafness, of 20 years' standing, in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN MILLEY, Worcester, now of Lynn.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 5 days, after having tried all the remedies and odies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornton, N. H.

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 2 years, suffering dreadfully; cured with two bottles.

Mrs. MARY ANN CHESVER, Dracut,

Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of 2 years' standing, after the most rational Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health, and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.

OLIVER HORSE, Dracut,

Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried all remedies and found no relief, and cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative over two years ago; enjoys perfect health ever since without pain.

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell,

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; says he would engage the cure of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 5 minutes.

MARGARET LYLE, Brooklyn, Ogle Co., Illinois,

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

T. FOSTER PARKER, Billerica,

Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return ..ffne disease.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

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H. S. HAYNES & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

For the United States & British Provinces,

26 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.

Sold by all Druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House.

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SPRING HATS.

BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE has received the Spring Hats of the season, and the well known manufactory of Sears & Co.

Gentlemen will find the Hats adjusted as to both a circulation of air between it and the body of the wearer, and the sweat of the head. This is a feature in the Hat which is found in the best or coolest

Hats.

The Hats made to order as shown on exhibit, and fitted to the head by the use of the Conformator.

Store, Corner Merrimack and Market sts.

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FARMERS,

JUST RECEIVED AT E. MANSUR'S,

TWEN TY tons Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime;

5 tons Mapes's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime;

5 tons Cox's Super Phosphate of Lime;

5 tons Cook's Super Phosphate, guarantee 100 bushels Hardy Grass Seed;

5 tons Mapes's Super Phosphate, Northern and Western Clover, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Sand Oats, Millet, Hungarian Grass, Hemp Seed.

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SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;

Bush. Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S, 43Market street.

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Kidder's Liniment.

FOR dressing Hair, Burns, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Sore Lips, Piles, Sore Feet, Scalds, Sprains, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Sore Breasts, Sore Nipples, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, May 30, 1861.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 27th, 1861.

EDITOR LOWELL COURIER: On Saturday after a sojourn of several days at the Relay Camp, I left for Washington. Just as I was about starting, the train containing the remains of Col. Elsworth arrived.—Secretaries Seward and Cameron were on board. The coffin was in the mail-car, and under a guard of Zouaves. It was covered with flowers. All heads were uncovered at the Relay House Station.

The soldiers on the heights near the Relay House, (the Sixth and Eighth Massachusetts Regiments) are in fine condition. They have improved greatly since they have been encamped here. There is plenty of water running in streams and gushing in springs at the foot of the hills on which the two camps are pitched. The weather has been very fine for several days. The nights have been peculiarly clear and serene. The troops have been, of late, fairly overwhelmed by the bounties of friends at home. Among other things there has been a sufficiency of pound-cake in camp to set up a dozen confectioneries and tabishments. The heights are literally strewn with boxes containing everything that can be imagined to minister to the comfort or necessities of the soldiers.— With all due respect to the motives of the fair donors, I must be allowed to suggest that pound-cake is a curious kind of grub if food soldiers with. However, there is so much feminine tenderness in this pound-cake business that it is hardly fair to cavil at it.

I referred to the excellent condition of the soldiers here. The boys are gaining flesh fast, and looking as brown and sassy as could be desired. They are also becoming perfect masters of drill. If there has been any want of harmony of action between any of the officers and men, it is not to any larger. The Sixth Regiment is in as good a condition as its best friends could desire. In this regiment there is a large number of fine vocalists. Groups of them, standing outside of their tents in the clear moonlight, make the air resonant with their manly voices. The only discontent is occasioned by the inactive life of a garrison. But this is a most important point, and one peculiarly liable to attack.

Yesterday there was a rush of civilians stopping here (Washington) at the hotels, to Alexandria. The Marshall House, where the second great tragedy of the war occurred, was the chief point of attraction, of course. It is entirely empty, every article of furniture having been removed.— Some Zouaves were engaged prying open a safe when we entered. It was found that the rebel Jackson had nailed to the wall of his house the ear of one of John Brown's men, who was executed at Harper's Ferry. The only regret is that Col. Ellsworth did not fall at the head of a charging column in battle, rather than perish at the hands of a miserable assassin. However, his fall was glorious, and one of the certain, real events of the conflict.

It is a fine spectacle to look across the Potomac and see the Virginia shore whitened with the tents of the Yankee invaders. It was a splendid night when the column crossed the Long Bridge. Not a drum was heard. The expedition was conducted in silence. When the Alexandrians awoke on the following morning they found their streets thronged with federal soldiers. A more desolate aspect than is worn by this old Virginia city of Alexandria cannot be imagined. Such of its people as still linger here, looked dejected and hopeless. However, many of them follow much pelf here in the train of the Yankee visitors. Our party entered a hotel and were very kindly received by the landlord, who proffered us a glass of wine. He did not make any apology because of his opinions, which were successionist.

On Saturday the three alarm guns, which are the signals of battle, were fired. The alacrity with which the troops fell in line got into rank and rushed at "double quick" for the Long Bridge, was worthy of all praise. Sherman's Battery went up Pennsylvania Avenue at trail-arm speed.— A wheel was smashed in the rush, but the accident did not cause more than three minutes delay. The alarm was occasioned by the firing upon outposts, and the smoke from the camps of our soldiers in Virginia.

There are a great number of distinguished people here, Ex-Gov. Banks among others. I understand that, in addition to the *thorough and rapid work*. Hethinks five hundred thousand men moving right down South at double quick would settle this quarrel up in a short space of time. Gen. Hon. Caleb Lyon, of Lyonsdale, New York, formerly a member of Congress and a gentleman of ability and immense wealth, is here. A week ago yesterday he went down to Mount Vernon, to ascertain the state of things there. He met some starving customers, who fairly feasted at the mouth at the idea of Yankee invasion. They did not alarm Mr. Lyon, though of course he was in great danger.

Nearly all the troops have been withdrawn from the capitol, which is now renovated for the approaching session of Congress. Lieut. Cate, of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, is still at work in the basement with his ovens. He supplies the immense mast of troops here with their rations of bread. The bread which he furnishes is of the best quality. An army is said "to go upon its belly." Lieut Cate's ovens, therefore, contribute materially to the progress of our troops.

D. W. S.

PROCLAMATION TO THE LOYAL MEN OF WESTERN VIRGINIA. Gen. McClellan, commander of the Ohio troops that have crossed the river into Western Virginia, has issued a proclamation to the people of that section, explaining the motives of the general government in concentrating them on their soil. After setting forth the manner the rebels have treated the loyal men, the proclamation says that the troops were not concentrated at an earlier date, because the government did not desire it to be said that its purpose was to interfere in the election which has just taken place; but that this has past, and there being no evidence a determination on the part of a majority of the people to sustain the contemptible government, it was the purpose and the desire of the President to give them the fullest protection in his power, and punish all traitors who molest loyal citizens. It was not proposed to interfere with any man's rights or disturb their institutions, as had falsely been represented by the enemies of the government. In speaking of the presence of the troops, Gen. McClellan says:—

"They come as your friends and brothers and remain only to the armed rebels who are preying upon you. Your homes, your families, your property are safe under our protection. All your rights shall be religiously respected. Notwithstanding all that has been said by the traitors to induce you to believe our arms are hostile, we shall be signalized by an interference with your slaves, understand one thing clearly and fearlessly. I hope the public attention will be directed to it, especially in connection with Mr. Manning's speech.

ARARAT BACK. The steamer Pembroke, which conveyed the Richardson Light Infantry and Wightman Rifles, to Fortress Monroe, arrived at Boston yesterday morning, having left the former place at 3 o'clock, P. M., on Sunday, May 26th. She brings a mail and several refugee passengers. There is now in the Fort over 2000 troops, and more reinforcements are soon expected, and the troops are under orders to hold themselves in readiness for marching. It is stated that the Massachusetts Sixth was hourly expected at the Fort.

The officers of the Pembroke speak in the highest terms of the behavior of the troops during the passage out, and of their conduct on the steamer for the past few days. Kindness and attention which they and the members of their companies received on the steamer Ariel from the time they left Boston Light, to their arrival at the Fort.

The Fort is signed on behalf of the Richardson Light Infantry by Princes A. Davis, Captain; I. N. Wilson, 1st Lieutenant; William E. Farrar, 2nd Lieutenant; William H. Bradley, Surgeon; E. S. Hunt, Adjutant of battalion.

THE ANNIVERSARIES. This is anniversary week in Boston, but the present war command less attention than in former years, in consequence of the war news.— At the meeting of the Congregational Ministers, yesterday afternoon, Rev. Dr. Cleaveland of this city, Rev. Dr. Briggs of Salem, and Rev. Mr. Means of Dorchester, were appointed a committee to report resolutions in relation to the present state of the country. Rev. Dr. Cleaveland was also appointed Second Preacher.

Rev. Frederick Huntley, of this city, was elected one of the Directors of the American Unitarian Association.

THE WAR NEWS.

The "war news" this morning is of little importance. We condense such as has been reported by the telegraph since our last.

Information has reached Washington that the rebel forces have thrown up earthworks, perhaps 200 feet square at Manassas Gap junction, and commanding the track for perhaps a mile. They are under the command of Gen. Bonham, of South Carolina. Col. Magruder was there in command of a battery.

It is believed Col. Kershaw's South Carolina regiment has moved up the road to Centreville, Fairfax County, to strengthen the position there in view of the probability that the federal troops would strike past that point to cut off communication with Harper's Ferry.

The Fifth Pennsylvania Regiment, the Michigan Regiment and the Fire Zouaves now hold Alexandria.

The road from Washington to Alexandria is guarded by the 3rd New Jersey and the 5th Massachusetts Regiments.

The federal troops on the Virginia side are still engaged in throwing up entrenchments, and the work is progressing with great rapidity.

Bird's Point, a locality jutting into the Mississippi just below Cairo—within cannon shot distance, but not in view of the encampment of the federal troops—has been taken by the government troops, and is being fortified.

The latest advices from Harper's Ferry represent that there are 10,000 troops there and at Bolivar, and about 400 on the Maryland heights, but the latter have no field pieces.

A gentleman from Norfolk says that Gen. Beauregard was expected to arrive on Tuesday night. The whole number of troops in and about Norfolk don't exceed 7000, though large accessions are daily expected from the Gulf States.

The battery at Sewall's Point was almost destroyed by the Monticello's guns, but a large force was repairing it. It is anticipated that Gen. Butler will land forces at Ocean View on the Roads, six miles from the Point and ten from Norfolk, on Tuesday. Large supplies from Tennessee had been sent out to throw up entrenchments on the road leading to Ocean View. The troops are said to be badly disciplined though well armed.

Seventy of the eighty votes cast at Portsmouth against secession were by a rifle company, who were immediately disarmed and disbanded.

The President has determined to appoint Hon. Mr. Schenck of Ohio a Brigadier General.

Advance of troops into Western Virginia.

On Sunday night Col. K-lly, in command of the 1st Regiment of Virginia Volunteers, received marching orders. They left Wheeling at 7 o'clock on Monday morning, in the direction of Grafton. After reaching the 10th Ohio Regiment, 1000 strong, under Col. Irving, crossing Ohio river, and forty miles from Wheeling. About the same time the 14th Ohio Regiment, under Col Steadman, crossed Ohio river at Steubenville, and occupied Bellaire and Benwood. On Monday the rebels evacuated Grafton in great hurry, and Col. Kelly was probably in possession of that place this morning.

In another place we have given a synopsis of the proclamation issued by Gen. McClellan, on the occasion of the entrance of the troops.

The report that Ex-Gov. Banks is to be Quartermaster General of the United States forces, now seems to be well confirmed.

PRAYERS FOR THE SOLDIERS. At a prayer meeting in Boston, yesterday morning, held in accordance with one of the anniversary meetings—Rev. Mr. Haskell gave an interesting account of some Christian mothers in East Boston, who had sent their sons to war. He said let us pray for those who are *not* praying men, for the Major General who is so nobly representing this State in the army, for the boys, many of whom are in danger, for all in the obedience showed by their sons and boys that they had sons and brothers in the army.

Dr. Kirk offered a fervent prayer, making special mention of the leader of the Massachusetts Sixth, Col. Jones.

Rev. Mr. Hosmil hoped that special provision would be made for the spiritual welfare of the soldiers.

Dr. Kirk read a letter from a young lady in Washington, (Miss Gertrude Ely) Bible and his sweetheart's likeness together in the knapsack. The young man had two purposes—to put down secession and to convert his regiment.

Dr. Kirk stated that Gen. Butler had been mentioned. When the troops were at the depot, singing—

"Guide me, O thou great Jehovah."

Gen. Butler remarked with an oath to Gen. Scheuck, that he prized the men who would have to whip such psalm-singing soldiers. He was sorry to know that Gen. Butler was profane, and hoped he would be prayed for.

WALLACE HINCKLEY, Com'd'st.

LOWELL TRAVELERS HEARD FROM. A letter has been received in this city, from Hon. John A. Buttrick, who sailed from Boston, April 3rd, in company with Hon. Mr. Alden, of this city, Rev. Dr. Eddy, of Boston, and others), dated Alexandria, Egypt, May 5th, in which he says that "we were on the Pyramids a four weeks from home, and after spending nine days in Egypt, we start for Jaffa, distant from Jerusalem two days, to-morrow." (May 6th) The party were all in good health and had not received the exciting news from home.

LEG BROKE. This morning, a man about forty years of age, named Daniel McGarry, who resides on Adams Street had one of his legs broken while at work at Norcross, Saunders, & Co.'s steam mill. The fracture, which is regarded by his physician as a bad one, is just above the ankle. The injured man was attended by Dr. Burnham and Bass, who hope to obviate the necessity of an amputation. The injury was received while rolling or in some way moving logs at the saw-mill.

CITY AND VICINITY.

BRACELET LOST.

On Tuesday evening, either on Merrimack or Central Street, a gold bracelet, black enamelled. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at the Courier office. may30-2t

THE FUNERAL YESTERDAY. The obsequies of the late Mr. John Butterworth took place yesterday afternoon, from the Hurd Street Church, as previously announced. The body was escorted from the residence of B. S. Butterworth, on Lawrence Street, to the church, by the Lowell Fire Department, accompanied by the Lowell Brigade Band, the whole under the lead of Chief Engineer A. D. Lufkin and Assistants, the committee from the Oceanus Engine Company, of New York, setting as pall bearers, Chief Engineer John Decker and Assistant Engineer Reed of New York, remaining here and being present at the funeral. The pall bearers were dressed in citizens' black dress, with a badge of white crape falling from the pall bearer, with a badge of white crape falling from the left shoulder, lined at the bottom by a mourning rosette.

The church was crowded to its utmost capacity, the members of the choir supplying the body pews. The coffin, which was shrouded with American bunting, was brought in and placed on a table in front of the altar. The services commenced by the reading of selections from the Scriptures, by Rev. G. F. Warren of the Worthen Street Baptist Church, followed by prayer from Rev. L. E. Thayer of the Worthen Street Methodist Church. The funeral discourse was delivered by Rev. W. H. Clark of the Hurd Street Church. It was an able production, and was the first one we wrote which led to the war, the alacrity with which men sprung to the defence of the country, and the liberality of capitalists and merchants in opening their purse strings to accord the Government in their efforts to quell the rebellion. A tribute was paid to the memory of the gallant Ellsworth and to the brave soldiers who are remains then lay before him. The discourse closed with fitting words of consolation to the bereaved relatives, and counsel to his brother firemen. At 4 o'clock the last discourse in the *Courier* of Saturday.]

The coffin was then opened to allow the firemen and others to gaze upon the body, after which the procession again formed, and escorted the remains to the old burying ground; on the Boston road, where Rev. Charles W. Homer, of St. John's Church, read the burial service of the Episcopal Church. The body having been deposited in its last resting-place, the Fire Department escorted the New York Committee to the Northern Depot, where they took the Stony Brook train for home.

It is not a little singular that three years ago last month, Mr. George H. Ricker, of this city, while on a visit to New York, was killed by falling from the third story window of the hotel where he was stopping, to the pavement. Mr. Butterworth accompanied his remains to this city, where he was

LOWELL INDEPENDENT CADETS. This is the name adopted by a new home company, organized at the Middlesex Street depot. At a meeting held last evening, the following officers were chosen :—Moses B. Leach, Captain; Horace Hancock, 1st Lieutenant; Oliver Plumside, 2nd do; Harry Meserve, 3rd do; I. T. Brickett, 4th do; W. A. Crombie, Treasurer; G. P. Plastect, Clerk. This company has fifty-two members, and will admit a few more. Col. G. F. Sawtell will be at the depot next Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of drilling the company. The regular drill will be held at the same place, on Monday and Friday evenings, F. H. Nourse, Esq., superintendent of the Lowell and Lawrence and Salem and Lowell Railroads, having kindly proffered the use of the depot for that purpose.

MILITARY PARADE. Our venerable friends, the "Lowell Veterans," were out for street parade last evening with goodly numbers. They were accompanied by the Railroad Band, whose services are highly appreciated by our citizens, and although quite proficient now, the members will become better skilled with practice as they advance in years. The Band is also represented in the Warren Light Infantry, Capt. Warren, and another company of *Infantry*, under command of Capt. Ladd, Jr., some out yesterday afternoon, and were the subject of much favorable comment by the ladies.

Tapestry and Brussels carpets are quite cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best goods in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices. Those looking to be suited from our assortment can apply with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison, for sale cheap at the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. may29d1w

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through lines, (excepting Canada) at the lowest rates. Also tickets issued, Food, Stateroom, Stateroom, and all points on the Great Western Railway. may29-1m

Telegraph Office, Merrimack & Market Depot. may29 d3m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the public to the merits of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell as we use it. jan8d1

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, L. G. Hunt, D. R. Richardson, H. Hosford, Edward Tufts, Isaac Plaisted, Levi Spaulding.

Merrimack Street, Lowell.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses and Furniture. The Premium charged has ever been made in this class. The present cash value of the assets of the Mutual Department is over $30,000 to $1 of liability. The attention of owners of property is called to the fact that the Company is now receiving premiums at 1 cent per month on policies expiring, and rates are as low as any Company that gives reliable security.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $100,000, which are invested in unincumbered real estate, other property not immediately connected with the business of the Company.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. HEMAN, Sec'y and Treas. Lowell, July 14, 1860. jy16d1y

Washington Coal.

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It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It costs less money,
It is a more pleasant burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
CHARLES WHARF-Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 16 Prescott street. jan1d1y

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

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This Elegant Preparation renders the skin soft and rich, imparting to it a flexible purity. It is most delicately efficacious in removing Tan, Sunburn, and Freckles, and by its use a clear and healthy complexion can be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* JAS. T. FIELDS, Boston.

may27w1m

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WORMS! WORMS!

☞ There is no disease more common among children, and yet none which so frequently baffles the skill of the physician, as worms.— They are highly detrimental to the constitution; and their presence should be carefully guarded against by parents. On the first manifestation of symptoms, every means should be used to expel them promptly and thoroughly. M'LANE'S Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, is well established as the most certain, safe and speedy remedy ever offered for this troublesome and dangerous malady; and all who have the management of children should keep this invaluable medicine on hand. In addition to its perfect safety, it never fails to produce the desired effect.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All the genuine have the fac simile of Fleming Bros. on the wrapper. Sold by druggists in country towns, and by dealers generally. Be sure and call for M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

may27w1m d

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets so selling so cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

CONTINUES to insure against loss by FIRE, to any amount not exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms more favorable than usual. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby, Arthur P. Bonney, Charles Robinson, Jr., Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin B. Hunt,

Joseph G. Abbott, John Avery Parker, Walter Wright, Charles H. Morrill, Henry G. Howe, Elijah M. Reed, Boston.

Abraham F. Lowe, Lucius M. Clark, Reuben E. Demond, Lowell.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

ARTHUR P. BONNEY, Secretary.

OFFICE, 104 Post Office Building, (first floor) Entrance on Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 27, 1861.

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital..... $1,500,000
Surplus..... $700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital..... $500,000
Surplus..... $500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus..... $350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus..... $225,000.

The above Companies settle on property as at low rates as other companies. Policies written on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and on Furniture, &c.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

may29d1m

VULCANITED RUBBER.

N. L. & W. G. WARD, DENTISTS

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they are prepared to say unhesitatingly that it is now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been much said in relation to the value of the new dental preparation in relation to the value of the rubber plate, and we are willing to leave the matter entirely with those who have used it. In all cases instances where it is used with great success, and those who have not, are fully convinced of its superiority. Owing to the limited time the article has been in use, we cannot say how long it will last, but it is superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they will use every effort to render it as durable as any other plate, and are willing to say that they will warrant it for five years.

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

may29 d3m

The Great English Remedy

FOR LADIES.

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

AMERICAN WOMEN.—America is justly proud of her women, for they are the most virtuous, the most moral, or premature loss their health and beauty, by the use of those destructive and pernicious nostrums which are daily thrust upon them by the most marked rascals. They at once relieve the system of all those troublesome and dangerous complaints, and a trial of them will prove to you, that anything and rules are as low as any Company that gives reliable security.

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Sold by all Druggists in Manufacturers.

WAR HAS COME, AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES OF IT TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers, as a necessary companion in the wounds, bruises, sores, and skaldd'ead that long encampments, fatigue, and intemperance caused by exposure, &c.

Besides here; the best family Salve in use for sores generally. Cures Scalds, Burns, Chilblains, sore eyes, Spinal disease, rheumatism, felons, and all kinds of humors. It is positively required for the Army, and many surgeons are using it in hospital wards.

The Golden Salve is prepared by C. P. WHITTEN Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

Tin Boxes, for containers, by the 100, always on hand. A genie wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Golden Salve. may31d1w

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE

AND THAT IT IS UNRIVALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND THAT RESTORES GRAY HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Read an Apothecary's testimonial.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 30, 1859

MESSRS. H. HANSE & CO.,—HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE is the best article we ever sold, and we have sold it for years. It has given satisfaction and success. I have tried various articles for the hair, but have found none to do the good performance among them all. I never hesitate to recommend it to my customers, for I know it will do all that is claimed for it. Yours, &c.,

J. E. SIZER, Wholesale Druggist.

We, the undersigned, have used the above article, and can fully endorse the above testimonial. We have been sealed as before provided, still feeble a week not smoothing, and have found it to be as represented. Our satisfaction in its use is unbounded.

Mrs. E. HANSE, Mrs. E. HEIMSTREET, Mrs. E. HEIMSTREET, Jr.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

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CARPETS & YARNS

FOR SALE.

CARPET THRUMS AND BROKEN YARNS, REMNANTS OF CARPETS, Damaged Carpets, &c.,

For sale VERY CHEAP, at

CARPET MILL, CROSBY ST.,

WHIPPLE'S MILLS.

A FAIR CHANCE FOR GOOD BARGAINS. may30 d3m

TOMATO PLANTS.

10,000 now ready and for sale by

F. G. MORSE,

At his old accustomed stand.

Also, Cabbage, Tomato and Flower Plants, for sale in the Tomato Grocer Store, on Market street. Also a large stock of NEW and desirable kinds are for sale at the lowest prices. We have a complete assortment of

Domestic and Housekeeping Goods,

Any needs especially invite, those who are making a call. We have a large stock of Sheeting, Wide Sheeting, Pillow Cotton, Ticking, Cotton Flannels, Table Linens, Crash, Diapers, Napkins, Towels, Towelling, Quilts, Counterpanes, Blankets, Flannels, Linen Sheeting, Linen Drilling, Linen Diapers, Linen Napkins, Linen Towels, Linen Crash, Linen Damask, Linen Table Cloths, Linen Quilts, Linen Counterpanes, Linen Sheets, Linen Pillow Cases, Linen Bosoms, Linen Collars, Linen Cuffs, Linen Handkerchiefs, Linen Thread, Cotton Thread, Silk Thread, Linen Floss, Silk Floss, Linen Braid, Cotton Braid, Silk Braid, Linen Tape, Cotton Tape, Silk Tape, Linen Bobbin, Cotton Bobbin, Silk Bobbin, Linen Cord, Cotton Cord, Silk Cord, Linen Gimp, Cotton Gimp, Silk Gimp, Linen Fringe, Cotton Fringe, Silk Fringe, Linen Lace, Cotton Lace, Silk Lace, Linen Edging, Cotton Edging, Silk Edging, Linen Insertion, Cotton Insertion, Silk Insertion, Linen Ruffling, Cotton Ruffling, Silk Ruffling, Linen Braces, Cotton Braces, Silk Braces, Linen Suspenders, Cotton Suspenders, Silk Suspenders, Linen Garters, Cotton Garters, Silk Garters, Linen Belts, Cotton Belts, Silk Belts, Linen Collars, Cotton Collars, Silk Collars, Linen Cuffs, Cotton Cuffs, Silk Cuffs, Linen Handkerchiefs, Cotton Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Lin

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL EXECUTION of LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Re'ports, Memoirs, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, Court Dockets, Bridal and Commutation of Sentence, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Labels, Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters' Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or in the richest variety of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, for the use of manufacturers and others.

☞ Always on hand a good stock of pearl surface and manufacturers' colored CARDS, suitable to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. G. STONE & CO. Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mettison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to all exciting rivals of the kind, and proving effectual after all other remedies have failed, is designed for both
PREVENT AND REMOVE OBSTRUCTIONS,
and in the very least thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if used for a short period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married females who avoid the evil of a large family, because, if taken according to the directions, no disappointment will be experienced.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single instance having been known to fail. Those who are afflicted with any of the complaints mentioned in the following symptoms, may rely with confidence upon this medicine, as it will in every instance relieve when taken as directed, and without any injury to health or change of diet. It is put up in bottles of three different sizes, with full directions for use, and sent to Express, ready sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half-strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember! that this medicine is designed effectually for all the above purposes, and will not in any case, nor under any circumstances, injure the constitution, as it is unprepared with any mineral substance, or the poisonous drugs of the present day. Office: Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE INFIRMARY, FEMALE DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of long and extensive practice, giving his whole attention to them—Consultations by letter or otherwise strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad who wish to board and be quiet. Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when many are daily deceived by pretending to be regular, of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful in ascertaining the character of those to whom they entrust their surgery, and to forward it to whom they commit their prescriptions. Many are ignorantly, and to their cost, deceived in this, and are completely ruined by it. Such cases are of frequent occurrence, and to prevent as much as possible the like from happening to those who may favor me with their confidence, I have thought it necessary to give this caution, and to inform the public that I am regularly educated to the profession, and have had many years experience in the treatment of the various diseases of females, and that I am not to be classed with those who, by pretending to be regular, are daily imposing upon the public, and leading many to their destruction.

DR. MATTISON
Has the honor to inform the public that his preparation in Providence, and in new England, who have used it, are highly pleased with it, and he gives no new testimonials, as he has been all along receiving them from those who have used it, and from other places, LETTERS ARE DAILY RECEIVED, and he considers it unnecessary to publish them.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only regular physician in Providence, if not in New England, who has ever given a public notice of his name and he gives no new testimonials, as he has been all along receiving them from those who have used it, and from other places, LETTERS ARE DAILY RECEIVED, and he considers it unnecessary to publish them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Where patients desire private aid, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.

August 24, 1861. may24tf

E. G. KELLY,
136 John Street,
Sole Agent for the City of New York for the
Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which prove them the properties of
PURE SPERM OIL.
P. G. Kelly's Patent Triple Refined Parraffine Lubricating Oil for Cotton Machinery, and Machinery Not Heated by Friction. Patent Triple Refined Parraffine Lubricating Oil for Woolen Machinery. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, Superior to Sperm Oil for Burning in Common Illuminating Oil Lamps. 45 cents. White Chemical Oil, by Bugler. No. 1, 75 cents. for Rotary Machinery. No. 2, 50 cents.
Office for the sale of the Oil,
136 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.
may27 E. G. KELLEY.

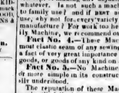
CUTLERY! CUTLERY!
A LADY'S receipt of England and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces. Also Carvers and Butchers' Knives, Razors and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the City, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
dec24 46 Merrimack

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money rapidly without the investment of a dollar, is now discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, only a few months since, were in the most needy circumstances. Any one can make from $20 to $50 per week. One young man who a few months ago was in destitute circumstances is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own industry. Any woman or child who will work can make from $10 to $20 per week. Women can clear from $8 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on the receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold the business to over 100,0 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it to this country.
Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug26 Boston, Mass.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND HERALD.
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. S. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia an liver complaint."
E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great confidence of its merits."
Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine ever offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with the made several cases of palpitation of the heart and general debility.
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Huron Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 1st, 1861. He says: "My wife has been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart and the most excruciating distress after eating. After using a few bottles of your Sherry Wine Bitters and an entire bottle of your Sherry Wine Bitters of WOMEN, and the 'Private Instructions,' she is also elevating praise for them, as they are the most wonderful references and testimonials, without a single exception, that I have ever seen, and I do not think I deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE, if I do not recommend them."
☞ Dr. Mattison is the only regular physician in Providence, if not in New England, who has ever given a public notice of his name and he gives no new testimonials, as he has been all along receiving them from those who have used it, and from other places, LETTERS ARE DAILY RECEIVED, and he considers it unnecessary to publish them.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Where patients desire private aid, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.
August 24, 1861. may24tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.
REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all places in Canada East.
Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $3.20
" " " Charleston, 2.00
" " " Derby, 1.50
" " " Newport, 1.50
" " " Stanstead, 1.50
THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
182 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.
may20 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!



WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.
WM. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of the above celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner, and are perfect in fit, and are made and sold at the lowest prices. Every pair is made agree in the most satisfactory manner.
He has also a perfect article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with red cotton, and will not rip. Also, a large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without fleece lining.
A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without fleece lining, at
WM. F. BRAZER'S Gum Boot Store.
jan21 61½

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, Brushes, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, socket, hand, castor, stone, kitchen, and study lamps for sale very low. Also, a large assortment of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Isaac Bonser's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned and kept are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.
The insured get all the profit s.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
The Company returns the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-annually, or Quarterly, during the first five years of the Life, Fewer Premiums, may be paid one half in cash, and one half in a note, payable at the end of the first year. The interest on premiums notes is at the rate of 6 per cent.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured five years.
The Dividends are paid to all the insured in settlement of premiums, or in cash, at the option of the insured. Applications for Insurance may be made to
GEO. W. BLUNT, Secretary.
The dividends declared are based upon the most careful estimates, and are reliable.
This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of Policies issued is not considered as the only test of the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance are based. Although of great importance, must therefore premise it to be important that those insured should have a correct information of their prospects as to the advantages offered.
This Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies entitled to participate in profits.
Applications for insurance may be made to
S. H. FISHER, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar1 dtf

The attention of Invalids, Physicians, Clergymen, Schools &c., and the public generally, is respectfully invited to the merits of this famous preparation, which is acknowledged by all who have used it to be the most valuable
BLOOD FOOD
ever offered to the public.
Debility,
pale countenance and nervous excitement anxiety and fear of evil, dizziness of the head, indigestion, flatulency complaint and a variety of the skin, is likewise the offspring of debility, and the whole train and complications of which require a deficiency of the blood to be supplied with its
Principles of Iron
have been given for the purpose of supplying this deficiency, but they have proved worse than useless, will not meet the deficiency in every instance, and that a preparation of iron which presents a necessity to produce the least to be recommended, and such a preparation has been reached in the Blood Food, and its discovery has been hailed by the medical world as important to the
Consumption
are to reflect the cough, loosen the mucous, strengthen the lungs, and after the preceding eight months the disease will be found to have entirely left the system. Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Piles, Loss of Appetite, restore the lost, and soothe the aching nerves. Those who are afflicted with
Female Complaints
to which the sex are so liable, and which tend to undermine the constitution, will find in the Blood Restoration, Great Nature Vitalizer, especially adapted to their case, a thing free of fuss or show, expensive, or disagreeable to take, but a medicine which will restore the blood to its proper channels, and thereby remove the cause of the disease. The Blood Food is a medicine which will be found to be a great blessing to those whose mental or bodily powers are prostrated by the use of mercury, or the many quack nostrums which are daily thrust upon the public. It is a medicine which cannot be over estimated. A single trial will prove its value, and a few bottles in regard to its efficiency that a trial is recommended. Those who have been to the doctor's and have been given up to die, should try the Blood Food, as it is a medicine which will not fail to restore the lost blood to its proper channels, and thereby remove the cause of the disease. Those who have been given up to die, should try the Blood Food, as it is a medicine which will not fail to restore the lost blood to its proper channels, and thereby remove the cause of the disease. Those who have been given up to die, should try the Blood Food, as it is a medicine which will not fail to restore the lost blood to its proper channels, and thereby remove the cause of the disease.
Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Chemists and Druggists, 274 Canal street, New York,
and sold by druggists generally.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.
1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats.
100 bush. Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar4 43 Market street.

Klauer's Lirocone.
For cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver Ware, Marble, Mirrors, Furniture, &c. This Lirocone is invaluable. It will be found efficacious, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, Glass once soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered. Trial for the above uses.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists generally.
aug19 tf

ROBES AND FUR COATS.
BUFFALO, Coon, R. B. Wolf and Shad Fur Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., for sale cheap at the cheap fur store of
mar4 HAZEN'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
may18 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RUBBER SLATS.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for one than any other styles of slates. Call and examine it
nov11 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

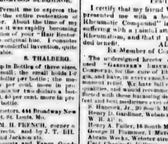
A FEW MORE of Simon's Patent Music Folio Blotters are now open for Lowell.
nov11 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central street.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS BEEN IN USE FOR A GOOD QUESSON
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Disorders, for which none need suffer, is CONQUERED.
Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!
Our address to all sufferers is to be

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, 24 FERRY, Manchester, N. H. E. H. DOLLIDGE & CO., Concord, and at retail by dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb25 3m



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan 1, 1861, $1,512,356 93
Dividends paid to date, 1,044,901 18
Loans paid, 2,611,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, constitute the company. The accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves public confidence, are the following, viz:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned on it.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned and kept are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.
The insured get all the profit s.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
The Company returns the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-annually, or Quarterly, during the first five years of the Life, Fewer Premiums, may be paid one half in cash, and one half in a note, payable at the end of the first year. The interest on premiums notes is at the rate of 6 per cent.
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The Dividends are paid to all the insured in settlement of premiums, or in cash, at the option of the insured. Applications for Insurance may be made to
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The dividends declared are based upon the most careful estimates, and are reliable.
This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of Policies issued is not considered as the only test of the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance are based. Although of great importance, must therefore premise it to be important that those insured should have a correct information of their prospects as to the advantages offered.
This Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies entitled to participate in profits.
Applications for insurance may be made to
S. H. FISHER, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar4 dtf

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and the endless variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will run from fine to heavy thickness of Manufactures without stopping, and make exc y stitch alike. Therefore they will exec ute every variegance to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. It is just such a machine as is needed in family use! and if NOT adapted to family use, it is not for any variety of light sewing manufacture! For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger size.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seams of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods that will shrink and draw.
Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, and less liable to stir understood.
The operation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the American Institute, in the city of New York, over all other kinds, and the Premium for fine sewing machine work.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest at the Mech'anics' Institute, in the city of San Francisco, over all competitors, for the same thing generally whenever properly exhibited. Persons can be satisfied at the Sewing machines. But we have space for only a few facts. Call and see the Machines in operation.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in use, or the money will be refunded.
The peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite irresistible to persons who see them in operation. They are the fastest movement known of thousands, from almost every person who has seen them. They are the most peculiar motion and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Machines, that have always given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your money for a "Blood Machine" that is a failing remedy; give it a trial, and be fully convinced that it is worthless before you throw away your money.
Fact No. 8.—The Restoratives is put up in Bottles of six sizes, large, medium, and small, the small holds 1 pint, the medium 1½ pints, and the large 2 pints. Directions for use in English, French, German and Spanish, accompany each bottle. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by all Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.
For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Lowell.
mar19 tf

Toilet Soaps.
ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Silver Shaving, Rose, Almond, Palm, Castile, Brown Windsor, Yellow, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar19 tf

CRUSH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GOALS.—Crush ground Graham Meal from the best Genesee wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by
SAM'L N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

KIDDER'S JAIN DURESSING.—This article is now used and recommended for Dressing and Beautifying Hair, Whiskers, Moustaches, &c. Call and try it, for the roots, and cause the hair to grow.
For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.
jy6

TO THE LADIES.
BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new combination for the Toilet, completely effectuates in annihilating Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, &c., and imparts a delicate and beautiful transparency to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.
jy6

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.
SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.
THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull, the pupil dilate; an coarse semicircle runs along the lower lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with heaviness and throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy mouth and tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a nauseating sensation of the stomach, at others entirely gone; a fleeting pain of the bowels; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive, at others relaxed, unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally quick and short, sometimes slow and heavy; hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c
Whenever the above symptoms are
DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
Will certainly effect a cure.
The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to
RETURN THE MONEY
In every instance where it should prove ineffectual "providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult should warrant the presumption of worms being the cause of the disease, and the directions be given IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.
We pledge ourselves to the public, that
Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge
DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY
in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.
Address all orders to
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.
P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders plainly and take none but Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., for those wishing to give a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, on the receipt of twenty-five cents, a sufficient quantity to test its merits. Sold by druggists generally. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.
For sale by druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.
For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts Lowell.
may27 1y

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND STYLE.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CASTORS AND FRUIT DISHES,
CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, PITCHERS, GOBLETS, SPOONS, BUTTER KNIVES, FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND KEY CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE RINGS, SEALS, PENCIL, SLEEVE BUTTONS, NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PIE KNIVES, PISTOL AND POCKET CUTLERY.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Kenops Patent
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES AND JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, March 19, 1861. 3m

SPECTACLES.—A new lot of Steel Bands just adapted to all Eyes received this day and for sale cheap at SANBORN'S, 204 Merrimack Street.
may20

DR. M'LANE'S
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF
IMPORTANT FACTS.
JOHN Stevenson, Judson, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction, and recommend it to all cases of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Piles, Costiveness, Sick Headache, &c., as being the only remedy that preserves the bile from corruption, and thereby prevents it from acting as an irritating and poisonous agent on the system, and gives the following testimonials:
Dear Sir.—I have used Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills in my family among the children with perfect success. They are mild in their operation, and give your Bitters a perfect success. They are mild in their operation, and give your Bitters a perfect success. They are mild in their operation, and give your Bitters a perfect success.
Truly yours, JOHN STEVENSON.
I have been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart and the most excruciating distress after eating. After using a few bottles of your Sherry Wine Bitters and an entire bottle of your Sherry Wine Bitters of WOMEN, and the 'Private Instructions,' she is also elevating praise for them, as they are the most wonderful references and testimonials, without a single exception, that I have ever seen, and I do not think I deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE, if I do not recommend them.
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August 24, 1861. may24tf

E. G. KELLEY,
136 John Street,
Sole Agent for the City of New York for the
Patent Parafine Lubricating Oil Company.

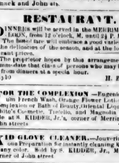
Whose oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which prove them the properties of
PURE SPERM OIL.
P. G. Kelly's Patent Triple Refined Parraffine Lubricating Oil for Cotton Machinery, and Machinery Not Heated by Friction. Patent Triple Refined Parraffine Lubricating Oil for Woolen Machinery. Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, Superior to Sperm Oil for Burning in Common Illuminating Oil Lamps. 45 cents. White Chemical Oil, by Bugler. No. 1, 75 cents. for Rotary Machinery. No. 2, 50 cents.
Office for the sale of the Oil,
136 John Street, New York.
AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.
may27 E. G. KELLEY.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!
A LADY'S receipt of England and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces. Also Carvers and Butchers' Knives, Razors and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the City, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
dec24 46 Merrimack

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money rapidly without the investment of a dollar, is now discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, only a few months since, were in the most needy circumstances. Any one can make from $20 to $50 per week. One young man who a few months ago was in destitute circumstances is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own industry. Any woman or child who will work can make from $10 to $20 per week. Women can clear from $8 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and which enables the possessor to commence work immediately, will be sent on the receipt of $1. No money to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold the business to over 100,0 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it to this country.
Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug26 Boston, Mass.

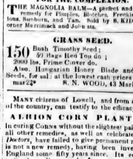
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FORMALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—enjoying a good workmen on former
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS,
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Silvering Articles for Glass Attended to.
A large Stock of
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
CLOCKS,
Sept. 24, 1860. Watches, &c., &c., &c. may24

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.



EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street.
apr26 S. N. WOOD.

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & CO.'S celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium at the World's Fair, Manufactured by them, a good assortment of these instruments always on hand. Persons in want of Pianos will find it for their interest to call and examine before purchasing, as they are sold at the lowest Factory Prices made. Also, a good assortment of second hand Pianos, which they will warrant to be the best Piano Fortes made.
N.B.—Pianos to let by the month or year.
Lowell, June 8 1858. jy8ly

ASTHMA
Can be cured by the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

FENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by E. FENDT & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.
Having, of late years, been kept for the poor
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS,
Mar. 1861 may1 dtf

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD REVOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.
FOR the alleviation of bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public speakers and Singers will find the Troches beneficial in clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
may18

HAZEN'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
may17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Burnet's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the hair. It is the best preparation for baldness, it is without an equal
It prevents the hair from falling
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not gummy nor sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It keeps the hair in curl, and when hard and dry
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords a fine gloss to the hair.
It is not injurious to the hair.
It is only 25 cents for a half-pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may18

RESTAURANT.
OYSTERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 12 o'clock, M. until 2 P. M. The best of Oysters will always continue a great variety, as is the delicacies of the season, and at the lowest living prices.
The proprietor has made such arrangement to accommodate that citizens of parties who may be desirous of an oyster at a special hour.
H. ERNST
1y30

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Premium and Fancy Wash, Chicago Flower Lotion, Various Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Lily White, Rose Pink, Rouge, Pearl Powder, &c., for sale at S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
may3

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvin's Instantaneous Kid Glove Cleaner, for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
dec24

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND
IS HOUSINE for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold and Silver Ware, Marble, Mirrors, Furniture, &c. Its use is invaluable. It will be found efficacious, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, Glass once soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered. Trial for the above uses.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists generally.
may19

SPRING WHEAT AND RYE.
100 Bush. Spring Wheat, for seed—on hand and for sale by S. N. WOOD,
mar22 43 Market street.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM, a pure and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Erysipelas, Sunburn, &c. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
feb14

GRASS SEED.
150 Bush. Timothy Seed.
97 bags Red Top do.
Also, Hungarian, Honey Blobs and Millet Seed, for sale at wholesale and retail by
mar22 S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of New England, testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It never gives a sore corn, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
CHURCH & DUPONT,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all apothecaries.
SAMUEL N. WOOD, Agent.

MIDDELLAS AND PAHA
PILLS made and repaired. Canes in great variety. Fancy and Gold setting. Pruning, Fine Scissors ground, by
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may20 dtf

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,
Warranted to burn
WITHOUT A MATCH!
Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
oct26tf

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE.
Sold by
nov11 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

FURNITURE POLISH.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a Patent Furniture Polish for Furniture Mortis, and any painted work, which will restore the polish to furniture when it has become dull, and will prevent furniture from becoming smeared. By using one box of this Polish you will be enabled to restore the whole furniture of a house quite new, within one hour. Please call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
apr10

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS BEEN IN USE FOR A GOOD QUESSON
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Disorders, for which none need suffer, is CONQUERED.
Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!
Our address to all sufferers is to be

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, 24 FERRY, Manchester, N. H. E. H. DOLLIDGE & CO., Concord, and at retail by dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb25 3m

The attention of Invalids, Physicians, Clergymen, Schools &c., and the public generally, is respectfully invited to the merits of this famous preparation, which is acknowledged by all who have used it to be the most valuable
BLOOD FOOD
ever offered to the public.
Debility,
pale countenance and nervous excitement anxiety and fear of evil, dizziness of the head, indigestion, flatulency complaint and a variety of the skin, is likewise the offspring of debility, and the whole train and complications of which require a deficiency of the blood to be supplied with its
Principles of Iron
have been given for the purpose of supplying this deficiency, but they have proved worse than useless, will not meet the deficiency in every instance, and that a preparation of iron which presents a necessity to produce the least to be recommended, and such a preparation has been reached in the Blood Food, and its discovery has been hailed by the medical world as important to the
Consumption
are to reflect the cough, loosen the mucous, strengthen the lungs, and after the preceding eight months the disease will be found to have entirely left the system. Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Piles, Loss of Appetite, restore the lost, and soothe the aching nerves. Those who are afflicted with
Female Complaints
to which the sex are so liable, and which tend to undermine the constitution, will find in the Blood Restoration, Great Nature Vitalizer, especially adapted to their case, a thing free of fuss or show, expensive, or disagreeable to take, but a medicine which will restore the blood to its proper channels, and thereby remove the cause of the disease. The Blood Food is a medicine which will be found to be a great blessing to those whose mental or bodily powers are prostrated by the use of mercury, or the many quack nostrums which are daily thrust upon the public. It is a medicine which cannot be over estimated. A single trial will prove its value, and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, May 31, 1861.

THE FRUIT PROSPECT. From indications at this time, we think that in this vicinity the fruit crop is to be very small. The Baldwin trees, which bore so bountifully last year in all orchards, will bear very little, if any, while other kinds have about half a blow. The prospect for apples, however, is better now than two weeks ago; but the blossoms are exceedingly late, and not at all promising. Pears and quince's are not more flourishing than apples, and it is safe to say that the yield of all three will not, in this section, be a quarter what it was last season.

Of cherries, there will be none. We have heard of but two or three instances where there have been any blossoms, and as yet the leaves have not appeared, and it is feared that many trees are killed. One or two cases, where single limbs of trees were covered up with snow, the blossoms are out finely, but not one on any other part of the tree, which is conclusive proof that the buds were destroyed by the cold of last winter. Some contend that the sudden change of weather in February—when the mercury fell in sixteen hours, from 37 above to 21 below, is the cause of this complete blight of the cherry. The fact that limbs that were protected by being under the snow are full of blossoms, while the rest of the trees is barren, is evidence sufficient that the cause, whatever it may have been, existed before the snow left us.

The peach crop, as far as we can learn, will be a failure in this vicinity. In many instances the trees are dead, and most of those that have survived will be worthless the present year. The same reason for the failure of the cherry, is urged for the account for the non-appearance of the peach, which was not abundant last year.

We have also been told by one familiar with the fact, that the peach and cherry trees in this year (judging from present indications) is to be comparatively small.—There is not more than half a blow, which is certainly indicative of an indifferent yield. But the remarkable yield last year, which perhaps was never exceeded, prepared people to expect a small crop the present season. At this time there is no probability that the growth of fruit, so far as we are able to learn, throughout New England, will be more than half of that last year.

THE FEELING TOWARD THE NORTH.—There are new proofs every day that the Southerners have always entertained the belief that they are superior, intellectually and physically, to the people of the North. They have regarded us as an avaricious, cowardly, poor, imbecile class, scarcely better than their niggers, and they have not failed to give us evidence that they so regarded us in the treatment they have bestowed upon us. Now, especially, they are exceedingly bitter and illiberal; and this feeling comes not only from their educated men, but their loafers and "poor white trash." A correspondent of the *New York Post* reports that Senator Pearce, of Maryland, in reply to the inquiry, what was the true cause of Southern secession, remarked that it was not the slavery question, but "*a sentiment, sir. The superior race will not submit to be governed by the inferior.*"

The writer adds that he can hardly think the Senator would have made so foolish a remark, but that it truly expresses the feeling among the chivalry is apparent from the tone of the Southern press. A Mobile paper, for example, *regrets that they will have the ungodly work of whipping Northern shoemakers, instead of gentlemen on an equality with themselves.* Let this be known among among the people of the North, and if it is inglorious to whip shoemakers, it may be more glorious to be whipped by them.

The judgment of the world, outside of the rebel States, however, is entirely different, which leads candid people to conclude that there is a vast deal of egotism, as well as an undounded sense of impudence and arrogance in the "chivalry."—A French paper (*the Journal des Debats*, we think it was) a few weeks ago, in speaking of the rebellion in this country, took the following view of the parties—the North and the South: "In population, wealth, education and practical talent, the North, the great free States, have the vast the advantage. The North, too, has on its side, in the conflict that has begun, sentiments that are extremely powerful in a struggle between civilized nations, namely, principles. Might and right are both on the side of the North."

ENGLISH NEWS. The news received from England by the America, this morning, indicates a very puzzled and inharmonious condition of feeling among her statesmen, as to the course to be pursued in regard to affairs in this country. Her position may well excuse this; for events now threaten her with all the disasters of a war—and, in some respects even worse. There is a very strong disposition to "back and fill" for the cotton interest, at the risk of a quarrel with us. But this would be "throwing helve after hatchet;" for such a course would not only lose her the coveted cotton, but her vast trade with the free States also. However, it may be safely said that, should the British ministry take any course tending toward collusion with the United States, they would be turned out of place in the briefest possible time. The English people are all "sound on the goose."

BUCKLAND, the English naturalist, disbelieves in sea-serpents, and thinks that those who fancied to have seen them were deceived by seals, that in migrating go in single file.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

Gen. Lee is reported to be advancing on Washington with 25,000 men.

Federal troops have occupied Grafton without opposition, which opens the road to Wheeling.

Every regiment in Washington is under marching orders.

Slaves of rebel owners have been officially declared contraband of war.

Fortress Monroe received a reinforcement of 2000 men yesterday.

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. The telegraph yesterday reported Senator Douglas to be very low and sinking fast, and it was feared that he would not live through the night. The report on the street to-day of his death, is probably incorrect, as nothing of the kind had been received in Boston at 1 1-2 o'clock.

WAR NEWS AND RUMORS.

EX-GOV. BANKS has received his commission as Major-General.

A steamer from Fortress Monroe arrived at Washington yesterday, with dispatches from Gen. Butler, and was announced to remain immediately with answers from the War Department.

A merchant in Alexandria has received a letter from his brother in Richmond, urging him to leave at once, as the Federal troops were to be driven from Virginia soil by the confederate army.

A report reached New York that the rebels had evacuated Harper's Ferry, and were concentrating at Norfolk.

The First Regiment of the Massachusetts troops will leave Portland for Washington on Saturday. The Second Maine Regiment left New York last night.

Troops from all directions are being moved toward Washington, and the force there and at Fortress Monroe, is every day rapidly augmenting.

It has been determined to give every man, of whatever rank, serving in the army or navy, a diploma on fine parchment paper, signed by President Lincoln and heads of Departments.

The new military department of Kentucky, to the command of which Colonel Robert Anderson is just assigned, embraces so much of that State as lies within 100 miles of the Ohio river. Headquarters at present are at Louisville.

The building of Fort Ship Island, some thirteen miles from Biloxi, Miss., have been burned, and the rebels think, by the Federal Government.

The troops near Alexandria are throwing up entrenchments about one mile west of that city, to command the approaches from the Virginia side.

Between 200 and 300 barrels of flour were seized at Arlington Mills, six miles from Alexandria, yesterday morning.—The flour was intended for the use of the rebel forces.

Four residents of Baltimore County, in the neighborhood of Cockeysville, named Worthington, Matthews, Scott, and one whose name is unknown, were arrested last Wednesday night, by the Federal troops, charged with being in the company of those who participated with Mr. Merriman in the doings for which he was arrested.

A dispatch in the *New Orleans Picayune*, says the Brooklyn is blockading the mouth of the Mississippi. The Pensacola correspondent of the *Mobile Advertiser* says that several vessels, including the ship for Apalachicola, have been driven from there within two or three days by the blockading fleet.

"ALL WE DESIRE IS TO BE LET ALONE." Thus spake Mr. Jefferson Davis in his message to the Congress lately in session at Montgomery. Let us interpret the words of the rebels by their deeds.

On the 20th of December last they seized Fort Moultrie, Castle Pinckney, the custom house, post office and arsenal at Charleston, all of them indisputably the property of the federal government.

On the 27th of January they seized Fort Pulaski and Jackson, and the United States arsenal at Savanah, all of them indisputably the property of the federal government.

On the 4th of January they seized Fort Morgan and the arsenal at Mobile, also the property of the federal government.

On the 9th of January they fired into the Star of the West, *carrying* provisions and reinforcements to a United States fort.

On the 11th of January they seized the United States arsenal at Baton Rouge, and Forts Pike and Johnson.

On the 12th of January they seized the United States Navy Yard at Pensacola, and Fort Barrancas, and have ever since been preparing to attack Fort Pickens and wrest it from the United States.

On the 31st of January they seized the United States custom house at New Orleans and the mint with its contents.

On the 20th of February they took, by the surrender of the arch-traitor Twiggs, the munitions of war and other public property in Texas.

On the 12th of April they bombarded and captured Fort Sumter.

On the 15th of April Mr. Jefferson Davis invited offers for letters of marque, waging war upon private citizens as well as the government of the United States.

On the 19th of April the rebel Secretary of War publicly proclaimed their intention to attack the national capital, and boasted that by the 1st of May the rebel flag would float from the federal capitol.

In every case of the seizure of public property they have boasted down the face of the United States and hoisted a rebel flag in its place.

Reject "all they want is to be let alone."—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

GOVERNMENT FINANCES. The proposals for a loan of nearly $14,000,000, authorized by Congress in Buchanan's administration, were not opened at Washington; probably because the terms were restricted to par and only 6 per cent. interest—the same as the present value of United States bonds. The Treasury Department will avail itself of the authority to issue treasury notes to meet the wants of the government.

The receipts at the Treasury last week were $388,000.

Of the new loan authorized last March, $2,474,600 has been subscribed for in New England, of which $182,000 is taken by Lowell banks.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamship American arrived at Halifax yesterday morning with news to the 19th inst. Among her passengers is Hon. George M. Dallas, late minister to England. Quite a debate occurred in the British House of Lords on the 16th inst., in relation to American difficulties and the late proclamation of the Queen in relation to "lawful blockade." Earls Ellesborough, Granville, Derby, and Lords Brougham, Chelmsford and others, took part in it.

Lord Derby said that the United States proclaimed a blockade of the whole southern coast, which they had not the force to maintain; although they could lawfully blockade certain ports, it was not desirable they should proclaim an universal blockade, but only maintain a partial one. The northern States have also declared they should treat privateers as pirates, but they could not do so by the law of nations, and it was a desirable that, notwithstanding the proclamation, it should be declared that such penalty inflicted on British subjects would not be viewed with indifference by England.

Lord Brougham said privateering, according to international law, was not piracy, but to join an expedition against a State at peace with England was a similar act. To constitute an effective blockade, a force must be maintained to make a passage absolutely impossible, but very difficult.

Lord Kingsdown said that the northern States might consider southern rebels guilty of high treason, but that principle would not be viewed with indifference by foreign governments.

JUDGE TANEY. The *New York Evening Post* thinks that while the servants of the nation, from the highest to the lowest, are publicly attesting their fidelity to the Union and the Constitution by taking the oath of allegiance, it is as well to make thorough work of it and tender this oath also to Chief Justice Taney. It is not flattering to the nation to suggest a question of the fidelity of its highest judge; but treason has recently turned up in very unlooked for quarters, and the people remember that on Saturday, the day after Taney should now cordially repeat the oath of allegiance. We should then be at liberty to regard his recent course as an error of judgment, grave but yet pardonable; while now there are not lacking those who impute worse motives to the Judge. Let the oath of allegiance be administered to the Chief Justice.

A FEARFUL FALL. The Lebanon, N. H., *Free Press* says that on Saturday, the 19th inst., a number of another raised a liberty pole, and Mr. J. B. Perry was standing on the top of it—53 feet from the ground—by some mismovement of the machinery, the pole came down, and he fell headforemost to the ground. Fortunately in his descent he struck upon the shoulder of another individual standing on the top of a ladder resting upon the pole, by which the force of the fall was broken and he turned round, so that he came to the ground on his right end up, but safe and sound, wind and limb. It was a very miraculous escape. In five minutes after he landed upon the ground, he was again ascending upon the top of the pole from which he had just taken so memantic a descent.

THE REBEL FORCE. The *New York Commercial* thinks it would be foolish to pretend giving any trustworthy estimate of the number of insurgents in the field. In Virginia there are probably between forty and fifty thousand—about "old rye" from Ferry, Manassas Junction, Lynchburg, Richmond, Norfolk, and a number of smaller places. We hear of no immediate movement on foot to move into Western Kentucky, with a view of seizing Cairo; but presume that most of them will keep safe distance from that point. Including the force now between Washington and Harper's Ferry, some seventy-five thousand would more than cover all the available strength of the insurgents. But besides these, there are numerous companies of Home Guards, and town negroes, who will possibly pass for white guards those times.

GEN. BUTLER AND THE RUNAWAY NEGROES. Gen. Butler reports that 135 negroes have escaped and taken refuge with his command, and he refers the question to the President for his determination as to their ultimate disposition. These slaves, who have sought the protection of the garrison at Fort Monroe, say they have long known of the existing difficulties, and that they have been hoping and praying for deliverance. They had been led to think that Gen. Butler was one of the soldiers with him were colored men, and were astonished at their complexion.

"A CHIP OF THE OLD BLOCK." The *Chicago Journal*, of the 25th, has the following respecting a daughter of the secession but patriotic Person Brownlow, of Tennessee:—

A gentleman just arrived in this city from Cleveland says, that the strongest intelligence of affairs in that city. The house of the celebrated, bold-hearted and out-spoken Parson Brownlow, is the only one in Knoxville over which the stars and stripes are now floating. The two principal secessionists went at 6 o'clock in the morning to haul down the stars and stripes.—The elder of the daughters, a young lady of twenty-three, saw them on the piazza, and at once ordered them to desist from their work. They replied they had come to "take down them stars and stripes." She informed them they knew from which side, and presenting it, said, "Go on! I'm good for one of you, and I think for both!"

"By the locks of that girl's eye she'll shoot," one remarked. "I think we'd better try it; we'll go back and get more men," said the other.

"Go and get a Company!" said the noble lady; "go more men, and come and take it down if you dare!"

They returned with a company of ninety armed men, and demanded that the flag should be hauled down. But no sooner seeing that the house was filled with gallant men, armed to the teeth, who would rather die or dearly as possible than see their country's flag dishonored, the secessionists retired.

When our informant left Knoxville the stars and stripes still floated to the breeze over Parson Brownlow's house. *Long* may they wave!

HARD PUSHED FOR MONEY. Matters are already in so bad a condition in Mobile, that a correspondent of the *Advertiser* proposes that people should send in their silver plate and their jewels, and even their watches, for the relief of the treasury.

ANOTHER ERROR. The venire directed to the Mayor and Aldermen, ordering them to draw jurors, acted upon last Tuesday evening, was for the Court of Common Pleas instead of Superior Court, and of course the action of the Board was null and void. This morning another was received directing them to draw jurors for the Superior Court to be holden at Concord next Monday, the jurors to be drawn not less than seven nor more than twenty-one days before the commencement of the said Court. As the Board had only three days notice, of course they could not legally act, and no jurors were drawn. After the commencement of the sitting of the Court, they may issue another venire ordering jurymen to be drawn for immediate service.

PACKAGES TO SIXTH REGIMENT. The Soldiers' Aid Association will forward another bag to the Sixth Regiment on Monday next, at noon. For particulars see notice at head of local column.

BREAD FOR FORTRESS MONROE. Among the many requests sent on by Governor Boutwell, by Capt. Proctor, was an order for a supply of bread from Lowell. Messrs. Scripture and Bradt went immediately to work baking for it, and this morning they dispatched one hundred barrels.

POLICE COURT. Thomas Thompson was to-day fined $5 and costs and ordered in $50 to keep the peace for six months, on a charge of assault and battery.

Two couple arrested last evening on suspicion of "sinful dalliance," were discharged, there being no proof against them.

THE Second New York Regiment has disbanded at Washington on account of disaffection. A number of the members state that they were badly fed, and went with the assurance of being mustered in for three months, they refuse to take the oath to serve three years, whereupon the regiment was disbanded. This, however, has not taken all the men out of the service.—Many have re-enlisted, and will take the oath, and were placed in other regiments.

The New York Seventh, one of the most famous regiments in the world, which followed the Massachusetts Sixth into Washington, took the oath to serve thirty days. Their time is more than up, and they propose to go home, but it is more than probable that a majority of the regiment will be in service again in a few days. One of their number remarked that it is not likely to remain long from the seat of war. The men want to be "counted in," but a furlough, under the circumstances, is all they ask their Colonel to grant.

THE PARADE TO-MORROW. It has been decided that the Butler Rifles are to receive the Worcester Military Corps at the Merrimack Street Depot, to-morrow morning, and the latter will take breakfast at the Merrimack House, instead of at the Washington House, as at present arranged.

The small admission fee of 15 cents for adults and 10 cents for children to the Fair Grounds to witness the military display, will be for the benefit of the Rifles. We hope to see a large turnout on the part of the public, who will not only witness the military movements of the companies, but contribute somewhat to the aid of a worthy company, who rely upon the generosity of the public for sustenance until called into active service.

MIDDLESEX NORTH AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. A meeting of the members of this Society, to consider the expediency of holding a Levee on the grounds of the Society, June 17th, was held at Merrimack Hall last evening. Eziah Read was chosen chairman, and W. F. Salmon secretary.

On motion, Messrs. Fordyce Coburn, S. N. Merrill, J. B. Y. Coburn, Zeb. Parkins, and H. H. Wilder, were appointed by the chair to inquire into the expediency of holding a levee at the time named, and report at an adjourned meeting to be holden next Monday evening, at 8 o'clock after which the meeting adjourned.

The above named committee are full of energy in their efforts, and will undoubtedly succesfully through, and should they report favorably, the public may look for a grand time.

HAVE YOUR WEIGHTS AND MEASURES SEALED. The traders of Lowell are, no doubt, anxious to have their fellow-craftsmen elsewhere, and for all that we know to the contrary, more honest. We recollect to have been made aware of the existence of quite a number who have been made public here as in some other places, but as no harm would be done by giving their customers the benefit of which no honest trader will hesitate to give, we would advise all to call upon Mr. H. H. Wilder, City Sealer, and have their weights and measures sealed.—By a special act of the Legislature for Lowell, accepted by the City Council, sealers are or neglect to carry measures, weights, &c., to the City Sealer to be sealed, incurs double expense, and on refusal or neglect for one year to do so, the sealer may refuse or neglecting, forfeit ten dollars; also, the same forfeit for altering them after having been sealed. For further particulars we refer those interested to the act, chap. 182, on page 39, of the General Laws for 1861, copies of which may be obtained at either office in the City Government Building.

ACCIDENT. This forenoon, a man named William McAlarney, employed on the Hamilton Print Works, was precipitated through an elevator, down one story by the breaking of a chain. His face, head and arms were badly bruised, and although he is seriously, it is thought he is not fatally injured. Drs. Burnham and Bass were called to attend to his injuries.

DOWN IT CAME! Last evening, a gentleman was riding two little girls in a four-wheel chaise, and when nearly opposite our office the axle of the hind wheels broke, and down dropped the body of the vehicle. The horse did not attempt to run, and no one was hurt, and those in the chaise got out and it was removed, in the presence of a very large and highly interested audience that soon collected after the break occurred.

WORMS! WORMS!

☞ There is no disease more common among children, and yet none which so frequently baffles the skill of the physician, as worms.—They are highly detrimental to the constitution; and their presence should be carefully guarded against by parents. On the first manifestation of symptoms, every means should be used to expel them promptly and thoroughly. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, is well established as the most certain, safe and speedy remedy ever offered for this troublesome and dangerous malady; and all who have the management of children should keep this invaluable medicine on hand. In addition to its perfect safety, it never fails to produce the desired effect.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and to take no others. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable druggists. Observe the nine signatures of the signature of Fleming Brothers on the wrapper of each box.

may2|4w.7

[461 FLEMING BROS.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at so cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country, at large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited find their assortment can not with us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts Shops, room, to be seen and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, 103 agents.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via. any of the through lines. Orders of credit at the lowest rates. Office in Lowell Road, Stanstead, Shortwick, and all points on Grand Trunk Railway.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack House, 1861.

may11

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have a few machines left, which we will dispose of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Dyer Ab is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

S. B. Coburn,	S. Hadley,	S. S. Richardson,
E. Kenrick,	E. Hutchinson,	Isaac Hosmer,
L. G. Hosmer,	Wm. Read Tash,	Jas. F. Sherman,
	Lyman Bigelow.	

Mutual and Stock.

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THE STOCK DEPARTMENT of the said assets are invested in the best securities, and dividends are declared semi-annually and promptly paid.

Office, No. 97 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 13, 1860. ly jy16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It gives more quantity,
It costs no more than poor coal.

THE above is the opinion of those who have used it, and the dealer can be bought only at

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 13 Prescott street. may14dtf

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

AND ALL IMPURITIES OF THE SKIN.

THIS Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and beautiful, imparting to it a Healthy Purity, a clear and refreshing if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, wind or dust, and is an indispensable relief to the fitting of insects. Nothing petroleum must accompany the composition. The contents of a bottle might be taken without injury. Sold by druggists every night *for a week*, will cure the worst case of *Pimples*.

Sold by the Manufacturers, Dr.
Dr. H. T. TAFT,
Dr. R. TAFT,
Proprietors of the Magnolia Balm,
No. 49 Tremont street, Boston.

Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers everywhere.

Nov. 16, 1860. ly

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Humors, from the worst Scrofula or Salt Rheum to a pimple to the worst pistol sore; Jaundice, Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Biliousness; Fever and Ague; Rheumatism; Liver Complaint, regulates the stomach and bowels, stimulates the Liver, invigorates the digestive organs, gives strength, quickens the circulation, and purifies the blood better than any medicine ever known. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pepper and Prickly Ash Berries, Juniper Berries, and others recently added, all so skilfully combined as to suit in a remarkable degree the various conditions of the human system, and of Summer, bringing the most effectual, speedy and permanent Relief and Cure. Everybody needs this medicine, at this season of the year, to purify and enrich the blood and to prepare the system for the change of season. Sold by all Druggists.

Prepared only by DR. J. P. DINSMORE, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1860,

Continues to insure against fire, and is FIRE, on exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Josiah O. Adams,
Charles Gardner,	John Avery,
Arthur T. Bonney,	Walter Wright,
Wm. Crosby,	Caleb H. Marsh,
Alvah Crocker,	Henry C. Howe,
	Charles R. Ladd.
Alonzo A. Miner,	Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin R. Train,	Lester M. Clark,
	Reuben E. Brigham.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 101 First Mutual Building, (first floor)
No. 83 1-2 Central street, Lowell.
April 21, 1860. 1y

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other reliable companies. Call and see us on Dwelling Houses and their contents, Stores, Factories, &c.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
No. 83 1-2 Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the A. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1860. 1m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 100 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 86-100 per cent.

The Stock Department is now receiving first class Stock Risks at 25 per cent. more than annual rates. Apply to

GEORGE F. SHIFFER, Secretary.

Offices in Lowell:

Dr. Ayer's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack streets.

Nov. 16, 1859. ly

WORMS! WORMS!

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and to no others. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable druggists. Observe the nine signatures of the signature of Fleming Brothers on the wrapper of each box.

may2|4w.7 [461 FLEMING BROS.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at so cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country, at large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited find their assortment can not with us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts Shops, room, to be seen and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, 103 agents.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via. any of the through lines. Orders of credit at the lowest rates. Office in Lowell Road, Stanstead, Shortwick, and all points on Grand Trunk Railway.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack House, 1861.

may11

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have a few machines left, which we will dispose of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Dyer Ab is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

S. B. Coburn,	S. Hadley,	S. S. Richardson,
E. Kenrick,	E. Hutchinson,	Isaac Hosmer,
L. G. Hosmer,	Wm. Read Tash,	Jas. F. Sherman,
	Lyman Bigelow.	

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Proprietors of the Magnolia Balm,
No. 49 Tremont street, Boston.

Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers everywhere.

Nov. 16, 1859. ly

WAR HAS COME, AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers, as a necessary companion for wounds, sore knees, sore and chafed feet from long fatiguing marches, burns, bruises, cuts, exposure, &c.

Besides taking the best article, you have the satisfaction of knowing that you are helping a worthy object, as a large amount of the profits of the sale of this article is devoted to the relief of the families of soldiers who are destitute.

Soldiers taking the best article, will find it to be the cheapest, as it is put up in large boxes, and will last an ordinary family a long time.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

TO BE HAD, for Ointments, by the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in all towns in the vicinity, with the Golden Salve. WHITTEN'S

may31|3w

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it

IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR USE IN HAIR AND GREY,

THAT IS IN USE,

THAT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING A

LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND THAT

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OR LIFE IT IS USED.

Read on Agath carry of every Mass. Jan. 30, 1859

MASON W. BAILEY, Esq., HEIMSTREET'S RESTORATIVE.

Grats, I have been using your HAIR RESTORATIVE for some time past, and find it to be a most excellent article for both gentlemen and ladies. I have tried various other articles of the same kind, but find none to be *half* so good as yours. I never hesitate to recommend it to my friends, as I have found it to be all you claim for it. Yours, &c., JOHN P. BRAZER.

Dancer of the First Baptist Church, Lowell.

Read on Agath carry of every Mass. Jan. 30, 1859

MASON W. BAILEY, Esq., HEIMSTREET'S RESTORATIVE.

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Deacon

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having re-establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work required to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Addresses, Catalogues, News Reports, Newspapers, Court Dockets, Blanks and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Manufacturers, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, furnished with neat workmanship at borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, for any colored paper.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl tar-face and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. C. STONE,
S. W. HUSE,
Proprietors.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any thing of the kind, and giving relief after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the suppression of all obstructions of the monthly, sickness in cases of delicate females. From one ounce and other sickness in cases of delicate females. From one ounce and other sickness in cases of delicate females. From one ounce and other

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, June 1, 1861.

A FORMER BALTIMORE RIOT. Since the riot in Baltimore on the 19th of April, we have been reminded of one that took place in the same city fifty years ago, but which is probably fresh in the minds of many of our readers. It occurred in 1812, about the time of the breaking out of the last war with Great Britain, and in some of its results was similar to the one on the 19th of April. We find on a volume of *Niles' Register* of that year, a detailed account of the riot, or rather the succession of riots growing out of the same affair, which we condense into a form as comprehensive as possible.

On the 18th of June, Congress passed the act of war, and on the 20th of the same month the *Federal Republican*, published by Alexander C. Hanson, contained an article condemning the declaration of war in the strongest terms, and announcing its purpose to oppose the measure, to those who supported it. On the following Monday, the 22nd, the office was pulled down, and the press destroyed, by a mob. Mr. Hanson fled to Alexandria for safety, and subsequently started the paper at Georgetown, D. C. The first number of the re-established paper contained a severe censure on the mob, civil and military, of Baltimore, and took stronger grounds than ever against the war.

Mr. Hanson returned to Baltimore on the 24th of July, and ordered 2,000 copies of the paper through the city the next morning. That evening a mob gathered about the house where he and his friends were stopping. Having commenced breaking the stones at the house, finally those inside fired into the crowd, killing Dr. Gale, and wounding others. Those in the house finally surrendered to the civil authorities, and were placed in jail. Shortly after dark the next night, another large mob assembled in front of the jail, and broke into it, killing Mr. Hanson, the editor, and Gen. Lingan, and severely beating a number of others. By the efforts of the mayor and others, the riot was quelled, and peace soon restored. The riot caused much excitement at the time all over the country. Mr. Hanson having been a Member of Congress, and Gen. Lingan was a prominent and talented sayer.

Baltimore is somewhat famous for riots, but we think from the peculiar circumstances of their origin, the one which we have reported above and that which took place on the 19th of last April, will be found to be the longest remembered. The first originated in an unrighteous opposition to the war with the murder country; the last in the opposition of traitors to the government which had taken the first steps to quell a formidable rebellion in southern slave States. The originators and aiders and abettors in both cases will be handed down to an ignominious notoriety, and will long be remembered by all true friends of our republican government.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

Gov. Banks takes command at Fort Monroe, and Gen. Butler goes again to Baltimore.

Mob spirit in Baltimore is on the increase. New York troops in marching through Baltimore last night were insulted and fired at. The railroad tracks were destroyed and other outrages committed.

Slaves who have reached Fort Monroe state that there will soon be a general uprising against their masters.

WAR NEWS AND RUMORS.

The *Washington Star* says nine rebels were killed at Sewall's Point during the recent conflict. Also, that the rebels have stopped work on the entrenchments at Manassas.

Fifteen thousand troops are concentrating in Western Virginia.

Alexandria, a new Collector having been appointed, has been re-opened to the commerce of the country, therefore vessels will be admitted as heretofore.

A lady who lives near Manassas Junction, and who reached Washington yesterday, states that the federal forces were concentrating rapidly at the Junction. They are being thrown forward from Lynchburg in large numbers, and troops in considerable bodies are making an advance, and occupying positions this side of that point. The confederate troops expect an immediate attack from the federal troops somewhere in that vicinity. The troops were busily engaged fortifying every available position at and near the Junction, with a view to making that position as defensible as possible.

The Schooner Horace, which arrived at New York yesterday, from Texas, brought 115 United States troops from that State.

Ex-Governor Pratt was arrested yesterday, at Annapolis, by order of the Government, and taken to Washington Navy Yard. It is rumored also that ex-Governor Lowe has been arrested.

A traveller who arrived at Alexandria, from Richmond, yesterday afternoon, asserts that he saw few troops there in comparison to the constant statements of their numbers; the balance must have been scattered throughout the State.

Alexandria wears an exceedingly dull aspect. Many of the stores at the wharf are closed, and the secession sentiment in the community does not seem to have abated much. Women and children were leaving daily for the hospitable shores of Maryland. Freedom of speech is apparently unrestricted, except when too open and violent in the presence of the soldiers. The Rockbridge Company have all deserted.

The Rockingham company laid down their arms and departed disgusted. Almost all of the latter voted against the secession ordinance.

The *Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle*, of the 28th, says Gen. Beauregard issued orders in Charleston, relinquishing the command of the forces around Charleston to Col. R. H. Anderson, and relieving D. K. Jones, who accompanies Gen. Beauregard to Corinth, Miss.

The Massachusetts troops at the Relay House are so anxious to advance toward Harper's Ferry that their picket guards go twice as far as ordered, and yesterday Captains Devereux and Martin, who had gone within sight of the Point of Rocks, were fired upon under a green on their return.

An officer from Fortress Monroe reports that Major Whittemore and Capt. Gordon have been sent there under arms by Gen. Butler, for sanctioning the pillage of crockery from the Virginians by the men under their command.

The number of negroes at work for the government at the fortress was over three hundred.

Gen. Butler, in his official dispatches, just received, says he intends to throw up entrenchments at Newport News Point, and erect a battery for the blockade of the mouth of James River.

There are twelve slaves within his lines who escaped from Sewall's Point. The white property there was erected by them. The slave property within General Butler's lines amounts in value to $60,000.

The three Massachusetts regiments at the Relay House and over the river will be paid off to-day (Friday) in accordance with Butler's first wishes, unless an attack is made within a few days on Harper's Ferry.

RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY.

LETTER FROM A MEMBER.

FORT MONROE, Sunday, May 26th, 1861.

Here I am at last. We arrived here yesterday, about noon, after three days and nights on the cars. The weather was fair all of the time, and we got along well, though in a little crowded for room. Most of the men were sea-sick on board the boat; and let me say here that the steamer Pembroke should by no means be more than one company, for she cannot conveniently take care of more than that. She is a very strong and safe vessel, but not very roomy.

We are now quartered in a building outside of the Fort, just vacated by the regular troops. Major Phelps, as one judge of its capacity by the fact that all of that regiment were quartered in it, with room to spare. It has always been kept as a hotel, and known as the Hygeia Hotel, this being a fashionable watering-place.

I have been inside of the Fort to duty looking about, seeing what I could of Uncle Sam's defences, and I tell you that old Fort Monroe is a very strongly fortified place. The famous Floyd gun is here now—light-house. It is a saucy-looking fellow, capable of throwing a fifty pound ball. Now, I count of them, each strike a member of one of the "F. F. V's." in the upper story, wouldn't it be very likely to wear through a few of their quorum? It is as a hotel, and known as the Hygeia Hotel, this being a fashionable watering-place.

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Capt. Haggerty visited our quarters last night. He was very glad to see him, I assure you.

I cannot tell you what our arrangements are for the next few days, for I not know, nor do I think the officers know anything about it, as we are merely ready are to take in the game, but they and the men want active service, and that right away. My company is on guard to-day. As soon, too—I hear it is the plan of Gen. Butler to concentrate all of the Massachusetts troops, besides many others, at this point. The Sixth Regiment will be here in in ten or twelve days, and then we shall fight, I suppose.

The rebels have quite a heavy battery on Sewall's point, which is but a short distance from here. You will probably hear of the capture of the Yorktown before this reaches you. About two miles from here is the village of Hampton—just this side of which, on the Hampton side of the bridge, is a fine, large, old mansion, which was held, a few days ago, by rebels. Col. Phelps, with the Vermont regiment (the Vermont second) went there and dispersed them, and now the bridge is held by our troops.

Col. Duryea's Regiment of Zouaves, from New York, arrived here yesterday. I tell you they are a gay-looking set of fellows. They are now encamped outside of the Fort, on the Hampton side. Their appearance well, and think they will fight like true soldiers. They are wanted out twice last night by false alarms.

I assure you, men here have to be kept in subjection, for they are continually spoiling to fight

RELIGIOUS.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In looking over a paper printed some three years ago, my eye fell upon the lines below, ascribed to him who now holds the highest position in the Government of the United States. No doubt his short experience in the chair of state has considerably deepened the convictions expressed below, had no mortal, however exalted or honored, has reason to lay upon it. As no doubt many of your readers would be pleased to read this poetical effusion of our Chief Magistrate, I forward it for you disposal.—[E. W.— *Christian Mirror.*

O, WHY SHOULD THE SPIRIT OF MORTAL BE PROUD?

BY ABRAHAM LINCOLN, ESQ., OF ILLINOIS.

O, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?
Like a swift fleeting meteor—a fast flying cloud—
A flash of the lightning—a break of the wave—
He passes from life to his rest in the grave.

The leaves of the oak and the willow shall fade,
Be scattered around, and together be laid;
As the young and the old, and the low, and the high,
Shall moulder to dust and together shall lie.

The infant a mother attended and loved—
The mother, that infant's affection who proved—
The father, that mother and infant who bless,—
Each—all are away to their dwelling in dust.

The mid-on whose brow, on whose cheek, in whose eye,
Shone beauty and pleasure—her triumphs are by,
And alike from the minds of the living and dead,
Are the memories of mortals who loved her and praised.

The hand of the King, that the sceptre hath borne,
The brow of the Priest, that the mitre hath worn,
The eye of the Sage, and the heart of the brave,
Are hidden and lost in the depths of the grave.

The peasant, whose lot was to sow and to reap;
The herdman, who climbed with his goat up the steep;
The beggar, who sunshine found in search of his bread,
Have faded away like the grass that we tread.

So the multitude goes, like the flower or the weed,
That withers away to let others succeed;
So the multitude comes, even those we behold,
To repeat every line that has often been told.

For we are the same our fathers have been;
We see the same sights our fathers have seen;
We drink the same stream, we view the same sun,
And run the same course our fathers have run.

The thoughts we are thinking our fathers did think;
From the death we are shrinking our fathers did shrink;
To the life we are clinging our fathers did cling,
But it speeds from us all like the bird on the wing.

They loved—but the story we cannot unfold;
They scorned—but the heart of the haughty is cold;
They grieved—but no wail from their slumber will come;
They joyed—but no murmur of their gladness is dumb.

They died—ah! they died—we, things that are now,
That walk on the turf that lies over their brow,
And moan in their stillness a transient abode,
Meet—the things that they were—the things we shall be.

Yet, hope and despondency, pleasure and pain,
Are mingled together in sunshine and rain;
And the smile and the tear, and the song and the dirge
Still follow each other like surge upon surge.

'Tis the wink of an eye; 'tis the draught of a breath,
From the blossom of health to the paleness of death,
From the gilded saloon to the bier and the shroud;
O! why should the spirit of mortal be proud?

A DISCOURSE

Preached on the occasion of the Funeral of John Quincy Adams, at the request of the citizens of Washington, by Rev. Theodore Parker, on Friday evening, May 24th.

BY REV. WM. R. CLARK:

In St. Paul's Church, Wednesday, May 29th, 1861.

How strange and solemn, my friends, the times on which we have fallen! Strange not because we have been unaccustomed to hear of wars and rumors of wars in other lands, but because these doleful sounds now originate within our own borders. What some of us perchance had thought of as a bare possibility, somewhere in the future of our country, and others, perhaps, had even thought probable, has come to be, nevertheless, none of us had fully realized, is now passing into history, and we have commenced burying our dead who have fallen in the dread movements of war. We are here to-day, to pay our last respects to one, who prom ptly rushing to an armed encounter with rebels against our government, fell at his post of duty, though not by the foeman's hand, but, sad to relate, by accident, at the hand of his bosom friend; yet an accident occasioned by the stern discipline and dangers of war.

On the 24th inst., at 4 o'clock, A. M., the Zouave Regiment, of which the deceased was a member, crossed the Potomac, and landing in Alexandria in the face of armed sentinels, and no inconsiderable body of troops, while other Federal forces entered the city by other routes, took peaceable possession of it with the loss of scarcely to sadden the brilliant exploit. Their brave and gallant Colonel, loved almost to idolatry by his regiment, and held in high esteem by his chief, and by the nation at large who knew him, was cowardly shot by an assassin. The sun went down, leaving them in full possession of a city captured without resistance; but the shades and sadness of this bereavement had fallen over them more darkly than the night fell.

A corps of the regiment had been detailed to patrol the city among the streets of the deceased, and his friend by whose hand he accidently fell. As they approached each other from their respective posts, and the form of the deceased was distinguished by his companion on duty, the latter gave the accustomed challenge; either the pass-word not having been given or having been given so, not being heard by the challenged, he was true to a sentinel's duty, fired at his *supposed foe*, but himself *friend*. The scene which followed was be-t-raining. The well disposed fire had taken effect, and its victim lay bleeding from a mortal wound. The sentinel no sooner learned his mistake, than, frantic with grief, he fell upon his knees, and begged to be shot, or inseparably end his agony, on beholding the one who had stood beside him in the ranks and whom he loved as a brother, in the grasp of death by his own hand. His grief was only relieved, by his friend living long enough to recognize and fully exonerate him. The deed was done—the spirit was gone, and could not be recalled. All that could be done was to take the poor remains and tenderly convey them to his aged father, brothers and sister.

How harshly do those stern customs grate with our peaceful civilization. Our fellow citizens are compelled to patrol the streets of cities, where every man must be regarded and treated as a deadly foe unless he prove himself a friend.

For three-quarters of a century any man could pass throughout our borders by day or night, disgusing the honor and protection of a friend, unless he was known to be an enemy. Now, for a season, in a section of our country, a stranger must be treated as an enemy unless he prove himself a friend. We have read of such a state of affairs in other countries, but were not prepared to realize it in our own. How instinctively do we recoil from this new experience forced upon us.

We are saddened to think that our glorious flag, which has floated so proudly over us all our days and has been a sure protection to all our citizens in all lands, our sacrifice and brave devotion, restores our self-respect and vindicates before all the world our claim to a high tone of national life. Let it be told to all the world, that the spirit of sacrifice which moved the men and women of '76 to make a contribution of a cargo of tea to Boston harbor, and melt their pewter plates into bullets, still burns in the hearts of their descendants, and laureates every bow which carries a courageous front against the enemies of our country.

It is cheering to behold the demonstration made by the exigency of the inherent power of a free government to support its constitution and laws, against any insurrectionary force. Our strength in this regard, as never before testedy and foreign powers have been suspicious of our weakness at this point. Without the centralization of power which promptly quells insipient rebellion under monarchical governments, it has been supposed we should be in extreme jeopardy, the moment any considerable portion of the Union should combine to set aside, even by the ballot-box their devotion with their blood, and all of whose families and friends must pass long days and months of wasting anxieties and fears.

And it is to know, that, while nature is decking herself with vernal robes, while birds are waking anew their choral symphonies, as if echoing the angelic chorus of peace on earth good will to men; while sunlight and shower are conspiring to cause the earth to teem with ten thousand forms of life and beauty, that her bosom must be marred by the fires of war and crimsoned with fraternal blood.

But even this cloud of sorrow is not without its silver lining. This crowded assistence assembled to-day, in the sacred hours of the days in subdued, tender thought fulness, and this corps of fellow citizens from a distant city in kindly attendance on the body of the deceased, to do all that friendship can do for the memory of a brave associate,—show the spirit which is animating the heart of our country, in the awful work which has been thrown upon her. She has not such spirit of retaliation or ambition for conquest, that she does not feel a pang for every one of her heroes who falls in her service. A day or two since, her chief magistrate was seen standing by his window overlooking the beautiful Potomac, bathed in tears for the gallant commander of the deceased, who had just fallen in by an assassin's hand. The country is keenly alive to these sacrifices of brave men, on her behalf, and she will embalm them in her tears, and write them indelibly upon her heart.

The promptness with which a noble army of patriots has volunteered for the defense of her government, will ever be a bright page in her annals. That nearly a quarter of million freemen should have rushed from their homes and business, to arms, at a call backed only by a moral power, to meet a traitorous foe in bloody conflict, is an exhibition of power of devotion such as no historian before this time has been permitted to record. Poets have never conceived the grandeur and sublimity of such a scene as our patriot army is now acting. It covers with fadeless glory each grave of the patriot soldier, and makes his memory more precious than rubies. And to all the noble champions in Freedom's holy cause! As thy ranks are thinned in the fatal encounter, we will take the many forms which fall, when it may be our honor to die for so, and gather them to our wives and children around their hiers, refresh our recollections with a patriot's devotion, plight our faith anew to the cause they have died, and their memories and memories the place in our hearts reserved for gallant heroes, and recount their deeds of valor to our children and children's children.'

The effect which this universal response to the call of patriotism has had in sinking party lines, though it be even for a brief period, and allowing all hearts which for a life-time have been kept asunder by political differences, to approach and touch each other, is a radiant light on the cloud over our horizon. Those lines have been plowed deeply in the heart of our nation, causing an irritation proportioned somewhat to the strength of various classes of ideas, which under the inspirations of a common government and free institutions, must always be struggling for mastery.—These lines have fostered, generated inflammation, tumors, and fever sores, until we have been unable to feel the whole head was sick and the whole heart faint. But lo! what are we now permitted to see?—Those lines obliterated, those sores healed, and into the body politic the warm life-blood of patriotism coursing freely through all her veins, standing forth in the flush of health, and the vigor of harmonious action.

Never in our history, not even in the perfect of the Revolution to which we have been accustomed to refer so proudly, for proof of our national spirit, has there been such a unanimity of sentiment, oneness of feeling and obliviousness of party distinctions in the great free North as now exists. To be an intelligent, honest exponent of this spirit, and to do all that friendship can do for the memory of a brave associate,—show the spirit which is animating the heart of our country, in the awful work which has been thrown upon her. She has not such spirit of retaliation or ambition for conquest, that she does not feel a pang for every one of her heroes who falls in her service. A day or two since, her chief magistrate was seen standing by his window overlooking the beautiful Potomac, bathed in tears for the gallant commander of the deceased, who had just fallen in by an assassin's hand. The country is keenly alive to these sacrifices of brave men, on her behalf, and she will embalm them in her tears, and write them indelibly upon her heart.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, June 3, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

The New England daily papers are burdened with statements, reports, rumors, and speculations in relation to the operations of the Federal forces against the rebels on Friday and Saturday. The most import of their operations was the attack on the fortifications at Aquia Creek, and the dash of a company of Cavalry into Fairfax, Va., or a place known as Fairfax Court House. Lieut. Tompkins, who commanded the company, makes the following report to his superior officer, Col. Hunter.

I have the honor to report that, pursuant to verbal instructions from the Colonel commanding, I left on the evening of the 31st in command of Company B. (cavalry) to reconnoiter the country in the vicinity of Fairfax Court House. Approaching the town, the enemy's picket was captured and surprised. Several documents were found upon them, which I enclose. On entering the town of Fairfax my command was fired upon by rebel troops from windows and housetops. I charged and drove the mounted rifles from the town.

Immediately two or three additional companies came to their assistance and fired upon us, which I returned. Perceiving I was outnumbered I deemed it advisable to retreat, which I did in good order, with five prisoners fully armed and equipped and two horses. My loss in the men missing, three slightly wounded, and six horses lost. The loss of the rebels is from 20 to 25 killed and wounded. From my observation I should judge that the rebels at that point numbered fully 1500 men, Captains Carey, Fearing and Adjutant Frank of the N. Y. 5th accompanied me, and I regret to state that Capt. Carey was severely wounded in the foot. Lieut. Gordon of the 2d Dragoons rendered valuable services. The prisoners, horses and arms and equipments have been sent to Gen. Mansfield.

The conflict at Aquia Creek. The following is the most comprehensive account that we have seen respecting the engagement at Aquia Creek:—

The engagement commenced on Friday, and lasted two hours. On Saturday it was renewed and continued twice that length of time. The lines of the beach fortification, which had been so essentially damaged the day previous, was repaired by the rebels in force, it is supposed, in two hours and strong. The Freeborn approached about two miles from shore, and yesterday afternoon, and fired four or five shots, when the Pawnee entered into the conflict, taking a position nearer to the land.

For the first two hours the fire from the shore batteries was very brisk, but it was soon silenced with still more effect by the Pawnee. During the engagement she fired 160 shells, one of which was seen to explode immediately over the midst of the rebels working the battery. An observer through a telescope saw a number of men being carried away in wagons during that time.

The Freeborn lodged three shells in succession in the beach battery, completely damaging the works and which had the effect of greatly diminishing the fire. The Freeborn received two shots one of which passed through the cabin, smashing some crockery, but not damaging it. She was not kept making a hole through her bulwarks of slight consequence.

The Pawnee received eight or nine shots but they were all too high to inflict much damage. One struck the mainmast yard, which was thereby unstrung, another grazed the mizzen mast head, and one passed through the hammock netting. It is the opinion of the officers on board that had the rebels been good gunners the day's work might probably have been sunk. Some of the shots of the rebels passed over the masthead of the Pawnee, and to the Alabama shore.

The Pawnee and Freeborn hauled off beyond range of the enemy's fire. The Yankee, which went down on Friday with dispatches, fired a few shots only, not having prepared for any contest.

The depot and buildings on the shore at Acquia Creek are destroyed. The damage to the beach battery was not considered permanent, as the rebels can soon repair it. It is safe to say, at least, that ten or twelve were killed on the part of the rebels. It is not known how many were wounded. All the officers engaged in the fight concur in the opinion that the rebels have a rifled cannon, perhaps several, and in all about eight guns.

The attack at this place was to be renewed with the assistance from a land force, and it is more than probable that the Federal troops are now in possession of the batteries.

A formidable resistance, indications lead us to suppose, will be made at Manassas Junction, or the Gap. It is considered a strong place from natural advantages, and is being well fortified by the rebels.

It is stated, with how much truth we know not, that two of the company of cavalry, captured by the rebels, were afterward rescued by their comrades, who, hearing ascertained that they were to be hung, made another assault on the place and were successful in bearing them off. If the five rebel prisoners, one of whom is said to be a son of John A. Washington, who says he never wished to fight against the government, and took the oath of allegiance. The others are detained. A large force has been ordered to Fairfax Court House, and we shall undoubtedly to-morrow have news of another attack.

A slight brush at Williamsport. On Saturday morning a small rebel force undertook to take possession of a boat lying opposite Williamsport. The Union men rallied and opened a fire on them, which was returned, and the attempt diminished was kept up for several hours, during which time several of the rebels were wounded. The boat was not captured, and the Union men do not mean it shall be. They will strictly guard the river.

Fortress Monroe and vicinity. Nothing of particular moment has transpired at the fort. Heavy canon have been sent to the Rip-Raps, which is midway between the Fort and the opposite shore. There are about 4000 rebel troops at Yorktown, and it is believed that at that point a determined resistance will be made.

Three hundred barrels of flour were captured at Cameron Mills, near Alexandria, by the federal troops. They belonged to Mills, on Friday morning, one of the Fire Zouaves was shot by the rebel pickets.

The New York seventh Regiment reached home at 6 P. M., on Saturday. Their reception was grand and enthusiastic.

A gentleman has left Washington for Cairo, who is authorized to construct five floating batteries, each of a capacity for five hundred men. They are intended for operations at Memphis and below.

It is finally settled that Maj. General Banks will take the field as the head of a division.

The Wetter papers do not believe there is any reason to anticipate an attack from the Southern rebels, and should there be no they do not anticipate being overpowered, as the preparations are such that the force must be bigger and better armed than the South can command to be successful.

There has been a rumor that Gen. Butler has been ordered back to Baltimore, but we have seen nothing substantiating it, and are inclined to think it has no foundation.

Schooner Lynchburg arrived at New York on Saturday, in charge of a prize crew, with 3000 bags of coffee on board. She was bound from Rio Janeiro to Richmond, where she was owned, and tried to run the blockade, but the Cumberland was in the way.

The N. Y. News was received in Boston this forenoon that three regiments of Federal troops had taken possession of Fairfax Court House.

Col. Fremont has arrived from Europe with 10.000 Enfield rifles and a park of rifle-cannon.

A FLAG PRESENTED TO THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The following correspondence must be, we judge, of peculiar interest to our readers in this and vicinity:—

BERDEN POINT, N. J., May 25th, 1861.

SIR: Please accept from the undersigned, the accompanying regimental colors, to be by you presented to your gallant command, the Sixth Regiment of Massachusetts. In common with the whole country, our eyes have been upon you, and we have witnessed with unmixed admiration the alacrity with which your tore yourselves from the duties of civil life and the endearments of home, and hurried to the aid of the government and the defence of the flag. Our gift is but a slight acknowledgment of the appreciation of your moral and soldierly deportment, your gallantry at Baltimore, and your unselfish devotion to the integrity of capital of our common country.

We without fear commit these colors to the descendants of Concord, Lexington, and Bunker Hill, confident that the Sixth will not permit dishonor to tarnish the glories of the flag.

ROYAL PHELPS,
HENRY PARET.

To Lieut. Col. R. F. Wilkinson, Commanding Sixth Regiment.

CAMP NEAR RELAY HOUSE, }
May 27th, 1861. }

GENTLEMEN: Your beautiful present of regimental colors has been received, and will be unfurled to the breeze with many warm thanks for the gift, and the flattering sentiments in which it is conveyed. In the performance of our duty to our common country, we have entitled ourselves to the appreciation of the patriotic, we count it ample recompense for the denials and fatigues to which the volunteer soldier must submit.

Massachusetts men may well be proud of connection with the gallant State of New Jersey.

To you, to us, and to patriots all over the land, the National Colors which you present, symbolize neither devotion to creed, party nor section, but devotion to the Constitutional Government, to the Union of our fathers, and to liberty, and that flag, with all its stars, we will, with Heaven's blessing, defend from insult and dishonor.

Very respectfully,
F. F. WILKINSON,
Lieut. Col. Com'g. 6th Reg. M. V. M.
To Rufus Story, John H. Watson, Henry Paret, Jurgen Ehlers, &c.

EDINBURGH REVIEW. The April number of the *Edinburgh* opens with a review of Dixon's Personal History of Lord Bacon, in which Mr. Dixon's positions are vigorously combatted, and the estimate made of Bacon by Macaulay, in his review of Basil Montagu's work, reasserted, with some slight modification. "Political Disputes" is the title of a very entertaining article, full of personal details of the geographical gossip. The Life and Writings of Alexis de Tocqueville form the subject of an article, which is full of interest. The great work, "Democracy in America," was offered to Gosselin, the publisher, that great man consented *with some hesitation*, to undertake it on an edition of five hundred copies! That work has since been translated into all languages, has run through numberless editions, and has become the text-book of American Constitutional Law everywhere.

"Essays and Reviews" form the subject of an article, in which many of the positions of the seven essayists are ably discussed, and shown to be in harmony with the opinions of some of the most eminent fathers of the modern church. But among the articles which fill this number, none will be read so eagerly by Americans as that on the Election of President Lincoln and its Consequences. The opinion is expressed that the supremacy of the Union, in particular, is impossible."—Dissolution, to some extent, and at no distant period, is thought by the Review to be the "manifest destiny" of the United States; and it is intimated, that the progress of mankind and of National liberty may be advanced and not retarded by the separation.

THE HAND-BOOK FOR THE UNITED STATES SOLDIERS OR COMING INTO SERVICE. J. P. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia, have published a little work of this kind, which purports to contain a complete system of instruction in the school of the soldier, with the preliminary explanation of the formation of a battalion, parade, the position of the officers, &c., being a first book or introduction to the authorized United States Infantry Tactics. The illustrations are numerous, and well designed, and the little book, we should think, would be especially valuable to every officer and soldier. It is for sale in Boston at A. Williamson's, No. 109 Washington street, and at the book-stores in Lowell.

THE HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL for June, with its romances, sketches, lectures, music, poetry and general miscellany, is a most worthy number. We do not know of another source from which comes so much that is really new and entertaining. It may be obtained at almost any of the book stores in Lowell.

THE VIEWS OF EDWARD BATES. The *Wheeling (Va.) Intelligencer* publishes two letters from Attorney General Bates to John M. Botts, on the subject of secession. The first is a keen and conclusive analysis of the famous "peace" letter from Mr. Botts, published a month or two ago. It is second is more general, and contains the following striking observations:—

"But it seems now, that we differ so widely in opinion upon matters of fact, that it is impossible for us to reason upon the same line of argument. You think that the Union is already dissolved—the nation have ceased to exist. On the contrary, I believe no such thing. You believe that peaceful dissolution of the Union, in the manner and by the means already employed, is possible. I believe it impossible. I believe that the insane effort at national destruction, persisted in, will involve a war more terrible than any the world has known, since the thirty years' war in Germany. You think that a great nation like this can consent to die, and many hope, to die an easy death. I think that nations, like individuals, are under God's great law of self-defence, and when pressed down by superior force, will die in convulsive agonies. You seem to think that Virginia can go out of the Union, and preserve her integral statehood. I think that she must become what the nation she will herself be dismembered.

But I will not continue the contrast. My heart is sorrowful when I contemplate the present degradation of Virginia. "How art thou fallen, O Lucifer!" Shall the loss of her power she has lost all her prestige also, and can no longer lead the people and direct the councils of other States. She remembers her patriots and sages of former times, and will not disgrace—not to imitate their talents and virtues, but (by implicit faith) to impute to the present generation the just reputation of the glorious dead. Formerly she proudly marched in the van of the battle; now she creeps in the rear of South Carolina, and consents to be detailed as a picket guard to the Cotton States.

Poor old Virginia! In my heart I pity her. Already they boast in the South that they have transferred the seat of war from their borders to the north, and soon their devouring legions will be upon you to eat up your substance and do your voting at Disunion elections. How mark my prophecy: Unless Virginia, by a rapid revolution, redeem herself from the gulf that lies open just before her, she will be degraded, impoverished, dismembered, at home, and barred to the aid of the government and the defence of the flag. Our gift to her is but a slight acknowledgment of the appreciation of your moral and soldierly deportment, your gallantry at Baltimore, and your unselfish devotion to the integrity of capital of our common country.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

ATTENTION!

LOWELL LIGHT INFANTRY.

Formant to a notice from Headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief, that the company under my command has been designated as one of those to form a Regiment for active duty. The members will meet at the Armory of the Second Division, on MONDAY, (MONDAY) morning, precisely at half past seven o'clock, for further orders. Also on Tuesday and Wednesday at the same hour and until otherwise ordered.

A limited number of substituted men who are ready to go into immediate service for three years, will be received to fill vacancies.

TEMPLE TESSERTEAU, Capt.
Lowell, June 3, 1861. jm3d1

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. BARNING desires to inform the public that payment to subscriptions from many citizens of Lowell, he has instructed Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Adams to apply his Hygeian Tonic in the case of Drooping Lungers, Affections of the Throat, Heart and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Constipation, and Pain, Spinal Weakness and Deformity, Female Weaknesses (leading diseases), and also Rupture, upon a new principle which support afforded by these Braces to the weakened parts, and thus cure them by the wonderful, Constitutional Remedy exercised from Braces in Lowell might be benefited.

PROF. C. P. BANNING.

PROF. BARNING'S Braces may be found at 86 Church st., for a short time only. Gentlemen wishing to be fitted will please call at the above number, as they are at any time.
Lowell, June 1, 1861. jm3d1w*

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain board for his family for the season in this city or Lowell. His family consists of his wife and four small children, aged respectively, 8, 6, 4 and 2 years. Address Box 1184, Lowell Post Office.
June 3, 1861. jm3d1

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Job Printing Store and Bindery from his old stand to No. 31 Merrimack Street, corner of Central Street.
May 31, 1861. may31d1w

NURSES FOR THE HOSPITAL AT FORTRESS MONROE.

SIX competent, strong and experienced female nurses are wanted immediately to go to the Hospital at Fortress Monroe, in charge of Dr. Kimball, Inspector of Hospitals. Application for appointment to this will be given at the Hospital on corner of Merrimack and Dutton streets.

By order of Executive Committee of the Soldiers' Relief Association,
M. C. BOOTHBY,
Lowell, June 1, 1861. may31-3t

THE MILITARY EXHIBITION. The exhibition on the Fair Grounds, last Saturday afternoon, for the benefit of the Light Infantry fund, was largely attended and resulted satisfactorily both to the company and the public. The amount received at the gates was about $170, though a large number of persons with military suits on and others who were a little short of money, were admitted free. The Rifles in their exercises show a very marked improvement since they have been in camp. Mr. Wilson, the artillery, their drill master, has spared no pains for their improvement and the company now make as good an appearance as older companies.

The military evolutions by the Highland Cadets, of Worcester, was very fine, the members going through the various movements with a precision which might be envied by veterans in the regular army. The Zouave drill particularly won the admiration of the spectators. This company is composed of lads belonging to the High-land School, at Worcester, kept by Mr. C. B. Metcalf. They drill one hour each day. The school is limited to sixty members, the principal always having applications ahead. They are now in camp on Salisbury near, and are well known and admired in Boston. Several of its members are now acting as drill masters in various parts of New England, and one or two have been appointed to places in the regular army.—The company left for home by the last train on the Stony Brook Railroad.

The Hill Cadets, Lowell, Thomas Commanding, also went through some drills, showing great proficiency in a military point of View. The Butler Rifles are finely located at Camp Holton (name for Frederic Holton, Esq.), who has shown great interest in the welfare of the company, and who acts as its Treasurer) and appear to be enjoying themselves as well as soldiers can. We hope the desire of the company and its friends will soon be gratified by having it called into service.

RESIGNED. J. M. Howe, of the "Butler Rifles," has tendered his resignation, as second lieutenant of said company, on account of ill health. We regret that he cannot be far from 6000 more. This makes the number of Massachusetts men in service, or ready to go into service, about 30,000. Several companies organized in this State, still of pressing need. Fifty of the new companies were organized in Boston.

It is generally believed in Washington that Judge Taney has unknowingly made himself the tool of the Maryland secession sympathizers, who are anxious to bring about a collision with the federal authorities, upon the pretext of maintaining the supremacy of the constitution.

A SIGNIFICANT REPLY. A member of the New York Seventh Regiment, in a letter to his father, writes: "I heard a good anecdote of Gen. Scott yesterday.—He was asked what he intended to do with Jefferson Davis. In answer, he merely put up his open hand, and gradually closed his fingers till his hand was clenched. He could not have given a more expressive answer."

MR. JAMES CONNOR, the well known type founder, of New York, and Grand Sachem of the Tammany Society, died at his residence at Westchester on Thursday of last week.

It is pretty well settled that the next Congress will levy a duty on tea and coffee. Uncle Sam needs the money, and must have it. Merchants, therefore, may as well begin to govern themselves accordingly.

ACQUIA CREEK, being fifty miles from Washington, is about the same distance from Richmond. It is the terminus of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, and therefore a point of considerable military importance, which the rebels have seen fit to have erected batteries to defend it from attack.

The three leading spirits of the rebellion were at Richmond on Saturday, namely—Davis, Toombs and Wigfall. Absent or missing, Beauregard.

The rebel troops seized the western mail, coming east, at Harper's Ferry, on Saturday morning. They entirely emptied the mail car.

HEARST, the Newtonville cattle-starver, has been committed to the Concord jail.

The *Boston Post* says: "The prevalence of patriotism at the North, in its entire ignoring of partisanship and politics, suggests the coining of a new word for its proper expression, viz.: UNIONMITY."

INTERESTING TO THE LADIES. On passing up Merrimack Street this forenoon our attention was arrested by some mantillas and capes in the window of H. W. Hilton & Co., No. 134 Merrimack Street, Carleton's new block, which we should judge would just suit the fancy of our lady readers. Messrs. Hilton & Co. have the material for any kind of mantills and cape goods which they are prepared to make up and say style at short notice. They have a large variety of summer silks which they are selling at very low prices, and every pattern of dress goods which they would be pleased to show any lady who may favor them with a call.

GOING INTO CAMP. By the recent act of the Legislature, a camp is to be immediately formed, comprising the following companies:—Cambridge, Captain S. W. Richardson; Watertown, H. C. Lindley; Lowell, (Hill Cadets) P. S. Proctor; Lowell (Light Infantry) Temple Tessbette;—Malden, J. R. Simonds; Groton, Leander B. King; Waltham, Gardner Banks; Preston, J. Hershenroder; Hotson, F. Drew; Boston, George A.—Batchelder.—Members of the Butler Rifles; Capt. James, and of the Lawrence and South Reading Companies can enlist in the above Regiment, if they desire, which will provide for nearly all the organized companies.

Members of the Lowell Light Infantry will find a notice for a meeting this evening.

ATTENTION is invited to the advertisement of Prof. Banning, who has transferred the charge of applying his braces, &c., to Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Adams, at No. 86 Church Street.

MEMBERS of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society, do not forget the meeting at the Merrimack House this evening.

CHEWING TOBACCO. Persons solicited to the use of tobacco, who have not already done so, should try that which is put up by Messrs. Ayer & Co., and which is pronounced superior to anything in the market. It is put up in various forms, neat and convenient, and certainly the most tempting chew who are solicited to the use of the weed in this form, but chewing is a habit we have not yet, however, imposed upon ourself—The tobacco appears to bear its reputation unmutilated in this respect as ourself, however, is a sufficient guaranty for us that it is a prime article. See advertisement elsewhere.

COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED. A fellow named Sylvester E. Thompson, was arrested at Lawrence last Tuesday night, for passing counterfeit money, and about $300 of the counterfeiter coin and bills were found at his boarding house. An accomplice named Allison, having been arrested named Sylvester E. Thompson, was arrested at Lawrence last Tuesday night, for passing counterfeit money, and about $300 of the counterfeiter coin and bills were found at his boarding house. An accomplice named Allison, having been arrested and palpable provocation, to the end of entirely avenging away at a blow the liberties of the masses of the State, in order to place in the hands of the conspirators and their instruments, for life, the entire machinery of the government of Virginia.—*Washington Star, May 30th.*

WE THINK WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN SAYING

If That no other Pill, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has gained, so deservedly, the reputation which is attained by Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh. As no evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our own city:

NEW YORK, January 21, 1855.

This is to certify that I have had the liver complaint for six years, and never could get any medicine to help me until I commenced using *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros. I can now say to the public, that they have completely cured me; and I do hereby recommend them to all persons afflicted with a diseased Liver. *They will cure. Try them.*

MARIA EVANS, No. 93 Lewis street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable Drug stores. FLEMING BROS.
sep27-eow Pittsburgh, Pa.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Hosiery and Glove Corsets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited, they can rest assured we will go with ps to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. mar29dif

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 5, 1861. ap6d1y

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 86-100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth three times the amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Preston Lyman, Charles Lanman,
Isaac Rice, Jr., Abm'l Hatfield,
Thos. Fulton, Jr., John Austin Stevens,
John S. Gallagher, Robert Bowne,
Edward Tuck, Tobias Colnaki,
Wm. Bryce, Mayor City of New York.
Wm. Butler Duncan, Comptroller,
Robert Kelly, Merchant, New York.
Solon P. Goodridge, Merchant, New York.
Wm. Chauncey Fisher, Merchant, Brooklyn.
GEORGE F. RUFFIN, Secretary.

ROBERT ATHON, General Agent.

Books taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at the office of the Company.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Hotel, Merrimack street, and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dif

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Boils, &c., in a simple to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Biliousness; Fever and Ague; Intermittent Fever; Dysentery; Diarrhœa; Colic; Cholera Morbus; Nausea; Vomiting; Sick Headache; Female Complaints; Pain in the Back and Limbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pepsin and Hops, Black Alder, Buckthorn, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to give to every one of the ingredients its full medicinal power. Sold by druggists and country merchants generally. Pleasant and safe to all times. Only 25 cents per bottle.

This compound is all extracted from the concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, which are unrivalled, without regard to price, and will cure Costiveness and Piles. Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, manufactured only by DR. GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

Sold in Lowell by Jas. Ayer, corner of Merrimack and John streets. ap

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD, DENTISTS,

Have removed to their new rooms in Merrimack Block, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets, where they will be pleased to see their friends and patrons.

Lowell, May 1, 1861. may1

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this valuable machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan9d1

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, B. W. Stockley, Jr.
H. Bisbee, H. Bisbee,
L. G. Howe, Edward Tuck,
E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and their contents, and to Stores and their contents, when occupied exclusively by the assured, or his employees, and to policies expiring, and rates are as low as in any Company which gives cash credit.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $100,000, and the rates are as low as those of any reliable Company. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 3, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly

Washington Coal,

For sashing has no equal.
Kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other free burning coal.
Ashes, Kindling Wood, &c.
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott st.
Lowell.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
Known.

All others are more intolerable, and should be avoided if you value your hair.

GREY RED OR RUSSET HAIR dyed instantly to a splendid Black or Brown, without injury to the hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor's Dye, and over 20,000 applications have been made to the hair of living witnesses to its merits.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off, and is as durable as any dye that is known. It is easily applied, is not to be contrived, and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied. The genuine is signed WM. A. BATCHELOR, all others which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, and in Canada, and Europe.

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor," on a steel plate engraved on the side of each box.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St.,
Late 233 Broadway, N. Y.

sep9 ly

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and clear, removing Redness, Roughness, and all Cutaneous Eruptions, and imparts a delicate, pearly tint, which defies detection.

Nothing poisonous enters into its composition, and it is perfectly harmless in its effects upon the most delicate infant.

Ladies, after using the Magnolia Balm, you will find your skin as soft as velvet, and as clear as crystal.

Gentlemen, after shaving, you will find it allays all irritation, and renders the skin soft and pliable.

Those who are troubled with Pimples on the face, will find in the Magnolia Balm a sure remedy.

Those who are troubled with Freckles, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Sunburn, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Roughness of the Skin, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Chapped Hands, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Moth Patches, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Blotches, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Eruptions, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Tan, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Redness, will find in the Magnolia Balm a perfect remedy.

Those who are troubled with Roughness

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing for Merchants, Printers, Manufacturers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Millinery and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, arranged either on the colored paper.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl tar Pots and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of* MEDICINE packs and to *boards to be cut to order.*

E. STONE, } *Proprietors.*
S. W. HUSE, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. G. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GANERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O. : "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia an' liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says : "They give great satisfac ion. One them myself, having taken cold, became prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with a great assurance of its merits."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them to a great success, and with them made several cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years at the various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well ; the Bitters effected the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He also says dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific and safe remedy."

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D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

may7 dthawly

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, table, stand, sconce, bracket, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for burning coal oil of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at the store and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine goods, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD in Oil made at the Forest River Lead Works is warranted to be ground in the best manner, and to be of the best quality of White Lead made in this country. LEBRUN, it is believed is not excelled by any manufactured in the world. All White Lead made at these works is warranted Pure. In Package, Pure.

The Oil and body used for covering of this Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other brands, as it requires less Oil to grind it, and will do as much work as other brands of Lead. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of the article will convince any practical painter that he can work quicker and with a much greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead in the market.

The General Agent, who personally attends to the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the business for nearly a quarter of a century, and his experience, connected with important improvements in the mode of manufacture, renders it a furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by this Forest River Lead Company, can be obtained of Messrs. Marshall & Co., Boston ; Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Gorner Merrimack and John sts.

SPRING WHEAT AND RYE.

100 Bush. Spring Rye, for seed—0 bush. Spring Wheat, for seed—0 bush and for sale by S. N. WOOD.

may22* 43 Market street.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete substitute for Paint, Powder, Rouge, Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 1000 times

WITHOUT A MATCH!

For sale wholesale and retail at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

oct26*

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 23 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

may26 tf

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

may23

FARMS FOR SALE,

By PERLEY PARKER, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

To sell or exchange for a good Farm, a beautiful place on Tenth street (Mount Pleasant) of about 3 1-2 acres of best land well covered with fruit and ornamental trees. The buildings are a good two story house, barn and shed, with hard and soft water ; the location good, the view the best in the city. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

To let, a Farm of about 20 acres in the easterly part of Dracut, good land and buildings, with some good fruit trees.

To sell a good Farm in Pelham, N. H. on the main road from Lowell to Derry, seven miles from Lowell, near two churches, and a good school. 66 acres of land suitably divided into mowing, tillage and pasturing, about 200 apple trees of choice bearing fruit, with a good share of wood and timber of good much near the house. The buildings are good, and supplied with a well and aqueduct of never-failing water. Any one wanting a Farm pleasantly located and easy to cultivate, this is a good chance. Terms easy, title undisputable. For further particulars inquire of SAMUEL J. BICKNELL, of Lowell, or PERLEY PARKER, Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, April 10, 1861. apr12wf

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and Square Piano Fortes, which have received the first premium at every competition with American Manufacturers' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of these superior Piano Fortes, at manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in every particular, to stand in any climate and to give entire satisfaction.

N. B.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let. may7 dtf

Working Men, women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way, to make money, and the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, which is now being successfully pursued by many, and by they learned the simple business, and are making money fast. We have our instructions from men who are making from $25 to $50 per week, and we will satisfy any one that they can do as well as the most successful men in the country, by sending us their address, and $1 to pay for the instructions, which we will forward by return mail, postage paid. Those who want employment, will find this a rare chance, as we do not think any one will be disappointed who sends for our instructions. Those who want more than employment, will do well to call at our office, No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass., and see us personally. Don't delay a day, as you will regret it when it is too late. If Dr. M. will *send free*, by enclosing a stamp to pay postage, a pamphlet containing a list of WORKS, and *ex Private Diseases*, generally considered the most valuable treatise on the subject ever published in the English language. Address Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O. : "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia an' liver complaint."

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Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

may7 dthawly

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

MUSIC STORE!

ANDOVER

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to have a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style of Gilt or Mahogany

Frames

FOR

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Old Frames done Promptly Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

F	E
L	E
O	D
U	A
R	N
	D
F	G
E	R
E	A
D	I
	N

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Gil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 63 Market Street, by

S. N. WOOD.

apr28

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Pocket and Table Cutlery, with a general fit pur ers. also, a large assortment of Table Steel and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in this city to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

dec17 45 Merrimack Street.

GRASS SEED.

Bush Timothy Seed,

150 50 Bush Red Top do ;

200 lbs. Prime Clover do.

Also, Hungarian Honey Blede and Millet Seeds, for sale at the lowest cash prices by

may22* S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

W. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gores for many years ; they are made in the best manner extensively for his retail trade, and are warranted not to rip. He has always on hand the best made gores in the market.

Also, a large and superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed and wadded, with fur backs and fronts, for sale at wholesale and retail.

A large lot of Boys' Rock Gloves and Mittens for sale cheap for cash, at the store of

BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan21

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the preservation, growth, and beauty of hair, and eyebrows, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hair when hard and dry, and

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains in any climate.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may7

RESTAURANT.

DINNER will be served in the MERRIMACK HALL, Nos. 5 and 7 Merrimack st., daily, from 12 M. to 2 P. M. The bill of fare will include a good variety, as we a the deliciacies of the season, and will be changed at short intervals.

The proprietor hopes by that arrangements to accommodate that class of persons who may be desirous of dining at a quick hour.

may23 R. EMERY

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparation French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Persian Complexion or Beauty Powder, Oriental Liquid White, White's Cosmetic, Pearline, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

may13

To Farmers and Gardeners.

JUST RECEIVED per ship Sophia, from Hamburg, a fresh supply of Garden Seeds. Also, per steamer Europa, from Liverpool, Red Top, Timothy and Herd Grass Seeds. Also, Prince Albert, or Kew, Watermelon Seed. For sale at S. HANSON'S Seed Store, 126 Central street, Lowell.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

IRONINE for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold Leaf, Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c.—This acids is invaluable. It will be found effectual, clean and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by the use of this article may be so cleaned as to look like new. Brass may be kept bright for a long time. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., sole agent for the United States, corner Merrimack and John sts.

may29

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

made and repaired. Canes in great variety. Whalebone, Rattan, Reeding, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may7

ASTHMA, for the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

PENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

Price, $1 per box ; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGISTS.

May, 1860. may1-6m

Wood's Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR,

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR the alleviation of bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public speakers and singers will find the troches invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

feb14

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases, all who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief!*" *What a Great Blessing!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists generally. CLOCK & SHERBURNE, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, R. H. E. H. ROLLINS & Co., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 15, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

feb15 tuthly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

331 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,658.90
Dividends paid to date,	1,484,989.12
Losses paid,	$2,327,669.78

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the premiums received are only such as are the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz :

It offers economy, security and advantages.

It possesses over $2,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fir-t Bond and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collateral.

The only Stocks owned by it are Bank, Railroad, Prey, and Newark City Stocks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of claims, by giving them the option of receiving the Annuity, or Instalments, for the Policy, or the Gross Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and credit a note for the balance at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two full years premium.

The Dividends are paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when required. Those who pay by Note, receive the dividends in Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force the number of 7775 Policies in force ; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders no part of the expenses to the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must necessarily be secure, as the Trustees are connected with it should call the attention of their friends to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSEPH L. MORRELL, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.

may9

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every mother who reads this notice, that the use by mothers of infants arms shortly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in the alimentary canal, to prevent to your notice for the alleviation of your fears Cordial, which will relieve

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his extensive practice, and is known to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and we take pleasure in recommending it to you as superiority over every other preparation of the kind now before the community.

For Children Teething ;

And at the period of infantile life, when your anxious care and attention is required to watch the progress of their disease, and will be found invaluable in relieving the little sufferer from the pain and distress of Summer Complaint, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Sour Curds, Sick Headache, &c., and is confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case where it is used. It will regulate the stomach and bowels, and be important in the respect of health to the infant.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, it will be found a safe and effectual remedy, as if by magic ; and in this fatal complaint, which is so much to be dreaded by every mother, it should be kept in readiness. The name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become a household word, a guarantee, and a sufficient assurance to a subject of vital interest to every mother. Be sure to remember that Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is genuine.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever name, is used in it, as they are *fatal* when used in *nursing* or *teething*.

Prepared only by DR. EATON, Boston.

Sold by them, and by all respectable druggists

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats ;

500 " " Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S.

may7* 43 Market street.

Kinder's Lirocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found effectual, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new, and its equal has never been discovered, for the purpose.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Chemist, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

may13

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Gentlemen's Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE.

dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

nov15

RUBBER SLATES,—A Slate which can be used as a slate ; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine it.

nov13 E. S. HUNT, 17 Central st.

A FEW MORE of Sinner's Patent Music Rolls Bed Sacks for sale by

nov16 E. S. HUNT 17 Central street.

LIQUIDS AND DRINKING.

The Subscriber has completed many rare and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than ever before by the Gross, Dozen or Piece. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,

mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish the best quality of WOOD at the LOWEST CASH RATES. All orders will be promptly attended to.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. may7tf

BRAZER, at the COURT HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well known manufactory of

The Great Indian Remedy of this celebrated manufactory, is now offered to the public, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction, from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *protect* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, *two full strength*, for raising, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10 ; Half Strength $5 ; Quarter Strength $3.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for PRIVATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain ; and is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office Physicians and others Dr. MATTISON' REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 19 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving him a thorough knowledge of them. Consultations by letter or otherwise strictly confidential. Medicines sent to any part of the country, secure from observation, on receipt of price. Those at a distance can write for questions for patients from abroad, describing their symptoms, when a good cure will be restored to health.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of the profession, it becomes necessary for persons to be careful to whom they apply, before at least they have committed the secrets of their disease to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. Advertising Doctors, Boston, as a general rule, are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements* and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiries, you have no one to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. M. will *send free*, by enclosing a stamp to pay postage, a pamphlet containing a list of WORKS, and on *Private Diseases* generally considered the most valuable treatise on the subject ever published in the English language. Address Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O. : "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia an' liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says : "They give great satisfac ion. One them myself, having taken cold, became prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with a great assurance of its merits.

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them to a great success, and with them made several cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years at the various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well ; the Bitters effected the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He also says dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific and safe remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, is se tion where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

may7 dthawly

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

535 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machine.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, for fine and coarse work, and for a endless variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin without stopping, and make eve y stitch perfect. They will run with less than one-half the power required by other machines, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. It is not such a machine as is adapted to family use? and if any adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The operation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair, held at Trenton, October, 1860, and the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, held in October, 1860, and Premium for the sewing machine worn.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Union, N. Y. State Fair, held at Utica, 1860, and the same thing generally wherever properly exhibited. The impartiality of the above awards is hereby manifested. But we bespeak for only a fair trial, and we will satisfy the most skeptical of all.

Fact No. 11 —We warrant every machine we sell to give ENTIRE satisfaction than any other machine, or the purchaser may return the machine and receive back the money paid for it.

The peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite interesting to persons who have not seen them, and are as follows, viz : The great ingenuity of thoughts, from almost every part of the machine, which gives to the machine peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics from all other machines. The object of this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unqualified recommendations, which cannot be made such, by mere reference to certain kinds of machines. Friends, who may be desirous of themselves of certain personal obligations, but who have been demanded by the merits of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or for manufacturing.

The Company having determined to meet the times, have taken the agency for the sale of Wheeler and Wilson's Patent Lock-Stitch Family Sewing Machines, and have furnished them with the latest improvements, including the new hemmer, gauges etc., to be found anywhere without which no machine is complete.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Dutton Block, Merrimack Street.

January 2, 1861 ian5tf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable patterns, which will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing.

H. S. HAYNES,

45 Merrimack Street,

(Near the Post Office.)

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish the best quality of WOOD at the LOWEST CASH RATES. All orders will be promptly attended to.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. may7tf

THE ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statements, Facts, Letters, Physicians of the highest celebrity as well as none, give in their own words, and Certificates innumerable for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the skin, and blood, will be found in the pamphlets which we are now publishing, to promote the sale from being gay, and from falling in any case we shall accept to cure.

Oak Grove, S. C., June 24th, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Sir—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. It is universally liked by families using it, and gives perfect best.

During the year 1858, I had a tumor came to the back part of my right shoulder, which grew to the size of my fist, from which my hair came off in spots, and finally all over the head. Various remedies were administered to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From the use of your Restorative, my hair commenced growing in the form of fine down, and has continued, increasing and strengthening until it has attained a length of from six to eight inches, and is now growing finely. I have also used your Hair Dressing, and find it to be the best article of the kind I have ever used. Yours, &c.,

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
Firm of Baxter, Boynton, Bleak, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Piles for years in the worst form for a long time, and suffered more than I can describe. Was induced to try your Pile Ointment, and after using one box, found relief, and by its continued use have been entirely cured. I believe it to be a sure remedy for all Piles.

JOHN A. MURDO,
Pearl Street House, Lowell.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is an invaluable remedy for Neuralgia. See Physician's standing.

W. E. RUDGKINS,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his head and face were covered with scabs ; after using one bottle of your Compound cured him.

J. F. HAMMOND, Lowell, Mass.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has cured me of Rheumatism.

Proprietor Revere House, Boston.

One-half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY THOMPSON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my daughter, Mrs. Dow, presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," as I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and found it to be a most valuable remedy.

ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Lowell, Mass.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and found it to be a most valuable remedy, and we have full confidence in its healing qualities, and would recommend it to the public as the best and most reliable remedy for the cure of the first and best medicine ever offered to the public.

Dr. J. Dow, Physician, Market street.
Henry B. Gardiner, Widower street, East Boston.
Wm. Dow, Jr.
Henry A. Fuller, 10 South Market st., Boston.
Mrs. Mary Ann Sweetser, Revere House, Boston.
Mrs. Henry Sweetser, East Abington.
Capt. Charles G. Daltner.
Capt. Joseph Dow, Lynn.
Elmer Townsend, 45 and 47 Pearl street, Boston.

The above Compound is all thing it is said to be, and has been taken by hundreds of people, for Scrofulous Humors, with great benefit.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.

For sale by druggists generally throughout the United States.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Sleeper & Co., Corner Merrimack and John sts., Dr. Brown, and 162 Merrimack street.

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GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov17

Toilet soaps.

ENGLISH Violet, Rose, Jockey Club, Brown Windsor, Gold Dollar and a large variety of Fancy Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This new and superior article is highly recommended for *Dressing and Beautifying the Hair*, it removes the scurf, promotes the growth of the hair, and keeps it in curl.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.

Also, Fresh Ground Corn Meal and Hominy, which wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.

This new and superior article is highly recommended for *Dressing and Beautifying the Hair*, it removes the scurf, promotes the growth of the hair, and keeps it in curl.

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN GREAT VARIETY BUTTER COOLERS

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE KNIFE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*well to call and see.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and WARRANTED.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Under the A. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building.

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BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at S. HUNT'S Book and Music Store 17 Central street, Lowell.

sep21

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Having proofs so strong and direct as to

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, June 4, 1861.

DEATH OF SENATOR DOUGLAS. The not unexpected death of Hon. Stephen Arnold Douglas, Senator from Illinois, is announced to have occurred at Chicago, yesterday morning, at ten minutes past nine o'clock, after a severe illness of about two weeks. Mr. Douglas has been so prominently before the public for the past few years, that an extended notice of him is not necessary. He was born in Brandon, Vermont, April 23rd, 1813, and was therefore, at the time of his death, little more than forty-eight years of age. He early emigrated first to Canandaigua, N. Y., and then to the West, and settled in Winchester, Illinois, in December, 1833. He studied law and was admitted to the bar about 1834. He was State Attorney, member of the Legislature, Secretary of State, and Judge of the Supreme Court of the State, before he was thirty years of age.

Mr. Douglas was elected a member of the United States House of Representatives in 1843, and re-elected in 1846. In 1847 he was elected to the United States Senate, and has been twice re-elected.—In 1849, and received the second highest popular vote, beating Mr. Breckinridge more than 300,000 votes, yet the former received but 12 electoral votes to 72 for the latter. Mr. Bell, who was nearly 800,000 votes behind Mr. Douglas, had 39 electoral votes. As is well known, Mr. Douglas received his principal vote in the populous five States which voted for Mr. Lincoln, while Bell and Breckinridge divided the slave States (now mostly in rebellion) between them. Had it not been for the action of the secessionists at Charleston and Baltimore, Mr. Douglas might have filled the position now occupied by Mr. Lincoln.

Mr. Douglas' position on the Nebraska Bill in 1854, and the Lecompton bill in 1858, made him many warm friends, and many bitter opponents, but none of the latter have ever denied the eminent talent and great ability of the "Little Giant."—His course in standing by the General Government in the present crisis, has been productive of much good, and, had, won for him many friends, who have been heretofore politically opposed to him. His death, while he was yet in the prime of life, will be sincerely mourned by men of all parties, who look upon it as a National loss.

We notice that his remains are to be brought to Washington for interment, and it is quite probable they will be honored by a public funeral.

Mr. Douglas had been twice married—first, April 7th, 1847, to Miss Martha D. Martin, daughter of Col. Robert Martin, of Rockingham County, N. C., by whom he had three children, two of whom are living. She died November 20th, 1856. He was again married, January 19th, 1859, to Miss Adele Cutts, a daughter of James Madison Cutts, of Washington, D. C., Second Controller of the Treasury.

CORRECTION. The following communication from Mr. Mixer correcting some statements, which crept into our paper last week, in a paragraph copied, or compiled from one of our exchanges. We have not the slightest desire to misrepresent the state of affairs at the South, and cheerfully give place to the explanation of Mr. Mixer.

MR. EDITOR:—In some of the late editions of your paper appeared a paragraph as copied from the *Manchester Mirror*, relating to my escape from service in the rebel army, at the South, in which were statements, reported to have been made by myself, which are wholly untrue. You will please insert this correction. I deny the truth of the report attributed to me by the *Mirror*, that myself and six other young men from Massachusetts were impressed into Southern military service, in Wilmington, N. C., and also the statement that all persons in the State, except sick men and children were compelled to do military duty. I had visited Wilmington on military company, some months previous, not anticipating active service, and the company which I joined having been disbanded, I was obliged to desert to avoid fighting against my country.

GEO. E. MIXER.

THE DUSTAN MONUMENT. The monument to the memory of Mrs. Dustan—of the finest Italian marble, was received in Haverhill on Friday. The *Andover Advertiser* says, "an inscription narrating the facts concerning the capture of Mrs. Dustan, and the leading incidents of her captivity and escape, is carved on the monument, together with emblematical designs—the whole beautifully executed." The cost was $2500. The monument is erected by the Dustan Association. The story of Mrs Dustan's extraordinary sufferings and wonderful escape from the savages is familiar to all, and will be handed down to remotest generations.

THE Eagle Cotton Mill, at Canton, in this State, was stopped on Friday night, the operatives refusing to work, their wages having been reduced 17 per cent. About one hundred persons were formerly employed, and every one positively refused to work under the new arrangement.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

United States Marshal Bonafont of Maryland has returned from Washington to Baltimore invested with full powers that will enable him to blot out treason in that city.

Arms are to be furnished to Anderson's Kentucky Brigade, at Louisville, which may cause a collision with the rebels.—Gen. Scott says the Unionists shall be sustained.

It is reported that Harpers Ferry has been evacuated. Small pox and diarrhœ are making serious havoc among the Virginia rebel troops.

THE WAR NEWS.

A conflict with the rebels in Western Virginia. Last Sunday night, two columns of troops from Gen. McClellan's command, one under Col. Kelly, composed of Virginia volunteers, and one under Col. Crittenden, composed of Indiana volunteers, left Grafton, and after marching the entire night, about 30 miles, through a drenching rain, surprised a camp of rebels of 200 strong, at Philippi, and routed them killing 15 and capturing a large amount of arms, horses, ammunition and a camp equipage. The surprise was complete, and at latest advices the federal troops were in hot pursuit of the rebels, who probably numbered more than would be taken. Col. Kelly was mortally wounded and has since died. Several others of the federal troops were slightly wounded. Intimations of a fight are also sent to Washington, where it is fully credited.

A loan. The *New York Post's* Washington letter says it is considered certain that Congress will authorize a popular loan of one hundred millions of dollars or ten per cent. will be offered and notes issued of from fifty to one hundred dollars in value.

Jeff. Davis orders troops out of Virginia. A dispatch to the *Post* says it is reported that Jeff. Davis has issued a proclamation directing the federal troops to withdraw from Virginia soil. Private advices say that Davis is really alarmed, and his anxiety is so great as to affect his health.

Troops to be sent to Virginia. The orders of Jeff. Davis will be disregarded, for it is stated that by the end of the week the Government expect to have 25,000 men in Virginia near Alexandria, 20,000 at Harrisburg, 20,000 near Harper's Ferry, 15,000 near Fortress Monroe, and 10,000 around Baltimore, Annapolis, and the Relay House.

A Washington dispatch says 2000 South Carolina troops are reported to be at Brentsville, a few miles below Fairfax. The rebels left Fort Washington, on the Potomac, have been cleared away, and re-doubts erected by our troops.

Capt. Marr, who was killed at Fairfax Court House, was a member of the Virginia State Convention, and member elect of the Legislature in Farquhar County.

Reliable information has reached Washington that the rebel troops at Fairfax Court House number 200, at Centreville 1000, at Lee's or Fairfax station 300, and Manassas Gap Junction from 4000 to 8000.

It is understood that Col. Anderson will be appointed a Brigadier General.

There is no doubt that three of the six Commissioners appointed by the Legislature of Maryland, have waited on Jeff. Davis. There is no information obtainable here to show that their associates have yet officially visited Washington.

Missouri. There is proof that Gov. Jackson, of Missouri, has been playing into the hands of the secessionists. The recent arrangement made by Gen. Harney with Gen. Price, who acted for Gov. Jackson, gave the latter an opportunity for providing for a slide out of the Union; but the fact that the government is determined to temporize no longer with officials of disloyal proclivities has occasioned the change. Hence the change in the command of the forces in Missouri.

The order to Col. Frank P. Blair, Jr., to go South, was conditional, and only to be executed when Col. Blair should think Missouri safe. At present there is quite as much ground for the apprehension of danger in that State as in Virginia. Six Missouri Regiments were sworn in for the war last Saturday.

New War Steamers. Seven steam sloops of war are to be built; two at Portsmouth, two at Boston, one at New York, and two at Philadelphia.

TREASON IN BALTIMORE. According to the representation of Marshal Bonnafon', which was hastily gone to Washington to obtain permission to make arrests in Baltimore, on his own responsibility, with a warrant, as other people will sue his bail for damages. That city is a nest of traitors, and needs a "cleaning out."

The United States District Court refuses a warrant unless facts are proved; the Marshal does his best to stop the exportation of arms, but has not sufficient force and can't depend on the police.

Within a few days, it is stated, forty tons of gunpowder have been sent from Baltimore to Harper's Ferry. There is also said to be six or eight thousand stand of arms in the houses of some of the leading rebels of the city, and in one Ward three thousand are said to be "buried."—The rebels from Virginia have free access to the city; arms are still being made, and are at night sent away; so that the condition of things is not what it should be, or what it must be to make the city safe, or establish respect for the laws. We hope something more may be done to straighten out the disloyal mess of that city. It is feared that, should the fortunes of war favor the rebels in a single battle, the scene which would ensue in Baltimore, would prove that it is infested by a set of skulking traitors, who are kept under only through fear of the power that, if they openly rebelled, would bring upon them instant punishment.

AN INSTANCE OF REAL PATRIOTISM.—Within a few weeks past, a military organization has been formed in Amesbury, in this State, and is now, we believe, fully equipped and ready for service, and unless unlike all other companies of which we have any knowledge, it is also anxious to be ordered into actual service. Since Mr. Lincoln's call for 75,000 volunteers, none have been more enthusiastic in response to the demand than a young man who has the misfortune to be so much of a cripple as to require the use of crutches to get about. His misfortune has never been more seriously comprehended by himself, than since the troops were called for, and great has been his regret that he cannot take the field in defence of the constitution and the laws of his country.

A young man, poor, and dependent on his labor at shoemaking for his living, he saw no way in which he could be of much service to his family or his country at this time, when, if ever, men are weighed, and their worth ascertained. Some three hundred and fifty dollars he had accumulated by his own labor, and it was deposited in the bank. This is but a small sum, especially for one who is less independent than those in the enjoyment of perfect health and strength, and in the face of drenching rain, surprised a camp of rebels of 200 strong, at Philippi, and routed them killing 15 and capturing a large amount of arms, horses, ammunition and a camp equipage. The surprise was complete, and at latest advices the federal troops were in hot pursuit of the rebels, who probably numbered more than would be taken. Col. Kelly was mortally wounded and has since died. Several others of the federal troops were slightly wounded. Intimations of a fight are also sent to Washington, where it is fully credited.

A loan. The *New York Post's* Washington letter says it is considered certain that Congress will authorize a popular loan of one hundred millions of dollars or ten per cent. will be offered and notes issued of from fifty to one hundred dollars in value.

Jeff. Davis orders troops out of Virginia. A dispatch to the *Post* says it is reported that Jeff. Davis has issued a proclamation directing the federal troops to withdraw from Virginia soil. Private advices say that Davis is really alarmed, and his anxiety is so great as to affect his health.

Troops to be sent to Virginia. The orders of Jeff. Davis will be disregarded, for it is stated that by the end of the week the Government expect to have 25,000 men in Virginia near Alexandria, 20,000 at Harrisburg, 20,000 near Harper's Ferry, 15,000 near Fortress Monroe, and 10,000 around Baltimore, Annapolis, and the Relay House.

A Washington dispatch says 2000 South Carolina troops are reported to be at Brentsville, a few miles below Fairfax. The rebels left Fort Washington, on the Potomac, have been cleared away, and redoubts erected by our troops.

Capt. Marr, who was killed at Fairfax Court House, was a member of the Virginia State Convention, and member elect of the Legislature in Farquhar County.

Reliable information has reached Washington that the rebel troops at Fairfax Court House number 200, at Centreville 1000, at Lee's or Fairfax station 300, and Manassas Gap Junction from 4000 to 8000.

It is understood that Col. Anderson will be appointed a Brigadier General.

There is no doubt that three of the six Commissioners appointed by the Legislature of Maryland, have waited on Jeff. Davis. There is no information obtainable here to show that their associates have yet officially visited Washington.

Missouri. There is proof that Gov. Jackson, of Missouri, has been playing into the hands of the secessionists. The recent arrangement made by Gen. Harney with Gen. Price, who acted for Gov. Jackson, gave the latter an opportunity for providing for a slide out of the Union; but the fact that the government is determined to temporize no longer with officials of disloyal proclivities has occasioned the change. Hence the change in the command of the forces in Missouri.

The order to Col. Frank P. Blair, Jr., to go South, was conditional, and only to be executed when Col. Blair should think Missouri safe. At present there is quite as much ground for the apprehension of danger in that State as in Virginia. Six Missouri Regiments were sworn in for the war last Saturday.

New War Steamers. Seven steam sloops of war are to be built; two at Portsmouth, two at Boston, one at New York, and two at Philadelphia.

TREASON IN BALTIMORE. According to the representation of Marshal Bonnafon', which was hastily gone to Washington to obtain permission to make arrests in Baltimore, on his own responsibility, with a warrant, as other people will sue his bail for damages. That city is a nest of traitors, and needs a "cleaning out."

The United States District Court refuses a warrant unless facts are proved; the Marshal does his best to stop the exportation of arms, but has not sufficient force and can't depend on the police.

Within a few days, it is stated, forty tons of gunpowder have been sent from Baltimore to Harper's Ferry. There is also said to be six or eight thousand stand of arms in the houses of some of the leading rebels of the city, and in one Ward three thousand are said to be "buried."—The rebels from Virginia have free access to the city; arms are still being made, and are at night sent away; so that the condition of things is not what it should be, or what it must be to make the city safe, or establish respect for the laws. We hope something more may be done to straighten out the disloyal mess of that city. It is feared that, should the fortunes of war favor the rebels in a single battle, the scene which would ensue in Baltimore, would prove that it is infested by a set of skulking traitors, who are kept under only through fear of the power that, if they openly rebelled, would bring upon them instant punishment.

ATTENTION!

LOWELL LIGHT INFANTRY.

Pursuant to a notice from Headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief, that the company under my command has been designated as one of those to form a Regiment for active duty. The members will meet at the Armory of the National Guard in this city, this (MONDAY) evening, promptly at half past seven o'clock, for drill, and await further orders. Also on Tuesday and following evenings at the same hour, until otherwise ordered.

A limited number of able-bodied men who are ready to go into immediate service for three years will be received to fill vacancies.

Lowell, June 3, 1861. TEMPLE TEBBETTS, Capt.

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain table board for his family for the season in or near Lowell, during family sessions of his wife and four children, aged respectively 5, 8, 12 and 14 years. Address Box 1, Lowell Post Office.

June 5, 1861. jn3d

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 28 Central to No. 17 Merrimack Street—first of Central Street.

May 31, 1861. may31dtf

NURSES FOR THE HOSPITAL AT FORTRESS MONROE.

SIX competent, steady and experienced female nurses are wanted immediately to go to the Hospital at Fortress Monroe, in charge of Dr. Kimball. Application can be made to the undersigned, at the Hospital, or at the Surgeon General's Office, Washington. By order of Surgeon General Hammond.

C. C. SAYLES, Surg. U. S. Army.

May 25, 1861. may31d6t

SUPERIOR COURT. The adjourned meeting of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society was held last evening. The committee, appointed at the previous meeting, to consider the expediency of holding a cattle show on the 17th inst., reported that in consequence of the war excitement and the heavy drain already made upon the public, it was inexpedient to hold the gathering at the present time. The report was accepted.

RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY. Letters received from Fortress Monroe, state that this company is in comfortable quarters, plenty of provisions, and are supplied with muskets to drill with. The men are now occupied in mounting cannon, and expect to remain in the fort for three months. We have a letter from one of the officers, from which we designed to make extracts to-day, but have not room to do so.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon Barney Lyons, for too frequently "putting an enemy into his mouth to steal away his brains," was ordered for his appearance on a future day.

Wm. B. Walton, a bad youth of twelve years, for larceny of $80 from John McCusker, was sent to the House of Reformation for one year, which it is hoped will make a better boy of him.

A GOOD CATCH. Yesterday forenoon, Mr. Henry Stickney, of this city, went to a location within twenty minutes' walk of the Post-office, and "dipped" a mess of some pickerel that were there congregated in a short space of time, four of them were enrolled on his list; one weighed 2½ pounds and another 2 pounds; the others were smaller but made a very respectable appearance. This is a decidedly good fish story, and proves that Mr. Stickney is skilful with the hook-and-line; but, the best of the story is yet to be told: he left two of the aforesaid pickerel at this office, and we venture to say he could not have caught them to a better advantage. They would have been more highly appreciated. Our thanks we here tender to Mr. Stickney, and we offer: Success to all his pickereling excursions, whether they be completed by five minutes' or twenty-five hours' walk of Lowell.

SUPERIOR COURT. The first civil term of this Court commenced at Concord to-day, Judge Ames on the bench. The juries will be impanelled to-day, and probably a new venire will be issued for jurymen from Lowell. The term will doubtless be a short one. We notice that Mr. John Bleodorn advertises to run a stage between here and Concord during the sitting of the Court, an arrangement which will afford greater facilities for those having Court business.

USEFUL PRESENTS FOR PUBLIC MEN.—Messrs. Cutler & Walker, No. 48 Central Street, have manufactured for some time past, an article they call the Army Suspender, for gentlemen's wear. We were shown, a day or two since, a sample of a very necessary article, which are to be sent to the President and Cabinet and to Gen. Butler and staff. They are made of the very best materials, and will be named the Eureka Suspender, and are pronounced to be superior to any other manufactured.—The Army Suspender is made with the understanding that they are to be worn by those who may be in positions where they cannot stop to repair a break, consequently every part is made in the most durable and satisfactory manner. We commend them to those who are providing the soldiers with gentlemen's furnishing goods, confident that they are an honest article.

BACK AGAIN. It will be seen by his advertisement elsewhere, that the well-known (in Lowell) dry goods dealer, A. J. Griffin, has opened for a short time, store No. 94 Merrimack Street, where he proposes to sell at "war prices" all kinds of dry goods. He has a good stock of fashionable and seasonable goods, and the old acquaintances and friends of Mr. Griffin can do no less than give him a visit, and of course they will buy if they are suited with his goods and satisfied with his prices, and that they will be, there is not much reason to doubt.

ALL SORT. The desirable work on Central Bridge was commenced this morning, and we presume that when it is finished all the cross faces caused by the odorous annoyances that have been experienced by our neighbors who do business in Lowell, but "root" in Centralville, will have like sun-flowers in August. We thought it would be all right in the end.

NEW FIRM. Dr. Ambrose Lawrence, the well-known dentist, has admitted his son George W. Lawrence into partnership with him, and the two may now be found at No. 11 John Street, prepared to attend to all the wants of the public in the dental line. For list of prices and other particulars we would refer our readers to their advertisement which appears in another column.

FLOWERS AND PLANTS. Every lover of flowers and plants will hardly fail, in passing through Chapel Street, to be attracted to the fine display in the garden of Mr. J. W. Brooks, at No. 53. His variety is extensive and more thrifty than any other we have seen the present season. Those who have observed the excellent displays he has made at the Horticultural exhibitions for years past, will readily conclude that he is not deficient in this respect the present year. Several new varieties adorn his beds, and should any of our readers desire to add to their stock of plants, or even to begin entirely new, we have no doubt Mr. Brooks is abundantly able to accommodate them, though he has never taken pains to particularly announce the fact. At all events, one will be rewarded, if the love of flowers is in his soul, by peeping into this garden.

ANOTHER FLAG. Charles Kimball, Esq., who keeps the well-arranged, though not fancy popular boarding house on Thorndike Street, has hoisted the stars and stripes over the building, where it will float, we hope, until the prominent leaders in the rebellion are assigned quarters in institutions of a similar nature.

RETURNED. The gray uniforms worn away by the Mechanic Phalanx have been returned, though some of them are in a deplorable condition, terrifying to having seen hard service. The uniforms worn away by the other companies will probably also be returned in a few days.

A NICE PRESENT FOR A LADY. A young woman employed in a weave room on one of our Corporations, yesterday afternoon found a pistol, loaded, cocked and capped, in her bobbin box. Whether it was placed there with evil design is not known. The matter will be investigated by the Agent of the Corporation.

COL. JONES, OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT. On Saturday the telegraphic dispatches announced that Col. Jones, of the Sixth Regiment, had left Annapolis on the previous night previous, at the Relay House camp. We sincerely hoped that this report would not be confirmed; but knowing that there had been a growing feeling of insubordinating back even to the day he left Lowell, we are not disappointed that the report is partially confirmed this morning.—We regret this, for no person stands as high as the Sixth, who were first in the field, in response to the President's call; and we have avoided publishing even the reports reflecting on Col. Jones that have appeared from time to time in several of our exchanges, and have declined admitting to our columns that which we have heard relative to the matter, hoping that by behaving unjustly toward his command; we did not wish to injure the fair fame of the regiment, by heralding abroad a difficulty between the Colonel and his field officers and privates composing it. But there is little use in attempting to cover the matter up. Col. Jones is cordially disliked in his regiment, and we think, too, with reason. We are pained to say this, but there are too many proofs of the fact. His treatment of the sick and the well (if we have been correctly informed) has been such as to drive them to desert rather than the censure of those aware of the true state of things, outside of his command.—There ought to be some one to whom he is responsible, who has the power to check. The reports concerning him, in public prints and in private letters, are anything but creditable to the Sixth Regiment and to Massachusetts, and the sooner the matter is thoroughly investigated and the trouble removed, the better. No man ever had a better opportunity to distinguish himself, from one end of the land more insanely. His acquaintances and friends in this vicinity are ashamed of what has taken place, and have no words of apology for his conduct to offer. We hope something may occur which will relieve him from much of the odium that is now attached to his name, but fear he cannot himself extricate himself.

We copy the following from the *Boston Journal*; but this does not approach, in its objectionable features, what has been said of Col. Jones by every regular officer, who is cognizant of the facts:

"William G. Butterfield of Stoneham, a private in Co. I of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, which was commanded by Col. Duke, arrived in the city this morning. Mr. Butterfield was wounded by a ball which struck the leg in the immediate vicinity through Baltimore. He managed with the help of his comrades to go on his company to Washington, and is now able to walk about though the wound has not healed. He was ordered home by the Surgeon of the regiment.

Mr. Butterfield states that when Col. Jones gave him his discharge, he asked him if he had any money; to which a negative reply was returned. He was then kindly dismissed him, with the remark that that would be apt to be his condition on his getting home!" Subsequently some of the officers of the regiment applied to Col. Jones for a loan of money from their pay, but he said 'he would have nothing to do with that—he had business with the Boston banker on his mind.' It was for this and other causes of complaint to which allusion has been made, that Col. Jones was put in irons.

Fortunately young Butterfield found friends among the noble 7th Regiment of the city, who furnished him with means to get to that city. They made up purse to help him on his way home to Boston—but the President of the New Haven Railroad, on being informed of the facts, declined to take the money and gave him a pass to Boston. He feels very grateful for those kindnesses, and desires us to express his heartfelt thanks to to the President of the road and to Company No. 0 of the New York 7th Regiment."

Col. Jones' conduct toward young Butterfield is said to have been one cause of his being burned in effigy. Another was (as we learn from the papers) the arrest of Captains Devereux and Martin, of the Eight Regiment, by Col. Jones' orders. These officers, it was alleged, exceeded their bounds in recruiting service in the direction of Harper's Ferry. After their swords were taken away from them, the members of both companies gave up their arms, but the captains were discharged before night, and thus the matter, was settled. Capts. Devereux and Martin are two of the most popular officers in the Regiment, the former being commander in the Salem Zouaves, and the latter of the Sutton Light Infantry, of Marblehead.

WE THINK WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN SAYING

That no other Pill, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has gained, so deservedly, the reputation now enjoyed by *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh. As an evidence that they will sure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our own city:

NEW YORK, January 23, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the liver complaint for six years, and never got any medicine to help me until I commenced using *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros. I now send up to the public, that they have [completely cured me, and I do hereby recommend them to all persons afflicted with a diseased Liver. They will cure. Try them.

MARIA EVANS, No. 93 Lewis street.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. None others are Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, are before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can be had of most of the druggists in this and other towns. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

jn3 [46]y

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than cost prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as last season. Call and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and will be retailed at the lowest prices, by the yard or piece, to be suited from our assortment can go home with them and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts Shops. Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

may2dtf

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points in the West, via any of the through lines of roads centering at the Union depot at the Boston and Lowell Railroad.

Tickets sold at reduced rates, and baggage checked through to destination.

H. W. HICKETT, Agent,

Telegraph Office, Boston & Lowell Railroad Depot.

may31 dtf

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this celebrated machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and we add,

jn4dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, A. D. Rowe, E. W. Hoar, E. Hosford, Lowell; Geo. Stevens, Lowell; S. P. Richardson, E. Sherman, Lowell.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Farm and Factory Property. All losses promptly paid. The STOCK DEPARTMENT has ever been made in this State. The premium is reduced to the lowest rates at which the business can be done. The attention of owners of village property is called to the Stock Department, as it affords a favorable opportunity for insurance capturing, and rates are as low as in any Company in which safety is secured.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are invested in Bank Stocks, Loans on Collaterals, and other property not hazardous incurred at current rates.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy19tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

It kindles quicker,

It burns longer,

It lasts longer,

It is more pure quantity,

It costs less money,

It is the best coal for burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at

EDWARDS & WHALEN, WHARF, AVENUE, and 49 corner, J. HOWARD, 15 Kilby street.

may14dtf

YOU CANT FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE KNOWN FOR THE BALD AND GREY.

THAT IT IS UNRIVALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT GROWTH OF HAIR,

AND THAT PRODUCES

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

AND A CLEAN SCALP.

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Sold by Druggists and Apothecaries.

WALTHAM, MASS., Jan. 20, 1859

GENTS:—I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S "Inimitable Hair Restorative" for three years, and with satisfaction and success. I have tried various kinds of Hair Restoratives, but find none to equal yours. I have sold a bottle to a gentleman in this town second in fact to claims to do. Several ladies and gentlemen have called upon me, and say that *several years previous* had it aside, and now have a full head of hair. I have sold over a gross of the article, produced by using two or three bottles of your Restorative. Yours truly,

O. H. P. SMITH.

STILL ANOTHER. S. B. EMMONS, Esq., Agent for the Lowell Manufacturing Co., and best Hair Restorative in our market, and is given universal satisfaction. Sold by Druggists.

J. S. SIZER, Wholesale Druggist.

There is no other article of the kind in the market so that which comes from a Druggist or an Apothecary. Beware of worthless imitations. Each genuine bottle will have certificates sufficient to convince any reasonable person of its genuineness.

WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL COLOR OF GREY HAIR.

Were an experience of six years has proved it to be the only Hair Restorative that can be relied on.

Sold by all Druggists. M. S. BURR & CO., Boston. dam11 1y may6

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

Is

BATCHELOR'S.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided by all who wish to escape ridicule.

GREY, RED OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful BROWN or BLACK, without injury to the hair or skin.

BATCHELOR'S WIG AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to W. A. BATCHELOR since 1839, and over one hundred certificates of the same can be seen at his Wig Factory.

W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off on anything, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be used, and is perfectly free from all poisonous matter. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Astor House, New York.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States and Canadas, and by all Druggists.

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor," and a fac simile of the same, engraved on the four sides of each box.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St., Late 233 Broadway, New York.

jy4 dly

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years in use more certain and speedy remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Public speakers and singers will find them invaluable, they give the most instantaneous relief in Hoarseness, Clergymen troubled with Sore Throat or Bronchitis will find a wonderful relief by using them before preaching. Military officers, Soldiers and Sailors will find them a sure relief from Coughs and other complaints, and extreme cases that have been pronounced incurable by the faculty have given rise to the complaint. The medical properties of these Wafers are such that they can be taken with perfect safety at any child without fear of injury. Prices, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.

Attwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. 50 cts. per bottle. For sale by

SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.

my3 dly

FEATHER DUSTERS

Of all sizes and prices, just received and to sale by

H. S. & E. GATES,

No. 43 Merrimack st.

ap8 1t

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, to an amount not exceeding $10,000 in any single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term not exceeding five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Lowell,

Nathan Allen, Stephen Codding, Arthur P. Bonney, Andrew W. Danielle, Samuel Richmond, Solomon Jewett.

Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin B. Bailey, Boston.

Abraham Y. Lowe, Boston.

Reuben E. Demond, Boston.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 83 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 21, 1860.

ÆTNA insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000

Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000

Surplus.....$500,000

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written for one, three or five years. Office in Lowell Savings Bank Building, corner of Merrimack and Church streets, for sale or rent.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

HENRY HOWARD, Secretary.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

jy4dtf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

LOWELL, 1860.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

If not, you can be insured by the

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 108 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Dividends Annually.

94 MERRIMACK STREET.

June 4, 1861. dtf

TEETH! TEETH!

DR. GLADWIN

Will give better bargains to any one in want of Artificial Teeth or any other kind of Dentistry than they can procure at any other office in Massachusetts.

I have Reduced my Prices for all Kinds of Dentistry about Fifty per cent. below former rates.

I have indeased to do so on account of the increasing cost of everything, from day to day, by persons in want of dentistry, and who have been waiting for prices to come down, can now call and get their work done at reasonable rates. Those who have been paying from $20 to $30 for a set of teeth GIVE ME A CALL and examine my work. This, I say, has been the complaint of hundreds who have called on me, and they really had the means to procure them.

Let me say to one and all, that my work is not a humbug, but is warranted to be as good as the best, and in most cases better than any other dentist will do work for the following prices:

Whole upper or lower set, Best set, $20.00 to $30.00

Whole upper or lower set, Second set, 10.00 to 15.00

Filling Teeth with fine Gold, 50 to 75

" " Silver, 25 to 50

Single Teeth, or pivot do., with fine Gold, 50 to 75

$2.00 to $2.50 per Tooth.

At the above prices I will use the best materials that can be procured; and I flatter myself that, having already had a long experience in practice, my work will not be inferior to that of any Dentist in the country.

My facilities for doing Dentistry with neatness and dispatch are unsurpassed by any other Dentist office in the United States.

OFFICE—No. 3 Bowers Block, *next to Carleton's New Block.*

SILAS F. GLADWIN, Jr.

Lowell, June 4, 1861. jn4dtf

SPECIAL

DENTAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership in the practice Dental Surgery and will continue the business at the old stand, No. 11 John street. DR. LAWRENCE, of John Street.

For the purpose of more thoroughly attending to every branch of the profession, and to meet the expense, rendering skill and other appliances necessary to the highest style of operation, we shall

CHARGE FOR OUR SERVICES.

Which will be less than is usually charged for inferior work.

GEO. W. LAWRENCE,

AMBROSE LAWRENCE, Jr.

Lowell, June 1, 1861. jn3dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the oldest shippers of the true and original

GOLDEN SALVE,

notice that other cost deals s in Lowell that on the sale of the GOLDEN SALVE, are not authorized to do so.

We have this method of convincing the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, if they hope to get the genuine article, as we have never authorized any one to sell it, except at the depot in Lowell, except our agent, MRS. MARY A. BARTLETT, Dracut.

Delaware City, Delaware, June 3, 1859. dam1y

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The undersigned, the oldest shippers of the true and original

GOLDEN SALVE,

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We have this method of convincing the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, if they hope to get the genuine article, as we have never authorized any one to sell it, except at the depot in Lowell, except our agent, MRS. MARY A. BARTLETT, Dracut.

Delaware City, Delaware, June 3, 1859. dam1y

IF CONGRESS. The recent changes of our climate are warning all to use Dr. Livingston's Liver and Aromatic Apperizer. Experience having proved that many persons have been cured by it, and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, we should advise all to use it, as it is *Dr. Livingston's Broomhead Tincture," or Lozenges*, for the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat for a few days, and you will be relieved.

Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement.

Dec. 12. 6m*

DEATHS.

In Haverhill, Mass., May 31st, of consumption, Mrs. Elvira J., wife of Wm. H. Bedrick, aged 26 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

All hail to the Flag of our Union

TO THE PEOPLE OF LOWELL!

A. J. GRIFFIN,

IS IN TOWN AGAIN!

At his old Store,

No. 94 Merrimack Street,

WITH a new and large stock of Goods from New York, which he will sell at the following prices, viz:

50,000 pairs of FRENCH KID GLOVES at 25 cents

10,000 FINE HANDKERCHIEFS, six for 25 cents.

10,000 yards of SUMMER SILKS, from 6 to 12 cts.

1,000 yards DELAINES, from 8 to 12 cents.

5,000 yards GIRLS' CLOTH, 25 cents.

5,000 FRENCH MOUSSE, 7 cents a piece.

And other goods in proportion. Call and be convinced. With my quantity of

Hosiery and Linle Thread Gloves.

I can sell PILES OF GOODS not mentioned in the above list, and will be glad to call in the same rate.

N. B. Sales will be opened June 5th, at 10 M.

A. J. GRIFFIN, Agent.

94 MERRIMACK STREET.

June 4, 1861. dtf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

It kindles quicker,

It burns longer,

It lasts longer,

It is more pure quantity,

It costs less money,

It is the best coal for burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at

EDWARDS & WHALEN, WHARF, AVENUE, and 49 corner, J. HOWARD, 15 Kilby street.

may14dtf

YOU CANT FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE KNOWN FOR THE BALD AND GREY.

THAT IT IS UNRI

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can supply successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT completion of all work ordered to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Ornamental Jobbing, Circulars, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Cards, Bill-Heads and Circulars, Notes and Invoices, Printed in Colors, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

Of every description, executed CARD in a large and elegant manner, and at as reasonable rates as to any other establishment in the country.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address

E. F. STONE, } Proprietors,
S. W. HUSE, }

Lowell, June 8, 1858. jy8tf

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

JOURNAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE TESTIMONY FOR

DR. S. C. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for

BARTICAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become their friends.

DR. JAMES L. LEEPER, write from Nashua, N. H., Co. D. — "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. I obtained one, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the best medicine in his office offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of dyspepsia of the worst and most obstinate character.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 6th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrate character, "after trying a few bottles I was using a second dozen, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. BOSTWICK says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its variety of forms, and at the date of his letter had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several years of suffering with him would do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervous affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain remedy."

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P. K. DALLENBACH, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters as a valuable dyspeptic persuse, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 eltu3m

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Burners, Chimneys, Wicks and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, stand, sconce, solar, hall, parlor, store, kitchen, and study lamps for sale low. Also a good assortment of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at my store and retail.

Also, Brower's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the stock. H. S. HAYNES,
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct26

FOREST RIVER LEPAGE COMPANY,

SALEM, MASS-ACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD in OIL made at The Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best Old Linseed Oil, and to be superfine grind by its Every Man, and Foreman, it is believed that the standard of purity required by the Act of All White Lead; each package, and marked "Warranted Pure," by the Inspector.

The great body and superior body of this White Lead renders it the favorite with the consumer than other Leads. It is widely and fully believed that the White Lead will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been proved in actual use, and is well known in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of this White Lead will prove its superiority to all others offered, and that for one and the same price it gives greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in making the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and has had unusual opportunities for learning how to manufacture a White Lead of the highest standard of purity, a brand as article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices at CHARLES R. CORDER, No 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Boston street, Lowell. sep19dof

SPRING WHEAT AND RYE.

100 Bush. Spring Wheat, for sale by
60 bush Spring Wheat, for seed—non-ed land and for sale by S. N. WOOD,
mar22* 45 Market street.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15 lf

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete preparation for removing Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, and Tan, and for producing a soft, fair and delicate

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 2000 times without A MATCH!

Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st. oct26*

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 24 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 27 Merrimack street.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov17

FARMS FOR SALE,

By PERLEY PARKER, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

To sell or exchange for a good Farm, a beautiful place on Tenth street (Mount Pleasant), of about 2 1-2 acres of best land, well covered with fruit and ornamental trees. The buildings are a good two story house, barn and shed, with land and soft water; the location good, the view the best in the city. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

To let, a Farm of about 20 acres in the easterly part of Dracut, good land and buildings, with some good fruit trees.

To sell a good Farm in Pelham, N. H. on the main road from Lowell to Derry, seven miles from Lowell, near two churches, and a good school, 60 acres of land suitably divided into mowing, tillage and pasturing, about 200 apple trees of choice bearing fruit, with a good share of wood and plenty of peat muck near the barn. The buildings are good, and supplied with a well and aqueduct of never-failing water. Any one wanting a Farm pleasantly located and easy to cultivate, this is a good chance. Terms very little undisputable. For further particulars inquire of SAMUEL P. RICKNELL, of Lawrence, L. L. SHAW, Lewiston, or PERLEY PARKER, Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, April 10, 1861. apr12wtf

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S Celebrated Boston Square PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium ever awarded to pianos at the Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of these superior pianos, to which they invite the attention of purchasers, as they are particular agents for the best Piano Fortes made.

N. B.—Second hand Pianos and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 8, 1858. jy8tf

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a new way, to make money, is now without the assistance of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are now making from $2.00 to $20 per week. Our young man who a few months since was working for $4.00 is now the owner of $1000, all earned by his own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $5 to $15 per week. Boys can clear from $2 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions to secure a full and successful start in the business and which enables the possessor to make money from the first hour he engages in the sport of it. No money to be invested in stock or anything else. Address for 25 cents, and over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and the most intelligent in the United States.

Address H. H MARTIN & CO.,
Portland, Maine.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of that excellent compound,

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

E. S. DAVIS Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. I obtained one, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

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Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 eltu3m

ASTHMA, for the IN-STANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressin complaint, use

TENDT'S

BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. TENDT & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box, sent by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS,
May. 1860 4 may16dly

Wood's Restorative Cordial

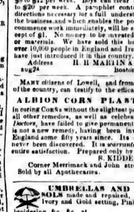
BLOOD RENOVATOR,

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR the alleviation or immediate, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find the Troches beneficial for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Market streets.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!



WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WE have just received from the factory the sale of Draper's celebrated Glover for many years. They are made in the most superior manner expressly for his retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the most elegant.

Also, a large and superior article of Gunn Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends of Gunn Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, of Gunn Tanned Leather, and a soft and superior glove. A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without fur, for sale by the manufacturer.

BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
jy21 1m

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness it stands unrivalled.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It renders the hair soft and pliable.

It affords the richest beauty.

It retains its virtues for years.

It costs 5^cts to a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 12 o'clock, M. until 2 P. M.

The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we have the facilities of the season, and as low rates as the market will admit.

The proprietor hopes by that arrangement to secure a favorable share of patronage which may be given on dinners at a special hour.

H. PERRY
Oct 30

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carver and Forks, Pistols, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.
jy21tf

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
may15

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at
E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st
nov12

A FEW MORE of Stason's Patent Music Folio Blanks on hand. Sale agent for Lowell.
E. S. HUNT 17 Central street.
nov12

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving, in thousand after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will soon prove. *It monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also, *prevent* obstructions, if taken during the first week in each month, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may appear incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1, for ordinary, or using, and for Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for female cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.

Beware of Counterfeits. None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office, 5 Tyler-street, Boston. DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 5 Tyler-street Providence, R. I.

Dr. Mattison Specially embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultation by letter or otherwise strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the country, or the world, unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office, as above.

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Dr. Mattison's Remedial Institute for Special Diseases, No. 5 Tyler-street Providence, R. I.

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Frames for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

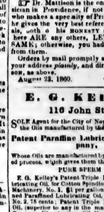
CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.



FLY CHECK
SPECIAL
EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at 1 Jour. Feed and Grain Store, 45 Market Street, Lowell.

S. N. WOOD.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carver and Forks, Pistols, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.
jy21tf

GRASS SEED.

150 Bush. Timothy Seed;
50 Bags Herd's Grass;
200 lbs. Prime Clover do.

A few Hungarian Honey Blade and Millet Seeds, for sale at the lowest cash prices by
S. N. WOOD, 45 Market st.
mar22*

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
45 Merrimack st.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF PAIN. THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. A few applications will prove its *Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*

Visit address to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLAGE & BREWSTER, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; N. H.; E. M. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler-Street, Boston.
February 15, 1861. feb18dly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $1,847,158.95
Dividends paid to date, 1,454,980.15
Losses paid, 1,000,000.00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.

The premiums received, and the interest and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves public confidence, are the following:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It is conducted with economy and ability.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It has always paid its losses promptly.

The only bonds owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest on all the profits.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may suit their convenience. $40 of every $50 or annum, may be paid one-half in cash and the balance in a note, payable in one year, with interest, secured by the policy. The interest is compounded to be paid annually in cash.

The premiums are paid annually to all who have paid two Live premiums.

The dividends are paid to and the insured to existing future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash receive the dividends in Cash, when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful calculations of mortality.

This Company has now the large number of TEN Policies in force, and a corresponding number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all life insurances are based. It is an assurance to the public that therefore preserve it to be important that those who insure their lives should select the societies of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Blvd
mar2 dtf

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the free circulation of thousands of bottles of the various medicines of their bowels and in the connexion, we have no hesitation in saying that the universal use of those diseases, a remedy known and

DR. TOBIN'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Tobin with remarkable success during several years' practice, we have no hesitation in saying that the universal use of this valuable medicine would do away with one-half the diseases of infancy and childhood.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life, when you witness the little sufferer pining away, and the nurse and mother's fears are excited, when the infant is restless, and its little gums are swollen and inflamed, when you know not what to do, and are afraid to give it anything, when you have tried everything else, and have failed, and is therefore of the greatest value to the mother, as it relieves the child from pain, and the mother from anxiety.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, and which often come on so unexpectedly, as if by magic; and in this crowd emergency, when every moment is precious, we cannot recommend from our family to another, until the name of Dr. Tobin's Infantile Cordial shall be become "familiar as a household word." We now recommend it to the public, and feel sure that it will prove a blessing to all who use it.

Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents. Dr. Tobin's Infantile Cordial comes from

No Morphine or Opiate,

and is, fully warranted in saying, that it will not, or are fully warranted in saying cannot be said of any other medicine for the same purpose, that it will give rest to the mother and child.

We feel that throughout the country, where it is known, it will receive the full meed of praise it so justly merits, and that the universal and high approbation with which it has been received, will induce every druggist in the land to keep it for sale. Such a recommendation being invariably followed by corroborative testimony, we feel it unnecessary to dwell at length upon its merits, but refer the public to the following

Testimonial.

The sons but Dr. Tobin's Infantile Cordial. This you can say. Yours truly,
Dr. TOBIN.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 69 Broadway, New York
and sold by them, and by druggists generally.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigations.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as the shuttle machine or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in use, to the finest or heaviest changes and also a wide variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, and execute without stopping, and make ear y stitches backward. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, making as many stitches each inch as desired, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may appear incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, as the thread of each stitch is drawn up and down and sewed it tingles through the remote. ness of the cloth, so as to form a seam as elastic as the cloth itself.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines make the most beautiful and fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the World's Fair, held in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for the best machine made.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest on the Gold and Silver Medals.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing in one-fourth the time required by any other machine in use, and will do more work in one day than any other machine can do in two days, when annoyed by challenge.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction, or to return the money.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby humor.

It terminates the indescribable sensation of itching.

It smoothes the skin and renders it soft and pliable.

It moderates insanity.

It makes the hair grow luxuriantly.

It fights against diseases of the scalp, such as cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it RIGHT AWAY.

The scarcely can be cured if you will heartless.

The hair can not be saved if you will look for baldness.

We may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

We all grievances of the feet.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For all eruptions of the skin use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For all kinds of sores use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and in all countries, it is the same unanimous voice in favor of the Golden Balm, which has gained for the Golden Salve is being applied.

It is now used in every family, and by the recommendations from gentlemen of the press, the clergy, the bar, the bench, the medical profession, merchants, manufacturers, and the most eminent men of the land, that we have not room to publish. Such as scratches on horses, sore backs or any sore on man or beast, it is the best in the GOLDEN SALVE.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and annoying, but this Salve will cure them in a short time. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment. Try it, and be convinced.

Sore lips find immediate relief by using the Salve. You can be made free from the burning sensation by using it. Sore nipples, from whatever cause they may arise, or sing's evil.

Only 25 cents per box. 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists generally. Prepared only by C. F. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass.

Agents wanted in every town in the United States, to whom liberal inducements will be offered.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW.

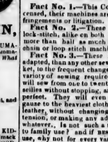
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER fails to give satisfaction. Sold by N. Hand market. A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL, prepared expressly for family use, by
BENNETT & RIDDLIFF, corner Moody and Dutton streets.
mh15 dtf

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new Wharf on Western avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at LOWEST CASH RATES. All orders will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON,
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf



H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack st.
(Near the Post Office.)

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

AND

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, frequently extending to sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatic affection. The stomach becomes affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done, a want of energy, and a fickle sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or the hands and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied exercise will be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy, except the one that perseveres attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, in cases of AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the happiest results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHILLY'S Patent BOOT AND SHOE BOOTEE. HOSES' Patent Elastic Gaiter, and takes the place of a Rubber, Stocking and Boot.

Sold only by H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please a call and examine before purchasing.
45 Merrimack st.
jy21tf

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium,
45 Merrimack st.
jy21tf

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigations.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as the shuttle machine or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in use, to the finest or heaviest changes and also a wide variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, and execute without stopping, and make ear y stitches backward. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, making as many stitches each inch as desired, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may appear incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, as the thread of each stitch is drawn up and down and sewed it tingles through the remote. ness of the cloth, so as to form a seam as elastic as the cloth itself.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines make the most beautiful and fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the World's Fair, held in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for the best machine made.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest on the Gold and Silver Medals.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing in one-fourth the time required by any other machine in use, and will do more work in one day than any other machine can do in two days, when annoyed by challenge.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction, or to return the money.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE require close attention, and have never been or used them. Hence the confusion that has existed in regard to the merits of the civilized world, viz., "What are the peculiar merits of the Lock-stitch Machine?" "What of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we answer as follows: The peculiar merits and distinguishing Facts—Facts that are facts—and Fact, indeed facts, that cannot be controverted by professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of the confusion of mechanical Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of fabric, by the manufactories.

Any one having determined to meet the time, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines, and the Finkle & Lyon furnish us with no essay appendages, including the best instructions, gratis, and fastenings, and Machine Please call and examine them.

Agents wanted in every County. A. DAVIS, No. 3 Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.
January 2, 1861 jan3dtf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

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J. W. BOYNTON,
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

THE ONLY PREPARATION

Having Proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FROM Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest order, and Ministers, after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will soon prove. *It monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also, *prevent* obstructions, if taken during the first week in each month, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may appear incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is the only Remedy that is to say, an expressive or deficient circulation of the blood in the Liver is caused by a disorganization of the Liver is caused by a disorganization of the Liver, and the Lungs, Stomach, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, and from the same cause spring all the various diseases, the first great enquiry is, how shall we restore the blood to its healthy circulation? and to this we answer, use

DR. TOBIN'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Tobin with remarkable success during several years' practice, we have no hesitation in saying that the universal use of this valuable medicine would do away with one-half the diseases of infancy and childhood.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life, when you witness the little sufferer pining away, and the nurse and mother's fears are excited, when the infant is restless, and its little gums are swollen and inflamed, when you know not what to do, and are afraid to give it anything, when you have tried everything else, and have failed, and is therefore of the greatest value to the mother, as it relieves the child from pain, and the mother from anxiety.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, and which often come on so unexpectedly, as if by magic; and in this crowd emergency, when every moment is precious, we cannot recommend from our family to another, until the name of Dr. Tobin's Infantile Cordial shall be become "familiar as a household word." We now recommend it to the public, and feel sure that it will prove a blessing to all who use it.

Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents. Dr. Tobin's Infantile Cordial comes from

No Morphine or Opiate,

and is, fully warranted in saying, that it will not, or are fully warranted in saying cannot be said of any other medicine for the same purpose, that it will give rest to the mother and child.

We feel that throughout the country, where it is known, it will receive the full meed of praise it so justly merits, and that the universal and high approbation with which it has been received, will induce every druggist in the land to keep it for sale. Such a recommendation being invariably followed by corroborative testimony, we feel it unnecessary to dwell at length upon its merits, but refer the public to the following

Testimonial.

The sons but Dr. Tobin's Infantile Cordial. This you can say. Yours truly,
Dr. TOBIN.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 69 Broadway, New York
and sold by them, and by druggists generally.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
500 " " Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar7* 45Market street.

Kidney's Liverwort.

FOR cleansing Pain, Gleet, Stone, Gold, Silver, Scald, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is desirable. Can be used by the rich and cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever soiled, it you use will look as *fresh* as the day it was new. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

Prepared only by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, B. B. Wolf and Shag Robes, Gents' and Ladies Coon Caps and Blankets &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S Hat Store.
dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
may15

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at
E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st
nov12

A FEW MORE of Stason's Patent Music Folio Blanks on hand. Sale agent for Lowell.
E. S. HUNT 17 Central street.
nov12

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
45 Merrimack st.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE place to buy good miscellaneous works at low prices, is at E. S. HUNT'S Book and Stock Store, 17 Central street, Lowell.
nov12

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitution with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism seven years and being confined to my bed several weeks at a time, I was entirely cured with one bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NORMAN T. EYRE,
75 Franklin st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, June 5, 1861.

OFFICERS PURISHED BY THE STATES IN THE REVOLUTION. We copy from an old book the number of commanding officers furnished by different States, in the war of the Revolution, as follows:—

States.	Maj. Gen.	Brig. Gen.	Colonel.	Lt. Colonels	Majors.
N. Hampshire,	1	2	5	5	6
Massachusetts,	4	4	19	14	24
Rhode Island,	2	1	4	4	4
Connecticut,	2	1	10	10	15
New York,	1	1	10	10	10
New Jersey,		1	5	5	9
Pennsylvania,	1	3	16	10	19
Delaware,			1	1	1
Maryland,	1	2	7	3	13
Virginia,	1	4	19	15	24
North Carolina,	1	1	7	7	8
South Carolina,	1	1	3	3	4
Georgia,		1	2	2	3
Foreigners,	3		2	6	4
Unknown,					1
	16	21	110	83	145

Of the sixteen Major Generals, New England furnished seven, the other States furnishing six, besides the foreign officers. We give the names of the officers from Massachusetts:—

Major Generals—William Heath, Henry Knox, Benjamin Lincoln, Joseph Warren.

Brigadier Generals—John Glover, John Greaton, John Patterson, Rufus Putnam.

Colonels—John Bailey, Gamaliel Bradford, Timothy Bigelow, Joshua Brewer, John Brooks, John Crane, David Cobb, David Henley, Henry Jackson, Michael Jackson, Thomas Marshall, Jabez Mellen, Thomas Nixon, Wm. Shepardson, Calvin Smith, Ebenezer Sprout, Benjamin Tupper, Joseph Vose, James Wesson.

Lieut. Colonels—Bachariah Bassett, Samuel Carlton, Tobias Fernald, William Hull, Henry Haskell, Benjamin Holden, Noah Littlefield, Ezra Newell, Andrew Peters, John Popkin, William Stacey, Joseph Thompson, Elijah Vose, Daniel Whiting.

Majors—Noah Allen, Moses Ashley, Wm. H. Baillard, John Burnham, Hodijah Boyle, Thomas Cogswell, Sam'l Carr, Matthew Clarkson, Samuel Darby, Seth Drew, Caleb Gibbs, Moses Knapp, Robert Oliver, Joseph Pettigell, Isaac Pope, Billy Porter, Wm. Perkins, Nathan Price, John Sparr, Job Sumner, Lemuel Trescott, Samuel Tubbs, John Wiley, Nathan Winslow.

GOING THE STRAIGHT TICKET. Last Monday, about three dozen cross-grained Democrats in the Third Congressional District, who see insane enough to think that the secession trouble can be settled by reasoning and reasoning, met and nominated a man for a candidate to be run in opposition to Hon. B. F. Thomas. Col. Eleazer Beal of Randolph, was nominated. In regard to Judge Thomas, their resolutions state that he is a scholar, but not a statesman; a politician, but not a patriot; and that the ranks of his supporters consist of rank Abolitionists and political demagogues.—Other resolutions concur with equal severity the abolitionists and the secessionists. Having done this, the highly respectable "remains" adjourned. What good this ridiculous performance on the body politic expects to accomplish, is past the comprehension of all but themselves. It is generally conceded, however, that they should be linked without the same number of hot-heads of the Republican party, and both compelled hereafter to exist in the company of each other. It would be an awful but just punishment.

FOREIGN NEWS. We have European news to May 23rd. In England the American question was paramount, and Hon. C. M. Clay's letter to the *London Times* (referred to elsewhere) had attracted considerable attention. The *Times* publishes the first part of a lengthy communication on the causes of the American war, and has a strong editorial on Mr. Seward's letter to the American ambassador to France, which it says sounds very much like result, and ridicules his prophetical ideas—The same paper, in speaking of Jeff. Davis' message, says:—"Mr. Davis, while making a serious display of warlike energy and endeavoring to conciliate the good will of European nations, is perfectly aware that his theories depend for acceptance on the rifles or his fellow citizens. The tribunal which decides questions of international law is usually a stern one. If the North prevails, it will prove that the Union was a nationality; if the South makes good its independence, it will prove that the Union was a partnership during pleasure. This is what is to be decided, and we must await the event."

The other news is unimportant. Cotton had advanced and breadstuffs had declined.

MR. C. M. CLAY, the American Minister to Russia, has written to the *London Times* on the subject of American affairs, in brief and decisive terms. He says the revolted States can be subdued; that it is not proposed to subjugate them, but simply to put down rebel citizens; that it is for the interest of England to stand by the Union; inquires if England can afford to offend the United States; asks if England is so secure in the future against new revolution and foreign ambition, as to sow the seeds of revenge; and concludes by saying that England is the natural ally of the United States.

GUBERNATORIAL EDITORS. Ex-Governor Stewart, of Missouri, has bought and will edit the St. Joseph's Journal, a sound Union newspaper. Only a short time since Gov. Medary, of Kansas, resigned his office to publish a paper at Columbus, Ohio, called the Crisis.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special despatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

A scouting party from Fortress Monroe have been reported—report says by 500 rebels near Hampton. Butler has sent Duryea's Zouaves to pursue the rebels and rescue the party.

RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY.

Their Vogue to Fort Monroe—Their Composition—What they are—Their Sentiments—What is thought of them—What they do, &c.

FORT MONROE, June 1st, 1861.

We left Boston, as you know, on the 22nd ult., in the steamer Pembroke, in company with the Wightman Rifles, of Boston, Capt. T. S. Clark, "as good a set of fighters and as hard set of men as it has been my fortune to meet." Capts. Clark and Davis being both of same rank, and commissioned bearing same date, they drew lots to see which should command the detachment, and the lot fell on Capt. Clark.

The Pembroke is not arranged so as to accommodate the number of men aboard of her, but by having system in our arrangements, we got along very well. One of the lieutenants was detailed each morning as officer of the day, and the men under a sergeant from each company as guard, whose duty it was to watch the baggage, the galley, and other points of the vessel, which were exposed; a permit from Captain Wright was also decided, whose duty it was to take charge of the boats, and hold them against any rush of men in case of accident; the signal was to be three calls of the bugle; the second was to cut the cable, and the third by the mate, and I am happy to state that the boats assigned to the Richardson Light Infantry were manned under the charge of Corporal Charles W. Brigham and William M. Young, they being in position in forty-five seconds after the call was given.

We had splendid weather all the way out, which enabled us to get through our court. Capt. Rufus Coffin of the Pembroke, a noble son of old Neptune, did all in his power to make us comfortable. We run down to several suspicious looking vessels, but the pennants we had always brought out the stars and stripes on their part, so we did not have the pleasure of taking any prizes into port with us.

On Saturday we entered Hampton Roads about 9A. A. M. "Quaker City" was about three miles ahead of us, towing a bark she had captured, and at 11 o'clock we reached Fortress Monroe, and at once reported to Maj. Gen. Butler, who met us in a very cordial manner. We were assigned quarters in the Hygeia Hotel, "the celebrated Old Point Comfort Hotel," and took possession of twenty-four rooms for company quarters. We got nothing to eat until about seven o'clock P. M., being unable to get our rations from the Quartermaster and get them cooked ourselves, and we had eaten nothing since six o'clock, A. M., we had good appetites. Since that time we have had three square meals and the last eaten only a few hours ago.

The Richardson Light Infantry, Capt. Davis, at the urgent desire of Illinois, has consented that the remains of her husband should be interred in that State. They will be interred in Cottage Grove, near the shore of Lake Michigan. The funeral will probably take place on Friday.

The public buildings in Washington were draped in mourning yesterday, out of respect to his memory, and in many places bells were tolled and flags lowered to half mast.

A GENTLEMAN at Lebanon, N. H., has a horse six years old, weighing ten hundred pounds, that recently jumped from a small enclosure into a field, clearing in the bound a distance of twenty-six feet and a half, and a height of five feet. The leap was made on a level surface, and over a stone wall three feet wide on the top.

LOWELL GENERALS. Two of the Major Generals now in the service of the General Government, received their early lessons in life in this city—Benjamin F. Butler and Nathaniel P. Banks. They both came here when about the same age—twelve years—and both knew what hard work was in their early years. In 1859, both were opposing candidates for Governor, having risen from humble life to the standard-bearers of large and respectable parties. Such are the men to lead the hosts of freedom in the present contest in their efforts to put down rebellion.

DEATH OF AN AGED CLERGYMAN. Rev. Caleb Bradley, of Westbrook, Me., died on Sunday, at the advanced age of 90 years. Mr. Bradley was born in Dracut, Mass., graduated at Harvard College in 1795, and was ordained pastor of the church in Stroudwater, Westbrook, Oct. 9, 1799. He gave up the pastoral office many years ago. A few days ago he was attacked with paralysis, its effect of which speedily caused his disease. He was a genial and somewhat eccentric man.

A WAR STORY. Our exchanges are relating the following, but for its truthfulness we do not undertake to vouch:—A corporal of the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment was one of the wounded by the mob at Baltimore. In describing his experience he says he saw a man with three inches under his arm and one in his hand repelling away at the troops when he fired at him, and to use his language—"*the man dropped the brick and laid down.*" There is a lot of Yankee in this round-about phrase."

GOVERNOR DENISON, of Ohio, has received a letter from a Methodist minister who wishes to obtain a situation as a chaplain in a regiment, who writes: "I am a Methodist preacher of the North Ohio Conference, an forty-eight years of age, and will preach, pray, or fight, as occasion requires."

JOSEPH LOCKIN, for a long time a conductor on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, is the commander of a Home Guard of Union men in Hannibal, Missouri.

NOT VERY COMPLIMENTARY. Here is a sample of what we enjoy day see quoted from the Southern papers. The *Richmond Examiner* of the 31st ult., in speaking of the Federal troops, says:—

"Take them all in all, their forces are as precious a set of rascals as could be scraped together with a fine tooth comb from the pot-houses and hell-holes of the North. They have been fertilized by filth, and grown up rings, frogs, and unmitigatedly wretched, from the mire of unutterable infamy."

GEN. BUTLER is a *consistent* man, to say the least. He was the Democratic National Convention he went for Jeff. Davis; he is going for him now.

IOWA IN FAVOR OF MAKING AN EFFORT TO SETTLE THE TROUBLE WITHOUT A FIGHT.—A day or two since peace resolutions were introduced into the Senate of Iowa, and a motion to lay them on the table was defeated by a vote of eighteen to twenty-one. The resolutions recommend that while every appropriation for the defence of the government shall be made, a respectful, but virtual hostilities may take place until Congress shall have time to act in the premises; and that Congress call a National Convention by the constituted authorities if practicable; that every possible, honorable means be first exhausted by the National Government to restore our prosperous people be plunged into a civil war.

THE Pacific Mills, at Lawrence, which have been idle since the 18th of May, were started (or a part of the works were) on Monday. On the 24th, the entire works will be in operation. During the suspension thorough repairs have been made. The demand for the goods made at these mills was never better than now. So says the *Lawrence Journal*.

AN exchange paper says that letters from Alexandria state that on the wharves grass has commenced to grow, and the stores in the old town present a gloomy appearance. The inhabitants are sunstricken at the government force, and they find its presence a source of annoyance. On the old lady avenue, the principal headquarters by stating that the *Michigander*s were robbing her of her *geese*.

CAPT. WM. E. HACKER, of the Highland Cadets, at Worcester, has received an appointment on one of the staffs at Washington, and has left for that city.

A COMPANY of horse Zouaves is forming in Wisconsin for the war. None are wanted but those who can live, if need be, on one meal and three fights a day, or more fight and less eat.

THE Third Maine Regiment of troops, on its way for Washington, will arrive in Boston this afternoon.

CAPT. ADAMS, of the Sabine, one of the vessels of the Pensacola fleet, has two sons in the secession ranks under Gen. Bragg. His daughter is a vivandiere in one of the Louisiana regiments.

COL. SCOTT, of Virginia Union volunteers, was not killed in the affair at Philippa, as reported. He was danger-ously wounded, but may recover.

MR. CRITTENDEN accepts a nomination for Congress in the Lexington, Ky., district.

REV. W. H. CUDWORTH has resigned his office as pastor of the Unitarian Church at East Boston, for the purpose of entering upon his duties as Chaplain of the First Regiment.

THE *Scientific American* says the firing of a nine-inch shell gun, like those used on one of our naval steamers, costs nine dollars and thirty-four cents at each discharge.

ABOLITIONED. The Border State Convention, held at Frankfort, Ky., has adjourned, after appointing a Committee to prepare National and State addresses.

THEY FIGHT. We mentioned yesterday the fact that a young woman employed in one of our mills, found a loaded pistol in her bobbin box. It has been ascertained that the pistol dropped out of the pocket of one of the girls who were employed in the bobbin box from which the room was supplied, and that no evil was intended. It was a careless act, however, and might have resulted fatally.

COMPANIES DESIGNATED FOR CAMP DUTY. General order, No. 16, has been issued by Governor Andrew, Commander in Chief, designating the companies which are to go into camp. The companies selected from Lowell to fill up the Eleventh Regiment are the Hill Cadets, Capt. P. S. Proctor; and the Butler Rifles, Capt. Jas. Tamsdor the latter in place of the Lowell Light Infantry, Capt. Temple Tebbetts, as published in the Boston papers on Monday and copied by us. The remainder of the last-named company can enlist in the regiment if they choose. The companies will go into camp as soon as suitable arrangements can be made for them.

THE number of companies in active service is 67; 144 companies have volunteered of which 129 have been accepted, making in all 192 companies in active service or accepted, leaving 15 companies that have volunteered but have not been taken.

EXCURSION. The Butler Rifles, Capt. James, went on an excursion to Billerica Centre, yesterday, by invitation of citizens of that place. Lowell Band accompanied them through with military evolutions, and partook of a dinner furnished at the Town Hall, by the generosity of a number of Billerica people. After dinner there was the usual "feast of reason and flow of soul" in which several of the members of the Rifles and citizens of Billerica took part. In the afternoon the company went through the drill exercises and several other movements of a military nature, in a creditable manner. They returned home last evening, very much pleased with their visit and the attention paid them.

ON THEIR WAY HOME. By a letter received in this city, we learn that the Old Folks Troupe, including Mr. and Mrs. Nichols, and Master and Miss Owen, of this city, were to leave Liverpool for home last Saturday.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Peter Pond, for an assault, was ordered in $200 bonds for his appearance on Saturday.

Melvina Escott, for stealing a watch from Mr. Kidder, the broker, was convicted, and ordered to appear on Saturday for sentence.

"LOCALS" are few and unimportant, all "on account of the war."

TOBACCO. We have noticed that many of the letters from volunteers at the seat of war contained murmurs because the "boys can't get any weif" (indulge in the use of the weed") have been short of tobacco—a great deprivation to them, notwithstanding anti-tobacco men proclaim against its use. So, if our readers, who have friends in the army that chew, wish to give them a real treat in this line, they cannot do better than send them a dozen packages of Lalibahali's "Young America or fine-cut chewing-tobacco"—an excellent article, prepared from the very best stock. The oldest chewers and judges of the article will second this advice. We presume it is for sale at all the cigar-stores.

☞ Mr. Peter Cooper, of New York, remarked in the presence of several friends: "Gentlemen, I am too old to fight, but I have some money, and my country can have every dollar of it, if it is needed, to uphold the Constitution."

CITY AND VICINITY.

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain board for his family for the season in or near Lowell. His family consists of his wife and four small children, aged respectively 7, 5, 3 and 11 years. Address Box 134, Lowell Post Office.

June 5, 1861. 1w*dtf

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 23 Central street to No 31 Merrimack Street—Sign of Central Street Bookstore.

may24d1m

NOTICE FOR THE HOSPITAL AT FORT HENRY GUNBOAT.

SIX competent, strong and experienced female nurses are wanted for the Hospital at Fort Henry, at Fortress Monroe, to which place they will be immediately forwarded. Application for appointment will be given at the Hospital on corner of Merrimack and Pawtucket Streets.

By order of Executive Committee of the Soldiers' Aid Association.

M. C. HAYARD, Sec'y.

may31d2w

ANOTHER MILITARY ORGANIZATION. Some

two or three weeks ago a military organization, which now embraces about seventy-five men, commenced drilling in Ward 3 ward-room, and have kept it up with spirit to the present time. The following officers were chosen some days ago:—Captain, Charles Bowers; First Lieutenant, James Colin Ross; Second Lieutenant, Albert A. Manning; Third Lieutenant, David Mc-Kellar; Fourth Lieutenant, James A. Howman. Sanford Lanor has been appointed Orderly Sergeant. The company has adopted the name of Wamesit Rifles, and has determined on blue cap with red band, blue coat with red facing, and white pants, as uniform. The organization is composed of good substantial citizens, who enter into the drill with an enthusiasm promising to make it a most proficient company. They meet Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings.

Capt. Cowley has not been known heretofore in military matters, but the other officers of the company are experienced, and some of them have "smelled the sulphurous breath of war." First Lieutenant Ross was a member of the celebrated Fortyfifth Massachusetts Regiment, and fought all through the Crimean war. He also saw for four years drill-sergeant in Captain Doubleday's company in the New York Seventh. Third Lieutenant McKellar, served in the Mexican war. The other officers have, in years past, made themselves familiar with military matters in their connection with the companies of Lowell, and now the Lowell boys enlist, will, we understand, offer its services to the Government, should there be a prospect of more troops being required from Massachusetts.

WE THINK WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN SAYING

ST. That no other Pill, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has gained, so deservedly, the reputation we have acquired by Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh. As a evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our county:

NEWTOWN, JANUARY 23, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the first complaint for sixteen years, and never could get any medicine to help me until I commenced using Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros. I can now say to the public, that they Liver completely cured me, and I do believe, cheerfully recommend to every person afflicted with a diseased Liver. They will cure. Try them.

MARIA EVANS, No. 93 Lewis street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and not be imposed upon by taking the Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge is also prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and can be had at all the respectable Drug Stores throughout the country.

FLEMING BROS.

jy1 1y d&tf

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new styles of Carpets, which we are selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand, at the lowest prices, and those selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts by the factory, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

may29d&w

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, North and South, through Bills, choice of route; at the lowest rates. Also tickets for Detroit Pond, Hemmaford and Montreal, for sale on Grand Trunk Railroad.

W. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.

may11

FINELY & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Singer Sewing Machine, to be found in this paper. Mr. A. Finely is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan8dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, B. G. Hoyt, D. S. Richardson, H. Hosford, Isaac Pierce, E. P. Hosmer, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses and Furniture risks. No assessment has ever been made in this class. The present cash capital is over $100,000. The STOCK DEPARTMENT is on all classes of business, at as low rates as other safe companies. The attention of owners of Mills, Machine Shops, and Manufactories is particularly invited. All losses will be paid as soon as adjusted, and claims are to have no interest after sixty days from the time proofs are completed.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Dividends of 30 per cent. have been declared, and other property not hazardous insured at current rates.

Office, No. 37 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.

E. P. HOSMER, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy18tf

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
Kindling entire.
It burns up cleaner,
It is lighter,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes more iron energy.

Than any other free burning coal. And the best Lehigh Coal mined.

HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and office of agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

may14dtf

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Fragrant Preparation renders the Skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a delicate Pearly Hue, and cool and refreshing if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, and is unsurpassed as a remedy for allaying of Insects. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition. The contents of a bottle might be taken without harm. *Shake well before using. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per bottle.*

Prepared only by

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofulous sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Burdock, Prickly Ash, Juniper, Poplar and Prickly Ash Bark, Rhubarb, Dandelion, and others equally valuable. They are so prepared as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Sold by druggists everywhere, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times for children and delicate females.

This same mornina is also put up in a more concentrated form, called Dr. Langley's Pepper Root or Root and Herb Bitters, for those who prefer a smaller bottle.

Orders addressed to J. O. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO. Boston.

S. RIDDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

may31 d&w1y

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in 1851, and have since used it in the most of their setback, and investigated its merits somewhat, but have not found it to be what it was represented. It has been and is now, a fruitful source of opinion among the profession, and the public generally. It is a fact worthy of remembrance, that while it is not expected that it will supersede the use of the precious metals, it is a fact that by its use, they do not feel warranted in saying that they will not, in many instances where it is used with great success and in the hands of others, fail. It is a fact that it is liable to change color, and that it does not always remain as it was obtained, and at reasonable prices.

Rooms 4 and 5 Merrimack Block, Building, 46 1-2 Merrimack street.

Lowell, June 7, 1861. 1m

Best Premium Teeth, $10 to $20
Upper or lower set, on fine silver plate, $20 to $30
Full set upper and lower, $30 to $40
Full set upper and lower, of silver in preparation, $40 to $50
Filling with chemically pure gold, Extracting, &c., $1 to $3

G. W. LAWRENCE, Dentist.
No. 14 John St., Lowell.

jy6d&tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. DARIUS'S Aromatic Invigorating Spirit. This medicine has been used by the public for several years, and its wonderful effects in curing all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Involuntary Emissions and Impotency, are well known. It is a pleasant drink, and is recommended by the most eminent physicians as well as clergymen. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle. DR. CHAS. J. C. ELIOT, 187 Hanover St., Boston, Mass. Sole Proprietor.

March 23, 1861. may20d&w3m

RUBBER BLANKETS,

M. EDWARD S. BUNT having sold to the war, the entire stock of Rubber Blankets, Rubber Coats, Rubber Caps, Rubber Leggins, and Rubber Boots, at Messrs. H. Tracy Bay & Co's, Nos. 3 and 4 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass., takes this opportunity to engage in a pleasant and profitable business, and will continue to keep on hand a full assortment of the above goods, which he will sell at Wholesale or Retail, at Market Street, or at Mr. Jabez Fox's, Nos. 3 and 4 Merrimack Square.

may 31, 1861. may31dtf

VINE PROTECTORS.

THE subscriber has now on hand a large supply of the Richardson Light Infantry, the stock of which he is selling at the old stand, No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass., where he will be pleased to see his friends and customers.

may31 1m* E. FOX.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss. May 31st, A. D. 1861.

BY virtue of a writ of execution issued from the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the County of Middlesex, at the February Term, A. D. 1861, in favor of Ezra Newell, of Lowell, A. D. 1861, in favor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, against Ezra Newell, of Burlington, in said county, Trader and Baker, of Somerville, in said county, I have taken and shall expose for sale at public auction, at the office and Richard Bisbee had on the twenty-fourth day of May, A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the right, title and interest which the said Ezra Newell had on said twenty-fourth day of May, A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., or had at any time afterwards in and to the following described real estate, to satisfy said execution and interest and charges of sale, to wit:

A certain lot of land situate in said Somerville, on Medford road, so called, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner of said road and land of Rogers and Bussey one hundred and one feet six inches from

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
we can, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of Borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl or fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS suitable for every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
Z. F. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUNT, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE THEME FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, PYSPEPSIA AND ACUTE GASTRIC DEBILITY, AS WELL AS ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-
ED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
DR. JAMES L. KEEFERE, write from Nauvoo, Hancock County, Ill., that he has been cured by those suffering from indigestion, dispepsia act liver complaints.
E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. I took one dose, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."
Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine he ever offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them has effected cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, dated to day (May 4th, 1860). He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with the nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character. After using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health.
GEORGE W. HOFFMAST says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all the various forms, and at the date of his letter was the worst case we had. He began effecting the cure, when several physicians gave him up as incurable, and in a few days says, "the rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervousness, affection of sleep, is in a speedy state of remedy."
F. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Dr. Richardson's remedies are unknown) that he cheerfully recommends them of decided merit in cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.
DR. C. GALLEHEER, M. D. writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."
Each News we are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE
Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
mar7 ddw3m

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OILS!
H. S. Hayes has received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Bought, sold, stand, socket, hand, centre, stem, side, kitchen, and study. Also a new style for factory use—which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, the manufacturer's prices.
Call and examine the stock, at H. S. HAYNES'
Sign of the Sun Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. ✦ oct26

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD in Oil made at the Pocasset River Mills, is warranted to be the purest and best LEAD in use, and Oil; and its superior quality for Inner Coats and Finishing, has been found by test, to be unrivalled by any establishment in the world. All White Lead thus made, is always kept on hand ready for use, in Dry or Paste, Tints.
The great body and unrivalled covering of this Lead, when mixed with Linseed Oil, has been found to cover from 500 lbs. of it will do as much work as 600 lbs. of other white lead. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A trial of the article will convince any practical experienced painter of the truth of this. Also, the significant advantage with it, that will result from the use offering to the public.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for more than twenty years, and his experience, connected with important improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.
Lead and Oil will be delivered in Lowell from Boston, and can be obtained at the Manufactory of CHARLES B. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 5 Mechanics Building, Dutton street, Lowell. mh7

SPRING WHEAT AND RYE.
100 Bush. Spring Rye, for seed;
50 bush. Spring Wheat, for seed—in bond and for sale by S. N. WOOD.
mar22* 43 Market street.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Sold by
nov15 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Discolorations, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., sole agent for the U. S. mar30

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,
Warranted to light itself WITHOUT A MATCH!
Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st. oct26tf

PAPER HANGINGS!
A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 23 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any thing else of the kind, is a never failing effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly discharges in cases of stoppage from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is perfectly harmless, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to regulate their families according to circumstances. Explicit directions accompany each bottle, and the price will be reduced.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with not a single failure. If taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely sealed, to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
DR. MATTISON is the Sole Agent for the original specialty for CONSTANT CASES, in which all other remedies have failed, and he would caution; also that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the price will be refunded.
Beware of imitations! None warranted being genuine purchased of DR. M. or his Agents. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S CHEMICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 29 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature, peculiar to MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines can still be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Dr. M. has had numerous applications from patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy remedy, and in all cases health restored to health.
PARTICULAR CAUTION—
☞ If these days of medical imposition, where men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before it may be too late, with some money, and especially in relation to those who make the greatest pretensions. Advertising physicians, in this country are out of ten, are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be deceived by their false statements, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you will have no one to regret when it is too late but yourself. Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing a stamp to deliver, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally, with the literature giving information, with the most undoubted references and testimonials, without which no advertisement or medicine of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Rhode Island, or the New England States who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and in this line, as well as in the general practice of medicine and surgery, he is constantly receiving the most flattering testimonials of success. Persons at a distance may address DR. MATTISON, Providence, R. I.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!
A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now in operation, and is carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 600 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $50 per week. One young man who a few months since was worth nothing more than the coat on his back, now owns his own house, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Women can clear from $10 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $10 to $20 per week. A pamphlet containing full directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and a full description of everything to commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No one should be without this book or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 persons, and have never heard of one dissatisfied. Men, women and children should send for it.
Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.,
aug24 Boston, Mass

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the virtues of
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed. The Albion Corn Plaster, have failed to give permanent relief. It is perfectly safe and sure, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is sold at a reasonable, entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in every and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering &c., &c., &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 d1f

ASTHMA, For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this Distressing Complaint, use
FENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. D. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.
Price, 25 per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.
May. 1860 my1-6m

Wood's Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR,
Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,
FOR the alleviation or immediate, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find the troches invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., 45 Merrimack and John streets. mh14

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.
WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Brazer's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his trade, and have proved to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.
Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Kid, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.
A large lot of Ladies' Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
jan21 ✦ 1y

Burnet's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It refines the hair and renders it soft and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It is perfectly cooling in effect.
It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.
Sold by DAVID C. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

RESTAURANT.
DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK HALL ROOM, from 12 o'clock, M., until 2 P. M. The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as well as the delicacies of the season, and as the lowest honorable prices.
The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate that class of gentlemen who may wish for a Sunday dinner at a special hour.
H. EMERY
1y10

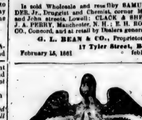
FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparation of French Wash. Orange Flower Lotion. Parisian Composition or Magic Beautifier. Circassian Liquid White. Cosmetic. Troches, and Magnolia Balm, all for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!
A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery, at the sign of 31 pegs; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, Razors, Scissors, and Pocket Knives. Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.
dec17 45 Merrimack s.

GRASS SEED.
150 Bush. Timothy Seed;
50 " Red Top Seed;
2000 lbs. Prime Clover do.
Also, Hungarian Honey Blade and Millet Seeds, for sale at the lowest cash prices by
S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st.
mar22

M'LANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE
Sold by
nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
AN OLD AND WELL TRIED REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!" Our solicitude to aid Sufferers is shown by
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Agent for the Proprietors, No. 45 Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. SAMUEL HAMMOND & SON, Proprietors, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and retail by Dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb13 feb13dly


THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,516 93
Dividends, Annuities, and Losses paid,	1,344,060 18
	2,468,456 75

This Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulations of premiums, after paying the losses, is annually paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations in the future.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:
It offers unusually early and favorable advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
It invests principally in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Hartford City Bonds.
The interest get all the profits.
The business of the Company is conducted exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to be promptly, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one-half in cash, and assistedly in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. Premiums on Policies for Endowment may be paid in part or in full by notes.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Life premiums.
The Dividends are paid to all the insured in settlement of premiums, those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, those reduced; those who give Notes, have the dividends on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has now more than the number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive that it is for their interest to be connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.
The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860
Application for Insurance may be made to
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets,
Lowell, Mass.
Over Office hours, at Residence, No. 3 Nesmith Block.
mar7 dly

MOTHERS
It must be obvious not only to you but to every one, that a child cannot prosper, from the first dentition of infancy to the period of adolescence, without the attention of their parents, and in this connection, we would call your attention to the treatment and cure of these diseases, a remedy known as
DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, we have it in our power to offer to the public a medicine for infantile complaints, and one-trial alone will convince you that it is superior to any other preparation of the kind. It is purely vegetable.
For Children Teething;
And at this period of infancy, when your children leaves are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your offspring, Eaton's Infantile Cordial will be found Cures Sickness, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping Pains, Colic, Flatulency, Indigestion, and all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs. Also, Worms of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, and Cold on the Head, we have in a certain relief and in a short time, in every case when given in time. It will invariably relieve Costiveness, which is so very important in this respect can hardly be estimated.
In Convulsions
from which cases children are said to die then from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately upon the use of this Cordial. In cases of Scarlet fever, Measles, Small Pox, Chicken Pox, and all eruptive diseases of children, it is unsurpassed. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become "familiar as a household word." We now say to the public, that we have the article, and we challenge yourself, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S CHEMICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 29 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature, peculiar to MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines can still be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Dr. M. has had numerous applications from patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy remedy, and in all cases health restored to health.
PARTICULAR CAUTION—
☞ If these days of medical imposition, where men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before it may be too late, with some money, and especially in relation to those who make the greatest pretensions. Advertising physicians, in this country are out of ten, are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be deceived by their false statements, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you will have no one to regret when it is too late but yourself. Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing a stamp to deliver, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally, with the literature giving information, with the most undoubted references and testimonials, without which no advertisement or medicine of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Rhode Island, or the New England States who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and in this line, as well as in the general practice of medicine and surgery, he is constantly receiving the most flattering testimonials of success. Persons at a distance may address DR. MATTISON, Providence, R. I.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

Does not Constipate
but simply regulates the bowels, and thereby gives the system an opportunity to act naturally, through its own instrumentality, and thus relieves it from the disease of disease. We certainly recommend you, therefore, to use Ayer's Cathartic Pills, because you may have at hand a remedy which will never do harm, and which, we hope and trust, will prove fully harmless, and we hope you may find it beneficial.
Take no other. Ask for the Cherry Pectoral. This you can rely upon. Price 25 cents per box.
Prepared only by CHURCH & DENSMORE,
Practical and Analytical Chemists, New York
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.
1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 " 100 bush. Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL R. WOOD'S,
mar7 43Market street

Kinsley's Linseed Oil.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found effectual, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Being pure, it never soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new, and will not have been discovered, for the above uses.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
may19

ROBES AND FUR COATS.
BUFFALO, Coon, R. R. and Sheep Skin Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
s.y15 JOHN T. BILLINGS

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken, cheaper for use than pay other styles of slates. Call and examine at
E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.
A few MORE of Simon's Patent Music Folio Blind Arc. Side sign for Lowell.
nov14 E. S. HUNT'S Central street.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against all infringements or litigation.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing-mach as in market, to the wide range of thickness and size of cotton, variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to forty thicknesses of heavy cloth, or the finest muslin, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without any change in the machine, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. Is not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if best adapted to family use, is not best for every kind of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger class.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, as seams of any kind are in use.
Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, as anyone easily understood.
The operation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Ohio State Fair, Philadelphia
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair
Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of N. Y., and the highest at the Maryland Fremia for fine sewing machine work.
Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.
Fact No. 10.—These Machines take the first sewing generally wherever properly exhibited. Call and examine for yourself before purchasing elsewhere. But we have space for only a few facts. Call and see for yourself.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine, or refund the money required.
Some peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine seem quite incredible to persons who have not seen it in actual use. Such the ease of adjustment of thousands, from almost every section of the country, who have called to see the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Machine. Many who call in this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unqualified guarantee. Parties that are induced to make such, by mere reference to certain kinds of machines, will find to their cost that they have committed themselves of certain personal obligations, but which are counteracted by the merits of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, by the utmost ease.
The Company having determined to meet the demand for these Machines, have established Salesmen, and have furnished them with the most liberal terms for introducing them, and agents wanted, to be found anywhere in the country.
G. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York.
For sale in Lowell by WM. H. PRENCH, corner of Tyler and Merrimack streets, and by S. N. WOOD, 43 Market street, Lowell.
Agents will be supplied with Machines and Silk by the gross or dozen.
Dealers. may20

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excited, or a depressed circulation of the impurities of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the liver is caused by the retention in the blood of that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; and from the same cause arise all internal derangements of disease. To discover a certain cure for, for all diseases, the first great question to be answered is, What causes the blood to circulate?
For centuries it has been the subject of much study among scientific and medical men; and although many theories have been started, and much labor exhibited upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century to discover the most wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this important discovery.
Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that its forces are in and around and above our being, we will venture the remark, that as the planets are in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so is animal life, and the cause of disease, which remove or destroy, and death, the effect of that cause.
Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood will show that they are composed of iron, soda and phosphorous.
The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.
This oxygen, when it comes in contact with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.
Hence, when oxygen in contact with a muscle or fiber, which restores or destroy, and death, the effect

THE DAILY COURIER.
Thursday, June 6, 1861.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

For the last ten days troops have been centering about the seat of war from the east and west, and the number now in the field and ready for service, probably is not known only at headquarters. The force is undoubtedly very large, thoroughly equipped, and anxious for an engagement with the rebels.

A party of twelve volunteers from Camp Lincoln, near Leavenworth, Kansas, crossed over the river and ordered down a secession flag which was flying there. It was taken down, but when they had shoved off, they were fired upon, and three of the number were wounded. The shots were returned, but with what effect is not known.

We quote the *Boston Journal's* special dispatch from the Relay House, dated yesterday, as follows:—

The Massachusetts troops at the Relay House have secured two secessionists, who were on their way from Baltimore to Harper's Ferry, with a large amount of bank bills, percussion caps and munitions of war.

Captains Devereux, Martin and Bartlett's companies of the Eighth Regiment, went at double quick time to Howard's furnace and guarded a rail between parties of Baltimoreans claiming to be military organizations. It turned out finally—all right. All were soaked, but stood it well and are in good spirits.

The reported capture of a scouting party belonging at Fortress Monroe, which we received yesterday by telegraph, is not confirmed; and it is stated this morning that the story is doubted by Gen. Butler, although he has sent out a force to test its truth.

John P. Sanderson, Chief Clerk of the War Department, has recently been appointed Lieut. Colonel in the army. He will be second in command to Col. Robert Anderson.

A dispatch dated Chambersburg, June 5th, is as follows:—

"Scouts who have returned from Marylland Heights, overlooking Harper's Ferry, report fewer troops on the heights than there were a week ago, and say positively that there are only two guns that can be used. They say they can be stormed with little loss of life, and the guns turned on the Ferry. They explored three routes by which troops can approach within 300 yards of the battery, and with their bayonets, capture the guns. The impression of the neighborhood is that the rebels are preparing for a retreat.

A forward movement is evidently contemplated to-morrow. The First Brigade, Col. Thomas, composed of five cavalry companies, two artillery companies and one of infantry, and a company of infantry, [illegible] under Capt. Duddington, the 8th, 21st and 22nd regiments, will march first, to be followed by three other brigades. The whole force will be under Gen. Patterson."

The destination of these troops is not known, but from various circumstances it is conjectured that an attack will soon be made on the rebels in some of their strongholds.

It is stated that Col. Anderson feels sure that no troops are to be sent by the rebels to Indianola. No interference from Tennessee respecting railroad matters is anticipated, and the Nashville and Louisville Railroad will obey the orders of the Government.

The *Louisville Journal* says that Colonel Anderson will not take any command, at present, but will be forced to retire to Pennsylvania for the sake of recovering his health.

The steamer Freeborn is receiving a new armament of rifle cannon, and is expected to return to Acquia Creek on Friday.

Baltimore. The United States Marshal, on the 4th inst., took possession of the gun factory of Messrs. Merrill & Thomas in that city, and seized all the breech loading muskets. Intimation has been given that ample employment will soon be given to the establishment in manufacturing arms for the government. A committee of citizens have returned from Washington, and have received assurance from the government that Baltimore shall have her share in building gun boats and furnishing army supplies. Also that the government will soon have opened and kept free and unobstructed for trade and travel the entire line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, now effectually guarded by the rebels at Harper's Ferry. Marshal Kane, of Baltimore, it is said, boasts that the government is in the hands of secession. His friends threaten to rise if he is touched.

A dispatch to the *New York World* says the government is reconsidering from the position for the purpose of establishing a camp near Fort Tobacco, Md., to overawe the secessionists in that region who continue to furnish supplies to the rebels in Virginia. One thousand men and a gunboat will be stationed there. It is also probable that the government will take possession of White House, a point about three miles below Mount Vernon, which commands the channel for a number of miles.

The following, if true, will be a crumb of comfort to the rebels, but we have no faith in its being reliable:—

"Six Dahlgren bronze 12 pounders have been fished up by the rebels near the Navy Yard. Eight tons of gunpowder are said to have been sunk in the magazine of the steamer Merrimac perfectly dry. The ships Merrimac, Dolphin and Germantown it is said can be put in sea-going order in two weeks."

It is also reported from Chambersburg, Pa., that the rebels succeeded in passing a wagon load of powder through the Home Guard, at Sharpsburg, and got it safe into Harper's Ferry.

Ferrate Finley, late of the United States Artillery, will be hung on Friday.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

A government agent named Williams was arrested at Harper's Ferry yesterday and hung as a spy.

It is reported that a rebel pay agent was captured near Harper's Ferry with $50,000 intended for rebel troops.

The Austrian Cabinet will not receive Anson Burlingame, as Minister to that Government, on account of his agency in the passage of the bill raising the Sardinian mission to a first-class one.

Manassas Junction. The *Washington Star*, of yesterday, on the authority of two gentlemen who are known to be Union men, gives the latest news concerning things at Manassas Junction and vicinity. One asserts that Monday last, Gen. Beauregard certainly arrived at the Junction.—"If so," says the *Star*, "we take it for granted that he has taken command of the disunion forces in that quarter. He further says there is an aggregate force of 30,000 troops at Manassas Junction, Centreville, Fairfax Station, and Fairfax Court House. This information, though differing widely from that received by the government here, comes to us under circumstances that causes us to place some reliance upon it. Our information from the direction of Leesburg says, on Sunday morning last, during divine service at the Quaker meeting house at Waterford, seven miles from Leesburg, the secession flag was raised, and the people there assembled to be at Leesburg on Monday morning with all their wagons and teams to move the material of the troops on that day.—We believe 3000 troops have gone across the Potomac to a point opposite Williamsport. The troops at Harper's Ferry we believe to be almost sufficient in army computation, having arrived there in comparatively small bodies by railroad, with but sufficient other transportation to carry the baggage of small parties over the 17 miles of wagon road between the Northern terminus of the Manassas railroad and Winchester, the Valley of Virginia, and Harper's Ferry and Winchester railroad.—Leesburgis 22 miles from Harper's Ferry."

A man, believed to be a spy, was shot and killed by a sentinel, at Alexandria, on the night of the 4th.

A dispatch to the *Commercial* says that the Secretary of War has ordered an armament for the Naval Brigade.

A RUMBUG. One day last week Gov. Andrew received a telegram from "somebody" in New York, that three companies were wanted to make up the Pinafore Regiment in Brooklyn, and that Companies were wanted in Newburyport, Milford and Cambridge, would be very acceptable.—Governor Andrew sent the offer to the three companies, which was at once accepted and last Saturday morning found them in New York. They were provided with a breakfast by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, after which the officers started out to find the Phalanx. The officers of the regiment were soon found, but it was also soon ascertained that the "men and file" of the regiment was a "myth." The three companies remained in New York until Tuesday evening, at 6pm on exchange, when they took a steamer for Boston, arriving there yesterday morning, very much disappointed. They were sent down to Fort Warren, where they will be provisioned, but will receive no pay.—Meanwhile, the officers have gone on to New York to see about joining another regiment which is said to want two companies to complete its numbers. It is hoped that they will be more successful this time. Who the contemptible scoundrel is that imposed upon the Governor, we have not yet stated, but there is no doubt about his unworthiness.

PETITION FOR THE EMANCIPATION OF SLAVES BY GOVERNMENT. A petition to Congress has been placed at the Merchants' Exchange in Boston, "praying, at present, but will be forced to retire to Pennsylvania for the sake of recovering his health.

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GEN. BUTLER AND THE SLAVES. The following is the letter addressed to Gen. Scott by Gen. Butler, asking instructions in regard to the reception of fugitive slaves at Fortress Monroe. It has been in type for some days, and probably has come under the eye of most of our readers before this:—

"Since I wrote my last," says Gen. Butler, "the question in regard to slave property is becoming one of very serious magnitude. The inhabitants of Virginia are using their negroes in the batteries, and are preparing to send their women and children South. The escapes from them are becoming numerous, and a squad has come in this morning (May 27), and my pickets are bringing their women and children—Of course, these cannot be dealt with upon the theory on which I designed to treat the service of able-bodied men and women who might come within my lines, and of which I gave you a detailed account in my last despatch.

I am in the utmost doubt what to do with this species of property. Up to this time I have had none within my lines—men and women, with their children—entire families—each family belonging to the same owner. I have, therefore, determined to hold them. As I can do very profitably, the able-bodied persons in the party, using proper food for the support of the whole, changing against their services the expenses of care and sustenance of the non-laborers, keeping a strict and accurate account as well of the services as of the expenses, leaving the words of the services and the cost of the expenditure determined by a board of survey hereafter to be decided, I have no other manner in which to dispose of this subject and the questions connected therewith. As a matter of property, to the insurgents it will be of very great moment—the number I have that I can't say exactly, as I am informed, to what in good time would be of the value of sixty thousand Dollars.

Twelve of these negroes, I am informed, have escaped from the erection of the batteries, by a parade by daylight, in which marching fired upon my expedition as it passed by out of range. As a means of defence, therefore, to the enemy's hands, these negroes, when able bodied, are of great importance. Without the batteries they could not have been erected, at least for many weeks. *This is to be a measure of necessity, and deprives their master of their services, which I have on this he done? As a political question and a question of humanity, can I receive the services of a father and a mother and not the children?* Of the humanitarian aspect I have no doubt; of the political one I have no right to judge. I therefore submit all this to your better judgment; and as these questions have a political aspect, I have ventured—and I trust I am not wrong in so doing—to duplicate this part of my despatch relating to this subject, and forward them to the Secretary of War."

Your obedient servant,

BENJ. F. BUTLER.

Lieutenant-General Scott."

EFFORTS are being made to organize a law school at Bowdoin College. Several gentlemen of that city and vicinity are warmly interested in its behalf. A venerable member of the Boston bar will contribute a valuable law library. Twelve members of the present graduating class engage to pursue their law studies at the school, if established.

TUFTS COLLEGE. Rev. A. A. Miner of Boston, is prominently mentioned as likely to succeed the late Dr. Ballou in the Presidency of this College.

THE anniversary of the Battle of Bunker Hill (Saturday), at Quincy, will be celebrated this year by a display of flags, ringing of bells, firing of salutes, and music on the Monument Grounds. The citizens generally are requested to visit the battle ground during the day for an interchange of sentiments relative to the present state of our National affairs.

DURING the reign of terror under old John Adams' administration, when it was made treason for any man to open his mouth to discuss the acts of the administration, and the gag law was applied to men, about fifty men of Easton formed a thinking club. They met once a week, thought what they pleased, and sulgured.

THREE new fishing vessels just brought into Gloucester, from Essex, where they were launched, are named "Governor Andrew," "Governor Butler," another, "Col. Ellsworth," and the third "Gen. Scott." They are among the finest vessels of their class.

FATAL BOY DUEL. The following we extract from the Washington correspondent of the *New York Herald*:—

"A very youthful duel was fought in Richmond a few days ago. Two boys, named Ward and Lewis, of twelve, had a quarrel. A little negro, who had got possession of a pistol, was one of the latest of chivalry prevalent in that region, told them they had better fight a duel to settle the matter. The boys readily assented.—The young darkey measured off the distance which was to be their position.—The elder, who was armed with a single-barreled pistol, fired first, and missed.—The younger had a five-shooter. He took more deliberate aim, and hit his antagonist in the left side, wounding him so that he died twelve hours afterward. The negro was severely whipped, and so ended the sad affair."

Two Advent brethren refused to take the oath of allegiance at the Portsmouth Navy Yard the other day, for the reason that it would be a direct breach of biblical prohibition.

THE address before the city government of Boston, on the fourth of July, is to be delivered by Theophilus Parsons, Esq., of this city.

S. A. APPLETON, an old merchant of Boston, died suddenly last Tuesday evening. His first wife was a daughter of the late Daniel Webster.

THE first church bell ever in Lawrence rung for the first time last Monday. The mill bells have heretofore been rung to call the people to church. The new bell has been placed on the second Catholic church of that city.

DECLINE IN BREADSTUFFS. Corn and meal show a downward tendency, the former declining two cents per bushel since last week. The best grades of flour also show a slight decline. Consumers will welcome the change.

IN Australia, they are said to make shoes by putting a piece of leather between two shingles.

MR. Russell, of the *London Times*, stated that when he was in Washington that as soon as the Railroads leading into the cotton region of the East Indies could be completed, the supply of cotton from that country would be ample, and those roads would, he said, certainly be finished within a few months.

FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS SIXTH REGIMENT. The editors of the *Boston Post* have received a letter from their regular correspondent "D.," dated Relay House, June 1st, from which we extract the following:—

"Your readers must not be surprised to see the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment in Boston in the course of ten days. There is news about the camp which leads me to give you warning of such an event, although nothing definite can be ascertained. Col. Jones recently remarked that no more equipments would be furnished, as his command had been ordered to report in Boston in ten days. Our Commissary is now making arrangements for our departure for some place, at any rate; but it may possibly be in another direction.—The officers and soldiers of the Sixth are 'eager for the fray,' and this inactivity is exceedingly irksome to them."

We have heard nothing of the return of the Sixth previous to this, and do not give any weight to the intimation. Our citizens are in communication with the Sixth almost every day, and know of nothing of the kind, so far as we have been able to learn.

"Perley" telegraphs to the *Boston Journal*, that the Boston ladies, now stopping in Washington, on Tuesday presented the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, the Shelby House, a full compliment of haversacks. The present was very timely, and was thankfully received by the gallant Sixth.

GREAT RUN ON LOGS. Last Tuesday night, a large jam of logs, belonging to Norcross, Saunders & Co., broke up at Hooksett, starting an immense quantity of timber down the river. The logs were distinctly sent to Manchester, and the "red shirts" were ready to receive them, so that about two million feet of lumber ran over the dam during the night. The *Manchester Mirror* says this is the greatest "run," both of luck and of logs, ever known on Amoskeag falls.

PLEDGE FOR THE VOLUNTEERS. We are glad to learn that the following pledge has been circulated among, and extensively signed by the volunteers now at the seat of war, from Massachusetts and Lowell:—

We, the undersigned, United States Volunteers, remembering the duty we owe to our fathers, and the sentiments of the community from whence we come—most of all desiring so to order our ways that the God of battles may be pleased to take us in the efforts we are about to make for the honor of our national flag, and the upholding of our laws—do hereby PLEDGE ourselves, God helping us, to keep and observe the following Resolutions:

I. We will abstain from the use of ardent spirits of any kind.

II. We will abstain from, and as far as in us lies, discountenance the use of profane or improper language in our ranks.

III. We will endeavor in observe the Sabbath day to keep it holy, to read the Scriptures, and cause prayer to be made in our midst.

IV. We will, as we hope to be brave in the hour of conflict, be kind and compassionate in the hour of victory, especially to women and children, remembering our loved ones at home.

These Resolutions to continue in force until our return from the present seat of insurrection in the service to which we are called—and MAY GOD GIVE US GRACE TO KEEP THEM.—*Amen.*

A QUESTION FOR ENGLAND TO ANSWER. Some one puts before the world the following question to the English Government which has assumed a very singular position on our national troubles:—

Suppose the last million blacks in the Southern States take advantage of the present crisis and organize a general rising against their masters, stealing their property, their funds, their public buildings, &c., after the manner of the Jamaica negroes; proclaiming the right of revolution, and their intention of founding a black republic—will the present Government treat them as "belligerents?" We guess for a reply, and expect to wait for a long time.

THE United States steam frigate Susquehanna has arrived in Boston from the Mediterranean. She brings 400 recruits, about 60 sailors officers and men, and is commanded by Capt. George N. Hollis.—She will soon be ordered into the service of the Federal Government, but first will require re-hauling at the Navy Yard.

"Is the war of the Union, men of all parties are heartily enlisted—Democrats, old-line Whigs and Abolitionists, in church and school, are fighting in the ranks, raising regiments, paying money, and as heartily and heartily as Republicans. For the Union they stand ready to lavish their treasure and blood—and for no other purpose—*nothing of the sort.*"—*New York Tribune of June 4th.*

Rev. Mr. STEBBINS, pastor of the First Parish in Portland, has written a letter to the Parish Committee, offering to relinquish one thousand dollars of his salary the current year in consequence of the depressed condition of affairs.

SOLDIERS DROWNED. Two soldiers belonging to Col. Gordon's Regiment, encamped at Brook Farm, were drowned while bathing on Sunday morning. The name of one was Albert Brooks, of Westminster; the other we have not seen announced.

HONOR. The call for the Vermont Republican Convention, to be held at Montpelier 26th inst., invites the attendance of all who are in favor of supporting the constitution and the laws, and of sustaining the federal government in its efforts to suppress rebellion and put down treason."

"It is reported" that Col. Hardee was a passenger in the Hingham list of female apparel, in a late steamer for Europe. In the last news of his whereabouts he was said to be in command of Fort Morgan, guarding Mobile. It was understood some time ago that he had sent to Europe to purchase arms for the Southern Confederacy.

THE United States Senate during the extra session of Congress in July will consist of 22 Republicans and 15 opposition, leaving 22 vacancies. The eleven seceding States will be entirely unrepresented excepting, perhaps, Tennessee, which will be represented by Hon. Andrew Johnson, who remains true to the Union.

The *New York World* states that in every section of the country about that city the prospect of heavy crops of every description of fruit is very encouraging.—Peach trees look finer than for several years past, while apples, pears and cherries are very promising, and with favorable weather, strawberries will soon be had in abundance.

WE THINK WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN SAYING

That no other Pill, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has gained, so deservedly, the reputation now enjoyed by Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh. As an evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our own city:

NEW YORK, January 23, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the liver complaint for six years, and never could get anything definite can be ascertained. Col. Jones recently remarked that no more equipments would be furnished, as his command had been ordered to report in Boston in ten days. Our Commissary is now making arrangements for our departure for some place, at any rate; but it may possibly be in another direction.—The officers and soldiers of the Sixth are 'eager for the fray,' and this inactivity is exceedingly irksome to them."

We have heard nothing of the return of the Sixth previous to this, and do not give any weight to the intimation. Our citizens are in communication with the Sixth almost every day, and know of nothing of the kind, so far as we have been able to learn.

"Perley" telegraphs to the *Boston Journal*, that the Boston ladies, now stopping in Washington, on Tuesday presented the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, the Shelby House, a full compliment of haversacks. The present was very timely, and was thankfully received by the gallant Sixth.

GREAT RUN ON LOGS. Last Tuesday night, a large jam of logs, belonging to Norcross, Saunders & Co., broke up at Hooksett, starting an immense quantity of timber down the river. The logs were distinctly sent to Manchester, and the "red shirts" were ready to receive them, so that about two million feet of lumber ran over the dam during the night. The *Manchester Mirror* says this is the greatest "run," both of luck and of logs, ever known on Amoskeag falls.

PLEDGE FOR THE VOLUNTEERS. We are glad to learn that the following pledge has been circulated among, and extensively signed by the volunteers now at the seat of war, from Massachusetts and Lowell:—

We, the undersigned, United States Volunteers, remembering the duty we owe to our fathers, and the sentiments of the community from whence we come—most of all desiring so to order our ways that the God of battles may be pleased to take us in the efforts we are about to make for the honor of our national flag, and the upholding of our laws—do hereby PLEDGE ourselves, God helping us, to keep and observe the following Resolutions:

I. We will abstain from the use of ardent spirits of any kind.

II. We will abstain from, and as far as in us lies, discountenance the use of profane or improper language in our ranks.

III. We will endeavor in observe the Sabbath day to keep it holy, to read the Scriptures, and cause prayer to be made in our midst.

IV. We will, as we hope to be brave in the hour of conflict, be kind and compassionate in the hour of victory, especially to women and children, remembering our loved ones at home.

These Resolutions to continue in force until our return from the present seat of insurrection in the service to which we are called—and MAY GOD GIVE US GRACE TO KEEP THEM.—*Amen.*

CITY AND VICINITY.

ATTENTION, "BUTLER RIFLES."

All members of the Butler Rifles are hereby notified to report themselves immediately at Quincy Hall, as this Company has been designated as one of those to be mustered into service.

By order of the Lowell Light Infantry, who wish to connect themselves with the Butler Rifles will please present themselves at Quincy Hall.

jun1 EBEN JAMES, Capt.

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain board for himself and family for the season in or near Lowell. Address Box 1, Lowell Post Office. jun4&5td

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Job Printing Office to No. 21 Central Street, to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may31dtf

A CARD FROM ONE OF THE VOLUNTEERS.

The following card has been received from Mr. Brant Johnston, Jr., who is a member of one of the companies of the Sixth Regiment, now at the Relay House Camp.—Mr. Johnston is the son of Mr. *Johnston's* store we gathered about the first details of the riot in Baltimore after the Sixth passed through that city. Soon after its receipt in this city, Mr. Johnston received the appointment of J. C. Ayer & Co., to be the sole agent for the sale of their celebrated Cherry Pectoral in Baltimore, and contributed enough to buy Mr. Johnston a revolver, which was sent on, and reached him safely; and he is now armed and equipped and ready for duty. Mr. Johnston's acknowledgments in the following card:

CARD *To the Ladies and Gentlemen employed by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.*:—I take pleasure to acknowledge with a deep sense of gratitude, the receipt of a revolver, which came to hand kindly remembered by you. It is the happiest and proudest emotions that swell within a loyal American, that I perceive in the gift the kind considerations entertained toward me by those with whom I have been associated in the daily routine of life. That I have merited such kindness from you, I cannot flatter myself, but rather that I do, and ever shall, appreciate it, you may rest assured. If my past association with you has been productive of such friendship, my future, I trust, will not be the cause of lessening any of its worth. I feel that I am but very act of mine, whether in the community as a civilian, or in the field as a soldier, fighting for the honor of our common country—that glorious inheritance bequeathed by our forefathers—I feel I still continue to merit your kind appreciation and esteem.

With many thanks for your kindness, I am your obedient servant,

BRANT JOHNSTON, JR.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD CONPANY. At the annual meeting of this company, held yesterday, the following board of officers was re-elected for the ensuing year F. B. Crowninshield, Henry Sigourney, Boston; Daniel S. Richardson, Lowell; Henry F. Harris, Nashua; and Oaslow Stearns, Concord, Directors; Wm. P. Ainsworth, Treasurer; Geo. Bowers, Clerk.

DIVIDEND. The Merrimack Manufacturing Company have declared a dividend of three per cent., (*$75,000*) payable on the 10th inst., to holders of stock May 15th.—The dividend made last December was five per cent.

PICNIC. The first picnic of the season was given yesterday afternoon by the Moral and Social Union, at Pine Grove, Centralville. The society met at the vestry of the First Universalist Church, whence they marched to the grove. Refreshments were made by Rev. J. L. Jenkins, Dr. J. B. Morse, and Rev. F. Hosmer.—All returned highly satisfied with their excursion.

AN EXPLOIT OF THE LOWELL BOYS. A correspondent of the *Boston Journal* writing from Fortress Monroe says that "Mr. Ingalls, Co. C, 4th Regt., with a squad of sixteen volunteers from the Richardson Light Infantry, went out half-a-dozen miles into the enemy's country a day or two since, and made a prize of a fine yacht, which will be of great service here."

BRUSHING UP. Our new Postmaster is celebrating his induction by having the outside of the office painted, white-washed and other needed renovations made.

CRICKET MATCH. The first match of the season will take place at the Agricultural Fair Grounds, on Friday next, between the eleven of the Boston Club and the same number of the Lowell Club. The two Clubs have not met since 1859, when the Lowell Club were victorious. The Lowell players in two matches of the three played during that season. The Boston Club go on an excursion to Shelburne Falls next Tuesday and return by way of Lowell.

THE Lowell Veterans, Capt. Peabody, turned out for street drill last evening, with full ranks. They were accompanied by the Railroad Band, whose music certainly attracted the attention of all on the line of march. A parade by daylight, we think, would be especially gratifying. Won't you do it, Capt. Peabody?

POLICE COURT. Yesterday afternoon, William Roach, for an assault upon his wife Joanna, was ordered to pay a fine of $10 and costs, and in default thereof to be committed to the house of correction till he pay the same or respectable.

A female volunteer from the "Navy Yard," Detroit, still serve in Capt. Adams' company, at East Cambridge, for three months. Reason: She loved *ardent-ly*, not wisely but too well.

This forenoon, Alpheus Hamblett for unremitting efforts to help rid the city of the nuisance of spy, was shot and killed by a sentinel, at Alexandria, on the night of the 4th.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss, and by FIRE, on favorable terms. Office, a stone's throw, or more, from the centre of trade to the interest. Policies issued for any term from one year to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Lowell.
Reuben Cushing,	Joseph G. Aobott,
Arthur T. Bennett,	John Avery,
Joshua W. Bowers,	Josiah Bowers,
Thomas Hopkinson,	Caleb M. Marvel,
Ephraim Brown,	Thomas Hill,
	Elijah C. Read.
Alexander A. Miner,	Abraham P. Lane,
Benjamin F. Stone,	Lucius M. Clark,
	Reuben E. Brown.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 20, 1860. ly

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from impure blood, or a disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Being purely vegetable in principle to the worst putrid sore; Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness; Headache; Fever, Dysentery, Inflammation, Jaundice, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Mercurial Disease, Humors, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Scurvy, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Liver Complaint, and every species of disease that arises from impure blood, or a disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Being the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine that can be used. Purchasers beware of worthless imitations. Ask for Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, and see that you get them. Prepared and sold by DR. C. W. BENSON, No. 2 Eutaw street, Baltimore, Md. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Price $1 per bottle. jun4 6m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss. MAY 13th, A. D. 1861.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the Supreme Court for said County of Middlesex, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1861, to me, on the sixth day of May, A. D. 1861, in favor of Joseph Hildreth and Nathaniel Hildreth, both of Framingham, in said County of Middlesex, Traders, under the firm name of Joseph Hildreth & Son, against the goods, estate and body of Thomas Hall, of Framingham, in said County, I have taken all the right in equity which the said Thomas Hall had on the twenty-fourth day of April, A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the time when the same was first taken by me by virtue of said execution, or at any time afterwards, to the following described real estate, viz:

A certain undivided half of a certain lot of land with the buildings thereon, situated in said Framingham, and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the road leading from Framingham to Natick two feet Northerly from aforesaid house, thence running Northeasterly parallel with said road and running Southeasterly at a line, thence turning slightly Southerly and running parallel with the first line to the road aforesaid, thence Southwesterly by said road to the first mentioned bounds, containing about one-fourth of an acre, more or less, together with the undivided half of the buildings thereon standing. Also, a certain undivided half of said estate in said Framingham, and being the same lot conveyed by Wm. B. Rogers to said Thomas Hall by deed dated March 30th, 1858, Book 730, Page 421, to which said deeds reference is had for a more particular description of said undivided half of land. The last lot is bounded Northeasterly by land of Wm. B. Rogers, Southeasterly by land of Joseph Hildreth, Southwesterly by land of Joseph Hildreth, and Northwesterly by land of Wm. B. Rogers, and bounded as follows: Commencing at a point on the road leading from Framingham to Natick, at the Southeasterly end of said road and the Southerly corner of said Hildreth's land, thence running Northeasterly by said road about one hundred and two feet, thence Northwesterly on land of Rogers about one hundred and two feet, thence Southwesterly on land of Rogers about one hundred and two feet, thence Southerly on land of Hildreth, Jones & Co. about one hundred and two feet to the first mentioned bounds, containing about one-fourth of an acre, more or less, together with the undivided half of the buildings thereon standing. Also, a certain undivided half of said estate in said Framingham, and being the same lot conveyed by Wm. B. Rogers to said Thomas Hall by deed dated March 30th, 1858, Book 730, Page 421, to which said deeds reference is had for a more particular description of said undivided half of land. The last lot is bounded Northeasterly by land of Wm. B. Rogers, Southeasterly by land of Joseph Hildreth, Southwesterly by land of Joseph Hildreth, and Northwesterly by land of Wm. B. Rogers, and bounded as follows: Commencing at a point on the road leading from Framingham to Natick, at the Southeasterly end of said road and the Southerly corner of said Hildreth's land, thence running Northeasterly by said road about one hundred and two feet, thence Northwesterly on land of Rogers about one hundred and two feet, thence Southwesterly on land of Rogers about one hundred and two feet, thence Southerly on land of Hildreth, Jones & Co. about one hundred and two feet to the first mentioned bounds, containing about one-fourth of an acre, more or less, together with the undivided half of the buildings thereon standing.

And I shall expose for sale at public auction, all the right in equity which the said Thomas Hall had on the twenty-fourth day of April, A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, about 6 acres of land, with the buildings thereon, on Monday, the 17th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Also, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the village of North Framingham, about 30 cords of wood, more or less, about a quarter of an acre of land. Terms at sale.

Assignee's Sale.

16,000 square feet of Land on the corner of Central and Fletcher Streets.

ON SATURDAY, June 15, at 3 o'clock, at office, on the lot, if fine, if not the next fine day, I shall expose in and to the Real Estate occupied by Messrs. Hildreth, Jones & Co., 16,000 square feet of land, and the buildings thereon, situated at the corner of Central and Fletcher streets. Particulars at the office, or of

F. RICHARDSON, Assignee.

AT PRIVATE SALE

The Shelter Lot, on the corner of Pawtucket and Fletcher Streets, with 21,000 square feet of land, and the buildings thereon. Good fruit, ornamental trees and shrubs—the most desirable location for a residence.

Also, 7-8 of an acre of land on the Westerly side of Rock street, with a house thereon. A very desirable location for a residence. Every desirable lot may be divided. Inquire of E. B. PATCH & CO.

CURE FOR PIN WORMS

A NEW DISCOVERY.

THE subscriber has discovered the remedy of which has ever baffled the skill of the Physician and Scientific Chemist. Pin Worms, Tape Worms, &c., are expelled in a few hours, and are entirely separated from the system forever. Read the following:

The Ashton Times, on Muscle Street.

We shall sell on TUESDAY, June 11, at 7 o'clock, evening, the Ashton House, situated on the corner of Ashton and Muscle streets, and the south by the new branch railroad. It contains about 2400 square feet of land, and is two blocks of wooden tenements which rent for $240 per annum. It is a small investment, as but a small payment will be required. Sale positive, and no reserve, or mortgage. Sale Positive.

Sale of Property in North Chelmsford.

On WEDNESDAY, June 12th, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, about 6 acres of land, with the buildings thereon, on the road leading from Chelmsford Centre to North Chelmsford. The wood is good, and the land is well adapted for tillage.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Newspapers, Address Cards, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, Bi-Laws, Constitutions of Societies, Printing Blanks, Circulars, Billheads, Manuscript Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the most elegant style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, of a style of every description.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl nor fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HYDE, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE BRAND PIN

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The Celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

DR. JAMES C. LEKPRER, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfac tion. I use them myself, having been cured, become prostrate and lost my appetite. I relieved me, and I can recommend it with great confidence of its merits."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has tested their virtues in a great success, and with them made several cures of paralysation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomsville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 9th, 1860. He was troubled with having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was completely relieved, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervous affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Dolphos, Allen Co., Ohio, in which he says: "For weak and nervous, I that he used carefully removes all disorders of the digestive organs, and will who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 — 6mos — Oliver No. 36.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALLEN WHITE LEAD (Oil) made at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best Old Linseed Oil, and is recommended by for Body, Inside and Finishing, it is believed to be unsurpassed, and is marked "Allen White Lead ground in Linseed Oil, and marked "Allen-ville, Massachusetts."

The great body and fine color of this White Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Leads. It is confidently believed that this Lead will do as much work as 150 lbs of most other brands that are in the market, and will not chalk or turn yellow by exposure, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of this Lead is respectfully solicited, and the undersigned pledge that the work will meet and be of greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering.

The general agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, is also agent for the Lead Burners for nearly a quarter of a century and his personal attention will be given to the purchasing of the materials for the manufacture, and to furnish an article that cannot be excelled.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be ordered at the Manufacturer's prices of CHARLES E. TILTON, No. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Boston street, Lowell.

mar7 — 6mos

DR. DOWSE'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. Catarrh in the head is the disease of the head, producing a very water running from the eyes, nose, and down the throat, lodging in the stomach, and evacuating, becomes a thick tough substance, laying the foundation for a cough, and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Young children are affected with this water running from the head into the stomach, causing a cough; and when the child coughs and raises, and swallows it, it does not fills the stomach and windpipe, and the child dies with the croup, unless immediate relief is offered. Let the child snuff up some of Dr. Dowse's Catarrh Snuff when they have taken cold, and it will prevent all these complaints. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Prepared by DR. J. DOWSE, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. nov26tf

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparation French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parisian Cosmetique, Circassian Balm, Transparent Liquid White's Cosmetique, Tricopion, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and Main streets. may8

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 33 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, 47 Merrimack street. mar26

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

A

nov17 — JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of cut Jewelry, Gold Rodder SPECTACLES—the best kind in the market, for Sale by, Holland St Simmons, &c. Please call and examine at 66 Merrimack Street. mh13

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.55
" " " Charleston, 5.90
" " " Derby, 4.90
" " " Newports, 4.90
" " " Stanstead, 4.90

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railroad Ticket Office, 182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

d&t jan30 — E. H. FISHER, Agent.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, which they received the first premium over all other instruments at the late Mechanics' Fair in Boston, where they exhibited a good assortment of the above-named Masters' Pianos, at manufacturers' prices. Warranted in every particular, to be the best Piano Forte made.

P. S.—Pianos to let by the month. mch15ly

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing-mach ine in market, to the finest gossamer fabrics and also a endless variety of sewing required in a fam ily. They sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Mar seilles without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever, so that such a machine is just adapted to family use; and if NOT adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods that are to be worn.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more exempt from liability to get out of order.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest Premium at the American Institute, in the city of New York, and also took the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Union, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing generally whenever properly executed, that can be done by any other first-class sewing machines But we have space for only a few more of the many and important Facts of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in market, and will, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have never seen or used them. From the constant inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, it is What are the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unanswerable Facts—Facts that are facts—and Facts made such, by more reference to certain kinds of machines. Purchasers can wish to relieve themselves of certain personal obligations, but Facts demonstrate the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or manufacturing.

The Company having determined to meet the demand for their Machines, have furnished them with the most extensive facilities for manufacturing the best Machines, and have furnished them with unsurpassed facilities for introducing the best consumer, gauges etc., to be found anywhere—Machine call and examine.

Agents wanted in Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 24 Central street, Merrimack Street.

January 9, 1861 — ja3tf

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

GOLD Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Paten ted Parafine Lubricating Oil Company.

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process from Petroleum, and warranted to be

PURE SPERM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Improved Parafine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spindles and all kinds of fine machinery, which is the best Lubricator ever offered to the public. Also, Patent Triple Refined Sperm Oil, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, (superior to any in the market), No. 1, 75 cents; Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 45 cents; White Lard Oil, for Leather, No. 1, 75 cents; Gas, do, do for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 55 cents.

Also, Patent Solar Lamps, for burning

WHALE OIL.

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED IN ALL TOWNS AND CITIES.

E. G. KELLEY,

sept27 — Manufacturer and Sole Agent.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames and

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Over and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. — sep24dt

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

F A R M E R S
U P T H E R E
P E E D
P E A C O R N

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Hour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street. S. N. WOOD.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces, for sale at Kidder's Hall, Main street. Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Wade's Cutlery ever offered in Lowell to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES, dec17 — 46 Merrimack.

GRASS-SEED.

150 Bush. Timothy Seed;
200 " Red Top do;
2000 " Herds Grass do.

Also, Hungarian Honey Blade and Millet Seeds, for sale at 43 Market Street, by S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st. mar22

MCLANE'S PILLS AND VERMIFUGE

Sold by

nov17 — JOHN T. BILLINGS.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages Boys' Tip Carts, Toy Carts, Ice sleds for Boys, Wheelbarrows, and Portable Folding Seatings, something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at 45 Merrimack st. may17*

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT — THE OLD AND ONLY REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A SURE AND QUEROR OF PAIN — THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, HEADACHE, and all its frightful forms, Lumbago, Sciatica, Lame Back, *Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!* Are spoken by all sufferers in the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

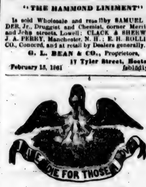
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is now Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, Lowell, Mass. Also, by Druggists and Dealers generally. Lowell, CLARK & SHERWOOD. J. A. PERRY, Manchester. N. H.; E. S. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 15, 1861 — feb20ly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

151 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,548.30
Dividends paid to date,	1,484,080.18
Losses paid,	2,328,468.12

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, insure each other—the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to secure their obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are all in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount Loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its Investments are confined to New York, Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest got all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to Life Insurance.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to be paid annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for the whole life may be discontinued after a certain number of years, and a paid up policy issued for the amount secured by the premiums, the interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in settling their policy claims. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when required, and those who give Notes, have the amount of the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Mutual Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore contribute to its success by the interest connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL Agent,
No. 20 Central and 27 Merrimack Street
mar7 — 6mos — office

MOTHERS

It must be stirring not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent mother to know that the health of your whole family from a disordered stomach or Liver. Nine-tenths of the diseases to which females are subject have for its substratum one cure of all these diseases, a remedy known as

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a long and successful practice with no marketable success during several years previous to its introduction to the public, and is recommended for infantile complaints, and one trial alone will convince you of its superiority over many nostrums in operation of the kind. It particularly recommends itself to

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infancy, when every poisonous nostrum are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, I will be found a friend in time of need to the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $1; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL *is designed expressly for* CHEETHAM CASTER, *in which all are very fond, and is a remedy of the first class, and in other preparations for infantile disease, of the time before the public.* Try it, and be convinced. Beware of imitations! None warranted unless signed with the name of Dr. M. Eaton, Office Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL DEPOT, 27 Tyler Street, Boston.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, sign a fact which we are fully prepared to prove, is contained in this or other preparations for infantile disease, at the time for the public. Try it, and be convinced. Beware of imitations! None warranted unless signed with the name of Dr. M. Eaton, Office Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL DEPOT, 27 Tyler Street, Boston.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the nerves, but by regulating the secretions, and restoring them to healthful action, by removing all pain and cause of disease. Infantile Cordial is a safe and sure remedy for children in time of trouble, and you may have at hand a remedy which will never fail to relieve your child in time of need. It is purely harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate babe.

Sent into Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. That you can rely upon it as a safe and sure remedy.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

and sold by them, and by all responsible Druggists

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 " South Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar7 — 43Market street

Risdon's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever soiled, by the use of Liquid White Lead its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, Centre of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

mch19 — 6mos

HORSE CLIPPING.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Bodies and Lams Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at DRAKE'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

a

nov15 — JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which cannot be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

nov15 — E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

A FEW MORE of Sinner's Patent Muzzle Pulls fitted on. Suit ages for Lowell.

nov15 — E S HUNT'S Central street.

(Copyright secured.)

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenogogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in a few days after *obstruction from any cause*, and if taken *just before* each monthly period, will prevent any sickness. It has been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* disease, if taken *just before* each monthly period, will prevent any sickness. It is a

GREATEST BLESSING

to married ladies. wishing to avoid the evil of a large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with out a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case.*—$2 It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely sealed, to any part of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

DR. MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENOGOGUE *is designed expressly for* CHEETHAM CASTER, *in which all are very fond, and is a remedy of the first class, and in other preparations for infantile disease, of the time before the public.* Try it, and be convinced. Beware of imitations! None warranted unless signed with the name of Dr. M. Eaton, Office Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL DEPOT, 27 Tyler Street, Boston.

DR. MATTISON'S

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received an assortment of Mattison's, when your kerosene lamps are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, I will be found a friend in time of need to the country.

Kerosene Lamps, Kerosene Oil, Oil Cans of all sizes.

Also, Lamp burners, lamp wicks, lamp chimneys, lamp trimmings, lamp stands, lamp store, kitchen, and study lamps, and in fact all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Lubricating Oil, for the use of the barrel and half barrel, at the lowest prices.

Please call and examine the stock. H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack Street.

oct26

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good Item to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a position of honor and confidence in the hearts of MEN and WOMEN, in a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to the Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines sent to any part of the express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Numerous testimonials from patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy Relief, with good care until restored to health.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

Dr. Whitten has no connection with any person assuming to be physicians, without a regular diploma from some College, and hereby cautions the public against such persons, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply for Medical advice, as many are ignorant, and especially in relation to those who manufacture and compound their own medicines, without any such reason to regret when it is too late. If Dr. M. Whitten's long experience of thirty years as a Physician in DISEASES OF WOMEN, and in the treatment of Nervous Debility, giving full information, and *the most wonderful cures* in the most obstinate cases of disease, will be sufficient to induce any person of this kind to write for information. CONFIDENCE NEVER BETRAYED.

Dr. Mattison has the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England, to whom he refers as a specialty. Testimonials can be given the very best references and testimonials, and can be relied upon as REAL, as here ARE my others, LETTERS DO THE SAME. Others may have doctored, but keep aloof from them.

Letters by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON'S OFFICE,
Augus 12, 1860. — eow2mlly

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

45 Merrimack Street.

mh15 — (Near the Post Office)

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices. All wood will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. — mar7dt

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint.

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes there is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatic pain. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with a looseness; the patient is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable would be mistaken for a fever; there is a dull pain in the head, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight chill sometimes comes on, followed by the sweating. European armies, and ours are usually drawn up in three lines; the first or front line, usually called the second the main *body*, and the third is called the *rear guard*.

Parole.—A word given out every day in orders by the command officer, both in camp and garrison, in order to know friends from enemies.

Parade.—A small party of men, under a non-commissioned officer, to command them, detached from the main or quarter-guard, in the front of the armies and quarters, for the purpose of taking up disorderly persons, or such as cannot give an account of themselves, and to secure the regularity and order of the camp or garrison. On the line of march, parades are detached from the advance guard to gain intelligence and to ascertain the presence or position of the enemy.

Picquet.—A detachment composed either of infantry or cavalry, whose principal duty is to guard the army in its rear from surprise.

Platoon.—Half a company.

Rank and file.—Man carrying the firelock, and standing in the ranks, or so called. Thus corporals are included in the return made under that head.

Reconnoitre.—Parties ordered to reconnoitre, are to observe the country and the enemy; to remark the posts, movements, and if possible the number of the first; and the position, march, or forces, of the second, and to make a report thereof.

Skirmish.—A loose, desultory kind of engagement in presses of two armies; between small detachments sent out for the purpose either of drawing on a battle, or concealing by their fire the movements of the troops in the rear.

PAIN AND DEATH. It is a comfort to know that insects have no nerves of sensation. The idea that every insect and reptile, and even the myriads of animalcule that we are obliged to crush and destroy day by day, suffer pain is a terrible thought. If we step on a worm and kill it, it is left to naturalists to set us right.

Disease may be set and applied to pieces without giving any indication of pain.—When they lose a leg or two, they go about their business without minding it at all.—Cut a wasp in two, so that his thorax is separated from his stomach and abdomen, and he walks about uncommonly, and eats with an unusually good appetite. In fact as his food passes through him at once, it gives him no inconvenience, and he can eat any quantity. The wasp does not appear to suffer in the least.

Insects, in certain cases, show muscular contractions after they are dead, without pain. We know that there may be the most violent muscular motion for hours after life, without the least suffering. Some years ago we knew of a little boy whose lower extremities were paralyzed from an injury of the spine. The little fellow would frequently complain of the seat of injury, and was greatly amused to its and see himself kick! So, the convulsive motion of the neck is no evidence of the proof of pain. When the neck is broken thrown can be none below the point of dislocation. Dr. Harvey says—A number of the pressure of blood on the brain produces apoplexy, the distressing symptoms of which all men who have recovered from hanging, after it was supposed that they were dead, give testimony. Death is painless.

When men die slowly, and with strong convulsions, there is, probably, no suffering.

PURE LIQUORS AND WINES FOR PRIVATE USE AND MEDICAL PURPOSES.

WE offer to the country trade and consumers, a complete assortment of every variety of LIQUORS, WINES, &c., and would say that our experience of more than FORTY YEARS as importers is not only a sufficient guarantee for the purity of our goods, but that it enables us to offer advantages to buyers that cannot be enjoyed by any house in Boston, combining as we do the business of importing and jobbing, and thus are taken by children—persons of the most extreme sensitiveness, and taken the place of a Jelly, and even one of the most delicate.

Sold by S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack st. may20

BURNAP!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S, No. 33 Central st. and at the new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack st.

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest kind in the market, for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,
apr29* — 45 Merrimack st.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED by PURK—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government, Kerry, Stamped with the Peruvian name, F. Barreda & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,
mar7 — 43 Market street.

GENTS' NECK TIES,

Of the most beautiful patterns, just opened at DRAKE'S, 47 Central street, and at 45 Merrimack st. mar7

Gen. Butler Alo Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW.—With the American Flag, &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st. may20*

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum, by reducing the disease, freeing out and restoring to clear and healthy action, the blood and system, and preventing the most malignant disease.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.

CHARLES A SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NORMAN T. ATKINS,
70 Pearl street, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia extending pain to the tips of numbness without anything relief, I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely cured.

D. D. BARTON, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Appleton, Boston.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for about 15 years, and never thought can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured.

Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia and Rheumatic Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia of long standing.

Proprietor Pearl St. House, Boston.

One half bottle of Gardiner's Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

THOMPSON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T Glidden, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was suffering with Rheumatism, and it relieved me immediately, and that it proved to be of great value to me.

ANDREW SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir—Gardiner's Neuralgia

THE DAILY COURIER.
Friday, June 7, 1861.

THE Democratic papers of New Hampshire, that come to our table, give the most grudging support to the Government in its efforts to quell the rebellion, of any prints that we are familiar with; and we long since came to the conclusion that they had no heart in their opposition to the rebels. They whine and complain in a way indicating that were it not running directly in the face of popular sentiment, the Government would be resolutely opposed. There is not the slightest cordiality in their course, and they seem particularly desirous of asserting that the whole blame of the war should be saddled on the Republicans, and that they would rather than not be "counted out" of the fight. If the action of the Charlestown and Baltimore Democratic Conventions did not have as much to do with bringing the South to the position it has assumed, as any other cause, then we read and reason to little effect.—But we do not choose to saddle the cause on any party or any part of a party of the North. The South has, without cause, created the war, in seeking redress for imaginary wrongs by declaring itself out of the Union; they have stolen the property of the Government and attacked its defences, which is sufficient cause (without going into many of the minor offences against loyal States and loyal citizens) to warrant the resistance they are meeting; and it seems to us the duty of honest men of all parties to take prompt measures to punish them; and that print which does not, it seems to us, justifies iniquity and treason, and supposes the real sentiments of New England.

WHY is it? We would like to understand why it is that every few days does one of the Federal armed steamers make feeble attempts to take rebel batteries?—Not long ago, Sewall's Point batteries were attacked, partially destroyed, and left to the rebels, who then received their first lesson how to effectively reconstruct them. A week ago, two small, poorly-armed steamers blazed away all day at the batteries at Aquia Creek, destroyed all but one, and withdrew, that the rebels might get ready for another day's shooting.—Yesterday we had intelligence that the Harriet Lane exchanged about fifty shots with the Big Point Battery, on the James River, receiving two shells that disabled her some. Now, if steamers are to go on long enough to tell those who don't know anything about war, why it is that these attacks have been made—evidently without sufficient preparation and without a force large enough to give a reasonable assurance of success—some few, if not the public generally, will be very much enlightened. Every attack, when not successful, injures the government and encourages the rebels. We hope the last of these "splurges" has been made, and that the next movement of an engagement with our batteries will not prove to be a victory on the wrong side. Child's play of this kind is neither profitable nor honorable to us.

A FORMER CALL FOR TROOPS AND THE RESPONSE. War with Great Britain was declared by Congress, June 18, 1812, by a vote of 19 to 13 in the Senate, and 79 to 49 in the House. A call was made for 100,000 troops distributed among the States as follows: New Hampshire, 6000, Massachusetts 10,000, Connecticut 3000, Rhode Island 1500, Vermont 3000, New York 12,000, New Jersey 3000, Pennsylvania 14,000, Delaware 1000, Maryland 6000, Virginia 12,000, North Carolina 7000, South Carolina 5000, Georgia 3500, Kentucky 3500, Ohio 3000, Tennessee 3500. At Cincinnati in that State, 50 men out of 60 composing a company, volunteered. In Vermont three times as many volunteered as were required. At New London, Conn., two companies were ordered out to be drafted from, when every man but three stepped forward and volunteered their services. In Pennsylvania, Ohio, Virginia and Charleston, S. C., the regiments were made up of volunteers. Indeed, in every part of the country there was a hearty response to the call for troops.

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR OF NEW HAMPSHIRE. Gov. Goodwin retired from office yesterday, after a short speech to the Legislature in reference to his action in response to the call of the General Government for troops. Gov. Berry was inaugurated, and delivered his message.—He urges upon the Legislature the importance of attending without delay to those measures which shall aid the General Government in putting down rebellion, and says that no Northern State has appropriated less than a million of dollars for war purposes, and trusts that New Hampshire will not behind her sister States. He urges the importance of having a well-regulated militia as the proper, natural, and sure defence of a State.

THE FRIGATE SUSQUEHANNA. The captain and the two first lieutenants of the United States frigate Susquehanna, and twelve of the other officers are from the slave States, against thirteen from the free States. It is announced that Capt. Hollins, who belongs in Florida, will resign, when several under officers will follow his example. So it goes; the navy and army thank Providence, will soon be rid of the conscientious fellows who cannot punish traitors to their country.

THERE was a dreadful loss of property in Prattville, Ga., a little while ago. Six healthy negro children, left alone in a room at home, by their mother, set fire to themselves and were totally burnt. No insurance.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the Courier.

Mr. Harvey, the new minister to Portugal, is to be recalled for treacherous conduct.

A secret agent of the Government reports that troops are arriving at Richmond at the rate of 1500 per day. They are being forwarded to Norfolk and Manassas Junction.

Rebels have destroyed four bridges between Alexandria and Fairfax, thus destroying the use of the Railroad for the Federal troops.

Gen. McClellan is at Cumberland. Gen. Patterson is advancing to co-operate with him. Manassas Junction is probably their destination.

A detachment of Gen. Butler's men have broken up a rebel camp at Elliott Mills, Ky.

THE WAR NEWS.

Reports contradicted. There has as yet been received no intelligence of the evacuation of Harper's Ferry by the rebels.—The story was not generally believed when first reported. The reported capture of a company of the Troy Regiment, is also contradicted. They had returned to Fortress Monroe.

Several rebel prisoners have asked permission to take the oath of allegiance. In Western Virginia quite a number of the rebel prisoners have asked to take the oath; they represent that they have been entirely deceived, and that the war against the South is not a war of devastation as represented. The best feeling prevails between the Virginians and the Ohio troops.

It is stated that the brothers of Jackson, the assassin of Ellsworth, are being tried to be the murderers of the United States pickets at various points. They are said to have a company of 15 or 20 men finely mounted.

The *Memphis Bulletin* says that Gen. Lane, with 8000 men, is in the neighborhood of Pocahontas, Arkansas.

There are numerous sentences in the telegraphic dispatches, indicating that Harper's Ferry will soon be attacked; and some intimate that Beauregard is about to march on Alexandria. We think there is very little reliance to be placed in this last report. As a general thing the attack will not be made by the rebels.

Measures will be taken immediately to ascertain how many of the three months' men are willing to remain for the war.—The result will decide the Administration in relation to calling out a new levy.

J. S. Anderson, of Massachusetts, has been appointed paymaster in the army.

There are now only four rebel privateers remaining at the Washington Navy Yard, who are held under order of Gen. Mansfield. Thirty-five prisoners, including the cavalry privateers captured at Alexandria, were this morning discharged on taking the oath of allegiance. They say they wish to give up their profession and retire to private life.

There seems to be no truth in the reports that the Southern rebels were being supplied with rifles that had been stored in Havana. The idea of such a number (200,000) having been stored there, is very improbable, and it is exceedingly doubtful if the authorities would countenance any such transaction. The whole story is probably an imposition.

Fort Pickens. Reports are again in circulation asserting that an attack is at once to be made on Fort Pickens. Letters have been received at Washington from the Quartermaster of Gen. Bragg that the fort was strongly blockaded, and vessels would be dealt with according to the laws against privateering blockades. Gen. Bragg replied that he considered this notification as a virtual declaration of war against the state and independence of the rebel States, and asked Capt. Adams to repeat the notice. Capt. Adams's address is presumed the harbor closed against all boats and vessels of the United States, as Gen. Bragg should open fire on any one except Capt. Adams' despatch boats, under a white flag. To this Capt. Adams did not respond."

The Washington correspondent of the *New York Journal of Commerce* writes that Jefferson Davis has issued orders that are to be struck in Virginia before the middle of July. There will be a hundred thousand Federal troops in that State, including the forces now there.

Last Wednesday morning the Harrier Lane exchanged about fifty shots with Big Point battery, nearly opposite Newport News, on James river. She received two shells, wounding five men, slightly. She was about three-fourths of a mile from the battery, the seven embrasures of which disclosed heavy pieces. The Pilot says that those who witnessed the firing with good glasses, believe that the shells from the Harriet Lane took effect within the works, and carts were seen to move off, it is conjectured, with the dead. The Harriet Lane returned to the Navy Yard for repairs. She was struck in her starboard bow, but not materially injured.

The *Memphis Bulletin* says that Gen. Lane, with 8000 men, is in the neighborhood of Pocahontas, Arkansas.

The Express Bag for the Lowell soldiers of the fifth Regiment, will be sent to the Soldiers' Aid Association on MONDAY June 10th, at noon, from the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, corner Shattuck and Middle Streets.

A Letter in U. S. stamped envelopes and parcels not exceeding one pound in weight, will be received and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee,
WM. O. WIER,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.
jn7d3t

ATTENTION, "BUTLER RIFLES."

All members of the Butler Rifles are hereby notified to report themselves immediately at Gaeny Hall, as this Company has been designated as one of those to form a regiment for active service.

Any members of the Lowell Light Infantry who wish to connect themselves with the Butler Rifles will please present themselves at headquarters.

W. H. O. WIER,
jn7d3t Captain.

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain board for his family for the season in or near Lowell. Address, stating terms, &c., "Washington," Lowell Post Office, immediately.
June 6, 1861. 1w

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL, removed 4th Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 23 Central to No. 31 Merrimack Street—head of Central.
May 31, 1861. may31dtf

A COMPLIMENT TO THE COLOR-BEARER OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT. A correspondent of the *Boston Journal*, writing from the camp at the Relay House (but on his way to Fortress Monroe) speaks of an incident connected with the passage of the Sixth Regiment through Baltimore, on the 19th of April, as follows:—

"There is one man who carried himself so bravely while in the midst of the fray that something more than a passing notice should be taken of him. It is charged before that Friday, the Sixth were gathered in front of the State House, Boston, to hear the parting words of God speed. At the end of his remarks the Governor presented the regiment with a standard, telling them to see to it that no hand but theirs ever take it from them. They received it with cheers and went on to dip it in the defense. Poor fellows, they little thought then how soon their mettle would be tested. Well, when they got out of the cars at Baltimore, to march across the city, the colors were given to the bearer, and borne aloft in defiance of every foe. The standard-bearer, as noble a fellow as ever wore the uniform of the old Bay State, is Mr. TIMOTHY A. CROWLEY. His two sides were pierced with bullets, and he himself unscathed, as indeed all our soldiers were, to the rough usage of actual warfare, it would seem, has been strangely preserved, as shown some signs of fear. Indeed he might have ruled up the colors which would inevitably call down upon him the hatred of the vast and murderous mob.—But Crowley was not made of such stuff. He had sworn to stand by his standard, and with him it was either success or die in the attempt. Pluckily he marched and bled, and the company saw at their head that standard proudly floating from a staff. No one who has never been in the service can imagine how the colors of a regiment, after a day's march, will look. Torn by bullet and shrapnel, the company have light enough to see that they should have a strange distrust runs through the whole force. Well, the troops had lost their band, they did not have even a fife and drum, and so they kept their eyes fixed upon the standard. Crowley, gun-stamp, left, left, left, the music of their own steady, measured tread, this was all they had. Crowley was the target for many a missile, for the mob knew that to disgrace the regiment it was only necessary to down with the standard. Paving stones flew thick and fast, some just grazing Crowley's head, and some hitting the standard itself, marks of which were shown us. And this shows the everlasting pluck of Crowley. One stone—my informant said it seemed as large as a hat—struck him just above the shoulders a terrible blow, and then rested on his knapsack.—And yet Crowley did not budge. Bleeding from step, he went on, carrying the rock on his knapsack for several yards, until one of the sergeants stepped up and knocked it off. And, said the chaplain, "Heaven be praised, that what the mob would have done if that standard had been taken; they never would have recovered from such a disgrace." And, added he, it seems to me, is worthy of record. Crowley showed himself a man. I was not that impulsive kind of action which we call brave; it was something better. The soldier who is simply brave is apt to have the lowest round of the ladder of heroism. All men may be brave. Crowley was cool; he knew beforehand what the consequences might be; he reckoned all the chances, and then went on, a remarkable element of character which is Godlike; it was not impulse, it was real manliness."

In this connection it may be well to take place to publish the letter received by the honorary members of the Watson Light Guard, who had sent to Mr. Crowley an elegant sword as a testimonial of their high estimation of him as a soldier, and that he might not be entirely unarmed should circumstances bring him into another place where the safety of the regiment's flag would be threatened. The letter is the next expression of the gratitude of the writer, eminently patriotic, and worthy of the noble sentiments of a true Irishman, who since the Sixth were called into the service of their country.

"One man, a Mr. Jones, had twenty shares, all but one of which he let him, and sought refuge in the fort. This last cherished one devoted affectionately to Jones, and declared he loved him. 'I'll never lash yer, Mass, nebber!' swore this poor fellow, in the simplicity of his heart, stick to my ole massa 'long as I lib!' and he nobly made good his resolution. Not a scratch nor even a bruise was received by this noble negro. Now, Jones, when he came to proceed on his journey, his devoted property in his train, was strongly pressed by him massa's horse, and neither cuffee nor massa have since been heard from."

CONVICTED OF MURDER. William B. Hill, *alias* "Bill Banks," was arrested at Manchester on Wednesday for passing counterfeit bills at Hillsboro' and Henniker, N. H., on the Beverly (Mass.) Bank and Bradford (Vt.) Bank. He also attempted at the latter place to pass a counterfeit bill on the Prescott Bank, of this city. He will undoubtedly be convicted. He is said to be a graduate of the Massachusetts State Prison.

SIXTEEN SOLDIERS, anxious to join the army, and unwilling to wait, left Boston on Saturday to March to Washington.—On Wednesday night they were met by Gen. Sprague, at the rate of speed they have made, there is a prospect of their reaching their point of destination in season to take part in the fall campaign.

AN IMPROVED CATECHISM. A young miss of our city, whose acquirements are rather beyond her years, was asked a few days since repeating the catechism at her mother's knee. In response to the question, "What did God create?" she said—"The earth, the sun, the moon, the stars *—and stripes.*"—*Buffalo Journal.*

CITY AND VICINITY.

EXPRESS BAG FOR 6TH REGIMENT.

BOARD WANTED.

REMOVAL!

A COMPLIMENT TO THE COLOR-BEARER OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

FRENCH VIEWS OF THE AMERICAN QUESTION.

SUPERIOR COURT.

SUPREME COURT.

RAILROAD BONDS.

RAILROAD STOCKS.

BANK STOCKS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY PAY-ROLL FOR MAY.

BREAD DOWN.

ATTENTION, "BUTLER RIFLES."

BOARD WANTED.

REMOVAL!

A COMPLIMENT TO THE COLOR-BEARER OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

FRENCH VIEWS OF THE AMERICAN QUESTION.

SUPERIOR COURT.

SUPREME COURT.

RAILROAD BONDS.

RAILROAD STOCKS.

BANK STOCKS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY PAY-ROLL FOR MAY.

BREAD DOWN.

WE THINK WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN SAYING

That no other Pill, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has gained, so deservedly, the reputation now enjoyed by Dr. J. Read's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh. As evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our own city:

NEW YORK, January 23, 1853.

This is to certify that I have had the liver complaint for six years, and never could get any medicine to help me until I commenced using *Dr. Read's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros. I can now say to the public, that they have completely cured me; and I do hereby recommend them to all persons afflicted with a diseased Liver. They will cure. Try them.

MARIA EVANS, No. 93 Lewis street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, and even called Read's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all the regular Patent Medicine stores. *None genuine without the name of* FLEMING BROS.
jy3 (4d)

CARPETS. Just received from New York, a splendid assortment of Tapestry, selling at less than auction prices, by HOWARD & NORTH.

HOWARD & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling so cheap at the store. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at the store of HOWARD & NORTH selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can go to the factory, and have any pattern woven that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH'S agents.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

ADVERTISEMENT.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

DR CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

DR. A. SACHURON'S HAIR DYE.

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

HAIR DYE!

DR. READ'S HAIR DYE!

DR. A. SACHURON'S HAIR DYE.

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

DENTAL NOTICE.

Insurance Company.

Mutual and Stock.

Washington Coal,

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

MARRIAGES.

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

SUMMER!

PRICES REDUCED

LADIES' EXCHANGE.

Geo. W. Warren & Co.

242 & 244 Washington St., Boston,

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated January, 1849,

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

Knickerbocker Stock and

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

$253,912.29.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

WAR HAS COME,

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

CARPETS & YARNS

FOR SALE.

CARPET THUMB

BROKEN YARNS,

REMNANTS OF CARPETS,

Damaged Carpets, &c.,

CARPET MILL, CROSBY ST.

WHIPPLE'S MILLS.

H. S. HOYNES.

SPRING STYLE, 1861,

"Patent Elastic Cushion"

HATS

YOUNG MEN.

BENT & BUSH'S

M. DEMPSEY,

A CARD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

AUCTION SALES

S. A. HARLETT, Auctioneer,

AUCTION SALES

D. F. PATCH & CO.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY OF LOWELL.

CITY CLAIMS.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEALER'S NOTICE.

HOUSE AND LAND

FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

SILVER SOAP,

FARMERS,

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

PURE ICE.

WM. & L. McFARLIN,

Wm. & L. McFarlin Jr.,

Head of Pawtucket Falls, Lowell.

Mrs. B. T. THOMPSON

No. 91 Merrimack Street

EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS!

REDUCED PRICES!

SPLENDID OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS

At Reduced Prices, to suit the times.

HIGH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 91 MERRIMACK STREET,

FARMERS.

BOURBON

"1849 RESERVE"

BININGER'S

OLD KENTUCKY

WHEAT-TONIC

For Family and Medicinal Use.

BININGER'S

OLD DOMINION

WHEAT-TONIC

For Family and Medicinal Use.

CURE FOR

PIN WORMS

A NEW DISCOVERY.

Dr. G. G. Goodwin's Pin Worm Syrup.

A Cure warranted in every case.

Relief afforded in twenty minutes.

PURE WHITE LEAD.

SAMUEL KIDDER & CO.

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

SAW DUST.

BARLEY

SILVER SOAP,

FARMERS.

BRINGER'S

OLD DOMINION

WHEAT-TONIC

For Family and Medicinal Use.

BRINGER'S

OLD KENTUCKY

BOURBON

"1849 RESERVE"

FARMERS.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Constitutions of Societies, Printing Blanks, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, Bye-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, printed with the richest variety of Borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, of a superior, attractive style.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. V. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

DR. JAMES C. LEKFLRE, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those who suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself having taken them for dyspepsia prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it to all who have symptoms of its merits."

Dr. WM. M KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with the greatest success, and with them made several cures of paralization of the limbs and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomtville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much afflicted, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility; palpitation of the heart, the most severe and prostrating character, "often using a few bottles I was restored to perfect health and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for many years in all of his bones; he had used at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Sherry Wine Bitters to the entire satisfaction of himself and wife, and will do him no good. Dyspepsia, indigestion, dyspepsia, your complaints; kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain cure.

Sold by HUNT writes from Pine Grove, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he must say all of 53 persons to whom he has sold it merit the cause of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Dr. J. C. MEHERS, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., 1857: "I most cheerfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and will who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 dlaw3m

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mills is warranted to be equal to the best Old London (wood Oil), and the superior quality for Inside Painting and Finishing is believed to be not excelled by any establishment in the world. 250 White Lead casks so marked, are now in store, ready for sale, at Boston prices.

The Company's Agents, with the exception of the manufacturers of Coit Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for months (a number of years), and his experience, connected with important improvements in the manufacture of White Lead, enables the Company to warrant the article manufactured.

Orders may be left with the Company's Agents, or with the Manufacturers, at the Mills, or at the Office of CHARLES R. CODMAN, No. 8 and 9 Merchants Building, Dutton street, Lowell. ap16dlyf

DR. DOWSE'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is the surprise to anything of the kind ever offered to the public. Its effects are so harsh in a diseased state, producing a free and very water running from the eyes, nose, mouth and down the throat, with a cough, sneezing, sob, and evaporating, becomes a thick, gluey substance, laying the foundation for Catarrh, Bronchitis and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Young children are troubled much with this water running from the head into the throat, causing a cough; and often when the child coughs and raises, and swallows the phlegm, it fills the stomach and whipping cough, and child dies with the croup, unless immediate relief is offered. As the child snuff up some of Dr. Dowse's Catarrh Snuff when they have taken cold, and it will prevent all these troubles. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Prepared by DR. J. DOWSE, No. 19 East Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. nov23tf

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov15

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Rogersia's Preparation Rogersia's Wash Balls, Rogersia's Powder, Complexion or Bloom, and Rogersia's Hair Dye, White's Cosmetic, Trefoil and Bandoline, for sale at E. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets. may8

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LIQUORINE, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Gilt, Gold & Silver Ware, Mirrors, &c.—This article is warranted. It will be found powerful, yet harmless, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by the use of this article, will look as new. Sold by the proprietor, No. 27 Merrimack Street, where it may be had at wholesale and retail. Prepared only by E. KIDDER, Jr.

Corner Merrimack and John sts. may8

HAM'S UNIVERSAL REMEDY.

nov17 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

E. S. HAYNES,

HAS just received a large assortment of the heaviest India Rubber SHUTTONS—the best kind in the market, for Hotels, Billiard Saloons, &c. Please call and examine at 46 Merrimack Street. mh15

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Inland Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada Road.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Pond,	$6.50
" " " Charleston,	5.00
" " " Derby,	4.00
" " " Newport,	4.00
" " " Stanstead,	5.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, inc rate at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, where the public are invited to call for particular information.

ja1 ja26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair; also for the following Pianos for Sale on good assortment of the above-named makers' Pianos, which they offer for sale at the lowest prices for every purchaser, viz:

1 Rosewood Piano, Square Grand, 7 octaves.
1 " " Cabinet Grand, 7 octaves.
1 " " Square, 7 octaves.
1 Mahogany Piano, Square, 7 octaves.

N. B.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let. Lowell, June 8, 1861. jn8dly

Working Men, Women and Children

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money without the investment of a dollar, has been discovered, and is now being successfully carried out by many who, until they learned this simple business, were comparatively poor. We have over 500 testimonials from men who are making from $20 to $30 per week. Any man or woman who a few months since was worth nothing is now the owner of $1000, all earned by their own hands, assisted by a circular for which he paid the sum of $1.00. Any one can clear from $5 to $12 per week. Boys can clear from $3 to $6 per week. A pamphlet containing all directions necessary for a full understanding of the business, and where enabled to commence in a commence work immediately, will be sent on receipt of $1. No secret to be invested in stock or materials. We have sold this business to over 10,000 people in England and Ireland, and have just introduced it in this country.

Address H. H. MARTIN & CO.
aug24 Boston, Mass

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in saving Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now a new remedy, having been introduced in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered for the speedy, painless and sure destruction. Prepared only by

E. S. DAVIS, Druggist,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh14

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Cane to Ivory and Gold setting, Plaiting, Engraving, &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may23 dlf

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

FENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

May. 1860 may16dly

Wood's Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD REVOVATOR,

Sold by JOHN T. BILLINGS. nov15

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

FOR the alleviation of bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, and all disorders of the throat and lungs. Public speakers and singers find the troches useful in clearing the voice and increasing the voice. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr. corner of Merrimack and John streets. bb14

HATS.

E. DAZER, at the COUNTER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well known manufacturers of that city.

The sweat leather of the Hat is so adjusted as to form a protection to the head as it rests on the body of the Hat, securing all the ease of the Felt Hat, without using an article to heat the head or enlarge the Hat.

☞ Hats made to order at the shortest notice, fitted to the head by the use of the Contemplator.

mar7 Corner Central and Market sts.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hair more than any other hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It allays the fever.

It removes dandruff.

It cools the head.

It costs 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK SALOON, from 12 to 2 o'clock, P. M., every day.

The bill of fare will embrace a good variety, as we are the sole proprietors of the saloon, and at the lowest possible prices.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to secure the patronage of persons who may be detained from dinners at a remote hour.

jy10 H. EMERY

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine, to meet the frequent changes in the thickness and variety of sewing required in a family. They will sew from fine linen gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In fact such a machine best adapted to family use; and if ever adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing in manufactories? For such too large for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, as goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, is that fully demonstrates all the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Maryland State Fair

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Mechanics' Fair in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium at the Crystal Palace.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the Premium and Diploma at the Fair, 1860.

Fact No. 10.—I use Machines can do the same kind of work as the Machines of any other make.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE are not to be found in any machines now before the public, and which have never been or used them. Hence the conclusion that they are the best machines in any part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the best machines in use?" is answered by the adoption of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To those who apply to us we offer the above well and undeniable Facts—Facts that are facts—not Facts, which are known by mere reference to certain professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of certain personal obligations, but Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, and by the verdict of the people, or manufactories.

The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines, and will hereafter sell them at the following low prices, which includes all necessary appendages, including the best of needles and silk, and a printed instruction book, without which no advertising physicians or medicines of this kind is deserving of PATRONAGE OR CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

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E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 1. $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 2. 75 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 3. 50 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 4. 25 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 5. 12½ cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 6. 6¼ cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 7. 3 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 8. 1½ cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 9. ¾ cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 10. ½ cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 11. ¼ cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 12. ⅛ cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 13. 1/16 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 14. 1/32 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 15. 1/64 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 16. 1/128 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 17. 1/256 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 18. 1/512 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 19. 1/1024 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 20. 1/2048 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 21. 1/4096 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 22. 1/8192 cents per gallon; 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Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 64. 1/36028797018963968 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 65. 1/72057594037927936 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 66. 1/144115188075855872 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 67. 1/288230376151711744 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 68. 1/576460752303423488 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 69. 1/1152921504606846976 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 70. 1/2305843009213693952 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 71. 1/4611686018427387904 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 72. 1/9223372036854775808 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 73. 1/18446744073709551616 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 74. 1/36893488147419103232 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 75. 1/73786976294838206464 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 76. 1/147573952589676412928 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 77. 1/295147905179352825856 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 78. 1/590295810358705651712 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 79. 1/1180591620717411303424 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 80. 1/2361183241434822606848 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 81. 1/4722366482869645213696 cents per gallon; 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Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 173. 1/23384026197294446691259457323460528314494920687616 cents per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery,

THE DAILY COURIER.
Saturday, June 8, 1861.

MEETING OF CONGRESS. Members of Congress have already begun to arrive in Washington, to be present at the meeting of Congress on the 4th of next month.—Hon. Emerson Etheredge of Tenn., who has been in Washington for some days, was obliged to flee from home to save his life; and there was no place where he could better serve his country, which he refuses to desert, than in its capital. It is suggested that the next speaker of the House of Representatives will be Gov. of Pennsylvania, or Blair of Missouri.

For some time past there has been considerable speculation as to what measures will be recommended to us by President and Cabinet that he will have possession of Richmond and Memphis by July 15th.

PATRIOTIC LETTER FROM HON. EDWARD EVERETT. The following letter, written to a Virginia correspondent by Hon. Edward Everett, with no thought of its being published, we found in the *Boston Advertiser* of a late date. It is an admirable thing, and should interest all our readers. If finely, briefly sets forth the difficulties between the North and the South, and deals with facts so familiarly that none can fail to admire the writer for the honest, simple manner in which he justifies himself and all friends of the Government for their loyalty at this time. The letter is dated May 15th; the name of the gentleman to whom it is addressed is withheld, as the correspondence was not designed to be made public.—

Your letter of the 9th reached me yesterday, and I read it with mingled feelings: gratified that your friendly regard had not yet survived the shock of the times, and grieved at the different view we take of the existing crisis.

You will know by me you that I sustained the South, at the utmost total sacrifice of influence and favor at home, so long as I believed that she was pursuing constitutional objects. This I did, although the South began the attack upon the principle of the false and indefensible position, by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the persevering attempt to force slavery into the territory of Kansas, by surprise, fraud and violence, against the will of a decided overwhelming majority of the people. I pursued this course for the purpose of strengthening the hands of patriotic Union men at the South; although I was well aware, partly from facts within my personal knowledge, that leading Southern politicians had for thirty years been resolved to break up the Union, as soon as they ceased to control the United States government, and that the slavery question was but a pretext for keeping up agitation, and how they will be borne out in whatever measures they may adopt designed to crush out effectually the wicked rebellion that was begot, fostered, and has been engendered to its present position by the vile traitors whose empty seats will be under their eyes. The session should be a harmonious one—a short one, and prolonged to all its measures, which should be expressive of the vigor, the power, and the patriotism of the people, who not only make full, impartial exercise of the laws, and that our government shall not be overthrown by a small band of unprincipled men, who have for years been bathed in perjury while assuming to act as the representatives of the people in the halls of a republican government.

ABOUT THE BLOCKADE. The number of war ships now afloat, and all of which are soon to be stationed at the various ports of entry along the Southern coast, is 116. There is to be no boy's play about the blockade. It is also apparent that government will go for an immediate increase of the NAVY; and nothing has so much stimulated the minds of the American people to the necessity of a step of this kind, as the position taken by England in relation to the rebellion in this country. She is to send an armed fleet into our waters for the protection of her commerce—the South thinks to break our blockade, and there have been less grounds for anticipating mischief then these; and government simply places a few rebel States on the same footing as the Government itself, and if all the encouragement the rebels could desire before having become a power, even from which they could demand a recognition as an independent confederacy. It is quite important that our Government should have a naval force to enforce the blockade the ports of the South, and maintain the blockade, even if England irrationally interferes, which she has no more right to do than she has to interfere in case of a revolt in the Massachusetts State Prison.

The blockade at the South is already having a marked influence on the trade of the principal cities. We quote a paragraph from a morning paper:—

"A gentleman direct from New Orleans says, in regard to the entire commerce of the South, that it is in a most wretched and frightful condition. He says he thinks that will suffer most will be Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas. In regard to the latter State he says he was in Galveston on the 10th of May; that the blockade is rigidly enforced the people will starve to death. When he left there, bacon was twenty-five cents per pound, and flour eighteen dollars per barrel, and a very limited supply at that. They were then almost wholly dependent on New Orleans for means of subsistence. When that source of supply is cut off they will be in an awful condition."

The *New York Herald*, of Friday, claiming to speak on the authority of private advices from distinguished Americans in London, intimates that a good display of backbone to John Bull is absolutely essential at this time. The report is that in "recent conversation with a high official of the British government, he informed them that it had been determined by the ministry to send a most strongly sympathized to American waters; that accordingly they were fitting out at many yards a large number of the largest class war vessels, ostensibly, it was understood, for a Gulf, but really intended to operate along the southern coast. They say it was becoming more and more manifest every day that the British ministry strongly sympathized with the Southern Confederacy.—Only let the Lincoln government, they say, assume a bold and determined policy toward England, and all may yet be well."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

EX-GOV. ROSE, of Delaware, has fled to Europe. He has been engaged in sending arms to the rebels.

Letters from Col. Fremont state that he has purchased 10,000 rifles and several batteries of rifle-cannon. He says the rebel Commissioners have bought two steamers for $350,000, which are to sail for the Southern ports under the British flag, and to be registered as British property.

Dr. Kimball has reached Washington from Fortress Monroe. He says that slavery in Virginia is at an end.

Gen. Scott has informed the President and Cabinet that he will have possession of Richmond and Memphis by July 15th.

"let you alone?" But, my good friend, the South demands a great deal more than "peace." She claims the capital of the country, although she has but a third of the population. She claims the control of the outlet of the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries; the right to command the most direct route from the Atlantic to the Ohio, Indiana and Illinois—States whose population amounts to five and a half millions (the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad); the right to dragoon the State of Maryland and the entire part of your own State, with Kentucky, Missouri and Tennessee into joining the Southern Confederacy; the right to occupy the fortresses which protect the trade of the Gulf of Mexico; the right to shut up the outlet of the Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri; and finally, she claims the right for any State, that chooses to do so, to secede at will, to break up the Union. In enforcing these unconstitutional, monstrous, and unheard of usurpations, she asks to be "let alone;" and when the government of the United States, in obedience to the solemn oaths of its members (from which the leaders of the revolt dishonor themselves) takes measures to defend itself, the capital of the Union, the public establishments, and the rights of the whole people against this invasion, long premeditated by ambitious and disappointed politicians, she is "up in arms" and "coerces" the South.

I cannot describe to you, my dear friend, the sorrow caused me by this state of things. Circumstances, as you well know, led me to cultivate personal friendly relations at the South, more extensively than you, however, fully in the power of the South to have produced a different result. But the disastrous determination to have their own candidate, though mistaken, I trust, in the belief that he shared their disloyal views, I take this charge against them without scruple, justified by subsequent events, as well as by the language of the entire Union press at the South during the canvass.

But the election was decided, the disunionists could not wait for *overt acts*, because they knew none would or could be committed. They knew that there was an anti-republican majority in the Senate, and this they would be sure to use to embarrass the House. They "precipitated" the rupture of the Union twelve days after the blockade is rigidly enforced the people will starve to death. When he left there, bacon was twenty-five cents per pound, and flour eighteen dollars per barrel, and a very limited supply at that. They were then almost wholly dependent on New Orleans for means of subsistence. When that source of supply is cut off they will be in an awful condition."

The *New York Herald*, of Friday, claiming to speak on the authority of private advices from distinguished Americans in London, intimates that a good display of backbone to John Bull is absolutely essential at this time. The report is that in "recent conversation with a high official of the British government, he informed them that it had been determined by the ministry to send a most strongly sympathized to American waters; that accordingly they were fitting out at many yards a large number of the largest class war vessels, ostensibly, it was understood, for a Gulf, but really intended to operate along the southern coast. They say it was becoming more and more manifest every day that the British ministry strongly sympathized with the Southern Confederacy.—Only let the Lincoln government, they say, assume a bold and determined policy toward England, and all may yet be well."

ABOUT THE BLOCKADE. The number of war ships now afloat, and all of which are soon to be stationed at the various ports of entry along the Southern coast, is 116. There is to be no boy's play about the blockade. It is also apparent that government will go for an immediate increase of the NAVY; and nothing has so much stimulated the minds of the American people to the necessity of a step of this kind, as the position taken by England in relation to the rebellion in this country. She is to send an armed fleet into our waters for the protection of her commerce—the South thinks to break our blockade, and there have been less grounds for anticipating mischief then these; and government simply places a few rebel States on the same footing as the Government itself, and if all the encouragement the rebels could desire before having become a power, even from which they could demand a recognition as an independent confederacy. It is quite important that our Government should have a naval force to enforce the blockade the ports of the South, and maintain the blockade, even if England irrationally interferes, which she has no more right to do than she has to interfere in case of a revolt in the Massachusetts State Prison.

The blockade at the South is already having a marked influence on the trade of the principal cities. We quote a paragraph from a morning paper:—

"A gentleman direct from New Orleans says, in regard to the entire commerce of the South, that it is in a most wretched and frightful condition. He says he thinks that will suffer most will be Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas. In regard to the latter State he says he was in Galveston on the 10th of May; that the blockade is rigidly enforced the people will starve to death. When he left there, bacon was twenty-five cents per pound, and flour eighteen dollars per barrel, and a very limited supply at that. They were then almost wholly dependent on New Orleans for means of subsistence. When that source of supply is cut off they will be in an awful condition."

THE WAR NEWS.

From Washington. Five companies of regular infantry, with a band and eleven heavily laden wagons, left their barracks in the first ward yesterday afternoon, and took passage, it is reported, for Chambersburg. This movement, in connection with the concentration of troops at that point, is regarded as indicative of immediate designs by the Government on Harper's Ferry.

The works beyond Arlington House, near Hoover's place, opposite Georgetown, are being rapidly and effectually strengthened by the United States forces there.—Thirty-six guns have been mounted on the embankments. An attack is expected by rebels from Manassas Junction.

There has been no advance on Fairfax by the Federal troops.

The *Washington Republican* pronounces as false the report about the recovery and retiring the Merrimac, Dolphin sail other vessels at Norfolk.

An offer has been made to the Government to construct a steel-plated ship, which will be bomb and shell proof, within six months from the time the contract is signed. We are unadvised whether the Government has given any countenance to the proposition.

Cairo, The *New York Herald* last night had a dispatch stating that Gen. Pillow was advancing on Cairo, and an attack was momentarily expected. The troops were advancing on both sides of the river. We hope this is true.

Gen. Prentiss having learned that some Kentucky rebels had established a camp at Elliott's Mills, 10 miles distant, sent two companies there. The enemy had fled. [Our types made us say Butler instead of Prentiss, yesterday.]

Col. Wickliffe, who represents Kentucky in a semi-official character, visited General Prentiss yesterday, and protested against the invasion of Kentucky soil. Gen. Prentiss replied in courteous letters citing Kentucky, asking protection from ruffianism. He has declared his intention to send troops in whatever direction and upon such soil as his Government has ordered.

Four bridges between Alexandria and Fairfax Court House have been burnt, thus hindering the use of the bridges to the Federal troops.

Gen. Beauregard is at Memphis and also at Manassas Junction. The places are a great distance from each other, but there is no doubt about his being in both—if reports are to be believed.

Harper's Ferry. A number of Virginia companies at Harper's Ferry have been disbanded, and most of the soldiers from Berkeley county have returned home. A deserter states that desertions have reduced some of the companies to about half of their original number. He says there is no discipline, only one-half armed, and food is only obtained by a scramble, a fight or by foraging. Half the force are watching for an opportunity to desert, and he ridicules the idea of their being in a condition to repel the force approaching from Chambersburg. He thinks secession is played out in that part of Virginia, and that the place will be evacuated. Jeff. Davis is expected there to-day. Another report contradicts much of the above, and says that there is no idea of an evacuation, that there are 17,000 troops ready for service, and more every day arriving.

Slaves that have escaped from the neighborhood of Aquia Creek, state that the rebels at that place have to eat only used rifle field-pieces, which they have used at various points, changing them according to the fire of vessels. They have not used their batteries. Large trees are being felled, are masked behind an old fish house outside of the range of vessels' guns.

Relay Station. Winfield S. Sanderson is the name of the man arrested at the Relay House, and he belongs in Richmond. Instead of $50,000 to pay the rebel troops, he had a large amount of engraved notes for southern banks. Lady has been arrested, a number of suspicious letters were found on him. At Baltimore, a trunk marked for a lady in Wheeling, Va., on the same train, not checked, was found to contain over 50,000 percussion caps.

PATRIOTIC BIRDS. Capt. N. G. B. Dexter has on his premises in Dexter Street, a bird-house which is occupied by a pair of blue-winged birds. The male bird has constant girl left a piece of red ribbon on the roof of the bird-house, and the female is making her absence from the room a few minutes is mysteriously disappeared and could not be found. A few days since the cause was discovered waving from one of the upper windows of the bird-house, and requires a respectable looking flag for such an establishment and its occupants. Not much was thought of the circumstance, and when evening came, the flag or ribbon had disappeared. It could be seen occasionally by supposing that it had blown away, but on the flag re-appearing the next morning, curiosity was excited, and a watch was established the fact that the birds pulled the flag into the house every evening and put it out every morning. Several persons witnessed the operation. How the birds have fastened the flag to their residence is not known, but it is secure there. The housing is large, and the birds have expended it to the breeze in the morning, had continued about a week, when we last heard of the patriotic pair of red-breasted birds. The cause must be bad when the birds condemn.—*Lowell Courier Chronicle.*

GOV. YATES is named as the successor of Hon. Stephen A. Douglas in the United States Senate. It will be remembered, that Gov. Yates was the first Governor to appoint a man for the extra session of Congress, which meets on the 4th of July.

But, seriously, if the person who wrote the paragraph referred to, wishes to be convinced of the error he labors under, let him take call at the office and examine the register, and he will no longer doubt that though among outsiders this may not be the case in the city proper, yet among a large class, whose names are well known to the public (judging by the large portion of each year which they every year board here) that they, at least, consider ours a first class house, and we should take it into his head to visit us on the 4th of July, when we are hourly prostrated to leave our rooms, to take cool cotes, and a troublesome Cough soothe the most marked results. They at once relieve the Cough and other symptoms, and entirely remove that most irritability and soreness of the Lungs which is the cause of the Cough. Those Troches are combined in an agreeable form and pleasant to the taste, so that any child will readily take them; and they are warranted to give relief in ten minutes after one in all cases.

Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr.

Attend's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists have it. 4w5

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

This morning which was to have been held in the South Congregational Church in-course (Sunday) evening, by the clergy of the city, to consider the subject of Intemperance and the Public Morals, is deferred in consequence of the absence of engagements of those who are to take part in it, to Sunday evening, June 23d.

MAJ. LOUIS DYER will speak in the trance state, at Welles' Hall, next Sabbath. Subject in the morning—*Self Esteem*; in the afternoon—*God's Duty to Man*.

EXPRESS BAG FOR 67TH REGIMENT.

The express bag for the Lowell artillery of the 67th Regiment, will be sent up by the Southern Aid Association of Lowell, this afternoon, at 5 o'clock. Any other small articles, and especially of clothing, will be thankfully received by the Lowell Post Office.

June 8, 1861. 1w5d6f

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 21 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street, May 31, 1861. 1m2d3f

LOWELL BANKS. The following is the official statement of the condition of the Banks in Lowell, for the five weeks ending June 1, 1861:—

	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Deposits.
Appleton,	$250,000	$350,000	$120,000
Lowell,	300,000	342,850	2,525
Merrimack,	150,000	224,000	2,000
Prescott,	200,000	238,700	13,411
Tremont,	300,000	400,000	60,000
Wamesit,	150,000	263,193	3,894
	1,350,000	$1,818,743	$201,830
Appleton,	$50,291	$50,962	$167,479
Lowell,	27,000	27,000	914
Merchants,	27,273	31,227	107,671
Merrimack,	38,518	38,518	100,000
Lowell,	107,508	107,508	453,784
Prescott,	44,000	44,000	52,274
	294,590	$299,215	$881,122
	May 4th.	June 1st.	Increase.
Capital,	$1,350,000	$1,350,000	
Loans, &c.,	1,801,474	1,818,743	$17,269
Deposits,	1,000,000	881,122	
Circulation,	294,590	299,215	4,625
Deposits,	54,171	52,957	$1,214
Circulation,	1,001,108	982,590	18,518
			$1,986
			16,532

NEW LIBERTY-POLE. A new flag-staff will shortly be raised by the city, in Merrimack Square, in front of the Old Corporation House. The stick for the mainmast, says the Citizen, grew in Baltimore. It was purchased in Boston, where it has lain in water for five or six years. It is about seventy-five feet in length, and it is intended that the whole length of the pole shall be about one hundred and thirty feet. It will be painted and gilt in the usual direction of the committee on lands and buildings, by Messrs. Furnald & Rollins, of this city, and will be completed by the middle of the fourth of July. The spot selected in Tewksbury. A new flag will be hoisted upon it.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH. This edifice, now being erected on Gorham Street, the corner stone of which was laid on the 15th of April, is in a good state of progress, the walls being up and the roof nearly on. The walls are not very high, giving the building a low appearance, although we cannot but think it will be elegant when finished. The audience-room will be about

RETURNED. Messrs. Samuel Horn, A. B. French, I. F. Scripture, J. B. Fielding and E. M. Sargent, have returned from the seat of war, whither they have been on a visit.

Charles Cowley, Esq., leaves for the same scenes this afternoon, and will be absent a week or ten days.

SANBORN, corner of Central and Middle Streets has cuirasities from Fortress Monroe; among other things a stereoscopic view of the Hygeia House.

WARREN DIVISION. The regular meeting Monday evening, June 10th. All members are especially requested to be present.

The sermon on the fourth page is an able one, and will repay perusal.

DESTRUCTION OF COTTON. Seven thousand bales of cotton were burned at Liverpool on the 21st ult. The fire was first discovered in a bale of cotton which was being hoisted from the ship into the warehouse. It is possible that the amiable smokers "indigenous to Great Britain," concealed matches in the bales of cotton sold to the English manufacturers!

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

CENTRAL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those looking to be suited from our assortment can go home well pleased and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE received this week, at reduced prices, by Frizon, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through lines, (choice of route) at the lowest rates. Also tickets bought, sold and exchanged, at the lowest rates, by E. RICHARDSON, Agent.
No. 10 Boylston Block, Central street, Lowell.

RICHARD SPRY,
Successor to the late E. RICHARDSON,
No. 10 Boylston Block, Central street, Lowell.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street, Lowell.
6m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. S. Coburn, S. W. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
L. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall,
L. G. Howe, Wm. Hall, E. F. Sherman.
Jacob Sparhawk.

Mutual and Stock.

The undersigned have this day entered into a co-partnership for the purpose of Dental Surgery and will continue at the present location, No. 4 Merrimack Square, Lowell.
ANDREW LAWRENCE, M. D.
ANDREW LAWRENCE, Jr.
Lowell, June 1, 1861.

THREE three extensive Laboratories have been established at Lowell and will be constantly engaged in the manufacture of DR. E. L. SANDERSON'S CELEBRATED PILLS. All the combined talent, experience and research of the age has been brought to bear upon this article known in the Pyramidal Pill. Persons Colored in Barrels. Machine play of Ten Thousand Dollars. Ten Thousand Dollars Reward will be paid to any of the Proprietors for Cities or Towns, and Private Individuals, who will counterfeit the Pill or Wrapper. Torpedoes at 25 cents to a 10 lb. Rocket, will find it positive cure for Consumption. Sold by Agents.

HOLDEN, CUTTER & CO.
At their Wholesale Warehouse, 4 to 8 PERSEVERANCE BUILDING, 17, 19, 21, 113, 115 CORN HILL, BOSTON.

Also, RETAIL DEPOT 163 WASHINGTON STREET, Opposite Old South Church.

Price List sent free to all wishing it.
☞ We offer at Wholesale and Retail, all the various kinds of Patent Medicines now in use. ☜
Lowell, June 1, 1861. 1m2d

New York Oysters.

NEW YORK OYSTERS are daily received by express from New York, at the RESTAURANT of ELDOO. These Oysters are much superior to the oysters direct from Virginia.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

BOX TILES for Oysts, at BRADLEY'S Corner Box Shop.

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns brightest,
It burns less quantity,
It burns less time,
It burns less ashes,
Than any other first burning coal. And the cheapest coal in market for sale by
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Head of our agent, J. HOWARD, 18 MERRIMACK street. may14d6f

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Are the result of long experience in the treatment of Suppression or stoppage of the natural evacuations to which the female system is subject.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the Prescription of the celebrated PHYSICIAN, DR. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years been extensively used in private practice, and their success in all cases of Female Irregularities, and all derangements of the peculiar discharges, whether arising from cold, constitutional debility, or from a shock in removing the parts that accompany difficult menstruation, will be found in the following cases: Chlorosis, or Green Sickness, Pain in the Loins, Back and Side, Hysterics, Spasms, Sudden Stops, and other Nervous affections, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Whites, or Leucorrhœa, Pain in Walking, Dizziness, Nausea, or Sickness of the Stomach, Fainting, Coldness of the Extremities, Dropsical Swellings, Shortness of Breath, Hysterical Affections, Hysterical or Nervous Chills, Fever, Nervous Irritability, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Head, Drowsiness, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, Loss of Power, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Coldness of the Feet, Paleness of the Face, Eruptions on the Skin, Blotches, Pimples, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Shingles, Itch, Scurvy, Boils, Carbuncles, Coughs, Consumption, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the Side, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Tic Doloureux, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Female Complaints, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Gravel, Stone, Strangury, Dysentery, Piles, Worms, Colic, Cramps, Spasms, Sudden Attacks of Pain, Mumps, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Sore Eyes, Ear Ache, Deafness, Loss of Memory, Delirium, Insanity, Fits, Nervous Debility, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, Sterility, Barrenness, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Urinary Organs, Blood, Skin, Stomach, Bowels, Nerves, Heart, Lungs, Head, Throat, Side, Back, Limbs, Joints, Muscles, Feet, Hands, Eyes, Ears, Nose, Mouth, Teeth, Gums, Tongue, Throat, Chest, Breast, Arms, Legs, Fingers, Toes, Nails, Hair, Face, Neck, Shoulders

RELIGIOUS.

SABBATH DAYS.

Types of eternal rest, fair book of bliss.
In human-toiled flowers unfolding work by week—
The next world's gladness imaged forth in time!
Days of whose worth the Christian's heart can speak.

Eternity is time—the steps by which
The Infinite to finite can—things that light,
Man, climbing, to eternity days, and thought enrich,
Hidden redemption for the week's dull flight.

Wakeners of prayer in man—his resting heaven,
Measures shines within you, or around you,
Where, from like Jehovah's walking hours
Are waited for as in the cool of day.

Days fixed by God for intercourse with dust,
Yet ours for unloosing and, entirely our powers;
Portions consecrated to cause our trust—
A channel of grace after six days' showers.

A King Way marked out through alien-site drear,
By radiant mark that warns as well as shines—
A clue which he who follows loses not,
Though letters and thorns around his pathway twine.

Forerunner of heaven on earth—pledges of joy
Surpassing heart's delight and beyond its dreams,
The prelude of a feast that cannot cloy,
And the bright-cast-crown of immortal glory.

The Treason of Judas:

THE POWER OF REMORSE.

A SERMON.

BY REV. DR. HENRY,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Delivered at Washington on Sunday, May 22nd.

TEXT—Then Judas, who had betrayed him, when he saw that he was condemned, repented himself, and brought again the thirty pieces of silver to the chief priests and elders, saying, I have sinned in that I have betrayed the innocent blood. And they said, what is that to us? see thou to that. And he cast down the pieces of silver in the temple, and departed, and went and hanged himself. And the chief priests took the silver pieces, and said, it is not lawful for to put them into the treasury, because it is the price of blood. And they took counsel, and bought with them the potter's field, to bury strangers in.—Matthew xxvii. 3-7.

It has often been said—and although it is a matter of pure conjecture, yet is not an unnatural one—that the horrors of remorse which Judas when, through covetousness, he bargained with the Jewish rulers to betray our Lord into their hands, must have suffered that he was betraying him to death. He had seen many wonderful displays of our Lord's divine power, and he believed that he would deliver himself from the malice of his enemies by some fresh exertion of that power. Be this as it may, when he saw that he was condemned and delivered over to Roman authority to be crucified, he repented himself, and brought again the thirty pieces of silver to the chief priests and elders, saying, I have sinned in that I have betrayed the innocent blood. It is as if he said: What is that to us? see thou to that. And he cast down the thirty pieces of silver in the temple, and departed and went out and hanged himself.

I have no apology to make for Judas—His name is justly branded with infamy by the verdict of the ages, and will be to the end of time. He sold his Lord—sold him self for the mean reward of money; sold himself to do a deed of the basest treachery. He sold life—the innocent life of God—he and just one; the life of the master he was bound to serve. But his self-consciousness here raised, contained favorably with that of the Jewish rulers to bring about the acted basely indeed, but without malice; thy basely, and with the wickedest malice. His confessed his guilt, confessed it openly and rendered back the price of blood; they knew the innocence of Jesus from the beginning, and cared nothing for the "Judas" testimony; they derided the notion of letting go the child they had slain, and treated the remorseful traitor with contempt and scorn, as the worst men always do the poorer villains, the serviceable tools whom they employ and then cast off. Remorse, he threw down the money, and went and hanged himself. They had no compunction for seeking the death of an innocent person—none for bribing the traitor; but they had a great regard for scruples about putting the price of blood back again into the sacred treasury; the money which had taken it in order to pay the traitor his reward to accomplish their malicious purpose. So they took pious counsel about it, one of the oldest priests "leading in prayer," and they resolved to devote it to the benevolent use! They buy a free burial ground for poor strangers to be buried in and doubtless took great credit to themselves for their pious scruples and benefi cent appropriation of the price of blood which the traitor had flung back upon them. They broke up their holy conference, rubbing their hands with pious satisfaction, and departed to Pilate's hall to press forward the death of their victim by urging on the passions of the mob, and on the fears of the reluctant but feeble-willed governor. I say the traitor Judas, wicked and blasphemous as he was, compares favorably with those lordly hypocrites, with their cold-blooded malice and pious scruples.

My brethren: All through history you will find it written, that the greatest criminals are your pharisaic criminals; the worst villainy, your religious villainy—men who make long prayers and cheat widows into the mint, anise and cummin, and tread under foot justice and judgment and mercy; practice malice, suborn perjury, compass the death of the just, and then go home and adorn altars; edit Christian papers, subscribe to societies for distributing pious tracts, and uphold the slave trade.

But it is Judas and his repentance that I am to speak. His repentance was not of the sort that cleanses the soul, that heals and restores and saves. It was remorse—not contrition—a deep, dark horror at the crime that did not melt, but froze his soul—a gnawing, a sense of guilt, a dread unbearable and drove him to suicide as a refuge from himself.

My brethren: the human soul is more fearfully and wonderfully made than the boldest human frame. There are in it mysterious depths which are seldom sounded—possibilities of goodness and of crime, of bliss and of woe, of hope and of despair, which few of us dream of. And this case of Judas, and a thousand others like it, belong to that class of dead events in which—

> Just thereby instruction on actual evil rises,
> Our inward monitions to guard against those
> Illustrated by, but if regarded unheeded,
> At length, as they fashioned, so changed,
> Works in our guilty hearts and selfish lives
> Their will, howsoever good and evil may be,
> And while she warns us, points us to our end.

Conscience is God's voice in every soul. It begins to speak with the first dawn of reason, and never ceases while life lasts—it expresses itself in the irresistible conviction, which every human being feels, which no human being can deny, that right is right because it is right; that wrong is wrong because it is wrong; that right ought always, and at all events *to be done*, and that wrong *ought never, never, nor for any reason whatever, to be done*. It is a voice of *unconditional command*. Its utterances are *Let nothing hinder thee from doing right; let nothing induce thee to do wrong*. If you obey it, and you can, you feel that you have done well; that you have served the approbation of Eternal Justice, and you know that you have it. You are at peace with yourself, at peace with God, at peace with the universe. Your soul is full of light; the light of God's conscience shines within you and around, in radiance issuing as reflected from everything; all things are light, and you walk in the light. *There is no peace, no joy, equal to that which springs from the testimony of one approving conscience*, the inward consciousness that you have obeyed its voice, that you have honestly done or tried to do its bidding because it was its bidding.

On the other hand, if you disobey its voice (and it is the fearful prerogative of *your* wonderful nature that you can) if you refuse or neglect to do what it bids you to do, if you do what it bids you not to do, you feel that you have done ill, you feel that you are guilty, you stand condemned in your own eyes; you know that you deserve condemnation at the hands of Eternal Justice, and you know that you are condemned; your peace is gone. You are not at peace with yourself. You are not at peace with God, nor with the universe, nor with anything in it. There is none for you anywhere, save in penitence and a humble, true return to your right mind.—Your soul is dark. No light of God's countenance shines within you, or around you, or is reflected upon you from anything. All things are dark, and you walk in darkness.

All this is inevitable, if your conscience is at all awake, and in proportion as it is awake. You can, indeed, to some extent stupefy it, or drown its voice in the excitements of reward life in the whirl of business, the struggles of ambition, or the pursuits of pleasure; and so far exhibit escape the full measure of retributive; though even then, and at the best, amidst all your excitements and all your guilty joys, you must have a peace, no light; and at times, perhaps, dark misgivings and a restless dread. But except or later, for at least one hour will come when conscience will awake, never to sleep again.

It will awake to arraign you, to condemn you, to overwhelm you with a sense of guilt, of desert, of terrible and dreadful. It will bite like a serpent, and sting like an adder.

I suppose *there is no anguish equal to the anguish of a guilty conscience* when fully awakened, no pang equal to the horrors of remorse, when the soul is brought face to face with its sins, and compelled to look at them, to recognise them, to remember them, to view their guilt as Divine Justice views them; to pass sentence upon itself, and to hear God's voice echoing in the depths of its own, as a sound like the damnation it passes on itself.

Observation, history, books, give us many terribly instructive illustrations of remorse and despair—of men surrounded with terrible images, and driven by the power of their own guilty conscience to self-accusation, self-condemnation, and the sad and tragical end which are certain to result from the use of narcotics to stupefy the conscience, and from violating its stern reproofs and being invariably followed by its terrible retributions. Brandreth's Universal Vegetable Antibilious Physic or Brandreth's Antivitis Cordial cures from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibilities of your constitution, as do many other cathartic medicines, by removing all pain and irritation from the bowels, and consequently all motive for action, by the use of Brandreth's Pills you may have at hand a remedy which will never fail to relieve you of the most severe pain, and at the same time

Invigorate

the whole system, and thereby restore to health and vigor every organ of the body. Brandreth's Pills are purely vegetable, and cannot injure the most delicate constitution. Brandreth's Pills are purely vegetable, and cannot injure the most delicate constitution.

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR.

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reptiling and Repairing Pictures for Glass a Specialties.

Imitation Gold Moulding for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN AND SEEDS

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Stores, No. 43 Market Street, by

S. N. WOOD.

sep28

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, &c., for sale by the subscriber at the lowest prices.

Also, Carving Knives and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, Shaving Brushes, Pocket Cutlery to be found in the city to be sold cheap by H. B. HAYNES'.

dec12 45 Merrimack

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. B. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages. Boys' Hip Carts, Toy Carts, Toy rugs for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and Portable Folding Swings, something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at 45 Merrimack st. may17

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT — AN OLD REMEDY WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A GOOD REMEDY. — THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases, all are instantly banished by "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" Our written to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and its convinced that it is what we say it is.

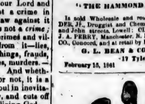
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT!"

It said Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & GREENWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester. S. R. I. E. H. BUILDING & CO., Concord, and all dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

(7 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 15, 1861 feb15dly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,912,558.50
Dividends paid to date, 2,140,000.00
Losses paid, $,421,903.50

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any capital except that of the members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following:

It offers **maximum security and advantages.**

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate**, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get **all the profits.**

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the **payment of losses.**

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to be annually, semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for life, if not paid promptly when due, are not held to be cash, and cancelled in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premiums is required to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Live premiums.

The Dividends are applied to add the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7778 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, and consequently, just receipts and disbursements.

All friends of the Institution and those desiring protection in a safe and reliable Company connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860 Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA SMITH, Agent.
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets, Lowell.

mar2 dtf

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person that the first diseases of infants arise from the stomach becoming overloaded with food, which the infant is unable to digest from its feeble digestive powers.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success for the last twenty-five years, which is known to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints. Mothers, we would advise you of its superior by over every other preparation. Price 25 cents per bottle.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life, when your anxious minds are fearful of the consequences of teething, this Cordial is well be found invaluable in *Softening the Gums, Reducing all Inflammation, Relieving Pain, Procuring Natural Sleep, Regulating the Stomach and Bowels, Curing Wind Colic, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, &c.* Depend upon it, mothers, the sweetest sleep after sea a certain relief and cure is effected. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Observe the fac-simile and name, and no imposition is to be expected.

In Convulsions,

from which many infants are said to die from fear of the lancet, this Cordial will be found to act like magic by its prompt and immediate relief. Many cases of the most alarming convulsions have been cured by the use of this Cordial, after the lancet and other remedies had been resorted to without effect. Numerous certificates from the highest sources of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been received, which can be seen at the office. Every mother will consult her own interest in a subject of vital interest to her offspring by giving a trial to Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, form or form which can in any form contained in making, cannot be said of any of the numerous preparations sold for the relief of infants. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is entirely free from any of these poisonous drugs, and may be given with perfect safety to infants of the most tender age.

Does not Constipate

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THE DAILY COURIER.
Monday, June 10, 1861.

PROGRESS OF THE REBELLION.

Harper's Ferry and Manassas Junction. There are many rumors afloat concerning these places, but none of them seem to have "an air of authority" about them. Dispatches were received in this city yesterday, representing that Harper's Ferry had been evacuated by the rebels; but the news seems to be premature. Up to Thursday there had been no change. The rebel force was estimated, from several sources, to be 12,000, and none put it at less than 9,000. The bridges in that vicinity have been mined, and if the rebels are compelled to leave they will blow them up. Every day they are destroying bridges and ferries about them, hoping to impede the progress of the Federal army.

From what is deemed to be reliable intelligence, it is apparent that the rebels are concentrating a large force at Manassas Junction. Gov. Letcher, in a proclamation, advises the concentration of the whole strength of the Southern army in Virginia at that place.

The last sensation rumor is embraced in the following: "A special messenger from Frederick, Md., to the government, says it is the prevailing opinion there that Harper's Ferry will be evacuated on the approach of the federal troops under Gens. Patterson and McClellan, though apprehension is felt that they may move down the railroad or into Pennsylvania, as sided by another revolt of the rebels in Baltimore, and disunionists in Maryland, attack Washington on the Maryland side, while Jeff. Davis advances upon it from Manassas Junction."

The Herald's Washington dispatch says: "I can state positively that when a forward movement is made on Manassas Junction, the column will be 35,000 strong. Gen. Patterson's corps will be equally strong when it crosses the Potomac. There is great activity in the War Department, and the general belief is that Harper's Ferry and Manassas Junction are to be important battle grounds.

From Fortress Monroe. A steamer brought from Norfolk to Old Point Comfort some 30 refugees on Saturday. They report that the steamer Merrimack had been raised by the rebels.

Dr. Kimball, surgeon of Gen. Butler's staff, from Fortress Monroe, states that fugitive slaves are rushing to the fort in such numbers as to occasion the commander great inconvenience and uneasiness.

Adams & Co.'s Express Company open a new office at Fort Monroe to-day, at the request of Gen. Butler, to accommodate the troops. John D. Sanborn is the authorized agent of the line. It will start each way, daily, between the Fort and Boston.

But for the depredations of certain volunteers on private property, in Alexandria, and for miles around, as well as in Fairfax County, it is represented here, the Union feeling in Virginia would have been considerably strengthened. Efforts are now being made to remedy just complaints, and to assure the the inhabitants of protection. Gen. Butler has adopted the most vigorous rules to stop these depredations, and in many instances those who have been wronged have been amply paid by his orders.

The town of Evansport, eleven miles Acquia Creek, is reported to have been burned by the rebels. The people generally there were in favor of the Union.

Four privates of the Michigan Regiment, at Alexandria, while scouting, some thirteen miles from the city, came unexpectedly upon a post of rebels; they beat a retreat and were pursued. At one point of time, they escorted themselves, and two of the rebels came up, when they were taken prisoners and marched off to the camp.— The name of the prisoners are Sergt. T. J. M. Fleming and Samuel Green. This occurred on Saturday.

Seven thousand yards of cassinet and other military goods were seized at Adams' Express office on Saturday, consigned to Point of Rocks via Alexandria and London Railroad. The property is valued at $10,000.

An outpost at Newport News was fired upon on Friday, and in the alarm private McCarthy of the Fourth Massachusetts Regiment was accidentally shot in the arm. The rebels are reported to be in the vicinity, and considerable excitement prevails.

The bridge at Point of Rocks and Berlin, were both destroyed by the rebel troops by fire, between 1 and 4 o'clock Saturday morning. The former is 12 and the latter 6 miles east of Harper's Ferry.

Eleven deserters from Harper's Ferry, Shepardstown and Martinsburg, arrived to-day. They escaped over the Potomac last night.

The following regiments were at Newport News:—1st Vermont, 3rd Massachusetts, and the 7th, 8th and 9th N. Y. volunteers, Scott's Life Guard, and Col. Hawkins Zouaves.

The steamer Quaker City, while on a reconnaissance on Friday, near Cape Hatteras, threw shells into an old frame building, when thirty armed men ran out of it, and mounting their horses, which were concealed in the thicket, scampered off.

WASHINGTON is said to be full of spies. If they are able to find out what kind of a game the President and his cabinet and Gen. Scott are playing, they will be doing more than any six smartest and oldest newspaper correspondents who are not spies, but friends of the government.—These industrious fellows are compelled to preface almost everything with "It is said," "It is reported," "There is a rumor," "A report is in circulation," &c. The spies run a great risk for a vast uncertainty.

SKETCHES OF CAMP CAMERON.

"Turn out the guard!" All is bustle and confusion in the guard-tent, where fifty or more National Guards have been quarrying away the afternoon on mattrasses and damp stools, between pipes and cigars, chit-chat and drowsiness. "Fall in!" Now order reigns. The long line of stacked muskets disappears magically, and at "present arms," each lounger becomes a rigid form, an animated statue. Up the shady avenue, leading to the old Madison mansion, now Col. Lefler's headquarters, a motley throng is pressing, to witness the evening parade of the gallant Seventh.—Foreign Ministers, carriages, with footmen in livery, country-men in country wagons, dragoons on branded horses, with clanking spur and sabre, stragglers of all colors from the neighboring cabins—Ajaxworth's gray Zouaves not yet baptized in blood, but soon to be let loose upon a cowardly horde of rebels; grim, bald-faced Massachusetts men, in regulation overcoats; and lastly, members of the Seventh returning from leave of absence to the city, laden with plunder or escorting belles of fair lineage, all in gay, spring attire. Now, if ever, he realizes that "a soldier's life is always gay." All these, and more, throng past the guard, and scatter over the parade ground and, by degrees, the ranks form as the admiring circle around Signor Grafula's harmonious band.

But still we are not at "present arms," and the expected guest has not appeared.— "Who reviews us to-day?" murmurs my companion on the right. "Don't know—wait and see." Meanwhile Capt. Farrar and an engineer squad have unlimbered the howitzers and stand ready to salute.— Then appear Generals, Colonels, Majors, Captains, on splendid horses, two-and-two. Snap-bang, go the howitzers, roll the drums, and while the band is setting and prancing, the brilliant cortege moves up and takes post. Now the long line bristles with shining bayonets, twelve hundred strong. Major Graham beats off with the finest military hand in the world; Adjutant Liebenau, who should be a French Field Marshal, reports to the Colonel, and all the pomp and circumstance of a military review is inaugurated.

On this particular occasion, this lovely summer evening, the rich glow of sunset spreads a more brilliant shade than usual over our evening parade. Gradually it disappears sweeter, and all hearts are light.— Why? The ladies of New York, through Brig. Gen. Thomas, present a new and costly stand of colors to their "pet" regiment. Forming on three sides of a hollow square, with the General and staff in the centre, this interesting ceremony is performed, and the few stirring and patriotic words from the General, are received with cheers. We are to hear these endeared stars and stripes in our midst, and in silence remember that each man's duty is to defend them till his last drop of blood is shed.

THE MIDNIGHT MARCH.

As the distant muttering of the thunder proclaims an approaching storm, so do flying rumors in camp ominously precede a sudden movement.

Two words in the bulletins of Gen. Thomas were enough to convince us that work was on hand, and that immediately. "In force!" The parade was dismissed with The colors rolled away. The companies break ranks, and fill their tents with buzzing and fun. Visitors promenade the wide streets, and all seems joyful; but the captains are thoughtful and the sergeants busy. "You men in this tent, report to the captain at once, how many cartridges you have, how many caps. Have you all canteens, and haversacks? Get your supper, and take two days' rations in your pockets. Be ready to fall in in thirty minutes, with forty rounds of ammunition and a blanket slung." Now in single file the men pass by the commissary tent. The ration is 3 navy biscuits, 1 piece of smoked tongue, 1 piece boiled bacon, 2 herrings. At dusk all is quiet, except the corporals' guard, with lantern in hand, distribute ball cartridges and caps to each man. A few spread their mattasses, and belted and equipped, lie down to fitful slumbers.

"I say, boys," says Bob Smith, "where are we going?" "I know," says Sandy Jamison, a youth only nineteen years old, from the front-bandpasters (see Frank Harper's Fanny." "Stuff! Dry up, boys; says Skeilern, an old Mexican soldier; "Gen. Scott don't send green hands to attack batteries like those at Harper's Ferry." And so, between sleeping and growling, the time wears on.

Hark! The drum! yes the long roll. Then comes the assembly. "Turn out, all hands! count off; one, two. You four are commanded in battle, remember.— Now, march F!" It is midnight. A full moon is sailing overhead, as in column of fours, stretching back one half mile of glistening bayonets, we file out upon the dusty road to Washington. Tramp, tramp!—on we go. No word of drum, fife or bugle note to inspire the drooping spirit. Now, down through the sleeping city, past White's Hotel, where we have had so many good dinners, perhaps forever. From a few windows, handkerchiefs, with sweet white fingers, wave final adieus in silence. On, without a halt, past the huge shell of the monument—the ghost of rebellion! Now other troops appear. The column before us are Ellsworth's Fire Zouaves, Michigan volunteers, and United States Artillery; and in the rear are two thousand five hundred New Jersey boys. Forward! The moon gleams over the still water, and the Long Bridge is black with moving men. The rail tramp! Now, boys, break step and spread out. The frail fence rattles to right and away as we straggle along like cattle in a drove. No structure, however strongly braced, could withstand the shock of a marching column all in step. The increasing vibrations would snap a bridge of chain cables.

Hurrah, boys, we are in Virginia; with a lighter step all press forward as if deriving spirit and enthusiasm from the invasion of the sacred soil!" At regimental Colonels, Captains, on splendid horses, two-and-two. Snap-bang, go the howitzers, roll the drums, and while the band is setting and prancing, the brilliant cortege moves up and takes post. Now the long line bristles with shining bayonets, twelve hundred strong. Major Graham beats off with the finest military band in the world; Adjutant Liebenau, who should be a French Field Marshal, reports to the Colonel, and all the pomp and circumstance of a military review is inaugurated.

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A picture on arches! as it were of Rome, Collecting the chief trophies of her line, And hung all round with shining wreaths of no dome-Her coliseum stands."

It would hardly be supposed here in Massachusetts, that anywhere in New England, newspapers would be tolerated whose issues were full of sympathy for the rebels and their cause. Gratified is Old Bay State almost to a fault, at the noble response which they are selling cheaper than the same styles can be bought at retail in Boston. They have also a large assortment of cheaper papers, which they are selling at prices to suit the times. With a large number of skillful workmen, Messrs. F. & Co. are prepared to attend to all the wants of the public in printing, graining, and glazing, in a style and at prices which defy competition.

GOING INTO SERVICE! We understand quite a number of the members of the Lowell Light Infantry, the company raised by Capt. Temple Tebbetts, will join the company raised in Boston by Capt. Davis, for the (new) Sixth Regiment, which is to be commanded by Col. Clark. This is one of the regiments designed for active service, and will probably soon be sent to the headquarters of the army.

ATTENDED CHURCH. A portion of the Butler Rifles attended the morning service yesterday, at the First Congregational (Rev. Mr. Jenkins') Church.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE.—There will be a meeting of the Lowell Cleaning Club at the Wyman House this evening, at half-past seven o'clock. A punctual attendance is desired. E. W. RUSS, Sec'y.
Lowell, June 10, 1861. 4it

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain board for his family for the season in or near Lowell. His family consists of his wife and four small children, aged respectively 3, 5, 7 and 9 years. Address Box 156, Lowell Post Office.
June 8, 1861. jn8dlf

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 31 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—next door to Central.
May 31, 1861. may31dlf

TRIBUTE TO JUDGE DOUGLAS. In his morning discourse, yesterday, Rev. W. H. Clark, of the Hurd Street Church, referred to the recent death of Senator Douglas, paying a beautiful tribute to his memory. The preacher spoke of the deceased as a great statesman of the Whitestan school —as one born to be a leader among his fellow-men. Although we might have differed with him in the past on some points, yet we should mourn his death at this present crisis, when forgetting that the present administration was placed in power by his defeat, unwaveringly gave him self to its support, and rallied his political friends to stand by the government. He read the extract from Mr. Douglas' speech before the Illinois Legislature, where he asks his political supporters to stand by, and defend the government under all circumstances.

His dying words to his children, were referred to, as the highest evidences of patriotism. It was not enough that we should mourn his death as that of a true patriot; it was most fitting that his remains should be followed to their last resting place by 10,000 people, and that their presence should be suspended in the city of Chicago on the day of his funeral; it was most fitting that the flags over the public offices in the city should be at half mast, and that the offices should be closed on the day when his remains were deposited in their last resting place; it was most fitting that his great rival, the President of the United States, should be overcome with grief, and refuse to receive visitors on the day of his funeral. On such an occasion, and at such a time, all political animosities should be forgotten, and we should all strive to honor the memory of the true patriot. From this affliction, greater now on account of the state of the country, the speaker drew the lesson that all human greatness and earthly ambition is but transitory, and must soon have an end.

The remarks of the speaker, all seemed to listen with the closest attention by the congregation, and awoke a responding sentiment in the heart of every listener.

PASTORAL RESIGNATION. At the close of the afternoon services yesterday, Rev. E. B. Foster, of the Allen Street congregational Church, tendered his resignation to the society on account of poor health. His action was a surprise to all, not even his family being aware of his intention. Mr. Foster has been in poor health a year or so, and last summer had a vacation of three months which did not improve his condition. At his request a church council will be held, probably this week, to act upon his resignation.

Mr. Foster has been settled over this society since February 1853, and at no time has he been more popular than he is at present. Wherever he has been he will carry with him the wishes, not only of his congregation, but of the community, for his speedy restoration to health and usefulness in his calling.

The Lee Street Unitarian Society is also without a pastor, Rev. William C. Tenney having resigned a short time since to accept a call to Troy, where he has decided to leave the ministry, but do not understand what pursuit he is to engage in hereafter.

PACKAGES FOR THE SIXTH. The city will forward a box to the Sixth Regiment, at the Relay House, to-morrow. Any packages left at the City Messenger's office, by noon to-morrow, will be forwarded according to direction.

H. G. BLAISDELL, Esq., who has been in poor health for the past six months, was on Friday unanimously elected Sheriff of Bangor. We believe this is his first attack, but his friends with much reason feel alarmed at his condition.

IMPROVEMENT. The postoffice presents a greatly improved appearance this morning, the inside having been re-timbered and the wood-work painted, and it is now quite a tidy place to visit.

FORTRESS MONROE. We have received from Mrs. S. E. Rose, No. 115 Central Street, the Fenelon Bonaparte, a small but well executed lithographic view of Fortress Monroe, which to many of our citizens is a point of peculiar interest at this time. At the same place also for sale maps of the seat of war, which are especially convenient.

SAMUEL W. MASON, for some years past connected with the *Boston Traveller*, in the capacity of reporter, has within a few days accepted a situation on the *Herald*.

"WHAT'S that, spreading, Jones?"— "Mint." "Scriptural mint?" "Yes; mint—and comin'."

HON. EMERSON ETHERIDGE'S name having been used in connection with the clerkship of the House of Representatives, we are requested to say that he is not a candidate for that place.

A COMPOSITOR from our office now in the service of the country at Alexandria, writes to his friends in Chicago that when Col. Ellsworth and his men drew up to the wharf of the town, the secession sentries "ran off so fast that you could play 'seven up' on their coat tails."—*Chicago Tribune.*

A TWO-LEGGED article, "contraband of war," the property of John A. Washington, arrived at Alexandria on Saturday.—He was demanded by his owner, but the particular relations of that gentleman to the Government, forbids any such response as desired.

POLICE COURT. The only two parties before this tribunal this forenoon were females.

Mrs. Nancy J. Parker, whose domicil was near the corner of High and East Merrimack Street, has for a long time made herself an intolerable neighborhood nuisance, and this forenoon she found herself before the Court charged with uttering language which would put to shame a denizen of Billingsgate. For this, with lewd and lascivious behavior, Mrs. Nancy was sentenced to the House of Correction for three months, from which she appealed and was ordered in $100 to the Superior Court.

Julia A. Thompson, another interesting female, was charged with indulging too frequently in something stronger than Boston, for which she was sent to board with landlord Adams, at East Cambridge, for three months.

MILITARY VISITORS. We learn that the Scott Greys, Capt. Langmaid, of Lawrence, will visit this city on Wednesday of the present week, by invitation of the Sarsfield Guard, for their morning train, and return at night.—We presume that they will receive due military honors from our companies.

THE *Eclectic Magazine*, for June, has been received from A. Whitney, No. 87 Washington Street. It contains the following titles, from the standard English Reviews, enrich its pages. A magnificent page gives excellent likenesses of Jackson, Webster and Clay, as well as the peculiar features the *Eclectic* sustains its high reputation.

MR. DOUGLAS' LAST MOMENTS. The *Chicago Tribune*, in reviewing the career of Mr. Douglas, closes as follows:—

"Mr. Douglas died on the 3d inst., those who stood near to minister to his wants, the most convincing assurances of the depth and sincerity of the love of country that filled his heart. In his waking hours, as well as in those moments when he was delirious, all his discourse was like great intellect, he was busy with national affairs, and the cry of the Constitution was on us. It was his last wish that the work which will regenerate the country while full of horrors, should be completed as rapidly on. To one, in a wandering moment, he said, 'I shall be in the White House. Move on!' Of another he asked, 'Why do you stand still? let us press on!' The old Bay State gets one, from the tenant-Colonel, six Captains, twelve First Lieutenants, and six Second Lieutenants, as her portion of the officers in the new regiment.

IT is proposed by the Bunker Hill Monument Association to display a flag in an upright position, at the top of the Monument, for the first time on the 17th of June. The flag is to be presented by the ladies. His Excellency the Governor will be present at the raising.

AN EXTRAORDINARY FEAT. The story of the steamer Maid of the Mist is explained by the fact that she was run by a crew of the little steamer found her an unprofitable speculation, and agreed to sell her to parties in Lewiston, provided the vessel could be safely navigated through the rapids and whirlpool below. She was accordingly sold, how this perilous feat was accomplished:—

"Joel R. Robinson was the man to undertake the job. He engaged the services of Mr. Hall, engineer, and Jim McIntyre as assistant wheelsman. With this crew and a pilot only three men, the Maid was freed from her moorings about 3 o'clock and swung into the stream. Shooting up the river with a good head of steam on, the boat turned about and was headed for the rapids. Down she went like a race horse, and plunged into the boiling torrent. On she went, tumbling in the flood, till she reached the whirlpool. There she appeared to roll as if she was about to capsize. For a moment the spectators upon the banks above held their breath, and gave up the Maid as lost, but she righted with the loss of her whimsey, and on she went on her downward course. The whirlpool passed, the great danger was over. The boat then kept on her course and reached Lewiston in safety."

INCREASE OF THE RATES OF INSURANCE on Shipping and Cargoes. The London Board of Underwriters have agreed to raise the rates of insurance 2½ per cent. on vessels to and from the Black Sea, Sea of Azoff, and ports in the Mediterranean, and five per cent. to and from the West Indies, Mexico, Central and South America. To India, China, Africa, Australia and the Pacific, there are also additional on the premium of sea risks, which is one and a half and two and a half per cent., to cover war risks.

CHANGES. It is announced that John E. Chase, who had been for a long time agent of the Pawtucket Company, at Lawrence, is about to assume the agency of the Hampden Mills at Holyoke. Edward D. Thayer, who has been for some time superintendent of the Washington Mills, Lawrence, has been appointed agent of the corporation.

BALTIMORE. Gen. Cadwalader has been superseded in the command of Baltimore, by Brig.-Gen. Cooper of the regular army. The wholesome discipline inaugurated there by Gen. Butler, relaxed under Gen. Cadwalader, and the secessionists were again head and plotting its mischief, unchecked.

THE Massachusetts quota of the regular Army appointments has been decided upon. The old Bay State gets one, from the tenant-Colonel, six Captains, twelve First Lieutenants, and six Second Lieutenants, as her portion of the officers in the new regiment.

IT is proposed by the Bunker Hill Monument Association to display a flag in an upright position, at the top of the Monument, for the first time on the 17th of June. The flag is to be presented by the ladies. His Excellency the Governor will be present at the raising.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE!
ANOTHER MEDICAL WITNESS.

☞It is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of this great remedy, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its unmistakeable success in expelling worms. Read the following—

HAMILTON VILLE, Shelby Co., Ky., April 5, 1859.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—I am a practising physician in this county, and frequently use your M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and have found it to be a safe and sure anthelmintic. Dr M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* J. F. FLEMING.
jn10†1w

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at the manufacturers prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as low as the common kinds. Sold by ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at manufacturers prices. Purchasers are to be suited from our assortment can go south as far as Boston and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture, Upholstery goods, Crockery, Glass and Silver Plate, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents.
may24d1m

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE
For all points West, via, any of the through lines, (choice of route) at the lowest rates. Also tickets for the Grand Trunk Railroad. H. W. BICKETT, Agent, Grand Trunk Railroad.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street, Depot.
may11 6m

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINES. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Finkle & Lyon, and to the fact that they are agent for Lowell and vicinity.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. COBURN, B. W. BICKNELL, D. B. HAMMOND,
A. H. NICHOLS, JOHN CLARK, JOHN A. KNOWLTON,
L. G. HOOD, EDWARD TOPLIFF, E. P. SHERMAN,
Jr.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factory risks. No assessment for the first year. Premium for three years, one half cash, and one half in two notes, bearing interest at seven per cent. Premium for five years, one half cash, and one half in four notes, bearing interest at seven per cent.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT—The cash assets are over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property insured at reasonable rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid as soon as determined.

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1853. ly

Washington Coal,

For sale by the subscriber at his yard on Jackson street, near the Locks and Canals Company's Machine Shop, and at his office, No. 11 John St., Lowell.
Lowell, June 1, 1861. 1m

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., that have taken them at the Bookstore, No. 28 Central Street, will please call and settle their accounts at once.
may31dlf JOSHUA MERRILL.

Attend'g Quinsey Tonic Bitters,—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists have it. See advertisement.
sep2 4TuThSatly

VINE PROTECTORS,

An excellent article. They not only prevent the vine from bugs, borers and toads, but also the ravages of wind, rain and sun. With small cost they will last ten years. For sale at S. HENCOCK'S Agricultural Rooms,
may21 6m 136 Central street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE, on favorable terms, and is ready to adjust and pay all losses promptly.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000

DIRECTORS:
Lowell.
Nathan Allen, Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Fairbanks, Charles Hovey,
Josiah Wright, Willard Phillips,
Edward Kidder, Hiram Hunt,
Ephraim Brown, Elijah M. Haines,
Boston.
Abraham A. Low, Lemuel Shaw,
Francis B. Baker, Lemuel Shaw, Jr.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
S. P. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 20, 1860. ly

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn
Incorporated 1819:
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.
Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$560,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other reliable offices. Call and see us before effecting insurance elsewhere.
GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.
Dec. 13, 1858. dec13

Insurance.

THE HALLOCK BROKAW AND COCHRAN Insurance is particularly deserving of the attention of those who are about to have their property insured. This specific removes those unpleasant symptoms which, if allowed to continue, will undermine the health. Those diseases are thoroughly routed for months, and in many cases entirely eradicated, and never ever threatened. *It never fails.* Principal Depot, No. 1 Cortlandt street, New York. Sold by C. G. Goodwin & Co., Boston; for sale by Dr. Hood, No. 1, 102 North Tenth St., Philadelphia, and by all Druggists and Country Merchants.
jn6d1may

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS,

Recorded in the City Clerk's Office for week ending June 8.

Names	Residence.	Age.	Birthplace.
Joseph Black	Lowell	21	Ireland.
Catherine Clary	"	20	Ireland.
Christopher Morgan	"	41	Connecticut.
Harriet Hall	Lowell	41	Pennsylvania.
Daniel Bell	"	22	Chazlin, Co.
Mary O. Bunting, Brunswick, Me.		24	Brunswick, Me.
George F. Hunt	Lowell	24	Boston.
Olive J. Ainsworth	"	21	Dracut, Mass.
George A. Bowe	"	22	Beaucaud, Nfd.
Alice A. Billings	"	18	Boston.
Christopher Warren	"	21	Ireland.
Harriet A. Spalding	"	18	Pepperell.
Thaniel Bell	"	22	Chazlin, Co.
Mary O. Bunting, Brunswick, Me.		24	Brunswick, Me.
George A. Billings	Lowell	24	Boston.
Harriet Hall	"	41	Pennsylvania.
Bernard Redigan	"	21	Ireland.
Bridget Tansey	"	25	"
Albert E. Chatman	"	20	Smithfield, R. I.
Mary J. Carr	"	20	England.
Dennis Desmond	"	21	Ireland.
Margaret Coughlin	"	20	"
Dennis Sullivan	"	21	Wilmington, Me.
Nancy J. Lane	"	21	Lee, N. H.
Patrick McGinnis	"	21	Ireland.
Alice Keelan	"	20	"
Jeremiah Pender	"	21	"
Mary Hogan	"	22	"
Edward A. Sweeney	"	21	Boston.
Joanna Quinn	"	20	Lowell.

* Second marriage of party.
† Third " "

MARRIAGES.

In this city, March 18th, by Rev. J. J. Twiss, Mr. Horace S. Hall to Miss Charlotte Ann Hall, all of Lowell.

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths for week ending June 8.

Consumption, 2; Scarlet Fever, 1; Typhoid Fever, 1; Cholera Infantum, 1; Dysentery, 1; Disease of the Heart, 1; Disease of the Brain, 1; Disease of the Liver, 1; Disease of the Kidneys, 1; Disease of the Bowels, 1; Disease of the Lungs, 1; Disease of the Throat, 1; Disease of the Stomach, 1; Disease of the Spine, 1; Disease of the Womb, 1; Disease of the Skin, 1; Disease of the Joints, 1; Disease of the Urinary Organs, 1; Disease of the Genital Organs, 1; Disease of the Nervous System, 1; Disease of the Digestive Organs, 1; Disease of the Circulatory System, 1; Disease of the Respiratory Organs, 1; Disease of the Blood, 1; Disease of the Bones, 1; Disease of the Muscles, 1; Disease of the Glands, 1; Disease of the Eyes, 1; Disease of the Ears, 1; Disease of the Mouth, 1; Disease of the Teeth, 1; Disease of the Nails, 1; Disease of the Hair

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having no establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Sermons, Addresses, Circulars, Law Reports, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and plain and enamelled wrapping paper, suitable and cut to any description of work—in packs and reams to be sold at retail or wholesale.

Z. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

PROF. WOOD'S
Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, for, while pleasant to the taste, it is powerful in healing, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, in a instant and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus removes and renders the system invulnerable to at tacks of disease. It is the only prepara tion ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skill fully combined as to be pure, powerful, tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to an act as perfect as nature herself. *The lover of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach*, and tone up the de genitive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It has also a most ex hilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those powerful in vigorating powers of nature, which, while they invigorate and strengthen, are perfectly harmless. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the physician and the invalid, where a safe and reliable article was offered him, definitely to produce the desired effect, without injuring the constitution, as is the case with the use of many of the most dangerous to which quacks resort to constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Concentrated Extract of Mercury, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Mild Form of Lungwor, Giddiness, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called Female Weaknesses and Irregularities. Also, for all de rangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the Urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs, Pain in the Back, Side, and between the Shoulders, prolapsus or Slight Colds, Hacking and continued Cough, Emulsion, Difficult Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate many more still, but we have perhaps said enough to say, it will not only cure the debility of Nervous Chills and Fevers, but all and all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and cure the disease at once, as if already stricken. And as it acts directly and persistently upon the whole system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the excretory and secretions of the system, it will infallibly prevent any deterrence from diseases following upon change of climate; hence all travellers should always have a bottle with them, and all should have a table spoonful at least every morning. As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, merchants and others. And all ladies not accustomed to much out door exercise should always use it. If they will they will find an agreeable pleasant, and efficient remedy against those ills which rob them of their beauty, for beauty cannot exist without health, and health cannot exist while the above derangements exist. In a word, the Cordial is a perfect Mother's Friend. Taken a month before confinement of business that if it were not to the more general trade it would soon forward path, until too late to arrest it. And to the mother it is a ways valiant, and to you we confidently appeal, for we are sure your recommending affection will unerringly point you to Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator as the remedy which has been tested by the hand of time, and by the experience of a World. Proprietor, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists. Price One Dollar per bottle.

CHARLES B. KIMBALL, Wyman's Exchange, corner of Merrimack and Central sts., Lowell.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL'S WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Forest River Mills is warranted to be ground in the finest manner, and to be of the best quality. Sold by Messrs. Davies and Rogers, Lowell, who is not consider to any establishment in the world. All White Lead sold in stores, and marked "Forest River" is FORGERY. Free.

Lead factory ready and capacity for covering of this article no longer to the consumer than either Leads. It is confidently believed that the Lead will do as much work as the best white lead. This fact has been tested by some of the best painters in this vicinity, and has given entire satisfaction. A trial of the article will convince any practical carpenter of its superiority. Orders from any part of the country will be promptly attended to.

The General Agent, who has had much to do with the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for twenty-seven years, and from his experience, connected with the manufacture of White Lead, he is confident that the Lead manufactured at Forest River Mills cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the Forest River Company, can be obtained at the Manufactory, or of CHARLES B. COBURN, Jun., and J. Manchester Building, Lowell.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LISCOMB, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c.*—This article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Pints, however united by its use will look as *fresh as new*. Its equal has never been discovered for the above uses. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary.

mar29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

H. S. HAYNES,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-assorted stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLE LAMPS

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the liberal attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purcasing on the most favorable terms, will enable us to insure to them always the benefit of our motto—

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise of a like continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully request a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

may15 1yrth

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are offered for sale without fringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—Their Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half the thread required by all the other machines in use.

Fact No. 3.—Their Machines are better adapted than any other sewing machine set in market for manufacturing purposes, as they will do every variety of sewing required in the trade. They will sew from the finest cambric muslin to the heaviest cloth, and from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without any variation in the feed, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. It sets a needle to suit the work, and is easily used; and if ever adapted to family use, why not for a family variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we refer to our Manufacturing.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most beautiful and durable seam in market, and one of very great importance in sewing elastic fabrics.

Fact No. 5.—This Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines are of the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute in the city of New York, together with the highest Premia for the best machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest and the Medal of Merit, at Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—I sess Machines can do the same thing as every other machine now exhibited in competition with other first-class sewing machines, and do it better, and with one FACT more; it is the most important FACT of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell in any way satisfactory to us, or any other sewing machine in market, or money re funded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine seem quite irresistible to persons who have never seen or used them. Hence the constant inquiry of bystanders, when operated as part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar merits of this machine?" and we can confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure to this inquiry ever after. The above explains and regulates the common sense, and its importance to that respect is certainly not to be doubted.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are cast to the than from any other cause, Dr. Bull's Baltimore Worm Syrup will prove a speedy and effectual relief. Mothers, if your children are troubled with worms, procure this invaluable remedy at once. Thousands of Dr. Keteen's Infantile Cordial has become familiar as a household word. Let not your attention to a subject of vital interest be diverted by the use of other medicines. Sold by all druggists.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever source, ever a fact which Dr. Jayne's Carminative can justly claim. It is entirely opposed to their use, and in all cases of pain, sickness, or nervousness, it will be found a safe, speedy, and effectual remedy. Mothers are becoming convinced of the truth, and of the sad results which frequently occur where certain to result from the use of narcotics in the form of soothing remedies, and hence the extensive demand for this safe and reliable preparation is becoming every day more apparent. Dr. Jayne's Carminative is entirely free from all narcotic properties. Dr. Jayne's Infantile Cordial differs from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the sensibilities of your children, but smoothly, through its rare medicinal qualities, by removing all pain and irritation, it leaves the bowels unconstipated and therefore, by its use all food and nourishment is retained in the system. Dr. Jayne's Infantile Cordial is the only medicine that will do this.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPUY,
No. 49 Maiden Lane, New York
And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
1000 " 100 bush. Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar7 434Merket st. corner 1.

Kidney's Lirecone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, B. B. Wolf and Sheep Robes—Buffalo and Lama Robes, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRADFORD'S HAT STORE.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

mar9 JOHN T. BILLINGS

RUBBER SLATE S.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

A FEW MORE of Stoner's Patent Mastic Felts Hats left on hand. Sale only for Lowell.

mar16 E. S. HUNT 17 Central street.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Inland Pond, Cherubusco, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 6.00
" " " Derby, 5.50
" " " Newport, 5.00
" " " Stanstead, 4.50

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 102 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

d&t jan26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

SPRING HATS.

BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the best Manufacturers, which he offers for sale.

The most leather of the list is so adjusted as to fit the head, receiving it in the case of the Fall Hat, without using an extra band or leather to keep it down.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice. Also, a good stock of the best of Cheese Hats.

mar17* Corner Central and Market sts.

W. H. DYAR,

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of Looking GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Looking Glasses Plates for sizes Attended to.

Imitation Gold Lockets for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 19 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

The Celebrated Chickering Piano Fortes,

of Square Pianos, for which they received the first premium at the World's Fair, and the "Great Exhibition" in London, and which they have been appointed Agents for the sale of in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of the above Instruments, which they offer for sale at manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in every particular, and at the lowest prices for cash or approved credit.

Lowell, June 9, 1855. jel6ly

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Plate Polish*, which will remove all stains, scratches, and spots from furniture in a few minutes, and has been tested for household purposes, and has given entire satisfaction. Also, a new article of *Furniture Varnish*, which is unsurpassed for durability and brilliancy. Those who are in want of such articles are respectfully invited to call and examine the same.

H. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in Ivory and Gold ornaments. Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at

C. E. KELLEY'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. mar17

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

PROPRIETORS OF THE
PEERLESS MILLS,
Corner of Merrimack and John Streets,
LOWELL.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour Feed and Grain Store, No. 63 Market Street, by

mar29* S. N. WOOD.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Table Cutlery, in sets of all prices; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

dec12 45 Merrimack s.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages Boys' Carts, Toy Carts, Toy Sleds for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, Fancy Baskets, Folding Rockers, and other articles, which will be sold very cheap at 45 Merrimack st.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

mar9 JOHN T. BILLINGS

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

[Warranted to light itself 2000 times WITHOUT A MATCH!]

Just received and for sale at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A GOOD MEDICINE.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory diseases, will be found to exhibit its *Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!* Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLAY & HENWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; M. S. H. R. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 14, 1861 mar30t

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and being perfectly effectual for those who have tailed, is designed for both *married and single females*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, *after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.* It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken, *for a few days before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too *copious* increase. This may be confidently relied on, and if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within *eighteen months with-out a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: *Extra, Double Extra, and Triple Extra*, and is sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $7; Quarter Strength, $5 per bottle.

If Remember! This medicine is destroyed in every form of quackery, by Pills, Powders and other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted and sold with EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded.

Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Also, accommodations for the sick who may desire to place themselves under the treatment of the Doctor, by the week or month, at reasonable rates. Address

DR. MATTISON,
Indian Emmenagogue Office,
No. 25 Lincoln Street, Boston.

Dr. Mattison's Specialty embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by which experience, he is justly entitled to the largest practice, giving his *whole attention* to them—*Secrecy* and *honor* guaranteed, and every case strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for those who may desire to place themselves under the treatment of the Doctor, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

IF In these days of medical imposition, when quacks are to be found in the columns of almost every edge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply for aid, when examined by their *false statements*, and go blindly to work, and by the use of *Mercury* and other poisons, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. If Dr. M. will send you a pamphlet on DISEASES AND WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases*, which gives up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your money, but *write for it*. It is a life saving remedy; give it a trial.

Dr. Mattison's Specialty cutting out and fully proving the theory advanced here to be correct, he is ready to say to interested—*try me*—and for 30 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by all the druggists in the country, or will be sent by mail, at $1 per bottle free of expense, for $8. Price, single bottle, $1. To put up in 6 oz. vials, in paper wrappers—the old kind, in small boxes, at $1 per bottle. The internal or *private* wrapper will bear the fac-simile signature of Church & Dupuy, to prevent the base scamps, dealers in counterfeits and imitations.

CHURCH & DUPUY, Proprietors,
No. 49 Maiden Lane, New York.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, Agents, Boston. Sold by druggists generally. Send to Lowell by Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. H. Dyar, E. A. Hazeltine, H. Hayes, S. Ridder, &c.

aug28 1yr feb 16tel

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FROM Statesmen, Judges, Ministers, Physicians of the highest standing, and from the Press, in the most qualified sanction, and recommend it for all cases of Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, and in the early stages of Consumption, and to all sufferers from Impure Blood, Scrofula, Ulcers, Eruptions, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is to purify the blood to circulate!

For centuries it has been a matter of much doubt, conjecture and mystical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries, to manifest to make the grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will assume as to be true that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which governs or destroys, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large per centage of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, forms an oxide attracted by a magnet.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscle, or fibre, causes it to contract.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the cause of the motion of muscle, and that of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe brought in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits electricity, which causes the heart to beat, the muscles to contract, and hence the power which expels the blood from the heart through the arteries, veins and arteries. What then, are the causes of Consumption, Scrofula, Ulcers, Eruptions, Loss of Sexual Power, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Dropsy, Epilepsy, Female Weakness, Barrenness, Impotency, &c. &c.?

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CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is healthy. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turgidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; Dizziness of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is to purify the blood to circulate!

For centuries it has been a matter of much doubt, conjecture and mystical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries, to manifest to make the grand discovery, also.

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"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the electricity, and consequently the healthy action of consumptives!! Sufferers from any organic disease!! Sufferers from any organic disease!! Sufferers from any organic disease

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, June 11, 1861.

ADDRESS OF THE BORDER STATE CONVENTION. The Convention, recently holden at Frankfort, Ky., has published an address to the people of the United States, signed by J. J. Crittenden President, and others from Kentucky, Missouri, and Tennessee. The address commences by deprecating the war spirit which now pervades the country. While they do not discuss the propriety of the acts of the seceded States, they say they find no warrant in any known principle of our Government, and no justification in the facts existing when they seceded. After alluding to the controversy between the General Government and the Seceded States, the address continues, it "is proper for us to say that in our opinion, the Constitution delegates to no one department of the government, nor to all of them combined, the power to destroy the government itself, as would be done by the division of the country into separate confederacies, and that the obligation exists to maintain the Constitution of the United States, and to preserve the Union unimpaired. It has been suggested in quarters entitled to this high est respect, that the independence of the States which have seceded might be acknowledged by a National Convention, adopting an amendment to the Constitution for that purpose, as such an amendment would have the support and acquiescence of the seceded States." The remedy for the troubles, it is said, "will not be found in the propositions of Mr. Crittenden, presented at the late session of Congress, in regard to slavery. The border States desire to take no part in the contest, and hope by friendly offices to ward both contending parties, to effect an amicable settlement.

They recommended Congress to adopt such amendments to the Constitution as shall secure to slaveholders their legal rights, and failing in that, they ask for a voluntary convention of the people of all the States, in which measures of peaceable adjustment may be considered and adopted. The address closes with an appeal to the people of the South to remove the causes which led them to take their present position, and if possible to once more place themselves in the Union.

OUR RELATIONS WITH FOREIGN POWERS. The advices from our ministers to European governments, brought by the steamer Australasian, (says the *Boston Advertiser*) are extremely satisfactory. Mr. Adams and Mr. Dayton have been presented at the courts of England and France, and have had interviews upon the subject of their missions. In the meantime, the foreign ministers at Washington have been assured by the Secretary of State that the Government of the United States will not only maintain its rights in the spirit of peace, but in addition of 15,000 more if necessary.

The *Tribune's* correspondent tells of things a little nearer the camp of the Federal troops. Alluding to the movement toward Harper's Ferry, he says:—

This advance will not have been made a moment too soon. Maryland has been left to her own devices too long. A messenger from Gov. Hicks has been with the administration of the perils that menace the capital from the disloyal province of which he is nominally the chief magistrate. He represented the case with which the enemy at Harper's Ferry could assail Washington through Frederick City and Baltimore, with the aid which they would be sure to receive at both points, and begged the government to beware of a betrayal that might cut off communication with the North, and transform a half converted State into an open rebel. He requested that Frederick City might be occupied by a sufficient force, and that the regiments at Baltimore might receive a reinforcement.

Marshal Bonifant was here from Baltimore on Saturday on a similar errand. He states that there are at least 4000 men in that city who only await a favorable opportunity to rise and use the arms which they have concealed against their country, and that a reinforcement of troops would embolden many others to join them.

These representations may have somewhat hastened measures which had already been decided upon. It is more and more apparent that as the Virginia rebels are within reach of Maryland, Washington cannot be preconned thoroughly of danger, and that they have opportunity to possess means to strike us in the rear, while a Michigan Regiment was passing through one part of the streets, it was greeted with all manner of derisive epithets, and prevented by a mob from using missiles were thrown. It is stated positively that at least one of the soldiers shot a rowdy who was amusing himself by throwing stones and brickbats. It is also believed that under the mild management of Gen. Cadwallader, the leading secessionists have openly communicated with the rebels, and that a plan was actually laid to operate in conjunction with the Virginians against the Federal Government.

Gen. Lee had been in consultation at Richmond for several days, during which time he was in constant communication by couriers with Gen. Johnston, commanding at Harper's Ferry. Gen. Lee was eagerly urging the movement, and Gen. Johnston was only three feet high, although about 18 years of age. He was dressed in the complete uniform of the corps, and bears the weighty title of Gen. George Washington Nutt.

MILITARY men have discovered a new remedy for intoxication, which, we believe, has not been noted in the books." It is nothing more than raw potatoes, which are cut in slices and eaten without salt. An ordinary "murphy," it is said, will cure the most obstinate case in half an hour.

THE Philadelphians have tendered to Lieut. Slemmer the hospitalities of their city. Right.

HARVEY, the traitor minister to Portugal, is implicated in more rascality toward the government. It is stated that on his way to Portugal, and while in England or Ireland, through his influence, a letter that is less than thirty-six hours, on account of information that the traitors are preparing to fire. They have nightly drills and have many stored in private houses. At the first symptoms of rising the city will be bombarded by Fort McHenry.

In other ports of Maryland there is also trouble, but as yet they have secured no advantages. Col. Smith, with a battalion of the Thirteenth, captured 1000 stand of arms, 6 field pieces and 1 doop, from the rebels at Easton, Md. One of Col. Smith's men was accidentally shot. The dams along the Potomac are being destroyed by the rebels wherever they can accomplish their work of destruction. At one place (Clear Point) the Home Guard (Union men) arrested, and a conflict took place, but with what result has not transpired.—At the request of Gov. Hicks a brigade of troops is to be sent to Frederick, by Gen. Patterson.

Gen. Banks is to be stationed in Baltimore.

Every man in Virginia, between 16 and 60 is required to enter the rebel service on or before Thursday.

Virginians just arrived say the secessionists claim 15,000 at Harper's Ferry, but the Union men of Virginia say there are only 9000. Loyal Virginians are forming from the States into Maryland.

At Newport News, the Vermonters had thrown up a breastwork twelve feet high in four days, and Col. Bendix's regiment will commence similar works in a day or two. They seized three prisoners last Saturday afternoon. Columbiads had been mounted on the bank of the river. The Harriet Lane was lying off Newport News. She disabled one of the enemy's guns in her attack on Fig Point.

A lady in the vicinity of Aquia Creek informs her friends in Washington, that to her certain knowledge 15 rebels were killed when the batteries were attacked, and she thinks as many as fifty must have been killed on the cars. About 400, soldiers and all, were at the battery.

An army officer from Fort Pickens states that when he left an attack was expected that hour from the rebels. The blockade of Pensacola was perfect. Several prizes had been captured and sent North.

Two regiments from Wisconsin have been ordered to Washington forthwith.—Left for other duties, they are said to be in readiness to march for the same destination at 48 hours notice.

A letter from Manassas Junction to the *Richmond Whig* of the 6th says that the laborers in fortifying that place, by men unaccustomed to labor, are being completed at the sick list. There is no hospital there, and it is difficult to get water to drink, it being fresh and muddy. The same newspaper of the 5th announces that after a series of aggressive acts, it will be found a statement in detail, showing that there were 147,000 troops at different points in Virginia, and that 50,000 more in North Carolina were ready to march to any point in Virginia when circumstances should call for it required. He advised an immediate attack on Washington and Alexandria, by three corps d'armee of 25,000 men each, from Richmond, Lynchburg, Manassas Junction, Fredericksburg, Petersburg and Culpepper, and further urged an advance movement from Harper's Ferry on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad. Such views, however, did not prevail with the other Generals, and it was finally decided by Gen. Davis and coincided in by Beauregard, to act entirely on the defensive, and that no troops were to cross the Potomac in any event. Harper's Ferry is to be held or abandoned as circumstances may demand. The line of railroad from Massanas Gap to Aquia Creek is to be the first line of military operations, and that to be defended by 35,000 men, to be strengthened by an addition of 15,000 more if necessary.

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MILITARY men have discovered a new remedy for intoxication, which, we believe, has not been noted in the books." It is nothing more than raw potatoes, which are cut in slices and eaten without salt. An ordinary "murphy," it is said, will cure the most obstinate case in half an hour.

THE Philadelphians have tendered to Lieut. Slemmer the hospitalities of their city. Right.

HARVEY, the traitor minister to Portugal, is implicated in more rascality toward the government. It is stated that on his way to Portugal, and while in England or Ireland, through his influence, a letter that is less than thirty-six hours, on account of information that the traitors are preparing to fire. They have nightly drills and have many stored in private houses. At the first symptoms of rising the city will be bombarded by Fort McHenry.

In other ports of Maryland there is also trouble, but as yet they have secured no advantages. Col. Smith, with a battalion of the Thirteenth, captured 1000 stand of arms, 6 field pieces and 1 doop, from the rebels at Easton, Md. One of Col. Smith's men was accidentally shot. The dams

THE WAR NEWS.

Reports from the rebels—What they are doing and what they intend to do. The Washington correspondence of the *New York Herald*, communicates the following to that paper, respecting the great Beauregard and what he thinks he can do:—

Gen. Beauregard has been at Charleston during the past week. While there he was the recipient of much attention, public and private, and a dinner was tendered him by the Common Council. To the committee who tendered him the invitation, he, in declining the honor, made a brief speech, the general drift of which I am happily able to send you. He deprecated the idea which is in that time guided the action of the confederate army, and which caused it to be scattered at various points. He said that in his opinion a concentration at Manassas Junction or Harper's Ferry was all-important, and unfolded his plan of future operations as follows: He intends to concentrate, and is now doing so, the entire army from 50,000 to 100,000 men at Manassas Junction, which shall be thoroughly and efficiently guarded and defended so as to defy successful attack.—He believes that the Federal army is composed of the best military men, who will not long be kept from action—that insubordination is already at work, and that the leaders will be forced to make an attack. "If," said he, "they attack up at Manassas, we can withstand them until they are repulsed, and then can pour forth upon them with irresistible fury. When I (he) go on" (and this was the time before they attack us, it will be of no practical testing benefit; they will then be compelled to attack our army, and when that is done, we shall be successful." The General seemed confident of ultimate success, and based his belief on the "facts" that the Federal army is determined to make an early movement, and that movement can be so arranged by the confederate leaders that defeat to the troops of Scott can but be inevitable.

The correspondent of the *New York Herald*, also writing from Washington, details the following relative to the proposed action of the rebels:

We have highly important intelligence from Virginia relative to the contemplated military policy of the rebel forces. It appears that Jeff. Davis, Gen. Beauregard and Gen. Lee had been in consultation at Richmond for several days, during which time there was in constant communication by couriers with Gen. Johnston, commanding at Harper's Ferry. Gen. Lee was eagerly urging the movement, and Gen. Johnston was only three feet high, although about 18 years of age. He was dressed in the complete uniform of the corps, and bears the weighty title of Gen. George Washington Nutt.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

Gen. Butler having learned that the rebels were forming a camp at Great Bethel, near Hampton, last night sent Col. Durpee's Zouaves and the Albany Regiment to dislodge them. The troops at Newport News received instructions to move forward and form a junction with Durpee's troops at Little Bethel.

At 4 o'clock in the morning, they reached the intersection of the roads, but not meeting the signals, the German Regiment fired into Townsend's column, which was led by Lieut. Kellog. The Zouaves, hearing the fire, had turned and fired upon the Albany Regiment. One was killed and several wounded.

The mistake having been ascertained, Col. Allen and Carr's regiments moved forward at day break and attempted to take a large masked rebel battery. The effort failed.

Brig. Gen. Pierce lost his self-possession and the troops were exposed to a galling fire. They had to retreat. Several killed and many wounded. The whole affair was unfortunate in the extreme.

LATEST.

LATEST news is to the effect that 25 were killed and nearly 100 wounded.

A VOICE FROM THE SEAT OF WAR, BUT NOT FROM A WARRIOR. We make the following extract from a letter written by a wealthy gentleman of Georgetown, dated June 9th. The passages we copy occur in an ordinary business letter to one of our citizens, the writer evidently intending to be in readiness to march for the same destination at 48 hours notice.

A letter from Manassas Junction to the *Richmond Whig* of the 6th says that the laborers in fortifying that place, by men unaccustomed to labor, are being completed at the sick list. There is no hospital there, and it is difficult to get water to drink, it being fresh and muddy. The same newspaper of the 5th announces that after a series of aggressive acts, it will be found a statement in detail, showing that there were 147,000 troops at different points in Virginia, and that 50,000 more in North Carolina were ready to march to any point in Virginia when circumstances should call for it required. He advised an immediate attack on Washington and Alexandria, by three corps d'armee of 25,000 men each, from Richmond, Lynchburg, Manassas Junction, Fredericksburg, Petersburg and Culpepper, and further urged an advance movement from Harper's Ferry on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad. Such views, however, did not prevail with the other Generals, and it was finally decided by Gen. Davis and coincided in by Beauregard, to act entirely on the defensive, and that no troops were to cross the Potomac in any event. Harper's Ferry is to be held or abandoned as circumstances may demand. The line of railroad from Massanas Gap to Aquia Creek is to be the first line of military operations, and that to be defended by 35,000 men, to be strengthened by an addition of 15,000 more if necessary.

The *Tribune's* correspondent talks of things a little nearer the camp of the Federal troops. Alluding to the movement toward Harper's Ferry, he says:—

This advance will not have been made a moment too soon. Maryland has been left to her own devices too long. A messenger from Gov. Hicks has been with the administration of the perils that menace the capital from the disloyal province of which he is nominally the chief magistrate. He represented the case with which the enemy at Harper's Ferry could assail Washington through Frederick City and Baltimore, with the aid which they would be sure to receive at both points, and begged the government to beware of a betrayal that might cut off communication with the North, and transform a half converted State into an open rebel. He requested that Frederick City might be occupied by a sufficient force, and that the regiments at Baltimore might receive a reinforcement.

Marshal Bonifant was here from Baltimore on Saturday on a similar errand. He states that there are at least 4000 men in that city who only await a favorable opportunity to rise and use the arms which they have concealed against their country, and that a reinforcement of troops would embolden many others to join them.

These representations may have somewhat hastened measures which had already been decided upon. It is more and more apparent that as the Virginia rebels are within reach of Maryland, Washington cannot be preconned thoroughly of danger, and that they have opportunity to possess means to strike us in the rear, while a Michigan Regiment was passing through one part of the streets, it was greeted with all manner of derisive epithets, and prevented by a mob from using missiles were thrown. It is stated positively that at least one of the soldiers shot a rowdy who was amusing himself by throwing stones and brickbats. It is also believed that under the mild management of Gen. Cadwallader, the leading secessionists have openly communicated with the rebels, and that a plan was actually laid to operate in conjunction with the Virginians against the Federal Government.

Gen. Lee had been in consultation at Richmond for several days, during which time he was in constant communication by couriers with Gen. Johnston, commanding at Harper's Ferry. Gen. Lee was eagerly urging the movement, and Gen. Johnston was only three feet high, although about 18 years of age. He was dressed in the complete uniform of the corps, and bears the weighty title of Gen. George Washington Nutt.

MILITARY men have discovered a new remedy for intoxication, which, we believe, has not been noted in the books." It is nothing more than raw potatoes, which are cut in slices and eaten without salt. An ordinary "murphy," it is said, will cure the most obstinate case in half an hour.

THE Philadelphians have tendered to Lieut. Slemmer the hospitalities of their city. Right.

HARVEY, the traitor minister to Portugal, is implicated in more rascality toward the government. It is stated that on his way to Portugal, and while in England or Ireland, through his influence, a letter that is less than thirty-six hours, on account of information that the traitors are preparing to fire. They have nightly drills and have many stored in private houses. At the first symptoms of rising the city will be bombarded by Fort McHenry.

In other ports of Maryland there is also trouble, but as yet they have secured no advantages. Col. Smith, with a battalion of the Thirteenth, captured 1000 stand of arms, 6 field pieces and 1 doop, from the rebels at Easton, Md. One of Col. Smith's men was accidentally shot. The dams

CITY AND VICINITY.

BOARD WANTED

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain board for his family for the summer near Lowell. His family consists of his wife and one small child, and respectfully C. S 47 11 years. Address Box 1184, Lowell Post Office. 1 Address Box 1184, Lowell Post Office. 1 June 8, 1861. 1w*

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 21 Merrimack Street—Head of Central Street. May 31, 1861. may31eod

THE CRICKET MATCH. This match which is to come off on the cricket ground at the Agricultural Grounds next Friday, between eleven from the Boston Cricket Club and a similar number from the Lowell Cricket Club, will undoubtedly be one of the best contested games ever witnessed in this city. The wicket will be pitched at nine o'clock and the game may not be finished until Saturday. At one o'clock, Friday, Maj. Ewell will serve up a dinner on the grounds, which is a sufficient guaranty that it will be first rate. The public will be admitted to the dinner at fifty cents per plate. Those who wish to witness the playing will be admitted to the grounds free. Some new and elegant tents, and a large stand will be present on Friday afternoon should the weather be pleasant.

SINGULAR BLOSSOMS ON AN APPLE-TREE. Mr. J. L. Cambridge, who lives on School street, has a large, fine garden as apple-tree on which is a superior grade of fruit, and excelled in producing blossoms this year. About fifteen days ago the tree blossomed largely, and the blossoms disappeared as usual. Within a day or two there has again has appeared two rose-like white blossoms, the largest of which is 2½ inches across, or 5 3-4 inches in its circumference. The other is smaller, but is very perfect, and when compared with ordinary apple-blossoms. The largest has twenty-five pure white leaves, and the other seventeen, while the ordinary apple-blossom has but five. Any person having more than four—rarely ever six. These blossoms resemble the white rose, and are regarded as curiosities by all who have seen them. The tree will be tested as to whether it will bear fruit in the usual way.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE!

A BROTHER MEDICAL WITNESS.

I'll be no small evidence of the intrinsic value of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following:—

HARRISONVILLE, Shelby Co., Ky., April 2, 1860.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—I am practicing physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1855, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, prepared by you. Since my residence in this county I have used you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 900 worms.

L. CARTER, M. D.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge is prepared and manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge can be had at all respectable drug stores throughout the country. Be sure and call for Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by FLEMING BROS. [16] FLEMING BROS.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns. Also, a large line than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another case of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets which are so cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country, and always supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S—Selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our stock, we are prepared with us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison, which are the cheapest in the country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. mar29eod

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz. any of the through lines, Boston & Albany, Fitchburg, Vermont & Canada, Boston & Worcester, Nashua & Lowell, Boston & Maine, and Grand Trunk Railroads.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot, may11 FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Fiske & Lyon in this paper. Mr. A. Fiske is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan26eod

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

C. S. Coburn, S. Batchelder, L. G. Howe, D. S. Richardson, Isaac Fisher, Edward Tuck, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, and Stores in Lowell and adjacent towns. The business in this department—the present cash assets are $30,608.61, on which the present cash dividend of 33 1-3 per cent. is declared. The Stock Department of village and farm property in Middlesex County is also confined to the Mutual plan. Rates of insurance, reporting, and rates are as low as any Company having the same facilities.

In the Stock Department the cash assets are over $70,000. Dividends will be declared annually. Insurance on property in this department will be made at reasonable rates.

Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office in Company's building, (up stairs.)

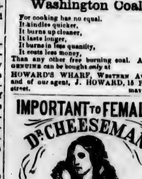
C. S. COBURN, President.

R. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy19tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns clear,
It burns up cleanly,
It burns long and steadily,
It casts less ash,
It burns less quantity,
It casts less dust,
It casts less clinkers,
And is the most economical coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, Cor. of Canal, J. HOWARD, Jr. Agent.
street. may6eod



THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN
Is inseparably connected with the proper action in health or sickness of those menstrual functions peculiar to her sex and to no other.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the recipe of Dr. Cheeseman, M. D., of Paris, by DR. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, are unfailing in bringing on the menses, or monthly courses, with regularity, and in restoring the pales that women are heir to, without pain, all disturbances of the periodical functions, whether from cold, indigestion or constipation. They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult menstruation, and will be found to be the best medicine for Females, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Limbs, Giddiness, Nervousness, Hysterics, Hypochondria, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other symptoms of a disordered system. Explicit directions accompany each box. Price $2 00 per box, or six boxes for $10 00.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the only ones of the kind ever introduced to the public, and are sold in this city by only authorized agents.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That in no condition of the female system in which DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are taken will they produce PREGNANCY—the medicine referred to in PREGNANCY—the medicine referred to in the directions as unsafe to take during the first three months is one of powerful action, and which the sexual functions to a natural condition, that cannot be produced by any other medicine in the world.

Beyond directions, stating when and when they should not be taken, no explanation is necessary. Price $1 per box, containing 30 Pills.

A valuable pamphlet, free of charge, of the Agents, giving full information, and containing prices to any Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.

DR. CHEESEMAN, M. D.,
99 Cedar St., New York.

Sold in Lowell by H. J. KIDDER, 24 Merrimack street, and by J. Y. BILLINGS, corner Central and Jackson sts., and by druggists generally. may11eod

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

The only Harmless Hair Dye Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. GRAY, RED OR RUSTY HAIR dyed immediately to a beautiful and natural black or brown, without exposure to the ridicule attendant upon most dyeing operations.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be used, but on the contrary, will leave the hair soft. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is promptly applied at No. 16 Bond street, New York.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, and in Europe, by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor," and address, and his private government stamp, on the four sides of each box.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St., Late 153 Broadway, New York.

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BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

This extraordinary preparation has been for many years before the public, and has proved itself to be a certain, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Disease of the Throat and Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers find great and unaffirmed Comfort, they give the most immediate relief in Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough and Consumption. Coughs are certainly relieved by them, and Consumption, in its early stages, they have cured thousands. Coughs and other symptoms, and entirely remove that horrible irritability and weakness of the throat which gives rise to the complaint. The medical properties of these Wafers are Pectoral, Demulcent, Nervine and Expectorant, and they will nearly take them; and they are warranted to give relief in five minutes in any case. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists. Dr. Ben. Atwood, Proprietor, Boston.

4 TuTh1eod1y

VINE PROTECTORS.

AN excellent article. They not only protect the vine from bugs, borers and worms, but relieves all violence of wind, rain and cold. With careful usage they will last ten years. For sale at S. BRAZIER'S Agricultural and Seed Store. may14dtw

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1848,

Continues to insure against loss by or by FIRE, on accounting $50,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Josiah G. Abbott, Thomas Hurd, Arthur P. Rooney, Walter Wright, Nathaniel Wright, Samuel Bothwell, Caleb S. Rand, Ephraim Brown, Henry C. Howe, Nathaniel Wood.

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NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 82 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 27, 1860. ly

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital $1,500,000
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Cash Capital $500,000
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North American Fire Ins. Co,

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Cash and Surplus $250,000

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Capital and Surplus ..... $295,000.

The above Companies with an agency as at low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written and losses promptly adjusted at our office, corner of Merrimack and Central streets.

CHANDLER, for one of five years.

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NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Insurance to the late A. J. RICHMOND, No. 19 Prentiss Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Divided Paying Office.

CAPITAL $100,000
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IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies to bear average 21 90-100 per cent.

Again organized and successful in placing first class Stock upon 78 per cent. more than amount of loss deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

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Having no entablishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PRINTING and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and to the

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

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PLAIN and FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored paper.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS, adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

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PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

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BLOOD RENOVATOR,

Is precisely what its name indicates, for it will restore to the latter, it is entirely free from anything deleterious, and will prove a benefit to the weak and debilitated, in all diseases, and lays the ungrounded system upon the attacks of many of the diseases dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, are the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Agues, Intermittent fevers, Nervous irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitations of the heart, Melancholy, Hypocondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Lowness, Debility, and all kinds of ennui, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called Female Weakness and Irregularities. Also, Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs. Pain in the Back, Side and across the Shoulders, predisposition to Slight Colds, Hacking and Sometimes Cough, Emaciation, Difficulty of Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate many more still, but we have space only to say, it will not only cure the debility following Chills and Fever, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic influences, and cure the diseases at once, if already attacked. And as it acts directly and persistently upon the biliary system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the excretions and secretions of the system, it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following upon change of climate and water; hence all travellers should not be without it, but all should at least take a table spoonful at least before eating. As it prevents costiveness, and promotes the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, ministers, literary men, and all ladies not accustomed to much out door exercise should always use it, if they wish to have a healthy and complexion, and efficient remedy against those ills which form of them a source of misery, for beauty cannot exist without health, and health cannot exist where the above irregularities continue. There is not a Cordial in the world like Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator. Prepared from the finest vegetable productions, and by a process of long experience, and skilful research, it is entirely free from anything deleterious, and will prove a benefit to the weak and debilitated, in all diseases, and lays the ungrounded system upon the attacks of many of the diseases dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, are the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Agues, Intermittent fevers, Nervous irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitations of the heart, Melancholy, Hypocondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Lowness, Debility, and all kinds of ennui, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called Female Weakness and Irregularities. Also, Liver Complaints or Torpidity, and Jaundice Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs. Pain in the Back, Side and across the Shoulders, predisposition to Slight Colds, Hacking and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, June 12, 1861.

LETTER FROM THE "SIXTH".

CAMP SEAN HOUSE, }
June 8th, 1861. }

DEAR COURIER:—I am holding off home, and am disposed to write a few lines to-night. It is about half past eight, and a time when those who are not detained for picket or camp guard are generally busy in amusing themselves until taps, which is at ten o'clock. All about me there is music; some are singing, and I can detect the sound of the "Old," which the boys "patched up" and sent over to the city for, and an accordeon accompanied with castinets made from bones selected from some of our "salt junk"; and I can also hear speech-making, and the greatest *variety of confusion*; and yet amidst all the noise and laughter, the writer has indulged himself in silently reviewing the past few eventful weeks. Though the mirror of the past reflects astounding changes in the condition of our, but a short time since, free and self-confident Republic, the future is veiled so thinly that the most unobserving eye must penetrate far enough beyond to discern a cloud heavier and darker than has yet been made visible by the unseen Conductor of human events.

To-day we are continually hearing from Harper's Ferry, and that, the rebels there are engaged in a conflict with our troops seems certain from the repeated reports confirmed to-night of the Federal forces attacking the rebels to recapture Government property in that place. If it proves a fact, and much resistance is made, it would not be surprising if the "Sixth" should be called on to "run up" and quell the rioters in that place where—

"Seventeen men and a cow,
Kissed up such a terrible row."

It is rather amusing to us soldiers (crust fellows) while on guard at the depot, to witness the utter disgust which an examination of the different trains of care by our troops, causes among the individuals who favor the "secesh" party. They eye our soldiers with looks of extremest contempt and scorn, even to the "gritting of the teeth." It is hoped (by a few) that they will not be obliged to eat their own gritty words. The other day I had the pleasure of playing scorn with one of this stamp of persons of the feminine gender. She sarcastically apparelled sat at the car window, and I, being on the platform of the depot near by, conversing with a member of the New York Thirteenth, who was on the train, when the aforementioned lady "struck an attitude," and made very significant motions toward me. I never knew the full meaning of the word "actions speak louder than words," till this. I really believe she would have attempted to eat me, had I been minus a gun, if it had been possible, while contemplating whether I was fit to eat or no. It is not uncommon to discover little articles which are destined for the South, to benefit the disturbers of the nation's peace. These articles change hands without the formality of a receipt, generally.

SUNDAY MORNING. The drums were beaten last night before I had time to finish my letter finished, and this being a very pleasant day, the soldier's thoughts naturally turn toward home again; and for one, I am pleased to perform such a duty as communicating with those of whom I most think.

There has been much said and written about the fare of the men of the "Sixth," and I desire to say that there has been a time when complaint was justifiable, but now, good soldiers' fare is provided, and in sufficient quantities. We have suffered more, recently, for conveniences for cooking, though everything is gradually being rectified, and by the time we are ordered home, we shall have many housekeeping utensils, and it may be that some (?) will be loth to go, even.

This morning the regiment was surprised by receiving a nice box of strawberries from its adopted Daughter, who, with her mother, are here in camp, or near by, in the family of a Union resident.

There have been some exaggerations, or rather misrepresentations, current in newspapers, of things said to have occurred to this brigade, which, no doubt, have foundation sufficient to ground charges of a character entirely reprehensible; yet I have been informed that some things are without any kind of truth. I should make no allusion to such, if I did not think it due to implicated parties. It is not my wish or business to defend a party brought into notice of the public by unjustifiable deeds, &c. Prejudice, indeed, seems to harder to kill out than weeds in a luxuriant garden, consequently a very little allowance is charitable and manly, in many cases, where reason is not suffered the fullest sway.

There are so many really good singers in the "Sixth," that it was deemed advisable by the officers of the regiment to compose an entire camp song, the music and the words to be original with a member of the "Sixth," to be adapted appropriately to our own condition. It has been done, and I have secured a copy, which I transmit for publication, hoping that we shall all sing it in Massachusetts soon. It is descriptive of night, when all are sleeping, except the guard; our signal is "Baltimore!" when it is desired to give the alarm; the tune is therefore called

BALTIMORE.

The night is dark, the camp is stilled,
Each soldier's heart with joy is thrilled:
He dreams of home and seems gone past,
But sometimes has his dream cut fast.
Chorus:—Baltimore! Baltimore!
He starts as the cry of Baltimore.

A mystic grandeur fills his breast,
While peaceful slumber brings him rest;
His little thinks of danger near,—
His dream command with direst or fear,

At length the guard, with wakeful eye,
Discovers danger lurking nigh:
Reminded of the days before
He gives the cry of "Baltimore!"
Baltimore, &c.

Quick the soldiers ready car
Warns him of the foe that's near;
He springs out to the Army rail,
From slumber, to defend the right.
Baltimore, &c.

"Baltimore!" The alarming word,
Thrills the heart whence its fear should;
Suggesting the loss of brothers gone,
Causing mettle the foe to stone.
Baltimore, &c.

Where dark ends on land and sea,
With sorrowing heart he remembers the stain;
And so sacred is the brothers' dust,
So sacred is the cause, and just.
Baltimore, &c.

As long as the true their blood shall give,
Our cause shall not be lost by strife:
And where the weak the strong implore,
The rallying cry shall be "Baltimore!"

The sun seems the more glorious to-day, as it has been raining nearly all the week, and it can easily be imagined that the ground has "drunk deep," making our bed "soft as downy pillows are." We are getting the advantage of the climate gradually, however, and boards are being brought for us to make floors, and soon we shall mind little for damp or cold.

EX-TYPO.

THE WAR NEWS.

The account of the unfortunate collision between the government troops, early yesterday morning, at Little Bethel, (a point about half way between Hampton and Great Bethel—a distance of about five or six miles from Fortress Monroe) is fully confirmed by this morning's accounts from that section. The affair is indeed a sad one, and has caused the deepest regret among all classes. We give the facts as reported by telegraph this morning:—

The Affair at Little Bethel. Gen. Butler having learned that the rebels were forming an entrenched camp, with strong batteries, at Great Bethel, about nine miles from Fortress Monroe, considered it necessary that they should be dislodged. Gen. Bethel, according to our understanding of the geography of that region, is on the Yorktown road, and also on York River.] Monday night arrangements were made to attack the place, a force to be sent from Fortress Monroe and also from Newport News, for that purpose.

About midnight Col. Townsend's Zouaves and Col. Townsend's Albany regiment crossed the river at Hampton by means of sail large batteaux, manned by the Naval Brigade, and took up the line of march, the former some two miles in advance of the latter.

At the same time Col. Bendix's regiment and a detachment of the Vermont and Massachusetts regiments at Newport News moved forward to form a junction with the regiments from Fortress Monroe at Little Bethel.

The *Zouaves* passed Little Bethel at about 4 o'clock. Bendix's regiment arrived near, and took position at the intersection of the roads, but not understanding the signal, the German regiment in the rear, early in the morning, fired upon Col. Townsend's column, then marching in close order, and led by Lieut. Butler, and Gen. Pierce, with two pieces of artillery.

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Numerous conflicts between the Union men and the rebels are reported, which have usually resulted against the rebels, who seem to be more successful in destroying bridges, Union flags, and stealing property than in anything else.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Marshal Kane, of Baltimore, has sworn in 1000 secessionists for police duty on election day (to-morrow). Treason in camp.

Goforament will receive any regiments that voluntarily proceed or are sent to Washington, if equipped.

A despatch to the (Boston) Associated Press pronounces the news of the capture of Great Bethel batteries incorrect, but a private despatch to the Merchants' Exchange confirms it.

[We learn from a passenger who came up by the noon train from Boston, that Gov. Andrew has received a dispatch from Washington stating that the capture of the batteries, as detailed below, is true.]

The following interesting intelligence is telegraphed from New York to the two Reading Rooms in Boston:—

WASHINGTON, June 12. A special messenger has arrived from Fortress Monroe, and reports that Gen. Butler proceeded with reinforcements to Great Bethel, and after a severe fight captured the masked batteries and took one thousand prisoners.

Palmer's New Room has received a dispatch from Washington, saying a messenger had arrived there with the news of the capture of the rebel batteries at Great Bethel.

Gen. Butler headed the attack in person, and carried the place by storm. He took two masked batteries and 21 guns, and also captured one thousand prisoners.

[From the Dispatch of the Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, June 12. A special Washington dispatch to the *Herald*, dated one o'clock this morning, states that a special messenger has arrived from Fort Monroe, bringing intelligence that Gen. Butler this morning (Tuesday) proceeded with a large reinforcement to Great Bethel, and after a severe fight captured both of their batteries—one of seven guns, and the smaked battery of fourteen guns; also took one thousand rebel prisoners.

The *Times'* special states that Postmaster General Blair has stated that General Butler assaulted and carried Great Bethel by storm.

WASHINGTON. It seems that Washington has not been disturbed by "the Northern hirelings," beyond redemption. According to late accounts the capitol has been thoroughly renovated. That portion of the Capitol in the Senate and Representatives formerly red has been painted drab color, which greatly improves the appearance of the chamber. The walls, marble mouldings, the flooring, and other ornamental work, are uninjured.

The newspapers that have accumulated in Washington by the stoppage of the mails South have, by the direction of the Postmaster-General, been distributed among the troops. The quantity is very large. The number of letters is also very great. They will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, and examined with reference to their importance. This examination, like that of the telegraphic despatches, may be the means of exposing more traitors.

THE THIRD DISTRICT. Hon. Benjamin F. Thomas was elected by a large majority day by a large majority, over Deal, Democrat, who did not receive a single vote in several towns. There is not more than a third of a full vote.

The following is the conclusion of a paragraph on the first page about the birds, which was accidentally omitted in "making up":—

"The loss sustained by the army worm. Man was powerless—a worm among worms—but the hated blackbirds came to his relief and destroyed the pest by myriads. No human aid could prevail. So that God has given us the beautiful birds to be our friends and fellow workers in the cultivation of the soil. And the laborer is surely worthy of his hire. Why should we grudge the food claimed by them who follow the plow and snatch the worm away from the seed, that it may produce grain for his and our use?

No honest man would cheat a bird of his spring and summer wages.

CORTUSCOM. What shad do the rebels [illegible] Answer—Lashes (lot us) alone.

CITY AND VICINITY.

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman residing at Washington desires to obtain board for his family for the season in or near Lowell. Address, stating terms, &c., with full particulars, Agent, Courier office. A B, 2 and 11 years. Address Box 1144, Lowell. jn12

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 39 Central to No. 97 Merrimack Street—head of Central. Store, May 31, 1861. may31d&f

MUNICIPAL

The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. *Jurors drawn.* Oliver E. Cushing, Joseph S. Brown, Levi Hancock, and Joseph F. Trott, were drawn as grand jurors, and Joseph Moore and George W. Patterson as petit jurors for the term of the United States District Court to be held at Boston on the 25th inst.—Oliver M. Harding, Frank E. Jewett, Horace B. Shattuck and Frederic Holden were drawn as petit jurors to serve at the term of the Superior Court, to be held at Concord on the fourth Monday of the present month.

Reports. The reports of the City Marshal and Truant Commissioner for May, were read and filed.

Lighting Streets. An order was adopted to place two flint lamps on Market street, asked for by Perley Parker and others.—A petition was received from J. N. Morse and others, asking for a gas-light at the corner of Willie and Franklin Streets, which was referred to the committee on lighting.

Appointments and Licenses. Simon Kinsman and others were severally appointed and confirmed as field drivers.—Sundry persons were licensed to run night and sell carts.

Uniforms for the Police. In executive session, an order was adopted to have the police uniformed alike.

COMMON COUNCIL. *Engine House in Centralville.* After Monday night's arrangements were made to attack the place, a force to be sent from Fortress Monroe and also from Newport News, for that purpose.

About midnight Col. Townsend's Zouaves and Col. Townsend's Albany regiment crossed the river at Hampton by means of sail large batteaux, manned by the Naval Brigade, and took up the line of march, the former some two miles in advance of the latter.

At the same time Col. Bendix's regiment and a detachment of the Vermont and Massachusetts regiments at Newport News moved forward to form a junction with the regiments from Fortress Monroe at Little Bethel.

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Play-ground for Green School. A resolution was adopted to open the lot in the rear of the City Government Building, as a play-ground for the scholars attending the Green Grammar School, the same to be under the direction of the Committee on Commons.

REPORT OF CITY MARSHAL AND TRUANT COMMISSIONER FOR MAY. According to the report of Marshal Lovejoy, made to the Board of Aldermen last evening, the whole number of persons admitted for lodgings in May, was 162, of whom 30 were females—148 foreigners, 129 non-residents, and 7 minors. Whole number of arrests 168, of whom 162 were committed to the watch house; if the 163, 25 were females, 150 foreigner, 31 non-residents, and 19 minors. Whole number of prosecutions before the Police Court 40, of which 9 were for assault and battery, 6 for common drunkenness, 4 for drunkenness, 9 for larceny, and 1 for other offences. The Truant Commissioner reports the whole number of cases investigated in May, 42, of which 20 were truants and 23 absentees. One truant was sentenced to the State Reform School during the month, and one to the City Reform School for one year.

HEAVY THUNDER SHOWER—BARN STRUCK AND STILL BURNING. This morning, about three o'clock, we had a heavy thunder-shower, in this vicinity, accompanied with vivid lightning. One of the strokes of lightning struck a barn in Tyngsboro', on the river road, about three and a half miles from Pawtucket Bridge, belonging to Mr. Charles Holt, killing a horse and three cows, but singularly enough, doing no damage to the barn except to knock off the shingles. A heifer, is a stall about six feet from one of the cows killed, was not harmed. One of the cows belonged to Mr. Moses Whiting, of this city. The barn, we are worth about $125 and the cows probably as much more. Mr. Holt did not discover his loss until he went out to milk his cows this morning. It is a wonder that the barn was not destroyed, as there was quite a quantity of hayin it.

We understand that Mr. George K. Francis, of the Massachusetts Medical College, son of J. B. Francis, Esq., leave for the steamer S. R. Spaulding, in response to a telegram received from Dr. Kimball. We presume he will be attached to Surgeon General Kimball's staff, as that was the appointment we are informed. He is an energetic and talented young gentleman, and will render valuable services in any department to which he may be assigned.

Burial lot and Monument for Whitney and Ladd. The committee on this subject reported in favor of the triangular lot in front of the Merrimack House, if the State will contribute toward the erection of a suitable monument, if not, then that they be buried in the cemetery, near the gateway, and that the city erect a monument, and that until action be taken in regard to a monument, that they be buried near the chapel in the cemetery, and that the committee confer with the friends of the deceased on the subject. The report was accepted.

Flag-staff on the North Common. A resolution was adopted for the erection of a flag-staff on the North Common, at an expense not exceeding $200, as asked for by Sewall G. Mach, Isaac Anthony and others.

UNIFORM FOR THE POLICE. The following are to be the dresses in which the police are to appear a hereafter, when on duty:—

City Marshal—Blue dress-coat, with the police buttons, black pants, half merino vest with same buttons, black hat and gold badge.

Deputy Marshal—Blue frock coat with police buttons, black pants and light bull vest with same buttons, black hat and silver badge.

Day Police—Blue frock coat, buff waistcoat or blue woolen vest, with police buttons on each, blue pants, blue cloth cap. When on the stormy weather, the above named officers may dispense with the dress.

Night Watchmen and Police—Dark blue double-breasted frock coat, dark blue pants, dark single-breasted cloth vest, made to button up the way such a frock is worn under the chin; coat and vest to have police buttons of usual number and put on in uniform manner, blue cloth cap of uniform style and shade, made with glazed cover for stormy weather.

Patrol Officers—To be furnished with dark blue overcloth cut in uniform style, and of the same shade of cloth, and supplied with the police button. The overcoats to have a portable cape fastened under the collar.

The buttons are to be furnished by the city with the letters "L. P." thereon, and are to be fastened with a ring so that they may be taken off for cleaning.

Each officer shall always wear his badge on the left breast outside of his coat, in open view.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE!

ANOTHER MEDICAL WITNESS.

[CT] It is second to none in the intrinsic value of thisgreat Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, recommend it in preference to their own prescriptions. Read the following testimony to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following—

HARRISONVILLE, Shelby Co., Ky., }
April 2, 1859. }

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS—I am a practicing physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1845, when a resident of the State of Tennessee, I purchased a quantity of your superior virtues of *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, prepared by you. At some more leisure moment, I will give you a statement of the numerous cures and CURES, for one or five years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 19 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent.
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IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies will be three years premium on the life plan.

$150,000 in Bonds and Mortgageshaving first lien on Real Estate worth 12 per cent. more than amount loaned on, deposited with the Comptroller of the State of New York, as security to Policy Holders.

Prairie Lizzard, Charles Stanton, Wm. Kyle, Jr., Harry H. Bridge, Wm. Hamilton, John Anderson, Jr., Wm. Hamilton, Jr., H. Pritchard, Wm. Hamilton, Jr., M. K. Brunson, Wm. Hamilton, John G. Stephenson, Wm. Hamilton,

Brooklyn.
Brooklyn.
Brooklyn.
Brooklyn.
Brooklyn.
Brooklyn.
Brooklyn.
Brooklyn.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., across Merrimack Street, and by Druggists everywhere.
Lowell, June 11th, 1861. jn12d&w3m

Attwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters.—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. Call and give them a trial. See advertisement.
d TuThSatJuly

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against hazard by FIRE, to the extent of $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Aiken, John G. Abbott,
Arthur F. Bunker, Josiah Carter,
Joseph Bartlett, Walter Wright,
Charles Cowley, Caleb H. Marsh,
Ephraim Brown, Henry C. Rowe,
Nathan D. Sargent.

Alonzo A. Miner, Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin F. Baker, Jonathan M. Clark,
Reuben N. Dickinson.

NATHAN AIKEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 83 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 24, 1860.

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$1,500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. Policies written by the undersigned, Agent for Hartford, Ætna and Charter Oak, for one or five years.

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C. H. HAYES, Shelby Co., Ky.

MEDICAL
DENTAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership in the practice of Dental Surgery and will continue at the long-established office of the senior partner, Dr. A. Lawrence, on Gorham street, for the purpose of attending to all branches of the profession, in the most skilful manner. Having had many years experience in this department with a small class of patients, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction to those who may favor us with their patronage, calling which our assistance necessary to their comfort.

We present the following list of fees:

Upper or lower set, on fine gold plate,	$40 to $60
Upper or lower set, on silver plate,	30 to 40
Upper or lower set, on Base plate,	20 to 30
Setting single teeth,	1 to 3
Plate of gold or silver to prevent decay,	2 to 3
Extracting,	50 cts.
Extracting, Nitrous Oxide or Sulphuric Ether,	$1

A. LAWRENCE,
LEVI PARKER, Jr.
No. 11 John St., Lowell.

Lowell, June 1, 1861. jn3m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss. By virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court for the County of Middlesex, on the Attorney Term, A. D. 1861, in favor of Ezra Sampson, of Boston, and against the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to me directed, I have taken all the right, title and interest of the Commonwealth, in and to any and all lands and tenements in Somerville, in said county, and have appointed Wednesday, the twenty-sixth day of June, A. D. 1861, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, in the State House in Boston, to expose the same to sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, and will then and there sell all the right, title and interest of the Commonwealth in and to said real estate, situated in Somerville, in said county.

One undivided half of a certain lot of land with the buildings thereon, situated in Somerville, and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the corner of Broadway and Cross street, thence running Southwesterly on said Broadway one hundred and forty-six feet, more or less, to land now or formerly of Jonathan Tufts, thence running Southeasterly on said land now or formerly of said Tufts, one hundred and forty-six feet, more or less, to land now or formerly of Ezra Sampson, thence running Northeasterly on said land now or formerly of said Sampson, one hundred and forty-six feet, more or less, to said Cross street, thence running Northwesterly on said Cross street one hundred and forty-six feet, more or less, to the first bounds mentioned, containing twenty-one thousand square feet, more or less, and being the same premises conveyed by deed dated September 15th, 1855, and recorded in Middlesex South Registry of Deeds, Book 750, Page 497.

Also one undivided half of land situate in said Somerville, and being the same lot conveyed by deed dated May 15, 1855, and recorded in said Registry, Book 750, Page 496.

The above may be had by a more particular description of the same, reference being had to said deeds.

Also the following lots of land in said Somerville, as follows: "One undivided half of a certain lot of land with the buildings thereon, situated in Somerville, and bounded as follows: Commencing at a point on the Northeasterly side of Cross street, at the corner of land now or formerly of Jonathan Tufts, thence running Northeasterly on said Tufts' land one hundred and forty-six feet, more or less, to land now or formerly of Ezra Sampson, thence running Southeasterly on said Sampson's land one hundred and forty-six feet, more or less, to said Cross street, thence running Southwesterly on said Cross street one hundred and forty-six feet, more or less, to the first bounds mentioned, containing twenty-one thousand square feet, more or less, and being the same premises conveyed by deed dated September 15, 1855, and recorded in said Registry, Book 750, Page 497.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Banks, Pamphlets, Merchants, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets; By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies; Printing from Stereotype Plates; Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, CIRCUSES, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

H. S. HAYNES.

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Berarded, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the most manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLE LAMPS

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery for sale cheap, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Dish Covers, Coffee, &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in the country, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the prices and attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purcasing on the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our motto—

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and promising to make a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

may15

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being fully licensed, their machines are warranted to contain no infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and sew a little more than half as much thread as the ordinary chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach ine now before the public, to the execution of a greater variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from the finest muslin to 8 ply wool, and seams without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, tension, or making any other adjustment of machine to family use? and if ever adapted to family use, why not to the execution of all light sewing? Is it not the ultimate desire of Man to accomplish with the least possible labor, the most perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any other adjustment of machine to family use? and if ever adapted to family use, why not to the execution of all light sewing? Is it not the ultimate desire of Man to accomplish with the least possible labor, the most perfect, and consequently can execute a greater variety of superior work a result which has not been attained by any other machine, and consequently can command a higher price? Such a result has been attained by the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine, and is the only machine that is perfectly fitted in mechanical science, and simplicity of adjustment to execute all the various kinds of work, without mechanical skill or knowledge even by the most delicate woman for a life time, or a fortune, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is subject, namely: Death, for example, from any of the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-blackedy, Hypocondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called Female Weakness and Irregularities. Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Kidney Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the Urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs, Pain in the Back, and pain between the Shoulders, predisposition to Shaki Colds, Blocking and Hacking Cough. Emaciation, Difficulty of Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate many more still, but we have space only to say, it will not only cure in all the cases following Chills and Fever, but prevents all attacks arising from Miasmatic influences, and cure the diseases at once, if already contracted. It will do it correctly and persistently upon the biliary system, restoring the Liver to a healthy promoting, in fact, all the excretions and secretions of the system, and will totally prevent any deleterious consequences from following upon change of climate and water; hence all travellers should have a bottle with them, as it will entirely take a table spoonful at least before eating. As it promotes costiveness, and requires the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, ministers, literary men. And all ladies not accustomed to exercise out door exercise should always use it. If they will but do so, they will find it very pleasant, and efficient remedy against those ills which rob them of their beauty, for beauty cannot exist without health, and health cannot exist without the above irregularities continue. Then a tonic, the Cordial is a perfect Panacea or Relief. Taken a month or two before the final time it will relieve the whole period with perfect ease and safety.—*There is no mistake about it, it does not fail, it will use cause for it.* MOTHERS, TRY IT! And to you we speak with confidence if disease or decline not only of your daughters before it be too late, but of parents and husbands, for while the former feels fallen darkness, the latter sinks down to a premature grave rather than let their condition be known; in many of the latter's often so mixed up with the excitement of business that if they are sick for you they too would travel in the same down ward path, until too late to save their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we make our appeal, for we are sure your never fail the attention will unerringly point you to Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator as the remedy, which will be always on hand in time of need. G. W. WOOD, Proprietor, Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis. For sale by all good Druggists. Price One Dollar per bottle.

CHARLES R. KIMBALL, Wholesale Exchanger, corner of Merrimack and Central, Lowell. oct18tf1y

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (So Old) made at the Forest River Mills is warranted to be equal to the best Old London: sound Oil; and its superior quality for Inside Painting, and Painting in Oil Colors, is unsurpassed by any establishment in the world. A New Article of Zinc White, ground in Oil, and named Pacific, is of extraordinary Fineness.

The great body and capacity for covering of this Lead renders it cheaper in use than any other. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of common Lead. This fact has been tested by some of the best painters in Boston, and has been pronounced by them equal to the article will commend and protect the public; patent that its own work easier and in greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The Forest River Lead Company, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in it for many years, and has now the most improved machinery and the most skilful workmen, and is therefore prepared to furnish it in the most perfect manner, and in the most convenient packages. The Forest River Lead Company is the only Company in the United States manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," and they have failed to give permanent satisfaction.

CHARLES R. COBURN, Sec. 4 and 5 Mechanics Building, Boston Street, Lowell. apr26tf

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LISCOMB, for cleaning Plated, Glass, Brass, Gold or Silver, Steel, Brittannia Ware, &c.—This article is invaluable. It will be found efficacious, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Once however tested, by its use will look at Plate as new. Its equal has never been offered to the public. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Journeth Incomparable for cleaning Kid Gloves. Also, for cleaning Gold Lace, Epaulettes, Military Trimmings, &c. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of John street and Merrimack.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

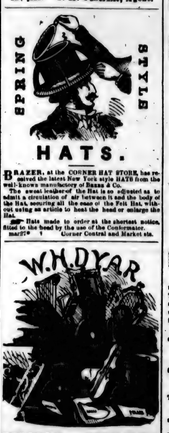
Fare from Lowell to Island Pond,	$6.50
" " " Charleston,	5.00
" " " Derby,	4.00
" " " Newport,	5.00
" " " Stanstead,	5.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

d&t jan26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.



BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the best known manufacturers in the United States, which he is now offering for sale at the lowest prices. He has also on hand a large assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which he will sell at the lowest prices to the trade. Please call and examine for yourselves at HATTER CORNER, No. 23 Merrimack st.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET, DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, which are universally acknowledged by first premium over all other competitors at the late World's Fair in 1853. They have constantly on hand a good assortment of the above-named makers' Pianos, which they are prepared to sell on as favorable terms as any establishment to be had in the trade. Pianos to let. Pianos to be tuned. Lowell, June 2, 1858. jn8tf1y

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. HAYNES'S Celebrated Furniture Paste Polish for Furniture Mantles, and any painted article—Is warranted to give a beautiful polish over the most delicate colors, and to remove all stains, grease spots, &c., from the most delicate articles. Also, accommodations for a house quite row, within one hour. Please call and try the article. Prices 25 cents. For sale at H. S. HAYNES' Variety Store, 45 Merrimack st.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in every and Gold setting, Pinking, Knobbing, &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

J. P. FLETCHER & CO.

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the this celebrated Oil Company.

Patent Paraffine Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his sanity discovered, process, which gives them the properties of

PERFECT SAFETY AND DURABILITY.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Cotton Spinning and all kinds of Machinery, No. 1, $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Parlor and Parraffine Oil, for burning in Lamps, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, (strongly recommended) No. 3, 75 cents; Patent Lubricating Oil, No. 4, 50 cents. Where Oils are sold by the gallon, barrel or hogshead.

Office for the sale of the Oil,

116 John Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWN AND CITY.

E. G. KELLEY,
Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

sep27

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

nov18

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM.—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Redness, and all Impurities of the skin, and every other humor. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. feb14

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by the subscriber, at No. 2 MERRILL BLOCK, Merrimack st., and his new Bookstore, No. 32 Merrimack st.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

MOTHER GOOSE

in curing COMBS without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed. Its sales

Dealers, have failed to give permanent relief in a single case, having been invented in England for the last forty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Also for sale by all Apothecaries. mh2

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Journeth Incomparable for cleaning Kid Gloves. Also, for cleaning Gold Lace, Epaulettes, Military Trimmings, &c. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of John street and Merrimack.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT. AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONCLUSION OF THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all lukewarm Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief!*" "*Have Used Blessing!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass., and by HENRY H. SWEET, Burlington, Vt., H. H. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEARD & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb23 feb13dly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

191 MARLBORO ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,112,555 70
Dividends paid to date,	1,436,760 13
Losses paid,	2,421,351 57

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any capital stock.

The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, without any profit to the officers in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It has accumulated a large trust fund.

Its investments are in Nat. Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark Bank Stocks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is conducted entirely relative to the insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving them Semi-Annually, Quarterly, or Monthly. Premiums on Policies for life, if over $50 payment may be made one-half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, which note, with interest accrued, to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to add the insured to settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in cash, receive the dividends in cash, or have it deducted; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful calculations of mortality.

This Company has now the large number of TWELVE THOUSAND Policies in force; yet the whole amount of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All losses of the institution must therefore prove it to be important that those who desire insurance should seek the security and acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company has now accumulated a fund of 42 per cent. on all policies issued more than five years.

Applications for insurance may be made to

H. S. HAYNES,
No. 45 Central and 31 Merrimack Street.

mar7 d&wtf

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the first diseases of infants originate from the disordered condition of their bowels, and in this connection we would call your attention to the wonderful cure of

DR. L. C. BUTLER'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Bates with remarkable success during several years' practice, we feel confident that we can say with truth, that there is no article of the kind now before the public which will give you of as speedy relief to every other preparation in the shape of a Cordial for

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious minds are constantly exercised for fear of the result, then cause, it will be found invaluable in relieving the pain, and in regulating the bowels, which is the

For Diseases attending Teething, such as Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Griping in the Bowels, Worms, Wind, Colic, and Cold in the Head, we would say, that in all cases where it is used it never fails to relieve. Mothers, if your children are troubled with sour stomach and bowels, and the consequences that follow, we would say, that in this respect also it will not disappoint you.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, we would say, that it will relieve them unconsciously, as if by magic; and in the dread complaint, Cholera Infantum, which is the most fatal and inconsolable of all diseases that are incidental to infancy, we would say, that it will relieve more than it will become "familiar as a household word." We now call your attention to the fact, that it contains no Opium, Morphine, or any other soothing child. Directions accompany each bottle.

Prepared only by L. C. BUTLER, Practical Physician and Chemist, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician, who has had extensive practice, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the country. Office hours from 9 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 5 P. M. Also, accommodations for a few patients who may wish to spend a month in quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when quacks assume to be physicians, without the least knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they put their trust. Many are making soap imprudently, and especially in relation to those who make the greatest pretensions in advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are ignorant, and if you apply to them you will be assisted by their *false statements*, and go blindly into their traps and be for your whole life poor as a pauper, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. Dr. L. C. Butler is a regular graduate, one among as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases of Men, all also Circulars giving full information, sent free of charge. Persons can be treated at a distance without which no advertising physician or member of the faculty is deserving confidence. CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Butler, while the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of the above diseases, he gives the very best references and testimonials. Office 23 Union street, Providence, R. I. Number AGE any others. LETTHEM DO THE PALMY, otherwise, you cannot keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON'S Providence, R. I.

Consultation Rooms.

sep7 d&wly

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment includes the most new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell.

Call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack and 31 Merrimack Streets,

mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices. All orders promptly delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON,
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7d1

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. H. Haynes has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, viz: Hanging, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Burners. Also, a large assortment of Side, stand, socket, hand, centre, Burning, Fluid, and Camphene Lamps. Also a new style for factory use—the Student Lamp—for sale at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Dowser's Kerosene Oil by the barrel, which I will sell at the manufacturer's prices.

Call and examine, examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' Variety Store, 45 Merrimack Street.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Humanity.

Golden Salve has been introduced into Lowell before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It has passed through the ordeal of fire.

Golden Salve has been tried in the severest cases. It has become the hand to draw to dress the fire. It has been applied to the worst cases of burns, scalds, and scalds, and has never failed to relieve the sufferer.

Golden Salve has been applied to the worst cases of sores in the human system, and has never failed to heal them with rapidity.

Golden Salve has been used for many years in the most extensive practice of Surgery, and has never failed to heal the most obstinate wounds.

Golden Salve has been used

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, June 13, 1861.

The accounts of the capture of Great Bethel, which were published in the Boston *Courier*, received by telegraph, we are pained to say are entirely false. Whether the original is difficult to tell, but the New York press, as well as the eastern, was humbugged by the same accounts. The *New York Herald of yesterday morning*, published a dispatch dated "Washington, June 12th—1 o'clock, A. M.," giving the *fullest* account of the affair, and this was the one which we published in the afternoon; but the same story came from other sources, and we are assured that official gentlemen in Boston received dispatches confirming the report. The explanation of the *New York Times* and the *Herald*, as to the origin of the reports is yet to be received. The *Boston Advertiser* thinks they may have originated in this way :—

With the news of the defeat at Great Bethel, came the report, true or false, that Gen. Butler declared that he would take that battery within twenty-four hours.—Now the twenty-four hours were up, and on Tuesday morning, but the news of anything which might happen up to that time could not reach Washington before Wednesday morning. The reporters, to prove that whatever Gen. Butler *was said to have said* he would do, determined to get ahead of his contemporaries, and so sat down and wrote an account of the affair as he supposed it would probably be.

If the report originated in this way, there is no language too severe, and few punishments too harsh not to be meted out by the persons who started them. The story is of the character of the Sewall's Point fight, and looks as if it might have originated in the same brain. We cannot, however censurable others may be, blame ourselves for publishing these frauds. Our dispatches are obtained at no little trouble and expense, but on account of their age in Boston we have never sold a hundred extra copies of the *Courier*. We simply have them, that our regular subscribers, who do not have the Boston evening papers, may not be too far behind in the matter of important news; and yesterday was the first time that we have been instrumental in publishing anything received by telegraph, of importance, that has not been substantiated by later intelligence. We shall not intentionally publish unreliable telegraph news, but must try it, as we have done, and if we are misled by telegraph, of importance, that has not been substantiated by later intelligence. We shall not intentionally publish unreliable telegraph news, but must try and keep up with the times, and of course not whatever rob there is to be picked up.

Those who were "down on the *Courier*" yesterday, may as well keep cool, remembering that we cannot possibly be the gainer by sending abroad unauthenticated statements like the one of which they complain.

TO-DAY. This is the day set apart by Jeff. Davis for fast by the people of the Southern Confederacy. They should keep it strictly as a day of *humiliation*. The fasting part will come soon enough according to all accounts.

This is also the anniversary of the birth of Gen. Scott, the old hero being 75 years old to-day, having been born in Virginia June 13, 1786. He entered the army May 14, 1808, and has been in the service of his country over fifty years. In 1841, he was appointed Commander-in-Chief in 1841, to succeed Gen. Jacob Brown.

To-day, also, there is an election of representatives to Congress in Maryland.

NARROW ESCAPE OF A SECRETARY.—William Pegram, supposed to be the bearer of dispatches from Jeff. Davis, sailed from Boston yesterday in the British steamer for Liverpool. He was overhauled by Mr. Chief of Police Kelley before the steamer left, but produced his passports, and the chief had no authority to detain him under ten circumstances.—When Mr. Amos returned to his office after the steamer had left, he found a dispatch on his desk, containing positive instructions from the Secretary of State to arrest Mr. Trappman, but it was too late. Trappman was recently dismissed from the office of British consul at Charleston by Mr. Seward.

THE rebels give the most extraordinary accounts of the fight at Great Bethel.—The *Baltimore Sun* states that 10,000 Federal troops were killed. These misstatements are to affect the Congressional elections in Maryland to-day.—So we are intimated; and if this conclusion is true, it is not unreasonable to believe that the report of the success of Gen. Butler yesterday was started for an opposite effect.—Perhaps not; but we think the reports were started in New York or Washington.

THE blockading steamer Brooklyn, at the mouth of the Mississippi, is reported to have gone ashore, and that she careened so much that her guns were of no use in case she should be attacked. The southern press reports this, and also that the inhabitants were intending to relieve her and place her in the service of the rebels.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. The vote for Governor at the last election, as officially announced to the Legislature was 67,142.—Nathaniel S. Berry had 35,467; George Stark 31,453; Levi Bartlett 141; scattering 43. Allen Haywood was elected Secretary of State, and John Foss Wardon of the State Prison. The vote of the State on calling a convention to revise the constitution was 11,078 in favor to 9,733 against it. Majority for it 1,325.

We have seen a poem in some of our exchanges entitled, "Ode to the North and South." Very likely this is a misprint, and should read "Owed to the North by the South."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

The rebels evacuated Fairfax on Monday.

The Virginia provisional government will raise ten regiments for Government service for the war.

It is said 1500 rebel troops are entrenched at Charlestown, Virginia, with several six pounders, mounted.

A dispatch from New York says ten additional regiments from New England will be sent to Fortress Monroe.

THE WAR NEWS.

Capt. Magruder's company has been sent from Washington to Frederick City. All was quiet when they entered Rockville, although threats occasioned the cavalry to load their arms. A procession of Union men at Strawberry Plains was fired into last week by a party of armed rebels passing by in a railway car. The fire was returned by a Union man, but the affair is not known. With great difficulty the Union men, who numbered about 1200, were prevailed upon not to tear up the rails.

The special Washington dispatch to the *Post* says:—50,000 cartridges were sold to the Relay House to-day. Reports from Kentucky says that the secessionists feel confident of driving that State out of the Union at the proper time.

The *Commercial's* Washington dispatch says: "The secession element in the Maryland Legislature is very strong. The Governor's Department is perfecting postal arrangements for the Virginia troops.

An important improvement in the means of obtaining intelligence of the enemy's movements is to be put in use in Washington. *Prof.* Lowe will ascend in a balloon with a telescope, examine the works at Manassas Junction, and report the result to the War Department by means of telegraphic wire attached to the rope by which the balloon will be confined.

Western Virginia. Resolutions have been offered in the Convention, now sitting at Wheeling, to make the requisite arrangements for the formation of a new State; that the arrangements be submitted to the inhabitants now sitting in that city, and thence to Congress; that this mode is preferable to re-constructing the government of Virginia, as it is equally legal and relieves Western Virginia from the overburdening State debt, no part of which it owes in equity, and the no less disastrous consequences of repudiation. The resolutions, by request, will be withdrawn for the present.

A large majority of the people of Manassas are anxious for the arrival of the Federal troops. They offer to give them beds, rooms, provisions, and everything necessary.

Provisions are growing excessively scarce at Harper's Ferry. The brakesman puts the number of rebel troops there at 14,000, and the number of Confederate sick at 3,000.

Col. John S. Keyes, will, there is little doubt, be appointed a Brigadier General in the army, so says a Washington dispatch.

Maryland. The House of Delegates have voted to instruct the Maryland United States Senators to vote for the recognition of the Southern Confederacy without delay, great indignation among the Union men in Baltimore. Many of them say the Federal government ought to disperse the Legislature by force.

A despatch from Baltimore says there are some rumors of anticipated trouble at the Congressional elections to-day, but it is believed there are no grounds for such anticipations. The Government is fully prepared to check any outbreak made there.

Advices from East Tennessee state that the Union men there are fully determined to resist the rebels, and will not hesitate to defend the government.

The President having accepted the five regiments under Gen. Sickles, an order was issued to muster them into service for three years, or during the war.

The steamer the Boston from Bath Brigade, known as the 14th Regiment, have been accepted on condition that they report at Harrisburg within 10 days.

The three regiments of militia and three years volunteers will be paid at once, to include the 31st of May. Duplicates of the muster rolls have been ordered to be made out immediately by Quartermaster General Jones.

Gov. Jackson, of Missouri, has deemed it that no Federal troops shall be quartered or marched through the State, but Gen. Lyon has refused to comply with his demand.

The Massachusets Eighth wish to serve the three years, but Governor Andrew refuses to accept them, alleging that other regiments wish to serve.

The Massachusetts troops are highly elated at the prospect of Gen. Banks' leading encampment.

The fight at Great Bethel. We give the following additional facts in relation to the Great Bethel fight :—

Some mortification is expressed at the bad management of Gen. Pierce, in none as to the extent of the loss, which was found to be much less than supposed, the character of the temporary advantage gained by the rebels. One of Greble's command states that had no advance been ordered instead of a retreat the battery would have been taken in five minutes. Lieut. Greble had silenced all the guns except one rifle cannon, which was fired with great rapidity, and was concentrated directly on his command. This gun was worked well. But all the rest were badly managed, their balls cutting off the tops of the trees over their heads. Had the battery been well supplied with experienced gunners, no doubt ye loss of life would have been much greater.

Lieut. Greble spiked his gun at the moment he received orders to retreat, as is supposed on account of his supposed as such orders, presuming that Gen Pierce had also received attempts to and him off, and that should his gun be captured in the rebel hands it would make it harmless. He had just driven in the spike when a ball killed him.

Colonel Bendix's Zouaves evinced great bravery. They could with difficulty be restrained from making an attack without orders. Five of the rebels are known to have been killed by the Zouaves outside of the battery, and it is presumed from the effective firing of Lieut. Greble, that considerable damage must have been done to the rebels inside of the battery, which was of sand bags hidden from the view by bushes.

The number of Zouaves killed was 5; wounded, 20; missing, 7. They attribute their heavy loss to their bright uniforms, while the regulars attribute it to their superior bravery and daring.

The whole number of killed and wounded, as ascertained at the Fortress, was 19 killed, 47 wounded, and 3 missing.

The rumored loss of Major Winthrop is unfounded. Several of those killed were inhumanly slaughtered while carrying off the wounded, which causes a bitter feeling among the troops.

WHY COL. JONES WAS BURNT IN EFFIGY. A correspondent of the *Worcester Spy*, writing from the Relay House, gives some explanations which places Col. Jones' conduct in a better light than previous reports made it. In reference to the report that Col. Jones sent a flag of truce to the Bethel field, who was returning home sick, the correspondent says :—

"I wish merely to say that sometimes the truth is bad enough, and that I have no sympathy with those who, for malicious purposes, will fabricate stories to the injury of another. This story I speak of is false, so far as Col. Jones is concerned—and some other officers have been about him are equally false.

"Instead of him, that Col. Jones was burnt in effigy at the Relay House Camp,' deserves notice and explanation. Capt. Devereaux of the Salem Zouaves, and Capt. Martin, both of the Eighth Regiment, were stationed on picket duty on a certain night at the Relay House. They made, without any authority, and without the knowledge of their superior officers, they left their duty, and, taking a company of soldiers from the picket, went out into the country upon some sort of an expedition upon their own account. Consequently, when a train of cars arrived from Harper's Ferry, the privates on duty, withoutheir officers, unnecessarily, and contrary to orders, fired upon the train, and the passengers narrowly and miraculously escaping with their lives. Both captains were alarmed, and upon the return of the Captains, Col. Jones put them under arrest, very properly.—This is the statement given by their friends, by getting up an effigy of Col. Jones, which was burnt. It is sufficient to say that every officer and private in our regiment, at least, approved the action of Col. Jones.—Both of the Captains were publicly reprimanded, at the head of the regiment, by Col. Jones. If a Captain can leave his post of duty, and go off on a private expedition, without orders, a private can do the same, and it is thus we would see a state of insubordination which would render the troops worse than a useless."

LOSS OF TWENTY THOUSAND LIVES.—Since additional accounts from South America swells the dreadful account of the numbers destroyed by the recent earthquake in the Argentine Republic. At first it was supposed that about eight thousand, then not less than eleven, and now by an arrival at Boston from Montevideo, with dates to the 17th ult., we learn that the number destroyed is twenty-one thousand, and several small towns in the neighborhood of that city, cannot be less than 20,000. The *Cronicela Puntana*, of March 30, says :—

"The reason is obscured, the soul saddened, to hear these phrases. Mendoza is to-day a mountain of ruins, under which remains interred 20,000 of her inhabitants. Numerous intelligence cannot describe the sad picture that Mendoza and her adjacent villages present. Senor Don B. Orellano, the last who has arrived from there, and who merits entire confidence, relates that in four leagues of the area there have perished four to each square, gives 20,736 perished. Of many families of twenty and thirty not a single member has been saved. The details of the numerous letters from the unhappy persons who escaped are terrible; their sufferings in dwelling on the sad event, the narrative of so much suffering rends the heart.

A MODEST TRAITOR. Mr. Geo. F. Salie, writes to the *Mobile Mercury*, that Jeff. Davis and his suite are moving fast enough, and are acting too much on the offensive. He says :—

"The Congress that is to meet on the 20th of August, will not forthwith issue a declaration of war, and pass a non-intercourse act, they will furnish the world with conclusive proof that they are unfit for the times. This war must go on. The South must fight until they sue for peace. Pass a non-intercourse act, and then she can afford to wait for the ultimate recognition of the war. We *must* dictate the terms of peace; the first article of which should be an acknowledgment of the right of secession. This is a fundamental principle.—The next article should be that she pay for the utmost farthing, the expenses of the war. The third is, that she pay for the slaves stolen from her citizens upon their own account. Consequently, when a train of cars arrives from Harper's Ferry, the privates on duty, withoutheir officers, unnecessarily, and contrary to orders, fired upon the train, and the passengers narrowly and miraculously escaping with their lives. Both captains were alarmed, and upon the return of the Captains, Col. Jones put them under arrest, very properly.—This is the statement given by their friends, by getting up an effigy of Col. Jones, which was burnt. It is sufficient to say that every officer and private in our regiment, at least, approved the action of Col. Jones.—Both of the Captains were publicly reprimanded, at the head of the regiment, by Col. Jones. If a Captain can leave his post of duty, and go off on a private expedition, without orders, a private can do the same, and it is thus we would see a state of insubordination which would render the troops worse than a useless."

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CITY AND VICINITY.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 21 Merrimack Street—east of Central Street. May 31, 1861. may31tf

POLICE COURT. Francis Tousaile, last night, being rather tight, on a public street, assaulted no officer on his beat. The officer took him, and shook him, and in a little while, Francis found himself in 0 durance vile. This morning his guilt he admitted, and the Court ordered him committed, and so Mr. Tousaile in default of bail went straight up to the county jail, where for a week, he stones for the fresh, of doing what he ought not.

Annis Rand, an absentee from school, was sent two years to the House of Employment.

AN UGLY WEAPON. We saw this morning at the Mayor's office, a weapon sent to the Mayor by R. I. Plaisted, Paymaster of the Sixth Regiment. It is said to be one of John Brown's pikes, taken from a prisoner from Harper's Ferry, who was brought into camp. The blade is about a foot long and two inches across at the widest part, and tapers off to a sharp point, though the edge is broken. It would not be a very pleasant plaything to meet in the hands of a determined enemy.

MIDDLESEX MILLS. A dividend of five per cent., payable on Saturday next, has been declared to the Stockholders of this Corporation. Four shares of this stock sold in Boston yesterday for $104 each.

GOING INTO SERVICE. Col. Clark's Boston Regiment, in which is quite a number who went from this city, it is expected will be mustered into the United States service to-day.

THE CRICKET MATCH. Persons having an interest in the game to-morrow, will not forget the cricket match to come off on the Fair Grounds, between the Boston and Lowell Clubs. The wickets will be pitched at nine o'clock.

AMONG the passengers which left Boston for Fortress Monroe in the Cahawba, was John Bracewell, agent of the Print Works in Dover, formerly of this city.

THE SERMON FOR SATURDAY. We shall publish next Saturday, a sermon on "The Law of Moral Influence," preached by Rev. L. H. Thayer, pastor of Worthen Street Methodist Church.

HONOR TO JUDGE DOUGLAS. The Democratic City Committee of this city, held a meeting on Tuesday evening last, when the following resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted :—

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty Ruler of the Universe to take from the arena of human life, one who has delighted to honor—a distinguished statesman and a true patriot, who during the last month has displayed the powerful life of his love for his country and for my country, under all circumstances and in every contingency";

Resolved, That in the death of Stephen A. Douglas we have lost a great leader, combining a brilliant intellect with a penetrating foresight; our country a statesman, and the world an enlightened patriot. Clay, and Webster's bright example of self-reliance, self-culture—a true type of gentlemen among men."

"Anything on earth !" exclaims a third, "any form of government, any tyranny or despotism you like, but"—and here is the appeal more terrible than the adjuration of all the Gods—"but on the soil of what shall have ceased, his manly voice, stirring, eloquent and ardent patriotism, would have contributed much to the restoration of harmony throughout the land; and although we shall no longer listen to his eloquent voice of our departed friend, the principles of Judge Douglas's career will be his inculcated, will still be the guiding light of large masses of his countrymen; and who are ready to sacrifice principle enshrined within our hearts; we recognize in the many words of the statesman of his sons, called forth by the voice of affection, "Tell them to obey the laws and support the Constitution of the United States" as a sacred legacy—the dying prayer of a great statesman to every loyal heart in the land.

Resolved, That we sincerely sympathize with the widow and family of the late and deceased friend, in this hour of their trial and sorrow, and tender our respectful and heartfelt condolence in their affliction.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolves be signed by the officers of this meeting, and communicated to the family of the late Senator.

Appropriate remarks, suggested by the resolutions, were made by Messrs. Silas S. Drew, E. A. Alger, A. R Brown, J. F. McEvoy, B. B. Butterworth and Henry Emery.

SINGULAR AND FATAL ACCIDENT. A correspondent of the *Boston Journal* says that on June 1, Lt. Sargent, a young man nineteen years of age, and living at North Boscawen, N. H., met with his death on Monday evening last, while performing feats for amusement with a revolving pistol. The act which caused his death was the attempt to leap over the bar, which was revolving in a vertical position. Having placed his hands on the top of the fatal instrument, he gave a spring, but his hands slipped, and he was impaled upon the bar, which, in its rapid revolution, caused his death. "I am bleeding to death; I shall die."—He lived about forty-five minutes. Young Sargent was an exemplary youth, and a member of the Christian Church in Franklin.

SUCCESSOR TO SENATOR DOUGLAS. Orville H. Browning has been appointed by Gov. Yates, to succeed Senator Douglas until the meeting of the Legislature in September. Mr. Browning, we believe, resides at Quincy, and was a Republican in politics.

Hon. GEORGE M. KEIM, a member of Congress from Berks, Pennsylvania, from 1836 to 1843, died at Reading in that State yesterday.

At Newburyport, last Sunday, Rev. Daniel P. Pike gave a public address on *the other side*, or the utility of intoxicating drinks.

THE THIRD DISTRICT. Twenty-five towns give Thomas 2288; Beals 250; scattering 14.

THE landlords in Cincinnati are said to be very generally reducing their rents from one fourth to one-half, in view of the stagnation in business.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE!

ANOTHER MEDICAL WITNESS.

IF It is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following :—

HARRISONVILLE, Shelby Co., Ky.,
April 2, 1860.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—I am a practicing physician, residing and practicing in this place, for the last 1849, when I removed from the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, prepared by you. At some more leisure moment, I will send you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 900 worms.

IF Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

jn10&w1y

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, and for sale low than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of low priced and medium Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as low as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices. Purchasers are to be waited from our assortment can go with ease to select and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Manufacturers in Boston, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. may28d2w

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points west, at the lowest rates. Also tickets for passage in steamers at the lowest rates. Office at the Grand Trunk Railroad.

may31 H. W. BRICKETT, Agent.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine in another column. Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS :

C. B. Coburn, S. Lawrence, G. G. Hunt, C. G. Howe, D. B. Richardson, Jas. Dana, Edward Tuck.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Desirable Risks on Dwellings, Stores, Mills, Furniture, Merchandise, &c., in Lowell and vicinity. The surplus is $20,000.00, with Deposit Notes to the amount of $100,000.00. The division of scrip on all things and farm property to Middlesex County is 40 per cent. The STOCK DEPARTMENT is for insuring, copying, and rates are as low as in any Company of equal responsibility.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $50,000.00, invested in Bank, Railroad and other property on hand over limited amounts and rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

C. B. COBURN, President.
C. B. COBURN, Secretary pro tem.

J. P. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1860. jy16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up clearness,
It burns long,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns without smoke.

Than any other free burning coal. And the cheapest in the market.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 31 Merrimack street. mar14tf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually to peril if she is sad enough to endure the pangs of suffering and disease, when a few boxes of her sex are more than sufficient to restore her to health and happiness. DR. CHEESEMAN, the learned physician from the same formula which the lamented, COMMODORE J. N. BARRON, U. S. N., used for his wife, and which restored her to health after all other remedies had failed—immediately relieves without pain, all obstructions, from whatever cause, and is a certain remedy for those suffering from relaxation or suppression. They are like a charm in relieving pain, and overcoming nervous irritation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy now before the public. Sold by all druggists and dealers in Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., throughout the United States, Canada, and South America, and by the proprietor, DR. CHEESEMAN, at his office and depot, No. 483 Canal Street, New York.

In the worst cases of *Female Obstruction*, one box is sufficient.

TO WIVES AND MAIDENS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe means of restoring interrupted menstruation but

LADIES BEWARE!

There is one condition of the female system in which DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS should not be used. It is *PLURAL REGULT. The condition referred to is* that of pregnancy. During the first three months they *produce* a tendency to miscarriage. This is the *unavoidable tendency of the medicine to restore all obstructed functions*, and to remove *whatever is* an *unwholesome* power of matters cannot resist it. *Married females, during the first three months they should not be used.* At such time the Pills can do no harm, if taken according to directions.

Sold by Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. CHEESEMAN, Proprietor,
No. 483 Canal Street, New York.

Sold in Lowell, by S. RIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and Market streets, and by Druggists everywhere. may31eod&w1y

Dr. WM. A. HAMMOND, Surgeon General U. S. Army, says :—"I have frequently prescribed, and always with the most satisfactory results, Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS."

Dr. JOHN C. PETERS, Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, says :—"I have frequently prescribed Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and have found it a most valuable remedy."

Dr. JOHN C. HALL, Professor of Anatomy in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, says :—"I have frequently prescribed Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and have found it a most valuable remedy."

Dr. ALONZO CLARK, Professor of Practice of Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, says :—"I have frequently prescribed Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and have found it a most valuable remedy."

Dr. JOHN W. DRAPER, Professor of Chemistry in the University of New York, says :—"I have frequently prescribed Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and have found it a most valuable remedy."

Dr. JOHN W. FRANCIS, Professor of Obstetrics in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, says :—"I have frequently prescribed Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and have found it a most valuable remedy."

Dr. JOHN T. METCALFE, Professor of Surgery in the University of New York, says :—"I have frequently prescribed Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and have found it a most valuable remedy."

Dr. JOHN C. DALTON, Professor of Physiology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons,

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them. All work

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Records, Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, on white or fancy colored papers.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fancy and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and to boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE, } Proprietors.
W. H. HURD, }

PROF. WOOD'S

Restorative Cordial

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

[Is precisely what is advertised here to be—not, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, or gives it two fresh starts. Blood is the life of original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to all tacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted as *to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature*, as disease soon *vanishes before such a wonderful remedy*, and tone up the digestive powers, and allow all nourishment of other irritation. It is also perfectly refreshing in its effects, and yet it is never followed by laxatives or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility; for it needs no medical skill or knowledge even to see that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable. Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Nervous Affections, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Stomach Complaints, Diseases of the Throat, Languor, Dizziness, and all that class of ills, so fearfully common to our country, which, if not cured, will terminate in Consumption, Insanity, Dropsy, Epilepsy, or Fits, or Spasmodic Affections, and all that class of diseases which are the result of Scrofula or Inconstitutional Taint. Diseases of the Blood, Skin, Shoulder Joints, Scrofulous Sores, Tumors, Ulcers, Swellings, Rheumatism, Chronic Rheumatism, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Chronic Inflammation of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Female Weaknesses, Irregularities, Suppressions, Whites, Sterility, Incompetency, Impotency, and Diseases arising from the Secret Habits of Youth, Nervousness, Lassitude, Prostration, Universal Debility, Paralysis, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and all that class of diseases, so fearfully and terribly common to the human family. Such Weaknesses and Irregularities, Such Diseases and Symptoms as these, the first great requisite necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For sometimes it has been a matter of much doubt among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made which have expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this earning to unite the two great discoveries in knowledge, to make this great discovery.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that if organic matters move in their sphere, and the vegetable life is governed by certain definite laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the result follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows them to be composed mainly of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

Then when we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen being in contact with a metal, produces or emits electricity.

Electricity being in contact with a muscular fiber, causes it to contract.

Then as electricity is indestructible, we have now the solution as to the motor or dynamic power of the blood. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron corpuscles of the blood, produces or emits electricity, which coming in contact with the muscular fiber of the heart causes it to contract, and the blood is forced through the arteries to the extremities. Now the cause of Consumption, Dropsy, Bronchitis, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, Scrofula, Rheumatism, and all diseases originating in the iron, sulphur and phosphorous, which constitute the blood, is the want of oxygen, consequently an abnormal condition of the blood, which produces the scrofulous and bronchial complaints cause—the sufferer becomes more or less subject to the various maladies and neuralgia—complaints of the liver and kidneys are induced—and in fact every form of disease but virulent fevers may be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles or red globules.

To supply this deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we can manufacture them, yet we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Reflect a moment, before any organic disease! Unfortunates, who have by excess of the body or mind, reduced the system for the the blood and diminished the red globules! Ladies suffering any of those complaints peculiar to your sex! Remember, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. It is the cured testimony of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. It is not physic, it does not injure your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy; give it a trial.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully proving the theories advanced here to be received, will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food will be sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send 4 bottles (large size) by express, for $5 a single bottle, $1. It is put up in 6 oz. vials, in pill-wrapper style, and in 12 oz. bottles, which in red wrappers having been done away with—and a fac-simile signature of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits. Address

J. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

may16 Weh

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware.

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, MIRE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS.

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful

FANCY GLASS,

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the careful attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our low prices.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a continuance of the same is respectfully invited.

H. S. HAYNES.
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

may16 Weh

MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Clocks,

Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.

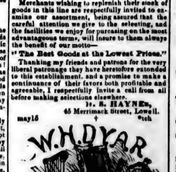
A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep264t

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET, DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Pianos, which they consider the best in their premium over all other competitors at the last World's Fair, and which they are constantly receiving testimonials of their superiority. Also, Melodeons and Forte, at manufacturers' prices. WARRANTED for five years. Pianos to be let. Piano Fortes made. N. E.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.

may16 Weh

E. G. KELLEY,

116 John Street,

Sole Agent for the City of New York for sale of the Oils manufactured by the

Pratt's Astraline Lubricating Oil Company,

Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of

PURE SPERM OIL.

E. G. Kelley's Patent Solid Head Paraffine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, No. 1, $1 per gallon; Patent Triple Refined Lubricating Oil, for Woollen Machinery, No. 2, 75 cents; Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, superior to any in the market, No. 1, 75 cents; Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 65 cents; White Burning Fluid, No. 1, 50 cents; No. 2, 40 cents. Oils delivered by Machinery, No. 8, 50 cents.

Orders for the Oils left at No. 116 John Street, will receive prompt attention.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

sep27 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

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FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Eruptions, Sallowness, Tan, &c., and which is a delightful and harmless preparation. Sold by all Druggists. Price One Dollar per bottle.

CHARLES R. KIMBALL, Wyman's Exchange, corner of Merrimack and Central, Lowell.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Pioneer Mill is warranted to be ground to the best Old London: naced Oil; and its superior quality for Body, Fineness and Spreading Qualities, is fully attested by many establishments in the world. All White Lead manufactured at this Mill is "Forest River," in Parenthesis Form.

The great body and capacity for covering of this Lead, renders it cheaper in the end than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs of some other brands. This has been tested by some of the best painters in the country, and the universal testimony is, that a trial of the article will convince any one that it is indeed painter that he can work easier and to greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in it for many years, and for nearly a quarter of a century has had experience in connection with important improvements in the mode of manufacturing it, and he therefore feels assured that the article is unsurpassed.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained at the Manufactory, or of CHARLES R. OSBURN, Nos. 4 and 7 Merchants' Row, Boston.

CHARLES R. OSBURN,
Agent for the Company.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

IRONINE for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Stone Gold & Silver, Steel, Brittannia Ware, &c.*—This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, cheap, and in every way desirable. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as good as new. An equal ten never been discovered for the same. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.

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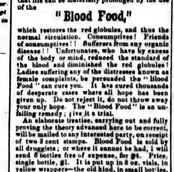

HATS.

BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York STYLES from the well known manufactory of BIRAS & Co.

The most fashionable of the hats so celebrated as to admit a circulation of air between it and the body at the same time preventing the sun's heat from the head, saving an article to last the head or cripple the Hat.

After this season it will be the shortest notice fitted to the head by the use of the Conformeter.

Corner Central and Market sts.

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H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of car loaded India Rubber PITTSBURG—the best kind in the market. Also, a large lot of Rubber Hose, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack Street.

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FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Furniture Polish* for cleaning, polishing, and preserving all kinds of furniture, whether varnished or painted. It is something new and the best kind ever introduced to the public. It will remove all stains, grease spots, &c., from furniture, and one trial of it will convince you will be enabled to restore the whole furniture of your house to its original beauty. Also, a new and superior Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

may29

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sep27 Manufacturing and Analytical Chemist.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TIC, FILES, SCIATICA, or any other form of pain, will be found to yield to the influence of "What *Wonderful Balm!! What a Great Blessing!* Our advice to all—

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and the blessed fact is to what a boon we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell: CLARK & MUNSON, 7 A. PERRY, Merchants' Row, Boston; CLARK & MUNSON & CO., Cincinnati, and at retail by Druggists generally.

O. L. CLARK & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

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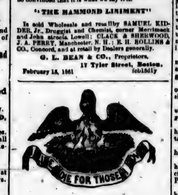

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,815,846.80
Annual Income, 1,400,000.00
Losses paid, 1,044,000.00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations in future.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unsurpassed security and advantages.

It possesses over $2,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate worth double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economized in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Term of 7 years, or for a certain number of years, and annually in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. Policies for Life, Endowment, and Annuities will be paid annually if desired.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have held two years premiums.

The Dividends are paid to add the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when required; and those who give Notes, receive the dividends in the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has paid the large number of 7775 Policies in force: yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principles of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution are therefore requested to aid in the increase of those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 32 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.

mar2 def

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

535 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and are a little more than half as much thread or silk as the machines that loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machine in the market, to the frequent changes and sizes it endures in the process of sewing in a farm. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of Merrimack shirting, and make as perfect a seam in the one as in the other.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact that every great improvement in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—The Machine is more durable and more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate the truth of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Mechanics' Institute, New York.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for the best machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Fair of the Crystal Palace, 1853.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing several times quicker than any other machine. Requisite on with other first-class sewing machines, and will execute a wider range of fancy work; it is the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER SATISFACTION to the purchaser than any machine in market, or money refunded.

These machines possessing the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons not acquainted with their merits. Hence the constant inquiry of thousands, "What are the principles of these machines?" "What are the peculiar merits and distinguishing features of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this inquiry we offer the following facts, which are the result of long experience, and which are facts—not theories, to be received and spilt at short notice. Sewed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write for circulars, containing full information, testimonials of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Boston or New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the very worst cases a permanent cure. He tells, with a his HONESTY and his SKILL. If he CAN and will cure you, he tells you so; if he CANNOT, otherwise, you had better keep away from him.

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Dr. Mattison

THE DAILY COURIER.
Friday, June 14, 1861.

WAR NEWS, 4c.

Gov. Jackson, of Missouri, has issued a proclamation, vilifying the Federal Government, and accusing it of breaking its obligations by invading the State with troops. He therefore calls for 50,000 State volunteers for the purpose of repelling invasion, and protecting the life, liberty and property of citizens. Still he admits that Missouri is one of the United States, and does not arrogate to himself the power to disturb that relation, which he thinks will be settled by a convention called for that purpose.

The advance on Harper's Ferry is assuming formidable dimensions, and the different columns are approaching their goal. Gen. Cadwallader, with one division, is to cross the Potomac at Williamsport, and Gen. Keim, with another, will go through Hagerstown and Sharpsburg. The forces advancing on the other side, under Washington, will establish a siege of the place, and we may expect important news from thence very shortly.

The Union vote at the recent election in Kentucky, is stated to have been 80,000.

The President, with Secretaries Chase and Cameron, visited the encampments on the Virginia side yesterday.

The opinion prevails in the State Department that all foreign governments will refuse any recognition or countenance to seceded States, and will not receive into their privateers nor aid them with arms or money.

Gen. Banks assumed command at Baltimore yesterday. Gen. Cadwallader will take command near the Potomac, at Williamsport.

Fifteen thousand rebel troops are reported to be at Harper's Ferry. The rebels at that point, it is said, are shooting men that refuse to enlist.

Garret Duncan, who is at Harper's Ferry, is of opinion that there is truth in the rumor that it is the intention of the Kentuckians there to desert in a body.

A large meeting was held at Dover, Delaware, yesterday, at which resolutions were adopted calling upon Senator Bayard to resign, and the Governor to assemble the Legislature.

The speeches made in the Wheeling Convention, are strong against secession, and for the Union.

A dispatch from Chambersburg says that Col. Wallace, with a portion of the Indiana Zouaves, left Cumberland Wednesday for Romney, Va., where he surprised 500 rebel troops, and, after a short conflict, completely routed them. He killed two, wounding one, and captured some prisoners, taking all their fire-class camp equipage, provisions, medicine chest and arms. One of the Zouaves was slightly wounded.

The Pennsylvania war loan of $3,000,000 has been taken at par.

Accounts from Fairfax Court House say that three military companies of secessionists left that place Monday, on hearing of the probable advance of our troops upon that town.

The *Louisville Journal* accuses the secessionists of taking the oath of allegiance so as to obtain arms, at the same time planning that oath is not binding.

A dispatch to the *New York Post* states that no attempt will be made on Manassas until Harper's Ferry is taken.

It is known that several individuals have gone to Europe to do not privateers. Many of them are from the Northern States. The Government will look after them.

Great Bethel—Some further particulars.

The probable number of troops engaged on the rebels was made by the Federal troops, on Tuesday morning, is thus described :—

The county bridge, where the battle on Monday was fought, is near the head of a branch of Back river, better known as Great Bethel. Among the rebels was a 12-pound brass cannon and two field pieces. The line of entrenchments then follows the right side of the road, a ditch between them. The position was excellently chosen, the stream and the morass on the left of the road, widening so as to render futile any attempt to outflank the rebels on that side. The formation of the ground on the right made a flank movement very circuitous.

The first intimation of a battery, was a sharp discharge of artillery upon the Zouaves, when they twice attempted to carry the works, but were unable to pass the stream, and had to fall back among the trees. Other regiments came up in good order, but for want of a proper knowledge fell into confusion. A council of Colonels was held, and the order given for a retreat after the men had been exposed for an hour and a half to a heavy fire. In the meantime Lieut. Col. Washington, with 250 men, had, by a wide circuit, reached the rear of the battery, and it is quite evident that the rebels, who, it is now determined, did not number 600 men, were on the point of leaving the field.

Notwithstanding the reported pursuit of the rebels, they were not seen this side of Great Bethel. It is thought that the rebel cavalry did not pursue. On the disappearance of our troops, the whole force of the enemy, fearing an attack under better auspices, left their entrenchments and hastily withdrew toward Yorktown, carrying away their artillery, and burning the adjacent buildings.

According to the best information received at Fortress Monroe, up to yesterday, it is quite certain that not less than 25 were killed and 50 wounded during the fight at Great Bethel on Monday, and it is not known that any one was killed on the other side. The collision between our troops in the morning cost the lives of two soldiers and several wounded.

Major Winthrop is reported to have fallen mortally wounded. He was the aid and acting secretary of Gen. Butler, and the article descriptive of the march of the New York Seventh, in the *Atlantic Monthly*, for June, *is attributed to him.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier.*

Arkansas rebels are transporting arms into Missouri.

The Sixth Regiment has left the Relay House, but its destination is unknown.

It is said that rebellious ladies with arms, are constantly passing from Baltimore to the rebels in Virginia.

Gen. Scott has given orders which justifies the inference, that he apprehends a sudden onset on Washington.

The rebel force at Manassas is breaking up, destined, probably, for Winchester.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

THE GREAT BETHEL BATTLE.

We have been permitted to make the following extract from a private letter from Capt. P. A. Davis, of the Richardson Light Infantry, to a friend of the company in this city. His description of the fight at Bethel, and incidents connected with it (although his command was not in it) will be read with interest.—

Last night (Sunday), at 11½ o'clock, the Zouaves, under Col. Duryee, of New York, Col. Townsend's and Col. Allen's New York Regiments, stationed outside the fort, and Col. Bendix's German Regiment from Newport News, were ordered to advance on a place called Great Bethel, some thirteen miles from here, and rout what was supposed to be a small force of the enemy. About daylight, Col. Bendix's Regiment and the Troy, N. Y., Regiment, advancing in open order directly for the road, each supposing the other an enemy, opened fire from their muskets and some mounted howitzers which each regiment had with them. The result was, that twenty-two of our men are in the hospital wounded, and one is reported killed. This unfortunate affair it took some time to settle. Finally they arrived on the ground, and instead of finding a small force, found a battery of from twenty to thirty cannon, (parity rifle) and a force reported from four to five thousand men. Brig. Gen. Pierce, who was ordered by Gen. Butler (a greatly blamed for his course), ordered an attack. The Zouaves charged bravely on the battery, but got under the battery, but found they had a creek to cross, and had to leave. He also planted two *small howitzers*, under Lieut. Grebble, of the regular army, a sergeant and four men, in the direct line of the battery, and in full sight, to answer the fire of twenty or thirty battery cannon. In consequence of the death of the Lieutenant, who was killed by a ball through the head. He was a favorite, and was generally beloved by all with whom he has associated. Poor fellow! Notwithstanding the fearful odds against him, he stood and fired until ordered to retreat, when he spiked his guns, and brought off his ball stained and ball riddled flag him instantly. His man (five regulars), were not able to draw the guns off, and were the only men that have fallen when one of the Volunteer captains of the Germans, knew, saw the fix they were in, and taking a detachment of his men brought off the body of Lieut. Grebble, and the two howitzers, which are now in the Fortress. One of the wheels to the ammunition box attached was struck and broken by a ball from a rifle cannon; another had been taken the most of a ball struck.

There are known to be twenty-six killed, and thus far forty-four wounded have been taken to the hospital, and more are known to be more to come. Maj. Winthrop, of Gen. Butler's staff is missing and supposed to either killed or a prisoner. The last seen of him, he was fighting on his own hook with a Sharp's rifle, doing all the execution possible. Capt. Haggerty and W. O. Fiske were in the fight. I am not certain as to the latter, although I personally wish I had been, am glad my company was not, as from all accounts it was just throwing away the lives of good men without any chance of winning the battle. I think we shall get a chance at it yet.

The guards around the Fortress are doubled to-night. I usually have an aid, now; to-night I have got seventeen.—They are mounting cannon commanding roads from Hampton and all points exposed. Cannon are loaded, and pointed, and ready, at a moment's notice. Expecting in their victory to-day, they may be foolish enough to attack us in this place. I only hope they will—they'll get pulled in *full.*

I was at the hospital this evening, and saw two of the Zouaves have their arms amputated. They bore it well. Three more will be mortally wounded. Lieut. Bradley has been assisting all the evening, and I have just described to him what I saw in taking care of the wounded. My boys are all well with exceptions of some slight *camp from* They are the best set of men I ever saw.—Not a murmur during the forced march of some thirteen miles from here, and rout what was supposed to be a small force of the enemy. About daylight, Col. Bendix's Regiment and the Troy, N. Y., Regiment, advancing in open order directly for the road, each supposing the other an enemy, opened fire from their muskets and some mounted howitzers which each regiment had with them. The result was, that twenty-two of our men are in the hospital wounded, and one is reported killed. This unfortunate affair it took some time to settle. Finally they arrived on the ground, and instead of finding a small force, found a battery of from twenty to thirty cannon, (parity rifle) and a force reported from four to five thousand men. Brig. Gen. Pierce, who was ordered by Gen. Butler (a greatly blamed for his course), ordered an attack. The Zouaves charged bravely on the battery, but got under the battery, but found they had a creek to cross, and had to leave. He also planted two *small howitzers*, under Lieut. Grebble, of the regular army, a sergeant and four men, in the direct line of the battery, and in full sight, to answer the fire of twenty or thirty battery cannon. In consequence of the death of the Lieutenant, who was killed by a ball through the head. He was a favorite, and was generally beloved by all with whom he has associated. Poor fellow! Notwithstanding the fearful odds against him, he stood and fired until ordered to retreat, when he spiked his guns, and brought off his ball stained and ball riddled flag him instantly. His man (five regulars), were not able to draw the guns off, and were the only men that have fallen when one of the Volunteer captains of the Germans, knew, saw the fix they were in, and taking a detachment of his men brought off the body of Lieut. Grebble, and the two howitzers, which are now in the Fortress. One of the wheels to the ammunition box attached was struck and broken by a ball from a rifle cannon; another had been taken the most of a ball struck.

The Declaration of Independence set to music. One of our exchanges states that the music would have been suitable for the Declaration of Independence of the United States, "arranged and adapted to vocal and instrumental music, as the great national chant,and dedicated to the world.' The title page is embellished with a lithograph of the room in Independence Hall, in which the Declaration was signed, and the fourth page contains *fac similes* of the signature of the signers,

MARYLAND ELECTION. The election in this State passed off quietly yesterday, but we regret that H. Winter Davis is defeated by Henry May, who claims to be Union but received the secession vote. Davis had 6287 votes, to 8335 for May. In the third district, Leary, Union, is believed to be elected. The vote in eight wards of Baltimore, being a part of the third district, is as follows: Leary 5020; Preston 5342. Five districts of the county complete the congressional district, one of which gave Leary 210 majority. The balance has not been heard from, but is strongly Union.

Frederick county, in the fifth district, gives a large vote for Thomas, Union.—There was no opposition. Webster, Union, is elected in the second district. The few returns from the sixth district are favorable to Calvert, Union.

The story in regard to the presentation of a belt and ring, taken from a slave pen in Virginia, to the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, which has been going the rounds of the newspapers for two weeks past, was manufactured and published whole cloth. Mr. Beecher took occasion, in his church, on Sabbath morning, to say that there was not a word of truth in it. It may also be confidently added that the story that a little "contraband of war" had been sent to Mr. Lincoln, and is now at work for wages at the White House, is also a misrepresentation. The story is not at all characteristic of Mr. Lincoln to be a strong desire to log in an "irrepressible nigger," on the part of a portion of the press, upon almost every occasion, whether there is a reason in it or not. Both the stories have referred to are undoubtedly without foundation.

Hon. Emerson Etheridge. This gentleman, one of the few Southern men entitled to the prefix of "Hon," we notice, is the choice of the Union party of Tennessee for governor in place of the traitorous Harvey, recalled. Mr. Etheridge, in 1854 opposed the repeal of the Missouri compromise, and since that time has conducted himself like a true man, and in the course for the last few months in defiance of treason, which menaced and threatened his life, has endeared him to every Union loving American, all northern men. His appointment to the position for which he is named would give great satisfaction to all loyal citizens.

The defeat of Henry Winter Davis at the Congressional election, in the Baltimore District, yesterday, will be regretted by almost all northern men. He has been faithful to the Government, and at all times to be relied upon. His opponent, Henry May, is represented to be a Union man, but to what extent is not generally known out of Baltimore. He has not been in public life, and has yet to be proved.

Presence of mind. On these occasions we are mournfully reminded of the same "presence of mind," bestowed on a late dignitary of the British dominions, of a story told of him by himself. "A shell," said he, "came into the hospital, and fell right on the bed where I was lying. Quick as thought, I caught it up, and threw it out of the window. The next moment it burst, and killed a sentry on the other side of the house." Well, you certainly showed presence of mind," I declined. At length he consented to be persuading me, and we embarked. A squall came on, the boat capsized, and my friend fell overboard. Twice he sank and twice he rose to the surface. He placed his hand on the prow to endeavor to right the boat. This last effort was very nearly successful, but the boat fell over, and he sank. The boat righted itself, and I was left alone, exhibiting presence of mind" is, happily, by no means universal.

It is said that fifty-three girls passed over the Louisville and Memphis Railroad last week. Why don't Mr. Lincoln stop that railroad, on the ground that it is conveying arms and aid and comfort to the enemy.

A letter, postmarked Louisville, Kentucky, and directed to "President Davis, Washington," remains in Washington for want of it.

It is reported that one of the slaves at Newport News, on being questioned as to whether he had run away from his master, replied: "No, sir; I'se not run away from no one!" When he see de soldiers comin' he run like de rabbit. I 'spec' he's gone to Richmond !"

At a tulip exhibition, a few days ago, in Montreal, the number of flowers reckoned was over three thousand.

A State Convention of Sunday School teachers is to be holden at Fall River on Thursday and Friday of next week. Essay by Rev. Dr. Murdock, of Boston, one of the oldest men in the Baptist denomination.

A statesman should have ears to hear the distant rustling of the wings of time. He should sleep lightly, and wake at the first dying away. When it is overhead it is much too late.

Good for Uncle Abe. In the course of a Union speech recently delivered in the Kentucky Legislature, Senator Rousseau addressed the following amusing reply to Senator Johnson, a secessionist:

"You, Mr. Senator, from McCracken, are a sanguine man. You think the Union is dissolved. Well, you sometimes are, for I believe you had a correspondence with 'Uncle Jake,' in which you committed a glaring error. You say that you have got official correspondence, and perhaps should not be alluded to here." Senator Johnson (good humoredly)—"O yes! tell." "Senator Rousseau—"I thank you. Well, as one of the Senators from Kentucky, you made your most solemn protest against the submission to Lincoln's rule. Its first protest was very elegant, as is generally the case when you—in a little highfalutin style. Then you forwarded your protest to 'Uncle Abe,' and in due time received a reply, which was not a good a joke for a good-natured gentleman like yourself to keep it all to yourself, and so you disclosed it to your friends. Now I'll give you that letter had been received, duly considered, and in reply, he had to say (or you (one of the Senators of Kentucky) that if he had known that Calico, Illinois, was in your senatorial district, he would not have cast any soldier within a hundred miles of that point."

Hon. S. T. Worcester, elected to Congress in Ohio in place of Sherman, chosen senator, was born in Hollis, N. H., and is a brother of Joseph E. Worcester, the lexicographer.

Gen. Butler's report of the battle of Great (or "Bu") Bethel. Gen. Butler has transmitted an official report of the attack on Great Bethel to Gen. Scott. The report states the object of the attack which does not conflict with what has been already published, and shows that the plan was well arranged and successfully carried out, up to the meeting of the troops at the cross roads. We quote from the report:

Here, by some strange fatality, and as yet unexplained blunder, without any word of notice, while Col. Townsend was in column en route, and when the head of the column was within one hundred yards, Col. Bendix's regiment opened fire with both artillery and musketry upon Col. Townsend's column, in the rear. A short and confusion, was regularly returned by some of Col. Townsend's men, who feared that they had fallen into an ambuscade. Col. Townsend's column immediately retreated to the eminence near by, and were not pursued by Col. Bendix's men. By this almost criminal blunder two men of Col. Townsend's regiment were killed, and eight more or less wounded.

Gen. Pierce, who was with Col. Townsend's regiment, fearing that the enemy had got notice of our approach, and had fallen back, waited for one hour, and on search,and not getting any communication from Col. Pierces, sent back to me for reinforcements, and I immediately ordered Col. Allen's regiment to be put in motion, and they reached Hampton Bridge about o'clock. In the meantime, the true state of facts having been ascertained by Gen. Pierce, the regiments effected a junction, and resumed the line of march. At the moment of the firing of Col. Bendix's, Col. Duryee had surprised a part of an outlying guard of the enemy, consisting of thirty persons, who have been released on parole.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

EXPRESS BAG FOR 6TH REGIMENT.

The flag for the Lowell soldiers of the 6th Regiment, at the Relay House, will be left by the Lowell Express Association on MONDAY, June 17th, at noon, from the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company.

Letters in U. S. stamped envelopes, and parcels not exceeding one pound in weight, will be received and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

jel14dtd GEO. O. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

GRAND TRIAL OF SPEED.

There will be a trial of speed on the Lowell Trotting Park on MONDAY, June 17th, at 2 o'clock, for a purse of $15 for the first and $10 to the second best horse. Entrance money, $5 each. Any horse that has not trotted in public will be allowed to do so. The Judges will be on the Judges' stand. Gates open at 1 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Children half price.

S. W. HUSE, Secy.

Lowell, June 14, 1861. jel14d3

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 23 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—Head of Central Street.

May 24, 1861. may24d1f

Police Court. This forenoon, John L. Brewster, for obtaining board by false pretenses, was sent to jail two months, where he will board at the expense of the county. Brewster, with his wife, went to board on Cushing Street, telling the landlord that he was employed at the Machine Shop. When he had been there a week, his story was found to be false, and himself a "sponge," and his boarding master had him arrested.

James Scott, a common drunkard, was detained for service at the House of Correction for two months.

Bravery of Lowell officers. A correspondent of the *Boston Journal*, writing from Fortress Monroe, in speaking of the engagement on Monday, says Pierce himself in high terms of Capts. Peter Haggerty and William O. Fiske, of Gen. Butler's staff, and gives them great credit for coolness and bravery in the attack. Capt. Fiske he writes: "I do not know, however, that I ought to call Fiske a man of bravery for he wants, rather, utterly insensible to fear—to have no conception of the nature of the thing."

Death of a former Lowell landlord. Mr. Daniel Mixer, of Charleston, S. U., who kept the Washington House in this city some twenty-five years since, died at Charleston, Virginia, on Monday last, where he had gone to make arrangements for removing his family during the hot season. He was the proprietor of one of the hotels in Charleston. He is highly spoken of by our older citizens, as an exemplary business man and good citizen. This makes the second ex-landlord of the Washington House who has died within three months, Mr. Gilman, of Laconia, having been the first.

Appleton Street Sabbath School Picnic. A few days ago, the second of these rural excursions, this summer, was taken by the "junior department" of the Appleton Street Sabbath School, under the direction of their superintendent, James G. Rutter. It is a well-conducted school, and everything passed off quietly yesterday, but we regret that H. Winter Davis is defeated by Henry May, who claims to be Union but received the secession vote. Davis had 6287 votes, to 8335 for May. In the third district, Leary, Union, is believed to be elected. The vote in eight wards of Baltimore, being a part of the third district, is as follows: Leary 5020; Preston 5342. Five districts of the county complete the congressional district, one of which gave Leary 210 majority. The balance has not been heard from, but is strongly Union.

Frederick county, in the fifth district, gives a large vote for Thomas, Union.—There was no opposition. Webster, Union, is elected in the second district. The few returns from the sixth district are favorable to Calvert, Union.

The story in regard to the presentation of a belt and ring, taken from a slave pen in Virginia, to the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, which has been going the rounds of the newspapers for two weeks past, was manufactured and published whole cloth. Mr. Beecher took occasion, in his church, on Sabbath morning, to say that there was not a word of truth in it. It may also be confidently added that the story that a little "contraband of war" had been sent to Mr. Lincoln, and is now at work for wages at the White House, is also a misrepresentation. The story is not at all characteristic of Mr. Lincoln to be a strong desire to log in an "irrepressible nigger," on the part of a portion of the press, upon almost every occasion, whether there is a reason in it or not. Both the stories have referred to are undoubtedly without foundation.

Hon. Emerson Etheridge. This gentleman, one of the few Southern men entitled to the prefix of "Hon," we notice, is the choice of the Union party of Tennessee for governor in place of the traitorous Harvey, recalled. Mr. Etheredge, in 1854 opposed the repeal of the Missouri compromise, and since that time has conducted himself like a true man, and in the course for the last few months in defiance of treason, which menaced and threatened his life, has endeared him to every Union loving American, all northern men. His appointment to the position for which he is named would give great satisfaction to all loyal citizens.

Gen. Butler's report of the battle of Great (or "Bu") Bethel. Gen. Butler has transmitted an official report of the attack on Great Bethel to Gen. Scott. The report states the object of the attack which does not conflict with what has been already published, and shows that the plan was well arranged and successfully carried out, up to the meeting of the troops at the cross roads. We quote from the report:

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Strong language. Parson Brownlow, of the *Knoxville Whig*, having been advised of a conspiracy to seize himself and Messrs. Johnson, Nelson, Maynard and other Union men of Tennessee, and carry them in irons to Montgomery, there either to be punished for treason against the Confederacy, or kept as hostages, says:—

"Let the railroad bridges be burned, and all East Tennessee are conveyed to Montgomery in irons, be eternally and hopelessly destroyed! I will be hung before I will be men concerned be consumed, and let their lives pay the forfeit, and the curses will be given! Let the fires of patriotism consumate the whole land, and let the wives and children of these conspirators live, like the fires from the Lord that consumed Sodom and Gomorrah, the two sons of Aaron, for presumptuous sacrilegious! If we are incarcerated in Montgomery or Castle Lafayette, or elsewhere, all the consolation we want is to know that we have friends here vindicated upon our persecutors, rascally secession leaders, a most horrible vengeance! Let it be done, East Tennessee, Hang the gates of hell be forced, and the heavens be made to fall!"

A member of Capt. Davis's company writes in cheerful terms to a correspondence in Lowell, under date of June 10th. He represents his fellow-soldiers to be contented and in good spirits. We make a few extracts from his letter, as follows:

"We have quite a number of fugitives slaves in the fort. Adj. E. S. Hunt has already had private to send Big Bethel. Our Jurrys, however, destroyed the camp at Little Bethel and Gen. Pierce then, as he informs me, with the advice of his Colonels, thought best to attempt to carry the works at Great and Big Bethel, and instead of finding a small force, found a battery of from twenty to thirty cannon, (parity rifle) and a force reported from four to five thousand men. Brig. Gen. Pierce, who was ordered by the minister to Portugal in place of the traitorous Harvey, recalled. Mr. Etheredge, in 1854 opposed the repeal of the Missouri compromise, and since that time has conducted himself like a true man, and in the course for the last few months in defiance of treason, which menaced and threatened his life, has endeared him to every Union loving American, all northern men. His appointment to the position for which he is named would give great satisfaction to all loyal citizens.

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It is said that fifty-three girls passed over the Louisville and Memphis Railroad last week. Why don't Mr. Lincoln stop that railroad, on the ground that it is conveying arms and aid and comfort to the enemy.

A letter, postmarked Louisville, Kentucky, and directed to "President Davis, Washington," remains in Washington for want of it.

It is reported that one of the slaves at Newport News, on being questioned as to whether he had run away from his master, replied: "No, sir; I'se not run away from no one! When he see de soldiers comin' he run like de rabbit. I 'spec' he's gone to Richmond !"

At a tulip exhibition, a few days ago, in Montreal, the number of flowers reckoned was over three thousand.

A State Convention of Sunday School teachers is to be holden at Fall River on Thursday and Friday of next week. Essay by Rev. Dr. Murdock, of Boston, one of the oldest men in the Baptist denomination.

A statesman should have ears to hear the distant rustling of the wings of time. He should sleep lightly, and wake at the first dying away. When it is overhead it is much too late.

Good for Uncle Abe. In the course of a Union speech recently delivered in the Kentucky Legislature, Senator Rousseau addressed the following amusing reply to Senator Johnson, a secessionist:

"You, Mr. Senator, from McCracken, are a sanguine man. You think the Union is dissolved. Well, you sometimes are, for I believe you had a correspondences with 'Uncle Jake,' in which you committed a glaring error. You say that you have got official correspondence, and perhaps should not be alluded to here." Senator Johnson (good humoredly)—"O yes! tell." "Senator Rousseau—"I thank you. Well, as one of the Senators from Kentucky, you made your most solemn protest against the submission to Lincoln's rule. Its first protest was very elegant, as is generally the case when you—in a little highfalutin style. Then you forwarded your protest to 'Uncle Abe,' and in due time received a reply, which was not a good a joke for a good-natured gentleman like yourself to keep it all to yourself, and so you disclosed it to your friends. Now I'll give you that letter had been received, duly considered, and in reply, he had to say (or you (one of the Senators of Kentucky) that if he had known that Calico, Illinois, was in your senatorial district, he would not have cast any soldier within a hundred miles of that point."

Hon. S. T. Worcester, elected to Congress in Ohio in place of Sherman, chosen senator, was born in Hollis, N. H., and is a brother of Joseph E. Worcester, the lexicographer.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE!

ANOTHER REMEDY WANTED.

If it is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of this great Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following—

HARRODSBURG, Shelby Co., Ky., April 2, 1859.

Messrs. Fleming Bros.—As a practicing physician, residing permanently in this place, in the year 1842, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, prepared by you. At some more leisure moment, I will send you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 300 worms.

L. CARTER, M. D.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, a safe, sure and reliable cathartic. For sale by druggists generally. Fleming Bros. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Office—No. 56 Fifth street.

jel0'61y † [60] FLEMING BROS.

Lafayette. Just received from New York and Boston, the most beautiful patterns selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

Adams & North have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as those sold at the late auction sale at Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.

Lowell Power Loom Carpets. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at Adams & North's, and selling at reduced prices, and those failing in need of from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select the patterns that they may desire.

Please examine our elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by Adams & North, sole agents.

mar29dif

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through lines (choice of roads) at the lowest rates. Also tickets for the Grand Trunk Railway. Apply to

E. W. BRICKETT, Agent,

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.

may11

Finnie & Lyon Sewing Machine. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of these machines in another block Mr. A. Lyon is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan5dif

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Bramhall, J. Wright, D. S. Richardson, S. Hosford, Isaac Pitts, Jr., Isaac Pitts, Sr., Lyman Sargent, J. F. Sherman, Lowell.

Money and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Stores, Furniture, Stocks of Goods, and other property not hazardous in character. The premium charged for insurance in this department is only ½ per cent. for three years, or 1 per cent. for five years. The attention of owners of village and farm property, in Lowell and surrounding County is especially invited. A Dividend will be paid on policies expiring, and notes are now in the hands of the Treasurer for collection.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $100,000, invested in Bank, Railroad and other property not hazardous interest at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.

Offices, No. 37 Central St., (Second floor.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 19, 1860. jy19dtf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

It kindles quicker,

It burns brighter,

It is cleaner,

It is more economical,

It is more powerful,

Than any other free burning coal. And the above is not humbug.

For sale by WHALEN & WHITNEY, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 18 Prescott street.

may14dif

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril, and there is no remedy to relief or restore them so sure and speedy as DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the recipe of a physician who has had the largest practice of any physician in London. For many years used successfully in an extensive practice in this country. They are mild in their operation, and the success of the professional discharge, whether arising from relaxation, obstruction or a chill, is certain to be in removing the pains that accompany difficult menstruation. Every female should have a box of these Pills and keep them by her. Full directions how to take them are found in the Medicine Pamphlet in the Letter, Dark Shades of Character, Sallow Complexion, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Evil Forebodings, Nervousness, Low Spirits, and dangerous effects of an universal constitution are entirely removed by the use of Dr. Cheeseman's Pills. Beware of Worthless Imitations and Counterfeits. Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are offered as the only known remedy that will restore health to the afflicted. Ladies should not be without them. Sold by druggists generally.

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LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That no female pills can be relied upon to wind up the Pills cannot be taken without prejudice to the health, during the first three months of pregnancy—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such Pills are Dr. Cheeseman's, which will relieve the female at the casual functions to a normal condition, that even during pregnancy, no inconvenience will be felt from their use.

Beware of counterfeits, sliding when and where they may be offered. Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are for sale by all druggists.

A Valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the agents, or will be sent by mail, free of postage, on application to any agent. Sold by druggists generally.

R. H. DICKINSON, Proprietor,

No. 21 Cedar St., New York.

Sold in Lowell by H. H. HAY, cor. Merrimack and Central sts., and by J. C. HILLINGS, corner Central and Jackson sts., and by druggists generally.

June 7, 1861. 1y

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTER USE IS INSURED BY USING

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

References can now be given to some of the principal performances and singers throughout the United States, who have used the above remedy with the most satisfactory results, among which Jenny Lind, Ole Bull, Sontag, Parodi, Steffanone, Bertucca, Benedict, Patti, Brignoli, Amodio, Bosco, Thomas, Jefferson, Irving, Placide, Mrs. Hoey, Mrs. Mowatt, Mrs. Barney Williams, and a host of others, too numerous to mention here. Those who have used it in public speaking, will find it invaluable in relieving hoarseness, and all should use it at once. Pleasant to use, and safe for all ages. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

Sold by druggists generally. For sale by GEORGE C. GOODWIN & CO., 32 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having no establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Banks, Cashiers, Accountants, Merchants, Druggists, Publishers, Authors, Lawyers, Clergymen, Editors, Printers, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.
Court Dockets, Commissions of Sheriffs, Writing from Sheriffs, Tax Bills, Deeds & Notices, &c.
Circulars, Cards, Bill Heads, Blanks, Catalogues, Pamphlets, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.
Constitutions of Societies, Writing from Sheriffs, Tax Bills, Deeds & Notices, &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade at white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of paper and Paper and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. E. STONE,
H. BURGESS,
Proprietors.

PROF. WOOD'S
Restorative Cordial
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.
It precisely what its name indicates,—it is a remedy that will thoroughly renovate the blood, and by the thoroughly skilled in the science. It will be found effectual, even in a great many cases, when all other remedies have been discovered for the above ends. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary.

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure (Ism, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?
For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century and to one man to offer useful increase in knowledge, to make this grand discovery, viz:
Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture the remark, that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the certain effect, follows.
Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be composed of iron, soda, lime and phosphorous.
The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.
Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.
Electricity brought in contact with a muscular fiber, causes it to contract.
These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, generates electricity, which coming in contact with the heart causes it to contract, and hence the power which sends the blood and sends it tingling through the remotest arteries. What then are the causes of Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Fever and Ague, &c.? Deficiency of the red corpuscles, consisting in iron, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of electricity, and a consequent loss of normal circulation. The blood becomes watery, colds and bronchial complaints ensue—and either becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatic pains and neuralgia, or congestion of the lungs and kidneys set in, in short, almost every type of disease but what arises from a want of some of this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles or red globules.
Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, but while we do not pretend to say we have discovered the "elixir vitæ," we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the
"Blood Food,"
which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Reader! Have you a cough? Disease! Unfortunate, who have by excess of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood and diminished the red globules! Ladies suffering any of the diseases peculiar to female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. It has cured thousands, and of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Do not reject it, for more than your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy if we it a trial.
An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully proving the above advanced facts to be correct, will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send 6 bottles (one dozen) for $5, by express, single bottle, $1. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in pulse wrappers, and sealed, in small boxes, and in red wrappers having been done away with—and the private stamp signature of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.
C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 6 Dey street, New York.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., AYER & CO., WELLS & POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Agents for New England.
French & A. Stanton, J. S. Hayes, S. Elder, Jr., Agents for Lowell.

H. S. HAYNES,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt
Received, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND BURNING FLUID LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Tea'er Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.
GLASS WARE.
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, constantly on hand, and for sale low.
Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
may16

W. H. DYAR,
20 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufacturers to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Cheap.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
Sept. 24, 1860. &c., &c. sep24tf

PIANO FORTES.
RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square Pianos, which have received the first premium over all other competitors at the late World's Fair, London, 1851, and subsequently at the great exhibition of the above nations—and at Paris, at manufacturers' prizes, WARRANTED, for five years. Also, Agents for Chickering & Sons, Boston, E. M.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
jan1 ly

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in every and Gold setting, Repairing, Engraving, &c., &c., at
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
may16

W. H. DYAR,
MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.

HATS.
BAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well known manufactory of Bonnaz & Co.
The secret in the manufacture of a hat to set at all a circulation of air between it and the body at the hat, causing the dampness on the Fur Hat, without using an article to heat the head or enlarge the
Hats can be ordered to order at a shorter notice, fitted to the head by the use of the Conformator.
marl5 3m

H. S. HAYNES
HAS just received a large assortment of Car Bonized India Rubber "PITTSONS"—the best thing in the market, for Belting, Hose, Packing, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack Street.

FURNITURE POLISH.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a Patent Furniture Polish for Pianos, Furniture, &c., which is universally acknowledged to be the best and most effectual article ever offered to the public. It will not only remove all scratches, stains, and defacements, but will restore the whole furniture or piano to its original beauty. Please call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
may16

E. G. KELLEY,
116 John Street,
SOLE Agent for the City of New York for the sale of the Oils manufactured by them.
Patent Parafine Lubricating Oil Company,
Whose Oils are manufactured by his newly discovered process, which gives them the properties of
E. G. Kelley's Patent Triple Refined Parafine Lubricating Oil, for Machinery, Manufactured by Co. No. 2. 75 cents: Patent Triple Refined Illuminating Oil, unsurpassed in the market, No. 1, 75 cents: Common Illuminating Oil, No. 2, 65 cents: White Common Oil, for Machinery, No. 1, 65 cents: Do. do. do. for heavy Machinery, No. 2, 55 cents.
Office for the above Oils, 116 John st.
ASSETS VALUED FOR TOWN AND CITIES.
sept27 Manufacturer and Analytical Chemist.

SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT.
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
nov15

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete Beautifier of the Complexion, Healing Powder, Lotion, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold wholesale and retail by JOHN T. BILLINGS, Jr., Agent for Lowell.
jan11

PAPER HANGINGS!
A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings A just received by J. MERRILL, No. 22 Central Street, and at his new Boarding House, No. 37 Merrimack street.
mar28 6tf

MANY dozens of Lowell, and from all parts of this country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing CORNS without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Plasters, have failed to give permanent relief. It has been in use in England for many years, and in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
mh2

THE PARAGON UMBRELLA.
A new and superior article, with a corresponding reduction in price. Gingham and Silk Umbrellas of the best Boston manufactory, in small bundles, for sale at wholesale and retail at the lowest prices. Also, a large assortment of Umbrella Trimmings, and Umbrellas and Parasols repaired and covered in the most workmanlike manner, at
BLAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.
apr13

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHUPLEY'S Patent BOOT AND SHOE DUSTER. Brush and Dauber in one. It will be found a very useful article in every family. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack st.
may16

KID GLOVE CLEANER.—Ingersoll's Indelible Ink Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of Union street.
mar29

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF
THE FIEND OF PAIN.
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SICK HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases, it will also have used it sustain. "What Need? What's Good Steering?"
Our advice to all sufferers is to the
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is one we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Lowell, Mass., sole agent for the city. CHASE & BREWSTER, Boston; E. F. HALE & CO., Portland; E. HOLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb15 3m

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,812,550.50
Dividends paid to date, 1,016,000.12
Losses paid, 2,412,903.50
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any proprietary interest.
The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held in trust for their benefit and is not liable to their obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
Its premiums are $1,500,000 per annum.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages, and in Bonds of the State of New Jersey, to an amount insured.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Bonds owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Bonds.
The insured get all the profits.
The business of the Company is conducted exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one-half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on such premium has to be paid annually in cash.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The Dividends are paid to the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, after the third; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared on the Quinquennial Distribution mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7772 Policies in force; and yet it is unknown that any persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive that it is to their interest to be connected with it, should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.
Applications for insurance may be made to
JOSEPH REBSELL, Agent,
No. 32 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
dlf

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one, that Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the preparation of the day for children suffering from the effects of their bowels, and in this connection, we would say to mothers that no person can be at all times so well prepared to judge of the
CURE FOR CHILDREN TEETHING!
as the mother, and to such we would say, that if they are in the least afflicted with sore mouth, wind colic, or any of the diseases to which infants are subject by relieving the sufferings of your little ones, you will find this article to be the best remedy in the world. In almost every instance where Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been given, relief will be found in twenty minutes. This is no exaggerated statement, as thousands can certify who have given it their personal recommendation. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.
For sale by druggists and country dealers throughout the United States.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, as a safe and sure remedy for Cholera Infantum, and for infantile complaints, and our trial alone will convince the most skeptical that it is the most reliable and pleasant article for the particular purpose.
For Children Teething;
And at the period of infantile life when the first teeth are passed by ulcerating the sufferings of your little ones, this Cordial will be found to be a most valuable remedy. Prepared only by the Proprietors, Dr. Eaton & Brewster, No. 3 Tremont Row, Boston. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Wood, Cole, and Call in the Road, we are sold by all druggists in Lowell, and by country dealers everywhere. Price 25 cents per bottle.
Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

No Morphine or Opiate,
In any kind, or of whatever nature, but a pure and healthful vegetable preparation, which will be found after all trial, to be the best remedy ever offered to the public. We find that Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will relieve the pain, correct all acidity of the stomach, and of the food and blighting consequences which follow, and regulate the bowels, so that the disposed in the form of sparing remedies; their use will be found to prevent Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Convulsions, Sour Stomach, Worms, Canker Rash, and all the diseases of infancy. Try it.

Does not Constipate
the bowels, neither does it act by relaxing the constitution of your children, but naturally, through its tonic and alterative properties, it corrects all disorders of the stomach, and by correcting the secretions, tones up the system, and thereby renders it strong and healthy. Mothers, try it, and you will find it to relieve your child in time of need. It is put up in 25 cent bottles, and for sale by all druggists throughout the United States.
Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 6 Dey Street, New York.
And sold by them, and by all druggists throughout the country.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.
1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 bush. Seed Barley, just received for sale at SAMUEL K. WOOD'S.
mar7 4Market street.

Singer's Liniment.
FOR cleansing Foul Ulcers, Sores, Old, Fresh Wounds, Scalds, Burns, &c., this article is the most valuable remedy ever offered to the public. It is cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however, when applied, by its use will be found as soon as the oil has been taken away. Prepared only by SAMUEL K. WOOD, 37 Market street.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Fountain French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parisian Cosmetique, Rose Cream, Circassian Balm, Italian White Cream, Rose Lip Salve, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at S. RIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets.
may26

RUBBER BLANKETS.
A NEW and beautiful article, very light and strong. An essential article for Cooks' Shops—for sale at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

FLOWER POTS of all kinds, for sale cheap at HAYNES' China Emporium,
45 Merrimack st.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
535 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—The Machines being duly licensed, their machines are protected against injunctions and litigation.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch alike on both sides, sews from a little more than half as much thread or silk as the other lock stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and size it endures variety of sewing required in a fine family. They will sew from one to to sixty thickness of fine muslin without stopping, and make are a stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even sheet lead, leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if part adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For such one basis for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.
Fact No. 5.—The Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.
The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully attest each of the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest premium at the State Fair at Syracuse, N. Y.
Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the Mechanics' Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest premium at the Crystal Palace.
Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest premium at the Metropolitan Fair, N. Y.
Fact No. 10.—I have Machines can do the same kind of work, with respect to its durability, exhibited in competition with other first-class sewing machines, for a term of years, for the one FAIT MORE; it is the most important Fact of all.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give good satisfaction, or the purchaser may return it, and receive the money back.
These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines are the result of years of study and experiment of the ablest mechanics in the country, and are the only ones of the kind ever offered to the public. Hence the confidence of the manufacturers that they are part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the best sewing machines?" "What is the secret of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which the reply is, they supply, from the most desirable Forte-Feats that are to be—not Patented, but, by mere technicalities, secured to professional friends, who may wish to relieve the public of the necessity of paying extravagant prices for the same articles, and go blindly into the hands of those who manufacture them.
Persons having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines, and will hereafter supply them all necessary appendages, including the best Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Binder, &c., &c.
Please call and examine them.
A. DAVIS, Agent.
5 Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.
January 1, 1861 jan1tf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE.
Has just received direct from the manufactories a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, just received, and which have been ordered before the late advance.
45 Merrimack Street,
mh18 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
And Liniment for Piles.
This Golden Salve has now won a position of honor in the healing power of its wonderful virtues in the cure of
PILES.
It lifts the dead man off from his crutch, when all other remedies fail.
It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is broken.
It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head of infancy.
It heals the most obstinate sore of ulcer.
It smoothes the face of the pimpled and pimpled.
It is scarcity against scalds.
It is powerful against cancers.
It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does not scar.
The cancelor may be cured if you will hearken.
The fever may be cooled if you will but apply the salve.
You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.
For all cutaneous accidents or eruptions,
For chafing in warm weather use it.
For sore nipples use it.
For sore nipples use it.
For sore eyes use it.
For sore lips, sore throat, sore feet, sore, and in distant climates, its virtues are acknowledged. The proprietor has in his possession over 1000 certificates of the above facts, which can be seen at the Golden Salvera being applied.
Whitten's Golden Salve is genuine. It has the highest recommendations from gentlemen of the press, the bar, the pulpit, and from the most eminent physicians of the day. Remember that it is for sale by men and women of all ranks and circumstances in life, and that it is for sale by all druggists. Remember that it is for sale by any one of whom. SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and require a long time to cure them. Whitten's Golden Salve will be found to be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.
Dr. Whitten's Golden Salve.
You can be made free from the burning agony of Piles, and also from the pain of burns, scalds, sores, or bruises.
Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by DR. WHITTEN, Boston, Mass.
Sold by all druggists. $5

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, June 15, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

The probabilities of a march by the rebels upon Alexandria increases every hour.

Railroad bridges in Virginia are being indiscriminately destroyed.

Two Union soldiers were fired upon in Baltimore last evening and one wounded.

The Government has by the destruction of the bridge and armory buildings at Harper's Ferry is nearly half a million of dollars.

The wives of unnaturalized Irishmen who have been forced into the rebel army have applied to Lord Lyons for relief.—The British Consul at Richmond is ordered to demand their release.

WAR NEWS, &c.

The news this morning, though not of great importance in itself, is indicative of more stirring events at hand. The thousand-and-one rumors respecting the movements of both our own and the rebel forces, have created no little anxiety. Washington, for a few days past, has been electrified with reports of threatened sudden attacks on the Federal troops by Jeff. Davis' army, who, it is reported, calculate a surprise and overthrow of our own army, notwithstanding some slight objections that may be met in the character of regulars, volunteers, fortifications on Arlington Heights, ditches, &c. It is possible that sudden dash at Washington is meditated by Jeff. Davis, but how it can be successful, in the face of the warning that General Scott has long had, is apparent to only a few very timid men, who have seemingly magnified the rebel army. We do not think that an attack will be made there, and should one be made, we have confidence in the ability of our troops to successfully resist it.

We compile, from the flood of warlike rumors and statements such as appear of most importance, and such also as have an air of probability about them :—

Evacuation of Harper's Ferry. The *New York Post's* Washington correspondent says that Gen. Scott has received a dispatch confirming the reported evacuation of Harper's Ferry by the rebels, who have moved on to Leesburg, of which place they are now in possession with seven thousand men. Fairfax Court House is also in their possession. The bridge at Harper's Ferry was burnt by the rebels before they deserted the place. A dispatch says all the troops had gone from the Maryland side and were hurrying out of Harper's Ferry as fast as possible. They are moving toward Winchester in great haste.

Government embarrassed by Newspaper Correspondents. Government finds itself seriously embarrassed in the management of the present military campaign by the publication of sufficient information to disclose its purposes to the public, South as well as North. Portions of its plans for the movement of troops have thus been made known, and enabled the rebels to frustrate the successful execution of them. That it is no longer disposed to allow, yet it is unwilling to exclude the press from all advantages afforded by the telegraph, and therefore is reluctant absolutely to prohibit the transmission of dispatches for publication. In view of this state of things it is suggested that the editors of leading journals in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, and other cities, meet immediately meet at Washington and come to some satisfactory understanding, that will relieve the government from further embarrassment, and yet afford the press all the facilities it can reasonably desire under the circumstances.

Philip Pendleton, who is receiving Virginia troops at Williamsport, has been appointed paymaster for the Federal Government.

A slave belonging in Maryland, who fled to Alexandria, and took up his abode among the Zouaves, was delivered to his his owner yesterday, upon his producing the proper authority.

From the West. Gen. McClellan reviewed the troops at Camp Carlisle last Thursday. It is said that reliable information has reached Gen. Prentiss that another secession company is forming in Williamsport County, Illinois. The parties engaging in it are known. He has also information that Island No. 6, within the sovereignty of Kentucky, has been taken possession of by Jeff. Davis, but how it can be successful, in the face of the warning that General Scott has long had, is apparent to only a few very timid men, who have seemingly magnified the rebel army. We do not think that an attack will be made there,and should one be made, we have confidence in the ability of our troops to successfully resist it.

The Federal troops at St. Louis are moving toward the western part of the State. Troops are being concentrated at Hannibal, Missouri, to check Gov. Jackson. It is supposed the Governor has ordered his forces to concentrate either at Booneville or Arrow Rock, probably the latter. It is thought Gen. Lyon will move on after him, and if he meets with no detention, he will not be over twenty-four hours behind the Governor. He is acting with decision and energy. He left St. Louis yesterday, with a strong force, and proceeded up the river toward Jefferson City. The Governor is also collecting his forces, and is said to expect aid from other States.

The Sixth Massachusetts Regiment has left the Relay House, but its destination is unknown, though supposed to be Harper's Ferry.

The statement in the dispatch of yesterday that the rebels retired from Great Bethel, is true only so far as their main force is concerned, but the place is still held by them, and can be reinforced at short notice.

Movements of Federal Forces. The army under command of Gen. Patterson will consist of a moving force of twenty-three thousand gallant men, and a reserve of ten thousand. The former will be headed by the regulars, including eight batteries and 1000 cavalry. Gen. Patterson plans a strategic experience, but he shall scarcely be opposed of some of the best officers of the regular army, and as three regular Colonels will not as Brigadiers under him, there is no danger of any serious blunders.

During the last three days orders have been issued from the War Department for the concentration at Chambersburg of the troops from New England, New York and Pennsylvania, who were previously destined for Washington and Fortress Monroe. This movement was the result of a determination of the government to carry Harper's Ferry at all hazards. From all the estimates made, it is calculated that something like thirty-five thousand men will surround that place. Of course this movement was made not anticipating that the rebels would evacuate it. Gen. Scott deems this force sufficient to hold this position in check, and forestall any aggressive movement on Washington ; for it appears from evidence in possession of the government that such a design was really intended.

The forces under Col. Stone, that left Washington by three routes toward Harper's Ferry, were ordered to arrive at Rockville at a certain hour yesterday. The official report to headquarters is that the three columns arrived at the place named within ten minutes of each other, and that they were all well, in good condition, and are behaving splendidly.

Lieut. Col. Edward G. Parker, of Massachusetts, and Col. Mix of New York, have been authorized to raise ten regiments of mounted riflemen to serve during the war.

Col. Samuel Colt's regiment of Connecticut volunteers have been ordered to Washington to join Col. Stone's column in advance upon Harper's Ferry.

THE WIDOW LAGRILL.

Over the way, by the window still,
Sitting her wrinkles all to fill,
Sitting alone is the widow Lagrill.

Forty and ten, and a little bit,
Looketh out sharply this way and that,
Sure after Simpkins, and after Pratt.

She has a few thousands in her till,
And I fairly sow'n, some other will.
Propose on behalf of the Widow Lagrill.

Here's not a widow to stir and grieve,
Or sit and weep, when called to leave
Or distant Lagrill, with all his wife.

She does high church, and her ways are still,
In a mass way, gets a look in by 9 ;
Must be something more in that widow's eye.

Pulpit's the text, and larger of 30 ;
With a spirit fair, and with natural bias ;
Or Widow Lagrill will come to bits.

She's waiting now, and is every day,
At her window still just over the way,
For somebody smiling and full in pay.

O, who will bombard the widow's sill,
And carry the sensitive state to fall?
Unless forever, with Widow Lagrill.

—New York Atlas

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

The Union Congregational Lecture is morning preaching, will be at the Appleton Street Church, to begin punctually at half past seven. Morning by the pastor —"The Duty of *Doing Nothing*." This will to the last lecture before the summer.

Rev. Frank Bernadou, of Lawrence, will preach in the Wesleyan Methodist Church to-morrow, at the usual hours of service, and in the evening at ½ past 7.

EXPRESS BAG FOR 6TH REGIMENT.

The Bag for the Lowell soldiers of the 6th Regiment, at the Boston Depot, will be sent by the Soldiers' Aid Association on MONDAY, June 17th, at noon, from the Lowell Depot, Middlesex Street.

Letters to C. U. Sanford, secretary, and parcels and travelling one pound in weight, will be received and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

H. G. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

GRAND TRIAL OF SPEED.

There will be a trial of speed on the Lowell Trotting Park, on MONDAY, June 17th, at 3 o'clock, for a Purse of $25—$15 for the first and $10 to the second best horse ; mile heats, best three in five to be trotted. Entrance 25 cents. The Purse will be at the Post Office, and all sobriety who have not taken part in the trial, will be admitted free.

S. W. HUSE, Sec'y.

Lowell, June 14, 1861. 1t1325

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store from Merrimack No. 23 Central, to No. 21 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may31tf

CRICKET.—The match between the Boston and Lowell Clubs at the Agricultural Park yesterday, resulted in favor of the Boston Club, by 42 runs, as will be seen by the score published below. This result is regretted by the Lowell Club, as it was anxious for the interest of the game in both cities, as though they were the winners, for while success is likely to help Boston, after their defeats of late years, the defeat of the Lowell Club is sure to add to their interest in the game, and give assurance of winning in the return match.

The day was a delightful one for out door sport, and of course a large number of spectators were present during the afternoon.

BOSTON.

1st Innings.		2d Innings.	
Barron run out	0	run out	0
Allins b Franks	2	b Mulman	2
Chamberlain b Franks	0	b Mulman	0
Crockett run out	1	b Plowman	0
Bird b Franks	0	b Franks	0
Hall (Capt.) c and b Franks	0	b Franks	0
Kidner b Franks	0	b Perkins Smith's 2	1
Bowditch b Franks	0	b Franks	0
Jenkin not out	12	c G Wesley b Smith's 2	2
Bartlett c Smith's 2 Perkins	0	b Franks	0
Martin c Mulman b Franks	0	run out	0
Byrne	1		
Wesley	1		
	17		5

LOWELL.

1st Innings.		2d Innings.	
J. Reed b Barron	0	c Draper b Bartlett's 2	1
O. Moody run out	0	b Barron	0
Smith's 2 c Barron b Jenkin	0	c Barron b Bartlett's 2	1
Robinson run out	0	run out	0
Perkins b Blanchard	0	b Martin	0
Franks b Blanchard	0	b Martin	0
Mulman b Blanchard	0	b Blanchard	0
Wesley b Draper	0	run out	0
Plowman b Barron	0	b Martin	0
Gilman run out	1	b Blanchard	0
Leg Byes	1		
Wides	1		
No Balls	0		
	4		2

Umpires for Lowell, C. H. Salmon.
" Boston, Thomas Leach.
Scorers " Lowell, H. Bowers.
" Boston, George Colesworth.

THE HORSE TROT. The trot on the Fair Grounds Monday afternoon, to which the suspicion of the Lowell Trotting Club, promises to be a very interesting one, several of the fastest horses in this city and vicinity having been entered for the purpose, and the trotting will be mile heats, best three in five to harness, for a purse of $25, $15 and $10. The Bartlett horse in this city and vicinity having been entered to Lawrence having been deferred until Monday. Ticket of admission to the grounds, 25 cents.

A FINE PIECE OF WORKMANSHIP. Mr. Samuel Convers, carriage and harness manufacturer, has just completed an elegant army saddle, for Maj. J. A. Sawtell, of the Sixth Regiment. It is an English saddle, with housings of blue cloth, trimmed with blue leather and gilt, with the figure 6 in the corner. The bridle is also gilt in good abundance, with a rosette on the rosette. The trapping cost between $60 and $100. He has also completed a beautiful phaeton for a pony for J. C. Ayer, Esq., of this city, and is now at work for Mr. Convers turns out some of the best carriages and trimmings to be found in Middlesex County.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Thomas Lawler and Ann Doyle, for illegal cohabitation, were each fined $10 and costs, and she was sent to the House of Correction for three months.

John Smith, common drunkard, was sent to the House of Correction for thirty days.

Francis Donnelly, whose case by the way, we understand to be an outrage, expressed his able to procure bail, was this morning let out of jail.

Francis McWeenam, for playing "hookey," was ordered for a month.

FLORAL CONCERT. The annual floral concert by Mr. G. F. Wilson's class, will take place at Huntington Hall on Wednesday evening, June 26th, when four hundred children will sing a beautiful operatta which has been composed expressly for the occasion, entitled "American Flower Festival, or Queen of the Summer." Mr. Wilson's concerts are always pleasing and attractive, and this one promises, in no respect, to be behind any of the former ones.

REPORT OF LOWELL SABBATH SCHOOL UNION. The twenty-fifth annual report of this Union has been published, of which copies may be obtained at J. J. Judkins' No. 6 John Street.

STRAWBERRIES by the box, or strawberries and cream, a delicate compound, which, with a quantum suffici of sugar, ain't bad to take, may be obtained this evening at Chesley's saloon, near the Post-office.

THE stick of timber to make the main-mast for the new flag-staff on the North Common, was hauled up from Tewksbury, on Friday, and it was cut, yesterday. It is of white pine, about seventy-five feet long and will make a lofty pole for the west end of the city.

CITY SEALER'S NOTICE. We would refer those interested, to the advertisement of the City Sealer in another place ; they will doubtless call upon him will save trouble and expense.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE!

ANOTHER MEDICAL WITNESS.

$2711 is the small evidence of the intrinsic value of thisgreat "Worm Vermifuge, when physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its unemphasized success in expelling worms. Read the following—

HARRISONVILLE, Shelby Co., Ky., March 14, 1859.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—I am a practicing physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1853, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, prepared by you. At some more leisure moment, I will send you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 900 worms.

I therefore will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and will recommend it to my country, from sore worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge can be procured at Dr. Ayer's Agency, but in all secondary drug stores we have not taken the pains to enquire. Yours, &c.,

S. W. HUSE, Sec'y.

Lowell, June 14, 1861. 1t1325

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store from Merrimack No. 23 Central, to No. 21 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may31tf

HENRY CLAY'S SON ON THE PRESENT POSITION OF KENTUCKY. The editor of the *New York Evening Post* has seen a private letter from Thomas H. Clay, son of the immortal Henry Clay, in which he defines the position of himself and others in Kentucky, in relation to the rebellion. He says :—

1. I am for the Union, shd opposed to all its enemies without and within.

2. I do not believe in the right of one or more States to secede from this Union. I recognize the right of revolution under extraordinary provocation ; but this is no assert with truth, that the present revolution was brought about by any such oppression.

3. The President of the United States has a constitutional right to coerce and to hold all the property of the United States, and to pass troops through any of the States or territories of the Union.

4. This is my Government as well as Mr. Lincoln's, and I see no reason why it is neither the wish nor the intention of this administration of the General Government to subjugate the South ; but that its object is to put down rebellion.

5. With these views I voted, in the House of Representatives of Kentucky, against a resolution in approval of Governor Magoffin's answer to the Secretary of War on a requisition by the Secretary for four regiments of Kentucky troops, because I thought its answer was couched in such words as ought not to be used by one occupying the high office of Chief Magistrate of high dignitary of the land ; and, secondly, I thought he transcended the powers conferred upon him by the people by refusing to refer the matter to the people. Unquestionably the President, through the Secretary, had the constitutional right to make the requisition.

6. I hold to the supremacy of the Constitution of the United States over all State constitutions.

7. I recognize the Stars and Stripes, and no other flag, as that of my country.

8. I believe that a strict neutrality is now the only safe position for Kentucky. Any other would be ruinous to her people."

The *Post*, considering the views of Mr. Clay, says, with one exception, the position he has taken is right ; and argues that, "if the Federal Constitution is of pre-eminent authority ; if the Federal Union of the States has the legal right to secede ; if the President of the United States is bound to hold the Federal property, and has a right to pass through any State for the purpose, then no State is justified, when called upon, in withholding its aid from the Federal power. A strict neutrality may be the only safe position for Kentucky, but it can be the only safe position for Massachusetts ; but if Kentucky assumes that position, so may Massachusetts ; and so may the General Government to the most despicable impotence. That Government must either maintain an immense standing army and an immense navy, or it must rely for its protection and defence upon the States. As a Government it has a right to self-preservation, and, according to Lieber and other writers on the Constitution of the Union, it must maintain its superior authority ; but how can it do this unless it has troops, or unless it can call upon the troops of the States ? The attitude of the neutralists not only nullifies its functions, but virtually abandons the Union altogether."

DEATH OF DANIEL MEEK, ESQ. We regret to announce the death of the much esteemed and popular host of the Charles-ton Hotel, Daniel Meek, Esq. Mr. Meek died suddenly at 2 A. M., on Monday, from an attack of chronic diarrhœa, or cholera morbus. He left this city on Friday week ago, in his usual good health, en route for the Missouri Springs, in Gratiot, Mich., and while at the Detroit House, stopped to make arrangements for his family during the summer season at that place. On Saturday last, intelligence was received here of his lying dangerously ill at Columbus, and Mrs. George Meek, wife, immediately left, reaching there just in time to see his father die. The deceased was about 70 years of age, and was born in Massachusetts, but removed to the South over twenty-four years ago. For twelve or thirteen years he was engaged in hotel keeping in Augusta, Ga., where he has represented the district until now. In 1859, he took charge of the Charleston Hotel, and Thomas says he did very successfully from that time to the present. Mr. Meek was an active, upright and enterprising citizen. Unostentatious in his manner, he had a warm and generous nature, and his numerous acts of private benevolence will cause his name to be cherished with fond remembrance. The merchants of this city, at their Meeting Streets yesterday lowered the flag on the liberty-pole at half-mast as a mark of respect, and the flag of the Charleston Hotel was unfurled and in mourning. Mr. Mixer, the present host, is also a popular Charlestonian, besides grandchildren. His remains will be deposited in the family vault at Augusta, Ga. The Adams' Express Building was draped in mourning on Monday, in consequence of the decease of Mr. Meek's brother-in-law, Mr. Mixer was one of the stockholders of the Express.—*Charleston Courier, 28th ult.*

LOSS OF A STEAMSHIP. The steamship Canadian, from Quebec, for Liverpool struck on an iceberg on the 4th inst, and sank in thirty-five minutes. 182 passengers were saved in boats. From 20 to 30 were lost, including six cabin passengers. Part of the mails were saved. The mail steamer Anglo-Saxon rescued the crew and lost. The Canadian struck under the foremast, breaking into three compartments at once. The fire looked small, scarcely more than a spark, but it spread with fearful rapidity. The boats landed the survivors at Cape Basil, and they were brought to Quebec by the steamer Hibernia.

All the ships papers were lost. A late dispatch says that the ship had only sixty-seven passengers.

MINISTER TO TURKEY. Edward Joy Morris, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Minister to the Court of the Sultan.—Mr. Morris is a member elect to the next Congress from the Second Pennsylvania District.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against loss and damage by FIRE, on favorable terms. Policies issued without delay. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS :

Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby, Arthur T. Bunker, Joshua M. Daniels, Ebenezer Bruce, Sylvanus Brown,

Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates,

Charles C. Hutchins, Lester S. Coburn, Nathan Allen, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 83 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass. may31tf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in haste, yours pracin a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent in their practice, and found it answer all that was ever required in one it more extensively. There has been a great demand for it, and many testimonials of its moral preference in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, over any other base for artificial teeth, and the profession of the Boston, Providence, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford and New York cities, and the only safe and reliable remedy for Diseases of the Mouth, Teeth and Gums, and Inflammation of the Nerve, Nervous Treatment, Extraction of Teeth, Filling with Gold, Tin and Amalgam, and Mechanical Dentistry in all its branches, on the most scientific principles. In the worst cases of Pyorrhœa or Scurvy in the Gums, we have never failed to restore the gums to their natural healthy condition.

TO WIVES AND MAYRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the only safe means of removing insurrhœal constriction.but

THEY MUST BEAR THE SIGNATURE

There is one condition of the health's system peculiar to females, which renders it necessary that they should use a CATHARTIC MEDICINE. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY, and the CATHARTIC MEDICINE which is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore all healthful functions to a normal condition, and thus the re-productive power of nature cannot resist it.

Those who are pregnant, or those who think they should be such, with such medicine. Price One Dollar per box. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

Sold by Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Jackson streets, and by Druggists everywhere. June 6, 1861. 3m1317

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN THE MINUTES AFTER USE IS INSURED BY USING

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

Which have received the highest encomiums from eminent Physicians and numerous individuals in this vicinity, who have used them, and proved them to be a safe, sure cure, in various cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, &c., &c. The success of this remedy has been fully tested by the most extensive sale of any article of the kind ever offered to the public. Coughs, Colds, &c., had a certainty of the efficiency of a remedy that will relieve them in a few minutes, and that too without the nauseating effects of opium, or any of the poisonous drugs usually administered for the above complaints. Public speakers and singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat for use. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER & CO., Boston.

S. KIDDER, Jr., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

The Great English Remedy

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known medicine is no imposition, but a genuine and safe preventive of all Female Irregularities and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and as a powerful restorative, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—21 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. 1yr jal4thu

Traders' and Mechanics' Insurance Company.

THERE will be a special Meeting of the members of the Company on TUESDAY the 18th day of June instant, at half past seven o'clock, P. M., at the office, No. 27 Central Street, Lowell.

To see if the Company will adopt a new form of policy in Mutual Department, and also the By-Laws so amending the first and second sections of the same as may be necessary, on account of the new form of policy.

To transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary.

Lowell, June 11th, 1861. jel1-2t

MIDDLESEX COMPANY CERTIFICATE.

THE subscribers, being the Trustees appointed by of the Directors of the Middlesex Company, hereby give notice that a dividend of Three Dollars per share has been declared upon the capital stock of said Company, for the year ending May 1st, 1861, and that the same will be paid at the office of said Company, on and after the 15th day of June next. Transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th days of June next, inclusive.

Witness our hands and seals this 10th day of June, A. D. 1861.

Signed, R. S. FAY, Jr., } Trustees.
S. P. HOOPER, }
F. H. HUNTINGTON, }

jel3 1m1335 1m1335 1m1335

SPECIAL NOTICE.

DENTAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day, entered into a co-partnership for the practice of Dental Surgery and will continue at the long-established office of the late Dr. Thomas Hill, No. 21, Merrimack Street.

For the purpose of affording artificial teeth at the lowest possible rates, we have made arrangements, expense, furnished our laboratory with a small steam engine, and employ none but the best workmen in the city, rolling mills and other machinery necessary to the manufacture of our work.

We promise to perform operations in a thorough manner.

Best Premium Teeth,
Best Premium Gold Plate,
Best Premium Gold Foil,
Best Premium Amalgam,
Best Premium Cements,
Best Premium Tin,
Best Premium Nitrous Oxide Gas,
Best Premium Ether,
Best Premium Chloroform,

Filling with chemically pure gold. Extracting, &c., attended to.

$5 to $10
$3 to $5
$1 to $3
$1 to $3
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$1 to $3

A. LAWRENCE, Dentist.
C. G. H. HAYES, Dentist.
Lowell, Jan. 11 1861. 1y jan14

Lowell, June 1, 1861.

C. G. H. HAYES, M. D.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

1-1-2 Merrimack St. (over Dr. J. Nesmith's Block.)

HAVING a regularly educated Physician, will attend to not only the mechanical portion of Dentistry, but to the medical and surgical treatment of the teeth and gums. Particular attention given to the treatment of Pyorrhœa Alveolaris, and Scurvy in the gums, and to the extraction of teeth and fitting of artificial substitutes.

All operations will be performed in the latest and most approved styles, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Lowell, April 13, 1861. 1y apr15

NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method to acquaint the public that he has taken a lease of the Mansion House, in Tyngsboro', and will open it for the reception of guests on the 1st day of July next. He will use his best endeavors to render all who may favor him with their patronage as comfortable as possible, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

Tyngsboro', June 1, 1861. 3m1320

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT.

MIDDLESEX, ss. To the next of Kin, Creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of ELIZABETH HOAR, late of Lexington, in said County, deceased, intestate.

WHEREAS application has been made to said Court, to grant a license to sell and convey all the real estate of said deceased, to Wm. Hoar, of Lexington, in said County, Esquire, as by said petition on file more fully appears.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the fourth Tuesday of June instant, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.

And the said Widow is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Lowell Daily Courier, printed at Lowell, in said County, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court.

Witness, Wilkes Wheeler, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

J. H. TYLER, Register.

18thJun3w

To the Heirs at Law of BENJAMIN J. MERRILL, of Lowell, deceased, and all others interested.

YOU are hereby notified that we have taken charge to us, the subscribers, by said Merrill, the Executors of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, for the purposes of foreclosure, which said deceased died on the 3d day of December, 1859, to the Clerk's office of said Lowell, Vol. 18, Page 42, and that we intend hereby to foreclose said mortgage for a breach of the condition thereof.

Lowell, June 15, 1861. 3w

ELIZA A. MERRILL,
BENJAMIN E. BATES,
Executors.

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S, corner Hat Store. jun14w1y

CARPETS & YARNS

FOR SALE.

CARPET THRUMS

AND

BROKEN YARNS,

REMNANTS OF CARPETS,

Damaged Carpets, &c.,

For sale VERY CHEAP, at

CARPET MILL, CROSBY ST.,

WHIPPLE'S MILLS.

A BASE CHANCE FOR GOOD BARGAINS. may20

Eclectic Medical Infirmary,

NO. 4 HURD STREET, LOWELL.

ESTABLISHED FOR

The treatment of those diseases in both sexes requiring Experience, Skill, Honor and Delicacy.

SCIENCE has diffused its intelligible rays and power to the Medical profession, and to none more than to the Eclectic Physician, who has availed himself of which have been actually cured in, and by this Institution, during the past 10 years, over two hundred and forty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-three cases, and in every one of the number no failure.

Boston, May 18th, 1861.

Signed, E. S. TURNER, President.
R. S. FAY, Jr.,
S. P. HOOPER,
F. H. HUNTINGTON,
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We promise to perform operations in a thorough manner.

Best Premium Teeth,
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Filling with chemically pure gold. Extracting, &c., attended to.

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Lowell, June 1, 1861.

All hail to the Flag of our Union

—AND—

TO THE PEOPLE OF LOWELL!

A. J. GRIFFIN,

IS IN TOWN AGAIN!

AND AT

No. 94 Merrimack Street,

WITH an immense St.ck, of Goods from New York, which he will sell at the lowest prices.

FOR A SHORT TIME!

10,000 PIECES OF CALICO, at 5 cents per yard.

10,000 PAIRS OF SUSPENDERS, at 5c. per pair.

5,000 YARDS OF BLEACHED COTTON, at 5c. per yard.

5,000 YARDS DELAINES, from 8 to 12½ cents.

5,000 YARDS GINGHAMS, at 5 cents.

2,000 FRENCH BOMBOS, 7 cents a piece.

2,000 PIECES OF LACE PRINTS, at 5c. per yard.

With any quantity of

Dairy and Side Thread Gloves.

—We will find PILES OF GOODS not mentioned in this advertisement, that will be sold at the lowest prices.

A. J. GRIFFIN, Agent.

94 *MERRIMACK STREET.*

June 4, 1861.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. BANNING desires to inform the public that pursuant to solicitations from many classes of citizens, he has opened a Class for the Art of Dancing, at the Academy of Music, Lowell. The principles of the Terpsichorean Art, Fancy Dances, and Deportment, Female Waltzes and Quadrilles, Gentlemen's Waltzes and Quadrilles, Private Lessons, &c. At S. MANSUR'S Seed Store, 138 Central street, Lowell.

RARE CHANCE FOR BUSINESS.

MR. EDWARD S. HUNT having gone in the war, will dispose of his entire stock in trade, consisting of Books, Stationery and Music, in Store No. 17 Central street, Lowell, for cash. This is an excellent opportunity to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Inquire of the subscriber, at the Store, or at WILSON & HUNT'S, Market street, or at 27 Merrimack street, Lowell. may31 1m1327

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleaning fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, &c., it is unequalled. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets. may3

Dyspepsia Remedy !

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the public for the last twenty years, and is highly recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Sour Stomach, Kidney Complaints, Dizziness, &c.

IT STIMULATES, ENNOBLES, INVIGORATES AND PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual. It is a sure remedy for Dyspepsia, and all other complaints of the Stomach and Bowels. It gives tone to the digestive organs, creates a spirits, and restores weakly, nervous and sickly persons.

Shattered constitutions, and those subject to *Intermittent Fevers*, should not be free use of it. Ague, &c., will immediately feel the happy effects of it. Read the following certificate :

DEAR—One wine glass full; which will remove the worst case of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, create an appetite, cure Nervousness, and Nervous Pain or Prostration. Kidney, Bladder or Urinary complaints, one wine glass full before each meal or two, and an effectual cure by the use of one bottle.

A dose will give instant relief to Sick Headache, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach or Bowels, and Sour Stomach.

Ladies of delicate constitutions will find a dose occasionally will return to them health and vigor.

During pregnancy, it is most efficacious in relieving Nausea, Vomiting and Nervousness, and is invaluable in regulating generally the female system.

General Depot, 66 Water st., New York.

Sold by druggists generally. Sold by GOOD-WIN & CO., and CARTER, COLCORD & CO., Boston.

For sale in Lowell by J. R. Hayes, Samuel Kidder & Co., Dr. M. E. Thompson, C. B. Kimball, S. A. Bowers, and by druggists throughout the country. may22ly

THOMAS E. ROSS,

(Late of the Tremont House, Boston,)

HAS taken the Commercial House, corner of Lowell and Concord streets, and has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public that he will be happy to receive their patronage. Having refitted the house throughout, he is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Children within their care will receive kind attention. Horses will be well cared for. Carriages and horses to let. Filling with cleanliness pure gold. Extracting, &c., attended to. A. LAWRENCE, Dentist. C. G. H. HAYES, Dentist. Lowell, Jan. 11 1861. 1y jan14

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RELIGIOUS.

The Law of Moral Influence.

A SERMON.

BY REV. L. B. THAYER.

Preached in the Wardens Street M. E. Church, Sunday, June 16th, 1861.

TEXT—Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works and glorify your Father which is in heaven.—Matt. V. 16.

The laws that obtain in the development and exercise of power, are among the most intricate and mysterious that pervade the empire of God; and a careful study of those laws is most intensely interesting, speculatively, and highly important practically—if we speak of the laws of power, because we would apply the proposition in the most comprehensive sense of the term, whether it being alike true whether one's surveyed be in the realm of physics, metaphysics or morals. If we consider that potent influence that binds in symmetric form the spheres of the material universe, and holding them each, as with an iron grasp, in its allotted path, moves them through space with a velocity inconceivable and a regularity the most perfect; if we consider the law that gives variety, at once the most pleasing and useful, to the productions, of congregated matter, whether mineral, or vegetable, or animal; or that subtle, pervading principle we call life, which, like a soul, moves, possesses and actuate the entire frame of nature, in all these we shall find fields to range, and themes for thought the most wonderful, interesting, and profitable.

If we turn our attention to the realm of intellect and contemplate the laws of mental development, the processes by which it works out its great results and accumulating its priceless treasures, stores them all classified and labeled, in the compact, but well arranged chambers of memory, we shall here find yet broader, more intricate, but richer fields of investigation and research.

But it is not our purpose, at this time, to occupy either of those fields for investigation. The text suggests a subject not yet somewhat different theme. The nature and power of moral influence: what that is in us that serves to draw or attract the path we tread, whether it be to purer virtue or deeper degradation in vice.

What are the elements of moral influence in individuals, and what are the modes in which that power is exercised? This is the subject we purpose to discuss this morning; for we cannot read a chapter in the words of the Saviour, moral influence is represented under the figure of light.—"Let your light shine before men;" "Let your influence be such, in your intercourse with men, that they, by seeing your integrity and piety, shall be led to glorify God by living in obedience to His holy laws.

In the figure here employed we may note one striking and suggestive analogy before passing to the main subject. Light always emanates from centers in which it has, either in perpetuity, or for the time, an originating fountain. Such are the great source and centre of light and life to the universe, has that light in itself, while it gives its life to all—"In Him was life, and was none." So, too, of the feeble taper, though it glimmer but for an hour, that is true of light, is also true of all powers.—They seem to originate in, and certainly emanate from centers in which they hold their court of authority. Hence it comes to pass that in the material universe, spheres, or spheroids, and circles prevail; and among organized beings and arts, in all their varieties, have had, in all ages of the world, their respective centres in which they have originated, and which they have been held, and from which they have derived their vitality. Who thinks of philosophy, but does not associate it with —yes of Athens? Who thinks of painting and of sculpture, and does not look to Italy?—of Rome? Not less true is this of moral influence. It is no lightning flash that cometh we know not whence, nor whither we know not whither; but it radiates from a centre in which that light has been found a permanent abode, and it sets from thence not because it makes a special effort at display, but because it is there, and action is its nature.

With these promising remarks, we come to inquire into the nature of that power we call moral influence. When a chemist would determine the composition of matter, his science he selects a specimen of that substance and subjects it to a process of analization, that separated from each other the several elements of which it is composed may be examined each by itself and its nature determined. We may pursue the same course in this investigation; and for our experiments we will take a man and his character. And in this we may include both, what we are accustomed to call our mental and our moral character. In making our estimates of ourselves we find it difficult to separate between these elements of character, if indeed the line of demarcation is sufficiently broad to be at all perceptible. And we here are not sure that character, to denote what we in reality are, not what others think we are, but what we are is *character*; what we are thought by others to be, is, *reputation*.

Our problem, then, is, what has served to make up—to constitute that entity designated by the personal pronoun I? What influences have made, or continue to make me what I am? We need not here pause to prove that in infancy and childhood we are but a bundle of capabilities, which in their development will show certain, tendencies more or less strongly marked, and propensions, not all perhaps, the most pious or lovely even. This is a matter of every day observation, perchance of experience.—Three capabilities and proclivities, however, only pertain to the formation of character—they are the materials of which character is made. The fact is most evident that whatever is characteristic in personal character results from external influences and self-culture. Our susceptibilities natures have been compared to a non-existent body moving in space, receiving and retaining impressions from whatever comes in contact with them, so that we each become a record of our haps and mishaps in the path of life.

This illustration, however, can apply only to a limited extent, as must be evident wherever the nature of man is compared to material substances. Such substances are inanimate, without volition. They we have life and volition. The material substance is moved by a force external to itself, in a direction it does not select, and thus is brought into contact with objects it could neither choose or avoid, and thus receives impressions for which it has no responsibility.

But with us as moral beings, while the general course of our life's pathway, and the general character of the objects and incidents we are to meet with in that path, are fixed by a power above us, we may so select and vary those objects and incidents—may so direct our course in that general outline, as most fully to develop the moral influence, upon our characters of these features of our existence. Yet we cannot deny that these general characteristics of existence do exert a strong influence upon us. The geographical features of the poor's home—the hills, the lakes, the brooks, the vales, the forest trees, and open meadows, as well as the customs and institutions of his country, all impart their influence in giving character to the songs of his muse: though they do not determine whether he shall sing in praise of virtue or of vice, whether his muse shall be the comic or the sacred, the cheerful or the sad. The calling we pursue in life exerts a strong influence upon the general features of our character. The farmer, the artisan, the professional man, will each bear impress into his very motions the badge of his calling. But there will be found among them all, the religious and the irreligious, the refined and virtuous, and the unpoish and vicious, circumstances beyond my control may decide where I must be—but not what I shall be in moral character.

The strength of influence exerted upon us by external objects is so well understood by artists, that such as would attain to perfection in art, are careful not to come in contact with any but the highest examples of the art they cultivate. The painter turns with disgust from an indifferent piece: but it should vitiate his taste, while he lingers long before, and often revisits the work of a master. The musician of refined taste is in torturea, if forced to hear imperfect performances, while he is in rapture when the music is performed with correctness and taste. We are absorbents of surrounding influences, as sponges are of the surrounding humidity, with the single difference that we may to some extent choose the influence with which we will be surrounded.

This is true of nations as well as of individuals. Could we obtain a full and correct history of any nation, up to a given period, and then from a clear and correct view of the character and condition of that nation at that period, we should find the character but a condensed combination of that history. So with us personally. We find us to enter on each of periods of our carefully arranged history of our own past —its incidents—its accidents and its influences. As the circumstances of the earth carries within its carefully folded strata a history of the cause as well as of the convulsions, so we each carry in our own character, in the present, a faithful record of what our past has been. We are walking volumes, bound in muslin, silk or Sheepskin, as the case may be, and each history faithfully written:—with some perhaps, too faithfully, a history that can never be altered, amended or erased.

May we here pause a moment to drop h suggestion. The text suggests to us this subject is that "other book" that with the "Book of Life" will be opened on that great day, when in presence of an assembled universe we are called to give account for our conduct on earth and receive from Him who judges the secrets of all hearts, a decision in accordance with what our characters shall be? Are we not carrying in our own persons the record and testimony of our own crimes, or virtues, of our own condemnation, or approval, as the day by day we are wearing the bar of impartial judgment?

This discussion brings us to the point we perhaps the more practical part of our subject; and it is embraced in this inquiry: What have been the causes that have exerted the strongest influence in the formation of my character?

In looking into the mirror of our own consciousness and attempting by the aid of memory to trace our several characteristics to their originating causes, we may find the task difficult, and in some items perhaps impracticable; yet were we to make the earnest effort we should doubtless surprise ourselves at the extent to which we could achieve the object.

When we awake from a sleep with the recollection of some strange dream in which the mind we are ready to wonder what could have caused us to have such a dream, or return from a visit in most lively interest to us something in the past that seemed to have been long since, fancy flights.

So with the vicious of characters; and seen reflected in the mirror of our self consciousness. Our every peculiarity has its originating occasion and cause, and memory, with the aid of the other mental mind those occasions and causes with a remarkable distinctness, as to be conscious of those causes. Have we in our past life at some time fallen into some evil practice, or habit of sin, by which I address, have fallen into what are called and feel to be great errors, or into habitual sinful practices which are, alas! so common in society, but which the sincere penitent, on subsequent reflection, will find are so wrong when we first practiced them. In looking back upon those errors we find as did the Psalmist that our feet had well nigh slipped, yea, did even quite slide from the right path. What was the influence that led us to that first step in that course of evil? What was the specific power that led us into that false step? How came we for the first time to profane the name of God? to violate the sanctity of the holy Sabbath!

Or have we become Christians, and are we trying to live as becometh such as have taken upon them that holy profession?—What was the influence that led us to that crowning step in our past lives? Or that theme our hearts love to dwell. What were those wonted influences that led us to prepare our hearts to receive those great truths of salvation and pointed us to Him who taketh away the sins of the world? Such enquiries lead us to the lesson of the text—to moral influence. In prosecuting such inquiries we are made to see most clearly the wonderful power of moral life over us. It was the influence of such an one, exclaims the criminal as he stands upon the scaffold, that led me in early life within prison walls, that first led me into the path of restitude, that led me to the first step in the course that led to my end. It was the influence of such an one that first led me to enter on such a course of profanity—that first led me to turn away from the holy injury of prayer to violate the holy Sabbath. Yes, how many can point directly to the influence of pious parents, of pious friends, and of those who, and the person by whom they were dissuaded from following the convictions of duty and to enter upon a life of piety. Yes: it was the influence of others over us, based on the principle of confidence and moral stability, yet it was the influence of others upon us that first swayed us from our appointed course, and caused us to swerve from the path of conscious duty.—So, too, we trace our moral influence, and whatever progress we may have made in the path of piety, under God, to the influence of others upon us.

How often do we hear Christians testify, It was the influence of that now sainted mother, of that wife, of that son, of that devoted sister or of such a dear Christian friend that led me to seek for religion; though —to see my condition as an alien from God, and induced me to repent, and change my course of life. No, my friend here of the hand that led us in the final step that brought us to the cross, but of those influences that prepared us to take that step.

The power of social influence we can scarcely over estimate, and no truth perhaps receives a clearer confirmation in the experience of every day life than does that uttered by Paul, when he said, "None of us liveth unto himself, and no man dieth unto himself." Would we all could add, that whether we live or die we are the Lord's.

We are, not only so we have said, each a volume of personal history, but that history is so largely made up of extracts from others, as to render it almost like a compilation, rather than an original production, and in some of us there may, perhaps, be seen a striking resemblance of a miscellaneous *scrap book*. Such is the influence of our Associates upon us that it has long since passed into a proverb, that a man is known by the company he keeps. And this result is not, perhaps, so much owing to the original selection as to the power of assimilation. Almost our every trait of character, our every habit of conduct we may track to the influence of some person over us, in our association with them in the past.

How wonderfully mysterious! how complicated! how important is this great system of mutual influence! How wonderfully does it interlink the characters, the happiness and the destinies of men! And how important the lessons of instruction we may derive from a study of these mysterious laws.

There is one other aspect of this subject to which I would call attention before we leave it. It is embraced in the inquiry—by what means, in what mode is personal influence most effectively exerted upon us? By what law is this great power applied? In this we readily recognize an important practical inquiry. Let us carefully consider it. If the public speaker advertises that in a certain house, at a certain hour, he about to make us weep or laugh, or to produce any specified emotion, he will, most likely, fail in his effort and disgust his hearers.

If the orator would have us weep at his words, the power must be in the words, in the thought, the manner, and not in the direct effort for that end. The influence of a parent is not so much in the set lectures he sometimes gives us, though no doubt we richly deserve them all, and even more, as in the silent eloquence of the look of affection and the life of purity. We were never led from the paths of integrity, and duty by the mockery of vice by formal orations in praise of sin. Those we would readily have answered and spurned. Nor yet by the allured by set efforts on the part of our associates avowedly to debauch us. These we would have despised and scorned. It was the silent power of unostentatious example, where, in the unrestrained hours of moral sun. Hard indeed must be that heart that could not yield to such an influence.

We see by what means we may exert an influence for God and humanity—we may promote the cause of piety among men. The light must be in us—the light derived from the Great Fountain of all light for men, and if that light be in us, it will be seen of men. Let us beware lest the light that is in us be darkness, for in such a case how great must be that dark-ness.

"Yes, the smallest bark on life's tempestuous ocean
Will leave a track behind forevermore,
The slightest wave of influence set in motion
Extends and widens to the eternal shore.
Then deem not life is wasted or thrown away,
A mystic tie to be: and we should take
Earnest heed to all we do and say,
For future scenes depend upon the present make."

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

151 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,512,556.80
Dividends paid to date, 1,681,000.13
Losses paid, 2,611,363.53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, and has conducted its affairs on that basis. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the members, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, to wit:

It offers **unusual security and economy.**

It insures over $3,500,000 annually.

Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate,** and the profits are large.

It does not make temporary loans to outsiders.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The Company has no **speculative** features.

The **insurance** of a company is confined exclusively to the **Insurance of Lives.**

It is **economical** in the management of its business.

It is **prompt** in the **payment of losses.**

It **encourages economy,** the strongest incentive to economy by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as they may prefer. Over $1,000,000 of premiums, many hundreds of which are cash, and could be in a note bearing interest, are now in the hands of the Company, awaiting the time when to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Law premiums.

The premiums are paid to aid the insured in securing future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, Cash Dividends (payable annually) are declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of **7172** Policies in force, and is rapidly increasing. Its business presents readers more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance Companies are based. All friends of the Institution are earnestly requested to use their influence to have it more extensively patronized. It is important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company now declares a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860. Applications for Insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERSEREAU, Secretary.
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.
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MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every attentive and intelligent person, that the first difficulties which present in the way of the improvement of the children of their bowels, and in this connection, we would respectfully call your attention to the well known and deservedly popular remedy

DR. TOWN'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Town with remarkable success during twenty years' practice, we are fully warranted in saying that it is the best article for infants and children of any in the market, and we would especially request a trial of it from all mothers who have children afflicted with Worms, Colic, Sick Stomach, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, Canker Rash, Sore Mouth, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Fits, Convulsions, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, and Teething.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life, when your anxious minds are filled with fearful forebodings, and your little ones, it will be found invaluable in relieving the child from pain, and shortening the period of suffering. **For Diseases attending Teething,** such as Worms, Colic, Sick Stomach, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, *Cholera Infantum*, Canker Rash, Sore Mouth, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Fits, Convulsions, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, and Teething, it is unrivalled. Dr. Town's Infantile Cordial is the

Katon's Infantile Cordial exclusively.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, in any form, enters into the composition of this Cordial, **nor will it ever be** while we have the power to prevent it. We do not consider it **safe for the public** to do so. We feel that throughout the country, Morphine is administered to children, to their hurt, and of the sad and blighting consequences that follow in its train. We do not wish the use of morphine in the form of quieting remedies; these consequences are too fearful to be risked in the hands of the ignorant and careless, and where the use of opium is necessary, it should be administered by the physician, and not left to the mercy of family sewing, or nurses, or drug's avail.

Price 25 cents per box. Prepared and sold by DR. TOWN, Lowell Mass. This article can be had of druggists throughout the country. Orders for extensions supplied at short notice, by the 100, or 1000.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before offered to the public. Warranted to stand market. A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL, recommended by PROF. HUNT, DR. BERNETT & RODLIFF, corner Moody and Market.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, for sale at every respect to the Franklin and any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities. Office, 5 Bolt Row, at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Lowell, May 1, 1861. 1y mayl

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having contracted with the proprietor of the wharf on the Merrimack river, is prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices. Orders left at the office will be filled with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dt

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CRUDE CAMPHOR GUM, for sale by C. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts.

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PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply from first hand, direct from the Government. Every bag stamped with the Importer's name, J. F. Brown & Co. Price and Brands' prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,

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KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes.

Also, Hayner's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' Oil Mill Stores, 45 Merrimack Street.

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SEWING MACHINE!

638 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly incorporated, their machines are protected against infringements by patent.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the **Double Lock Stitch,** alike on both sides, a little more than half as much thread or silk as the single or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machine now in use, to the frequent changes and size of stitches necessary in sewing various kinds of work. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of Muslin without stopping, and make as even and perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and from sewing hard leather, without changing the feed, needles, tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In fact such a machine best adapted to family use; and if more adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For the very heavy four Thread Machine, we recommend our larger size.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will be their recommendation. Nor is any effort spared. Nor will any be allured by set efforts on the part of our associates avowedly to debauch us. These we would have despised and scorned. It was the silent power of unostentatious example, where, in the unrestrained hours of moral sun. Hard indeed must be that heart that could not yield to such an influence.

We see by what means we may exert an influence for God and humanity—we may promote the cause of piety among men. The light must be in us—the light derived from the Great Fountain of all light for men, and if that light be in us, it will be seen of men. Let us beware lest the light that is in us be darkness, for in such a case how great must be that dark-ness.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes to insert and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
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THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

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EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Corn Meal, Rye Feed, Ship Stuff, Middlings, Corn and Oats, at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by
apr29 SAM'L N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION—Eugenie's Preparation French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Bloom of Youth, Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Rouge, Carmine, Vermilion, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Main sts.
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SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats.
100 bush. Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAM'L N. WOOD'S,
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Magee's Lirocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c. This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap,* and of great convenience to the family. Every one should get its use will look as fresh as new. Sold by grocers generally. For sale by
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PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by
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RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at
nov17 E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

A NEW MODE of Simon's Patent Moule Pain Soap for Laundry.
nov18 S. H. PISHER, Agent.

GARDINER'S Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheumatism. It is an *external remedy,* and requires no change in diet or business, acting directly and entirely on the nerves, and may be taken by children or adults with the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw. CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed six weeks with the disease, I was entirely cured with one bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." SOREMAN T. AYRES,
Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven, by excruciating pain, to the trial of numberless remedies, without relief, I was induced to try "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," and am happy to say it has done me good.
D. D. BAKER, Jr.,
No 2 Kingston Block, Lowell, Mass.

Wrote you some time since, that I had been troubled with the Salt Rheum in my hands for a long time, and suffered much pain; that I had used your "Compound," and was happy to say it had entirely cured me. I have since used your Compound,
JOHN A. MURDO,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has entirely relieved me from a severe case of several years' standing.
W. R. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores. I have used one bottle of your "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," and it has entirely cured him.
J. W. HAMMONDS,
Proprietor Revere House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has cured me of Salt Rheum.
W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Winthrop House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound has cured me of a severe attack of Salt Rheum.
FANNY THOMPSON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my daughter was severely afflicted with Salt Rheum, and was entirely cured with one bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." I have used it in a similar attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and it has never failed to relieve me.
ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Legislature.

The undersigned, hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and would recommend it to all persons afflicted with those diseases, as a safe and reliable remedy, and with confidence in its healing properties, and would state that in every case in which we have used it, it has given entire satisfaction, and has not been known ever offered a case that it did not relieve.
Ernest G. Gardiner, Webster street, East Boston.
Wm. Hall, 2d.
Wm. Hall, 3d, 10 South Market ave Boston.
George H. Fluent, 10 South Market ave Boston.
Charles Hall, Webster street, East Boston.
Chas. Charles G. Dolliver,
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Elmer Townsend, 45 at 47 Pearl street, Boston.
Sold by druggists generally throughout New England, and has been taken by hundreds of people, for Scrofulous Humors, Rheumatism, &c.
Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.
Sold by agents for the Proprietor, DR. J. P. KENNEDY & CO., Rochester, N. Y.
For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Richardson, Bridges & Varnum, Druggists, Merrimack st., and 162 Middlesex street.
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Sold by
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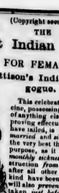
Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Fumion, Bitter Almond, Rose, Palm, Castile, Shaving, Transparent Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, prepared from ingredients unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected after all other remedies have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose. It will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have proved worthless. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken according to directions, and in every case it has proved a perfect success. They are superior to all others, which I have ever known to believe, produced a very happy result. Ladies who have been for years in the habit of taking a bowl of young herb as I ever saw. For sale by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada.

Price—One Dollar per bottle.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Stockbridge, Mass., Dec. 12th, 1855.

Dear Sir—I feel in duty due to my fellow men, as a man, to state to you the following circumstances, which you are at liberty to publish as you may think proper. My wife, (a lawyer) has been badly sick ever since his early childhood, and has been under the care of some of the best physicians in the country, and has taken a great deal of medicine, which he liked very much; but it did her no good. Some time last winter she was taken very quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. Some of his friends have since called on him, and he is very well known in our adjoining counties, many of whom have seen the effects of your Restorative, and can testify to the truth of the statement I have made. You can publish this, if you please.

Yours, &c., THOMPSON BURDICK.

Dear Sir—Permit me to express the gratification I have derived from the use of your Restorative. My hair is its original color. Above the time of my boyhood, I have been troubled with a severe humor in my head, which has caused me to lose my hair entirely. It now resembles in quantity and color that of my youthful days. I shall recommend it to my friends, as I consider it an effectual remedy. Yours, &c., S. THALERS.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes, the largest containing nearly a pint, the next half a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the second size retails for seventy-five cents, and the third size, or less than the small, retails for two dollars a bottle. Each bottle has a label on it, with the name of the Proprietor blown in the glass.

G. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 162 Middlesex street, Lowell.

For sale in Lowell by WM. B. FROST, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. B. RICHARDSON, corner of Central and Jackson streets, and sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. 1y may30

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, BUTTER COOLERS
SPOONS AND FORKS OF ALL VARIETY.
SPOONS AND STOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD PENS AND NECK CHAINS,
SINGLE AND DOUBLE CASE GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER AND SILVER SLEEVE BUTTONS,
BOSOM STUDS, SLEEVE BUTTONS
NAPKIN RINGS, GOLD AND SILVER SPOONS
ENIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold by and rent.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dtf

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with 76 the American Flag, &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

may26

(Copyright secured.)

THE ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest order, as well as men, give it their unqualified assistance, and recommend it for all cases of Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, Impotency, &c. Nothing like it ever preserves the hair from being gray, and restores it to its original color. Sold by

Cole, Green, & Co., Cor. 20th, Phila.
Cole, Green, & Co., 162 Middlesex st., Lowell.
Cole, Green, & Co., 444 Broadway, N. Y.

Price, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, and is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to try it in my own family, and my own hair resumes a perfect color.

Dr. Cole, Green, & Co. are unfortunate as to the spelling, but I have not heard a rock over the head side, from which I have not heard a rock over the head side, from which I have not heard a rock over the head side, from which

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, June 17, 1861.

BETTER TIMES COMING. We are not among those who believe that the present trouble of our country is to prostrate for a long time the business of the North. The millions of people, whose employments at home are not in the slightest interrupted by the withdrawal of a few thousand men from each State to serve their country in the field, will go on producing as heretofore, and the market for all their products is not yet much changed. The waste of war is immense, and there must be a great demand for everything that the soldier consumes. Certain manufacturing interests must suffer, for a time, but the supply will eventually be exhausted, and the demand is not to cease. People at present are rightly enough pinching themselves, and preparing for harder times still, and from this very fact, we can see why there is anything but a gloomy prospect ahead. The losses of our people readily adapt themselves to the circumstances which surround them; when lost to one expensive way they dine on food-fish with less heartiness. The summer months, which are usually dull, cannot be expected to yield much business this year, although then for all branches of trade in this vicinity, have been fair. With the concentration of the Government troops which is looked for, during the coming three months, whether a termination of the war is in sight or not, we shall look for a revival of business throughout the free States, and predict a lively fall trade in all branches that are usually flourishing at that season of the year. The prospect is for a large and abundant grass and grain crop, if nothing else, encourages this idea.

The Commercial Bulletin, which as quickly took the position of trade as any public journal in this country, talks cheerfully on this subject. It says that "in the opinion of many sagacious people, business will take an improved turn after the extra session of Congress, which commences July 4th, and certainly after harvest. The immense amount of money expended by the Government among the people, is gradually quickening industrial interests, and this is likely to increase as the war progresses. Though Southern debts are repudiated, the old Specie basis system is destroyed at the same time.—The medicine may be bitter, but the effect will be salutary. So the opinion of the business men, the North will regain all its prosperity it has lost before the channels of trade for the South are even opened."

THE WORK of destruction of property at Harper's Ferry by the rebels was not as complete probably as they intended it should be. The bridge of the Ohio Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, it is believed can be made passable in a few days, and the machine shops and depot buildings on the Virginia side of the river, are not materially damaged. The roof was blown off the small section of the Cape Cod Glass Works.

THE propeller Cataract was burned on Lake Erie yesterday afternoon, and four persons lost their lives in consequence.—She was loaded with flour, tobacco, and general. The boat and cargo are a total loss. The fire originated from the alcohol in the furnaces. The peninsula will soon become an immense entrenched camp. Telegraphic communication is being opened with the several camps. Some trouble has been experienced from a lack of water, but arrangements are now being likely to relieve that want.

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WAR NEWS, &C.

The Evacuation of Harper's Ferry. The following additional particulars relative to the evacuation of Harper's Ferry, were telegraphed on Saturday to the New York press from Frederick, Md. :—

The rebels have mainly left, only about two thousand men remaining. The route on the main body was by the turnpike leading to Charlestown and Shepherdstown, but their rear was descending on Leesburg. A rumor exists on both sides of the river that they had gone toward Winchester.—Other accounts surprised them were going to Martinsburg to make a stand there.

At 5 o'clock, Friday morning the great bridge of the Baltimore and Ohio road, over the Potomac, was fired, and soon after a tremendous report was heard, caused by the explosion of the mines under the centre span. In one hour the entire structure was in ruins. The bridge was a thousand feet long and had six spans. The body resting on the hills the road is supported on the bridge to the end, is about a half mile long, and is nearly all destroyed, as well as the upper bridge, which is one hundred and twenty feet in length, over which government stores and provision and baggage was destroyed. The fire was raging all day in the government works. Most of the national property remains except a dwelling for officers on the hill back of the town and two of the twenty armory buildings.

The loss to the government in buildings must be three or four hundred thousand dollars, while the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will be suffered greatly. The people of the neighborhood say that the company incurred the serious hostility of the rebel troops by the supposed want of concert it has shown with them, and by the loyalty of its employees. The turnpike bridge on the mouth of the Shenandoah was also to be burnt, according to report. Every night some further destruction may be done, as no United States troops are near to prevent.

Skirmishing at Harper's Ferry. All the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Bridge, except two spans and about 300 yards of the trestel work are destroyed.—The largest gun left on the island is situated at 14,000, have gone South to join Beauregard and Lee. Not over six hundred remain, and they, it was expected would leave Tuesday night. It is estimated as probable that this smaller force will join Wise at Romney, who is expected to oppose the advance of Gen. McClellan's column progressing from the West. Wise is said to have 30,000 troops at Staunton. The bridge over the Shenandoah River (near Harper's Ferry) is yet standing.

Affairs in Missouri. Jefferson City, the capital of Missouri, was taken possession of on Saturday last, by a command of Missouri volunteer troops, under Brig. Gen. Lyon. No violence was offered, but on the contrary the boats containing the Federal troops were received with enthusiastic cheers by a large concourse of citizens.—Gov. Jackson and other leading secession-ists, left the city on the Thursday previous, to the disappointment of all but the commanders, who had been informed of the movement. The treaty now accepting the State House. One or two houses have been searched for secession flags, but none have been found.

There is a report that a skirmish had taken place between the Government troops and the rebels at Independence, and that the former were repulsed, but there is some doubt about its being authentic. The secessionists have full sway in nearly all the towns along the Missouri River from Boonsville to Kansas border, and they are pretty well provided for a contest.

Eight regiments will be stationed two hours march from this city, viz. ; four at Belleville and four at Carrytille. Four regiments are to be established at Quincy.

A despatch from St. Louis, dated the 15th, says :—

"We have undoubted information that there were 2000 State (rebel) troops at Boonsville yesterday, half of whom were well armed and equipped. They have quite a number of cannon. Entrenchments are being thrown up. Troops are constantly arriving, and provision is being made for a determined stand."

It is needless to say that a conflict between the loyal and rebel citizens of Missouri is expected, but we have no fears as to the result. Gen. Lyon is a host in himself, and so far as we can understand, he will give the rebels great trouble.

A dispatch from Quincy, Illinois, dated yesterday, says that Col. Curtis' iowa regiment had made their headquarters there. His forces had been distributed over 180 miles of the Hannil al and St. Joseph Railroads. The latter lot regiment is already stationed along the same road. He has taken possession of the North-west road, and has road to prevent their falling into the hands of the rebels.

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The Pacific road bridges are threatened, but none have been seized nor burned. Three companies of Col. Tallman's regiment, acting as a reserve guard went out on the North Missouri Railroad on Saturday to protect the bridges that route, and co-operate with the forces already sent out in that direction.

A special dispatch from Jefferson City says the steamer City of Alton arrived yesterday morning with Col. Boernstein's regiment, a battalion of which is now stationed at the capitol. Judge Morimon, the State Treasurer, was also on board as a prisoner, but has been released. Several tons of shot and and large quantities of potato and bacon were seized as contraband. Jeff. Rogers, with $45,000 worth of treasury warrants, designed to pay the soldiers employed in the southwest expedition, has not arrived, and the steamer McDowell, lying opposite here, are in possession of the federal forces.

Fortress Monroe. Intelligence up to Saturday has been received from Fortress Monroe. Fifteen more regiments are expected at that place, among which are a regiment of mounted riflemen and an efficient corps of artillery from Fort McHenry. The latter are greatly needed to operate against the Virginia light horse. On the arrival of these regiments the troops will be concentrated at Hampton, and will become an immense entrenched camp. Telegraphic communication is being opened with the several camps. Some trouble has been experienced from a lack of water, but arrangements are now being likely to relieve that want.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

All the available reserved forces are to be concentrated at Washington in order to make a forward movement toward Richmond.

A Kentucky deserter from Manassas says there are 25,000 troops there and that there is a prospect of a further retreat toward Richmond, where there are 40,000 well armed but poorly clothed troops.

Jeff. Davis has thrown up earth-works as far as eight miles from Richmond, between that city and Manassas Junction. There are strong entrenchments in every place where they can be serviceable.

Col. Sanders, at the head of two regiments, is supposed to have made a forced march across the mountains toward Winchester, a distance of ninety miles. There is much eagerness to hear from his expedition.

THE MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENTS AT THE RELAY HOUSE. The Sixth and Eighth Massachusetts Regiments are still at the Relay House, and if they have been ordered away it was probably by surprise in the immediate vicinity. We make the following extracts from a letter to the *Boston Advertiser*, dated last Friday, respecting the Massachusetts regiments, written at the Relay House :—

Posted in this stronghold, with nothing to break the monotony more serious than an occasional night alarm, the troops are having an easy time. They find opportunity for drills and for dress parade, such as officers in the Fourth Regiment sigh for in vain. The Eighth, especially, under Col. Hinks, has improved its opportunities, and is now one of the best regiments on the service, officer and men. They have had all the "bounce" of militia training knocked out of them, and having acquired the steady bearing and habits of veterans of regular troops. Besides having the advantage of an admirable camping ground, under the army regulations is so abundant that, as one stood, hearty young private told me, "no man can eat his own ration." Under the supervision of Hon. Dexter Parker, of the Sick Bureau, a portion of the history of the post, economy in the use of rations has been made a system, and the regular exchanges of the surplus, are made, so as to procure for the men an additional variety of articles such as the government does not supply. With constant labor and with some generous expenditures from his own private resources, Lieut. Parker has reduced all these matters to order, and has enabled the regiments to get a considerable amount to their credit in the ration account with the Government, by item which I observed was 650 pounds of coffee, saved by the Eighth, if I remember rightly, within this month. The effect of all this upon the spirits as well as health of the men is at once obvious. They are for the most part cheerful, contented, and eager for action.

The chief complaint which I heard, of any hardship at the hands of the government, was caused by the doubt as to whether they can be taken off their present footing into the three year's service. The Eighth regiment is eager to be recruited up to the full standard and mustered in for the long term, and the sixth might easily be made into loans for another three years' corps. The great point on which they insist is that they shall not lose their present rank, and that they shall not, by being mustered in, be compelled to begin anew. They have earned their rights, and they claim them. Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Shops, by land and steamer, and for sale very cheap at the cheapest. Be sure and call at Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.

Lowell, June 15, 1861. jun17

CITY AND VICINITY.

GRAND TRIAL OF SPEED. There will be a trial of speed on the Lowell Trotting Park, on MONDAY, June 17th, at 3 o'clock, for a Purse of $25—$15 for the first and $10 for the second horse—mile heats, best three in five; to be trotted to Administrator's rule. The Secretary will be at the Trotting Park, on Monday, after 2 o'clock, to receive entries.

E. W. HUSE, Sec'y.

Lowell, June 14, 1861. jun14&3t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 23 Central to No. 17 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. May 31, 1861. may31&6f

NO BOX THIS WEEK. On account of the uncertainty as regards the locality of the Sixth Regiment, the city will not send its usual box of packages this week, but will send it next. We notice by a dispatch to the *Boston Journal* from the Relay House, that the Sixth was still at that place yesterday.

MILITARY VISITORS. This forenoon, the company commanded by Capt. S. W. Richardson, of East Cambridge, reached this city by the 10 o'clock train from Boston, and the Captain for an excursion to Woburn this morning. Guards are stationed at the latter place not being ready to receive them, they kept on until they reached the Lowell depot, where they marched to the South Common, and went through drill exercises. They will probably accept the courtesies of the Boston Rifles this afternoon, and be present on the Agricultural Grounds during the horse trot. They made a very fair appearance as they passed by our office, and had quite full ranks.

THE HORSE TROT. This is a fine day for the horse trot to take place at the Agricultural Fair Grounds this afternoon, commencing at 3 o'clock, and as several fast horses have been entered we shall expect to see some good trotting.

CAMP WHEELER. The encampment of the 6th Regiment, on the Trotting Park, has been named "Camp Wheeler, in honor of Albert Wheeler, Esq., the present owner of the grounds. This name is the choice will go into camp to-day.

POLICE COURT. John Taylor, for driving in the public streets at the rate of over six miles per hour, was fined $5 and costs.

One of the cases before the Police Court this morning, was for obstructing the street with lumber, &c., and a fine of $1 and costs was imposed.

TIM, THE SCISSOR GRINDER; Or, Loving Christ and Serving Him. By Rev. Edward Eggleston, Author of "Home Life," "Juvenile Stories," "Book for Boys," &c. Boston: Gould & Lincoln.

This is a most excellent juvenile story —finely illustrated, and told in a particularly interesting manner. We can heartily commend it to all as wish to find a book to read good and instructive books. It is for sale in Lowell by J. J. Judkins, No. 6 John Street.

SCOTT AND THE VETERN.

BY SAYARD TAYLOR.

An old and crippled veteran in the War Department

He sought the Chief who led him on many a field of fame,

And begged for a pension.—"Forward!" straight the veteran's face became

Red with the hasty flush that in stormy moments came.

"I'm not to weak but I can strike, and I've a good right hand

To get the ranges of visitors' hearts, and I hit them, by the Union!

Your Minie rifles and such arms it ain't worth while to wield,

I couldn't get the hang o' them, but I'll keep my powder dry!"

"God bless you, comrade!" said the Chief—God bless you, comrade!" said the Chief—God

But younger men are in the field, and claim to have

They'll guard our camps and scour the land, and storm the heights and do

All honor, comrade, to your hand, that dares to pull it down!"

"But, General!"—still persisting, the weeping veteran

"I'm young enough to follow, so long as you're my

Don't, don't discard me, General, I'm not too old to die,

So, give me a musket once again to fight, but me a place to die!"

If the gallant few on Fiveens, let the Colonel of Indiana

Build on Long Liverpool December

2nd, and on the 14th of January anchored at the mouth of the Tombigbee, (W. C. A.) On the 22nd January she was boarded off the Congo by the English steamer Archer, and the U. S. steamer Saratoga, who also proceeded up the Congo river, and remained there about the last of April, when she was fallen in with by the Saratoga, and boarded, and her papers found all right.—She was allowed to proceed; but on the 23d April was captured as above. The captain (French Bowen), the Spanish supercargo, and the cabin servant made their escape from the vessel the night previous to the capture. The first officer, a portion of the crew having previously escaped in the boats. The vessel, with her cargo, were transferred to the Saratoga and shipped for the service.

A TELEGRAPHIC mistake disputed in the papers this morning says that "the headquarters of Gen. Butler, Quartermaster Taitmadge and Commissary Taylor are crowded daily by the army of office politicians, placehunters, unfortunate contractors and modest individuals with very large axes to grind."

KENTUCKY. The election for members of Congress takes place in this State next Thursday. Hon J. J. Crittenden consented to be a candidate in the district in which he resides.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A BANK PRESIDENT. John G. Fuller, Esq., of Hulsboro', N. H., president of the Valley Bank, died very suddenly at Nashua on Friday noon, at one of the hotels of that city. He left the dining room, remarking that he felt ill, and died before the arrival of a physician.

As exchange says :—"A lady who had just reached Memphis from Cincinnati, writes to a friend that she carried through, upon her person, forty pounds of powder, 10,000 percussion caps, and eight revolvers."

Supposing a spark had approached that, then what?

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS

Are the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and the operation of which could in no way be mistaken by shallow pretenders. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a single instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The testimony of an educated and distinguished physician, if that nothing is common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved beyond a doubt, that Doctor M'Lane's Pills is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

☞ Purchasers will be on their guard to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, but Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., bear the signature of all the above named firms. None genuine without. FLEMING BROS. Pittsburgh, Pa.

jun7 (4T)

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels Carpets which are so cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. Can be found always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can be suited with us to the mills and select any pattern from any loom.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture just received from Massachusetts State Shops, by land and steamer, and for sale very cheap at the cheapest. Be sure and call at Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.

Lowell, June 15, 1861. jun17

C. G. H. BAYRS, M. D., *SURGEON DENTIST*

4 1-2 Merrimack Street, (No. 1 Kenmith's Block.)

DR. H. may be consulted at his residence, 4 1-2 Merrimack Street, on all matters appertaining to the profession of Dentistry. Particular attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth, and to the insertion of Artificial Teeth, on Gold Plate, Silver Plate, Vulcanite, or Continuous Gum Work, in the most approved style, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Lowell, April 1, 1861. ap1

NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method to acquaint the public of Lowell and vicinity that he is prepared to attend to all kinds of Horse Shoeing, at the Stable on Rosta on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 10, 1861. jun11&1m

Fourth of July

TO BE CELEBRATED!

THE UNION MUST BE SAVED!

GREAT COMBINATION AND CONSOLIDATION OF PHYSIOMEDICAL LABORATORIES!

SANDEMAN'S

ANDREW LAWRASON & CO. HOYT'S

THESE three extensive Laboratories have been consolidated and will be conducted by E. L. SANDEMAN, as the "ETNA LABORATORY," combining the experience, talent, experience and resources of the three establishments, and will be the largest Botanic, Chemical and Physiomedical Laboratory in the United States. The Patent Safety Matched Boxes and Vials, Patent Labels and Complete display of Ten Thousand Dollars, can be furnished to Physicians, Druggists and Country Merchants for Cities or Towns, and Private Individuals, at Wholesale Prices. Send for Circulars and Price List. Orders by Mail or Express promptly attended to. Address

SANDEMAN & CO.,

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers,

Nos. 11 and 12 Marshall street, M. S. BURR & CO., Nos. 11 and 12 Marshall street, WEEKS & POTTER, Nos. 170 and 172 Washington street, BOSTON, Mass.

ROWE & CO., REED, CUTLER & CO., T. L. SMITH & CO., PRESCOTT & REED, REED, CUTLER & CO., PHILLIPS & CO., JAS. MACKINTIRE.

may31 6WeF&Jly1

MARRIAGES.

In this city, on the 16th inst., (Sunday morn.) by the Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, A. J. Abell to Anna M. Hinckley, all of Lowell.

In Boston, June 12th by Rev. Leonard Lunt, of Lowell, Mr. Edwin Lunt, of Boston, to Miss Sarah Lunt, of Marblehead, Mass.

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths for week ending June 15.

9, Orange S. Goodale, 21 yrs, disease of heart.

Julius Kelly, 27 yrs, consumption.

10, Susan A. Sumner, 36 yrs, consumption.

Mary Ann Page, 57 yrs, consumption.

Thos. Thompson, 72 yrs, old age.

12, Frances E. Bennett, 3 months, consumption.

Christie McKee, 6 mos measles.

Mary Ann Sullivan, 2 yrs, scarlet fever.

Mary Ann Lynch, 2 yrs, disease of liver.

Total number of deaths during the week, 10.

10, John Marcus, 2 days, infantile.

Mary Ann Sullivan, 2 yrs, scarlet fever.

Mary Ann Lynch, 2 yrs, disease of liver.

11, Annie Kelly, 6 mos, cholera infantum.

14, John Sullivan, 1 yr.

Mary Ann Lynch, 2 yrs, puerperal.

15, Michael Duffy, 6 yrs, congestion of liver.

Total number of deaths during the week, 10.

In Groton, June 14th, Hannah P., wife of the late Sar. Chandler, aged 70 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VULCANISED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice more than two years since, and have had ample opportunity to test its merits. They are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said about it, but very little of any practical importance in relation to the value of the article. We would say that we have had experience every other article now in use, there are many advantages which it has over any other material, and we consider it a great improvement. We have used it for Base Plates, and in no case has the work given better satisfaction. We have also used it for Gum Work, and find it superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they will not recommend it for anything in this mode, and all others, that are equal to any that are in use, at the lowest prices.

Rooms 2 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

jun17

BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD.

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Scrofulous Taint in the Blood; Dyspepsia, Constipation; Headache, Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and in this compliance can be used in any season of the year, with safety and benefit. Prepared only by

DR. WM. A. LANGLEY,

Proprietor of the Root and Herb Bitters, and Manufacturer of Sarsaparilla, Boston, Mass.

Sold in Lowell by S. R. HUSSEY, Jr., corner Merrimack and Jackson sts., and by Druggists everywhere.

may31 3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Hair Dye Known.

All others are mere humbugs, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

Sold and applied at No. 233 Broadway, New York.

PUTNAM MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE at the Fairs of the American Institute for the last three years, over all competitors of his famous Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color or not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure the hair in any climate, or in any way to contain any of the ill effects of bad Dyes whatever.

Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers in Lowell, Nashua, Manchester, Concord, Great Falls, and Dover, New Hampshire, and by Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.

Factory No. 233 Broadway, New York.

Address, WM. A. BATCHELOR, Manufacturer, New York.

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may31 3m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. S. Coburn, B. W. Stockley, Edward Tuck,

L. G. Howe, Edward Tuck, Augustus Hemenway, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment for losses by fire during the first year. Cash dividend surplus is $30,028.81, with Deposit notes to the amount of $115,000.00. Risks taken on property of village and farm property in Middlesex County in particularly favorable terms. Cash capital and surplus, and risks are taken as in any Company transacting business on the Stock plan.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, Feb. 16, 1861. f21&1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

It kindles quickest,

It burns up clearest,

It lasts longer,

It is a saving quantity,

It costs less money,

Than any other for burning coal. And the CENTRE can be bought only at

No. 94 MERRIMACK STREET,

And of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

jan17 1y&d

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually ill, and the many thousands who are subject to obstructions of their natural irregularities to which the female system is liable, will find in DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the same formula as those used by him in his private practice for the last twenty years, a remedy which for years used successfully in an extended private practice, has established its claim to be the best remedy for cases of the peri-dical discharge, whether arising from obstruction, irregularity, or change of life. Also in removing the pains that accompany difficult menstruation, and in all cases of Female Weakness, Nervousness, Hysterics, Fits, Spasms, Pain in the Back and Loins, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Nervous Headache, Hysterical Affections, and all the nervous and dangerous effects of an un-natural cost the use of these Pills for a few days will prove to any lady the great benefit to be derived from them.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. 7yo jul4&6m

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure dwellings and stores for $5,000 for exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Dividends have been paid from time to time from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS :

Lowell.

Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby, Arthur P. Rugg, Samuel Barnard, Ephraim Brown.

Abner Coburn, Benjamin E. Bates,

Joseph C. Ayer, Jr., Wm. Amory, Walter Wright, Thomas Hazard, Henry C. Howe, Moses Greeley.

Alonzo A. Miner, Alexander Y. Lowe, Lyman M. Clark, Reuben H. Dimond.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, 1860. ap22

ÆTNA Insurance Co.

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital..... $1,500,000

Surplus..... $700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

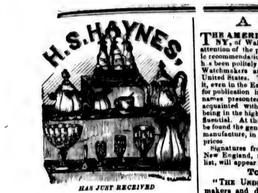
Cash Capital..... $300,000

Surplus..... $600,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford,

H. S. HAYNES.



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A few stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery to close, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities. The proprietor is determined, in this department, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS,

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the careful attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will insure to buyers always the benefit of our motto—

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors both pleasant and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchases elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

may18

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for these diseases, the first great requisite necessary, is, What causes the blood to stagnate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor extended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century to bring to light a wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this grand discovery—

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being." We will not attempt to say that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by the sowing and late laws, so animal life is traceable to a fixed cause which governs and controls it. Hardly a certain effect follows

Stagnation in the corpuscles of the blood. Analysis to be complete, must show iron and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.

Electricity brought in contact with a mineral or liver, causes it to contract.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the liver. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood causes electricity to be developed, coming in co tact with the heart causes it to contract, and hence the power which sends the blood and seeds it tingling through the remotest arteries. What then are the causes of

Consumption. Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, Intermittent Fever, Ague, Fever and Ague, &c.? In a deficiency of the red corpuscles circulating in the lymph, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of electricity, and consequently an abnormal circulation. The blood becomes watery, solids and bronchial complaints supervene, the liver becomes nervous, and subject to fibrosis in pains and neuralgia—pneumonia plant itself in the lungs and kidneys set in, in short, almost a cry type of disease but virulent fevers may be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles or red guineas.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we have discovered the "elixir vitæ," we do say that his can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumption is "a disease of consumptives!" Sufferers from any organic disease! Unfortunates, who have by excesses of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood and diminished the red globules! Ladies suffering any of the distresses known as female complaints, be persuaded to try "Blood Food" can cure you. It is a cured thousands of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your only hope. The Blood Food is an unfailing remedy; give it a trial.

As elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully proving the theory advanced here to be correct, will be mailed to any interested party, free of charge, on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, will be sent 8 bottles free of expense, for $8. Price, single bottle, $1. Can be put up in 2 oz. vials, in yellow wrappers—the old kind, in small bottles, in red wrappers having been done away with, and bears the fac simile signature of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper, to guard against counterfeits and imitations.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., 36 M. S. BURR & CO., WEBER & POTTER, and HALL & CURTIS, Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold by Lowell druggists. Chas. A. Stimpell, Wm. H. French, E. A. Simonds, Thomas S. Kidder, &c.

may28 1y

HATS.

BRAZER, at the CO NER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York styles, and from the well-known manufactory of Brazer & Co.

The usual assortment of the Hats in addition to which a circulation of air between it and the body of the Hat, effectually prevents Leather from the sweat, rising and oozing to form the head or enlarge the Hat.

Call and be convinced. Store in the corner of Merrimack and Market streets.

Corner Central and Market sts.

mar27* 1

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of our Patented Linen Rubber "PITTSON"—to which attention of the trade is solicited. Also, a full line of the best kinds in the market, for Hotels, Billiard Rooms, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack Street

mh15

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 23 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar29

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been politely given by the leading practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in one advertisement, but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade in this vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, have to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, and intrinsically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steele & Co., Hemingway & Conress, Wm. Rogers & Son, C. J. Bickman, George Brown, E. Benjamin, C. J. Mason, John B. Kirby, John Gordon, James B. Ayres, E. S. Huntington & Co. C. A. Woodford, H. D. Hall, John L. Smith, John Burton, Currier & Trott, J. V. Kettell, John McGregor, Dexter & Haskins, S. Childs, E. D. Tisdale, Albert Pitts, Ellis Gifford, F. W. Macomber, J. J. Burns, Jesse Smith, S. M. Story, Levi Johnson, I. M. Lamb, D. Mansur, W. Kirkham, Jr. W. M. Root, John B. Scott, Benj'n E. Cook, Charles W. Fogg, Andrew Warren, Amos Sanborn, D. D. Anthony & Co. Pelsg Arnold, E. Greenwich, Jr. George W. Drew & Co. N. G. Carr, Elijah Knight, Charles E. Hart, Harry B. Hem Robert N. Bodge, Wm. B. Morrill, W. D. C. Woodbury, Rufus Spencer, Richard Hosmer, Jonathan Hosmer, N. W. Goddard, Chas. T. Redgway, L. B. Gay, Sherburne Shaw, Sanbornton Bridge Jas. J. Melcher, Hanover, F. Hodgman, Littleton, H. C. Hardigan, Wm. Allman, Jr. C. H. Harding, Bradford, T. C. Phinney, Montpelier " J. C. Bates, Northfield, J. H. Murdock, Woodstock, C. C. Childs, St. Johnsbury, Brinsmaid & Hildreth, Burlington, C. W. Wingate, Thompson & Ranger, Brattleboro', W. K. Wallace, Newbury, L. Anselon, Bellows Falls, C. K. Kimball, Vergennes, Freeman M. Hardison, South Berwick Me. Henry McKenney, Auburn, John T. Hodsdon, Bath, Tompkins & Morine, Bangor, C. C. Williams, G. S. & G. L. Rogers, Gardiner, Twombly & Smith, Baco, Moses M. Strong, Augusta, D. G. Hall, Lewiston, James Emery, Bucksport, Simeon Blood, Rockland, D. E. Lucy, Houlton, John D. Adams, Winthrop,

CAUTION.—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our production without the Company's name and place of manufacture, bearing the number of the movement, and signed by our President, Mr. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.
ROBBINS, APPLETON & TRACY,
219 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

3m29 7am

BENT & BUSH'S

SPRING STYLE, 1861,

"Patent Elastic Cushion"

HATS

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.

They would call particular attention to

THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"

Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by any article yet produced.

YOUNG MEN.

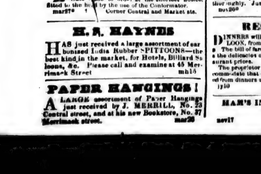
N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the "PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."

FOR SALE BY

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

10 Central Street, Lowell.



ATTENTION, FARMERS!

1000 Bush. EXTRA SEED OATS;
200 " " "

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, June 18, 1861.

THE STATE OF NEW VIRGINIA. Yesterday the Wheeling Convention took an important step in adopting a declaration severing the Western part of Virginia from the rest of the State. The declaration was adopted by fifty-six yeas, no nays. The fifty-six who voted for the declaration, signed it, making the same number as signed the Declaration of Independence of the United States. Mr. Carlisle obtained leave to report an ordinance re-organizing the financial bureaus of the State, by which no sheriff or other depositary of the public funds shall be permitted, under penalty of loss of office, to pay money to the Richmond authorities, or to any but the authorities to be hereafter provided.

This important part of the State is situated west of the Alleghany Mountains, embraces almost forty-five Counties, is about two hundred miles in length, and from one hundred to one hundred and twenty-five miles in width. The white population numbers about four hundred thousand while the number of slaves does not exceed fifty thousand. It is the most valuable and fertile portion of Virginia, and as a independent State, will in a few years, become enterprising and prosperous.

GEN. LYON. This most efficient officer has issued a proclamation to the people of Missouri, in reply to the war like order of the rebel Governor, Jackson. After explaining the position of the Federal Government, and the State Government, relative to the rebellion, he presents his instructions, and closes as follows:—

The recent proclamation of Governor Jackson, by which he set at defiance the authority of the United States, and urged you to make war upon them, is but the consummation of his long expressed purpose, long indicated by his acts and expressed opinions, and now made manifest. If, in suppressing these treasonable purposes, and carrying out the policy of the Government, and maintaining its dignity as above indicated, hostilities should follow, I would hope that all aggravation of those may be avoided, and that they may be diverted from the non-combatant and fall only upon the heads of those by whom they have been provoked. In the discharge of these plain but onerous duties, I shall look for the countenance and active support of all good citizens, and shall expect them to discountenance all illegal combinations or organizations, and support and uphold by every lawful means the Federal Government, upon the maintenance of which depends their liberties and the perfect enjoyment of all their rights.

Gen. Butterfield, who has been appointed commander of the forces at Jefferson City, has also issued a proclamation to the people of that region, announcing the position of the place for the purpose of preserving peace and tranquility, and to assist the civil authorities in the maintenance of the Government of the United States, and the enforcement of the constitutional laws of the country; he will fulfill his instructions with moderation and forbearance, but will not suffer the least attempt to destroy the Government of the Union by any unlawful act, and will invoke sure and deliberate up to the proper authorities all traitors and their accomplices, aiders and abetors.

MARYLAND. Gov. Hicks, of Maryland, has sent a message to the Legislature in reply to instructions of a committee inquiring as to the character and relations established by the Executive of Maryland and the Federal Government since the commencement of the rebellion. He says he has informed the Legislature of all the correspondence relative to the same as he has deemed necessary to lay before that body; and that he did not suppose his veracity would be impugned as it is by an application for further explanations; and after saying that he has patiently borne, without remonstrance, the bitterly malignant spirit evinced against him by a majority of the House, he says a recantation he tells the House that they have, in anxiety to injure him, overstepped their duty. He then offers them an official examination of the Executive records, to ascertain if that the committee, if they find nothing against him, shall fully and distinctly acquit him before the people, to whom he has been falsely represented. Gov. Hicks has evidently been placed in a trying position, and even now, is surrounded with as precious a set of traitors as ever graced hemp. The negro-driving aristocracy of the State steel alone keeps the rebels of this State quiet, and so it will be until the last hope of the leaders of the rebellion sustaining themselves has perished.

SOMETHING WE CAN'T UNDERSTAND.—Henry May, who declared in favor of Senator Douglas, is said to be for the Union but opposed to the war. How a man can be for the Union and against putting down the rebellion which seeks to destroy the Union we can't exactly understand. Henry *May* but we cannot. Ensign Stebbings held a similar opinion to Mr. May in relation to the Maine liquor law. He was in favor of the law but opposed to its being executed.

THERE has been nothing received to render it at all probable that the steamer Brooklyn got aground near the mouth of the Mississippi, as rumored by the Southern papers. On the 12th she is reported to have cast off a pilot, and we are inclined to the belief that she is no less an ancy now at the time to the rebels than ten days ago.

COL. ANDERSON has received another promotion, and is now Brigadier General. It is probable he will not be again elevated till after he has concluded to assume command in some section of the country. I suppose quite apparent to those who are at a distance from him that he is not very *"eager for the fray."*

Intelligence has been received from Washington, that on Monday afternoon, Col. Stone was in quiet possession of Leesburg, which has been reported to be in the possession of the rebels. He also confirms the report that Major Everett's command at Seneca, had had a brush with the rebels, during which Capt. Shreve, of Virginia, and two men were killed. Maj. Everett drew water out of the level of the canal in front of his position, and used the towpaths for breastworks, which gave him a decided advantage. The rebels were driven on off. A large part of Col. Stone's command is at Rockville, Md., which is only across the river from Leesburg.

Gen. Patterson's forces are encamped at Hagerstown and Funkstown, three miles distant, and at several intervening points. Hagerstown is in Maryland, and about 25 miles from Harper's Ferry.

The evacuation of Harper's Ferry has, it is reported, led to the sudden change in the line of march of this column. A large number of wagons were hurriedly collected from the farms in that vicinity on last Saturday and Sunday, and a messenger who left there early yesterday morning, saw indications of an immediate departure.

A scouting party of the Sixty-ninth New York Regiment, on returning to camp yesterday afternoon, captured seven secession soldiers, one of whom was a Captain, on whom was found the plan of his regiment, and diagrams and details of plans for an attack at Arlington Heights.

Col. Young's Kentucky Regiment of cavalry will be mounted as fast as the companies report. Three or more are yet wanting to complete it. It will be commanded by Gen. Josiah Harlan as Colonel and Young as Lieut. Colonel.

Col. Robert Anderson has been promoted to a Brigadier-Generalship. W. S. Rosencrans has also been appointed a Brigadier-General.

Hon. John A. Gurley has been authorized to raise six regiments in Cincinnati.

Cars are running fourteen miles on the Alexandria and Leesburg Railroad. Otherwise a dispatch states that the route is expected to be open by to-morrow for Col. Patterson's division. The War Department has ordered the rebuilding of the Harper's Ferry road, and it is expected will be done in five days. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will be opened for through travel in a few weeks.

An advance upon Fairfax Court House is probable; sealed orders to the Sixteenth New York regiment and the Third Connecticut regiment indicate this.

A despatch to the *New York Tribune* says the President is in excellent good progress with his message, and will take the highest ground in favor of the Government. It will support every legitimate measure for the prosecution of the war, and will invoke the utmost vigor and finishing it by winter, if possible, and recommending a call for a half million of men, and an appropriation of two hundred millions.

Lowell Trotting Park, Monday, June 17th, Trot for a purse of $25, $15 to the first and $10 to the second best horse, mile heats, best three in five to harness.

H. S. Barker b. s. Willis Barker,	0	1	1		
H. F. Burgess b. s. Charley Bullock,	1	2	2		
J. B. Dargie b. s. Country Boy,	2	3	3		
Robert Wood b. s. Tom Thumb,	3	dis'd			
Time, 2.31 : 2.30 : 2.35.					

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Parted only from the cellar by an entry, is the kitchen, where the meats are cooked in all forms, and where which those French exercises especial care. We next pass to the pastry or pie-room, with its mammoth oven, which can be heated in twenty or thirty minutes after lighting, and to bake two batches of 150 pies each, or 300 in all. Three men are employed in this department.

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REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 28 Central to No. 97 Merrimack Street—head of Central. may21dtf

THE HORSE TROT YESTERDAY. There was a very fair attendance at the first horse-trot, given under the auspices of the Lowell Trotting Club, on the Agricultural Grounds, yesterday afternoon. Among those present were the Butler Rifles and the visiting company from East Cambridge. Four animals were entered for the purse, "Nellie Barker," by H. R. Barker; "Lucy Macbeth," by E. M. Sargent; "Country Boy," by J. H. Dargie, and "Major Anderson," by Dr. Robert Wood.

On the first heat Lady Macbeth won the pole. Just before they started Nellie Barker cast a shoe and could not contend on the first heat. Lady Macbeth won it in Country Boy coming second, and Major Anderson bringing up the rear. Nellie Barker having had her shoe fixed, entered for the second heat, and won it in 2.30. Macbeth coming second, Country Boy third and Major Anderson fourth, who was then withdrawn. The third heat was won by Nellie Barker, who distanced both her antagonists. The Lady was second and the Boy third. Nellie Barker was declared the first winner, Lady Macbeth second. The following is the summary:—

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E. M. Sargent b. m. Lady Macbeth,	2	1	2		
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DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.

☞ When the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of those diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, a medicine was required, of a mild and safe effectual, and the operation of which could in no way prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, as has been fully proved, in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it is nothing in common with the quack nostrums (composed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical) art. Experience has now proved, beyond a doubt, that Doctor M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills are for sale in Lowell by Messrs. Carter & Co., Druggists, and by druggists throughout the country. FLEMING BROS.

jn27 [47]y 4iw

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We have also new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & CURRIER'S AGENTS.

mar29dtf

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz. any of the through lines, Michigan Southern, Michigan Central, Illinois Central, Great Western, Northern Indiana, and all points on Grand Trunk Railway.

E. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Corner.

may11 6m

FISHER & LUND SEWING MACHINES. We are receiving orders daily for the above machine, this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan30dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	B. S. Hildreth,
E. Wyman,	B. F. Wadsworth,
L. G. Hows,	Edward Tuck,
	E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment, and no note required. Premium for five years, one half cash, the other half in cash or note, payable in three years. Deposit notes to the amount of $112,875.75, on which the cash premium is received and invested. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated. A Dividend of 40 per cent. has been declared on the cash premium of the Company with a substantial cash surplus.

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Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly jy19[47]

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It burns up clean,
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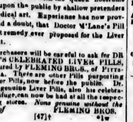
It burns in less quantity,
It gives more heat,
Than any other free burning coal. And the HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, is one of our agents, J. HOWARD, 51 Central St.

mar16dtf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

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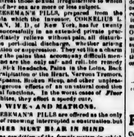

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Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

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DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Liver and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula; Dyspepsia, Indigestion; Sick Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Jaundice; Costiveness; Loss of Appetite; Female Complaints, and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to operate in unison with nature in relieving her of the most difficult Spring and Summer diseases that can be cured. Everybody needs this medicine, and should have it. Be sure and get Langley's Root and Herb Bitters. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Price $1. Large size, cheaper.

DR. C. I. CHEESEMAN, Proprietor,
No. 12 Spruce Street, New York.

J. C. ABBOTT, President.
ARTHUR TAPPAN, Secretary.
GEO. W. LYMAN,
GEO. C. RICHARDS,
GEO. P. UPHAM,
NATHAN A. TUFTS, } Trustees.

jn27 4iw

Mowing Machines.

THE undersigned has received the different patterns of Mowing Machines, viz. Ketchum's, Dey States, Manny's, Wood's, Ohio, and Hussey's. The three have the Patent Finger Floating Sickle, and the Ketchum has the Patent Side, Tallow Hook Attachment. Thorough-bred, Cherry Bay and Morgan Horses for sale. Horses boarded, and others recently added, all at skillfully combined as to operate in unison with nature in relieving her of the most difficult Spring and Summer diseases that can be cured. Everybody needs this medicine, and should have it. Be sure and get Langley's Root and Herb Bitters. Sold by druggists everywhere.

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GEO. P. UPHAM,
NATHAN A. TUFTS, } Trustees.

jn27 4iw

Sailors.

THE HALIFAX BANKING AND INSURANCE DISTRICTS is particularly deserving of the attention of Masters, Mates, Seamen, Ship Owners, Ship Builders, and Ship Carpenters. This specific removes those intolerable diseases of the skin, Scurvy, Boils, Blotches, &c. &c. &c. Sold by all Druggists in Medicines.

Sold by all Druggists in Medicines.

Sold by all Druggists in Medicines.

H.S. HAYNES,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britania Ware,

Tea Kettles, Stoves, Coal Hods, Shovels and Tongs, Fenders, Side Irons, Hand and Hand Lamps, Kerosene, Side, Hanging and Mantle Lamps.

Together with a full assortment of every description for Lighting Purposes.

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE OIL of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, bringing to bear their careful attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing to the best advantage on a term will insure to them always the benefit of our services.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promising me a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully solicit a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,

45 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

may16

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, by Congestion of the Brain, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for all these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientists and medical men, and while many experiments have been made and much labor extended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make the grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that as the planet moves in her orbit around the sun, all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is governed by certain causes which remove or destroy, and death, the natural effect of the cause.

Having discovered the cause of consumption, we show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large per portion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, as iron, causes it to oxidize.

Therefore iron being incompatible, we have now the situation as to the remedy for consumption of the near.

The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the blood, the corpuscles of the blood empty steel into, which oxidize, is in fact with the oxygen in the air we breathe, and hence the power which expels the blood and air it is thus forming the cause of consumption. Hence, we say the causes of Consumption, Hemorrhages, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, Fever and Ague, &c., is a deficiency of the red corpuscles containing the iron, sulphur and phosphorous which causes a deficiency of electricity, and consequently an abnormal circulation. The blood circulates through solids and bronchial complaints ensue—the sufferer becomes nervous, and subject to chronic pains and neuralgia—complaints of the liver and kidneys set in, in short, every form and type of disease but virulent fevers may be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles or red globules.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we have discovered the elixir of life, we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Is suffering from this fatal disease? Unfortunate, who have by excess of the body or mind, reduced the standard of the blood and diminished the red globules! Debilitated sufferers! Any of the diseases of the female complaints, be persuaded the "blood food" will cure you, and it will in the most desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Do not neglect this, but use the remedy at once. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy, and

Is absolutely pure, carrying out and fully proving the theory of its discoverer, and no person will be disappointed in interested party on receipt of two 3 cent stamps, can obtain it on trial of all druggists, or where it cannot be had, it will be sent by express, prepaid, on receipt of single bottle $1.00. It is put up in 8-oz. vials, in yellow wrapper—the directions are printed in the red wrappers having been done away with—and bears for its simile stamp, Dr. Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits—see no imitation.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,

No. 4 Broadway NEW YORK.

O. C. GOODWIN & CO., 36 Hanover Street, Boston & POTTER, and FEED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents for New England. 1 tons. 3, Astor House, N. Y. French, E. A. stationer, 2 D. H. Hall, & Co., 11 Cornhill, Boston.

may18 1y

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following, emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been politely given by the low-leg practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in our advertisement; but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade to this extract as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufactures, in great variety and at moderate prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"The Undersigned, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, beg to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in the individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation adjustment, or of time keeping and correct results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steele & Co.,	Hartford,	Conn.
Hemingway & Stevens,	"	"
Wm. Rogers & Son,	"	"
J. C. Blackman,	Bridgeport,	New Haven, "
George Brown,	"	"
Wm. Hendrick,	"	"
C. J. Munson,	"	"
John B. Ford,	"	New London,"
John Gordon,	"	Waterbury, "
James R. Ayres,	"	Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford,	"	"
H. D. Hall,	"	Middletown, "
John L. Smith,	"	"
John Barton,	Lynn,	Mass
Currier & Trull,	Boston,	"
J. V. Kettell,	"	"
John McGregor,	Lawrence,	"
Andrew Warren,	N. Bedford,	"
S. Childs,	"	"
E. D. Tisdale,	Taunton,	"
Albert Pitts,	"	"
Ellis Gifford,	Fall River,	"
Wm. Hathaway,	"	"
J. J. Burns,	Gloucester,	"
Jesse Smith,	Salem,	"
S. N. Story,	Worcester,	"
Levi Johnson,	"	"
W. M. Lamb,	"	"
N. Moody,	Greenfield,	"
W. Kirkham, Jr.	Springfield,	"
W. M. Root,	Pittsfield,	"
John B. Scott,	"	"
Benj'n E. Cook,	N'thampton	"
Charles W. Fogg,	Waltham,	"
Andrew Warren,	"	"
Amos Sanborn,	Lowell,	"
D. D. Anthony & Co.	"	"
Peleg Arnold,	Providence,	R.I.
L. R. Henderson,	E. Greenwich,	"
George W. Drew & Co.	Concord,	N. H.
N. O. Carr,	"	"
Elijah Knight,	"	"
Charles B. Bacon,	Dover,	"
Henry H. Ham	Portsmouth	"
Robert N. Bodge,	"	"
Wm. B. Moore,	Exeter,	"
W. O. C. Woodbury,	Claremont,	"
Reuben Spencer,	"	"
Richard Gove,	Laconia,	"
Jonathan Hosmer,	Nashua,	"
W. Goddard & Son,	"	"
Chas. T. Ridgway,	"	"
L. B. Gay,	"	"
Sherburne Shaw,	Sanborton Bridge	"
B. J. Meillish,	Hanover,	"
F. Hodgman & Co.	Littleton,	"
C. H. Hastin gton,	St. Albans,	Vt.
C. H. Harding,	Bradford,	"
T. C. Pinney,	Montpelier,	"
A. A. Mead,	"	"
J. C. Hooper,	Northfield,	"
J. H. Murdock,	Woodstock,	"
C. C. Childs,	St. Johnsbury,	"
Brimmer & Hildreth,	Brandon,	"
C. W. Wingate,	"	"
Thompson & Ranger,	Brattleboro',	"
Foster Grow,	Townsend,	"
W. K. Wallace,	Newbury,	"
Wm. Rogers,	Bellows Falls,	"
C. R. Kimball,	Vergennes,	"
Freeman H. Hardison,	South Norwich	Me
Henry McKenney,	Auburn,	"
John T. Howland,	Bath,	"
Tompkins & Morris,	Bangor,	"
C. C. Williams,	"	"
G. S. & L. Rogers,	Gardiner,	"
Twombly & Smith,	Saco,	"
Moses N. Swan,	Augusta,	"
G. Hall,	Lewiston,	"
James Emery,	Bucksport,	"
Simeon Blood,	Rockland,	"
D. E. Lucy,	Houlton,	"
John B. Adams,	Winthrop,	"

CAUTION—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that the only mark in the watch produced which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, signed by our Treasurer, is the watch, and signed by our Treasurer, R. R. Robbins, and by our practitioners, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

For the American Watch Co.

ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents

158 Washington St., Boston

ap25 1mo

BENT & BUSH'S

SPRING STYLE, 1861,

"Patent Elastic Cashion"

HATS

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE

They would call particular attention to

THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"

Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by our article yet introduced for

YOUNG MEN.

N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the "PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."

FOR SALE BY

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

mar2 1:0 Central Street, Lowell.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

1000 Bush. Extra SEED OATS;
200 bush. " BARLEY.
" BUCKWHEAT.

Also, a fresh supply of FEED, MEDICINES and MILLING; for sale at the lowest CASH prices, at

141 Market street.

New York Oysters.

NEW YORK OYSTERS received every week by Express from New York, at the MERRIMACK SALOON. These Oysters are much superior to the Oysters direct from Virginia.

j-5

HATS.

BRAZER, at the CO OPE RAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well known manufactory of Dunlap & Co.

The exact leather of the Hat is so adjusted as to admit a circulation of air between the inner lining of the Hat, according to the size of the Felt Hat, which the wearer will find to be both cool and easy to the head.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and warranted to fit. Also, a full and fashionable assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

Atwood Central and Market sts.

mar27

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of carpet, consisting of Ingrain, Three-Ply, Venetian, Hemp, Cottage, Rag and Rubber "PITTSBURG"—the best kind in the market for Hotels, Boarding houses, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack street.

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. HOWARD, No. 23 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. may20

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,	Court Dockets,
Pamphlets,	By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Law Blanks,	Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Addresses,	Printing from
Catalogues,	Mammoth Posters, &c.
Programmes,	

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

Among the many reasons why this Company do serve patronage are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses assets of $1,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fir t Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, and its surplus profits will be almost loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

The dividends are declared in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually from the profits, and the whole of the profits are divided to the Life Insured policies, which may be paid in cash, or credited in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent., or applied to the purchase of additional insurance to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are made to add the insured to settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive Dividends in Cash, or have it deducted; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; by this number it will be seen that the persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance and Mutual Benefit Societies are founded, and therefore perceive it to be important that those persons contemplating Life Insurance connect their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all premiums paid during the year 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

H. S. HAYNES,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets,

mar7

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one who has observed the operation of the Soothing Syrup, that it gives rest and health to the child, and comfort to the mother. By giving timely relief and health to your infants, you will be blessed. Millions can testify to the truth of this statement. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest, health and comfort to your children, and relief and blessings will attend you. Be sure and call for

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula known to but few physicians, and used by them in their private practice with remarkable success during several years' practice, as the only safe, certain and reliable preparation ever known for infantile complaints, and one trial alone will convince the most skeptical of its truly wonderful properties of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And as the parent or nurse is aware, no article of medicine known are passed by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found to relieve at once all pain, Relieving Inflammation, and Relieving all Pain, Griping in the Bowels, Wind Colic, and Cures Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Sick Stomach, Sick Headache, Fever of the Stomach, Worms, Colic, and Cold in the Head, &c. Nothing can be found to equal it in relieving the little sufferer in every case when given in time. It will invariably regulate the stomach and bowels, and by so doing

In Convulsions,

from which many infants die, infants are safe in their hands. Those who have used it will never be without it. Those who have not used it, will find it the best article in the world. Remember, it is perfectly harmless, and contains no opium or anything that will injure the most delicate infant. Be sure and call for

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,

No. 4 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial offices in this city. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,

No. 4 Broadway, N.Y.

And sold by them, and by all respectable Druggists

mar7 1y

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. 100 lbs. each Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,

mar27 43 Market street.

Kidder's Lirocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Tin, Zinc, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found effectual, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how ever soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new in equal time never been discovered for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, State. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

may19

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, Bear, Wolf and Sheep Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., for sale at the lowest cash prices, at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

RUBBER SLATS!—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for one more pure. Also, Rubber Slate Pencils. Rubber Stamps. Gold and Silver Steel Brimmer Wire Ac—Price articles for invisible. It will no "burst" forced cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered for the above uses. Prepared only by KIDDER, Jr., apothecary.

may20 corner Merrimack and John sts.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

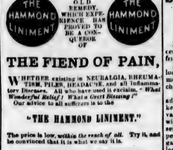
will do well to purchase at 37 MERRIMACK STREET, a Silver Steel Brimmer Wire &c.—Price articles for invisible. It will no "burst" forced cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered for the above uses. Prepared only by KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary.

may20 corner Merrimack and John sts.

NEW STORE of Stoves & Patent Knife Polishing Machines. Sole agent for Lowell,

5 & 9 NORTH 1st Central street.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Disorders, ALL will disappear before the "Wonderful Relief." What a Great Blessing!"

Our written testimonials will satisfy us to this!

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell: CLARK & SHERBURNE, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; B. F. E. ROBBINS & CO., Concord, and all retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 16, 1861 feb18tf

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,418,656 30
Dividends paid to date, 1,566,000 00
Losses paid, 2,441,905 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any stockholders' interest. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company do serve patronage are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses assets of $1,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fir t Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, and its surplus profits will be almost loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

The dividends are declared in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually from the profits, and the whole of the profits are divided to the Life Insured policies, which may be paid in cash, or credited in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent., or applied to the purchase of additional insurance to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are made to add the insured to settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive Dividends in Cash, or have it deducted; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; by this number it will be seen that the persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance and Mutual Benefit Societies are founded, and therefore perceive it to be important that those persons contemplating Life Insurance connect their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all premiums paid during the year 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

H. S. HAYNES,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets,

mar7

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

29 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to have a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames only.

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Cheap and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Frames for them attended to.

Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.

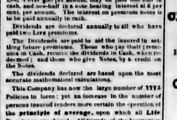
A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!



WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are found to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Mr B has also a superior article of Dum Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or split at short notice.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens, and all other kinds just received at

BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jan28 1y

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Parasol and Umbrella Trimming, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLA E TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

P Y H E
O A R
T M E
H A L
E T O
A O R
T R E
E D

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, Cotton Seed Meal, Hay, Straw, &c.

No. 43 Market Street, by

H. WOOD.

mar28

FOR THE OMPLEXION—Pyrene's Preparation Lyon's Wash. Orange Flower Lotion, Parisian Rouge, Lily White and Yellow Powder, Fine Puff, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, Cotton Seed Meal, Hay, Straw, &c. Also, a fine assortment of Combs, for sale at KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

may20

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Bakehouse, No. 37 Merrimack street.

may20

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements by other parties.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew a little more than half as much thread or silk as the Machines that make the chain stitch.

Fact No. 3.—Their Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing-machine, to sewing in the seam, to the frequent changes and rolls of endless quantity of work, from end to end, as can be seen by examining the Machine.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully sustain the above self-evident facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New-York State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Mechanics' Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premia for the same, each succeeding year.

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The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Sewing Machines, and are prepared to supply with all necessary appendages, including the best instruction book ever published, by the Agent. Please call and examine them.

Office of the Lowell Agency, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Lawrence Block Merrimack Street.

January 2, 1861 jan2 3m

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and fashionable patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

45 Merrimack Street,

mh16 (Near the Post Office.

WHITE'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Stood Nowa in the Healing Millions.

This Golden Salve has now a verdict of honor from the whole country of those who have used it, and the verdict is unanimous in its favor.

In such a machine best adopted for family use, and of ease adapted to both use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For such no beauty for our Family Machine, we recommend one larger size.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machine, wherever used, will fully sustain the above self-evident facts.

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THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest standing, Clergymen of all denominations, and persons in all classes of society, have given their testimony in favor of the virtues of

DR. MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown and startling to the world, and proving electrical after all others have failed, is the great blessing for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing in the world for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in a manner of astonishment from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstruction, if taken just before each monthly period, and is the friend of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $2 per bottle.

If Remittances are made, the Medicine is forwarded expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, on which all other remedies of the kind have been found useless; as that is unwarranted as represented in every instance, or the money will be refunded. Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased of Dr. Mattison, or at his office Prepared and sealed by DR. MATTISON'S INSTITUTION FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 29 Union street Front street, Troy, N. Y.

If This Specialty embraces all diseases of a CHRONIC character, and DR. MATTISON, as a regularly educated physician of twenty years' standing, giving his whole attention to the cure of patients from abroad visiting his establishment, with good care and skill restored to health.

A FAMILIAR PRESENT TO A MAN GOING TO CALIFORNIA.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes pain in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lazy; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with heat of the skin; a dizziness in the eyes. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes a symptom of the liver complaint, also of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, in cases of Ague and Fever, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a fair trial.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from other than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and not leave out the name of Pittsburgh, Pa., as there are other places of the name of Pittsburgh. To those ordering from Fleming Bros., we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States; one box of Pills for 25 cents, postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen three-cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

Sold by all responsible Druggists, and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets

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THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

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THE DAILY COURIER.
Wednesday, June 19, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

Reported battle in Missouri. A dispatch to the St. *Louis Democrat* from Jefferson City says a citizen has just arrived there on a skiff from six miles below Booneville, brings the news that Gen. Lyon had attacked and completely routed the State forces there, killing 300 and taking 500 prisoners. Gen. Price, commander of the rebel forces, was mortally wounded. The federal troops lost 17. Full confidence is not placed in this report.

A second dispatch from Jefferson City says it is reported by two reliable persons from Booneville, that a fight had taken place between a portion of the Federal and State troops, and that 300 of the latter were killed and a number taken prisoners.—One report says 17, and another 29 of the Federal troops were killed. Gen. Lyon pursued and the State forces were routed.

It is reported from Independence that in an engagement near that place last Monday, Capt. Dunlap, chief of the rebels, and who recently resigned from the regular army, was accidentally killed, together with 14 of his own men in the fire on the regular troops. He had shot seven pieces of cannon in sight, and fired a few rounds. But one shot was fired by our troops, as they were not prepared to meet so large a body.

Col. Bernstein is continually sending scouting parties into the country surrounding Jefferson City. One party has just arrived bringing a large amount of powder from Gov. Jackson's secret deposits in the interior. The rebels and traitors in Boone, Holloway and Howard Counties are fleeing, and the Union Home Guards are beginning to be organized.

The Vienna Affair. The following are the main facts of this affair, of which we had a telegraphic dispatch yesterday. A detachment from the Eighth Ohio Regiment left Alexandria for Vienna, fifteen miles distant, on Monday afternoon, in a train of cars. Companies left the train at way stations to act as pickets, and the detachment had been reduced to 275 men, when it reached Vienna. Gen. Schenck, who accompanied the expedition in his official report states that on turning the train very slowly, within one quarter of a mile of Vienna, we were fired upon by raking musket batteries of, he thinks, three guns, with shells, round shot and grape, killing and wounding the men on the platform and in the cars before the train could be stopped. When the train was stopped, the engine could not, on account of damage to some part of the machinery, draw the train out of the fire, the engine being in the rear. We left the cars, and retired to the right and left of the town through the woods. We attacked, and soon routed about 1,500 South Carolina rebels. Six Federal troops are reported to be killed, six wounded and nine missing. Three of the enemy are reported killed. General Schenck continues, the engineer, when the man left the cars, instead of retiring slowly, as I ordered, detached his engine with one passenger car (one of the rear of the disabled train, and run to Alexandria, and we heard nothing of him since. Thus we were deprived of a rallying point and of all means for conveying the wounded, who had to be carried on litters and in blankets. We wait here holding the road for reinforcements. The enemy did not pursue. The First and Second Connecticut Regiments were sent to the aid of the Ohio Regiment, but when within four miles of Vienna met the latter on their way back. One of those killed was John Ellsworth, C. E. was connected with the Cleveland press.—Another movement was made upon Vienna yesterday, when the rebels fell back. Four or five rebel regiments are reported at Fairfax. About 5000 Federal troops were in the vicinity.

Masters at Manassas Junction. It has been ascertained that there are about 23,-000 troops at Manassas Junction in a condition bordering on starvation. The rebels pressed everything into service that could in any way be useful, and persons objecting had their property confiscated and were compelled to flee. Jeff. Davis was at Manassas Junction Monday.

Maryland. Gov. Hicks sent another tart message to the Maryland Legislature yesterday in response to an order of the House asking if certain arms that had been shipped by the Adjutant General and were seized by General Butler, was by his knowledge and consent. The Governor says the inquiry is impertinent, and refers the House to General Butler and the Adjutant General.

From Cairo. A person from Mobile and Memphis states that the number of rebel troops encamped between Memphis and Cairo is 22,000. They are well armed and have a large number of Dahlgreen guns.—At Mobile there are 100,000 Belgian muskets which had not been unpacked when he left. The rebels were eager to march on Cairo or anywhere else where they can fight the Federal troops, who they think they can easily whip.

From Fortress Monroe. Three hundred Zouaves, under Lieut. Col. Warren were sent out Sunday to reconnoitre in the vicinity of Big Bethel and Yorktown.

Lieut. Butler and others proceeded to Big Bethel Monday with a flag of truce, for the body of Major Winthrop. There is every evidence of a forward movement.—Gen. Butler has infused great energy into every department.

The rebels have increased their battery, and have an additional force of two thousand men from North Carolina and Louisiana, and make their stand at Yorktown. They seem to express fear that Gen. Butler may give them battle in the open field.—They prefer fighting behind earthworks.—They express great admiration of the Zouaves, and of Major Winthrop, whom they declare were the only brave men of the Union forces on the field.

General Pierce has called for a Court of Inquiry.

Gov. Robinson, of Kansas, has issued a proclamation declaring that Missouri has declared war upon the Federal Government, and that Kansas is liable to invasion. He calls upon all good citizens to organize military companies.

Professor Lowe made a successful balloon ascension at Washington yesterday. By a wire connected with the President's house he sent a communication to the President and received a reply.

A Washington dispatch to the *New York Tribune* says that preparations for an advance on Richmond seem to be going on steadily.

The concentration of troops in and about Washington continues, and army officers are confident that the grand movement of the campaign will be made within a fortnight.

A Washington dispatch to the *New York Herald* says that a boat coming four kegs of powder was taken near Long Bridge, on Monday. It is supposed that it was their intention to blow up the bridge after dark.

A trap has been set in the woods between Fairfax Court House and Alexandria. It appears that a number of small batteries have been erected. The purpose of the rebels is to make a feigned attack on Alexandria, draw out the national troops, and lead them into ambush, and there slaughter them. A number of Indians are to be said in this noble scheme. [This is very nonsensical.]

W. H. Craven, of Loudon County, Va., has been arrested and placed in jail for rebels, and who recently resigned from the regular army, was accidentally killed, together with 14 of his own men in the fire on the regular troops. He had shot seven pieces of cannon in sight, and fired a few rounds. But one shot was fired by our troops, as they were not prepared to meet so large a body.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

A reported battle near Boonville, Missouri, is true. Gen. Lyon began by opening a heavy cannonade against the rebels, who retreated into an adjoining wood, where they opened a brisk fire upon our troops, which induced Lyon to order a hasty retreat, when the rebels rallied and followed the troops into an adjoining wheat field.

Gen. Lyon halted, turned, brought the force of his artillery to bear, and opened a murderous fire on the rebels. Three hundred were killed. The balance fled in all directions, leaving their arms on the field.

Gov. Jackson viewed the battle, but fled after his defeat.

FROM THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

BALTIMORE, June 18, 1861.

MR. EDITOR: Nothing of any note has transpired near us within a few days, except the evacuation of Harper's Ferry, and indeed we can hardly believe that the report of the evacuation is wholly true; for if the rebels make no stand at *that* place, where they have had two months to fortify themselves, where, I ask, will they make a stand! Their force has been variously stated at from ten to twenty thousand; but whether it is either of the numbers, or half of either, it shows another "dread Secret, easy," to say the least. It is the opinion of some, that they intend to fall back upon Manassas Junction, and there meet the Federal forces, and fight for the name of victory. This may be the only thing they can do at present; for if the Federal force had got possession of Manassas Junction, Harper's Ferry would be found in the rear of the Government. But let me prophesy that there will be no battle at Manassas, for South will set the same trap for them at that place that some no near capturing them at Harper's Ferry.

It is rumored here that the entire forces at Washington are under marching orders, and if that be so, you may look out for a demonstration in some direction without delay.

The Boston Light Artillery, which has been stationed at this point, left this morning. Their destination I have not learned, but hear that Baltimore has been put under martial law, and that they have gone to that place.

The Sixth Regiment visited Baltimore last Thursday, to see that no riotous demonstrations were made on election day, and I am glad to say that nothing occurred to call for our interference. We have been in Baltimore a week to-day, and I think I have gained the name of the "Baltimore Guard."

We were accompanied by the artillery company, which, by the way, is a most efficient body of men, and we are sorry to have them leave, for an almost brotherly feeling exists between them and our "boys;" but such is life, especially in times like these.

We were the recipients of a parcel of letter-paper and envelops this morning, from the Belvidere ladies, and it was a very desirable present, it being what we were much in need of. The Sixth will remember all such presents, and will testify their gratitude to the donors by doing their duty at all times.

We are very much gratified to have another Massachusetts man appointed to the Major-Generalship in this department, and more so to have our own Governor Andrew, Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, have been expecting him up to see us, but as yet he has not made his appearance; but when he does come, he will meet with a very cordial reception.

The Adjutant's call is sounding for us to fall in, to attend divine services, and I must bid you adieu.

SENTINEL.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT IN BALTIMORE AGAIN. It appears that the hasty leave of the Sixth Regiment last week, was that it might be returned to Baltimore, should serious trouble having been anticipated. The following extract of a letter which we find in the *Boston Transcript* of last evening, gives a brief description of their experience and behavior in the "Monumental City" on the occasion of their visit.—The Baltimore rebels know that the consequences would be fatal if they should be again interfered with. But to the letter:—

The train which was to convey us to Baltimore on Sunday last, was divided into three trains, but they did not have cars enough for them, and the remaining four and other, the train intended for us came up, and in twenty minutes our whole battery, with horses and all, were on board the cars, officers and men all taking hold and helping each other. We were soon stopped within half a mile of the city, and were in a hill with the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment in front of us. We were then ordered drum corps of twenty drums, soon after and the Fifth Rhode Island, numbering 1250 strong. They joined us on the hill, where we waited until six o'clock, our whole force amounting to about 3000 men, when came that the Union candidate was defeated.—Then we fell in line, with half of the Sixth in advance for our right flank, and the remainder in our rear for our left. The order was then, "Forward, double quick march!" and away we went on a dead run into the city, the Fifth Street, where our soldiers were fired upon on the 19th of April last, the same that were with us. The New York Thirteenth remained on the hill as a reserve. We were all under command of Col. Cowdin. Gen. Banks has left Fort McHenry, waiting for the mob to fire on the Massachusetts boys again.

We rushed through the streets at full gallop, with the guns drawn in our front in case of war at double quick time. We went through the manœuvres of street firing and marching in column, firing down cross streets, advancing, firing again, and again charging bayonets, for the entire length of Fifth and East Baltimore Streets, and it was all done by us on the gallop, and by the inhabitants on the run. Such an exciting scene I never saw before. The people were silent, and many were much frightened; some of the women fainted, thinking we were intending to attack the city.

About dark we returned to the hill, and bivouacked for the night, and at 8 o'clock the next morning returned to our old quarters at the Relay House, feeling much better for our trip, and leaving more Union men in Baltimore than we found there, I think.

THE RED, WHITE AND BLUE.

BY JOHN S. KEEP.

O, decree then life is the badge that I wear,
With the star knit of gold from my lady-love's hair;
The white is for purity, the red for valor,
The azure, the firmament, gold, love's color.

When the bullets of our rulings rolled out their shower,
And the drums beat the music that called us to arms,
We marched with our colors beside the tall grass,
While the said in a voice that was clear as a lark's:

(In silver trimmed and in quiver of fame.)
"I give you to God and to Liberty, dear!
In the pride of your years, in the strength of your youth,
Be true!"

My heart gives you up to do battle for truth."

To test her, I said, "When I go to my grave,
I'll rather by sainted, than have you a slave."
Leave courage for me, but for women see forth
The duty of prayers, and the meekness of heart.

"True love never ceases, with an tranquil a pride,
To speak to its object:" she clung by my side,
All patriotic blood in her love-inspired face—
"True love, O, my life!" cannot cling hands with a slave.

"Our star-spangled flag shall not trail in the dust;
Live for me? Yes: can—die for it first, I must!
God must see in a widow's prayers I am with,
If I pitch not your banner an more than your life."

Her lightnings leaped forth, I took from her hand
Her gift; the proud glow faded out of her face,
"Excuse me, my dear, if your love's so divine
That it climbs quite beyond the dimensions of mine.

"I'm your girl, many maids! in them as your maid;
I have not the stature which more may to me taste,
In a different shape." Oh! her accent, her scripture,
And her voice was as sweet as the sound of a lute!

And after the lightnings flashed, terrorize of rain,
And her voice was as sweet as the sound of a lute!
Ah, me!

"Good-by," she cried, "may the Father above
Cast you out from this presence as I do from my love!
May the hate of your foes, and the wrath of your God
Or heaven chain the soul of so craven a slave!

Faint to Freedom's cause!" I caught the brave words from her lips,
And I kissed the red cross into sudden eclipse.

"Nay, listen, dear love, to my plea," I replied,
"And upon the red cross let the white cross abide;
May God deal by me, as in purpose and deed
By my country I feel is the color we need!

"But the mouth that touched mine just a moment ago,
Those lilies, and kisses, those roses and snow!
Those eyes, raped like stars, that my kisses have
Are the red, white and blue in the shape I love best.

O, decree that my life is the badge that I wear,
With its stars knit of gold from my lady-love's hair!
No traitor shall gather my re-colored cross
Except thro' my heart—the red suit where it grows.

God bless my dear country, and bless my dear love,
From the grandly brave, valiant that blushes her soul,
To the lily-white soul that is shrined in her face,
The lips, hands and eyes of the woman I love!

CITY AND VICINITY.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA M'BRILLS has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 27 Central Street—head of Central Court.
May 31, 1861. 1m

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE BAGGAGE WAGONS. The chief local feature for the past twenty-four hours has been the arrival and departure of the baggage wagons of the Second New Hampshire Regiment. They left Concord on Monday and Manchester yesterday morning, arriving here last evening. They are substantial looking vehicles, manufactured by Messrs. Abbott, carriage builders, of Concord, from the rough timber, in six days. They number twenty-two besides a hospital tent. They contained 163 tents, pickaxes and other utensils, designed for service, and were drawn by 90 horses, driven by twenty-seven men.

The wagons were deposited last night in the yard of the Locks and Canals Company. A large number of persons visited the yard last evening and this morning to view them. The men accompanying the wagons engaged at the Eagle and Mechanics' Hotel, and the horses were put up at the following places:—54 at John Hadley's, 24 at Clark Clapp's, and 14 at Robert Wood's. The horses, like the wagons, look as if they would do good service; they cost about $100 each.

The drivers started up for Boston about half past eight this morning, where they will arrive to-night. Thence they go to New York by rail, at which place the manner of forwarding them to the seat of war will be decided upon. The Regiment may congratulate itself on being well provided with means of transportation.

CAMPING OUT. Our friends of Centreville possess a means of defence in the shape of a "Home Guard," composed of members of the Tarbum School. What the company lacks in numbers it makes up in zeal. The young soldiers, believing they might as well become used to camp life first as last, having got their tents and other things together, encamped on Monday evening, and camped out on the banks of the Merrimack river, about a mile below "Indian Orchard." All the necessary arrangements for the encampment were made, such as placing a picket guard, &c., but we are happy to say the company were not disturbed during the night. We might add, by the by, however, that in some instances, maternal care kept the youthful patriots from the "tented field," and some who had anticipated much pleasure in the camp, were constrained to rest their limbs on feather beds and mattresses under hospitable roofs; while others, who had not received parental license, were subjected, on returning home the next morning, to discipline not laid down in Hardee.

DIVIDEND. The Appleton Manufacturing Company, of this city, have declared a dividend of four per cent. for the year, payable June 25th, to holders of stock June 15th. As the capital of this company is $600,000, the dividend amounts to $24,000.

"DOWN ON THE PAPERS." We understand that we have one good old citizen in this city who has got to out of patience with the Boston daily papers, because they occasionally tell such *confounded* (in more ways than one) stories about the war, that he won't have one left at his house!

BUTLER RIFLES. This company, accompanied by the Lowell Brigade Band, went on an excursion to Lawrence yesterday where they were received and entertained by the Light Guard Corps, the company that visited our city last week. They returned last evening very much pleased with their visit. We never heard the Band play better than when they passed our office last evening.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE. In the Supreme Court at Concord, yesterday, Sullivan Haynes, Esq., was, on motion of Hon. A. P. Bonney, admitted to practice as an attorney and counsellor at law in all the courts in this Commonwealth.

THE SECOND EXHIBITION. The second exhibition of the season by the Horticultural Society takes place on Wednesday afternoon and evening of next week. It will be magnificent, and flowers will be unusually large and brilliant.

LOWELL BOY AFTER JEFF. DAVIS' RELATIVES. George C. Richardson, a young man of this city, is captain's clerk on board of the brig Ferry, that captured the privateer Savannah last month off Charleston harbor. He is the son of Mr. Thomas L. Richardson, an overseer on the Lawrence Corporation, and left this city for some position in the service, on the breaking out of the rebellion.

APPOINTMENT. Hosmer Hosford, Esq., one of our Aldermen, has been duly commissioned by Gov. Andrew as a Justice of the Peace.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, a young woman named Mary B. Thomas was arraigned for larceny of money from another woman. She was found guilty, and sent to the common jail for two months.

Daniel Gleason, having earned the title of common drunkard, was ticketed to the House of Correction for three months.

ACCIDENT IN BILLERICA. On Sunday afternoon, 9th inst., as Mrs. C. S. Brown of the west part of the town, was leaving the Billerica Union Church with her daughter, after they had attended church, an accident occurred by which the former had one of her legs very badly broken, between the knee and ankle. The carriage was driven across the road to turn the water, the pitch of the wagon was so sudden and so great that the pin which holds the forward part of the wagon to the plate in the rear of the wagon dropped to the ground, throwing Mrs. Brown with great violence from the carriage into the road. The bone was being driven at a speed which both ladies were seated on the back seat of the wagon—it being double seated—which probably had something to do with the accident, although the place in the road is represented as somewhat unfinished and rough. Dr. Howard and Bickford attended Mrs. Brown, who, we learn is improving as fast as could be expected.

THE WHEELING CONVENTION. A resolution offered yesterday to arrest suspicious persons in time of war, was ordered to be printed. A resolution that one of the leading objects of the Convention is the separation of Western from Eastern Virginia, was laid on the table. Resolutions of respect to the memory of Mr. Douglas, were adopted.

THE mission of the rebels seems to be to destroy; that of the Federal forces to restore.

THE first day the cars run on the new city railroad in New Orleans, they killed a negro boy, brushed a white man's foot, and broke a mule's leg, and ran off the track several times.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.

GF When the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of those diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and the operation of which could in no case prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, and has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always bearing in mind that every instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved, beyond a doubt, that Doctor M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

GF These pills will be carefully put up for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills are the only ones prepared under the immediate supervision of Fleming Bros. Owing to the limited time the subscribers have been in this city, they have not had an opportunity of ascertaining who are the most proper to be appointed agents, but they assure the public that no pains will be spared in the selection of the right kind of agents, and all others, that are equal to any that can be had in the United States.

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a simple Pimple to the worst forms; Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Impurities of the Blood; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, containing no mineral or dangerous poison, but extract the opposite, promote digestion, give strength, and restore the patient to health in a manner that no other can do. Everybody needs this medicine, at this season of the year. Prepared and sold at wholesale and retail by DR. LANGLEY, Proprietor, No. 120 Hanover Street, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists everywhere. 1m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
In the World.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. THIS DYE IMPARTS NATURAL HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without injury to the hair or skin. Sold by all Druggists.

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Sold by all the principal Hairdressers of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Factory No. 16 Bond Street, corner of Broadway, New York.
may31 1y

FIDELE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DeLa is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5dif

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
C. S. Cutter, D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith, E. Hockey, Jr. Geo. Faxon,
L. G. Brown, Jos. Bancroft, Thos. Hill,
Leonard Spaulding, T. F. Sherman,
Moses Stuart.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Furniture risks. No assessments are to be made on the Mutual Policies, except in case of loss, and then only to the amount of $115,979.52. The attention of owners of property is called to the following circumstances, peculiarly favorable. A Dividend is paid on policies when they expire, if the Co. has a Cash Capital with a contingent fund sufficient.

The Cash Capital is made up of the cash assets not required for losses. Premium notes bearing interest and other property not hazardous insured at current rates, and when equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1860. ly

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns less quantity,
It costs less money,
It is more clean in burning coal. And the RESULTS can be brought only by
jy17 3m E. HARRIS & CO.

FIRE AT WEST MILTON, N. H. The store of G. W. Goodwin and shoe manufactory of John Colbath, with their contents, and the dwelling house of C. H. Goodwin, were consumed by fire on Sunday morning, 16th inst. Loss about about $6500.

THE WHEELING CONVENTION. A resolution offered yesterday to arrest suspicious persons in time of war, was ordered to be printed. A resolution that one of the leading objects of the Convention is the separation of Western from Eastern Virginia, was laid on the table. Resolutions of respect to the memory of Mr. Douglas, were adopted.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1850.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on amounting $10,000 in a single risk, on terms fewer able to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Joseph O. Abbott,
Charles Cowley, John Avery,
Arthur T. Bonney, Walter Wright,
Abel Underwood, Thomas Hall,
Samuel Bothwick, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown, Nilah H. Read,
Boston.
Alonzo A. Miner, Jonathan T. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bates, Dudley H. Clark,
Reuben E. Demmon,
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
JOSEPH O. ABBOTT, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.
April 30, 1860. ly

ETNA Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible Companies. Policies written on Dwelling Houses and their contents for three, four or five years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.
jy2 3m

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON.
April 6, 1860. 1m1y

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 86 100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on real estate worth double the amount, more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Attorney for Lowell and vicinity,
JAMES G. CORNELL,
Lowell, July 13, 1860. ly

Stratton Lyman, Charles Stanton, Wm. H. Appleton, John S. Hoffman, Wm. Bryce, Jr., Wm. Bryce, Sr., Wm. Bryce, Jr., Wm. H. Starbuck, Jr., Lowell.

Lyman, Boston, Treasurer.
Pres't City Bank, Brooklyn.
Pres't Ins. Co., N. Y.
Ex-Governor of Connecticut.
Boston.
Caledo Engines, New York.
Boston.
Recorder of City of New York.
Boston.
Merchant, Brooklyn.
Merchant, Boston.
Merchant, Boston Island.
GEORGE LYMAN, Secretary.
ROBERT AYRES, General Agent.

Office for the transaction of Mutual Department, No. 106 Broadway, New York.
Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Street.
Nov. 16, 1860. ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having used it in over 500 cases, they are prepared to say that for Dental purposes it is now prepared to use it more extensively. They are also happy to say that it has given the most perfect satisfaction in relation to the value of the various kinds of work in which it is used. In the case of cases every other article now in use, there are many objections, which, in the use of Vulcanized Rubber, are entirely obviated. The Patent Improved Rubber Owing to the limited time the subscribers have been in this city, they have not had an opportunity of ascertaining who are the most proper to be appointed agents, but they assure the public that no pains will be spared in the selection of the right kind of agents, and all others, that are equal to any that can be had in the United States.

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.
jy17

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered for the following diseases:

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That a few of these Pills taken occasionally, will relieve *the Pain caused by labor without producing a Premature Birth*, and will be found invaluable in cases of PREGNANCY—the result, *MISCARRIAGE*. Such is the experience of thousands. They are also a cure for the *usual functions to a natural condition*, that even a few boxes are sufficient to convince the most skeptical.

Full directions for using, when and where they are required, accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Sold by druggists generally.

Principal Office, No. 8 Dey Street, Proprietor, WM. B. CHEESEMAN, M. D.

Sold in Lowell by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists everywhere. 1m

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It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns less quantity,
It costs less money,
It is more clean in burning coal. And the RESULTS can be brought only by
jy17 3m E. HARRIS & CO.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
DR. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Are acknowledged by all who have used them to be the best remedy ever discovered. Irregularities to which females are subject, will be regulated by their use.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the prescription of DR. CHEESEMAN, Physician and Accoucheur, have been used successfully in the practice of that celebrated physician for many years, and are now offered to the world for the first time. They are entirely vegetable, and perfectly safe in all cases. Forwarded, by mail, to any address, on receipt of price, $1 per box.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, June 18.

2 Pemberton Mills	102¾
50 Western Railroad	91¼
20 Western Railroad	91¼
5 Boston and Maine Railroad	119¼
5 Middlesex Turnpike Road	93¾
5 Ætna Fire	84
4 Columbian Bank	101
10 Tremont Bank	103

WAR HAS COME,
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN

H. S. HAYNES.

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

WATSON'S SIDE, HANGING AND HANDLED LAMPS,

of every descrip tion, for lighting Factories Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Tea Cads, Dust Pans, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of Bohemian

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the careful attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous term, will insure to them always the best bill of our assortment.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for their very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a continuance of their favors is confidently solicited.

H. S. HAYNES,

45 Merrimack Street, Lowell,

may16 Mass.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. Abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turgidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Imperfect Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and unscientific men, and while many experiments have been made and much labor extended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful inventions to discover, to make this grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we still recognize the truism that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain immutable laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause which remains or departs at the death, for a certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows them to be composed chiefly of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.

Electricity brought in contact with metal, as fluor, causes it to contract.

These facts being unquestionable, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood causes contraction of the heart, which, in its turn with the heart causes it to contract; and hence the power of the heart in the blood and vessels in tinging through the remotest arteries. What then, are the causes of Consumption (Scrofula), Dropsy, Paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, Liver Complaint, Epilepsy, Fever and ague, &c.? As deficiency of the red corpuscles; containing too little iron, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of electricity, hence a stagnation in abnormal circulation. The most become watery, acrid and bronchial congestion ensues—the liver becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatic pains and neuralgia—consumption of the lungs and kidneys set in, in short, sum-at-e ery type of disease but stronest fever and ague. Subject to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles or red globules forms

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we have discovered the "elixir vitæ," we do say that this cause is scientifically grasped by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Sufferers from pulmonary disease! Unfortunates, who have by causes of the body or mind, lost the normal circulation of the blood and diminished the red globules! Ladies suffering any of the distressing and peculiar female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. In the name of humanity, of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Do not reject this truth, but make it your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy; give it a trial.

A elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully proving the theory advanced here in a few words will be mailed to any interested party on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food for sale by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send 6 bottles free (express, for $5, or single bottle, $1. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in yellow wrappers, the outside of which is printed in red wrappers having been done away with—and the fac-simile signature of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits—or substitutes.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,

407 Broadway, New York.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO. M. S. BURR & CO., SUPERS & POTTER, Agents for Boston. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. A. Kinsley, 376 H French, E. A. Stanwix, J. C. Brown, S. Lobbe. Ly

HATS.

BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well known manufactory of Bruns & Co.

The Hat Store has been removed and refitted up in the most elegant manner, with large plate glass windows, all the ease of the Fall Hat, without using an extra quantity to load the crown of the Hat.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice. Stand to the head by the use of the Contriveator.

may7 3m

E. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of car Inverted Lotus Rubber SPITTOONS—the best kind in the market, for Hotels, Billiard Rooms, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimac-k Street

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LA. Co assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 23 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been publicly given by the leading practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in our advertisement; but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade in this vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and reliable.

At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, beg to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustments, and fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the American Watch Company."

Thos. Steele & Son,	Hartford, Conn.
Hawkins & Stevens,	" "
Wm. Rogers & Son,	" "
J. C. Blackman,	Bridgeport, "
George Brown,	New Haven, "
E. Benjamin,	" "
C. J. Munson,	" "
John B. Colby,	" "
John Gordon,	New London, "
James R. Ayres,	Waterbury, "
Wm. J. Huntington & Co.	Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford,	" "
H. D. Hall,	Middletown, "
John C. Smith,	" "
John Barton,	Lynn, Mass.
Currier & Trott,	Boston, "
J. V. Ketteil,	" "
John McGregor,	Lawrence, "
Hartshorn & Hankins,	N. Bedford, "
S. Childs,	" "
E. D. Tisdale,	Taunton, "
Albert Fitts,	" "
Edis Gifford,	Fall River, "
F. W. Macomber,	" "
J. J. Burns,	Gloucester, "
Isaac Smith,	Salem, "
S. N. Story,	Worcester, "
Levi Johnson,	" "
C. M. Lamb,	" "
N. Moody,	Greenfield, "
C. M. Kimball,	Springfield, "
Lovett, Jr. & Wm. Rose,	Pittsfield, "
John B. Scott,	" "
Benj'n E. Cook,	N'thampton, "
Charles W. Fogg,	Waltham, "
Andrew Warren,	" "
Amos Sanborn,	Lowell, "
D. D. Anthony & Co.	Providence, R.I.
Jeffrey Arnold,	Pawtucket, "
L. R. Sanderson,	Concord, N. H.
George W. Drew & Co.	" "
N. R. Davis,	" "
Elijah Knight,	" "
Joseph C. Bacon,	Dover, "
Henry H. Hsm	Portsmouth "
Robert N. Bodge,	" "
Wm. B. Morrill,	Exeter, "
W. O. C. Woodbury,	Claremont, "
Reuben Spencer,	" "
Richard Gove,	Laconia, "
Jonathan Hosmer,	Nashua, "
N. W. Godfrey,	" "
Chas. T. Ridyway,	" "
E. B. Gay,	" "
Sherburne Shaw,	Sanbornton Bridge "
Jacob Hanover,	Hanover, "
Lucius Hosmer,	Littleton "
C. H. Hunting'on,	St. Albans, Vt.
H. Harding,	Brattleboro, "
T. C. Phinney,	Montpelier "
J. C. Bates,	Northfield, "
H. Murdock,	Woodstock, "
C. C. Chase,	St. Johnsbury, "
Brinsmaid & Hildreth,	Montpelier, "
C. W. Wingate,	" "
Thompson & Ranger,	Brattleboro', "
Foster Grow,	Chelsea, "
W. K. Wilson,	Newbury, "
L. Amadon,	Bellows Falls, "
H. K. Kimball,	Burlington, "
Freeman M. Hardison,	South Berwick Me.
Henry McKenney,	Auburn, "
John Hatch,	Bath, "
Tomkins & Morris,	Bangor, "
Sylvanus Morris,	" "
G. S. & G. L. Rogers,	Gardiner, "
Twombly & Smith,	Saco, "
Moses M. Swan,	Augusta, "
D. G. Hall,	Lewiston, "
James Emery,	Bucksport, "
Simeon Blood,	Rockland, "
D. E. Lucy,	Houlton, "
John B. Adams,	Wiscasset, "

CAUTION.—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our manufacture unless the movements bear the name of the Company, and the number of the watch, with the name of the factory, viz: "No. —, Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.

ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents,

158 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

Sept. 26, 1860. sep26d1t

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

BENT & BUSH'S

SPRING STYLE, 1861,

"Patent Elastic Cushion"

HATS

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.

They would call particular attention to

THE "NEW" SPRING HAT,

Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by any article yet introduced.

YOUNG MEN.

N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the "PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."

FOR SALE BY

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH),

mar7 6 Central Street, Lowell.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

1000 Bush. Extra SEED OATS,

200 bush. Prime Seed Corn,

BUCKWHEAT.

Also, a fresh supply of FEED, SHORTS and MIDDLING; for sale by LAMSON & ROGERS,

mar29-3m 111 Market street.

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW and Shoe Brushes, of all kinds, with long handle, Scrub Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Shaving Brushes, and a Pail—trash and dropper combined, somethings entirely new—at the sign of the Big Broom, over the door.

Just received and for sale by

H. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack s

RESTAURANT.

DINNERS will be served in the MERRIMACK HOUSE, from 12 o'clock, M. until 2 P. M.

The fall of fare will embrace a good variety, as we n the delicacies of the season, and at the lowest living market prices.

The proprietor hopes by this arrangement to accommodate that class of persons who may be desirous of dining in a quiet hotel.

1753 H. EMERY

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT

IS A

TONIC

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and will do so

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Court Dockets,
Pamp-lets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Re-ports, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Address-es, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Newspapers,

PAPER BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ always on hand, a good stock of pearl nonpareil and emerald cards and colored CARDS Adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to measure.

Z. E. STONE,
H. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.

Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS, &c., &c., &c.

Sept. 26, 1860. sep26d1t

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success in his extensive practice, and now known to be a most reliable and effectual remedy for Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, &c. Experience proves you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is perfectly safe and reliable.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your sufferings and anxieties are increased, it is a most valuable medicine. It will be found invaluable in relieving the pain—diminishing the inflammation—allaying the fever—and thus securing to the little sufferer quiet repose, and to the mother and friends the much desired confidently offer this as a certain remedy for all complaints of children, and would recommend it to all who require the necessary aid in their management.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is generally lost unconsciously, as if by magic; and in this dread emergency, the mother is almost always at a loss to know the correct remedy to use. Let her not delay a moment, but use your attention to a subject of vital interest to yourself, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial contains

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or other poisonous drug, and may be used as a fully warranted in stating counsel to said of any other preparation of the kind. Directions for use will accompany each bottle. We feel that throughout the United States, where our preparation is known, it has received the most delighting encouragement which are certain to be found in the hearts of every mother who has used it. We have the most unqualified recommendations from the most eminent administrators being invariably followed by unbounded success. Let the afflicted suffering with affections in Convulsions. Beem Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, and be convinced. Do not delay one day.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by weakening the constitution of your child, but by restoring through nature medicinal qualities, by removing the cause of the disease, and thus restoring the bowels, therefore, to use as time in procuring a bottle, that you may have at hand a remedy ready at all times to relieve your child in time of need. It is perfectly safe, and can be administered with the utmost confidence.

This none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This you can only have. Take no other. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,

No. 409 Broadway, New York.

And sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;

100 bush. Seed Barley, just received for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S, 63Mch ler store 1

Kinner's Liqcorc.

FOR clearing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found perfect, cheap, and a great saving of labor. "Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new, and its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

mar19

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFA.O, Coan, B. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Black and White Bear Robes—Hunters, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRADLEY'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

my15

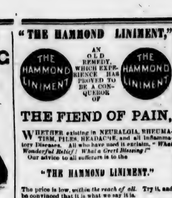
RUBBER SLATES.—A State which can not be broken, cheaper for our than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

H. S. HAYNES, 37 Central st

A FEW MORE of Simon's Patent Farm Pails Sold at 45 Merrimack st. Sole agent for Lowell.

nov14 W. S. HURT, 37 Central street.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, TOOTHACHE, or any other agony, DR. HAMMOND'S LINIMENT will cure it. What a Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!

Our advice to all sufferers is to try

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACK & SHEPHERD, 3 A. PERRY, Manchester; H. E. S. BOLLES & CO., Concord, and at retail by Druggists generally.

G. S. BLAKE & CO., Proprietors.

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 18, 1861 feb18d1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,312,556.80
Premiums paid to date,	1,188,999.16
Losses paid,	2,421,045.85

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, being the Company, and the accumulated fund in exactly the results of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accumulates the interest in the investment of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, and thus saves the cost of collecting, &c., generally charged by other companies.

It issues policies, and receives premiums on each and every day in the year, and a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860 to be paid annually in cash.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,

No. 39 Central and 37 Merrimack sts.

mar2 dlf

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

THE

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigations.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lockstitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machine in the market, to the frequent changes and uses of endless variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from coarse to nearly thickness of Mac ker l, or vice versa, and do both equally well and perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even over, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and make as perfect a seam on one as on whatever. In fact such a machine best adapted to family use; and if once adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work on hoops for our hoop skirt Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines, also, are the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are also double or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever sold, will be found to be based upon the following FACTS

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, City of New York, together with the highest Premium for the best machine made.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest Premiums at the World's Fair, 1853.

Fact No. 10.—I use Machines can do the widest range of work, and command a higher price in consequence, than any other machine in the market, and this is the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine sold by us to be perfect, and to be superior to any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE are facts which the public have never seen or un-d them. Hence the confidence with which the inventors, and the accumulated fund is exactly the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its investments are in Fir t Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accumulates the interest in the investment of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, and thus saves the cost of collecting, &c., generally charged by other companies.

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Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,

No. 39 Central and 37 Merrimack sts.

mar2 dlf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

Dr. Whitten, after many years of practice and study, has discovered a remedy for the cure of Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Tetter, Chilblains, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Nipples, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Felons, Fever Sores, Corns, Bunions, Scurvy, Barber's Itch, Sore Legs, Sore Feet, Chapped Hands, Sore Heels, Chapped

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, June 20, 1861.

PROSPECT OF THE CROPS, &c. From indications around us, and from the representations of many of the prints that reach us from abroad, we judge that, as a general thing, the crops throughout New England and the West, are to be scarcely less bountiful than last year. From the South we hear but little—nothing of a very favorable character, in fact. In Kentucky and Tennessee, the army-worm, in some counties, has been very destructive to grass and grain, but we have no means of knowing to what extent their ravages extend. At the extreme South there has been a much larger amount of corn planted this year than in former years, the idea prevailing that the hostilities existing between the North and the South would prevent the usual supply being sent down from the corn-growing States; but of the prospects we are not advised. If the season is hot and dry, their crop will be a failure.

From Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin, we have the most cheering accounts. In southern Illinois the work of harvesting has already commenced, and the wheat-fields of "Egypt" are represented to have been loaded with golden fruit. All along the valley of the Mississippi, the crops yield a good, and in some places, says a gentleman writing from that region, it will be enormous. The *annual* (with our exchanges) "seventeen-year locusts" have not appeared in some of the counties bordering on the Mississippi, but we have seen no evidences that, even if it has made its appearance, it has done much mischief, and the season is now too far along to fear any annoyance from that source. Western prints inform us that there is every indication that the wheat crop in Wisconsin will be as bountiful as last year, when it was the heaviest ever known. There is much of last year's growth on hand, which, with the addition of the growing crop, will more than supply our home market—leaving the usual supply for Europe.

From New York and Pennsylvania some accounts are not less cheering. A leading journal of New York says that in every section of the lower part of that State, indications of heavy crops are prominently apparent. Peach-trees look finer than for several years, while apples, pears and cherries, are very promising, and will be in the market in a few days. The peach crop of southern Illinois is very large, and dealers bids fair to be very large. The fruit trees in the central portion of Pennsylvania are reported to be burdened with the growing fruit, and the same is the case in many parts of the State so far as we are able to learn. The *Germantown Telegraph, Harrisburg Union, and Philadelphia Commercial List*, each speak most encouragingly of the prospect of the Pennsylvania crops. The latter says: "From every part of the State we hear the most cheering accounts of the prospect of an abundant harvest this season. All kinds of grain look remarkably well, and thus far are free from any evidence of disease or worms. The number of acres of wheat, corn and oats, we understand, largely exceeds any former year, and should nothing interpose in the future, we believe our farmers may anticipate the most magnificent reward of labor ever yet bestowed upon them."

All parts of New England seem to be abundantly favored in its grain crops. Of fruit, however, the yield will be nothing like that of last year. In all the Northern and Eastern States, the grass crop is very promising—never better. Maine will have a fair yield of fruit of all kinds, although nothing to compare with that of last year. In New Hampshire and Maine, and in our own State, farmers have put in more seed than usual, and all the growing crops promise well. Fruit will be better in western Massachusetts this year, than in any other section of the State, evidences showing that there will be about an average yield.

All through the Eastern and Northwestern States, grass, wheat, barley and oats, are doing finely—the first has never been known to be better. Corn promises little in the Eastern States, and is not greatly depended upon; potatoes look better than usual in many States. On the whole, all things into consideration, the yield of everything on which we principally depend for food, is larger than usual; so that even with the burden of a formidable rebellion drawing upon our resources and threatening "hard times," we are likely to have a plenty to eat for a year to come. If money is scarce, bread is likely so be plenty, and that, before, even if abundant, is worthless without the latter.

ELECTIONS. Kentucky holds a special election to-day for members of Congress, and the Union men expect a great triumph, though in one or two instances the Union candidates are of the Henry May stamp, for the Union, but against war to maintain it.

Hendrick B. Wright has been nominated by both the Republican and Democratic Conventions in the Luzerne (Pa.) District to succeed George W. Scranton, deceased. Mr. Wright has hitherto been a Democrat, but upholds the Government in its efforts to put down rebellion. He has served in Congress two terms.

Hon. George M. Dallas, late minister to England, and Vice President from 1845 to 1849, is named as successor to E. Joy Morris in the 2nd Pennsylvania district.

A MEMPHIS paper is advising the southern army to invade the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Very wise men, however, think they see some objections to such a movement, and it probably will not be done before fall!

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

A dispatch to the *New York Times* says that 300 Federal troops under Gardner, of the First Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, had a skirmish last evening, at Edward's Ferry, with a large number of rebels. The fight lasted three hours, when the rebels fled, leaving fifteen or twenty killed and wounded.

The motion of Mr. Gregory, in the British House of Commons, to recognize the Southern Confederacy has been indefinitely postponed.

WAR NEWS, &c.

The Boonsville fight. Boonsville, where the fight between the Federal troops and the rebels occurred, is about twenty miles above Jefferson City, on the south side of the Missouri river. There was great rejoicing among the Union men of Jefferson City when the news reached there. The state and stripes were hoisted on the capitol, guns fired, and the "Star Spangled Banner" played by the regimental band.

Scouting parties will be sent out in all directions, to cut off the retreat of the rebels. John Fitzpatrick, one of the most violent secessionists in the State, took the oath of allegiance to the United States Government yesterday, in the presence of all the officers there.

After the flight of the rebels, Gen. Lyon moved forward and took possession of Boonsville. Gen Price was taken with a violent diarrhea at the beginning of the battle. He was taken aboard of a steamer and carried to his home in Chariton.

From Fortress Monroe. A dispatch dated the 18th, says that during the last two nights large reinforcements have arrived, made from the fortress and Newport News in the direction of Big Bethel.

Lieut. Butler and Mr. Winthrop visited Great Bethel with a flag of truce, and obtained the body of Lieutenant Major Winthrop. They were courteously treated by the officers. Col. Magruder sent his commitments to Gen. Butler. The information was obtained relative to the force at Great Bethel. According to the latest accounts there were six regiments at Yorktown.

Major Winthrop's body will be brought to Boston. The sword which he had with him, has been sent South as a trophy. It belonged to Col. Wardrop, of the New Bedford Regiment, and had his name on it.

An officer from Fortress Monroe says that the trial of the rifle cannon at Rip Raps, was highly satisfactory. Many balls went clear over Sewall's Point, and fell into the water between there and Craney Island. One shell burst over the enemy's works, and produced a sensation. The men could be seen mounting their horses and hastening away.

More troops. It is announced that the number of troops tendered by responsible parties to the President, is 575,000 men. It is believed that this will be fulfilled, as to the matter for the War Department to put an additional force of one hundred thousand men into the field in thirty days from the date of the order.

A Washington dispatch says the War Department has accepted three additional regiments from Iowa, making in all six, including the gallant Iowa First, now at Requisitions have been made for four more three years' regiments from Indiana, making twenty-five in all, which entitles her to a Major General. Brig. Gen. Morris will probably be appointed to the latter post. Four additional regiments have also been accepted from Wisconsin and Iowa, one of the latter to be cavalry.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT. The soldiers in the service of the Federal Government, at Alexandria, and we presume it is the case at other points, are dealt with pretty severely for delinquencies of every nature. Mr. James M. Palmer, one of the editors of the *Tri-Weekly Publisher*, at Haverhill, who is a member of Company G, Fifth Regiment, writes in his last letter home, that at one time in a few days ago eight men in the regiment were court-martialled for various offences. One of them committed the offence of getting drunk while on guard, for which he was sentenced to march a beat at the main guard for eighteen consecutive hours, then lay in the guard tent for six hours, and afterward be confined in the cells a few days ago eight ten days. Another, for intoxication, &c., was sentenced to the jail for twelve days. It having been ascertained that some apocryphal stories had got up a "whisky mill" near the camp, Col. Lawrence sent a company to abate the nuisance, which they did by liberally treating mother earth with the contents of every keg and jug; and it is thought that hereafter there will be less number of offences.

EX-GOVERNORS. The following named gentlemen, past-Governors of New Hampshire, still live—most of them in active life, and the senior one discharging the duties of Judge of the United States Courts for the District of New Hampshire, namely:—Matthew Harvey, Concord; John Page, Newport; Jared W. Williams, Lancaster; Anthony Colby, New London; Noah Martin, Dover; Samuel Dinsmoor, Keene; Henry H. Steele, Peterborough; Nathaniel B. Baker, Clinton, Iowa; Isaac Hill, Goodwin, Portsmouth. — *Concord Statesman.*

There are ten in the list above. In Massachusetts there are nine ex-Governors living, as follows:—Levi Lincoln, Worcester; Edward Everett, Boston; Marcus Morton, Taunton; George N. Briggs, Pittsfield; George S. Boutwell, Groton; John H. Clifford, New Bedford; Emory Washburn, Cambridge; Henry J. Gardner, Dorchester; Nathaniel P. Banks, Baltimore.

Governors are also nine ex-Governors in each of the States of Maine and New York, still living.

JEFFERSON DAVIS. It has been reported that Mr. Davis was at Manassas Junction on Monday last, but this is not believed to be true. The *Boston Courier* says that he is in Richmond, and so feeble in health, as to be scarcely equal to endure consultation. Nothing but political exigencies would induce him to be out of his bed at this season. In addition to general illness, it is reported that his eyes are affected, and that the sight of one of them is destroyed by inflammation, which, owing to the same cause, threatens the other, not to be relieved by soothing remedies. He has suffered heretofore in the same way.

OUR NAVY. The number of vessels connected with the United States Navy are surveyed as, carrying 1064 guns: 6 are sailing liners, 7 frigates, 7 sloops, 7 steam frigates, 18 sloops of war, 6 steam sloops and the others are vessels of smaller description. Fifty steamers have been chartered for the blockade by the merchantile marine, and forty-one of them are already in commission. There are some twenty vessels in process of repair at the naval service. In all, about one hundred and fifty vessels afloat, subject to orders, carrying two thousand one hundred and eighty-four guns.

GEN. NATHANIEL LYON, the commander of the Government forces in Missouri, was born at Eastford, Windham County, Connecticut, in 1820. He graduated at West Point in 1842. He was with Gen. Scott in Mexico, and was promoted to the rank of Captain for his gallant services at Contreras. He was appointed Brigadier General on the 17th of *May* for his services at Camp Jackson.

From the West. A regiment has been ordered from Louisville to Columbus, Ky., to protect Union men from the depredations of the secessionists. This is all, although nothing to compare with that of last week. In New Hampshire and Maine, and in our own State, farmers have put in more seed than usual, and all the growing crops promise well. Fruit will be better in western Massachusetts this year, than in any other section of the State, evidences showing that there will be about an average yield.

The Evening Telegraph advises the St. Louis people to rise and slay those of the Home Guard, who recently fired upon them. Also says the secession majority in Tennessee is *57,849*, including Tarleton's two sons! Also says Philadelphia refuses to sell quinine to the Louisville merchants.

The Second Rhode Island Regiment, accompanied by Gov. Sprague, left the State, left Providence for Jersey City last evening.

The President having sent to Governor Letcher a pardon for a convict who had been sentenced for robbing the mail, the latter answered that the President's power was not recognized by Virginia.

It is judged by some cautious persons at Washington, that, Gen. Beauregard is withdrawing his advance arms to catch Gen. McDowell's column in an ambuscade; but it will hardly succeed after the warning given at Vienna. The plucky men of Vienna say the South Carolinians lost six men killed by the return fire of the Ohio-sers.

Vienna has been occupied by 4000 Federal troops, including 1500 Jerseymen.—It is believed that an advance will be made from Alexandria to Fairfax to-day, and upon Manassas Junction before many days. The forces of Generals Johnston and Cadwallader, it is believed, will be likely to meet at some point north-west of Harper's Ferry.

It is reported that the rebels are extending their lines nearer the Federal forces.

It is reported that 1500 Arkansas troops under Ben McCullough have invaded Missouri.

The *Louisville Courier* learns that thirteen of the Federal prisoners who were captured at Great Bethel have arrived at Richmond.

1500 rebels are reported to be in the vicinity of Beverly and Philippi in Western Virginia, and it is also thought that an attack would be made on the Arkansas troops.

The *Frankfort Yeoman* says Gov. Harris of Tennessee, plighted his faith in writing to Gov. Magoffin of Kentucky, that no troops should cross Kentucky for any purpose, except by invitation or permission of the Kentucky authorities.

SUNSHINE AHEAD. A Georgia paper thus exults over the highest prospect which successful rebellion presents to the South-with consistency:—

"When we shall have achieved our independence, and be no longer tributary to the North, with a monopoly of the cotton culture and a superabundance of labor that costs us nothing; with an opening for almost unlimited expansion southward, who shall measure the prosperity of those States, or calculate their future progress or power? Our system of slavery, throwing as it does upon the black man all the drudgery of menial employments, all the hardships of labor will have scope and verge for the development of the intellect of the white man, and bring forth his inward might."

MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR AT FAYSEMONT, MD. On Monday morning last, at about 6 o'clock, says the *Portland Argus*, the dead body of Mrs. Swan was found in bed, with a scarf attached to her neck. The scarf belonged to a young man who was employed by the deceased. Two children, the oldest one eight years and the other younger, slept with the deceased, and were not disturbed during the night. She was the bed in a confused state. The young man in the employ of Mrs. Swan was desirous to marry her daughter, but was seriously opposed by the mother.—There were finger marks on the neck of the deceased, and owing to threats uttered by the young man, whose name we withhold, an arrest was made and an examination had before a magistrate, the result of which we have not learned. Altogether the affair is one of great mystery and has caused much excitement in Fryeburg.

CONTRABAND OF WAR. There is nothing like having a comprehensive phrase to use. Since Gen. Butler hit upon the idea that negroes are contraband of war, it has become difficult to say what has not been suggested as contraband for some reason or other. The last article named is cotton, which it appears is now in store at Memphis as the material for fortifications and barricades. It is therefore suggested by a ready witted correspondent that cotton bales are clearly contraband, and may be seized by the Government and its forces accordingly. (1) They can be sold with ready sale. (2) They would gladden the heart of Mr. Secretary Chase; (3) being purchased they can be used in our mills to the discomfiture of that plan of starving our operatives on which the South professes to rely.—*Boston Advertiser.*

"I WISH I WAS IN DIXIE." An ambitious party of New Philadelphia rebels were recently serenading a pretty daughter of a wealthy Quaker. They had sung the popular air "I wish I was in Dixie" for about half an hour, when a window was raised, and a night cap, surmounted by an elderly face, appeared. Presently, in measured phrases, the old gentleman proceeded to say:—"My fidding and diddling young friends, this is not a fit hour to sing songs and play upon instruments, owing to the disturbance of weary people. To express the wish that you were in Dixie, and I must say that I and my daughter Esther earnestly wish the same. But if Dixie is a distant place, I would advise you to move on or ye will not be in Dixie until the hour." And the sash went down with a bang.

MR. RUSSELL, THE LONDON TIMES CORRESPONDENT. A dispatch from Cairo, Ill., dated the 19th, says that W. H. Russell, the correspondent of the *London Times*, arrived the day previous. He says nothing in regard to southern affairs, but complains that his correspondence has been tampered with by the rebels, his letters being detained, altered, and some not sent at all.

A BATTALION of two hundred and twelve men at Chicago has been accepted by the War Department. This gives seven companies men, and is called the "Illinois Bridge-Breast works, and Fortification Fusileers." It is composed entirely of carpenters, railroad men, blacksmiths, boat and house builders, and will prove a most valuable acquisition to the army.

GEN. NATHANIEL LYON, the commander of the Government forces in Missouri, was born at Eastford, Windham County, Connecticut, in 1820. He graduated at West Point in 1842. He was with Gen. Scott in Mexico, and was promoted to the rank of Captain for his gallant services at Contreras. He was appointed Brigadier General on the 17th of *May* for his services at Camp Jackson.

A LAWYER IN "OVER THE HAT." One of our exchanges reports that one day last week, Charles F. Bennett, of Dalton, Mass., a member of the "Berkshire bar," was arrested by Fleming Bros., constables and sworn sellers, got drunk, was hauled up before the justice for drunkenness, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and costs, from which he appealed.

DIDN'T KNOW HE WAS HURT. On Saturday, Mr. Jacob Trus, of Deerfield, N. H., while sawing shingles, had his left arm severed completely from his body above two inches above the wrist joint. So quick was it done that he did not know that he was hurt till he saw the hand lying on the bench beside him.

Upon searching the person of a paper who was being taken to the simeboose in Philadelphia, lately, a considerable quantity of gold coin was found sewed up in his ragged overcoats. An examination of a somewhat heavy bundle which he carried revealed an additional sum of $1600 in gold.

A RUNAWAY slave, who made his way to Cairo, where he did good service in the entrenchments, was asked if he did not wish to go back and fight. He replied with a grimace that would have done no discredit to "Julius"; "Lawe, no Massa! dis nigger is not a fightin' nigger! he's a runnin' nigger!"

IT has been ascertained that the vote for secession in the Richmond Convention, on the 17th of April, stood 88 yeas to 55 nays. Only 91 members had signed the ordinance up to the 14th inst.

It was a curious coincidence that the First Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers passed through Baltimore on June 17th, as the first regiment of militia passed through on April 19th.

AT a political meeting in Carter County, Kentucky, last week, John C. Radclige, second representative from that county, was shot, but before dying he killed Mr. Lee and two others.

THE Providence *Journal* says the Indians who have "seceded" from the United States and joined the Jeff. Davis government have given early evidence of their soundness on the great question of the day. They have already driven out the men of Northern birth, and have hung the ministers.

JUST SO. At first a man is pretty well "set up" by rum; but, at last, he is all "up set" by it.

CITY AND VICINITY.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Bank and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 31 Merrimack Street—East of Central Street, May 31, 1861. 1m

HAVE YOUR PAPERS. Persons going into the country for a few days or for a few weeks, can have copies of the COURIER sent to them regularly while they are absent, by leaving their orders at our counting-room, without extra expense, save the postage.

PACKAGES FOR THE LOWELL SOLDIERS IN SERVICE. The city will send next Monday a bag to the Richardson Light Infantry, at Fortress Monroe, and a bag will be sent hereafter probably once in two weeks. A bag will also be sent on Tuesday to the Sixth Regiment at the Relay House.—Packages left at the City Messenger's office, by noon on the days on which the boxes are to go will be sent according to direction. Liquors have been declared contraband," and those that send them have their trouble for nothing.

MILITARY. The Butler Rifles will give a public drill at Camp Holton, on Saturday, complimentary to the citizens by whose kind and patriotic efforts they have been kept in camp for the past four weeks. The public are invited to be present. The Grounds will be thrown open at 2 o'clock—the drill to commence at 3. No one will be admitted to the building, lodges' stand, or inside the drill enclosure, without ticket—to be procured by some one of the officers.

CHANCE FOR LOWELL MECHANICS. By an advertisement in to-day's paper, it will be seen that the Tuscaloosa Steam Cotton Company of Selma, Alabama, offer extensive proposals for the erection of several buildings. We hope some of one of our enterprising contractors will get a job from this company.

OFF AGAIN FOR THE WAR. Major Wm. H. Clemence, of this city, sid to Gen. Butler, in Maryland, leaves this afternoon for Fortress Monroe, where he goes to join his old commander.

FOURTH OF JULY. Two weeks from today will be "the glorious Fourth." Residents at the Hamilton have organized a company of "Antique and Horribles" and intend to do service on the morning of the day. They were out for street parade last Tuesday evening. Beyond this we know of no preparation being made in Lowell to celebrate the anniversary of American Independence. Is this all?

POLICE COURT. The only victim this week was Abraham M. Cohen, who was up for single drunkenness, was found guilty and fined $3 and costs with the alternative of going to the House of Correction. As times have recently been "tight" with drunkards in this respect, his address for the next few weeks will probably be East Cambridge.

SUPERIOR COURT. The adjourned session of the April term of this Court will be held in the Court House in this city, on Monday next, for the trial of civil cases.

LOWELL VETERANS. This company was out on our streets last evening for drill accompanied by the Railroad Band. The company had quite full ranks and was well and flashed by the usual crowd of outsiders.

ANOTHER LOWELL BOY IN COMMAND.—The Captain of the Springfield (Illinois) Zouaves, is Andrew J. Babcock, formerly of this city, and a former member of the Lowell Light Guard. Capt. Babcock, formerly of Lawrence, commands a company belonging to Bunker Hill, in the same State.

THE Butler Rifles visited Lawrence on Tuesday, by invitation of the Scott Guys of that city, who received them at the depot and escorted them through the principal streets; after which they were marched to the residence of J. C. D. Hoadley, Esq., where a bathe was in order, and a "something" was dinner captured," after quite a siege. The company were much interested after the dinner, by speeches of a cheering kind, by Lieut. O'Hare, Rev. Mr. Hobbard, Capt. Langmaid, J. C. Hoadley, Esq., and others; and, suffice it to say, that Lawrence can make a pleasant "battle-field" to the whole company; the ground was found perfect, the rations well served, and the Butlers, after such a reception, such a dinner, and such hospitality regretted to leave our sister city of spindles. We are pleased to their lot to visit them again, they will feel well satisfied with no more than half of the attention shown on this occasion.—Everything passed off in an orderly and pleasant manner, and Lawrence and her citizen-soldiery are entitled to all praise.

We feel it to be due them to state that Lawrence is all alive with the feeling that traitors and rebels should be promptly and effectively dealt with, and that the city has done nothing to encourage by many acts the good people there know how to make visitors feel at home, and we hope they will receive a return part by seeing the troops they have furnished, treated in a kindly entertained, do their whole duty on the field of battle, if they are ever summoned to one.

T. C. H.

WILLOW DALE. Summer having arrived bringing with it warm weather, our citizens are beginning to think of excursions, picnics, parties, drives, sails, &c.—Willow Dale is ready for the reception of visitors, and Mr. Jonathan Bowers is on hand with the latch string out, ready to accommodate his friends with boats, swings, refreshments or anything else necessary for their comfort and pleasure. Improvements have been made since last year, and it is not necessary for us to say that good treatment is always received by the well-behaved persons who visit Willow Dale.

THE DAM AT NORTH BILLERICA. The Governor has appointed Daniel W. Alvord of Greenfield, Charles S. Storrow of Boston, and J. Herbert Shedd of Brookline, Commissioners to make examinations and experiments upon the dam across Concord river at North Billerica.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.

☞ When the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no mention which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of those diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, for the destruction of which could in no wise prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, as has been proved in every instance where it has had a trial. Always beneficial: not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders in the medical art. Experience has now proved, beyond a doubt, that Doctor M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROTHERS, Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, prepared by Dr. M'Lane. M'LANE'S genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Worm Syrup, can be had of all Druggists and dealer in patent medicines throughout the United States and Canada, and in many foreign countries.

FLEMING BROS.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

j627 1671y

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, which we offer at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of low priced but very elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and for sale cheap. Also, a good assortment can be suited from our assortment can go direct to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. mar29dd

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all parties going West, can procure tickets (either of reads) at the lowest rates. Also tickets for sale to Portland, Boston, and all parts of the East on Grand Trunk Railroad.

E. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street.

may21 1m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Fisher & Lyon, who have taken the agency for Lowell and vicinity. jan8dd

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

O. B. Coburn, B. B. Richardson,
Jas. Tyler, Jr., Jos. Nesmith,
L. G. Howe, Edward Tuck,
Wm. Crosby.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Stores, and the business for the past year has been very large. The premium income is $30,319.81, with Deposit notes to the amount of $15,000. The losses have been in the case of village and farm property in Middlesex County in the immediate vicinity of the Company's agents, and have been very light, as will be seen in my Company statement, which is as follows:

Premium Notes, Cash and Cash notes are over $76,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property insured to the amount of $3,000,000. Losses paid during the year, $1,000. Dividends, interest, commissions and expenses, $6,000. Losses unpaid, $1,000.

Office, Prescott Block, Merrimack Street.

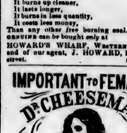
C. B. COBURN, President.
R. P. SHERMAN, Jr., Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 13, 1860. jy16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It goes further in quantity,
It is cheaper,
Than any other pure burning coal. And the best is always to be bought of
HOWARD'S WHARF, 37 Central Street,
and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES



DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril, and there is enough to depress or counteract those natural irregularities to which the female is liable. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a safe and certain remedy. They will correct some formula which the invalid, CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., has for many years used successfully in an extended private practice. They are mild in their action, and by the concurrence of the periodical discharge, whether arising from obstruction or otherwise, they will restore the system to its natural vigor. They are a safe preventive, and are the only safe and effectual remedy ever discovered for the cure of Suppression, Chlorosis, and Fluor Albus or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

Sold by all druggists, at a price to suit the times, viz: 50 cents per box.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are also recommended for all the ordinary complaints to which females are subject.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That they are not to take these Pills during which the Pills cannot be taken *without producing a PERIODICAL DISCHARGE—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the power of these Pills over the system, that they cannot be taken by females in the family way, for no production power of nature can counteract their influence. Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box.—the Pills can be sent by mail to any address.

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents. Sold by druggists throughout the United States.

Sole Agent for Wholesale,
S. D. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor,
No. 277 Canal Street, New York.

Sold in Lowell, by S. RINDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Market streets, and by druggists everywhere.

may21 1y

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only and Genuine Dye Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

GREY HAIRS CHANGED INSTANTLY TO A beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without the least injury.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR, which is sufficient proof of the superiority of his Dye over all others. Factory at No. 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold in Lowell by S. RINDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Market streets, and by druggists everywhere.

may21 1y

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN THE MINUTE AFTER USE IS INSURED BY

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

References can now be given to some of the principal Clergymen and Physicians in this vicinity, who have used the above remedy with the most astonishing success. Public Speakers, Singers, Actors, Sore Throat, Influenza, Irritation of the Throat, &c., &c. The success of this remedy has been fully proved in various parts, where the sufferers of the many Infectious, great prevalence to Colds, &c., and a reputation of the efficacy of its qualities is required to the Consumptive and Bronchial Coughs. This remedy is offered to the public with the full confidence that in no case will a cough, however violent, resist its effects, if used according to the directions. Every confidence is placed in its merits by those who have given it a fair and impartial trial.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and by all Druggists.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1860.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE, on liberal terms. Office in the Company's building, on the corner of Merrimack and Central streets.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Josiah G. Abbott,
Stephen Crosby, Josiah Adams,
Joseph F. Bartlett, Walter Wright,
Joshua W. Bailey, Otis M. Hazard,
Samuel Bowers, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown, Jr. Daniel Saunders,
Abram A. Wilson, Abraham Y. Low,
Benjamin E. Bates, Nathaniel Wood,
Reuben D. Dunnell.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 284 Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 Lee Contract, cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass.
April 27, 1860. 1y

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus....$293,000.

The above Companies write on property at low rates. Dwelling Houses and their contents, and on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Stores and their contents, against Fire.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

ja1 1m

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON,
April 6, 1860. ja1 1m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 31 56-100 per cent.

$100,000 to loan on Bond and Mortgage, bearing first class Real Estate worth Three times the amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:

President.
Samuel Willey, Jr., Fifth Ward Bank, Brooklyn.
Isaac Bell, Banker, New York.
Wm. Bryce, Merchant, Newburgh.
Wm. Bell, Merchant, New York.
John S. Stringham, Merchant, New York.
Geo. Bliss, Banker, New York.
Thomas Ward, Ex-Secretary of State, New York.
Wm. Bryce, Jr., Merchant, Newburgh.
Wm. Bell, Jr., Merchant, New York.
John G. Stephenson, Merchant, Brooklyn.
ROBERT AYRES, General Agent.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual department, at the lowest rates.

DAVID BYRN, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Elmhurst Block, Merrimack Street.
Nov. 14, 1860. nov16tf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice more than two years since, and after a thorough test, and investigation in metic somewhat, they are fully convinced that it is unsurpassed by any thing in use, a difference of opinion among the profession to the contrary notwithstanding. We are prepared to insert sets of teeth on this base, and receive every other article now in use, there are many cases where this base is preferable to anything else many cases it is growing in popular favor.—Those who have had sets inserted on this base, we believe to a man, feel warranted in saying that it is far superior to anything they have ever worn before. We are prepared to warrant every set inserted on this base, and all others, that are not entirely satisfactory to the wearer, we will cheerfully refund the money.

Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

ap27 1y

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD,"

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the unrivalled remedy for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Pimple to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Female Weakness, &c. They are the best remedy ever discovered for purifying the blood, and all other medicines are poor in comparison. They never fail to cure, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and build up the constitution. Purely vegetable, and contain not any medicine ever known. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Dandelion, Juniper, Prickly and Pearly Ash Barks, Rhubarb, Dandelion, Wintergreen, Hemlock, Wild Cherry, &c., &c., and as an act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming a perfect remedy for all the diseases for which they are recommended. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should use it now to build up health and strength. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

This same nostrum is also put up in a more concentrated form, called DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic, and the best pill ever used in connection with the Bitters.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Manufactured by DR. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

Sold in Lowell by A. P. Ayer, Corner of Merrimack and Market streets.

The Great English Remedy
FOR SICK HEADACHE.

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
PROTECTED BY OFFICIAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

Dr. CLARKE'S PILLS are a certain and safe remedy for all those painful and dangerous complaints to which the female constitution is subject. They will in a short time, restore the most delicate and sickly females to perfect health, and will establish beyond a doubt the truth of the old saying, that "Sickness and Pain are not the lot of woman."

To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring them into a healthy period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Mental Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fainting Fits, Hysterics, Spasms, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Retention, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other remedies have failed, and, although a powerful remedy, do not contain mercury, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—\$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and by all Druggists.

1y20

SPECIAL
DENTAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership in the practice of Dental Surgery, and will continue at the long-established office of the senior partner, Dr. A. LAWRENCE, on John Street.

For the purpose of affording artificial teeth at the lowest possible prices, we have, as considerably reduced our expenses, with a small atomic engine for finishing the plates, a laboratory for making mineral teeth, and other conveniences necessary to dispatch and elegance of workmanship.

A. LAWRENCE, D. D. S.
GEO. H. LAWRENCE, D. D. S.

Next Premium Tests,

Full set upper and lower, \$20 to \$30
Full set upper and lower, \$10 to \$20
Full set upper and lower, \$10 to \$15
Full set of art gold of silver in proportion.

Filling with chemically pure gold. Extracting, &c., at moderate prices.

G. W. LAWRENCE,
No. 11 John st., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, June 7, 1861. jun24 1y

C. G. H. SAYRS, M. D.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

4 1-2 Merrimack Street, (Mr. I. Nesmith's Block.)

DR. H. SAYRS respectfully solicited the attention of the public to his improved method of treatment of diseases of the mouth, and the insertion of artificial teeth. Having had a long experience in the profession, he feels confident that he can insert sets of teeth with as perfect fit, and as natural appearance as any dentist in the country.

Lowell, June 1, 1861. 1y

NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method to solicit the patronage of the owners of Real Estate in Lowell and vicinity for the sale of their property, and the renting of Tenements and the collection of Rents in regulating general business.

OWEN MCNAMARA,
at office of Butler & Wright.

Lowell, June 10, 1861. jn11d1y

Fourth of July

TO BE CELEBRATED!

THE UNION MUST BE SAVED!

SANDERSON & LANERGAN,
J. G. HOVEY & CO.,
AND
J. G. HOVEY & CO.

THESE three extensive Dry Goods Houses have consolidated, and will be conducted by E. L. SANDERSON, of the late firm of SANDERSON & LANERGAN, with all the combined talent, energy and experience of the late firms and establishments. Any article known in the Fancy Dry Goods line, from the Cheapest Calico and First Premium Colored Fireworks to a display of the Richest Brocade Dollies, can be found at short notice. Dealers in

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., hope to call the attention of the public to the following simple statement of the position they occupy in the United States, and in the Eastern States, in particular; but the publication in our advertisement; but the merits presented will be remembered by those acquainted with the Trade or the public, and being in the highest degree respectable and to the point. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety, and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watch-makers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, beg to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to the consumers and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steele & Co.,	Hartford, Conn.
Hemingway & Starrs,	"
Wm. Rogers & Son,	"
J. C. Blackmon,	Bridgeport,
George Brown,	New Haven, "
E. Benjamin,	"
C. J. Munson,	"
John B. Kirby,	"
John Gordon,	"
James R. Ayres,	New London, "
E. S. Huntington & Co.	Waterbury, "
E. A. Woodford,	Danbury, "
M. D. Hall,	"
John L. Smith,	Middletown, "
John Barton,	"
Currier & Trott,	Lynn, Mass.
J. V. Ketteli,	Boston, "
John McGregor,	"
Dexter & Haskins,	N. Bedford, "
S. Childs,	"
E. D. Tisdale,	Taunton, "
Albert Pitts,	"
Ellis Gifford,	Fall River, "
F. W. Macomber,	"
J. J. Burns,	Gloucester, "
Jesse Smith,	Salem, "
S. N. Story,	Worcester, "
Levi Johnson,	"
T. M. Lamb,	"
R. Moody,	Greenfield, "
W. Kirkham, Jr.	Springfield, "
W. M. Root,	Pittsfield, "
John B. Scott,	"
Benj'n E. Cook,	N'thampton "
Charles W. Fogg,	Waltham, "
Andrew Warren,	"
James Sanborn,	Lowell, "
D. D. Anthony & Co.	Providence, R.I.
Peleg Arnold,	E. Greenwich, "
L. M. Hendrickson,	Concord, N. H.
George W. Drew & Co.	"
N. G. Carr,	"
Elijah Knight,	"
Charles E. Bacon,	Dover, "
Henry H. Ham	Portsmouth, "
Robert N. Bodge,	"
Wm. B. Morrill,	Exeter, "
W. G. C. Woodbury,	"
Reuben Spencer,	"
Richard Gove,	Laconia, "
Jonathan Hosmer,	Nashua, "
N. W. Goddard,	"
Chas. T. Ridgway,	"
L. B. Guy,	"
Barbarba Shaw, Sanbornton Bridge,	"
S. J. Mellish,	Hanover, "
F. Hodgman,	Littleton, "
C. H. Huntington,	Mc. Albans, Vt.
C. H. Harding,	Bradford, "
T. C. Phinney,	Montpelier, "
A. A. Mead,	"
J. C. Bates,	Norfield, "
J. H. Murdock,	Woodstock, "
C. C. Childs,	St. Johnsbury, "
Rotsmuld & Hilborn,	Burlington, "
C. W. Wingate,	"
Thompson & Sanger,	Brattleboro', "
Foster Grow,	Chester, "
W. K. Wallace,	Newbury, "
L. Amsden,	Bellow's Falls, "
C. R. Kimball,	Vergennes, "
Freeman M. Hardison,	South Berwick Me.
Henry McKenney,	Bath, "
John T. Howland,	Bangor, "
Tompkins & Morris,	Dover, N. H.
C. C. Williams,	"
G. S. & G. L. Rogers,	Gardiner, Mass.
Twombly & Burnham,	Saco, "
Moses M. Swan,	Augusta, "
D. G. Hall,	Lewiston, "
James Emery,	Bucksport, "
Simeon Blood,	Rockland, "
D. E. Lucy,	Wiscasset, "
John B. Adams,	Winthrop, "

CAUTION.—Our watch is now so extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our production unless the movement bears the name of genuineness, bearing the number of the Watch, and signed by our President, CHAS. RUSSELL, or by our predecessors, APPLETON, TUCKER & CO.

FOR THE TRADE.

ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents
158 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON
ap30 1m

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charlestown, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $5.90
" " " Charlestown, 5.90
" " " Derby, 5.90
" " " Newport, 5.90
" " " Stanstead, 5.90

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

d&w jan26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

H. S. BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received from New York and Philadelphia the well known assortment of Stone & Co.

The exact number of the Hat to be situated as to obtain a circulation of air between it and the body of the Hat, ensuring at the same time a perfect fit without using an article to bend the band or enlarge the body.

Orders for Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and Hats sent home by the order of the Gentleman.

may15 Corner Central and Market sts.

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of new style Limited Indian Rubber SPITTOONS—the best kind in the market, for Hotels, Holland Rooms, &c. Please call and examine it at 42 Merrimack Street. mh15

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 27 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 17 Merrimack street. may30

MAN'S INVIGORATING SPIRITS

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the greatest known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly *sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too great increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, or otherwise, to any part of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Every bottle of this medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTRUCTIVE CASES, in which all other remedies have failed, and have tried in vain, *since that it is warranted as represented it will* EFFECT A CURE HOWEVER, or the price will be *refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted genuine purchased except at the Agency office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE OFFICE, FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 25 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both *Male* and *Female*, and in the practice, giving the exclusive attention of twenty years' regular practice, giving the most perfect confidence that no mercury or otherwise are strictly administered, being entirely vegetable. All letters for advice, or otherwise, to all parts of the United States. Also, inexperienced persons, who have been practising for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when unscrupulous pretenders, without any knowledge of medicine whatsoever, pervert and misuse the sacredness of human life, before at least making some inquiry, and especially in regard to those who make the greatest parade in advertising physicians, it nine cases out of ten are empirics; and if you commit yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into their hands, you must not expect to escape the penalty, you will have reason to regret your folly too late. ☞ For the reason that the enclosing one stamp in above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally; also Circulars giving full information, will also one understand, *without confusion*, without any method when so advertising physicians, and CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of FEMALE DISEASES, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, with a full knowledge of the same. If you have ARE any others, LETTHEM DO THE SAME; otherwise, you have REASON to refrain from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.

Augus 22, 1860. aug23d1y

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can execute work in a manner to satisfy the most fastidious.

☞ The PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and on

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill-heads, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Checks, Receipts,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS,

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

No CONCERN, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

LABELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand a good stock of paper and fancy cards, and a splendid assortment of CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYER,

20 *CENTRAL STREET*,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Sept. 24, 1860. &c., &c., &c. sep24tf

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

W. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for the retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing Glove in the market.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gem Kidand Lamb Gloves, with warranted seams, warranted not to rip or stitch when worn.

A large lot of Merino Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at H. S. BRAZER'S Hat Store.

sep19 tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in every and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c. &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. ap27 d1f

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACK TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

BENT & BUSH'S
SPRING STYLE, 1861,
"Patent Elastic Cushion"
HATS

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.

They would call particular attention to

THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"

Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by any article yet introduced for

YOUNG MEN.

N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the "PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

70 Central Street, Lowell.

mar2

HURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central st., and AT HIS NEW BOOKSTORE,

apr27 No. 37 Merrimack st.

Dyarsdes! Brushes!

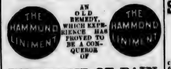
WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handle, Scrub Brushes, Lathy Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a *Pearl Brush and Scrapper* combined, something entirely new—out the thing to clean the feet thoroughly. Just received and for sale by

H. & HAYES 42 Merrimack s

RUBBER BLANKETS,

NEW and beautiful article very light and strong, an assortment already for Camp life—just received

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



IS OLD RENEDY, WHICH EXTENSIVE USE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF PAIN.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief!*" *What a Great Blessing!*" Its effects is a subject of wonder to all.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

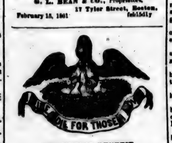
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIMBALL, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACK & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

S. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 15, 1861 1y Tyler Street, Boston.

feb15d1y



Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $1,600,000 00
Dividends paid to date, 2,400,000 00
Losses paid, $3,815,156 33

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any capital stock whatever. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely at their control. The Company has been managed by the most careful men, and is kept by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the distinguishing features of the Company deserve patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It insures more than $3,500,000 annually.

Its investments are in First-Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined entirely to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $20 can be paid one-half in cash and one-half in cash and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, per annum. The interest on such notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Policies are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in satisfying future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in cash, receive the dividends in cash, as declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has no stock, and no stockholders to receive dividends. Its profits are divided annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $20 can be paid one-half in cash and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on such notes is to be paid annually in cash.

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The Dividends are paid to the insured in satisfying future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in cash, receive the dividends in cash, as declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now been in operation SEVEN YEARS, and has paid to the representatives of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of mutuality upon which the Life Premiums are based. All friends of the institution must therefore perceive that the more extensively connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860 Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

mar2 d1f

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the use of the various Quack Nostrums, which are the offspring of ignorance and cupidity, is a most reprehensible element to your notice for the alteration and cure of

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during a practice of many years, hence it is be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for Infantile complaints, and one which may be relied upon for its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. Price 25 cents per bottle.

For Children Teething;

And at the period of infantile life, when your anxious minds are agitated by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in *softening the gums, reducing inflammation, allaying pain and spasmodic action*, and by relieving the little sufferer, will carry health to the mother's bosom. Be not persuaded by interested persons to use any other, but procure this, which is the only one that can be relied upon. Prepared only by DR. EATON, Druggist, Boston. Sold by druggists everywhere.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, this Cordial will be found a most valuable remedy, as if by magic; and in this crowd complaint, which is the scourge of the land, and which sweeps off more victims than the cholera, the use of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has never been known to fail in a single instance. Let not your attention to a subject of vital interest be diverted by the numerous Quack Nostrums. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial stands alone.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, is used in Dr. Eaton's Cordial, which are now fully convinced in causing many of the evils which have followed the use of Soothing Syrups, &c. *Save the children!* Do not let them suffer when a remedy is at hand. Do not let your own feelings be harrowed up by witnessing the sufferings of your children,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, June 21, 1861.

THE position assumed by the Maryland Legislature, which is elsewhere chronicled, certainly is most remarkable. This body of mad men, in the face of the recently expressed Union sentiments of the State, in the late election of Representatives to Congress; with the truth before them that the General Government has the will, the means, and the power, to put down this rebellion; cognizant of the fact that the bastard Southern government is scubbed by every civilized nation; deliberately and almost unanimously votes in favor of immediately recognizing the Southern Confederacy. The State, so far as any power to aid the rebel goes, is helpless. The General Government holds it in complete subjection, as it will ere long every State deceived, discontented State in the Union; but in defiance of law and reason, less than half a hundred malcontents raise their feeble voices—they dare not do more—in opposition to the wishes of their constituents, and in opposition to the Central Government. These men are traitors in a small way, doing all they possibly can to embarrass their own State and the Nation: they are worse than three-quarters of the men who fill up the ranks of the rebel army, who are blindly following their leaders, and unconsciously becoming to all intents and purposes, their own executioners. It seems to us that the forty-seven traitors in the Maryland Legislature, should be treated as prisoners of the General Government, if not dealt with with less leniency. The few tories (as much tories, they are, as were the opposers of our Government in the Revolution) of Maryland should be effectually extinguished.

AN ACT OF JUSTICE. We are glad that Gov. Andrew has issued an order that the numbers of the new regiments raised for service shall be changed so as not to be confounded with the regiments already in service. This is but simple justice, as each regiment will be responsible for its own acts; and any glory that may have been won by the 25th or 26th Regiment, or any other, will not be given to those that enter the service later, and any disgrace (we pray there may be none) that may fall upon any body of men, will fall where it belongs, and not hereafter rest upon those who should not share it. It will also excite each regiment to strive for distinction, having the example of those who have set spotless themselves nobly in view, for I have pursued this part of my investigation with some degree of care, lead me to believe that the demoralizing influences are fewer in number than might be expected."

WHEELING CONVENTION. In the Convention yesterday, the morning session was occupied in singing the Declaration.—The roll was called by counties, and each member came forward to the Secretary's desk and signed the parchment. In the afternoon Hon. A. Harpost was unanimously elected Governor and Daniel Polsley Lieut. Governor. The election of Attorney General was postponed until Saturday.

Governor Pierpont was inaugurated in the afternoon, taking in addition to the usual oath, one expressive of the strongest opposition to the usurpers at Richmond. He then delivered an address to the convention, urging a vigorous prosecution of the work of redeeming the State from the hands of the rebels. A message from Gov. Pierpont recommending a strong military organization is expected in a day or two.

Last night the city was in a blaze of excitement, with fireworks, bell ringing, cannon firing, etc. Everybody was rejoicing.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE. In the Legislature yesterday, Mr. Wickes submitted a resolution that the debt now being incurred by the General Government in prosecuting the war, is unconstitutional, and of no binding force upon the State which did not consent thereto, and Maryland does not hold herself bound for any portion of its payment. Adopted. The resolution declaring the acts of the Administ ments form a part of the column of adherents, long by Gen. Butler. This one march west of the Blue Ridge, to the rear of Manassas Junction, taking care of Winchester and Strasburg on the way, if not possible, gratifying the true Union men of Virginia by the liberation of Manon. Another column, led by Gen. Butler, can be landed at the head of York River, whence it is only about 30 miles to Richmond. A third column, under Gen. McDowell, can march from Washington.

It would seem to be the plan of Beauregard to draw on hasty Brigadiers, with small bodies of troops, until they fall over masked batteries, as at Vienna. Another and better plan is for a part of the system of guerilla warfare, now popular in Virginia. It remains to be seen whether the rebel countenance to this these traps, or shall bide our time, and when we move, advance with massive columns, and from several directions, steadily and rapidly until Richmond falls."

SEVERAL military companies in this State, seeing no prospect of being sent to the seat of war, made applications to join regiments in other States. Capt. Luther Day of Haverhill, made an arrangement to join the Mozart Regiment, at Albany, N. Y., but on applying to Gov. Andrew for passes, was refused, and his company was ordered into camp at the State's expense. Under the new call, all the companies will be wanted.

WANT A JOB. The Southerners complain very bitterly about the steamer Brooklyn, which is a perfect water-dog at the mouth of the Mississippi. They went to get rid of her; a French engineer in New Orleans offers to destroy her for twenty thousand dollars. Another ambitious individual is willing to undertake the job for sixty thousand dollars, and a third proposes to do the work nicely for one hundred thousand dollars, payment to be made when the job is finished.

THE CONDITION OF THE SOLDIERS. The following extracts from a diagrams relative to the soldiers now in the service of the Federal Government, by Rev. Mr. Hepworth, who speaks from personal observation, must possess peculiar interest to all who have friends in the army—in fact, to everybody. It has been feared that the moral influence of the war would be bad on our soldiers, and consequently bad on the whole country; but the fact that the most rigid discipline is observed, must, to some extent, relieve much of the anxiety that has arisen in the mind of most people. We have been cognizant of so many instances illustrative of the fact that our soldiers are under the most wholesome restraint, that we have not feared that the close of the war will release a class of men, converted into desperadoes through evil practices and contact with enormous vices, would be let loose upon the country. A young man, writing at his parents in this city, in response to admonitions against falling into incorrect habits while away from his company, assured them that there is in the camp a steady approaching the temptations that beset the paths of persons of his age even in his own city. This is only one instance of many we could name. This, certainly is helpful in the conviction of many others who have visited the various encampments. The first duty of the officers is to guard their men, and every disobedience of rules is severely punished.—The officers of the companies are responsible to those of their regiments, and so up. With the strict discipline maintained throughout the several regiments, large and small, restraints are upon the men that elsewhere are unknown. Mr. Hepworth says:

"It may well be asked, What can you say for the demoralizing influences of the army? In what condition will our men return? They have gone from peaceful and pure homes. Will they come back to prey on us, and to find the end of their career in the prison? Will not the savage necessities of their present condition unfit them for their old occupations—harden, roughen, even putrify them? This is matter of great importance. It is after all the saddest problem connected with war. It is the heaviest price we pay for all we get. It were not confessed that men are in an abnormal condition when they draw the sword, and some of the accompaniments of that condition are very undesirable. It is a great misfortune which befalls a nation, when its chief business is to forge cannon, and make uniforms. It must expect to be haunted by many influences which do not come in the day of peace.

There will be as little demoralization connected with the war as is possible with any war. Never have I in my life witnessed a more genuine feeling of gratitude, approaching the highest patriotism, as I have seen among those who have gone from our midst. I do not believe that a soldier there is subjected to one half the temptation which beset him here. I do believe that many of our men have shown more manliness since they left the State than their comrades thought them capable of.—And I am very sure that in a community where should not share it. It will also excite each regiment to strive for distinction, having the example of those who have set spotless themselves nobly in view, for I have to greater exertions, knowing that what they win cannot be shared with others.—We think the act which has settled this matter eminently wise and proper.

The six new regiments will be numbered as follows:—Col. Cowdin's, First; Col. Gordon's, Second; Col. Couch's, Seventh; Col. Cass', Ninth; Col. Gilmore's, Tenth; Col. Clark's, Eleventh. It is probable that the Webster regiment will retain its present designation as the Twelfth.

WHAT THE SOUTH HAS HAD. *The Baltimore American*, an ably conducted sheet, giving the heartiest support to the Federal Government, in examining the circumstances which have led to the present condition of the country, refers particularly to the bootsteal of Government patronage, showing that the South has always had "the lion's share" of everything. Coming down in the history of the nation no further than the Democratic administration of Mr. Polk, and looking to sections, the Presidency had then been in Southern hands for nearly fifty years against but twelve enjoyed by the North. The Supreme Court Judges appointed since 1789, sixteen were from the South, and only eleven from the North; of Attorney-Generals fourteen were Southern and only five from the North; twenty-one Speakers of the House of Representatives from the South against ten from the North; sixty-one Presidents of the Senate pro tem. from the South, against sixteen from the North; and eighty Southern Foreign Ministers against but fifty-four from the North. And so on of Chief Justices, Cabinet, Naval and Military officers throughout.

KENTUCKY. Judging from the few returns received, the election yesterday resulted in an overwhelming Union majority. Louisville gives 1318 Union majority, which, it is supposed, will be increased to 1500 in the balance of Jefferson county.—For President, Bell had 237 majority over all in this county; Mr. Crittenden had 1040 majority in Fayette and 400 in Franklin counties. Bell carried Fayette by 360 over Breckinridge, while the latter beat Bell 117 in Franklin. Mr. Crittenden is elected over Simms, secession member of the last Congress, by a large majority. Bowling Green, in Warren County, gives Grider, Union, 338 majority.

THE RIGHT MAN IN THE RIGHT PLACE.—John L. Hayes, recently made chief clerk of the Patent Office, is of the famous New Hampshire stock, a man of scientific acquirements, of great energy and sterling character, and one of the most competent men for this place in the country. He is a sound lawyer, long familiar with patent proceedings, and of large mechanical knowledge. It is a fortunate thing that the important interests of all inventors, that the Patent Office has the services of so able a chief clerk as John L. Hayes.

FOREIGN RELATIONS. The *Post* says Lord Lyons yesterday presented to the President, dispatches from his government conveying strong assurances of its desire to preserve friendly relations with this country, and avoid all interference with our domestic affairs. Lyons also stated that his government would not admit any prizes taken by Southern privateers into British

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

The Secretary of War has telegraphed to several States for more troops.

Sixty officers of the Prussian army have been granted leave of absence for two years, and their services will soon be tendered to our Government for that period.

Col. C. H. Foster, of the Third Congressional District of North Carolina, is announced as an unconditional Union candidate. He boldly defends the action of the administration, and says that if the Federal troops were stationed in each district, the State would certainly return a full delegation.

THE WAR NEWS.

A fight expected soon. A dispatch to the *New York Post*, yesterday, states that a gentleman from Arlington says Beauregard is at Manassas Junction, with 60,000 men. Everything looks like hot work before tomorrow night.

Another dispatch says that the federal troops are advancing upon Fairfax Court House, and a fight is expected to-night.—The 5th New York Regiment, with a battery of flying artillery, forms the advance guard.

The apprehension that hostilities will shortly commence on the Virginia shore has its foundation in the fact that the outposts of the opposing armies are strengthened and extended. In view of this it is supposed that a collision of the outposts would bring on an extensive engagement. Hence the unabated anxiety for intelligence from that quarter.

The State Department issued the following notice yesterday:—

"It is expected hereafter that any passport issued by any diplomatic agent accredited to this government, or by any consular officer acting under authority from a person about to proceed beyond the lines of the United States thence to a foreign country will be countersigned by the Secretary of State."

Attack on Cairo Expected. A special dispatch from Cairo yesterday, says we expect an attack soon from Gen. Pillow, at the head of an army variously estimated at from 10,000 to 30,000. Something will happen here before long, of which our superior officers seem to be well aware. Rumor says a large force of Ohio troops and several gunboats are coming down the Ohio to reinforce us.

Gen. McClellan has assumed the command in person of the Western Virginia forces. His exposts to have 15,000 men in the field before Saturday night.

The Boonville Fight. There is official confirmation of the defeat of the State forces on Monday. The official statement of the killed has not been received, but the list of the Home Guards was not over 20; our loss was 2 killed, 9 wounded and 1 missing. The State troops numbered over 2000, and lost 1500 stand of arms, considerable ammunition, stores, horses and mules.

Gov. Jackson, it is supposed, has gone to Arkansas.

Seven more Regiments from Massachusetts. Dispatches from Washington yesterday afternoon, which have since been confirmed, state that ten more regiments will be called for from the State. They will give an opportunity for native services to all the regiments which have been organized and are now waiting to be called upon.

Another Connecticut Regiment. Col. Colt's regiment, which was intended for the regular U. S. service, have been reorganized and ordered to the war. The State will at once fill up and equip the regiment to be ready for active service. Hon. O. S. Ferry has accepted the Colonelship of the regiment, which is the 5th volunteer regiment from Connecticut.

Capture of rebel vessels. Eleven vessels containing provisions for the rebels have been captured in the Potomac and thither destroyed or confiscated.

THE WAY IT IS TO BE DONE. Some Washington letter-writer has proposed the following, as the method by which Richmond and the rebels are to be dispossed of. We publish it as one of the multitude of speculations as to the campaign:—

"There is no reason to believe that Gen. Scott will be other than the head of the army. He will, doubtless, move upon Richmond by several roads, Western Virginia will act in concert, and the movements form a part of the column of advance, long by Gen. Butler. This one march west of the Blue Ridge, to the rear of Manassas Junction, taking care of Winchester and Strasburg on the way, if not possible, gratifying the true Union men of Virginia by the liberation of Manon. Another column, led by Gen. Butler, can be landed at the head of York River, whence it is only about 30 miles to Richmond. A third column, under Gen. McDowell, can march from Washington.

It would seem to be the plan of Beauregard to draw on hasty Brigadiers, with small bodies of troops, until they fall over masked batteries, as at Vienna. Another and better plan is for a part of the system of guerilla warfare, now popular in Virginia. It remains to be seen whether the rebel countenance to this these traps, or shall bide our time, and when we move, advance with massive columns, and from several directions, steadily and rapidly until Richmond falls."

THE LATE COL. ELLSWORTH. In the *Atlantic Monthly for July*, appears a touching sketch of the late Col. Ellsworth, written by Mr. Hay, private secretary of the President. Mr. Hay writes of his friend with handsome pride, and gives an accurate insight into his character. The following extract from Mr. Hay's article will illustrate the great dexterity and skill which Col. Ellsworth had acquired:—

"He practiced the manual of arms in his own room, until his dexterous precision was something akin to the sleight of a juggler. He investigated the theory of every movement in an anatomical view, and made several most valuable improvements on Hardee. He re-arranged the manual so that every movement formed the logical ground-work of the succeeding one. He studied the science of fence, so that he could hold a rapier with De Villiers, the most dashing of the Algerine swordsmen. He always had a hand at tone as steel, and an eye like a get falcon. He used to amuse himself by shooting ventilation holes through his window shutters. Standing ten paces from the window, he could fire the seven shots from his revolver, and set all three guns beyond the circumference of a half dollar. I have seen a photograph of a target shot by Col. Lovell. The knotted coil of these and sinews looks like the magnificent exaggerations of antique sculpture."

SECESSION IN NASHVILLE. Notwithstanding the triumph of the secessionists at the recent election in Nashville, Tenn., they feel little disposition to rejoice over their success. A letter writer from that city, dated June 13th, says:—

"I told you, in my last, that it was reported the names of the Union prisoners would be published. They have not been, nor will they be. So much private opposition was expressed by the friends of these men, even by the strongest secessionists, that the papers dared not do it. It would have caused bloodshed, it is thought. There has not been the slightest celebration of the victory of the secessionists, nor any prospect of any. *Nobody seems glad, but all look gloomy.* What is the matter?

AT CAIRO. Mr. Russell, of the *London Times*, visited the camp of the Federal troops at Cairo, and was furnished by Gen. Prentiss. He addressed the troops but was non-committal. He is reported to have complimented them highly on the efficiency of their drill. The private conversation he declared that the Southern troops could bear no comparison with them here in discipline, arms, and general appearance.

MR. BUCHANAN AND HIS LATE SOUTHERN FRIENDS. The *Charleston Courier* having been informed that Lower Buchanan, a Union man in Fairfax, was fired upon for going to decay, retorts—"We did not suppose there was any Buchanan lower than the late unlamented President of the United States."

Since Mr. Buchanan "fell from grace" in the service of the Southern traitors, it is fair to take their own evidence against him, though it exhibits their ungrateful baseness.

THE ARMED VESSELS OF THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY. The Southerners have twenty-three steamers which can be armed and used for piratical purposes, with an aggregate tonnage of 14,515, and 90 guns. Ten of the number are already in the service. They have also five sailing vessels of an aggregate of 515 tons, and 10 guns. There are about twenty armed vessels either in service or ready to do partial duty.

HEREAFTER. Ex-Governor Andrew H. Reeder, of Pennsylvania, declined the sender of a Brigadier-Generalship in the army, on the ground that he considered himself not qualified to fill the duties of the station.

ORDINATION IN LAWRENCE. Rev. J. B. Davis, late graduate of the New Hampton Theological Seminary, is to be ordained, to-day, pastor of the Freewill Baptist Church in Lawrence. The charge will be by Rev. Mr. Mott, of this city.

THE HOMICIDE AT FRYEBURG, ME. In the case of Wm. Swan, to which allusion was made yesterday, who was found guilty of killed in her bed at Fryeburg, the coroner's jury returned a verdict that she came to her death by strangulation at the hands of Ephraim Gilman, or of some person or persons unknown. Gilman was arrested. Facts have been developed which point very strongly to the guilt of the accused.

A REGULAR case of recognition after ten years' separation, took place at Keokuk, Iowa. Two of the tallest men of rival volunteers were put back to back to ascertain which comprised the greatest amount of the "infant" 6 feet 4 and one half inches high, had beaten his competitor by a quarter of an inch, they were introduced, and proved to be brothers, who had been separated ten years.

A SOUTHERN INCIDENT. Mr. Alden Moulton, of Greens, recently driven out of Alabama, informs the *Evening Journal* that a vigilance committee from Mobile tied up his employer (a Southerner) and whipped him for retaining Northern men in his service. On being released, he found this identical Southerner, who had been whipped for employing him, actually enlisted in the United States army at Cairo! The latter had been whipped into patriotism, and now, *all look gloomy.* What a commentary!

VACCINATION OF SOLDIERS. By invitation of Dr. Kimball, the surgeon, Dr. Harry A. Martin, of Roxbury, will soon visit Fort Monroe, for the purpose of vaccinating such of the soldiers as may desire it.

A UNION SOLDIER HUNG BY REBELS. A report from Chambersburg, Pa., states that a young man named Gaff, residing at Greencastle, was hung by the secessionists near Harper's Ferry. This report was confirmed on Monday. A permit was in his pocket, from Capt. Elder, of St. Thomas, stating that he belonged to his company.—*Pennsylvania Faith.* They issued the first number about a week since, and the second is now due.

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"One of his acts was to change the name of the legation to the original title, and we now have here "*the United States Mission*" in place of the "*American Ministry*," as it was in the days of Buchanan and Dallas. Mr. Adams has also restored the court dress of the earlier times, in place of the undertaker's short sleekness worn by his predecessors. These changes are much applauded by the American resident here and highly gratifying to the Republican people."

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CITY AND VICINITY.

EXPRESS BAG FOR 6TH REGIMENT.

The Bag for the Lowell soldiers of the 6th Regiment, at the Relief Rooms, will be sent by the Soldiers' Aid Association on MONDAY, June 24th, at noon, from the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company.

Letters in U. S. stamped envelopes, and parcels not exceeding one pound in weight, will be received at the office.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WISE,
jun24dtt Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 31 MERRIMACK STREET—front of Central Street. may21dtf

HAVE YOUR PAPERS. Persons going into the country for a few days or for a few weeks, can have copies of the COURIER sent to them regularly while they are absent, by leaving their orders at our counting-room, without extra expense, save the postage.

BRODGHT BACK. The body of Luther C. Ladd, one of the soldiers slain at Baltimore on the 19th of April, has been brought home to Fryeburg, Me., for interment. The place where his parents reside. It reached here in the noon train from the North, in charge of his brother-in-law, Mr. Jeremiah F. Dow, and was received at the depot by the members of the Committee of the City Council, and conveyed to the cemetery. The body of Mr. Ladd, with that of Addison O. Whitney, his companion in death, which has been in the receiving-tomb until now, will be temporarily buried in a grave in the lot at the foot of the hill, immediately north of the chapel, until such time as a monument shall be erected to their memory.

EXCITEMENTS. Last evening there was quite a fermentation on Middle Street—a drunken man offering to whip the whole of the party, and succeeding in getting a sight in the station, quieted the belligerent propositions of the man. A few evenings since we saw four policemen bringing a drunken fellow Gorham Dow Central Street. The captive was conveyed along in a sort of "spread eagle" shape, each of the officers having hold of an arm or leg. The fellow was in another scene in a bad affray on persons of strong habits but weak reputations.

POLICE COAST. This forenoon, Benan Woodward, for keeping his place of business open on the Lord's day, was fined $5 and costs.

Matthew French, absentee from school, was sentenced to the House of Reformatory for two years.

Ann Dunn and Mary J. Kelly, for drunkenness, will come in at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

THE HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION. In another place will be found the list of premiums to be awarded to exhibitors at the approaching exhibition by the Lowell Horticultural Society. The display promises to be unusually attractive, and we have no doubt the attendance, day and evening, will be large.

Two months ago to-day, the Lowell companies in the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment were sworn into the service of the Federal Government at Washington, for three months, subsequently have one month longer to serve.

THAT STEAM GUN. We learn that one of the objects for which Maj. W. H. Clemence visits the seat of war is to look after that steam gun! Get it here, by all means, and then we can consider it a salute from it on the coming Fourth.

CORRECTION. In our Court notice yesterday, we should have said Supreme instead of Superior Court. The Court will open in this city on Monday, with Judge Chapman on the bench.

SPLENDID corn-growing weather is this which we are now having. People of good taste think more of ice-creams and strawberries and cream than they do of hot whisky punches.

DR. NATHAN ALLEN, of this city, has been elected one of the Vice Presidents of the State Sabbath School Union, which held its Convention at Fall River yesterday.

JEFFERSON DAVIS, in a speech at Portland, a year or two ago, said:—

"If, at some future time, when I am mingled with the dust, and the arm of my mother sons has ceased to strike in the manhood, the storm of war should burst upon your city, I feel that, with your sons his inheriting the instincts of his ancestors and mine, I may plunge him in that purifying flood, and he will come out from the fire of your bearthstones, and in maintaining the honor of the flag whose constellation, though torn and smoked in many a battle by sea and land, has never been polluted with disgrace, will be found forever fly as free as the breeze which unfolds it."

A REGIMENT of 600 Arkansas troops, under the command of Col. Thomas C. Hindman, late M. C. from that State, has been whipped for employing him, actually enlisted in the United States army at Cairo! The latter had been whipped into patriotism, and now, *all look gloomy.* What a commentary! *Hon. Jeff. Davis.*

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DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.

☞ When the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and the operation of which could in no wise prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of so educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums, improperly given the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Relief has been proved, beyond a doubt, that Doctor M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public—a photograph of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills. The knotted coil of these and sinews looks like the magnificent exaggerations of antique sculpture."

For sale by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canadas.

FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
(47)

CARPETS. Just received from New York and Boston, a large assortment of carpets at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling at 62½ cts. cheaper than any we have sold before, and at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply on hand at Adams & North's, and for sale selling at reduced prices, and those falling to select from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select from the pieces that they may desire.

We have also an elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH. may29dtf

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via. any of the through lines. Also, Passage Tickets to Liverpool, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast, Havre, Antwerp, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Berlin, Stettin, Copenhagen, Gothenburg, Stockholm, Christiania, Galway, Quebec, Portland, Boston, Halifax, Canada, Nova Scotia, and all parts of the World.

E. V. DICKETT, Agent,
may11 Corner of Merrimack and Market Sts.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:
G. B. Coburn, W. Hamblen, L. G. Rowe, Jr. H. Bowers, Jr. S. Richardson, E. F. Sherman, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Farm, Furniture and Factories. No assessment has been made during the past year. The present surplus is $20,219.91, with Deposit Notes in the hands of the Trustees, $10,000. Insurances on dwellings and farm property in Middlesex County is confined to the Mutual Department. Insurances on shipping, and risks on as far as any Company will take, to the STOCK DEPARTMENT.

Office, No. 27 Merrimack Street, (up stairs.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 19, 1860. jy19tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up cleanest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes no dust.

Than any other free burning coal. And the above facts can be proved by

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Office at our agent, J. HOWARD, Merrimack street. may14dtf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
DR. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

is continually in peril if she is kept enough to be ailing. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a safe remedy in two thirds of her ans are more or less subject.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are from the same medicine formula which the venerable CORNELIUS J. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of the City of New York, prescribed in his private practice for forty years and successfully in an extended private practice of twenty years in this city. Explicit directions for use in all cases. Explicit directions for use in all cases. Explicit directions for use in all cases

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been politely given by the leading practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in one advertisement; but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade in this vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, beg to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steels & Co.,	Hartford, Conn.
Hemingway & Stevens,	" "
Wm. Rogers & Son,	" "
J. C. Blackman,	Bridgeport, "
George Brown,	New Haven, "
E. Benjamin,	" "
C. J. Munson,	" "
John B. Kirby,	" "
John Gordon,	New London, "
James R. Ayres,	Waterbury, "
E. S. Huntington & Co.	Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford,	" "
H. D. Hall,	Middletown, "
John L. Smith,	" "
John Barton,	Lynn, Mass.
Currier & Trott,	Boston, "
J. V. Ketzel,	" "
John McGregor,	Lawrence, "
Dexter & Haskins,	N. Bedford, "
S. Childs,	" "
E. D. Tisdale,	Taunton, "
Albert Pitts,	" "
Ellis Gifford,	Fall River, "
F. W. Mascomber,	" "
J. J. Borns,	Gloucester, "
Jesse Smith,	Salem, "
B. N. Story,	Worcester, "
Levi Johnson,	" "
T. M. Lamb,	" "
N. Moody,	Greenfield, "
W. Kirkham, Jr.	Springfield, "
W. M. Rood,	Pittsfield, "
John B. Scott,	" "
Benj'n E. Cook,	N'thampton "
Charles W. Fogg,	Providence, R.I.
Andrew Warren,	" "
Amos Sanborn,	Lowell, "
D. D. Anthony & Co.	Providence, R.I.
Peleg Arnold,	E. Greenwich, "
L. R. Henderson,	Concord, N.H.
George W. Drew & Co.	" "
Wm. Cary,	" "
Elijah Knight,	" "
Charles E. Bacon,	Dover, "
Henry H. Sise,	Portsmouth "
Robert N. Bodge,	" "
Wm. B. Morrill,	Exeter, "
W. O. C. Woodbury,	Claremont, "
Reuben Spencer,	" "
Richard Gove,	Laconia, "
Jonathan Hosmer,	Nashua, "
N. W. Goddard,	" "
Chas. T. Ridgway,	" "
L. B. Gay,	" "
Sherburne Shaw,	Sanbornton Bridge "
S. J. Mellish,	Hanover, "
F. Hodgman,	Littleton, "
C. H. Huntington,	St. Albans, Vt.
C. H. Harding,	Brattleboro', "
T. C. Phinney,	Montpelier "
A. A. Mead,	" "
J. C. Bates,	Northfield, "
J. H. Murdock,	Windsor, "
C. C. Childs,	St. Johnsbury, "
Brinsmaid & Hildreth,	Burlington, "
E. W. Wingate,	" "
Thompson & Ranger,	Brattleboro', "
Foster Grow,	Chelsea, "
W. K. Wallace,	Newbury, "
L. Amsden,	Bellows Falls, "
C. E. Kimball,	" "
Freeman M. Hardison,	South Berwick Me.
Henry McKenney,	Auburn, "
John T. Hoskins,	Bath, "
Tompkins & Morris,	Bangor, "
C. C. Williams,	" "
G. S. & G. L. Rogers,	Gardiner, "
Twomby & Smith,	Saco, "
Moses M. Swan,	Augusta, "
D. G. Hall,	Lewiston, "
James Emery,	Bucksport, "
Bimson Blood,	Rockland, "
D. E. Lary,	Houlton, "
John B. Adams,	Orland, "

CAUTION—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our production which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the number of the watch, and signed by our Treasurer, E. H. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.

ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents
158 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
ap26 6m

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.60
" " " Charleston, 5.90
" " " Derby, 5.60
" " " Newport, 5.10
" " " Stanstead, 4.70

THROUGH TICKETS to the Lowest Prices.

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of the same, if by strict attention and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
ap26 6m

BENT & BUSH'S
SPRING STYLE, 1861,
"Patent Elastic Cushion"
HATS
ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.

They would call particular attention to

THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"

Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by any article yet produced.

YOUNG MEN.

N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the "PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."

FOR SALE BY
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
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BURHAM!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central st.
Also at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack st.
ap27

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Dusting Brushes, Grass Brushes, Shoe Brushes, and a *Fine Brush* and Broom combined, for cleaning entry stairs—no one thing to clean the two thoroughly. Just received and for sale by

H. S. HAYNES & Merrimack s.
jan26tf

RUBBER BLANKETS,

A NEW and beautiful article, very light and strong, and an essential article for Camp life—just received by SEARS'S Corner Merrimack and John sts.
may26tf

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and preserving effected after all others have failed, is designed for both *married* and *single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, after *all other remedies* of the day have proved ineffectual, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

IF It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *cleanly sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

IF *Remember! This medicine is designed for Females only*, and is *warranted to do what all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, and failed; it is *unprocured as a specific in every instance*, or *the price will be refunded*.

IF Beware of imitations! None genuine unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Tremont, Boston, R. I.

IF To be specially embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by which the unfortunate are treated in the best manner especially for his retail trade, and are made to feel at home. Ladies can call at the rooms and be waited on by a lady.

Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and he gives the very best references and testimonials. His youth is no necessity and his office hours ARE any others. LETTERS DO THE SAME; Call, or write, and you will receive them by return.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, Providence, R. I.

Aug. 28, 1860. aug28ly1

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

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LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,	Court Dockets,
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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Bakers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

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For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,

in tint, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Blank Books on hand, a good stock of pearl ruled and plain paper, bound and ordered CARDS always in store. Orders for any description of work or paper cuts as boards to be cut to order.

H. STONE, } Proprietors.
E. W. HUSE. }

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 *CENTRAL STREET,*
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frame for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Pictures for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
Sept. 26, 1860. &c., &c., &c. sep26dt

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years, and has dealt in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are prepared to sell the best fitting as well as the best made gloves in the market.

Mr. Brazer has a superior article of Dom Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip, for sale at low prices.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
jan21

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS repaired and recovered, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Pubbing, Engraving, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may29 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLAUK TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Rye and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by
W. H. DYAR.
ap28

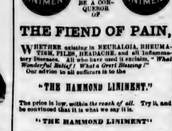
FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparations of Arsenic, Sulphur and Lotion, Carbolic Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, White's Lily, Rose Pearl, Rose Tint, Pearl Powder, and for sale at H. E. RIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and Middle sts.
may28

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

DRUGGING, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware &c.*—This article is the best thing ever offered to the public, and is a great saving of labor. Paint, Furniture, Glass, &c., will look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been offered to the public. For sale by the proprietor, H. E. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary.
John st., corner Merrimack and John sts.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory forms, should be met and conquered by "Hammond's *Wonderful Balm!*" *What's Great Stanup?* Your advice to all sufferers is to use

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT!"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL EDDES, 20 Merrimack street, Lowell, and by druggists and John Wood, Lowell; CHACE & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; E. H. & E. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
Portland, Me.
February 15, 1861. 1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation June 1, 1861.	$3,819,586.00
Dividends paid to date,	1,834,860.18
Losses paid,	1,818,056.50

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to secure its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following:

It offers mutual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Class Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Branch Offices owned by its are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Rowan's City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined strictly strictly to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

Its accommodations are unusual in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, 5 year full per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one half by a note bearing 6 per cent. interest; per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been on Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to and the insured in annual installments, commencing with the second year, and the insured receive the Dividend when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Mutual Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that they commenced with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860 Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street
mar7 1y

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one and every mother who has seen the sad and premature decease of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, that it is the imperative duty of every parent to your notice for the alleviation and cure of these disorders, DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success for several years in his extensive practice, is known to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infants complaints, and will be found to be a precious jewel of no superiority over every other preparation of the kind. Sold by druggists generally.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life, when your anxieties are awakened, and your sympathies are excited by the sufferings of your little ones, you will find in *Dr. Eaton's Teething Infantile Cordial*, a remedy *Soothing, Invigorating, Grateful, Cooling to the Bowels, Aiding to the Digestive Organs, and Healthful in its Operation*, and which will be found to be in perfect accordance with this as a certain relief and cure in all cases of Cholera Infantum, Sick Stomach, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Worms, Canker, Sore Mouth, &c., &c. Immediately after

THE DAILY COURIER,

Saturday, June 22, 1861.

THE ATTITUDE OF THE GOVERNMENT TOWARD THE SOUTH. In replying to an article which appeared a few days ago in the *Baltimore Sun*, agreeing that the attempt of the General Government to put down the rebellion, the (New York) *World* clearly sets forth the true state of things, and assumes the only position that we have ever proposed to occupy in this contest. At the risk of repeating what we have before said, we reprint much of the article of our cotemporary, only premising, that so far as we come in contact with the public, it is a fair expression of the understanding of almost every one of every former political complexion. The *World* contends that "if full and partial or general emancipation of the slaves should prove to be one of the results of the war, it will not be in consequence of any deliberate purpose or 'manifest destiny' of the Federal Government, or northern people, but in consequence of the amazing and incorrigible folly of the South. If the State of Maryland, the State of Kentucky, and the State of Missouri shall, either by spontaneous loyalty or wholesome fear of coercion, hold fast their place in the Union, no man at the North, nor any intelligent, will did man at the South, doubts that the Federal Government will leave them in full possession of that unrestricted power over their domestic institutions which they have always exercised in the Union; nor that the Federal authorities will continue to restore to them, as heretofore, their fugitive slaves."

Nor is there any more doubt among intelligent men anywhere, that if, two months hence, the rebel troops should be driven back out of Virginia, and that State reconvered to the Union, the State laws would remain without interference, and no slaves be forfeited except such as had escaped from their masters while the State was in an attitude of rebellion. And so of other States.

If this insurrection should fall through to-morrow, some of its leaders would doubtless be tried and punished as traitors; but notwithstanding the terrible financial calamities it has brought upon the country, all rights of private property at the South, would be scrupulously respected. The Northern people were ready at the close of the last Congress to give the slave States a guarantee, if they wished it, in the shape of an irrepealable amendment to the Constitution, that property in slaves should never be interfered with by the Federal Government in the States where it exists by law. They would be willing to give that guarantee three months hence if the war should be ended by that time. But if the war should be protracted, there are certainly tendencies at work which may produce a great change of sentiment.

Our cotemporary concludes that it is not in the nature of things that a prolonged attitude of hostility between the North and the South, and the feeling of constant pugnation and bitterness which it must occasion, should not cause the two sections to look with growing disfavor on each other's opinions and institutions. What the Northern people reflect—and this reflection will be perpetually forced upon them—that this wanton and atrocious war, this wicked attempt to destroy the most beneficent government the world ever saw, is a war waged professedly in the interest of slavery, it is not possible that they should regard the institution with any complacency. If slaves escape during the conflict, the Northern people will bid them God speed. If the Southern States shall refuse submission, after they have been conquered, and the Government is compelled to rule them by military authority as conquests, nobody can answer for the consequences on the institution of slavery.

While, therefore, the government is not defending itself against organized treason with any hostile design against slavery, it is quite possible that the continuance of the South, if persisted in, may bring about a result which the Southern people cannot contemplate without consternation and horror."

A DEMOCRATIC EDITORIAL CONVENTION. A Democratic Editorial Convention has been called to meet at the Astor House, New York, on Thursday next, "to confer together and devise such line of action for our (we quote from the call) guidance as may be deemed advisable in the present deplorable condition of our country, and consistent with the importance of the political principles and duty of free patriots." We do not know who the leaders in this movement are, nor is it of much consequence. The liberal minded men of every party are, so far as we can observe, ready to sustain the Government. There are, o course now and then persons who, no matter what interests may be involved, will never give up their party obligations—it is party before principles with them; and their minds are too narrow to admit a thought of the possibility of any one that has not always voted with them ever being in the right. They have always been right themselves, and always will be right; their neighbors never have been and never can be right. These men would preserve the old party lines, and if possible divide the almost unanimous support given to the President in his efforts to preserve the Government, really for no reason than because he was not elected on their ticket. We trust that one idea, logoted men, are not the getters-up of the proposed convention.

CONGRESS. F. P. Blair of Missouri, G. A. Grow of Pennsylvania, Schuyler Colfax of Indiana, and H. L. Dawes of this State, are mentioned for Speaker of the House. There will probably be a change in some of the officers of the Senate.

A REMARKABLE DOCUMENT FROM THE SOUTH. The following, which was sent to ex-President Fillmore in the form of a circular, was published a few days ago in the *Buffalo Courier*. The envelop inclosing it bore the postmark of some South Carolina postoffice, and it is peculiarly Southern in its tone, giving if the appearance of gentleness. Notwithstanding the polished language, we do not think it entitled to very great weight. Evidently some one proposes to frighten the North, as the Ohio sage undertook to the English soldiers, by parading the streets in the night time with hideous looking lanterns. But to the document, which appears not to have been endorsed by any one, notwithstanding its authoritatile style:—

READ, PONDER AND DIGEST.

It is thought, by many at the North, that the part of the South not standing over a magazine of stupendous magnitude, that only wants the application of a match to spread ruin, disaster and death, throughout the whole length and breadth of the Confederate States, Northern papers to the contrary notwithstanding, is peculiarly wedded to popularity, that may be supposed to reflect public sentiment, to some extent, at least, are suggesting in unmistakable terms the propriety of applying the match. Men of the North, however, I am sure would spare the shedding of oceans of blood, stay your ruthless hands, hold in check your covetousness and tongues, restrain your satanic press —for whenever the attempt is made to carry out that fiendish suggestion—a suggestion worthy the lowest, the meanest, the most smeaking, and at the same time bloodthirsty demon, that ever issued from the billows of hell—in the manner indicated, the combustible materials of which the magazine is composed will be saturated with blood, that all the fires of hell could not ignite them. In other words, wherever the slaves in the border slave States are incited to escape from their owners by hundreds and thousands, by the proffered aid having Sharpe's rifles and Colt's revolvers placed in their hands, and compelled then to butcher white men, women and children; whenever the slaves in the Gulf States are incited to servile insurrection, and the prospect bids fair for their being converted into domestic insurrection, the slave owners in the South will be found ready to sacrifice every slave from whom danger may be apprehended, upon the spot; it involve the destruction by a concentrated and simultaneous movement, of every male slave over the age of fifteen years, or even younger than that, if the necessities in each case may seem to require it. Not a willing hands will be found ready to execute the bloody deed. Before Southern men will suffer themselves, their wives and little ones to be butchered, and their daughters worse than butchered, by fiends in human form, before they will suffer to say considerable extent the horrors of servile insurrections, the gulf streams will be crimson with the gore, and every Southern heart will be choked with the fiery current of slaves. Men of the North, you hold in your hands the lives of half a million of States; for as sure as there is a God in heaven, if this war continues, and they, through your instrumentality, become dangerous and unmanageable, the last one of them will perish. Attempt, if you dare, to occupy a portion of our population into vipers, and before they get ready to strike with envenomed fangs into our vitals, their heads will be crushed beneath our heels. Never will they be permitted to become instruments in your hands for our attempted subjugation.

THE LIVELY CHAPLAIN. A member of the Richardson Light Infantry, writing home from Fortress Monroe, gives a sketch of a New York chaplain who is full of fun and fight. He was asleep when the troops marched for Great Bethel, but as the 3d company started, he was awakened, and dressed himself, mounted his horse and started. He has a small pistol about four inches long, which he calls his "Floyd Gun."

He related the following account of the battle: He went into the field to encourage the men, and said to one of the wounded, when one of them "dum" secessionists blazed away at him. It astonished him, and he thought it must be a mistake, when another ball came ploughing through his cap, about an inch and a half above his head. That made him mad; he did not come there to be picked out for a target, and he up with his "Floyd Gun" and popped away at them. A soldier at his side asked him what good he thought he did, when he (the chaplain) considered for a moment, and told the soldier if he did not tumble the next man down he would report him for wasting ammunition. The soldier let drive, when one of the rebels threw up his arms like a duck and disappeared behind the breastworks.

The writer says the soldiers are all well.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY. The July number (from which we have already quoted) has come to our table. The contents are—Our Orders (a poem); Agnes of Sorrento, (continuation of Mrs. Stowe's story); Sea Painting and Sea-Sculpture; The London Working-Men's College; Emancipation in Russia; The Haunted Shanty; Rhotrada; Greek Lines; The Ordeal; The United States and Europe; Washington as a Camp (by Maj. Winthrop, who was killed in the Great Bethel fight); Between Spring and Summer; Ellsworth; Reviews and Literary Notices; Record of American Publications. Many of these articles, as indicated by their headings, are of a character relation to the present period, and will not lack in interest even where in the free States. Those relating to Col. Ellsworth and camp-life in Washington will be eagerly read by all. The *Atlantic* is for sale at the book and periodical stores.

It is said that Wigfall has visited Washington, disguised as a cattle driver, and obtained valuable information for Jeff. Davis.

"It is said" is reponsible for a great many statements and the above is probably incorrect. If Wigfall should be caught at Washington, there would probably be the *fall* of a *wig*; or at least the place where the wig is usually worn.

WHEELING CONVENTION. In this body yesterday, after providing for the disbursement of monies and the appointment of certain State officers, a resolution was adopted that a copy of the declaration and signatures be forwarded to the President of the United States.

EVERYBODY is good for something; a back-woodsman who recently became a volunteer said he "could not write nor read, but he could shoot the eye out of a squirrel at the top of the tallest tree."

It is stated that John C. Breckinridge does not intend to take his seat in the Senate at the extra session of Congress.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the Courier.—

That *The York World* states that Jeff. Davis has sent Commissioners to Washington with peace propositions.

The Knoxville Convention will pursue a course similar to the Wheeling Convention, and reorganize the State Government of Tennessee.

Fifty Virginians were killed at the Edward's Ferry fight, on Wednesday.

WAR NEWS, 4 C.

A Washington dispatch to the *New York Tribune* says Gen. McDowell asked permission of Gen. Scott to make an attack on the rebels. Gen. Scott replied in the negative.

The War Department discovered a dangerous secessionist carrying on a regular correspondence with Beauregard via Mount Vernon. Beauregard is at Fairfax Court House. This appears from a pass of his to a lady named Perkins, which was found by a scouting party.

Fort Monroe. Since the successful experiment with Sawyer's gun important events at Sewall's Point have been expected. Complete returns of the killed and wounded at Great Bethel have not yet been made out, nor never will be. The confusion and inefficiency of our volunteer officers is inexcusable. A flag of truce came down to Hampton to arrange for an exchange of prisoners, of whom we have a considerable number confashed, and must fight or surrender.

The *Spirit of the Times*, the leading sporting paper of this country, has been compelled to suspend publication for a time. It has had a large circulation at the South, and many of the officers of the United States Government, which has cut off all mail communications, has rendered this step necessary, but the proprietor anticipates the resumption of the publication of the *Spirit* at no very distant day. We hope he may realize his expectations. We like the old *Spirit*, and regret that anything has occurred to extinguish its light for a brief time even.

The soldiers who took an oath not to fight against the Confederate States, having asked to be discharged from service on account of the peculiar position, the authorities at Washington, after mature deliberation, have concluded not to send them (the Eighth Infantry, who were sworn by the Texans), to the Western Department, as first contemplated. They will be retained for garrison duty at such posts in the Department of the East as are too secure and remote to be visited by the rebels. Fourteen companies are now at Fort Hamilton, New York harbor.

AN OX WITH A WOODEN LEG. A Pennsylvania farmer had the following misfortune happen to a fine working ox. The animal was put in the stable, and the farmer was at work, making a fence. The ox stepped into a post hole, and broke his leg. As he was too long to kill, the farmer consulted a physician, who lived close by, and the result was that it was determined to cut off its leg. The ox relished food one day only, after taking off its leg. A wooden leg was substituted in proper time, and when this ox was finally killed, it presented the finest beef seen in the Philadelphia market.

CITY AND COUNTRY TROOPS. The Surgeon of the First New Hampshire Regiment, Dr. A. B. Crosby, in a paper contributed to the *Boston Medical and Surgical Journal*, entitled "A Month in a Volunteer Camp," confirms the impressions which prevail concerning the difference between soldiers from cities and from rural districts. He writes as follows:—

"Our men were enlisted from farms and machine shops mainly, and undoubtedly possess a great deal of strength. They are full of pluck, and, as the saying is, 'just spoiling for a fight,' yet I do not think that it will follow that they will endure the most. At the end of a march of fifteen miles, from Washington to this place, the thermometer being at 95, twelve men were obliged to go into hospital at once. On the contrary, the New York 8th, made up of clerks in the city, marched side by side with us the same day, and at the end of the march had only one man to go into hospital, and he sick when they started. I attribute this to the fact that these young New Yorkers are much more in the habit of being on their feet, and walking over the pavements of New York city, than the men, instead of this, our New Hampshire farmers are hardy every day, but generally having a comfortable wagon, and do not probably spend half as much time on their feet as city men. Every man in the New York 9th are thin, very busky, not a single extra ounce of adipose to carry, and accordingly care of themselves; in my judgment, the New Hampshire boys, in this respect are not to be compared to the New York boys out, but on a march the city boys have the advantage."

THE THREE MONTHS MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENTS. From present advices we have every reason to believe that the Seventh Regiment at the Relay House, the *Boston Transcript* learns that a very general wish is expressed to be mustered into service for three years, when their present term of service expired, which will be in less than four weeks. The men feel that they are now competent, in every respect, to uphold the honor of the Bay State in any position, and they, however, unwilling to enter upon another term of service unless allowed a furlough to visit their homes. This feeling doubtless exists to a greater or less extent in all the regiments now absent. We have also seen it stated that Col. Watson of the Sixth, has been authorized to raise a regiment at home for three years, will be joined by many of the three months' men of the Sixth and Eighth Regiments.

SURGEON ON WHITE CHEVATS. Spurgeon, the eminent Baptist divine of England, in a late speech before the Baptist Home Missionary Society, expressed great contempt for certain ministerial badges as follows. He was calling for men to assist in the work, adding that they were scarce articles:—

"What I mean by a man," said he, "is not a person with white chevats and open white black coat. From my heart I wish that these white cravats were done with. No person wears them but parsons, undertakers, assistants at drapers' shops, undertakers' men, and ministers. I believe they are a badge of servitude. I believe they are a badge of servitude. I believe they are originally invented by the old sort of deacons, who used to combine the business of undertaking and ordinary draper. They are all dead now a days, I am happy to say. What I mean by a man is not one of those men who wear their hair parted in the middle, and waiters at inns, assistants at drapers' shops, undertakers' men, and ministers. I believe they are a badge of servitude. I believe they were originally invented by the old sort of deacons, who used to combine the business of undertaking and ordinary draper. They are all dead now a days, I am happy to say. What I mean by a man is not one of those men who wear their hair parted in the middle, and white chevats, but one who is a man in every sense of the word."

MAKING A CAT'S PAW OF 'EM. It is positively stated by persons in the vicinity of the rebel batteries at Vienna, that the South Carolina troops placed in front of themselves one hundred and fifty negroes to receive the fire of the Ohio men, so that the former fell fat on their faces when the muskets of the latter were pointed in that direction, and that four the shots passed over them and killed six of the soldiers whom they were set up to protect.

THE *Nashua Telegraph* says there are a few men in that community, whose whole sympathies are with the rebels, and who do not hesitate, in certain circles, to express the desire that every man who goes to fight for the country shall be shot.

HARVEY. The New York papers state the fact of Minister Harvey's telegraphic communications to the South Carolina authorities was known to the Government before his departure, and that his explanations were such as to leave no doubt in the mind of the propriety of his conduct. If this be true, then a bubble of no small magnitude has really exploded.

THE NEW Hampshire papers mention that quite a number of the ladies (ten in all) who went out to Washington with the First Regiment of that State, as nurses, have returned—their services not being required.

KENTUCKY. The Union majority in Kentucky at the recent election of delegates to the Convention is 20,000. Convention, according to the *Louisville Journal*, was 102,601.

It is conceded that the Union candidates for Congress have been chosen in all the districts except Burnett's, who is undoubtedly elected.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE. The June number of Blackwood has reached us from the American publishers, L. Scott & Co., No. 79 Fulton Street, New York.—This closes the first volume of 1861—giv ing the early sheets of a fascinating novelette. We have so frequently called attention to this work, and have so universally recommended it, that we have no new words now to say in regard to its merits over the public. It improves with age. The contents of this number we append as follows:—The Book-Hunters; The Monks of the West; Sea Breezes in Switzerland and Italy; A Cruise up the Yangstze in 1858-59; Levered; Hades; From the Fatherland; Norsone Similar; An Autobiography—Part 16; I'm very fond of Water—a new temperance song; Memories of a Tory Gentlewoman. Blackwood will be found at all the leading bookstores.

"Here lies Thomas Huddlestone. Reader, don't bother."

But reflect, as this tomb-stone you view, That death, who killed him is very short too.

Will *Smith's stone* upon you?

A FINE ZOUAVE, speaking of the assassination of Col. Ellsworth, writes:—"There is a burning desire for revenge in the heart of every man in the regiment, that will evince itself in the first general fight that occurs. If *Jeff. Davis* is brave enough to make his appearance on a battle field, there will be a streak of daylight through his body *large enough to ride a load of hay*."

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. GEO. W. BRIDMAN will preach at the Kirk Street Chapel (Second Advent) tomorrow. The Chapel has recently been repaired, and there will be preaching every Sabbath, as usual.

EXPRESS BAG FOR 6TH REGIMENT.

The Bag for the Lowell soldiers of the 6th Regiment, now in camp at Hagerstown, will leave the Soldiers' Aid Rooms on MONDAY, June 24th, at noon, from the office of the U. S. Express Company.

Each soldier in the U. S. service may provide not exceeding one pound in weight, will be received and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

JOHN A. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

jel24 2t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 27 Merrimack Street—land of Central Street.

may31d1m

HAVE YOUR PAPERS. Persons going into the country for a few days or for a few weeks, can have copies of the COURIER sent to them regularly while they are absent, by leaving their orders at our counting-room, without extra expense, save the postage.

SUDDEN DEATH. Yesterday forenoon, Rev. Joseph Gray, curate of the Rev. Mr. McDermott, of the St. Mary's (Catholic) Church, died very suddenly at the house of the latter, No. 74 Suffolk Street, under the following circumstances:—He had been out on a pleasant walk, and on returning, about eleven o'clock, retired to his room. He did not come down to dinner when the bell rang, and the house maid went to call him, when she saw him sitting in his chair, as she supposed, asleep. She did not disturb him, but after dinner, by direction of Mr. McDermott, went to his room again, and discovered that he was dead. He was about forty-five years of age, and it is supposed died of heart disease. Coroner J. P. Jewett was called, but did not deem an inquest necessary.

The deceased was a native of Ireland. The body now lies in St. Mary's church, where the public can visit it. The usual notice will be given when the funeral is formed. The funeral will take place from the same church to-morrow morning, and will no doubt be attended by an immence concourse of people.

FIRE. Last night, about a quarter past 11 o'clock, an alarm of fire was rung, a small wooden dwelling house, on Tanners Street, Ayer's New City, having been discovered to be on fire. The house belonged to Dr. J. C. Ayer, and had been unoccupied for some days, which proves conclusively that it was fired by an incendiary. The loss is about $200—partly in the house, and partly in the contents. The two steamers, and, we believe, all the hand engines, were promptly on the ground.

CHARLES COWLEY, Esq., who has been on a visit to Washington, Fortress Monroe, Fort McHenry, and the Relay House Camp, returned home last night. He brings a good account of the condition and behavior of each of the Lowell boys as he met, and speaks in praise of "the bloody 6th" in terms of unqualified commendation. Dr. Cowley, Rev. Mr. Hinchliffe, Mr. Clark, of St. Paul's Church, will preside, and, with other clergymen of the city, address the meeting.

FOURTH OF JULY. We have been requested to give notice that a meeting will be held at the Citizens' Committee room, Huntington Hall, Monday evening next, at 7½ o'clock, for consultation as to some public demonstration on the Fourth of July.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Michael Sullivan and John McCarty, for disturbing the peace, were found guilty. Sullivan paid $5 and costs, and McCarty was ordered for one week.

Michael Slattery, for drunkenness, was fined $1 and costs.

John P. Elliott, for violation of the liquor law, was further ordered in two weeks.

Several continued cases were variously disposed of.

ILL. We are sorry to learn that Dr. L. W. Jenness, of this city, lies sick at a residence on Andover Street, of typhoid fever and congestion of the brain. For two or three days past he has been serious ly ill, but we have this morning learned he was comfortable, and his speedy recovery is looked for.

An article was published in this paper last year, in reference to the establishment of a high license in the sale of ale by the factories, or the falls. Now that the high license system is near, would it not be a good plan for the city to build suitable buildings, and ask a certain sum for the privilege of selling them? I hope this thing will be thought of, that we may enjoy the facilities enjoyed by other cities, which are of so much importance to the young and old.

Many times we should be heartily second the suggestion hinted at by our correspondent. At present we do not think the movement would be a judicious one. The city cannot afford to build, nor its inhabitants to patronize such an "institution" as would be required. "After the war" let us go in for the public bathing house.

A. J. CASE, formerly of this city, who has for some years past occupied an office in one of the Departments at Washington, has been removed within a few days. His successor is not named.

The following from *Vanity Fair* is supposed to be a joke:—

"MILITARY AIDES. In Lowell, Mass., they are carrying patriotism so far that they even have General Wool manufactured."

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.

Dr. M'Lane the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of those diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, a medicine is required, at once safe and effectual, and the operation of which could in no wise prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial even in cases of injurious has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums, which flood the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved beyond a doubt, that Doctor M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and to take no others. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, and by Agents in every town in the Union.

jel7 1y

CARPETS. Just received from New York, a large lot of beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry Carpets, which they are selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S. Also selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited will find it to their interest to call with us to the mills and select any patterns that they may desire.

Also, a large and elegant styles of Tapestry Carpets just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH'S agents.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via. any of the through lines. Berths of round trip tickets secured. Also for sale at Island Pond, Stanstead, Shertbrook, and all p ints on Grand Trunk Railway.

E. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack House, Lowell.

jel8 1m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have received the first and only machine for this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun24d3

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. S. Coburn, H. Hockaday, D. S. Richardson,
T. Hamblin, S. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall,
D. C. Brown, Lot Holman, E. P. Harman,
Lot Holman, Secretary.

Marine and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurance of Vessels and Vessel Risks. No assessment has ever been made upon the Mutual Policies, and the Company has now a Cash Capital of $100,000, and a surplus of $111,679.35. The attention of owners of vessels is called to the following statement of the comparative cost of insurance in this Company and other companies:

Vessels should always have a policy in the Mutual Department, as they are insured at less than half the cost of insurance in other companies, and without liability to assessment. Vessels insured in the Stock Department are liable to assessment for losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 27 Central, up stairs, Lowell.

C. S. COBURN, President.
E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 15, 1860. jy16tf

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up cleanest,
It is most economical,
It burns in less quantity,
It gives more heat,
Than any other free burning coal. And the BEST OF ALL.

HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 18 Prescott Street.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually at the mercy of the thousands of nostrums advertised from month to month as infallible remedies for female complaints. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the result of the study of a life-time, and the same formula which the inventor, CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., used in his private practice for years, and successfully in an extended private practice of twenty-five years in the city of New York, and hundreds of the particular discharge, whether arising from a relaxed or debilitated state of the system, or from obstruction, are the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered. They will positively cure Whites, Suppression of the Menses, Painfulness of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Pain in the Side, Dizziness, and dangerous effects of an unnatural combination of medicines, which are in the secret of Pleuro-Abuse or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

Sold by all druggists throughout the United States.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for female complaints.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

There are many pills advertised as "Female Pills," which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PERMANENT INJURY to the constitution. *Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are not recommended to be taken during PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such Pills are manufactured by unprincipled men, for the purpose of ruining the health and destroying the unborn child, under the pretence that they are a remedy for Female Complaints.*

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the only genuine Female Pills ever offered to the public, and should not be used with such intent.—*See the Press and Circular accompanying each box.*

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents, or will be sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of a letter addressed to the Proprietor.

Price $1 per box.

Sold in Lowell by B. HUTCHINSON, Jr., corner Merrimack and Central Sts.; by KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John Sts.; and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States and Canada.

jel7 1y

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Reliable and Reliable Dye Known.

Is all others are mere humbugs, and should be avoided by all who wish to escape ridicule.

This splendid Dye is perfect—instantaneous; produces beautiful and natural brown or black, without the least injury to the hair.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR, which is the best evidence of its superiority. Also, the same has been awarded in the principal cities of the European continent, and Italy; A Cruise up the Yangstze in 1858-59; Levered; Hades; From the Fatherland; Norsone Similar; An Autobiography—Part 16; I'm very fond of Water—a new temperance song; Memories of a Tory Gentlewoman. Blackwood will be found at all the leading bookstores.

"Here lies Thomas Huddlestone. Reader, don't bother."

But reflect, as this tomb-stone you view, That death, who killed him is very short too.

Will *Smith's stone* upon you?

A FINE ZOUAVE, speaking of the assassination of Col. Ellsworth, writes:—"There is a burning desire for revenge in the heart of every man in the regiment, that will evince itself in the first general fight that occurs. If *Jeff. Davis* is brave enough to make his appearance on a battle field, there will be a streak of daylight through his body *large enough to ride a load of hay*."

"MILITARY AIDES. In Lowell, Mass., they are carrying patriotism so far that they even have General Wool manufactured."

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE on exposing $150,000 in a single risk on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph C. Ayer,
Jonathan Tenney, John Nesmith,
Arthur F. Bourne, Joshua M. Usher,
Joseph Bartlett, Samuel Richards,
Samuel Barbank, Samuel Hadley,
Josiah Richardson, Jr. Edward Dana,
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin B. Stone,
Benjamin E. Bates, Abraham G. Lowe,
Reuben D. Mussey,
NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building. (first floor)
No. 82 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass.
April 21, 1860. ap21

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$350,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

New York.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as reliable companies offer. Policies written at the Principal Depot, MYERS & CHAMBERLIN'S, No. 82 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., up stairs.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. SIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Lowell, June 18, 1861. jel8

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1861,

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 66-100 per cent.

Policies issued on the most approaching form ten per cent Return premium on non-forfeiture. Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly. Claims promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

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Directors:

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Charles Stanton, Samuel Hadley,
Isaac King, Jr., Joseph Bartlett,
Joseph C. Ayer, Edward Dana,
Nathan Allen, Benjamin B. Stone,
John S. Keteltas, Calvin Eastman, New York.
Wm. Bryce, Jonathan Tenney,
George B. Barnard, Secretary of the New York,
Wm. Allen, Boston,
Ed. K. Scranton, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Hall, Jr., Merchant, Brooklyn.
John G. Stephens, Merchant, Brooklyn.
GEORGE KEYES, Secretary.
ROBERT AYRES, General Agent.

Office in Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets. Lowell, Mass.

Nov. 14, 1860. no30 1m

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice about two years since, and after a thorough test, and investigation in merits somewhere, they are ready to say to the public that for all kinds of work in the line of dentistry, it is the best material for dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanite base. Those who have had sets of teeth made over other article now in use, there are many objections to the use of the vulcanite base, and in many cases it is a great help in the popular fever—as the base is much lighter than any other, and is more pleasant to the mouth, and is much superior to everything else, but they secure the public that they will not use any article but what is of the best quality, and all others, that are equal to any that are offered in the market.

Rooms 4 and 6 Kidder Building, Merrimack Square.

jel7 1y

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula; Female Complaints; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are MILD alteratives and tonic, and purify the blood, and thereby cleanse the system, remove the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and build up the constitution. Any one will find more than any medicine ever known. They are made of the purest Roots and Herbs, and contain no mineral, salts, Yellow Dock, Manroake, Thoroughwort, Cherry Poplar and Freshly Ash Bark, Dandelion, Juniper Berries, and other valuable roots, in skillfully combined as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming a medicine, the best ever offered to the afflicted that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should use it. Sold by druggists and dealers at all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

This medicine is prepared in a store on Commercial street, called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful sidewalk, and is sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines and Pills. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Prepared only by DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
GEO. SIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Lowell, June 18, 1861. jel8

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. SIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 9, 1860. 1m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1861,

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 66-100 per cent.

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Joseph C. Ayer, Edward Dana,
Nathan Allen, Benjamin B. Stone,
John S. Keteltas, Calvin Eastman, New York.
Wm. Bryce, Jonathan Tenney,
George B. Barnard, Secretary of the New York,
Wm. Allen, Boston,
Ed. K. Scranton, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Hall, Jr., Merchant, Brooklyn.
John G. Stephens, Merchant, Brooklyn.
GEORGE KEYES, Secretary.
ROBERT AYRES, General Agent.

Office in Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets. Lowell, Mass.

Nov. 14, 1860. no30 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

American Floral Concert,

OR,

QUEEN OF THE SUMMER!

GEO. F. WILLEY'S JUVENILE BRASS BAND, numbering 400 people, will sing the above Operetta, in Lowell, as follows:

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 26TH, 1861.

MISS EMMA MARCY, Queen.
and MR. SOLON W. STEVENS Herald.

Will assist in the above Concert.

☞ The Gallery will be enlarged, and beautifully decorated with a profusion of Evergreens, Choice Floral Arch, an Association of Wreaths and Flowers, and the RED BANNER OF LIBERTY.

Tickets 25 Cents; children under 12 years of age 15 Cents; to be had at the usual Places.

Doors open at 6 o'clock. Concert to commence at half past 7 o'clock.

jel8 2t

WARBIT DIVISION, Sons of Temperance. The regular meeting of this Division will be held on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7½ o'clock.

Important business will come before this Division, and all members are requested to be present.

A. A. MANNING, R. S.

jel8 2t

THE LATEST.

INDIA Parasols, and Gentlemen's Hat, low styles at

BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

jel8

FOUND, a sale of Gold breast Pin. Application, which the owner can have by calling at Dr. Bowers' Drug Store, corner of Merrimack and John Sts.

jel12 3t

S. N. MERRILL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Tyler's New Building,

25 CENTRAL STREET.....LOWELL, MASS.

ap23 6m

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

1000 Bush. RIVER SEED OATS;
500 bush. PEARL BARLEY
for sale by LAMSON & GOODNOW,
jel8 2w 2 Market street.

Mowing Machines.

THE subscriber has on hand four different patterns Mowing Machines, viz. Kirby, Ketchum, Hall & Spear, and Wood. The first three have the Patent Flexible Cutting Bar, and the last the Patent Finger Bar. The Kirby and Ketchum are run rise in mowing, as all machines of the Flexible Bar pattern should be, and are warranted to give satisfaction or no sale. Also, a few Reapers and Mowers, which will be sold low. Also, a few Horse Rakes, at SAMUEL'S Agricultural Warehouse, 130 Central st., Lowell.

jel1 1m

Buying Tools.

I have received my annual stock of Buying Tools, and am now prepared to sell the same at the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of

Hand Saws,
Hand Hay Rakes,
Carriage and Butcher's Hay Forks

A CARD.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., begs to call the attention of the public to the following emphatic recommendation of Waltham Watches, which has been politely given by the leading practical Watchmakers and Jewellers throughout the United States. The entire list of signatures to it, even in the Eastern States, is quite too long for publication in our advertisement; but the names presented will be recognized by those acquainted with the Trade in this vicinity as being in the highest degree respectable and influential. At their establishments may always be found the genuine watches of the Company's manufacture, in great variety and at uniform prices.

Signatures from many cities and towns of New England, not fully represented in this list, will appear in a future advertisement.

To the Public.

"THE UNDERSIGNED, practical Watchmakers and dealers in Watches, having bought and sold American Watches for a number of years past, and having dealt in all kinds of foreign watches for a much longer period of time, feel free to state that they have never dealt in watches which, as a class or in individual instances, have been more satisfactory to themselves and customers, whether in respect of durability, beauty of finish, mathematically correct proportions, accurate compensation and adjustment, or of fine time-keeping results, than those manufactured by the Waltham Company."

Thos. Steele & Co., Hartford, Conn.
Hemingway & Stevens, " "
Wm. Rogers & Son, " "
J. C. Blackman, Bridgeport, "
George Brown, New Haven, "
E. Benjamin, " "
C. J. Munson, " "
John B. Kirby, " "
John Gordon, New London, "
James R. Ayres, Waterbury, "
E. S. Huntington & Co. Danbury, "
E. A. Woodford, " "
H. D. Hall, Middletown, "
John L. Smith, " "
John Barton, Lynn, Mass.
Carrier & Trott, Boston, "
J. V. Ketchum, " "
John McGregor, Lawrence, "
Dexter & Haskins, N. Bedford, "
S. Childs, " "
E. D. Tisdale, Taunton, "
Albert Pitts, " "
Ellis Gifford, Fall River, "
T. W. Lincoln, " "
J. J. Burns, Gloucester, "
Jesse Smith, Salem, "
S. N. Story, " "
Worcester, "
Levi Johnson, " "
T. M. Lamb, " "
N. Moody, " "
W. Kirkham, Jr. Greenfield, "
W. M. Hoit, Springfield, "
John B. Scott, Pittsfield, "
Benj'n L. Cook, " "
Charles W. Ford, Wilbraham, "
Andrew Warren, " "
Amos Sanborn, Lowell, "
D. D. Anthony & Co. Providence, R.I.
Peleg Arnold, " "
I. K. Handerson, E. Greenwich, "
George W. Drew & Co. Concord, N. H.
M. G. Carr, " "
Elijah Knight, " "
Charles E. Bacon, Dover, "
Henry B. Hall, Portsmouth "
Robert N. Hodge, " "
Wm. B. Merrill, Exeter, "
W. O. C. Woodbury, Claremont, "
Reuben Spencer, " "
Richard Gove, Laconia, "
Jonathan Hosmer, Nashua, "
N. W. Goddard, " "
Chas. T. Ridgway, " "
L. B. Gay, " "
Sherburne Shaw, Sanbornton Bridge "
S. J. Mellish, Hanover, "
F. Hodgman, Littleton, "
C. H. Huntington, St. Albans, Vt.
C. H. Harding, Bradford, "
T. C. Phinney, Montpelier "
A. A. Mead, " "
J. C. Bates, Northfield, "
J. H. Murdock, Woodstock, "
C. C. Childs, St. Johnsbury, "
Brinsmaid & Hildreth, Burlington, "
C. W. Wingate, " "
Thompson & Ranger, Brattleboro', "
Foster Grow, Chelsea, "
W. K. Wallace, Newbury, "
L. Amsden, Bellows Falls, "
C. B. Kimball, Virginens, "
Freeman M. Hardison, South Berwick Me.
Henry McKenney, Auburn, "
John T. Howland, Bath, "
Tompkins & Morris, Bangor, "
C. C. Williams, " "
G. S. & G. L. Rogers, Gardiner, "
Twombly & Smith, Saco, "
Moses M. Swan, Augusta, "
D. G. Hall, Lewiston, "
James Emery, Bucksport, "
Simeon Blood, Rockland, "
D. E. Lucy, Houlton, "
John B. Adams, " "

CAUTION.—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that all of our own productions which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the signature of the Secretary, and signed by our Treasurer, R. E. Percy & Co., is spurious. Appleton, Agent.

FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.
ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO., Agents
155 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
ap29 3m deod1m

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 5.50
" " " Derby, 5.00
" " " Newport, 4.50
" " " Stanstead, 4.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the

Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
102 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, and next door to the Post Office,
where the public are invited to call for information.
ap29 1m S. H. FISHER, Agent.

HATS.

BLAKER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style HATS from the well known manufactory of Sweet & Co.

The great leather of the Hat is so adjusted as to form a circulation of air between the head and the Hat, securing all the ease of the Fur Hat, without having so heavy or heat like a material.

☞ Hats made to order at the shortest notice, fitted to the head by the use of the Conformateur.
mar29* Corner Central and Market sts.

H. S. HAYNES

HAS just received a large assortment of fur bonded Hats and Rubber SPITTOONS—the best kind in the market. Also, a full assortment of Hats, &c. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack Street.
ap7 1m

PAPER HANGINGS!

A LARGE assortment of Paper Hangings just received by J. MERRILL, No. 27 Central street, and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.
mar29 3m

HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRITS

Sold by
nov12 JOHN T. BILLINGS.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the day have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may be relied on, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without doubt the best Object to health in *any case*—for it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and *Dr.* Mattison, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter, $3 per bottle.

Remember! That medicine is designed especially for the FEMALE CASES, or which all other remedies of the land have been tried in vain, and is warranted to prove a perfect success, OR MONEY, or the price will be refunded.

☞ Beware of Imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office in Troy, and sold only at 152 Fulton st. Also, the

HOME REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

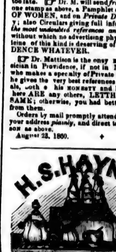
☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by *letter or otherwise* are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from all observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for those wishing to board while under treatment or quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when numerous boards physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply. Before in fact making some *inquiry*, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are *impostors*; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. M. would offer, by way of example among us above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally; also Circulars giving full information, and *highest medical references* and testimonials, without which no advertising physician or medicine of this kind is deserving of CONFIDENCE OR BENCH WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. MATTISON is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases and gives the very best references and testimonials, which can be seen at his office. Remember there ARE any others, LETTERS DO THE SAME. Don't be deceived but better keep away from them.

☞ Letters by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to DR. MATTISON, Troy, N. Y.
Augus 23, 1860. ✦ aug23d1y



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-assorted stock of White Goods,

Decorated, French, China, Granite and COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britania Ware.

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, ASTRAL AND CAMPHENE LAMPS, STAND.

of every description for lighting Factories Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Lamp Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

STORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods to this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, and assured that the most special attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our trade.

☞ **The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices.**

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
mar16

BENT & BUSH'S

SPRING STYLE, 1861,

"Patent Elastic Cushion"

HATS

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.

They would call particular attention to

THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"

Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by any hat introduced for

YOUNG MEN.

N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the
"PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."

FOR SALE BY
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)
ap7 2 Central Street, Lowell.

BURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at 2 cents each, at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Central st., and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack st.
may1

BRUSHES! BRUSHES!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handle, Scrub Brushes, Long Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a full stock of paper and wrapper combined, something entirely new—on the principle of the Manifold Writer. Just received and for sale by
H. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack s
mar29

RUBBER BLANKETS,

A new and beautiful article very light and strong for an overcoat and coverlid—Camp Blue—just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
may29

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill-heads, Cards, Programmes, Catalogues, Blanks, Labels, Bills of Fare, Hand-bills, Posters, &c.

Court Dockets, Re-Leave and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Steam Printers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

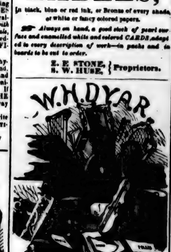
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or tinted paper.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and by DENCH WHATEVER.

☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to.

E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
W. W. HYDE, }



HAS JUST RECEIVED

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS,

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Weighting and Stretching Frames for Glass Mounted to

Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!

WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

W. F. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of these celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for the retail trade, and are proved to be the best fitting as well as the best wearing Glove in the market.

W. F. B. has also a superior article of Gum Shoes, with and without heels, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stitches when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
jan31

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane by ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may21 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Stores, No. 6 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparations for the Complexion, Eugenie's Rouge, Eugenie's Face Powder, Eugenie's Liquid Pearl, White's Cosmetic, Trufitt's, and Hagan's Balm of Thousand Flowers, for sale by
JOHN T. BILLINGS.
Corner of Merrimack and John sts.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND!
DRUCOSE, *for cleaning Paint, Glass, Gold & Silver Ware, Britannia Ware, &c.*—This article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient* cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint however soiled, by one will look as *fresh as new*. Gold and Silver Ware will be restored to its original brightness. For sale by
E. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary,
No. 48 Merrimack street.

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.
mar1

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can be used in inkstand, cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine it at
H. S. HAYNES, 45 Central st.

A FEW MORE of Stoney's Patent Metallic Feeds Bird Seed Sole agent for Lowell.
S. N. WOOD 21 Central Street

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY WHICH ELDS, HAS PROVED TO BE A GOOD QUEROR.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FLUX, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What a Wonderful Relief!*" *What a Great Blessing!*" Your nerves in a state of irritation

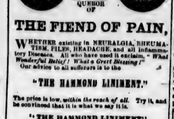
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL EDDY, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, Druggists, Manchester. F. H. E. S. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

N. B. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
21 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 15, 1861 feb15 1y



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,285.50
Income paid to date,	1,010,000.12
Losses paid,	2,621,000.50

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any stockholders except the members, to realize, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is owned by the members for whose uses paid by the insured, and held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the advantages which this Company deserves parcenage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Bonds, Damages, Town and Municipal Loans.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay yearly, half-yearly, annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and the balance by a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, and secured by the policy, which note is payable at any time desired.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Live premium.

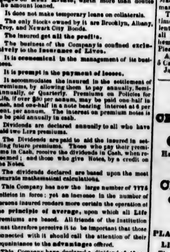
The Dividends are paid to the insured in settlement of their premium notes, or if they elect may receive in Cash; receive the dividends in Cash, when required, and divide the balance of the profits to reduce the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force a number of 7772 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principles of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. Insurers effected at this institution must therefore premise it to be important that they connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to Jan. 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to
H. S. HAYNES, Agent,
No. 45 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar2 dtf



It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing person around you, that the use of the cause of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of the stomach and bowels, and that the proper remedy for the alleviation and cure of these diseases, is evidently

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his extensive practice among children, and which has never failed in every variety of infantile complaints, and one trial alone will convince the most skeptical of its superior value and operation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And at the present season of the year, when infantile hearts are pained by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, and realizing the danger of Cholera Infantum, *Vomiting, Inflammation, and Relaxation of the Bowels*, you cannot be too careful in procuring the *only remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, and which is warranted to prove a perfect success, OR MONEY, *or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of Imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office in Troy, and sold only at 152 Fulton st.

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☞ Letters by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to DR. MATTISON, Troy, N. Y.
Augus 23, 1860. ✦ aug23d1y

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly Incorporated, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the shuttle machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine now known, to the frequent changes and slim transitions of fashion, requiring in a few minutes, as they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin, Linen, Cambric, Flannel, &c., with perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even sew hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, merely by turning adjustments of machine. Moreover, in not such a machine best adapted to family use; but it is ALSO adapted to fancy use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufactures? For such use hence for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use. A fact of very great importance in sewing shoes, goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines do not double or more simple in its construction, or more easily managed.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever known, is of the highest character, as the following facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fair held in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium at the Metropolitan Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest Premiums at the Fair held in Boston.

Fact No. 10.—[near Machines can do the same range of sewing, and are warranted and adjusted in competent as with other first-class machines, and will be sold at a price not exceeding that PAST MORE; it is the most important FACT of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine sold by us to be superior in every respect to any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE, without any exception, have never been or used them. Hence the confidence which the public have in every way the Company's machines, and held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves parcenage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Bonds, Damages, Town and Municipal Loans.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

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Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Live premium.

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The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force a number of 7772 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principles of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. Insurers effected at this institution must therefore premise it to be important that they connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to Jan. 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to
H. S. HAYNES, Agent,
No. 45 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar2 dtf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above SETS HAVE BEEN PURCHASED AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in this city. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack street,
Lowell.
mh16 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

WHITTEN'S Golden Salve has proved itself to be above the great jury of the world's intelligences. It is the most wonderful Salve ever known.

It soothes the most painful burns and scalds, and removes the burns either of fire or gunpowder.

It is unequalled for curing the worst kind of sores, when attended by chafings.

It is the best Salve in the world for the treatment with rheumatism.

It relieves and cures the worst pile of the crabby bandage.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It heals the most painful fistula and ringbone.

It moderates mumps.

It cures the most obstinate scalds.

It lightens scald blows and cancers.

It cures felons.

It cures the worst chilblains, corns, and coarse indurations.

The cracks may be cured if you will heed us.

It cures the worst cases of sore nipples.

You may be rid of your norns and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

It cures the worst cases of sore eyes.

For sore lips you can use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For sore nipples use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and in all climates, it is hailed as a blessing to mankind, benefiting suffering from injuries in hope while the whole system is renovated.

It is the worst cures we promise. It has the highest endorsements. It is the most powerful Salve in the world. It is the most wonderful Salve in the world. It is the most wonderful Salve in the world. It is the most wonder

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, June 24, 1861.

PEACE PROPOSITIONS. In our dispatches last Saturday, it was stated that commissioners had arrived in Washington from Jeff. Davis, with propositions for a settlement of the trouble the rebels have the mewvies created. This report turns out to have originated in dispatches to the (New York) *World*—a journal less given to sensation stories than most of the New York papers. However unreasonable the report at first appears to be, it is presented under circumstances giving it an air of probability, and it is so much in detail, that people will be likely to place some reliance in the statement. We shall quote the propositions below. The editors of the *World* in commenting on the dispatches of their correspondent, say that the information is "obtained from sources which, though not official, are entitled to great respect. If the extraordinary and unexpected nature of the announcements are calculated to produce incredulity, the character and position of his (the correspondent's) informants, on the other hand, are such as to make it certain that they know the full extent of confidence in the truth of their statements, while their reputation for judgment and sagacity is not easily reconcilable with the hypothesis that they have been practiced upon."

Of course no one supposes that any proposition likely to come from the rebel chief, can receive any consideration from the Government. It will not treat with the leaders of the rebellion as the representatives [of an independent power—as "belligerents," even; and it is hardly possible that with a rebel army within twenty-five miles of the capital, it will seriously entertain any propositions whatever unless it be to fight. It is in keeping with the impudence of Jeff. Davis to propose a settlement, though the general impression is, it is really turns out to be true that he has commissioners in Washington, that he has met them as festive, being thoroughly frightened.

Few people, however, are inclined to give any weight to the statements, and look for an early contradiction of them. The paragraphs referred to we copy from the *World* of Saturday, where they appeared in a letter from Washington dated the 21st, and which was devoted entirely to the subject. We give the "propositions" for what they are worth.—

First, That the United States unconditionally recognize the existence of the Southern Confederacy, and that the latter be permitted for the term of one, two, or three years, to carry on their government as an experiment. That the expenses of the war, thus far incurred, be equitably arranged between the two sections, and that each do its best for the maintenance of friendly trade and intercourse between the two peoples. And that if, at the expiration of the time agreed upon, it be found that the experiment cannot succeed, a commission be appointed to reconstruct a union. This proposition was promptly rejected. Whereupon they modestly put forth another as follows:—

Second. The South will be content if the Government will pledge itself to pass, at the coming session of Congress, some amendable constitutional provision recognizing and legalizing forever the institution of slavery below thirty-six thirty, which is the southern boundary line of the State of Missouri. This done, the Southern Provisional Government pledges itself instantly to abandon the war, and to re-establish peace and the most cordial relationship so far as its action is concerned; to redirect the course of trade into its natural and old channels, and in every way restore the happy days of our forefathers.

As to the reception which this proposition received, my informant was positive, though from another source I gather a doubt. He states that it was at once emphatically rejected. It seemed to the party of the second part a mere intensification of the Crittenden amendment, and not varying greatly from the Adams proposition. Others say that the acceptance of this proposition would not be unacceptable to the Secretary of State; and, therefore, will meet with favor from the President. Between the two I cannot decide.

DEATH OF A FORMER MAINE POLITICIAN. Hon. Nathan Cutler died at Farmington, Me., on the 8th inst., at the age of 86 years. He was a member of the Massachusetts Legislature for several years before the separation. He was a member of the Convention which framed the Constitution of Maine, and in 1820 was President of the State Senate and for several months was acting Governor after the death of Gov. Enoch Lincoln. He was a politician of the old school.

THE TRAITOR, SENATOR MASON. A special dispatch to the *New York Evening Post* is as follows:—A gentleman from Paris says that while in that city he saw a letter from Senator Mason, of Virginia, dated on the 20th of February, in which he declared that arrangements had been made to ensure the passage of an ordinance of secession in Virginia, and that Washington would be seized at an early day. Mason was then sitting in the Senate."

PRICES AT MEMPHIS. The *Memphis Bulletin* of the 22nd, says the Confederate Government agents are in the market for wheat. All breadstuffs are very high.—Wheat is $1.25; flour $7.50 and $8.50; corn 66c; bacon, shoulder, 14c; sides, 17½c; meal pork, 27c; coffee 22. There is an active demand for all these articles.

KENTUCKY ELECTION. Henry C. Burnett, secessionist, is elected to Congress by 4000 majority, against 9000 two years since, in the First District, which is situated in the southwestern part of the State, opposite Cairo. Men professing Union sentiments, are elected in the other nine Districts.

THE NEW YORK Commmittee, that is to select a new National Hymn, have already received Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

A council of war is to be held on Monday, consisting of the Cabinet, Generals Scott, Totten, Banks and Butler.

Gen. Vandevbilt has tendered several steamers to the Government.

The District of Tennessee is to be under the command of Brigadier General Anderson. Vigorous measures are to be taken to sustain the Union men there.

The fears for the Capital are intense.—There are rumors that an attack is being made.

Banks has orders to shell Baltimore on the first insurrectionary demonstration.—Baltimore is apparently quiet but the feeling is intense.

THE WAR NEWS.

Washington and vicinity. A dispatch dated yesterday, says that military movements were more active on Sunday than for several past Sundays. The New Hampshire 2nd and the New York 11th Regiments have arrived, making with those that reached there during the past week an aggregate of over 13,000 men.

A large force crossed the Potomac at Washington on Saturday morning, and reports 40,000 troops marching thence to Manassas, probably an over estimate. The rebel forces are very impatient to make an attack.

A cavalry interest for his men. A Cincinnati paper, in speaking of the overthrow of the rebels at Philippi, says that from the prisoners it remain with our citizens town, a certain Indiana company, almost worn out with the march, were straggling along with very little regard to order.—Hearing a gun fired from the hills, the Captain shouted, "Close up, boys! close up! *If the enemy were to fire on you when you're straggling along that away they couldn't* hit a cussed one of you!" Close up they did and the boys closed up immediately.

The rumored death of Charles Lever, the Irish author, is contradicted.

The Fifth regiment of Maine, leaves Portland for Washington, on Wednesday next.

A private in one of the New York companies has been court-martialed for striking fifteen to a Rochester paper, reflecting injuriously upon the conduct of the field and staff officers of his regiment.

A schmeller, being recently before a grand jury as a cabitt, assumed the attitude of an accuser of the authorities, saying: "It is a fact, I am informed. The people were becoming so well trained that they took pieces from me which were two thirds water. If I had been let alone, I think they would have drank clear water before I got through."

The woolen mills at Stratsville, C. W., were destroyed by fire on Saturday morning, involving a loss of $60,000.

Cotton. The English manufacturers do not seem to be excited about cotton, as the following statement of the Liverpool Cotton Market shows:—Sales for three days were 22,000 bales, including 6000 to speculators and exporters. The market closed dull and unchanged.

shells from our side in the fight on Monday at Edward's Ferry.

The heat for a few days has been intense, and affected the soldiers considerably, although they stood it as well as could be expected.

The story of a fight at Long Bridge, by which several persons were killed and the balance of the party of nineteen were captured, turns out to have been false.

JEFFERSON D.

You're a traitor convicted, you know very well!
Jefferson D., Jefferson D.
You thought in a skulker you'd escape to hell,
Jefferson D.!
But there's a rope ready I'll say!
You'll discover mine widely,
When you see a stout cotton cord hang from a tree,
There's an ornament suggested you didn't forseen,
Jefferson D.!

What shall be the name given History's page?
Jefferson D., Jefferson D.!
What's the distinction that explains the Republican age?
Jefferson D.!
He will find, as a token,
That at Judge's feet
You sit in your station, with the lieutenant plan,
That you hated the law and the land of the free,
Jefferson D.!

What do you see in your visions at night?
Jefferson D., Jefferson D.!
Does the spectacle furnish you any delight?
Jefferson D.!
Hail, in chagrin,
The cotton and corn,
While the rightful owners their fortune pour heart to your ear,
And Freedom's instinct answers the desire?
Jefferson D.!

Oh, how long have we plodded till pleading in vain!
Your hands are dyed deep in the blood of the slain!
Jefferson D.!
And at last, at last,
We arise in our might,
A people unconquered, determined and free,
And declare that rebellion no longer shall be!
Jefferson D.!

— *R. T. Caswell.*

THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The following statement, made to us by a gentleman who has recently spent some little time at the Relay Camp, will be interesting to people in this vicinity. We have no reason to doubt the correctness of the opinions formed as to the condition, fare, and feeling in the regiment at this time, and we are gratified at the favorable state of things as now reported to us:—

1. The soldiers at the Relay Camp are less obnoxious to the people around them, than those of some other camps in Maryland from which complaints have been submitted fewer acts of depredation and vandalism. Removed from the influences which environ them at home, men rapidly become demoralized. If the soldiers at the Relay Camp have undergone less demoralization than some others elsewhere the fact is partly attributable to the whole, some excellent material they have been surrounded by their commanders. That they are under better discipline than others, is evident from the fact that Union men in Baltimore actually petitioned that the regiment might remain stationed at the Relay Camp, rather than that another body of men should be sent there.

2. The soldiers at this camp are not overworked. The Sixth Regiment has not been drilled four hours a day upon an average since it left Lowell.

3. There is no great cause of complaint as to food. At Washington the facilities for cooking were inadequate. Two companies only could eat at a time. One meal, consequently, occupied about five hours, and two meals ten hours. As the result of this, the men were served with two meals only a day.

4. In the matter of food, the Eighth Regiment fared worse than the Sixth. For days on end, they lived on hard, hard, hard railroad track which the secessionists had torn up, they had no food whatever except dry bread and salt pork.

5. The outside milk which the men are now served, are unexceptionable in quality and abundant in quantity. No man can eat all his rations. He is served with more than he can eat, of the substantial articles, in order that he may have a surplus to exchange for other articles not supplied by the commissary. In many cases the surplus is saved, here and Commissioner able. Company G. had at one time, eighteen barrels of bread saved from their rations, which they exchanged for luxuries of various kinds.

6. Officers of all grades, and privates also, spoke in terms of unqualified approbation and respect, of the conduct of Col. Jones. The men were cheerful, obedient and respectful, and in a good state of discipline.

SAD ACCIDENT. Charles W. Walker, lieutenant in Company B, Second New Hampshire Regiment, fell from the train on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, on Friday last, and was so much injured that it was necessary to amputate one of his legs. He is reported to have died since the operation was performed. Mr. Walker was a man much esteemed, a native of Fryeburg, Me., and about thirty-eight years of age.

A LIVELY INTEREST FOR HIS MEN. A Cincinnati paper, in speaking of the overthrow of the rebels at Philippi, says that from the prisoners, who were generally from town, a certain Indiana company, almost worn out with the march, were straggling along with very little regard to order.—Hearing a gun fired from the hills, the Captain shouted, "Close up, boys! close up! *If the enemy were to fire on you* when you're *straggling along that away they couldn't* hit a cussed one of you!" Close up they did and the boys closed up immediately.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

CITY AND VICINITY.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 17 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may24dtf

THE MEETING LAST EVENING. The meeting called at the South Congregational (Rev. Mr. Hinckley's) Church, to consider the moral condition of the city, was well attended, though the house was not crowded. The exercises opened with reading of the scriptures and prayer by Rev. Mr. Street. Rev. Mr. Clark, who presided, on taking the chair, made some remarks contrasting the audience, who came here to enjoy peace and quiet, with scenes in other parts of the city, in the narrow streets, where motley groups might be assembled to indulge in revelry, drunkenness and profanity. He appealed to the audience to use their influence as good citizens, as Christians, to put down such proceedings. The interest which is now felt in every loyal heart for the welfare of the country, should also be felt for the moral condition of the city, and there was some spirit which calls upon our soldiers to go forth to the defence of the constitution and laws of the Government, calls upon us to the work of upholding the laws of the Commonwealth. Liquor selling is rebellion against the laws of the State and the peace of good society.

Rev. Mr. Jenkins was introduced. He referred to the love which one feels for his native town, citing one or two instances, and he feared that the people of Lowell did not love the city. We should love it, because it has the youngest, most energetic people in the United States. The most interest of Lowell is its true interest.—Character is the chief power. It is through it though some pounds had no character. If our people are intemperate they have no character, and no pure minded man would bring his children to grow up in Lowell. There is danger to us from three men in the narrow streets to which the chairman had referred. Bad as the moral condition of our city is, it is not worse than when our soldiers come back, they may bring with them evil habits of intemperance contracted in camp. Every third or fourth door is some place of the kind, and the liquor shop inviting them to enter. We should do our utmost to welcome the Sixth Regiment back to a city free from such vices, as the best welcome we could extend to them. He was fearful that the moral condition of our city had not improved. He *knew* of places where men might go, and get drunk. We wanted to put a stop to the licensing, an indignation on the subject. Hannibal, at nine years of age, was sworn to be eternally the foe of Rome; and history tells how he kept his oath. Not having the funds or credit at the Banks, both were to jail.

LOWELL HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION. Exhibitors and the public should not forget the horticultural exhibition to be holden at Mechanics' Hall Wednesday afternoon and evening. We hope to see a large show of strawberries, cherries, flowers, &c.

FOURTH OF JULY. We trust that everybody who goes in for celebrating on the coming Fourth, will be present at the meeting to be held in the Citizens' Committee Room this evening.

FUNERAL OF Rev. Mr. Gray. The funeral of Rev. Joseph Gray took place from St. Mary's (Catholic) Church yesterday afternoon, and was attended by an immense number of people. Fathers Emiliano and O'Connor, of St. Patrick's Church, conducted the services. A number of Catholic clergy were present from abroad.

The procession which followed the remains to the Catholic burial-ground on the Boston road, was the longest we have ever seen at a private funeral. A gentleman counted three thousand persons on foot—they must have extended over a mile in length. Preceding the hearse were the carriages containing Catholic clergy, and immediately following the hearse were a large number of Sisters of Notadiy, connected with St. Patrick's Church, on foot, dressed in black. Then came the mourners in carriages, followed by the Irish Benevolent Society, Young Mens' Catholic Literary Association, Citizens and Hall Cadets. A large number of private carriages also formed in the procession.

At the grave the Annual Catholic ceremonies were performed by the clergy present, after which the remains were committed to their final resting-place.

ACCIDENT- Just as we go to press we learn that a man employed by Horatio Fletcher, Esq., had his arm very badly hitten by a vicious horse this forenoon that it is feared that amputation will be necessary. We have not learned the man's name.

A LITTLE FAIRY COMING. By advertisement in Bloomfield's, it is announced that little Dollie Dutton, is soon to visit Lowell. Undoubtedly many of our readers have seen this little wonder; if they have not, they should not fail to embrace the opportunity about to be presented them, and without doing so. The *Philadelphia Ledger*, in speaking of her, says:—

Miss Bloomfield's concert on Saturday evening, was such entertainment, and should be attended by all lovers of music.

Miss Dollie Dutton, the wonderful and beautiful child of Master Dutton, of Boston, appeared in full costume of Bloomer and Black, without the slightest embarrassment.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to this little performer since she has been before the public. Many more have been made to the hair of Professor Wood, of Boston.

Miss Dollie Dutton is the most wonderful child we have ever seen. She is not to be distinguished from nature, and is surprising in her acting. She is not a child to be put on exhibition, but she is one of her own personality, and is a child of nature. Her voice is of great compass, and she sings with the ease of a bird, which is properly applied as No. 10 Bond Street, New York.

MECHANICS' HALL, LOWELL, WEDNESDAY, June 26th, at 2 P. M. and 7½ P. M. and THURSDAY, June 27th, at 10 A. M. and 2 and 7½ P. M. Admission 15 cents. Children 10 cents. jel8d3t ALBERT NORTON, Manager.

WAMESIT DIVISION, Sons of Temperance, will meet this evening at 7½ o'clock. A full attendance is requested. By order of the W. P. jel8d3t A. A. MANNING, R. S.

INDIA PAGODA, and the Anderson Hat, now styles just out, at jun24 BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

FOUND, a pair of Gold Bowed Spectacles. Owner can have the same by calling at Bishop Brown's Drug Store, corner of Merrimack and Central Streets. jun24

FOR SALE, a few lot of CABBAGE PLANTS, by P. O. MORSE, corner of Bridge and Hale streets, Centerville. jun24d1w*

NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method to acquaint the owners of Beef Steers in Lowell and vicinity that he is prepared to attend to the letting of Tenements and the collection of Rents on reasonable terms.

OWEN MCNAMARA,
at office of Butler & Weimore.
Lowell, June 19, 1861. jel1dly

RUBBER BLANKETS.

A NEW and beautiful article very light and strong, for sale at the Anderson Hat Store, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. jun24 BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. jun24d1y

TAPE WORM CURED BY DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

NEW YORK, August 2, 1852.

I CERTAIN lady in this city testifies that, after using Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, she passed a tape worm ten inches long; and has no hesitation in recommending it to every person afflicted with worms; as, in her opinion, it far excels every other remedy now in use. The name of the lady, and further particulars, may be learned by calling on Mrs. Hardie, Manhattan place, or E. L. Thrall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All worthless imitations or counterfeits are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, a sure remedy for Liver Complaint, can be had at all respectable drug stores. Hope not purified the system of jel24lyr

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets, very cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reduced prices, and those failing to be suited from our stock are invited to call on us to the mills and select any pattern they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Agency, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. may29dtf

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through lines, at reduced rates. Also, Passage Tickets for sale on Inland Pond, Stateroom, Steerboat, and all points on the Mississippi River.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street. 4m

FISHER & LUND SEWING MACHINE. We have on exhibition at our office, No. 23 Central street, this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun24d1f

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	S. W. Stockton,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. Hosford,	Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Howe,	Wm. Perry,	E. Sherman,
	Levi Eyington.	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses and Furniture, and the Stock Department has over $100,000 of Capital. The present cash surplus is $21,000. The aggregate of assets is $119,375.35. The attention of owners of Dwelling-houses in Lowell and Middlesex county is invited to this Company. Its fund is paid on policies without delay, and its rates are as low as any safe Company. Office in the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Its rates are low, merchandise and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Office, Merrimack Street, Lowell. jel8 1m

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
JEL 18 1 1861. 6m jy18[y]

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It is cheaper than country,
It costs less money,
It is much free from burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
Foot of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street. may14dtf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is not enough to suffer from the ordinary ills of life, but she must have two thirds of her days are more or less afflicted with PAIN, SICKNESS, and WEAKNESS, caused by the same humors which the invincible, CONFLUENT PILLS are designed to cure. They have been in constant use and extensively in an extended private practice of more than twenty years, and are the result of the patient study and observation of a physician who has had more experience in the diseases of females than any other man in the world. Their mild and searching influence upon the whole system, and the early and speedy relief they afford in all cases of suppression, pain, chlorosis, diabetes, spinal disease, rheumatism, fulness, and a-1 kinds of humors, in the female system, has led to their adoption by many surgeons as invaluable in healing virtue.

Sold in Lowell by DR. CHEESEMAN, 7 WHITTIER Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

The Ointment, for dysentery, by mail, 25 cents per box. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Genuine Pills. may 29 dtf

CAUTION!

THE subscribers are sole shippers of the true and original FRANKLIN WORM LOZENGES, and caution all others against using the name of Franklin on their boxes, as the same is a fraud and imposition. We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, as we have no agent in Lowell, Mass. Mr. L. is the author sold or shipped any Franklin Worm Lozenges to any person in Lowell, Mass. Mr. LIVING-STON, Druggist, 1 Market Square, Portsmouth, N. H. Insurance City, Delaware, &c., Inne 8, 1859. 3m

Halibut.

THE HALIBUT BRAND AND COCKROACH EXTERMINATOR is the result of long experience and attention of House, Hotel, and Boarding-house keepers, and is now offered to the public as a cheaper, prompter, and more reliable article than any other ever known. They are made of the best materials, and thoroughly tested for months. It is, without exception, the best and most reliable article ever discovered for the destruction of Cockroaches, Ants, Bed-bugs, Rats, Mice, &c. Directions for using in English, French, German, and Spanish. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers. Depot, 76 North Third street, Philadelphia, and by all dealers in medicines. jel8d1m

THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Mutual and Stock.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, to the extent of $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Losses promptly adjusted and paid within one month after proof.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.

Nathan Allen, Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Crosby, John Aiken,
Arthur T. Bonney, Walter Wright,
Joshua H. Daniels, Calvin B. Marsh,
Samuel Batchelder, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown. Josiah B. Varnum.

Alonzo A. Miner, Lowell.
Benjamin K. Bates, Lucius M. Clark,
Boston.
Reuben P. Dennison,
NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 93 1-2 Central, cor. Middle St., Lowell, April 27, 1860. ap27

ETNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$300,000
Surplus.....$250,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies, with property at or low rates on other responsible offices. Policies written for one, two, three, four, five years, or permanently. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

NO ASSESSMENT UPON ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
No. 14 Merrimack Square, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late S. J. RICHMOND.
Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. jy1

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.

Capital and Accumulations April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 96-100 per cent.

This is the only Company transacting first class Life and Endowment business on the Mutual plan, which has a paid up Capital and Surplus to meet its liabilities.

Directors:

Preston Lyman, Nathaniel Greene,
Charles Stanton, Prosper M. Wetmore,
Henry Ludlow, Frederick Sheldon,
Silas P. H. Bailey, Ex-Governor of Connecticut,
Thomas Tileston, Hon. Henry J. Raymond,
John S. Kitching, Caleb Baldwin, New York,
Wm. Bryce, Calvin E. Pratt,
Samuel Borrowe, Surrender of City of New York.
Ephraim Brown, Lowell.
Wm. Wood, Merchant, Brooklyn.
S. S. Scranton, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Henry T. Gouldin, Merchant, Boston.
John C. Stephenson, Merchant, Staten Island.
Wm. H. Webb, Shipbuilder, Secretary.
ROBERT ATKIN, General Agent.

Apply at the Office, or to Medical department, on the most favorable terms.

DR. WM. H. WEBB, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Elwood's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. no16dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in this city, and recommend its use to those who desire a light and durable base for artificial teeth. They are now prepared to insert Teeth on this base, which for lightness, durability, and perfection in relation to the ratio of the vulcanizing process, will be found to be far superior to any other now in use, there are many who have had teeth inserted on this base, and who have worn it in preference to the precious metals, and others who have had it inserted before the late fire, and who have had it in their mouths when the fire occurred, and it came out of the ruins with the Gold Plate, and was found to be entirely uninjured, and is now in use.

Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Complaints.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That a cure is sure to follow the use of

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills,

In the proper manner, and should be avoided by all females who are in a delicate situation, as they are sure to bring on a miscarriage.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

Are a powerful remedy, and should be used with caution.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

Are the greatest discovery of the age.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

Are the best medicine ever offered to the public.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

Are offered to the public at a low price.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

Are sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Central streets, and by Druggists in Nashua and Jacksonville, and by Druggists everywhere. may 29 dtf

"BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula; Dyspepsia; Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dysentery; Indigestion; Female Weakness, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the stomach, bowels, blood, or liver, restores the appetite, promotes digestion, gives strength, relieves the most distressing cases of sick headache, and has never failed in a single instance to effect a cure when any medicine ever known. They are made of the best roots, herbs, barks, and berries that grow—Spikenard, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, Cherry Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so admirably combined as to act in accordance with the laws of life and health. Explicit directions and Summer Medicine with each bottle. Everybody needs this medicine, and should have it. Sold by druggists and dealers at all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

Be sure to ask for DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, and don't be put off with any other. Prepared only by DR. J. P. LANGLEY, Boston, and address up a stout plain engraving, on the four sides of each bottle.

Wholesale Factory, 21 Hanover st., Boston. Sold by all Druggists, Nowhere, New York. apr9

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTER USE IS INSURED BY DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

References can now be given to some of the prominent Clergymen and merchants of this city and vicinity, who have used the above remedy with the most happy effect. Also, to Messrs. Fowle & Kimball, Boston, Sore Throat, Influenza, Irritation of the Throat, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, and all diseases of the throat and lungs, are relieved by a few doses of this invaluable remedy. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box. Depot, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
JEL 18 1 1861. 6m jy18[y]

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DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is not enough to suffer from the ordinary ills of life, but she must have two thirds of her days are more or less afflicted with PAIN, SICKNESS, and WEAKNESS, caused by the same humors which the invincible, CONFLUENT PILLS are designed to cure. They have been in constant use and extensively in an extended private practice of more than twenty years, and are the result of the patient study and observation of a physician who has had more experience in the diseases of females than any other man in the world. Their mild and searching influence upon the whole system, and the early and speedy relief they afford in all cases of suppression, pain, chlorosis, diabetes, spinal disease, rheumatism, fulness, and a-1 kinds of humors, in the female system, has led to their adoption by many surgeons as invaluable in healing virtue.

Sold in Lowell by DR. CHEESEMAN, 7 WHITTIER Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

The Ointment, for dysentery, by mail, 25 cents per box. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Genuine Pills. may 29 dtf

CAUTION!

THE subscribers are sole shippers of the true and original FRANKLIN WORM LOZENGES, and caution all others against using the name of Franklin on their boxes, as the same is a fraud and imposition. We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, as we have no agent in Lowell, Mass. Mr. L. is the author sold or shipped any Franklin Worm Lozenges to any person in Lowell, Mass. Mr. LIVING-STON, Druggist, 1 Market Square, Portsmouth, N. H. Insurance City, Delaware, &c., Inne 8, 1859. 3m

Halibut.

THE HALIBUT BRAND AND COCKROACH EXTERMINATOR is the result of long experience and attention of House, Hotel, and Boarding-house keepers, and is now offered to the public as a cheaper, prompter, and more reliable article than any other ever known. They are made of the best materials, and thoroughly tested for months. It is, without exception, the best and most reliable article ever discovered for the destruction of Cockroaches, Ants, Bed-bugs, Rats, Mice, &c. Directions for using in English, French, German, and Spanish. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers. Depot, 76 North Third street, Philadelphia, and by all dealers in medicines. jel8d1m

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, June 22.

15 Boston and Lowell Railroad		103
10 Boston and Maine Railroad		103½
25 Boston and Worcester Railroad		103½
25 Eastern Railroad		103½
20 Western Railroad		97
10 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad		97
5 Bank of Republic		97
10 Exchange Bank		97½
5 Commercial Bank		97½
5 Merchants' Bank		97

WAR HAS COME,

AND

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers, as a necessary companion or wounds, sunburn, sore lips, and chafed feet from marching, sore throat, inflammation, sore eyes, and all kinds of sores.

Soldiers, if you like best family Salve in use, for sores generally, for sunburn, sore lips, chilblains, lame side, spinal disease, rheumatism, felons, and a-1 kinds of humors, for a sore throat, or for a cold in the head, and many surprising qualities in healing virtue.

Sold in Lowell by DR. CHEESEMAN, 7 WHITTIER Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

The Ointment, for dysentery, by mail, 25 cents per box. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Genuine Pills. may 29 dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOLLIE DUTTON, the Little Fairy, standing on her father's hand.

LIVES OF

"THE LITTLE FAIRY,"

MISS DOLLIE DUTTON.

THE smallest girl in the world, of her age, 10 years old, weighing but 15 pounds, and measuring but 25 inches, an infinitely greater curiosity than General Tom Thumb, Commodore Nutt, Miss Warren, or Miss Minnie Warren, is now in this city. Miss Dollie Dutton, the little Wilmington Keppie and Master George Hood, is the wonder of the world.

Her parents, Master and Mrs. Dutton, of Boston, have issued an order that no person will be permitted to call at Parker's House, Boston, for the purpose of seeing her, unless they have committed fewer acts of depredation and vandalism. Removed from the influences which environ them at home, men rapidly become demoralized. If the soldiers at the Relay Camp have undergone less demoralization than some others elsewhere the fact is partly attributable to the whole, some excellent material they have been surrounded by their commanders. That they are under better discipline than others, is evident from the fact that Union men in Baltimore actually petitioned that the regiment might remain stationed at the Relay Camp, rather than that another body of men should be sent there.

2. The soldiers at this camp are not overworked. The Sixth Regiment has not been drilled four hours a day upon an average since it left Lowell.

3. There is no great cause of complaint as to food. At Washington the facilities for cooking were inadequ

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
— FOR —
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., of Lord, N. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1858. Never had any since. His wife, Mrs. Fisher, was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTENORE, Esq., Casco.

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife . red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of i. mful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nurseryman, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured after the first bottle of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two ; plications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H., Quarter Cloth Agent.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot.

His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Esq., Boston.

Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of intense suffering from Neuralgia. Of four years suffering, she found relief in a single bottle of Curative. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hr. e, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

A AH THOW, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.

ARIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains.

LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgia Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs. In the family now. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since cured.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Buffalo, Opie Co., Illinois. Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Savannah

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Prot- dence, R. I.,

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, after using only the both legs 4 years October, 1858, given up by his physicians that he could never get better, and now enjoys the best of health.

BENJ. P. CUTTER, Esq., Pinson, N. H.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering. Also cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain, by the use of two bottles. No return of pain since cured—a year ago.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead,

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family severe Neuralgia.

HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead,

Cured of a severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N.H.

Cured of Tic Douloureux, which settled in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lowell.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having tried all the remedies relies prescribed in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornlike. Me.,

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully, cured with two bottles.

Mrs. MARY ANN CHERVER, Dracut,

Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of 5 years' standing with two bottles of the Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health, and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.

OLIVER HORSE, Dracut,

Was thrown from a wagon and badly hurt and injured; tried all remedies and found no relief; was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative two years ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and no pain.

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.

MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle Co., Illinois.

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

T. FOSTER FARMER, Billerica,

Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.

EPHRAIM KERSON, North Chelmsford.

Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being confined to bed for six months in excruciating pain, by using three bottles right- teen months ago. Has remained well ever since, has been and is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.

J. H. HUMPHREY, Esq., Boston.

Cured of Neuralgia in May, 1850, after suffering intensely four years.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of severe Nervous Headache, and his wife of Neuralgia in head and teeth, 12 months ago.

In perfect health. No return of either disease

LUCIEN C. ALDRICH, Versbire, Vt.

Was cured of severe case of Toothache by one application.

JOHN MARSH, Lowell,

Cured of Rheumatism in shoulder, and lame back of long standing, twenty months ago is well and sound as ever.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

For the United States & British Provinces,

26 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price $1.

So d by all Druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House.

(Copyright secured.) (1y—oct8—ow-t-

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, so overwhelming victim wonderful of anything else of the kind, and which has created a sensation in the world, has ever been equalled, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the greatest value in married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may be relied on to fill in any case, the price will be refunded.

Over 50,000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions or suppression, and not other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, since that is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations and worthless trash unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only by DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultation by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In three days of medical opposition, when the assistance of a physician is required, a knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful in whom they employ, for many are making some experiments, and especially in relation to those who make the *pretended promise* of performing physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are empirics; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making proper inquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. Dr. M. will avoid *fee*, by not requiring one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases of Men; also Circulars giving full information, sent free of charge to any address in the United States without which no advertising physician or medicine of this kind is to be relied on. ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England. Those who have been deceived by others, and he gives the very best references and testimonials, with a his honesty and his skill. If here ARE any others, LETTHEM DO THE SAME; otherwise, they had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. Mattison, as above.

August 23, 1860. aug23d1y

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE OIL, HANGING STAND AND HANDLED LAMPS,

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Tinnanings. Gal Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a supply of beautiful and entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the careful attention we have to the selecting and the facilities we enjoy for purcasing on the most advantageous terms, will enable us to offer inducements to those who favor us with their orders.

☞ The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to my establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from them before making selections elsewhere.

No. 8, HAYNES, Block,

45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

may16 1y

BURRAS!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central st., and at his new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack st.

may9

Bruises! Brushes!

WIDOW BEEBEE, Floor Brushes with long handles, Counter Brushes, Long Brushes, Curled Brushes, Dust Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a Fine Stock of *Scrubbing Brushes*, Selling entirely new—cut the thing to close the feet thoroughly." Just received and for sale by

mar29 B. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack st.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces; also Carvers and Forks; Pearls, Steel and Brass Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,

dec17 45 Merrimack

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, FAST and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and in as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Court Dockets,
Pamphlets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Reports, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Catalogues, Town Reports,
Circulars, Hammond Posters, &c.,
Newspapers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Haisers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders, *IN EVERY COLOR.*

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand a good stock of post and fancy and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
E. W. HINE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reguiding and Repairing Plates for glass

Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24d1

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond Chesterville, Upton, Gorham, Montreal, and all points on Grand Trunk Road.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $5.50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Upton, 4.50
" " " Newport, 4.50
" " " Derby Line, 4.50

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and Through Checks Taken, for sale only at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,

102 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass. where the public are invited to call for particulars and information.

apr 3 1860 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., at

RYAN'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may30 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

F R E S H
F O R
T H E
P E O P L E
O F
L O W E L L

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 " " Seed Barley, just received for sale at SAMUEL S. WOOD'S,
may7 63Market street 1.

Klauer's Lirocone.

FOR Creating Pure, Healthy Blood, Soft Silky Hair, Strengthening the Nerves, Purifying the Complexion, and a great variety of labor. Paint, however exited, to use will look as fresh as new Its equal has never been discovered, for the above purposes.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, Hi. B. Wolf and Shag Robes; Fur Coats and Lap Robes; Cloth Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRADLEE'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORR & BILLINGS

apr15

RUBBER SLATS.—A Slate which can X not be broken; cheaper for one than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

nov12 E. H. RUNEY'S, 17 Central st

A FEW MORE of Simeon's Patent Mortis Pelle Head left. Sale agent for Lowell,

may14 E. H. RUNEY, 17 Central street

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT — AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EVER BEFORE HAS PROVED TO BE A BLESSING TO MANKIND. — THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases, all who have used it exclaim, "*Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to try

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CHARLES A. SHERMAN & J. A. PIERCE, Boston. Sold by R. H. ELLIS & CO., Central st., and by Dealer generally.

O. L. BEAN'S CO., Proprietors.

21 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 18, 1861. feb18d1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

31 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulations Jan. 1, 1861, $3,317,559.76
Dividends paid to date, 1,466,960.18
Income 1861, 1,851,599.58

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purest mutual principles, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to secure those premiums.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual low rates and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Mortgages and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary investments such as Stocks, &c.

The only Company of the kind ever in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The Company has never yet confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Limited to Ten Years, or for a Single Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore participate in the profits of the business connected with it; should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Applications for insurance may be made to

E. S. TARBELL, Agent,
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

mar7

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observer and thinking person, that the great increase of infants now starving from a disordered condition of the stomach, is the entire result of diseases in your system, or from the use of

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with unbounded success in his private practice, and is now offered to the public, with the full confidence that for infantile complaints, and are trial alone will convince you of its merits, it is unsurpassed by any other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And as the diseases of infantile life are numerous and beasts are caused by worsening the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found a sure relief in all cases of *Sour Stomach, Inflammation, and Bowel Complaints, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, Sick Headache, Colic, Canker, Sore Mouth, Rash, Fever, Worms, Croup, and Cold in the Head*, we would say to mothers, that this Cordial is used in every case when given in time. It will invariably break up the disease, and in all cases of emergency its presence is the best.

In Convulsions

from which more children die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved instantaneously by a few drops in a little sweet milk or water. Indeed, in every case it is found to be a safe, sure and speedy remedy, and is now used in the nurseries of more than 1000 families, and is known as a household word." We never recommend a medicine that we do not know to be beneficial, as well as your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, NOR a fact which we desire to impress upon the mind of every one, as many other preparations for infantile diseases at this time do contain these poisons, which are destructive to the life of infancy. Mothers are becoming cautioned of the use of Opium, Paregoric, Morphine, Laudanum, which are certain to destroy the life of your child, as exemplified in the form of quieting remedies; their continued use invariably produces spasms, fits, stupefaction, and cessation of the bowels, ending eventually in Dysentery. Use Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial—free from every other remedy.

Does not Constipate

the bowels; neither does it act by deadening the inflammation of the bowels, but by removing the cause of inflammation, which is generally found in the presence of disease. We earnestly recommend you, therefore, to use Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, as you may have at hand a remedy which will never fail to relieve your little ones of pain, and will be found truly invaluable, and a source of much comfort to you.

Prepared only by Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. The pox can rely upon. From 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHRISTOPHER DUPONT, Sole Proprietor, No. 1 Dock street, Philadelphia.

Sold and for sale at wholesale and retail by all responsible Druggists

may 7 1860 ly

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!

530 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against vexatious annoyance or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as will make the chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the fingers, changes and also a great variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will execute every kind of sewing, from the finest muslin without stopping, and make ew y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machines, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, as is easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair in 1859. No.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, in October, 1859, the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y. in 1859. No.—These Machines took the highest at the same thing generally whenever properly exhibited in Premium for fine and family sewing machines But we havespace for only a few of the many facts in favor of these machines, of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give perfect satisfaction than any other machine now in use, or the money will be refunded.

The peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have not seen them work, but after a careful and scrupulous investigation, who have taken the pains to examine them, from almost every part of the country, they have all left on record the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics in favor of the Finkle & Lyon Machines. To this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unqualified facts, and refer to the thousands who have made such, by more reference to certain kinds of machines, who have taken the pains to inform themselves of certain personal obligations, but facts determined by the practical use of these Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or for manufacturing.

The Company having determined to meet the limited demand for these Machines by the Agency system, have established a wholesale office in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The Company have also confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Limited to Ten Years, or for a Single Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore participate in the profits of the business connected with it; should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Applications for insurance may be made to

E. S. TARBELL, Agent,
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

mar7

H. S. HAYNES
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
GROCERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactories a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

45 Merrimack Street,

(Near the Post Office)

may16

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the great jury of the people, and its fame increases the lame ness to easy as as hart.

It is a wonderful healing ointment, and it shows the Surest child no longer to dread the fire.

It is a perfect remedy for Burns and Scalds, and will cure them in less time than any other remedy.

It lifts the old sore right off from his crotch, when it comes to a blister.

It removes the delicious mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaby head.

It is a most wonderful counteractive assay of piles.

It smoothes the face of the wrinkled and pimply.

It is scarcely against scalds.

It is a most wonderful remedy for sore eyes.

It arrests and destroys inflammation, and does it WHAT IT SAYS.

The curative may be cured if you will hearken.

Then why will you suffer when you can get relief so easy.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

You may be rid of your pain.

For chafing or warm weather use it.

For sore hips and sore backs.

For sore nipples use it.

For sore lips and sore mouth.

For sore throat, quinsy, sore tonsils, canst, vent, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is the greatest remedy in the world, and Golden Salve is being applied.

All the above diseases it cures. It has the highest commendations from gentlemen of the press, the clergy, and the bar. It is recommended by physicians of the highest standing. Ladies, gentlemen and women of all ranks and conditions, from the Queen on her throne to the humblest cottage, are scratches on horses, neck, or any sore of whatever nature, use the Golden Salve and be healed.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and cannot be cured by any other remedy. Use the Golden Salve and be cured. Sold by druggists generally.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., y the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; ed from the same cause spring all minor forms f diseases. To dissipate a certain cure by taking ose diseases, the first great enquiry necessary What has caused the blood to stagnate? or stronize?

For centuries it has been a master of much ment among scientific and learned men, and like many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the remedy, it has ere left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries, to present to the world the rand discovery, also,

In acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we add reverence and research, as the pleasure more in their spheres, and a vegetable life is governed by certain elements, as nature, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which produces health or disease, and certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood now them to be compounds of iron, sulphur phosphorus.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, produces galvanic electricity.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscular fibre, causes it to contract.

These facts being indisputable, we have now in relation to the motor or agent which causes the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe being in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits electricity, which being in contact with the heart causes it to contract, and hence the power which expels the blood and sending it coursing through every part of a arteries. What then, are the causes of consumption? Deficiency of the red corpuscles of the blood, which is the highest element of life. Vital Dance, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Fits, Nervousness, &c., are deficiency of the red corpuscles containing the iron, which is the principle of life, and the source and center of electricity, and consequently an abnormal circulation. Thus Consumption wasting and bronchial complaints ensue—the sufferer complains of pains in the breast, pains in the side, pains and neuralgia—complaints of the liver and kidneys, and the digestive organs, and a general debility.

Such a process is deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we can manufacture the blood of life, we say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of

"Blood Food."

which restores the red globules, and thus the blood circulates naturally. Scrofula, Consumption! Sufferers from any organic disease! Friends, and relatives, who have given up the body or mind, reduced the standard of blood and health, and the fiat has gone forth, sides suffering any of the distresses known as "incurable," "consumption," "cannot live," "can cure you." It is cured thousands Reperusal every week. Hope has been given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away one only hope. Try the Blood Food, and the dying remedy; live it is true.

Thousands have given up and fully crying the theory advanced here to be correct; the undersigned will guarantee a perfect cure, two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by druggists at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, and 6 bottles free of expense, for $5. Five bottle $5. If sent by mail up to 3 oz. weight, allow wrappers—the old kind, in small bottles. Every genuine bottle has a steel plate engraving of and bears the fac-simile signature of Church & Co. upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

CHURCH & CO., Sole Proprietor,
402 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

S. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
POTTER, and DYER & CUTLER Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia. Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 a bottle. 6 bottles, $5. Sold by R. H. ELLIS & CO., Central st., Lowell.

feb 25 1y

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Professors, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest standing, and Clergymen, all of whom have given their testimonial in favor of all cases of sickness, and diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., y the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; ed from the same cause spring all minor forms f diseases. To dissipate a certain cure by taking ose diseases, the first great enquiry necessary What has caused the blood to stagnate?

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever used.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years, and being confined to my bed several weeks at a time, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NORMAN T. AYRES,
29 Franklin st., Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. H. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
Dr. 6 Anpleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Rheumatism in my right arm for a long time, and could get no relief from any medicine I took, until I was similarly afflicted. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and am honestly say it has entirely cured.

JOHN A. MURIG,
Pearl street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is an excellent remedy for the disease of several years' standing.

W. E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old Boston House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has suffered from a years great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his head and face were one sore. I gave him one bottle of your Compound cured him.

W. W. BARNARD, 39 Milk street, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has cured me of Rheumatism.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietors of the Old Boston House.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

JOHN W. THOMPSON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend and Wm T. Giddens, Esq. presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," as I was suffering with a painful attack of Rheumatism, and before I had taken half the bottle I was entirely relieved.

ALBERT SMITH,
Member of Common Council — Newmarket.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have been acquainted with the Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have no hesitation in recommending it to the afflicted world. We have full confidence in the healing power of the Compound, and believe it to be the best remedy for the above diseases, as one of the oldest and most skillful cures ever offered. Call and get pamphlets containing certificates and proofs.

Henry B. Gardiner, Wholesale agent, East Boston, Mass.

Henry A. Fuller, 16 South Market street Boston.

Wm. Gardiner, Jr., Wholesale agent, Boston.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the country.

Cal. Charles D. Gardiner, Boston.

Lieut. Col. Wm. Gardiner, Boston.

Elmer Townsend, 45 47 Pearl street, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been taken by hundreds of people, for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c.

Principal Depot, 97 Ridby Street, Boston.

Sold by druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle. JAS. G. BARRY, Sole Proprietor, No. 37 Liberty street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the country.

From $100 per bottle. None genuine unless signature of Barry & Gardiner, 37 Liberty street, is on the wrapper.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. S. Simonds, Dr. Bartlett, Dr. Bowers, and by Dealers generally.

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GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheumatism, as an *internal remedy*. Strictly vegetable in its composition, containing not one particle of mineral poison, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children or persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, June 25, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM CALIFORNIA. The Pony Express reached Fort Kearney yesterday, from which point its news from San Francisco to the 8th inst. was telegraphed East.

Real estate in San Francisco is bringing better rates than for several years past. Building improvements are immense.

Money is also reported very easy and a material reduction in the rate of interest is expected.

Gen. Sumner has required his officers to subscribe to the oath of allegiance. He has also sent a company of troops to Fort Churchill, Nevada Territory, to protect the overland mail from the Indians and to keep a lookout for secession sympathizers. The arms sent to Carson Valley last year have recently been claimed by and delivered up to Capt. Moore, of the U. S. Army. The principal Federal officers appointed by the present Administration have fled their bonds and entered upon their duties. Senator Latham has returned from a tour through the State. He reports the mining counties almost unanimous for the Union. He leaves for Washington on the 15th.

Samuel Hughes, Miller Bartlett and T. Camp, who were gathering up the stock on the late Butterfield route, were attacked by the Apache Indians, and killed. Four or five Mexicans who were with them are missing and supposed to have been killed. Troops from Buchanan are scouring the country in pursuit of the Indians. Mr. Goldtree, mail contractor, was killed between El Paso and Tucson by the Apache Indians, also McNemo, Overland Mail Agent. It is believed the overland mail stock is safe.

The accounts from the wheat crop throughout the State, promise a greater yield than last year.

There is considerable political excitement at this time in California. A small pro slavery party, known as Breckinridge Democrats, were holding a convention at Sacramento when the mail left. This convention makes a very small show, however, though it is expected a complete State ticket will be nominated. The vote in the State will be a small one, as this organization embraced all the secession sentiment there is in California. It is believed that the Republicans and Douglas Democrats will fraternize, and run the same ticket for the leading officers; if not, it is generally conceded that the Republicans will be successful at the polls.

FOREIGN NEWS. By the steamer Anglo Saxon, at Halifax yesterday, we have the latest intelligence from Europe. That which is of the most interest by this arrival, relates the sentiment toward our Government in the attitude toward the rebels of the seven Southern States.

The *London Times*, in replying the Northern indignation against England, shows what little cause England has to sympathize with the American Government, and says she will assuredly not rejoice at the military success of either side. It also, in an editorial upon the decision of the French Government relative to the American difficulty, which is in accordance with that of England, says that the Court of Chief Continental powers of Europe fully according to the principles laid down by England, must tend to convince all reasonable Americans that in the end of England there is neither hostility or double dealing.

Mr. Gregory, the member of the British Parliament, who postponed his motion on the subject of the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, has written a long letter to the *London Times*, explaining that it was his desires the speedy recognition of the Southern Confederacy. He argues that humanity and unrestricted commerce demands this course, and contends that the North cannot hold the South in permanent subjection, and urges a peaceful separation.—He believes it recognized by France and England would cause the North to pause before plunging deeper into the struggle, and conclusion by disclaiming all hostility to the North, being actuated only by a love of peace.

The Great Eastern is expected to leave Liverpool in about a fortnight, with three infantry regiments and a field battery of artillery and horses for Quebec. It is admitted that this movement is suggested by the American difficulties, but it is only for protection. and will only raise the garrison from three thousand to five, which is what they were ten years ago. The movement is regarded by some as an insult to the United States.

The Paris *Monateur* has published a declaration that Napoleon intends to maintain the strictest neutrality in the American war, and that all Frenchmen who violate that neutrality by engaging in privateering or enrolling in the army on either side at the risk of forfeiting their claims on his government.

THE newspapers are suffering terribly in consequence of the war. The *Commercial Advertiser* of New York, the Philadelphia *North American*, the *Atlas and Bee* of Boston, and three Baltimore papers—the *Patriot*, *Republican* and *American*—have recently reduced the size of their sheets. A list of no less than fifty papers that have suspended publication within the past three months, was published in a New York journal last week. Notwithstanding about three-quarters of the community are impressed with the idea that printers are now rapidly accumulating money, it is true that they never, as a class, have experienced so severe a reverse. Business of all kinds is nearly prostrated, and business men, to whom they look for a large share of support, are giving no encouragement whatever to printers at this time. Those who live through this crisis without serious losses, will be fortunate indeed. We venture to say that not one out of a hundred of the newspaper proprietors throughout the country, will clear their

RIOT IN MILWAUKEE, WIS. The papers this morning bring accounts of a serious riot in Milwaukee, originating in the derangement of monetary matters of the West. We presume the demonstration of violence was started by those who have deposited their means in the banks, and now, when in need, are unable to draw the same, with a fair prospect of seeing no more of their investments. There have been, to our knowledge, most outrageous swindles of this kind, and it is not a matter of surprise that similar cases should lead to violent deeds. It is stated, however, that the immediate cause of this outbreak was the action of the banks of Milwaukee, on Saturday, in throwing out of circulation the notes of a large number of the other banks of the State.

From the accounts we have at hand, it seems that the attack had been pretty thoroughly organized and was deliberately carried on. About 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon the rioters marched in a body to Mitchell's Bank, attacking it with stones and brick, soon exhibiting the windows completely. The clerks barricaded the doors in order to gain time to secure the valuables, which they did in a great measure. The mob then broke down the doors, and soon stripped the room of everything, throwing the furniture and books into the street. The State Bank, on the opposite corner, and B. Martin's office, were then attacked and served in the same manner. The Bank of Milwaukee was also stoned, but suffered little damage. Allis & McGregory's real estate office was completely gutted, and books valued at $6000 destroyed. The Juneau Bank windows were broken.

The Mayor and his police force were early on hand, but were powerless. The military were then called out, and on a charge being made by a company of Zouaves, the streets occupied by the rioters were cleared. About fifty of the rioters were captured and lodged in jail, and several persons were injured. Guards were stationed at the doors of the banks, and also about the jail. In the evening the rioters held meetings and were very denunciatory in their language, and posting pyramids of a small cannon, they threatened to use it unless their friends were released. This induced the Governor to declare martial law, and disturbances were prevented by the arrival of Racine and Madison. Probably there was no further outbreak last night, as the necessary troops could be brought to the city in a few hours.

"A WORD FOR BEN." We copy from the *Boston Courier*, the following in defence of "our Ben," who, just because "somebody blundered" at Great Bethel, or, in the Vermont regiment, who was exchanged for a rebel dragoon named Carter, represent the rebels still to have three prisoners belonging to the New York regiments. Mr. Parker not hearing the order to retreat, was overtaken by the rebels and in the evening was marched to York-town with the main body of the rebels, and thence to Richmond. He was carefully guarded until exchanged. He was not ill-treated. He reports a large rebel force at Yorktown, every steamer bringing them additions. Provisions were scarce and the rebel troops were badly fed and clothed.

It is stated that G. W. Clark, of the 2nd New York Regiment, deserted the night before the affair at Great Bethel, and obtaining a citizen's dress from traitors, gave the rebels full information as to our movements. He is now at Richmond, probably refusing to receive him into service.

A storehouse in Richmond, containing $100,000 worth of property, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The war steamer Gleaner was burned to the water's edge. Both fires were incendiary, and the rebels are vainly endeavoring to discover the incendiary. They have now but two small steamers on James River.

Many dispatches have been received at the army headquarters from the Virginia side within the last two days. Affairs in that direction are represented as all quiet.

A dispatch to the *Commercial* states that the Gleaner was burned by the secession troops from Fortress Monroe, who pulled down the Norfolk in a row boat, set her on fire and quietly retired.

Western Virginia. Intelligence from Western Virginia is very encouraging. Gen. McClellan is actively perfecting his arrangements for services against the rebels, and expects to hear of his first movement here to be given. It is quite positive, however, that he is abundantly able to take care of the rebels if they venture an assault in Western Virginia.

Harper's Ferry. Harper's Ferry is entirely deserted; no rebel troops are there, though well informed men represent that there are from 1500 to 2000 between Harper's Ferry and Winchester.

From Missouri. The defeat of the secessionists at Boonville, is having a good effect, and has given the Union cause new activity. It is now the principal point of artillery and horses for Quebec. It is admitted that this movement is suggested by the American difficulties, but it is only for protection. and will only raise the garrison from three thousand to five, which is what they were ten years ago. The movement is regarded by some as an insult to the United States.

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Reinforcements have been sent for by Col. Stone; they were only of ordinance, and nothing to cross the river until he obtained them, which he will do when they are received. The original design of his expedition was to cut off all retreat of the rebels easterly from Harper's Ferry.

The War Department has assured Senator Johnson and Hon. Mr. Etheridge that the Union men of East Tennessee shall be sustained, and an order has been issued including Tennessee in the district under command of Brig. Gen. Anderson.

From Fortress Monroe. Reuben Parker, of the Vermont regiment, who was exchanged for a rebel dragoon named Carter, represent the rebels still to have three prisoners belonging to the New York regiments. Mr. Parker not hearing the order to retreat, was overtaken by the rebels and in the evening was marched to York-town with the main body of the rebels, and thence to Richmond. He was carefully guarded until exchanged. He was not ill-treated. He reports a large rebel force at Yorktown, every steamer bringing them additions. Provisions were scarce and the rebel troops were badly fed and clothed.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

Company G. 6th Regiment, Fort Monroe. A few for whom the company (G. 6th Regiment, Richardson Light Infantry,) at others from Lowell connected with the army, at Fort Monroe, will be met by the Soldiers' Aid Association, on THURSDAY, 27th inst., per steamer S. R. spaulding, from Boston, from the office of Lowell Gas Light Co., corner Shattuck and Middle Streets.

Packages weighing not over three pounds, will be received till 9 A. M. Thursday, and no longer.

By order of Executive Committee.
WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.
jel8d3t

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY.

Thirty active able-bodied men for Company B, First Battalion of Sharpshooters, to join camp under-lying near Thursday. Apply at the National Grays Armory, Market Square.
Lowell, June 24, 1861. jel8d3t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street.
may24d1f

"FOURTH OF JULY" MEETING. In response to a call in the daily papers, a number of citizens met last evening in the Citizens' Committee Room, to consider the expediency of making arrangements for celebrating the coming Fourth of July. Dr. Nathan Allen called to order, and E. A. Alger, Esq., was chosen Chairman, and S. A. McPherson, Secretary.

The Chairman stated the objects of the meeting, after which remarks on the subject were made by Dr. Allen, Mayor Sargent, Hiram Barney, Esq., Mr. Ohlin Nichols, Mr. Adams, H. A. Cooke, Esq., Mr. Hugh McEvoy and others. The tone of the speakers was in favor of having a celebration by the children of the Public and Sabbath Schools, in some grove, with short addresses by some of our prominent public home speakers, with vocal and instrumental music.

On motion of Mr. Pearson, it was voted that the Chairman select a committee of twelve, two from each Ward, to make arrangements, and five to present a report and report at an adjourned meeting to be held at the same place this evening.

It is suggested that at the gathering on the Fourth, if the invitation orally made be not accepted, the oath of allegiance be administered to all persons, without regard to sex or age, who may desire to take it.

It is to be hoped the observance of a good turn-out at the adjourned meeting this evening, in the Citizens' Committee Room, at 8 o'clock. Let all who feel an interest in the matter be present, and encourage the Committee of Arrangements to proceed.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. *Chapman J.* The Court came in yesterday afternoon at three o'clock, and the first case on trial, by agreement of parties, was vs. Lowell Gas Light Company. This is one of three actions of tort, tried at one time before one jury, about two years ago, and went up on exceptions and came down for a new trial; and was brought to recover damages for sickness and injuries to plaintiff's health and that of his family, by the leakage of gas through a sewer and drain into a tenement occupied by him, alleged to be caused by a break or leak in defendant's gas pipes, laid in the Middlesex Street, in Lowell, and within a few feet of plaintiff's tenement. This action will occupy three days, at least, and there are several actions remaining from the same alleged negligence of defendants to mend their gas-pipe in due time. A. R. Brown and D. S. Richardson for plff., W. F. Webster and J. G. Abbott for def.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY. Contributors are requested to bring in their articles as early as 11 o'clock to-morrow, in order that the Committee can award the premiums and gratuities, previous to the opening of the exhibition to the public at one o'clock, P. M.

DIVORCED. In the Supreme Judicial Court, in this city, this forenoon, Judge Chapman presiding, Emery Dame obtained a divorce from the bonds of matrimony from Lucy A. Dame, on the ground of desertion. D. S. & G. F. Richardson appeared for the libellant. At the same time, Sarah E. Munroe obtained a decree of divorce from her husband, Jeremiah Munroe, with permission to resume her maiden name, on the ground that he had been sentenced to confinement to hard labor in the State Prison for three years for larceny. C. Cowley solicitor for the libellant. These parties are all of Lowell.

Strawberries. We have received a sample box of fine strawberries sold by J. C. Morse, No. 142 Central Street, who is raising had some experience with this kind of fruit, dating back many years, we venture nothing in saying that they are as good as ever grew. The color of the fruit, when cheeked and sweet to the heart, measured three inches and a half across and around, and each of this delicious fruit will certainly be acceptably served at Mr. Morse's, where a supply will always be found while any remain in the market.

THE BOX FOR FORTRESS MONROE. The box designed for the Richardson Light Infantry was filled and shipped on occasion in Maryland, since. Don't you say so—all of you? It is not a big thing to do, nevertheless. It is a big thing to accomplish—to attack General Ignorance in his citadel. Let us. Tax Whale.

FALL OF BUILDINGS AT WEARMOUTH.—Yesterday, Capt. Haines, with a company of forty men, entered a building on the levee at Wyandotte, for the purpose of drilling, preparatory to being recruited into the United States service, when the centre wall of the building suddenly gave way, plunging the whole company beneath a heap of ruins. A number were instantly killed. One man died soon after he was liberated; another had both legs and arms broken. Twelve or fifteen others were severely injured, and will be laid up some time. The walls of two buildings fell and a part of a third. The buildings were four-stories high, and of course had been slightly constructed.

A LITTLE steamer called the "Union," to be propelled by a ten-horse power engine, has been built to run upon Umbagog Lake and the Androscoggin and Magalloway Rivers, in Maine, to accommodate the sportsmen and pleasure seekers.

Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin has been engaged to deliver an oration in New York on the evening 4th of July.

FLORAL CONCERT. The annual concert by Mr. G. F. Willey's class is now the subject of thought among those who love the music of little fairies. The entertainment offered by him is certainly an attractive one, and we shall look for a crowded house. The operatic selected is the "Queen of the Summer," which is admirably arranged and adapted for the occasion. Beside the little army of boys and girls who take part in this entertainment, the services of Mr. S. W. Stevens and Miss Emma Weeks have been engaged, whose contributions will add much to the interest of the concert. We hope Mr. Willey's labors to make this acceptable to the public, will not fail to bring out a large audience.

FERDOM desirous of joining a 'military company, that is sure of going into service at once, are directed to the advertisement in another column. We believe the position these recruits are designed for could not be better in any regiment in the State.

A NEW "COMMODORE." There is a prospect now that the war will soon be ended, as a new "Commodore" has been appointed for the first time in sixteen years. There has been a reconstruction of the *Hull* and the "ancient *Henry*" generally will be raised in naval affairs.

CITY COUNCIL. The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council will be held this evening.

PUTTING THE CASE IN A STRONG LIGHT. Motley, the historian, in an admirable letter to the *London Times*, upon American affairs, gives a true statement of the attitude of the course of our Government. A single extract, in which the writer places the question in a light in which the English Government, and five to present it, clearly shows the power of his reasoning. Mr. McNeil says:—

"Englishmen themselves live in a united kingdom. If the Irish nation really has had should secede, should seize all the national property, forts, arsenals and public buildings, organize an army of invasion, send forth foreign ministers to Louis Napoleon, the Emperor of Russia and other powers, issue invitations to all the pirates of the world to prey upon English commerce, should screen their piracies by agreement by the bancer of Scotland, and should announce its intention of planting that flag upon Buckingham Palace, it is probable that a how or two would be struck to defend the national honor and the national existance, without fear that the civil war would be denounced as a war of conquest, and raise are as low as in any Company with a constitutional government.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT this cash assets are as follows: Loans on collateral, municipal and other property not hazardous invested at current rates, and all other assets of every description.

Office, No. 37 Court street, (second story.)
P. P. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Boston, April 1, 1861. 1y14d1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns brighter,
It lasts longer,
It gives more quantity,
It costs less money.

Then why use other? burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
WILSON & WILDER'S, CENTRAL AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.
ap15d1f

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is commonly in the hands of the female herself, and to the thinking part of our sex no more of them subjects can be of more importance than that of health. Therefore, CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the receipt of Dr. CHEESEMAN, M. D., a regular graduate of the London University, and for many years used successfully in an extensive private practice in London, are offered to the American public as a sure remedy for all the diseases peculiar to females, and as a safe and speedy relief in all cases of suppression, whether arising from cold, debility, or any other cause. Full directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Sold by all druggists.

Principal Depot, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

Sold in Lowell by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Middle Streets, and by druggists everywhere.
may31 1y

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the agency of this machine in Mech. Hr. A Davis's agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jeu8d1f

TRADERY AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTOR:

C. B. Colesr,	D. S. Richardson,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Hamblin,	H. Hosford,	Isaac Plant,
A. G. Brown,	Wm. Perry,	E. F. Sherman,
	Levi Spooner.	

Mutual Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-Houses, Stores and Furniture, and has never had a single loss or claim in this city. The present cash assets are $100,000, with a large surplus, and the Directors are desirous of increasing the business to a large amount, unless gross premiums in Middlesex County is obtained, when the business will be closed, and rates are as low as in any Company with a constitutional charter.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT this cash assets are as follows: Loans on collateral, municipal and other property not hazardous invested at current rates, and all other assets of every description.

Office, No. 37 Court street, (second story.)
P. P. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Boston, April 1, 1861. 1y14d1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss and by FIRE, on favorable terms. Office in the Company's building, directly opposite the Post Office.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph O. Adsit,
Stephen Codding, Wm. Gage,
Ebenezer Fox, Wm. Crafts,
Joshua W. Danforth, Caleb M. Fairbanks,
Samuel Hadley, Elijah M. Read,
Ephraim Brown. Nathan Crosby.

Abram C. Mosely, Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bates, Reuben P. Clark,
Reuben P. Clark,
NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 401 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 26, 1861. 1y17

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at low rates, and make prompt adjustments. Office on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Churches, for a term of years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.
jan8d1y

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'CE CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 8, 1861. 1m15

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$1000,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 86 100 per cent.

$100,000 is deposited with the Controlling first lien on real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan. Reports of the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Ernstus Lyman,	Frank'n City Bank, Brooklyn.
Charles Simons,	Wm. Bennett, Jr.,
Wm. Kent,	Ex-Governor of Connecticut.
Alex'r H. Bailey,	Wm. Bennett, Sr.,
Thos. Tileston,	Cashier Bank of Commerce,
John S. Kitching,	Cashier Bank of Commerce, New York.
Jonathan Sturges,	Jonathan Sturges,
Benjamin Babcock,	President of City of New York.
Ed. S. Jaffray,	Wm. Bennett,
Ed. S. Bennett,	Merchant, Brooklyn.
Robert C. Cornell,	Wm. Bennett, Jr.,
John G. Stephens,	Merchant, Staten Island.
	Ex-Governor of Connecticut.

ROBERT AYERS, General Agent.

Office in Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack streets.
Nov. 14, 1860. ly107

VULCANISED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have found it to possess qualities that is now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want of a substance that would combine the requisite qualities in relation to the value of the vulcanite base, and the above article is the result of many years experiment. There are many instances where it is used with great success, and in the case of a full set, the saving in the price of gold in setting to the finished case this article has been in use for the last two years, and we are prepared to refer to everything else, but they assure the public that they have not brought it before the public in this manner, and all others, that we equal in any that is offered in the market.

Rooms over Dr. J. P. KELTON'S Store,
Merrimack Square.
Lowell, June 1, 1861. 1m22

C. G. H. KAYES, M. D.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
41-2 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

Treatment of Diseases of the Mouth and Teeth. Physician, will attend to any branch of his profession with care and skill. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Lowell, June 1, 1861. 1m22

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
Middlesex, ss. Lowell, June 20, 1861.

BY virtue of an execution which issued from the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the County of Middlesex, at the February Term, A. D. 1861, in favor of Ezra Farrar, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, against the goods and estate of Thomas Hall, of Lowell, in said County, and Hosea Hall, of Lowell, in said County, and Hosea Hall, of Lowell, in said County, and Hosea

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
— FOR —
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL
DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX,
HEADACHE, LAME BACK,
STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.
— HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY: —
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., ord, N. H.
Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.
LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Uses only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.
A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of a virulent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1858. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervousness by the use of it.
THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Chester
Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.
H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.
His wife, red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.
E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.,
Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to his bed three months with insupportable suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders and forearms, and in both hands. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.
JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains by two [illegible] pleistions, two years ago. No pain since.
JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
Cured of Chilblains by one ap cation.
Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five years of the severest suffering. No return of pain.
SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of Neuralgia and Spinal Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Now, always sleeps since, enjoys the vigor of health.
L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot
His wife cured of severe Neuralgia pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative
J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of sore affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.
Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.
ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.
Relieved of pain in one of an ulcerated tooth.
CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.
His wife cured of intense suffering from Neuralgia, after four years of severe suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatism. Families in Boston, Lowell, or elsewhere, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaints since.
A. AH THOW, Milford, N. H.,
Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1860, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1860.
ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' suffering, February, 1859.
ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,
Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains
LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,
His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.
ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.
A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Is in joys perfect health now, and has ever since cured.
JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk Ogle Co., Illinois
Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain.
GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Steamship Arabia,
Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.
C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.,
Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, also Paralyzed in both legs 8 years October, 1858, given up by his physicians that he could never get better, and now enjoys the best of health.
SERJ. P. CUTTER, Esq., Pinnan, N. H.,
Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering; also cured of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain; by the use of six bottles. No return of pain since cured—a year ago.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead,
Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family severe Neuralgia.
HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead,
Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.
Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N.H.
Cured of Tic Douloureux, severe pains in the face, eyes and forehead: with 3 applications.
Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lowell,
Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 6 days, after having tried all the usual remedies prescribed in this disease without relief.
D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornton, Me.
Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering dreadfully—cured with two bottles.
Mrs. MARY ANN CHEEVER, Dracut,
Was cured of a most severe case of Neuralgia of 3 years' standing with two bottles of the Curative, more than a year ago, and is in perfect health; and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.
OLIVER MORSE, Dracut,
Was thrown from a wagon and badly hurt and injured; tried all remedies and found no relief; was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative two years ago; enjoys perfect health ever since and says so.
ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.
Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheuma tism in the right hip and knee, after 10 years' agonizing pain; says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family consider the Curative in 3 miracle.
MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle Co., Illinois
Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.
T. POTTER FARMER, Billerica,
Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and neck by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.
EPHRAIM KENRON, North Chelmsford,
Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being confined to bed for six months in excruciating pain, by using three bottles aud one-half bottle more of the Curative. Was at work and has been and is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.
J. H. HUMPHREY, Esq., Boston,
Cured of Neuralgia in May, 1859, after suffering nine years.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of severe Nervous Headache, and his wife of Neuralgia in head and teeth, 15 months ago.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PRINTING and NEATNESS of all work entrusted to them, and as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Bank, Pamphlets, Cards, Circulars, Address, Catalogues, Town Reports, Notes, Receipts, Drafts, Checks, Bills of Lading, Blanks, Labels, Tickets, Programmes, Posters, &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Tailors, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN VERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
Constantly on hand, a good stock of paper ex-pressly adapted to the above and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. P. JONES,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

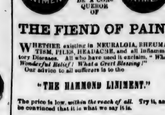
MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglining and Repairing Plates for Glass Windows.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.
REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Chateauguay, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points on the Line.
Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " Derby, 5.50
" " Newport, 5.00
" " Stanstead, 5.00
THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all passes in Canada East, for sale at the
Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
182 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass. Baggage will be checked in full for particular information.
apl7 dat H. H. FISHER, Agent.
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in great variety. Gold and Ivory Pointing, Engraving, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO PUT YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

PEOPLE'S CHOICE
OF THE
PEOPLE'S CITY

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN OLD AND WELL KNOWN REMEDY HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF
THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHEREVER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "What Wonderful Balm—It Was a Good Blessing!" Our advice to all sufferers is to the
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
In sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, sormer Merchants and Main streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHEDWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861 fubl5ly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861. $3,912,256.50
Dividends paid to date, 1,448,960.18
Losses paid, 2,463,296.32
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, paying in advance the whole accumulated fund in entirely the result of the premiums paid by themselves, which is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, the following are worthy:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
It has invested its funds in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
It has Branch Offices in the Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Boards.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the business of Life.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates its customers in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Whole Life, 10 year Life or annuity bonds paid one-half in cash, and one-half in a note, which is cancelled at the end of seven years, the interest on premium notes to be paid annually.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The dividends are based upon the principle of mutual insurance—those who pay the most being entitled to the largest dividends in Cash, when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the actual experience of the Company.
This Company has now the large number of 7778 Policies in force, with an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the application of the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance Companies are based, and which principle must therefore prove it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.
Application for insurance may be made to
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar7 dtf

MOTHERS
It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the free circulation of Alcohol in the blood, is the primary occasion of those diseases, a remedy known as
MRS. WINSLOW'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Jayne with remarkable success during several years' practice, we are prepared to say, that for the relief of children in infantile complaints, it is unquestionably one of the virtues free of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. For sale by druggists generally.
(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other, is one of the kind, in proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. The top seam is signed and sealed, but it is all in one case, the price will be $1 per bottle.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—It will also prevent obstructions, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. The top seam is signed and sealed, but it is all in one case, the price will be $1 per bottle.
Sold by Druggists and Traders generally throughout the country.
Sold by Druggists and Traders generally throughout the country.
Full Strength, $10: Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that is warranted as represented in every instance, or the price will be refunded.
☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted genuine except those signed by Dr. M. at the office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S FEMALE REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, pamphlets sent to patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy cure. Cures guaranteed or restored to health.
—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—
☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before at least making some experiment, and especially to those to those who make the greatest professions. Advertising physicians, or those more out of sight are impostors; and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, and apply to them into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you have no one to censure but yourself for your folly. ☞ Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing a three cent stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally, also Certificates, giving full information, and the most undoubted references and testimonials, from many of whom no advertisement will appear, some of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

NEW IMPORTATIONS
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware.
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND BANDED LAMPS.
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.
KEROSENE OIL
of the very best quality which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Pearl Handled and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.
GLASS WARE.
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Wanting wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I shall pay particular attention to the selecting, and the facilities I now enjoy for purchasing to the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our motto:
"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."
In thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I shall continue to sell from all before making sciencious elsewhere.
H. S. HAYNES,
No. 63 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
may15 Sch

BURRAH!
1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central st., and at his new Bookstore,
apr27 No. 37 Merrimack st.
BRUSHES! Brushes!
WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long Handles, Dust Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brush and Broom, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Nail Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Sponges, Chamois Skins, Whisks, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Shoe Blacking entirely new—cost the thing to clean boots thoroughly. H. S. HAYNES & MERRIMACK
nov29
CUTLERY! CUTLERY!
A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 51 pieces also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,
dec27 46 Merrimack.

MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglining and Repairing Plates for Glass Windows.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Particular Notice to the Travelling Public.
REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Chateauguay, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points on the Line.
Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " Derby, 5.50
" " Newport, 5.00
" " Stanstead, 5.00
THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all passes in Canada East, for sale at the
Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
182 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass. Baggage will be checked in full for particular information.
apl7 dat H. H. FISHER, Agent.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in great variety. Gold and Ivory Pointing, Engraving, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO PUT YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

PEOPLE'S CHOICE
OF THE
PEOPLE'S CITY

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
539 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement or litigation.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing-mach ne in market, to fine and delicate embroidery, and for a greater variety of sewing required in a fam y. They use from one to seventy thicknesses of Merseilles without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect; they will sew as well on a single gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, pressure, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. Is not such a machine adapted to family use? and if NOT adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we have several changes and sizes.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.
Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable nor more simple in its construction, and easier understood.
The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair
Fact No. 8.—HIGHEST PREMIUM, the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, October, 1860, and the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.
Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y., in 1860, and the highest premium for the same thing generally wherever properly exhibited. Agents wanted in every town and county where Agents are not already employed.
Fact No. 10.—Our Machines are unsurpassed in their combinations of simplicity, durability, efficiency, and beauty, and consequently an almost universal demand for them is manifested wherever they are introduced. Complaints are comparatively few, and generally groundless. Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,
DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
Will certainly effect a cure.
The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation, has induced the proprietors to pledge themselves to the public to
RETURN THE MONEY
in every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the sickness or death of a child or adult should warrant the supposition of worms being the cause." In all cases the Medicine to be given in STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.
We pledge ourselves to the public, that
Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge
DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY
in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, in the use of which not the slightest injury to the most tender infant.
Beware of Counterfeits!
Be particular and see that the name of
FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.
is on the Bottle.
Physicians and Physicians ordering from others than the above firm, will be unable to write their orders distinctly, and make sure of getting the genuine article. The following Pamphlets, prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and for sale by druggists generally throughout the United States, one box of Pills for twelve thousand worms, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen thousand worms. All orders from Canada must be addressed to Montreal, C. E.

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is healthy. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for each of these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?
For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and many theories extended upon the enquiry, the discovery has left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries, the honor of this great and grand discovery, also,
That Providence, that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," as well venture the remark, that as the planets move in their spheres, and all nature is governed by certain laws, so, also, is animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which governs the motion of the blood, and its every effect, follows.
Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood has shown to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.
Here we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.
Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, forms what is known as rust.
Oxygen brought in contact with a muscular fiber forms muscular action.
Oxygen being indispensable, we have now the solution of the cause of the motion of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the blood, forms the blood power which creates electricity, which coming in contact with the phosphorus in the blood, causes the power which expels the blood and sends it through the veins to be acted over and over. Here, then, are the causes of Consumption, Liver Disease, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Fever and Sores, Scrofula, and all diseases of the eye, which are caused by corpuscles containing the iron, sulphur and phosphorus in excess, and consequently an abnormal circulation, a diseased condition of the blood, which, if not corrected, inevitably causes the suffering becomes nervous—complaints of the liver and kidneys set in, and the whole system is deranged, and nervous fevers may be traced to the deficiency in the blood of the life-sustaining principle.
Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and hence we do not pretend to say that we can restore the vitality of the system as in early life can be materially prolonged by the use of the
"Blood Food,"
which restores the red globules, and thus the blood is enriched, and consequently the cause of consumptives!! Sufferers from any organic disease of the kidneys, liver, or any other part of the body or mind, reduced the standard of health, should not neglect to use the "Blood Food," unless suffering any of the distresses known as consumptive symptoms, for it will restore the blood "can cure you. It has cured thousands who were considered by their friends as past recovery. Do not reject it, do not throw away your money, but use it, and be cured. Don't be failing remedy; give it a trial.
Be careful and shun the swindling cut and fully trying the theory advanced here to be correct, and if it fails to cure you, return the bottle and you will send stamps. Blood Food is sold by all druggists, or when sent by express, will be forwarded free of expense, for $5. Price, single bottle, $1. Six bottles for $5. Full directions for use in each language—the old kind, in small bottles, in red wrappers—the new kind, in large bottles, in white wrappers—the new kind, in large bottles, in white wrappers—the fac-simile signature of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.
Sold by C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 67 Broadway, New York.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, Agents for New England States.
Sold in Lowell by Chas. A. Kimball & Co., Merrimack & Main streets; Wm. S. Kidder, Jr., Merrimack and John sts.
fubl5ly

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.
FOR Scurvy, Boils, Blotches, Dyspepsia or diseased blood as well as new, give it their unqualified endorsement. For Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but above all, for Scrofula in all its forms, they have no equal. They have proved the best remedy for Sore Eyes, and from failing to sell in a single instance.
Dark Green, S. C., June 24th, 1859.
Prof. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have been selling your Medicines for some years, and have had occasion to use them in this community. I have had occasion to use them in my family, and I have had occasion to know of their use by others. Your Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier I have ever known, and I have had occasion to know of many remarkable cures by it. Your Hair Vigor is a preparation of merit, and will restore the hair from falling out, and from falling off. Your Ague Pills are a safe and certain remedy for Fever and Ague.
Yours, very respectfully,
J. Z. WRIGHT, M. D.
Office of the Jeffersonian, Phillipps, Va.,
Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure to say to you that your Sarsaparilla has done me more good than all the medicines I have ever taken. The spring of 1858 I was taken down with a severe attack of Rheumatism, and was confined to my bed for six weeks. During this time I was attended by two physicians, but got no relief. I was compelled to wear crutches for six months after I got up. I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and after using some two or three bottles his hair grew out and my health improved. I have also used your Hair Vigor, and it has restored the hair to the baldness of my head, and I am satisfied it will do the same for others. I have no interest in the truth of this statement, and give it to you as a voluntary act, hoping that you may be induced to continue the manufacture of your Sarsaparilla, as I know it will prove a blessing to many who are afflicted with scrofula.
Yours, very respectfully,
Dr. WOOD: Dear Sir—Permit me to express the gratification I have derived from the entire restoration of my hair to its original color, and to say that I have used no other than your Hair Vigor. I have used about seven bottles, and can say that I have used no other article that has done me so much good. I consider your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, quite unequaled by any other.
S. THLLEBRO.
The Restorative is put up in Bottles of two sizes, viz: large, medium, and small: the small holds 1-2 pint, the medium 1 pint, and the large 1 1-2 pints. The large bottle is the cheapest, as it contains more than double the quantity of the small, and the medium contains one-third more than the small.
Prepared and sold by O. J. WOOD & CO., Depot No. 312 Broadway, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.
For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. T. BILLINGS, corner of Central and Jackson sts.
And sold by all Good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
Price of Hair Vigor, $1 per bottle.

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER BUCKLES
NAPKIN RINGS, SILVER PENCILS,
PRUNING KNIVES, IVORY HANDLED KNIVES,
PRUNING KNIVES, IVORY HANDLED KNIVES,
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—only be sold low.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 12, 1860.
GENTS' NECK TIES,
Of new and beautiful patterns, just received at BRA-ZER'S, of Central, corner of Market st. may29

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND.
A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum—it is an unequaled remedy, driving out and eradicating the disease, requiring no confinement or loss of business, and may be taken by children with perfect safety.
TESTIMONIALS.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy I ever used.
CHARLES A SMITH,
No 1 Old Union House, Boston.
After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and having tried almost every thing recommended for it, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."
NORMANT AYRES,
19 Franklin st., Boston.
Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I took but one bottle, and am entirely well. JAMES BOYD,
No 1 Old Union House, Boston.
No 4 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.
I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and have tried many remedies without obtaining relief. After using one bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound I was entirely cured. JOHN A. KING,
Proprietor Revere House, Boston.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia. W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor St. Nicholas House, Boston.
One-half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
JOHN P. THOMPSON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.
I certify that my friend Mr. T. Gliddon, has presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," he was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and was entirely relieved by the first dose tasted.
ALBERT SMITH,
Cor. Washington and Bromfield sts., Boston.
The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism in bowing cases, and have found it to be a safe, speedy and permanent cure—have full confidence in its healing qualities, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism, as the best remedy in use of the kind, and have used it in all its branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Henry D. Gardiner, Wetmore street, East Boston.
Wm. Bell, Boston.
Wm. Bell & Co., 30 South Market street, Boston.
Wm. Bell & Co., Washington, cor. Bromfield street, Boston.
Capt. Charles O. Dodger.
Capt. Charles Dodger, Boston.
Elmer Townsend, 45 of 47 Pearl street, Boston.
Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound is sold by hundreds of people, for fabulous Rumors, Boston.
Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.
Pamphlets sent free on receipt of the fact at HENRY D. GARDINER, Wetmore street, East Boston, Mass.
For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. S. Hinds, Wm. S. Kidder, Jr., Merrimack and John sts., and Jas. Bent, 96 and 102 Merrimack street.
Lowell, April 19, 1860. dly

WHITE HEAD.
BY FLORENCE PERCY.
From the pleasant parks I used to tread
Full many a year ago,
I dream of the rocks of old White Head,
And the sea that rolls below.
I sit once more on the island bench
Where the pines are waving high,
And listen again their mystic speech,
In the breeze that sweeps the sky.
While, lying here on my tiresome bed,
I dwell in memory
By fondly picturing old White Head
Mid the ocean's misery.
Beyond it the laden ships go out,
Out into the open sea,
To battle with the wind and storm, and doubt,
And the ocean's treachery.
And the homeward vessels which long have sped
Through tempest, and spray, and foam,
Catch first a glimmer of old White Head,
And then a sight of home;
And many a homeless tear is shed
By wanderers upon the sea
As memory whispers of old White Head,
And the days that used to be.
Ah, rarest memes that ever were seen
Grow brighter on old White Head—
Change, and rumor, and years between,
Wide over the rocks are spread—
And when the storm-winds howl and shiver,
The gnashing archer tells
Where ships and their crews and crumbines
Are swinging their mystic bells.
Ah, then, it is on the tempest bed
I rest the dreary day
And dream of the rocks of old White Head,
And the billows of Casco Bay.
Did I forget! It is winter now
On the rocks of old White Head.
The snow lies deep on the cliff's high brow,
And the blasts are fierce and dread—
Under the ice, with sob and sigh,
The waves roll and break;
And the clouds hang dark, and the sea birds cry,
And the winds a requiem say,
Yet, lying here on my tiresome bed,
It cheers me all the day
That the summer is shining on old White Head,
And the islands of Casco Bay.
—Portland Transcript.

AN ALLIGATOR HUNT.
In the course of the year 1831, the proprietor of Hahalia, in the island of Lasalle, state that he had lost a number of hogs and cows by an enormous alligator, who frequented one of the lagoons, which run into the lake. A few days before my arrival, an Indian was crossing the river on horseback, when the animal sprang upon him. He seized the saddle, which he tore from the horse, and offered for three days to the water and made for the shore. The alligator, disregarding the horse, pursued the man, who safely reached the bank, and might have escaped, but being foolhardy, he placed himself on the back of the animal, fastened into the water, and drawing his knife when the animal approached he struck him on the head. The alligator, terrified at the resistance of the Indian, rushed upon the shore, and left the lifeless body of the body in his capacious jaws, disappeared into the lake. The monster sank to the bottom, and there devoured his victim alone on the surface, calmly basking in the sun, gave to the farmer stricken spectators the fullest conformation of the death and burial of their comrade. Having experienced a strong desire to witness this scene, my host readily offered his assistance. We therefore proceeded in a canoe to the lagoon, a buffalo nets upright across the river, three deep and at intervals of several feet. My companion, who was a good marksman, with our guns on either side of the stream, while the Indians, with long spears, lay for the animal. At length he was aroused, and moving slowly on the bottom toward the nets, which he soon entangled himself in, he quietly turned back and proceeded up the river. We followed, and as he principated into the water, and tried the other side, where he was received with a shower of lances, discharged directly into his mouth. Finding himself attacked on every side, he renewed his attempts to escape, but without success, but whatever part of him appeared was met with lances. At length the animal was determined to force his way, and foaming with rage, rushed with open jaws and gnashing his teeth with a sound you could hear a great distance, when his career was stopped by a large bamboo thrust violently into his mouth. The tremendous brute, galled with wounds and repeated defeats, tore his way through the foaming water, pleasing from side to side in the vain attempt to avoid his foes. At length,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, June 26, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch. from Boston to the Courier.—

It is reported that 63 rebels were killed by Lieut. Hasbrouck's battery and Pennsylvanians at the recent skirmish at Edwards Ferry.

The 2nd Wisconsin Regiment had a cool reception at Baltimore. One pistol ball was fired, while it was marching through.

California advises state that the rebels there are about to proclaim the Southern part of the State out of the Union, and form a new State to be admitted into the Southern Confederacy.

The first Massachusetts Regiment has been shamefully imposed upon in the matter of pea coffee, sanded sugar and rations. Vienna is reputed to be abandoned.

THE WAR NEWS.

Items from Washington. A citizen of Warrenton, Va., who reached Washington on Monday, reports that the rebels at Manassas Junction are in a frenzy of excitement over the hesitated attack on Washington, they freely asserting that they would drive it before Saturday night. He estimates that there are 20,000 at Manassas and Fairfax Court House, 20,000 on the road from Manassas to the Potomac, and 20,000 at Acquia Creek and neighborhood.

It is said that a brother-in-law of Jeff. Davis still holds an $1800 clerkship in the War Department, whose son is in the rebel army, and a correspondence is kept up between them.

There is no doubt but recruits, provisions, &c., are constantly crossing the river from Maryland to Virginia.

Two slaves from Fairfax, have offered their services as cooks to the Ipswich regiment and have been accepted.

Fears are entertained in towns on the lower part of the Potomac River of a slave insurrection. There is much uneasiness in consequence.

There are more troops now in camp on the hills around Washington, than at any previous time. I've counted them in one continuous line encircling the city on the north, and during the past week they passed in their regimental review just before sunset, is truly grand. At least 25,000 were here on dress parade Tuesday afternoon, and the appearance of this grand army of occupation, when viewed from an eminence, gives some idea of the immensity of our military preparations.

Both pickets of the United States forces this side of the Potomac, now extend all the way from Georgetown Heights to Harper's Ferry. Col. Stone's advanced guard having met the advance guard of Gen. Patterson's forces near Monocracy.

There are no indications of immediate movements further into Virginia.

A passenger from Fort Monroe, who arrived at the Navy Yard yesterday, states that recently the secessionists at Norfolk, Va., had arrested seventy citizens of that place, Union men, who had voted against the ordinance of secession, on a justification of the servants of the people in their efforts to secure the execution of the laws and to preserve the Government. The four weeks before us will develop some of the most marvelous import to every lover of his country—not in the camp do we look for them, but in the halls of legislation.

THE BALTIMORE RIOT CONSIDERED IN THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE. It will be remembered that the municipal authorities of Baltimore, soon after the cowardly assault on the Massachusetts troops in that city, on the 19th of April, caused the arrest of some few persons who were known to have been active in the disgraceful affair. The object of the dirty traitors since that time has been to shield these worst of assassins from deserved punishment; and so the Legislature, which is a hot-bed of traitors, took the matter in hand. To this end an "act of amnesty" was introduced into that body, a few days ago. We quote the shield the Legislature proposed to throw around the men who instigated and assisted in the riot:—

Whereas, on the 19th of April last a number of boys and other persons came up as affray with some soldiers passing through Baltimore, and that they were fired into the crowd of persons who happened to be assembled in the street, killing some innocent and unoffending people, which so exasperated the persons present as to lead to a conflict between the troops and the people;

And whereas, none of the purposes of public justice would be attained by the prosecution of any one concerned in said disturbance, but on the contrary their prosecution would subject the whole community of Baltimore to great and unnecessary rancor: therefore

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that all the courts, public officers and grand jury are *hereby forbidden to prosecute or punish any person concerned in the aforesaid affray* with the soldiers in the city of Baltimore on the 19th of April last: or for any offence arising from or growing out of said affray, or in any way connected therewith.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, that all laws of this State, whether statute or common law, which prescribe punishment for any of the offences mentioned in the preceding section, be and the same are hereby repealed.

What has been the fate of the above bill we know not, but it is quite probable that it has been passed without much opposition, as, with the exception of four or five members, the Legislature is thoroughly and heartily friendly to the South, and is doing everything it can to assist the next General Government in its endeavors to put down the rebellion. Gov. Hicks has acted with as much firmness and friendliness as could be expected, and he is the only man in any way connected with the State government that has raised a voice of opposition to the traitorous policy of the rebels. It is reported this morning that the General Government will permit the Maryland Legislature to pass any disloyal acts it please, but when they conflict with the Constitution they will be abolished, even if the bayonet must be employed to accomplish the work. We hope this is true; but we think the policy of the Government is altogether too lenient toward the traitors, and that an application of hemp, steel or lead, would be much better for their cases, and richly deserved. This body of traitors has connected all the mischief it can, and adjourned to meet again in July, *for further mischief. If justice overtakes them*, their next session will be held on a scaffold.

THE Fifteenth Regiment of this State, is to go into camp at Brooks' Farm, in Worcester, at once, under command of Gen. Ward.

BEYOND THE PICKETS AT FORTRESS MONROE. We make the following extracts from a private letter, of a late date, from a Lowell soldier, stationed at Fortress Monroe, who has been communicating to his friends the appearance of the country on that region. The picture he presents is not a very cheerful one, but perhaps is none the less interesting—

Having received a pass to leave the Fortress, friend ——— and I, armed to the teeth, sallied forth. We left the outer picket at 10 A. M., and followed the splendid beach (Lynn beach is a baby to this) for two hours. We saw many pretty sea-shells, but thought it prudent not to encumber ourselves with them, as we must be on the alert to run or fight. On leaving the beach for the woods, we saw quantities of splendid straw colored cactus. About six miles from the Fortress we entered a field of blackberries, the largest and sweetest I ever saw. There must have been bushels and bushels of them. If offered they could easily take the premium at our Lowell Horticultural Exhibition. After eating to satiety and filling our haversacks, we renewed our march.

We met with few adventures. Our journey's end was reached when warm milk from the fountain head, buying it of an old darkey, who was milking, at noon. "We're miles our own, mam, only once the day, and then we gits a quart regularly." and so "and that one is a real Virginny thorough bred." Most of the houses were deserted. We saw some fine mansions, shaded by China trees, now in full bloom —white roses and beautiful flowers were blossoming around, yet the swine were the only occupants we met. Here we note the happy homes of the F. F. V. I noticed that the swine preferred the front parlors to any other portion of the house. Can you account for it? Birds and snakes we saw, but no human being, all had fled.

There are hundreds of acres planted with corn, but the fields have trampled and cropped it, till it is good for nothing. As there is no one to feed the cattle, they look as though they would starve. Fruit trees in abundance we saw, but no fruit. It is now so late in the land of God, pea, everything had been blasted, reminding one of the fig tree in Holy Writ. Eastern Virginia is a picturesque country; one soulful pity her if she did not so richly merit the curse.

Our tramp was from twelve to fifteen miles, most of the time we were five or six miles from home. On our return we passed the Fortress via Hampton, well pleased with our day's recreation.

THE TEN ADDITIONAL REGIMENTS. The Governor has issued an order directing a sufficient number of companies of volunteer militia regiments to report immediately to the Adjutant General a roll of the men ready for service, giving the age, occupation, and residence of each man; also, whether the company can recruit up to the full number of 101 if authority shall be given therefor. All companies will be required to drill on the three years' roll. According to this order, the two Lowell companies rank in the Nineteenth Regiment, and are lettered "Company D, Capt. P. S. Proctor; Company E, Capt. Eben James." The Sixteenth Regiment is composed entirely of Middlesex County companies, as follows:—Co. A, Cambridge, Capt. Samuel W. Richardson; Co. B, Holliston, Capt. James M. Mason; Co. C, Groton, Capt. Leander G. King; Co. D, Concord, Capt. John B. Moore; Co. E, Framingham, Capt. Charles R. Train; Co. F, Lexington, Capt. Charles R. Johnson; Co. G, Woburn, Capt. Timothy Winn; Co. H, Waltham, Capt. Gardner Banks; Co. I, Newton, Capt. Daniel H. Miller; Co. K, Watertown, Capt. Henry C. Lindley. The order embraces but Twelfth Regiment) being calculated to make up the complement of ten companies.

ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES. The Europa arrived at Halifax yesterday. Her news is not of great importance. American affairs are yet creating much discussion.

The *Times* had an editorial on the subject, recently, in which it alludes to the indignation of the North at the attitude of England. It asserts that the British public has given no sympathy to the Federal cause than the United States ever gave to the cause of British Sovereignty and Union in any of its trials. It claims that England does her duty, and leaves Federalists to do theirs, frowning at all that England could not do them greater mischief than by taking their part.

Six steam gun vessels have been ordered immediately to join the squadron about being dispatched to the North American coast.

Our Canada neighbors are also sensible of something wrong between John and Jonathan. The *Montreal Witness* says:

"It is not to be denied that Canada feels a very unsatisfactory state of feeling is springing up between England and America."

A REGIMENT OF POLITICIANS. F. H. Allen, of Vermont, Secretary of the National Democratic Committee, has proposed to the War Department to raise a regiment forthwith of Northern Democrats, for active service in the war, and to testify their appreciation of Mr. Lincoln's efforts to maintain the Government intact. When this is done, we would suggest that another regiment, of Northern Republican politicians exclusively, be raised to serve during the war. Those who have been long under their influence would contribute largely to swell the list. Both regiments should be sent on the same track taken by Wilson's Zouaves.

The Republicans of Vermont hold their State Convention, to nominate a full ticket to-day. The no-party question it is expected will be one of the features of interest, and will be strongly contested. We sincerely hope the Republicans, who are so largely in the majority, will be generous in this convention. They are the first to act—the first to say whether we shall have a southern party at the North or not. We trust that a ticket will be made up without any regard whatever to past party lines—the only questions concerning men should be relative to their fitness and their position in the struggle between the Government and those who repudiate it.

MR. RUSSELL, of the *London Times*, in his letter describing his visit to Pensacola and Fort Pickens, expresses his astonishment at the forbearance of the Government in allowing the fort to be surrounded by batteries after the war had actually commenced—a fact that has puzzled the people here quite as thoroughly as it has Mr. Russell, in this city.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Company G. 6th Regiment, Fort Monroe. A box for members of Company G, 6th Regiment, Richardson Light Infantry, and others from Lowell connected with the army, at Fort Monroe, will be received by the Lowell Express Co., on THURSDAY, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock, and forwarded, from Boston, via the Old Colony & Lowell Co., to Capt. Chandler, corner Main-st. and Middle Street.

Packages weighing not over three pounds, will be received till 9 A. M. Thursday, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. O. WIER,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

jn25d3t

WANTED. IMMEDIATELY.

Thirty active able-bodied men for Company B, 2nd Battalion of Riflemen, to go into camp with the Lowell Light Guards, Apply at the Railroad Depot, Merrimack Square.

Lowell, June 24, 1861. jn25d3t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store from the Old Stand, Post Office, to No. 37 Merrimack Street—front of Central Street. may21d1f

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. *Petitions.* J. A. Knowles and others, that Joel Powers may be appointed a constable.

Licenses. Several night and swill carts were licensed. The Mayor was authorized to grant licenses to sell fireworks until the coming fourth of July, and the City Marshal was instructed to prosecute all who discharged fireworks before three o'clock in the morning or after twelve o'clock on the evening of the fourth.

Gas Light. An order was adopted to place a gas light on the corner of Willie and Franklin Streets, as asked for by J. N. Morse and others.

COMMON COUNCIL. All papers from the Board of Aldermen were acted upon in concurrence.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Fourth of July.* A resolution was adopted to fire the usual national salutes at sunrise and sunset, and 100 guns at noon on the coming fourth of July; and also to have the bells rung at sunrise, noon and sunset. The Committee on Public Buildings was instructed to employ the Lowell Brigade Band for the day and evening. Aldermen Watson and Richardson, and Councilmen Harris, Norris and Nowell, of the Council, were appointed a committee to make proper arrangements.

Printing. A resolution, offered by Alderman Hosford, was adopted, that all advertisements connected with city business, be confined to the *Lowell Daily Courier, Daily Citizen and News, and the Daily Advertiser.*

Provisioning the Richardson Light Infantry. A resolution to pay John T. Chesley $170 for provisions furnished to the Richardson Light Infantry previous to their departure for the seat of war, was referred to the committee on claims.

THE ADJOURNED FOURTH OF JULY MEETING. A meeting of citizens was held last evening, according to adjournment. On motion of Dr. Allen, it was voted to have a celebration on the coming Fourth of July.

The Chairman reported the following Committees:—

On Arrangements—Ward 1: Abiel W. Sheldon, J. C. Abbott, Wm. G. Wise. Ward 2. Dr. Daniel Bell, Hugh McEvoy, Samuel Lawrence.

Ward 3. Joshua Merrill, Benjamin S. Butterworth, Isaac A. Fletcher.

Ward 4. Hubbard Wilson, Harvey Silsbee, James G. Buttrick.

Ward 5. Jonathan Johnson, J. G. Peabody, Roger Ashworth.

Ward 6. Z. E. Stone, Edward Reader, Jr.

On Speakers—Dr. Nathan Allen, Jacob Robbins, J. K. Follansbee, George Wilkins, Charles Cowley, D. S. Richardson and J. F. McEvoy.

The report was adopted, and the Committee empowered to fill vacancies in their number.

By a vote of the meeting, the Chairman, E. A. Alger, Esq., was added to the Committee of Arrangements.

The above Committees are requested to meet at the Citizens' Committee Room this evening, at 8 o'clock, when, if any vacancies are found to exist, they will probably be filled, and also the initiatory steps taken to advance the arrangements for the celebration.

FITTED UP. The lower offices in the City Government Building have been thoroughly renovated and fitted up in the interior, in the entry and offices of the Clerk, Auditor and Treasurer, were whitewashed and cleansed by the workmen of Mr. D. Moody Prescott, who is himself at the seat of war, but still carries on his business with an efficient class of workmen. The coloring of the entry is drab, and the offices a delicate light green. The whole has been also neatly painted and varnished, under the direction of J. B. Fielding & Co. The desks in the Clerk and Treasurer's offices were made by Fred'k & Rollins, and the other improvements over the old-fashioned conterns that have been removed. A new skylight has also been built in the Assessors' office, by which those gentlemen will be better able to view the property of our citizens.

The Clerk, Treasurer and Auditor's offices have been furnished with new and handsome looking desks and chairs, from the furniture warerooms of Messrs. Adams & North, in Wyman's Exchange. The same firm have also put down, in good taste, new oil-cloth carpets in the Auditor and Treasurer's offices.

The rooms of the Aldermen and Common Council, have also undergone a thorough cleansing, and altogether the renovating and "fixing up," has been quite general, and has added to the convenience and good looks of the City Government Building.

THE POISONING CASE. The case of Annah A. Dower, charged with poisoning Mrs. Harrison Wilkins, of this city, last March, was before the Grand Jury, now sitting at Concord, yesterday, but was not concluded last evening, though the Lowell witnesses had all been examined. At the close of Mr. Wilkins' testimony, in answering certain questions to the satisfaction of the Jury, they ordered his arrest, and not being able to procure bail—$2000—he was committed to jail.

HARPER'S MONTHLY—a refreshing package of delightful reading for hot weather—is for sale at 35 School Street, Boston, and at Mrs. S. D. Clark's, No. 140 Central Street, in this city.

THE HORTICULTURAL SHOW. There is a fair, though not large, exhibition at Mechanics' Hall to-day. There are fifteen or sixteen boxes of strawberries, some very large and fine looking ones, three boxes of gooseberries, and one "solitary" cherry, which we advise all visitors to look for, as they may not see its mate this year.

There is also a display of some very large stalks of rhubarb, and cucumbers, lettuce, squash, green peas, and other vegetables. There are also some fine looking roses and other flowers which give the hall a very pleasant aroma.

In consequence of the depressed state of business, the President has decided to reduce the price of admission for this evening to ten cents, which should call out a large crowd.

VARNUM SCHOOL HOUSE. This building is represented to be very unhealthy for those attending school on account of the damp state of the cellar. A large number of the children are suffering from colds, and it was found necessary this forenoon to remove the school to the upper story of the building. The building should be seen to at once by those having charge of it.

A FREESET. We are under many obligations to Mr. Phelps, the superintendent of the Almshouse, for a generous portion of the fine strawberries produced at the City's farm. His strawberries are always prompt, and never unacceptable. The yield of strawberries on the piece under the charge of Mr. Phelps, is this year quite large, and certainly is excellent in quality.

POLICE COURT. George Nesmith, for assault upon his wife, was ordered for sentence this afternoon.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. *Chapman J.* The case of Hunt vs. Lowell Gas Light Company is still on trial, and occupies the whole court room.

PENNY POSTS. William Lamson, Jr., and George J. Pinder, have been appointed penny posts by Postmaster Sawtelle, and have entered upon their duties. They take the place of William B. Furbush and William Kenley.

ON STRATFORD. Lieut. Wilson and E. B. Hunt, of the Richardson Light Infantry, arrived home last evening, from Fortress Monroe, having obtained a furlough for a few days. They report the company to be in good health and spirits.

HON. SHERRARD CLEMENS, late a member of Congress from the Wheeling (Va.) District, and who was present at a secession of the Wheeling convention to the cry of Secession, was killed, on the 17th inst., by the fall of a building in Baltimore, while engaged in the work of destruction.

FOUR of the leading jurists in the United States give it as their judgment that the recently captured privateersmen ought to be hung.

The *Cincinnati Enquirer* says that Senator Breckinridge was born in Lexington, Kentucky, will both take their seats in the Senate at the extra session of Congress.

PRIVATE W. Richardson of the Stoneham Company, lately shot in the region of the Potomac, and Alexandria, it is believed will recover.

The *New York Times* has been reduced in size, and it reported that the *Courier and Enquirer* to be merged in the *World*, and the *Journal of Commerce* in the *Herald*.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only reliable remedy for female complaints.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That the new enclosing of the entrance which *Ellis removed to taken without producing a fit*. Ellis has also removed his stock of Hats and Caps to the new store, and will be pleased to see all his friends at the irresistible tendency of the modern fashions to the old stand. Ellis has also removed his stock of Hats and Caps to the new store, and will be pleased to see all his friends at

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE
—FOR—
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.
HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:
LEONARD CHASE, Esq., ord, H. H.
Cured in August, 1859, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not get on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.
Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.
Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in February, 1858. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Cosiers
Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.
His wife ..red of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.
Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout—Confined to his room for two years. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure to give satisfaction, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express. Old Lamps altered to burn the fluid.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been found to fail, and is warranted as represented* 18 months ago. Those who have used it for Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c., have not been disappointed.
☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted genuine unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or his Agents.
Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature and both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.
—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—
☞ In these days of counterfeiting, when even more amounts to physicians, without any knowledge of medicines whatever, persons ought to be careful to whom they apply, before at least making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make the greatest professions. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are *impostors*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any inquiry, you will have reason to repent when it is too late. ☞ *Dr.* M. will send *free*, by enclosing a red stamp in a sealed letter, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally; also CERTIFICATES of full thirteen cases, all *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, from which no advertising physician can be free; none of the kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
☞ Dr. Mattison is the ONLY EDUCATED physician in Providence who has ever been in England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases, and who gives the very best references and testimonials, with a BIG HONESTY and his skill. If there are many others, LETTERS TO THE FAIR; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.
Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON as above.
August 23, 1859. ly

In perfect health. No return of either disease
LUCIEN C. ALDRICH, Voshire, Vt.
Was cured of severe case of Toothache by one application.
JOHN MARSH, Lowell,
Cured of Rheumatism, in shoulder, and lame back of long standing, twenty months ago is well and sound as ever.
HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES
May be referred to by calling on
M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For the United States & British Provinces,
26 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price 25c.
So d by all Druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House. 1y-oct6-sow-w.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to the world until 1858, has the unprovingeffectual after all others had failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly action in case of any *obstruction from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It should also prevent obstruction, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the
greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* to give satisfaction, and without the least injury to health *in any case.*—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express. Old Lamps altered to burn the fluid.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
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Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON as above.
August 23, 1859. ly

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE ELSE.
Cards, Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill-heads, Addresses, Envelopes, Town Reports, Newspapers,
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS and other KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS* adapted to every description of work—in packs and reams to be cut to order.
E. S. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR.
39 *CENTRAL STREET,*
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. 3m

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.
REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points on Connecting Roads.
Fare from Island Pond, $5 50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 5.00
" " " Newport, 5.00
" " " Stanstead, 2.50
THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all points West, East, for sale at the Depot at short notice.
Lowell Train Railway Ticket Office,
182 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass.
where the public are invited to call for particular information.
oct4 jan26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at
DYER'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may26 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.
FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.
apr28

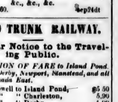
FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparations—Rouge de Perle, Eugenie's Liquid White, Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Eugenie's Liquid Rouge, Eugenie's Face Powder, Eugenie's Toilet Soap, for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'S, corner of Merrimack and Market sts.

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will be sure to call at MERRILL'S New Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

FRIEND TO THE AFFLICTED!
Relief is guaranteed by obtaining PARR'S CELEBRATED *Pain Relieving Medicated Vitriolic Wine Bitters*, which is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however mixed, by the use of Pearl as now. Its equal has never been discovered for the purpose. Prepared only by R. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and exquisite article for the toilet, for sale by R. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts. Sold by R. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN O. L. D. REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Disorders, will, we have every confidence, "What the Hammond Liniment has done, it will do again."
Our advice to all sufferers is to
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., Druggist, Lowell; CLARK & BREWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Merchants; E. E. BOLLES & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
11 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861 6m



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
151 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,812,553 85
Income for 1860, 1,854,080 16
Losses paid, 2,421,803 53
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any intermediate profit. The success is a reality, beyond one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the contributors, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 assets.
Its investments are in First-Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Newark and Jersey City Bonds.
The insured get all the profits.
The interest of the Company is conducted entirely in the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It recommends itself to the careful consideration of purchasers, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may suit their convenience. Or, if they prefer it, they can deposit the whole in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, for the interest on premiums not yet to be paid annually in cash.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The dividends are paid to aid the insured to settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mortality tables extant.
This Company has now the large number of 7772 Policies in force, and the experience in the issue of policies insured renders more certain the operation of the principles of mutual insurance, and the benefits it confers are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should add the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860
Applications for insurance may be made to
JOSHUA MERRILL Agent,
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar7 dtf

MOTHERS
Is now an established necessity to you, but to every one who has a child to raise, it is a duty to see that the food is adapted to the wants and condition of their bowels, and in this connection we would recommend to your notice the Farina and cure of Diarrhœa in Children.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, as a safe and sure remedy for the many complaints incident to infantile complaints, and one which will commend itself to every mother as being perfectly safe and reliable.
Directions for using will accompany each bottle.
For Children Teething:
And at this period of infantile life, when your anxious hours are passed by witnessing the sufferings of your little one, a safe and reliable article to relieve the pain, will be found in
Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.
Soothing, Strengthening, Purifying, and at the same time
Regulating the Bowels,
Relieving Griping, Wind, Colic, and Cold on the Stomach, and by its timely use, will save many a life that every one when given in time. It will invariably relieve Cholera Infantum, and is a valuable remedy in this respect on early trial.
For Convulsions,
from which many infants are said to die than from any other disease the little sufferer is relieved immediately by the use of this Cordial. Nervousness, Sleeplessness, and Restlessness, are all relieved by its use, and the rest and bathing consequent upon its administration, is often the means of saving a life, become "familiar as a household word." We now offer this preparation to the public, and to mothers in particular, confident that they will find it all we claim for it, and to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

No Morphine or Opiate,
of any kind, or of whatever nature, after a full trial of the Cordial, will be found in the composition of this preparation—for infantile disease, at this time of life, they are not needed, and are dangerous in the extreme. Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Restlessness, Pain, and of the aid and bathing consequent upon its administration, are all relieved by the use of the Cordial, as the testimonials in two or three days.
Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is gaining the Golden Salve. You can be made free from the burning agony of Piles by using Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. You can do so at once.
Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by
DR. O. J. WOOD, Sole Proprietor,
No. 289 Broadway, New York.
And sold by them, and by Druggists and Dealers generally.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.
1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 Bush. prime Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
43 Market street 1y-apr7

Kinsley's Liverone.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, Stone, Marble Statues, &c., this elixir is invaluable. It will be found very effective, keep, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however mixed, by the use of Pearl as now, its equal has never been discovered, for the purpose. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.
BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes; Ridgley and Lane Coats; Fur Caps and Gauntlets, &c., a large assortment, just received at SHATTUCK'S FUR STORE.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
ORR T. BILLINGS

RUBBER SLATES—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at
E. S. BUNT'S, 17 Central st.

A FEW MORE of Stone's Patent Music Rolls Bind left. Sale agent for Lowell
DYER'S MUSIC STORE.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement by all other companies.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and are a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and slim & endless variety of sewing required in a fine lady. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of Muslin, and without stopping to change the tension, perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and will sew any article that any machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if self-adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacturer? for work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.
Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.
The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully sustain the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fair of the State Society of New York, together with the Silver Medal for the best machine on exhibition.
Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest premium at the Mechanics' Fair, 1860.
Fact No. 10.—I sues Machines can do the same range of work, and command as high a price, if located in competition with other first-class sewing machines, as any and every other machine in market.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to prove superior in every respect to any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.
These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Sewing Machine are not claimed by any other, and have never been or used them. Hence the conclusion that the majority of Machines in market are part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the uses paid by the contributors, and the management of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we reply, that the Finkle & Lyon Machine is the only one that is in accordance with the immutable Facts—Facts that are facts—not Facts that are fancy, by those conversant with the mechanical principles of sewing machines, and the manufacture.
The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines, and will hereafter furnish them with all necessary appendages, including the best instrument for hemming, and a Hemmer and Fitter, Please call and examine them.
C. C. BOUTELLE, } Agents.
C. A. DAVIS, No. 6 Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.
January 2, 1861. 1m jan26tf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
and
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* and in greater variety than ever before.
Also, a large assortment of
TABLE CUTLERY,
Plated Ware, &c., &c.
Corner Merrimack and John sts.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, and is now the only remedy for

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, as a safe and sure remedy for the many complaints incident to infantile complaints, and one which will commend itself to every mother as being perfectly safe and reliable.
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Relieving Griping, Wind, Colic, and Cold on the Stomach, and by its timely use, will save many a life that every one when given in time. It will invariably relieve Cholera Infantum, and is a valuable remedy in this respect on early trial.
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from which many infants are said to die than from any other disease the little sufferer is relieved immediately by the use of this Cordial. Nervousness, Sleeplessness, and Restlessness, are all relieved by its use, and the rest and bathing consequent upon its administration, is often the means of saving a life, become "familiar as a household word." We now offer this preparation to the public, and to mothers in particular, confident that they will find it all we claim for it, and to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

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Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by
DR. O. J. WOOD, Sole Proprietor,
No. 289 Broadway, New York.
And sold by them, and by Druggists and Dealers generally.

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient stimulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz.: Improper Circulation; from the same cause arise all minor forms of dyspepsia. To discover a certain cure there, for some diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?
For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left for this century among all other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this important discovery.
Analysis of the blood proves that it is the gift of the Creator, that in the healthy state, it is endowed with a vivifying principle, which is the
Life Element
The air we breathe, we know to contain a large proportion of oxygen.
Oxygen gives Blood, Life, Health, and consequently, electricity.
Electricity brought in contact with a muscle or nerve produces motion.
These facts being undeniable, we have now the key to the motor or motive power of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe, is taken into the blood with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, and by the circulation is carried to the heart, with the heart causes it to contract, and hence the pulsation of the heart. The blood as it passes through the lungs through the arteries
Consumptives Should Breathe Pure Air.
Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, &c., &c., is a deficiency of the red corpuscles, or vivifying principle in the blood, which causes a deficiency of electricity, and consequently a want of power in the nerves, which become watery, cords and brunchial complaints ensue. Consumption is a universal disease, and subject to thousand pains and neuralgias—complaints of a similar character, and requiring the same general course of diet but vivient fevers may be caused by a deficiency of the blood, of the corpuscles or red globules.
There may be a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we can restore them in all cases, we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the
"Blood Food,"
which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Sufferers from any form of disease! Unfortunates, who have by excess of the body or mind, or by the use of mercury, lost the blood and diminished the red globules! Sufferers from Dyspepsia, by these causes! Female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. It will in a large majority of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Try it, and you will be sure to do so. Depend upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations.
C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 6 Gouverneur Street, New York.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., BOSTON, and A. POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold by Druggists generally. Also, by French, B. A. Stedman, J. F. Hayes, & Kidder, Jr. feb 16 1y

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to—
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.
Dr. Sanderson, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified endorsement. Dr. Sanderson is the only physician who has ever had the courage to tell all who have used it, once in testifying that it will cure, and that it will not injure the teeth in any age, as well as restore. Read the following—
Dr. Sanderson's Odontalgic Elixir.
Dr. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir,—Permit me to express the satisfaction I have derived from the use of your Odontalgic Elixir. I have used it in my family for the last two years, and have found it to be all that you recommend it to be. It is rapidly becoming very popular in this section, and I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best article for the purpose that I have ever used. I have also used it in my own practice, and have found it a very valuable remedy. Yours, very respectfully,
J. J. WRIGHT, M. D.
Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittsfield, Vt.,
Sept. 1st, 1860.
Dear Sir—I feel in my duty as well as my pleasure to say to you that I have used your Elixir in my family for the last two years, and have found it to be all that you recommend it to be. A gentleman of this village has used it in his family for the last four years, and he tells me he was compelled to wear a wig. He was induced to use your Elixir, and now has a fine head of hair. I am satisfied that by using some two or three bottles his hair grew out to its natural appearance, and is now as thick as it ever was. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and as to his character for truth and veracity, I would say that he is one of the most reliable men in town. I have also used it in my own family, and have found it to be all that you recommend it to be. Yours, very respectfully,
Dr. Wood: Dear Sir,—Permit me to express the satisfaction I am under for the entire restoration of my hair, by the use of your Elixir. I was induced to use it from the fact that it was rapidly becoming very thin, and was fearful that I should be entirely bald. I am happy to say that I have used but one bottle, and that has restored my hair to its former appearance, and I am now in the possession of a very handsome head of hair. I am a wonderful invention, quite different from all others.
S. THALHEIM.
The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes, viz.: large, medium, and small; the small holds 1-2 pint, the medium 1 pint, and the large 1 1-2 pints. Seven bottles at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than three bottles. Be sure and call for the large size. Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all druggists and dealers in Lowell.
DR. O. J. WOOD, Sole Proprietor, No. 289 Broadway New York, and 116 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Sold by druggists in Lowell by R. KIDDER, JR., Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. T. BILLINGS, Merrimack and John sts.
And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS
BUTTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, DOBBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES AND SPOONS
RAZOR STRAPS, RAZORS, KNIVES AND FORKS,
FRITTERS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM KNIVES, PRETTY TABLE CUTLERY.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold by sold here.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Call and see for yourself.
GENTS' NECK TIES,
Of new and beautiful patterns, just opened at SILVER, 47 Central, corner of Merrimack st. may27

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,
A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum—by eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitution.
TESTIMONIALS
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for disease I ever saw.
CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.
After suffering with Rheumatism nearly years, and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN ALLEN,
79 Franklin st. Boston.
Having been a constant sufferer from Rheumatism, occasionally, for months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
D. H. BAXTER,
No 5 Appleton Block, Boston.
I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for years, and have tried all remedies that can be imagined, except my own, without success, until I used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN F. KELLEY,
Pearl Street House, Boston.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years standing. JOHN F. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.
My son, two years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum. He was induced to use your medicine, and in constant pain; now he is entirely well. H. HALL,
Firm of Hall, Dyer & Co., 99 Main street, Boston.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.
Proprietor Pearl St. House, Boston.
One half of a bottle of your medicine cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
FANNY PUTNAM,
Pearl St. House, Boston.
I certify that my friend Mr. T. Glidden, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was suffering with Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of decided benefit.
Member of Congress from Maine.
The undersigned having used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" in his family for several years, and having found it to be a safe, speedy and permanent relief. We have full confidence in recommending it to the public, and especially to those afflicted with those harassing diseases, as one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered.
S. Hancock, jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.
Wm. Hall, Merchant, 20 South Market street, Boston.
Henry A. Fuller, 18 South Market st. Boston.
Rev. Alvah Sawyer, Methodist Minister, Boston.
Abram Weeks, Wesmer street, East Acton.
Rev. Daniel Sharp, Boston.
Samuel Wales, Jr., City Hall.
Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been for sale by druggists in Boston for the last two years, and has given entire satisfaction.
Principal Depot, 87 Hanover street, Boston.
Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JENKINS, 67 Canal street, New York. Wholesale agents for Philadelphia, JAMES T. SHINN & CO. Price, $1.00 per bottle. Home genuine unless signed by the proprietor, JOHN A. GODDWIN, 7 M. Lowell, April 19, 1860. ly

ANDREW JACKSON.
At the height of the nullification excitement Gen. Sam Dale of Mississippi, an old friend of Andrew Jackson, called on him at the presidential mansion, and the manner in which the engrossing topic repeatedly broke out in the conversation between him and other matters, shows that it was uppermost in the old hero's mind. "I'll be d—d," said he, "if I will submit to the laws." And in repeating the determination, he flung open the coat on his breast, as if in pleasure, shivering it into fragments After the first shaking of hands, the narrative of the visit proceeded.
"We walked into the reception room, and I was introduced to Jackson. There were five or six other distinguished men. They were all very civil, and invited me to visit them. They kept up a fire of small conversation," sugrossing subject at that period, and the President, turning to me, said, "Gen. Dale, if this thing goes on, our country will be like a bag of meal, with both ends open. Pick it up in the middle and endwise, and it will run out. I must tie the bags and save the country." Then coming now took leave, but when I rose to offer with Col. King the General detained me, ordered up some whisky, and directed his servant to refuse all visitors until our conference was ended. In our campaigns, then of the business that brought me to Washington. He then said,—"Sam, you have been free to say your opinion. Do you have made one mistake in your life. You are now old and cannot get along without a boom friend or family to comfort you. God called mine away. But all I have achieved—my fame, power, my country—I would exchange if she could be restored to me for a moment.
The above is translated into Spanish and published in the Mexican papers.

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.
SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.
THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot somewhere on both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an acute semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the breath is fetid; the belly swells sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; great voracity; irritation of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a lowering sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; bowels often afflicted from relaxed pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; itching of the anus and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hysterical coughs sometimes quick and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.
Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,
DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
Will certainly effect a cure.
The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation, has given us the warrant in pledging ourselves to the public to
RETURN THE MONEY
In every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult do not warrant the supposition of worms being the cause." In all cases the Medicine to be given in strict accordance with the directions.
We pledge ourselves to the public, that
DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY
in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, and one of *the most powerful and slightest

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, June 27, 1861.

THERE is very little of a reliable character concerning the war. We make up for our columns all that appears to be of any importance, and much that is purely speculative on the part of the correspondents of the press. It is quite apparent that the telegraph lines in the region of the large encampments of the Federal troops are more under the control of the Government than heretofore, and consequently we are not getting as many monstrous cock-and-bull stories as a few days ago. This is an improvement.

It is also beginning to be believed that there will be no movement against the rebels in Virginia until after the meeting of Congress, on the 4th of July, notwithstanding there are reports that an immediate march toward Richmond is hinted at. It is not at all apparent that the Federal forces are ready for any such demonstration, and Gen. Scott is too old a soldier to undertake a movement of this kind without the most thorough preparation and every possible assurance of success. We see no indications of aggressive movements from any of the principal headquarters of the several armies, and it would seem as if the policy of the Government was to await, for the present, assaults from the rebels, which in every quarter they are pretty well prepared to meet.

If the many reports that are to be found in our exchanges coming from New York and Philadelphia are to be relied on, the rebel leaders have no little trouble in keeping back their men, who seem exceedingly desirous of attacking the Federal troops at Alexandria. They have been so faithfully instructed as to the shabbiness and inefficiency of our men, that they evidently really think it a small task to defeat them, and that to attack and capture Washington is a very easy matter. The condition of the troops in the rebel army at Manassas Junction is such that there is much dissatisfaction naturally arises, and it is not a matter of surprise that the men want to get away from there. It is reported (with how much truth we are not prepared to say) that there have been meetings by both officers and men, at which the greatest dissatisfaction has been expressed in regard to the conduct of their Southern Generals, in so persistently avoiding a fight. It is not impossible but the men will precipitate the officers into a battle soon, but we doubt if they are able to.

There is one thing in which we think the North has been greatly deceived, and that is, the real strength of the rebel army. While we have known that Southern prints have greatly exaggerated every movement throughout all this trouble, where their own interests have been at stake, or where anything was to be turned against us, we have seemed to accept everything they have said about their soldiers as literally true. There is no reason to believe that any point their numbers of men are more than half they have put them at. Mr. Russell, the *London Times'* correspondent, explodes pretty well their bubble in the Fort Pickens matter. We have been led to look upon their strength and their means of assaulting the fort, as enormous, and that there was great danger of their penetrating it as they did Sumter. Their own actions prove nothing of the kind.—There is not the slightest probability of their attacking Fort Pickens. They did not dare do it, although it is not to be denied now, before the fort was reinforced; they certainly will not do it now. They have possession of certain Government property there that they must hold, and will not do for them to back square down and leave the fort they have so long threatened. Their staying there also keeps employed Government steamers and men who might otherwise be at work more to the disadvantage of the rebel interests, and this alone, we are of opinion, it is that has kept them there for months past.

The true friends of the Government must not be impatient for important events. It is apparent that everything has thus far been done in the most thorough and prudent manner, that the work that is to be accomplished may be effectually executed. We know our own strength; we know the extent to which Government has been and will be aided—"backed up"—by the loyal men of the Union, and we also know, as far as mortals can know the issues of the future, that the efforts of our country for the preservation of our honor as a people and our nationality, will eventually be crowned with success.

VERMONT REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—The convention met yesterday and was largely attended. The nomination made for Governor was Hon. Frederick Billbrook, of Brattleboro'; for Lieut. Governor, Hon. Levi Underwood, of Burlington; for Treasurer, John B. Page, of Holland. Messrs Holbrook and Underwood are Republicans, and Mr. Page is a Democrat.

A resolution commending the suspension of old party lines and uniting in a vigorous support of the Government in its efforts to put down rebellion and treason was adopted. Several gentlemen addressed the convention, including Hon. David Dillingham, the most prominent Democrat in the State.

THE *Spiritual Register* for 1861 publishes a list of 475 speakers and 145 test and phrasing mediums. An increase of 140,000 believers during the year is claimed, and the whole number in the United States and Canada is estimated at 1,890,000—but this is only a rough guess, no count having been made.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

Marshal Kane has been arrested by order of Gen. Banks and conveyed to Fort McHenry, where he is kept a prisoner.

Gen. Banks has also issued a proclamation naming John R. Kennely as a provost marshal, superseding also the power of the Police Commissioners (of Baltimore).

The War Department is informed that Gen. McClellan never pledged that the Federal troops should not enter Kentucky. He made no arrangements whatever with Gen. Buckner.

The *New York Herald* says that the rebels have laid a plot to seize on the California steamers with treasure

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

Washington Matters. The President's message will finally maintain the course already initiated, and recommend no compromise measures. On this and all other subjects, the administration is one, undivided and indissoluble. There is not the slightest intention of the Government to treat with the rebels, from Jeff. Davis down to the meanest; on the contrary, the aroused ingenius of the North will be poured down upon them with such vigor as to leave no doubt that the people and Government are in earnest, and it is further stated that the man is yet to be seen in Washington who has seen or heard of the compromise alleged to have been proposed by Jeff. Davis to the administration.

The *New York Post's* special Washington dispatch says that leading members of Congress have resolved that there shall be no general legislation at the extra session, but that the business shall be confined exclusively to the war.

The aggregate of the troops arrived and mustered in the District amounts to about 56,000, including 1500 regulars and 600 marines.

The first official act of the Government recognizing the new provisional government at Wheeling, Va., as the only Government, occurred yesterday, in having regular official intercourse with Gov. Pierpoint, communicating to him the appointment of Virginia for the 38th Congress.

The army pay masters commenced their disbursements to the troops yesterday.

Secretary Chase will undoubtedly recommend a moderate revision of the Morrill tariff bill.

The tone of the foreign dispatches to our Government is most favorable.

Intelligence from Manassas Junction gives satisfaction at headquarters. The force there is not near as large as has been represented, and is not well clothed or fed.

The steamer *Thomas Powell*, on a trip of reconnoisance to Matthias Point, a day or two since, on approaching the shore the men secreted themselves in considerable numbers, but they scampered over the hills when the ship gave them a few shells against them, and they were kept in check by occasional shells, while the expedition completed its work unmolested. The rebels captured two horses, saddled and bridled, compelling the riders to fly. During the reconnisance the Pawnee threw 50 shell, which kept the enemy in check though their reported number was 800, of which 100 or more were mounted.

From *Fortress Monroe*. Three rebel prisoners were released by the Rip Raps, to day or two since it is said, without even being required to take the oath of allegiance.

Western Virginia. Gen. McClellan is hourly expected in Western Virginia. A large force is following him from the West. A movement says the Wheeling *Intelligencer* of the 25th, is to be made by our troops at Grafton, Clarksburg and Parkersburg, to-morrow, on FRIDAY evening, 28th inst., at 8 o'clock. A full and punctual attendance is requested. 26:2t

For sale.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY,

Thirty active able-bodied men for Company B, First Battalion of Riflemen, to go into camp under my own command. Apply at the National Drug Armory, Market Building.

Lowell, June 26, 1861. jel26d1t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 21 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may24d1t.

THE HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—There was a very good attendance of spectators at Mechanics' Hall last evening. We noticed among all, an anxiety to see *their* cherry, which, if not admired as much as the display of strawberries or the beautiful flowers, excited more curiosity.

Among the first things which attracted the attention at the head of the hall, was Gen. Butler's large display of pot plants, from the residence of Gen. B. F. Butler, who also made a good show of cut flowers. While the General is in the field, carrying terror to the hearts of the enemies of the country, his beautiful display of peace emblems gives pleasure to his loyal fellow-citizens and neighbors.

Isaac Holden made a good display—his moss roses being much admired. Mrs. Otis Allen had a large show of cut flowers, some beautiful bouquets, and a large variety of wild flowers. Mr. Edwin Sheppard had a fine display of flowers, which, as usual with his offerings, attracted much attention. Miss Lucia Brooks had a good show of cut flowers, a bouquet by Miss Ellen H. Gates, was much admired for the tasty manner in which it was arranged.—Some fine bouquets were contributed by Mrs. George Motley, J. W. Smith, Geo. Hobson, Ida F. Paul, and Miss Marshall, of Chelmsford.

In fruits and vegetables, we regret to say the show was not as large as usual. In strawberries, Bunce & Co. had some very fine-looking seedlings, which were awarded the first premium. Josiah Gates had four varieties of strawberries and fruit on the table, and E. Sheppard made a good display. D. S. Barry had also a good display. G. T. Whitney of Dracut, had a good show, and Jacob Merrill, C. W. Rogg, contributed to this department. The only gooseberries were exhibited by Thomas Egan and Joshua Merrill.

Isaac Holden made the largest display of early vegetables, among which were green peas, cucumbers, squashes, lettuce, rhubarb and asparagus. Thomas Egan had also a good show, and heads of lettuce of a very large size. Alonzo Ordway contributed a peck of fine-looking early peas.

The following were the awards of premiums and gratuities:—

Strawberries. Earliest and best, Bunce & Co., $2; second do. D. S. Barry, $1. Best varieties, E. Sheppard, $2; second do. Josiah Gates, $1. Grateful to C. W. Rogg and D. S. Barry, 50 cents each.

Peas. Best display, I. Holden, $3; second do. Thomas Egan, $2; second do. A. Ordway, $1.

Roses. Best display, I. Holden, $3; second do. Mrs. Otis Allen, $1.

Pot Plants. Best display, B. F. Butler, $1. Gratuities to Mrs. Otis Allen $1; Lucia Brooks, 50 cents.

Bouquets. Gratuities to Miss Ellen H. Gates, Mrs. B. F. Butler, each $1; Mrs. F. Paul, J. W. Smith, Mrs. Geo. Motley, Miss M. Marshall, (Chelmsford) 25 cents each.

Lettuce. best display—gratuity to J. Gates, 50 cents.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT. At a meeting of Engine Company No. 14, held at their House on Dutton Street, on the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas, It has pleased Divine Providence to call to the death, Foreman Moulton, a member of Deluge Engine Company, No. 14, therefore,

Resolved, That by his late associates, bear testimony to his uprightness and honesty—good qualities in his industry and worth as a citizen, and mourn his loss as brave and fearless fireman.

Resolved, That we sympathize with his wife and all other mourning relations in this hour of their affliction, and hope that they will be comforted with the thought that their loss is his gain.

Resolved, That as a further mark of our respect, we will attend his funeral in a body.

Resolved, That these resolutions be printed in the city papers, and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

By order of the company,

ALBERT WOODLAND, Clerk.

ALBERT WOODLAND, Foreman.

Mr. Moulton died on Monday last. He was an operative in the Bleachery and died of consumption. He was about 40 years of age, and leaves a wife and children.

Fourth of July Committees. The Committees on the part of the Common Council and Citizens, to make arrangements for the celebration of the Fourth of July, are requested to meet at the Council Chamber, on FRIDAY evening, June 28, at 8 o'clock.

Per order.

Major Sawtell's Badge. The saddle which was manufactured by Mr. Samuel Converse for Maj. J. A. Sawtell, of the Sixth Regiment, reached its destination on Saturday last, and just "in the nick of time." Nothing of the kind at all suitable could be bought at Baltimore, for love or money; the Major had hired one for a few days, but that was called for, and had to be returned the day before his new one arrived. On the day of the receipt of his new saddle, Major Sawtell tested its worth by a ride in it of about fifty miles, and expresses himself entirely satisfied with the result.

It may not be out of place to add here, that the saddle was ordered, paid for, and forwarded to Relay Camp, by the father of Major Sawtell, who is also known in this city by a similar military title—Maj. Josiah Sawtell, the well known bridge-builder. The interest the senior Major has felt in the welfare of the junior, has been of the most considerate character, and this is not the first time his benevolence has been shown in a substantial way since the Sixth Regiment has been in the field.

We believe, also, that Major Sawtell is indebted to Mr. J. P. Thompson and a few personal friends on the Hamilton Corporation, for a revolver, &c., sent to him soon after the arrival of the Sixth in Washington. The Major has many friends in Lowell who were gratified to hear of his promotion, and knowing "their man," will expect to hear a good account of him when sternur trials than have yet arisen, demand his services.

The Flower Festival. Huntington Hall was, last evening, the theatre of a very beautiful floral exhibition, and the operatta, given by Mr. George F. Willey's class of from forty to fifty, is bought by Miss Ellen H. Gates, was much admired for the tasty manner in which it was arranged.—Some fine bouquets were contributed by Mrs. George Motley, J. W. Smith, Geo. Hobson, Ida F. Paul, and Miss Marshall, of Chelmsford.

In fruits and vegetables, we regret to say the show was not as large as usual. In strawberries, Bunce & Co. had some very fine-looking seedlings, which were awarded the first premium. Josiah Gates had four varieties of strawberries and fruit on the table, and E. Sheppard made a good display. D. S. Barry had also a good display. G. T. Whitney of Dracut, had a good show, and Jacob Merrill, C. W. Rogg, contributed to this department. The only gooseberries were exhibited by Thomas Egan and Joshua Merrill.

The different parts of the operatta were well brought out, and the more prominent parts very credibly performed. The choruses were all good. The promptness and precision with which they were sung, at once reflected the efficiency and success of their teacher. Part second was entirely devoted to the "American Eagle" style of music, a capital selection, as brought up each of the house, so much so that one of the audience (evidently a native) cried out—"Down in front"—a very proper request, but not very elegantly made.

The extempore piano-forte accompaniments by Mr. S. W. Stevens, were strikingly beautiful and appropriate, and gave a lustre and brilliancy to the whole affair. Many of these were as ingenious as they were elaborate.

As consequence of the very great crowd, and in accordance with a very general desire, Mr. Willey gave notice that the second representation of the "American Festival," would be given in Huntington Hall on the evening of the Fourth of July.

DON'T FORGET—That the several trotting matches are to come off on Lawrence Common at the Trotting Park, Tyngsboro', for the benefit of the Hill Cadets. The company is encamped at the Park. Their means of support are very limited, and they certainly deserve all the encouragement our citizens can give them. The track has been put in capital order by the soldiers; the line of stalls for horses have been entered, and every arrangement has been made for a good time. Every man should feel it to be his duty to contribute at least twenty-five cents for this good cause; and we hope that "the larder" will be well replenished as the result.

MATRIMONY AND MONEY. A day or two since, a well dressed man called at the City Treasurer's office, and desired to look over the tax list, which was the office of course, the Assessor's room. Arriving there he requested to see the chairman alone for a few minutes, which request having been complied with, he made known to him in confidence that he was an officer of the United States, and in pursuit of a wife. He was not over-burdened with "this world's goods," and if with a wife he could get some funds, he would not come amiss. He therefore wanted the chairman to make out a list of unmarried ladies for him, who were possessed of some means, that he might know among whom to "circulate," with a double view of matrimony and money. The official hung very busy, was unable to comply with the gentleman's request, and he is doubtless still in the market. Any of our unmarried lady readers, with property, who may wish to go hand on easy terms, can perhaps obtain further information by looking up this fortune-hunter and wife-hunter.

A BIG STRAWBERRY. We saw yesterday a strawberry which came from the saloon of A. B. French, No. 32 Central Street, that measured four and one-fourth inches in circumference. It was one of the Bufee seedlings, which took the first premium at the Horticultural Fair yesterday. Mr. French has "a few more left" of the same kind, which he serves up with sugar and cream, or sells by the box, as his customers may desire.

We hear that business at the Merrimack Woolen Mill, at the Navy Yard, is very good at this time. The full complement of hands is employed the usual time, and three nights in a week the works are operated till twelve o'clock. They make an excellent quality of goods, and just the kind for which there is a large demand at this time.

In our notice of the fixtures in the City Clerk and Treasurer's offices, yesterday, we said the desks were made by Furnald & Rollins, when we should have said the counters were made by them. The desks were from Adams & North's warerooms, who had them manufactured to order, and are ready to fill any order at short notice for similar furniture.

Fourth of July Committees. The Committees on the proposed Fourth of July celebration met last evening, and organized as one body by the choice of Dr. Nathan Allen chairman and J. G. Buttrick secretary. A sub-committee was appointed to consult with the city authorities about the Band, and after taking a general plan of operations, the Committee adjourned to meet at the same place (Citizens' Committee Room) this evening, at 8 o'clock, when it is desirable to have every member present.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT. *Chapman J.* The case of Hunt vs. Lowell Gas Light Company is still on trial. Prof. E. N. Horsford, of Cambridge, was examined this forenoon on the nature and character of gases, and their effect upon the health of persons inhaling them. His testimony was rather in the shape of a lecture on the subject.

POLICE COURT. The only case this forenoon was that of an insane woman, who was sent to the Asylum at Worcester. Way since the Sixth Regiment has been in the field.

The members of the Amateur Drill Association, are directed to a notice elsewhere of a meeting to-morrow evening.

THE MAN WITH A SNAKE IN HIS HAT.—Dr. Dixon, in his *New York Monthly Scalpel*, states that a gentleman of the highest veracity, related to him the following interesting story, which beats anything we have read lately:—

"Going into a very public ordinary for dinner of cattle in the country, I observed the extra care with which the gentleman who took the seat opposite him, took of his hat; a class of from twenty to thirty persons were as possible without breaking his neck. Finally he placed over the inside of hat, he again turned it, and received carefully guarded contents, concealed by a napkin. He then began to eat his dinner, gently laying the back of his hand on the cushion, he slid the hat and its contents under the table, and deposited it. The attention of my friend was irresistably directed to the hat, and his curiosity being much increased, the reader may well imagine, on observing the head of a sizeable snake thrust out and looking sharply around him. The gentleman perceiving the discovery, addressed him:

'My dear sir, I was in hopes to have dined alone—and not to annoy any one by my poor pet. But, since I find it will be is perfectly harmless; only a common black snake. I was advised to carry him on my head for a rheumatism; I have done so for a few weeks, and I am quite convinced it is cured of a spasmodic affection of the nerves of my shoulders in too vivid; all my care is to avoid disturbing or alarming my pet as well as possible in his irksome confinement.' I fed him on eggs and eggs, and he does not seem to suffer.—Pardon me for the annoyance—you have but not very elegantly made. I shall to the informer for my cure, and to you for your courtesy in not leaving your dinner disgusted.'

THE NEW POSTAGE STAMP. The post office Department is in receipt of specimen numbers of the new design for postage stamps. They are printed in two colors, and are decided improvements on the old plan. They will be ready for delivery in July.

It is rumored that a petition is soon to be circulated in Connecticut, prostituted on peace doctrines, asking the Government to call an armistice, suspend hostilities with the South, or in other words, to back out.—Ex Secretary of the Navy Toucey, it is said, has a hand in the movement.

THE CHILDREN'S PAPER, published by Messrs. Elliot, Thomes & Talbot, Boston, and edited by Miss Lucy Larcom, is rather in the shape of a lecture on the subject.

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, selling at less than auction prices, by ADAMS & NORTH.

ADAMS & NORTH have just received another large lot of those new and elegant Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Be sure and call at ADAMS & NORTH'S before purchasing elsewhere.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at ADAMS & NORTH'S and selling at reasonable prices, and those failing to be suited from our assortment can go with us to the mills and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of FURNITURE just received from Massachusetts State Prison, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by ADAMS & NORTH, sole agents. may29dif

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via, any of the through lines, either of Sandusky or Cleveland. Also, tickets for Inland Pond, Stockton and Sheboygan, and all points on Lake Michigan.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack & Market Depots.

may21 D. S. RICHARDSON.

FINGER & LOCK SEWING MACHINE. We would refer readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. may29d1w

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, E. Tenney, L. G. Howe, D. Richardson, H. Hosford, Isaac Hosmer, T. P. Hosmer, Levi Sprague.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Farming Risks. The Stock Department includes all other risks.

FIFTEEN MADALLS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to the Howe Sewing Machine, and the highest applications have been made to the last of the Fifteen Medals.

The Howe Machine is the only one that has ever yet to be disinterested from nature, and is universally acknowledged to be the best machine in the world, and the fit effects of best lyes testimonials can be produced for life by this machine, which is properly applied to No. 16 Broad Street, New York.

The Howe Machine is the only one that the United States, by Douglass and Facey Co.—in trotters.

Call at the office of the agent, examine the machine and address up a steel plate engraving, on the rear side of each one.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St., may 29 d1y Cor. of Church, New York.

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTER USE OF DR. LANGLEY'S

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

References can now be given to some of the principal Physicians and numerous individuals in this city, who have used the Wafers in their practice, and in the country, from the counties of Caroline, Orange, Albemarle, Fluvanna, Louisa, Hanover, Goochland, &c. &c. &c. Testimonials have also been received from several in various cities, where the members of the different Legislatures have used the Wafers, and the certainty of the effects of my medicine is manifested in the immediate relief afforded to the Coughs, &c. &c. although many recently have stood in the relation of being in the last stage of Consumption. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists and general dealers.

Principal Depot, 139 Main street, Richmond, Va. JAMES BRYAN, Proprietor.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and Central streets, and by druggists generally throughout the country. may29d1y

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

In all colors are mere imitations, and should be avoided by all who wish to escape ridicule.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is instantly applied, and imparts a beautiful and natural brown or black, without the least injury to the hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALLES AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and numerous testimonials have been made to the hair of the inventor, which defy contradiction.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE may be relied upon to be unsurpassed in its excellence, as it has been tested by thousands in every part of the country, and has never been known to fail in producing the desired effect.

Sold by all druggists and fancy dealers throughout the United States, and Canada, and by WM. A. BATCHELOR, No. 233 Broadway, New York

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
— FOR —
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., ord. H. B.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOANNI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Teeth, Face, Neck and Side, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Cost only three bottles of the Infallible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any pain since. His son George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Carlisle.

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nurseryman, Brighton, Mass.

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout,—Confined to his bed three days, with intense suffering along the spine, and between the shoulders, and incessant pain in both feet. Was cured with three bottles of the Nervous Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Bro., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after she had suffered the severest suffering. No return of pain.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1858—a strong case, which, for a long time, stayed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot.

His wife cured of her Neuralgia, after using the entire nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains and Pleurisy after many years of acute affliction, two years ago. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON F. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing.

ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Lowell.

Relieved of pain in case of an ulcerated tooth.

CURTIS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of a virus suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Himself cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder and left arm in 6, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

A AH THOW, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of severe Neuralgia Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1859.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ELMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Toothache and Chilblains

LOAMNI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.,

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in the head, shoulders and legs, in April, 1859. Enjoys perfect health now, and has ever since been cured.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk Orph Co., Illinois.

Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia by using one bottle one year ago, no return of pain.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Nonantum Hill, Brighton.

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, our Printing Reporter, R. I.,

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years standing, after suffering in both legs 3 years October, 1858, given up by his physicians that Dec. they could get better, and now enjoys the best of health.

BENJ. F. CUTLER, Esq., Pelham, N. H.,

Cured of violent Rheumatic Pains in head and leg, after one year of intense suffering; also cured of Rheumatism in neck and shoulder, after 2 years of severe pain, by the use of 3 bottles. No return of pain since cured—a year ago.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Acute Rheumatism, and family severe Neuralgia.

HARRET BARNARD, Hartshead,

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very Lame Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, New Hampton, N. H.

Cured of Tic Doloureux, for 3 years, in the face, eyes and forehead, with 3 applications.

Rev. STEPHEN KELLEY, Worcester, now of Lynn.

Was cured of an aggravated case of Erysipelas in 4 days, after having tried all the most celebrated remedies procurable in this disease without relief.

D. THOMPSON, Postmaster, East Thornlike, Me., says

Had a daughter cured of Neuralgia, after being confined to her bed 3 years, suffering fearfully; cured with two bottles.

Mrs. MARY ANN CHERVER, Bristol,

Was cured of a severe case of Neuralgia after 3 years' standing with two bottles of the Curative, more than a year ago, and has had perfect health; and her daughter was entirely cured of Chilblains by two applications.

OLIVER ROBBE, Dracut,

Was thrown from a wagon and had his head injured; tried all remedies and found no relief; was cured by using two bottles of the Nervous Curative two years ago; and has enjoyed perfect health ever since and no pain.

ASA A. PALMER, Lowell.

Was cured one year ago of Chronic Rheumatism in the back and knees, after a long time of agonizing pain, says he is enjoying the best of health now; and his family cured of Toothache in 3 minutes.

MARGARET LYLE, Brookville, Ogle Co., Illinois,

Cured of Chilblains with two applications after suffering all winter.

T. FOSTER PARKER, Billerica,

Was cured of Neuralgia in the face and teeth by using one bottle, eighteen months ago; no return of the disease.

EPHRAIM KENSON, North Londonderry,

Was cured of Neuralgia on the Sciatic Nerve after being confined to bed for six months in excruciating pain, by using three bottles eighteen months ago; no severe pain of any kind has been since, and is now in perfect health ever since using the Curative.

J. H. HUMPHREY, Esq., Boston.

Cured of Neuralgia in May, 1859, after suffering intensely four years.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of severe Nervous Headache, and his wife of Neuralgia in the head, teeth, 15 months ago.

In perfect health. No return of either disease

LUCIEN C. ALDRICH, Vershire, Vt.

Was cured of severe case of Toothache by one application.

JOHN MARSH, Lowell,

Cured of Rheumatism in shoulder, and lame back of long standing, twenty months ago is well and sound as ever.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER CASES

May be referred to by calling on

M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For the United States & British Provinces,
36 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale also, by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere. Price \$1 per Bottle.

So'd by all Druggists in Lowell, and at 192 Merrimack Street, next door west of the Merrimack House.

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(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, for the prompt and effectual after all others have failed, is now offered to *married and single ladies*, and to the very best being known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in a few days, restruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* those difficulties if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too frequent offspring. Those seen incredible, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case.*—Why? It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for taking, and explicit directions we give to the *ignorant*, and the facilities we enjoy for parcelling on the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our motto—

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed upon me for this establishment, and a promise to make it worthy a continuance of the same, I remain as ever, Yours truly,

J. R. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

may16 6meh

HURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S Tent and Awning Factory, No. 37 Merrimack st.

apr27

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Dusting Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, Horse Brushes, Whitewash Brushes, Stencil Brushes, Paint Brushes, and everything to clean the house thoroughly. Just received and for sale by

J. H. HARRINGTON & CO., 3 Merrimack s

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 3 pieces; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. B. HAYNES,

45 Merrimack s. dec17 6

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
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Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the HONEST and STEADY execution of all work entrusted to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Circulars, Programmes, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, Bye-Laws and Constitutions, Printing from Stereotype Plates,

Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.,

PATENT PILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the check style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS STEAMBOAT and RAIN BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

To stack, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine cut enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. P. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c. &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24d1

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS.
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Tinmanship. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery, for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a full supply of

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the best of attention will be given to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for parcelling on the most advantageous terms, will induce them always the benefit of our motto—

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed upon me for this establishment, and a promise to make it worthy a continuance of the same, I remain as ever, Yours truly and obliged,

J. R. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

may16 6meh

H.S. HAYNES'

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS.
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Tinmanship. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery, for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a full supply of

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J. R. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

may16 6meh

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A COMPLETE CURE FOR QUEROUS OF

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, TIC DOULOUREUX, or in all inflammatory Diseases. All who are afflicted with "What Hammond Liniment" will find a *Great Blessing!* Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, 285 Washington street, Boston, and by Druggists and Dealers generally.

C. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 15, 1861 tu&thly

TAKE ME FOR THOSE

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, \$3,812,338.80
Dividends paid to date, 1,444,760.18
Losses paid, 2,621,062.53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The accumulation is, reality, insurance money, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves encouragement, are the following:

It offers unusual security and advantages.
Its premiums are \$5,000,000 assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Bonds of the City and Newark Gas Light Co.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the insurance of lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, instead of in one sum, as in most Companies; if one payment is neglected, the policy is not void, nor shall it be void for any failure to pay premiums, but the amount unpaid will continue to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The dividends are paid to the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums annually, receive their dividends in cash, as declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7174 Policies in force; yet no increase in the number of persons insured reduces more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those insured should continue, and the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JAMES A. MEREDITH, Agent,
No. 23 Central st. and 37 Merrimack Street, mar7 6m

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one who has witnessed the effects of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, that the combination and adaptation of these several ingredients to the relief of children is unequalled by any other remedy, and in this connection we desire to say, that the Proprietress is constantly receiving testimonials from mothers, in all parts of the country, which abundantly confirm the above statement.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, we know it to be a safe, reliable and effective remedy for infantile complaints, and we shall always sell with confidence to all who desire the welfare and comfort of the child. No particularly recommended.

For Children Teething!

And at this period of infancy, when many serious fatalities are passed by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, we would say, procure a bottle of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, and following the directions, administer a few drops according to the age of the child. It will relieve the Griping Pains, Cramps, Spasms of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, and Cold on the Head, so frequently the cause of Fits, and will regulate the bowels in every case when given in time. It will invariably relieve the child, and will be found an important aid in this respect too hardly to recommend.

For Children Suffering
In Convulsions,

from any other disease, the like sufferer is referred to the proprietor's card, and the use of the remedy recommended. Many hundreds of cases of the most violent convulsions from one family to another, and the most eminent Physicians have declared the child to become "familiar as a household word." We now offer the remedy to the public, and are willing to risk it ourself, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial contains

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, nor a fact which we are fully prepared to prove, and is entirely free from all other preparations for infantile disease, at this time in the market. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for the relief of the child, and of the old and blighting consequences which are so commonly the result from the use of the disgusted in the form of quieting remedies; their nonexpectation, and consumption of the bowels, making the child a confirmed sufferer for life. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by destroying the sensibilities of your children, but naturally, through its rare medicinal properties, relieves them of the causes of disease. We earnestly recommend Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial to the attention of all who are in search of a remedy which will never fail to relieve your child in the hour of need. Try it, and be convinced.

Make sure but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. Then you can rest upon it. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHIPMAN & CO., Proprietors,
No. 69 Broadway, New York.

And sold by them, and by druggists generally.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
500 " " Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar7* 63 Market street 1.

Kisser's Liquone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *perfectly cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new, and its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, Bear, Fox, Wolf and Deer Robes—Buffalo and Lama Gloves, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
OLIN T. BILLINGS
a,s,15

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

A FEW MORE of Simon's Patent Moule Polis Blue for sale. Sole agent by Lowell.
H. S. NURT, 31 Central street.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
536 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly incorporated, their machines are protected against all infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as those on the chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach ine manufactured, to frequent changes—not the slightest variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will do every variety of work, from the finest muslin without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the tension, needle, or any machine, making any adjustment of machine unnecessary. Is such a machine not to be adopted in family use? and if ever adapted to family use, is not the very variety of light and heavy sewing required? For work too heavy for our Family Machines, we recommend our *Letter* mach ines.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, and a fact found on a trial.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in construction, or of more easy management.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever they are sold, fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair in 1859; at the Essex County Institute, Salem, Mass., at the American Institute, in the City of New York, and at many of the most prominent sewing machine work.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Essex County Fair, Dec. 1860.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Middlesex County Fair, Dec. N. Y.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines can be had at the Manufactory, whenever properly examined in comparison with other first-class sewing machines. But we have space for only a few facts, and will close by recommending the best

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine sold to give entire satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or no sale will be made.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine seem quite incredible to persons who have not examined them, but are facts which a personal inquiry of thousands, from almost every State in the Union, will fully prove. It is only the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the FINKLE & LYON Machine that can be the inquiry we offer the above explicit and unquestionable facts, and the distressed victim of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or manufacturing.

The Company having determined to meet the public, have opened a Store for the sale of their own Machines, and have furnished them with all the necessary appendages, including the best treadle, stronger, etc., to be found anywhere—

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Lowell Block, Merrimack Street.

January 3, 1861. jan3dtf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufactories a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

Which he offers at unusually low prices for cash and unsold patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than ever before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,
(Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE,
Good News to Suffering Humanity.

THE Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor in the great jury of the people, and its triumphs among the lame are to long as an hour.

Its cures are numerous as the sands of the sea-shore. It has healed a child to a cripple for years.

It causes the crying of the weak infant to cease, and the strong man to rejoice.

It lifts the old man of his crutch, when nothing else could help him.

It returns the delicious mother when her breast is dry.

It discovers and cures the trail of the sneaky bedbug.

It terminates the indescribable itch.

It smoothes the face of the pitted small-pox victim.

It cures the scald head.

It is severely agonizing scalds.

It heals the most horrid fevorous ulcers.

It cures the most horrid fevorous ulcers and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

The cures are so wonderful that even if you will hear them you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

It is the best remedy for piles.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For all eruptions of the skin use it.

For fever sores use it.

For soft corns and lame skin use it.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, sout, and in distant climates, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is universally known as the best salve. The Golden Salve is being applied.

Its virtues are known to millions. It has the highest testimonials from the learned and the unlearned, the pulpit and the bar—from merchants, mechanics, manufacturers, and from the most distinguished statesmen and women of all ranks and circumstances. And the Golden Salve is now on its way to you, with numerous speeches on bosoms, sore backs, or any sore of a whatever nature, whether of man, woman, child, or beast. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and as to his character for truth and veracity, his neighbors will tell you. Now, as the Golden Salve is now before you, we will proceed to give to you at the request of Mr. Bradford, the names of a few of the many who have used the Golden Salve, and who are willing to testify to its virtues. If you have the proper agents, you can call on them and satisfy yourself.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir—Permit me to express the obligations I am under to you for the restoration of my boy has to its original state. About two months ago he was severely burned by the explosion of a can of burning fluid, and was confined to his bed for a long time, but upon the application of your "Rare Bennie Salve" he was restored to health. I can recommend your Salve to as a very wonderful invention, quite worthy of the name it bears.

S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in Bottle of three sizes, viz.: large, medium, and small; the small holds 1-2 pint, the medium 1 pint, and the large 1 1-2 pints. Each bottle is enclosed in a pink wrapper, on which is printed the name, mode of using, and directions for taking. The Restorative is put up in both powder and fluid form. Price of powder 25 cents per box. Prepared fluid 50 cents per bottle. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price. Liberal discount to the trade.

Dr. WOOD'S GOLDEN SALVE,
Or Rare Bennie Salve,
Is put up in Boxes of three sizes, viz.: large, medium, and small; the small holds 1-2 pint, the medium 1 pint, and the large 1 1-2 pints. Each box is enclosed in a pink wrapper, on which is printed the name, mode of using, and directions for taking. The Salve is put up in both powder and fluid form. Price of powder 25 cents per box. Prepared fluid 50 cents per bottle. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price. Liberal discount to the trade.

Principal Depot, 67 Ridge Street, Boston.

Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JENKINS, 57 Canal street, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

The genuine has the signature of the proprietor on the outside wrapper, and the name of the Salve blown in the glass of the bottle.

Sold by CHAS. F. GARDNER, to whom all orders should be addressed.

Sold also by S. P. HUNT, Sole Proprietor, 6 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass., and by Post Office Block, Nashua, N. H.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, Agents for the U. S.
A. POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Boston.
HENRY H. HAY, Portland, Me.
French, E.A. Sawtelle, J. S. Hayes, S. Kidder, Jr., Lowell.

feb 9 6m

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified approval, and recommend it in the strongest, strongest, and clearest of the early and brief, but unanswerable testimonials, that it is the best in the world to preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to it, and to restore it when it has fallen off.

Call on or address

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Price \$1 a bottle, or six bottles for \$5.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF FLORIDA.—For preparation for the Toilet, completely efficacious in establishing Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples, and all Cutaneous Eruptions without injury to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts. ja8

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an suare semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the breath is fetid; there is often nausea and vomiting, sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the head; in children, an unusual variation of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite sometimes voracious, sometimes with a lessening sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting, and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, June 28, 1861.

THE *Knox County Democrat*, which was started some two years ago, and has a small circulation, came out a few weeks ago thoroughly Union. Since that time the proprietor, who held a place in the custom house, and the postmaster, who was one of the original starters of the concern, have been removed from their respective offices. The last number of the *Democrat* recognizes *the right of secession*. It thinks that peace can be secured only through the recognition of the Southern Confederacy as one of the powers of the land. We think there is a fair probability that three quarters of the Democratic papers in the country—unless overawed by the voice of the people, which has been and still is strong against secession, compromise, or dishonorable peace—will take the same ground.

There seems to be a strong determination, on the part of a few men, in all the political parties (they will not control, though traitors are found in every party, ability and unflinching to overthrow the Central Government, that there shall be but one party to uncover and restore it) to keep alive their old party lines. Politicians and unwise, prejudice and bigotry, are the simple elements in the hearts of these hard-and-fast politicians; and rather than one of them should prosper, the safety of the whole country is risked. We trust the people, who are to fight this war against rebellion, will shake off the scurvy leaders and manage affairs themselves. The sober, second thought of the people is always right," and the sober, second thought will make this war against secession, rebellion, peace, a grand success.

People talk about the interference of foreign powers in our internal trouble.—We do not believe there will be interference; but much as it is to be deplored, and though we might positively count on being overcome (which we do not acknowledge), even such an event would be preferable to the enormous taxes which the United States yielding to the imperious, unjust demands of the Southern minority. It would be more honorable, more patriotic, more noble, to be prostrated through the interference of a foreign enemy, than to yield to the demands of the traitors within our borders, who fire upon and would now ruin the country if possible. To concede or compromise now is a species of treason, and would disgrace the American people; and those who acknowledge the right of the South to secede like the Texans, must be as devoid of pride of country as of patriotism.

FOR THE GOOD OF ALL. There has never been a time since the Declaration of Independence, when the associations clustering around this day seemed so sacred and impressive. Never were our hitherto so sectional-threatened laws, and that only *by foreign*, but by an *internal* foe—by those who have been associated with us as *brethren in the United States*. At such a time should not one and one hundred and ninety-nine *voices of Liberty!* Uh shall not the *Fourth of July* remind us of the inestimable privileges secured to us by this Republican Government? And where can the Fourth of July be celebrated with more propriety this year, than in Lowell? It was from this city that the *first soldiers* rushed to Washington in defence of our country, and the *first blood* shed in this second war of Independence, was of citizens of Lowell. Few places in the country have manifested so much unity. For the reason, other than the official authority, as well as that of Commissioner of Police. Have arrested and locked up certain men in the service of the United States; and in their place, have put in their stead men who are known for their time-being. Col. Kenley, (Have the M. V. Regiment of Volunteers Pennsylvania, and for the city of Baltimore is a gentleman and can be relied upon) the police force under the new arrangements would be made whereby such occasions can all unite in a public celebration, especially this year. The present condition of our country demands the circumstances of war, will compel the laying aside, for the present, of party lines, and the reasons of remark will be thoroughly applied, would produce in our country a unity of feeling in the minds of the people never to be surpassed.

CALIFORNIA. The Republican State Convention met in Sacramento on the 11th, and nominated Gov. Foote for re-election. We hope and hope to make common cause with the Douglas and Bell men in this State against the Republicans. The Democracy flatly refused the nomination of this Convention. The substance of their platform is the Union and Constitution, but dissolute rather than war. The Constitutional Union Convention met at Sacramento on the 11th, but adjourned to the 10th of July.

A HARD SENTENCE. The Grafton correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* says that Capt. Benham, of one of the companies of the latter place, recently sat in judgment in a case of poisoning of soldiers with drugged liquor. The would-be assassin was arrested, and after a hearing of the evidence, the Captain's order was—"Make a scoured drunk a part of his own whisky stores." And the celebrated mule liquor seller had to drink, greatly to his disgust and discomfort. The correspondent thinks that he survived, but says there is no probability that he will resort to drug any more liquor for the troops.

THE *Courier and Enquirer*, James Watson Webb's journal has been merged in *The World* newspaper. The latter we have had from its commencement, as it has been to us a welcome leaper, and under the new arrangement we do not be deprived of its visits.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the Courier.

John M. Botts says that the rebellion is at its last gasp, while negro insurrections are everywhere threatened.

Rewards have been offered for the rebel leaders.

The resolves of Baltimore are showing signs of license. The action of Banks has crushed a planned insurrection.

The Secretary of the Treasury will recommend the raising of $250,000,000.

A dispatch to the *Journal* says that the steamer Spaulding landed a party of 24 men at Matthias Point, last night, to erect a battery. A body of rebels is said to have fired on the steamer, killing Capt. Ward and wounding several.

NEWS AND RUMORS.

The most important occurrence for some days past in the avenue of the City Marshal of Baltimore, George P. Kane, yesterday, by order of Gen. Banks. He was arrested at his house, and of course, a broast had gone abroad that the Government did not dare to arrest him. There was considerable excitement when the arrest was actually made. The Union men are well satisfied; the rebels are not pleased.

Col John H. Kenley, who was appointed Provost Marshal, vice Gen. Hoyer and Police Commissioners. The latter acted time to consider, but Kenley replied that his orders were unconditional, and proceeded to the Marshals office, taking possession. The Commissioners then retired the officers to obey the military authorities, and declared their intention to prepare a protest against the action of the Government. After consultation, they issued orders to the police forces to take off their insignia of office, badges, epaulettes, etc., and virtually disbanded them. The board has issued a protest which is signed by the Mayor, endorsing the policy of secession in Baltimore as if right, but not warranted by any provision of the constitution or laws of the United States, but that the board acts in obedience to the force of circumstances, and do nothing to the restainment of violence.

Col. Kenley has been actively engaged in securing in a new police force. He has appointed engagers in all the wards. It was the desire of Kenley to retain the present force as far as possible, but the action of the Police Commissioners thwarted his purpose.

The following is Gov. Banks' proclamation to the people of Baltimore:—

PROCLAMATION TO THE PEOPLE OF BALTIMORE.

HEADQUARTERS, }
Department of Annapolis, June 28th, 1861. }

By virtue of the authority vested in me and in obedience to orders in command, I, Governor of the Military Department of Annapolis, I have arrested and dismissed from office Mr. George P. Kane, Chief of Police of Baltimore.

I deem it proper at this moment of actual hostility, and public declaration of the motive by which I have been governed in this unprecedented step. It is not my purpose, in her is it in connection with my instructions to interfere in any manner with the legislative or executive action of the people of Baltimore or Maryland. Their constitutional rights are sacred to me, and acting, and none are to be violated. Some delay has occurred by a misunderstanding of terms between the legislative committee and the people of Baltimore or Maryland, growing out of the promotion of Bourgeard, and his appointment to a position in the army, which claimed as party coming to himself. This is the statement of the committee of Mr. Woodfield.

A FACETIOUS SOUTHERN STATE PAPER. The committee on Foreign Affairs of the Confederate States, in a recent labored report, perpetrate the following excellent official joke:—"Our late associates in the Government of the United States have made it the boast of the United States society, one half of which belongs to us and deign using it against us." The United State Government is actually charged with adopting a line of policy.

THE *New York Herald* suggests that both Northern and Southern armies join in an armistice, form a coalition say to the extent of 200,000 men, and conquer and annex Mexico, drive the Spanish out of Dominica and make Canada, a United States province, after that reconstruct the Union, be it by force or otherwise.

We quite stated that the Chicago University, which it is known was the recipient of a munificent donation from Judge Douglas during his lifetime, now offers to confer the degree of LL. D. upon any one on occasion, as a partial return for the noble generosity of its deceased patron.

A CORRESPONDENT of a Southern paper, who is evidently a rebel camp says there is an officer in one of the Alabama companies who is a preacher and who gives commands very different from Hardee's tactics. He is said to charge the company he commands "Fall to Jesus, boys!" In preparing an obstacle on the march, instead of commanding the chips march, breaking into platoons, or breaking from to the rear, he commands "Stop and pull down the hosiers."

What does Col. Hardee think of this?

SOME of the New York papers emphatically deny that R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, has been in that city recently.

ESTEVAN—on the late Major General Sterling Price, was fell (fled) at the battle of Booneville, June 17th 1861.

This is the technical way he is born.

Requiescat in pace.

MISS PAMELA CUNNINGHAM, the heroine of the Mount Vernon contribution, now lies a home at Mount Vernon, and is a confirmed invalid. She is said to be in destitute circumstances, (about $13 (a week old), while there is no doubt that she is the shape of fines for non-attendance, some $70. If thinks, the organization has been the best money-making concern in the city for the past three months, and had better keep on. They have capital enough nearby to purchase their guns, and may be able to declare a dividend at the end of the year. Seriously, however, there are some of our best citizens among the Veterans, and we should be glad to see the organization kept up.

We also hear that the Independent Cadets, that have been drilling near the Northern Depot, have ceased their evolutions, or some cause, as we observe no "Home Guards" seem not to flourish so well as the other military organizations.

DIVORCE. On Tuesday, in the Supreme Judicial Court, in this city, Anna Sargent, of Waltham, obtained a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony between herself and Harriet F. Sargent, of Manchester, N. H., on the ground of adultery. The parties formerly belonged to Lowell. Charles Cowley appeared for the libellant.

CITY AND VICINITY.

EXPRESS BAG FOR 6TH REGIMENT. The Bag for the Lowell soldiers of the 6th Regiment, at the Boston House, will be open for the Soldiers' Aid Association on MONDAY, July 1st, next, from the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company.

Letters in U. S. stamped envelopes and parcels not exceeding one pound in weight, will be received and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

M. O. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

jy26d3.

Merrimack Manufacturing Company.
LOWELL, Mass. June 28, 1861.

Editor Lowell Courier:—Will you through your columns say to the public that the Mills of the Merrimack Manufacturing Company were not in any way connected in extinguishing the fire in this Co's Block, on Prince Street.

Yours very respectfully,
ISAAC HINCKLEY, Sup't M. M. Co.

A MATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION, ATTENTION!

The members of the Amateur Drill Association are hereby notified that the regular meeting for drill will be held this evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the Drill Room, on PRIDAY Evening, 5th inst., at 7½ o'clock. A full and punctual attendance is requested.

jy5 2t* Per order.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 46 to No. 31 Merrimack Street—head of Central Bridge.

jun17d1m

FIRE LAST NIGHT. Last evening, about half past nine o'clock, the alarm was given, issuing from the shed attached to tenement No. 115, Merrimack Corporation, (Prince Street) occupied by Mrs. Nancy Sayles as a boarding house. The fire extended to the adjoining shed attached to No. 114, occupied by Mr. Deliverance Woodward as a boarding house, destroying both sheds and doing some damage to the porch of No. 115. The entire fire department was promptly on hand, and succeeded in saving the adjoining sheds and the block. The loss is fully compensated, estimated at $400, not sufficient to entitle them to any insurance in the Corporation Mutual Insurance Company.

A card will appear in another place, signed by the agent of the corporation, tendering the thanks of the company to the fire department.

The occupants of the boarding house had their winter bed clothing and other articles stowed away in the sheds, which were nearly destroyed. Their loss is estimated at $100 each, on which there is no insurance.

The origin of the fire is unknown.—Shortly before it broke out, a boy says that he saw two men come out of the back door of Mrs. Sayles' shed and go towards Moody Street, and the supposition is that they might have been prowling about to see what they could find, and becoming frightened by a noise, might have dropped a lighted match near the bed clothes and started.

THE COMMITTEE MEETING LAST EVENING. The Committee is collecting the Fourth of July held another meeting last evening, at the usual place, in the Mayor's office. The committee was present, and the supposition is that they might have been prowling about to see what they could find, and becoming frightened by a noise, might have dropped a lighted match near the bed clothes and started.

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Alderman Wason, from the City Government, has resigned, and through him the Lowell Brigade Band was engaged. It was voted to invite Mr. Willey's class to be present to furnish vocal music, and to be authorized to have a stage built. Adjourned to meet at the subscription of the committee.

After having viewed the outside arrangements, the two boards assembled in separate rooms for the transaction of some business which Mr. Phelps and lady wished to bring before them. In the Mayor and Aldermen' room, after grace by Rev. Mr. Twiss, the business was attended to with a promptness rarely excelled, under the lead of the orderly Sargeant. The order of street lights and evening removal was made by J. R. Swan, Esq., and the following petitions were then presented and referred:

Petition of Thomas Kelly, and others, for sewer on Fletcher street.

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THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 29, 1861. NO. 6408.

THE DAILY COURIER,

Is issued every afternoon, Sundays excepted, at No. 5 Prescott Block, Merrimack Square.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

To clubs of ten, FOUR DOLLARS A YEAR.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Office—No. 5 CENTRAL STREET.

A permanent cure for all those cases in which the Liver is the seat of disease, and the Stomach and Bowels are deranged in consequence, is offered in Dr. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS. Their action is prompt and powerful, and they are purely vegetable. Full directions for their use in all cases are given in Dr. SCHENCK'S new book, just published, entitled "Dr. SCHENCK'S Pulmonic Wine, Sea-Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, their Use and Abuse." Every person who is afflicted with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Costiveness, or any disease of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels, should have this book. It will be sent to any address, free of postage, by addressing DR. SCHENCK, Philadelphia. For sale by all Druggists.

Consumption Cured.

Dr. J. BOSANKO, Physician and Chemist, 43 Dorset Square, London, has published a Work on the Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Nervous Debility, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also on Habits of Health, which he will send free by return of post. Patients in any part of the world can be cured at home by his treatment. Medicines can be had of all Chemists. Price of Dr. Bosanko's Treatise, 1s. 1d., or 25 stamps.

Dr. MATTISON'S Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

For the Prompt Relief of Suppressed, Painful, Irregular and Obstructed Menstruation, from whatever cause, and at whatever period of life arising. Also, a safe and certain remedy for Female Weakness, Nervousness, Hysterics, Whites, Pain in the Back, Dragging Down Pains, Pain in the Head, Universal Lassitude, Trembling, Palpitation of the Heart, Hot Flashes, Dizziness, Sick Stomach, Eruptions on the Face, Pimples, Blotches, Loss of Appetite, Bad Breath, Costiveness, Coldness of the Extremities, Female Decline, Consumption, Barrenness, Incompatibility, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Joints, Disease of the Kidneys, Retention of Urine, Involuntary Discharges, Sleeplessness, Universal Debility, Nervous Irritability, Hysterical Affections, Fits, Spasms, and all Painful, Obstructed, Irregular, or Suppressed Menstruation, from whatever cause, and at whatever period of life arising.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue

Is compiled with every necessary requisite for the above complaints, and is sold by all Druggists, and Patent Medicine Dealers, by all Druggists, and Patent Medicine Dealers in the United States, Canada, and the West Indies, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00, and sent by express to any address, with full directions for use.

Dr. MATTISON'S

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, June 28, 1861.

THE OBJECTS. The objects of the Government in raising and putting into the field vast armies of men, are known to every man of ordinary intelligence throughout the free States, but it is only an act of justice to acknowledge that there are probable exceptions to this rule in the slave States. We have the best reasons for knowing that the purposes of the Government are entirely misapprehended there—have been grossly misrepresented by the leading, the intelligent men engaged in this reb llion. There are also, some men at the North (thank heaven they are not numerous) lacking all principles of generosity, with minds warped by narrow partisan views, who, measuring their neighbor's patriotism by their own standard, discover in the war a design to break this favorite idol of their own, or to raise up that one of their neighbor's, which is objectionable, because they must have an opponent—when a real one does not exist, then an imaginary one must be created—There are a few men who would have us believe that this war is to build up one political party and break down another; when in reality it is the people waging war against rebellion, and all parties have been swept from our society as will be the enemy from the country, and if party lines exist until it is ended, they are intended designedly, by those who are imbued with political vices, and no patriotism.

"The real objects for which the American people are willing to make such pecuniary sacrifices," and to submit to all necessary sacrifices and privations in the present contest, are quote from the *Philadelphia Press*) are the speedy suppression of the rebellion and the complete re-establishment of the authority of the Federal Government over our whole country. With nothing less than this will they ever be content—and, to accomplish it in the greatest ends, they are ready to pour out their blood and treasure like water. All the difficulties that may now appear only tend to embolden us in our glow way before us, with harmony and determined energy. It is essential to our present greatness and future prosperity and peace, that a final victory of Secession should be effectually destroyed. If we fail to crush it now we can never rape a stable and vigorous Government, but anarchy and confusion will prevail to a greater or less extent, in all coming time.

CONTEMPLATED WAR LEGISLATION.—Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, has introduced a bill to provide for the more speedy punishment of those who shall be found guilty of treason or rebellion against the United States, and to aid in the more complete re-establishment of the authority of the Federal Government over our whole country. With nothing less than this will they ever be content—and, to accomplish it in the greatest ends, they are ready to pour out their blood and treasure like water. All the difficulties that may now appear only tend to embolden us in our glow way before us, with harmony and determined energy. It is essential to our present greatness and future prosperity and peace, that a final victory of Secession should be effectually destroyed. If we fail to crush it now we can never rape a stable and vigorous Government, but anarchy and confusion will prevail to a greater or less extent, in all coming time.

WAR MATTERS.

Another engagement. There has been another encounter with the rebels in which the Federal forces lost two killed and others wou ded; rebel loss unknown.

As mentioned in our brief telegraphic report yesterday, the steamer Freeborn landed a party of seventy-five men, on Thursday night, at Matthias Point, for the purpose of throwing up breastworks—They took about 200 sand bags on shore, with which breastworks were soon erected, the proceedings being under the direction of Lieut. Chapman. Picket guards were thrown out, and the men worked without being molested. While in the act of retreating to the Freeborn for the purpose of obtaining cannon for breastwork, a force of rebels (estimated in manner six hundred) was observing in ambush suddenly fired upon them. Their fire was returned, and the fight lasted for half an hour, the steamer Freeborn and Pawnee taking part. Capt. Ward, of the Freeborn, was severely killed, and one other man severely wounded, four or five were also more or less injured on our side. The rebel loss is unknown, but is believed to be quite heavy, as the shells were thrown from the Pawnee. It is stated (on what authority we do not understand) that about a hundred were shot at Bull's Bluff, Virginia, who bore the Federal flag, was wounded, and the staff was shot away and fifteen holes were shot in the flag. Our men returned on board the steamer in good order, after finding that they were opposed by a greatly superior number.—*Baltimore Sun.*

Fredericksburg reinforced. Col. Jones, it seems, with the Sixth and two other regiments, has arrived in Baltimore again, the rebels there having given up much the evidences of an intention to defy the Federal authorities. Marshal Kane was not arrested a moment too soon, the rebels, who are only kept under in Baltimore by the threatening force of Federal Government around them, were ripening for an outbreak. The march of the Sixth Regiment officer revealed large quantities of arms and ammunition secreted in the cellar, the walls, lofts and the floor, &c. A cake of Valuable pistols and over sixty hundred rifles were found. Twenty five of the latter were Minie and some fifteen are supposed to have been got to the Maryland militia soldiers who were disarmed by the men on the 19th of April.

A number of famous are said to be preparing and hurrying forward, expecting that martial law will be proclaimed—hastily certain for the purpose of staging it on the steamer Mary Washington. It is reported that entrenchments are being thrown up at Rock Creek, eight miles east of the city. Three hundred and sixty one of the best hundred pine have been signed, and have been enlisted to her room for week by the war. The imputation is equally untrue in respect to the lady who top presents the sweet and obscene, as it is instead of worn out darning and coaling.

A RARE ACCENT.—Professor P. Mc Quilkin, of Columbia, S. C., has been arrested in Washington on suspicion of being a secret agent of the South, buying arms and equipments South from New York. He was also said to sail for Europe as an agent of the Confederate States, and in attempting to go the British consul's passport signed by the Secretary of State, was arrested. He is in prison, to await the action of the Government.

REWARDS OFFERED FOR REBEL LEADERS. A dispatch to the *Courier* yesterday stated that rewards had been offered for the rebel leaders. Later accounts say that $25,000 is the amount offered for the head of Jeff. Davis, $10,000 for Beauregard, $10 for Mason's, and 5 cents for Pryor's. Of course the whole thing is a burlesque, coming from no official source, as it ought to, when it gets ready, will take its place with the named if they can be found on American soil.

A GAME OF CROSS. A short time ago the scheming public was much excited by the skillful games of Paul Murphy with the leading chess-players of the world, in which the stakes were the reputations of the contestants as masters of the game.—The public is now watching with intense interest a nobler game on a larger board, where the principles of Liberty, Union, and Republican Government are waged against Slavery, Rebellion and Feudalism. The game of which we give the score on this page, which can be filled up on the board, has progressed as follows:—

The board is Virginia. The White King is posted at Washington. The Black King occupies Richmond.

The board is Virginia, and having a sacred regard for the preservation of his pawns, concludes to play a cautious game, and opens by advancing his queen's pawn two squares (assembling the Northern forces at Washington).

Black replies by a similar move (withdrawing Virginia from the Union).

White withdraws its pawns from Norfolk and Harper's Ferry.

Black advances pawns to those squares.

White places king's rook to Fortress Monroe, advancing pawns to Newport News.

Black queen to Manassas Junction, advancing pawns to Alexandria.

White queen to Arlington Heights, and king's bishop to Alexandria.

Black begins to move regiments of pawns, mavels, for defensive operations.

White moves queen's rook at Hagerstown, Md., giving chess to black's rook at Harper's Ferry.

Black still makes movements of pawns to obtain its position.

White plays queen's knight to Grafton, threatening the communications of black's castle at Harper's Ferry with Manassas Junction.

Black still sets on the defensive.

White moves queen's rook a point off the Potomac three entire the communications of black's rook with Leesburg.

Black still remains on the defensive

LAWSON'S
INFALLIBLE
NERVOUS CURATIVE,
— FOR —
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPINAL DISEASE, TIC DOULOUREUX, HEADACHE, LAME BACK, STIFF JOINTS, &C., &C.

HEAR WHAT THE MULTITUDE SAY:

LEONARD CHASE, Esq., ord. H. H.

Cured in August, 1858, of Neuralgia, after two and a half years of excruciating pain; also of paralysis of the right arm, with which he could not put on his coat or vest without help. He had, to this date, no return of either Neuralgia or Paralysis.

LOAMMI B. WARD'S Wife, Milford, N. H

Cured two years ago of Neuralgia in the Face, Neck and Spine, after fifteen years of exhausting suffering. Used only three bottles of the Invisible Curative. No return of suffering since.

A. WALDO FISHER, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of a violent attack of Neuralgia in the face, head and neck, in January, 1859. Never had any pain since. His wife, George was also cured of Neuralgia and Nervous Headache.

THOS. J. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Cotuit.

Cured of Neuralgia by the use of one bottle of Curative.

H. S. SIMMONS, Esq., Boston.

His wife cured of Nervous Headache, after ten years of a sinful suffering.

E. AUGUSTUS STORY, Esq., Nursery-man, Brighton, Mass.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Gout.—Confined to his bed three months with intense suffering along the entire left side; had given up hope; could endure no pain in both feet. Wrote to me; with three bottles of the Invisible Curative eighteen months ago, and has enjoyed perfect health ever since.

JANE B. THOMPSON, Milford, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains by two applications, two years ago. No pain since.

JAMES PEARSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

Cured of Chilblains by one application.

Mrs. NATHANIEL HILL, Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia eighteen months ago, with two bottles of Curative, after five months of the severest suffering. No return of pain since.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq., Lowell.

Cured of Neuralgia and partial Paralysis, in March, 1859—a strong case. Now, and always since, enjoyed the best of health.

L. STRATTON, Esq., Wilmington Depot

His wife cured of severe Neuralgic pain along the sciatic nerve, of two and a half years' standing, by three bottles of the Infallible Nervous Curative

J. B. EATON, Esq., Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Chilblains and Frosties after many years of most sufferings, by one application. No return of either disease. In perfect health.

Hon. AARON P. HUGHES, Nashua, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, after fifteen years' standing

ISAAC N. GOODRICH, Lowell,

Relieved of pain in case of an liberated tooth

CYRUS P. ADAMS, Lowell.

His wife cured of severe suffering from Neuralgia, after four years suffering. Also cured of Rheumatic Pains in shoulder in half an hour, eighteen months ago. No return of either complaint since.

A. AH THOW, Milford, N. H.

Cured of severe Neuralgic Pains in March, 1859, after many years' suffering. No return of pain to this date, September, 1859.

ABIEL A. LOVEJOY'S Wife, Milford, N. H.

Cured of Neuralgia, 15 years' standing, February, 1859.

ALMON WOOD, Nashua, N. H.,

Cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Toothache.

LOAMMI BALDWIN, Wilton, N. H.

His wife cured of an aggravated case of Neuralgia, many years standing.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Esq., Milford, N. H.

A daughter cured of Neuralgic Pains in back, head, arms and feet, by two bottles. Says the joys present health now, and has ever since cured.

JOHN LAWRENCE, Suffolk, Sqfe Co., Illinois.

Cured of a very painful attack of Neuralgia, by taking one bottle in two days, and one in all.

GEO. ALEX. LEWIS, Esq., Nunnsville

Cured of a severe case of Rheumatism.

C. K. LEWIS, Esq., Lowell, now of Providence, R. I.

Cured of Neuralgia of the brain and entire body, of 12 years' standing, by the use of both in both ops 3 years' sufferer. Debt given up by his physicians. Says he can never get better, and now enjoys the best of health.

BENJ. F. CUTTER, Esq., Preston, N. H.,

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in left hip and leg, after one year of intense suffering, and a case of Rheumatism in both knees, after 10 years of severe pain, by two bottles of Curative. No return of pain since cured—a year ago.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq., Marblehead.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very bone Back in a few days.

HAZEN BARNARD, Marblehead.

Cured of severe Rheumatism and very bone Back in a few days.

Mrs. D. WOODMAN, Wife of Hampton, N. H. Cured of Tic Douloureux, by three applications, two years ago. No pain since.

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Mrs. D. WOODMAN, Wife of Hampton, N. H.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, July 1, 1861.

No compromise. We are glad to see the report that the General Government had received overtures for compromise from Jeff Davis and that there was a possibility that they might be favorably considered, has been positively denied and that it is the purpose of the Government to prosecute the war with vigor until rebellion is annihilated. We have had compromises and talk of compromise until the people are heartily wearied of it. There is that in the world which seems to imply a surrendering of something, on the part of free men, for which they are not prepared at the present. The compromise of 1850 was made in good faith, and was regarded by the great mass as something intended to be irrepealable; but when the men who are now in armed rebellion against the Government found it to be inconvenient for them and a restraint, they repealed it. The compromise of 1850, although at first distasteful to a large portion of our people, yet being considered by our law-abiding citizens a sacred obligation on our part, the great majority were inclined to abide by it; but when the Southern Catalines began to work no longer to their advantage, they set it aside as having no binding force on themselves.

We want no more compromises. We have had enough of them, and the Administration could not perform a more unpopular act than to recommend or give favorable consideration to anything of the kind. As the rebels have shown by their repeated acts that they regard compromises of no binding force upon themselves, and have shown their contempt toward the Government in every way possible, the plan for pursuing them with the sword and cannon until they shall express their willingness to abide by the requirements of the Constitution, and till the leaders are punished; but under no circumstance let us compromise with traitors with arms in their hands, or yield anything that is not guaranteed by the Constitution.

Gen. Butler. We transfer to our columns this afternoon, some senseless gossip about Gen. Butler. There are a few of our correspondents, who are everything by turns and nothing long, that, just at this time, are industriously weaving around to fish up something to say against Gen. Butler. A few days ago there was nobody like Gen. Butler, and every time he opened his mouth a phonographic reporter was under his nose to report what he said to the New York dailies, till they finally "run the thing into the ground," and came to the conclusion that they were making too big a notion of a Massachusetts man. They suddenly changed their tune, and commenced lampooning him. Since the Big Bethel affair, which, under the most unfavorable construction cannot be colored to General Butler's discredit, the New Yorkers have been as slave as they were before sickening in their flattery. Yesterday their agony culminated, and the astute correspondents discovered and reported that Gen. Butler's loyalty is questioned. Those who really know him are as conscious as they are of the beating of their own hearts, that he is not disloyal; that he will perform every duty that falls upon him with the utmost faithfulness. We have not been one of the sudden, enthusiastic admirers of Gen. Butler; we have never been one of his political friends; but we have known him for years, and no more doubt his loyalty in the cause he has espoused than we do Gen. Scott's. We know his services in relation to secession and rebellion months before he went into the service of the Government, and we believe he is actuated by the highest principles of patriotism; and his friends and neighbors do him great injustice if they for a moment seriously entertain the idle gossip of the correspondents of the New York press. We esteem particularly deserving of engineering the war against the rebels, according to their own peculiar views, whether in harmony with common sense or not.

The Eclectic Magazine, for July, gives us the cream of the latest literature and periodicals. Its best papers are: "The Sea, and its Living Wonders;" "Romance in Japan;" a review of a Japanese novel; "The King of Bibly's Island;" "Mrs. Newton Crosland; a review of "St. John Brown's Horse Subsection;" "Concerning Things Mostly Lonely," a delightful essay, by the famous "Country Parson" of Fraser's Magazine; "Hail Storms, and their Phenomena," "Ireland, and its Physical Curiosities," "The Anti-Napoleon Lie," a powerful story; the conclusion of Mr. Harrison Ainsworth's new romance, "The Constable of the Tower," and a paper, in "keeping" with the time, on "Rifled Ordnance." The fine nation is a full length of Charlemagne, after Meissonier. For Sale at A. Whitney's, No. 87 Merrimack St.

A destructive fire occurred in New-buryport on Friday afternoon last, by which several wood dwellings, on Boardman street, were burned. The fire originated in a stable. Several persons were injured, and some very narrowly escaped being consumed in the flames. In one instance a child was passed out of a window a feather-bed. The actual loss is not given, but it is partially covered by insurance.

In Bedford, on Wednesday last, a boy named Samuel Hose was shot through the head by another boy named Hosmer, who was firing at a mark. The Hose by died in a few moments after the accident.

The Charlestown Post-office was robbed, a few nights ago, of about 1300 letters, $30 in money, postage stamps, &c. It was entered by burglars.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the Courier.—

All the members of the Baltimore Board of Police Commissioners except the Mayor have been arrested and are in Fort McHenry. Detachments of Federal Artillery and Infantry are stationed at various points in the city. Great excitement prevails. A plot of an intended outbreak, it is said, was discovered.

The Wyandotte, off Fort Pickens, has captured the English Bark Etna, with a cargo of rifled cannon, for the Pensacolan rebels.

THE WAR NEWS.

The *New York Herald*, of Saturday, has a special dispatch from Fortress Monroe, stating that Col. Allen, of the New York Fifth Regiment, was arrested that day by order of Gen. Butler. It then states that Allen and other officers have arrested many armed accessionists lately, who have been released by Gen. Butler.

On Friday intelligence came that a field of wheat, belonging to Maj. Thompson, of the rebel army, was being gathered to be sent to Yorktown, for the aid of the rebels; and some had the assurance to ask Col. Allen for horses, which had been confiscated, to convey the wheat in the enemy, which was refused, and a squad of men sent to prevent the wheat from being taken. Soon after, a certain field was fired, and 20 acres were destroyed. Gen Butler thereupon ordered Col. Allen to report at headquarters under arrest, and placed his regiment under command of Lieut. Col. Dyknens.

The dispatch further volunteers the remark that this and other similar acts by the General Government for his loyalty to be suspected, and says it is rumored that regular officers are preparing a petition for his removal, and that the New York regiments are clamorous to have a Major General from their own State; and also that all the officers, both regular and volunteer, will declare war in battle under Gen. Butler. The arrest causes considerable excitement at the Fortress.

The *Herald's* remarks, on the above dispatches, that it has no doubt that Colonel Allen will be arrested. He told the police department of New York last fall, on account of drunkenness, and the above dispatch is evidently sent to get the friend of Allen's. It considers the imputation on General Butler's loyalty absurd, as do the majority of the public of this city.

Missouri. The Union men are still flocking to Gen. Lyon for arms, and the Union sentiment is strengthening everywhere in the State.

A dispatch from Jefferson City, dated Saturday, says that Brown, Parsons, State Treasurer, Mosnley, State Auditor, and Houston, Register of Lands, took the oath of allegiance that day, and will enter upon the discharge of their duties. Attorney General Hall declined to take the oath, and in consequence is held prisoner at the capitol.

Texas. At last there is a ray of light from the Lone Star. Information has been received at Washington from Texas to the effect that the Western frontier of that State was preparing to follow the example of Western Virginia and East Tennessee, by organizing a formidable movement against secession, and adhering to the U. S. Gov., in the shape of a new State. General Cargen has been nominated as an unconditional Union candidate for congress. He has been for some time at the head of a body of Union men. It is said that with about 200 mounted Union men he recently routed the rebels twice that number of rebels.

A fort is being erected on an island in the neighborhood of Brownsville and will mount 370 guns of the heaviest calibre.—The garrison is under the command of Major Arnold.

Other Matters. At Alexandria, it is believed that a member of the United States cavalry, named Murphy, is a prisoner in the hands of the rebels.

It is not believed that Gen. McDowell will be superseded by Gen. Dix, although such a change has been announced. If a change is made, it is probable that Gen. John C. Fremont will be placed in command. Fremont was in Washington on Saturday, closeted with the cabinet officers and others.

A dispatch to the *Post* says a prominent citizen from Kentucky states that twenty regiments can be raised there for the government.

The *Tribune's* dispatches state that the War Department will not accept any more regiments until after Congress meets.

The *Herald's* dispatch says the Secretary of War's report will show that there are 300,000 men now in the field.

A spy was arrested on Friday afternoon, in Washington, with four pounds of powder and a fuse in his person, on the way to a spring of water used by the Second Rhode Island Regiment. The spy stated that regiment were restrained with great difficulty from shooting the secessionists.

Senators Johnson and Etheridge have full assurances from the Cabinet that the interests of Tennessee shall be protected.

During the passage of the New Jersey Regiment through Philadelphia, on Friday, they were greeted with cheers for Jeff. Davis.

The first scrap of the rebels—What they prepared to do. The *Tribune's* special Washington dispatch says: "Col. Corcoran, of the rebel troops in Virginia, by a rebel ex-mate, is 80,000, of which 50,000 are Irish—but over 20,000 can not be concentrated at a given point. The largest number now at one point—Manassas Junction—is 7000. There are 3000 choice men at Yorktown. The number at Richmond is variously given. Norfolk is regarded as impregnable.

They do not intend to make a stand against the Government in any superior nails; A German waits is not a hymn;

A German waits is not a hymn;
Fishermen not afraid to swim;
And turtles can't be taught to dance.

If One year ago Lieut. Tompkins, of the United States second Cavalry, was a private in the regiment of which Captain Isaac Ellwood was Colonel. At the skirmish near Fairfax a few days ago they met as enemy's—the former as a Lieutenant, leading his old comrades, the latter still a Captain—but of the secession cavalry. One, by his patriotism won a commission and a victory; the other, by resigning, lost both.

If Hon. James H. Campbell, a member of the House Union-saving Committee from Pennsylvania, writes home to the *Miner's Journal* that he thinks the time for compromise has passed away. "*Concessions to traitors with arms in their hands cannot be made.*" To make them is to permit the Government to be coerced.

A prediction. A New York paper predicts that the day is at hand when Lord John Russell will declare the southern privateers to be pirates.

If When two goats met on a bridge which was too narrow to allow either to pass or return, toe goat which lay down, that the other might walk over it, was a finer gentleman than Lord Chesterfield.—*Cecil.*

CITY AND VICINITY.

PROF. BANNING'S BRACES

May be obtained at 36 Church Street, for ten days only, for the cure of Spinal, Heart and Lung Diseases, Pain, Hernia, &c. jel6d3t

REMOVAL!

Joshua Merrill has removed his Book and Job Printing Store and Bindery from No. 25 Central to No. 27 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may16d1

School Committee. The regular monthly meeting of this Board was held last Saturday afternoon. The Mayor being engaged with the Overseers of the Poor, Vice Chairman Huntington presided.

The committee to whom were referred the subjects of heating the Edson, Bartlett and Varnum School Houses, grading the Green School, and making alterations in Primary School House No. 22, reported in favor of the present condition of the country, and the large expenditures of money in another direction, it was inexpedient to recommend to the City Council the take action the present year. It was recommended that the City Council make such needful repairs and alterations of the heating apparatus of the Edson, Bartlett and Varnum School Houses as may be necessary. The report was recommitted with instructions to report what specific changes are necessary; also to report the expediency of having double windows in the High and Grammar School Houses.

A petition was received from Hannah H. Currier, teacher of Primary School No. 17, asking to have her election date from July 1 1860; also from Mary L. Hill, teacher of Primary School No. 44, for an increase of salary. Both referred to committee on accounts.

Coolidge and Mansfield's History and description of New England, was adopted as a text book for the Grammar and Primary Schools. Ayes—Messrs. Bartlett, Medical Arithmetic, Colton's & Fitch's Primer of Geography and Hildreth's Third Reader were rejected.

The teachers of the High School were instructed to report within two weeks the names of suitable candidates for diplomas, with the essential facts pertaining to the scholarship of said candidates.

Several temporary teachers were continued and Miss C. E. Holt was allowed leave of absence for the remainder of the current term.

It was voted to introduce Robinson's Practical Progressive Arithmetic into the Grammar Schools for scholars commencing the study of written arithmetic, when the principals shall so direct.

Messrs. Kiddor, Stevens and Merrill were appointed a committee to make arrangements for the examination of the schools at the close of the present term.

Voted to adjourn to meet July 13th, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Man drowned. Yesterday morning, Terrence McSoley, who resided on Charles Street, got up about his usual hour, and taking a towel and soap, told his wife he was going to bathe. The clothes of a man having been found on the banks of the Merrimack River, above the Lawrence Corporation, some hours later, search was made and the body of McSoley was found in a place where the water is somewhat shallow, probably, by accident, got into the hole, and not being a swimmer, was drowned, as no person was about to render him assistance. He was about 35 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children. He was a steady, industrious man, and had been in the employ of J. C. Ayer & Co., for several years past, having been sometimes employed as gardener.

Superior Court. The grand jury met on Saturday, at Concord, after a session of four days. They examined about one hundred cases, and returned seventy indictments, and ignored the remainder. Among the following Lowell parties:—Thomas Rogers, Charles Graham and Patrick Murphy, for breaking and entering; William Lee, Edward Hayden, Sparks, Reuben Sleep, and other engineers and firemen, for libel; Jacob Fisher, for libel of the sexual faculties. In the worst cases of *Fisher* the jury found bills of indictment.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are the only safe means of removing interrupted menstruation from whatever cause. jy4 d&w3m

LADIES READ THIS.

There is one condition of the female system in which Dr. Cheeseman's Pills will not produce a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is a PREGNANCY of three months and upwards. As to the irresponsible notice of the public, that they will produce a miscarriage in such condition, that even is false. They will not.

Explicit directions, stating when and when they should not be taken, will be found in the pamphlet around each box, containing 50 Pills.

Sold in Lowell by H. H. Bruce, Druggist, Merrimack and John sts.; J. T. Billings, corner Central and Merrimack sts., and druggists generally. jy4

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

The only Reliable Hair Dye Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. If you wish to escape Ridiculous Results, and have a beautiful head of Hair that instantly in a moment changes to a Splendid Brown or Black, without any injury to Hair or Skin.

Factory, Bridge and Diploma have been awarded to W. A. Batchelor since 1839, and ever since has maintained his reputation as the best of the hundreds of imitations.

Batchelor's Hair Dye produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and will not crock nor injure in the least, however long it may remain on. Sold and applied at No. 16 Astor House. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye. Sold by all Druggists in Lowell, Boston and New York.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Perfumers.

Beware of counterfeits in the name—William A. Batchelor,—and also of a similar name, commencing the last name of each box.

W. A. Batchelor's Factory, 81 Barclay St.

Late 653 Broadway, New York.

my9

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTER TAKING DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

US459

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

Rapidly and permanently cure Coughs, Colds, Consumption and numerous individuals in this vicinity who have used them, have found them certain in all cases. A certain cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, &c. &c. The success of this remedy has been truly astonishing, and the proprietor has in his possession hundreds of certificates of its value, many of them from persons using other remedies, but say of a medicine is required to attend Consumption in its first stages, that Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers are truly wonderful in this relieving, although only recently introduced in this vicinity. Sold by druggists generally. For sale by druggists in Lowell in quantities to suit purchasers. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by JAMES L. KENNEDY, Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, 21 Tremont Row, Boston. Mass. Sold in Lowell by H. H. Bruce, Merrimack and John sts.; J. T. Billings, corner Central and Merrimack sts., and druggists generally. jy4 d&w3m

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1858.

Continues to insure against loss or by FIRE, for terminating $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable as the interest. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Fleming, John Avery,
Arthur T. Bonney, Walter Wright,
Amos W. Lincoln, Caleb H. Marshall,
Samuel Barbours, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown, Joseph M. Sawyer.

Alonzo A. Miner, Abraham Y. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bates, Lester M. Clark,
Reuben T. Donahue.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 49 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, 1860. my9

ÆTNA Insurance Co,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies are represented at Lowell by the undersigned, and Policies will be issued on Dwelling Houses and their contents, Stores and Manufacturing Property, on as favorable terms as by any reliable Agency.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. Richardson,
No. 16 Appleton Block, Central Street.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON.
ma18

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,012.29.

The dividend June 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies is 6 per cent, and 7 1-2 per cent. per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate, worth more than three times the amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Erastus Lyman, Nathan Bark, Brooklyn.
Isaac Edwards, Jr., Ezekiel Bacon, New York.
Isaac Tiffany, Jr., Jr., Wareham, New York.
Isaac Tiffany, Sr., Wareham, New York.
Thomas Tiffany, Wareham, New York.
George B. Barnard, Worcester, Mass.
Jr., Worcester City of New York.
Samuel Russell, Merchant, New York.
Robert Bowne, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Robert Ray, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Edward Ellis, Merchant, New York.
Thomas Greenleaf, Jr., Merchant, New York.
Robert Astin, Merchant, New York.

ERASTUS LYMAN, President.

ISAAC EDWARDS, Jr., Secretary.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Exchange Store, Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16d1y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice last December, after having tried it for a number of years, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to say that it is the best article for the purpose and is now a subscription opinion among the profession. Those who have worn it for a year or more, while it is not expected that it will supply the place of the natural teeth, will find it a great improvement on the old style of mineral teeth, and many others it is growing in the popular favor—a need to be said that it is cheaper than gold, nor does they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best article for the purpose that has ever been offered to the public. Persons desiring to procure it can do so at their rooms.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

ap20

The Great English Remedy

FOR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED WIND PILLS,

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

Prepared from a pre-cription of Sir J. Clarke Bart., M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen, and sold by nearly all druggists throughout the United States.

THIS well known medicine is an unpretending, safe and certain remedy for Female Irregularities and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and is strongly recommended to all constitutions nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervousness, Hysterics, Spasms, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, it will relieve in a short time, being on the monthly use will not be required.

In all cases of Fever and Ague and Affections of the Liver, Spleen or Stomach, Headache, Sickness, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, it will relieve in a short time, being on the monthly use will not be required.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each box, containing 50 Pills. Each box has the signature of the Sole Proprietors, and a pamphlet, free, of

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any address, will secure a box of pills, and a pamphlet containing over 2 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.

"BUY ME, AND FILL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of Scrofula and Cancerous Complaints. Nothing can equal it in the worst point sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Female Weakness; Impure Blood; and loss of appetite it is the most elegant and quick purgative to clear the system of impurities, and restore the health and vigor of youth.

Prices Fifty Cents a bottle.

Office, No. 4 Howard street, Boston.

DR. C. W. LANGLEY, Proprietor, Troy, N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists. H. H. BRUCE & CO., Merrimack and John sts., Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Jr., Sole Agent, Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly1859

Washington Coal,

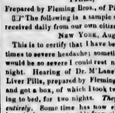
For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up cleanest,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns longest.

Than any other fire burning coal. Also the best Lehigh Coal in the market.

HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, No. 1 Powers' street. my14d6t

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril of what is said enough to injure—suffer—and sometimes die. Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are the friends of her sex in cases of irregularity.

Sold in Lowell by H. H. Bruce, Merrimack and John sts.; J. T. Billings, corner Central and Merrimack sts., and druggists generally. jy4

CARPETS. Just received from New York some new and beautiful patterns, which we offer at less than auction prices, by Adams & North.

Adams & North have just received another large lot of three ply Ingrain and Tapestry and Brussels carpets selling as cheap as the cheapest. Call and examine at Adams & North's before purchasing elsewhere.

Lowell Power Loom Carpets. The best made in the country. A large supply always on hand at Adams & North's and selling at reduced prices, and those wishing to be suited from our assortment can go home with the satisfaction and select any pattern that they may desire.

Some new and elegant styles of Furniture Chintzes from Manchester, Adams & North's Prices, the best and cheapest in the whole country, for sale by Adams & North, jy4 mar29d1f

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via N. Y. city or through lines, can be found at the office of the Lowell Express, which is located at 3 Prescott street, Merrimack, and all depots on the Lowell Railroad.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent.
SMITH & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Smith & Lyon, which appears in this paper. Mr. A. Thomas is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan9d1f

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, F. Brigham, D. S. Richardson,
C. B. Norris, Edward Tuck, A. Hall,
E. F. Sherman, E. F. Sherman,

Mutual and Stock.

The Mutual Department is confined to Dwelling Houses and Farmers' risks. No assessment during the present year. Cash Capital, $100,000, with deposit notes to the amount of $50,000 more. Cash Assets, $150,000, consisting of village and farm property in Middlesex County exclusively. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 4 Howard street, (up stairs.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Jr., Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly1859

CAUTION!

The subscribers, (Lowell shippers of the iron and steel trade) would caution the public against the imposition that other coal dealers in Lowell than our agent, Mr. W. E. Livingston, advertise Franklin Coal.

We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other dealers than Mr. Livingston, if they hope to get the genuine article, as we have another and or shipment over Franklin Coal to any party in Lowell, except our agent, Mr. LIVINGSTON.

REMINGTON & HEWIT,
Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 6, 1859. dec6d

FOURTH OF JULY!

American Floral Concert,

OR,

QUEEN OF THE SUMMER!

Geo. F. Willey's Juvenile Singing Soirée, consisting of 20 pupils, will sing the above Operetta, in Huntington Hall,

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 4TH, 1861.

Miss Emma Weekes

and *Mr. Zolon W. Stevens*

Will assist in the rendering of the piece.

☞The Gallery will be enlarged, and beautifully seated, and will be a spacious theatre, in which the Floral Arch, an abundance of Wreaths and Flowers, and the STAR-SPANGLED BANNER.

Tickets 15 Cents; children under 12 years of age 10 Cents; to be had at the usual places.

Tickets for sale at the Hall, commencing at the door. Doors open at 6—Concert to commence at 7 o'clock, P. M. jy1d3t

Fourth of July

TO BE CELEBRATED!

THE UNION MUST BE SAVED!

Great demand and consolidation of Proprietorships and Laboratories!

SANDERSON & LANERGAN,

ANDREW LANERGAN, and

C. C. HOYT & CO.

Three these extensive Laboratories have been consolidated, and will be conducted by C. E. Sanderson, as the "Kina Laboratories," the combined skill, experience and resources of the three retiring proprietors, and are known in its respective Arts, from the Patent Safety Matched and Fine Premium Lucifers, manufactured to pay of Ten Thousand Dollars, can be furnished, and will be sold at the lowest rates to Factories for Cities or Towns, and Private Individuals, Grocers and Dealers, by the Gross, Torpedoes at 25 cents to a 10 lb. Rocket, will be found in particular Art. At the request of many,

GOLDEN, CUTTER & CO.

At their Large Wholesale Warehouse, 32 & 36 Federal, & 109, 111, 113 Pearl,

BOSTON, MASS.

Also, Retail Depot 169 Washington St., Head Brattle, Boston.

Prize List sent free to all wishing it.

N. B. The Rare, Rich and Choice Retail, all the varieties of large and small works known in the Retail

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IT IS PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of a few months. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle in my hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After the use of your preparation I restored, I commenced to use by applying two or three times per month. My hair is now in very fine condition, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it is the slightest object that will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity in this late day, as I am well aware I cry are all well known, and I am only one of the hundreds of others who have used the article. I have occupied my time in travelling for several years past, in the one part or three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative wherever I found it necessary in my own case. In several instances I have made use of it in cases of fever, and in such instances I have found it highly beneficial, and in some instances have recommended it to my patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy restoration of their locks, which could not be furnished by home physicians.

Apparently, I write an advertisement, as I notice there is a certain regard voice, which I do not approve, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, and especially in relation to dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I decline to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but have concluded to write you in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this, or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I need you a statement that I think you are entitled to the credit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about considerably over a year past I have been turning considerably gray, and my hair was white and very stiff and unpliant. I had sent a number of certificates of LUTHER'S CELEBRATED HAIR Restorative, but supposed the effect of your Restorative would be the same. I purchased a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as I was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would make the attempt, and commenced using in a small way. I purchased one of your bottles, and was pleased to see the result of using, following directions as near as I could recall. I was encouraged to keep on, and I continued, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably thickened, and began to look like it was getting its color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black hair as any man, or at least as any one of my age. I am now in my fifty-fifth year, and believe that the hair could be entirely restored. He tried had been turning black and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored to its own hair in color, strength, and appearance, and the article he did it with, he took to the word. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Dog Book.*

Depot, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Dr. Family and Patent Medicines.

jan3Fnow dec6d sow3m W 9F

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too rapid increase. This must seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with-out a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. EF It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

EF *Remember* that this *medicine is designed especially for* OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies have failed, and in all such cases, *also that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the price will be refunded.*

EF Beware of imitations! None warranted genuine unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

EF This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience, giving his strictest attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent to any part of the country, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy cure. Those in obstinate cases of disease will find it to their advantage to call at this office.

EF Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence who makes a specialty of these diseases, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. Advertising quacks, with their *high sounding titles*, are *impostors*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiries, you have only yourself to blame if you lose. EF Dr. Jr. will send *free*, by enclosing two three cent stamps, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases generally*, containing valuable information, and *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, many of them from the leading physicians of the country, which he is confident will satisfy any one in search of a skillful physician.

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dec6d&w3m

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Cards! Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Steel or Type Plates, Manufacturers Posters, &c. &c.

Books, Pamphlets, Re-ports, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl paper lace and enameled white and colored CARDS adapted for every description of business packs and to boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of

CHINA,

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

from the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE OIL, LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,

of every description, Lighting Fixtures, Hall, Chamber, and Dressing Glasses, all kinds of Ironmongery, Oil Cloths, Stoves adapted to Kerosene at short notice.

EF *Remember* that *Kerosene is designed especially for* ILLUMINATING CASES, in which all other fluids have failed, and in all such cases, *also that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the price will be refunded.*

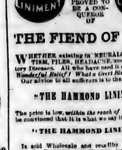
EF Beware of imitations! None warranted genuine unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

EF This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience, giving his strictest attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent to any part of the country, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy cure. Those in obstinate cases of disease will find it to their advantage to call at this office.

EF Dr. Mattison is the only EDUCATED physician in Providence who makes a specialty of these diseases, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. Advertising quacks, with their *high sounding titles*, are *impostors*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their false statements, and go blindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiries, you have only yourself to blame if you lose. EF Dr. Jr. will send *free*, by enclosing two three cent stamps, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases generally*, containing valuable information, and *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, many of them from the leading physicians of the country, which he is confident will satisfy any one in search of a skillful physician.

dec6d&w3m

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,



AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS GIVEN SATISFACTION TO THE PEOPLE FOR MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER selecting its NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTH, HEADACHE and all inflammations, is conquered by this Liniment. All who have used it exclaim: "*What Wonderful Relief!*" *What a Quick Blessing!*" *Our relief is sure, and our praise is due.*

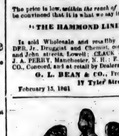
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDLE, Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Nashua, N. H.; H. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 13, 1861. 1y 7 1y6' Street, Boston. feb14dly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

141 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1 1861, $1,450,000.00
Dividends paid to date, 1,000,000.00
Losses paid, $451,000.00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any advanced capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

I. It offers unusual security and advantages. It possesses a capital of $1,000,000 in cash.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double its amount loaned.

It has also other temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany City, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its affairs.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

Its rates of premium are the lowest in the settlement of claims.

Its Company has now the large number of 9751 Policies in force; yet a decrease in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of mutuality, on which all Life Insurance Premiums are based. All bonds of the institution must therefore perceive it to be important that the Company should add to the number of their acquaintance to its advantages offered.

The Company declared a semi-annual dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Block.

mar2 dlf

MOTHERS

IT MUST be obvious not only to you, but to every other intelligent person, that the first duty of Mothers is to attend to the health and comfort of their bowels, and in this connection we would say that there is no way in which you can accomplish a remedy known as

DR. C. ATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice, so now is to be obtained in no other compound remedy for infantile complaints, and our trial alone will convince you that it is worthy of your confidence and patronage.

Convulsions,

from which most infants are said to die from every other disease, the little sufferer is relieved almost instantly by the use of this valuable medicine. Many mothers in this city have used it, and recommended it from one family to another, until the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become a familiar as a household word." We now ask your attention to it, and feel confident, if you trust, we will as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is purely vegetable.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, EF a fact which will be found on a perusal of the label on each bottle, and after preparation for infantile diseases of the first magnitude, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is offered to the public, with the full assurance that in the hands of any mother, nurse or physician, it will prove a safe, speedy and effectual remedy for all diseases of infants.

Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE that cures Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, &c. Management of the jobbers is liable to occur if neglected. Prepared only by Dr. EATON, Providence, R. I., and in two or three days.

EF Beware of imitations! In preparing the Golden Salve, Dr. Eaton has taken the greatest pains to obtain the best ingredients, and the blackies of medicine. Highly recommended.

Sold by Druggists, 25 cents per box. Prepared only by Dr. EATON, Providence, R. I., and can be supplied at reasonable rates.

EF Dr. Eaton's Salve is supplied at short notice by the gross, or 1200 boxes.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

MYER before introduced into the New England States, is now offered to the public. Pliny Fisk's *New* composition to his Rubbed Salve, and Permanent Cement.

This, the celebrated THROVERTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other coal known to the trade, for Family and Fireplace use, and for Steam Purposes, Hard and Soft Wood Burning Locomotives.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice, and delivered to any part of the city.

Order box at G. J. WILLIAMS' Periodical Depot, Merrimack street, Lowell.

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to receive Wood and Coal, and forward the same to any part of the city. All orders will be duly attended to.

J. W. BOYNTON,
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dt

MOTHER! MOTHER!!

CRUDE CAMPHOR, for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by G. J. WILLIAMS.

mar8 Periodical and Medicine Depot, Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED to be genuine, constantly on supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, at 's manu, F. Barreder & Bro. For sale at above rates, and at retail prices by SAM'L E. WOOD.

43 Market street.

KEROSENE

LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes has just received a large assortment of new styles of KEROSENE LAMPS, Burners, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil. Those in search of a good, handsome, and, therefore, cheap article, would do well to call at

H. S. HAYNES'

Sign of the Big Lamp.

Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dec1

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the ordinary stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and ins. it renders various grades of sewing required in a fine family. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of Mar seilles without any variation of stitch, and perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, braid leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and without any variation of stitch whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if now adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully illustrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the State Fair, held in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for Family Sewing Machines.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the World's Fair, held in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium for Family Sewing Machines.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE, being the result of many years' experience, and of the most careful study, have never been so used them. Hence the confidence with which we recommend them to every part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the best sewing machines?" "Those manufactured by the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine Co." In this inquiry we refer to the opinions of those desirable Facts—Facts that are facts—not Fact, made such, by some interested party, or by some professional friends, who may wish to relieve their embarrassment from the misrepresentations Facts demonstrated by the position use of the Machines, in every variety of family and light manufactures.

Having every facility for lasting determined to meet the times, have reduced the price last of their excellent Machines, to suit the times, and have placed all necessary appendages, including the best and simplest hemmer in use, within the reach of all purchasers. Please call and examine them.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Cushing Block, Merrimack Street.

January 1, 1861. jan3dtf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactories in Europe, a large and

RICH GOLD BAND CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES, FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH CHINA,

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in this city. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

H. S. HAYNES'

Sign of the Big Lamp.

mh15 (Near the Post Office)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a name of honor, often the great glory of the world's intelligence. It is known by the following facts:

It overcomes bruises and painful wounds.

It overcomes the worst forms of Piles.

It causes the crying of the tender infants to cease.

It heals the worst burns.

It relieves disease and cures the scalp of the scabby head at once.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It cures all eruptions.

It cures all sores and cancers.

It fights scabies blotes and cancers.

It fights scabies blotes and cancers.

It is the only salve that will cure without pain.

For all cutaneous accidents use it.

For all diseases of the skin use it.

For sore and swelled feet use it.

For sore lips use it.

For sore nipples and lame nine use it.

For all diseases of the skin, scurf, sores, and all distant ulcerous, the Golden Salve is acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best salve in the world.

All its works speak its praises. It has the highest recommendations from all who have used it. Its strength and the bare-from mechanics, merchants, lawyers, doctors, ministers, and the most distinguished women of all ranks and circumstances. And we say to you, that if you will use it, you will be satisfied that it is the best salve in the world. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE that cures Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, &c. Management of the jobbers is liable to occur if neglected. Prepared only by Dr. EATON, Providence, R. I., and in two or three days.

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Sold by Druggists, 25 cents per box. Prepared only by Dr. EATON, Providence, R. I., and can be supplied at reasonable rates.

EF Dr. Eaton's Salve is supplied at short notice by the gross, or 1200 boxes.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, nothing else will by causing the secretions of your children, but naturally through the natural channels, relieving them from worms and all manner of diseases. We earnestly recommend you to give Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial a trial, and you may have a sound and healthy child. It is sold to restore your child in time of need. It is purely vegetable, and contains no Morphine or Opium.

Please note the Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. That you may not be upon. Keep it from the reach of children.

Prepared only by CHURCH & SWEETSER, No. 229 Broadway, New York

And sold by them, and by Druggists generally.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
200 " " Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOODS,
43 Market street.

mar7

Klauer's Litrocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It is the best, the cheapest, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however stained, will be cleaned by it as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo and Coon Sleigh and Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZIER'S HAT STORE.

dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

RUBBER SLATES.

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Call and examine at

E. S. DUNT'S, 17 Central st.

mov17

A FEW MORE of Stuart's Patent Music Folio Desk Seats now for sale by

E. S. DUNT'S, 17 Central street.

mov13

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538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

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Having every facility for lasting determined to meet the times, have reduced the price last of their excellent Machines, to suit the times, and have placed all necessary appendages, including the best and simplest hemmer in use, within the reach of all purchasers. Please call and examine them.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Cushing Block, Merrimack Street.

January 1, 1861. jan3dtf

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—impurity of the Liver is caused, by stagnation of the blood in the organ; diseases of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause. To improper Clothing; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, what causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much time among scientific and medical men, and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries to discover the basic principle of life.

CHARLES A SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism, twenty years, and being confined to my bed several weeks at a time, I was entirely cured with two bottles of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYERS,
70 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by my friends to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for many years. Your Compound has done me more good than all the medicines I have taken in the last ten years. I am now entirely free from the disease, and I have not seen a symptom of it for months. I believe myself entirely cured by your Compound.

Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" has entirely cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia of years' standing. W. B. HOSKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with Salt Rheum. Physicians and friends covered with ones and in constant pain; I gave him Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and in a few days he was entirely relieved. All sores are healed over, and he is now free from pain. I believe myself entirely cured by your Compound.

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Main street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has done me much good." W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Lowell Hotel, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY THOMPSON,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T Giddens, Esq, was induced to try "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was confined to my bed with Salt Rheum and Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of decided benefit to him. JOHN T. BILLINGS.

Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Boston, who have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" in our families, and have found it to be a safe, speedy and effectual remedy for Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of decided benefit to us, do cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Salt Rheum, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Tumors, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Humors, Internal Abscesses, Female Complaints, Dropsy, Kidney Complaints, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Piles, Fistula, Diseases of the Rectum, Blood Diseases, Diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, &c.

Wm. H. Ayer, 28 South Market st.
Joseph Hall, 28 South Market st.
Joseph H. Plummer, 1 Merrimack Square, E. Boston.
Joseph H. Plummer, Jr., 1 Merrimack Square, E. Boston.
Capt. Charles G. Dollivey.
Thomas Tarbox, 4 Cook st., Charlestown.
Isaac Townsend, 45 Cornhill, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been used by many of the above named persons, for Scrofulous Humors, with great benefit.

Principal Depot, 97 Kilby Street, Boston.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines everywhere.

For sale in Lowell by John T Billings, C. B. Richardson, Stevens & Hadley, and by Benj Dean, 96 and 102 Merrimack street.

dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

mov17

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH BRIAR, Transparent, Palm Olive, Castile, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and a large variety of Fancy Soaps, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec21

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR, for sale by the barrel or retail, by SAMUEL N. WOODS,
43 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This new and superior article is highly recommended for dressing the hair. Unlike Bear's Oil it penetrates the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and leaves the hair in the most beautiful and glossy order.

For sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. jy8

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY, a preparation for the Toilet, combining efficacious in eradicating pimples, freckles, tan, sunburn, &c., and rendering the skin soft, smooth and beautiful. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

POCKET PRINKING CUPS.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large stock of Silver Plated and Britannia Pocket Drinking Cups, for the use of Travellers, Travellers, and thousands of others.—Call and see them at

H. S. HAYNES'

Sign of the Big Lamp.

jy8 (Near the Post Office)

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

NOTICES for Goods in BRAZIER'S HAT STORE.

mar2

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

AND

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and is frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm.

The patient complains of sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with loose; the head is sometimes affected with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a sickly stomach and a feeling of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes present, and the patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he sometimes has a prickly sensation of

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, July 2, 1861.

WAR NEWS, &c.

The Baltimore arrests. The reason for the seizure of the Police Commissioners of Baltimore was, it is said, because a plot was discovered of an intended outbreak.—Gen. Banks, yesterday, issued the following proclamation to the citizens of Baltimore:—

In pursuance of orders issued from the headquarters of the army at Washington for the preservation of the public peace in the Department, I have arrested and now detain in the custody of the United States the late members of the Board of Police, Messrs. Charles Howard, William Gatchell, Charles Hinks, and John W. Davis. The incidents of the past week afforded a full justification for this order.

The headquarters under the charges of the Board when assembled on the 19th ult. were established in some respects a concealed arsenal. After a public recognition and protest against the suspension of their functions, they continued their sessions daily. Upon a forced and unwarrantable construction of my proclamation of the 28th ult., they declared that the police law was suspended and the police officers and men put out of duty for the present, intending to leave the city without any protection whatever.

They refused to recognize the officers and men necessarily selected by the Provost Marshal for its protection, and hold subject to their orders now and hereafter the old police force and a body of armed men, for some purpose not known to the Government, and inconsistent with its peace and security. To anticipate any intentions or orders on their part, I have placed temporarily the force under my command within the city.

I disclaim on the part of the Government I represent all desire, intention and purpose to interfere in any manner whatever with the ordinary municipal affairs of the city of Baltimore. Whenever a loyal citizen can be named who will execute its police laws with impartiality and in good faith to the United States, the military will be withdrawn from the control parts of the municipality at once. No soldiers will be permitted in the city except under regulations and Fatory to 8-10 regulars, the remainder consisting of part of a regiment from Massachusetts; at Camp Pennsylvania, Locust Point, the Regiment of Nationals; at the Barracks of Philadelphia, Colonel Lee, 780; at Federal Hill, the Philadelphia Regiment, Colonel Lewis, 780 men; at Camp Carroll, Major Cook's Light Artillery, Regiment, Major Cook's Light Artillery, Regiment, Major Cook's Light Artillery, Regiment

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS EVOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS.

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IT IS PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. See what OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 19, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle in hand—when I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. In a few nights it entirely stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a single hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has now completely regained its color and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facte above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day; as I am well aware that you are all well known, already, and even more wonderful cures brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and establishing its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who were much honored by a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article of WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, but some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have recommended two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have since discovered to be worthless, thinking that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one of merit that has been proved beyond a doubt.

I apparently have an unfortunate nature not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied every word of yours, with several instances, nutty inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for blindness, pain in the head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and hair are subject to.

I could write you personally, at your original place of business in fact, but I have moved, and now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box L. 197, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning colorless and dry, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the beneficial effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was no use for me to purchase it as I was not entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, turn again to its dark color of my youth; now, through the use of his preparation, wearing that once natural and beautiful color of my hair, and it is becoming soft and pliant. Moreover, those who have seen me from time to time, and are functions of the soul so, Dr. J. Wood studied out the natural hair, its character, its proper color, its texture, and how to restore the decaying vitality of that ornament; and he has in his own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached a certain point, and he believed that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own experiment boldly and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to order, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with, he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depot, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c., at wholesale and retail.

(Copyright secured.)

THE Great Indian Remedy FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving eventual after all others have failed, is destined to be the *married and single ladies*, and in the very hour they should be needed for that purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent *pregnancy* if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family. This remedy sacredly, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken according to direction, without the least injury to health in any case.—☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely secure to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed especially for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted or represented to be* JUST AS RECOMMENDED, *or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless Purchased *directly of Dr. Mattison*.

☞ Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature from EXPOSURE OR ABUSE, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent to all parts of the Union, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, a private retreat for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and comfortable home, while under medical treatment.

PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when mere assumes by physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons employed to use easeful to whom they apply, before at least making some enquiry as to their character and to those who make the *greatest professions*. Advertising physicians, in fact, in most cases are the *quacks*, and if you allow yourself to be deceived by them, you will be kindly into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have none to regret when it is too late. ☞ Dr. N. will send *free*, by enclosing a stamp to pay return postage, a valuable pamphlet OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, also Circulars giving full information. *He sent undoubted references and testimonials*, and has the satisfaction of knowing that no one of his bone of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

DR. N. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

feb15

HURRAH!

A GENUINE DOSE, in our capacity as sole Justice of the Peace, we are empowered by law to administer the consolin of the day, each of which dissolves in a wineglass of water, is tasteless and available to its curative effects, with what comfort and pleasure the reader can imagine. It cures without power—Pond, Woody, Hair Restorative—now are we to understand by the use of the ingredients of the article, that we give it our unbounded praise, all that is required to restore the lost thoroughly. Just received and for sale by

J. MERRILL & SON,
Druggists and Apothecaries.

may17 Merrimack st.

BRUSHES! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Hair Brushes, Comb Brushes, Mouth Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Hand Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Paint Brushes, Whitewash Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Dusters, and all other kinds of Brushes for sale at the lowest prices by

J. MERRILL & SON,
Druggists and Apothecaries.

may17 45 Merrimack st.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery, all warranted, for sale by

J. MERRILL & SON,
Druggists and Apothecaries.

may17 45 Merrimack st.

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT J. MANSUR'S,

THE largest assortment of Horse Pitchforks in Lowell.

Also, Hay Mace's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime; Mapes' Improved Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Bone; Bone Dust, Northern and Western Corn, Barley, Rye, Oats, Seed, Grass Seed, Oil Cake Meal, Plaster, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.

may17 No. 6 Central street.

LIGHT FELT HATS.

HALL, COLUMBIA, Mal. Anderson, Barnes, Washington, Union, Arapaho, Sarby Bumps, and other new styles of Felt Hats in rich and delicate tints, for summer wear; also a rare lot of real French Hats—just received at

J. MANSUR'S,
No. 6 Central street.

may17

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the country, and are prepared to execute, on the shortest notice, and at as reasonable prices as can be offered anywhere in the United States, all kinds of

IN EVERY COLOR.

Old type taken in exchange, or bought for the cash.

Those peculiarities of the PARKER LYON establishment, which have given it a reputation, have never been so well shown. Hence the confidence with which we solicit a share of the patronage of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the best Presses?" "What are the best Compositors of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we can answer, that we employ the undeniable Facts—Facts that are facts—and Fact, made such, by experience of thousands of professional friends, who may wish to retrieve their reputation for good judgment, which the facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of fabric, have made unsatisfactory.

Having for a long time determined to meet the times, have reduced the price last of their excellent Sewing Machines, and have furnished them with all necessary appendages, including the best Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Binder, Gauge, Thread Case and examine them.

Agent for Lowell, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Lawrence Block, Merrimack Street.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. ly

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

GLASS TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable patterns, which will be sold at lower prices than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine the stock at

45 Merrimack Street,

(Near the Post Office.)

may15

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Afflicted.

THE Golden Salve has now won a castle of Boston Also the great family pill of Whiten's Vegetable Pills, more than half as much turned or silk as the cases of both will answer.

Price 50 cents, 75 cents and $1 per box.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

Depot, 21 Tyler Street, Boston.

feb15 3m

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN O. L. D. REMEDY. WHICH HAS BEEN PROVED TO BE A NON-QUITOR OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, SPRAINS, and all inflammatory Diseases, IT will have power over them.—What they Should not Do, IT will Do.—What they Should Do, IT will Do.—What they Cannot Do, IT will Do.

Our advice to all sufferers is to try

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, 28 Scollay square, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHERWOOD, J. A. FISKET, Merrimack N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and all retail by leading grocers.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 18, 1861 ly

LIVE FOR THOSE LOVE

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent mother, that the use of opiates administered to children is destructive to their health, and frequently to their existence. It is the cause of infinite misery to you and to them. Why will you persist in the use of them when you have the means of relief in your power? Why will you not use

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with entire success in his practice for many years, and which is known to be a safe, sure and effectual remedy for infantile complaints, and not to contain even the minutest particle of any opiate or poisonous preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

and in this period of infantile life when your precious hearts are rocked by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, you will find this article a perfect relief. *Cures, Relieving Inflammation, and Entirely Cures, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Worms, Canker Rash, Colic, Flatulency, and in every case when given in time.* It will invariably regulate the stomach and bowels, and is important in the respect can hardly be estimated.

In Convulsions,

from which many infants are cured in a few hours by any other means, the little sufferer is relieved immediately. If you have not used it, you cannot imagine its value. Its utility is known to all who have used it. Its use is simple, and it is perfectly safe. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is pleasant to the taste, and is a favorite with children.

Prepared only by CHARLES STODDARD, No. 49 Broadway, New York

And sold by druggists and dealers in medicines.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
1000 " " Barley.

The Barley is a superior article, and is confined exclusively to the farm-ance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It pays dividends to the insured in the settlement of premiums, by diminishing the premiums on Policies for succeeding years. Premiums on Policies for Life, Term for years, or during life, may be paid in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. payable in one year, when dividends may be expected to be paid annually to cash.

Dividends declared annually to all who have paid two Law premiums.

The Company has never used to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums promptly, receive the benefit of the profits of those deceased; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now the large number of 7772 Policies in force, insuring the lives of over seven thousand persons insured receives more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance must therefore proceed.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all premiums received during the year 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

H. S. BENEDICT, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack streets.

mar2 dly

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and are a little more than half as much tinned or silk as the cases of both will answer.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and slim stitches necessary in sewing rugged and coarse goods, to make them as good as new.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines are the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate one of the wonders of the age.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the Fair of the American Institute of New York, together with the highest Premium at the Fair of the Crystal Palace.

Fact No 9.—These Machines took both the Premium and Medal at the Maryland Fair.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same kind of work that is done on machines exhibited in competition with other first-class machines, and do it more rapidly and with less power than any other machine in market, or they have been misrepresented.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine to be well in size and workmanship, and to suit other sewing machine in market, or money will be refunded.

These peculiarities of the PARKER LYON machine have never been so well shown. Hence the confidence with which we solicit a share of the patronage of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the best Presses?" "What are the best Compositors of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we can answer, that we employ the undeniable Facts—Facts that are facts—and Fact, made such, by experience of thousands of professional friends, who may wish to retrieve their reputation for good judgment, which the facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machines, in every variety of fabric, have made unsatisfactory.

Having for a long time determined to meet the times, have reduced the price last of their excellent Sewing Machines, and have furnished them with all necessary appendages, including the best Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Binder, Gauge, Thread Case and examine them.

Agent for Lowell, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Lawrence Block, Merrimack Street.

J. W. BOUTON,
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. ly

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mch15

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Price 50 cents, 75 cents and $1 per box.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

Depot, 21 Tyler Street, Boston.

feb15 3m

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is healthy. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover & retain cure them, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of moment among scientific and medical men, and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonders, to bring knowledge, to make this a great discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will assume the premise that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed principle, which governs its existence, in a certain effect, follows.

Upon this principle the circulation of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, produces oxidation.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscle, produces muscular action.

These facts being indisputable, we have now only to add the oxygen of the air to the blood of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe oxidizes the iron in the blood, and the muscular fibres of the blood exists electricity, which causes the heart to act, with the assistance of the muscles, and hence the power which expels the blood from the heart to the extremities, causing vital arteries. What then, are the causes of Consumption? Simply these: The Blood is deficient in iron, sulphur and phosphorus, and the Nervous Fluid is deficient in electricity.

Now we have a deficiency of corpuscles; and while we do not pretend to say that we can restore corpuscles, we do say that in this last life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus furnishes the principle which is deficient in the case of consumptives! Sufferers from any organic disease, will find relief in the use of this great food of the body or mind, reduced the standard of health, and restored the wasted energies of the system. Those suffering any of the diseases known as Nervous Debility, or Female Complaints, will find "Blood Food" can cure you. It is a cured thousands who have tried it, and it will cure you, if you will give up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your only hope. The "Blood Food" is a failing remedy; give it a trial.

Sold by druggists, wholesale and retail, and full directions for using and proving the theory advanced here to be correct. Also, a pamphlet containing testimony on certificates of over 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by all druggists, or wholesale by Evans & Dyer, 6 bottles free of expense, for $1. Price, single bottle, $1; half pint up to 3-4 ct. vials, 50 yellow wrappers—the old kind, in small bottles, 25 cents. Address all letters for information and orders to Dr. H. JAMES, Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Feb. 28, 1861. ly

GARDINER'S Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum—it is an *internal remedy*, driving out and entire eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children of any age, with safety, and by children from the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering from rheumatism twenty years, and being confined to my bed several weeks at times, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYRES,
Proprietor of Revere House, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for many years, I was induced, by exercising a portion to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken one bottle, and am entirely well.

D. D. TURNER,
No 3 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

Mr. Turner has been a sufferer from rheumatism for a long time, and suffered more than any man I ever saw. He was entirely relieved. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and can honestly say it is the best medicine I ever saw.

JOHN A. MURDO,
Real Estate Broker, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" has entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years' standing.

W. C. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his head and face being one mass of sores. I gave him a bottle of your Compound cured him.

W. W. HASKELL, 114 Court street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely relieved me.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Tremont House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Mr. Fanny Thompson, presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." I was suffering with a rushed attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and after using the bottle I was entirely relieved.

ALBERT SMITH,
Member of Common Council, Boston.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have sold "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and that in every instance where it has been used it has given entire satisfaction in its healing properties, and would recommend it to the public as the best and most meritorious cure offered to the public.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

Lowell Post Office.

WAITE BOUTON.

Boston 9 A. M., 1 P. M. Arrive at Northern, 8 A. M., 5 P. M. Lawrence, 11-2 and 6 P. M. New York, 9 A. M., 5 P. M. Salem, 7 A. M. and 4 P. M. Portland, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Nashua, 11-2 A. M. and 6 P. M. Manchester, 11-2 A. M. and 6 P. M. Concord, 11-2 A. M. and 6 P. M.

MAILS CLOSE.

Boston, 7 A. M. and 4 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M. and 5 P. M. Lawrence, 11-2 A. M. and 6 P. M. Salem, 7 A. M. and 4 P. M. Portland, 7 A. M. and 4 P. M. Nashua, 11-2 A. M. and 6 P. M. Manchester, 11-2 A. M. and 6 P. M. Concord, 11-2 A. M. and 6 P. M.

Principal Depot, 87 Kilby Street, Boston.

Office open from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 8 to 10 A. M. and 5 to 6 P. M.

Letters for the Canadas, Europe, California, Australia, &c., should be mailed at the office closure at 12 M. on Tuesday and Friday.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, G. B. Stevens, Geo. W. Thompson, and by Dana Sanborn, 98 and 102 Merrimack street.

may17 dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

may17

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Parisian Bitter Almond, Rose, Lily, Jockey Club, Extract of Violet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square.

may17

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEALAND FLOUR.

Also, Fresh Ground Corn Meal, Rye Meal, and whole wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

J. MERRILL & SON,
Druggists and Apothecaries.

may17 45 Merrimack st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.

This new and superior article is highly recommended for dressing the hair, and for the use of Ladies and Children. It is perfectly harmless. It removes the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and leaves the hair soft, free from dust, and in a growing state.

Sold only by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square, Boston.

may17

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF PALM SOAP, a composition for the Toilet, completely effectual in eradicating Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, &c., leaving the complexion without beauty to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square, Boston.

may17

POCKET DRINKING CUPS.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Rubber and Gutta Percha Pocket Drinking Cups, just the thing for School Children, Travellers, Mechanics, &c. Please call and see them at

45 Merrimack st.

may17

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

POCKETS for Coats, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

apr29

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatic affection. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternate with loose; the head is affected with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done, but forgotten what it is. Sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, he has frequent pains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low, and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Should a few of these symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, in cases of Ague and Fever, when taken with Quinine, will be found an excellent auxiliary. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a fair trial.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will please be particular to order Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., as there is a worthless article put up in the United States; one box of Pills for twelve Envelopes postage stamps, or one vial of Vegetable Liniment for thirteen postage stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by money order extra.

Sold by all respectable Druggists, and Country Store keepers generally.

For sale in Lowell by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square, and John streets.

may17 dly

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVI. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1861. NO. 6406.

THE DAILY COURIER.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

To those who pay in advance a deduction of Fifty Cents.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Office—No. 91 CENTRAL STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 per square for three insertions, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent insertion—to be paid for in advance from all persons not having accounts with the establishment. Special notices inserted at one-half above regular advertisements inserted at prices corresponding with the length of time desired.

☞ The proprietors will not hold themselves responsible for any debts contracted in their name, without the same shall be rendered by their authorized agent. Contracts for advertising by the year will be made on reasonable terms, and all advertisements will be changed as often as desired. Transient advertisements must be paid for before or at the time of insertion.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates.

The LOWELL WEEKLY JOURNAL, a paper containing the cream of the DAILY COURIER, PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, at $1.50 per year in advance, or $2.00 if not paid within the year.

☞ Single copies of the DAILY COURIER can be had at the counter of the publishers, or of the carriers.

Discount Days of the several Banks.

APPLETON—Tuesdays and Fridays.
LOWELL—Mondays and Thursdays.
MERRIMACK—Tuesdays and Fridays.
PRESCOTT BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.
WAMESIT BANK—Mondays and Thursdays.
WAMESIT BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.

Pay Days of the Corporations.

Work ordered on Saturday, pay day on Monday—Appleton Company, Hamilton Mfg., Suffolk, Lowell and Tremont.

Work after first Saturday—Boott.

Work after second Saturday last one—Hamilton.

Work after third Saturday—Lawrence, Massachusetts and Prescott.

Saturday before the 20th—Merrimack.

Second Saturday in each month—Lawrence.

Saturday before 20th Each Saturday of each month—Middlesex.

Lowell Post Office.

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Office open from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 8 to 10 A. M. and 5 to 6 P. M.

Letters for the Canadas, Europe, California, Australia, &c., should be mailed at the office closure at 12 M. on Tuesday and Friday.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, G. B. Stevens, Geo. W. Thompson, and by Dana Sanborn, 98 and 102 Merrimack street.

may17 dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS.

may17

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Parisian Bitter Almond, Rose, Lily, Jockey Club, Extract of Violet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square.

may17

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEALAND FLOUR.

Also, Fresh Ground Corn Meal, Rye Meal, and whole wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

J. MERRILL & SON,
Druggists and Apothecaries.

may17 45 Merrimack st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.

This new and superior article is highly recommended for dressing the hair, and for the use of Ladies and Children. It is perfectly harmless. It removes the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and leaves the hair soft, free from dust, and in a growing state.

Sold only by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square, Boston.

may17

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF PALM SOAP, a composition for the Toilet, completely effectual in eradicating Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, &c., leaving the complexion without beauty to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square, Boston.

may17

POCKET DRINKING CUPS.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Rubber and Gutta Percha Pocket Drinking Cups, just the thing for School Children, Travellers, Mechanics, &c. Please call and see them at

45 Merrimack st.

may17

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

POCKETS for Coats, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

apr29

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatic affection. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternate with loose; the head is affected with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done, but forgotten what it is. Sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, he has frequent pains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low, and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Should a few of these symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, in cases of Ague and Fever, when taken with Quinine, will be found an excellent auxiliary. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a fair trial.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will please be particular to order Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., as there is a worthless article put up in the United States; one box of Pills for twelve Envelopes postage stamps, or one vial of Vegetable Liniment for thirteen postage stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by money order extra.

Sold by all respectable Druggists, and Country Store keepers generally.

For sale in Lowell by S. KIDDER, 28 Scollay square, and John streets.

may17 dly

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

Massachusetts Mutual Life Ins. Co. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Hampden Fire Insurance Co., SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Prescott Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Boston, Mass.

Dorchester Fire Insurance Co.

Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Haverhill Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Citizens' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Lowell Aug. 23, 1859 aug23—1y

"CITY" STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS,

No. 94 Middle Street.

THOMAS ATHERTON, Proprietor.

MACHINIST, and Wholesale Dealer in WROUGHT IRON STEAM and GAS PIPE, Brass and Iron Fittings of all kinds, Malleable Iron Couplings, Unions, Nozzles, Steam Whistles, and all articles appertaining to Steam, Gas or Water.

Also, sole agent for Lowell and vicinity, for Lewis's Patent Governor, Valves, Gauges and Fittings. Patent Boiler Feeder and Gauge Cocks.

STEAM ENGINES constantly on hand, and built to order. Repairing promptly attended to.

Lowell, June 2, 1860. ly

LOWELL

STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

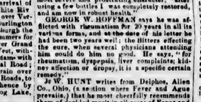
H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Steam and Gas Fitting of all kinds and sizes; Brass Work for Gas Fixtures, and all articles generally used by engineers; contractor for putting up Steam Engines, Boilers, &c., by the day. A large assortment of Gas Fixtures of the latest and most approved styles. Brass Castings, Brass Work in all its branches executed in a prompt and faithful manner. Shop and Office at the Steam Works, No. 10 Howe st. Reference, Messrs. Rice, Worcester & Co., Lowell, Mass.

feb28 ly

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.



Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufactories, for sale at the

NEW MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, Tyler's Block.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, and Brass Instruments. Sheet Music, &c.

Also agency for Chickering & Sons, A. W. Ladd & Co., &c. ly jan1dtf

BENT & BUSH'S

SPRING STYLE, 1861, HATS

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.

They would call particular attention to

THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"

Which for elegance of shape, and durability of finish, has not been surpassed by any article yet introduced for

YOUNGMEN.

N. B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the "PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."

FOR SALE BY

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH.)

mar2 10 Central Street, Lowell.

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER.

WHICH cannot get out of order. Sold by the Inventor of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant exercise.

A child can operate it.

It is noiseless.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps closely to the edge of a room.

It does not injure the carpet.

It will sweep a carpet as clean as broom will not.

It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes no dust in turning.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady can operate it with ease. Ministers are out of employ.

Call at the Sewing Machine Rooms, and see the damage and nuisance of the dust that accumulates in sweeping.

It can be used in a sick

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, July 3, 1861.

CONGRESS. This body assembles in extra session at Washington to-morrow.—Should members from all the States that have not voted to secede take their seats, the Senate will be composed of 66 members and the House of 180. Of these the Republicans have 32 in the Senate and 103 in the House giving them a clear working majority in both branches. The contest for the speakership of the House lies between Galusha A. Grow, of Pensylvania, Col. Frank P. Blair, of Missouri and Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana. Col. Forney will probably be re-elected Clerk, unless Grow should be elected Speaker in which case some other State might claim the Clerkship. There will probably be a change in the officers of the Senate. Emerson Etheredge, of Tennessee, stands the best chance of being elected Secretary of that body.

The telegraph states that the President's message will be accompanied by reports from the Secretaries of War, Navy and Treasury. None of them are yet completed. There is no determination as to whether they will be printed and transmitted from here in advance of delivery, or under previous Administrations, a measure which avoided many errors inseparable from hasty telegraphing.

A STRANGER IN THE HEAVENS. The *Springfield Republican* says, gazers skyward were astonished by the sight of a large and splendid comet on Monday evening, which made its appearance soon after sundown in the northern sky, midway between the north star and the dipper. The nucleus was of unusual size and very bright, its nebulæ well defined, and the tail was apparently about 60 in length. Mr. Wetherbead of this city, who has carefully observed the heavens for many years, describes it as still appearing very bright at 3 o'clock Monday morning, and surpassing in size and splendor Donati's comet of two years ago. The wonder of the thing is that none of the astronomers have heralded its approach. Can they tell us anything about it now? Perhaps this is the comet that time of people have been supposing for so many years would strike and annihilate the earth. It was seen at Hartford, Ct., Sunday morning. But for some reason does not appear to have been noticed this side of that city till last evening. All the Boston papers this morning speak of the phenomenon, and all mention the fact of its sudden appearance, but none give it local habitation or name.

FROM THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

Relief Camp, June 18th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—I do not know that I can write anything to-day that will be of interest to any one in Lowell, but as Col. Wilson replied to his superior officer when asked if he could take a certain battery, so am I disposed to "try."

You of course, have heard of the arrest of Marshal Kane, of Baltimore, and that the city is under martial law; and that the "Sixth" is there to help quiet any riotous demonstrations. But I do not anticipate any immediate trouble, as the force is so large that it is impossible to make any successful attack upon the troops, even if the force were not so large, Fort McHenry would secure a most quieting influence over Baltimore.

As the time of our enlistment has about expired, the regiment is making preparations for returning home; and I hear that the Lawrence Band has been applied to to furnish us music. How that is, I am not prepared to say, but hope that we shall not be wholly without music on our journey home.

The regiment has contributed a sum of money to buy its "Daughter" a uniform dress, which I hear is to be a splendid one; and surely she deserves it, for she has been very kind to the regiment, especially in those among the sick.

I see by the northern papers that they are very impatient for some great military movement on the part of Scott; and their language would seem to imply that if they were commanders-in-chief of the army, the rebellion would be crushed out at one blow, but let me suggest to such wise individuals, that those who stay at home and sing the Star-Spangled Banner, but who have not the courage to shoulder a musket in its defence, are not the persons to conduct a military campaign. Let them realize the duty of a soldier as some of us have, and endure the hardships that all have endured, and are willing to endure again for our country; and then will we be willing to wait the movements of the hero of an hundred battles. It is very easy to fight a battle and win it on paper; but as England will recognize no blockade without it is effective, so the Southern Confederacy will not probably recognize any battle that such papers as the *Tribune* fights and wins so easily. But, as I am no professional correspondent, I must be careful and not stir the ire of Horace, for if I do he will rain a shower of vituperation and irony on my head that will annihilate me.

I see, also, that many of the troops are complaining of their food and the hardships to which they are exposed; and I suppose it must be expected from those who anticipated some holiday occasion, but who have been sadly disappointed in being deprived of their nice sponge at home. But from those who realized what they were going for, you will hear no complaint; for I will venture to say, that the "Sixth" has fared as hard as any regiment; and as far as I am concerned, I have fared better than I expected. I understand that ten more regiments are ordered from Massachusetts, and that the "Sixth" contemplates re-organizing and going again for three years. If this be so, and I have no reason to dispute it, it will no doubt be filled to its full complement of men, but it has now but about two thirds of the number required to make a full regiment.

We are receiving visits daily, almost, from some of our Massachusetts friends, who tell us that we are to meet with a great reception, and no doubt we shall, for although I say it in no spirit of egotism, if any regiment is deserving from Massachusetts, it is the "Sixth."

We have been comparatively healthy as a regiment, although there was at one time rather a large number unwell, on account of too much "double-quick"; but lately there has been, but few in the hospital.

But I have written more than I intended when I set down, so will close, hoping that by the time you have read this and expect another, you will see the regiment in Lowell.

EIGHTY-EIGHT.

WAR MATTERS.

Reported Forward Movements. A Washington dispatch in the *World* says it has good authority for stating that the 4th of July will find Fairfax Court House in possession of the Federal troops. The night before a column of 25,000 men will cross on that place and drive out or capture the 5000 rebels now holding it.

There is much activity among the troops stationed along the line of the Potomac, and several additional regiments, with the Sherman battery have been sent to that point, and orders are said to have been issued to serve out six days extra rations to all the troops. It is thought that a movement will be made to-day or to-morrow.

Gen. Fremont yesterday received his commission as Major General in the regular army and consequently ranks second to Gen. McClellan. It is now reported that he will succeed Gen. Patterson.

Gen. Scott has issued positive orders that no reporters of the press shall hereafter, under any circumstances, visit the different encampments at Washington.

Fortress Monroe. The position of the Third and Fourth Massachusetts Regiments have been changed, the former having been ordered forward to occupy a position between Hampton and Newmarket Bridges. Col. McChesney's Regiment takes the place of the Third Massachusetts Regiment on the removal from Newport News, but the order had been countermanded at the time of the Massachusetts Regiments expire in about two weeks, and on account of their arduous duties within the Fortress and at Newport News, in mounting cannon and digging trenches, the order for the movement excited much comment. Gen. Butler is by no means partial to the Massachusetts regiments. So say the telegraphic dispatches. Lieut. Butler has started for New York to indorse the State authorities, if possible, to dispatch a regiment of cavalry to Fortress Monroe. Col. Baker's California Regiment is expected soon. The Quaker City has brought in a prize, the schooner Sally Ann, from St. Domingo and owned in Yorktown.

Clark's Regiment from Hancock, N. H., which is a large number of Lowell men, arrived at Washington yesterday, and it having been stated that Secretary Wells, of that State, had ordered it to Annapolis to the *New York Post* dispatch Secretary Chase has not yet decided on the application to be made in his report. It is rumored that an expedition of Federal war steamers went down last night to take possession of Matthias Point.

A special Washington dispatch to the *Express* says:—"It is not the purpose of Government to give the enemy a battle on any grand scale until after August. In the meantime the rebels can have a battle when they choose in advance, but no advance on Richmond is contemplated by Gen. Scott before September."

The number of the rebels. A Washington dispatch the *Post* states that the best scouts in Gen. Scott's service make the whole number of armed rebel troops in Virginia does not exceed 70,000, 25,000 of whom are in and around Manassas Junction.

A dispatch from Alexandria says, it is now estimated there are about 5000 rebels within an hour's march of Fairfax, with large bodies of horsemen between our pickets and that point. From present appearances "it is probable that they will not be allowed to remain there much longer."

More engagements. Another engagement between a company of Rangers of Wisconsin and a Pennsylvania Brigade on our side, and a party of rebels, took place near Williamsport yesterday. The casualties on our side were two killed and several wounded. Several dead and wounded rebels were left on the field in their hasty retreat. One or two were buried by our men. The loss of life by the rebels is stated to be very large.

A party of 30 Home Guards, while scouting for contraband articles of war near Farmington, St. Francis county, Missouri, on Monday, came upon a body of 300 rebels and gave them a volley, killing their Captain and several others, and the remainder were put to flight. None of the Guards were hurt.

The *Louisville Journal* says Governor Jackson, of Mo., is in Nashville. There is no doubt that an expedition, against Missouri is forming in the Southern border of that State.

According to the Norfolk Va., papers, Ellsworth's *Zouaves* are diminishing in numbers very fast. Upward of fifty have been slaughtered by the "Jackson Avengers," a body of terrible fellows, who took solemn oath that each should slay his proportion of the whole number. According to the rebel reports, the Zouaves have to be whipped before they will consent to stand guard, and that two or three are killed off every night. Nine were killed on Friday last. We don't believe it.

Very likely! Perhaps Ellsworth's Zouaves went to Virginia to be shot down by a pack of cowardly assassins, but one of their number who was in this city on Monday, on furlough, has an idea that they are another "mission" in Virginia and will yet perform it.

ELECTIONS. Col. Biddle, the Democratic Union candidate, is elected in the 2d Congressional District of Pennsylvania by 217 majority.

The election in Alexandria yesterday, was a very light affair. It is reported that 72 votes were polled for Close and Mundy the Legislative candidates. There was no opposition.

THAT STEAM GUN. The steam gun which was captured near the Relay House two months since, and which has been on exhibition for with patience by many of our citizens for weeks, arrived at Fortress Monroe last Saturday night. That gun must have some connection with the "circumlocution" office.

☞ The Burch divorce trial in Chicago is to be repeated, the Apellate Court of Illinois having set aside the verdict of the

Continued on Second Page.

CITY AND VICINITY.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 37 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. May 31, 1861. may31dtf

1776 Eighty-Fifth 1861
Anniversary of American Independence.

The citizens' committee have made arrangements to celebrate the day in Whipple's Grove, Pawtucketville, by Music, Singing, and Speeches from several of our own citizens, &c.

A procession will be formed on Merrimack Street, near the City Hall, to start precisely at 9 o'clock, A. M., in the following order:—

Aid. Marshal. Aid.
Lowell Brigade Band.
Military Escort.
Hill Cadets,
Butler Rifles,
Worcester Light Guard.
President and Vice Presidents of the Day, Officiating Clergymen, and Reader of the Declaration of Independence.
Justices of the Police Court and Sheriff of Middlesex.

His Honor the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
Members of the Common Council.
City Clerk and Clerk of the Council.
City Officers.
Chief Engineer and Assistants.
Committee of Arrangements.
Professional Men and Orators.
St. Anne's Sabbath School.
First Congregational Sabbath School.
First Universalist Sabbath School.
Hurd Street Methodist Sabbath School.
Kirk Street Methodist Sabbath School.
Appleton Street Sabbath School.
First Unitarian Sabbath School.
Freewill Baptist Sabbath School.
Second Baptist Sabbath School.
St. Patrick's Sabbath School.
Wesleyan Street Methodist Sabbath School.
Second Universalist Sabbath School.
Trinity Methodist Episcopal Sabbath School.
Kirk Street Congregational Sabbath School.
Free Chapel Sabbath School.
St. Peter's Sabbath School.
Belvidere Sabbath School.
John Street Baptist Sabbath School.
St. Mary's Sabbath School.
Lee Street Sabbath School.
Second Methodist Sabbath School.
St. Johns' Sabbath School.

Teachers and Scholars of the High School.
Teachers and Scholars of the Grammar School.
Teachers and Scholars of Bartlett School.
Teachers and Scholars of Moody School.
Teachers and Scholars of Franklin School.
Teachers and Scholars of Green School.
Teachers and Scholars of Wilder School.
Teachers and Scholars of Mann School.
Teachers and Scholars of Hunting School.
Irish Benevolent Society.
Young Men's Catholic Temperance Union.
Other Societies which may accept the invitation, to unite in the procession on Moody Street, right resting on Dutton Street.

The City Government of North Andover, Officers, Committee, and Officers and Operatives, will meet at the City Government Rooms.

The procession will form at 71 o'clock, and move promptly at 8 o'clock, through Merrimack Street to Central Street, Central to Market, Market to Merrimack, Merrimack to Lawrence, through Lawrence Street to the Grounds.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Chief Marshal.
Lowell, July 2d, 1861.

THE FOURTH IN LOWELL. For the arrangements for celebrating the Fourth, and a glance the principal objects of attraction to-morrow, we give the leading features of the day, so far as they are publicly known:

At 2 o'clock, A. M., everybody can (it being a "free country") "go in" to their heart's content and the extent of their pockets, in burning powder and Indian crackers.

At four and a half, A. M., the stars and stripes will be run up on the new flag-staff on Merrimack Square. The Lowell Brigade Band will also be present and remain until five and a half o'clock. Speeches will be made by several citizens.

The chime of bells on St. Anne's Church, will be rung by the Rev. J. H. S. Jewell, of Boston, at intervals during the day.

At about 5 o'clock, "Old Sol" will be welcomed by a Federal salute from the South Commons, and the ringing of bells.

We understand that one or two companies of "fantasics" will parade on our streets in the morning, but at what hour we have not been able to learn.

At 8 o'clock, the procession, arranged by the citizens' committee, marshaled by Joshua Merrill, Esq., will commence moving from Merrimack Street in Whipple's Grove, where exercises in speaking, singing under the direction of Prof. Willey, and music by the Band, will be the order of the day. The speaking will be by some of our most prominent and ablest public speakers. The Band will remain at the Grove until the middle of the afternoon. [Should it be so many the exercises will be in Huntington Hall.]

At noon, 100 guns will be fired—fifty from each of the Commons—and the bells rung.

At two o'clock, a trot will take place at the Agricultural Fair Grounds, and another at three o'clock.

At sunset another Federal salute will be fired from the North Commons, and the day again rung.

From eight to nine and a half o'clock, the Lowell Brigade Band will play on the South Common, for the amusement of the million.

In addition to these, renowned Yankee Locke will be found at Central Hall, in the afternoon and evening; Dollie Dutton will hold levees at Mechanics' Hall; and in the evening, Prof. G. F. Willey will give a grand concert at Huntington Hall, with his class of 400 pupils.

Persons who desire to spend the day in "the suburbs," can go to Whipple Hall, which will be open all day for visitors. A "big team" will leave the Washington House at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All kinds of business among us will be suspended, and our citizens generally will join the Universal Yankee Nation of New England in a grand celebration.

With all these, and probably more, we cannot see that our citizens will not be furnished with enough home amusement, without going abroad.

CONCERT TO-MORROW EVENING. Mr. George F. Willey's class of four hundred pupils, will repeat the pleasing and entertaining concert given last Wednesday evening, at Huntington Hall to-morrow night. Those who wish to secure a good seat, or any seat had better be on hand at an early hour.

THE CELEBRATION TO-MORROW. Everything is in a progressive state for the citizens' celebration to-morrow, and should the weather be fair a good time may be expected. Chief Marshal J. G. Peabody has selected the following gentlemen to assist him:—Dr. Samuel Lawrence and Joseph L. Sargent, as Aids; A. A. Haggett, Stillman Bushee, John McCann, H. H. Wilder, George F. Morey, Michael Dempsey and Augustus Williams as assistant Marshals. Regalias can be had at Dempsey's hat store this evening. They are requested to meet at the citizens' committee room to-morrow morning, at 7 o'clock.

THE HORSE TROTS. The horse trots to be held at the Agricultural Park to-morrow afternoon, under the auspices of the Lowell Trotting Club, promises to be the most interesting entertainment of the kind this season, in this vicinity. The trot at 2 o'clock will be for mares and geldings—for a purse of $15—$10 to the first and $5 to the second best, mile heats, best two in three to harness. The following horses have been entered for this purse: "Jack Downing," by D. G. Emerson; "Lady Maxwell," by S. G. Brown; "Slippery Sally," by J. Emerson, and "Monadnock Maid," by W. Cameron, of Nashua.

At 3 o'clock, the trial of stallions will take place for a purse of $25—$15 to the first and $10 to the second best, mile heats, best three in five to harness. For this purse, R. F. Yeaton names "Young Harry," S. G. Bean "Anglo-Saxon," and Robert Wood "Unknown." Tickets for admission to the track to witness both trots will be only 25 cents.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. This Board held a special meeting last evening. The following special police for to-night and to-morrow was nominated by the Mayor and confirmed: James Stackpole, Frank N. Clark, William P. Conway, Wm. W. Hill, William H. Turner, William W. Ingells, William A. Wright, Martin S. Hall, Charles D. Wells, Samuel M. Patterson, Albert M. Tyler, Charles Griffin, Lorenzo L. Cambridge, Morris C. Gove, Alonzo Libby.

The report of the City Marshal for June was read and filed. Whole number of lodgers 100, of whom 16 were females, 91 foreigners, 88 non-residents and 3 minors. Whole number arrests 191 of whom 182 were committed. Of those arrested 40 were females, 170 foreigners, 58 non-residents and 17 minors. Number of prosecutions before the Police Court 68, of whom 10 were for common drunkenness, 10 for assault and battery, 7 for drunkenness, 7 for truancy, 3 for larceny and 6 for various other offences. Amount earned by officers $234.70.

The Truant Commissioner reports 49 new cases investigated during June of which 28 were for truancy and 21 for absenteeism. Two have been sent to the House of Reformation for two years and two for one year each.

ANOTHER CIRCUS. As will be seen by advertisement elsewhere, Lent's Great National Circus, will exhibit on the South Common next Tuesday afternoon and evening. Like some of the circuses which visit our city, this one does not make its appearance with a flourish of trumpets, and disappoint its patrons by an exhibition of spavined horses and broken-down artists. The horses are young, well-trained animals, and the performers are athletic and well-skilled in their business and the public are assured of a rich treat. The only thing old about the concern is Joe Pentland, who has gradually made more people laugh and cured more fits of the blues than any other man on the American continent. All those that have a spare quarter will want to see Joe once more.

POSTPONED. The celebration, at Willow Dale, yesterday, on account of making public the figure-head of the Constitution ("Old Hickory's") was postponed on account of the unfavorable weather for the ceremonies. Another time, probable, will be given in the Herald. Natives, foreigners, Democrats, Republicans and Abolitionists were made up, we understand and all kinds of refreshments were on hand, so that the Fete Champetre would have been a success.

GONE TO THE WARS. Mrs. Davis, wife of Capt. P. A. Davis, of the Richardson Light Infantry, has gone to Fortress Monroe, in company with Miss Lizzi. I. N. Wilson, to join her husband.

DOGS. The City Marshal has a list of one hundred and sixteen names of owners of unlicensed dogs. Look out for the dog-tax of $2 and costs.

POLICE COURT. Nothing but civil business to-day.

GEN. PIERCE. We see it stated in some of our exchanges that Brigadier General E. W. Pierce, the hero of Big Bethel, is about to return to Massachusetts. According to our cotemporaries, he was appointed to serve out the unexpired portion of the commission of Gen. Butler, which was a mistake, as Gen. Butler has not resigned, nor has he not be—more likely the latter, however.

A correspondent of the *New York Express*, writing from Fortress Monroe, sends the following paragraph respecting Gen. Pierce:—

"The rumors of a Court of Inquiry to be instituted relative to the Big Bethel affair are hardly realized; and indeed I have always understood that his re-appointment would occur within a few days. Pierce himself is not remarkably averse to it, at least he says he is not, but I do not pretend to understand the tide of feeling, which does not seem to run strong here against him as it can possibly have been at the North. He thinks, or every man thinks for himself, that he did the best he could under the circumstances; he acted according to orders received, and was unfortunate. He removed, he declares that he did not act as a private in a company of artillery about to be ordered here, and show his courage of his personal bravery. Of that, however, there is really been no doubt; here and there have been those who have sought to question it; but many who were in the battle—and I have conversed with several—give Gen. Pierce's courage incontestible. It is my opinion, however, he is fortunate thing for himself as well as for his friends that he put this intention into practice. As it is, the men here feel confident in his judgment, and I doubt whether they would follow any man from the field. I know that several of the Colonels here have almost utterly refused to Gen. Butler to do so."

"GEORGE SMITH, do you recollect the story of David and Goliah?" "Yes, sir. David was a tavern-keeper, and Goliah was an intemperate man." "Who told you that?" "Nobody. I read it—and I said that David fixed a sling for Goliah, and Goliah got skewed with it."

A BAND FOR THE SIXTH REGIMENT. We notice by a paragraph in the letter of a correspondent, in to-day's paper, that the Lawrence Band is expected to go on and accompany the Sixth Regiment home, when its time expires. How is this? Has the Lawrence Band been selected for this service instead of the recognized Regimental Band, of Lowell? We should suppose it would be first the right, and next the desire of the Lowell Band to do this or "job," if they never got another. Having visited Baltimore under circumstances not likely very soon to be forgotten, and not having had an opportunity to display their merits in that city; and the audience that received them having presented for their marching-stones, bricks, old bottles, &c., which though they passed readily enough, were objected to, we should think the Brigade Band would feel desirous of making a second visit to the Baltimorians, who, under the instruction of Master Banks, are likely to be taught good manners.

The Band was bamboozled long enough, however, about being sent back, after their defeat at the "Battle of Baltimore" and their return, to disgust them with the whole proceeding, and it is a matter to wonder at if they have not been anxious about going a second time. However, it would seem to be their place to go rather than the one mentioned.

EXCURSION TO NEW YORK. The public of this region and vicinity are soon to be much better accommodated in the matter of travel between this point and New York than they ever before have. The Norwich and Worcester line of travel is to be made more particularly worthy by the addition of two splendid new steamers, to run between New York and Norwich. They are not prepared to speak of the boats at this time, but may do so hereafter. One is to be called the City of Boston and the other the City of New York. The former is finished, and makes a trip to Norwich on Friday. Several of our citizens will enjoy this trip after spending the most of the night in "the Lowell. The cars will leave here at a quarter to one o'clock, and passengers will arrive at Allen's Point at nine in the evening, where they will go on board the Commodore. They will arrive in New York between five and six o'clock the next morning, and during the day the new steamer will go down the harbor, returning in time for the excursion in season to be ready to start at 6 o'clock on the return trip, and those who go from Lowell will get back at nine o'clock, Saturday morning. The trip will be a delightful one. We recommend those who can, to go, and especially commend this line of travel to those who are often passing between Lowell and New York.

DIVORCE. In the Supreme Judicial Court yesterday, Hannah L. White was divorced from Parkman White. Cause desertion. J. C. Abbott for libellant.

The second jury was dismissed yesterday, for the rest of the term. The Court will close its session probably on Friday.

ODD FELLOWS. Oberlin Lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows, held a meeting last evening, and installed the following officers:—Noble Grand, G. P. Plimpton, Jr. Vice Grand, G. S. Danforth, V. G.; S. Wallace, Secretary; L. Smith, Treasurer; Joel Powers, W.; G. W. Fullerton, L.G.; J. Taylor, R. S.; J. Hall, P. S.; J. Hall, Jr., Conductor; J. Hall, Jr., Warden; J. Hall, Jr., Chaplain; J. Hall, Jr., R. S. N. G.; J. Hall, Jr., L. S. N. G.; J. Hall, Jr., R. S. V. G.; J. Hall, Jr., L. S. V. G.; J. Hall, Jr., Inside Guard; J. Hall, Jr., Outside Guard; J. Hall, Jr., R. S. to N. G.; J. Hall, Jr., L. S. to N. G.; J. Hall, Jr., R. S. to V. G.; J. Hall, Jr., L. S. to V. G.; J. Hall, Jr., Inside Guard to N. G.; J. Hall, Jr., Outside Guard to N. G.; J. Hall, Jr., Inside Guard to V. G.; J. Hall, Jr., Outside Guard to V. G.; J. Hall, Jr., Musician; J. Hall, Jr., Musician; J. Hall, Jr., Musician

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
BY
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

O. J. Wood, Esq. — Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction, in testimony to the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use of it, a few applications restored the color of my hair in three weeks entirely stopped its falling, and to the present time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been since to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued to use it, applying two or three times per month. My hair remains in a healthy state, is soft and pliable, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not suppose it to be known to the public, or to any particular advantage to you, to even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are all well known, and I am free to say wonderful in some instances, errors and evils in the compound—my time in practicing the profession of medicine, and in travelling the country, have taught me to refrain from such errors, and I have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects with my own case. In several instances I have known it to restore hair in cases of baldness, after having used from one to two bottles, saying they had used it nearly all their lives, in many instances however, and without the latter, they had used it but a short time, and with a new supply it is restored.

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most preparations, it is prepared, to accommodate the various tastes of the people, in three shades, viz: Light to the golden tint, dark to the raven black, and intermediate to the auburn and brown. Each of these shades is prepared with the same care, and is equally reliable. Where the hair is thin, or falling out, the Restorative should be used in connection with Wood's Hair Dressing, which will insure to them always the "Hair Goods at the lowest Prices."

Obtaining no friends, and a premium to receive a single dollar, we have determined to offer the Restorative at a reduced price, and therefore can only be obtained at the Depot, 308 Broadway, New York. Agents wanted in every county in the United States, to whom a liberal discount will be given. Those wishing to act as agents, can have a call from all before making arrangements. Address

R. S. HAYNES,
6 M 1 Broadway, New York.

BURRAH!
1000 MILLION Sarsaparilla Soda at J. H. Eaton's, 23 Central st.
N. 37 Merrimack st.

BRUSHES! BRUSHES!
WINDOW BRUSHES, Painters with long handle Scrub Brushes, Dusting Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Paint Brushes, Whitewash Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Horse Brushes, Hair Cloth and Bristle Combined, tooth brushes, and a variety of other brushes, for sale by R. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, 40 Merrimack st.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!
A LARGE variety of English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery, to be sold cheap for cash, by R. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, 40 Merrimack st.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, from the Pic Nic Carts, Toy Carts, Toy Sulky for Dolls, Boys' Wagons, Velocipedes, &c., &c., which he will sell something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at H. S. HAYNES'S, m m17*

FARMERS.
JUST RECEIVED AT E. MANSUR'S.
TEN tons Mapes's Nitrogen and Super Phosphate of Lime.
5 tons Mapes's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime.
5 tons Mapes's Super Phosphate of Lime, for Indian Corn Fertilizer. Guaranteed genuine
100 bushels Merle Grass Seed.
50 bags of new Red Top, Northern and Western Clover Seed, for sale by E. MANSUR, 3 Merrimack Square. m m19

LIGHT FELT HATS.
HALL COLUMBUS, Mal. Anderson, Banner, Washington, Union, Amazon, Rocky Banner, and other new styles of Felt Hats in rich and beautiful colors, for sale by E. MANSUR, 3 Merrimack Square. m m19

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual in all cases where rules, or directions for both *married and single ladies*, and is the best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid a family for a season. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within nineteen months *with a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottle of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed from all eyes, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Sold by the Sole Agent, *to whom applications for information must be addressed, expressly for* ONE PAGE CARDS, in which all other *remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted on experience in* EVERY INSTANCE, *or the price of the refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted to be genuine unless purchased of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and address to DR. MATTISON'S NEW BEDFORD MEDICAL AND SURGICAL DISPENSARY, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, and is regularly treated by a physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to the case. Consultation by letter, or personally, strictly confidential, and medicines sent to all parts of the country, with full directions, by addressing as above. Also, accommodations for a few patients from abroad who may desire secure and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when the most unprincipled pretenders, with little knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful in selecting a physician to whom they make some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who make a specialty of consultation. An overlying physician, in nine cases out of ten, is more careful in his practice than one who is misled by their *false statements*'s and go blindly to work. Dr. Mattison's New Bedford office is open every day, you will have reason to regret when it is too late, if you do not call before going to some *empiric* above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and their Causes, Symptoms, &c., also Circulars giving full information, sent *free* to any address.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is without which no advertising physician or quack can be successful. Beware of imitations! And for every description of worthless packs and is hereby to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HISE. } Proprietors.

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of Staffordshire and Wedgewood, Burslem, Cobridge and White Gritt
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SHE, HANGING, STAND AND HALL LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings, also, a full assortment of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a low rate, and warrant to be such before purchased
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A great stock of Toilet Setts, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., always on hand and for sale low.
GLASS WARE,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, for sale low. Having purchased the entire stock of the late firm, I am prepared to offer them at a low rate, together with a new supply of the same.
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Much pains will be taken to keep a stock of goods constantly on hand, and to replenish it as often as necessary, so that those who favor me with a call may be sure to be selecting, and will be pleased with the variety and prices. Those wishing to purchase, will insure to them always the "Best Goods at the lowest Prices."
Obtaining no friends, and a premium to receive a single dollar, we have determined to offer the Restorative at a reduced price, and therefore can only be obtained at the Depot, 308 Broadway, New York. Agents wanted in every county in the United States, to whom a liberal discount will be given. Those wishing to act as agents, can have a call from all before making arrangements. Address
R. S. HAYNES,
6 M 1 Broadway, New York.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

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NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of Staffordshire and Wedgewood, Burslem, Cobridge and White Gritt
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
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Also, a large assortment of
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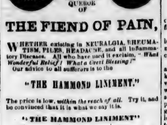
R. S. HAYNES,
6 M 1 Broadway, New York.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Neat and others styles Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Also,
mitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
Sept. 24, 1860. Ac., &c. sep24dt

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law Briefs, Addresses, Circulars, Programmes, Bill Heads, Newspapers,
FANCY WORK
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders, furnish from stereotype or electrotype plates.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
To stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.
☞ Any description of *stock of pearl our face and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to be cut to order.*
E. E. STONE,
S. W. HISE. } Proprietors.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN
O. K.
REMEDY
WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A COMPLETE QUERIOK OF
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, SCIATICA, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What a Useful Herbal Remedy!*" "*What a Soul-Saving!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to the
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Merrimack and Elm streets, Lowell, Mass. CLARK & HERSEWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; F. H. HOLLINS & CO., Concord, as well as retailed by leading generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
February 18, 1861. 17 Tyler Street, Boston. feb18dly



PEACE, REST AND HOME FOR THOSE WHO NEED IT
THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$18,235,50
Dividends paid to date,	1,189,90 15
Losses paid,	2,200,000

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another at the least expense of thousands, from almost every community throughout the country. The success of this unique plan is unparalleled in the annals of life insurance. Its remarkable merits, and particular characteristics, are fully explained in the pamphlets issued by the Company, which will be sent free to any one desiring information.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

It invests principally in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The real estate on which it is mortgaged, is in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest got all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the loan-ness of Livers.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as they prefer, on Ordinary Life, Tontine Ten per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and the balance by note, bearing interest at seven per annum. The indebtedness on premium notes to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one full year's premium.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in not less than three installments. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when declared; and those who pay by Note, receive the dividends on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now a large number of THIRD Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the institution must therefore perceive it to be important to use their influence to extend the operations of their organization to the advantages offered.

This Company have decided to allow a rebate of cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1861.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack sts.
mar9 dly

MOTHER'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,
It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the best cordial for children is that which is the best substitute of their breasts and in circumstances we have endeavored to produce a remedy likely to meet the wants of mothers, and the result is
DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,
Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during several years' practice as a physician. It is entirely free from opium in any form, and may be given to the youngest infant with perfect safety. Please to observe the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial on the outside wrapper of each bottle.
For Children Teething;
And at the period of infancy in which your system is liable to irregularities, it will be found a most valuable remedy. In fact, it will be found excellent *in following up the Vegetable Preparation of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, and is the best, as it is the safest, remedy for* Diarrhea, *Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Colic, and Sickness of the Head, as it regulates the Liver, and gives tone to the stomach, and every case where pain exists.* Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial *is the best remedy for a cough in use.*
In Convulsions,
from which more infants are cast to the dust than any other disease, the Infantile Cordial will act *unconsciously*, as if by magic; and in the dread convulsions of Hooping Cough, it will relieve the little sufferer more than one fancy in another, and the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will become "familiar as a household word." We now leave the matter in the hands of the public, and remain, in confidence, yours truly, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial Company.
No Morphine or Opiate,
of any kind, is used in the Infantile Cordial, *as we are fully convinced in strong confidence of the good effects of the Infantile Cordial, that it is far better than any form the poisons.* We feel that throughout the country Mothers will appreciate the value of the truth, and of the vast and lasting consequences which will result from it. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is prepared on the principle of Nature, and is the safest and most administration being invariably followed by refreshing sleep, and regular and healthy action of the secretions. Respectfully, yours, Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial Company.
Sold by Druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by DR. EATON, 308 Broadway, New York. Agents wanted. Liberal discount supplied at short notice by
E. E. STONE,
S. W. HISE. } Proprietors.

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of Staffordshire and Wedgewood, Burslem, Cobridge and White Gritt
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SHE, HANGING, STAND AND HALL LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings, also, a full assortment of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a low rate, and warrant to be such before purchased
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A great stock of Toilet Setts, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., always on hand and for sale low.
GLASS WARE,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, for sale low. Having purchased the entire stock of the late firm, I am prepared to offer them at a low rate, together with a new supply of the same.
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Much pains will be taken to keep a stock of goods constantly on hand, and to replenish it as often as necessary, so that those who favor me with a call may be sure to be selecting, and will be pleased with the variety and prices. Those wishing to purchase, will insure to them always the "Best Goods at the lowest Prices."
Obtaining no friends, and a premium to receive a single dollar, we have determined to offer the Restorative at a reduced price, and therefore can only be obtained at the Depot, 308 Broadway, New York. Agents wanted in every county in the United States, to whom a liberal discount will be given. Those wishing to act as agents, can have a call from all before making arrangements. Address
R. S. HAYNES,
6 M 1 Broadway, New York.

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers in Staffordshire, England,
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above goods are entirely new, and are new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
No. 23 Merrimack Street,
Lowell, Mass.
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now been before the public about the usual term of six weeks's intelligence. It has done its work well. It has
It overcomes bruises and punishing sores. It heals cuts and scalds without a scar. It cures piles. It causes the coming of the tender infant to cease. It cures all kinds of sores.
It is a friend to the sick mother when her breast is broken.
It overcomes the unbearable agony of piles.
It is a friend to the sick when tired and pampered.
It relieves burns.
It fights against boils and cancers.
It is a friend to the sick, unfortunate, and down!
WITHOUT PAIN.
The Salve will be cured if you will benefit.
No one may be cured if you will look for this remedy.
Sold by druggists generally.
For all gracious residents use it.
For all sick children use it.
For sore and swollen feet use it.
For cuts use it.
For tooth pains and bone skin use it.
For all diseases requiring a salve, cast, west, and southern physicians are acknowledged. The Salve is a friend to the sick, and will be found so by all who will try it.
All its works speak its praises. It has the highest recommendations from the clergy, the press, the pulpit and the bar—from merchants, mechanics, manufacturers, and from the agricultural interests and from women of all ranks and circumstances. And
Dr. Whitten's Golden Salve
Has been introduced into families where it has never been known before, and has won a hundred new friends. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Agreement of the limits is liable to cause if neglected. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Agreement of the limits is liable to cause if neglected. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Agreement of the limits is liable to cause if neglected.
Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial
Is a friend to the sick, assisting the Golden Salve. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is a strong agent of the Golden Salve. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is a friend to the sick.
Sold by Druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by DR. WHITTEN, 308 Broadway, New York. Agents wanted. Liberal discount supplied at short notice by
E. E. STONE,
S. W. HISE. } Proprietors.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal
NEVER before offered to the public, and which will be found superior to any in use. It is manufactured entirely by
MACHINERY!
Entirely free from dust, and will not soil the finest dress.
Also, the celebrated THEVONTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Pictou, and which is sold at the same price. Also, Lehigh Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood for sale at low prices.
N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice, and put in the cellar for $1 per cord.
Order box at G. I. Williams' Periodical Depot, Merrimack Square.
PLINY FISK,
Dealers.

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.
THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to receive Wood and Coal, which he will sell on the LOWEST CASH rates. All orders will be directed with promptness.
J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. m7dtf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CEDAR CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolen Clothing from Moths.
For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED equal to any imported, for sale by from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Ready reference to numerous purchasers' name, F. Barrière & Jas. For sale at Factory by SAMUEL M. FELTON,
43 Market street.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, Shades, Globes, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Trimmings of every description, side, stand, sucket, hand, centre, stove, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.
Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES'S, 23 Central st., Lowell, Mass.
Sole Agent for Lowell.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.
BUFFALO, Coon, B. B. Wolf, and Sheep Robes—Buffalo and Linen Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just receive at E. MANSUR'S HAT STORE.
E. MANSUR,
3 Merrimack Square.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
RUBBER SLATS.—A Slate which can not be broken; cheaper for one than any other styles of slates. Call and examine it.
E. S. HUNT'S, 17 Central st.

A FEW MORE of Simeon's Patent Moule Pails Hind Oil, on Sale agent for Lowell.
SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
Merrimack and John streets.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement or litigation.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach. ones manufact, to the fine cambrics and muslins, as well as a variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from coarse to any thickness of Mar seilles without stopping, and make ever y stitch perfect. They will even sew on the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In fact such a machine best adapted to family use? and if once adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger ones.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, as they must be brought in contact.
Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable than these. Being so few movements are so simple understood.
In regard to all these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute. Philadelphia.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Newberry State Fair
Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of N. Y. where they also took the First Premio for fine sewing machine work.
Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics Fair, Utica, N. Y.
Fact No. 10.—These Machines took the same thing generally wherever properly exhibited, and in consequence of their superior merits, have become universally known. But we have space for only a few of the many facts in favor of these machines.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction than any other machine in the market, or money will be refunded.
Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and when the blood is poured by any like will be found to be deficient in corpuscles. Hence the necessity of taking some preparation of iron, as that improv of thousands, from almost every community throughout the land, attest to its special merits and distinctive characteristics for the build-up & invigoration of the system. In this respect we offer the above applicat and unbiased testimony of Dr. Fellows, which we have made such, to more reference to certain kind friends and friends. Iron is found in the blood and diminished the red globules. Please call and get a book, free, containing the female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" is all we claim for it, and is unequaled by any other preparation in the world.
As elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully proving the above statements, &c., this pamphlet will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of a letter addressed to the Sole Agent, with all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send it, post paid, on receipt of price, for $1, or single bottle, $1. It is put up in 8-oz. vials, in yellow wrappers—the blood is found upon labels in red wrappers having been done away with—the Blood Food is the only preparation that will impart upon the face of the wrapper, Beware of counterfeits and imitations.
C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 4 Dey street, New York.
G. C. GOODWIN & CO., S. S. HUTCHINSON & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents Boston. Sold by Lowell, J. Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. B. Graves, Lowell; Chas. A. Gilbert, Lowell, Mass.
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THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.
FOR Statement, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools in the land, give to Dr. Fellows's quadruplicate, and, reviewed for all cases of the Blood, and all diseases arising from impure blood, will be sent free to any one. Address, Dr. Fellows, No. 2 Winter street, Boston, Mass.
Only Agents, S. C. June 24th, 1859.
Dr. Fellows's Blood Food is the only preparation in rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to use it in my own family, and your daily increasing a perfect test.
Dr. Fellows's Blood Food is unfortunate as to be known that any sufferer need a cure, near the food, when it can be obtained at so small a cost. Having given the trial of its merits, I feel myself connected with recommending it.
Dr. Fellows's Blood Food is the only preparation that will restore the blood to its natural condition, and cures the scalp of the scaldy head and dandruff

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, July 5, 1861.

FOURTH OF JULY 1861. This anniversary has passed, and if we did not have so extensive a celebration in Lowell as in some past years, there was "plenty" noise and confusion " enough for one day.

At a very early hour, the youthful portion of our population, and some "children of a larger growth," were up and dressed and he or she must have slept well, who was not disturbed by the various efforts to let them know that "the day we celebrate" had arrived.

At quite an early hour the "Fantastics" were out, dressed in the most varied styles of raiment, some of which, if ever among the fashions of any people, must have been worn only by those of the pre-Adamite period. Although they made a great effort to create a sensation, yet it was not more than a partial success, as from their annual repetition, the great majority of our people have become familiar with their appearance and see little novelty in these burlesques.

About half past four o'clock the King of Day arose in his most majestic splendor, and was welcomed by a salvo of thirty-four guns from the South Common, in the rear of St. Anne's and the ringing of the other bells in the city. One hundred guns were fired—one half from each Common—at noon, and another National salute was fired at sunset from the North Common, accompanied by the chiming and bell-ringing on each occasion.

About half past four o'clock, a flag was run up on the new flag-staff, just raised on Merrimack Square, opposite the Merrimack House. The Band was present and formed a circle, and brief speeches were made by Mayor Sargeant, E. A. Alger, W. S. Southworth, Esqs., and others.

About half past eight o'clock, the procession arranged by the Executive Committee of Arrangements, commenced forming on Merrimack Street, under the direction of Capt. J. G. Peabody, Chief Marshal, assisted by his Aids and Marshals.

The procession commenced moving shortly before nine o'clock, in the following order, thus,—the Butler Rifles did not join it until it had got past Jackson Street.

Lowell Brigade Band, George Brooks, Leader.

Hill Cadets, Capt. P. S. Proctor.

Butler Rifles, Capt. Eben James.

Wamesit Rifles, Capt. C. Cowley.

Officers of the Day, "in charge of Arrangements, Speakers, Guests, &c.

Members of various Sabbath School's.

High School Cadets, Capt. J. A. Sisden.

Members of Public Schools.

Zouave Lancers, Capt. H. E. Streeter.

Irish Benevolent Society, John Whitty, President.

Not the least interesting and conspicuous part of the procession, was that formed by the Scholars of St. Peter's Catholic Sunday School, numbering over four hundred of young boys and girls, under the care of Superintendent Edward McNeil, and Assistant L. I. Morrison, accompanied by Rev. Mr. Cressiden, of St. Peter's. The Irish Benevolent Society under the command John Whitty, some three hundred strong, also made a very imposing appearance.

The Mann Grammar School, under the lead of its popular principal, Mr. Samuel A. Chase, turned out with full numbers, and made a very respectable appearance in the procession.

The several military companies are also entitled to credit for responding to the invitation of the committee and acting as escort to the procession.

The Zouave Lancers, a youthful corps, made a neat appearance in their new and unique uniform.

The High School Cadets, under command of Capt. J. F. Sisden, did not do much to the features of the procession, and were admired by all.

The procession marched through the Streets named in the Order of Arrangements, to Whipple's Grove, where they arrived shortly after nine o'clock.

Here a platform had been erected for the Officers and Speakers, in front of which were a large number of seats for the children, for Mr. Willey and Class, and for the people generally. The speakers' stand was canopied by the National flag, and the large, splendid flag belonging to the City Government, was suspended near the entrance to the grove, across the street.

Mr. Willey's class numbering nearly 200, had been carried to the grounds previous to the arrival of the procession, in McFarlin's large Patchett wagon, by Capt. Hull. The grove was filled with people, until the alarm of fire was given (about 11 o'clock) to the number of about five thousand.

The assembly was called to order by Dr. Nathan Allen, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, who introduced Rev. W. H. Channing, Chaplain of the day, by whom prayer was offered. Dr. Allen then announced the officers of the day, as follows:

President, E. A. ALGER, Esq.; Vice Presidents, Charles H. Coburn, Samuel Barbank, Oliver M. Whipple, Josiah B. French, Wm. S. Southworth, and James K. Tolles. Secretaries Z. E. Stone, James G. Battrick.

Mr. Alger, on assuming the chair, addressed the assembly as follows:—

Ladies and gentlemen.—On this beautiful day, the eighty-fifth anniversary of our Nation's birth, we clear to every heart's content, native or adopted, and honored today throughout the world, by every friend of constitutional government, the citizens of Lowell and vicinity and their children, irrespective of party, creed or sect, have come up here—this vast throng of men, women and children in this beautiful and delightful grove—to recognise not only the existence of the God of our fathers, and continued trust in Him, but to express unbounded love and attachment to our beloved country—the land of Washington, her Constitution, Institutions and Laws, and the glorious flag, with its red, white and blue, so emblematic of the blessings of free government and all that we hold most dear on earth, and to revive in the hearts of all here the heroic and holy memories of the past, that closing so beautiful around it.

Never, since the birth of the nation, have there been so many reasons, for the proper celebration of this day by every loyal heart in the land, as those that press upon our minds at this time. The fact that our national existence and all of the innumerable blessings that flow out from a common constitution to the people of the several states are imperilled, that thereby civil and religious liberty are threatened by an extensive and formidable organization of conspirators and traitors, numbering its thousands and tens of thousands and extending throughout the southern portion of our Union and at this moment in arms against the sacred soil, ready and anxious to destroy and overturn the purest and best representative government that the world ever saw—this stubborn fact alone, calls upon every true heart throughout the land, to come forward and dedicate this day, their best efforts for the salvation of this country, so that this great conspiracy and rebellion may be suppressed and that peace may again be celebrated throughout this nation, with more than its great and good of this part of our country are animating us to true and loyal love to the Government and country, and all we are and hope to be in this world, depends upon the sacredness and fidelity with which we serve the Union. Let us then be active and up to the work.

We have gallant men for that purpose on this occasion, and while we pay our devotion to this Sacred Union and its Constitution, in the recognition of the innumerable blessings that flow from both, let us not be unmindful of those tens of thousands of brave hearts that have rallied to their country's call, to save not only its capital but all that we hold in life most glorious, sacred and independent to us as a people, and as a nation. Our country and its flag! Oh! if we have loved our country and its flag in the days of prosperity, how much more ought we to love them now in the days of their danger and peril! Let us all therefore, in this trying period of our national existence, in all ways possible, sustain the Union—its Constitution and its laws; and let us in the most effective manner possible, put down this wicked and unnatural rebellion, and that liberty was circumscribed in its influence sometimes to races of men, by believing that those who were born in other countries, trained under their institutions, were not entitled to liberty in America—that there was an American liberty, from which they were excluded, and there are men, as the organizers of the Sixth today, who believe that there is an American liberty in which not millions of people shall not in any manner participate; and there are men among us, even traitors at once to liberty and the institutions of our country, who covertly conceive and entertain the idea, if they do not say, with the boldness of Davis and Beauregard, avow them.

Now, then, I say here to day that this contest, inaugurated by the rebels of the South, will be, we are successful and complete end until you in some way assert the doctrine that liberty is the property of any race; that it is not the exclusive right of any class; that it does not belong to any nation, but that it is the God given right of all the sons of men [Applause.] I do not say that the four millions of enslaved slaves in the South are to be, without premeditation and without preparation emancipated. I tell you that this contest marches logically, philosophically, and inevitably toward the emancipation of this people; and be the citizen at the ballot box, or statesman administering the government of this country, or the general who guides in armies, who does not admit that as an inevitable result of this contest, misunderstands the force of events, and is doomed to disappointment and disgrace.

I stand here to day one thing more: That this contest has no conclusion in which any patriot can take satisfaction except it is based upon the immediate emancipation of all the slaves in Maryland, in Virginia, and in the District of Columbia, by a constitutional amendment. [Applause.] And I will tell you why.

Because the rebellion of which I speak to-day menaced by hostile hosts of rebellious traitors, who have come up from Texas and the Gulf of Mexico and the seaboards of the South; and I thank God I have yet the heart and spirit to say, that I do not wish to live in a country whose capitol may be thus menaced. I tell you, it is a conspiracy that is in Virginia, because it is in Maryland, and in the District of Columbia, that those men are there. Do you believe that but for the admission of slavery, the men of Virginia, who glory in the fame and the name of the patriotism of Henry, of Jefferson, of Pendleton, and greater than them all, of Washington himself—would to-day be leading the first revolution the world has ever seen of tyrants against the people; that this revolution distinguishably marked from all other revolutions that the world has ever seen, the rebellion of tyrants against the rights of the people and the existence of constitutional government? Now, I say the whoere. makes peace and unfurls that banner over the country without first, in some way providing for the emancipation of the slaves in Virginia, Maryland, and the District of Columbia, commits an error and a wrong, and all generations shall pay the penalty thereof.

That is the which we are engaged, is not a temporary affair; it is not the work of a mere party organization, but it is the result of a conspiracy thirty years old ripening into treason eleven years ago, and now in the days of peril, 1861. I am of those who believe that the men of the South who have done anything dear to me men upon the result of this contest will fight it out to the bitter end. One thing only is certain, they will not. They want means, material, and they need men to-day. They want men, people, accustomed to the pursuits of ordinary industry—to the discipline of the schools, of the shops, of the workshops, and of the farm—to change their vocation, and take up the sword of war. I saw in the latest papers a Richmond paper, a few days ago, that in a year the men from your factories, will be better soldiers than the Texas rangers. They are better soldiers to-day, because of war is discipline; discipline is the result of freedom stopped. Had Bell or Douglas been elected, they would have seceded just as quick. It was a pretence. The principle of the Declaration of Independence is always applicable to the bosoms of the builders; it is antagonistic to their institutions; it is a rebuke to slavery; they desired to rid themselves of the principle of self government. They desired protection in holding their slaves, to open the slave trade, and the dissolution of the Union was to get up a slave government.

Now, my friends, we haven't attacked them; we have not sought to oppress them; we have not entered into warfare for the abolition of slavery. They fired the first gun at Sumter, and they are to-day act on the defensive. Now, in view of the state of things, what is our duty? The question is often asked, would it not be better to let them go? It is not possible to let them go. Secession has not been another conspiracy on the same continent, it might be. The Union government is an arch of thirty-four States. Secession is to that hour we fought, we lived under that declaration of the equality of men, and there was nothing in the Union that was conflicted with it. There was no lie given to that declaration in the national laws of this confederacy. Having achieved a national independence, and that, too, under a constitution not giving the lie to the Declaration of Independence, then was framed a national law recognising slavery in man in three United States. Is secession that about? In that convention which was called to form the present constitution, the slaveholder demanded protection to his property, as he called it; then-and there began the war continued from that hour to this. The slaveholder demanded concession, and we yielded for peace, and for the confederacy, not, as often said, to form these United States. They had been formed under the articles of confederation adopted in 1783, but we yielded to satisfy the slaveholder. That was the first battle fought for freedom, and the first victory to slavery. From that hour there has been a constant demand of slavery for the protection of the slave interest and constant encroachment.

Mr. Bonney next spoke of the demand of the slave power for admission into the territories and Cuba, and concluded by calling attention to the fugitive Slave Law, and its execution in Boston—its centre of the free sentiment of the land—its centre its shadow of Bunker Hill and the very cradle of liberty. They marched upon Boston Common over the bodies of enemies as enemy and a wrong, and all generations shall pay the penalty thereof.

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You have seen, within the past six months, the Czar of all the Russias, having emancipated the serfs—serfs of the whole people of the globe, has emancipated forty millions of serfs, and proclaimed the same spirit and that despotic form of government could not hold in slavery forty millions of serfs. You have seen Victor Emanuel, by the will of God, by the will of the people, by the will of Cavour, by the will of Garibaldi, by the will of Victor Emanuel himself, has emancipated twenty millions of people, and proclaimed the same principle of free government that you have seen, in the rebellion of tyrants against the rights of the people and the existence of constitutional government. Now, I say the whoere. makes peace and unfurls that banner over the country without first, in some way providing for the emancipation of the slaves in Virginia, Maryland, and the District of Columbia, commits an error

...WAY'S SOMETHING NEW AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD, THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY. IT IS PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. for what OTHERS SAY OF IT. A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood. Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are so many using already, and even more wonderful cases throughout the Union. I have received a letter from a travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have kept your price and you are in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that it was good for nothing off or turning gray. Your well-known character, Prof. Wood, for truth and honesty commands the best of its application, also joins with me in speaking of its virtues. I remain, Dear Sir, and should it be as rare as snow in June.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is prepared by a scientific physician, to preserve great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its primitive vigor. Many have tried and become almost bald because of sickness, disease of the nerves, or some other cause, and grieved but in therefore a valuable preparation for such cases. Others have used it as a means to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, and have found no injurious effect to the hair. It has the curative properties I another description. It always restores it to its natural darkness, and every trace of the disease disappears wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending the trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the ingredients are such as to insure a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its component elements are entirely innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A Genuine Book. It our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the *cure-alls* of the day, many of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and in addition in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—that of Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the curative qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. In effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be magical. Like time it passes on exhausted land, it restores to crop wherever applied. Our own thatch is fabulously healthy, but we advise our friends to use it sparingly growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia spy.*

All Hair Dyes Abjured.—Wood's Great Article Substitutes for Hair. Professor Wood stands on an eminence as chemist, whose attainments in the science of restoring the hair baffles all rivalry before been reached. His fame is endless but his modesty is equal to his genius. Those who have seen gray or bald for years are now throughout the land for years are living their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for the skill of the scientific gentleman. We have a few words which apply to the functions of the hair, and the means employed for the hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the hair to the original condition of health; he was, as in his age of the intellectual, and believed that the hair would be naturally restored. He tried in vain to—almost bald and quite gray at the age of 50, and succeeded in restoring the hair to its original color and luxuriance, and the article he did so with is now given to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine *Family and Patent Medicines.*

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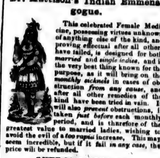
THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenogogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown, and being one of the kind, and having effected after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the cases, as it will bring on the monthly periods in cases of suppression *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also remove obstructions, in a short *period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within sixteen months such *a single failure* when taken as directed. It is certain to treat injury to health in any case.—It is put up in bottles of three different sizes, with full directions for using, and sent by Express to any part of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10. Half Strength $6. Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

If Remember that *Mattison's is designed other remedies of the kind*, which all *are spurious*, and that *no establishment* is the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Sept. 24, 1860. &c., &c., &c. ly24d1

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS Made and repaired, Cane, Ivory and Gold setting, Plating, &c. Londerdale, Bro., &c., 40

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

11 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may23

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY! THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

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EXTRA WHITE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, 43 Market Street, by

sep28 S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Fremitine Powder, Rose Blanche, Lily White, Perfumed Cream, Pearl Powder, Lip Salve, Rouge, Liquid Rouge, White Camphor, Tweezers and Manicure Scissors, Hair Pins, &c., for sale by JAMES WHITE, M. D., Druggist, 45 Merrimack & Street, Lowell, Mass.

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will find it to their advantage to call at J. MILLER'S Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar1

BURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central st., and at his new Bookstore,

apr2 No. 37 Merrimack st.

Brunos! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, from one inch to 12 inches wide, Scrub Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Paint Brushes, *Tar, Fish Brush and Sweeper* combined, something entirely new, for sale by J. MILLER'S Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar1

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with new styles of pen and ink; Carvers and Forks; Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making in all over 100 pieces of Cutlery to be found at one store. Call and buy for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

dec12 54 Merrimack

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, Boys' Express Tip Carts, Toy Carts, Toy rags for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and a large assortment of Rocking Horses, something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at 45 Merrimack st. may17

FARMERS,

JUST RECEIVED AT 4 MANSION,

300 tons Maps's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime;

2 tons Maps's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;

1 ton Maps's Ammoniated Bone Dust;

100 bushels Herds Grass Seed;

100 bushels Red Top Seed;

Together with a large assortment of Agricultural Chemical Manures, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Corn, Oats, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.

apr19'60 186 Central street

LIGHT FELT HATS.

HALL COLUMBIA, No. 10 Avenue, Boston Washington, Union, Adams, Astor, Broadway and other new styles of Felt Hats in the most delicate tints, for summer wear; also a fine lot of Soft French Hats—just received at

HEADEY Corner Bar Store.

jun20'tow dcod&wtJun MWF

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT, and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can execute all orders entrusted to this establishment

in a manner

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, ADVERTISING, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

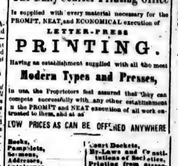
LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of post, medium and demi colored and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

J. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
E. W. HUSE. }

jan30tf



W. H. DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK OF

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames.

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS

Neatly and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

mitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Sept. 24, 1860. &c., &c., &c. sep24tf

Books, Pamphlets, Periodicals, Catalogues, Newspapers,

Card Borders, Bi-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

PANOY MILLS

For Tory Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

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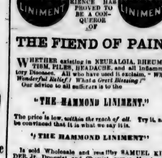
E. W. HUSE. }

jan30tf

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE and all kindred forms of pain. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief!*" Those who have not, should. Our written to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

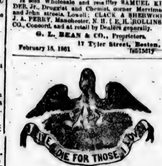
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. DYER & BRESNAHAN, 129 Court street, Boston. H. D. E. R. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by druggists generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 18, 1861 71 Tyler Street, Boston.



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,813,555 80
Dividends paid to date,	1,631,844 20
Losses paid,	$2,631,955 35

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, form the Company, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves confidence, the following, viz.

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It presents rates $3,50 per annum.

Its investments are in Fir-t Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than twice the amount loaned.

It does not make a temporary loan on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the transaction of Life Insurance.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates its insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, and in case of death before the payment of the premium, the amount due is deducted in cash, and accepted in a note bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, which is considered to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are applied to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the amount of their Dividends as declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful estimates of the mortality.

This Company has now the large number of 7175 Policies in force; yet its expenses in the transaction of business insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of mutuality, upon which all Life Premiums are based. And therefore the insured must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should add the strength of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Applications for insurance may be made to

H. S. HAYNES, Agent,
No. 45 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

mar2

MOTHER'S

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every one, that a medicine which has stood the test of years of critical examination from a discriminating public, and has received the unqualified approval of those who have used it, must be of real value. Of such a character is

DR. EATON'S

INFALLIBLE CORRIAL,

prepared from a formula used by him with remarkable success during several years' practice, as a physician, and which he now offers to the public as an infallible compulsive, and one that alone will control the diseases for which it is recommended. Every ingredient of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life when your anxieties and fears are piqued by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, and which frequently terminate in convulsions, *Dr. Eaton's Infallible Corrial* will be found a safe and speedy remedy. Its operation is mild and soothing, and it can be administered to the infant in its mother's milk, or in any other way, as well as to the adult.

In Convulsions,

from which many infants are cut off in the prime of life, and from many other causes, the little sufferer is relieved on administering a few drops of this invaluable medicine. Its operation is so safe and certain that it has been recommended by the most eminent physicians in the country, and is now considered indispensable in every family, because "familiar as a household word." We now ask your patronage, and will endeavor to merit it by deserving it, and to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infallible Corrial is

For Sale by Druggists at 25 cents per box. Prepared only by DR. EATON, Lowell, Mass. Office No. 4 Prescott Block, Merrimack street.

Also for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROSES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, Bear, R. B. Wolf and Shag Robes, Buffalo and Fur Gloves, Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at SHADDEN'S FUR STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORR T. BILLINGS

RUBBER BLANKETS.—A blote which can not be beaten; cheaper for one than any other piece of stairs. Call and examine at

E. S. HURD'S, 17 Central street.

A NEW HOUSE of Simon's Patent Mastic Felts Hard Roofing, for sale Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

E. S. HURD'S, 17 Central street.

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FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement by litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half the thread required by any chain or lock-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, for any other sewing much in market, to the fine and coarser changes in the quality of cotton or sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one spool of cotton No. 150 to No. 8, inclusive, sewing, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without any change in the needle or tension, requiring any adjustment of machine whatever. Insuring a machine best adapted to family use; and if best adapted to family use, why not for all other purposes? Hence the Company have no hesitancy for our Family Machine, we recommend as the larger ones.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any lock-stitch machine in use, which is of great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any description.

Fact No. 5.—This Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction than any other sewing machine in market.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever they are sold, fully demonstrates each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, 1860.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, (where all the principal sewing machines were on exhibition.)

Fact No 9.—These Machines took both the Premiums at the Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—I case for the last year, I attribute my success principally to the fact that I believe properly represented in sewing machines, and that we have space for only one fact more it is that we have always sold them.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or we will take it back.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine are of great importance to persons who have never seen or used them.

Hundreds of testimonials from all over the country, including every part of the civilized world, viz.: from Europe, Asia, Africa, &c., to the character of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine, can be seen at the office of the Company, where explicit and satisfactory information will be given to all persons desirous of purchasing, by the practical operation of Machines, by many of the most skilful and professional females, who may call at the office of the Company. Also, for the convenience of those who cannot call, we have a pamphlet containing the testimonials of hundreds of the most distinguished ladies in the country of family of family sewing, or manufacturing.

The Company have a splendid assortment of Silk, Cotton and Linen Thread, Needles, Oils, Silks, Braids, Cords, Gimps, Tassels, and Machine Trimmings, which they sell at wholesale and retail.

Agents wanted in every town in the United States, to whom the most liberal terms will be given.

Address, FINKLE & LYON,
538 Broadway, N. Y.

Or, H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETTS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETTS.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

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INFALLIBLE CORRIAL,

prepared from a formula used by him with remarkable success during several years' practice, as a physician, and which he now offers to the public as an infallible compulsive, and one that alone will control the diseases for which it is recommended. Every ingredient of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

and at this period of infantile life when your anxieties and fears are piqued by witnessing the sufferings of your little ones, and which frequently terminate in convulsions, *Dr. Eaton's Infallible Corrial* will be found a safe and speedy remedy. Its operation is mild and soothing, and it can be administered to the infant in its mother's milk, or in any other way, as well as to the adult.

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CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. "Normal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—too little of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in the great diseases of the Kidneys, stagnation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To restore a certain cure then, for these diseases, the first great necessary lesson is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much and unsung scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century to bring forth a remedy which supplies the knowledge, to make this grand discovery, viz.

Electricity is the gift of the Creator, and that "Him who is the life and more and that as the planets move in their orbits, so the vegetable life is governed by certain alternative laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed certain effect, follows.

Electricity of the red corpuscles of the blood then to be completed and the blood circulates through the system.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, forms a perfect galvanic battery.

Electricity brought in contact with a stomach as the generator of vital force.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the key to unlock the secret of health in the blood he heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe brought in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits electricity, which is the great vitalizing principle of the blood in contrast, and hence the power which expels the blood through the heart, arteries, veins and minute arteries. What then, are the causes of consumption, bronchitis, coughs, colds, asthma, &c. Vital Disease, Dyspepsia, Epidemic Sore throat, &c., &c.? Simply a deficiency of the red corpuscles containing the iron, which is necessary to supply the vital force or electricity, and consequently an absence of electricity. Hence the consumptive cough, colds and bronchial complaints cause—the suffering consumptive is advised to use the Liver Pills and invariably—complaints of the liver are the result of a disordered liver, and the cause of disease but vitiated livers may be traced to the want of vital force, or the red corpuscles or red globules.

Night sweats are a deficiency of oxygen, and while we do not pretend to say that we can restore lungs that are gone, we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food."

which restores the red globules, and thus the deficiency of electricity. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Here is a remedy which will cure you. Unfortunates, who have by exposure or imprudence, laid the foundation for consumption, and have, in every instance, found that Carbolic diseases, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. Do not despair, but use the Liver Pills where all hope has been given up. Use the Liver Pills and the Blood Food. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy in

Pulmonary Consumption,

exercising, carrying out and fully developing the theories of Life. Circulation will be secured to any interested party on receipt of two 3 cent stamps, by addressing Dr. J. Bassett, Jr., or where it cannot be had, I will send it myself. Price of Liver Pills, $1 per box, or two boxes for $2. It is put up in 3 oz. vials, in yellow wrappers, with full directions for use. Numerous testimonials have been done within, and hearing from those who have used it, will be found on the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits—see my name.

Prepared and for sale by Proprietor,

DR. J. BASSETT, Jr.,
No. 6 Bowdoin Square, Boston.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
A. POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Providence, R. I.
SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Lowell, Mass.
French, B. A. Stevens, J. F. Brown, S. Kidder, & Co.

feb28 1yr

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND

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Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

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WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of Boston and vicinity of the most wonderful cures in the cure more is to be seen on its part.

Its wonderful healing power is unequalled by any other salve in the world.

It causes the crying of the tender infant to cease, and the sufferer to rejoice.

It lifts the old man off from his crutch, when all other salves fail.

It is a blessing to the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It heals all diseases and cures the strip of the scaldy head in short time.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and crimped.

It is a perfect beautifier.

It is security against scalds.

It is a sure remedy for burns.

It stops all fleshy inflammations, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

It is the best salve in the world. It will heal sores. Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

It is a perfect pain destroyer.

It is a sure remedy for scalds.

It is a perfect pain destroyer.

It is a sure remedy for scalds.

It is a perfect pain destroyer.

It is a sure remedy for scalds

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, July 6, 1861.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. This document, which we lay before our readers today, should be studied by all. It is able, explicit, and energetic; there are few men in this meridian that can, we think, honestly take exceptions to its tone and sentiment. It is an out-spoken, candid exposition of the present position of our National troubles, and fully sets forth the resources of the country and the power and duty of the Government to crush out the rebellion. We find in it much to admire, but to-day can only commend it to the perusal of all classes of our readers.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, George T. Brown, of Illinois, was elected Sergeant-at Arms. Mr. Chandler, of Michigan, gave notice of his purpose to introduce a bill to confiscate the property of civil and military officers above the rank of lieutenant, who take up arms against the United States or abet treason: also to disqualify them from holding any office of trust or profit in the Government. The property confiscated to be applied to the Indemnity Union men in rebel States for losses incurred. The President's message was received, read and ordered to be printed.

In the House, Edward Ball—formerly member of Congress from Ohio—was chosen Sergeant-at-Arms; Ira Goodenow, of New York, Doorkeeper, and Nathaniel Marston, of New Hampshire, and Rev. Mr. Stockton, Chaplain. Mr. Crittenden appeared and took the oath to support the constitution.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE. The total loss by the great fire in East Boston, is estimated at over $700,000, on which there is an insurance of about $130,000, of which the North American Insurance Company has $20,500, and the Firemen's Insurance office, (both of Boston) $30,380. The whole area burnt over is ten and a quarter acres. Among the buildings in the sectional dry dock, two factories, a sash and blind shop, four dry, sixty houses and eight vessels. The private losses are very heavy.

The loss by the Albany Street fire is estimated at $50,000, the insurance of which is not known. There were fourteen alarms in Boston on the 4th.

There were fires on the same day at Cambridge, Roxbury, Lynn, Medford and Watertown. The loss in Medford was about $6000, and in Watertown $3,000. The loss in Boston and vicinity is little less than *one million dollars*.

A destructive fire in Bristol, N. H., on Thursday burned several stores. Loss estimated at $15,000.

Yesterday morning the factory of D. & H. Stearns, of Pittsfield, was burned, involving a loss of $30,000, on which is a modest factory was destroyed at Woodbury, Ct., with the same loss.

A LOVELY SIGHT. A very fine private display of fireworks from the manufactory of Chester Sanderson, Esq., was given in West Andover on the evening of the 4th, at the farm house of John M. Stratton, Esq. The concluding piece was a model of pyrotechnic skill and a charming manifestation of family affection. On a frame work some fifteen feet high was set a large triangle of variegated colors surmounted by an American eagle, the wings of which were adorned with the most brilliant pleasure. Revolving wheels illuminated the centre and on each side of the triangle, as well as in its centre was the name of one of Mr. Strutt's grandchildren, members of the family of Mr. Henry C. Dodge, Esq., or well known constable of Boston. All of the immediate relatives and friends of the pyrotechnic artist were present, as well as numerous citizens of Andover, to enjoy their families. The last piece as the torch touched it became a glow of brilliance, shedding a flood of stars, pointing in letters of light the four names—"James," "Winnie," "Essie," and "Harry"—brightening up the surrounding space and, as a whole, presenting a scene that will linger long in the recollection of those who were favored by witnessing it. The public spiritedness of Mr. Stratton has drawn forth many appreciative comments from his delighted neighbors.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY. This report accompanies the message of the President, and is quite lengthy. We have not room for an abstract to-day. The amount required for the next fiscal year is estimated at $318,519,581.87. The Secretary thinks that $00,000,000 should be raised by taxation and $240,000,000 by loans.

THE FIRE IN THE REAR. When President Polk was charging Gen. Scott to hurry off upon his Mexican campaign, the astute old hero gave his celebrated reply, that before he started, he meant to "look out for the fire in the rear." He meant to get ready before he moved, so that he would avoid those checks, out of which newspaper and political regrets would be able to open that "fire in the rear." He is just as long and clear-headed now, as he was then, in spite of the unsolicited commands which editorial jack-puddings are hooping up in some quarters. A good soldier, while he keeps a sharp lookout in front, also takes care of "the fire in the rear."

THE postoffice at Malden Centre was robbed on Wednesday night, of letters, money and stamps. The robbers are believed to be the same who broke into the Charlestown office a few nights ago.

☞ Women with fine dresses and fine carriages drive into the cemeteries near Washington to keep the garrison in the fort not to assail them but merely to maintain visible possession, and thus to preserve the Union from actual and immediate dissolution, trusting as heretofore stated, to time, discussion and the ballot box for final adjustment, and they assailed and reduced that Fort for precisely the reverse object, to drive out the visible authority of the Federal Union and thus force it to immediate dissolution. That this was their object, the executive well understood, and having said to them in the inaugural address, "You can have no conflict without being yourselves the aggressors," he took and the like, including the movable and stationary property in and about them, had been seized and were held in open hostility to this Government, excepting only Fort Pickens, Taylor and Jefferson, on and near the Florida coast and Fort Sumter in Charleston harbor, S. C. The forts thus seized had been put in an improved condition, and new ones had been built, and armed forces had been organizing avowedly for the same hostile purpose.

The forts remaining in the possession of the Federal Government in and near these States were either fastnesses not needed for warlike preparations, and especially Fort Sumter was surrounded by well constructed hostile batteries with guns equal in quality to the best of its own, and outnumbering the latter, as perhaps ten to one.—A disproportionate share of the Federal muskets and rifles had some way been found their way into these States and had been seized to be used against the Government. The accumulations of the public revenue lying within them had been seized for the same object.

The navy was scattered in distant seas, leaving but a very small part of it within the immediate reach of the Government. Officers of the Federal army and navy had resigned in great numbers, and of those remaining a large proportion were known to sympathize with those who had taken up arms against the Government. Simultaneously and in connection with this plan of action, up to the time the order was declared, but only two vague and unsupported rumors (to) attention, had refused to hold the troops. To now re-inforce Fort Pickens before a crisis would be reached at Fort Sumter, was impossible, rendered so by the near consolidation of provisions in the latter named fort.

In precaution against such a conjecture the Government had, for months before, been quietly preparing an expedition, as well adapted as might be, to relieve Fort Sumter, which expedition was intended to be strictly legal.

At this point the insurrectionists announced their purpose to open fire upon the fort. This compelled the answer that, unless the fort was provisioned it must be done at once. To this the reply was that the fort would be provisioned only in case the fleet attempted to enter it. The fleet was then attacked by the batteries and the fort was provisioned as had been notified. Thus the conflict was commenced by the assailants of the Government, and forced upon the country by the necessities of self-preservation.

The rapid communication made possible by the assailants of the Government began the conflict of arms without a gun in sight or in expectancy to return their fire, save the fire in the fort, and on it that bar lay for years before for their own protection, and are still ready so to do if that protection, in whatever form, be denied. In this act, disclaiming all else, they have forced upon the country the distinct issue of immediate dissolution or blood, and this issue embraces more than the fate of the United States. It presents to the whole family of man the question whether a Constitutional republic or a Democracy is a government of the people.

The same people can or cannot maintain their free government against its own domestic foes. It presents the question whether discontented individuals, too few to control the Administration according to organic law, in any case can always upon the pretext of one law or grievance or another, or artificially without any pretence, or for no pretence at all, break up the government peacefully, and so end free government upon the earth. It forces us to ask, Is there in human nature no depth to which these fatal workings? Must a Government, of necessity be too strong for the liberties of its own people, or too weak to maintain its own existence? So viewing the issue, no choice was left to us but to call out the war power of the Government, and so to resist the force employed for its destruction, by force employed for its preservation. The call was made, and the response of the country shows an unanimity and spirit the most sanguine expectations. Yet none of the States commonly called Southern, has accept Delaware, gave a regiment through the regular forces, and many others, as Virginia, Arkansas, the Union sentiment was nearly unanimous, and in Virginia was the most remarkable, perhaps the most important. A convention of that State to consider this very question of disrupting the Federal Union, was in session at the capital of Virginia when Fort Sumter fell. To the body the people had chosen a large majority of professed Union men. Almost immediately after the fall of Fort Sumter many men of that majority went over to the original disunion minority, and with them adopted an ordinance for withdrawing the State from the Union. Whether this ordinance will be ratified by their great approval of the assault upon Fort Sumter or their great resentment at the government's resistance to that assault, is not definitely known, although they submit it to the vote of the people to be taken in a day, less somewhat more than a month distant, in the midst of arms and in a manner, which was also in session at the same time and place, with Federal troops in it. The latter immediately connected with either, immediately commenced acting as if the State had already joined the Union. They purchased military preparations vigorously forward and sent their forces, with those of U. S. armory at Harper's Ferry and the Navy Yard at Gosport near Norfolk—a navy-yard unquestionably protected into their States, large bodies of troops with their warlike appointments, from the so called Confederate States. That this was only entered into a treaty of temporary alliance and cooperation with the so called Confederate States and sent members to their Congress at Montgomery, and finally they permitted the Confederate States government to be transferred to their capital at Richmond.

The people in Virginia have thus allowed this grand insurrection to make its nest within her borders, and this Government is thus compelled to deal with it where it finds it. And it has the less regret as the loyal citizens in that section form claimed its protection. Those loyal citizens this Government is bound to recognize and protect as being in Virginia. In the Border States, so called, in fact the Middle States there are also many such citizens found who, they called armed neutrality—that is, an armed of the States to prevent the Union could not be preserved in the dominion the Union, over their soil. This would be disunion completely. Secretly speaking, it would be the building of an impassable wall along the line of separation, and yet a wall open to the sight of those on both sides, gone of neutrality it would tie the hands of the Union men and freely pass supplies from them to their friends in front, whereas armed neutrality, which they call armed neutrality—that is, an array

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

G. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to present to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by supplying two or three times per month. By this means every dandruff was entirely removed, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the forty cases above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as you have thrown your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling the greater portion of the last the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and adding testimonials of its efficacy in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons whose hair was destroyed in a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have witnessed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt—as soon as they are obtaining that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is another of merit that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of your many imitators have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of your's.

I have, within the last five years, seen and heard of much more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, others for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any recommendation addressed to me, care Box 870, Post Office, will be duly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, is proving effectual after all others have failed, in restoring the *suppressed* or *obstruction from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstruction, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a deranged system. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with, *in a single instance only*, a failure reported, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it fail to bring on a bottle of the above strength, with full directions for using, can be had by Express, *closely packed*, to any part of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember the remedies of the Indian are recommended expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies have failed. Any one using this remedy, also that is warranted as represented in* EVERY RESPECT, *will find the price refunded.* ☜ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly* of Dr. M. at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL MEDICAL AND SURGICAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN. Dr. M. is a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Those at a distance can be treated at home, by addressing the Doctor as above, and describing their symptoms carefully, as well as to your ordering date. Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

No Morphine or Opiate,
of any kind, or of whatever nature, ever a part of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, which is the best and safest preparation for infantile disease, at this time before the public. It relieves the child from pain instantly. Mothers are becoming convinced of the fact, that Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the article they want, and that in order to regulate the use of laudanum, paregoric, &c., and other preparations containing opium, they must have a medicine free from the objectionable features of those articles, and one that will produce the desired effect—quietness, health, and refreshing sleep to the child, and relief and rest to the mother. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant in the world.

Sold by druggists throughout the United States and British Provinces. This pre-eminent remedy is prepared only by CHURCH & DEPOSY, Proprietors, at their Medicine Depot, 205 Fulton street, New York.

And sold by them, as well as by all respectable druggists generally.

BEST OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 bush. prime Scotch, Danish and Canada Oats.
1000 bush. Red Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOODS, 6 Market street. mar7

Kinsler's Lirocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Jewelry, Marble, Oil Cloth, &c. This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, *economical*, and *safe* in every respect. It is ever united, by its use will look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered, for all the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists generally.

mar19

ROSES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, R. R. and Wool Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, cheap for cash at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
ORN T. BILLINGS

RUBBER SLATES.—A Slate which can be set in brakets; cheaper for use than any other styles of slates. Just received and for sale by E. S. DENIS, 17 Central st

A FEW MORE of Stevens's Patent Moste Pelin Steel for sale. Sole agent for Lowell.
apr14 E. S. DENIS, 17 Central st

MOTHERS!

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every intelligent observer, that the use of the many preparations of opium across chiefly from a disinclination on the part of the mother to be at the trouble to prevent your nurse for the attendance and care of those necessary hours in the sick room.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr Eaton with remarkable success in his extensive practice, and now is to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for all the complaints incident to children, and is especially recommended to mothers as a safe preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

as the parent or guardian will find that their wishes and wants are pursued by witnessing the soothing effect of your medicine. It will be found invaluable in all cases of *Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Sickness, Vomiting, Wakefulness, Convulsions, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Looseness of the Bowels, Worms, Canker in the Mouth, Rash, Fever, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, &c.*

In Convulsions,

from which more children suffer and die than from any other disease, the little sufferer is relieved immediately upon the administration of a few drops, as this invaluable remedy is such that it has been recommended from the very first to the present by the name of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become a household word, and is now used in the nursery of many families in preference to any other remedy, as well as to your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

No Morphine or Opiate,
of any kind, or of whatever nature, ever a part of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, which is the best and safest preparation for infantile disease, at this time before the public. It relieves the child from pain instantly. Mothers are becoming convinced of the fact, that Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the article they want, and that in order to regulate the use of laudanum, paregoric, &c., and other preparations containing opium, they must have a medicine free from the objectionable features of those articles, and one that will produce the desired effect—quietness, health, and refreshing sleep to the child, and relief and rest to the mother. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant in the world.

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And sold by them, as well as by all respectable druggists generally.

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.
This you can rely upon. From 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DEPOSY,
Proprietors, 205 Fulton street, New York.

And sold by them, as well as by all respectable druggists generally.

Does not Constipate
the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the nerves, but by its soothing effects upon the nerves and mucous membrane of the stomach, it relieves cases of Cancer. We earnestly recommend it to the afflicted. Those who have used it say they can not say too much in favor of it. Those who have not may have at least a remedy which will never injure them. Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This you can rely upon. From 25 cents per bottle.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary for the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

its user, the Proprietors feel assured that we can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Law-cases, Address Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Electrotype Plates, Programmes, Circulars, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, a wide and fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of post or fine and reasonable white and colored CARDS adapt ed to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
N. W. BURR, }

W. H. DYAR,
MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR
39 *CENTRAL STREET*,
Continues to have a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Best and softest stuffs, Ornamented and Plain.

Regilding and Repairing Frames Done Promptly Attended to.

Imitation Gold Moulding for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS
repaired, Cane & Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., at
BOWEN'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN
PROVISIONS
GROCERIES

EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour Feed and Grain Store, No. 44 Market Street, by
may28 E. W. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Tourney's Preservative Powder, the only Powder to Prevent and Remove Complexion or Salt, of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Rouge, Pearl Powder, Lip Salve, Hair Dye, Tooth Powder, &c. RIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 3 pieces; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making a large assortment of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES'.
dec27 45 Merrimack

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
H. HAYNES has received a large assortment of Children's Carriages Boys' Wagons, Horses, Sleds, Hobby Horses, Wheelbarrows, and Portable Folding Swings, combining the most natural and healthy exercise. So much for economy, the chemistry of human life and the laws which govern the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied that the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the destroying vitality of their erroneous habits. Each one's case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached the meridian, and he believed that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—dandruff and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with, he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ *For Sale* by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. ☜

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Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind., Jan. 1, 1860.

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ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands on an unassailable position, and whose attention has been turned to inventing a hair tonic has ever been successful. Many preparations sudden but worst wide, and thousands who have used them will say so. Wood's is now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant hair in spring. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which govern the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied that the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the destroying vitality of their erroneous habits. Each one's case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached the meridian, and he believed that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—dandruff and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with, he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

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BURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN PLAIN for sale at 3 cents per sheet, at the office of the Daily Courier, and at 336 new Bookstore.
apr27 No. 32 Merrimack st.

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Scrub Brushes, Counter Brushes, Wash Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Boards, Clothes Pins, Clothes Lines, Mats, Baskets, Tubs, Pails, Brooms, &c., for sale by E. S. DENIS, 17 Central st.

FARMERS,
JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANN'S,
Bone Dust, Ground Bone, Superphosphate of Lime;
Ichols Mapes's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;
Ichols Mapes's Super Phosphate of Lime;
100 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Barley, Buck-wheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.,
apr19 No. 18 Central street

LIGHT FELT HATS.

HALL COLUMBIA, Mr. Ambrose, Banner Boy, Gen. Scott, Young America, Jenny Lind and other new styles of Felt Hats in rich and fashionable colors, just received from the first French State—just received at
BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVEN TO BE A GOOD REMEDY.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, in the Limbs, Back, or all internal and external Pains. All who have used it exclaim, "*What a powerful thing!*" "*What a soothing!*"

Our advice to all sufferers is to use

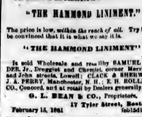
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & HERRWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and all retail by Dealers generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 14, 1861. tuthlddly



TRADE FOR THOSE GOODS

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,553 91
Dividends paid to date,	1,456,000 00
Losses paid,	1,356,353 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, insuring each other—the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned are those of the Mutual Trust and Newark Gas Stocks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined strictly to the basis now of Life.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends the insured to the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly, according as Policies for Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in a note, drawing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually in advance.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The Dividends are paid to all the insured in ordinary Life Policies, after the first year, in cash or reduction of premium, at the option of the insured.

The Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders it more certain, and operates on the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based, that the Dividends will continue to be made.

It is therefore premature to be so important that those connected with it should call the attention of their friends to the following facts:

The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 21 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.
mar7 6tf

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes pain is felt under the left breast; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and is frequently mistaken for a pain of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, sometimes in any part of the head, very sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a feeling that some duty or having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility, he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can not summon up resolution enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts everybody. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but in no case has occurred, where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to be deeply diseased or deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, in cases of AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No more distressing sick headache, peppermint or, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

Address all orders to
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Dr. Beaten and Physicians ordering from other cities will please address FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and not Alleghany City, as we have no connection with any house in Alleghany City. For Sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, and by druggists generally throughout the United States.

Also for sale by C. C. GODWIN & CO., Boston; A. WYER & POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents, Boston; and by Druggists generally throughout the New England States.

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G. C. GODWIN & CO., Wholesale Agents for WYER & POTTER, and REED & CUTLER, Wholesale Agents, Boston, Mass., and Wholesale Druggists, 107 Broadway, New York.

Also for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass.

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THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct
AS TO
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statements, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest standing as well as many others, given in the most unqualified assertion, and recommend it for all cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

KIDDER'S HAIR DYE.—The best, cheapest and most superior article is highly recommended. It contains no sulphur, lead or nitrate of silver, and will leave the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. It restores the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and will not stain the skin. Price 50 cents per box.

KIDDER'S HAIR DYEING.—The best and superior article is highly recommended. It contains no sulphur, lead or nitrate of silver, and will leave the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. It restores the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., and will not stain the skin. Price 50 cents per box.

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Sold wholesale and retail by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

TO THE LADIES.

THE USE of KIDDER'S Preparations for the Hair, positively effects in eradicating the dandruff, and will restore gray hair to its natural color, and promote whiskers, moustaches, &c. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. mar17

PROCTOR'S DRINKING CUPS.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Silver Plated and Britannia Plated Cups, just the thing for Picnics, Parties, Excursions, and thousands of others.
apr27 45 Merrimack st.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE
PATTERNS for Sale at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS,
FOR THE CURE OF
Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,
DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

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Also for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass.

ly mar9

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machine.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach ne in market, to the execution of a greater variety of sewing required in a fam ly. They will sew from one to twenty thicknes s of Mar perlins without stopping, and make ev y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In soft work a machine best adapted to family use? and if ever adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machines, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or cloth cut on the bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or less liable to get out of order, and none is easier understood.

The operation of these Machines, wherever seen, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, in 1860, being the only Premium for five sewing machines won.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest at the Manchester Fair, Union, N. Y. In the same thing generally whenever properly exhibited for trial. But we have space for only two more facts, which are the most important of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give perfect satisfaction than any other machine in market, or the money will be refunded.

Fact No. 12.—The peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have not seen them, and the fact that the constant inquiry of thousands, from almost every section of country, is why they are not known? The peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine for the this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unqualified warranty. We have no space for more such, by mere reference to certain kinds of conventional fiends, who may have imposed themselves of certain personal obligations, but we have space for a few facts in relation to our Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or sewing in general.

The company having determined to meet the wants of the people, have put on the market several Machines, and have furnished them with such Attachments as experience has proved to be necessary, so goes etc., to be found any where in the market, and at reasonable prices.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends the insured to the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly, according as Policies for Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in a note, drawing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually in advance.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, July 8, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

The telegraphic reports from Washington confidently predict a forward movement soon. Regiments of troops are every few hours moving into Virginia from Washington, and on the 7th two New York Regiments were sent to the vicinity of Martinsburg, indicating a purpose of another move in that direction. The greatest activity prevails in military departments. Since Friday, upward of thirty rifle cannon have been sent into Virginia, and reports prevail that large reinforcements are soon to join the troops already occupying the "sacred soil" of the Old Dominion.

From the vicinity of Martinsburg information of a reliable nature has been received, which represents that Gen. Johnson, of the rebels, has been reinforced.—This fact leads to the prompt strengthening of Gen. Patterson's column. A battle in this direction is not unlooked for.

The names of first Lieutenant John Thomas Goode and Capt. Thomas McNab, of the regular army, have been stricken from the rolls on account of treasonable sentiments uttered by them. Assistant Surgeon Lafayette Gould has also been similarly served for refusing to take the oath of allegiance.

A member of the New York Zouaves was found dead in front of a house of ill repute, on the 5th inst. Indignant at this, a party of the Zouaves visited the place, drove the inmates out, pitched the furniture, &c., of three houses of the same character into the street, and set the whole ablazing on fire. They were burned. An immense crowd gathered, but a dash of a company of flying artillery into the crowd, had the effect of scatter it, but not until the peace of the city was seriously endangered.

A skirmish between two privates of the First Michigan Regiment is reported to have taken place near Fairfax. The Michigan troops fired upon the rebels, and are sure of having killed one man. Another sending party of the same regiment met with four rebels (cavalry near Cloud's Mills, and the latter sprung their fire upon them, the former were only two in number, and one of God.

Secretary Cameron was at Fortress Monroe on the 5th. It is believed that his visit relates to the position to be taken by both as to offensive and defensive measures and it is predicted that any deficiencies will be promptly supplied.

A skirmish is reported between Hawkins Zouaves and the rebels at Newport News. Capt. Bumwell, with 30 men of Col. Hawkins's regiment, while on a reconnoissance Friday morning encountered a considerable force of Confederate infantry an cavalry. Shots were at once exchanged, and two rebel officers and one private are said to have been killed and seven wounded. Capt. Bumwell was unable to withstand so large a force, and withdrew to camp without loss.

Missouri. The news from Missouri is encouraging. Gen. Lyon was 31 miles south of Springfield on the 4th. There is a report that Gov. Jackson's secretary has called a meeting of the Legislature to pass an ordinance of secession—but this will amount to nothing. The State convention assembles at Jefferson City on the 22nd inst.

Ohio troops in a fight. Forty-five men belonging to the 3rd Ohio regiment, under Capt. Lawson, while on a scouting expedition last night, fell in with an ambuscade of 700 rebels, at Middle Fork Bridge, 12 miles east of Buchanan, and were surrounded. After a desperate fight they cut their way through, losing one killed and having five wounded. Five of the enemy's dead were found to day. The Ohio troops are now at Col. Lowe's encampment, and the combined rebel armies seem to be concentrating in this vicinity and a battle seems inevitable.

Gen. Wise reported wounded. A special dispatch to the *Cincinnati Commercial*, from Pomeroy, O., dated the 7th, says that Col. Norton, with 150 men, has just returned from an expedition into Virginia. He captured 4 horses and 16 head of C le ow mules and brought them in.

Gen ral Wise and a bodyguard of 50 men, under Gen. Patton, were fired into by the natives of Near Sissonville, and Wise and Patton are supposed to have been mortally wounded, and 20 of the men killed. The report is undoubtedly true in substance. Both the wounding of Wise and Patton needs confirmation.

Indications of a battle. Gen. Patterson's forces was at Martinsburg on the night of the 4th, and all was quiet. The rebels have plundered the people there of nearly everything, and the inhabitants of Harper's Ferry had the same experience.

A special dispatch to the *Tribune* from Baltimore says three New York regiments passed through on Friday and Saturday to reinforce Gen. Patterson. The Maryland 1st regiment has also started for the same destination.

It is reported that a rebel regiment of infantry fled into a detachment of rebel cavalry at Fairfax by mistake, killing 8.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: The 9th New York regiment reached to-day, the rest of Col. Stone's column joining Gen. Patterson's forces. Generals Patterson and McClellan are pushing forward rapidly, and will converge their columns at a point south of Winchester, and be ready to co-operate with the column starting hence for Richmond.

A portion of Gen. McClellan's force will proceed to Cumberland Gap to afford aid and protection to the Unionists of East Tennessee. The rebels are again extending their lines in the direction of Falls Church, and it is said they are making entrenchments at Centreville.

IMPORTANT RUMOR. A dispatch dated Baltimore, July 5th, says that Henry May (lately chosen to Congress) left that city on Tuesday last for Richmond, where he now. There are various rumors in relation to his visit. Previous to starting he had an interview with President Lincoln, but what it is in connection with his visit is unknown. It is said on Saturday that he was visited by Jeff. Davis, and that he was accompanied by two prominent Pennsylvanians, both friends of the Government.

RETAKEN WORK. The Norfolk Mills, which have been stopped for five weeks past, resume operations to-day, and employ 300 of the old hands in the manufacture of the common cotton goods.

Medicines.

French Hair-Dyes, Curling Fluids, &c., sold by all Apothecaries.

THE FOURTH AT CARLISLE. The citizens of Carlisle, without respect of parties or creeds, celebrated the glorious Fourth in a manner which reflected great credit upon all the people of that town.

There never had been a flag-staff in the town, which could be considered as public property, and for many years at all. Some two weeks since the matter was taken into consideration by several prominent citizens, and the project of erecting one met with such general favor that a meeting was called, and committee appointed to carry into effect the resolution to erect a flag-staff on the 4th.

Capt. Green, a noble hearted patriot, who saw service in the war of 1812, gave the pine tree, of which the pole was to be made, and entered into the whole arrangement for the celebration with all the zeal, which, in former years characterized him as a true soldier. Everybody found some way to help the work on, and the result is, that on the common, in front of the two churches, the town of Carlisle has as fine a flag-staff as can be found in any town for many miles around.

A flag was purchased at an expense of $35; and at 10½ o'clock, on the morning of the 4th, all was ready for the act of throwing the banner to the breeze.

A small military company, composed of young men, had been formed to act as escort on the occasion, which part they performed in a creditable manner, showing that our young men are capable of doing when called upon at short notice. There were present thirty-four young ladies, beautiful as Aurat, dressed in white, with sashes of red, white and blue, and crowns, on each of which was the name of a State, surrounded with the seal and motto of the United States. The whole was finely conceived, and the young ladies to whom it was executed, must have been selected from the fairest in the town, for they were fairer flowers than we are accustomed to meet, so many in a single village.

At half-past 10 o'clock, the Chief Marshal of the day, Mr. J. P. Heard, announced that all was ready, and the Marshals of the committee on the flag, run it up amid the cheers of men and women, the waving of smaller banners, and the booming of a "right smart" cannon, fired with brief but that occasion. A speech of presentation to the town was then made, after which the "Star-Spangled Banner" was sung in fine style by a large choir.

The young lady who represented *Massachusetts*, attended by *Virginia* and *South Carolina*, came forward, and in a spirited and elegant address, made the point of the occasion, and of the spirit of 1861. A. R. Brown, Esq., of this city was then called to the stand, and was warmly greeted by those present. He made a happy response, which was followed by the Rev. Mr. Ballard, one of the resident clergyman of the town, who put the company in most excellent humor by his quaint and telling speech. A prayer was then offered by the Rev. Mr. Ballard, and the whole amount required for the fund for the year will be $318,519,381 of which $185,296,379 will be required for the War Department and $30,609,520 for the Navy Department.

He thinks it may be necessary to levy a direct tax. He also proposes a duty of 2½ cents per pound on brown sugar, 3 cents per pound on clayed sugar, 4 cents per pound on loaf and other refined sugar; 2½ cents per pound on syrup of sugar-cane; 6 cents per pound on candy; 6 cents per gallon of molasses; 4 cents per gallon of sour molasses; also a duty of 5 cents per pound on coffee; 15 cents per pound on black tea, and 25 cents per pound on green tea, and expects from these duties an additional revenue of not less than $20,000,000 annually.

The Secretary says it will be necessary to raise the sum of $50,000,000 for the current year, at least, by direct taxes, or from internal duties or excises, or from both, and leaves the question, as to which shall be resorted to, to Congress. One-eighth of one per cent. ad valorem on the whole real and personal property of the country would produce $20,128,577; a rate of one-fifth of one per cent. on the States not under insurrection would produce $21,800,000, and three fifths of one per cent. on real property alone in those States would produce nearly 23,000,000, either being in excess of the amount required. The Secretary is of the opinion that Constitutional relief against direct taxes will be satisfied if Congress, in the act of levying such a tax, shall apportion it among the several States.

The public debt on the 4th was $240,000,000 by loans. He submits the expediency of opening subscriptions for the National loan of not less than one hundred millions to be issued in notes bearing interest of seven and three-tenths per cent. to be paid semi-annually, redeemable at pleasure after three years, and convertible at this loan be proposes to issue in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000 and $5000, and that books of subscription be opened at depositories of public monies, office of Postmasters and other places throughout the country.

The Secretary also proposes that bonds be issued to lenders in this country or foreign countries as par for sums of 100, 500, and 1000 pounds sterling, not exceeding one hundred millions sterling, to be redeemable at pleasure after 30 years, bearing interest of 7 per cent.

He also recommends the issue of treasury notes for $10 or $20, payable a year after date to an amount not exceeding $-fifty millions at three 65-100 per cent.

The public debt on the first day of July, 1861, was $90,867,828.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, on Saturday, the bill to promote the efficiency of the army was referred to the military committee consisting of Messrs. Wilson, Hale Lanman, Sherman, Powell, Cowan, King, Kennedy and Howe. Senator Johnson, of Maryland, subsequently took the oath. The death of Mr. Scranton, member of the House from Pennsylvania, was announced. The standing committees were announced. The following are the most important committees:

Foreign Relations—Messrs. Sumner, Collamer, Dodittle, Wilmot, Browning, Polk and Breckinridge.

Military Affairs and the Militia — Messrs. Wilson, King, Baker, Lane of Kansas, Rice and Latham.

Finance—Messrs. Fessenden, Simmons, Collamer, Doolittle, Wilmot, Browning, Baker and Saulsbury.

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REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY. Secretary Chase reports that the whole amount required for the fiscal year will be $318,519,381 of which $185,296,379 will be required for the War Department and $30,609,520 for the Navy Department.

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Finance—Messrs. Fessenden, Simmons,

CITY AND VICINITY.

We, the undersigned, urgent and desirous to readers made standing, hereby request gentlemen's furnishing goods, to come to close our respective stores of business every night each week (keeping open Friday and Saturday evenings only) at [illegible], during the months of July and August, commencing Monday, July 8,1861.

Wm. B. Bennett, & Co. | Josiah A. Wentworth.
Wm. B. Bennett, | J. Adams.
Samuel Pollard, | Wm. Hall.
James Pollard, | D. McFeely.
Thomas Hall, | John Quinn.
Leonard A. Thomas, | Henry Bragg.
Wm. S. Pond & Co., | Jacob Rogers.
A. Hamblet, | A. Hamblet.
A. Churchill & Co., | M. Dempsey.
C. Partridge, | Joseph Bailey.
J. J. Dudley, | James White.
Wm. Gilman, | A. S. Woodward.
Gilman & Burbank, Lowell, July 8, 1861.

FIRE. From a carriage, Wednesday afternoon, on the river road between Lowell and Lawrence, a trunk containing clothing, &c., was thrown out. The owner will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at this office. 7-2t

REMOVAL!!

JOSHUA MERRILL, has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 23 Central to No. 77 Merrimack Room—[end of Central Bridge] May 31, 1861. may31eod1

GONE AT LAST. This afternoon at quarter past 2 o'clock, the Butler Rifles, Capt. Eben James, and the Hill Cadets, Capt. Patrick S. Procter, left in the cars for Boston, from whence they go to Camp Cameron, at Cambridge, where they will remain until ordered into the service of the United States, probably for three months. Both companies have been organized for about eleven weeks, and it has been only by the liberality of public spirited citizens, and a small appropriation by the city, that they have been able to keep up their organizations, and it is a relief to both the companies and citizens that at last they have got where they will be provided for by the State. These companies are both made up of a material that under discipline will now be converted into good soldiers, and we have no doubt but that should they be called upon the cohorts of Jeff. Davis, the latter would feel inclined to retreat.

About half past one o'clock, the Butler Rifles, were escorted by the Wamesit Rifles and the High School Cadets to Huntington Hall, where prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Blanchard, and a few remarks were made by Mayor Wentworth. Other gentlemen would have spoken but the car bell announced that "time was up."

The Hill Cadets marched directly to the cars and took their seats. As quarter past two o'clock the cars moved out of the depot amid loud cheering from the crowd, which was returned by the soldiers.

THE LOWELL COMPANIES. We learn that Company D, Captain Proctor, and Company E, Captain James, of Lowell, have been transferred from the 19th to the 16th regiment; Company D to retain its letter of designation, and Company E to become Company D. They go to Camp Cameron, at Cambridge.

The Second Massachusetts Regiment, Col. Gordon's, which has been in service at Camp Andrew, in West Roxbury, has been ordered to march to the camp at Williamsport, Md., which is not far from Martinsburg, Va. They join Gen. Patterson's command. In this regiment are the Lowell Grays, of Lowell, Capt. Cook, of Abbott. The regiment leaves Boston this afternoon.

FIRES. During the dry and hot season, there are generally among fires which destroy much property, and often the most serious fires occur during the months of July and August. It should be borne in mind by all who have the care of buildings or tenements, to see well to their fire, lest by accident a fire may break out and much property be destroyed, when the roofs and every part of a wooden building are little less than a mass of combustible materials. A little extra care will prevent many persons from losing their all, and being turned out of house and home when they themselves could have prevented it.

LOWELL BANKS. The following is the official statement of the average condition of the Banks in Lowell, for the four weeks ending June 29, 1861 :—

	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Deposits.
Appleton,	$240,000 00	$10,231	$106,107
Lowell,	49,000	33,000	26,166
Merrimack,	200,000	30,000	70,000
Suffolk,	200,000	120,000	70,000
Tremont,	200,000	120,000	70,000
Wamesit,	200,000	120,000	70,000

	Balances in Due from		Due to other Banks.	Circulation.
	Boston.	Country Banks.		
Appleton,	$ 6,151	$ 2,847	$ 11,231	$ 106,107
Lowell,	9 621	11	1,000	26,166
Merrimack,	31,539	41,427		82,965
Suffolk,	48,543	10,000	208	70,000
Tremont,	67,115	43,737	2,047	70,000
Wamesit,	1,233	50,000	1,233	70,000

	June 1st.	June 29th.	Increase.	Dec.
Capital,	$ 1,000,000	$ 1,000,000		
Loans and dis.	1,071,621	1,186,779	$115,787	
Specie on hand,	227,231	245,231	18,000	
Deposits,	426,194	404,685		19,749
Circulation,	488,543	494,543	7,000	
Due from sth.				
Banks,	42,251	39,172		10,151
Due other Banks,	8,707	8,956	251	
Specie,	222,766	204,617		18,149

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Leaving a balance which I presented to the company in the name of dooors of $63.96

Lowell, July 6th, 1861. PAUL HILL.

A CARD. The Butler Rifle Company, on the morn of their departure from Lowell, would return their heartfelt thanks to the generous hearted citizens of Lowell—for the many kind donations and well gifts which they have received during the whole period since their formation. Solids and fluids in the shape of articles of convenience and comfort, have been liberally furnished them, and many is this city will long be remembered by every member, for their kindness and liberality, and also forbearance. They would also return their thanks to the ladies of this section feel in the many kind donations and well gifts which they have received during the whole period since their formation. Solids and fluids in the shape of articles of convenience and comfort, have been liberally furnished them, and many is this city will long be remembered by every member, for their kindness and liberality, and also forbearance. They would also return their thanks to the ladies of this section feel in the many kind donations and well gifts which they have received during the whole period since their formation. Solids and fluids in the shape of articles of convenience and comfort, have been liberally furnished them, and many is this city will long be remembered by every member, for their kindness and liberality, and also forbearance.

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To the donors of aid to the military company commanded by Capt. Patrick S. Procter :—

I desire to submit a statement of the disposition made by me of the money received by me as solicitor in aid of the above company.

I received in all from one hundred and sixteen subscribers seventeen hundred and fifty-two dollars, with which I have paid the following bills :—

Rent & Bush for cloth, April 26,		$41.69
7th and 13th,	officers' allowances	363.42
and 74 fatigue caps.		
Gilman & Burbank, for making uniforms,		181 26
Hugh McEvoy,	do. do.	209.50
John Quinn,	do. do.	120.00
W. S. Bennett,	do. do.	120.00
A. G. Houlston's bills of May 7th and 13th,		9.00
A. E. Sawyer, making belts,		23.75
E. W. Wheelock for military buttons,		27.00
Rent & Bush in addition to above,		16.00
A. W. Pollard for belt-clasps,		20.12
		$1684.04
		$1753.09

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CAPTAIN JAMES.

Lowell, July 10, 1861.

MORE EARLY CLOSING. It will be seen by advertisement elsewhere that the tailors and dealers in ready made clothing, &c., have agreed to close their respective places of business at 7 o'clock in the evening, every evening except Fridays and Saturdays, till September, commencing to-day. This is a good idea, and will undoubtedly be a pecuniary advantage to themselves, besides giving all connected with the business an opportunity of spending the warm evenings of two months to much better advantage, and probably will be followed by those in other branches of business.

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN. We would call the attention of those wishing to purchase a private residence, to the advertisement headed "For Sale or To Let" in to-day's paper. Persons interested in the premises enables us to say that they are all that is set forth in the advertisement.

PRESENTATION TO THE SIXTH REGIMENT. On the Fourth of July, the loyal citizens of Lowell presented the Sixth with a beautiful silk flag of the stars and stripes. The presentation speech was made by Hon. S. J. Hardy, to which Col. Jones happily responded in behalf of the regiment.

THE ALL-PREVAILING SENTIMENT. A street conversation, an evening or two since, to which we were not an unwilling listener, gives as good an idea as anything that we have heard, of the anxiety that prevails among all classes, sexes, and conditions, for the country's welfare in her hour of peril. Two ladies were just ahead of us conversing in earnest tones about something. We can only catch a sentence of them so)—"He is immensely rich"—The thought struck us that somebody's matrimonial prospects were being discussed, but judge of our pleasure and surprise on hearing the lady add, "and he could give a large sum of money to the country to aid it in carrying on the war." "But he is not a citizen," replied the other lady. "O, yes!" was the reply, "he has a brother and sister's children; but, as he is worth half a million, he could give a large sum to the country without leaving them comfortable." This is but one of many instances illustrative of the interest the ladies of this section feel in the present struggle, in which the whole nation is now engaged. They are unanimous in sentiment and purpose, and are not backward in sacrifices on their own part, and do not fail to observe with the generous ones are, or who are able to give "material aid" to their country.

MURDER IN CANAAN, N. H. On Thursday evening last, a man about thirty years of age, named Aaron Bradbury, was shot dead in the road in the town of Canaan, in the Mace White, both of Canaan, N. H. The night before the Fourth, a body of young men had made a good deal of noise in the vicinity of White's house, and he threatened if it was repeated, he would shoot some of the disturbers of his quiet. On Thursday night, more in consequence of his threat than for any other purpose, the same party were around his house and the noises of the night before were repeated. this was about 10 o'clock in the evening White appeared with a musket, and fired into the crowd, wounding Bradbury in the thigh, severing the femoral artery, in consequence of which he soon died. Soon after White was arrested, and on Friday he was taken before the Court, and on Friday had not been arrested. The affair is an unfortunate one, and created much excitement where it occurred, as is known. Bradbury was a quiet, peaceable citizen, and there was no ill-feeling between him and White, who, however, is spoken of as a somewhat irritable man, though no one presumes he is he meditated the murder of any of his neighbors when he threatened to shoot if they disturbed him. He is about forty-five years of age.

MRS. HARMER, No. 620 FOURTH ST., SAYS OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, that

Prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

New York, May 15, 1861.

"I A child of mine showing symptoms of worms. I gave it a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, which brought away a bunch of worms, numbering, I should judge, about thirty. The child was very sick during the operation, but is now well and hearty.

Mrs. Tuttle, No. 18 Avenue[illegible], writes under date of August 19, 1865, and says she has been troubled with worms for more than a year, and that she took one bottle of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by Fleming Bros., which brought away from her over three hundred worms, big and little. She now believes herself to be entirely free from disease.

Mrs. Rogers, a German woman, residing on 204 Harrison street, says, that after using one vial of M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, she passed two *large tape worms*.

The above certificates are all from parties well known in this city. If there are any who doubt, they have the means at command and can satisfy themselves by personal inquiry.

Fleming Bros. are the only agents in this city for the genuine M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by them at Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in the city, or that may be offered to you, are a base counterfeit, although a powerful remedy, it is not the particular article which we wish to be purchased for them; and if prescribed in return, then by our acts can we in some way repay our beneficence. We thank you all, and shall endeavor to do our best, both as men and soldiers.

T. C. HUDSON, *Clerk.*

Lowell, July 10, 1861.

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SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

RECEIVE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In presenting the name and title for which pleasure in the issue, it is revivifying, rehilarating and enlivening to the vital powers. It also revives, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and invigorates the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature*, and harmonize with the weakest stomach and tone up the digestive organs, and also all nervous and other irritations, as to be the most perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by inevitable depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure in the least degree. It is the most radical alterative and diffusive. It can be taken by the weakest stomach, while the most delicate health will at once feel its exhilarating power. We say no other will be offered to the public, but this could none will be for a day without it — *New York Atlas.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects more in fellow those in common use, will prove a boon to be a desideratum in the medical world — Such a tonic and one so wholly composed of roots from the vegetable kingdom as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature in order to soothe the weakest stomach, and at the same time allay nervous and other irritations and tone up all the organs of which the human being is composed, is offered by Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.— Hence, it is perfectly adapted to each and every Reader, try it. Thousands have already done so, and the testimony is universal in its favor. —*New York Atlas.*

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL. It is recorded in the Classics that Psyche was once sent to a warmer climate than the Ward Indies, in a basket, a sample of which Prosperine in a box. After some delay the manager returned and was astonished to find the box was removed, but few left the ills that flesh is heir to. Fortunately a few were left in the bottom of the box. Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial revives the reconstructs the system, for it invigorates the blood, aids the organs of digestion, imparts vigor to the whole nervous system, and fortifies the citadel of health so as to hold defiance to the assaults of disease. It is a healthy tonic, composed entirely of vegetable productions, and when it is exhilarating as pure wine, no injurious results can possibly follow its use. It is a great specific in the medical world, and those who are afflicted with loss of appetite, dyspepsia, nervousness, faintness, giddiness, neuralgia, debilities, &c., of whatever name or nature, should at once use this Cordial none will be for a day without it — *New York Atlas.*

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PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR, for the cure of General Debility, or Weakness arising from any cause, also, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Invitant Consumption, Liver Complaint, Chronic Sores, Loss of Appetite, Female Weakness in all stages; also to prevent the first attack of disease is certainly the best and most agreeable Cordial inside and Renovator ever offered to the afflicted, and so chemically combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet in accordance with the laws of nature, that if it were not for type, it would print itself. Strengthening the stomach and bowels, also Creates giving full informs us, and we have ever found it to do all that is claimed for it. But the directions must be strictly followed, and to you we commend it. Send for it at once, and never fail to find relief. Sold by druggists. — *New York Dispatch.*

IF Before noticing a patent medicine, we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that is claimed for it. We have found that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of Prof. WOOD will stand the test fully, and in fact it is without any doubt the first article in the market for Purifying the blood and strengthening the system. We have no hesitation in recommending its use to all. — *New Yorker.*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many, in consequence of a false delicacy, suffer from dyspepsia, or other disorders of the digestive organs, and from a mistaken idea that are young that hypochondriacal nature will work itself clear from the stomachic, and all come right in the end, little dreaming that the seeds of dissolution are already germinating in the system because the vital energies are impaired, and the entire animal economy deranged debilitated, and yet, carelessness of the morrow as they are, if a remedy were not before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body, they would take it, and then be in time to save their lives. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator. — *New York Courier.*

O J WOOD, Proprietor, No. 414 Broadway, and No. 114 Hudson Street, N. Y. cor. Duane.

Sold by all Druggists. 1y

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue,

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is done and for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction. It is the only female remedy ever found, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail on any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *with-out a single failure* when taken as directed, and we challenge the world to produce its equal. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1, Single Strength, $1 per bottle, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

If Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions of the menses, and other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented IN EVERY RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded.*

Beware of Imitations. None genuine unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his Depot. Prepared and sold by DR. MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 29 Union street Providence, R. I.

The Best Investment at the Lowest Price.

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have extended to the sale of this establishment, and a promise to endeavor to continue to merit their favors in the future as they have heretofore, I respectfully invite a call from all after making selections elsewhere.

Dr. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street.

HURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. H. STONE'S Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack st. apr29

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handle, Shoe Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Comb Brushes, Wash Brushes, Horse Brushes, and everything else in the line of brushes, now on hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices by S. HAYNES & MERRIMACK'S Bookstore.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Pen and Table Cutlery, such sets of table ware, also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., &c., manufactured and for sale by S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, Boys' Carts, Toy Carts, Toy Wagons, Rocking Horses, Swings, and Portable Folding Swings, including sundry articles, which he will sell very cheap at 45 Merrimack st. may17tf

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. HAYNES'S,

A few boxes Simpson's Improved Super Phosphate of Lime.

A few Mapes' No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime; also Mapes' Super Phosphate of Lime, warranted genuine 100 bushels Bone Dust, ground fine.

50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Timothy, Rye Grass, Sun Grass, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.

apr26 tf 130 Central street

LIGHT FELT HATS.

HALL, TOLLMAN, Bird, Anderson, Bennett, Washington, Union, Arcade, Natty Bumpo, and other new styles of Felt Hats in rich and choice shade, for summer wear; also a rare lot of real Panama Hats—just received by

apr26 BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Law-sheets, Addresses, Circulars, Bill-heads, Blanks, Reports, &c. &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions, Business Cards, Programmes, Show-Bills, Tag-type Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING LEHIBITIONS OR EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl our fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapt-ed to every description of work—in packs and in reams to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK OF

COOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE and manufactures to order and the on style—employs good workmen on frame

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Jewel and other series, Ornamented and Plain.

Regilding and Repairing Pictures for Glass

mittation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Sept. 26, 1860. sep26tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in ivory and Gold setting, Pinning, Embroidering, &c. &c., at

11 Central street, at greatly reduced prices. may23 tf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

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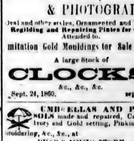
Sept. 26, 1860. sep26tf



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England, France and Germany, and is now opening at the Palace Gift

Painted, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

ea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the most celebrated manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS,

of every description. For lighting Factories, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Tinnings. Oil Lamps offered to Retail at one short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at a reduction prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Se t, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

of common, medium, and superior qualities, on the principal manufactories in this country, together with a full supply of

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods can find it to their advantage to call and examine our assortment, being assured that the *full attention* will be given to all orders entrusted to us, and that *no effort* will be spared on the part of the subscribers to render entire satisfaction to all who favor us with a call.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue

Is the Only Specially embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of long and extensive practice, giving his *whole attention* to them. Correspondence from all parts of the country strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from exposure. Office in all parts of the United States Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

The Best Investment at the Lowest Price.

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have extended to the sale of this establishment, and a promise to endeavor to continue to merit their favors in the future as they have heretofore, I respectfully invite a call from all after making selections elsewhere.

Dr. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street.

HURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. H. STONE'S Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack st. apr29

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handle, Shoe Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Comb Brushes, Wash Brushes, Horse Brushes, and everything else in the line of brushes, now on hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices by S. HAYNES & MERRIMACK'S Bookstore.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Pen and Table Cutlery, such sets of table ware, also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., &c., manufactured and for sale by S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, Boys' Carts, Toy Carts, Toy Wagons, Rocking Horses, Swings, and Portable Folding Swings, including sundry articles, which he will sell very cheap at 45 Merrimack st. may17tf

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. HAYNES'S,

A few boxes Simpson's Improved Super Phosphate of Lime.

A few Mapes' No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime; also Mapes' Super Phosphate of Lime, warranted genuine 100 bushels Bone Dust, ground fine.

50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Timothy, Rye Grass, Sun Grass, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.

apr26 tf 130 Central street

LIGHT FELT HATS.

HALL, TOLLMAN, Bird, Anderson, Bennett, Washington, Union, Arcade, Natty Bumpo, and other new styles of Felt Hats in rich and choice shade, for summer wear; also a rare lot of real Panama Hats—just received by

apr26 BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE and all Inflammatory Diseases, in which it is applicable, "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" One trial will convince you.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and you will find that it is the best that is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KITTREDGE, Jr., Druggist, 141 Chestnut corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACK & BREWSTER, 24, PERRY, Manchester; N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861 tuthsolobly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$2,812,558 80
Dividends paid to date,	1,189,441 20
Losses paid,	$1,903,000 55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, which has been adhered to ever since. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the large accumulation fund in existence is the result of premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual safety and advantages.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fir-t Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany and Newark Gas Light Stocks.

The insured get all the profits.

The Company has paid annually to all who have paid two Loss premiums.

The profits can be paid to the insured in set ling Premium portions. Those who pay their premiums annually, can have the profits paid to them in cash, and should pay a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. annually, for the amount of the premium, to be paid annually in cash.

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The Company has now the large number of 7717 Policies in force; and the rapidly increasing number presents unusual riches more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which the Life Premiums are based. All kinds of the Insurance business transacted, and every facility afforded consistent with safety to the assurance to the advantages offered.

This Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1861. Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL Agent,
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar2 dly

MOTHERS!

IT must be obvious not only to you, but to every observer and thinker, that the present day is the mass of infants above chiefly from a disordered condition of their food, and if they survive, they are to present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, a remedy long

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL,

prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during many years. Its composition is to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for the complaints of infants, and to be a safe substitute for the nursing of the mother, and the proper nourishment of the food.

For Children Teething;

at this period so infantile life when your system is liable to be thrown into convulsions, this Cordial will allay pain, it regulates the bowels, relieves *Inflammation and Relieving all Pain*. For *Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache*, immediately offer like as a certain relief and cure to the Cholera Infantum, which is so fatal to infants in this respect can hardly be estimated

In Convulsions,

from whatever cause they arise, it is there from any other disease the best remedy is to be found in the Infantile Cordial. It is also a most valuable remedy in Canker, and Sore Mouth, and for all complaints alone, the intrinsic value is such that it has been recommended by one hundred of the most eminent physicians of the Boston's Infantile Cordial has been used in the practice of many years with success, and it can be confidently offered to the public as a safe and reliable remedy. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is important in this respect can hardly be estimated

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No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, ever is used which in any Party, Powder, Cordial, Drop, Syrup, or any other preparation for infantile disease, at this time be offered to the public by us. We claim for this article the sanction of the Medical Faculty, and the confidence of the community. Mothers are becoming convinced of the fallacy of the old and long sighted preparations which are certain to result from the use of narcotics and opiates, and will hail with pleasure the advent of a safe and reliable remedy, prepared by skillful physicians, and combining in the form, safety, efficacy, and economy in the Infantile Cordial offers from every other remedy of its kind.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by hardening the secretions of the system, but relieves through the pure medicinal qualities, by removing all pain and irritation, and by its soothing properties, and therefore, to the use of this remedy you may have at hand a remedy which will never disappoint you in the hour of need. *Try it, it is fully harmless, and cannot injure in the least.*

The price brings the Eaton Infantile Cordial within the reach of all, and is very low. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Sole Proprietors, 108 Fulton street, N. Y.

And sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 bush. Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N WOODS, mar7 corner Merrimack and John sts.

Kinney's Lirocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found a great saving of labor, *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however much it may be soiled, will look as new. Its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KINDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. mh15

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo and Linen Dusters, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

OBR T. BILLINGS

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest kind in the market, for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.

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THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE and all Inflammatory Diseases, in which it is applicable, "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" One trial will convince you.

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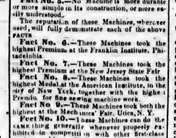

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mar2 dly

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

539 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a fine, even thread, that has as much thread or silk as the chain or ornamental stitch.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines can be adapted, they are capable of a much wider range, to the frequent changes and the many various purposes required in family sewing, than will ever come to the knowledge of fifty sewing women in their lives, and make over fifteen different stitches, from the coarsest to the finest cloth, and even sheet iron, leather, and gutta percha, with perfect ease, elasticity, tension, or runners, as may be required.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, as goods of any kind in use.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable when used, or less liable to get out of repair, or more easily understood.

The operation of these Machines, now in use, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, in 1858.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, where also with the highest Premium for five sewing machine.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines are so different from all others, that they cannot be infringed upon.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine now in the market, of every description.

Fact No. 12.—We guarantee to keep in repair, for three years, any machine we sell, free of charge, except breakage by accident.

Fact No. 13.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine now in the market, of every description.

Fact No. 14.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine now in the market, of every description.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we can create discarded the "elixir vita," we do say that its life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Pneumonic! consumptives!! Let this be your watchword in this disease!! Unfortunates, who have by excesses of any kind, or by secret habits, destroyed the blood and diminished the red globules, and produced a state of nervousness, debility, and female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy in all cases of deficiency.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the principles of the "Blood Food," will be mailed to any interested party, on receipt of a letter addressed to the agent. It is for sale by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send direct to any address, on receipt of $1 for a single bottle, $5 for a set, or $10 for a set, (a quantity sufficient to last a year,) which will be in red wrappers having been done away with—the $10 set will be sent by express, and the $5 set by mail. Depend upon the fate of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 308 Broadway, N. Y.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., WEBB, PETTEE, and LEMON BROS., Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold in Lowell by Chas. A. Aimsell, Wm. H. French, E. A. Smith, and S. Kidder, & Co. apr26 6m eod

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified approval, and recommend it for all cases of dyspepsia, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but preserve the hair from turning gray, and from falling to it, and restore it to its original color and fullness.

Prepared only by Dr. O. J. WOOD, Proprietor of the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, No. 414 Broadway, and No. 114 Hudson street, N. Y. cor. Duane.

Sold by all Druggists. 1y

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation of the corpuscles of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the liver is caused by congestion of the blood, in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz.: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all other forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

Our attention it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and much money expended, and many books and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among the other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that the blood is brought to its vitality and original vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a first cause, which remove or destroy, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood gives to the world the discovery of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

Iron, air we breathe, we know to coexist a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen when brought in contact with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.

Electricity when brought in contact with a magnet or fluer, causes it to contract.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution as to the motor or instive power of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, causes electricity, and this coming in co tact with the heart causes it to contract, and thus produces the motion of the arterial blood and sends it tingling through the remotest portions of the body.

Having thus found the cause of disease, the

Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, Liver Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Fever and Ague, &c., To a definite cause, we have a definite remedy, viz.: Iron, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a definite effect, viz.: the restoration of the blood to its normal circulation. The blood becomes watery, colds and inflammations are constant, the nerves become nervous, and subject to rheumatic pains, and consumption commences its work. Try and address set in, in short, almost every type of disease but without exception, will be found to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles and the globules.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we can create discarded the "elixir vita," we do say that its life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

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GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum; it is an external remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, by its direct operation, from the same system, and may be taken by children with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

Truefitt, and Hill, Hairdressers to twenty kings and queens, Conduit street, London, say: "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is specific for any error or omission that may occur in the use of our "Hungarian Hair Dressing."

Sold by druggists and dealers in patent medicines. Price 50 cents per bottle, or three bottles for $1. Sent by express to any part of the country on receipt of price.

NORMAN C. GARDINER,
29 Franklin street, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the use of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have used but one bottle, and am entirely relieved.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Jobber,
No. 5 Auburn Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for nearly two years, and suffered more than can be imagined, every part of my body and limbs being covered with sores. Your Compound, and can honestly say I believe it has cured me.

JOHN A. MURDO,
Pearl street, Lowell.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is a remarkably relieved me from my severe suffering. years' standing.

W. E. HODGKINS,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with Salt Rheum, his whole body covered with sores and in constant suffering. Gardiner's Compound has entirely cured him.

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Main street, Bolton.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has done me much good.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Old Colony House, Boston.

Only half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY THOMPSON,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T. Gladden, of Boston, was cured of Neuralgia by "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, and has not been troubled with it since. I have sold the Compound, and that it proved in every instance successful.

E. SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Rhode Island.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is a remarkable remedy for Rheumatism, and have, in every case found immediate relief. Several of my friends, who were afflicted with Neuralgia, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with that disease. Many of the most eminent medicines were offered to the public.

WM. C. WHITNEY,
Whitney Block, Hanover, East Boston.

Sold by all Druggists.

Principal Depot, 91 Kilby Street, Boston.

Wholesale agents for New England, S. H. JENKINS, 47 Cliff street. For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the country.

Also, for sale by Agents for Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound, 36 and 102 Merrimack street. dly

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. S. Simonds, and at Simonds' Depot, No. 308 Broadway, Lawrence, 36 and 102 Merrimack street. dly

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND

Sold by

JOHN T. BILLINGS

Toilet Soaps.

EXCELSIOR Honey and Glycerin, Persian, Bitter Almond, Rose, Palm, Castile, Shaving, Transparent Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal from the celebrated Somerset Mills, for sale by

apr26 S. N. WOODS, 45 Market st.

KIDDER'S HAIR DRESSING.—This new and superior article is highly recommended for *Dressing* and *Beautifying the Hair*. It restores the scalp, removes all scurf, dandruff, &c., for the prevention of which it has long been in general use.

Prepared and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. apr26

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—Recommendations for the Toilet, confidently effectuous in annihilating the Cuticle, and imparting a delicate and lovely appearance without injury to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. apr26

DR. M'LANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC,

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull, the pupils dilate; an unusual semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; occasional nausea; fetid breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, s

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, July 9, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Wade offered a resolution to remit the duties on all arms imported to aid in suppressing the rebellion from May 1st to January 1st. A bill for the relief of Roger Jones, who commanded at Harper's Ferry, when the public property was destroyed, was introduced. Mr. Wilson, from the committee on the subject, reported back the resolutions legalizing the acts of the President; also the bill authorizing the employment of volunteers in enforcing the laws and property.

In the House the committees were announced: Dawes, of Mass. is chairman of the Committee on elections; Sherman, of Pa., on Ways and Means; Washburne, of Ill., on Commerce; Hickman, of Pa., on Judiciary; Hutchins, of Ohio, on Manufactures; Blair, of Mo., on Military Affairs; Ashley, of Ohio, on Territories; Crittenden, of Ky., on Foreign Affairs. The assignments of Massachusetts' members are as follows: Eliot, on Commerce; Buffington, Chairman on Accounts; Thomas, on Judiciary; Rice, on Naval Affairs and Expenditures in Treasury Department; Appleton, on Ways and Means; Alley, on Post Office and Mechanics; Goodwin, on Foreign Affairs; Train, on Public Expenditures and Chairman on Public Buildings; Bailey, on Territories; Delano, on District of Columbia and Military Dawes, Chairman on Elections. Mr. Hickman was excused from serving on the Judiciary, and Mr. Curtis, of Iowa, on Military Affairs. Bills for a homestead law and a general bankrupt law were introduced. A resolution was adopted that no other matters will be considered at this session, except those having connection with the militia and navy and financial affairs connected therewith. The resolution was subsequently re-considered and re-adopted with a proposition allowing Congress to legislate on judicial matters. Mr. Burnett, of Ky., warmly endeavoring to insert a clause for compromise legislation. A resolution was introduced against soldiers returning to legislative seats and in favor of a repeal of the fugitive slave bill, which were tabled 87 to 62. Mr. Foulke, of Illinois, offered a resolution approving of the course of the Administration, but proposing compromise. Ruled out of order. Mr. Van Wyck offered a resolution to increase the pay of Engineers and Artillery, which were tabled 87 to 62. Mr. Foulke, of Illinois, offered a resolution approving of the course of the Administration, but proposing compromise. Ruled out of order. Mr. Van Wyck offered a resolution to increase the pay of soldiers to $15 per month, and to reduce the salaries of officers. Several Committees were instructed to report on military and naval matters. The form of an address to the several States was introduced, declaring the purpose of the Government to put down the rebellion and dispelling every idea of peace until the flag of the country shall wave triumphant over this whole Republic. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR. The report of Secretary Cameron after stating the material of the army, recommends the term of enlistment in new regiments to be three years, and at the close of the terms those honorably discharged receive a bounty of $100. He speaks highly of the volunteer system, stating facts that now will prevent all interference of military in any emergency. The appropriation, beside that already made for the year ending June 30th, for the force now in the field, is stated at $186,296,937.

The report recommends a reorganization of the militia, and of the system of education at West Point. An Assistant Secretary of War is asked for. He says the total force now at command of the Government to be 310,000, of which 80,000 are three months' volunteers, leaving for service after the term of the latter expires 230,000 men, of whom 42,000 will be of the regular army. The volunteer system is spoken of in high terms, and he pays a compliment to the volunteers who early rushed to the defence of the Capital. Over $185,000,000 will be required for the department during the year. He thinks more fresh meats and vegetables should be furnished the soldiers. He thinks our armories can make as good arms as can be obtained abroad, and says that the celebrated Enfield rifle is a simple copy of the regular arm manufactured at the Springfield armory for many years. In respect to equipment he says:—

"I have already alluded to the superiority manner in which some of the New England regiments, now in service, are equipped. This is to be ascribed to the efficient home organization of the militia of some of those States. Their example is an excellent one, and cannot fail to have a beneficial effect upon such States as have not already put into a like desirable organization.

BONFIRES. Bonfires on the mountains of Western Massachusetts was one of the means of celebrating the last Fourth. It was very generally recorded. From the summit of Wachusett Mountain, says the *Worcester Transcript*, sixty-one bonfires were seen between eight and nine o'clock on the night of July 4th. The hills seemed in the distance like so many brilliant stars. The view from Wachusett is said to have been beautiful and inspiring, as the answering flame from sixty peaks made reply to the heaven built aloft by the grand old mountain.

THE *Charleston Courier*, in consideration of the muttering of such large numbers of Union forces, armed with the best weapons, and under the instruction of the most competent officers, is of the opinion that the South "should prepare for defeat." That opinion just now is very popular at the North.

A LADY asked her gardener why the weeds always outgrew and covered up the flowers. "Madame," answered he, "the soil is mother of the weeds, but only stepmother to the flowers."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

One hundred of the Garibaldi Regiment have mutinied and are under arrest at Washington. They complain to General Scott of their arms and food.

A terrible sickness prevails in the rebel army.

A dispatch to the *New York Times* states without qualification, that Davis has proposed a secession of hostilities.

Gen. Scott expects a battle between Gen. Patterson and Johnson.

A terrible accident occurred to the Rhode Island Battery, in Washington, this morning. They were engaged in drilling, with James' shells, when one prematurely exploded, killing two persons and wounding three others.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington. The heat was excessive in Washington yesterday, and the troops suffered very much from it. A member of the Stoneham, Mass., company, named Richardson, who was accidentally shot, a few days ago, died from his injuries on Sunday.

The Second Rhode Island Regiment is under orders to march, and the general impression is that it goes to Harrisburg, although they go with only three days' rations.

Gen. Sanford takes command of the forces sent to act in conjunction with Gen. Patterson, and left yesterday with a New York regiment. The last advices from Gen. Patterson are that he has 17,000 men and 20 pieces of artillery, and that the traitor Johnston, has 16,000 infantry, 600 cavalry, and 22 pieces of artillery.

More skirmishes are reported at Great Bethel, between the Federal troops and the concealed rebels. Two of our men are reported to have been killed, but the rebels are said to have suffered still worse.—They have a body of cavalry, and a company of marines and company of United States cavalry was sent to the relief of the Federal troops.

The latest report from Arlington is that Major Taylor, of New Orleans, arrived at the camp of the Eighth New York regiment yesterday afternoon, under a flag of truce, with dispatches for President Lincoln. He was detained there awaiting further orders from Washington. He was last from Manassas Junction. [Doubtful.]

The *New York Tribune's* Washington dispatch states that a member of Co. C of the Mozart regiment, named Rober, was invited into a house in Washington yesterday by two persons in citizens' dress, and poisoned. A sense liquor which proved to be poisoned. There is little hope of his recovery.

A dispatch to the *New York Post* says the 1st Massachusetts and 31st New York regiments are encamped on the Potomac, to-night. All the regiments here have been ordered into Virginia.

A majority of the Democratic caucus, Saturday night, strongly favored giving thorough support to government. Ex-Governor Vallandigham favored the preservation of the Union, but was coolly received.

Senator Wilson and Mr. Russell (of the *London Times*) visited the encampments in Virginia on Sunday.

From Martinsburg. A letter dated Martinsburg, Saturday, announces the arrival of Major Doubleday's and the R. B. Batteries, and says that General Patterson's entire force is in and around Martinsburg, and has now all the movements he has taken place. Gen. Johnston had been reinforced by 7000 troops from Manassas, and had taken a stand for a fight at Barker Cross, seven miles distant, with 16,000 troops.

Large numbers of troops passed through Baltimore Monday, to strengthen General Patterson's column.

There has been no movement yet, but one is every hour expected, and probably a fight will soon take place.

From Fortress Monroe. A dispatch from Baltimore, dated yesterday, says:—Lieut. Carmichael, of Provost Marshal Key's staff, has been down the river to Fortress Monroe and boarded steamer Mary Washington, to arrest a man named No. 19. The man who is charged with being engaged in the riot on the 19th of April, and who it was thought would come on board of the Union. On coming up the river he learned that Capt. Thomas, of St. Mary's county, was on board of the St. Nicholas and headed the prizes, was also on board with a crew of his confederates, their object being, it is supposed, to seize another steamer for a similar purpose.

Carmichael, on getting abreast of Fort McHenry, ordered the captain to stop at the wharf, where he was known to the guards to Gen. Banks, who ordered a company of Massachusetts troops to arrest the board. The prisoners were found, but Capt. Thomas had hid himself. After an hour's search he was found in a large bureau drawer in the ladies' cabin. It will be remembered that he went on board the St. Nicholas disguised as a French lady.—They were all detained at the Fort, with the exception of those who were on board the St. Nicholas at the time of the seizure, including the captain and engineers.

The following papers were found in Capt. Thomas' satchel:

Fortress Monroe. Young Raymond, son of the principal of the Chesapeake Female College, came in on Sunday as a deserter from the rebel army. He was impressed into the ranks, and represents their case as desperate.

FOREIGN. We neglected to announce, yesterday, the arrival at Quebec of the steamship Great Eastern, with British troops for Canada, on Saturday, with Liverpool dates to the 27th of June.

The French recognition of Italy has been formally announced, and diplomatic relations will speedily be renewed.

The Spanish government has issued a proclamation relative to American affairs, similar to those of England and France.

The Sultan of Turkey died on the 25th of June, and was succeeded by his brother, Abdul Aziz Khan.

Lord Chancellor Campbell was found stretched in his bed on the morning of the 23rd, having suffered a blood-vessel.

The great fire in London has been subdued. The loss is estimated variously at from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000.

NORTH AMERICAN EXPRESS. Boston; Crosby, Nichols, Lee & Co.

The July number of the North American is out. The following is the table of contents:—The Public Lands of the United States; Mrs. Jane Turrell; The Venerable Bede; Bouvier's Law Dictionary and Institute; Life of Major Andre; French Critics and Criticisms; M. Taine; Burial; The Attic Bee; Francis Bacon; Michigan; New Books on Medicine; The Right of Secession; Hugh Latimer; Critical Notices; New Publications. The original paper on the right of secession, which is a review of Jeff. Davis' message to the rebel Congress, possesses a practical and peculiar interest. We make room for the following extract:—

"While there is nothing in the constitution, even supposing it to be a compact, which can sustain the position that each State may judge respecting infractions of it, and may withdraw from its obligations when she pleases to consider herself aggrieved, there seem to be nothing in the principles of public law to give countenance to such a right. Compacts between States are, in principle, as binding as those between persons. There is no court to enforce and 'enforce them, and each party may therefore insist upon its own construction, if they do not agree, however, the result is not that the compact fails, and its obligations cease, nor that either party may conclude it no longer in force, or recede from it on an allegation of infraction by the other, that other being bound to submit to this judgment at'd determination;—but each party has the right to insist on the performance of the agreement, and the mode of enforcing or of obtaining satisfaction for any breach of it is war. We are not aware that a right of peaceable withdrawal from a treaty is recognized any where, unless the terms of the treaty, or the circumstances, show such to be the intention of the parties to it; or unless an infraction of it justifying such a course is admitted. On no other ground can the act of interposing for itself, and may perform or not perform—but the other party has just the same right to insist upon a strict fulfilment of the stipulations, and resist any aggression, as the only mode which the nature of the case admits. The right to punish non-performance shows that there is no right to refuse further compliance. For these reasons, among others, the constitution of the United States, providing that the treaty, or perhaps certain provisions of it, may be terminated on notice for that purpose.

If, then, the constitution were a compact to which the States are in a party, the sole judge of its wrongs and of the modes of redress, to that one State, acting for itself, in what manner should determine to secede as a measure of redress; each and every of the other States would have an equal right to judge and determine that the seceding State was not injured by its own breach of faith, that they were severally and jointly aggrieved by the attempted secession and refusal further to perform the obligations of the compact, and that the proper mode and measure of redress for that injury was war, jointly and severally waged against the seceding party. This seems, practically, to be the state of things at the present time. Some States refuse to determine that they will attempt to secede. They repeal their ratification (which, by the way, are not subject to repeal); appropriate to their own use so much of the common property as is in their possession; fire upon an unarmed vessel carrying supplies to one of the forts, and finally, by a formal declaration—reduce the tort by a bombardment sustained by seven thousand men, more or less, against one of the forts in the occupation of it; and then they say, "All we do is in self defence." At the same time they are investing another fort, and threatening destruction to it and its defenders, if not immediately surrendered.

But of the twelve excellent articles which adorn this number of the *North American*, that on Fremont's claims will be many minds, be found the richest in interest. It is understood to be from the pen of Henry Giles. There is a skill and fairness of analysis, both of history and character in this paper, which stamp it as the production of no ordinary mind.

THE following extract is the concluding portion of Hon. Edward Everett's able and elaborate oration, delivered in the Academy of Music at New York, on the 4th inst.:—

"Such, fellow-citizens, as I contemplate them, are the great issues before the country, calling for, in a word, than whether the work of our noble fathers of the Revolutionary age of more than eighty years shall die or endure—whether this great experiment in National polity, which binds a majority to the duty of submission and government—the most hopeful plan for combining the largest degree of liberty in a State with the stability and power of a great empire—shall be shamefully and heartlessly overthrown down in the moment of its most successful operation or whether it shall be bravely, patriotically, triumphantly maintained. We wage no war of conquest and subjugation; we seek only to defend the sacred soil of our loyal States, who against fearful odds, are daily in battle of the Union in the disinfected States, and to re-establish, not for ourselves alone, but for our children and children's children, the solid sway of the Constitution and Laws. The result cannot be doubtful. The rising sun every morning, forgetting their civil rise, are rallying as one man in defence of the glorious ensign—their stirring hearts and their strong hands, their fortunes and their lives, are laid upon the altar of their country. In the contest for the great inheritance of constitutional freedom bequeathed to us by our illustrious fathers. We engage in the struggle forced upon us with sorrow, as against our misguided brethren, but with stout hearts and faith, as we war for that Union which our sainted Washington prayed to us to cherish as our dearest affections. The sympathy of the civilized world is on our side, and will join us in prayers to Heaven for the success of our arms.

MR. APPLETON, the Union representative from Boston, voted for Mr. Grow for speaker, and as he declined to identify himself with the Republican party, he was left off the committees.

THE sense of security at the South is indicated by a statement by the assistant editor of the *Mobile Register*, that "more than four millions of specie has been withdrawn from the city banks of Alabama, and has been buried." The owners of this specie evidently have more confidence in the ground than they have in the Confederate bonds, secured by cotton.

THE *Boston Herald* sums up the results of the fire at East Boston on the 4th as follows:—6 acres burned over; 8 ships, 2 salt factories, one iron foundry, one machine shop, one sectional dock and 60 houses destroyed; 100 families homeless, and hundreds thrown out of employment; total loss three-quarters of a million of dollars.

CITY AND VICINITY.

FOR PORT MONROE.

A box for the soldiers at Fortress Monroe, and others connected with the Army at Fort Monroe, will be forwarded by the Sanitary Aid Association, on THURSDAY, 11th inst., at 9½ A. M., from the office of the Lowell Gas Light Co., to go per steamer S. R. Spaulding, to Boston.

Packages not over three pounds in weight will be received as above and forwarded.

By order of the Sanitary Committee,

WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

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FOR PORT MONROE.

JORDAN'S EXPRESS CO. will forward goods and articles on "FORTRESS" each day, direct to the Fort, at reasonable rates. Leave in Gorham's Periodical Emporium and Pappas Union Inn.

Office, 47 Commercial street, Boston.

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AMATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION.

ATTENTION!

All members of the Amateur Drill Association are requested to meet at the armory on THURSDAY EVENING, July 11th, at 8 o'clock, on business of importance and none before them. Samples of a musket will be on exhibition for examination by the Association. It is hoped that this notice will receive the prompt attention required.

Per order of the Executive Committee.

E. S. WHITED, Secretary.

Lowell, July 9th, 1861. 2

REMOVAL.

JOSHUA BIGELOW has removed his Book and Stationery Store from No 21 Central street to No. 17 Merrimack street—end of Arcade.

May 31, 1861. may31tf

DISSOLVED BY CONSECTION. At a meeting of the John Street Congregational Society, last Friday evening, it was voted to accept the resignation of their pastor, Rev. E. B. Foster. The cause of his leave is such that he felt compelled to adhere to his determination to resign, as without pastoral connection, he could more freely engage in the support of any branch of it his health. Last Sunday afternoon, after the close of services, with some appropriate remarks, he took leave of the society to which he has ministered for the upward of eight years. It is probable that after a few months' rest, he will accept a call from some society, where the duties are less onerous.

CITY COUNCIL. The regular meeting of the City Council will be held at its rooms this evening. A short session and dispatch of business may be expected, as out city fathers like the hot air of a close room in this weather no better than unofficial people. There will probably be but one more meeting before the summer vacation.

MONTHLY DRAFT FOR JUNE. The city draft for the last month, payable to-morrow, is $9,371, of which $3,000 is for schools, $91 52 for school houses, $1,804 78 for roads and bridges, $1,455 13 for police, $810 22 for paupers, $1,092 46 for repairs of public buildings, 368 41 for city library, $114 55 for commons, $4,951 97 for various purposes from the reserved fund. $1,103 30 for fire department, $960 56 for liquor agency, $35 75 for printing and advertising. $303 61 for lighting streets and public buildings.

FOR THE SOLDIERS. A large box, closely packed, was dispatched by the city this morning for the members of the Richardson Light Infantry, at Fortress Monroe.

To-morrow a box will be sent to the Sixth Regiment, and all the rebels had captured three thousand of our troops, including Gen. Patterson. A great many persons were reported to have received the news by telegraph, among others ourself, but this was not true; we got no such report, and did not for a moment credit the rumor. The story was altogether too big to be probable. We have no idea that Gen. Patterson's command is to be defeated by the rebels, though they may number two to one of our men.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon; Cyrus Fisher, Cornelius Goodhue, and Franklin G. Morse, were severally fined $2 with costs, for fast driving on Central Bridge.

James Halstead, common drunkard, was sent to the House of Correction for six months.

Owen and Thomas Gibney and John Conroy, were up for assault upon Patrick Barrett. This was a fine fight in a grocery hole on Wall Street, in which men and women were indiscriminately mixed up, clubs, broomsticks, and beer bottles having been freely used. Thomas Gibney was fined $5 and costs; the others were discharged.

Henry Proctor and Calvin T. Greeley, for obstructing the sidewalk, were each fined $1 and costs.

Patrick Berrian for an assault upon Michael Brennan, was fined $5 and costs.

Walter McDonald, for simple drunkenness, fined $2 and costs.

SUPERIOR COURT. In this Court, which commenced its session at Concord yesterday, the following cases were disposed of; Edward Conroy, Manchester, felonious assault. State Prison for life.

William Kimball, Groton, guilty of assault, with intent to kill—not sentenced.

James Bogue, Lowell, larceny from bags, from the House of Correction. Not guilty.

Abraham Freeman, Westford, assault and battery, six months House of Correction.

Morris Fitzgerald, Somerville, appellant, assault and battery, $4 and costs.

APPOINTMENT. Maj. William H. Clemence, who has been on a visit to the seat of war, returned home last week with a commission as Special Mail Agent. He held a similar appointment for a year or two, until he was superseded last March.

OFF FOR THE SEAT OF WAR. Messrs. Jonathan Rice, George Convers, Wm. I. Whitten and R. G. Batchelder, left yesterday afternoon for a few days' sojourn at the seat of war. It is not probable that they will join the army, though doubtless should they get into difficulty, they would try and fight their way out of it.

THE shoe stores in this city are to be closed during the months of July and August, commencing at 12 o'clock Saturday noon.

SEE advertisement of Jordan's Express Company, in another column.

THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY. A correspondent of the Manchester *Mirror*, writing from from Fortress Monroe, July 6th says:—"The Fourth of July was celebrated here after a fashion. Three regiments—Massachusetts—were in honor of McChesney's regiment, Capt. Davis' detached company from Lowell, and the regulars; another at Camp Hamilton, of Massachusetts troops, both of infantry and artillery, and the third at Hampton Village, of Gen. Force's command, the 3rd and 4th Massachusetts. At Camp Hamilton, Gen. Butler took command of the troops of the Fourth of July oration. Notwithstanding there are three or four hundred regulars here, I liking it very clear that Capt. Davis' company will be the best for proficiency in drill, and for an excellence of behavior which is painfully rare, among both regulars and volunteers. It may appear strange to you, but Gen. Butler's conduct is accounted such here, that not a man of that corps has yet been confined in the Guard House."

WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esq., of this city, has been elected one of the directors of the Malden and Melrose Horse Railroad Company.

YANKEES CAPTURED BY TWO VIRGINIA GIRLS. The history of the recent disappearance of Captain Kellogg, of one of the Connecticut regiments, illustrates the susceptibility of the female heart to a form as a sweet, as well as the innocence of their confiding souls. We quote from the *Washington Star*:—

The Captain was doing picket duty near the Seiper house, which is situated in a secluded position about a mile northwest of this village (Falls Church). The lady of the Connecticut sergeant and corporal who disappeared so mysteriously a day or two since, was formerly a Miss Seiper, a beauty of the two Misses Scott, (really respectable people,) who have resided here for years, and in their fascinating manners, induced him to step a few hundred yards beyond the lines to partake of some fruit, as a token of respects to them, and indulge in a little social conversation.

Famed for their hospitality as they were, they, of course, invited him within the household. Time flew while he was there, and he took no thought on't. But "Sociosh" did; for presently three of its troopers appeared at the door, and made known their desire to escort the gallant captain to his quarters. They were a considerable party of their company were in charge of the house. Blood boiled, the rascal, just as and where the sergeant and corporal had been so recently caught in the same way.

That's the last heard hereabouts of Capt. Kellogg, or his gallant troopers, who are rank Secessionists, by the by, though certainly most agreeable and entertaining young ladies. The Misses Seiper, with whom have been thus using them of late as a means to their own ends, and will soon have all of natural teeth, and, doubtless, a husband besides, as she ought. This is not, altogether, a new thing under the sun, nor is it in the mouth of beauty—but it is very rare and well worthy of this paragraph.

OUR readers wishing to communicate with the soldiers at Fortress Monroe, will be interested in the advertisement of the Soldiers' Aid Association, in another place in our columns.

RUMORS. Yesterday afternoon and last evening, our citizens were discussing with much interest the rumor that Gen. Patterson's column, at Martinsburg, had been defeated by Gen. Johnston, and that the rebels had captured three thousand of our troops, including Gen. Patterson. A great many persons were reported to have received the news by telegraph, among others ourself, but this was not true; we got no such report, and did not for a moment credit the rumor. The story was altogether too big to be probable. We have no idea that Gen. Patterson's command is to be defeated by the rebels, though they may number two to one of our men.

MRS. HAYNES, NO. 600 FOURTH ST., SAYS OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

Prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa. New York, May 15, 1852.

☞ A child of mine was showing symptoms of worms. I gave it a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, which brought away a number of worms immediately. I should judge, about thirty. The child was very sick during the operation, but is now well and hearty.

Mrs. Twist, No. 15 Avenue C, was taken under date of August 10, 1852, and says she has been troubled with worms for more than a year, and that she took one bottle of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by Fleming Bros., which brought away more than over three hundred worms, big and little. She now believes herself to be entirely free from worms.

Mrs. Bogiard, a German woman, residing at 234 Rivington street, says, that after using one vial of M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, she passed two *large tape worms*.

The above certificates are all from parties well known in this city. If there are any that doubt, they have the names and addresses, and can satisfy themselves by personal inquiry.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by FLEMING'S WORTHINGTON, Pittsburgh, Pa. Worthington is compar, but Fleming Bros. are the sole proprietors, and the genuine Vermifuge and Liver Pills can now be had of all respectable druggists. Price of each, 25 cents per box.

JOHN F. FLEMING BROS.

Sole Proprietors.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, which will be found in another part of the paper.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through lines, at the office of the Lowell and Nashua Railroad, at the Grand Trunk transient, thirteenth, and all up town hotels. Tickets, also, to Europe.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack & Street Depot.

may11 FISHER & LYON, Agents.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, L. D. Huse, P. S. Richardson, Isaac Hare, H. Bodwell, Jos. Spencer.

Money and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and their contents, Manufacturing property, and Stock in Trade. The premium for which is $2.50 per $100 for three years, on an amount of $114,278.35. The election of owners of property insured in the Mutual Department is particularly invited. A dividend is paid on policies of this class, after the first year, of 40 per cent. of the premium received.

The CAPITAL DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $30,000. Dwelling houses, merchandize and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Office in Merrimack Bank building, formerly Lowell Bank.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.

Lowell, July 16, 1860. ly jy16'61

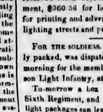
Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It burns splendidly,
It burns long,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns cheaper,
Than any other free burning coal. Also, a full supply of Lehigh and Schuylkill coal.
HOWARDS' WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

may14dtf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS



THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN depends entirely upon the due performance of the natural and healthy sexual irregularities to which the female system is subject. DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the prescription of DR. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, have for many years established their claim to the confidence of the female community, as a safe, certain, and efficacious remedy for the above-named disorders. They are the only medicine ever offered to the public, which can be relied upon as a safe and certain remedy in removing the pains that accompany the stoppage of nature, and they are the only medicine that will do it. They are also a safe and certain remedy for Fits, Spasms, Pain in the Side, Head and Limbs, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Nervousness, Nervous Affections, Lowness of Spirits, and all the painful and dangerous effects of an un-natural cool-ness of the blood. In short, in the disorders of Female Affairs or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

☞ Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per box.

DR. CHEESEMAN, Proprietor,
No. 8 Carmine street, New York.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Central streets, and by Druggists in every town in the United States.

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VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they are prepared to say that it is the best material for a base for artificial teeth ever introduced to their notice, a difference or opinion among the profession to the contrary notwithstanding. In this article, while it is not expected that it will supersede the use of metal in all cases, it will be found in instances where it is used with great success, and in many cases where metal cannot be used. Owing to the limited time the article has been in use, they are not prepared to say how long it will last, but from the experience they have had in it, they feel that they are prepared to furnish sets of Teeth in this article for less than half the price they can be obtained, etc. at reasonable prices.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

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CAUTION!

The subscriber has purchased of Dr. FRANKLIN CLARK, of Boston, the exclusive right to manufacture and sell his celebrated Female Pills in Lowell, and has appointed MRS. M. E. LIVINGTON, advertise Franklin Clark's Female Pills.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against purchasing any of the Female Pills unless they have been put up genuine as this is the only place in Lowell where they can be obtained.

Boston, June 1, 1861. 3m

CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS.

PROPRIETOR'S PRIVATE MEDICINE. PATENT

Prepared from a pre cription of Sir J. Clarke M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is now in England, it has a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties, removing obstructions from what cause soever; and is without a powerful remedy, it never fails to restore the suppressed courses.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited, it will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, fatigue on the slightest exertion, Hysterics, Palpitations, and Whites, these Pills will effect a speedy cure. Those who are in a delicate state, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain anything to be dreaded, nothing to injure the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Price $1 per box. Sold by all Druggists.

Agents.

☞ $1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing 50 Pills, by return mail.

Sold by DR. FRANKLIN CLARK, 123 Washington St., Boston; for sale by DR. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and Central streets, Lowell; Mr. SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.

Proprietor's Private Medicine Depot, 123 Washington street, Boston.

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTER USE IS INSURED BY

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

Sufferers can now be given to some of the gratifying intelligence that a remedy for Pulmonic disease is certainly, who have used the above remedy with the full effect in curing the cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Sore Throat, Inflammation of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and Consumption in its early stages. Public Speakers and Singers will find them a great relief in clearing and strengthening the voice. Price 12½ cents.

Always's Quinine Tonic Bitters—the best stomach Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists have it. Sold wholesale and retail by

jy9 ly

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure each risk taken by FIRE, as extensively as though it were a stock company, and is able to be insured. Pulling all of any sum from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Aiken, Reuben Cushing, Robert F. Dunn, Joshua W. Lincoln, Samuel Pearson, Solomon Brown, Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates, Lowell. Joseph O. Abbott, Lowell. Charles Cowley, Lowell. Chas. H. Morrill, Lowell. Abraham T. Lyon, Boston. Reuben D. Tenney, Boston.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

JOSEPH O. ABBOTT, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, (1st Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 27, 1861. ap27

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property as low as consistent with safety. Call and examine rates on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Manufacturing property.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 16 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 8, 1860. ly

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.

Authorized Capital, $500,000.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, average 71 to 100 per cent.

$100,000 in bonds and mortgages, drawing first class interest. 5 per cent. more than amount of loans, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:

Preston Lyman, Treadwell,
Wm. Bard, Wm. Bard, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bard, Jr., Wm. Bard, Jr., Brooklyn.
Jas. F. Bailey, Postmaster of Connecticut.
Wm. H. Aspinwall, Banker, New York.
Cornelius Heeney, Cabots Prairies, New York.
Wm. Bard, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bard, Jr., Treasurer City of New York.
Wm. Bard, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bard, Jr., Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bard, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bard, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bard,

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BECAUSE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is the

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precesity what is the name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is terrifying, rainbracing and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

Its chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to not interfere with or waste with the laws of nature, and hence works the weakest stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and these thoroughly combining powerful tonic and the soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of *CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, PAINS IN THE KIDNEYS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, MALARIA, MALIGNANT, BILIOUS, SCARLET, TYPHOID, CHOLERA, AND ALL THAT FEARFUL CATALOGUE OF DISEASES CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND IRREGULARITIES.*

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, and any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent the disease arising from miasmatic influences, and cure the disease at once if already developed.

TRAVELERS should have a bottle with them, as it will instantly relieve the most alarming consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be used by every family person or ordinary habits.

LADIES, for nervousness in much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS also find it useful, for it is a perfect relief, when a mother two before the final trial. It should always be on hand with per fect ease and safety.

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT.

MOTHERS! TRY IT!!

And remember we suppose, to do away the illness or decline now suffered by your daughters before it be too late, but also your sons, who, when arrived at the home season from false delicacy, often get down to a premature grave, because they are in that condition in known to many, the latter are often so misled as with the excitement of the moment that it is worse for them, but would tray with the same downward feeling, and thus hasten their fatal fall. But the mother is always watchful, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure your never failing affection will answer. Try it, and we feel sure of recommending it, since we know it to be a *safe, certain and sure remedy* for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

17 Before noticing a parent medicine, we have to ascertain that it will take place of all that it is recommended. And we would say that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of Prof. Wood will stand the test fully, and do for it what is claimed for it. We have seen in the market for Purifying the Blood and Regulating the system. We have no hesitation in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker.*

LOOK TO YOUR HEALTH. Now, when it is consequence if the blood is not pure. Take *Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator*, and you will find that hyperand dyspepsia will soon visit clear from obstructions, and all your ills will vanish like dreaming that the roses of death are already permeating in the cheeks, because the vital energies are impaired, and the entire animal economy nerve deranged. Do not delay for a less of the moments as they are, if a remedy were not before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body. Such would take hold, and be in time to save their lives. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, and No. 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

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PROF WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL. It is recorded in the Cabinet that Peyche was more sent for Venus as a Physician.—*Mercantile Journal.*

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR, for the cure of Scrofula, Debility, or Nervousness arising from any cause; Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, Sickness, Loss of Appetite, Female Weakness in all stages; also to prevent the contraction of disease. It is used as a beverage with the Restorative and the Renovator ever offered to the afflicted, and is recommended by many to be the most powerful remedy ever offered to medical science. Read and judge for your-self. We have no hesitation in recommending it, since we know it to be a *safe, certain and sure remedy* for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

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Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, July 10, 1861.

A GENERAL BANKRUPT ACT. We observe that the question of urging upon Congress, at its extra session, to pass a general bankrupt act, is being discussed in some of the New York prints, the argument in favor of it being the general prostration of business throughout the country. Not many of those who remember the Speration of the bankrupt act of 1841, will look upon this proposition with much favor for while in some instances it will be recollected as a relief to a few honest men, it was a back-door escape for many rogues, and so it came to be regarded as an assistant to dishonest men, but operating disastrously on such as were doing a legitimate business. It was so obnoxious to business men all over the country that its repeal was demanded in 1843. As a commercial advantage to the North we do not believe there is any desire for such an act. Our business men have not been so prostrated as to be beyond the power of re-establishing themselves, and whether the war ceases or continues, we do not believe it is long ere there will be business interests of the North. There is disposition on all hands to overcome the "hard times," and as soon as the flurry is over, and the country gets used to the state of things that has existed for the last month past, business will seek its natural channels, and men will wax wealthy by legitimate trade as heretofore. In the State we have an insolvency law which affords all desirable relief to persons who get involved in business matters beyond extrication through the ordinary means, and we don't see very much greater facilities for the relief of the unfortunate and the advantage of rogues, would be acceptable.

But this is only a small matter, considered in connection with the operation of a national bankrupt act on other parts of the country. Such an act would, at the expense of the North, especially, enable many the advantage of the seceded States, which are surely soon to acknowledge allegiance to the Central Government, which always indebted to the North to the amount of millions of dollars, and would particularly appreciate the opportunity this act would give them of throwing off the burden.—New York alone is said to be the creditor of the ex-secessionists to the extent of two millions. And it is plain, that the passage of such an act would, as a cotemporary has suggested, be confirming by Congress what everybody believes to have been one of the leading inducements of the South to rebel: to get rid of their indebtedness to the North. It would be a most mistaken policy in the Government to pass an act which would be looked upon as offering a bonus to the rebels. And while a general bankrupt act is not required at the North, there can come no time for the next ten years when one can consistently be asked for at the South, however greatly embarrassed may it be.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, the bill to remit duties on arms imported for the use of loyal States was passed.—Dowitt C. Clarke, of Burlington, Vt., was appointed clerk of the Senate in the place of Mr. Nichols resigned. The bill to increase the army was reported. Mr. Trumbull, of Ill., with appropriate remarks, announced the death of Senator Douglas, and offered the customary resolutions, which, after remarks by Messrs. McDougall, Collamer and others, were adopted.

In the House Mr. Stevens reported a bill for the payment of the volunteers up to June 30th. Mr. Vallandigham, of Ohio, in a brief speech would be no objection to it. Mr. Stevens replied that he could see no objections, although he was opposed to the whole system of war measures. The bill passed appropriating 20,000,000. Several orders of inquiry were adopted.

SENATORS FROM VIRGINIA. The legislature of (Western) Virginia, yesterday made choice of John S. Carlisle for Senator for the long term, in place of Hunter, and Waitman T. Willey, of Monongahela, in place of Mason, for the short term. Both Senators were Union State officers also took place. The new government is now under full headway, and its recognition is generally extending over Western Virginia.

One of our exchanges calls Jeff Davis a "bitter end" that the traitors talk about fighting to, has any reference to the "rope's end."

A WASHINGTON letter writer says:—"It was intended, a mere levy of the constenance of Mr. Breckinridge while Mr. Grow was speaking, upon taking the chair of the House. When the galleries broke out in overwhelming applause, his face exhibited a paller such as I have seldom if ever witnessed. If there was an uncomfortable man in the crowded chamber, it was he. The music of loyalty grated harshly upon his ears, and secession must from this point seem to him a sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal."

A CONTRABAND TO MIRAMADE. A man in Kentucky killed a sick cow a few days since in whose stomach was found a large brass pin, a hair pin, and a quantity of hooks and eyes. A jury of the neighbors, informally summoned for the occasion, returned an oral verdict that the unfortunate deceased had probably swallowed a thread and some period of her adult life.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, FRAMINGHAM. The semi-annual examination of this school for females closed yesterday. Seventeen young ladies graduated among whom are Miss Allettina G. Porter, of this city, who read a essay on "Light" with reference to the lights of reason, love and faith.

JOHN W. HUTCHINSON (one of the "Hutchinson Family") has been appointed [illegible] Secretary of the Territory of Decotah.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

A great battle was fought on Friday last at the River, near Carthage, Mo., between 1500 Federal troops under Col. Seigel, and 12,000 State rebels, under Gov. Jackson. Federal loss five killed and two wounded. Rebel loss from 300 to 500. Seigel was forced to make a retreat, but it was a meritorious one. The fearful havoc among the rebels was caused by the Federal Artillery.

It is rumored that subsequently a night attack was made on Seigel, and 400 of his men killed and 600 taken prisoners. Gov. Jackson announces that he will fortify Carthage. Seigel has received reinforcements. [Carthage is in Jasper County, in the south-western part of the State, only about 90 miles from the Arkansas line.]

WAR NEWS, &C.

A dispatch from Buckhannon, Va., reports that Gen. McLellan, had left Little York Bridge for a point some 20 miles east of Buckhannon, where the rebels are reported to be strongly entrenched. From indications in other places in that region, it looks as if a collision would occur between the Federal troops and the rebels. Gen. O. J. Wise is at the head of one body of the rebels here. A rumor prevailed in Martinsburg, yesterday, that Gen. McLellan had routed Gen. Wise at Buckhannon and Laurel Hill.

From Martinsburg. Two deserters from Gen. Johnson's camp came in on Sunday. They estimate Johnson's force at 15,000, with 22 pieces of artillery. Reliable information has since been received that Gen. Johnson had been reinforced from Manassas Junction with 5 regiments and 1 piece of artillery. The reinforcements sent to Gen. Patterson will also swell his force to 20,000 fighting men, who are all grumbling at the delay.

From Washington. It was but one company of the rifle battalion that mutinied. They complained of their food and arms, simply, and say they came to lay their case before Gen. Scott. They are prisoners at present in the Treasury Building.

Gov. Hicks urges the sending of a Union force to the eastern shore of Maryland to sustain the Union men there.

There is much speculation and gossip in Washington in relation to the person known as Major Taylor, the "bearer of dispatches" from the rebels. Some believe that he comes with some insulting [illegible] hand from Jeff. Davis, which ought to be spit upon, or else he is playing some *ruse*. This latter is the opinion of the shrewd men who are best posted. It may be possible that the rebels, seeing themselves about to be destroyed, have made some proposition of good behavior in future; but it is hardly likely. One thing seems certain, that they have sent to the wrong place if they want to compromise. The disposition to do that does not exist. It is late.

It is also reported that two or three prominent ladies are plotting to bring about some kind of a compromise. But it will be unavailing. The Government intend to whip them first, and settle with them afterward. The present Congress also takes the same view, backed up by the people. The correspondence alluded to is said to be exceedingly interesting.

TORNADOES IN THE WEST. A violent tornado, accompanied by rain, passed over Freeport, Illois, last Monday afternoon, doing consid-rable damage. The freight house of the Illinois Central Railroad was unroofed. The machine shop of the Racine and Mississippi Railroad was blown down and the bridges over the Pecatonica river at Yellow Creek and near the city were blown down. It also uncoofed several houses in Rockford. A tornado also passed over Oshkosh, Wis., last Monday morn ng, unroofing houses in every direction and doing immense damage. One steamer was wrecked and another badly damaged. Houses in all parts of the city were lifted up and carried several feet and in some cases turned completely round, and some were entirely blown down. The wind was accompanied by a violent hail storm and terrific lightning. No loss of life is reported.

LETTER FROM THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

RELAY CAMP: July 8th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: Being off duty for a few hours, it is a pleasurable disposition of a portion of my leisure, to record a small batch of gasp, &c., in a manner, it may be, stupid—which will certainly be in compport with things roundabout me. I have taken my position under an oak tree, "right faced," "dressed up," and when a very slow stream of thought shall have drawn up in line with a *force* sufficient for an *attack*, I shall "load in nine time," *a la* Hardee, and discharge my piece.

Three companies of our regiment are stationed on the railroad between here and Annapolis Junction, to prevent the taking up of the rails by secession instrumentality. They are, in some instances, too cowardly to do the mischief themselves, and employ negroes for the villainous work.—It is presumed that it was the intention to destroy the track, and thereby retard the assembling of Congress, but as Gen. Scott and most of his subordinate officers are not caught napping when anything is up, the scheme was upon before much harm was accomplished. Ere thought our company will relieve a part of the railroad guard to-morrow. We do not hesitate to move on any duty, but I assure those who love comfort, we are always glad in get comfortable quarters after an absence of a few days.

Speaking of comfort, I desire to mention a few words to the credit of the captain and proprietor of the "Banks House," which hotel is located on the corner of Grove and Follansbee Streets. M. S. W., Esq., is at the helm, and by his urbanity, judicious management has won the good will of all its occupants. The House is conducted on temperance principles, and our landlord is decrivedly popular. He is to be distinguished by 7 fingers for his portliness, easy manners, and good nature. He has gained seventeen pounds in flesh since he came to war and conducted the House. In short, he is a man who is distinguished for nothing, though he loves good victuals. Next is B't, who is not easily lost from us, his hair is so short that he is easily recognized. He smokes good tobacco, and I know nothing derogatory of his good name. C. P. L'd sleeps next, and as he is good-looking and his bearing beyond criticism, nothing more need be said. L'd and McK. come next; they are both good fellows, and quiet boarders Last, though largest, follows P.; no short stic-tooter, is a man of good intent, and an able, and withal is our philosopher; he is ever to be found, when not on duty, studying Hardee's tactics, and reading Macaulay's and Hume's histories, for he is determined to be a small library, which is free to all the boarders. We have had one or two readings from Shakespeare by him, and mingled with the novelty, it was indeed a treat. Bringing up the rear, is Bob has Pope's, and other works of interest.

It certainly ought to preserve and refine us soldiers to be among such works of poetry and literature as we are constantly the influence of camp life, which blunts moral character, and takes off the sharp corners of science. It is pleasing to cast an eye into the "Banks House," after a sumptuous meal of baked beans, and see the boys asleep on the floor. Every one has (by this hour is too weak) is pulling away at his dudeen, while, generally, P'y is the spokesman, and his subject the war; and he never fails to make the day his historical parallel of Cromwell and Napoleon Bonaparte are invariably quoted from, and used for illustrations.

Now, good-night to ours is the Zouave tent, conducted by P'y, improvised Colonel, by his sight fellows. Each tent has its name and hero, the whole length of the camp we know, has its headquarters at Fort McHenry. His promotion at Baltimore, recently, indicates him to be a proper man in a place which requires energetic and warm-hearted management.

The weather here is oppressively hot, but we are not obliged to parade, however, (thanks to our commanders) nor drill, except in the cool of the day; though experience has taught us to be demonstration, that we are equal to meet any contingency which shall subject us to old Sol's rays of the heat.

With a hope that Massachusetts shall be our protection from sun, for a season, I subscribe myself yours, an

ENVOY.

THE FEELING AT THE SOUTH. A gentleman, lately arrived at New York from the South, was his accurate knowledge of the condition of things, says that even in Alabama there is but a bare majority now for secession, and that there are counties in the northern part of the State where it is not even yet safe to talk secession. He is confident that Missi-sippi is all for the Union, though the leaders have seized on, and Arkansas is anything but unanimous for secession. He says the great strength of the rebels lies in their belief that northern men are cowards and will not fight. The first great victory of the Government, he thinks, will dispel this illusion and cause a quick collapse of the whole secession movement.

REMOVAL OF THE BODY OF HORACE MANN. It was Mr. Mann's expressed wish to be laid by the side of his first wife, at Providence, R I. This wish has been respected, and the body, on Monday last, was removed from the grounds of Antioch College, where it has lain for nearly two years, to its final resting place. With out ceremony, and in the quiet manner which he loved, the transfer was effected last week. The body was found to be in a remarkable state of preservation, the features retaining all the expression of life.

PRIVATE PROPERTY. Strict orders to shoot the first man found stealing private property have been given in one of the divisions in Virginia. The severity is wholesome and just. We trust that it will be imitated in other divisions.

CITY AND VICINITY.

FOR FORT MONROE.

A box for the Lowell Soldiers and others connected with the 6th Regt. at Fort Monroe, will be forwarded by Express from Adams House, on THURSDAY, 11th inst., at 9½ A. M. Sent for office of the Lowell Gas Light Co., by 12 o'clock precisely. S. SPAULDING, from Boston.

Packages not over three pounds in weight will be received at above and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

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FOR FORT MONROE.

JORDAN'S EXPRESS CO. will forward goods and packages on THURSDAY next, direct to the Fort, at reasonable rates. Leaves in Government Envelopes and Paper-bales.

Office, 47 Commercial street, Boston.

jy9 4tn

AMATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION, ATTENTION!

All members of the Amateur Drill Association are urgently requested to be present at their Armory on WEDNESDAY Evening, June 10th, at 8 o'clock, as business of importance will come before them. Samples of a uniform will be on exhibition for examination by the Association. It is hoped that this notice will receive due and prompt attention.

By order of the Executive Committee.

S. S. WHITFORD, Secretary.

Lowell, July 9th, 1861. jy9&2t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store to No. 31 Central Street, Opposite No. 37 Merrimack Street—one of Central Street. May 31, 1861. my31 1y

MUNICIPAL.

The first regular meeting of the City Council for July, was held last evening.—The business which was of little importance was quickly despatched.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. The only business transacted at a concurrent nature.

COMMON COUNCIL. All business transacted was of a concurrent nature.

Concurring in Aldermen. *Petitions presented.* The following petitions were received and *referred* to appropriate committee: Josiah Grover and others, that a new bridge be built at the end of Appleton ground; Seth Gage and others, for leave to dig a well in Head or Fifth Streets, Centralville; Belvidere Woolen Company for the same near the factory; Wm. Russell, to tobacco, and I know nothing derogatory of his good name. C. P. L'd sleeps next, and as he is good-looking and his bearing beyond criticism, nothing more need be said. L'd and McK. come next; they are both good fellows, and quiet boarders Last, though largest, follows P.; no short stic-tooter, is a man of good intent, and an able, and withal is our philosopher; he is ever to be found, when not on duty, studying Hardee's tactics, and reading Macaulay's and Hume's histories, for he is determined to be a small library, which is free to all the boarders. We have had one or two readings from Shakespeare by him, and mingled with the novelty, it was indeed a treat. Bringing up the rear, is Bob has Pope's, and other works of interest.

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PRIVATE PROPERTY. Strict orders to shoot the first man found stealing private property have been given in one of the divisions in Virginia. The severity is wholesome and just. We trust that it will be imitated in other divisions.

NOTICE. The young lady, who took a "Roglan" from a little girl, at Whipple's Grove, on the 4th inst. to hold for a few moments, during which time they got separated in the crowd, will please leave the article at Sanborn's Jewelry Store, corner of Central and Middle Streets, and greatly oblige.

SUN STROKE. Thomas Farey, a laborer, while at work haying for Horace Hartwell, Esq., yesterday afternoon, was prostrated by the heat, about four o'clock, and died at 11½ last night. He lived on Davidson Street, and leaves a wife and four small children.

THE COMET. Mr. Samuel Renwick, of Manchester, England, in 1850, predicted the return of the great comet of 1264 and 1556, "about the year 1861." This prediction he published in an astronomical work which was published about that time. So it seems that the stranger in the heavens did not come unheralded. We notice, and may properly mention in this place, that a writer in the *Chicago Tribune* also indulges in a prediction, and looks forward less than the great comet of 1264 and 1556. He says: "The comet is within a few days of its perihelion passage, and will pursue a direct eastward, favorably for exhibiting its magnificent proportions for two months to come. It will not probably attain its full size and brilliancy until about the first of August."

Professor Kington, of the Magnetic Observatory, Toronto, is of opinion that the comet is an entire stranger. Mr. Bond, of the Cambridge Observatory, and Lieut. Gillies, superintendent of the U. S. Naval Observatory at Washington, in publishing their observations make no attempt to determine if it is identical with the comet of 1264 and 1556, so that we may consider the question one not yet decided. Professor Mitchell, of the Dudley Observatory, declares it impossible yet to know if it is a permanent visitor.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1860,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms. Office in Appleton Block, over the Post Office. Entrance on Merrimack Street.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Lowell,
Stephen Codding, " John Avery, "
Josiah Crosby, " Walter Wright, "
Joshua W. Bancroft, " Caleb C. Marvel, "
Edward Dutton, " Henry C. Dana, "
Ephraim Brown, " Elijah M. Reed, "
Lemuel A. Miner, " Boston.
Benjamin R. Bates, " Abraham T. Lowe, "
Joseph M. Clark, "
Theodore E. Dimmock, "
NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. F. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 37 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 27, 1860. ap27 1y

ÆTNA Insurance Co,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$300,000
Surplus.....$360,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at low rates of premium. Also issue Policies on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Farming Property.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dwelling and Farming Risks Only.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
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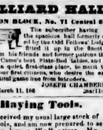
Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It gives more quantity,
It costs less money.

Call and see it burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at
WESTERN AVENUE, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr CHEESEMAN'S



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Is continually in peril if she is not strong enough to resist the first approach of disease. Many thousands of her sex are more or less subject to

PAIN IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

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MRS. HANSEN, NO. 609 FOURTH ST., SAYS OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

Prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

New York, May 15, 1861.

I HAD a child of mine showing symptoms of worms. I gave it a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, which brought away a bunch of worms, immediately. I would judge, about thirty. The child was very sick during the operation, but is now well and hearty.

Mrs. Twist, No. 18 Leonard St, writes under date of August 10, 1862, and says she has been troubled with worms for more than a year, but that she took one bottle of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and has never three hundred worms, big and little. She now believes herself to be entirely free from worms.

Mrs. Burgess, a German woman, residing at 204 Rivington street, says, that after using one bottle of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, she passed two *large tape worms*.

The above certificates are all from parties well known in this city. If there is any one who doubt, they have the names and addresses, and are ready themselves by personal inquiry.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. *Beware of Counterfeits in Chicago*, or any where else. The genuine has a fac simile of our signature on the wrapper, and the Liver Pills can now be had of all respectable druggists. Ask for them, and observe the signature of FLEMING BROS. Pittsburgh, Pa.

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For all points West, via, any or the through lines, routes or connections, at the Eastern and Boston Island Pond ticket office, and all p ints on the Vermont Central R. R.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.

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TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, S. W. Stockley, D. S. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby, Edward Dana, Jr. E. F. Sherman,
L. G. Hunt, Edward Tucker,
Wm. Crosby, Jr.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessments will be made for losses in excess of the premium and surplus in the MUTUAL DEPARTMENT. The STOCK DEPARTMENT has a capital of $100,000. The election of officers and directors will be held annually, on the second Monday in January. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year. The Company will issue Policies equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office in the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $30,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property insured on favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

E. F. SHERMAN, Agent for Lowell.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
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SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BECAUSE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In presenting this unique, nature-restorative, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It is a perfect panacea—a nostrum of the twenty-first century—a boon to the afflicted—a new discovery—a new era inaugurated, and as soon as the old Book is read through, it will be laid aside, and the New Book in the Hand substituted; but upon the bottom of the Second Book will be found the Great Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, for the restoration of the vivacities of the young, the vigor of the middle-aged, and the fresh strength to the nervous system, and feeble constitution. Such a health-inducing agent is the result of the most beneficial combinations, and while it is analytical as pure water, it is powerful as the strongest galvanic battery. As a tonic it stands unrivaled in the medical world, and for all diseases connected with the blood, or nervous system, such as Dyspepsia, Consumption, Faintness, Giddiness, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Fits, &c., &c., it will prove an infallible panacea.—*St. Louis Daily Journal.*

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR is for the cure of General Debility, of Weaknesses arising from errors and abuse, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Impaired Constitution, Lives Complaint, Female Weakness, Loss of Appetite, Female Weakness in all stages; also in cases where the constitution of disease is certainly the best and most agreeable Cordial tonic and Restorative ever offered to the afflicted, and so chemically combined as to be the most powerful tonic for every kind of nervous debility ever known; try it. *It will do you good.* We believe we have at last found a remedy, since we know it to be a *safe, pleasant* one, that will cure the diseases named.—*New York Dispatch.*

☞ Before noticing a patent medicine we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be what it is recommended. We are pleased to say that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of Prof. Wood will stand the test fully, and in fact it is without any doubt the best article in use as a tonic for Purifying the blood and strengthening the system. We have no hesitation in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker.*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many in consequence of a false delicacy, suffer from improper exposure, or other improper indulgence, and think because they are young that hydrocele is not at work inside, that they are safe from its attendant evils, and close right in the end, little dreaming that the seeds of disease are already germinating in the system because the vital energies are impaired, and the nervous system remains prostrated, debilitated, and yet, carelessness of the future is the way with the young, wet action then which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body, they would take it, and thus be in time to save their case. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Chronicle.*

G. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 644 Broadway, and No. 114 Mercer Street. For sale by Mr. ——

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(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and being perfectly efficacious, after all others have failed, is destined for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health, in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is exempted expressly by the Assistants Acts, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and found wanting, and is therefore the only reliable remedy ever offered to the afflicted, as the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of Imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or at his Agency, No. 3 Bulfinch st., Boston. DR. MATTISON REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 3 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN. It is a regularly educated physician, of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Persons writing for advice or otherwise may rest confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for those who wish to visit the city for treatment. Letters must contain a fee, with good care until received to Dr. Mattison.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when the public are flooded with every known kind of edge of medicine whatever, persons can never be too careful in the selection of the one they are making some inquiry, and especially in relation to the remedies for private diseases. As an advertising physician, in nine cases out of ten, are ignorant, or pass themselves off for learned men,

THE DAILY COURIER.
Thursday, July 11, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

A dispatch from Burlington, near Laurel Hill, states that brisk skirmishing was kept up all yesterday afternoon, between the rebels and McClellan's advance column. At four o'clock the rebels attempted an attack, but were repulsed, and scattered through the woods. Federal loss one killed and three wounded. McClellan's division has reached Beverly.

IN CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, a resolution to expel certain Senators from the [illegible] was laid over. The resolution to [illegible] the acts of the President and [illegible] was advocated by Messrs. [illegible]ing, Wilson and Lane of [illegible]sed by Polk and Kennedy.

[illegible] resolution was laid over until [illegible]

[illegible]uthorizing the employment of [illegible]r the suppression of the insurrection was considered and amended. [illegible]an appropriation of $500,000,000 to enable the President to defray such number of volunteers as may become [illegible]t exceeding half a million, [illegible]des for the franking privilege to [illegible]. Lieut. Colonels, Majors, Adjutants and Quartermasters.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the clause making an appropriation was stricken out as it should come from the House.

On motion of Mr. Lane, the franking privilege was extended to captains.

An amendment was adopted that the President may appoint Major and Brigadier Generals from the regular army.

Mr. Saulsbury moved to strike out 500,000 from the sum 200,000. He said the Union had no warmer friend than himself, and Delaware was eminently loyal, but believed he would be in favor of the settlement of this trouble. He was willing to vote for any number of men to defend the capital, but believed that if Congress today would adopt the compromise of Mr. Crittenden and turn the Richmond Government over to our people, we would have peace. He could not believe the Union in the manner proposed by this bill.

Mr. Foster said 200,000 was too many for peace and too few to make war.

The amendment was disagreed to: yeas 9 to 34 nays. The yeas were Johnson of Mo., Kennedy, Polk, Powell and Saulsbury, Johnson, of Tennessee, voted nay and Mr. Breckinridge was absent. The bill was adopted 34 to 4.

In the House, notice was received from the Senate of the passage of the bill remitting duties on arms. The bill to provide for the collection of duties having been taken up, Mr. Burnett, of Ky., addressed the House in opposition to the policy of the administration.

He was indisposed to resort to cannon, bayonet and sword under any circumstances, believing that under the forms of the Government, the Union could never be held together in that way, and his constituents was to oppose by voice and vote every movement looking to a prosecution of the war, which he predicted would shatter the material interests of the country, and result in the downfall of republican government on this continent.

Mr. Mallory, of Kentucky, proposed, in the name of Kentucky and her Union Representatives, against the remarks of Mr. Burnett; Kentucky, by an overwhelming majority, will support and maintain the Government and the Constitution of the United States. (Great applause on the floor and in the galleries, which the Speaker checked.) Mr. Mallory, proceeded, declared that what he had stated was the opinion of Kentucky in this unfortunate state of affairs. We in Kentucky, said he, believe the peril, destruction and ruin of so many material interests has been brought about by those very seceding States not so much from a want to unite the sympathy of my colleague. It is tearing my opinion, and that of Kentucky, I think I am authorized to say in the North and the country that the people of Kentucky, the eight Union Representatives on this floor, stands ready to support the Government of the United States by every constitutional measure which it may be thought proper to resort to for the maintenance of the Government and the Constitution. (Applause.)

Mr. Washburn explained that the bill was similar to the force bill of 1833. After further discussion the bill was passed 132 to 10, the nays being Burnett, of Ky., Harding, Norton, Pendleton, of Ohio, Reid, Richinson, of Ill., Valandigham, Voorhies, of Ind., Wickliffe and Wright, of Ohio, Wood, of N. Y. Mr. Vallandigham made a speech against the war policy of the administration. The loan bill passed 149 to 5. Several bills and orders of inquiry were introduced.

DEATH OF MAJ. LONGFELLOW. The Boston papers of last evening contained the particulars of a sad accident at Cambridge, which resulted in the death of Mrs. Fanny Longfellow, wife of Prof. Henry W. Longfellow. On Tuesday afternoon, while seated at her library table, making seals for the entertainment of her two youngest children, a match, or a piece of lighted paper, caught her dress, and she was in a moment enveloped in flames.—Prof. Longfellow, who was in his study, ran to her assistance, and succeeded in extinguishing the flames, with considerable injury to himself; but too late for the rescue of her life. Medical aid was at once summoned, and everything that skill could suggest was employed for their relief. Both of the sufferers were kept under the influence of ether through the night, and Wednesday morning Mrs. Longfellow rallied a little, but at eleven o'clock she was never released from suffering. She was a gifted and accomplished lady, the daughter of Hon. Nathan Appleton, of Boston. She leaves five children to mourn, with their father, their common loss. Prof. Longfellow's injuries, though serious, are not of a dangerous kind.

THE BOSTON ATLAS. This paper (formerly the *Atlas and Bee*) has been discontinued, temporarily, with but little prospect, however, of being revived. The *Bee* was commenced in 1842, and up to 1855 was neutral in politics. It has since been, first Native American and then Republican. The *Traveller* says it was the only paper in the State that sustained the second nomination of Gov. Gardner, which is quite an error; there were as many as seven or eight journals that supported his nomination. The mortality of daily papers has been large in Boston, within the last ten or twelve years, including the **Times, Mail, Ledger, Atlas, Chronicle, Telegraph, Chronotype, Sun, Star, and Wide-Awake.**

A SPEECH FROM GENERAL BUTLER. A correspondent of the *Philadelphia Inquirer* has obtained the Fourth of July speech of General Butler, delivered to the federal troops at Hampton. The following is the concluding portion of the General's remarks:

"So far as I know, there is no one spot upon Virginia's soil where the booming of cannon is heard to-day in honor of its glorious memories, and where the anniversary is respected and revered.

Let every man of you (and I use those terms before we who have come from a foreign shore to this land of their adoption, and who are armed to defend her liberty in this hour of her sorrow;) let every man of you, I say, who has lain down, as I have lain down with you, in our fortunes, and our sacred honors in this cause, stop to see that we are all animated by one spirit—a spirit of pure and holy patriotism. Let us be ready to do our enemies no harm, except in necessity to those in arms against us. Let us deal tenderly, especially with those who are not in arms, and show them that a spirit of honor lives with us even in war. Let us deal strictly, persistently—I had almost said unfortunately, and our sacred honors in this cause, stop with those whom we find in arms, till no man shall say there are not thirty-four stars that shine in that glorious galaxy of our nation's banner.

Soldiers, brothers-in-arms, friends —for I regard every man my friend who stands beside me in arms to-day—let us see to it that we do our duty. And do it nobly, in this contest while it shall last, and we shall go home from the field, to be welcomed with the plaudits and honors of a grateful and enthusiastic people. In this we shall find our highest reward, no less will be the glory that will resound to its heroes from the joyful and eventful war which wrought out our liberties.

Let us then pledge ourselves anew to the cause of our country. Let us invoke a new determination, and press forward with silent, patriotic zeal to the issue; and before another anniversary of this glorious day shall be welcomed with the booming of cannon, the watch-fire of our encampment—the one our fathers bequeathed us—and the shouts of a great and grateful people shall ring out from the prosperous and glorious nation of the earth."

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamship Canada arrived at Halifax yesterday afternoon, bringing London dates to the 29th ult. Chancellor has taken his seat under the title of Lord Westbury. The recognition of Italy has been officially announced by the French Government. The foreign policy of Turkey will remain unchanged, and important domestic reforms will be undertaken.

The Berlin papers publish a dispatch recently addressed to the Prussian minister at Washington, in which the warmest sympathy is expressed for the welfare of the Union, and the deepest regret for the unfortunate division existing between them. He is instructed to discuss the important question of the treatment of neutral ships, with the American Government in a friendly and open manner. The course which Prussia must adopt as to a declaration of adhesion to the Paris agreement of 1856. Should this be unattainable, Prussia will be free to maintain herself in the position of a belligerent power.

Forbush had been connected with the Councilloe for many months, during the past months. We do not know that he had ever been suspected, although there have been many complaints of money-letters being missed. He had his right arm shot a boy, but being of an active, energetic temperament, he was still well qualified for business. Forbush has a wife and several children. At this time there are numerous stories in circulation, reflecting unfavorably on his character, but of their truth we know nothing.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RECEPTION OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The committee of the City Council to arrange for the reception of the 8th Regiment on its return home, met last evening. It was voted to invite the City Government of Lawrence, and Selectmen of Canton, Acton, and Stoneham, to be present on the occasion. It was also voted to invite the Governor and Staff, the Independent Cadets, and Brig. Gen. Sutton and Staff be present.

The following sub committees were appointed:—On dinner, Aldermen Gardner and Councilman H. P. Perkins; on invitations and transportation, Messrs. Richardson and Hosford; on salutes and hillringing, President North and Mr. Baron of the Council. Mejor W. H. Clemence was selected for Chief Marshal with Colonel Putnam Nowell was appointed to arrange the order of procession.

It was voted to invite the various military organizations of Lowell, the Fire Department, and all other associations which usually take part in processions, to act as escort for the Regiment. The steam gun is expected to arrive with the Regiment, and will be in the procession. It is to be presented to the Middlesex Mechanics' Association by the City Government. It is proposed to have a large tent erected on the common, in which a dinner will be served.

The matter of forwarding the Lowell Brigade Band to Lynn, in case of the Regiment, on its way home, will be arranged by the Mayor and Alderman Hosford, who leave for the Relay House via Fortress Monroe and Baltimore this afternoon. The Mayor received a letter from Col. Jones yesterday, stating that the Regiment would not leave for home until their term of service expired, but the time they will not be expected until the latter part of week after next, or about the 27th.

THOUGHT SHE MUST TO PROVE IT.—A day or two since, a female of Milesian birth rushed into the police office in breathless haste and said to see the City Marshal. That official being absent, inquiry was made as to her business, when she made known her wants in nearly the following words:—"Ah! as I was come out of me house, jist now, I seen a woman sittin' on me steps wid a child, an' as I'm a decent women an' don't like strangers round, I ax'd her what she wanted an' whose child it was, an' she tells me that she was restin' herself an' that the child had no father, an' sure, sir, I think she ought to be brought before the court an' made to prove it."

The foregoing gives a slight idea of the calls that are sometimes made upon the police.

CAPT. P. A. DAVIS, of the Richardson Light Infantry, has been appointed Provost Marshal at Fortress Monroe. This appointment does not prevent him from retaining his position as commander of the company.

CITY AND VICINITY.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA HEMBLE, has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 17 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may15d1w

POSTOFFICE ROBBERY AND ARREST. On Tuesday last, the head clerk in the Lowell Postoffice, Mr. Levi Hedge, on making up his usual cash account, missed quite a large amount of money, in three-cent pieces, and that the day before he had placed in a certain position. As previously, however, the clerks, as occasion had offered, had exchanged small coin for currency, to accommodate persons on the street, it occurred to Mr. Hedge that it had been so exchanged. But in balancing his cash account, an equivalent for the missing money was discovered. This was something that required explanation. None but the clerks had access to the office, whom he had no reason to suspect, and still the money was missing. At this time Mr. Hedge also discovered that a bag which had been used to keep old gold and silver coin in, was also missing with its contents. From certain circumstances he suspected that whoever had committed the robbery was familiar with the office. The facts were communicated to W. H. Clemence, special mail agent, and it was determined to ferrit the matter out. Messrs. Hedge and Clemence went to Boston yesterday and getting the necessary search-warrant, and the assistance of an officer, they proceeded to the store of William B. Forbush, formerly a letter-carrier of this city, but now keeping a store on the corner of Union Street, in Boston. After some little delay Mr. Clemence obtained the key of the store, looked the door, and proceeded to search Mr. Forbush and the premises. In a small trunk, about which Forbush was at work when they entered, was found a lot of three-cent pieces and the old bag, mixed together, and also the identical bag the old coin was kept in at the Postoffice. The original amount taken was about $115, but not quite $100 was found, although some of the gold coin had been changed to a man to whom he had paid money. On the entrance of Mr. Hedge and the officers, Forbush was seen to throw something out of sight, and on searching, a key of the same kind as those used at the Postoffice was found, although Forbush gave up the key he used, when connected with the office, about three months before he was discharged, but probably not until he had got another like it made. This, of course, warranted his arrest. He was yesterday afternoon lodged in jail by D. Sutton. At half-past 9 o'clock this morning Mr. Clemence went to Boston and returned with his prisoner at one this afternoon. He will be examined, we presume, in the Police Court sometime during the day.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, James Carrol, for larceny of property from the American House, on Sunday night, was sent to the House of Correction for five months.

Michael Smith, for assault upon Officer A. B. Foss, was sent to the House of Correction for three months.

LOWELL PARTIES CONVICTED AT CONCORD. Yesterday, in the Superior Court, now in session at Concord, Thomas Cassin, William Harrison, John Daily and Greenwood Morton, were convicted of liquor selling, and sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs each. Several Lowell parties for various offences, failing to appear, were defaulted, and two women for liquor selling, were placed on probation.

MIDDLESEX MECHANICS' ASSOCIATION. The members of this Association are requested to attend their meeting at Mechanics' Hall this evening, at 8 o'clock.

COL. E. F. JONES has in person resumed the command of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, at the Relay House Camp.

LOWELL, with a population of not quite 40,000, has the same number of papers as Rockford, Ill., with a population of 250,000, each having three dailies and four weeklies.

MINISTERIAL JOCKEYING. The *Springfield Republican* says that Rev. Dr. Sloan, of New London, Ct., has commenced a suit against Rev. L. H. S. Brewster of Norwich, for damage in a horse trade. When clergymen go to chaffing, the rest of the world should become hoarse. We believe, however, Mr. Brewster, is no novice at preaching. Some years ago, before he received "a call" to preach, we understand, he lived in this city, and he is very well remembered by some of our citizens.

GEN. PILLOW advertises for the head of Hon. Emerson Etheridge. "It is certain," says the *St. Louis Democrat* "that there is a man in this city who pretty nearly as much needs a head as this same Gen. Pillow."

A NEW ORDER OF THINGS IN BALTIMORE. Col. Kenly has enrolled six hundred gold and silver men, as police regulators in Baltimore. There are twelve hundred applications of respectable working men professing their services to be the new police, without pay or reward, as long as needed.

The infamous practice of adulterating Distilled Spirits has become so general throughout the country as the exception; it is of solid importance to those retailers who desire to sell a pure article, than it should be of undoubted purity and efficacy.

With a view to meeting the popular demand for a pure article, we have established an Agency in this city, under the supervision, and fully appreciating the importance of the trust reposed in us, we can say, officially, as a cautionary stimulant, when all other remedies fail, we are now furnishing and selling at a moderate rate, a Brandy of our own importation, from one of the most responsible houses in France, and known as

"Bininger's Genuine Cognac Brandy."

It is mild, delicious and fruity, and is designed to be administered to patients in cases of exhaustion, debility and spent bottles, in cases containing two dozen each, and can be procured of druggists and grocers generally, and wines and liquors dealers.

Also, a full assortment of our original packages, viz: *Eights and Quarter Casks.*

A. M. BININGER & CO.
(Established 1778.)
No. 19 Broad Street, N. Y.
For sale in Boston by GEO. C. GODWIN & CO., Nos. 11 and 13 Marshall street. M. S. BURR & CO.; HYDE & BAILEY. HYDE, PECKER, BOOTH & CO.; HOWARD & CO.; REED CUTLER & CO.; T. C. SMITH; DAVIS & CO.; JAS. MACKINTOSH. [illegible]

$10 GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvin's Imperial Kid Glove Preparation for cleaning kid gloves of any color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John street.

MRS. HAWKIN, No. 600 FOURTH ST., SAYS OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE:

Prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

New York, May 15, 1861.

I had a child of mine showing symptoms of worms. I gave it a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, which brought away a bunch of worms, numbering, I should judge, about thirty. The child was very sick during the operation, but is now well and doing finely.

Mrs. Twist, No. 18 Avenue D, writes under date of August 10, 1859, and says she has been troubled with worms for more than a year, and that she took one bottle of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by Fleming Bros., which brought away from her over three hundred worms, big and little. She has not believes herself to be troubled from this disease.

Mrs. Hoppins, a German woman, residing at 204 Bivington street, says, that after using one vial of M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, she passed over one hundred worms.

The above certificates are all from parties well known in this city. If there are any who doubt the genuineness of the above statements, and can satisfy themselves by personal inquiry.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, Manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges are worthless or offensive. Dr. M'LANE'S Liver Pills, a safe and certain cure for dyspepsia and biliousness, can be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of

[illegible] FLEMING BROS.

PUNELS & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. [illegible]

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

Tickets to all points West, Northwest and Southwest, for sale at the lowest rates. Also tickets for passage in the Steamers sailing from this port to Grand Trunk Railroad.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack & Street depot.
may11

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Colburn,	S. W. Hinckley,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. Bosford,	Isaac Plaisted,
L. G. Brown,	Jas. Tyler,	Geo. Sherman,
	Levi Spaulding.	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses, Churches, School-houses, and Farm property, and has over Less Risks in this class. The present cash capital is $115,000. Its STOCK DEPARTMENT is confined to Stores, Factories, Shops, Stocks of Goods, &c., and has a cash capital of $100,000. Both departments are conducted on the same principles, and all others, that avoid the risks of Manufactories, Hotels, Stables, &c.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.
apr11

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and original FRANKLIN TOAL,

Caution the public against the many worthless and spurious imitations now offered for sale, and warn purchasers against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, or his Agents. The genuine FRANKLIN TOAL is manufactured only at the Franklin Coal Oil and Asphalt Works, Titusville, Pa., by

Titusville City, Dec. 1860. DENNISTON & BRENT.

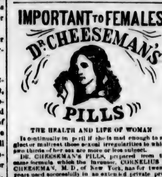
R. F. SHERMAN, Sole Agent for Lowell, July 18, 1860. ly

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
For grates unrivalled.
It burns up clinkers.
It burns without dust.
It burns without smoke.
Than any other free burning coal. And the best for furnaces and boilers.

Also, Lehigh Coal, of all sizes.

HOWARDS WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE, Rear of our agent, J. HOWARD, 17 Market street. may14d3m



THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is unfortunate in point if she is sad enough to become the victim of any of those complaints peculiar to her sex, there is no more or less relief.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a remedy that the same formula which the learned CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., has used in his practice for years and successfully in an extensive private practice, and which he has published to the world. Each box contains fifty pills. Price $1 per box. For sale by all druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and wholesale by the Sole Proprietors,

Preston Lyman, Charles Lyman, Jr., Thomas Lyman, Jr., Thos. Fullerton, Jr., John Anderson, Alexander Lyman, George H. Bonnell, G. W. Prentiss, Robert Lyman, Robert T. Goodridge, Wm. Lyman, Jr.

DIRECTORS:
President, Preston Lyman.
Vice President, Charles Lyman, Jr.
Secretary, Thomas Lyman, Jr.
Treasurer, George H. Bonnell.
Actuary, George T. Goodridge.
Medical Examiner, Robert Lyman.
Counsellor, Thomas Fullerton, Jr.

Stock taken in other stock or Mutual departments, and Premium Notes.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. ly

"BUT ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Are purely vegetable, containing all the medicinal properties of Roots, Herbs and Barks, in the most concentrated form. Their operation is prompt, safe and effectual. They purify the blood, remove all impurities from the system, and restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and regulate the whole human machinery. They are a sure cure for all diseases of the blood, Scrofula and Humors, and for all diseases of the liver, Kidneys and Bowels, arising from a derangement of the digestive organs, such as Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Costiveness, Jaundice, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Piles, Fever and Ague, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Ringworm, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Pain in the Back, Kidneys and Side, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Dropsy, Gout, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregularities, Suppressions, Painful Menstruation, Sterility, Barrenness, Impotency, Involuntary Discharges, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Gravel, Stone and Calculus, Worms, Nervous Affections, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Mercurial Diseases, Syphilitic Complaints, Diseases of the Throat, Nose and Skin, Tumors, Cancers, Canker, Chronic Inflammation and Enlargement of the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy of the Heart, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side and Chest, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, Croup, Influenza, Sore Throat, Diseases of the Lungs, and all diseases that arise from Impure Blood, a Disordered Liver, Stomach or Digestive Organs, or a Sedentary or Unhealthy Mode of Life.

Dr. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS are composed of the Active Principles of Roots, Herbs and Barks, extracted by the Medical Properties of Alcohol, which is employed instead of water, as it is a well known fact that water will not extract the medicinal properties of vegetables, but Alcohol will. Hence Dr. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS are the only true and reliable Vegetable Tonic and Alterative in the world. Being entirely free from Alcohol in any form, they are the only Bitters that can be used in cases where ardent spirits are contraindicated. Explicit directions accompany each bottle, which should be carefully observed by those using the Bitters.

Dr. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS are prepared only by DR. JOHN LANGLEY, at the Botanic Depot, No. 120 Hudson street, New York, and are for sale by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere. Price $1 per bottle.

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For sale by druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack Street, next door.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on terms consistent with the safety of the risks and favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell;
Joseph O. Ashott,
John Avery,
Walter Wright,
Caleb H. Marcy,
Ezra Converse,
Stephen Fletcher.

Abraham T. Lowe, Boston.
Lester N. Clark, Manchester.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 39 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, 1860. ly

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn
Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Surplus.....$700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital.....$500,000
Surplus.....$500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Friendsh, Mass.

Capital and Surplus...$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible companies. Also, make a specialty on Dwelling Houses and their contents, and Stores and their contents.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late J. RICHARDSON.
Apl9 ly 18619

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.

Contingent Fund, $253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, was 40 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate worth 100 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

DIRECTORS:

Preston Lyman, Charles Lyman, Jr., Thomas Lyman, Jr., Thos. Fullerton, Jr., John Anderson, Alexander Lyman, George H. Bonnell, G. W. Prentiss, Robert Lyman, Robert T. Goodridge, Wm. Lyman, Jr.

President, Preston Lyman.
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Nov. 16, 1860. ly

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For sale by druggists in Lowell, and at 182 Merrimack Street, next door.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

RETURN of the New England Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., on the 31st day of December, 1860.

J. A. BULLOCK, General Agent.

Amount of capital	$200,000 00
Amount of capital actually paid in	200,000 00
Including share to the amount of 200 value of each	
Amount of fire risks outstanding	4,833,200 00
Total amount of marine risks outstanding (Risks	4,833,200 00
Amount of United States, State and Bank Stocks,	

	Par Val.	Mar. Val.
20 Tennessee 6 per cent. State Bonds	$1000 00	$980 00
5 Kentucky 6 per cent. State Bonds	1000 00	1040 00
100 shares Commercial Bank	100 00	104 00
100 do do	100 00	104 00
100 do do	100 00	104 00
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50 do do	100 00	104 00
50 do do	100 00	104 00
50

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BECAUSE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is the

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is terrifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It fans and stimulates the nerves and renews the blood like revivifier, reinstates in old years and at all its original purity, and thus restores and invigorates the system, overthrowing all attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered the public that will do this, and it is the duty of every one who is a sufferer to use the

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.

Be chemically tested, and yet so perfectly blended as not to affect the most delicate, while it avoids the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail on any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

If Remember! This medicine is entirely different from any other, and is not to be classed with other remedies of the kind. Some have been recommended to me, also that it is necessary to be repeated in every instance, or the press will be rejected.

If Beware of imitations. Prof. Wood's is never sold unless purchased *directly of Dr. Wood* or his office. Prepared only at the office of DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 120 Union street Providence, R. I.

If This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of long and varied practice, giving his *whole attention* to them exclusively. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad for a season, or during confinement. *Remember*, with good care until restored to health.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.

If In three days of medical exposition, when unscrupulous pretenders, destitute of the knowledge of medicine whatever, presume cannot be cured in less than three months. Many are making some inquiry, and especially in regard to those who make the greatest pretensions.

All vertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten are impostors, and should be carefully avoided by one wanting an advice, a prescription or a cure. WOMEN, and on females especially, they rely; also Circulars giving full information, and *the most satisfactory references and testimonials*, without which no advertising physician should be employed. Some kind of a CURE IS ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

If Dr. Mattison's Remedies are very PECULIAR; ply clean in Powder, if not in New England. They make a new ally of nature, and in this way be given the very best references and testimonials, both in his practice and from those who have ABE any where. Dr. Mattison's Remedies are not a humbug, but will be found worthy of confidence by all good thinking men and women who try them.

Letters by mail promptly attended to. Write us what you want. Send for Dr. MATTISON'S circular.

August 23, 1865. aug27d1y

DR. DOWSE'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF

IS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh Snuff relieves in five minutes by simply water running from the head out of the nose, and does not produce sneezing, coughing, and exasperating, becomes a thick, glairy substance, acting in the Nostrils the same as all other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Young children are relieved by this water running from the head into the throat, and not through the nose, when they cannot blow their nose, and swallows the phlegm, by which the stomach becomes foul, and they are as with the croup, unless immediate relief is found. It is also relieved by some of 10 drops a Catarrh Snuff when they have taken ill, and it will prevent all these complaints in five minutes. Prepared only by DR. J. DOWSE, No. 19 Essex street, Boston. Sold by all druggists. aug28d1y

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Lovett Hall, corner of John St.

IS NOW

Using Boracic complete for 50 cents
Using Sozodont complete for 50 cents
Using Lyon's Kathairon complete for 75 cents
Using Opium complete for 75 cents
Using Bazin Extract complete for 75 cents
Using Brown Bromeline tincture complete for 50 cents
Using Perry Davis Pain Killer complete for 50 cents
Using Sick and Bilious Mixture for 50 cents
Using Dr. Tobias' Ointment for 50 cents

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is desired for both *married and single ladies*, as it is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, from *any cause*, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken during the first month, and at any period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail on any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

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Letters by mail promptly attended to. Write us what you want. Send for Dr. MATTISON'S circular.

August 23, 1865. aug27d1y

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Re-ports, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions, Printing Cards, Show-bills, Memorandum Pastures, &c.

FANCY BILLS

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of *pearl marble and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—in packs and in cards to fit out to order.

E. F. STONE,
R. W. HUNT, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR

WARE,

Sold by

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

OF

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 26, 1865. sep26d1y

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in great variety, Fishing Rods, &c., &c., at

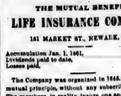
DOYLE & MUSIC STORE,

21 Central Street, a greatly reduced prices. mar23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY

THEN A TRADE TO KEEP YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS BEEN PROVED TO BE GOOD BY THE TEST OF TIME.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER seated in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases, all who have used it exclaim, "*What a Wonderful Relief!* What a *Great Blessing!*" They serious to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

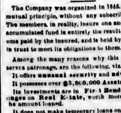
The price is low, suitable the reach of all. Try it, and to convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and reta-ilby SAMUEL EDDY, Jr., Druggist, and Chemist, corner Merrimack and Jackson streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHEPARD, 4 Tremont Row, Boston; and by Druggists generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

February 13, 1861. 17 Tyler Street, Boston. feb13d1y



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulations Jan. 1, 1861, $3,513,358.93
Dividends paid to date, 1,324,980.18
Losses paid, 1,188,378.75

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, a large accumulated fund is securely, the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to secure to them the benefits of it.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual economy and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

It has been in existence ten years.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only funds employed are in first Bonds, Mortgage, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest paid will be a profit.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the United States of America.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. Premiums on Policies of over $20 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and secured by note, the interest on premium notes is paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Loss premiums.

The Dividends are paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their notes in Cash receive the dividends in Cash, when required; and those who give Notes, have by a credit on Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most correct mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7777 citizens in force; yet an increase in the number of insures insured renders it necessary that the operation of its principle of average, upon which all Life premiums are based, should be more extensively known, therefore perceive it to be important that the insured connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the above principle.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1861, applications for insurance may be made to

GEO. H. STOCKTON, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

mar7 dtf

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

on the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well selected stock of

China Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Japan Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country, KEROSENE LAMPS, BURNERS, SHADES AND HANDLED LAMPS.

A very convenient article for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

the very best quality, which I will sell at such prices, in quantities to suit purchasers:

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,

No. 42 Merrimack Street.

JAPANESE WARE.

A good assortment of Toilet Se-t, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

of common, medium, and superior qualities, on the principal manufactories in the country, together with a new supply of Scantled

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods on sale low are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the artful attention, strict dealing, and extensive facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most favorable terms, will enable us to them a full share of the patronage of the public.

"Prices the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage which they have bestowed upon this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors both profitable and pleasant, I respectfully invite a call from all here making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,

42 Merrimack street, Lowell.

may19 tf

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being daily ill-pestered with parties claiming to be infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mach-ine now in use, to the frequent changes and use of a great variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from the finest muslin to the coarsest cloth without stopping, and make sew y stitch perfect. They will even fasten the ends of the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without waxing the thread, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In such a machine is not adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why pay for every variety of high sewing Machine, we recommend our larger ones.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, by the double rows of stitch.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or less liable to get easily understood.

The tension of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the American Institute, in the City of New York, over fifteen other kinds of Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Saratoga County Fair.

Fact No. 10.—We warrant every machine we sell to give perfect satisfaction than any machine now in use, or the money will be refunded.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give perfect satisfaction than any sewing machine now in use, or the money will be refunded with promptness.

Fact No. 12.—We have peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine seen quite incredible to persons who have never seen one at work, or had a thorough and practical inquiry of threads, from almost every description of cotton, linen, silk, &c., and the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of each, and if you have any doubts on the subject, make inquiry we offer the more explicit assurance that we have the best machine that has ever been made public, by more reference to certain responsible persons, who have used them, and who pronounce them the best machine in use, and who have themselves of certain personal acquaintance of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, of the most elastic.

The Company having recently reduced the price of their excellent Machines, and having the best facilities for manufacturing, including the best machinery, and employing the most skilful workmen, are prepared to supply the trade and canvassers with agencies on the most favorable terms.

Agent for Lowell, H. S. HAYNES, No. 42 Merrimack street, Lowell.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar9d1y

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactories a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

Which will be sold cheaper than ever before, and in beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever before, and in beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever before, and in beautiful patterns, and

THE DAILY COURIER.
Friday, July 19, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

A dispatch from Brookfield, Mo., states that Col. Smith's command occupied the brick college building at Monroe and that 2000 rebels surrounded it and had planted cannon to destroy the building and occupants. A flag of truce which was sent out was disregarded. Aid from the West will reach Monroe to-night, (July 11th.) Gen. Raines was killed at the Carthage battle. Large armed bands of rebels are crossing Missouri River to join Jackson's forces.—Gov. Jackson and Boernstein's ark at work to intercept them.

WAR NEWS AND RUMOR.

Western Virginia. The skirmishing at Beslington, near Laurel Hill, was by the 14th Ohio and 9th Indiana Regiments, with a crack Georgia Regiment.

The enemy advanced under cover of the woods. Our skirmishers rushed forward, pouring in a sharp volley, killing several. The rebel cavalry then advanced to take our skirmishers by the flank, but our boys rapidly retreated, and the artillery dropped a couple of shells, one exploding among their cavalry, causing them to instantly fall back, when the boys again rushed forward pouring in another volley. The rebels were scattered in the woods, their officers attempting to rally them, but they could not be brought to face our boys again. In the meantime our boys picked off their officers. Several more shells were thrown in, and our men made a final rush, driving them clear through their own rifle pits, bringing back several of their blankets, canteens and guns.

The Georgians now have new ideas of Yankee courage. A prisoner while he had refused to come down to the reads opposite our advanced position again, and all were much astonished and terrified. Their supplies of provisions are cut off, and they must soon come to extremities. Our loss is one killed and three wounded. Indications are that the enemy are about to cut a new road through the woods to get out their stock

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD, BECAUSE IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR. It is PROF. O. J. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precisely what the name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the wounded stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritations. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by inertia or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can be used in infancy, childhood, youth and old age.

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS, OR IRRITABILITY, NERVOUSNESS, DEBILITY, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, MELANCHOLY, HYPOCHONDRIA, SICK HEADACHE, LANGUOR, GIDDINESS,

AND ALL THAT CLASS OF EVILS SO TRUE AND PITILY FATAL CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND IRREGULARITIES.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements, or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general disorder of the digestive organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevents all attacks arising from unhealthy influences of the climate. Such a tonic, and one so skilful y combined from the vegetable kingdom as to be a perfect assurance with the laws of nature, and thus soothe the weakest stomach, is needed at this time alay nervous and other irritations, and keep up all the powers of life in a healthy condition. Such is composed, as offered by Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, and hence it is perfectly adapted to old and young, both sexes, and all ages. Its trial is earnestly solicited, and the testimony is universal in its favor. *New York Atlas.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects now in those done in ordinary use, has long been felt to be a desideratum. Such a tonic is needed. Such a tonic, and one so skilful y combined from the vegetable kingdom as to be a perfect assurance with the laws of nature, and thus soothe the weakest stomach, is needed at this time alay nervous and other irritations, and keep up all the powers of life in a healthy condition. Such is composed, as offered by Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, and hence it is perfectly adapted to old and young, both sexes, and all ages. Its trial is earnestly solicited, and the testimony is universal in its favor. *New York Atlas.*

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR is the only PREPARED REMEDY known to the world that will positively Debility, or Weakness arising from any cause; thus, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, Bilious Affections, Sick Headache, Female Weakness in all its stages; also to prevent the contraction of Chronic Diseases. It is the only preparation in the World known and Restorative ever offered to the afflicted, and no chemist or physician need to be told its composition, as it is well known to every one of experience. Reader, try it, you will not regret it. We have no hesitation in recommending it, since we know it to be a *safe, certain and sure remedy for diseases enumerated.—New York Dispatch.*

☞ Before ordering a patent medicine, we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that is recommended. And we would say that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of Prof. Wood will stand the test fully, and in fact, it is without any doubt the first article in the market for Purifying the Blood and strengthening the system, and we feel safe in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker.*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many, in consequence of a false delicacy, suffer from *suppressed, painful or obstructed menstruation*, and think however they are young people, and by-and-bye nature will work itself clear from obstructions, and all come right in the end, while dreaming that the seeds of death are already germinating in the system and that the vital energies are impaired, and the entire animal economy deranged. Gentlemen, and you, ladies of themselves as they are, if a remedy were set before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinstigate the body, they would take it, and thus be in time to save their lives. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, and 7—114 Mercer street, N. Y. 1 copy, 1 year. 1 copy, 6 months. Sold everywhere. jan21 1yeow

Prices for the murder of his wife.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for its purpose, as it will bring on the monthly relief in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* such usually occurs, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too numerous family. Thousands have been assisted to health and happiness by it, but it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, said without the least injury to health in any case.—It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

THICKS.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Emmenagogue is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which old ether remedies have been tried and have proved a failure*, since that; *is warranted as represented in* EVERY INSTANCE, or the money will be refunded.

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only by DR. MATTISON, PERSONAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of long and extensive practice, giving his whole attention to them. Communications by letter, which are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who desire board and treatment in a quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical opposition, when MEN resort to every means, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cause to come past by the counsel, and to build to the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, to wit:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It promises only reasonable rates.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not invest in temporary loans on collaterals.

The only stock owned by it are Bonds in Albany and Western Railroad Co. Bonds.

The insured get all the profit s.

The true defence of the Company is confined exclusively to the loss incurred by Fires.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of Losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of their claims, by allowing them to take part in cash, or annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, 10 years, or Limited Payments, may be paid in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, per annum. The interest on such notes will have to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to and the insured in settling future premiums. Those who lay their premiums by, and allow them to accumulate, have them deducted; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful estimates of the business.

This Company has now the large number of 7772 Policies in force, which is a guarantee to the confidence of persons insured reckless more certain the operation of its principles, particularly in the front rank of the Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore promise it to be important that those who desire to insure should call and examine its acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860. Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the country, *since that*; *is warranted as represented in* EVERY INSTANCE, or the money will be refunded.

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamp lets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl outface and remarkable cheap and substantial* CARDS *adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
No 29 *CENTRAL STREET*,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames.

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS

Neat and showy styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Frames for Dancing attended to.

Million Gold Beading for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARA SOLS MADE and repaired. Cane to weave; and Gold beading, Pinking, Runcinating, &c., &c. at

HUSE'S MUSIC STORE,

31 Central street, at greatly reduced prices. jan23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

H. S. HAYNES'
SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
500 Bush. prime Seed Barley,

just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S, 41 Merrimack street. mar7

Kinger's Linoone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, Marble, Mahogany, Wire, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual* in removing all kinds of material from the hands, even soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new from the store. Prepared only by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr. Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

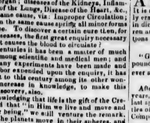
ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, R. B. Wolf and Fine Fur Robes—Bodies and Linen Coats, Horse Blankets &c., a large assortment, just received at BRADLEY'S 2ST STORE.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS

mar18

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, AND all its numerous Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "What *Wonderful Relief!* What a Great *Blessing!*" Only One Dollar a large bottle.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, *within the reach of all.* Try it, and as mentioned then it is what we say of it.

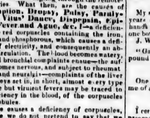
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell: CLACK & BEERWOOD, 24 Perry, Manchester, N. H.; E. S. PHILLIPS & CO., Concord, and all retail by druggists.

G. L. BEAN & Co., Proprietors.

February 13, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

6m5dly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$1,912,158.93
Premiums paid to date,	1,814,000.00
Losses paid,	2,611,801.55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital stock. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held in trust by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, to wit:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It promises only reasonable rates.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not invest in temporary loans on collaterals.

The only stock owned by it are Bonds in Albany and Western Railroad Co. Bonds.

The insured get all the profit s.

The true defence of the Company is confined exclusively to the loss incurred by Fires.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of Losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of their claims, by allowing them to take part in cash, or annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, 10 years, or Limited Payments, may be paid in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, per annum. The interest on such notes will have to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to and the insured in settling future premiums. Those who lay their premiums by, and allow them to accumulate, have them deducted; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful estimates of the business.

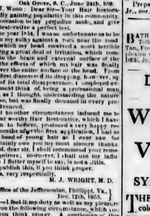
This Company has now the large number of 7772 Policies in force, which is a guarantee to the confidence of persons insured reckless more certain the operation of its principles, particularly in the front rank of the Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore promise it to be important that those who desire to insure should call and examine its acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860. Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.

dtf

H.S.HAYNES.



HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well selected stock of White Gin.

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the west Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, BURNING FLUID, CAMPHENE AND HANDLED LAMPS.

Every country dealer in Kerosene Oil, Burning Fluids, Chandeliers, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Chimneys, Wicks, &c., purchased to HAYNES' at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at bottom prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Tinned Ware, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale now.

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of the above goods, will find it to their interest to examine our assortment, being assured that the prices and quality of goods will be found as low as facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most favorable terms will receive a share of, and the benefit of our customers.

H. S. HAYNES,

No. 2 Prince Block and the Lowest Prices.

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, I promise to make it a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable. I respectfully invite them to call before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
41 Merrimack street.

may15

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
500 Bush. prime Seed Barley,

just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S, 41 Merrimack street. mar7

Kinger's Linoone.

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PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS

mar18

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements by all diligence.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the single or loop-stitch machines for the same purpose, as it will bring on the monthly relief in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* such usually occurs, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too numerous family. Thousands have been assisted to health and happiness by it, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and clos ed endless variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to two thicknesses of Muslin or Merino without any tension, and are perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stretch and leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not? adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufactured? For work to be worn by our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No thick goods is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The repugnance of *their* Machine, wherever exist, will fully demonstrate the fact of its superiority.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fair of the American Institute of New York, together with the highest Premium at Saratoga, and Rochester.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest Premium at Boston and Lowell.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the following beautiful work, perfectly, and can be altered in compass on with other first-class sewing machines in use, with a very small expense for new parts:

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell, and will exchange any machine for any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine are worthy the attention of every person who desires a machine that will do a perfect variety of work, and will not be liable to get out of order. Hence the constant demand for them in every part of the civilized world, viz., "What are the peculiar features of the new sewing machine?" If the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine!" To which the inquirer is referred to the following unquestionable Facts—Facts that are fastened Fact, and cannot be controverted by any person, but the most prejudiced friends, who may wish to relieve the embarrassment of owning a worthless machine. Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machine, in every part of the country, to the entire satisfaction

The Company having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Machines, and will furnish them with all necessary appendages, including the best Instruction Book ever published, at the Office in Prince Hall and examine them.

Agent for Lowell and Vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 6 Cattelton Block, Merrimack Street.

Lowell, January 2, 1861 ja5dtf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactories of England and France,

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,

Near the Prince Hall. mh15 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

Ten Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the great jury of the people. Its success has caused the name to be in as an act hart.

It is the great remedy for Piles, Fever Sores, Scalds, and everything that is tough to dread the Sex.

It causes the crying of children to cease, because it relieves pain.

It lifts the old man off from his crutch, when used with discretion.

It returns the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scrap of the scabby head of infancy.

It removes at the same time the cause and effect.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It moderates the passions.

It is security against scalds.

It fights against, kills and destroys inflammations, and dont:

It is the best Salve in the world.

Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this Salve.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For all ulcerations, or fever sores.

For chafing in warm weather on the

For sore nipples and lame skin use it.

For all eruptions of the skin, head, neck, chest, and in short all sores, its virtues are acknowledged. The relief is instantaneous when the Golden Salve is skilfully and judiciously applied.

It is a perfect remedy for piles. It has the highest recommendations from gentlemen of the press, the ministry, the bar, the bench, and from every part of the country. Also, from the most eminent physicians and scientific men and mechanics and circumstances. And last, but not least, from the most beautiful women in the world, who have used it and pronounce it to be the most delightful and healing application for sore lips, face, hands, &c., that has ever been discovered.

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SOMETHING NEW!

Pinny Fisk's Family Corn

Is the best article ever offered to the public for the Hand market. A superior Rasped Grate Corn—free from particles of husk. Put up only by BENNETT & RIDDLIFF, corner Moody and Prescott streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, for sale by the ton or load, delivered in any part of the city, at the lowest cash prices.

Also, Wood sawed and split at short notice. Dawood Wood constantly on hand.

Also, Pinny Fisk's Celebrated Hydraulic Cement. Post Office building may6 6m

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf, on Thorndike street, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices. All orders will be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dt

MOTHER! MOTHER!!

CRUDE CASTORIA for Infants and Weakly Children. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

mar7

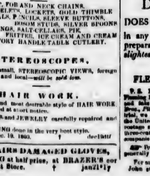
PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply of this Guano for sale at the Lowell Manufacturing Company's Store, 41 Market street. mar7 2*

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Lamps, Chimneys, Burners, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Trimmings of all sizes. Hanging side, stand, bracket, hand, center, table, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style of Lamp for factory use. The best quality oil for sale at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. mar18



CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spirify all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for each of those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, what causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a master of much anxiety among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much valuable information obtained, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful instance to knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also,

Acknowledging that vital life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being" we will venture the remark, that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain natural laws, so animal life is traceable, in a fixed cause, which ensures or destroys, and death, the certain effect, following.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

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Lowell, January 2, 1861 ja5dtf

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COVERED DISHES,
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It removes at the same time the cause and effect.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It moderates the passions.

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For all ulcerations, or fever sores.

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ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest order as well as men, give it their unqualified, and clergymen of the ranks and brain; and the mechanic, the laborer, and the man of business, all testify to its virtues. Its ingredients are vegetable, and it is perfectly safe to take in any quantity. Read the following:

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

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G. L. BEAN & Co., Proprietors.

February 13, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

6m5dly

DR. M'LANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC,

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an ease semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; tumid belly, wasting, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath of a fetid character; voracity in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach; or, entirely gone; occasional pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; or unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

In every instance where it should prove ineffectual; providing the directions attending the sickness of the child or adult should warrant the supposition of worms being the cause. In all cases Medicine to be given IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, not *capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and direct to Pittsburgh, Pa., as there are other establishments in the country using names similar to ours, and we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for Children, containing twenty dozen, or one vial of Vermifuge for Grown persons, containing one dozen. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

☞ For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

250 PAIRS DAMASKED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRADLEY'S 2ST John street. †

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVII. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 13, 1861. NO. 6414.

THE DAILY COURIER.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

To those who pay in advance a deduction of Fifty Cents.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Office—No. 31 CENTRAL STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at $1 per square for three insertions, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Less than a square counts as a square when an account is kept open. Twelve lines of Nonpareil constitute a square.

Yearly and quarterly advertisers are entitled to special privileges according to the room and position occupied.

The Proprietors of the Courier are not individually responsible for any error or omission that may occur in the publication of any advertisement, and will not be responsible for any verbal statement.

Contracts for yearly advertising will be continued at the rate of $4 per square for each additional square, and when discontinued in less than a year, the price will be charged accordingly.

Notices of Marriages and Deaths are inserted gratis.

Obituaries, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Societies, &c., are charged at the usual rates of advertising.

Yearly advertisements are payable quarterly, and transient ones are paid, cash, in advance.

Discount Days of the several Banks.

APPLETON BANK—Monday and Thursday.
LOWELL BANK—Tuesday and Saturday.
MERCHANTS' BANK—Monday and Thursday.
PENTUCKET BANK—Tuesday and Friday.
RAILROAD BANK—Tuesday and Friday.
TRADERS' BANK—Monday and Thursday.

Lowell Post Office.

MAILS DUE.

Boston 7 A. M., 12 M. and 6 P. M. Northern, 6 A. M. and 12 M. Nashua & Lowell R. R., 6 A. M., 12 M. and 6 P. M. Eastern, 6 A. M. and 12 M. Salem, 12 M. and 6 P. M. Andover, 12 M. and 6 P. M. Dracut, 12 M. Tyngsboro', 12 M. Chelmsford, 12 M. Westford, 12 M.

MAILS CLOSE.

Boston, 7 A. M., 1, 5 and 8 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M. and 12 M. Nashua & Lowell R. R., 7 A. M., 12 M. and 5 P. M. Eastern, 7 A. M., 12 M. and 5 P. M. Salem, 7 A. M., 12 M. and 5 P. M. Andover, 7 A. M., 12 M. and 5 P. M. Dracut, 7 A. M. and 12 M. Tyngsboro', 7 A. M. and 12 M. Chelmsford, 7 A. M. and 12 M. Westford, 7 A. M. and 12 M.

Lowell, April 16, 1861. ap16dtf

WANTED—A PREACHER.

We have been without a pastor
Some eighteen months or more,
And candidates are plenty—
We've had enough;
All of them "good preachers,"
We'll just tell ye over
From settling day to day.

The first who came among us
By certain tokens we knew
But then we didn't think of him
Because he was too young
To bring quite the custom
To settle down here.

The second was a gentleman
Of middle age, and good
Before the church in general
Determined to be heard.

There was a smart young fellow
Who came to preach
Because he was the first;
But then we didn't like him
To sacrifice a few,
Before others were present
Determines what to do.

Then came a man of learning
Who had a good impression,
Had read so much
He was not fit to preach,
His clear and searching preaching
They thought, the very kind
And all went smooth and pleasant
Until they found out
Some intellectual sinners
Who rose the highest grace.

So then his pungent dealing
Made but a sorry hit;
The cost of Gospel preaching
Was quite too tight a fit.
Of course his further services
Attend, ye parsons all!
And preach to your fat sinners
If you would get a call.

Next came a stirring young dandy,
He wore his hair so long;
Another sort was studied,
And his voice not over strong;
And one was learned student,
Was worse than all of these;
And so we've had enough
For thinking of his tone!

Then wavering of candidates,
We looked the matter through
Mid doctors and professors,
To find a man half; the people
And after much discussion,
On whom they should agree.

With tolerable agreement,
We've found at Dr. Likes
Here, then, we thought 't settled,
Our search was o'er,
Our fluttering invitation
Was "Please to come and preach."
We turned to Dr. Hopkins
To help us in the matter,
Who strangely thought the college
Had taken above yours.

Next we dispatched committees
By from and by three,
To hear the man of Sharon
And on the day appointed
In secrets clear and loud,
The people were addressed
To an enlightened crowd.

The preached a doubly sermon,
And gave us enough
On such a lovely topic—
The Lord's Prayer, I think,
Full of sweet descriptions
Of flowers and sunset scenes,
Of warbling birds and moonlit groves,
And golden streets and trees.

Of faith and true repentance,
We hadn't a word to say;
He rounded off his sentences
And closed the rugged way;
Of the pleasures and pleas,
And leave the sinner to
Complete his own ruin.

Six hundred is the salary
We gave in former days—
We thought it very liberal,
And found it hard to raise;
But now the times are hard,
We had no need to urge,
Twelve hundred cannot purchase
For the Rev. Shallow splurge.

He tells very well in all the offices—
We had no chance at all;
We found out in the first place
Had given him a call.
And he, by unanimous vote
Was keeping all in tow;
But where they'd be to-morrow
I was whispered he would go.

And now, good Christian brethren,
We ask your earnest prayers,
That God would send a shepherd
To guide our sheets aright,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, July 13, 1861.

A LETTER FROM REV. W. H. ALDEN. We insert below a letter from Rev. W. H. Alden, of this city, who left Lowell on the 2nd of April to spend a few months in the Old World. The letter is addressed to his friends of the First Baptist Congregation, and is dated Athens, June 14th, 1861. It is entirely devoted to the troubles of his own country, and not to the pleasures or sights he has experienced in his travels; but, nevertheless, treating on a subject of universal interest, it will be read with inattention. We should add, that the letter was not written with the expectation of its being published.

I have this day stood where Paul stood eighteen hundred years ago, when he saw the proud city of Athens "wholly given to idolatry," and "my spirit has been stirred within me"—not simply because I have stood where he stood, and looked upon the same objects that met his eye when he addressed Mars' Hill heathenism, but because of the intelligence I have this day received concerning the cities of my once happy country.

I have long neglected to write you, still you have not been forgotten, voyaging by sea and traveling by land, your interests have been upon my heart, and that interest has been deepened as I am passing the anxiety felt, when I have thought of the condition of our once united and happy, but now torn and distracted country.

I sometimes feel that I ought, while I be in America, that my poor services are needed at home; that there is a duty devolving on me for the deliverance of my country, that cannot be discharged here. I am aware that this is a most interesting period in our country's history. This morning I received a letter from America, stating that President Strong, of Amherst College, had bought his ticket for Europe, and had proceeded on his journey so far as Boston, when the news of the bombardment of Fort Sumter was received, and he immediately retraced his steps, saying that "nothing could tempt him to leave his country at such a time." This, be assured, spoke loudly to me.

I rejoice to learn that the North is fully aroused—that in every city and town throughout the loyal States, the stars and stripes float from almost every house top; that they are determined to make no concessions; that they will stand upon the broad basis of independence and demand their chartered privileges—not as a benefaction or a gift but as their own, their inherited right—their own inalienable inheritance. We have too long bowed down to the South. A fawning adulation has characterized our actions, a cringing servility has attended our efforts, and we have not stood up as we should, for our rights. I now bow upon my knees and thank God that to-day it is otherwise, and that we are ready to sacrifice our property and our lives for the salvation of our country.

And now I leave it for you to decide. Shall I return to America? My object has not been accomplished, and the thought of returning fills my heart with sadness; still, if I am needed at home I will make the sacrifice cheerfully. If I did but know where duty lay, no terror, whatever should chase my course, would turn me from that path, however great and numerous might be the dangers. For the salvation and deliverance of my country, I would sacrifice not simply the pleasures of my journey, but my life, even if God in his mysterious providence should demand it.

I believe that the Lord is on our side, and that we shall ultimately triumph, and that in a glorious way. I believe under God that the day will come when we shall be, not only a happy but a free people, and no other banner shall wave over our land and sea and except the stars and stripes—the proud flag of our country. For this we are to labor, and until that morning of joy shall dawn upon us, let us never cease our labors or grow weary in them.

How much we need a spirit of prayer in such a crisis of affairs as those through which we are now passing; and in the events that have transpired, and are daily transpiring, do we not see the hand of God? He presides over the destinies of nations. He has sufficiently hardened to call murder to their acts of robbery. The privateer proved to be the full-rigged bark Argo, of and from Charleston, S. C., about 200 tons burden, mounting 1 gun, and with 20 men, armed to the teeth, each man apparently having side arms sufficient to arm half a dozen. The brig was armed with four broadside 12-pounders, and one long 32-pounder on a pivot, amidships. The guns Capt. Havener describes as old and apparently condemned pieces. The "Argo" is identical with the brig Echo, which was captured and carried into Charleston about two years since as a slaver, and about which there was so much stir at the time.

The steamer Cahawba arrived on the 6th, the privateer captured the brig John Welch, of Philadelphia, and the schooner Enchantress, of Newburyport. On the 5th, she had captured the brig J. W. Warner, of New York, and had also overhauled the ship Mary Goodell, of Searsport. Their manner of proceeding, Capt. Havener says, in capturing prizes is to lay to, weigh them into their meshes by hoisting false colors. They first hail a French or Spanish flag and evince a desire to communicate. If this fails to attract, they next display a signal of distress, and when sufficiently near "show their teeth" and take possession. The privateer had been out of Charleston only about two weeks, and the crew represented that she was towed out over the bar and put to sea, directly in sight of the fleet, which is hardly probable, but if true is a rather severe reflection on the fleet of the Federal Government.

Take notice it is the privateer will be at no danger of a collision at present.

one looked after by Government vessels, and we trust we shall soon have the pleasure of recording her capture.

The ship Mary Goodell, which arrived at Portland yesterday, reports having been boarded by the brig Jeff. Davis, but is probably was the one described above, as the accounts of the Captain of the Mary Goodell agree with the statement already made excepting in the name of the brig. The officers and crew of the brig report other privateers fitting out at Charleston, and if they are not caught by the fleet, our merchantmen stand a fair chance of being caught up by three worthy representatives of the Southern Confederacy.

Official Sketches of Gen. McClellan.—The following dispatches were received yesterday, at the headquarters of the army in Washington respecting the conflict alluded to above:

Headquarters of the Department of the Ohio, Mount Washington, Va., 2 P. M., July 12, 1861.

COL. E. D. TOWNSEND—We are in possession of all the enemy's works up to the point on the right of Beverly. I have taken all his guns, a very large amount of wagons, tents, etc., everything he had, a large number of prisoners, and I think there were wounded, and several of them officers. They lost many killed. We have lost in all perhaps 20 killed and wounded, of whom all but two or three were in the column under Rosecrans, which turned the position. The mass of the enemy escaped through the woods entirely disheartened. Among the prisoners is Dr. Taylor, formerly of the army. Col. Pegram was in command.

Col. Rosencrans's column left camp yesterday morning and marched some 8 miles through the mountains, reaching the turnpike some two or three miles in the rear of the enemy, defeating an advanced force and taking two guns. I had a position ready for 12 guns near the main camp, and as the guns were moving up I ascertained that the enemy had retreated. I am now pushing on to Beverly. A part of Col. Rosencrans's troops being now within three miles of it. Our success is complete and most brilliant. I doubt whether Wise and Johnson will unite and overpower me. The behavior of the troops is the most admirable. I send the prisoners was admirable.

G. B. MCCLELLAN, Maj. Gen. Com'd.

From Fort Pickens. The steamer Illinois, from Fort Pickens, June 30th, and Key West, July 8th, arrived in New York yesterday. There are guns, shells, &c., enough in the Fort. There were no indications of a warlike character.

All was also quiet at Key West. Brig Brilliant and bark M. Stetson were there as prizes, and four more were daily expected. All had been taken at the mouth of the Mississippi.

The steamer Brooklyn has not been ashore.

The steamer Sumter (formerly the Star of the West, stolen by the rebels and converted into a war steamer) had run the blockade, and is now on the seas piratizing.

Infernal Machines. The rebels attempted to destroy the steamers Resolute, Powhatan and Pocahontas, near Aquia Creek, last Sunday, by means of infernal machines. They did no hurt. One sank, another tipped on one side and extinguished a portion of the fires, and the other was blown aboard one of the steamers and dissected. It looked ugly, but was harmless.

Col. Smith at Monroe, Mo., reinforced. Three companies were sent to the relief of Col. Smith at Monroe, Mo. On arriving at the town, the place was found to be in arms. Col. Smith's force, who had entrenched themselves in the academy buildings and commanding the public square, numbered over the prairie, out of the reach of Col. Smith's rifles. They had two pieces of artillery, which were brought to bear, but the distance was so great that the balls were nearly spent when they reached our lines. Col. Smith's artillery, of longer range, did considerable execution. The fight lasted until dark. The last shot from Col. Smith's guns dismounted one of the enemy's cannon. Lieut. Geo. Wood, of Ill., fell on their rear with the cavalry sent from Quincy on Wednesday, completely routing them, and taking 20 prisoners, one gun, and a large number of baggage wagons. Forty or thirty of the enemy were killed, but not one of the Federal forces was killed, although several were severely wounded. Col. Smith is determined to do all the most prominent rebels—Gen. Tom Harris, the rebel leader, escaped.

PULVERIZING BEAR OUR OWN IT MEN.—The brig Mary E. Thompson, of S arsport, Maine, Capt. Havener, arrived at Newport, R. I., on Wednesday. Capt. Havener reports that he was brought to by a privateer on the 9th inst., about 240 miles from Newport, which came along-side, and boarded him. The privateer resembled his vessel, taking from her everything that suited their fancy, such as their only boats, spars, rigging, &c., and after putting on board four prisoners, previously taken from other vessels, released her, they having no use for the vessel or cargo, and would not burn her for the reason that they could not keep their prisoners, and did not wish to be charged with the crime of murder to their acts of robbery. The privateer proved to be the full-rigged bark Argo, of and from Charleston, S. C., about 200 tons burden, mounting 1 gun, and with 20 men, armed to the teeth, each man apparently having side arms sufficient to arm half-a-dozen. The brig was armed with four broadside 12-pounders, and one long 32-pounder on a pivot, amidships. The guns Capt. Havener describes as old and apparently condemned pieces. The "Argo" is identical with the brig Echo, which was captured and carried into Charleston about two years since as a slaver, and about which there was so much stir at the time.

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Take notice it is the privateer will be at no danger of a collision at present.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

R. P. ADDEN, Esq., will occupy the desk at Wesley Hall to-morrow morning and afternoon at the usual hours of service.

EXPRESS MAIL FOR 6TH REGIMENT.

The Bag for the Lowell portion of the 6th Regiment, will be forwarded via the Soldiers' Aid Association on MONDAY, July 15th, at noon, from the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, corner Shannon and Middle Streets.

Letters in U. S. stamped envelopes and parcels not exceeding one pound in weight, will be received and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WISE,
jy13d1t Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 31 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may24dtf

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, several orders of inquiry were adopted.—The bill to alter and regulate navy rations passed. The volunteer bill was reconsidered and amendments adopted, providing that volunteers shall serve for three years and to increase the army of chaplains, after which the bill again passed. The credentials of F. P. Stanton, appointed by the Governor of Kansas Senator from that State in place of Gen. Lane, were presented. The latter gentleman said this looked like an attempt to bury him before he was dead. The papers were referred to the Judiciary Committee. The force bill was taken up and passed 36 to 5. The bill for the better organization of the military establishment was taken up, and several amendments adopted, one of which was to provide 22 ounces of bread or flour instead of 18; one pound of hard bread; fresh beef instead of salt, and, when required, potatoes, rice, and vinegar. The bill was then passed

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BECAUSE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

It precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies restores and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So economic and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *to suit in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the wearied stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by inattitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, NERVOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, IRRITABILITY, DESPONDENCY, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, HYSTERICS, HYPOCONDRIA, NIGHT SWEATS, LASSITUDE, GIDDINESS,

AND ALL THAT CLASS OF CASES TO FEAR FULLY FATAL, CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND IRREGULARITIES.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent all other evils arising from miasmatic influences, and cure the disease at once if already attacked.

TRAVELERS should have a bottle with them, as it will prevent attacks of fever, and one consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the Ageeable to take, and is the bane of all diseases of sedentary habits.

It is not necessary to confine in much out door exercise should always be used.

MOTHERS that have a cough, or fix it in a perfect relief, takes a month or two before the final trial, relief, when it is the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety to yourself.

Bear in mind, THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT.

MOTHERS TRY IT!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters but of your too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from their sex, are hurried down to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter, are often so mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for you, they would die the same downward path until it is too late to save their fateful fall. But the responsibility is with you, and to you we confidently appeal, by we are sure you will not, from being, after this will unerringly point you to PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the remedy which should be always on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market St., Wheeling, Va., and sold by all good druggists. Price one dollar per bottle.

Read what the Press say, after thoroughly testing the matter, and no one can have a doubt.

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a grateful and delicious beverage, pleasant to the taste, and invigorating to the system. While it purifies the blood and revivifies the nervous invigorates, it aids the organs of digestion to perform their functions, and thus tones the assault of disease. It is a chemical compound so skillfully combined that while it administrates it does not provoke the headache which usually follows exhilarating medicines, being exclusively of vegetable matter. It is absolutely its chemical use in all diseases arising from a disordered stomach, and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. We have seen its effects in our own family, with this water running from the head into the stomach, causing a nauseating effect, with sore coughs and raises, and swallows the phlegm. It has done this with the croup, unless immediate relief is given, and a host of evils flesh is heir to, all of which it relieves. Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, and No. 114 Market Street, Ft. Lewis, Wa.

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PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL. It is recorded in the Classics that Psyche was once sent to a woman climate and the Muses, to procure a sample of the beauty of Proserpine in a box. After an absence the messenger returned, and as soon as the old of the box was removed, out flew all the ills that flesh is heir to. Fortunately hope was found in the bottom of the box. Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial revives the recollection of the story, for it invigorates the blood, and the organs of digestion, imparts strength to the nervous system, and restores to perfect health, so as to bid defiance to the assaults of disease. It is a healthy tonic, composed entirely of vegetable productions, and while it is exhilarating as good wine, no liquor enters into can possibly know its use. It is a desideratum in the nearly world, and those who are afflicted with loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Fractious, Dizziness, Nervousness, Irritation of the Heart, &c., will find here an infallible panacea.—*St. Louis Daily Express.* 61

PROF. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a genuine medicine of the most concentrated nature, and is the best tonic Cordial in the world. To those who are suffering from General Debility, or who are run down and broken constitutions, we recommend its use, for it is pleasant to the taste, is strengthening to the system, and will at once restore or remove all impurities of the blood, and eradicate all traces of disease. It can be taken by the weakest stomach, while those in good health will at once feel its exhilarating influence. We are confident that after using one bottle of this Cordial no one will be for a day without it.—*New York Leader.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious properties which follow those in ordinary use, has long been felt to be a desideratum in the market. Prof. Wood's Tonic, and one so skillfully combined from the vegetable kingdom as to exist in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and thus soothe the wearied stomach, and at the same time allay nervous and other irritations, and build up all the organs of which the human body is composed, is offered in Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator. Hence, it is perfectly adapted to old and young. Reader, try it. Thousands have tried and praised, and the testimony is universal in its favor.—*New York Atlas.*

PROF. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, for the cure of Nervous Debility, or Weakness arising from any cause; also, Dyspepsia, Fermenting, Night Sweats, Impaired Consumption, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, and in all stages; also to prevent the contraction of disease, is certainly the best and most valuable Cordial tonic and Renovator ever offered to the afflicted, and as the only medicine found to be the most powerful tonic ever known to medical science. Reader, try it. It will do you good. We have no hesitation in recommending it, since we know it to be a *safe, pleasant and sure* remedy for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

☞ Before noticing a patent medicine, we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that it is recommended. We are satisfied that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of PROF. WOOD will stand the test fully, and in fact it is without any doubt the first article in the market for Debility in the form of a strengthening the system. We have no hesitation in recommending it to need it. 1860.—*New Yorker.*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many, in consequence of a false delicacy, suffer from *suppressor, parsis, or obstructions of the menses*, and think because they are young that hyperion's days will not end. Let such delicate obstructions, and all some right in the end, little dreaming that the seeds of disease is already germinating in the system because the vital energies are impaired, and the entire animal economy deranged, debilitated; and yet, careless of themselves as they are, they will suffer very not before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and refrigerate the body, they would take it, and thus be in time to save their lives. Persons think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway and No. 114 Market Street, Ft. Lewis, Wa.

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THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, *removing* sickness, weakness of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is *designed* for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstructions, from any cause, and after all other remedies of the day have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too rapid* increase. Thousands have testified to its value in this case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—☞It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent to Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter-Strength, $3.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions, and for which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted in all cases under 10 EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded.* ☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only by DR. MATTISON'S FEMALE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ The Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving the best of reference to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Cures guaranteed to patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quick *letter-rel*, with perfect secrecy and no exposure.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine, and who are ignorant of the action exerted to whom toes apply, before at least making some research, and especially in relation to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are *empirics*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and betray before it is too late, you will find that you have been deceived in the kind in deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the *only* EDUCATED physician in Providence who makes a specialty of this, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the very best of medical treatment to those who, such is his HONESTY and his SKILL, he will cure ALL and NOT LET THEM DO THE SAME, otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON as above.

Aug30-73. 1860. ☞ aug27d&1y

DR. DOWSE'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public use. The Catarrh is a disease of which the most of us are very water running from the head out of the nose, and down the throat, bringing on coughs, and evaporating, becomes a thick, gluey substance, clogging the Eustachian tube, and other dangerous diseases which lead to consumption. Headaches, children, are troubled with this water running from the head into the stomach, causing a nauseating effect, with sore coughs and raises, and swallows the phlegm. It has done this with the croup, unless immediate relief is given, and a host of evils flesh is heir to, all of which it relieves. Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

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O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway and No. 114 Market Street, Ft. Lewis, Wa.

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M. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

Selling Boxwoods complete for $5 cents
Selling Cedar Boxwoods complete for $7 cents
Selling Cedar Boxwoods complete for $1.00
Selling Violet Boxwoods complete for $1.50
Selling Violet Boxwoods complete for $2.00
Selling Terry Violet Boxwoods complete for $2.50
Selling Silk and Brocade Boxwoods complete for $3.00
Selling any quantity of all sizes at

HIGH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

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FELT HATS.

Just received, a large lot of Felt Hats, selected from the latest Paris and New York Fashions, including Dunstable Straws, and beautiful shades, will adapted for Spring. SHAZOE,

apr28 Corner Hamilton Street.

SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heater,

USED and for sale by received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES,

jan31 45 Merrimack st.

THE LATEST.

INDIA Panama, and the Ambrose Hat, new styles just out at

BRAZER'S Corner Hamilton.

To get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get good PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan31

BURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at J. MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central st., opposite the new Boarding House.

No. 37 Merrimack st. apr2

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, for cleaning windows with long handle; Scrub Brushes; Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a *Pail Brush* and Sweeper combined, somewhat resembling a mop, for sale by H. S. HAYNES, corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

—Eugenie's Premium French Wash Imitation Flower Lotion, Jennie Gold Lotion, Lily White, Rose Pink, Bloom of Roses, Bloom of Youth, Circassian Lotion, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at A. HARRIS'S, 61 Merrimack street, Lowell.

apr28

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central street, opposite the new Boarding House.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND

IS DOCOUR, for cleaning Tins, Glass, Brass, Gold and Silver Ware, Marble, Paint, Oil Cloth, Windows, Looking Glasses, Mirrors, &c., &c., and will clean a great saving of labor. Every housekeeper should have a box. Price only 25 cents. Can be sent to any part of the country by mail. Prepared only by WILLIAM E. LIVINGSTON, corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A delightful and harmless preparation for Freckles, Pimples, Tan, Sunburn, Redness, &c. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale at HARRIS'S, 61 Merrimack street, Lowell.

apr28

THE PARAGON UMBRELLA.

A new and superior article, with a cover which will not fray, making one of the prettiest and most durable Umbrellas ever offered to the public.

Also, common Silk, Gingham and Cotton Umbrellas in store and for sale at

BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.

apr28

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the **LIVER AND KIDNEY REMEDY**

in curing Cases without the slightest pain where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Cure Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

C. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets

And 6 by all Apothecaries. mh3

(Copyright secured.)

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and so as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Law, Blanks, Bill-heads, Circulars, Catalogues, Reports, Programmes, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Steel Dies, Printing from Wood Engravings, Numbering Pasters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

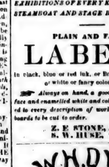
PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl muslin and fine and colored CARDS adapted for any description of work*—in packs and by the hundreds to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,
R. W. HUME, } Proprietors.



MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or pattern. Also, a good workman on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Picture Frames for Glass Attended to.

Mitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Sept. 26, 1860. &c., &c., &c. sep26d1

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in the head, Gold and Silver Mounting, &c., &c., at

HOWARD'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced rates.

mar23 d1f

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR
CHOICE
FAMILY
EXTRA
FANCY
SUPERFINE
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, feeling confident that careful attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we possess for purchasing on the advantageous terms, will insure to them always the best of goods.

☞ The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices.☜

Thanking you for the liberal patronage we have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise to merit a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully solicit a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

may15

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 " " Barley, just received by rail, for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,
mar7 No. 37 Merrimack st.

Klinger's Hirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver, or Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found perfectly cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by the use of this article, will look as if no spot had ever been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORIN T. BILLINGS

nov18

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN O. L. F. REMEDY, WHICH AFFECTS THE PART TO BE LOOSENED OR LOOSENED OFF

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE or all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief!*" "*What a Blessing!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

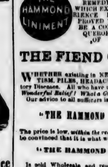
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we tell it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CHACE & BRERETON, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; S. S. E. B. SOLLERS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

February 18, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston. feb18d1y



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,512,558 93
Dividends paid to date, 1,454,202 12
Losses paid, 1,412,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the premiums paid by members are invested, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers as much and as safe insurance as any.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Company in this country in which the Stock of Manufacturing Jewelers, Silversmiths, Watch and Kewark City Bonds.

It has never called upon the assured's.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accumulates the interest to the entire benefit of members, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Terms for per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and the remainder by note, bearing interest, per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid five Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to and the Insured in two ways, viz.: Cash, or by reducing the premiums in Cash, reserve the dividends in Cash, when produced; and those in the form of Scrip, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

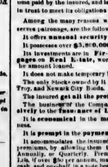
This Company has now the large number of 1772 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders each certain the success of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution are therefore requested to aid in extending its business connected with it all call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages it offers.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860, and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOHN I. BRIGHAM, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street,

mar7 Lowell. dtf



MAY JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and Paris, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Japan Ware, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE OIL LAMPS, CHANDELIERS AND HANDLED LAMPS.

of every description, for Lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene Burners.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good assortment in store, and for sale Boston prices, &c., &c., &c., at

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, feeling confident that careful attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we possess for purchasing on the advantageous terms, will insure to them always the best of goods.

☞ **The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices.**☜

Thanking you for the liberal patronage we have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise to merit a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully solicit a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

may15

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

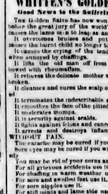
CEDAR CAMPHOR in preserving Furs and Woolens from Moths. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may4

PURE PRESCRIPTIONS,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every drug vouched with its proper name. F. Barnden & Son. For sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S,

mar23 45 Market street.



KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. B. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, viz.: Hanging, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Cans of all sizes. Merrimack side, stand, sucket, hand, centre, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' Kerosene Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

jan31

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. jan31 1y

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and slim variable variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of Mar lin without altering the stitch, and will do it perfect. They will even sew from five finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even sewer, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In put such a machine best adapted to family use? and if nast adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For such an heavy line of Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing shaft goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines run steadier or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever sold, will demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the American Institute, in the city of New York, being the only Family Sewing Machine on exhibition at the Institute.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Maryland Institute, in the city of Baltimore, being the only Family Sewing machine on exhibition.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest Premium at the Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—Having the right to do the sewing for the Singer Manufacturing Company, limited in competition or opposition to any other Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or the smallest limit.

The company having determined to meet the wishes of the public, will sell Machines on Monthly Machines, and have furnished them with the following terms, viz.: Twenty dollars cash in hand, the remainder, gu ges etc., to be found any where a Machine is sold for less than $50.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 1, Central Block, Merrimack Square.

January 3, 1861 jan26d1

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactures a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises the newest and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than can be purchased elsewhere in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing.

45 Merrimack Street,

mh16 Under the Post Office.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE,

Used News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, that will be recorded in history. Its cures are to it so long as to fail.

It is the only Salve that will cure Piles.

It cleanses the crying of the tender infant to cease from its restless pain.

It relieves the desolate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head and all humors of the skin.

It removes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It cures Salt Rheum.

It is certainly against scrofula.

It cures Fever Sores and Ulcers.

It prevents and destroys inflammations, and does not fail in the cure of

Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Chilblains, Corns and Frost Bites.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

You will get rid of your corns.

For chafing or warm weather use it.

For Sore Nipples or Sore Lips use it.

For Sore Eyes use it.

For soft corns and lame skin use it.

Whitten's Golden Salve is for man, beast, fowl and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is for sale by all druggists. The Golden Salve is being sealed.

Beware of worthless counterfeits. It has the highest testimonials from the most eminent physicians, lawyers, clergymen, merchants, mechanics, farmers, and men and women of all ranks and circumstances. And to the afflicted we say, that we have thousands of certificates on hands, now laid, or are sure of which we will publish in due time. Whitten's Golden Salve is for sale by all druggists. The Golden Salve is being sealed.

Whitten's Golden Salve is sometimes very obstinate, and requires a little time to cure it, but it will cure it. Whitten's Golden Salve is prepared by Asa Whitten in one or three tins.

Whitten's Golden Salve is for sale by all druggists. You can be made free from the burning agony of Piles. Whitten's Golden Salve is prepared only by

ASA WHITTEN, Lowell Mass.

Whitten's Golden Salve 25 cents per box. Prepared only by ASA WHITTEN, Lowell Mass. For sale by all druggists. Whitten's Golden Salve.

Whitten's Golden Salve extensively supplied at short notice by

jan26 d1m

SOMETHING NEW!

Pinny Fisk's Family Comb

NEVER breaks nor splits the hair. Fits the head market. A superior HAIR and DRESS COMB. Sold by all dealers in the trade. Sold by BENNETT & RADCLIFF, corner Hood and Merrimack sts.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Lehigh coal, and rather free burning coal. Best and White Ash Coal. Office 114 Hurd and Grain Stores, foot of the lower canal, Lowell.

N. B.—Coal carted and split at short notice, Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at Pinny Fisk's Periodical Depot. Post Office building. aug24dtm

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on the canal, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest rates. All orders will be duly delivered with promptness and dispatch.

J. T. BI. NGTON.

Lowe l, March 7th, 1861. mar7

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CEDAR CAMPHOR in preserving Furs and Woolens from Moths. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may4

PURE PRESCRIPTIONS,

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mar23 45 Market street.

Klinger's Hirocone.

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ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORIN T. BILLINGS

nov18

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—impurity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To illustrate more clear, for proof of these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men, and while many experiments have been made and much knowledge acquired upon the subject, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make the grand discovery, also,

Demonstrating that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will narrow the research that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain established laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause, which remove or destroy, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood will show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and oxygen.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, produces oxidation or rust.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscular fiber, produces contraction.

These facts being indisputable, we have now but to find a means to bring the oxygen in contact with the blood, and the problem is solved.

Nature has provided with the lungs, the air cells of the blood rides electricity, which brings the oxygen in contact with the blood, and the result is health.

Consumption commences in the lungs, and is caused by the oxygen not being brought in contact with the blood, and the result is death.

Dyspepsia commences in the stomach, and is caused by the oxygen not being brought in contact with the blood, and the result is death.

Liver complaint commences in the liver, and is caused by the oxygen not being brought in contact with the blood, and the result is death.

Kidney disease commences in the kidneys, and is caused by the oxygen not being brought in contact with the blood, and the result is death.

Rheumatism commences in the joints, and is caused by the oxygen not being brought in contact with the blood, and the result is death.

Neuralgia commences in the nerves, and is caused by the oxygen not being brought in contact with the blood, and the result is death.

Female complaints, to particularize the "blood food" which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation, Consumptives' Friends and all who are afflicted with any form of disease in the world, are respectfully invited to examine the following testimonials, which are but a few of the many that could be produced, to prove that the "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy for all diseases.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the principles on which the "Blood Food" is based, will be mailed to any interested party on receipt of a letter addressed to the Agent, or to any of the druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send a bottle free of charge, for $1 00, or a single bottle, $1. It is not up in 3 oz. vials, in which form it is sold by druggists, but in 4 oz. red wrappers having been done away with—the former being a fraud upon the public. Deposit upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits or imitations.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,

No. 6 Gouverneur Lane, New York.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, and H. S. KIMBALL & POTTER, and REDEAT & CO., Lowell, Wholesale Agents for New England States.

Sold by druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

jan26 1m dtm

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest standing, and Clergymen, give it their unqualified endorsement, and the Ministers of the Gospel of all denominations, who have used it, and all who have used it, unite in testifying that it will do all that is claimed for it, and that at any age, as well as restore. Send the following—

Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

PEACE, O. J. WOOD: DEAR SIR—YOUR Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is the best medicine I have had occasion to by prejudice ands, and give it a fair trial, and am

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, July 15, 1861.

THERE seems to be a lingering belief in the minds of many that the cause of the Southern Confederacy is yet to be fully espoused by England and perhaps France, and especially is it believed that the former will interfere in our quarrel. The reason for this is that England must have cotton of the South, and so will break our blockade and help herself. Such an act might possibly be committed by England, but it would involve consequences of the gravest character, and such as that government will not hastily assume. There must be something more than the desire of supplying herself with southern cotton to induce England to undertake to break our blockade, but no one acknowledges any other object; and it is assumed that the English Government proposes to run counter to the desires of three quarters of the people of the United States and sacrifice every other commercial interest with us for the sake of supplying herself with cotton while our trouble continues with a few rebellious States. This is not reasonable, and does great injustice to our sagacious transatlantic brethren. However great may be the need of the staple article of the South, we cannot believe that such extraordinary means to obtain it are to be adopted; and certain we are that our Government as yet fears nothing of the kind.

Much of the feeling against England has been stirred up by the "*London Times*" press. Our people have been too ready to remember our old quarrels with the mother country and too willing to forget the more recent peaceful and pleasant relations that have existed. There is not the slightest reason (setting aside the one thing, cotton) why England should have any sympathy with the rebels in this contest; and with the exception of the representatives of two or three of the leading journals in the interest of the cotton manufacturers, there is no evidence that she has. The people of England, surely, cannot sympathize with a government based on slavery—the one great defect in our Government they have never failed to mercifully point out to us who have boasted of our freedom. There may be a few who will not remember this, but the question, though at this time in the hands of a small number, is finally to be settled by the people, and their verdict will never be, in this struggle between the Government and a few ambitious misguided men, in favor of slavery against the principles of freedom. The English people are a shrewd on this question as, and they, "the power behind the throne," are all-powerful.

A gentleman writing from Scotland thinks he finds the origin of the feeling in this country against England, not on that side of the Atlantic, but here. It is his opinion that the "attempt to stir up ill-feeling between the two countries whose true interests and sympathies are identical, will be found to have its origin on this side of south than Washington. There is a certain class of unprincipled journals in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, whose secret sympathies are with treason. They dare not openly avow their sentiments, but they have taken this method to divert the public mind from the great issue, by stirring up bad blood between the United States and England, in the hope of involving the country in a foreign war, and thus aiding the cause they have at heart;" and this conclusion is by no means an irrational one. We do not believe, in the face of the avowed statements of Lord Palmerston and others to the contrary, that the sending of troops to Canada and a fleet to our waters are designed to operate in any manner in our domestic troubles.—We believe England thinks that we can settle our own troubles to our own satisfaction, and does not choose to interfere.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

Gen. Garnett, who was in command of the rebel army routed by McClellan, was killed by an Indiana soldier in another regular battle fought Sunday, eight miles from St. George. This is reliable.

Gov. Letcher has issued a proclamation requesting several counties to furnish 1000 men in two days; if not forthcoming they will be drafted. This has produced great alarm among the Virginians, many of whom will flee to our lines.

Joseph Holt it is reported, will succeed McLean as Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

WAR MATTERS.

Another brilliant victory in Western Virginia. Under date of Sunday, July 14th, the following dispatch from Beverly, Va., was telegraphed to Washington and New York. It records the most complete success yet attained by the Federal forces, and is indicative of the capture and confusion of the rebel army in Western Virginia:

Yesterday (Saturday) morning Gen. McClellan ordered four regiments, the 9th, 10th and 13th Indiana Volunteers and the 19th Ohio Volunteers, to proceed along the line of the hill, south-east of the enemy's entrenched camp, to the Beverly road where it crosses the Rich Mountain, two miles east of the enemy's position, with orders to advance along the Beverly road and attack the rear side of the camp. Gen. McClellan being prepared to assault the West side as soon as the firing should announce the commencement of the attack. The capture of a courier who missed the road through the enemy's camp for the route of our troops, placed the enemy in possession of the movement. When Col. Rosecrans reached the Beverly road at 2 o'clock, after a most exhausting march over the mountains, he found the enemy posted at the opposite side of the road, a mountain strong, with two cannon and holding a strong position partially intrenched.

The engagement instantly took place and continued for three quarters of an hour, when the rebels were totally routed with the loss of 300 men, including officers, and both cannon. About 75 of the rebels were killed, 125 wounded and are now in our hands, and 150 others as prisoners. Our road was between two hills. Our troops, descending a steep declivity, were greatly exposed to the fire of the rebels, who occupied the opposite hill, and poured a musket shot and shell upon them. Col. Rosecrans' men in the column were not in the place of the engagement during the night.

Gen. McClellan was in position with his whole force during the whole afternoon, ready to make the assault, but hearing the firing from the other column except the distant firing early in the morning. He was therefore unable to open a cannon on an enemy commanding a portion of the rebel camp, and preparing to attack the whole rest in front, when it was ascertained that the enemy had evacuated the place during the night, moving toward Laurel Hill, leaving behind a few of their sick men, all their tents, camp equipage, and transportation. A rapid march was then made by Gen. McClellan to Beverly, passing Col. Rosecrans' command on the road with instructions to follow quickly. At Beverly, it was ascertained late in the day that the enemy's retreat was a rout from the camp, a shower on this question is, and they," the power behind the throne," are all-powerful.

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turned from Richmond, Va., and is reported to be sick.

St. Louis, Mo. There was considerable excitement in St. Louis on Friday and Saturday, in consequence of suppression of the secession *Journal*, but an outbreak was not feared. Some 2500 troops were under arms in different parts of the city.

The rebels are reported to be gathering in considerable numbers at Booneville and Lexington, Mo., and the United States troops are in constant expectation of an attack.

From Fortress Monroe. Dispatches from Fortress Monroe dated the 12th state that a large number of passengers from Boston, by the steamer *Spaulding* had arrived.

Col. Allen's court-martial is progressing. Quite a number of Col. Bendix Regiment, who strayed beyond the pickets from Newport News, are reported to have been captured by the rebels. A force of four or five companies has been sent in pursuit of their captors.

There is still believed to be a large force of rebels at Big Bethel.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, last Saturday, Mr. Johnson, of Tenn., presented the credentials of W. D. Wiley in place of Mason, and J. S. Carlisle in place of Hunter, from Virginia.

A long debate ensued on the rights of the new Senators to a seat and a motion to refer their credentials to the Judiciary Committee was disagreed to by 5 yeas to 35 nays. The Senators were then sworn in amidst suppressed applause. The Loan Bill was taken up and an unsuccessful attempt made to cut it down from $250,000,000 to $150,000,000. Public credit, only two members—Johnson, of Md., Polk, Powell and Saulsbury—voting for the motion. The military bill was discussed and several ineffectual attempts made to amend. The Senate went into executive session, after which it adjourned.

In the House, the Postmaster General sent in a communication giving his reasons for discontinuing the mails in the seceded States. Mr. Blair offered a resolution to expel John P. Clark, of Mo., because he had held a commission in the State Guard of the State and was in rebellion against the Government. After some discussion the resolution was adopted 94 to 45. Notice was received from the President that he had approved of the bill for the payment of volunteers. A memorial was received from Charles H. Foster, claiming his seat from the first district of North Carolina, which was referred to the Committee on Elections. Several orders of inquiry were adopted, and a committee of seven appointed to report in what manner and to what extent the expenditures of the Government may be reduced, and what offices dispensed with. The bills to promote the efficiency of the army and retiring, disabled or infirm officers, and to pay the claims of private private property at Moultrie, were passed.

NARROW ESCAPE OF PICNIC PARTY. A terrific water spout took place on Massabe, suspend near Manchester, N. H., last week. The rising waters came pouring very gradually from the water surface, until reaching about 800 feet elevation, then it spread out like an umbrella top, extending hundreds of feet in circumference. It remained stationary about ten minutes, and then moved where a picnic party were in the nick of time to get a ducking, see and feel the spout when it approached the beach, and while passing, it carried off all the boats along the shore, and also twisted off branches of trees three or four inches through, and then about the twinkling of an eye took all the dishes used for the table and cooking that had been hastily thrown on the table as the shower came up, and sent them in all directions through the woods. Some one cried out "lie down on your faces," and it was well the party did so, for as the whirl passed, the trees were actually bent down to the ground, touching the heads of the prostrate persons.—The spout coming in contact with some woods near the shore, got "aired," and broke with the noise of a distant cannon, and then fire and rear the air was filled with branches of trees, leaves, sticks, &c. The whole performance lasted fifteen minutes.

MR. AND MRS. DICKENS RECONCILED.—Mr. and Mrs. Dickens have been reconciled, and are again living together. A London correspondent says:—

"Last autumn there was a rumor no more of incompatibility. The fact is, that Mrs. Dickens is a plain, matter of fact, sensible woman, without any literary talents, and who, possibly, has not read the whole of her husband's novels. It seems to me that this is just the sort of a wife that a *literateur* should have, feeling that they could not come in one another's way but Dickens thought otherwise, and now supposes their happy relation that exists between Sir Edward and Lady Bulwer is proof of the happiness which must arise from the union of two literary authoress are united. But Dickens is gotin quieter, and therefore wiser and sees that he will be much happy in the society of the matter of fun afterward.

THE Sixth Maine Regiment is to leave Portland on Wednesday next, for Washington.

AN old lady, named Rand, was run over and instantly killed on Saturday last, by a locomotive at East Lebanon, N. H.

THE following may be read on a tombstone in Dorchester, Mass., in the oldest graveyard in New England:—

Behold! submissive I to bear may sing,
Being a flower of that ever-springing;
Near three years old, to heaven it wing!
The year was sixteen hundred 48.

Abel has all my strength in.
His lady's love I gave to all in bliss;
Near three-score years, and six more,
In the year and month I was.

CITY AND VICINITY.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. An adjourned meeting of this Board was held last Saturday afternoon.

The special committee to whom the subject was referred reported that the examination of the public schools shall be in the same order as at the last annual examination, and the assignments of the several members were reported, all of which will be found in an advertisement elsewhere.

The Committee on School Houses reported in favor of requesting the City Council to place double windows in the High and Grammar School Houses, and that they cause the furnaces of the Edson, Bartlett and Varnum School Houses to be put in good working order. The report was accepted. A resolution offered by Mr. Webster was adopted, in favor of heating the Edson and Bartlett School Houses by steam, and in favor of the enlargement of the Principals' rooms similar to that of the Moody School House. The report was adopted and it was voted to transmit a copy of the vote to the City Council.

A communication was received from Mr. C. C. Chase, Principal of the High School, in regard to diploma scholars, and referred to the committee on the same subject. An order was adopted in regard to the preparing of questions for examination of candidates for admission to the High School.—The time spent on each branch of study will be the same as last year.

An attempt was made to rescind the vote of the last meeting by which Robinson's Practical Progressive Arithmetic was admitted as a text book for the public schools. The vote stood 6 to 6. The City Solicitor was requested to give his opinion whether the vote of the last meeting adopting Robinson's Arithmetic was or was not legal. An order was adopted in relation to changing certain text books in our public schools.

The matter of examining the High School was referred to the committee on that school, who are to have the general charge of the examination. Adjourned till next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

THE LAST OF THE LATE CELEBRATION. The Committee of Arrangements for celebrating the Fourth, find they are out $141 46 cts. more than they have taken in. Of this sum, deficiency, we are greatly exposed to the fire of the rebels, who occupied the opposite hill, and poured musket shot and shell upon them. Col. Rosecrans' men in the column were not in the place of the engagement during the night.

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Map, number of Con, res elect, has re-

SWORD PRESENTATION. Last Saturday evening, about 10 o'clock, there was quite a gathering of the friends of Capt. Peter Haggerty, at the Washington House, the occasion being the presentation to that gentleman of a sword, previous to his return to Fortress Monroe, to resume his duties as one of Gen. Butler's staff officers. By arrangement, John P. McEvoy acted as chairman of the meeting, and after calling to order, in a brief and felicitious address, introduced W. S. Gardner, Esq., by whom the presentation was made. Mr. Gardner's remarks were exceedingly appropriate, patriotic, and to the point, and drew forth frequent indications of the hearty approbation of the company.

Capt. Haggerty's reply, unstudied and without effort, was a modest acknowledgment of his gratitude for the honor done him in the testimonial presented by his friends. He highly prized some of the facts connected with his experience since the time he left with Gen. Butler for the scenes of strife; spoke with pride of the Irish and English Regiments, and expressed his purpose to discharge his duty in whatever position he might be placed hereafter as he had endeavored to do heretofore. His remarks were frequently interrupted with the heartiest applause.

There being fluids and solids on the tables for refreshments, the health of Capt. Haggerty was drunk. Butler were drunk, and remarks eminently appropriate were made by Col. G. F. Sawtell, H. Wright, Esq., Hon. Peter Lawson, W. P. Webster, Esq., Capt. Abbott, Esq., and others. Mr. Perez Fuller, also was present, the company taking up the chorus, and brief remarks followed, by several gentlemen. The remarks of each gentleman, when speaking of Brig. General Butler were applauded with the most enthusiastic manner, and proved that all classes of our citizens have the utmost confidence in him as a brave and faithful man, and a gentleman of record to him all the praise and honor he deserves for the conspicuous part he has taken in the defence of the government.

The company, to conclude the exercises, joined in singing "Auld Lang Syne," and we doubt not, parted with stronger consideration of friendship and esteem toward their guest and each other.

A LIBERAL PASTOR. At a time like the present, when a general depression of industry and business, and a dark cloud in the eye, as if in doubt how to get along during the reign of "old hard times," at a time when pockets are guarded and anxiously watched, and "economy" is the word to be seen on slight, s by this procedure, a liberal pastor of the Second Congregational Society in Brooklyn, N. Y., has voted to "*Beecher's Bronchial Troches*" a donation of $100, as a token of his appreciation of their value in relieving him of a severe cough, and strengthening his voice. See Advertisement

Blood Feed!
Blood Feed!
Blood Feed!

To all suffering from disease, impurity or retardation of the natural functions of the system, we would say, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters are worthy your attention. They are entirely vegetable, and perfectly harmless upon the most delicate constitution, as from directions of the proprietor. Their power in curing Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Debility, Chronic or Nervous Diseases, Diseases of Females, Children, &c., is truly wonderful. Many certificates of their value can be seen in the hands of the agents. Prepared by C. M. Jackson, at the German Medicine Store, No. 418 Arch street, Philadelphia. Price $1 per bottle. For sale by all druggists everywhere. jy15

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 13.

4	Cunningham Horse Railroad	111 bid
45	Boston and Maine	107
45	Boston and Worcester Railroad	93
1	Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	99
5	Middlesex Canal	94 1-4
10	Fitchburg Railroad	90 3-4
10	Boston and Lawrence Railroad	100 1-4
2	Eastern Railroad	55
25	Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	93
10	Old Colony and Fall River Railroad	101
5	Eliot Bank	95
5	Old Colony Bank	100

MRS. HARRIS, No. 620 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN, DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, NEW YORK, May 15, 1852.

I A child of mine showing symptoms of worms, I gave it a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, which brought away a bunch of worms, something like pipe stems. The child was very sick during the operation, but is now well and hearty.

Mrs. HARRIS, No. 15 *Jerome St.*, writes under date of Nov. 20, 1852, that she has had trouble with worms for more than a year, and that she has used one bottle of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by Fleming Bros., which brought away from her over sixty medium worms, big and little. She now believes herself to be entirely free from disease.

Mrs. Bugbine, a German woman, residing at 204 Bivington street, says, that after using one vial of M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, she passed 365 worms.

Like above certificates are all from parties well known in this city. If there are any who doubt, they have the names and addresses, and can satisfy themselves by personal inquiry.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and see that the signature of the firm is on each bottle. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge can be had at all respectable drug stores. None can be had at his office. Beware of counterfeits.

FLEMING BROS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the above machine. Call and see Mr. A. Lyon, agent for Lowell and vicinity. jy8dtf

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via city of the through line, at the office of the Eastern Railroad, Nos. 3 and 4 Inland Fund, Stanstead, Shefford, and all points on Grand Trunk Railway.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Mutual Insurance Co. may11

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	S. W. Hookway,	D. B. Richardson,
A. Bigelow,	Wm. Nesmith,	Wm. Crosby,
L. G. Howe,	Edward Ogden,	E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses and Furniture, and the Stock Department has ever been confined to Stores. The present cash capital is $100,000, and the Mutual Fund is $50,000 and rising fast. The divisions of surplus of village and farm property, by the Mutual Department, are made annually. Applications for insurance, and rates are as low as in any Company in the State. jy15dtf

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $150,000, and the Mutual Fund $50,000, and rising. Other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Applications received at the office, No. 37 Central st., (ground floor), Lowell. jy15dtf

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy15tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It costs less money.

The best coal for burning coal. And the ORDERS can be bought only at
WM. A. BATCHELDER'S, 37 Central street.
jy15dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Intimated the above article is their practice a great age. They have used it for the last two years, and have improved in its manufacture, and are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want for a cheap and durable artificial dentiferous in relation to the value of the rubber base. It is now a fixed fact that the rubber suits every other article now in use, there are many advantages in its favor. It is the only article that will not corrode, thereby causing the popular impression. Owing to the limited space in our rooms, we are unable to show specimens of work, but would respectfully invite the public to call, they assure the public that they will use every effort to give satisfaction in this mode, and all others, that are found to any that may be entrusted to their care.

Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building.

WAR HAS COME,
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in this city during the past month. It is a healing, soothing, cooling, and cleansing salve, and should be in every family. Price 25 cents per box.

Besides being the best family salve in use, for sores of every description, it is a sure remedy for Chronic Sores, rheumatism, felons, and all kinds of Skin Diseases. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box.

WHITTEN & CO.,
Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

Sold, for Dunstable, by the druggists, and by the proprietors at their office and depot, at the sign of the Golden Salve. may15dtf

BUY ME, AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD.

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula; Female Complaints; sore Headache; Pain, Dyspepsia, Indigestion; Costiveness; Piles; Loss of Appetite; Rheumatism; Dropsy; Erysipelas; Neuralgia; Ringworm; Tetter; Salt Rheum; and others recently added, all so skilfully combined as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, bringing to the aid of the sick and afflicted remedies that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and it is offered to all, and sold at moderate rates. Pamphlets and circulars may be had gratis.

This same wonderful remedy, by the same physician, now assisted by his son, Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Pills, a substantial improvement on the old Pill, and will be found more convenient and safe in families, and more pleasant to take. Both of these medicines are purely vegetable, and contain no mineral poison. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines.

Principal office and depot, No. 25 Hanover street, Boston. Office address to J. LANGLEY & SON, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by WM. A. BATCHELDER, and by druggists generally. jy15

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTER USE IS INSURED BY

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

References can now be given to some of the prominent and most numerous individuals in the city of Lowell that have used the above remedy with the most perfect success, and who will cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted with Coughs, Colds, &c., &c. The success of this remedy has been fully tested in various parts, where the members of the firm of the above gives premiums to clubs &c., and a certainty of the efficacy of a medicine is required in such transactions and all must decide. This remedy has been sold in this city for a number of years, and the demand increases every year. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR. jy15dtf

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF LOWELL, MASS.,
Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss and damage by FIRE, on the favorable terms which have given it the confidence of the community. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Codding,	John Avery,
Arthur P. Bonney,	Andrew Carney,
Joshua W. Daniels,	Henry C. Harvell,
Samuel Bowers,	Henry L. Hunt,
Thomas Emery,	Elijah M. Read,
Amos A. Miller,	
Benjamin E. Bailey,	EPHRAIM ALLEN, President.
	Louis M. Clark,
	Benjamin E. Bailey,
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J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 43 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
Apr15dtf 1803

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn
Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital..... $1,500,000
Surplus..... $700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital..... $500,000
Surplus..... $500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital and Surplus..... $350,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus ..$925,000.

The above Companies settle on property as low as other responsible Companies. Losses promptly paid at the Agency.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Office in Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
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April 1, 1860. 1819

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.

Organized and Incorporation April, 1850.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 1-2 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on real estate, constitute the Reserve Fund, exclusive of loans, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Trustees:

Erastus Lyman,	Charles Denison,
Isaac Bronson,	Jonathan Sturges,
Isaac Edgell,	Frederick Cromwell,
Isaac Rich,	Samuel Willets,
Isaac Townsend,	Peter Schermerhorn,
Thos. Tileston, Jr.,	Benjamin Babcock,
John Ainsworth,	Edward Merriam,
Wm. Bell,	Samuel Hoyt,
G. W. Bruland,	Merchant, New York.
Wm. Bryce,	Merchant, New York.
Wm. Bryce, Jr.,	Merchant, Brooklyn.
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Merchant,	ROBERT ATKINSON, Actuary.

Rates taken in either Stock or Mutual department, on the most favorable terms.

DAVID RIKER, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Lowell Office, Merrimack Mutual Fire Ins. Co.
Nov. 14, 1860. nov16dtf

The Great English Remedy
FOR
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known medicine is an impositive, and a never failing remedy for all those Irregularities and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and although a powerful restorative, contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Low Spirits, Hysterics, Pain in the Back, Blotches on the Face, Blood Impurities, Weakness of the Limbs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Wasting away of the Frame, Nervous Irritability, Trembling, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Fits, Pains in the Head, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Blushing, Fluttering of the Heart, Ringworms, Scorbutic Humors, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Female Complaints, Obstructions, Irregularities, Pains and Aches in the Back, Loins and Kidneys, Female Weakness

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BECAUSE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOODS'

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It stays the ravages consumes and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skilfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *as acts not in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by insidious or depression of spirits. It is *compound*-entirely of vegetable, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS INDIGESTION DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, NERVOUSNESS, NEURALGIA, DEBILITY, MALARIAL PALPITATION OF THE HEART, RHEUMATISM, DROPSY, CONDRIA, NIGHT SWEATS, LEUCORRHŒA, &c.

AND ALL THAT CLASS OF CASES SO OFTEN FULLY FATAL, CAUSED FROM A WEAK NERVOUS AND IRREGULAR FORM.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent all malarial poison arising from miasmatic influences, and cure the disease at once, if already attacked.

TRAVELERS should have a bottle with them, as it will counteract the effects of impure or unwholesome drinking water.

As a preventive contrivance, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be used in every family all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS! should use it, for it is a perfect relief, taken a month or two before the final trial, as she will pass the period of labor with yet feet ease and safety!

There is no mistake about it!!

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT!!

MOTHERS TRY IT!!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters but wives, too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from false modesty allow it to run down to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter will not be so mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for you, they would not see within the same downward path until it is too late to save their fatal fall. But the remedy is at hand ways vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure that your watchfulness in this will unanswerably point you to PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the remedy which should be always on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market St., Saint Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists. Price one dollar per bottle.

Read what the Press say, after thoroughly testing the matter, and be once can have a doubt.

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a genuine medicine of real merit, pleasant to the taste, and harmless to the human system. While it purifies the blood and soothes the nervous irritation, it aids the organs of digestion to perform their functions, and resist the assault of disease. It is a combination of roots so skillfully combined that while it exhilarates it does not provoke the fever so commonly usually follow excitement. A tonic compounded exclusively of vegetable matter. It is also wonderfully beneficial, one in all effects can possibly accompany its use. It is an invigorating and agreeable remedy for Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing of the Womb and other delicate complaints of the female system. Let the trial be had at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, N. Y., 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

jan31 Tuvw Gcod1ownAtuWkP

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects sure to follow those in ordinary use, has for a long time been to be a desideratum in the medical world. Such a tonic, and one which is HARMLESS because from the vegetable kingdom so to see in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and which soothes the weakest stomach, and at the same time stirs up the vital energies of the digestive tone up all the organs of which the human body is composed, is offered in PROF. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—Reason is in perfect accordance with its use. Reader, try it. Thousands have already done so, and the testimony is unanimous.—*Pulpit in New York Atlas.*

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR, for the cure of General Debility, or Weakness arising from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Female Weakness in all stages; also to prevent the spread of disease, is certainly the best and most agreeable Cordial tonic and Renovator ever offered to the afflicted, and we chemically combined as to be the more nearly like nature, and not a medical science. Reader, try it. *It will do you good.* We have no more to say.—*Saturday Morning*, it since we know it to be a safe, pleasant and sure Restorative for the diseases enumerated.—*New York Dispatch.*

Before noticing a patent medicine, we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that it is recommended. We are satisfied that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of Prof. WOOD is entitled to all it claims, and in fact it is without any doubt the first article in the market for purifying the blood and strengthening the system. We have no hesitation in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker!*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many, in consequence of a false delicacy, suffer from *suppressed, painful or obstructed menstruation*, and think because they are young that hydrant-like stature will be developed, while these obstructions, and all come right in the end, little dreaming that the seeds of death are already germinating in the system because the vital energies have been wasted, and the entire animal economy deranged, debilitated; and yet, careless of themselves as they are, if a remedy were set before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body, they would take it, and thus be in time to save their lives. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, N. Y., 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

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THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is done need for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the

greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too-rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail as we state, the price will be refunded.

EVER 2500 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It *is* put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and is sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

*Remember! This medicine is designed only for cases of obstruction, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that it is guaranteed to be *Entirely Harmless*, or the *price will be refunded.*

Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office. Sold by druggists generally. DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 7 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr. Mattison's Specialty embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultation strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent to Europe or elsewhere, *secure from observation*, if so desired. Office hours from eight o'clock A. M. to 9 P. M. Letters from those at a distance, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

In these days of medical imposition, when men are assuming titles, and pretending to a knowledge of medicine which they never possessed, it is well to be careful to whom they apply, before at least in which some one especially is recommended to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. A regularly educated physician, in this country, and there are impostors, and if you allow yourself to be misled by them, you have especially to blame yourself for the consequences. Dr. Mattison is a regularly educated physician, and has been in extensive practice for twenty years. Consultation, either personally or by letter, free. Office, No. 7 Union street, Providence, R. I.

jan28 Tuvw Gcod1ownAtuWkP

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

COOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Ambrotypes.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in store and to order. Call and see for yourself.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A MAN! THEN BUY YOUR FLOUR.

FIRST, GRAIN &C.

F	A	T																							

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, July 16, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, John W. Forney was elected Secretary, receiving 26 out of 36 votes cast. Several bills and resolutions were introduced, among which was one to confiscate the property in the rebel States of persons engaged in the war against the Government. The army appropriation bill was passed after amendments. The bill to increase the military establishment was taken up, and an amendment was adopted that Congress may reduce the army one year after the insurrection is suppressed, after which the bill passed. The bill to approve the acts of the President was made the special order for to-day on motion of Mr. Breckinridge, who announced his purpose to speak on it. Mr. Chandler introduced a bill, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee, to confiscate the property of the rebels.

In the House, Mr. Washburne, of Ill., offered an order looking to a more efficient blockade. A resolution was adopted to adjourn next Friday, if the Senate concur. Mr. Conkling, of N. Y., asked to introduce a resolution to authorize a resolution for a select committee on a general bankrupt law. Mr. Elliot, of Mass., offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to employ a sufficient force to protect our commerce from the pirates, who now infest our seas. Mr. Blair from the committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill to increase the efficiency of the volunteer forces of the United States. Mr. Ward, of N. Y., introduced a bill for a uniform system of bankruptcy. Mr. Wood, of N. Y., offered a resolution for a National Convention in September. Mr. Vallandigham introduced a series of resolutions that the recent acts of the President were without the warrant of law and violative of the constitution. Tabled.—Mr. Hickman introduced a bill, from the Judiciary Committee, for the punishment of persons guilty of conspiracy, by a fine of not less than $5,000 nor more than $20,000, or imprisonment not less than six months nor more than six years. The bill passed, 123 to 7. A resolution offered by Mr. McClernand, of Ill., pledging the House to vote any amount of men and money to put down the rebellion, was adopted by 121 to 5 the latter being Burnett, Grider, Norton, Reed and Wood. Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, asked leave to introduce a resolution requesting the Government of Virginia to retrocede to us the county of Alexandria, and so much of the county of Fairfax, as includes the Mount Vernon estate purchased by the latter. Objections were made. A resolution was adopted requiring the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the course of Henry Ming, of Md., who is said to have framed the bill for banishing criminal correspondence and intercourse with those in rebellion against the United States. The House concurred in the amendment to the volunteer bill. Adjourned.

THE DAILY OVERLAND MAIL. At last there is an overland mail established, worthy of the name. The first trip under the new arrangement was commenced on Monday, in fact. The coaches left on the St. Joseph, Missouri, to the Sacramento River; thence the mails will be conveyed by steamboat to San Francisco. A four horse coach will depart from St. Joseph every day, with 1,200 pounds of mail matter, if that much offers, and as many passengers additional as the coach can take. We believe the schedule time is twenty days to San Francisco. The company have established relays of horses every fifteen miles, and through the mountains every twelve miles. The coaches will run night and day.

The route follows up the Platte River to the South Pass in the Rocky Mountains; thence to Salt Lake City, 800 miles; and from thence to the Sacramento River by the nearest and best road. This is the same route on which it is proposed to build the Pacific Central Railroad. The pony express takes a shorter cut, but over a worse road from Salt Lake City, west, than the stage will run. A telegraph line is being built alongside of the stage road from San Francisco to the Missouri river. It will be completed and in operation next December. The distance to be traversed by the pony express is about two thousand day, and when the two ends of the telegraph line are joined at Salt Lake City, the occupation of the pony express will be gone.

This daily mail line, says the *Commercial Bulletin*, is the longest of the kind in any nation on the globe. Before many years the iron horse will course over the entire space.

A MEAN SLAMP, IF THE CHARGE IS TRUE. We have seen it stated in some one of our exchanges, that the mother of Vallandigham, the half-traitor member of Congress from Ohio, "*is literally left to the care of the parish.* At the last meeting of the New Lisbon Presbytery, on the motion of the Rev. M. M. Todd, *relief* was granted to Mrs. Vallandigham by a vote of the body; and for several years past she has been regularly relieved in the same manner. The congregation of the church of which she is a member have also, from time to time, furnished the means of support, without which she must have suffered the last degradation of virtuous poverty." It is not unreasonable to expect to find a man who so abuses his mother, also unfaithful to his country.

THE yearly income from postage in the seceded States was $900,000. The expenses exceeded that sum by three millions. Uncle Sam saves that sum, by the withdrawal of Aunt *Nelly*.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

A dispatch to the *New York Herald* says that the British Consul at Richmond, has held before the British Minister at Washington, documents respecting recent cases where the blockade of the Chesapeake has been broken by permission of Government. It is said that passes have been issued by Butler, permitting individuals to pass vessels through. Copies of the passes bearing Butler's signature are among the documents. Lord Lyons requests an explanation from Government. The question is of the highest importance.

WAR MATTERS.

Another brilliant victory in Western Virginia. The most exciting news reaches us from Western Virginia, where the secession army has been completely "wiped out." The campaign has been an active one, and most credibly has it been conducted. The following dispatch gives the details of the late collision between the Federal and rebel forces:—

A Cincinnati dispatch says the rebels retreated from Laurel Hill Tuesday night. Gen. Morris's column commenced pursuit on the next afternoon, and after a terrible forced march through the rain and mud over Laurel Hill, our advance came upon the enemy at Carrickford, eight miles south of St. George. The rebels drew up in line of battle, and poured a raking volley on the right of our column, the Ohio 14th, which returned a hot fire, lasting 20 minutes. Dumont's Indiana 7th made a charge upon their battery, when they broke and ran, crossing the ford lowest down St. George. Gen. Garnett, (Adjutant General, of Virginia) while attempting to rally his flying men, was struck by a ball, which killed him immediately.—Col. Dumont continued the chase for two miles, and himself and staff had a running fight. We captured 40 loaded wagons, one rifled cannon, two stand of colors, killed 20, wounded many, and took more prisoners than we could take care of. Our loss was five killed and two mortally wounded.

The rebels lost all their tents, camp equipage, army chests, clothing, hundreds of muskets, knapsacks, and large quantities of ammunition. They retreated up the Horse-Shoe, covering many of their dead; but it is hoped that Gen. Hill will meet and still further route them near Beverly Junction. General Garnett was a native to-day by St. George, and Laurel Hill. Garnett's body was brought here and it will be embalmed and sent to his friends.

WASHINGTON, July 15. The following official report has been received by the War Department:—

HUNTINGDON, VA., July 13th.

Col E. D. Townsend, Assistant Adjutant General: Gen. Garnett and his forces are in full retreat. We have routed, and his baggage and gun taken. His army is completely demoralized. Gen. Garnett was killed while attempting to rally his forces at Carrickford, near St. George. We have completely routed the enemy in Western Virginia. Our loss is but 13 killed and wounded, while the enemy's loss is not far from 200 killed, and the number of prisoners we have taken exceeds 300, and at least 1000. We have captured 7 of the enemy's guns in all. A portion of Gen. Garnett's forces retreated, but I look for their capture by Gen. Hill, who is now in pursuit. The victories are complete, and the rebellion in Western Virginia is entirely crushed out.

(Signed) GEO. B. MCCLELLAN,
Major General U. S. Army."

Movement of troops into Virginia.—Washington, July 14th. The Massachusetts Ninth and Eleventh Regiments crossed into Alexandria, the former provided with rifled 12 pounders, extra ammunition, and horses. The Fourteenth, Seventeenth and Twenty-First New York Regiments crossed the river into Virginia yesterday. Lieut. Greene's battery of rifle cannon, Company G, Second Artillery, has gone to the vicinity of Alexandria. Col. Miles' whole brigade is now south of Alexandria, two New Jersey regiment have crossed over the river since Saturday; and one Pennsylvania Regiment crossed yesterday by steamers. The Seventy-First and Thirty Sixth New York are in Washington, the former under the leading orders of Gen. Heaver's battery, from Fort Pickens, arrived on Sunday; it consists of four 12 pounders and 84 men; another of the same kind is expected to-day. These important movements indicate activity in the the immense force now lying on the south of the Potomac.

Gen. Patterson's command. A dispatch from New York says a private letter from a member of the Twelfth New York Regiment, dated at Martinsburg, July 6th, says his regiment was under marching orders, and expected to leave that evening. There were 36,000 men encamped in that vicinity. A flag of truce came into the camp on the 10th, bearing a request from the rebels for an armistice of ten days, in which to make up their minds whether to fight or retreat. Gen. Patterson replied, "Not a day." The enemy had retreated within forward Richmond.

Southern intelligence. According to Southern reports, the Tennessee State Guards are being mustered into the rebel army.

The Memphis papers state that news reached Little Rock via Pocahontas, that Hollingsworth, with 12,000 troops, attacked 14,000 Federal troops at Springfield, Mo., killing 900, when the Federal troops surrendered unconditionally. The rebels lost 600 killed. This, of course, is the rebel report, nothing of the kind having taken place.

A dispatch from Augusta, Ga., says a large meeting on the 11th listened to A. H. Stephens, on the postage loan, and a committee was appointed to procure subscriptions.

The Charleston *Mercury* calls loudly on the Northern seceded States to raise and send along product of Federal Capture for the rebel army.

A despatch from New Orleans says the steamboat Sections on Ship Island opened fire on Tuesday morning on the Yankee war steamers, two miles off. She returned the fire. One rebel was wounded. The steam er hauled off and went to Chandler Island, 12 miles from the batteries.

The *New Orleans Delta* thinks it will require to make a further attempt to obtain the recognition of foreign powers, and proposes to recall the Confederate Commissioners, and withdraw the exequaturs from the consuls of all powers who refuse to recognize two similar officers for the Confederate States.

CALIFORNIA.

LEGISLATURE, SECOND COUNTY, June 21st, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—"Anything from the Pony?" is the anxious inquiry one hears from all sides; and the little mustang comes bounding along the slopes of the Sierras, and reaches his destination with the foam dripping from his mouth, and the sweat from his panting sides; and the telegraph and the mail are put in instant requisition, while the news flies to every part of the Golden State.

Perhaps our friends on the Atlantic may have forgotten us in the pressure of most exciting events nearer home; but if you have forgotten us, we have not forgotten you. Thousands of brave men here are anxiously awaiting the course of events "at home," and are prepared, not only to keep down all "Pacific Republics," the stock of which is very low at present, but to spring to arms at any moment they may be needed, either to relieve United States troops on the frontiers here, march across and co-operate with Government troops on the borders of Texas, or go anywhere, or do anything else that may be required of them to preserve our flag inviolate and our glorious Union from the presence of traitors.

And Massachusetts shed the first blood—nay, nearer home yet, Lowell! God bless old Massachusetts, for the position she has assumed on this question! Ready to demonstrate her love for justice and right at the point of the bayonet as from the rostrum, through the press, or elsewhere. And Butler, the big, saucy lawyer, who looks so many ways at the same time, is reaping a harvest of laurels on the Chesapeake.

Californians are not all for the Union. There are men among us who are spoilt for fighting with less than the love of by-and-by; who don't whistle Yankee Doodle with the unction of olden times; who have more respect for Jeff. Davis, and less for Abe Lincoln than they ought; but they have not the influence, if they had the disposition, to make California anything but loyal to the Union.

C. C. D.

TREATMENT OF UNION MEN IN VIRGINIA. We have been permitted to make the following extract from a letter dated Middletown, Ohio, July 7th, respecting the treatment of old men and ladies family in the "Old Dominion." The letter comes from the son of the old gentleman referred to, and is addressed to the author, of this city. The names of the parties are in our possession:—

"Times are awful dull out here; there is no business whatever except with the farmers; they are busy getting in their grain. There are good crops all over the country, and nothing is moving like old times. Flour, and all kinds of provisions are cheap.

I suppose you have not heard that father and all the family are here. They had to leave Richmond to save their lives. They just succeeded in getting away, and that is all. They were going to hang father for being a Union man, and went to the house one night, and Mr. Ellyson, who had to hang him, but mother and sister and the two boys prevented them from doing it, and they had to go away empty back with a larger crowd, and took him and said that if he did not come to time to the South, and let the two boys join their army, and let Arnemas go to work in their army, that he should be dead in a week or day. He told them to take him to the mayor; they did so, but after his House got out the mob, and told them he must see them all in—before he would do leave the old man and family alone. They then locked him up, and held a meeting and came to the conclusion that they would let the old man go, and he left Richmond for State in three days; so he had to pack up and leave (with his family.) They had to leave everything, even some of their clothes, for they would not let them take away only what they had on. They had a rather hard time to make an old man, sixty years old, leave his home for being true to his country! But I think they will get their just dues, if there is a God. I could tell you more, but this sheet of paper will not permit me to write any more now," &c.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT. An exchange, speaking of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, says:—"This regiment is a portion of the household of the Union—is, as much a part of the armament of the Federal Government as the ground on which the capitol stands as the District of Columbia or the State of Massachusetts."

THE CAPTAIN GENERAL AND THE PATRIOTS. The privateer Sumter received the cold shoulder from the Captain General of Cuba, having compelled to leave the port of Cienfuegos in the Spanish prize taken by the confederate war will probably begin to realize after a few more rebuffs, that the sentiment of the civilized world is thoroughly against it. In the present case it would be strange indeed, if after all the disloyalty of the South, any Cuban official were to give that section the benefit of the doubt in any questionable case.

THE TIME TO STRIKE. Barnum lays it down as a rule, in his work on "The Art of Making Money" that the "*proper time to advertise judiciously is when others don't.*" We commend to our business men the case of the skewered Yankee in the country.

REV. LUCIUS R. PAIGE, author of *Paige's Canon story on the New Testament*, is nominated as the probable successor of Dr. Ballou, in the Presidency of Tufts College.

SOUTHERN securities are advancing in the stock market. Within a week Tennessee, North Carolina and Georgia and Missouri State bonds have gone up from five to nine per cent. This does not argue anything in favor of the rebels, but rather against them.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Governor of North Carolina, died at the Red Sulphur Springs, in Monroe County, Virginia, whither he had gone for the benefit of his health, on the 7th inst. When secession first broke out, Gov. Ellis was a Union man; but the sending politicians of the South were too much for him, and he was dragooned into the rebellion.

A WEALTHY gentleman at Worcester who has a nephew in the rebel army at Norfolk Point, Indiana, has sent a letter to General Butler, offering $500 for the head of his nephew's relation.—Exchange paper.

First: We don't believe the above is true. Second: If true, the "wealthy gentleman" is more brute than Christian.

CITY AND VICINITY.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Patrick Donahoe, for an assault, was sentenced to the House of Correction for three months.

James O'Donnell and Martin Mooney, truants, one year House of Reformation for juvenile offenders. Dennis O'Hara, for same offence, was bailed till September 7th.

Patrick Berrian, for drunkenness, was found guilty and will be sentenced this afternoon.

THE ISLAND HOUSE. People are beginning to find out that Col. Pollard has opened the Island House, and is now entertaining company. His visitors are increasing, although we have had, within a few days, the only comfortable weather for a fortnight. Under the new order of things, we predict a "full house" under the Colonel's care during the season. See his advertisement elsewhere.

OWNERS OF UNLICENSED DOGS—You will find a notice of the City Marshal in another column to which we would invite your attention.

A CAPTURE. Patrick Berrian tried to be a soldier, and for several weeks has worn a uniform, but when the hour arrived for being sworn in, he backed out. He was heard to say that he "didn't want to enlist and have to go over the border." He was nevertheless sworn in, and was duly installed as a member of the Lowell Light Guard, but when the order came to march to Camp Hampton, Patrick Berrian was missing. He was found in Chelmsford, and was brought back to Lowell, and was sentenced to the House of Correction for three months.

MRS. HANSEN, NO. 600 FOURTH ST., DATS OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

Prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW YORK, May 15, 1852.

I A child of mine was troubled with worms. I gave it a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, which brought away a bunch of worms, numbering, I should judge, about thirty. The child was very sick during the operation, but is well and hearty.

Mrs. Twist, No. 18 Avenue D, writes under date of August 10, 1852, and says she has been troubled with worms for more than a year, and has taken two bottles of Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, prepared by Fleming Bros., which brought away from her three hundred worms, big and little. She now believes herself to be entirely free from disease.

Mrs. Burgins, a German woman, residing at 294 Rivington street, says, that after using one bottle of M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, she passed two *large tape worms*.

The above certificates are all from parties well known in this city. If any one is in any doubt, they have the names and addresses, and can satisfy themselves by personal inquiry.

Prepared only by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and for sale by druggists everywhere.

M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills are for sale by all druggists.

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jun8lm

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

FOR THE SALE OF TICKETS via the Great Western Railway, to all points of north in the lowest rates. Also tickets via the Grand Trunk Railroad to all points west.

H. W. BURNETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.
may31 dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	D. Hodgdon,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. Hodgdon,	Isaac Flint,
L. G. Brown,	Jos. Bailey,	E. F. Sherman,
	Levi Fogg.	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment has been made in this department. The cash premium surplus is $3,018.81, with deposit notes to the amount of $2,000. The Stock Department is confined to village and farm property in Middlesex County by special charter. The cash capital is $50,000, with a cash premium and cash surplus of $3,000. Total cash assets, $53,018.81.

The above Companies write on property as low as the safety of the risk will admit. Apply to the Directors, or to the Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

DAVID HADLEY, Agent,
Office at Lowell Institution for Savings, Merrimack and Merrimack streets.
Nov 16, 1860. no16dtf

The Great English Remedy

DR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

Prepared from a prescription used by him in his extensive and highly successful practice among the Nobility and Gentry of the United Kingdom. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and family packets, containing four times the quantity, 11s. each, by all Druggists throughout the world.

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Beware of counterfeits! Be sure you get Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by druggists everywhere.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

FOR THE SALE OF TICKETS via the Great Western Railway, to all points of north in the lowest rates. Also tickets via the Grand Trunk Railroad to all points west.

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Protection look with observance must in speedy cases for the Royal Arms and Name of the Sole Proprietor, Dr. James Clarke, 13 Stanhope street, Hanover square, without which none can be genuine. Sold in the most elegant, speedy and totally not an article for a safe reference and guide. Dr. James Clarke's Female Pills are sold by all Druggists.

Sole Proprietor, DR. JAMES CLARKE, 13 Stanhope street, Hanover square, London.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

WAR HAS COME,

AND

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS SURE TO MEET

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

HAVE BEEN

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers, as a remedy for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Burns, Scalds, Sore Eyes and clothed set from long exposure, and Chilblains, Frost Bites, Ringworm, &c.

Soldiers, you can hardly realize in one or more generous accidents, piles, corns, chilblains, sores, sickness, &c., which you will be subject to in the field of battle, it is positively adapted for the Army and Navy, and will be found a valuable remedy.

The Salve will be made only by C. P. WHITTEN & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

The Salve is for sale by druggists and grocers on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Golden Salve.

jun29 dtf

CAUTION!

The extraordinary success of the true and genuine FRANKLIN PILL, has induced many other pills to assume the same name, Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertise Franklin Pills.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against purchasing any of the spurious Franklin Pills, as they have not the genuine article. Call for the genuine Franklin Pills, prepared by W. E. LIVINGSTON, Delaware City, Delaware Co., Ind.

SOUTHERN PAPERS COMFORTING THEIR READERS WITH PLEASING PROPHECIES.—The *Missouri State Journal* says that the Confederate States have concentrated an army of extraordinary military movement until they could see the character of the President's message, and the tone and temper of the people, and that they are now obtaining the peaceful recognition of their claims. The action of Congress having dissipated all expectations of this kind, a different movement is soon to be made, and the *Journal* predicts that—

"Within a few days, the whole of the Federal army either will be captured or driven from Maryland and Virginia into Pennsylvania. Washington City will be the scene of carnage, as a matter of necessity by the Northern States."

The coolness of the above must be an excellent substitute for ice, of which the rebels are in great want this season. The *Journal* has been, by order of Gen. Lyon suspended, as it deserved, a treatment that many others merit.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 15.

4 Boston and Providence Railroad	106 1-8
1 Boston and Worcester Railroad	103 1-4
15 Boston and Maine Railroad	104
3 Fitchburg Railroad	97 1-4
10 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad	105 1-4
8 Hancock	100

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, as exceeding $150,000 in a degree to meet any losses liable to be incurred. Policies issued for any term of time.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Lowell,
Jas. Jno. Coburn,	Josiah G. Abbott,
Arthur C. Bonney,	John Avery,
Anthony Pollard,	Arthur Wright,
Samuel Dutton,	Chas. H. Marsh,
Ephraim Brooks,	Edward H. Bond,
	Boston.
Alonzo A. Miner,	Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin F. Nourse,	Lester M. Clark,
	Amherst.
	Nathan Ailey, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 104 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 43 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass.

apr24 dtf

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital..... $1,500,000
Surplus..... $700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital..... $500,000
Surplus..... $500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Surplus..... $250,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Capital and Surplus..... $225,000.

The above Companies write on property as low as the safety of the risk will admit. Apply to the Directors, or to the Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY OF THESE COMPANIES.

Patronage to the late A. J. BI RMOND, No. 16 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Office 106 BROADWAY,
apr 24 dtf NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1861.
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 per 100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being over one third of the Capital and Surplus, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy Holders.

Directors:

Preston Lyman,	Lowell.
Isaac Hodgdon,	Boston.
Jno. Jno. Coburn,	Lowell.
Thos. Dobson, Jr.,	Boston.
Jno. Atkinson,	Lowell.
Wm. Appleton,	Boston.
Samuel Dutton,	Lowell.
Ephraim Brooks,	Lowell.
John F. Coolidge,	Boston.
Wm. Gray,	Boston.
Edward H. Bond,	Lowell.
Joseph D. Ayers,	Boston.
Robert Appleton,	Boston.

Merchant,
Merchant,
Merchant,
Merchant, New York.
City of New York.
Merchant,
Merchant,
Merchant,

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD.

HEALTH!

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

It precisely does the name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the still powers. It also revivifies reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus eradicates and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence works the wonder stomach and tones up the digestive organs, and also all nervous and other irritations. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by inertness or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combined to prove a mild and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, PAINS IN THE SIDE, DEBILITY, NERVOUSNESS, MELANCHOLY, HYPOCHONDRIA, NIGHT SWEATS, LANGUOR, GIDDINESS, AND ALL THAT CLASS OF EVILS SO TO FEAR FULLY FATAL CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESS AND IRREGULARITIES.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevents all attacks arising from malarious influences. Also cures that disease at once, if already attacked.

TRAVELERS should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following a change of water and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of persons on a sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS should use it, for it is a perfect relief, taking away the weakness of the frail sex, also will ease the dread of period with perfect ease and safety.

It is unrivaled as a tonic!!

THE CARDINAL IN ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT

IS

MOTHER TRY IT!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it be too late, but also your sons and husbands, and while the former from false delicacy, often go down to a premature grave, the latter from a condition he knows in time, the latter are often no better off with the exception of a little more shame, that it is worse not for you, they, too, would trifle with the same downward path, and lead it on to an early but fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure you never failing after trial will unanimously point to

WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the only remedy ever known to be always to answer to their wishes.

O. J. WOOD'S Depot, 724 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists at one dollar per bottle.

Before using other remedies, we have to be certain that it will prove itself to be all that it is recommended. And we would say that the Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator of O. J. Wood will stand the test fully, and in fact it is without any doubt the first article in the market for Purifying the blood and strengthening the system. We have no hesitation in recommending its use to all.—*New Yorker!*

LOOK TO YOURSELF IN TIME. How many, in consequence of a false delicacy, suffer from *suppressed, painful or distorted menstruation*, and think because they are young that by-and-by nature will work itself clear from such obstructions, and all come right in the end, little dreaming that the seeds of death are already germinating in the system because the vital energies are impaired, and the entire animal economy deranged, debilitated; and yet, careless of themselves as they are, if a remedy were set before them which would restore all the functions of the system, and reinvigorate the body, they would take it, and thus be in time to save their lives. Parents think of this, and at once give them a bottle of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator.—*New York Courier.*

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 724 Broadway, and No. 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

jan31 ywow ⊕ dcod&weowlyM&F

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, now proving eminent after all others have failed, is destined for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness with the ease of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period comes around, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with, *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, charges paid to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is *retained expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every instance*, or the money will be refunded.

Beware of in-itations! None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. Mattison* at his office Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Peculiar* nature to the female sex. Dr. Mattison is a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to this branch. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Dr. Mattison has treated patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In this city there are numerous females, whom assume to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine, or the anatomy of the human system, and hence they apply, before at least making some enquiry, as to their *capacity or responsibility*, to the most *delicate and private* portions of the female system, and in consequence of their ignorance, are so bold defiance to be misled by their *false statements*, as to destroy the health, and in many instances, without assistance from anyone, you will have reason to regret your folly too late. ☞ Dr. Mattison has no connection with the numerous above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, sent to any part of the country generally, also Circulars giving full information, sent free on application.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue, without which no advertising physician or medicine can be found in this city. ☞ BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

DR. DOWSE'S

HEADACHE AND CATARRH SNUFF

THIS SNUFF is superior to anything of the kind ever offered for public sale. It instantly is a disease of the head, producing a dry vapor which passes off the head via the nose, and down the throat, leaving in the nose no substance, laying the foundation for a cough usually so troublesome. Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Deafness, Sore Eyes, Colds, Coughs and Catarrh, when they have taken hold, and it will prevent all these complaints. Price 15 cents a bottle.

Prepared by DR. J. DOWSE, No. 10 Rue Merriimon Street, Lowell, Mass. n2231

M. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.

Selling Bonnets complete for 25 cents
Selling Silk Bonnets complete for 50 cents
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.50
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $2.00
Selling Trimmed Velvet Bonnets complete for $2.50
Selling any quantity of silk ribbon at 25 cents per yard.

RICH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 01 MERRIMACK STREET.

w1d2 01

FEET HATS.

Just received a lot of Felt Hats selected from the latest Paris and New York styles, which are very nice and beautiful shades, well adapted for Spring wear, at BRAZER'S.

mar7 Corner Hurd street

SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heater,

Can be attached to any burner, just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES.

ap23 No. 61 Merrimack st.

THE LATEST.

INDIA PAGODA, and the celebrated Opera Hat, at BRAZER'S Corner Hurd street.

To get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan16 H. S. HAYNES.

SURRAH!

1000 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale at 2, MERRILL'S, No. 23 Central st., and for sale in new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack st.

ap27

Bruson' Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes, with long handle, Scrub Brushes, Large Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Comb Brushes, Shoe Brushes, and a Fine Brush and Scraper combined, something entirely new—call and see the above the first thoroughly. Just received and for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

mar28

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A large variety of English and American Table and Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES,

dec12 45 Merrimack st.

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MARCH'S.

THE same Maps's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime.

Same Maps's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;

Same Maps's Ammoniated Bone Dust;

Same Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine

Same Pure Ground Bone Dust;

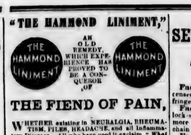
Ground Plaster, Fine Salt, Dry Blackberry and Wintergreen Cover, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Hops, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.

mar7 136 Central street

LIGHT FELT HATS.

HALL, COLUMBIA, Reg. Andover, Beaver, Washington, Union, Amazon, Napoleon and other new styles of Felt Hats for sale by BRAZER'S Corner Hurd street.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



AN OLD REMEDY WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF PAIN.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TIC, TIC, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used its excellent, "What Hammond Liniment Relief! What a Great Blessing!" Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, *within the reach of all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL EDDY, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. BLACK & SHUMWAY, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and all country Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 15, 1861 feb15,1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulations, Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,815,558 90
Dividends paid to date,	1,681,981 18
	$5,497,540 08

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any concerted capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

It invests principally in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double its amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The profits of this Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for the whole term of life may be paid in Cash, Bonds and Mortgages, or Cash and Bonds, or Cash and Mortgages, at the option of the insured. Premiums may also be paid annually by note.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in satisfying himself that they are due, and they may, if they prefer, receive the dividends in Cash, when required, or have them applied to the payment of the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has on its books a number of 7772 Policies in force, yet an increase in the number of persons insured reduces more certain the operation of the principles of mutuality, and adds to all. Life Premiums are based, all founds of the Institution must therefore necessarily be in proportion to the risk connected with it should call the attention of their appointment to the advantages offered.

The Company has paid for losses a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Applications for insurance may be made to

JUDITH A. MOLETT, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.

mar7

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND

GLASS WARE.

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable styles, and will be sold at lower prices than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine goods before purchasing.

45 Merrimack Street,

(Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Stood News to the Suffering Millions.

Cures all Sores, no matter how old or of how long standing. Cures all Ulcers, no matter how bad or of how long standing. Cures all Boils, no matter how large or how many. Cures all Felons, no matter how painful. Cures all Burns, no matter how severe. Cures all Scalds, no matter how extensive. Cures all Cuts, no matter how deep. Cures all Bruises, no matter how severe. Cures all Wounds, no matter how dangerous. Cures all Chilblains, no matter how bad. Cures all Fever Sores, no matter how long standing. Cures all Piles, no matter how bad or of how long standing. Cures all Fistulas, no matter how bad or of how long standing. Cures all Diseases of the Skin, no matter what name they go by. Cures all Sore Breasts, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Nipples, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Eyes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Ears, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Heads, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Throats, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Mouths, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Lips, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Hands, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Feet, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Legs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Backs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Joints, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Stomachs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Bowels, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Kidneys, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Bladders, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Limbs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Arms, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Fingers, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Toes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Nails, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Corns, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Bunions, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chilblains, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Frost Bites, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chaps, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Hands, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Lips, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Breasts, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Nipples, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Eyes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Ears, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Heads, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Throats, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Mouths, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Lips, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Hands, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Feet, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Legs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Backs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Joints, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Stomachs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Bowels, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Kidneys, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Bladders, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Limbs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Arms, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Fingers, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Toes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Nails, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Corns, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Bunions, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Chilblains, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Frost Bites, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Chaps, no matter how bad.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

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ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Fhaz Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE.

dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

OHN T. HILLINGS

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FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their Machines are protected against litigation or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as those on the loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing much rain machine, for fine embroidering, and the greatest variety of sewing required in a fam ly. They will run from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin without stopping, and make over 2 stitches perfect. They will even sew from the finest cambric to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather; without any change in the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. No such a machine best adopted to family use! and if NOT adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing machines? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use; a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, such as Gaiter Boots, &c.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction and can be understood.

The operation of these Machines, wherever sold, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, 1860.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair at Camden, 1860.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, 1860, over fifty other Female Sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Rockbeck Fair, Utica, N. Y., 1860.

Fact No. 10.—We claim that we are advancing generally wherever properly established in the confidence of the sewing machine public. But we have space for only a few facts, and will close the list for the present.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in the market, for which we are founded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have not seen them work, but the almost instant inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unmistakable Facts—Facts that cannot FAIL to be made such, by mere reference to certain kinds of machines, for the many who wish to relieve themselves of certain personal obligations, but the Facts—Facts that are Facts—Facts of the Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or tailoring.

The Company having determined to meet the above facts, have reduced prices all of their excellent Machines, and have furnished them with the latest and most valuable improvements in the fastener, gauges etc., to be found anywhere—Call and examine them at the Factory.

For sale in Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 46 Church street.

July 17, 1861 y12dlf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA AND

GLASS WARE.

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable styles, and will be sold at lower prices than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine goods before purchasing.

45 Merrimack Street,

(Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

Cures all Sores, no matter how old or of how long standing. Cures all Ulcers, no matter how bad or of how long standing. Cures all Boils, no matter how large or how many. Cures all Felons, no matter how painful. Cures all Burns, no matter how severe. Cures all Scalds, no matter how extensive. Cures all Cuts, no matter how deep. Cures all Bruises, no matter how severe. Cures all Wounds, no matter how dangerous. Cures all Chilblains, no matter how bad. Cures all Fever Sores, no matter how long standing. Cures all Piles, no matter how bad or of how long standing. Cures all Fistulas, no matter how bad or of how long standing. Cures all Diseases of the Skin, no matter what name they go by. Cures all Sore Breasts, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Nipples, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Eyes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Ears, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Heads, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Throats, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Mouths, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Lips, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Hands, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Feet, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Legs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Backs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Joints, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Stomachs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Bowels, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Kidneys, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Bladders, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Limbs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Arms, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Fingers, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Toes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Nails, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Corns, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Bunions, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chilblains, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Frost Bites, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chaps, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Hands, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Lips, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Breasts, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Nipples, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Eyes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Ears, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Heads, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Throats, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Mouths, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Lips, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Hands, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Feet, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Legs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Backs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Joints, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Stomachs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Bowels, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Kidneys, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Bladders, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Limbs, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Arms, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Fingers, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Toes, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Nails, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Corns, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Bunions, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Chilblains, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Frost Bites, no matter how bad. Cures all Sore Chapped Chaps, no matter how bad.

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CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turgidity of the liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from this same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for, in these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much anxiety among scientific and medical men; and extraordinary experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left for the present age to make the wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery, and

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that in Him we live, move and have our being, we will venture the remark, that as life dwells more in the nerves, and all vegetable life is governed by certain abnormal laws, the stimulus is traceable, to a fixed cause, which removes or destroys, and death, the certain effect follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows iron to be a component of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

Thus we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen readily unites with a metal, excepting gentle electricity.

Electricity is set in motion at a chemical action, or, more, it is contract.

Thus in the combustible candle, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the heart. Oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, electricity, which is coming in co-fact with the heart causes it to contract, and hence the force of the blood and sends it circulating through the remote parts of the system. Here, then, we have the cause of

Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, St. Vitus's Dance, Asthma, Epilepsy, Dyspepsy, Fever and Ague, &c.!—a definite fact, the red corpuscles containing the iron, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of oxygen to be carried to the heart, a normal circulation. The blood becomes watery, the corpuscles decrease in their proportion, the fibre becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism, and the nervous system of the liver of all of us.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in the market, for which we are founded.

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For sale in Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 46 Church street.

July 17, 1861 y12dlf

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Sufferers from any organic disease! Unfortunates, who have by excess of the body or mind, reduced the circulation of the blood and diminished the red globules! Ladies suffering of the diseases peculiar to your female constitution, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. In the most confirmed cases of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. Try one bottle, do not throw away your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy; give it a trial.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully proving the theory advanced here to be entered will be mailed to any interested party on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. The "Blood Food" is for all druggists; or where it cannot be had, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $1 per single bottle, $5. It is put up in 8 oz. vials, in yellow wrappers, with a small label, in small red wrappers having been done very without—Each one is signed by the proprietor. Depot for Depot upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor,
No. 4 Dey street, New York.

O. G. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., SEVERANCE, FARLEY & CO., Agents, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. H. French, A. Stevens & Son, S. Kidder & Co.

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THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

Cliff Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest school as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction, and thousands of the most sceptical and sickness and sickness of the body and brain, by the use of this remedy, have been led to believe in its wonderful curative powers. Its use is simple, and in nothing like this will we say, as well as restore. Read the following testimonials:

From Hon. Jno. Dow, Ex-Mayor of Portland, Me.—Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative has restored my hair to its original color, and has left the scalp free from dandruff, and gave your Hair Restorative a perfect test.

From Rev. Father Taylor, Boston.—Having been entirely restored from my early manhood, I can say that I have used your Hair Restorative with perfect success, and I am happy to say that it

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, July 17, 1861.

The brilliant victories attained by our arms in Western Virginia, which are hailed with so much pleasure by loyal people everywhere, are leading to impatient inquiries as to when other divisions are to move forward. We think it is quite generally believed that the delay thus far has been to our advantage; it is a fact well known to every reasoning mind that our opponents have been long preparing for the present state of affairs, while the Government has been compelled to raise, equip, and drill, its immense force in a very short period. We know of nothing, however, in history, more remarkable than the mustering of the force now at the command of the Government (estimated at not less than 300,000 men) in the brief space of ten or twelve weeks. Experienced veterans have believed it unwise to urge the troops of which this army is composed (most of them entirely unlearned in the art of war, and whose patriots have been of the most peaceful character) to battle fields against opponents who boast of their discipline, prowess, and courage. They have sought to prepare for success and not do'eat; and the brilliant results in Western Virginia are a portion of the rewards in reserve for those who have patience to wait. The object of Gen. Scott is to spill the result of rebellion with as little sacrifice of life as possible, confident that its prolongation strengthens the government but weakens its opponents both in the field and at home.

But now there are indications that the time for action has arrived. The success of Gen. McClellan, within the past week, is, we have evidence to believe, to be followed by still greater victories over the rebels in Virginia. Gen. Patterson and Col. Stone are yet at the head of forces that are destined, in conjunction with Gen. McClellan, to route or capture the large command of Gen. Johnson, now at Winchester; and nothing seems more certain than the complete triumph of the cause in the section where the secessionists have sought to make the first battle grounds elsewhere having retreated without making a show of defence.

The great body of the Federal army, however, has been concentrated at Washington, and has been gradually and steadily advancing into Virginia. Gen. McDowell's division is believed to embrace 35,000, and includes probably the best equipped and drilled troops that have been called into the field, which is a large representation of the United States soldiers, who will compare favorably with any similar body of men anywhere to be found. This division, perhaps most directly under the eye of the veteran commander, Gen. Scott, and where if it is not already, soon on the march.—Manassas Junction lies between it and Richmond, which is the destination of McDowell's division. Should the most formidable opposition will be offered to the advance of this grand army, but he who stormed San Juan de Ulua and marched his command through an enemy's country to the heart of Mexico, will certainly triumph over the foes who stand in his way in this campaign, which he declares is to be his last and most glorious.

ANOTHER TRUE MAN.—Judge Catron of Tennessee, one of the Justices of the United States Supreme Court, has recently shown unflinching fidelity to the constitution and Union. On the recent visit to Nashville to hold the appointed term of the United States Court in Tennessee, after the secession act of the Legislature. He was waited by the Marshal to desist, or his life would pay the forfeit. The intrepid Judge commanded the Marshal to do his duty in preparing for and opening the Court, and spurn him and all cares of the Judge's life. The Marshal at once confessed himself afraid to do his duty, and flatly refused. And he and all other subordinates declined to act, and so Judge Catron failed to hold his Court in Tennessee; but, he discharged the duty devolving upon himself, and left for another field, where his services were required. At St. Louis, Mo., his charge to the grand jury is represented to have been an able and careful exposition of the law of treason, discriminating with more than usual emphasis between the treasonable intention and the overt act. He is receiving much notice from the loyal men throughout the Northwest.

THE NEW TARIFF.—There is considerable anxiety to know what disposition will be made of the Morrill tariff, and in what respects it is to be modified. It is announced that the bill is now to be considered in the House of Representatives to-day. The matter, which has been for some days in the hands of the Committee of Ways and Means, it is said, have undergone a change in the matter of iron, but pretty important duties are to be fixed on several articles of consumption for the table. The duties on sugars range from 2½ to 6 cents per pound, according to form and quality; molasses, 6 cents per gallon; all teas, 15 cents; and all kinds of coffee and cocoa, 5 cents per pound; salt, 18 cents per 100 pounds.

THE WAY THE PRIVATEER SUMTER RUN THE BLOCKADE.—A correspondent up and *Boston Post*, dating Key West, July 9th, explains how the privateer Sumter got out by saying that the Brooklyn, off the Balize, suffered herself to be enticed away in chase of a British cruiser apparently attempting to run the blockade. Meantime the Sumter, which had been some time awaiting such a chance, quietly steamed up and slipped out. Capt. Poore, of the Brooklyn, discovered his error too late. The escape of so dangerous a privateer may be looked upon as a disaster almost equivalent to a defeat.

WAR MATTERS.

From Washington. Thomas B. Brooks, a deserter from the First South Carolina Regiment, came into camp at Washington a few days ago. He is a native of Massachusetts.

During a skirmish at Martinsburg, on Thursday, a member of the 28th New York Regiment was killed, also three of the rebel cavalry, and one taken prisoner.

A "secessionist" who came into the 2nd Ohio Regiment's camp, day before yesterday, says the rebels at Fairfax are packed up and ready to retreat to Manassas Junction at a moment's notice.

A sergeant and four men of Company E, First New Hampshire Regiment, were captured by the rebel cavalry near Point of Rocks, on Sunday.

Thirteen refugees from Occoquan, Va., arrived in Washington yesterday. They would have been murdered in the rebel service had they not left. All loyal citizens in that vicinity are leaving.

Missouri. It is stated positively that ex-Senator Green, of Missouri, has violated his parole and again taken up arms against the Government.

Several of Col. Siegel's men wounded at the battle of Carthage, have since died, making his loss in all twenty-one. Capt. Conrad's company, left at Neosho, by order of Col. Siegel, was surrounded by about 1200 Arkansas troops, and given ten minutes to surrender. Gen. Price demanded that they should be delivered to the Missouri troops to be shot, which the Arkansas officer refused. There arms were then taken from them, and an oath administered, when they were marched out of town under an escort of Arkansas troops, and reached Springfield on Tuesday. There are from 8000 to 10,000 Missouri and Arkansas troops at Neosho. The rebels report their loss in the battle with Siegel at 300.

The country around Springfield is alive with mounted Union men and Home Guards. From indications in other quarters of the State, it is also evident that there is yet to be a sanguinary struggle between the loyal men and the rebels, and that soon, too.

From Baltimore. The Eighth Massachusetts Regiment has gone from the Relay Camp to Fort McHenry, to relieve the Third Massachusetts Battalion, which leaves for home to-day (Wednesday).

The report that Gov. Hicks, of Maryland, had been assassinated, is not true.

A special dispatch from Baltimore to the *New York Herald* says that a small field piece and a number of carbines and cartridges were found in house searched today. Two rifles and a large quantity of ship boarding knives were found on Marshal Kane's premises to-day. John Dunn, while burning for Jeff. Davis at the soldiers were quietly passing, was seized by the throat, which was nearly severed by a pistol butt.

Fortress Monroe. Mr. Russell, of the *London Times*, was at Fortress Monroe on the 15th, but left the same day for Washington. He accompanied the Sanitary Commissioners, and reports that in many parts of the country there is danger of a pestilence in the army if immediate measure for a remedy are not taken. The greatest carelessness exists as to personal cleanliness and camp police. Mr. Russell says the Committee have a herculean task, and that the American Camps were worse than those in the Crimea.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday several petitions were presented and bills introduced. Mr. Sumner introduced a bill for the confiscation of the property of the rebels, which Mr. Breckinridge opposed in a speech of some length.

Mr. Breckinridge spoke against the present war, closing with the hope that after the frenzy of the hour had passed, Divine Providence would leave out of the wreck of the Union the precious principles of liberty and self-government.

Mr. Lane said he sanctioned all the President had done, and the people sanctioned it and he would sanction all that was to be done. Secession was treason and should sweep treason from Virginia. The President had suspended the writ of habeas corpus in that section, and the corpse of Baltimore treason had not been suspended. If Mr. Breckinridge had been elected President, would he have refused to defend the capital against threatening and armed rebellion? He believed not. Mr. Lane then alluded to the seizure of telegraphic dispatches, which had been characterized by Mr. Breckinridge as an usurpation of power, and thought they might implicate certain Senators on this floor.—He had read to-day in a paper, that "Lincoln's Congress would not be allowed to meet here on the 4th."

Mr. Breckinridge replied that the statement (that Breckinridge) had telegraphed to Jeff. Davis or written to him that Kentucky would furnish 7000 armed men, was a mere charge, totally false, and he had been informed by the Governor of Kentucky that the charge in respect to him was equally false.

Mr. Lane then defended the suppression of certain traitorous newspapers, disarming people in rebellion and other acts which Mr. Breckinridge had seen unconstitutional. He said allusion had been made to the proposed compromise of last session, but would only say in regard to it, that none was made because trances occupied the now vacant seats. All we ask for is the Kentucky remedy for treason, hemp.

The Navy Appropriation Bill was then taken up, amended and passed.

In the House, the select committee to reduce the expenses of the Government submitted a report, of which Mr. F. A. Conkling, of N. Y., is chairman. A resolution of thanks to Gen. McClellan, and the officers and soldiers of his command, for their gallant and meritorious services, was unanimously adopted. A bill to make the blockade more effective and put a stop to piracy, was introduced and referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs. A bill providing for the suppression of rebellion and resistance to the laws, which authorizes the President to call out the military for a period not exceeding 60 days after the meeting of the next session of Congress, was almost unanimously passed. The bill authorizing the acceptance of 20,000 more volunteers was passed. Several bills passed, relating to pensions, paymasters, and to provide for the widows and orphans of those that lost in the sloop-of-war Levant. Mr. Hayes, of Ky., indicted the House as to one of his treasonable speeches after which the bill to increase the efficiency of the volunteer forces passed.

A FEAT OF ENDURANCE BY FEDERAL TROOPS. The *Cleveland Plaindealer* says:

"It was thought no possible feat of physical endurance could equal that 'night and day' march of the Ohio troops, but we are surpassed. Col. Tyler still thinks 'what man has done man can do.' He addresses us as to the march, but has no rule. When it was found there was 3,000 rifles and 10,000 cartridges in the Gallipolis Locks, Col. McClellan started for Clarksburg, 23 miles from Weston, to send Col. Tyler and his regiment to get the muskets. Tyler never sleeps, and seems full of the idea that his self is to be no more apparent than the spirit of the order, and, parading his men on a highland near the depot at which McClellan was to arrive, he told them to keep an eye on him when the trials arrived, and if they saw that Mac was not moved, he would wave his handkerchief, and they would show Clarksburg their heels. The train arrived, and Tyler, in full view, moved up to Tyler as he sat on his horse, and waved, 'God, Tyler, he is not moved a march for Weston?' 'I'll show you soon if you will look yonder,' and waving his handkerchief in the regimental centre, a double quick and disappeared like the form that was seen. Major Lane then started with two horses, but in a few hours was tugging away on foot, both his horses having given out, when physical strength had given out, and when they reached Weston, by the clock, all his horses were loaded with muskets, so as to favor poor exhausted soldiers. We are proud to give our pile on the gallant 7th regiment."

A WELL-MANAGED ROUT. The United States Senate must be under the best management of any legislative body in the world as in three days' officers have all been elected: Hannibal Hamlin, President, John W. Forney, Secretary, DeWitt C. Clark, Clerk.

THE CROWN. A correspondent of the *Salem Register*, who signs himself "An Amateur Star Gazer," asks, "Is it a peculiarity of the present comet to travel toward the sun? I have read in a paper supposed that the tail of a comet was only the luminous atmosphere of those eccentric bodies, left behind in consequence of the rapid motion of the comet in its thorough space."

THE *Troy Times* says: "We have good reasons for saying that Gen. Scott has expressed a wish that Gen. Wool should be put in command at Fortress Monroe."

OWING to a difference of opinion between the contractors of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad and the State Engineer in regard to the grade of the State loan, the contractors have suspended all work upon it. The amount already advanced, by the State is $750,000. The Contractors are now ready to go on with the work, and have appointed superintendent of the work, who is represented to be altogether too fast in his schemes, and is more exactly a man for the times.

It is a noteworthy fact that the Cheshire Light Guard, of Keene, N. H., attached to the Second New Hampshire Regiment has been supplied with eight tents, seven of which were captured from the British in the war of 1812. They are now the property of the town of Keene, and have been well preserved. They all bear the mark "G. R." (George Rex) and one of them has also upon it the manufacturer's mark, "Turner's, Bond Street, London."

THE Tennessee Legislature have refused to take any action upon the memorial from East Tennessee, asking a separation from the rest of the State. They think that would be carrying the doctrine of Secession too far.

EARLY CLOSING.

The undersigned, Furniture Dealers of Lowell, will close their places of business on the first four days of the week at 7 o'clock, P. M., until September 1st.

ADAMS & NORTH.
D. W. C. FARRINGTON.
JACOB NICHOLS.
EDWARD WILES.
JAMES T. PIPPEN.
E. W. SMITH & CO. 4iw

July 17, 1861.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA BENSON, has removed his Book and Stationery Store and bindery from No 23 Central to No. 97 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. May 24, 1861. may24dlf

THE RECEPTION ON THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The arrangements for the reception of the Sixth Regiment are rapidly approaching completion. It will be a great day for Lowell, when the Sixth returns. When the route of the procession is finally concluded upon, it is to be hoped that all the houses upon the streets through which it passes will be appropriately decorated, and trimmed.

The Machine Shop boys are forming a company for an escort. Why cannot the old members of the Lowell Companies form themselves into an escort for the occasion? There is some talk also of forming a mounted company for the occasion.

The Committee of Arrangements have received letters accepting the invitation to be present from the Selectmen of Acton and Groton. The Governor and Staff and Gen. Sutton and Staff will be present if their engagements will permit. Capt. Lyman Dyke, of the Stoneham Company of Cadets was wounded at Manassas, and will probably be present. Nineteen guns to commemorate the 19th of April will be fired on the arrival of the regiment, and a national salute on its departure from Lowell.

The Committee on Music are authorized to engage the Lowell Reed Band and, if necessary, the Lawrence Brass Band.

It is probable that the regiment will leave Baltimore on Monday next, but as it may receive ovations in Philadelphia and New York, it may not reach home until the latter part of the week. Due notice will be made to have the regimental line dismissed at the headquarters of the regiment in this city.

NOTICEABLE CASE OF HONESTY. A short time since, a carpenter while at work in the jail, had occasion to leave his tools over night in the building. On reaching the jail the next morning he missed one of his tools. On making inquiry for it, a prisoner, who had the charge of the building, produced it, saying that he found it lying on a window sill, and thinking that anybody might reach it from the outside, he had taken the precaution to deliver it to a safer place. The carpenter showed on after had occasion to take off his vest, and with it laid down his watch. On going to look for them he found the vest safe, but the watch was missing. On calling upon to think he was in a den of thieves, when the prisoner before alluded to came to his assistance, and asked if he was not looking for his watch. On receiving an affirmative answer, the prisoner went to his cell and returned with the watch, remarking that he had noticed it lying in an exposed place, and not knowing who they might have for visitors, he thought it would be safer in his keeping for a short time.

The carpenter was of course agreeably surprised, and now entertains the opinion that all honesty is not to be found outside of prison walls, and that honesty is the best policy.

Our readers will remember that a few weeks since the proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery offered a premium of $50 for the design of a gate-way to be erected at the entrance of their grounds. Eighteen designs competed for the prize; but upon the first vote of the trustees it was awarded unanimously to Mr. C. W. Pasco, architect, of Brookline, Mass. The design was also unanimously adopted, and it is proposed to erect the gate-way this season. The cost will be $2000. The funds for this purpose, now on hand, is about $1,500. The proprietors will doubtless cheerfully contribute the amount necessary to complete the work.

The design may be seen for a few days in Mr. Hovey's window, opposite St. Anne's Church.

TROTTING MATCH—LOWELL BEATS NASHUA. A return match to a horse at Nashua yesterday, between "North Star" owned by W. Cameron, of that place, and "Brown Harry" belonging to R. F. Yeaton, of this city. It will be recollected that the animals trotted against each other on the same ground, and on the same Trotting Park, when North Star took the purse, winning three heats out of four. Yesterday Brown Harry won the race in three straight heats. The time made on the 4th was 2.36—2.38—2.53 and 2.55. The time made on the 4th was 2.36—2.38—2.53 and 2.55.

MORE EARLY CLOSING. By advertisement elsewhere it will be seen that the furniture dealers have agreed upon the arrangement of closing their places of business every evening but two in the week.

WILLOW DALE. An advertisement of this popular place of resort will be found in another column. Willow Dale is known as a large number of citizens for its attractions, but there are doubtless a few who do not expect to find such a place so near at hand if they want a taste of fresh air but will not seek for it within fifty or one hundred miles. Let such "overcome their prejudices," and try the air of Willow Dale, some fine afternoon. By arrangement with the Author's Ferry Co. the fare of the whole family will be but a trifle, and the ride will be a pleasant one. Refreshments can be obtained at the Willow Dale House, and those who prefer can carry their own baskets.

There were over 4000 rebels on the bluff commanding our position, who opened fire on the Fourteenth with shell. The Fourteen was a little over two hundred yards. Their rifle pits were rapidly flooded, almost over two feet too high, cutting off the knees and thighs of our boys. Our advance was then ordered to retire, which was executed less than 2000.

It is thought that our forces at Rowlesburg will cut off the retreat of the remainder and secure the low baggage wagons that Gen. McClellan reports to Beverly, apparently hoping to pass Beverly before the latter's arrival, and thus escape the fate of the rest of the rebel army between Cheat Mountain and East Virginians. Col. Steedman, of the Georgia Regiment, succeeds Gen. Garnett in command. The Georgians have come from Pensacola.

The Indiana regiment that crossed from Grafton last night, that when crossing through the field on the Cheat River yesterday, with Major Gordon, who had charge of the corpse of Garnett, we learned that the rebel army had left the iron-clader at the mouth of Cheat River, and that a force of 2000 rebels were marching on to the Cheat Mountain Gap. The evacuation of Beverly is reported to be progressing, and knapsacks thrown from the rebel waggons.

Our troops forded Cheat river four times in the march to the Cheat Mountain Pass. Major Gordon then went upon the enemy's rear guard. The 14th Ohio advanced rapidly to the front, in the centre's wake, and were almost upon them when suddenly the rebel army opposed a column fifty feet front from each side of the road, and rifled cannon, from the bluff on the opposite side of the river, where they had a battery planted on the Staunton road, and the 14th returned it with spirit. The 14th Ohio, with the 7th Indiana Light Artillery came up and opposed on the rebels, and the 9th Indiana advanced to support the 14th Ohio, while the 7th Indiana crossed the river between the two fires of the rebels and the Federal forces. The rebels then fled in great disorder, leaving their finest piece of artillery at the top of the hill, a mountain howitzer.

Gen. Garnett attempted to rally his forces, while the 14th Ohio pressed on in hot pursuit, and another brisk engagement ensued. Gen. Garnett was finally shot dead, while his army fled in disorder toward St. George. The 7th Indiana pursued them as far as they could, but were soon exhausted with their forced march of twenty miles with but little rest from Rowlesburg. The 14th Ohio, 7th Indiana and 9th Ohio then pursue further.

Every one of the whole affair are the capture of the rebel camp at Laurel Hill, a large number of tents and camp equipage, and 30 baggage wagons, a field piece, supposed to contain all their money, two mountain howitzers, one day of the Georgia regiment, four Georgia captains and lieutenants, and a large number of Virginia officers, among them a Col. Scott and twenty of his men, and the wounding of a large number. Our forces are now engaged in burying the dead. Since the line of retreat the woods are filled with rebels, and Gen. Garnett's force is reported to stop straggling prisoners, because we cannot take care of them.

The Clerk has a few more blanks that he is willing to fill up. By the way, we notice that only one female has been licensed this season.

GONE SICK. A number of the volunteers who left Camp Cameron before the cash was administered and came home to Lowell, have concluded to go back and take the oath. The scene of a Lowell man accompanies more than they could stand. We believe none now have impressments to engage in.

We believe none now have impressments to engage in.

A KNOCK DOWN. Yesterday afternoon a bit of a row took place in Central Street, in front of Woodward's Saloon. The result was that one man was knocked down and lost some of his blood. The assailant fled as soon as he got the other down. So far as we could learn, the punished man provoked the other to the assault by abusive language and threats of violence.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 16.

11 Boston and Worcester Railroad	108 1-4
10 Eastern Railroad	108
6 Eastern Railroad	108
50 Northern Railroad	80
50 Vermont Central	50
5 Concord Railroad	82 1-2
25 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	85
15 Fitchburg Railroad	87
10 Nashua and Lowell Railroad	95
5 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad	114
10 Merrimack River Railroad	80
10 Boston and Maine Railroad	114
Atlantic Cotton Mills	105

MCLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

Prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, PA., are indeed among the most popular medicines of the day. That it will cure liver complaint, sick headache, and dyspepsia, is now beyond a doubt. Millions of persons can testify from a well-known lady and gentleman of our own city.

NEW YORK, August 3, 1851.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams, No. 245 Seventh street, testify that they have always been satisfied with the liver complaint for about five years, during which time they have spent a large amount of money and tried many remedies, but to no purpose. Finally, hearing of Dr. McLane's Liver Pills, they also ordered their purchased four boxes, which they took according to the directions accompanying each box, and experienced themselves perfectly cured of that distressing disease.

Dr. Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. MCLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, and for sale by druggists throughout the U. S. Liver Pills now before the public. Dr. McLane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable stores throughout the country. Ask for signature of FLEMING BROS. [C] Pittsburgh, Pa.

jy15

Other localities follow—

The newest 6th the fastest;
The last of all the pile is the most;
The apple's said the sweetest—

Of all the cures for Dyspepsia and kindred diseases, Dr. Ham's Aromatic Invigorating Spirit, or Dyspepsia Remedy, now in its fifth year of success, is the best.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, by which Mr. A. Davis is now in Lowell for a few days.

"WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through Routes from Boston at the lowest rates. Also Tickets for Steamers Canada and Europe. Office 5 Grand Trunk Railroad. H. W. BRISBETT, Agent.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack & Main St.

may31 dlm

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

C. B. Coburn,	DIRECTORS:	B. S. Nichardson,
Wm. Crosby,	Wm. Hamblett,	Jos. Hale,
L. Willson,	Edward Tuck,	E. F. Sherman,
	Levi Spaulding.	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurance on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Furniture, &c., and has over $100,000 in this State. The present deposit notes in force are $100,000, and the cash capital amounts to $115,000.25. The attention of owners of property is invited to the fact that the Mutual Department of this Company insures dwellings, furniture and other property, on favorable terms, for a period of five years, with deposit notes for one year.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000, invested in the most unexceptionable manner, and the business insured at current rates. Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 10, 1861. 3m

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns longest,
It makes less quantity,
It warms less money.

And the GENUINE can be bought only at
CHARLES H. HARDING'S, Agent.
No. 16 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS.

Introduced the above genre in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it in a limited number of cases, and found it to answer well, they now proposed to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said about rubber, and the accidental prevension in relation to the value of the cuticle, which is now found to be a fact. Those who have had rubber plates made, in many instances where it is used with great success, and only a few cases where it has failed, which is owing to the limited time this article has been in use. Those who have had rubber plates made, by the superior inventing this, but they answer the public that they will not be responsible for the failure of this mode, and at others, that we have been successful in making them. Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

apr27 dly

WAR HAS COME,

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD!

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers, as a necessary companion in the field. Its wonderful power in healing Wounds, Bruises, Sores, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Piles, Corns, Chilblains, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Felons, Whitlows, Sore Throat, Sore Breast, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Tetter, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Sore Feet, Sore Legs, Sore Heads, Broken Breasts, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammation of the Womb, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Stomach, Inflammation of the Liver, Inflammation of the Throat, Inflammation of the Eyes, Inflammation of the Ears, Inflammation of the Nose, Inflammation of the Mouth, Inflammation of the Skin, Inflammation of the Muscles, Inflammation of the Joints, Inflammation of the Nerves, Inflammation of the Brain, Inflammation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Blood Vessels, Inflammation of the Veins, Inflammation of the Arteries, Inflammation of the Glands, Inflammation of the Tissues, Inflammation of the Cellular Membrane, Inflammation of the Mucous Membrane, Inflammation of the Serous Membrane, Inflammation of the Synovial Membrane, Inflammation of the Fibrous Membrane, Inflammation of the Muscular Membrane, Inflammation of the Nervous Membrane, Inflammation of the Vascular Membrane, Inflammation of the Lymphatic Membrane, Inflammation of the Glandular Membrane, Inflammation of the Tissular Membrane

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

RECEIVED

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted as to act in perfect accordance with all the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritations. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by inaction or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly scientific powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION AND WEAKNESS, AND OF ATTENDANT PAIN THEREIN, NERVOUS IRRITABILITY, HEADACHES, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, MELANCHOLY, HYPOCHONDRIASM, COMMON COLDS, NIGHT SWEATS, LANGUOR, GIDDINESS,

AND ALL THAT LONG TRAIN OF EVILS SO FOUL TO FAIL CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESS, AND DEBILITY, THERE IS NOTHING LIKE IT.

Also, Liver Derangements on Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevents all attacks arising from miasmatic influences, and cures the disease at once, if already attacked.

TRAVELERS by taking a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following upon a change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS should use it, for it is a perfect relief, when a month or two before the final hour, she will pass the dreary ill period with per fect ease and safety!

There is no mistake about it!

THE CURSE OF ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT IS

MOTHER'S SAY IT WILL!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline so early in your days and years, as to use into, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from care, etc., are hurrying down to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, do not wait to be so mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for pride, they would be equally in the same downward path until it is too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the remedy is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure your own judgment and reason will unerringly point you to PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the remedy which should be always on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists. Price one dollar per bottle.

Read what the Press say, after thoroughly testing the matter, and no one can have a doubt.

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is a gorgeous medicine of real merit, pleasant to the taste, and invigorative to the system. While it purifies the blood and soothes the nervous irritation, it aids the organs of digestion to perform their functions, and e-stablish the sensation of health. It is a remedy to be relied upon, and we are pleased to say it is scientifically combined that while it exhilarates it does not produce the reaction which usually follows excitement. A tonic composed exclusively of vegetables, and one that is safe as it is beneficial, and its ill effects can possibly accompany its use. It is an invaluable spring remedy for Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing of the Womb, and other delicate diseases in which women are subject, as well as those of the stomach. Bilious Attacks, Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, and a host of evils flesh is heir to, it is a certain cure.—*St. Louis Morning Herald.*

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial. It is recorded in the Chronicles that Pyrrhus was said to have touched the sick and afflicted, and cured them by the royal touch. Modern ladies, to promote a sample of the beauty of Proserpine in a day. Call at the office and the messenger returned, and as soon as the old of the box was removed, on it was found that the flesh is heir to. Fortunately hope was found in the bottom of the box. Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial revives the recollection of the story, for it invigorates the blood, aids the organs of digestion, imparts strength to the nervous system, and fortifies every ill-det of health, so as to bid defiance to the assaults of disease. It is a healthy tonic, composed entirely of vegetable productions, and while it is exhilarating as pure wine, no intoxicating effect can possibly follow its use. It is recommended in the medical world, and those who are afflicted with loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Faintness, Old Sores, Scrofula, Inflammation of the Heart, &c., will find here an infallible panacea.—*St. Louis Daily Express.*

Prof. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is, without doubt, the best tonic Cordial in the world. To those who are suffering from General Debility, or want of the commend its use, for it is pleasant to the taste, is strengthening to the digestive organs, and is calculated to remove all impurities of the blood, and produce all cases of disease. It is highly recommended by the weakest stomach, while those in good health will find more real benefit from its use. We are confident that after using one bottle of this Cordial none will be found to do any without it.—*New York Leader.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects of most bitter tonics in ordinary use, has for years felt the want in the community. In the new and well-known tonic, and one so skillfully combined from the choicest vegetable productions of nature, that those who have long been the victims of nervous debility, with their many attendant evils, can now take up all the organs of digestion, and build up all the organs of digestion, and build up all the organs of digestion, and build

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, July 18, 1861.

WAR MATTERS.

Forward movement from Alexandria.—It seems that a forward movement, by the Federal forces under Gen. McDowell, at Alexandria, was commenced night before last. We present such facts as have appeared in relation to the fact, which are included in dispatches dated Washington, July 17th :—

The Star of this afternoon (17th) says the column of the extreme right is commanded by Gen. Hunter. The right centre is commanded by Gen. Tyler, and consists of the following regiments :—The Maine 2d and 1st, the 2d and 3d Connecticut regiments, under Col. Keyes ; the New York 2d, and 1st and 3d Ohio, under Brig. Gen. Schenck ; and the N. York 13th, 69th, 79th, and 1st Wisconsin, under Col. Corcoran, probably with Sherman's battery and one or pieces of the N. Y. 8th, also a detachment of the 2d Cavalry, under Capt. Harrison and Lieut. Tompkins.

Gen. Tyler's column bivouacked last night in and around Vienna, 4½ miles from Fairfax Court House.

Col. Miles, of the army, commands the left centre column, and is said to be a thorough master of the 2500 regulars. He probably moved up by the way of Little River turnpike yesterday afternoon, to within three or five miles of the Court House, if not nearer. The portion of his troops forming his column were twelve miles in advance of the cross roads yesterday afternoon, to the intersection of the Columbia with the Little River Turnpike.

Col. Heintzelman commands the column of the extreme left. It is composed of the N. Y. Fire Zouaves, the Michigan regiment and other troops, including Col. Ducat's and eight artillery. Its route was via the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, and the country road to Annandale. At last accounts of it it doubtless rested last night at the Springfield station.

Gen. Churchill was also occupied last night by a portion of Gen. Tyler's command.

There must be at least 50,000 troops actually on the march under General McDowell.

A dispatch to the *New York Post* says the Federal forces under the command of a few exceptions, marched direct for Fairfax Court House yesterday afternoon. Early in the morning a regular fight was sent down on the Fairfax road, each gun being drawn by six horses. The artillery was followed by a number of wagons containing immense supplies of ammunition. The scene on the Columbia turnpike was one of unusually interesting animation. The picturesque habiliments of the Fire Zouaves, who were preceded by 300 regular cavalry and a battery of mounted artillery.

In the same column marched Hawson's battery and the West Point battery. Col Ellsworth's Zouaves marched along on foot on the line of the O nge and Alexandria Railroad early yesterday morning. Later in the day two twelve pounder guns, with soldiers, moved over the same road. The number of Infantry regulars, consisting of the 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Maine, and a very large force of Connecticut troops, moved in the afternoon.—Col. Wilcox's Brigade of Michigan troops moved during the day.

The entrance of the Government troops into Fairfax Village. Several Senators and Representatives accompanied the advance guard of the Federal army into Fairfax Village, but returned to Washington last evening. The telegraph wire cuts their descriptions of the occurrence to an following :—

Our skirmishers reached Fairfax at 11½ o'clock to-day, and that the advance guard entered, nearly at noon. The enemy had rifled across the road at three points to obstruct the march, but they proved but little impediments.

Half-a-mile this side of Fairfax, an earthwork had been thrown across the road, and of half-a-mile in length, with embrasures for four or five guns, and with platforms, but there were no guns mounted.

There were no public or manor buildings. The pickets learned of Fairfax yesterday morning only an hour before the head of our column came in sight, and they proceeded with great haste from which the rebel horses were fed, and the Federal horses eat their oats from the same feed box, at noon, breakfast.

The rebel troops at Fairfax were drawn up on the west side of Fairfax, and the people there expected that battle was certain ; but at 9 o'clock they began a precipitate retreat, leaving five quarters of fresh beef, cheese, sugar, tents, and camp furniture behind them in their haste.

The entry of the Federal troops into Fairfax is said to have been inspiriting beyond description. The main street was filled with soldiers, marching with fixed bayonets and loaded guns, cheering for the Union, and bands playing the "Star Spangled Banner." As soon as the 5,000 infantry had passed, the cavalry, which were in the rear, the artillery being in front, dashed through the streets at a gallop, in chase of the retreating traitors, whom they followed three or four miles toward Centreville, but the great heat preventing a forced march of the infantry, they returned.

Gen. McDowell's report. The following dispatch was received last night at the headquarters of the army, dated Fairfax Court House, July 17th 1861 :—

To Col. E. D. Townsend, headquarters of the Army :

We have occupied Fairfax Court House and driven the enemy toward Centreville and Manassas. We have an officer slightly wounded.

The enemy's flight was precipitate that he left in our hands a quantity of flour, fresh beef, entrenching tools, hospital furniture and luggage. I endeavored to pursue beyond Centreville, but the men were too much exhausted.

Most respectfully Yours,

Irwin McDowell, Brig. Gen.

Richmond, Virginia. A gentleman now in Philadelphia, who left Richmond on the 9th, says there are only 10,000 troops in that city, but that there are several fortified camps commanding the approaches, with heavy batteries. He estimates that there are in Virginia, under Gen. Beauregard, not less than 60,000 men, a large majority of which are in and around Manassas Junction. At Richmond, the Tredegar Works were turning out two 64-pounders and several 6-pounders, and a large amount of shot and shell and gun cartridges per week. Sloat's former Sewing Machine factory has been turned into an armory, and he is busily engaged in altering guns, for which he has a large contract. He is also employed in making bolts, knapsacks, saddles, holsters and all kinds of cavalry and artillery equipments. All kinds of military equipments were here manufactured. A man named Drew, sold to be a northerner, was making percussion caps at the rate of 30,000 daily. Three persons had been killed by explosions of detonating powder for filling them. A man named Dobree is also reported to have invented an infernal "infernal machine," which is operated by clock work, and is going to destroy almost anything.

The troops from Pensacola at Richmond generally concur in the impossibility of taking Fort Pickens. It is said they were induced to come North from representations that Fortress Monroe would fall more easily. Many Northerners came with them as their only possible chance of getting out of Secessiondom, and they will probably desert or turn against the rebels in the first engagement.

Norfolk, Virginia. The steamer Yorktown, which was considered among those destroyed by the Government, has been raised by the rebels, and they are making surveys to get her cut into the bay. Constructions, however, has been notified of their designs and will take care of the Yorktown. She has been mounted with eight 64-pounders. Being a beamed sidewheel steamer, her upper machinery is protected by a bomb-proof barricade. Her hull is also iron-plated for thirty feet fore and aft of the wheel-house. Officers at Hampton estimate that there are 15,000 men at Yorktown, and from 10,000 to 20,000 at Norfolk. From personal observation, a gentleman estimates that at least one-quarter of the Virginia troops proper are cavalry, well mounted, armed and equipped with cutlasses all sharpened.

Western Virginia. Gen. Patterson is moving toward Winchester by two routes. Gen. Johnson is reported to have withdrawn his men from Bunker Hill, and retreated toward Winchester, pursued by a column of Patterson's troops. Six hundred regulars are to constitute to make, charged on the 23rd Pennsylvania Regiment, not seeing the battery, which opened fire, breaking the charge. The flying rebels were pursued by Col. Thomas' cavalry, one captain and a private captured. Patterson's force moving toward Winchester, meet to Johnston, is set down at 25,000. It is probable that this army will be pushed forward so as to fight a forced march the rebels at once ; they must again retreat or surrender.

From Missouri. On the 16th inst., a fight took place at McBride, on the North Missouri Railroad, between the Federal troops and the rebels, in which seven of the latter were killed and several taken prisoners. One man, caught with a gun in his hand, was immediately hung and another who attempted to escape was riddled with balls. The Federals lost 3 killed and 7 wounded. Thirty horses were captured. The strength of the rebels is unknown ; there were about eight hundred of our troops.

When the honor of Lt. D. was conferred upon Gov. Andrew there was some speculation as to what position the General Winfield Scott was read, the Governor and his staff, and the faculty and trustees of Harvard College, arose with almost one accord in testimony of their general hatred of prolonged applause followed, with the waving of handkerchiefs by the ladies, which could have made the recipient take the volunteer bill was agreed to.

In the House, the Committee on a General Bankrupt Law was announced. R. Conkling, of N. Y., is chairman, and H. Winter Davis, of Mass., is one of the members. Henry May appeared and took the oath to support the constitution. A resolution was adopted, authorizing the select committee on retrenchment appointed, to examine into war contracts and to at during the recess of Congress. The tariff bill was discussed. Several members opposed the bill, and Mr. Morrill, of Vt., Mr. Vallandigham gave notice of bills designed to embarrass the administration, which will meet with the fate they deserve.

THE REBELS AT WORK IN FLORIDA.—We clip the following from the *New York Herald* of the 9th inst. The gentleman referred to is Mr. James E. Canst, formerly of Lowell, who was compelled to leave Florida or take up arms against the Government. He preferred the former and left, although he was told he was compelled to sacrifice his property and give up a good position, running the risk of finding something to do in the loyal States, but would not take up arms against his country :

"A letter received here from Fernandina, Fla., by a gentleman who was recently a resident of that place, informs us that the railroad between that point and Cedar Keys, states that the rebel forces were engaged in constructing a fort at that two heavy batteries had already been erected. This fortress was pierced for 24 guns, and when completed would command the whole of the bay. Three companies of artillery

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

DECAYED

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is the

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, rathskeller ting and strengthening to the vital powers. It is also revivifies, restores and renews the blood, and also revivifies, restores and renews the blood, and also restores and renews the blood, and also restores and renews the blood, and also

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, July 19, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, a note was received from the Vice President stating that he should be absent during the remainder of the session. Hon. Solomon Foot, Senator from Vermont, was chosen President pro tem. The bill to provide for an Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was taken up and passed. The military bill was discussed. Mr. Powell, of Ky., offered an amendment, that the army should not be employed to subjugate or hold as conquered provinces any of the late United States, or in any way interfere with slavery. Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, thought such an amendment was unnecessary, as it was no part of the object to subjugate States or abolish slavery.—Only those who wished to break up the Government wished to alter the constitution. Mr. Lane, of Kansas, also spoke on the amendment.

In the House, several bills were introduced. Mr. Hickman from the Judiciary Committee, reported that no evidence had been furnished to the committee to implicate Hon. Henry May, of Maryland, of the treasonable charges against him.

Mr. May made an explanation. He was more than grateful that the committee had condemned an unparalled outrage on him and his constituents, and had to admit there was no ground of evidence for the charge, but that it was based upon mere newspaper rumor. Before he could hither he had it under consideration whether he could enter upon his duties as a representative, because of the humiliation he felt at the attitude of his constituents, now bound in chains, and shackled by without the rights of a free people, all their precious rights under the constitution prostrated and trampled in the dust. The military had arrested unoffending citizens in the dead hour of the night, and had stood facing them in forts. There had been seizures and searches without legal process, test or justification; injuries had been inflicted without redress. Was it not natural that we should feel indignation under these wrongs, and was it not reasonable to hope there was yet a redeeming spirit in our constitution—some angel of peace.—He had fought against the monstrous heresy of secession, and had stood faithfully by the union of the States, and meant to stand by it.

A letter from Richmond to a Charleston paper, referring to the object of Mr. May's visit to the first named city, was read.—Mr. May did not know who wrote the letter, but it was absolutely untrue. Mr. May spoke at much length, telling how he went to Richmond by consent of the President, and with a passport from Gen.—Scott. All the crime and treason, if such it was, rested upon him and he was willing to bear it.

Mr. Colfax said there was a striking resemblance between the first part of Mr. May's speech and the Richmond letter.—It as the gentleman remarked, was going to Richmond in the capacity of a mediator, he used the same language there that he had here, denunciatory of the Government and its officers, and if so, he had need, he hesitated to take the oath to support the constitution, and, as he also added, he was one of over 30,000 men to re sist aggression on their rights, he (Colfax) should not be surprised to hear that the rebel government recognized him rather as a sympathizer than a mediator.

Mr. May said he could not reply to the conclusions of the gentleman, and dared to say that during conversations at Richmond, and every where else, he had spoken in condemnation of the tyranny. If he had made the declaration that he would not take the oath to support the Constitution, he never would have been seen in this hall.

Mr. Thomas, of Md., said it was the condition of affairs in Maryland, painful to every citizen, and he wished to say a word here and ever that he in her heart of hearts, speaking through a large majority, thanked the President for clothing the Lieut. General with power to declare martial law, and approved as he did the manner in which the power had been exercised by Gen. Banks. Maryland will stand by the Administration in its military measures. Maryland is satisfied with her condition in the Union, and meant to maintain it on the battle field of the State or elsewhere.

The Senate's amendments in the Navy appropriation bill were concurred in, and the Tariff bill was considered and passed with amendments.

Mr. Carlisle, of Va., said it was unjust to charge the rebellion to slavery. Some of the best friends of the Union were slaveholders. Mr. Browning, of Ill., thought it was better for slavery to go down than the Union. Mr. Pomeroy, of Kansas, said that slavery was the cause of the whole trouble since 1820. Mr. Carlisle said that the language of Gen. Butler's proclamation was that of the man who loves his country. If we make this a sectional war it will never end. We wanted it to be a war to put down treason and rebellion. Mr. Sherman said that nobody wanted to abolish slavery unless the issue was forced upon them. The effect upon him, judging by the articles which they have left behind. Much flour, some arms, forage and tents, camp equipage, &c., were abandoned by the rebels.

Western Virginia—Johnston retreating from Winchester. A dispatch from Cincinnati, Va., dated July 17th, is as follows:—"Gen. Patterson has received information that Gen. Johnston's forces had retreated five miles beyond Winchester."

The Ford at Harper's Ferry has been completed, thus reopening communication between the Maryland and Virginia shores at this point. The Ferry to day was occupied by troops.

Gen. Patterson has marched his forces from Bunker Hill to Charlestown, which was occupied without opposition.

The movement upon this point was to secure the Winchester and the Potomac road, thus protecting the reopening of the canal, and enabling the railroad bridge at Harper's Ferry. The latter place will be immediately guarded and communication thrown with Baltimore re-established.

Missouri. Another fight is reported to have taken place in Fulton, Calloway County, in which there were killed and wounded on both sides. No particulars are received.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

A severe battle was fought at Bull's Run, near Manassas yesterday afternoon in which the Federal columns, consisting of several companies, under Col. Richardson, was repulsed with 100 killed and wounded.—Two companies from Boston and one from Chelsea were in the fight. Several Massachusetts officers and men are among the killed. The bravery of the Federal troops was heroic.

It is supposed that there are only 12,-000 rebels at Manassass Junction, and that they will be back on Richmond, where a great stand will be made.

The grand advance goes straight on, the skirmishing being almost constant.

The excitement is great—battle after battle being quickly looked for.

MARCH OF GEN. McDOWELL'S DIVISION.

The rebels still retreating. Under date of July 17th, Gen. McDowell forwards to headquarters the following statement from Sangster's Station, on the line of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, eighteen miles from Alexandria.

We have had the pleasure of seeing the country fly before us, but in consequence of the roughness of the march, and owing to the heavy guns which we have, they are succeeding in making their escape without a fight. We are now in full possession of the railroad at this station. The fifth division is at the crossing of the old Braddock road with the road from here to Fairfax Station, and is ordered forward to Centreville by the old Braddock road. Barry's battery has just joined in. One of the Heintzelman's brigades, Col. Wilcox's, is at Fairfax Station. Heintzelman and his other brigade are below this Station, but he has not reported to me since we have been here, and I have not been able to communicate with him. I think they are in Sangster's Station. He further says that each column encountered about the same obstructions in felled trees across the road.

The retreat of the enemy must have changed its effect upon them, judging by the articles which they have left behind. Much flour, some arms, forage and tents, camp equipage, &c., were abandoned by the rebels.

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FROM THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

CAMP SEAGE: July 17th, 1861.

DEAR COURIER: We were gratified yesterday by the arrival at our camp of Mayor Sargeant, Aldermen Folsom, Hosford and Watson, and Geo. F. Richardson, Esq., all of Lowell. The regiment was reviewed by his honor the Mayor and the Aldermen at 5 o'clock, P. M., who seem to be very much pleased with the drill and general appearance of the regiment.

The most interesting of the day's ceremonies, however, came off at about 5½ o'clock, P. M., when the non-commissioned officers and privates of the regiment were called out under the command of Col. John W. Hadley, assisted by Adjt. N. K. Head, who had been elected to the respective offices for the occasion. The regiment was drawn up in front of the hospital, forming three sides of a square, the four regimental colors being placed in the shape of a small square within the larger one. The regiment was thus called out for the purpose of presenting our fair Daughter of the Regiment with a handsome uniform, purchased for that purpose by the non-commissioned officers and privates of the regiment. The presentation was made by our gallant color-bearer, Lieut. T. A. Conroy, Esq., of Lowell, and was responded to by our "Daughter" in person. The remarks of both I send you enclosed.

The uniform is a very pretty one, consisting of a dark velvet jacket, trimmed with gold lace, with a skirt of red, white and blue silk, and a light-colored hat turned up on the side, with a feather also with red, white and blue feathers. On one side of the hat there is a very pretty gilt shield, which is occupied as far as Fairfax stands by Col. Wilcox, who took eleven prisoners. Col. Miles holds Fairfax Court House.—Wednesday morning the troops proceeded as far as the cross road that leads to Sangster's Station, Chain Bridge, where Col. Franklin's command marched off on the road to Saugerties; a part of the 38th Regiment and Col. Wilcox proceeded to Fairfax Station.

Mr. Heintzelman in the meantime remained at the corner of Saugeties cross roads, two miles and a half from Fairfax station, with Col. Howard's brigade and Capt. Lowe's cavalry.

About 6 o'clock the following dispatch was received from Col Wilcox:—

Col. HEINTZELMAN:—We have taken Fairfax station, with eleven prisoners. A large number of infantry and some cavalry are scattered through the field, and Franklin can intercept them. We have a flag, &c.

O. B. WILCOX.

The roads toward Saugeties were intercepted by the felling of trees and other obstructions, otherwise Col. Wilcox might have succeeded in making even a more successful and expeditious victory. Several regiments of rebels are reported to have passed Saugeties station, during the day, to prevent before Franklin's cousins. One Alabama regiment was encamped within two miles of the forks of the road where we passed at noon.

Three camp fires were still burning when we passed this afternoon, and every evidence of their hasty retreat, quantities of fresh beef, corn, &c., being left behind.—Now this country that we had made an advance at infantry breastworks, which could have been looked over by our troops. Its construction proves the weakness of the enemy in this art of war. In the meantime the 2d Division under Gen. Tyler had started toward Fairfax Court House by roads from Centreville, Sangster's and Vienna. The 2nd Division under Col. Miles, in the same direction by Little River Turnpike and Braddock road.

A messenger from Wilcox brings information that after taking Fairfax Station, he proceeded toward the Court House, and was within a mile of that place he found that Col. Burnside's Brigade had taken possession, the enemy in all instances having retreated without a show of fight except by a few pickets.

Second Division. Tuesday afternoon. The lines of march were taken up by the third division of the grand Corps d' Armee, under Col. Heintzelman, comprising the brigades of Cols. Franklin, Wilcox and Howard. The troops proceeded without any difficulty whatever up the old Leiter and Pohick roads, ten miles from Alexandria, when they proceeded at Pohick Creek over night. The next morning the lines were starting at dawn, the line reformed and the troops proceeded on the old Fairfax road in the following order: The 1st Brigade, under Col. Franklin, in advance; 2nd Brigade, under Col. Wilcox in the centre; and the 3rd Brigade, under Col. Howard, of Maine, commanding.

Later from Gen. McDowell. Gen. McDowell sent a dispatch to Assistant Adjutant Townsend, written at Fairfax Court House and dated yesterday, in which he says that the first division, under Gen. Tyler, is between Germantown and Centreville. The second division is in this place, just about to move forward to Centreville. The fifth division is at the crossing of the old Braddock road with the road from here to Fairfax Station, and is ordered forward to Centreville by the old Braddock road. Barry's battery has just joined in. One of the Heintzelman's brigades, Col. Wilcox's, is at Fairfax Station. Heintzelman and his other brigade are below this Station, but he has not reported to me since we have been here, and I have not been able to communicate with him. I think they are in Sangster's Station. He further says that each column encountered about the same obstructions in felled trees across the road.

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THE JOHN STREET COUNCIL. I have been requested to correct a number of errors, unintentional of course, in yesterday's *Courier*.

1. There was not a single church in the vicinity" upon the council. It was confined exclusively to this city. 2. No vote was taken, and no opinion expressed by any member of the council, publicly or privately, by which anybody could have known, that the reason given for the resignation were satisfactory. 3. The "small number present" had nothing to do with the adjournment of the council, for every church invited to sit in council was represented. 4. The council did not "adjourn to a future day not yet fixed upon," for they adjourned to Tuesday July 23d, at 4 o'clock, P. M., precisely. The purpose of the adjournment was to allow those members of the congregation who asked for it, a little farther time to ascertain their wish lowed pastor might not be induced to recall his resignation. The nolargement of the council was suggested entirely by the council themselves, as they preferred that some of their brethren "in this vicinity" should advise, and share the responsibility—along with them.

J. P. C.

ANOTHER COMPANY. We learn that Mr. Weymouth, the popular and efficient lieutenant of the Abbott Grays while they were in this city, and a Corps Andrea, has, though his merits as an officer, and the influence of Judge Abbott, received a captain's commission. Though he has just received his commission, he has a number of men enrolled, and will go into camp in a few days. The company will be called the Abbott Guards, in honor of the patriotic gentleman that has worked so hard for the cause. Lowell is doing nobly and we trust that the men that are ready to go, will soon have that chance. Lowell company, rather than be sent off to fill companies in other towns. Mr. I. Beard, of this city, who has been under military instructions, and is now lieutenant's commission, and while Capt. Perry is on recruiting officer, at the armory of the Mechanic Phalanx, in the Market Building.

BOSTON vs. LOWELL. Eleven members of the Boston Cricket Club, Messrs J. Reed, Florence Ellis, Wm. Ellis, Wm. Mollihan, Emmett, Janson, Crafts, Massey and Robinson, have gone to East Cambridge to-day, to play against eleven members of the Boston Club. The match is for the Lowell Club and G. Wilson scorer.

POLICE COURT. Yesterday, James Murtagh and William Collins, for drunkenness, were each fined $3 and costs. Committed.

Ira Ferenson, Justice Stevens on the bench, in the absence of Judge Crosby, Margaret Burke, was fined $3 and costs for drunkenness. Not having the change, she went to jail three days. Several parties for fast driving over Central Bridge, paid $2.

CENTRAL BRIDGE. Workmen are busy this forenoon in patching up this bridge, which we find it is like the scriptural story of "putting new wine into old bottles." They are laying down new plank in the floor of interest in that vicinity. A gentleman last evening, while driving a reading a over the bridge, was thrown out by coming to the direction accompanying each box, and now pronounces themselves perfectly free from all disease.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. HOLMAN'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by J. T. DAVENPORT, 244 Strand, London. There are other Pills purporting to be given from the Life Boat, but are spurious Liver Pills, also less celebrated Medicines, which are offered to the public as Holman's Liver Pills. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. J. P. C.

Other distinctive Pills.

The newest oth the Season;
Best of all the pills ever made.
The applause of a world has endorsed.

Of all remedies for the cure of Dyspepsia and blighted affections, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, ranking first, or Dyspepsia Remedy, now in its seventh year before the public, surpasses all.

FISHER & LEON SEWING MACHINES. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this sewing machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent in this city. Call and see it.

CITY AND VICINITY.

To the Fast Field and Staff Officers of the Sixth Regiment M. V. M. and to the Fast Company Officers of the four Lowell Companies belonging to the Sixth.

You are respectfully invited to participate in the inspection of the Sixth Regiment, upon its return to Lowell. A special place has been assigned you in the procession. You are requested to organize and report to the Chief Marshall.

By order of the Committee.

WM. L. NORTH, Sec'y.

July 19, 1861.

NOTICE.

The next regular meeting of Mystic Tie Temple of Honor will be holden at Appleton Hall, on FRIDAY EVENING, July 19th, at 8 o'clock.

D. C. HAMLIN, W. M., *Pro Tem.*

Lowell, July 18, 1861. jy18 2t

EARLY CLOSING.

The undersigned, Booksellers Dealers of Lowell, will close their places of business the first four days of the week at 7 o'clock, P. M., until September 1st.

ADAMS & NORTH.
J. C. AYER & CO.
JACOB HEDGES.
PERSON HOYES.
JAMES P. HUTTER.
E. W. SMITH & CO.

July 17, 1861.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store to the new brick block, directly in front of the Merrimack Street—head of Central Street, May 31, 1861.

MARSHAL'S NOTICE. The following named gentlemen have consented to constitute the corps of Marshal's for the city procession upon the reception of the Sixth Regiment Massachusetts Regiment:—Wm. G. Wise, David G. Lang, Xph. B. Panch, Hiram Haggerty, Robt. Eastman, Jr., Wm. F. Salmon, Chas. A. Bell, Jr., Sam. Frederick Ayer, Henry M. Hooke, Steph. F. Gleason, and they are requested to meet at the office of the Mayor on Saturday evening next, July 20th, at 7½ o'clock.

The Marshal would take this occasion to say, that he would appear in uniform, at Committee of Arrangements to invite all civic organizations and societies in the city, as also the neighboring towns, to join the procession on the above occasion, and in accordance with that request they are hereby invited; and those who accept the invitation will please notify the Marshal at their earliest convenience, that proper places may be assigned them.

Notice will hereafter be given of the day on which the troops will arrive, as also of the streets through which the procession will pass; and citizens are requested to those streets are respectfully invited to make such decorations thereon, as to them may seem appropriate.

W. H. CLEMENCE, Marshal.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. An adjourned meeting of this Board was held last evening. A communication was received from the City Solicitor giving his opinion that the vote of the 29th of June to place Robinson's Arithmetic in the public schools was against law, as it was in violation of the school law and is void. Messrs. Nichols, Douglass and Abbott were appointed to report the expediency of opening another Primary School on Cross Street, in September. Messrs. Street, Stickney, Kimball and Webster were appointed to consider the expediency of prohibiting all children under five years of age from attending the Primary Schools. Adjourned to meet on Monday next at 7½ o'clock.

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS. The examinations of the Primary Schools are going on to-day, to be continued to morrow.

We learn from an eye-witness, that Primary School No. 28, so long under the unflagging instruction of Miss Hannah P. Warren, fully sustained her reputation as one of the best teachers in this city, and proved also that she always *happens* to have very bright scholars. Her closing ball, Esq., the sub-committee of this school, and who makes an excellent school examiner, addressed the school happily but briefly, and then called on Dr. Clark, of whose little adopted daughter had just recited one of Bayard Taylor's patriotic songs; but the Dr. put it to vote that the man who had "the honor and the pleasure" should do the work. The scholars voted that he was right, and after a little pleasantry from all parties, and a closing prayer, the scholars separated for their vacation. The decorations of the walls, the exercises in geography, and in singing, all showed that Miss Warren is one of our warmest patriots. One dear little thing, about three years old, whose name we did not hear, recited a little piece with most touching circumstance which always helps Primary No. 28 to the very great interest manifested by the parents and grandparents of the scholars.

DEATH OF A CLERGYMAN. Rev. Lucius Leslie, of Troy, N. H., died in that town yesterday morning, after an illness of about six months. Mr. Leslie was a native of Cornish, N. H., and would have been forty years old next September. He was a tailor by trade, and came to this city nine or ten years since. He was in business with his brother Edwin C. Leslie, on Merrimack Street, for several years.—While residing here he was a prominent and active member of the Second Universalist Society, and served as superintendent of the Sabbath School. Some three years ago he commenced studying with the design of entering the ministry, and about one year ago, having completed his preparations, he took charge of a society in Troy, New Hampshire, where he labored with acceptance until stricken down by a brain disease last winter. He leaves a wife and one child, and a large number of friends in this city to mourn his loss. His body having been brought to this city, his funeral takes place from the Second Universalist Church this afternoon at 3½ o'clock, and will be attended by Pentucket Lodge of Free Masons, of which deceased was a member.

The Reception Committee met again last evening. It was voted to invite the past field and staff officers of the Regiment and the former Captains and Lieutenants of the Lowell companies to join in the escort at the reception. No other business of importance was transacted, it being impossible to act until the committee have some knowledge as to the day and hour that the Regiment may be expected to arrive in Lowell.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 19.

6 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	85 1-4
5 do	85 1-2
25 Boston & Lowell Railroad	98
25 Boston & Maine Railroad	98 1-2
10 Northern Railroad	98 1-4
50 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	98 1-4
10 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad	102 1-4
100 do	102 1-2

M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS,

Prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh.

☞Are ranked among the most popular remedies of the day. Thus it will cure liver complaint, sick headache, and dyspepsia, is now beyond a doubt. Read the following testimonial from a well known factory, and druggist:

NEW YORK, August 5, 1851.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams, No. 345 Seventh street, testify that they have both been suffering with the liver complaint for about five years, during which time they have spent a large amount of money and tried many remedies, but to no purpose. Finally, hearing of Dr. M'Lane's Pills, prepared by Fleming Brothers, of Pittsburgh, they purchased four boxes, which they took according to the directions accompanying each box, and now pronounces themselves perfectly free from all disease.

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WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via any of the through lines, offices of resort at the lowest rates. Also tickets for Liverpool, Londonderry, Glasgow, Havre, and Bremen.

H. W. BISCKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street, Depot.

may11

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

E. S. COBURN, T. NORRIS,
G. D. HOWE, D. D. RICHARDSON, Isaac Davis, Levi Spaulding.

MUTUAL PLAN.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and their contents, and the business has ever been made in this class. The premiums received for the year ending June 30th, 1861, are the amount of $113,279.35. The discretion of assessing losses and premiums has been left to Directors who are particularly invested. A Dividend is paid on policies of three years' standing, of 40 per cent. on premiums received.

STOCK DEPARTMENT. In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $107,000. Dwelling Houses, Stores, Manufactories and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. jy19tf1y

Washington Coal.

For cooking has no equal.
It kindles quickest,
It burns up clearest,
It burns longest,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less ashes,
Than any other free burning coal. And the RENTON coal has been proved by
HOWARD'S WHARF, WESTERN AVENUE,
Agent of our agent, J. HOWARD, 31 Market street. may14dtf

WAR HAS COME,

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in this city, and the demand for it increases constantly. Soldiers have used it in the camp and on the field, and pronounce it the best remedy for Piles, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Scalds, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Scratches, Chilblains, Sores, and all Cutaneous diseases, Rheumatism, Aches, and all Pains. It is a sure cure for Corns and Bunions. It is a perfect remedy for Sore Eyes, and for Sore Lips it is unequalled. It is a sure remedy for Piles, and for Sore Nipples it is unequalled. It is a sure remedy for Piles, and for Sore Nipples it is unequalled. It is a sure remedy for Piles, and for Sore Nipples

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD.

BECAUSE

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK;

REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND FULL VIGOUR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL

AND

BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, for while, pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinvigorates and renovates the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the sunken stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and also all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is compounded entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently non-never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, DROPSY, LOSS OF APPETITE, PAINS IN THE STOMACH, DERANGEMENTS OF THE BILIOUS, NERVOUS OR SANGUINEOUS TEMPERAMENTS, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, NERVOUSNESS, LANGUOR, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, COLDNESS, SICKNESS, WANT OF SLEEP, AND ALL THAT CLASS OF CASES WHERE A TONIC IS REQUIRED, OR WHERE THE SYSTEM IS WEAK—FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevents all that arising from miasmatic influences, and cure the disease at once, if already sickness.

TRAVELERS should have a bottle with them, as it will instantly prevent any attendant ill-consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS should use it, for it is a perfect relief, taken a month or two before the final trial, as she will pass the crowning period with perfect ease and safety.

There is in reality nothing like it!

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT!

AND

MOTHERS TRY IT!!

And to you, we appeal, to detect the imitators or decline not only to favor daughters before it is too late, but also your sons and servants, and shield the former from their wiles, and also refuse to down to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, make the inquiry, and be so mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for you, they would be carried off in the same downward path until it is too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is ever on the watch, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure your motherly instincts will not withstanding point you to PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the remedy which should be every mother's friend in the land.

O. J. WOOD, proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists. Price one dollar per bottle.

Read what the Press say, after thoroughly testing the matter, and no one can have a doubt.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, of anything else of the kind, and having effected what all others have failed, is done, and for both married and single ladies, and after all other remedies of the day have been tried, it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstructions from any cause whatever, and restore health to the system. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken before, *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR BOTTLE

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions in each case, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

If Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for married ladies, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and has been found to be as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.

Beware of Imitations. None warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.* or at his office, 444 Broadway, and sold only by DR. MATTISON'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 20 Canal street Providence, R. I.

If The Society emphatically endorses all directors of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them. Communications by letter strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for ladies, during confinement, with every comfort and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

If In three days of medical imposition, when numerous quacks in large cities, under the garb of knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to enquire into the real merits of the making some enquiry, and especially in relation to those who make a *special practice* of advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are ignorant, and if you place yourself in the hands of such you are liable to have your constitution ruined by their *false statements*, and go blindly to the grave as it were, without making any observing

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, July 20, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Grimes, introduced a bill for the construction of one or more iron clad ships. Referred to the Naval Committee. Mr. Wilson reported the House bill for the relief of the soldiers and musicians of Fort Sumter. Passed. He also introduced bills to forward letters to soldiers, also to pay volunteers for their services from the time of commencing service before taking the oath. Both passed. The Legislative and civil appropriation bills passed. The resolution approving of the acts of the President was taken up. Mr. Bayard spoke in opposition to the bill. Mr. Latham got the floor when the subject was postponed until to-day.

In the House, Mr. Crittenden, of Kentucky, asked leave to submit resolutions declaring that the present civil war had been forced upon us by the disunionists of the Southern States now in rebellion against the government; that in this present emergency, Congress, banishing all feeling of passion and resentment, will recollect only their duty to their country; that the war is not waged for conquest or subjugation, or for the purpose of interfering with the rights or established institutions of these States, but to maintain and defend the supremacy of the Constitution, with equality and rights under it unimpaired, that as soon as this object shall be accomplished, the war ought to cease.

Mr. Stevens of Pennsylvania objected to the resolutions.

Mr. Upton, of Va., tried to introduce a bill to indemnify loyal citizens of Fairfax county for property destroyed, but Mr. Burnett objected. The Senate bill to appropriate $5,000,000 to enable the Secretary of the Navy to purchase or charter vessels for the temporary increase of the Navy during the rebellion passed. A joint resolution to appoint a board to select a site for a Naval Academy, was introduced.

Mr. Webster, of Md., remarked that his State had declared by 20,000 majority that she would stand fast by the Union, and had therefore trusted that Congress at this time would strike no blow at her by removing the Naval Academy. On motion the resolution was tabled.

Several bills were introduced and referred to committees. The military bill passed. Mr. Steele, of New Jersey, presented petitions from citizens of Hunterdon and Somerset counties in that State, for an immediate convention of all the States.—Adjourned until Monday.

STATE DEFAULTERS. In 1837 a large amount of surplus revenue having accumulated in the United States Treasury, by an act of Congress $28,101,644.91 were deposited with twenty-six States, who gave their certificates of deposit therefor, each State pledging its faith for the safe keeping and repayment therefor whenever required by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the purpose of meeting any wants of the public treasury.

Nine of these States are now in rebellion, having professedly withdrawn from the Union, without making provision for the payment of the funds entrusted to their safe keeping. We present a list of these States, with the amount of the funds pocketed with each:—

Alabama,	$669,086.73
Arkansas,	286,734.49
Georgia,	1,091,429.09
Louisiana,	477,849.93
Mississippi,	866,353.50
South Carolina,	1,035,747.31
South Carolina,	1,051,429.09
Texas,	1,335,153.85
Virginia,	3,198,427.99
	$9,100,852.17

Should not these States have paid back this money before they seceded? So asks the New York *Commercial*. Echo (a Hibernian one) answers "I'se."

THE correspondent of the *Cincinnati Gazette* says that a rebel prisoner, captured by McClellan's troops near Beverly, said that there were at least a thousand Union men in the rebel ranks to which he had belonged; that they would not fire a gun against the Federal army, and that they would gladly leave the rebels but for the belief that they would be tortured and hung by us, as they have been told they would be the case should they be captured.

At Camp Scott, Worcester, on Thursday, a span of horses attached to a carriage belonging to Leonard S. Wheelock, of New England Village, taking fright, ran with great violence, knocking down Mr. Joseph S. Chatterton, wife of Joseph Chatterton, of Oxford, and killing her almost instantly. She was struck by the pole of the carriage in the neck, and breathed but about ten minutes.

An enterprising Frenchman is constructing a balloon for the accommodation of tourists who desire to witness the beauty of Alpine scenery without the trouble of ascending Mont Blanc. The balloon will be stationed at the bottom of the Chamouni valley, and thence will ascend to the desired height, and will be brought down again by a rope. A steam-engine will supply the requisite power for the enterprise.

A SPLENDID PERORATION. The Hon. Joseph Holt concluded a glorious speech in Louisville, on Saturday evening last, with the following fervent appeal:—

"Even as with the Father of us all I would plead for salvation, so, my countrymen, as upon my very knees, would I plead with you for the life, aye for the life, of our great and beneficent institutions. But if the traitor's knife now at the throat of the republic is to do its work, and this Government is fated to add yet another to that long line of sepulchres which whiten the highway of the past, then my heartfelt prayer to God is that it may be written in history, that the blood of its life was not found upon the skirts of Kentucky."

THE ADVANCING ARMY.

A sharp struggle at Bull's Run. The advancing army, under Gen. McDowell, entered Centreville, without opposition, and halted in a piece of woods two miles beyond. Bull's Run is the next point of interest beyond, and is three miles from Manassas Junction.

A reconnoitering party consisting of Capt. Alexander's two companies of cavalry and a portion of a battery, accompanied by Gen. Tyler and staff, went out a little after 12 and took a position on a hill, half a mile from a creek called Bull's Run. The hills from the heavy guns exploded on a barn on the right until 2½ of the enemy's cavalry emerged and scattered. Six or eight rounds more brought an answer from a concealed battery, which wounded Sergeant Rohan, of Co. G, 2d cavalry.—Two of Lieut. Benjamin's guns soon silenced the battery.

Gen. Richardson's Brigade, consisting of the 12th N. Y. Volunteers, 1st Massachusetts and 2d and 3d Michigan Regiments, supported by cavalry and a battery, were next sent out to skirmish along the creek. They soon woke up the rebel battery on the other side, followed by a heavy firing of musketry, which our men returned with zeal. The enemy's platoon firing was quite regular and effective, and their guns were served with great precision. They were driven from their position after occupying a strong position behind entrenchments and a wooded slope, covered by a creek, were too much for the small force opposed to them—in the opinion of military men, not more than a fourth of their number. Our men fell back in good order, fighting bravely. A shell from a new battery on the left burst on the top of a hill where our first battery had been stationed, causing several casualties, but mortally wounding no one. Several other shells followed, varying the monotony of whistling Minie balls, by which our men were wounded.

Lieut. Loraine, who was shot in the foot, and two other men were brought to the rear on an ambulance. The wounded men were Edwin Morse, of Co. A, 3rd Michigan regiment, who was struck by a bomb in the arm, and wounded severely but not dangerously, and B. F. Jones, of Co. D, 12th N. Y. regiment, slightly wounded,—all on the hill. It was deemed prudent to withdraw. Our pioneer had previously been down the bridge to fire our battery, which was waiting on a higher position to protect the bridge. Batteries are generally erected on our side, commanding the enemy's works, which are of a substantial character. Owing to the slight repulse which we met, the movements appear to the rebels will be more carefully planned, and of greater strength than was at first contemplated. Our troops are all eager for the fight.

The retreat loss is supposed to be heavy. One of the South Carolina Colonels was killed.

Advices from Richmond say Governor Letcher has called out nearly all the militia of Virginia to give battle to the army of the line of the Potomac.

The Federal forces then took position on the top of a hill. Two rifled guns were pushed in front supported by Capt. Brackett's Co. B, of the 2d cavalry, and some also of infantry, composed of the Michigan 2d and the N. Y. 12th regiments, some distance in the rear. A steady fire was kept up on both sides in this position.

The rebels had the batteries of 8 pieces in a position commanding the road, and used their guns well, except sometimes firing too high; but they were gallantly met by our troops. They did not reply in our regular fire for half an hour, during which they were receiving large reinforcements.

In the meantime Col. Richardson was reconnoitering the woods. While we were thus advancing, we were met with a volley of fire. Our guns were put in position and poured grape and canister on the enemy, and up until the supply was exhausted. Those guns were commanded by Capt. Ayres of the artillery. Lieut. Tyler assisted in person and acted gallantly.

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SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD,

BEGUN

IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK; REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR.

It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

In precisely what its name endorses, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers; it also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence months the weakest stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by inaction or depression or spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION BRONCHITIS INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE OR AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER, NERVOUSNESS IRRITABILITY, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, DEBILITY, SALLOW COMPLEXION, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, MELANCHOLY, HYPOCONDRIA, NIGHT SWEATS, LANGUOR, GIDDINESS AND ALL THAT TRAIN OF EVILS WHICH SO FREQUENTLY FOLLOW FEMALE WEAKNESS, and all the consequent miseries and ills of

SEMINAL INCONTINENCE OR IMPOTENCY.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements of the Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevents all attacks arising from miasmatic influences, and cast the disease at once, if already attacked.

TRAVELERS should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

LADIES not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

MOTHERS should use it, for it is a perfect relief, when a month's use has been given to it, all she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety!

There is no mistake about it!

THE CORDIAL IS ALL-SUFFICIENT!

TO

MOTHERS THY IT!!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline now of your daughters before it is too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from false delicacy, are apt to drown to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are too much mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for you, they would perish, victims to the same downward path until it is too late to save their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and for you we confidently appeal. Let us have your never-failing aid in procuring for your children PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR in the form of Wine, which we make a spec ality of Private Diseases; and to J. WOOD, Proprietor, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and No. 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good druggists. Price one dollar per bottle.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. MATTI SON, as above.

August 22, 1860. ✦ eow2m1y

FARMS FOR SALE,

By PERLEY PARKER. Austri ouser and Real Estate Agent.

To sell or exchange for a good Farm, a beautiful private lot in Tenth street, Lowell, and will assist a 2-1-2 acres of best land, well covered with choice and ornamental trees. The cottage is a good two story house, barn and shed, with barn and well. The location is good, the finest one left best in the city. Will be sold low. Terms easy

To let, a Farm of about 2 acres in the country part of Dracut, wood land and buildings, with a good fruit orchard.

To sell a good Farm in Pelham, N. H. on the road leading from Lowell to Nashua, and about 5 miles Lowell, near two churches, and a good school house. The farm contains about 100 acres, mostly tillage and pasturing, about 200 apple trees of choice kinds now bearing, with a good cider mill, and plenty of pure spring water near the barn. The buildings are a good two story dwelling with a wing and ell, and a good two story barn, with a shed and other out buildings. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

Also, a Farm of about 30 acres in the town of Dracut, with a good house, barn and other buildings, with a good orchard of wood and fruit trees. The land is of the best quality, and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, July 22, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate last Saturday, a resolution was offered that the President appoint a commissioner to the coming World's Fair, in London. A resolution was offered with a view of making an inquiry into the circumstances of the surrender of the Navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers. Referred to Naval Committee. Mr. Johnson, of Tenn., introduced a bill to provide for the transportation of arms and munitions of war to loyal citizens in States now in rebellion, and to provide for organizing them into regiments, &c. Referred to the Military Committee. Several other bills were introduced and referred.

The bill approving the acts of the President was taken up. Mr. Latham made an able speech sustaining the administration and endorsing the course in regard to the war, except the suspension of the habeas corpus by the President and the increase of the army. He concluded with an eloquent declaration that whatever others may do, California will stand by the Union. Mr. Rice said he endorsed everything said by Mr. Latham. On motion of Mr. Johnson, of Tennessee, the subject was postponed till to-day.

The House was not in session.

USE ECONOMY. At this season of the year, the means of earning a living are easy, compared with those during the cold winter months, so that almost all of us are able to work have more than enough to supply their daily wants. This is the time, also, to lay by a part of the income of labor to aid in getting comfortably through the coming winter, which will, undoubtedly, be a hard time to obtain work, and unless the daily laborer has something laid up for the "wet day," he will see the necessity of having something by which the "staff of life" can be obtained.

Probably many have anticipated these suggestions; *but* the writer of this was in one of our savings banks, a few mornings ago, and found some fifteen or twenty men and women waiting to withdraw their mites from the bank; but led by curiosity he waited outside of the "bar" till all had visited the counter and gone out, and the last one looked into his bank book to see how much he had left. Some had drawn out their all, nearly all who desired work of any kind have obtained it; let them also lay by every spare dollar, for when cold weather sets in, these avenues of industry will be nearly closed; if not, it is best "to make hay while the sun shines," and prepare for any emergency. Probably no city in New England has so many inhabitants dependent upon manual labor as this, and no one I think, of the same population has so many depositors or so much money deposited in the several savings banks in this city.

Lowell is and has been noted for its various manufactories, and for the industry of its citizens; and, however hard the times may be the coming winter, there will be less suffering here, if the suggestions thrown out are heeded here as in any other city or town in this country.

THE REBEL CONGRESS. The rebel congress is supposed to have met on Saturday, at Richmond, as a synopsis of Davis' message has been received. It is a cunning, pretentious, defiant, arrogant document, and is an epitome of the whole rebel principle. The vilest of all the vile charges of the secession journals, that have teemed with falsehood are fully repeated by this arch-traitor in his message. How a man like Davis can lend himself to the foul work he is doing must puzzle every one who is not a believer in total depravity.

GEN. E. W. PIERCE. Brigadier Gen. Pierce visited Fort Warren on Saturday afternoon, and witnessed the sham battle of the 12th and 14th regiments. He spoke freely of the events connected with himself, and gave his listeners to understand that a statement would be published in due season time, regarding his conduct, that would put a different aspect upon matters.—Bel'air Whittemore and several Captains of the Fourth Regiment have also paid a creditable encomium on Gen. Pierce from the blame in the matter of the Great Bethel fight, and giving him credit for courage, coolness and skill in the affair.

HARPER FOR AUGUST. The leading article, this month is the "The Central Park," copiously illustrated, and occupies about twenty pages. At the last end of the number is also a humorous illustration (*In Medias Res*), which will amuse "many dilums." The number is quite as entertaining as usual, and just the thing for hot weather reading. For sale at B. C. Sargeant's, City Government Building, and at J. T. Willis', 78 Central Street.

FIRE IN WORCESTER. Saturday morning about seven o'clock, the mill known as Young's Mill, at Valley Falls, on the road between Worcester and Leicester, was entirely destroyed by fire with all its contents. The building was the property of Loring Young, and leased to Fay & Bottomly, manufacturers of satinet cloths.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Defeat of the Federal Army at Manassas Junction.

Retreat toward Washington!

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

Particulars of the second great battle at Bull's Creek have been hourly received this forenoon. Until within an hour, it was supposed that our troops had achieved a great victory. The latest and correct news reverses the account.

Our army is retreating. Our troops, after taking the batteries and gaining a great victory, were eventually repulsed and commenced to retreat toward Washington, in good order. The wildest excitement prevails.

The loss on both sides is frightful. Our loss from 2,500 to 3,000. Over 70,000 were in the battle. The fortifications around Washington are being strongly reinforced by fresh troops.

LATER. The news of the defeat of the Federal troops is confirmed by private dispatches.

LATEST.

I have just seen a dispatch to the Associated Press which will appear in the Boston papers within half an hour, stating that a panic took possession of our men, which spread until the whole force was demoralized. McDowell energetically but unsuccessfully attempted to rally his men.

I send this last item with some doubts as to its truth. The retreat is a sad fact.

Great Battle at Manassas Junction.

The following we copy from the *Boston Traveller*, which was issued at 11 o'clock this forenoon:—

NEW YORK, July 22.—The greatest enthusiasm prevails in the Union army at *Fall Church* is said to be at Manassas Junction.

The editor of the *Times* telegraphs from Centreville, dating his dispatch Washington, Monday, 1 P. M. He says the battle was one of the severest ever fought on this Continent.

Up to 2 o'clock our troops had driven the enemy through a distance of two miles, and were now in possession of the field of battle.

The enemy fell back from one position on another rapidly and constantly, and was freshly reinforced; their force certainly doubled ours.

The Fire Zouaves were terribly cut up. While drawn up to make the attack they were assailed by a musketry, with a most strong support on the flank, and forced to retreat.

It is stated that both Col. Farnham and Lieut. Col. Gregory were killed. Col. Lansing was wounded in the throat. Col. Slocom of the 2d R. I., and Capt. Tower, of the 1st Rhode Island, were killed.

Col. Gov. Sprague had a horse shot under him.

The *Times* dispatch states that General Patterson's column was reported to be moving down on the Winchester road, with 16 000 men, on Sunday. He was supposed to join our forces immediately.

Ben Stockton's regiment who had entered the money themselves. Such a healthy state of things in our community will help very much to overcome a hard season of dearth of work? If our numerous savings banks, for many of those depositing were factory operatives.

Mechanics have been quite busy this season, although their work would have been so high as last season; and, in fact, nearly all who desired work of any kind have obtained it; let them also lay by every spare dollar, for when cold weather sets in, these avenues of industry will be nearly closed; if not, it is best "to make hay while the sun shines," and prepare for any emergency. Probably no city in New England has so many inhabitants dependent upon manual labor as this, and no one I think, of the same population has so many depositors or so much money deposited in the several savings banks in this city.

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The Federal troops have won the day. The loss on both sides is heavy, but the rout of the rebels is complete. The batteries at Bull's Run are silenced and two or three others taken.

A still later report, not official, but from an apparently reliable source, says that the columns under Col. Heintzleman had followed the rebels to Manassas Junction, opened fire on their entrenched camp, and was then shelling them.

The greatest excitement prevailed in Washington when a telegraph body was eager to get the latest news from those who came from the direction of the fight. A number of members of Congress, and even ladies, went to the vicinity of Bull's Run to witness the battle.

A report is abroad that Col. Cameron (brother of the Secretary of War) of the 79th N. Y. Regiment, and Col. Slocom of the 2nd Rhode Island Regiment have been killed. Col. Hunter, of the 3rd Cavalry, acting as Major General, is reported mortally wounded.

The first fight at Bull's Run. The Washington dispatches to the *Tribune* say the number of killed at Bull's Run, and of those who were wounded and have since died, is according to Lieut. Tompkins, 59; 17 belonged to the Massachusetts 1st and two to the New York 12th Regiment.—The body of Lieut. Smith, of Boston, was not only pierced with bullet but with bayonet wounds. A rebel who was caught stabbing some of our men who fell in battle, was hung in sight of the rebel pickets. It remained there on Saturday, with the rope still stuck at the chin.

Another dispatch adds—The affair at Bull's Run, which has been magnified into a terrible battle, has not resulted so disastrously as was anticipated. Our quarters represented. A list of the killed and wounded cannot be accurately ascertained as yet.—The inmates of the hospital at Centreville are increasing hourly. They suffered from exhaustion and not by wounds. This fact gives rise to exaggerated stories as to a large number of wounded.

In "Hell" is nothing every from their captors. The schooner J. S. Warring, captured by the privateer Jeff. Davis, arrived in New York yesterday, the prisoners having been overpowered by the schooner's crew. Three of the rebel crew were killed and the others were made prisoners.

The brig Cuba, which was captured by the privateer Sumner, had been retaken by Capt. Strout, after a desperate resistance on the part of the rebel prize crew.

The strength of the force on our side actually engaged was not more than eight hundred men, consisting of detachments from every company each from the First Massachusetts, Twelfth New York and Second Michigan Volunteers. This small force was engaged in a severe fight with about five thousand men, that being the estimated number of the rebels.

Col. Ellsworth had a horse shot under a spent ball, disabling him. The Colonel dismounted with his sword in hand went to the head of the three companies detailed from his regiment and led them on gallantly. But few of the rebels stopped to be taken as being equal to that of regulars.

The following general commanded at the rebel battery in person. His headquarters were discovered, and General McDowell's headquarters were moved up to the spot. One of the commissioners from a rifle cannon.

A SHREWD TRICK OF THE REBELS. The discovering of a pass to enter the Rappahannock River, by a person of a man recently fared at Richmond, and the effort of the rebels to create a difficulty in consequence between the British ministry and our government. has, upon investigation, proved to be a shrewd rebel trick to involve our Government in a quarrel with that of Great Britain. It appears that some time since a man John Lowry, formerly of Pennsylvania, but recently from Richmond, requested to take a sloop and go to Petersburg and ascertain the movements of the rebels. He was indifferent about the matter of compensation, and supposed that it would do to take a load of clay to the city of Washington. Upon this representation he obtained a permit, signed by Secretaries Chase and Cameron, to pass through the fort into the Rappahannock River. This proved, he proceeded to Fredericksburg, where, upon the exhibition of his permits he was arrested and imprisoned by the flag officer of the fleet to be hanged as a spy.

After he had left for Baltimore the southern papers and Mr. Butler were aroused, and he dispatched an agent after Lowry, with instructions to investigate the matter. At Baltimore it was ascertained that Mr. Lowe was procuring a load of fire clay and soda ash, materials particularly needed by the rebels, the sole manufacturer and the other indispensable in the preparation of gun cotton. Mr. Lowry was again stopped the proceedings, and demanded the permit, which was given up and returned to the Secretary of War. Lowry was not at the time apprised of the order given by General Butler to search the permit, and therefore did not take it. It is also apparent now that Ewe returned to Richmond and made application to the Secretary of State upon which the whole effort to create a difficulty between the two governments has been founded. This order is the only one of the kind ever given by General Butler.—Had the agent of General Butler known at the time anything about this order, it would have been demanded and taken from the traitor in fire clay, and the whole affair would have been ended.

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND. A Boston cotemporary (*the Advertiser*, if we remember correctly) is in the opinion of many popular prejudices against patent medicines it is composed of remedies of many who have tried the article named in the heading of this paragraph, and pronounce from among the first men in the community attest to the virtues of this Compound and the evidence of its value is so overwhelming and well substantiated by facts as to require the most cautious. We would call attention to the reliable names attached to the advertisement in another column of this paper, and advise a trial of this excellent medicine, which has so rapidly come into notice. If the attention of the suffering can only be gained, we feel assured that a fair trial will remove all objection which may exist, and that they will find the Compound an inestimable blessing.

CHANGE OF MAJOR GENERALS. Major-General Banks, who has done himself so much credit by his course at Baltimore and Maryland, is transferred to the Department of Virginia, vice General Patterson, whose term has expired. Major-General John A. Dix has been ordered to Baltimore to take the post vacated by the transfer of Gen. Banks.

MR. EDITOR:—Please allow me the use of a little space in your columns that I may speak briefly concerning the recent course of discriminatory instruction under Prof. Monroe of Boston. A good deal, it may be, too much, was expected from it. Even under the most favorable circumstances, its results would not have been strikingly apparent at once. But the circumstances under which the instruction was given, on the contrary, were somewhat unfavorable. A considerable body of pupils suddenly summoned to join at extra hours in exercises for which the majority have no decided taste, and at a season of the year when their superfluous energy finds full vent in trying to keep ourselves comfortable under the oppressive heat, cannot be expected to join in such exercises with wonderful alacrity and enthusiasm. Yet some enthusiasm is necessary if we would accomplish much in a short time. Again, elocution needs the personal supervision of the instructor over each individual scholar, for that accuracy which constitutes good elocution in distinction from bad can be obtained only under such oversight. This is a class of more than a hundred and with only one hour for each recitation, was absolutely impossible.

Still, for those who did attend and take part in the lessons, an opportunity was furnished of acquiring some of the best methods to them in teaching. The subject of breathing correctly and of producing sound properly, that is, in such a way as to secure power with ease and without straining the most delicate vocal organs, though seldom treated of by teachers in elocution, was dwelt on by Prof. Monroe in such a manner as to make it impossible for his hearers to forget it. The attention paid to correct pronunciation, the care taken in analysing vowel sounds and the time spent in practicing consonant combinations, all joined to open the eyes of teachers to that poor, slip-shod and inaccurate style of articulation which prevails in many Massachusetts schools, and which possibly may be found in our own neighborhood.

The instruction upon the proper mode of teaching reading seemed very valuable, and if followed generally in our schools will work a revolution in much of the reading now heard in them.

Prof. Monroe made no attempt to teach expression or any of the higher parts of elocution, but confined himself entirely to those portions which are of direct use in our common schools, even in the Primary. In these he showed himself a master, and though the teachers of Lowell might have had the instructions of an older and more famous man, they could not have enjoyed under any one else, a more thorough, practical and profitable course of instruction than he has given them; and some of us sincerely hope that through the official action of the committee or the private action of individual teachers, he may be induced to come again, and under favorable circumstances finish what, despite all hindrances, has been well begun.

FORTRESS MONROE. Capt. P. A. Davis, of this city, recently appointed Provost Marshal, writes to a gentleman in this city, (noticing the fact of Pitham's escurrilous) saying that he does not wish any Lowell people to start expecting to see nothing at Fortress Monroe and get disappointed. He says that the general order, which we publish below, will be rigidly enforced, and no exceptions allowed will be permitted to land, no matter from what point they come.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 9.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, FORTRESS MONROE, June 27th, 1861.

No persons will be allowed to land at Fort Monroe, or visit the camps through motives of curiosity merely; neither will any person not having a pass from headquarters within this department be permitted to remain here without a special permit from these headquarters. All persons having business or coming properly accredited, will be permitted to land, but the operations of the department cannot be interfered with and demoralized by pleasure seekers merely. The Government steamers between Baltimore and this post is for the use of the Government, and not a line for pleasure travel.

By order of Major General

B. F. BUTLER.

ONE OF THE ZOUAVES AMONG THE REBELS. The Richmond papers of Saturday last say who was caught and taken to Fairfax—Who carried before Beauregard, he manifested his contempt for that chivalry by putting his thumb to his nose and pyrating with his fingers. Being ordered under confinement, he turned about suddenly, kicked a Colonel who stood near in the stomach so hard that he was down, knocked the corporal who had him in charge head over heels, and literally Beauregard to come on and get lammed," declaring that "if he didn't have a man he'd spile." Finding none of the officers present disposed to meet him, he took to his heels down a lane. Several shots were fired at him without effect. At each successive discharge he would turn to make grimaces at his pursuers, or jump high in air and yell as if struck. Suddenly a Lieutenant with a drawn sword sprang before him from an adjacent building. "Stand! you are to shoot, a pinting that thing at me?" exclaimed Jerome. "Well, I don't know yer might a cut my brain new weak'd" being satisfied of the jail and the solitary cell, he signalized his first evening's lodgment there by setting it on fire. The rebels seem to admire the cool assurance of this specimen of the species, and have in the city of the chap, and Beauregard laughed heartily at his pranks.

THE COMET. Mr. J. R. Hind, the English astronomer, in a letter to the *London Times*, of July 5th, thinks that it is not only possible, but probable, that on the 30th of June the earth *passed through the tail of the comet*, at a distance of perh ps one hundredth of its length from the nucleus. He adds that upon this date he observed in the evening, a peculiar phosphorescence or illumination of the sky, which he attributed then to an auroral glare, but which he suggests is possibly owing to the near nearness of the comet's tail. "If a similar illumination of the heavens," he concludes, "was remarked generally on the earth's surface it will be a significant fact."

☞ The Pine and Palm, in a notice to practical correspondent, declines lines to "Sister in Heaven because the Pine and Palm has no circulation there, and therefore, it is very unlikely that she will ever see it.

CITY AND VICINITY.

ATTENTION!

All persons belonging to the Sixth Regiment, M. V. M., are requested to meet at Company's Armory, on THURSDAY MORNING, at 7½ o'clock, without fail.

By order of

HENRY P. HALSEY, Adjutant.

Lowell, July 22d, 1861. 1t

EARLY CLOSING.

The undersigned, Furniture Dealers of Lowell, will close their places of business on the first four days of the week at 7½ o'clock, P. M., until September 1st.

RYAN & HOWARD.
D. W. C. FARRINGTON.
JACOB NICHOLS.
FREMON NOYES.
JAMES P. TUFTS.
E. W. SMITH & CO.

July 17, 1861. 6t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store, and Job Printing Office, to No. 5 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street.

May 31, 1861. tuthsly

EXAMINATION WEEK. The public schools of the city are being examined this week, and at the close of the examination the pupils and teachers will have a vacation of six weeks, to visit friends and to routine and recreate.

The High School is being examined today by the full board of the School Committee. There were a few scholars present during the forenoon, but the pupils generally very well, considering the excitement of the war news. The class in Rector to-day in Mr. Eastman's care, did exceedingly well, and showed a thorough pronouncing. French very correctly for Yankees. A class in Cæsar did very well the time spent in practicing consonant combinations, all joined to open the eyes of teachers to that poor, slip-shod and inaccurate style of articulation which prevails in many Massachusetts schools, and which possibly may be found in our own neighborhood.

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THE RECEPTION OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The committee of arrangements held another meeting Saturday evening, but transacted no business of importance. The following order of route for the procession has been partially agreed upon:—Form in City Government Building up Merrimack Street to the Hospital, thence countermarch through Merrimack Street to Central, through Central to Tyler, through Tyler to Lawrence, through Lawrence to Church, through Church to Andover, through Andover to Nesmith through Nesmith to East Merrimack, through East Merrimack to Central, through Central to Gorham, through Gorham to Appleton, through Appleton to Dutton, through Dutton to the South Common, where the dinner will take place.

HARMONY. Prof. Willey's choir did not officiate at the Worthen Street Methodist Church services yesterday. Saturday night, however, the choir had legal advice. Mr. Willey notified the proper persons that having been engaged to sing there for six months, and being ready and willing to fill his part of the obligation, he should expect the same help was to receive, if he was now dismissed.

This appeared to be quite satisfactory to some and not to others, and yesterday morning the choir was divided, and the music sung by one parties, and such of the congregation as chose, joining in the singing. To the matter rests at this time. We do not understand that there is any question of singing, as a part of the services, there is any fault to be found with Rev. Mr. Thayer, or with Prof. Willey; but "the ring" is to decide the matter of whether the singing shall be done by a choir or the congregation. This matter is not yet settled.

NOTICE. A lady from Montreal wishes to find Mrs. Lontinda Flanders, now living in this city. Any one knowing the address of lady, or her husband, Mr. George Flanders (who is believed to have recently left the city in one of the military companies) will confer a favor by calling at this office at once. The reader will oblige by extending this notice by making inquiries calculated to accomplish the object desired.

DEATHS LAST WEEK. There were 18 deaths in Lowell last week, one more than in the corresponding week of 1860, six —one-third—died of consumption, four of cholera infantum, three of brain diseases, two of apoplexy, and the balance of various other complaints.

Mr. Scripture's room, and one in Latin Reader in Mr. Chase's room, answering the questions with promptness and traits the Latin very readily. A class of young men and young ladies did exceedingly well in reading French in the same room, and showed a thorough drilling in the rules of Latin Grammar, by the prompt ness in the answer to the various questions put by the teacher, and the correctness of the distribution of modals and diplomas will take place at the school house, and not at Huntington Hall, as stated Saturday, as the latter hall is now being whitened and renovated and cannot be used for public gatherings.

Tomorrow the Edson, Franklin, Colburn and Moody Grammar Schools will be examined.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 20.

5 Cheshire Rutland		111
5 Middlesex Boston		114
2 Western Railroad		91
5 Eastern Railroad, N. H.		95
30 Boston and Maine Railroad		109
5 Fitchburg		104
10 Boston and Providence Railroad		80
100 Vermont and Mass. Railroad		103
4 Fitchburg Railroad		87
45 Exchange Bank		98

M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

Prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh,

Pa are ranked among the most popular remedies of the day. That it will cure liver complaints, sick headache, and dyspepsia, is now beyond a doubt. Read the following letter from a well-known lady and gentleman of our own city:

NEW YORK, August 3, 1851.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams, No. 268 Seventh street, testify that they have both been suffering with the liver complaint for about five years, during which time they have spent a large amount of money, and tried many remedies, but to no purpose. Finally, hearing of Dr. M'Lane's Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., they purchased four boxes, which they took according to the directions accompanying each box, and now pronounce themselves perfectly cured of that distressing complaint.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, Manufactured by FLEMING BRO'S, Pittsburgh, Pa., and to observe that each box has the name of Fleming Bros. Pittsburgh, Pa. to the Lever Pills, now before the public, are counterfeited. Also, beware of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. The result, MILLBRIDGE Pitch Pine Pills, are counterfeited. Also, beware of the counterfeit Liver Pills, now before the public, are counterfeited. Also, beware of the counterfeit

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD, THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY. IT IS PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. See what OTHERS SAY OF IT. A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying once or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular interest to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day; as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occasion at my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have had ample opportunity for recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. I have also in confidence I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; others that it was good, and without effect. In every instance, however, if proved, by proving the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be an equal to yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as similar to which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is unexamining that people will purchase such articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, or because they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their name and home in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for baldness, grey hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp or head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,199 will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I have used your Restorative, and I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years I have had my hair becoming considerably grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but I thought as there was more fiction than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and firmness, as it was in my younger days, I bought a bottle, and concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out, began to grow quite luxuriantly, was considerably lighter, and a natural change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a part of a fourth. I have now got a pretty good head of hair, of my natural color, that is as dark as it was in the meridian of my days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased coming off falling off, and is as soft as silk. It is easy to oil, as though just from the hands of a French chairmaker. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the natural hair of the old gray head.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we have known it in every case with very good, and we believe, in every case with entire satisfaction to those who have tried it. We therefore more than willingly recommend it to the afflicted, and view the accomplishes all it professes, and all the bold and grey could desire.—*Union Democrat.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is one among the few exceptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have been many months acquainted with one of these seventions some of which are from gentlemen whom we know to be worthy persons as persons of the most reliable character. Don't give till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the mass of em they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to our fellow men. Bailed off of existing humbugs by the common contributor, Pinley Johnson, he has experimented the benefit of the article, and is willing with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it, and bald heads will be as rare as now in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unquestionable evidence, to possess great efficacy in the restoration of the hair to its pristine vigor. Many persons have become almost bald from fevers or sickness, the use of this article has produced a new growth of hair. It has the most valuable properties for all classes. It checks ingrowing and scurf and as to efficacious qualities in the dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously on the hair. It is the most valuable preparation of the description. In many cases the hair will not disappear wherever disfigured. That this is beyond question, we have had ample trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the compound is such as to not only cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as all its component elements are of the best.—*Boston Transcript, April 21, 1860.*

A CERTAIN FOOD. It our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are asked by all sorts to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unfailing, and to work restoration and infallible in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to judge for themselves. Just received and for sale by

R. S. HAYNES & CO.
45 Merrimack

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., also a splendid assortment of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by R. S. HAYNES,
apr24 45 Merrimack

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT 6 MANSUR.

THE Subscriber has on hand a large number of Prime Wool stools to use—just the thing for the time to shear your sheep. He has also a few Bonnet Plushes of Linen;
3 bales Cow's Super Phosphate of Lime;
3 bales Cow's Super Phosphate of Lime;
Also, Hungarian Grass seed, &c., &c.
apr24 6 MANSUR.

Sole agent for the sale of Felt Hats extracted from the latest Paris and New York Fashions, comprising some unique shades, well adapted for Spring and Summer wear.

Corner Hat Store

To get a good TEA SET, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITTANIA WARE, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get goo PLATED WARE, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
Chelsea Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
jan10

BRUSHES! Brushes!

WHERE can you find a Brush, with long or short handle, Scrub Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Iron Brushes, Wood Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Hair Oil, Shaving Soap, Shaving Brushes, and a *Fine Comb, and Sweeper* combined, somewhere else than at the Variety Store of the subscriber? Just received and for sale by

R. S. HAYNES & CO.
mar26 45 Merrimack

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for the use of *married and single ladies*, and is the very best remedy ever known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family, or to space them to suit their health, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months, without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and the ladies who have taken it speak in the most emphatic terms of its virtues. Every bottle is put up in bottles of three different sizes, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *securely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3.

If Remember! This medicine is not offered as either a cure-all or a panacea, but as a remedy for certain derangements of the female system, and one that is recommended in every instance, where it is used, with entire confidence, and satisfaction to the purchaser.

Certificates of cures performed by Dr. D. M. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE, can be seen at his office, No. 21 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

☞ This Specially embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician, of many years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Communications by mail or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad, who wish to remain under treatment. Parties, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical empostion, when unscrupulous physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, possess cunning enough to manufacture their own quack nostrums, and especially in relation to those which promise a speedy and effectual cure of the various private diseases, in nine cases out of ten, they are imposing, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly to work to make a speedy cure, you will, in nine cases out of ten, be very much disappointed, for you will have reason to regret when it is too late. Dr. M. will not suffer, by unfounded or false statements, to be imposed upon by such empirics, and as a guarantee in this respect, he will give one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on this disease, entitled "*Private Diseases*," which will be sent free of charge, and also Circulars giving full information, with *the names of reference and certificates* of cures which without an advertising physician or medicine it is deserving of. ADVICE AND CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the very EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England. He has had a practice of fifteen years in this city, he gives the very best references and testimonials, can be seen personally, or by letter. Remember ARE ANY THERE, LETTHEM DO THIS WORK. Consultation, personal or letter may every day from them.

Medicines by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

Jan 23, 1860. ✦ mar7daly

FARMS FOR SALE,

By PERLEY PARKER Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

TO sell or exchange for a good Farm, a beautiful place on Tenn. River, 5 miles from Memphis, 15 acres of best land well covered with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, good house and well water. Will be sold low. Terms easy. Also, 160 acres well timbered, 10 miles from Memphis, with 2 houses, good land and buildings, with good title. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

To sell a good Farm in Pelham, N. H. on the road from Derry, seven miles from Nashua and Lowell, near two churches, and a good school; 60 acres of land suitably divided into mowing, tillage and pasturing, about 200 apple trees of choice kinds now bearing fruit, with a good house and plenty of pure much near the barn. The buildings are good, and supplied with water in the house and barn. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

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Also, a number of other Farms for sale in this vicinity. Call at my office, No. 21 Central street, Lowell, April 19, 1861. aprtlawtf

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

Selling Bonnets complete for 25 cents.
Selling Bonnets complete for 50 cents.
Selling Crape Bonnets complete for 50 cents.
Selling rich Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.50
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for 2 pieces $2.00
Selling Terry Velvet Bonnets complete for $2.50
Selling Silk and Velvet Bonnets for $3.00
Selling any quantity of all sorts of

RICH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

mar9 61

FELT HATS.

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

we can, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, No. more, Addresses, Programmes, Envelopes, Town Reports,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

for Dry Goods Stores, Raisers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING *EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.*

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good assortment of post and fancy cards, and a large assortment of CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

L. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE,
Proprietors.

W.H.DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

20 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

Repaired, Covered and Trimmed in the best manner, by

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

21 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

apr27

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY! THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

F L O U R
F E E D
G R A I N

Of the very best kinds, will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers

AT

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery, for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE.

Of common, medium, and superior qualities. Also, the principal manufacturers are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad, who wish to remain under treatment. Parties, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical empostion, when unscrupulous physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, possess cunning enough to manufacture their own quack nostrums, and especially in relation to those which promise a speedy and effectual cure of the various private diseases, in nine cases out of ten, they are imposing, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go blindly to work to make a speedy cure, you will, in nine cases out of ten, be very much disappointed, for you will have reason to regret when it is too late. Dr. M. will not suffer, by unfounded or false statements, to be imposed upon by such empirics, and as a guarantee in this respect, he will give one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on this disease, entitled "*Private Diseases*," which will be sent free of charge, and also Circulars giving full information, with *the names of reference and certificates* of cures which without an advertising physician or medicine it is deserving of. ADVICE AND CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the very EDUCATED physician in Providence, if not in New England. He has had a practice of fifteen years in this city, he gives the very best references and testimonials, can be seen personally, or by letter. Remember ARE ANY THERE, LETTHEM DO THIS WORK. Consultation, personal or letter may every day from them.

Medicines by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

Jan 23, 1860. ✦ mar7daly

FARMS FOR SALE,

By PERLEY PARKER Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

TO sell or exchange for a good Farm, a beautiful place on Tenn. River, 5 miles from Memphis, 15 acres of best land well covered with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, good house and well water. Will be sold low. Terms easy. Also, 160 acres well timbered, 10 miles from Memphis, with 2 houses, good land and buildings, with good title. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

To sell a good Farm in Pelham, N. H. on the road from Derry, seven miles from Nashua and Lowell, near two churches, and a good school; 60 acres of land suitably divided into mowing, tillage and pasturing, about 200 apple trees of choice kinds now bearing fruit, with a good house and plenty of pure much near the barn. The buildings are good, and supplied with water in the house and barn. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

To sell a good Farm in Pelham, N. H. on the road from Derry, seven miles from Nashua and Lowell, near two churches, and a good school; 60 acres of land suitably divided into mowing, tillage and pasturing, about 200 apple trees of choice kinds now bearing fruit, with a good house and plenty of pure much near the barn. The buildings are good, and supplied with water in the house and barn. Will be sold low. Terms easy.

Also, a number of other Farms for sale in this vicinity. Call at my office, No. 21 Central street, Lowell, April 19, 1861. aprtlawtf

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

Selling Bonnets complete for 25 cents.
Selling Bonnets complete for 50 cents.
Selling Crape Bonnets complete for 50 cents.
Selling rich Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.50
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for 2 pieces $2.00
Selling Terry Velvet Bonnets complete for $2.50
Selling Silk and Velvet Bonnets for $3.00
Selling any quantity of all sorts of

RICH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

mar9 61

FELT HATS.

Just received a large lot of Felt Hats extracted from the latest Paris and New York Fashions, comprising some unique shades, well adapted for Spring and Summer wear.

Corner Hat Store

To get a good TEA SET, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITTANIA WARE, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get goo PLATED WARE, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to
R. S. HAYNES'.
Chelsea Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
jan10

BRUSHES! Brushes!

WHERE can you find a Brush, with long or short handle, Scrub Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Iron Brushes, Wood Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Hair Oil, Shaving Soap, Shaving Brushes, and a *Fine Comb, and Sweeper* combined, somewhere else than at the Variety Store of the subscriber? Just received and for sale by

R. S. HAYNES & CO.
mar26 45 Merrimack

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives; also Carvers and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, &c., also a splendid assortment of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by R. S. HAYNES,
apr24 45 Merrimack

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT 6 MANSUR.

THE Subscriber has on hand a large number of Prime Wool stools to use—just the thing for the time to shear your sheep. He has also a few Bonnet Plushes of Linen;
3 bales Cow's Super Phosphate of Lime;
3 bales Cow's Super Phosphate of Lime;
Also, Hungarian Grass seed, &c., &c.
apr24 6 MANSUR.

Sole agent for the sale of Felt Hats extracted from the latest Paris and New York Fashions, comprising some unique shades, well adapted for Spring and Summer wear.

Corner Hat Store

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3 bales Cow's Super Phosphate of Lime;
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Also, Hungarian Grass seed, &c., &c.
apr24 6 MANSUR.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN OLD REMEDY WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A BLESSING TO MANKIND.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all internal pains and aches, is conquered and rendered "*Powerless for Evil*" by the use of

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

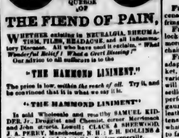
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACK & SHEPHERD, 3 A. PERRY, Manchester; H. H. ELY, Dudley & Co., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. DEAN & Co., Proprietors.

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 13, 1861. feb13ly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Incorporation Jan. 1, 1845. $242,288 50
Assets Jan. 1, 1861. 1,551,980 18
Losses paid, 1,309,691 68

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is the property of the mass of the premiums paid by the insured, and held by the Company in trust for the exclusive security and benefit of the insured.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers the utmost security and advantages.

It possesses over $1,300,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Company in Newark or Brooklyn, Albany and Jersey City and Rewark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The premiums charged by this company is confined entirely to the loans more of Lifetime.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving Annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums may be paid in cash, and for one-half cash, and one half in note, bearing interest, payable at the end of the year. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid five annual premiums.

The dividends are added to and the insured to settling forfeiture after three years. Thus adding their premium. Each receives the dividends in Cash, when required. Each policy holder has a voice in the affairs of the Estate.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7777 Policies in force; yet, an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principles of mutuality, and the safety of the insured.

All bonds of the Institution must therefore be executed by a large majority of the members present with in six-fold call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company has a Branch Office established at Lowell, on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Sts.
mar7 3tf

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H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new styles of goods, which will be sold at less prices than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine for yourselves.

45 Merrimack Street,

mh15 (Near the Post Office)

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Used Years in the Leadership Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honest praise from thousands who have used it, and from the best physicians. It is the most perfect remedy ever discovered for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Nipples, Inflammations, and Sores of all kinds.

The remedy may be cured if you will heed me. Do not suffer another day when a box of this remedy will relieve you.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For all Sores and Ulcers use it.

For Sore Nipples use it.

For Sore Lips use it.

Every where it goes, north, south, east, west, and in every nation in the virtues of its healing power it is receiving suffering flesh opposes in hope while the sufferer is receiving relief.

All its works speak its praises. It has the most extensive sale of any salve in the world. It has the largest manufactories, and the medical professions; from and the most eminent physicians use it in their practice, and recommend it to their patients. It will cure sore tetter on sore eyes. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE. Inquire for it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure the signature of the proprietor is on every box. Don't be imposed upon. Don't buy the counterfeit. Don't be imposed upon by the adjoining counters. It

THOMPSON BURRHINE.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir,—From your entire restoration of my hearing by the use of your Golden Salve, I am led to believe that the most wonderful cure ever effected in the United States is was rapidly becoming deaf, and had been for years. Having used

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, July 23, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the Courier.

Intelligence has been received from Missouri, of a fight near Harrisonville, between 100 Unionists and 500 rebels. The rebels had to retreat, losing 14 men, including 2 officers.

Our loss at Bull's Run is now estimated at 500, which probably is not as much understated as it was overrated yesterday.

Gen. McDowell has destroyed the railroad bridges, to prevent a sudden attack from the enemy.

A rebel prisoner says that Gen. Johnston was shot during the fight.

The Government has telegraphed to Massachusetts for 5000 men, and to New York for 4000.

It is not doubted that from 90,000 to 100,000 rebels are within an hour's call of Manassas Junction.

GREAT BATTLE ON SUNDAY.

DEFEAT OF THE FEDERAL TROOPS. GREAT LOSS OF LIFE.

In our telegraphic dispatches, yesterday afternoon, we announced the fact of a great battle at or near Manassas Junction, on Sunday, in which, after our arms had gained upon the rebels in so many instances that success seemed almost sure, by a sudden panic, from some cause not yet fully known, the whole body retreated in confusion. This intelligence is too true. We give, in the most comprehensive form we are able to compile, the particulars of the events of the day.

It is believed that the fight commenced about 9 o'clock, Sunday morning, and lasted till 7 in the evening. The scene of the principal strife was on Warrington Turnpike, extending from Bull's Run to the village of Centreville, 3 miles beyond Federal and eighty thousand rebel troops were engaged. The rebels were commanded by Jeff. Davis in person, assisted by Generals Beauregard and Johnston.—The latter made his junction with the main Southern army on Saturday.

According to a dispatch to the *New York Tribune* the main body of infantry started from Centreville at 2½ o'clock Sunday morning. They were four hours and a half passing a given point. Col. Hunter's division of 5000 moved on the right. The centre column of 20,000 was to march toward Manassas direct. The latter marched to Bull's Run, when the bridge which had been armed blew up. Here Gen. McDowell mounted and joined his staff.

Cannonading had commenced on the left at 8 o'clock, gradually extending along the whole line. The head of the centre column turned to the right of the bridge, but did not attempt to cross under the heavy cannonading. At about one o'clock the centre column moved to the right and joined the right wing and crossed at the turnpike bridge, which had been seized the night before by our troops by flanking and capturing the battery there. The left column still kept up the point by occasional cannonading, while the 30th Maine lumbermen cut & road through the dense forest to Sudley's Ford. Heintzleman's division marched to the same destination by rail to Hickman's Ford. He carried the heights and did terrible execution among the rebels at Manassas Junction itself.

The rebels retreated slowly and stubbornly, but the whole engagement, as a matter of musketry could be heard, lasting an hour and ten minutes. The artillery, however, bore the brunt of the battle, doing terrible execution. The gunners suffered severely. It is believed that Beauregard cut a flag of truce to Gen. McDowell, but the latter refused to receive it, saying he would accept nothing but unconditional surrender.

The 1st and 2d Brigades of Hunter's division, about noon, made a stand, and, by being strengthened by the 3d Brigade, obtained by new arrivals, where there was a desperate fight, but our troops were successful.

Gen. Schenck's Brigade from the centre column made a movement to the front, but the 1st Ohio was in the field in time of battle, the 2d Ohio immediately behind them.

At the edge of the woods the 2d New York with the Connecticut regiments were preparing to form. A concealed battery was also in a ranch concealed by trees. Our guns and men, commenced a rapid fire with shell, grape and canister. Gen. Keyes threw themselves on their faces, and eight only were wounded.

In the course of the battle Ellsworth's Zouaves attacked and turned the rebel centre, with great loss. Then, according to the statement of two Fire Zouaves, not over half of their men escaped from the slaughter, while the 69th and other regiments frightfully suffered in killed and wounded.

The carnage is tremendously heavy on both sides, and on ours it is represented as frightful. We were advancing and retaking their batteries gradually, but suddenly, and by driving the enemy toward Manassas Junction, when the enemy seemed to have been reinforced by Gen. Johnston, who, it is stated, had come on with 25,000 and immediately commenced driving us back, when a panic among our troops suddenly occurred, and a regular stampede took place.

Up to this time all our military operations went swimmingly on, and Col. Alexander was almost covering a pontoon bridge across Bull's Run, the enemy's masked batteries, and their batteries being unmasked one after another, with a terrific concentration broke out among the teamsters, who had been under very advanced immediately after the body of the army, and lined the Warrenton road. Their consternation was shared by many civilians, who were on the ground, and for a time it seemed as if the whole army was in retreat. Many baggage wagons were emptied and then galloped across the open field, all the forms of which were not to be described, to allow them a more rapid retreat. For a time a perfect panic prevailed, which communicated itself to the vicinity of Centreville and every available conveyance was seized upon to carry the fugitives.

It is reported that Gen. McDowell undertook to make a stand at Centreville and also at Fairfax Court House, but could not accomplish his object. A large reserve of our troops in the retreat fell by the wayside from exhaustion and were scattered all along the road; from Bull's Run to Centreville was strewed with knapsacks, arms, &c. Some of our troops deliberately threw away their guns and appurtenances, the better to facilitate their travel. Gen. McDowell was in the rear at the retreat, exerting himself to rally the men, but with only partial effect. The latter part of the army is said to have made their retreat in good order. General McDowell was completely exhausted, having slept but little for three nights.

The actual loss of life on our side even, is difficult to calculate, but there is every reason to believe that it will not approach anywhere near the first estimate.

The 71st New York regiment lost half their men. The following regiments were in the fight: 1st, 2nd and 3rd Connecticut, one regiment of regulars, consisting of the 2d, 3d, and 5th companies and 250 marines, 8th and 14th New York militia, 1st and 2d Rhode Island, 71st New York, 2d New Hampshire, 5th Massachusetts, 1st Minnesota, 1st Michigan, 11th and 38th New York, 2d, 4th and 5th Maine, and the 2d Vermont, besides several batteries.

LATER, MORE FAVORABLE AND MORE RELIABLE ACCOUNTS.

We make up the following from the dispatches to the Associated Press, published yesterday, 22nd inst—

Gen. McDowell has returned to his headquarters, at Arlington Heights. The regiments comprising his army will resume their position; most of them have already done so.

It is estimated that only 20,000 troops were engaged in the battle Sunday, and only 15,000 at any one time, including 500 of the Rhode Island 1st and 2nd regiments.

All communication with Alexandria is stopped to prevent soldiers from crossing over.

The returned soldiers are perfectly worn out. Many of them state that they went to the battle field after breakfasting, and were all engaged at the same time, while the rebels were supplied with fresh Light Company, fr go par steamer S. B. Spaulding, from Boston.

To-kages 846 over three pounds in weight will be received at the Company's office.

By order of EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

H. O. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

jy18241

ATTENTION!

All persons who have joined H. G. O. Wentworth's Light Horse Company, and have not yet shall go into Camp at Lyndon, on the 19th Regiment, on Thursday, July 25th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

All who are desirous of joining are requested to be on before Thursday.

H. G. O. WENTWORTH.

July 23d, 1861. 3t*

To the Field and Staff Officers of the Sixth Regiment M. V. M., and a the Past Commissioned Officers of the same, who have honorably served the State.

You are respectfully invited to participate in the reception of the Sixth Regiment, upon its return to Boston, by uniting with the Committee of the Regiment, in a procession, from Faneuil Hall to the Common, to be under the Chief Marshalls.

By vote of the Committee.

WM. L. NORTH, Sec'y.

July 19, 1861.

EARLY CLOSING.

The undersigned, Furniture Dealers of Lowell, will close their stores at 6 o'clock, P. M., during the month of July commencing on Monday, July 1st, 1861.

ADAMS & SMITH.
D. W. C. PRESCOTT.
JACOB NICHOLS.
FRANK SMITH.
JAMES F. PUTNEY.
S. W. SMITH & CO.

July 17, 1861. 6t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No 23 Central to No. 17 Merrimack Street—Head of Central Street.

May 31, 1861. 3m*

THE HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION. After the examination of the classes, the exercises closed with declamations and reading of compositions. The teachers and scholars, composed the entire audience then retired to the yard of the High School House, where the High School Cadets went through a variety of evolutions in the form of the square and medial scholars were arranged in a hollow square formed by the Cadets, when Rev. Mr. Street in some very appropriate remarks presented the prizes—one to each of the six who were adjudged most worthy to receive them. The Mayor then presented the diplomas to the graduating class, accompanying each with a few words of advice. We have not room for the remarks of the speakers, but can justly say they were to the point and entirely appropriate.

The following are the names of the

PUPILS WHO RECEIVED CABNET MEDALS.

GRADUATES WHO	RECEIVED	DIPLOMAS.
George B. Allen,	Mary E. Hardman,	
Warren S. Chase,	Hiram H. Hunt,	
Henry A. Menard,	Caroline G. Morrin,	
The following graduated with honor:		
Warren S. Chase,	Clara J. Goodwin,	
Charles A. Clarke,	Mary E. Hardman,	
James D. Dixie,	Ruth F. Howe,	
David A. Gowing,	Hiram H. Hunt,	
Edward R. Hollis,	Myrtle G. Melvin,	
Frank W. Kittredge,	Mary J. McElroy,	
John McDonald,	Hattie L. Parker,	
Frank A. Nichols,	Frederick J. Prat-dy,	
Geo. ge A. Watson,	Anna A. Pierce,	
Frank A. Wilson,	Ellen M. Richardson,	
Aurelia G. Coffin,	Anna S. Richardson,	
Sarah J. Conway,	Elizabeth Sleeper,	
Nancy J. Dame,	Ella S. Tarbox,	
Helen S. Fiteman,	Ellen F. Tolles,	
Arlie R. Freeman,	Abbie G. Watson.	
Ella C. Goding,		

The whole number of mules belonging to the High School was 77; averaging attendance, 70; average daily number attendance 57, or 93 per cent. The whole number of females belonging was 129; average number belonging 112; average daily attendance 103, or 92 per cent. The total number belonging was 206; average number belonging 174; average daily attendance 157, or 90 per cent.

MOODY SCHOOL. The examination of this school commenced this forenoon, and the people were out in force to look at the new school rooms, for, this is the first annual examination since the school house has been remodeled. The scholars appeared very happy and did credit to the former reputation of this school has not been diminished, by the promptness of the pupils as exhibited by the rapid and quick answers to the various questions put by the Committee. The arithmetic classes showed showed good drilling, and especially the class in Reduction and Compound Numbers. The reading was also good, and quite a number will apply for admission to the High School. One good quality of this school is that the pupils are not afraid to speak out loud, so as to be heard by a common to many set-ools. The visitors and parents wish to hear and see for themselves, and all will say who were present, that their time was agreeably passed at the examination of the Moody School.

The Edson, Franklin and Colburn Schools are also being examined to-day, and the examination so far as we learn, give good satisfaction to the Committee and parents who are in attendance. This afternoon, Centre, Green, Mann, and Varnum Schools will be examined, which completes the examination of the schools.

The examination of candidates for the High School will commence on Thursday next, at 8½ o'clock, A. M., at the High School rooms.

CITY COUNCIL. The last regular meeting of the City Council for July, and probably the last meeting before the second Tuesday in September, takes place this evening.

Preparations, not only for defensive, but for the renewal of offensive operations, are going on vigorously.

The following were left on the field and in the hospital close by :—

DEAD. Col. Heintzelman, of R. I., Col. Wood, of the 14th N. Y., Henry A. Scother, 1st R. I., Capt. Towers and George R. Goulding, 2d R. I., Lieut. Prescott, 1st R. I., John B. Nicholson, 2d R. I., Samuel Bost, 71st N. Y., Sergeant Charles Barclay, 2d R. I., Charles Brast, 71st N. Y., private Clemen, 8th N. Y., C. D. Dampser, do., Herman Thacker, 1st R. I., Collins, 2d Wisconsin; W. T. Harrington, 2d regulars, George W. Daggett, 1st R. I., Reuben Bartlett, 2d R. I.

WOUNDED. W. H. Green, 71st N. Y., dangerously; Lieut. Ingersoll, 1st R. I., in thigh; Major Bliss, 2d R. I., dangerously; Lieut. Dickinson, regular infantry, slightly, John Wood, 14th N. Y., in thigh, Capt. Hart, do, Andrew J. Straw, N. H., leg taken off by a cannon ball, Edward Eddy, 27th N. Y., cannon ball wound in the hip.

No concerned reports yet been made; the reports of the officers are yet to be made. We trust that the worst possible phase of this unfortunate affair is given in the accounts from which we have made up the above.

CITY AND VICINITY.

FOR FORT MONROE.

A box for the Lowell Soldiers, and others connected with the 6th Regiment, will be left at the office of the Soldiers' Aid Association on THURSDAY, July 25th, at 9½ A. M., from which time the Lowell Light Company, fr go par steamer S. B. Spaulding, from Boston.

To-kages 846 over three pounds in weight will be received at the Company's office.

By order of EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

H. O. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

jy18241

ATTENTION!

All persons who have joined H. G. O. Wentworth's Light Horse Company, and have not yet shall go into Camp at Lyndon, on the 19th Regiment, on Thursday, July 25th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

All who are desirous of joining are requested to be on before Thursday.

H. G. O. WENTWORTH.

July 23d, 1861. 3t*

EDITOR COURIER:—A few days since, reference was made in your paper, by a Baptist Society, and to the noble action of their pastor in notifying them that they were at liberty to reduce his salary to correspond with the times, which example others should not exceed their income during the depression of business in our city. I thought, when I read the paragraph, that it was a pity that the Rev. Mr. Street was not here to hear his preach, which desire was gratified on Sunday, by my being present all day and evening.

His discourses were from the text found in Ecclesiastes, ix. : 10 ; subject for the day—The necessity of activity in the physical, moral, and spiritual organization of man. Activity is one of the necessities essential to success in every department of enterprise in which man is called to engage.

The house was well filled with an attentive congregation. The Sabbath School session only attended by a very large one it has been since 1826. In the evening the monthly concert of the Sabbath School was held in the lecture room which was filled to overflowing, with a large delegation from Mexico repeated the ten commandments in the Spanish language. Also books were presented by the Superintendent (J. G. Morrison) to two scholars—one to Miss Lucinda Flanders, for diligence in the school for four weeks, and one for having committed over one hundred verses of scripture to memory in eight weeks.

From what I saw and could learn, pastor and people are united, and the Society is in very flourishing condition and is doing the great work for which it was originally organized.

C. S.

LOCAL WAR EXCITEMENT. We have never, perhaps, seen so much excitement on our streets as yesterday afternoon and evening. It was received, about ten o'clock, the first news of the retreat of the Federal army in a special dispatch, from Boston, and from that time until nine o'clock groups of excited men were to be seen on every corner, listening to the reading of the latest papers or discussing the bad news. A feeling of sadness seemed to us upon the streets last, above all, as the silver lining brightens the dark cloud, and there could be seen in every shadowy face, some thing which said that they had confidence in the ultimate success of the cause and direction of Gen. Scott, would yet bring victory out of defeat, and as it will be. Mark it.

HAVE LICENSE MADE BY LOWELL TEACHERS. In answer to the call made upon the teachers of Lowell, under the enterprising superintendence of Miss Warren, have forwarded during the week and twenty-one of these articles to the Boston Teachers' Soldiers' Aid Association.

POLICE COURT. Patrick Tighe for leiency of money from the person of James Carney was ordered to find sureties in $100 to keep the peace at the Superior Court in October next.

Patrick Higgins, of Billerica, for an assault upon his wife Bridget, was found guilty and ordered to find surety for his appearance in four weeks.

Ellen Gillin, for drunkenness, was fined $2 and costs.

Not having the ready to face the music, Ellen became a boarder at the Thorndike Street Hotel for ninty days.

PATENTS. During the week ending July 16th, ten patents were granted to Elmir J. Ney, of this city, a-signor to the Lowell Machine Company for designs for carpet patterns.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, SALEM. There will be a public examination of this School by the Board of Education, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 24th and 25th inst.—The examination of graduates will occupy twenty-six young ladies are candidates, will take place on Thursday afternoon.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, the bills increasing the Naval Military Corps and providing for iron clad ships and floating batteries, were passed. The bill providing for confiscating the property of those in rebellion, was amended so as to provide for the confiscation of persons held to service employed in any way in aiding the rebellion, and in that shape the bill passed. Several bills were introduced and referred.

In the House, the bill to refund duties on imported arms was passed. Mr. Vandever, of Iowa, offered a resolution which passed, looking to the maintenance of the Union and the punishment of rebels. The resolutions introduced by Mr. Crittenden on Friday last (see *Courier* of Saturday) were passed. Messrs. Burnett and Reed opposed the first resolution, and Messrs. Potter, of Wis., and Biddle, of Ohio, the remainder.

On motion of Mr. Train, of Mass., a resolution was adopted tendering the thanks of the House to the Massachusetts 6th regiment, for their alacrity in responding to the call of the President, and their patriotism and bravery on the 19th of April in fighting their way through Baltimore.

Mr. Wright of Pa., offered a resolution declaring that the reverse on the 21st has in no manner impaired our ultimate success, and pledging Congress to the Union, and men and means to carry on the war. Laid on the table. A resolution was adopted to inquire whether the so-called Southern Confederacy, or any State claiming to belong thereto, have employed Italians or negroes against the Government. A bill was passed to pay the Governor of any State, the charges, costs and expenses properly incurred in arming, equipping and transporting its troops in aiding to suppress the rebellion.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 22.

15 Concord Railroad, cash, par $50 ea div.
6 Fitchburg Railroad 97 ½
2 Boston and Lowell Railroad 97
7 Eastern Railroad 65
5 Nashua & Lowell Railroad 95
8 Vermont Bank 103

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
ALWAYS RELIABLE. ALWAYS GIVES RESULTS.

New York, September 15, 1852.

☞ This is to certify that my child, three years old, was troubled with worms some six months. I had tried several kinds of medicine, but none of them done any good; and it was my misfortune to hear Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Brothers, of Pittsburgh, Pa., which I gave her the contents of one bottle, which brought from her a very large quantity of worms, but they were so completely cut to pieces it was impossible to count the number, which brought her to health, and she is now, lately restored to health. I therefore take pleasure in recommending it to parties, I would say to the afflicted parents, that of this valuable medicine constantly in your house, as I have known many children to die suddenly from the effects of worms. It also will unfrequently happens that children troubled with worms, have a bad cough, which is often caused unnecessarily, by the irritation of worms. Therefore, I say again, keep it always in the house, and you will never be without a means of saving life; and at any rate it will save physicians' bills. MRS. LANE,

No. 338 Franklin street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE. This valuable medicine is manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and has the signature of their firm on the wrapper. In M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge is the only article that can be relied on, and can be had of all respectable drug stores. None genuine unless signed FLEMING BROS.

jy20eow 1y 127 FLEMING BROS.

SEWING MACHINES.

☞ E. LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the public to our new and improved sewing machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

E. LYON & CO.

Office, No. 377 Broadway, New York.

jy20eod&w3m

☞ Congress, the whole changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, consumption should at once be had to "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," or Lozenges, for the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat so ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement Dec. 13. Gw

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LOWELL, MASS.,

Incorporated January, 1856,

Continues to insure against hazard by FIRE on buildings, merchandise, furniture and other property from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS :

Nathan Allen, Stephen Cushing, Joseph Nesmith, Joshua W. Danolds, Abner Coburn, Ephraim Brown.

Abram A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates,

Jonathan Tyler, Charles Stanton, Samuel Lawrence, John F. Holbrook, Thomas Nesmith, Edward Tuck, Edward Dana, L. G. Hosea,

Directors:

Joseph G. Abbott, Joseph Wood, Jr., Josiah Fiske, Caleb M. Fitts, Edward Kidder, Hiram Barnes, Elijah M. Haines, Jr.,

Abraham T. Lowe, Reuben D. Leonard, Jr.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, our Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 42 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., fire-proof Safes. 1m. 1860

Washington Coal,

For cooking has no equal.

It burns up cleaner,

It burns in less quantity,

It burns longer,

Than any other fire burning coal. And the HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, out of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott street.

jy16d3t

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in this city, and is prepared to insert sets, partial, and to investigated its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to recommend it to the public as the best and is no e, a difference o opinion among the profession, as to its merits, and we are free to say that in no instance have we seen that it will ever decay, or in any way change its color, as is the case with other articles in use. The fact that so many cities is is growing in the popular favor—many of the best dentists in the city are using it, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best article in use. Those who are using it are pleased and prepared to furnish sets of Teeth in this mode and will warrant them to be as good as any in the market.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

ap21

CAUTION!

The subscribers fir ...ers of the true and original

FRANKLIN COAL,

have had offices in Lowell for several years, and are sole agents for the same.

Any one using or offering for sale Coal, claiming to be Franklin, or in any manner using the name of Franklin Coal, will be prosecuted for infringement of our rights.

Yours, &c.,

HOWARD & LYON.

Lowell, July 1, 1861. 1m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, H. Bartlett, B. S. Richardson, Jas. Tyler, Edward Tuck, L. G. Hosea, Josiah Fiske.

Mutual and Stock.

The Mutual Department is confined to Dwelling Houses and Furniture and Factories of wood, and Stock Department to Stores, Factories, and other property. The present cash capital is $50,000, 91, with Deposits Notes and Premiums of $125,000, which is invested in Bank and other stocks, Mortgages on real estate, and loans on collateral security. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property insured at reasonable rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 42 1-2 Central street.

C. B. COBURN, President.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy18tf

DR. JANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Diseases from a disordered Liver, such as Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Headache; Flux, Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Constipation; Costiveness; Piles; Giddiness and Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Colic, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervousness, Hypochondria, or Blues; Female Complaints, all arising from a disordered stomach, and all diseases that can be cured. Everybody needs this medicine, and should have it. Prepared and sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

This name sometimes is also put up in a more common bottle, containing 25 cents worth. Be sure and get Root and Herb Bitters, a beautiful cathartic, manufactured only by DR. JANGLEY & CO., Boston and Price. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Sold in Lowell by A. P. WARREN, C. C. SAWYER & CO., GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

DEBOIS, JR., Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1m* mar29eow

The Great English Remedy

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known medicine is no impostition; but a genuine and reliable remedy for those difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and is confidently recommended as a sure and safe remedy for the married or single, after all other means have failed; and, although containing iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$5 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will secure a package containing over 80 pills, by return mail

Sold by A. P. WARREN, C. C. SAWYER & CO., and Druggists. 1y20

PERFECT DIFFUSION FROM COUGH IN THE THROAT, BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

Sufferers can now be given to some of the celebrated Physicians and numerous individuals in this country who have used the above remedy with the best of success, for various cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, Sore Throat, &c. &c. The success of this medicine has attained to various cases, where the members of the ca-e have been given over by physicians to die, and a certainty of the efficacy of a medicine is required by all who are afflicted with any disease of the throat or lungs. Although city recently introduced in this vicinity, the demand for it has been unprecedented, and orders be placed to the agency by those who have given it a fair and impartial trial.

Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL BLODGE, Jr.

FIRE INSURANCE.

ÆTNA Insurance Co,

Hartford, Conn

Incorporated 1819.

Cash Capital..... $1,500,000
Surplus..... $700,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.

Incorporated 1810.

Cash Capital..... $500,000
Surplus..... $500,000

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital and Surplus..... $250,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

SPRINGFIELD.

Capital and Surplus....$225,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other reliable Companies. Policies written on Dwelling Houses and their contents for three years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEO. RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEO. RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 18 Appleton Block, Central street, Lowell.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED!

The Knickerbocker Stock and Life Insurance Company,

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.

Contingent Fund, $253,912.29.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 96 100 per cent.

Policies issued on the most favorable terms, combining first class Fire Insurance with the benefits of Life Insurance, at the cheapest rates of premium consistent with safety to the insured.

Applications may be made to the Agent at Lowell, or to the Company at their office in New York.

JOHN H. GOURLIE, President.
JOHN H. WILSON, Secretary.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via, any of the through lines, at the lowest rates. Also tickets for Inland Navigation, Steamers, Propellers, Lake and Grand Trunk Railroad.

H. W. BECKETT, Agent,
Telegraph office, Merrimack & Street Depot.

may11

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

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Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy18tf

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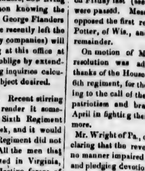
Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL BLODGE, Jr.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is unquestionable by peril if she will read enough to understand the nature of her disease, and the remedy which will cure her. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the same formula which the Physician, CONSTITUTE LADIES' FRIEND, have been used in his extensive practice with unparalleled success. They are a safe remedy—immediately relieve suffering—and restore to health from relentless or suppressing. They act like a charm in Fevers, and in all Inflammatory Diseases. Each box contains full directions, and are the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered for Female Complaints.

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Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are prepared in such a manner that they can be taken by the most delicate female without exposure. They will in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

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There is one condition of the female system in which Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS should not be used. It is during PREGNANCY. The conviction referred to by PHYSICIANS and MIDWIVES, that MEDICINE is in its irresistible tendency if the medicine to restore suppressed menstruation, is a fallacy. Miscarriage is the inevitable consequence, and the health of the patient is endangered.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are sold by all of the Agents. Pills sent by mail, promptly, on receiving price in any form desired.

Sold by Agents in Lowell, Mass., and by Druggists throughout the United States and Canada.

June 6, 1861. 1m*

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT WILL BE AS WELL AS

HEIMSTAEET'S

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Alotherasties and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY ARTICLE WORTH USING FOR THE HAIR AND BODY,

THAT IS WARRANTED TO RESTORE

LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND THAT PRODUCES

HAIR OF NATURAL COLOR,

AND A CLEAN SCALP,

NO MATTER WHAT HAS BEEN USED.

Read an Agent every statement.

Matthew Marc, Jan 20 1858.

Messrs. W. E. Hagan & Co.—Gentlemen: I have used Heimstaeet's Inimitable Hair Restorative for three or four years, with much satisfaction to myself, and have recommended other articles in the market, but yours has the decided preference with me. I have used it for my children from infancy and it has given them a fine head of hair, and retained it in a healthy condition. Several ladies have called on me to know what I used on my children's hair, and I am yours very truly.

R. R. EMMONS.

FULL ACCOUNTS.

W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, have the pleasure and best Hair Restorative in our market would give a full account of the many cures effected by it.

There is no other so good testimony for an article than the voluntary statements of those who have used it. They use its use in hundreds of cases. On application we will furnish pamphlets containing a few of the many certificates received.

Heimstaeet's Restorative

WILL LEND TO THE NATURAL COLOR

THE HAIR OF ALL PERSONS,

Whose age or sickness has turned it gray, and that it will not stain the skin or soil linen.

Sold by all Druggists. M. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Sole Agents. ap27d&w1y

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye!

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

IN USE.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. If you have used them, you have had sufficient proof of their worthlessness. This is WORTH THOUSANDS to you. It restores GRAY HAIR to its original color, without the least injury to the hair or the health, leaving it soft, pliable, and glossy. It is the only Dye that acts on Nature, and in a manner that defies detection. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay st., New York. Labels altered to 81 Barclay st.

apr6 1y

MARRIAGES.

In Lowell, July 20th, by Rev. Chester Field, Mr. George E. Bailey to Miss Ellen E. Endless, both of Lowell.

DEATHS.

In Chelmsford, July 19th, Miss Lydia Saler, aged 69 years. [New Hampshire papers please copy.]

Willow Dale—Tyng's rond,

THIS popular resort has been greatly improved during the past season, and is now unsurpassed in beauty of scenery and variety of its amusements. Boats for pleasure parties can be had at all times, and the grounds are free from the annoyance of intoxicating beverages. Refreshments can be had on the ground at reasonable charges.

Willow Dale is easily accessible by the Lowell and Nashua Railroad, and by the Tyng road, which is in excellent condition for carriages.

Parties wishing to engage the grounds for picnics, will please call on the subscriber, at his residence, on Tyng road, or address him at Lowell.

jy20d1m* JOHN BUTTERFIELD.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

ALWAYS RELIABLE. ALWAYS GIVES RESULTS.

New York, September 15, 1852.

☞ This is to certify that my child, three years old, was troubled with worms some six months. I had tried several kinds of medicine, but none of them done any good; and it was my misfortune to hear Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Brothers, of Pittsburgh, Pa., which I gave her the contents of one bottle, which brought from her a very large quantity of worms, but they were so completely cut to pieces it was impossible to count the number, which brought her to health, and she is now, lately restored to health. I therefore take pleasure in recommending it to parties, I would say to the afflicted parents, that of this valuable medicine constantly in your house, as I have known many children to die suddenly from the effects of worms. It also will unfrequently happens that children troubled with worms, have a bad cough, which is often caused unnecessarily, by the irritation of worms. Therefore, I say again, keep it always in the house, and you will never be without a means of saving life; and at any rate it will save physicians' bills. MRS. LANE,

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jy20eow 1y 127 FLEMING BROS.

SEWING MACHINES.

☞ E. LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the public to our new

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
VIGOR,
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—After we the pioneers and established a reputation as the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced. This may seem incredible, but it is fall in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *with our a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *that any model*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Beware of Imitations! *Each genuine bottle* bears the signature of the inventor, and is *re-fused* unless purchased direct from *Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S CHEMICAL DEPOT FOR MEDICINAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

If *This Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature, and any MAN or WOMAN, who is a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his advice and counsel in person. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, communications for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, will find such one conducive to health.

PARTICULAR CAUTION.

If In three days of medical imposition, when men assumed to be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine or anatomy, presume cannot be too careful to whom they apply, before at least they have consulted some one who is capable, and to those who make the *greatest pretensions*. Advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are *empirics*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their high sounding titles and boasting lists traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. If Dr. N. will send *free*, by enclosing stamps as above, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally; also Circulars giving full information, *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, and a treatise on *Spermatorrhœa*, one of the most frightful and destructive diseases of the human race, which is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

If Dr. Mattison is the only PHYSICIAN physician who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both as to HONESTY and his SKILL IN HIS CARE and cures. LETTERS TO THE PARTS; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. Mattison, box 1,020, Providence, R. I.

sep28 1y

FARMS FOR SALE.

By PERLEY PARKER Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

To sell or exchange for a good Farm, a beautiful place on Tenth street (Mount Pleasant), of one acre of land, with a good house, containing fruit and ornamental trees. The buildings are a good two story house, barn and shed, with hard and soft water; the location good, the view the hills of Western Virginia. Mr. Lee will show a piece of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely to grow; and in a few days there was a fine crop of silky, as though just from the hands of a French chaneponer. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get your fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to tell more than that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Those who have used Wood's Hair Restorative will find all the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement at all that is invented to be, and more than it is represented to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is invariably known to all who use it, lime or guano on exhausted land, it brings up new and very stiff and vigorous hair. Most and a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your above. LETTERS TO THE PARTS; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

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Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid *the pain* attendant upon the above unpleasant complaint.

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BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR—I send you a statement, which I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For fourteen years past my hair has been turning considerable grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unlively. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your above. LETTERS TO THE PARTS; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

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CUTLERY CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Pocket and Table Cutlery, with sets of ivory, also Carving Knives and Forks, Steels, Razors, Scissors &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city to select from, at

H. S. HAYNES',

46 Merrimack

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT A. MANSUR'S.

TEN tons Mapes's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime;
" " Mapes's Superphosphate of Lime;
" " Bone Dust; Super Phosphate of Lime;
" " Peruvian Guano; warranted genuine
" " Soluble Pacific Guano;
" " Nitrate Soda; Sulphate Potash; Epsom Salts; Muriate Potash; Sulphate Soda; Wood Ashes; Plaster; Bone Meal, Sulphuric Acid, &c.

A. MANSUR,

139 Central street

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages. Boys' Tip Carts, Toy Carts, Rocking Horses, Velocipedes, and Portable Folding Swings, something entirely new—which will be sold cheap by H. S. HAYNES, 46 Merrimack st.

may17

K GLOVE CLEANER—Expressly made for Preparation for cleaning Kid Gloves without the use of water. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts.

may17

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new composition for the Face, Neck, completely eradicates in a refreshing manner, Freckles, and Imparting the Complexion without friction, and Imparting the Complexion without friction, and Imparting the Complexion without friction. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts.

may17

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Address Cards, Bill Heads, Programmes, Tickets, Blanks, Cards, Labels, Envelopes, Printing Presses, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions, Auction Bills, Printers' Type Flutes, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl over face and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE,
E. W. HYDE. } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order an

FOR PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, *Ornamented* and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 26, 1860. sep26

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in all varieties.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 d1f

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A FARM! Best assortment of YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

F A R M E R S
FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Shipp Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Lowest Cash Prices.

No. 43 Market Street, by

S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION—Eugenie's Preparations for the Complexion, Eugenie Flower Lotion, Eugenie Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Eugenie Cosmetique, Eugenie Rouge, Eugenie Pearl Powder, Eugenie Toilet Soap, for sale at S. RIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

may23

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE at will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S No. 23 Central st., Lowell.

may7

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

J. HOGUE, Sr. (Grocer, Port) Glass Brass, Gold & Silver Steel, Britannia Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, &c., &c., would inform the public that he has made a great saving of labor, Paint, however useful by its use, will have reason to regret when it is too late. If Dr. N. will send *free*, by enclosing stamps as above, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally; also Circulars giving full information, *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, and a treatise on *Spermatorrhœa*, one of the most frightful and destructive diseases of the human race, which is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

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"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT. AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONCLUSION OF THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, or any other form, is instantly subdued by the use of "What *Wonderful Unity!* What a Great Blessing."

Our advice to all sufferers is to try

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold, Wholesale and Retail, by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; H. E. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by dealers generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 15, 1861. feb18dly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,187,153 85
Assets Jan. 1, 1861, 1,840,109 19
Losses paid, 1,611,045 53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the management has in existing years divided the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet future contingencies.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Class and Most Reliable Stocks, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its only Agency is kept by its sole Proprietors, Evans Tuttle & Swaim City Bank.

The interest part of its assets, is large.

The premium of the Company is confined exclusively to the lives most of Lives.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to be annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, with Profits, are payable in Cash, Notes, Bills, and endorsed Notes, at the option of the insured, per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to add the insured in settling their premiums, or they may be drawn in Cash, reserve the dividends in cash, when received, and allow five per cent. Interest on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7777 Policies in force, yet an increase in the number of persons insured evidences more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution mean thoroughly secured, and can be sold for the time connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

The Company declared a dividend of *fifty per cent.* on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Sts.

mar

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH CHINA DINING SETS.

The above assortments of goods are entirely new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than ever before. Call and see them at

S. RIDDER, Jr.'s,

Corner Merrimack and John sts.

mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve is now offered to the public after the great piety of the world's intelligence. It is a sure remedy for Piles, Fever Sores, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises and purifying sores. It causes the burning pain to cease in a few hours, and in a few days the sore or the tumor ceases to cause the annoyed by chafing.

The Golden Salve is the sun ten years, with treatment with discretion.

It relieves the distress mother when her bosom is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head of children.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It destroys the itch, ringworm and pimples.

It moderates tendons.

It heals all scrofulous sores.

It fights against blisters and cancers.

It cures the worst cases of sore throat, and does! WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

You may be rid of poor sores and chilblains.

For all pleurisy accidents use it.

For all sore throat, quinsy, use it.

For all sore throat, quinsy, use it.

For all sore nipples use it.

For all sore throat, quinsy, use it.

Every where it goes, south, north, east, west, and Atlantic ocean, it is the best remedy for all the distressing, suffering flesh requires in hogs while the Golden Salve is used.

All its works speak its praises. It has the highest testimonials from the most eminent physicians, and from the most distinguished men in the country. It has been manufactured, and the medical profession; from the most distinguished men in the country. It has been manufactured, and the medical profession; from the most distinguished men in the country. It has been manufactured, and the medical profession;

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, July 23, 1861.

THE FEELING. From all quarters comes up a feeling that the repulse of the Federal army in Virginia shall not for a moment check the purposes of the Government.—Every one sees the necessity of the most prompt and vigorous action, and more than ever are there evidences that the people will to sustain all the measures inaugurated by the President to crush out the rebellion, however formidable it may be.—The question is not asked, Who is accountable for the repulse of our troops? or who has blundered? But the fact that we have experienced a repulse is acknowledged, and the disposition now seems to be, to take immediate steps to retrieve what we have lost. One or two New York papers (the *Tribune* for one—a dangerous sheet now, if never before) is unmercifully severe on the President and cabinet, attributing to them the cause of the defeat, in neglecting to secure the presence of a larger force,and in giving the management of the campaign into the hands of inexperienced, ambitious men. It is a few days since that the *Tribune's* war-cry was "On to Richmond!" and its assumption of what was necessary and practible, was then as presumptuous as now it is severe upon the defeat of the first onward movement urjust and uncalled for. The hostility of Greeley to one of the members of the President's cabinet, "leavens" and tones the *Tribune*, and it is seen nearly as much to demoralize the people as any of the few prints in the free States that sympathize with the rebels.—But the people now have but few journals and petty jealousies in this matter.—They are rallying with new vigor in every free State, and eventually the apparent defeat of last Sunday will be changed into a glorious triumph of our arms. Not one discouraging remark have we heard; every one was saddened by the repulse we sustained, but all are confident of the final consummation of the purposes of the Government.

THERE seems to be a general disposition to attribute the repulse of the Federal army to Gen. Patterson, who was expected to engage Gen. Johnston's command, and keep him from joining Beauregard at Manassas Junction. This Patterson failed to do; the rebels were consequently reinforced, and finally one of the best Generals in the service, Gen. McDowell, was compelled

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD, THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS *MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.* IT IS PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. See what OTHERS SAY OF IT. A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1865.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1854, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not only prevented it from dandruff. I do not imagine to fatin there mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already; and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, or I have taken pride and pipe-are in recommending your Restorative. and establishing in others it as my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; stating that it was all and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some other article, and to be as good as yours, and were selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that such articles can be sold to the prejudice of so reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough with one act of swindling to let it notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, even to mistaking some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, persons almost too careful to whom they applied, before at least making some enquiry and obtaining a relation to those who made the *greatest pretensions.* Answering in every instance, in nine cases out of ten, *impostors*, and if you allow yourself to be misled by their *false statements*, and go be blinded into traps set for you, without making any enquiry, you will have reason to regret when it is too late. If Dr. M. will send *free*, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet, entitled AN DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, also Circulars giving full information, *with the most unsolicited reference and testimonial*, which will convince the most skeptical of the superiority of our remedies. Yours, &c.,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 30, 1859.

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K'OLOVE CLEANSER.—Ingersoll's Inodorous Preparation for instantly cleaning Kid Gloves of any color. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of Jackson street. dec27

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for the Toilet, completely effacing from the complexion Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. tuly27

(Copyright secured.)

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Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

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greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too rapid* increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail—a *rare case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in two forms—one different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express to any part of the U. S. or the country.

No. 1—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember, this medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, to which no remedy *equal to the kind* has ever been *tried in vain*; *also that it is warranted as represented in* EVERY INSTANCE, or the price *will be refunded.* ☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted *genuine* unless purchased of the Sole Agent, who offers Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 39 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN AND WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving the *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly CONFIDENTIAL, and medicines sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Many unprincipled pretenders to this specialty are daily imposing upon the afflicted by false statements, and publishing certificates of cures, which are *entirely fictitious*, and *IN EVERY COLOR.*

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

☞ Envelopes printed with a good style of *pearl our face and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—in packs and in boxes to suit purchasers.

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
E. W. HERE. }

MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglining and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Moulding for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made to order, repaired, Canes & Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may30

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

F R Y
L E C
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R A
F O
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E T
D O
R E

FROM THE BARGE

EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 45 Market Street, Lowell.

S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Premium Rouge, Eugenie's Liquid Rouge, Orange Flower Cream, Compression or Bath of Beauty, Physical Liquid Vinaigre, Eugenie's Vinaigre de Toilette, Eugenie Balm, for sale by E. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets. dec27

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE should call at the Great Tea and Coffee Store, *Orton Gold Silver, Med. Britannia* Ware, &c.—Also articles in great variety at Orton's Tea Store, cheap, and a great saving of from 5 to 10 cents per pound, by calling at the Great Tea and Coffee Store. Prepared only by E. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts. dec27

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete removal of Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches and Tan. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack corner of John st. may2

THE PARAGON UMBRELLA,

A new and superior article, with a spring attachment, the lightest and strongest Umbrella ever offered to the public.

All colors and sizes; 12 received per express. BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.

sep13

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, when all other remedies, as well as *cutting*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been in use in New England some 25 years, and from its equal has never been discovered. It can be relied upon to entire satisfaction. Prepared only by E. KIDDER, Jr., Corner Merrimack and John streets. Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Law cases, Catalogues, Circulars, Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, Bye-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Monumental Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Butchers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored papers.

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E. W. HERE. }

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH KEEPS ITS RENOWN AS THE BEST OUTDOOR CURE OF THE AGE.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT — THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases, *Internal and External*. What *Wonderful Relief! What's Great Blessing!!* Our advice to all sufferers is to

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach *of all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

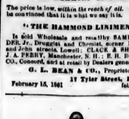
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is Sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLACK & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. S. POLLEYS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 13, 1861. feb13dly



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well assorted Stock of White Gold

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated Ware, Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING'S, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS.

of every description, for lighting Factories Halls, Churches, Stores and Dwellings. Also for Sale at the Lowest Market Prices.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices to all purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of Lamps.

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line can find a large assortment to examine our assortment, being assured that the prices and quality will be found satisfactory, and the facilities we enjoy for pursuing on the most favorable terms to meet the views of purchasers to the benefit of our customers.

☞ "The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to me, and soliciting a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I remain, as ever, yours to serve.

Before making selections elsewhere.

E. RIDDER, Jr.

Corner Merrimack and John sts.

Lowell, March 1, 1861. mar1

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

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THE HAMMOND LINIMENT — THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

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WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases, *Internal and External*. What *Wonderful Relief! What's Great Blessing!!* Our advice to all sufferers is to

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Before making selections elsewhere.

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Lowell, March 1, 1861. mar1

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactories a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above goods are selected with many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold at wholesale or retail at the lowest cash prices. Please call and examine before purchasing.

45 Merrimack street,

mh15 Lowell, Mass.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

stood News to the Suffering Millions.

Tan Golden Salve has now a verdict of thousands of witnesses, that it is the best remedy in the world for Piles, Burns or Sores.

It overcomes burning sensation the moment it is applied, and heals without a scar or sore. It cleans the crying of the child, and gives rest to the mother. It lifts the old man off from his crutch, who is afflicted with rheumatism.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It is the greatest remedy of the age for healing sores.

It eliminates the indescribable pain of Piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It heals the scald.

It is a certain remedy for cancers.

It relieves all chronic inflammations, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

It is the only remedy that will not contract, but cure eyes may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of poor sores and chilblains.

It is a certain remedy for corns.

For chafing it warms weather one is.

It is a certain remedy for tetter.

For sore nipples it is a boon.

For soft joints and lame sore use it.

For sore throat it is a remedy.

It is a certain remedy for burns, scald, wens, sore to distant citizens, its virtues are acknowledged. The following testimonials from persons in this city and vicinity, testifying to the truth of the above statements, are respectfully submitted:

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as a pleasure to state to you the following circumstance, which you are at liberty to use as you may think proper. For the past year, a lawyer has been badly sore upon his nose, which has resisted the skill of the best physicians in this city. He has used a great many remedies for the "Salve," which he tried very much incredulously, and he now has a handsome face instead of a sore one. I have also used it in my family with the most satisfactory results. I am glad to say that I have a great deal of confidence in your Salve.

Yours, &c.,

W. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Phillips, Me., Dec. 12th, 1863.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as a pleasure to state to you the following circumstance, which you are at liberty to use as you may think proper. For the past year, a lawyer has been badly sore upon his nose, which has resisted the skill of the best physicians in this city. He has used a great many remedies for the "Salve," which he tried very much incredulously, and he now has a handsome face instead of a sore one. I have also used it in my family with the most satisfactory results. I am glad to say that I have a great deal of confidence in your Salve.

Yours, &c.,

THOMPSON BURBINE.

The undersigned would say that he has the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my wife's eyes, which were entirely blind, and had been so for two years, by the use of your Salve. I am satisfied that it is the most valuable remedy in the world for sore eyes, and I recommend it to all who are afflicted as an agreeable. S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes. Price, Large Bottles, $1; Medium, 50 cents; Small, 25 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Traders in Medicines. Be sure to enquire for two dollars a bottle; the large bottle contains three times as much as the small bottle. Sold by

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market street, Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. T. BILLINGS, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. may29

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CASE BASKETS,

CARTOON, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,

BUTTER COOLERS,

AND A GREAT VARIETY OF SUPERIOR ARTICLES.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES

PINS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, STUDS, GUARD BUTTONS,

NAPKIN RINGS, SPOON HOLDERS,

PENCILS, TOOTH PICKS, CRUCIBLES AND CREAM

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLED TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES.

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold at

LOW PRICES.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable styles of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18dly

FRENCH CUTTER HATS. 2½ and 3 inches deep, of a superior quality, just received from the manufactory at

BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.

sep19

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as those of all the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing stitch so in market, to the fine or coarse sewing, and to every variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Mar seilles without stopping, and make any y stitch, coarse, fine or fancy, and even sew from fine gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. Is not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machines, or to commence our large stamp.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines, make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction or more easily understood.

The operation of these Machines, wherever sold, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair at Camden, N. J., 1860, and have taken the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, (September, 1860,) the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 9.—We warrant every machine we issue, (generally whenever properly operated,) to give perfect satisfaction in every case of sewing machines. But we have space for only a few of the facts, which we deem important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine, or we will return money if

Machines, Needles, Oil, Silk, Cotton, and all kinds of Trimmings, constantly on hand.

Agents wanted in every town in the United States, to whom liberal inducements will be offered.

Office and Salesroom, 538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

FINKLE & LYON.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient stimulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—impurity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, by stimulation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz.: Impure Circulation, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to stagnate?

Our answer is based upon a result of many years study among scientific and medical men, and numerous experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry. In the end we have the satisfaction of knowing we have derived increase in knowledge to make this great discovery.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark that as the planets move in their orbits, so also all vegetable life is governed by certain abso-lute laws, as animal life is traceable to a fixed cause which remove or destroy, and death, the effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood will show them to be composed of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The iron we invite, by a know its action, to very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen then is the life principle of the world, evolves or emits electricity.

Electricity then is consistent with a mass, as fixer, sources it to contract.

There fore when practicable, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the blood. Iron, then, is the great tonic, and dosing in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits electric action, commencing in its test with the lowest extent, and gradually increasing as it spots the blood and sends it ring ing through the system, imparting to it the vitality it needs.

Iron, then, is the great tonic, and the only remedy we know to restore the

LOST VITALITY

of the system. Hence, it will be seen that the principle of strength, upon which all Life Premiums are based, is important that those connected with it should call the attention of their appointments to the above remedy.

This Company have declared a dividend of 42per cent. on all policies issued for life prior to July 1st, 1860, which insured renders more certain the principle of strength, upon which all Life Premiums are based, is important that those connected with it should call the attention of their appointments to the above remedy.

Applications for insurance may be made to

E. C. GOODWIN, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack st.

mar7

THE

INLY PREPARATION

having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Stationery, Ledgers, Diaries, Physicians of the medical profession, and Druggists, Merchants and Public Generally, that has ever been offered to the public, is the following—Dr. Graefenberg's Vegetable Universal Pills, which are the only pills that have ever been introduced to the world that will

Cure Every Disease

to which the human system is subject, and which are purely vegetable, and can be taken by any person, old or young, male or female, with perfect safety. Dr. O. J. Wood's Graefenberg Vegetable Universal Pills are the only pills that have ever been introduced to the world that will cure every disease

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, July 25, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, a resolution was offered to inquire into the expediency of requiring the oath of allegiance to be administered to each military and naval officer and employee of the Government. The bill to define and punish conspiracy, was reported with a recommendation that it pass. Several bills were introduced and referred.

Mr. Johnson, of Tenn., offered a resolution that the present civil war was waged upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States now in rebellion against the Constitutional Government, and that in this emergency, Congress, banishing all passion and resentment, will only recognize its duty to the whole country; that the war is not waged in any spirit of suppression or subjection or with any purpose of overthrowing the institutions of those States, but to maintain and defend the supremacy of the constitution and laws, and that as soon as this is accomplished, the war ought to cease. Laid over. Adjourned.

In the House, the bills passed authorizing the appointment of an Assistant Secretary of the Navy, to accept the services of 500,000 volunteers and to pay the Federal police of Baltimore. While this last bill was pending, quite a discussion sprung up between Messrs. Stevens, Burnett and Richardson. During the discussion Richardson accused Burnett of helping to produce the disasters and state of affairs by leaving the Democratic party. Mr. Burnett denied the charge and wished for no personal controversy here. He could have one elsewhere if he desired. Mr. Richardson replied in similar terms, great excitement prevailing. Mr. Richardson in the course of his remarks said that Gen. Scott was ready to fight the battles of his country, by the President. The bill for collecting revenue by a direct tax was discussed, and so amended as to provide that the taxes be collected under the superintendence of the Governor of the States.

WHO IS TO BLAME? There is now a very general desire to know who was the immediate cause of the attack on the rebel army at Manassas Junction on Sunday; and everybody is ready to thunder against the unfortunate wretch, whoever he may be if he can be unearthed, although a week ago they might have been condemning the Government, the President, Gen. Scott, and the army generally, for not moving on and attacking the rebels. Almost every body thought there was unnecessary delay and was zealously inquiring when something was to be done. Something has been done, but the result not being favorable, the weather-cocks turn round to receive the wind in another direction. We are not disposed to condemn any one man for the repulse of our army; but we believe there is a class of men who have been "hounding" the Government on to this work, and on them should rest the blame.

The following report of the debate in the House yesterday seems to point to the President as having been anxious for a movement against the enemy:

Mr. Richardson concluded his speech as follows:—I repeat that Gen. Scott has been forced to fight this battle. I will tell the President what other gentlemen told me. My colleague Messrs. Logan and Washburn, and myself, were present with the President, the Secretary of War and General Scott. In this council of war conversation General Scott remarked, I am the biggest coward in the world. I rose from my seat, 'Stop!' said General Scott, 'I will prove it. I will be brought the battle against my judgment, and I think the President is got to come on the field for during it. As God is my judge, for aught, after an interval of silence, I did all in my power to dissuade the man from it, and I never moved because I did not stand up like a Turkish pacha. I stood here to vindicate General Scott. I am indebted to the gentleman from Missouri for the compliment he pays me. I have to say for myself that I stand here the last of my generation, my father and grandfather having been soldiers of the Revolutionary country. I too have fought under its flag at home and abroad and, God willing, I will stand till the end of my life defending its sacred rights.

Mr. Washburne.—As my colleague has referred to Gen. Scott's remarks, he might as well say that the President said.

Mr. Richardson.—I will do so. "Your conversation implies," said the President to Gen. Scott, "that you are afraid of the." To which Gen. Scott replied, "I have never served under a President who has been so much in love than you have been, Sir." But Gen. Scott did not receive the President from the fact of the latter having forced him to the battle. Gen. Scott then yielded command for the President personally. I desire to say of the President that I have known him from boyhood. If you let him alone he is an honest man, (laughter) but I am afraid to him not to be timorous to stand up against the politicians around him.

VERNON POMEROY. Another "no party" State Ticket was nominated in the Green Mountain State yesterday, as follows:—For Governor, Hon. Paul Dillingham, of Waterbury; for Lieut. Governor, Hon. Stephen Thomas, of West Fairlee; for Treasurer, James P. Thurston, of Montpelier—all Democrats. A spirited debate transpired in the afternoon upon the no party issue. The straight Democrats protested too much for the Unionists.

THE NEW TARIFF. The New York *Journal of Commerce* says that the tariff bill, as it passed the House, does not change the duties upon goods in bond (except those which are unclaimed) nor does it affect goods on shipboard bound in. It fixes the duty on coffee at 5c. per lb; tea 10c. per lb; raw sugar 2½c; currents 5c, pepper 6c; raisins 5c; ginger 3c; cloves 6c; salt in bulk, 12c, per 100 lbs.

THE WAR NEWS.

Our exchanges are filled with rumors and incidents connected with the late fight near Manassas Junction. We compile from the flood of much that is mere idle gossip, such as appears of most importance.

It is stated that a flag of truce sent to the rebels on Sunday, and by which it was proposed that we ourselves should go and see to the wounded left upon the field of battle on Sunday, was returned, with the answer that while they would not permit our surgeons and ambulances to come within their lines, they will take as good care as possible of the wounded left by them. From many sources there are evidences that the rebels, during the fight, behaved most savagely toward our wounded, butchering the helpless and defenceless.

Nineteen rebel prisoners were brought into Washington yesterday.

There is nothing to show that Gen. Johnston was injured in the late fight, but it is stated now that he is about to retire to his old position at Winchester. Jeff. Davis was not at Manassas during Sunday.

The Washington *Inquirer* of yesterday morning learns from two intelligent officers of Ellsworth's Zouaves, who arrived in that City Tuesday night, one of whom left Centreville at 4 P. M., and the other Fairfax Court House at noon, that up to that time at these respective points no rebel force had appeared, which would seem sufficiently to indicate that it is no part of their purpose to undertake anything like an advance toward Washington.

Affairs wear a more cheerful aspect.—Fresh troops are continually arriving, and the army begins to be of a desirable character. Baggage wagons and commissariat supplies appear to be as plentiful as heretofore. Altogether, there is a gathering up of army fragments.

Business at the War Department is remarkably heavy. Telegraphic despatches hourly accumulate, the senders tendering troops in surprising numbers. For example, Illinois has offered 17 and Indiana 10 regiments.

Twenty Prussian officers have gone to Washington to offer their services to the government.

A *rumor*. A special dispatch to the *New York Tribune* from Baltimore states that letters received there from Richmond say that Gen. Lee left there on the 18th, with a large force for Lynchburg, on his way to intercept Gen. McClellan's column. This is improbable.

Seventy-five of the *Maine Fifth Regiment*. A special dispatch to the *Portland Advertiser*, from Washington, reports that the Fifth Maine Regiment, Col. Hamlin, fire hundred strong, having 40 killed, 60 wounded and 200 taken prisoners.

Ignorant measures. The most vigorous measures are being adopted by the War Department for a thorough reorganization of the army. Old systems are to be changed to practical modes for the better management of our forces, by providing reliable officers. To this end the Secretary of War issued general orders yesterday that all officers of regiments will be subject to examination by a board of military officers appointed by the Department, with the concurrence of the Commander-in-Chief, as to their fitness for the position assigned them. Those found incompetent to the trust and their positions filled by competent officers that may have passed examination by the military board.

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NEWS FROM THE SIXTH REGIMENT.—The Mayor yesterday afternoon received a telegraph despatch from Col. Jones, saying that the Sixth Regiment would not start for home before the first of August.

A dispatch in this morning's Boston papers states that one hundred or one hundred and fifty of the Sixth Regiment had left the Relay Camp for home. We trust this is not so, but shall not be surprised to find that the report is true. We hope from the tone of a letter received from Relay Camp this morning, that there have existed good reasons for complaint, and that the treatment received has been such if they had refused to have remained a day after the expiration of their time.

A report reached Lowell some ten days ago, that the Sixth had been paid off; this is not so; they have not received a dime; and what is not very complimentary to the Government, it is declared that the soldiers would have gone naked and hungry had it not been for the generous people of Massachusetts," All seem to be uneasy, and dislike remaining long in their camps in Maryland; if they are not to be sent home, they want to get into more active service.

From the letter referred to we learn that the matter was laid before the regiment on Tuesday morning (the day after their time expired). Col. Jones proposed that the regimental roll be called, and all who wanted to go might do so, while those who would stay by the regiment could do so. This was objected to by some, as it would place a portion in the position of being more loyal to the Government than others, while undoubtedly all would have chosen to do their duty, but the circumstances of all were not alike, and must somewhat control their actions. The regiment voted that these should be no roll call.

A committee was then chosen to go to Gen. Banks and ascertain the exact time the regiment would be relieved. Maj. Watson asked if there was any reason why we would leave his post until he was honorably relieved by another force, and was answered, with one voice, no! The committee then went to visit Gen. Banks, and consists of all the captains in the regiment. The result of their interview with Gen. Banks is not known, the letter from which we learn that they had not returned on the morning dated. From all this, it is probable that the regiment is to be relieved the first day of August. We think the report that a part of it is on the way home is not true.

The Sixth is receiving the highest praise from the press all over the country, and we hope, however rough may be their appearance, they will stick together till they can retire with all honors. Should any of them, promptness, and reliability combine will be sure to secure to a body of Massachusetts men in the service of the General Government.

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TO THE WIDOW.

An address on the 19th of the board of one dozen to be "used sunday for life" eminently presented by Frederick Lucius Gay, to Mrs. Lucy Hayes.

Air—"Happy for Life."

In this sad world of care, wherever may be,
Whether on land or sea, whether bond or free,
We will think, while we fasten the lock and the key,
Of the amiable people made happy for life.

Of the amiable people made happy for life,
Without anything else but the mutual consent of husband and wife,
Which is why while hand in hand we pass in our gales,
We a fairy-like form may be escaped in our arms;
Then we'll think of the people made happy for life,
Of the amiable people made happy for life.

And when, dearest, fifteen years have come and gone,
You'll be still sound both the constitution and limb,
We will send both the constitution and limb,
Of the amiable people made happy for life.

ABOUT 200 girls of the Manchester, N. H., Mills, on receiving pay, 37th ult., previous to the stopping of the mills for the present month, were treated to a handsome entertainment, at which several speeches were made.

INDICTED. Marshal Kane, B. W. Owens and Col. J. B. Trimble have been indicted for treason in Baltimore, and Richard Thomas, alias "the French Lady," for piracy.

LEAVES are light, and useless, and idle, and wavering, and changeable; they even dance; yet God has made them part of the oak. In so doing, He has given us a lesson not to deny the steadfastness of duties, because we see the lightsomeness without.

BY J. R. Hind, the English astronomer, in a communication to the *London Times* of July 3rd, says from his observations of the previous night, that the comet's nucleus was 400 miles in diameter, and the tail was nineteen thousand miles in length.

EACH asks the following "cockney conundrum":—"What's the difference between the late Sultan, Abdul Medjid, and his successor, Abdul Aziz?" Answer—The last is an Aziz, but the present Sultan is Abdul Aziz."

WHEN it was suggested to President Lincoln to change the word "sugar-coated" in his message, he said, "no, let it stay it is a word the people use; they will know what it means."

COMMENCEMENT. This is commencement day at Dartmouth and Yale Colleges.

CITY AND VICINITY.

EXAMINATION OF THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS. The examination of the Grammar Schools were continued all day yesterday.

The Bartlett School, as is usually the case, presented a good state of things—The first class in grammar in Mr. Bement's room showed much proficiency, and also read well. In the other exercises the class acquitted themselves to the satisfaction of all present. The classes in the other rooms passed satisfactory examinations, reflecting much credit upon the able corps of teachers. This is one of the first class schools in Lowell, and at no previous time has it been in a more flourishing condition than now. There was a large attendance of spectators. The exercises concluded with brief remarks by Messrs. Odin Nichols, H. M. Hooker, Joshua Merrill and H. W. Kidder, of the School Committee.

In the Green School, of which Mr. Charles Morrill is principal, the reading was of a superior kind. There was none of that affectation which is often put in the listener. The examination in the other studies gave very general satisfaction, though the time was limited, as the pleasant weather occasioned a rush to a selected portion of it. The literary exercises closed with a duett by two little girls, which was listened to with much interest, and one or two patriotic declamations by girls. Closing remarks were made by George Stevens and J. C. Abbott, of the Committee, and Rev. Chester Field. This school loses a valuable teacher—Miss E. C. Tenney, who has been connected with the school for several years. She was presented by the scholars in her division, with a gold pencil case, as a token of their good wishes and esteem.

The examination of the Mann School was highly satisfactory to the subcommittee and associates. The best of order prevailed and good progress was manifested by the little army which has been so long under the charge of Mr. S. A. Chase. The recitations were good, and mittee that such a school could not have an system worthy of emulation. There has been quite an addition to this school since low-rices became depressed in our city, and the number is now about 70 scholars. It is probable that the regiment is to be relieved the first day of August. We think the report that a part of it is on the way home is not true.

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At half-past eleven, we heard Hunter's guns on the opposite height, over a mile to the right. He was answered by batteries in front, and then the loud and sharp, rattling volleys of musketry as their infantry became engaged. The firing was now incessant. Hunter had come upon them suddenly, and formed his line of battle in a open field, at the right of the road. The enemy drew up to oppose him, but he drove them back, and to retreat and followed them up with the greatest vigor and rapidity.

The Sixty-ninth, Seventy-ninth, Second and Fifth New York—the First, Second and Third Connecticut and the Second Wisconsin were brought forward in advances of the wood and marched across the field in front of Col. Hunter's column. They crossed the intervening stream and drew up in line of battle on the ground from Col. Hunter's column by a dense wood, which was filled with the enemy's infantry. Our guns continued to play upon the woods which they or concealed the enemy, and aided materially in clearing them for the advance. Going down to the extreme front of the field, I found the position of Col. Hunter, marked by the constant roar of artillery and the hail of musketry, as he pushed his line forward to the attack. At this time Col. Hunter had been driven them out of the woods and across the road which was the centre of that on which we stood. Here, by the side of their batteries, the rebels had a strong force planted their flag directly in the road, and twice charged across it upon our men, but without moving them. They were met by destructive a fire, and were compelled to fall back in disorder. Gradually the hail of fire passed still further away, till the dense clouds of smoke which marked the position of the enemy's centre at least half a mile to the left of what had been the central position at 11 o'clock.

I was now 2½ o'clock. I was at the advanced point of the front of our column, and looking down the road by which I came, which the few troops then there were drawn up, when I decided to drive back to the town and their position filled by competent officers that may have passed examination by the military board.

Up to noon yesterday nearly 80,000 men have been accepted, and are being marshaled into service all over the North.—Many are now in motion for Washington. The energy and well-directed efforts of the War Department and General-in-Chief have done much to restore confidence.

The rebels carried an American flag during the fight, and when small squads of our troops appeared they fired on them.

Two Georgians, prisoners, say Johnston's division arrived at Manassas Sunday morning, and report that in an attempt to capture Col. Heintzelman's battery their regiment was cut to pieces. They say they fooled Patterson.

The following graphic description of the battle is from the pen of Hon. H. J. Raymond, editor of the *New York Times*:—

Centreville, July 21, 1861.—The battle yesterday was the most severe and sanguinary ever fought on this continent, and it ended in the failure of the attack upon the position of the enemy which they sought to carry, and which they actually did carry, and in their retreat to Manassas Junction, where they have also another strong position.

The attack was made in three columns, two of which, however, were mainly feints, intended to amuse and occupy the enemy while the substantial work was done by the third. It has been my misfortune to witness that the range of hills which border the small swampy stream known as Bull's Run, had been very thoroughly and carefully fortified by the rebels—that batteries had been placed at every available point, usually concealed in the woods and bushes which abound in that vicinity, and that the whole country was a fastness of the region beyond. Until those were carried, it was impossible to make much impression, and after they should be carried others of a similar character would have to be overcome before the line of the Potomac could be reached. Gen. McDowell was unwilling to make the attack directly in face of these batteries, as it would be of doubtful issue, and must inevitably result in a very serious loss of life.

On Saturday the troops were all brought down by up to Centreville—and all needful preparations were made. Col. Hunter, who was intended for the next day—Saturday morning, at five, with his army marched—by two roads—Col Richardson's column commanding taking the southern, which lead to Bull's Run, and Gen. Tyler the northern, running parallel to it at a distance of about a mile and a half. The movement commenced at about three o'clock. I took the road by which Col. Hunter, with his command, and Gen. McDowell and staff, had gone, and passed the cavalry for about five miles. It is hilly all the surface of this section. After going about five miles, you come to a pond, down which the road, running through a forest, descends; then it proceeds by a series of rising and falling knolls for about a quarter of a mile—then it crosses a stone bridge and then ascends by a steady slope to the heights beyond. At the top of that slope the rebels had planted heavy batteries, and the woods below were filled with their troops and with concealed cannon. We proceeded down the road to the first of the small knolls mentioned, when the whole column halted. The 30-pounder Parrott gun, which has a longer range than any other in the army, was planted

HARLEY'S TEAM. We mentioned yesterday the fact that John Hadley, livery stable keeper, on Worthen Street, had been visited by a rogue, who drove away one of his best teams, and failed to return with it. Bills were printed and sent away by the early trains from Lowell describing the horse, chaise, harness and the rogue. The team was taken Tuesday afternoon and about three o'clock yesterday morning it was found in the road, near Ballardvale, driving at a furious rate in this city, and in the forenoon was brought back to Lowell. Mr. Hadley's name on the robe, led to the identification and recov

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See what
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A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to testify to the wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks more there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known abroad; and even more wonderful cures, tried without the benefit of its application, and published in the newspapers of the times, for the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effectsup my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by testing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at just half the price. I have known two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation for the reason that a bad one has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these substance have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, sore head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and hair are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned by some means you had gone to New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,747, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to for the use of it. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and changing to white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was some fiction than truth about them, entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased of your small bottles, at retail, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now not a patch or head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair is coming out very fine and soft as silk, and fine, and feels as oily, as though just from the hands of a French chaupeuse. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Leslie, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment, which cannot be obtained by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we could point to many cases with every desired result, and to others where it has been a forerunner of all who have tried it, we therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine nostrums which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray should avail themselves of it.—*Salem Dem.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its youthful color. When the roots had become almost lifeless because of sickness, the use of this article has restored to it a beautiful color, and given it a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are known to be scientifically combined and entirely free from impurities, which operate so injuriously on the hair. It also has curative properties of another description. In any case where there are diseased conditions of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard of experiment in a trial of this remedy, and if directions can only be beneficial, as the compound is of a kind to secure a healthier improvement, it is incapable of doing harm, active ingredients. Its recommendation is merit.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A Genuine Book. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of all articles that claim to be unadulterated in the composition and in ability to do positive effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the sometine qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Its effect upon a head bereft of hair is universally known to be magical. Like lime or guano on exhausted land, it starts a fresh crop wherever applied. Our own thatch is deplorably bald; but we shall be the first to seek and appear growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia (Miss.) Democrat.*

All Hair Dyes Abandoned—Wood's Great Alterative, or Hair Restorative.

This article is not to be classed with the many humbugs that are so numerous no chemist, who knows anything, can be ignorant of the fact that humbug has never been reached. His fame is sudden and world wide, and those who have seen any one of the many bald-faced men, who have gone to the edge or been told for years are now, through the use of his great remedy, restored to a luxuriant and luxuriant head of hair. So much for the remedy, which will be sold wholesale and retail by Jerrems & Co.

K. J. GLOVE CLEANER.—Jouvin's Instruction Preparation for cleaning kid gloves without ripping. Sold by all druggists. Depot 577 Broadway, N. Y. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for the Toilet, completely effectious in annihilating Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by all Toilet, &c., Merrimack and John sts. mo17

THE LATEST.

INDIA PASTE, and the Anderson Hat, now styles just out, at
jan29 BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *unmarried and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly *sickness* in one to three days of attention from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly sickness, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any* case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in *any case*.—☞It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *securely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember!* *This medicine is Couched expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ *This Specialty* embraces all diseases of a *Private* nature to which MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience. Those addressing him by Letter—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, to Canada and to patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when even assassins be physicians, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful to whom they apply. Many a life, at least many some anxiety, and especially in cruisin the things of the eternal world, is sacrificed by unskilled pretenders. Dr. Mattison, in addition to having years of experience, is a graduate of the Medical College of the State of New York, and has been for many years a member of the Medical Society of the County of Kings, and of the Medical Society

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, July 26, 1861.

WAR MATTERS.

The last battle. A dispatch to the *New Orleans Picayune* says that the rebels had over 100,000 men in the battle at Bull's Run.

The First Minnesota regiment appears to have suffered the most severely of any on the field, it being ascertained sixty-six were killed and one hundred are yet missing. The men are undaunted and ready again for action. There are ten thousand rebel troops at Fairfax. The rumors that Gen Johnston was killed are said to be confirmed.

The *New York Post*'s special Washington dispatch says:—There are now only 200 of the Fire Zouaves to be accounted for. The regiment is 900 strong.

Mr. Dawes, a member of Congress from Massachusetts, found among the rebel prisoners a young friend who graduated at Williams College, and also another prisoner who graduated at Harvard. When Mr. Dawes told the former what his pursuits in Massachusetts and about him, he cried like a child.

A special Washington dispatch to the *Post* says that the Government holds Colonel Miles responsible for the disaster of Sunday. He commanded the reserves, and it is reported was negligent at a critical moment. He is now under arrest and will be tried by court martial.

Gen. Patterson gives as a reason for not coming to the support of McDowell, that Johnston had received large reinforcements, amounting to 30,000 Confederates and 3000 Virginians, while his force was less than 20,000, and to avoid being cut off he fell back, and occupied Harper's Ferry.

Jeff. Davis, in a communication to the Southern Congress, reports the rebel loss to be 3000; and a Union man, who has arrived at Philadelphia from the South, states that the rebel loss is between three and four thousand. The Black Horse cavalry, the crack regiment of Virginia, was most terribly cut up on the grass.

Cause of the Panic. The origin of the panics is by one more authority stated to have originated with the teamsters—

It appears that when the weight of the accession force made it necessary to fall back, the army wagoners, for confidence of their horses, turned and made a charge. They were repulsed with heavy loss by the Maine boys, who succeeded in capturing the flag, all covered with the blood of their enemy."

HON. ARDEN BURLINGAME is said to have accepted the position of minister to China.

THE ABBOTT GRITS. The following letter was received from the commander of the Abbott Grays this morning. The envelop bears the postmark of "Harper's Ferry, July 23rd," which leads us to suppose that the mails are regularly dispatched from that place. It is probable that the friends of the company could communicate by mail. The Soldiers' Aid Association are making arrangements to send a bag regularly to this company, as they have to the others since they left the city, and if successful public mention of the fact will be made.—

HARPER'S FERRY, Va.: July 20th, 1861.

WM. G. WEST, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—I write you at the earliest opportunity, in accordance we made with your kind request. Cleaned the Soldiers' Aid Society that the men are in need of nothing at present without it he towels. We are ontached from Gen. Patterson's division and stationed at Harper's Ferry—to hold this important post. This situation is delightful in every respect, and nothing mars our enjoyment of it but the huge mass of ruins below us, formerly constituting the United States works, and the very room-for prospect of a fight. I think the men would be pretty badly scared if they could only once be attacked by the rebels. They are actually spoiling for a fight.

It would confer a great favor upon the men if the people of Lowell would only send some Lowell and Boston newspapers, because they rarely have a chance to have the news here. Such a present as a parcel of newspapers would be most gratefully received, and as we are in direct railroad communication with Baltimore, it will be very easy to get them here. There is no sickness and the men are very happy in fine health. I shall be stationed for a month or two in all probability, and if you will be so kind as to forward any direction given below to be published, so that the friends and relatives of the men can write and send packages to them, I will be considered obliged to you.

Yours very respectfully,
E. G. ABBOTT.

Direction—Capt. E. G. Abbott, Co. A, 26th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, Gen. Patterson's Division, Harper's Ferry, Virginia (or wherever it may then be stationed).

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, a resolution was adopted for a committee of inquiry into the surrender of the navy yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, and the arrangements that led to the evacuation of Harper's Ferry. A resolution to inquire of the President the instructions given to foreign ministers respecting the rebellion was agreed to. The resolution offered by Mr. Andrew, of Tennessee, on Wednesday, was taken up and passed by a vote of 30 to 5, the nays being Breckinridge, Johnson, of Mo., Polk, Powell and Saulsbury, Del. Mr. Andrew would not vote for the resolution, because it asserted that the war was commenced by the rebel Slave States, among the President of which was Andrew Johnson, a State-rights man, who was opposed to the secession movement.

HORACE GREELEY. The "pressure" on Horace Greeley has been so great that he has been compelled to eat "humble pie" through the columns of the *Tribune*, and declare that he was not the author of "On to Richmond" cry, or the articles based upon the mismanagement of the war, which is throwing the responsibility from the editor's shoulders to those of some one yet to be discovered. But in promises that hereafter no *Tribune* shall mind its own business, while he is smoking our editorial comforts, until early autumn, that the confusion and routs are nothing like what was represented in the single-handed struggles who first reached Washington.

Beaux v. Little Rhody. There has been no State so nobly represented in the war against rebellion as Rhode Island. At the battle on Sunday her regiments were conspicuous in the fight—

Governor Sprague and Colonel Burnside commanded the Rhode Island men, who were in the thickest of it. Receiving the first tremendous fires of the enemy they stood it without flinching. Reinforcements poured in at every forward step. When the Georgians knew was sent under him, he shouted "I am now dead, I fought hard for the honor of Rhode Island." Of Colonel Burnside's men the rebels speak in terms of high praise. He seemed to bear a charmed life. Yesterday when he arrived at Willards he was hardly recognized.

The attack of the Black Horse Rangers.

An eye-witness of the battle has given the following description of the charge and rout of a celebrated cavalry company of Virginia:—

"At this point of affairs several had that incident of the battle which will carry grief to hundreds of firesides in Virginia. They were at the battle and early moving his head sideways. All at once a secession cavalry officer, riding a splendid gray horse, spurred up and contemptuously passed the supposed slain Zouave when the latter raised his head and then his rifle and brought the officer to the ground like a squirrel. The Zouave sprang to his feet, and recaptured his former position.

Contests in the fight. One account says that "the Marseillaise Regiment of Volunteers, Gen. Patterson's Division, Harper's Ferry, Virginia (or wherever it may then be stationed).

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See what OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

C. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was falling fast, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I too well aware they are all well known abroad, and even more wonderful cases throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, seeing their hair fall and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, to public satisfaction, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles advertised in your papers which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will resort to such impositions

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, July 27, 1861.

GEN. SCOTT'S PLAN. The following appeared in yesterday's *New York Times*, as editorial. How the writer has access to the dinner-table conversations of General Scott of course we are not able to say, but we have reasons for believing that his views are certainly to some extent expressed in the article which we give below. They seem practical, and if Scott had his way at once, we have no doubt he would have progressed much farther than has the Government, with its army of persuasive forces and advisers, against the rebellion. It says many as did in great rival, the *Tribune*. Now that the country is quite awake to the evils of interference on the part of the blatant demagogues with the management of the army, we hope some explanation will be given as why Wool, Harney, Anderson, and others here, have been laid on the shelf, and a parcel of politicians and greenhorns crowded into the front in this contest. If the men named, with all their valuable experience, are disposed to serve their country, why have they been laid on the shelf? We hope or an explanation.

But to the *Times'* article on the plans of Gen. Scott:—

On the Tuesday preceding the battle, Gen. Scott, at his own table, in presence of his aids and a score guest classified the whole subject of the war, in all its parts and with the time at clearness and accuracy. He had a distinct and well defined opinion on every point connected with it and stated what his plan would be for carrying it to a close. If the management of it had been left in his hands. The man object of the war he said, was to bring the people of the rebellious States to feel the pressure of the Government; to compel them to return to their allegiance and loyalty. And this must be done with the least possible expenditure of life consistent with the attainment of the object. No Christian nation can be justified, he said, in waging war in such a way as that destroy 50 men when the object of the war can be attained at a cost of 500. Every man killed beyond the number absolutely required, is murdered. Hence he looked upon all shooting of pickets as not contributive to the general result, as to many acts of justifiable homicide.

If the matter had been left to him, he said he would have commenced by a perfect blockade of every Southern port from the Atlantic and the Gulf. Then he would have collected a large force at the capital for defensive purposes, and another large force on the Mississippi for effective operations. The summer months, during which it is madness to take troops south of 36°, Louis should have been devoted to tactical instruction, and with the first frosts of autumn he would have taken a column of 80,000 well disciplined troops down the Mississippi, and taken every important point on that river, New Orleans included. It could have been done, he said, in a very great ease, with less loss of life, and with far less expenditure of money than will be involved in the marching of an army to Richmond. At eight points the river would probably have been defended, and eight battles would have been necessary; but in every one of them success could have been made certain by use of the Mississippi and the Atlantic once ours, the Southern States would have been completely cut off from the usual and inevitable pressure of events, to seek, by a return to the Union, escape from the ruin that would speedily overtake them if not.

This, said he, was my plan. But I am only a subordinate. It is my business to give advice when it is asked, and to obey where what they are given. I shall do so. There are gentlemen in the Cabinet who have as much more ability as I have, and who have far greater influence than I have in determining the plan of the campaign. There never was a more just or truer remark than that the President,—never to me who was more sincerely to promote the interests of the country. But there are men among his advisers who consult their own resentments far more than the dictates of wisdom and experience—and these men will probably ruin the plan of the campaign. I shall do, or attempt what we I am ordered to do. But they must not be held responsible. If I am ordered to go to Richmond I shall endeavor to do it. But I know very well that I have no conception of the difficulties we shall encounter. I am a civilian country,—how amazingly adapted it is to defence, and how resistively and obstinately it will be defended. I would like nothing better than to take Richmond—once it has been organized by becoming the capital of the rebel Confederacy, I feel a resentment toward it, and should like nothing better than to scatter to Congress to the winds. But I have lived long enough to know that human resentment is a very bad foundation for a public policy; and how many gentlemen will live long enough to learn it also, I shall see what I am ordered to do. But when and where I am commanded. But I am not expected to fight. Before I am ready, they shall not hold me responsible. These gentlemen must take the responsibility of the acts, and I am willing to take that of mine. But they must not throw their responsibility upon me.

This is the substance, and very nearly the language of a portion of Gen. Scott's conversation on the occasion referred to. It proves conclusively that he was opposed to the advance upon Richmond by way of Manassas at that time, and also that the Administration was almost certain to overrule his objections and counsels to battle. Taken in connection with what was said in the House of Representatives on Wednesday, it leaves no doubt on the subject.

SINGULAR MISFORTUNE. A singular misfortune befell a young man in Stockbridge, a short time since. A Mr. Hinton, an estimable man, a carpenter, about 28 years of age, from the enjoyment of uniformly good health in eight days became totally blind. He experienced a severe headache for several days, which resulted in the entire loss of the sight of both eyes, without any other apparent injury to them.

WAR NEWS AND RUMORS.

The latest war news. Dispatches from Washington, under date of yesterday, continue to give details of the late fight near Manassas Junction. One correspondent says:—

Although no official returns have yet been sent from the War Department of the loss in killed and wounded, guns, provision-wagons and small arms, in the retreat from Bull's Run, on Sunday, I have it on high military authority that the following is about the list:—

Killed.....800
Wounded, including about one hundred struck but not much injured.....2,000
Wagons with ammunition, provisions, &c.....200
Cannon spiked and left on the battle ground by the enemy, and not since recovered.....17
Small arms dropped, about half of which number have been picked up by ordinary wagons on Monday, Tuesday, &c.....2,000

The loss of the rebels is again put down at 5,000, which is undoubtedly exaggerated. The South Carolina troops were foremost in the contest and suffered largely. Colonel Wade Hampton's cavalry brigade cut down to pieces and the Colonel killed. It was said to be the best body of cavalry enrolled at the South. Monday was a day of mourning in Charleston.

The most exact Reliance reports at Washington that the rebels are erecting batteries on Mathias Point and Aquia Creek.

Ten thousand volunteers have arrived in Washington within the last 48 hours.

Attack war measures in Pennsylvania. Within the ensuing four days two infantry regiments, consisting of ready to fight, public men, thoroughly uniformed and equipped, and mostly regularly drilled in camp instruction for two months, were thrown forward, principally from Harrisburg. The Seventh, a regiment of 1200 cavalry, and a regiment of 1200 cavalry ready for service. They have been accepted by the Secretary of War.

From Fortress Monroe. Last Thursday, Lieut. Crosby took a party of an expedition to Rock River, consisting of 200 men and seven field pieces, upon the propeller Fanny and six launches belonging to the ship of war in the James, and to the Naval Brigade. [Rock River is property an arm of the sea about midway between Old Point and York River.] The expedition was entirely successful. Lieut. Crosby destroyed and burned nine sloops and brought off a valuable prize schooner loaded with bacon, corn and furniture.

Southern armaments. A Richmond dispatch to the *Louisville Mercury* says that Jeff. Davis was in the fight on Sunday.—He commanded the centre, Beauregard the right wing, and Johnston the left.—Some of the rebels represent that they have engaged in the fight was about 40,000, while ours was 80,000, while Davis makes still a different estimate.

A dispatch from Richmond, 22nd says, "Congress met at noon, and after prayers by the Rev. Dr. Hoge, adjourned over to Monday, 10 o'clock."

Manassas Junction, Sunday night.—Night has closed upon a hard fought field. Our forces were victorious. The enemy was routed and fled precipitately, abandoning a large amount of arms, ammunition, knapsacks, and baggage. The ground is strewn for miles with the killed and wounded from houses and the grounds around are strewed with the wounded. Pursuit was continued along the road from Lewis Leesburg and Centreville, until darkness covered the fugitives.

We have captured several field batteries and stands of arms and Union State flags and many prisoners have been taken. The high praise cannot be bestowed whether for skill of our principal officers or for the gallantry of all our troops. The battle was mainly fought on our left. Our force was 15,000, and that of the enemy is estimated at 35,000.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Position of the rebel forces. The *New York Herald's* Washington dispatch says:

Late reports coming from his balloon nearly all the country in the vicinity of Manassas, covered with rebel tents.

Important observations have been made by Lieut. Bull, of the gunboat Resolute, by which it is ascertained that the rebels are organizing large forces on the eastern shore of Virginia, and that provisions, army stores, ammunition, &c., have been landed by two routes, one around Pines Island into Chincoteague Inlet from New York, and the other from Baltimore into Pocomoke River. The whole of the country is a complete nest of rebels, and vessels manage to leave as couriers for Maryland and leave their cargoes just below the Maryland line. The rebels have their agents also there. The Rappahannock and York Rivers seem not to be all choked. The Resolute brought up three prizes.

The approaching Washington. The rebels have pushed their pickets up close to our lines and are now nearer Washington than before. Rumors are current of an attack on Washington by Gen. Johnston, which is to cross the Potomac sixteen miles above, coming down on the Maryland side.

Gov. Sprague, wife, Mrs. Katy Brownell, of the Rhode Island First, was pursued by a rebel at the Bull's Run battle, when she turned and shot him, thus escaping, although repeatedly fired at.

General war items. A Washington dispatch says Griffin's battery is again equipped and ready for action.

It is considered as a fact that the rebels are kept well informed of our movements. The gradual withdrawal from advanced posts was a portion of the plan to induce our troops to advance. Hence the imperfect condition of their earthworks at Fairfax and other points, which excited ridicule among military men.

Gov. Morgan, of New York, has issued a proclamation calling for 25,000 more troops for three years.

GEN. FREMONT'S STAFF. The following officers have been officially announced as the staff of Gen. Fremont:—Capt. J. C. Fremont, Aid-de-camp; Adjutant General and Acting Commissary, Brevet Major John Wilson, McKeary; Assistant Quartermaster General; Surgeon S. G. J. Decamp, Medical Director; Col. S. P. Andrews, Assistant Paymaster.

On Wednesday morning, Abby Nichols, a widow, who lived with Charles Holmes, Esq., in Charlestown N. H., committed suicide by drowning herself in the river at the railroad bridge, a short distance from Mr. Holmes' house. She had been partially deranged for some time.

U. S. HOSPITAL AT FORT MONROE, 23d. Dr. KIMBALL, *The New York Tribune* and its correspondents seem to have a chronic propensity to find fault with the government, and especially all departments of the army. We notice that in Fort Monroe correspondent, having exhausted the subject of Gen. Butler, and rung the changes upon Big Bethel and Little Bethel, until his discordant notes have disgusted his readers, has turned his batteries upon Dr. Kimball, and his management of the U. S. Hospital at this post; charging him with cruelty to his patients, giving them insufficiency of food, and various other offences which with those who know Dr. K., can only excite a smile.

We are assured by a gentleman who has recently returned from Fort Monroe, that such of the charges of the *Tribune's* correspondent as are not made from the whole cloth, are grossly exaggerated. The writer of them never saw a *Hospital*, although courteously and urgently invited to visit it, and make every observation and inquiry he desired. This fact is sufficient to show that any reliance can be placed upon his statements.

The Hospital has been visited by the Secretary of War, the Sanitary Commissioner, and by Hon. Mr. Ely, all of whom concur in awarding Dr. Kimball great praise, and place the establishment as second to none of the kind in the country.—So far from cruelty, Dr. Kimball is entitled to and will receive from all who know the facts, the highest commendation for his self-sacrifice in abandoning, at a moment's notice, his extensive practice, and devoting his time, talents, and eminent surgical skill to the cause of the country and humanity. He can well afford to, and doubtless does, despise the attacks of the small fry, who are reeking to injure him.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, a memorial was presented from the Mayor and citizens of Chicago, against the usurpation of power by the military forces in that city. A bill to appoint a Board of Commissioners to equalize the compensation of the employees of the Government, was passed. The resolution for the maintenance of the supremacy and integrity of the Union, passed 24 to 1. Mr. Breckinridge said that he would not pledge the Government of the country to a war which he believed was not for the integrity of the Union. The bill passed to punish frauds in contracts. The bill to define and punish insurrection was passed, Messrs. Bayard, Saulsbury, Pearce, Kennedy, Bright, Breckinridge, Powell, Polk and Johnson, of Mo., protesting against it.—The bill for the suppression of the rebellion passed.

In the House, the Committee on Elections reported in favor of the right of Mr. Odell, of Oregon, to a seat in place of Mr. Thayer, the sitting member. Several matters were discussed, among others the bill for direct taxation, but no votes were taken.

OHIO POLITICS. The Republican State Convention met at Columbus on Thursday. Resolutions were adopted requesting the Democratic State Committee to join in a call for a convention to be addressed to all lovers of the unconditional preservation of the union of the States, the maintenance of the integrity of the Government, and the vigorous prosecution of the war. It was also the denial of the Democratic Committee to accept these propositions by the 9th of August, the Committee is directed to issue to the people of Ohio a call for a convention without reference to party, on the simple basis of the maintenance of the Government and the suppression of the rebellion against it.

THE cause of the defeat at Manassahas is thus stated in the *New York Sun*—the battle was fought on Sunday. The *Sun* says—"Not a single battle, waged and fought on the Sabbath, was gained by the attacking party during the war of the revolution. In a public assembly of citizens, that statement was made as a matter of fact, on Sunday, and the hope was expressed that Gen. Scott would not attempt to follow the example of Gen. Washington, never to engage the enemy on the Sabbath, unless attacked by him."

A FOOT RACE. A Washington letter writer says that a remarkable foot race on the field of battle, which should be recorded in all sporting journals. It was between a representative of the *New York Herald* and a member of the 69th of Pennsylvania; these gents took the lead in the race from Bull's Run to Centreville, and kept it the whole distance, the Senator slightly in the rear. Time, 9½ minutes. Distance, two miles.

No further reports have been received from Alfred B. Ely, member of Congress from the Rochester district of New York, who is reported to have been killed or is in the hands of the enemy.

BEATEN AT FIRST BUT NOT FINALLY.—In the first regular battle of the revolution the American troops were not to fly from the ground which they held for some time against superior numbers. The final result was most satisfactory to the patriotic cause. So we feel regarding the present contest, our army has not with a reverse as in other days, but which is to finally result the triumph of American arms over infernal treason, as they did then over a foreign enemy.

THE *Greenfield Gazette* reports that a small insect of a reddish brown color, which seems likely to destroy the whole crop, infests the wheat fields of Franklin County.

In East Poland, Maine, on Monday last, there were two sons of Mr. James Noble were mowing in their father's field, they discovered a wasp nest, and both attempting to jump on it at the same time, the husband struck his head against the scythe of his brother, and received a severe wound from one of the scythes on his leg, severing the main artery. The lad expired in a few minutes.

THE crew of the privateer Savannah were formally arraigned before the U. S. Circuit Court in New York on Tuesday. They all pleaded "not guilty" to the indictments against them. Their counsel made strenuous exertions to have the trial deferred to a late day. The judge decided that it should begin on the third day of October.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

TO-MORROW Mr. E. P. Ambler will give his last lecture at Wilder Hall. The afternoon service will be The Plan of Salvation.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, July 27th.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Butter, per lb, 16 a 18c: Cheese do, 8 a 10c: Eggs per doz, 12c.

FRUIT.—Oranges per box, $4.50: Lemons do, 4.50: Bananas per bun 30c: Currants per quart 8c: Gooseberries do, 8c: Blackberries do, 10c: Huckleberries do, 10c.

PROVISIONS.—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb, 8 a 16c: sirloin, steak, 16c: round, 12 a 14c: corned, 6 a 10c: Lamb, 10 a 12c: Veal, 6 a 12c: Pork, 8 a 12c: Hams, 12c: Tongues, 12c: Salt Pork, per lb, 10c.

FISH.—Halibut, per lb, 8c: Cod, 4 a 6c: Haddock, 3c: Mackerel, fresh, 8c: Salmon, 12 a 20c: Trout, 10c: Herring, per box, 20c: Turnips, per peck, 30c: Cabbages, each, 5 a 10c: Squashes, summer, per lb, 3c: do, winters, per lb, 1c: Potatoes, per peck, 25c: Onions, per peck, 25c: Beets, per peck, 25c: Cucumbers, per doz, 10c: Carrots, per peck, 25c: Tomatoes, per lb, 5c.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. There will be a regular meeting of the School Committee this afternoon, at 2 o'clock. The question of admitting pupils to the High School will come up for action. The report of the examining committee will be made, and the question of admission will be determined upon, and about one hundred of the applicants will receive certificates of admission, as we learn.

PAYMENT OF TEACHERS. The teachers of our public schools are being paid to day by the sum of $20,870.00 to satisfy their claims. The amount to the High School teachers is $1350; Bartlett Grammar School $733.90; Edson $801.25; Moody $687.50; Franklin $436.25; Cultura $743.75; Green $443.75; Varnum $448; Mann $466.25; Writing professor $262.50; Intermediate Schools $2243.75; Primary Schools $2029.50.

PRIMARY SCHOOL, No. 2. This school, kept by Miss Lucy A. Hill, on School Street, sends to the Grammar School eleven scholars at the commencement of the next term, making sixty-two within twenty per year. The whole number belonging to this school last term, was 71; average number, 63; average attendance, 61. This is a model primary school in Lowell has done better!

REDUCTION OF RATES. A paper is in circulation among our traders and business men, asking landlords for a reduction of rent, and it is being signed by all. We understand that the call has been responded to, and a public meeting some evening next week, probably Wednesday, to further consider the subject, which, we believe, is to be followed by a reduction of rents by the men who hire tenements as well as places of business. We cannot believe that Lowell landlords are any more exacting than those in the city, and that the present high rents have already been reduced. We should all be willing to bear our proportion of the expenses in this time of trouble, and should not be in a hurry to ask who there should not be a large reduction of rents, to commence the first of August, and to continue at least until times are better, which will, we trust, be within a twelve month.

PEACE CONST. This forenoon, Chas. W. H. Stone, who has been in jail four days, for assisting sentence on a charge of ill treatment of Dr. Wood's horse, was sentenced to imprisonment in jail for ten days.

Bernard Reynolds, for keeping and maintaining a liquor nuisance, was ordered to $100 for a future day.

Thomas Brady, for drunkenness, having been convicted before, was sentenced to the House of Correction for three months.

Thomas Brady, a common drunkard, six months House of Correction.

Thomas Brady, a common cause for common drunkenness, having been convicted before, was sentenced to the House of Correction for three months.

George Nesmith, wife beater, had his case further continued.

APPOINTMENT. Edwin L. Sted, Esq., of this city, Deputy Sheriff and Coroner, has been appointed a special Coroner for Middlesex County.

By advertisement elsewhere it will be seen that on Tuesday a log is to be forwarded to Capt. Abbott's company, at Harper's Ferry. Persons having friends in the company will find this a desirable method of communicating with them.

TIMBER FOR ENGLAND. At this time more are engaged in cutting and drawing to this city, from the forests of Mr. Nesmith, township of Dracut, between eighty and ninety tons of oak timber, which is to be sent to the sea coast by rail, and thence shipped to England. The timber was being bought, and has been purchased on the stump by English agents in this country. We believe Mr. Varnum gets about $9.00 per ton for the timber at the depot. It is a rare chance for a man to can be found in this region, and is regarded as a superior article. We were not aware until yesterday that there was any part in receiving the English navy.

SEE advertisement of books added to City Library during the last four weeks.

The *Knickerbocker Magazine*, with its fresh, clear, carefully trimmed pages (the August number) has been received from the publishers, Dayton, and will be sent to read "To Pike's Peak and Denver," which is indeed a gossipy sketch. We presume all the bookstores sell the *Knickerbocker*.

FOREIGN NEWS. By the steamer City of Baltimore, we have foreign news to the 14th inst. The Duke of Brunswick was first at in Baden, on the 14th, by a young student from Lhoysic named Becker, who was arrested. The ball slightly grazed the Duke's neck. The Queen of Spain refuses the heavy taxation recommended by President Lincoln may lead the North to reconsider their rejection of a compromise. The Great Eastern is to be employed regularly between Liverpool and New York —leaving Liverpool about September 10th. The Irish census shows a decrease of 12 per cent. in ten years.

The Americans at Genoa celebrated the 4th of July by a banquet. There were several present. The Queen of Spain received the American Ambassador on the 10th.

It is quite amusing to see the different ways in which the ladies of Baltimore show their political bias. There are many who espouse the cause of Jeff. Davis, and show it by wearing sprons, collars, &c., with red, white and red stripes, and when passing a lady wearing articles of dress of red, white and blue, a mutual turn up of noses takes place.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 26.

5	Boston and Maine Railroad	102
10	Boston and Worcester Railroad	100
5	Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	103
50	Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	103
50	Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	101
5	Manchester and Lawrence Railroad	101
10	Cambridge Horse Railroad	102
4	Metropolitan Horse Railroad	55
9	Northern Railroad	20 1-4
10	Fitch. ex Railroad	20 1-4
5	Fitch. ex Railroad	20 1-4
7	Concord Railroad 200 ex div.	97 1-4
4	Berkshire Bank	103
1	Exchange Bank	98 3-4
1	Tremont Bank	100

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

ALWAYS RESORTED TO WHEN EVERY OTHER REMEDY FAILS.

The true condition of the Pathogenism on which Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge operates, is that of a GALVANIC RESULT. The condition referred to is that of the Galvanic Battery, which is the cause of the irresistible tendency of the medicine to create a free discharge of worms from the human system. Every family should be provided with this safe and effectual remedy, stating when and when they may be required. Prepared by Fleming Brothers and their centaining No 7 Pills.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, and by all of the Agents, Pills sent by mail promptly on receiving postage to any part of the United States.

FLEMING BROTHERS, Chemists,
No 76 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1859. jy8-1f

Charlestown.

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1859. jy8-1f

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July, 1859. jy8-1f

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 160 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies will be from 40 to 50 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first Bonds on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than the amount loaned thereon, deposited in the hands of the State as security to Policy holders.

Trustees:
Thomas Suffern, Jr., Peter Cooper,
Isaac Edgar, Jr., Thomas Kinnicutt,
Isaac Bell, Jr., Peter Williams, Jr.,
John Anderson, Jr., Edward Schell,
Samuel Bowne, Jr., Robert Bowne,
Samuel Sloan, Jr., Edward Cooper,

ALWAYS OMR THING NEW
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
OMR LAND NONE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.'
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—and I commenced the use, as my hair was very thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any value to you or others; you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are all well known already—and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied not time in traveling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that it would do and will not effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by pointing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as such, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize such articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a success for years.

Apparently, one of these charlatans have not before enough—were an interlopers, as I notice they have copied ours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, with the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your Restorative with the most success—some to baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the hair and head are subject to.

I include for myself, you personally, at your original place of business here, and learned you were now living.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,720, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR FRIEND: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white when very stiff and unpleasant. I used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and believing there was a core facies than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle, I concluded I would make the experiment, commenced its use, and in a portion of one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using following directions as well as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was dry and in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a desire change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a part of a fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark hair as any in my younger days. I have had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia, the finest head of hair clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and to curl as I used to do, and as old as though just from the hands of a French curl-dresser. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Boiler, where did you get your hair?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my natural hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test of all experiments which entitled to be exhausted to the public. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case it has given the desired result, and receives the universal testimony of those who have used it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine remedies which accomplishes all it professes to, and the best and only good article.—Columbus Sun.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found the advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is no mere cutaneous stimulant, and prevents the baldness following it. We have seen many authentic testimonials in spite of the accusations some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. In this case till you have tried this Restorative.—Boston Saturday Evening.

Wood's Hair Restorative. Of the most powerful, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to be none more efficient in all the purposes of the hair to its primitive vigor. Where the head has not become almost bald, we have never known the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a most valuable tonic for all cases. Its ingredients are such as we especially approve of, containing the best tonic virtues, which operate to particularly to the hair. Dr. Wood has certainly the right to call it a discovery.—Boston Transcript.

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(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It should never be taken by females who are pregnant, as it will assuredly bring on a miscarriage, but at any other time it is safe. Explicit directions accompany each bottle, which is sent by express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3.

☞ Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions from cause, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that I am constantly in possession of the most unbounded confidence in its power to effect a cure in every instance, and will be sent by Express, C. O. D., to any part of the country, on receipt of the price, and if it should fail to do as recommended, the money will be refunded.

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted genuine unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his Depot, Original Indian Botanic Office, DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise strictly confidential. All medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to any part of the country. Office hours, accommodations for patients, &c., same as at the Institute. Call or write for a quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when the most unprincipled pretenders to a knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too particular in selecting a Physician or Agent making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who have no regular professional advertising physicians. It often happens that unskilful and unprincipled practitioners, by a system of flattering and deception, succeed in getting into a confidential position, and then, by the grossest misrepresentations, and the most unblushing falsehoods, they will insure to them always the benefit of such confidence.

☞ The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices. ☜
Thanking my friends and the public for their liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to me, I would say that I shall continue the manufacture of this favorite boot pre-eminent and unsurpassed elsewhere.

Also, a full assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Rubber Shoes, Boots, &c., always on hand at the lowest cash prices.

Repairing done at short notice.

Store No. 37 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND
IS HOSMER'S Celebrated Pure Concentrated Lye. Gold by Silver Soap Manufacturers generally throughout New England. Ask for it and take no other. Sold by the trade generally in New York and Boston. It is recommended by the best of Housekeepers, and is the only Lye that will look or feel as soon. It is sealed up in 1 lb. cans, with full directions for making Soap, Saleratus, &c. Manufactured by S. HOSMER, Jr., Apothecary, Worcester, Mass.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—The MAGNOLIA BALM—a product used to impart a delicate and permanent color to the cheeks, neck, arms, hands, and ladies. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, Merrimack and John sts.

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.
1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
500 Bush. Seed Barley, just received for sale at NAHUM WOOD'S,
may8 43M—last store 1

Direct from Lipscomb.
POLICEMAN'S Club, Gum, Horse, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Invisible Wire, &c., this article is warranted to stand in any climate, to any strength, and a great saving of time. Paint, now, is the only article that will stick to wire, and is equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

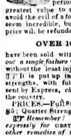
ROBBS AND FUR COATS.
BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Fhag D Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZIER'S HAT STORE.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
OTIS T. BILLINGS

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the best
Modern Types and Presses,
In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES as CAN be OFFERED ANYWHERE
Banks, Pamphlets, Insurance, Catalogues, Manufacturing Companies, Circulars, Railroad Companies, Posters, &c., &c.
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Tag Printing, Town Reports, Newspapers,
FANCY TITLES
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the choicest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES' TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or bronzed for Manufacturers of Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, &c.
☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and assorted white and colored Cards, Bill and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Blank Books, &c.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and state how you wish the work to appear.
Lowell, Aug. 28, 1860. 4

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Mosart Hall, corner of John St.,
IS NOW



RICH MILLINERY GOODS
AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.
AT No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.
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Try it! Try it!
Get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
Get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
Get cut and examine the Vases, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITTANIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KNIVES AND FORKS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S PURE SPERM OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 63 Merrimack st.
jan19

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.
REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Portland, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points East.
Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $5 50
" " " Charleston, 4 50
" " " Derby, 4 50
" " " Newport, 4 50
" " " Stanstead, 4 50
THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
152 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where passengers will be called for at all parties who desire it.
H. PISHER, Agent.
may 26 29

Burnett's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. Prepared by the Hon. BENJ. BURNETT, Boston.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is entirely unlike any other preparation for the hair. It is not a dye, but produces a healthy action in the glands, causing the hair to grow upon bald heads, and restoring gray hair to its original color. It is not sticky or greasy, but a delightful dressing. It contains no fluid to evaporate and leave the hair dry and harsh, but is composed entirely of vegetable oils, which are readily absorbed by the hair, rendering it soft, pliable and glossy. It will restore the hair in all cases where the roots are not entirely destroyed, and will prevent the hair from falling out in all cases. It will keep the hair in any climate, and in any position. It will prevent dandruff, and cure all diseases of the scalp. It will not injure the hair by bleaching it, but will restore it to its original color. It will not stain the skin, but will remove dandruff from the skin. It will not change the color of the hair by use, but will keep it the color it is when applied. It will not make the hair grow on the palm of the hand. It will not make hair grow on bottles. It will not make whiskers grow on a lady's face. It will not make hair grow on a smooth face. It will not make hair grow on a bald head, unless the roots are left. It will not make hair grow on a head entirely destitute of hair. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by burns, scalds, cancers, or other causes. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of caustic potash, lunar caustic, or other mineral poisons. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of nitrate of silver, or any other mineral poisons. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of sulphuric acid, or any other mineral poisons. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of muriatic acid, or any other mineral poisons. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of nitric acid, or any other mineral poisons. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of prussic acid, or any other mineral poisons. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of oxalic acid, or any other mineral poisons. It will not make hair grow on a head where the roots have been destroyed by the use of

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, July 29, 1861.

WAR AND RUMORS.

Return of troops. Several New York Regiments, one Rhode Island Regiment, and the Third and Fourth Massachusetts Regiments have returned, and the Fifth Massachusetts is expected to leave Washington to-morrow; the Sixth is announced to leave on Friday next. Other three months' regiments, of Pennsylvania, have returned.

The dead Federal soldiers at Manassas Junction.—The persons who went from Washington in pursuit of the dead body of Col. Cameron, have returned without accomplishing their object. Mr. Urch, who took them to Bull's Run, has returned, and reports that all the dead are not buried yet, and that the slaughter on the side of the enemy is greater by far than they represent.

The Wounded. Mrs. Hindale, whose husband belonged to the Second Michigan Regiment, was at Centreville when the army retreated. Believing her husband to have been left behind (killed or wounded) she went in the direction of Manassas Junction, as there taken prisoner by the rebels, and carried to their quarters. They employed her as an hospital nurse. On Thursday she procured a pass from General Beauregard and his consent to depart. She walked to Alexandria, where she arrived Saturday morning. Her husband was safe in camp with his regiment. Mrs. Hindale reports as being in the hospitals at Manassas a large number of our wounded troops. The enemy say they have as prisoners over 1000 of our men. She brings a verbal message from several of them to their friends and says the wounded are well cared for. The offer of liberty has been tendered to all, provided they take an oath not to take up arms against the confederates. A captain of a Maine company and several privates accepted of the conditions. Others refused.

Mrs. Hindale says the confederates carried their dead as fast as they could be recovered, and that the enemy represent of this number there are only 50, but that their wounded exceeded 1500. She saw many of our dead unburied as she passed over the battle ground, and distinguished some of them by their uniforms.

She says the force of the enemy at Manassas is very large, and that the officers are very busy drilling and disciplining their troops, and that the General Beauregard is constantly on the move, going from one part of the camp to the other, and arranging, as they said, for some movement. She reports a large force of the enemy at Fairfax with heavy guns.

A Southern representation of the battle. The *Richmond Whig* says that five hundred of the Southern troops were killed and wounded, while our loss was several thousand. The same paper of a later date says that our force can never be ascertained, while that of them (the rebels) was 20,000 men, who never fought more desperately. Our forces captured some 18 pieces of artillery and took some three or four thousand prisoners.

By the cars last evening President Davis returned from the battle field. In response to the calls from the immense crowd, who had got together to greet him he alluded to the grand absorbing topic of the day. He said, he said, with the captious they had been imposing on us for twenty years had fitted out against us a magnificent scale; they had come over to Virginia with plenty of arms and ammunition, and with ambulances for the luxury of luxury as though they thought they were marching to a picnic. They had 5,000 or 6,000 army wagons with them, and provisions of every kind in abundance. In the whole enemy there were not over 50,000 men. Their finest parts of heavy and light artillery are ours. They thought that by hard them they could throw away. The train has brought in 100 prisoners, and there are 1100 more coming, escorted by 5 officers. The probability is that the enemy lost 10,000 men. Our casualties will not exceed 1200.

Items. The *Times* Washington dispatch says:—The Administration entertains no fears of an immediate attack on Washington. There are now around Washington 25,000 men who were not in the late battle, and the artillery force is much greater than before our defeat.

The officers of the Second Vermont regiment have requested their Colonel to resign, he having exhibited marks of cowardice during the late battle.

The *Herald's* dispatch says:—Reinforcements are pouring in. By a computation made at the War Department on Saturday there were 35,000 soldiers en route for Washington.

It is said the fever consequent upon the wound received by Col. Farnham of the Zouaves has affected his brain to such an extent as to make it necessary to place him in an insane asylum.

During a pleasure trip on the Potomac last Saturday, in the steamer Coatzacoalcos, several shots were fired from an 8-pounder James' rifled cannon at the batteries on Arquia Creek, the shots taking effect at a distance of 4 1-4 miles.

The Provost Marshal has destroyed upwards of 50 barrels of liquor, rot without stealing which the drunkenness among the troops is said to have been of serious extent.

Major Philip Kearney, of New York, a distinguished officer in the Mexican war, has been appointed a Brigadier-General, and summoned to Washington.

The blockading squadron, in the vicinity of Cape Hatteras, has retaken the Enchantress, not long since captured by the privateer Jeff. Davis. She will be worked down along the coast by the prize crew, evidently filling into Charleston harbor. Her cargo consisted of sugar and molasses.

Fortress Monroe. An attack on Hampton is very much expected, and Gen. Butler has ordered the people to leave, and the place to be burned rather than it should fall into the hands of the rebels.

A stampede of the negroes has taken place, over 1000 arrived at the Fortress within twenty-four hours. No attack on Newport News is also expected. It is believed that we are sufficiently prepared to meet the rebels there.

From the West there is nothing of special importance.

CONGRESS. In the Senate on Saturday, the police bill for the District of Columbia passed. The joint resolution to approve the acts of the President was taken up, when Mr. Johnson of Tenn., spoke at length, calling upon the Government to save them from ruin and the most direful and corrupt conspiracy ever seen in the world. The resolution was laid over. A bill in addition to the act relative to duties on imports passed.

In the House the bill appropriating $2,000,000 to arm loyal men in the rebel States passed. The resolution approving the acts and Means were instructed to report a bill for direct taxation on a basis of $20,000,000, and that such other sums as may be necessary, be raised on the personal income or wealth of the country.

SPEECH OF ANDREW JOHNSON, OF TENN., IN SUPPORT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION. In the U. S. Senate, on Saturday, the joint resolution approving the acts of the President was taken up, and Hon. Andrew Johnson, of Tenn., spoke at length in favor of it. The telegraph furnishes the following abstract of the speech:

He said he was unwilling to let the Senate adjourn without saying something or other in relation to the affairs. On our return here we find ourselves in the midst of civil war, which seems to be progressing and without much hope of a speedy termination. It seemed to him that the Government had reached one of the three periods which all Governments must pass through. First, they must pass through the crisis of establishing their independence. This Government passed through that in the War of the Revolution.

Next, after having obtained independence and taking a position among nations they must maintain it against foreign powers and foes. This Government passed that ordeal in 1812. Years in another ordeal, when the Government has to contend against internal foes. We are now in the midst of this third ordeal. The struggle now is whether the Government is capable of maintaining its existence against traitors to the Constitution of the country. This is the problem now before the people of the earth. He trusted and had perfect confidence that the Government would successfully pass this ordeal, but the time had arrived when the energies of the people must be put forth, and there must be unity of concert of action.

It has been argued that if we proceed there will be great danger of a dismemberment, and that the character and genius of the Government will be wholly changed. It is contended that this is an attempt to change the nature and institutions of the Government, and to destroy it. Mr. Breckinridge's speech. We agree that it is an effort to change the Government, but differ as to the parties trying to make the change. It is a struggle now whether the people shall have a Government founded on the intelligence, integrity and purity of the people, or whether they shall have a Government based on the principle of universal anarchy. He (Mr. Urch) then took them to Bull's Run, has returned, and reports that all the dead are not buried yet, and that the slaughter on the side of the enemy is greater by far than they represent.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD,
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using it first in California in January, 1855, since which time I have never been without a bottle on hand—have recommended the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since remained healthy and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not consume it's facts should be mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or create for you your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already had even more wonderful cures brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in examining the great part of the hair for the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and it was about effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and to be as good as yours, and selling it about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have tested and found to be worthless, thinking that people will patronize an article of no remedy, have their name in print, and that has been proven a fraud.

Apparently a few of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, with the past five years, seen and talked with no few thousand individuals, who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, others for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I could do or say no more, than to refer to you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you had removed now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1697, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir,—I send you a statement that I have used with success in the benefit of I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for the last three years. I am now over sixty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been coming out rapidly, and was changing from white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was some humbug about it, and kept on entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I therefore I would make a trial of the agent, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at which time my hair presented most unsightly appearance, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was comparatively checked, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when I was in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not only checked in falling off and is as soft and fine, and feels as silky, as though it was from the head of a French champoon. Many of my acquaintances see for themselves? may be sure, "Where there is smoke there is fire." I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old grey head.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by extravagant words. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the unqualified assent of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it promises, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Chelsea Star*, Sep.

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A Genuine Book. In our capacity as conductors of a religious journal, we are accustomed to advertise the cure alls of the day, each of which claims to be unsurpassed as a blood purifier and to exhibit on its curative effects, with what nature or taste our readers can best judge. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well acquainted with the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement in all confidence that no one will have reason it to be. Its effect upon a bilious head of hair is universally known to be magical. Its time or a mass on reduced to dandruff, brings upon every one who applies it. Its color, when nature is healthy, but we advise our friends who are prematurely bald to try the Restorative.—*Cincinnati Times.*

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(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is destined for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1,000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure being known, if directed, and without the least injury to health in any case—IF it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent to Evergreen Valley, postpaid, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember!* This article is *designed expressly for* OBSTINATE cases, *to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every particular*, or the money will be refunded.

☞ Beware of imitations! None warranted unless purchased direct from *Dr. M. or at his office.* Prepared and sold only by DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE INDIAN MEDICINAL DISEASE, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them—Consultations by mail or otherwise strictly confidential; all medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the country, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from a distance, wishing to remain under the immediate care of the Doctor.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION.—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when men assume to be doctors, without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too careful in the selection of one to whom they are making some inquiry, and especially in relation to matters involving *essential necessity* of preserving physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are impostors; and the fact that a person is furnished by very little of diplomas, and go blindly with heaps of testimonials, is no reason generally, also Circulars, gives full information, and *the most undoubted evidence of professional ability*, without which no advertising physician of respectability will ever publish his name.

THEN before using, call or write DR. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE INDIAN MEDICINAL DISEASE, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ Dr. Mattison has for many years been extensively engaged in Providence, if not in New England, who makes a specialty of Private Diseases; and he gives the very best references and testimonials, both as to his skill in the treatment of, and the effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was some humbug about it, kept on entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I therefore I would make a trial of the agent, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at which time my hair presented most unsightly appearance, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was comparatively checked, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when I was in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not only checked in falling off and is as soft and fine, and feels as silky, as though it was from the head of a French champoon. Many of my acquaintances see for themselves? may be sure, "Where there is smoke there is fire." I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old grey head.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and also
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers.
FANCY WORK
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade or white or fancy colored papers.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Work guaranteed.
Z. E. STONE, Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE,
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS neatly repaired. Cloaks dyed and repaired. Painting, Furnishing, &c., &c.
Sept. 26, 1860. 3m
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
sep26 3m

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

P. B. CO.
FOR THE PEOPLE.
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, Corn and Cob Meal and Grain Stores, No. 63 Market Street, by
sep26 S. W. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Premium French Wash, Eugenie Flower Lotion, Fusion Powder or Bath of Beauty, Eugenie Liquid White, for White Chalcedon, Tricolor, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by S. D. BALDWIN, Sole Agent for Merrimack and John streets.
sep26

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE should call at No. 63 Market street, by
sep26 S. W. WOOD.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
HOUSING, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Stone, Gold, Silver, Plated Ware, Mirrors, &c., &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient, cheap*, and *quick* acting, and can be used without soiling the hands. It will look as *fresh* as new for a long time after cleaning. For sale by all Apothecaries, and by
may15 S. D. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

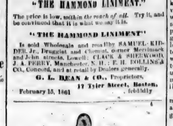
SEED OATS AND BARLEY.
1500 Bushels prime Seed Oats;
500 Bushels prime Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD,
sep26 63 Market street.

Kidder's Linocine.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Stone, Gold, Silver, Plated Ware, &c., &c., this valuable article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient, cheap*, and a great saving of time and labor. It will look as *fresh* as new for a long time after cleaning. For sale by all Druggists and Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
may19 S. KIDDER, Jr.,

ROBIN AND FUR COATS.
BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Shag Robes—Imitation Bear of Linen Coats, Boys' Buffalo, &c., a large assortment, just received at the BRAZER'S HAT HOUSE.
dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP
For sale by
nov15 OHN T. BILLINGS

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS BEEN PROVED TO BE OF GREAT VALUE IN THE
THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
CURE OF
THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim: "*Had Wonderful Relief!*" and are ever desirous of
Our advice to all sufferers is to
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of *All*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass., and by J. A. FERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. H. HOLLINS & CO., Concord, and a retail by Druggists generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861. feb13ly



PULL ONE FOR THOSE I LOVE.
THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $1,441,000 15
Dividends paid to date, 1,000,000 00
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure themselves at cost. Assessments are made only to the extent of the premiums paid by the insured, and held by the Company for the benefit of the insured and their heirs.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:
It offers many *essential necessity* of advantages.
It possesses over $1,000,000 Assets.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not waste money in loans on collaterals.
The only Agency in Lowell is 101 Broadway, Abney, Trop, and Nesmith City Bonds.
The insurance of the Company is of the
HIGHEST PROFITS.
The business of the Company is conducted exclusively by the Executive Officers.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be most convenient.
Life, Whole Policy system, may be paid one half in cash, and one-half by note, bearing interest at 7 per cent. per annum, the interest on premium notes to be paid annually.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have policies in force one year.
The Dividends accrued to and the insured in settlement of premiums, may be taken in cash, interest on cash, notes, the dividends in Cash, when required, will be paid on the 1st day of January, on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
The Company has a large number of 1775 Policies in force; and an increase in the number of policies insured in the past year, notwithstanding the general depression in business, and the consequent withdrawal of many policies.
The Dividends declared in 1860 amounted to 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.
Application for insurance may be made to
JOSHUA MEDILL, Agent,
No. 24 Central and 101 Broadway.
Lowell, Mass.
sep26 3m

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
639 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly Incorporated, their machines are protected against infringements or litigations.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk, as the chain or loop stitch machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, for the manufacture of clothing, and a greater variety of sewing required in a fair way. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of fine muslin without stopping, and make over 2 stitches to the inch. They will sew on a seam as fine as the cotton or linen thread, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. They will run with great ease and are especially used and if nicer adapted to family use, they not for every variety of light sewing manufacture. For such no leary for our Family Machine, We recommend our larger vibrator.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or on flannel and on a bias.
Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in construction, and less liable to get out of order.
The operation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute Exhibition.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premiums at the New Jersey State Fair; also at the Essex County Mechanics' Institute Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, and also at the Maryland Premium for fine sewing machine work.
Fact No. 8.—These Machines received the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.
We have now in our employment the same hands that generally wherever property exhibited, and a chance to exhibit their skill, and their choicest, the first premium has been awarded.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in use, and if any purchaser has been left to this contrary among its other wonderful excellencies, it is the only sewing machine ever discovered, also,
That it is the only machine in the world that can be run backwards or forwards, at the will of the operator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," and without the result.
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THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, July 30, 1861.

SOME HONOR LEFT. A manufacturer in this neighborhood informs us, that he recently received a note for the full amount due him from a South Carolina merchant, payable next November, in New York.—He also has assurances, from other southern customers, of their determination to pay all they owe. Our friend is "one of the lucky ones," but it is pleasant to know that an honest man may be found, here and there, even in a den of thieves. So writes to us a correspondent.

Other instances might be cited to prove that there are still many business men at the South who but for the great risk they run by so doing, would promptly pay every dollar they owe at the North, and thus, while the war that has been created by those in rebellion against the Government is carried on, they would be able to maintain their commercial honor. Not long ago a large Boston house, that has had an extensive trade with a firm in New Orleans, received a letter, couched in the peculiar and bitter language of many that we have seen published emanating from southern business men, repudiating their obligations to their northern creditors. It was brief, bitter, and malicious; but there was something at the foot of it that led the recipients to "turn over," and on the next page was a check on a New York house for the full amount due, (about one thousand dollars) but not a hint or word of explanation. None was needed; it was perfectly apparent that the New Orleans merchants were compelled to resort to this trick to save themselves from the intolerant rebels who surround them.

A late number of the *Commercial Bulletin* relates a circumstance still better illustrating the trouble experienced among business men who have endeavored to keep up a friendly intercourse between themselves and northern merchants:—An extensive merchant of Savannah, southern born, wrote to his correspondents at New York in a calm, dispassionate manner, expressing regret that troubles existed, and hoping that everything would be adjusted to the satisfaction of both North and South. He received no answers to these letters—much to his surprise. In the meantime a New York vessel, of which he was part owner, arrived at Savannah, and reported to his house for business. A few days afterward he was visited upon by the vigilance committee, who presented him with a pile of letters, and very coolly informed him that if he could not write in a different tone he must leave the State. Comprehending the case at once, he sat down and re-wrote to his correspondents, detailing shows of northern men after the boast approved style; he then sent for his engagin and told him he must go on board her Liverpool, as he could not give him one for New York. The cute Jerseyman caught at the dodge immediately, and spread the report that he was bound for Liverpool. A half hour before his sailing the merchant explained his position; he gave him a list of all his correspondents in New York, and charged him to call upon every one of them and assure them that his letters meant nothing. "You see," he said, "the character I have been obliged to assume; you must play the part of the fool I made myself to appear.—There are two sets of papers — you will be overhauled at the Fort, show the Liverpool papers, and when out of sight you destroy them and put for New York." The captain was as shrewd as the merchant; he was overhauled at the Fort; he showed his Liverpool papers, whereupon the officer in command expressed a strong desire to charter the vessel to bring a cargo of provisions from Liverpool, and actually offered him $15,000. The opprehensions was assented to the offer, and the charter-party was made out. The parties went even so far as to arrange how to land the cargo by signals, in case the blockade should prevent the entrance of the vessel into the harbor. It is needless to say the happy parties were all destroyed, and the vessel landed $500,000 worth of cotton at New York.

GEN. PATTERSON. At the present time we are much in our exchanges designed to prove that Gen. Patterson has not been faithful to his trust. The Washington correspondents, and the New York papers are saying very severe things of him, and assert that reliable information has been received in Washington, which leaves no doubt that Gen. Patterson willfully refrained from holding Gen. Johnston at Charlestown. He was heard to say that he should take care of himself, and the army of the Potomac must do the same; that he was not going to do all the work and let Gen. Dowell's column reap all the glory. The fact that he has relatives in the rebel States and army is cited to prove that he has a wrong man for the place he has occupied. He has a brother who is postmaster at Cumberland Gap, in Tennessee. Capt. R. P. Patterson, one of the nephews, has raised a company in Claiborne County, for the defence of the South, which will be mustered into the service by Gen. Caswell, at Knoxville. But notwithstanding all this, we are not inclined to believe the old man is false to the Federal Government, although he seems to have behaved without much discretion.

A HOME OPINION. The *Columbus (Ohio) Journal* copies the *Tribune's* correction in regard to Vallandigham's treatment of his mother, and adds :—" Vallandigham is a man so infamous, we are glad to relieve him of whatever enormities we can. We should be indeed sorry if he were so false to his mother as he is to honor and his country."

THE WAR NEWS.

At last accounts Johnston was at Manassas. Gen. Lee has been assigned to the command of the upper Potomac in place of Wise, and is to unite his force with Garnett's for a movement against Rosencrans.

The report that Gen. Lee was threatening to cross the Potomac between Washington and Harper's Ferry, is pronounced entirely improbable. There are no fears of Washington being attacked by the rebels, unless Jeff. Davis and his fellows are forced to make the attempt by the clamor of the people behind them of "On to Washington," as Scott was overcome by the cry of "On to Richmond," and we are assured that there is some probability that this may occur.

The body of Col. Cameron has not been recovered. The persons who went in search of it have returned. Some of our dead are still unburied on the field. On passing through the hospitals, it was ascertained that our wounded are well cared for. The rebels are determined not to agree to any exchange of prisoners. The negro driver who accompanied the party says he heard that Colonels Wilcox and Cocroon had been sent to Richmond, and that numbers of slightly wounded prisoners are daily sent thither. He represents that among the prisoners are more Fire Zouaves than any others, and they endure their confinement like heroes. They were continually irritating their captors by singing the "Star Spangled Banner" and other patriotic airs. The rebels are said to be mad, as he and Mr. Burch left the Junction, early in the morning, Beauregard was making preparations to recapture Alexandria on Sunday or Monday. It is reported in Washington that Beauregard has sent information to this effect to prominent secessionists in Alexandria.

A strong column of troops has been sent up the Maryland side of the Potomac above Chain Bridge, to watch the movements of the rebels and guard against their approach to Washington. Gen. Banks has been reinforced so that his division now numbers more than it did previous to the change of the three months' men.

Several of the Federal troops, who were prisoners at Centreville, escaped on Friday, and reached Washington early on Monday, having skulked along the best way they could from the line of the rebels away from the sleeping sentinel. They report that two hundred and fifty of the wounded are at Sudley Church. No less than forty have been buried, and our officers are well cared for. Six hundred of our men are prisoners and well treated, but the rebels refused to bury the body of a single one. Any man with a white arm band or a talaons fares badly at the hands of the enemy. They claim to have forty-two Federal officers and twelve medical men among their prisoners.

All the State prisoners at Fort McHenry, against whom indictments have not been found, have been removed to Fort Hamilton, New York. There are eight in all, including the Baltimore Police Commissioners.

The Eighth Massachusetts Regiment was on the Relay Camp to-day. The Fifth Regiment reached Boston this morning.

MISSOURI. At Harrisonville, on the 25th, 300 mounted rebels were attacked by Capt. Williams with 50 Union men. Three rebels were fired, when the rebels fled, with a loss of six on their side; no Union men were killed. At Forsythe, on the 23rd, a body of Federal troops discovered 1,500, after killing 5 and wounding others. Property to the value of $10,000, belonging to the rebels, fell into our hands. The rebels get the worst of it in Missouri, most certainly.

Cairo, Illinois. This city is said to be again threatened by the rebels, but no apprehensions for its safety are feared.

Fortress Monroe. The occupants of the entrenchments at Newport News were visited yesterday by persons bearing a flag of truce, with a proposition giving our troops twenty-four hours to leave; in case the place is not evacuated in that time, to be forced. The sloop of war Dale with twenty guns at once went up from Old Point.—The Albatross and Penguin will also be stationed there, while the Minnesota and seven gun boats at Old Point are ready to assist should Newport News be attacked.

The Odd Fellows' Hall, Jail and a few other buildings at Hampton were burned yesterday by our troops, in anticipation of an immediate attack by the rebels.—Our troops were entirely withdrawn last night. Col. Mansfield now occupies Col. Duryea's former quarters.

A part of Hampton bridge has been destroyed to prevent communication with the side of the creek. The repair has not yet been occupied by the rebels.

From the *Boston Journal* of this morning we copy the following special dispatch to the Washington to that print, last evening :—

From information deemed reliable, it is stated that the rebels are moving in the direction of Harper's Ferry, with the intention of overwhelming Gen. Bank's division.

There is astounding evidence before the Public Investigating Committee to-day, that Secretary Cameron is not the friend of the Navy Yard, who are engaged in sinking the rebels.

There was a severe skirmish last night beyond Bladen's Bridge, between our troops and the rebels. It is reported that seven Federal troops (regulars) were killed. The rebel loss is unknown.

Captain Tompkins' cavalry captured twenty-nine secessionists this morning, west of Fort Corcoran.

The *New York Post*, in speaking of the late battle, says our noble soldiers had already made themselves virtual masters of the position; they had carried three of the heaviest batteries—had arrested colors, and were prepared to advance upon the remainder, or, at the most, to hold their advantages, when a senseless panic was produced among the regulars by a charge of cavalry. This was immediately communicated to the large number of civilians, who spread their terror among the straggling soldiers wherever they passed.—They destroyed the confidence of the soldiery in our success, and turned what would have been a triumph, shortly, into a defeat.

MAYOR GREEN, of Cambridge, has resigned, on account of other duties of an imperative nature which have devolved upon him.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday, a bill passed authorizing a loan, with an amendment authorizing the issue of $5 treasury notes. The following bills passed : To suppress the sale of intoxicating liquors in the District of Columbia; to provide for an Assistant Secretary of the Navy; to administer the oath of allegiance to all persons employed by Government; to appropriate ten millions of dollars for purchase of arms, ordnances and ordnance stores. The Senate on Judiciary reported on the petition of citizens of Baltimore, giving them leave to withdraw.—Laid over. The tariff bill was discussed for some hours, and put on its passage, but there being no quorum the Senate adjourned.

In the House, Mr. Horton, from the committee on Ways and Means, reported back the direct tax bill as amended in accordance with the instruction of the House, namely, that the sum derived from direct taxation be reduced from thirty to twenty millions, to be appropriated among the States according to population.

The States are authorized to collect the money, and each State will be allowed 15 per cent on its quota for so doing. If a State declines to collect the tax, then the Federal Government is to put into operation the machinery for the purpose. The Committee also add a tax on carriages from $1 to $50, gold watches $1, silver watches 50 cents. Incomes over eighteen hundred dollars 3 cents per dollar, gold. All incomes over $600 and under, 3 per cent., including money at interest, &c. The scope of internal duties is also enlarged and the tax on landed estates has been reduced. Every State in the country is taxed in fair proportion, including tax on the net income of the Banks, but not on their currency or circulation, and even on the salaries of the members of Congress.

After discussion the bill as above reported passed by a vote of 93 to 59 nays. The bill for the purchase of arms passed as reported in the Senate proceedings. Mr. Cox of Ohio, endeavored to introduce a resolution to appoint a committee consisting of Edward Everett, Millard Filmore, Beverdy Johnson, Martin Van Buren, Thomas Ewing, Franklin Pierce and James Guthrie to meet a similar committee from the Confederate States for the purpose of agreeing upon terms of adjustment, and report to the next Congress. The House refused to consider the resolution. Adjourned.

STOPPING THE WAR STAMPEDE. The Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press* says writes :—

"When the panic-stricken crowd turned for Washington, and the forement of them got off past Centreville, they were headed off by Senators Wade and Chandler, Representatives Blake, Kellogg and Morrill, Mr. Brown, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate; Mr. Eaton of Detroit, and Thomas Brown of Cleveland. These gentlemen, armed with Maynard rifles and navy revolvers, rapped, presented their weapons, in loud voices commanded the fugitives to halt and turn back. Their bold and determined manner brought most at this point to a standstill. Many on horseback attempted to dash by them, and had their horses seized by the bits. Some of the fugitives were arrested and menaced these gentlemen, and one, a powerful man, supposed to be a teamster, shot Mr. Eaton through the wrist, as he held his horse by the bridle-rein. None, however, were permitted to pass, except at army courier, who exhibited his dispatches. Mr. Wade and his party held the crowd until the arrival of the 2d New York regiment, then on its way to the battle ground, the colonel of which turned back the flying soldiers and teamsters, and the other officers were stopped and turned back. This check, though a little premature, was creditable to our Senators and their associates."

ABSENT SOUTHERNERS ORDERED HOME. The people of the rebel States are living under a despotism as rigid and remorseless as that of Russia. The *New York Post* says :—

"Some weeks ago it was stated that in several of the Southern States acts had been passed compelling the absentees from Southern citizens who were then at the North, under penalty instantly return with their entire families to the South, on pain of our knowledge where a Southern gentleman, whose family happens to have resided at the North every summer for many years, has been compelled, by threats of confiscation, to order them to come immediately South. This ease does not stand alone. We have heard of more than two Southern families residing there have just been sent home by the same demand; and it is known to Southerners are now staying in Canada to keep out of the way of the draft system, hoping that thus their estates may escape."

MORE PAPERS GONE DOWN. The Chicago *Democrat* (the celebrated John Wentworth's paper) has been disposed of to the proprietors of the *Tribune*, and that city—The *Troy Budget* has been joined to the *Union*, of Troy, N. Y. One of our exchanges says that 150 newspapers have been suspended within the last six weeks, which, if true, will make a list of seven hundred that have "passed away" since we first commenced. Nine times the original, indeed.

CITY AND VICINITY.

All those traders, occupants of stores, offices, &c., who have signed a petition to their several owners and land-lords of their respective places of business, and all those that are in favor of having their rents reduced during this present hostilities depending, are requested to meet at Mechanics' Hall, on WEDNESDAY evening, July 31st, at 8 o'clock, to take action at once to inform the several landlords to respond generously to our just request.

Burbank, Chase & Co., J. P. Folsom, A. G. Woodward, Samuel Kidder, jr., P. M. Peabody, G. J. Tay'r, Lowell, July 29, 1861. Battrick & Co., E. B. Parsh, Ames Sanborn, James P. North, C. L. Knapp.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 27 Merrimack Street—land of Central Street. May 31, 1861. 1y6d

The undersigned, traders and occupants of stores in the city of Lowell, having seriously felt the effects of the universal depression in all branches of business, and seeing no prospect of a revival of the same during the present distracted state of affairs, call on our respective landlords that in consideration of this general stagnation that they may be willing to share their part with their tenants as in many other places, by making a proper reduction of rents, during this present hostilities.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL GUARANTEE is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farming Stock, and insures for one year or for five years. They present cash surplus as $30,019 81, with deposit notes of $10,000 more. Their risks are chiefly in the villages and non property in Middlesex County is considered desirable. Their rates are low, and they are conducted in the same manner as in any Company with a substantial cash basis.

THE MERRIMACK MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO. have over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property in Lowell, Lawrence and Manchester. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Offices, No. 37 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas. C. CORBUN, President. Lowell, July 18, 1861. 3w jy19f1y

Washington Coal.

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It makes less trouble,
Than any other free-burning coal. And the PRICE IS ON the Yard at Lowell and Boston, at WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, EVARTS HOWE, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.

WAR HAS COME,
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as an it cures, by comparison with other salves, more speedily, and leaves no scar. Soldiers, it is peculiarly adapted to for the army, and for all wounds, burns, scalds, and sores.

Sold by dealers in trade only by C. F. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 cents per Box.

Its Boxes for Ointments, by mail, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns to introduce on the commission plan.

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the most valuable remedy in the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Humors, Costiveness, Piles, Jaundice, Costiveness, Headache, Pain, Languor, Loss of Appetite, Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels,stimulate the Liver, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. They are used successfully in an extensive private practice, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Complaints. They are the best Purgative and Tonic, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Sinking Spells, Hysterics, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the stomach and bowels. They are the best Blood Purifier known, and all ulcers run to an early and speedy cure under their use. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

DR. LANGLEY'S BITTERS are for sale by all druggists and country merchants throughout the United States, and by the proprietor, DR. D. LANGLEY, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by E. B. HAYNES, and by all druggists, everywhere.

CAUTION! Against worthless imitations, bearing similar names. Be sure you get DR. LANGLEY'S BITTERS. Lowell, July 27, 1861. 3m jy27

NOTICE.

THE Barbers of Lowell, have agreed to close their places of business on and after Monday next, at 8 o'clock, as follows Monday Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, until further notice. Lowell, July 27, 1861. 1w jy27

REMOVAL.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO. have removed their Laboratory and Depot for the sale of their Medicines to their new and spacious premises, No. 119 Gravier Street, New Orleans, where they will be happy to see their friends and customers. Lowell, July 1, 1861. 1y jy2

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having been appointed by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Middlesex, a Commissioner to receive and examine the claims of all persons against the estate of ELIZA RICHARDSON, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby gives notice that six months from the date hereof are allowed by said Court for the creditors of said deceased to present their claims for examination, and that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Messrs. Butler & Perham, in said Lowell, on the first Monday of September next, and on the first Monday of December next, at 10 o'clock A. M. each day. Dated at Lowell, this 25th day of July, A. D. 1861. JOHN A. KNOWLTON, Commissioner. 3w jy27

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
F. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
H. P. Wentworth, Wm. Nesmith,
Edward Tuck, E. P. Sherman.
Lowell, July 1, 1861. dly

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E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas. C. CORBUN, President. Lowell, July 18, 1861. 3m jy19f1y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in the year 1855, and have used it in over one thousand cases, and in every case to our entire satisfaction, they are now prepared to use it more extensively than ever before, and to warrant it to be the most perfect and essential protection in relation to the value of the vulcanized base, to the teeth and gums, that has been made every other article now in use, there are many cases in which it is not applicable, and we shall not use it in such cases, but as the popular breeze—in the majority of cases it is the best base that can be used, and in many cases it is decidedly superior to everything else, but they assure the public that we shall not use it in any case where we do not think it the best, and others, that are equal to any that can be obtained, will be used in its stead.

Rooms 2 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

E. C. Ward, Lowell. S. L. Ward, Lowell.

E. C. Coggins, the eminent cranioge of our efficacy and power of Animal Magnetism, Clairvoyance, and Automatic Affections. Experience having convinced us that many persons who are afflicted with diseases which are considered incurable, and which cannot be relieved by the usual means, and who have been given up by the faculty, can be restored to health by the use of Animal Magnetism, we have made arrangements with Mr. Coggins, by which he will visit Lowell, and will be at the office of Dr. Ayer, No. 233 Eighth Street.

Mr. Coggins will be careful to ask for Dr. McLane's CELEBRATED PILLS, manufactured and sold by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and for sale by all other druggists. Dr. McLane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liquid Tonic, or Worm Syrup, all respectable drug stores. None genuine unless signed A. McLane, M. D. Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. jy26d1w [32] FLEMING BROS.

RARE CHANCE FOR BUSINESS.

MR. EDWARD S. HUNT having gone to the war, with the Richardson Light Infantry, the Goods of Books, Stationery and Music, to Store No. 17 Central Street, is offered for sale. This is an unusual opportunity to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Immediate application to be made to Mrs. EDWARD S. HUNT, Boarding House, corner of Merrimack and John streets. Lowell, July 27, 1861. 1w jy27

Eaton's Intaglio Cordial, or Medicated Vermifuge,

is so agreeable to children that they will eat it without complaining. It is a safe, speedy, and reliable and certain remedy for the like of intestinal worms. It is a combination of the most powerful, and relieves all pain, and is greatly facilitates the process of teething. Mothers, do not be persuaded to use anything but this article, as it is the only one that has ever proved real to the wearied mother. It does not contain Calomel, Opium, or Paregoric, or any of their preparations or opiate of any kind, a fact we are ready to prove. It is perfectly safe, and has the unqualified approbation of intelligent physicians at this time for the use of children. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Manufactured only by EATON & CO., Boston, Mass. Sold in Lowell by E. B. HAYNES & CO., Boston, and by druggists everywhere. 1y jy27

THADDEUS AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
F. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
H. P. Wentworth, Wm. Nesmith,
Edward Tuck, E. P. Sherman.
Lowell, July 1, 1861. dly

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Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood promptly attended to. A. L. BURBEE.

Lowell, July 26, 1861. 1m

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz, any of the through lines (choice of route) at the lowest rates. At no tickets for Island Pond, Montreal, Portland, Boston, and all points East, at the Concord Trunk Railroad.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.
may11 dly

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We this Sewing Machine, for which we are now prepared to offer the advertisement of to agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan30d1

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
F. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
H. P. Wentworth, Wm. Nesmith,
Edward Tuck, E. P. Sherman.
Lowell, July 1, 1861. dly

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE, for July, (Leonard Scott & Co.'s Reprint) is received. The contents are :

Hook's "exhibition of Canterbury ; Judicial Puzzles—Spencer Cowper's Case; Recollections of Sir Walter Scott ; Sir Proclamation of the Indian Army ; The Epic of the Budget; The Disruption of the Union.

The last article on the war in this country, will be read with the liviliest interest; it takes the ground that disunion is a good thing for foreign nations, especially England, and that the ever-bearing course of the United States in the controversies with other governments in time past. There seems to be in the article a sort of self-conceited pleasure and gratification at the trouble we are having, arising from the ancient sin of our having cut loose from the mother country, and the rebellion is looked upon as a punishment for that offence.

Leonard Scott & Co., 54 Gold Street, New York, reprint the London Quarterly, Edinburgh, North British, Westminster Review, and Blackwood's Magazine, at $3 a year a copy, or $10 a year for the whole five Periodicals.

A RECIPE FOR DRIVING AWAY A FAITHFUL SERVANT.—Begin the quarrel with great boldness and proceed with out asking for a multitude of stories, no matter how false or absurd, or how easily contradicted. Then they should be in fact disproved, be careful to repeat them, and keep them moving briskly, and make a most vehement assertion to them. Assume the fact that the very existence of such a story is proof positive that the minister's usefulness is gone. Profess a strong regard for the peace of the parish, and at the same time, indirectly, use the passions of angry malice and envy by every appearance of fondness for the most vulgar artifice which ingenuity can devise.—Seek occasion to converse on the parish difficulties, and a moderate share of cunning will enable you to accuse him openly and publicly of holding it up. Then you will have a great number of persons scattered through the vicinity will begin to say, "Well, many and long years have *imprudent, he* must have given some occasion, or the accusation could not be made." His usefulness is gone; and the hearer he leaves the people the better."—*Review of the Dorchester Controversy.*

A LEMENT LANDLORD. A punctual landlord living in our neighborhood, is a very healthy, good natured man, and is the very urbanity of manners, and willingness to oblige every one, who is up to the mark when pay-day comes. He has a large number of tenants, and never varies five minutes from a certain hour on the rent day; to call in person to receive his dues. One time, a very good tenant asked a little delay, as the times were hard, and he had a note to meet at the bank, but begged the landlord to call in a few days when up to the time before, and only wished a little extension now. "O, certainly," said the gracious landlord, taking out his watch; "it is now twelve o'clock; call at one, and receive it."

The summoning of Gen. McClellan to take command of the Department of the Potomac does not, in the light of army strength, imply any increase on Gen. McDowell : Gen. McClellan being a Major-General and Gen. McDowell only a Brigadier.

A WOMAN has been detected in drawing the pension of her husband more than for three husbands, another for two, others for men not married, while others have been allowed for five, six and seven children when they had but one, and in some instances none.

It is said that Gen. Price cares very little for the luxuries of life if he can only have enough necessaries.—*Louisville Journal.*

On Saturday night, the postoffice at Concord, Mass., was broken into and robbed of all the letters, the money in the drawer, and $75 worth of gold pens.

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
ALWAYS RESORTED TO WHEN EVERY OTHER REMEDY FAILS.

Prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. Sept. 15, 1852.

☞ This is to certify that my child, three years old, was troubled with worms some six months. I had tried several kind of medicine, but none of them done any good; and it was not until I tried Dr. McLane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., that she found any relief. I gave her the contents of one bottle, which, to my surprise, brought from her system upwards of worms, but they were so completely destroyed that I was impos-ible to count them. My daughter is now entirely well, and her general protection in relation to the value of the vermifuge takes pleasure in recommending it to parents. I would say, by all means keep a supply of this valuable medicine constantly in your house, and make a timely application to it suddenly from the effects of worms. It also not unfrequently happens that children are treated for the colic, chronic diarrhœa, &c., when they are caused altogether by the irritation of worms.—Therefore, I say again, keep it always in the house; it costs but little, and may be the means of saving life; and as at any rate it will save physicians' bills, it is cheap. MRS. JANE DOUGLASS.

No. 233 Eighth Street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. McLane's CELEBRATED PILLS, manufactured and sold by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and for sale by all other druggists. Dr. McLane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liquid Tonic, or Worm Syrup, all respectable drug stores. None genuine unless signed A. McLane, M. D. Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. jy26d1w [32] FLEMING BROS.

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RED, WHITE AND BLUE

NECK TIES for Gents at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. jy29

RUBBER BLANKETS,

A NEW and beautiful article, very light and strong for an essential article for Camp life—just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. jy29

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 29.

2 Boston and Worcester Railroad 108 1-4
10 Boston and Lowell Railroad 97
25 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad 97
5 Western Railroad 101
5 Baltimore Horse Railroad 22
$6,000 Massachusetts State (1872) 103 1-4

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Lowell, July 26, 1861. 1m

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H. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.
may11 dly

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We this Sewing Machine, for which we are now prepared to offer the advertisement of to agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan30d1

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$350,000.

The above Companies write on property in the low rates as other responsible offices.

CUES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No 18 Appleton Block, Central Street, Lowell.
July, 1859. 1y6d

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1860. 1y

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force exceeded 75 per 100 per cent.

Policies on the Mutual principle, being first Bona on Real Estate worth 50 per cent. more than amount insured, and on the Companies of the State as security to Policy holders.

Trustees:	Directors:
Preston Lyman,	Theodore Dimon,
Jonathan Sturges,	Francis Skiddy,
Edward Haight,	Frank'n City Bank, Brooklyn.
Wm. H. Aspinwall,	Wm. Bryce,
Thos. Tileston,	Jonathan Sturges,
Thos. Fellowes,	Merchants' Bank Cashier.
Wm. Bryce,	Mechanics' Bank Cashier.
Edward Haight,	Engineer, New York.
Jonathan Sturges,	Tobacconist,
Theodore Dimon,	Merchant, City of New York.
G. W. Prescott,	Merchant,
Francis Skiddy,	Merchant,
Wm. H. Aspinwall,	Merchant, Brooklyn.
Thos. Fellowes,	Merchant, New York.
Preston Lyman,	Merchant, Staten Island.

GEORGE F. SNIFFEN, Secretary.

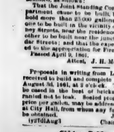
ROBERT ATKINS, Resident Agent.

Risks taken in other Stock or Mutual department, on the most favorable terms.

Office at Appleton Block, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Exchange Block, Agent, Concord, N. H.
Nov. 16, 1860. 1y nov16d

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is not enough to endure the functional disorders peculiar to which two-thirds of her sex are more or less subject. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a safe remedy for all those distressing complaints, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. They are a mild purgative, yet powerful enough to remove all obstructions from the bowels and stomach, among which are flatulency, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Ginger, Rhubarb, Aloes, Iron, Peppermint, Camomile, and other valuable medicines, which are well known and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to operate in perfect harmony with each other, and as the most effectual Spring and Summer Medicine now before the public.

Ask your druggist for them, and be sure to send for a pamphlet, which will be sent to you free, and contains all about them. Only 25 and 37 cents per box.

Sold by druggists and country dealers. Be sure to ask for Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, and take no other. Manufactured only by DR. D. CHEESEMAN, No. 67 Canal Street, and then the counter thereof, New York. Sold in Lowell by E. B. HAYNES & CO., Boston, and by druggists everywhere. 1y jy27

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the most valuable remedy in the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Humors, Costiveness, Piles, Jaundice, Costiveness, Headache, Pain, Languor, Loss of Appetite, Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels,stimulate the Liver, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. They are used successfully in an extensive private practice, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Complaints. They are the best Purgative and Tonic, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Sinking Spells, Hysterics, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the stomach and bowels. They are the best Blood Purifier known, and all ulcers run to an early and speedy cure under their use. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

DR. LANGLEY'S BITTERS are for sale by all druggists and country merchants throughout the United States, and by the proprietor, DR. D. LANGLEY, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by E. B. HAYNES, and by all druggists, everywhere.

CAUTION! Against worthless imitations, bearing similar names. Be sure you get DR. LANGLEY'S BITTERS. Lowell, July 27, 1861. 3m jy27

NOTICE.

THE Barbers of Lowell, have agreed to close their places of business on and after Monday next, at 8 o'clock, as follows Monday Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, until further notice. Lowell, July 27, 1861. 1w jy27

REMOVAL.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO. have removed their Laboratory and Depot for the sale of their Medicines to their new and spacious premises, No. 119 Gravier Street, New Orleans, where they will be happy to see their friends and customers. Lowell, July 1, 1861. 1y jy2

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having been appointed by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Middlesex, a Commissioner to receive and examine the claims of all persons against the estate of ELIZA RICHARDSON, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby gives notice that six months from the date hereof are allowed by said Court for the creditors of said deceased to present their claims for examination, and that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Messrs. Butler & Perham, in said Lowell, on the first Monday of September next, and on the first Monday of December next, at 10 o'clock A. M. each day. Dated at Lowell, this 25th day of July, A. D. 1861. JOHN A. KNOWLTON, Commissioner. 3w jy27

SPECIAL DENTAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that a partnership in the practice of Dental Surgery has been formed between himself and Dr. A. LAWRENCE, late of Boston, and that they have taken rooms in Merrimack Block, No. 31 Merrimack Street, where they will be pleased to see their friends and patrons, and will be found for by leaving their address at No. 31 Merrimack Street, or at the Post Office.

Lowell, July 16, 1861. 6m jy17

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANOTHER GREAT BANKRUPT STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

THE subscribers have taken the entire stock of goods of a million of dollars; will be sold by Auction, at

No. 93 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

Sale to commence this day at 2 o'clock, and 7 in the evening, and to be continued

☞ This stock contains every kind of goods usually found in a first class store.

Lowell, July 30, 1861. jy30 3t2p

THE copartnership formerly existing between Hodgkin, Jr., the undersigned, is dissolved this day by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to call and settle immediately. D. C. G. FIELD settles the accounts, and continues the business.

D. C. G. FIELD,
S. J. GAY, Jr.

July 29, 1861. jy30 3t2p

BOARD WANTED

BY a young woman in a private family, or with where there are no boarders. Would prefer a place where she can make herself useful. Inquire at No. 10 Hurd Street, Lowell. jy30 1p

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BY a young woman in a private family, or with where there are no boarders. Would prefer a place where she can make herself useful. Inquire at No. 10 Hurd Street, Lowell. jy30 1p

NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method to acquaint the owners of Real Estate in Lowell and vicinity that he is prepared to attend to the renting of tenements, collecting of rents, &c. Rents on reasonable terms.

JAMES McNAMARA,
Lowell, January 1, 1861. 1y

FISH MARKET.

T. L. JENNINGS,
(BASEMENT OF ALBERT HOUSE.)

HAS constantly on hand the best Fish of all kinds also, Salt F

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle at my residence. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued to be soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. Until my attention was called to it, I noticed not the fact of any particular advantage to me, in even a fancied vanity at the change; but now, as I am well aware that my scalp is already and rapidly becoming more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I feel a greater pay than in the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects on my own head, to several of my friends. I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles of the same name as yours, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved to be of great merit.

Apparently, one of these charlatans have not been long enough in the country to become a pioneer they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, nearly the same appearance in place of yours.

I have with the past five years, seen and talked with no less than two thousand persons who have used your Restorative with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease that the scalp and head are subject to.

I collect to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,292, will be promptly answered. Yours truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir: I avail you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have lived here over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and dry, and harsh. I used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days as a young blade, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchase one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was coming out in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a realized change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and one bottle of the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any person in the hills of my youthful days, when a boy in the State of Kentucky. I have also used your Vegetable Liver Pills, and find them to be a valuable family medicine, and a luxurious head ornament. I have also used your Hair Restorative in my family, and find it to be equally valuable in the prevention of the hair from falling out, and in the production of a luxuriant head of hair. I have also used it in restoring the decayed hair of my children, and find it to be equally valuable in restoring the decayed hair of my children, and find it to be equally valuable in restoring the decayed hair of my children, and find it to be equally valuable

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, July 31, 1861.

CONGRESS. In the Senate yesterday Mr. Pearce of Md., spoke against sanctioning the acts of the President. The tariff bill passed 22 to 18, Mr. McDougall, of California, being the only Democrat who voted for it. Messrs. Browning and Trumbull, of Ill., Harris, of N. Y., and Grimes and Harlan, of Iowa, Republicans, voted with the Democrats and all Southern members, (including Johnson, of Tenn.) against it. The bill to suppress insurrection was discussed by Messrs. Trumbull, Carlisle, Cowan and Clark, and postponed till today at 1 o'clock. A committee of conference on the disagreeing amendment to the tariff bill was appointed.

In the House, the bill to increase the number of cadets at West Point, was discussed by Messrs. Olin, Vallandigham, Campbell, of Pa., and others. The bill proposes to add a number to the cadets equal to the senators and representatives, and in case of a district being unrepresented the President may appoint the cadet for the same. It also provides that the cadet shall swear to support the Government. Mr. Vallandigham spoke against the latter clause. The bill passed, and also the following bills: To add the pupils to the Naval Academy; to appropriate $1,200,000 to build twelve side wheel steamers of light draft and swiftness for blockading purposes; to prohibit the sale of liquors in the District of Columbia to soldiers or volunteers under a penalty of $25 for or thirty days imprisonment; to prevent and punish frauds in the making of contracts with the United States. The Oregon election case was called up, when Mr. Shiel, Democrat, was admitted to the seat occupied by Mr. Thayer. The committee to ascertain the number of disloyal persons in the employ of the Government had leave to sit during the recess of Congress.

THE FIFTH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT. This regiment, commanded by Col. Samuel Lawrence, arrived in Boston about one o'clock yesterday, returning from their three months service at the seat of war.—It is certainly one of the best regiments in Massachusetts and from the time they left respective armories, they have been subject to about all the hardships that fall to a soldier's life. Their passage from New York to Annapolis, and thence by a march on the railroad track to Washington, repairing the road and enduring the heat and dust, was a feat that none but the right stuff for soldiers could endure. The regiment was, after its arrival in Washington to the date of the expiration of its term, the foremost in all the work required of the soldiers. In the fight near Manassas Junction it was one of the foremost.—They flanked the First Zouaves when the latter regiment were deceived and drawn upon a rebel battery by a display of Union colors, and again made a most deadly charge upon the rebel infantry while the Zouaves were cutting down the Black Horse cavalry. They lost twenty five men killed, and have twenty-six wounded and missing.

In Boston, yesterday, they received the most marked attention. In every part of the city in which they appeared, led by a suitable escort, thousands greeted their return with loud huzzas and waving banners. Col. Lawrence, who was wounded slightly in the battle, was at the head of his command, and was the mark of all eyes. After the route of procession was completed, the regiment was drawn up into line, a complimentary letter from Gov. Andrew was read, and the thanks of order was dismissed from service until further orders. A brief address from the Colonel, and the companies were dismissed to return to their respective homes. The companies belonging in the several adjacent towns were also, late yesterday afternoon, on their return home honored with the same evidence of admiration as in Boston. The hearty reception they received must be some equivalent for the many hardships they have so nobly borne in defence of their country the past few months.

FRIGHTFUL TRAGEDY IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS. A special dispatch to the *Boston Journal* of last evening, from Pittsfield, states that a young man named Pratt, about eighteen years of age, and a Miss Vaudenwoker, sixteen years old, who were uncle and niece, eloped from Rome, N. Y., to New Ashford, last June, and were married. The father of the girl, who had discovered their whereabouts, arrived at New Ashford last night, declaring that he would have his daughter. She went up stairs, and five minutes afterward the mangled couple were found with their throats cut, and so closely clasped in each others arms that three men could barely separate them. The woman was dead, but Pratt was alive at last accounts.

MURDER AT HAVERHILL, N. H. At Haverhill, N. H., on Sunday last, a quarrel occurred which resulted in a personal collision, and death of one of the parties engaged. The affair occurred in that part of the town known as East Haverhill, in the field of Mr. Rolin Niles. A man named Griffin was picking berries in the field, when Niles ordered him out. Griffin refused to go, and after a dispute, drew a knife and stabbed Niles, it fleeting injuries that soon after resulted fatally. Niles was a young man, married, and much respected. Griffin is also a young man. He belongs in Concord, N. H., and married a daughter of Rufus Stearns, living near the place where the affray occurred.

NEWS AND RUMORS.

WASHINGTON. The probabilities of an attack on Washington are again themes of discussion. The reports discuss the data not given in their telegraphic dispatches this morning as follows:—

It is evident that the force at Manassas Junction and Bull Run on Sunday included nearly the whole rebel force in all Eastern Virginia. Gen. Johnston's forces were brought in from Winchester, and a very large number of those at Norfolk and Yorktown, and the reserves at Richmond and every other town within reaching distance of Manassas Junction had been concentrated to resist the advance of General McDowell's column alone. It is evident that General Beauregard was perfectly posted as to the movements on both sides, and had rapidly brought together nearly the whole rebel force on this side of the mountains to repulse their attack. To attempt the execution of the projected attack on Washington, the whole of this force would be necessary.

A strong attacking column should be able to cross the Potomac at any point between the Point of Rocks and the mouth of Seneca creek, it would still be two days's march, for an attacking army, from Washington, and it would be subject to a similar combination of forces on our side to replace the attack. The whole of General Banks' command at Harper's Ferry could be immediately precipitated upon the flank, and the force collected from Baltimore, Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Old Point Comfort, during the two days' march of the rebel army in the direction of the Maryland side, would constitute in themselves an army irresistable in numbers, which movement, by a single regiment from its position in and around Washington. This is the advantage derived from internal facilities for transportation. By it alone the rebels were enabled to concentrate an overwhelming force at Manassas, while our army was to-day over the common roads on its way to Richmond. And in it consists the strength of our position.

In Washington, the most important changes in the army regulations are to be made under the management of McClellan. A Provost Marshal is to be appointed, officers and soldiers will not be allowed the freedom of the city, unless on official business, nor will they be permitted to reside in any place other than their regimental encampment or barracks. No officer will be allowed to be absent from his command without permission from the Commanding officer, nor will passes there be granted to soldiers, unless upon the written orders of commanding officers

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After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and may be justly termed the best from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that you are well known already and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied not time in travelling the greatest part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In all instances I have met with people that have possessed it a humbug; passing their heads and hands without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by grasping the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles recommended in your circular which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will purchase an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has forever proved itself a desert.

Apparently, one of these charlatans have not gotten enough—went into the business, and to notice their base, copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance some or baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the hair and head are subject to.

I subscribe me you, personally, at your original place of business here, all learned you were now living in N—York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,527, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 30, 1860.

Dear Sir: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff, coarse and dry. I used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and at last concluded there was no harm in trying it, but never having a great amount of faith in it. I purchased a bottle of your Restorative, and commenced using it. Long before I had used one bottle, as it was in my younger days a jet black, I continued I would make the experiment commensurate in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near by as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, for the first time in my larger quantities, was considerably lighter-ed, and a reddish change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am now using the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any one could wish, had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is as soft and silky as it is glossy, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the real effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own natural hair of the old gray hair.

Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been long and well used, and we believe in every case with entire desired result, and receives the hearty endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable restorers which accomplishes all it professes, and all the ladies may give much confidence in—Boston Sun day.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known article. It is a preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative has not only restored, but prevents the hair falling out.—We have seen many letters from persons who have used it, and we believe in every case with entire desired result, and receives the hearty endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable restorers which accomplishes all it professes, and all the ladies may give much confidence in.—Boston Spy.

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all those who are falling off or turning gray. Our well known gentleman, Finley J. Hunt, has used it and discovered the benefit of its application, and John with us in speaking of it. We have seen the proof of the as assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't close till you have tried the Restorative.—Boston Cycle Drum.

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is genuine, for nothing is said in its favor, to no more great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its primitive color, than that it had become almost bald because of its age, the use of this article has restored it to its glossy hair. It is first for a valuable preparation for all classes. Its immediate effect is to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate on the hair and scalp. It also has curative properties for other complaints. In many cases it prevents baldness, the disagreements of the skin disease are wherever it is used. There is no better evidence than a trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the ingredients of which it is composed are harmless ingredients, is prepared by Dr. Wood, and is sold everywhere.—Boston Transcript, April 23, 1859.

A Genuine Book. It our experience as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the vast number of quack nostrums which claims to be unbalanced in its composition will be liable to injure the reputation of any paper that notices or lauds such stuff. Therefore, in our notice of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are sure—we have assured the reader, that we have not been induced to make this commendation as it will be in accordance with conductors of the kind, but because we believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations known to the world. It is a preparation for all classes. Its immediate effect is to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate on the hair and scalp. It also has curative properties for other complaints. In many cases it prevents baldness, the disagreements of the skin disease are wherever it is used. There is no better evidence than a trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the ingredients of which it is composed are harmless ingredients, is prepared by Dr. Wood, and is sold everywhere.—Boston Transcript, April 23, 1859.

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(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and a proving efficacious after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been found useless. It will also prevent obstructions. If taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1,000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $5; Half Strength, $3; Quarter Strength, $2 per bottle.

☞ Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for country cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and found useless, and is not prescribed in EVERY INSTANCE, or the price will be refunded.

☞ Beware of imitations. None warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. or at his office. Prepared and sold only at DR. MATTISON'S FEMALE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, 324 Fourth street, Washington, D. C.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them—Consultation free, by letter or otherwise and strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from a distance, who wish to board in a quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

—PARTICULAR CAUTION—

☞ In these days of medical imposition, when quackery is so rife, and without any knowledge of medicine whatever, persons cannot be too cautious in whom they confide, for at least making some inquiry, and especially in relation to those who advertise to cure everything, advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten, are not to be trusted, and should be regulated by their fair statements, and go blindly into traps set for the unwary. Consultation is always free, and I will have reason to regret when it is not sought, as I consider it my duty to recommend no stamps in advice. Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, sent free.

The unusual success of the Proprietor, also Creations giving full information, with a most unbroken record of cures performed without which no advertising physicians or specialists of any standing can claim. BEWARE OF CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Dr. Mattison is the only PHYSICIAN who will ADVERTISE HIS RESIDENCE AND BUSINESS; otherwise, you had better keep away from them.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.

August 14, 1860. 1 y eod&tf

MR. ROBINSON,

OF

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

IS NOW

Selling Bonnets complete for 50 cents.
Selling Crape Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Crape Bonnets complete for 75 cents.
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.50
Selling Velvet Bonnets, handsomer, for $2.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete lots for 3 cents
Selling Silk and Velvet Bonnets for $3.00
Selling Silk and Velvet Bonnets for $4.00

THOUGHT TICKETS to Europe for sale, and all pieces in Canada East, for sale at the

Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for parting or belonging.

aug16 2w S. H. FISHER, Agent.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoanut Oil, &c., for preserving the Hair. Its fragrancy and agreeableness as a dressing.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It restores the hair to its original growth.

It is not grease or sticky.

It contains no lead, nitrate of silver, or anything deleterious to the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It cures humors in the head.

It cools and refreshes the head.

It costs but one half cent a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Druggist, Merrimack and John streets.

may7

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE assortment of English and American Pocket Knives, Table Knives, Steel Forks, Razors, Scissors, Table Cutlery, Pocket Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Butchers' Knives, Shears, Scissors, Razor Strops, Pocket Combs, Cutlery to be sold cheap for cash.

dec12* 45 Merrimack

JUST RECEIVED,

TEN bales Pearl and Fine Hats at the lowest cash prices, by

H. S. HAYNES,

Northeast Corner of Merrimack and Dunstable Streets.

Also, a few cases of Boys' Hats, at 50 cents each.

Gentlemen and Women Hats, at 75 cents each.

Best Hats in the market, at $1.00 each.

Call and examine for yourself.

Lowell, Mass., Aug. 24, 1860. 1m

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages. Every one is warranted to be of the best quality, and something new in style. Parties wishing to purchase will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

may17*

J. GLOVER TURNER,—Lowest Insolvent Broker, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY.—A new composition for the Toilet, completely efficacious in annihilating Tan, Freckles and Pimples, imparting to the Complexion all the purity of the Lily and Rose. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John streets.

may7

THE LATEST.

INDIA Pongees, and the Anderson Hat, new styles just out, at

HAZEN'S Corner Hat Store.

jan27 tf

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

DE'TER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work on liberal terms, and so as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamphlets,
Circulars,
Bill Heads,
Town Reports,
New papers,
&c.,

Card Docket,
Cards of Constitution,
Blanks of Six Sizes,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, joint, or with the Stereotype Plates,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade and color, for every article required.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapt for any description of women packs and as boards to be cut to order.

E. STONE, Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE,

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and fancy cards, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Ambrotypes.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

for Sale, &c. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

Re-covered and repaired. Canes in ivory and Gold setting. Pinking, Embroidering, &c. at

DYER'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at nearly reduced prices.

may23 tf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

F B Y S E A L E
L O U R
E E D
R A I N

EXTRA WHITE FLOUR,

Of every Mill Stock, Fine Feed, Philp Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Hose Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Fagnolo's Premium Toilet Soaps, Fagnolo's Flower Bouquet, Fagnolo's Cucumber or Bath Soap, Fagnolo's Liquid White, and Fagnolo's Rouge, Pearl Powder and Balm, for sale at S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

may7

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

HOUSE, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Marble, Mahogany, Mirror and Oil Cloth, &c., &c., is the best article ever offered to the public, and a great saving of labor. Every house should be supplied with it. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers, and wholesale in store lots by the manufacturers, at prices to suit the times. Orders promptly attended to before making purchasing elsewhere. Address, H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

may15 tf

SEED DAYS AND BARLEY.

500 BUSHELS Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S.

may7 45 Market street.

Kidder's Lipecone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Marble, Mahogany, or Looking Glass, this article is invaluable. It saves half the labor. Paint, how cheap, and is easily applied. Every house should be supplied with it. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers, and wholesale in store lots by the manufacturers, at prices to suit the times. Orders promptly attended to before making purchasing elsewhere. Address, H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

may15 tf

AURUM CORN PLASTER,

FOR the speedy extraction of corns without pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated corn doctors, have failed to give relief. This is not a new remedy, having been invented in London by Dr. Dyer, and has been in use there for seven years discovered. It is surrounded by five entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries.

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble Top &c. For cleaning fine Hone Paint, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings, and for washing and cleaning Silk and Woollen Hosiery. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Worthen streets.

may3

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN OLD ROBERT, WHICH EXCEL-LENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A UNIVERSAL QUEROR

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "A Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!" Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, Merrimack and John streets, and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, Druggists, Nashua, and is for sale by Druggists generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 15, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

feb16tf

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,822,758.92
Dividends paid to date, 4,285,000.00
Losses paid, $4,641,903.53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, and has continued on that plan.

The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the members, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many advantages the Company declares, extracts, amongst are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $1,500,000 in bonds.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth three times the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Stocks.

The insured get all the profits.

The insurance of Clergymen is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates its insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to remain on bond, mortgage, or deposit. Premiums on Policies for Life, Water Risks, Fire Risks, and Annuities on Lives, and generally in such terms of interest as may be agreed upon between the Company and the insured, or can be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends may be paid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in cash, may have the dividends in cash, if desired; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate calculations of mortality.

This Company has now the large number of 7112 Policies in force, insuring $12,000,000.

Persons insured under it may be assured that the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance is based, will not affect any claim against the Institution, and therefore persons it be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

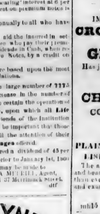
This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

No. 27 Central and 37 Merrimack street, Lowell.

may2 tf

H. S. HAYNES,



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, MINE, BENZOLE, STAND AND HANDLED LAMPS,

of every description. For lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Chimneys. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at the lowest prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY,

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery, which I will sell at low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Tollet Sets, Cake Baskets, &c., &c., in store, and to be sold at low prices.

GLASS WARE.

Of common, medium, and superior qualities. Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, for family use, which I will sell at low prices, together with a new supply of beautiful

PRESCOTT CUT GLASS.

Merchants will do well to replenish their stock of goods in this line as I am respectfully invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. A careful attention is give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the best of low prices.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for their liberal patronage in the past, I solicit a continuance of favors in this establishment, and a promise to make it as much profitable and agreeable, I respectfully invite them to call before making purchasing elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,

45 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

may15 tf

WOOD COAL WHIP.

THE subscriber having completed his new Wood Coal Whip on Worthen Street, is now prepared to furnish Wood Coal, Kindling Wood, &c., at the shortest notice. All orders will be duly attended to.

J. W. BOUTON.

Lowell, March 25, 1861. 3m

MOTHER! MOTHER!!

CRUDE CAUTION in preserving Pure and Wholesome Food for Infants and Children.

Dr. Wood's Pure Hygeian Food

Is recommended by the Faculty as the best preparation for Infants and Children. Also, for those of any age, to be used in place of Flour. Ask your Grocer for it, and see that you get the genuine article. Manufactured only by the Proprietor, Dr. Wood's Pure Hygeian Food Manufactory, 5 Washington Street, Boston. Sold by Grocers generally.

Dr. Wood's Pure Hygeian Food is a wonderful invention, quite unknown to the world

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, August 1, 1861.

WAR MATTERS.

From Washington. Little of interest has transpired at Washington within the last twenty-four hours. An order has been issued, signed by assistant-adjutant general S. S. Williams, directing that no officer or soldier be allowed to absent himself from his camp, to visit Washington, except for the performance of some public duty or for the transaction of important private business, when written permits will be necessary, which must state the object of the visit.

Although it was first represented that Gen. McClellan was to be free to make his own selections of division and brigade commanders, it is now said that the politicians are interfering, and propose to push their special axes to the stone, or in other words, that they are insisting that certain of their friends must be appointed over the heads. How far Gen. McClellan is to be embarrassed by these pests is yet to be shown.

Two of the Potomac fleet had an engagement with a rebel battery, a short distance below Acquia Creek on Tuesday.—Result not given.

It is expected that Col. McClernand, representative in the House from Illinois, is soon to be appointed Brigadier General.

The Massachusetts delegation have selected Cols. Gordon and Couch for Brigadier Generals from Massachusetts.

Nice employees at the Arsenal have been arrested by order of Gen. Scott, at the instance of Mr. Potter, of the House Investigation Committee.

The *New York Tribune's* Washington correspondent says—Gen. McClellan expresses the opinion that this will be an artillery war, and asks for as many batteries as it is possible to provide. A regiment has been sent by him to extend a line of pickets along the Potomac to Harper's Ferry. Seven additional regiments have gone up the Chain bridge to-day, where 25 or 30 more are now posted. There are fresh indications of the inauguration of a more vigorous policy. Gen. McClellan impresses everybody with the confidence of their command or their command with the confidence of their commander, and he has been assigned positions of responsibility. It is already known that Manassas Junction was stopped, and men of known ability were given places where they would do credit to the State. The companies from this city were put up by the gentlemen that were chosen their officers, the captains being fully empowered and authorized to enlist the men required. They were, to a great extent, equipped by contributions, and for weeks supported by them. The officers have given their time and expended much money for the benefit of their command, and after a long struggle, and through intercessions of friends, succeeded in getting them into the service of the Government. After all this, they are rewarded by being kicked out of service and their companies given in command of persons of whom Lowell people know nothing and care less. This conduct is an insult to men, to officers, and to Lowell, and will not be borne quietly. We do not know where the blame rests, whether with Colonel, the Adjutant General, or the Governor, but evidently it must rest with one of the three, and we are not disposed to shield the one most in fault. Hereafter we shall have more to say on this subject. We are beginning to believe that Denmark is not the only place in which something rotten is to be found.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, a copy of the instructions to foreign ministers was laid before the Senate. Mr. Powell introduced a bill to repeal all fishing bounties. Referred. A bill to increase the number of consular representatives during the rebellion passed. Nothing else of importance.

In the House, a bill providing for the monthly pay of troops was passed. A resolution was adopted that the services of men of known secession proclivities in offices, merits the reprobation of loyal citizens and the House. Thanks of the House were tendered to the 6th regiment of Massachusetts volunteers for their alacrity and patriotism in responding to the call of the President, and in surmounting the difficulties which presented themselves in their march to the capital.

Mr. Colfax gave notice of a bill to be offered on the opening of the next session, granting to soldiers of the present war bounty land warrants or government lands, subject to entry at $1.50 per acre, and granting homesteads to actual settlers on the alternate section of land reserved along the railroad grants and subject to entry at $2.50 per acre.

Mr. Vallandigham, from the special committee appointed last session, reported a bill restricting the franking privilege.

THE MISSOURI CONVENTION. The Missouri State convention, on Tuesday, passed a resolution declaring vacant the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Secretary of State by a vote of 56 to 25. The seats of the members of the legislature were also declared vacant. The next step of the convention was to select provisional officers in place of those deposed. Judge Gamble of St. Louis, was elected Governor, W. P. Hall, Lieutenant Governor, and M. Oliver, Secretary of State. The opposition protested against these proceedings, but the majority was strong enough to carry out what is believed to be the wish of the people in this matter. Missouri is not to be abandoned to the rebels.

THE REBELS IN NEBRASKA. A few respectworthy scamps in Nebraska, impregnated with the secession virus, are stirring up the Indians against the Union men of Nebraska. Some of the tribes, prompted by these fiends, have already commenced their outrages. It is the purpose of the Union men to deal effectually with the scamps they have in their midst, but they are exposed to all the horrors of an Indian border war.

THE Duquesne Depot at Pittsburg, Pa., the property of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday afternoon. About 3000 barrels of petroleum oil (product of Pennsylvania oil wells) were in the basement, where the fire originated. The building was valued at $120,000. Some twenty houses in the rear of the depot were also consumed. The fire will not interrupt the regular business of the road.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT. This Regiment arrived at Philadelphia yesterday morning. In that city they met the 13th Massachusetts Regiment. There were cordial greetings between the two Regiments.—The Sixth took the cars for New York, arriving there at four o'clock in the afternoon and were escorted to the Park Barracks by the sons of Massachusetts where they partook of a collation provided for them by Mr. Howe. The officers dined with the Massachusetts Committee at the Astor House, where they were welcomed by chairman Emerson in behalf of the sons. They were afterwards escorted up Broadway receiving cheers and flags the whole route, and embarked about 9 o'clock in the evening on the steamer Connecticut for Norwich. The Regiment received great attention in New York. Miss Jones, "daughter of the regiment," attracted great attention, as did certain secession flags and the handsome flag presented by the Union citizens and ladies of Pratt Street, Baltimore.—They were to arrive in Worcester this morning, where they were to take breakfast and are expected in Boston about noon to-day.

KNIGHTS OF THE GOLDEN CIRCLE. The *London Times* publishes what it says contains a complete exposition of the secrets of this order, which has attained great headway at the South, and which has had numerous branches, we believe, at the North. The conquest of territory was the primal object for which the society was formed, but the present rebellion was by no means unexpected by the order. There are three degrees in the fraternity: the first Military, the second Financial, and the third Governmental. The rituals are entirely unintelligible, except with the aid of a key to the figures, which are used with great profuseness. The following extract from the ritual of the third degree, is a good specimen of the whole:

6th. I do promise and vow that I will use my best exertions to find out any and all Abolitionists in my county, and whether 71 (man, woman or child), and forward the name of such to 56 (George Hickley) in Lawful manner, or in case I remain in the 73 (U. S.) after 56 and 71 are gone, I will go to the 23 (K. G. C.) (Mexico), I will report the same to the Governor General of this State, and I will keep a close watch on all such and report at every meeting of my Council, for the information of the 37 (Knights of the Columbian Star, or 3d Degree) remaining in the 72. If I know of any 68 who is a 73 (with a company of Artillery), binding with 100 (negroes) or doing any other unlawful act, I will at once inform all 37 in my county meetings assembled, and the same as above shall call the 57 to meet in Council, that proper steps may be taken for 74 (his exposure).

THE THREE MONTHS VOLUNTEERS. The *New York Herald* makes a suggestion that the 80,000 returned three months' volunteers be offered a free discharge conditioned on their re-enlistment for a month's furlough on pay, and that they may thus all be had when needed, in September. After having seen their friends for a few weeks, many of them would be ready to return. The expense of this will not be so great as that of drilling as many men to take the places of those who have had the advantage of drill and experience, and are, therefore, more valuable than new levies.

DRILLING BEFORE PREACHING. When the news of the repulse at Manassas reached the camp meeting at Deptianes, Illinois, Rev. Henry Cox, who was preaching when the intelligence was received, remarked on closing his sermon, "Brethren, we had better adjourn this camp meeting and go home and drill.

TALKING OF political chances, a Vermont Democrat remarked that he once came "within one" of being elected to the highest office in the State. A friend enquired what he meant by "one?" "The candidate of the other party!" was the reply.—*Boston Post.*

The *Philadelphia Ledger* suggests a way to unmask the rebel batteries, viz:—burn the pine and cedar forests where they are hidden.

SOME sixty of the business men of Warren, New Hampshire, have signed a paper, pledging themselves—in the present state of affairs when there can be but two parties, patriots and traitors—to refuse all business connections, social intercourse, and their support or patronage in any manner.

STAGE DRIVER KILLED. Adam Goldsmith, of Monroe, Maine, driver of the Monroe stage, fell from his box on Friday, and the hind wheels of the coach fractured his skull so badly by the wheels passing over it, that he died on Saturday.

SOUTHERN LITERATURE. A late number of the *Albany (N. Y.) Express* states that the publication of a South Carolina Almanac, a member of the 25th regiment, accompanied the Grand Army to Fairfax and Centreville. Between these two points very many articles were found which the rebels had dropped or thrown away in their hasty retreat. Among other things found by Mr. R.'s relative, was a package of letters, which, as far as we can learn, were from the general's army, two of which we publish herewith, *verbatim et literatim*, as specimens of Southern literature and chivalry:

CAMP DAVIS, July 19 1861.

Dear Brother I seat Myself To wright you A Few lines To Let you know That I am well As this Leves Hoping Those few Lines will find you Ingoy The Same I want you To Tiak old Linkorn's Rod Rite off and Send it Back Your To me For a hog Musle i want you Soot him wright Sum Tree to burn with a numun Rifel I would I would ik To have Peas of his Hart To Burn and Scott To Tote Pine Knots To Burn by I want you To Send me his Big to Nail for a shovel Plow Gramey The Time To wright you Now Lives to inform you that I am well at This Time hoping those few lines will find you the same I want you To Kill Old Linkhorn Ded as ball Two Times Then I will Gump over The moon Twist Then then the old woman will Tern a summer set over Tee fodder Then Dad will Gump Gun Over Be I will Come To A Close

Remaining yours Wright Soon Brother as you Can

O T Hilton To W W Mahaffey

NOTICE.

All persons are notified that they must not obstruct with carriages either Hunstock, Dutton, Merrimack, Moody, Arch, Kirk or John Streets, during the formation of the procession to-morrow. They are also requested not to drive upon the streets through which the procession passes, during the forenoon of August 1, 1861. FREDERIC CUT HOOD.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 21 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. may31dtf

THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

A dispatch has been received by Mayor Sargeant stating that the Sixth Regiment will arrive in this city to-morrow forenoon, at 10 o'clock. The Governor's Independent Cadets will not be present, and escort duty will therefore be performed by the fire department.

THE MEETING ON RENTS. The meeting of business men, called at Mechanics' Hall last evening, to consider the matter of asking for a reduction of rents of stores and other places of business, was very fully attended, and much spirit and interest was manifested in its proceedings.

Hon. E. B. Patch called to order, and the meeting organized by electing George J. Tarr, chairman, and Silas S. Drew, secretary.

The call for the meeting having been read, the chairman briefly addressed those present, favorable to the object for which they had met. Rents, he said, were based upon more business than was now being transacted in Lowell, and it was proper for business men to come forward and express their views in relation to the matter.

Mr. E. B. Patch was one of the original signers of the call. It seemed reasonable that our landlords, who belonged to the same community as ourselves, should bear a portion of the burdens under which we are now laboring. It was but proper that our voice stood go out in favor of such a reduction, and in order to bring something before the meeting, submitted a motion, but withdrew it in favor of the following resolutions, offered by the secretary of the meeting, which covered the same ground as is motion:—

Resolved, That it is the sense of the business men assembled in this hall, that this city at the present time are too high —more than the retailers can afford to pay —and that a general depression in prices pervades the city—that they ought to be reduced certainly 33½ per cent.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by this meeting to confer with the landlords and ask them to make such required reduction, and to ascertain the extent to which they are willing to make the reduction—said committee to report at a future meeting.

Mr. Drew, in elevating the passage of his resolutions, said that the meeting ought to understand what it wanted. We ought to be able to tell our landlords what reduction we want.

Mr. A. W. Dutch could readily conceive of a necessity for a movement of this kind. He notices his landlord sometime since that it would be necessary to make a reduction of his rent, and the notice had been received as a reasonable matter. He (the speaker) was in favor of a reduction of at least one-third. Every one knew he was inclined to think it would effect him unfavorably, as he received more rent than he paid out. But if his rent was reduced, he was willing to reduce that of others. (Applause.)

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and Messrs. Silas S. Drew, Jonathan Folsom, E. B. Patch, J. S. Richardson and James M. Peabody, appointed the committee provided for in the second resolution.

It was voted that the reduction for those who paid monthly should commence to-day, August 1st, and for those who paid quarterly should date back to July 1st.

The meeting was then adjourned to meet in one week, at the same hour and place.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. A special meeting of this Board was held last evening—The following special police to officiate on the occasion of the reception of the Sixth Regiment, were nominated by the Mayor, and confirmed. James Sackpole, Wm. P. Conner, Morrill C. Gove, Wm. W. Ingalls, Charles Griffin, Wm. Gorman, Wm. A. Wright, Samuel M. Patterson, Wm. Chase, Albert M. Tyler, Wm. T. Fuller, Peter W. Hill, Martin Hall, Wm. H. Turner, Frank G. Clark, Cyrus Tutt, Charles C. Brooks, Nathan Wright, Ezra Taylor, Harlan F. Frost, Henry Thompson, Marcellus R. Merrill, Sherman Elkins, James D. Pierce, Wm. Locke, George B. Locke, Edward Kennedy, James Sherfield, George W. Dutton, William Adams, John M. Hanson.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT. THOS FORENOON, about half-past 10 o'clock, a serious accident occurred to Mr. Henry Tidy, steam worker, while at work in Jackson Hall. He was at work whitening the ceiling of the hall, when a board on the staging slipped, precipitating him to the floor, where he struck on some loose lumber lying about the hall. His spine was badly injured, one ankle joint also dislocated, and he was otherwise seriously hurt. He was attended by Dr. Geo. F. Brickett, in an anteroom, and afterward at his boarding house on Church Street, to which place he was conveyed. Mr. Toby's injuries are very severe, and may prove fatal. His wife, who has been for some days visiting at Jamaica Plain (near Boston), has been sent for and will return to-day

HEAVY SHOWER. We were visited last night about midnight by one of the severest showers of the season, accompanied with heavy thunder and vivid lightning. The rain poured in torrents and the lightning was almost incessant, lighting up the whole heavens with its brilliant flashes.

PATENT. During the week ending July 23rd, a patent was granted to John Gosli, of Boston, assignor to Wm. H. Moore, of Lowell, for improvement in coal hole covers.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Elizabeth Shields, for drunkenness, was fined $2 and costs. Committed.

William Green, for larceny of a watch from one Welch, was ordered in $200 for his appearance on Saturday next.

CENTRAL BRIDGE. The evidence for the Bridge Company was brought to a close yesterday, and the jury, with the sheriff, went to view the bridge property, upon which they are to pass a verdict. Several decisions of importance were made by the Sheriff. The respondents, upon cross examination of some of the witnesses for the corporation, offered to show that the corporation had remitted tolls to various individuals and suffered persons to pass free of charge, thereby destroying the value of their franchise and in that way lessening the damages which they sustain. To this the counsel for the corporation objected, but the sheriff overruled their objections and admitted the evidence.

The Corporation offered to introduce a witness that was examined at the last trial, upon the answers of counsel made at that time; the counsel for the city objected, upon the ground that the agreement was made for the last trial only, and that it could not be carried over to the issues of the trial at this time, since the Supreme Court had set aside moit of the rulings of the sheriff made at the former trial, and that with the opinion of the Supreme Court, very different issues would be presented to the jury at the present than at the last trial. The sheriff refused to admit the witness, on the ground that the agreement referred only to the last trial.

This forenoon the opening argument for the City was made by Hon. A. P. Bonney. We have no space for the points made in his argument. The trial will probably occupy all the week.

THE MEETING LAST EVENING. The meeting last evening, to consider the subject of rents in the city, was fully attended, by business men generally, and the most practical citizens taking part in its proceedings showing that the matter interests all classes. A temperate spirit was evinced in the meeting, and a desire to do what was done to engender any hard feeling between landlords and tenants. The resolutions briefly set forth the wants of the business community, and the meeting, in order to obtain a motion, but withdrew it in favor of the following resolutions, offered by the secretary of the meeting, which covered the same ground as is motion:—

Resolved, That it is the sense of the business men assembled in this hall, that this city at the present time are too high —more than the retailers can afford to pay —and that a general depression in prices pervades the city—that they ought to be reduced certainly 33½ per cent.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, July 31 &
12 Boston and Worcester.....
10 Fitchburg Railroad (par $50).....
Boston Bank.....
State Bank.....
Commercial Bank.....

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he may be found at Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, four steps till he o'clock A. M., where he will be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.
Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Carpenter Work will receive prompt attention. A. L. BISCOE.
Lowell, July 31, 1861. 3w31

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via. any of the through lines. Also, for sale at the Eastern Railroad Office, no tickets for Island Pond, Stanstead, Sherbrooke, Quebec and Grand Trunk Railroad.
H. W. BRICKETT, Agent.
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Lowell.
may31

SILAS B. LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan24tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, S. Whitney, D. E. Richardson,
N. Hunt, H. Stafford, Isaac Prince,
L. G. Rice, Wm. Hall, F. Stearns,
Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made for the first year. The Stock Department is confined to the Capital Stock, which is the amount of $110,278 33. The Stockholders are individually responsible for the amount of their stock. A dividend is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid per policies expiring in July, and a scrip for the premium, with a substantial cash back.
The Stock Department the cash assets are invested in Bank Stocks, Railroad Bonds and other property not hazardous; and as an evidence of the solidity of the Company, the Stock is quoted at par in the Boston market.
Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story,)
LOWELL, MASS.
E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 24, 1861. 1m30

Washington Coal,

For cooking, the best so equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It goes less money,
It costs less money,
And is the only burning coal. And the
GENUINE can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S
COAL YARD, Merrimack Street, end of canal.
J. HOWARD, 15 Pleasant Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and original
FRANKLIN COAL,
from any other coal sold in Lowell than our agent, Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertise Franklin Coal.
We have no connection with any other dealer, and caution against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, unless they wish to get some other coal than Franklin, and be imposed upon.
Yours respectfully,
REMINGTON & HENRY.
Delaware City Delaware, Dec 8, 1859

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice in 1857, and during the past year of their limited solicitation, have succeeded in more than doubling their business, and in now, a difference of opinion among the profession as to the merits of the article, is not to be found anywhere, while it is not expected that it will supersede every other article now in use, yet in many instances where it is used with great success, and on the score of economy, it is the best article that can be used. Having had the best success with it in our practice, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best article for all cases, but would recommend it to those they are prepared to furnish sets of Teeth in this article, at from $5 to $10 less than they can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.
Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building.
Lowell, June 1, 1861. 3m22

"BUT WE AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the unanimous choice for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst painful sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Pain; Dyspepsia; Sour Stomach, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and will be found to contain more curative virtues, and less mineral poison, than any medicine ever known. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Dandelion, Juniper, Poplar and Prickly Ash Barks, Elecampe, Dandelion and others equally valuable. Each bottle is as near as we can in accordance with the laws of Nature, formed to operate in unison with the remedial powers of the system, when disease has fastened upon it. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times. Price 50 cents per bottle.

This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated form, called Extract of Sarsaparilla and Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic without griping or pain, and will move Costiveness and Piles. Price 25 cts and Dollar a box.

Orders addressed to J. O. LANGLEY or DEO. C. GOODWIN & Co.
R. RIDDER, Jr. Agent, corner of Merrimack and main streets.

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property also on rates not other responsible offices. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.
NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.
GEORGE LEWIS, Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1859. 1y8-1f

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 8, 1860. 1y15

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.39.

The dividends of 1860, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 31 86-100 per cent.
$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate, worth $300,000, are held in trust for the security of the Policy holders, under the supervision of the Comptroller of the State as security for Policy holders.

Premium Loans,
Premium Notes,
Cash in Bank,
Cash in Office,
Interest Accrued,
Bonds and Mortgages,
Real Estate,
Bills Receivable,
Cash Premiums in course of transmission,

TRUSTEES:
Preston Pirsson, President.
John B. Kiersted, Vice President.
John B. Gracking, Actuary.
George B. Barnard, Counsel.
Wm. Bell, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bennett, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Jacob Ruppert, Brewer, New York.
Henry Meyer, Merchant, New York.
Thomas Tileston, Merchant, New York.
Wm. Tillinghast, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Alexander Wilson, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Hon. Wm. Kent, Late Chancellor of State of New York.
Hon. Samuel Jones, Late Recorder of New York.
Hon. Charles O'Conor, Counsel, New York.
Hon. Wm. Curtis Noyes, Counsel, New York

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL-
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since been healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I have recommended it to others whose mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even a greater variety in this late day, as I am well aware they are patronizing and using one more wonderful than through-already. I have revealed my name out the country. I am a greater part of the time the next three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it without effect. In every instance, however, I proved, by getting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will implicitly rely on the word of no reputation where there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.
Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an original article, and notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.
I have, within the present year, been and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and it every case they remembered head are subject to.
I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.
You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,920, will be promptly answered. Yours, &c.,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.
DEAR SIR: I send you a statement which I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have lived here over thirty years. I am now over 60 years of age. For about the last twenty years my hair has been turning considerable grey, and was almost white each year still and unlikely. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and as I knew there was more fiction than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and luxuriance, as it was in my younger days, before it had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not as liable to fall off singly as well as in bunches, and is as silky, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Boller, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by unmerited puffing. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the unbiased indorsement of all who have used it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine nostrums which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Saturn Sun Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and reliable preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color—The Hair Restorative is no mere stimulant or eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many satisfactory certificates as proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't clear till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and speaks with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it, and such words will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald here-some of the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dirt, dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has curative properties of a high description. In many cases pimples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear whenever it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and the effects are sure to be beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as the component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 25, 1860.*

A GENUINE BOOK. It our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and in ability in its curative deeds, with what justice we leave our readers to judge. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so sure we know of the invaluable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that it really does and claims it to be. Its effect upon a hitherto bald head is universally known; it not only will restore gray or sandy hair, but will, if used regularly, keep the head in a healthy condition to check any tendency to premature baldness, and preserve them in the original color. Yours truly,
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Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

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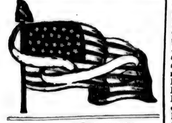
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood's article is the great and unrivalled, whose attention has been turned to investing a hair home has ever before been prefixed. His fame is sudden but world wide, and thousands who had given up hope of ever being relieved, now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and beautiful head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of nature. Who is it that does not prefer the perfections of the natural. Prof. Wood studied the hair and how its character, its color, its luxuriousness, its decay, and how to restore the decaying vitality of each, and in his article of his own case, it did even hair in unnatural unless the hair is dead. Then it cannot be restored, and he believes that the hair could be naturally bald and quite gray at the aged thirty-seven—he restored it to its hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the article is for sale, strength and luxuriance, and the article is for sale, strength and luxuriance, and the article is for sale

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, August 2, 1861.



AN ELOQUENT SPEECH.

SENATOR JOHNSON, OF TENNESSEE, ON REBELLION.

The speech delivered in the United States Senate on Saturday last, by Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, was a bold and masterly exposure of the schemes of the rebels. Mr. Johnson reviewed the circumstances which preceded the outbreak of the rebellion, showed how the traitors had planned their villainy, controverted the positions assumed by Senator Breckinridge in his recent speech in the Senate, and then proceeded to denounce all compromise with treason, and to appeal for aid for the struggling Union men of his own State. We copy a few passages from the official report :—

NO COMPROMISE WITH TREASON.

I am as much for compromise as any one can be, and there is no man who would desire more than myself to see peace and prosperity restored to the land ; but when we look at the condition of the country, we find that rebellion is rife ; that treason has reared its head. A distinguished senator from Georgia once said, "when traitors become numerous enough, treason becomes respectable." Traitors are getting to be so numerous now that I suppose treason is almost got to be respectable ; but God being willing, whether traitors be many or few, as I have hitherto waged war against traitors and treason, and in behalf of the government which was constructed by our fathers, I intend to continue to use it to the end. [Applause in the gallories.]

The President *pro tempore*—Order.

Mr. Johnson, of Tennessee—Mr. President : We are in the midst of a civil war ; blood has been shed ; life has been sacrificed ! Who commenced it ? Who began it ? I will speak hereafter. I am speaking now of the talk about compromise. Traitors and rebels are standing with arms in their hands, and it is said we must go forward and compromise with them. They are in the wrong ; they are making war upon the Government ; they are trying to upturn and destroy our free institutions. I say to them *that the compromise I have to make under the existing circumstances is "ground your arms, obey the laws ; acknowledge the supremacy of the constitution."* All the compromise that I have to make is the compromise of the Constitution of the United States. That is one of the best compromises that can be made. We found, when we came down to the 20th of December, 1860, when South Carolina undertook to go out of the Union. We prosperous ; we had millions in wealth, in commerce, in agriculture, in trade, in manufactures, in all the arts and sciences, and in religion, more than any people upon the face of God's earth had ever gone before in the same time. What better compromise do you want ? You lived under it until you got to be a great and prosperous people. It was made by our fathers, and cemented by their blood. When you talk to me about compromise, I hold up to you the Constitution under which you derived all your greatness, and which was made by the fathers of your country. It will protect you in all your rights.

NO GOOD RESULT FROM A TREAT.

But it is said that we had better divide the country and make a treaty and restore peace. If, under this Constitution which was framed by Washington and Madison and the patriots of the Revolution, we cannot live as friends, we do have in times gone by, I ask, can we live quietly under a treaty, supposing that we agree to it ? The same causes will exist ; our geographical and physical position will remain just the same. Suppose you make a treaty of peace and division : if the same causes of irritation, if the same causes of division continue to exist, and we cannot live as brothers in fraternity under the constitution made by our fathers, and as friends in the same government, how can we live in peace as aliens and nations under a treaty ? It cannot be done ; it is impracticable.

THE FOUNDERS OF THE REBELLION.

The Senator from Kentucky (Mr. Breckinridge) was wonderfully alarmed at the idea of a "dictator," and spoke with as much point as possible to the Senator from Oregon who made that proposition. Sir, what do we find in the Richmond *Enquirer*, which is published at the seat of government of the so-called Confederate States ?

"In the late debates of the Congress of this Confederacy, Mr. Wright, of Georgia, showed a true appreciation of the crisis when he advocated the grant of power to the President that would enable him to make immediate defence of Richmond, and to bring the whole force of the Confederacy to bear on the affairs of Virginia. It is here that the fate of the Confederacy is to be decided ; and the time is too short to permit red tape to interfere with public safety. No paper or executive hands can be too great, no discretion too absolute, at such a crisis as these. We need a dictator. Let lawyers talk when the world has time to hear them. Now let the sword do its work. Usurpations of power by the chief, for the preservation of the people from robbers and murderers, will be rejoiced as genius and patriotism by all sensible men in the world now, and by the historian that will judge the deed hereafter."

The articles of their leading papers, the *Wing* and the *Examiner*, and the speeches of their leading men, all declare unmistakably that their great object is to change the character of the government. Hence we come back to the proposition that it is a contest whether the people shall govern or not. I have here an article that appeared in the Memphis *Bulletin*, of my own State, from which it appears that under the reign of secession, that reign of terror, this disintegrating element that is destructive of all government, of all accomplisher or nothing that is right, they have got things beyond their control !

"In times of peril there is but one ruling power to which all other must yield. 'In a multitude of counselors,' saith the Book of Books, 'there is safety ;' but, to where are we told, in history or revelation, that there is safety in a multitude of rulers. Any rule of action in a multitude of counselors, in times of peril like this, is better than a multitude of conflicting, irreconcilable statutes. Any one head is better than forty, each of which may conceive itself the nonpareil, par *excellence*, supreme corpus of all civil and military affairs."

"Let Governor Harris be king, if need be, and Haugh a despot."

THE TRAITOR GOVERNOR OF TENNESSEE DENOUNCED.

"Let Governor Harris be king, and Baugh a despot," says the *Bulletin*. Who is Baugh ? The Mayor of Memphis. The most reign of terror gotten up under this doctrine of secession is so great that we find that they are appealing to the one man power. They are even willing to make the Mayor of the city a despot, and Isham G. Harris, a little petty Governor of Tennessee, a king. He is to be made king over the State that contains the bones of the immortal, the illustrious Jackson.—Isham G. Harris is king ! Or Jeff. Davis a dictator ! Or Harris one of his satraps. He is a king over the free and patriotic people of Tennessee ! Isham G. Harris to be my king. Yes, sir, my king ! I know the man. I know his elements.—I know the ingredients that constitute the compound called Isham G. Harris. King Harris to be my master, and the master of the people that I have the proud and conscious satisfaction of representing on this floor ! Mr. President, he should not be my slave. [Applause in the galleries.]

GOVERNMENT IS SELF-PROTECTION.

Seventeen hundred muskets and 1000 muskets and several kegs of powder. Many of the inhabitants in that section hitherto strong secessionists, denounce Wise for the wanton destruction of property, and are abandoning him and his cause. His Western troops are rapidly disbanding. Kanawha valley is now free of rebels.

Another account says Wise is encompassed so that he must eventually be captured.

Rifle cannon. The government has arranged with four manufactories to have 60 rifled cannon turned out per week. With one firm a contract for three hundred has been made.

Harper's Ferry. An additional force has been sent up to guard Harper's Ferry. Scouts Tuesday night reported a considerable number of foragers were within six miles of the Ferry, which gives rise to the suspicion that a much larger force is in the vicinity. Such a beautiful grave was that Johnson's army is moving northward.

Three brigades of the Shenandoah column has already been formed. The first is commanded by Col. Thompson, the second by Col. Abercrombie, and the third by Col. Stone. Other brigades are now forming.

The Massachusetts 13th is at Hagerstown and was expected at Harper's Ferry last night.

Rumors of Johnston's approach toward Leesburg have induced Gen. Banks to keep a sharp look some miles in advance. It is presumed that his force is not of those extraordinary dimensions as at first reported.

No rebel pickets have yet been seen.

Reporting on the South. The Southerners are indulging in very improbable rumors respecting late triumphs of their arms. The following, that have no claim of being true, were telegraphed east from Louisville, Ky., yesterday :

A dispatch from Nashville says that McCulloch defeated Siegl in Southern Missouri, killing 2,000 and losing 6000.

The *Richmond Inquirer* of the 29th says that a Pennsylvania regiment had been captured.

A Washington dispatch to the *World* says Beauregard was reconnoitering in force on Wednesday with three miles of Chain Bridge. He left ten or fifteen of his troops scouting, who ten minutes after were captured by Capt. Motte and a Union party at a distance of six miles from Washington.

The total loss of the Fire Zouaves, killed, wounded and missing, is 225. Another report says the Zouaves are completely demoralized, and are to be sent home.

The *Herald's* dispatch says it is stated by an army officer who was taken prisoner at Bull Run, and made his escape into Washington, that the rebel army is more than 240,000 men in Virginia. He reports further that no intention exists to attack Washington, and Gen. Beauregard is in favor of acting on the defensive entirely.

CONGRESS. In Senate yesterday, the bill to punish frauds passed, as also did the bills for the better organization of the army and the loan bill. The bill to suppress insurrection was debated at length, Mr. Breckinridge opposing and Messrs. Baker, Doolittle and Wade Hampton sustaining it.

In the House, the report of the committee of conference on the supplimentary loan bill was agreed to. A resolution of 500, and every effort has been made to make them safe and fast.

There were about 1000 passengers on the trip to New York, who enjoyed the excursion very much indeed. Among the passengers were Mr. Richardson, of Ill., explained that he did not intend to excuse the President in his remarks made a few days since.

PENNY-UP PATRIOTISM. One of our exchanges relates that a Northern lady, recently visiting New Orleans, was, according to her description, a witness of a most strange and exciting scene among her fellow-passengers when they first saw the stars and stripes, and were safe out of "Dixie." "I don't know what followed the glad sight until an old man, as if he could not repress his feelings longer, cried out in a voice determined and comical style—'Thank God !' I begin to smell America,' when every man, as if he own heart was beating, and one impulse moved the whole company, raised his hat, and the Star Spangled Banner was sung amid tears and huzzas."

☞ The venerable Com. Paulding has appeared with a defence of Mr. Welles, Secretary of the Navy, against some aspersions in the newspapers. He states with truth that Mr. Welles has been obliged almost to extemporize a navy, and says that he has been most zealous and untiring in his department, and that the clamor against him comes from men who wish to palm off old and unsuitable vessels on the Government at exorbitant prices.

AN ENORMOUS OUTPOURING OF VOLUNTEER TROOPS IN ILLINOIS. A letter in the *Chicago Tribune*, from Springfield, Ill., says that already a sufficient number of companies have been tendered to form twenty-five infantry regiments, five additional regiments of cavalry, and seven or eight battalions of artillery : "still they come."

JOSEPH E. SHEFFIELD, ESQ., of New Haven, has within a few days, given to the Scientific Department of Yale College the sum of $50,000. This is the second donation old Yale has received from this gentleman.

CITY AND VICINITY.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN,

If applied for immediately, the Stock and Fixtures of a Wholesale and Retail Cigar Store. Apply to H. L. WILLIAMS, Agent, or THOS. CLAFFEY, Central Street. aug2d3t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery to No. 23 Central St. (formerly Merrimack Street—long of Central Street) may31tf

WELCOME HOME OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

We noticed yesterday the reception of this regiment in New York. The regiment reached Worcester yesterday forenoon, about eleven o'clock, and was the recipient of a most gratifying welcome from the warm hearted people of the "heart of the Commonwealth." The City provided a bountiful collation for them at the City Hall, where they were welcomed by Mayor Davis, of that city, to which Col. Jones briefly responded. They were escorted through the principal streets by a portion of the Fitzwich Regiment, the buildings being decorated on their line of march, and the entire population being out to welcome them with every demonstration of pleasure.

About half-past two o'clock, they took a train for Boston, crowds being gathered at every stopping place and cheering them.

On arriving at Boston the entire regiment was gathered about the depot, who greeted them as they filed out of the depot with loud cheering. The Second Battalion of Light Infantry met the regiment here, then through Lincoln, Summer, Devonshire, Milk, India and State Streets to the Common where tables had been spread for refreshments. Such a beautiful grave was that Johnson's army is moving northward.

Col. Jones thanked him for the kind reception, and the men soon did justice to the bountiful repast before them. The regiment, with the exception of the Steamboat Company, which was allowed to go home, and return this morning, was quartered for the night in Faneuil Hall. The officers were the guests of the city at the Tremont House.

This forenoon, after having been mustered out of service by Capt. Amory, the regiment took some sleep, and preparations were being here about 11 o'clock. The four companies belonging here, the two Lawrence companies, the Groton and the Acton companies left for their homes at 1 o'clock, leaving the other members, who left here are alive, though some have come to grief by accidents, and others by sickness that all its other members, who left here are alive, though some have come to grief by accidents, and others by sickness in their homes. Capt. Gale, of Groton, is dangerously ill, and his recovery is doubtful. Capt. Bodgett, of Acton, is also very

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See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
Prof. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling, and in less than one time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I discontinued the use of it for about three or four months. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not any more inclined to dandruff. I do not hesitate to recommend it, as I am well aware from my extensive practice, and even more wonderful cures I have effected since the use of it, that it is the best preparation now in use for restoring the hair to its original color. Where the hair has become thin, weak and diseased in consequence of the use of other articles, your Restorative will restore it to its natural color, and make it grow luxuriantly. Yours truly,
R. J. DOUGLASS, M. D.
Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. Its superior excellence, as proved by the unimpeachable testimony of those who have used it, is the best guarantee to the afflicted that they can rely upon it with confidence. Let all try it, and be convinced that it is what it is represented to be.—*Boston Home Monitor.*
Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, in unimpeachable evidence, to possess great virtues in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the hair has become almost entirely gray, we have seen the use of this article has produced a full, glossy hair. It is the best preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and all impurities, which especially are injurious to the hair. It is clean, healthful, and in every description. In many cases given over by other physicians of the best skill, it has proved a success. There is now no need attending to the trial of this remedy, as its virtues are unquestionable, as the compound, if it does not cause a much finer growth of hair, will prevent baldness.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*
A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we have been called to advertise the quackeries of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated truth, and in addition to its own excellencies, is the only specific in existence. We have, therefore, in our instance, however cheap, to decide what is genuine and what is not. We have seen the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement with confidence that we can fully claim it to be. Its effect upon a diseased scalp is marvellous. It soon restores it from a state of dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head is subject to.
In order to test it ourselves, at our request a gentleman of this city, who had lost his hair entirely, and had used many preparations without success, procured a bottle of Wood's Hair Restorative, and in a few weeks had a fine growth of hair. We have since seen him frequently, and he assures us that he considers it the best article he ever used, and that he has since recommended it to many friends, with the same success.—*Boston Commercial Times.*
ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Prof. Wood's Restorative has been tested by thousands whose appearance has been turned to matching a horse's tail, ever before they tried it, and in but a few weeks, and, in some instances, but one application, has restored their hair to its original color, and in a manner that defies detection. Prof. Wood studied the nature of the hair, and knows exactly how to restore the decayed fibres to their original color, and in a manner that defies detection. Prof. Wood studied the nature of the hair, and knows exactly how to restore the decayed fibres to their original color, and in a manner that defies detection. Prof. Wood studied the nature of the hair, and knows exactly how to restore the decayed fibres to their original color, and in a manner that defies detection.
Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is sold by all druggists everywhere.
Depot, 114 Nassau street, New York, and 66 Market street, Chicago. Sold also by all druggists in the United States and Canada.
Wood's Hair Restorative was awarded the highest premium at the World's Fair, London, 1851, and at the Fair of the United States Institute, New York, 1853.
Wood's Hair Restorative is the only article that has ever received the highest premium at any World's Fair

AN ELOQUENT SPEECH.

SENATOR JOHNSON, OF TENNESSEE, ON REBELLION.

Concluded from yesterday.

VIRGINIA THE BATTLEFIELD.

* * * The old Dominion has got the brunt of the war upon her hands, sympathizes with her most deeply, and especially with the loyal portion of her citizens, who have been beset and dominineered over. Now the war is transferred to Virginia, and her plains are made to run with blood; and when this is accursed, what do we hear in the far South? Hurrahs all Cobb, another of these disinterested patriots, said not long since, in a speech in Georgia—

"The people of the Gulf States need have no apprehensions; they might go on with their planting and their business as usual; the war would not come to their section; its theatre would be along the borders of the Ohio River and in Virginia."

She ought to congratulate herself upon this prophecy, for she had got the war—Now they want to advance. Their plans and designs are to get across into Maryland and carry on a war of subjugation—There is wonderful alarm among certain gentlemen here at the term "subjugation." They are alarmed at the idea of making citizens who have violated the law simply conform to it by evidencing their obedience. If a majority of the citizens in a State have violated the law, is it subjugation to assert the supremacy of the constitution and the law? Is it any more than a simple enforcement of the law? It would be one of the best subjugations that could take place to bring the citizens who have misled and brought back to the constitutional position they occupied before. I would to God that I could see stood to-day where she did three months ago.

THE OPPRESSED UNION MEN IN TENNESSEE.

Since I left home, having only one way to leave the State, through two or three passes coming out through the Cumberland Gap, I have been advised that they had even sent their scouts to blockade the roads in the mountains, as they say, to prevent Johnson from returning with arms and munitions to place in the hands of the people, to vindicate their rights, repel invasion, and put down domestic insurrection, as foul as that attempted by Cataline in the days of Rome. You know it to be so. Here we not known men to sit at their desks in this chamber, using the Government's stationery to write treasonable letters; and while receiving their pay and sworn to support the constitution and laws of the country, are plotting in midnight conclaves to devise ways and means by which the government and the constitution should be overthrown? The charge was made and published in the papers. Many things are done in this city that are unknown to the country, and which, if known, would not be tolerated; and it is understood that Beauregard waits to make an immediate advance, to which Davis is strongly opposed.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, August 3, 1861.

THE RECEPTION OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

The Sixth breakfasted on the Common, in Boston, about eight o'clock yesterday morning, at ten o'clock Capt. Amory visited the Common and mustered the regiment out of the service of the General Government.

The Governor issued the following order in regard to the Regiment.—

"The Sixth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteer Militia Col. Jones, has returned home. It was the first which went forward to the defence of the National Capital, and it passed through Baltimore despite the cowardly assault made upon it, and was the first to reach Washington.

Its gallant conduct has reflected new luster upon the Commonwealth, and has given new historic interest to the 19th of April. It has returned after more than three months of active and responsible service. It will be received by our people with warm hearts and generous hands. The regiment is now disbanded till further orders."

At ten minutes before twelve o'clock, a special train started from the depot of the Boston and Lowell Railroad, in Boston, for this city. Crowds were gathered at nearly every station on the road as the train passed, to cheered the returning soldiers.

At about half-past one o'clock, the train containing the members of the Regiment, reached the Northern Depot, and as they left the cars they were received with cheers, but the immense crowd which surrounded the depot was so taken aback by the appearance of the new Colonel of the regiment, that the enthusiasm that might otherwise have greeted them. Instead of the pale-faced, and in many instances delicate-looking young men who left us in April, dressed in the gala attire of holiday soldiers, the spectators were astonished to see ble from the ears a large number of sun-burnt, rough, but hardy-looking men, dressed in red shirts, with dark tunics of reddish grey jackets, made of Garibaldi cloth, and grey pants.

The arrival of the regiment was announced by the firing of nineteen guns (commemorative of the 19th of April) and the merry peal of the various bells in the city. The regiment was accompanied by the City Guard, Lancers, Cadets, and the Lowell Brigade Band, which went to the Relay House, some two weeks since, for the purpose of escorting them home.

Lines were formed on Merrimack Street by the Lowell Fire Department, under whose escort they marched through Dutton, Market, and Shattuck Streets to Merrimack Square, where the exercises of the day and the weariest state of the men, it was deemed advisable to cutoff a portion of the route as laid out, and the procession did not go up Merrimack Street to the Hospital.

The procession formed in the following order:—

Marshal and aide.
Lancers' Brass Band,
The Lowell Fire Department with their Engines,
City Government of Lowell,
Other city officials and officers of the County and State,
City Guard,
Lancers,
Selectmen of Groton and Acton,
Lowell Brigade Band,
Regimental Drum Corps.

Miss Jones, daughter of the regiment, in uniform, mounted on a pony.

SIXTH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT.

Lowell Light Guard.

The Lowell Zouaves, Prevoliest Society.

The Young Men's Catholic Library Association.

High School Cadets.

Ellsworth Zouaves.

Citizens.

The procession marched through the streets designated in the order published, with the exception named above, to the Lowell Common, where it was welcomed by salvos of artillery and the ringing of bells. Here the Regiment formed a regimental line, when they were welcomed by the Mayor.

WELCOME OF MAYOR SARGENT.

Col. Jones, Men and Officers of the Sixth Regiment:

In behalf of my associates of the City Council and in the presence of His Honor the Mayor of Boston, of the City Council of Lawrence, and other municipal authorities from the city of Lowell and of Lowell having men in this regiment, I welcome you most cordially to your homes.

No poor words of mine need be pronounced here in the presence of this vast multitude to assure you that you receive from the people of Lowell a most cordial greeting. The first among the volunteers to leave the State for the defence of the country, you have done your duty, and under peculiar circumstances which a temporary reverse seemed to call for your services elsewhere, though ready to start for your homes, you have remained at the post of your country and were the last of the Massachusetts three months volunteers to pass through the city of Baltimore.

The year 1861 is destined to be memorable in the history of the United States for the breaking out of one the most causeless rebellions that the history of the world has ever presented. The Government under which we have lived for three quarters of a century has exercised its duty and secured to all the people the enjoyment of the rights of property and personal freedom.

For eighteen times the people of this Union have exercised the privilege of choosing their own rulers, which is one of the highest prerogatives of freedom, and at their own pleasure have changed them, and in some instances was attested by the most vociferous cheers, elicited brief remarks from Lt. Col. Wood, Rev. Mr. Babridge, master Munroe, Rev. Mr. Babridge, the chaplain, Adjutant Farr, Captain Pratt, of Worcester, and Ex-Col Sawtell.

The chaplain was a favorite, an especial favorite, and when called upon took the stand with a piece of tongue in his hand and pleasantly referred to his fondness for short speeches, as they knew he had often troubled them with long sermons, "and further as you interrupted me just as I was trying to get a bit of tongue, I am determined you shall have very little of my tongue." In concluding he said—"Seriously, my friends, thank God that we are back again in this hall. You know under what circumstances we went away. We have had serious times together and frolics together, but let me exhort you to remember one thing—we have come back from those scenes of excitement to private life and to the best disposition of the forces in that department and probable future operations.

Execution of a soldier for murder. The execution of private Murray, of the Second New Hampshire Regiment, for the murder of Mary Butler, took place at Arlington Heights, yesterday afternoon. In order that his fate might be a warning to all evil disposed soldiers, the scaffold was erected on the walls of Fort Ellsworth, affording an unobstructive view to all of the regiments in the vicinity of Alexandria were present, and notwithstanding 20,000 witnessed the execution, everything passed off without unnecessary excitement. The culprit ascended the scaffold with a steady gait. In some remarks he made to allusion to his guilt, but called upon his friends to sustain his family in their hour of trial.

Federal prisoners at Richmond. Julius Bieg, who has arrived at Washington from Richmond, reports that Mr. Ely, the captured Congressman, is in jail, though efforts are being made for his release, and that Col. Corcoran, of N. Y., was not killed, though he is in ill health. Large numbers of troops are arriving at Richmond from the South.

Both at Manassas and Richmond the talk is of a strong force to be concentrated on the lower Potomac, and a descent made into Maryland. It is understood that Beauregard waits to make an immediate advance, to which Davis is strongly opposed.

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about questions that may arise in our midst, we have a government to divide in.

NOT A WAR AGAINST SLAVERY.

I know it has been said that the object of this war is to make war on southern institutions. I have been in free states and I have been in slave states, and I thank God that, so far as I have been, there has been one universal disclaimer of any such purpose. It is a war upon no section; it is a war upon no peculiar institution; but it is a war for the integrity of the government, for the constitution, and the supremacy of the laws. That is what the nation understands by it.

NO CAUSE FOR DISCOURAGEMENT.

Although the government has met with a little reverse within a short distance of this city, no one should be discouraged and no heart should be dismayed. It ought only to prove the necessity of bringing forth and exerting still more vigorously the power of the government in maintenance of the constitution and the laws.—Let the energies of the government be redoubled, and let it go on with this war—this war upon no section, not a war upon peculiar institutions anywhere; but let the constitution and the Union in its fruitfulness, and the supremacy and enforcement of the laws in watchword. Then it will go on triumphantly. We must and will succeed. This government must not, cannot fail. Though your flag may have trailed in the dust; though a retrograde movement may have been made; though the banner of our country may have been assailed; let it still be borne onward; and if, for the prosecution of this war in behalf of the government and the enforcement of law is necessary to cleanse and purify that banner, I say let it be baptized in fire from the sun and bathed in a nation's blood! The nation must be redeemed; it must be strengthened. The constitution—which is based upon principles immutable, and upon which rest the rights of man, and the hopes and expectations of those who love freedom throughout the civilized world—must be maintained.

THE FULNESS OF THE CONSPIRACY.

When we look all around we see how the Governors of the different States have become involved in this conspiracy—the most stupendous and gigantic conspiracy that ever existed, and one as corrupt and as foul as that attempted by Cataline in the days of Rome. We know it to be so. Here we not known men to sit at their desks in this chamber, using the Government's stationery to write treasonable letters; and while receiving their pay and sworn to support the constitution and laws of the country, are plotting in midnight conclaves to devise ways and means by which the government and the constitution should if be overthrown? The charge was made and published in the papers. Many things are done in this city that are unknown to the country, and which, if known, would not be tolerated; and it is understood that Beauregard waits to make an immediate advance, to which Davis is strongly opposed.

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HAIN NEWS, &C.

Washington facts and rumors. It is suspected at Washington that the army of the Potomac will not be kept idle so long a time as has generally been predicted.—Its reorganization proceeds with great vigility. Two more troops arriving are placed at once in brigades, and probably only a few days, at farthest only a few weeks, will be requisite, on the present rate of progress, for the perfection of a movement that shall be more successful than the last. No doubt is entertained that Gen. McClellan will advance as soon as he is ready, without waiting for the weather. His plan of operations will not be disclosed until the precise moment for its execution.

The new force under Gen. Banks, at Harper's Ferry, is most encouraging. He is rapidly reorganizing his army, and placing it in an impregable position. He has now a force of an attack from Gen. Johnson, and if attacked is sufficiently strong to defend himself against all comers. There is no reliable information that the rebels are concentrating in any considerable force either at Winchester or Leesburg.

Gen. Butler has leave to pay a visit for a few days to Washington. His visit is on private business, but it will afford an opportunity for consultation in regard to the best disposition of the forces in that department and probable future operations.

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role men who fought at Concord, at Lexington, and at Bunker Hill. Parsimonious! all from among those who went out from us with our benediction and our prayers, one, two, three return not to us again. The manly forms of Needham, of Ladd, and of Whitney, appear not in your ranks to-day. As at Concord on the 19th of April, 1775, Massachusetts blood sealed the devotion of Massachusetts men to the cause of liberty, so, at Baltimore on the 19th of April, 1861, the blood of Massachusetts sealed her devotion to the cause of the Constitution and the liberties of the country.

Mr. Commander, again I welcome you most cordially, most cordially my fellow soldiers, to your homes, and the enjoyments of those peaceful and quiet scenes which you left at the call of the country. You have earned a name, and you have earned the thanks of the whole people, and the remembrance of what you have done will go down to history, and to the honor of Middlesex County.

RESPONSE OF COL. JONES.

Your Honor,—Allow me, sir, in the name of the 6th Massachusetts Regiment, to thank you for the cordial manner in which you have welcomed us. But, sir, with all due respect to you, with all due respect to the City Government of Lowell, you must remember that the people of Lowell have heard, all have their wives, fathers, sisters, and brothers who are waiting to welcome them to their homes. For this moment, you must be aware that every moment that I consume on this occasion is a moment that is more dear to the breast of every man than any other thing could be, than all the welcome in the whole family. Again I thank you for the cordial welcome you have given us.

The procession then re-formed, in the same order as before, and marched to Huntington Hall, where a collation had been provided by Maj. Emery, by direction of the City Grove ument. On entering the hall, many of the soldiers had not tasted food from the heat and the long marches to which they had been subjected, that they were more in need of rest than refreshment, but it was apparent that the unusual exercise, and did ample justice to the collation, which was abundant in quantity and excellent in quality. Mr. and Mrs. Emery were both present, and personally superintended the duties at the tables.

After satisfying the demands of appetite, Col. Jones, in answer to repeated calls of the troops, announced to his command the arrangements made for their transportation home, and said that owing to the length of time waiting for the cars, together with loading and firing (or going through the motions) for some little time, drawing about a large crowd of interested witnesses. This job for home at about six o'clock by way of the Stony Brook Railroad.

The Lawrence companies went home in the regular train, which was detained some time for them. They were to meet with a reception last night in that city.

The Acton company did not leave Lowell until this morning, when they left in the first train on the Stony Brook Railroad. They are to have a grand reception from their townsmen to-day.

The Lowell companies, on leaving the hall, repaired to their respective armories —the Phalanx being the last to enter, where most of them put their guns in the racks, threw off the superfluous equipments they had carried, and were dismissed. We were at the armory of the Phalanx in season to hear three cheers for the honorary members and three for "sweet home." Many of the friends of each of the companies sought the armories to grasp the hands of the soldiers, and to welcome them home, a privilege which up to this time had been denied them.

The day was exceedingly warm, and on the face of every soldier the perspiration stood in beads. They complained that though they drilled when the mercury was at a warmer temperature, they had no news soldiers to bear hunters

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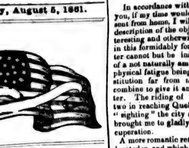
THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, August 5, 1861.



WAR MATTERS.

From Washington. It is stated this morning that Gen. Wool is to take command at Fortress Monroe next week.

Prince Napoleon, accompanied by Secretary Seward and the French Minister, visited both Houses of Congress Saturday afternoon. The President entertained the Prince Napoleon at dinner the same day.

Gen. Butler and wife arrived in Washington on Saturday.

The Senate on Saturday confirmed numerous army appointments. Among them were Major-Generals McClellan, Fremont, Dix, and Banks: Brigadier-Generals Hooper, Curtis, McCall, Sherman, Lander, Kelly, Stone, Reynolds, Hunter, Franklin, Rosecrans, Buell, Mansfield, McDowell, and Meigs.

Capt. Sherman, of the Cincinnati Flying Artillery, has been appointed a Colonel, and will organize a regiment comprising ten batteries of six pieces each.

A flag of truce from the enemy reached Washington on Saturday, but the object of it has not been made known. Arrangements have been made for the recovery of the body of Col. Cameron.

Gen. McClellan has visited the neighborhood of Chain Bridge, within a few days, and has posted himself in regard to the movements of the enemy there. It seems not to be doubted that they have been making vigilant reconnoissance to ascertain if that position may be turned or carried. They cannot afford to cross the Potomac higher up, and will not cross there.

A surgeon in the rebel army has written home to Winchester, that the loss of the rebels at Bull Run, is not less than 6000 killed and wounded.

Two ladies were passed through our lines on Saturday, under the auspices of Miss Dix, to attend our wounded in the hands of the rebels. They take with them a full supply of hospital stores.

The rebels are reported all along the Potomac. It is supposed that they have withdrawn from Northern Virginia, and that a new line of defence has been formed, from the Potomac and Occoquan Rivers to Manassas.

A Richmond paper states that the number in a Federal regiment which surrendered the day after the battle at Bull Run was 820. The regiment is said to belong to Pennsylvania.

It is rumored that the authorship of the intelligence of the movements and preparations of the Federal army given to Beauregard has been traced to an individual occupying a confidential relation to General Scott.

Congress it is expected, will adjourn to-morrow (Tuesday).

There are reports of the presence of a large number of rebel troops crossing from Tennessee into Missouri, and that Price may be looked for in that vicinity.

FOREIGN NEWS. The Anglo Saxon has arrived with ten days later news to July 26th. There is little of importance. Lord John Russell has been elevated to a peerage and will, probably, be hereafter known as the Earl of Lucknow. Another statement is that he will be Earl Russell. He leaves the House of Commons for the House of Lords. A public meeting having reference to the American war was held in London on the 24th ult., Lord Shaftsbury presiding. The object of the meeting was to present a testimonial to Rev. Dr. Cheever of New York. Dr. Cheever spoke strongly against the seceding States, and ascribed the existence of slavery as a duty incumbent on the Federal Government. Notice abounds with reports of skirmishes in Virginia. The citizens of Warsaw had indulged in demonstrations of honor for English sympathy for Poland.

COL. MILES. Col. Miles, upon whose conduct during the battle at Bull Run severe animadversions have been made, has published a card, in which he declares that he has been made the victim of persecution, spite, that he directed the movements of his troops on the field, and that he never gave a single order inconsistent with the usages of the service and the honor of the officer. He further says that he has called for a court of inquiry to investigate the whole transaction. A friend of Col. Miles has also made the declaration that but for the prompt and efficient action of his reserve forces, in holding in check the enemy that was pursuing our panic-stricken troops, the loss of ten times that of thousands of our men would have been inevitable.

In New York, on Friday afternoon, Mr. Henry Kneland, returned to his bookkeeping office from luncheon, apparently in cheerful spirits. He had scarcely seated himself at a desk, when he drew a pistol from his pocket and discharged it, the ball entering the left ear and passing entirely through his head, killing him instantly.

THE PEMBERTON COMPANY. The first annual meeting of the Pemberton Company was held June 30th. Messrs. Ebenezer, David Stevens and George Blackburn, were chosen directors. Subsequently, Mr. Patten was elected President; Gerard C. Tobey was chosen Clerk, and Henry S. Shaw was chosen Treasurer.

GEN. MCCLELLAN was relieved by Jeff Davis himself, then Secretary of War, to go to the Crimea to observe the great battles. It will be a little curious if the knowledge which he there gained should be the means of overthrowing at the head who put him in position to receive the instruction.

AT NEW YORK, on Saturday, the United States Marshal arrested Austin E. Smith, who had just arrived from San Francisco, who is charged with being a deserter from the United States Government and with treason. All his papers and baggage have been secured. He has been transferred to the custody of the military authorities at Fort Lafayette.

LETTER FROM QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, *July 29th, 1861.*

In accordance with a request to write you, if my time would permit, while absent from home, I will now attempt a brief description of the objects encountered, interesting and otherwise, since my arrival at this formidably fortified city. The letter cannot but be insipid as the sorriest of a non-naturally sensible temper, and the physical fatigue being endured by a constitution far from naturally adapted, will combine to give it an unattractive character. The riding of the past three days, two in reaching Quebec and the other in "sighing" the city and its environs, has brought me to gladly give this day to recuperation.

A more romantic retreat than the one I am located in, which a day ago was a perfect wilderness, it is not to be appreciated, can hardly be fancied. It is a cottage, plain but neat in character, situated on an eminence on the north side of the St. Lawrence, directly over Silery cove and commanding a view of the St. Lawrence, and its shore for a number of miles. It is more immediately the property of Mr. Sasseen, the name of the estate of Henry LeMesurier, Esq., one of the most opulent, influential and public spirited gentlemen of Quebec. Beauport is about four miles from the city. It is literally engulphed in forest trees. Toward the river side is a rich undulating slope, with the easy graceful knolls and hillocks bathed in variegated verdure and all else that can typify natural beauty. The place is accessible to the taste and munificence of Mr. LeMesurier.

In driving to Silery you pass the finest private residences in Quebec, and travel a road easy and pleasing, and equal to the most macadamized in the U. States. Beauport is about four miles from the city. It is a long straggling village, of little and the character, the article and the author, I know not why, were irresistibly brought to my recollection, as I passed it, and the scenes that had delighted me during the day, the refreshing greenness of the surrounding woods, the mellow radiance of the sinking sun, the delicious coolness of the atmosphere, and the sweet and graceful stillness which pervaded the place, conjured to make the paper of my mind, its pleasant acquaintance a lovely vestige of royalty. The mental and moral insanity of the northern people over the horrors of War, is despised by all beyond their boundaries, and by none more than by the thorough bred Englishman, who like the people here—educated under English influence. But the folly is accomplished, and we are yet to witness who are far from regretting it. If President Lincoln and Secretary Seward are not the repulse of the republican, might augment the power of the Confederacy, is even that is gravely questionable, because of the deep, relentless feeling of the American people. You know that I was born to Bellefonte literature, so broad and so fervent, will cause us to maintain our filial gratitude to our national mother" —to forget a repeated attempt at subjugation, and our cheek but to be turned coldly and scarred to turn the other in the exercise of the Christian virtue of humility. It is simply submission. But to recur to my trip.

We left Lorell on Thursday morning for Portland via Lawrence, connecting with the Boston and Maine, and reached Portland a little afternoon, where I remained forty-five minutes, ample time to inspect the principal part of the Grand Trunk, than which a finer is not, it is said, in the Union. "A hasty plate of soup" and an order for the success of the man who has made the phrase memorable, were all that I had an opportunity to "do" before leaving for Island Pond in, the northwestern section of Vermont—where the baggage was to be examined at Point Levis by twenty miles on the Portland side of Island Pond, and especially for twenty miles on the Portland side of Montreal, the country is as delightful to roam and to study as any section of the same area, I verily believe, that nature can present. The valleys, and the most successive windings of the Androscoggin and the Little Androscoggin, and the fine flowing growth of several fine wheat fields and rising meadow land, tier wild, unpretending forests, log cabins of the rudest description, and towering in the light, receding distance, the snow capped and continuous changing range of mountainous scenery a part of the latter being a portion of the White Mountains, made a panorama of natural grandeur that would charm and elevate the soul of a stoic or a misanthrope.

It was my good fortune, a short time since, to read Dr. Channing's work, entitled "The Religious Influence of Art," written by a Lowell friend whose eye may meet this leaflet from the Carolinas to prove that surrounds me while I write. As the train drew up in front of the Alpine House, in Gorham, coming full in view of Mount Tom, Mount Washington and a lower range in the vicinity, the article and the author, I know not why, were irresistibly brought to my recollection, and the scenes that had delighted me during the day, the refreshing greenness of the surrounding woods, the mellow radiance of the sinking sun, the delicious coolness of the atmosphere, and the sweet and graceful stillness which pervaded the place, conjured to make the paper of my mind, its pleasant acquaintance a lovely vestige of royalty. The mental and moral insanity of the northern people over the horrors of War, is despised by all beyond their boundaries, and by none more than by the thorough bred Englishman, who like the people here—educated under English influence. But the folly is accomplished, and we are yet to witness who are far from regretting it. If President Lincoln and Secretary Seward are not the repulse of the republican, might augment the power of the Confederacy, is even that is gravely questionable, because of the deep, relentless feeling of the American people. You know that I was born to Bellefonte literature, so broad and so fervent, will cause us to maintain our filial gratitude to our national mother" —to forget a repeated attempt at subjugation, and our cheek but to be turned coldly and scarred to turn the other in the exercise of the Christian virtue of humility. It is simply submission. But to recur to my trip.

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CITY AND VICINITY

GREAT EXCURSION

TO NIAGARA FALLS, VIEW OF LAWRENCE, THROUGH THE GREAT BASTION, MONTREAL AND QUEBEC.

TUESDAY and *WEDNESDAY*, Aug. 6th and 7th. The Cars will leave Lowell each day in the A. M. & P. R. R. Depot, at 7 o'clock. For the round trip, $12 00. Good for 15 days. For further information inquire at Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street, or at the Depot.

E. W. BRICKETT.

THE MECHANIC PHALANX.

LOWELL, Aug. 5th, 1861.

At a meeting of the officers of the Lowell Mechanic Phalanx, Company C, of the Sixth Regiment M. V. M., it was unanimously voted that Major Sherburne be requested to give to their officers, Capt. A. S. Follansbee, Lieut. Thomas Sherburne, Lieut. Charles Sherburne, Ensign Sherburne, Sickness and Allen, Corporals Larkin, Marshall, Allen and Elliott, for the active manner in which they have maintained and exercised, and for their uniform care, kindness and attention to the men under their command during the time they were in camp.

It was further resolved the Jeremiah Crowley, to S. Wright, and H. H. Pearson, be appointed a committee to embody these resolutions in writing, and cause the same to be published in the city newspapers.

THOMAS SHERBURNE,
M. S. SICKNESS,
JOHN C. ALLEN,
Committee.

augtdlp

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN,

If applied for immediately, the Stock and Fixtures of a Wholesale and Retail Cigar Store, with a Job Trade. Inquire of A. M. APPLETON, or THOS. CLAFFEY, 50 Central Street. May30tf.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 25 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street, Merrimack House.

May 31, 1861. may31tf

HOMICIDE AT BILLERICA. Quite an excitement prevailed in this city yesterday, in consequence of a homicide which occurred in Billerica, late on Saturday afternoon, near the old Middlesex Canal, about four miles from this city. The party who committed the homicide is Francis Hennessy, who resides at No. 142 Suffolk Street, in this city. Not a few of their Irish friends have been in the habit of visiting the house of Hennessy, as if he felt justified in what he had done, and shows little or no evidence of insanity.

The following is a statement of the case: Hennessy, is corroborated by others no far as the facts are known. The house where the trouble first commenced was kept by Mrs. Roden, whose husband had call ed to see about buying a cow.

HENNESSY'S STATEMENT.

I rode up to Billerica with Mr. Manning. He told me if there was any beer on his place I might get them. I gather ed some carrots; then thought I would go out to the Middlesex canal, and might find some thoroughbred; in following the canal down, an Irishman overtook me. I had an empty bag team; I asked him how far he was going; he said to the next house; I asked him if I might ride as far as he went; he said yes; after I had rode along a piece, he asked me if I would take a drink of liquor; I answered no, I would rather have water; he said he would have a drink at his house; he said yes; I went to his house and got a drink of water; then talking about work in the fields, he was plenty of thoroughwort opposite his house, and I might get a load; he answered, I asked him if there would be any trouble; he said "No, I own the land;" I picked the thoroughwort. As I got nearly through picking, the Irishman, who gave his name, and stated that he had called his name Lynch, met me. I was in sight of the house. I asked them where they were going to bury the cow; he returned to the house with them, sat down in the yard and went to singing; I was at my roughwork; the man with him, I think named Lynch, used insulting language to me; I was sitting there I gave him no cause; who gave me consent to gather the herbs, and his wife, a piece of the cow to put in a pail, sitting by my side; they praised it; soon there was a row; the man who first gave his consent ordered me to leave in fifteen minutes; there was trouble between him and the other man; I picked up my herbs as soon as possible; when I gathered them up I found my pail was missing. I inquired for it; I looked round and saw it in their doorway; on opening the pail I found that some cooked fish is it was nearly gone; I asked what had become of it; they said that the cats and dogs had taken it; I had my coat over my shoulder, and as I was leaving, I said they were queer cats and dogs that would remove the pail three or four rods, take the cover off, take out the fish, and put the cover on again; as I was nearly against a third man raking hay, he struck me with his rake; he struck me with the ear leaving a scar; [the scar was visible]. I had my pail cover in the meadow; he made the remark, you seem to call us names and robbers; I went on two or three rods further, before I got to the road, and the one I think they called Lynch, caught my bag of herbs and took it away, and that the catnip was his property; I told him to lay them down; he laid them down, and immediately picked them up again; the man who gave his consent for the herbs also interfered and I went on; I went some forty rods and sat down by the road and went to stripping the herbs again; I sat there a few minutes when a little girl came along with a jug in her hand; I asked her what she had in the jug; she said at the next house; I requested her not to tell them I was there, for they had liquor enough and I should not promise she should not promise me; as quick as the girl was out, I gathered my herbs in haste; my knife lay open on the ground, and I did not stop to shut it but made all haste; the girl could not keep up with me; I have got to the house before I heard her and the men called Lynch and Hennessy; I stood in one moment he called to me to stop; I looked back and saw a man running after me; I knew it was the man, and, with my heel calling for me to stop; I run till he was within a few rods of me, I turned round and asked what he wanted of me; he said that I had stolen property that belonged to him; I told him I had not; he struck my gun out; he then caught my bag of thoroughwort and scattered some of it;—some of the herbs I had in my hand, pocket and hertes, and threatened my life if I moved away; I then told him to let them down and leave or I would make him; he made some reply, but I did not know what it was; I then struck him on the head; struck him with my rifle on his right side, not to kill him, but to get away; I then left the herbs and sprang of me and struck me; I then returned another blow in his right side, and left him on the ground, and told him to leave. He then came upon his feet and struck me on the head, which me down, wrenching me badly. I then struck him in the left side with my knife, which I had in my hand. I then left him, I thought I should not kill him; I made all haste; my gun was after me, and started for the house of Mr. Elijah Corbine; told him that I had killed a man, and asked him to go to the spot and found it to be as I had stated. I then went to Billerica and left, and I delivered myself up to J. G. Farr, one of the keepers of the police station.

THIEVES ABOUT. On Friday last during the reception of the Sixth Regiment, several thefts were made by the light-fingered gentry. George Hopkins, Esq., lost a valuable watch. William Lamson, watchman at the Savings Bank building parted with $55 in money while on the street, and a member of the Lawrence City Government went home poorer by $75 or $80. George Robinson also lost his wallet containing about $8 and notes valued at three or four hundred dollars.

NOT TRUE. The report that a member of the Worcester company died of exhaustion, on reaching home, on Saturday last, is not true. The man who had died from being of the kind is to be found in the papers from that city this morning.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Charles C. Smith, common drunkard, was sentenced to the House of Correction for six months.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT CARLISLE. Last Saturday afternoon, Mr. Jonathan A. Johnson, of Carlisle, was instantly killed by the falling of a tree. The particulars of his death in the following manner:—He was rising in a wagon, when his horse took fright and ran, throwing him out and on both wheels on one side passed over his head, crushing it badly. He was alive when aid reached him, and said "I am a dead man," and soon after expired. Mr. Johnson was a farmer, owning his land, as we understand, in that town. He was about 37 years of age, and leaves a wife and one child. He was a brother of Mr. Johnson, who is completely prostrated and by kept a stable on Middlesex Street, and now carries on the soap factory, corner of Middlesex and School Streets.

DROWNED. Thomas Tracy, said to be from Lowell, a member of Company K, 20th Regiment, was drowned last Wednesday, while bathing in the Potomac River. His funeral took place on Friday afternoon.

COMPANY I, SIXTEENTH REGIMENT. This company, which is commanded by Capt. Henry T. Lawson, is now fully organized and officered. About forty of its members have been in Lowell, on a furlough. Capt. Lawson, who is a brother of Hon. Peter Lawson, was formerly a resident of Lowell, but for the year past has been residing in Newton. We believe this is the second time that he has attempted to get into the service of the Government; the first time was during the excitement of the overruling power that assumes the right of appointing officers of companies after they have chosen for themselves and that, too, according to the provisions of the law governing such transactions. We are told that the same scheme was tried a second time, and that but for the stubborn resistance made by Capt. Lawson, seconded by his brother, Hon. Peter Lawson, would have succeeded, and the Capt. could have had but little satisfaction in the fact that he had raised a company for the war, to be officered by those most in favor with the powers that be. The matter is settled now, however, and Capt. Lawson's command goes into the Sixteenth Regiment which will probably be ordered off this week. He has a good company, and we doubt not an honorable report will be returned to us of its behavior if it is ever brought in collision with the foe.

THE DAVIS GUARDS. This fine body of men, from the good old patriotic town of Acton, had a fine reception on Saturday last, on their return home. We shall publish an account of it to-morrow.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug 5.

4 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad		99
10 Boston and Providence Railroad		103
10 Boston and Worcester Railroad		103 1-4
10 Boston and Maine Railroad		107 3-4
50 Metropolitan Horse Railroad		30
1 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad		104 1-4
10,000 Massachusetts Sixes		103 1-2

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has to be found at Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, from after till ten o'clock, A. M., where he will be happy to wait upon them. Also, all Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Coal promptly attended to. A. L. BOOKER.

Lowell, July 26, 1861. 4w30

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via the Great Western of Canada, Detroit, Michigan Central and Great Western Railroads. Through tickets for Island Pond, Stanstead, Sherbrooke, Quebec and Montreal, for sale by

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Depot. may11

FISKE & LUCE WORKING MACHINE. We would inform the public that we have purchased of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. JOSIAH

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Charter Perpetual.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	D. R. Richardson,
J. Hodgkins,	D. R. Richardson,
G. G. Hoyt,	E. F. Sherman,
	Lucy Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is conducted by Directors, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment for losses in 1858-59-60-61. With deposit notes to the amount of $100,000, the Mutual Department can safely insure to the amount of $1,000,000, and is conducted in a manner entirely satisfactory to the insured. A Dividend of Interest Coupon is made annually. The Stock Department is conducted on the same plan as that of any Company with a substantial cash basis.

THE CAPITAL AND DEPOSIT NOTES amount now over $700,000. Business, strictly, no rebatement and no agents' commissions. Applications for insurance promptly acted upon and promptly paid.

Office, No. 2 Merrimack Street, (up stairs.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
F. P. SHERMAN, Secretary.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. ly

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It is cheaper,
Than any other free burning coal. And the Agent for the sale of the same is HOWARD BRAD. Woburn Avenue, and of our agent, H. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell. Lowell, may14dtf

"BUT ME AND PILL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Prepared from simple roots in the worst form and most concentrated state. Ingredients: Cowslip, Hemlock Plant, Dragonfly, Indigenous Root, Mandrake, Wild Cherry, Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Juniper Berries, Spanish Buckeye, Stone, and other ingredients equally valuable. Each bottle is accompanied with a pamphlet, containing a full description of the ingredients, and purity the blood better than any other medicine. They are the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Dandelion, Juniper Berries, Spanish Buckeye, and other recently added, all so skilfully combined as to be more powerful in their effects than any remedy the most effective Spring and Summer Medicine than can be used. Frequently needs this medicine, and should use it. Those who are costive and sick at times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

Physicians and others can obtain a more concentrated form called Dr. Langley's Sugar Coated Root and Herb Bitters, containing the same medicinal properties in a granular form, and will cure Costiveness and Piles. Sold by all Druggists.

Orders addressed to J. D. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

ELIJAH, Jr. AGENT, corner of Merrimack and John streets. may7 6m

CAUTION

The subscribers have purchased of the trustee and the original FRANKLIN LOVE, the entire right of the Medicine, and will sue for infringement. W. E. LIVINGSTON, wholesale Druggist, Agent.

Dr. Love is the method of manufacturing the public are cautioned against purchasing any Medicine purporting to be Dr. Love's, unless the same bears the genuine signature of the proprietor.

REMINGTON & HENRY, Proprietors.
Delaware City Delaware, Dec. 1, 1860. ly

CHAMBERLIN'S BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.

The subscriber having leased the above Hall, would inform his friends and the public that he has put on Carom's best three-foot tables, also keeps on hand a good supply of Segars and Tobacco. He solicits a share of the patronage of our first citizens, who desire the amusement of that beautiful game from those following it.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN.
Lowell, March 11, 186 mar11tf

Attwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters—the best. Attwood's Tonic Pills are the best in the public. All Druggists have it. See advertisement. 4TuThdlmly

Blood Food!
Blood Food!
Blood Food!

To all suffering from Consumption, Incipient or confirmed, or from debility of any kind, or from nervousness, or from Scrofula, Erysipelas, Boils, Pimples, or from scrofulous complaints, or from diseases of the blood, we say, have all you can of Blood Food. It is a certain cure for all diseases of the blood. Blood Food is a positive remedy for Consumption, Incipient or confirmed, as a thousand living witnesses can testify. Blood Food is a certain remedy for Scrofula, Erysipelas, Boils, Pimples, or any other disease of the blood. Blood Food is a positive remedy for Debility of any kind, or from nervousness, or from any cause whatever. Blood Food is a certain remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Pains in the Limbs, Back and Kidneys, Female Weakness, Irregularities, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Shaking Nerves, and other complaints too numerous to mention. Blood Food is a certain remedy for Fever and Ague, or Chills and Fever, or any of the usual complaints. In the worst cases of Fever and Ague, Blood Food will cure in three days.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS

DR. GUILMETTE'S BLOOD FOOD is the only safe means of restoring interrupted or obstructed health during the change of life. Ladies, do not be deceived by counterfeits offered in the shape of Pills. Dr. Guilmette's Blood Food is a liquid. DR. GUILMETTE'S BLOOD FOOD is the only safe means of restoring interrupted or obstructed health during the change of life. Ladies, do not be deceived by counterfeits offered in the shape of Pills. Dr. Guilmette's Blood Food is a liquid. DR. GUILMETTE'S BLOOD FOOD is the only safe means of restoring interrupted or obstructed health during the change of life. Ladies, do not be deceived by counterfeits offered in the shape of Pills. Dr. Guilmette's Blood Food is a liquid.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD;
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of two years. I commenced using your remedy on the 1st of January, 1858, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite gray. At present—at least one-third gray. As few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued to use by applying two or three times per week. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known publicly, and even more wonderful ones through the entire Union. I have coveted no other fame than benefiting the greater part of the time the next three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its efects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that it could not and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by getting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and to be as good, and even better, selling at about half the price. I have nothing more to say, only that I am a perfect convert to the above facts, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is disheartening to people who will persist in denouncing their people who will persist in denouncing their people who will persist in denouncing their

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, August 6, 1861.

RECEPTION OF THE DAVIS GUARDS AT ACTON.

The good old town of Acton was on Saturday the centre of great interest to all its people, and to those of the neighboring towns, the occasion being the reception of the Davis Guards, Company E, Captain Daniel Tuttle, of that town, after an absence of more than three months, with the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, in the service of the Federal Government. We think it is a fact that this company was the first one to arms in response to the President's call for seventy-five thousand volunteers. The orders for the Captain to report his command in Lowell on Tuesday morning, April 16th, were not sent to Acton till a late hour in the evening; the members were notified and collected from seven different towns, and although twelve miles from Lowell, we believe they were in the city about half-past seven o'clock on Tuesday morning. We remember the fact that they passed our office in a drenching rain, about that time. How many hours before this time they were in arms, we do not know, but it is probable that it was some time before any of our Lowell company left their armories. It was fitting, then, that this company, which was the first to start for the capital, then threatened by the rebels, should be welcomed — enthusiastically welcomed—on their return to the homes they had left in so much haste and under circumstances anything but encouraging.

The Davis Guards, after having been dismissed by Col. Jones, in Huntington Hall, repaired to the armory of the City Guards, where they remained all night. At half-past 5 o'clock, on Saturday morning, they came into line and marched to the Northern Depot, and took the cars for home, by way of Groton Junction, accompanied by the Brigade Band. It was about half-past 8 o'clock when the cars having on board the Davis Guards stopped at the station at South Acton. This little village, we presume, never before held so many inhabitants. The rush to the cars, as the members of the company began to appear, was sufficient evidence of the anxiety of the people to welcome the brave men who had so promptly set aside their personal interests to look after those of the Nation's.

Amid the booming of cannon, ringing of bells, hand-shakings, exclamations of welcome, some cheering, and evidences of surprise at the appearance of the hardy, sun-burnt, and oddly uniformed men, the company came into line, and after briefly marching a short distance took up a position on the left of the road to the station, opposite Exchange Hall, having passed in review before the several companies, formed in military order along the street, on the same side. There were no less than five organized companies present, the two field pieces belonging to the Concord Artillery, and the Worcester Band, besides the Lowell Band, already named.

After slight refreshments had been furnished for the several companies, the line of march was formed, and the procession commenced moving about twenty-five minutes past ten o'clock, in the following order, marshaled by Col. W. E. Faulkner, who also commanded the military.—

Chief Marshal and Aide.
Worcester Band.
Hayward Guards, Capt. Jones.
Liberty Guards, Capt. Willis.
Brigade Band.
Davis Guards, Capt. Tuttle.
Concord Rifles, Capt. Prescott.
Engine Company, No. 5, of Acton.
Invited Guests and Speakers, in carriages.
Citizens generally in carriages.

The Stars and Stripes were flying from several points in South Acton, and as soon as the procession was being formed, every available spot in the principal square was crowded with interested spectators. The field-pieces were taken to the centre of the town (Acton) some time before the procession started.

The procession could not have been much if any less than a mile in length, and all along, from the point of starting to the end, pedestrians were making their way beside the carriages. Looking back from the most elevated portions of the road, the procession, winding along the uneven highway, which is occasionally sheltered by a young growth of wood, the scene was scarcely less fine than that ahead, where the distinct uniforms of the several companies, and the sun glistening on the marched arms they bore, formed a scene never before witnessed in Middlesex, and one worthy of long remembrance by all who observed it. The distance marched is about two miles and a half, and the day being quite warm, Col. Faulkner kindly made it as easy as possible, twice halting that the soldiers might rest, some of them not being used to such an exercise of this character. The time occupied in the march was about three-quarters of an hour.

Just before entering the village, that portion of the procession in rear of the carriages containing the speakers and invited guests, halted, and the immediate friends and relatives of the members of the Davis Guards formed in line and marched with the procession to the speakers' stand, just beyond the church, facing the common. Across the street were suspended neatly wrought mottoes, appropriate to the occasion. "First to go," was the first one we noticed. "Safely Returned," "Welcome Home," and "Hurrah for the Brave," were also passed before and during opposite the monument, which has upon it the word "Union" on two sides and the names of Davis, Hayward, and Hosmer. On a stone to the right of the monument were the words, "Through Baltimore"; and on a dwelling house, "Welcome home again." On the front of the old church, at the left of the monument were the words (the sentiment of those offered by Davis previous to the Concord fight) "The Davis Guards not afraid to go." On the dwelling house next the church some true-hearted person had expressed his love for our country in one word, "Union." The firing of cannon and ringing of bells, as the procession entered the village, lent additional inspiration to the occasion. In various places the American flag floated gaily on the breeze, and the scene was one of unusual interest to those who witnessed as well as those who took part in the ceremonies.

The procession having halted, the several companies formed around the rostrum, the whole space for some distance being occupied by spectators, who began to gather at an early hour in the forenoon even from the neighboring towns. It was said that never before, unless at the dedication of the monument, some years ago, was there ever so large a gathering in Acton.

Col. Faulkner, when the speakers were seated, stepped forward and called to order, and announced Rev. Mr. Morton, of Acton, who invoked Divine blessings in a most touching and appropriate prayer, feelingly alluding to the promptness with which the men they had met to welcome home had left them, to endure the hardships and dangers of a soldiers' life, and closing in an earnest petition, that he who orders all things, and overrules the world, would protect our country from the hands of its enemies, and perpetuate its blessings for the good of all.

Dr. John M. Miles, of Acton, was next introduced, and made the address welcoming home the command of Capt. Tuttle.—

We have not space for the Doctor's address here, but it will appear in our regular weekly edition, with other matter for which we are obliged to omit relating to the celebration. Sufficient to say, the address was appropriate, patriotic in spirit, and complimentary to the Davis Guards.

To the address of Dr. Miles a brief response was made by Dr. Cowdry on behalf of Capt. Tuttle, who from hoarseness was hardly able to speak a loud word. He said the Davis Guards were proud of the reception that had been given them; they had endeavored to do their duty; they were ready to go again if the country required their services, and even the prospect of a fight like that at Bull Run would not intimidate them.

Col. Faulkner made a brief address to the audience, announcing the arrangement for the continuation of the interesting exercises, and advised all to seek such rest or entertainment as best suited them till the signal for re-forming the military companies.

In the intermission that followed, all the companies having marched their arms, and a most warm welcome did the people of Acton give the brave little body of men who went forth from their homes and friends, on the dark and stormy morning of the 16th of April last, to battle, as did those from whom they sprung, for their country and its glorious institutions. We saw and heard enough to prove to us that Acton will never fail to do her duty, and we have no doubt that her part in the war against rebellion is not yet fully performed, for she has men who cannot quietly remain at home while the stars and stripes are in peril. The spoiled those whose remains rest beneath the granite shaft in the public square, must continually remind the men of Acton that if the rebels triumph, then Davis, Hayward, and Hosmer forfeited their lives to no purpose, and the government they sought to establish has proved a failure.

WAR NEWS, &C.

The Prince Napoleon visited our camps on the right bank of the Potomac yesterday and inspected the different bodies of troops. He was heartily cheered as he passed along the lines. He was very much pleased with his reception and expressed himself highly pleased with the appearance of our troops. He conversed freely with the officers, making several suggestions to them.

Information concerning the rebels. It now appears certain that the rebels have only 15 cannon belonging to our army.—Several nights ago they were greatly alarmed, fearing an attack was to be made upon them in the neighborhood of Fairfax Court House. Accordingly about 1500 men and 3 pieces of artillery, forming pattion of their cavalry are continually scouring the country this side of Fairfax. It is not known what number of troops they have there, but they are making preparations by means of railroads to reinforce Vienna, Centreville and Fairfax Court House, wherever they deem it necessary.—Late events have emboldened them in their operations.

The rebel batteries have been increased so much as to threaten the navigation of the Potomac, which may possibly necessitate a counter action.

Liberty of the Press. The representatives of the rebel press recently held a consultation with Gen. McClellan, when it was agreed to transmit the following agreement to the editors of the papers in the loyal States:—

1st. That all such editors be requested to refrain from publishing, either as editorial or correspondence of any description, or from any point, any matter that may furnish aid and comfort to the enemy.

2d. That they be also requested and earnestly solicited to signify to their correspondents, from and within the loyal States, their approval of the foregoing suggestion, and to comply with it in spirit and letter.

The Convention resolved that the Government be respectfully requested to afford the necessary facilities and free access for obtaining and immediately transmitting all information suitable for publication, particularly for reaching congressmen with the enemy.

Gen. McClellan has signed his approval.

Missouri. Six new regiments at St. Louis are nearly ready to be mustered for the war. The county seats of about twenty counties are to be immediately occupied by government troops. A desperate struggle in that State seems inevitable.—Gov. Gamble, just elected by the Union State Convention, has issued a proclamation against disturbing the peace, and declaring the law to be supreme. Gen. Lane is to be allegated. Notice is given that if the troops of the Confederate States remain longer in Missouri it will be considered an act of war. Gov. Gamble has received notice from Mr. Cameron, Secretary of War, that if by a proclamation he promises security to persons in arms who voluntarily return to their allegiance, he will become personally and loyal, this (the Federal) Government will cause the promise to be respected.

Harper's Ferry. Yesterday morning a detachment of the New York 28th Regiment surprised a squad of rebel cavalry near Point of Rocks, killing three, wounding five and taking seven prisoners besides a number of horses. The Federal troops met with no loss.

Fortress Monroe. Gen. Butler has arrived from Washington.

More order is observable since the prohibition of intoxicating drinks. The 8. Spaniard still sais to those celebrated Winans' steam gun. La Mountain has discovered that the rebels are mounting two very large guns on Sewall's Point. It is supposed the guns are put up to annoy the shipping, if not the Fortress itself.

CONGRESS. In the Senate last Saturday, a petition was presented from citizens of Marlboro', Mass., asking Congress to use all means to put down the rebellion.—Mr. Kennedy presented a resolution of the Maryland legislature protesting against the arrest of Ross Winans. After discussion the memorial was ordered to be printed. To-day was fixed upon for adjournment. The bills to pay volunteers monthly and to protect commerce and punish piracy passed.

In the House, the Senate resolution, providing for the payment of troops on the 5th, was passed. The President, and request him to set apart a day of public humiliation, fasting and prayer for the use of our arms, and the preservation of the Union passed.

The confiscation bill passed. The President sent a message in relation to the imprisonment of Hon. Alfred Ely, enclosing a correspondence, and a memorial from citizens of Niagara County, N. Y., asking Congress to pass amendments to the constitution or call a national convention.

In the House, a communication was received from Mr. Curtis, of Iowa, resigning his seat in consequence of having accepted the office of Brigadier General. Mr. May presented the credentials of Senator elect Harding, of Kentucky. Six new regiments at St. Louis are nearly ready to be mustered for the war. The county seats of about twenty counties are to be immediately occupied by government troops. A desperate struggle in that State seems inevitable.—Gov. Gamble, just elected by the Union State Convention, has issued a proclamation against disturbing the peace, and declaring the law to be supreme. Gen. Lane is to be alleged. Notice is given that if the troops of the Confederate States remain longer in Missouri it will be considered an act of war. Gov. Gamble has received notice from Mr. Cameron, Secretary of War, that if by a proclamation he promises security to persons in arms who voluntarily return to their allegiance, he will become personally and loyal, this (the Federal) Government will cause the promise to be respected.

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CITY AND VICINITY

Richardson Light Infantry—Fort Monroe. The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box for the encampment Company, at Fort Monroe, on THURSDAY, August 8th, per steamer Jos. Whitney, from Boston.

Articles weighing not over three pounds will be received at the office of the Lowell Bar Light Company till 9 A. M. on Thursday, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

aug5&7 WM. G. WISE, Chairman Comm. on Forwarding.

AMATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION.

ATTENTION

The Amateur Drill Association will meet on WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 7th, at 8 o'clock, in Masonic Upper Hall. There will be business of importance and a full attendance is desired.

S. E. WHITNEY, Sec'y.

Lowell, August 6th, 1861. aug6-1

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central. may31

THE CORONER'S INQUEST ON THE BILLERICA HOMICIDE. The jury summoned by Coroner Jewett, to investigate the cause of the death of Homeway Lynch, met in the Citizens' Committee Room, Huntington Hall building, yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Charles L. Williams was elected clerk. Only four witnesses were examined.

TESTIMONY OF ANDREW J. M'COY.

The witness, who is captain of the Lowell police, testified to his position of the body of Lynch when found. He gave the statement made to him by Homeway, which is materially the same as that published by us yesterday. The reputation of Lynch was that he was a steady man, had been drinking; have known Homeway for several years; his character was good; he had been committed to the station house several times for insanity; the witness found a knife and thought it worn at the first place where Homeway said he threw it; Homeway was not committed about twenty rods this side of where he says he sat down by the road side; he found the knife about ten rods this side of bushes where Homeway says he threw them; found nothing that did not corroborate his statement; made a close examination.

TESTIMONY OF ELIJAH CORLISS.

Live in Billerica; knew Barney Lynch; who owned a farm in Billerica; he lived in Lowell; have been in Lowell about fourteen years; he came running to my house last Saturday evening, between a quarter and half past seven o'clock; he made statements to me which caused me to go to the ranch; found the body of the dead man; did not at first recognize it as that of Lynch. [A plan of the place was shown which the witness said was correct.] Homeway when he came to my house said he had committed an awful crime; he said that he thought he had killed a man; I asked him who it was; he said that he did not know; he handed me the knife which the witness was shown and identified). Homeway says God knows that I never bought the knife to draw blood on my human being; he said he bought it of Mr. Rogers for two years since to cut hay and clean fish with; he had kept the point sharp for the latter purpose; I handed it back, saying to him you have killed no one, there is no blood on that knife; he replied if you look sharp you will see that it has been into a man a good many times; he then said that he wanted to give himself up to an officer of sense; that he could be found; I told him I did not know that it was not important; I did not believe his story; I repeated the remark that he had killed no one and offered to go up a piece with him; I started with him, when he said for God's sake you are not going alone with me, for they are all drunk and will kick you out; we took a young man that works for me and my son making four of us altogether; he related the circumstances to the witness, which are substantially the same as given yesterday and testified to by the previous witness, showing that Homeway told the same story to all; I do not know of any one that I suspect my son was timid and I said to him in a low tone that Homeway was probably somewhat insane and imagined that he had killed somebody; the latter overheard my said said it is not insanity; if he says so I wish it was not true, but he knew it was so; there is a man there quite near by that is not dead; he said he drew the man into the bushes for fear that some wagon might run over him in the road; I was first in the evening at the spot I saw evidences of a struggle, there being impressions of feet in the sand; Homeway stepped down off the tow-path into the canal (which is dry) and says, 'Here is the man that I say he is dead?' I stepped down to feel of the man's pulse, when Homeway says "don't move him until we have a coroner;" I answered that I should not, that I only wanted to be sure he was dead; when I got through Homeway asked me was dead; "he is," I said; he answered, "I am glad of it, now I am able to tell this story but myself," and asked me what it was best to do; I told him to go back to the house with me and I would carry him to Lowell and get a coroner; he wished to know if I would not be a witness for him if brought up to an officer in town, to which I replied that I would not; I went up to a constable the officer would carry him to Lowell; he then said that he would leave it to me to do as I pleased; I went to my house and when near the corner of the road he asked me what I was going to do with him what he went in there for; he answered that he had left two bags and his berths there and did not wish to lose them; I told him it was too dark to find them and that I would look them up the next day; we went to my house and I carried him up my horse and he got into the wagon and handed the knife to me to keep; I put the knife in my pocket and we came to the Lowell; I found the bags yesterday at the place where he said they were; he is a new member having seen Barney Lynch for a fortnight; it is reputation for drinking and fighting is bad; he was very noisy; Homeway's character has been good; never heard anything to the contrary; he has no appearance of insanity; Homeway gave me the details of the murder without being questioned; I questioned him while coming to Lowell how many times he stabbed Lynch; he said he stabbed him.

TESTIMONY OF FRANCIS HEMENWAY.

The witness was told that he need not answer any question or make any statement unless he chose; that he had done nothing that he wished to keep back; he went on and told the same story that was published in the *Courier* yesterday, giving more minute, though not important, details; some points; he said that he drew Lynch out of the road for two reasons, first that he might take the cartridges from passing over him and the other to prevent any of the gang from finding the body and following and overtaking him before he got to the house of Mr. Corliss; he met two of them on the way; he struck Lynch in the left side twice or thrice; Lynch breathed when he left him. After he was struck on the head in the course of occurrences might not have been so clear, and it is possible that he might have stabbed Lynch more than four or five times.

The witness gave his testimony in a calm manner, speaking slowly and distinct; he betrayed no more emotion than any witness, and signed his testimony with a steady hand.

TESTIMONY OF DR. D. P. GAGE.

The witness made a post mortem examination of the body; he testified to finding three external stabs on the right side and four on the left; the wounds on the right side were not serious; in the left side two of the stabs penetrated to the lung, one being one and a half or two inches long and one and a half deep, and another three inches long and two deep; the fatal stab entered the left ventricle of the heart, passing through the walls of that organ, and was half an inch long and the same deep.

By request of the friends of Lynch, the jury adjourned until this afternoon at half past four o'clock, when other witnesses, if any are ready, will be examined.

The first trouble occurred at the house of a Mr. Horton, instead of Boden, as we stated yesterday, from information then received.

DEATH OF AN OVERSEER. Mr. Francis C. Curtis, who has been an overseer in the weave room, No. 1, Appleton Corporation, for several years, died suddenly yesterday afternoon about one o'clock, of cholera morbus. He had been unwell since Thursday last, but was not able to be about on Saturday night, when he was taken violently ill. A physician was called Sunday morning, but gave no hopes of his recovery. The deceased was about forty-two years old, and has been employed on the Appleton for about eleven years. He was unmarried and boarded at No. 100 Appleton Street. He was a native of Boscawen, N. H., where his remains have been carried for interment.

POLICE COURT. There is no criminal business to-day. The city is quiet, for which the officers feel thankful, the weather being very hot. It is very difficult to chase criminals through dirty lanes or penetrate filthy grog shops or other underground haunts of vice.

THE SIXTEENTH REGIMENT. The following officers of the Lowell companies in the Sixteenth Regiment have been elected:

Co. D, (Hill Cadets) Captain, Patrick S. Proctor; 1st Lieut., Matthew Donovon; 2d Lieut., Daniel Hosmer.

Co. G, (Butler Rifles), Captain, Thomas O'Hare; 1st Lieut., Alex. J. Dallas; 2d Lieut., James H. Thompson.

DID WE ESCAPE FROM A TRAP AT BULL RUN? The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald writes as follows in a singular statement, on rather apocryphal authority:—

"An English officer, who arrived in Washington on the 30th ult., was introduced of Gen. Johnston's aids in New York on Saturday, stated that he personally knew him to be such. The same party the 22d before the battle, and that he heard Johnston say that he would be compelled to fall back on Manassas Junction, and that he would not be able to hold the position at Centreville. He also stated that Johnston's army was in a very demoralized condition, and that he was in favor of a retreat. Unless all the above named plans for Lowell, July 26, 1861. A. L. BROWER.

TO BUILDERS.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz. any of the through tickets for Island Pond, Stanstead, Sherbrooke, and all points Montreal & Southern, can be obtained at the office of Frank Hollroad. No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central. may31

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call attention to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, in full agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan28tf

TRADESMEN AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Colburn, J. W. Stickney, D. B. Richardson,
Wm. Parker, Jr., Wm. Hamblett, Jr., Jos. Bancroft,
L. G. Howe, Edward York, E. F. Sherman,
Charles Cowley.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Farming risks. The present cash surplus is $20,000—$1, with liquidated claims to the amount of $10,000—$2, which will be paid in the course of villane and farm property in Middlesex County is unsurpassed. Risks taken at the lowest rates consistent with safety, and rates as low as in any Company having a cash capital.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT has assets exceeding over $30,000, Dwelling, stores, mercantile and manufacturing risks taken at reasonable rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 37 Merrimack Street—2d story.

E. F. SHERMAN, Agent.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy18tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
Kindles quickly,
It burns up clinker,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
And gives more heat,
Than any other fire-burning coal. And the only place in Lowell where it can be had is at WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, JAY A. HILL, 19 Prescott Street, Lowell. may31dtf

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Blotch or Pimple to the worst Scrofula; Ernptions; Sores; Boils; Blotches; Fever Sores; Ringworm; Weakness, &c. They act both alterative and tonic, and are the best blood purifier ever discovered. They restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and build up the system more than any other medicine. They make the weak strong, the sick well, and the strong healthy. They are made of the best materials, contain no poisonous drugs or mineral pills. Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Poplar and Freely Ash Bark, Rhubarb, Dandelion, and Juniper Berries, are the only ingredients contained in them, and they are so skillfully compounded as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming no new disease in order to cure the old, but leaving that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times. Only 25 cents per bottle.

This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated form, called DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, PURIFIED, for those who prefer a smaller dose. Price $1 per bottle.

Prepared only by DR. J. C. LANGLEY & CO., Boston, Mass.

For sale by all druggists everywhere.

E. KIDDER, 24 Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

Orders addressed to J. C. LANGLEY & CO., Boston, will receive prompt attention. jan28

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice last year, and have used it in over one hundred cases, and investigated its merits as far as they are known, and are prepared to say that it is the best article ever used for dental purposes. It is entirely free from dental protection in relation to the value of the substance, which is far superior to that of gold, and can be made every other article now in use, there are many instances where it will be found preferable to gold, as many cities it is growing in the popular favor—Those who have had operations performed by us, are invited to call and examine their work, that they may be convinced of its superiority. Those who have had operations performed by other dentists, and are dissatisfied with the same, are also invited to call, as we are prepared to remove all defective work, and replace it with the best material in the market, at reasonable prices.

Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building.

WAR HAS COME,

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH PRESS AND SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as a blessing, to remain for wounds, sore-throat fever, sore and rusted feet, chilblains, &c. Price 25 cents.

Soldiers taking the first family Salve in our for sores and wounds, will receive the best attention and special attorney, the assistance, &c. Send all kinds of information relative to the Salve, and also of many proprietary appreciate the healing virtues attached to it. J. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Rooms for Consumers, by the 1000, always on hand. Agents supplied on liberal terms. Be sure and call with the Golden Salve. jan28tf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine OIL OF BARCELONA, hereby caution against buying other oils falsely labelled Lowell them our agents. DR. W. E. HUNTINGTON, advertiser throughout the world.

We take this method to caution the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, if there shall be any to offer it, that the oil is not genuine, and will not relieve any Female Complaint for which it is recommended.

LIVINGSTON & BENDIX,
Importers and Jobbers of Wines and Liquors,
Delaware City Delaware, Sole Agents, U. S.

CHAMBERLIN'S

BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.

The subscriber having leased the above Hall, and refitted the same in a neat and elegant manner, would inform his friends and former patrons that he has put in Carter's best Slate-bed tables, and hopes by keeping a quiet, first-class house, to merit the patronage of our first citizens, who desire the exercise of this beautiful game free from intruders.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN.

Lowell, March 11, 186 mar11dtf

Attwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best, most agreeable Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists have it. See advertisement.

4 TuTh&Sadly

Sale of Stocks, at Brokers' Board, Aug 5.

4 Fitchburg Railroad 97 1-4
2 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad 97 1-4
2 Metropolitan Horse Railroad 50
1 Lowell and Maine Railroad 97 3-4
5 Western Railroad 97 3-4
1 Cheshire Railroad 100
4 Manchester Horse Railroad 100 1-4
$500 Hannibal&St. Joseph 85

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he can be found at Merrill's Block, near the Post Office, from nine till ten o'clock, A. M., where he can be found at any other time at his shop on Jackson street.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood will receive prompt attention.

A. L. BROWER.

Lowell, July 26, 1861. jy29-1m

DEATHS.

In Tewksbury, Aug 5d, Rev. Charles Wellington, D. D., senior pastor in the Methodist Episcopal Church in Wilbraham, aged 70.

In Chelmsford, July 25th, Mrs. Mary Parkhurst, aged 101 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAGNOLIA BALM is a perfect and complete remedy for Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, Chapped Hands and Face, and Salt Rheum. Sold by druggists everywhere. 2aug6

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Mixture, for Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the season. Sold by E. KIDDER, 24 Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 2aug6

The Great English Remedy

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS,

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no Impostion, but by a sure and certain action on the system, Regulates and Constructions, from any cause whatever—Nervousness, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Obstructions, and is nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies it is particularly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with certainty.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fulness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Trembling, Low Spirits, and Loss of Memory, which all other means have failed; and, although a powerful remedy, does not contain mercury, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—All and 6 postage stamps enclosed to the agent, will insure a box of the pills by return mail, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, 2d., and all Druggists. jy4-13m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S NEW DYE,

The only Reliable Dye Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE (first instantly in a single application, imparts a beautiful Brown or Black, without any injury to Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN YEARS AND UPWARDS have been awarded to Wm. A. BATCHELOR since 1839, and over ten thousand applications of his Dye have been made in the various American Cities.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color which will not wash or rub off, and the hair is not rendered not to injure in the least, however long it may be used, but leaves it as soft and beautiful as possible. The hair is invigorated for life by the splendid Dye. Sold and applied at WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 1 Astor House, New York.

Wholesale Depot, 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Wholesale Druggists, Boston.

Lists 233 Broadway, New York.

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTE: USE IS INSURED BY

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

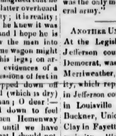
To all suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, or any affection of the Throat, Lungs, or Chest, this preparation offers the most certain remedy ever discovered for the cure of those distressing complaints. Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY has been used successfully in an extended private practice throughout the United States, and has established a reputation unparalleled by any remedy of the kind ever before known. Its power to control and subdue the most severe and dangerous attacks of disease, even after the system has become reduced by other remedies, and its perfect freedom from every deleterious ingredient, render it the safest and most reliable medicine that can be used for children, and for delicate females, during pregnancy, or after confinement. Its power to allay irritation, and strengthen the lungs, make it the best and most effectual remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, and Chest, that can be employed with safety and certainty in all climates, and under all circumstances.

Prepared and sold by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Mass.

For sale by all Druggists everywhere.

Nov. 16, 1860. novtoly

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES



Dr CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is unsurpassable in prolific effects and much enough is not said in their favor. Ladies who are in the married state should not be without them, as they are a sure preventive of Miscarriage, if taken according to the directions which accompany each box. They are the same genuine article which the inventor, CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years used successfully in an extended private practice.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address all letters for information to the sole proprietor, CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., 67 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, 2d., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by Druggists everywhere. jan28

TRADESMEN AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, J. W. Stickney, D. B. Richardson,
Wm. Parker, Jr., Wm. Hamblett, Jr., Jos. Bancroft,
L. G. Howe, Edward York, E. F. Sherman,
Charles Cowley.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Farming risks. The present cash surplus is $20,000—$1, with liquidated claims to the amount of $10,000—$2, which will be paid in the course of villane and farm property in Middlesex County is unsurpassed. Risks taken at the lowest rates consistent with safety, and rates as low as in any Company having a cash capital.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT has assets exceeding over $30,000, Dwelling, stores, mercantile and manufacturing risks taken at reasonable rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 37 Merrimack Street—2d story.

E. F. SHERMAN, Agent.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy18tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
Kindles quickly,
It burns up clinker,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
And gives more heat,
Than any other fire-burning coal. And the only place in Lowell where it can be had is at WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, JAY A. HILL, 19 Prescott Street, Lowell. may31dtf

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Blotch or Pimple to the worst Scrofula; Ernptions; Sores; Boils; Blotches; Fever Sores; Ringworm; Weakness, &c. They act both alterative and tonic, and are the best blood purifier ever discovered. They restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and build up the system more than any other medicine. They make the weak strong, the sick well, and the strong healthy. They are made of the best materials, contain no poisonous drugs or mineral pills. Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Poplar and Freely Ash Bark, Rhubarb, Dandelion, and Juniper Berries, are the only ingredients contained in them, and they are so skillfully compounded as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming no new disease in order to cure the old, but leaving that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and all should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times. Only 25 cents per bottle.

This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated form, called DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, PURIFIED, for those who prefer a smaller dose. Price $1 per bottle.

Prepared only by DR. J. C. LANGLEY & CO., Boston, Mass.

For sale by all druggists everywhere.

E. KIDDER, 24 Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

Orders addressed to J. C. LANGLEY & CO., Boston, will receive prompt attention. jan28

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Fitchburg, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as FAIR RATES as those of the most RELIABLE OFFICES in the country. POLICIES written on DWELLINGS, HOUSEHOLD and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
July 15, 1861. jy18tf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 9, 1861. jan1tf

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860,

$253,912.39.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged it 96.030 per cent.

$100,000 of the Capital is invested in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth 33 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State of New York.

Full particulars may be obtained at the office of the Company, No. 346 Broadway, New York, or of the undersigned.

ISAAC HIN KLEY,
Agent for Lowell.

March 29, 1861. mar29dtf

HOUSE TO LET, now in the private family of the subscriber, on Merrimack street, near Bridge. Inquire at the Hamilton Company Mill. jy29tf

PURE ICE.

WM. & L. McFARLIN,

DEALERS IN ICE,

Head of Pawtucket Falls, Lowell.

NOTICE of change of residence, if given to the drivers of our ice wagons, will be promptly attended to. Leave orders around the drivers for neglect, carelessness, or any other cause, should be left at the office, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, where they will receive prompt attention. Ice will be delivered to families, stores, and factories, in any part of the city, at the lowest rates. Ice will be delivered to families, stores, and factories, in any part of the city, at the lowest rates.

WM. & L. McFARLIN.

Lowell, May 4, 1861. may9tf

L. B. DATCHELDER,

Teacher of Voice and Instrumental Music, Harmony, Thorough Bass, and Composition. Residence with Prof. Fogg, Lowell, Mass. Orders left at Ditson & Co.'s, 277 Washington street, Boston, will receive prompt attention. jan28

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

NEW TIES for Gents at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store. apr26

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1848,

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms. Office in Company's building, on Merrimack street.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.

Nathan Allen, Geo. C. Abbott,
Stephen Codding, John Avery,
Arthur F. Bartlett, Charles Cowley,
Joshua W. Tenney, Capen S. Marsh,
Joseph Morrill, Jr., Wm. Hamblett, Jr.,
Ephraim Brown. Joseph Bancroft.

Andover.

Alfred A. Abbot,
Benjamin E. Bates. Lester M. Chase,
Samuel Gardner.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 4th Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD,
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

PROF. O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. In a few months it entire stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since remained healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known; already, and even more wonderful, cases brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but some other of the new article, said to be as good as yours, had selling at about half the price. I have ordered two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt will prove to be of the most touching that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt to be genuine.—Apparently, some of the fair sex of the charitans have not brains enough to write an honest letter, or to notice they have entered merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past year, sold two thousand persons talked with nowhere near that number of persons who have used your restorative, and would never—consider for a moment—of using any other. I had a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative on the scalp, but as there was a re dation than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have it as near as possible, resumed to its original color and firmness, as it was in my younger days, a beautiful block, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way, and if I found one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change taking place in the roots, so that I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a half, and my head is as fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light bla k as I have ever had, or as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is now nearly clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is coming in fast. It is as silky, as though just from the hands of a French champion. Many of my acquaintances are frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the natural hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,

FREDERICK BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be shadowed by any new article. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe there is no article of the desired result, and receives the universal endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplish all they profess, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Sep.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now sells rapidly, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many of its certificates, and can get off of these as evidence some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't stop till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in this case we like it; they are very common, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, *Fidelia Grant*, has used it, and experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Call at No. 9, and head beside will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy. It does restore the hair to its pristine beauty, and we do heartily recommend it to those who are afflicted with the loss of their natural ornament, or who desire a valuable dressing for the hair. It is therefore a valuable article, and we are pleased to see it so extensively appreciated.—*Boston Journal.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy. It does restore the hair to its pristine beauty, and we do heartily recommend it to those who are afflicted with the loss of their natural ornament, or who desire a valuable dressing for the hair. It is therefore a valuable article, and we are pleased to see it so extensively appreciated.—*Boston Journal.*

A GENTINE BOON. In our capacity as conductors of a public journal, we are frequently asked to advertise the cure alls of the day, each of which claims to be unfailing in the most desperate cases and in addition to its curative effects, will make either a man or woman handsome for life. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we can say that we have used it in the case of the gentleman, that we give it our unreserved approval. We have seen the gentleman in question, and he has given us a full description of his case, and we can say that the effect upon a bald head of hair is truly wonderful. In the case of dozens of exhausted locks it brings in from the starved regions. And we advise our friends who have only a few hairs to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Sep.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABSURDED.—WOOD'S GREAT AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE is the greatest Wood stands on an eminence so obscure, it is not within the reach of the people, and its hair tonic has ever been reached. His fame is endless; but would say to those persons who have worn wigs or been bald for years see now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. No bottle of nostrum, no box of pills, no humbug, fee, and the lies which apply to the functions of the sex. It is the only preparation out the human hair, its character, its propagation, its diseases and its treatment on the physiological vitality of that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that hair was a vital appendage, a cage of the inoculated had reached four score, and he believed that the hair could be restored and revitalized. He tried his own case—immediately and quite great at the age of fifty—nevertheless restored his own hair to luxuriance, and this article is the result in such, he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and lose looking like—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

IT A No. 444 Broadway will be found at were on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

dec6&cow3mMWF

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARES to Inland Ports, Charlestown, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points on Canada Boat.

Fare from Lowell to Inland Ports, $6.50
" " " Charlestown, 5.00
" " " Derby, 4.00
" " " Newport, 4.00
" " " Stanstead, 5.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at this Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

dly Jan28 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

Central Saloon,

(POST OFFICE BUILDING, MERRIMACK ST.)

THE above Saloon has been fitted up in the most elegant style, and is now open for the reception of those of the public desiring the Saloon, especially for the accommodation of the Ladies and Gentlemen connected with the Lowell Lyceum, on account of its convenience to Private Parties, Suppers, &c.

There will be a choice supply of Fruits, Cakes, Teas, Coffee and Confectionary constantly on hand.

Ice Cream served in every variety, and the best of fare will invite entrance; very delicious if the

There is a cool and refreshing Soda Water fountain connected therewith for the use of ladies and gentlemen.

The proprietor solicits the public patronage, and assures them that no exertion will be spared to merit the same.

N. B.—Families supplied with Oysters, by the quart or gallon.

MOTHERS.

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensible and intelligent person, that the first duty devolves upon mothers to study the health and welfare of their lovely, and in this connection we would call your attention to the fact that our celebrated

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from chemicals used by Dr. Eaton while in practice, is now to be found in every city, town and village in the United States, and is particularly recommended for

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious minds are filled with fears and doubts as to what little soon it will be found invaluable in *relieving the pain, flatulency, and disorders of the bowels.* For Diseases attending Teething, such as Convulsions, Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, &c., it is a never failing remedy. Mothers, we sincerely offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case where given as directed. It will materially regulate the stomach and bowels, and be important in this respect and also by enlarging.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are and to die than from any other cause, it is a never failing remedy. Use it unsparingly, as if by magic, and in this direct connection allow the mother voice to say that it has been recommended from our family to another, until the fact has become known throughout the length and breadth of the land. Do not fail to call and ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to your children, as well as your suffering child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial contains

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, and is perfectly safe in the hands of the most inexperienced. Prepared only by

DR. EATON'S LABORATORY,
Boston, Mass.

For sale by all druggists.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by disturbing the system, but by its action on the liver, stomach and kidneys it removes morbific matter, by removing all pain and irritation from the digestive organs, and thereby, therefore, is soon on hand in promoting a healthy, vital action in the system, and in this way it is the best family laxative, and cannot injure the most delicate female.

Use none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. The genuine can be had of all druggists in Boston.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 416 Broadway, New York.
And sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get go PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

Lime Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19 4

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or gummy.

It contains no disagreeable odor.

It fastens the hair when laid in any desired order.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It retains longest in effect.

It costs 25 cts to for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ms7

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MASSUR,

Thos. Mapes's Improved Super Phosphate of Lime;
" Mapes's Super Phosphate of Lime;
A fine Cow's Super Phosphate of Lime;
Ammonia Compound, warranted genuine
100 bushels Herds Grass Seed;
Also, a large assortment of Northern and Western Corn, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Onion, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian, Lawn Seed, &c. &c.
ap15 tf 136 Central street

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

IS NOW

Selling Boracic complexion for 50 cents.
Selling Cream Boracic complexion for 50 cents.
Selling Rose Boracic complexion for 50 cents.
Selling Violet Boracic complexion for $1.00
Selling Superfine Rouge for 50 cents.
Selling Superfine Violet Boracic complexion for $1.00
Selling Superfine Rouge for 50 cents.
Selling very superior Hair Dye for $1.00

RICH MILLINERY GOODS
AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.
ap29 tf.

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH contains the great and disagreeable portion of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

It sweeps better than any broom.
It leaves no dust.
It requires no carpet after sweeping.
It sweeps faster and better than a broom.
It is durable and cheap.
It picks up lint and pins that a broom will not.
It requires no hard rubbing forwards and makes little or no noise.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It saves carpets, furniture, books, &c., from the ravages of dust, and the dust that is in companies all brooms sweeping.

It can be used in any room without annoyance to the invalid.

It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. S. HAYNES,
ap2 3 45 Merrimack street

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,
SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S,
for Hat Store. jan21*7

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Retailing and Repairing Pictures for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
Sept. 24, 1860. &c. &c. sep24dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in the Seating, Packing, Expressing, Packing, for Woodworking, &c., &c. at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
mar29 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

FOR THE COMPLETION
OF
THE MACHINE
OF
PERFECTION
OF
THE HUMAN
FORM
OF
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Old Meal, &c., and Southern and Grain Store,
No. 43 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLETION.—Taponio's Premium Tweed Wash, Orange Flower Lait, Parian Cream, Camellia and Rose Cosmetique, Lavender Water, Cosmetic, Tricolon, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

A LL who have a cold, for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. S. HOWARD'S, No. 43 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND
IS CURE, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold and Silver. *Real Brilliancy* Brass and Glass acknowledged to be unrivalled. It will be found *effectual, cheap,* and a great saving of labor. Sold by the quart or gallon by the single bottle, or *fresh as new.* Its equal has never been offered to the public. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT
AN OLD-TIME REMEDY WITH NEW IMPROVEMENTS, PROVED TO BE A GOOD QUERIOR OF
THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTH-ACHE, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases, it will be found as stated, a "*Wonderful Relief!*" *What a Great Blessing!*" Our actions to all sufferers is to the

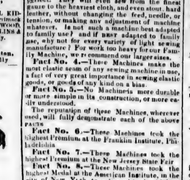
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all.* Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHERWOOD, 3 A. PERRY, Manchester; N. E. H. HOWARD & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

Dr. L. HAM & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb13dly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$1,819,558 30
Dividends paid to date,	1,050,000 18
Income 1861,	1,050,000 18

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the results of the premium paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers many peculiar advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its Insurances are in Fire Brick and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its Investments are in First Class and Most Approved Central City Bonds.

The Company has always been and to meet the requirements of the Insurance Department, and to regulate the stomach and bowels, and to impress to its respect and popularity to existence.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for life, if over $100 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and the balance by the note of the insured at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have policies for Long periods.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in ten annual installments, or may be received in a premium on Cash, from the dividends in Cash, when so desired. Dividends may be left with the Company at the Note.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has the large number of 3173 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons annually takes place, showing that from the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All annuals of the Institution must therefore appear to be in a healthy condition connected with it should call the attention of their friends and acquaintances to it.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies which have been in force for two years.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MEEKER, Agent,
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack street,
mar2 Lowell, Mass.

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and Scotland, a large and well-selected assortment of

Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, BIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS,

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings, Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, to wholesale and retail purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery always on hand for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE,

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of Table Glass.

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line, will find it to their interest to examine our assortment, being assured that the most careful attention is given to the selection of the families wishing for parcelling on the most favorable terms, and the interest of all to be the benefit of our customers.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage I have hereafter received, and to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchases elsewhere.

D. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
may18 ly*

BED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush prime Seed Oats;
200 Bush Seed Barley, just received and for sale at SAMUEL N. WOODS,
ap27* 43 Merrimack street

Kinder's Extracts.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, &c., for which it is unrivalled. It will be found *effectual, cheap,* and a great saving of labor. Paints, Oils, &c., never soiled, by its use will look as *fresh as new.* Its equal has never been offered to the public. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
may19

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, Hair Seal Wraps, also Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by
JOHN T. BILLINGS
nov12

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines guaranteed against infringement or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—Their Machines make the stitch alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as shuttle or long-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—Their Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changing from fine to coarse work, or the reverse, without any delay. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of cloth, and make a perfect stitch, perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even store hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and without breaking either needle or shuttle. In not such a machine best suited to family use? and if more adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—Their Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machines more durable, or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever introduced, is of the highest order, and the sales are rapidly increasing.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the State Fair in Boston.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, the Society of New York, together with the highest Premium at the State Fair in Boston.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest at the Fair of the Mechanics' Institute of N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the best work, with the greatest rapidity, and is capable in comprass with other first-class machines, and is the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine sold by us to be perfect in every respect, and to be other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

Those peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE, respectfully invited to examine the same before purchasing elsewhere. Hence the constant increase of sales, and the universal satisfaction of the children would be, viz.: "What are the best Machines?" "Finkle & Lyon's Sewing Machine!" To the question, "What is the best Machine for Family Use?" "Finkle & Lyon's Machine!" Facts that are fastened Fast, and the Machine, the first great prize, Finkle & Lyon, the Machine, the first great prize, Finkle & Lyon, Leipsic, Peter and Agne, &c.; a distinction of the greatest importance, containing the best sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a delicacy of taste, and the most delicious flavor in the normal mineral-like. The best beer-makers waters in the world

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, August 7, 1861.

WHO BETRAYS THE SECRETS OF THE GOVERNMENT? A few days ago it was announced that six clerks in the employ of the Government, at Washington, had resigned, in consequence of the passage of an ordinance by the rebel Virginia legislature, that any Virginian holding office under the Government after a certain date, should be banished from the State. Does any one wonder how the secret movements of the Government are betrayed to the rebels, when such men are doing its work? It is an impossible now as ever for one man to obey two masters; and it is past the comprehension of honest, conscientious men, that persons who are not known and tried, who have not fully identified themselves with the interest of the Government should for a day be its servants. It is beginning to be more apparent every hour (so it seems to us) that those in authority have treated the open and frank rebels with altogether too much leniency, while there has been too little watch kept over such as have been in places of responsibility when it was at all reasonable to suppose they might be tinctured with the madness that has seized upon many of our southern countrymen.—All our kindnesses toward those in revolt are treated with foul wrong, and the forbearance of the Government is but abused. Tufts of grass have been used long enough, and we are of opinion that the virtue of sterner articles for their chastisement should now be resorted to.—Every man suspected of disloyalty should be "tried" by the severest tests, and if found "wanting," his punishment should be in proportion to the enormity of his offence. There are true men enough for clerks in the Departments at Washington—men who will give half their salaries to put down the rebellion as long as the sighing head is in sight; and they should take the place of the Janus-faced who have been living on the Government, while their hands are ready at any time to destroy it.

THE ARMY WORM. The army worm has made its appearance in several towns in Norfolk County, in this State. We also learn from the *Manchester Union*, that recently the same kind of worm suddenly appeared on Concord Common, in that city, in large numbers. To prevent them from extending to other portions of the city, a line of tar was placed around it, and it proved to be something more than not "get over." Where they come from is a mystery. We have not heard of their appearance in this section yet, nor in fact anywhere in New England except in the two places named above. The army worm, however, has shown itself in many places at the west and south west the present season, in many instances doing great damage.

We see among the telegraphic dispatches this morning, that great numbers of the army worm have appeared for the last few days, in Bangor and Ellsworth, Maine.

GARIBALDI. The *New York Post* states that Garibaldi, the soldier of European freedom, is deeply interested in our struggle for liberty, and is anxious to take part in it to the best of his ability. He has offered his services to the Government, and will accept of any position which will enable him to exert his unrivaled military powers in his peculiar way. It is not stated on what authority this assertion is made, and we are very much inclined to believe it is a mere invention. Garibaldi wanted to help fight our battles, he would not wait till a position was given him, but would come at once. He was not without the help of Americans in his struggles in Italy, but we have no idea that he thinks of coming to this country.

THE *Springfield Republican* urges that in future we have less politics and more military—and says there is no possible excuse for placing in the command of our armies anything short of the best military talent procurable. It is a crime before God and man to place an officer in command for any other reason than for his pre-eminent fitness as a military man.—We may in this, as in other matters, learn wisdom of our enemies, for every West Pointer or man of military skill that they had a hand is in his place—and the rebel chief is altogether too wise to place any man in command for any reason less than fitness.

FORCE OF MASSACHUSETTS SOON TO BE IN THE FIELD. The following Massachusetts Regiments have returned from the war, their time having expired:—Massachusetts Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth, the Worcester Rifle Battalion, and Major Cook's Battery. The following, Regiments of three years' men are now at the scene of hostilities—Massachusetts First, Second, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Thirteenth—in all rising of nine thousand men. The seven regiments to follow from this State will make up the number to between sixteen and seventeen thousand men.

STEPHEN RAYMOND, of Wareham, Mass., has been arrested and lodged in jail, suspected of having been the cause of his wife's death. The woman was in feeble health, and the man intemperate, and it has been known to abuse her, and the day before she was found dead, an exclamation overheard by a neighbor, leads to the belief that he killed her by blows, and placed the undressed her and placed her in bed, the next day reporting that she had died during the night.

A COLORED girl, twenty-four years of age, born in GENEVA, N. Y., sold her self into slavery in New Orleans in the 30th ult.

THE NEWS.

A dispatch from Washington to the *New York Post* says that the Treasury Department has received most encouraging advices relative to the taking of the national loan.

Every road in Southern Maryland is now closely watched, as recent developments show that arms, &c., have been daily transported through.

Accounts of lively work in the Southern blockade have been received. The South Carolina captured in four days, in the early part of July, eleven of the rebel sail, off Galveston. On the Florida coast, a sloop was captured while attempting to run the blockade.

The Navy Department will at once issue proposals in connection with the construction of the twelve side-wheel steamers, and one or more iron-clad vessels, recently authorized by Congress.

The *New York World's* dispatch says it is believed that a large body of rebel infantry occupy Fairfax, and 150 cavalry at Fall's Church.

It is stated that considerable English gold is in circulation at Richmond, which has been advanced for the new cotton crop.

The rebel sympathizers at Baltimore have subscribed $2500 for provisions for the sixty-five rebel prisoners at Washington.

A Baltimore detective says he has seen more than a hundred secessionists from that city dodging about Washington daily, acting as spies.

A dispatch to the *New York Tribune* says that a Union citizen of Winchester, who left there on Tuesday last, states that Johnson's force at no time exceeded 12,000, and that his whole force, including outposts at Martinsburg, &c., never exceeded 12,000; that Winchester would have welcomed Patterson with open arms; that Johnson's orders were to retreat on Manassas, and that the militia of Winchester would have aided with Gen. Patterson, and prayed for his arrival. There are no troops at present at Winchester but its own militia. The rebels had but 15 cannon at Winchester. Patterson's course has alienated many who would have welcomed a bold and decisive movement.

On account of reported rebel batteries at the Potomac Point and Acquia Creek, private shippers of all kinds of freight are deterred from sending vessels up the Potomac. Lumber now arrives by rail instead of water.

The monthly statement of the Treasurer says that he had seven and a quarter millions, subject to draft on the 18th ult.

CONGRESS. Both branches adjourned yesterday about noon. In the hurry and confusion the telegraph gives a very indefinite idea of the business transacted.—In the Senate the bill to punish certain crimes against Government, was passed. A resolution to release the Baltimore Commissioners was rejected 7 against 32.—Several private bills were passed, and at 12.15 the Senate adjourned sine die.

In the House, a bill appropriating $20,000 to repair the Long Bridge was read. A resolution was adopted calling upon the President to communicate to the House next session, all correspondence with foreign nations since 1857, relating to maritime rights. Messages were received from the President, stating that he had signed certain bills. Various bills were passed to their final stages.

Mr. Wickliffe, of Kentucky, took occasion to say that the intelligence from Kentucky was very encouraging for the Union. She was the first to come into it and she will be the last to leave it. This announcement was received with wild delight, which continued for a long period, interspersed with exclamations of "hurrah for old Kentucky!" A more animated scene has seldom been witnessed.

Several members made personal explanations. The members indulged in a jubilation, after which the Speaker declared the House adjourned sine die. The members separated in good humor.

The President approved all the bills presented to him. The pay of soldiers is increased $3 per month. This has been one of the most important sessions of Congress since the organization of the Government, and every measure to sustain the Union has been carried by an overwhelming majority, the members who sustain the South amounting to less than twenty.

The Senate confirmed only two Major Generals for the regular army, viz: George McClellan and Fremont. The following Brigadier Generals were confirmed: Mansfield, McDowell, Rosecrans, Anderson, Meigs and Thomas; the last named Adjutant General.

The following is a correct list of confirmations of the highest officers commanding volunteers, as copied from the official records:—Major Generals Banks, Dix and Butler; Brigadier Generals McCall, Cadwalader, Kearney, Reynolds, King, Sigel, Heintzelman, Porter, Franklin, Stone, Thomas, Sherman, Hooker, Lander, Baker, Keyley, Lyon, Pope, Cox, Hurlbut, Schenck, Prentiss, Wool, Cooch, Governor Sprague, Burnside, Montgomery, of New Jersey, Phelps, of Vermont, Williams, Wool, Reynolds, Hunter, W. F. Sherman, Buel, Oakes, Hamilton, of Wisconsin and McClernand, of Illinois.

THE LATE GREAT FAILURE. The *New York Commercial Advertiser* says that the liabilities of Claflin, Mellen & Company it is now ascertained, are near four millions, of which about a million is "bank debt." The surplus of the firm is probably not over a million and a quarter, as on the 1st of January last the yearly statement showed an excess of about two millions. We hear incidentally that one or two of the Lowell manufactories are creditors of the above named firm to a large amount. A Lewiston, Me., company is also similarly situated.

A POLITICAL MOVEMENT IN NEW YORK. The New York Republican State Committee met at Albany, yesterday. A resolution was passed appointing the delegates of five to wait upon the Democratic State Committee, which meets to-morrow, and invite them to call their convention at the same time and place as the Republican, for the purpose of ensembling the two conventions to unite in nominating a Union ticket, pledged to a vigorous prosecution of the war, for the restoration of the Constitution and the execution of the Federal laws in all sections of the country. This is a move in the right direction.

A TALE OF THE SEA, entitled "The Fair Inez," by Artemus Ward, is given to the patrons of *Vanity Fair* in weekly chapters. We copy from the last issue the following account of an interview between the heroine and the corsair chief:—

When Inez awoke the storm had ceased—the wild night had passed, and the morning was bright and beautiful.

The maiden looked around her. The scene was passing strange.

She was lying upon a fine twelve dollar lounge, in an apartment of sumptuous elegance. "Where am I?" she murmured.

"Safe, dear lady!" said a soft, flutelike voice. "Safe from all harm!"

Inez looked up. A chivalrous-looking young man, arrayed in garments of red silken velvet, thick-studded with diamonds of inestimable value, stood over her, a gold mask intervening his fascinating though swarthy features.

"Safe, lady!" he repeated, "You shall be the corsair's bride!"

"I don't see it!" said the gentle Inez.

"Ha!" cried the pirate, "longest thou then, for the laughing hillocks and bellowing billocks of your own shilly clime?"

"I have no hesitancy in asserting that I do," she replied.

"If you love your desire," said the pirate chief, taking out his pocket-book and brandishing a ten dollar bill on the Waukegan Bank of Illinois, "here it is!"

"Miscreant, I spurn the vile dross!" cried Inez. "Besides, there's ten per cent discount on it!" Thus spoke the noble Inez.

FIVE FEMALES BURNT TO DEATH. On the 8th ult., a fire occurred at Nesmon's Cove, a short distance from Jonavista, N. F., in the house of a man named Brown, by which his wife, two out fishing, when, melancholy to relate, five of his daughters were burnt to death. The mother escaped through the window, with the hair all burned off her head.

GEN. SCOTT AND VIRGINIA. Virginia, it seems, has confiscated the property of Gen. Scott. The Government should make reprisals to the General by giving him the whole State of Virginia and insisting that he shall "take it."

MAJ. SLEMMER. The Douglas Brigade, of Chicago, has invited the gallant Major Slemmer to become its commander, and he has consented to do so, if the proposal meets the approbation of the United States Government.

A KEEPER OF A greggery in Darien, Ct., a disciple of the *Independent Forum*, one day last week got out a cannon and commenced firing a salute over the defeat of the Union army. The loyal citizens rallied, took possession of the gun, spiked it, and threw it into the river.

THE Traitor Convention advertised to be holden in Bangor, Me., on the 16th inst., subject to draft on the 18th ult.

EVERYTHING in New Orleans is in a shocking condition: the yellow fever has broken out amongst the troops and citizens making affairs assume a melancholy aspect.

A YOUNG woman named Goodwin, from Enfield, Me., in the employ of Deacon Fuller of South Dedham, was drowned in Howes' Pond, East Walpole, on Sunday, while bathing.

BENJAMIN CONNOR has been appointed Brigadier General in the Confederate States' army, and will take the field immediately. The pen is now not so mighty as the sword, in his estimation.

FORNEY says in a letter from Washington to his paper, the *Philadelphia Press*, that a son of Senator Breckinridge is in the Southern army.

CITY AND VICINITY

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the intermission unemployed, wishes to obtain employment either as Copyist or Amanuensis. A 1 reference given. Address "Box 2142" Lowell P. O. [augtd 7, 1861.

Richardson Light Infantry—Fort Monroe. The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box of articles to the Company at Fort Monroe, on THURSDAY, August 8th, per steamer Jas. Wentworth from Boston.

Packages weighing not over three pounds will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company till 81 P. M. on Thursday, the 8th inst.

By order of Executive Committee.

augtd3t G. G. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

AMATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION.

ATTENTION

The Amateur Drill Association will meet on WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 7th, at 8 o'clock, in Mechanics' Upper Hall. 1st every member be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

By order of the President, C. S. WHITNEY, Sec'y. Lowell, August 6th, 1861. 2t

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store from No. 23 Central to No. 27 Merrimack Street—head of Central. augtd

May 31, 1861. may31dtf

THE CORONER'S INQUEST. The jury in the case of Barnard Lynch met yesterday afternoon, at 44 o'clock, according to adjournment, to hear additional testimony, particularly any that might be produced by the friends of Lynch.

TESTIMONY OF PHARCUEL FLANDERS.

Resides in Lowell; knew Lynch; saw him last Saturday afternoon at two o'clock and again at four o'clock; saw him the last time at the house next to Chelmsford, opposite my nursery, near the new school house; was in my nursery at the time from Lowell; I did not think him drunk, though he was somewhat affected by liquor; when I first saw him he was at near Hale's mills; he asked me to let him ride; considering the state he was in I did not like to refuse him letting him ride with me; I have seen him when quite drunk; once he took a ride with me from Lowell to Chelmsford, opposite my nursery, near the new school house; was in my nursery at the time from Lowell; I did not think him drunk, though he was somewhat affected by liquor; when I first saw him he was at near Hale's mills; he asked me to let him ride; considering the state he was in I did not like to refuse him letting him ride with me; I have seen him when quite drunk; once he took a ride with me from Lowell to Chelmsford, opposite my nursery, near the new school house; was in my nursery at the time the battle perfectly safe and sound. It has also been reported that the rebels captured Sherman's Battery, while the truth is that Capt. Ayres not only brought from the field every one of his guns, but two others that he found on his way abandoned by their proper guardians.

CHARLES S. HALE, a man about thirty-five years of age, drowned in the river at Haverhill, Mass., while bathing, on Sunday morning last.

GEORGE S. MERRILL, editor and proprietor of the Lawrence *American*, has been appointed postmaster of Lawrence in place of Maj. B. F. Watson.

The *Richmond Whig* requests all the Southern papers to urge on the people the necessity of working the lead mines in Virginia. The *Providence Journal* tells them to walk a little while, and we will give them all the lead they want.

TESTIMONY OF THOMAS HIGGINS.

The witness saw Barnard Lynch on the day of the murder, but noticed nothing peculiar about him and never saw him intoxicated; he saw Hemenway the same day at Mr. Horton's house; he heard Horton order him to leave the premises; saw Lynch at Horton's, but knew of no trouble between him and Hemenway.

TESTIMONY OF JOHN HORTON.

This is the witness at whose house the trouble first occurred; he was acquainted with Lynch; he was at his house on the Saturday afternoon; he treated Lynch, Mr. Higgins and Mr. Garvey with a glass of new rum; Lynch only drank once, and was not affected by it; he saw Hemenway at that day; the witness corroborated Hemenway's statement about giving him leave to pick huckleberries; he saw Hemenway Lynch talking together in my yard; did not take particular notice of their conversation; after the trouble about the fish, my son struck Hemenway with a rake, because he had not more fun enough for him; I ordered him to leave; I ordered him to leave because he was ugly and quarrelsome; saw my cat and dog at his pail; heard my boy tell him that the cat and dog were eating his lunch; he was not in the act of moving the pail; after he went away Lynch followed in about an hour; to the best of my recollection Lynch tried to take away his bags saying that they belonged to him; I interfered and prevented him from so doing; Hemenway asked me for some spirits and cold water; he took a drink of each; I gave him a little, though he refused spirit when he first came to my house; he offered me money for the liquor and cooling drink; I gave him a very little; Hemenway drank but very small quantities; I do not consider him to be fainting when I first gave it to him; the witness thought that Lynch was offended with Hemenway because he gave him leave to go away; he did not see Hemenway have a knife in his hand; he did not see Lynch; he saw him have a knife when she met him down by the side of the road; she said he asked her not to tell the folks in the house that she saw him; she soon met Lynch and he said that if she saw him drunken man down the road.

TESTIMONY OF JOHN HORTON JR.

This was at the time of the murder, and was present when Lynch and Hemenway left the house. He told about the same story as his father, so far as he knew, though he was about only part of the time. He heard the statement about hearing Hemenway ask his father for liquor to drink; saw Lynch back in an exhausted state after picking the herbs; after the trouble about the fish saw Lynch and Hemenway together with him with a rake which he held in his hand though it did not touch him much, but he kind of staggered back; Hemenway did not seem to be affected by the liquor or fish; Lynch appeared to be angry; saw Lynch say that Hemenway insulted him; Lynch went in the same direction as Hemenway about half an hour after the latter left.

TESTIMONY OF JAMES SIGLEY.

This witness was a bullet-headed lad, who resides on Lowell Street, and tries to get quite a genius in his way; he was on Horton's last Saturday and saw Lynch and Hemenway there; when Hemenway came back from gathering berries he said he was very much exhausted and crawled to the door the second time he came; supposed as if he would faint; he asked Mr. Horton for some nourishment, when the latter gave him a mouthful of something to eat (liquor) and he drank some water; he went and got the herbs and found by the old man (Horton) ordered him off in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to leave in 15 minutes; Hemenway said he would go; the dog carried his tin pail away and he called them robbers; saw the dog carry off the pail, cover and all; saw the dog take the cover off with his teeth in the yard; saw Lynch go down with the saw John push Hemenway with a rake when he went away because he called them robbers; witness was there all the time and did not see Lynch attempt to take away the bags; heard Lynch say he knew about Hemenway.

Dr. Jewett, the coroner, made a statement that the little girl told him that after talking with Lynch, she heard him call to Hemenway to stop as the latter was running away.

The jury then adjourned until this morning at 8 o'clock, when the following verdict was rendered:—

That said Barnard Lynch came to his death between the hours of six and eight o'clock, P. M., of the third day of August, A. D. eighteen hundred sixty-one, on the South side of the old Middlesex canal, so called, near the Boston road in the town of Billerica in said County of Middlesex, from certain stabs and thrusts in and upon both sides of his body, then and there made, by Francis Hemenway, of said Lowell, with a spring knife. It appears to the jurors, that said stabs and thrusts were made by said Hemenway, while said Lynch was trying to take his (Hemenway's) property from him, and after said Hemenway had run a great distance to avoid said Lynch, but being pursued and overtaken by said Lynch, he was unable to avoid said Lynch, and after a severe struggle, in which said Lynch was the aggressor, and after said Lynch had thereby, he could be overpowered, he took said Lynch's life in self defence.

Immediately after arriving at the above conclusion, Hemenway, who has been detained at the station house since Monday morning, with his own consent, was set at liberty by order of Coroner Jewett.

RENTS. *Mr. Editor*—The reasoning of your correspondent, "Viator," in Saturday's paper, at first sight appears very plausible. Now, let us examine this "viator" and let live" motto with which he comes across his arrivings.

The argument that "a trader makes his good customers pay his bad debts, is to some extent correct, but it cannot be used in this connection, even admitting that what we are for the moment said that

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug 6,8

10 Western Railroad 113 1-2
10 Cheicopee Branch Railroad 95
10 Boston and Worcester Railroad 107
5 Boston and Maine Railroad 109
4 Eastern Railroad 50
10 Fitchburg Railroad (ex div.) 101
15 Northern Railroad 101
5 Maine and Missouri Horse Railroad 100
$1,000 Boston City Fives (1893) 100
$1,000 Eastern Railroad Sixes, 1875 103 1-4
1,000 Massachusetts Sixes 103 1-4

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has moved at Justice Merrill's Boarding House on the corner of Merrimack and Middle Streets, where he would be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.

A. L. HODGMAN.

Lowell, July 30, 1861. jy30dtf

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz. any of the through lines, (choice of routes,) can be had at the office of Messrs. Sargent, Hart, Stansfield, Sherbrooke, and assistants on the Lowell Railroad.

C. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot. dlm

FINCH & LUND SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the above machine, and would say that Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. E. Carleton, T. Nesmith, H. Parker, Jr. D. S. Richardson, B. Hosford, Isaac Pierce, Robert Tash, C. F. Hartnett, Levi Spring.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses and Furniture in the city. The assets over this date over $100,000. The Stock Department is confined to Mills, Stores, Merchandise and Furniture. The amount of $175,000 is the limit of risks in the city. The Stock Department has been in operation but a few months, and has already established a reputation for fair dealing and prompt payment of losses. The assets over this date are $50,000. The directors of the Stock Department are the same as those of the Mutual Department. Any other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. BEMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, May 1, 1861. may1dtf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal;
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It is less quantity,
It costs less money.

This coal is free-burning soul. And the OWNERS can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S Coal Office, No. 3 Merrimack Square, agent. J. HOWARD, 18 Prescott Street, Lowell. may22dtf

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard remedies for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula sore; Jaundice, Costiveness; Headache, Piles; Dyspepsia; Impure Blood; Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and purgative, and operate on the secretions and excretions, restore the appetite, cause digestion, give strength, purify the blood, and thoroughly cleanse the system. Being purely vegetable, they are safe in any quantity, and in any case, and no change of diet is necessary. Being pleasant to the taste, sufferers will not be deterred from using them by nauseous medicines sufficient to destroy the stomach. Being prompt in their action, they are the cheapest medicine in the world, as they will cure in one-fourth the time of any other medicine. Being concentrated, one dose is sufficient, and they will not sicken or weaken the most delicate female or child. Being purely vegetable, they are the only safe and reliable remedy for Worms in children or adults. For Fever and Ague, and Fever and Ague Liver Complaint, Dumb Ague, Rheumatism, Gout, Erysipelas, Scrofula, and all diseases of a scrofulous character, they are the only and reliable remedy ever discovered. Being purely vegetable, they are perfectly harmless in any quantity, and in any case, and no change of diet is necessary. Being pleasant to the taste, sufferers will not be deterred from using them by nauseous medicines sufficient to destroy the stomach. Being prompt in their action, they are the cheapest medicine in the world, as they will cure in one-fourth the time of any other medicine. Being concentrated, one dose is sufficient, and they will not sicken or weaken the most delicate female or child. Being purely vegetable, they are the only safe and reliable remedy for Worms in children or adults. For Fever and Ague, and Fever and Ague Liver Complaint, Dumb Ague, Rheumatism, Gout, Erysipelas, Scrofula, and all diseases of a scrofulous character, they are the only and reliable remedy ever discovered. Being purely vegetable, they are perfectly harmless in any quantity, and in any case, and no change of diet is necessary. See advertisement.

Dec. 12, 6m*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BRUSHES.—Hair, Tooth, Nail, Cloth, Flesh and Shaving Brushes—a large assortment for sale by C. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BEER! BEER!!

COMPOUND IN THE EXTRACT OF DANDELION, for making a purifying, wholesome and delicious beverage. One bottle costing 25 cents will make six gallons of Beer, Sold at KIDDER'S, corner of Merrimack and John sts. jan8dtf

CITY LIBRARY.

CITY LIBRARY, CITY HALL, August 5, 1861.

NOTICE is hereby given to subscribers, THE Library will be closed from Monday, August 12 to Monday, September 2, inclusive, and persons who desire it, will be allowed to retain books during that time.

By order of the Committee.

CHARLES A. KIMBALL, Librarian.

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MAGNOLIA BALM

MAGNOLIA BALM is a perfect and SAFE cosmetic for FEMALE USE. Prepared by Prof. Frechier, Proprietor, Sanborn and Tan Bark Store, 24 Merrimack Square. Sold by all druggists. augtd

MRS. E. RIDDER'S

MRS. E. RIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Diarrhœa Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the season, particularly for Summer Complaint. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

WESTFORD ACADEMY.

THE Fall Term will commence on WEDNESDAY, August 21st, under the care of MR. RICHARD SIBLEY and MISS H. B. ROUSSEL. For circulars apply to the Principals.

Westford, July 15, 1861. jy16dtf

LILIENTHAL'S YOUNG AMERICA CHEWING TOBACCO.

This brand is an entirely new article for expressing to raise and keep down the Tobacco Saliva, and is entirely free from any drug or poisonous matter, and with a delicate flavor. It is put up in tin foil, and will keep in any climate. It is recommended by the medical profession among those not. For sale by druggists and dealers throughout the country.

LILIENTHAL & CO., Manufacturers,
No. 2 Broad street, Boston.

jan26lm

C. G. H. HAYES, M. D.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

4 1-2 Merrimack Street, (No. 1 Nesmith's Block.)

Treatment of Diseases of the Mouth. A regularly educated Physician, will attend to not only the treatment of diseases of the mouth, but also in the medical and surgical treatment of all diseases to which the human system is liable. Particular attention given to the treatment of Scrofula, Syphilis, Mercurial Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Bowels, Skin, Blood, Nervous System, &c. &c. Also, Visible, Undeniable, Double Base Mineral Teeth, inserted on Gold Plate, and all other articles to be found in a Mystic Store, all of which will be sold wholesale and retail, at prices to suit purchasers. Instruments of all kind to set, and repairing of every description done at short notice.

Lowell, June 4, 1861. jy8dly

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., that have taken them at the Old Central Street, will be supplied hereafter at my new Bookstore, No. 27 Merrimack Square.

As I wish to dispose of my old stock of Periodicals, Stationery, &c., before Jan. 1, I shall continue to sell at cost, or less, for a few days more at the old stand, No. 27 Central St.

J. MERRILL.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, Table and Pocket Knives, Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, Carving Knives and Forks, etc.; also Curreys and Forks, Steels, Meat and Bread Knives, Carving Knives and Forks, and Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES. dec17*

TEAS, COFFEE AND SPICES

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Black Oolong, Old and Young Hyson TEA, Pure Java, West India, and Java COFFEE, Cinnamon, Cloves, Cream Tartar, Nutmegs, Mace, and Ground Spices, Pepper and Cassia.

Can be found at

J. MERRILL'S NEW GROCERY,
No. 27 Merrimack Square.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure assisted by PHŒ not exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term of years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Moses Allen, John Q. Adams,
Joseph Nesmith, Amos Avery,
J. F. Bowers, Walter Wentworth,
Joshua W. Bassett, Caleb M. Marsh,
Samuel Batchelder, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown, Elijah M. Bond.
Boston.
Alonzo A. Miner, Abraham Lyman,
Benjamin E. Bates, Reuben D. Mussey,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding. NATHAN ALLEN, President.

AMERICAN ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Office, 404 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 63 Lombard, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 25, 1861. ap26dtf

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

HEIMSTREET'S IMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR ITS USE KNOWN.

THAT IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED,

AND A CLEAN SCALP.

Read an Apothecary's testimonial.

NEW YORK, Mass. Inst. 20, 1859

MESSRS. W. H. HARRISON HEIMSTREET'S—Inclosed please find $5, for which send me by express, one dozen bottles of your Hair Restorative. I have sold it for a number of years, and have never had a bottle returned. I have also used it myself, and can recommend it as a good article. Yours, &c.,

J. E. SIZER, Wholesale Druggist.

There is no Hair Restorative in the market so much in demand as that which comes from a Druggist or an Apothecary. Over 50,000 bottles sold in 1860. Over 100,000 applications have been made to the hair of those who have used it.

Sold by all Druggists and Apothecaries.

Price 50 Cents per Box.

Depot for Heimstreet's Imitable HAIR DYE produces a color which will not wash off, nor injure the hair or scalp, and is warranted not to stain the skin. Sold by all Druggists and Apothecaries

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD;
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
Dear Sir. Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen; neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since remained healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not longer use the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as every person is aware at this late period of the day, as I am well aware they are, that your Restorative will restore, when used according to the Directions. I have ordered and used it in my practice for some of the finest patients for three years, and have found it invariable and reliable in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects to my acquaintance.
I am glad to inform my people that have procured it have met with anything but what they had used it for, in every instance, however, and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by producing a new growth of hair where it had fallen out at all, but had used some not used your article at all, as good, in point, and new article, and is to be had at the price. I have noticed selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles of the same kind, but they are humbugs. It is as much I have to speak will appreciate, and will be convinced that when there is one at hand that has been proved by every one.
Apparently, as one of those charlatans have not brains enough to exercise any advancement, as I have, within the last few years, and would be glad several instances, to speak of your name in plaster in the past five years, seen and known many thousand persons who have used your Restorative, which operate as it pretends to the best. Rather I accept the above as a most favorable description. In many cases age piles and other disagreements of the skin disappear whether it is used. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and if the effects are not beneficial, as the compound, if it does not do as much of improvement, is harmless of doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.

A Genuine Book. It our capacity as conductor as a public journal, we are often urged to advertise the merits of the sale, each of which claims to be unsolicited and the only one which is reliable in its curative effects. With such we have little to say, and shall not be found to notice, however.—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is an old and well known article for the qualities of the article, that we give it our unhesitating recommendation, as we believe it to claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known. It never fails to dandruff, and to restore the hair to its natural color.—Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.

Dear Sir.—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure to inform you of the wonderful effects of your Restorative upon me. A gentleman of this city, a personal friend of mine, recommended it to me, and I was induced to use it. I had been troubled with dandruff for a number of years, and my hair was falling out very fast. I had used a number of preparations, but found no relief. I was induced to use your Restorative, and after using it a few weeks, I found that it had entirely stopped the falling of my hair, and that the dandruff had entirely disappeared. My hair is now as thick as it ever was, and has a beautiful gloss upon it. I cheerfully recommend it to all who are troubled with dandruff or falling hair.
Yours truly, JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 30, 1859.
Dear Sir.—I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to for the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, Ind., and have been for over fifty years of my life. For about twenty years my hair was falling out very fast, and was becoming gray, and was almost white and very much thinner than it had been

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, August 8, 1861.

A RUN IN THE FIELDS. We are indebted to our old friend Otis Bullard, Esq., of this city, late of the Boston Custom House, for an entertainment quite as agreeable as rare to us. Having been shut out of the institution named above, instead of leading about the bar-rooms and groceries, uselessly discussing politics and the war, Mr. Bullard very wisely turned his attention to agricultural pursuits, and it appeared in the sequel that he had a very nice field of corn, which he wished to have "inspected;" and so a party was made up, amply clothed with proper authority for that work. Near Pawtucket Falls we were joined by W. McFarlin, of the firm that makes the best possible use of ice, summer and winter, and then made our way into Dracut. On the left hand side, and some rods from the highway, half or three-quarters of a mile from the bridge, on the "Mammoth road," stands the corn alluded to, and, to finish the matter at once, we have seen, that a better piece could not at the time (some ten days ago) be found in the town. We do not know what particular applications were made to the ground, which we judge to be naturally productive, by friend Bullard, but expect that there was no lack of fertilizing ingredients or "elbow grease." Be that as it may, he was awarded a "premium," and the party proceeded to visit the farm of Messrs. McFarlin, some distance beyond.

The grass crop had just been removed and the mowing-fields were bald and exposed. Most of this farm, the extent of which we did not learn, has, we judge, been brought under cultivation comparatively within a few years. There were fields of corn, potatoes, barley, and a fine young orchard, where a few years ago were rough, stony pasture-lands, or an unprofitable growth of stunted trees. We were told that a thrifty-looking field of potatoes, which we passed, belonged to one of our industrious Irish citizens, who, not finding employment all the time in the city, had availed himself of the kind offer of Messrs. McFarlin, (who pay him the same wages as at the Merrimack Print Works, where it is used for coloring purposes.

After a short stop, Mr. Coburn joined the party, and we here ascertained, for the first time, that the end of the trip was to be Willow Dale, at which point we "brought up" at a seasonable hour. In due time supper was announced, and five hearty men did ample justice to spring chickens and the necessary accompaniments. Our report might as well close here, for soon after arising from the table, we were on our way home, much pleased with a four hours' tramp over the fields and borne of Dracut farmers. Nothing but ice, which has fallen abominably since then, was needed to add to the prospects of the crops or the prosperity of the farmers, and a thing so lacking to make our hasty stroll a very agreeable one.

THE Mount Washington summit road is now open to within eighty rods of the top. It will be finished in a few days, when a public opening will take place.

THE WAR NEWS.

Battle in Missouri. A battle occurred last Friday at Dug Spring, 19 miles south of Springfield, between Gen. Lyon's forces and Ben McCulloch's troops. Eight of the former were killed and 30 wounded; while 40 of Ben McCulloch's rebels were killed and 44 wounded. Gen. Lyon took 30 stand of arms and 15 horses and wagons. A party of 270 of Gen. Lyon's cavalry were crossing a ridge of high land, partly enclosed by a valley, and when descending a hill came upon a large force of the enemy's infantry, variously estimated at from 2000 to 6000, and being unable to retreat, charged and cut their way through with the loss of only five men. The lieutenant commanding the cavalry was killed after killing eight of the rebels himself. The charge was most gallant and terrible.—Several dead rebels were found with their heads eleven days through. The enemy retired during the night, and Gen. Lyon took possession of the field. Another battle is momentarily expected, the enemy being in large force west of Springfield.

Capture of pirates. The gunboat Flag arrived at Mifflin, on the Delaware, on the evening of July 30th, with 36 rebel pirates, taken from a vessel lately stolen at Charleston, formerly the revenue cutter Aiken, now called the "Petrel."

The pirate fired nine shots at the frigate St. Lawrence, off Charleston, mistaking her for a merchantman, when the St. Lawrence returned a broadside, cutting the pirate in two with shells, and sinking her. Five of the crew were lost, and the rest were rescued by boats and placed on the gunboat Flag.

Rebels reported near Alexandria. A person recently from Vienna, at Washington, states that 10,000 traitors are there and at Falls Church mustering a attack on Alexandria. The wives of the rebel soldiers stated to him that the road between Falls Church and Fairfax Court House is being mined, and that the main line of entries in the direction of Manassas had not yet been discovered.

Bounty act repealed. The act of July, 1838, granting three months extra pay in lieu of bounty to re-enlisting soldiers, and the 3d section of the act of June, 1850, granting bounty equal to transportation from New York to soldiers who re-enlist at distant stations having been repealed by act of August, 1861, in future no such bounties will be paid. Hereafter when volunteers are to be mustered into service they will be minutely examined by surgeons as to physical qualifications.

From Fortress Monroe. General Butler returned to Old Point on Saturday morning, and spent the afternoon at Newport News, experimenting with the Hotchkiss shells. It is understood that the army there is to be greatly increased. Hampton is to be reoccupied on the arrival of the first regiment from the North.

Furious items. A Washington dispatch to the *Times* says that forty-four regiments for the war have been enlisted in Illinois, and the government is being urged to accept them, but the government is unable to arm them at present.

A dispatch says General McClellan's discipline is felt hourly. None can escape it, from the highest officers to the lowest private.

It is stated that further instalments of rifle cannon are arriving at Washington, and we have now more artillery than before the late battle.

General Couch, of Massachusetts, was badly injured by his horse falling under him.

Several missing soldiers are said to be working on farms in Maryland.

It is dispatched that a movement on Charleston by sea is now much canvassed, as also on New Orleans. [Canvassed by whom? The war correspondence or by Gen. Greeley?]

Baltimore is to be the depot of the grand east-to army hereafter.

The *New York World* states that a spy was arrested near Long Bridge with the traitor Beauregard's pass with him. Also that an officer in the rebel army was known to be at the National Hotel yesterday.—Virginia claimants are filing charges against the Government for damages by the U. S. troops.

The *New York Herald's* dispatch says that the news from Kentucky creates a wild enthusiasm in Washington. It states there are 10,000 organized Union men there ready to drive the rebels out of Kentucky and Tennessee.

The *Tribune's* Washington dispatch says that numbers of *slaves* daily flock to Gen. Banks' camp. Many have been returned to their owners, they claiming to be Union men.

There is a report that Gen. Banks has only four regiments under his command.

The *New York Post's* Washington dispatch says that a skirmish took place Tuesday night between the Federal and rebel pickets at Falls Church, in which several of the latter were killed and two of our troops wounded.

A despatch to the same paper says that the rebel troops are within ten miles of Alexandria. A deserter from the rebels, who was impressed, states that the enemy retain their old position and are badly provisioned. Their troops are thoroughly harassed and unfed. They are much disorganized by the late battle, and large numbers, especially foreigners, are being impressed. The War Department has official information of the victory of Gen. Lyon over McCulloch.

A STRANGE AFFAIR. Some time ago a gentleman representing himself to be an officer in the Army, employed a Boston promoter, and engaged a room at Parker's Hotel, Champion, who was to meet him in Baltimore. It seems that after meeting his employer, the pretended Naval officer joined the rebel army, and attempted to force Champion into it—caused him to be bound with the view of pressing him into service. But Champion escaped with much exertion. The *Portsmouth Gazette* has full confidence in the story as it is related by the *Boston Traveller*.

HON. JOSEPH TRUMBULL, Governor of Connecticut in 1849-50, died at Hartford, last Sunday night, aged 78 years. He served three terms in Congress and held many State offices. Two of his relatives, Jonathan Trumbull, of Revolutionary fame—his grandfather, and an uncle, had been Governors of Connecticut before him.

A STRUGGLE FOR LIFE WITH A BURGLAR. The Brooklyn, N. Y., papers of yesterday give the particulars of a struggle between one of the city watchmen and a burglar, which resulted in the death of the former. The watchman, whose name was Martin, placed himself in front of the burglar, who had been alarmed while at his *fastactly* work and was fleeing, to arrest his progress, when the latter drew from his pocket a dirk knife and stabbed Mr. Martin in two places on the left side of the neck, inflicting frightful wounds, and completely severing the jugular vein. The officer seemed to almost tug for his hold, when another blow was received almost in the same spot. Then, Martin, rallying all his energy, in what proved to be a death-struggle, seized his murderer by the throat and dealt him a blow on the forehead with his club, which nearly knocked him to the ground. He then threw him to the sidewalk, still retaining the terrible hold, and placed one knee on his breast, while he weakly wrapped the alarm call, as the life's blood gushed from his wound. Several citizens soon arrived with police officers, and while the latter removed the prisoner to the station-house, the civilians paid their attention to Mr. Martin. The brave fellow was conveyed to a druggist's near by, but no aid could be furnished him, and in a few minutes afterward, at the station-house, he died, first pointing out the assassin, and faintly saying, "He is my murderer." The assassin gave his name as Joseph Milton. The officers, searching him, found thirty-two skeleton keys, a full set of burglar's tools, and a false whisker.

MAINE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION. The State convention, called by the Republican Committee of Maine, met at Augusta yesterday. The details of the proceedings have not been received, but by dispatches to the Boston morning papers, we gather that the convention was large and enthusiastic. Israel Washburn, Jr., was unanimously re-nominated for Governor.

The resolutions adopted in the convention declare that the war has been forced upon the North, and it is now waged without any desire for subjugation or conquest, but to maintain the supremacy of the laws and the integrity and majesty of the several States, and that when this object is accomplished the war should cease. They also endorse the nomination of Mr. Washburn, and express confidence in the army and nation.

THE NATIONAL DIRECT TAX BILL. This bill apportions a direct tax of $20,000,000 among the States, as follows:—

Maine,	$904,874 32	Illinois,	$1,466,331 35
New Hampshire,	514,406 61	Michigan,	1,046,510 35
Vermont,	514,406 61	Wisconsin,	1,046,510 35
Massachusetts,	1,466,331 35	Minnesota,	514,406 61
Rhode Island,	514,406 61	Iowa,	1,046,510 35
Connecticut,	1,046,510 35	Missouri,	1,466,331 35
New York,	2,904,959 09	Florida,	77,222 09
New Jersey,	1,046,510 35	Texas,	353,516 86
Pennsylvania,	1,466,179 21	Iowa,	452,000 00
Delaware,	514,406 61	Arkansas,	239,000 00
Maryland,	1,046,510 35	Louisiana,	1,046,510 35
Virginia,	1,466,331 35	Tennessee,	1,466,331 35
North Carolina,	1,046,510 35	Mississippi,	1,046,510 35
South Carolina,	514,406 61	New Mexico,	62,000 00
Georgia,	1,466,331 35	Utah,	62,000 00
Alabama,	1,046,510 35	Washington,	77,222 09
Kentucky,	1,466,331 35	Oregon,	77,222 09
Louisiana,	514,406 61	Minnesota,	62,000 00
Ohio,	1,466,331 35	California,	514,406 61
Indiana,	1,046,510 35	D. of Columbia,	62,000 00

The President will divide the country into districts of three States and appoint collectors, and after the second Tuesday in February all duties to the Secretary of the Treasury shall establish regulations to govern the collection of the direct tax.

EXPECTED HOME. Rev. W. H. Alden, of the First Baptist Church, in this city, is expected to reach home this week, and to occupy his pulpit next Sabbath. He was in England when last heard from. It has been absent from this city since the 2nd of April last, and expected to be absent six months, but the troubles in this country, and the anxiety which every patriot must feel, has hastened his return.

THAT STEAM GUN. The steam gun, captured by the Sixth Regiment at the Relay House, arrived at Boston yesterday afternoon, in the S. S. Spaulding from Fortress Monroe. It is now in charge of Major H. Clemence, of this city, and is to be delivered over to the Middlesex Mechanic's Association.

NOT SO. The item which we copied into our columns yesterday, in regard to army contracts having been given to certain parties in Lowell and vicinity, was incorrect. The parties named are only bidders, though we hope they will all be successful.

A FINE STORE. We glanced into the store under our office, this morning, and was very much pleased with its internal beauties. The counters, drawers, and cases, are all made of chestnut and are unlike anything that we have ever seen in Lowell. They are finished in what is known as oil-grained style, and the work was done under the direction of Mr. A. Kittredge, on Middle Street, which adds very much to the beauty of the store. There are several stores finished like it in Boston, but none in Lowell.

A SUMMER SUBSTITUTE. Dr. J. R. Hayes, No. 12 Central Street, puts up a very desirable article, for complaints prevalent at this season of the year, which it would be well for every family to have on hand.—He styles it "Hayes' Cholera Cordial," and confidently recommends it in cases of diarrhea, dysentery, summer complaints of children, cholera-morbus, colic, &c. It has the recommendation of having been successfully used for years, and we doubt not it is really so efficient as stated.

THE following *first rate* printed notice appears posted upon Central Bridge:—

"NOTICE. The attention of the Board of Health is called to the *filthy* condition of this Bridge. Hoping that it will be immediately removed, and *kept* clean, we forbear further comment at this time.

For order.

Lowell, August 6, 1861."

Underneath the same, some wag has written "Bully for you," which we suppose means that he concurs in the opinion of the writer of the notice.

POLICE COURT. Yesterday afternoon, Patrick Brady for an assault upon the City Marshal, was sentenced to the House of Correction for three months.

Nothing doing to-day.

HUCKLEBERRIES are selling in our market for six cents a quart.

☞ Charles Gray, formerly of Manchester, N. H., was murdered on the 26th of June, by Indians. Their object was to get his money.

LETTING THE CAT OUT OF THE BAG.—W. H. Russell, the correspondent of the *London Times*, writing from New Orleans, says:—

"*As to any liberty of opinion or real freedom here, the boldest Southerner would not dare to say a shadow of either exists.* It may be as bad in the North, for all I know, but it must be remembered that in all civil commotions the first victim of liberty is they appear to me to be in the place of the lion. *The most cruel of all constructions exis are perpetrated by the rabble who style themselves citizens.*"

IN HOLLISTON, Mass. A fire broke out on Monday night, in Marshal Pierce's pg factory, Spring's Island, Biddeford, which was entirely consumed together with Mark Prime's machine shop, Andrew Holbrook's shop, a small dwelling and other surrounding buildings and a lot of lumber.—The fire was carried across the river, and destroyed a large furniture manufactory belonging to S. T. Shannon, of Saco, and the machine shop of Charles Hardy.—Loss probably $20,000; the origin of the fire is not stated.

CHEAP ENOUGH. One night last week a gentleman, accompanied by his wife, went to see the everlasting "Seven Sisters" at Laura Keene's Theatre, New York. The attendance was not large that evening, and the gentleman, and his wife, had not long come in on the ordinary half dollar ticket, before they found themselves to a couple of vacant orchair seats. As they were about to sit down, it marked that those chairs were "*accupied*." "Never mind, my dear," indeed," replied the way. "I should say they were cheap enough by cheap at that. I am not in the Forty-Thousand Club, but I think I can afford to pay $10,000 apiece for the seats we are now occupying." Whereupon the gentleman and his wife, who appreciated the joke, "retired in good order," as the military dispatches are accustomed to say; and left the occupants unmolested for the remainder of the evening.

VOLUNTEERS FOR THE ARMY. We see it stated that one of the Chelsea, Mass., companies is nearly recruited, and that it is now at full company, and that in less than thirty-six hours, seventy-five of them had re-enlisted. Some of the papers in the vicinity of Boston are making considerable effort to the various regiments now forming in all parts of the Northern States by thousands. At present most of the young men are engaged in gathering the crops.

The Boston Traveller understands that a draft for the sum of five thousand dollars has been received in that city, within a few days, from a firm in Charleston, S. C., not to purchase new goods, but in payment of an old debt.

A PARABLE looking woman named Lydia Fuller was arrested in Buffalo on the 30th, disguised in male habiliments. She had been passing counterfeit money, and when arrested, demanded the officer to search her pockets, which he did, finding a pocket-book and taking half its contents at a glance.

THERE is good reason to believe that a majority of the inhabitants of the capital of Virginia, the city of Richmond, are opposed to the present rebellion, and are only kept down by the military force at present encamped in that vicinity.

IT is stated that the potato disease has again made its appearance in some sections in the vicinity of Boston, and in New England generally, however, it is said that the potato crop has not been so good for years.

Lowell Retail Prices Current.

Corrected Weekly for the Courier.

Butter—N. Y. and Vermont dairy, firm, per lb.	15 a 18
Ordinary do. do.	12 a 14
Cheese—Factory, per lb.	10 a 12
Farm do. do.	10 a 12
Eggs—Fresh laid, per dozen.	12 a 14
Cider—per barrel.	2 00
Lard—Boston, per lb.	11 a 12
Tallow—Rough fat, quartered and cured per lb.	8
Beans—Pea, per bushel.	1 50
Do. Yellow Eye, per bushel.	1 75
Do. Round Yellow, per bushel.	1 50
Do. White, per bushel.	1 50
Do. Pea and Marrowfat, cheap.	1 25
Onions—per bushel.	1 00 a 2 00
Potatoes—per bbl.	
Turnips—per bbl.	1 00
Carrots—per bbl.	1 00
Beets—per bbl.	1 00
Cabbages—per hundred.	3 00 a 4 00
Squashes—per bbl.	1 00
Pumpkins—each.	10 a 15
Apples—per bbl.	1 00 a 2 00
Do. dried, per bushel.	1 00
Peaches—per bushel.	1 00
Do. dried, per bushel.	1 00
Pears—per bushel.	1 00
Plums—per bushel.	1 00
Cherries—per bushel.	1 00
Currants—per box.	6
Gooseberries—per box.	6
Raspberries—per box.	6
Blackberries—per box.	6
Huckleberries—per box.	6
Hay—Northern, per ton.	12 00 a 14 00
Do. Eastern, per ton.	12 00 a 14 00
Straw—per ton.	4 00 a 5 00
Hides—per lb.	6 a 7
Calf Skins	8 a 10
Veal	5 a 6
Lamb	2 00 a 2 50
Pork	5 a 6

Potatoes, per bushel.	50
Do. new, per bushel.	50
Turnips, per bushel.	25
Carrots, per bushel.	25
Beets, per bushel.	25
Onions, per bushel.	50
Parsnips, per bushel.	25
Horse Radish, per pound.	10
Squashes, Hubbards, per lb.	2
Do. Marrow, per lb.	2
Cucumbers, per doz.	10
Pumpkins, each.	50
Tomatoes, per doz.	10
Corn, per doz.	10
Parsley, per bunch.	5
Thyme, per bunch.	5
Sage, per bunch.	5
Summer Savory, per bunch.	5
Sweet Marjoram, per bunch.	5
Peppermint, per bunch.	5
Spearmint, per bunch.	5
Tansy, per bunch.	5
Balm, per bunch.	5
Rosemary, per bunch.	5
Sweet Basil, per bunch.	5
Catnip, per bunch.	5
Wormwood, per bunch.	5
Rhubarb, per bunch.	5
Chives, per bunch.	5
Cranberries, per quart.	6
Chickens, per lb.	12
Fowls, per lb.	12
Turkeys, per lb.	12
Geese, per lb.	12
Ducks, per lb.	12
Pigeons, per pair.	12
Rabbits, per pair.	25
Venison, per lb.	12
Beef, per lb.	8 a 12
Veal, per lb.	8 a 12
Lamb, per lb.	8 a 12
Pork, per lb.	8 a 12
Mutton, per lb.	8 a 12
Lard, per lb.	8 a 12
Tallow, per lb.	8 a 12
Sausages, per lb.	8 a 12
Fish, per lb.	8 a 12
Lobsters, per lb.	8 a 12
Oysters, per quart.	25
Clams, per quart.	25
Flour, per barrel.	6 00 a 7 00
Meal, per bushel.	1 00
Rye, per bushel.	1 00
Corn, per bushel.	1 00
Oats, per bushel.	50
Barley, per bushel.	1 00
Wood, per cord.	4 00 a 5 00
Coal, per ton.	6 00 a 7 00

CITY AND VICINITY

WANTED.

A young man, who is accustomed to Book-keeping, but not the a large amount, is desirous of obtaining a situation in some counting-room office or as Copyist or Amanuensis. Go or refe can be given. Address "Box 20," Lowell Post Office. augs6 1wd

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA BURRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 27 Merrimack Street—head of Central. may25d3m

THE WAR NEWS

Will be found in full in the Lowell Daily Courier. Price 1 cent. Subscribe at the Counter.

THE CENTRAL BRIDGE CASE. The arguments were finished yesterday afternoon, Hon. J. G. Abbott making the argument for the Bridge Corporation. At the commencement of this trial the Bridge proprietors wished to put in an expert as witness, to which the counsel for the city objected and the objection was sustained by the Sheriff. Previous to the jury retiring this forenoon they asked to have a sworn expert sent out with them for the purpose of making computation, the counsel for the city consenting, but the counsel for the Bridge corporation objected and the Sheriff sustained the objection. The jury retired about eleven o'clock and returned a sealed verdict, which will be opened at the term of the Superior Court which sits here on the first Monday in September, and in all probability the case will go to the Supreme Court again and there be argued upon exceptions.

REDUCTION OF RENT MEETING. The adjourned meeting at Mechanics' Hall, last evening, was not very fully attended, probably owing to the fact that what is everybody's business, is nobody's, and the effort was made to notify our citizens. The officers of the first meeting being necessarily in no way interested, the meeting was appointed to order with the Assistant Assessors in the place, when the committee appointed to confer with the landlords will report.

We hear of several instances where landlords have lowered the rents of tenements since the last meeting, though we have no authority to speak from personal knowledge. We doubt not that with few exceptions, landlords will accept these feelings of sympathy which should ever prevail among men by consenting to share a portion of the burthens from depression of business, with their tenants, for it is painfully apparent that the latter cannot live and pay the rents which they have in years past!

HERKIMER AGAIN IN CUSTODY. Herkimer, after being released, yesterday, started for home. On Merrimack Street, he was threatened and pursued by two or three Irishmen and had to seek refuge in the store. He finally reached home, and in the afternoon started for Willow Dale, intending to go a-fishing. Before he left home, however, he told his wife to tell the officers, if they called for him, where he had gone, as he anticipated that he might be arrested. In the afternoon, by request of the sons of Lynch, a warrant was issued and he was this morning arrested at Willow Dale, by Deputy Marshal Rand, and brought back to Lowell. He will be examined in the Police Court this afternoon, at three o'clock.

DEFECTED HOME. Rev. W. H. Alden, of the First Baptist Church in this city, is expected to reach home this week, and to occupy his pulpit next Sabbath. He was in England when last heard from. It has been absent from this city since the 2nd of April last, and expected to be absent six months, but the troubles in this country, and the anxiety which every patriot must feel, has hastened his return.

THAT STEAM GUN. The steam gun, captured by the Sixth Regiment at the Relay House, arrived at Boston yesterday afternoon, in the S. S. Spaulding from Fortress Monroe. It is now in charge of Major H. Clemence, of this city, and is to be delivered over to the Middlesex Mechanic's Association.

NOT SO. The item which we copied into our columns yesterday, in regard to army contracts having been given to certain parties in Lowell and vicinity, was incorrect. The parties named are only bidders, though we hope they will all be successful.

A FINE STORE. We glanced into the store under our office, this morning, and was very much pleased with its internal beauties. The counters, drawers, and cases, are all made of chestnut and are unlike anything that we have ever seen in Lowell. They are finished in what is known as oil-grained style, and the work was done under the direction of Mr. A. Kittredge, on Middle Street, which adds very much to the beauty of the store. There are several stores finished like it in Boston, but none in Lowell.

A SUMMER SUBSTITUTE. Dr. J. R. Hayes, No. 12 Central Street, puts up a very desirable article, for complaints prevalent at this season of the year, which it would be well for every family to have on hand.—He styles it "Hayes' Cholera Cordial," and confidently recommends it in cases of diarrhea, dysentery, summer complaints of children, cholera-morbus, colic, &c. It has the recommendation of having been successfully used for years, and we doubt not it is really so efficient as stated.

THE following *first rate* printed notice appears posted upon Central Bridge:—

"NOTICE. The attention of the Board of Health is called to the *filthy* condition of this Bridge. Hoping that it will be immediately removed, and *kept* clean, we forbear further comment at this time.

For order.

Lowell, August 6, 1861."

Underneath the same, some wag has written "Bully for you," which we suppose means that he concurs in the opinion of the writer of the notice.

POLICE COURT. Yesterday afternoon, Patrick Brady for an assault upon the City Marshal, was sentenced to the House of Correction for three months.

Nothing doing to-day.

HUCKLEBERRIES are selling in our market for six cents a quart.

☞ Charles Gray, formerly of Manchester, N. H., was murdered on the 26th of June, by Indians. Their object was to get his money.

CAMBRIDGE CATTLE MARKET,

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 7, 1861.

Whole number of Cattle at market 678; about 300 Cows and Calves, and the remainder Stores. Prices of Cattle—Extra at Market Beef—Extra, $6.00 @ $6.25; first quality, $5.75 @ $6.00; second quality, $5.50 @ $5.75; third quality, $5.00 @ $5.25.

Working Oxen—$75.00 @ $85.00.

Cows and Calves—$35.00 @ $50.00.

Stores—Yearlings, $5.50 @ $6.00.

Two Years Old—$8.00 @ $10.00.

Three Years Old—$12.00 @ $15.00.

Sheep and Lambs—$2.00 @ $3.00 per head.

Veal Calves—$3.00 @ $4.00 per 100 lbs.

Fat Hogs—$5.00 @ $5.50 per 100 lbs.

Barrow Pigs—$5.00 @ $5.50 per 100 lbs.

Remarks—Beef Cattle and Fleet quality moderately active at the above prices. Working Oxen and Cows and Calves in moderate demand at the above prices. Stores—A large number of Northern Cattle have arrived at market for the past week, and the same number of Western at last week. Sales dull. Sheep and Lambs—There were a good number of sheep at market. Prices all back to the same figures as last week. Veal Calves—There were a good number of veal calves at market. Prices all back to the same figures as last week. Hogs—There were a good number of hogs at market. Prices all back to the same figures as last week.

RUBBER BLANKETS.

A NEW and beautiful article, very light and strong, for an oriental purpose for Camp Use—just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug 7.

20 Boston and Worcester Railroad	104
5 Boston and Maine Railroad	107
3 Northern Railroad	10
5 Cumberland Coal Co.	5
10 Eastern Railroad	90
10 Western Railroad	111
5 Old Colony Railroad	103
10 Cheshire Railroad	82
20 Cambridge Bank	122

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to the customers that he has left the store of Mr. Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, over Ross' Jewelry Store, SEPT. 1, 61, where he would be pleased to see all who may favor him with orders for the above named goods.

Also, a good place for collecting Bills.

A. L. BROOKS.

Lowell, July 31, 1861. 1m

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz. any of the through routes (changing cars) at the lowest rates. At No. 6 Merrimack House, Central Street, Agent Grand Trunk Railroad.

H. SWAN.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot. may11

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have secured the exclusive sale for the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8d1

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY

DIRECTORS:

C. E. Coburn,	E. W. Sinking,	D. S. Richardson,
Wm. Hall,	Edward Tuck,	Wm. P. Richmond,
G. O. Brown,	Edward Tuck, Jr.	

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurances on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Churches, Factories and other buildings. The present cash surplus is $30,000.81. Applications for insurance of villages and sum property in the vicinity of Boston, and in the towns bordering on the Merrimack River, solicited. Rates as low as in any Company having a cash capital of $100,000.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT for the cash assets are $100,000. Insurances effected on buildings, merchandise and other property, at fair rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office in Merrimack Block, Lowell. [second story.]

E. P. SHERMAN, Secretary.

C. P. COBURN, President.

Lowell, July 18, 1861. 1m jy18 tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
A better quality,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
Than any other coal.

Then any other free burning coal. And the undersigned, agent of the COMPANY, HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, C. E. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dsf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice and they have the pleasure of offering it to the public, and investigation in merits somewhat, they are now prepared to insert Teeth on this base, which has been shown to be a substance of opinion among the profession, that it is the best article for the purpose ever introduced. It is also conceded that it will supersede entirely the use of metal, as it is impervious to acids, and will not change color or taste. Orders left at the above rooms will receive prompt attention.

Rooms No. 1, Merrimack Square.

A. L. BROOKS.

Lowell, March 11, 1861. 1y

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Are known as the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints, and for purifying the blood better than any other medicine. Examples in the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Sick Headache; Female Complaints; Rheumatism; &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and will cure the worst cases of Scrofula in the system, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and build up the whole system. Those who have used them say medicine ever known. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, and are entirely free from pills, Yellow Dock, Mercurials, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so difficult to procure as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming a perfect Blood Purifier, Strengthening and Nutritious Medicine. Ask your druggist for Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, and be sure you get them. Sold by all druggists in Medicines.

Prepared only by DR. J. C. LANGLEY & CO.

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston,

Agents, for sale by druggists generally.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered for

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That a preparation of this female regimen in which the *false assumption* of Dr. Cheeseman's Pills is a *PERMANENT*—the result. *MISCARRIAGE. Such is not the case.* Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are designed to *correct functions in a normal condition, that cure is permanent.* Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are designed to *Expel directions, during which and when they are taken, no change of diet is necessary.*

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered for the suppression of the menses, and are offered to the public as such. Explanatory directions, giving the age, will accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Sent by mail to any address. Purchasers will please address all letters to the sole agent for the United States,

DR. CHEESEMAN,

No. 2 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell, Mass.

July, 1861. 1y

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PRESENT AND IMMEDIATE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation is the most delightful article of the kind, according to all a Healthy Purity. It is most and entirely free from any thing of a pernicious nature to the skin, and will give immediate relief to Sunburn or Tan. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition, but it is purely vegetable, and can be used with perfect safety. *Its application every night for a week will render the skin soft, fair and beautiful.*

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove every Pimple, Freckle, Blotch or Eruption.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To make a rough, chapped skin soft and smooth.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
Before you go into the sunshine, if you would not be tanned or freckled.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
After exposure to the sun, wind or dust.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
Whenever you feel the slightest symptom of Pimples.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you would have a beautiful complexion.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you would have a pure, white and healthy skin.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you would have the roughness of shaving entirely removed.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you would have the most delicate, refined and beautiful skin.

Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy power to remove the most deep-seated Eruptions, and pronounce the preparation of itself or necessity to have one in every family. Ladies who have used it say it is indispensable to their toilet. It is the most elegant and healthy put up article for the purpose ever offered to the public. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canadas.

Prepared only by SAMUEL HUDSON, Wm. H. French, E. A. Sawtell, J. E. Hayes, and Samuel Kidder, Jr., Lowell.

Nov. 1y

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only makers of the true and genuine Dr. FRANKLIN TOBIN'S

CHAMBERLIN'S BLEZARD BALM,

APPLETON BLOCK, LOWELL.

The subscriber having leased the above premises, and fitted up the same in the Old Fellows' Lodge, and Hall, is now prepared to accommodate his friends and former patrons that he has left, with the best of Halls, and Music. Meetings of our first class societies, to rent, the same on reasonable terms. There was a handsome Ball given in the above Hall, on the evening of the 4th inst., by the Lowell Brass Band, which was the largest party in Lowell except our Grand Military Ball.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN.

Lowell, March 11, 1861. 1y

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$3,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$250,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible Companies. FOLD CIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

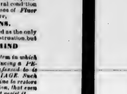
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor.)

No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell.

April 24, 1861. 1y

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continuable in peril if she is not enough to regulate the menses when they become obstructed. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a remedy of long established reputation, and are offered to the public as such. Explanatory directions accompany each package, and in accordance with the laws of nature, and are not to be used during pregnancy, as they will assuredly bring on miscarriage. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Aromatic Pills, Yellow Dock, Mercurials, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Hemlock, Pine, Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Sick Headache; Female Complaints; Rheumatism; &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and will cure the worst cases of Scrofula in the system, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, and build up the whole system. Those who have used them say medicine ever known. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, and are entirely free from pills, Yellow Dock, Mercurials, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so difficult to procure as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming a perfect Blood Purifier, Strengthening and Nutritious Medicine. Ask your druggist for Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, and be sure you get them. Sold by all druggists in Medicines.

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DR. CHEESEMAN,

No. 2 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell, Mass.

July, 1861. 1y

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IS IN
PROF. WOODS' HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

"O. J. Woods, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle in hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

"After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known abroad, and even more wonderful cases brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance such proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have only been two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation there is not one cent that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, none of those charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but found it had been moved long in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will receive my prompt attention.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to, for the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and changed to white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was more fiction than truth in them, and not entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would not use it—but for most, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, and from a dollar, commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably thickened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now a pretty good head of hair, brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, and not a hair full of hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair coming out is falling off and is as soft and fine, and feels to me oily, as though you had saturated it with a French champagne. Many that accost me, I can see frequently say to me: "Just look what you have got that fine Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that I have not dyed my head. Yours, truly,
HART M. GOODE.
FREDERICK T. HUTCH,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by any praise. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with entire desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have used it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine nostrums which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Union Sun Jay.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative also cures nearly every description of scurf, prevents the hair falling off—We have seen many wonderful instances in which one of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't you still you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, but in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is failing off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of the use of this article, and join with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it, and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring to the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald from the use of sickness the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has a most delightful and lasting description. In a word, it is a peerless and other disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and its effects are so truly beneficial, as the compound; if it does not receive a manifest improvement, in the course of doing harm, as the component elements are perfectly harmless.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. It our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unsurpassed as a blood purification and infallible in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our every reader to judge. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the valuable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that it is recommended and claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be restorative. It is time or gauze on exhausted land; it plants it, gray whenever applied. Where the hair is unnaturally healthy, but we advise our friends with sparsely-growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands on an eminence of fame, whose attention has been turned to inventing a hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is sudden but world-wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or locks laid from one to two, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant hair in preference. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and how it can be made to apply to the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied the growth of the natural hair in its every function, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of the roots, so as to apply to its own use, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual has stamped upon it, and he believed that the hair could be naturally restored. He tried his own case—was bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he used it with he gave to the world. Get WOODS HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

ET At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand a genuine family and Patent Medicines. jan21lyeow

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 5.00
" " " Newport, 5.00
" " " Stanstead, 5.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the

Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
192 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.
jly1 ly&3t S. H. FISHER, Agent.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sincere and intelligent person, that the host of cases of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels, and in the remedies we present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those distressing complaints.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during many years' practice. We know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and can, with confidence, recommend it as superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is perfectly innocent in its effects in any one case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance such proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have only been two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation there is not one cent that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, none of those charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but found it had been moved long in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will receive my prompt attention.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious hearts are filled with solicitude for the safety of your little ones, when the lancet is resorted to in the most alarming instances, no remedy can be found to equal

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other cause, as this Cordial is the safest and most effectual remedy in use. Its operation is prompt alone; its natural vigor is such that it has been administered to infants but a few hours old with the same of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has become a household word." We now ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to every mother, viz: the following, signed Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial:

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of a deleterious nature, nor a fact which we are fully convinced is doing untold to and of any preparation containing either of the above poisons.

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial differs from every other remedy. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by quickening the secretions, but simply by neutralizing. Peristalsis in rare medicinal quantities, by removing all pain and cause of disease. We earnestly recommend this, therefore, to less no time in procuring a bottle, that you may be able to administer it to your little ones, and to relieve your child at once. Remember, it is perfectly harmless in its effects, and

Does not Stupefy

like the baneful, deadly, and poisonous Opium or Morphine.

Take note but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This pre ess sent to you by your physician.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Sole Proprietors, Rochester, New York
and sold by them, and by all reasonable druggists

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITTANIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It prevents the hair falling off.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It makes the hair soft when it has been hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It removes dandruff, in effect.
It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. m87

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT 4 MANSUR,
TEN tons Mapes's Nitrogenized Superphosphate of Lime.
2 tons Mapes's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime.
1 ton Cook's Super Phosphate of Lime.
50 bushels Concord Grapes, warranted genuine from North Bridge Grape Vines.
50 bags prime Red Top. Northern and Western Clover, Barley, Buckwheat, Spring Wheat, Sand Oats, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.
sep20 3m 126 Central street

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,
IS NOW
Selling Bonnets complete for 50 cents.
Selling Silk Bonnets complete for 62 cents
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for 50 cents.
Selling satin Bonnets complete for 75 cents.
Selling Straw Bonnets complete for 25 cents.
Selling Straw Bonnets trimmed complete for 50 cents
Selling Silk and Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Silk and Velvet Bonnets for $1.50
The very largest assortment of all sorts of

RICH MILLINERY GOODS
AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE,
At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.
w4t3 4t

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER.

WHICH removes the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.
It raises no dust.
No dusting is necessary after sweeping.
It sweeps better and better than a broom.
It does not injure the carpet.
It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes little or no noise.
The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child can operate it without injury to the finest carpet without tedious.
It is universally known as a useful, handy, and time or gauze on exhausted land; it plants it, gray whenever applied. Where the hair is unnaturally healthy, but we advise our friends with sparsely-growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia Spy.*

For sale by H. HAYES,
sep 7 45 Merrimack street

500 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,
SELLING at half price, at BRAZER'S corner Hat House.
jan21tf1

SUMMER!

3000 Gallons of Kerosene Oil, at
H. S. HAYNES'.
No. 45 Merrimack St.

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,
SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the American Flag in the stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack St.

VINE PROTECTORS,
AN excellent article. They not only protect the vine from bugs, worms and wasps, but enrich all violence of wind, rain and cold. With circular samples will be sent free. For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural and Seed Store,
m20 126 Central street.

GENTS' NECK TIES,
IN new and beautiful patterns, just opened at BRAZER'S, 47 Central, corner of Merrimack st.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary to the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Court Dockets, By-Laws for Corporations, Insurance Policies, Printing for Banks, Printing for Factories, Printing for Stores, Manufacturers' Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or white or fancy colored paper.

Orders sent by mail, or left at the office, will receive prompt attention, and all kinds of CARDS adapted to every description of work—in jacks and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Re-gilding and Re-silvering Plates for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1859. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in Ivory and Ebony setting. Plaiting, Recovering, &c., &c., at
DYER'S MUSIC STORE,
11 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may7 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

F	B	L	C
O	U	O	O
R	T	U	R
	H		
F	A	F	E
E	T	E	E
E	O	E	D
D	N	D	

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in RHUMATISM, NEURALGIA, TIC DOLOREUX, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "What a wonderful cure!" "Why did I not try it before?" Our advice to all sufferers is to do

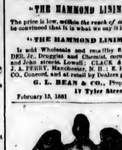
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHERWOOD, J. J. FERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861 feb14ly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,556.90
Dividends paid to date,	2,644,000.12
Assets,	2,645,993.58

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in fact, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the members, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate**, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stock owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Stocks.
The Company has all the profits.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Mutual Life Insurance.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It uncompromisingly resisted in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be most convenient. Premiums in sum insured, and the Company will issue a policy for the amount of premium. We earnestly recommend this, therefore, to less no time in procuring a bottle, that you may be able to administer it to your little ones, and to relieve your child at once. Remember, it is perfectly harmless in its effects, and
Does not Stupefy
like the baneful, deadly, and poisonous Opium or Morphine.
Take note but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. This pre ess sent to you by your physician.
Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
Sole Proprietors, Rochester, New York
and sold by them, and by all reasonable druggists

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tan, Sallowness, and Pain. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. feb14

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies failed, as well as celebrated Corn *Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It has been used in Lowell, and in every State in New England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered, for it is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. m12

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Knives, Forks, Plates, Tin Ware, Looking Glasses, Window Glass and Carriage Glass. Its use is invaluable. Try it.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets. m87

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS,
of every description. For lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Oil Lamps altered to burn Kerosene.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, for cash or approved paper.
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.
GLASS WARE,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities from the principal manufacturers in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the several articles can be sold to them as low as the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms will allow us to offer them for the benefit of our customers.
Store Open Day and Evening.
Look for the Lowest Prices.
Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors more than ever worthy our appreciable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchases elsewhere.
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
m15 3m

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush. prime Seed Oats;
100 bush. Six Rowed BARLEY, just received and for sale at SAMUEL KIDDER'S,
m27 45 Merrimack st.

Kinney's Linseone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Tin, Britannia and Japan Ware, &c., &c. Linseone is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap, and a great saving of labor.* Directions for use will look at *first* as new. Its equal has never been offered to the public. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
Sold by dealers generally. m87

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. feb14

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
539 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being daily licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and are better more than half as much thread or silk as the machines of other Companies.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted to sewing other seeds than such as is made by the frequent changes and ease of endless variety of thickness of Muslin, Linen, Cambric, Silk and Cotton, from the finest to the coarsest, and even from a fine to a coarse thread, changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In fact such a machine is not adapted to family use? and is not required in family sewing, as they use for every variety of light sewing and family manufacture. The best for our Family Machine, we recommend to larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines are the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a stress.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The operation of these Machines is a delight to see, and will fully demonstrate each of the above points.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair in 1859, and the highest at the Fair of the Mechanics' Institute, in the City of New York, in 1860, and also the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y., in 1860. These Machines are the only Machines that are giving generally whenever properly introduced, and are rapidly superseding sewing machines. But we have space for only a few of the many which we receive from all parts of the country.

Fact No. 7.—We warrant every Machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

Fact No. 8.—Agents wanted to sell these Machines every where. Any one of ordinary capacity can learn to operate and sell them in a few hours. Full instructions given to purchasers. Every Machine sold is put in perfect order before leaving the factory.

Fact No. 9.—Machines sent C. O. D. to all parts of the country, with the privilege to examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack street,
mh18 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

THE Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the grateful lips of the weeping humanity. It causes the lame not to leap as an hart.

It causes the blind to see, and the dumb to speak.

It causes the deaf to hear.

It causes the cripple to throw off from his crutch, when he has used it.

It restores the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It cures the worst cases of fever sores.

It cures the most malignant ulcers.

It is security against scalds.

It cures the most malignant cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammation, and does not scar.

It cures the most malignant fever sores.

The cancrbs may be cured if you will heartily use the Golden Salve, and Golden Pills, and Golden Syrup.

It is one for all of your corns and chilblains.

It is for cutting your nails.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For cutting your hair use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For sore eyes use it—this one it.

Everywhere in general use it, and trust, and you will be satisfied that its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is for sale by all druggists. Sold by the Golden Salve is for sale by all druggists. Sold by the Golden Salve is being sold.

All its wonderful virtues cannot be known. It has the highest commendations from gentlemen of the press, the clergy, the bar, the bench, the most distinguished statesmen, and the medical profession; from the poor, the rich, the learned, the ignorant, the old and young, and from all classes of society. It has been used on horses, sore back or any sore of a horse, and has never failed to cure. Sold by druggists.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and unless properly treated, will last for years. Not so with the worst case may be conquered by this Liniment. Sold by druggists.

The Golden Salve is for sale by all druggists. Sold by druggists. Sold by druggists. Sold by druggists.

Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

Prepared only by WHITEN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Rochester, New York.
Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified approval, recommending it in all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; to the young, the old, the middle aged, the weak, the strong, the rich, the poor, the learned, the ignorant, the sick, the well, the living, the dead, the sane, the insane, the lame, the halt, the blind, the deaf, the dumb, the maimed, the crippled, the deformed, the sore, the well or sound. Send the following—

Dr. O. J. Wood: Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative is the only preparation that has ever done my hair any good. I have had occasion to let pupils assist, and give them directions how to use it, and they have all succeeded in restoring their hair.

During the year 1858, I became unfortunate as to lose my hair, and was induced to try your Hair Restorative. In a few days after I commenced using it, I found a growth of fine hair, and in a few weeks my head was completely covered with a beautiful growth of hair, and I have had no occasion to use it since. I have also used it in the case of my children, and have found it to be the best article for the hair I have ever used. I could think, if being a professional man I could recommend it, I would do so, as I have found it to be all that is represented.

Yours truly,
C. F. MACHIN,
Late Professor of Music in Girard College, Philadelphia, Pa.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittsfield, Vt.,
Dec. 1, 1859.

Dear Sir—I am happy to inform you that I am ready to state to you the following circumstances in relation to your Hair Restorative. For the last two years, (a year ago) I have been quite ever since his early boyhood, and for the last year he has been entirely gray. He was induced to use a bottle or your Hair Restorative, and has used but two bottles, and has restored his hair to its natural color, and quite luxuriantly, and he says he has no more dandruff in his hair. I have used it myself, and as he is very well known in our adjoining communities, it seems my duty to let the public know what I have given it to you at the request of Mr. Bradford. You can use this as you please. Yours, truly,
E. A. HASKELL.

The Wood Hair Restorative is the only preparation that has ever done my hair any good. I have had occasion to let pupils assist, and give them directions how to use it, and they have all succeeded in restoring their hair.

During the year 1858, I became unfortunate as to lose my hair, and was induced to try your Hair Restorative. In a few days after I commenced using it, I found a growth of fine hair, and in a few weeks my head was completely covered with a beautiful growth of hair, and I have had no occasion to use it since. I have also used it in the case of my children, and have found it to be the best article for the hair I have ever used. I could think, if being a professional man I could recommend it, I would do so, as I have found it to be all that is represented.

Yours truly,
C. F. MACHIN,
Late Professor of Music in Girard College, Philadelphia, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal
Is now for sale at the Lowest Prices, by
Long Island Wharf, A. Hapgood & Co.'s Office.
Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equally as good, every way, as the Lehigh or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best quality, from mines that will not be worked constantly on hand.
Orders left at the above and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.
Orders left at O. J. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building
sep16 3m

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on the Canal, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices. Orders may be left at the office on the wharf, or sent to
J. W. BOYNTON
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

NOTICE TO MOTHS!

CEDAR CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.
may7

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Import-ers name, E. Ironside & Co., Boston. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER,
mar28 45 Merrimack street.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received from the manufactory a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Burners, Wicks, Trimmings, and Kerosene Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, solid, hand, camp, store, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the stock at H. S. HAYNES', 45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
mar28

THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new composition for the Toilet, completely discharges in combination with Perfume and Fragrant Vegetable Extracts, leaving without injury to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts. may17

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC
OR
VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on the cheek; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an acure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lips occasional headache, with burning sensation of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; occasional fever; tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a craving for unusual articles of food at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains through the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY
In every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult should be present to us, in such cases as we may advance." In all cases the Medicine to be given IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge
DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY
in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, not *capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

N.B. Doctors and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will find it to their advantage to send for the same for *Dr. M'Lane's*, prepared by Fleming Bros., as we have been informed that some unprincipled persons have been selling a spurious article, under the name of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, which has been the cause of much injury to the credit of the genuine article. Be sure to call for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated American Worm Specific or Vermifuge. All others from Counterfeits and Imitations by twenty cases extra.

For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar27 eowly

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC
OR
VERMIFUGE.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, Wholesale Agents for Boston. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States. Sold in Lowell by Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. H. Dyar, C. A. Stackpole, J. S. Hayes, S. Kidder, Jr.
feb 14 6m

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified approval, recommending it in all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; to the young, the old, the middle aged, the weak, the strong, the rich, the poor, the learned, the ignorant, the sick, the well, the living, the dead, the sane, the insane, the lame, the halt, the blind, the deaf, the dumb, the maimed, the crippled, the deformed, the sore, the well or sound. Send the following—

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Yours truly,
C. F. MACHIN,
Late Professor of Music in Girard College, Philadelphia, Pa.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. As a remedy, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—Dyspepsia of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in the Liver. Consumption of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., &c., are caused by an excessive circulation. Giddiness, Headache, Apoplexy, Paralysis, and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. Bleeding at the Lungs, Piles, Hemorrhoids, those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary to be made is, Where is the blood to be taken from?

For centuries it has been a matter of much doubt and consideration as to the cause of, and while many experiments have been made and many theories entertained as to the remedy, it has been left to this century among its other wonders, to be the discoverer of the true cause and grand discoverer, also.

Consumption, that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," remains in a wonderful degree as the planets move in their spheres, and the blood, which is the life, and being renewed at certain periods, and in a healthy state, and while life is traceable, to a fixed and unalterable law, and death, in the case of certain effect, follows.

The blood and corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and other elements.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, rusts it, and destroys its life.

Oxygen brought in contact with a muscular fibre, destroys its contractility.

These facts being ind

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, August 9, 1861.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE BULL RUN BATTLE. The report of Gen. McDowell to the Secretary of War has been made public. In relation to the loss of life, he says:

Our killed amounted to nineteen officers and four hundred and sixty-nine non-commissioned officers and privates, and our wounded to sixty-four officers and nine hundred and forty-even non-commissioned officers and privates. Many of the wounded will soon be able to join the ranks, and will leave our total of killed and disabled from further service under one thousand. The return of the missing is very inaccurate, the men supposed to be missing having fallen into other regiments and gone to Washington—many of the Zouaves to New York. In one brigade the number originally reported as six hundred and sixty-six was yesterday reduced to one hundred and seventy-four. These reductions are being made daily. In a few days a more correct return can be made.

Of course nothing accurate is known of the loss of the enemy, an officer of their forces, coming from them with a flag of truce, admitted eighteen hundred killed and wounded, and other information shows this to be much under the true number.

McDowell attributes the repulse to the delay in sending forward troops from Washington; the delay in forwarding subsistence and ammunition wagons; the necessity of fighting on Sunday or not at all, as the time of the three months' troops expired then, and they could not longer be held; and also to the grave mistake in not preventing Col. Johnston's forces from joining the assistance of Beauregard. It is painful to read the following paragraph from his report:—

I could not, as I have said, more early push on faster, nor could I delay. A large and the best part of my forces were three months' volunteers, whose term of service was about to expire, but who were sent forward as having long enough to serve for the purpose of the expedition. On the eve of the battle the Fourth Pennsylvania Regiment of volunteers and the Second of volunteer artillery of the New York Eighth militia, whose term of service expired, insisted on their discharge. I wrote to the regiment, expressing a request for them to remain a short time, and to the Secretary of War, who was at the time on the ground, tried to induce the leaders to remain at least five days. But in vain. They insisted on their discharge that night. It was granted, and the next morning, when the army moved forward into battle, these troops moved to the rear to the sound of the enemy's cannon.

Gen. McDowell represents the battle to have been won by his army at 3½ o'clock in the afternoon; but the arrival of Johnston's fresh troops by train at that time converted the victory into a disastrous rout—the Union troops being worn with the fatigue of a hard day's battle.

A PRINTING OFFICE DESTROYED. Yesterday afternoon, the office of the *Democratic Standard*, in Concord, N. H., was completely rifled of its contents by a mob composed of the soldiers of the returned 1st regiment and citizens. The *Standard* which has been a long time a secession rate, the men supposed to be missing having fallen into other regiments and gone to Washington—many of the Zouaves to New York. In one brigade the number originally reported as six hundred and sixty-six was yesterday reduced to one hundred and seventy-four. These reductions are being made daily. In a few days a more correct return can be made.

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GEN. BUTLER'S LETTER.

A wish has been expressed that we publish Gen. B. F. Butler's letter to the Secretary of War, and we do so that his words may go on record in our columns. It is an important document, and will undoubtedly be many times referred to hereafter:

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, FORTRESS MONROE, July 30th, 1861.

Hon. Simon Cameron, Secretary of War.

—SIR:—By an order received on the morning of the 26th of July from Major General Dix, by a telegraphic order from Lieut. General Scott, I am commanded to forward, of the troops of this department, four regiments and a half, including Col. Baker's California regiment, to Washington via Baltimore. This order reached me at 5 o'clock, A. M., by special boat from Baltimore. Believing that I remained because of some pressing exigency for the defence of Washington, I issued my orders under the guns of the steamboat of the troops, sending those who were among the very best regiments I had. In the course of the following day they were all embarked for Baltimore, with the exception of some 400, for whom I had not transportation, although I had all the transport force in the hands of the Quartermaster here, to aid the Bay line of steamers which by the order from the Lieutenant General was directed to furnish transportation. Up to and at the time of the order I had been preparing for an advance movement by which I hoped to cripple the resources of the enemy at Yorktown, and especially seizing a large quantity of negroes who were being pressed into their service in building the intrenchments there. I had five days previously been enabled to mount for the first time, the first company of light artillery, which I had been empowered to raise, and they had but a single rifled cannon, an 8-inch howitzer, of course everything must and did yield to the supposed exigency and orders. The ordering away of troops from this department, while it weakened the posts at Newport News, necessitated the withdrawal of the troops from Hampton, where I was then throwing up intrenched works to enable me to hold the town with a small force, while I had advanced up the York or James River, as the village of Hampton there was a large number of negroes, composed in a great measure of women and children of the men who had fled thither within my lines for protection, who had escaped from unavailing parties of the rebels who had been gathering up all the bodied blacks to help them in constructing their batteries on the James and York Rivers, and had employed the men in Hampton in throwing up intrenchments, and they were working zealously and efficiently at that duty, saving our soldiers from that labor under the guns of the mid-day sun. These women were earning substantially their own subsistence in washing, marketing, and taking care of the children of the soldiers, and into as were being served out to the men who worked for the support of their children. Both by the Superintendent of Hampton, rendered necessary by the withdrawal of troops, leaving no one to attend to them outside the fort, including the force at Newport News, all these black people were obliged to flock up their homes at Hampton, fleeing across the creek which runs through the town and suppost.

Indeed it was a most distressing sight to see these poor creatures, who had trusted to the protection of the arms of the United States, and who aided the troops of the United States in their enterprise, to be thus obliged to flee from their homes, and the homes of their masters, who had declared them enemies, and become non-laborers from fear of the return of the rebel soldiery, who had threatened to shoot the men who had wrought for us, and to carry off the women who had served us to a worse than given black man has fled from his master, by his master fled from him? Indeed, how are the freedom to be distinguished? In no case many more or less a fugitive slave because he has labored upon the rebel intrenchments? If he has so labored, if I understand it, he is to be harbored. By the reception of which, are the rebels most to be distressed, by taking those who have wrought at their rebel masters desired, masked their batteries, or those who have refused to labor and left the battery unmasked.

I have very decided opinions upon the subject of the order. It does not become me to criticise it, and I write in no spirit of criticism, but simply to explain the full difficulties that surround the enforcing it. If the enforcement of that order becomes the policy of the government, I, as a soldier, shall be bound to enforce it steadfastly, if not cheerfully. But if left to my own discretion, as you may have gathered from my reasoning, I should take a widely different course from that which I shall intend.

In a loyal State I would put down a servile insurrection. In a State of rebellion I would confiscate that which was used to oppose my arms, and take all that property which constituted the wealth of that State and furnished the means by which alone it is prosecuted, beside being the cause of the war; and if in so doing it should be proved that human beings were brought to the free enjoyment of their life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, such objection ought not to require much consideration.

Pardon me for addressing the Secretary of War directly upon this question, as it involves some political considerations as well as pregnant military action.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

BENJAMIN F. BUTLER.

THE WAR NEWS.

Another fight in Missouri. A band of one thousand rebels attacked a camp of Home Guards in Linn Co., Mo., in the northwestern part of the State, about thirty miles from Keokuk, Iowa, on Monday morning at 5 o'clock. There was a considerable quantity of arms and ammunition stored in the camp, which comprised three hundred and fifty men under Capt. Moore. Fighting lasted about one hour, when the rebel force was reinforced by 150 men from Centralia, Iowa, on the opposite side of the river, gave chase to the traitors for about a mile and a half, when they, one, taking 19 prisoners, 30 horses and two rebel flags Several rebels were also wounded. After the fight six or eight rebels were found dead on the field of the attack. The number of a rebel flag of true as was asserted, who stated they carried off fourteen killed and as many more wounded and missing. The rebels were led by a brother of ex-Senator Green. Three Unionists were killed and eight wounded. Another fight of not race, it is expected, has taken place are this.

At the skirmish at Dog Spring, on Friday, of last week, thirty rebels were killed and not a Federal soldier hurt. There are 24,000 rebel soldiers reported in Missouri.

The wounded prisoners. Letters have been received from Capt. Withington of the 1st regiment, which state that he was not wounded at Bull Run, but taken a prisoner, while attempting to take Colonel Wilcox off the field. Wilcox's arm is badly shattered. Captain Ricketts is also a prisoner. He has the 2nd Wisconsin regiment, is in attendance. Captain Withington writes that they are treated with great kindness. They are all on their parole of honor not to escape or take arms against the South. Some parties are now probably in Richmond, as the wounded were to be removed thither as soon as circumstances would permit.

Reports from Washington and vicinity. It appears from a data of the Committee on Ways and Means that the total amount of appropriations are 875 millions, of which 300 millions were for the army, 75 millions for the navy, and the remainder for various purposes.

A Washington dispatch to the *New York Post* says that the Washington and Alexandria number 60,000, and that water is scarce there.

The rebels are perpetrating the greatest outrages in and around Centreville. Women are insulted and shamefully treated, and every man hesitating to join the rebel force is sent to Manassas or Richmond.

It is rumored that Senators Breckinridge and Powell and Representative Burnett will resign, and submit to the decision of the people at Kentucky.

The *Richmond Whig* of the 3rd has a report from Washington that persons there are raising a company for the confederate service.

Prizes remanded for trial. The five men comprising the rebel prize crew of the re-captured steamer Enchantress, were committed to Philadelphia yesterday to answer the charge of piracy.

From Fortress Monroe. Lieuts. Butler and Fiske a few days since went out with a flag of truce from Newport News for the purpose of communication of a lady wishing to return to her friends. They found no rebels within six miles of the camp. The party were hospitably entertained by a company of secessionists.

Southern news. Gov. Harris of Tennessee who has just been re-elected, calls for a reserve force of 20,000 men from the State.

The Alabama gubernational election has probably gone in favor of Watts.

The *Post's* dispatch says that the boat from Mathias Point states that the rebels are planting batteries there with the intention of cutting off water communication with Washington. Several slaves escaped from there to the Federal fleet. A private letter from Culpepper Court House states that 1200 rebel troops are sick there, and that every man in the country has fled on account of the advance of the Union troops. The greatest excitement was manifested in Hampton, fleeing across the creek which runs through the town and suppost.

Indeed it was a most distressing sight to see these poor creatures, who had trusted to the protection of the arms of the United States, and who aided the troops of the United States in their enterprise, to be thus obliged to flee from their homes, and the homes of their masters, who had declared them enemies, and become non-laborers from fear of the return of the rebel soldiery, who had threatened to shoot the men who had wrought for us, and to carry off the women who had served us to a worse than

NEW YORK POLITICS. At the meeting of the Democratic State Committee, yesterday, a proposition was received from the Republican Committee for a union of the conventions of the two parties. The proposition was rejected. While holding the war should be vigorously prosecuted, the committee regard it the duty of the Federal Government to hold out the terms of peace and accommodation to the disaffected States, assuring them of all their rights under the constitution of the United States. The convention will be held at Syracuse, on the 3th of September.

The sub-committee of the Republican State Committee have called the State Convention to meet at Syracuse on the 11th of September.

LETTER ENVELOPES. The following is the order respecting letter envelopes issued on Tuesday from the Post Office Department at Washington:—

It appearing to this department that vicious persons are transmitting through the mails envelopes having printed or written upon them scandalous or scurrilous matter, it is ordered that postmasters shall in such matter as soon as discovered, whether at the office of mailing or delivering, and forward it at once to the dead letter office in Washington.

JOHN A. KASSON,
First Assistant Postmaster General.

PAY OF SOLDIERS. By the recent act of Congress the following is the monthly pay of privates and non-commissioned officers: Ordnance Sergeant $36; Sergeant Major $25; Quartermaster's Sergeant $25; First Sergeant $24; Sergeant $21; Artificer $19; Corporal $17; Private $13. The rations are computed at nine dollars per month, and the clothing at about three dollars, or thirty-six dollars a year.—When in actual service the soldier does not require the whole of the clothing, and if all that he does not take he receives the cash value for. The annual pay of a private is now about three hundred and twenty-four dollars, with the prospect of a suitable reward at the close of the war.

THE *London Times*, which has said many hard things about us, indulges thus in a little friendly feeling. The words came under our notice at a moment when they were acceptable. It is possible that both the Times and ourself before the late fight at Bull Run, it might have toned its remark somewhat differently, although that repulse does not change the fact.—

"The disaster which the United States may well be proud of their new army. More than forty years of peace, broken only by such interruptions as the Mexican war and the expedition to Utah, have not in the least degree blunted their military spirit. It is impossible to read the speech-report of the Secretary of War to the President without perceiving confidence and support. The resources, in which the whole adult population would a-fly out to rej ol foreign aggression, and all the energies of civilization are directed freely to the expenses of the war. *If recent disasters have overtaxed the patience of our friend, it is not at this point they will break down.*"

SHORT AND PERTINENT. It is related that, recently when a standard was presented to Col. Burnside's Rhode Island Regiment at Washington, the M. C., speaking for the ladies who gave it made a long and tedious speech. Col. B., who hates long speeches, stood, with head uncovered, waiting with the patience of an angel, and after the conclusion of the harangue, upon which, turning to the speaker, he remarked, "Very much obliged to you—very much obliged to you—fall in, boys!" and immediately the regiment was on the march.

AN INJUNCTION AGAINST EX-SENATOR MASON. The *Philadelphia Inquirer* says:

"On Monday, Mr. Benjamin Chew, of Germantown, applied to Judge Ludlow for an injunction in prevent Senator Mason from taking funds out of any estate in which he is interested, located in the Twenty-second Ward in this county. In asking for the order Mr. Chew said: 'I apply to your house for an order to prevent James M. Mason from taking out from the jurisdiction of this court funds which the Trustees have invested under the order of the Orphan's Court. Already a very large amount has been sent out of State by that very remarkable trustee, and I have no prospect of ever getting a distribution if the balance of the funds is taken away.' Judge Ludlow suggested that a citation might be issued, and an answer made by publication. Senator Mason has five days in which to file his answer. Mr. Chew and Mr. Mason are brothers-in-law."

RIOTS IN NEW YORK. The *New York World*, of a late date, states that fandiotic in that city are readily granting a heavy reduction of rents. The seven thousand dollar stores are now quoted at five thousand dollars, and the eight hundred dollar residences are reduced to five and six hundred. In very many instances landlords have come forward voluntarily, where they have good reason to suppose they were in danger of losing a part, or even a twenty five per cent. of their legal dues until the return of better times.

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CITY AND VICINITY

WANTED.

A young man, who can write well as Book-keeper, but has the larger business experience, wishes to obtain employment either as Clerk or Book-keeper, in or near Lowell. Address "Box 264" Lowell P. Office. August 7, 1861. augtdlw

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 16 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street. July 31, 1861. may31tf

HEMENWAY COMMITTED. Francis Hemenway was arraigned before the Police Court yesterday afternoon, charged with the murder of Bernard Lynch, at Billerica, last Saturday. Dr. J. P. Jewett was the only witness examined, after which Judge Crosby ordered Hemenway to be committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury which meets in this city next October.

The verdict of the coroner's jury has raised quite a discussion among the members of the legal profession and others, some contending that the only duty of the jury was to find by whose hands and in what manner Lynch came to his death, leaving the matter of justification to a higher tribunal to decide, while others say that their verdict that Hemenway killed Lynch in self-defence was proper, as being cited of an English jury who a few days since brought in a verdict of justifiable homicide, in a case of killing.

DROWNED. Yesterday afternoon, about half-past three o'clock, a boy six years old, son of Mrs. Mary Proctor, who lives at No. 322 Merrimack Street, was drowned in the Western Canal, between the bridges on Merrimack and Moody Streets. It is supposed that the lad was playing on the banks of the canal, and slipping into the water and was carried under by the current. His body was recovered.

RECEIVED. The box sent last week by the Ladies' Aid Society of Hampton City, Virginia, A. Second Massachusetts Regiment, was received by them on Saturday, at Harper's Ferry, Capt. Abbott writes—"You can hardly imagine the joy the box gave every when the box actually arrived. When it was opened, and nearly each man received his little bundle from an affectionate father or mother, brother or sister, he would look at it, and retired to open it, by himself, the happiness was complete. The newspapers were particularly acceptable; the men are constantly pouring over them."

NOTICE.

THE DRAFT FOR JULY. The city draft for July, payable on sight, amounts to $7410.77, for the following purposes: Schools, 601.08; school houses, 20.09 roads and bridges, 938.75; police, 1,413.; 68 paupers, 805.78; fire department, 1,; impossible to read the speech-report of the Secretary of War to the President without perceiving confidence and support. The resources, in which the whole adult population would a-fly out to rej ol foreign aggression, and all the energies of civilization are directed freely to the expenses of the war. *If recent disasters have overtaxed the patience of our friend, it is not at this point they will break down.*"

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug 8.

2 Vermont and Canada Railroad 100
4 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad 100
1 Fitchburg Railroad 97 1-4
1 Boston and Worcester Railroad 100
1 Boston and Providence Railroad 100
4 Chasters Railroad 100
1 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad 100
$1,850 Massachusetts Sixes 102 1-4

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he may be found at Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, for the present. Any one wishing to see him would be happy to serve me who may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the store will receive prompt attention.

A. L. PERKINS.
Lowell, May 25, 1861. 1y20dtfm

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via. city of the through lines, (choice of routes) at 1 Merrimack House, adjoining the Lowell Depot. Estabished, Sherbrook, and all points on Grand Trunk Railway.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street, Lowell. 4dtf

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Fiske & Lyon, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, T. Sumner, L. G. Howe, D. S. Richardson, Isaac Fiske, A. F. Stanton, Levi Sprague.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farming risks. Its assessments for losses by the fire of 1860, have been only $6,000, while its premiums received have been the amount of $116,239 35. The attention of all insurers is solicited to this Company, as its management is particularly invited. A dividend is paid on policies expiring, and will be so on all new Company with a substantial cash basis.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Its rates are as low as any Company with a substantial cash basis.

Applications may be made at the office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
R. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. ly jul16ly

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns more cheerfully,
It lasts longer,
It is more elegant,
It costs less money.

Than any coal in the burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at HOWARD'S Fuel Office, Wyman's Exchange, Lower Merrimack Street.

J. HOWARD, 10 Prescott Street, Lowell. may14dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice and have given it a thorough trial, and are happy to say that it is the best article for the purpose of dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber base, that has ever been offered, and every other article now in use, there are many instances however it is not applicable, and where the metal base is growing in the popular favor—Those who have had the metal base put in their mouths, and have had to wear it a short time, find it superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they have had the best article in the market for this mode, and all others, they are equal to any that is offered, and are willing to warrant them.

Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building. 1y

Blood Food!
Blood Food!
Blood Food!

To all sufferers from Consumption, Incipient or confirmed, or the tubercles of any kind, or from any disease of the throat or lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza or Sore-throat, or from any disease of the blood, such as Scrofula or Indian sickness, or any of the diseases that lead to Consumption, such as Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Female Weakness, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, and all diseases to which women is subject, For Sick Headache, Costiveness

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD,
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOODS HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 16, 1860.

O. J. Woods, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five days. I commenced using your Restorative in *Concord*, N. H., since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was coming out very fast, and in a few days I perceived my time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been to this time.

After my use in applying two or three times per week. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and are scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above those named to be of any particular advantage; mentioned only as an evidence of its virtues. I have been better your vanity at this late in life, as well aware they are all well known day, as you well know wonderful ones through-out the Union. I have accepted my time in having the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In no instances I have met with people that have possessed a humbug; saying they had used it and will not effect. In every instance, however, by procuring the same, they have been disappointed, and its effects can only be beneficial to the compound, if Mr. Lyon's Kathairon cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its cleansing properties are sufficiently luxurious.—*Boston Transcript, April 25, 1855.*

A GENUINE TONIC. In our opinion no remedy, whether a popular nostrum, or one called upon by advertising, can claim to be a genuine tonic, which claims to be unaccompanied with the symptoms given in all the books on the subject, and which restores no better our readers to determination. In our mind, there can be no doubt that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the satisfaction given by its use—that we make the above endorsement as all that is necessary and correct of course it will be. A perfect cause is the effect of hair is universally known to be manifest. Like time or cause on a tonic, it is the effect of the scrap wherever applied. Our own thoughts, unfortunately baldness, we can testify to the effect of repeatedly growing hair to us by the Restorative.—*Canadian Paper.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE is the cheapest Wood dye in the market, for it cleanses, whose action does not harm the natural hair, but rather has ever before been reached. He does it restores the natural color to the hair of those who have none or been bald for years nor now, through the use of his preparation, restoring their own natural and luxuriant head of curling. Prof. Wood's discovering, is a boon to mankind indeed, the laws which apply to the functions of the scalp. Prof. Wood has found out the human hair, its character, its propensities, its diseases, and how to restore the living vitality of the ornament; he now, as in his own case, that gray hair was restored to the age of the individual had reached four score, and he believed that the natural color could be restituted. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to color, strength and luxuriance, and the whole he did it with, and gave to the world. GO WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Dry Goods.*

Depot, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In answer to numerous inquiries from our advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative also cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair falling out.—We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these virtues, some of which we have from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of undoubted veracity. Don't give up, you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in rise can—not ten, but ten hundred—ask testimonials, but take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling—if or turning gray. Our well-known esteemed friend, Frederick Johnson, Esq., has been essentially the benefit of its application, and publishes us a certificate of the fact. Let all who have such a head of hair as Mr. Johnson's, and no threads will be so rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is presented in unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its primitive color. Where the hair has not become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has invariably been its glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. It imparts a healthy action so as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so much against the hair. It also has curative properties for another description of the skin, and in the case of the disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no humbug about this article—trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial—to be compared, if Mr. Lyon's Kathairon cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its cleansing properties are sufficiently luxurious.—*Boston Transcript, April 25, 1855.*

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Depot, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton's private practice during several years' practice, we know it to be a safe and reliable remedy, and especially for infantile complaints, and our trial alone will convince you of its superiority over other preparation of the kind. It is particularly recommended

For Children Teething;

And at the period of infantile life when from one cause or another the little sufferer is relieved in a few minutes. Every mother who has used Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will recommend it to her friends. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been used by a number of years, and we have yet to hear of a single case of failure in the most delicate infant, can sweep the heaviest cough in a few minutes. Every mother who has used Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will recommend it to her friends. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been used by a number of years, and we have yet to hear of a single case of failure in the most delicate infant, can sweep the heaviest cough in a few minutes. Every mother who has used Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will recommend it to her friends.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are lost than from any other cause, the little sufferer is relieved in a few minutes. Every mother who has used Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will recommend it to her friends. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been used by a number of years, and we have yet to hear of a single case of failure in the most delicate infant, can sweep the heaviest cough in a few minutes. Every mother who has used Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will recommend it to her friends. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been used by a number of years, and we have yet to hear of a single case of failure in the most delicate infant, can sweep the heaviest cough in a few minutes. Every mother who has used Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial will recommend it to her friends.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, &c., a fact which further recommends it to public favor. It is made up of pearl ash free and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE, Proprietors.
N. W. BIXBY, }

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 4.50
" " " Newport, 4.00
" " " Stanstead, 3.50

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office, 102 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

d&t jan26 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every intelligent person, that the use of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup must relieve pain, and produce natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and use of this Syrup will almost instantly relieve Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic. We believe it the best remedy in the world in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints, do not let your prejudices stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure to follow the use of this medicine. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Druggists throughout the world. Price only 25 cents per bottle.

For sale in Lowell by WM. B. FRENCH, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. T. BILLINGS, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary to the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Bi-ennials, Addresses, Circulars, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, Tax Lists and Certificates of Sections, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Monthly Reports, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, within or fancy colored papers.

&c. Always on hand a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE, Proprietors.
N. W. BIXBY, }

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary to the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

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Z. E. STONE, Proprietors.
N. W. BIXBY, }

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness of perfume it excels.

It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes the healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It allays all feverishness.
It remains longest in effect.
It costs 25 cents per bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. au17

FARWELL,

JUST RECEIVED AT 6 MANSION,

TEN tons Hope's Mixture 1st Power Phosphate of Lime;
2 tons Hope's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;
1 ton Carr's Super Phosphate of Lime;
10 tons Fairbank Guano, warranted genuine;
Bolanger Grass Seed, 1st Quality;
Orange Grass Seed, do.;
Northern and Western Clover, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.

150 Central street

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

IN NOW

Selling Tonsors complete for $6 each.
Selling Tonsors complete for 50 cents.
Selling Curls Tonsors complete for 50 cents.
Selling Tonsors complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Tonsors complete for $1.50
Selling Extra Tonsors complete for $2.00
Selling Terry Velvet Tonsors complete for $2.50
Selling Extra Tonsors complete for $3.00
selling any quantity of all sorts of

HIGH MILLINERY GOODS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

wkly 41

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH answers the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasure. Any child can use it.

It raises no dust.
It gathers all the lint every after sweeping.
It sweeps faster and better than a broom.
It will last for years.
It picks up tin and gear that a broom will not.
It does not wear the carpets and forwards, and looks little or no loose.
It is simple in construction, the most delicate feels and is durable, can sweep the heaviest carpet with ease.

It saves carpets, time, labor, dust, &c., &c., and is recommended by all who have carpets and can afford to buy it.

Any child can use it. Can be worked without noise or dust.

It is so simple that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

Any child can use it. Carpet Sweeper ever offered for sale by H. HAY &c.

45 Merrimack street

300 PAIRS DAMAGED GLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRADLEY'S Variety Store, 3 Merrimack street. jan21*1y

SUMMER!

3000 STRAW AND PALM LEAF HATS just received and for sale cheap by the case or single hat, at the Hat and Cap Store of H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st. may25*

VINE PROTECTORS.

A specific against insects. They not only protect the vine from insects, but by their use the vine is made stronger and more healthy. With careful usage they will last ten years. For sale at HARRIS'S Agricultural and Seed Store, may25 3m 126 Central street.

GENTS' NECK TIES,

Of new and beautiful patterns, just opened at BILLINGS'S, 47 Central, corner of Market st. may29

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN

WITHOUT equal in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, BRUISES, BURNS, and all PAINS and ACHES, internal or external. What *Wonderful Relief! What a Quiet Blessing!* our active lead suffered to the

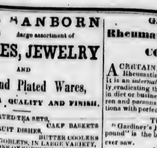
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold by Druggists and Dealers in MEDICINES, by Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & MORSMAN, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; S. H. E. H. COLLINS & CO., Concord, and by traders generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861 lobly



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of

China Ware,

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britania Ware.

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, and HANDLE LAMPS.

of every description, for Lighting Factories Halls, Churches, Stores and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene or shorter.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, and warrant to give satisfaction.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stocked Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, for sale by the package or less, at the lowest prices.

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the excellent situation we have for selling goods, and the facilities we enjoy for procuring on the most favorable terms, will insure us their patronage for the benefit of our customers.

"Try Us, but Count at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking to friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore bestowed on this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors still profitable and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchases elsewhere.

D. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

may15

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 Bush prime Seed Oats;
1000 " Bush Barley, just received per Schr. and for sale at SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.'s
may27 45 Merrimack street

Kidder's Linocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver Plate, Jewelry, Marble, &c. It is the best article in existence. It will be found *effectual*, *cheap* and *durable*. Also, a large assortment, just received and for sale by the gross or single bottle, at KIDDER'S Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally. may27

ROBES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, Bear, Wolf and Sheep Robes—Buffalo and Lama Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., in large assortment, just received at BRAZIER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by
JOHN C. BILLINGS

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement by litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew more than as well as much instead or silk as the cotton or linen thread.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in use, to the frequent changes and ins. it endless variety of work, from the finest muslin to the coarsest cloth.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines are the most simple, and make the least noise of any machine in use.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of vital importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines are more durable than any other in its construction, or more easily understood.

The location of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate the truth of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New York State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Mechanics' Fair, held in this city, together with the highest Premium for the best Sewing Machine.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest at the Metropolitan Fair, held in this city.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing in general work that can be done by any machine, and are completely in use with other first-class machines, and are in fact more important Fact than any other.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to be entirely satisfactory to the purchaser or sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE are the reasons why they have never been or can be beaten. Hence the constant demand for them in every part of the civilized world, viz.:—What are the seven principal points claimed for the superiority of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine? To be simple, durable, easy to learn, easy to manage, to be desirable Forms—Feats that are fastened—Fact, that they are the very best machine for family and professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of the drudgery of hand sewing, and facts demonstrated by the practical use of the machine, in every variety of family sewing, unquestionable.

Having lately determined to meet the above, have reduces the price list of their excellent Machines, and that we will sell as cheap as all be easily appreciated, including the best Machine in the market, viz.:—Plain Hand, Crease and Hemmer, Embroidery, Braiding, Feller and Gatherer, &c., &c.

Agents for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 36 Church street.

July 13, 1861 ly1230

H. S. HAYNES
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactories the largest and best assorted

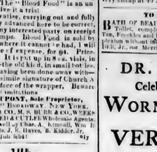
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable patterns, and will be sold at less than ever ordered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing.

45 Merrimack Street,
Next to the Post Office



H. S. HAYNES

WHITEST GOODS LOWEST PRICE.

Good News to the Washing Million.

The Golden Saffer has now won a number of hundreds of thousands of families, and its success is the more remarkable as it is being so fast.

Its success is the more remarkable because it leaves the same trifling labor to secure the finest and whitest clothes that the commonest and worst. Washing with it requires no rubbing, no boiling, no injury to the most delicate fabric, and no more than half the usual labor. The interest on premium notes is now due.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have purchased machines.

The Dividends are paid to the last machine purchased, and the Company have been in business in York, ever since the Golden Saffer was first introduced.

The dividends declared are based upon the most satisfactory evidence of merit.

This Company has now the large number of 7772 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of Machines sold is shown to more certain evidence of *the principle of average*, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All those who have purchased machines, and have given it a trial, will be interested to learn that the Company have given it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their friends to the Golden Saffer Washing Machine.

This Company have declared a dividend of 41 per cent. on all machines sold in 1860.

Applications for insurance must be made to

GEO. W. BLUNT, Secretary.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable patterns, and will be sold at less than ever ordered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing.

45 Merrimack Street,
Next to the Post Office

AMOS SANBORN

Has now and large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER KNIVES

CARTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN ENDLESS VARIETY,
SPOONS AND FORKS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
FINGER, SEALS, FANCY KEYS, GOLD THIMBLES,
NAPKIN RINGS, SAUCE LADLES, SILVER SPOONS
EDITOR, SCISSORS AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold by and for

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK. Manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style, at short notice. 16, 1861.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, excessive or deficient state, or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—Irregularity of the Liver is constipation, and the blood is poisoned with the elements of the Kidneys. Inflammation of the Lungs, Kidneys, Bowels, Throat, Heart, Nerves, &c. Improper Circulation, and from the same cause, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c. Every one is a certain cure then, for these diseases, the first principle requisite is to circulate the blood.

For centuries it is known that a mixture of mercury, muriatic acid and sanctual men, and while many have died from its use, thousands have been benefited upon the mystery, it has been left to this day for another to step forward and, by intelligent, to make this grand discovery, viz.:

That mercury, in its full life is the gift of the Creator, and that it is the only remedy for the destruction of the disease. It will restore the remains. It will restore the blood to its natural state as the disease. It is guaranteed by certain abuse

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, August 10, 1861.

A UNION OF PARTIES. We are glad to see that the *Boston Advertiser* and the *Transcript* have each within a few days come out frankly in favor of abandoning all party lines while a portion of the South is in rebellion against the Government.—This has been the policy we have favored from the first; and any man who is willing to lay aside party preferences and labor for the suppression of the rebels and for the preservation of the constitution is, in our estimation a true man and patriot, whatever may have been his party sentiments or whatever they may be hereafter. We believe this is the feeling of the leading Republicans; we believe this is the position of Mr. Lincoln; and we cannot believe so any the less because now and then a postmaster, who has been in office for years, or a custom-house officer, is removed and his place filled by those who voted against them. Still, we hope few removals will be made, excepting for the best reasons. We want no parties that shall even prejudice the most sensitive; we want, while the Government is in danger, a united North; when that is safe, it is time enough for our petty quarrels. If there is as much love of country, as much Unionism, as much patriotism, in the masses of one party as the other, and they should be connected indissolubly now if ever.

We make two extracts from the old and influential journals above named, entirely agreeing with their sentiments as far as expressed. Both have spoken in commendatory terms of the honorable propositions of the Republicans of New York and Ohio, and both (in the articles from which we quote) refer to the time last approaching when we in Massachusetts must mark out our policy, which we hope is to be a high-minded and honorable one.

The Advertiser says—

The basis of the practical union of parties which we urge already exists, as we have said, in the unanimity of sentiment which we upon the only vital question now before the country. There may be a fraction of one party which desires to see the war carried on to some end, or for some purpose not yet developed, and may be reluctant to see its objects specifically defined and limited to the only constitutional purpose. A fraction of another party probably watch for the earliest opportunity to escape from the current of opinion, which now sweeps them on and compels them to give a seeming practical support to a Constitutional war, which they never been ready to sacrifice at the first threat of traitors, such may be reluctant to commit themselves to the vigorous prosecution of the war, which they are ready to discourage, to censure and finally to oppose at the earliest possible moment. Yielding sentiment on either hand may thus be thrown off, without detriment to the public, in the work of union. But the great mass of the people we believe to be right at heart, resolute for the successful prosecution of the war, and for its rigid limitation to its avowed and constitutional objects, and ready to join in any movement for putting away the appearance of differences which no longer have a substantial existence.

We quote from the *Transcript* as follows —

The old questions on which parties did fered, are as entirely gone out of existence as those which preceded Noah's flood.—The only topics now before the country, relate to the preservation of the Union and the Constitution, and all who are agreed upon those questions ought to act together upon terms of equality—forgiving, or at least laying aside for the time, all previous differences. Loyal men of all parties are needed in this contest for the nation's life needed not only in the army, the navy, but in the higher posts of the civil service like wise. Nobody objects to the majority that elected Lincoln being allowed to have the main control of affairs. But when he assumes it be self-seeking, ambitious, or spoils-craving partisans—men who, at this juncture, the administration to be a party organization in a way to provoke and almost justify opposition. The whole country is called upon to sustain the power of the republic in its integrity. Why should not the whole people feel that they are duly represented in the movement?

CAPTAIN THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER declines to accept the Colonelcy of the Third Regiment of New York Irish Volunteers, first because he is attached to the Sixty-ninth and does not wish to leave his present associates and second, because he does not consider himself qualified to command a regiment. Meagher is as sensible as he is brave. He is a greater actor by than any that any man that Barnum has in his museum.

By the way, we see it stated that the *Richmond Dispatch* is delighted to hear that T. F. Meagher was among the killed at Bull Run. It thinks he has met his fate, for fighting against Virginia after that State voted against the Know Nothings three or four years ago. This is perfectly characteristic of the secessionists. They cannot understand how it is that the Democrats of the North can resist their breaking up the Union, after they have voted together so long. They cannot think that their political services ought to be requited by aiding them to destroy the Government, and we are ashamed to say that there are a few men at the North foolish enough to entertain the same belief. Prejudice and intolerance are the sentering influences in the compositions of too many. Party before country is their motto.

PROTESTS AGAINST FIGHTING ON THE SABBATH. Rev. Scott has received sundry and various communications and protests from both lay and clergy, against the propriety of fighting the battle of Bull Run on Sunday, all of which the old hero has snugly stowed away for future reference. Neither General Scott nor Gen. McDowell were responsible for what occurred on that day. There were circumstances surrounding that affair over which they had no control. It was one of those unaccountable things which in their opinion could not be avoided.

WAR NEWS, &c.

From Fortress Monroe. Important movement of rebels. On Thursday last the town of Hampton was laid in ashes. The following particulars purport to come from a deserter from the rebel army—a man named E. A. Mayhew, a native of Maine, but who was impressed into the service in Georgia. He was stationed at Yorktown, and according to his statement

On Friday of last week, Col. Magruder left Yorktown with 1000 men, including 200 cavalry and eight pieces of artillery, viz: three Farrott guns, four howitzers and one rifled cannon. On Monday night they encamped at Great Bethel, which had been completely deserted. On Tuesday night they advanced toward Hampton, and at noon yesterday took up a position on the bank of the river, some three miles from town, where Mayhew managed to escape through a cornfield, and swimming a couple of streams reached the fortress. He says the object of the expedition was to draw out our forces to attack Camp Hamilton or Newport News if practicable, and at least destroy Hampton so as to prevent our using it for winter quarters.

Gen. Butler at once repaired to the end of Hampton bridge, where he remained until 11 o'clock. Col. Weber erected a barricade near the Hampton end of the bridge and placed a strong guard at various points this side of the Creek.

A few minutes past midnight, Col. Magruder, with about five hundred rebels, some belonging to Hampton, entered the town and immediately fired the buildings. The greater part of the buildings were of wood, and being very dry, the strong south wind soon fanned them into a conflagration.

There were perhaps twenty white people and forty negroes in the town from inability to move, some of whom were in the houses when they were fired, and the rebels did not scare them. They gave Cary Jones and wife, both of whom were aged and infirm, fifteen minutes to move a few articles of furniture to their garden. Several of the colored negroes were also hurried away, to be impressed into the rebel service.

The negroes were drowned while attempting to cross the creek. A company of rebels were stationed to force the passage of the bridge, but were repulsed with the loss of 2 killed and 6 wounded.

The fire raged all night. The greater part of the rebels withdrew about morning, and at noon took the last about seven or eight houses are standing.

The destruction of the town was an act of wanton cruelty to resident Unionists, and moreover, entirely useless, as General Butler intends to winter his army many miles beyond Hampton. An attempt will be made to foot the act on Butler, but at 9 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning he was not a Federal soldier in Hampton.

Mr. Mayhew says there have been about 7000 rebels at Yorktown. Some ten days ago a battalion of rebels came down to the outskirts of Hampton and carried away 180 negroes. Provisions are abundant at Yorktown, and most of the regiments are receiving new uniforms for the winter campaign.

From Washington. Gen. Stone has been again assigned a command at Point of Rocks.

The activity among the Government teamsters is as great as at any time previous to the battle of Bull Run. Provisions and supplies in immense quantities are hauled to various camps both in and out of the city. It has been ascertained, after thorough examination, that the steamers which Vanderbilt tendered to the Government are unfit for blockading service, and consequently can neither be used nor thus be thrown off, without detriment to the public, in the work of union. But the great mass of the people we believe to be right at heart, resolute for the successful prosecution of the war, and for its rigid limitation to its avowed and constitutional objects, and ready to join in any movement for putting away the appearance of differences which no longer have a substantial existence.

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THE LONDON TIMES ON THE AMERICAN CONTEST. The *London Times* closes an article in review of the President's message, in which it takes the ground that while it has been clearly demonstrated that the Constitution contains no provision for assuming itself, it is certainly not the theory of a Republican Government that it should be maintained at the risk of putting the interests it was designed to secure. It says:—

"When we prefer a frank recognition of Southern independence by the North to the policy avowed in the President's message, it is solely because we foresee, as by-gone events show, that the issue in which, after infinite loss and humiliation, the contest must result."

Of course it is not a difficult matter for the *Times* to "foresee" whatever it desires to. All that is asked, however, on this side of the water is that we should be "let alone." England may go on in its wars with China, in India, and hold on to subjugated Ireland and Scotland, but it is desirable that she should not interfere in the quarrel in Uncle Sam's family, otherwise we can "foresee" that the settlement of our troubles will involve an expenditure of a great amount of bloodshed and wealth, our resources and will not hasten the end.

THE LONDON STANDARD ON REBELLION. If the *Standard*, of London, represents fairly the views of the religious portion of the people—as we presume it does—the rebels who are in arms need expect but little aid or sympathy from that quarter. It remarks:—

Great light has been thrown on the subject of Southern character by the last letter of Dr. Russell to the *Times*. The portrait is that of Southern society in absolutely horrible: There is in it pictures of cruelty, of deep diffuse plague and pestilence throughout the New World.

For our own part, we do think the loss of the slave-world has to do with the Secession States the better. We can scarcely conceive in any case of social evil, no matter by what standard collected, in which we should place less confidence. It puts us strongly in the friendship of robbers and their leader, Signor Roland, who villainously boasted, in rehearsing his terrible career, that "God had given him a grace to grow old in his profession, in spite of the dangers which it was exposed!" The God of the ruffians is the devil! It makes the blood run cold to think of a new power established in Slavery and ruled by such sons of perdition.

GEN. BEAUREGARD CLAIMED BY THE CANADIANS. The *Courrier du Canada* of a late date, contains the following paragraph relative to the commander of the Southern forces —

"The grandfather of Gen. Beauregard, commander of the Southern army, was a Canadian. His name was Pierre Toutou, and he emigrated to New Orleans from Bellevue, in the District of Three Rivers. At New Orleans he made a fortune and rapidly acquired considerable influence among the French population of Louisiana. As a reward for his political services, he obtained for his son admission as a cadet into the Military Academy at West Point. The son figures in the books under the name of Pierre G. Toutou. In the meantime he purchased an estate near New Orleans, which he called Beauregard.—When his son obtained his commission as an officer in the army, he cast aside the name of Toutou, and adopted that more aristocratic one of de Beauregard, and finally ended by calling himself 'Pierre Toutou de Beauregard.'"

A CAUTION TO PARENTS. The following admonition to parents was clipped from the *Buffalo Express*, and is as appropriate to this locality as that for which it was written :—

"It is a common practice for mothers and servants to push along the sidewalks the little carriage in which they are giving infants an airing. An exchange remarks that the practice is a very dangerous one, and is liable to result in pain and permanent injury to children. The position of a child riding backward instead of forward, is an unnatural one, and affects the brain. Some grown persons, even, cannot ride backward in a railroad car without experiencing a sensation of faintness, and to what a strong adult cannot, is unreasonable to any the least. It is believed by medical writers, that infants have died from the consequences of this unnatural exercise of riding backward."

BLACKGUARDING "THE CLOTH." The following paragraph is from a late number of the *Standard*, at Concord, N. H., the paper that was lately suspended" through the influence of the soldiers and citizens of that place. It is on a par with much of the blackguarding that has appeared in its columns the last few months—

"Look out for the white cravated scoundrels. The people have become disgusted with them, and if they cannot get a living by preaching. Thousands of them are loafing throughout the country, living on your bounty, roosts, and keep your doors locked when the men folks are from home."

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All on the Lord's side, who love the Word,
And I will forget it never,
Every second month, and every third month,
And no room endure forever,
Comes around another month again
After all the winter shows,
Bringing with it rain by rain,
Joy is given for all their woes,
Comfort for all their sighs and groans,
God's love only lasts for ages.—*Gerhardt.*

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CITY AND VICINITY

Sunday Services.

Rev. MR. ALGER, having returned from Europe, will preach in his pulpit on the First Parish Church to-morrow.

MR. MUDGE will speak at Wallis' Hall to-morrow morning and afternoon, at the usual hours of service.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, August 10th.

CORNTRY PRODUCE.—Butter, per lb 16 a 18c; Cheese do, 8 a 10c; Eggs per doz. 11c.

FRUIT.—Oranges, per box, $5.00; Lemons do, $3.00; Currants per qt. 6c; Gooseberries do. 5c; Huckleberries do. 6c.; Blackberries do. 5c.; Peaches do. 1 a 2 cts; per peck 50c; Grapes per peck, 75.

PROVISIONS.—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 8 a 10c; sirloin, steak, 12c; round, 12 a 14c; corned beef, 8 a 10c; Lamb, 10 a 12c; Veal, 8 a 12c; Pork, salt, 11 a 12c; Hams, whole, 12c; sliced, 14c; Porck, per lb. 10c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, new, per peck, 25c.; Onions, per peck, 30c; beets, per bunch 5c; mixed corn, per peck, 50c; Beans, per peck, 50c; Turnips, per peck, 5 0c; Cabbage each 5 a 10c; Squashes, marrowfat, each 5 a 12c; sausage, per doz. 25c; Green Peas, per peck, 25c; String Beans, per peck, 20c; Cucumbers, per doz. 5c; Celery, per peck, 50c; Beet Greens, per qt. 10c; Tomatoes, per lb, 6c; Green Corn, per doz.

MARRIED.

In Hanson, M. H., July 25th. Mr. Orphus B. Johnson, of Harvard, to Nellie J. Stone, of Clinton.

DEATHS.

In Tyngsborough, July 30th, Mr. Daniel Homer, in Hanson, M. H., July 25th, Louis Clement, aged 26 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REDUCED RENTS.

A MASS MEETING will be held at Mechanic's Hall, on MONDAY, August 12th, at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of reducing the rents reduced during this present business depression. All are hereby invited to attend. HON. J. A. KNOWLES, A. B. BROWN, Esq., and others will address the meeting. Aug. 10, 1861. Per order.

O. McNAMARA,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
AT
BILL COLLECTOR,
AT
BUTLER & WEBSTER'S OFFICE,
Jolliffe Sq., Merrimack Building.

BRUSHES.—Hair, Tooth, Nail, Cloth, Flesh and Shaving Brushes—large assortment for sale at BUTLER & WEBSTER'S, Merrimack and Jolliffe Sq.

WANTED.

A young man, who is expert in Book-keeper, but has the shortcomin stammering, wishes to obtain employment about or in the city. Address "Box 264" Lowell P. Office. August 7, 1861. aug7d3w.

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store, and Binding Rooms, to the Granite Block, No. 27 MERRIMACK STREET—head of Central Street. May 31, 1861. may31tf

IMPROVEMENTS AND NEW BUILDINGS IN LOWELL. Notwithstanding the depression in business, quite a large number of new houses are erecting, or contemplate doing so, new buildings this year, while other improvements are being made in various parts of the city.

The canal which supplies the Hamilton Mills, during their stoppage, is being widened about 8 feet, and the bottom is being levelled. There is to be a new block next to Jackson Street 400 feet long, for which it will require 1200 perch of stone. It requires 3200 yards of excavating for the enlargement of the canal, which is in about six weeks. A coffer dam has been erected across the canal below the Appleton counting room, in order that that corporation may not be stopped. The contractors for the job are Messrs. Coburn & Parks, of Dracut, who have done all the large jobs of the kind in Lowell for the last sixteen years. By the improvements the Hamilton gets six or seven more inches of head water on their wheels, which will give them considerable additional power.

Mr. R. S. Webber, of the firm of Hartrick & Co., is erecting a two story wood-en dwelling-house for his own use, on Highland Street. It is to be finished in the rear of Pierce G. Loutson. In the meantime he purchased an estate near New Orleans, which he called Beauregard.—When his son obtained his commission as an officer in the army, he cast aside the name of Toutou, and adopted that more aristocratic one of de Beauregard, and finally ended by calling himself 'Pierre Toutou de Beauregard.'"

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THE CHICAGO DIRECTORY, just published, calculates the population of the city, at the present time, at 180,000.

Mr. Phineas Whiting has also erected a double two and half story house on Cross Street, which is to be occupied by families.

A cottage house is being erected on the corner of Willie and Broadway, by Mr. Samuel Horn, as we are informed.

On Walker Street there have been two or three two-story wood buildings erected the past season, but we are not able to give the names of the builders of propriety.

Otis Allen, Esq., has built a double two story tenement house on Broadway.

J. W. Proctor has built a house on Wilder Street, and B. F. Blood has made a large addition to his house on the same street.

Very likely there are other improvements and buildings than we have named, progressing or that have been completed, but we have given such as have come under our notice the few days past. Notwithstanding the dull times, we think in the matter of improvements about this city, the amount will compare favorably with past years.

LOWELL BANKS. The following is the condition of the Lowell Banks for the five weeks ending August 3rd :—

	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Deposits.
Appleton,	$500,000	$587,458	$102,084	$414,084
Lowell,	300,000	374,427	57,000	313,000
Merrimack,	600,000	1,000,000	150,000	1,000,000
Prescott,	200,000	286,366	12,662	70,673
Tremont,	300,000	1,018,652	29,000	1,018,652
Manufrs.,	150,000	282,611	4,733	62,020
City,	200,000	284,000	Not other	62,020
Suffolk,	300,000	1,000,000	150,000	1,000,000

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD;
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to commend to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since been luxuriant, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known; already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, as well establishing its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price, or perhaps only two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is a mistake that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, none of these imitators have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances; merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—one for baldness, gray hair, weak head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will receive my answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M.D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to in the future. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable grey, and a portion of it white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed it was only a humbug, as I recently when at home entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded to make a trial of your compound, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at your store, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was coming to a healthy state, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now a perfect head of hair, dark brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, and is the envy of the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair is coming out only by falling off, and is as soft and fine, and lies as oily, as though it was the natural article of the French champagne. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I would say it is impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old grey head.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

dec6 4eow 3m WF

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

From		
From Island Pond,	to	$6.50
" "	" Charleston,	5.90
" "	" Derby,	5.70
" "	" Newport,	5.95
" "	" Stanstead,	6.90

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,

162 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

aug8 3m S. H. FISHER, Agent.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the diseases of infants arise chiefly from a disordered condition of their bowels. It is unnecessary at present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, as Godfrey's Cordial

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success during many years' practice, is known to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and one to which we advance you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It

For Children Teething;

And at the period of infancy to which it is more immediately applicable, the sufferings of your little ones it will be found invaluable to *Softening the Gums, Reducing all Inflammation, Relieving Pain, Regulating the Bowels, Preventing Convulsions, Correcting Disorders, Depressing Sighing or the Bowels, Assisting Digestion, Giving Rest to the Mother, and Health to the Child*, as it operates like a charm in all cases where these distressing symptoms exist, from whatever cause they may arise.

In Convulsions,

which, of any kind, or of whatever nature, *are fully nourished in nothing sooner in aid of any other preparation* than in Godfrey's Cordial. It relieves the paroxysm at once, and by its use in the early stages of those dreadful convulsions, which are certain to result from the use of narcotics supposed to be for the benefit of children, the combined administration being invariably followed by immediate relief and ultimate cure. Numerous certificates in Government. Herein Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is recommended in every other respect. It

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by deadening the secretions of the stomach, but by keeping them in a correct medicinal condition, by removing all pain and cause of stomach. We earnestly recommend it, therefore, to use to tone in preparing a bottle, that you may have it ready when it will be needed for it relieves your child in time of need. *It is perfectly harmless in any condition of the stomach or bowels.*

Take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. The genuine has on the outside wrapper the fac simile of

DR. EATON.

Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 6 Broadway, New York,
and sold by them, and by all respectable druggists.

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of DELF ware, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get go PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all inds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in the east, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamph'lets,
Circulars,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Blanks,
Court Dockets,
By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade

white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl tea-chest and other labels, and Printed CARDS always ready for every description of work—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.

J. S. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames &c.

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS

Neatly and cheaply framed in Gilt, Rosewood and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Frames for Glass attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

MADE AND REPAIRED,

with Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

11 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

Lowell, Nov 1860. dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A FLAG TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN
PROVISIONS

EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Rye Meal, Corn, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

aug28 S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Fagnite's Premium Arsenical Soap, Fagnite's Rose Lotion, Fagnite's Depilatory, Fagnite's Compound Liquid White, Fagnite's Rouge, Fagnite's Pearl Powder, Fagnite's Hair Dye, for sale only by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Prescott streets.

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Orleans, No. 37 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

DECONA, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold and Silver, &c., it will be found a perfect article in every respect. It will be found a powerful cleaning agent, and saving of labor. Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold and Silver, &c., will look like new after it has been connected or the above uses. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A delightful and complete toilet preparation, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of that

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

which is now offered to the public at a very low price. It will be found *effectual*, and *cheap* as well as *safe*. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

ROSES AND FUR COATS.

BUFFALO, Coon, H. B. Wolf and Plush Robes—Buffalo and Lamb Coats, Horse Blankets, &c., a large assortment, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

nov15 ORN T. BILLINGS

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS BEEN PROVED TO BE A BLESSING TO MANKIND.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE and all INFLAMMATORY Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What a Wonderful Remedy!*" *What is it?* Where can it be obtained? Our advice to all sufferers is to

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; GLAGE & HUNNEWELL, J. L. PERRY, Manchester; H. W. E. B. ROLLINS & Co., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 18, 1861 feb18ly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,812,558.70
Dividends paid to date, 1,444,903.18
Losses paid, $2,367,655.52

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any substantial capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the management is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company as a trustee for their obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

Its offers no stock subscription privileges.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its losses are paid promptly at the Bank of Commerce, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profit's.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the United States of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of its claims, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, quarterly or monthly. Thus dividing the loss for life, three fifty per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and annually thereafter one-half of fifty per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The Dividends are paid to the insured to settling finished premiums. Those who pay premiums in Cash receive the dividends in Cash, when required, and those who give Notes, for credit in Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has a large number of TITE Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the expectation of the principles of mutuality in all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution issues therefrom permits it to be superior to those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages of this Co.

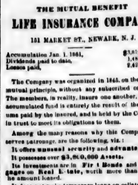
This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Sts.

mar2 3m

H. S. HAYNES,



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well selected stock of White Goods,

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, MOE, MANG' G, STAND, AND HANDLE LAMPS,

of every descrip tion, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Dwellings, and all kinds of Trimmings. Gold Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery always, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in short, all in the sale line.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities. from the best glass manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods can find it to their advantage to call on us and examine our assortment, being assured that the most full attention is given to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purcasing on the most favorable terms, will enable us to offer goods for the benefit of our customers.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Price."

Thanking my friend and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have hereto extended to me in this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors, by strict attention to the agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchases elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

may15 tyeh

SEED OATS AND BARLEY.

1500 bush Seed Oats,
100 bush Seed Barley, just received for sale at SAMUEL N. WOOD'S.

mar7 45 Merrimack street.

Kidder's Elrocone.

FOR cleansing, Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver, &c., it is unsurpassed. In fact, this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, *cheap* and *safe*. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of the best and most beautiful patterns, just received at BRAZER'S HAT STORE. dec7

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!

688 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and are more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and thin and endless variety of the sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to ten thicknesses of Muslin, without stopping, and make any, or any other, number of stitches to the inch, perfect. They will even sew from the finest Muslin to the heaviest Broadcloth, Kersey, or leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment or change whatever, in not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger class.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever sold, will fully demonstrate the truth of these facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premiums at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the State Fair, held in the city of New York, together with the highest premium for the best machine work.

Fact No 8.—These Machines took both the Premiums at the State Fair, held in Boston.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the widest range of work, and are adapted to be fabricated in competition with other first-class machines, for the first great variety necessary, is that it be the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to be perfect in every respect, and to work any other sewing machine in market, or money to be refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine are the result of long study, and they have never seen or had them. Hence the confidence and impact of the inventors in the merit and part of the combined machine, viz.: "What are the best machines in the world?" "What are those of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To this question we shall refer the public for a verdict decisive Facts—Facts that are fastened on Facts—Facts that are sustained by the voice of professional friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of the responsibility of endorsing the facts demonstrated by the practical use of the machine, and the reputation of the inventors and manufacturers.

Having fully determined to meet the future, have reduced the price list of their excellent machines, so that they will be within the reach of all to secure superintendence, including the best Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Binder, Tucker, Fancy Stitcher, and Gatherer, and examine them.

FINKLE & LYON, Lowell Factory, A. DAVIS, No. 45 Church Street.

July 27, 1860. y12dtf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufactories a large assortment of

RICH AND PLAIN
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above wares are all new patterns, and are handsome patterns, and will be sold cheaper than can be purchased elsewhere. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack street,
(Near the Post Office.)

mh15

LIGHT TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than can be purchased elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street,
(Near the Post Office.)

mh15

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Used Neow to the Suffering Millions.

Two Golden Salve has now been sold, and the demand is increasing. Its great value for all kinds of sores is becoming known to the people, and it is now in use in all parts of the country. Many persons who have been afflicted with sores for years, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Piles for years, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Scrofula sores, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Fever sores, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Cancer sores, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore throat, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore legs, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore breasts, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore mouth, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore eyes, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore nose, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore ears, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore fingers, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore toes, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore hands, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore feet, have been entirely cured by using this salve. Many persons who have been troubled with Ulcerated sore arms

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, August 19, 1861.

SENTIMENTS OF MR. CRITTENDEN. At Columbus, Ohio, on the 6th inst., Hon. John J. Crittenden, of Kentucky, on his way home from attending the extra session of Congress, was waited upon by a large number of the people of that city, who solicited him to speak. He consented to address them in the evening, and accordingly did so, at the State House in the presence of a large concourse of people.—The *State Journal* of the following day gave a large portion of what he said, from which we extract the following.

"He spoke of the great contrast before us; the suddenness with which it was precipitated upon us. But a few short months ago, said Mr. C., such a calamity as is now shrouding our country in gloom was unthought of among the people. But now we are involved in it we must meet it like men. It is not a war that is to be prosecuted for the sake of war, and ought to be conducted with none of the common barbarities of war. It must, nevertheless, be prosecuted by no half-way measures. My friends, we must gather the utmost strength of the country, and gird up the energies of our minds to this most momentous contest. And it is to be prosecuted only for the purpose that it ought to be carried on, and concluded for the restoration of the Government and Union. In any event it is a war that cannot last long. It will prove itself too expensive upon all classes of our people to permit of its being long continued.

It becomes, therefore, a duty to maintain this great Government and this magnificent land from the terrible calamities of civil war. This I would aim by all the powers of my life to prevent. Hence it is that I have just come from Washington, where many of you and hundreds of thousands of men; and in order that the issue may be decided more speedily, and our erring brethren be united to us once more. For, fellow citizens, I believe we shall be reunited. And I have confidence in the belief that, instead of decreasing our ever-widening love, this war will make our Union stronger than ever before. One thing is certain, that this war will make the people more acquainted with each other. And each section will be convinced that it would be a great deal better to have each other for friends than enemies; for then we will find that what they can be that will be a benefit to each other, they would, in case of separation, be the worst possible enemies.—They will mutually see that no other is destitute of course,—that all are bold, brave men, as our country men have always been.

[A voice—"Which is right?"] Pausing a moment, Mr. C. continued, as if in reply —All are in some things to blame. The South has, as I believe, most needlessly forced this war upon us; need only, because all the wrongs of which they could complain could better have been remedied in the Union and under the Constitution than by any act of war. And yet others are not without blame; for only a year ago last Winter, they could have adopted measures of peace which were offered by resolutions, the power of securing peace was then in their hands, but they spurned the proffered peace from accepting the plan proposed. One incited upon this, and the other upon that, till between the *this* and *that* of parties the present unhappy quarrel has been forced upon us. We were for us all to pacify our own hearts, and see wherein we too have been in the wrong. We cannot expect to save ourselves alone by vaunting either our courage or our cause. The battle we have to contest is too serious for that; and it will rest with the people themselves to end it in a manner satisfactory to the loyal.

I have the strongest confidence in the general intelligence and virtue of our people, but I think the world has never seen such a degradation of political intelligence as prevailed among partisan leaders since this war began. To such a degree had this came to pass that our secession friends had concluded that there was no power in the Government; and that they had only to put forth their hand, and at a single shove, overturn the whole structure. But the Government thus assailed, though powerless itself, turned to the people, and behold! it was found to be the strongest Government on earth. Even the great Napoleon, in the fulness of his power, could not have raised, from all the legions of France, such an army as Mr. Lincoln has raised, in the brief space of but ninety days, for the defence of its Government. That Government has not been and cannot be overturned. My friends, my fellow voice warns me to be brief. But let me add that the world are spectators of this unexpected strife. And we must consider that we are now holding in our hands not only the material interests of the present, but also the political interests of all futurity. In this light I look upon the present contest as the most momentous event that history has recited for a thousand years past. Let us, then, be wise and be watchful in guarding such mighty interests.

We hope all the doubting, lukewarm, and indifferent will carefully weigh the words of Mr. Crittenden. He is an old man; we believe him an honest man;—some of the measures he has urged in Congress we have not believed calculated to be productive of good, but we have never doubted the honesty, and have always believed him true to the Government. He has now shown that he is so, and has declared what is the duty of all who would save the Government from a premature end in this crisis. "The South has," distinctly asserts the venerable and distinguished Mr. Crittenden, himself a Southerner, "needlessly forced this war upon us." Keep this declaration in mind; and then bear also in mind the fact that it has been forced upon us by men of all parties at the South, who, with their whole strength are endeavoring to wrest from the majority the right of self-government. It is the duty, then, of men of all parties at the North to oppose with all their energy, an invasion of the rebels; their future safety and prosperity lies in the issue of the struggle now pends g. It is strange that there can be but one view of it—the view that every voice and every hand in the loyal States is not raised against the conspirators and rebels. What a glorious thing it would be—what a magnificent spectacle would be presented to the world —if loyal men everywhere would scout the idea of neutralism and individual or party interests, and adopt in its stead only the spirit that actuated Patrick Henry in one of not greater moment, when he said—"All America is thrown into one mass!—Where are your landmarks—your boundaries of States? They are thrown down. The distinctions between Virginians, Pennsylvanians, New Yorkers, and New Englanders, are no more. I am no Virginian, *but an American!*"

WAR MATTERS.

From Missouri. There are indications of a fight in Missouri. The sons of the strife likely soon to occur will probably be Springfield, where the rebels have concentrated. The city has been in a state of constant fear and excitement for a week past. Gen. Lyon is present, and it is believed is able successfully to meet the rebels.—The story had been closed; the citizens gathered all their valuables together, and the directors of the branch of the State Bank of Missouri placed $250,000, mostly in specie, in the hands of Gen. Lyon for safe keeping. A slight skirmish took place on Thursday evening between patroling parties on the Mount Vernon road, in which four rebels were killed. A party of rebels made a dash into the town of Foster, and were fired upon by the Home Guard, who killed two and wounded several. One of the Guard was mortally wounded. Report has it that 1100 rebels are encamped at that place.

Kentucky. There are fears of an invasion by the rebels of the town of Barbourville. It is not a war that is to be prosecuted for the sake of war, and ought to be conducted with none of the common barbarities of war. It must, nevertheless, be prosecuted by no half-way measures. My friends, we must gather the utmost strength of the country, and gird up the energies of our minds to this most momentous contest. And it is to be prosecuted only for the purpose that it ought to be carried on, and concluded for the restoration of the Government and Union. In any event it is a war that cannot last long. It will prove itself too expensive upon all classes of our people to permit of its being long continued.

It becomes, therefore, a duty to maintain this great Government and this magnificent land from the terrible calamities of civil union. This I would aim by all the powers of my life to prevent. Hence it is that I have just come from Washington, where many of you and hundreds of thousands of men; and in order that the issue may be decided more speedily, and our erring brethren be united to us once more. For, fellow citizens, I believe we shall be reunited. And I have confidence in the belief that, instead of decreasing our ever-widening love, this war will make our Union stronger than ever before. One thing is certain, that this war will make the people more acquainted with each other. And each section will be convinced that it would be a great deal better to have each other for friends than enemies; for then we will find that what they can be that will be a benefit to each other, they would, in case of separation, be the worst possible enemies.—They will mutually see that no other is destitute of course,—that all are bold, brave men, as our country men have always been.

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I have the strongest confidence in the general intelligence and virtue of our people, but I think the world has never seen such a degradation of political intelligence as prevailed among partisan leaders since this war began. To such a degree had this came to pass that our secession friends had concluded that there was no power in the Government; and that they had only to put forth their hand, and at a single shove, overturn the whole structure. But the Government thus assailed, though powerless itself, turned to the people, and behold! it was found to be the strongest Government on earth. Even the great Napoleon, in the fulness of his power, could not have raised, from all the legions of France, such an army as Mr. Lincoln has raised, in the brief space of but ninety days, for the defence of its Government. That Government has not been and cannot be overturned. My friends, my fellow voice warns me to be brief. But let me add that the world are spectators of this unexpected strife. And we must consider that we are now holding in our hands not only the material interests of the present, but also the political interests of all futurity. In this light I look upon the present contest as the most momentous event that history has recited for a thousand years past. Let us, then, be wise and be watchful in guarding such mighty interests.

We hope all the doubting, lukewarm, and indifferent will carefully weigh the words of Mr. Crittenden. He is an old man; we believe him an honest man;—some of the measures he has urged in Congress we have not believed calculated to be productive of good, but we have never doubted the honesty, and have always believed him true to the Government. He has now shown that he is so, and has declared what is the duty of all who would save the Government from a premature end in this crisis. "The South has," distinctly asserts the venerable and distinguished Mr. Crittenden, himself a Southerner, "needlessly forced this war upon us." Keep this declaration in mind; and then bear also in mind the fact that it has been forced upon us by men of all parties at the South, who, with their whole strength are endeavoring to wrest from the majority the right of self-government. It is the duty, then, of men of all parties at the North to oppose with all their energy, an invasion of the rebels; their future safety and prosperity lies in the issue of the struggle now pends g. It is strange that there can be but one view of it—the view that every voice and every hand in the loyal States is not raised against the conspirators and rebels. What a glorious thing it would be—what a magnificent spectacle would be presented to the world —if loyal men everywhere would scout the idea of neutralism and individual or party interests, and adopt in its stead only the spirit that actuated Patrick Henry in one

HON. JOSEPH HOLT. This excellent man and patriot left Louisville on the 3rd inst. for Niagara Falls, where he proposes to spend a few days. He arrived at Oswego, N. Y., on Saturday evening, and was received by the military fores and by a vast concourse of people, estimated at five thousand. Cheers, fireworks, and other demonstrations announced his arrival. He was welcomed to the city by Hon. Mr. Duer; we make one extract from his brief reply.—

"Mr. Holt thanked them for the cordial welcome, not for himself, but because they considered him a loyal man from a loyal State, devoted to the Union and to this great and beneficent Government. The fires of patriotism in this State, said he need no kindling or fuel at my hands, but may I ask you, have you heard the news from Kentucky? (Cries of "we have," and cheers for Kentucky.) That news has been flashed over the wires from one end of the country to the other, speaking a determination which nothing can shake to preserve all that southern traitors would destroy and that northern patriots would save. It is a determination of the loyal States to stand unalterably and forever by the stars and stripes. Kentucky is determined to stand unalterably and forever by New York that hereafter she will stand with her side by side. Kentucky never faltered, though her politicians did, but in the depths of her soul she has determined to stand by the Union."

ARREST OF A REBEL IN BOSTON. U. S. Marshal Keyes arrested last Friday, at the office of the Southern Steamship Company, an individual who had registered his name at the Parker House as C. Jordan, and his address as Pittsburg, Pa. He was examined, and acknowledged that he came North under a false name; that his true name is John Williams, and that he has held a commission (that of Major) in the rebel army. He is still a prisoner. It is believed that he is the way to buy provisions for the South.

It is well known that Jeff Davis telegraphed to his wife, after the Manassas battle—"We have won a dear victory." It is also known that one of the rebels, their papers are endeavoring to persuade us that the words are misplaced, and that Jeff. only telegraphed—"We have won a victory, dear."

GEN. STEVENS, of Washington Territory, a native of this State, is likely soon to be called to a high position in the army. One of the ablest of the graduates of West Point, he served with Lee and Beauregard upon the staff of Gen. Scott in the Mexican war, and won for himself a distinction second not even to these able officers, receiving two brevets for his meritorious services.

THE NEW STAMPED ENVELOPES. The Government has issued the new style of stamped envelops. Such the old can be exchanged for the new envelops; and after that time, letters enclosed in the old issue will not be forwarded.

A FIRE ZOUAVE company is being formed in Boston. Recruiting for it is going on in Providence, and the prospects of its early completion are flattering. Excellent and responsible men are interested in the movement, and some but the best are admitted as members.

THE *Boston Post* comes to us to-day improved in its typographical appearance, the proprietors being able and willing to give it a new dress even in these hard times. May their disposition always be as good as their means are ample.

☞ "Isn't your bill awfully steep?" inquired a spendthrift of a tailor. "You ought to know best, for it was run up by you," was the cool reply.

We would say to the individual who pretended to report for the *Marlboro' Journal* the proceedings of the reception of the Davis Guards, at our depot, that it would seem to be small enough in him to steal from our columns, word for word, one half of his account of the affair, without adding to the theft a slur upon us or Mr. Mead, the toastmaster.

THE rumor that the vicinity of Baltimore is to be made the rendezvous of a vast number of soldiers, from the reasons that there are more than better accommodations for the Government than any other place, wants confirmation.

SCARCITY OF FISH. The fishermen on our coast are doing nothing, comparatively, in consequence of the great scarcity of cod, haddock, &c., by the drift fish. In Portland scarcely enough can be caught for home consumption. The consequence is that fish is now one and two cents higher per pound than usual.

SUNDAY. The Cosmopolitan Art Association in New York has been obliged to suspend its operations and discontinue its journal. We are sorry to hear this. The Association was doing a good work and should not have been suffered to die out.

HON. Simon Cameron, Secretary of War, has written a reply to Gen. Butler's address, declining the nomination of Governor of Massachusetts. We presume he will shortly publish it to-morrow.

GARIBALDI. The *New York Tribune's* Washington correspondent states positively that Garibaldi has tendered his services to the American Government through the American Consul at Genoa and Secretary Seward. The offer has been accepted, and the services of the brave General tendered to the noble Italian.

A SCHOOLMASTER said to himself—"I am like a horse; I sharpen a number of *blades*, but what good will it do doing it."

IT has been recently ascertained (says an exchange) that many of the negroes who have been crossing our military camps, professing to be fugitives, are nothing more or less than spies, who, after getting all the information they can, return to their masters. We have thought that there might be danger of this.

A LONDON correspondent states that a new novel by Acton Bell, one of the Bronte sisters, has recently been found in MS.

THE British Consul at Baltimore is said to be using his whole influence to the secessionists there.

It is believed that J. L. Motley is to be appointed Minister to Austria.

☞ The *Bangor Whig* says that a private letter states that after Martin Jose, o the Second Regiment, lost both his legs by a cannon ball, he sat up, aimed his gun, fired, and immediately died.

CITY AND VICINITY

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will forward a box to the above named Company in Harper's Ferry, Va. on TUESDAY, 20th instant.

Packages weighing not over three pounds will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company until 10 A. M. on Tuesday, and addressed

WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

aug19dtg

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the advantage of a thorough knowledge of the shoe business either as Cutter or Accountant. Can refer to present employer. Address "Box 281" Lowell P. O. August 7, 1861. aug7dtf&w

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store to Bixby's Block, No. 38 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central. aug3 May 31, 1861. may31dtf

REV. MR. ALDEN AT HOME. The announcement in yesterday's papers that Rev. Mr. Alden would occupy his pulpit yesterday was sufficient to fill the house to overflowing. The morning discourse was devoted to a retrospective view of his journey through the Holy Land and other places mentioned in Scripture. The discourse was such that the substance of it cannot be given in a refugee report. The preacher believed that his journey would enable him better to perform the duties which were expected of him. While the description of the places which he had visited were interesting, his account of the reception of the first news from home of our troubles, thrilled every heart in the audience. The party were in Syria when the intelligence of the fall of Fort Sumter and the humiliation of the American flag in the streets of Charleston, reached them. It saddened more than a long day for 12,000 troops, the readiness with which the citizen soldiery sprung to arms, the bloody but glorious passage of the 6th Regiment through the streets of Baltimore, and the uprising of the people throughout the entire North, the work performed by the women, and many other things to gladden their hearts. He read letters from a number of several companies and several more were preparing to go, that the clergy were preaching and praying for the success of our arms, that the stars and stripes floated from almost every church-spire and house-top, and that the enthusiasm of the loyal people throughout the country was unbounded. He then related the story of Jerusalem, the whole party joined in singing the hymn commencing—

"My country, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liberty,
Of thee we sing;
Long may our altars rise,
Land of the free and home of the brave,
From every mountain side,
Let freedom ring."

The speaker never felt so proud before of his country and especially of Massachusetts.

Those who remember the anxiety that was felt here in the hours that intervened between the news of the fall of Fort Sumter and the reception of the President's proclamation, can imagine in a slight degree the anxiety that must have been felt in a whole week, between the news of the two events.

PERSONAL. H. G. Hamlin, Esq., who has been absent from the city for a month or so, returned home on Saturday. He is much improved in health, and was consequently restored to health to resume business yet.

Postmaster Goodale is still a severe sufferer from the rheumatic attack which confined him to his bed some five or six weeks ago, although we believe he is gradually improving.

HALLOTYPES. N. C. Sanborn & Co., of this city are now taking pictures of a superior quality called Hallotypes, an important improvement in their art since discovered and perfected by a gentleman named Hall. They are superior to any pictures taken in this country, and equal to ivory paintings in color and finish. Any one who desires to get a perfect likeness, and a picture unclouded merit cannot do better than to call on N. Sanborn & Co., No. 50 Merrimack Street.

PICNIC. The Sabbath School of the John Street Congregational Society go to Willow Dale on an excursion on Tuesday of this week. Carriages leave their vestry at seven and nine o'clock in the morning.

THE two military companies of Lawrence, to gratify the good people of that city, paraded last Friday afternn on for battalion drill. We don't believe the Lowell companies would offend anybody by a similar parade.

RENT MEETING THIS EVENING. The adjourned meeting of citizens to consider the setting a reduction of rents in the city, takes place at Mechanics' Hall, this evening.—Hon. John A. Knowles and A. R. Brown, Esq., are expected to address the meeting. We see that the rent question is also being discussed in Worcester.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS IN LOWELL.—During the first six months of this year 272 licenses for marriage were issued by the City Clerk, the same number as in the corresponding time of last year. There were 363 deaths this year to June 30th, against 331 in the same time of last year.

HEALTH OF LOWELL. There were 21 deaths last week against 16 in the corresponding week of 1860. Two of that city last week were from cholera and one from cholera infantum. Four died from other diseases of the season.

POLICE COURT. A large, intelligent, and appreciative audience assembled at the Police Court this morning, to listen to the recital of the domestic troubles of Dennis Buckley and his wife Catherine. Any amount of "hoss" were proved against Dennis, who goes to jail a week on an order to recognize in $200.

MR. EDITOR:—Can you tell why it is that our worthy Superintendent of Streets who generally executes the duty of his office with such active fidelity, is so careless of Centralville Bridge? Several weeks ago the Bridge was well sawn, since which time it has been almost, if not entirely, neglected.

The comfort and health of the public—particularly the residents of Centralville —would be much promoted by better care of the sidewalks. They are thoroughly swept, at least once a week. The streets might be watered in the same manner as not to injure any person's clothing.

Let not wish to be censorious or faultfinding. Confined air and dust in a covered structure must be expected; but proper attention to cleanliness and ventilation, will very much lessen these annoyances. Let us not materially contribute to the comfort of the public.

In this subject, the Superintendent of Mr. Bennett to this subject, the Superintendent of Mr. Bennett to this subject, the Superintendent of Mr. Bennett to

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the heartfelt effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle at home. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. In three weeks entire stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been since.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued to use it occasionally two or three times per month. My hair is now even more luxuriant and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free of itch and dandruff. I do not imagine the facts thereof will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as you well aware they are all well known; but, as I not even more wonderful cures through-out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for near three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who doubted the statement a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, by producing the matter, that they had not used the genuine article at all, but had used some imitation and to be as good as yours, and were attempting to attempt to palm off upon me as yours. I have noticed selling articles myself advertised as above, two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are worthless, and I am satisfied that people will patronize an article (notwithstanding) when there is not a hand full of an old penny bowled about.

Apparently none of these Americans have not been enough to write an advertisement, as I noticed they have copied yours, word for word. Like time or gaudy on rehearsed land, it keeps its crop wherever applied. Wishing you much honor, heavily health, but we advise our friends who apparently growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbian Spy.*

...ANNOYED— Wood's Hair Restorative is the finest.

All Hair Dye Takes the Field. Professor Lee's hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is sudden but world-wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or been bald for years are now, through the use of his preparation, enjoying their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the discovery of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. It is the true principle out the human hair, its character, its prosperities, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of that ornament; in a word, as in his own case, if your hair is naturally disposed to age of the individual had reached four score and he lacked not the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite gray at the age of forty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with, he gave to the world. Go! WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. It does not change skin.—*New York Day-Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

m 31 2tnow dcod2 nowlm WF

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION ON FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 4.00
" " " Derby, 4.00
" " " Newport, 5.00
" " " Stanstead, 5.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.

JAY HAZEN, W. H. FISHER, Agent.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the life of your infant depends upon the health and nourishment of that beloved being; and to the mother we present to your notice for the alleviation and cure of those diseases, DR. EATON'S

DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Procured from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success for many years, and which is known to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints. Do not be induced to experience you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. Sold by druggists generally.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious hours are passed by watching the sufferings of your little one. It will be found invaluable in *Relieving the Gums, Reducing all Inflammation, Griping, Wind Colic, For Diseases Attending Teething, and Regulating the Bowels.* Sold by druggists generally. *Beware of the Counterfeit.* Ask for Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, and see that the name is on the *Blown Bottle*, as the counterfeit offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case when all other remedies fail. It will promptly regulate the stomach and bowels, and no impression in the ranges can take place.

In Convulsions,

from which more infants are said to die than from any other disease, this soothing and healing remedy is unequaled, as if by magic; and in this dread disease, which is the terror of every fond mother, it is recommended from one end of the country to the other. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial has been used in the practice of the most eminent physicians, and in every case they have been known to ask your attention to a subject of vital interest to every mother, the well being of her child. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial contains

No Morphine or Opiate

of any kind, and may be given to the infant from the hour of birth to the period of manhood without fear. Sold by druggists generally.

ALL who wish to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Medicine Store, No. 43 Market Street, by the

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

HIRONDEL for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Bronze, Steel, Marble, Wax &c.*—This article is invaluable. It will be found efficient, cheap, and free from poisonous qualities. It has been tested by the most scientific chemists in this country. Its equal has never been discovered. For sale by druggists. Prepared only by R. HAY & CO.

For sale by H. HAY & CO.

No. 43 Merrimack street, Lowell.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Rough Skin, Sunburn, &c. Prepared only by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MARY OBRIEN of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the ALBION CORN PLANTER, in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed. Sold at the Depot of Factory, have failed to give permanent relief. It is a simple instrument, and has been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

R. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for *Cleaning Mirrors, Marble Top &c.* For cleaning the *Bronze Plated, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings*, it is invaluable. Try it.

Sold by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets.

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material whereby or the PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can execute every description of work in connection with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Law Blanks, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND; RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or those of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of post and note and commercial cards and colored CARDS adapted to fancy countenances of such—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the hair. It is the best, cheapest and most agreeable. It is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes the healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hair while hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It is the favorite hair dressing.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. m7

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR, TEN tons Mapes's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime.

5 tons Mapes's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;

5 tons Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime;

10 tons Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine

100 bushels Herds Grass seed;

100 " Red Top, Northern and Western

200 " Barley, Rye, Timothy, Sweet Scented Millet, Hungarian Grass seed, &c. &c.

sept20tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in all the fashionable styles. Parasol Trimming, fine

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.

IS NOW

Selling Remnants complete for 50 cents
Selling Cuts (3 yards) complete for 75 cents
Selling Cuts (4 yards) complete for 1.00
Selling Cuts (5 yards) complete for 1.25
Selling Cuts (6 yards) complete for 1.50
Selling Piece Goods at one cent per yard.
Selling Piece Bonnets trimmed complete for 50 cents
Selling Fancy Bonnets trimmed complete for 1.00
Selling Silk and Ribbon Bonnets for 1.25
Newspapers, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND; RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

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In black, blue or red ink, or those of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of post and note and commercial cards and colored CARDS adapted to fancy countenances of such—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

W. H. DYAR

29 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order and on the shortest notice—copying good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS

Oval and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Silvering Frames for Glass attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE PROVES TO BE A GOOD QUESTION OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE and all SUBSEQUENT Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" Our office to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low; within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

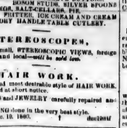
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

In sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Lowell, Mass., and retail by leading generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 13, 1861 feb13dly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$18 7,256.50
Dividends paid to date,	1,081,993.15
Losses paid,	1,081,993.15

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in order, to secure the benefits of a large accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to insure the payment of losses.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its Investments are in First Class Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its Investments are principally in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The largest profits to the insured.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the State of New Jersey.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly, as may be most convenient to them, at the same rate per annum, as though the whole amount was paid in advance. The interest on premiums notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Life premium and upwards.

The dividends are paid to and the insured in setting future premiums. Thus making their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when declared, in addition to the Cash value of the Notes.

Those dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 3772 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the success of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution are deposited with the State Treasurer, and are always connected with the annual statement of their appointment to the Legislature.

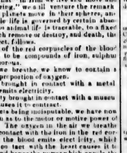
This Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MURRELL, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 23 Merrimack Street.

mar7 dly



FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements by suits.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing machine in the market, to the frequent changes and slim it confines variety of sewing required in a firm. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of Mar seilles without puckering, and make any y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and will do the whole range of family sewing elsewhere. In not such a machine best adapted to family and y and if more adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufactured? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is better durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever known, will speak for itself, and needs no puffing.

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Last clause: Having determined to meet the issue, have reduced the price but of their excellent machine to the low figure of $50, and will do the work heretofore, including the best Hemmer and Feller, Braider, Binder, Tucker, Gather, Corder and Cording Foot.

Call and examine at Office,

538 BROADWAY, New York.

J. W. BOUTON,

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dly

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

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Corner Merrimack and John sts.

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WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply for sale by the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Government name, &c., and the Custom House Stamp of the subscribing Consignee if you have the genuine article. Also, for sale,

Ex Woodi Dear Sir,—Permit me to express the satisfaction I have derived from the use of your Guano. I have used it on my farm for the last two years, and my hear to be equal to the best manures I have ever used. I shall continue to use it, and can recommend it to my brother farmers as a valuable article.—Yours truly, ISAAC ODELL.

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Also, Peruvian Guano, from the Chincha Islands, offensive as well as any. Price $60 per ton.

For sale by R. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John sts.

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps, which he will sell at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' Apothecary Emporium, 45 Merrimack street.

AMOS ANBORN

Has room for a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CAKE BASKETS

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES

BUTTER COOLERS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, POCKET AND NECK CHAINS

SLEEVE BUTTONS, GOLD PENS, GOLD THIMBLES

RINGS, SEALS, LOCKETS, SILVER WATCHES

BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS

NAPKIN RINGS, SALT SPOONS, SILVER PENCILS

PUTTIES, ICE CREAM AND CREAM

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold by sole agent.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an accelerated or deficient circulation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turpidity in the blood is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys. Inflammation of the blood is caused by fever, &c. &c. by the same cause, viz.: Improper Circulation; and so on with all diseases. Hence the importance of a remedy which will act in accordance with the laws of nature, and restore the blood to its healthy circulation. Such a remedy is

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE.

Now before the public, and which has been in use for many years, and has never been known to fail in a single instance to effect a perfect cure. It is a combination of mild but powerful vegetable tonics, which act directly upon the blood, and through it upon every part of the system. Being an innocent preparation, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant, it may be used with perfect safety by the most delicate female, at any time, without fear of exposure.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

P.S. Doctors and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to order "Fleming Bros." and not "M'Lane's," prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. To those wishing to offer a fraud, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for fifteen three-cent postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for twenty-five three-cent postage stamps. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Celebrated American Worm Specific can be had of all druggists.

Agents for sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entire by eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by young and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.

CHARLES F. SMITH,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks at a time, I was induced to try a few bottles of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." ROSMAN F. WEBB

75 Dearborn st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and having tried many remedies in vain, I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and found relief from the first dose. I have since used it in my family for a short time, and am fully convinced of its efficacy.

JOHN A MURRO,

Pearl street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is a good remedy for Neuralgia. W. E. HOSKINS,

No 1 Old State House.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his head covered with corruption. I have used one bottle of your Compound and cured him.

J. M. DUNNELL, Dover, N. H.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has cured me of Salt Rheum.

W. C THOMPSON

Proprietor's Office, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

FANNY TIE-MPSON,

Fruit Hill, Milton, Mass.

I certify that my friend Wm T Giddens, Esq., presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and obtained relief from the first dose. I feel indebted.

AUDLEY SMITH.

Late Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used in their families "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" and that it is the best medicine for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia we have ever known. We have also used it for Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, and Blood Poisoning, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with these diseases, as a valuable remedy. Certificates and testimonials can be referred to the public.

Sold by Druggists throughout New England.

Henry D. Gardiner, Wholesale Agent, East Boston.

Capt. Chas. Gardiner,

Gardiner House, Hotel.

Thos. Leverett, 4 to 47 Court street, Boston.

Wm. Read & Sons, 13 Union street, Boston.

Solomon Groton Junction and Burlington, Vt. & N. H.

MAINE ROAD.

Boston, 7 A. M. 12 M. and 5 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M. N. York, 11:15 A. 4 P. M. Worcester, 8 12 A. M. 4 P. M. Lawrence, 8:15 A. M. 4 P. M. Nashua, 8:15 A. M. 4 P. M. Portland and Saco, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Portsmouth, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Dover, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Haverhill, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Exeter, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Manchester, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Concord, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Keene, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Montreal, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Burlington, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Ogdensburg, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Rutland, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Bellows Falls, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Newport, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Claremont, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Woodsville, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Gorham, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Portland, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Bangor, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Augusta, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Skowhegan, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Waterville, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Lewiston, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Farmington, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Bath, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Brunswick, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Rockland, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Calais, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Houlton, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Woodstock, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Fredericton, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. St. John, 8 A. M. 4 P. M. Halifax, 8 A. M. 4 P. M.

Lowell Post Office.

Boston 8 A. M. 12 M. and 5:15 P. M. Northern, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Worcester, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Lawrence, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Nashua, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Portland and Saco, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Portsmouth, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Dover, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Haverhill, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Exeter, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Manchester, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Concord, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Keene, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Montreal, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Burlington, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Ogdensburg, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Rutland, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Bellows Falls, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Newport, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Claremont, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Woodsville, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Gorham, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Portland, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Bangor, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Augusta, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Skowhegan, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Waterville, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Lewiston, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Farmington, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Bath, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Brunswick, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Rockland, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Calais, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Houlton, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Woodstock, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Fredericton, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. St. John, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M. Halifax, 8:15 A. M. 5:15 P. M.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittfield, Vt.,

Dear Sir—I find it my duty as well as my pleasure to say that I have used your Compound in my family for the last year, and I pronounce it the best medicine for the purpose I have ever found. I have used it for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and Cholera Infantum, and in every case it has given entire satisfaction. I have also used it for Rheumatism, and in every case it has given relief. I consider it the best medicine for the purpose I have ever found. I have used it for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and Cholera Infantum, and in every case it has given entire satisfaction. I have also used it for Rheumatism, and in every case it has given relief. I consider it the best medicine for the purpose I have ever found.

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THE.

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

Of Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians or ill-informed individuals as well as men, give it their unqualified approval, as a remedy for all diseases and symptoms, and diseases of the scalp and brain, in which it is recommended to be applied, and which have been pronounced incurable by the most eminent physicians, are cured by the use of

Oil Grove, S. C., June 24th, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: I have used your Hair Restorative in my family ever since it was first introduced to the public, and have found it to be all that you recommend it to be. I have used it for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and Cholera Infantum, and in every case it has given entire satisfaction. I have also used it for Rheumatism, and in every case it has given relief. I consider it the best medicine for the purpose I have ever found. I have used it for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and Cholera Infantum, and in every case it has given entire satisfaction. I have also used it for Rheumatism, and in every case it has given relief. I consider it the best medicine for the purpose I have ever found.

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SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

PENETRATING compound into the New England market, and is now ready to buy it, sold only by BENNETT & ROBERTS, 1 Prescott street, East Boston.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the best of any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash, Egg, Stove and Chestnut, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

Yard and Office, 1 Prescott street, East Boston.

Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders can be left at J. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building. mar6dtf

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscribers having completed their new wharf on the canal, are now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices, and would respectfully solicited with promptness.

J. W. BOUTON,

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

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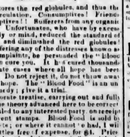

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$18 7,256.50
Dividends paid to date,	1,081,993.15
Losses paid,	1,081,993.15

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in order, to secure the benefits of a large accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to insure the payment of losses.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its Investments are in First Class Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its Investments are principally in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The largest profits to the insured.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the State of New Jersey.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly, as may be most convenient to them, at the same rate per annum, as though the whole amount was paid in advance. The interest on premiums notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Life premium and upwards.

The dividends are paid to and the insured in setting future premiums. Thus making their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when declared, in addition to the Cash value of the Notes.

Those dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 3772 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the success of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution are deposited with the State Treasurer, and are always connected with the annual statement of their appointment to the Legislature.

This Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MURRELL, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 23 Merrimack Street.

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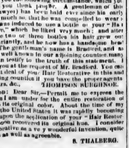

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements by suits.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing machine in the market, to the frequent changes and slim it confines variety of sewing required in a firm. They will sew from one to twenty thickness of Mar seilles without puckering, and make any y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and will do the whole range of family sewing elsewhere. In not such a machine best adapted to family and y and if more adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufactured? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is better durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, August 13, 1861.

ANOTHER NEWSPAPER ESTABLISHMENT DESTROYED. Yesterday afternoon, about 1 o'clock, *The Democrat*, at Bangor, Me., a dirty secession sheet, was completely "cleaned out" by a mob of people of that city. During an alarm of fire a crowd entered the office, cleared it and burnt the contents in the street. Mr. Emery, the editor, escaped unharmed. One Jones, a barber, who made some demonstration, was also badly used, but was rescued and put in jail. No further particulars have been received.

The Democrat was an old paper—one of the kind that believes in "going with the party if the party goes to the infernal regions" (we have not quoted the language of the popular phrase), and under no possible circumstances or condition of things would it acknowledge that by chance anything good could exist or eminate from the party it opposed. It has opposed the war, because, probably, (though commenced by the rebels while its king, Buchanan, reigned) it must be continued and ended by another man, and because half the living sucts in the democratic camp, and the leading rebels and traitors to the Government. It could defend Davis, Wigfall, Floyd, and the pirates and thieves they have called about them, and heartily and conscientiously denounce the Federal Government for not allowing them to overturn and destroy it. Every man who upholds the American flag is considered by it a "mad war." It has expressed a strong love for the Union, but thinks it can never be sustained by clubbing out the traitors who would destroy it; while the South has in hundreds of instances denied any desire to remain in the Union, the libelers of their neighbors think that by gentle measures they might be won back; while Hiker and Knitt and others declare they have for a life-time and for twenty years been at work to bring about the state of things that now exists, the openness of the war can trace its origin to the election of a "sectional President"! And all their rebel shafts are aimed at those who have sworn to uphold and defend the constitution; and all their words and deeds are but food and encouragement for those who are seeking its overthrow.

We do not believe in mob law; this we have repeatedly said; but what is to be done? Free speech must be maintained; we must have a free press. But is there no limit to the "freedom" of speech and of the press? May Davis, Wigfall, Wise, Stephens, and others of the rebel leaders, come and instruct our people in the philosophy of secession and disunion, and make proselytes to war against the old flag? For one we say no. We also say treason is treason, whether it come from Davis, of Mississippi, or Dana, of Bangor, Maine, and if it is treason to talk against the Government it is treason to write against it. Treason at the South is not less offensive than treason at the North; if it should be crushed out in one place it should in the other. The question is how shall it be done at the North? We know how it is to be done at the South.

In this connection we cannot forbear to express our own sentiments than by quoting the language of the *Newburyport Herald*, touching this subject. It says: "We think that it had not happened, but the publishers of that paper have only themselves to thank. We might wish, when a man is fool enough to thrust himself before a railroad train, that by some good fortune he would not be crushed; but if he is, so much for his own folly. The press has rights, guaranteed by the laws; and the people also have rights, to be secured by law. So long as the press keeps within the line of law and reason, it should be protected, though it may say unpalatable things. No man is bound to sustain the editor's opinion; he may dissent; that is his right, as it is also to state wherein and why he dissagrees; and when he does it in that form, he is liberty left in the country, and the government is not worth saving. But every man is bound to act the part of a man—to use discretion as to the time and manner of action and utterance; and when the salvation of the country and of republican liberty in America are depending upon our unity in the North, and upon our constitutional authorities, and our patriotism, no man has a right to insult the public sentiment by personal and partizan denunciation, which would be impudent and low in time of peace, and becomes unendurable in such a crisis as this."

ENGLAND'S COTTON PROSPECTS. Sir Charles Wood, in a recent speech in the House of Commons, stated that there would be exported from India to Great Britain, in the course of the present year, three hundred thousand bales of cotton in excess of the quantity shipped in any former year. It is evident that England is stimulating the growth of cotton wherever the climate is favorable to its production. It is possible that so large an increase of the Indian cotton supply may have considerable effect upon the policy of the English Government toward the United States.

WITHDRAWAL OF A LEGACY TO A SECESSIONIST. Henry King, a wealthy resident of Aberdeen, Md., died a few weeks since, leaving an estate valued at $200,000. He died childless. He was a brother of T. Butler King, one of the commissioners of the Confederate States, now in Europe. Mr. King had made a will, leaving half of his property to his wife and the other half to his brother; but a few weeks before his death, exasperated at the secession sentiments of his brother, he made a new will, leaving most of his property to his wife, and the remainder to charitable purposes.

SECRETARY CAMERON'S REPLY TO GEN. BUTLER RESPECTING THE TREATMENT OF FUGITIVE SLAVES. The following reply to Gen. Butler's letter was dispatched from Washington by the Secretary of War on Saturday. It will be read with interest:

GENERAL—The important question of the proper disposition to be made of fugitives from service in the States in insurrection against the Federal Government, to which you have again directed my attention in your letter of July 30th, has received my most attentive consideration. It is the desire of the President that all existing rights in all the States be fully respected and maintained. The war now prosecuted on the part of the Federal Government is a war for the Union, for the preservation of all the constitutional rights of the States and the citizens of the States in the Union, hence no question can arise as to fugitives from service within the States and Territories in which the authority of the Union is fully acknowledged. The ordinary forms of judicial proceedings must be respected by the military and civil authorities alike for the enforcement of legal forms. But in the States wholly or in part under insurrectionary control where the courts of the United States are so far opposed and resisted that they cannot be effectually enforced it is obvious that the rights dependent upon the extension of these laws must temporarily fail, and it is equally obvious that the rights dependent on the laws of the States within which military operations are conducted must necessarily be subordinate to the military exigencies created by the insurrection, if such laws wholly forfeited by treasonable conduct of the parties claiming them. To this the general rule of the right of service forms an exception. The act of Congress, approved Aug. 6, 1861, declares that if persons held to service shall be employed in hostility to the United States, the right to their services shall be discharged therefrom. It follows of necessity that no claim can be recognized by the military authority of the Union to the service of such persons when fugitives.

A more difficult question is presented in respect to persons escaping from the service of loyal masters. It is quite apparent that the laws of the State under which claims to the service of such fugitives can be claimed must be wholly, or almost wholly superseded, as to the remedies by the insurrection and the military measures necessitated by it, and it is equally apparent that the interposition of military for judicial measures for the enforcement of such claims must be attended by great inconvenience, embarrassments and injustice. Under these circumstances it seems quite clear that the substantial rights of loyal masters are still best pe-rected by preventing such fugitives, as well as fugitives from disloyal masters, from the service of the United States and employing them under such organizations and in such occupations as circumstances may suggest or require. Of course a record should be kept showing the names and descriptions of the fugitives, the names and claimants, as loyal or disloyal, of the masters, and such facts as may be necessary to a correct understanding of the circumstances in each case. After tranquility shall have been restored upon the return of peace, Congress will doubtless properly provide for all the persons thus received into the service of the Union and for a just compensation to loyal masters. In this way only, it would seem, can the duties and safety of the Government, and just rights of all, be fully reconciled and harmonized. You will, therefore, consider yourself instructed to govern your future action in respect to fugitives from service by the principles herein stated, and will report from time to time, and at least twice in each month, your action in the premises to this Department. You will, however, neither authorize nor permit any interference by the military under your command with the servants of peaceable citizens in a house or field, nor will you in any manner encourage such citizens to leave the lawful service of their masters, nor will you ex-

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

The war news of to-day is of no importance. The arrangements entered into between Gen. McClellan and the newspaper correspondents has shut off an immense amount of matter of no importance to the public.

Important arrest. Ex-Minister to France, Charles J. Faulkner, of Virginia, was yesterday arrested in Washington, by a detachment of the Provost Guard. He was conveyed to jail, but not permitted to hold correspondence or conversation with any of his friends. It is said that he held a commission of Brigadier General in the rebel army. A formal examination will soon take place. Shortly after his arrest he remarked that he was not aware of doing anything to justify the proceedings against him, and would, but for them, have had his arrest noted at the State Department settled to-day (yesterday).

Closing more effectually the southern ports. The Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Fox, has returned from a visit to the north coustine with the business of the Department. Over seventy vessels have been purchased and thirty chartered, generally for short voyages, intended rather for coast than sea service, and much attention has been paid to swiftness in their selection.

Services from foreigners. A number of most distinguished European officers, particularly from England and France, have tendered their services to the United States, but it is not known that any have been accepted. One of them in his letter says he regards the contest as between civilization and barbarism, and his love for the former controls his action.

Financial Sunday, asks it to open the southern ports. The alleged semi-official announcement in the Richmond papers, that the Admiral of the fleets to take his fleet into Charleston regardless of the batteries, has no practical significance even if the statement is correct, as war vessels of any nation at peace with the United States have a right to enter open ports notwithstanding the blockade, which is intended to operate against the rebel commerce.

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CITY AND VICINITY

WANTED.

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A.,

300 able-bodied Men between the ages of 18 and 35 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay from $13 to $21 per month.

Good Food quarters, clothing, and medical attendance furnished. Recruits will be mustered into service without charge from the residence of the Inspector.

The full authority of the Government of the United States is given to this office, and I am entitled to the same bounties in every respect, as those stationed at, or to be stationed at the general rendezvous.

I give my undivided and attention to duties a soldier will especially owe to the position of a non-commissioned officer, and shall be selective in the material for the rank of commissioned officers of the army.

Good mechanics will be sent to make the requisite height and age will be enlisted.

Apply at No. 37 Market Street, Lowell, Mass., to

CHARLES C. FORBUSH,
Capt. 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A.

August 12, 1861. 3w33

WANTED.

A young man, who is employed as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons unemployed, wishes to obtain employment either as Computer or Accountant. Or-al reference given. Address "Box 252" Lowell P. Office.

August 7, 1861. augtdtm

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA BRIDGE, has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery, from No. 23 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Street—head of Central. 3m37

May 31, 1861.

THE RENT MEETING. The adjourned meeting, at Mechanics' Hall, last evening, was quite fully attended. George J. Tarr, President of the first meeting, took the chair, and E. B. Patch was chosen Secretary pro tem, in the absence of Mr. Bowers. The President explained to those not present at the former meeting the object of the meeting.

E. B. Patch, from the committee to confer with the landlords, submitted the following report:—

The Committee appointed at a meeting of the Traders of Lowell, to confer with the owners of stores, in reference to a reduction of $150 per cent. in rent, have attended that duty and report—

That they have called upon the principal landlords, and find the feeling to prevail among them, that owing to the great diversity of circumstances connected with rents, it would be impossible to adopt any uniform scale of reduction. They believe that rents must be reduced, unless the interruption in business continues for any considerable length of time; but, in consideration of how much, must of necessity be a matter to be determined by the several parties interested.

S. S. PIKE, Chairman,
E. B. PATCH,
GEO. STEVENS,
AMOS B. FRENCH,
JAS. M. PEABODY.

The report was accepted and adopted.

The chairman again addressed the meeting, and in the course of his remarks observed that if our landlords do not voluntarily reduce our rents, they will have in many instances to go without any rent, for the reason that however well disposed tenants may be to pay, they will have nothing to pay with.

Maj. Emery was called upon to speak, but declined to do so.

Mr. Patch explained the report of the committee. By diversity of circumstances, it meant that in many instances some will hold leases of stores for a term of years, at so much per year, and it would be injustice to reduce rents to others while they were under obligations to pay a fixed amount. He believed that, with the distress that was sure to come in many instances consequent upon the stoppage of labor, the owners of property generally would at once to aid those who need relief.—The sooner it is done the better.

P. Kileski objected to those who held offices in enforcing the grave rents that had been over their tenants, even in driving the latter to ruin, and concluded by moving that another committee of five be appointed to wait upon the landlords, and request them to reduce the rents. Henry Kileski made a few remarks in support of the motion, comparing some of the landlords to Shylock, in exacting the last pound of flesh, though he knew what would be the result. He anticipated that none of them would meet with the same discomfiture that overtook the Venetian Jew.

The resolution was unanimously adopted, and Messrs. A. G. Woodward, J. R. Hayes, Hugh McEvoy, J. P. Folsom, and F. Kileski, were appointed the committee.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the same place on Wednesday evening of next week.

From some unexplained cause Messrs. Knowles and Brown were not present to speak, as announced.

GETTING IN A STATE OF DEFENSE. The Middlesex Mechanics' Association has already had commenced, by a literary, rather than a warlike institution, the preparatory batterier being directed against ignorance, under direction of such skilful gunners as Everett, Prof. Agassiz, Beecher, Chapin, Bayard Taylor and others. But a gunboat into the building this morning revealed something more. We found stored away in its attic about forty old English muskets which have recently been purchased by the Association. The Winans' steam gun is also to go into the possession of the Association, when it will present somewhat the appearance of a citadel, though we trust it will never be found necessary to send out anything except such as is to be found on the shelves in the third story, and that the members of the Association may never have occasion to say—

"Hang our cannon on the outer wall
The very best we have;
Our nation's peace will hang
Upon their edge to save."

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POLICE COURT. Owing to the good behavior of our citizens the Court and police are having a respite from active duties today, for which they and all others should feel thankful.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM GUN. The Winan'steam gun, captured by the "bloody Sixth," near the Relay House last May, arrived here yesterday, after a journey of over three months. The gun is not yet in a presentable shape for public inspection, but will be "brushed up" and scoured, but then our citizens can have a chance to examine the "killing machine." It is a complicated thing, and weighs about two tons. It was the invention of Mr. Charles S. Dickinson, of Cleveland, Ohio, (formerly of Lowell), having been patented August 9th, 1859. The machine in question was built by Messrs. Winans, of Baltimore, for the use of the Southern Confederacy; but the "killing machine" arrived about the time it started for its destination, it suddenly found itself stopped as a "contraband."

The thing is shaped something like a snow plow in front. The balls are deposited in a groove, from whence they pass into a revolving hopper, and are thrown off through a gun barrel shaped thing, with great velocity, carrying death to whatever they happen to strike. Experience has shown so far that the thing does not work well, though enough seems to be developed to make it possibly discover a manner of improvement by which it will become a thing of terror to the enemy.

The gun is to be presented to the Middlesex Mechanics' Association, after having been put into shape. The presentation will be made by the City Government, in which it objects that the four Lowell companies attached to the Sixth Regiment will take part. We learn that Barnum offered $2000 for the use of the machine for thirty days. A few days we have seen it stated that Dickinson of Richmond, superintending the construction of another machine of the same kind, for the Admiral of the fleets to take his fleet into Charleston regardless of the batteries, has no practical significance even if the statement is correct, as war vessels of any nation at peace with the United States have a right to enter open ports notwithstanding the blockade, which is intended to operate against the rebel commerce.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 12.

4 Boston and Maine Railroad	94
4 Worcester and Nashua Railroad	98
1 Old Colony stock	103 1-4
2 Eagle Company	102
$500 Massachusetts State 5 1870	93

NOTICE.

The subscriber has sold out to his customers that he has found at Joshua Bowers' Boarding House, near the Post Office, from which he will not remove. A. M. where he would be happy to see all who may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber of those stationed at Lowell, will be promptly attended to.

Lowell, July 30, 1861. jy26d3m

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz. any of the through lines, choice of Routes, Drawing Rooms, Berths in Inland Sea, Inland Sea, Steamers, Shortest, and all points on Grand Trunk Railroad.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.

may11 d

TICKET & LETTER COPYING MACHINE.

We would call our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Chase is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Sawtell, L. D. Bass.
H. B. Hall, D. S. Richardson, E. F. Sherman, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT confined to Dwelling, Farm, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment has ever been made on the Mutual risks, and the premiums are LESS THAN ½ per cent. with deposit notes to the amount of the risk. The STOCK DEPARTMENT is conducted on the same principles as the Mutual, and is particularly invited. A liberal dividend of the profits of the Stock Department will be made by the Company with a subscription cash body.

The Company will REPRESENT the cash assets over $30,000. Dwelling houses, merchandize and other property insured on favorable terms. Insurance against loss by fire effected promptly paid.

Office, No. 8 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1861. jy18eod1y

Washington Coal,

For sawing, has no equal,
For kindling, ditto,
It burns up cleanest,
It burns up cleaner,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns in less time,
Than any other fire burning coal. And the cheapest coal sold in Lowell, by HOWE & HOWARD WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, Mr. DAVID HILL, 19 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may16d6m

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD, DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice a year ago. Having made use of it for that length of time, they are prepared to say that they are now prepared to use it more extensively. They have had the honor to furnish the Faculty of the dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, and they are not aware of any one having used it more extensively than they have. There are many reasons why it is preferable to any other article as a base for artificial teeth, which will be apparent to those who will call and examine specimens of their workmanship in the cavities of the mouth. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, they do not feel disposed to recommend it as a perfect substitute for gold, but they assure the public that they will use every exertion in their power to render it such, and all others, that are equal to any that can be had in the market, at reasonable prices.

Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

jy15 3m

THE COUNTERFEITS ON THE PRESCOTT BANK.

The counterfeit 5s and 10s on the Prescott Bank, of this city, seem to have been started in Albany, N. Y. They are thus described in a late number of the *Albany Journal*, of the 10th inst., says:—By far the most extensive and successful operation on the part of shrewd counterfeiters, ever revealed, was brought to light yesterday, by the Suffolk Bank, Boston. The plans of the operators were so shrewdly laid, and the system of debasing the public so successfully managed, that before it was discovered, the banks in Troy, Ballston Spa, Saratoga Springs and West Troy, were defrauded to the extent of $2,300, by taking counterfeit $5 and $10 bills, issued only by C. Prescott, Lowell, Mass. The first intimation that such counterfeits were in circulation was from a telegram to the Commercial Bank of Albany, from the Suffolk Bank, requesting the Bank, Boston, to the effect to refuse all bills on that bank. The Assorting House in this city at once took the hint received a dispatch from the Suffolk Bank, Boston, to the same effect. This was followed the morning by a return of a package of $1500 on this bank, all of which were stamped "counterfeit."

They are by far the most dangerous counterfeits that have recently been put in circulation. Most of these bills were received without suspicion, and in cases of doubt, acrupies were generally dispelled by the manner in which they were put in circulation. They left the package of a hundred dollars or more the bills mixed in with different dates, some apparently of recent issue, and others of previous years. Some of them had the appearance of bills which had been in circulation for years, and years, the edges worn, the paper darkened, pin-holes in the centre, private marks upon the backs, and other evidences of general circulation. In short, they were are a fac-simile of the genuine notes on the bank, and so artistically executed that all would be liable to follow the advice given by the Mutual Redemption Bank, of Albany, to the Commercial Bank, of this city: "Refuse all bills on the Prescott Bank, of Lowell, Massachusetts."

A NEW BUSINESS. The dull times which affects universally, and in a marked manner, seems to have had its influence upon the ingenuity of the people, and the result is a new business, the establishment of which appears to be in the attic about forty-old English muskets which have recently been purchased by the Association. The Winans' steam gun is also to go into the possession of the Association, when it will present somewhat the appearance of a citadel, though we trust it will never be found necessary to send out anything except such as is to be found on the shelves in the third story, and that the members of the Association may never have occasion to say—

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LONG ISLAND HOUSE.

BOSTON HARBOR.

This celebrated watering place having been thoroughly refitted and renaired, is now open to the public. The Billiard Saloon and Bowling Alleys have been put in perfect order. No pains will be spared that will conduce to the comfort of the guests of the house.

Parties to correspond to the *Times*. The first class Yacht ARIEL will make fortnightly trips to Leland daily, as follows:

Leave Lowell at 9 A. M., 21 and 7 P. M.; leave Long Island at 8 and 10½ A. M., 2 and 6 P. M. Leave Lowell for Boston at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. Leave Long Island at 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Fare 15 cents each way.

HENRY C. ANGRY, Manager.
Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy16d1f

POLLARD'S ISLAND.

My Island House is open for the season. Board by the day or week, at reasonable rates. Parties can be accommodated with all the usual comforts and many luxuries of the season.

Yacht RELIEF leaves Phillips' Wharf, Saturday at 3 P. M. and 6 P. M.

Liberal arrangements can be made with the Steam and Horse Railroad Companies, for Excursions, wishing to visit the Island.

jy16 1m L. D. POLLARD, Proprietor.

Willow Dale—Tyng's rond,

Is a delightful place to spend a day.

THERE positive relief has been greatly improved by the use of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, a combination of scientific and remedial antagonisms, tabulated by the most learned physicians, and pleasing to take a day of quiet recreation.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and for sale by all druggists.

Also, for sale by JOHN P. HOWE, Agent, Lowell.

The commodious Passenger Wagon "Pentucket" will run to and from the Willow Dale House this afternoon, leaving the Washington House at 2 o'clock, and the Merrimack House at 2½ o'clock. Returning, will leave the Willow Dale House at 5 o'clock, and arrive at the Merrimack House at 5½ o'clock. Fare 25 cents each way. Children half price. Extra Coaches furnished for all parties. Enquire at Edson's Stablestore, or the Hotels. The arrangements will continue to June 1st, 1862.

JOHN DAVIS, Proprietor.

Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy15d1y

The commodious Passenger Wagon "Pentucket" will run to and from the Willow Dale House this afternoon, leaving the Washington House at 2 o'clock, and the Merrimack House at 2½ o'clock. Returning, will leave the Willow Dale House at 5 o'clock, and arrive at the Merrimack House at 5½ o'clock. Fare 25 cents each way. Children half price. Extra Coaches furnished for all parties. Enquire at Edson's Stablestore, or the Hotels. The arrangements will continue to June 1st, 1862.

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At Public Auction.

GREAT CHANCE FOR SHOWMEN.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the Lowell Depot, as it may concern, on WEDNESDAY, August 14th, 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M., the Large and Spacious Bank Building, on Shattuck Street, Lowell.

The splendid PANORAMIC EXHIBITION, of Pantzer's Tableaux of Travels in Europe and Asia, now on exhibition at the Boston Museum. Pantzer's Panorama of Travels in Europe and Asia, from New York to Liverpool, with Steam Ship, &c.

Said Exhibition being nearly new and in perfect order, and will be sold in whole or in part. It stood ten months, during which time the receipts were over $10,000. It will be exhibited for rent at an expense of from $15 to $25 per day. Said Exhibition can be seen at the Depot. For particulars, this Exhibition is not surpassed by any traveling exhibition in the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, as shown in the Canadas, British Provinces, Rogers' Groups, &c.

Terms cash, or one year's credit with notes and approved security.

Will be open for inspection on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, August 12th, 13th and 14th. For further particulars inquire at Depot, or of the Auctioneer, Lowell, Mass.

July 31, 1861. jy31d2w

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

One half of a brick house, 54 Appleton Street, situated on the high part of the street, with all the modern conveniences. Also, a good horse and carriage. Said property is in a healthy location, near the residences of Hon. Nathan Appleton and Hon. Abbott Lawrence. Kept. Connected with the house is 200 feet of land, with a fine garden, and a number of fruit trees, well finished, with closets and gas fixtures throughout. There are also two wells of water on the premises, one of which is a never failing spring.

Inquire of A. CARNUM, Appleton Block, Lowell. may25tf

FOR SALE.

The Merrimack Manufacturing Company offer for sale their Houses and Lot at Pawtucketville, on favorable terms. The lot contains over 10,500 feet, with a front of 107 feet on Moody Street, and about 100 feet on Kirk street; and in the rear is bounded by the Merrimack River. The Houses will be let separate or together, as may be desired. Not advancing are restricted to their deed from the Company, that no rum shall be sold on the premises.

For particulars inquire of the subscriber, at the Counting R oom of the M. M. F. Co.

ISAAC HINCKLEY,
Sup't M. M. Co.

March 29, 1861. tf

HOUSE TO LET. 600 to be a private family, situated on Andover street, near the Depot. Inquire at the Hamilton Company Depot. dec25tf

PURE ICE.

WM. & L. McPARLIN,

DEALERS IN ICE,

Head of Pawtucket Falls, Lowell.

NOTICE of change of residence, if given to the driver, will prevent disappointment. Complaints against the drivers for neglect, or incivility, will be promptly attended to.

Families and Boarding Houses supplied with ice by the barrel or hundred weight.

Ice delivered in the morning, or at any other time when ordered.

Ice delivered in the pamphlet around each subscriber's door, if desired.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each subscriber's door, if desired.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the driver.

N. B.—$1 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any subscriber, will entitle them to ice enough, containing over 50 gills, by return mail.

Address, WM. & L. McPARLIN, Lowell, Mass.

Druggists. 6mp jy13 3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ruin-ous.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE Is the best in the world. Has been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1840 the first premium and medal. Has been patronized by the first families in the United States and Europe. Is perfectly harmless in its effects upon the human system, and will produce immediately a beautiful brown or black, as may be desired. Is easily applied, and is not affected by bathing. Is the only Dye that will not stain the skin. Is the only Dye that will not injure the hair, but will leave it soft and beautiful. Is the only Dye that will not color the nails. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair dry and harsh. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable smell. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable color. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable appearance. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable feeling. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable result. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable consequence. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable thing. Is the only Dye that will not leave the hair with a disagreeable anything.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers throughout the United States, Canadas and South America.

Wholesale Depot, 16 Astor House, New York.

Factory, 81 Broadway, New York.

may29 d&w3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHAMPAGNE ALE.

THE attention of the public is solicited to the superior quality of MANN, BOYD & CO.'S CHAMPAGNE ALE. This Ale is brewed from all materials of the purest, and is pronounced by many, especially of such brewed during the most excessive heat to keep in any climate, and for any time. For sale in bulk and bottles at

No. 12 Suffolk Street, Boston.

aug13

NEW WHEAT ST. LOUIS FLOUR.

BEST St Louis Flour from New Wheat.

T. Harrison
S. Gordon
Grafton
Maumee Star
Penn Boar & Co.
Columbia

} on hand and for sale wholesale and retail at the very lowest prices by SAMUEL N. WOOD,

aug12 43 Market street.

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls of the celebrated Hiawatha brand and for sale by S. N. WOOD,

aug12 43 Market st.

WESTERN CORN.

2000 Bushels prime WESTERN YELLOW CORN;
3,000 bush. prime Western Mixed do.;
100 " Northern Round do.

Just received and for sale by the cargo or less by S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st. aug12

RIGOTT'S, FEED AND MIDDLINGS.

50 Tons RIGOTT'S FEED AND MIDDLINGS;
50 " 25 Tons prime FINE FEED;
25 " LAND PLASTER, for sale low by

S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st. aug12

NEW WHEAT FLOUR.

100 Bbls Hickox & Co.'s BEST FLOUR, from new wheat, for sale by SAMUEL N. WOOD,

aug12 43 Market street.

C. McNAMARA,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

AND

BILL COLLECTOR,

AT

BUTLER & WEBSTER'S OFFICE,

jy16dtf 4 Museum Building.

BEER! BEER!!

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF CANDELION, for making a purifying and delicious beverage, called BEER. Each package containing 25 cents will make six gallons of BEER. Sold at KIMBER'S, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

MAGNOLIA BALM

is a perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Rough Skin, &c. Sold at KIMBER'S, corner of Merrimack and John st. ects.

MRS. E. KIDDER'S

Cholera Morbus, the best remedy for Cholera and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the sea-son, particularly for the diseases of children.—Sold by S. KIDDER, corner Merrimack and John sts. aug8

LILIENTHAL'S YOUNG AMERICA CHEWING TOBACCO.

This brand is an entirely new article for segars to style and quality, and is pronounced by all

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle in my house. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are all well known already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several in stances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, where such is proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In the course of two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, one of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, with in the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but found you had removed to your present location.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1497, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of recitations of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but suppose there was some fabrication in them, as I had been entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, especially, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I purchased a bottle about the first of last August, commencing in a small way. I perceived one of your circulars, and, on a dollar, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was completely checked, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, and the hair on the top of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black as any man, or any one had in my youthful days. When boy in the hills of Western Virginia, where we raised flax, I used to color myself the best I could, by boiling it down, and it was as tough just from the hands of a French shampooer. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that new wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I do not think it possible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it is known to have been used, and we believe in every case with very desired result, and receives the universal endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable nostrums which accomplishes all it professes, and all the balm that grey could desire.—*Union Sun Spy.*

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color and beautiful appearance. It is a delightful, healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are all well known already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleas-ure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several in stances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, where such is proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In the course of two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.—*Bedford (Ind.) Press.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums; but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, has for years experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Those who try it, and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Sandusky Journal.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this article is not compounded in ignorance, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its primitive vigor, and become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has produced a new and glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes, and we recommend it to those so effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so prejudicial to the hair. It also has curative properties of another description. In many years experience in the disfigurements of the skin disagree wherever it is used. There—no hazard in pronouncing it as a toning that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, one of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARES to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.00
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 4.00
" " " Newport, 4.00
" " " Stanstead, 3.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
102 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.
jly4 ly28 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you, but to every observing and intelligent person, that the excessive use of intoxicating drinks is the fruitful cause of three-fourths of their broken homes. It is the object we present to your notice for the adoption and use of those drunkards who wish to reform.

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL.

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his extensive practice. The object known is to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and we can with confidence press you of its superiority over every other preparation ever used for the diseases of Infancy and Childhood.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious hearts are filled with fears for the safety of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in relieving the child from pain, and the mother from anxiety. It will *Prevent Convulsions, Vomiting, Sleeplessness, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Worms, Croup, and Fits in the Head*, so confidently offer this as a certain relief and cure in all these diseases to which the little sufferers are liable through the stomach and bowels, and its important in this respect is of the highest importance.

No Morphine or Opiate,

of any kind, or of whatever nature, nor a fact which we are fully convinced is strictly essential to that of any preparation which is to be administered to Infants and Children. Numerous testimonials from all parts of the country. Nurses are becoming convinced of this fact, and are using it in preference to Cordials which are certain to result from the use of narcotics disguised in the form of soothing remedies. Unlimited administration being invariably followed by convulsions, and frequently by death. Full and explicit directions in German, French and English. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial offers from every other remedy.

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by rendering the constitution costive, as is the case with Opium, the rare medicinal quantum, by removing all pain and irritation, and by its soothing and invigorating effects, tranquilizes to use in cases requiring a bottle, that will be found sufficient for the most obstinate case.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid up their premiums.

The Directors are paid to add the insured to set aside from premiums, the sum of $1,000,000, and reserves in Cash, receive the 6th Monday in Cash, when the Dividends are declared, which is 5 per cent. on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force a number of 7777 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of policies issued during the past year, which is a proof of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore prove it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages it offers.

The Company have declared a dividend of eighty cent, on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1859.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 24 Central and 25 Merrimack Streets.

mar7 dtf

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamphlets,
Circulars,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Orders,
Bill Heads,
Cards,

Court Dockets,
By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade of white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of great surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR

Frame Manufactory.

39 *CENTRAL STREET*,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Pictures for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 26, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS repaired, Cane and Ivory and Gold setting, Plating, Japanning, &c., &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

11 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

oct27 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

F B L Y
U T L E
R H A H
F E A O
E D O N

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at 11 Post Road and Grain Store, No. 43 Merrimack Street.

apr28 S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparations for the Complexion, viz: Eugenie's Toilet Compulsion or Bath of Beauty, Eugenie's Liquid White, Eugenie's Rouge, Eugenie's Carmine Balm. For sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'s, corner of Merrimack and Market streets.

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Store, 5 Prescott Block, Market Square.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

Mrs. Hunt, Grocer, Boston, Oct. 1st, 1859.
Mr. Sidney Dean, Grocer, Boston, Sept. 30th, 1859.
Mr. Joseph Burbank, Grocer, Boston, Sept. 30th, 1859.

A great saving of labor. Pans, however soiled by 10 minutes boiling in it, will be found perfectly clean, and have been discovered of the above date. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Sunburn, Redness, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns; especially for slight corns after all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Salves, have failed to give relief. It is certain to do it, is not a new remedy, having been invented in England many years ago. Its equal for corns has never been discovered, for sale by

S. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for washing the hands. Sold by S. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets. Try it.

"THE DIAMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, and all kindred Nervous Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Ability! What a Great Remedy!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to

"THE DIAMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be ascertained that it is what we say it is.

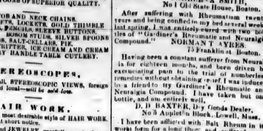
"THE DIAMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Drug Store, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; J. A. PERRY, Manchester; S. H. E. H. FOLLETT & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

Our advice to all sufferers is to

G. L. SEAR & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 18, 1861. feb18dly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,182,588 98
Dividends paid to date,	1,488,902 18
Losses paid,	2,621,005 33

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the premiums, in fact, constituting the capital. The accumulated fund is entirely the results of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its liabilities.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves extensive patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security to advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are First Class Bonds and Mortgages on Real E. tate, worth more than double the amounts loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its Trustees are among the most wealthy and responsible citizens of Newark, New York, Philadelphia and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the best classes of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It is liberal in its construction of policies, in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, at the option of the insured.

Life Policies go at once, may be paid one half in cash, and one-half by note, bearing 6 per cent. interest, for seven years, the interest on premium notes to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid up their premiums.

The Directors are paid to add the insured to set aside from premiums, the sum of $1,000,000, and reserves in Cash, receive the 6th Monday in Cash, when the Dividends are declared, which is 5 per cent. on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force a number of 7777 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of policies issued during the past year, which is a proof of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore prove it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages it offers.

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Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 24 Central and 25 Merrimack Streets.

mar7 dtf

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

538 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements by suits.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and will sew more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing machine to sew master, to the frequent changes and size of endless work, and of sewing required in a day. They will sew from one to to sixty thicknesses of Mar seilles without stopping, and make ere y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and every kind of leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not why not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing knitted goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully fully bear out each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New York State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, together with the highest Premium at the Crystal Palace Fair.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the highest Premium at the Boston Fair in 1859.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same kind of work, and with the same ease and infallibility in comparison with other first-class machines, as a watch in time. It will require but one fact more it is be most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to be perfect in every respect, and to be superior to any other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine were adopted by the inventor after years of study among scientific and mechanical men; and we challenge the production of any machine of as much intrinsic merit, and which will compare favorably with it in all the essentials of practical utility.

Under these circumstances inducements to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have used in my family for a term of years, and in which I feel confident I have found a most beneficial remedy for the prevention of baldness, and the restoration of the hair to its natural color. I therefore thanks for the benefit I have derived from its use, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittsfield, Vt.,
Dec. 1, 1860.

"The Hair Restorative at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed on me during the past year, and promise to merit a continuance of the same, I would say that I have now, and shall constantly keep on hand, a full and complete assortment of

FRENCH CUT GLASS,

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods would do well to call and examine my assortment, being assured that the quality and prices will be found satisfactory. I would also invite the public to supply my persuasion on the most reasonable terms, and to the best of my ability to give satisfaction.

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Store, 5 Prescott Block, Market Square.

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having determined to meet the times, have reduced the price list of their excellent Lehigh Coal, and will hereafter sell the same at the following rates, viz:

Egg, Stove and Nut, $6.50 per ton.
Broken, $6.00 per ton.

Delivered in any part of the city.

Orders left at the office, corner of Merrimack and John streets, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

MOTH PUTTY.

CURTIS' PREPARATION for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply of the above valuable fertilizer, imported direct from the Chincha Islands, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers by S. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John street.

mar2 dtf

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, Pumps, Oil Cans of all sizes. Engraving, Cutting, Jobbing, Repairing, Tinning, Stove, kitchen, and study lamps Also a new style for factory use; all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the Apothecary store of

H. S. HAYNES,
Prince Hamptons, 45 Merrimack Street.

mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITEHOUSE'S OPIUM SOLD,

Stood Next to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now been in use for many years, and has proved itself a friend indeed to many who knows the value to it is to keep as an hart.

Its wonderful healing power, and even now, it causes the sores thick to linger to devour the flesh, and to heal without a scar.

It gives the old sore off from his cruich, when all other remedies fail.

It relieves the feminine mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head.

It terminates the worst form of erysipelas.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It is a sovereign remedy.

It is certainly against scrofula.

It cures all cutaneous cancers.

It extracts and destroys inflammation, and does away with pain.

It is the best remedy for the piles ever known.

Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for them.

You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.

For all glandular swellings it is sovereign.

For chafings in warm weather use it.

For sore nipples it is a balm.

For sore lips it is good.

For salt rheum and lame sinr use it.

It is a remedy for the whole south, east, west, and a distant climate, its virtues are acknowledged. Its healing, stimulating force is known to all who have taken Salve to being applied.

It is a sure cure for ulcers.

It has the highest commendations from gentlemen of the press, the clergy, the bar, the bench, the medical profession, and from the most eminent merchants and statesmen, and from mothers, nurses, and from all who have used it.

It heals as no other salve can heal.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and on this account we say to you, that this Golden Salve is a sure remedy, and can be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

Its healing power is wonderful.

You can be made free from the wearisome pain from a burn or a scald.

Its healing power is wonderful.

Price 50 cents per box. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all druggists and country store keepers throughout the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for sale in Lowell, Mass., and vicinity.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pinny Royal's Family Coal

NEVER-fail-or-tain-ed-ly-for-the-New Era hand-market. A superior RANGE and COOKING COAL, constantly on hand and for sale by DENNETT & REDDIFF, corner Moody and Broadway.

Also, the celebrated THORNTON COAL, from the principal manufactories in Lehigh, and other free burning coal. Fast and White Ash Coal for the best quality. Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

Yard—Foot of Moody and split at short notice. Send Word or casually on hand.

Lowell, Nov. 1, 1860. nov1dtf

MOTH BALLS.

CRUDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.

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Agents for sale in Lowell, Mass., and vicinity.

AMOS ANBORN

Has constantly on hand a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, BUTTER COOLERS
CAKE BASKETS
FRUIT DISHES,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

After suffering with Rheumatism nearly three years and being confined to my bed several weeks last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. YATES
77 Franklin st., Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless nostrums without obtaining relief, I was induced as a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.
D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 3 Applet'n Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Rheumatism in the worst form for a long time, and suffered untold agony. Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound relieved me in a few days.
JOHN A. MURPHY,
Boston, Mass.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is entirely different from any nostrums of several years' standing.
W. H. SAWYER,
No. 3 State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, was afflicted for one year; a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his head and face being one mass of sores. I used one bottle of your Compound cured him.
W. M. HARRIS, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured my Neuralgia.
J. H. PERSON,
Proprietor Pavilion House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
JOHN PERSON,
Pro. Hon. House Boston

I certify that my Partner, Mr. T. Gilman, has presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." I was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and found immediate relief from its use.
ALBERT SMITH,
Ass't Member of Common Council, Boston.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have found it to be a most valuable and efficacious remedy. We have full confidence in its healing properties, and recommend it to the public as the best remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, as one of the most valuable discoveries of the age.
Henry A. Fuller, 18 South Market st., Boston.
Henry Fuller, 18 South Market st., Boston.
Capt. Charles Bearse, Wharfinger, Boston.
Capt. Charles Bearse, Jr., Boston.
Elbert Townsend, 61 of Pearl street, Boston.
Mrs. Elbert Townsend, 61 Pearl street, Boston.
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Mrs. Elbert Townsend, 61

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, August 14, 1861.

IMPORTANT WAR NEWS.

Below we give the most correct account of the late fight in Missouri that we are able to find in the dispatches to the eastern papers.—

Battle in Missouri. A great battle took place near Springfield, Mo., on Saturday last, between the Union forces under Gen. Lyon, and the rebels under Generals McCulloch and Price, in which the Union forces won a victory, a dear one though, for the brave Gen. Lyon was killed. McCulloch and Price are also reported killed. Our forces numbered only 8000 to 23,000 of the rebels. The Union troops occupied the camp of the enemy on the night after the battle, but for prudential reasons thought best to retreat the next day. The following is the official report of the fight forwarded by one of Gen. Lyon's aids to Maj. Gen. Fremont, at St. Louis.

Gen. Lyon in three columns under himself, Gen. Siegel and Major Sturgis, attacked the enemy at 6½ o'clock on the morning of the 10th, 9 miles southeast of Springfield. The engagement was severe. Our loss is about 800 in killed and wounded. Gen. Lyon was killed in a charge at the head of his column. Our force was 8000 including 2000 Kansas troops. The muster rolls taken from the enemy gives his force as 23,000, including regiments from Louisiana and Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas Rangers, and Cherokee half-breeds. Their loss is reported as heavy, including General McCulloch and Price. This statement is corroborated by prisoners. Their tents and wagons were destroyed in the action. Gen. Siegel left only one gun on the field. He retreated to Rolla, Mo., with a large number of prisoners. At 3 o'clock on the morning of the 11th, he continued his retreat on Rolla, bringing off his baggage trains and $25,000 in specie from the State and Rolla banks.

The following is the verbatim report of the special messenger to Gen. Fremont:

"Early on Saturday morning Gen. Lyon marched out of Springfield. He came up with the enemy on Dawis's Creek on Green's Prairie, four miles southeast of Springfield, where they had taken a strong position. Gen. Lyon opened the fire at twenty minutes past six, when the battle immediately commenced. A severe cannonading was kept up by one or three hours, when the fire of Totten's artillery becoming too severe for the enemy, they gradually fell back toward their encampment on Wilson's Creek. Gen. Lyon's cavalry on the left flank and Gen. Siegel's artillery on the right then began a terrific attack and spread slaughter and destruction in the ranks of the rebels, pursuing them to their camps. The shells from Totten's artillery set fire to their tents and huts, many of which were all destroyed. A Louisiana and a Mississippi regiment seemed to suffer the most and were almost annihilated. Sometime in the afternoon while Gen. Lyon was leading his column his horse was shot under him. Immediately he mounted another and as he turned around to his men waving his hat and cheering them on to victory, he was struck in the small of his back and fell dead on the ground. The command then devolved on Gen. Siegel. The pursuit was continued until nightfall, when our troops were ordered to the set of March 16th, and to accept 400,000 volunteers.

The *Athens Post* says it is reported that several companies in that county have been organized to resist the force of Tennessee is becoming a member of the rebel Confederacy, and hopes the report is without foundation, as the county has given a decided rebel majority.

By a landslide on Sunday night, 17 miles from Richmond, on the Manassas road, eight cars loaded with soldiers, were crushed and shivered to pieces. Two Louisville companies were the principal sufferers.

Other matters and rumors. Assistant Quartermaster Saxton has tendered 2400 men to the War Department, now ready at St. Louis to take the field, who ask that Mr. Saxton be temporarily detached from the regular service to become their Colonel.

The Secretary of War has directed Col. Berdan to collect his first regiment of sharp shooters as soon as possible.

The *Charleston Courier* publishes an extract from a private letter from Tampa, stating that the Federal steamer Crusader had been captured by a rebel vessel.

The *Memphis Argus* says Jeff. Davis remains at Manassas to settle a misunderstanding about rank which has arisen between the rebel generals Johnston and Beauregard. This is perhaps they will not drop that tear together, but make individual tears over the laurels mentioned in their famous bulletin.

The *Richmond Enquirer* boasts that the property of the Federal army taken by the rebels at Bull Run is worth one million of dollars! Reckoned by the value of "contrabands" the estimate may not be large, so sold as it appears at first sight.

SENATOR BRECKINRIDGE. From certain indications it appears that Senator Breckinridge was expecting to make a tour in the Northern States, for the purpose of promulgating his peculiar ideas on governmental matters; in other words, to give his unlicensed, treason-talking tongue full liberty among the Union loving men of the loyal North; but his reception at Baltimore was a severe check, and also frightened those who were calculating to receive the "peace" apostle with open arms. It is stated as a fact that he had been invited by the Mozart Hall Democratic General Committee, of New York, to come to that city, but on the reception of the account of the behavior of the popular face of Baltimore, when the traitor undertook to talk in public, the invitation was withdrawn. This is said to have greatly offended Mr. Breckinridge, and very severe and lombastic language is attributed to him as having been dispatched against the New York Democracy, and especially toward the city of "Gotham," because of the withdrawal of the invitation. We are inclined to believe this, however; but that there was a design to bring Mr. Breckinridge North, there is not much room for doubt. It is said that a josts of his old friends in Hartford, Ct., were in high glee at the prospect of having this defender of the traitors for a guest.

We do not know but the presence of such men as the North has in store for a thing, but as yet we cannot so consider it. There are but few here who have the slightest sympathy with Mr. Breckinridge and his cause, and the appearance of his coming would not increase their numbers, but might be the cause of serious mischief. A year ago he might have attracted his sentimental admirers in New England, and every man would have been his protector; but now it is different, and the wisest thing for him, and the best for the friends (we hope he has none in this vicinity) will be not to bring his treasonable wares to this market.

DESIGNS OF THE REBELS. The *New York Times* thinks that "the Confederate leaders are preparing for an attack on Washington in front, on the rear through insurgent Maryland. While Beauregard pushes upon Alexandria and Arlington, and Gen. Johnston attempts a crossing of the Potomac above, Gen. Magruder will probably leave his camp at Yorktown, and try to put himself, with a good part of his army for a nucleus, at the head of the rebels in Maryland, creasing at or near Aquia Creek."

GEN. WOOL. The *Troy Daily Times* says: "We announce with the most lively satisfaction that all doubt with reference to the orders from Washington to General Wool is at an end. He this morning received from the War Department a notification that he had been appointed to the command of the Department of southeast-ern Virginia, with headquarters at Fortress Monroe—with directions to report himself for duty immediately. He will leave this city for the post of duty on Wednesday."

Silence of prisoners. A large number of prisoners held by the rebels have been released, and have arrived at Washington and Fortress Monroe. Most of those at the latter place were surgeons in our army, who remained behind to attend to the Federal wounded. The surgeons estimate the number of Federal prisoners at Richmond, including wounded, to be from 1000 to 1200. They have full lists of wounded prisoners and of the wounded who died in hospitals after the battle. Col. Corcoran is well. Congressman Ely sent a message to President Lincoln, and it is understood to be decidedly in favor of recognizing the Southern Confederacy. [This is exceedingly doubtful intelligence.]

Rebel report of a battle in Western Virginia. The Richmond Enquirer, 10th, says Generals Lee and Rosecrans attempted to get the advantage of each other in an advanced position, and a battle ensued in which 40 Federals were killed. The rebels suffered only a small loss. Lee had two and Rosecrans four regiments. Lee afterward commenced fortifying the pass he had gained at Big Spring, Pocahontas County, 15 miles from Huntersville, which commands the turnpike from Randolph to Lewisburg and Central road.

From the South. The Richmond Enquirer of the 8th says the rebel Congress on Tuesday considered the bill for public defence. The bill authorizes their President to employ the military conformably to the act of March 16th, and to accept 400,000 volunteers.

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For the Lowell Daily Courier.

THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS.

In our last political campaign for the election of President, such was the platform of that party known as the Bell and Everett party, having for an avowed object, the election of John Bell, of Tennessee, for President of these (then) United States. The cardinal principles of that platform, as publicly declared and generally understood, were thus comprised:—We, the loyal, honest and patriotic citizens of these United States of America, a republican form of government, under the above name and title, will ever maintain the Union thereof; we will uphold and abide by the provisions of that glorious constitution so wisely framed and established by our patriotic forefathers, and will, to the best of our ability and knowledge, advocate and assist in the enforcement of all laws and ordinances made and promulgated under the provisions of that constitution for the General Government and protection of our whole people.

Such principles all the people say, "amen." More patriotic or ennobling sentiments never were declared before the people by any party, and it would seem that a party honestly entertaining such excellent principles should always succeed; but in that case the very desirable assurance in the maintenance and upholding of the people, and therefore our present excellent and energetic President, Abraham Lincoln, was duly elected to carry out those principles and fill the highest office in our gift, the responsibility of which has never been so momentous and arduous as since his inauguration. The unprecedented condition of affairs has called him to carry out the principles of the above platform because the imperative duty of President Lincoln, as it had been the bounden duty of his predecessor, who, traitor like, forsook the duty and corruptly traduced the constitution of his own government.

Non-enforcement of positive law has long been a great evil in our political system. Neglect of official duty by officers has been a fearful curse to the people, and even to faithful and impartially discharge such duties is too prevalent. Officers of the different grades of government, elected or appointed as conservators of the peace, are accepted and commissioned of their obvious duties. Officers of our courts of law, who are appointed to execute our criminal laws with laudable zeal, often fail to exert their talents in their pervasion.

The *Richmond Enquirer* boasts that the laws of our own Commonwealth is a native source of the increasing demoralization of the present generation. The liquor law, dog, fish, and trespass laws, are but little regarded. Lord's Lord's day is only a day of diversion and pastime with many, and of business and labor with others; and while the latter is attempted to be sheriffs, grand jurors, and constables to some extent into action of all offenses against the provisions thereof, those officers, in too many instances are themselves the violators of the very laws they have sworn to enforce. The *statute* in relation to profane swearing has become an obsolete one. The common and notoriously profane swearer, whose presence is a moral nuisance in the community, and who, by his evil example, is a destroying angel to the rising youth, stalks at large with undisguised contempt for the laws of God or those of country;—a traveling post! unistorbed by the law or its officers, while the poor inebriate whose uncontrollable appetite has led him to physical intoxication, is sure to be arrested by those very efficient officers of the law, and is forthwith deprived of his money and liberty for the double fiscal crime of indulging his appetite. He is dragged before our courts, and upon the testimony of an officer who may have committed more offences against the statute than his victim, the poor drunkard is deprived of half a month's wages to pay the fees of his prosecutors; then he is again set at liberty in the midst of a hundred liquor hells which the courts and officers of justice have licensed to flourish, apparently for the support of their very interests.

Whose sin is the greatest, the one who breaks the laws of God and man with impunity, or he who is only unable to govern his appetite, and neither wilfully or maliciously disturbs any one? Whose example is the most pernicious to society? that of the profane swearer, who, in his daily conversation, blasphemes and reckless-ly profanes the name of his Creator before the young and pure-minded, thereby destroying all principle of reverence for our God or regard for law, moral or divine, or that of the inebriate drunkard, reeling in our streets, and exhibiting the evil effects of the rum he unfortunately drinks as a solemn warning to all against his example? The former infuses his sinful principles into the hearts of his hearers (without displaying the evil consequences) to be left as sentiments anywhere in New England, and every man would have been his protector; but now it is different, and the wisest thing for him, and the best for the friends (we hope he has none in this vicinity) will be not to bring his treasonable wares to this market.

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CITY AND VICINITY

POST OFFICE, Lowell, August 14, 1861.

A new style of STAMPED ENVELOPES has been established, and is now for sale at this office. The old issue will not be received after the 30th instant.

Persons having Stamped Envelopes of the old style can exchange them at this office until the 30th inst., and Postmasters in the vicinity of Lowell, until the 16th of September next.

JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

WANTED,

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A.,

Able-bodied Men between the ages of 18 and 35 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay $13 to $21 per month.

Board, lodging, clothing, and medical attendance are always provided by the Government. Liberal deductions from the soldier's pay.

The bill authorizing the increase of the regular Army of the United States, has passed both Houses of Congress, and the same bounties to enlisted men are to be allowed, or to be deducted in the case of the re-enlistment.

By good conduct and attention to duties a soldier will certainly rise to the position of a non-commissioned officer, and from that class, it is provided, that one-fourth of the vacancies in the commissioned officers in the staff and regimental corps will be filled.

Good musicians who can pass the regulation height and age, will be enlisted.

Apply at No. 27 Market Street, Lowell, Mass.

CHARLES C. PUTNEY,
Capt. 11th Infantry, Recruiting Officer.
August 13, 1861. 1w

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, look for the afternoons, wishes to obtain a place to attend evenings either as Copyist or Accountant. At present employed in the Post Office. Lowell. [L. S.]
August 7, 1861. aug6d3m

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store and Bindery from No. 23 Central to No. 25 Central Street—Sign of Golden Eagle.
May 31, 1861. may31d3f

MISAPPREHENSION. We understand that some of our citizens have been led to believe, from the statements made in relation to the 5s and 10s on the Prescott Bank, that it is dangerous to take bills of any denomination on that Bank. A large number of persons, so understanding matters, have presented bills of other denominations at the cashier and required specie, which has of course willingly been paid them; but such persons are greatly misled in supposing that there is any more danger in taking bills on the Prescott, except the note circulated, than in taking bills of any of the banks of this city—all of which are as sound as any money institutions of the country. With a little more confidence in their own judgment, and a little more confidence made effectual for the re-establishment of the Union, and prosperity throughout our country, and that the Prescott Bank is as safe as any institution in the country, carried, under His guidance and blessing, by the labors and sufferings of our patriotic fathers, into a state of financial excellence. Therefore, I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States, do appoint the last Thursday in September next as a day of Humiliation, Prayer and Fasting for all the people of the Nation, and I do earnestly recommend to all the people, and especially to all Ministers and teachers of religion of all denominations, and to all heads of families—to observe and keep that day according to their several creeds and modes of worship in all humility and with all religious solemnity, to the end that the united prayer of the Nation may ascend to the Throne of Grace, and bring down plentiful blessings upon our own country.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the United States to be affixed, this 12th day of August, A. D. 1861, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty-sixth.

By the President:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.

PERSONAL. Horace Greeley, of the *Tribune*, is recovering from an attack of brain fever.

Hon. Amos Kendall is now sojourning at Bridgeport, where he is engaged in nursing the wife of President Lincoln.

Gov. John A. Andrew, who has been much out of health for some weeks past, is at Newport.

A YOUNG STORY OF A YOUNG HERO. Chicago, on Friday last, was all about negro boy, some sixteen years of age, while attempting to get on the cars of a horse railway, fell upon the track. Before the horses could be stopped both wheels had passed over his head, and when those who witnessed the scene expected to see a crushed and battered skull, and of course a corpse, the boy arose considerably surprised to see him get up, scratch his head a little, and then walk off unharmed. The car was thrown from the track by the accident.

It is said that President Lincoln intends to place Garibaldi at the head of a division of the national army. It is stated that a letter from a friend of the distinguished Garibaldi said to him—"If your war is for freedom, I am with you with 20,000 men."

"It is said" is the author of a great many romances. It is possible that the above article may be strictly true, but we give it the benefit of a doubt.

A WARNING TO SENSATION NEWSPAPERS. A dispatch from Philadelphia says that a number of the heaviest business firms of that city have published a card, declaring that, having seen a statement in a daily paper of the number of regiments in Gen. Banks' command, by which important information was given to the enemy, they will withdraw their advertisements and subscriptions from any newspapers continuing to do so. This is the right spirit, and should be adopted everywhere.

WHAT BECAME OF THE CHICKEN? The following is from the Hull Run correspondent of the *Massachusetts*:—

"While I was, a servant of Erskine Watkins, was cooking chicken in the kitchen near the hospital, a ball passed near him and struck his left leg. In the report he said, 'Bless God! Massa, I never saw de chickens suffer dat!'"

DANIEL E. SOMES, ex-Congressman, is named as likely to be appointed Governor of Utah. We should like to see some one's reason for the appointment, in case he gets it.

☞ One day last week the lightning struck the dam at Byron Smith's grist mill at South Hadley, and glancing off, was diffused over the pond. Soon after, the fish that had been stunned rose to the surface of the water, and large pickerel, suckers, shiners and other fish were taken by the large quantities.

GIVE US WOOD, and no more shoddy for the troops, says *Vanity Fair*.

The *Nashville Banner* says that at Camp Trousdale, in drawing arms, a soldier received the identical musket which he bore through the Mexican war, bearing his name, which he inscribed upon it when he was then in the service.

TROTTING. The trot that was to have come off at the Park, on the Agricultural Grounds, this afternoon, has been postponed until Friday or Saturday afternoon, on account of the storm. The trot will be for a purse of $35, best three in five, to harness. Three horses have been entered to contend for the purse, "S. Lawrence Maid," of Roxbury, by R. L. Flanders; "Lady Fillmore," of Nashua, by C. D. Walton, and "Nellie Barker," of Lowell, by Benj. Thurston. Good time may be expected.

HON. CHARLES R. TRAIN has our thanks for a copy of the report of the committee on the "Abstracted Bill" of last winter.

SEE notice by Postmaster Goodwin, elsewhere in our columns, respecting the new Government envelope.

NATIONAL FAST.

A PROCLAMATION.*

By the President of the United States of America.

Whereas, A Joint Committee of both Houses of Congress has waited on the President of the United States, and requested him to recommend a day of National Humiliation, Prayer and Fasting, to be observed by the People of the United States with appropriate solemnities, and the offering of fervent supplications to Almighty God for the safety and welfare of those States, His blessings on their arms, and a speedy restoration of Peace.

And whereas, It is fit and becoming in all people at all times to acknowledge and revere the supreme government of God, to bow in humble submission to His chastisements, to confess and deplore their sins and transgressions in the full confidence that the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom, and that a right understanding and contrition for the pardon of their past offences, and for a blessing upon their present and future actions may be obtained;

And whereas, When our beloved country, once, by the favor of God, united, prosperous and happy, is now afflicted with faction and civil war, it is peculiarly fit for the people to recognize and to confess His supreme dominion, and in the midst of our calamities to humble ourselves before Him, and to pray for his mercy—to pray that we may be spared further punishment, though justly deserved; that our arms may be crowned with success, that those who have conspired to destroy the Union, now involving us in civil war, may speedily return to their allegiance to the United States, that their place may be soon filled with pure patriots, who love their country more than self, or party, and that the inestimable boon of civil and religious liberty, earned by our fathers, may be preserved unimpaired for our posterity;

Now, therefore, I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States, do appoint the last Thursday in September next as a day of Humiliation, Prayer and Fasting for all the people of the Nation, and I do earnestly recommend to all the people, and especially to all Ministers and teachers of religion of all denominations, and to all heads of families—to observe and keep that day according to their several creeds and modes of worship in all humility and with all religious solemnity, to the end that the united prayer of the Nation may ascend to the Throne of Grace, and bring down plentiful blessings upon our own country.

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SERIOUSLY SICK. Dea. Amos Merriam, one of our assessors, has been confined to his bed for the last week by paralysis. He is unable to move or speak aloud.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 13.

3 Boston and Maine Railroad	75
8 Fitchburg Railroad	56
25 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	10
40 Merchants' Bank	98
10 Faneuil Hall Bank	108

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has for Sale at Judson Hewitt's Restaurant, near the Post Office, from nine till one o'clock A. M. where he will be happy to serve all his old friends.

Wanted, by the above named place for another of Woodward's Patent Ovens.

A. L. HEWITT.
Lowell, July 25, 1861.

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, viz, any of the through Routes, can be had at the Lowell office, No. 51 Merrimack Street, Boarding House Block, Lowell, Mass.

Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street House, 1st floor.
may11 1y

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jan8d3f

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	H. Hamblett,
L. G. Hosa,	Jos. Bartlett,
	E. P. Sherman,
	Leon Trowbridge.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks, on which the Company have made a dividend of 40 per cent., and have surplus in $20,000.91. with deposit notes to the amount of $20,000.33. The Stock Department is very strong and have property in Middlesex County to the amount of $100,000, and are now prepared to take risks on property in any Company in this section with a substantial cash back.

Office in Merrimack Block, up one flight of stairs.

Open every afternoon, Sundays excepted, and on every forenoon, Saturdays excepted.

E. P. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. jy19 1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It blackens nothing,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
And costs no more per ton than any other. Then why other free burning coal. And the only place in Lowell where it can be had in any amount of less, deposited with the Controller of the State to warranty of its qualities.

Keating Lyman,	Directors:
Joseph Wilson,	Franklin Kent,
Wm. Appleton,	Lowell Nat'l Bank, Brooklyn,
John B. Kitching,	Nathaniel Wilson,
Wm. Kitching,	Chauncey Eldridge, New York.
George B. Barnard,	Wm. Appleton,
Seymour Burrill,	Founder of Only of New York.
Wm. Wilson,	Merchant,
Wm. Wilson,	Merchant, Brooklyn,
Wm. Wilson,	Merchant, Rhode Island.
Wm. Wilson,	Merchant, Providence.
Wm. Wilson,	Merchant, Secretary.

ROBERT ATKEA, General Agent.

Shares $100 each for Stock or Mutual department.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Express, Merrimack Street.
Nov. 16, 1860. novl6d3f

IMPORTANT to FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

It continually is petty not to be said enough to enlighten mankind those sexual irregularities to which the female is subject, and the fearful consequences that follow in their train. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the most herbal extracts, are the only remedy that has ever been discovered that in a few short years used successfully in an extended private practice, that has not only established its claim to the confidence of the professional discharges who that arising from the use of Mercury, but in every instance in removing the pains that accompany difficult menstruation, and bringing on the monthly courses with regularity. Explicit directions, stating when and when they should not be taken, with each box. Price $1 per box.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered to the only by the proprietor, and are counterfeited by unprincipled dealers. Ask for Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, and take no other. They are the only genuine.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the only ones the Pills counsel to ladies without proper care of PREGNANCY—be rated. MISCARRIAGE. Such is the unvarying effect of this Pill, that it may be called the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even in the most obstinate cases, a few days use will restore Explicit directions, stating when and when they should not be taken, with each box. Price $1 per box.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents for the sale of the Pills, or will be sent by mail free of charge.

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Sold by druggists everywhere.

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other reliable offices. POLICIES issued at the Office, No. 51 Merrimack Street, Boarding House Block, and CHECKERS, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1860. jy8-tf

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
apr19, 1860. 1m18w

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 100 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 2, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, amounted to 40 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being more than double the amount required by law, the entire amount of loan, deposited with the Controller of the State to warranty of its policies.

Directors:	
President,	
Lowell Nat'l Bank, Brooklyn,	
Chauncey Eldridge, New York.	
Wm. Appleton,	
Founder of Only of New York.	
Merchant,	
Merchant, Brooklyn,	
Merchant, Rhode Island.	
Merchant, Providence.	
Merchant, Secretary.	

ROBERT ATKEA, General Agent.

Shares $100 each for Stock or Mutual department.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Kimball's Express, Merrimack Street.
Nov. 16, 1860. novl6d3f

"BUT HE AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continue to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Nervous and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula; Female Complaints; Headache; Jaundice; Piles. Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Costiveness; Dizziness, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood or Nerves. Nothing can equal them in the cure of Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Bilious Attacks, Liver Complaint, Erysipelas, and the endless train of diseases arising from Malaria.

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and original DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, would caution the public against buying of other parties than Druggists and Traders, as we have learned that a party in Boston has sold and is shipped new Franklin Coal to an unknown brand calling it DR. LANGLEY'S BITTERS.

Delaware City Bitters Co., Delaware City, Del.
ELMINGTON & ARNEY,
Proprietors.
C. H. PHILBRICK, } Committee.
Lowell, August 12th, 1861. aug13d3m

By the omission of a word or two yesterday we made the Mechanics' Association instead of the Amateur Drill Association the possessor of a large number of muskets. We have no doubt, however, that both Associations would act in harmony, should any Floyd, or other thief attempt to illegally abstract the fire-arms of other property belonging to either organization.

POLICE COURT. Charles Regan took an empty tumbler belonging to L. W. Whittemore, for which Regan was this forenoon sentenced to the common jail for thirty months. Better to take an empty tumbler than the contents of some full ones.

Patrick Barrett, accused of drunkenness, failing to appear as he had promised, was defaulted.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT. On Friday last, a boy named Stanwood EXPLODED from the old style one exchanged them at this office until the 30th inst., and Postmasters in the vicinity of Lowell, until the 16th of September next.

JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

WANTED,

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A.,

Able-bodied Men between the ages of 18 and 35 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay $13 to $21 per month.

Board, lodging, clothing, and medical attendance are always provided by the Government. Liberal deductions from the soldier's pay.

The bill authorizing the increase of the regular Army of the United States, has passed both Houses of Congress, and the same bounties to enlisted men are to be allowed, or to be deducted in the case of the re-enlistment.

By good conduct and attention to duties a soldier will certainly rise to the position of a non-commissioned officer, and from that class, it is provided, that one-fourth of the vacancies in the commissioned officers in the staff and regimental corps will be filled.

Good musicians who can pass the regulation height and age, will be enlisted.

Apply at No. 27 Market Street, Lowell, Mass.

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VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in a few months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been any to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use for two or three times per month. My hair is now perfectly restored, healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not hesitate to say that no standard will be of any particular advantage to you, or to any one, in any country, as I feel sure it is as well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in exhibiting the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where such is proved, by proving the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation over a standard one, after it has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied your advertisement in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, with a the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—one for baldness, gray hair, dandruff, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you had since moved to New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,827, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to, as I have been a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning gray, and for about ten years past white and very stiff and unsightly. I had seen a number of advertisements of the wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was some fallacy about it, and that it was merely entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded to try it, and sent for (by mail), commencing to attend to it. Directions were strictly followed, and in a few weeks my hair began to change, and in a few months was entirely restored to its former color and softness, and has remained so ever since. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair ceased falling out in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and evidently change taking place in the roots of it. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and one large one, and am fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any one, and I have had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft and nice to the touch as silk, as though just from the hands of a French chamgeuse. Many of my friends have seen me frequently say to me, "Beuler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to overstate the change in the color and hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the universal endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable restorers which accomplishes all it professes, and all the health and good results desire.—Colored *Sun Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and popular preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative was the first successful eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many testimonials in favor of it, proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't buy till you have tried the Restorative.—*Boston Store Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Call at the office, and said heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its primary color. Thin hair has become almost bald because of sickness. The use of this article has restored to it its glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all diseases. It imparts a healthful action to effectually eradicates dandruff and other impurities, which operate to destroy the hair. It also has curative properties of another description, as it will restore gray hair to its original color. Whether this be chemically effected or not, it is certain. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and its effects will be very beneficial, as the compound, if it does not renew manifest improvement, is at least capable of doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, Agust 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. It our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the various articles which claims to be unadulterated in the composition and in addition in its curative effects, we what justice we leave our readers to determine in our instance whether the Wood's Hair Restorative—*we are* so well assured of its value, the question of our action is not one of a mere advertisement as that its inventor and vendor claims to be. Its effect upon the hair in cases of hair is universally known to be magical. Like time or poison on exhausted land, it starts a crop wherever applied. Our own church is to have its healthy growth after it has been for apparently growing fair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia Org.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT AMERICAN HAIR TONIC THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands on an eminence as a renovator of hair, a base action has been for upwards of a half a century, and thousands who have seen him in the streets of this city, and elsewhere throughout the land, can testify to the operation, working their own natural hair and beard restoring. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life and the laws which govern the vital functions of the sun.—*Pa. Ledger.*

SUMMER!

3000 STRAW AND PALM LEAF HATS just received and for sale at one to fifty dozen of descriptions. H. S. HAYNES'. 4 Merrimack Street.

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the head of Gen. Butler and Eagle engraved on it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES'. 45 Merrimack Street. may25

WINE PROTECTORS.

An excellent article. They not only protect the wine from leaks, loss and waste, but sustain all the qualities of the wine, and cold. With control usage they will last for years. For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agate Store and Soda Room. 126 Central street.

GENTS' SACK SUITS,

Of new and beautiful patterns, just opened at BRADLEY'S, 47 Central, corner of Merrimack. may 7

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Particular Notice to the Traveling Public.

REDUCTION OF FARE to Island Pond, Charleston, Derby, Newport, Stanstead, and all points in Canada East.

Fare from Lowell to Island Pond, $6.50
" " " Charleston, 5.00
" " " Derby, 5.00
" " " Newport, 4.50
" " " Stanstead, 6.00

THROUGH TICKETS to the above points, and all places in Canada East, for sale at the

Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Office,
182 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass., where the public are invited to call for particular information.
d&t jan28 S. H. FISHER, Agent.

MOTHERS

It must be obvious not only to you but to every sensitive and intelligent person, that the first impressions are those chiefly from a knowledge of the claims of their beauty, and in connection we would call your attention to the Soothing and Cure of those diseases peculiar to your sex.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL,

Prepared from a formula used by Dr. Eaton with remarkable success in his private practice for years, we know it to be a most reliable and efficacious remedy for infantile complaints, and as a mild and safe medicine you of its superiority over every other preparation of the kind. It is purely vegetable.

For Children Teething;

And at this period of infantile life when your anxious hours are passed in watching the sufferings of your little ones, it will be found invaluable in *relieving the pain, allaying inflammation, and regulating the bowels.* For Diseases attending Teething, such as Cholera Infantum, Sick Stomach, Fever, Sore Mouth, &c., it is a remedy of the first order. It will immediately offer this as a certain relief and cure in every case where given in time. It will invariably regulate the stomach and bowels, and no impression in the respect can be too strongly made.

DR. EATON'S
INFANTILE CORDIAL

Is a pleasure, and the most delicate nurse can administer it with safety and certainty. It can be had of druggists generally throughout the country. Be sure and ask for Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial and take no other. Dr. Eaton's signature is on the outside wrapper. We now call your attention to a subject of vital interest, to

No Morphine or Opiate,

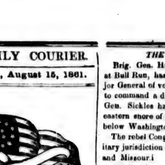
of any kind or of whatever nature, or for any purpose are fully warranted in stating second to none of any preparation in existence for the relief of pain. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is now becoming the universal favorite of mothers, as its merits are becoming known, and those which are certain to result from the use of narcotics disguised in the form of soothing syrups, and poisoned administration being avoidably followed by disease and death. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is a safe, sure and reliable remedy. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial cures from every other remedy. 3

Does not Constipate

the bowels, neither does it act by rendering the system costive, but by its action on the liver, and by its mild purgative qualities, by removing all pain and irritation from the bowels, and strengthening and invigorating them, so that no time in preserving a bottle, this medicine will be found to be the best of all the preparations for the cure of *Cholera Infantum, Sick Stomach, Fever, Sore Mouth, Teething, Worms, Colic, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Summer Complaint, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Convulsions, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Sick Headache, Paleness of the Skin, Coldness of the Extremities, Pain in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Wind in the Bowels, Flatulency, Hysterics, Fainting Spells, Nervous Affections, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Suppression of Urine, Wetting the Bed, Painful Menstruation, Whites, Ulceration of the Womb, Barrenness, Leucorrhœa, Incontinence of Urine, Female Weakness, Involuntary Discharges, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hypochondria, Blotches on the Face, Disturbed Sleep, Falling Sickness, Diseases of the Head, Consumption, Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the Region of the Kidneys, Gravel, Inflammation of the Bladder, Retention of Urine, Disease of the Prostate Gland, Pain in the Joints, Excessive Use of Mercury, Impurities of the Blood, Lumbago, Dropsy, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Erysipelas, Scrofula or King's Evil, Diseases of the Eyes or Ears, Nightsweats, Chills and Fever, Agues, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Cancer, Tumors, Ulcers, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma or Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Pleurisy, Diseases of the Side, Chest, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, Scurvy, Neuralgia, Gout, Piles, Fistula, Files, Broken Down Constitutions, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing or how severe, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Pain in the Chest, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Female Complaints, Epilepsy or Fits, Nervous Irritability, Fever of all kinds, Inflammation, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Paralysis or Palsy, Scrofula or King's Evil, Total Prostration of the System, all Diseases arising from the Use of Mercury, Bone Pains, Complaints arising from Indiscretion or Exposure, Ulcers, Old Sores, Sore Eyes, Female Weakness, Infantile Eruptions, Impurities of the Blood, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Sore Legs, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworm, Scurvy, Itch, Scaly or Rough Skin, Humors, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Back and Limbs, Dropsical Swellings, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Diseases of the Urinary Passages, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever and Ague, Inward Fever, Piles, Fistula, Files, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Head, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Spasms, Sick Stomach, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Convulsions, Nervous Irritability, Low Spirits, Hysterics, Diseases of a Nervous Nature, Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, Involuntary Discharges, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Barrenness, Loss of Power, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hypochondria, Melancholy, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Cramps, Pains in the Back, Heat of the Body, Flushing of the Body, Restlessness, Trembling, Wakefulness, Dullness of the Eyes, Blushings, Nervous Apprehensions, Confusion of Ideas, Sadness, Fretfulness, Seminal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Prostration, Universal Debility, Exhaustion, Decay, Old Age, Loss of Memory, Epilepsy or Fits, Paralysis or Palsy, Hypochondria

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, August 15, 1861.



MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE. This Committee met at Worcester yesterday, to consider what action the party should take in reference to the coming State election. Moses Bates, of Plymouth, presided. Mr. Edward Avery, of Braintree, moved that a Democratic State Convention be called in September. He ventured the opinion that if the country was to be saved, it would be upon the Democratic principle, and here in Massachusetts was the place to bring it before the people.

Mr. Henry Emery, of Lowell, said that since the meeting of the Committee had been called, the Democrats of Lowell and vicinity had met and talked the matter over, and come to certain conclusions which he had endeavored to embody in a series of resolutions. By unanimous consent, Mr. Emery submitted them, stating at the same time that whatever course the Committee should see fit to take with reference to a distinct party call, he should go with them, and he did not doubt that his constituents would. The resolutions were in substance as follows:—That the Federal Government is not responsible for its very existence with traitors. That it is the duty and pleasure of the Democratic party to support the Government in the legitimate prosecution of the war to the bitt. That no secession sympathizer or National Convention ought to be held until the states and stripes are raised in each and every State in the Union. That it is the duty of Congress to expel such members as express disaffection to the war. That it is the duty of this Committee to call a convention, to which conservative ret ens of all parties should be invited, to be called the People's Union Convention, which shall nominate candidates for state integrity, who are not surrounded by cliques of needy politicians. That the Legislature should adopt all the amendments to the Constitution passed by the 36th Congress. That however we may be disposed toward the misguided masses in the South, the chief rebels and traitors should receive the punishment treason deserves. That we call upon all Democrats to support the war, not as a war for abolition or victory, or to interfere in any way with the rights of any slaveholding States, but to sustain the Union; and that we accomplish this end we will lay down party lines and devote all our means to raise and support the Union which our forefathers gave us we will defend at any sacrifice of life and property.

Mr. G. W. Whitney, of Winchendon, was in favor of sustaining the Administration, and said that he thought no party at the North was responsible for the war. It was the work of ambitious leaders at the South. Mr. Lincoln was the head of the Government, and if he was overstepped the constitutional limits, in some instances, we must support him on the great question of maintaining the Government.

Mr. Avery was against sustaining the Administration, and accused of it bringing this war upon us.

Mr. A. O. Seamans, of Springfield, feared that the Government was not capable of sustaining itself, yet so long as God gave him breath, he would not sanction a Southern Confederacy, and if the present Government could not bring the war to a termination without doing so, he would rather see a military dictator in its place.

It was finally agreed to call a Democratic State Convention, to meet at Worcester, September 18th, to nominate state officers, each city and town to have one delegate and one additional for every 25 Democratic votes cast for Governor at the last election. [Are the votes for Beach and Butler to be added together, or that of only the former taken?] They invite all citizens to unite in selecting delegates, who agree that the present crisis demands the subordination of the interests of "party" to that of the country; who believe that the vigorous prosecution of the war should be accompanied by the most liberal proffers of peace; who seek the restoration of the Union by extending equal justice to all the States; who regard no war or peace defensible which is based upon principles of the ultimate separation of these States; who, while willing to oppose secession all the resources of the country, consider sectionalism at the North as a pregnant source of the evils that effect us, and demand that public affairs shall be conducted in accordance with those principles of constitutional duty and patriotism; and who agree that justice to our soldiers and our tax-payers demands the immediate institution of a more rigid administration of expenditures and the exposure of corrupt men from office.

The "sectionalism at the North" clause is not very comprehensible. If it is sectionalism to believe in the right of States to govern their own institutions, whether "peculiar" or otherwise, and the right of the majority to control the rights of minority to yield—in short, to believe in the people—then the Republicans have been sectional and are likely to be so.

GOOD ADVICE. The *New York Times*, in an article in relation to political affairs in that State, says:—"The duty of the Republican Party would be, not to imitate the impolicy of the Democratic Committee. We hold the majority in the State. Let us appeal from the Democratic Committee to the Democratic masses, and propose such a ticket for their self-sages as all fair Democrats shall say is just and liberal to them. We do not fear the result, in the resent temper of the people."

AN AGENT OF THE SOUTH AT ST. JOHN, N. B. A Boston gentleman, writing from St. John, N. B., says that J. B. Lafitte, of Charleston, S. C., is stopping at a hotel in that city, and that drafts are made on him for the payment of goods recently purchased in Boston, which are needed by the Southern Confederacy. He is endeavoring to induce ship owners to try to run the blockade, with cargoes of goods such as are wanted at the South.

THE WAR NEWS.

Brig. Gen. Hunter, who was wounded at Bull Run, has been promoted to a Major General of volunteers, and is detailed to command a division of Illinois troops. Gen. Sickles has been appointed to the eastern shore of the Potomac, four miles below Washington.

The rebel Congress has extended its military jurisdiction over Maryland, Delaware and Missouri!

Col. Farnham, of the Fire Zouaves, died yesterday morning of the wounds received in the late battle.

There is nothing important from Gen. Banks's division. There are indications of the presence of quite a force of rebels in the vicinity, who are as usual annoying Union men.

A severe skirmish in Western Virginia—Capt. Dayton, of the Fourth Virginia (Western) Regiment, was sent out to find and disarm a party of rebels who were reported to be secretly organized in the town of Webster. After scouting some time, they suddenly came upon them at noon, and after an hour of severe fighting succeeded in killing twenty-one and putting the rest to flight, without loss. The rebels numbered 200, composed of the worst characters in the county, led by Jack Cochran, sheriff under Gov. Letcher's rule.

Nashville.—The secretary of the Navy has issued orders for the construction of five of the twelve new side wheel gunboats authorized by the last Congress. They are to be built at the following yards:—Kittery, Me.; two; Charlestown, one; Brooklyn, one; Philadelphia, one. The other seven steamers are to be constructed outside of the navy yard contract. There are two or more iron clad steamers also to be built by private parties. The contracts are to be issued soon. Two of the seven steam sloops authorized by the last Congress, were, at the close of construction at the Kittery yard, are being fast completed. One of the two will be ready for sea weeks if engines are ready, and the other in about five weeks.

Position of the Indians. The Commissioner of Indian affairs is about to issue instructions to the Indian territory and Nebraska on business of the Bureau. The Government has no official advices that other than the half-breed tribes in the Indian territory west of the Mississippi have entered the Confederate service. The forts there having been abandoned by U. S. troops the Indians there supposed to be loyal have been intimidated by disunionists or deceived by promises depending on fulfillment. Outside of the above named territory the savagines have not risen against our authority.

Orders issued. By order of the War department, the forces from Ohio, Indiana and Illinois are wholly ordered now in Missouri to reinforce General Siegel.

Orders went yesterday to Col. Burke, now commanding Fort Lafayette, not to release the Baltimore Police Commissioners, and to defend himself, if attacked; and to Col. Scott, to reinforce him, if necessary.

Special dispatches from Washington state that General Anderson, though advised by physicians to refrain from active duty, is determined to take the field at once.

"OUR FIRE" AGAIN. The war is likely to bring John's Jessie, Mrs. Fremont, into notice again. The Washington letter-writers have discovered from private letters from Gen. Fremont, that he spoke of the great assistance of which his wife is rendering him in this most serious contest. She acts as his private secretary, writing many of his most important business letters, and taking notes of his conversation with officers on matters of moment.

Mary O'Connor, the Volunteer's Wife.

BY MARY A. DENNIS.

Aw' here I was told to come here to your house,
To see if you'd write a few words to me Pat:
He's gone for a soger in Master O'Connor,
Will a stripe on his arm and a band to his hat.

Aw' what'll you tell him? oh ought to be shy
For such as your honor to spake wid the Irish,
And say I'm all right and that sargeants they
(She lafe, for Ireland, is better again.

For when he was off to his aide as an O'Gidee,
who niver held up his knee eyes to his icon,
And when I'm in coort I'll look but the wider,
And say would I wish for the country a dragoon?

Aw left her in coort and I'm sure I'm obleeged to,
And follow'ed the flag with an Irishwoman's joy,
O Mary, says I, I know all the great drums a scolding,
And a bullet goes straight to the heart of my boy.

And it isn't my self is not one bit of his aunty,
For the rest, and the doctor's bill, due in a week?
Shure I'm a right to spake for my husband's cousin,
Ah! faith I've no right wid such freedom to speak.

You've answered my letter, and give you trouble?
I'll find some one wid'n' I can't I will write;
Aw! I'm a poor woman and don't know the alphabet,
Yet honor, don't blame me—but read it to me.

What!—Parton O'Connor?—oh no, it's some other;
Dead!—dead!—oh, I'm kilt—the grief drives me crazy;
Dead! dead! why the kiss on the cheek of his mother
Hi hasn't had time yet, for home, to die!

Don't tell me—it's not me's home—O! God, am I crazy?
Most dead!—oh! my love of a husband is he!
Aw! what'll I do in the world wid poor Danny?
O! how will you tell Father Tom what will I do?

The room is so dark—I'm not sooin' yer honor!
Aw! I'm a poor woman and don't know the alphabet,
Some shmp but the sorrow I'll larn it, I promise,
But never a long-day, wishin' it to her eye.

—*Boston Traveller.*

How DEPUTY THE SECESSION PLOT WAS LAID.

A correspondent of the *New York Independent*, writing from London, gives some interesting facts, showing the breadth and depth of the secession conspiracy against the peace and integrity of our Government. The revelation makes some things plain which had heretofore seemed mysterious, and accounts for, but fail to justify, the tortuous and disagreeable course of the English press and ministry. We make the following extract from the correspondent's revelation:—

"I said that the first convictions were that the rebellion would be a success, and that the destruction of the Union was inevitable. Now this conviction was not innate; it was produced by the operation of appropriate means—means which convinced the *London Times* and other papers—means which convinced leading shipping and manufacturing interests—means which convinced members of Parliament, and, in short, a large share of people generally. Here I stop to tell you what old thus powerfully operate and so deeply move all the selfish interests of this people. A few days since, while conversing with the editor of one of the most reliable men, on the American trouble, I expressed my amazement that with all the demonstrations of anti-slavery sentiment in England, there should be such sympathy for the South, and so much coolness toward the North, and that there should be such confidence in the success of the South. He fixed his eye on me for a moment most searchingly, and then said, 'I can explain it all. I tell you that the programme of the secession was well known here in England before a single blow was struck in America.' 'Then I can hardly believe it.' 'Believe it or not, as you please, but I *know* it to be a fact.' Parliament, in this very room where we are now sitting, detailed the whole plan to me last winter, and the proposals having been known to a number of the members of Parliament. He stated that the cotton and navy would be dispersed—that the treasury would be emptied and brought into debt—that the north would be void of war at the North would be removed to the Southern coast—that those forts would all be seized by the Confederates—that they would rush upon Washington, holding it by force of arms—that they would set up the Government and destroy the Union—that the South were all united, and that they had the finest army ever known—that North as alive, so that there would be no hope for them. They must submit, and on the terms the South should dictate.' 'I am much obliged to you for this information, but how can you say that it is true?' With a smile on his face, and a knowing shake in his head, he said, '*I do know it. And their agents here*, authorized to communicate and to act. Those, under pledges of secrecy, and with the promise of high appointments, to self-interest, revealed to me. When any man inquired of the ambassador for information, the oracle was dumb. When they applied to the consul, it was still confirmed. And when the secession began and progressed, as the programme stated, with nothing to impede it as long as Buchanan's term lasted; and when Lincoln was with difficulty inaugurated, and the capital threatened—when Maryland and Virginia played the part marked in the bill of fare, do you wonder that the feeling was that success would be on our cross? Do you wonder that editors spoke as they did in their columns, or that men of business and manufacturers felt as they did, or that Members of Parliament were forward to express their opinions, or that John Russell made haste to recognize them as a 'belligerent power?' But the programme has not all been carried out, and probably will not be. We have a strong party, and there will be a corresponding change in public sentiment, but it will take a little time."

LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW. The July number of this periodical opens with a discriminative criticism of the works of De Quincy, followed by another of the same character of Bulwer's novel "Night and Morning." The English translators of Virgil are made the theme of a criticism, which will be read with interest by students of the classics of Maine's Ancient Law will be by lawyers. In the article on Scottish Character is given the cream of many recent works on Scotland and the Scotch, with an occasional side thrust at Buckle's dark picture of Scotland in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. This number also contains a lengthy historical article on Russia, by Count Amour, and an excellent biographical account of the lamented Cavour. But for Americans, the article on Democracy on its Trial, will be the most interesting current. The writer is far too hasty in concluding that "the republican bubble has burst," and that American democracy "has ended from the effects of over-action and premature old age." His conclusion that the present disruption of the Union is to be final, will not find acceptance until after battle.

HAMILTON R. GAMBLE, the new Governor of Missouri, has issued a proclamation ordering an election to be held in that State on the second Monday in November, Monday, the 4th of November. On the day the people will also vote for or against endorsing the action of the State Convention recently held.

REV. ROBERT J. BRECKINRIDGE preached an eloquent sermon in Baltimore last Sunday, and it is said what the nephew did to advance the cause of Secessionism in the city has been more than undone by the uncle in his powerful appeals sustaining the Union.

NOBLE RESPONSE OF THE BANKS. The banks of New York, Boston and Philadelphia have agreed to take $50,000,000 of the Government loan. They to be sole recipients of treasury notes.

FOR EUROPE. A letter in the *New York World*, dated "Campsite near Hampton, August 11th," has the following brief paragraph:—"Gen. Scott has informed us most reliable authority, on my arrival at the fortress to mail this letter, that General Butler received this morning an order from the War Department transferring him to McClellan's division, and that Gen. Weol will be put in command at this post." The intelligence emanates from a source which makes it probably will not be. Things are changed, and there will be no contraband men, women and children, but it will take a little time."

LOWELL TROTTING CLUB. Arrangements have been made to have the trot, postponed yesterday, between "St. Lawrence Maid," "Lady Palmer" and "Nellie Barker" take place to-morrow afternoon at half past two o'clock, on the trotting course, at the Agricultural Fair Grounds. The trot will be a very contested one. Admission, for gentlemen 25 cents; ladies free. Should the weather prove stormy the trot will take place the next fair day at the same hour.

GOOD PLUCK. Since the late battle at Bull Run, Hon. Isaac Hinds, whose banking offices opened here, and many men have been recruited to fill up the various companies not belonging to the city proper, besides those in the regiments now in service, or are in service now.—The war spirit has not subsided, and when greater danger appears those of "olde time" will be "all in" to defend the stars and stripes, if need be.

PRICES OF PROVISIONS. Consumers are favored by the low prices of nearly all kinds of provisions, bread stuffs, and country produce. A good quality of flour can be bought at from $4 to $4 50 per barrel, butter from 16 to 18 cents, cheese for 8 and 10 cents, while all kinds of vegetables are reasonably low. Meats do not show such decline as yet, though we look for lower prices this fall. Fish are scarce and command high prices.

JURORS DRAWN. At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen yesterday afternoon the following traverse jurors were drawn for the civil term of the Superior Court, to be holden in this city on the first Monday in September next:—Luther Richards, Dix C. Fletcher, Albert W. Fox and Benj. Walker.

PRIHAM. The good people of Lowell who frequent Wilson Dale, must be somewhat bear in mind that the citizens of Pelham, or at least such as choose to do so, have "full swing" at the Dale, having hired the premises for the day. Don't intrude unless invited, (and if you are invited you will not intrude).

OBT. John H. McAlvin, our steadygoing and efficient City Clerk, has laid down his industrious pen and is now on a "furlough" in the country. Hope he will enjoy the luxuries and beauties and the society of his many friends in the "old Granite State" to which he has gone.

INTENT FOR DESIGNS. During the week ending August 13th, seven patents for designs for carpet patterns were granted to Elemir J. Nay, of Lowell, assignor to Lowell Manufacturing Company.

LOWELL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY. The third regular exhibition of this Society will take place at Mechanics' Hall, on Wednesday afternoon and evening of next week.

POLICE COURT. Not a thing before this tribunal to-day.

CITY AND VICINITY

Post Office, Lowell, August 14, 1861.

☞ A new style of STAMPED ENVELOPES has been established for Home Letters in use.

The old issue will not be received after the 20th inst.

Persons having the Stamped Envelopes of the old style on hand can exchange the same for those of the 20th inst., by application to the postmaster of Lowell, until the 15th of September next.

aug14d1w JOHN A. GODDWIN, P. M.

WANTED,

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A., 200 able-bodied Men between the ages of 18 and 35 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay from $13 to $16 per month.

Each recruit will receive clothing, and medical attendance and subsistence provided by the Government without charge, and a bounty of $100 at the end of his term of service.

Any officer authorizing the enlistment of the Regular Army, provides that those who enlist "shall be entitled to the same bounty in every respect, as those allowed, or to be allowed to the men of the volunteer forces."

By good conduct and attention to duties a soldier may be promoted to the position of a non-commissioned officer, and from this class, (it is provided, that there shall be no more than one to a company) a second lieutenant may be selected.

Application may also be made under the regulations of the Army and Navy.

Apply at No 27 Market Street, Lowell, Mass., to CHARLES H. ALLEN, Recruiting Officer.

Cash, 11th Infantry, Recruiting Officer.

August 12, 1861. 3m

WANTED.

A young man, who is employed as Book-keeper, Invoice Clerk, Salesman, &c., in a wholesale store, wishes employment either as Copy ist or Accountant. Is of excellent character. Address "Box 282" Lowell City Office. aug7 3m

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Job Printing Office to the Basement of Merrill's Block, No. 31 Merrimack Street—head of Central Street

May 31, 1861. may31tf

CATTLE SHOW. The annual exhibition of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society will take place on the grounds of the Society, in this city, four weeks from to-day. There will be the usual exhibition of vegetables, fruit, manufactured articles, &c., &c., besides building, and stock and poultry on the ground outside. In addition there will be a plowing match, show of horses, trial of working oxen and bulls, trial of speed of horses, show of working-oxen by teams, spading match, trial of speed of upper hall, and an address. The reports and awards will be announced after the address. A. D. Farr has been selected as Chief Marshal, and Col. Wm. Barrett, of Master, and the various committees are men in whom the members of the Society can place implicit confidence. We hope to see a good exhibition, one that will gladden the hearts of those who would for a day contrast the peaceful results of husbandry with the sad havoc and distress caused by war.

The following day will be devoted to a show and trial of speed of horses, under the auspices of the Lowell Trotting Club.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 14.

5 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad 103
6 Middlesex Horse Railroad 93 1/4
20 Western Railroad 111 1/4
20 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad 103
$2,000 Boston Hoosatonic Stock 79 7/8

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has no longer an interest in Jewett's Exchange, near the Middlesex, from which he withdrew A. M., where he would be happy to serve his friends and former customers at the old stand.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or wood promptly attended to.

A. J. RIDEOUT.

Lowell, July 26, 1861. 1y30m

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via, any of the through Routes, can be obtained at the Office of the Agent for tickets for Island Pond, Stanstead, Sherbrooke, and all points on Grand Trunk Railroad.

H. W. BRICKETT, Agent,

Telegraph Office, Merchants Block, Street Entrance.

may11 3m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the Government of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun26tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

C. B. Coburn, President.
S. Kennedy, Secretary.
L. G. Hoar, Treasurer.

Directors:
C. B. Coburn, W. Hackley, P. S. Richardson,
H. Hosford, A. Bigelow, Jr.,
S. Kennedy, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment has ever been made, and the Cash Capital and Surplus is $50,000, 81, with unpaid notes to the amount of $50,000. The Stock Department is confined to Factory, Store and Mercantile risks in Lowell and vicinity. A Trustee of Middlesex County is President of the Company, which is now prepared to do any business with a substantial cash basis.

In the Mutual Department the assets are over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and property of all kinds insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office No. 5 Merrimack Block, (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Agent and Clerk.

Lowell, July 13, 1861. jy16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It burns all coals,
It burns up cleaner,
It burns less coal,
It burns longer,
Than any other free-burning coal. And the only place in Lowell to get it is at EDWARD WHALE, Western Avenue, and of our agent, EDWARD WHALE, 15 Tremont Street, Boston. may9 1m

"BUT ME AND PAL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple in the face to the worst scrofula; Dyspepsia; Headache; Piles; Dysentery; Indigestion; Costiveness; Female Irregularities; and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach and bowels, or from impure blood. They purify the blood, and impart new life and vigor to the whole system. They are made entirely from roots and herbs, and contain no mineral nor alcohol. Be sure you get the right kind. Ask for Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, and take no other. Prepared only by the proprietor, SAMUEL O. WELLS, 120 Washington Street, Boston, and sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere.

Dr. Langley's Vegetable Cathartic Pills are the best physic for children, as they are sugar coated, and do not gripe. Price 25 cents per box.

Dr. Langley's Vegetable Liniment cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Throat, Croup, Diphtheria, Toothache, Earache, Sore Eyes, Sore Breast, Sore Nipples, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Felons, Whitlows, Corns, Bunions, Sore Feet, Sore Legs, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Piles, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Barber's Itch, Ringworm, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chronic Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Heads, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Mumps, Swellings, Lumbago, Pains in the Back, Chest, Limbs and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps, Colic, Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Sick Headache, Pains in the Side, Female Weakness, Pains and Aches of all kinds. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Dr. Langley's Vegetable Cough Balsam cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Pain in the Side and Breast, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Inflammation of the Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Price 25 cents, 50 cents and $1 per bottle.

Dr. Langley's Vegetable Pain Killer cures Pain, Inflammation, Soreness, Lameness, Stiffness, Numbness, Contraction of the Muscles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Throat, Croup, Diphtheria, Toothache, Earache, Sore Eyes, Sore Breast, Sore Nipples, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Felons, Whitlows, Corns, Bunions, Sore Feet, Sore Legs, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Piles, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Barber's Itch, Ringworm, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chronic Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Heads, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Mumps, Swellings, Lumbago, Pains in the Back, Chest, Limbs and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps, Colic, Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Sick Headache, Pains in the Side, Female Weakness, Pains and Aches of all kinds. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Dr. Langley's Vegetable Diuretic cures Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Complaints, Gonorrhœa, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Scrofula, Impurities of the Blood, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Sore Breast, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Mumps, Swellings, Lumbago, Pains in the Back, Chest, Limbs and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps, Colic, Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Sick Headache, Pains in the Side, Female Weakness, Pains and Aches of all kinds. Price 50 cents per bottle.

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CHAMBERLIN'S

BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON HOUSE, No. 71 Central Street.

would inform his friends and former patrons that he has taken the above Hall, where he will be pleased to see them, and hopes by keeping a quiet, first-class place, to merit the patronage of our first citizens, who desire the exercise of this beautiful game free from interference.

Lowell, March 11, 1861. CHESTER CHAMBERLIN.

WESTFORD ACADEMY.

THE Fall Term will commence on WEDNESDAY, August 21st, under the care of Mr. RICHARD STORRS and Miss M. R. BOSSON.

S. D. FLETCHER, Secretary.

Westford, July 15, 1861. 1716d3w

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$250,000.

The above Companies written property at as low rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and STORES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,

No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.

July, 1859. 19tf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, No. 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.

April 9, 1860. 19tf

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The Dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged FORTY PER CENT.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first class Bonds worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy holders.

Premiums received from Cossge in Ten Minutes After Issue of Policy.

Reduced Rates for Young Lives.

Where age or sickness has barred it, pay, and that is the only reason for refusing.

USE NOTHING ELSE.

Hold everywhere—Price 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. R. H. MACY & CO., N. Y.

Sold by all druggists. R. H. MACY & CO., N. Y.

Sold by all druggists. R. H. MACY & CO., N. Y.

Sold by all

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
STANDS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks' time there was not a gray hair to be found; another has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair is now ever luxuriant, healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine for a form where mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones than those at the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last three or four years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons who have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half price; and after a second or two or three articles of the same character as above, which I have no doubt were worthless, and consisting the people were without an article that would restore their hair, I succeeded in getting them to procure a bottle of yours.

Apparently, some of those charlatans have not been enough to write an acknowledgment of information and imbibility in its curative effects, with that justice we leave our readers to judge of. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well aware of its value, like the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its sanctions and proprietors claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is unexcelled by anything we know of. In time of grauer on exhausted land, it brings its crop where ever applied. In case of baldness, unfortunately healthy, but we advise our friends with sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbian Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ASSASSINATED — WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Prof. Wood wants no endorsement to sustain his claims; whose attention has been turned to inventing a hair tonic has ever been known to equal this. His *Wigs* is sudden but world wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or have bald for years are now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural hair in place of a false covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the knowledge of the laws and functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied out the nature of the hair, its nourishment, its diseases, and how to restore the decayed vitality of that element; it saw at once that the hair, of gray hair is unnatural unless the scalp and be intimately associated with disease, and he believed that it could be naturally revitalized. That the hair could be naturally, laid and quite gray and he was successful; he restored his hair to the age of thirty-seven—luxuriance, and the article he did it with, he gave to the world. Call WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married* and *single* ladies, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstruction, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. The may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, still without the least injury to health in any case.—It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, securely packed to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

EF *This remedy is strongly recommended expressly for* ORDINARY CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the money will be refunded.*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted but those purchased directly of *Dr. M.* at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

EF Dr. Mattison's correspondence with all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by carefully studying physical symptoms and extensive practice, giving his *whole attention* to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who are recommending your Remedies, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons who have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half price; and after a second or two or three articles of the same character as above, which I have no doubt were worthless, and consisting the people were without an article that would restore their hair, I succeeded in getting them to procure a bottle of yours.

Providence, R. I. Dr. MATTISON.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.	Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, *THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.*

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, of white or fancy colored papers.

EF *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and cheap kinds, and colored CARDS adapt ed to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE. }

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

29 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames of

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Handed in.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24eft

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

SOLD, under and repaired. Under in Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

F	A	V	O	R	I	T	E																		

THE DAILY COURIER.
Friday, August 16, 1861.

MAINE DEMOCRACY. The Maine Democrats held a State Convention at Augusta on Wednesday, which finally broke up in a row. Mr. Osgood, of Fryeburg, offered a resolution "that the action of the Administration to reconstruct the Union by force is practical disunion." This treasonable resolution was referred to the committee on resolves. The Convention finally organized and proceeded to—(fight—we came near saying) business. A report of two columns in the *Boston Journal* of this morning is interlarded in nearly every sentence with "hisses, groans and cheers." Two series of resolutions were presented to the Convention, one being patriotic in many expressions, though decidedly condemnatory of the Administration and the Republicans, while the other was out-and-out disunion, sufficient to suit the taste of Davis or Yancey. Among other things it is declared "that the reconstruction of the Union by force against the embittered feeling and united strength of nearly one half the States, is a palpable absurdity," thus sending "aid and comfort" to the enemy. We almost blush to say the treasonable resolutions were substituted for the majority report by a vote of 240 yeas to 160 nays. The result was that the Convention split, the disunion wing nominating for Governor John W. Dana, of Fryeburg, who was Governor for the term of 1856-7. The Union wing nominated Col. Charles D. Jameson, of Orono, who is now commander of the Second Maine Regiment, and who was wounded in the battle of Bull Run. We hope that the patriotic portion of the party and the Republicans will in some manner act together, and teach the disunionists that their sympathies are discarded by the loyal people of Maine.

THE TREASURY NOTES. It is announced that an official report of the action of the banks and an immediate issue of Treasury notes will be made by the Treasury Department, dated August 19th, 1861, and bearing interest from that date at 7 per cent, to the extent of $50 000,000. The banks of New York, Boston and Philadelphia associated to take during this fifty million at par, with the privilege of taking at par an additional fifty million October 15th, by giving their decision to the department October 1st, and also fifty million at par December 15th, by giving their decision December 1st, unless the said amount shall have been previously subscribed at a national loan. It being understood and agreed that no other government stocks, bonds or Treasury notes except those payable on demand shall be negotiated or paid by the government until February 22d, 1862, should the associates avail themselves of both privileges or until December 19th, 1861, should they avail themselves of the first only—or until Oct. 15th, 1861, if they take but the present 50 million—except that the Government may negotiate in Europe, or through subscriptions to the national loan.

Judging from the tone of the English press, it looks as if there might be some difficulty in effecting loans in England should they be sought. The leading London journals have come out decidedly against English capitalists taking any; but until they are asked to do so, it is hardly worth while for John Bull's watchful guardians to spend much time in showing the unsatisfactory condition of our affairs and the risk that capitalists run in loaning us money.

POLITICAL. The Union State Convention of Maryland, has nominated Augustus G. Bradford for Governor. He is an uncompromising and unconditional Union man, as firm and reliable as Hicks.

The Democratic State Convention, of Ohio, on the 7th inst, passed a series of resolutions to the effect that, "this war is the natural result of misguided secessionism North as well as South, that they are in favor of its vigorous prosecution to maintain the supremacy of the constitution, and to preserve the Union with the rights of all the States unimpaired. They also favor the calling of a National Convention.

The Breckinridge State Committee, of New York, passed resolutions yesterday, denying that the present war is for the preservation of the Union, and in favor of an armistice and a peace convention. They advocate a union of all parties against the Republicans. Matthew McAllister, a member of the Committee, was expelled for accepting office under the present Administration.

The secession convention called at Bangor, Me., yesterday, did not meet. A grand Union meeting was held, however, composed of thousands belonging to this city and the surrounding towns.

John G. Shorter has probably been elected Governor of Alabama, over Thomas H. Watts.

A SHORT AND PATHETIC CORRESPONDENCE. The Secretary of the Rindge (N. H.) Soldiers' Aid Society, in sending some Articles to the State Society, says:—"One pair of the socks was knitted by a venerable lady of our place, now in her ninety-fourth year. I may add that this was not her first or her greatest offering to her beloved country. She has already given up her only son and a favorite grandson to go to the seat of war. The former, Dr. Kimball of Lowell, went as Surgeon to Gen. Butler's Regiment, the other, Dr. Sanborn of Rutland, as Surgeon to the 1st Vermont Regiment."

A POST of police on Monday night seized among other things a loaded Minie rifle in a private house in Baltimore, together with a cavalry sword; which were taken from the Massachusetts Sixth on the memorable 19th of April.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

Dispatches say that Gen. Butler has been authorized to return, and raise a division of 5000 men in Massachusetts, and will be granted leave of absence to superintend its organization.

A dispatch from Memphis reports a battle at Chatteboo, No., between the rebels under Jeff. Thompson, and the Federal troops. The latter were driven back with great loss.

[There cannot have been a large number of troops at Charleston, as but one regiment has been stationed there, if we remember correctly, and that is reported to have been withdrawn within a few days. Charleston is about ten or fifteen miles from Cairo.]

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

Missouri.—There are many rumors from this State, but nothing that is reliable is of any importance. Gen. Fremont has ordered a re-organization of the Federal reserve in St. Louis, to comprise five regiments of infantry with a reserve of two companies to each, two squadrons of cavalry and two light artillery batteries, and to be required to enlist for the war, and subject to the same regulations and pay as volunteers. Each regiment is designed to have one company of sharp shooters and pioneers. Provost Marshal McKinstry has issued a proclamation calling on all good citizens to obey the rules it has been necessary to establish in order to ensure and preserve the public peace. The city is under martial law, and the military authority will only be used when the civil law proves inadequate to maintain the public safety. The *Evening Missouri* and *Bulletin*, two rebel papers have been suppressed.

The reports of Gen. Hardee marching on Pilot Knob and the destruction of the railbridges of the Iron Mountain Railroad, prove to be false.

Gen. Siegel was at last accounts encamped 50 miles west of Rolla, and was to move forward on Springfield, where he will not suffiquating any trouble from the rebels. Some further accounts of the late battle have been published in the Missouri papers.

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boat corps in the case of the Baltimore Police Commissioners. Gen. Duryea replied about 1400 men, but the county was in possession of no artillery sufficiently powerful to make an impression on Fort Lafayette and it would require between 5000 or 10,000 men to take them. So the matter rests for the present.

The United States Marshals for Maine Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania Eastern District and Delaware, were in New York yesterday, in consultation with the Marshal of New York, to adopt measures to prevent the fitting out of slavers at northern ports.

Hon. James Buffington, M. C. from the Second District, will join his regiment at Washington next week. He serves as a private.

The report that Garibaldi is coming to this country probably has not the slightest foundation. The editor of the *Philadelphia Press* says that a gentleman in Washington has received a letter from Garibaldi's son, in which it is stated that the trouble in this country was looked upon as a sort of family quarrel, in which he (Garibaldi) would not be called upon to interfere, and that the Government was able to settle it without foreign assistance.

Gen. Twiggs is constructing works of defence. The Galveston *Delta* says $100,000 is placed at his disposal.

NOTES FROM THE SEA.

PORTLAND HARBOR, August 15th, 1861.

Magnificent Storm. At this 4 o'clock, P. M., we are enjoying a storm here, which *landsmen* and *landswomen* rarely have an opportunity of witnessing. The sea is rolling, and the angry, curling waves are dashing up on the rocks, throwing the spray high up in the air. All about we see the billows rolling in, their tops covered with white foam. Having closed the letter, I went out about the door, as you say on land, we are all wandering from window to window to enjoy the grand spectacle.—There is a heavy gale, except almost at the risk of being blown away, but what matters that? Our vessel rides with a well supplied larder, billiards, the everlasting domino, whist, singing, and the enjoyment of nature's grandest scenes, so we are having the pleasantest storm out here at sea you ever dreamed of. For several days the ladies have been hoping for a storm, and they are now gratified to their heart's content, and they are the most lively enjoyment in the scene. It is a scene, indeed, to look upon with sight, the stormy, tempestuous waters all around, and we calmly and comfortably seated on this little rock-bound island in the midst of all, without exposure or danger, and looking out with delight upon the great, mad ocean and its tumbling and roaring waves. You know that it is rare that you find a watering place on or near the shore—this, where you have so many comforts of the sea in fair weather, and they are many here this summer, notwithstanding all the fair weather comforts of the place, will long remember the storm of '61, and the sight of this grand storm, so unusual at this season of the year.

Yanking. They have done better than usual in fishing here this summer. Small fish are plenty around the island, and in several instances the catch of cod and haddock made by the visitors has been lucky. A few days ago, a party caught one cod which weighed, together, one hundred and many pounds. Yesterday a party caught one hundred and fifty pounds of cod and haddock (rock fish, scalpin and sealers or-

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 15.
25 Eastern Railroad 91
5 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad 120
30 Boston and Maine Railroad 103 1/4
10 Concord Railroad (cash) 103 1/4
7 Vermont and Mass. Railroad 91
10 Boston and Lowell Railroad (ex div) 93
25 Cambridge Horse Railroad 13
2 Vermont and Canada Railroad 45

CITY AND VICINITY

Part Offine. Lowell, August 14, 1861.

[A few skips of STAMPED ENVELOPES has been substituted for those lately on sale. Another issue will not be received after the 20th instant.

Persons having Honorable Discharges of the old style can exchange them at this office until the 20th inst. Complaints in the county of Lowell, until the 1st of September next.

JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

WANTED,

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A., 300 able-bodied men, between the ages of and 33 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay from $13 to $16 per month.

Soldiers find quarters, clothing, and medical attendance as already provided by the Government for the Army, and receive the same pay.

The full bounty of the Government to the Regular Army, provides that those who enlist shall be entitled to the same bounty in every respect, as those allowed, or to be allowed to the men of the volunteer service.

Any good conduct and attention to duties a soldier's life, will be rewarded by the usual furlough, and other privileges. Deserters, and those guilty of disorderly conduct shall be punished for offences in the manner prescribed by the Articles of War.

Good musicians who may be under the regulation age, will be enlisted as Buglers.

Apply at No 37 Market Street, Lowell, Mass, to

CHARLES C. GRAHAM,
11th Infantry, Recruiting Officer.
August 12, 1861. 3w

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged at Book-keeper, but would like a situation as Salesman. Can give the best of recommendations. Address "Box 264" Lowell Mass. augl4

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Job Printing Office from Merrimack Square to No. 37 Merrimack street—head of Central street. may16dtf

THE SIXTEENTH REGIMENT. From some reason or other this regiment, in which so many other Lowell boys, does not seem to get away from Boston for the seat of war. It was first announced to start last Tuesday, but the storm detained it. It is now reported that it will leave camp tomorrow morning, between eight and nine o'clock. Company I, Capt. H. T. Lawrence, of Lowell, numbers forty-four men, also attached to this regiment.

ASBURY CAMP MEETING. They are having fine weather for the camp meeting at the present time, though the early part of the week was exceedingly disagreeable. Yesterday morning a sermon was preached by Rev. L. R. Thayer, of this city, from John v.: 28, 29, on the resurrection, the subject being well handled. Mr. Thayer has established himself in the front rank of the ministry of the Association, showing that its affairs were in good condition. The meeting will continue through the day to-morrow, closing with a sermon in the afternoon by Rev. Mr. Bowman, of this city.

CONGREGATIONAL APPROPRIATIONS. The following is the weekly average of the appropriations made by Congress during the session which has just closed—the closing item may vary slightly; the others are exact:

Army	$185,296 70
Navy	48,076 92
Legislative	20,000 00
Executive	2,884 61
Judicial	1,923 07
Post Office	38,461 53
Public Buildings	1,923 07
Fortifications	3,846 15
Fund Fortifications	3,846 15
Indian Department	3,846 15
Arms and Ordnance	3,846 15
Miscellaneous	3,846 15
Naval Arsenals	3,846 15
Naval Hospitals	3,846 15
Light Houses	3,846 15
Armed Ships	3,846 15
Naval Steamers	3,846 15
Total	$338,192 09

THE CONTENT OF THE FIRE ZOUAVES AT BULL RUN. It is now settled, says the *New York World*, that the panic at Bull Run was caused by the Fire Zouaves.—Col. Porter, in his official report, states that of his regiment, which was one of the Zouaves prompted them to fire a number of shots, when they broke and fled, leaving the batteries open to a charge of the enemy's cavalry, which took place immediately."

The *World* opposes any attempt to reorganize the regiment. They say they reached home on Wednesday without receiving any of those flattering attentions which have greeted other New York Regiments on their return. Many were *ashamed* to show their personal friends were given, but the great mass of the people were silent.

The *Pensacola (Fla.) Observer* is perhaps prejudiced in its opinions against Wilson's Zouaves. It says of this very moral organization some things that do not seem to be exactly complimentary. We quote one paragraph:—

"It is said that not a single one of Wilson's Zouaves could be found in the hotel and cause to Fort Pickens in, having stolen each other's all around, and that old Harvey Brown has but one suit of clothes left (the one he wears) and has to sleep under a body guard to save them. We hope that Wilson had to put his commission in the inner magazine to keep them from stealing it."

THE RESULT IN KENTUCKY. A letter from Kentucky says the new legislature will consist of 65 Union members in the House out of 100, and 28 Union Senators out of 38.

The new Legislature when it comes together, will probably instruct Breckinridge and Powell, and call upon Gov. Magoffin to answer for some of his misdeeds.

TEXAS. Reliable private advices are reported to have been received at Washington from Texas to the 23d ult., representing the Union sentiment as rather on the increase, and it would be extensively manifested should the Confederate authorities act against the oppressions of the disunionists. The newspapers of that State have perverted the statements made by Gen. Houston, as it is positively known that he has no sympathy with secession. At last accounts he was in quiet seclusion on his farm, awaiting events.

ALTHOUGH so much is said of the rebel army at Bull's Run, we venture to hope that the next battle will be the reverse of Bull's Run.—*Hartford Courier.*

BRIGHAM YOUNG has thrown off his allegiance to the United States government, and is the independence of the Territory of Deseret, of which he is governor. Brigham never did think much of union.

A REFOUND BLOW. The *Newburyport Herald* says "the *New Hampshire Patriot* has changed hands and on Monday evening that length of time. We suppose they were up to Marblehead anytime, but it was very rough, and we all capitulated we would not go near the shore on this side, where you have so many comforts of the sea in fair weather, but they continued here this summer, notwithstanding all the fair weather comforts of the place, will long remember the storm of '61, and the sight of this grand storm, so unusual at this season of the year.

Yanking. They have done better than usual in fishing here this summer. Small fish are plenty around the island, and in several instances the catch of cod and haddock made by the visitors has been lucky. A few days ago, a party caught one cod which weighed, together, one hundred and many pounds. Yesterday a party caught one hundred and fifty pounds of cod and haddock (rock fish, scalpin and sealers or-

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has no connection with the Boston Steam Dye House, Post office, Street, nor will he call on, solicit, or receive any goods for the above establishment.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood will not be attended to. A. L. EDWARDS.
Lowell, Nov. 20, 1860. 1

WESTERN TICKET OFFICE

For all points West, via, any of the through routes. Also, Tickets for Island Pond, Montreal, &c. Leaves for Island Pond, Stanstead, Sherbrooke, and all points east of Montreal by Rail. H. W. BRICKETT, Agent,
Telegraph Office, Merrimack Street Depot.
may11

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have received specimens of advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Messrs. Fiske & Lyon are agents for Lowell and vicinity. jm3dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, R. Woodbury, D. B. Richardson,
Wm. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall, Edward Tuck,
L. G. Hunt, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy16tf

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Furniture and Factories in Lowell, Manchester, Nashua, Lawrence, Lowell Junction and Tyngsboro. Cash Capital is $50,000.81, with deposit notes to the amount of $125,000.00. The Stock Department is confined to the cities and towns in Middlesex County in which agencies are established, and the business is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, Merchandising and Manufacturing risks, and is done on the Cash plan. Loses equitably adjusted, promptly paid.

THE CAPITAL STOCK PAYMENT for cash, accepts for $50,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandising and manufacturing risks taken at fair rates. Losses equitably adjusted, promptly paid.

Office No. 37 Merrimack Square.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It burns slow,
It burns quick,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns in no quantity,
Than any other for burning coal. And the best place to get it is at the Office of the NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY, No. 37 Merrimack Avenue, and 37 Canal street, Lowell. J. H. BRIGGS, Treasurer.
may14dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in 1855, and have used it in over 1000 cases of set, and invariably in the teeth submitted, they are pronounced perfect and unobjectionable. Those who have had teeth inserted on this base, will find the dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber base fully sustained, that it will not corrode any other article used in use, allows any many ounces less in weight in the palate than metal, and is conducive to health by saying that it is equal to everything else, but the only material that will not corrode in the mouth, and is not affected by the fluids and all others, that are equal to any that is used in the mouth. Office at their residence,

Rooms 3 and 5 Savings Bank Building.
Lowell, August 9, 1861. 3m

WAR HAS COME

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in this city and vicinity, and the universal testimony in favor of it is, that it is the best article ever used for all kinds of sores, burns and scalds. Those who have used it, say that it is the best Burn and Scald, among which are Barnaby's Tiffee Drab, Manstein, Thoroughwort Cherry, Dr's Zimmerman's Liver Pills, Sarsaparilla, and salves recently added, all which are highly recommended by those who have used them. Also the celebrated Spring and Summer Medicine for the blood, Whitten's Sarsaparilla, which is highly recommended, and is now considered a standard article. Sold at 25 and 75 cents per bottle.

Whitten's Salve is also put up in a large concentrated form, called Dr. Joseph Whitten's Ointment of Rest and Herb Pills, a wonderful remedy for all kinds of sores, such as Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Fever Sores, and Piles. Sold by all Druggists in Medicines.

Prepared by DR. JOSEPH WHITTEN & CO., Nashua, N. H.

For sale in Lowell by A. BARRY & CO., Druggists, Agents for Lowell.

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN THE MINUTES AFTER USE IS INSURED BY

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

Relievers can now be given to some of the most distressing and dangerous affections of the throat, chiefly, who have used the above remedy with the most perfect success. Sold by all Druggists in Lowell, and by JOHN ARIAS, No. 2 Park Row, N. Y. Sold by wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay st., N. Y. Price 25 cents per box. jy29dtf

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For sale in Lowell by A. BARRY & CO., Druggists, Agents for Lowell.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS.

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is frequently sacrificed by the use of pills said to be superior or emulsion from several irregularities to which the female system is subject at certain periods.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the prescription of Dr. Cheeseman, Physician to the Female Dispensary, London, are the only pills ever introduced successfully to an extended private practice, without containing mercury, calomel, antimony, iron, or other mineral poisons, whether arising from the use of the particular drugs, or from the nauseous combinations necessary to conceal their taste. For removing the pallor, that unnatural shade, sometimes called green sickness, which indicates a disordered state of the blood, and for producing a healthy color to the cheek, they are unequalled. They are also a certain remedy for all nervous affections, and dangerous effects of an untutored confidence in the use of Quack Nostrums. Sold at 25 cents per box.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. 1ap jel4dtm

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Home for Gentlemen, by the 100, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns. Address with the Golden Salve.
may15dtf

"BUY ME AND FILL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, or a disordered state of the stomach, liver, or bowels, in whatever form, climate or constitution they may prevail. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Headache, Costiveness, Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fullness after meals, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Low Spirits, Blotches on the skin, Humors, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Tetter Rose, Ringworm, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfiness, and all Scaly Eruptions of the skin, Internal Piles, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux, Colic, Worms, Fever and Ague, and all Intermittent Fevers, Consumption, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the Side, Back, and Loins, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Gravel, Female Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Head, Tic Doloreux, Epilepsy or Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, Blood Diseases, Scrofula, or Kings Evil, Fever Sores, Scurvy, Mumps, Canker, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Stomach, Female Obstructions, Hysterics, Female Difficulties, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the System, Trembling, Paleness of the Face, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, Sterility, Decay, Barrenness, Loss of Appetite, Female Weakness, Dimness of Sight, Universal Prostration of the System, Female Complaints

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS.

SOLD AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IT is
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after using of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite white, and at least one-third gone. The white spots stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts there mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already; and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in treating the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by putting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, as in continuing the people will patronize an article as no reputation when there is no merit, and it has been proved beyond a doubt.

Physicians of St. Louis and Louisiana have not been enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and heard with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scurf, head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and hair are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,050, will be promptly answered. Your, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I could say a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of this place, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over sixty years of age. For the last twenty years past my hair has been turning grander, by gray, and for the last while was very still coming out. I had used a number of certificates of the very highest power effect of your Hair Restorative that I supposed there was more fiction than truth in the same, if, if, if, entertaining a doubt, I concluded to try it, if possible, restored to its original color and quantity, as it was in my younger days. A beautiful black, I concluded I would make the experiment, commenced using it, and have used one bottle of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using the large bottles at two dollars by it as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair to look like fine silk. The large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change taking place in the color, I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles, and one large one, and the Fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark hair, or light black as any man, or I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the State of Vermont. I have. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and no itch, and free, and hair is falling off and is as soft and fine, and hair is as oily, as though just from the hands of the French chemist. Many of my acquaintances can frequently say to me, "What tell him it was the use of your Restorative." I tell him it was the effects of your Restorative. It is the original possible to restore the original hair of the old gentleman's head.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been for years widely used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the just tribute of endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the few reliable preparations which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Louisville Journal.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and certified preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many authentic certificates in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unblemished character. Don't delay till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are useless humbugs, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whom the ills of baldness almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has restored a rich and glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, while its operation is pleasant to the hair. It also has curative properties familiar description. In many cases it prevents the baldness of the skin disease or wherever it is used. There is no doubt about it. Let a fair trial of this remedy, and its effects are only be beneficial, as the compound, but the cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its component parts are perfectly innocuous—*Boston Transcript, April 23, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOON. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the *sure relief* of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated as a specific action and in addition is in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to judge. Wood's Hair Restorative, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are well assured is not only possessed the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as aid that its merits fully entitle it to claim it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be magical. In time or gradual, but it stops the falling, and in a stop where applied, soon restores it to its original luxuriantly healthy, but we advise our friends with sparsely growing locks to try the restorative.—*Louisville Courier.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT RESTORATIVE has taken the FIELD. Professor Wood's article is not a new discovery, but is the result of years of careful study and experiment. Great attention has been devoted to investing a hair tonic that will restore hair to its original color, and this is now accomplished. The restorative has been tested in every conceivable manner, and has never failed in a single instance. Those who have used it speak in the highest terms of it, and we believe it to be the best article now before the public. We have known Professor Wood for many years, and can recommend him as a gentleman of the highest character and integrity. His word is as good as his bond, and whatever he says in regard to his preparation may be relied upon as the truth. We have used it in our own family, and can say that it has given entire satisfaction. Prepared only by Professor O. J. WOOD, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

CF At No. 444 Broadway will be found at all times the most extensive Family and Fancy Goods Depot in the United States.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, in curing all forms of female complaints, after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best thing ever known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in from one to three days after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large family increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health on *any case.*

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, securely packed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This Remedy is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine unless signed with my name in full, and the word "Dr." at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ The Special attention of all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, is given by the Proprietor, a practice of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Communications by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who wish to remain in the house during a quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that there are more than two millions of females led to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, without any profit to those who pay it. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons living on small salaries, but how much *they can never tell back*, and they are the more completely the victims of deception, as in attempting to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing* themselves. All of course from females, to men who are alike destitute of honor, character, and principle, and who will take no notice, but MAKE INQUIRY.—It will cost you nothing, and may save you much suffering and expense. Many of the victims came out of ten are found, there is no safety in trusting any of them, and the only safe course is to avoid them entirely.

Dr. MATTISON, M. will send free, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, with Private Journal and Directory; also Circulars giving full information, with the names of numerous testimonials, (many without which no advertising physician or medicine can be relied upon) and CERTIFICATE OF CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Letters will be promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. MATTISON as above.

August 7, 1861. aug7eiy

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
To get all kinds of BRITTANIA WARE, go to
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
To get all kinds of TEAS AND COFFEES, go to
To get all kinds of KEROSENE OIL, go to
To get DOWNER'S KEROSENE OIL, go to
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10 ly

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For the hair, and ages sickness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It keeps it in curl.

It is not a dangerous remedy.

It restores the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre

It removes dandruff in effect.

It costs *50 cents* for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR'S,

TEN tons Mapes's Stringopotent Super Phosphate of Lime;
5 tons Mapes No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;
5 tons Cox's Super Phosphate of Lime;
10 tons Russell's Ground, warranted genuine
100 bushels Herds Grass Seed;
20 bales of Best Hay, Northern and Western Clover, Timothy, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.
sep19 3m

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. HAYNES, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and the Cans of all sizes. Hanging side, stand, sacker, hand, centre, store, kitchen, and night lamps. Also a new style for factory purposes. All of the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or in small lots, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the stock at H. S. HAYNES', 45 Merrimack street.
oct26

FELT HATS.

Just received a large lot of Felt Hats, selected from the best factories in New England, comprising some unique and beautiful shapes, well adapted for Spring wear, at
BRAZIER'S
Corner of Hanover Street

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Palmetto, Milan, Canton, Dunstable, Straw and Leghorn Hats. A fresh lot just opened at BRAZIER'S Corner of Hanover Street.
may28

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., will find their wants well supplied at the Bookstore, No. 23 Merrimack street, will find there a large assortment of Stationery, also, No. 47 Merrimack Street.

As I wish to dispose of my old stock of Periodicals, Books, Stationery, &c., I shall continue to sell at cost, for the next 30 days, at my store at the old stand, No. 23 Central st.
J. MERRILL.

BOWLES'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER.

THE best in Carpet Sweeping into a place, and perfected.

A child can operate it.

It is noiseless.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It leaves no lint, and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It sweeps between rods and forwards, and makes a perfect sweep.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child can, can sweep the best carpet without fatigue.

It saves carpets, furniture, books, &c., from the damage and nuisance of the dust that accompanies all broom sweeping.

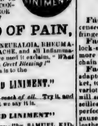
It can be used in a sick room without annoyance to the invalid.

It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.



The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

its own, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

TANEY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores. Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND. RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or flowne of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl marble and enameled cards and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS,

Oval and other Glass, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Solicited.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24eod

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS manufactured, Cane Handles of ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
dec

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

FOR THE BEST
FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN
PROVISIONS
GROCERIES
AND
COUNTRY PRODUCE
GO TO

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Flour Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, No. 43.
apr29 C. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Rogerson's Premium Extract of Cucumber Lotion, Parton Compound or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Rose Cream, Lily White, Pearl Powder, Rouge, &c., for sale at S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Bookstore, No. 23 Central street.

The assortment of Stationery, Periodicals, &c., will find there a full supply.
J. MERRILL.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.—DECORINE, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Marble, Oilcloth, Stoves, &c.*—This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap,* and *convenient* in every family, and a trial of it once will not be dispensed with. Its sweet scent will not *fade* as soon. Its cost is but 25 cents per bottle. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—THE MAGNOLIA BALM is a perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Rough Skin, Sunburn, and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can bear witness to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed. The Albion Corn Plasters, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now in universal use, having been introduced in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares,* and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleaning fine *Hand Paint, Window Glass and Carriage Mouldings,* it is unsurpassed.

It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD AND WELL-ESTABLISHED REMEDY HAS PROVED TO BE A COMPOUND OF

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, BRUISES, or in the more distressing Diseases. All who have used it declare, "What Wonderful Effects it Has Done Me!" Our advice to all sufferers is to Use

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all.* Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. JACKSON & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; W. H. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and retail by leading generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
February 16, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb25dly

MAY JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Granite,

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the Sheffield Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND BOILER LAMPS,

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Tin Ware, which will be delivered to Factories at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, by exchanging for cash purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of Goods in my line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the prices will prove satisfactory. We would refer the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will enable us to offer goods at the bottom of our motto—

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have so generously bestowed upon me during the past year, and a promise to make a fair title of the same, I remain, with sentiments of esteem, your obedient servant,

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
may16 3mth

Klinger's Linocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, &c., &c., and Decorine. It will be found *effectual, cheap,* and a great saving of labor in cleaning. It will be found *convenient* in every family, and a trial of it once will not be dispensed with. Its sweet scent will not *fade* as soon as other articles. Its cost is but 25 cents per bottle. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
may19 ly

Gen. Butler Alo Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW —with the American Eagle & Flag, stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.
may30

VINE PROTECTORS,

AN excellent article. They not only protect the vine from the depredations of bugs, but also from sickness of sun, rain and cold. With careful usage they will last two years. For sale at S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, Agent, Central and Bond Sts.
may30 3m

CABIN YARNS—Warranted pure—for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as the shuttle machines of the same class.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to Family sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin without stopping, and make any stitch desired, from the coarse Duck to the finest Muslin, gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger size.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind or class.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in construction, or less liable to get out of order.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 17.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of N. Y., and the highest Premium at the Fremin for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—Special Agents wanted in both the highest at Le Mesbanier' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—We have the largest Establishment of the kind in the world, and are now turning out daily from 100 to 150 machines.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in use, or the money will be refunded.

Fact No. 12.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in use, or the money will be refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite incredible to persons who have not seen them operate, but the unanimous assent inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the country, is to endorse the truth of the material merits and distinctive characteristics of the "Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine," and this makes we offer the above explicit and unqualified guarantee, which we are prepared to fulfill to the letter. For more reference to certain kinds of professional friends, permit us to refer to those who have purchased and are using them, and who have also testified to the truth of the above statements.

Agents wanted in every town in the United States, to whom we will give the most liberal terms. The gentleman's name is Brodhead, as we have no local agents in this section. Persons desiring to act as agents will please address us personally, or call at our office.

Circulars sent free by mail, on application.

FINKLE & LYON,
536 Broadway, N. Y.
Office of the Jefferson Shuttle, Philipsburg, Pa.
Philipsburg, Pa., Dec. 1, 1860.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure to say to you that your Sewing Machine is the best one we have found. A gentleman of this place has one of your machines, and has used it for some months past, and we have no hesitation in saying that it is far superior to any other machine we have seen. We have used it in our family for some months, and it has given entire satisfaction. We have also used it in our shop, and have found it to be the best machine for leather we have ever seen. We have also used it for sewing canvas, and it has done the work in a manner that could not be excelled by any machine. We have also used it for sewing carpets, and it has done the work in a manner that could not be excelled by any machine. We have also used it for sewing carpets, and it has done the work in a manner that could not be excelled by any machine.

Yours, truly,
JOHN A. GOODWIN & CO.

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever before offered in this city. Call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack st. (Old Number.)
(Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Salve has been in use for over a year, and has effected more cures than any other remedy before the public. It overcomes bruises and paralyzing pains. It heals the most obstinate sores in a few days. It is the only remedy that will cure, or even relieve, the most distressing cases of Piles. It is a sure cure for Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Tetter, Chilblains, Corns, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Felons, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Sore Eyes, Sore Breasts, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, Sore Throat, Sore Nose, Sore Feet, Sore Legs, Sore Heels, Sore Toes, Sore Ankles, Sore Hands, Sore Arms, Sore Shins, Sore Knees, Sore Thighs, Sore Backs, Sore Hips, Sore Sides, Sore Stomach, Sore Bowels, Sore Kidneys, Sore Bladder, Sore Privates, Sore Joints, Sore Muscles, Sore Bones, Sore Ears, Sore Nostrils, Sore Lungs, Sore Chest, Sore Nails, Sore Fingers

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, August 17, 1861.

SHALL WE HAVE PEACE? In two or three States at the West of us, a few timid people for some weeks past have been talking quite earnestly for a peace movement, that there may be a settlement of hostilities between the Government and the rebels. As a subject to keep at rest quietly old women and weaked-back men, we know of none better; they might as well talk of peace as anything else; but "there is no peace" and there can be none, so long as the precise terms on which the new apostles of peace would settle our difficulties, we have not seen or heard named; probably they have none yet to offer, but wisely think that a National Convention at this late day, might patch up the rents and re-establish the state of things that existed formerly. This is entirely impracticable, for the reason that such a convention could not be got together.—The late Peace Congress at Washington, before a gun had been fired, had no representatives from the principal rebel States, and it is morally certain that such a body would not now, after a series of sanguinary conflicts have taken place in the States in which have not been such as to break the belief of the rebels in their ability to overpower the Government and to establish an independent confederacy, succeed in arranging any terms of settlement, unless every demand of the South was acceded to, and to this no one, loyal man would for a moment consent. No one pretends to know on what condition our Southern brethren propose to make peace? Some of the most influential of the Southern papers have declared that nothing less than a full and clear recognition of their "confederacy" could secure it; and others have expressed their willingness to make peace if Lincoln will resign and the General Government will indemnify them for the losses they have sustained in the "maintenance of their rights." Nothing more reasonable than this has been proposed by the rebels, while some declare, that peace is not to be purchased at any price—under no circumstance will the South ever again link its fortunes with the North.

Without one encouraging sign that the rebels would make peace on any conditions not humiliating to the National Government, why do men talk of a settlement of the quarrel? It is not a war of our making; it is resistance to a rebel power that seeks the destruction of the Government, on the foundations of which it would erect one, the character of which can only be conjectured. The Union men in the midst of treason do not want peace now. The silence of the rebels are in a peace mood; over a larger territory than ever before the authority of the Federal Government is unrecognized, and its laws are set at defiance; the lives of loyal men are in danger in every place where the flag of the rebels has taken the place of the wars and stripes, and the property of the Government in the hands of disloyal men is made the instrument of its own destruction.

Some one, in considering this subject, says:—"Eleven States have gone to war against our Union; eleven States, with a canker in the heart of each, defy the arms of twenty-three States, whose limbs are sound and free, and whose heart is unconcerned by any conscious National crime. The list is made up. We have gathered our great armies—we have assessed hundreds of millions of dollars—we have prepared ordnance and munitions of war as if for terrible battle-shocks—we have warned the nations of Europe away from the collision, and promised them to suppress disorders and restore the Union. We have had a few weeks of loitering in Virginia, and the blunders of unskilled men learning war, a little marching up and down, and a skirmish in force at Bull Run, wherein a few big rain-drops of battle fell, (such as precede the real and long enduring storm); and now are we to be told that the drama is over—the fifth and last act is played out —and that we must let the curtain fall down on treason triumphant, a republic dismembered, a nation dig seed, and a government exposed to the absolute derision of mankind?"

No: our armies as I may have not yet had opportunity to put forth their strength, and were not to withdraw and leave the field to the rebels, who would believe be the victims not only of the rebels but of every power that could be profited by assaulting us, if not of sentiment in our midst. The call for peace must not come from the North; she did not make the war; but now she must prosecute it till those who brought it upon us cry for mercy, "Hold!—enough!" Says a gallant and patriotic Southerner—"The true path to peace lies through the preservation of the Union and the Constitution in their full integrity; and the nation has resolved, and resolved wisely, to tread no other path. *And this resolution is not to be reversed.* Twenty millions of freemen stand ready to make it good. Its triumphant execution is recorded in the book of fate. *The Union and the Constitution will be preserved.* The republic will be saved.—Those who aim at its destruction, war against destiny."

BOWDOIN COLLEGE. This college, located in the pleasant town of Brunswick, Me., has turned out 260 clergymen, 811 doctors, (almost a regiment). Eight of its graduates have been Presidents of colleges, forty-three Professors, eighteen Representatives in Congress, seven Senators, four Governors, (Gov. Andrew being one) and one President of the United States, Franklin Pierce. Ex-Gov. Cardozo, of this State, was connected with it as Co-ege for a time, but never graduated.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.—

Washington dispatches to the *New York Herald* say that the rebels are about to attack our lines, and are advancing in different directions. They have thrown out heavy forces on all the roads.

A dispatch from Fayetteville, Ark., says that Gen. Sigel's entire command was captured by Hardee, 20 miles from Springfield. They were pursued from the scene of the battle on Saturday, and are being taken back. This is doubted.

It is reported that Fort Fillmore, and garrison of five hundred men, were captured July 25th, by a force of Texan rebels. Federal loss, thirty killed and wounded.

WAR MATTERS, &c.

Matters in Western Virginia. It is reported by passengers from the West that Gen. Rosencrans with a small command is in a precarious position in a mountain gap in the neighborhood of Big Spring, and a rebel force has cut him off from water.

Captain Davis with fifty men of the New York 26th had a skirmish with rebel cavalry near Annandale on Wednesday afternoon. Three of the rebels were seen to fall from their horses. The cavalry retired and drums were heard immediately at Annandale, showing a rebel force there.

Annandale is three miles south of Bailey's cross roads. Rebel forces are at Bush Hill and Claremont.

The States of Kentucky and Tennessee are to constitute the Department of Cumberland. Gen. Anderson commanding.

Rebel movements. The rebels are said to be erecting a battery at Maryland Point on the Potomac near or opposite Lecsburg, but nothing definite is known in regard to the Confederate troops surrounded them.—Reconnoissance—one, the famous Colonel Knowlton who, as Major, commanded the Confederate loss was small. Several passengers from Manassas this afternoon report this news as current there and generally credited. Some say that a large number of wagons were up to convey property down were captured.

Other matters. Gen. Sumner has been ordered to raise a column of from 5,000 to 10,000 Confederates at march them into Texas and Arkansas. An order has gone to Europe for 150,000 more arms.

Gen. Wool arrived in New York Thursday evening. He was serenaded, and made a patriotic speech in reply. He left yesterday morning for Fortress Monroe.

Colonel Jameson of the Second Maine Regiment has resigned. Colonel Price is now likely to receive a Brigadier General-ship.

J. A. King, a Catholic preacher, has been arrested in New York for abusing the Government and contending that the South are Confederate rights to be recognized, and inducing soldiers to desert.

At Mathias Point, on Thursday afternoon, a boat belonging to the Resolute, containing six men, was fired into by a party of concealed rebels, and three killed, among whom was Thomas Tully, of Boz on. A man named Earnest Walter, belonging in New England, was wounded in the head.

Affairs at St. Louis. A fleet of ten steamers have been taken by Gen. Fremont to prevent their falling into the hands of the rebels. Orders have been issued against giving away or selling fire arms without special permit.

Latest from Missouri. A messenger from Gen. Sigel arrived at St. Louis yesterday, and reports Gen. Sigel fifteen miles this side of Lebanon, expecting to reach Rolla on Friday. He had not been molested. Gen. Lyon was buried on Col. Phelps' farm, near Springfield. It was reported that the rebels had entered Springfield, encamping in and around it. The whole number of killed and wounded on our side in the late battle does not exceed 400, and the messenger states that McCulloch and a number of other traitor officers were killed.

Gen. Banks' division. There is nothing of importance from Gen. Banks' division, from which intelligence has been received up to Thursday last. Nothing is mentioned to give uneasiness to the reports from the South of any of his command having had a conflict with rebels.—The last portion of irregular cavalry were scouting in the section of Martinsburg and daily firing on our pickets and Union fugitives, as well as paying frequent visits to the town. It was reported last night that a party of 130 rebel cavalry captured three men of our Second Cavalry picket, stationed just outside of Harper's Ferry.—The camp remains very quiet. All appear to have perfect confidence in Gen. Banks and staff, as well as the brigade officers.

Parties from Winchester report only 4000 rebels rendezvoused there for drill and discipline, who the rumor are two rebel regiments at Lovett's mill, only eight miles distant.

THE FORT LAFAYETTE HABEAS CORPUS CASE. Many of our readers were puzzled yesterday to make anything intelligible of the paragraph in relation to the appointed Police Commissioners, and the action of Judge Garrison in issuing a writ of *habeas corpus*, ordering the commander of Fort Lafayette to bring the prisoners into his court, &c. Judge Garrison is a small-beer "picayune-county-court judge, who formerly shone somewhat in the rural meetings of New York," and who appears to overstep the decision of Attorney General Bates and the action of Gen. Scott, and perform a feat that shall throw the aged Chief Justice into the shade. He is undoubtedly sloning at a little popularity, and of course is a dirty accessionist, or he never would be meeting his feeble powers to liberate the Baltimore traitors now in the forts and Bastile. The *New York Times* thinks there is something in this movement that needs looking after. It says:—

We have reason to believe that there is a good deal more than meets the eye in this proceeding. Acting on in Brooklyn, having for their object the release of the Baltimore Police Commissioners, now confined in Fort Lafayette. Justice Garrison, it will be remembered, has issued the writ and made some significant suggestions about serving it by and of the military power. His antecedents are not such as to encourage the hope of any very high toned devotion to the interests of the country in the management of the affair. And we have information from a source entitled to credit, that a *Southern* gentleman is now in the city for the express purpose of pushing the matter forward, with a view to bring about a collision between the civil and military authorities of Brooklyn. He is said to be well supplied with money, and to be acting with great zeal and caution in the discharge of his duty. Such accessionists would be very glad to create some disturbance in the city of Brooklyn, and may have turned after killing the entire crew. Even Hudson, a boy of fifteen years of country men, was shot and wounded by the captain of the Speed, and afterward confined in irons and threatened with death. He escaped by the aid of a fellow sailor, who also had been impressed, and is endeavoring to make his way to the North, and wishes to lay the subject before the proper British officials.

Reported battle—Southern account. We have this morning an account of a fight between a force of Gen. Banks' command and the rebels, in which the latter were very badly handled. There is not a single fact existing to show its truthfulness, and we doubt the story, but give it as it comes from the South, as follows:—

New Orleans, August 16th. Gen. Evans, with the 17th and 18th Mississippi regiments, and the 8th Virginia Richmond Howitzers, passed Leesburg on Tuesday morning, in pursuit of 1700 of Gen. Banks's division, who were depredating on this side of the Potomac. Gen. Evans promptly captured them, at the ford, (such is our code the real and long enduring storm); and now are we to be told that the drama is over—the fifth and last act is played out —and that we must let the curtain fall down on treason triumphant, a republic dismembered, a nation dig seed, and a government exposed to the absolute derision of mankind?"

No: our armies as I may have not yet had opportunity to put forth their strength, and were not to withdraw and leave the field to the rebels, who would believe be the victims not only of the rebels but of every power that could be profited by assaulting us, if not of sentiment in our midst. The call for peace must not come from the North; she did not make the war; but now she must prosecute it till those who brought it upon us cry for mercy, "Hold!—enough!" Says a gallant and patriotic Southerner—"The true path to peace lies through the preservation of the Union and the Constitution in their full integrity; and the nation has resolved, and resolved wisely, to tread no other path. *And this resolution is not to be reversed.* Twenty millions of freemen stand ready to make it good. Its triumphant execution is recorded in the book of fate. *The Union and the Constitution will be preserved.* The republic will be saved.—Those who aim at its destruction, war against destiny."

BOWDOIN COLLEGE. This college, located in the pleasant town of Brunswick, Me., has turned out 260 clergymen, 811 doctors, (almost a regiment). Eight of its graduates have been Presidents of colleges, forty-three Professors, eighteen Representatives in Congress, seven Senators, four Governors, (Gov. Andrew being one) and one President of the United States, Franklin Pierce. Ex-Gov. Cardozo, of this State, was connected with it as Co-ege for a time, but never graduated.

Read to the bottom for remaining Family and Personal Read to the bottom for remaining Family and Personal

CITY AND VICINITY

Sunday Services.

REV. HR. BLANCHARD, of Brooklyn, N.Y., will occupy the pulpit of the First Universalist Church, to-morrow.

MRS. MACOMBER will lecture at Wellins' Hall to-morrow morning and afternoon, on the usual hours of service.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, August 17th.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Butter, per lb. 16 a 18c: Cheese do. 8 a 10c; Eggs per doz. 12c.

FRUIT—Oranges, per doz. 25c@30: Lemons do. 6,70: Currents per quart 5c; Gooseberries on 5c: Huckberries do. 8c.: Blackberries do. 5c.: Huckleberries do.: Apples per peck 20c: Grapes per pck. 25c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 8 a 10c; sirloin, steak, 10c.; rump do. 10c.; corned, 6 a 10c.; Lamb, 10 a 12c.; Veal, 9 a 12c.; Pork, salt, 11 a 12c.; fresh, 10c.; shoulders 10c.; ribs, stewed, 10c.; Pork, per lb. 10c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, new, per peck, 30c; Onions, Beetroots, per lb., 5c.; Carrots, per doz. 10c.; Cabbage per peck, 50c.; Beets, per bunch, 5c.; Turnips, per peck, 25c.; Cabbage each 5 a 10c.; Cucumbers, reserved, per lb. 2 a 3; summer do. per doz. 25c.; String Beans per peck, 16c.; Cauliflowers, per doz. 50c.; Green, Corn per doz. 8c.; Shell Beans, per qt. 10c.; Tomatoes, per lb., 4c.; Green Corn, per doz. 10c.

POST OFFICE, Lowell, August 14, 1861.

A new style of STAMPED ENVELOPES has been authorized by Congress, and will be issued the 1st of next month.

Persons having Foreign correspondence will obtain an exchange them at this office until the 25th inst., and Postmasters throughout the country until the 14th of September next.

aug16 2t JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

WANTED,

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A.,

200 able-bodied men between the ages of 18 and 35 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay from $13 to $24 per month.

Good food, comfortable clothing, and medical attendance are provided by the liberality of the government for the soldier's benefit.

Under the recent act of Congress, the Colonel of the Army, provides that those who enlist "shall be entitled to the same bounty, pay, subsistence, and allowances, or to be allowed to the men of the volunteer forces."

By good conduct and attention to duties a soldier may be promoted to the rank of Corporal, Sergeant, and Sergeant Major, and to the rank of Commissioned officer. Meritorious men shall be selected for promotion to the ranks of commissioned officers in the Army.

Good musicians who may be under the regulation height and age, will be enlisted.

Apply at No. 27 Market Street, Lowell Mass, to

CHARLES C. PARKER,

Capt. 11th Infantry, Recruiting Officer.

August 12, 1861. 6ds

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons at liberty, wishes to obtain employment either as Copyist or Accountant. Inquire at this office. aug14 "Box 264" Lowell P. O. aug5dtw

REMOVAL!

JOSHUA MERRILL has removed his Book and Stationery Store to Merrimack Square, No. 24 Central to No. 37 Merrimack Square, Central and Central Block. May 31, 1861. may31dtf

THE TROT YESTERDAY. There was a very fair attendance at the trot which came off on the trotting park, at the Agricultural Grounds, yesterday afternoon. As previously announced, three horses were entered for the purse of $35, best three in five to harness: s.m., St. Lawrence Maid, of New York, by J. D. Walton; b. m., Nellie Barker, of Lowell, by Hugh Pearson, and b. m., Lady Fillmore, of Roxbury, by —— L. Flanders.

On the tour, Lady Fillmore won the pole, Nellie Barker coming second, and St. Lawrence Maid having the outside. In the first heat there was considerable scoring, but after three or four starts they got off. Lady Fillmore broke badly and it soon became apparent that the race was between the others, who kept well together. This heat was won by St. Lawrence Maid in 2.45.

The horses got off well for the second heat, and the Maid and Nellie kept close together for the first half-mile, but the latter on the next quarter lapped the Maid and took the lead, but by an effort the Maid on the home stretch got the advantage, and lapping Nellie won the heat in 2.44. Lady Fillmore was distanced and withdrawn. The third heat and the race was won easily by the Maid in 2.42.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, John Welch for an assault upon his wife, was ordered to recognize for his future appearance.

Michael Hooley, for same offense, paid costs and discharged.

Isaac E. Gilmore was before the Court for an assault upon Edward P. Swan. The assault took place on High Street, two weeks ago to-day. Swan was placed upon the stand and testified to the facts of the assault. It is the intention of the defence to prove that Swan was intimate with the wife of Gilmore, who lived apart from her husband, and that a shaking known as "Old Ark" was badly damaged. The occupants of buildings burned were George Sawyer, shoe store, Miss Chapman, millinery, Hirshfield & Brother, clothing, Oliver Gressley, harness and trunk maker, Homan Smith, millinery, E. K. Rowell, restaurant and provisions, Timothy S. Jaquith, furniture. Total loss, including buildings $6,000 to $7,000—nearly all covered by insurance. The fire originated in a barn, but from what cause is not known.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT. The President, yesterday, issued a proclamation, declaring all commercial intercourse between the seceded States and other parts of the United States to be unlawful, and all goods and merchandise passing to or from the said seceded States, with the vessels carrying the same, to be forfeited to the United States. Persons found from and after fifteen days from the date of the proclamation, all vessels belonging to any inhabitant of the State in rebellion, found within or on any part of the United States, will be forfeited.

The house and barn occupied by Mrs. Hiram Stevens, in Rockland, Me., were totally destroyed by fire on Sunday forenoon. Furniture saved; no insurance on the buildings. The house was owned by a daughter of Mrs. Stevens, who had been assisted to purchase it with her savings (as a factory operative), to furnish a comfortable home for her mother, and it was nearly paid for.

A LETTER from Richmond says the city was filled with men and women from all more distant Southern States, hunting information of relatives, which they could not find. Many of these had died and were wounded at Bull Run had been made up. Gov. Wood was very enthusiastically received in New York, on his way to Fortress Monroe. He was serenaded, and made a brief speech in response to frequent calls from the crowd around the hotel.

The *Memphis Avalanche* humanely says as if we would hang any one for preaching the damnable creed of lust and equality, so will we show no quarter to any prisoner, but all such shall die upon the gallows." The editor prefaces his comments by stating that he is "neither sanguinary nor blood-thirsty."

THE Richmond papers have been forced to acknowledge that Hampton was burned by General Magruder. An act of vandalism they now justify as being a case of military necessity and strictly "constitutional."

RUMORED CHANGES IN THE CABINET.—A dispatch from Albany, says it is rumored in high political circles there that Mr. Cameron is to resume the War Department, and that the removal was to have taken place on Monday, but he requested an extension of time. It is also asserted that one of the conditions of the recent loan is that the Cabinet shall be partially reconstructed.

THE CROPS IN THE WEST. There can be no doubt that the West is to have unprecedented crops. Farmers agree that such fields of wheat and corn never were seen in the West before. In the western portion of the Empire State—well termed "the garden of New York."—we see the accounts are altogether encouraging, not only as to field crops, but likewise as to fruit.

The *Baltic Mercury* says that the object of the British fleet in going South is only the general one of protecting British interests, and to demand that free access shall be had to the important southern ports so long as they are not blockaded in a manner deemed legal by international law.

THE LATE GENERAL LYON. Gov. Backleston of Connecticut has telegraphed on Wednesday, to Gen. Fremont, that the body of Gen. Lyon rest home to his relations in New Albany for burial. Mrs. Lyon was unmarried. His brothers and sisters live there.

A WIDOW, who had lost her husband, was weeping bitterly for the dear departed. A friend tried to console her. "No, no," said the fair mourner, "let me have my cry out; after that I shan't think any more about it."

ALEXANDER H. BOTELER, of Virginia, who is reported to have died from lockjaw, caused by a wound in the foot, received at the Bull Run battle, was one of the most prominent Union men who yielded to the accessionists of his State. A story of a different nature respecting him is in circulation, but is evidently untrue. Mr. Boteler was formerly a member of Congress.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 16.

3 Middlesex Bank, Lowell 103
10 Metropolitan Stone Railroad 23
10 Lowell Gas Light Co. 57
10 Old Colony and Newport Railroad 102 1-4
2 Boston and Maine Railroad 103
10 Western Railroad 103
5 Exchange Bank 100

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he can be found at Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, where he will be pleased to see them. He will be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the above named place for lumber or wood promptly attended to. A. L. PRATT.

Lowell, July 31, 1861. 1m*

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We shall refer our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan3dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Colburn, S. W. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
A. Bowers, Wm. Hall, Jr., Jos. Nesmith,
G. G. Hone, Edward Tyng, E. F. Sherman,
Lowell.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL PLAN. Insurance is confined to Dwelling, Farming and Farmers' risks. No assessment for the first year. The Stock plan is based upon capital as follows: $20,000.91, with Deposit notes to the amount of $100,000. Risks taken on property of villages and town property in Middlesex County in Stock plan. Dividend declared annually. Rates of insurance as low as in any Company in the city of Lowell.

Office in the Old Post Office building, next door to the Merrimack House, Lowell. Open every day for business from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Lowell, July 18, 1861. 3m

JOHN C. CODMAN, President.

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It's lasting quality,
Is known to all,
It burns in less quantity,
And gives more heat,
Than any coal in use.

For sale by the subscriber at his yard on Jackson street, near the Locks and Canals.

aug13 JOHN C. CODMAN, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he can be found at the store lately occupied by Mr. Merrill, where he will be pleased to see them.

Orders left at the above named place for lumber or wood promptly attended to. A. L. PRATT.

Lowell, July 31, 1861. 1m*

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Than any coal in use.

For sale by the subscriber at his yard on Jackson street, near the Locks and Canals.

aug13 JOHN C. CODMAN, Treasurer.

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice 2 years ago. Are satisfied it is the best base for a set, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are prepared to insert sets in more elaborate style, and in a manner more durable than ever before. Their knowledge of the business and experience since 1836, and over 1000 sets inserted, enables them to do the best of work in the shortest time.

Office at their residence, No. 3 Kirk street, Lowell. Mass. jan1 dtf

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

No. 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.

July, 1859. jy8-tf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

aug3 1m*

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$10,000.

Capital and Accumulations April, 1860,

$253,000.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 31 50-100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth $300,000, over four times the amount of loan, deposited with the Controller of the State of New York.

Directors:

Stratton Tinsman, Theodore Sedgwick, Brooklyn.
Alex'r Hamilton, Jr., Edward Haight,
Alex'r H. Holley, Thos. Pennington, Newark.
John D. Wolfe, Ex-Governor of Connecticut.
John B. Kirby, Calvin Pardee, New York.
George S. Bernard, Cadwallader Evans, New York.
Wm. H. Appleton, Robert Ray, Brooklyn.
E. K. Rowell, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bryce, Merchant, New York.
John G. Stephens, Merchant, Jersey Island.

ROBERT AYRES, Secretary.

HIRAM ANDREWS, Actuary.

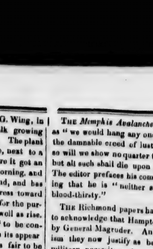
Medical Examiner, or Consulting Department, on the most favorable terms.

Office at Eastern Agency store, corner Central and Merrimack streets. aug6 ly

No. 16, 1860. nov16dtf

IMPORTANT to FEMALES

Dr CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is not enough to secure the healthy performance of the functions peculiar to the female system. Whatever disturbs these functions, deranges the whole system. DR. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years made the study of female complaints a specialty, and has successfully treated more cases than any living physician. His pills are the result of his long experience, and have never been known to fail in producing the most salutary effects in the following complaints:

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe means of removing interrupted menstruation.

THEY ARE DEAR IN SPIRIT

They are in no sense a nostrum of the Patent system in which the country is flooded, but are the result of the life study of a regular physician.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD. The compilation referred to is the private property of the proprietor, and he will not be responsible for the use of the medicine by persons who are not in the constant employment of the proprietor.

The private counsel of ladies will be given by letter, and the pills sent to any part of the country by mail or express.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are sold by all Druggists.

Price, $1 per box.

Dr. Cheeseman's Office is at No. 5 Dey street, New York, where all letters must be addressed, post paid.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor,

No. 5 Dey street, New York.

Sold in Lowell by A. P. BARTLETT, Druggist, and by J. BILLINGS, corner Central and Merrimack streets.

June 7, 1861. 1y

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Perfect and Reliable Dye Known.

Its effects are instantaneous, and should be avoided if you wish to secure reliable.

Sold and applied at No. 1 Astor House, Broadway, New York, and WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, Is the same article as WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, Manufactory, No. 81 Bond street, New York.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

C. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was falling out, and a least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three months there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times in a month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and is now as dark as in the days of manhood. I do not imagine it is facts there is a limited sale of any preparation similar to yours, or even fairer your vanity at this late day; as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful (more throughout the Union. I have had occasion to use it in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have purchased it in a bottle or two, and have used it and without effect. In every instance, however, I learned, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed one or three articles were advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will place so much confidence of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not been enough to steal your recipe, and, as I do not notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting a name somewhere in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp and head are subject to.

I solicited to use you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a certificate that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and finally, as there was a no action than truthin them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I sent to your address privately, and direct to the Metropolis, as above.

I received it in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using. Before I had used one bottle, by as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was formerly dry and in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change was going on in my hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man need ask, and in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is now perfectly clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and seems to be in a healthy state as oily, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the best and most successful which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—Nelson Gazette.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now combines many exquisites, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't stop till you have tried this tonic.—Boston Olive Branch.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of ten they are generally worthless, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Our gray hairs and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—Baltimore Patriot.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved by unquestionable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its original color. Many persons who had become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has produced a new and glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has curative properties; Another description. In some cases it is a perfect cure for disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending a single trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the composition of it does not cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, and is composed almost entirely of perfectly innocuous.—Boston Transcript, April 25, 1860.

A GENUINE BOOK. If our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the genuine of the day, each of which claims to be unsalled excellence, we should refuse to lend our creative efforts, with what justice we leave our readers to decide. In one instance, however, Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well acquainted with the qualities of the article, that we can give our endorsement as all that its inventor and proprietor claims to be. Baldness, and the falling off of hair is universally known to be magical, and hair to grass on a smooth head, have been the crop wherever applied. Our own thatch (which, however, is not to be envied) has been of late apparently growing fair to the Restorative.—Canadian Spy.

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE. Professor Wood stands on an immense eminence, and whose services has been known for years. His hair tonic has ever before been reached. He has done as nothing but what is true, and those who have used it, agree to a man in bald. For years are now, through the use of his Restorative, growing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much deservingly, so much for the human life and the love which apply to the functions of the skin. It is the only preparation out the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the decay ing vitality of that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that gray hair and the premature decay of the nutritional hair reached four score, and he in his way that the hair could be again revitalized. He tried his own case—animal hair and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. Or WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—New York Day Book.

Depots, No 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.

EF All No 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

may3 1yr eod&sow3m M W F

(Copyright secured.
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best terms for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also be taken during pregnancy at any time before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid an increasing family. This remedy has been used in private practice for many years, and is now offered to the public for the first time, and is warranted to give satisfaction in every case, or the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

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I received it in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using. Before I had used one bottle, by as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was formerly dry and in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change was going on in my hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man need ask, and in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is now perfectly clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and seems to be in a healthy state as oily, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,
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may3 1yr eod&sow3m M W F

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without a rival. It prevents the hair falling off. It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth. It cures all diseases of the scalp. It leaves no disagreeable odor. It is the best dressing for the hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains in any climate.

It suits for use for a half year bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

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FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR.

TEN Tons Mapes's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime.

5 tons Mapes's Super Phosphate of Lime.

5 tons Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.

10 tons Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine

100 bushels Herds Grass Seed:

50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats.

EF Kingston Grass Seed for sale.

apr19 tf 136 Central street.

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. HAYNES, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also Brass Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Burners of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, sconce, hand, and every other description of Lamps. Also, always on hand a new style for factory and store lighting. Will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale or retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and gallon, which is the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above. H. S. HAYNES'
Kerosene Lamp Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street.

FELT HATS.

Just received a large lot of Felt Hats from the Boston and New York Fashion, comprising some unique and beautiful shapes, adapted for Spring wear, at
BEAZER'S
apr26 tf 21st Store

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Leghorn Milan, Canton, India Pean and Straw Hats, for Men and Boys. A fresh lot just opened at
BEAZER'S
apr26 tf 21st Store

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., will find it to their advantage to call at Parkhurst, No 23 Central Street, will find them here either at a low price or at cost. No. 37 Merrimack Street.

EF Also, a variety of duplicate of my old stock of Papers Hangings, Books, Stationery, &c. I shall be compelled to sell at cost, as I am about to remove at the old stand, No. 37 Central st.
J. MERRILL.
may1 2m

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH corners in the gutter and disappears. The task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasure and pastime.

A child can operate it.

It is noiseless.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes little or no dust.

It does not injure the carpet.

It sweeps as well as any other broom will not, and is easier to work.

It saves carpets, furniture, books, &c., from the ravages and nuisance of the dust that accompanies all other sweepers.

It can be used in a sick room without annoyance to the invalid.

It is so simple that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only Perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAYNES.
apr25 tf 45 Merrimack Street

(Copyright secured.
THE
Great Indian Remedy
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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style picture frames, good workmen on hand for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Burnishing and Repairing of Looking Glasses for Gilders Attended to.
'mitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARA made and repaired. Canes in ivory and whalebone. Parasol Painting, Silk mounting, &c., &c., at
No. 41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
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FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

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PANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

We have the largest and best stock of paper surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to the description of work—in packs and to wards to be cut to order.

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"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A GOOD QUINSIC OF

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "What Wonderful Relief! What a Quiet Sleeping!"
Our advice to all sufferers is to the

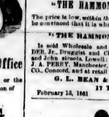
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT!"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, Corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass., and by Druggists generally.
J. A. FREY, Manufacturer, S. E. H. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 18, 1861 feb18ly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,856 80
Dividends paid to date,	1,444,509 12
Losses paid,	2,612,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, by their premiums, have created the accumulated fund to extent by the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust for their exclusive benefit.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers many important advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its business is confined to the States of New York and Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits they earn.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Mutual Principle of Life Insurance.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends the insured in the settlement of their claims, to employ their own Attorney or Accountant, or Quarterly Premium on Endowment Life, if one do not procure, may be paid one half in cash and accepted a note at interest for the balance, at 7 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to all the insured in settlement in Cash, receive the whole or any part thereof in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when declared, and those who have not, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has for many years had the large number of TITE Policies in force; yet no increase in the number of persons insured is more certain the operation of the principle of average upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore be paid in full, and no assessments can be made in connection with it, should the interests of their organization be at any time endangered.

The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1861.

Application for Insurance may be made at the
OFFICE IN MERRIMACK HALL, Agent,
Jan. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
jan23 dtf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

Also, a full line of Glass Ware, Lamps, Chimneys and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than the cheapest. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street,
(Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Stood Sewn to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve is now won a name and fame above the great jury of the world's intelligence. It is known by all to be the best salve.

It cures sore lesions and all inflammations.

It cures the worst cases of piles.

It cures the most obstinate ulcers.

It cures the most terrible burns.

It cures the most malignant scalds.

It cures the most inveterate sores.

It cures all diseases of the skin.

Without a single exception.

All its works speak its praises. It has the highest testimonials from all parts of the country. Druggists and the trade generally supplied on the most favorable terms. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per box. Sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price.

Address WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE CO.,
Lowell, Mass.

For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
may15 ly

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE!

536 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements by injunction.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other machines in the market, to the frequent changes and slim & endless variety of sewing required in a firm. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin, Linen, Broadcloth, &c., and sew every stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gossamer to the heaviest cloth, and even sheet lead leather, without changing the feed, needle, or any adjustment, stitching with the same tension whatever. In fact such a machine best adapted to family use! and if sent adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufactured? For such use they are every family machine, we re-commend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in stitching elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines wherever used, will be found highly flattering to the Management of the parties is liable to every if neglect, or the use of inferior needles, or silk, or thread.

Every Machine is warranted for one year.

Sure tips first reason for praising the Golden Salve. It cures at short notice.

It cures the most obstinate cases of scrofula, ring worm and tetter.

It cures the most terrible cases of scrofula, ring worm and tetter.

Sold by Druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by the proprietors, and for sale by the trade generally.

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February 18, 1861 feb18ly

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England market. A superior article for family use. Dealers offer inducements to buy it. Sold only by BENNETT & RODLEY, corner Market and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other burning anthracite, for sale at White Ash rates. Orders left at the yards, Hard and Soft Wood constantly on hand.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood delivered in any part of the city.

Order box at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, 5 Merrimack street, Lowell.
You can publish this, if you think proper.
may1 3m

M. J. WRIGHT, M. D.
Office of the Jefferson Medical College, Pa.
Dec. 19th, 1855.

Dear Sir—I feel it my duty to inform you of the benefit I have derived from the use of your Pain Killer. I was attacked with a severe pain in my left breast, a gentleman of the medical profession, to whom I applied for advice, informed me that he was compelled to wear a truss for the same complaint, and recommended your Restorative, which he had very much; and after using one bottle I was entirely relieved from pain, and have remained entirely well from a humiliating infirmity. I have also used your Pain Killer in my family for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Dumpy, Pains, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, Croup, Influenza, Tetter, Piles, Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, &c., &c., in different cases of long standing, and have found it to be a perfect and unfailing remedy in all cases. I consider your Pain Killer the best medicine in the world, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with any disease. Yours, &c.,
THOMPSON SUDDING.

Dear Sir—Your Pain Killer has been one of the establishment I am sent to the entire restoration of my health. I was afflicted with a severe pain in my breast in the United States in search of something to relieve me, but upon the application of your Pain Killer I was entirely relieved from pain, and have recommended your Restorative to a very wonderful invention, quite unknown to the medical profession.
S. THALEBERG.

The Restorative is put up in three sizes, viz.: large, medium, and small; the small holds 12 ounces, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion to the small, and retails for $1.50 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion and retails for $2.50 a bottle.

G. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by Lowell by WM. H. PRESCOTT, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. T. BIGELOW, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
may20 1yr

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal and Grits, ordered, constantly on hand and for sale by
S. KIDDER, Jr.,
apr27 corner Merrimack and John sts.

AMOS SANBORN
Has recent large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY AND Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CASTOR

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, August 19, 1861.

WAR NEWS AND RUMORS.

The news this morning, although not of a specific character, looks to important movements at an early day.

The statement made several days ago that the rebels were slowly moving their forces to the line of the Potomac with a view of entering Maryland and overrunning and supporting the revolutionary spirit in that State with an ultimate design on Washington, is now repeated with increased assurance of its truth, and, with such evidences as cannot be disregarded. With a view of meeting all possible contingencies which may arise in connection with this subject, the Administration has just issued the following important order, a prompt response to which it is not doubted will be given, thus at once securing the capital against invasion, and at the same time affording additional confidence to the country of the earnestness of the Government in the protection of the general welfare:—

WAR DEPARTMENT, Aug. 19, 1861.

All commanders of regiments of volunteers entering this department in the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Vermont, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Maine and Michigan, will take notice of and conform promptly to the general order this day directed to the Governors of the States above named, which is as follows:—

To His Excellency the Governor of the State of ——

By the direction of the President of the United States you are urgently requested to forward or cause to be forwarded immediately to the city of Washington all volunteer regiments or parts of regiments at the expense of the United States Government, that may be enrolled within your State, whether under requisitions heretofore or hereafter issued direct from the War Department, and whether said volunteers are armed, equipped or uniformed or not.

The officers of each regimental organization that may not be full, shall have the existing officers at their several rendezvous, and adopt such other measures as may be necessary to fill up their ranks at the earliest date possible. All officers of volunteer regiments on their arrival will report to the Commanding general, who will provide equipments and other supplies necessary for their comfort.

To insure the movement of troops more rapidly than might otherwise be done, you will please confer with and call officers of independent regiments in such manner as may be necessary to effect the object in view. All clothing or supplies belonging to or contracted for the several regiments, shall be forwarded with them, or for their use, detailed reports of which shall be made to the Commanding General.

SIMON CAMERON, Sec'y of War.

The *Tribune's* special Washington dispatch says:—All the talk all at a direct attack on Washington is a mere feint to cover Davis' real purpose, which is to close the lower Potomac and to throw a strong army across the river into St. Mary and Charles counties, in Maryland, both of which are secession in sentiment. This done they will march on Annapolis, cutting off a formidable rising of the Maryland pro-slavists, and finally invest Washington.

Gen. McClellan's department enlarged.

All the military departments south of the States of Delaware, and Maryland, and portions of Virginia, together with the city of Washington have been united under one grand department, under the command of Major General McClellan. As a consequence Major Generals Dix and Banks are thus placed in a subordinate military position.

Fortress Monroe is not included in this new arrangement.

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Other matters. General Scott on Saturday assumed the responsibility of paying the New York regiments about $20,000, which had been deposited for sometime for want of a payer-ster.

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FOREIGN NEWS. By the steamship Bohemian we have dates from Europe to the 9th. The news is unimportant except such as refers to American affairs. The blockade seems to give the English papers much trouble.

The *Shipping Gazette* complains of the blockading force, and points out the risk of a collision with maritime powers. Other journals have a like danger. The *Morning Post* fears the question of the blockade may involve England in some difficult complications. The *Times* remarks there is a limit to long silence, which, although only as large as a man's hand, may come to overshadow the whole sky.

On the last day of the session Lord Palmerston stated his views on the American blockade. He said in effect that if the blockading force should allow any one ship to enter a blockaded port for the payment of duties, the blockade from that moment was raised. A belligerent may send up a boat, but if he leave one vessel in, his right is gone. It follows, therefore, that when a Federal cruiser merely allows a ship to pass a blockaded port upon payment of customs the blockade is at an end.

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MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq., *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my head entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine it's facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had tried it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and in a few cases had been imposed upon selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize any article of no reputation where there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not been enough to suit an extensive business, or some they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting theirs under name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every thing in the shape of a head are subject to.

I could to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement which I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I have seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and believing there was more fiction than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair restored possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle. I considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions closely as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and by half that bottle was used up, in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light chestnut hair, as any man ever had in my youthful days, when a boy in the State of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is now firm in its place. In short, so oily, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my friends have, on frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" Supposing it to be the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own natural hair of the old gray stock.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by any language of ours. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where a fair and desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have used it. We therefore recommend it as one of these few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bold and gray could desire.—Christian Type.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—Now that there was not a gray hair to be found, another has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my head entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine th facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had tried it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and in a few cases had been imposed upon selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize any article of no reputation where there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

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JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement which I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I have seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and believing there was more fiction than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair restored possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle. I considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions closely as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and by half that bottle was used up, in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light chestnut hair, as any man ever had in my youthful days, when a boy in the State of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is now firm in its place. In short, so oily, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my friends have, on frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" Supposing it to be the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own natural hair of the old gray stock.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by any language of ours. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where a fair and desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have used it. We therefore recommend it as one of these few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bold and gray could desire.—Christian Type.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—Now that there was not a gray hair to be found, another has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my head entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine th facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had tried it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and in a few cases had been imposed upon selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize any article of no reputation where there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not been enough to suit an extensive business, or some they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting theirs under name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every thing in the shape of a head are subject to.

I could to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is now offered to the married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of suppression from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions for a certain period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This is now incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within nineteen months *with a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in *any case*.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! The Emmenagogue is *designed expressly for* ORDINARY CASES, *to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in* EVERY INSTANCE, *or the price will be refunded.*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased at the rooms of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty occupies all dreams of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of many years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations free, or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad, who may desire a home and quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred* worthless Drugs are palmed off on unwilling quacks annually, in New England alone, and without a name to any part of them. Most of this sum comes out of a class of people who are the least able to lose it, but these *paid they can never get it back*, and they are compelled to suffer in silence. It is a shame and a darling to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*. All the cases from traveling, sufferers, or *country*, to men who are alike destitute of character, character, and to those only who can recommendation in their own false and extravagant assertions, can rely on the services of *Dr. M.*, who will therefore, you would avoid being *humbugged*, have to send a written history of your case, and *assume*, but MAKE INQUIRY—it will cost you nothing, and save you many regrets.

By, as advertising physicians in this case out of the question, as they are generally unknown by any of them, unless you know who and what they are.

☞ In short, we will refer, by enclosing stamp, to any number of the most prominent MEN OF WOMEN, and in *Private Diseases* generally, in the United States, and to all Editors, many of the most undoubted reference and testimonials, which we have received from those we have cured at home, or thus kind in favoring of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 7, 1861. aug7m1y

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get COOKING STOVES, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the hair. It softens, and gives lustre, it without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It keeps it in curl.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It is cooling to the head when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It removes dandruff in effect.

It is the most perfect hair preparation ever offered to the public.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR,
Sugar's Stranded Super Phosphate of Lime;
3 tons Mayo's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;
3 tons Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime;
10 tons Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine
100 bushels Bone Dust (fine flour)
50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Barley, Buckwheat, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian Grass seed, &c., &c.
apr6tf Corner Central and Merrimack sts.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side stand, bracket, hall, counter, store, kitchen, and study lamps also a new style for factory use—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
nov26

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

FANCY BILLS and a good stock of paper surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—on packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,
Prop'r. Exc. Hall. HENRY.

W. H. DYAR

MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24th

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in great variety, Gold setting, Plaiting, Embroidering, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
dly

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO PUT YOUR FLOUR.
FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR
FEED
WHEAT
RYE
CORN
MEAL
OATS
BRAN
SHORTS
CHOP

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Pappoon's Powder on French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parfum de Cologne, Bouquet de Violette, Extract Rose, Rose White, Circassian, Toilette, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE should purchase them of HENRY HAYNES, Box Boarkstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
Silver Steel Stationary Wash Ware—This article is the best thing ever offered to housekeepers, and is warranted to last for years. Sold by the one will look as fresh as new for months to come. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

Dividends declared annually to all who have taken them at my store. The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate business principles.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate business principles.

This Company has now the large number of 1713 Policies in force, yet an increase in the number of this old established company does not necessarily on the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. Although the number is large, it must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of *fifty per cent.* on all policies entitled to participate in profits for the year ending February 1st, 1861.

Applications for insurance may be made at the office of the Company, No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

mar7 dtf

H. S. HAYNES'
CHINA EMPORIUM.

MAY JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings, also, all kinds of Trimmings. Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories, in the rough or ready, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line, are respectfully invited to call and examine our assortment, being assured that the favorable terms we offer for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will enable them to realize the benefit of our entire stock.

H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
nov26

Kidder's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Bone Gold, Silver, &c., &c., Kidder's Lirocone is the most effective article in household. It will be found *effectual*, *safe*, and *economical* in its use. Every one who has ever seized, by its use will look at *fresh as new* in the equal has been manufactured for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Boston. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

may19

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,
COMETHING ENTIRELY NEW.—In the Amerikan Flag, &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

may28

VINE PROTECTORS.

A novelties, article. They not only protect the vine from insects, borers and worms, but enhance the growth of both vine and fruit. With ordinary usage they will last for years. For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural and Seed Store.

aug3 tf 126 Central street.

CREAM METAR.—Warranted pure—for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE PROVES TO BE A CONQUEROR OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, RHEADACHE and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*Wonderful Relief!*" What a recommendation! Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we claim for it.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold by Druggists and Country Stores EVERYWHERE, Druggists and Country Merchants will procure "THE HAMMOND LINIMENT" from their Jobbers.

J. A. PERRY, Agent, PLACE & SHERWOOD, No. 2 Central st. and 37 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

C. G. HAMMOND & CO., Proprietors,
Feb. 14, 1861. 17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb14ly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,512,588.90
Dividends paid to date, 1,488,861.18
Assets, $4,001,450.08

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles, without any subscribed capital—the members, in proportion to their premiums, are accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the members, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves increasing confidence, the following are some:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $4,000,000 of assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals. The only loans are on bonds and mortgages.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate business principles.

This Company has now the large number of 1713 Policies in force, yet an increase in the number of this old established company does not necessarily on the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. Although the number is large, it must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of *fifty per cent.* on all policies entitled to participate in profits for the year ending February 1st, 1861.

Applications for insurance may be made at the office of the Company, No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

mar7 dtf

H. S. HAYNES'
CHINA EMPORIUM.

JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings, also, all kinds of Trimmings. Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories, in the rough or ready, together with a new supply of beautiful

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line, are respectfully invited to call and examine our assortment, being assured that the favorable terms we offer for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will enable them to realize the benefit of our entire stock.

H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
nov26

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
536 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringement by suits.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in market, to the frequent changes and ins d'ettes required in tucking, and in gathering on to a firm. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin, and regulate the stitch to make it of any desired perfect. They will even sew from Hot Rope Ease to the heaviest cloth, and execute every hand leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and without making any adjustment, whatever, in not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not, why not adopted in family Machines, we recommend our agent since.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing stitched goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are capable of more simple in its construction, or more fully understood.

The refinement of these Machines, wherever tried, has given universal satisfaction to the operators.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fair of the American Institute of New York, together with the higher premium at the Metropolitan Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest premium at the Fairs of 1859 and 1860.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines can do the same range of work that is performed by the Shuttle machines, and are more simple in their construction, and more durable.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to be superior to any Shuttle machine or other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE will be appreciated by those who have never seen or used them. Hence the expediency of calling and examining the machine, part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiarities of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we answer, that we offer the following undeniable Facts—Facts that are fortified by the testimony of thousands of our patrons, and by the testimony of professional friends, who may wish to refer to the numbers of certificates and Diplomas and Cards demonstrated by the practical use of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine, in the various manufactories.

Having a lasting determined to meet the more, have reduced the price last of their excellent machine to $50, and will warrant it to do all necessary superintendence, including the best instruction in the art of using the machine.

Salesroom, 536 Broadway, New York.

FINKLE & LYON.

jy12tf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY AND CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers the following goods, viz:

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH CHINA DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable styles, which will be offered cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack street,
mh14 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, and is fast taking the place of all other salves in use.

It is the great remedy for Piles.

It cures the crying of the tender infant to cease, and the mother to rejoice.

It lifts the old man off from his crutch, when all else fails.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the worst of fever sores.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It smoothes the face of the scarred and pimpled, and the diseased skin.

It is sweetly agreeable smell.

It is perfectly safe to use internally.

It affords the most immediate relief.

All its works speak its praises. It has the highest testimonials from those who have used it, and the public and the best—from mechanics, merchants, lawyers, doctors, ministers, statesmen, old men and women of all ranks and circumstances. And all say it is the best. It is the great remedy for all sores of every kind. Remember it is the great healer and regenerator of the system. It is liable to carry it neglected, and will heal the most malignant sore in two or three days.

Be sure to call for Whitten's Golden Salve. You can be made free from the burning agony of piles. Don't be deceived by worthless imitations. Whitten's Golden Salve is sold only by

Sold by Druggists, 25 cents per box. Prepared only by JOHN WHITTEN, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists and country dealers.

Agents wanted everywhere supplied at short notice, by the gross or dozen.

mh14 eodly

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England States, and the superior RANGE and GRATE Coal—free entirely from SULPHUR, and ODOR only by

PLINY FISK, corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated LEVIATHAN COAL, equal in every respect to the Franklin and Lehigh, for burning coal. Red and White Ash Coal for sale by the cargo.

Orders left at the office, No. 4 Kilby st., BOSTON, or at the Wharf, foot of Tremont street, will receive prompt attention.

jy12dtf

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish the Kilkenny Coal, and Red and White Ash Coal, from the Locust Mountain Coal Co., in any quantity, from a load to a vessel's cargo. All orders will be duly attended to.

J. W. BOYNTON,
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CREDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woollens from Moths, for sale by
SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE. A contract supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government, and a guarantee of its being Pure, Genuine, and Free. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

Prices low.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Boston. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

may19

Hay Tools.

I have received my usual large assortment of Hay Tools, which I offer at the same at the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of

50 ozs. Scythes, different makes;
Hoes, Hay Rakes, Forks;
Partridge's and Tuttle's Hay Forks;
Kimball's Wire Tooth Horse Rakes;
Dunsen's Gig Rake carts wheels;
Reading Horse Rakes;
Delano's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Scythe Stones, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c., at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 126 Central street, Lowell.

jy13 tf

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
ORN T. BILLINGS

AMOS SANBORN
Has now on hand a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CAKE BASKETS
BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
SINGS, BEALS PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS
SPOON STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SPECTACLES, &c.
Also, a large assortment of
GUARD CHAINS, KEY CHAINS AND CREAM
ENIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*well to sell low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable styles of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

Clocks of every description for sale low.

Store in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 15, 1860. dec15tf

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation, or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the liver is evinced by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, by the same cause, viz. Improper Circulation; Fevers, by the same cause, and Consumption, Scrofula. To discover a certain cure then, for these diseases, is to discover a means whereby, in What causes the blood to circulate?

The answer is, the presence of a class of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many preparations of iron have had much later extended upon the enquiry, it has been left for the present proprietor of the Compound to discover, by knowledge, to make this great discovery.

Iron is the principal constituent of the blood, and gives that bright red color to the blood, and imparts to it the life principle. Hence the importance of iron in the blood, and the importance of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiarities of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine?" To which we answer, that we offer the following undeniable Facts—Facts that are fortified by the testimony of thousands of our patrons, and by the testimony of professional friends, who may wish to refer to the numbers of certificates and Diplomas and Cards demonstrated by the practical use of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine, in the various manufactories.

Having a lasting determined to meet the more, have reduced the price last of their excellent machine to $50, and will warrant it to do all necessary superintendence, including the best instruction in the art of using the machine.

Salesroom, 536 Broadway, New York.

FINKLE & LYON.

jy12tf

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Bitter Almond, Rose, Palm, Castile, Shaving, Transparent, Brown Windsor, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large Parcel of *Furniture Bottles* with a Patent Polish attached, which is the best article ever introduced for housekeepers, hotel keepers, and mechanics, as it will polish furniture in less time than can be done in the old way, and will not injure the most delicate varnish. Call and examine this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, Boys' Top Carts, Toy Carts, Toy Sleighs for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and Reliable Parlor Swings, &c., &c., at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Pain Remedy, eradicating the disease, driving out and entire relief in from one to three days, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by child or adult with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy for the disease I ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old Corner Road, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism nearly 11 months, and using two bottles of several kinds of spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN CLARK,
Franklin st., Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven to excruciating pain to the trial of numerous remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely cured.

D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 5 Old Corner Road, Boston.

I have been afflicted with Pain Rheum in its worst form for the last 15 years, and have at times been so lame, and in such excruciating pain, that I could not walk. I have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and am honestly say I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN F. BIG,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" has entirely relieved me from a long and severe attack of neuralgia. C. E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old Corner Road, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with Pain Rheum. His hands have covered with sores and in consequence, his face and head were much affected. I have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN F. BIG,
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Pearl Street House, Boston.

Mrs. Astor, of the above number, has also used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and has entirely relieved her of a severe attack of neuralgia.

W. C. THOMPSON
Proprietor for the Compound.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.

FANNY THOMPSON,
Astor House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T. Gliddon, Esq., Boston, was cured by the use of "Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was Mayor of Boston. I have known him intimately in Massachusetts, and that it proved to be a permanent cure.

Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The above Compound is for sale by all druggists and dealers in patent medicines throughout the United States, and in Boston by Dealers generally.

C. G. CLARK, Proprietor,
No. 1 Tremont Row, Boston.

Also agency for Chickering & Sons, A. & W. Ladd & Co., &c. &c. jan14tf

BENT & BUSH'S
SPRING STYLE, 1861,
"Patent Elastic Cashion"
HATS.

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE.

They would call particular attention to
THE "NEWCASTLE HAT,"
Which for elegance of style and beauty of finish, has not been surpassed by any article yet introduced for

YOUNG MEN.

N.B.—No other manufacturer has the right to use the
"PATENT ELASTIC CUSHION."
FOR SALE BY
M. DEMPSEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH.)
20 Central Street, Lowell.

The Wilcox & Gibbs'
SEWING MACHINE.

THE best Sewing Machine (we makers excepted) in the world. Call and see it work at 31 Hurd's Block, Central street, owned severally by Elias Howe, Jr., Wm. Mansfield Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., Grover & Baker, and Wheeler & Wilson, who have purchased it because they are not buying a Patent Machine, but for the reason that it is the best machine now in this Machine, may be freely stated. It sews from the finest cambric to the coarsest cloth, the great speed with which it operates, turning the seam and fastening the thread at each stitch, and the perfect manner in which it executes every kind of work, from a fine, even, elastic seam, to the strongest and most durable, making 2,000 stitches per minute, and using no shuttle, but two threads, which are locked together by a single stitch.

WILCOX & GRIFFITH,
Merrimack st. Lowell
may18dtf

GOLDEN SALVE.

IT posts a vegetable preparation, each ingredient of which is known to possess great healing virtues. The secret of its preparation was learned by the proprietor from the West India Indians, who used it more for the cure of wounds than any other remedy known. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

Working Men, Women and Children, Attention!

A NEW WAY, and a sure way, to make money has been discovered, and is now being successfully operated by a few persons in this city

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, August 20, 1861.

THE CONCORD AND SUDBURY MEADOWS. *C. P. Talbot et al.* vs. *Equity vs. Charles Hudson et al.* The opinion of the Supreme Court, drawn up by the Chief Justice, in a case of much importance, involving the validity of a well known act of the Legislature respecting the Concord and Sudbury meadows, is published at length in the *Boston Advertiser* of this morning. The act (1860, ch. 211) was one authorizing the appointment of commissioners to take down and remove the complainant's dam to a level thirty-three inches below the top thereof, and providing for compensation, the object being to benefit a large tract of meadow lands lying above the dam upon the falls of the Concord river. The act was not passed without severe argument and much opposition: and as soon as passed its legality was brought to the test by the present bill. The constitutionality of the act is, however, sustained in the elaborate opinion we given, and the injunction is dissolved.

The following are the points made by the Chief Justice, and they are sustained by comprehensive arguments, which are of great interest to the law columns, considering their local interest.—

The act of 1860, ch. 211, entitled "An act in relation to the flowage of the meadows on Concord and Sudbury rivers," is not a statute passed in the exercise of the general police or superintendence power of the Legislature over private property, but in the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

The question whether an object is one of public utility, so as to authorize the exercise of the power of eminent domain by the Legislature, is one of which that body is not the sole judge; but it is in its nature judicial, and to be determined by the courts of law. Acts of the exercising of such a power in any case, the Legislature is the sole judge.

An act of the Legislature, passed with the due requisites, is presumed to be valid until clearly shown to be otherwise.

If it may be valid or not, according to circumstances, the court will presume the existence of the circumstances necessary to support it.

It is not essential that the entire community, or any considerable portion of it, should directly participate in an enterprise, in order to render it of such public utility as to justify the exercise of the right of eminent domain. An object which tends to increase and promote the resources, industrial energies, or productive power of any considerable number of inhabitants of a section of the State, or the growth of towns, or of new sources of employment for labor or capital, may be sufficient.

The relief of the Concord and Sudbury meadows from the damage complained of is object of public utility, so as to justify the exercise of the right.

A bill in equity, which sets forth that an act of the Legislature, taking certain private property, was designed to relieve certain meadows from water, and that this object will not be effected by the provisions of the act, if the same be carried into effect, and that the provisions of the act are unconstitutional and void, but states no facts to sustain the allegation of unconstitutionality and invalidity, contains no averments sufficient to authorize the court to infer, upon a hearing on the bill and answer, that the property was not taken for a public use.

The presumption in favor of the act of 1860, ch. 211, is greatly strengthened by the fact that the exercise of the power of eminent domain is not delegated by the Legislature to third parties, who are to derive benefit and make compensation, but proceeds directly from the State, with compensation also directly from the public treasury.

A statute provision that damages for taking private property for public use, or for being assessed in a manner pointed out, shall be paid from the treasury of the Commonwealth, and that the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant therefor, is sufficient provision for compensation, and it is no objection that the injured party, in case of non-payment, cannot proceed by suit against the State.

NEW YORK POLITICS. The Executive Committee of the Union (Breckinridge and Everett) party held a meeting in New York on Friday last. After referring to their efforts to save the Union, notwithstanding they were stigmatized as "Union savers," they deplore the civil war which now drenches the country with fraternal blood, and accordingly pledge anew their devotion to "the Union, the Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws." They call upon all true patriots to ignore party distinctions and hope that we may all unite in one common determination to sustain and perpetuate our Union and our constitution." They hail with joy the Union triumph in Kentucky, call upon every true patriot of the North to sympathize with and sustain the principles of that noble band, and express a belief that the Union can be restored upon the principles established down by our fathers in the Constitution. The Committee adjourned to meet at Syracuse on the 4th day of September next.

A BOSTON VESSEL CAPTURED BY THE PRIVATEER JEFF DAVIS. The bark Albarado, Capt. Whiting, owned by Isaac Taylor, of Boston, was captured by the privateer Jeff. Davis, on the 21st of July. A few days afterward the bark California, the brig Santa Clara, and the schooner Windward, were also captured. The California was released, and the Santa Clara sent into Pensacola. Friday, as a prize. Five of the crew of the Alvarado joined the privateer's company. The remainder, with the first and second mates, were conveyed to the schooner Windward, and ordered to make their way into some port of the United States. They reached Holmes Holes, with the schooner, on Saturday.—*The Jeff. Davis* had but twenty-one men on board, when Capt. Whiting left. The piratical craft is doing a great deal of mischief, and it is exceedingly unfortunate that she cannot be found by one of our men-of-war.

WAR MATTERS.

From Washington. The War Department has received from the Governors ordered in the late general order the most enthusiastic and patriotic responses to the call for additional troops. As it is known the members of the cabinet are a unit on the measures for the prosecution of hostilities, the attacks on members of the Administration are regarded as intended to thwart its policy of effective operations.

A special Washington dispatch of yesterday says: "There is considerable unnecessary excitement respecting alleged movements of the rebels on the city.—Washington is safe now, but if offensive operations are ever to be resumed more soldiers are necessary."

General James Shields, of California, has been appointed Brigadier General of volunteers.

Matters in Missouri. General Siegel received his commission as Brigadier General on Saturday, and assumed command of the Federal forces the same day.

Our wounded at Springfield are reported to be doing well.

The most cheering information to Ironton that Col. Hecker, who left there on Thursday evening with his regiment, surprised a body of four hundred rebels near Fredericksburg early Friday morning, captured all their camp equipage, and ate their breakfast fast they had just prepared. Twelve prisoners were also taken. Gen. Prentiss has arrived and taken command of all the forces in the vicinity of Ironton.

While Col. Stifel's Missouri reserve corps and Col. Worthington's 5th Iowa regiment were coming down the Missouri river on a Government steamer they were frequently fired upon with cannon and small arms by secessionists, from the banks, killing one and wounding seven or eight of the troops.

Gen. Price, of the rebel army, has issued a proclamation claiming a great victory; declaring that the Home Guard organization will be treated as enemies to the Southern Confederacy, unless they return home, and warning people against recognizing the provisional State Government.

The Charleston Courier says the Congress at Montgomery has appropriated ten million of dollars for supplying clothing, subsistence, arms and ammunition to the Missouri troops, subject to the discretion of Jeff. Davis.

Important arrests. At Philadelphia yesterday the following persons were arrested: Pierce Butler, Wm. B. Reed, ex-Minister to China, George M. Wharton, late United States District Attorney, Charles Brown, late Collector of that port, and David Solomon. It is stated that Pierce Butler's arrest was caused by intercepted letters giving information to the enemy.

Naval matters. Commander Livingston, of the steamer Penguin, off Cape Fear, reports that chasing the Louisa of Wilmington, N. C., he brought her within reach of his guns when she ran ashore, looted over, filled with water and became a wreck. Lieutenant Maxwell, going to the vessel in a boat, returning with coffee. Several unblockaded localities have been pointed out to him by a British captain. The Department will soon remedy these defects. Official information has been received that a vessel from the South with Confederate papers only had succeeded in getting to Nassau, N. L., under stress of weather, and that on the person of a French passenger she found a letter authorizing him to purchase blockade coffee, &c. It is not known what his intention was to ship these articles to some port in North Carolina, either in a French or English vessel, as it is claimed that foreigners may legally take advantage of an ineffectual blockade.

Barque Joseph Maxwell, from Philadelphia for Lagunyra, was captured by the privateer Jeff. Davis, on the 21th of July, off Porto Cabello. A prize crew were put on board, and the captain of the barque and part of the crew taken on board the Sumter. The Joseph Maxwell was taken into Cienfuegos, but was ordered out within twenty-four hours. The barque was run ashore, and the privateersmen sent to Havana as shipwrecked seamen.

From Harper's Ferry. Between 3 and 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon, three hundred rebel cavalry came down to the landing at the ferry. Two companies of Col. Gordon's Massachusetts Second Regiment fired, when the rebels retreated. It is known that two were killed and five wounded. None of our men were hurt.—The rebels are still in the vicinity of Harper's Ferry, watching the movements of our troops. Col. Gordon's regiment is on guard.

Other matters. A skirmish took place at Pohick Church, near Alexandria, on Sunday, Capt. Boyd's company of Philadelphia cavalry behaving nobly, charging after the Confederate cavalry for three miles. Jacob Owen was killed. John V. Williams and Washington Lancaster were made prisoners by becoming detached from their main body. Two rebels are known to have been killed.

Companies sufficient for four regiments are said to march immediately from Philadelphia, and others will rapidly follow according to order. There will be at least 15,000 troops in Philadelphia available in good season.

The New Jersey troops have orders to leave to day at 8 o'clock, for Washington, whether the companies are full or not, or equipped or not. The State authorities are very active.

Over 600 men responded at the roll call of the Eleventh Zouaves in New York yesterday. The men are continually reporting themselves, and the organization will be effected without difficulty.

SWEDISH SHIPS OF WAR COMING.—We see by the official journals of Stockholm that the Swedish government is about to dispatch to the American coast two vessels of war to protect the large Swedish mercantile fleet which is constantly in our waters, from injury by privateers and otherwise. The frigate Norrkoping may be expected in a few days, and another vessel will probably follow in a short time.—Well, who else is to send ball dogs to look upon our family quarrel? How long before a Chinese war junk is expected?

JOHN BRIGHT ON AMERICAN AFFAIRS. On the 1st inst, John Bright made a speech at Rochdale, England, in support of Mr. Cheetham as a candidate for Parliament. He devoted a portion of his time to the consideration of American affairs, and evinced the warmest and most intelligent sympathy with our Government, as will be seen by the following passage.—We meant to have had room for it some days ago, but was not able to do so.—Every Union man will read the extract with satisfaction.—

"Now, is this cotton question a great question or not? I met a spinner to-day—he does not live in Rochdale, though I met him here—and I asked him what he thought about the cotton crop, and he said, 'I think cotton will come somehow.' (laughter), and I find that there is that kind of answer to be had from every three out of every four of all the spinners you ask.—They know that when the mills pay cotton brings fifty or eighty per cent. that something has come, or the, rate of interest has risen, or there has been a commercial panic from some cause, and down the price has come, and when everybody had been saying there would be no cotton at Christmas, it has turned out that there was a considerable stock at Christmas. So they say now. I don't deny it will be so. All I say is, that the particular cause is new; that we have never had a war in the United States between different sections of their country, affecting the production of cotton, before; and it is not fair or just to say that a rather childish that others bear, to argue from past events which were not a bit like this event now passing before us.

They say, 'It is quite true there is civil war in America, but it will blow over, there will be a compromise, or the English Government will break the blockade.'—Now, remember that breaking the blockade means. It means war with the United States; and I do not think myself that it is the part of a true friend to break the blockade at the cost of a war with the United States. I do not believe that the cost of a war with the United States would probably give half wages for a very considerable time to the operatives of Lancashire who would be out of work if there was no cotton; to say nothing of the loss of character and injustice and wrong against all international law if a legal and effective blockade should be instituted by any other country. Now it is not exactly the business of this meeting, but my opinion is that the safety of the cotton supply of this country depends far more upon the success of the present Government than upon its failure, and I believe that nothing could be more monstrous than for us, who are the great buyers of cotton, to assist in setting up for cities—carping critics, cavilling critics—and aid in the disruption at Washington. (Hear, hear.)

I saw a letter the other day from an Englishman, who had been twenty-five years as a prosperous merchant in Philadelphia, and he said: 'I prefer the institutions of this country (the States) very much to those in your country (England), but if it is to be supposed that we have no love for our country, and no government, but that any politics of these United States can break off from the constituent element wherever it pleases, then it is time for me to pack up what I have and go somewhere where there is a country and a government.' (Hear hear.)

Now, that is the pith of this question. Do you suppose that if Lancashire and Yorkshire were to break off from the United Kingdom, that those newspapers which are now preaching moderation at Washington would allow the government in London to let Lancashire and Yorkshire set up a special government of their own? (Hear, hear, and cheers.) When the purpose of Ireland asked to secede did they permit it? Ireland would not. Ireland would peaceably? I am not going to defend Ireland, but I only advise you and the people of England to abstain from appealing to the passions and excitement and prejudices which we have never applied to our own case.

At all events they never fought for the abstract right to secede. They were fighting up of a decayed corpse like Turkey; they have never suspended the misery of their people on phantom expeditions such as we have been engaged in; and when they tell you they are going to be ruined by this disaster, they are only going to ruin in the second misery no more than you raise every year during a time of peace. (Applause.) They say it is not a question of the liberty of the slaves; it is the object of the Washington government is to maintain their dominion and to act illegally in this tremendous crisis. So was it more in favor of peace than I am; no man has threatened it more than I have probably in this country; few men in their public life have suffered more obloquy or more of indignity in consequence of it; but I cannot for the life of me see how, upon the facts of this great question which Europe are governed—now, I say nothing of the literal word of the New Testament) I cannot see how the affairs in America, with regard to the United States Government, could be taken different from what it is at this moment. (Applause.)

We had a Republicanism in this country, and it is not a very small thing to get rid of it and to have a united nation. If the 33 or 34 States of the Union were united whenever they like, I cannot see anything but disaster and confusion throughout the whole of that country. I say that the war, be it successful or not, be it christian or not, be it wise or not, is a war to sustain the Government, to sustain the unity of a great nation; and I say that the people of England, if they are true to their own sympathies, and to their own country, and to their own great act of 1826, to which reference has already been made, they will have no sympathy with those who wish to build up a power on the pedestal of hundreds of millions of their fellow men. (Loud cheers.)"

REPORTED CAPTURE OF A PRIVATEER.—Dispatches to last evening's papers, from New York, reported that the steamer Sumter, (one of the rebel's privateers), had been captured by one of our men-of-war, and had been taken back to Curacoa, on the northern coast of South America.—The news is brought by the schooner Hannibal, from St. Thomas, and must have been obtained by falling in with some other craft bearing the information, as St. Thomas and Curacoa are about five hundred miles apart. As much of our good news (to use a Hibernianism) proves to be yesterday's intelligence, we hope the report, and shall look with interest for some intelligence to substantiate it.

DISSOLUTION OF THE UNION. A writer in the *Cornhill Magazine*, for August, hits the question of the right of the Southern States to secede from the Union by this happy illustration:—"It is said of a wife after bespeaking her husband for twenty years, claims the right to divorce him."

PERSONAL. Rev. J. S. Clark, D. D., of Plymouth, Mass., died on Sunday last.—He was for many years the Secretary of the Massachusetts Home Missionary Society.

Dea. Samuel Greele, an estimable and well known citizen of Boston, died on Sunday.

☞ The new style POSTAGE STAMPS has been received at this office, and will be exchanged for old issues during the whole of this week.

Neighboring Post Masters can exchange for one cent stamps at this office.

After Aug. 20th 3 cent stamps will not be exchanged in payment of postage.

aug19tf JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

WANTED.

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A., 200 able-bodied Men between the ages of 18 and 35 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay from $13 to $21 per month.

Good food, quarters, clothing, and medical attendance always provided. No fines or stoppages but such as proceed from the soldier's pay.

No bounty is allowed to recruits in the Regular Army, provided that those who enlist shall be entitled to the same bounties in every respect, as those allowed, or to be allowed to the men of the volunteer forces.

Attention and strict conduct and attention to duties a soldier will certainly rise to the position of a non-commissioned officer, and from that to a commission. Good meritorious men always find opportunities to rise in the rank of commissioned officers of the army.

Good inducements also may be under the regulations lately issued, and now in force.

Apply at No 37 Market Street, Lowell, Mass. to, CHARLES C. PEMBERTON,

Capt. 11th Regiment, Recruiting Officer.

August 12, 1861. 3m

WANTED.

A Young Man, who is engaged in Book-keeping, during the afternoons or evenings, or wishes to obtain employment either during the afternoon or evening, can hear of a situation by addressing "Box 264" Lowell Post Office.

August 1, 1861. 1m

VALUATION AND TAXATION OF LOWELL.

The ASSESSORS have so far completed their duties that we are enabled to give our readers the approximate figures of the valuation and taxation of this city for the present year, as compared with last year. The following is the total valuation.

	1860.	1861.
Corporations,	$12,482,336	$11,875,00
Residents,	8,564,312	8,675,000
Non-residents,	1,109,352	1,139
Total,	$22,155,176	$21,626,000
Polls,	7,439	7,439

The valuation of real estate the present year is about $14,569,000, a decrease of about $340,000 from last year. The valuation of personal property is about $7,057,000, a decrease of about $179,000 from last year. The amount of taxes this year is about $206,000, against $188,171 last year. The rate of taxation is to be 1 per cent. on the $100, against 84 on the same amount in 1859 and 1860.

The tax bills are now being made out, and will soon be distributed, when each person will be informed what he is expected to pay.

POLICE COURT. By adjournment the case of Isaac E. Gilmore, charged with an assault upon Edward F. Swan, came up for examination yesterday morning. The testimony of four witnesses were examined for the defence, and though nothing was proved of a criminal nature between Swan and Gilmore's wife, yet more intimacy was shown to have existed than even gallantry seem to require. Swan was in the habit of calling upon Mrs. Gilmore, who had separated from her husband, and often in a way quite unlike that of a gentleman. He was also in the habit of saluting her in a manner that may be proper enough between husband and wife, or affianced lovers, but not countenanced by the rules of good society between a single man and of a married woman. Gilmore overtook Swan, just as the latter was leaving his wife, and gave him several cuts over the head, for which Swan had the injured husband arrested.

On the other hand the prosecution put Swan on the stand, both Saturday and Monday, to prove that the intimacy between Mrs. Gilmore and Swan, was a friendly nature, that he accompanied her home on several occasions from meetings of the Sons and Temperance," of which she was *technically* a "sister," that he was called in by the husband as a medium between him and his wife when she had left him, in consequence of his (the husband's) habits of intemperance; that when he (witness) suggested that he would discontinue his visits to the family on account of some unfavorable reports regarding their intimacy, Mr. Gilmore requested him to call the same friend that he always had been.

The Court, after listening to the testimony and arguments of the able and intelligent counsel engaged in the case, said while there appeared to be mitigating circumstances in favor of the husband, yet he should not be allowed to take the law into his own hands, he should have sought for redress in some other way. Gilmore was therefore, sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs for the assault, which he paid, and outraged law is now satisfied.

There is nothing of a criminal nature to day, the Court being wholly occupied with civil business.

THE EXHIBITION.

The exhibition of the Lowell Horticultural Society to-morrow, bids fair to be quite a success. Already quite a number of our floriculturists are making arrangements to contribute to the show, and we hope all who are interested will contribute something. As fruit is very scarce this year the exhibition will be principally flowers and vegetables. Contributors can bring in their articles as early as 9 o'clock, A. M., where they will find the tables and bottles all ready for occupancy. Let there be a good show to-morrow. Exhibition open to the public at 1 o'clock, and continue afternoon and evening. C.

PAY OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT. We understand that Adjutant Wilson has effected a loan of money at the Merchant's Bank for the payment of the Sixth Regiment, though the Paymaster has not yet made the appropriate broadcloth, both at the East and at the West.

THERE was a slight fall of snow on Wednesday morning of last week on Mount Washington.

IT was the son of Hon. A. H. Bolster of Virginia, who died of his wounds received at Bull Run, and it was the senior Bolster that was captured, a few days ago, by a band of Federal troops.

AN escape from the rebel army—Mr. H. F. Eastman, of Rochester, N. Y., writes to his sister that he has escaped from his forced service in the "Prince William Cavalry," in the rebel army in Virginia, and has found shelter in Washington. He adds:—

"*I deserted*, and am now here, bound to be revenged. I want to get up a company of as desperate fellows as ever looked down on the muzzle of a gun, and go right forward with the Federal army."

THE MOUNTAINS. Climbing mountains seems to be the inclination of the people in hard times. On Thursday last, at noon, more than two hundred persons of all ages, down to the infant of twelve weeks, were on the top of grand Monadnock, Jaffrey, N. H., forty-eight miles distant from Lowell. The distance to be walked up the mountain is one and a-half miles. The Coast Surveyors, encamped near-by, were the wonder of the summit, expected to complete their labors and leave there that day.

By the way, Mr. Editor, on Wednesday, the guests at the excellent hotel in East Jaffrey, seven miles from the half-way house on the mountain, were regaled at table with three white huckleberries, which formed the subject of a paragraph in some of the city papers last week, but which we pronounced, after a discussion of their organization, to be white *blueberries*. The oldest inhabitant there never heard of such an article being found in town before. Is this a new product of the field?

On the same day, nine hundred people, of all ages and sexes, were counted. Thirty reversals the physical frame. And the air, the prospect, and the hilarity engendered, give elasticity, expansion, and buoyancy to the whole inner man.

The people are taking just the course suited to times of difficulty and depression.

"ALL UP."

MASSACHUSETTS MOVEMENTS TO FORWARD TROOPS. Gov. Andrew has issued the following address to the citizen soldiers of this State:—

Again in a moment of public danger your country calls you to the post where the generous soldiers of April 19th won their generous alacrity and sublime devotion.—Your resistance to the invasion of Virginia on a Decision and one at Worcester, are yet incompletely recruited. They will march rapidly. Whether in one company, they will march—armed, uniformed and equipped—to-morrow, Friday nor Saturday of the present week. The 17th Regiments needs two hundred men; the 19th four hundred; the 20th three hundred and fifty; the 20th five hundred; the 21st two hundred men, in order to fill their ranks to the maximum number followed by its. Citizen Soldiers of Massachusetts! Duty, Honor, the dearest sentiments of Patriotic Love and Devotion, call for your brave hearts and unconquerable arms.

It is stated that it is the intention of the State authorities to forward all the troops that may offer by noon this morning. It is expected that the 21st Regiment, at Worcester, will leave to-morrow, and the 19th Regiment, Col. Hinks, will go next. The 20th, Col. Devens, within two months ago, when so many of our loyal citizens are ready to go forward that they could not have been accepted and during the time that has since elapsed been in camps of instruction. There will probably, however, be a ready response to the call of the Government now, and all the regiments wanting men will soon be filled. We have no doubt that Massachusetts will respond gallantly.

THE *New York Herald's* Washington correspondent gives a table of the number of traitors now in the different departments at Washington, and adds that the statements can be borne out to the minutest figure, by the report of the Porter Committee, which will soon be published, and which shows an amount of secession treason in Washington which has hitherto been suffered to go unchecked, that will be perfectly staggering to all Union men." The following are the figures:

Treason Departments.	Suspected.
Treasury Department,	19
Post office Department,	15
Post office Inspectors,	3
Interior Department,	5
Navy Department,	5
Attorney General's office,	1
Department of State,	1
Employed about the Capitol,	2
Miscellaneous,	4
	75

THE *Philadelphia Ledger* says business in that city is looking up. We hear it said, also, that in Boston last week there was a decided improvement.

In Haverhill, the shoe town, the sales for a few days past have been large, and there is an encouraging look for business hereafter.

ANOTHER NEWSPAPER DISCONTINUED BY THE PEOPLE. The office of the *Sentinel and Expositor*, at Easton, Pa., which has been advocating peace and compromise, was gutted last night by a mob. Col. Johnson, Congressman elect, was burned in effigy and made to show his colors.

FIRES. At Buffalo last evening, the grain elevator owned by P. L. Sternburg, was burned with one hundred thousand bushels of grain, mostly wheat. The grain was fully insured.

At Great Falls, N. H., last evening, the stock of Moses Bates & Son, and of R. W. Bates & Co., in the Central Building, was damaged by fire to the amount of $4000 or $5000.

A HARTFORD paper remarks:—"In reply to a great many of our exchanges who have the question at the head of their leading columns,

PAY OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT. We understand that Adjutant Wilson has effected a loan of money at the Merchant's Bank for the payment of the Sixth Regiment, though the Paymaster has not yet made the appropriate broadcloth, both at the East and at the West.

THERE was a slight fall of snow on Wednesday morning of last week on Mount Washington.

IT was the son of Hon. A. H. Bolster of Virginia, who died of his wounds received at Bull Run, and it was the senior Bolster that was captured, a few days ago, by a band of Federal troops.

AN escape from the rebel army—Mr. H. F. Eastman, of Rochester, N. Y., writes to his sister that he has escaped from his forced service in the "Prince William Cavalry," in the rebel army in Virginia, and has found shelter in Washington. He adds:—

"*I deserted*, and am now here, bound to be revenged. I want to get up a company of as desperate fellows as ever looked down on the muzzle of a gun, and go right forward with the Federal army."

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he can be found at Johns McNeil's Bookstore, near the Post Office, to an order left with Messrs. A. M. Binner & Co., where he hopes to serve all who may favor him with their patronage.

Orders left at the Store named claim for Cutter or Wood promptly attended to.

A. L. BRIGGS.

Lowell, July 24, 1861. 1m

FISHER & LUND Sewing Machine. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. FISH is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jun24tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, S. W. Stebbins, D. E. Hildebrand,
N. Bowers, H. Hosley, Isaac Piper,
J. Wilson, E. F. Sherman, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurance against Fire Risks. No assessments have been made during the past year, and the Company has a surplus fund with the deposit notes in the hands of the Trustees, of $116,078.33, which is a guarantee to the insured that the Company is entirely responsible. Dividends declared annually. A dividend just declared of 40 per cent. on the premium notes of the Mutual Department, payable on demand.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are sufficient to insure against loss on merchandise and other property not hazardous, at as low rates as other reliable companies.

Office, No. 27 Central st. (up stairs.)

E. F. FISHER, Secretary and Treas.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. 3m

Washington Coal,

For sparkling brilliancy, and heat equal,
It handles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It makes less ashes,
It is the best for burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at HOWARD'S Coal Depot, Nos. 1 Prescott and 2 Agent, Prescott Street, Lowell.

may18tf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD, DENTISTS.

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have now so perfected it that they are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want of a Rubber Base, and a dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber base. It is now a fact that it is used by nearly every other article now in use, there are many objections to it, which we have not space to name in this notice, but which will be explained to those who favor us with a call. The principal objection to the rubber base, produced by using it, is the irritation it produces upon the mucous membrane of the mouth. This we have entirely overcome, and by using the Rubber Base we can insure a perfect fit in every case, and a healthy condition of the mouth.

Rooms 2 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

may18

WAR HAS COME, AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES OF IT TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken to the field by our volunteers, for wounds, sore hands, sore feet, chafings, &c. Many of the soldiers have written back that it is worth its weight in gold. Send it up in the finest style, and in large quantities, to the soldiers. It has been put in Cutter's last Pistol-ball folder, and has been sent to the soldiers in this form. Also in neat wrappers of our first class size. Also in boxes of all sizes. Also in bottles. Also in tin cans. Also in stone jars. Also in stone jugs. Also in stone crocks. Also in stone churns. Also in stone kegs. Also in stone barrels. Also in stone hogsheads. Also in stone pipes. Also in stone tubs. Also in stone pails. Also in stone basins. Also in stone pitchers. Also in stone mugs. Also in stone bowls. Also in stone dishes. Also in stone plates. Also in stone saucers. Also in stone cups. Also in stone saucepans. Also in stone kettles. Also in stone pots

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IV 76
PROF. WOODS'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are all well known already and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occasion every time I am travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug: saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by posting the matter, they have not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles advertised in your place which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize any article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apprentice, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, or they would have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and with the success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,926, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, a heavy black, I concluded I would make the experiment, encouraging in a small way. I procured one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the roots. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a large one, and the fourth. I have now so pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as ever, and I have had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is as soft and fine, and lies as silly as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my friends discern frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them of the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual trial and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the general endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few articles of usefulness which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and extensively used preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now sent out is without exceptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many certificates from people of three as various sorts of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unbiased character. Don't you tell you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Ohio Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues.—*Ledger.* Wood's Hair Restorative is not a humbug, but a reliable article.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its original color, when that hair had become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has produced a new and glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which spoil or mar the beauty of the hair. It also has curative properties of another description in allaying any irritation and other disfigurements of the scalp disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending the trial of this remedy, as its effects can only be beneficial, as the ingredients of which it is composed a manifest impossibility for any of them to do harm. Our word for this is not necessary, it is freely insurance.—*Boston Transcript* Sept. 22, 1855.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, Also Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Cans of all sizes. Hanging side, stand, sucker, hand, centre, student, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory nearly all the above lamps at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel, which will be sold low. Call at manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. Haynes', 46 Merrimack Street. oct26

FELT HATS.
Just received a large lot of Felt Hats of various styles, for Boys and Men, which will be sold low. Also a few cases of Straw Hats, for sale at H. S. HAYNES'S, 46 Merrimack Street. oct26

SUMMER HATS.
DANIEL Hopkins, Manch. Canton, Jeffs and Straw Hats for Gents and Boys. Trunks for sale cheap by H. S. HAYNES, 46 Merrimack Street. oct26

NOTICE.
SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, Books, &c., will find it to their interest to call at H. S. HAYNES'S, No. 46 Merrimack Street, and find them there.

All I wish to inform of my old stock of Paper Hangings, Books, Stationery, &c., I shall dispose of it very cheap. Call at No. 46 Merrimack Street, and find the old stand, No. 3 Central st. oct26 J. MERRILL.

HOYEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER.
WHICH cleans by Carpet Sweeping into a piece. A child can operate it.
No dusting is necessary after sweeping.
It sweeps faster and better than a broom.
It does not injure the carpet.
It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes no noise.
The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or child can sweep the handsomest carpet without fatigue.
It saves carpets, furniture, books, &c., from the damage and nuisance of the dust that accompanies all broom sweeping.
It can be used in a sick room without annoyance to the invalid.
It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.
For sale by H. HAYNES,
oct26 46 Merrimack street.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is destined for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large family. In every case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within *eighteen months with out a single failure* when taken as directed, and with the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength (Quarter Strength, $5.

If Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstinate cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Some persons have been and warranted unless purchased of Dr. Mattison, at the EMMENAGOGUE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

If This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature both of MEN AND WOMEN. It is a regularly educated physician of twenty years experience, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Full directions accompany all medicines. Read Dr. Mattison's pamphlet on Female Diseases, sent free of charge to all who apply by letter. Price, 25 cents.

Its testimonials are in. For Friends and Mourners on Real Estate, which must be seen to be almost believed.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Loans.

The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

Accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving Cash Premiums on Policies for Life, Five, Ten and Fifteen years, or Single Premium cash, and credit in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, for one-half the premium, interest to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Law premiums.

The Premiums are paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash receive all the profits. Those who do not discount and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 17,172 Policies in force; 161 an increase in the number of persons insured in October more each day.

the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based, is now fully established, and must therefore prevail to it be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1855.

Applications for insurance may be made to

H. S. HAYNES,
Agent,
No. 46 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
may7

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Court Dockets,
Bridges and Contables,
Indians of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Merchants Posters, &c. &c.
Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Programmes, Newspapers,
FANCY BILLS
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
SHOW BILLS,
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.
Always on hand, a good stock of post-ruled and plain and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
Z. E. STONE,
S. W. HIDE, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order on the shortest notice or style—employs good workmen on frames.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS,
Oval and other Ornamental and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Done to Order.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

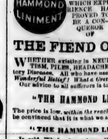
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS
Repaired, Cleaned in Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Enameling, &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may26

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PHOENIX MILLS
FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN
MEAL
CORN
RYE
BRAN
SHORTS
MIDDLINGS
CHOP
FEED
CORN
MEAL
EXTRA RYE FLOUR.
White and Yellow Corn Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour, Feed and Grain Store, No. 45 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Superse's Premium Pearl Powder, Wash Balls and Cream, for Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Imperial Liquid White, Rouge, Lily White, Pearl Dew, Cosmetique, Bloom, for sale at S. RIDDER, JR.'s, corner of Merrimack and Jackson sts. may4

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONSTANT BLESSING TO MANKIND.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to try

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of *All*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLACK & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester; S. R. E. B. DOLLIER & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & Co., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 18, 1861. feb18ly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
161 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,815,258 00
Dividends paid to date,	1,386,741 00
Losses paid,	2,621,000 55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any capital stock or guarantee. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the results of their own premiums. No profits are made, and no risk by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers **unusual security and advantages.**

It possesses over **$3,000,000 assets.**

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Loans.

The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the **Insurance of Lives.**

It is economical in the management of its business.

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Accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving Cash Premiums on Policies for Life, Five, Ten and Fifteen years, or Single Premium cash, and credit in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, for one-half the premium, interest to be paid annually in cash.

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This Company has now the large number of 17,172 Policies in force; 161 an increase in the number of persons insured in October more each day.

the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based, is now fully established, and must therefore prevail to it be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

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Applications for insurance may be made to

H. S. HAYNES,
Agent,
No. 46 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
may7

NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gold
Decorated, French, Chian, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the most Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS.
of every description, including Fancotte, Hall, Chandeliers, and Dwellings. Also, all sizes of Tinsmiths' Oil Lamps allowed to Kerosene at short notice.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Baxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale.
GLASS WARE,
Of common, medium and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a large supply of Lamp Glasses.
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the selection we have made for the trade, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most favorable terms, will enable us to offer them on the benefit of our motto—
"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."
Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to me in the old stand, and solicit a continuance of their favors from desirable and reliable goods, at prices which will defy competition elsewhere.
S. N. WOOD.
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
may15

Kinney's Livocone.
FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Jet, Oil, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient, cheap,* and a great economy, not only in the saving of labor, but in the wear of the articles cleaned; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

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FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigations.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing mush ine in use, for the frequent changes and fine qualities, variety of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew any description of cloth, from the finest cambric muslin to the coarsest sail cloth, and make sew y stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. In fact such a machine best adapted to family use? and if ever adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger size.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, for a very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods subject to much wear.

Fact No. 5.—No Machine is more durable in use than these Machines, and are practically understood.

The construction of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair in 1859.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, in October, 1859, the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y., in 1859, and the highest Premium for best sewing machine in use, in 1860.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair in 1860, and a Medal and Diploma from the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the city of New York, in October, 1860, the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y., in 1860, and the highest Premium for best sewing machine in use.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other machine in use, and will refund the money to purchasers, on give etc., to be found unsatisfactory in every respect.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Prescott Block.
July 12, 1861. 3122pt

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises many new and desirable patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street,
(Next the Post Office.)
may15

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Used Next to the Saviving Millions.
This Golden Salve has now a reputation of being the best healing ointment for sores and wounds in the known to it; long as an hurt.
It heals without a scar, and is the only salve that will heal a sore without leaving a scar. It causes the rotting of the dead flesh, and makes a new flesh to grow in its place.
It lifts the old sore off from his crutch, when it heals without a scar.
It removes the delirious mother when her breast is sore.
It commences and ends every sore by acting best of all.
It terminates the unbearable agony of piles.
It smoothes the face of the pitted small-pox.
It is a perfect beauty.
It is certainly against scald.
It is the only cure for chilblains.
It is the only remedy for corns, bunions, and does WITHOUT FAIL.
It is the only salve for cancer. If you will hearken.
Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this salve.
You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.
It is the only salve for fever sores.
It is the only salve for the itch.
For sore and swollen feet use it.
For sore nipples use it.
For stiff joints and lame sinw use it.
Wherever in the world, north, south, east, west, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged.
Whoever has once used it, will use it in all future time. Its fame is world-wide.
Its healing power is wonderful. It has the highest endorsements. Its cures are like magic. Its compositions are known, and its cures are numerous. Its sales are immense, and its reputation is established. Its ingredients are pure. Its component parts are known to one or three druggists in town or three cities.
It is the only remedy for praising the Golden Salve. You can be made free from the burning agony of the Fever Sore, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Itch, Scurvy, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Itch, Scurvy, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Itch, Scurvy

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, August 21, 1861.

VIOLENT PROCEEDINGS AT HAVERHILL, MASS. Last Monday evening, a mob of citizens of Haverhill, too large to be controlled by the authorities of the town, proceeded to the house of Mr. Ambrose L. Kimball, the proprietor of the *Essex County Democrat*; and after some resistance from a few of his personal friends, and a show of fight on his own part, Kimball was captured and taken into the street. Mr. Kimball, in the absence of any recognized editor, it looked upon as responsible for the editorial character of the sheet named above.

Until within a few months he has for some time held an office in the custom-house; while there, if we are rightly informed, after South Carolina seceded and for some weeks after Mr. Lincoln came into power, he paper favored the maintenance of the Union; but losing his own office, and his friends losing theirs, seemed to have been the turning-point with him, and soon his paper was a sympathizer with the South, and was, and since has been, one of the most unscrupulous of the Northern newspapers with Southern sympathies that has been in existence, and has abused the Government beyond excuse or reason, doing all it possibly could in its small way to break it down and to build up the cause of the rebels.

Mr. Kimball was warned and advised by his friends not to pursue a course so directly opposed to the sentiments of more than three quarters of the community about him; but he chose to run himself, and in that way rather challenge his neighbors and opponents. A belief prevails that he would rather that not have his office destroyed by a mob, as he then would come on the town for damages, which would be an advantageous speculation, since it is hardly possible that the paper has "paid" since it was established, some two years ago. The violent article against the Government, we are sorry to say, lead to violent acts against Mr. Kimball.

He was taken into the street, and on being questioned, said he had no regrets for what he had done, and would not promise to do differently hereafter. He was then ordered to remove his clothing, which he did, except his drawers, when a coat of tar and feathers was applied to him. At this point he was mounted on a rail, or pole, road to the front of his office, and required to cheer the American flag, which he refused to do. Thence he was taken across the river into Bradford, in front of the residence of George Johnson, Esq., and this gentleman, who had undertaken to defend Mr. Kimball, was called for by the crowd, but did not appear, and Mr. Kimball was carried back. When from the Eagle House, on Main Street, he expressed his willingness to accept the terms proposed by his captors. He was requested to kneel down, hold up his hands, and repeated in substance the following confession and affirmation :—"I am sorry for what I have done, and I promise that I will not publish anything more to excite the North and in favor of secession, as long as I live. So help me God." This ended his "hard road." He was taken to his home, and after giving these cheers for the Union, his clothing was restored to him, and he was allowed to go, and the crowd dispersed. Thus ended one of the most unfortunate affairs that has yet occurred in the North since the outbreak against the Government.

We know Mr. Kimball well, and sincerely do we regret that he has shown such disfavor in Haverhill. We cannot believe that at heart he has any faith whatever in the sentiments his paper has lately uttered. So far as we have seen him, he has proved himself a kind-hearted, amiable man; always known to be strongly wedded to his party, but not suspected of lacking patriotism or love of country. Knowing the temperament of his fellow citizens—that not a baker's dozen were in sympathy with the sentiments he has promulgated; and conscious as he must be, as it been that his misrepresentations were an outrage not to be borne quietly, he could not have been so blind as not to have seen what the result would surely be. Toward Mr. Kimball, personally, we do not presume that one in the crowd which so severely handled him, has the slightest hard feeling aside from that engendered by his persistent misrepresentations of the Government and of public men in its employ; and we are glad to learn that he is out on the next morning, apparently as well as ever before, which shows that his personal injury was not sought. Entertaining no respect for the Government that has treated all who seek its protection, openly taking treason and encouraging those in rebellion to persevere low can Mr. Kimball complain of the treatment he has received? He has redress by appealing to law? But there is no provocation that can justify such proceedings as were enacted in Haverhill last Monday night. We cannot, and will not join our voice with that which declares that the people did right; but we believe that Mr. Kimball deserved rebuke and punishment, and that he was amenable to the laws of his country, which he has ceased to respect. Mob law is mad law. We have no faith in its justice—none in its efficacy. It generally increases the evils it seeks to destroy, and puts all classes, the good and the bad, in the power of those who have themselves no honorable, guiding principles. The evil that has befallen the people of Haverhill sought no assembly to redress, we believe may be removed by civil processes if the proper steps to that end are adopted; certain it is, our laws should govern us till it is made apparent that they are insufficient; then it is time enough for us to assume to correct evils, for which the wisdom of our law gives

WAR NEWS AND RUMORS.

The blockade. As much has been said about the threatening attitude of European powers with regard to the blockade, a special inquiry at the State Department show that, in the instance when the Niagara was off the station at Charleston for 24 hours, Lord Lyons brought the subject to the notice of our Government. With that exception, which happened twelve weeks ago, no foreign government has expressed a word of discontent to this government concerning the blockade. On the contrary, it is universally respected by foreign governments, although some of their subjects are very active in endeavoring to evade the blockade and very clamorous against it.

From the West. Gen. Siegel, Major Conant and several other officers arrived from Rolla on Monday night at St. Louis, also a large number of the wounded of different regiments, who were taken to the hospitals or to their friends. Capt. Marsh was detailed to proceed to Springfield under a flag of truce, with a guard and ambulances, to bring in Capt. Cavender, Corporal Conant, and the body of Gen. Lyon.

The Fourteenth Illinois Regiment, Col. Smith, reached Rolla on Sunday, Gen. Siegel has at Rolla about 10,000 men.—His march from Springfield was unopposed, except delay in crossing the Gasconade River. The people along the route, apprehensive of the rebels, joined his forces in great numbers.

The Philadelphia arrests. That of Pierce Butler, is the only arrest that has been made. The others were mere rumors.

The Quaker City, at Fortress Monroe from the Cape, reports that a 90-gun Dutch ship of war is ashore at Cape Henry. She went ashore at ebb tide, and will doubtless get off at the flood. Two powerful tug-steamers were going to her relief.

Washington news. Washington special dispatches state that Commander Hickey of the British steamer Gladiator complain, that Capt. Stringham did not give him notice in left open at the entrance to Cape Fear River, Wilmington, Beaufort and Ocracoke Inlet to Pamlico Sound.

The oath of fidelity was administered Monday to all in the lower rooms of the Treasury building. There were no refusals.

Five more Michigan State regiments and two independent regiments have been accepted, and it is understood will be sent forward the present week.

Spofford, Tileston & Co., who have two steamers running from New York to Key West and Havana, have proposed to subsist one officer and fifteen men on board of each vessel, which are to be furnished with private armaments and clothing with authority to capture privateers. The Secretary of the Navy has acceded to the proposition.

Those who imagine the Navy Department is not vigorously at work, will have occasion to change their opinion, as vast results will soon be apparent.

Senator Wilson has received authority to raise a regiment in Massachusetts, with a battery of flying artillery attached. He will leave Washington immediately to organize.

Mayor Berret has refused to take the oath of allegiance as a member of the Board of Police Commissioners.

The secessionists in the lower part of Maryland will soon be under the strict watch of the United States troops.

The National Republican states that a negro insurrection is probable in lower Maryland, and threatens forcible emancipation if the slaveholders do not remain loyal.

Missouri. A train of cars on the Pacific Railroad, having 25 passengers and 250 United States soldiers, on Monday morning, was fired into near Jefferson Station, some ten or fifteen miles from Jefferson City. One soldier was killed, one mortally and several severely injured.—One secessionist was also killed. Two companies of the soldiers left the cars, and went in pursuit of the miscreants who fired upon them. Guerrilla parties are reported to be quite prevalent in the region around Jefferson City. Squads of men are leaving Western Missouri and going South to join the State rebels, for the purpose of operating against the Government forces, and fears that Jefferson City will be attacked, are every day increasing.

Gen. Price has issued a proclamation to the people of Missouri, in which he denounces Mr. Lincoln as an usurper, who has violated the laws and subjugate them, and announces his purpose to protect every peace observing citizen in the full enjoyment of all his rights, &c., invites all well disposed persons to return to their usual avocations, but threatens them if they sustain the new State or National Government.

The town of Commerce, forty miles above Cairo, which was occupied by secessionists, was taken on Monday night by a force of 500 men sent against it by Gen. Fremont. The rebels made no stand.

A fight near Cairo. There was a battle last Monday night at 12 o'clock, between a Federal force, 250 strong, consisting of the 22nd Illinois regiment, Col. Dougherty, accompanied by Lieut. Col. Rawson, of the 11th Illinois regiment.—The rebel force is estimated at 600 or 700, commanded by Col. Hunter, of Jeff. Thompson's army. The Federal troops were victorious, routing the enemy, killing forty and taking seventeen prisoners, and many times wounded.

Texas. News confirming the surrender of 5000 Federal troops, at Fort Fillmore, to 3000 Texas troops is received. The Federal force was commanded by Major Lloyd. He abandoned the fort on the 26th ult., and marched toward Fort Staunton, 19 miles from Fort Fillmore. He surrendered his whole command.

In an engagement at Messilla, between a body of Federal troops and seven hundred rebels under Capt. Baylor, Capt. McMicly and Lieut. Brooks of the Federal army were wounded and two rebels killed. Night stopped the engagement.

Some fears are entertained for the safety of Fort Union, and the commanding officer is having it fortified and entrenched.

The New Orleans Bulletin, of the 13th, says the steamer Bendigo, from Carolina, informed the Galveston authorities that unless two boats, which are alleged belonged to citizens of Massachusetts are returned to him, he would fire upon the city.

MR. BATES ON THE DIVISION OF VIRGINIA. Hon. Edward Bates, Attorney General of the United States, has written a letter in answer to one from a member of the Western Virginia Legislature, giving his views on the proposed division of that State. He says :—

"The formation of a new State out of Western Virginia, as original, independent act of revolution. I do not deny the power of revolution (I do not call it right) —for it is never prescribed, it exists in force only, and has and can have no law but the will of the revolutionist(s). Any attempt to carry it out involves a plain breach of both the constitution and of Virginia and of the nation. And hence it is plain that you cannot take such course without weakening, if not destroying, your claims upon the sympathy and support of the general government; and without disconnecting the plan already adopted both by Virginia and the general government, that reorganized State will be admitted."

That plan I understand to be this :—When a State, by its perverted functionaries, has declared itself out of the Union, we avail ourselves of all the sound and loyal elements of the State—all who own allegiance to and claim protection of the Constitution, to form a State government and to elect a Governor, a State Legislature, and claiming to be the very State which we have, in part, overthrown by the successful rebellion. In this way we establish a constitutional nucleus around which all the scattered elements of the commonwealth may meet and combine, and thus restore the old State in its original integrity.

This, I verily thought, was the plan adopted at Wheeling, and recognized and acted upon by the general government here. The convention assembled and reorganized the State government at Richmond, both in the convention and the General Assembly, and they were Governor formally demanded of the President the fulfilment of the constitutional guaranty in favor of Virginia, and Senators were elected to our Senators, not as representing a new and distinct State, but now for the first time in favor of its old history, but as representing "the old established State of Virginia."

Must all this be undone, and a new and hazardous experiment be ventured upon, with endless complications and difficulties are thickening around us? I hope not—for the sake of the Union and the Constitution, I hope not. I had rejoiced in the movement in Western Virginia, as a legal, constitutional and safe rage from revolution and anarchy—as at once an example and fit instrument for the restoration of the old Commonwealth.

WESTERN VIRGINIA. The Convention in session at Wheeling, passed an ordinance yesterday, creating a new State, by a vote of 50 to 28. The boundary as fixed by the convention, consists of Logan, Wyoming, Raleigh, Fayette, Nicholas, Webster, Randolph, Tucker, Preston, Monongahela, Marion, Taylor, Barbour, Upshur, Lewis, Braxton, Clay, Kanawha, Boone, Wayne, Cabell Putnam, Mason, Jackson, Roane, Calhoun, Wirt, Gilmer, Ritchie, Wood, Pleasants, Tyler, Doddridge, Wetzell, Marshall, Ohio, Brooke and Hancock. A provision was incorporated permitting certain adjoining counties to come in, if they desire, by the expression of a majority of their people.—The ordinance also provides for the election of delegates to a Convention to form a Constitution. It also raises the question of admitting a new State or against a new State," shall "be submitted to the people within the proposed boundary, the election to be held on the 24th of October—and to report to the Legislature to be in Kanawha. The utmost harmony prevailed.—The Convention will adjourn to-day.

SOUND. The *Springfield Republican* speaking of the "contraband" question says—"The impairence of those whose hatred of slavery overpowers all other considerations, to make emancipation the end and aim of the war, is as unjust as it is impolitic. The war can only abolish slavery incidentally to the object of war, and the natural effect of the general disorder attending a state of hostilities. The loyal people and soldiery may not and will not regard the negro as the cause of the rebellion and the restoration of the authority of the government is the sole object of the war."

THE STATE Department has just issued the following notice, which is for all whom it may concern :—Until further notice no person will be allowed to go abroad without a passport from this Department or countersigned by the Secretary of State, nor will any person be allowed to land in the United States without a passport from a Minister or Consul of the United States; nor if a foreigner from a Government countersigned by such Minister or Consul." This regulation, however is not to take effect in regard to persons coming from abroad, until a reasonable time shall have elapsed for it to become known in the country from which they may proceed.

OUTRAGE TO WASHINGTON. Troops are being forwarded in great numbers by every conveyance to Washington, and it is intimated (says the *Boston Journal*) that by Saturday next *about seventy-five thousand* men, *in addition to those already there*, will be in the vicinity of the ten States just called upon by the Secretary of War.

SCANDAL is rife in Washington. A well known merchant there has eloped with the wife of a prominent citizen, to Europe it is rumored. Is this another cause for a war with England?

A SINGULAR INJURY. The surgeon of the hospital at Alexandria reports a singular case of suffering under his charge. A private, engaged in the battle at Bull Run, had a cannon ball pass his face without touching him. He felt a strong concussion of the air, but was not wounded. Shortly his cheek soon presented a swollen appearance, and increased from day to day. He was conveyed to the hospital, and put under proper treatment, but the surgeons have failed to relieve him, the swelling manifestation of the parts affected. Experienced surgeons in other hospitals have visited him, occur from balls passing without striking the victim.

ANOTHER PAPER SUPPRESSED. The *Jeffersonian* office in West Chester, Pa., was closed out last Monday night by a crowd. There was no disturbance, most of the residents being ignorant of the movement until the work was done. The *Jeffersonian* was a visitor at our office, and has been since the war commenced, a dirty sheet.

GONE TO ENGLAND. Mr. F. A. Calvert, Jr., of this city, left Boston to-day in the Europa, for Manchester, England, where he goes to take charge of the business of his father, who will return home.

Mr. Calvert was in Georgia when the secession troubles commenced, but finding the place too hot for him, left for the North. Meeting the Sixth Regiment at Philadelphia, he volunteered as a private, and joined the ranks of the Phalanx, and came home with the regiment, after having served some ten weeks.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES. We hope that our readers who reside in Ward Four, will not purchase their drugs elsewhere, if they are troubled with any of "the ills to which flesh is heir," we congratulate them on the fact of having a good and careful apothecary—Mr. W. W. Dutton, at Wamsutt Bank Building—in their vicinity. Mr. Duncan keeps a good assortment of fresh drugs and medicines which are put up at all hours, with great care, and Mr. D. is a deserving young man, who should be encouraged by those among whom he has cast his lot.

We have been informed that the reason why the State authorities refuse to grant Col. Jones the right of constituting the Sixth Regiment for three years with its old number, is that they wish to keep the three months' Regiments and the three years' ones distinct. The Sixth Regiment is a part of the volunteer militia of the State, which they wish to keep separate from those which go into the service of the General Government. The 4th Regiment was formed from the same corps as the Sixth Regiment, (Col. Lowdin's) of Boston. There are other Regiments from Massachusetts organizing, and for a very long time there was but one, B. hesitating to decide fully. At last E., getting impatient at his friend, said :—"Come, you've been neither one thing nor the other long enough; come, be a volunteer." B. came, and from his pocket," "Well, I reckon, Sir, there is." "We're going home," he said in the parlance of the day, "to see from which will you pay?" "No," said B., looking eagerly at the hand which held the pocket-book; "I don't see why I'm here in deciding principles that way; but you'll give me the cent, I'll come out on your side."

LARGE SALARIES. The Presidents of the Mutual Marine Insurance Companies, at New York, receive princely salaries. The President of the Atlantic Mutual receives $25,000 a year, the President of the Sun Mutual $10,000; of the Great Western $10,000, and the Presidents of the two Fire and Marine Offices receive $10,000 each. The salaries of the bank cashiers vary from $4,000 to $7,000.

TENNESSEE ELECTION. Sixty counties and a few military camps give 66,936 votes for Governor, Harris, Secession, 52,038, 459 against. For Governor, Harris, present incumbent, has 60,483 and Polk 20, 447. Fifteen counties in East Tennessee gives 12,298 for the constitution, to 16,383 against it. Harris had 11,141 in the same counties to 18,610 for Polk.

THE SIXTEENTH REGIMENT. The Sixteenth Massachusetts Regiment, Col. Wyman, arrived in Baltimore on Monday afternoon, and had gone into camp near that city.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT. The *Boston Journal* says that Colonel Jones of the Sixth Regiment waited upon Gov. Andrew yesterday, by request, to confer with His Excellency upon the subject of again calling his command into the field. Colonel Jones offered some time since to recruit his regiment, but the Governor then hesitated about accepting it, lest he should be thought too severe upon the gallant men in the recent call from Washington has induced him to waive all considerations and, while the scroll of fame is still fresh with the record of their glorious achievements, they will be permitted to add new lustre to their name by again marching against the foe. After consultation it was decided that when the men are called for in their absence, to be paid off for their three months' services, they should be called upon to express their sentiments upon the subject. If they are ready to re-enlist, organization and re-enlistment is no doubt but the regiment will be accepted.

MR. RUSSELL AND THE REPULSE AT BULL RUN. The steamer Bremen, from Southampton, which reached New York Monday night, brought the usual English mail, containing the British account of the most interesting of which is the *London Times*, which contains Mr. Russell's account of the Bull Run repulse. We have not room for the whole letter at this time. He did not see much of the battle; but he saw the "retreat," and of that he gives a graphic description. As he approached Centreville, he met "a long straggling disputerly returning from the scene of the battle which was about to begin. He asked an officer, "Where are your men going, clothing from Patrick Kelley, No. 73 East Merrimack Street, valued at about $28.—Harrison says that he belongs in Boston. Kelley found him at the depot this morning, with a pair of boots on which he stole, besides the boots he took a coat, vest, cravat and other smaller articles. He had one or two coats with him which he had doubtless stolen from other persons, and says he got the boots in a store in Boston, but refused to tell the name of the store. He was committed to the House of Correction for six months for larceny of clothing.

JUDGE STERRETT'S HOUSE. A large party from the John Street Congregational Church went to Willow Dale yesterday, and had a fine day for their entertainment.—The various arrangements about the Grove were put into requisition for the entertainment of the party, which returned home last evening, well pleased with the excursion, and its accompaniments.

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CITY AND VICINITY

Post Office, Lowell, August 19, 1861.

☞ The new style POSTAGE STAMPS have been received at this office, and will be exchanged for the old issue during the whole of this week.

Neighboring Post Masters can exchange for one month from date of this.

After Aug. 25th Stamps of postage will not be accepted in payment of postage.

JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

aug19dtf

WANTED,

For the 11th Regiment Infantry, U. S. A., 200 able-bodied Men between the ages of 18 and 35 years.

The term of service is Three Years. Pay from $13 to $16 per month.

Good food, comfortable clothing, and medical attendance are always provided for Soldiers.

Recruiting Office at Lowell, Mass., at the Office of Capt. 11th Infantry, Recruiting Officer.

CHARLES C. POMEROY,

Capt. 11th Infantry, Recruiting Officer.

August 12, 1861. dtf

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has this afternoon unengaged, is desirous of obtaining employment either as Copyist or Accountant. Inquire of this office. Address "Box 382" Lowell, P. O.

August 7, 1861. aug8dtm

PRINTER'S HOLIDAY. The present and past members of the craft, who feel an interest in the annual holiday of the Lowell printers, are requested to meet at the Courier office this evening, to see what steps shall be adopted for a brief "vacation" this year.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Charles Harrison was sentenced to the House of Correction for six months for larceny of merchandise from Patrick Kelley, No. 73 East Merrimack Street, valued at about $28.—Harrison says that he belongs in Boston. Kelley found him at the depot this morning, with a pair of boots on which he stole, besides the boots he took a coat, vest, cravat and other smaller articles. He had one or two coats with him which he had doubtless stolen from other persons, and says he got the boots in a store in Boston, but refused to tell the name of the store. He was committed to the House of Correction for six months for larceny of clothing.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT. Yesterday morning as the cattle train from the North was passing under Swan's bridge, near the Lowell Bleachery, a man named Geo. Howland, who belongs in New York, was knocked off while standing on top of the cars. Howland was warned by the conductor of his danger, but persisted in his hardihood, with the result stated above.—He was taken to the Howard House, and a physician called, who found that his injuries, though severe, which it is hoped are not fatal.

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We have been informed that the reason why the State authorities refuse to grant Col. Jones the right of constituting the Sixth Regiment for three years with its old number, is that they wish to keep the three months' Regiments and the three years' ones distinct. The Sixth Regiment is a part of the volunteer militia of the State, which they wish to keep separate from those which go into the service of the General Government. The 4th Regiment was formed from the same corps as the Sixth Regiment, (Col. Lowdin's) of Boston. There are other Regiments from Massachusetts organizing, and for a very long time there was but one, B. hesitating to decide fully. At last E., getting impatient at his friend, said :—"Come, you've been neither one thing nor the other long enough; come, be a volunteer." B. came, and from his pocket," "Well, I reckon, Sir, there is." "We're going home," he said in the parlance of the day, "to see from which will you pay?" "No," said B., looking eagerly at the hand which held the pocket-book; "I don't see why I'm here in deciding principles that way; but you'll give me the cent, I'll come out on your side."

LARGE SALARIES. The Presidents of the Mutual Marine Insurance Companies, at New York, receive princely salaries. The President of the Atlantic Mutual receives $25,000 a year, the President of the Sun Mutual $10,000; of the Great Western $10,000, and the Presidents of the two Fire and Marine Offices receive $10,000 each. The salaries of the bank cashiers vary from $4,000 to $7,000.

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THE SIXTEENTH REGIMENT. The Sixteenth Massachusetts Regiment, Col. Wyman, arrived in Baltimore on Monday afternoon, and had gone into camp near that city.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has removed his Tool Chest from Mill No. 1 to Mill No. 4, where he would be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the above named places for Lumber or Tool promptly attended to.

A. L. BIGELOW.

Lowell, July 25, 1861. 1y30

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have received a sample of the new and improved Elastic Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jy29dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, E. W. Hodges, G. G. Hood, W. Hickey, Jr., Wm. Rickard, Jr., E. F. Sherman, Levi Sprague.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurings, Furniture and Factory risks. No assessment for losses will be made on the Premium notes during the present year. The Stock Department is confined to the risks of commercial officers of the army.

Good mechanics who may be under the regulation size need apply, as will be offered.

Apply at No 27 Market Street, Lowell, Mass.

CHARLES C. POMEROY,

Capt. 11th Infantry, Recruiting Officer.

August 12, 1861. dtu

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has this afternoon unengaged, is desirous of obtaining employment either as Copyist or Accountant. Inquire of this office. Address "Box 382" Lowell, P. O.

August 7, 1861. aug8dtm

PRINTER'S HOLIDAY. The present and past members of the craft, who feel an interest in the annual holiday of the Lowell printers, are requested to meet at the Courier office this evening, to see what steps shall be adopted for a brief "vacation" this year.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Charles Harrison was sentenced to the House of Correction for six months for larceny of clothing from Patrick Kelley, No. 73 East Merrimack Street, valued at about $28.—Harrison says that he belongs in Boston. Kelley found him at the depot this morning, with a pair of boots on which he stole, besides the boots he took a coat, vest, cravat and other smaller articles. He had one or two coats with him which he had doubtless stolen from other persons, and says he got the boots in a store in Boston, but refused to tell the name of the store. He was committed to the House of Correction for six months for larceny of clothing.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT. Yesterday morning as the cattle train from the North was passing under Swan's bridge, near the Lowell Bleachery, a man named Geo. Howland, who belongs in New York, was knocked off while standing on top of the cars. Howland was warned by the conductor of his danger, but persisted in his hardihood, with the result stated above.—He was taken to the Howard House, and a physician called, who found that his injuries, though severe, which it is hoped are not fatal.

JOHN STREET EXCURSION. A large party from the John Street Congregational Church went to Willow Dale yesterday, and had a fine day for their entertainment. The various arrangements about the Grove were put into requisition for the entertainment of the party, which returned home last evening, well pleased with the excursion, and its accompaniments.

GONE TO ENGLAND. Mr. F. A. Calvert, Jr., of this city, left Boston to-day in the Europa, for Manchester, England, where he goes to take charge of the business of his father, who will return home.

Mr. Calvert was in Georgia when the secession troubles commenced, but finding the place too hot for him, left for the North. Meeting the Sixth Regiment at Philadelphia, he volunteered as a private, and joined the ranks of the Phalanx, and came home with the regiment, after having served some ten weeks.

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ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies will insure property at as low rates as other reliable offices. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

INSURANCE IN ANY CARD.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,

No 18 Appleton Block, Central St., Lowell.

July, 1860. jy9-1y

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,

No 18 Appleton Block, Central St., Lowell.

April, 1860. 1m1ay

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL,

$100,000

Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.

$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, amounted to 40 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first class securities, constitute the principal investment of the Company, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy holders.

TRUSTEES:

Erastus Lyman, Frederick Ferris, Isaac Kip, Jr., Alex'r M. Bullock, Thos. P. Shonard, Jr., Wm. H. Appleton, Jr., Wm. H. Aspinwall, Jr., Edward Bernard, Seymour Borrill, Ed. E. Morgan, Solon F. Goodrich, Robert Ralston, Robert Astor, Jr.,

Thomas Tileston, Merchant, New York. Cashier, New York. Merchant, New York. Ex-Governor of Connecticut. Merchant, New York. Merchant, New York. President of City of New York. Merchant, Merchant, Merchant, New York. Merchant, New York. Merchant, New York.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and attributing its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In a number of two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article if no reputation ever heard of, when the trial has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, none of these charlatans have modesty enough to write an advertisement, as I assure they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than a thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for a weak head, candruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business last fall, and was pleased to now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,297, will be duly attended to.

Yours, truly, JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to for the benefit of it. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for the last five years. I am now over 60 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there were more fictitious than genuine, and was entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I concluded I would try your Restorative, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small sizes, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered that my hair was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light bik hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days. I have not a gray hair nor bald spot on my head. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not inclined to fall off, and is as soft and fine, and fits in as oily, as though it was in the days of the French chanpooser. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Doctor, what have you got that fine wig on?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington Clothing and Variety Store.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by extravagant praise. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every instance with the desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine preparations which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—Columbian Spy.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents hair falling out. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which have from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of undoubted veracity. Don't say till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

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(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is for sale by the *married and single ladies*, and in the very best hands. Known for its purposes, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period comes on, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too-large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in my case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 MOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case—for it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by express to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Dr. Mattison's Female Pills are the Acknowledged agencies for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is surrounded as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine, and warranted to cure, unless obtained of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

Private advice free. Consultation with all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly graduated physician of many years experience in treating his whole attention to them—Consultations by letter strictly confidential—Medicines will be sent by Express, or otherwise, to any part of the world. Every case, requiring a peculiar course of treatment, will receive such, accommodations for patients there and wishing to remain with the Doctor *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over Two Hundred Females fall victims to their ill-wedding quarrels annually, in New England alone, without any fault of their own part. Most of this none comes out of a class of persons who are not to be trusted. They, but once paid they can never get it back, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, and during to expose the cheat for *fear of exposing* themselves. And as the cases from this sad, but *too true impurity*, to men who are alike destitute of honor, principle, and feeling, it is necessary that some place be provided where females can go for advice and treatment, with the assurance that their case will be treated with honor and secrecy. Therefore, you would *avoid being humbugged*, and to have a sure remedy—one by prescription—*one*, but MAKE INQUIRY,—it will cost you nothing, and may save you hundreds of dollars, as advertising physicians in some cases out to advertise the same side of the question, and for gaining Gold to try the Remedies.—*Columbian Spy.*

aug2 7.1eod

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. For Dressing the Hair it has no equal. It prevents the hair falling off. It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky. It feels cool. It contains no deleterious ingredients. It allays all irritation of the scalp. It removes the dandruff. It makes the hair soft and glossy. It nourishes the roots of the hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin. It affords the richest moisture to nourish the hair in its vitality. It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

FARRER'S.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR,
Men's Kingsmill Dress Hats.
Do. Maya's No. 1 Super Thoroughcut Lime;
Extra Long Thoroughcut Lime;
No. 1 Super Universal Guano, Warranted genuine
200 bushels Brick Grass Seed
50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Barley, Extra Early Peas, Wheat, Sand Oats, Millet, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c. &c.
ap19 1m 176 Central st.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. P. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burning and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, bracket, hand, centre, stove, kitchen, and study lamps. Also, a large stock of Lard Oil, which all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Dr. Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the lowest prices.

Please call and examine the stock, at H. P. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
mar26 1m

FELT HATS.

Just received from the factory a fresh lot of Felt Hats selected from the latest Paris and New York styles, comprising every variety and beautiful shades, well adapted for Spring wear, at
HAZEN'S
ap23 Corner Hat Store

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Leghorn, Malaga, Canton, Indi-Nora Bay, Manilla, Sennet, Straw and Palm Leaf Hats. A fresh lot just opened at HAZEN'S Corner Hat Store.
ap20

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., that have taken them at my store will please call and settle their bills, as I contemplate to sell at cost, or less, for a few days to make room for my Spring stock.
may2 1m*d J. MERRILL.

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH removes the great and disagreeable labor of sweeping into a pleasure.

A child can operate it.

It raises no dust.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It is more effective, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
mh2

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleaning fine China it is most superior, having no equal in the market. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Jo hn sts.
may2

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment adjoined with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in connection with the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Court Dockets,
Pamphlets, Bro-kers,
Circulars, Constitutions of Societies,
Addresses, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Catalogues, Town Reports,
Town Reports, Mammoth Posters, &c.
&c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fancy colored Boston printed CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

J. E. STONE,
E. M. HUSE,
Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
ALSO
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

BOOKBINDING and PAPER RULING made and repaired, Cases in every style. Old Books neatly bound, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A TRIAL TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN
PROVISIONS
GROCERIES

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, Corn, potatoes, Oats and Grass Seeds,
No. 43 Market Street, by
ap23 E. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Tupelo's Premium French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Italian Balm, Rose Cream, Rose Cold Cream, Camphor Ice, White's Cosmetic, Tupelo, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., Pharmacist and Merchant.
may8

ALL who have a *taste* for good TEA and COFFEE should call at Hazen's Corner Hat Store.
Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LIQUID Blue, Soluble Prussian Blue, Glue, Sizing, Gold Size, Silver, Brial Aluminum Wire &c.—This article is the best and cheapest Blue ever offered to the public, and is warranted to give entire satisfaction or the money will be refunded. CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

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ALSO
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

BOOKBINDING and PAPER RULING made and repaired, Cases in every style. Old Books neatly bound, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A TRIAL TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN
PROVISIONS
GROCERIES

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, Corn, potatoes, Oats and Grass Seeds,
No. 43 Market Street, by
ap23 E. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Tupelo's Premium French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Italian Balm, Rose Cream, Rose Cold Cream, Camphor Ice, White's Cosmetic, Tupelo, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., Pharmacist and Merchant.
may8

ALL who have a *taste* for good TEA and COFFEE should call at Hazen's Corner Hat Store.
Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LIQUID Blue, Soluble Prussian Blue, Glue, Sizing, Gold Size, Silver, Brial Aluminum Wire &c.—This article is the best and cheapest Blue ever offered to the public, and is warranted to give entire satisfaction or the money will be refunded. CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

J. E. STONE,
E. M. HUSE,
Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
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AN OLD THERAPY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE GOOD.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TIC DOLOREUX, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim: "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*"

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The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

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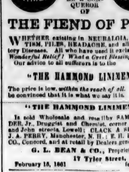
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861. feb18ly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF
NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861. $3,812,258 93
Dividends paid to date, 2,411,203 55
Lowest paid, $1,401,055 38

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, not its trustees, were and are its owners. Its accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held in trust for their exclusive benefit and obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, the following are briefly stated:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans or speculations.

The only Agency in this city is at 36 Brooklyn, Almy, Tripp, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the insurance of lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates assurers desirous of settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly. Premiums for Whole Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and enrolled in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The Dividends are paid in cash, or may be applied in liquidation of premiums, or left to accumulate at interest, as the assured may elect.

This Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured is desirable, as it will more widely extend the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are founded. It is the largest Company ever organized in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
mh2

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleaning fine China it is most superior, having no equal in the market. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
may2

H. S. HAYNES,

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of Kealand and Flanders, a large and well-assorted stock of White Gilt
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Silver Plated and Britannia Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, BURNING FLUID, STAND AND HANDLED LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Stores, Churches, Halls, Dwellings, &c., in all kinds of Trimmings. Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.
GLASS WARE,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a new supply of beautiful
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as careful attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.
The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."
Thanking you for your past favors, and soliciting a liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to me, I remain yours truly, and a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I would assure them that I will not be outdone by any establishment in the country.
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
mar15 1y

Kidder's Livocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found perfectly cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however dirty or greasy, will yield to Livocone. Nothing in the equal has ever been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary and Merchant, corner Merrimack and John streets. Also sold by Apothecaries generally.

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the American Flag, &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.
may29 6

VINE PROTECTORS,

A SPLENDID article. They not only protect the vine from bugs, borers and worms, but stimulate an existence of weak roots and cold. With careful usage they will last ten years. For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural and Seed Store.
mar21 136 Central street.

CREAM TARTAR—Warranted pure—for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
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FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
638 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—These Machines make the stitch alike on both sides, and will do a little more than half as much thread or silk as the ordinary Machines.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines are hemming, fulling, binding, braiding and all fashionable sewing done by the machine, to the frequent changes and silk contained in the ordinary Machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are less liable to get out of order, and more easily kept in order than any other sewing machine, to the frequent changes and silk contained in the ordinary Machines.

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Fact No. 5.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use.

A fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 6.—No Machine is more durable in its more simple construction, or more easily understood.

The attention of those in want of a sewing machine is respectfully solicited to the above facts, which will be found correct.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines make the highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, receiving the highest Premium for fine sewing machine work.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines took the highest premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give better satisfaction than any other machine, and to keep in repair one year, gratis.

Some peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite invisible to persons who have not seen them in use. They are free from the faint impure of thousands, from almost every machine that is offered to the public. They are peculiar merits and distinctive characteristics which will be found to prevent all imitation. In this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unqualified facts, and we claim for the machines we have made such, be more reference to certain kinds of machines, than we may wish to compare themselves of certain personal obligations, but simply to establish the superiority of our Lock Stitch Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or manufacturing.

The company having determined to meet the wants of the public, will never fail to keep constantly on hand Machines, and have furnished them with the necessary attachments for hemming, fulling, gathering, gauging, etc., to be found anywhere—at the lowest prices.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 48 Merrimack street.
July 12, 1861. dly

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufactories
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, which will be found cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Great News to the Sufferers from Piles.

The Golden Salve has now a world of honor. It is the only remedy that will cure the Piles. It never fails to do so in 3 days.

It relieves the most obstinate case in 24 hours. It never has been known to fail in a single instance. It never will fail

THE DAILY COURIER.
Thursday, August 22, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

Matters about Washington. The continued alarms about the designs of the insurgents against the capital are declared by gentlemen in high quarters to be fabrications of secession emissaries. Opinions, however, are divided on the subject.—Whatever may be the truth respecting it, the Administration wants to reinforce and be ready for active operations. The volunteers, while left in Northern towns and cities, can do no service, but they can be organized here, and be ready for service immediately. Hence the call made on the 19th inst.

Other news and rumors. One of the men supposed to have been taken a prisoner at Pohick Church, on Sunday, when the Lincoln cavalry, under Capt. Boyd, charged on the rebels, has returned to camp. He slept in the woods during the day and traveled at night. Williams, his companion, is undoubtedly a prisoner.

Commissions have been placed by the provost marshal upon travel between Alexandria and Washington. Much good will probably arise from such restrictions. Special dispatches state that Gen. McClellan has ordered all women away from the camps across the Potomac, except the nurses.

August Douglas, a merchant of Baltimore, was arrested last Tuesday night, charged with an attempt to induce Lieut. Ham to join the rebels, promising promotion in rank and pay. He was placed in the custody of the United States Marshal at Philadelphia, where he was arrested.

Orders have been issued for the movement from New York of eight regiments.

Gov. Morton, of Indiana, says his State will have in three weeks eighteen additional regiments in the field.

The rumor that Fort Scott has been taken by the rebels is contradicted by the Fort Scott express messenger, who has just arrived at Kansas City, Mo. He states that all is quiet there.

It is reported that Beauregard has been reinforced by 15,000 or 20,000 men from Yorktown, Norfolk, and Richmond.

The last fight in Missouri. Dispatches from St. Louis, dated the 20th, state that the commanding officer at Cairo reports to Gen. Fremont that Col. Dougherty, with 300 men, was sent out the evening before, from Birdy Point, and attacked the next day, 1200 strong, at Charleston. The rebels were driven back, forty of their number having been killed. The Federal troops took 17 prisoners and sixty stand of horses, returning at 2 o'clock in the morning, with the loss of one man killed and six wounded.

The late battle near Springfield, Mo. A dispatch from St. Louis is as follows:—

Gen. Price's official report of the battle near Springfield, says the Missouri forces numbered 5221, of which 156 were killed 517 wounded. Among the killed are Col. Weightman, Col. Brown, Adjutant Gen. Capt. Blackwell, Lieut. Col. Austin, Capt. Regart, Lieut. Hughes, Capt. Farris, Capt. Hallock, Lieut. Hoskings, Capt. Clark, Maj. Rogers, and Col. Allen.

Among the wounded are Brig. Gen. Clarke, Col. Burbridge, Col. Foster, Capts. Nichols, Dougherty, Armstrong and Mingo, Col. Kelley, Col. Hardeman and Col. McCarty. Many of the wounds of both officers and men are reported to be mortal. Gen. Price makes no mention of McCulloch's forces in the battle. The entire rebel army had been encamped near the battle ground. Gen. Lyon in four columns at nine o'clock the night previous to the battle, so as to surround Springfield, and kept up a thunderous attack at daybreak but the order was countermanded in consequence of the darkness of the night and a threatened storm.

According to a statement made in the *St. Louis Democrat*, purporting to be from a sergeant belonging to a company of United States dragoons, who was captured by the rebels, but escaped from them the Gen. McCulloch was mortally wounded in the battle, and died in Springfield the morning after. His body was placed in a tin-lined coffin filled with whisky, closely sealed and sent southward, accompanied by his body guard. The same author-ity also states that Gen. Price was badly wounded. The rebels were reinforced on Saturday night, after the battle, by 9000 men, under McBride, many of whom had no arms. There was a current report among the soldiers that Lyon's whole army would make a forced march on Jefferson City and take it. The last charges by the Kansas and Iowa regiments and the United States dragoons, forcing the rebels to retreat three miles, where they waited until night in constant expectation of being attacked. The many regiments would, think the dragoon, have driven the rebels into Arkansas. The terrible havoc made by Totten's and Dubois' batteries filled them with dismay. He thinks the loss in killed estimate of their killed and wounded (which is in all probability a very unreasonable estimate.)

Intercourse between the loyal and rebel States. The Postmaster General, in response to an inquiry, says he has neither the power to interdict nor to suspend intercourse between loyal and rebellious States by proclamation or otherwise. The power rests with the War and Treasury Departments alone; and it is useless to address forbearance to either, the correspondence between the insurgents at the South and their friends and abettors at the North may be lawfully continued. His power over the matter extends only to protection of the revenues of the department from fraud by the conveyance of this circuitous correspondence over the post routes of the United States, partly in mails and partly by private expresses, unlawful. This he believes to have been effectually done. He concludes by saying that under the recent proclamation of the President it is presumed that instructions by the Treasury and War Departments will effectually suppress the abuse complained of.

The Jeff. Davis hoard from. The privateer *Jeff. Davis* was at St. John, Porto Rico, July 20th. She took in wood and water, and proceeded to sea next day, where she lay on and off the island. She is supposed to be waiting for a bark from the United States with a cargo of provisions, &c. The authorities of the island ordered her off.

From the South, this morning, comes the very improbable report, originating in the *Memphis Avalanche*, that Parson Brownlow addressed the Bradley County Volunteers, at Knoxville, saying that he would enlist and fight against Lincoln's hordes. Also that Mr. Nelson would shortly issue an address advising acquiescence in the will of a majority of the people of the State. He also says that Brownlow will soon issue the *Whig*, and advocate the cause of the South against her oppressor.

THE "PEACE PARTY" DEFINED. The *Bangor Times*, a journal that believes in the preservation of the National Government, first, last, and always, speaking in reference to the contemptible conduct of the "copper-head" wing of its party, and in assuming to be the "Peace Party," truly says—"A Peace Party in the North is nothing more than the reserve forces of Mr. Jefferson Davis. Both are animated by the same purpose. Mr. Davis wishes the North humiliated; so does the Peace Party. Mr. Davis wishes the Union dissolved; so does the Peace Party. Mr. Davis wants Northern bacon and Northern arms; the Peace Party have both to dispose of at reasonable terms. Mr. Davis wishes to ruin the Administration; the Peace Party is laboring to the same end. The only difference seems to be that Davis has armed his Virginia Peace Party, and stationed it at Manassas, under the command of Beauregard and Johnson, two very distinguished members, while his Peace Party in the North is commanded by Breckinridge, Bayard, Vallandigham, and Wood. The whole six of them are very faithful officers, and Mr. Davis is efficiently represented by his Northern servants as he is by his South ern."

A POLITICAL MOVEMENT IN VERMONT. At Montpelier, yesterday, there was a "Union Convention," called to nominate a State ticket. W. G. Ferris, Esq., of Montpelier, presided. The ticket placed in nomination is a strong one, and is as follows: For Governor, Hon. Andrew Tracey of Woodstock; for Lieut. Governor, Hon. Levi Underwood of Woodstock, for Treasurer, J. T. Thurston of Montpelier.

The resolutions adopted were in substance the Crittenden and Johnson resolutions, adopted at the late extra session of Congress. The convention was large, harmonious and enthusiastic. Spirited speeches were made by Hon. Stephen Thomas, S. B. Colley, Hon. Orsmel H. Smith and others.

The nominee for Governor, Hon. Andrew Tracy, was in Congress from 1853 to 1855, and is a conservative Republican. The majority of those who figured in the convention are well known Democrats. Nine roads for 17 prisoners and seventy-one horses, returning at 2 o'clock in the morning, with the loss of one man killed and six wounded.

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IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir* — Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to bear testimony to the wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, after a period of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has now become very long, and soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it's facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as I see flaming puffs every day, but, as I am well aware that are all well known already, and even more in this case, I am a citizen of the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling for the greater part of the last twenty-four years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative and valuable thing in effects my own case. In several instances I have met with persons that have represented it as worthless, saying they had used it and without a doubt. In every instance I have ascertained, by personal investigation both of the parties, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will purchase such articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved worth a good deal.

Apparently, none of these charlatans have not beaten enough to ever to an understanding of notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen, and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and all with success—some for boldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the hair I have ever seen.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I feel it a duty to you to state that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over forty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For nearly twenty years past my hair has been turning rapidly gray, and was almost white and very thin. I had used many of the so-called restoratives, but without success. I noticed your advertisements in the papers, and concluded to try your Hair Restorative—a wonderful name it was, I thought, for a thing that would restore what almost forty years had turned gray. So much for curiosity, the chemistry of humbug. My hair has been using your Restorative for some months. First, wood dislike flies, its dress, and now to restore the decay ing hair. I discovered a new growth coming on my own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of threescore has passed, and ascertained that my hair is restored that the hair could be natural restoration. He found it was restored to its natural hold and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored its own fair in color, length and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. SEE WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else—*New York Dry Goods*.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 164 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

J. A. McCALL Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

may21 6mos dood&weowlm WF

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving eternal after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single females. It is the only thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married females, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. They are also invaluable in all cases of Fever and Ague, Chills, &c., and will in every case relieve pain in the back, dizziness, nervousness, and all the horrid symptoms attending Female Obstructions. If taken *just before* each monthly period, and in obedience of the directions which accompany each package, they will never fail. Explicit directions with each package, stating when to take them, and when not to take them. Price, $2 per package, or four packages for $5, which will be sent to any address, free of postage, on receipt of price. Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may17

HAIR DYE.
JUST RECEIVED AT A. MANUR.

TEN tons Major's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime.
A little Major's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime.
10 tons Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.
100 bushels Bone Dust.
Cottages, some Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Spring, Buckwheat, Rye, Timothy, Red Top, Millet, Hungarian Grass Seed, &c., &c.
apr19 3m 19 Central street

FELT HATS.

Just received a large lot of Felt Hats selected from the latest Paris and New York styles, comprising some unique and beautiful shades, well adapted for Spring and Summer wear.

BRADLEY & CO.,
apr4 Corner Hat Store

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may7 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

F B U C
L E R E
O A A S
U S T H
R O E E

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at the old stand of Hiram Bruce, No. 45 Market Street, by
apr28 S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenia's Premium Rose Cold Cream, Rose Water, &c.—This article is a delightful preparation for the skin, and will give a great saving of labor. Pure, however soiled, by the use of this article. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
may17

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE should call at the store of S. N. WOOD.
apr28

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.—LUBON'S Celebrated Soap, Rose, Brown, Gold en Silver, Steel, Aluminous Rose, &c.—This article is a delightful soap for shaving, *if tried*, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Pure, however soiled, by the use of this article. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. Prepared only by LUBON & CO., Boston.
may17

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for shaving. Gives a delightful lather. Keeps the face, lips, features, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may17

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

LIQUID SHAVING CREAM,

sold by Apothecaries generally.

Corner Merrimack and John streets.
may2

LIQUID SILVER SOAP,
PREPARED—especially for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated Ware, Britannia, Tin, Paste, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c.* Also, Liquid Silver Soap, for Shaving Cream. Plated Ware, Window Glass and Carriage Glass. It is invaluable. Try it.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Worthen streets.
may3

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, Cards, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with, the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Also, a variety of fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl nut fans and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. KNOX (Proprietor.
S. W. HUSE, } Editors.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE and manufactures to order an entire or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other sizes. Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for these

Imitation Gold—Mouldings for Sale Cheap

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 26, 1860. sep26dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane is for Sale cheap. Umbrella Sticks and Canes straightened, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What a Wonderful Relief! What a Great Discovery!*" Our victims to all sufferers is the

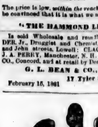
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *All*. Try it, and be convinced that it is sure to do us.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell: CLACE & SHEPARDSON, Boston; HENRY HARRIS, Nashua; E. R. E. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and all retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb20 3mMWF



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
151 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation June 1, 1861,	$3,842,558.50
Dividends paid up dats,	1,018,080.00
Losses paid,	2,821,903.55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital stock. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by themselves. The whole care of the Company is trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, the following are important:

It differs nominal security and advantage.
It possesses over $2,000,000 assets.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth from three to four times the loan effected.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Bonds.
The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively on the mutual principle.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends the insured to the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, in advance, at 6, 3 and 1½ per cent. discount, respectively, from the usual rates, without charge for interest as it pays interest on the sum paid, and guarantees a dividend of 40 per cent. per annum.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

Dividends are declared and paid to the insured in setting future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the benefit of the dividends as declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7715 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based, and renders the dividends more just therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their friends to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1859.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 25 Central and 37 Merrimack street.
mar

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Ware,

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE LAMPS, STAND, AND BARDLESS LAMPS,

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old lamps taken in part for Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston price, in addition to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE,

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the polished manufactories in this country, together with a large supply of bought in

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the careful attention given to the same enables us to offer the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most favorable terms, to the advantage of our customers for the benefit of our motto—

"Do Business on the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have extended to me during the past year, I hope by a continuance of their favors both profitable and agreeable, I respectfully invite them to call on me before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack corner, Lowell.
may18 dtf

Kidder's Lirocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver, Steel, Aluminous Rose, &c.—This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Pure, however soiled, by its use will look as *fresh* as new. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries and Dealers generally.

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

COMPRISING ENTIRELY NEW —with the American Flag, &c., stamped upon it. For sale by the manufacturers,
feb27 40 Merrimack st. may2dtf

VINE PROTECTORS.

AN excellent article. They not only protect the vine from bugs, borers and worm, but contain the richness of wine, rain and cold. With natural usage they will last for years. For sale at S. KIDDER'S, Agent thereof and Seed Store,
may3 136 Central street.

CREAM TARTAR—Warranted pure—for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.
may3

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
538 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in the market, to the frequent changes and all the various necessities of sewing required in a fine family. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin without any other adjustment of machine than to change the tension of the thread, and will do it better than any other machine in the world. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Merino, Broadcloth, Flannel, Silk, Velvet, and Kid leather, without changing the feed, needle, or any other part of the machine, or any adjustment whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—These Machines are more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily managed.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever used, will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the New York State Fair.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Mechanics Institute, in the city of New York, together with a Diploma for the best Machine for Family Sewing.

Fact No. 9.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Metropolitan Institute, in the city of New York, together with a Diploma for the best Machine for Family Sewing.

Fact No. 10.—These Machines do the same sewing with a lighter thread, and less annoying machine than we have space for only to say that it is the best machine ever invented.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell to give entire satisfaction than any other machine in use, or refunding the money and taking it back.

Another peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machines seem quite interesting to persons who have not seen them in use. They are the result of careful inquiry of thousands, from almost every part of the United States, as to the most popular merits and distinctive characteristics of the Family Sewing Machine, and in this inquiry we offer the above explicit and unqualified guarantee. Each Machine is warranted to be made such, by more reference to certain kinds of machines, than to the interest of the makers themselves or certain personal obligations, but to the demands of the public for the best Family Machines, in every variety of family sewing, or manufacturing.

The Company having determined to meet the public demand, have redoubled their energies to get their Machines, and have furnished them with all the necessary appendages for hemming, tucking, binder, gauge etc., to be found anywhere—and have established an

Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Merrimack Block.

July 12, 1861. jy12dtf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also,

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack corner Lowell.
may18

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumption! Friends! Physicians! Philanthropists! Here is the great disease! Unfortunate, who have by excess of the knife, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, than any other sewing machine in the market, to the frequent changes and all the various necessities of sewing required in a fine family. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Muslin without any other adjustment of machine than to change the tension of the thread, and will do it better than any other machine in the world. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Merino, Broadcloth, Flannel, Silk, Velvet, and Kid leather, without changing the feed, needle, or any other part of the machine, or any adjustment whatever. In not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

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Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Merrimack Block.

July 12, 1861. jy12dtf

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Lee's Canal, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at short notice. Please call and examine. He is delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dt

NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

CREDE CASTILE SOAP, for removing Paint and Work-stains, &c., for sale by
S. KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.
may3

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRENTED PURE—A constant supply of this valuable article, direct from the importers. Every bag stamped with the Import-er's name, P. Gibbs & Son, for sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,
mar22 47 Market street.

PERUVIAN SYRUP
Sold by
ORIN T. BILLINGS
apr15

THE Restorative is put up in two sizes, viz.: large, medium, and small; the small holds 2 gills, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion to the small, and retails for $1.75 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion to the small, and $3 per bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 164 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale in Lowell by WM. H. FRENCH, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and by J. W. BLINN, corner of Central and Jackson sts.

And by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

may20

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND SUPERFINE—From ground Graham Meal which retains the nutritious properties of the wheat, constitutes the best food for persons of a costive habit, and while we do not pretend to say that we have discovered a "cure for all the ills that flesh is heir to," we do say that this can be naturally promoted by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumption! Friends! Physicians! Philanthropists! Here is the great disease! Unfortunate, who have by excess of the knife, alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

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Agent for Lowell and vicinity, A. DAVIS, No. 5 Merrimack Block.

July 12, 1861. jy12dtf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also,

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack corner Lowell.
may18

AMOS HANBORN
Has now
large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS.

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES.

CAKE BASKETS.

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY

SPOONS AND FORKS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD TRED, FOR AND NECK CHAINS.
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, ETC.
KNIVES, FORKS AND TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*will be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done to the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec31tf

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal condition of the blood is disease. Impurities of the blood, or an excess of the blood deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood, is disease. Disease is—impurities of the blood. Impurities of the blood is disease. In that organ, diseases of the blood are chiefly found. Diseases of the Heart, &c., are caused by the same cause, viz: Impurities Diseased blood from the same cause, viz: Impurities Diseased blood from the same cause, viz: Impurities Diseased blood from

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, August 24, 1861.

WAR MATTERS, &c.

Gen. McCulloch and matters in Missouri. Gen. Ben. McCulloch, through a proclamation dated "Headquarters of the Western Army, near Springfield (Mo.) August 12th, 1861," seems to insist that he is not dead. He probably isn't; he crows like a game cock, or some one does for him, and lacking any evidence to the contrary, we are forced to believe that the old rebel still lives. From 6000 to 10,000 of McCulloch's army are reported as advancing northward, and mark the progress of their march by outrages on Union men, who in some instances abandon homes and property to save their lives. It is hinted that this rebel army will be allowed to advance till our forces can cut off its rear, when it will be attacked. According to late reports, there are indications of great military activity in Missouri immediately. Hon. John S. Phelps, of Springfield, Mo., is to enroll the citizens and form five regiments of infantry and one of cavalry to serve under the laws of Missouri for six months. In the meantime orders have gone out to concentrate fifteen full regiments to be raised in Missouri for the war.

An attack no longer feared. The latest intelligence from Washington gives us assurances that that city is no longer apprehensive of an attack from the rebels.—They were for a few days making gradual approaches toward the city, but as our troops flooded the region around the capital, they withdrew, until now they are no longer a shadow over us.

Official reports for up the Federal loss at the late battle at Wilson creek, near Springfield, Mo., as follows:—Killed 223, wounded 721, missing 291. A large number of the missing men were taken prisoners by the rebels, and since then have been released.

A skirmish reported. There was a skirmish at How's Rest, in Kanawha Valley, eight miles beyond Gauley, on the 17th inst. The rebels, four thousand strong, [impracticable], advanced to where the 11th Ohio Regiment had erected barricades, but were driven back with a loss of fifty killed and a considerable number wounded and taken prisoners. Our loss was none killed, two slightly wounded, and one missing. Our forces captured quite a number of horses and equipments. Another report by steamer from Kanawha says that O. Jennings Wise was taken prisoner.

Privateers captured. A letter from on board the United States steamer Crusader announces that the Mississippi had captured two small privateers and driven back two steamers to Mobile.

Items. A formidable slave insurrection occurred last week in Orange County, Va., instigated by a negro preacher. Several negroes were hung.

The Tribune has intelligence of the election to the National Congress of Representatives from four Congressional districts in North Carolina.

Gen. Fremont is authorized to take possession of the Illinois Central Railroad, for military purposes.

Gov. Berry of New Hampshire has called on the State for two more regiments of infantry.

A duel with sabres was fought on Monday near Greenwood Cemetery, between Captain Chandone and ex-Captain Ferrier, both of the Garibaldi Guards. Both were slightly wounded.

Gen. Anderson is announced to have left, on the 22nd inst., to join Gen. Sherman in Kentucky. The rebel prints assert that the Federal Government has sent arms into that State, and task as if the act was an outrage. Mr. Breckinridge will continue to have interfered in one instance and to have prevented an outbreak. (Good Mr. Breckinridge!)

The new order relative to the use of passes between Washington and Alexandria is rigidly enforced. Mr. Russell, the great "story teller" of the *London Times*, was snubbed the other day. On applying for a pass he was flatly refused. So the dispatches say, and we hope they speak the truth.

Miss Windle, an authoress, was arrested a few days ago, for corresponding with the rebels. She had been closely watched, and boldly avowed "secesh" proclivities, and made no secret of her correspondence with the rebel leaders.

Deserters from the rebel army state that all the enemy's troops have been moved up from Richmond to Manassas. Should the story of much sickness is again received.

Under a new order of the War Department the army will soon be completely uniformed in blue.

The Navy department has had the Maryland shore of the lower Potomac examined by an expedition under Major Reynolds. He landed at three different points, and surveyed the surrounding country. There were no signs of hostility.

A BAND OF THE TRAITOROUS NEWSPAPERS. All the copies of the *New York News* sent south of this city, were seized on Thursday night. The superintendent of the Houstonic Railroad has forbidden the sale of the *News* on his road. That paper and the *Day Book*, it is said, are to be suppressed by the General Government. The *Christian Observer*, of Philadelphia, has been taken possession of by the United States Marshal in consequence of certain articles against the war and the Government. The office of the *Jeffersonian*, West Chester, Pa. (which was lately partially destroyed by a mob) has also been taken possession of by the Marshal. The *Stark County Democrat*, a secession sheet in Stark County, Ohio, was entirely destroyed a few nights ago, by some volunteers of that section.

NORTHERN SECESSION NEWSPAPERS.

BY EDWARD EVERETT.

It is an old proverb that the laws are silent amidst arms. The laws are, for the most part, made for a state of peace, excepting those which expressly refer to war, and the manner of conducting it. When a state of war arises, the community seems sadly undergoes a great, and sometimes a rapid change; the quiet pursuits of society are, to some extent, checked, and in the immediate vicinity of the seat of war, suspended, and with them the laws, which regulate those pursuits, must for time give way to the stern necessities of the new state of things. It should, however, be said, that it is the great effort of an enlightened Government in limiting constitutional liberty, to remember that in tolerating a traitorous press among ourselves, we practice a luxury which awakens no gratitude at home, and is never reciprocated by the opposing party. It is, in fact, an abandonment, in terms, under the venerable name of the liberty of the press, to permit the systematic and incessant abuse of the Government which is tasked to the utmost in defending the country from gigantic treason and political chaos. The Governor of Malta was once censured in Parliament for the unusual severity toward the editor of a journal in that island, and the liberty of the press was declared to be in danger. The Duke of Wellington said he was as much so as anybody to the liberty of the press, but it was not to be endured in the island of Malta was as much out of place as it would be in the quarter-deck of a man of war. We suppose the most enthusiastic champion of the liberty of the press would hardly think it right to publish a journal within the walls of Fort Lafayette, in which the object of that gun from should be daily advised to disarm and the men be constantly exhorted to mutiny; and whose columns should be filled with persistent abuse of the Government and all engaged in its defence. Why should journals of that description be allowed to diffuse their poison beneath its shade, amidst the excitable population of a large city?

So, too, with reference to the freedom of speech in debate, one of the vital conditions of republican liberty. The late session in Congress has witnessed a magnanimity on the part of the majority in both Houses of unruly remonstrance. The secessionists, members of the Government, the expression of the insurrection (admitted to seats in the body established chiefs to protect against the disappointment of the leading aspirants to office), have been allowed from day to day with a virulence and a pertinence which would be harmful in the mouth of a foreigner, but which in time of war can have no other effect upon the public mind, than to perplex and disheartened those who are standing in the front rank in the cause of the country. This generosity excites no gratitude on the part of those toward whom it is practised, and so far from being reciprocated, the member of the Confederate Congress at Montgomery or Richmond will should assail the conduct of the Government of the United States in the face of the sympathizers with secession at Washington, he will not reach his home in safety. He would sing from the next lamp-post.

Not merely is all freedom of speech and of the Press prohibited to the seceding States, but the most quiet and the most liberal rights of citizenship are interdicted. When the Ordinance of Secession was about to be submitted to the vote of the people of Virginia, a distinguished Senator of that State in Congress, and who is that capacity was under oath in support of the Constitution of the United States, published a letter, signed with his name, in which he declared that such citizens of Virginia as did not approve the ordinance must leave the State; a summary sentence of banishment and confiscation against about a third part of the people of that ancient Commonwealth; a sentence which the seceding majority are now attempting to enforce at the point of the bayonet, to illustrate the principle that "the right of self-government vests upon the consent of the governed."

The travesty which, in time of war, parodies the whole operation of the laws, is to be carefully watched, and without condition; far from it; but under the limitations of the Constitution, and of the laws enacted to meet such a state of things.... The power which existed in the Roman Republic of creating a Dictator, in seasons of imminent danger, who was to be, for that absolute authority for a limited period—a power which was substantially, though not avowedly assumed by Congress in the Revolutionary war—is unknown to the Constitution; and it is devoutly hoped, will never be called into exercise by people of this generation of the United States.

For all the ordinary purposes of war, the President of the United States is clothed with the requisite power as "Commander in-Chief of the Army of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into active service." The laws of the land provide the means for exercising the great power which by the Constitution is in this character. The present is not the occasion on which they have been called into action. The proclamation of the President calling for seventy-five thousand volunteers, although not issued till the war had actually commenced by the reduction of Fort Sumter, by the armament of the forts of the South, ordinance and munitions treasonably prepared beforehand by the arm officers of the United States, and by an official threat of a movement on Washington, has been denounced by President Lincoln as an unprovoked measure, whose magnitude transcends all constitutional limits, and can aim only at "the subjugation" of the South. At a time when the population of the United States does not exceed four and a half millions, Gen. Washington called out fifteen thousand to "stop to suppress an insurrection in the western counties of Pennsylvania. Our population is now thirty millions, and the insurrection has assumed the dimensions of a civil war. *The only reasonable objection to the military preparations of the Government is, that they fall not at once proceed on that gigantic scale, which the present condition of the country, as the only means of bringing the inauspicious conflict to a speedy close.* To let it drag on by fitful measures means is to prolong the sufferings which it inflicts on both sides of the line; to protract the pecuniary sacrifices imposed upon the friends of the Union at the South, who look with aching hearts to the North for deliverance; and to augment all the difficulties which are to be overcome before peace is restored to the country.—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

GEN. BUTLER. It is a matter very difficult to settle, with newspaper correspondents, and the "Associated Press," as to what shall be done with Gen. Butler. It has been announced that he was to return to New England, with a column of 5000 men, with which to enter the campaign anew. Now it is said he will not return, but take the field in command of the volunteers of the Eastern Virginia department. We have no means by which we can predict what is to be Gen. Butler's position hereafter; but we certainly hope that he will be placed in some position where he can be of more use than he has been of late. We believe Gen. Butler a capable and brave man, and that he is engaged in this war against rebels from the highest and best motives, and also that he is yet to render valuable service to the Government. We should exceedingly regret the occurrence of anything that would lead him to withdraw from the field, after having thus far acquitted himself so handsomely.

A TERRIBLE PARSON IN BATTLE. We have about come to the conclusion that the war correspondents for the Southern papers can beat those of the North. A correspondent of the *Memphis Appeal* says:

"Parson Pippenton, a Methodist preacher, and Captain of a Virginia company, performed prodigies of valor at the fire taking of Sherman's battery (for it was taken, then lost, and then taken again.) He cut the throats of the horses, and then engaged Lieut. Sherman in a hand-to-hand conflict with sabres. After a ten minutes' fight—both being accomplished swordsmen—he severed Sherman's head from his body at one blow. It is unnecessary to say that Sherman's battery was not taken by the rebels at all.

THERE was a meeting in honor of the anniversary of the birth-day of Theodore Parker, in Boston, last evening. The meeting was composed principally of the "radicals"—well known abolitionists—with Wendell Phillips as usual, was the genius of the evening; and what is remarkable, he took no occasion to praise the late Senator Douglas. The President and his cabinet, because the emancipation question is not recognized in this war against rebellion, came in for a good share of abuse. The effect is not particularly dreaded, however.

WHAT THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE IS WORTH. The *Wheeling (Va.) Intelligencer* reports the arrest of a rebel, one Price, by his own son, who was found in arms after taking the oath of allegiance, and it describes the case thus:—

"One man, by the name of Price, a dark-visaged fellow, was captured by his own son, who was brought in from Farmington. On the morning the day our troops occupied the camp at the borer tunnel. The oath of allegiance was administered and Price was released. He paid no more attention to the oath than if it had been administered to the wind; but or a deck of cards, and it was not long before he was found in arms, shooting Union men and committing outrages. He was in pursuit, and again released. The last time, however, fortune seemed to have ceased to be a virtue, he was sent down here."

HON. D. S. DICKINSON has been making a powerful speech in Wyoming County, Penn. His idea of meeting the crisis is as far as possible from that of the Breckinridge and Wood democracy. Speaking of the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus he said:—"If I had possession of a traitor, and no other remedy would arrest treachery, I would suspend the writ, and the individual, too." What will some of the hunker, tory Democrats say to this positive language of their former leader, and who claims to be a Democrat still?

THE SON of the late Hon. A. R. Boteler, of Virginia, recently arrested near Harper's Ferry, has been released by order of Gen. Banks.

CITY AND VICINITY

Sunday Services.

Mrs. MACOMBER will lecture in Wallis' Hall to-morrow morning and afternoon, at the usual hours of service.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, August 24th.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Butter, 12 to 15c; Cheese 6c to 8c; Eggs per doz 18c.

FRUIT—Oranges, per doz, 25@30c; Lemons 8c @10; Blueberries per qt, 8c; Huckleberries do. 8c; Apricots per peck 25 a 50; Watermelons each 20c; Muskmelons 10c; Grapes per peck, 50c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb, 8 a 10c; steaks, cook, 10c; corned, 12 a 14; corned, 8 a 10c; Lamb, 10 a 12c; Veal, 9 a 12c; Pork, salt, 11 a 12c; Ham, whole, 11c, sliced, 16c; Fowls, per lb, 16c.

FISH—Haddock, per lb, 4c; Cod, 4c; Pickerel, 8c; Mackerel, fresh, 10 a 12c; Eels 12c; Perch, per doz 25c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, new, per peck, 15c; Onions, Marrowfat, per lb., 3c; other sorts, per peck, 25c; Beets, per bunch, 3c; Turnips, per peck, 20c; Cabbage, each 3 a 10c; Squashes, marrowfat, per lb, 2c; summer do, per doz, 20c; String Beans per peck, 25c; Cucumbers, per doz. 6c; Shell Beans, per qt, 10c; Tomatoes, per lb, 4c; Grass Corn, per doz. 10c.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass.Vol. The members of this company will assemble at the armory of the same named Company, at Sandy Hook, Md., on TUESDAY, 27th instant.

Neighboring Post Masters are requested to give notice to the above of Lowell who may enlist.

Per order of Brevet Major Commanding.

JOHN P. HALE,
Chairman Com. of Recruiting.

LOST.

On Tuesday forenoon, either on Nesmith or Chestnut Street, a Gold Link Chain. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at this office.

Lowell, Aug. 23, 1861. 2t

POST OFFICE. Lowell, August 19, 1861.

☞ The new stamps of the value of 12 STAMPS has been received at this office, and will be exchanged for the old issue during the month of August.

Neighboring Post Masters can exchange for one dollar's worth at a time.

After Aug 31th Stamps of 12 cents will not be allowed to be used for postage. A. GOODRICH, P. M.

aug19 3t

WANTED.

A young man, who is capable as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons entirely free, is desirous to obtain a situation of clerk and salesman in a dry goods or ready-made clothing store. Address "Box 262" Lowell P. Office.

aug7 1m*

PRINTERS' HOLIDAY. As previously announced, the Lowell typos had their annual relaxation from business yesterday.—The craft went to Willow Dale, in the village of Tyngsborough, where Mr. Cyrus Hull, the right-hand man of G. W. Norris, livery stable keeper, on Warren Street Arriving there, the party availed themselves of all the advantages for pleasure which have been provided by Mr. Hunter.

There was a good supply of most of the day, which made a sailing delightful recreation, and there being no fear from any of Jeff. Davis' pirates, the sailing powers of the several boats were put to the proof and found to be in excellent condition. A year one or two of the party succeeded in getting "ducks," but none this year went in pursuit of water-fowl. The canine department of the Dale was treated to an excellent condition so far as the experience of the company went, and they can safely recommend it to others. About noon an excellent chowder, flanked by a variety of suitable eatables, was provided, and those who took an early breakfast, declared that it went to "the right spot." After this, the party will be pleased in some position where he can be of more use than he has been of late. We believe Gen. Butler a capable and brave man, and that he is engaged in this war against rebels from the highest and best motives, and also that he is yet to render valuable service to the Government. We should exceedingly regret the occurrence of anything that would lead him to withdraw from the field, after having thus far acquitted himself so handsomely.

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IMPROVEMENT. We mentioned, some time since, that the first Unitarian Society had voted to release their right to the passage-way between the church and Hocum Hosford's store, and also to the vestry over Hosford's store, provided the proprietors of the church and Hosford would put up a two-story building on the lot and a vestry overhead. The latter parties have accepted the offer, and workmen are engaged in preparing for the foundation of the new building. Messrs. Fernald & Hollis, carpenters, are the contractors, and Messrs. Read & Fay are to do the mason work. The new building is to be twenty feet front by seventy deep. Out of the twenty feet front will be taken a passage-way eight feet wide for the church, leaving a space in front for a door and one window. The store will also be lighted by a large skylight. The third story will also cover Hosford's store and be seventy by forty feet, with fifteen or sixteen feet studding, which will make a spacious vestry for the Society. Two small rooms will be partitioned from the back of the vestry, so arranged that whenever required, the whole can be thrown into one apartment. The roof is to be flat, slanting from Merrimack Street toward the alley. The front and rebuilt with a square front, finished somewhat in the style of the building next above it.

WELL ADVANCING. Dry good dealers inform us that cotton goods still show an upward tendency, and have advanced, within the last two weeks, at least a cent and a half per yard. Nothing can be purchased in Boston except with the cash and paid in Boston money. The Government has been unable to borrow any money in Boston for three days, when they fell in with the American ship B. H. Metcalf, the mate of which came on shore and brought the vessel to Boston. Most of the crew are foreigners, two of whom are to be examined on charge of murdering the mate.

LAST WORDS OF GEN. LYON. A correspondent of the *Missouri Democrat* states on the authority of Dr. H. Riechenback, a surgeon of the First Iowa Regiment, the very last words which fell from the lips of General Lyon. The doctor was within a few feet of him when he fell, and was instantly at his side. The general was raising in the arms of his body servant, when, turning partially round, he said: "Let me go, I am going up."

JUDGE GARRISON, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who was going to liberate the rebel Baltimore police Commissioners, in a very prompt manner has abandoned the undertaking and dismissed the proceedings. Where is the next man who wants to liberate these "victims of a tyrannical government"?—victims of a government that don't want to be "cleaned out" by traitors.

THE NAME SETTLED. Gen. Beauregard has determined that the battle of the 18th of July shall be known as the Battle of Bull's Run, and that of the 21st, as the Battle of Manassas Plains.

"BULLY FOR YOU!" The *Cleveland Plaindealer* on Democratic paper—speaking of corruption, which some Democrats are so busily bringing against the administration, says, "*When we get a little further from the Buchanan administration in point of time*, an administration which the Democrats gave the country, *we shall have the heart to cry corruption!*" We will wait till the Galphins, Gardiners, and Floyds cease blushing for Buchanan's corruptions, before we discharge a battery in that direction.

FORGIVENESS.

My house burned down, the fire broke out
While I was at the play;
But I'm not mad, for I've got insured
And they'll pay me to-day.

My wife has run away with my friend,
And left me in the lurch;
Where, pondering how my sad heart bleeds
I'll go to church.

Wronged and wronging day by day,
Let me with mockery flee;
Forgive us, Father, as we pray
Forgiveness from Thee.

Forgive the thousand of our common years,
Forgive the thousand of our common fears,
And for myself and playing my rote,
Forgive all my pride away, and unending regret!

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 23.

25 Boston and Maine 104 | 100 Fitchburg 102
15 Boston and Maine assessed 104 1/4 | 50 do 102 1/4
50 do 104 1/2 | 50 do 102 1/2
50 do 104 3/4 | 50 do 102 3/4
50 do 104 7/8 | 50 do 103
2 Boston Bank 82 | 50 do 103 1/4
2 Boston Bank 83 | 50 do 103 1/2
2,000 Massachusetts 6s (1872) 102

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has for sale one hundred tons of Lehigh coal, at the Post Office, from nine till ten o'clock, A. M., where he will be pleased to see them, or they can leave an order with a call.

Coal will be at the above named place for Lumber or Wood. JOEL PATCH.

aug24 1m

FIRKIN & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Firkin & Lyon, relative to which Mr. A. Lyon is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan31tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quickly,
It burns up clean,
It burns less money,
It makes less ashes,
It gives more heat than any coal.
And the only place to get it is at
WHAT F. Western Avenue, and of our agent,
J. EWARD, 10 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14tf

WAR HAS COME, and WHEEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHEEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken to the field of battle for the treatment of wounds, sun-burnt faces, sore and chafed feet and limbs, blistered hands, &c., and has given universal satisfaction caused by exposure, &c.

Soldiers, and their friends, can obtain it on the most generous terms, by calling on the subscriber, or sending their address, with stamps, and a box will be sent by return mail.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

Ten Boxes for Dollarmens, by the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass in the Golden States.

A GOOD REPORT. Letters have been received in this city from Lowell, Mass., stating that the Abbott Grays which went from Lowell, is considered the best disciplined company in that department.

FIRE AT NORTH CHELMSFORD. This morning, about three o'clock, the house of Isaac Wood, situated on the road to Tyngsboro, opposite the stone sheds, and about a mile above the village of North Chelmsford, was discovered to be on fire, and when discovered by the family was already ablaze, and the party, which was large, managed to find abundant entertainment.

In the afternoon there was quite an accession of outsiders to the company, who constituted not a little to the general entertainment of all present, and at the time "the horn" was sounded and the hungry multitude gathered to partake of an excellent fry and chowder. After this there was some sailing, fishing, &c., and there was also an entertaining by-play that at first appeared to be a *little feud*, A bogiarious operation on the owner, from which he withdrew from the field, after having been "brought into the house down."

The company reached home in good condition soon after eight o'clock, well pleased with the enjoyments of the day, and their second visit to Willow Dale.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT PARD. Yesterday afternoon, Paymaster Robert Dodge arrived in Lowell, and performed the pleasing duty of paying off the Sixth Regiment. He required about $15,000 for the purpose. The different grades of officers and privates were paid as follows: Captains, $47,937; first lieutenants, 397.20; other lieutenants, $7,200; privates and sergeants, $67.90; other sergeants, $77.00 corporals, $62.47; privates $55.20.

On account of the sickness of many of the men, the Paymaster was unable to pay them in person, and was obliged to leave the money with the commanding officers, to be paid to the men when they should call for it. The Paymaster left for Washington last evening.

POLICE COURT. Yesterday, Emma F. Hall for being an idle disorderly person was ordered to $100 for her future appearance. Committed.

This forenoon, Dennis Sullivan was brought in on a charge of taking twenty ears of corn from D. L. Dimock, who lives on the Methuen Road, in Centerville. It was proved that Sullivan took the corn and was caught in the act, but it not being shown that he had no right there, he was discharged.

Hugh Smith, for beating his wife, a continued case, promised to behave and was discharged.

Thomas Ward, a "greenhorn" as he termed himself, from Chelmsford was before the Court on the serious charge of beating his mother. Thomas addressed the Court going some of his life experiences, which indicate that he has had a rough voyage so far. He entertains the idea that if his father and mother does wrong, according to his notions, it is his duty to correct them, and the putting into practice of this theory got him into this scrape. His Honor being convinced that it was a case of bad family government, was inclined to be lenient, and an asset offering to take the boy to live with her, he was let off on her recognizance for his future appearance.

GOING TO CALIFORNIA. We understand that Messrs. Abraham Morrison, Abraham Bachelder, and one or two other parties from Lowell leave about the first of next month for California. Mr. Morrison goes on a business speculation, and designs to be absent some time.

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WHAT F. Western Avenue, and of our agent,
J. EWARD, 10 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14tf

WAR HAS COME, and WHEEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHEEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken to the field of battle for the treatment of wounds, sun-burnt faces, sore and chafed feet and limbs, blistered hands, &c., and has given universal satisfaction caused by exposure, &c.

Soldiers, and their friends, can obtain it on the most generous terms, by calling on the subscriber, or sending their address, with stamps, and a box will be sent by return mail.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

Ten Boxes for Dollarmens, by the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass in the Golden States.

aug19tf

CHAMBERLIN'S BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.

The subscriber having leased the spacious hall formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Hall, as a Billiard Room, would inform his friends and the public that he has got in Carter's four-foot Billiard Table, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him by hanging a quiet, first-class place, to which he solicits a share of public patronage. Also, the members of the Order of the Odd Fellows' Lodge, and all other societies, can obtain the use of the Hall for their meetings, on reasonable terms.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN.

Lowell, March 11, 186 mar15tf

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies will insure on property as low rates as other responsible offices. They will effect written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 16 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1860. jy9-1y

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INSU'CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
APRIL 1860. jan1m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.

Capital and Accumulations April, 1860.

$253,212.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 56-100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate in New York, more than the amount of loan, deposited with the Controller of the State of New York, as security.

Insures Lives, Endowments, Annuities, Survivorships, Joint Lives, Children's Portions, Deferred Annuities, Reversionary Interests, Loans, &c.

Policies issued on the Mutual Plan, Premiums payable annually, semi-annually, or quarterly.

Policies issued on the Stock Plan, Premiums payable annually

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir—I have used for some time the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I recommened using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—Where I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither have there been any to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and was easily prevented from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above stated of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; seeing others use it, and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by bringing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article said to be as good, or else were selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will persist in the use of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.
Apparently, some of those charlatans have not brains enough to write an original article, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in every unanimous, merely changing the name in place of yours.
I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your Restorative with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every form of disease on the head are subject to.
I gather to see you, personally, at your original place of business later, as learned you were now living in New York.
You are at liberty to publish this communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,026, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.
DEAR SIR: I feel it a duty I owe to myself and that I thus you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have resided here over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and I CONFIDENCE WHATSOEVER.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with the most desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine nostrums which accomplishes what it claims, and all the bald and gray could desire.—Columbus Ivy.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to the original color. The Hair Restorative also cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair from falling. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unimpeachable veracity. Don't dye till you have tried this Restorative.—Boston Olive Branch.

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new thing that comes in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and freely tells us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it—and our hands will be so much the more fully united.—Baltimore Patriot.

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head had become almost bald because of the failure of the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has curative properties of a peculiar description. In many cases it relieves and other disfigurements of the skin, and does good where it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and its efficacy might be beneficial, as the compound, if it does not create a manifest improvement, is at the worst of doing harm, as its component elements as perfectly innocuous.—Boston Evening Gazette, April 22, 1859.

A Genuine Book. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the various articles which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and is alluded in the columns of this paper, what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance we have no hesitation. Wood's Restorative—we are well assured of the truth and excellence of the article. Many of our readers remember us all that its inventor and vender claims to be. Its effect upon the human hair, of hair is universally known. In short, it brings in time of gray or bald. Our own head is evidence to any one applying to us. We advise our friends with receding hair to try the Restorative.—Boston Spy.

ALL HAIR DYE ABANDONED.—Wood's Great Article of Hair Dye.—Wood's Great Article of Hair Dye has taken the Field. Professor Wood stands on an eminence which all true attention has been turned in restoring a hair that has been lost through disease. The fame is sudden but world wide, and thousands who have wish, wigs or hair, look for years are now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant hair once more. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of nature—that is, and by her, that was falling of the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studies out the human system, and by its peculiarities, its diseases, and how to restore the decay and vitality of that remarkable thing, man, in his own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached three score and he believed that the hair could be naturally, youthfully. He tried his own case—himself bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to luxuriance, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with, he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—New York Day Book.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.
☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found at ways on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.
dec6d&tow3m M W F

(Copyright Secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This Celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken during the first month of pregnancy, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may be unhesitatingly relied on, as it has been used in my own family, and the result has been perfectly successful.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within a few months with our a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1, full strength, for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.
PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ Remember! This medicine is designed especially for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.
☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of DR. M., at his RESIDENT PRACTITIONER FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Eddy street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both in MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet home. Many good city references given if desired.
CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over Two Hundred Thousand Dollars are paid to swindling quacks annually in the United States alone, without one's worth to those who pay it.
Most of this sum could be saved if a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once paid they can never get it back, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the cruel fraud for fear of exposing themselves. All this comes from trusting, unfounded confidence in men who are SHAMELESS OF HONOR, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is their own false statements, elegant assertions, in praise of themselves, if, therefore, you would avoid the imposition, take no man's word, no matter what his profession, character, but ALL INQUIRY will result in your being sure, and may save you many regrets; for, as advertising physicians, in like cases out of ten are rogues, there is no safety in trusting any of them, unless you know of some one who has been cured by them.
☞ DR. M. will send FREE, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN—a Treatise on Diseases of Females, also Circulars giving full information, with the most satisfactory evidence and testimonials, without which no advertising physician or medicine should be relied on. Call or address
DR. S. HAYNES,
No. 28 Eddy street, Providence, R. I.
dec26 3m

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,
WHICH protects the grass and dangerous, the task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.
A child can operate it.
It is noiseless.
No dusting is necessary after sweeping.
It will last a lifetime, and is cheap.
It does not injure the carpet.
It will not gather lint as the broom will not.
It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes no noise.
The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or children can sweep the largest carpet without fatigue.
It saves carpets, furniture, books, &c., from the damage and nuisance of the dust that accompanies all use in sweeping.
It can be used in a sick room without annoyance to the invalid.
It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.
For sale by H. HAYNES,
ap 2 3m 45 Merrimack street

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Banks, Counterfeit Detectors, Insurance Companies, Merchants, Manufacturers, Auctioneers, Lodges, Town Reports, Pamphlets, Mammoth Posters, &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade
white or fancy colored papers.
☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fancy colored cards and colored CARDS judged to do every description of work—in packs and to boards to be cut to order.
H. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order on short notice every style employed in the manufacture of
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. ly
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, covering some unique and beautiful shades, well adapted for Spring wearing, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLEASURE TRIP OVER FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Shin Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Miller's Feed and Grain Store,
No. 43 Market Street, by
ap23* J. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Especially Prepared an Iouch Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parisian Complexion Soap, Bath of Roses, Liquid Rouge, White's Cosmetic, Trifolia, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by H. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
may3

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE should call at the store of MERRILL'S New Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.
mar1

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
The best article for Cleaning Paint, Marble, Gold & Silver, Block, Britannia Ware, &c.—This article is invaluable. It will remove effectual, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Prepared only by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.
ap16

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete beautifier of the complexion, it fills and removes Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. RIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may16

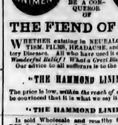
MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
DANDELION TONIC BITTERS.
In curing Coughs without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Cures for Consumption, have failed. It gives prompt relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in 1850, since which time fifty years' success it has never been discovered. It is surrounded to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
may16

SILVER SOAP,
PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing all kinds of Silver Ware, Looking Glasses, and cleaning Mirrors, Marble, &c. For cleaning Sea Moss Paint, Window Glass and Carriage Mouldings it is invaluable. Try it.
Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.
may9

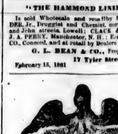
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order on short notice every style employed in the manufacture of
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. ly
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, covering some unique and beautiful shades, well adapted for Spring wearing, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

Burnett's Cocoaine,
A COMPOUND of Cocoanut Oil, Lavender, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and superior quality it has no equal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes a luxuriant and healthy growth.
It is not grease or sticky.
It will restore the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It allays all nervous headache.
It remains longest in effect.
It costs but 25 cents a half pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may16

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EVERY SUFFERER SHOULD TRY. BE CONSCIENCE OF



THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TIC, FILSH, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim: "What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!" Its genius to all sufferers is to its
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we so tell.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHELWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; DOLLNER & CO., Concord, and at retail by druggists generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
February 15, 1861. 1y 17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb16&1y



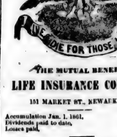
THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,832,558.80
Dividends paid to date, 1,458,000.18
Losses paid, 2,421,905.50
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, and has conducted its affairs with the members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the property of the members, without any benefit to the stockholders, who are paid by the interest on all sums held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It guarantees over $3,000,000.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bills.
The insured get all the profits.
The insurance of the Company is confined exclusively to the healthy portion of the community.
The Company is economical in the management of its business.
It is limited in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of claims, by paying them in Ten Annual Instalments, if desired.
Annually, or Quarterly, Premiums on Policies for the whole duration of life, or for a limited term of years, and can obtain a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, for the amount premium, which will be paid annually in cash.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Live premiums.
The Insured has a right to add the insured to anything future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive a Dividend of 40 per cent., when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mortality experience.
This Company has now the large number of 9712 Policies in force; yet no one year shows an increase in the number of persons insured exceeding more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All parts of the healthiest and most therefore permits it to be important that those contemplating insurance should make early application to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.
Applications for insurance may be made to
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 37 Central and 37 Merrimack street.
may2 dtf

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING MACHINE!
535 BROADWAY, N. Y.
IMPORTANT FACTS.
Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements and piracies.
Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the stitch alike on both sides, and use a little more than half as much thread or silk as the machines.
Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted, from their other sewing much as in manufacturing of sewing required in a fam y. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of any kind without stopping, and make one stitch perfect. They will sew from fine lawn to heavy Broadcloth, and from fine linen thread to coarse Shoemaker's thread, and from fine Silk to coarse Buttonhole Twist, without any change whatever, is not such as is not adapted to family use, why not for every one to have the opportunity of trying it? For such a trial of our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.
Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind.
Fact No. 5.—These Machines are durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.
The reputation of these Machines, wherever sold, will fully sustain the above facts.
Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.
Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Fair held in the City of New York, together with the highest Premium at the Fair held in Boston.
Fact No. 9.—These Machines took both the Silver and Bronze Medals at the Fair held in Lowell.
Fact No. 10.—In these Machines due allowance has been made for the fact that they are to be hitched in competition with other first-class sewing machines, and the result is that they are the most important Fact of all.
Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine we sell for three years, and will exchange it for any other sewing machine in market, or money in return.
These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON Machine have been carefully studied, and they have never seen or used them. Hence the encomiums passed by the inventor, and which form a part of the civilized world, viz.: "What are the peculiar excellencies of the Finkle & Lyon Machine?" "The Finkle & Lyon Machine is a marvel of beauty, durability, and simplicity." "The Finkle & Lyon Machine is the most desirable Factor—Facts that are facts—not Fancies, Theories, or Hypothesis. Disputable, Experimental friends, who may wish to relieve themselves of certain perplexing doubts, by Facts demonstrated by the practical use of the Machine, are invited to call at the warerooms of the manufactories.
Agents are hereby cautioned against selling Machines, unless they have the written authority of the Company, or of the undersigned, as DAVIS, No. 28 Church Street.
July 12, 1861. 1y 12dtf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises the most elegant and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever before offered in this city. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
No. 45 MERRIMACK STREET,
(Near the Post Office.)
may15

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has won a verdict of Boston and Lowell, and is now introduced to the world as the best remedy for the cure of Piles, Scalds, Burns, Sores, Ulcers, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Fever Sores, Felons, Whitlow, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Cancer, Tetter, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Chronic Sores, Fever and Ague, &c. In a definite period of time, and in many cases in a single bottle, gil. It is put up in 8-oz. vials, in tin boxes, and in bottles of 1 pint, in small bottles to pay expenses have been done away with—and hence the price is reduced to 25 cents per box or bottle. Be sure of the wrapper. Depart from all others. Beware of imitations.
DIRECTIONS.
Apply freely to the affected parts.
Prepared by
G. C. GOODWIN, M. D., Boston, Mass.
Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, and by druggists generally.
ap 26 1y

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.
From Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest standing, and from the Clergy of all denominations, and from the most distinguished recipients, and discoverer of the only and basis, the only remedy in the world that will cure
CONSUMPTION.
Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.
This is rapidly gaining popularity in this community and throughout the country, and is destined to be your Hair Dressing—a perfect one.
Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is unfortunate as to be counterfeited, and the genuine can be had only at short notice, from which my head received a most terrible shock. I was in a state of nervous prostration, and was almost insane. I was induced to use it, and in a few days I was entirely restored to health, and have enjoyed it ever since. I have used it in my family for many years, and have never known it to fail in the cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back or Chest, and all Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Breast, leading to Consumption.
Prepared only by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston.
Sold by all Druggists, and by dealers in Medicines everywhere.
For sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell.
may 25 1y



HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Factories of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Pictories Halls, Stores, Churches, Dwellings, Also a full assortment of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.
☞ KEROSENE OIL
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices to wholesale purchasers
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery at low rates, and for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.
TIN WARE,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, constantly on hand, and for sale low.
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line, are respectfully invited to examine our assortment, being assured that the careful attention will be given to selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will enable us to please them to the benefit of our customers.
☞ The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices.
Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have extended to me since to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors by keeping a stock as desirable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchases elsewhere.
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
may16 3m*

Kidder's Lirocone.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver Ware, Sic. &c., and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found effectual, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
may19

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,
COMPLETELY ENTIRELY NEW—with the American Flag, &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st. 3
may25*

VINE PROTECTORS.
An excellent article. They not only protect the vine from insects, borers and worm but render the influence of wind, rain and cold. With careful usage they will last ten years. For sale at S. RANDOM'S Agricultural and Seed Store,
may25 3m 138 Central street.

CREAM TARTAR—Warranted pure—for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may9

AMOS MANBORN
Has room for a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CARTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND KNIVES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
RINGS, GUARD, GENEVA, PLAIN AND FANCY
ROOM STOCK, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PENCILS
FRUITERS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold at low rate.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done to the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18dtf

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal diminishing of the blood is health. As a normal, that is to say, a healthy and uniform diminishing of the quantity of the blood is disease. To illustrate—Suppose the blood in the system to be 30 pounds, and that in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; 15 pounds of the same amount of blood is lost by disease. To discover a certain cure (one, for other diseases, the first great simplicity necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?
Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which is the result of many years' study among scientific and medical men; and which has been tested by the use of many, and much labor extended upon the enquiry, it has been found to be the remedy for the cure of this dreadful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery.
Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that they were given to be used for how our being," we will venture the remark, that no one would wish to part with their life if all vegetable life is governed by certain obscure principles, which, in a manner of much

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, August 26, 1861.

SENTIMENTS OF AN HONEST DEMOCRAT. We wish every fair-minded, honest Democrat would read the following remarks, which are found in a speech made by Hon. D. S. Dickinson, of New York, a life long and prominent leader of the Democratic Party in his State. Particularly would we have them read by those who are encouraging the rebels by their opposition to the efforts of the National Administration in its struggle against those who are endeavoring to overthrow the Government. Then we would ask them to point out the inconsistency of Mr. Dickinson's course. The fact that he now is ready to make all sacrifices to preserve his country and resents those in rebellion, is the only evidence we want of his honesty heretofore. These are times that test men of all parties; and in the loyal States, there can be no middle ground; men are either for the preservation of the Government or for yielding it into the hands of those who are in rebellion against it. Men are true to take which side they please in the struggle; but, as the late Stephen A. Douglas said, now, "they are either patriots or traitors," and it will be a difficult matter, we apprehend, to make it appear that those who sympathize with the men who have stolen the Government property, threatened with hanging the President and the destruction of the capital, and murdered those who have gone to its defence, to say nothing of the multitude of outrages of quite as great magnitude; it will be a difficult matter, we repeat, to make it appear that men who justify such acts are patriots, and that those who are upholding the Union, under the flag adopted by our forefathers, are traitors.

Mr. Dickinson thus discusses the rebellion and the acts of Mr. Lincoln :—

"What is the true way of putting down what I shall term a rebellion? And we can all agree in one thing; that the rebellion is either right or wrong, justifiable or unjustifiable, to be approved or condemned as a whole. If it is right for a portion of this country to take up arms against this Government, it is right to sustain such action; and if they are wrong, they should be put down by the power of the people. There is no half-way house in matters of this kind—no tarrying between sustaining the Government and attempting its overthrow.—There is no peace proposition to be entertained the case until rebellion is first put down. And were I in favor, or disposed to temporize with this rebellion, or aid or countenance it, I would go and take up arms with them. Because, if it is right for them to take up arms, it is right for them to have sound assistance. If they are wrong, and they are guilty of treason, and murder, and arson, then they should be overthrown by the whole power of the United States and put down so that no resurrection day will ever find rebellion again.

When my Democratic or Republican friends, or any other man, are disposed to call the President to account, I do not say not his cabinet, I merely beg when they get through with him they will merely inquire whether Mr. Jefferson Davis & Co. have gone strictly according to the constitution of the United States. I have the impression that instituting a pretended government within the boundaries of the United States; that stealing the treasures of our government, in ships; trifying its commands; firing upon its fortifications; organizing piracy upon the high seas, and a long list of other acts kindred acts—I have the impression, I say, that these are slight infringements upon the Constitution, and may require examination. But I want my Constitution friends come along with me, and when they call on the Administration all requisited and on the constitutional track, to look at the matter a little; for it seems to me that it requires attention. I know not whether Mr. Lincoln has observed the Constitution, or how far all the purposes of resisting the rebellion have gone. I care not. It is due to him, however, that he has seemed to be in good faith attempting to put down the rebellion. He has not done all things as I would have done them, because I would have multiplied the men by about four times, and have struck one blow I would have struck a month ago. Therefore I do not agree with him in the respect. When the day comes we can have a settlement with him, for he is to be held, with all other officers, to a strict account. But I would not do even that under the smoke of an enemy's guns."

MANUFACTURING ITEMS. The Manchester Printworks are starting up work gradually. Last week the machinery was in operation four days—this week it is to run the whole time.

The Thorndike Manufacturing Company, at Palmer, Mass., have cotton enough to keep their mill, now in operation, running a year. The Palmer Company have about 500 bales on hand, and the Dudleyville Company have an ample supply for the pre-sent.

T. W. Wason & Co., of Springfield, car manufacturers, have a larger number of men in their employ than ever before, and are building gun carriages, some of which have been forwarded to Gen. Fremont. They are using a portion of their factory at Holyoke in the same business.

Messrs. Abbott's carriage manufactories, at Concord, N. H., are engaged in filling a large order for army wagons, and employ a large number of hands.

J. R. Hill, also of Concord, N. H., is manufacturing an order of Government, for six hundred harnesses.

FROM CALIFORNIA. We have intelligence from California to the 16th, Col. Carleton, of the United States Army is to be the chief in command of the force of 1500 troops now in California for service on the plains. Military men, however, are ambitious to see active service against a civilized enemy rather than to roam over the plains. Business is more active. Other news unimportant.

THE NEW Hampshire men in California, at an expense of $200, have procured an elegant flag for the soldiers of New Hampshire. It was designed for the First Regiment.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

The "war news" this morning is of very little importance. In Washington several arrests of active sympathizers with the rebels, have been made within a few days. Among the number is the Mayor of Washington, Berret, and a Mrs. Greenhow, who is well known in fashionable society.

The perfection of the discipline of the troops on the south side of the Potomac surpasses anything that has been seen in the military line in this country since the war of 1812. The volunteers have already become soldiers. Gen. McClellan declares his perfect satisfaction with his army, and his army, the greatest ever seen on this continent, is equally satisfied with him.

There was a retrograde movement of the rebels at Fairfax a few nights ago, and a real stampede. Two large rebel scouting parties by mistake attacked each other, and after a sharp conflict both retreated, spreading the report that Gen. McClellan was coming in full force. The main body fled so rapidly that they dropped their sick along the road.

The Postmaster General has issued an order forbidding the carrying of mail matter to the South by express companies, which closes one more method of communication between the rebels in the South and their friends at the North.

Dispatches from our minister at the Hague state that the battle at Bull Run will have no prejudicial influence on our relations with European powers. The general disposition seems to be, to give the Government a fair chance to show its real strength.

It is said there was a collision at Norfolk, recently, between an Alabama and a Virginia regiment, growing out of the taunts of the former against the courage of the latter. Five or six were killed.

Gen. Banks has moved his headquarters forward to Hyattsville on the Monocacy, two miles from the Potomac and seven or eight miles from Leesburg, where the enemy are in considerable force.

Gov. Gamble, of Missouri, has issued a proclamation calling for 42,000 men for the State service, including cavalry and 32,000 infantry, to serve for six months.

Gov. Magoffin, of Ky., is getting excited because the Government does not respect the "neutrality" of that State. The capture of a secession steamer and gun-boat, by order of Gen. Prentiss, has raised the ire of the Governor.

The news from Missouri is of no importance, but there are evidences that Gen. Fremont and his aids are rapidly organizing and completing their preparations for operations somewhere about this time.

The rebels have taken two pieces at Manassas by the locomotives belonging to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and were to make the attempt to run off a train loaded with troops to Strasburg or some other point on the Manassas road.

At Cleveland, Ohio, on Friday evening last, a man named Daniel C. Lowber, of Akron, was arrested on the charge of being a bearer of despatches from England to Jeff. Davis. The despatches were in his trunks which were seized in New York some days since.

MORE TROUBLE WITH SECESSION NEWSPAPERS. Last Friday night, while ex-Gov. Thomas, a Union man and at present a member of Congress, was addressing a meeting at Cumberland, Md., he was interrupted by a gang of secessionists who were finally driven off. Afterward a party of rash and indiscreet Union men proceeded to the office of *The Alleghanian*, a secession newspaper, which was destroyed. The next morning, when Gov. Thomas was leaving, by railroad, when about eight miles from the town, an attempt was made to run a train off the track, and arrest the old secessionists were near, who designed to take Gov. Thomas prisoner, but did not succeed.

The *Bridgeport Farmer*, a secession print at Bridgeport, Ct., was destroyed by volunteers, last Saturday night, in the presence of two or three thousand persons. A "peace flag" was raised on Saturday, but the Union men took it down and put up the stars and stripes in its place. In cleaning out the *Farmer* office, a United States mail bag was found, filled with papers, addressed to leading secessionists in Alabama, Georgia, and other Southern States; also 200 bullies. Some curious letters were also discovered, exposing the treason of politicians in Hartford, and elsewhere.

The *True American*, the Democratic organ of New Jersey, was suspended on Saturday morning, and gives as a reason that the State secretary has virtually interdicted the publication of every paper that does not favor the Administration. (Which is no reason at all, because not true.)

The *Bangor Democrat, Extra*, a secession paper, was deposited in the Post Office on Friday night. The Postmaster notified the Department and retains the papers until he receives orders. The *Democrat* was suppressed by the people a week or two since and the office destroyed. The extra was printed out of the city, although purporting to be printed in Bangor.

The *Brooklyn Eagle*, heretofore a sympathiser with the secessionists, and an apologist for them, published at Brooklyn, N. Y., has wisely abandoned its former course, and will no longer oppose the Government in its operations against the rebels.

BAPTIST CHURCH BURNT. The Baptist Church, at Plymouth, Mass., was burned about 114 o'clock, last Saturday night. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary. Loss about $6000. The fire endangered a large number of other buildings, but fortunately none were burned. The church was erected at one time on fire.

MATTERS AT FORTRESS MONROE. The following extracts from a letter from Fortress Monroe to a New York print, will be read with interest by our citizens. It throws no light on what is to be the work or position of Gen. Butler, but it gives a characteristic anecdote of the man. We are inclined to think, from certain things which have come to our knowledge, that Gen. Butler has been cramped and confined by inferior officers, and derided for the best interests of the Government. That his hands have been tied, while he has been criticised and abused by the regular army officers sent by an unprincipled set of hangers-on in his department, who, irresponsible themselves, have been from private motives his libellers and shamers through the newspaper press, is perfectly apparent. The facts will come out some day, and we believe that the whole course of Gen. Butler from the time he left Massachusetts to the close of his career, be the event soon or late, will be to his honor.—He has had nothing to work with, while others have had all. That important move stopped up with fourteen thousand men in this division, and nothing with which to operate any distance from the Fortress; and if any one can see the wisdom of sending Gen. Wool there to assist him, they have more foresight than those we have yet conversed with. There are some speculations and hints thrown out, that important move months from this quarter are yet to be made, but there's is nothing to show this, and at present the object of sending Gen. Wool to Fort Monroe is a mystery. We trust that nothing will occur to take either of the Generals now caged there entirely from the field, where we believe they would do such admirable servants of the Government:—

General Wool assumes the command of this department under circumstances of the highest personal compliment. He will bring an influence from the Empire State of great power. His kind Heaven send the brave soldier a safe deliverance from the party politicians. Heaven knows that this poor nation has needs fear my obscure enemies.

What will Gen. General Butler do? This not, low, is a hard question to answer. It is doubtful if the General can answer it at this time. Some talk of his taking command of a large brigade of Massachusetts troops, to be raised expressly for him. It will be remembered that the original title of his command is the "Department of Virginia and North Carolina." Should General Butler make the six coast of the Old Dominion the principal seat of his operations movements, General Butler may take North Carolina under his wing, and South Carolina to it, and then strike for Charleston. It would be interesting to have him in that city, the president of a secession convention, somewhere about the "isles of November." The New York *Commercial Advertiser*, of Monday, states that an attempt to organize a Rocket Brigade is to be made, and that Major Ridgely, the pyrotechnists of Jersey City, are the parties entrusted with its formation. It is to consist of 300 men, and will at once be accepted by the government.

COTTON RAISED. According to the census of 1850, there were raised in this country 2,445,793 bales of cotton, averaging about 400 pounds to the bale. The amount of the non-receipt of their pay, has been very trying. It was hard to see good men, having respectable families at home whom they had left from the noblest patriotic motives, deprived of their just dues for weeks and months together. Some of the cases are extremely distressing. It is no wonder that many should desert, to relieve such destitution as they were in

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq. *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced using it my hair was coming thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, another has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it's facts showing would be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful some throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, I proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will pay out their money or its reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp or head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,920, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I had for a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and believing there was a core fiction than truth in them, but nevertheless a strong desire to restore my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as I was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle, I considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using. Observing directions I applied it as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened. I saw a radical change taking place in the hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and part began on the fourth. I have now a pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair, as I ever had in the days of my youthful days, when a boy in the habit of using Wood's Hair Restorative. I am now in my eleventh decade, and my hair ceased entirely falling off and is thicker than it has been for many years past. I feel and believe that I am safe in saying that I have restored my hair to its original color and fineness, by the use of your Restorative, and it is possible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual merit and real experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it has been exercised in silence, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and recommend it as a safe endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few remedies most-sure which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Cohoes Journal*.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative has no cure outcomes scruples, and prevents the hair from falling off. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unimpeachable veracity. Don't dye till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Grave Branch*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quackeries, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all who are afflicted in falling off or turning gray. It is well known to the constructor, Finley Johnson, Esq., that we owned the benefit of its application, and have we use in speaking of its virtues.—*Lexington (Ky.) Statesman*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most quackeries in the line of hair preparations, is to promote a growth effect as a restorer of the hair to its primitive vigor. Nor does it merely but become almost bald because of sickness the use of this article has restored to it its former glory hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all desirous of restoring their hair, as it not only effectually eradicates dandruff and other impurities from the scalp, but promotes a healthy action of the cutaneous properties of the skin, thus giving it a clear and healthy appearance. Wood's preparation is the only one that has ever been known to restore hair to the head of a person who was entirely bald. In fact there is no preparation that has been proved beyond a doubt.

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(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best light known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and in fact all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage if taken *four days before each month* carried, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the publicity of a family. Those that are married and single ladies, and in the very best light known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and in fact all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage if taken *four days before each month* carried, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the publicity of a family. Those that are

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* where taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in *any case*.—☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, securely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This Medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTRUCTA CASE, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted unrepeated in every instance, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ If This Medicine is used in diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or personal are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients and a special home for those desiring *secrecy of Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, 28 Union street Providences, R. I.

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FELT HATS.

Just received a large lot of Felt Hats selected from the latest Paris and New York Fashions, comprising some new and beautiful shades, well adapted for Spring and Summer wear.

DRAKE.
apr29 Corner Hat Store

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Leghorn, Malaga, Canton, India Palm and a great variety of other Straw Hats suitable for the season for sale by
DRAKE.
apr29 Corner Hat Store.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., that have taken them at my Old Stand, 5 Merrimack Street, will find new subscription with me at my new Bookstore, No. 57 Merrimack street.

As I wish to dispose of my old stock of Papers, Periodicals, &c., before removal, I shall continue to sell at cost, or less, for a few days after the old stand, No. 5 Merrimack street.

J. MERRILL.

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large and extensive assortment of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Chimneys, Burners, Wicks and Fluid Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, Side, Counter, Shop, Store, Entry, Parlor, Kitchen, and study lamps for sale by the single or dozen. Also, all which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's price.

Please call and examine the above at No. 45 Merrimack street, corner Merrimack and John sts.

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH sweeps the great and disagreeable dust from Carpets, sweeping into a pan, that

Also operates it.

Weeps no dust.

Weeps without the necessary after sweeping.

Weeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It sweeps up lint and grit that a broom will not, and it sweeps carpets and forwards and makes the nap lie smooth and even.

It is a new remedy, having been invented in the past year, and is the only article of the kind ever discovered. It is surrounded by no other satisfactions. Procured only by

S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Knives, Forks, Tin, &c. For cleaning Paint it is unequalled. For sale by all Druggists. Try it and be convinced. Prepared only by
S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Worthen streets.
may4

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office is equipped with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the COUNTY and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamphlets,
Re-mens,
Circulars,
Catalogues,
Programmes,
Tickets,
Newspapers,
Court Dockets,
Bl-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Ornamental Printing, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

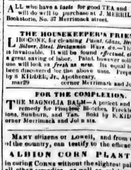
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, whether of

Paper or Cloth.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl morocco and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—as packs and in boards to be cut to order.

S. E. STONE,
Proprietor.



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"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AS OLD AS THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

OLD RELIABLE, WHICH KEEPS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF

AS NEW AS THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, BRUISES, and all inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim—*What Wonderful Relief! What a Grateful Change!* Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we claim it to be.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

It is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL EDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. Also, by SHERWOOD, J. A. FERRY, Manchester; S. H. & H. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and at nearly all Towns generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb25 1y feb25 1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
151 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$1,912,556 50
Dividends paid to date,	1,645,001 18
Losses paid,	2,813,063 53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the insurers, or their legal representatives, receiving the accumulated fund in entirely the results of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to secure payment of their policies.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves extensive patronage, the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate**, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Rockiln, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends a low premium in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly, as may suit the party insured. Life, 7 per $1 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and credited with the balance, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have held their Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to all the insured in accordance with the following plan, viz.: Those insured one to five years, receive 20 per cent. of the dividend; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate computations of mortality.

This Company has now the large number of 7174 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of insured would not materially increase the expenses, as the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based, affords the assurance that the most therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1861.

Applications for insurance may be made to

WILLIAM S. MYERS, Jr., Agent,
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar4 dly

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large and handsome

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable styles, which will be sold at prices that ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

45 Merrimack Street,
mh18 (Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

Those who have been afflicted several months or years before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It is the best salve in the world. It will

It overcomes bruises and puncturing sores. It is the most wonderful salve ever known to man. It causes the crying of the infant meant to cease. It is the best salve in the world.

It will take the fire from a fresh burn, when known with thermometer.

It is a most delicious sticker when the screw is driven.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head with

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It completely cures the first day of application.

It moderates mumps.

It is a specific for salt rheum.

It fights against felons and cancers.

It is a certain cure for chilblains, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

It has been found to be cured if you will hearken.

Every one may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

It is a positive cure for sore eyes and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For cuts and bruises it is the best salve.

For sore and swollen feet use it.

For all sores use it.

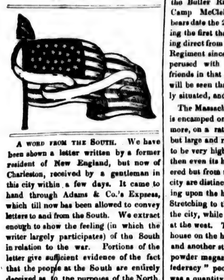
For boils and fevers take one dose.

For all diseases of the throat, chest, head, west, and stomach, it is a positive cure. Also, for all lingering, suffering flesh rendors in hope while the balm of life is administered to them.

All its works among us promises. It has the highest recommendations from all who have used it. Both in pulpit and the bar—from mechanics, merchants, lawyers, doctors, farmers, and statesmen. And in fact but not least, it will cure sore throat, diphtheria, and all diseases of the throat and lungs, if used as directed. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE that is warranted to cure. Be sure you get the genuine, as there is many counterfeits in the market. Be sure and observe the name of the proprietor, and the name of the town and county, and the name and residence of the proprietor, and the name of the town and county, and the name and residence of the proprietor, and the name of the town and county, and the name and residence

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, August 27, 1861.



A WORD FROM THE SOUTH. We have been shown a letter written by a former resident of New England, but now of Charleston, received by a gentleman in this city within a few days. It came to hand through Adams & Co.'s Express, which till now has been allowed to carry letters to and from the South. We extract enough to show the feeling (in which the writer largely participates) of the South in relation to the war. Portions of the letter give sufficient evidence of the fact that the people at the South are entirely deceived as to the purposes of the North, and what has already been done in this war—especially in relation to our army. We give two extracts from the letter.—

"War!—war!—war!—is indeed the theme now, and what will it end in? Who can answer!

You ask my opinion on the subject, how 'will end, &c. I could inform you verily very readily, and in good plain English, but would make poor work at it, as tempting the same on paper.

As to the "South being conquered into a peace, or into the Union again, "there was or was a greater mistake made, than for the North to believe that either of the two peace is only to be had at the altar of the Union, as it was, or had by the South utterly and entirely renouncing secession, then I say there never will be peace.—Scott, Lincoln & Co., if the advice of the only terms upon which they will grant peace, can be accommodated to a war as long as they like. Terrible as the consequences will be to both sections, it appears to me no reasoning mind can fail to see that the blows will fall much the heaviest on the North. It is my firm belief, nay, I feel certain of it as I do of any fact, that this Union has gone, never to be reunited. Our people, rather than go back into the Union, would submit to, and if prefer becoming a province of England, although this will never be."

We are not disposed to give the writer's estimate of the fighting abilities of the men at the North; he is generous, however, and ranks us only as two to one, while southern soldiers and southern pirates consider that one of their number is equal to five or ten of ours, which is undoubtedly very gratifying to themselves and does no harm. As yet, in every fight that has taken place, we calculate that the not-fighting Yankees have "made their mark," and they have as yet only just begun the work.

The writer proves it impossible to starve the South into submission, as they can live alone on what they produce, and reasons very well, that corn, wheat, oats, and bacon are not the only things required.—But great inconvenience is at present experienced from the closing of the southern ports. This, thinks the writer, is to be overcome. He says—

"As to the blockade, we hold in our hands that which will work the screws loose very quickly. You and I, I believe, will not be six months older before this land will be after our cotton. She won't run the risk of meeting insurrections 4 hosts, from her five millions of people who are dependent on this staple of ours. She must have it, and how can she get it unless at our own terms, which will be: *Open the blockade!* and come in and take it. Lincoln can't foot it on starving British ships come in in ballast and go out with cotton; we are up to this. English ships can't go out with our cotton unless the blockade is forced. France ditto.

With cool weather we are expecting attention in this State; but I am thinking that they'll fare no better than are the Lincolnites in Virginia."

The whole tenor of the letter is like the tenor of the southern press, expressing the utmost confidence in the ultimate failure of restoring the Union, and self-glorifying the valor and resources of the seceded States.

THE RIGHT TALK. John Scott Harrison, of Ohio, son of "Old Tippecanoe," declines the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor in a patriotic letter. He says: "I certainly owe the Republicans, *as a party*, no debt of political obligations, and yet I do not hesitate to say that the Administration has my warmest sympathies in its efforts to put down this rebellion, and I am in favor of doing this effectively and permanently—in peace if we can, in war if we must."

The *Cleveland Plaindealer*, a staunch Democratic print, and one of the most influential newspapers in Ohio, makes the following facetious paragraph, defining its position:—

"We are flooded with political communications for this paper. They are carefully filed away in their order, and we hope to find time to attend to them after the holidays between Christmas and New Year's. Our politics all run into Virginia and Missouri just now, you know. We are for Virginia in George B. McClellan for Governor, and (funny, sin 1s?) we go for John C. Fremont for Governor of Missouri. There's our politics. War or peace with us has no other basis than Union, and the punishment of traitors and traitors only. Hoora for the war, every time!"

The *Oswego Gazette*, a Democratic paper, is "opposed to the war," and says that it "would therefore crush by the whole power of the nation, the authors, who commenced it by robbery and treason, and by canonading Fort Sumter."—It is "in favor of peace," and to that end would put down rebellion with the strong arm of the law. It is "opposed to taxation," and therefore would make the war as short as possible by bringing the whole force of the Government to bear upon it.

QUERY. Can any one tell us if the friends of the *Boston Courier* have allowed themselves to be bled (in answer to *its* prayer) sufficiently to keep that journal on its legs for a year longer? We ask because its tone lately rather indicates that it would prefer to die at the hands of the General Government than have it said that it "kinder gin out," like the Yankee's *self*.

LETTER FROM THE SIXTEENTH.

[We make the following extracts from a private letter from one of the officers of the Butler Rifles, of this city, now in Camp McClellan, near Baltimore. It bears date the 22nd inst., and we think, being the first that has been published, coming direct from the Massachusetts Sixteenth Regiment since it left the State, it will be perused with interest by those having friends in that company and regiment. It will be seen that the soldiers are pleasantly situated, and are well satisfied.]—

The Massachusetts Sixteenth Regiment is encamped on a hill overlooking Baltimore, on a rather uneven piece of land, but large and roomy. It does not appear to be very high until one gets upon it, and then even its height would not be discovered but from the fact that all parts of the city are distinctly to be seen, when standing upon the high points of this elevation. Stretching to the south and east of us line the city, while Greenmount Cemetery lies at the west. There is a large old brick house on the hill,known as Mrs. McKim's, directly opposite to us, where the Gen. of the Brigade resides. Between us and this house is a small valley, through the bottom of which runs a small stream, which, though it did not injure any of our men, doubtless did us the rain for some hours. There were two regiments encamped on the hill, and a third one behind, pushing it. The third one, suddenly and with great force, pushed the cars together with such violence that the platforms and couplings of six or seven of the cars were smashed up, strongly enough injuring none of the inmates to be worth a moment danger. Extra cars were obtained, and we were crowded into them and proceeded on our journey without further delay or accident.

Last Tuesday morning an accident occurred in the Camp, at the quarters of Company A, by which a soldier was shot. A person at work with a shovel knocked a gun down, which was discharged, and the ball from it passed into the side of an unfortunate soldier. The poor fellow bled profusely, and the surgeon was unable to find the ball. It is probable he will never recover. At the same time, another soldier was wounded in the thigh by the stopple from the gun—a brass-headed article—which entered the fleshy part of his thigh some four inches. He is doing well, however, and will be ready for duty in a few days.

The routine of drill has commenced, and it begins to seem like "old times." Our company is full—101 men—and all are well contented. Everything in the shape of furnishing goods is sold much cheaper here than in Boston.

A GRAND FORM. The *Atlantic Monthly* has published many fine lyrics, but we do not remember any nobler burst of song, since the great national crisis began, than this solemn chant which we find in the September number. It is worthy to be associated with the great days through which the Republic is now passing. Once read it cannot be forgotten.

"Under the Closed and through the Sea."

So moved they, when Eden Pharaoh's legion pressed,
Through the dark valley opening furiously,—
Sons of old Israel, as their Guide through the sea
Walked in the beckoning of Jehovah's hand,
So led by them, in desert manhood grand,
By exile sublime, with loss of long delay,
Out of the House of Bondage, to the Land,
Wherein their heritage of glory lay.

And Justice must regard this day is one by done!
And America opens finished lists and fearfully;
Still the same pathway through the same hostages tread.
Under the cloud and through the threatening sea.

Our wavering hearts must follow. No mighty birth
But comes by throes of mortal ecstasy;
No man child saves a people from the earth
But Sadesh baptism in a stormy sea.

Lead us then, in desert manhood grand,
In Servo Altissimi's unwearying wave,—
Led by the Red Sea of the Martyr Land,
Wonnin their heritage of glory lay.

And Justice must regard this day is one by done!

O Conscience! Conscience! Flag and Cross and Crown!
Be with us through the Closed and through the crimson Sea!

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

The papers are nearly barren of news to-day from the seat of war, and what there is does not amount to much.

Washington matters. Orders have been forwarded to the U.S. Pension Agents to administer to all persons drawing pensions the oath of allegiance to the United States, as directed by the late law of Congress.

The oath of allegiance is to be administered forthwith to the hired men in the Quartermaster's Department.

Richard Wallack, Esq., was yesterday elected Mayor of Washington, by the City Council, to supply the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Berret's unfortunate absence.—He was forthwith installed.

Orders have been issued for the arrest of Mrs. Senator Gwin, now at West Point. Her trunk was searched, in which were found drawings of the Federal fortifications on the Potomac, traced from the original maps in the War Department.

Several soldiers claiming to be British subjects, and so represented through Lord Lyon, have been dismissed from the army.

From Missouri. Reports give information that Missouri is rapidly withdrawing from Greenville toward Reeve's Ferry, which they were fortifying, also to Payton's station, near the Arkansas line. This seems to confirm previous reports that the eastern division of the rebels is hastening to join Gen. Pillow.

A strong body of Jeff. Thompson's force is reported to have occupied Benton, eight miles back of Commerce, where they are throwing up intrenchments.

Items. Intelligence from Manassas state that since the battle of Bull Run, the rebels have made extraordinary efforts to get reinforcements, drawing large forces from Tennessee, which had been held there for defensive operations on the Mississippi.

The *St. Louis Republican* thinks that at the late battle near Springfield, that killed on the Confederate side, cannot be put down at less than one thousand, to say nothing of the large number so severely wounded as to disable them from further service.

The government is considering the propriety of organizing a national detective police force, to be distributed in the principal cities throughout the country.

General Fillow has performed another feat which will further assist to bring his name into notoriety. This last achievement is the seizure and confiscation of a floating show, composed of stuffed lions, tigers and leopards, and what was represented as Arabian Wild Horses, which we suppose—and good suppers did we get, but not before they were wasted. These places are so well arranged that in less than thirty minutes we all had our supper. Every regiment passing through the city is similarly furnished;the tables are well supplied with excellent food; and I was told, and I believe it, that the very first citizens are present to superintend the work at the tables. If heartfelt blessings can repay them, we have no doubt they have their reward, although the obligations of the soldiers to them are great. I should not fail to mention that connected with these places are one hundred wash-basins and towels, where the soldiers can wash before eating, which is almost as great a privilege as eating—I could only say on leaving," God bless the good people of Philadelphia." The Philadelphia ladies don't sleep much, about midnight, the men all hoarse from shouting for the generous denizens thereof.

We had not been long on the road when it commenced raining, and the rain continued to fall during the night and nearly all day. At Havre de Grace we met with an accident, which, though it did not injure any of our men, doubtless put a damper on the spirits of the Union men. A bridge, over which we were crowded into them and proceeded on our journey without further delay or accident.

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The Common Council of Patterson, N. J., have discontinued all public patronage to the *Daily Register* of that city, on account of opposition to the Government, and sympathy with the rebellion.

The *Louisville Journal* office was robbed of $650 in specie, a few mornings since.

CITY AND VICINITY

A Special Meeting of members of Atwood's Light Infantry will be held at Quincy Hall THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

A full attendance is particularly requested, as business of importance will come before the meeting.

Lowell, August 27th, 1861.

WANTED.

A young man, who understands Book-keeping, but has the afternoons unemployed, wishes to obtain employment either as Cashier or Accountant. Or, a situation as Clerk. Address "Box 291" Lowell P. Office, August 7, 1861. 1m

Wanted immediately, a second class Girl to do housework in a small family. Inquire at this office. Lowell, July 22, 1861. 1m

A. L. BOSSER & SON'S
FINE & LIGHT SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Light Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun3d3m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. CARTER, S. W. LEWIS, D. S. RICHARDSON,
T. E. HAMLEN, E. HOWARD, JOHN PRESCOTT,
L. G. HOWE, Edward York, Lowell Spragues.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Mills, &c., in the compact portion of the city limits. The present cash surplus is $50,018.19. The amount at risk is $1,250,000, and $125,000 more will be taken as soon as a number of village and farm property in Middlesex County is examined and insured. The Mutual Department was established in 1855, and has been very successful. Over 101 cases have been settled, and in every one the amount of loss was less than the estimate.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT for such spaces are other property as the Mutual Department cannot cover, or for which the rates are too low. Large risks will be taken in sound stock Companies, and insurance effected on favorable terms.

Office, No. 27 Prescott-st., (second story.)

C. B. CARTER, Secretary and Treasurer.
S. W. LEWIS, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. jy18tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quickly,
It burns up clearest,
It lasts longest,
It burns in non quantity,
It makes no dust,
Than any other fire-burning coal. And the only coal in the market that is WASHED, WHAT-EVER, Western Avenue, and of our agent, EDWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

WAR HAS COME,
AND
WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY. GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as a cure, company companion and by the hundreds of boxes sold to the Sutlers of the Regiments. It is a sure remedy for the ills of infancy and childhood, it is particularly adapted to the delicate female constitution, and mothers, nurses and children will find it a treasure indeed. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by WHITTEN & BROTHER, Boston, Mass.

Sold in Lowell by J. C. HOYT & CO., and by druggists generally. jy29d3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
Known.

This splendid preparation imparts instantaneously, and should be avoided. If you wish to avoid ridicule, and obtain a beautiful head of hair, use only this splendid dye. It is beautiful and natural brown or black, without the least injury to the hair.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR, and over 200,000 applications have been made to the hair of those who used his splendid dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted to contain no lead, nitrate of silver, or bismuth, nor anything injurious to the hair or skin, but is perfectly innocent and harmless. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in Lowell. Druggists and dealers supplied at the manufactory, No. 16 Broadway, New York. Factory also at Bridgeport, Conn. Liberal discount to the trade. Orders promptly attended to. Factory in operation day and night. Principal depot for Europe, 1 Hatton Garden, London.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.
Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay st., New York.
jy29d3m

The Great English Remedy.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, by a sure and safe remedy for all those painful and dangerous complaints to which the female constitution is subject, and although in the hands of ignorance and shameless pretenders highly dangerous, is yet in the hands of the female portion of the community, for whom it is more particularly intended, a blessing beyond all price.

In all cases of Nervousness, Spasms, Pain in the Back, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness, Depression of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Blotches on the Face, Obstructions, and all other means have failed; and, although a powerful remedy, does not contain anything injurious to the constitution.

To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Full directions are in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, at the agent.

Price $1 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing three times the quantity.

Sold by SAMUEL HUDDILSON, Jr., and all druggists.

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters—the best Tonic Bitters ever offered to the public. Sold by druggists. See advertisement. jy29d3m

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 26:

4 Boston and Maine Railroad	99 1-4
10 Eastern Railroad	39 1-4
10 Fitchburg and Worcester Railroad	39 1-4
5 Fitchburg Railroad	39
10 Massachusetts Home Railroad	80
10 Cambridge Home Railroad	112
3 Merchants' Bank	98
20 Exchange Bank	100
$1000 Massachusetts Six (1862)	103

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to the customers that he has left Col. Otis, and Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, and has opened a Shop on Central st., where he will be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the rooms named above will be promptly attended to.
A. L. BOSSER.
Lowell, July 22, 1861. 1m

TIMOTHY L. HAYES & CO.'S
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. CARTER, D. S. RICHARDSON,
T. E. HAMLEN, E. HOWARD,
L. G. HOWE, Edward York,
Lowell Spragues.

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Office, No. 27 Prescott-st., (second story.)

C. B. CARTER, President.
S. W. LEWIS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. jy18tf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Cod Liver Oil, from Lofoten, caution that other cod oil's in Lowell than our own. WM. H. HOOPER & CO., Boston.
Sold by druggists generally.
jy29d3m

We take this method of cautioning the public against the counterfeiting of our Cod Liver Oil, as we are apply to have it known that the genuine article, as we have always sold it, is prepared by us, and is only sold in bottles with our name blown in the glass, and our private stamp over the cork. Several parties have been arrested in Boston for counterfeiting our oil, and

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir: Allow me to express my pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine it's facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects to any one upon. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it, and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter to the bottom, not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will be so gulled by such of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to even manufacture a bottle, to notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every description of sore and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer persons to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,920, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir: I used your valuable article, and I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and harsh. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and concluded there was more fiction than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and firmness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle, and commenced using it. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using it following the directions as well as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was comparatively tightened, and a radical change taking place in it. After I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just before the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black as I ever had, and I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is naturally clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft as silk. It is not only, as though just from the hands of a French chamjoner. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Esther, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to estimate these facts. I feel under no hair of the only inner heat.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by a recommendation. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with very desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine nostrums which accomplish all they promise, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Columbus Ind. Spy.*

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative now cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair from falling. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't go till you have tried this Restorative —*Boston Olive Branch.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of publishing every new nostrum, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Finley J. Anson, Esq., has exposed the benefit of its application to his person, with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and be freed from all the care as snow in June.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in the restoration of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the hair had become almost bald from premature decay, the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable restorative for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate the cause of the disease, which operates so injuriously to the hair. It does not color the hair, as the name would describe it. In many cases age, pine and other disfigurements of the human frame are concealed by it is used. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and the effects are not only beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, it certainly does no injury. Its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A Genuine Book. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the *vera alia* of the day, and herein which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and in addition to the merits it offers, in what manner we have our readers to determine. In nine instances out of ten we find that Prof. Wood's Restorative—we are very assured of the—is certainly a good article, and that it is not a humbug, as we have in the inventor and vender of the same. Its effect upon the hair, in the case of hair falling, is known to be magical. Like lime or grass on exhausted land, the hair, when gray or very sparse, is restored. Not only is it luxuriously healthy, but we advise our friends to sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Spy.*

All Hute Dyes Abominated.—Wood's Great Article has taken the field. Professor Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is sudden but well deserved. He does not make a specialty of the hair, but for years and years has been the use of his preparations for restoring the hair to its natural and luxuriant color. Chemical and botanical science. Its reasons, diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of the ornament to be sure, in every case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the person has had premature decay and be restored that the hair could be naturally reinstalled. He used his own experiments, established and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to its color, strength and luxuriance and the article he did it with, he gave to the world for 50 cents—HAIR RESTORATIVE—and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Prof. Wood Patent Medicines.

jan20 6m d&w

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenogogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken according to directions, for a period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may prove incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

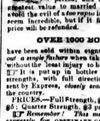
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is exempted expressly for the CERTAIN cure, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that it is warranted or refunded in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None but genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M., at the REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union Street, Worcester, Mass.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature, and from the fact that Dr. M. is a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole time to Special Diseases, Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and communications will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Dr. M. has references from patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy cure, to address him, and study brings success at short notice.

☞ CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to quacks annually, in New England alone, without any benefit to those who pay it. Most of them are entirely void of the care of disease, as those who are the least able to lose it, but owing to their ignorance of the nature of their complaint are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose their folly or imposition upon *themselves*. All this comes from trusting, unfortunately, to men who are alike destitute of honor, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is a few *high sounding* and *flattering* notices, in praise of *themselves*. If, however, you will be advised by me, I will endeavor to take no man's word on matter *what his praises*, since my best MAKE MERIT—and if I can serve you nothing, and may save you many regrets, by not advertising you a single dollar unless I can do so honorably, but we advise our friends to sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Spy.*



DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary of the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Pamphlets, &c. &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Manufacturers, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, LECTURES, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, either in Roman or Gothic letter.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl our faces and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of business, packs and as boards to be cut to size.*

E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE,
Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!

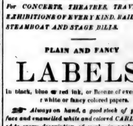
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames of
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep26th

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.



NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., will find it to their interest to call at Bookstore, No. 23 Central Street, will be supplied at any New Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack Street.

☞ Also a large assortment of new and second hand Bibles, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, &c., for sale at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Bowker's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or retail, Lamps, Burners, and all other articles usually kept in a first class Kerosene Store.

☞ Please call and examine the stock and prices.
jan28 A. H. STEVENS.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL!

H. S. HAYNES, Jr., has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, Also Hinkley's Burner Works, Chimneys, Brushes, and Gilt Trimmings of all sizes. Hinkley's Patent Solderless Burner, Wick Raiser, and Extinguisher, for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

HOWE'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH removes the great and disagreeable task of sweeping carpets. Sweeping into a pan. A child can operate it.

It gathers the dust.

No dusting in a room after sweeping.

It is more perfect and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It will sweep a room in half the time, and get that a broom will not. It will sweep under beds and other low furniture where a broom cannot be used.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady, or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It saves carpets, furniture, broke, &c., from the damage and annoyance of the dust that accompanies all use of sweeping.

It can be used in a sick room without annoy ance to the invalid.

It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAYNES,
No. 45 Merrimack street
ap25 3m

To get DONNER'S best KEROSENE OIL at the lowest price, go to H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan19

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. It is not to equal for softness, it promotes the hair from falling off. It prevents the hair from becoming dry. It keeps the head cool and free from dandruff. It lasts a no disagreeable odor.

It restores the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

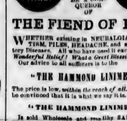
It affords the richest lustre.

It remains longest in effect.

It cures the worst cases of hair baldness.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Corner Merrimack and John sts.
may4

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



AN OLD REMEDY WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA and all Inflammations, sore Throats, Colds, Coughs, Bruises, &c. *Wonderful Relief! Whats Great Blessing!*

Our advice to all sufferers is to try

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

☞ THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

Is sold, Wholesale and retail, by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, and by all DEALERS IN PATENT MEDICINES.

H. S. HAYNES, Jr., Manufacturer.

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H. S. HAYNES, Jr., Manufacturer.

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PRINTING.

In supplied with every material necessary of the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Pamphlets, &c. &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Manufacturers, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, LECTURES, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

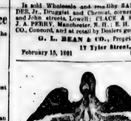
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, either in Roman or Gothic letter.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl our faces and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of business, packs and as boards to be cut to size.*

E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE,
Proprietors.

To get HOWARD'S Celebrated
CARPET SWEEPER,
To get a good DINNER BELL,
To get a good WHISTLE,
To get all kinds of BELTING,
To get all kinds of TAPE,
To get goo PLATED WARE,
To get all kinds of TABLE KNIVES,
To get TOILET WARE,
To get all kinds of KNIVES,
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL,
go to
H. S. HAYNES,
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.



H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

from the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and beautiful assortment of White Goods

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE OIL, BURNERS AND LAMPS,

AND HANDLED LAMPS.

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Hinkley's Patent Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell to Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

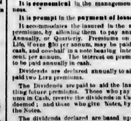
A fine stock of Ivory and Filling Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Tea Boards, Waiters, Cake Baskets, &c., &c., in store, and for sale cheap.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior quality, cut, engraved, and plain, in store, and for sale



FRUIT JARS,

Of all sizes, from Pint to Gallon, which I will sell to Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Filling Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Tea Boards, Waiters, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale cheap.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior quality, cut, engraved, and plain, in store, and for sale

FRUIT JARS,

Of all sizes, from Pint to Gallon, which I will sell to Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN.

FLOUR.
Extra Rye Flour,
White and Yellow Meal,
Fine Feed,
Shipstuff,
Oil Meal,
FEED.
Corn and Oats Chopped,
Corn,
Oats,
Rye,
Barley,
Shorts,
Middlings,
Fine Feed,
Shipstuff,
Oil Meal,
GRAIN.
Corn,
Oats,
Rye,
Barley,
Beans,
Peas,
Potatoes,
Onions,
Apples,
Cheese,
Lard,
Butter,
Eggs,
Hay,
Straw,
Corn Stalks,
Cut Hay,
Cut Straw,
Cut Corn Stalks,
Cut Feed,
Corn and Cob Meal,
Corn and Oat Meal,
Corn and Rye Meal,
Rye and Oat Meal,
Corn, Oat and Rye Meal,
Corn, Oat and Barley

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, August 25, 1861.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

A Washington dispatch to the *New York Tribune* says advices from Mr. Adams, indicate a speedy recognition of the Southern Confederacy by the British Government.

The particulars of the reported capture of Col. Tyler's force have not been received.

Is another place will be found the call for a Republican State Convention. It is needless for us to say to our readers that we entirely approve of the tone of this call. It is the duty of the Republicans to make generous advances for the purpose of promoting, through the coming election, as far as possible an united front in this State in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war. There should be but two parties (Mr. Douglas has said) "Traitors and patriots." Let us, if possible, have no traitors in Massachusetts; let there be no cause for jealousy or complaint by efforts to preserve party distinctions. There is no local interest at stake that should be thought of while the National Government is threatened, and we hope for no exhibition of narrow-mindedness among the Republicans this year.

First let our great national trouble be settled; then we can re-establish party lines, which we must always have; but now let us break them down and keep them down till rebellion hides its diminished head.

VALEDICTION OF LAWRENCE. The valuation of Lawrence (according to the last of that city) for the current year, as shown by the assessors' books, is $10,759,615.00, as divided as follows: resident real estate, $6,249,600.00—non-resident, $1,119,075.00; resident personal, $3,295.380.00—non-resident, $103,600.00. The valuation last year was $10,584,023.00.—and in 1855, when Lawrence became a city, $6,937,166.00, showing and increase during the last eight years of $3,822,449 00. The rate of taxation in 1855 was 70 cents on the $100; last year 84 cents, and this year 88. The appropriations in the city for 1853 amounted to $52,975; in 1860, $80,000; and the present year, $94,600. The population in 1853 was 13,000; and by last year's census we had 17,639. Of this number in 1853 there were 3,090 polls, and this year 3,900, showing that the male adult population of the city has not increased very rapidly during the last eight years, whilst the female portion has been very much augmented in that time.

AN ABOLITION HERESY EXPLODED. Many wholesome truths are coming to light these days, through unaccustomed sources, but which are extorted by the "stern logic of facts." The *Albany Evening Journal* having charged the treason of the present to the United States Forts with communicating much of the information obtained by the enemy, she has in York *World* reason to say:

"It is one of the later conceptions engendered by the loose statements and exaggerated harangues of the abolitionists that every negro in slavery at the south is pining for his freedom, and eager to take the first means to procure it. Every one looks upon his master and the white men of his region with hatred, and as natural enemies. It should be doubted, in the circumstances considered, if there *are not as many blacks in fight for their masters as will fly from them.* At any rate, among the negroes who looome thither and yonder as they please within our lines, there are nearly as many spies as fugitives, and the military authorities will act wisely to have nothing to do with them, treating them precisely as white stragglers are treated, and above all, to give them no access to information which can be used to our disadvantage either by their treachery or garulity."

The *Montreal Pilot*, which certainly may be regarded as an outside witness of our very recent party quarrels, and to the above this one sentence:—"Thus early, as the result of the war between North and South, is exploded a delusion cherished by the Abolitionists for many years past, and unsuspectingly believed by many simple-minded people."

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION. The *Boston Journal* learns from a reliable source that a terrible accident occurred at New Durham N.H., yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock. From some as yet unexplained cause—probably friction of the machinery—the Powder Mills in that town, which were under the management of Mr. Asa Lord, Jr., Rockingham of Dover, were blown up and entirely destroyed, and five of the men employed in the mills were killed instantly. The name of Mr. Dow, lately of Newmarket, is the only one of the killed given. The shock of the explosion was very severe, and was felt for a long distance.

MILAN STARTING UP. The *Manchester Mirror* says that the Manchester Mills which have all been shut down since the first of July, are beginning to start up, much to the joy of our people. One mill go into full operation next Monday, and another in two weeks after, in the on full time. Then full two-thirds of their works will be running.

On Monday, September 2nd, the Porter Mills, at Lewiston, Me., will resume work.

BLACKWOOD FOR AUGUST. We present the table of contents of this issue, as follows:—"Joseph Wolff:" "On Manners;" "Vaughan's Revelations of English History:" "Norman Sinclair," (concluded); "The Royal Academy and the Water Colour Societies:" "Mad Dogs;" "Another Minister's Autobiography;" and "Three Days on the Highlands." The admirers of this old standard monthly will not be disappointed in the character of that number.

GENEROUS. In view of the needy situation of some of the families of volunteers in New York and Brooklyn, the flour merchants of the latter city have contributed 250 barrels of flour which was put into bags, one or more of which will be given to each family.

DR. HOLMES tells of "men so mean that if the archangel should offer to save their souls for sixpence, they would give a sixpence with a hole in it.

HON. JOSEPH HOLT. Last evening, before a crowded audience at Music Hall, by previous arrangement, serenaded by Gilmore's Band. The announcement of the serenade in the afternoon was sufficient to draw an immense crowd of people into the street opposite the Tremont House, where Mr. Holt was stopping. About 8 o'clock, the band appeared, and after playing a few Star-Spangled Banners, and one or two other patriotic airs, Mr. Holt, accompanied by Hon. Edward Everett and several other distinguished gentlemen, appeared at the door, which was the signal for enthusiastic cheering from all quarters of the great crowd of people in the street. Mr. Everett welcomed Mr. Holt to Boston in a brief but particularly appropriate speech, and in closing introduced the distinguished gentlemen from Kentucky.—We cannot refrain from presenting, without abbreviation, Mr. Holt's remarks.—They are worthy of being read by everybody; they are a credit to the head and the heart of the man who uttered them.—

Fellow-citizens:—I came to Boston, as I do many American travelers, not merely to look upon the city, beautiful in itself, upon its monuments, and upon those magnificent landscapes in which, as a jewel, it is set; but also to revive, if happily I might, a glow of my patriotism, amid the thrilling associations that cluster around this cradle of the Revolution. Here are the gardens of memories which for the patriot can never, never lose their fragrance; here are the fountains, though kindled by the breath of human rights nearly a century ago, have never still been brighter for the years through which they have burned.—No true son of the Republic can press the cobble of Bunker Hill without having his veneration for your great ancestors deepened and strengthened, without finding his vows of devotion to his country strengthened and renewed. (Applause.)

I was young, and desired to make, in most quietly my journey, and little thought and little expected to attract attention to myself here—and therefore it is with emotions of gratified surprise that I look upon the vast and generous audience with which you now honor me. Unconscious as I am of having said or done aught to deserve this marked token of your confidence and favor, still I beg you to to assured that I am most grateful for it. The strains of your music, and the shouts of your welcome, will linger in the ears of my household long after they shall have been forgotten by yourselves. (Applause.)

I am thankful for that most earnest, that most cheering sentiment, that new inspiration which, in your name, has been given, of my fidelity to our common country, under circumstances of peril and of trial. Most grateful, too, for that noble response which has been given to the call of Kentucky, (cheers for Kentucky,) whose star, so long obscured by the baleful influences of unfaithful public men, is now preparing to shine forth in the strength and lustre of other days. "Good," "good," and applause.)

Kentucky has assumed her present position under the promptings of passion, but calmly and deliberately, after careful reflection, and in view of all the good and evil that was to come upon her people. And this she will do, seeing that the grave of our fathers is there, and that the graves of our children are there yet with us. (Applause.)

If we falter, we fall; and not only will Washington, your capital, be subjugated and sacked, but Boston, the proud and noble, will be swept over by an army, carrying in its train those traitorous men who, since the Goths stabled their steeds in the palaces of the Cæsars. The fiendish tone of the Southern press, the cautious whisperings, and the events which have already transpired, fully justify me in this declaration. If, therefore, we think of our lands and gold, of our merchandise and our pleasant homes, but not of the blood that courses in our veins, in contrast with the honor and integrity of our Government, we are lost; we perish suddenly, irretrievably and ignominiously. But it is not to be thought that we believe we will be, if true to the kindling memories of the past and to the grandeur of our mission as a people, your armies will assuredly triumph; and that triumph the Union sentiment of the land will render complete and enduring (applause); and thus, out of all this national turmoil and battle-storm, there will emerge (long regnish there will in the end arise a future for our country that will be particularly done and has been sanctioned by every Democratic administration since Van Buren. Not only will there be the high executive officers of the Government have been so selected as to make them acceptable newspapers and to prove t their transmission through the mails, but the authority has been conferred upon postmasters, and has been exercised by them; and not over has been made a rule of the department that whenever a postmaster in the Southern States suspects that any mail matter received at his office contains "incendiary matter, calculated to excite the negroes to insurrection, to incite them to murder, or to destroy it, and this right has been exercised continually, to the injury of northern papers.

More than twenty years ago, in the administration of Van Buren, the people of Charleston objected to the transmission of certain newspapers and publications through the mails. They assembled at the post office, demanded the objectionable papers, and burnt them in the public square. This act was fully sustained by the Postmaster General, and by the President, and it is believed that the majority, and the right of the people to protect themselves from the mischievous attempts of "incendiary" or the postmasters, not the courts, being the judges of what was "incendiary"—has since been passed, by construction and interpretation, at least, into the law of the land, which we are in our duty to transmit undiminished in its blessings to our descendants. It would conduct us from the paths of prosperity and power to hovels and the wretchedness and to graves of distress.

When the wise men of old, sitting in judgment upon the evil deeds of two mothers to the possession of the same child, found that one half should go to one mother, that one half should go given to one claimant and the other half to the other, it was not that the child should be divided and enabled to the judgment, while the true mother stood coldly by and looked on, preferring to commit the life of her offspring to the keeping even of her own enemy rather than lose the material instincts are in this regard the same. Now, I ask you, is the feeling of this prosperous and free country should be severed by the sword of treason now successful over a part of it, and upon your glorious American soil, but he has no American heart, he has no human. The true son of the Republic like the mother, turns away from the proposal with indignation and abhorrence.

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Undoubtedly one of the boldest steps which the Government has taken for the suppression of treason and rebellion, has been the decision of the department to exclude the New York secessionary papers from the mails. That this measure should strike people with surprise, shows how little they realize the danger from which we suffer us. Whether it be right or wrong, it is a measure which is particularly done and has been sanctioned by every Democratic administration since Van Buren. Not only will there be the high executive officers of the Government have been so selected as to make them acceptable newspapers and to prove t their transmission through the mails, but the authority has been conferred upon postmasters, and has been exercised by them; and not over has been made a rule of the department that whenever a postmaster in the Southern States suspects that any mail matter received at his office contains "incendiary matter, calculated to excite the negroes to insurrection, to incite them to murder, or to destroy it, and this right has been exercised continually, to the injury of northern papers.

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Sale of Stocks & Bonds at Brokers' Board, Aug. 27.

10 Boston and Worcester Railroad ... 87 1-4
5 Boston and Providence Railroad ... 106
10 Western Railroad ... 106
10 Manchester Print ... 102
2 Boylston Bank ... 108
2 Union Bank ... 108
$1,000 Hannibal & St. Joseph R.R. Bonds (2d) ... 39

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has left the Old Colony Railroad Office, and has taken the Office recently occupied by Mr. Wm. Gray, Jr., on Second street, where all who may favor him with their orders will be promptly attended to.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood promptly attended to. EDWARD S. BRIGGS.
Lowell, July 29, 1861. jy29d3w

FIFIELD & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Fifield is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan31tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

C. B. Coburn, President. | D. S. Richardson, Secretary.
L. G. Hosa, Actuary. | Directors:
B. W. Stickney, | D. S. Richardson,
C. B. Coburn, | H. Goodell,
L. G. Hosa, | Wm. Plant,
E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factories. No assessment for the present year. Premium for three years, or less, surplus $30.00 per $1, with deposit notes to the amount of $20.00 per $1. Dividends declared on the mutual plan. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. Office with a substantial cash basis, as in any Company in the city. Office in Merrimack Block.

Mutual and Stock.

The STOCK DEPARTMENT is confined to Banks, Manufacturing Companies, Stores, Merchandise and other property not connected with Factories. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, 104 Post Office Building, (first floor)
Lowell, Mass., Nov. 1, 1860. nov1tf

WANTED.

A Young man, about 20 years old, to Book-keeper, but has the afternoon unemployed, wishes to obtain employment during the afternoon. Satisfactory reasons given. Address "Box 262," Lowell P. Office. aug26d3p

MIDDLESEX NORTH AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. At a meeting of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society at the Fair Grounds yesterday afternoon, Dea. Otis Adams, of Chelmsford, was chosen Superintendent of the annual exhibition to be holden on the 12th and 13th of next month. Dr. George B. Loring, of Salem, a member of the State Board of Agriculture will deliver the address on Thursday, the first day of the exhibition. Adjutant Farr of the Sixth Regiment, is chief marshal.

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William Boyd, for drunkenness, was ordered until to-morrow.

The case of William McGrade, a small lad, for larceny of wearing apparel from B. F. Stevens, goes to the Probate Court, that tribunal claiming jurisdiction on account of his being an orphan.

There no other case for larceny was further postponed.

By advertisement elsewhere, it will be seen that the Soldiers' Aid Society are to dispatch a box to the Richardson Light Infantry next week. The President of the company should hear this fact in mind.

FOR THE COUNTRY. A large number of people have within a few days left for various parts of the country, some to visit their friends and others to recruit on country fare. The railroads must be doing a thriving business.

CRANBERRIES. We understand that these berries will be very plenty this fall, and we have heard it predicted that they will be sold for 82 a barrel. They will to a great extent supersede apples of which there will be a light crop in this vicinity.

APPOINTMENT. By a letter received in this city from Fortress Monroe, we learn that Capt. T. A. Davis has been appointed Provost Marshal for the department of Lower Virginia, all other Marshals being relieved from duty. Capt. Davis' company Infantry will probably stay in the Fort. Gen. Wool being well pleased with them. All of the members are well.

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REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION. A meeting of the Republican State Committee of Massachusetts, was held at Boston, yesterday afternoon. There was a full attendance of the Committee. The following call for a Convention was agreed upon:

The Republican State Committee of Massachusetts invite all citizens of the Commonwealth who are in favor of the support for the support of the government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war against the rebellion, without regard to party, and who are determined in good faith and earnest to sustain the national and state constituted authorities in all attempts to restore the sway of the constitution and laws over the whole country, to send delegates from each and every town and city, and one additional delegate for each two hundred voters, and one for every fraction over one hundred voters in a body to meet in Worcester, on Tuesday, the 1st of October next, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the various State offices to be filled at the annual election, and of testifying to all loyal men throughout the country their unfaltering and unwavering support of the principles and democratic institutions inherited from our fathers, and of universal peace—the only one substantial and permanent, based on a successful vindication of the honor and integrity of the nation.

By the above call Lowell will be entitled to thirty-one delegates or five more than she would usually had in Republican State Conventions.

HORSES FOR THE WAR. The State of Massachusetts has thus far purchased one thousand horses, and has paid for a part of them $200,000. These horses have all been examined by the war authorities and generally pronounced the appropriate emblem.—(Applause.)

One of the most fearful obstacles which has been encountered in the successful prosecution of this war is the disloyalty found in our midst. This is especially true with reference to Washington City and the District of Columbia. It is in a degree true everywhere, and to this is traceable much of that discouragement united which the nation is now suffering. The country is now rejoicing in those bold and decided declarations of the President in taking to subdue this fatal source of weakness and defeat. (Cheers.) It is in vain that the statesmen are and hearts of this great nation toil at the pumps, so long as there are leaks and holes in the augers in their pockets, who at every stolen opportunity are boring holes in the bottom of the noble ship on which we are embarked.

Fellow-citizens, the thought of dismembering our Union, which has been the source of all our strength and of all our joys as a nation, can be entertained by no true man. Entanglement would involve the abatement of all of which we, as Americans, have so long and justly been proud, and the complete ruin of that grand inheritance which we have received from our fathers, and which it is our duty to transmit undiminished in its blessings to our descendants. It would conduct us from the paths of prosperity and power to hovels and the wretchedness and to graves of distress.

The *New York Albion* (the paper in the interest of English interests of that city) is of the opinion that the British and French squadron which have been gathering on the coast, are destined for Vera Cruz.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Superior Court, Civil Term, at Lowell, Sept. 1st.

TRIAL LIST FIRST DAY.

1315—Hall et al. Assignees, vs. Hon. Burns and Somerby for Plaintiff; Dewing for Defendant.
13—Keller vs. Chief. Keller & Webber for Plaintiff; Brown & Algot and Butler for Defendant.
22—Russell vs. Russell. Jones & Cobb for Plaintiff; Butler & Gross for Defendant.
23—Russell vs. Wright. Schouler & Gardner for Plaintiff; Clark for Defendant.
24—Russell vs. Wright. Schouler & Gardner for Plaintiff; Clark for Defendant.
30—Hardy vs. Russell. Morrill & Pratt for Plaintiff; Hall and Gross for Defendant.
32—Cook vs. Jaques. Jones & Cobb for Plaintiff; Butler & Gross for Defendant.
34—McKinney vs. Hamblett. Richardson & Wilson for Plaintiff; Brown & Algot for Defendant.

Richardson Light Infantry—Fort Monroe.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will forward a box of sundries at E. S. Spaulding's on FRIDAY, 30th inst.

Privates wishing to order items possible will be accommodated. Per order of Capt. Light Coming up to 10 11 A. M. on that day, as directed.

By order of Executive Committee.
WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

aug26d2p

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SUPPRESSING NEWSPAPERS. We commend to the attention of those who have a disposition to censure the course of the government for suppressing several New York papers that have been open in their opposition to the Government and in the expression of sympathy with the rebels, the following truthful remarks. The article is from the *Providence (R. I.) Journal*. It does not seek to resolve by a process of reasoning that what has been good Democratic doctrine in years past for the South, should not be objected to, under far more important circumstances, by the friends of the North for the safety of the Government.—

Undoubtedly one of the boldest steps which the Government has taken for the suppression of treason and rebellion, has been the decision of the department to exclude the New York secessionary papers from the mails. That this measure should strike people with surprise, shows how little they realize the danger from which we suffer us. Whether it be right or wrong, it is a measure which is particularly done and has been sanctioned by every Democratic administration since Van Buren. Not only will there be the high executive officers of the Government have been so selected as to make them acceptable newspapers and to prove t their transmission through the mails, but the authority has been conferred upon postmasters, and has been exercised by them; and not over has been made a rule of the department that whenever a postmaster in the Southern States suspects that any mail matter received at his office contains "incendiary matter, calculated to excite the negroes to insurrection, to incite them to murder, or to destroy it, and this right has been exercised continually, to the injury of northern papers.

More than twenty years ago, in the administration of Van Buren, the people of Charleston objected to the transmission of certain newspapers and publications through the mails. They assembled at the post office, demanded the objectionable papers, and burnt them in the public square. This act was fully sustained by the Postmaster General, and by the President, and it is believed that the majority, and the right of the people to protect themselves from the mischievous attempts of "incendiary" or the postmasters, not the courts, being the judges of what was "incendiary"—has since been passed, by construction and interpretation, at least, into the law of the land, which we are in our duty to transmit undiminished in its blessings to our descendants. It would conduct us from the paths of prosperity and power to hovels and the wretchedness and to graves of distress.

When the wise men of old, sitting in judgment upon the evil deeds of two mothers to the possession of the same child, found that one half should go to one mother, that one half should go given to one claimant and the other half to the other, it was not that the child should be divided and enabled to the judgment, while the true mother stood coldly by and looked on, preferring to commit the life of her offspring to the keeping even of her own enemy rather than lose the material instincts are in this regard the same. Now, I ask you, is the feeling of this prosperous and free country should be severed by the sword of treason now successful over a part of it, and upon your glorious American soil, but he has no American heart, he has no human. The true son of the Republic like the mother, turns away from the proposal with indignation and abhorrence.

But, fellow-citizens, I have presented myself before you, not to make a political speech, but to thank you for this kind greeting and again, from my heart, for this most distinguished honor.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, not exceeding Hinder in any one risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Allen, | Joseph B. Abbott,
Arthur F. Bunney, | John Clark,
Andrew W. Danks, | Charles Marvel,
Samuel Rosbrook, | Henry C. Dana,
Ephraim Brown. | Boston.
Alonzo A. Miner, | Gardner W. Lowe,
Benjamin F. Butler. | Lester M. Clark,
Nathan Aller, Pittsfield.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 104 Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 Central street, ev'g. Middle st., Lowell.
April 21, 1 60

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$300,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to Ripley & Varnum, Lowell.
No 15 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1858. jy5tf

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
July, 1858. jy5tf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS
THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is not enough to be informed of the dangers which surround her health. Ignorance is the fruitful cause of suffering and premature death. Dr. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years devoted his attention to the treatment of female complaints, and has prepared these PILLS expressly for them—immediately relieves without exposure, from exhaustion or suppression. They act like a charm in all cases of Nervousness, Hysterics, Spasms, Headache, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant symptoms attending the female system at the time of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus* or *Whites*, a few doses will effect a cure.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are unrivaled as the only safe means of removing interrupted menstruation but

Warn in one moment of the female system in which they should not be taken. DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS CLEAR EXACTLY. The condition referred to is that of pregnancy during the first three months, to the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the menses. After the fourth month miscarriage is not to be apprehended from the use of these Pills.

Explicit directions, stating when and when they should not be taken, accompany each box.

Dealers each box, containing 50 Pills.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, at 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50, and by mail on receipt of price.

Sold by JAMES HOPKINS, Druggist, Lowell, and by Druggists everywhere.
June 8, 1861. 1y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice more than two years since, and after much experience, and investigation in metals somewhat, they are prepared to say that for Artificial Teeth, Gums, Palates and in fact, a definition of the whole Dental Apparatus, it is the best article in use. Having the exclusive right in the vicinity, we shall not allow any other article now in use, there are many worthless ones in the market, and consequently often it is proving to the popular favorable. Those who have had work done by us, we feel, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best article they have ever had in their mouths. We are also prepared to insert Teeth on Gold Plate, and all others, that are equal to any that can be inserted in the city.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

jy1 dtf

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Hair Dye

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye in Use.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. This Splendid Preparation

GRAY, RED OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a Beautiful Black or Natural Brown, without injury to Hair or Skin.

NO DISAPPOINTED AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and over 200,000 applications have been made to the hair of those who have used it.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces instantly, and without the slightest injury, a superb and natural color, which will not wash or rub off, and the effects of bad Dyes remedied. The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, on the back of each box, which is properly applied at No. 81 Broad Street, New York.

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor," on the back of each box. All others are mere imitations of the Genuine.

Sold by all the cities and towns of the United States, and by the Agents of the Canadas.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Agricultural Warehouse, No. 81 Broadway, N. Y. Late 110 Broadway, New York. jel1y4m

The Great English Remedy.

DR. SIR CHARLES CLICK'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of *Sir J. Clarke, M. D.*, Physician-extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition, but has been used by thousands of Females, Married and Unmarried, for many years with unfailing success. Explicit directions, for any sweet wheatish, accompany each package, which should be carefully preserved. Price $5 per package.

Sold by all Druggists, and by the Agents. Full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agents.

Sent by mail to any address in the United States or Canada, on receipt of price, by enclosing price (cash or P. O. stamps) in a letter addressed to the Sole Agents for the United States and Canada,

H. H. HITCHINGS, Proprietor,
No. 277 Canal st., New York.

Sold by JAMES HOPKINS, Druggist, Lowell, and by Druggists everywhere.
June 8, 1861. 1y

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Boils, Pimples in the worst putrid sore; Jaundice, Coffee-Brown Skin, Dyspepsia; Chronic Rheumatism, Sciatica, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels, eliminate the humors from the blood, and impart new life and vigor to the whole system. Being purely vegetable, they unlock the secretions, cleanse the system, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. Hence, among others as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mezereon, Stillingia, Guaiac, Poke and Prickly Ash, Bluerod, Dandelion, Burdock, &c., they are more effectual than any of them, or than all of them taken together, as is any Compound to its ingredients when taken separately. Prepared and for sale by DR. JOHN M. LANGLEY, No. 3 Temple Place, Boston. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by druggists everywhere.

CAUTION!

The subscribers, DR. JOHN M. LANGLEY, is the true and original PRANKLIN MEDICINE, and all others are base counterfeits. Be sure you get the right one. Sold by agents, Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertise this week.

☞ We take this method of cautioning the public against the base counterfeit which is making its appearance in this city. Be sure to get the genuine article, as we have the right to manufacture it. Sold by agents, Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertise this week.

SHERMAN & DUNN,
Manufacturing Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

aug26d1y

Washington Coal,

Egg Burning, has no equal,
Is kindles easy,
Is burns up clear,
Is handsome,
Is cheap,
Is economical,
It costs less money,
And is the best coal for burning coal. And the above coal can be bought only at HOWARD'S COAL DEPOT, No. 1 Merrimack Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

WAR HAS COME,
AND
WHITEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken to the army. It is a favorite salve for wounds, sore throat, sores, sore and scaled feet and hands, chilblains, burns, &c. Also recommended by surgeons, &c.

Also, WHITEN'S Pain Destroying Salve is our famous glorious anodyne pills, cures chilblains, issue sore, spinal affections, sore throat, fever, &c. Both kinds of liniment, it is genuinely adapted to for the Army, and Navy, and Hospitals. Prepared and for sale by O. C. WHITEN, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Salve is for sale, by the above, also by hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass the above articles.

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, for Children Teething, is no nostrum to lull to sleep and destroy, but a genuine medicine, acting as a cathartic and sedative remedy for the ills of infants and children. Prepared and for sale by Dr. EATON, Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists everywhere. Agents wanted at the period of teething. It works like a charm. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is for sale by the above named agents.

Call at Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. H. French, E. A. Stanley, Wm. H. Cook & Co., Lowell, and Dr. Eaton's office, 5 Cross st., Lowell.

may14dtf

CHARLES HERLIN'S
BILLIARD HALL,
APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central Street.

Would inform his friends and the public that he has just put in Gent's four-ball tables, and hopes by keeping a quiet, first-class place, to merit the patronage of our first citizens, who desire the exercise of this beautiful game for health. jy29d3m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April, 1860.
$253,912.29.

The Dividend Jan. 1st, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 21 50 the per cent.

$160,000 in

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction, to testify to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1855, since which time I have never been without a bottle on hand — I recommenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, and what has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since retained its color and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts here mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last two or three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, it is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one of merit that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours almost word for word in instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, some for itching humors, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me, Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1020, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I need you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over forty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white as a very still and unplaint. I had over a number of certificates of the wonderful and good effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a new fashion than a truth in them, entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fullness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I considered I would spend a few dollars more, commencing in a small way. I purchased of your small bottles, at one dollar each, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tighter set, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now a good head of hair, dark brown, or light bla k hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when I was in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and my hair is as soft as silk. You can say that after using three bottles of the effects of your Restorative it is impossible to convince them that it is not the real gray hair.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

jan19

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experience which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with entire desired result, and receives the unqualified endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable preparations with accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Chelsea Herald.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its natural color.—The Hair Restorative is one entirely free from all impurities, and prevents the falling off—We have seen many authentic testimonials of the most unexceptionable character, which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't say till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in this day of humbug we have very little confidence in any great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's valuable preparation for falling off or restoring gray. Our well known contributor, Hiram Fuller, Esq., has used it for some time, and from its application and gentle action in speaking of its virtues will be as fast as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Furnal.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics; this is presented to the intelligence of the public, not by means of certificates of persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—one for baldness, another for gray hair, another for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

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FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

jan19

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. Highly perfumed. Its efficiency and agree ableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not gummy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It is the best dressing the hair where hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest toilet.

It remains long in any climate.

It costs 37½ cts for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Market and John sts. mh7

FARRAR'S.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR,

TWENTY-ONE Maple's Nitrogen and Super Phosphate of Lime;

Also Mapes's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;

Also Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime;

For sale by S. MANSUR, 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

mar2

FELT HATS.

Just received a large lot of Felt Hats, selected from the latest Fifth and New York Fashions, comprising some unique and beautiful styles, well adapted for summer, at

apr18 BRAZER'S, Clear Hat Store

SUMMER HATS,

PANAMA, Leghorn, Maltaga, Canton, Indian Penang, and a great variety of Straw and Palm Leaf Hats, for sale very cheap at

apr20 BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

F H T
L O U R
F E E D
G R A I N

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS to Periodicals, Magazines, Papers, &c., &c., that have taken them for the past year, at S. MANSUR'S Store, will find their time for a renewal at 17 New Bookstore, No. 17 Tyler street.

As I wish to dispose of my old stock of Periodicals, &c., before the first of May, I shall continue to sell at cost, or less, for a few days after the old stand, No. 3 Central Court.

J. MEDLEY.

mar2 3tis

EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at the lowest cash prices, by

apr6 C. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION — Pagenstecher's Premium Jersuh Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Persian Lotion, Circassian Cream, Italian Balm, Rose Wash, Wilder's Carmine, Trimble, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Market and John streets. may8

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

[Extract.] "I recommend Frost Cake, Brown Cake & Jumbo Nut, containing Wash Ac.—Your article is invaluable. Cannot be without it. Send, cheap, one dozen packages. Enclosed find money. Shall use it myself & recommend to my friends. Shall send you an order every month." Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by the Proprietor, 45 Merrimack street, Boston.

apr20 3m

KEROSINE LAMPS AND OIL.

H. S. Haynes, has just received from Manufacturers, a large assortment of Kerosine Lamps. Also Shades, Burners, Chimneys, Wicks, Oil Cans of all sizes. Bracket and Chandelier Lamps, Lard, Sperm, Whale, Linseed, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a large lot of Table Oil Mantels, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, by wholesale and retail.

Also, Skinner's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the Chandelier Store.

Please call and examine the Kerosine Lamps, at H. S. HAYNES', China Emporium, 45 Merrimack street.

apr20 1m

ROVEN'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH commends the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

It raises no dust.

It leaves no dirt.

It sweeps lightly after sweeping.

It runs easily, and is not a heavy machine.

It gathers no lint or ravelings.

It picks up the tacks and pins.

It sweeps to and fro, and backwards, and makes little or no noise.

It is a child's plaything, and the most delicate carpet will not suffer from its use.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. S. HAYNES,

apr20 45 Merrimack street

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to all sterling elixirs of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too numerous increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least inconvenience or change of diet. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for taking, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—No. 1, (single strength) $5; No. 2, (double strength) $8; No. 3, (quadruple strength) $10 per bottle.

*CF Remember this Medicine is not recommended for ORDINARY cases, in which all other remedies fail, but for cases of long standing, where *a warranted as represented* is necessary.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine but such as bear the fac simile of the proprietor's signature, and the whole REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

CF The Specially endorsed by the strength of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving their whole attention to these complaints to ladies only, at their residence, where from observation in all parts of the United States they have accommodations for patients from abroad wishing such secure and quiet *Retreat*, with the best of medical attendance.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand* females are paying monthly visits to travelling quacks in Boston alone, without any benefit to their health, but on the contrary are out of ease and pocket money who are the least able to spare it. Many a sad day can we see these poor victims of deception compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, fearing to reveal their case for fear of *exposing themselves*. All the cases from treating such *Quacks* are known to the Faculty as the offspring of *humor, character, and skill*, and those only remonstrated against their evil practices, and *caution* them against the use of *Quack Nostrums*, as they are generally composed of *poisonous drugs*, which are destructive to health, and frequently bring hair to the Resurrection.—*Columbia Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABSURDED.—Wood's GREAT AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE is the former Wood stands on an eminence no chemical, or any attention. Many have tried it, and their hair has never become turn reached. He came to restore lost worn aside, and those who have worn wigs or been bald for years are now throughout the country all in the possession of their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for curing the prejudice of human ills, and the laws which apply to the functions of the skin, and the hair which grows out the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore a strong healthy vitality of that organism, he saw, as in his own case, that gray hair was the result of the age of the individual had reached four-score, and he believed that the vital principle could be revitalized. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite gray at the age of 40—and found he restored his own hair to its former, strength and luxuriance, and the result is all in all to him he gave to the world. Call for DR. HAYES' TRIPLE AMBER, and have nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depot, No. 414 Broadway, New York, and 414 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

CF At No. 414 Broadway will be found at all times on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan17 1yr ood&cowlm WF

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having re-establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Re-sheets, Addresses, Circulars, Town Reports, Programmes,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND: RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and commercial note, and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. P. STONE,
W. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size, in a very handsome and good workmanship, and frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing done in the latest fashions. Old Glasses Resilvered.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24th

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in any quantity. Umbrellas covered. Umbrella Trimmings, &c., &c., at

apr6 BRAZER'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

mar27 1yr

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

F H T
L O U R
F E E D
G R A I N

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR OF

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TIC, FELON, HEADACHE and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it exclaim, "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Searching Blessing!*" Our advice to all sufferers is to the

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and you will find it is a friend indeed. 25 cts.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Market and John sts., Boston; Merchants Row, Rutland, Vt.; PEASE & BERRY, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. R. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and at retail by dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,

February 15, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston. fab15ly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $1,648,860 18
Dividends paid same, 1,191,000 00
Losses paid, $458,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to protect and increase them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

In offering unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in U. S. Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Branch Offices it has are in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and New York City Banks.

The insured get all the profit.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively in the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to be paid Quarterly, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Under $50 can be paid in full, at the time of the risk, and enough in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. payable in 1 year, for premiums on policies for $50 to $100 can be paid in two years.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been in force one year.

The Directors are paid to all the insured in settlements of losses, and to the public in their investments on bond and mortgage, receive the dividends in Cash, when declared, and do not share in the profits, as stated in the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most correct mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All deaths of the institution must therefore prevent it be important to the insured, as a company cannot die out of business.

Applications for insurance may be made to the Agent, on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

JOSHUA MERRILL Agent.

No. 20 Central and 37 Merrimack Street

mar2 ly

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

LISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

All the above goods are of the most modern new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheap for cash. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,

(Near the Post Office.)

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, and the press, unsolicited. It seems the purest gold to be sought to bind the fractured limb, and the wounded heart. Its healing power is unequalled by challenge.

It draws the fire of burns from his crutch, when used with discretion.

It relieves the distressed mother when her breast is full.

It dismisses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It banishes from the face of the wayward, the pimple.

It moderates mental anguish.

It is a balm to the wounded affections.

It stays sanguinary fluxes.

It arrests and destroys inflammations, and dominates the fever.

The eatracts may be stored if you will heartien.

The Golden Salve can be carried in pocket for safe keeping.

It may be rid of poor cures and chilblains.

It is a friend indeed to the poor.

For chaffing in warm weather use it.

It is the best remedy for the sore nipple.

For sore nipples use it.

For sore mouth and sore nose use it.

Every where it goes, north, south, east, west, and in all climates, it is pronounced the best salve in the world. Its mission is to heal, and to bless. Its composition is hope while the golden balsam is being sealed.

Its virtues are unsurpassed. Its praises are the commendations from professions of the press, the clergy, the bar, the bench, the medical profession, from manufacturers, and the medical profession; from the poor and the rich, from the learned and the unlearned, from the east, west, north, and south. It will cure more cases in one month than any salve in the world in six months.

Whittens Golden Salve. Whittens Golden Salve. Whittens Golden Salve.

Whittens Golden Salve is sometimes very cheating.

Whittens Golden Salve is sometimes very cheap.

Whittens Golden Salve may be conquered by this Liniment.

Whittens Golden Salve.

How true but reason for praising the Golden Salve. Its virtues are like the sands on the sea shore, numberless. Its virtues are like the blessings of sacrifice, ring from heaven.

Whittens Golden Salve is for sale by C. F. WHITTEN, Lowell Mass. The Proprietor of the Golden Salve.

No Salve for ointments supplied at short notice, by

C. F. WHITTEN.

Lowell, Mass.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

Has been introduced into the New England States, and is now for sale by the Agents

BENNETT & RODLEY corner of Broad and Tremont street.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal to any ever imported in the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Just received in the Schr. Ocean Bird, from Philadelphia, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

Also, Lime, Cement and Plaster and split at short notice. Carefully attended to. Orders left at the Yard, 18 COLD STREET, or Post Office Building will receive prompt attention.

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new Wharf at the foot of Hurd street, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds at the lowest cash prices. All orders will be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dw

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CEDAR CAMPHOR for preserving furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,

mar2 Corner Market and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply on hand by the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the name of the Consignee, Antonio Rey. For sale at Boston prices by SAML. S. WOOD,

mar22 42 Market street.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Sold by

ORR T. BILLINGS

Buying Tools.

I have received my usual large stock of Buying Tools which have been procured as well as the last of the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of

50 cse. Rep has, different makes;
50 " Hand Rip Rakes;
Cartridge's and Tuttle's Hay Forks;
Tuttle's Wire Tooth Horse Rakes;
Hansen's Gay Rake with wheels;
Revolving Horse Rakes;
Robeson's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Spring Harrows, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c.

For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 17 Central street, Lowell. feb18tf

AMOS SANBORN

Has room! Large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, BUTTER COOLERS FLUTED URNS, DOUBLE, SINGLE AND TRIPLE SILVER SPOONS, FORKS AND KNIVES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES,

SINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,

NAPKIN RINGS, SALT-CELLARS, PIE-KNIVES, BUTTER KNIVES AND CREAM KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*sold by and low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured to order.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done to the very best style.

Lowell, Jan. 18, 1860. 6m18tf

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation is an stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; the blood in these cases becoming old instead of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for any disease, it is necessary that we find a remedy, that causes the blood to circulate!

Dr. Wm. Brandreth's Pills are the only remedy ever discovered that will do this. It will only be necessary to follow the directions in the

Almanac, to be convinced of the truth of this assertion.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows the presence of iron, soda, lime, magnesia and phosphorous.

Dr. Brandreth's Pills, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen we know to be instantaneous with a metal, rotten or remote electricity.

Oxygen we know to be in contact with a metal, or fluor, causes it to contract.

Oxygen we know to be indispensable, we have now the solution as to the motive or motive power of the blood, and we know that it is the oxygen coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, causing it to contract, and coming in contact with the heart causes its contraction, and the contraction of the heart causes the blood and vessels to ramify through the remote parts of the body. Hence we have the cause of Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, Fever and Ague, &c. Fever is the effect of the blood and vessels being in a state of disturbance and abnormal circulation. The blood becomes watery, and the vessels relaxed, and consequently the heart becomes nervous, and subject to threaten by pains and neuralgic sensations of the liver and kidneys act in, in short, almost every thing else. Dr. Brandreth's Pills are the only remedy that this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles or red globules.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and we do not pretend to say that they can restore the corpuscles of old age, but they do say that they will restore

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules and thus the circulation, and thus the vitality and healthy action of consumptives! Sufferers from any organic disease, Dr. Brandreth's Pills are the life and vitality of the body or mind, reduced the standard of health. Ladies suffering any of the distresses known as female complaints, PEACE A BEREAVED, Dr. Brandreth's Pills are the only remedy ever discovered that will do this, and if ever adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light serving consolation? For such we carry for your Family Medicine, we recommend our largest sizes.

Fact No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use, a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind on a bias.

Fact No. 5.—No other machine will double or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood.

The reputation of these Machines, wherever exhibited, is fully demonstrated in each of the above facts.

Fact No. 6.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

Fact No. 7.—These Machines took the highest Premium at the Crystal Palace Fair in the City of New York, together with the highest Premium at the State Fairs in 1860.

Fact No. 8.—These Machines took both the highest at the Fairs in Boston in 1859 and 1860.

Fact No 10.—These Machines can do the widest range of work, and execute every kind of stitched in competition with other first-class machines. They will be sent on trial for one FACT more if it be the most important Fact of all.

Fact No. 11.—We warrant every machine sold by the American Sewing Machine and other sewing machine in market, or money refunded.

These peculiarities of the FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE, are the reasons why they have never seen or used them. Hence the constant and increasing demand for them, and the fact of the celebrated world, viz.: "What are the best Sewing Machines?" "Why the Manufacturers of the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine!" To having the warranty of the Company, and the unquestionable facts—Facts that are fashioned Fact, and the Fact of Fashion.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal to any ever imported in the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Just received in the Schr. Ocean Bird, from Philadelphia, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

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Spring Harrows, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c.

For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 17 Central street, Lowell. feb18tf

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE!

539 BROADWAY, N. Y.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

Fact No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

Fact No. 2.—These Machines make the best stitch, alike on both sides, and will stitch more than hair as much thread or silk as the cloth or heap stitch machines.

Fact No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any sewing machine in the market, to the frequent changes and the endless variety of sewing required in a fam ly. They will sew from one to twenty thicknes of Muslin, and from the coarsest to the finest thread, and perfect. They will sew seam from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, and will do it more perfectly and quicker whatever, in not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if not adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing consolation? For such we carry for your Family Machine, we recommend our largest sizes.

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Robeson's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Spring Harrows, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c.

For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 17 Central street, Lowell. feb18tf

Toilet Soaps.

EXCELSIOR Honey and Glycerin, Tomlins, Rivers and Pears' Transparent, Old Brown Windsor, Old Windsor and Old Curiosity Shop.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Market and John sts. mar2

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. DAVIS has just received a *Patent Paste* for Polishing Furniture, which is highly recommended by all who have used it. It is a preparation of beeswax, linseed oil, and some other ingredients, which gives a beautiful polish to furniture, and will not injure the most delicate varnish. Call and examine it at H. DAVIS' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack street.

mar2

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, consisting of Rockers, Ivy Carts, Ivy tops for Dolls, Boys' Carts, Hobby Horses, Sleighs, &c., which he will sell at extremely low prices. Call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack street.

mar2

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new composition for the Hair, Whiskers and Moustache, Eyebrows, Eyelashes, Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and restoring the Hair to its original color. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug17

DR. M'LANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC,

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an itching sensation about the nose is excited; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with lightning or shrobbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul; pain in the bowels, accompanied sometimes with slight attacks of nausea, vomiting, with a lessening sensation of the stomach, at others, constantly gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently mixed with blood; itching of the vulva and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hysterical irritability, at times amounting to convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

In every instance where it should prove ineffectual, if producing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult, they might warrant the supposition of worms being the cause." In all cases the Medicine to be given STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'LANE'S

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

In any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, not *capable of producing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally

mar2 1yr

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as now, give it their unqualified approbation, and recommend it to the constitutions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; by the use of which the hair is restored to its original color, and becomes luxuriantly gray, and from falling it

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, August 29, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

There are indications of a fight near Arlington, and it is said as all unofficial that one is at this time progressing. A special dispatch to the *Boston Journal*, dated last night, is as follows:—

"At eleven o'clock this morning the rebels advanced two regiments of infantry with artillery toward Arlington Mills. After a slight skirmish our pickets fell back. This afternoon the rebels again appeared in force near Ball's Roads and opened a fire with shell upon our pickets. Sherman's Battery was in position but made no reply. The Massachusetts Ninth and Maine Second Regiments were thrown forward, and after a few shots the enemy stopped firing. They are in force near Chain Bridge. A large body of rebels is known to be at Falls Church. The entire line of pickets is within three miles of our defenses."

The firing could be distinctly heard at intervals in Washington.

Steamer Philadelphia arrived at Washington from Fortress Monroe, reports all quiet on the Potomac and navigation unimpeded. There were signal rockets from the Maryland shore, which evidently covered yesterday's movements of the steamer's presence to the Virginians. She returned until morning, but the batteries of the enemy at Mathias Point and Aquia Creek did not open fire.

Alexander Hamilton, Jr., and Legrand B. Canson, of New York, have been appointed aides-de-camp to Gen. Wool, and are ordered to report to him in person immediately.

It is declared that the main object of the fleet which lately left Fortress Monroe is to blockade the Southern coast and to obstruct certain inlets. No invasion is contemplated. [If this is so, why was his landing conducted with so much secrecy?]

There is nothing important from Cole's Banks' division. Over one hundred of the members of the New York 19th Regiment, who lately were subject to discipline for disorderly conduct, returned a day or two ago, and were received with many demonstrations of joy on the part of the regiment. It is believed that all will finally return to duty. There has been considerable fishing upon our pickets across the river near Harper's Ferry, but nothing serious was apprehended.

The remains of Gen. Lyon. Yesterday, the remains of Gen. Lyon were received at St. Louis. The ceremonies were befitting the position and worth of the deceased, and were of the most imposing character. They will be brought East by Adams & Co.'s Express, at once.

A severe fight in Western Virginia. The annexed despatch comes east from Cincinnati, dated yesterday:—

The following are all the particulars that have been received of the battle at Cross Lanes, near Summerville, on the 26th, which appears to have been a bloody affair: The Ohio Seventh Regiment, Col. Tyler, was surrounded while at breakfast, and attacked on both flanks and immediately prepared for battle, and fought bravely, while they saw but little chance for success The enemy pressing too powerful, Col. Tyler sent forward to the baggage train which was coming up three miles distant and turned it back toward Clenney, which place it reached in safety. Companies B, C and I suffered most severely. They were peculiarly were in the hottest part of the fight, and fought their way through large odds, making fearful havoc in the enemy's ranks. The rebel forces is estimated at 3000 infantry, 400 cavalry and 10 guns. The federal forces scattered after crossing their way through, but soon formed again and retired, but reached no point near the enemy. Our loss is not yet definitely ascertained, but not over 200 are missing from the 900 engaged. The rebel loss must have been large. Lieut. Col. Creighton captured the enemy's colors and two prisoners.

Through Southern sources we are informed that a fight took place at Cape Girardeau, (on the Mississippi River, twenty-five or thirty miles above Cairo, on the opposite side) on the 28th, and that the Federal troops were defeated. No particulars.

NEW MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENTS.—Col. E. F. Jones has received authority from the Governor to reorganize the Sixth Regiment, the Colonel to have the nomination of company officers, subject to the approval of the Commander in Chief.

Hon. Henry Wilson has also been empowered to raise a regiment, though he will not resign his seat in the Senate. Capt. Homer B. Sprague, of Worcester, who was attached to the Sixth Regiment, has authority to raise a regiment in Worcester, while Col. Horace C. Loe, of Springfield, is authorised to perform a similar duty in the four western counties of the State.

JOHN C. HEENAN, the pugilist, has offered to fight any man in England, for a stake of $10,000 and the championship. If John Mace who has whipped his man, proposes to fight Heenan, but thinks the figures rather too many. It is probable a match will be made. John C. Heenan, since there is fighting enough to be done for a noble purpose, had better shoulder a rifle, and try his luck against the rebels, instead of working with his "mug" on the nut" of any ambitious John Bull.

THE *Providence Journal* says—"The revival of certain branches of business has condnced directly to the revival of spirits. The city of Providence is excessible in putting on a faint smile when our dry goods report of the market for a single week records the sale of 132 000 pieces of print cloths at advanced prices."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

The *Journal of Commerce* is about to change owners.

William Patrick, a Wall Street broker, has been arrested for treason, and sent to Fort Lafayette.

Washington, August 29th. Most of our regiments were under arms Tuesday night, from Alexandria to Chain Bridge. The enemy advanced along the whole line, driving in several pickets, and then retreating.

The rebels approached within two miles of Fort Cocoran. It is reported they had a number of pieces of artillery near Falls Church.

The rebels on Tuesday shelled two houses occupied by Unionists, near Hunter's Chapel. Many of Unionists from the vicinity of Alexandria are fleeing to Washington.

Maj. Sherman has been ordered to report to Gen. Rosencrans.

It is reported that Brigham Young has declared Utah independent.

CORRESPONDENCE.

AN EXTRA FROM BOSTON, August 29th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—Soda-water, the White Mountains, Saratoga, and country cousining, are all well enough in their place; but when a man really makes up his mind to keep cool and take comfort, he comes to Lowell Island; otherwise he don't make up his mind, or else he sins ignorantly, not knowing the way.

Here we are four miles at sea (I wish you were here, Mr. Editor) old ocean's breath (with your wife and children) is cool and invigorating (I suppose you don't flirt;) it is delicious! (perhaps you never did.) On every wave is borne a gentle breeze from many, many miles at sea. It is better to take, society to swallow, more life-imparting, health-restoring strength-invigorating, than all the cordials in Christendom, the Southern Confederacy included.

It is so quiet and comfortable here that one almost feels that he has found a place next to that "where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest." Not a breeze (or an editor) while I am favored with a "puff." A bark has just arrived from Halifax; a brave strong and resolute band her sails—pipes and sported in her rigging, and brought her safely home.—"What place is that?" "said the Bruce "That is Col. Pollard's Island House," said the bark. "Then you get a steam tug, or heave anchor, while I go ashore and frolic with the girls! I have heard of that place before." Flop went the jib, down came the top-sail, for the young man Canadian Bruce had gone.

The scenery here is delightful; sunset views cannot be surpassed. Marblehead flocks as stern, solid, and uncompromising as a loaf of brown-bread on a dandy-ship. She is the victor of a thousand and one battles with old Storm King, who has frowned and raged and charged with his mighty forces in their wildest fury but there she stands in her don't-care-a-darn significance, as fearless as the Spartan at Thermopylæ, not even asking to be "let alone."

Steamer Argo has "been and gone" and enlisted; but her place is supplied by the fine sailing craft "Relief," which is considered one of the safest and best sailing boats in the harbor—just as safe, and perhaps more so, than a steamboat. I shall much prefer it in a high sea.

Mr. Editor, come down to Rocket Scott and Dickens, complete, a family Bible, and a round handful of the "needful" for the benefit of your friends, and come down! I know you will be welcome; for *I* was a stranger and "*they took me in.*"

N.

ANTICIPATED INTERFERENCE OF CANADA.—The following message, relative to this matter, was published in our telegraph news yesterday. The following, sent from Washington to the *New York Tribune*, is all we have seen respecting the matter since; it does not indicate anything more than has for some time been looked for, and there are important "ifs" still in the way.—

"Two or three more successes like that of Bull Run" we certainly do not expect, and if they come upon us, we are not sure but John Bull would be justified in intruding his bore into our fight.—

Mr. Adams, Minister at St. James, writes that in the British mind the independence of the rebels is fully admitted as a military and political necessity; that their acknowledgement by England is but a question of time and prudent courtesy; that while Britain is impatient to get cotton from the South, in exchange for many manufactured goods, she is anxious not to lose Northern markets, and is unwilling to part with her hope of breaking down the Morrill tariff, by the same means with which she climbed the North with the Walker tariff; and that two or three more successes like that of Bull Run would entitle the Slaveocracy to immediate recognition."

ANOTHER TRUE SOUTHERNER.—Ex-Gov. Robert M. Stewart, of Missouri, who in some things was eccentric while Governor of that State, publishes a long address to the people of Missouri in favor of the maintainance of the Union and a vigorous prosecution of the war against the rebels. He says that the Government of the United States has a right to station troops on every foot of soil within its juri sdiction.

A FEMALE SOLDIER IN THE MASSACHUSETTS SEVENTEENTH.—At the Massachusetts Seventeenth was approaching Newark, in the New Haven train, last week, a fellow very went up that there was a female in the cars disguised as a soldier. A clom search resulted in the discovery of a female wearing the overcoat of one of the volunteers. She was at once rejected.

EX-GOV. DANA in a letter to the *Eastern Argus* defines his position. He says he is not a secessionist or disunionist. He only proposes to do what the South asks for to business connected with the Russian Government.

BOARDING REVIVAL AND THE PROSPECTS.—A merchant from Portland informs the *Portland Transcript* that business is reviving somewhat in that city, and that, on the whole, the traders have not much cause to complain. He anticipates a considerable increase of business the coming fall.

The New York papers give cheerful accounts of the prospects of business since the public confidence has been strengthened by the negotiation of the loan. The expenditures of all kinds of the government has since taken will strengthen that confidence. The *New York Times* of a late date says:

"The trade of the city, and, we may add, the general business of the country, seem to have touched the lowest point of depression, growing out of the civil war, before the 15th of August. On that day the negotiation of the six financial victory of the struggle was happily won by the Finance Minister of the government and the patriot bankers of the Atlantic seaboard in convention in this city. The organization of *one hundred and fifty millions* for the support and prosecution of the war, then consummated, has at once called forth the popular confidence in the sterling credit of the government, and reassured the loyal heart of the nation that means in profusion, as well as men in abundance, are at the command of the executive, to suppress rebellion and re-establish peace. But beyond this, it has infused not only hope, but activity and gradually expanding action into trade, and given new life to the employment of capital. Some of the most careful and ordinarily distrustful moneyed men express the belief that the end of the war, so far as it affects the business of the country, has been won, and that its future expenditures, all at home and abroad, will be loyal forms of the Union, so far from being a much dreaded check upon trade and employment—as at the beginning of a struggle—it came sudden to the people, and uncertain in its material resources—will actually contribute to the activity of general business and the profits of manufacturing and agricultural industry—and especially of the shipping interest, also, will come in for their share of the general activity from the naval and blockading movements of the government, while the transport service, as heretofore, will be profitable.

The *New York Herald* says:—

"There is a decided revival in several branches of trade which have lately been in a stagnant condition. The dry goods dealers are selling moderately to the country, and a large proportion of their sales are for cash or on short time. Some of the jobbers feel so hopeful that they are buying their fall paper. The demand for army cloth has started some of the New England mills into operation some months since; and the demand for shoes for the army has had the effect to start some shoe factories which closed their doors when they were deprived of the southern market. The supplies of all kinds of foreign goods are running low, and we notice that our importations for the week which ended yesterday—though only one-third of the usual average at this season—were in excess of those of the past few weeks. As soon as commerce recovers from the first effects of the war, and the present state of uncertainty is followed by a condition of things promising some stability and permanency, our trade will adapt itself to the new, and a moderate degree of business activity may be anticipated. The short supplies of food in Great Britain, together with our exports to Europe must continue to be on a liberal scale. Our trade with the West Indies, Mexico, and the South Americas, has been injured by the southern privateers; but we trading on a profitable business with California and the countries beyond the cape, though the war risks exacted by the insurance companies constitute a heavy tax on shipping."

TWO GENIUSES. An Austrian officer has arrived in Washington with an offer to the Government of some highly improved process in the manufacture of grenades, rockets and shells. He will be afforded an opportunity of testing them by practical means. Austria is much ahead of any other nation in the construction of these missiles. Massachusetts Yankee has within a few days been arrested in Philadelphia, who has for a few months past been at work for the rebels, at Richmond. He is also the inventor of most remarkable cannon, projectiles, rockets, batteries, &c., and completely astonished the wise heads before whom he was examined. As he seems to be entirely indifferent in regard to the cause of the rebels, and only worked for them for the pay he got, it is probable he will be employed by our Government, to whom he offered his services before going to Richmond. His name is Samuel Eakes.

TRAITORS IN CONNECTICUT. A secession flag was pulled down on a hill five miles north of Bridgeport, Ct., yesterday by the loyal Union men of that county. The new State law authorizes sheriffs and constables to take down treasonable flags, and the owners of them are liable to not less than thirty days' imprisonment or a fine of not less than $100. Prudential Committees are forming throughout the State to assist in execution.

A VOICE FROM THE SOUTH. The *Charleston Mercury's* correspondent says:—"We are without the sympathy and friendship of any nation, and the only argument by which we can influence them is their necessities and fears." This correspondent also says the Confederates suffered more in killed and wounded than the Federals at Bull Run, and complains that no advantages were taken of the Federal flight from Manassas.

A WOMAN CAUGHT IN A TRAP. Mrs. Edmund Blanchard of Cambridge, N. H., was caught in a bear trap last week while out blueberrying. The trap was set by her husband to destroy an immense black bear that had been troubling him the season. She was badly injured but it is thought not so much as to endanger her life.

A DIALOGUE. The following is a "translation" of the letters that lately passed between Gov. Andrew and Prince Napoleon:—

John—I should like darned well to have you see Boston.

Jerome—I'm going out West first; when I get back, perhaps I will.

CALEB CUSHING has gone to Europe on

CITY AND VICINITY.

AMATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION.

ATTENTION!

The regular monthly business meeting of the Amateur Drill Association will be held on FRIDAY next, this week, at 5 o'clock, in the Gentlemen's room of the Boston and Lowell Railroad Depot, entrance from Elizabeth Street.

Let every member be on hand punctually, as business of importance will come before the Association.

Per order of the Association

E. S. WHITNEY, Secretary.

Lowell, Aug. 29th, 1861.

Richardson Light Infantry—Fort Scarce.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will forward a box of summer S. S. Saturday, on FRIDAY, 30th inst.

Packages containing any other things proper will be received at the Depot, on FRIDAY, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 12 M.

By order of Executive Committee.

aug29,lw MARY PRESCOTT, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons at his disposal, would like to take the afternoon either in Copying or Accounts, or do a reasonable amount of writing. Address "Box 324 Lowell P. Office. August 7, 1861. aug7dlw

STOCKS OWNED IN LOWELL. We have been requested to copy from the returns which are to be made to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the following interesting facts in relation to stocks owned in Lowell. 1064 shares in various manufacturing companies are owned here, of which 988 are in Lowell companies as follows: Lowell 312; Merrimack 294; Bleachery 101, Hamilton 100; Boott 71; Lawrence 49; Massachusetts 46;—Machine Shop 45; Appleton 17; Tremont 12; Suffolk 8. Owned in companies out of Lowell 76. The whole value of our corporations is put at $13,491,000; assessed value $10,766,396, of which $942,422 is assessed on Lowell stockholders. 3,620 railroad shares are owned in Lowell, of which 900 are in the Stony Brook; 943 Lowell and Lawrence; 714 Salem and Lowell; 262 Fitchburg; 193 Nashua and Lowell 76. Worcester and Nashua; 112 Boston and Maine; 47 Vermont and Massachusetts; 67 Boston and Lowell; 50 Western and the balance (76) in other roads.

6760 bank shares are owned by Lowell citizens, of which 1000 are in the Railroad Bank; 991 in the Merchants; 942 in the Appleton; 913 in the Prescott; 764 in the Wamesit; 644 in the Lowell; 484 in shares are owned in the Pemberton, Lawrence, 117 in the Commerce, Boston, and 195 in the Republic of the same city, and the balance in various other banks.

In insurance companies 1099 shares are owned in Lowell, of which 632 are in the Howard and 348 in the Merrimack and Mechanics, the balance being owned in other Lowell companies.

The amount of deposite in savings banks stated is $567,017, of which $326,981 is in the City Institution for Savings, 1,092 in the Five Cents, $76,654 in the Lowell and the balance out of the city.

A CIRCUMLOCUTION WAY OF CONFERRING JUSTICE. We mentioned yesterday in the Police Court report that a boy named William McGrath, charged with larceny, had been transferred to the Probate Court for sentence. This was done in accordance with section 17 of chapter 76 of the General Statutes, which provides that if a boy under sixteen years of age be brought for trial before a trial justice or police court, charged with an offence which may be punished by imprisonment other than imprisonment for life, and it appears or is apparent that if found guilty he is a proper subject for the State Reform School or Industrial School, the same shall not be recorded, and his case sent up to the Judge of Probate, or a Judge of the Superior Court, if within the county, who shall describe upon the subject. McGrath was carried before Judge Richardson last evening, who sentenced him to the nautical branch of the Reform School during his minority.

We notice that the boy, who was sent to the Nautical School have entered the United States Navy lastly. The *New Bedford Mercury* says that the education they had received enabled them to pass a satisfactory examination, and they will rank as ordinary seamen fourteen dollars a month.

LECTURE. There will be a lecture at Central Hall, this evening, by one of the Spiritual Lecturers. He was present at the death of Ellsworth, was at the battle of Bull Run, and will give a description of those events and a history of the corps. It will undoubtedly be interesting and worth listening to.

LOWELL DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION. By the terms of the call for the Republican State Convention delegates are to be chosen by towns and wards of cities. Lowell will be entitled to thirty-two delegates chosen from the different wards as follows: Ward 1, four; Ward 2, five; Ward 3, six; Ward 4, six; Ward 5, six; Ward 6, four.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Susannah Burke, for drunkenness, second offence, was sentenced to jail for three months.

Joseph Boyd and Ellen Goulding, for drunkenness, were each ordered for one month.

WE learn that Alfred W. Tebbetts, formerly of this city, has been elected Captain of a Cheshire county company, which is to be attached to Col. Wardwell's regiment, now being raised. Capt. Tebbetts is a printer by trade, a man of good education, and we doubt not a good soldier. He was a private in the Charlestown company attached to the Fifth Regiment, which was at Bull Run fight.

THE MASSACHUSETTS NINETEENTH. This regiment, Col. E. W. Hinks, left Boston for the seat of war yesterday. Among the officers of the several companies we find the following Lowell boys:—Company G, H. G. O. Weymouth, captain; Dudley C. Mumford, second lieutenant. Company B, James T. Sweeney, second lieutenant. The regiment, when it left Camp, was not full, embracing only a little over eight hundred, but it will undoubtedly be recruited up to the requisite number.

CRICKET MATCH. The cricket match between Massachusetts and New York terminated at Hoboken yesterday in favor of the New York eleven, they making 150 to 103 for the Massachusetts delegation. The game was not lost by the fault of the four Lowell boys; they made 70 out of the 105 for Massachusetts. The bowling of Messrs. Robinson and Perkins, of this city, was very good, and elicited much praise.

HARPER. The September number of *Harper's Magazine* may be found at R. C. Sargeant's book store, City Government Building. We think this number unusually readable.

A LARGE HOLE! Our readers will recollect that when the city of Boston purchased the Cochituate Lake and water power connected therewith, and stopped the flow of the water into the Amazkeag river, (branch of the Concord,) it was required to provide an adequate supply of water in the stream for the benefit of the mill owners at Billerica, and created a large pond of water, for this purpose known as the Manchoro' reservoir, covering 1,064 acres, and the water soon secured. It the mill owners were beaten, and the city released from the maintenance of the reservoir, which cost them over $40,000. The property was then upon sold for some $8000, and mortgaged to the city at $6000. Some three weeks ago the dam, which had been built at the mouth of the meadows, gave way at the gate-house, and the whole mass of water, in some parts 30 feet deep, rushed down the river—and has left one of the largest and best holes ever seen in a stream. The dam may never be repaired, and the water will be appropriated to the cranberry culture.—*Boston Herald.*

The *New York Commercial* after some justly severe remarks upon rebels in criminals, says: "A wise Turkish magistrate was so convinced that torture in general would account for any ordinary or extraordinary mischief, that his first question in every case upon which he was called to adjudicate was, 'Who was tortured in it?' When the story of this war is written, such a question may be asked, and we know not which answer the contempt of mankind will make. We know that the long and lasting glory the memory of the noble deeds of self-sacrificing women in behalf of the army of liberty, will even blunter their names and victims. The record of loyalty and of treason is fast making up."

THE TRIBUNE AND THE CABINET. The *New York Tribune* last week contained a communication from Washington, in reference to the Cabinet, and calling for a change in the Administration, which is calculated to do more injury to the government, and to think, every way more objectionable than any article we have seen in the *Journal of Commerce.*—*Traveller.*

THE AMERICAN LOAN IN CANADA. It seems that the Canadian subscriptions are receiving considerably in United States bonds—extensively as to cause the *Montreal Commercial Advertiser* to state that thereby the solvency of savings banks is likely to be compromised. The banks have been obliged to realize funds for withdrawals at such investment at much disadvantage.

PARIS. Two terrible panics occurred in Paris during July in India in the year of the Indus, and the troops concerned broke out the very next time they got into a jungle and fought for their own account; and these even regular troops, who had been drilled and disciplined for years.

IMPORTANT IF TRUE. A correspondent of a Philadelphia paper, in a favorable position to know, writes that "the War Department has decided to send seventy-five o reighty of the first regiments that are organized at Washington, to Fortress Monroe, to reinforce Gen. Wool, with the ultimate design of ascending on Richmond from that point." If true, "things are looking up."

THE *Savannah (Ga.) Republican* says that Mr. George W. Lamar, of that city, is raising a company, to be armed with shotguns, with bayonets attached, on an assurance that they will be received immediately into the service in Virginia.

A LATE number of the *Richmond Examiner* says that the war is now earnestly believed, with much distress and indignation, that there is a small minority of Congress disposed to organize a standing opposition to the present Executive of the Confederacy.

THE RIGHT KIND OF TALK. Gen. Fremont telegraphed to Washington for powder, recently, and was informed that obstacles were in the way preventing its immediate shipment. The General replied that "no matter what obstacles were in the way, the powder must be shipped, and that without delay."

SWIMMING WITH A WHALE. A party of Portland people had an encounter with a whale, one day last week. The whale was about thirty feet in length and quite distinguished to come under Yankee jurisdiction. They got a harpoon into him and had a battle of six hours, and a ride by whale power of about sixty miles, when the creature broke loose and escaped.

MORE STARTING UP. One of the mills of the Bartlett Corporation, in Newburyport, is to start up on Monday next, and the other is for two weeks.

SEVERE ON TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS. The *Utica Telegraph* says:—

"Although Ben McCulloch was 'killed' a few weeks ago, he was well enough on Thursday to write a long proclamation.—Dying is not as unhealthy as it used to be. This is a great country. Owing to the immense number of lies forwarded by telegraph, death is an old lady in fluid, who don't believe that the war has yet commenced."

The telegraph says Gen. McClellan took Dr. Russell across the Potomac, excluding other reporters, to inspect the troops.—Why show the Englishman such favor? Looks like *Boston Post.*

The War Department, upon representations of loyal citizens of Baltimore, has ordered Federal Hill to be fortified, the work to be entrusted to Col. Henry Brewerton, of the Engineer corps, who has already commenced operations.

The wife of Senator Gwin has not been arrested by the Federal Government; at least she says she hasn't.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 28.

11 Boston and Maine Railroad	109½
10 Boston and Maine Railroad	109¾
5 Boston and Providence Railroad	102
25 Eastern Railroad	103
5 Western Railroad	110
5 Bank of Republic	103

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he does be found at Cobb's Bleachery, in Waltham, at the Post Office, from nine till ten o'clock, A. M. and at his residence in Lowell, at all other times, ready with a call.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood will be punctually attended to.

Lowell, July 23, 1861. 3m

FINELY & LIVE SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, R. W. Sturtevant, C. B. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby, H. Hamblett, John Fiske,
L. O. Howe, Edward Tuck, Jr. Wm. Perkins.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Buildings in Lowell and vicinity, and is now in full operation. The present cash capital is $50,010.91, which is invested in the Stock of the Company, and in Notes and Mortgages of owners of village and farm property in Middlesex county, secured by first liens on property insured, and drawing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually. The Mutual Department has no capital stock.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Dwellings, Furniture, Buildings, Stocks and other property insured at current rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 27 Central st., (second story.)

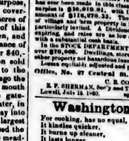
C. B. COBURN, Secretary.

Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy16tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleaner,
It makes no smoke,
It burns in less quantity,
Than any other free burning coal. And the price is less than Western Coal. Kept always on hand by HOWARD & WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, LOVEJOY, 18 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dtf



IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR CHEESEMANS

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is invaluable in pro ucing regular health and strength to suffering females. Thousands have used them and will use no other. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail for 60 cents. Address DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, Jersey City, New Jersey.

CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, can be consulted personally or by letter, at his office, No. 5 Bleecker street, New York, on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Dr. C. is the only physician in the United States who makes a specialty of female complaints. Dr. C. has been engaged in the practice of medicine for more than twenty years, and has had more than twenty years experience in the treatment of female complaints. Dr. C. has published a work on female complaints, which will be sent to any lady who will send for it. Dr. C. has also published a work on the causes, symptoms and cure of private diseases, which will be sent to any gentleman

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
LOUDER AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IN IT
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. *A few applications* stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying it two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and an entire perfect freedom from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at their late day, as I am well aware they will soon be gone already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken great pride and pains in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several in stances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that it was sold it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, to prolong the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and to be as good as yours, and was selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will impose upon and run of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, but I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease to which the head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,920, will be promptly answered.

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I thinks you are entitled to the benefit of, as I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was getting white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was more attention than truth in them. Not entertaining a strong desire to renew my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would make a fair experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably thickened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days. And I am over the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair cannot be easily falling off, and is as soft and fine, and feels as oily, as though just from the bristle of a French chamipooer. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Judge, what do you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Very truly yours,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, McLean County, Ill.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the unanimous endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those *standard preparations* which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbian Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative *also* cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character.—*Don't dye till you have tried this Restorative*—*Boston Odeon Dramatic.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of noticing any of the quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending to Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray, well-known gentleman, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and is ready with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and hair brush will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is improved, by unimproved evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. Many have already become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has produced a new and glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all diseases. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate to injure the hair and scalp. It also has curative properties of another description. In many cases it has proved the disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 23, 1860.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and in addition in its curative effects, with what nature so loves our relations to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the invaluable qualities of its article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known; for where there is a line or grame on exhausted land, it brings its crop forever applied. The article has been extensively bought, but we advise our friends with sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*The Columbian Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood's hands can no remorse or conscience whose attention has been turned to investing a hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is sudden but world wide, and thousands who have seen wigs or hens hold by the use of it now, through the use of his preparation, wearing those own natural and luxuriant head coverings So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and its laws regulating, &c. I shall continue to sell it, cost, or less, for a few days at the old stand, No. 13 Central st.

J. MERRILL.

SILVER SOAP.

SUPERIOR especially for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated Ware, Britannia, Tin, &c. For cleaning fine *House Plate, Silver Gilt and Carriage Mountings*, it is unequalled. Sold by all Druggists. Manufactured by JOHN D. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Hanover streets.

may3 1y

SOMETHING NEW.

H. HAYNES has just received CHELLY'S Patent ROOT AND SHOE DETTER. It is a wonderful article, and takes the place of a Shoe Brush. Sold only by H. HAYNES in Lowell, Pleasure and exercise at 45 Merrimack st.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses with safety in all constitutions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too numerous family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it be put up in bottles of three different sizes, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! *This medicine is designed expressly for the particular cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and have failed to produce the required effect.* *If the price will be refunded.*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None are genuine and warranted unless purchased of the sole proprietor, DR. MATTISON, 19 BOYLSTON PLACE, Boston.

FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.

IF This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature, such as SYPHILIS, GONORRHŒA, &c. a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Thousands of unprincipled quacks patients from abroad wishing for a secure and *safe Retreat*, with good care, will find it to their health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to unskilled pretenders annually in New England alone, without any benefit to those who pay it. Our own street Providence, and a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once *paid they are never cured*, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the cruel fraud practiced upon themselves. All this comes from trusting, unfortunately, one who is not a skilled physician. Ignorance, and skill, and whose only recommendation is from false and extensive puff ourselves, in praise of *themselves*. If, therefore, you would avoid the humbugs, do not take no man's word on *neither what his friends say*, but call on DR. MATTISON, 19 Boylston Place, Boston.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Call for Pamphlets, Circulars, Business Addresses, Programmes, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Bill Heads, Blank Notes, Type Flows, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. G. STONE,
N. W. HINE, } Proprietors.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,558.00
Dividends paid to date,	1,440,000.19
Losses paid,	2,372,000.00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premium paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 assets.

Its investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Bonds it accepted in payment are Bonds of the State, and Bonds City Bonds.

The Bonds are all of the *best quality*.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

Its organization has insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually or quarterly. Quarterly Premiums on Life, 10 per cent per annum, may be paid one half in cash and the balance in a note payable in sixty days—Semi-annual, the interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid their premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in settlement of premiums, or in cash, at their option, or they may be left to remain on deposit, with interest declared; and those who give Notes for Premiums, may pay them.

The dividends declared are based upon the most correct mortality experience of life.

This Company has now the large number of TWO POLICIES in force; per an increase in the number of persons insured exceeds certain ratio of expenditure of the principle of average, upon which all Life Companies are based. All those who are Life Insurance must therefore perceive it to be important that be connected with it to obtain the attention of their friends and acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent, on all premiums insured previous to Jan. 1861, and will continue to declare annually.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA M. MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

mar8 1y

WHITTIER'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the great jury of the world's intelligence. It causes the lame to walk to leap as the hart.

It restores sensibility to the paralytic nerve. It is the sovereign remedy to subject to dread the fire.

It causes the crippled to throw away the crutch and lay it by the side of the staff from his strain, when he is about to die.

It relieves the delirious mother when her breast is full of milk.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head of infancy.

It relieves the delirious mother when her breast is full of milk.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head of infancy.

It removes the cancer from the system, and it arrests and destroys inflammation, and does a great work.

It is the only remedy that ever will heal the sore eyes may be cured if you will but try it.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For cuts and bruises use it.

For sore throat and lame back use it.

For sore joints and lame ache use it.

For all diseases of the throat, chest, wind, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is warranted to cure the worst case of Golden Salves being applied.

Price 25 cents per box, with printed directions how to use it.

Sold by druggists and traders in medicines everywhere.

Principal Depot 97 Ridby Street, Boston.

JOHN D. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets,
Lowell, Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

mar8 1y

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CRUDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolen Goods, for sale by E. RIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

may6

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A recent supply just from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Importer's name, F. Barreda & Bro. For sale at Importer's prices by SAM'L K. WOOD,
45 Market street.

mar7 2w

Buying Tools.

I have received my usual large stock of Buying Tools, and am now prepared to sell as the same at the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of

50 ors. Stephen, different makes;
50 " Hand Hay Rakes;
Partridge's and Tuttle's Hay Forks;
Tuttle's Wire Tooth Horse Rakes;
Dunsen's Gig Rake with wheels;
Revolving Horse Rakes;
Distance's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Spring Scales, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c. At S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse,
190 Central street. Lowell.

mr18 1m

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

AN O.L.D. REMEDY WHICH EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUEROR.

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all INFLAMMATORY DISEASES. All who have used it exclaim: "*What Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!*" Give it a trial and you will be convinced.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

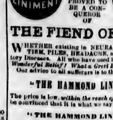
The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, Lowell; Samuel Hemmenway and John Stone, Lowell; CLACK & SHERWOOD, 7 A FREET, Manchester, N. H.; E. S. HOLDEN & CO., Concord, and at retail by leaders generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 18, 1861 feb18 1y



H. S. HAYNES,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country,

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS

of every description, Burners, Chimneys, Factories, Wicks, Clutches, and Dwellings.

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF GLASS WARE.

Selected in person by a member of the firm, and for sale at the lowest cash prices.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers

IVORY HANDLES.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good assortment of Tea and Cake Boxes, &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a large stock of household

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in the line are respectfully invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I am resolved attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing, will enable us to offer advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our motto:

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage which they have heretofore given to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of the same by the strictest attention to all agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

mar15 3m

AMOS MANBORN

Has in store a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.

FORKS AND SPOONS OF EVERY QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SLEEVE BUTTONS, Etc., Etc.
Abroidering
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, CASTORS, Etc.
PRITTER, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, INSTRUMENTS, JEWELRY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*sold by sole loss.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most fashionable style of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.

All CHANGING and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18tf

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA

AND

GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold at prices that will never be offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,

(Near the Post Office.)

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get out and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

Chase Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan10

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest kind in the market, for sale by
H. S HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—Inequality of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and these are but a few of the many appellations of disease. To discover the cause of any particular disease, the first step is to find out the remedy, which causes the blood to attain its normal circulation. For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific men to discover a remedy which would accomplish this end. Many have made and much labor expended to that end, but it has been left to this century among its other wonderful inventions in knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "He Who breathes into the breath of life, and man became a living soul," we will say that as the blood receives the vitality from the air we breathe, it is through the lungs that it receives its first impetus. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the blood in the lungs, imparts to it the principle of electricity, which coming in contact with the nervous system, gives it the power to expel the carbonic acid which expels the blood and sends it tingling through the veins, carrying with it the life principle. The causes of Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Insanity, Hysterics, Epilepsy, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, &c., &c., is a deficiency of life red corpuscle in the blood, which is sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of the blood's vitality, and consequently an abnormal circulation. The blood becomes watery, colds and coughs are contracted more easily, fevers become nervous, and subject to rheumatism, and the nervous temperament of the liver and kidneys act in, in short, almost every type of disease to which the human flesh is heir to, and this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscle is the cause.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and which is the reason why so many aged people have discovered the "elixir vita," we do not claim this can be said of any medicine, but we do claim that the

"Blood Food"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends and relatives of Consumptives! Is there any organic disease? Unfortunate, who has not? Then why suffer? Why not restore the blood to its proper standard—the blood and diminished the life principle? Why not build up the wasted tissues known as female complaints, by permeating the blood with the life principle? Why not cured thoroughly of desperate cases where all other remedies have failed? Why not throw away your crutch, your cane, your bolster, your only hope. The "Blood Food" is the only remedy that will do it.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the above, is about to be corrected. It will be mailed to any interested person free of charge. Every bottle of the "Blood Food" is sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be sold in a place, will be sent to any part of the U. S. by express, on receipt of $5. Price, single bottle, $5. It is put up in a dark colored bottle wrapper—you will find a small box label in red wrappers having been done away with. Sold by all druggists and traders in medicines everywhere. Depot and Laboratory of Church & Dupont upon the face of the wrapper. Principal office of consumption, 97 Ridby street, Boston.

C. T. DUPONT, Sole Proprietor.

Testimonials.

G. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., WEBER & HEELAS, and SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Lowell; Northern Railroad Depot, Bedford; Dr. Lewis Boit, Lowell; Dr. Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. Brown, Lowell; S. A. Mansur, Lowell; Dr. Chas. H. Kidder, Jr.

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THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Sallowness, Judges, Blisters, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified approval, and recommend it for all cases of eruption, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but for the Hair in particular, it will more surely preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to it, than any article ever before offered.

Dr. Chas. Green, S. C., Penn Bill, 1859.

"THE ONLY PREPARATION."

Is the highest quality and is warranted to be such.

"THE ONLY PREPARATION."

The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

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From the best Manufactories in the country,

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS

of every description, Burners, Chimneys, Factories, Wicks, Clutches, and Dwellings.

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF GLASS WARE.

Selected in person by a member of the firm, and for sale at the lowest cash prices.

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Has in store a large assortment of

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AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.

CAKE BASKETS

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES

FORKS AND SPOONS OF EVERY QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SLEEVE BUTTONS, Etc., Etc.
Abroidering
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, CASTORS, Etc.
PRITTER, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, INSTRUMENTS, JEWELRY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*sold by sole loss.*

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Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18tf

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To get all kinds of KEROSENE OIL, go to
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To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
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Chase Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan10

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest kind in the market, for sale by
H. S HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, Also, Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Burners. Also, a fine stock of side, stand, socket, hand, centre, store, hanging, and study lamps. Also a new style, for factory use—a new and cheap lamp. Also, the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel or gallon, at H. S. HAYNES', manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES', 45 Merrimack Street.

oct26

SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heater,

USED on any gas burner, just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES,
Merrimack st.

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Leghorn, Manila, Canton, India Palm Hats, and a great variety of Straw and Palm Leaf Hats and Bonnets, for sale at the lowest prices at

BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatic, Neuralgia and Pain Rheumatism. It is an *internal* remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by child or adult with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is a sure remedy for the disease I ever saw. CHARLES A. SMITH,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering 4 years from rheumatism, twenty bottles of it, has entirely cured me. I have since used two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYERS,
75 Franklin st., Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by its excruciating pain, to the use of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced Neuralgia Compound. I have used two bottles, and am entirely free from pain. ELIJAH BUTLER,
No. 2 Appleton st., Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and suffered more than can be imagined. After using one bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, I can honestly say I consider myself entirely cured. JOHN A. MURRO,
Pearl Street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" can on my son, ten years of age, has been a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores. Two bottles of this great Compound cured him. W. F. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, his hands covered with sores. Two bottles of this great Compound cured him. J. W. HARRIMAN, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has given me relief. W. C. THOMPSON
Proprietor Pearl St. House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
FANNY CAMPBON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Mr. Gardiner has presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," which I have used in my family, and find it a powerful and valuable remedy. ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound in the cure of rheumatism and Neuralgia, and find it a powerful and valuable remedy. We recommend it to the afflicted as a safe, reliable, and well-recommended remedy, and believe it to be a valuable remedy for the diseases for which it is recommended. Certificates of cures in each month—Lawrence, Lowell, Nashua, Manchester, Concord, Dover, Portsmouth, Exeter, Haverhill, Salem, Newburyport, Gloucester, Lynn, Boston, Roxbury, Dorchester, Cambridge, Charlestown, Chelsea, Medford, Somerville, Malden, Melrose, Woburn, Stoneham, Reading, Lynnfield, Wakefield, Saugus, Salisbury, Amesbury, Haverhill, Andover, North Andover, Methuen, Dracut, Tewksbury, Billerica, Chelmsford, Westford, Littleton, Groton, Pepperell, Hollis, Nashua, Hudson, Londonderry, Derry, Manchester, Bedford, Merrimack, Amherst, Milford, Mason, Wilton, Lyndeborough, Temple, Peterboro, Hancock, Antrim, Bennington, Francestown, Deering, Hillsboro, Henniker, Warner, Concord, Bow, Dunbarton, Goffstown, Weare, New Boston

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, August 30, 1861.

THERE IS A DIFFERENCE. Many people pretend that they can see no more reason why the opposition prize should be silent toward the National Administration at this time than should those that opposed Mr. Buchanan's administration during his reign. But there are more reasons. The opposition to former administrations has been directed to the *policy* of the party in power. The platforms of the two great parties, which in the closeness of the fight for the policy of each, were most elaborately discussed through the columns of the press and from the rostrum last year, and the people decided which they would have. Peacefully, at the ballot-box, was the policy of the then future Government settled. If a majority of the people had endorsed Mr. Breckinridge's platform, no one can now presumed to say that those votes thought against it, would not have quietly submitted to their verdict. But now, the tables having been turned, and the Breckinridge platform having been repudiated at the polls, the minority has resorted to arms (and that, too, in the basest way) to resist the legally, fairly-elected President, and are waiting for "overt acts" on his part, or a development of the policy of the administration.

One thing more: The opposition to the present administration was so far advanced under Mr. Buchanan's, which threw all its influence into the scale of the defeated candidate during all the campaign, and on taking his seat, the first duty of the new President was to take steps to preserve the Government against the assaults of men, who, after defeat, resolved upon its destruction; and up to this time, no policy has been put forth, any further than is expressed in the purpose of the President and his Cabinet to preserve the Union at all hazards. All the difference now, then, is, that those who are opposing Mr. Lincoln are not opposing any party platform, but simply are encouraging and are in the service of the men who refuse to be governed by the majority, and who, when defeated at the polls by force attempt the destruction of the Government. There is no platform presented by the Republicans to-day except "the Union, the Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws." On this, it seems to us, no man can with reason decline to stand.

There has never before been a time when opposition to the National Government was aid and comfort to more than a hundred thousand men, armed and desperately resolved on its overthrow. There has never before been a time when one section of the country has assumed the right to sever its connection with the Central Government, and ruthlessly break the Union which was welded with the blood and treasure of our forefathers. There was never until within the past few years a time when men, in the Cabinet, the Senate, the House, in the army and navy, in the most important Government offices at home and abroad, bound by the most solemn oath to support the constitution, have industriously plotted its destruction—stood on the Nation's means of defence, robbed its treasury, and prostituted its noble institutions, for no other object in view, than their own personal pride and ambition and a determination not to abide by the will of the people.

The present administration seeks to undo what of evil has already been accomplished by the traitors in the last. If the Government, no matter who is at the head, is worth preserving, then those who are endeavoring to save it should be sustained, and most clearly those who are not for it are against it, since every voice not raised in its defence, encourages the enemy, having purchased and imported the camels for domestication in Texas (and incidentally for the profit of the gallant republicans and secessionists who have been in power in that section of late.) He has boasted that he has had as many as fifteen years in at a time engaged in the African trade. The evidence is before us, and we are not permitted to quote what has been told us, but we think the expedition will be heard of in the locality named, and the position is the most important of any on the North Carolina coast, and it has been a matter of surprise to well informed men that the place has not been earlier taken possession of. It was believed that Hatteras Inlet will be given up without a struggle, but it is believed the fleet has a force large enough to do the work satisfactorily.

A dispatch to the *New York Commercial Advertiser*, relating to this matter, says that a captain of a Maine vessel, who was taken by a privateer in May, and which has allowed the largest liberty by the rebels, is aboard the Minnesota. He obtained valuable information in regard to the fortifications at Hatteras Inlet, and describes this has guided the naval expedition there, where it will operate in the reduction of the batteries.

Interesting news may now be looked for from the expedition every hour, but tidings may not reach us before the middle of the coming week.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

There is no news of importance from the seat of war.

The *New York Times* says Gen. Scott yesterday expressed an opinion that the rebels must soon attack our lines.

HATTERAS INLET. This inlet, into which nearly all the prizes which the Southern privateers have brought in have been carried, is described in a letter from the Roanoke, which is one of the vessels blockading:

"It is an important entrance to Pamlico and Albemarle Sounds, a point of much interest, and I am only surprised that our government does not pay more attention to it. From there vessels can run direct to Norfolk, via the dismal swamps; and if I had my say I would occupy the point with Union troops if possible, and keep a vessel of war there to protect them or carry them off in case of attack. It is only on a barren strip of sand beach, many miles from the main land, that forms the outside of the Sound, and with a good sand battery, with long range rifled guns, would be impregnable as Fortress Monroe from an attack either by land or water from the Confederate troops, and by holding it we would give our rebel friends a mighty spirit of uneasiness."

It is surveyed and so insinuated in many of our exchanges, that to Hatteras Inlet has the expedition from Fortress Monroe gone; and we have stronger and better reasons perhaps than our cotemporaries for believing this supposition to be false. We are not permitted to quote what has been told us, but we think the expedition will be heard of in the locality named, and the position is the most important of any on the North Carolina coast, and it has been a matter of surprise to well informed men that the place has not been earlier taken possession of. It was believed that Hatteras Inlet will be given up without a struggle, but it is believed the fleet has a force large enough to do the work satisfactorily.

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IMPORTANT ORDER FROM THE WAR DEPARTMENT. The following important order has been issued from the War Department:—

By the 57th Article of the act of Congress entitled an act for establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States, approved on the 10th of April, 1806, holding correspondence or giving intelligence to the enemy, either directly or indirectly, is made punishable by death or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a court martial. The public safety requires the strict enforcement of this article. It is therefore ordered that all correspondence and communication, verbal or by writing, printing or telegraphing, respecting the operations of the army or military movements on land or water, or respecting the troops, camps, arsenals, entrenchments or military posts within the several military districts by which intelligence shall be directly or indirectly given to the enemy, without the authority and sanction of the General in command, and the same are absolutely prohibited, and from and after the date of this order persons violating the same will be proceeded against.

ARREST OF A NOTORIOUS SLAVE TRADER. John A. Machado, of New York, a well known and for many years a successful slave trader, was arrested a few days ago, by the assistants of the United States Marshal. It is said he has been for some fifteen years engaged in legitimate and illegitimate trade, but of late has confined himself to his ventures in palm oil, ivory, and negroes, with impartial zeal and with varying profits. He at one time acted as contractor with the United States Government, having purchased and imported the camels for domestication in Texas (and incidentally for the profit of the gallant republicans and secessionists who have been in power in that section of late.) He has boasted that he has had as many as fifteen years in at a time engaged in the African trade. The evidence is before us, and we are not permitted to quote what has been told us, but we think the expedition will be heard of in the locality named, and the position is the most important of any on the North Carolina coast, and it has been a matter of surprise to well informed men that the place has not been earlier taken possession of. It was believed that Hatteras Inlet will be given up without a struggle, but it is believed the fleet has a force large enough to do the work satisfactorily.

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THE BRAVE AT HOME.

BY T. BUCHANAN READ.

The maid who binds the warrior's sash,
With smile that well her pain dissembles,
The while beneath her drooping lash
One starry tear drop hangs and trembles,
Though Heaven alone records the tear,
And fame shall never know her story,
Her heart has shed a drop as dear
As ever dewed the field of glory.

The wife who girds her husband's sword,
'Mid lofty sneer who steep or wonder,
And rears her progeny a soldier,
What though her heart be rent asunder—
Doomed nightly in her dreams to hear
The bolt of war around him rattle,
Hath shed as sacred blood as e'er
Was offered up on battle.

The mother who commits her grief,
While to her breast her son she presses,
Then breathes a scarce audible sigh
As kisses off the tear she blesses,
And cries, "Go, boy, to battle!" she
Hath shed a drop as holy
As ever holy blood was shed
For the most holy.

THE COTTON SUPPLY. The *London Daily News* discusses the question of the cotton supply as follows:—

"The conclusion at which the most assiduous persons in the manufacturing districts have arrived is one which must claim the attention of every one of us, and which has an important influence upon the policy of the country—it is, simply, that the stock of cotton in existence in the consumption of cotton takes place the better it will be, under present circumstances, for that great trade itself, and for the country at large. Amid the distress and privation which have accompanied the shrinking of our cotton industry must necessarily occasion, our countrymen must feel that this is the most effectual means of tiding over the impending crisis. What is wanted at the moment is not a supply which will have enough to go on with, but an assurance respecting the future supply, in default of which the whole nation is rising to the very embarrassing to the spinner and manufacturer.

Were it possible for us to create cotton—to approach India or other producers by our industry—we might be sure and say, "We shall want a couple of millions of bales, and therefore will take the order for them, and here is the money"—our industrial machinery might go on as before. But the simple fact is, that an article is not to be had from new sources within the year. It is not a question of money; the commodity does not exist in any quantity except in America, and cannot be called into existence as quickly as we require it. There is, therefore, no alternative but to consume less, and to husband our stock as much as possible, in order to eke it out. The misfortune is that this process means heavy losses, closed mills, and a distressed population.

Short time is already adopted in some extent in the manufacturing districts. Its more general adoption will be promoted by the difficult position in which spinners and manufacturers already find themselves placed. The rise in the price of the manufactures of Lancashire, and therefore this has guided the naval expedition there, where it will operate in the reduction of the batteries.

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CITY AND VICINITY.

AMATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION.

ATTENTION!

The regular monthly business meeting of the Amateur Drill Association occurs on FRIDAY evening of this week, at 8 o'clock, in the Gentlemen's room of the Mechanics' and Lowell Institutes' Depot, on Merrimack Street.

Let every member be on hand punctually, as business of importance will come before the meeting.

Order of the Association.

C. E. WHITNEY, Secretary.

Lowell, Aug. 29th, 1861. augtdeody

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons unemployed, is desirous to obtain employment either as Copyist or Accountant. Go or refer to Address "Box 312" Lowell P. O. aug7dtf

PUBLIC SCHOOLS. After a vacation of nearly six weeks, our public schools will commence again on Monday next. The children have had very favorable weather for the extended recess, and so far as our observation goes have seemed to enjoy the time allotted them for play. We have heard of but one case of sickness among the pupils, that of the drowning of a little boy in Suffolk canal, two or three weeks since —a rare circumstance, as we are most always called upon to record two or three such cases during the summer vacation.

It is expected that all the schools will be crowded, in consequence of so many children being out of work. This will be the proper course; they should go to school for if they are not receiving money for the time so spent, they will be receiving that which in time will be of far more value to them than money.

During the vacation, repairs have been made upon several school houses and modern seats and desks have been placed in some.

COMPANY A, MASSACHUSETTS SECOND VOLUNTEERS. The Soldiers' Aid Association have received from Capt. Abbott, of this Company, four hundred dollars in gold, sent by members of the company to their friends here. We are requested to state that those holding orders for the same will be paid on presenting them at the Railroad Bank, to S. W. Richardson, treasurer of the Association. The Soldiers' Aid Association is quietly accomplishing much good, especially in offering facilities to our soldiers to send their money home to their families without expense to them. Many whose means of living are lessened, or altogether destroyed by the stagnation of business, will have reason to bless this Association for the labor of love in which they are engaged.

It has been suggested to us that the Association would accommodate quite a number of our citizens, if they would arrange to send an occasional box or bag to the Massachusetts Sixteenth Regiment, now in Camp near Baltimore. There is also the two hundred and fifty of Lowell men in this regiment, who undoubtedly would be duly grateful for some attention of this kind, and we presume the Association would be ready to do anything reasonable in the way of communicating with them.

COL. JORDS' REGIMENT. Capt. A. Blood, for a long time commander of the Watson Light Guard, is recruiting for Company A, under the command of Col. Jordan's Regiment. It is announced that when fifty men are recruited they will go into camp at Camp Cameron, and from that time will draw rations and pay. We presume many of old Company H will re-enlist for the new regiment, if they are not going into the service of the Government again, certainly they cannot do better than to embrace the opportunity presented now. Capt. Blood may be found at the armory of the Watson Light Guard.

PRIMARY SCHOOL HOUSE, No. 3. This new school house, on Paige Street, built to take the place of the old wooden structure, is nearly completed, and will be ready for occupation on Monday next. It is of brick, 26 by 40 feet square, and about 12 feet high. Ferrald & Rollins were the contractors, and the masons work was done by Head & Frye. The school accommodates 56 by 24 feet, and is finished in good style, being well ventilated. There are 63 seats and desks, with room to put in temporary seats should they be required. The ante-rooms are large and well provided with brackets for the use of the children, and in the rear of the teacher's desk is a good sized room, with closet, &c. The whole building is well arranged, and is one of the best school houses in the city.

STORE CLOSING. The hardware and boot and shoe dealers and clothing dealers have agreed to close their stores at 6½ o'clock, every evening in the week excepting Friday and Saturday, during the month of September.

POLICE COURT. There is nothing doing before the Police Court to-day, though some matters are brewing, which will be known to those most interested as soon as they want to hear of it.

PROMOTION. Mr. William G. Powers, son of Joel Powers, Esq., of this city, and who went to Fortress Monroe as a private in the Richardson Light Infantry, has been appointed secretary to Lieut. Col. Churchill, acting Adjutant General at that point.

AN EXCITING CHASE OF HORSE THIEVES. On Saturday evening, a valuable horse, with buggy and harness, was stolen from the stable of John M. Way, at Reading. The theft was discovered at twelve o'clock, and Mr. Way, with a brother, at once started in pursuit.

They traced the carriage to Lowell, and learned the police there, but ascertained that the team had gone further. Here the pursuers separated, each having a fresh team, and one going on each side of the river. Mr. Way's brother soon found traces of the missing team and followed it to Merrimack, forty miles from Reading.

About five o'clock in the morning, he came across the team, just as it was coming out of the woods, with a man and woman occupying it. As soon as the parties saw him, they jumped from the wagon and ran into the woods.

The pursuer took possession of the team, and found in the wagon a quantity of oats, with provisions and cooking utensils.—Close by the roadside he saw where the thieves had built a fire and cooked a breakfast, which they had eaten.

The man notified the neighbors, asking them to surround the woods, a tract of four thousand acres or more, and went to Manchester, where Mr. Way was found. The City Marshal of Manchester, with policemen and others to the number of thirty, took teams and went to Merrimack to hunt up the thieves. They did this more readily, as a dozen valuable horses have been stolen from Manchester within a year.

Arriving at Merrimack, the neighbors were aroused, and the men who had gone to church were called out to join in the hunt. Having got the further side of the woods guarded, the scouting party entered it from the other side, and at half past three found the fugitives snugly hid in some underbrush. As they were discovered, the man exclaimed, "Oh, dear!" and they gave themselves up at once.

They were brought to Reading, and on Tuesday were committed to jail at Lowell, in default of bail, in $1000 each. The parties are English, and gave the names of H. Bunkley and wife. The man is 28 and the woman 25 years old. The former had on three pairs of pants two of which were stolen from Mr. Way's stable, and the woman one pair taken from the same place. The man had been seen about Reading for two or three days.—*Boston Traveller.*

THE LATE EXPLOSION AT DURHAM, N. H. The persons killed by the late blowing up of the powder-mills at Durham, were Henry S. Doe, Charles Jenkins, Patrick Driscoll, Philip M. Richardson and Frank Durfee.—The other two workmen were saved. Stanton, one of those who escaped, has been present when the mills have blown up, three times before. Only two of the bodies could be recognized.

The cause of the explosion is unknown. There is a suspicion on the minds of some that fire was set to the mills by agents of the rebel government, but there is nothing to sustain such a conclusion. The whole loss is estimated at $20,000.

A SIGHT TO BEHOLD IN PHILADELPHIA. A Philadelphia paper says that the quantities of watermelons now being sold in the street, from Walnut Street north, is something remarkable. Were they bombshells they would be more than sufficient to last during the war. Many of them near Walnut Street, ten feet high and a half square long, look like a big entrenchment done in chrome green. For all this the supply will last but for a day or two. The price of the biggest was but $7 per load.

The Bath (Me.) Times says:—"It is said there are some men in town so stupid as to think the war is not a political measure but a military one. Such persons would do well to consult a dictionary, whether among the definitions of politics they will find that of removing the paint that accompany difficult measures, and if not, they will find it in the next edition. Politics, Paints in the Latter, Black and Blue, Paints in the Former, Red, White and Blue, Paints in the Center, Red, White and Blue, and dangerous effects of an untutored mind—Red, White and Blue, Paints in the Latter, Black and Blue or Whose, they effect a speedy cure.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe, sure and speedy remedy for consumption, coughs, colds, &c. See advertisement.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

that the only place to get the genuine article of the *Pills enamel* is taken without purchasing a Pill-Box, with the name of "Dr. Cheeseman's Pills" *Philadelphia*—the result. *MISCARRIAGE* Such Pills are invaluable to females, as they will bring on the menses *functions* in a short condition, that cases of miscarriage are impossible. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per box. Sold in Lowell by C. H. Gardner, Merrimack House, and by Druggists generally. Depot 241 Broadway, New York. Sole Proprietor, G. G. SOLD. aug28 3mwfly

Blood Food
Blood Food
Blood Food
Blood Food

To all suffering from Consumption, inspirers of the Blood Food will find it a sure cure. It is a remedy for nervous prostration, brought on by any cause whatever, and for all diseases of the blood, such as Scrofula, Salt Rheum, &c. Any person suffering any of the many distressing complaints that arise from impure blood, will find this Blood Food a sure cure.

BLOOD FOOD

is offered as a certain remedy for Consumption. Differing in every particular from the patent medicines of the day. Prepared and sold by DR. SULLIVAN, M. D., 21 Bond Street, N. Y. PROPRIETOR, of very great worth, and many years' standing, and is offered to the public as a sure remedy for Consumption. Sold by all druggists.

CHURCH & DUTTON, 630 Broadway, New York, are the sole agents for the United States, and by consequence of a fraud attempted upon the public, by the sale of a spurious article, under the name of Blood Food, they have been compelled to withdraw it from sale, and have now in store a large supply of the genuine article, which they are prepared to supply to the trade at a reduction of 25 per cent. from the former price. Sold in Lowell by C. H. Gardner, Merrimack House, and by Druggists generally. aug28 3mwfly

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Nesmith, L. G. Hurd, S. W. Hosford, H. Hosford, Levi Spaulding, D. K. Richardson, A. P. Morrill, E. F. Sherman, Lowell.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses and Factory risks. No assessment has ever been made in this Office. Premiums for risks of from $1 to $5,000, $1 per annum. Cash notes to the amount of $114,978.35. The Stock Department is confined to the best class of risks, and the business is particularly invited. A Dividend of 5 per cent. on the capital stock of $100,000 will be paid on and after the 1st of July.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000 capital stock, deposit notes, premiums and other property not hazardous (mostly cash) amounting to $50,000. Dividends of 5 per cent. annually paid.

Office, No. 27 Central Street, Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. 1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns brighter,
It lasts longer,
It is free from dust,
It costs less money,
And in all other respects is unequaled.

The above Companies write on property as low as any other responsible offices. POLICIES ARE NOW RUNNING OUT on Dwellings and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late S. J. RICHMOND,
No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1861. 1y

IMPORTANT to FEMALES
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

is now established beyond a doubt. Every woman can regulate or moderate those normal irregularities to which she is liable, by the use of these Pills. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the original recipe of Dr. Cheeseman, Cheesville L. I., are now offered in New York, has for twenty years used successfully in any climate, and under all circumstances of the peculiarities of females, whether arising from exposure or the delicacies of sedentary occupying them, being fearful of the sources of health or the material in the interval. If they decide to supply themselves with cotton hereafter, the price may have to quite at which the cotton mills may leave them an enormous loss. On the other hand, if they possess ample capital, they may be induced to do so at great peril; for the present range of prices being based, not on fluctuating but on political considerations, the cotton market might, possibly, break away downward, and have them in bodies of a stock purchased at very high prices. Even, therefore, in cases where the employer has the chance of getting orders which would help to keep his people in work for a long time to come, he may be afraid to accept them.

The computed stock of cotton at Liverpool on last Friday evening was 980,070 bales against 1,302,330 at the same period of last year, when the quantity was unquestionably much larger than it is now. Of the present stock 290,000 bales are American, against 1,302,330 at the same period of last year, when the quantity was unquestionably much larger than it is now. Of the present stock 290,000 bales are American, against

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 29.

10 Cheshire Railroad 101
5 Pemigewasset Horse Railroad 50
10 Concord and Portsmouth Railroad 101½
Boston and Worcester Railroad 101½
5 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad 107 1-4
10 Eastern Railroad 50 1-4
10 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad 101
12 Western Railroad 99 1-4
1 Merchants' Bank 86

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has found at Lodge's, on the corner of Merrimack and Central streets, the stock which, I, W. where he is happy to serve them as heretofore. Also, Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood will be promptly attended to. A. L. BROWN. Lowell, July 25, 1861. 1y30dlm

SEARS & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this A Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and Vicinity. jun26tf

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Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses and Factory risks. No assessment has ever been made in this Office. Premiums for risks of from $1 to $5,000, $1 per annum. Cash notes to the amount of $114,978.35. The Stock Department is confined to the best class of risks, and the business is particularly invited. A Dividend of 5 per cent. on the capital stock of $100,000 will be paid on and after the 1st of July.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000 capital stock, deposit notes, premiums and other property not hazardous (mostly cash) amounting to $50,000. Dividends of 5 per cent. annually paid.

Office, No. 27 Central Street, Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. 1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns brighter,
It lasts longer,
It is free from dust,
It costs less money,
And in all other respects is unequaled.

The above Companies write on property as low as any other responsible offices. POLICIES ARE NOW RUNNING OUT on Dwellings and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late S. J. RICHMOND,
No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1861. 1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1846,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, not exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Insures insured for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Allen, Josiah G. Abbott,
Stephen Codding, John Avery,
Arthur F. Bunney, Walter Wright,
Joshua W. Paine, Thomas Hurlbut,
Samuel Bachelder, Henry C. Howe,
Wm. P. Ellis, Thomas Nesmith,
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin F. Butler,
Benjamin E. Bates, Andrew B. Clark,
Lester R. Clark,
Jonathan T. Lowe,
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 21, 1 yr

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property as low as any other responsible offices. POLICIES ARE NOW RUNNING OUT on Dwellings and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late S. J. RICHMOND,
No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1861. 1y

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent and Adjuster,
Successor to the late S. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1861. 1y

VULCANITE RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago, having made sure of its merits before its introduction. It is manufactured in metric somewhat, they are prepared to insert sets of teeth upon it for less than gold is now, a difference of opinion among the profession as to its merits. They are like a charm for rendering the parts that accompany difficult mechanical operations, such as the fitting of lower sets, easy and expedient that it will supersede every other material in use. Teeth are inserted upon it by the process of vulcanizing, and are so firmly united to the plate that they do not break off, as they are by the soldering process. Persons having sets of teeth that are broken, can have them repaired in a few hours, and they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best material for the purpose that has ever been introduced to the public. Persons wishing to have sets inserted on it are requested to furnish sets of Plaster in moulds, as we do not take impressions in wax.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.
Lowell, Mass.

The Great English Remedy,
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition, but is a sure and safe remedy for Female Irregularities and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and although a powerful remedy, does not contain anything hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which can be had gratis of any agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any agent will insure a package containing a full supply for one month, by return mail.

Sold by druggists.

WAR HAS COME,
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A healing salve. WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as a, to camp, by companies and regiments, and is now in use in hospitals from camp fevers, marshes, sore throat, immense colds, and all diseases.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Made from the best ingredients, that can be procured, and is warranted to cure Piles, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general derangement of the system.

Also, Live Forever Liniment, for Scalding, and Lowell Complaints

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL

GROWS

A ONE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY IT IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are a well known already, and even more wonderfulness through out the Union. I have occasion at times in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pleasure in calling it in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they would not use it without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by posting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and led to a name of your article selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles now advertised as a secret which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will continue to use articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a good thing.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, and some they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with more or less success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease that the scalp or head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me, &c. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,026, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, McLean Co., Ind., July 1, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning somewhat gray, and for almost three years it was very stiff and unpliant. I had even a num- er of certificates of the use and wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was none better than what I was using, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would try your Hair Restorative, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lessened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I then purchased another bottle, and have used two of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, of a light black hair as any man, or at least as many men, have. I have used at least six bottles of Wood's Hair Restorative. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and I have ceased using it by falling off entirely. My hair is as soft and fine, and feels as silky as though it had never been gray. A French chiropodist, who has since unfortunately left us, frequently say to me: "Brother, what do you get that fine wig?" I tell them, "No wig, gentlemen of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my natural hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,

FREDERICK T. RICE.

BLOOMINGTON, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with very desired result, and receives the universal endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine preparations which accomplish what they profess, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Canton Ino Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and certainly unequaled preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is one cool colorless preparation, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many certificates of its wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was none better than what we were using, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would try your Hair Restorative, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lessened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I then purchased another bottle, and have used two of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, of a light black hair as any man, or at least as many men, have. I have used at least six bottles of Wood's Hair Restorative. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and I have ceased using it by falling off entirely. My hair is as soft and fine, and feels as silky as though it had never been gray. A French chiropodist, who has since unfortunately left us, frequently say to me: "Brother, what do you get that fine wig?" I tell them, "No wig, gentlemen of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my natural hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly

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FREDERICK T. RICE.

BLOOMINGTON, Monroe County, Ind

Wood's Hair Restorative is prepared and sold by O. J. WOOD, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

may29tnow

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent obstructions*, if taken *four days before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if fair trial is my case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

Selling Bonnets complete for 50 cents
Selling Silk Bonnets complete for 87 cents.
Selling Crape Bonnets complete for 75 cents.
Selling Silk Bonnets complete for 1.00.
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for 1.50.
Selling Straw Bonnets trimmed complete for 50 cents
Selling Straw Bonnets trimmed complete for 75 cents
Selling Silk and Ribbon Bonnets for 1.00
Selling any quantity of All kinds of Millinery Goods at LESS than HALF PRICE,

At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.

may9 6m

THE PARAGON UMBRELLA,

A new and superior article, with a corrugated steel frame, making one of the prettiest, lightest and strongest Umbrellas ever manufactured.

Warranted. For sale, Gingham and Cotton Umbrellas of all descriptions, at the office and agency of

BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.

may29 6m

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING,

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at LOW PRICES as CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Re-ports, Addresses, Circulars, Bill-heads, Town Reports, Programmes, &c.

Court Dockets, Blanks of all Descriptions, Tickets, Printing from Steel Type Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATERS, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade or color or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fancy colored colored white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—on packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E STONE, Proprietors.
S. W. RUSE

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—engings good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS manufactured and repaired. Cane in ivory and Gold setting. Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.

No. 5 MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

oct1 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY,

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

F B Y L C
O R E A
U A R E
R T E
F O C
E E E
D D D

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Lower Prices than Ever.

No. 63 Market Street, by

may29 S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Fagnite's Preparation of Bloom of Roses, Powder Lotion, Turtle Complexion or Bath of Roses, Rose Cream, Rose Soap, Cosmetique, Lip Salve, Rouge, Pearl Powder, for sale at S. RIDDER, D. C. SCOTT & CO., and all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

may8

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.

may1 mar1

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

J. HUDSON, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, Mahogany, Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stoves, Grates, &c.* Rich, Brilliant and Durable Polish. A great saving of labor. Paper, however soiled, by the use will look as *fresh as new*. Its equal has never been discovered for the above uses. Prepared only by JOHN HUDSON, Lowell.

For sale by grocers and druggists. Also, by the same, Hudson's Patent Stove Polish.

may29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete Cosmetique for Freckles, Pimples, Tetters, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. RIDDER, 37, Merrimack street.

may29 6m

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated *Corn Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a mere remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years ago. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. RIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. may2

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,558.93
Premiums paid to date,	1,648,300.18
Losses paid,	2,475,865.50

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—its members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its Investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its Losses are promptly paid, as Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. Premium on a Policy for Life, of one $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash and the balance in note bearing interest at 6 per cent., for which the interest on premium notes is to be paid annually to the

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Live premiums.

The dividends are paid to the insured in settling future premiums. These dividends are declared annually on the 1st day of January, and if not claimed, and those who give Notes by a day in March.

The dividends declared are based upon the most extreme mortality experienced.

This Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured would be for the benefit of all, upon the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of this Company must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their friends to the many advantages offered by it.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1856. Applications for insurance may be made to

ROBERTS BRIDELL Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

may1 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE,

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the great jury of Gloucester, which witnesses the blame not to keep us in fault.

The Golden Salve is a perfect cure for burns, scalds, chilblains, sore lips, sore eyes, &c.

It causes the crying of children to cease, and the sufferer to forget the pain.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaley head of infants.

It accomplishes all that is claimed for it, and more. It smoothes the face of the pimpled and pimpled, it moderates warm and hot skin.

It is security against scalds.

It fights against burns and bruises.

It cures the worst cases of piles.

WITHOUT FAIL.

The certificates in the papers of Gloucester and elsewhere you may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

Sold by druggists generally.

Price 25 cents per box.

For all diseases of the skin, for chilblains, for shaving in warm weather use it.

It is worth its weight in gold.

For sore throat it is a specific.

For sore lips and lame side use it.

It will positively cure the worst cases of piles.

In distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is known in all parts of the world. Call for Golden Salve and take no other.

Sold by druggists generally.

Price 25 cents per box.

Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by the sole proprietor, Mrs. Whitten. The trade supplied at reasonable rates.

For Sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., Lowell, and by druggists supplied at short notice, by

may29 1y 1m 1w 1d

Singer's Lyrocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, *&c., this* article is unequaled. It is entirely superficial, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Paint, how soiled, by the use will look as *fresh as new*. Its equal has never been discovered, for the above purposes.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

may29 6m

Gen. Butler Air Tightens,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with its Atmospheric Key, *&c.*, stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES.

may29

VINE PROTECTORS.

An excellent article. Entirely protect the vine from bugs, borers and worms, but retains all violets necessary for its growth. With such protection vines will bear two years. For sale at S. MASON'S Agricultural Warehouse,

136 Central street.

CREAM TARTAR—Warranted pure—for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr.

may29

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England States, and which, for a large class of persons, will be found invaluable. Dollars are paid to swindling quacks annually, in New England, for nostrums which do not benefit those who pay it. Most of this sum comes out of the pockets of the poor, who can ill afford to lose it, but once paid they can never get it back. Ask for Pliny Fisk's Coal and be wise in time, by not being to expose the constitution to the ravages of ANY COMPLAINT, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would try your Hair Restorative, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lessened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I then purchased another bottle, and have used two of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, of a light black hair as any man, or at least as many men, have. I have used at least six bottles of Wood's Hair Restorative. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and I have ceased using it by falling off entirely. My hair is as soft and fine, and feels as silky as though it had never been gray. A French chiropodist, who has since unfortunately left us, frequently say to me: "Brother, what do you get that fine wig?" I tell them, "No wig, gentlemen of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my natural hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly

FREDERICK T. RICE.

BLOOMINGTON, Monroe County, Ind

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, August 31, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

We have no news of a startling character to-day. Indications of an attack from the rebel forces in the vicinity of Alexandria are every day more apparent.

Disloyal employees of the Government. Of the alleged disloyal employees in the Treasury Department, it has been ascertained that twenty ceased to be clerks before Mr. Potter's committee had commenced its investigations, and that about the same number are endorsed by their respective friends as true to the Government. There is no account of the remainder of those reported by the committee. The Postmaster General and Secretary of War intend removing all the disloyal persons indicated by the investigating committees.

The female traitors. The War Department has proofs, strong and sufficient, against the women recently arrested, to place their complicity and aid to the rebels beyond a doubt.

The rebels and their doings near Alexandria. The following, purporting to be reliable, is interesting; but we caution the reader against the estimates of troops as correct. "Well informed gentlemen" have too often deceived us.

The rebel lines of pickets commence on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, and extend across Little River Turnpike to Bancroft's Mills, where a breastwork has been erected, thence to Munson's Hill, where a battery of rifle cannon has kept up a desultory fire for two or three days on our troops from its southern face.

A small mountain a mile and a half west of Munson's Hill has also been seized, and is being fortified by the rebels. It commands the country for four miles around, and is considered a position of great importance. From here the rebel pickets extend to a point opposite Chain Bridge. Along this route there are at present seven fortifications, and probably double that number of concealed ones. There are 700 rebel cavalry, 1000 infantry, and three rifled cannon on Munson's Hill.

A large number of rebels are in and about Manassas and scattered on the roads leading to Richmond and Strasburg. There is much sickness among them, owing to the wet weather. Wheat, corn and flour are plenty, also a good supply of forage. The rebels are very restless, and demanding to be led on to Washington. They are highly elated at the Bull Run success.

A person from Richmond, via Louisville, estimates the number of rebel troops in arms in Virginia at 300,000, and the force on the Potomac alone at 180,000.—Their whole army is now well armed by arms from the East, which have been carried through Baltimore since the first of June. Only a guard has been left at Manassas Junction, the principal body having been pushed forward to the vicinity of Fairfax, to be thrown across into Maryland, and a column of 40,000 men have been prepared for this movement with pontoons.—Their programme is to seize Washington, and transfer their operations to the Susquehanna River.

General Sherman, now commanding a brigade on the south side of the Potomac, is ordered to Kentucky, and General Fitz James Porter, now in Gen. Banks's column, is to take command of Gen. Sherman's brigade.

Kentucky. It is announced through secession channels, that the opposition to the General Government in every day increasing in Kentucky. The *Louisville Journal* says President Lincoln refuses to disband the camps in Kentucky. The *Journal* insists on the rebels withdrawing to meet them, instead of waiting their intrusion on Tennessee soil.

The *Frankfort Commonwealth* says the Commissioners from Gov. Magoffin have returned from Washington, and have delivered sealed packages to the Governor. It is understood that the President is willing to await the action of the Kentucky Legislature just chosen from the people, and is disposed to act in accordance with their wishes.

Reports from Richmond. Jeff. Davis is still confined to his house by fever and ague, and Stephens is sick at Manassas.

The *Richmond Examiner* of the 26th states the rebel Congress has decided to repeal the law establishing the State navy, and will throw all the Southern coast open to foreign commerce, and providing that all vessels running the blockade into rebel ports shall pay duties at the nearest port.

There is dissension in the rebel Congress relative to confiscation, some favoring a sequestration act, and others advocating a total confiscation of all Yankee property. Eight hundred thousand dollars have been appropriated for a floating battle, for the defence of New Orleans, and $160,000 for two iron clad boats for the defence of Memphis and the Mississippi River.

Western Virginia. The reported battle between Col. Taylor's regiment and the rebels turns out to have been a mere skirmish. Col. Tyler was posted northwest of Summerville with his regiment in two divisions. The rebels got between them, flanking Col. Tyler who retired with a loss of only 15 men.

In a skirmish below Elk Water, on the Kanawha road, on the 26th, five rebels and one Federal soldier were killed. The rebels retreated.

The reported dangerous position of Gen. Rosecrans' command is denied. He thinks himself perfectly secure against the enemies. It was believed that no attack would be made by either of the Southern forces commanded by Generals Lee or Wise unless they could find a strolling detachment to encounter, as in the case of Col. Tyler. Various accounts are given of the forces of Generals Lee, Wise and Floyd, but no accurate information seems to be possessed outside of General Rosecrans' own staff.

Missouri. An attempt was made a few days ago, to blow up a train eight miles east of Rolla, but the explosion only covered the locomotive with dirt, and slightly wounded the engineer. A keg of powder was placed between the rails, and was exploded by the approaching train in some unknown manner, when the engine passed over it.

A $10,000 in specie belonging to the branch of the State Bank which was being removed to St. Louis, for safe keeping was seized by a small party of rebels near Fayetteville, on Thursday. It is doubtful about its being recovered.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special dispatch from Boston to the *Courier*.

Brisk skirmishing was kept up between the pickets during yesterday, but without definite results.

No passes will be issued by the State Department to pass into rebel States.

Government is being urged to force the rebels to abandon the attack on Washington by making counter attacks at various points in the South.

THE TRAITORS TO BE CHECKED IN CHICAGO. There being good reason for believing that there are in Chicago many persons who are in sympathy with the secession Confederacy—that is, disloyal, in short, there are accessaries and spies in the city, who furnish all the information in their power to the enemies of the Union, the Mayor recommended the passage of an ordinance requiring the inhabitants of Chicago to take the oath of allegiance to the National Government. In compliance with the recommendation of the Mayor, the following ordinance was passed, without three votes against it:—

"That any citizen of the United States who is now or may hereafter become an inhabitant of this city, who is not ready to take the oath of allegiance to the Government of the United States, be, and is hereby requested to leave the city immediately, and that the Citizens' Union Defence Committee be requested to investigate and ascertain with regard to the views of any suspicious individuals and request that they shall take such oath, and in case of refusal, to publish the names of such persons in the daily newspapers of this city; and report the same to this Council at its next meeting after such refusal is ascertained."

That the said Committee be requested to take the necessary arrangements for the administration of such oaths, with some qualified officer, so that there shall be no unnecessary delay in the persons required to prove his loyalty."

This prompt, energetic action will be likely to result in the traitors of Chicago, and we have no doubt they will be properly dealt with. We shall not be surprised to learn that this representative city of the West has been a favorite point from which the disunion seamps have done their unholy work.

A TIGHT QUESTION. The *Weekly Union* (a Democratic print of Manchester, N. H.) puts the following question to its readers —its Democratic readers. Will they have the goodness to give an answer?—

"Brother, which do you sympathize with, the *unionists* of the South, who are struggling to put down a desperate, and who are making superhuman efforts to save the country? or the *disunionists*, who would tear asunder the very corner stone found in their midst, and who have sworn in their wrath, that the Union must and shall be destroyed?"

Again: Which class do you sympathize with, the men who go for sustaining the Government, at all hazards, let the sacrifice be what it may (and these men are found in all the old parties) or with the pretended Union men, who, with sanctimonious faces, are whining for "peace," which is nothing more nor less than pleading for a compromise with traitors?

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE. Steamship *Arago*, from Southampton, 21st inst., was telegraphed off Cape Race yesterday morning. Her dates are three days later than those by the Asia. The substance of her news we give in a few lines. It is reported and the Great Eastern is to return to Canada with more troops. There is a deficiency in the French wheat crop. In Naples the reactionists have been every where beaten by the royalists. The Russians have been again defeated by the Circassians. A dissolution of the Hungarian Diet is expected within a few days. In the Liverpool market, cotton had advanced 1-16 and 1-8d, and prices closed firm. In other articles the market is quoted inactive and dull.

THE SHOE BUSINESS. The editor of the Boston *Commercial Bulletin* "from various sources that the shoe manufacturing business is reviving, even in the midst of the war. It is substantial sewed work chiefly that is in demand, showing the superiority of that class of work for service. The shoe business is of almost as much importance as the cotton crop." Several contracts for army shoes have been given to manufacturers of Woburn, and business will be brisk in some of the shops there for weeks to come.

SUPPRESSION OF DISLOYAL NEWSPAPERS.

The staunch Democratic journal, the *New York Leader*, the recognized organ of Tammany Hall, thus discusses the question in but now most prominent in the public mind:—

"If the members of Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet desire to convince us that they are heartily and strongly resolved to maintain the Union, prompt legal action must be taken for the suppression of all journals advocating the rebel cause, and published within reach of the Federal authorities.—All persons, also, who are engaged in giving aid and comfort to the enemy, either by information, words of comfort, or the forwarding of warrants or munitions of war, must be instantly arrested wherever found, and put on trial for their lives. We are as much opposed to mob law and lynch law as any of our neighbors. But as the evils referred to threaten our national existence—the Southern rebels having their knives at our throats, which Southern sympathizers would be glad to cripple our sections in self-defence—better mob law, we say, than no law at all—and better wholesale executions of popular justice than the suicidal slowness of technical circumscription and legal formality. Him against an enemy striking with the subtlety and venom of the serpent, the rapidity and fierceness of the springing tiger."

IMPERIAL TROUBLE. Letters from Paris state that a serious estrangement has grown up between Napoleon and Eugenie, growing out of the project of stripping the Pope of his temporalities. The Empress, having strong religious feelings, with a deep tinge of Spanish gravity, and a sitter bar two or three inches long, and about an inch wide. His success indused others to follow him, and about thirty bare, similar to the first, were found.

THE Secretary of the Interior has ordered that in future all Land Warrants that are assigned, must have the name of the assignee. This will prevent fraud.

CANNON FASTENED TO SHOOT A FEE-B PLAG. The *Norwalk Gazette* of Tuesday says:—

"We learn from a gentleman who passed through Stepney yesterday forenoon, that the "peace" flag was flying from the church and the "peace" bell was placed two large cannon, one at each Bridgeport road and expressed the determination to fire off whenever it saw the flag gone."

On the morning of the late battle in Missouri, the Iowa Regiment was entitled to be discharged, because their time had expired; they, however, voted enthusiastically to "stay and fight on, *so long as there was any fighting to be done.*" They have the thanks of a grateful country. This noble action certainly is in strong contrast with that of a Pennsylvania Regiment which, because its time had expired, when within hearing of the guns at the battle near Manassas Junction, left the field and started for home.

We learn from a gentleman who returned from the summit of Mt. Washington a few days since, that the snow-arch in Tuckerman's Ravine was never so fine as late in August as now. There was more snow last winter than ever before known on the White Mountains. As the force of this mighty mass of snow pinches in their ravine, it must have been *several hundred* feet deep early this spring. It is now melting very fast, but is yet from 30 to 40 feet deep, with several fine arches richly worth visiting. The guides contend that it will not *fall* this season, but snow will remain until next winter. The snow-arch fell last year on the 20th of August.—*Coos County Democrat.*

THE *Memphis* (Tenn.) *Avalanche* says that the destitution of the poor in that city is daily on the increase. The sums donated to the wives and children of volunteers by the County Court is no longer paid, and soldiers' wives and children are in actual suffering condition.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

Religious services will be resumed to-morrow in the First Universalist Church, Rev. J. Sawyer, of Hudson, will occupy the pulpit morning and afternoon.

The services of the First Unitarian Society will be held to-morrow, and the following Sunday in the Lee Street Church, the use having been kindly offered by the Managing Committee. Hour of services 10½ o'clock, A. M.

HON. WARREN CHASE will lecture in Wetter Hall to-morrow morning and afternoon, at the usual hours of services.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, August 31st.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Butter, per lb. 16 a 18c: Cheese do. 8 a 10c; Eggs per doz. 15c.

FRUIT.—Oranges, per box, $6.00; Lemons do. 6.00; Huckleberries per qt. 6c; Huckleberries do. 5c; Apples per peck 15 a 20c; Watermelons each 10 a 12c; Musk do. 5 a 10c; Grapes per peck. 30c.

PROVISIONS.—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 8 a 10c; sirloin, steak, 10c; round, 10 a 12c; corned, 6 a 10c; Lamb, 10 a 12c; Veal, 8 a 12c; Pork, salt, 11 a 12c; Hams, whole, 11c, sliced, 12c; Fowls, per lb. 12c.

FISH.—Halibut, per lb. 8c; Cod 4 a 6c; Haddock 4c; Mackerel, fresh, 10 a 12c; Eels, 10c; Perch, per doz. 25c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, new, per peck, 15c; Onions, Barnstab, per lb., 6c; silver skin, per peck, 30c; Beets, per bunch, 3c; Turnips, per peck, 30c, Cabbage each 5 a 10c; Squashes, marrowfat, per lb. 3c, summer do. per doz. 50c; String Beans per peck, 25c; Cucumbers, per doz. 6c; Tomatoes, per lb. 5c; Green Corn, per doz. 10c.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons unemployed, wishes to obtain a employment either as Copyist or Accountant. Go d references given. Address "B. 262" Lowell P. O. 1m[illegible]

August 7, 1861.

THAT ELOPEMENT. A few days ago we published a paragraph respecting the elopement of a married man, a painter by trade, and a young woman from the city of the Smith family. We also stated that the parties had started for Detroit, Michigan, and that the wife of a man went in pursuit last Monday. Proceeding as far as Fitchburg, in this State, she got on track of the couple at a hotel (this is her representation) and found that the persons she described had been there a day or two, expressed their purpose of getting married, and inquired in what direction to go to find a clergyman. On following out the clue could be sent for to come to the hotel, if they declined accepting that arrangement, but went out in pursuit of the man who the knots which he cannot untie. The next morning they proceeded on their journey toward sunset, and the first wife returned to Lowell.

We find the following announcement in the *Nashua Telegraph*, of this week. If the facts have been correctly stated to us, the parties named are the ones to which our paragraph of last Monday had reference, and not to Fitchburg, as stated by Mr. John J. Dickey, of San Francisco, California, to Miss Louisa Smith, of this city (Nashua.)

STONE-MASONRY. It is truly an oasis in the general prostration of business, to hear the chinking of hammers and chisels as granite by the goodly force of "hewers of stone" in the employ of Runnels, Clough & Co., on Middlesex and Thorndike Streets. The above firm are enjoying a prosperous season. They are filling a contract to assist in supplying a part of the materials for a contemplated fort, to be erected on the Potomac. Parties at Lawrence and Manchester are also filling a similar contract, for the same purpose. The work of getting out stone for the foundation of the new building to go to the war. He commanded Co. A, National Guard, during the Mexican war, and served a campaign of Sixth Regiment.

We learn that Brent Johnston, second sergeant of the old Phalanx, is enlisting a company, to be attached to the the Sixth Regiment now being reorganized; if not to go with the Twenty-Second, when there is to be a good degree of military spirit in the city yet, notwithstanding Lowell is already largely represented on the field.

A BOX FOR FORTRESS MONROE. The friends of the soldiers at Fortress Monroe will bear in mind, we trust, that the Mayor sends a box to that point next Monday night. Persons wishing to send articles for the soldiers will find the same at the City Messenger's room this afternoon and on Monday, and they will be carefully and safely forwarded.

POLICE COURT. Betsey McKnab, a common drunkard, was sentenced to six months in the House of Correction. Thomas Hall, an idle and disorderly person, received the same sentence. Bernard Reynolds, liquor nuisance, who kept on Lawrence Street, had his case continued to October 5th. Charles Gardner was tried on a charge of embezzlement. The case was postponed. Defaulted.

WIND. "My eye! how the wind blows!" Fierce and cool, right down Merrimack Street, playing the dickens with expansive dresses, and filling the air with dust. There being no prospect of rain, the watering-cart is not in sight.

CHEAP. E. B. Patch sold, this forenoon, a dark bay horse, a very good sprites, representing the "Rubber Kemp's Old Folks" in costume. We have seen pictures were taken in London. The various members of the troupe, although well disguised in their ancient costumes, are readily recognized. They draw quite a crowd.

DIVIDENDS. The *Commercial Bulletin* says—The Suffolk Manufacturing Company, Lowell, divids 5 per cent. for Sept. 1. Merrimack, Lowell, pass their usual September dividend. Whether the Lawrence Manufacturing Company will make a September dividend is not yet decided upon.

In our notice of store-closing, yesterday, we should have included hat and cap dealers among those trades mentioned.

LAST CHANCE. The persons whose property has been advertised to be sold at auction by the last year's treasurer and collector, are informed that their last chance is approaching. The sales are announced to take place at 10 o'clock, on Monday next.

APPROPRIATED. It will be remembered that the committee of arrangements of the Fourth of July celebration, in the city, on settling their affairs found they had "something over" the necessary amount required to pay expenses. It was then voted to divide whatever was left between the four military companies of Lowell. J. G. Fletcher, the treasurer, was empowered to make this disposition of the money; and the same was acted, and has taken receipts for $10,00 each from the treasurers of the Phalanx, City Guards, Watson Light Guard, and National Grays. This was the last disposition of the money, and shows that our military associations by no means forgotten though absent at the time.

NARROW ESCAPE. Daniel Callahan, a charcoal vender, whom everybody in the city has seen, narrowly escaped severe injury this forenoon, by attempting to mount his horse at Batchelder's carriage shop, on Middlesex Street. The horse is too spirited to be ridden, and will not permit any person to mount him. The driver offered a young man standing by fifty cents to get on his horse's back, first warning him of the danger of undertaking it. The youth considered it a good chance to make a "half," and sprang on to horse, and retained his position there some time. After unmounting, the driver concluded not to give the fifty cents, attempted the same manœuver, and the horse reared, and plunged against a wagon, completely upsetting it, throwing charcoal man over his head and shoulders, and then proceeded, kicking him considerably, though breaking no bones. He did not make a second attempt to ride his unriable nag.

FUN FOR THE BOYS. There has been considerable enjoyment for the boys, in the vicinity of the Market Building. Distance, fifteen paces; mark being about four inches in diameter. They were required to pay a penny a shot, and when hits by the target, five shots were given them. The gun used is an ingeniously-constructed piece, invented by a Frenchman, and is a curiosity. It is loaded with powder at the breech, and a small pin, made of lead with a piece of worsted yarn attached to the large end so as to make it air-tight, is inserted, point first, and the gun closed together with a short piston-rod, also air-tight, at the breech, constructed so that by pulling the trigger the pin is expelled by air. Boys are in just the point for shooting, and we noticed that "children of a larger growth" seemed to enjoy the sport well enough to try their skill. Some good shots were made.

RECRUITING FOR THE WAR. Lieut. Benjamin Warren, formerly of the Watson Light Guards, is authorized to recruit a company to go in the Sixth Regiment.—He is not undecided whether the regiment will go to the Sixth, or be numbered the 22nd.) He has been a popular officer of the Sixth, and was selected to control the police and guard a part of the march to Lowell—superintending the marching of cars, and other similar duties. He is an efficient and gentlemanly officer.

Captain Dickerman, it is understood, is prepared to receive names of those wishing to go to the war. He commanded Co. A, National Grays, during the Mexican campaign of 1846, and served a campaign of the Sixth Regiment.

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A TRIP AT NASHUA. There was a horse-trot at Nashua, yesterday afternoon, between R. F. Yeaton's "Brown Harry," of this city, and W. Cameron's North Star, of Nashua. The result was in favor of the last named, neither horse making as good time as they have in Lowell under less favorable circumstances.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against hazard by FIRE, not exceeding $10,000 on a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term not exceeding three years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Lowell.
Alpheus B. Stevens, "
Alvan A. Miner, "
Benjamin E. Bates, "
Joseph G. Abbott, "
John Avery, "
Ezekiel Twiss, "
Lester W. Clark, "
Stephen M. Small, "
Abraham T. Lane, "
Reuben E. Demerritt, "

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
ALVAN A. MINER, Secretary.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 48 Central st., cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 24, 1 yr.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as reliable companies. APPLY AT OFFICES withdrawn DWELLING HOUSES are insured for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 2 Prescott Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1859. ly

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
April 9, 1860. jan1ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice a year ago. Having made use of it in their own mouths for that length of time, they are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a long felt want of a substance to supply the dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, and they feel confident that in every case every other article now in use, there are many objections to which this is entirely obviated. It is perfectly adapted to the mouth in every instance. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, it is not generally known, but the fact is that it is superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they will not recommend it to their patrons in this mode, and all others, that are equal to any that are in use, will be offered at reasonable prices.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.
Lowell, Aug. 31, 1861. 3m

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Juvenile Singing School.

GEORGE F. WILLEY will commence a SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN, on MONDAY, Sept. 9th, at 1 to 2 o'clock, P. M. Tuesday, Sept. 10th, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Tuesday, Sept. 10th, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Tuesday, Sept. 10th, at 7

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW!
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
SOME AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIAN OF ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.
O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*,—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of few years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was very thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that you are well known already, and even more wonderful ones throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have had a favorable article for me reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.
Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to own an intelligent face, and notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.
I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, with a perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, sore eyes, and every disease the head are subject to.
I talked to one person, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.
You are at liberty to publish what I have said in regard to me, any communication addressed to me, our Box No. 1599, will be promptly answered.
Yours, JAMES WHITE, M. D.
BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1860.
DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to for benefits received. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably grey, and was getting white and very stiff and unpliant. I had over a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was some fabrication in them, as I was entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near by as I could. I soon discovered my dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably checked in it, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued on, till I have used seven bottles of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entire free of dandruff, and the hair is entirely prevented by falling off and is as soft and fine, and fair, as silk, as though just from the hands of a French chambermaid. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old man. Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.
Bloomington, Monroe Co., Ind.
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be exhibited by any preparation in our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine *meritorious* which accomplishes all it professes and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Colton Sun Ppr.*
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is an elegant preparation, and prevents the hair falling off. We have seen many notices by persons in proof of these assertions some of which affirm from gentlemen whom we have known for years as persons of the most reliable character. That's eye till you have tried it.—*Boston Olive Branch.*
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases out of ten they are worthless; but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's remedy to our readers, as we have found it to be a valuable article. It is unobjectionable in every respect, and will restore gray hair to its primitive vigor. Where the hair has become somewhat bald, we would advise the use of this article; we have produced a thick growth of hair where there was but little before.—*Baltimore Patriot.*
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike *no* specifics, this is printed, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the hair has become somewhat bald, we would advise the use of this article; we have produced a thick growth of hair where there was but little before. Its ingredients are unobjectionable in every respect, and will not injure the hair in the least.—*Baltimore Patriot.*
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike *no* specifics, this is printed, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the hair has become somewhat bald, we would advise the use of this article; we have produced a thick growth of hair where there was but little before. Its ingredients are unobjectionable in every respect, and will not injure the hair in the least.—*Baltimore Patriot.*
Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to own an intelligent face, and notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.
This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but it fall in *any case*, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in Bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent to any part of the world, on receipt of the country
PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ Agents wanted in every city. *Is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in* every particular, or the money will be refunded.
☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.*, at the REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ The Trade supplied with all diseases of a Female nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by the Proprietor, at wholesale and retail, in all parts of the country.
DR. MATTISON, Physician and Surgeon.
Providence, R. I.
may29 dly

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.
The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully in any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Addresses, Cheques, Drafts, Visiting Cards, Programmes, Blanks, Labels, Tickets, &c.
Court Dockets, Bye-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.
☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine cut and ornamental Bill and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to fit out to order.*
Z. E. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 *CENTRAL STREET*,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on the premises.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Beginning at Reasoning Prices for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.
A large stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS neatly repaired, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Knobbing, &c.
DYAR, MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may29 dtf

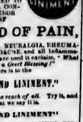
FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR.
FEED, GRAIN &c.
FLOUR
FROM
THE BEST
FAMILY
AND
EXTRA
BRANDS
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Rye Meal, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at low Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by
may28 6. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Prometheus Fresh Wash, Oxalate Powder and Rouge de Perle, Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Rose Cream, Lily White, Cosmetique Balm, for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'s corner of Merrimack and Middle streets.
may28 dtf

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
HIGGINS'S, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c.—This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, cheap and a great saving of labor. Paint however soiled, by the use of this article will look as fresh as when it was new. Gilding and Brass will look as bright as when first taken from the factory. Prepared only by E. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary,
corner Merrimack and John sts.
may28 dtf

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for the Complexion. Prepared only by E. KIDDER, JR., Druggist,
Nos. Nashoua, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, JR.'s corner of Merrimack and John sts.
may28 dtf

MANY citizens of *Lowell*, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated *Corn Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been introduced in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is surrounded by directions for using, and is put up in boxes of 25 cents each. Sold only by E. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. may28



MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,012,836 93
Dividends paid to date, 1,484,990 18
Losses paid, 1,625,000 00
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is mainly the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth three times the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.
The insured get all the profit's.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if one year's annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, per annum. The interest on policies is found to be paid annually in cash.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Live premiums.
The dividends are applied to aid the insured in satisfying future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in cash, receive the whole of the dividend in cash, and those who give bonds, by a credit on the bonds.
The dividends declared are based upon the most correct mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7713 Policies in force; yet continues in the audience of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principles of mutual insurance which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should add the attraction of large accumulation to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860
Applications for insurance may be made at
No. 43 Central and 37 Merrimack, sts.
mar8 dlf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Used News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now a position at home under the great jury of the world's intelligence. It means the thing it says. It is a Salve of Gold.
It overcomes bruises and paralyzing sores. It DENOTES WHATEVER IT TOUCHES WITH GOLD.
It means the crying of the tender infant to cease, when annoyed by chafing.
It fills the human skin full from his crotch, when the ravages of disease have left it hollow.
It relieves the delirious agonies of the fever stricken sufferer.
It harmonizes and cures the scaly of the muddy head of scrofula.
It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.
It smoothes the face of this pitted and pimpled.
It is a universal remedy.
It is universally applicable.
It fights against aches and smarts.
It is a friend to the poor, the unfortunate, and destitute.
THOUGHT FAIR.
The cracker may be cured if you will hearken.
Sores open may be cured if you will look for this remedy.
It may be used for man or beast.
It is a general medicine for man and the beast.
For chilblains in warm weather use it.
For sore and swollen feet use it.
For sore lips use it.
For stiff joints and loose ends use it.
For rheumatism and neuralgia use it.
Every where it goes, north, south, east, west, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is destined to hope where the shadows of despair have been.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to DR. MARTI *Saint Louis, Mo.*
Sold by all Druggists.
aug24d&1y

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER.
WHICH restores the great and desirable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant amusement.
A child can operate it.
It raises no dust.
No dusting is necessary after sweeping.
It never injures and will last a life time with a broom.
It does not injure the nap.
It will sweep as clean as a broom will not.
It sweeps lighter and better than a broom.
It does not tear the carpet.
It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not.
It sweeps thoroughly and will not scatter dust, little or no noise.
The cost is but a trifle, and the most delicate lady or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.
It saves customs, furniture, books, &c., from the danger and nuisance of the dust that accompanies all known sweeping.
It can be used in a room without annoyance to the invalid.
It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public
For sale by R. MATES, 45 Merrimack street
sep22*

MR. ROBINSON,
AT
Mosart Hall, corner of John St.,
IS NOW
Selling Bonnets complete for 50 cents
Selling Silk Bonnets complete for 87 cents
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.00
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $1.50
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for $2.00
Selling Terry Velvet Bonnets complete for $2.50
Selling Silk and Velvet Bonnets for $3.00
Selling any quantity of all sorts of
RICH LACE BONNET GOODS
AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.
At No. 61 MERRIMACK STREET.
sep28

THE PARAGON UMBRELLA,
A new and superior article, with a cover to fit the handle and fasten on the end of the rod-set, lightest and strongest Umbrella in use. Also, common Silk, Gingham and Cotton Umbrellas in all sizes and qualities, for sale by
BLAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.
sep28 dtf

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR.—Fresh ground Graham Meal from the best select, constantly for sale by the
nov29 SAM'L B. WOOD, 61 Market st.

Burnet's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa Nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness it is unsurpassed.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It is a most delightful perfume.
It restores the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It remains longest in effect.
For sale by all the best kept out bottle,
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.
nov7

FARMERS.
JUST RECEIVED AT MINERS.
300 tons Hope's Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime.
5 tons Hope's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;
5 tons Cod's Super Phosphate of Lime;
100 tons Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine
Also, Bone Dust, Ground Bone, Plaster, Ground Oyster Shells, Ground Clam Shells, Ground Bone, Corn, Barley, Rye, Oats, Peas, Seed Oats, Corn, Bleached Grass Seed, &c., &c.
sep19 tf 20 Central street

NOTICE.
SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., can obtain them at my Bookstore, No. 32 Central Street, will find them at my Bookstore, No. 32 Central Street, will find them at my Bookstore, No. 32 Central Street, will find

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, September 2, 1861.

We have been so long accustomed to talk of national strength, and to point with pride to our victorious eagle when we remember the triumphs of the nation over the British lion, on the sea and on the land, and the unbroken sweep of our arms wherever we have met nations in conflict, that to think and talk of weakness now, is indeed strange and humiliating. The star-spangled banner, and all our patriotic songs, whose lines are full of heroic inspiration, never yet awoke in the mind of young or old the thought of possible weakness, or awakened in throbbing breasts a single emotion of fear; but recently it would seem, we have had a new song put in our mouths,' even of weakness, danger, and peril.

The time was when it was one of the leading tests of Democratic soundness to the core, to be *ready to fight* for the slightest infringement of our rights, and he was a traitor and a "fool" who should cherish for a moment the thought of a peaceful settlement of trouble, or who should show the least signs of a desire to "neglect or forget" to feel the most pugnacious spirit for the most trifling causes; but things have changed, and the fighting patriots of a day only just left behind us, are filled with jealous horror at the thought of "coercion" (a term misapplied by traitors and government plunderers) to any attempt to enforce the laws of the nation or to assert the supremacy of the Federal authority.

If it is right to judge of the thoughts of men by the words they utter, the irrisistible conclusion is, that the men who now oppose all legal action which tends to bring the rebellious States into subjection to law, are in harmony with the rebels, who by secession, menace, armed resistance to national authority, attack upon the flag of the country, (*not by coercion at all, of course*) are endeavoring to subjugate the General Government. This position, backed up and supported as it is with great editorial and forensic ability, is the one now occupied by the opposition, while the administration, with whom they have within a few months changed places, after having got everything so completely out of joint and so rickety that the wheels of government could scarcely move, are loudly called upon, not to coerce but to defy the Government, but to give the country peace.

On the other hand many of the supporters of the administration have been clamorous for action that would show at once the authority and power of the Government, forgetting that the treachery and imbecility of the administration just passed away, so weakened the navy, divided and scattered the army, impoverished the treasury, and placed the means of war largely in the hands of the revolutionists, that there was scarcely any effective force to be used on land or sea, or any means in the treasury with which to carry on a long campaign or immediate effort to restore order by force.

The position of the administration from the start has been a peculiarly trying and difficult one, being desired by a portion to show fight, when the means for a successful move of this kind was not at hand, which was like asking it to "run into trap without straw," while a portion of the opposition, though counseling peace, are ready to jeer at any intimation of weakness or wavering on the part of the President.

The hour was indeed one of weakness and peril nationally, if we have but only to the ordinary means of asserting authority; but when we looked for latent energies, what did we see? The tap of the drum was heard and a call for volunteers, and the nation bristled with bayonets. The voice of the country should be for peace; but now peace cannot be had without the sacrifice of honor and justice, and its voice should be completely changed, as the best and surest way to reach peace with the least sacrifice of human life, and the country's wealth.

Business looking up. We are pleased to be able to state, says the *Webster Times*, that the mills of Messrs. Slater & Sons, at the north and east villages, which suspended operations two weeks ago, will start again on Monday. Next week, then, we shall have in this place six or seven factories in full operation.

The *Southbridge Journal* states the Print Works at Globe Village, which have been stopped for nearly three months past, resumed operations on the 19th inst., giving work again to about one hundred and seventy-five persons.

Seizure of Tobacco. On Wednesday last United States District Attorney Keyes seized 50,000 pounds of tobacco, valued at from $10,000 to $12,000. The tobacco will probably be sold for the benefit of the Government, and the proceeds used in putting down the rebellion. It belonged to James Thompson of Richmond, Va.

The War Department is actively filling vacancies in the volunteer force by appointing officers without regard to regular grades. An orderly sergeant who had shown special bravery at the Bull Run battle has been appointed a captain, to the great delight of his men.

The falling off in the emigrants arrived at New York the present year, as compared with the last, up to the same date, is 16,753. The emigration from Germany will exceed that of any other country.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The only special dispatch we have received is as follows:—

Gen. Scott said to-day that the rebels must soon make an attack on our lines.

IMPORTANT WAR NEWS.

Success of the expedition from Fortress Monroe. Dispatches from Washington, dated yesterday, give the following interesting particulars of the expedition that sailed from Fortress Monroe a few days ago, and was correctly supposed to have gone to Hatteras Inlet:—

On Wednesday the Minnesota, Wabash, Cumberland, Susquehanah, Pawnee, Harriet Lane and Monticello, and transport steamers Adelaide and Peabody, with numerous tugs, arrived off Hatteras Inlet. The fleet was in command of Commodore Stringham, and the land forces under Gen. Butler.

Two forts had been erected by the rebels to guard the mouth of Hatteras Inlet, which commands the entrance to the Pamlico and Albemarle Sounds, which afford connection thus with Virginia and the sea. The bombardment was commenced at 11 o'clock in the morning by the Minnesota, the whole fleet soon joining. The landing of troops also immediately commenced, but, owing to the surf, only 600 were enabled to land. The forts replied to the incessant cannonade without much damage, and after three hours the flag on Fort Clark was hauled down and the rebels retreated to Fort Hatteras, a large work below.—Our land forces soon occupied the abandoned fort and hoisted the stars and stripes. At night the fleet anchored, several gunboats remaining as near as possible to protect the land force.

At 8 o'clock on Thursday morning the fleet again moved, concentrated its fire on Fort Hatteras, the shots from the latter falling far short. At 11 o'clock our shots beginning to play on the magazine, the rebels hoisted a white flag, when our troops started at double quick from Fort Clark and were met on the beach by a flag of truce. Capt. Nixon, of the Coast Guard, went to the fort, when Commodore Barron, late of the Federal Navy, who was in command, proposed a capitulation by allowing the garrison to stack arms, and the officers to retain their side arms. Gen. Butler refused to accede to such terms, and demanded an unconditional surrender, which was subsequently acceded to. Commodore Barron delivered his sword to Commodore Stringham, and the other officers delivered their's to Gen. Butler.

One thousand stand of arms, twenty-five cannon, five hundred horses, a large quantity of munitions, and about 715 prisoners were captured. Not one on our side was hurt. Four hundred men had retreated from the forts the night previous to the attack.

After the capture, our troops were all landed, and Gen. Butler had the stars and stripes hoisted amid the wildest cheering the band playing Yankee Doodle. The prisoners and wounded were put on board the Minnesota, which will take them to New York. Col. Weber was placed in command of Fort Hatteras, and Col. Hawkins of Fort Clark. A portion of the fleet remains in the vicinity of the inlets. Large books were captured, disclosing the plans of the rebels. Among the prisoners are Col. Martin, Thompson, Major Anderson, Lieut. Sharpe, late of the navy, Captain Bradford, and other prominent officers.

The loss on their side is not exactly known; five are ascertained to have been buried, and eleven wounded were put on board the steamer Adelaide, and others were carried away, Lieut. Murdaugh, late of the United States Navy, among the number, with the loss of an arm. We met with no casualty of any consequence whatever. The surrender was unconditional. On Thursday the enemy attempted to land 1000 or 1500 men, but were driven back.

Gen. Butler, Commodore Stringham, and others, arrived in Washington yesterday. The news of the success of the expedition was the cause of much gratification among the loyal men.

Among the papers captured was a press copy from the late American Consul at Aspinwall, Robert R. Scott, giving a list of all the vessels leaving, or to leave that port during a month, with a full description of their cargoes and destination. By this information the rebel privateers keep out when and where to look for the vessels, and six named in the list were captured.

An order from Gen. Weol enumerates the following as the result of this expedition, besides really the possession of the most important parts of the North Carolina coast:—

"The result of this gallant act is the capture of 715 men, including the commander, Barron, and one of the members of the North Carolina Cabinet, 1000 stand of arms, 25 kegs of powder, 5 stand of colors, 31 pieces of cannon, including a 10-inch Columbiad, a brig loaded with cotton, a sloop loaded with provisions, 3 large stores, 2 light boats, 150 bags of coffee, &c., all which was achieved by the army and navy, and 800 volunteer and 60 regular artillery of the army."

Reinforcements from Gen. Fremont. The following proclamation by Gen. John C. Fremont, was issued from his headquarters at St. Louis, on Friday last. It will be seen that there is to be no half-way work in Missouri:—

Circumstances, in my judgment, are of sufficient urgency to render it necessary that the Commanding General of this Department should assume administrative powers of the State. In disorganized condition, helplessness of civil authority and total insecurity of life and devastation of property by bands of murderous marauders, who infest nearly every county in the State, and swell themselves into the misfortunes and the vicinity of a hostile force, to gratify private and neighborhood vengeance, and who find an enemy when ever they find plunder, finally demand the severest measures to repress the daily increasing crimes and outrages, which are driving many of the inhabitants and ruining the State. In this condition the public safety and success of our arms require unity of purpose, without let or hinderance, to the prompt administration of affairs. In order therefore to suppress disorders, maintain the public peace and give security to the persons and property of loyal citizens, I do hereby extend and declare established martial law throughout the State of Missouri.

The line of the army occupation in this State are for the present declared to extend from Leavenworth by way of posts to Jefferson City, Rolla, and Ironton, to Cape Girardeau on the Mississippi river. All persons who shall be taken with arms in their hands within these lines shall be tried by court martial, and if found guilty shall be shot.

Real and personal property owned by persons who shall take up arms against the United States, or who shall be directly proven to have taken an active part with the enemy in the field, is declared confiscated to public use, and their slaves, if any they have, are hereby declared free men.

All persons who shall be proven to have destroyed, after the publication of this order, railroad tracks, bridges or telegraphic lines, shall suffer the extreme penalty of the law. All persons engaged in treasonable correspondence, giving or procuring aid to the enemy, in furnishing turnouts and distributing public transportation by creating false reports or incendiary documents, are warned that they are exposing themselves to like penalty. All persons who have been led away from allegiance are requested to return to their homes forthwith. Any such absence without sufficient cause will be held to be presumptive evidence against them.

The object of this declaration is to place in the hands of military authorities power to give immediate effect to the existing laws, and to supply such deficiencies as the conflict of jurisdiction may demand; but it is not intended to suspend the ordinary tribunals of the country where law will be administrated by the civil officers in the usual manner, and with their customary authority, while this course can be peaceably administered.

The Commanding General will labor vigilantly for the public welfare, and by his efforts for their safety hopes to obtain not only cheerful obedience, but active support of the people of the country.

There are rumors of a rising of the rebels in Western Virginia, but no one thinks them of much importance.

Reports of fighting in Missouri are also telegraphed, but nothing of a reliable character has come to hand.

Position of the Enemy. We copy the estimate made of the rebel forces in Virginia, by the Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Inquirer*. We think it is too high, particularly in regard to the forces southwest of Aquia, including the latter point—amounting in all to 54,000. This estimate, however, is not a little better than to over estimate the enemy than to run the risk of the opposite course, we give the correspondence entire. It is as follows:—

"It must be borne in mind that it is now five weeks since the battle of Bull Run; that that defeat has had the effect of an electric shock throughout the South, and that the whole military organization of the South to a higher pitch than ever before. During the last five weeks, troops have been pouring into Virginia from all the other Southern States; that the Confederate army has been thoroughly drilled to their own accounts, forces distributed as follows:—

Beauregard's forces, west of Washington,	80,000
Johnston's forces, at Aquia Creek and Fredericksburg,	40,000
Magruder's forces, at Aquia Creek and Fredericksburg,	20,000
At Manassas on Potomac, York, James and Rappahannock,	12,000
At Leesburg,	12,000
At Richmond,	10,000
At Harper's Ferry,	5,000
Forces of Generals Lee and Floyde, West Virginia,	30,000
At Lynchburg, (Camp of Instruction),	10,000
Total,	270,000

The disposition of the forces in the immediate vicinity of Washington is apparently this: In the form of a crescent, the horns resting near the Chain bridge and Shooter's Hill, and the crescent near Hall's and Ballenger's Cross Roads. There are strong detachments at Falls Church, at Vienna, at Fairfax, at Centreville, and at Germantown. The great Parrott gun, captured by the enemy at Bull Run, has been brought up by them to Bailey's Cross Roads, and was placed in position there yesterday, behind their extensive entrenchments. It is not believed, however, that these preparations indicate any design of the immediate attack on Washington, but rather a closer approach to it on all sides, in order to be ready for an attack if that measure is finally decided on."

Appearance of the Confederate money. The *Nashville Banner* has the following notice of the Confederate treasury notes:—

"Financially speaking, these notes will be found peculiarly to be much of our present prosperity depends, but, mechanically viewed, they are the most contemptible botch we have ever seen. They are lithographed upon an inferior grade of white paper, and the work is executed in the very worst style of the art. A common letter press printer would be ashamed to turn out such work as this. They will no more compare with corporation and railroad bonds executed at the printing offices in this city, than a Negro to Hyperion. We hope the Treasury Department will improve upon this job."

The *Louisville Democrat* says:—"Mr. Edmondson, of Springfield Mo., had his horse taken from him by the secessionists, and its value nominally handed to him in Confederate money, and in addition, Edmondson was compelled to give a receipt, upon his application to Gen. Price, the horse was returned, and he handed back the scrip. 'Never mind,' said the officer, 'it isn't worth a d—n, anyhow.'"

Drinking in warm weather. Take the twig of a birch, elm, or other tree having a pleasant taste, and cut it into several pieces about half an inch in length each. Keep one of these in in the mouth while the cistern is drawing in the sun, for about an hour, throw it away and supply its place with another, and so continue during the warmest hours of the day. By following this advice, a person will feel no more desire to drink in warm than cool weather.

Among a company of recruits recently sent from Pittsfield in this State is a young Shaker. A weapon was found in peaceful Shakers more and female, went to the depot to take a last fond look of their departing friend.

A good sign. Every Republican paper in Northern Ohio has declared in favor of a union of parties at the fall elections.

The rebels, it appears, disgusted at the apathy of France, have dropped the Marseillaise, and have chosen a new version of Uncle Sam's national anthem, which they have christened "Dixie Doodle." Just hearken to its tune and impotent conclusion:—

One God, one woman, and one flag,
We worship and adore;
One country—let us arise—
We ask for nothing more.
Dixie Doodle, boys, hurra!
Down secession up the middle;
Dixie Doodle, 8, 4, 2,
Trumpet, drum, and fiddle.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NOTICE—The second regular meeting of the Lowell Thirteen Club will be held at the Washington House, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. A punctual attendance is desired.

W. W. RUSS, Secretary.

Lowell, September 2d, 1861.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the first-class recommendations, would like a situation. Employment either as Copying or Accountant. Do not refuse persons giving. Address "Box 317" Lowell, P. Office.

August 1, 1861. aug7d2w

School Committee meeting. There was a meeting of the School Committee on Saturday afternoon. The resignation of Miss Pamela C. Osborn, of the Varnum School, was announced by Dr. Hunting-ton. Resolutions complimentary to Miss Osborn were adopted. (She resigns in consequence of ill health.) Miss Sabra Wright was nominated to fill her place in the Varnum School; and Miss Elizabeth G. Hunt as temporary teacher in Primary No. 3. Miss Lorenda A. Day was nominated temporary teacher of Primary School No. 49. Miss Gertrude Sheldon was nominated as assistant teacher in the Green School, until the next regular meeting of the Board.

The following persons were admitted to the High School, by vote of the Board:—Anna L. Mansfield, Ann M. Bowen, Walter Osborn, and Daniel O. Pearson.

The rule requiring three-fourths of the members of the Board to admit candidates to the High School, was amended so that a majority of the Board can admit.

More arrivals. C. F. Blanchard, Esq., the well known flour and grain dealer on the corner of Dutton and Thorndike Streets, is authorized by the Governor to recruit and organize a company of light infantry, or if the number is not complete, to express their preference in favor of light artillery, rather than infantry, by unanimous agreement, it could be changed. The company will soon be ready to organize with or for any regiment recruiting or to be recruited. It will be, in organization, at least, an independent company. Opportunity offers itself now for the brave Lowell sirling to serve their country. Those wishing information can receive it from Mr. Blanchard, who has the papers, or of Sergt. J. W. Hardy. Doubtless offices will be opened soon for the purpose of accepting names.

Sergt. W. H. Lamson, a member of the City Guard, is the author of our army at Bull Run; that that defeat has had the effect of an electric shock throughout the North, and that the whole military organization of the South to a higher pitch than ever before. During the last five weeks, troops have been pouring into Virginia from all the other Southern States; that the Confederate army has been thoroughly drilled to their own accounts, forces distributed as follows:—

Beauregard's forces, west of Washington,	80,000
Johnston's forces, at Aquia Creek and Fredericksburg,	40,000
Magruder's forces, at Aquia Creek and Fredericksburg,	20,000
At Manassas on Potomac, York, James and Rappahannock,	12,000
At Leesburg,	12,000
At Richmond,	10,000
At Harper's Ferry,	5,000
Forces of Generals Lee and Floyde, West Virginia,	30,000
At Lynchburg, (Camp of Instruction),	10,000
Total,	270,000

The disposition of the forces in the immediate vicinity of Washington is apparently this: In the form of a crescent, the horns resting near the Chain bridge and Shooter's Hill, and the crescent near Hall's and Ballenger's Cross Roads. There are strong detachments at Falls Church, at Vienna, at Fairfax, at Centreville, and at Germantown. The great Parrott gun, captured by the enemy at Bull Run, has been brought up by them to Bailey's Cross Roads, and was placed in position there yesterday, behind their extensive entrenchments. It is not believed, however, that these preparations indicate any design of the immediate attack on Washington, but rather a closer approach to it on all sides, in order to be ready for an attack if that measure is finally decided on."

Appearance of the Confederate Money. The *Nashville Banner* has the following notice:—

"Financially speaking, these notes will be found peculiarly to be much of our present prosperity depends, but, mechanically viewed, they are the most contemptible botch we have ever seen. They are lithographed upon an inferior grade of white paper, and the work is executed in the very worst style of the art. A common letter press printer would be ashamed to turn out such a job. They will no more compare with corporation and railroad bonds executed at the printing offices in this city, than a Negro to Hyperion. We hope the Treasury Department will improve upon this job."

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Starting up. The Massachusetts, Pressett, Tremont, and Suffolk Manufacturing Companies have ordered their mills to start full one-half of each department, and this morning the work began. This indicates a prospect of better times.

Repairs. Several of the corporation boarding houses belonging to the Merrimack Company, are undergoing repairs at the lower end of Worthen Street. The present seems to be a convenient time to build on additions and make repairs, and the company is improving it.

Last night was probably the coolest we have had for two or twelve weeks.

"Camp Conner." We understand that the body of men who have been encamped near Marblehead, for a few weeks past, and known as "Camp Canner," strike their tents to-day and will return to their old quarters in this city. The expedition has been quite successful, and there have been no "growlers" to court martial, owing to the rigid discipline to which the men have been subjected. We do not learn that an oration is to welcome the return of the "regiment" referred to, but we have no doubt there will be jubilation exhibitions on the part of many of the friends of the brave fellows who have for a few days past kept vigilant watch of the tide, lest it should run at an unseemly hour.

Superior Court. Judge Putnam will hold the September term of the Superior Court—civil term—in this city, commencing to-day, but the jurors will not be empanelled till to-morrow morning, at 9 o'clock, after which the docket will be called and the trials will commence.

Break down. A one horse load of wood came to a sudden halt this noon, on Central Street, near Central bridge, causing a big spoke of the wheels according from the wagon, and down went one part of the load. No compromise was offered, but the driver procured another team, and reloaded his wood, and moved on harmoniously and peacefully.

Capt. Bunt, formerly a resident of Lowell, has received a captain's commission in the United States regular army. He is stopping in town

All the public schools of the city commenced this morning, and the juvenile portion of our community are again well employed.

A handsome testimonial. A few days ago a gentleman called at the State House and left with Mr. Spear (Messenger to the Governor and Council) a bank book of the Five Cent Savings Bank in Boston, containing a deposit of $100, with a request to "Timothy A. Crowley, of Lowell, the faithful standard-bearer of the Sixth Regiment on its passage through Baltimore." Such a request the Governor should forward the same to him.

The generous donor of this timely present to a brave and meritorious soldier of the 19th of April, we are informed, is a man who has contributed what they can afford. This is commendable and generous, and is very gratifying to those who attend services at the place named.

The Sixth. Enlisting is going on briskly for this regiment in this city and in Boston. It is understood that Colonel Jones will make his headquarters in Boston, where he may be found most of the time. His staff officers are as follows:—Lieut. Colonel, Alpha B. Farr; Major, Josiah A. Sawtell; Adjutant, George E. Davis; Quartermaster, James Munroe; Chaplain, Ira Chase; Bathbidge; Hospital Steward, Dr. W. H. Grey. The three first named are of this city, Mr. Monroe is from Cambridge, Mr. Bathbidge from Pepperell, and Dr. Gray from Boston. These officers all served in these respective capacities in the 6th, with the exception of Adjutant Farr, who is now promoted to that position, and Lieut. George E. Davis, who has received the appointment of Adjutant. A well selected staff.

Black Hawk convention. This convention, at Andover, Tuesday and Wednesday, promises to be one worth attending this year than last. To-morrow (Tuesday) will be the most interesting day, as some of the fine stock of the Black Hawk family of horse are to be present for exhibition. Lowell will be represented there to-morrow by two horses had to be equestrianized, of their sex. One is Young Stockwell, a splendid Black Hawk stallion, four years old and weighing upward of 1200 lbs., and standing 16¼ hands high, owned by Dr. Hooke; also Brown Harry, five years old and of extraordinary speed, owned by Mr. Yeaton, will make their first appearance among their distinguished relatives.

Police Court. James C. Ross, for obtaining money on false pretences, was sentenced in $20 and costs. Mr. Ross is a military veteran, has smelt a great deal of powder in his day, and has had not a little to do with drilling our "home guards."—We do not understand the merits of the case, but there was some pretty "sharp shooting" between the counsel for Ross and C. Cowley, Esq., a witness, but to what extent the parties had been injured in the transaction of natural laws. There will not be much room for the exercise of politics or political favor. Whatever country sends at the best contract, at the cheapest rate, and with the greatest regularity, will command the market. It would be fortunate in many ways if the price should be fixed at such a point that our own people could afford to use it. We doubt if any country could have driven America from the field if America had remained exempt from troubles, but the contingency which has now happened has been as long and so unexpectedly sustained that the very nations which they have christened "Dixie Doodle." Just hearken to its tune and impotent conclusion:—

One God, one woman, and one flag,
We worship and adore;
One country—let us arise—
We ask for nothing more.
Dixie Doodle, boys, hurra!
Down secession up the middle;
Dixie Doodle, 8, 4, 2,
Trumpet, drum, and fiddle.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Aug. 31.

1 Connecticut River Railroad	90	
1 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	100	
9 Western Railroad	97½	
1		97¾
1 Fitchburg Railroad		97¼
5 Northern Railroad		97
1 Boston and Maine Railroad		94
7 Bank of Republic		102
$1,000 Massachusetts State		102

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has purchased Mr. Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, and will continue the business at the same stand with a new

Cutlery of all the above named pieces of Jeweler and will promptly attended to.

A. L. BIGELOW.

Lowell, July 20, 1861. jy20d1m

Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan8dif

Traders' and Mechanics' Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, R. W. Stickney, D. G. Haskins,
A. H. Bedford, Edward Tuck, E. P. Shumway,
L. G. Hows.

Mutual and Stock.

The Mutual Department is confined to Investings. Premiums for insurance, one half cash, one half in Mutual notes. The present cash capital is $50,000.81, with a surplus of $15,000, and a premium note of $150,000. Risks on property in the city of village and when property in Middlesex County is insured, a dividend of 40 per cent. on premium notes expiring, and rates as low as in any Company having the same security.

Office in Merrimack Block, (up stairs.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. P. SHUMWAY, Secretary.

Lowell, July 18, 1861. ly

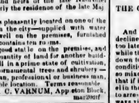
Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It is cheaper than wood.

Then any other free burning coal. And the best place to get it is at HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, LOVARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dif

Important to Females



Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

The Health and Life of Woman

Is continually in peril though in most enough to suffer and endure the ills that are heaped upon her, two thirds of her sufferings are more than needless.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the recipe of the famous female physician, Dr. Cheeseman, who has attended to nothing else for forty years, and has never lost a patient, are a sure remedy for all the ailments peculiar to females, irregularities, obstructions, pains in the back, loins, and kidneys, hysterics, whites, &c., and all the consequences of female weakness, and are the only safe and reliable remedy known to the world. Explicit directions, with each box, prescribing, palpitation of the heart, Nervous Tremors, Nervous Fears, Hysterics, Pains in the Back, Loins, and Kidneys, Female Weakness, and all the consequences of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of Female Weakness, Suppression, &c., a few boxes will effect a cure.

To Wives and Matrons.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are unequalled by any known means of removing interrupted menstruation from any cause whatever.

Bear in Mind

That—*in one sensation of the system* in which *cellular tissue* is the seat of disease, *nothing* will relieve *promptly* DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. *Nervous Affections* are *the certainties tendency* of the medicine to restore the nervous system to its healthy condition, and *they are the production power of nature cannot resist it.*

Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines. Price $1 per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price. *Price One Dollar each box containing 50 Pills.*

Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicines.

Sold wholesale by R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor, 67 Maiden Lane, New York.

Sold by A. SIDDEL, Jr., corner Merrimack and Lowell streets, and by druggists everywhere.

jan8 eod&wly

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, for Children. This pleasant preparation is a sure remedy for perhaps to death your suffering precious ones—that is if you administer it in season. It will relieve Cholera Infantum in from one to three hours, reduce inflammation, relieve Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Griping in the Bowels, Sour Stomach, Worms, Colic, Canker, Sore Mouth, and all the ailments of children, and will keep your babies healthy if you will only give it to them when they are sick. Mothers, you cannot afford to be without it. Sold by druggists generally. Prepared only by CHAS. A. EATON, Wm. H. French & Co., Proprietors, 10 Hanover Street, Boston, and by CHURCH & EATON, Rahway, N. J.

Sold by A. SIDDEL, Jr., corner Merrimack and Lowell streets, and by druggists everywhere.

jan8 eod&wly

"But He and I'll Do You Good."

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters

Continue to be the standard medicine for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Erysipelas, and all complaints in the worst form. The present rush for them is unprecedented. Over one hundred bottles sold in a single day. Those who have used them say they are worth their weight in gold. Those who have used other bitters say they are nothing to them. Those who have used nothing else say they are the best medicine in the world. Those who have used them for Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and are the best blood purifier ever discovered

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
J.PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.
O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of three months. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have been without a bottle on hand—and the very best thing known for the whiskers, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction during any period, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if used *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too-rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with-out a single failure when taken according to directions, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, C. O. D., to all parts of the country.
PRICE—Full-Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter-Strength, $3 per bottle.
Three times the quantity of medicine is designed expressly for OINTMENTS FOR THE HAIR, and will be sent for $5 per bottle if the above have been tried in vain; also for *whiskers*, *when they have failed to start a beard*. *No person will be refunded*.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine except those bearing the signature purchased directly of *Dr. A. J. WOOD*.
REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, corner of Market, St. Louis, Mo.
The Institute Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private Nature, and is conducted by DR. WOOD, a regularly educated physician of twenty years experience, having the whole attention to these diseases for the last fifteen years, and can hold himself responsible to treat or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent, by the express, safely from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad attending for a secure and quiet retreat. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Dr. Wood's Medical Journal to aid the learned in setting future premiums. Those who pay their premiums to the Institute, or through Clark, Austin & Co., New York, will receive a receipt and certificate of deposit; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force, yet no increase in the number of persons insured compels a corresponding increase in the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All things considered, we must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should be of the highest order of *executive talent*.
This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies which have been in force five years, and a dividend of 30 per cent. on those which have been in force three years.
Applications for insurance may be made to
R. M. BLATCHFORD, Secretary.
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.
may1 eod6m

WHITTIER'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now a vertain of home before the people of the world, and is destined to become the home-tried to no longer to stand by. It is the original curing of the tender intent to cases, and has never failed in a single instance.
It lifts the old man off from his victim, even when all other remedies fail.
It relieves the delirious mother when her breast is sore.
It cleanses and cures the moby of the scaldy head.
It exterminates the miserable agony of piles.
It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.
It moderates mercurial rheumatism.
It is scarcity against scrofula.
It fights hard against cancers.
It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it in double quick time.
The curative only be tested if you will learn it.
Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this salve.
You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.
For all grievous accidents use it.
For chafing in warm weather use it.
For scalds and burns use it.
For sore nipples and for sore mouth use it.
For all itches and inane use it.
Barrels have it in store, north, south, east, west, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is healing and cooling to the skin, and is the best salve in the world.
Directions for using accompany. It has the highest testimonials from the most eminent of the medical pulpit and the hardiest mechanics, merchants, manufacturers, and from the wives, mothers, sisters and women of all ranks of circumstances. And last but not least, it has the endorsement of ten persons on hearsay, now sick, or any more of which, if they will send for it, will be cured. Price 25 cents.
Sold by druggists everywhere. Principal depot of the proprietor is corner of Merrimack and Middle streets, Lowell, Mass., where he may be found most of the time in two or three days.
Save this full receipt for curing the Golden Salve. You can be made free from the burning agony of erysipelas, and from the itchiness of scaldy head, sores, or ring-worm.
Price 25 cents per box. $5 cents per box. Prepared only by C. F. WHITTIER, M. D.
Sold by all reasonable rate.
Also, Whittier's ointments—gilted at short notice, by the 100, or 1000.
ly1 eod&w1y

Kidney's Arcone.
FOR GENERAL DEBILITY, Colds, Sore Throat, Coughs, and Bronchial Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It is perfectly safe, pleasant, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Call, now, and get a circular and pamphlet, free. Only 50 cents per bottle. Over 1000 bottles have been sold and its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist, corner of Merrimack and Middle streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
ly1 eod&w1y

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,
SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with "B. the American Flag, &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.
may20*

VINE PROTECTORS,
A excellent article. Prevents the destruction of the vine from bugs, borers and worm, but contains all nuisance of what kind. Call and examine them and they will last ten years. For sale at 8. MASBURN & CO.'S merchant shoe, may23 1m

CHARLES TARTAR—Varnenist pain—for sale by C. RIDDER, Jr.
may9 corner Merrimack and John sts.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal
NEVER before introduced into the New England market. A superior Blacking and Grate Coal—*free* economy to use it. Sold only by BENNETT & BODLEY, corner Moody and Tremont streets.
Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities. Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.
N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.
Order box at O. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building.
may23 eod3m

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.
THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL to his friends at the LOWEST CASH RATES. All orders will be delivered with promptness.
J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CEDAR CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by C. RIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE, constantly on hand, supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every package sealed with the Importer's name, F. Barreda & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAMUEL N. WOOD,
may22 43 Market street.

Buying Tools.
I have received my usual large stock of Hardware, which, and was now pressed to sell the same at their former low prices. My stock consists in part of
60 doz. Hatchets, different makes;
50 " Hammers, Bakes;
Parrridge's and Lowell Hay Forks;
Kimball's Wire Teeth Horse Rakes;
Dutnam's Gig Rakes with steels;
Revolving Horse Rakes;
Dalaney's Iodependent Teeth Horse Rakes;
Scythe Stones, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c. &c. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 136 Central street, Lowell. 1t1194m

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PRICE—Full-Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter-Strength, $3 per bottle.
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BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine except those bearing the signature purchased directly of *Dr. A. J. WOOD*.
REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, corner of Market, St. Louis, Mo.
The Institute Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private Nature, and is conducted by DR. WOOD, a regularly educated physician of twenty years experience, having the whole attention to these diseases for the last fifteen years, and can hold himself responsible to treat or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent, by the express, safely from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad attending for a secure and quiet retreat. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
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It exterminates the miserable agony of piles.
It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.
It moderates mercurial rheumatism.
It is scarcity against scrofula.
It fights hard against cancers.
It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it in double quick time.
The curative only be tested if you will learn it.
Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this salve.
You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.
For all grievous accidents use it.
For chafing in warm weather use it.
For scalds and burns use it.
For sore nipples and for sore mouth use it.
For all itches and inane use it.
Barrels have it in store, north, south, east, west, and in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is healing and cooling to the skin, and is the best salve in the world.
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J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861.

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Scythe Stones, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c. &c. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 136 Central street, Lowell. 1t1194m

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if used *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too-rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken according to directions, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, C. O. D., to all parts of the country.
PRICE—Full-Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter-Strength, $3 per bottle.
Three times the quantity of medicine is designed expressly for OINTMENTS FOR THE HAIR, and will be sent for $5 per bottle if the above have been tried in vain; also for *whiskers*, *when they have failed to start a beard*. *No person will be refunded*.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine except those bearing the signature purchased directly of *Dr. A. J. WOOD*.
REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, corner of Market, St. Louis, Mo.
The Institute Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private Nature, and is conducted by DR. WOOD, a regularly educated physician of twenty years experience, having the whole attention to these diseases for the last fifteen years, and can hold himself responsible to treat or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent, by the express, safely from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad attending for a secure and quiet retreat. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Dr. Wood's Medical Journal to aid the learned in setting future premiums. Those who pay their premiums to the Institute, or through Clark, Austin & Co., New York, will receive a receipt and certificate of deposit; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force, yet no increase in the number of persons insured compels a corresponding increase in the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All things considered, we must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should be of the highest order of *executive talent*.
This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies which have been in force five years, and a dividend of 30 per cent. on those which have been in force three years.
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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT AND NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law Blanks, Catalogues, Circulars, Programmes, Bill Heads, Cards, Envelopes, Labels, Checks, Drafts, Notes, Receipts, Bills of Lading, Show Bills, Posters, &c., &c.
Court Dockets, Writs and Certificates of Subscription, Blanks for Horse-type Platforms, Mammoth Posters, &c., &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS.
FOR CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND. RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or flower of every shade, white or tinted paper.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl morocco and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. S. STONE, } Proprietors.
E. W. HUSE. }

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860 sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Cane to Handle Sewing, Finishing, Engraving, &c., &c., at
DYAR S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.
PRYOR'S
CHEMICAL
FEED
AND
FLOUR
STORE
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, Corn and Oats, Hay and Straw.
No. 43 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.
apr29

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Dupuis's Fountain French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parisian Enamel, Rouge and Pearl Powder, Bloom of Roses, White's Cremetine, Tricithe, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at S. RIDDER, Jr.'s corner Merrimack and John streets.
may8

Any one have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE it will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Grocery Store, 124 Merrimack street.
may8

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FOR THE COMPLEXION,
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—a perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn and Tan, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

Many distress at Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, when all other remedies, as well as celebrated *Corn Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
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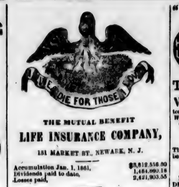
Sold by all Apothecaries.



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,558 90
Dividends paid to date,	1,488,080 18
Leave fund,	2,421,803 55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles without any subscribed capital. The members in reality insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $2,400,000 Assets.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned in its securities are Bonds of the State of Georgia Company's Stock.
The insured get all the profits.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
Its accommodations for the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly thereon, as they may elect, is unequalled by any other institution in the country. Policies for any amount, from $500 to $10,000, issued on the most favorable terms. Interest at 6 per cent. per annum.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid into Life premiums.
The dividends declared to and the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums to the Institute, or through Clark, Austin & Co., New York, will receive a receipt and certificate of deposit; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
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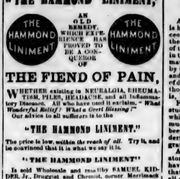
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it, call it a *Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!* Their advice to all sufferers is to use

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *All*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and Middle streets, Lowell. CLACK & SHERWOOD, J. A. PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. E. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & Co., Proprietors.
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 13, 1861. ly1dly

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britania Ware,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Stores, Churches, Dwellings and Kitchens of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene as shown above.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston price. Call and satisfy yourself by purchasers.
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery, Carvers, &c., for sale low.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Baskets, &c., in store, and for sale low.
LOOKING GLASSES,
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country, together with a large supply of beautiful
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock, assuring them that the excellence, variety and cheapness of their favors both profitable and agreeable. I respectfully solicit a call from all before making selections elsewhere.
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
may16 Sixdly

AMOS ANBORN
Has recent large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CAKE BASKETS
BUTTER KNIVES AND
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF EVERY QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES,
GOLD PENS AND PENCILS, GOLD BANDS,
GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, ETC.
PISTOLS, POCKET KNIVES, SHEARS,
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VI

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, September 3, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

From Washington. Minister Adams writes that he does not think the British Government contemplates any change of position so long as the blockade is continued.

The Navy Department has been officially informed that the steamer Harriet Lane which grounded at Cape Hatteras, floated off on Saturday, but not until after Capt. Faunce had thrown many of her guns overboard.

During the week past reports have been prevalent in Washington and elsewhere, based on alleged private accounts, of disasters to Gen. Rosencrans' command, but it is certain that the War Department has no such information.

Senator Johnson of Tennessee has left Washington for Kentucky, at the earnest invitation of leading men of that State, and will probably deliver an address at Lexington, on the issues of the day.

Pensacola Navy Yard. In a round about, hear-say sort of a way, intelligence has reached New York, that Col. Brown of Fort Pickens had re-occupied the Pensacola Navy Yard, but the report has not been received.

Seizure of vessels in New York. On Sunday last, Surveyor Andrews, of New York, seized twenty-five vessels, owned wholly or in part by rebels, including eight ships and seven barques. The value of the vessels seized is over two millions.

Other matters. The *Mobile Tribune* says there is every reason to believe that the enemy at Fort Pickens are removing their valuables prior to the evacuation of that place.

There was an engagement on Sunday at Boone Court House, Virginia, which resulted in the total route of the confederates. They lost thirty killed, and a large number wounded. Forty prisoners were taken by the Federal troops, and no men were lost on our side, though a few were wounded. The town was destroyed by our troops.

A dispatch from Washington, dated September 2nd, says four hundred confederates were attacked by Col. Crossman, of Gen. Kelly's staff, with two companies of Federal troops. The Federals were obliged to fall back with the loss of two men. The Confederates were two strong in numbers.

Col. Crossman had received two pieces of artillery from Clarksburg. He says he can hold the enemy in check until reinforcements reach him.

Lexington, Mo., it is reported, was in possession of Federal troops last Friday. Reinforcements have reached them before this, and no apprehensions are felt for its safety. Gen. Pope left for Quincy on Monday evening (last night), and is to take command in person, in North Missouri.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The only special dispatch we have received is as follows :—

New York Herald dispatch from Richmond, via Louisville, reports Jeff. Davis dead.

Government will hold Hatteras, making it rendezvous for Army and Navy.

Number of the vessels seized at New York are partly owned in Boston.

September 2nd. Gen. Prentiss and Staff arrived at Cape Girardeau Sunday. His force is encamped at Jackson. No rebel camps were found between Ironton and Jackson. Gen. Grant supercedes Gen. Prentiss, who has tendered his resignation.

Jeff Thompson yesterday took $100,000 from the Bank at Charleston, Mo.

SPEECH BY GEN. BUTLER.

Gen. Butler was serenaded at his quarters on Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington on Sunday evening, and was introduced to the crowd by Gen. Walbridge. The *New York Herald* gives the following report of Gen. Butler's reply. It will be supposed our readers will peruse it with no common interest :—

FELLOW-CITIZENS—I am far too much complimented by this expression of your kind regards, and I take it to be a compliment to the cause which we all love, and for which any of us are ready at this hour to lay down our lives. It can be no mere personal congratulation, no mere regard for me whose accident made a participator in an event which I hope will have some effect on the future of our country's history; but it is the gratitude of the love you feel to the Union we cherish and the Constitution we defend. (Cheers.)

Were it in any degree personal it would not belong to me, it would belong to the gallant men under the command of Colonel Isaac Stevens, whose hands were mainly successful in achieving the victory which you seem so much to welcome. O, it was glorious to see that arm of the Union stretched out against the rebellious children. Would that you could have stood, as I did, on the deck of one of the gunboats, vessels and aces the Wabash, and the Minnesota, and the Cumberland go into battle, and then looking afar off on the deep blue sea and observe the Susquehanah, which, by accident, bearing the flag, came up to have her share in what resulted in a glorious victory, (cheers), and as the cannon roared out, one after another, a rebuke to treason, it was music such as would heighten a lover's life to a passion to hear. (Cheers.) It came out that on the first day's cannonade the forts which seemed from the distance in the cloud of smoke to be but one was silenced, and the rag of secession came down. We had supposed there had been a surrender, and measures were taken to ascertain that fact. The Monticello steamed in, with the Harriet Lane, for the purpose of making it certain, when treacherously the larger fort opened upon her and succeeded in inflicting some injury upon the navy striking the vessel in eight places.

The threatening aspect of the weather made it necessary for us to draw off, leaving upon the land, under the command of Col. Weber, of the New York Twentieth, who fought for the land of his adoption as he would fight for the old fatherland of Germany—leaving, I say, three hundred and fifteen of the United States troops upon the rebel shore with seven hundred and over of the enemy entrenched within five hundred yards of them, there to introuse under a cloudy sky, without tents, without provisions, and without any of the appliances necessary for safety, or comfort, save strong hands and brave hearts. (Cheers.) And, my friends, it was a glorious night for those who had to remain on board in the effective mode to get into the offing, against the treacherous guns of Hatteras, in order to make themselves safe for the morrow's contest.

In the morning, the fleet came into action, and at the moment of the landing of the remainder of the troops, a white flag appeared upon the ramparts of the largest fort, and it was my fortune to go forward and receive the first preliminaries of the surrender of one who was once looked upon as an ornament to the navy which he had attempted to disgrace, and to which he was obliged to surrender. And I think I do no more than right when I here publicly speak his name, so that it may be forever remembered, not as a disgrace to the navy, but as a monument of a traitor—Commodore Farragut, formerly—late of the United States Navy. He surrendered his sword drawn from the Union to Commodore Stringham, now flag officer of the Atlantic blockading squadron. With him surrendered seven hundred and fifteen men, his associates, and they are now on the flagship Minnesota on their way to Fort Lafayette, in New York, having surrendered unconditionally as prisoners of war. With them we received thirty pieces of cannon and one thousand stand of arms, camp equage, such as the rebels had, and it was scanty enough at that. (Laughter.) Provisions reasonably sufficient, ammunition of war enough to have made a stouter defence if the position had been to them at all tenable.

We re-took a brig loaded with that which they wished should reign over us—cotton. (Cheers and laughter.) Another great brig, which had been taken from our merchants, two light boats, stolen from the shoals where they had been placed by the government to warn the mariner of the danger, and a schooner loaded with salt, not be unbecoming in me, I trust, now and here so to humble a volunteer officer in the United State's army, to say that the aspersions upon the navy have been to my knowledge unjust. Remembering in what condition the secessionists are, without a navy, and how long it takes to organize one, and that our navy was substantially disorganized at the time this rebellion broke out. When you ask why have we not organized the navy sooner, I answer by saying why have not the Southern States organized some portion of the navy other than by stealing steamers from those who know how to build them? (Laughter.) They have nothing of the sort. Why, then, expect impossibilities from the government in any of its departments? I only wonder that such a progress has been made in organizing a navy. It has proved itself to be not equal in the history of the world. Here we make our beginning.

We have had our reverses. Upon one occasion a panic overtook our troops, but I do not hesitate to say that until some man shall show me troops who have never been overtaken by a panic, I shall not believe that the fact is evident of a want of courage, and hereafter with our troops backed by the navy and our faithful old ally of the North, Jack Frost, (laughter), who shall come and clear away the malaria of the South, we shall march southward, as I have said here not many weeks ago, from this place, and there shall be no footsteps backward until this rebellion is crushed out of the Union, and every man in the South shall have that which the Declaration of Independence says, and which the secessionists quote, "The right to life, liberty and the pursuit to happiness." (Cheers.) And now, my friends, I do not know how I may more properly take leave of you, only by calling for three cheers for the gallant Navy of the United States. (Loud cheers.)

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER FROM MAINE.

SOUTH CHESTERVILLE, Me.,
September 2nd, 1861.

MR. EDITOR :—As you are aware, I threw down my note book and pencil last Friday, for a few days' recreation, and instead of following the fashion set by a good many Lowell people in rushing to the scenes of bloodshed aff! havoc, I took an humble route, and shall report my stay "Down East," where things are more quiet than even in Lowell.

I left Lowell for Hallowell via Boston,

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
J. PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few bottles soon stopped its falling, and in three weeks' time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not hesitate to state these facts mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and given me in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where such it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had some other new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have now given two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt were humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, many of the charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—one for baldness, gray hair, scurf on head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and hair are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business, some two, and three years ago, now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addresser to me, care Box 2,076, St. Louis Post Office, will be answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I regret your absence so much. I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For a twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and disagreeable. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and thought as there was none fictions that truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair as possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I procured a block, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I procured one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following the directions fully as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in my hair. As I have mentioned to me it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a part of the fourth. I have now as a pretty a head of dark brown, as tight hair as I ever had in my life, and is my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling out in as soft as silk. It is as easy to use as easily, as though just from the hands of a first-class comb. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that new wig?" This is the result of the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to estimate them that it has done me. Many of the old gray heads. Yours, truly,

FREDERICK B. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it is now extensively used, and we believe in every case where the desired result, and receives the universal in favorable opinion of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplish all it professes, and all the bald and gray could wish.—*Cotton Gin Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative has cured many diseases eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many certificates to this effect, proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have personally known as persons of the most reliable character. Don't give till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Store Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, but in this case of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and is delighted with its restoring of its virtues. Let all try it and bald heads will soon be seen no more.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved by unquestionable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring to the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head had become almost bald, we have seen it by the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate from the scalp all impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has curative properties of another description. In many cases a pimples and other disfigurements of the skin have disappeared as it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and its effects are only beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a material change in the hair, is perfectly harmless.—*Boston Daily Evening Traveller*, May 22, 1860.

A GENUINE BOOK. In our experience as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the overalls of all sorts, each of which claims to be unadulterated humbug, and differs and is unlike in its relative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In our instance, however, Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the truth of its qualities—that we can, with a clear conscience, endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Its chief virtue is that the growth of hair is universally known to be required. Like lime or guano on exhausted land, it forces a crop wherever applied. Our own thatch is forbearingly healthy, but we cannot refrain from occasionally giving fair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABSOLUTELY.—Wood's GREAT AFRICAN HAIR TARAN THE WORLD.—Professor Wood stands on an eminence which no other man in the country has ever attained to in curing a hair tonic has ever before been reached. Baldness is endless but world wide, and the thousands who have seen wigs or been told for years, now throughout the use of his preparation, are using their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the body. Prof. Wood's Restorative not the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that many had constitutional cause the age of the individual had reached four-score and he believed that the hair could be restored revitalized. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Dany Book.*

Depot, No. 411 Broadway, New York, and 114 *Market Street*, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 416 Broadway will be found at ways on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

dec8 4ow30w

(Copyright secured.)

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction, from whatever cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This medicine is incredible, if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a case of failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different sizes, viz: full, strength, and will last for the above cases.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

may19

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the Arms of the Lion Family, for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

VINE PROTECTORS,

An excellent article. They not only protect the vine from bugs, borers and worms, but increase the vigorous of wind, rain and cold. With careful usage they will last for years. For sale by H. S. HAYNES, Agricultural and Seed Store, 45 Merrimack st. mch21 3m

CREAM TARTAR—Warranted pure—for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,
mch19 corner Merrimack and John sts.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Cook

SAYS it is before introduced on the New England market. A superior RANGE and GRATE Cooking stove, suited to any size kitchen, for sale by HENNETT & RODLIFF, corner Moody and Tremont sts.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Lackawanna, and other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Coal at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order boxes at T. J. Williams' Periodical Depot. Post Office building. aug6 6m

FOR THE COMPLEXION

—Eugenie's Premium Rouge, Eugenie's Liquid Rouge, Eugenie's Lotion, Parisian Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Eugenie's Cosmetic, Toilet Vinegar, Eugenie Rose, for sale at KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to call at the store of J. MERRILL, Bookseller, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar1

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LIEBIG'S Concentrated Extract of Meat. Gold at Silver, Med. Strictness Rare &c.—This article is highly recommended. It will be found general, cheap and a great saving of labor. Pure, however mixed, by the one will look at *Steak* as one. Its equal has never been discovered for the above uses. Prepared only by Liebig & Co's Extract of Meat Co., London.

For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER and John sts. mar22 4m

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. 5434

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing CORNS without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as the celebrated *Chinese Tractors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been introduced in England some fifty years since, but its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

H. S. HAYNES,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the DISTRICT and SEAT therefore of all work contracted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Bank, Pamphlets, Business, Addresses, Catalogues, Circulars, Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Music Printing, Checks, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style at business.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Also a stationary department.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of post and fine and enamelled white and colored CARD edge of every description, of several packs and on boards to be cut to order.*

E. S. STOVE, } Proprietors.
S. H. HUSE. }

W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large Stock of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size in which he is giving a good work know on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilting and Resilvering promptly attended to. Amended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

Sept. 24, 1860. &c. &c. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS—Just received, Cases of Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Knitting, &c., &c., at

EVAN'S MUSIC STORE,
61 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. mch25

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR
FEED, GRAIN &c.

FOR THE FARM
FOR THE GARDEN
FOR THE BARN
FOR THE STABLE
FOR THE HOUSE
FOR THE PEOPLE
FOR THE CATTLE
FOR THE HORSES
FOR THE HOGS
FOR THE HENS

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Howe, Dow & Co.'s Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

H. WOOD.

sep28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Premium Rouge, Eugenie's Liquid Rouge, Eugenie's Lotion, Parisian Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Eugenie's Cosmetic, Toilet Vinegar, Eugenie Rose, for sale at KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John sts. 5434

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WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

Tea Golden Salve has now won a verdict on hundreds of cases of the worst kind of Scrofulous Sores, and will cure any case of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, or any disease the name of which is to long to set here.

Also for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples &c.

It is the best salve ever known for Piles, and will cure any case of the worst kind.

It lifts the old scar off from his cruise, when used as directed.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is broken.

It cleanses and cures the scaly of the scabby head.

It immediately relieves the most severe of piles.

It soothes the fine skin of the infant.

It is security against cakes.

It is a sure remedy for all cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammation, and does WITHOUT PAIN.

The curative may be cured if you will hearken, and use the Golden Salve. Look for the name of Whitten on every box.

You may be rid of your corns and bunions.

You all grocers have it for sale.

For chafing a warm weather use it.

For sore and sore eyes use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For every wound, great or small, use it.

Every where it goes, its value is acknowledged. The Golden Salve is now known to be the best salve in the world. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Whitten's Golden Salve is being applied.

If you wish to be cured of any disease. It has the highest recommendations from gentlemen of the press, the clergy, the bench, the bar, the merchants, manufacturers, and the medical profession: from all classes of society. Its sale is unprecedented. It is a household word.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and an improvement of this salve will be found to be a great benefit. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

Burn lips find reason for praising the Golden Salve. It is the only salve in the world that will not cause erysipelas, and from its holiness of nutrition, ring worm will disappear.

Sold by Druggists. Price 50 cents per box. Prepared only by C. F. WHITTEN, Lowell Mass. The trade supplied by Wholesale Agents.

The Boxes for customers supplied at short notice, by mail, on receipt of 50 cents.

Kisser's Lirecone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Tin, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual*, *cheap*, and a *time saver*. Where it has been ever seized, by the use will look as *fresh as new* as its equal has never been discovered. For the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

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Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Lackawanna, and other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Coal at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order boxes at T. J. Williams' Periodical Depot. Post Office building aug6 6m

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. Wood will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7tf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CRUDE CAMPHOR, Camphor Gum and Worm wax, for sale by S. KIDDER,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Importer's name, F. Barreda & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,
mar22 4 Market street.

Having Tools.

I have received my usual large stock of Having Tools, and am now prepared to sell the same at the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of

60 one Scythes, different sizes;
50 " Hand Hay Rakes;
Partridge's and Tuttle's Hay Forks;
Kimball's Wire Tooth Horse Rakes;
Dutcher's Gig Rake with wheels;
Revolving Horse Rakes;
Dillon's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Scythe Stones, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c., at H. S. HAYNES'S Agricultural Warehouse, 139 Central street, Lowell. jul14 4m

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases, All who have used it, and to the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, from whatever cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This medicine is incredible, if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, *within the reach of all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Agent, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, 3 & 4 Perry Block, Merrimack, N. H. E. D. DOLLIER & Co., Concord, and all retail Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & Co., Proprietors.
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
feb25 6m

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

SEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HALL LAMPS,

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Lamp Fixtures. Old Lamps altered to the reverse at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell at Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street,
mh16 (Near the Post Office)

To get a good TEA SET, go to
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
corner Merrimack and John sts.

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

To get goo PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all inds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
jan10

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest kind in the market, for sale by
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.
sep29

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation," the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all manner of evil diseases. To discover a certain cure then, for any disease, the first great difficulty necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

After extensive research, and a number of much study among scientific and medical men; and many experiments have been made without much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been found to be that every thing in other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery, viz:

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that every human being has in his system a special vegetable life is governed by certain abnormal laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause which remove or destroy, and death, the certain effect. Hence,

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows them to be composed principally of iron and phosphorous.

Reasoning, as we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Iron, when in contact with moisture with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.

Electricity when in contact with a moisture or fluid, causes it to construct.

From these facts we conclude, we have now the solution as to the motive or motive power of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe comes in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, and electricity is the consequence, in contact with the heart causes it to contract, hence the power of motion, and the blood and secrets it through the remote.

Hence, the cause of nine tenths of cases of Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Epilepsy or Fits, Neuralgia, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, &c., &c.—a deficiency of the red corpuscles of the blood, or sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of electricity, and consequently a want of normal circulation. The food becomes watery, colds and bronchial affections are produced, and from becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism, and the whole constitution becomes diseased, and kidneys act in, in short, almost every type of disease is the consequence. The remedy for this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles or life principle.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, hence why we do not protracted beyond a few years discovered the "elixir vita," we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of Consumptives! Do you wish to be relieved of disease? Unfortunates, who have by excess of the body or mind, suffered the loss of the blood and diminished the red globules! Nervous females, who have been made so by female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" is the only remedy in the world that can cure of desperate cases when all hope has been given up. Try it, and be convinced. Do not delay your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy, if taken in time.

As elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the above theory, with the evidence of many of the most eminent physicians in the world, will be mailed to any interested party on receipt of a letter, post paid. What was the cause of all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will forward the "Blood Food" by express, C. O. D., in single bottle, $1. It is put up in 8-oz. vials, in yellow wrappers—2 vials in small box, 3 in large, in red wrappers having been done away with—and is the "Blood Food" of the London Medical Dispensary, as the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, G. B. Simonds, Dr. Bartlett, and by Benj. Rodgers, Agent for Merrimack street.

oct26 1y

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pansies, Elder Flower, Rose Geranium, Lily of the Valley, Jockey Club, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug28

FURNITURE POLISH!

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Furniture Polish*, which will be found a most valuable article—something new and the best ever offered to the public. Every family should have it, and persons generally. By using one box of the Polish, furniture can be kept in order for a long time. Furniture Polish and Hayne's Patent Polish are not the same article. Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

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PERUVIAN SYRUP

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nov16 Lowell.

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LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increase on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is apt to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatic affection. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, he bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with a state of looseness, and attended with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are often cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low, and although he is unwilling to take medicine, he thinks he would be better if he could take it. The appetite sometimes is voracious, and sometimes variable, yet he can scarcely mention an aliment enough to try it. In fact, he distresses every person around him, and if the symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body after death, has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

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Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P.S. Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations. Call for M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, and by Dr. M'Lane's principal agents in Canada and South America. All others are worthless. Fleming Bros.' Pittsburgh Female Pills are a sure remedy for all irregularities and obstructions of the female system, from whatever cause. Explanatory circulars to be had of agents. Fleming Bros.' Pittsburgh Female Pills are counterfeited. Ask for Fleming Bros.' Pittsburgh Female Pills, and observe that each box has the name of Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., blown in the glass. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada and South America. All others are worthless.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Lowell. my29 6m

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN cure and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and all Rheumatic affections. Also, for Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, and all Inflammatory Diseases. This compound is the best known remedy for the above complaints, and has been used in my practice for the last twenty years with unfailing success. Numerous testimonials can be given if required. Prepared and sold by

DR. GARDINER,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy I have ever used.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and trying many remedies, I have now found one which relieves me entirely. I recommend "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NORMANT VIRE,
23 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia—excruciating pain in the head, &c.—Dr. Gardiner's compound has relieved me more than anything I was induced to try. I recommend it to my friends.

ELIZA F. HOBKINS,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with Rheumatism. Dr. Gardiner's compound has entirely cured him.

THOMPSON,
Proprietor Pearl House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.

FANNY THOMPSON,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T Gliddon, Esq., has been afflicted with a severe attack of Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was suffering with a bad attack of Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of decided benefit to me.

Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned have been cured of Rheumatism by "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," at the store of Thomas Gardiner, Boston, in every case, found immediate and permanent relief, and have recommended it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism.

WM. T. GLIDDON, Boston.
S. Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston.
Mrs. Hancock, 20 South Market street, Boston.
W. H. Allen,
Mrs. Sarah Ann Smith, Boston.
George H. Plummer, 1 Mansion Square, E. Boston.
Mrs. Plummer, 1 Mansion Square, E. Boston.
Mrs. Sarah Ann Smith, Boston.
Samuel Wales, Jr., City Hall, Boston.
Mrs. Sarah Ann Smith, Boston.
Mrs. Sarah Ann Smith, Boston.
The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been used in my family with perfect success. Warranted with great benefit.

Mrs. Sarah Ann Smith, 27 Kilby Street, Boston.

Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JEWELL, Dry Goods Jobbers, and by druggists throughout the United States.

Pamphlets containing certificates may be obtained of CHAS. F. GARDINER, to whom all orders must be addressed.

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SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heater,

USED on any gas burner, just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES,
sep23 Merrimack st.

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Leghorn Straws, Canton, Indis Panama, and a great variety of straw and Felt Hats for Gents and Boys, just opened at
HAZEN'S Corner Hat Store.
jul28*

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVII. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1861. NO. 6458.

THE DAILY COURIER

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

To those who pay in advance a deduction of Fifty Cents will be made.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Office—No. 31 CENTRAL STREET.

Advertisements inserted at $1 per square for three insertions, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Liberal contracts made with those who advertise by the year. Twelve lines constitute a square.

☞ The proprietors will not hold themselves responsible for the opinions expressed in communications inserted in the Courier, unless they are endorsed by them.

☞ Communications intended for publication must be written on one side of the paper only, and accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

☞ Obituary notices, exceeding ten lines, charged at the rate of ten cents per line.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates.

☞ Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy I have ever used. CHARLES A. SMITH, No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

☞ Dr. Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy I have ever used. CHARLES A. SMITH, No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

☞ We regret will be discontinued after publication of the present week.

Discount Days of the several Banks.

FIFTEENTH, BANK—Mondays and Thursdays.
LOWELL—Mondays and Fridays.
MERRIMACK—Tuesdays and Saturdays.
PRES

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1861.

HOW IT IS IN NEW YORK. The New York correspondent of the *Boston Journal*, in speaking of the war and its agencies in the city from which he writes, says—"It is quite a marked fact that the men among us who are the most earnest to sustain the war and carry it on with vigor, are Republicanridge Democrats. They went just as far to make the South contented, as possible. They gave that restless portion their ultimatum, and they go as hearty to crush out rebellion. Dickinson, Dix, Stout, Walbridge and Busteed, are simply specimens. These men are speaking and writing and acting for the nation, while many of the so-called Republicans are wrangling over and about the spoils." We do not think that what is noticeable in New York is prominent in this State. In this city, certainly so far as we can judge, the Democrats, whatever may have been their previous position in their party, are for giving a vigorous support to the administration till there is no war against the Government. We are proud of the fact, that our citizens as a "all right on the policy question;—all parties, Republicans, Democrats, and Union, acknowledge the necessity of sustaining the war against rebellion; and the "peace" men can be put in a thimble.

VERMONT ELECTION. The election in this State took place yesterday. Returns sufficient to indicate the result have been received. The telegraphic dispatches say that "party lines during the campaign have been badly broken up, so that no comparison of the vote of yesterday with that of last year can properly be made." Holbrook was voted for by the straight Republicans and a portion of the liberal Democrats. Smalley was supported by the straight Democrats, Tracy by the Union party. The election passed off very quietly, and the vote will be light. Returns from twenty-two towns give Holbrook 6397, Smalley 1030, Tracy 841.—The same towns last year gave Fairbanks (Republican), 6424, (Douglas Democrat), 2512, and Harvey, (Breckinridge Democrat), 459. Of the 48 Representatives chosen, 39 are said to be Republicans, 9 Union and one Democrat.

GOOD NEWS FROM KENTUCKY. The permanent organization of the Legislature has been delayed by the contests in some of contested seats. There are six or eight more senators than the constitution allows. It is declared that the Union men will abandon the neutrality position previously assumed, and vote to raise its quota of troops for the Union, and that Gov. Magoffin has privately said that he will not sustain the action of the Legislature.

If this news should prove to be correct, the State will be general rejoicing throughout the country except in the land on cotton.

DEFINES HIS POSITION. Mr. Bustead, a prominent Democrat and an able lawyer of New York city, has lately defined his position most explicitly. At a Union meeting, on Long Island, he was among the speakers, and there expressed himself in the following language, which none will fail to comprehend :—

"I am for the Union of three States first, middle and last. I am for the Union now, henceforth and forever. I am for the Union, the whole Union, and nothing less than the whole. I am for the Union. South of the Potomac and North of it, West of the Alleghanies and East of them. I am not for party, but of country, and when I allow merely political considerations to interfere with the duty and love I owe to this country, may my right hand forget its cunning and my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth. I am for the government and in favor of the war, and as long as the Administration while it prosecutes the war. I leave to definition whose is the task of designating the political rank which such sentiments assign me, but if this be democracy, I am a democrat, if it be black republicanism, I am a black republican, if it be abolitionism, I am an abolitionist."

REPORTED DEATH OF JEFF. DAVIS. We are inclined to believe that the report that Davis is dead is generally believed in New York. The *Herald* of last night reiterates the report, and states further that the rebel flags within sight of the Union lines were observed to be flying at half-mast on Monday. We have from another source a report that he was dangerously ill on Saturday, and there certainly appear sufficient grounds to believe the statement true. At Washington it is represented to be believed.

FIRE AND SUSPECTED MURDER. A dwelling house on the Brentwood road, about two miles from Exeter, N. H., occupied by a man and wife named Marsh, was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning last. Mr. and Mrs. Marsh were burned with the building. A young fellow named Bowley, who had been living a few weeks in the family, has been arrested, suspected of having first murdered them and afterward fired the premises.

Two fires occurred in Washington, near where the female rebels are under arrest, and it is believed they were set for the purpose of giving a chance for the escape of the rebel women. Several men tried to rush into the house in which they are imprisoned, but too many bayonets were in the way.

A REPRESENTATIVE FROM NORTH CAROLINA. Hon. C. H. Foster, Union member of Congress, from North Carolina, arrived at Philadelphia yesterday en route for Washington, to confer with the administration upon the affairs of his State.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

The news from the vicinity of Washington is of no great importance. Reports of skirmishings and firing upon pickets on the south side of the Potomac are frequent, but the designs of the rebels seem to have been no further developed within a few days. There are no more indications of an attack than a week ago.

Among the late appointments of Brigadier Generals, are the names of the following gentlemen :—O. O. Howard and C. D. Jameson, of Maine, and Daniel E. Sickles and ——Haynes, of New York.

The rebel troops in Virginia. The *Baltimore American* of yesterday says that on Thursday of last week there were no rebel troops at Winchester, except a few sick.—There are three or four regiments at Leesburg, one at Waterford above Point of Rocks, and one at Goose Creek.

Letters from rebel soldiers at Richmond state that the troops are in a sad state of destitution, being barefooted and in want of clothing. The skins in a tannery at Hillsboro' were taken dripping from the vats to convert into shoes for the army.

State of the country. All the horses of Union and Secession farmers are seized for the rebel army, creating the greatest dissatisfaction. Want of confidence is increasing daily, the hopes of the rebels being kept up by reports that the Federal Congress only mustered 30,000 troops around Washington, and found it impossible to recruit any more. On good authority it has been reported to the Government, at Washington, that from Alexandria to the Rappahannock, nearly 150 miles, not a soul is visible on the Virginia shore. The whole country bears marks of desolation and ruin—the only animals of any kind are seen, and not a particle of grain, to note the habitation of a single individual is visible. Complete silence and loneliness pervades the whole territory, as though it had been devastated by pestilence.

Rebel batteries on the Potomac. At Matthias Point the presence of the rebels is only known by the firing of a shell at some passing steamer. At Aquia Creek there are indications that the rebels have been erecting more batteries, and along in the vicinity of that point are signs of their work. On the authority of a Virginia refugee, it is also declared that the rebels are erecting batteries forty miles below Alexandria. At its intimated also, that those in charge of the batteries have orders not to fire on any vessel until all the works are completed, which looks like a purpose to make a simultaneous attack on our shipping all along the Potomac, when the evil designs of the rebels are perfected.

From Missouri. The news from Missouri is of a more cheerful nature than for some days, and gives us indications that the rebels are not having everything their own way in that State.

It is asserted that the Testimony delegates will bolt if they are not admitted seats next week.

Another rumor is that the Fernando Wood wing proposes to unite with the Republicans if the latter will put Daniel S. Dickinson and two of the Wood nominees on their ticket, to be supported by the Mozart wing.

The Governor of Vermont has issued a proclamation appointing Thursday, September 26th, a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer, in response to the proclamation of the President.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Annual Exhibition of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society, to be held this September 30th, 1861.

PROGRAMME.

The Secretary will be at the building on the Fair Ground, on Wednesday, the day previous, and on Thursday morning, to receive contributions and make entries.

ORDER OF THURSDAY, SEPT. 19TH.

Plowing Match on the right hand side of Jackson Street, between Mr. Hale's Mills, on said Street, at 9 A. M.

Trial of Horses on the Track on the Fair Ground, (by Committee on Horses) 10 A. M.

Trial of Working Oxen and Bulls on the Ground, 10 1-4 A. M.

Trial of Stock Horses on the Grounds, at 11 A. M.

Trial of Working Oxen (by teams) 11¼ A. M.

Speding Match, on Ground, 12 M.

Dinner in Building (tickets 50 cts.), 1 P. M.

Address in Hall of the Building, (by Charles Hudson, of Salem,) 2 P. M.

The Reports of Committees and awards will be made after the Address, in the Hall of the Building.

N. B.—All contributors of articles and fruit for the Hall must, if possible, enter the same on Wednesday, the 18th. Contributions must be accompanied with a card giving the name and residence of the owner.

All articles will be at the risk of their respective owners, and Exhibitors will be in attendance during the day and night.

All fines, Premiums, Prizes, &c., must be entered by 9 o'clock on Thursday, the 12th.

There will be a grand Levee and Promenade on the Hall, in the evening. Music will be in attendance, and the Hall will be elegantly lighted.

Cars will leave the Merrimack Street Depot for the Fair Grounds, at and at 9 o'clock 10 minutes in the evening, and returns at 9 and 11 o'clock. Tickets at the Depot and in the cars. Tickets for the Levee sold in the Hall, 50 cents.

PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Tickets of Admission to Fair Ground and Exhibition on Thursday, 25 cents.

Tickets in addition, 25

Members of the Society, their wives and minor sons, and contributors, are entitled to a free ticket.

Ladies, children and all others will be charged 25 cents.

Tickets admitting a gentleman, or a gentleman and lady to the Levee in the evening, 25 cents. Children, half price.

Members and all others will pay at the Levee.

A. S. FARR, Chief Marshal.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged in Book-keeper, but has the afternoons unemployed, wishes to obtain employment during that time. Satisfactory reference given. Address "Box 214" Lowell P. Office. 3sep3dlaw

RECEPTION OF GEN. BUTLER. Prominent citizens assembled in the Mayor's Room, last evening, to take measures to properly receive Brig. Gen. B. F. Butler, on his arrival in this city, which is now expected every day. Mayor Sargent was called to the chair, and Col. G. F. Sawtell, was secretary. After hearing the expression of several gentlemen—some favoring an extensive display, Butler shall be pleased to address his fellow citizens and others proposing that an escort for him from the depot to his residence, with salutes from the artillery, and a reception of citizens, immediately on his arrival, and for a committee to wait on Gen. Butler afterward, and invite him to address our Lowell citizens. The latter proposition was viewed most favorably. A committee of nine was appointed by a nominating committee of three, composed of Hon. E. B. Patch, Hugh McElroy, and Jas. Boyd.

They retired and made the following selections of a committee to take the whole matter in hand, clothed with authority to make arrangements, and to do what they deemed most proper :—B. C. Sargeant, Dr. J. W. Graves, Andrew Moody, A. B. Farr, Hugh McElroy, Hapgood Wright, F. Dempsey, Abel Rolfe, and E. B. Patch.

On motion, the meeting adjourned, and the committee went into session, all being present but Mr. Rolfe. His honor, the Mayor, is a committee in certain, if, for absence, when Gen. Butler shall arrive.

The probable programme is, that he will be received at the Middlesex Street depot, escorted down Middlesex, through Central and Merrimack Streets to the Merrimack House, where the Mayor will welcome him to his home in behalf of the people; and it is expected he will briefly reply from the balcony of the Merrimack House.

P.S.—We may add that there has been no positive information received in this city of Gen. Butler's intention of coming home at present, and it is possible that such is not his purpose. A dispatch was sent to New York this morning inquiring concerning his movements, but nothing definite was ascertained.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE MEETING. An adjourned meeting of the School Committee was held last evening. Messrs. Douglass, Abbott and Nichols were appointed a committee to make provision for the large increase of scholars in the Mann School, and to distribute them among existing schools.

The secretary was ordered to make a distribution of Lippincott's Pronouncing Gazetteer, now in the schools.

A communication from C. C. Chase relating to the examination of William A. Keene for the High School, was referred to the committee on that school.

The Board rejected a motion to admit Miss Goodwin, who graduated from the High School last July, and wished to be allowed to continue her studies in the same school.

A communication from Madison McCoy relating to the tuition for his son in the Bridge School, was referred to the committee on accounts.

The question of introducing Murdock and Russell's Elocution for the High School, was referred to the committee on books.

An answer to a protest of certain members of the Board, made July 27th, was presented by Mr. Street, and ordered to be entered on the record.

Gray's Natural Philosophy was exchanged for Quackenbos', provided a free exchange is made by the publishers.

Worcester's Elementary Spelling Book was introduced, instead of Spelling and Thinking Combined, provided the publishers will make a free exchange, and they were ordered to be so notified.

The committee on the subject of excluding from the schools all children under five years of age, reported recommending the exclusion, and notice was given to amend the rules accordingly.

Notice was given of an intention to amend the rules so that no person over the age of 16 years can attend the public schools of the city.

OUR LARGEST TAX-PAYERS. We present below the names of such of our citizens as are taxed for $100 and upward, with a list of the taxes of the several corporations.—These facts have a peculiar interest to most of our readers, we presume, especially at this time, when the richest feel themselves to be poor. The rate of taxation, it will be remembered, is $9 on $1000.—

Abbott, J. G.	$262 50
Adams H. J.	112 50
Adams Sarah	112 50
Allen Abel	112 50
Allen Otis	262 50
Ames Nathan	112 50
Ames Oliver	112 50
Appleton Jesse	112 50
Appleton Wm.	112 50
Ayer J. C.	112 50
Bagley L. W. & D.	112 50
Bancroft J. A.	112 50
Blanchard Amos	112 50
Bradley J. F.	112 50
Brazer G. S.	112 50
Brown Charles	112 50
Brown George	112 50
Burbank Rufus	112 50
Burnham A. A.	112 50
Burnham & Co.	112 50
Butterfield George	112 50
Butterfield Nathan	112 50
Butterfield Wm.	112 50
Carney & Co.	112 50
Carney Samuel	112 50
Carter Wm.	112 50
Cheever Wm.	112 50
Clark Wm.	112 50
Clarke Wm. A.	112 50
Clarke Wm. P.	112 50
Clement Wm.	112 50
Coburn & Co.	112 50
Coburn Samuel	112 50
Coburn Wm.	112 50
Colburn Wm.	112 50
Collins Wm.	112 50
Cook Charles	112 50
Cook Charles Mrs.	112 50
Cook Wm.	112 50
Cooper Wm.	112 50
Crosby Wm.	112 50
Cummings Wm.	112 50
Davis Wm.	112 50
Dearborn Wm.	112 50
Dickinson Wm.	112 50
Dodge Wm.	112 50
Dow W. H.	112 50
Dunbar Wm.	112 50
Dutton Wm.	112 50
Emery Henry	112 50
Fay Wm.	112 50
Fiske Wm.	112 50
French Mary S.	112 50
French Wm.	112 50
Fuller Wm.	112 50
Gage Wm.	112 50
Gage Wm.	112 50
Gates Josiah	112 50
Gilman Wm.	112 50
Gooding Wm.	112 50
Goodwin Wm.	112 50
Green J. G.	112 50
Hale Wm.	112 50
Hall Wm.	112 50
Harley John	112 50
Hastings Wm.	112 50
Hinckley Isaac	112 50
Hinds Wm.	112 50
Hodgdon Wm.	112 50
Holt John	112 50
Howard Wm.	112 50
Howe Wm.	112 50
Hutchinson R. H.	112 50
Hutchinson Wm.	112 50
Jaquith Wm.	112 50
Jewett Samuel	112 50
Jewett Wm.	112 50
Johnson Wm.	112 50
Kittredge Wm.	112 50
Knight Wm.	112 50

Lawrence Abbott	112 50
Lawrence Amos	112 50
Lawrence Wm.	112 50
Lawrence Wm. Mrs.	112 50
Lee Wm.	112 50
Livingston Alfred	112 50
Livingston Wm. E.	112 50
Locke Thomas	112 50
Locke Wm.	112 50
Manser Stephen	112 50
Marshall Wm.	112 50
Marston Wm.	112 50
Mason Wm.	112 50
McElroy Hugh	112 50
McElroy Wm.	112 50
McGregor Wm.	112 50
Merrill Wm. & Co.	112 50
Merrill & Co.	112 50
Merrill Wm.	112 50
North William	112 50
North Wm. L.	112 50
Parker Edward	112 50
Parker Foster	112 50
Parker Wm.	112 50
Patterson Wm.	112 50
Pillsbury Hardy	112 50
Pillsbury Sarah	112 50
Pillsbury Wm.	112 50
Putnam Abbott	112 50
Putnam Wm.	112 50
Rand A. J.	112 50
Rand Wm.	112 50
Richardson A. J.	112 50
Rix Wm.	112 50
Robinson Wm.	112 50
Rogers Jabez	112 50
Rogers Wm.	112 50
Sanborn Wm.	112 50
Sawyer Wm.	112 50
Sawyer Wm.	112 50
Simonds E. F.	112 50
Simonds Wm.	112 50
Southwick Wm.	112 50
Southwick Wm.	112 50
Spaulding Wm.	112 50
Spaulding Wm.	112 50
Spaulding Wm.	112 50
Stickney S. W.	112 50
Stickney Wm.	112 50
Stone Wm.	112 50
Swan Wm.	112 50
Swan Wm.	112 50
Swan Wm.	112 50
Tarbell C. F.	112 50
Tarbell Wm.	112 50
Thatcher Benj.	112 50
Thurston Benj.	112 50
Tilton Wm.	112 50
Tolman Wm.	112 50
Tolman C. F.	112 50
Tolman Wm.	112 50
Tolman Wm.	112 50
Tuttle J. F.	112 50
Varnum Wm.	112 50
Wadsworth Wm.	112 50
Waugh John	112 50
Wentworth A. G.	112 50
Wentworth A. G.	112 50
Wentworth Wm.	112 50
Whipple Wm.	112 50
Wright Hapgood	112 50
Wright Wm.	112 50
Wright John	112 50
Wyman Wm.	112 50
Young Wm.	112 50
Abbott Wm.	112 50
Abbott Wm.	112 50
Abbott

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL

GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IT IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir:—Allow me the gratification and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after using it five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite gray, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken great pleasure at all times in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. A friend in whose instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; using it for a short time and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by proving the reverse of all dictates of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician, and a graduate of long practice, giving his whole *attention* to them—to whom communications or otherwise are strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who wish to board while under treatment. Office, No. 24 Locust street, sixth door until reaches Fourth street.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over Two Hundred Thousand Dollars are paid to the swindling quacks annually, in New England alone. Let it be understood by those who by the Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who are too low down in the scale of society, to be ashamed of *what*, and they are compelled to suffer the worse ills, rather than undergo the expose that fear of exposing themselves. All the couple for treating, unfortunately, to men who are alike destitute of honesty, character, and principle. Their only recommendation is their own false and extravagant assertions. In praise of themselves. It is therefore, you would avoid being humbugged, imposed upon, and your money thrown away, to those men, but MAKE INQUIRY—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets—for, as advertising physicians, in nine cases out of ten are quacks, and in the tenth case, one out of ten are regular physicians.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Consultation free.

DR. M. will send FREE, by enclosing one stamp, a valuable little work, entitled THE SCIENCE OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally—also Circulars giving full information, with the most undoubted *references and testimonials*, from those who have been restored to health by the use of his remedies. Many of the most eminent citizens of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MARTIN, as above.

August 7, 1861. aug24&4it

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH contents the great and desperate: the task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.

It does not scatter—no dust.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It is very tasteful and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It is durable, and with proper care a broom will not last longer.

It will sweep a carpet in one-fifth the time required by a broom, and make it look better.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It saves curtains, furniture, looks, &c., from the dust and messes of the broom. It has the highest recommendations from gentlemen of the press, the clergy, and from the most eminent manufacturers, dealers, and all classes and conditions, and for sale by the inventor, at his residence, No. 7 Arcadian court, off Washington street, between Avon and Bromfield streets, Boston, and at retail by all the principal dealers in carpets and house furnishing goods throughout the country.

Rights for sale in towns and cities, and for the counties of Middlesex, Worcester, Hampden, Hampshire, Franklin, Berkshire, Bristol, Plymouth, Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket, in Massachusetts, and for the whole or any part of the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey.

Address, post paid, HOVEY'S PATENT CARPET SWEEPER, Boston, Mass.

aug24&4wis

MR. ROBINSON,

AT

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

IS NOW

Selling Bonnets complete for 50 cents
Selling Silk Bonnets complete for 87 cents
Selling Velvet Bonnets complete for 75 cents
Selling Satin Bonnets complete for 75 cents
Selling Straw Bonnets complete for $1.50
Selling Straw Bonnets trimmed complete for $1.00
Selling Silk and Ribbon Bonnets for $2.00
Selling Silk and Ribbon Bonnets for $3.00
Selling every article of millinery at

CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.

Mozart Hall, corner of John St.,

aug24 4wis

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent abortion*, if taken *just before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too rapid increase*. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when used according to direction, and without the least injury in health *in any case*.—They'll be put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, duly packed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

The Quarter Strength is designed especially for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented to be the strongest, or the price will be refunded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine but the warranted article purchased direct of Dr. M., at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr. M. is the only physician of all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician, and a graduate of long practice, giving his *whole attention* to them—to whom communications or otherwise are strictly confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed from observation, to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who wish to board while under treatment. Office, No. 24 Locust street, sixth door until reaches Fourth street.

aug24 4wis

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

IN

NEW ENGLAND.

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Programmes, Newspapers, &c.

Card Dockets, Bill Heads, Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Ornamental Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

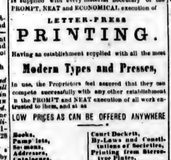
PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, for Druggists, Confectioners, Perfumers, &c.

Always on hand, a good stock of paper for face and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—cards and dockets cut to order.

Z. K. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HINE, }



MUSIC STORE!

—AND—

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET*,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or pattern—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS

Oval and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain, Beveling, and Repairing Pictures for Sale.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

Of every description repaired, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Engraving, &c., &c., &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

oct1 tf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN &c.

P L E A S E
T H E
P E O P L E

Sold by all Dealers.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Hunt, Fred and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

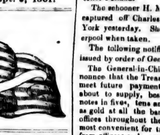
S. N. WOOD.

apr28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Ragonde's Premium Complexion Powder, Ragonde's Rouge, Parisian Cosmetique or Bloom of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Ragonde's Liquid Rouge, Ragonde's Pearl Powder, Ragonde's Rouge Sec, Ragonde's Rouge Brilliant, Ragonde's Grease Rouge, Ragonde's Grease Rouge, Ragonde's Grease Rouge

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, Sept. 5, 1861.



NOT A SURPRISE. The *New York Journal of Commerce* learns, from undoubted authority, that the rebel officers captured at Hatteras admit that they received information from Fortress Monroe of the intended expedition, so that they were not taken by surprise, as was generally supposed. And this is probably true. It has been stated by those who assume to know, that there are now, and have been since the first, men in the Fortress, in important positions, who have not the slightest sympathy with the Government, and who evidently are playing into the hands of the traitors whenever they have occasion and opportunity to do so. As is Washington, unsound men are kept there, but why it would be a hard matter to answer; but while they are there, it need surprise no one that no important manœuver is made without the rebels knowledge, while loyal men are entirely in the dark. The vast advantage is accruing to the Government from the employment of the janus faced tribe who sing the land that feeds them, is entirely unexplained.

KENTUCKY. Rumors of a more favorable state of things continue to come from Kentucky, and it is believed that she will not be coaxed or dragooned into following the Gulf States in their mad acts of secession. Late advices from Frankfort intimate that Gov. Magoffin refuses to play into the hands of the rabid secessionists, and that he has had a quarrel with Mr. Breckinridge. He refuses to demand the breaking up of the Federal camp in Garrard County, and declares that he will submit to the majority of the people of Kentucky as expressed through the Legislature. We sincerely hope these rumors will prove well grounded, but they should be received with many allowances. Kentucky is peculiarly situated; the Union men, however well disposed, have not been able to defend themselves, and their opponents have been riding rough-shod over them. If their day of deliverance is at hand, there is reason for rejoicing among all loyal men.

GEN. WILSON'S SUCCESS IN RAISING TROOPS. One of our Boston exchanges of last evening, stated that Gen. Wilson has already accepted twenty-nine companies, with the understanding that they are to be full in one week's time. Sixteen of these are from the three months' regiments. His own regiment will consist of ten companies of infantry, one of cavalry, one of sharpshooters, Follett's light battery, and a squadron of cavalry. The Salem Zouaves and Washington Light Guard have gone into camp at Lynn for drill and others will go immediately. Enlisting throughout the State has been, within ten days past, more active than at any time since immediately after Mr. Lincoln's call for proclamation was issued. Massachusetts will send men as long as she is called upon for them, resolved to do her share of fighting for the old flag and the Union.

UNION MEETING IN BOSTON. Arrangements are being made for a grand Union meeting in Boston next Monday evening. It is expected that J. Thomas Stevenson, Esq., will preside over the meeting, and many of the speakers who have already been invited are Major General B. F. Butler, Hon. Alexander H. Bullock, Judge Otis P. Lord and other prominent men of the different parties. One of the Boston papers says the meeting is to embrace "all parties in favor of a Union ticket for State officers," and another says it is not, but will embrace men of all parties who are in favor of "sustaining the Government and enforcing the laws," the object being simply to strengthen the arm of the Government and to inspire among the people, wherever there may be lukewarmness, more intense feelings of patriotism and greater favor and devotion to the interests of the country.

GOING TO MAKE THEIR PURCHASES THERE. A correspondent of the Savannah (Ga.) *Republican* asks—"How shall we dispose of the prisoners?" and then answers his own question as follows:—

"Let the Quartermaster General of the Confederate States issue his proclamation, stating that the prisoners will be hired out to the highest bidder for some specified time, and in such number as the hirer may desire. I know of a gentleman of this city, a rice planter, who would gladly take two hundred of the Yankees on his plantation to build up and mend the banks of his fields. He is most desirous of doing this, he says, as the northern prisoners have long asserted that we can do without negro labor, and he is anxious of testing the question. One good black driver to every forty Yankees would insure good order and lively work among them."

This is a very brilliant idea of a very shrewd man, undoubtedly. His plan would probably be entirely practicable, and the disposition of two hundred Yankees to one black driver, would be likely to prove a success, if the Yankee did not relish the plantations within a year's time.

COL. JONES AT CAMP CAMERON. By a special order from the Governor, Colonel Edward F. Jones will shortly assume command at Camp Cameron, Cambridge. All enlisted troops, whether companies, squads, or individuals, and whether intended for his regiment or not, will report to him, upon being ordered to that camp, until they receive other orders.

THE reported serious illness of Hon. David Wilmot is denied.

WAR ITEMS. The Hatteras prisoners have been sent to Fort Columbus and Governor's Island.

The schooner H. Middleton, which was captured off Charleston, arrived at New York yesterday. She was bound for Liverpool when taken.

The following notification has just been issued by order of *Gen. Scott*:—

The General-in-Chief is happy to announce that the Treasury Department, to meet future payment to the troops, is about to supply, besides coin, treasury notes in fives, tens and twenties, as good as gold at all the banks and government offices throughout the United States, and the most convenient for transmission by mail from officers and men to their families at home. Good husbands, fathers, sons and brothers serving under the stars and stripes will thus soon have the ready and safe means of relieving an immense amount of suffering which could not be reached with coin.

In making up such packages, every officer may be relied upon, no doubt, for such assistance as may be needed by his men.

It is reported that the force of rebel troops does not exceed 4000 at Charleston, and that they apprehended an attack from the present naval expedition. There is a great deal of excitement throughout the South.

The *New York Tribune's* correspondent says that Jeff. Davis has long had a disease of the optic nerve, threatening a cancerous result, and that his physician apprised him that death would specifly follow. In the excession of the disease to the brain, and does not seem to disbelieve the report of his death.

A dispatch from Washington says the Government has assurances of unusual briskness in the recruiting business throughout the country. Recruits average five thousand daily.

From Fort Pickens. The gunboat Wyandotte, which left Fort Pickens on the 22rd ult., arrived at New York yesterday. She brought intelligence that Gen. Bragg's forces had made a general stampede, having deserted in large numbers and gone home. They have been threatening Pickens since April last, but at no time have had the pluck to attack it.

A NEW STYLE GUN. The *Boston Journal* describes a newly invented gun, the drawings of which are exhibited in that city, as a bundle of minie rifle barrels united into a cannon battery, and so arraged that three men can easily charge and discharge with all the strength and accuracy of range of the last minie rifle, thirty-six, seventy-two, or one hundred and forty-four barrels every six seconds. Fourteen hundred and forty balls may thus be discharged per minute, or eighty-six thousand four hundred per hour. One regiment of one thousand men, armed with three hundred guns, could charge and discharge over one million balls every five minutes. The gun is so arranged as to scatter and distribute the balls evenly over any required space to the distance of one mile, rendering it nearly impossible for an enemy to exist many minutes within their range—it is known as a "coffee mill gun," and it is claimed that it is less liable to get out of order than the ordinary army rifle, and can be manufactured and supplied at short notice for $175 pounds. Ingenuity and others will go immediately. Enlisting throughout the State has been, within ten days past, more active than at any time since immediately after Mr. Lincoln's call for proclamation was issued. Massachusetts will send men as long as she is called upon for them, resolved to do her share of fighting for the old flag and the Union.

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STRAIGHT-OUT UNION SENTIMENT. We make the following extract from the *Springfield Republican*, in relation to the duty of all loyal men at the opening election. It is the most out-spoken of any thing we have seen. The *Republican* is one of the ablest, most widely circulated and most influential papers in New England. Its sentiments are those of many of our citizens, and we are every day better convinced of the necessity of throwing down all party walls, and of keeping them down till the Central Government is re-established and rebellion overthrown.—

"So far as we are concerned, the Chicago platform and all other platforms are buried, to be raised no more until the question whether we have a Country is settled. There is nothing in parties, nor in party politics, worth our single straw until this question is decided. No political platform has a particle of significance in the present condition of the country; and the men who keep up a show of party organization and party policy, prove conclusively, either that they do not appreciate the epoch, or that they care more for their party than they do for their country.

"The events of the last few months have naturally divided the country into supporters and enemies of the Government. At the South, no other division is known, and we at the North must not only be ready to throw away our partisanship and our party names, but we must do it at once. We must meet the Union men of Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, and all the Slave States, without a party tie, and join hands with them in the battle-field and at the ballot-box, as Union men. In the excession of the disease to the brain, and does not seem to disbelieve the report of his death.

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From Fort Pickens. The gunboat Wyandotte, which left Fort Pickens on the 22rd ult., arrived at New York yesterday. She brought intelligence that Gen. Bragg's forces had made a general stampede, having deserted in large numbers and gone home. They have been threatening Pickens since April last, but at no time have had the pluck to attack it.

A NEW STYLE GUN. The *Boston Journal* describes a newly invented gun, the drawings of which are exhibited in that city, as a bundle of minie rifle barrels united into a cannon battery, and so arraged that three men can easily charge and discharge with all the strength and accuracy of range of the last minie rifle, thirty-six, seventy-two, or one hundred and forty-four barrels every six seconds. Fourteen hundred and forty balls may thus be discharged per minute, or eighty-six thousand four hundred per hour. One regiment of one thousand men, armed with three hundred guns, could charge and discharge over one million balls every five minutes. The gun is so arranged as to scatter and distribute the balls evenly over any required space to the distance of one mile, rendering it nearly impossible for an enemy to exist many minutes within their range—it is known as a "coffee mill gun," and it is claimed that it is less liable to get out of order than the ordinary army rifle, and can be manufactured and supplied at short notice for $175 pounds. Ingenuity and others will go immediately. Enlisting throughout the State has been, within ten days past, more active than at any time since immediately after Mr. Lincoln's call for proclamation was issued. Massachusetts will send men as long as she is called upon for them, resolved to do her share of fighting for the old flag and the Union.

UNION MEETING IN BOSTON. Arrangements are being made for a grand Union meeting in Boston next Monday evening. It is expected that J. Thomas Stevenson, Esq., will preside over the meeting, and many of the speakers who have already been invited are Major General B. F. Butler, Hon. Alexander H. Bullock, Judge Otis P. Lord and other prominent men of the different parties. One of the Boston papers says the meeting is to embrace "all parties in favor of a Union ticket for State officers," and another says it is not, but will embrace men of all parties who are in favor of "sustaining the Government and enforcing the laws," the object being simply to strengthen the arm of the Government and to inspire among the people, wherever there may be lukewarmness, more intense feelings of patriotism and greater favor and devotion to the interests of the country.

GOING TO MAKE THEIR PURCHASES THERE. A correspondent of the Savannah (Ga.) *Republican* asks—"How shall we dispose of the prisoners?" and then answers his own question as follows:—

"Let the Quartermaster General of the Confederate States issue his proclamation, stating that the prisoners will be hired out to the highest bidder for some specified time, and in such number as the hirer may desire. I know of a gentleman of this city, a rice planter, who would gladly take two hundred of the Yankees on his plantation to build up and mend the banks of his fields. He is most desirous of doing this, he says, as the northern prisoners have long asserted that we can do without negro labor, and he is anxious of testing the question. One good black driver to every forty Yankees would insure good order and lively work among them."

This is a very brilliant idea of a very shrewd man, undoubtedly. His plan would probably be entirely practicable, and the disposition of two hundred Yankees to one black driver, would be likely to prove a success, if the Yankee did not relish the plantations within a year's time.

COL. JONES AT CAMP CAMERON. By a special order from the Governor, Colonel Edward F. Jones will shortly assume command at Camp Cameron, Cambridge. All enlisted troops, whether companies, squads, or individuals, and whether intended for his regiment or not, will report to him, upon being ordered to that camp, until they receive other orders.

THE reported serious illness of Hon. David Wilmot is denied.

CITY AND VICINITY.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the afternoon at command, wishes to obtain a situation to assist either as Cashier or Book-keeper, or in any occasion given. Address "Box 402" Lowell P. Office. August 7, 1861. aug12dtw

THE RECEPTION. The following programme relating to Gen. Butler's reception, is furnished by a member of the committee chosen to make the necessary arrangements, on the occasion of welcoming Gen. Butler's arrival home:—

It is expected that Gen. Butler will arrive in Lowell, at the Middlesex Street Depot, at 6½ o'clock, this evening, and be escorted by the military and cavalcade through Dutton Street to the Merrimack House, where he will be welcomed by the Mayor of Lowell. There he will be escorted through Merrimack, East Merrimack, Nesmith and Andover Streets to his residence. Citizens who desire to join the cavalcade, are requested to meet near the Market House at 5 o'clock, this afternoon.

A. B. FAIR, *Chief Marshal.*

Detachments of about twenty from the several military companies of Lowell, in their "war uniform," will parade on this occasion; and we are requested to notify the members to appear at their respective armories as early as 5 o'clock this afternoon. Capt. Follansbee will command the military, and the detachments from the several companies will be under command of their fire officers.

About 5 o'clock a cavalcade will also be formed in Market Street, which will proceed to the depot and participate in the escort.

The Lowell Brigade Band have volunteered their services, and will add the merit of their excellent music to the reception exercises.

On the arrival of the train with General Butler, a salute of thirteen guns will be fired on the South Common.

At the depot Gen. Butler will be met by a delegation from the committee of arrangements, who will accompany him to the Merrimack House, where he will be welcomed home by Mayor Peabody, who probably will briefly reply. He will then be escorted to his residence, as announced above.

[A dispatch has been received since one o'clock, from Springfield, Mass., which says that Gen. Butler will be in this city to-night.]

CAPT. HAGGERTY'S SWORD. We were this morning shown the magnificent sword presented to Capt. Haggerty, of Maj. Gen. Butler's staff, by the friends of that gentleman in this city. The particulars of the presentation of this sword we gave some weeks ago. It was received from the manufactory by Horaces Howard, Jr., who, by the way, was quite active in raising the necessary amount of money. The sword is a magnificent one, and is richly deserving of the high encomiums which have been passed upon it by an unfortunate circumstance, we failed to learn the name of the sword cutler of Pemberton Square, Boston, who made it. We understand he is now on his way home. The engagement is what is known as a dress sword and has been gotten up in the best style of the Ames Manufacturing Company. We do not recollect to have seen a finer one. The workmanship is elegant and the inscriptions are entirely appropriate. The sword may be seen in the window of Amos Sanborn, corner of Central and Middlesex Streets.

FIRE ALARM. An alarm of fire calling out most of the Fire Department, about one o'clock this afternoon, was caused by a bed taking fire from some matches, left carelessly in a house on High Street Square. It is understood the room has left unoccupied by a young women in the morning, who on only solve the mystery in this way. The tenement is occupied by W. F. Pennington, the painter. The fire was extinguished with a few buckets of water, and did no damage was trifling.

PERSONAL. Capt. A. W. Adams, at one time commander of the Pemaxa, and subsequently a company in Co. Cowdin's Regiment, at the battle of Bull Run, was in town yesterday. The Captain is absent for a few days on furlough, but will be suppressed by a few old known in Lowell and vicinity, and who led a company, in a New York Regiment, at the same battle, is stopping here for a few days.

PICNIC. The Mission School, under the direction of Messrs. A. W. Farrington, J. Judkins, J. G. Morrison and others, held a picnic yesterday at Indian Orchard, on the banks of the Merrimack River in Centreville. There were about one hundred and fifty in attendance, composing the school and a few friends of the Mission—at least one hundred and twenty-five children were present. When a wag came forward and said he had no doubt there was something to eat in it, as he himself was a son of "medium." "How, a medium?" inquired the landlord. "Why," replied the wag, "I mean a boy attending a sabbath school." The landlord offered to bet he could not. The wag persisted, and said he would lay $20 that he could make at least one dozen dollars in that room during within two minutes without moving from where he then sat. "Done?" exclaimed the landlord, and the money was put up. The wag turned in his seat, opened a closet door, and turned off the gas from the upper part of the building. In less than one minute all the bells in the office began to ring vicinity. The lodgers above had lost their night's rest. The $20 was falsely won.

A GOOD HIT. A good deal has been said lately about the "white flag party." The *Detroit Free Press* says it is making a large number of converts. Some eight hundred came over in a body last week, headed by Commodore Barron.

ANOTHER REGIMENT GONE. The Twentieth Regiment, Col. W. R. Lee, of Roxbury, left Boston for the seat of war yesterday. The Regiment is not full, but will be recruited up to the requisite number without difficulty.

THE *Salem Gazette* says "the Chicago platform, the Cincinnati platform, the Charleston platform, and all the other platforms, are as dead as any of the past and buried issues."

PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES. All the private schools in the neighboring towns, so far as our inquiries have been answered, are quite well patronized this fall, from the fact that when business is dull, the parents send their sons and daughters to school in town, if there is a public high school, or to some popular school out of town, so that in one sense the dullness of business does not prevent our schools from being well attended.

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE. We learn by way of Rev. Dr. Lord, President of Dartmouth College, who was in town yesterday, that there were about sixty members admitted to the college from Sabbath class, which speaks well for the institution, considering the hard times.

POLICE COURT. Hugh Cosgrove, a tramp, was ordered with sundry of $50 to the 21st inst. Hugh Haney was arrested for a drunken assault upon Patrick Boyle; but tried yet.

LETTER FROM GEN. BUTLER. The following letter from Gen. Butler to F. A. Hildreth, Esq., of this city, we have no doubt will be read with the liveliest interest by all our readers, whether agreeing in his author or otherwise. The letter is dated "United States Steam Frigate Minnesota, off Cape Hatteras, August 27th, 1861." Soon after penning it it will, we doubt not, afford much satisfaction to many of our citizens, while the facts it gives respecting the causes of trouble we have recently had with the rebels, will find an endorsement in every intelligent mind, although they have not, previously, we think, been acknowledged on the side of the patriots. We are glad to see the distinct and speaks for itself. We have no room for comments to-day. The letter appeared in the *Advertiser* of last evening:

I have received your note, as well as those of many others of my true friends in Massachusetts, asking my acceptance of political encomium, and some kindly suggesting my name as a candidate for Governor, at the ensuing election. I reply to your testimony of regard by them all, because our testimony will perish with the using, and would seem meet toward those less closely connected with me, there must come to you, as I have publicly repeated, when I left home, I left all politics, in a party sense of the term, behind me, and I know no politics in any sense, save as represented by the Union—the Union of the States—the Union and restore the country in its integrity. Peace is desirable to all, and to none more so than the soldier who has left his home and his home to do his duty to his country. But however desirable it is to you, and than it upon any terms, save the recognition of the authority of the federal government, and the restoration of territory which ever belonged to it. Upon no condition will I consent to be a part of any party that is to cause. A peace involving the disintegration of the Union, or until the supremacy of the Constitution over the whole land is established, would be simply a declaration of the triumph of treason.

Were the Southern confederacy to-day acknowledged in the fullness of good faith, by the world, the world would expose before cause of war would arise, sufficient not only to justify, but to demand a renewal of the strife. No two nations have, since the last ten years at least, in which contiguous territory and common ancestry men in the south, which, had they been separated by a foreign nation, would have demanded a surrender of criminals under pain of a suspension of diplomatic relations. No two nations have had outrages because there was no tribunal to the wrongs complained of, or could submit them and it was against the genius of the people to appeal to arms. Therefore I see no reason why any part of country should be satisfied with whom I have acted in political organization, or who refuse to advocate peaceful settlements when peace is restored peace. Therefore this war must go on, not for the purpose of conquering a people, but those who have commenced it being upheld by a portion of that country, and that incident, it will only be another illustration of the fruit of sowing the wind. Reaping the whirlwind is every man's lot.

On the matter of the nomination—I cannot, without insult to my friends, accept any party. While on some things, as you are aware, I do not agree with the principles of any party, yet on the whole the administrations were supported by a majority so long my friends. The republican party, having won a political victory, both in the State and in the nation, is entitled to the patriotic support of every man who will give it a fair trial in the administration of the Government, and in that, as it stands, so it does, take the lead in official positions. And now there is left nothing for us to support the Government but the question of efficiency or impropriety of administration. Being a war party, the democrats are subjected as well by republicans as by democrats. But as far as regards the *personnel* of the administration, I am entirely satisfied. Gov. Andrew has endeavored faithfully, judiciously and efficiently to put our Commonwealth on the side of the nation, and to sustain the Union. I therefore, for myself, would not be willing to change the executive, although I doubt not the people will express their wishes in some minor offices. I do not say that I would vote for Gov. Andrew, but were I at home it would not vote against him. Let it be understood that without distinction of party, and without party pledges, all who love the Union are determined to have it at and the country until this rebellion shall be crushed, and then as may here-after divide as we please upon the policies and differences of administration of Government.

To you, my dear friend, I need urge no justification of this course. You will appreciate it, for you are aware of the sacrifice, both of feeling and of position, I made, a year ago, in the earnest endeavor to save the country from this calamity, which I then plainly saw was coming on the best sight I had, endeavored to prevent it. And I am sure you will not ask a sacrifice now to repel that which I then sought to avert. I need not thank you and others of my friends, for this among other kindnesses you have shown me.

Very truly yours,

BENJ. F. BUTLER.

THE New Yorkers are suspicious that somebody designs, not to stop their grog, but their water. A few days ago a schooner, on board of which was a large quantity of powder, was seized while in such a position as to lead to the suspicion that the design was to blow up Croton Aqueduct Works.

THE color of the new three cent postage stamps has faded since they were printed, owing to a defect in the ink. In a very short time the stamps will be issued in a brighter tint.

Bale of Stocks & Brokers' Board, Sept. 4.

50 Cumberland Coal Railroad	111¼
45 Middlesex and Milford Steam Railroad	45
5 Boston and Maine Railroad	97
20 Boston and Maine Railroad	97
5 Fitchburg Railroad	98
5 Fitchburg Railroad	98
5 Bank of Commerce	90 3/4
5 Eastern Railroad	103
5 Eastern Railroad	103
$1000 Boston Water Power Bonds	100

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has removed his office from Central Street to the Post Office, front room till new rooms, 1, 3, 5 and 7 Prescott Block, are completed, which will be about the 1st of October, when he will be pleased to see his friends and customers at the above named place for lumber of every description. A. L. BRIDGES. Lowell, July 25, 1861. jy26

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We shall hereafter refer readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for the Agency for Lowell and vicinity. jan30tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Sawtelle, G. O. Hare, P. B. Richardson, H. Bodwell, Lyon Spaulding, J. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Stores only. No assessments have ever been made in this class. The Stock Department is confined to Stores, Dwellings, Furniture and Manufacturing Risks. The attention of owners of village and factory property is invited to this Company. Dividend paid on policies expiring, and rates as low as in any Company of equal responsibility.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are invested in the stocks of the Banks of this city, and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 29 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. FISHER, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, June 1, 1861. jy19tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It makes less ashes,
It costs less money,
It is the best for burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought only at HOWARD'S WHARF, No. 1 Western Avenue, Lowell.
J. HOWARD, 11 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may24dtf

"BUT ME AND PAL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints. Humors from a common Pimple or Blotch, to the worst Scrofula, Tetter, Rheumatism, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the bowels, purify the blood, and impart vigor to the whole system. Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Piles, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Female Complaints, Nervousness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the bowels, purify the blood, and impart vigor to the whole system. Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Piles, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Female Complaints, Nervousness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the bowels, purify the blood, and impart vigor to the whole system. Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Piles, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Female Complaints, Nervousness, &c.

Physicians of the highest standing in the profession have in the most positive terms thought it entirely unnecessary to recommend these Bitters to the public, as they are daily prescribed by them in their practice. It is the most valuable remedy ever offered to the public, and is warranted to cure all the diseases for which it is recommended, or money refunded. Pamphlets and Circulars gratis.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price $1 per bottle.

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB PILLS, a beautiful cathartic without calomel, are the best blood purifier known. Price 25 cents per box.

Sold by HOWARD & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

Sold by HENRY H. HAY, 82 Hanover St., Boston, and by all Druggists. jan1 eow1y

Agents for Lowell and vicinity, A. BUSH & CO., Boston.

Alvared's Quinine Tonic Bitters,—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists have it. aug31eow4w

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1848.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms, on a single risk, on terms favorable to the assured. Policies issued for any term not exceeding five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell:
Nathan Aiken, John O. Adams,
Josiah G. Abbott, Johnson Clark,
Joshua H. Tapley, Edward Kidder,
Andrew Robeson, Edwin Bigelow,
Kimball Webster, Edwin M. Merrill,
Alonzo A. Miner, Daniel H. Hill.
Benjamin E. Bates,
Jonathan Y. Lowe,
Nicholas E. Prescott, Lowell; Charles Cowley, Lawrence.
NATHAN AIKEN, President.
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 Lee Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
jan1 dtf

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies will on property at as favorable rates as any reliable Companies. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and FURNITURE, and CHURCHES, for the term of FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE W. MORSE, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
Post Office Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1860. jy5tf

Charlestown

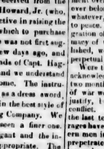
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1861. ap6tf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES



DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is unquestionably in peril if she is weak enough to neglect the use of these Pills when suffering from any irregularity of the system, or from any obstruction or suppression of the menses, from whatever cause. They are equally necessary to married or single, and may be taken with perfect safety by any female, at any time, except during the first three months of pregnancy, when abortion would be the result. Every woman should have a box of these Pills, and should not be persuaded to take any other. Full directions in the pamphlet around each box, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of your Druggist.

N. B.—50 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to us in a letter will secure a box of Pills, containing over 50 Pills, by return mail.

SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., and 41 Druggists. sep3 3t1d3w

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES IS INSURED BY USING

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

Reference can now be given to some of the principal clergymen and other individuals in this vicinity, who have used these Wafers with the most astonishing success. Such as Rev. Dr. Cheever, Andover, Rev. Theron Brown, Methuen, Rev. Mr. Johnson, Lawrence, and many others.

Sold by druggists throughout the country, and by the proprietor, JOHN BRYAN, Andover, Mass.

Price 25 cents per box.

This Medicine is for sale in Lowell by Dr. Bodwell, Dr. Bowers, Dr. Hall, Dr. Hadley, Dr. Hall, Dr. Hadley, Dr. Hall, Dr. Hadley

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
A ONE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. This not being all the benefits I mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more widely circulated throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that were strangers, and in a hunting, saying they had used it and without effect. In such cases I would say that it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In one or two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of the Asiatians have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have placed your testimonials in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, dry head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but found you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,029, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unruly. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, and baldness bald, I concluded I would make the experiment, remembering it has been turned to no purpose my hair to see if it would not restore it to its natural color, and consequently I procured a bottle of your Restorative, and commenced using, following directions carefully as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was dry and stiff, began to grow soft and pliable. In a short time it began to assume its natural color, and in a few months my head was completely covered with a new growth of hair, as fine and soft as any I ever had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is now entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft and fine, and to all appearance, as though just from the hands of a French chamoiseur. Many of my acquaintances are frequently asking me what I have been using to restore my hair. I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old owner, here!

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be exhausted by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those genuine specifics which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—Columbus Spy.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are a humbug, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all those who are falling off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Fanny Ashmead, has experimented the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. A few more hard bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a means to restore the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald because with the cessation of the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore entitled to our confidence for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff, that fruitful source of humor, which operates so injuriously to the hair. It does not contain anything injurious to the constitution. It in many cases pimples and other disfigurements, which are the effects of impure blood. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and its efficacy is vouched for by hundreds, as the compound, if it does not produce a manifest improvement in the appearance of being worn, as its component elements are perfectly healthy, but we advise our friends with an sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, whose originality has been turned to account in the hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is unfettered by world wide, and thousands who have worn, wigs or been bald for years are now throughout the country preparing to wear their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, which is the study of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the same. Prof. Wood's Restorative the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying ornament of that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that gray hair was unnatural under any age of the individual had reached four score, and he intuited that the same could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—almost land and quite gray at the age of forty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and his article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and have nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.

EF At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

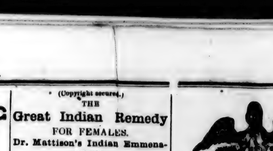
jan27—ow

(Copyright secured.)

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction, sooner than any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken one week *before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem strange, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with-out a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case—*EF* It is put up in three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express to all parts of the country.

EF Price—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

EF Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented* IN EVERY INSTANCE, *or it will be refunded.*

EF BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! *None genuine unless signed with the proprietor's name, Dr. M. MATTISON.* Sold by all Druggists, and by the Union street Providence, R. I.

EF Dr. M. MATTISON has all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, to whom he can confidently refer, after twenty years practice, giving his whole *attention* to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise (strictly confidential), and medicines will be sent to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for a few patients, who will receive the utmost and kindest attention, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to swindling quacks annually, in N. York City alone, by those afflicted with the Secret Disease. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who are ashamed to speak or to hear spoken *they can never be cured!* If there is any excuse for silence, not compelled to suffer in silence, but dare to expose the cheat for fear of exposing *themselves*. All that comes from boasting, *without impunity*, to men who are sinks of corruption, should be avoided. A few simple recommendation is their own false statements. If, therefore, you would avoid the evils of *self-exposure*, you should apply to one who has had *twenty years experience*, and who has *proved* his professions are, but MAKE INQUIRIES for yourself, and you will not have any cause to regret, for, as advertising physicians rank among the lowest of the low, and are the curse of humanity, *many of them*, unless you know who and what they are.

EF Dr. M. will not advertise, but by enclosing One Dollar he will send a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Female Complaints*, which will give information of the most wonderful *reference* ever published, and also an advertising physician or medicine of this kind to deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

augtaw7, 1861

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of

STEAM-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT AND NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and so as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Address, Circulars, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, Bi-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Blank Forms, Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade,

Executed in the neatest manner.

EF Always on hand, a good stock of paper and envelopes suitable for printing. ORDERS CARRIED edged to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. SPENCE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.
It raises no dust.
No dusting is necessary after sweeping.
It sweeps faster and better than a broom.
It does not injure the carpet.
It picks up list and grit that a broom will not.
It will sweep a room in less than one-half the time.
It is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child even, can sweep the brussels or rag carpet without injury.
It saves curtains, furniture, bonks, &c., from the accumulation of dust that is left by all other companies all brown sweeping.
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.
For sale by H. HAYNES,
No. 45 Merrimack stree
ap23-y

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE VERDICT PUT IN THE PERSONS OF

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, CANKER, DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are now used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them from gentleman to humble citizen.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, write from Nevarre, Ohio, and says: "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia or liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They are a great article too. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance to others."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the best medicine he ever trifle offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of pacification of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bountsville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 6th, 1860. He was much reduced, and had been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for three years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years free. Before meeting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection or debility, it is a specific certain remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Chronic Debility.

D. K. GALLAGHER, M. D., writes from Fort Wayne, Ind., "I can unhesitatingly recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

What's New—we are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealer in medicine generally.

43tuw 3m

mar7

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR.—Fresh ground Graham Meal and flour, white wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

S. N. WOOD.

nov20

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the hair. For efficacy and agree ableness, it is without equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is the great preserver of beauty.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It should be used by those with hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp of itching.
It removes dandruff.
It counts 50 cents for a half-pint bottle.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn *Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Ambrotypes Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.—The largest and best assortment of Ivory and Gold setting, Plaiting, Ensmg, &c., &c.

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. Also,

FINE CUTLERY. dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PUBLIC SPIRIT
PATRIOTISM
PROGRESS
PEACE
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PROSPERITY

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Corn Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Lower Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, Lowell.

S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenia's Premium French Wash, Gluten Powder, Fairy Cream, Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Rose and Almond Cream, Pearl Powder, Rouge, for sale at S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets. ap23

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will find a rich treat at HARRIS'S New Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street. mar1

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LIEBIG'S LIQUID CONCENTRATED BEEF is invaluable. It will be found *efficient* cheap, and a great saving of labor. Public lecturer Stoddard, by its use will cook in *fresh air* soup. Its equal has never been discovered. It is surrounded to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

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H. S. HAYNES'

WAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gold

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS.

Decorated Globes, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE,

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the best Manufactories in this country, together with a new assortment of

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of Crockery will find it for their interest to call and examine our assortment, being assured that the liberal encouragement we have received from the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our motto—

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

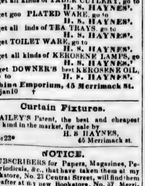
Thanking my friends and customers for their liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to this establishment, and a continuance to solicit the favors of their future both profitable and agreeable, I shall endeavor to fall from all before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

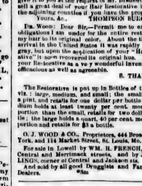
mar15

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD AND WELL KNOWN REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A FRIEND INDEED.



THE HAMMOND LINIMENT



THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, DIPHTHERIA, TOOTH ACHE, EAR ACHE, or any other Nervous Disease. All who have used it exclaim, "*What a Wonderful Relief!*" "*Almost Instantaneous!*" "*Marvelous!*"

Our motto is to sell such as to be

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

It is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass., and by all Druggists.

Price 25 cents per bottle.

Directions in English, French, German, Spanish and Portuguese.

Golden Salve to heal quickly all Burns and Scalds.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

C. G. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO., MORSE & BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents, Boston. Sold in Lowell by Chas A. Kimball, Wm. H. Dyar, Wm. Hall, Jr., Dana & Hosmer, S. Kidder, Jr. ap23 6m 1y

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is healthy. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. "A Hurricane—sympathetic Nervous Affection, Neuralgia and Fall Rheumatism is an *abnormal remedy*, drinking out and entire by reducing the disease, producing no change in diet or business, and may be taken by child and person of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw. CHARLES A. BELL,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks last summer, I was persuaded to try a few bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYERS,
79 Franklin st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by it nearly crazed me from the effect of numberless remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well. D. B. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 6 Augustus Place, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Sciatic Neuralgia worst form for a long time, and suffered more than I can describe. I applied, and was entirely relieved. I find one bottle of your "Gardiner's Compound" will hold immediate relief, and one bottle by mail will cure the worst case of chronic rheumatism. JOHN A MUDGE,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" has so nearly relieved me from sufferings of several years' standing. W. E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, two years of age, has been for three months afflicted with Fever Sores. His hands covered with sores and in constant pain I gave him Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and in fourteen days his hands were entirely well. J. W. HAMMOND, 10 Milk street, Boston.

I have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia.
THOMPSON BLANCHARD,
Proprietor Pearl St. House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.
FANNY THOMPSON,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T. Gliddon, Esq., was afflicted for years with the severest form of Rheumatic Compound" in 1856, when I was living in Boston. He was then confined to bed and Rheumatism, and that it proved to be of decided benefit to him.
ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Mass.

Having used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound that they have derived great benefit from its use, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism.
Lowell Post Office.

Boston & N. R. R. 7.45 A M., 12 M. and 6 P. M. Lawrence, 11 and 8 P. M. New York, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Nashua, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Portland, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Salem, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Andover, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Worcester, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Lowell, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Boston, 7.45 A. M., 12 M. and 6 P. M. Lawrence, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Nashua, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Portland, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Worcester, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Salem, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Andover, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. New York, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. Lowell, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.

MAILS CLOSE.

For Boston, Worcester, Salem, Andover, Lawrence, Nashua, Portland, Concord, Manchester, Montreal and Canada, at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. For New York, by Boston & Worcester R. R., at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. For Boston & Maine R. R. Stations, at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. For Dracut, Tyngsboro' and Hudson, at 5 P. M. For Billerica, Bedford and Burlington, at 8 A. M. For Chelmsford, at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. For Tewksbury, at 8 A. M. For Dunstable, at 5 P. M. For Westford, at 8 A. M. For Tyngsboro' and Dracut

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, Sept. 9, 1861.

"WHAT IS THE DUTY OF THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION?" A correspondent of the *Boston Post*—a Democratic print that has done as good service for the country as any paper in New England, since the war broke out—asks this question, and then proceeds to make his answer, which we give below. We know not how many there may be of the same way of thinking as "A Middlesex Democrat," but we have an idea that there are very few Democrats in the State, who really care a farthing about a party nomination. A liberal policy at this time, on the part of those who shall hereafore been the straightest kind of Republicans, would secure to the nominations that will probably be made at the convention called by the Republican State Committee, three-quarters of the votes that were polled against Lincoln last fall. We are thankful that Massachusetts and is too good to grow traitors out of whole; and people are for sustaining the Government; if it is not sustained, then our parties and our institutions will be of little value, and it matters not whether they are preserved or go to pieces. But to the article referred to.—

Allow me to express through your paper my view as to the duty of the Democrats in this State in regard to the State election; and, furthermore, the duty of all true citizens of this State in the coming election—for what is the duty of a Democrat is the duty of all citizens. This is the time, above all, whether in the ranks and files, or whether in the high places in the State government, should act for the country.—Be United, the Constitution—for this party, that party, this clique, that clique, this State or that State—the North or the South—but for the whole country, as it was bought by the blood of patriots, and handed down to us as a legacy, that we, our children, their children, and posterity, in addition after generation, might enjoy as we have enjoyed for years passed. We are in the midst of a revolution. This is enough—no one can well have brought it on—the question is, How shall we get out of it? Let the past be past, and so far behind that no lamentation may be set to recall anything of so wicked—let all political debts be paid, or I fear all will find "Jordan a hard road to travel."

I say, then, it is the duty of the Democratic convention, which is called for the 18th at Worcester, to pass resolutions to stand by the Government in the prosecution of the war to its end—to—to—to—(here their men nor money to bring it to a close—calling on all Democrats to aid by their influence and money in putting down this rebellion and to bring back those erring States, it as a subjugated people, or otherwise with all their original rights—hands reaches. North and South, with the severest punishment—erasing a new State, or one, authorize all county, district city and town committees to hold new caucuses to fill vacancies occur the State Committee to act. Then nothing—without nominating a single candidate, with a resolution recommending to the people of Massachusetts to call a Peoples' Convention at some subsequent day, to nominate candidates for Governor and other State offices, and select such men as are not surrounded by cliques or political ties, but of known integrity, men who would have the confidence of all parties and all people.

This seems to me to be the true path for the Democratic Party to pursue this fall. The Republican Party, who, through their journals, were the first to cry "no party," would rescind fall in. If not, the responsibility would rest on them. Such a course, no doubt, would defeat them if they should persist in making party nominations on October 1st. They have full confidence in the people; they would rally to such resolutions; they would around us to day but the old party lines, but in vain. One grand interest, absorbing for a while all questions of minor importance, has united us on the public mind, sweeping away barriers which Democrats, Republicans or Americans had erected around themselves, and the citizens of the United States, forgetful of the party issues of political campaigns, ask solely this, *How shall the Union be sustained, and our Government be restored to its sea-wide power?* We recognize Constitution as the only political question of the day.

A MIDDLESEX DEMOCRAT.

ACCIDENT TO EX-GOVERNOR BRIGGS.—A serious accident occurred to ex-Governor Briggs on Wednesday, at his residence in Pittsfield. He accidentally knocked down a gun which had been loaded for shooting rats, and had left a charge of shot in it. As it fell it was discharged, and the contents took effect in the lower jaw of the Governor, breaking it, and inflicting serious injuries, which it is feared may prove fatal.

GEN. FREMONT'S PROCLAMATION. The proclamation of Fremont is a stunning blow at secession in Missouri and is sustained by loyal citizens, as just what was wanted. Even the *Missouri Republican*, which has been so bold in its opposition to the war as to be positively treasonable, a free people would allow, warmly endorses his measures and adds:—

"The wisdom of their promulgation by the supreme officer of the army of the West, we are confident, will be conceded by every just and loyal citizen. There is no longer any middle ground or room for traitors where the lawful government has its sway. Gen. Fremont makes boldly and fearlessly. The consolidated patriotism and the boundless resources of the great Northwest are at his back. Let every faithful man, by word and deed, give aid and encouragement to this grand movement for the re-establishment of the whole people."

A NOBLE EXAMPLE. The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, desiring to set a good example to institutions of its class, has subscribed, at the Assistant Treasurer's office in Boston, for one hundred thousand dollars of the new 7 3-10th loan.

The *Providence Post* thinks that the R. B. Forbes' log might be written up, in a few words,—"ashore twice, and drunk all the time."

THE WAR NEWS.

From Missouri. Gen. Pope arrived at Quincy on the 4th inst., and went to take the field at once at the head of an army.

The rebels have torn up the track and cut down the telegraph lines between Hannibal and Shelbina. Martin Green was between those places on the 4th with 2000 well armed rebels and two cannon. Gen. Hurlbut is reported west of Shelbina with 12 or 1500 Iowa and Illinois troops.

Accounts from the rebels in Southeast Missouri are conflicting. Their numbers are variously estimated as from 9000 to 30,000.

It is reported that J. W. Reid, member of Congress from the Fifth Missouri district, is raising a regiment in his district for the rebel army.

Kentucky. General Grant yesterday telegraphed to the Kentucky Legislature that the rebels in considerable numbers, had invaded Kentucky, and were occupying and fortifying strong positions at Hickman and Chalk Bluffs. Gov. Harris of Tennessee says that the rebels that landed at Hickman did so without his knowledge or consent, and is confident, from the unanimous consent of Jeff. Davis.—He has telegraphed to Jeff. Davis, requesting their immediate withdrawal.

Other matters. Two men named Sargent and Hill, of Yarmouth, Me., were arrested on the 4th by order of the Secretary of War, and were taken in a carriage Westward, with the intention of taking the cars at Saco, but they were pursued by a writ of habeas corpus and brought to Portland. They will have a hearing today before Judge Clifford of the United States Court.

Reliable information has been received at Washington that Jeff. Davis was in fine health the day after his reported demise.

It is reported that 800 troops were sent from Washington to Fort Hatteras last Sunday.

Position and condition of the rebels.—The *Star's* correspondent in Fairfax County says there are no rebel troops at Vienna, the pickets only being there. Immediately around Flint Hill, half way between Vienna and Fairfax Court House, are the remains of four South Carolina regiments reduced to about half of their usual number, principally by sickness. Each of these regiments were originally 900 strong. The measles raged and died off terrifically among these regiments as well as throughout the rest of Beauregard's troops, from which fact the saying, "If you wish to fight for secession, take your coat and fight for it outside this mill."—*Lewiston Journal.*

The *Bath Times*, in noticing the above, says:—" If, at the present time, men will have such an inordinate love of cotton, let them go South and cultivate the raw material."

DEATH OF THE FALL. The *Salem Gazette* hears of houses in that city renting from 15 to 20 per cent. lower than heretofore. In some cases the landlords come down to the wood and voluntarily make a handsome reduction.

THE message of Gov. Magoffin, of Kentucky, does not sustain the hopes raised by the telegraphic reports respecting him a few days ago. He is still a traitor.

THE sound of a cannon ball striking a human being is described by a soldier at the battle of Bull Run. The compassion it to a sound made by striking a soft sheep's with a fist.

CORRESPONDENCE.

CAMP MCCLELLAN, BALTIMORE, MD., September 19, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—Supposing that information relating to Massachusetts regiments will be interesting to Massachusetts men, I subjoin a few words in that direction:

The Seventeenth, Lieut. Col. Fallows commanding, arrived in this city on Sunday, the 25th ult., and encamped at Camp Andrew, where Nim's Battery has been encamped for the last three weeks. It is the highest ground in the city or vicinity. The battery consists of six twelve pounder rifled cannon, and the city of Baltimore is as completely commanded by the guns of Nim's Battery as would be the city of Lowell from Centralville Heights. This is a most beautiful location, commanding not only a complete view of the city, but of fine residences and noble farms in the vicinity of the Monumental City, and the flag at the Relay House Camp is plainly seen.

3 o'clock, P. M. Sunday. The camp, artillery and all, are preparing for religious services for the first time in Baltimore, the band rehearsing old "Coronation" for the occasion. Hark! hark! The drums are beating the long roll! What does it mean at this hour! Soon the Adjutant appeared with the order—" Band, pack up, strike camp, and be ready to march in half an hour!" Corsets, camp-stools, cookpots, singing-books and tubors, were thrown aside at once, and all was "noise and confusion." In short time baggage-wagons were loaded, and the regiments were marching down Baltimore Street to the tune of "John Brown's body lies mouldering," &c., just as the churches were pouring out their thousands to the well-dressed Union and Secession population.

On arriving at McKim's Square, where the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment seized the pikes and other arms belonging to Marshal Kane, we found the Sixteenth Massachusetts, Col. Wyman, all packed for war, and ready to march on short notice. We here received the information that this Sixteenth was to supply their place, and the Seventeenth was ordered to guard the Marshal Kane Magazine, now containing eighty-two tons of powder and other war material—a rather important trust in a city whose population is more than half of the most virulent rebel propensities.

Sunday Evening. Is named Camp McClellan and is beautifully situated near the centre of the city. At 4 P. M., the Sixth Michigan Regiment, twelve hundred strong, marched in, and was pitched tents, and will doubtless remain to guard the magazine, while we are momentarily expecting orders to pack up again and march nobody knows where, but one may see as well in care, so long as it is not in the direction of the rising sun. I therefore close with a great degree of uncertainty as to where we shall go in the morning.

[Above correspondence as of this morning.—The Regiment, we since learn, left soon after the letter was written, for Fortress Monroe, where it arrived on the 2nd inst. The men are in good health and spirits, which conveyed troops to Hatteras Inn.—Ed.

Correspondent of the *Boston Traveller* says—

"You would think our soldiers on board had all turned Methodists in order by the shoutings; the companies from Lowell, especially the Butter Rifles, largely Catholics, were heartily joining in the chorus of 'Glory Hallelujah, we are marching on.'"

SOMETHING ABOUT THE DIRECT TAX.—The editor of the *Boston Democrat*, S. C. Baldwin, Esq., who has always been prominent in the ranks of the Democracy, thus talks concerning the direct tax:—

On the outside we publish an article in which it is stated that under the provisions of the direct tax, the amount to be paid upon a thousand dollar farm will only be about one dollar. Some legal gentleman, we presume, has figured it out, and the matter up, gave us the impression that it would amount to $20 per $1000; but if we can come down to twenty-cents there will be a relief; although we think we would rather pay the enormous sum of thirty dollars rather than have the Union destroyed, the government degraded, the interests of the American people sacrificed, the value of property reduced to almost nothing, our country divided into two hostile nations for Great Britain to play off against each other that she may domineer over both. We think we should rather pay thirty dollars than submit to all this, especially when we feel that the issue of the division of the Union is to some large permanent standing armies, with perhaps wars between the separate States; cities, towns and farm houses destroyed, people impoverished, and rapidly spreading the desolating hand over all. Yes, we are sure we should pay thirty dollars to escape this, and then have a Democratic administration to protect our life and little property without feeling always that it and even if it be came necessary, we flatter ourselves we would live a few shots with some sort of fire arm, in defence of the constitution and our native land.

RIGHTEOUS. A young man, in the employ of the Androscoggin Company, was discharged last week, for using a most disgusting manner, when his conversation was carried on with a female operative. A short time afterward he received permission to leave the service of the company, with the following remark from the agent: "If you wish to fight for secession, take your coat and fight for it outside this mill."—*Lewiston Journal.*

CITY AND VICINITY.

WANTED.

A young man, who is steady as Rock-ranger, but has the afternoons unemployed, wishes to obtain employment either as Copyist or Accountant. No objections given. Address "Box 324" Lowell P. Office. August 7, 1861. aug3dtf

MAJ. GEN. BUTLER AT HOME. Major Gen. B. F. Butler arrived in the city over the Stony Brook Railroad, at about a quarter to 7 o'clock last evening. He was received at the depot by Hon. E. B. Patch and Dr. J. W. Graves—a committee from the committee of arrangements—a cavalcade of about one hundred horsemen, and twenty men from each of the four old military companies and the Wamsutt Rifles; more of the military would have turned out, but had no guns. The Brigade Band was also in attendance.

The whole space around the Middlesex Street Depot was filled with people. Gen. Butler's arrival was the signal for a long and loud cheering. Thirteen guns were fired on the South Common, and the noisest enthusiasm was kept up on the march from the depot to the Merrimack House, the procession passing through Middlesex, Central, Merrimack and Dutton on its way. At the Merrimack House, the crowd was still larger than at the depot, and the same wild cheers welcomed him. Every foot of space which could be looked upon from the front windows of the hotel, was literally crowded with people, waiting to catch sight of the familiar features of the General and to pour forth cheer after cheer him and eager for his reply. Certain it is, no Lowell man was ever before received with so full a demonstration of welcome as was bestowed upon Gen. Butler last evening.

On stepping from his carriage, with Mayor B. C. Sargeant, and other of our prominent citizens, Gen. Butler passed into the Merrimack House, but soon appeared on a rostrum that had been erected in front, where he was welcomed in a cordial, though brief address by the Mayor, which we append:

Gen. Butler.—In behalf of your fellow-citizens, without distinction of party or creed, I bid your return to your home a cordial welcome to your home. I know, that no approbation can be more valuable than that which proceeds from your neighbors and friends. They have come out to greet you and to express to you their appreciation of your services in defence of the Government under which we live, and to bid you God-speed in your future efforts to uphold the old banner under which our fathers achieved our national independence.

We witnessed, with just pride, the alacrity with which, at the inception of this rebellion, you left the lucrative practice of your profession and responded to the call of your country; the daring energy with which, under your command, a public building was opened to the brave soldiers of the North who were rushing to the defence of the National capital; the patient labor, the patriotic waiting necessary to prepare for important military movements —all these were watched with interest, until our hearts were thrilled as with an electric shock upon the receipt of the news of that brilliant achievement on the coast of the rebel State of North Carolina, by the capture of the forts at Hatteras Inlet.

Along the whole route to Gen. Butler's residence, in Belvidere, the streets were lined with people, who exhibited the same interest and enthusiasm that had been manifested at other points.

At his house, Gen. Butler expressed himself, through Capt. Follansbee, in a grateful manner for the part the members of the military had acted, and withdrew into his house, to be received by a proud and joyous family.

The reception was indeed an honor to our distinguished citizen, and certainly creditable to those who suggested it and contributed by their labor to bring it about. It was indeed a success, and there can be no say it was not wisely proposed.—The military and the gentlemen who composed the cavalcade, are deserving special credit for the promptness with which they turned out to take part in the exercise.

The stay of the military and citizens was brief. The band played in excellent style Sweet Home, and the Generals were left to the society of his family and a few personal friends.

The crowd on the streets this morning, in citizen's dress, was the same as that on the 9th train, which is pretty good evidence that his habits of industry have not been relinquished.

SUPERIOR COURT. The verdict of the Sheriff's Jury in the case of the Central Bridge Company vs. city of Lowell, the trial of which was noticed in this paper, some weeks ago, was returned into the Superior Court on Tuesday last, and filed. The jury awarded $17,000 to the Bridge Company. The case was then taken under advisement by the Court, and a verdict of $22,000 obtained. Mr. Choate then argued the case.

In 1859, the bridge had cut out as a highway and was ordered to be built by the city, which was to pay one-half the cost of laying out the bridge at the time of laying out the road for a toll for Fortress Monroe, when the Sixteenth was on board, and the Seventeenth was ordered to guard the Marshal Kane Magazine, now containing eighty-two tons of powder and other war material—a rather important trust in a city whose population is more than half of the most virulent rebel propensities.

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POSTMASTER GOODWIN has considerably recovered from his severe attack of sickness. Yesterday, with its family, he went over to old Concord to spend a few days in "recruiting" his health.

PICK-POCKETS ABOUT. A Mr. Sherwood, who was in the crowd at the Merrimack House last evening, had a wallet, containing about $45, taken from his pocket, by some expert pick-pocket.

A splendid new seven octave rosewood case piano will be sold by E. H. Patch & Co., to-morrow without reserve, at office at 10 o'clock A. M. It is now on exhibition.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 5.

10 Pinsburg Railroad 99
10 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad 103 1-4
10 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad 103 1-4
10 Boston and Worcester Railroad 48 1-4
5 Michigan Southern Railroad 23
27 Merchants' Bank 97 1-4
10 do. do. 97 1-4
25 Exchange Bank 100

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has opened a Saloon at No. 3 Merrimack Square, where he will be happy to serve all who may favor him with their patronage.

Oysters, Ice Cream and Refreshments will be served promptly attended to.

DAVID HYDE, Agent, Lowell, Mass.
Office at Boston & Lowell Railroad Depot.
Lowell, May 28, 1861. 1y22

STEELE & LUND SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this best of Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. aug8dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	S. W. Stickney,	D. S. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby,	Wm. Hall,	Jos. Hall,
L. G. Howe,	Edward Tuck,	Alvah Crocker,
	Wm. Hall, Jr., Secretary.	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Traders, Professional and Farmers' risks. No assessment during the last year. Cash capital and surplus September 1st $95,018.81, with deposit notes to the amount of $50,000 more, which are liable to assessment to pay losses. Dividends to Mutual Policy holders particularly invited. Applications to Mutual Policy holders will be received at the office of the Company with a substantial cash basis.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT has cash assets amounting over $70,000. Dividends, merchandise and other risks taken at fair rates. Applications for insurance, either personally solicited and promptly paid.

Office, No. 27 Central Street.

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary and Actuary.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. 3m jy19

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
It kindles quickly,
It burns up clearest,
It is cleanest,
It burns in less quantity,
It has no slate,
It burns free from burning coal, and the ashes are less than any other coal.
Yards, Foot of Merrimack, Broadway, Western Avenue, and corner Canal, Lowell.
JOHN C. HOWARD & CO.
Lowell, May 1, 1861. 1y18

"BUT ME AND PA'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst putrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Dyspepsia; Dizziness; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They are truly wonderful in their effects, regulate the stomach and bowels, eradicate the Liver, and purify the blood, and thereby remove the cause of disease. Ladies, they are the best medicine you can use to promote the monthly courses, and will save you from suffering. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents a bottle.

Principal Depot, 21 Temple Place, Boston, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. R. S. RICE & CO., Proprietors.
Lowell, Mass. 6m31 jy27

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST? HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope: Price 6 cts. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, Impediments to Marriage, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse. By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers." Sent under seal and by mail, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two stamps. Address DR. CULVERWELL, 127 BOWERY, New York.

Post Office Box 4586. 1y jy27

Attend Quieting Tonic Bitters,—the best, Aromatic Tonic. Sold by druggists. Circulars gratis. See advertisement. 4w7 jy27

MARRIAGES.

In this city, Sept. 5th, by Rev. Chester Field, Mr. John Wood to Miss Mary Bush, all of Lowell.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHAMPAGNE ALE.

The attention of the public is solicited to the CHAMPAGNE ALE, brewed by the subscriber. This ALE is pronounced by all who have used it, to be the best article of the kind ever brewed in this city, for which they are willing to pay the highest price. It is warranted to keep in any weather, in quantities to suit purchasers, and will be delivered to any part of the city. Orders left at the Brewery, Gorham street, will be promptly attended to.

ROBERT ATKINSON.
Lowell, July 1, 1861. 3m27

Bills taken in either Boston or Manual department, on the most favorable terms. jy27

SCHOOL BOOKS.

WE have a large lot of New and Second hand School Books, which we will sell low. Call for cash only now at aug31 27 Merrimack st.

City Library.

THE following Books have been added to the City Library, viz:

Tom Brown at Oxford, part second; Hymns of Faith and Hope, second series; Agassiz and McDonne; Four years in Wilkes' Exploring Expedition; Life of Gen. Lyon; Try and Trust; Chimney Sweeper; Poor Girl and Rich Girl; Lives of Distinguished Men; Land; Pictures from History of the Swiss; Pictures from History of Rome; Life of Bishop Bell's Watched; Crusades and the Crusaders; Life of Mary Lyon; Children's First Lessons in Natural History; Mr. Brown's Letters; Dick Boldrick; Life of Dr. Channing; Civilization in England, vol. 2; Forgets for the Fireside; Fragrant Leaves; Life of Bishop Bell. CHARLES A. KIMBALL, Librarian.
Aug. 31, 1861. 2w35 dcots

150,000 BUNCE STRAWBERRY PLANTS,

FOR sale by the subscribers. Prices reduced to $15.00 for 1000 Plants; $1.50 for 100 Plants; $ 7.00 " " 500 " " $1.00 " 50 "

All orders left at Joseph Bunce's Nursery, 27 Merrimack Street, or with A. W. Leonard, at A. B. Allen's Seed Store, 13 Central Street, or sent to the subscribers, will receive prompt attention, and Plants sent to go safely to any part of the country, delivered in any part of Lowell, or forwarded by Express or Railroad as desired.

BUNCE & CO.
Westford, Mass.
jy27dtf&w3m

W. ALONZO OWEN

Would respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that he has removed to his new store, No. 17 CENTRAL STREET, where he will keep on hand Sheet Music and Musical Merchandise, such as Violins, Violin Strings, Bows, Bridges, Rosin, Keys, Screws, Pegs, Tailpieces, Bass Strings, Guitar Strings, Accordeons, Flutinas, Flageolets, Fifes, Flutes, Clarionets, Drums, Fifes, Tambourines, Triangles, Cymbals, Music Boxes, Music Books, Sheet Music, &c., &c.

Tuning and Repairing Pianos and Melodeons promptly attended to.

Patrons of the Old Stand will find me at my new place of business. jy27 dtf

50 PAIRS GALVANIZED CLOVES,

SELLING at half price, at BRAZERN & Co's. jy27 dtf

BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, Sore Throat, and all disorders of the Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find these Troches useful in clearing the voice. Sold by R. S. RICE & CO., Proprietors, Merrimack and John streets. jy27

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1861.

Continues to insure against loss or by FIRE, not exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for one year or from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Allen, Stephen Crosby,
Benjamin Adams, Wm. Crosby,
Thomas W. Hunt, Chas. H. Morse,
Edward Kidder, Jr. Chas. H. Bond,
Benjamin E. Bates. Boston.
Alvah Crocker, Fitchburg.
Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates, Boston.
Abraham T. Lang, Lester W. Clapp, Boston E. Dunstable.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Patent Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Last Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 23, 1 60

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rated as other responsible offers. POLICIES issued promptly, and LOSSES paid promptly at their counters, and CHURCHER, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.
Office at RICHMOND'S, Insurance Agency, No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell. July, 1858. 1y29

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Office at RICHMOND'S, No. 18 Appleton Block, Lowell. 1y29

YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS as well as

HEIMSTREET'S IMIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it is THE ONLY ARTICLE THAT GIVES SATISFACTION FOR THE BALD AND GREY.

THIS IT IS UNRIVALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR.

KEEPING IT FREE FROM DANDRUFF

AND THAT PRODUCES

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR.

SOFT, GLOSSY AND HUMAN SCALP, AND A CLEAN SCALP,

AND IS THE ONLY ARTICLE OF THE KIND THAT DOES SO.

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

PREPARED BY THE

WAVERLY HALL, Jan. 20, 1859

Messrs. W. E. Hazard & Co., Boston.

Gents: I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S "Restorative" for the last two years, and find it to be the best article for the purpose I have ever sold, and can recommend it to all who want a good article.

Yours truly, S. H. EMERSON.

STILL ANOTHER.

W. E. HAZARD & CO

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray; in less than two months stopped its falling, and in three months more there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per week. My hair has ever since retained its former soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not consider the above facts mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even foster your sale in this late day, as I am well aware they do all well known—but, should any even more wonderful ones transpire out the Union. I have occupied my time in describing the power and virtue of your Hair Restorative, Prof. Wood's article is almost the possible to convince them of its superiority.

Yours truly, FREDERICK T. BUTLER, M.D.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case it has given desired result, and receives the decided approval of all who have tried it. Many of our readers from recommend it as one of those few genuine preparations which accomplish all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire—*Louisville Democrat*.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and exceedingly popular preparation gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative was first introduced to the public in January, 1855, since which time it has never been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray; in less than two months stopped its falling, and in three months more there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Re-sumes, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, Bi-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,
for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
in stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, with or without the richest styles of borders.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every purpose, and constantly in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. K. JONES,
C. HUSE, } Proprietors.

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,
WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.

It raises no dust.

No cleaning is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It will last a life time.

It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not.

It runs easily and without noise or annoyance to the most delicate nerve.

It is the cheapest and most durable sweeper in use.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAYNES.
ap2 3m

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL
IS THE VERDICT PUT
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, CARDIAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading physicians throughout the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES A. LEEPER, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those using for family medicine, pronounce them an excellent tonic."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction."

Dr. J. C. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes on that they are the most valuable medicine in the family—He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of cases of the worst and most obstinate debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Henry Co., Ind., writes as a long letter, under date of May 18th, 1860, that he commenced having been afflicted for three years with great debility, and with the most painful symptoms of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles of Dr. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters, was entirely restored and am now in the enjoyment of perfect health."

Mr. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all the forms known, and at the date of his letter he had been using but a few of the Sherry Wine Bitters when several physicians attending him would do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, sick headache, debility, &c., it is a specific certain remedy."

Dr. M. will send pamphlets containing certificates as above, & circulars on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on PRIVATE DISEASES, with other VALUABLE INFORMATION, and *the most unshaken references* to responsible persons which can be given by physician or medicine of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 7, 1861 aug2dd&1y

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to the healing else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very few cases where it does not accomplish all that is claimed for it, a kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is the discovery of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too much increase. They can seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. IT is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Explanatory Circulars, with directions, &c., designed especially for CONSTIPATED CASES, *in which all the* POWERFUL *properties of the Iron Remedy are retained in union; also that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None are genuine but those signed and countersigned *personally at Dr. M.'s,* at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

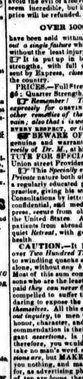
Dr. M. will send pamphlets containing a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of many years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them—to which all who desire, or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation. Terms of sale of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who may desire to spend a few weeks in quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *Two Hundred Thousand Females* are yearly led to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, without any benefit to them, but to the Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who are ashamed to let it be known, but *their paid they can never get it back*, and they are compelled to suffer in silence. No money is daring to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*, to the ridicule of themselves. If, therefore, you would *avoid being humbugged*, or have your money back, *after having paid for worthless one*, but MAKE INQUIRY—it will cost you nothing, and may save you much trouble, for, as advertising physicians in these cases do not, as a general thing, give their right names, unless you know who and what you are paying to.

If Dr. M. will send you a circular containing certificates as above, & circulars on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on PRIVATE DISEASES, with other VALUABLE INFORMATION, and *the most unshaken references* to responsible persons which can be given by physician or medicine of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 7, 1861 aug2dd&1y



Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames and

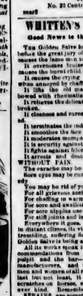
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilting and Repairing Pictures for Glass Frames.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS
Manufactured and repaired. Canes of Ivory and Gold Heads. Plating, Engraving, &c., &c., at
GOODRICH'S STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.



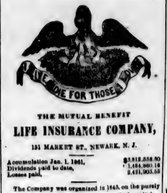
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Howe, Fred and Grain Store, No. 45 Market Street, Lowell.
S. N. WOOD.
apr28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Premium Toilet Soap, Eugenie Perfume Toilet Powder, Parisian Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Rouge Oriental, Eugenie Cosmetique, Pearl Balm, for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'s, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets.
may1

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase of J. MERRILL, New Store, No. 37 Merrimack street.
may1

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
INDOLINE, for cleaning Plated Goods, Brass, Gold and Silver, Glass, Japanned Ware, &c.—This article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient*, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Directions for using will be on use will look as *fresh as new*. Its equal has never been offered to the public. For sale by S. KIDDER, JR., apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.
may28

MANY citizens of LOWELL, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
For sale by all Apothecaries.
mh2



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$2,812,324.93
Dividends paid to date,	1,544,960.18
Losses paid,	2,412,965.13

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations in them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 assets—

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest got all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be most convenient.

Like, Other Co's per annum, may be paid one-half in cash and balance by note at 7 per cent. interest per annum. The interest on premium notes is payable annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid in Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to and the insured in settling their annual premiums, thus saving them the trouble of collecting them.

The Dividends are declared on the Contribution plan, and those who give long or 5 credits on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force the number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured is constantly and rapidly going on.

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SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fiske's Family Coal
NEVER before offered for sale in the New England market. A superior RANGE and GRATE Coal—*free of slate*—for sale by
BENNETT & RADLIF, corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best sorts, always on hand, and at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at Lowell Savings Bank, corner Post Office building.
aug24dtm

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.
THE subscriber having completed his wharf on Western canal, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL at short notice, at the LOWEST CASH prices. All orders will be delivered with promptness.
J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 15, 1861. mar16tf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CRUDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar4

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE—A cheaper supply from the agency of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Government's name, for sale by the subscriber, for sale at Boston prices by DAN'L N. WOOD.
mar25* 43 Market street.

Buying Tools.
I have received my usual large stock of Hay-ing Tools, and am now prepared to sell the same at the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of
50 ctn. Scythes, different makes;
60 " Hand Hay Rakes;
Partridge's and Tuttle's Hay Forks;
Kimball's Wire Tooth Horse Rakes;
Dunham's Gig Rake with wheels;
Revolving Horse Rakes;
Delano's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Scythe Stones, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c., at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 126 Central street, Lowell.
mh13

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health, an abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, &c., by the same cause. Now Improper Circulation is due to Impure Blood, consequently all minor forms of disease. To diseases of certain organs there, for the first great enquiry necessary in order to a cure is, What causes the blood to become impure?

Dr. Jayne has been a master of much study among scientific men, and has spent not only many experiments, but many years and much labor examined upon the enquiry, it has lately become known that the cause of all morbid increase in blood-poisoning, or what is commonly called

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture to assert that as the planets move in the regular order, and all vegetable life is governed by the same laws, so animal life is governed by laws, the cause, which remove or destroy, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be composed of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Nitrous oxide, brought in contact with a muscular fiber, causes it to contract.

Now, to produce indisputable results, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the heart. The oxygen of the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, and the sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of nitrous oxide, and consequently a want of the normal circulation. The blood becomes watery, the red corpuscles diminish, the nervous matter or heart becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism and neuralgia, and the lungs, liver, kidneys and kidneys act in, in short, almost every type of disease has its origin in the blood, and it is to this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles that it is attributed.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we have discovered the "elixir vitæ," we do say that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Is there a remedy for pulmonary disease? Unfortunately, who have tp excess of the blood, diseased the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, &c., by the same cause. Now Improper Circulation is due to Impure Blood, consequently all minor forms of disease. To diseases of certain organs there, for the first great enquiry necessary in order to a cure is, What causes the blood to become impure?

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, Sept, 7, 1861.

WAR TALK OF TO-DAY.

From Washington. Accounts from the south side of Potomac represent that the rebels have taken possession and erected earthworks on a hill about a mile south of, and commanding the residence of Mrs. Vanderbrecken and Vanderberger, four miles from Chain Bridge, both of which are occupied by our pickets, while the rebel pickets are in plain sight. Firing between them is frequent, each party availing themselves of every opportunity for a shot. It is feared the rebels intend shelling those houses which belong to well known Union men. Last Friday night, at or near Vanderbrecken's two members of Company E, Ninth Massachusetts Regiment were taken prisoners by the rebels.

The *New York Post's* special Washington dispatch says there is no doubt but a concerted advance will be made by the rebels in a few days. This has been the talk for weeks past.

Munson's Heights are still occupied by the rebels, who have planted two heavy pieces at their earthworks.

Bravery of a Wisconsin Captain. An anonymous telegraph dispatch to the reporter of the Associated Press, from Chain Bridge, says:—

Capt. Strong, of the Wisconsin Second Regiment, had a narrow escape Friday morning. He was on picket duty, three miles in front of our lines on the Virginia side of the river, opposite Chain Bridge, being mounted and in advance of his men he was suddenly surrounded and taken prisoner by six rebels four mounted and two cavalry. After taking him a short distance to the rear, they searched him for pistols. Thinking this his only chance of escape, he drew a revolver and shot two of his captors, putting spurs to his fleet horse he started for the camp at full run. The remainder of the party fired, one ball passing through his canteen, another through his coat, grazing his skin, and a third through his cheek, passing out of his mouth. But he made good his escape, and came into camp and reported himself for duty. He fought bravely at Bull Run.

The troops beyond the Potomac are represented to be in fine condition, and anxious for an assault from the rebels.

Missouri. The rebels surrounded Lexington a few days ago, and took three or four prominent citizens (Union men) prisoners. On Friday a flag of truce was sent to the rebels, which resulted in a conference. The rebels demanded the unconditional surrendered of the fort, which was flatly refused. During the investment of the town there was considerable skirmishing, and at last sight of the rebels were killed, one Union man was mortally and several others slightly wounded. The rebels finally left the place taking their prisoners with them.

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From the South. According to dispatch es from Richmond there are now about 3600 Federal prisoners in that city.

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Other matters. The District Attorney of New York on the 5th inst. sent notices to prominent houses engaged in the Southern trade, to furnish him a statement of all the balances due necessitating that the same may be proceeded against by the government.

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Commodore Stringham transacted business at the Navy Department yesterday, and will at once return to the fleet.

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Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER FROM MAINE—No. 2.

BANGOR, Me., September 4th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR :—My first letter was from South Chesterville, where, up to this time, I have made my headquarters, though I have been manoeuvering in other directions with a view to get the lay of the land.—Now for my opinion :—Franklin County and the northern section of Kennebec, is very hilly, but notwithstanding that fact, on the side hills and in the dales some splendid farms, well cultivated. Here is an excellent opportunity for raising stock, which is somewhat neglected. For the past years, a large number of horses having been sold from this county to assist in squelching Jeff. Davis' rebellion. [By the way, it is to be hoped that the news of his death, which made such rejoicing among the good people here on Wednesday, is true. I told the people with whom I have been stopping, that we would have an illumination in honor of the event on Thursday evening. The "side hill" was all abiaze last night, and I hope the event which it intended to commemorate will not fail to prove untrue, because, you know, the waste of fire-works !] In speaking of horses having been sold from this county, I would say that most of them went from Farmington. They brought from $90 to $125.

Yesterday I visited Farmington, which is the county seat of Franklin County.—It is situated on Sandy River, a small stream, not so wide as our Concord River, yet they manage to get a good deal of work out of it. Farmington is truly what its name indicates, a *farming* town. I have never seen any better looking farms anywhere, nor better looking buildings than I saw in that town yesterday. Everything appeared rich, green and thrifty, as if the proprietors understood what it required to be a farmer. There are two villages in town, which contain about 2500 inhabitants ; one in the lower part of the town called Farmington Falls, where there is a hotel, church, mills, two or three stores, and perhaps twenty or thirty buildings.—Four miles north of the Falls you come to Farmington Hill, which is quite a large village. It contains three taverns, a court house, an apology for a jail (may they never need a better !) churches, twenty or thirty stores, perhaps two hundred dwelling houses, and two printing offices, the *Chronicle* and *Patriot* being printed here. The former is, I believe, Republican and the latter Democratic. The former is semi-weekly, and of course is read by the citizens of Franklin, the latter I reported *half* for duty. He fought bravely at Bull Run.

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Fifth North Carolina. If we can believe the reports brought to Portress Monroe by the steamers Monticello and Harriet Lane, direct from Hatteras Inlet, affairs in North Carolina are assuming a most encouraging aspect.

The rebels have abandoned their strongly fortified forts at Ocracoke Inlet. Multitudes of North Carolinians have demonstrated their loyalty to the Government by coming to Hatteras Inlet and taking the oath of allegiance.

Col. Hawkins sends word that he has administered the oath to between two and three hundred persons in a single day.—The Pawnee still lies in the inlet and the Susquehanna outside. The Susquehanna ran down to Ocracke Inlet and found the fortifications there completely deserted.—The rebels had however left away the gunboat a white flag was everywhere exhibited.

The *New York Herald* has a special dispatch from Fortress Monroe, confirming the evacuation of Fort Macon, at Ocracoke Creek, 12 miles south pt Hatteras.—The guns were spiked and munitions of war destroyed. The Susquehanna was to go down and take possession.

A large majority of the North Carolinians, after taking the oath of allegiance, intend to remain neutral till the end of the war. Assurances were received from Newbern, that if necessary to carry the guns of the fleet would be raised there, and a majority of the inhabitants will aid in establishing it by that most of them went from Farmington. They brought from $90 to $125.

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P. S. An early return will prevent apprehension that this did not reach you.—Physical disabilities alone prevents me assisting as a volunteer."

CITY AND VICINITY.

Sunday Services.

HON. WARREN CHASE will lecture at Wells' Hall in the forenoon and evening of service. Morning—The Cause and Issue of the Insurrection. Afternoon—The Remedy and its Effects. Evening—Hard Times and the Cause and Cure.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, September 7th.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Butter, per lb. 15 a 18c ; Cheese do. 8 a 10c ; Eggs per doz. 14c.

FRUIT.—Oranges, per box, $3.00 ; Lemons do. 4.00 ; Blueberries per qt. 6c. ; Huckleberries do. 8c. ; Apples per peck 25 a 62c ; Watermelons each 10 a 15c ; Muskmelons do. 6 a 10c ; Grapes per peck, 20c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, rising, per peck, 25 a 31c ; Onions, per lbs. 5c. ; Beans, rising, per peck, 20c ; Beets, per bunch, 3c. ; Turnips, per peck, 25c. ; Cabbage, each 5 a 10c ; Squashes, marrowfat, per lb. 3c ; summer do. per doz. 20c. ; Sitting Beans per peck, 20c ; Cucumbers, per doz. 5c. ; Basil Beans, per qt. 12c ; Tomatoes, per lb., 2c ; Green Corn, per doz. 10c.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons to spare, wishes to obtain employment either as Copyist or Amanuensis. He can be addressed through the Courier. Address "Box 207." Lowell, August 7, 1861. aug7-dtf&w

THE MERRIMACK MANUFACTURING COMPANY. This corporation held a meeting on Thursday afternoon, in Chapman Hall, Boston. The following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year :—George W. Lyman, William Appleton, John A. Lowell, James C. Paige, Edward Austin, and Wm. A. Richardson. The relations of the selling agent to the Company were discussed at some length. The committee on the subject, we are reported that no further action by the Company was necessary. A motion to conform to the laws of the State by dividing the stock into $100 shares, was then put and table. We see it estimated that the Company has at this time five thousand bales of cotton on hand, which is believed to be sufficient to run the mills for weeks at least. We trust that before that time elapses we shall have an abundance of cotton, direct from the South ; for when our army once gets a foothold there, all they will ask will be to be "let alone."

INCREASE OF FREIGHTS. There are evident and gratifying indications of a revival in business by the increase on the different railroads. There has been a considerable increase of freight, more than last year at this night. The Stony Brook Railroad is especially, doing much better in the freight department, and the morning passenger train up, will soon, doubtless, go free from the merchandise burden, with which it has been burdened for some time, much to the discomfiture of travellers, who are in favor of faster running. A regular freight train will relieve passengers of its "unnatural" drawback. We look upon this as another indication of improvement in business circles.

POLICE COURT. Humphrey Sullivan and Michael Fleming, for larceny of lead pipe from the dwelling-house of L. G. Howe.—Sullivan was sentenced to the House of Correction for six months, and Fleming was released by paying $5 and costs.

Patrick Higgins, Thomas Higgins and Bridget Higgins, all for assault and battery, were defaulted.

John Devine, Dennis O'Hare and Francis McMenemy, drunks, were put on good behavior until October 5th.

John Scott and John Shattuck, truants, (postponed case) were defaulted.

The Court was also occupied this forenoon in trying civil cases.

DEATH OF A YOUNG MAN. Mr. Paul A. Gibson, for four or five years in the employ of H. Hosford, trader on Merrimack street, in this city, died at the residence of his father in Pelham, N. H., last Wednesday night. His disease was typhoid fever of the liver, and he has been in failing health for the past two years. Mr. Gibson was about 33 years of age, and a young man of good character and habits, and enjoyed the confidence and esteem of his acquaintances, both here and in his native town. He was a worthy member of Ancient York Lodge of F. & A. M. of this city, and a delegation of the brethren attended the funeral at Pelham this afternoon.—*Citizen of yesterday.*

OPENED AT LAST. The square in rear of the City'Government Building and in front of Green School, has been opened at last to the pupils of the school named, and the new road leading to Merrimack Square is now thoroughly renovated. The place looks better, and no one will question but the few moments recess given the scholars, may be much better passed here than in the street. Heretofore the place has been neither useful nor ornamental.

MAJ. J. A. SAWTELL, of this city, has been ordered to take charge of the troops for the Six Regiment, at Camp Cameron, and will soon report himself at his post of duty.

ANOTHER COMPANY TO BE RAISED. Timothy A. Crowley expects to commence recruiting for a company on Monday, to go in the Second Regiment. He has an office near the head of Central Street. Mr. Crowley is well known as the standard-bearer who stemmed the storm of brickbats and stones in Baltimore, on the 19th of April.

STILL ANOTHER. Capt. Fallacebee commences to-day to recruit the old Phalanx. Office at Fond's clothing store, Central Street. It is not known whether the Captain will assume the command, or Lieut. Shipley, who in the old company was first lieutenant.

OTTO CLUB. At a meeting of the Otto Club, held last evening, the following named persons were elected :—Rice for the coming six months.—Geo. L. Alley, President ; P. P. Haggerty, Conductor ; Geo. W. Badger, Librarian ; Benj. Walker, Secretary ; Chas. Morrill, Treasurer.

FARM FOR SALE. We invite attention to an advertisement elsewhere of a desirable farm for sale in Hannoh, N. H.

WANTED, by farmers especially, a rainstorm, old fashioned or otherwise.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY IN GROTON, MASS.—We have been furnished with the particulars of a shocking tragedy which occurred at a place called "Community," which lies between Groton Centre and Groton Junction. It appears that two men, one named Messer and the other Reed, were engaged late last Thursday afternoon, in loading hark, when a dispute arose between them, and from words they came to blows. Messer had in his hand a large knife of some sort, drew it, and stabbed Reed in the bowels, so that his entrails protruded through the wound. Reed, after receiving this injury, seized a stake which was within his reach, and struck Messer on the head once or twice, breaking his skull in a terrible manner, and killing him a few moments. The recovery of Reed from the injury inflicted by Messer with his knife, is regarded as exceedingly doubtful. Both the men are Americans, common laboring this people, and certainly has a family. We do not hear that either was intoxicated. The affair has created much excitement in the vicinity.

NOT A BAD IDEA. It has been suggested that an excursion to Boston next Monday evening, to attend the grand Union meeting, at Faneuil Hall, would be an excellent idea, and would stir the blood of the sluggish and indifferent. The meeting will undoubtedly be an affair worth witnessing, and considering the fact that Major General Butler, Hon. Henry Wilson, and Hon. Otis P. Lord, Hon. John H. Clifford, of New Hampshire, and Hon. A. H. Bullock, of Worcester, are to speak, no none can doubt but the "talk" will be interesting. With a little effort we doubt not a large delegation could be secured to go to a well-arranged meeting, provided the expense was moderate.

LOWELL BANKS. The following is the condition of the Lowell Banks for the four weeks ending August 31st, 1861 :—

Name of Banks.	Capital.	Loans and Specie Deposits.	Circulation.
Appleton,	$200,000	$189,720	$11,970
Lowell,	200,000	172,000	9,000
Merchants,	150,000	171,000	8,964
Middlesex,	300,000	370,000	17,000
Tremont,	100,000	100,000	4,000
Vermont,	150,000	138,677	6,191

THE EXHIBITION. Ladies desiring to ride at the evening exhibition (there is a prize to be awarded to the best rider) will be required to call at the office and procure of the Secretary of such intention, on or before Monday night. F. W. Robinson, whose place is on Paige Street, and who is the owner of the horse to be used in the ring, is an old ship in this city and vicinity, will furnish ladies with information and instruction preparatory to the occasion, if called upon. The exhibition we are quite a favorite in Lowell who are accomplished riders, and we shall expect to see them out on the occasion of the exhibition.

POLICE COURT. Humphrey Sullivan and Michael Fleming, for larceny of lead pipe from the dwelling-house of L. G. Howe.—Sullivan was sentenced to the House of Correction for six months, and Fleming was released by paying $5 and costs.

THE SHOT AT NASHUA TESTERDAY. The following is furnished us as the result of the trot at Nashua between Romeo of Lowell and Monarch :—

Romeo,	2	2	2
Monarch,	1	1	1

Monarch had the pole on the first heat, and retained it the first half mile, when on the back stretch, Romeo, who was being called on his horse till now, just gave him a shake, and in going thirty rods around the turn, took the pole and kept it the rest of the heat, handily winning it, never being headed again in the race. The last heat, especially, was won by Romeo by nearly a distance, he only breaking once in the whole race.

The return trot takes place in this city Tuesday afternoon, at the Park on the Agricultural Fair Grounds, the stakes being $250. Quite a number of our citizens, with Nashua yesterday to witness the contest, which excited the liveliest interest among all who are familiar with the two horses.

STILL MORE ABOUT RECRUITING. C. F. Blanchard, Esq., has already some twenty or twenty-five men for his new company, and he has an agent in the country recruiting for him. At this time he has encouraging prospects of getting a full company within a short time.

LIEUT. Warren is doing first rate, and good men are coming in fast. He hopes that his will be the first company full that goes into the re-organized Sixth Regiment.

Mr. Pomeroy, a recruiting officer for the United States army, at No. 24 Central Street, speaks very favorably of the manner in which men "come up to the line" and subscribe to the papers. There are truly some good inducements held out to those who enlist in this county.

The *Boston Advertiser* is much pleased with the spirit of General Butler's letter.

Bale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 6.

11 Cambridge Horse Railroad	112	
10 Boston Water Power	108	1-4
50 "	109	
10 Boston and Maine Railroad	107	
5 Merchants' Bank	113	

NOTICE.

The subscriber desires to notify his customers that he has re-located at Judson Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, where he will be happy to wait on them. He will also be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the above named stand for Leather or Wood promptly executed.

Lowell, July 25, 1861. jy26-1m

FIRLE & LUNN SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Firle Sewing Machine, in which Mr. A. Lunn is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan26tf

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TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, E. W. Stetson, S. S. Richardson,
S. Bowles, H. H. Hunnewell, Wm. Endicott,
L. G. Hosmer, Edward York, E. F. Sherburne,
Wm. Gray.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL FEATURE is confined to Dwelling Houses, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessments will be made for losses by fire, but premiums will be received to the amount of $50,000 $1, with Deposit Notes in the Mutual Department, and the Stock is pledged for the payment of losses. Insurances effected on Stores, Manufactories, Churches, Schools, Public Buildings, Vessels in port, Merchandise, Furniture, Stock in Trade, Farming Utensils, Horses, Cattle, Carriages, &c., &c. The income of this company has been fully tested in various parts, where the members of the old Mutual Companies have been induced to withdraw their policies and insure in this company, on account of the efficiency of a guarantee fund connected with the mutual principle, although only recently introduced in this vicinity. Has met with a great demand, and every application granted in the order in which it has been given in a satisfactory manner.

Office in the banking-house of Tenney, Dana & Co., Merrimack Square.

Applications will be received at the office of the Secretary, or by any of the Directors.

Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Goulding, John A. Knight,
Arthur P. Bussey, Walter Wright,
Wm. Crosby, Jr., Edward Kitson,
Joseph Bartlett, Henry C. Hood,
Ephraim Brown, Jr. Boston.

Also A. M. Miner, Benjamin E. Bates.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Lee Court ; or, No. 1 Middle st., Lowell.

April 24, 1 60 ly

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property as below named as other responsible offers. POLICIES written on DWELLINGS, STORES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,

No 18 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell, July, 1859. jy9-1y

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Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

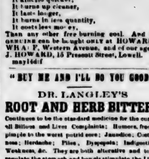
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

April 8, 1861. ap8-1m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES



Dr CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND SIZE OF WOMAN depends upon the healthy action of the digestive organs. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are compounded for the benefit of her sex and are warranted to effect a cure in all cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Nervousness, Low Spirits, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Habitual Costiveness, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits, can all of these symptoms when they arise from a disordered state of the stomach or digestive organs.

DIRECTIONS.—One or two pills taken occasionally as a dinner pill will be found to promote digestion, and create a healthy appetite. They are mild in their operation, and will not produce pain or inconvenience, unless the directions are not complied with. Every female should keep a box of these pills by her, and take them according to the directions, and they will soon restore to her a healthy state of body. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Price 25 cents per box.

Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.

Address DR. CHEESEMAN, No. 8 Ann street, New York.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and at Druggists. tsep

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES is the result of using

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Endorsements can now be given to some of the principal Clergymen in the country, whose names are familiar to every household, who have used the above remedy with the most astonishing success, in various cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Sore Throats, Influenza, Irritation of the Throat, &c., &c. The success of this remedy has been fully tested in various parts, where the members of the old Mutual Companies have been induced to withdraw their policies and insure in this company, on account of the efficiency of a guarantee fund connected with the mutual principle, although only recently introduced in this vicinity. Has met with a great demand, and every application granted in the order in which it has been given in a satisfactory manner.

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Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Lee Court ; or, No. 1 Middle st., Lowell.

April 24, 1 60 ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in 1855, and have used it in over 1000 cases, and not investigated its merits somewhat, they are not prepared to say that it is superior to gold. It has been said is not, a difference of opinion among the profession, but we think it is not expected that it will supersede the use of gold, but that it will be found a valuable substitute in many cases where gold is not admissible. It is light, and will not corrode, and will cure Consumptive without irritation or pain, and will cure Consumptive without irritation or pain, and will cure Consumptive without irritation or pain

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IN IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since been thick, of a soft dark glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not hesitate in saying what is mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter you in the least, for to-day, as I am well aware there are still a few who are already, and even more wonderfully, through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, from the visible lasting ills effects in my own case. In no instances I have met with people that I have recommended it to hauling, saying they had used it, and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, or used some other new article, said to be as good as yours. I have noticed several instances where two or three articles were offered to one who had bottles. It is astonishing that people will be so far humbugged. It is as which I have no doubt of your success. It is astonishing that people will be so far humbugged. It is as which I have no doubt of your success. It is astonishing that people will be so far humbugged. It is as which I have no doubt of your success. It is astonishing that people will be so far humbugged. It is astonishing that people will be so far humbugged. It is astonishing that people will be so far humbugged

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, Sept. 9, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

Among the telegraphic dispatches there is very little that is of a reliable character. We give, very briefly, such as appears of most importance.

Jeff. Davis. There is no additional evidence of the death of Jeff. Davis, but the impression seems to be quite general that he died at the time stated several days ago. The *Washington Star*, of Friday, publishes the following —

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 5, 6 P. M. To Washington Star: Why have positive information here of the death of Jefferson Davis.

At a later hour (midnight), as we learn this morning, the Secretary of War received a dispatch from Louisville, as follows :—

"Prominent citizens of Louisville have received advices of the death of Jefferson Davis. There is no doubt of it."

The Sabbath. Gen. McClellan has issued an order for the strictest observance of the Sabbath, and yesterday it was read throughout the lines, and received with much satisfaction.

A new rebel battery. A few days ago a new and formidable battery, commanding the Leesburg turnpike, about seven miles from the Union bridge, was discovered.

An attempt to cross the river. Last Wednesday the rebels fired upon our troops across the Potomac, 10 miles from Washington, with a view to crossing their force in order to do any mischief. They attempted to ford the river by constructing a temporary bridge with planks, when they were repulsed by the sharpshooters of the 7th Pennsylvania reserves, and a number of them killed, when they retired.

From Eastern Monroe. By arrivals of our steamers it is ascertained that the forafdications at Ocracoke Inlet have been abandoned, and probably those at Oregon Inlet, 40 miles this side of Hatteras.

Refugees from North Carolina report that the Union counties of that State are ready to hoist the Union flag when assured of support. Perfect terror reigns.—The State troops were in part returning from Virginia.

A prominent clergyman declared at Hatteras Inlet that if a Federal force should invade the main land, it would be joined at Beaufort by over 2000 North Carolina Unionists.

Important arrests in Maryland. Last Saturday night W. J. Grady and nineteen others, who had left Baltimore to join the rebels in Va., were arrested, and a lot of articles mixed they were "running" to the rebel army. A Mr. Williamson, a coachmaker, was arrested in a wagon, he had made with false top and bottom, to carry away contraband articles. The proof of their being accessionists is strong enough, and they will be held in close confinement.

The *Tribune's* special Washington dispatch says: The Court Martial at Alexandria has adjourned, having found some thirty soldiers guilty of offences for which they have been sentenced to be shot.

Three of our pickets, who were taken prisoners by the rebels, were vagely stripped naked by their ragged captors, who divided their clothes among them.

Missouri. The following comes from St. Louis dated yesterday, 8th inst.

The town of Tarbert Ky Co. at Lynn Creek was robbed on Thursday by a band of 150 rebels, headed by a preacher named Johnson, and $10,000 worth of goods carried off. Col. McClunge, a member of the firm, is at Jefferson City in command of a regiment of Federal troops. The rebels also seized one of their two steamers on Osage River : at as the river is low, it is thought they will destroy her.

The gunboat Conestoga, St. Clair County, reports that when he left, rebel had just reached there of a fight between Gen. Lyland and those forces of the rebels under Gen. Rains. The latter were completely routed, with heavy loss, and Rains was taken prisoner. Gen. Price, who was at Osceola, crushed the report.

McCulloch is reported to be at Mt. Vernon, recruiting and organizing for a bold and vigorous movement northward.

There are various rumors about Generals Price and Rains having taken Fort Scott, capturing all the stores and ammunition, defeating Montgomery, and taking nearly all his command prisoners, including Montgomery. The rumors lack confirmation.

THE RIGHT MATERIAL FOR SOLDIERS.—The First Iowa Regiment of Volunteers, made a 3-feed march of six hundred and fifty miles to join Gen. Lyon, and remained with him three weeks after the expiration of their term of service, and were in the desperate battle near Springfield, Mo., where they lost over two hundred men in killed and wounded. This was the regiment composed the brave Lieutenant who was killed. The regiment has won a reputation that will live in history.

On its final return home it met with a glorious reception. At Dubuque, on the 26th ult., the streets through which they marched were strewn with flowers, and they were met by processions of girls dressed in red, white and blue, who sang songs in their praise. The gallant behavior of this regiment has done wonders in raising the spirits of the people of Iowa.

DAVIS GUARDS, ACTON. This brave company is again to be represented in the "Bloody Sixth." Already seventy-five names are enrolled, and the company expects to go into camp next Wednesday. About half of the old members have re-enlisted. To-morrow evening there is to be an election of officers, and it is expected that Lieut. Henry Chapman will be chosen Captain.

SPEECH BY GOV. ANDREW.

The Massachusetts Twentieth Regiment, Col. Lee, were entertained in New York on Thursday, at the Park Barracks. At set the officers' table, Gov. Andrew, who was present, was welcomed by David Dudley Field, Esq., and in response the Governor spoke as follows :—

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen :—This occasion, in its sense, and by no right, is mine. No part of its honors pertains to me. Here, present in the city of New York, called by suggestements which pertained to my duty, I have the happiness to find myself in a position to be enabled to unite with you in doing honor to the Twentieth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, commanded by my friend Col. Lee, who, with generous devotion and patriotic alacrity, without a moment's delay of hesitation, drew his sword, at my invitation, to lead a regiment of Massachusetts soldiers —citizens, of brave and accomplished officers and brave men. Upon the heads of such as they, divine providence will pour its benignant benediction, and upon their memories the most fragrant gratitude of our prosperity shall rest. Whatever fortunes may be for them in the field, whether they shall return with their shields or be borne upon them, forever be theirs the glorious distinction of having been the earliest and among the best—among the truest, foremost and most patriotic who have girded on their swords for American liberty or constitutional law.

And now, sir, I cannot at this moment forget that one more New England State, that of Connecticut is at this hour resigning to the dust all that was mortal of one New England boy, whose name and memory shall be as immortal as the stars. Lyon—the brave and heroic—the accomplished soldier, the true hearted and unflinching patriot, at the head of his column, fell beyond the silent waters of the Mississippi. New England—Connecticut reclaimed his body, and a mingle tears, Gen. Price, even the deep-rate battle near Springfield, Mo., where they lost over two hundred men in killed and wounded. This was the regiment composed the brave Lieutenant who was killed. The regiment has won a reputation that will live in history.

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has watered it and blessed it, and has led us up till now, to the storms of battle, through all the trials that opposed a nation's childhood and youth, will never desert us. We are tried in the graver and severer, and not less ennobling trial of manhood. And whatever others may think, or dream, or fear, over this grand vision of mine, neither by day nor night since first the triumphant shout rang from one end of the land to the other in the April, 1861, has there been with me a shadow of a doubt. The American people, inspired by confidence in their cause and their own trust in God, have taken up the same task before so long ago assumed by their side, and, almost unbidden, have gone into battle from the hillsides, from the valleys, from the workshops, from the railroads, from the seashore, from the fishing smacks of our dear old commonwealth; they have all come, from every calling, from every profession, from every sect, whether of religious politics, whether of belief or unbelief; they all have come under the same inspiration.

And whatever misfortune, if misfortune should come, might befall our flag or our arms either at Washington, or Richmond, or Philadelphia, or New York, we of New England shall still rally behind the Berkshire Hills and make the Switzerland of New England the rampart of our liberties—[Cries of "Bravo," and tremendous cheering.] But neither in New York, nor Philadelphia, nor Washington will our arms ever suffer defeat. We mean to march to Hull Run as I had the honor to remark in conversation with a gentleman to-day, a congregation of town meetings without a leader. [Laughter.] Wheresoever we march again we march as one army, disciplined, drilled, thoroughly banded and ably commanded, and that is the secret of our military command ers are. And we will not be content much longer with defending Washington under the walls of the Capitol or on the banks of the Potomac. [Applause.] Washington departments will not be less than a Carolina, Savannah, Georgia, at the city of New Orleans, and all the way up the Mississippi to Memphis and Cairo. The Union men of the South shall be instated by the arms of the North and the West; and when the victorious army, carrying the flag of allegiance, will yet be summoned unless there is a blighter blast shall sweep the head of every American statesman in America—shall be summoned to the American standard, and the Constitution will be restored. [Loud applause.] And it is not my opinion that the government will not be content to the standard and desires to defend the flag, will find it important to light a candle to see what is the complexion of his face, or to consult the family Bible to ascertain whether his grandfather came from the banks of his native river, the banks of the Senegal. [Applause.] But all they who will support the government and the national Constitution which was their egis as well as ours, to destroy their American liberty as well as ours, to overthrow the hopes of their posterity as well as ours, to destroy their society and social life in their own homes, shall find that their peculiar patriarchal institution, staggering, shall fall before the same particular stroke; whether they count it misfortune or not, it will fall upon their own chicken coming home to their own roost—their own fault, and it shall fall in the good providence of God upon all other men besides those of my own peculiar complexion and blood shall taste the sweets of liberty, God be praised, the sweets of liberty, and cheers for Governor Andrew !

I am glad, this is not heresy in the commercial metropolis of New York. I suppose that, although we ought not, if peace had been preserved, either to make war, or counsel, or promote invasion of any constitutional right belonging to any state, that when a state or people trample the Constitution itself beneath their feet, and in the pursuit of political purposes and children with it we may at least have the poor privilege of saying by the footprints of them all we stand as well as free. I look with the at-

CITY AND COUNTY.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged in Book-keeper, but has the afternoons unemployed, wishes to obtain employment either as Agent or Accountant. Inf rmation given Address "Box 267" Lowell P. Office, Aug26 3.mis.

THE APPROACHING FAIR. The arrangements for the approaching fair are progressing with encouraging prospects. In some departments (fruit particularly), the display will be inferior to previous years, but all things considered, we have no doubt the cattle show and fair this year will be quite equal to those of the past.—The several committees are zealously at work, and nothing will be left undone by them to make the exhibition a success.

The celebrated steam gun, which was captured by the Federal troops in Maryland, and taken in charge by the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, has been "engaged," and will be exhibited on the fair grounds, free to all who visit the place.—This is a curiosity well worth seeing, and will no doubt attract many persons who otherwise would not visit the exhibition.

The manufacturers and dealers in cotton and woolen goods will have a large space in the base ball, and will be occupied by them for a display of woolen and cotton goods. Excellent arrangements have been made for this, and the display will undoubtedly be fine.

Quite a number of entries have already been made, which encourages the belief that by the expiration of the time fixed for closing the books, the number, in the various departments will not be less than a year ago. All entries must be made at the building, on the Fair Grounds, on or before Wednesday.

A good display of needle and fancy work by the ladies is looked for. This is always an interesting feature, and will certain ly not be less this year than last.

The address of Dr. Loring, of Salem, (George Lunt, Esq., of Newburyport,) Doctor is a man of learning, and will undoubtedly present an able and appropriate address.

In the evening there is to be a lover, in Agricultural Hall (we don't know what other name to call the building on the Fair Grounds), which will be made attractive by music and the usual entertainments at social gatherings.

GEN. BUTLER. Gen. Butler left this morning, at six o'clock, on the Stony Brook Railroad, in response to a call from the War Department, received by tele graph, for the services of a brigade of the militia returned with the General.

The people, though disappointed in not hearing his voice to-night in the "Castle of Liberty," will be quite willing to forgo the expected pleasure of the occasion, believing he will be of much greater use at Washington, than he could be in the meeting to-night in Faneuil Hall, in Boston.

We hear that there is talk on the street of presenting Gen. Butler a sword —as a compliment from his fellow citizens and personal friends. We believe that his course, which has been patriotic and honorable in our war against rebellion, entitles him to some such mark from the people of Lowell. We do not know to what extent the matter has been canvassed, but shall be glad to see a proposition of this kind forwarded.

E. L. Chaterau, Esq., of Lawrence, was in this city this morning, the bearer of a letter inviting Gen. Butler to address the people of Lawrence at such time and place as he might fix upon. The letter was signed by many of the most prominent citizens of Lawrence, but Gen. Butler was on his way to Washington before the gen tlemen reached the city.

Capts. Haggerty and Fish, and the General's orderly, Warren E. Howe, still remain in the city. The latter, who was also among the Lowell boys in the Veterans Inlet expedition, exhibited to us this morning several trophies taken from the rebels after their surrender. Among the articles was a musket and bayonet, which, on a look, taken from a lieutenant. We have no doubt they will be carefully preserved by young Howe, who, we learn, was one of the first to enter Fort Clark after it had been surrendered.

GONE INTO CAMP. A large delegation of recruits from Lowell, left in the half past nine o'clock train this morning for Camp Cameron, in Cambridge. Men from Captains Dickerman, Blood, and Sergeant Lamson's, with a large number from Gen. Warren's roll, were in the squad. Friends congregated about the cars, anxious to say a last word to the men about leaving for part for a soldier's life with Lieut. Warren's company is reported two-thirds full; he has been very successful in enlisting men.

SERGEANT CROWLEY. We have already stated that it was the purpose of Sergt. Crowley (who won a veritable reputation as color-bearer in the Sixth Regiment) to recruit a "company in this city. This purpose he has already set about fulfilling, and persons desirous of joining his company can enroll their names by calling at Dempsey's hat store, Central Street, where the necessary papers are left for signature. Sergt. Crowley needs no endorsement; and we have no doubt he will call about him a company of men as plucky as himself.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE. On Saturday last, by Judge Lord of the Superior Court at Boston, on motion of Joseph Nickerson, Esq., George W. Norris was admitted to practice as attorney and counsellor at law and the courts of this Commonwealth.—Mr. Norris was formerly of this city, and studied law in the office of A. F. L. Norris, Esq.

THERE will be a meeting of the School Committee this evening, to consider the subject matter of introducing physical training into the public schools, a competent teacher to be employed as instructor.

APPLETON AND HAMILTON COMMUNICATIONS. The Appleton and Hamilton Mills, it is understood, will start again two weeks from to-day. Those companies have been improving the interim by widening the canal that supplies the mills with water, remodeling some of the shafting, &c., and will be prepared soon to recommence operations with improved advantages. It has been a very favorable time for repairing and re-constructing, and many of the companies, who had discontinued business for a brief period, have availed themselves of the opportunity to mend and improve old machinery. Indications at the time lead us to hope that all the manufacturing corporations will have inducements to run all their works the approaching winter.—We think in this direction at least the skies are brightening.

MONTHLY DRAFT. The amount of the monthly draft for various items of city expenditures for the past month is $8,903 03; distributed as follows :—Schools, 291 98, School house, $307 15 : Roads and Bridges, $3,197 83 ; Police, $1,461 88 ; Paupers, $758 73 ; Police Court, $44 80 ; Public Buildings, $621 11; Reserved Fund, $1,836 82 ; Fire Department, $96 61 ; Lighting Streets and Public Buildings, $191 23 ; Printing and Advertising, $63 25; Commons, $90 69; Salaries, $250 00; Water Pipe, $1,972 00.

POLICE COURT. James Bush, a fee common drunkard, was before the court and was required to pay $3 and costs, for his past privileges, which he did.

Thomas Kelley, who has been in the same bad habit of drinking overmuch, received the same sentence as James, but he couldn't pay.

Both were duly disposed of the above cases, went into civil business.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* The court came in this morning at 9 o'clock, and not being ready for business, both juries were dismissed till 12 o'clock. The action, Eastern vs. Sanborn, was commenced at 12 o'clock.

WAMESIT STEAMER. The managers of the Wamesit steam fire engine, had the machine out Saturday afternoon, on the South Common, for the purpose of "play ing and fun." The Wamesit threw water horizontally about 135 feet, on two streams. Two streams, through about 14 inch pipe, attained the figures 110, quite easily.—This is high enough for any purpose.

THE FIREMEN'S TRUMPET. The annual trial by the hand engines for the trumpet, which is the premium for the best play of the present month, when there will be a chance to see who shall take the trumpet away from N. 1, or whether it "can't be done." We shall play for a very considerable importance to Lowell firemen, and stimulates them to "play sharp," inasmuch as pride is concerned.

THOSE who would like to go to Boston to attend the Union meeting, this evening, can go by either of the regular trains, and return in the "Monday night extra train," which leaves for Lowell at 11½ o'clock.

A CAMP VISIT. A worthy mechanic of Middlesex County told his wife one morning, that he should go to Boston on the following day, and that there would call on his city relatives. He accordingly had long wanted an opportunity to return some of the kindnesses she had received therefrom, and resolved that she would send her cousins some fruit. She accordingly she started forthwith for the pasture, and by working hard all one rainy day, gathered ten quarts of huckleberries.

Early the next morning the berries were nicely picked over, put into a clean box, and stored away in the wagon. The husband started off, delighted with his excellent load, and her lingering prospect within a few miles of Boston he learned that "Camp Cameron," at Cambridge, was but three or four miles out of his way, and resolved to give her a treat by making upon a visit. He hitched his horse near by, and went into camp. The soldiers treated him with great civility, explaining to him the various objects of interest to the eyes of a soldier's life. They held his horse while he mounted his wagon to depart, and quite embarrassed him with their attentions.

When he came in sight of his cousin's house his mind was filled with agreeable emotions at the thought of presenting a box of such excellent berries. He lifted the box, which seemed very light, and at the same time espied a few loose berries in the bottom of his wagon. He then began to "smell a rat," and on looking into his box, found instead of berries, a large wharf rat, who, uneasy at his long confinement and small quarters, jumped upon the sidewalk and escaped, leaving the unfortunate husband lamenting his loss and quietly resolving never to visit another camp when he had huckleberries in his wagon.

AN IRISH BRIGADE. Capt. Meagher received on Friday, through Lieut. Colonel Nugent, of the "gallant 69th," authority from the War Department to organize an Irish Brigade. Philadelphia will furnish one regiment, New York another regiment, New York will furnish two. Lieut. Col. Nugent is raising one of them. Many of the men of the 69th have promised to join this regiment, which will be known as the First Regiment of the Irish Brigade. Capt. Meagher has undertaken to raise the Second Regiment of the New York contingent. This regiment will be known as the Fourth Regiment of the Irish Brigade. The Philadelphia regiment will be designated the Second Regiment of the Irish Brigade, and the Boston regiment will be known as the Third.

The greatest humbug of the day—That treason in politicsals is entitled to any more consideration than treason in breeches.—It is to be hoped the administration will soon get over the extreme delicacy upon this point, and insist upon a right of search in every, and this Boston regiment will be responsibilities.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 7.

1 Boston and Maine Railroad	108
8 " "	108
8 Boston and Worcester Railroad	102
15 Middlesex Railroad	92¾
15 Fitchburg Railroad	93

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has leased of Joshua Merrill Pawtucket, near the Post office, for one year, the store now occupied by him with a stock of

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Coal will receive prompt attention. A. L. BRIGGS.

Lowell, July 25, 1861. 1y30mis

STEELE & TOM SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan26 1tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	R. W. Hunnewell,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith,	B. Hadley,	Isaac Hinds,
L. G. Rice,	Joseph Stark,	E. F. Sherman,
	Wm. Hunnewell,	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Furniture in the Cities and Towns of Lowell and Lawrence. The present cash capital is $60,000, $30,000 of which is invested in Bonds of the City of Lowell, Bonds and Mortgages of village and west property in Middlesex County, and Bank Stock. The Mutual Department is entitled to one-half the profits of the business, and pays a dividend annually.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $30,000, invested in Bank Stock, Railroad Bonds, and other property not hazardous insured at current rates. The profits of this department are divided annually.

Office, No. 37 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. 1y1

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It burns free,
It burns up cleaner,
It has more heat,
It burns in less quantity,
It is cheaper,
Than any other free burning coal. And the only reason why it is not used by all, is because WHALY, WORTH AVENUE, and our agents, at HOWARD HALL, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell, may14dtf

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. C. S., Author of the Book, &c.

"BUT ME AND PILL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from Impure Blood, and the principle to the worst period now; Jaundice Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Inactive Liver, Indigestion Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the stomach and bowels, eliminate the bad humors from the blood, and thus purify the fountain of life, giving health and vigor to the whole system. Depend on Drinks Ask Bucks, Ebeches, Dandelion, Mandrake, Juniper, Wild Cherry, &c., which are known as not in accordance with the laws of Nature, form no part of these Bitters. They are purely vegetable that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and all who use it say so. Sold by druggists generally. Only 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS are manufactured from extracts of Roots, Herbs and Barks, by Dr. LANGLEY & SON, at their Laboratory, No. 120 Hudson street, New York, and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere.

Dr. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, the best Alterative and Tonic ever offered to the public. All Druggists have it. jan1 1y

WAR HAS COME, AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE IS A FAVORITE WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

HAVE BEEN

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in this city, and the demand is increasing daily. Soldiers, their friends, and others, should call and get a box before leaving for the seat of war.

Besides being the best family Salve in use for sores, it is a certain cure for piles, scurvy, chilblains, felons, chronic ulcers, rheumatism, felons, &c. And all kinds of sores and wounds. Price 25 cents per box.

Sold by WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE, Proprietor, 79 to Ally E. Saunders' st. Boston.

Sold by Lowell by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by Druggists everywhere. June 1 1y

Price 25 Cents per Box.

This Salve for Gentlemen, by the 1000, always on hand and for sale by druggists in cities and towns, in every part of the United States. may15tf

Hair Dye! Hair Dye Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The Best in the World! Only Reliable Dye Known.

All others are mere mockeries, and should be avoided. It is free from all mineral poisons, and contains no material that will injure the hair in the slightest degree. It is a beautiful and natural Dye or Stain, without a disagreeable smell.

The Genuine has the name of WM. A. BATCHELOR, New York, signed across the face of each Bottle. All others are base imitations.

Sold by all the druggists in Lowell, and by Druggists throughout the United States.

WM. A. BATCHELOR, Principal Depot, No. 233 Broadway, New York.

Also 153 Washington St., Boston. Agents for Boston, GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO.

sep9

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, for Children Teething, is no narcotic to lull to sleep the child with a stupefying opiate, but is a mild and safe medicine, specially for the life of infantile life. It will soothe the gums, reduce inflammation, regulate the bowels, and by its healing power, will create at the period of teething. It works like a charm, and has been used in thousands of cases with the greatest relief to the wearied mother. It does not contain Opium, Morphine, Paregoric, or any of the Opiates. Dr. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL is entirely unlike any other preparation, and is strongly recommended by them in cases of CHOLERA INFANTUM, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, &c. Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is for sale by druggists generally, and by the agent of the day, exceedingly liable to bring on these Disorders. Be sure and get Dr. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, as this only can you rely on.

Sold by S. KIDDER, JR., and H. French, F. A. Smith, Lowell; Carter & Wright, Lawrence; Hill & Co., Nashua; Chamberlain & Co., Manchester; Bodwell & Co., Haverhill; Bradley & Co., Newburyport; Hall & Co., Amesbury; Hall & Co., Salem; Hall & Co., Boston; Hall & Co., Roxbury; Hall & Co., Cambridge; Hall & Co., Charlestown; Hall & Co., Chelsea; Hall & Co., Dorchester; Hall & Co., Brighton; Hall & Co., Newton; Hall & Co., Waltham; Hall & Co., Watertown; Hall & Co., Medford; Hall & Co., Somerville; Hall & Co., Malden; Hall & Co., Lynn; Hall & Co., Salem; Hall & Co., Gloucester; Hall & Co., Newburyport; Hall & Co., Amesbury; Hall & Co., Haverhill; Hall & Co., Lawrence; Hall & Co., Andover; Hall & Co., North Andover; Hall & Co., Methuen; Hall & Co., Dracut; Hall & Co., Tewksbury; Hall & Co., Billerica; Hall & Co., Chelmsford; Hall & Co., Westford; Hall & Co., Groton; Hall & Co., Pepperell; Hall & Co., Hollis; Hall & Co., Nashua; Hall & Co., Manchester; Hall & Co., Concord; Hall & Co., Portsmouth; Hall & Co., Exeter; Hall & Co., Dover; Hall & Co., Great Falls; Hall & Co., Somersworth; Hall & Co., Saco; Hall & Co., Biddeford; Hall & Co., Portland; Hall & Co., Bangor; Hall & Co., Augusta; Hall & Co., Lewiston; Hall & Co., Bucksport; Hall & Co., Rockland; Hall & Co., Thomaston; Hall & Co., Belfast; Hall & Co., Bath; Hall & Co., Gardiner; Hall & Co., Hallowell; Hall & Co., Skowhegan; Hall & Co., Norridgewock; Hall & Co., Waterville; Hall & Co., Fairfield; Hall & Co., Bangor; Hall & Co., Dexter; Hall & Co., Dover; Hall & Co., Foxcroft; Hall & Co., Calais; Hall & Co., Eastport; Hall & Co., Machias

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IN THE
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I confined its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I have done what mentioned will be of any benefit to your character to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful cures result out the Union. I have recently used one bottle in reselling the greater part of the hair in the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative as an unfailing its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that I have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. However, upon further inquiry, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but some other brand new article, and took to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have advised two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and I am furnishing that people will exercise an article of no reputation when there is a standard article has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these imitators have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I know they have copied mine, word for word, in several instances, nicely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than one thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for falling hair, dandruff, scurf on the head, candied, and every disease the scalp and hair is subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your magnificent establishment, but was informed you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me care of No. 5, St. Louis Hotel, will be answered. Yours, &c.,

JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 3, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I used you a short time since, and think you are entitled to the benefit of it. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over 50 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white as a very stiff and bright. I used, at a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative. I was induced to try it, as there was one bottle in a public house, but ascertaining a strong prejudice to the article if possible, restored to its original color and beauty, as it was in my younger days. I got a bottle, I considered I would make the experiment myself, and in a few days I had more than one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following the directions as far as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was fast falling in large quantities, was soon totally stopped, and a radical change taking place. In a few days I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a half, and I make the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man in town, and in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head was literally clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased to fall off, and is as soft as that of the dust that is so silky, as though just from the hands of a French chambermaid. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own real hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,

THOMAS CHICK BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE is now placed in reputation from actual use and experiment which can not be controverted by any other article. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the most unlimited commendation of all who have used it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine *must-have* which accomplishes all it is said to do, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Chase Sun Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of the well known and popular preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—*The Hair Restorative* is not a dye, but restores eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many articles in the course of our life as a writer—one of which are from gentlemen whom we know to be worthy of years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't say till you have tried it.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every humbug we discover, for in the course of ten days or a month at most, we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all who are afflicted falling off or turning gray. Our well known gentleman, Finley J. Shaw, Esq., has used it, and has found it of its application, and pronounces it with us in speaking of its value. We have used it and had some with us for six or more in manner.—*Hudson Star Herald.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring to the hair to its primitive vigor. Where the head had become almost bald, we have seen the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is highly recommended by the faculty for all diseases. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate from the system every impurities, which operate to produce the hair. It does its work in a quiet, unobtrusive manner, described it. In many cases applied and in her in recommending your Restorative as an unfailing its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that I have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. However, upon further inquiry, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but some other brand new article, and took to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have advised two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and I am furnishing that people will exercise an article of no reputation when there is a standard article has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these imitators have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I know they have copied mine, word for word, in several instances, nicely inserting some other name in place of yours.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and EXPEDITIOUS execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having re-establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PRINTING and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Programmes, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Card Circulars, Bill Heads and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Pieces, Dancers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or bronze of every description, white or fancy colored papers.

We always on hand a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. S. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH corrects the great and disagreeable, common dog in Carpet-Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.

It runs without noise.

No stooping is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not raise dust.

It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not.

The best in use in Congressional Library.

It throws the lint when hair when hard and dirt.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the most perfect comfort.

It is the only Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by HAYES & CO.,
45 Merrimack street.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IN THE ERUPTIVE P.S.

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVERS AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are a sure remedy and are highly recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become their friends.

Dr. JAMES L. TEPPER'S wife from No. 5 Bowdoin Square, Boston, Mass., writes us that she was induced by those sufferings in Washington, to try Dr. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters.

E. S. DAVIS' Postmaster at Williamsport, Pa., writes that he has used Dr. Richardson's Bitters, and can them myself, having tried several remedies without benefit, before using them, and can recommend it with great confidence to all who are afflicted.

Dr. WM M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them in many cases of dyspepsia, and in no one instance have they failed to give perfect satisfaction. He considers them the most powerful remedy for purification of the blood now in use.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Seneca Co., Ohio, says he has a long letter, under date of May 6th, 1859. He was afflicted with a severe cough for two years, and had tried several remedies without benefit, when he was induced to try Dr. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters. After using a few bottles I was entirely restored to health, and have enjoyed good health ever since.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of writing, March 14, 1859, was very much relieved by effecting the cure, when several physicians had failed to do him any good. He says he has used it for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaint, &c., in a family of 6 grown up, and in every instance it has given perfect satisfaction.

I WE HUNT writes from Dolphin, Scioto Co., Ohio, as to them, where Fever and Ague prevails, that he must now fully recommend them as the best remedy in all cases of Fever and Ague. Dyspepsia and General Debility.

D. K. GALLEHER M. D., writes from Van Wert, Ohio, that he has successfully exposed the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspepsia, and all who require a nourishing medicine.

Such facts as these are receiving Daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicines generally.

mar7 eod6m 2m

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GOFIA, for sale by the Proprietor from their whole wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

JAMES L. WOOD, 45 Market st.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for the dressing of the hair. For efficacy and agreeableness of its use, unequal

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes the growth of luxurious growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It checks premature decay.

It soothes the heated skin when hair when hard and dirt.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the most perfect comfort.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner May-market and Palmer streets.

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR,

TEN tons Mapes's No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;
5 tons Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime;
50 tons Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine
100 bushels Ruta Baga Seed
100 bushels Sweet and Top Northern and Western Corn, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian, Orchard Grass Seed, &c.
sept29tf

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, unlike others in the market, is not a mere stimulant of anything else of the kind, and does not create a fictitious appetite, but when taken according to the directions, will bring on the monthly *menses* in cases of obstruction from any cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken just *before* such a stilly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. Thus may seem incredible; but it is not in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within *eighteen months without a single failure* when taken as directed, and in every case the least injury to health as may ensue. If it is put up in bottles of three different sizes, viz: Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember. *This medicine is recommended expressly for those cases in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Ladies that a correspondence is strictly private and confidential.*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct from the Sole Agent, or at the MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

This Specialty embraces all diseases of a sexual character, and more especially of M—N by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving the whole attention to them.—Letters to letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. The following are some of the cures effected by the above medicine, after regular physicians had failed to give relief.

Cured, Dr. Mattison, of Spermatorrhœa, after suffering from it for 15 years.

Cured, Dr. Williams' Period and Pain Powder, after having suffered for 20 years.

No. 28 Union st. and 28 Merrimack st., Lowell.

WHITNEY'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of having the great party of the world's intelligence. It is now in use in every State in the Union.

It overcomes the most obstinate cases of piles, assures the worst kinds of ringworm in the shortest time, and cures the most malignant sores and ulcers after all else has failed.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head.

It moisturizes the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It moderates mumps.

It is certainly the greatest healer.

It fights against felons and cancers.

It is the best remedy for chapped hands, &c.

It is the best remedy for chilblains, and does not cause the worst of pain by scratching.

The remedy may be cured if you will hearken.

It is the best remedy for all sores, and for this reason only

You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For chafing it is the best remedy we use it.

For sore and tired feet use it.

For all sores use it.

For stiff joints use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and the distant islands of the sea, it is pronounced by all presenting, suffering fiends copious in hope while the Golden Salve is being applied.

All its works speak its praises. It has the highest recommendations from all who have used it, and the most unbounded confidence is placed in it by druggists, manufacturers, and the medical profession; from the most eminent down to the most humble, and last but not least, it will ever more seem an even more unbounded confidence in the minds of the afflicted.

TRIALS are unnecessary, as it is warranted to give perfect satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. The worst case may be conquered by this Leviathan of Salves.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Prepared only by C. F. WHITNEY, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 cents per box.

The Salve for convenience supplied at short notice, by the Lots or 1000.

aug25 eod&wly

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles. Ornamental and Plain. Regilding and Repainting Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep26dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired cheaper. A lively and active boy wanted. Enquire of Merrimack and John sts.

CREAM TARTAR—Imported pure—for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

IS NOW delivered into the New England and market, delivered into any house in the city, without any. It *ought* to those who put it. Mine of this new and valuable article of coal are those who are the least able to lose it, but once paid the price of coal, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to call upon the law for the relief of *themselves*. All this comes from trusting, *without any security*, and the only way to remedy the matter is to make a word *an matter what his pretensions, character or standing*. EQUITY will exist no meeting, and may soon pay many times the fee, as advertising physicians. Invite cases out of the city, unless you know who and what you are.

Orders left at the office, or by enclosing a card to me as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private Diseases generally, will be sent free. Office hours daily, 8 to 9.

DR. WHATELY.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write with full address, plainly, and direct to Box 1,000, as above.

August 7, 1861 aug7&4wly

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS,
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August 7, 1861 aug7&4wly

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861. $3,812,856 93
Dividends paid to date, 2,400,000 12
Losses paid, 2,413,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust, to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Bank—owned by it are Rockdale, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the issuance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly. Premiums in Policies for Life, Under $50 per annum, may be paid one-half in cash, and one-half in notes, which will be paid by Executors, at the interest on premium notes is to be paid each year.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Life premium.

The Dividends accrued to aid the insured in settling future premiums, or may be taken in premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when required, and those who forfeit, by having failed to pay the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now in force the large number of 7215 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured would receive certain operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive the importance of those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MILBILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 23 Merrimack Sts.

WHITNEY'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of having the great party of the world's intelligence. It is now in use in every State in the Union.

It overcomes the most obstinate cases of piles, assures the worst kinds of ringworm in the shortest time, and cures the most malignant sores and ulcers after all else has failed.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head.

It moisturizes the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It moderates mumps.

It is certainly the greatest healer.

It fights against felons and cancers.

It is the best remedy for chapped hands, &c.

It is the best remedy for chilblains, and does not cause the worst of pain by scratching.

The remedy may be cured if you will hearken.

It is the best remedy for all sores, and for this reason only

You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For chafing it is the best remedy we use it.

For sore and tired feet use it.

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For stiff joints use it.

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Sold by druggists everywhere. Prepared only by C. F. WHITNEY, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 cents per box.

The Salve for convenience supplied at short notice, by the Lots or 1000.

aug25 eod&wly

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WITH FURTHER EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED TO BE A CONQUERING POWER

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT

IN

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FILES, HEADACHE, or in the Nervous System. All who have used it, call it a *Wonderful Relief! What a Great Blessing!* Use after use convinces all of its virtues.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and its continued check is what we say to it.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLACK, J. & PERRY, Manufacturers, 46 Cliff st., New York, (O), General Agents, and by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & Co., Proprietors.

February 19, 1861 11 Tyler Street, Boston. feb25dly

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

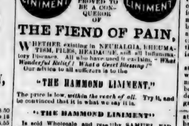
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever before in Lowell. Please call and see for yourself.

H. S. HAYNES,
43 Merrimack Street,
Next to the Post Office.



H. S. HAYNES.

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the celebrated Potteries of England and France, which will be sold at

Reduced French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE LAMPS, STAND and HANDLED LAMPS,

of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Dwellings, and all kinds of Humanities. Oil Lamps altered to Kerosene.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston jobber is selling it.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE.

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, in great variety, and cheaper than ever before.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stocks of goods would do well to call and examine our assortment, for it is assured that the goods will be sold low, and that the quality of the facilities we enjoy for purchasing on the most favorable terms, will enable us to offer them the best of our motto—

"The best goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore extended to me, I would respectfully solicit a continuance of their favors—feeling confident my ability to please customers will be fully equal to before making selections elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
43 Merrimack Street.

feb19

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get GOOD PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

To get BURNERS for KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan10

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest fixture in the market, for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,
43 Merrimack st.

apr22tf

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, Books, &c., will find it to their advantage to call at No. 23 Central street, and find their orders will be promptly executed.

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CEDAR CHESTS for preserving Furs and Woollens, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar4

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Peruvian Coat of Arms. Receive a Box. For sale at Boston prices by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar22tf 45 Market street.

Buying Tools.

I have received my large stock of Buying Tools, and am now prepared to sell the same at the LOWEST CASH prices. My stock consists in part of

60 doz. Patches, different makes;
50 " Hand Hammers;
Hand Rakes;
Partridge's and Turtle's Hay Forks;
Kimbo Pat. White Tooth Horse Rakes;
Dunmore's Clip Forks with steels;
Revolving Horse Rakes;
Delano's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Payson Scissors, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c., at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 106 Central street, Lowell. jel14tf

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Rose and Fresh, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

dec27

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—principle of the Liver is excited by evacuation of the blood from organ; diseased the Kidneys. Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., are the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for each of those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to stagnate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among eminent physicians and surgeons, and while many experiments have been made and much valuable information gained, the search has been left to this century among its other wonders, to discover, and to the

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia

COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Inflammation, Neuralgia and Salt Rheumatism—a cure that can positively be relied upon. Two applications of this Compound, by the directions, conquering no change of diet, no inconvenience, and many hundreds with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I have ever used.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old Slip, New York.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several months last spring, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NORMAN T. WIRE,
79 Franklin st. Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by remedies without obtaining relief I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," and was indeed surprised at the result. I am now entirely well.

CHARLES A. BARTLETT,
No 6 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for twenty years. Your Compound has done more for me than all the remedies I have ever used. I tried one bottle and was entirely cured.

MARY J. BOGGS,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years standing.

JOHN GOODELL,
No 3 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years old, was afflicted with Salt Rheum in the worst form. Your Compound has done more for him than all the remedies we have used before. I tried one bottle and was entirely cured him.

JOHN GOODELL,
No 3 Old State House, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been used in my family with perfect success.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Lee House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

JOHN SIMPSON,
Fall River House, Boston.

I certify that my daughter, aged 12 years, was presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," after suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, which it relieved in a short time and cured her entirely.

ALBERT SMITH,
Member of Congress, Boston.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" in the cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia mentioned in the above testimonials, and that they are correct. We have full confidence in the remedy, and feel that any testimonials we may offer will be fully sustained by the facts.

CHARLES A. SMITH, No 1 Old Slip, New York.
NORMAN T. WIRE, 79 Franklin st. Boston.
CHARLES A. BARTLETT, No 6 Appleton Block, Lowell, Mass.
JOHN GOODELL, No 3 Old State House, Boston.
W. C. THOMPSON, Proprietor Lee House, Boston.
JOHN SIMPSON, Fall River House, Boston.
ALBERT SMITH, Member of Congress, Boston.

Price $1 per bottle.

Principal Depot 89 Kilby Street, Boston.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines generally. Also, by Apothecaries and Druggists in every town in the United States.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. B. Richardson, Hall & Fuller, Hartwell & Co., and by Dealers in town. 30 and 182 Merrimack street.

Lowell, April 19, 1860. ly

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Large Patent Polish* for Furniture, which is the best article ever introduced to the public. It is highly recommended by leading Cabinet Makers, and all who will be satisfied to restore the whole furniture of any room in the house, and will be sold at a low price. Please call at HAYNES' China Emporium, 43 Merrimack st.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, Rocking Chairs, Tip Carts, Toy Carts, Toy Sleighs for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and many other articles for children's amusement, which he will be sold very cheap at 43 Merrimack st.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new composition for the Hair, Whiskers and Moustache, for Restoring, Curling, Preserving and Imparting the Gloss. Also, Hair Dyeing and Shaving Saloon, No. 12 Tyler st., cor. Merrimack and John sts. sep17

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the nose becomes dull; the pupils dilate; the eyes are sensicrule runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing sensation in the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; bad breath; very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a craving for indigestible substances, at others entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; irregular, or, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently ringed with bloody; belly swollen and hard; pain in the back; urination frequent occasionally difficult, and accompanied by blood; a cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c

Whenever these symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

in every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult should have been strictly complied with before the use of the Vermifuge.

In all cases the Medicine to be given

IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write to them previous to purchasing, and know that Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. To those wishing to offer them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twenty thousand cents, or one vial of Vermifuge for fifteen thousand cents. Address as above. Certificates and testimonials can be had by the hundred if desired.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Agents for the sale by druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mar27 1y eod&wly

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For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mar27 1y eod&wly

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL

H. S. HAYNES, has just received a large assortment of Lamps, for burning Kerosene Lamp. Also Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Kerosene Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, Parlor, Stand and Handled Lamps, Lamp store, kitchen, and study lamps for sale low. Lamps altered to Kerosene, and all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heator,

USED on any gas burner, just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES,
Merrimack st

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Leghorn Malaca, Canton, India Panama, and a great variety of Straw and Palm Leaf Hats for Gents and Boys. A fresh lot just opened at SLATER'S, Corner Hat Store.

jun29

LIFE AND FIRE
IN

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, Sept. 10, 1861.

A UNION man asks us why Vice-President Hamlin is not at his post, instead of being at home, picking over potatoes. Really we cannot tell. Little has been heard of him since his inauguration, and since Washington has been threatened by the rebels he has kept at a safe distance.—*Springfield Republican.*

We presume that Mr. Hamlin does not reside in Washington because his duties do not call him there. He has only a nominal connection with the Executive department of the government, and any offer of his advice or help, might be considered entirely gratuitous.

There is not only no reason why Mr. Hamlin should be in Washington, but there is good reason why he should not be. In case of the decease or removal of the President he is his successor. If by the chances of war Washington should be captured, the rebels should not have it in their power to "wipe out" the whole of our government as they have threatened. The country would have just cause to complain if Mr. Hamlin needlessly exposed himself by residing in Washington, when there is no executive duties to perform.—*Boston Journal.*

We cannot agree with the *Journal* in its conclusions. It is perfectly apparent to us that the Vice-President should reside at Washington, especially in times of great national convulsions, and we go further in that, for it is our opinion that the Vice-President should be a member of the President's Cabinet. If the duties of the Vice-President do not call him to Washington at this time, we think the extraordinary state of the country does. The fact mentioned above, that in case of the decease of the President, the Vice-President is his successor, is the strongest reason why the latter should be most intimately connected with the Government. Mr. Hamlin, nearly all of the time since his election, has been many hundred miles away from Washington; he has no better opportunities for being conversant with the policy of the Government, or with its purposes, which must necessarily change somewhat from time to time, than his well-informed neighbors. Supposing Mr. Lincoln dies suddenly, or is captured by Beauregard, would Mr. Hamlin be in precisely the circumstances to take his place and administer the Government without unnecessary changes or unhappy interregnum? It seems to us he would know very little about the matter, and it would not be unlike taking a "green hand" for the place. But had he been a resident of Washington all the time since the fourth of March last, his position would have brought him into such intimacy with the President, with Gen. Scott, and with the Cabinet, that in case of the death or capture of Mr. Lincoln, he would be perfectly familiar with their purposes and measures of the Government and with the condition of the several state departments, and to the world abroad no change would have been perceptible. Would it be so now? We think not. We presume Mr. Hamlin is doing all that is required of him by the constitution, but he might do more and no one would complain. It will be apparent to every one that although "repasting potatoes" in his cellar in Hampden, Maine, may be Democratic employment, the proper sphere for himself as a little better served were he vigilantly watching events at the capitol, since the constitution does not make him the adviser of the President or confer upon a place in the Cabinet, it seems to us that at a time when a great calamity is upon the country, it would be the part of propriety for the Vice-President to occupy some such position, as a citizen, as would best acquaint him with every fact and detail of the Government, that if by accident he should be called to the highest executive position an American can fill, he would be in all respects ready for the duties of his office.

THE UNION MEETING IN BOSTON LAST EVENING. The meeting in Faneuil Hall last evening, was a perfect jam, and the audience, the Boston papers say, were a "temperament overflowing with enthusiasm," evidently much disappointment at the necessary absence of Gen. Butler, and at one time the audience was inclined to be a little too boisterous. The hall was packed full, and thousands were outside, where also a meeting was organized and speeches were made. There were no remarks or indications leading one to suppose that there is but one party in the State. The speeches were patriotic and glowing. Hon. B. F. Thomas was chosen President, who made a capital speech on accepting the place assigned him. Speeches were also made by A. O. Brewer, Henry Wilson, Otis P. Lord, Patrick Donohoe, D. W. O'Brien, Charles Hale, and others. We have no space for even a synopsis of the speech of one of the many. The following brief resolutions were read and unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That in the noble words of Joseph Holt, of Kentucky, "What we need is a patriotism, which obliterates party all party lines and outstanding all party issues, and to the President of the United States: Here are our lives and our estates, use them successfully; for looking upon the graves of our fathers, and upon the cradles of our children, we have sworn that rather all things else should perish, this country and this Union shall stand."

Resolved, That in the language of our own General Butler, in this crisis "there must be no compromise, no yielding; nothing but the stern grim, stuff the glorious flag of the Union floats over every inch of territory that ever belonged to the United States of America. We must have the whole of this country under one government, and we have but one duty—to pour out blood and treasure, the first like water, the last like sand, until that is accomplished."

Resolved, in the words of Archbishop Hughes—"It only remains to see whether the Government is what it calls itself—the Government of the United States—or merely the government of a fraction thereof, and that fraction measured out on the Southern Commissioners, who could not show a legitimate title to the commission which they propose to execute."

Resolved, That the sentiment of every true man is the sentiment of Daniel Webster—"When the standard of the Union is raised and waives over my head, the standard which Washington planted on the ramparts of the constitution, God forbid that I should inquire whom the people have commissioned to unfurl it and bid it up. I only ask in what manner, as an humble individual, I can best discharge my duty in defending it."

Resolved, in the words of Andrew Jackson—"The Federal Union must and shall be preserved."

THE WAR NEWS.

There is nothing new on the South side of the Potomac. There are some speculative remarks about the fortifications of the rebels on and in the vicinity of Munson's Hill, and of firing upon pickets, but the news is unimportant.

Gen. McClellan has pardoned the private William Scott, of the Third Vermont Regiment, who was sentenced to be shot for sleeping on his post.

Sewell, arrested some days ago with Bank of England notes in his possession, supposed on rebel accounts, has been released.

Gen. Banks's Division. A dispatch from Washington, Md., dated Saturday, says:—

The rebels keep up a firing on our men at the ferries, and at times make demonstrations as though intending to cross.—Yesterday there was heavy cannonading at Edward's Ferry. This may be their plan of drawing attention while works are being erected in progress on their territory road leading to Leesburg. Gen. Banks' Division is ready at all times to move in any direction at a moment's notice.

Kentucky. It is reported that the rebel force at Columbus is now 15,000 men. Their numbers increased to thirteen regiments of infantry, with six field batteries, a siege battery, and three battalions of cavalry. He has also a gunboat and three steamers.

Thompson's force remains at Belmont, Missouri, opposite Columbus.

Commodore Rogers seized the steamers John Grant, John Bell and Jefferson at Louisville, September 5th.

The Postmaster General has directed that mail facilities be restored to Paducah, Ky., that place being now in the hands of the Federal authorities.

From North Carolina. Commander Roan has written a letter to the Secretary of the Navy, dated "Steamer Pawnee, Hatteras Inlet, September 5th," of which the following is an extract:—

"In a communication addressed to the Commander-in-Chief at Hampton Roads I informed him that I had forwarded seven fugitives in the George Peabody, to be landed at Hampton Roads, they needing both with provisions. Another of the fugitives of the same party I have retained to act as pilot in these waters, should his services be required. From the best information I can obtain, ten regiments have been recalled from Virginia to defend the State. The secessionists residing near the water are deserting their houses for the interior, while the poorer classes remain, waiting protection to avow their Union sentiments. A town meeting was called in Washington, on the night of the 31st, at which it was decided to hoist a flag in the river ten miles below that town."

MAINE ELECTION. The following state of the vote at the election in Maine yesterday, was telegraphed to the Boston papers last night. The vote for Governor is the principal towns is given as below:—

	Washburn.	Jameson.	Dem.
	(Rep.)	(Rep.)	(Peace dem.)
Saco,	627	55	287
Biddeford,	699	101	498
Waterville,	339	142	36
Bangor,	1764	178	78
Eastport,	414	315	37
Belfast,	438	336	27
Rockland,	438	336	27
Thomaston,	444	271	53
Bangor,	1316	623	31
Portland,	1904	2067	399
Lewiston,	348	90	112
Augusta,	687	287	23

We have in all returns from 71 towns, which give Washburn 20,344, Jameson 8151, Dana 5269. The vote in the same towns last year was—Washburn 26,065, Smart (Democrat) 17,674, Baine (Bell and Everett) 6,004. Washburn's majority this year in those towns is 6983, against 7356 last year, a decrease of 373. The aggregate vote in these towns this year is 33,764, 603 against 44,573 last year. The whole vote of the State last year was 124,135—in the same ratio the aggregate vote this year will be about 90,000, and Washburn's majority from 15,000 to 14,000. The Union majority in these towns is 23 285, and will be in the whole State about 60,000.

The Legislature is largely Republican, although there will be many Union Democrats elected jointly by the Republicans and Union Democrats. Among whom are, in the Senate, E. K. Smart, of Knox County, John A. Peters, of Penobscot, and L. D. M. Swett, of Cumberland. In the House, Hon. Bradbury, of Eastport, A. P. Gould, of Thomaston, S. P. Blake, of Bangor, and G. P. Sewall, of Oldtown. Washburn's majority will be in larger proportion than the vote in full.

The Union Republican Presidential ticket is carried by a majority of 20,000.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER FROM MAINE—No. 3.

GARDINER, ME., September 7th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR.—Yesterday I reached Augusta and visited the "tented field" of the Eighth Maine Regiment, on the State Fair Grounds, east of the State House. The field presented all of the appearance of a war-camp with its white tents and groups of soldiers. There are nine or ten companies from various parts of the State. The regiment was not yet full, though it is intended to forward them on Tuesday next. The men are athletic, and fine-looking, though their drill presents considerable of a chance for improvement as I looked in upon the commissary department. The food looked wholesome and good. They were preparing some immense pots of beans for baking, a dish not altogether peculiar to Maine.

I also visited the State House, the lower part of which has the appearance of a large clothing establishment and arsenal. Maine will be well represented at the seat of war.

The good news of yesterday from North Carolina has made men feel better hereabouts, and they now predict a short war and a speedy settlement to the difficulties by a sacrifice of the chief rebel leaders. Gen. Butler is now considered the greatest hero of the age, and if he should visit Augusta he would meet with a reception worthy of the cause in which he has recently taken so important a part. I was pleased to read, last night, an account of the presentation which he received at Lowell.

In regard to political matters there is little to add to what I have already written. From conversation with Democrats and Republicans, I am satisfied that Washburn will be elected by a large majority, but as the contest will have been decided almost before this reaches the eyes of your readers, there is no room for speculation. In Norwich, Ct., not less than half a million will be invested in Treasury Notes. Our country is immensely rich, though more universally distributed, and therefore the Union men than in other nations; and the Government is not likely to want for means or men, unless some terrible reverses in battle cause panic.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT LAWRENCE.—We find the following account of the drowning of three persons in the Merrimack River, on Sunday afternoon, in the *Lawrence Journal* of yesterday:—It appears that there were eight in the boat at the time, namely, Benj. Wood, John Wood, Joshua Townsend, John Dearden and wife, Jill Harworth, Gilbert Ayrey, and Mrs Mary Smith. They were taking a row up the river, when an altercation took place between some of the parties, and in the excitement, the boat was upset. Another boat, containing six small boys, was near by, and immediately went to their assistance, when in the frantic endeavors of the men to save themselves they capsized that, and four of the boys swam ashore, whilst one, James Bower, about ten years old, was drowned. Mrs. Mary Smith, who was in the first boat, was also drowned, but was kept afloat by her clothes, and was taken to the shore by a boat. Gwell Ayrey, who was also in the first boat, was drowned. All the parties are English. But for the fright of the men in the Cambridge boat, who were saved by the first boat, which they upset and also a third boat which went to their assistance. The accident occurred about a quarter of a mile above the dam. Ayrey was a blacksmith by trade, about thirty years of age; Mrs Smith was about thirty-five years old; her husband is a member of Co. I, 1st Regiment, now in Virginia. Mr. Banks' division. The boy was ten years old. The water is between twenty and thirty feet deep in the river where the accident occurred.

The injury sustained by ex Governor Briggs is not so serious as at first believed. The wound of 2½ inches through one side of his neck below the lower jaw. He was in a comfortable condition yesterday morning, and his life was not considered to be in danger.

JOHN LINDSEY, Esq., of Lawcester, has been empowered by the Governor and Council to purchase horses in Coos county for the use of the regiment about leaving the State.

HORATIO G. WOOD, a prominent citizen of Middleboro', Mass., died very suddenly on Saturday last, of heart complaint.

A MEMBER of the New York Chamber of Commerce, who has just returned from Europe, makes a statement to the effect that one-third of the commerce of the world has been thrown into a state of derangement by the present war.

THE CHARLESTOWN NAVY YARD. There are 2100 men now in active and constant employment at this yard, of whom 500 are ship-carpenters, carpenters' laborers and others; 180 joiners; 250 laborers in yard; 175 caulkers, sailmakers, painters and riggers; and the remainder are employed on the new ironclad steamer, the blacksmith's shop and foundry, engaged in making gun carriages, ordinance, leather work, &c.

DEATH OF AGED PEOPLE. Two of the oldest people in Foxboro' died the week before last, viz:—James Moore, 88 years of age, and Mrs. Betsey Putteo, aged 98 years and 11 months.

The *New York World* says that the titles of loyal journals are pasted over the name of the *New York News*, and that the disguised the secession paper is smuggled through the mails.

DR. A. B. CROSBY, of Hanover, N. H., son of Dr. Dix Crosby, has been commissioned a Brigade Surgeon in the army. Dr. C., it will be remembered, was the surgeon of the New Hampshire First Regiment. He is to be attached to Gen. Stone's staff.

IF small shavings of camphor are thrown on the surface of perfectly clean water, in a large basin, the pieces immediately begin to move rapidly, some round on their centres, others from place to place. The cause of those motions is unknown.

THE NATIONAL DEBT. Hon. Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury, was at Philadelphia a few days since, and had an interview with some of the prominent capitalists of that city, in relation to the 7-10 per cent. treasury notes. He stated fully and frankly the purposes and hopes of the administration, and pressed with confidence to the resources of the country, and the will and ability of the Government to speedily and successfully end the rebellion. He presented a tabular statement showing the state of the public debt of the country on the 2nd inst., of which the following are the essential items:—

Amount.	Loans. When redeem able	When due.
$2,983,364 14	$192,364 14	December 31, 1862
4,415,230 00	415,230 00	January 1, 1865.
7,822,000 00	822,000 00	January 1, 1870.
20,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	January 1, 1874.
16,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	January 1, 1880.
16,415,000 00	1,510,000 00	January 1, 1881.
17,925,000 00	17,925,000 00	January 1, 1881.
150,092 02	150,092 02	On demand.
$110,317,686 16	$23,017,686 16	

TREASURY NOTES.

Outstanding.	Amount issued.	When due.
$1,445,700	$2,205,700	August 19, 1863.
2,923,000	1,348,156 00	Dec. 1861, and Jan. 1862.
16,850 500	1,250,300 00	April to August 1863.
10,000,000	10,000,000	September, 1861.
2,000,000	20,000,000	Sept. and Oct. 1861.
15,000 000	15,000,000	July and August, 1864.
4,000,000	150,363 00	
$53,219,200 00	$49,954,519 00	

From this it appears that the debt and annual interest are as follows:—

Loans,	$110,317,686 16 Ar. interest $3,901,467 55
Treas'y notes,	53,219,200 00 Ar. interest 3,193,152 00
Total,	$164,167,586 16 $7,542,619 55

The avidity with which subscriptions are being made, by all classes, to the National loan, is cheering. On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of last week the aggregate subscriptions were over a million, the sum rising from day to day. The sales of all kinds, it is believed, amounted to two millions at least, in great part in small sums. In Philadelphia the first days' subscriptions were reported at hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars, mostly in sums of fifty dollars. The banks also came forward for liberal sums, and the savings institutions found that the loan was popular with their depositors. In Norwich, Ct., not less than half a million will be invested in Treasury Notes. Our country is immensely rich, though more universally distributed, and therefore the Union men than in other nations; and the Government is not likely to want for means or men, unless some terrible reverses in battle cause panic.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

ATTENTION, DATTERY!

A Recruiting Office for Follett's Light Battery, will be opened on Wednesday, Sept. 11th, at No. 23 Merrimack street, and will remain open until 5 P. M. on Saturday, Sept. 14th, when the 125 men necessary to complete the battery, in Lowell and Lawrence, will be enrolled. Young and athletic men are wanted for this battery. Capt. Lord will find his acquaintance that may never occur again in the battle or storm at the cannon's mouth. Good pay and bounty have already commenced.

The Battery will leave for camp at Worcester on Wednesday morning, Sept. 18th. Persons desirous of sending their clothes to the camp, can do so by leaving them at the office of the "battery," will be happy to see his friends at the office.

Lowell, Sept. 9, 1861. 3t

HORSE EXHIBITION AT THE LOWELL TROTTING PARK, ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th, 1861.

At 10 o'clock, A. M., a Purse of $50 to be for the best Horse, owned in the County of Middlesex, to be trotted in harness, best 3 in 5.

1. J. Farmer, b. h. m. Morgan.
2. Ch. Ch. s. g. m. Fanny.
3. Brown, b. h. m. Nellie Barker.
4. Ch. g. m. Lady Thorn.
5. Robert Wood s. s. m. Old Nellie.

At 11, A. M., a Purse of $25 to the first and $15 to the second best horse-owned within limits, best 3 in 5 in harness.

1. Maynard, of Bradford, s. h. m. Trotting Climbers Dick. Harness and wagon.
2. A. P. P. M. s. Purse of $20 to the first and $10 to the second best horse-owned within limits, best 3 in 5 in harness.
3. R. L. Flanders s. h. m. 9. Lawrence Maid.
4. Ch. g. m. Lady Thorn.
5. Robert Wood s. s. m. Old Nellie.

The above horses are most of them very fast, and the friends of the Turf and lovers of horse flesh generally may be assured that this will be a most exciting and interesting day.

ALL P. M. de Fortescue Publishers by Leave to Lowell Trotting Park, will be open to the Ladies for the first and third days, and to the Gentlemen on the second day, with a full supply of refreshments at moderate prices.

A. W. BUSH, Secretary.
Lowell Trotting Park.

Lowell, Sept. 10th, 1861. 3t

WANTED.

A young man, who is competent as book-keeper, but has the afternoons to himself, wishes to obtain employment. Inquire at this office. Lowell, Sept. 10, 1861. 3t

MEETING OF THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE. An adjourned meeting of this Board was held last evening.

After the ordinary introductory proceedings, a report was received from the special committee to whom the Physical Culture Union was the subject of the introduction into our schools of a system of gymnastics. Read and accepted, and an order, authorizing the employment of the gentlemen in charge of instruction for the term of three months, was read and adopted. We shall publish the report made by Dr. Huntington, in our paper to-morrow.

The Secretary was authorized to communicate with the publishers of Worcester's Elementary Spelling Book for an exchange of books.

A report, recommending that S. J. Gilbert and W. A. Keese be allowed to enter the High School, was accepted and adopted.

The subject of introducing into the schools Alan's Classical Hand Book, was referred to the committee on Books, with instructions to report at the next meeting.

The proposition to furnish school-books to children of indigent parents, was referred to a special committee of three, with instructions to report some plan in relation thereto.

MILITARY. The men who were sent to Camp Cameron yesterday, whose names were on Lieut. Warren's and Sergt. Lannon's rolls, were consolidated into one company in Boston—Warren getting a captaincy and Lannon a lieutenancy. The company is now nearly full.

The regiment is desired to be as nearly ready as possible on or before Monday next.

Lieut. Dana, of Follett's Battery, is in this city, recruiting at No. 28 Merrimack Street. An advertisement of this office will be found at the head of the local matter in to-day's paper.

There is an overplus of enlisting offices but there certainly is not of men.

SUPERIOR COURT. *Putnam J.* The section, Eastman vs. Sanborn, was commenced yesterday afternoon, and will occupy all of to-day, if not longer. The plaintiff seeks to recover the value of a horse which died, as plaintiff alleges, by too immoderate driving of the defendant during a storm day in August, some time last year. T. Pearson and D. S. Richardson for plaintiff; Wm. P. Webster and T. H. Sweetser for defendant.

POLICE COURT. One John Hodge, who, like many of the weaker portion of the human family, could not control his love for alcoholic stimulants, and the Court thought fit to reform him for a while, if possible, by charging him $3 and the costs of prosecuting, which, I suppose he did not have the wherewith to pay his fine.

PICNIC. The First Universalist Church have secured the Grounds at Willow Dale for to-morrow, and those attending that meeting will, weather permitting, spend the day there. We doubt not they will all have a pleasant occasion. Outsiders are respectfully notified that the Grove is let for to-morrow.

LOWELL TROTTING CLUB. Next Friday will be a day of interest for lovers of amusement in the trials, for some of the horses are owned around here are to trot. Good *time* will be made, consequently a good *time* will be had. Look at the advertisement, or notice in paper.

OPEN FOR RECRUITS. T. A. Crowley has opened his doors at No. 26 Central Street, next door to Dempsey's hat-store, where he will receive names for a company to go in the Sixth Regiment.

HON. JOHN A. BUTTRICK, who has been for some months past in Europe, is expected to return home to-morrow. We suppose he is in the steamer Africa, which was off Cape Race at 6:30 yesterday morning, and will probably arrive in New York to-day.

COUNTERFEIT five on the Cambridge City Bank, Mass., were freely distributed at Rochester, N. Y., on Saturday. The imitation is very good. We hear that one or two have been taken in this city. Albany seems to originate a large amount of counterfeit money. Is there a manufactory near?

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 9.

1 Boston and Maine Railroad		103 1-4
3 Boston and Maine Railroad		103 1-4
1 Northern Railroad		64 1-4
100 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad		99
2 Grand Falls Manufacturing Company		150
1 Manchester Manufacturing Company		650
2 Amoskeag		100
$500 United States Treasury Share		99

Annual Exhibition of the Middlesex North Agricultural Society, to be held in Lowell, Sept. 18th, 19th and 20th.

PROGRAMME

The Secretary will be at the building on the Fair Ground, on Wednesday, the day previous, and on Thursday morning, to receive committees and make entries.

ORDER OF EXERCISES ON THURSDAY, THE 12TH.

Fleming Match on the high road north of Gorham Street, and Hunt's Mills, on land of Joshua Nason, at 9 A. M.

Horses on the Track on the Fair Ground, (by Committee on Halters) 10 A. M.

Trial of Working Oxen and Bulls on the Ground, 10 1-4 A. M.

Trial of Horses on the Grounds, at 11 A. M.

Trial of Working Oxen (by teams) 11¼ A. M.

Breeding Match, on Ground, 12 M.

Dinner (for Members) (tickets $1.00) 1 P. M.

Address in Hall of the Building, by Dr. Joseph Breck, of Boston, at 2 P. M.

The Reports of Committees and awards will be given after the Address, in the Hall of the Building.

Each and all contributors of articles and fruit for the Hall must, if possible, enter the same on the day previous. The Committee cannot be accompanied with a card giving the name and town of the contributor.

All articles will be at the risk of the respective owners, but the Committee will use due vigilance during the day and night.

Articles for the Hall will be received, or must be entered by 9 o'clock on Thursday, the 12th.

ENTRY.

There will be a grand Levee and Promenade in the Hall, on Thursday Morning, which all persons, and the Hall will be elegantly lighted.

Cars will leave the Merrimack Street Depot for the Fair Ground at 7 and 9 o'clock, 10 minutes in the evening, and return at 9 and 11 o'clock, A. M., and 1 P. M., and at the Depot in the cars. Tickets for the Levee sold in the cars.

PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Tickets to the Levee, to Fair Ground and Exhibition on Thursday, 25 cents

Members of the Society, their wives and minor children, admitted to the Exhibition and Levee for ticket.

Officers, members and all others will be charged 25 cents.

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MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq. Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not easily perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I exhaust above mentioned will be if any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity in that way, as I am well aware that you have a fortune already, and even more wonderful ones enough out the Union. I have occasion to travel over the travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative and reliable thing its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that it was all and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by getting the article, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some other article, said to be as good as yours, but selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will attempt to get rid of so reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.
Apparently, some of those charlatans have put some enough to their stuff to counterfeit it, and notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.
I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for a disease, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp and head are subject to.
I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.
You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,727, will be promptly answered.
Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE M. D.
Bloomington, Ind., July 9, 1860.
DEAR SIR: I see you a statement that I have you are engaged in the sale of your Hair Restorative a resident of Bloomington, and have been for the last thirty years, and am well acquainted with you. For at least twenty years past my hair has been turning from a dark grey to white, and for white and very stiff and wiry, plain. I had used many of the various preparations for the restoration of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was no remedy. Having been induced by an entertaining a strong desire to have me hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful brown, I accordingly procured a bottle of your preparation, commencing using it several way. I purchased one of your small bottles, and continued commenced using, following after from time to time as I could procure them, until I had used six bottles, removed, and my hair, that was formerly grey, is large quantities, soft and better than a brown, and a perfect change taking place in the color, have continued to use it, and am still using it, and my usual and luxuriant brown color. No doubt for restoring the original color of the hair. I have now at present a head of hair as brown, or light as it has been at any time, and I had in my younger days, when I was among the hills of Western Virginia. My best recommendation of the merits of your Restorative is the fact of my having used it, and as such and true, as I shall in my circle, as though I were a living agent. French chemistry.—Many of my acquaintances are desirous to use it, but are afraid to do so, as you get that fine wig. I tell them it was the opinion of your Restorative, it is impossible to consider them that if the original color hair of the only hair.
FREDERICK T. BUELL,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE is now acquired a reputation for its actual and unequalled, which can not be surpassed by any quackery. In our own vicinity it has been so extensively used, and so universally approved, as to render it unnecessary to publish certificates of its value. A discriminating public have pronounced it the best preparation for the hair ever offered to the world, and all the baneful ingredients used in other preparations for the hair are entirely excluded from this.
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found a certificate of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative now offered to the public is the same article that has been in use for many years in the vicinity of Louisville, and we believe it is the best article of the kind ever offered to the public. We have seen many certificates of its value, and have no doubt that it will do all that is claimed for it.—Louisville Courier.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for, in the course of time they are generally found out, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to such as have lost their hair, or are troubled with dandruff or turning grey. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has given us the benefit of his experience, and John with us in praise of the virtues of Wood's Restorative, and have no fear in saying that it will do all that is claimed for it.—Louisville Journal.
Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, it applies to the scalp, the seat of the disease, to restore grey hair to its original color. Where the hair has become almost entirely grey, and has been worn about the head for a long time, it restores a healthy glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes, as the appearance are such as to effectually conceal the use of any deceptive, which operates only gradually to the hair. Its wholesome properties are derived from the energetic. In many cases it has effected a total disfigurements of the skin disappear as the hair is used. There is no better evidence of the value of this remedy, and its effects can be more beneficial, as the remedy itself, if it is used, will ensure a most first improvement in improved being born, and its employment must insure a healthful luxuriousness.—Boston Transcript, April 12, 1859.
A GRACIOUS BODY. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure and testify to the merits which claims to be unadulterated in its composition, and which is able to be recommended by the faculty. In one case we have no reason to doubt in the statements of the proprietors, and we can speak into the qualities of the combination, and the high endorsements of which it is the subject. Wood's Hair Restorative claims it to be its agent upon the hair, and of hair is universally known. Such a preparation is a line of genius on exhausted locks, and we heartily congratulate those who have the misfortune to fortune ally healthy, but we advise our friends not to generally growing hair to try the Restorative.—Boston Commercial Gazette.
ALL HAIR DYES ABOMINABLE.—Wood's GREAT AUTHENTIC HAIR TONIC TO FULL PRICE. Inasmuch Wood stands on an entirely new principle, it can never attempt to be less than what it claims to be, hair dyes have ever before been resorted. Indeed readers had stated wife, and the lady who have worn wigs or hers told for years, and now, through the use of this gratifying discovery, ing their own natural and luxuriant locks once more. So much for economy, the chemistry of human life and the laws which apply to the functions of the body. Dr. Wood's preparation cures the human hair its character, its proper life, its vitality, its ornament; in a word, as in its nature. Let this be understood once for all, and the age of the imposition had reached four score years, and the world be the richer for one valuable bald and gray, and grey as the aged thirty-seventeen hair to color, strength and gave to the world, and let the old world be did it with the WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. New York Day Book, June 30, 1860.
Depot, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 111 Market Street, Louisville, Ky.
$7 A No set to Louisville will be found at wars no and no genuine Family and Patent Medicines.
jan2 1yr ecod&w,tu&th,SWAP

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law Blanks, Addresses, Reports, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
FANCY WORK
For Dry Goods Stores Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the choicest styles of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or colored ink, or Bronze of every shade, with or without colored papers.
☞ Always on hand a good stock of pewter face and common printing paper, which will be supplied to the every description of work on parts and in boards to the trade.
E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE. }

BOSTON PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,
WHICH exceeds the great advantages of the brush in Carpet Sweeping into a pleasure.
A child can operate it.
It saves its cost in
No stooping is necessary after sweeping.
It is simple in construction and better than a broom.
It does not raise the carpet.
It picks up the dust and thread and lint as well as the best broom will not.
It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes no litter.
The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or child can operate it without fatigue.
It will last for years, and never wears out.
Sweeping carpets, furniture, books, &c., from the damage and poisonous effects of the dust that at present attends it.
It can be used in a sick room without annoyance to the invalid.
It is so strong that all who have carpets can afford to have one.
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.
For sale by H. HAY'ES,
ap 27 No. 15 Merrimack street

Carpet Sweeper
ALL THE GREAT ACTORS HAS TAKEN TO PUFF. Perfect Wood strains on exposure no longer, and Lever action that has been in use for three years. hair loose has ever before been recalled. Indeed readers had stated wife, and the lady who have worn wigs or hers told for years, and now, through the use of this gratifying discovery, ing their own natural and luxuriant brown color. So much for economy, the chemistry of human life and the laws which apply to the functions of the body. Dr. Wood's preparation cures the human hair its character, its proper life, its vitality, its ornament; in a word, as in its nature. Let this be understood once for all, and the age of the imposition had reached four score years, and the world be the richer for one valuable bald and gray, and grey as the aged thirty-seventeen hair to color, strength and gave to the world, and let the old world be did it with the WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. New York Day Book, June 30, 1860.
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DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH AND BOWELS.
These are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country and all who try them praise their virtues highly.
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GEORGE WOLFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all the various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years free from it. The Bitters effected the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says that whatever he recommends it, if it does not cure, it will ensure a most first improvement in improved being born, and its employment must insure a healthful luxuriousness.—Boston Transcript, April 12, 1859.
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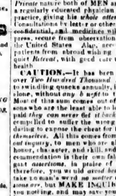
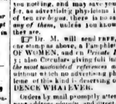
(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.
This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and which has been used in China for more than 1000, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will in every instance overcome obstructions, if taken according to directions for a short period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to prevent such a result. It is perfectly harmless upon the constitution, and may be taken during any stage of pregnancy, and from the above cause, will be found a most valuable medicine.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists generally. may19

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within prescribed months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full strength, $10; Half Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ Remember! "This medicine is renowned expressly for the cure of those which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that it is warranted a permanent cure in every respect, or the price will be refunded.
☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct from Dr. S. BERNHOLZ, MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature, and Dr. BERNHOLZ, M. D., S., a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his undivided attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Persons can obtain rooms and patients from, abroad by addressing as above and Board, if desired, at a small rate per week.
CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *over Two Hundred Thousand Invalids* are paid to every description of quack-nostrums, in New England alone, without any benefit to those who put it. Let the afflicted beware of a crowd of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once paid their money for a worthless pill or salve, or compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not feeling able to pay for the cure of *expensive physicians*. All the cases from treating with and treating a disease of *long standing*, or *delicate nature* in a man's world *no matter what his position*, or *circumstances in life*, I can well and cure you nothing, and may save you many regrets and much money. Don't be led astray by some one of ten or more, there is no safety in treating with any but those who are educated for their profession.
If Dr. S. M. will send rope, by enclosing the stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Private Circular to Females, also Circulars giving full information, with the terms, &c., will be forwarded immediately, without which no advertising physician or medicine will be sent. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. DR. BERNHOLZ, Providence, R. I.
may19 eod&w3m



MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Pictures.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
CLOCKS,
Are, &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf



UNDERHILLS AND PARA
ENGLISH Pearl Dentifrice
Tooth and Gold setting, Pinking, Enamelling
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central street, is greatly reduced prices.
sep24 1m

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A TRADE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR.
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour Feed and Grain Store, No. 41 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.
jy28

FRENCH LIQUID GRAHAM MEAL AND
GRAHAM FLOUR, Ground from best Genesee wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by
S. N. WOOD, 41 Market st.
nov26

Burnett's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for the preservation of the Hair, for efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.
It promotes the growth and prevents falling off.
It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no moisture on the collar.
It contains no dye. It will not stain hand and skin.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords a delightful odor.
It is used by nearly all the ladies of fashion.
It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may19

FARMERS,
JUST RECEIVED AT A BARGAIN.
TWO tons Major's Nitrogenized Superphosphate of Lime;
2 tons Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime;
100 bags Peruvian Guano, warranted genuine
For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John streets.
may19

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH AND BOWELS.
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$7 A No set to Louisville will be found at wars no and no genuine Family and Patent Medicines.
jan2 1yr ecod&w,tu&th,SWAP

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$13,722,753 90
Dividends paid to date,	5,444,000 12
Losses paid,	2,613,303 53

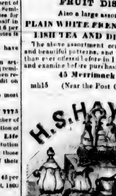
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, become one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to them its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.
Its investments are in For 1 Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Newark company in or Brooklyn, Albany, or New York City.
The insured get all the profits.
The business of the Company is conducted entirely by the Board of Trustees.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be most convenient to them, and by allowing them to pay in part in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The notes will be required to be paid annually in cash.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid the Loan premiums.
The Directors are proud to add the insured in any thing before premiums. Those who pay their premiums annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, share in dividend; and those who give notes, by a credit on the notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most careful calculations and estimates.
This Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of *the principle of average*, upon which all Life Insurance calculations are based. Although the insured must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should use the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to December 31st, 1860.
Applications for insurance may be made to
SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street,
mar4

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people of the world's benefactor, and causes the issue to rise up as to say,
"Whitten's Golden Salve is the best salve."
It is the only salve that will heal without scarring.
It causes the crying of the tender meat to cease, and heals without a scar.
It lifts the old scar off from his crutch, when he leaves the hospital.
It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is diseased.
It cleanses and cures the scalp of the crabby head.
It terminates the inflammation of the eye, and saves it.
It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.
It makes the lame walk.
It is security against scrofula.
It fights against fever sores and cancers.
It already puts foreign inflammations and doctors to flight.
The salve that will heal without scarring.
Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this remedy.
You may be rid of poor carbs and chilblains.
It will heal all burns.
For chafing in warm weather use it.
It is a sovereign remedy for piles.
It draws out the fire from burns.
It will heal fistula and fever sores.
It already puts foreign inflammations and doctors to flight.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
Lowell, April 19, 1860.
ap20 dly

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"
AN OLD FAMILY REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A CONSTANT BLESSING.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, PHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory Diseases, will also have used it exclaim, "What *Wonderful Relief! What a Cool Blessing!*" Sold by agents to all sufferers in the
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."
The price is low, within the reach of *all*. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"
Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLACK & SHEPHERD, 3 & 4 Post Office Square, Boston; H. & R. HOLDEN & CO., Concord, and all retail by Dealers generally.
G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 18, 1861. feb20 6m

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers
THREE LARGE ASSORTMENTS OF
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.
The above assortments are entirely new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)



H. S. HAYNES,
BY JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well selected stock of White Gold.
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, MOSF. HASGI G. STAND.
For all kinds of Lamps, Burners, &c.
KEROSENE OIL,
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Barrel, Gallon or Quantity to suit purchasers
IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale cheap.
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Baskets, &c., in store, and for sale low.
GLASS WARE.
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in this country. Call and examine, as I am happy to show goods.
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line will respectfully invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I am fully satisfied that I can offer as low, and in many instances lower than any other house in the country. Please call and examine for yourselves, as it will insure to them always to purchase.
☞ The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices.
Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed on me during the past, I would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, and promise to spare no pains to render entire satisfaction to all who favor me with their custom.
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
Lowell, Feb. 1861. feb1 3m

Don't get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of JAPANNED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get good PLATED TEA SETS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
To get DOWNER'S MILLS, go to
H. S. HAYNES',
No. 45 Merrimack St.
Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
Jan10 eod&w3m

Curtain Fixtures.
BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest made, for sale by the maker, for sale by
H. S. HAYNES,
ap22 45 Merrimack street.

NOTICE.
SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals &c., that have taken them at my store, will please call for the last No. and the subscription for a new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.
I wish to dispose of my old stock of Papers, Periodicals, &c., and will sell them at cost, or continue to send out, or loan for a few days to those who will call and settle.
J. MERCHANT.

SILVER SOAP.
REFFARD'S Silver Soap for cleaning and polishing Silver, *Plated and Britannia Ware*, cut by the Agent of the Proprietors for sale by
The Home Fund Window Glass and Carriage Manufacturing Co.
jan19 by KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Worthington streets.

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHPALEY'S Patent Self-Adjusting DOOR SPRINGS. Hang it yourself, and save the price of a mechanic. Sold only by H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine for yourself.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Tetters, Blotches, Freckles, Rough Skin, Sunburn and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
dec31 tf

Toilet Soaps.
ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Silver Polish, Shaving, Cold Cream and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
dec31

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient direction or stagnation of the blood is disease. To restore the integrity of the Liver is restored by stimulation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys by stimulation of the Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation, and from the same cause spring all other forms of disease. To discover a certain cause is to discover the first great step to a certain remedy, and what causes the blood to circulate?
PULMONIC WAFERS
Are the creatures of long years a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and whilst many experiments have been made with much labor extended upon the enquiry, it has been left to the present century to offer other and useful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery.
Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that all vegetable life is governed by certain vegetable laws, as animal life is traceable, to a like cause which restores or destroys, and death, the effects follow.
Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood gives to the Physician the cause, and, with it, the needful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery.
Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that all vegetable life is governed by certain vegetable laws, as animal life is traceable, to a like cause which restores or destroys, and death, the effects follow.
Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood gives to the Physician the cause, and, with it, the needful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery.
DR. D. BAXTER, Dorchester, Mass.
DR. J. W. WHITE, Boston, Mass.
I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in my left knee for many years, and could find no relief from any remedy I could procure. I was induced to try Pulmonic Wafers, and can say that one box has entirely cured me. I have no hesitation in recommending them to all who are afflicted as I was.
MERCY A. MERRILL,
Pearl street Dorchester.
"Pulmonic Gymnastic Compound" is an elegant standing preparation for the toilet.
W. R. HOSKINS,
No. 1 Old Corner Bookstore, Boston.
My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with the Scrofula. Physicians and friends entered with others and in constant pain. Pulmonic Wafers have entirely cured him.
J. W. HAMMOND, 95 Mill street, Boston.
Pulmonic Wafers and Pulmonic Gymnastic Compound has relieved me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
Proprietor Pearl St. House, Boston.
One half of a box of Pulmonic Wafers has cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.
PAUL D. HERMON,
Pearl St. House, Boston.
I certify that my friend Wm T. Glidden, Esq., presented me with a box of Dr. Hayes' "Pulmonic Compound" in 1860, when I was afflicted with a severe cough. I took the whole of them, and that I consider he is entirely cured.
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.
The above gentlemen are well known in Boston.
For GARDNER'S INFANTILE AND DIARRHOEA COMPOUND, see circulars and pamphlets.
For GARDNER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND, see circulars and pamphlets.
For GARDNER'S RESTORATIVE COMPOUND, see circulars and pamphlets.
H. HAYNES, Jr., 20 Bedford street, Boston.
Alonzo Weeks, Webster street, East Boston.
Mrs. Hannah Bennett, Boston.
Samuel Wales, Jr., City Hall.
Mrs. Sarah Ann Pratt, Pearl street, Boston.
The Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has been used in my family with the most astonishing and speedy relief.
Principal Depot 89 Ridge Street, Boston.
Wholesale agents for New York, MACY & JENKINS, 204 Canal street, New York, and Brooklyn, L. I. Orders for the above preparations will be filled as addressed.
Sold by druggists generally throughout the country.
Also for sale by Lowell by John T. Hilliard, C. S. Rimmer & Co., Kidder, Jr., W. W. Stevens and by Benj. Holden & Co., Lowell.
October 10, 1860. dly

FURNITURE POLISH.
H. S. HAYES has just received a *Latest Patent Furniture Polish*, which is the best article ever offered to the public. It will restore to new the most defaced furniture, and will leave a beautiful polish on the new furniture generally. By using one bit of this Polish, furniture will look as well as when first purchased. It will not injure the most delicate color, and will remove all stains, grease spots, &c., from furniture. Please call and examine for yourself. Sold only by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
ap27

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, from the Cabot Co., Troy Laundry, Los Angeles City Dolls, Boys' Wagons, &c., &c., which he will sell at the lowest cash prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
ap27

TO THE LADIES.
BATH OF BEAUTY is a new composition for the Toilet, extremely efficacious in annihilating Tan, Freckles, and every blemish on the skin, and in rendering the complexion clear and beautiful. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
ap27 1yr

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.
SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.
THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, sometimes variously flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull, the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with tenderness or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; a fetor of the breath; slimy stools very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a craving sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy, and unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally affected, and sometimes disturbed by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c
Whenever the above symptoms appear no time should be lost in procuring
DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
Will certainly effect a cure.
The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to
RETURN THE MONEY
in every instance where it should prove ineffectual, providing the symptoms above mentioning the sickness of the child or adult should warrant the supposition of worms being the cause of disease, and the directions be given in STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.
We pledge ourselves to the public, that
Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge
DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY
in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*
Address all orders to
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.
P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., will please state that they want Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa. To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, by any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twenty-five postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fifty cents. Pamphlets containing certificates from Canada sent to any part of the country. Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.
For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
oct13 eod&w1y

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, Sept. 11, 1861.

Correspondence of the Daily Courier.

LETTER FROM MAINE—No. 4.

BIDDEFORD, Maine, September 10th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—The last letter I wrote you was from Gardiner, and was about this place. That was last Saturday morning, I mentioned in that that there was to be an excursion to the mouth of the Kennebec River—fare only 25 cents—with music free. I took the boat and went down with the party. Fort Hunnewell, to which I alluded in my first letter, was our landing-place. As soon as we landed a party of us took possession of the fort in the name of the Union (the name of our boat, by the way), the enemy retiring when they saw us approaching, as it must be supposed in respect to our courage. We saw nothing that looked like enemies, however, except a few red coats, and they had previous to our arrival found themselves in hot water. After holding the fort (which is full of rocks and rubbish) for a few moments we were relieved by fresh reinforcements, and started in pursuit of the commissary department, as nearly all thought that they needed commissaries. After hunting for a few minutes we found a clean-shaven man busy with huckleberry pies and other "fixins," to which those who did not have private grub did full justice. Then followed walking on the beach, fishing, &c., &c., and enough except sculpins. We saw no sixty-four pounders, those of that size not being green enough to be taken. We left the fort about half-past two o'clock, and a sail of about two and a half hours brought me to this place.

I wrote you a letter or two from here one year since. There is but little alteration in the place; if any, it is for the worse. They are building one ship of about 800 tons. At Bath they are building one of the new gunboats for Uncle Sam. She is a sharp-looking craft and looks as if she would make a fast sailor, and it is hoped will do harm to Jeff. Davis' pirates, should they be afloat when she goes upon her mission.

The election in this place yesterday was very quiet. Washburn made a small loss from last year, but has gained from that year in other places, so far as heard from. There were only eight "copperheads," or DAVIS votes in this town, out of some 600 thrown. The Republicans were carried their representative, although his opponents, who had the money, raked and scraped the town to defeat him, and to the aid of a few disaffected Republicans reduced his majority to 31, while WASHBURN had 53 over all. Your correspondent was a suspicious character, the Democrats watching him closely, but he did not succeed them or take any active part in the contest. You can have no idea of the bitterness of feeling which prevails here.—The Democrats assume that as a party opponent has any rights they are bound to respect. In the parts of the State the best feeling prevailed between the Washburn and Jameson men. In Knox County, Ephraim K. Smart, Democratic candidate for Governor last year, is elected to the State Senate, on a Union ticket.

While writing this letter cases after cases have just passed, containing the members of the Eighth Maine Regiment, on their way to Washington. Some of them have perhaps set this place taken their departure at their native river—the Kennebec, but should they lay down their lives on distant fields, their memories will ever be fresh in the breasts of all the citizens of the Pine Tree State, and by patriots everywhere.

We are enjoying fine weather here, though farmers want rain. Crops are very fair. Hay is a drug in the market, and will not bring (many) more than six or seven dollars per ton. Last winter it sold eighteen and twenty dollars. Potatoes are worth about thirty cents per bushel.

HAYORTAR.

"A CRIMEAN SOLDIER." Scarcely a day passes that we do not see it stated, either in Northern papers or quoted from Southern prints, that some company, just raised, has for one of its officers "a CRIMEAN veteran." This has been constantly repeated ever since the rebellion broke out. We begin to think that at least one half of the English and French soldiers engaged in the Crimean war must have come to this country, within a year, or that there are some parties here who are related by counterfeit Crimeans. "Our Own" of the *London Times*, however, does not seem to have noticed the prevalence in our army of the same services of the war he so graphically described; had he made this discovery it is possible he might have been a little less harsh in his description of the Bull Run affair, in which he took a *leading* part.

COTTON FROM INDIA. At the latest dates, upward of twenty ships were at Bombay, loading with cotton for England. From January 1st to June 1st, the shipments were 567,466 bales more than for the same five months last year, the whole amount being 837,621 bales. It is estimated that during June and July, no less than 225,000 bales would be forwarded to England. The one crop will come into the market in October, and the total export of cotton from Bombay to England, this year, it is thought, will reach, if not go beyond, a million and a quarter of bales. These facts have the *Boston Transcript*) are among the most significant "signs of the times."

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

FAIRS.

MR. EDITOR:—I learn through your interesting journal that the annual exhibition of our Middlesex North Agricultural Society is to take place on Thursday next;—a most important assembling of the real producing classes of our country. We have our National, State, and County agricultural societies, and our semi-county societies, each holding their several annual exhibitions; and all important and beneficial in the general producing department of life; but, as short as my judgment, are the Town Farmers' and Mechanics' Clubs, or Associations; and I believe these little primary societies deserve, and should receive, the pecuniary and political encouragement of our own governments, both State and National.

A National or State agricultural exhibition brings together the wealthy agricultural amateurs, with their costly, imported bulls and cows, their wonderful sheep and swine, and fast men with their fast horses of high cost and higher prices. A few days from every County, assemble and together make up the grand show which creates a great sound in description, and a greater show in print. They are mostly strangers (except perhaps by reputation), with no feelings of sympathy for each other's interest; but each is individually encouraging to make the best show and the greatest sound. Such is not an exhibition for the general good, but mainly for private interest.

How different the exhibition of a Town Farmers' and Mechanics' Club. Here neighbor goes with neighbor, family with family, and all in social sympathy use their best endeavors for, and vie in the general enjoyment of a harvest feast at the harvest home. In witnessing such exhibitions, I sometimes imagine in an almost sacred institution, on the altar of which bright youth and feeble age unite in presenting the precious offerings of their own handiwork. We see the young mechanic of manufacturers of youth; the bright little girl of but few years sends us a pleasing sample of the beautiful work of her own little hands. She gives most gratifying evidence of her present ability and an earnest of her future usefulness. She has but just started on the great highway of life, we can see but far back in the distance, almost where we started from, and she is coming on, bright, hopeful and happy.—May no change imagine what were the feelings of that young mind while the tiny fingers plied the slender needle in the busy work? Yes: we may well imagine only happy thoughts and holy aspirations reigning there.

Again: 'tis there we see the perfect work of feeble but useful old age. The aged matron of many scores, kindly presents the interesting offering of her own, and perhaps her last, work. White soiled thoughts must occupy the mind of that aged one, as she slowly plied, and by the long but self-imposed task of completing the generous work which she sends to us, who are but a few degrees behind her in the great journey of life. We may imagine that we see her heart, but it is away in the dim distance of an innocent future. She is almost out of sight, just about turning that last point in the great road which leads to a better, and as she believes, to a happier home; but she leaves with us the beautiful memento on which future generations will look with heartfelt pride and genuine love for the venerable dame. She is more personally known and respected for her excellent and great age; and in future years she will still live in the memory of many, as the truth of which she leaves with us most forcible and practical evidence.

"Is there the young wife and maiden present?" Yes: there they are, and through the bread, the elaborately-wrought needlework, and the tasteful apparel, as evidence of the genuine nobility of birth, parental teachings, and their excellent abilities in performing the duties of a well-ordered household:—that she looketh well to the ways of her household and eateth not the bread of idleness, that she has of her husband doth safely trust in her, so that she shall have no need of spoil.

The lofty farmers join their several yokes of fat and working oxen in the same team, and fraternally make up and drive the heavy load of their various products for the general exhibition. John Keyes' largest squashes, Sam Smith's longest beets, and George Read's great Davis seedlings, are part and parcel of the same load. Widow Lakin drives Peter Pingree's horse and carriage, with her yellow, sweet butter, his gold-premium and luscious butter, while Peter takes up the widow's fattest soil-ox.

Social hilarity rules throughout the day. The prominent actor declares it to be a general satisfaction, and all return to their several homes well pleased and mutually benefited by the celebration of the day. Envy or jealousy has no place in the heart of any; and it is truly the harvest feast of the harvest home. I believe that the general good of our County and State societies requires that we encourage and urge the more general formation of Town Farmers' and Mechanics' Associations, and hope that the subject may receive mature consideration at our next annual meeting.

Yours, fraternally,

SEEDLING.

ENCOURAGING MANUFACTURING NEWS.—The *Milford (N. H.) Republican* says that the mill of Moore, Kaliy & Co., in that town, started on full time on Monday; and that a new bleachery will commence next week. A good many buildings are going up in Milford, and business promises encouragingly.

The mills of the Cocheco company, at Dover, N. H., with one exception, are in motion again, though running on short time. The *Gazette* refers with satisfaction to the altered aspect of affairs in comparison with the general dullness apparent a few weeks ago.

The Dunnell Manufacturing Company, at Pawtuxet, Mass., started their works on Monday last. The *Fall River News* hears of other establishments in this vicinity that are about to resume operations.

THE new Freshmen Class at Amherst College already consists of *seventy-six* members, and is one of the largest that has ever entered there.

SINCE 1844 there has been but one summer (1851) in which the rain has fallen as during the season just closed, and but two summers (1857 and 1859) in which there was not a greater average of heat.

WE copy from a New Hampshire paper the following:—"Massachusetts is to send a regiment to the war per week for the next six months. If that is not enough, she will go herself. So says one of her sons."

THERE is in Boston a spiritual medium who gives the most wonderful tests.—Names of departed friends, of whom he could never have heard, appeared written in crimson letters on his arm. He astonished the natives of Nottonville; his name is Potter.

CITY AND COUNTY.

LOWELL SOLDIERS AT FORT MONROE. The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the Rhode-Island Light Infantry and the Lowell soldiers of the 16th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers at Fortress Monroe, per steamer Sun DuPont, from Boston.

Packages will be received and forwarded, at the office of the Aid Association, Lowell City Hall, on Friday, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock, M., after which time no more will be received, and the steamer will not wait for any.

Each package must be marked, and contain articles as follows:

For the Rhode-Island Light Infantry, Co. A, Capt. Wm. Sprague, 1st Lieut. Thomas Sprague, 2d Lieut. Benj. Thurston:—1 bbl. Hobbs' Boston Crackers, 1 bbl. Pilot Bread, 1 bbl. Sugar, 1 bbl. Molasses, 1 bbl. Vinegar, 1 bbl. Potatoes, 1 bbl. Onions, 1 bbl. Dried Apples, 1 bbl. Dried Peaches, 1 bbl. Pickles, 1 bbl. Tomatoes, 1 bbl. Corn Starch, 1 bbl. Farina, 1 bbl. Rice, 1 bbl. Tea, 1 bbl. Coffee, 1 bbl. Sugar, 1 bbl. Soap, 1 bbl. Candles, 1 bbl. Butter, 1 bbl. Lemons, 1 bbl. Oranges, 1 bbl. Apples

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction, to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle at hand, and have long recommended The use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time the change was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I state the case too mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, but from your family and friends, I feel sure I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last ten or twelve years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, I proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had purchased some article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and it is astonishing that people will patronize an article at one-half the price when there is one to be had that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, each of these infamous have not brains enough to write an advertisement; as I notice they have copied words, word for word, in several instances, nearly inserting some of the same in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, with perfect success—some for baldness, others for diseased head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, a few years since, you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,290, will be promptly answered. Yours, &c.,

I consider you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over sixty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unmanageable. I had seen a number of certificates of the wonderful and beneficial effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a one fiction than truth to them. I was entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color, and appearance, as was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would make a trial of your preparation, commencing in a small way. I purchased a small bottle of your Restorative, and commenced using, following directions as near, by as I could. In a few weeks I noticed a change in my hair, that was gratifying to me, it was falling off in large quantities, was soon checked, and a fine and a redlish color began to place in the scalp. I have continued to use it, and by the use of about 4 of your small bottles my hair is of a beautiful brown on the head, or light blue as in my younger days, and I am now in my youthful days, myself, and all my friends and acquaintances, are astonished at the change. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair is entirely falling off, and is as soft and pliable to the touch, as though just from the hands of the French chamoiser. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler you look ten years younger than formerly." I attribute the whole effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that they have not dyed the hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,

FRED. BUTLER, M. D.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be matched by any preparation in our own vicinity. It has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the unqualified endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of these few genuine and-one which accomplishes all it is said to do, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Cincinnati Sun Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an assertive card of this well known and well established preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color—The Hair Restorative is now offered to the public unbidden, and presents the fair failing offer. We have seen many so favorable testimonials in favor of these as within some of which are from persons in whom we have known and long least as persons of the most reliable character. Don't say till you have tried it.—*Boston Chess Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are fond in the habit of publishing every new discovery, but in the case before us they are compelled to, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all in want of it. Baldness will ere twenty grey. Our word for it, and we have seen it tried in a few cases, and never failed in a single instance where it was used according to directions, and we have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in our own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, I proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had purchased some article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and it is astonishing that people will patronize an article at one-half the price when there is one to be had that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, Sept. 12, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

The following particulars of an important skirmish were telegraphed from Washington yesterday:—

A large party started out at 7 o'clock this morning from the vicinity of Chain Bridge under command of Col. Browne, of the New York Highlanders. It consisted of several detached companies of infantry, a company of cavalry, and Capt. Griffin's battery. As our skirmishers advanced the enemy's pickets retired beyond Lewinsville, about seven miles beyond Chain Bridge. Our troops having accomplished the object of their errand, countermarched with the reconnoisance of the country, began to retrace their steps, when a large force of rebels, consisting of two regiments of infantry and Col. Stewart's regiment of Virginia cavalry, with a battery of four pieces was seen approaching from the direction of Falls Church, evidently with a view of cutting off our troops and preventing their return to camp. One of these was borne off by the rebel forces and their battery opened with shell, which was replied to from Griffin's battery.

Several rounds were fired on each side, when our troops ceased firing for about twenty minutes to allow the rebels to take an opportunity, which they would not embrace, of meeting them on the open field of the rebels being for the greater part concealed in the woods. Our forces on resuming operations brought into action a 32-pounder, the shell from which soon silenced the rebel battery. The rebels then directed toward the rebel cavalry, which appeared on the road leading to Falls Church, and soon sent them flying in a number reeling from their saddles and falling to the ground, the shell having exploded in their midst.

The command was then given to withdraw, and our column fell back, and reached their quarters late in the afternoon.—Our loss is represented as but six killed and as many wounded and missing. The rebel loss is unknown, but it must have been heavier than ours.

Gen. Banks' Division. Reports from Gen. Banks' division represent his troops in good condition, and fully prepared for an attack whenever the rebellious disposed to make one. Several rebels, who have made themselves obnoxious, have been arrested, among the number a Methodist minister. A few days ago, the Federal pickets discovered a rebel cavalry camp about two miles from the river, and Capt. Tompkins, with the Rhode Island battery, threw about twenty shells among them for their inspection, when the encampment disappeared.

Flashing near Chain Bridge. The special correspondent of the *Boston Journal* telegraphed from Washington last night as follows:—

This afternoon the Vermont Third and Maine Sixth Regiments were reconnoitering on the road leading from Chain Bridge to Falls Church, when they suddenly came upon a column of several thousand of the enemy, by whom they were nearly surrounded; but they managed to fall back on the picket post of Gen. Smith. The battery on both sides was engaged, and continued for an hour and a half to fire at long range. The Federal loss is three killed and seven wounded; the enemy's loss is not known. The enemy's loss is estimated at from fifteen to twenty thousand at Falls Church.

Charles Henry Foster, claiming to be Congressman elect from North Carolina, called on the President to-day and tendered a full brigade of loyalists from that State.

The Louisville Courier has a Mobile dispatch stating that the Pensacola dry dock was entirely burnt on the 3d inst.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ATHENS, N. H., September 10th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—The charms of country sights and experience has till now prevented compliance with your request to take a note of matters in the old Granite State, and besides,

> "Not rural sights alone but rural sounds.
> Exhilarate the spirit and restore
> The tone of languid nature. Mighty winds
> That sweep the skirts of some far spreading wood
> Of ancient growth, make music not unlike
> The dash of ocean on his winding shore,
> And lull the spirit while they fill the mind.

Climbing these old hills, "rock ribbed and ancient as the sun," and drinking in beauty with every sense, is wonderfully healing to bodily ills and cheering to the mind. This is the place where farmers are slenderously reported to plant pride by shooting it from a gun-barrel, and where constant employment is given to the boys in grinding down the sheeps' noses, that they may pick up a scanty mountain, or in wearing out the rocks. In fact, I have been told that good wages may be made by trundling them *a la wheelbarrow*, by the blind legs, to allow them to get to market at greater ease. But this is a libel.

It was my fortune a day or two ago to visit a mills farm on Scotch Mountain, a rocky eminence well known to many Lowell men who hail from Greenfield, Franconetown, and Deering, comprising over six hundred acres in one body. The owner, Mr. Nahum Russell, an enterprising son of New Hampshire, is an evidence that although New Hampshire is a good State to emigrate from, there are "a few more left of the genuine stock. He sends his milk every day to Boston, more than sixty miles, caring it thirteen miles over the hills to the east of Wilton, and yet makes a profit of over $2000 a-year. He wonders that so many New England men go out West, when up here among the hills, land is so abundant and so cheap.

Taking into account the price of land and labor, the difference in value of crops so near to market, and the privileges of a New England home, the advantages here in dollars and cents surpass those in a majority of the Western States. In my rambles upon the hills, I have seen many houses formerly occupied by the early settlers, now entirely deserted for a situation farther from town, and which could now be bought at small prices. Many in Lowell who now suffer from the hard times, would find themselves more than paid in health, happiness and worldly prosperity, by leaving city conveniences and city vices for rural simplicity and a life among the hills.

Since leaving Lowell I have heard more sympathy with "secession" than ever before. And yet the "peace" men are but few in number, making up like they Southern allies, in bluster what they lack in strength. The cause of this feeling I now see in a clearer light. The secession newspapers of New Hampshire, taken by men of small means, who are so often ignorant of matters of political interest, are the only sources of information for facts, are accountable in part for this, and ignorance also to a great extent, with men who look to the dry backs of the Democratic name, not knowing that the kernel is gone. It is the same ignorance that the Dutchmen in Pennsylvania exhibit, who, at every presidential election vote for General Jackson. But the main reason of all is the pernicious influence of some of the public men. The birth-place of Frank Pierce is but few miles from where I am now writing. He is, as well as others, among whom I hear mentioned the name of John H. George, have visited nearly every part of New Hampshire canvassing for votes, and in every part it has been a fashionable resort. We hear that there was an insurance of $70,000 on the property.

JEFFERSON DAVIS. The following, written under the supposition that Jeff. Davis is really dead, will be read with interest, whether he is actually dead or alive, which is not yet positively known, although the probabilities are that he is not dead. We copy from the *Philadelphia Press* of the 6th inst.; the article was written by the editor, J. W. Forney, a man who knew Davis, root and branch.

The intelligence of the death of Jefferson Davis seems to be confirmed. When Stephen A. Douglas was called away, a similar exultation was exhibited in many of the secession papers. The malignity with which they punished his independence survived his death and rioted over his grave. Let us set a better example, now that the great leader of the secession tyranny has been summoned before the eternal bar. He was an ambitious and positive public man. He rarely surrendered an opinion once formed until he degraded himself by throwing behind him his voluntary professions in favor of the Union. He was a clever debater, a chivalric opponent, a steadfast friend, a gentleman in all his relations, and in his own family singularly kind and gentle. Although he was dolorically the head and heart of the South-ern rebellion, he went into it reluctantly, as all who heard his last speech in the Senate still remember, when with broken accents and tearful eyes he made farewell at once to that body and to all his real greatness. Jefferson Davis was blessed with many accomplishments. He was alike a soldier and a statesman. No public man in our generation was more devoted to scientific pursuits, and more familiar with the abstruse teachings of political philosophy. No branch of human knowledge seemed unworthy of his investigation.

He was equally attentive to classical literature, to the details of military life, to the intricacies of political parties, to the study of men, and if Professor Bache, of the Coast Survey, could speak, he would bring to light many facts not in his case accomplished head, and which has latterly years have accompanied the assertion that Jefferson Davis was as conversant with the smallest minutiæ of that noble institution as any other man who was ever connected with it. He was passionately devoted to the Smithsonian Institution, of which he was a liberal and active friend. He devoted himself to the decoration of this capital, and to the improvement of the Avenue and in all his efforts to construct the water works, to finish the capitol building on the grandest scale, and to push forward the extensions of the Interior and Treasury Departments. He was, undoubtedly, a great Secretary of War, and in this high office nothing so much delighted him as to make young men of his own and of whom worthy, to advance them. If he educated unprepared for the duties of a republic, he conferred many advantages upon McClintock to save it. If he assisted Lee and Johnston to rise, he strengthened their hands for injury against the flag, he greatly favored Major and Frank Lee, and Floyd, who succeeded him, he neither lied nor stole; and, unlike Mason, who retained his seat in the Senate while trying to demoralize the Government, he retired gracefully, if reluctantly, when called upon to carry his terrible theories into effect.

Jefferson Davis was born in 1805, was educated at West Point, served in the army from 1828 until 1835. He was a member of congress for one year, Colonel and Brigadier General in Mexico, a Senator in Congress for more than six years, Secretary of War under President Pierce, and again a member of the Senate, which position he left when secession ripened into rebellion and when rebellion demanded his services. I have not a doubt that he died of a broken heart. He was too thorough-bred a gentleman to be an honest traitor. He was too much a statesman to falsehood to represent a Government that was all a lie. Jefferson Davis had a conscience, and in his case there surely must have been a Nemesis, and he who faced the cannon at Buena Vista, and stood unflinching before every personal peril, became a coward when he beheld himself the representative of a cause that was but the assassin of a country that had nurtured and educated him. The grave was, unquestionably, a welcome rest and refuge to him.

If I have any reason for regretting his death, it is on account of the fact, that his indomitable and desperate character would have driven his followers to a more speedy ruin than the political supporters all over the State. While at Hillsboro', some weeks ago, Pierce was solicited to make a speech to a company of volunteers on the point of leaving for the seat of war, but excused himself on the plea of sickness, which insted, however, only until the train was fairly out of the depot. There can be no doubt that the influence of those two men has been thrown against the Government and in favor of the rebels. Curse loud and deep are hurled against them on every hand, and their treasonable counsels may yet meet a strong rebuke.

The New Hampshire regiments are recruiting faster than during the busy farming season. After the completion of the fall work, I have no doubt the full quota of troops will be promptly furnished. The companies of sharp shooters are nearly full, thanks to the advertisements, which have made many excellent marksmen.

The drought about here is getting to be quite severe. Potatoes are beginning to suffer, and the fine crop promised a few weeks ago for rain. The corn is in excellent condition.

More anon. P.

TREASURY NOTES OF SMALL DENOMINATION. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular to assist treasurers, to the following effect:—

Treasury notes of the denomination of five, ten and twenty dollars will continue to be issued, redeemable in coin, on demand, at the offices of the Assistant Treasurers at Boston, New York, Philadelphia and St. Louis, and at the depository at Cincinnati. These notes are intended to furnish a current medium of payment of exchange and remittances, being at all times convertible into coin at the option of the holder at the place where made payable, and every where receivable for public dues, they must always be equivalent to gold. A sufficient amount of coin to redeem these notes promptly on demand will be kept with the depositories by which they are respectively made payable, and all depositing and collecting officers will receive them and pay them to public creditors as money. Large amounts of notes of small denominations are rapidly being issued and distributed.

THE NAHANT HOUSE BURNED. We learn that the Nahant House, at Nahant, was burned to the ground last night. It had not been opened to visitors this summer, although in years past it has been a fashionable resort. We hear that there was an insurance of $70,000 on the property.

CITY AND COUNTY.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, on criminal cases finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 23d, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.
sept12&3t

LOWELL SOLDIERS AT FORT MONROE.

The Soldiers' Aid association will send a box to the Lowell boys at Fort Monroe, by Capt. Sullivan of the 16th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers at Fort Monroe, the steamer for Fort Monroe leaves Boston. Packages will be received and forwarded at the office of the Lowell Agent, Mr. Sullivan, Tuesday, the 17th inst., at 11½ A. M. provided that each parcel is plainly marked, and the name of the owner is given. By the request of the committee,

WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.
sept12&3t

HORSE EXHIBITION AT THE LOWELL TROTTING PARK.

ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20th, 1861.

At 10 o'clock, A. M., a Purse of $30, $20 to the first and $10 to the second best horse, mare or gelding, best 3 in 5 in harness.

1. J. Barnes, b. h. D. Morgan.
2. A. D. Chase, g. g. m. Fleet.
3. Wm. Bradbury, b. g. Billy Barker.
4. Geo. Bradford, b. g. Lancaster.
Robert Wood is a m. in Class 3.

At 1 P. M., a Purse of $25, $15 to the first and $10 to the second best horse—mile heats, best 3 in 5 in harness.

1. L. Maynard, ch. f. Brother, is sis. s. Trotting Children of Trotting Parents.
2. Wm. Woodruff, g. g. Somerville.
3. Geo. Bradford, g. g. Lancaster.

The above are the names of those very fast and promising horses of Lowell and vicinity, and the Trotting Park Association are sure that the exhibition will be one of interesting and exciting character.

At 3 P. M., an Equestrian Exhibition by *Ladies and Gentlemen*, for a premium—the object of which is to encourage the breeding of horses suitable for the use of ladies. The premium will be awarded by a committee of competitors from the towns comprised within the North Agricultural District.

TICKETS 25 CENTS.

By order of Directors.
Lowell, Sept. 10th, 1861. LOWELL TROTTING CLUB.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged as Book-keeper, but has the afternoon at his disposal, wishes to obtain employment in writing, either in counting room or elsewhere. Inquire at this office.
sept12&3t

CATTLE SHOW AND EXHIBITION OF THE MIDDLESEX NORTH AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. The seventh annual exhibition of this Society commenced on their grounds, in this city, this morning, and as the day was fine, the day was preceded by a severe rain-storm, but this morning the sun shone out in all its brightness, giving every indication that we should have a fine day for the *fair*, so that even the *fair* wives and daughters of the members of the Society would run no risk by turning out in their strength. They are presuming greatly on fair weather, making the most attractive part of the show, but no premiums are offered for such attractions and of course no prizes will be awarded, however deserving they may be.

In many respects the fair promises to equal, in some particulars to excel, that of any former one given by this Society.

Cattle. In this department there is the largest display seen here for several years, nearly every pen being occupied, though both fore and aft there is room to spare, but what they lack in size they doubtless make up in quality, and certainly in some cases in fatness. Isaac Kendall, of Dracut, exhibits some splendid fat oxen, the admiration of all visiting the pens—One yoke of seven years, girt 6 feet 2 inches, girth around the body 8 feet 9 inches, weigh 2110; a yoke of four year old steers by the same weighs about 2,400. These cattle have been kept on cooking food, and Gilman Hunt, by, of Dunstable, also exhibits a pair of oxen weighing 4,760, while one or two other pair come up to 4,000. The following are the number of entries: Bulls and fat cattle 23; working oxen 15; show or working oxen by town 2; steers 6; milch cows 14; heifers 28. Total entries 90.

Sheep. There are nineteen entries in this department, among which are some splendid-looking animals, both for fatness and wool.

Swine. There are twenty exhibitors of the porcine race. Several of the porkers are very large animals, and indeed there is a very good show in this respect.

Ploughing Match. Eleven teams, about 9 o'clock, on the land of Joshua Swan, south of Hale's mills. There were three double horse teams entered by Horace Stebbins, Wilmington; Lyman Clark, Dracut, and Z. F. Proctor, Dunstable. There were only two ox teams, by C. T. Cummings, Tyngsboro', and Charles A. Upton, North Reading. The ploughing was very good, and there seemed to be much interest felt, a large number of spectators being present.

Horses. There were three entries of draught horses and thirty-seven other horses—a very large number. The draught horses were entered by Calvin T. Cummings, Tyngsboro'; Lowell Blisabrey; Joseph Danforth, Tyngsboro'. There were some fine-looking horses on the grounds.

Grain. There were two entries of rye, and five in the name of corn.

Poultry. There are twenty-four entries of poultry, among which are some fine-looking birds. One old turkey, we were informed, *dressed thirty-five pounds*, and by Thanksgiving will furnish a dinner for a large family. There were several other large specimens of his race. There are also a number of ducks and two or three of rabbits. Several fine cages of fowls are exhibited. In this department are to be seen a fox, and what attracts as much attention, a couple of live wild mouser and her four little ones. This exhibition is from a well-known citizen, John S. Wyman, whose cats are, however, surpassed by his pure mouser, of which he has several specimens on exhibition.

Vegetables. There is a large exhibition of vegetables, there being thirty-nine entries under this head.

Root Crops. We have never witnessed a finer display of potatoes than is to be seen in the hall. One exhibitor displays fifteen different varieties. There is a very good show of carrots, beets, turnips, onions, &c. There is a good exhibition of root crops, as a whole.

Peaches, Plums, and Grapes. As was anticipated, the display is not very large, there being only twelve exhibitions. We saw two plates of splendid-looking peaches, raised on the Bonet Corporation. There are also some fine-looking grapes.

Butter. Seventeen entries in this department, there being some nice, yellow-looking tubs of this article.

Bread. Fifty-two persons have entered bread for premiums. There are some excellent loaves, and with some of the master hand, and some of "Uncle John's" wine, and a quantity of the honey exhibited by Mr. J. L. Cambridge, a person might make out a fine dinner, without going into the hall above.

Fruit. As was to be expected, this department is not very large. There are several dishes exhibited of apples (some nice-looking ones) seven of pears, and eleven of assorted fruits and melons. The fruit is flanked by flowers, to which his Honor, Judge Crosby, is a somewhat prominent exhibitor.

Needle work. The largest and finest display is from the fair ladies of Lowell and vicinity, there being 144 exhibitions of needle and fancy work, some of which show great skill in those who wrought the articles.

Other articles. The Middlesex Company exhibited a large number of pieces of French flannel, a number of shawls, and some open cloths. The Hamilton Manufacturing Co. exhibited 144 four-piece prints, much admired by the ladies.—Messrs. Adams & North and D. W. C. Partridge have large displays of carpeting, in the hall, which attract much attention.

Miscellaneous articles. There are one or two mowing-machines, two or three pumps, machines for wringing clothes, &c., on exhibition.

The display, upon the whole, is one of the largest ever witnessed in Lowell on a similar occasion, and is far superior to others than usual. There are no entries for the spading-match, which was announced to take place at 12 o'clock.

The dinner will be at 1 o'clock, when the address, by Dr. Geo. B. Loring, will be made; after which the premiums will be awarded, which we shall give to-morrow. The fair, or exhibition is elsewhere referred to.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Putnam, J.* Both juries were dismissed yesterday afternoon till 2 o'clock, P. M., to-day, to allow members of the Court to attend the Middlesex North Agricultural Society Fair, to be holden in this city to-day. The action of Eastman vs. Sanborn will not go to the jury till to-morrow.

In the action of Bennett vs. Clemence on Friday, after the defendant had put his case all in, under the ruling of the Court, the defendant asked permission of the Court to amend his answer, by inserting important testimony bearing upon the case might go in, and had leave to do so upon terms; thereupon the counsel for the plaintiff asked time to prepare and fill the demur and leave was granted him till this morning at 10 o'clock to rebutter. After the case now on trial is finished, the jury upon the demurrer will be passed upon by the Court; and the case will probably go off the Judicial Docket, upon the demurrer, without a verdict of the jury of the present term.

THE HORSE EXHIBITION TO-MORROW.—From present indications, the horse exhibition at the Lowell Trotting Park to-morrow, will be well filled with horses, and the first of the interesting ever known in this city. The programme of proceedings we present in another place, but wish to call especial attention to two or three prominent features.

First—The match between Romeo and Trotting Children of Bradford, is likely to be a most interesting one. All our readers know something of the capacity of Romeo, and they should infer that something decidedly able is matched against him in Trotting Children to bring to the dignity of a contest worthy the name.

Third—The equestrian exhibition by the ladies, for prizes to be contended for and named elsewhere. Some six ladies of Lowell have entered their names as contestants. As heretofore, this will be one of the most interesting features of the exhibition. Three o'clock, P. M., is the hour set for their riding. During the afternoon, there will be hurdle-riding by a young Miss of Lowell, who last year took one of the prizes. The whole evening is open now, bids fair to be of general interest to all who find pleasure or profit in the horse and horsemanship. Also will be intimately connected with the annual gatherings of the Society.

GOING TO THE WARS. Within a few days two of the most notoriously bad cases in the police court, the past half-a-dozen years, have been induced to enlist for three years or the war, in the regular army. Their names are James Gallagher and Albert Young.—They were visited at the station-house by a recruiting-officer, who presented his case to them, and their own, also—and without urging, and in their right mind, they concluded to enlist. We hope the experience they are likely to meet with will make better men of them than they have been heretofore.

THE SWORD FOR GEN. BUTLER. Papers for subscriptions to procure a sword to be presented to Maj.-Gen. B. F. Butler, have been started in each ward in the city. We hope they will be welcomed by all who are able to contribute. The sum is small that is required of each subscriber, and the testimonial proposed, in our opinion, is one that may be fittingly made by our citizens.

Mr. DENIER recently accomplished the thrilling feat of carrying a man on his back across the Schuylkill River, at Philadelphia, upon a rope 1500 feet in length and 180 feet high. An eye witness in describing the scene, says that it was one of those feats which causes the spectator not only to hold his breath, but it is rather suggestive of hair standing on end. The daring gymnast proceeded with a firm but slow step on his perilous journey, and on arriving about midway of the rope, he sat down and after resting for a few moments started for the opposite side. Returning he traversed the entire distance walking backward.

THE meeting last evening, at Hurd Street Church, was presided over by Rev. Mr. Clark. Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, the attendance was good. The closest attention was given to the speakers, who were Revs. Messrs. Street, Twiss, Jenkins, and Thayer. The remarks were spirited, and well adapted to the subject which suggested the meeting.

No business to-day in the Police Court. All the parties whose cases were set down for the court-room, are absent, and there is no intelligence from unsought sinners.

THE first regular meeting of Pentucket Lodge of Masons, since the appointment early in the summer, takes place at Masonic Hall this evening.

Our readers in want of a superior seven octave piano-forte, will call and examine the one at E. B. Patch & Co.'s office, to be sold on Saturday next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

MILITARY. The following changes and promotions of Lowell men in the military service of the State are announced. The date of commission is in parenthesis.—

Second Regiment, Co. D—Ivelethcer M. Abbott of Lowell, appointed 2nd lieutenant (July 8th, 1861), in place of Geo. F. Higginson, promoted 1st lieutenant Co. A.

Fifth Regiment, Co. H—Henry L. Wilson of Billerica, appointed Captain (July 24, 1861), in place of Jonas K. Tyler, resigned. Henry Bradley of Concord, appointed 1st Lieutenant (Aug. 24, 1861), in place of Wm. E. Farrar, promoted 1st Lieutenant.

Sixth Regiment, Co. G—William E. Farrar of Lowell, appointed 2d Lieutenant (July 25, 1861), in place of Israel N. Wilson, promoted 1st Lieutenant Co. A. 34 Regiment. William A. Fifield of Lowell, appointed 2d Lieutenant (July 25, 1861), in place of Wm. E. Farrar, promoted 1st Lieutenant.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 11.

10 Boston and Maine Railroad	99 1-4
5 Boston and Maine Railroad	99 1-4
4 Fitchburg Railroad	99 3-4
5 "	99 3-4
5 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	99 1-2
$500 United States Treasury Note	99 1-2
$500 " " "	99 1-2

NOTICE.

The subscriber would inform his customers that he may be found at Johnson Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, where he will be happy to wait on them, and he would be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 12, 1861. A. L. BROWER.
sept12&3t

FINNEY & LUND SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Mr. Finney, elsewhere, for what he has to say. Mr. Lund is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun3&3t

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	D. R. Richardson,
Wm. Nesmith,	B. Hall,
L. G. Howe,	Edward York,
	Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made in this department, the capital of which is $50,000 81, with deposit notes to the amount of $114,000 81, which are secured by mortgages on real estate property in Middlesex County to the amount of $150,000, and by the personal responsibility of the makers, as well as by any Company with a substantial cash basis.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessments will be made in this department, the capital of which is $50,000 00, with deposit notes to the amount of $114,000 00, which are secured by mortgages on real estate property in Middlesex County to the amount of $150,000, and by the personal responsibility of the makers, as well as by any Company with a substantial cash basis.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Merrimack street, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 27, 1861. 99

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against fire on property not exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, and pays promptly and adjusts the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Joseph G. Abbott,
Joshua Codding,	John Avery,
Arthur T. Benson,	Walter Wright,
Andrew H. Ordway,	Caleb H. Marrel,
Samuel Bothwick,	Stephen Bowers,
Ephraim Brown.	Phineas W. Hunt.

Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin E. Bailey,

Stephen D. Hamblett, Treasurer.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Merrimack street, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 27, 1861. 99

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

PITTSFIELD, MASS.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies were organized at a time when the business was confined to POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES. for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
Appleton Block, Central st.
July, 1859. 1y8-tf

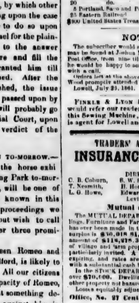
Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INSR CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
April 6, 1861. Lmlow



THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

is continually in peril if she is used enough to become the victim of any of the painful diseases to which the female constitution is subject. DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are prepared from the prescription of DR. CHARLES LEWIS CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York City, and have been used in his extensive practice for many years, and can always be relied upon. They are a thorough and safe purgative, and will be found to act directly upon the diseased parts. They are the best remedy known for Female Complaints, Pain in the Loins, Back and Side, Female Weakness, Irregularities, Obstructions, Dyspepsia, Nausea, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and distressing symptoms. They are a safe remedy in the usual functions. In the worst cases of Fever and Ague they will never fail to cure.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are unrivalled as the only safe means of removing interruptions in menstruation, but should not be taken by females in a state of pregnancy.

Explicit directions, stating when and when they may be taken, will be found with each box.

Under each box containing 50 Pills.

Sold by all Druggists and Agents throughout the United States and Canada.

Sold in Lowell by J. F. HILDRETH, corner Central and Merrimack streets, and by Druggists everywhere.
June 6, 1861. 1m6Fly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. CLARK,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in the year 1851, and have used it in all cases of fitting, and investigation proves it to be the best material ever introduced, it more economical. There has been a great deal of poor work done among the dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, but we feel safe in saying that nearly every other article now in use, there are many objections which are entirely overcome by the use of this material. It is a great saving of time, as many cases it is accomplished in one day, which by the old process would require two or three days. Also a great saving of labor, as the plate is made perfect in every particular, so that it requires no after labor to finish it. All of the above objections are entirely overcome by the use of this article, and we, as well as others, that are equal to say that it is the best material ever introduced.

Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
sept7

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen. These Pills are confidently recommended as an unfailing remedy for all those painful diseases to which the female constitution is peculiarly subject. They will in a short time restore the most delicate to a state of perfect health, and in every respect remove all those *disorders from* which the sex usually suffer. Each bottle, with full directions, will be sold cheap, and part credit given, or exchanged for any kind of saleable property. Inquire of J. F. MANAHAN, No. 21 Central street, Lowell, Mass. Also, for sale by DANIEL SPAULDING, the proprietor, on the premises, Lowell, Sept. 1, 1861. 3m

"BUT ME AND PLL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints: Rumors, from a people to the worst portals are, Jaundice; Costiveness; Headache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion Dizziness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the secretions, purify the blood, and produce the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quicken the circulation, and equalize the system more than any medicine ever known. They are made of the *purest and most concentrated vegetable extracts*, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Poplar and Prickly Ash Barks, Blackberry, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to form the most perfect remedy ever offered to the public. Sold by all Druggists. Spring and Summer Medicines will be found at the office. Also, Dr. Langley's Pain Panacea, or Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, for sale at all times. Only 25 cents per bottle.

Principal office and depot, No. 3 Hayward Place, Boston. Sold by all druggists in Lowell, and by GOODWIN & CO., 21 and 12 Market street, and by Z. O. LANGLEY or DANIEL SPAULDING.

S. RIDDEL, Jr. Agent, corner of Merrimack and John streets. 1y

Atwood's Quinine Tonic Bitters—the best Aromatic Tonic ever offered to the public. All druggists have! Inv advertisement. 4 TuTh&Sat6y

SUMMER!

3000 STRAW AND PALM LEAF HATS just received and for sale by the case or dozen at BRAKER'S CORNER HAT STORE.
aug27 21 Central street.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, Sept. 10, by Rev. D. Moll, Mr. Willis E. Davis to Miss Lucy A. Wilson, both of Lowell.

In this city, Sept. 10, by Rev. D. Moll, Mr. Henry F. Bell of Lowell, to Miss Nancy F. Garland, of Tyngsboro', to Miss Nancy F. Garland, of Lowell.

DEATHS.

In East Lexington, Sept. 10th, Rhoda Gannett, aged 80 years 7 months 24 days.

In Boston, Sept. 10th, Mrs. Lucy Lavinia, daughter of Rev. Daniel D. and Lucinda Wise, formerly of Lowell, aged 18 months and 5 days.

In Somerville, Wisconsin, Sept. 4th, of typhoid fever, Mr. Elisha Hall, aged 28 years, formerly of Lowell, son of the late Hon. Abram Brown, of Dracut, Mass.

In this city, Sept. 11, Mrs. Ann Hall, aged 74 years.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Lowell Machine Shop will be held at the office of the Company, on Monday, the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be legally brought before them.

By order of Directors.

JOHN A. KNOWLTON, Clerk.
Lowell, July 10, 1861. jy10d3w

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

One half of a brick house, No. 169 Appleton street, situated on the high part of the street, in a good neighborhood, and healthy location, near the residence of Hon. Ivory Wilson and the late William Livingston. Connected with the house is about 1 acre of land. The house is nearly new, contains ten rooms, well finished, with water and gas fixtures. There are all the modern conveniences both for summer and winter. It can be purchased cheap, or will be let to a good family at a reasonable rent. Inquire of

ISAAC HILDRETH,
Corner of Appleton and Livingston streets.
Lowell, Aug. 20, 1861. aug20&4w

HOUSE AND LAND

FOR SALE.

A double tenement House with the usual large L and Wood-house on Pawtucket street, adjoining the residence of Mrs. E. Kittredge, and opposite the late Nathaniel Wright, formerly the residence of Hon. Josiah Adams.

The house is pleasantly located on one of the finest streets in the city, supplied with water from a good well in the yard, and has a good cistern in the cellar. Inquire on the premises, and of Mrs. Kittredge, next door, who is authorized to sell a portion of her land for another building lot. Also, a small piece of land and a good garden spot, with fruit trees and shrubbery for sale, for a residence. Inquire of

C. A. VARNUM, Agt. and Auctioneer.
Lowell, Aug. 20, 1861. aug21&3w

FOR SALE.

The Merrimack Manufacturing Company offer for sale their House and Lot at corner of Kirk and Merrimack streets, with a front of 107 feet on Merrimack street and a depth of 107 feet on Kirk street. The house is in good repair, and has a good cistern and well of water in the yard. The building upon their lot southerly of their Counting House.

The above property will be sold on favorable terms by their deed from the Corporation.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each house, which will be furnished to applicants.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of

JAMES F. DUNNELL,
Treasurer's Office.
Lowell, Aug. 20, 1861. aug20&4tSEP

CLARK'S WHITE LIQUID,

A PERFECT REMEDY for removing Tan and Pimples from the face, rendering it soft, white and smooth. The advantage of this liquid over all other preparations for the purpose of removing pimples from the skin it does not drive the humor back into the system, but by the gradual removal of tan, pimples and humor from the skin, it leaves the skin in a healthy condition. This article will do all that is claimed for it by the proprietor, and more than can be said of any other article in use. Call and see certificates which prove the truth of these assertions. CLARK, No. 99 Merrimack Street. For sale by all the Apothecaries and dealers in Fancy Articles will be supplied with it.
jun21 1y

KEROSENE OIL.

THE DOWNES & OWSLEY OIL CO.

Are now ready to supply their CANADA ILLUMINATING OIL, at their Depot,

No. 76 WATER STREET,

Sign Liverpool Lantern. BOSTON.
Aug 22, 1861. 3m

DOWNER'S KEROSENE Illuminating OIL.

DOWNER'S KEROSENE Spindle Oil, for sale by manufacturers J. C. CHURN & CO.
aug21 1y

For Young Ladies and Misses.

THE Fall Term of MRS ROGERS' School for Young Ladies commences on the 4th of September, in Nesmith's Building, corner of John and Merrimack streets.

English branches, with Pencil Drawing, $6; French, extra, $6.
sept12

PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS LOUISA DANA will open her School for the reception of pupils, at her residence, corner of Chelmsford and Merrimack streets, on Monday, Sept. 16th.

Terms, $3 per quarter. Instruction given in Latin, French and German.
sept12

CHEGARY INSTITUTE,

1506 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

THIS Institute, conducted for two years past, in Lowell, Mass., by the late Principal, Mr. Chegary, Madame D'Hervieux, upon the same principle as at present, will open on the 2d Monday of Sept., 1861, with proper care Monday, Sept. 9th, and Madame D'Hervieux will be assisted by the same Professors and Teachers as heretofore. Circulars, and all requisite information, may be obtained on application at the Institute.
sept12&3t

DR. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is, without doubt, the best remedy ever discovered for the cure of those suffering from General Debility, as would readily be acknowledged by all who have ever used it. It is strengthening to the system, and will at once eradicate all traces of disease. It is a safe and effectual remedy for Female Weakness, and a health will at once feel its exhilarating power. It is a sure remedy for Nervous Debility, and the Cordial none will be for a day without it.—*New York Atlas.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects now in use, is a desideratum in the medical world—such a tonic is now offered to the community from the vegetable kingdom as is set in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and thus soothe the weakest stomach, and at the same time up all the organs of which the human system is composed, and will not fail to give satisfaction.—*New York Atlas.*

PROF. WOOD'S Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, for the cure of General Debility, or Weak ness arising from any cause; Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, and all diseases arising from impure blood in all stages; also to prevent the contraction of disease in the Fever and Ague districts. Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is the Cordial none will be for a day without it.—*New York Atlas.*

A PURE, HEALTHY TONIC, and one free from the deleterious and injurious effects now in

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts those mentioned will be of any gratification to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, but I can well assure they are all true, and I do cheerfully and even more wonderful ones through our Big Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case, as a proof in all seasons I have met with people that have you restored to a healthy, strong head of hair and beard without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, to gentlemen who were in the habit of not used your article at all, but had used some other article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles advertised in the papers which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will imitate the name and style of no reputation who; there is one at hand that has been proved to be a humbug.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an original circular, but notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, literally leaving out your name in place of your.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, with more or less success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 10, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of, as I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I can now say that my hair has age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliable. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but believed that there was one factor then truth in them; but maintaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and flexibility, as it was in my younger days I at last, concluded I would make the experiment, consequently purchased a bottle of you at one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the desired result, and by the time I had used the first large quantities, was completely lightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till my hair is the color of your small bottles at least, and in many parts darker. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black, as any lady, or gentleman in my town, and every one knows of my former gray head. I have found the effects clear of dandruff, and the hair cleaned perfectly free from dirt, and soft and flexible, and in fact, so silky, as though it had been oiled with the best of pomatum. Many of my acquaintances are desirous to use your Restorative, when you get that fine wig!" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be exhausted by mere assertion. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe it never has failed to do the desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine restoratives which accomplish all it professes to do, and all the bald may confidently—*Union-town Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is a most delicate compound, and prevents the hair falling off—We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't try till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Store Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every thing in our columns, but when one of the very best preparations in the market is brought before us, we deem it but right to speak of it in terms of praise. Many of our acquaintances are using Wood's Hair Restorative, and we are pleased to say that it has given entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
R. P. WOOD & SON,
No. 114 Market Street, Louisville, Ky.
Sold by all Druggists.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring the hair to its primitive vigor. Where the hair has become thinned from sickness, or the use of this article has promoted a new and vigorous hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients prepare us to chemically eradicate every trace of the baleful impurities, which prevents so frequently a healthy hair. It also has curative properties of a peculiar description. In many cases of pimples and other disfigurements of the skin, the Restorative will work it to a cure. There is no hazard attaching to this article, and we feel safe in giving our voice to the public as beneficial, as the compound, if it does not always accomplish the object, will not fail in doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Union Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are often solicited to advertise the cure pills of the day, each of which claims to be the undiscovered in the composition and in addition to the curative effects, with that juncture we have ever noticed. We have, in one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are well satisfied of the invaluable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and proprietor claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be magical. Where lime or gamas or exhausted land, it brings in sap wherever applied. We have used it in our family repeatedly, but we advise our friends with scarcely growing hair to give it a trial.—*Evening Copmopolitan 1859.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Prof. Isaacs' Wood's Restorative on an experience of nearly a year continues has been turned to investing a hair tonic has ever before been reached. His line is sudden but world wide, and thousands who have tried it will agree to the truth of it. Wood now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant locks of old setting. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life and nature, which governs all the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair in character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the decay by the vitality of the constituency of the hair's own case that gray hair in unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached a certain point, and he believed that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own constitution, bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored himself to his golden, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depot, No. 414 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, Louisville, Ky.
ET Also, 444 Broadway will be found at ware-rooms and the principal Family and Patent Medicines.
may28eow

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment a the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamphlets,
Programmes,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Blanks,

Court Dockets,
By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS *or* EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT *and* STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade a white or fancy colored papers.

ET Always on hand, a good stock of post and fools-cap paper, and envelopes.
ET Orders by mail or express will receive prompt attention, and everything executed in a neat and workmanlike manner, at reasonable rates.
ET Address all communications to
E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. STONE, }
may7

ROVER'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER.

WHICH experts say *is great and disagrees* like sun of Carpet Sweeping into a dustless, easy exercise.

A child can operate it.
It requires no dust.
No dusting is necessary after sweeping.
It sweeps lighter and better than a broom.
It does not injure the carpet.
It picks up lint and thread which a broom will not.
It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes little noise.
The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.
It saves carpets, furniture, broke, &c., from the damage and nuisance of the dust that as the common mode of sweeping.
It can be used in a sick room without annoy sense to the invalid.
It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.
For sale by H. HAYNES,
apr27 45 Merrimack street.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-ED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are now and have ever been recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become there warm friends.

DR. JAMES L. LEEFERE, write from Nelsonville, Athens County, Ohio, says: "I have used and prescribed by those suffering from indigestion, dispepsia and debility."

R. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "I have used your Bitters myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and had a severe attack of fever and ague, and I can recommend it with great assurance to all who are afflicted."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that he has used your Bitters in his practice with great success. He has recommended them with entire confidence in all cases of general debility, cases of palpitation of the heart and general nervousness.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Sullivan County, Ind., writes us that he was taken sick the 1st of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having taken every thing he could for three years with general debility, palpitation of the heart of the most distressing character, and pronounced by a few bottles I was completely restored, and can say to every afflicted person to use them.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was effected with dyspepsia for 20 years, and tried various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been using your Bitters for 3 weeks offering the cure, when several physicians attending the same person, and all who require a sure, safe, thorough m. dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidneys, and effective purifier, will find in it a specific certain remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

R. C. GALLEHERES, M. D., writes from Cayuga, Ind., "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a tonic, nutritious medicine."

THEY ARE GIVING SATISFACTION.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
may7 d1w1m

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRANULATED FLOUR.

JUST RECEIVED at S. MANSUR'S,
Mill, Main Street, Lowell.

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR'S,

TEN tons Dupre Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime;
5 tons Dupre's Ammoniated Bone Phosphate of Lime;
5 tons Dupre's Potash Superphosphate of Lime;
10 tons Peruvian guano, warranted genuine
100 bushels Herds Grassseed;
50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Timothy, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian grass seed, &c., &c.
apr27 180 Central street

(Copyright secured.)

THE Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES,
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any preparation of the kind, and exerting effects all after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the *only* one known for the *certain* cure of the following complaints, viz: Suppression from any cause whatever, and all the painful disorders of the female system, which at the time of the change of life, are so fatal to health and life.

It is taken *just before* the monthly period, and will not prevent those changes, therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evils of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but it will fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury or change in any case—ET It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and will be sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

ET Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for cases as above, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and which I guarantee as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.

ET BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased *directly* of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL DEPOT FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Bond street, New York.

ET This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., &c.

Over and other styles, Ornamental and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Frames attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep26dt

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS made and repaired, Cane in the Head, and Covered. Plaiting, Kid Binding, &c., &c.
ET TAYLOR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, is greatly reduced prices.
may23

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PHŒNIX MILLS
OF
THOMAS
PEIRCE
&
BROTHER.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at low Feed and Grain Store, No. 45 Market Street, by
apr26 P. W. POOL.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparations of Rose, Primrose Flower Lotion, Turkish Complexion or Bath and Beauty Powder, Eugenie's Rouge, Eugenie's Pearl Powder, Eugenie's Liquid Rouge, for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets.
apr27

A LL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE should call and purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack street.
may7

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
LINDSDALE, for sweeping Carpets, *Grass Seeds, Gold Silver, Steel, Brilliantine Wire, &c.*—This article is invaluable. I will be sent, *free of charge*, and a free trial of it. THIS however noted, by its use, it affords the most perfect satisfaction in every instance. Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts.
apr27

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the ALBION CORN PLASTER.

In curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed for a time to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is *warranted* to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
mh8

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR

39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames.

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS

Over and other styles, Ornamental and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Frames attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

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apr27

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for the dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without a rival.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to swindling quacks in New England every year, without any b nefit to those who pay it. Now, reader, if you are afflicted with a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once paid deep, are more apt to be duped, and are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not having to expose the shoe to fear of *exposing themselves*. All this comes from trusting, unduly and improperly, the men who are base destitute of honor, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is their impudence and extract, *quasi assertions*, in praise of *themselves*. If, therefore, you have been deceived by a humbugging, take no man's word, *no matter what his profession*, but call at DR. MANN'S OFFICE, No. 14, Bond street, New York, and consult him personally. Applications for interviews may be made to

DR. JOSHUA MANN,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
may7

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the great jury of the world's multitudes, and the issue now is to keep up the fame.

It is a remedy for the cure of Piles, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, &c.

It means the crying of the tender insect to cease, from sorrow to dancing.

It lifts the old man of sun to his crutch, when bowed with discomforts.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and restores the skin of its muddy bondage.

It is the unconquerable enemy of piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It is the counsellor of beauty.

It is security against scalds.

It fights sailors' foes and cankers.

It attracts and destroys inflammations, and does it with safety.

The miracle may be easily done if you will buy/use.

You may be rid of poor cures and clickiness.

For all grievous sores use it.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For all eruptions of the skin use it.

For all diseases of the skin use it.

For cold sores and lame sides use it.

For all sores, ulcers, boils, felons, cuts, wens, and in distant climates, its virtues are acknowledged. The wounding, suffering flesh rejoices in hope when the Golden Salve is being applied.

Prepared only by the proprietor. It has the highest endorsements from the most eminent men in the profession and the best mechanics, mechanics, merchants, and others. Thousands of ladies, gentlemen and women of all rank and circumstances. And last but not least, it is the only perfect and safe remedy for burns, sores, or any sort of blind, bleeding, itching, or ulcerated piles. Price 25 cents per box.

SPARKS are coming to the front with the Golden Salve. Sparks are coming to serve if neglected. We have been encouraged by this Lowell Salve, and we are now encouraged by this Lowell Salve, and we are now encouraged by this Lowell Salve, and we are now

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, Sept. 13, 1861.

REPORT OF THE FAIR.

Continued from yesterday.

Among the articles on exhibition, not mentioned yesterday, was the famous steam gun, transferred by the City Government to the Middlesex Mechanics' Association. While nearly all examined the "machine," there was a general expression of disappointment at its appearance, none thinking it an invasion capable of being made of any practical use whatever, and many believing it would have wrought more mischief among the rebels, if its use had ever been attempted, than to those it was designed to operate against. It certainly is a very ungainly-looking thing, and would undoubtedly waste a great deal of lead if it could be operated as designed.

In the vegetable line, we noticed a squash-vine bearing eight squashes weighing together 262 pounds, the largest balancing a 37 pound weight. Another member of the same family weighed 62 pounds. The display of vegetables has rarely been equaled. [In speaking yesterday of the fat cows exhibited by John Kendall, of Dunstable, our types were made to say that his six year old pair weighed 2110 pounds instead of 4110.]

THE DRAPER, ETC.

About one o'clock, a procession was formed under the direction of Lieut. Col. A. B. Farr, as Chief Marshal, assisted by R. L. Pinsted and S. E. Conyers as aids and Andrew Blood, George E. Davis and Samuel Easter as assistant marshals.—The procession passed round the building and into the upper hall, where a substantial dinner had been spread by Mr. Lawrence, who has charge of the building and grounds.

The company having been seated, were called to order by E. M. Read, Esq., President of the Society. Rev. Owen Street invoked divine blessing, after which the contents of the table were vigorously attacked, and in a short time the dishes were comparatively cleared, and all the hungry satisfied.

After music by Brooks, Davis & Carlton's Quadrille Band, which subsequently found employment for their instruments, the President introduced Dr. George B. Loring, of Salem, orator of the day, and who is a member of the State Board of Agriculture.

The speaker commenced by referring to the occasion which had called the company together to witness the crowning efforts of the farmers' labor for the year. The summer had been a propitious one for the tiller of the soil, who found himself well repaid for his labor. If bounteous harvests could make us happy, our cup of joy would be full. But we are not a whole over all. The silent spindle, the deserted shop, tell a tale which the farmer must hear.—The flag of our fathers, waving in our midst, tells us of the work in which many of our countrymen are employed.—While the farmer is engaged in his daily avocations, he cannot forget that we have a country in mortal throes. We cannot over-estimate the importance of the farmer in times like these.

Cromwell founded his commonwealth on agriculture and war. The men, upon the whole, have paid the most attention to agriculture, have carried on the most successful wars. The speaker cited several instances from history in proof of this fact. He gave the principal resources of England, agriculture ranks as the highest. Although her commercial and manufacturing were greatly raised, yet they yielded to the two-thirds of the income she derives from agriculture.

Turning from other lands to our own country, we may learn our duty. Less than one half of the income of our people last year (he spoke of the whole country), was derived from agriculture, that branch of industry yielding 1800 millions to those engaged in it. It is our life in times of peace and our support in times of war. The speaker then spoke of the effect of agriculture in building up manufacturing place. What the plow and hoe commence, the machinery of our factories finish.

Land alone is the true source of wealth, it has been truly stated. The east is stimulated to life and activity by the products of the west. Lowell, Lawrence, and Boston, are fed by Illinois and Wisconsin, while wa, in turn, send our fabrics to clothe them. It is the chain which bind these two sections of the country together in peace and in war.

Let every acre of land be cultivated.—Let no one desert his land who can remain on it. The speaker named the duties which the farmer owes to those who have gone to fight for them. A State can only be prosperous when the manufacturing and agricultural interests are combined.—An eminent South Carolinian statesman once drew a comparison between his State and Rhode Island, and gave figures to prove that the prosperity and income of the people of the latter State were much higher than those of his own.

The speaker alluded in fitting terms to the patriotism and self-sacrifice of the young men of Massachusetts who had left their homes to help maintain the honor of their country on what is now inhospitable soil. He urged upon the company the importance of the hay crop, which might and should be largely increased. Do not pay too much attention to fruit trees. Cultivate a few choice trees and manure them well. He also spoke of the importance of paying more attention to the cultivation of roots. He did not think much of attempting to raise Sea with the expectation of supplanting cotton, which is in bad odor just now. We must fight for our cotton.

The speaker closed with an appeal to all to stand by and defend the Union.—The address was listened to with close attention by a large audience, and several portions of it were heartily applauded.

Hon. E. B. Patch, toastmas ter, was called and gave

1. *The State Board of Agriculture.*

Hon. James G. Greenleaf, of Greenfield, a member of the State Board, responded to this sentiment. In speaking of the display of animals, he said it exceeded anything of the kind he had ever witnessed in the eastern part of the State. He paid a compliment to the patriotic spirit of Lowell, and an allusion to Gen. Butler, elicited warm applause.

2. *The Middlesex County Society.*

Hon. George O. Brastow, of Somerville, President of the parent Society, briefly responded, congratulating the members of this Society upon their prosperity.

3. *The members of the Chelmsford Farmer's Club.*

Dr. John C. Bartlett, late President of the Middlesex North and President of the Chelmsford Club, happily responded to the toast, expressing a wish for the continued success of the Middlesex North Society.

4. *The Ladies.*

Robins Dinsmore, Esq., of the *Lowell Advertiser*, acquitted himself with great credit in replying to this sentiment, showing a familiarity with the subject. He gave some excellent advice to young men in pursuit of wives, recommending them to look for a good one in the farmer's daughters.

5. *Our Common Country.*

This brought up our loyal fellow-citizen, A. B. Brown, Esq. He alluded to a visit to Ohio, where he saw fat cattle, roots, etc., equalling those shown to day by Mr. Kendall, of Dunstable; and he argued that as good cattle could be raised in the fields of the vicinity of old Middlesex as anywhere. He also spoke of the perils surrounding our country, of the duty which becomes us to lay aside party questions, and to serve our strong arms to quell the rebellion and to stand by the Administration and country until the traitors were put down.

6. *City of Lowell.*

Mayor Sargeant, in response to this toast, expressed the belief that we had done something in the way of armyculture to-day, and in agriculture. He would recommend that some attention be paid to hemp raising, as a large amount might be needed before the rebellion was quelled.

Owing to the lateness of the hour, the remainder of the toasts were omitted.—Hon. Joseph White, of Williamstown, formerly of Lowell, and a member of the State Board of Agriculture, happening to be present, was called upon and made a most happy speech. He had purchased a Walter Parkhurst, Dunstable, 4.00. J. C. Kendall, Dunstable, 2.00.

Poultry. Best turkeys, John Littlehale, Tyngsboro', $3.00. Second best, Imla Lawrence, Westford, 2.00. Gratuities—Joseph F. Fike, Chelmsford, and William Patten, Westford, 1.00 each. Thomas T. French, East Chelmsford, 75c.; Thomas Varnum, Dracut, and S. A. Marshall, Chelmsford, 50c. each.

Best geese, Lorenzo Phelps, Lowell, $3.00. Wm. Spencer, Lowell, 1.00.

Best ducks, gratuity to Lorenzo Phelps, Lowell, 50c.

Best foreign fowls, 1 N. Metcalf, Lowell, $3.00. Second best, J. A. Wyman, Chelmsford, 2.00. Gratuity—W. Farhurst, Dunstable, 1.00.

Best native bred fowls, Hugh McEvoy, Lowell, $3.00. Second best, W. L. Marden, Chelmsford, 2.00. Gratuities —Isaila Lawrence, Westford, and Thomas Varnum, Dracut, 1.00 each; A. B. French and W. T. Manning, Chelmsford, 50c each; Charles H. Rogers, Lowell, three of 25c each.

Horses. Best stallion, Benj. Thurston, Lowell, $8.00. Second best, J. A. Harwood, Littleton, 5.00. Best stallion, between 2 and 5 years, H. M. Hooke, Lowell, 5.00. Best breeding mare, J. T. Mc-Laughlin, Lawrence, Westford, 5.00. Second best, A. O. Varnum, Dracut, 5.00. Best 5 years old mare, Walter Parkhurst, Dunstable, 4.00. —Best 4 year old, Alpheus Swallow, Dunstable, 4.00. Best 3 year old, Varnum Wood, Dracut, 3.00. Best 2 year old, Wm. H. Hull, Dracut, 400. Best 1 year old, L. J. Eames, Lowell, 4.00.

Draught horses. Best, Lowell Bleachery Co., $8.00. Second best, C. T. Cummings, Tyngsboro', 5.00.

Apples. Best six varieties—12 specimens, Wm. Spaulding, Chelmsford, $1.00. Second best—Joseph Warren, Chelmsford, 2.00. Third best—Asa Clement, Dracut, 3.00. Fourth best, Lowell Reserve, Bitters, 1.00. Single dishes—best—E. H. Bancroft, Chelmsford, 2.00. Second best —David Perham, Chelmsford, 2.00. Third best—Israel L. Putnam, Chelmsford, 1.00. Gratuities—Joseph Spaulding, Jr., and John C. Bartlett, Junathan Spalding, Asa Clement, D. P. Perham, Chelmsford; A. P. Osgood, Westford, Chelmsford, 75c. Israel L. Putnam, Chelmsford, 75c. Israel L. Putnam, Chelmsford, 50c each.

Pears. Best six varieties—12 specimens, Wm. Spaulding, Chelmsford, $1.00. Second best—Joseph Warren, Chelmsford, 2.00. Third best—Asa Clement, Dracut, and Israel L. Putnam, Chelmsford, 1.00. Gratuities—Joseph Spaulding, Jr., and John C. Bartlett, Junathan Spalding, Asa Clement, D. P. Perham, Chelmsford; A. P. Osgood, Westford, Chelmsford, 75c. Israel L. Putnam, Chelmsford, 50c each.

Peaches. Best six varieties—12 specimens, Wm. Spaulding, Chelmsford, $1.00. Second best—Joseph Warren, Chelmsford, 2.00. Third best—Asa Clement, Dracut, and Israel L. Putnam, Chelmsford, 1.00. Gratuities—Joseph Spaulding, Jr., and John C. Bartlett, Junathan Spalding, Asa Clement, D. P. Perham, Chelmsford; A. P. Osgood, Westford, Chelmsford, 75c. Israel L. Putnam, Chelmsford, 50c each.

Best grapes, Lorenzo Phelps, Lowell, $3.00. Wm. Spencer, Lowell, 1.00.

Best ducks, gratuity to Lorenzo Phelps, Lowell, 50c.

Best foreign fowls, 1 N. Metcalf, Lowell, $3.00. Second best, J. A. Wyman, Chelmsford, 2.00. Gratuity—W. Farhurst, Dunstable, 1.00.

Best native bred fowls, Hugh McEvoy, Lowell, $3.00. Second best, W. L. Marden, Chelmsford, 2.00. Gratuities —Isaila Lawrence, Westford, and Thomas Varnum, Dracut, 1.00 each; A. B. French and W. T. Manning, Chelmsford, 50c each; Charles H. Rogers, Lowell, three of 25c each.

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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL

GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IT IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using it very extensive in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle in hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. After using it a quinta stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, and neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even foster your sale to any great a day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful ones (enough) are constantly issuing from your Restorative all over the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and I have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have strongly denounced it as humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have generally two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have used in my family, and I further take pleasure in stating that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of the charlatans have not learns enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, and in one of their several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for a dandruff head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but found you had removed long in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be duly attended to and answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I need you a statement, which I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for the last seven or eight years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unmanageable. I used now and then a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed that there was more fiction than truth in them; not entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color or appearance, as it was in my younger days, I used no preparation. Finally, however, I concluded to try one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and accordingly purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following strictly the directions given by us I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a decided change taking place in the color of it. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a half, and the result is fourth. I have now as pretty a head of rich brown, or light black hair as any man, and I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and in one of the bad diseases of the scalp, as though *just from the hands of a French chiropodist*. Many of my acquaintances often frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the natural hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by any encomium of ours. In our own sterility it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with entire desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. Others from recommended it as one of those few genuine preparations which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Columbus Sun Spa*.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known article. Its reputation for restoring gray hair to its original color—for clear and wholesome hair—for removing eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off—is based upon the most satisfactory testimonials. Some of these testimonials come of which are from gentlemen whose names are known and possess the most reliable character. Don't say till you have tried it, that you can't.—*Dallas Union Branch*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are worse than useless, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all who have their hair falling off or turning gray. Our well-known editor-in-chief, Finley J. Shaw, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all gray and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Visitor*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is prepared, in unimpeachable veracity, to present effects which are truly marvellous. the hair to its pristine color and vigor. Where the head has become almost entirely bereft of hair, the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore, in our opinion, one of the most certain and preventative, whether, after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in perfect health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years; in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the first effects following the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good, was a return of rheumatic m, dyspepsia, liver complaints; kidney affections or dropsy, it is a specific certain to cure.

J. W HURT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a se ction where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them of decided worth in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Van Wert, Ohio, "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of the Dyspeptic persons, and all who are in want of a winning medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 eod1y

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR, Fine Meal, Unbolted Graham Meal from the mill, constantly on hand and for sale by

JAMES B. WOOD, 34 Merrimack st.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair and Skin. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy growth.

It keeps it in any position.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hard water.

It soothes the irritated skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It cools the feverish head.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by JAMES C. BURNETT, Chemist, 129 Washington street, Boston, and John stre eet, New York.

mar28 eod3m

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

Kidder's Liniment.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Steel, Marble, Stone, Tin, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found perfectly cheap, and a great saver of labor. Paint, how ever dirty, its use will make look like new, and be equally as beautiful as when first applied.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and Jackson streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

mar28 eod3m

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the American Eagle and Shield engraved on them. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

mar28

VINE PROTECTORS.

AN excellent article. They not only protect the vine from early frosts, but from the depredations of insects of wind, rain and hail. With one of these you will have no trouble in ripening your grapes. Call and see them at

H. S. HAYNES,

mar28 45 Merrimack st., under Hall.

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest fixture in the market, for sale at

H. S HAYNES,

mar28 45 Merrimack st.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Pamphlets, Books, &c., &c., can have them at my Bookstore, No. 23 Central street, or my new Bookstore, No. 37 Merrimack Street.

As I intend to dispose of my old stock of Paper Hangings, Books, Stationery, &c., I shall continue to sell at cost or less, for a few days from the old stand, No. 23 Merrimack st.

J. MERRILL.

mar28

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Oil Cloths, Marble, Stone, Paint Window Glass and Carriage Bodies*. For sale by

H. S. HAYNES & CO., corner of Merrimack and Jackson sts.

mar28

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHELEY'S Patent Self-Adjusting Hand Stamps, with numerous devices, and takes the place of a No. 1 Hand Stamp.

Call and see it at H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please examine before purchasing.

mar28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THIS MAGNOLIA BALM—a perfect and complete beautifier of the skin. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar28

Toilet soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Shaving and Shampooing Soaps, Castile Soap, a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar28 dcol1

SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heater,

USED on any gas burner, just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES.

mar28 Merrimack st.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

A LARGE variety of English and American Tea and Table Cutlery, with sets of 31 pieces; also Carvers and Forks Steels. Most and Bread Knives, &c., making the largest stock of Cutlery to be found in the city, to be sold cheap for cash, by H. S. HAYNES.

aug13 45 Merrimack st.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction *from any cause*, and will relieve suffering more than any kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is a blessing to the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but it is fact in *any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case*.

As it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and may be taken by persons in all parts of the country.

Price—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Sold by Agents in every town.

Principal Office, 410 Central Street, a few doors from Hampshire, Springfield, Mass.

mar28 eod1y

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,322,834 93
Premiums paid to Death,	1,068,886 15
Losses paid,	1,641,005 53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Stocks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in its management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving them Semi-Annually, Quarterly, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Payable for 7 years, or during life, may be paid in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on such notes need not be paid annually in cash.

Premiums are declared annually to all who have paid two Live premiums.

Policies are issued and paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash receive the dividends in Cash, when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of FIVE Policies in force. All the members of the several persons insured receive more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Companies are based. All holders of the above policies must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should aid in the increase of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

DOMINICK HALL, Agent,

No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.

mar28 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

THIS Golden Salve has never been known to fail before the great injury of the world's intelligence. It is more than the best salve in the world.

It enervates bruises and putrifying sores. It is the greatest remedy for the piles ever known. It cleanses the system of the tender tissue to cause, when all other remedies fail.

It fills the old sore off from his system, when all other remedies fail.

It removes the deleterious matter when her breast is broken.

It balances and cures the scaly of the smiley head.

It terminates the innumerable agony of ring.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It cures the scrofula.

It stops all bleeding.

It fights against fevers and cancers.

It cures the most obstinate inflammations, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

Consumption can be cured, if you will hearken. Sure cure may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.

You may be relieved of the itch.

You may be rid of scalding in a warm climate.

For sore and swelled feet use it.

For all kinds of sores use it.

For stiff joints and sore shin use it.

Everybody will use it when they once test, cost, trust, and be satisfied. Testimonials are acknowledged. The proprietor is willing to refund the money to all who purchase and are not satisfied.

Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by

SAMUEL KIDDER, JR.,

Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and Jackson streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

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AMOS SANBORN

Has now in store a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CAKE BASKETS,

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,

BUTTER COOLERS,

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETIES,

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

ALSO

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES

SLIDES, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,

GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES, SILVER SPOONS

SAPETY RINGS, MARK CUPS, &c.

PRIVATE, ENGRAVING AND CREAM

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Instantaneous and Stock—*and to sold low*.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at our rooms.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired by experienced workmen.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. 6m30

H. S. HAYNES,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CROCKERY, CHINA and GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

CHINA TEA SETS,

COVERED DISHES,

FRUIT DISHES, &c.

Also a large assortment of

PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment is the largest and most varied and beautiful patterns, and will be sold *cheaper* than ever before offered in this city. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,

mh18 (Near the Post Office.)

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of

Decorated, French, China, Granite and COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES

SLIDES, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,

SAPETY RINGS, MARK CUPS, &c.

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KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

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WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired by experienced workmen.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, July 18, 1860. 6m30

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—Inactivity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause. The Important Circulation and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. Where a certain cure is to be had for these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a master of much study among chemists and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much human blood recklessly spilled in the vain hope, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries, to acknowledge, to make this great discovery.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we have a certain proof of this, that as the pleasure move in their spheres, and the vegetable life is governed by certain definite laws, so animal life is traceable, in a like course, under certain causes or destiny, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Among the many causes why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

Oxygen, brought in contact with a metal, evolves a certain electricity.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscle, causes it to contract and expand.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the electrical battery, which motor or sensation of the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red particles of the blood emits electricity, which causes the heart to contract and expand, and thus the power which sets the whole human machinery in motion. The remedies are the Vitalizing Elixir and Electric Life Pills, which are the concentrated extracts of the most powerful roots, herbs, &c. St. Vitus' Dance, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Fits, Nervousness, Debility, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the red corpuscles containing the iron, originate in a want of electricity, which a course of electricity, and consequently an abundance of blood, will cure. Consumption and bronchial colds and bronchitis complaints cease—the sufferer breathes freely—the cough is loosened—pains and neuralgia—complaints of the liver and kidneys are forever cured—the worst cases of disease but vitalized livers may be traced to this deficiency in the blood, of the impurities or red globules.

Let us insert a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we can manufacture blood, we say that in all cases that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the electric principle. Consumptives! Friends of consumptives! Physicians! Ministers of the Gospel! Unfortunate, who have by excess of the body and mind, or by the corruption of the blood and diminished the red globules! Ladies suffering from the derangement of the female system, be persuaded the "Blood Food" is the only remedy for you. Thousands of desperate cases where all hope has been given up, have been cured by this great and only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy in all cases.

The elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully proving the principles of this great discovery, will be mailed to any interested party on receipt of two 3-cent stamps. Sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send it by express, free of charge, for one dollar per bottle. It is put up in 8-oz. vials, in strong boxes, and will be sent to any part of the world. Letters and wrappers having been done away with, when ordered by mail, the signature of Elijah Pratt, Sole Proprietor, will be sufficient.

Sold by E. C. GOODRICH, Boston; A. STEWART & POTTER, and DEED & CULTER, Chemic Agents, New York; and by druggists generally. Office, No. 1 Chemic Place, Boston.

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THE ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

FOR Statements Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest character, and the clergy, all of the most unsolicited sanction, and recommend it for all cases of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung Affections, knowing that it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to it, and restore it when partially gone.

Oak Grove, S. C., June 24th, 860.

Prof. O. J. WOOD—*Sir*: I have used your Hair Restorative, and find it to be superior to this commodity. I have had occasion to use it in my family, and have found it to be all that is recommended.

During the year 1856, I was so unfortunate as to be attacked with a severe fever, which left my head sore, from which my head received a most terrible loss of hair, and what remained was very thin, and accompanied by the brain and external surface of the head. I was induced to use your Restorative, and in the time I first discovered its dropping, it ceased, and in a few months my head was entirely free from it, and my hair was restored to its former growth. Anything I could think of, using a professional man for years, I never found anything to equal it in the case of disease, but was finally defeated in every professional man.

I am now using your Restorative, and can recommend it to all who may suffer from the loss of hair. Yours, truly,

JAMES M. SMITH,

Office of the Jeffersonian, Pittsgrove, Va.)

Dear Sir:—I feel in duty as well as my pleasure to say to you that your Restorative has done for me as you stated it would. A gentleman of this county, who has used it, has had his hair restored, much to his joy, that he was compelled to wear a wig for a number of years. I have used it for my children, and find it to be very much to their advantage. I am using some two or three bottles now, and my hair is coming in very fast, and I am satisfied it is the growth of hair. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and resides in this county. I am at liberty to mention my name can verify to the truth of this statement. I am a great friend of your Hair Restorative in this and every other respect. Yours, truly,

THOMPSON SURGHNOR.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir—From my experience and observation, I am fully convinced of the restoration of my hair to its original color. About two years ago I was afflicted with a severe attack of fever, which left my head sore, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" it soon healed, and my original hair, and your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, quite worthy of the name it bears.

S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in Boxes of three sizes, large, medium, and small; the small holds 1-2 pint, the medium 1 pint, and the large 1 1-2 pints. Price, large size, $1 per bottle; medium size, 75 cents; small size, 50 cents. Sold by all druggists and Fancy Goods dealers throughout the country.

Principal Depot 97 Ridley Street, Boston.

Sold by J. C. HOYT & CO., 21 Merrimack st., Lowell, and by all Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers throughout the country.

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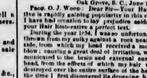
"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."



AN OLD AND RELIABLE REMEDY, WHICH EVERY FAMILY SHOULD KEEP ON HAND.

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, EARACHE, and inflammatory Diseases, it will vanish (sooner or later) to rechain. "What Our Athlete is to all Gymnastic Exercises."

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

To sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., Druggist, and Agent for Lowell, corner of Merrimack and Jackson streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHERWOOD, Agents for PERRY, Manchester, N. H.; E. E. HOLMES & CO., Concord, and all retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 13, 1861 6m7

SUMMER HATS.

PANAMA, Leghorn Milans, Canton, India Pean cas, and a great variety of Straw and Palm Leaf Hats for Gents and Boys. A fresh lot just opened at

DALEY'S Corner Hat Store.

jun25

GARDINER'S

Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for it is an enemy to Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum. by eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or habits, and may be taken by child or infirm with perfect safety. Read the following testimonials from persons of the most delicate constitutions.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and trying a multitude of so-called sovereign remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound.

NORMAN T. AYERS,

No 9 Franklin st., Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the use of numberless remedies without obtaining relief I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely well.

H. D. EXETER, Jr., Trinity Dealer,

No 8 Appleton Block.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and all remedies have failed to relieve me, except those topically applied. I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and by its use I believe myself entirely cured.

JOHN H. SMITH,

Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" has entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years' standing.

MARY JOHNSTON,

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, two years old, was afflicted for two years with a great sufferer from Salt Rheum. I tried many remedies in vain. He was in great pain; one bottle of your Compound cured him.

MARY HARRINGTON,

No. 4 Milk street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has relieved me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

W. C. THOMPSON,

Proprietors Pearl St. House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Neuralgia.

MARY A. SIMPSON,

Pearl St. House, Boston.

I certify that my friend, Wm. Wise, Jr., has presented me with a bottle of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," for which he was suffering with a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and that it has relieved him entirely.

ALBERT SMITH,

Ex Member of Congress from Maine.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have been cured of Salt Rheum by the use of Gardiner's Compound, by the use of Rheumatism and Neuralgia Compound, and have no hesitation in recommending it to all who may be afflicted with the above disease, as one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered for the cure of Salt Rheum and Neuralgia.

Nos. 4 & 6 Mechanics' Building, Dutton St.

LOWELL.

G. K. GOWEN, Sen'r

Sen'r

G. K. GOWEN, Jr.

Jun'r

Lowell, April 19, 1861. 6m16

WHEN THOU SLEEPEST.

BY CHARLOTTE BRONTE.

When thou sleepest, lulled in night,
All thine enemies shall fear;
Not a star shall dare to smite
Sleep that folds my dearest dear!
Sleep that folds my dearest dear!

When thou sleepest, I will pray
Blessings on thy golden head;
Not a dream shall cross thy way
Scared thy sinless spirit dread.
Scared thy sinless spirit dread.

When thou sleepest, I will bend
Over thee with tender eye,
Watch thy gentle slumbers blend,
Smile to see thy rest so nigh.
Smile to see thy rest so nigh.

When thou sleepest, lulled in night,
All thine enemies shall fear;
Not a star shall dare to smite
Sleep that folds my dearest dear!
Sleep that folds my dearest dear!

DR. M'LANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC, OR VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become sunken, and encircled with a azure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; pain in the bowels; breath very foul, particularly in the mornings; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a craving, unnatural, or depraved taste, at times entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools thin; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; sometimes clear occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; sleep unsound and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

In every instance where it should prove ineffectual "providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult should not disappear after a reasonable time for the same."

In all cases the Medicine to be given agreeably IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

DR. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

In any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, not capable *of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant*.

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than us will do well to write their orders distinctly, and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, on receipt of $1, a large sized package of Vermifuge, or two large sized packages for $2. Vermifuge in liquid form, or concentrated essence. All orders must be addressed to the proprietors, as above.

Agents.—For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and Jackson streets, Lowell.

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LOWELL.

G. K. GOWEN, Sen'r

Sen'r

G. K. GOWEN, Jr.

Jun'r

Lowell, April 19, 1861. 6m16

FARMS FOR SALE,

BY PERLEY PARKER, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

To sell or exchange for a good Farm, a beautiful place on Tyngsborough Mount Pleasant, of about 15 acres of land, with a new house of 10 rooms, a good barn, and a variety of choice fruit and ornamental trees. The buildings are new and in good repair, and the land is of the best quality and well watered; the location good, the view one of the finest in the city. Also, a small farm in Dracut.

To let, Farm of about 2 acres in the centre of the city, with a new house of 10 rooms, and some good fruit trees.

To let, a Farm in Pelham, N. H., on the main road from Lowell to Derry, seven miles from Lowell, near two ponds of water, containing 60 acres of land suitably divided into mowing, tillage and pasture, with a good house, and a stone boarding-house, with a good share of wood and timber. The buildings are good, and supplied with a never-failing spring of water at the door. Also, a small farm in Pelham, containing 30 acres, wanting a Farm pleasantly located and easy to work, with a house, barn or buildings, will do well to call on PERLEY PARKER, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, No. 3 BUCKNELL HALL, Lowell, Mass.

Refers to H. SHAW, Lowell; Hon. JOHN NESMITH, Lowell; Hon. JOSEPH LAWRENCE, Lowell.

mar28 3m

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANOS.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons

from the best Manufacturers, for sale or to let at the

NEW MUSIC STORE!

41 Central street, first and second stories, up Stairs.

All kinds of Instruments to let at low rates. Violins, Guitars, Flutes, Flageolets, Instruments Bands, Notes, Music, &c.

Also—Piano Tuning, Cabinetting & Note, A. W. Ladd & Co., Prop'rs.

mar28 3m

Central Saloon,

POST OFFICE BUILDING, MERRIMACK ST.

THIS above Saloon has been fitted up in the most elegant manner, and is now open for the reception of visitors, where refreshments will be served at all hours, when accompanied by Ladies; also, a choice lot of Cigars and Tobacco.

Lowell, March 28, 1861. 3m13

P. O. S.

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

THE GREAT CURATIVE OF THE AGE.

TRY IT!

IT will entirely cure all gradual weakness, Dyspepsia, Debility, Loss of Appetite, Nervousness, Headaches, General Prostration, Nervous Irritability, Female Complaints, Fevers, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Female Weakness, Piles, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Breast, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Impurities of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Scrofula, Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diseases of Females, Nervous Affections, Sick Stomach, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Worms, Summer Complaint, Canker, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Shoulder, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Influenza, Sore Throat, Pain in the Chest, Pain in the Limbs, Pain in the Joints, Pain in the Back, Kidneys and Hips, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Irritability, Female Weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hysterics, Female Complaints, Epilepsy or Fits, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Tetter, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurvy, Ringworm, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Scrofula or King's Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Boils, Carbuncles, Blotches on the Face, Pimples on the Face, Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Tic Doloreux, Sciatica or Hip Gout, Scalds, Burns, Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Stiff Joints, Lameness, Caked Breasts, Sore Nipples, Ague in the Face, Ague in the Breast, Ague in the Bowels, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Agues of all kinds, Intermittent Fever, Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Bilious Fever, Remittent Fever, Yellow Fever, Scarlet Fever, Rose Rash, Measles, Mumps, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Inflamm

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, Sept, 14, 1861.

ANOTHER EXPEDITION TO THE SOUTH. From many intimations we see in our exchanges, it appears quite certain that a large expedition will in a few days sail for the South. At what particular place the fleet is to be struck, no one out of the secrets of the War Department knows.—Some of the New York papers say that the expedition will include 20,000 men, and that if successful, it will be the most effective blow yet dealt at the rebels. It is contended that an expedition to the coast of South Carolina or Georgia, before the purifying frosts of November come, would be the height of folly, for the reason that the malaria, at all times during the warm season found there, would prove a greater opponent to our troops than the rebels. Attention seems to be directed to Beaufort, N. C., as a point of considerable importance, and likely to be the place a formidable expedition would commence attack. It is a very old town of about 5000 dwelling-houses, and in all respects has the best harbor on the coast. It is strongly fortified, and not less than one hundred guns are said to be mounted, and, in the hands of the rebels, as they now are, would contest the passage of one of our men-of-war into the harbor. Besides old fortifications, since the rebellion commenced, other defences have been made, so that the place cannot be taken without a vigorous fight; and that a fight will be made is plain by the fleet, as the coast will admit of the landing of bodies of troops within a few miles, who will operate in connection with the fleet. A few days will develop the purposes of the expedition, which, undoubtedly has ing been anticipated,—the people seem to have become used to make the kind, and we are inclined to think the Government is fast ripening for vigorous action in this direction.

POLITICS. *New York.* A People's and Republican State Convention were held at Syracuse on Tuesday and Wednesday. Speeches were made in the Union Convention in favor of ignoring party and in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war. The following nominations were made for State officers:—Attorney General—Daniel S. Dickinson. Secretary of State—Horatio Ballard. Comptroller—Lucius Robinson. Treasurer—W. H Lewis. Canal Commissioners—F. A. Aborgerand, E. A. Talmadge. State Prison Inspector—A. B. Taggart. State Engineer—A. B. Taylor. Judge of the Court of Appeals—A. R. Wright. The Republican Convention enorsed the same ticket with the exception of substituting Dean Richmond in place of Mr. Talmadge for Canal Commissioner. Four of the Peoples' nominees have been Republicans, four Democrats and one American. Several of the nominees of the Democratic Convention, held last week have declined.

Ohio. The Union State Convention has nominated David Tod (Democrat) for Governor and Benjamin Stanton (Republican) for Lieutenant Governor.

Iowa. Hon. Nathaniel B. Baker, Governor of New Hampshire in 1858, is the Union candidate for Governor of Iowa.

GEN. BUTLER. The Washington correspondent of the *New York Tribune* says that Gen. Butler has been authorized to raise six thousand men in New England, and that he will soon go North for that purpose. His command is designed for special service, and in its composition, men who have been accustomed to a sea-faring life will be specially accepted. He do not know but this statement is true; certain circumstances lead us to suppose it may be; but we hope that Gen. Butler is not to be shut out of the field of action until he can raise an army with which to operate. If he is to be, unless he "takes the stump," and by his speeches and presence arouses men to enlist, next year's cotton crop will be ready for the market before he can go to operate down South. Gen. Butler's success is enough to convince us that recruiting in this State is up hill work. Massachusetts has already sent out a large number of men, and it cannot now be otherwise than hard to raise regiments. We hope Gen. Butler is not to be sent to New England to open a recruiting rendezvous, because his time may be more profitably spent in more important employment.

UPWARD of 3,000,000 rations for the army of the Potomac, were said, a few days ago, to be stored in the receiving depots at Washington. Some idea of the bulk of these rations may be formed when we state that there are 18,000 barrels of flour, 9,000 barrels of beef, 3,000 barrels of pork, 500,000 lbs. of coffee, 500,000 lbs. of sugar, and 1,500,000 lbs. of bread, with hominy, crackers, vinegar, candles, soap, and salt in proportion. An army of 250,000 men will consume all these rations in twelve days.

MAINE ELECTION. The *Portland Advertiser* of yesterday says it has received returns from 272 towns, which foot up as follows: Washburn 46,333; Jameson, 17,731; Dana, 14,252. Washburn's majority, over all, 14,250; Union majority, 49,712. The same towns, last year, gave Washburn 51,128; Isaac 33,868; Barnes 1261.

CAPT. PAUL R. GEORGE, of New Hampshire, has been appointed a brigade quartermaster.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

Arrest at Baltimore. The Provost Marshal yesterday arrested Henry May, member of Congress, and ten members of the Legislature, also one or two editors, and sent them to Fort McHenry. The Legislature was to have met on Tuesday next, when further legislation hostile to the Government was intended. The arrests were made in pursuance of orders from the War Department.

Fighting near Washington. A special dispatch to the *Boston Journal*, from Washington, dated last evening, says, it is reported here this evening that about five thousand rebels, with artillery, made an advance north of Bailly's Cross Roads, about 5 o'clock this afternoon, and took possession of Basil Hall's house, after throwing several shells at it and setting it on fire, as well as five or six other dwelling houses. Our pickets shot seven of the rebels, but it is supposed that they have captured five of our men. The entire Federal army is under arms to-night. The above report comes to me from a source which entitles it to credit, and it is very possible that that there may be sharp work before morning.

Missouri Condition of Spain. The *Charleston Mercury's* correspondent gives the proclamation of the Captain General of Cuba. He says: "By virtue of a proclamation by her Majesty the Queen, I have determined, under date of August 7th, 1861, that I will be accepted in legitimate commerce, proceeding from ports in the Confederate States shall be entered and cleared under the Confederate flag, and shall be duly protected by the authorities of the Island. The vessels will be notified that no interference on their part will be tolerated."

Missouri matters. A correspondent of the *St. Louis Democrat* states that Martin Green at the head of 3,000 mounted rebels on Wednesday last, captured the steamer Sunshine at Glasgow, with 4,500 stand of arms, and a Federal guard of fifteen men. The prisoners were released.

At West Ely, Marion County, Colonel Moore, of a regiment of Home Guards, on Wednesday evening, fell in with 75 to 100 rebels, and gave them battle. Moore had 200 men. The rebels were routed and scattered in every direction. Two Federals were killed. It is not known how many rebels suffered, as it was dusk at the time.

Rebellion among the rebels. Capt. Foster of the Home Guards brought in seven prisoners last Thursday night to St. Louis, who are direct from Hardee's army. They report that a fight had occurred in Hardee's camp, between the Missourians and Louisianians, in reference to the conduct of the Missourians in the battle at Springfield. The Louisianians charged the Missourians with cowardice and treat them in many ways unkindly. They also charged that while they were fighting, the Missourians actually stole their horses and fled. Hardee was falling back on Arkansas, and the Missourians were dispersing. These prisoners left Hardee's camp with the intention of returning home, under Government clemency, pretensions and becoming good citizens, but were informed that the Gov ernor's proclamation was annulled by the declaration of martial law.

More stealing. The Government has received a dispatch from Gov. Morton of Indiana, stating that the rebel troops of Kentucky has seized all the money in the banks at Bowling Green.

The gunboats near Cairo on Tuesday last, according to rebel accounts, disabled the rebel gunboat Yankee, killing sixty-eight and wounding a large number.

Gov. Magoffin, of Kentucky, has vetoed resolutions in reference to the Confederate troops. Both Houses passed them over the veto. The resolutions order the rebel troops to leave the State.

PARSON BROWNLOW STILL TRUE. We find in the *Cincinnati Times*, a letter from a reliable man in East Tennessee, dated the 2d inst., in which his loyalty is positively affirmed by no less a personage than Mr. Brownlow himself. The envelope of a letter, written by him recently, was endorsed with the following words, which are worth remembering:—"Let no man into whose hands this may fall, believe for a moment I will desert the Stars and Stripes. They may hang me, rob and burn my possessions—be you assured. Let not their lying traitorous tongues rob me of my good name."

A POWERFUL SPY. George Raphael, of New York, recommends the use of the camera obscura at Washington for making observations as to the position of the enemy. He says, that by elevating the camera seventy-five feet, objects no larger than a dog can be seen at fifteen miles distance. This process, Mr. R. says, is much easier, cheaper, and more certain than the balloon.

THE MASSACHUSETTS ELEVENTH sends home $5000. The chaplain of the Massachusetts Eleventh writes that Major Wightman visited Camp Union, Washington, on the 9th, and received from the men $5000 for their friends or for deposit.

"FARNVILLE."

My fairest child, I have no song to give you;
No lark could pipe to skies so soft and gay,
Yet ere we part, one lesson I can leave you
For every day.

Be good, sweet maid, and let who will be clever;
Do noble things, not dream them all day long;
And so make life, death, and that vast forever,
One grand, sweet song.

—*Charles Kingsley.*

THE PORTRAIT of ex-President John Tyler, which has heretofore been in place in the Department of the Assistant Secretary of State, was taken down, a few days ago, and transferred to the rubbish room in the garret.

A REUNION. The sons and daughters of old Salisbury, Mass., from all parts of the United States, are to meet at a social picnic at Salisbury Beach, on the 17th inst.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. I. J. P. Chamberlain, Rector, formerly Pastor of the Wortster Street M. E. Church, will preach in three Church tomorrow.

SERVICE will be resumed at the First Congregational Church in morning and afternoon at the usual hour. For description, &c., see morning, the *Sprite*.

HON. WARREN CHASE will give his last lectures, at Weiner Hall, to-morrow. Subject in the morning, God—Atheism. Non-existing, the *Sprite*.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, September 14th.

CHOICE FAMILY BUTTER—Selling per lb. 18 a 18c: Cheese do, 8 a 10c; Eggs per doz. 16c.

POTS—Oranges, per box, $6.00; Lemons do. 6.00; Huckleberries per qt. 6c; Huckleberries do. do. 5; Apples per peck 25 a 50c; Watermelons each 10 a 12c; Musk do. 6 a 8c; Grapes per peck, 20c; Cranberries per peck, 50c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 8 a 10c; sirloin, steak, do: round, 10 a 14c; corned, 6 a 10c; lamb, 8 a 11c; Pork, salt, 11 a 12c; fresh, 11c; Hams, whole, 11c; sliced, 14c; Veal, per lb. 10c.

FISH—Halibut, per lb. 8c; Cod 4 a 6c; Haddock 4c; Mackerel, fresh, 10 a 12c; Rein 10c; Perch, per doz. 20c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, new, per peck, 14c; Onions, per lb. 3c; Beets per lb. 3c; new cabbage per peck, 50c; Beans, per peck 15c; Turnips, per peck, 25c; Cabbage, each 4 a 10c; Squashes, marrowfat, per lb. 1½; summer do. per doz. 50c; String Beans per peck, 30c; Cucumbers, per doz. 6c; Bell Beans, per qt. 10c; Sweet Potatoes, per lb. 4c.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Mass. Volunteers on TUESDAY. Those wishing to contribute can leave articles at the Lowell Institute Lyceum Rooms, Corner of Merrimack and Kirk Streets, till 12 A. M., on above date, and oblige

By order of Executive Committee.

sept14tlp CHAIRMAN COM. on Forwarding.

NOTICE.

Persons who were Subscribers to the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, find a disposition of the same, will please call at the Police Office, Hall, and obtain their same, on application to the Clerk Our office hours, 9 to 12 A. M.

K. P. HALEY, Jr., Clerk.

WANTED.

A young man, who is accustomed to Book-keeping, but has the afternoons unemployed, wishes to obtain employment. Satisfactory reference given. Address "Box 304," Lowell P. Office. sept7,1861.

THE TROTTING YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

We never saw a larger turn out of spectators on a similar occasion than on the Trotting Park yesterday, especially in the afternoon—the number being estimated as high as three thousand. There was a large number of carriages, and the concourse without doubt, in a large degree, to witness the equestrian exhibition, in which their own sex was to participate.

The first trot in the afternoon, was between mares and geldings, for a purse of $100, $75 to the first and $25 to the second best horse, best three in five to harness. Three animals were entered for this purse, g. g. "Somerville," by W. Woodruff, and b. m. "St. Lawrence Maid," by R. L. Flanders. The former won the pole, and the latter the second place.

The first heat. Both started about even but St. Lawrence Maid soon left her competitor slightly in the rear. On turning the first corner one of the wheels of Somerville's sulky was heard to crack, but it held on until they had passed two-thirds around the course, when it broke down, throwing Woodruff violently to the ground and hurting his right hip badly. The Maid having no competition took her time, winning the heat in 2:45, and, according to the rules of the turf, the race was given to her, Somerville having been distanced. This unfortunate accident marred the pleasure of the day, as short time was anticipated from the known speed of the competitors.

The next exhibition was the equestrian trial by the ladies, seven having entered for the premiums—Mrs. James, Miss Charlotte Manning, Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Drew, Miss Emily Atherton, Miss Gertrude A. Robinson, and Miss M. Martina Hosken. The fair competitors rode around the track twice together, they being allowed their own way. The riding of Miss Hosken was much admired, winning the highest commendations from the spectators. The judges, Messrs. C. H. Wilder and Levi Sprague, Lowell, and Josiah Crosby, Andover, were divided in their first premium of $20 to Mrs. Robinson, the second of $10 to Miss Hosken, and the third of $5 to Miss Atherton. Mrs. Robinson rode a very spirited horse, and was not to be controlled before it was saddled and brought to the track. We believe the horse was never before ridden by a lady, which fact certainly is much in her favor, as she could not be expected to manage a spirited horse which she had never before seen, with the same ease and grace that might be expected under other circumstances.

In consequence of the accident during the contest between Somerville and Maid, there was considerable delay, and the hurdle-riding, owing to the lateness of the hour, did not come off, much to the regret, no doubt, of a large number present; but accidents are many times unavoidable, and this was one which could not be prevented, and the consequences were also beyond the control of the managers of the exhibition.

The audience having been disappointed by the accident in the first contest, a purse was offered of $25 for mile heats, best two in three to harness. Two horses contended for the purse: "Baby Children," a young colt, by L. Maynard, Bradford, and "St. Lawrence Maid," by R. L. Flanders. The former won the pole when they started for the

First heat. The Baby had slightly the lead, but was quickly overhauled by the Maid, who won the heat in 2:50, the former keeping second place.

Second heat. This was very closely contested until the last half, when the Maid opened the space between her and baby, reaching the judges' stand about three lengths ahead, winning the heat and the race in 2:51.

The receipts of the Club were about $600, which must be highly satisfactory to the members.

MATTERS ABOUT THE AGRICULTURAL FAIR. The receipts on Thursday were $300, which may be considered very large considering that hundreds went in on members' and contributors' tickets. The Society is very fortunate in its President, Elijah M. Read, of Tewksbury, who has devoted his time and money for the past two weeks, to give success to the exhibition, and we are glad to know that his efforts have been crowned with success. To George Stevens, Secretary, and indeed to all who had charge of positions of responsibility, much credit is due for their efforts in behalf of the Society. The members may congratulate themselves that they have such an indefatigable board of officers, which, more than anything else, gives success to such exhibitions.

Notwithstanding the immense number of people that were crowded to and from the fair-grounds yesterday, in vehicles fitted up for the occasion, we hear of no casuality to any of the passengers, and consequently no one to sue on the track, noticed in our report. A lad named Eugene Sullivan, said to belong on Cedar Street, was run over by a wagon, the wheel passing over his instep, and perhaps breaking some of the bones. He was conveyed home in a carriage.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* Eastman *vs.* Sanborn was given to the jury at 44 o'clock yesterday, and a verdict was not agreed upon till 10½ o'clock this morning, which was sealed up and rendered this morning for the defendant.

The court was busy this morning hearing motions, and adjourned at noon.

The second jury was dismissed yesterday, and the first this morning, till Monday morning, at 9 o'clock.

PETER A. SMITH, Esq., of Smith, by special assignment, will be the first case to go to the jury Monday.

A BURNING CHARGE. Capt. B. Warren, who has devoted his whole time to military life the past four months, has disposed of his fine residence on corner of Prescott Street, known as Industrial Hall, to Mr. Leonard Worcester, one of our old citizens, who will continue the business as heretofore. Capt. Warren has been employed as many as one hundred and twenty-five girls in this place (which was formerly the Wesleyan Methodist Church), and the success attending which has been almost incessant there for months and years, and we hope its music will not be lost under the new proprietor. Capt. Warren goes as the lieut-colonel of the Lowell soldiers, it will be remembered, in the Sixth Regiment, as it has been reorganized.

ONE gallant townsman, T. A. Crowley, whose heroic conduct, in the streets of Baltimore, on the memorable 19th of April, has made his name and his deeds familiar to everybody, is now, it is very generally known, recruiting a company, from among our adopted citizens, for the service of the gallant Sixth. Every one, at all familiar with such matters, is aware that a little ready money will aid the enterprise greatly. A hundred dollars will not be better invested than by being put in his hands to operate with. I write this, Mr. Editor, without the knowledge of this gentleman's intentions, and becoming by his bravery. If I do not greatly mistake the temper of our people, there are hundreds who would be glad to testify in this way their regard for this meritorious officer. It simply needs that their attention be called to the matter. More troops are wanted, the favorable season for military operations will soon be on, and delays are always dangerous. Shall the hands of the noble men who are recruiting for the Federal army be tied up, for the want of a little money? Never be it so permitted. Let us all cheer on the brave fellows, who are going to fight our battles and win our victories.

CAPT. W. A. TRAFTON, formerly of this city, but now commander of company B, Twenty-Seventh New York Regiment, Col. Montgomery, is here partially for the purpose of obtaining a few recruits. Those wishing to join a New York regiment that already has a reputation (the Twenty-seventh was in the Bull Run fight), can consult Capt. Treadwell between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock this evening, at the American House, where he will also be happy to meet his old acquaintances.

HORTICULTURAL REGATTA. According to the vote of the Horticultural Society, at its annual meeting in April, the last exhibition of the Society will take place at Huntington Hall next Tuesday and Wednesday. It will be the last opportunity for our citizens to display their fruits, flowers and vegetables the present season.

POLICE COURT. Ranson L. Mead against whom there has been a charge for common drunkenness, as often once a quarter for the last ten years, more or less, made his regular appearance this forenoon and was bailed for two weeks.

COMPANY K. There will be a meeting at Empire Hall, corner of Suffolk and Lowell Streets, this evening, at 74 o'clock, in aid of Company K, now being raised by Capt. T. A. Crowley, and which is to form a portion of the gallant Sixth. The meeting will be addressed by Mayor Sargent, Dr. Huntington, Major Heggerty, Dr. J. C. Ayer, and other gentlemen. Capt. Crowley has already enlisted about forty members, "good men and true," and there is every prospect of soon filling up his ranks. Let the brave and deserving receive a generous support from the able and loyal portion of the community.

CATHOLIC. The Democrats of this city hold a caucus, for making choice of delegates to attend their State Convention, at Jackson Hall, this evening, at 8 o'clock. We believe the call embraces all who have heretofore acted with the party—"wings" is are ignore d.

A PEACH MAD IN THE WRONG PEW. A few evenings since, there occurred a little affair at a vestry-meeting of one of the most popular and influential churches in this city, that is worthy of mention. A gentleman arose to speak, and having apparently posted himself, began to expatiate on the beauties of peace and the duties of christians, quoting the words that direct that when one cheek has been smitten the other should also be turned. The gentleman was apt in his quotations, pointing out the duty of christians, and showing how unholy is war, and how glorious is peace and unity, and was exceedingly happy in his remarks on self-righteousness, since his principles led him in the paths of peace. The whole drift of his remarks, however, were apparently designed to show that the Government ought not to resist the rebels of the South, but to make peace with them and let them go; that we were not justified in an offensive war even for the defence of the Constitution, and that peace measures and compromises would sooner and best settle the trouble. The gentleman, we should add, does not frequently attend the meetings in which this scene was enacted.

The speaker was allowed to finish his remarks, when the pastor of the church under whose direction the meeting was being held, arose, and in a manner most becoming a christian, and affirmed as much, he could not be expected to manage a spirited horse which she had never before seen, with the same ease and grace that might be expected under other circumstances.

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WHAT HE THINKS OF A SOLDIER'S LIFE. A young man from across the river, in Dracut, enlisted a short time ago enlisted and is now a member of Company K, Twenty-First Regiment, writes a very cheery letter to a friend who has been much interested in his welfare. We quote a few sentences from his letter, and hope it will have the effort to stir up some of "the boys" to follow his example, and enroll themselves under the star spangled banner.—

"Tell the boys we are all right. I am glad I enlisted, for I am in better times here than I did at home; and when I am discharged, I can say to the boys that if they want a good time, and want to see the country and the niggers, they had better enlist and come along. I am with the others from our vicinity, [whose names and residences we omit] and we are all well and tough, and ready to fight the rebels at any time—as soon as we have a chance, and I think that will be before long. Tell father to enlist and come along; tell him we shall 'grub,' are fatting up, and have tip top good times.

J. P. J.

THOSE having friends in Capt. Abbott's company, will be interested in the advertisement of the Soldiers' Aid Association.

THE Philadelphia papers, in speaking of Mr. Denier's daring performances in that city, say that he is the only successful rival of the famous Blondin.

SINGING SCHOOL. Mr. Willey's adult school will open in Weiles Hall very soon.

ALL IN A NUT-SHELL. The *Cincinnati Commercial* says, "the men from whom we have heard the loudest praises of the Fremont proclamation are Democrats of Kentuckians. They say it is all right.—*It don't free anybody's negroes but those of traitors, and are we to suppose that a General is to take care of an enemy's negroes for him?* Gen. *Fremont has simply refused to enter into the negro trade.* As the shortest way of managing contraband negroes, he turns them loose to shift for themselves. He don't undertake to sell them for the benefit of the United States, or to feed them at the expense of the government. If this is radical, it is a case of radical common sense."

MORMON COTTON GROWERS. The Mormons are raising a considerable quantity of cotton the present season, and are erecting a cotton factory in Parowan, in Utah Territory.

Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator is, without doubt, the best tonic Cordial in the world. To those who are suffering from General Debility we would recommend its use, for which it is pleasant to the taste, it is strengthening to the system, and will at once tend to remove all impurities of the Blood, and eradicate all traces of disease. It can be taken by the weakest stomach, while those in good health will at once feel its exhilarating power. We are confident that after using one bottle of this Cordial none will be for a day without it. See advertisement.

37 The treaty with Japan being now concluded, commerce must spring up between the two countries where the Tycoon rules the both. We will be able to get the rare, precious metals and other productions of Japan, and they in return will be greatly benefited in our labor-saving machinery, our improved mode of living, and by Dr. Holt's Liverpool Salt, whose happy effects in curing Dyspepsia will astonish the native physicians.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 13.

10 Boston and Maine Railroad 99¼
5 Boston and Maine Railroad 99¾
5 Middlesex Railroad 97
10 Eastern Railroad 97½
5 Concord and Portsmouth Railroad 97
5 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad 97
5 Maine Central Railroad 83
5 Middlesex and Vermont Boiler Railroad 53
$50 Boston Water Power Bonds 100

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has not sold out his Stock in Trade to Messrs. Hall & Post, Office, as they will not, as stated, A. M., where he will be pleased to see all who may call with a call.

Those indebted at the above named place for medicine or Wood promptly settled.

A. L. BOOKER.

FINNEY & LEAN SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Finney & Lean, in which Mr. A. J. Lean is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan3tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

BOSTON.

C. B. Coburn, E. W. Stockwell, D. S. Richardson,
L. G. Rice, Edmund Tufts, E. F. Sherman.
Edmund Tufts, President. E. F. Sherman, Secretary.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factories risks. Its assessments are limited to **ONE PER CENT.** per annum, and for which **NO NOTES** are required. Applications will be received at the office, 3 Merrimack Block, or to any of the Agents in Lowell, Lawrence, Haverhill and Andover. Also, Agents wanted in all the towns in the State. Capital and Surplus, $100,000. Insurance effected on favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. Office, 3 Merrimack Block, Lowell. jan18 1yr

Washington Coal,

For sacking, has no equal,
It burns all out,
It leaves no clinkers,
It leaves little ashes,
It burns in less quantity,
It gives more heat,
Than any other fuel burning coal. And the only place to get it is at No. 4 Middle Street, Lowell, WHAT WILL WORTH & Co. say, and of our agent, Mr. Edward D. Prescott Street, Lowell. may14d&tf

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye Known.

All others are mere mockeries, and should be avoided by all those who have a regard for their personal appearance. This splendid Dye instantly is a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to the hair or skin.

Sold and applied at WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, established in 1820, and now at No. 16 Astor House, New York. Sold by all Druggists throughout the country, and by Hairdressers everywhere. Factory on the premises of the above. jan1 1yr

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. CULVERWELL'S Lecture on the **Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa**, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps, by addressing DR. CH. J. C. KLINE,

127 BOWERY, New York.

Post Office Box 4586. sept13eow

CAUTION!

The subscribers are the proprietors of the true and original **FRANKLIN COAL**, which has been sold for more than one year by Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, advertise Franklin Coal.

We take this method of cautioning the public against purchasing any Coal offered to them as Franklin Coal, unless it is delivered from a wagon marked with our name, and bearing our seal.

EDMINGTON & HESSEY.

Delaware City Delaware, June 8, 1861.

"BUT ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Contain the active medicinal principles for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst purrid sore; Jaundice; Costiveness; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Headache, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, regulate the action of the stomach and bowels, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, quiet the nerves, purify and enrich the blood, and thus cure disease. They are made of the best Roots and Herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Burdock, Dandelion, Juniper Berries, Prickly Ash Bark, Mandrake, Blood Root, &c., &c., all recently united, in a skilful manner, so as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming the most effective, pleasant, and reliable remedy that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, at this season of the year, to prevent Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint.

This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated form, called **DR. LANGLEY'S Concentrated Root and Herb Bitters**, a beautiful cathartic medicine, and will cure Costiveness, Sick Headache and Piles. Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Prepared only by DR. J. P. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

Agents for Lowell and vicinity.

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

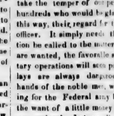
GEORGE RIPLEY, Actuary.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

April 8, 1860. 1mo14w

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is not enough to be informed that these Pills will relieve her in all the ills to which she is subject. Full directions in the pamphlet around each box. Established in 1839, and now used by thousands. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents per box. Dr. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, may be consulted personally or by letter, for all forms of disease—many dietary reforms without pain, all disturbance of business, and at a trifling cost. Those suffering from irritation or suppression. They act like a charm in all cases of Female Weakness, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Pain in the Side, Back, &c. Beware of Counterfeits. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Signature on the Private Medicine Stamp. Broken Sleep, and other symptoms of approaching Insanity, are speedily relieved by one of the natural functions. In the worst cases of **FEMALE COMPLAINT** they never fail.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the only safe remedy for the removal of the monthly obstruction.

Letter to our customers of the female system on which DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS operate. DR. CHEESEMAN'S CELEBRATED PILLS are the most valuable remedy in the world for the removal of the monthly obstruction. Ladies who are in the slightest degree afflicted with Female Complaints, should not use these Pills, as they will surely produce a miscarriage

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IS TO
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use my hair was falling, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not easily perfectly freed from dandruff. I do not imagine it forts above mentioned will or ever can parallel what it has done to you, or even faster your sanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are a host of knowns. Already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. It has occurred to me of late in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, as I have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case, that in several instances I have met with people that have purchased it, and have found to their sorrow it spurious and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved to, gently as the rain, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling it about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles styled Parisian Restorative, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will purchase such articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a blessing.
Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement without a notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.
I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and with the success—some for 5 years, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the hair and scalp.
I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.
You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,926, will be promptly answered. JAMES WHITE, M. D.
BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 15, 1860.
DEAR SIR:—I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over 15 years. I am now 40 years old, and for the last twenty years past my hair has been one considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had used a number of certificates of the virtues of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, but supposed there was no better than that which I was using, determining a strong dealer to have no bottle if possible, restored it to original color, and softness, as it was in my younger days when full. I would, also, have it restore the dandruff, and prevent, for the future, its formation. I purchased one bottle, and used it according to directions. It restored the hair to its original color, and caused a new growth to start where it had fallen off. It also removed the dandruff entirely, and has since kept my hair in a healthy condition. I have used no other since. I am now 60 years old, and my hair is about as thick as it was when I was 20 years old. I have recommended it to many others, and they have used it with the same success. I have no interest in the sale of it, but feel it my duty to recommend it to the public, as I know it to be a valuable article.
Yours, truly, JAMES WHITE.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual merit, and has attained which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it has been universally used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the unqualified endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few reliable nostrums which accomplishes all it professes, and all the laudatory puffs could do no more.—*New Era.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative has every requisite to promote them invaluable.
Dr. JAMES C. WHITE, write from Nevada, Stark Co., O.—"The Restorative produced those sufferings I was afflicted with, perfect and liver complaint."
Dr. DAVID Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They have given satisfaction. I have used them myself, and in my family, for prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me entirely of my troubles, and restored me to a sense of a perfect state of health."
Hon. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered to the afflicted suffering public.
REMEMBER OF IMITATIONS! None genuine without the signature of O. J. WOOD & CO. on the REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 312 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
☞ The Superiority of this preparation over all others of a similar character, is fully established by the many certificates of cures effected by its use, which are constantly coming to hand. Those who are afflicted with diseases of the hair and scalp, should not fail to give it a trial. Circulars containing certificates of cures, and other information, may be had of agents. Price $1 per bottle.
For sale by all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the United States, Canada, and South America.
Agents for Lowell, Stone & Fiske, Druggists, Merrimack street.
Agents for Nashua, Dr. Wm. Crombie.
Agents for Manchester, Dr. Wm. Parker.
Agents for Concord, Dr. Wm. Pierce.
Agents for Dover, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Exeter, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Portsmouth, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Great Falls, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Rochester, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Somersworth, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Newmarket, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Haverhill, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Amesbury, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Newburyport, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Salem, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Lawrence, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Andover, Dr. Wm. Burnham.
Agents for Methuen

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, Sept. 16, 1861.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

The war news is not so important today as many expected, from the rumors which were afloat Saturday afternoon.

Washington and vicinity. The *New York Herald's* special Washington dispatch upon a reconnoissance on Saturday developed the fact that the body of the enemy which advanced on Friday night had fallen back behind Munson's Hill; that there are large camps of the rebel Gen. Iverville and Fairfax, and that the main body of the rebel army had fallen back to Manassas, and is now encamped there.—The enemy cannot move forward in sufficient force to give battle earlier than Monday morning, judging from developments made on Saturday. Some think the rebels are breaking up their camp between here and Manassas and made a move forword to engage our attention while they remove their cannon toward Richmond, and destroy their camp-equipage at Manassas. The general belief is, however, that they intend to give battle somewhere upon our line within forty eight hours. A very quiet Sabbath is reported on the Virginia side yesterday, and the religious exercises in the camps numerously attended.

About one o'clock yesterday afternoon two of the rebel pickets stationed at Munson's Hill ventured beyond their outside picket line, when they were fired upon by our sharpshooters. As they were both seen to fall, it is supposed they were both killed.

From Fortress Monroe. A naval officer who left Fortress Monroe on Friday night, says an attack on Newport News was expected, and several vessels of war had gone to its defence.

About 4 o'clock Friday afternoon the rebel steamer Yorktown ran down to within three miles and opened fire upon the camps and the blockading squadron, consisting of the Savanah, the Cumberland and the gunboat Louisiana. She fired twenty-five shots, one of which exploded near the Savanah. The others fell considerably short. The guns of the Cumberland and Savannah could not reach the Yorktown, but a couple of shells from a Sawyer gun on shore caused her to retire. One of the shells exploded three-fourths of a mile beyond the steamer.

Several rebel steamers and other vessels have vainly endeavored to run the blockade.

The distinguished political prisoners from Baltimore, including Mayor Brown, Ross Winans, Hon. Henry May and others, arrived at Old Point, on Saturday morning. They will be closely confined within the Fortress.

Missouri. President Lincoln has forwarded the following letter to Gen. Fremont in reply to one received from the latter:—

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 11th, 1861.

MAJOR GENERAL FREMONT:

SIR:—Yesterday at the State, in answer to mine of the 2nd inst., is just received.—Assuming that you upon the ground could better judge of the necessities of your position than I could at this distance, on seeing your proclamation of the 30th inst., I perceived no general objection to it. The particular clause however, in relation to the confiscation of property and the liberation of slaves appeared to me to be doubtful in its constitutionality; and in view of the Congress, passed the first of last August, upon the same subject, and in which Congress you expressing my wish that that clause should be modified. Accordingly, your honor, upon the receipt of the letter of yesterday, on your part, and that I should make an open order for the modification, which I very cheerfully do.

It is therefore ordered, that the said clause of said proclamation be so modified, held and construed as to conform with and not to transcend the provisions on the same subject contained in the act of Congress, entitled "an act to confiscate property used for insurrectionary purposes," approved August 6th, 1861, and that said act be published at length with this order.

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) A. LINCOLN.

The rebels have full possession and sway in St. Joseph. The Union men and their property in St. Joseph and the surrounding towns are completely at the mercy of the rebels, and demand the immediate interposition of the Federal arms to save them from annihilation.

The rebel camp at Lick Creek, Monroe County, was broken up by the Federal troops on Sunday last, and it is reported that 300 rebels were captured. Another camp at Spencer burg, Pike County, was broken up on Monday and 10 rebels taken prisoners.

Southern matters. Gov. Magoffin, of Kentucky, in obedience to the resolutions adopted by the Legislature of that State has issued a proclamation in which he says the Government of the Confederate States, the State of Tennessee, and all others concerned are hereby informed that Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally.

A large number of Federal prisoners have been sent to Castle Pickney in Charleston Harbor, among which are Capt. Gordon and Lieut. Califf of the 11th Massachusett Regiment. Col. Corcoran of the New York 69th, and others.

Jeff. Thompson has issued a proclamation, in which, as a retaliatory measure for Gen. Fremont's proclamation, he threatens for every member of the Southern forces or citizen soldier of Missouri executed, to hang, draw and quarter a million of Abraham Lincoln's.

Gov. Rector, of Arkansas, has called an extra session of the Legislature for the 4th of November.

There are bad reports in regard to Southern crops the rains of August having done much damage. The *Baton Rouge Advocate* says that the cotton crop of that vicinity is literarily covered with the army worm, and that the face of the whole crop will be soaked in a few days, for the rains and heavy atmosphere are favorable to the worms.

Spain does not recognize the rebel flag. Mr. Yasoara, the Spanish Minister has called to assure the Secretary of State, that the reports from Charleston, that the Governor General of Cuba has issued a proclamation recognizing the rebel flag, is untrue. What has happened is that vessels from any port in the United States, in possession of the rebels, coming into a port with irregular papers, are admitted *ex necessitate*, without notice of their irregularity, just as they have been admitted in all other ports since the rebels obtained possession of the custom-houses in the insurgent States. There is no recognition of a rebel flag in Spanish or any other ports.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, is throwing off his mask, and appearing the traitor he has long been. He recently addressed a meeting in Kentucky where he declared that his State ought not to pay a dollar of the direct tax imposed by Congress; that the present tax was not to pay the war debt, but the interest of the war debt; that next year the tax would have to be doubled to pay the interest on the increased debt; and the burdens of the people were becoming insufferable.—The meeting the morning passed a resolution denying the right of Congress to collect taxes from Kentucky or demand soldiers from her to carry on a war of coercion! If Breckinridge can be believed, he ought to be imprisoned for aiding and abetting the enemies of his country, in time of war. There are many less guilty men than he, now in Fort Lafayette.

FUNERAL OF EX-GOV. BRIGGS. The funeral of Ex-Gov. Briggs took place at Pittsfield last Saturday, and was attended by an immense concourse of people. Ex-Governors Washburn and Clifford, Secretary Warner, Treasurer Oliver, Chief Justice Bigelay, and other distinguished personages were present. Rev. Dr. Porter (formerly of the city) pastor of the Baptist Church, of which the deceased was a member, preached the funeral sermon, and was assisted in the other exercises by several of the local clergy of different denominations. The exercises were solemn and impressive, and the attendance showed the general esteem felt for the deceased among the community where he resided.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN? The *New York Leader*, in a personal sketch of Col. Corcoran, makes the following curious assertion, probably referring to the secret Irish society known as the "Emmet Monument Association," or "Phœnix Brigade."

"This is rather the place now the time to speak of another army so formidable in numbers and at least as well drilled as that to-day under McClellan, in which Col. Corcoran also holds a post of high command. It is an army scattered through the chief cities of the Union and having powerful ramifications even through a distant island. It has, and for several years has had, companies and regiments and brigades—and even by the eyes of the initiated; but meeting in squads and companies and battalions, two or three nights every week, in nearly all the towns, villages towns and cities of the Union, and under the strictest and most exact drill. The army to which we refer is loyal to the republic, and only wishes that the republic were more loyal to its principles than as understood by Mirabeau, Jefferson, Charlotte Corday and Robert Emmet. Should the evil destiny of England lead her to take past against the Union in the present war, she, but not till then, will be the visible army, in which Corcoran holds a prorata commission, swears for his send Western Virginia but at Washington and elsewhere. "Taking the oath of allegiance" has been "run into the ground" contemptuously, and people feel very much like smiling when they read of the rebels being sworn and set at liberty. But here is the story of our Ohio contemporary.—

The best piece of satire upon the leniency observed by the authorities, in reference to rebels found committing depredations, is in the shape of a story, which is told, we believe, by Governor Pierpont. As the story goes, some of the soldiers in General Cox's camp, down in Kanawha, recently caught a large rattlesnake. The snake manifested a most mischievous disposition, snapping and thrusting out its forked tongue at all who came near it. The boys at last got tired of the reptile, and as nobody wanted such a dangerous companion, the question arose, what shall we do with him?" This question was propounded to a number of times, without an answer, when a half drunken soldier, who was lying near upon his back, rolled over upon his side, and relieved his companions by quietly remarking:—"Swear him and let him go."

MURDER AT LEWISTON, ME. Last Thursday evening an Irishman named Dwyer was fatally stabbed by John Ford, a returned member of the Lewiston Rifle Zouaves. Dwyer was conversing with two ladies, when Ford by passing Dwyer shoved against him, knocking him into the street. An altercation ensued, when Ford drew a bowie knife stabbing Dwyer in the breast, from which he died in a few minutes. Ford was arrested.

ELLIOT, THE MAINE TRAITOR. There is abundant evidence to convict Albert Elliot, of Freedom, Me., of treason. One of Elliot's brothers gave out that Col. Smart would be lynched if he went to Freedom; but he went down there with three friends on Friday night, and during the night obtained full testimony without molestation from the Elliot military company.

CITY AND COUNTY.

MOUNT HOREB R. A. CHAPTER.

There will be a regular meeting of the Companions of Mount Horeb R. A. Chapter, at Masonic Hall, this (MONDAY) evening Sept. 16th, at 7 o'clock. A punctual attendance is requested.

For order of the M. E. H. P.

J. E. BIGELOW, Jr., Secretary.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE!!

ATTENTION! RALLY!

ON MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 16th, Warnock Division, No. 1, will meet in the Chapter of the Broad Division, in full regalia, and also by Brother Perrin. 1st every L. V. and members are requested to be present.

For order.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Company A, Capt. E. G. Abbott, Second Regiment Massachusetts, on TUESDAY, 17th inst.

Persons who are contributing three pounds each in weight will please send to the Store of Messrs. Coe Light Company, 108 111 A. M., on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

sep16d2p WM. O. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Common-wealth in the Police Court, on Monday, Sept. 9th, in behalf of, John Jackson, in the case of Daniel Bolton, will please call at the Clerk's office this afternoon office hours, 2 to 5 P. M.

sep16d1p P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

WANTED.

A young man, who is engaged on Book-keeper, but has had experience in Dry Goods, wishes a situation. Inquire of or address "Box 264" Lowell P. Office. August 7, 1861. aug9d2m

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS, LAST SATURDAY EVENING. Agreeably to a published call, a respectable number of the members of the Democratic party and others assembled in Jackson Hall, for the purpose of making selection of delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention to be holden at Worcester on the 25th inst.

John F. McEvoy, Esq., called the meeting to order, and made a neat little speech, which was well received by his auditors. He nominated Hon. Ira Perley as presider over the meeting, when he (Mr. McEvoy) was chosen to that office, and A. R. Brown, Esq., was selected for secretary.

A committee of seven from each delegates was chosen, on motion of Maj. Emery, and at once withdrew to perform the duties of that office. On motion of Dr. J. H. Hayes, the committee was also raised to report, at a subsequent meeting, a City Committee.

During the absence of the committee, brief but patriotic addresses were made by the chairman, A. R. Brown, Esq., and B. S. Butterworth.

The following resolutions were read by Mr. S. S. Drew, who supported them in an able speech which was well received:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Lowell renew, upon the altar of our party faith, our allegiance to the Union; and while asserting our devotion to the cardinal principles of the Democracy, we pledge ourselves to the support, as loyal members of the National Democracy of the country, in a conciliatory, honest, legal support of the Government, by every means in our power, in its efforts to preserve the integrity of the national Union, and the glory of the National flag fully and triumphantly asserted.

Resolved, That while we would severely condemn and denounce all assaults upon the freedom of the press and the freedom of speech—while we would allow the largest liberty to both—we can have no sympathy with those presses in the free States which, by their "peace" doctrines are endeavoring to destroy the efficiency of the National Government, and are actually giving "aid and comfort" to rebellion; that we utterly repudiate the right of such presses to speak in the name of the Democratic Party, which now is, as in the days of Andrew Jackson, in its heart's core and *intensely Union Party*; and we call upon the State Convention to assemble in Worcester, on the 25th instant, by its language and its action, to place the Democratic Party where its loyal masses desire it *should be placed*, and where, by its past renown, it *rightfully* belongs—fairly and squarely upon the side of the Union and the Government—upon that high, national ground which it occupied in the Jacksonian era.

The resolutions were adopted without a dissenting voice.

The seventh resolution, which requested the delegates to vote in the convention against the nomination of a State ticket, after some discussion was defeated, and the delegation will go unfettered. Remarks were made, on the passage of this resolution, by Mr. S. S. Drew, Mr. B. S. Butterworth, Maj. Emery, James Lannan, and W. C. Gray. The speakers on both sides were earnest, and as for making nominations, the other was opposed to it, but the vote against the resolution was decided.

This, after voting that the delegation fill vacancies, was the last business done, and the caucus adjourned.

The following are the delegates chosen to the State Convention:—

Erastus Douglas, J. C. Abbott, James Lannan, David M. Collins, Charles H. Story, Samuel Jaquith, Jr., Jeremiah in Jackson Hall, for the purpose of making selection of delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention to be holden at Worcester on the 25th inst.

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AT HOME AGAIN. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler reached home last Saturday evening. We understand that he expects to remain with us about a week, but we do not learn that he is detailed for any special duty in this vicinity. The General, although his countenance is familiar to nearly all of our citizens, attracts much attention wherever he moves, but no more than he deserves.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon Nicholas McKenna and James Riley for breaking and entering the store of the American Belt Company, and larceny therefrom, was ordered in $300 each to the Superior Court, to be holden in Lowell on the third Monday of October. [The above paper of the case caught in the store about 2 o'clock this morning by officers Freeman and Marshall.]

John Darcy, for drunkenness, was fined $3 and costs. Paid.

SIXTH REGIMENT. Major Sawtell reports 544 men now enlisted and at Camp Cameron. There are quite a number in the city and elsewhere not yet in camp, so that they will probably fill out the ranks of two thirds or three-quarters full.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR. In the Superior Court this forenoon, on motion of R. B. Caverly, Esq., Frederick M. Norcross, of this city, was admitted to practice as an attorney and counsellor at law in all of the courts of the Commonwealth.

CAPT. DREW OF THE VERMONT SECOND. Silas S. Drew, Esq., received intelligence to-day, that his brother, Capt. John T. Drew, of the Vermont Second Regiment, has been lately in the volunteer of war in Richmond since the battle of Bull Run, has been sent with other Federal officers, to Castle Pinckney in Charleston Harbor.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MASSACHUSETTS TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE. The annual meeting of this body was held in Boston Thursday. In the absence of the President, (W. B. Spooner,) Dr. Appleton was chosen to preside. The report of the Executive Committee was read; it gives a favorable representation of the result of the labors of the Alliance the past year. The usual addresses were made, and resolutions addres to the people, of great interest and energy, was read. Resolutions touching upon the time and pointing out the duty of the friends of temperance were also adopted. The officers for the coming year were chosen on the executive committee are three other Lowell citizens: Hon. John Nesmith, Rev. J. T. Duryea, Rev. E. B. Trayer. Addresses were made by several gentlemen, touching upon the condition and prospects of the temperance cause in Massachusetts. The meeting was one of interest throughout, and after the transaction of some business matters of minor importance, the meeting adjourned.

NORTH BRITISH REVIEW. The August number of Leonard Scott & Co.'s reprint of this sterling periodical has been received. It contains the contents of the Essays; Universities and Academical Policy; Montalembert and Parliamentary Institutions in France; British Columbia and Vancouver Island; Recollections of Sir Joseph Paxton of Debts; Recent Discoveries in Scottish Geology; Freedom of Religious Opinion —its Conditions and Limits; Marriage with a Deceased Wife's Sister; Ancient and Scotland; DeChaillu's Explorations and Adventures; Mr. Buckle on the Civilization of Scotland.

Each paper a superior number. Every one of its articles may be perused with interest. But a special interest will be found in the articles on British Columbia and Vancouver Island, Sir Joseph Paxton, and DeChaillu's Explorations.

CONDITION OF THE JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES. The *Jewish Messenger* reviews the condition of the Jews in this country, and tells us what that people have done during the past year.

New synagogues have been dedicated at Cincinnati and New York; new congregations have been formed in several New York literary associations have been founded at Cleveland and Hartford. A new Jewish Orphan Asylum has been opened in this city; a course of lectures has been delivered in the Jewish literary society, has been delivered at New York, where, likewise, a grand banquet in aid of the Jews Hospital was given, yielding the nearly ten thousand dollars to the funds of that institution.

The *Pacific Messenger* was started at San Francisco, but survived only a few months; the *Occident* ceased to be published, and resumed its magazine form; the *Pacific Jewish Times* and the *True Bote* (in German) are now issued at San Francisco.

The missionary zeal, looking to a union among the Israelites of large cities for religious purposes, has been taken in Philadelphia and New York. The former movement has been thus far successful; the New York convention has, for the time being, suspended operations. The Board of Delegates of American Israelites in aid of the Persecuted congregation at Jerusalem, resulted in the collection of about seventy thousand dollars, contributions of the eastern and middle States.

REV. F. HALLETT has written a letter to Col. Greene, of the *Boston Post*, in favor of the Union and the war, and against the Worcester State Convention making any nominations.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT A THEATRE.—At Wheatley's Theatre, Philadelphia, last Saturday evening, the dress of one of the ballet girls caught fire in the dressing-room, communicating the flames to a number of others, five of whom have died and three more will probably die. No damage was done to the theatre.

A MISTAKE. A private in the First Kentucky regiment, of Gen. Cox's division, who had received three months, was recently discovered by a woman. "He" was of small stature, and wore "his" coat buttoned to "his" chin, but always performed camp duties promptly, and on long marches, when many men gave out, refused to ride or to permit "his" knapsack to be placed upon a wagon. "He" was discovered by "his" feminine way of putting on "his" stockings.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 14.

10 Boston and Maine Railroad	98
11 Boston and Worcester Railroad	103¼
1	103¼
2 Boston and Providence Railroad	103¼
1	103¼
1 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	84
1 Concord Railroad (old)	83
1 Western Railroad	91½
1 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	84
3 Nashua Manufacturing Company	100
1 Market Bank	103
3 Bank of Commerce	93¼
1 Boston Bank	93¼

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has for sale at his Granite Mills, Merrimack street, Four cords, more or less, split wood, 4, 8, above and below the Locks, which he will sell low for cash or approved paper.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood will receive prompt attention. A. L. BROOKS.

Lowell, July 31, 1861. 1y30a3m

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would invite our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Hayne is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan31tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

C. B. Coburn,	P. Richardson,	P. S. Richardson,
T. Sumner,	B. Hadley,	Jr. Wm. Hadley,
L. G. Hosmer,	Geo. Bancroft,	E. F. Sherman.

Boston, Feb. 1, 1861. 1y30a3m

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL GUARANTEE is confined to Insurance against loss by Fire. No associated interest in Marine Risks. The Stock Guarantee is for Fire and Marine Risks, and is limited to the amount of $110,278-24. The alternate use of Mutual or Stock Guarantee in Fire Risks is particularly noted. A Dividend has been declared of 40 per cent. on the Mutual Premiums, payable with a satisfactory note.

The Stock Guarantee of $110,278 each assets are $1,000,000 invested in the most approved securities, and the Mutual Guarantee of $1,000,000

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ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the above statement will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful cures effected out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and I relish the effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have been honored in a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, to nothing the matter, that they had not used your article as it should be, and some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have ordered two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and am astonishing the people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they invariably copy, word for word, in several letters, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, in the past five years, seen and talked with more than a thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, others for dry head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box 1,940, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I used you a number of years, and think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For almost twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white as very stiff and unhealthy. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and as my hair was a sore distress to me, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I sent for one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using following the directions as given by you. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was dry, stiff and in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical desire not taking off when a brush. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a large one, and my hair is now as pretty a head of dark brown hair as you ever saw, and is soft and easy to dress, and to my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia, can enjoy the luxury of clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased coming off, falling off and has left off entirely. I can say to all, go and get you a bottle of the Restorative. Many of my acquaintances have used it, and are frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test as an experiment which cannot be enhanced by extravagant praise. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the unanimous endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it promises, and all the gold and gray could desire.—*Columbus Spy*.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is one of the oldest preparations, and justly has the best feelings of—We have seen many of the letters of recommendation of those now using it, some of which are from gentlemen whom we know, and who have for years as patrons of the most unexceptionable character, don't use till you have tried this for yourself.—*Boston Union Journal*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in this case of late they are getting so numerous, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article for the hair. We are failing off of turning gray. Our well known correspondent, Fanny Fern, has frequently referred the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues.—*Home Journal*. And he heads will be as fare as snow in winter.—*Eastern Express*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this preparation is unimpeachable in character. It possesses great efficacy as a tonic to the hair to its priest vigor. Where the head has become entirely bald from the effects of fever, the use of this article has produced a thick, healthy growth. It is therefore a valuable application for all diseases. Its ingredients are such as to effectually remove all dandruff and other impurities, which operate on parasites to the hair. Those who are troubled with premature decay, or baldness, or who have a pimples and other disfigurements on the face, should not fail to use it. The fragrance of the hand attending the trial of this remedy is delightful, and it does not leave a sticky appearance behind, if it does not cause a manifest improvement in the hair after its being worn, as the essential elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Traveller*. *Journal*, May 22, 1858.

A GENTLE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cures of all kinds of quacks, which claims to be manufactured in its composition and in quality as to cause a sensation with what nature we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are well assured of the truth of the qualities of that article, and from our own endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claim for it. Its effect upon the hair is gentle and is universally known to be natural. Like soap when once applied, one can thereafter dispense entirely healthy hair without the aid of the greatly growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia Spy*.

ALL HAIR DYES ABOMINABLE.—Wells's GREAT ARTICLE FOR HAIR.—Wells's Hair Restorer. Wood stands on an eminence to which we allow all others must look up. Its effects upon the hair come from every letter we receive. It is a tonic to the hair, and not a dye, and those who have worn wigs or been bald for years are now throwing them off and are delighted at seeing their own natural and beautiful head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the several organs. Wood restores not the human hair to its character, its properties, its fineness, and how to restore its decaying vitality of that emanant; he now sustain his own case. Gray hair is beautiful in its season, but the age of the individual had reached four score and he is invigorated that his hair would become revitalized. He tried his own case—almost said and quite gave at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and have nothing else.—*New York Dry Boods*.

Depot, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF At No. 444 Broadway will be found at all times on hand the following Family and Patent Medicines.

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DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Reports, Addresses, Circulars, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

CARDS, plain or bordered, a good stock of *pearl use* face and enameled white and colored *CARDS* adapt ed to every description of work—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.

Z. E STONE, {Proprietors.
S. W. HYDE,

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER.

WHICH connects the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasure.

A child can operate it.

It raises no dust.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It never leaves a carpet linty.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It causes carpets to be bright and vigorous growth.

It never gets out of order.

It leaves no grease or oily matter.

It does not injure the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It affords the greatest easy skin.

It is simple in construction.

It costs 5 cents to operate it.

It will last for a half pint bottle.

For sale by H. C. KELLER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FARMERS,

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR'S,

TEN tons Mapes' Nitrogen and Super Phosphate of Lime.

5 tons Mapes' No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime;

5 tons Fresh Super Phosphate of Lime;

10 tons Fresh Bone Dust, warranted genuine.

50 bags prime Eastern Fine ground Salt.

50 bags Plaster, Land Plaster, Northern and Western Ashes, Hungarian Grass seed, &c. &c.

S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 136 Central street.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and giving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very first thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction *from any cause*, and is the very best thing known for pregnancy, after it has been tried in vain. It will build up the system of the constitution *from any cause*, and is the very best

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1861.

The time is fast approaching when those in the Republican party who have contended that party lines should not be recognized during the continuation of the war the Government is waging against rebellion, will be called upon to act, and to make good their professions. The propriety of abandoning old party lines has found favor with us since it has been made apparent that a formidable rebellion must of necessity call out the loyal men of all parties to suppress it and sustain the Government. The cause of the trouble now existing between the North and the South did not originate entirely with either of the two great parties of the country; both have had something to do with it, undoubtedly; but the Southern States, much farther back than the date of the birth of the Republican party, began the work which was to be consummated in the dismemberment of the Union; and the immediate cause of their proceedings is as clearly traceable to the quarrel in the Democratic convention at Charleston, as to the platform of principles promulgated at the Chicago convention. Those who still pretend to find a pretext and justification of their folly and madness in the latter, The success of the Southern wing of the Democracy would only have prolonged the coming of the trouble in which the country is now struggling, and its prolongation would only have given them additional opportunities to prepare for their treasonable, and still other, efforts, forgetting the jeopardy of our country, seeking the advancement of men rather than the success of principles, who will have the heart to accept the base hopes of a party's disbanding, and the feeling against the first was as intense as against the last, and the hatred of the South toward Mr. Douglas did not end with his life, it followed him to his grave.

Again: From the fact that since the South revolted, the leading men at the North, who fought manfully for the Southern ticket, have patriotically and nobly refused to be led into a war against the Central Government, it is evident that they had in the knowledge on one year ago of the purposes of the rebels, and that they have not the slightest sympathy with them now. They have given up the ties of friendship, the affinities of party that have we did them together through years of success, and now a majority of them are battling for the preservation of the country, faithful to their old watch cry, "The Union it must be preserved."—Republicans, Douglas Democrats, Union men, and Breckinridge Democrats, then, are now marching shoulder to shoulder—fighting side by side—for the Government. Who will question their patriotism? Who dare say that one is not as absolutely and entirely the supporter of the Government as the other? Is not the ball from the rifle in the hands of one as effective in the heart of the traitor as from another's? Are not all, through taxes and contributions, aiding the Government to carry on the war? Is not the life of every man, laid down in defence of his country, as precious as another's? Almost every neighborhood in New England has its representative on every battle-field. Men who have come forward to volunteer, no questions are asked, as to what party they belong to; it is enough to know that they have found a common cause under the banner which has been torn down and trampled upon by our maddened and blinded countrymen. Their mission is to again raise and display and re-establish law and order where personal rights and property have ceased to be respected—to place the Government's seal on all things belonging to the American people.

Under this state of things, what is the duty of party leaders? To us it is clear. The Republicans cannot be justified in pursuing a course likely to create a division of sentiment in Massachusetts. The action of the Republican State Committee is a fair one; and if the convention that assembles by virtue of that call, acts up to its spirit, we are satisfied, and are confident that the result will be all that men who prefer country to party can desire. We do not join with those who are for a Union Party this fall—not if a Union movement means the nomination of new men throughout on the State ticket—nor do we want a ticket composed entirely of Republicans, nominated and offered on the No-Party ticket. If it would advance the good and better aid in arresting the rebellion, we would sacrifice to the altar of party the most prominent man in our ranks, as Abraham offered to sacrifice his son Isaac. We have before us the examples of Gen. Lyon, who gave up his life and his life to his country; of Andrew Johnson, who though an exile from his home, claims fellowship with no man or party that is not for the preservation of the constitution and the enforcement of the laws; of Sprague, the Governor of Rhode Island, with his immense wealth, who says that rebels are enemies unless they promote the public welfare; of Joseph Holt, of Kentucky, who rising above the low ambition and pride of politicians, seeks to unite his countrymen every where into a party for the Union; of Douglas, who, almost with his dying breath, declared there was no middle ground to occupy—men strong patriots or traitors; of hundreds of prominent men who were, in the late presidential campaign, opposed to the successful candidate, but who, when the capital was threatened by a miserable minority, rallied under any common banner, pledged themselves anew to their country, declaring that the people must rule. Are there instances in our own party more noble? Can we be less self-sacrificing? But it is no sacrifice for men or parties to do that which is right; and who, that is engaged in the same glorious cause that is now being fought for, can say, "I am right and you are wrong?" Every man is right who is fighting for his country; and he alone is greatest who makes the most liberal sacrifices for the re-establishment of law and order where anarchy and confusion now hold sway.

There are to us many cogent reasons why the present incumbent of the office of Governor should be re-nominated. We have at no time been ready to accept all the political recommendations he has enunciated; but that he has been earnest and faithful in his support of the National Government we do not doubt; we are equally confident that he will not be less efficient hereafter. A new man in his place would lack experience, and at this time we want no pupils in the Chief Magistrate's chair. But there are few reasons, we acknowledge, why the rest of the ticket should be changed. The only want of the State now is efficient officers and men in office. Live men, not antediluvian fogies are demanded. It matters not what their political antecedents may have been, so that they are ready to give an unequivocal, earnest support to the General Government while it is wrestling with the black demon, treason. The soldiers Massachusetts has already sent into the field will rejoice to know that the whole Commonwealth is aroused and is in sympathy with them; that men of all parties unite in common prayer for their success; that all alike will rejoice at their triumphs and mourn if they fail. If we cannot unite in the coming election, with what assurance can we look for more unanimity from the State, if another call upon us is made? If we stop to quarrel over the comparatively unimportant matter of selecting half a dozen men to fill civil offices

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
For what
OTHER MAY SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the benefit I have derived from your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—and as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful cures brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where such is proved, by proving the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but some good-for-nothing article, said to be as good as yours, and selling it about half the price. I have in the past two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt ere long you will see something that people will patronize an article of no account only when they know that it (the trial) has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these imitations have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they are copied verbatim, word for word, several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but found you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,027, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 31, 1859.

DEAR SIR.—I send you a statement of what I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been such for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and harsh to the touch, and a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed that there was a set fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I got a bottle, took it considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I applied to one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the roots. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles, and it is now as fine as a fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man, or of my head in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Monroe County, Ind. The health-giving sleep of dandruff, and the hair ceases entirely, and is fine, soft and flexible as silk, as though just from the hands of a French hair-dresser. Many persons have spoken to me frequently say to me: "Butler, where did you get your hair dressed?" I tell them I have used Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. It is impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the head, and not a wig.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be excelled by any similar article. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where a reasonable trial, and receives the invariable endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine meritorious articles which we can conscientiously and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Columbian Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is not a dye, but a vegetable compound, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many such as he has certificates of these assertions some of which are of the most unquestionable character, some years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't say old men have tried this for a joke.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of giving every new discovery for in the cases of the many we have examined, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article for the use of those falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Fitzroy Linwood, after using it, stated the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its value as a dressing for the head and beauty while as rare as snow in summer.—*Tennessee Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics which is praised, to unimpeachable evidence of its great efficacy, it is not a dye to color the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald for years with scarcely any one of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable application for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to be efficiently prevent baldness, and its purity, which operate so judiciously to the hair. It is also unobjectionable for children, being free from the poisonous mineral dyes. Therefore we can safely recommend it to the public as a valuable article for the toilet. The hair is not changed in color by the use of this preparation, but is restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in its youthful days. Wood's Hair Restorative is sold by all druggists.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

Wood's Hair Restorative is rapidly acquiring a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be excelled by any similar article. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where a reasonable trial, and receives the invariable endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine meritorious articles which we can conscientiously and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Columbian Spy.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as contributor or a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the many quack nostrums which claims to be an infallible remedy for all diseases and to effect a cure, with what notice we deem it necessary to examine. In most instance, some—and that of Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the complete qualities of the article, that we do not hesitate endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Its effect upon the hair, the want of hair is universally known to be magical. Like lime or gauze on a tender skin, it does not drop whatever applied. Our own thanks is due, unto with health, we endorse our friend's unusually growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbian Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYE ABSTAINED.—Wood's Great Auburn Hair Restorative. Prof. Professor Wood stands on an eminence to himself, a close attention has been bestowed upon the hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is coeval with the world, and those who have seen wigs or heard bald for years are now, through the use of Prof. Wood's Restorative, using their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, it is the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the body, and the means which will cure the human hair, its character, its properties, its disease, and how to prevent its decay long vitality of that consummate, is now within its own case. Wood's Hair Restorative restores the age of the individual and crowned four score, and he is vouched that the hair could be naturally restrained. He tried his own once—almost bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. GO TO DR. HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Dry Goods Journal.*

Depot, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.

T. J. AND CO., 114 Broadway will be found at wholesale the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the addition of border.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS, EXCURSIONS, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN and FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, in a variety of very colored patterns.

Always on hand, a good stock of paper for fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
C. W. HINE, }

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.

It raises no dust.

No cleaning is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not.

It will sweep a long room without emptying little or no noise.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It saves curtains, furniture, bookc. &c., from the damage and nuisance of the dust that accompanies all brooms sweeping.

It can be used in a room with furniture in it, without moving it.

It saves the labor of moving it from room to room.

It saves the labor of moving it from room to room.

You may be rid of your curse and chilblains.

For all parlors especially use it.

For sale by every dealer in the city.

For sale and exhibition at No. 10 Merrimack street.

For sale at wholesale and retail by the manufacturers.

Everywhere it goes, SWEEP, sweep, sweep, and sweeping, suffering fresh visitors in hope while the sweeper is in operation.

All the Work goes to ground. It has the highest recommendations from all who have used it, and the manufacturers, and the medical profession; from the manufacturers, and the medical profession; from the manufacturers, and the medical profession; from

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, Sept. 18, 1861.1

CALEB CUSHING. A report was going the rounds of the newspaper press, a few days ago, that Caleb Cushing had sailed for Europe, and that his business was to settle a private claim of some party with the Russian government. It appears that Mr. Cushing did not go, and that he is quietly at home, and what is more gratifying, that he is a thorough, out-and-out Union man. A correspondent of the *Boston Journal* says that at the annual gathering on Salisbury Beach, yesterday, of the natives of Salisbury and the adjoining towns, there was public speaking, and that "among the speakers was Hon. Caleb Cushing, who made a strong Union and patriotic speech. He said the administration must be sustained at all hazards; that the present was no time to discuss the causes of this unhappy struggle; that our all must be given to support the administration and Government; that the war must be carried on, if need be, for twenty years for the maintenance of our glorious Union; that the same spirit that moved our fathers to form, must prevail with us to perpetuate the noble government the world has ever beheld; that all party lines must be dropped, and that as one man all must rally to victory. His remarks were loudly applauded, and proved that whatever may have been said in the past, Mr. Cushing is an earnest supporter of the Government, and in favor of a hearty and active prosecution of the war."

Frank Pierce is about the only man who has been particularly prominent in the Democratic Party, that is now believed to be in sympathy, if not in correspondence with the rebels. He alone is looked upon with suspicion and disgust. Cushing has now only reiterated what he said on returning from the South last spring.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. The Democratic State Convention is in session to-day at Worcester. There is, according to the Boston papers, no probability of a large attendance, but the prospect of an exciting time are evident. The great question is this: is Gov. Kinkel to be nominated or not, and on this there is the widest difference of opinion. The general impression is that nominations will be made; and judging from the grounds taken by the caucuses in this city on Saturday evening and from the unflinching purposes of many of the delegates we are inclined to believe a ticket will be nominated. This may divide the party; but we are thankful that it will not be such a division as in Maine, where one will be Government and the other anti-Government—one for prosecuting the war, and the other for making peace. We judge that although there is a question as to the policy of nominating both those in favor and those against it, as for war against rebellion as long as there is a rebel in the field.

A caucus was held last evening, at which A. R. Brown, Esq., of Lowell, presided, Dr. Childs, of Pittsfield, spoke very pointedly in opposition to nominating, and Judge Samuel Wells, of Boston, and Nathaniel Wood, of Fitchburg, in favor, while several others followed on either side. Dr. Childs said the feeling of Berkshire County was very earnest against a nomination, and he favored the appointment of a large Central Committee, and the subsequent calling of a Mass Convention. Wells went for the maintenance of the Democratic Party, whose principles only can bring the country out of its present difficulties. He wanted the Democratic Party to stand where it has always stood, for the maintenance of the constitution and the laws, and to nominate their candidates.

The candidates talked of for Governor are E. B. Bigelow and E. C. Bailey of Boston, and Isaac Davis, of Worcester.

SINGULAR DISAPPEARANCE. Strange as it may appear, (says the *Boston Advertiser*) three entire regiments of the United States army, the Rhode Island Third, the New Hampshire Third, and Eighth Maine, have suddenly disappeared, sunk into the earth, vanished, gone no one knows whither—that is no one who knows will tell. Last week two Rhode Island regiment was at Fort Hamilton, and the others at Hempstead, Long Island. On Saturday night the people of Hempstead heard the whistle of locomotives, and saw long trains of twenty or thirty cars whirled by; in the morning the camp was deserted except by a dozen men left to guard the tents. The train stopped for wood and water at Jamaica, and reached Hunter's Point, and that is all that is known of it. The troops may have gone on board the Flying Dutchman for all that any outsider can tell about them. The railroad company is said to have had a week's warning of the demand on their transportation department. The troops, however, are said to have had only forty minutes' notice, and to have been ready in fifteen. The Rhode Island regiment disappeared as mysteriously on the same night from Fort Hamilton. Altogether three thousand men at least have suddenly gone out of sight. They will probably make an appearance quite as mysterious before long. It may be at a considerable distance from the point where they were last visible to mortal eyes.

THERE is authority for stating that the reported proclamation of the Governor General of Cuba, recognizing the rebel flag, is spurious. No such proclamation has been made.

PROCLAMATION.

BY THE

GOVERNOR OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Whereas, the President of the United States of America has, in his foregoing proclamation, appointed Thursday, the 26th day of September, current, "A day of Public Humiliation, Prayer and Fasting, to be observed by the people of the United States with religious solemnities, and the offering of fervent supplications to Almighty God for the safety and welfare of these States, His blessings on their arms, and a speedy restoration of Peace"!

And whereas, it is important that the day last appointed shall be recognized by all the People of this Commonwealth, and devoutly observed by all ministers and congregations at their accustomed places of meeting on occasions of religious solemnity.

Now, therefore, I, JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, do hereby request and direct that the aforesaid proclamation of the President of the United States be printed, promulgated and distributed throughout the Commonwealth, in the same manner as are the proclamations of the days of Annual Fast and Thanksgiving issued by the Governor thereof.

May all the people, uniting in a common offering of prayer and contrition of heart, overcoming all sorrows, in an humble sense of the need and blessedness of Divine Favor, and following the example of our common Lord and Saviour, bow their hearts before the altars of their faith, and pour out with the humble and hearty desires of their souls for the guidance of God through all our perils, for the peace and strength in the way of duty, His forbearing mercy toward our sins and remissness, and His saving help to this nation that it deserve, and therefore to win, success over all the enemies of our peace and welfare.

And may the God of our fathers hear us, inspire us with a living faith in Him and peal, unflinching courage, devoted steadfastness to duty, and undying love for the rights of humanity, made precious to all men by the life of Jesus Christ in the flesh; and as he was our father, so may he be also to their children, to the remotest generation.

Given at Boston this s'xteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the independence of the United States of America the 86th.

JOHN A. ANDREW.

By his Excellency the Governor,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

DRAFTING. As says the *Philadelphia Ledger*, the impression that the Government will probably be obliged to draft men for the war is spreading in all directions, preparations should be made by each State to meet such a requisition with the utmost promptness. The first division of New York State Militia have already directed the immediate enrolment of all the unincorporated militia of New York city. This action will be at once taken throughout the State, and the census will be made the basis of the drafts that may be required by future national exigencies. The uniformed militia of each of the States comprises all persons between 18 and 45 years of age, not disabled or in infirm health and not specially exempt by statute.

MUNSON'S HILL. "Occasional," of the *Philadelphia Press*, writes :—"A good deal of anxiety continues to excite the public mind as to 'How Munson's Hill is to be taken?' What is to be done with it? Why were the enemy allowed to occupy it? It is a standing menace to the whole interior of Virginia and to the city of Washington. Quite a number of letters have been written to me, and Merrimack, which they may send no more.

I gaze upon the waters oft, in every varying form,
In calm and in the tempest, in the midnight and the morn,
In the solemn midnight,
Or when the sun is scattering, with the moon beams
And feel in sympathy with them, though rudest or at

I give them too my business, and, render Heaven my thanks
That I was born, and yet do even delighted on thy

Accept this artless tribute lay, the humble poet brings,
For he feels the worthy 'rotary long, and 'tis his heart that sings.

NOTE.—Nearly the whole of the above poem was written more than a month ago, and the writer would still shield me from the charge of arrogance or vanity, in its publication, assure you that neither water, of which Whittier so charmingly sang in the *Atlantic Monthly* for August.

THE COMPLAINTS AGAINST FREMONT.—There seems to be no question that before the directions referring as to General Fremont's proclamation as to slave property, there was considerable dissatisfaction with his proceedings as commander of the western department. The arrest of Col. Frank Blair for disrespectful language as to the General has given an inkling of this. We find moreover complaints in some of the western papers and in some of the correspondences from St. Louis.

The rebel gunboat and the dissatisfaction appears to be that Gen. Fremont is not sufficiently accessible. Military men, persons on secret service, and messengers from public officers are said to find equal difficulty in getting access to the autocrat's presence. While natural by the intricacy of the times, the rank-basis plan of the firm brings that spare if thy waves, in rains over them like.

The red man roamed as monarch in the far-back days
Among those forest solitudes and on this breezy shore,
Dandering where he pleased to roam, has curled from out
[illegible]
And gayly has been rang out the savage warrior's whoop.

But where along thy wave-beat banks the child of nature,
The theme of improvement than he ever knew before,
And where the rushing torrents and they now obedient
Some rich hand imperial, thy subjected stream
Thou hast, creation's primal lord, and feel his high control.

Where with hand imperial, thy subjected stream
Thou hast, creation's primal lord, and feel his high control.

Now with hand imperial, thy subjected stream
Thou hast, creation's primal lord, and feel his high control.

The gentle river, smooth and step dark plot, where pass
Thou hast, creation's primal lord, and feel his high control.

And things, as if by magic touched, start at thy wondrous power,
Where all was labor basin with [illegible]
Thou hast, creation's primal lord, and feel his high control.

Now dusty villages are seen, and lift their snow-
white spires,
Where erst the forest crept unsunn'd or in their
verdant fires.
And still the labor has mission years, continuous in
its might,
Glide on, thou gentle Merrimack, in limpid beauty
glide.

Thy name is the Merrimack, and sorrel, yet still 'tis
not Dan Stone's pride,
Her and Dan's pride, and by the discipline began,
And made by handling materials substantial to man,
Thou hast, creation's primal lord, and feel his high
hearts on fire.

Have had in Eden homes to sister and to sire,
And pure as mother's warm embrace, and honest her
That [illegible] and the battle's strife, her darling child
She gives them to the country now, with faith in
That they will reap a rich reward for all they now re-
And as of the rescued traitors' self her flag in triumph
Will wave in starry splendor yet, unsullied and un-

Some may return uncarved, unharmed, from where
the dead
Some mangled and crippled, worn and wan. Heaven
but was called to fight
And some with red wan wistful eye, from proud Penn-
Lead back to thine, old Merrimack, which they may
tread no more.

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In calm and in the tempest, in the midnight and the
morn,
In the solemn midnight,
Or when the sun is scattering, with the moon beams
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SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* Whitehead vs. Keyes was given to the jury this morning, and a verdict was given for the plaintiff in the sum of $170.96. Exceptions were taken, and the case goes up on the ruling of the Court.

The Court has been occupied to-day in arranging the trial list, but no parties being ready for trial, the Court adjourned till to-morrow morning, at 9 o'clock.

POLICE COURT. There is nothing doing either in the criminal or civil department to-day. The summoning of the panels of jurors from Lowell and Gorham Streets were greatly disappointed thereat, and had an expression of opinion been taken we have no doubt the Court would have been voted a nuisance for its lack of attractions.

ANOTHER HORSE TROT. There will be another horse trot on the Trotting Park next Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, for a purse of $50, between "Lady Litchfield," owned by P. Cummiskey and "Yankee Maid," named by W. Shirwell, mile heats, best three in five to harness. Admittance to the grounds, 25 cents. Ladies free.

THE entertainment to night promises to be a brilliant affair. Tickets are selling very rapidly. There will be a large house. Tickets in packages of ten for $1 can be obtained at B. C. Sargeant's and Eastman's bookstores.

CITY AND COUNTY.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Pollen Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 23d, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

sept18&3t E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

WANTED.

A young man, who is eagerly an Book-keeper, but has the above qualifications, wishes to obtain employment either as Copyist or Accountant. Go or not extensive pay. Address "Box 284" Lowell P. Office. August 7, 1861. aug7d&w

PROVISION FOR THE FAMILIES OF VOLUNTEERS. Immediately after the breaking out of the rebellion and the response of Massachusetts to the call of the President, many towns and cities appropriated some of money for the relief of the families of those who had responded or were preparing to respond to the call for troops.—Nothing of the kind ever having occurred before there was no special provision on the subject, but the necessities of the case required something, and no citizen who had a spark of patriotism or humanity in his breast could object to such appropriations.

At the special session of the Legislature in May an act was passed authorising cities and towns to raise money for such purposes. The act is but imperfectly understood and we propose to give its leading features. Section 1st authorizes any city or thorities of cities and towns to supply money so raised, for the aid of the wife, and of the children under sixteen years of age, of any one of the inhabitants, who is a member of the volunteer militia of this State may have been mustered into or enlisted in the service of the United States, and for such other persons as may be dependent on him for support. Sections 2nd, 3rd and 4th are unimportant as bearing upon the case. Section 5th says that that of the sum so paid or applied there shall be reimbursed from the State treasury to such city and town, a sum not exceeding one dollar per week for each child or parent of such volunteer, dependent upon him for support, provided, that the whole amount reimbursed on account of any such volunteer shall not exceed twelve dollars per month. Pending the passage of the act, the 5th Section was so amended as to make no provision to reimburse towns and cities for money paid out on account of brothers or sisters of volunteers. Therefore there is no provision for such relatives, though in extreme cases public, is say nothing of private, charity would provide for such.

Three classes of persons are entitled to none of the benefits referred to: those who enlist in Regiments from other States than those who join the regular army and those who enter the navy. Therefore it will be seen that in order to receive the benefits of the act persons must enlist in one of the Massachusetts Regiments. Neither was the act designed to benefit those who have sufficient means to support them without drawing from the fund so appropriated. In this city relief is called for on account of little more than one-third of those who have gone to the seat of war. There may be some families committed here as in other where, but in cases where the parties applying are unknown, the facts are ascertained before any money is disbursed to them.

MONEY RECEIVED FROM LOWELL SOLDIERS. Mayor Wightman, Boston, has recently visited the Massachusetts regiments in the vicinity of Washington, for the purpose of inducing the soldiers to send home a portion of their earnings for the benefit of their families or to be deposited for their own use when they return home, in many cases broken down in health and unable to earn anything for themselves.—In this he was quite successful, receiving about $5,000. Of this amount $306 was from Lowell soldier, which was sent to Mayor Sargeant yesterday for distribution among these families. Quite a number of families were gladdened yesterday and to-day by the receipt of money from their natural protectors, who are now in the field of battle.

Fifteen persons sent sums varying in amount from $10 to $50.

A DANGEROUS FALL. Yesterday, about noon, a piece of slate weighing four pounds, became dislodged from the roof of Spalding's Block, near the corner of Central and Prescott Streets, and came on to the sidewalk in front of G. S. Hatch's harness store, No. 46 Central Street. Fortunately no person was under the tile at the time and did not feel what some of the "Sixth" experienced in Baltimore.

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THE RICHARDSON LIGHT INFANTRY.—We make the following extracts from a letter written by a member of this company, now at Fortress Monroe, received in this city a few days since. Anything relating to Capt. Davis' command is always read or listened to with the deepest interest by its many friends in Lowell—

"It seems that Gen. Butler had quite an ovation tendered him on his arrival in Lowell; and I see that he was in very complimentary terms of the Richardson Light Infantry. I hardly think we deserve it; but I suppose and guess it is put up either in command of another expedition, or there is to be a new department formed, and he put in command. If it is a possible thing, I hope we shall go with him, and share his fate. Gen. Butler would be more arduous with him than they are here; and he would make no difference. We have had nothing but drill, drill, drill, and that work would be something of a pleasure.

There is no news here. A reinforcement consisting of the remainder of the 9th New York Regiment and a large company of the regulars, went down to Cape Hatteras last night, and to show what we are thought of by the powers of the regulars, I will mention that when they left, they gave us (Richardson) three cheers, and wished that we were going with them."

From another source we learn something respecting the number of men at this time at the Fortress. It seems that on Saturday four of the Regular Army (artillery) companies were ordered to Washington at once, to go under Gen. McClellan. The leaves but two companies, including the Richardson Light Infantry, in the fortress, both probably not exceeding two hundred men for the guns in case of an attack. Were it not for the large naval force in the harbor, the place would seem rather poorly defended. There is, however, another force, one which an attacking force must come, is commanded by guns enough to sweep the whole region, and there is no fear of the approach of a hostile force.

SPLENDID PICTURES. Few who have passed down Central Street, within two or three days, probably, have failed to be attracted by the splendid display of ambrotypes from fine engravings shown in the window of L. D. Eastman's store, No. 23. Three copies are manufactured by Charles Tabor & Co., of New Bedford, Mass., and wholesaled by B. & P. Lawton, No. 109 Tremont Street, Boston. The various sizes and the great variety displayed by Mr. Eastman, make quite a museum and they "draw" like a first class show. Those desiring to obtain this in the very best impressions of works of the highest style of art, and we have never seen anything of the kind that excel them—they will in some instances, have to pay more of an ornament than the original from which they are copied, with the advantage of being vastly cheaper. Their durability and novelty are attracting much attention, and we presume they also sell readily.

MISSED THE TRAIN. We understand that several of our citizens, who were accredited to the Democratic State Convention, at Worcester to-day, on arriving at the depot this morning at about half past six o'clock, found that they were too late for the train, which leaves at six o'clock, and are therefore compelled to forego the pleasure of taking part in the Convention.—Railroad trains, like time and tide, wait for no man, delegates to conventions included.

A CAMP IN LOWELL. We learn that the Agricultural Fair Grounds, in this city, have been leased for a military camp, and are to be occupied by Gen. Butler for the Regiments which is to be raise in New England. The ground is peculiarly fitted for such a camp, and is ample enough to accommodate a large body of men.

HARPER, for October. The leading article, which is copiously illustrated, is by J. T. Headley, and is entitled "Roquet's Expedition." He now poem by Alexander Smith, entitled "Edwin of Deira," is also given in this number, with the usual variety of minor articles. For sale in Boston by A. Williams & Co.; in Lowell by B. B. Sargeant, City Government Building.

WILLOW HALL. Mr. Bowers, of Willow Dale, announces, if the weather is favorable, an old-fashioned clam-bake at his place, at 4 o'clock, P. M., to-morrow—if stormy, the next fair day. We have no doubt those who are familiar with the place, will be counted in on this occasion.

Our readers in want of a superior seven octave Piano-forte in rosewood case, should call at E. B. Patch & Co.'s store and examine the one to be sold on Saturday, Sept. 21st, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

sep17 ddt

BUSINESS IMPROVING. Hon. G. A. Shaw, Inspector-General of Army Supplies made in New England, says that there are seventy mills now engaged in manufacturing cloth for the Government, and that the amount of goods ordered is about $20,000,000.

Mr. George Hodges, Jr., the flannel manufacturer of Oxford, Mass., is now running his mills to their full extent in filling a government contract for army flannel.

The American Print Works and the Nail Mill, at Fall River, started up on Monday last.

SUICIDE BY A CLERGYMAN. On Saturday morning, Rev. E. Yates Reese, D. D., editor of the Methodist Protestant newspaper in Baltimore, committed suicide by cutting his throat. The unfortunate man had suffered from mental derangement for some time.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 17.

1 Boston and Lowell Railroad	91
10 Boston and Providence Railroad	102
3 Boston and Maine Railroad	150 0.4
5 do	150 1.4
5 Western Railroad	106 1.4
10 Eastern Railroad	106 3.4
6 Fitchburg Railroad	93
1 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	93
1 Massachusetts Central Railroad	50 1.2
1 Cheshire Railroad	75
10 Rutland and Burlington Railroad	31
1 Old Colony Railroad	111
$1,000 United States 6 per cents	101

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he may be found at Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, near the post office, every morning, where he will be happy to wait upon all who may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the above named place or at my house will promptly attended to.

A. L. BROWER.

Lowell, June 26, 1861. 2m26

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

jan26tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' **INSURANCE COMPANY.**

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, F. Nesmith, Jr., D. Hosford, Jr., D. Richardson, Isaac Fiske, Levi Sargeant.

Mutual Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Furniture and Stores. No assessment has ever been made in this class. The present cash assets are $118,078.33. The attention of security holders is called to the fact that the liability of the Mutual Department is limited, and no policies can be issued in excess of the cash assets.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000, invested in bank stocks, deposited with other property not hazardous issued in current risks, and a contingent fund of $50,000.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.

F. P. SHERMAN, Secretary.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1861. sep3

Washington Coal,

For cooking, to equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It goes less quantity,
It costs less per ton.

Call and see it burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S COAL YARD, Appleton Street, Canal Bridge, J. HOWARD, 19 Prescott Street, Lowell.

sep18 1m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

All others are more imitations and should be avoided. Sold and applied at

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DEPOT,

No. 233 Broadway, New York.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR since 1840, and over 200 certificates have been received from those who have used it.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a soft and beautiful brown or black, is not caustic, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be used. It invigorates the hair, leaves it soft and pliable. The hair is recommended for life by this splendid preparation. Sold and applied at WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DEPOT, No. 233 Broadway, New York.

The genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, on a steel plate engraving, on the four sides of each box.

Wholesale Depot, 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.

sep9 1m&w

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST: HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impurities of the Blood, &c., &c.

By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal to any person, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address or apply to DR. CH. J. C. KLINE,

127 BOWERY, New York.

Post Office Box 4,586.

sept18m

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and original FRANKLIN STOVE POLISH, would caution their many customers in Lowell that our name is on every box, and that none are genuine without it.

sept18 3m

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a pimple to the worst scrofula paints sore; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Piles, Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Weakness, &c. They absorb alkalies and acids, regulate the stomach and bowels, stimulate the liver, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give strength, thicken the blood, and make the weak and feeble more than any medicine ever known. They are made of the best roots and herbs, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Thoroughwort, Cherry, Gold Thread, Juniper, Prickly Ash, Dandelion, and others recently added, all so skillfully combined as to act in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming the most perfect harmony of the whole, that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, for all need to purify their blood. Possess and make all sick. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

This same medicine is also put up in a more concentrated form, called DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB PILLS, a beautiful cathartic combining all the above virtues, and will cure Costiveness and Piles. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Principal Office, No. 3 Winter Street, Boston.

DR. C. KLINE, Jr., is the owner of Merrimack and John streets. mar7 6m

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and rich, imparting to it a Matchless Purity. It is most delightful in its effects, and will be found to be the very article you have been in search of for years. Try it, and you will give immediate relief to the sting of insects, the most annoying result of perspiration. The imperfections are slight, and nearly every one of such a nature as not to injure the durability or appearance of the garment. It will be retailed at 75 cents per yard, and no dealer will be supplied with less than a dozen yards at a time.

Full directions will be in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For Sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the country.

N. B.—A 3c stamp enclosed to any authorized agent, will return a bottle sent by mail, postage paid, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are contained in the least objectionable form that medicine can be administered. They are prepared on the most scientific principles, and are used in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, and Consumption in its early stages. The best testimonials can be obtained in ten minutes with this invaluable remedy. Public Speakers and Singers will find these Wafers just the thing, while one box will be sufficient to satisfy any one of their value. Military men and others who are about to undertake long journeys, should not be without a box. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Price 25 cents per box.

Principal Depot, No. 3 Winter Street, Boston.

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The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

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Are contained in the least objectionable form that medicine can be administered. They are prepared on the most scientific principles, and are used in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, and Consumption in its early stages. The best testimonials can be obtained in ten minutes with this invaluable remedy. Public Speakers and Singers will find these Wafers just the thing, while one box will be sufficient to satisfy any one of their value. Military men and others who are about to undertake long journeys, should not be without a box. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Price 25 cents per box.

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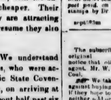

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Is continually sacrificed by the use of worthless remedies, or the ignorance of those who profess to be benefactors of her sex are more or less subject.

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DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered for the relief of married females in the first stages of pregnancy. Such and these Pills are the only remedy that will restore the health and vigor to the debilitated female constitution, at the same time relieving the nervous irritability and sickness of the stomach and bowels, which is the first symptom of pregnancy. Explicit directions accompany each box, which should be carefully observed. Price $1 per box, or six boxes for $5.

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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
Dear Sir,—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to testify to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after having used it for years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without it, and have used it freely. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and a least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling out, and in three weeks time there was not a hair to be found, and neither has there to come to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per week, for the purpose of preventing it from becoming dry, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article as the best calculated to fulfil all of its lasting duty. For well known constitutional debility, I have found it a most powerful tonic, and have frequently used it with the greatest benefit in my practice, and have also used it with success in cases of consumption.
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess a great value as a letter and to the hair to its pristine vigor. When the head has become almost bald for years, with great use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a most perfect "substitute for all diseases. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate from the system every impurities, which operate so injurious to the hair. It also has control over the glands. In many cases of pale, sickly hair, a few applications of the article, has restored it to its natural color. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, as it is free from all "poisonous particles, as the compound, if it does not create a manifest improvement, is not capable of doing harm, as its component elements are purely vegetable.—*Jo-Daviess (Ill.) Gazette*, April 22 1859.

A GENUINE HOOK. In our capacity as conductors of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the many articles of which claims to be considered in the composition and ability in its manufacture effects—somewhat before we venture to endorse anything. In one instance, now under notice, Wood's Hair Restorative—we are well assured of the truth, for quotations of the article, and we feel it a pleasant endorsement as all the inventor and vender claims it to be. In effect and result, the restoration of hair is universally known to be magical. Like time or poison on exhausted soil it helps to crop whatever applied. Our own thatch is fortunately healthy, but would not object to the pleasantly growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Camden (S.C.) Journal*.

ALL HAIR DYES ABHORRED.—WOOD'S GREAT AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE. Professor Wood stands on an eminence which no other artist has been fortunate enough to attain. His hair tonic has ever before been confined to the realms of fancy, and the many thousands who have seen wigs or torn locks for years, now throughout the use of his popular tonic, restoring their own natural and beautiful hair, growing. So much for truthful and vigorous growth of human hair and the laws which apply to the formation of the scalp. Professor Wood's article cut the human hair to its character, its prosperities, its weakness and its vigor, and has the lasting vitality of the immortal; he now assists in his own new, fair gray hair, to restore it natural tint upon the instructions and manifold favor accorded to the inventor by the hair as an unrivaled restoration. He tones his own case—almost bald and gray years of the age of thirty—restored the restored his own hair naturally, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and have nothing else.—*New York Dry Goods*.

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ET AN No. 1 Broadway will be found always on hand at the counter Family and Patent Medicines.
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HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,
WHICH converts the great and disagreeable, into a pleasant and easy task. Every housekeeper of your small kitchen, at one dollar, and commanded using. Sole wing directions and trying it as I could. I soon discovered the danger of brushing, and my hair that was fast falling in large quantities, was comparatively tightened, and a radical change took place in the state of my hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am happy to say I am a bloomer. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light blue hair as any lady need wish, and in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My health is perfectly clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is now in full vigor. I can truly say, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my friends have used it very frequently say to me, "Doctor, where did you get your hair?" I tell them that all who have occasion can obtain it by addressing the Professor, and I feel confident that all who do so will be perfectly satisfied. Carpet Sweeper free of charge.
Yours truly, H. HAYES.
43 Merrimack street.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE is now received a reputation with natural test and experience, which cannot be obtained by any artificial means. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with the most desired result, and it receives the universal testimony of those who have tried it. We have therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine and true which accomplishes all it promises, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Gideon Sun Spy*.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and celebrated preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative has been in use for many years as a preparation of the most reliable character, and we have reason to believe that it is all that is claimed.—*Boston State Journal*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of the year great articles are made, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article as the best calculated to fulfil all of its lasting duty. For well known constitutional debility, I have found it a most powerful tonic, and have frequently used it with the greatest benefit in my practice, and have also used it with success in cases of consumption.
Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that he has found our valuable medicine effected. He has recommended to them with the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
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WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, Sept. 19, 1861.

THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE CRUSHED OUT. It seems that the General Government has kept a vigilant watch on the nest of traitors known as the Maryland legislature, and at last has crushed the whole concern. The designs of this body were to meet on Tuesday last, and by vote declare the State out of the Union; but a large number of the seamps composing the two branches had previously been locked up in Fort McHenry, and on assembling at Frederick on Tuesday, all excepting the Union men were cooped.—We gather the following particulars from the telegrams sent east on Wednesday, from Frederick, Maryland:—

Immediately after the roll call was gone through with of calling the roll and adjournment, an unusual stir took place in the community. Companies of Wilson's regiment were observed passing through the city in different directions, and soon it was found that the city was walled in so far as an outlet was concerned.

No one could leave without a pass from the Provost Marshal, whose office was soon crowded with an excited throng of people who had been stopped and turned back. The Chief of the Railroad Police was also present, and with a squad of military, proceeded to make arrests. Milton G Kidd, clerk of the House, and his assistant, were the first prisoners. Mr. Kilgore, clerk of the Senate, and his assistant, were also taken. Then followed Senators and Representatives, as they could be caught. About 9000 copies of a famous secession document known as Mr. Wallis' report, were seized and appropriated to camp purposes, being pronounced treasonable in character. The prisoners are probably now all at Fort McHenry.—During the afternoon the Union members of the House and Senate met in caucus and resolved that the action of the Senators present in not assembling should finally brought the Legislature to an end, they would return to their homes and not again attempt to re-assemble. The next morning they refused to meet, and the rebel legislature is to all intents and purposes dead. The scamps composing the secession part of the legislature have "gone the length of their rope," unless it is hereafter to be used in their execution.

Later intelligence represents that some of the cleverest of the legislature, yesterday, themselves intently to the Government, and declaring their willingness to take the oath of allegiance, were released and allowed to go home; the others were sent off to prison, and yesterday not a single member of the late legislature was to be seen in town.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—A TICKET NOMINATED. The Democratic State Convention at Worcester, yesterday, was not so large as usual; still, there was a good attendance, and a decided majority in favor of making nominations. The convention was called to order by Moses Bates, chairman of the State Central Committee, and temporarily organized by J. F. Pickering, of Chelsea, chairman, and W. P. A. Kelley, of Boston, and Charles Caldwell, of Chelsea, secretaries. Moses Bates, of Plymouth, was chosen President by nomination, some opposition being made, on the ground that it was customary to elect the President by ballot. He made a speech on taking the chair in favor of prosecuting the war and maintaining the laws. He also favored continuing the organization of the party. He was followed by the usual officers, Erastus Douglas, of this city, being one of the vice presidents, and John F. McEvoy one of the secretaries.

A committee on resolutions, of which A. R Brown, Esq., was chairman, was also appointed. During a brief interval, Count Johannes made a speech, in which Democracy, Danton, Robespierre, Daniel Webster, Faneuil Hall, Wendell Phillips, and William Lloyd Garrison, figured somewhat extensively, as reported by the *Boston Post*. A communication from the committee of the Union State Central Committee, in reference to an abandonment of all parties, was received and referred to the next State Central Committee. Some debate occurred on a motion to proceed to an informal ballot for Governor, when an adjournment was had until after dinner.

On assembling in the afternoon, Mr. W. C. Gray, of Lowell, moved to proceed to ballot for Governor. Speeches in favor of this motion were made by Oliver Stevens, of Boston (against), E. A. Alger, of Lowell (to), Mr. Childs, of Pittsfield (against), John Anderson of Oakland, and Mr. Allen, of Newton (for), when the vote to ballot was put and carried.

A. R. Brown reported the resolutions, which were adopted. They take strong grounds in favor of prosecuting the war as the only means of securing a lasting peace and against any measure to prevent such State from regulating its domestic institutions in its own way. Our revolution is particularly directed against the Republican party of Massachusetts, because of its determination to continue its organization, and for removals from office of men in arms for the defence of the country. Another is directed against the two years' amendment. Judge Samuel Wells, of Boston, (ex-Governor of Maine), offered a resolution for a peace convention, and made a speech in favor of it, but it was indefinite.

ly postponed, after being debated, 124 to 126. Mr. Wells seems to believe that the Democratic Party of New England have the elements with which to make peace with the rebels; that, we suppose, a little soft-soap and coaxing would bring every mad man of the South, on the principle, we suppose, Mr. Rary adopts in managing his timid horses. Other people are not so credulous.

The ballot for Governor resulted in the choice of Isaac Davis, of Worcester, he receiving 479 votes to 350 for E. C. Bailey of Boston, and 5 scattering. Mr. Davis was unanimously declared the nominee for Governor, and Mr. Bailey was nominated for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation. Both accepted the positions in short speeches. The following are the nominations for State Officers:—Governor, Isaac Davis, of Worcester; Lieutenant Governor, Edward C. Bailey, of Boston; Secretary of State, Charles Thompson, of Charlestown; Treasurer, Emery Sanford, of Oxford; Attorney General, Edward Avery, of Taunton; Auditor, Moses Bates, of Plymouth.

A State Committee was also chosen, of which Maj. Henry Emery, of Lowell, is a member.

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

Kentucky. From Louisville we have intelligence of great activity in military circles. All the Home Guards are in arms, Gen. Rousseau's command and the Home Guards left for the south yesterday, but where they go, or how they have been received, is unknown.

The *Louisville Courier* has been excluded from the mails on account of its treasonable sentiments.

A special dispatch to the *Memphis Appeal* says that Braxton Bragg has been appointed Confederate Secretary of War vice L. H. Rousseau, resigned.

Missouri. There has been, as yet, no serious collision between the Federal and rebel troops at Lexington, although Gen. Price is threatening the place. A reinforcement of Federal troops was expected yesterday. The rebels continue to threaten the unguarded bridges, and imitate savage warfare as well as they can.

From Washington. A deserter from the rebels places their force on the Potomac at 200,000; and on the same authority it is also stated that the recent skirmishing and demonstrations against our entire lines are intended as feints to divert attention, while Johnston crosses the Potomac above. They feared little resistance from Banks as they have a poor opinion of his generalship.

The *New York Herald's* dispatch says that the rebel prisoners assert that Beauregard promised the southern and coast troops that if they will not go home he will make a forward movement before the 20th, assuring them he will take Washington.

A SECRET MILITARY AND NAVAL EXPEDITION. It is rumored that a secret military and naval expedition has left the harbor of New York within two or three days past. "Such has been recently stated" says the *Herald*, "that three monster steamships—the Atlantic, Baltic, and the Vanderbilt—had been chartered by the government for some secret naval service, at the same time that other transports, previously engaged, had come to this city for the same purpose. The transports have suddenly disappeared, and with them as suddenly, several regiments encamped on Long Island, at Scarsdale, at Camp Winfield Scott, Hempstead, at Fort Hamilton, and other points. The New Hampshire regiment, which was missed from its camp on Sunday, was seen to take the cars for Long Island Railroad early in the morning, and it is ascertained that it proceeded to the immediate vicinity of the coast at the east end of the island. Everybody who witnessed this movement felt astonished. What, it was asked, can troops be wanted for in that region? But the appearance of the Atlantic and Vanderbilt soon solved the mystery. The troops were taken on board, and the ship steered in a southward direction. What the precise destination of these troops, and of the other regiments which left from six to seven days since, we cannot inform our readers; it is a government secret. But we may state generally that it is undoubtedly the Southern coast."

UNION MEETING IN HARTFORD, CT.—Hon. D. S. Dickinson, on Tuesday, addressed an immense Union meeting in Hartford. Major General James T. Pratt presided, assisted by 130 Vice Presidents, representing all the political parties of the State and the various interests and professions of the people. Piece of business were generally closed and flags were flying in every part of the city. Men, women and children crowded to the place of meeting. The speech of Mr. Dickinson is said to have been a remarkably able one.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY. The *New York Leader* reports the arrest of agents of the rebels in New York, and the discovery of a carrier pigeon communication from the secessionists of that city with Richmond. A pigeon was shot by a rifleman, and under the bird's wing was an important dispatch on its way South. A shed somewhere on Long Island was used as a starting point for the pigeons.

TERRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT. On Tuesday night a train on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, containing a portion of Col. Perkins's 19th Illinois regiment, while passing over the bridge at Huron, Indiana, 112 miles west of Cincinnati, fell through. Four cars went down into the bed of the creek, and one on top of them. The engine and one car passed over safely. There were about 100 wounded and 20 or 30 killed. It is thought the bridge was weakened by malicious scoundrels.

BOGUS STAMPS AND ENVELOPS. The *Tribune* says:—It has been discovered that large numbers of bogus postage stamps and envelops have been manufactured and offered at various rural postoffices, in exchange for the new issue of the Government. No less than 500 of this trash were presented to a postmaster in Connecticut, recently.

CALEB CUSHING'S SPEECH. We yesterday alluded to a speech that had been made by Hon. Caleb Cushing, at an extraordinary gathering on Salisbury Beach, on Tuesday last. It is estimated that five thousand persons were present. Mr. Cushing was invited to address them, and, without preparation, he did so. In the *Newburyport Herald*, of yesterday, we find the following report of his remarks:—

After a few pleasant remarks of local interest, he spoke in substance upon the affairs of the nation as follows:—

This day of your annual gathering is one of great importance in our national history, being no less than the anniversary of the adoption of the Constitution of the United States. Under this we have not only become one great people, from the coasts of New England to the shores of the Pacific, from the lakes of the North to the mouths of the Mississippi, but we have become the greatest Republic that ever flourished in the world. I have never claimed perfection for the Constitution of the United States; though I do say that no more perfect human instrument of government was ever composed. Washington, Hamilton, Jay, Morris and Madison, all that human power could do under the circumstances: but there were three great questions which they only could touch in the slightest possible degree. They did not deal with them explicitly. From these three questions came all our subsequent difficulties. These questions were: 1st—On the acquisition of foreign territory; 2d—the relations of the United States to the State Governments, and, partly 3d to insurgent States; and, above all, 3d—The great social question of the United States. If, then, these questions had been treated explicitly, there never would have been that war which we are engaged in until they should be solved in civil war.

Notwithstanding these imperfections under the form of our Government, this nation reached a greatness such as the world never saw before. And now we are not begin to comprehend the intense, profound and even sublime trial through which we are passing. There is no man or woman who does not deplore civil war, but whatever may have been our antecedents, there is no calamity so to the duty of every citizen of the United States, as the spectacle of a State declared by the insurgents—war declared and accepted by the loyal Government of the United States. In the eye of the law the duty which devolves upon the citizen is clear and unmistakable. It is to accept the constitutional fact of the war. I know it as well as any other man, and from the secession of the Southern States, I have abstained from sympathy, countenance and intercourse with them.

The second duty is an active duty. In time of war each subject owes to the Government (who has the right to demand it of him) his body, his wealth and his thoughts; his body to defend the government, his wealth to support the government, and his thoughts to give him their profound regard. This is the duty that no man is Massachusetts has lost sight of. I have never claimed perfection for the Constitution of the United States; though I do say that no more perfect human instrument of government was ever composed. Washington, Hamilton, Jay, Morris and Madison, all that human power could do under the circumstances: but there were three great questions which they only could touch in the slightest possible degree. They did not deal with them explicitly. From these three questions came all our subsequent difficulties. These questions were: 1st—On the acquisition of foreign territory; 2d—the relations of the United States to the State Governments, and, partly 3d to insurgent States; and, above all, 3d—The great social question of the United States. If, then, these questions had been treated explicitly, there never would have been that war which we are engaged in until they should be solved in civil war.

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In such a time as this to talk of political parties is mere talking. Party lies at the foot in the balance, the foam on the wave turbidly, several regiments encamped on Long Island, at Scarsdale, at Camp Winfield Scott, Hempstead, at Fort Hamilton, and other points. The New Hampshire regiment, which was missed from its camp on Sunday, was seen to take the cars for Long Island Railroad early in the morning, and it is ascertained that it proceeded to the immediate vicinity of the coast at the east end of the island. Everybody who witnessed this movement felt astonished. What, it was asked, can troops be wanted for in that region? But the appearance of the Atlantic and Vanderbilt soon solved the mystery. The troops were taken on board, and the ship steered in a southward direction. What the precise destination of these troops, and of the other regiments which left from six to seven days since, we cannot inform our readers; it is a government secret. But we may state generally that it is undoubtedly the Southern coast."

UNION MEETING IN HARTFORD, CT.—Hon. D. S. Dickinson, on Tuesday, addressed an immense Union meeting in Hartford. Major General James T. Pratt presided, assisted by 130 Vice Presidents, representing all the political parties of the State and the various interests and professions of the people. Piece of business were generally closed and flags were flying in every part of the city. Men, women and children crowded to the place of meeting. The speech of Mr. Dickinson is said to have been a remarkably able one.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY. The *New York Leader* reports the arrest of agents of the rebels in New York, and the discovery of a carrier pigeon communication from the secessionists of that city with Richmond. A pigeon was shot by a rifleman, and under the bird's wing was an important dispatch on its way South. A shed somewhere on Long Island was used as a starting point for the pigeons.

TERRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT. On Tuesday night a train on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, containing a portion of Col. Perkins's 19th Illinois regiment, while passing over the bridge at Huron, Indiana, 112 miles west of Cincinnati, fell through. Four cars went down into the bed of the creek, and one on top of them. The engine and one car passed over safely. There were about 100 wounded and 20 or 30 killed. It is thought the bridge was weakened by malicious scoundrels.

BOGUS STAMPS AND ENVELOPS. The *Tribune* says:—It has been discovered that large numbers of bogus postage stamps and envelops have been manufactured and offered at various rural postoffices, in exchange for the new issue of the Government. No less than 500 of this trash were presented to a postmaster in Connecticut, recently.

CITY AND COUNTY.

CARD.

EXCURSION. Boston, September 18, 1861.

The Directors of the Lowell Fire Department take this method to tender their sincere thanks to the Mayor of Lowell, and their associate and fraternal brethren of this City assigned to them this afternoon, in the excursion to Boston, for the kind and courteous reception by the Mayor, Common Council, and other municipal officers from the Common, and their hospitable entertainment at the Young Brothers House, all of the Boston.

sep18&19 JAMES SARDS, Secretary.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to 1st day of June, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during the afternoon of this day.

sep18&19 E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

WANTED.

A young man, who is a good Book-keeper, but has had no experience in commission business, can find employment either in Boston or Lowell, by addressing a line to Box 1870, Boston Post Office.

August 7, 1861. aug7&8m

FIREMEN'S MUSTER. The annual muster and trial of engines took place on the South Common yesterday afternoon.—There was no public parade of the firemen as in years past, each company proceeding directly from its house to the common. There was a very large attendance of spectators, larger than usual, the Indian being cut in full numbers to encourage the firemen with their smiles. The day was a pleasant one and favorable for playing.—The trials commenced at the Old Brick; Messrs. James Watson, Fordyce Coburn, E. F. Watson, Abiel Rolfe, and Weare Clifford acting as judges. Everything apparently went off to the entire satisfaction of those present. The result of the trials is given in the report of the judges which follows:—

LOWELL: September 18th, 1861.

To James Sands, Esq., Secretary of the Board of Engineers:—

We, the judges, chosen by the Board of Engineers, to officiate at the trial of engines just completed, and having acted to that capacity, do hereby report as follows:

Steamer No. 3 from the time of lighting the fire, till water was thrown to think, and fleet of leading last, consumed 7 minutes. In 14 min. 30 sec. from the time of lighting the fire they threw a handsome stream of 100 feet.

Steamer No. 2 in the same manner and under the same circumstances, forced water through the hose in 6 min. 50 sec.—played the 100 feet in 10 min. 30 sec.

Ocean Hydrant and steamer No. 3's hose carriage with the proper appurtenances (about three-fourths of a mile) attached their hose to the Hydrant, ran off 200 feet, put on their pipe, and water was thrown through ten same, as follows: Steamer's hose carriage in 4 min.—Ocean Hydrant in 3 min. 10 sec.

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Respectfully submitted,

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WARE STURDY,
E. F. WESCOTT,
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The steamer owned by Col. Pollard, which was announced to be present, being out of order was not on the ground.

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We may add, that yesterday Mrs. Foster was warmly congratulated on the safe arrival, from the ladies of the John Street Society. The present is certainly a liberal one, for these hard times, and is a generous testimonial of regard from the society for their late pastor's wife.

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A NEW PROJECTILE. Mr. Sawyer, the inventor of the rifled cannon, was in this city yesterday for a short time, extended examination of the gun. Butler and others, with a new projectile invented by him, called shrapnel or canister shot. They are made to explode at a given time or by percussion, or both, and each charge contains about five pounds of bullets, varying in size, according to the distance to be fired. One of the six pounders belonging to the State in charge of the City Guards, was taken to the Merrimack River, just above Pawtucket Falls, and several experiments were made. A range of over two miles on the water could here be obtained, without danger to any one.—The projectiles of Mr. S. have proved to be of great service, particularly his shell fired from a rifled cannon. The one at the Rip Raps, near Fort Monroe, throws a shell over four miles. The experiments were very satisfactory, six shots being fired. The cannister shot were thrown upward of one thousand yards, exploding with terrific effect.

THE NEW CAMP. The new military camp, at the Agricultural Fair Grounds, is already occupied, and is under charge of Captain William O. Blake, of General Butler's staff. Capt. Blanchard is company, which numbers about sixty men, went into camp yesterday, and others will be joined there without delay. Six tents have been pitched, and the necessary articles for a larger number are on the ground. A cook house—twenty feet square—is being put up, from which, we suppose, the rations will be served to the men, under the superintendence, at present, of Mr. Choker, who has been selected for that duty by Gen. Butler.

CRANBERRIES. This berry is to be very plenty this season. Green ones are selling in our market for $1.00 per bushel, and ripe ones per quart. Most of the berries that have been brought in so far are not offered by the owners. One dealer informed us that on some lots of land he had been called upon by at least a dozen families of Celtic origin each having about a peck of the berries for sale, and his opinion was that there would be enough in the neighborhood. However, his said that stolen fruit, cannot be sweeted, and if this proves true when applied to cranberries, in cases referred to, less sugar will be required in preparing them for the table.

THE ENTERTAINMENT LAST EVENING.—Huntington Hall was filled to its utmost capacity, last evening, on the occasion of the first entertainment by the Denier Brothers, in this city, since their arrival. The performances by the Denier Brothers are indeed startling. John Denier walked across the wire, extended nearly the length of the hall, forward and backward, and then performed the same feat blindfolded. He also wheeled a wheelbarrow back and forth on the wire. The performances on the slack rope, and a few minutes were added to each case to the perpendicular stream, using the elevation at which the first ball is erected above the water in the pond.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 18.

2 Cumberland Horse Railroad	119
4 Milford & Uxbridge Railroad	93
2 Boston and Maine Railroad	136
2 Boston and Providence Railroad	86
2 "	85½
2 Boston Manufacturing Company	100
20 Essex Company	78-1-4
5 "	78-1-2
20 Merchants' Bank	93

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York, ... $4.75
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good for 10 days, ... $7.50
Tickets for the Fall, North and Southwest at the same low rates.

☞ All business relating to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.

Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers.
Drafts for sale, payable in any part of Europe.
Passengers forwarded to Liverpool at the Cheapest Agency, 102 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House.
Lowell, Sept. 19, 1861. R. B. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has taken the store recently occupied by Mr. Pollock, and has removed his stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c., to the same, where he may be found at all times, ready to wait on them.

Thanks for the above favors, and a continuance of the same, is solicited by

Lowell, July 22, 1861. A. L. BROOKS.

FISHER & LYON PAWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Fisher & Lyon. Mr. H. J. Lyon is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	S. W. Hinkley,	P. S. Richardson,
Abiel Rolfe,	Samuel Nesmith,	Daniel Saville,
L. G. Hosmer,	Stuart Tuck,	E. F. Sherman.
	Moses Greeley,	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factory risks. No assessments have ever been made. The Stock Department, with a capital of $150,000, with deposit notes to the amount of $100,000, is confined to Mechanics and Manufacturers in Middlesex County in the State of Massachusetts, and to Dwellings and Furniture in the city of Lowell.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms. Office in stone block, on corner leading to the Merrimack House, opposite the Post Office.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Joseph Bartlett,	Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Codding,	Abiel Rolfe,	John Avery,
Arthur F. Stevens,	Walter Wyman,	Walter Swan,
Joshua W. Tomlin,	Jr.,	Henry C. Howe,
Samuel Bradley,	Henry C. Hosmer,	Edward Kidder,
Ephraim Brown,		Jr.,
	Abraham Y. Lowe,	
	Oliver M. Clark,	

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 Last Central, cor., Middle st., Lowell, Mass.

ROBERT AYERS, General Agent.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual departments, on the most favorable terms.

DAVID BURT, Agent, Lowell Mass.
Office at Kimball's Hotel, Boston, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dtf

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE
ASSURANCE and Consumers should try it
IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE
TO RESTORE GRAY HAIR
IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING A
LUXURIANT GROWTH OF HAIR,
AND THAT PRODUCES
HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR.
NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED
Read on Again.

Hundreds of certificates can be seen at the office of the agent, of its wonderful effects, and numerous testimonials in other cities.

J. S. BLEES, Wholesale Agent.

Sold by druggists generally throughout the country, as stated on circulars.

WILL LESTO'E THE NATURAL COLOR OF THE HAIR
When Age or other causes have changed it.

UNEQUALLED FOR
DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING AND PRESERVING THE HAIR.

Sold by all Druggists.
M. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Proprietors.
197 Broadway, New York.

DR. SCHENCK'S CELEBRATED REMEDIES, viz:—Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills, for sale at KIDDER'S, corner of Merrimack and John streets. sep14

WAX, CORKS AND BOTTLES, FOR preserving Tomatoes and Fruit, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets. sep14

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, for Children Troubled with Worms. They are pleasant to take, and never fail to destroy worms, if any exist in the stomach or bowels. Also, Dr. Eaton's Vermifuge Powders, which are safe and sure to expel worms from the system. Both of the above remedies are prepared by Dr. EATON, Chemist, Lowell, Mass., and for sale by druggists generally. sep14

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"BUT ME AND PILL DO TOO GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continue to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints, Humors from a pimple to the worst scrofula, Female Weakness, Sores, Blotches, Piles, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Jaundice, both alterative and tonic, they invigorate the stomach and bowels, purify the blood, restore the appetite, promote digestion, give a healthy, quickness to the circulation, and change the complexion from any sickness over known. They are made of the best roots and herbs that grow, and contain more curative virtues in a dollar bottle than any other medicine ever before offered to the people. Two tablespoonfuls of the Bitters, taken fasting each morning, will prevent any disease from attacking the system for one week. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, or Humor, however obstinate it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Piles, however bad it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Female Weakness, however long standing it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Scrofula, however bad it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Sick Headache, however severe it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Jaundice, however yellow it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Sores, Blotches, Pimples on the face, however bad they may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Rheumatism, however painful it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Kidney Complaint, however painful it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Worms, however troublesome they may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, however bad they may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Erysipelas, however bad it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Nervousness, however bad it may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Female Irregularities, however bad they may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Female Irregularities, however bad they may be. Two bottles are warranted to cure any case of Female Irregularities, however bad they may be.

Remember, one dose will relieve any case in twenty minutes. Two bottles will cure any case in the world. Don't be deceived by any of the many worthless nostrums that are now being imposed upon the public, but buy the only reliable medicine that is now before the public, and that is Dr. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS. Prepared only by DR. JOHN LANGLEY, No. 3 Central street, Boston, Mass. Sold by all druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

For sale in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists everywhere. sep14

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice about two years since, and after a thorough trial and investigation in its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to say that they consider it the best base and is now, a difference of opinion among the profession to the contrary notwithstanding. It is cleanly, while it is not exposed that it will separate from the plate, and is not liable to change in the mouth, as is the case with metal. Its adaptation as to set in accordance with the laws of Nature, forming a perfect fit, and its lightness, are properties that can be used. Everybody needs this medicine, and should use it at once. Pleasant and safe at all times. Only 25 and 37 cents per bottle.

This same mixture is also put up in a more concentrated form under Dr. Langley's Sugar Coat ed Root and Herb Pills, a beautiful cathartic and alterative. They are unequaled as a dinner pill. Price 25 cents per box.

Dr. Langley's Vegetable Sanitary Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, &c. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Dr. Langley's Vegetable Cough Candy, for Coughs, Colds, Cons

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOODS' HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

PROF. WOOD: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit on you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have used been without a bottle on hand—when I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful come through out the Union. I have occasionally met your in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, of have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects by my own hair, as well as in numerous instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that it would not and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by putting the same to the test, that they not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles entered advertised as such which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize such articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, if so, notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with the most perfect success—some for 5 disease, gray hair, scaly head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer persons to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,297, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 31, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years, and am now over sixty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably grey, and was almost white as very still and unsightly. I had seen a number of certificates of the wonderful restorative effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was more fiction than truth in them, and entertained a strong desire to have one, but, if possible, to avoid the expense of one. I am poor, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I concluded I would write to you and send, commencing in small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was certainly much lighter, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have mentioned to see it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have certain a perfect restoration of my hair to its original color. Where the head has become almost bald, or scarcely any hair on the top of the head, I have a fine growth of fine hair coming. I have noticed to see it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light (it is hair as ever I had), as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My scalp is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair seated entirely falling off and is as soft and fine, if not more so, silky, as though just from the hands of a French hairdresser. Many of my acquaintances see frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the natural hair of the old gray head. Respectfully,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by extravagant praise. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given entire desired result, and receives the unite establishment of all who have tried it. In every case recommended it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray would desire.—*Columbus Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and justly popular remedy for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is not a mere compound of dyes, but prevents the hair falling. We have been many years in use, and can speak from personal knowledge of its effects. Many gentlemen whom we have not seen for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't buy till you have read the advertisement.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for the reason that we know they are quack nostrums. But when the great plant which God has provided Professor Wood's article to relieve our hair in falling off or turning grey, and restore it to its natural color, Friday I have not expected the benefit of its application, we can say with us in strength of its virtues. Let all try it, and bald heads will be no more.—*Sunbury American.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, in unimpeachable evidence, by years great efficacy, in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald, or scarcely any hair on the top of the head, we have a fine growth of fine hair coming. We

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, Sept. 20, 1861.

THE LATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—There is considerable growling about the doings of the convention of the Democrats at Worcester, on Wednesday. Some of the leading organs express their displeasure at the result, but avow their purpose to support the ticket put in nomination. The *Boston Post*, which has been a faithful servant of the Government ever since the assault on Fort Sumter, was in favor of an adjournment without nomination, hoping the Republicans would join in nominating a Union ticket, on which all could unite. Although not approving the course pursued, it has put up the ticket—Our neighbor of the *Advertiser* announces distinctly and unequivocally that it will not do so—as it "cannot recognize that the nomination as having been made in the Democratic Party," &c. It then goes on to prove, what almost every one has seen, the inconsistency of the proceedings of the convention. It is a fact, we think, that the wishes of the leaders of the party have not been consulted; a few ambitious men, desirous of the empty honors of a nomination, have forced this ticket upon they will probably be made to see their folly yet. Their candidate for Governor has not accepted the nomination, although it has been announced in the customary; and a final flashing up of the bunnees, we learn, has been felt with a vengeance; so that the whole thing shows a very good chance of finally being knocked in the head. Certainly, if the spirit of the Republican call is carried out in the State convention, and a high-minded, liberal policy is adopted—a ticket for all parties nominated—the ticket selected on Wednesday, will not get a twice thousand votes in the State. It is now more important than ever that the Republicans should make a wide door for their neighbors, not asking them to become Republicans, but to become Union men, and cast their votes where they will exert the greatest influence for the General Government. We can afford to be generous; it let us be so, especially since there is no risk of loss, but a fair chance of a generous gain.

CATTLE SHOW AT CONCORD. The Middlesex Agricultural Society, parent of all similar societies in Massachusetts, held its fifty-fourth annual fair at Concord yesterday. The show yesterday, to borrow an expression, "was the grandest of them all." The exhibition of fancy articles, needle work, &c., in the hall was large and tasty. Among the exhibitors were George E. Spaulding, of Chelmsford, who exhibited a box made with a penknife, which took a gratuity at our fair, and received one there. There was a large exhibition of machinery and agricultural implements, though nothing of a novel character. There was a larger display of fruit than had been anticipated, while the floral kingdom was largely drawn from to add to the beauty of the hall. Among the exhibitors of fruit were Asa Cleaveland, T. T. Hunt, of Dracut, and Joseph Warren, of Chelmsford, all of whom took premiums, as also did Mrs. Martha Dadmun, of Chelmsford, for bread. Hosea Sheldon, of Wilmington, took a premium for plowing with double teams, and Harriet Proctor, of Chelmsford, for flowers. At the dinner table an address was made by ex-Gov. Washburn, followed with short speeches by W. G. Lewis, of Framingham, for the Middlesex South; Asa Clement, of Dracut, for the Middlesex North, Hon. Charles R. Train, of Framingham, Wm. Buckminster, of the *Ploughboy* and others. Hon. R. W. Ball, of Concord, was elected President of the Society for Gen. Clement, of Dracut, and W. W. Chenery, of Belmont, Vice Presidents. The day was fine and there was a large attendance of visitors.

DEATH OF A UNIVERSALIST CLERGYMAN. We learn with pain this morning of the sickness of Rev. O. A. Skinner, of Joliet, Ill., which we announced a day or two ago, terminated fatally yesterday morning. He have known the deceased for several years past, and hence are aware of the great loss his friends and the Universalist denomination have sustain d in his sudden death. Less than a year ago, when we last met him, he was the picture of health and strength, and seemed to have a longer lease on life than is allotted to man generally; but he has seen "the last of earth," and has closed his ministrations and life of usefulness. Mr. Skinner left Boston about five years ago, where at the time he has resided in Illinois. He was for about two years president of the Galesburgh Universalist College, but for a year or two past his time has been principally occupied in settling the large estate left by his brother in Chicago, although he practiced much or all the time, while performing this labor. He was extensively known in the denomination to which he belonged, and as a theological reasoner has left few superiors.

LOSSES OF NEW YORK MERCHANTS.—The *New York Tribune* says by the rebellion not less than two hundred millions of Southern indebtedness to that city was blotted out as in a night, and the prospect of its revival has been and is so remote and dubious that it can hardly be considered property. It can at best be regarded as a dim possibility of future cash.

CONTRACTORS from the Eastern States are already in New York State, buying up the fruit crop.

ONE DAY'S EXPERIENCE IN THE "REBEL DISTRICTS."

From East Wallingford, in the Green Mountain State.

I went to Rutland, a smart town, or miniature city, at present, so far as business is concerned, somewhat under a cloud, the usual purists being rather at a stand-still. The marble-works were a place of attraction to me, and to them I took my way.—Workmen were engaged in grinding and marble, 'way down in the bowels of the earth—hundreds of feet from where I stood. Looking down upon their dusky outlines, and listening to the faint blows of the workmen, "whacking" away with their hammers, drills, and bars, put me in mind of a certain doctrine based more on Milton's *Paradise Lost* than any inspired writings. The men employed here get $1,00 per day, ten hours constituting a day's work. In good times, about four hundred persons are kept employed about these works. Four or five mills are run, in sawing the rough stone in to such blocks as ordered. The Catholics of this place have been building a fine church of marble. Of the three or four machine shops here, two are stopped and others running only half time work, at reduced pay. Rutland has a smart little daily paper—the *Rutland Herald*—and two weeklies.

Fishing is one of the amusements sought by almost everybody who goes into the country for a "vacation." I went a-fishing: and I give you my experience. Took the cars at a quarter to five o'clock in the morning, for Castleton, to go a-fishing on Lake Bombazine. Walked four miles and a half after leaving the cars to the lake.—Procured a boat and rowed about two miles, to the fishing grounds. Got nicely anchored, and our fishing-tackle in operation, when the wind commenced blowing: the waves commenced "a-dashing," and more than that, your correspondent commenced growing sea-sick; and he could not be; and the fates were surely against us. We up anchor and put for the shore; but had the sun in the stern been a second longer, we certainly should have thrown the contents board: for the waves "spit" (I think that must be a sailor-phrase) over us unmercifully, you may be assured. As an oarsman I am positive I did my duty, and such had the satisfaction of standing once more on terra-firma. It would have been, under different circumstances, fine exercise, that walk of two-and-a-half miles back to Castleure, at Rutland (which place we reached about 3 o'clock), but if I could have been excused, and fared just as well by not taking that long "promenade," I should have remained behind. Being a person quick at calculating the extent of "human endurance," you will find no difficulty, without protracted thought, in arriving at a conclusion as to my condition at the end of the tramp. It was in this case as in others: Fisherman's luck—wet feet and empty gi-stomach. I will not fail to say, however, that despite the unfavorable circumstances attending my visit to the little lake already named, I discovered that the scenery about it will well repay a visit. I say nothing of the sport usually found there in fishing. BOBBIN-BOY.

A BATTLE NOT TO BE EXPECTED AT PRESENT. A special correspondent of the *New York Tribune* writes from Washington, contradicting the general impression as to an approaching battle. He says—

"There will be no fight here in Washington for weeks and weeks, and probably not at all. I know our lines, now, and I feel sure there is no way when the rebels could attack with a shadow of hope for success. We are defended by a chain of entrenchments, far stronger than many people know, except the rebels, and I imagine they understand it all. They can recreat reconnaissances were for the purpose of 'feeling' us, and we probably did not feel good. Moreover I am informed by the irregular and shifting character of their movements, that their purpose in losing their near position is simply one to provoke us to action against them. I can't detect a single indication of any intention on their part to attack. There is only one cause that can bring it about, I believe, and that is, the restlessness and impatience of their troops. How long before them into unwilling aggression, although even that is most unlikely."

MAINE ELECTION. The *Kennebec Journal* gives nearly complete returns for Governor. Washburn, Republican, has 57,675; Jameson, Union Democrat, 21,119; Dana, Peace Democrat, 19,363. Washburn's majority 16,993, a gain of 622 over last year. Washburn and Jameson over Dana 59,231. Total vote 97,957 to 120,635 last year. The whole vote will be about 101,000. Washburn leads in every county, and has a majority in all but KENN. Dana leads Jameson in five counties, in York nearly 5 to 1. To the State Senate 26 Republicans and one Union Democrats are elected, the latter on Republican tickets. To the House 122 Republicans, 23 Union Democrats and 4 Jinnities are elected.

FREMONT AND HIS WORK. The *New York Tribune*, in an article on Gen. Fremont, says: "Let us compose all anxiety on the part of the public by stating that Gen. Fremont has the greatest probability of Gen. Fremont's resigning his commission. He is there to serve his country, and, no matter by what inconvenience circumstances may happen to him, he will continue to serve it to the last. And we are confident, as are the body of the people, that, wherever the opportunity is fairly afforded, there services will be of such a description as to contribute to his glory and to the safety and permanence of the nation."

A PROCESSION of several hundred negro men, marched through the principal streets in military order, under command of Confederate officers. They were all armed and equipped with shovels, picks, blankets, &c. A merrier set was never seen. They were brimful of patriotism, shouting for Jeff. Davis and singing war songs, and each looked as if he only wanted the privilege of shooting an abolitionist.—*Memphis Appeal*.

With a shovel, of course.

HON. OWEN LOVEJOY, of Illinois, has been appointed to a place on Gen. Fremont's staff.

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

The only news of importance to day is from Missouri. A fight is reported to have occurred at Lexington on Monday and Tuesday between the Federal forces under Col. Mulligan and the rebels, led by the famous Gen. Price. The following latest particulars were telegraphed to the Boston papers of last evening, though there is nothing this morning of a confirmatory nature. The dispatch, which is dated Jefferson City, September 18th, says that Monday afternoon Gen. Price sent word to Col. Mulligan, at Lexington, demanding a surrender. Col. Mulligan replied, "Go to hell." An attack was immediately made by first opening with artillery and making an advance under its cover on the town. Price was repulsed with heavy loss. Gen. Lane with an estimated force of 5000 Kansas troops is reported within forty miles of Lexington, rapidly advancing to reinforce Colonel Mulligan. Other troops are being rapidly concentred from St. Joseph and other points to reinforce Mulligan. The 18th, 22d, 24th and 26th Indiana Regiments have gone via steamer to Lexington; also the Germania down from St. Louis per the Des Moines and White Cloud. These reinforcements number about 6000 effective troops, and will reach Lexington on the morning of the 19th.

Every confidence is felt here (Jefferson City) that Col. Mulligan will be able to hold Lexington until reinforcements arrive.

The rebel loss on Monday is reported to be 4000 and the Federal 800, which is probably greatly exaggerated. [Lexington is in La Fayette County on the north side of the Missouri River, about 40 miles east of the Kansas line.]

From Lexington we learn that it is believed that the rebel threats of closing the Potomac by batteries along the western shore, have never made any serious impression on the mind of the Government.

The military department of Ohio, consisting of that State, Indiana and that part of Kentucky within fifteen miles of Cincinnati, is under Brig. Gen. Mitchell. The department of Western Virginia has been created, of which Brig. Gen. Rosecrans has command.

It is generally believed that the Government, for the last two days, has had under consideration the subject of Fremont's administration of affairs in Missouri. What ever may be the merits of the question involved, they have no reference to his proclamation, the differences concerning which were disposed of by the President's recently published letter. Col. Blair, in a letter to the N. Y. *Commercial*, states that he never asked the favor of a contract or appointment from Gen. Fremont, which was not granted. Their difficulties are not of a private nature, but relate to charges against Gen. Fremont for his conduct in the campaign.

A dispatch from Darnestown, Md., says that there is little doubt but Johnston's army is now moving in detail from opposite Washington toward this section, and exceeds in numbers the highest estimates given. It is highly probable that Johnston's intention was to cross the Potomac in the neighborhood of Monocacy, with a view to protect the Legislature in session at Annapolis, and hence, and with the expectation that the rebels in Baltimore and the lower part of Maryland would join the Union-loving hearts dwelling, but for the present coerced, through the "sunny South," by the prayers of the heroes of the revolution, in the precedence of that God who is ever on the side of justice and of freedom, it shall wave over the capital of every State in this Union, and our eagle perched upon its standard shall bear proudly in his beak, with undiminished significance, our National motto, *E pluribus unum*. The Star Spangled banner long may it wave, and may it be the rebel's dread as it now is the patriot's boast.

The flag was then run up and greeted with three hearty cheers by these assembled. The "Star-Spangled Banner" was next sung, and the benediction pronounced by the loyal pastor.

The flag is a beautiful emblem of loyalty, and we hope to see it wave until peace is secured—not such a peace as the enemies of the country desire, but that peace when we feel can only be secured by applying Gen. Jackson's rope to a few of the leaders of the rebellion, and the entire and unconditional submission of all others who arrayed against the Government to the constitution and laws, *as they now are.*

THE LATE RECEPTION. In our notice of the reception of Gen. Butler, on his first return here (on the 5th inst.), we stated that the four companies were represented by a squad from the ranks of each, but the assurance was we worked that many supposed the old Phalanx was not included. We would now correct this impression, and state that the squad of Phalanx was under command of Lieut. Shipley, while the whole military movement was under command of Capt. Follansbee. Since we are setting this matter right, we will go a little further, and state that the Watson Light Guards, as a body, were not included on the occasion, although several of the members were in the escort.

In this connection we will also add that Lieut. Shipley is now actively engaged in recruiting for a company, and starts, we believe, with a fair show of the old Phalanx boys. He may be found at Pond's boxing store, on Central Street.

Friends and Fellow Citizens:—On the twentieth day of April last, the day following the one on which the first secession flag was gallantly borne through Baltimore by the renowned Sixth Regiment, and when two of our fellow citizens had promotmatyrs in the present great struggle of our country, a flag was raised on the tower of this church to proclaim the quick response of the attendants at the evening congregation worship; here, in the immediate cevotion of our citizen soldiers who had so nobly braved dangers for the republic.

That flag has waved there in sunshine and in storm, until it is to be literally whipped into strings, a fitting emblem of the tenacity with which Americans of patriots cling to their standard and fight for its honor. But like a worn and wounded soldier it deserves, and hereby receives an honorable discharge, to be laid away in the archives of this church as a precious relic to be handed down to posterity.

To-day we raise in place of it, and in keeping with our increased numbers and prospects, a larger flag upon a longer staff. And when you look upon its starry emblazonry and its folds of "red, white and blue" you shall tear it eloquently proclaiming—for by Holy Orders is invested, and with the sanction of the trustees of this church, I here commission it to proclaim, that to peace sentiments, technically so called, are to be uttered or countenanced in the pulpit of this old church, until the rebellion is crushed and the authority of the Federal Government is duly acknowledged. The sermon preached from the pulpit over which that flag shall wave, is taken as a "No" to the "Yes" wherever, and as long as traitors and conspirators are in arms against the republic. We are loyal to the Prince of Peace; and when we see him in the apocalyptic vision seated upon a white horse leading the hosts and armies of heaven, with eyes of flame and head with many crowns, clothed with a vesture dipped in blood, and from his mouth goeth a sharp two-edged sword, that with it he should smite the nations and rule them with a rod of iron, we learn that the peace of which he is the prince, is founded upon submission to legitimate authority. We want no other national peace than this, under a government the most magnanimous and benign the sun ever shone upon, aye, there is no other peace possible.

Never could the burning words of Patrick Henry on the floor of the colonial convention, be quoted with such emphasis as now, "Gentlemen may cry peace, peace—but there is no peace. The war is actually begun!" The next gale ..... will bring to our ears the clash of resounding arms! Our brethren are already in the field! Why stand we here idle?"

The cry is coming up from the leaders in this noble struggle, "give us more men." It is too apparent that we are not yet fully awake to the magnitude of the crisis, nor aroused to the full sacrifice it demands.—Then let the popular heart kindle up in every national appliance until volunteers shall rush to the aid of their fellows in such numbers worthy the manhood of freemen. And let him who in this hour of peril, by deed or word, would shake one jot or tittle from the public devotion so essential to the increase of zeal and steady nerve of our army shall blight his memory down through posterity to the end of the Millennium.

We raise to-day a flag to wave responsive to the pulsations of patriotism in the heart of the great North, to be borne with deeper and subtimer every hour. Throughout these days of fiery trial may its unpure breath of heaven insist, let the other blue embrace it, and let benignant skies drop on it baptismal benedictions, and while the light of liberty shines in its stars, and the even and true stripes of its purity and justice are radiant in its stripes, let it catch the morning's rosy light, and bathe in noontide effulgence, and reflect the last rays of sunset's golden splendors, and amid stormy winds and clouds in their midnight vigils looking down with softest beauty upon our patriot soldiers sleeping on their arms.

Let the National ensign float along our line of battle; over the impregnable rock of the nation's pride and glory, over the veteran hero of all our battles, over the unconquered army and grasping the vitals of the rebellion, over the youthful, devout heroism, idolized commander of the Potomac, over the "boys in blue" marching into the "iron man" at Harper's Ferry—Massachusetts, Maine, Iowa, over the victorious leader of Union forces in the mountain defiles of Western Virginia, over the intrepid "Pathfinder," by the "Father of waters" who planted our banner on the cloud-wreathed peak of the Rocky Mountains and opened the golden gates of the Pacific coast, and who now by a proclamation, brief, but immortal, has opened the golden gate of freedom to forty thousand human beings. Let it wave, aye, by the patriotism of twenty millions of freemen, by the Union-loving hearts dwelling, but for the present coerced, through the "sunny South," by the prayers of the heroes of the revolution, by the precedence of that God who is ever on the side of justice and of freedom, it shall wave over the capital of every State in this Union, and our eagle perched upon its standard shall bear proudly in his beak, with undiminished significance, our National motto, *E pluribus unum*. The Star Spangled banner long may it wave, and may it be the rebel's dread as it now is the patriot's boast.

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REPUBLICAN CAUCUS. At a meeting of the Republican City Committee last evening, it was voted to hold a caucus at Jackson Hall, next Tuesday evening, at 7½ o'clock, to elect thirty-one delegates to the State Convention, to be held in this city on Worcester, Tuesday, October 1st; also to take measures to elect a new City Committee.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* In the case of Loring vs. Mulcahy, of Hopkinton, an action of trover for horse stock, the verdict was for the plaintiff.

Clough vs. Clough is now on trial. The parties belong in Ireland. The suit is for a balance of account paid for boarding a house for defendant. E. J. Sherman, of Lawrence and T. H. Sweetser for plaintiff, Brown & Ager for defendant.

POLICE COURT. The only case this forenoon was that of James Shields for an assault upon officer A. J. Merrill. Shields was arrested on Green Street by Officer Fox, and while the latter was taking him to the station house, managed to give the officer a severe blow on the nose [or both.] He was found guilty and ordered until the 28th inst. for sentence.

A FINE SWORD. We were shown this morning, at Mr. Dempsey's last store, No. 30 Central Street, one of the finest swords we ever saw. It has been obtained in Europe, from Philadelphia, but is well worth examining, and those particularly interested in such matters will find it to be procured for Gen. Butler should no fail to see it.

A NEW RECEIVING-OFFICE. Orderly Howe has opened an office, near the Postoffice, for the purpose of receiving for forwarding to the brigade. Persons having friends of enlisting, are advised to consult him immediately. The brigade is to be raised as soon as possible, and recruits will not be solicited here but for a few days.

BARE REDUCED. Within a few days there has been a reduction of fare between New York and this city, by the direct line via Worcester, Norwich and the boats. In these stopping times a penny saved is as much (or more) saved as a penny earned, and we therefore advise our citizens bound for New York to call on S. H. Fisher, No. 182 Merrimack Street (next the Merrimack House) for their tickets. This route is the best and most convenient for our citizens at all times, and when it has the merit of being cheapest, there certainly can be no propriety in going by any other.

TWO MINUTE MORSE. The Denier Brothers and Reynold's Troupe will perform in Huntington Hall, this and to-morrow evening; also to-morrow afternoon. John Denier performs the perilous feat this evening of carrying a man across the wire on his back, and the other feats were equal to those of the previous evening. The hall was again filled with a delighted audience, the result of generously and extensively advertising, (even in these hard times) a good show.

Our readers in want of a superior seven pounce Pano-forte in rosewood case, should call at E. B. Patch & Co.'s store and examine the one to be sold on auction, Sept. 21st, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

sep17 d4t

A LONG TRAIN. The longest train of cars ever run from Rochester, N. Y., and probably the longest ever running in the world, passed over the Central Railroad from the East on Wednesday. It was one *mile and a quarter and thirty rods* in length, and was drawn by five locomotives. Of course but few of the cars were loaded. They were bound for Buffalo, to be there loaded with western produce.

N. B. BAKER, formerly Governor of New Hampshire, who was nominated for the same office in Iowa, a few days ago, declines having his name used in that connection.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 19.

30 Boston and Maine Railroad	100 1-2
9 Boston and Worcester Railroad	100
5 Western Railroad	108 1-4
5 Eastern Railroad	97 1-2
7 Worthington Railroad	97
7 Boston Manufacturing Company	97 1-2

NOTICE TO THRAVELLERS. FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York, ... $3.75
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good until used, ... 7.00
Lowell to New York and Northwest, all the connections, ... 5.00

For further information relating to Passage and Freight apply to the Agents.

Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers. Tickets for passage secured in the cabin.

Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, 182 Merrimack Street, Merrimack House, Lowell, Sept. 18, 1861. sep19dtf

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has purchased of Joshua Merrill, Esq., his stock in the Post office, from time till ten o'clock, for the accommodation of those who may favor him with a call.

He also has the same named place for sale, or will rent promptly attended to.

sep19 2w&3w A. L. BROOKS.

FISHER & LUND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. We have made an arrangement with the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Ingersoll is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun3dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Fobes, T. Nesmith, Lyman Bass, Lowell. D. P. Richardson, B. H. Bailey, Lowell. Levi Spaulding, Lowell. P. C. Sherman, Lowell.

Mutual Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is now ready to receive applications for insurance. No assessment has ever been made in this class. The premium notes of the Company, to the amount of $114,975 24, are deposited with the Treasurer of the State. The attention of mechanics particularly invited. A Dividend Bond, on profits of this class, will be issued to the holder of a policy of five years standing, on the 1st day of January next.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $50,000, which are invested in the best securities, and other property or hazardous loans of an extraordinary character are not taken by this Company.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story,) Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas. JAMES FOSTER, President. Lowell, July 6, 1861. jy8dtf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It costs less money,
It is more free from dust,

Than any other coal in the burning coal. And the GENUINE can be be sold only at HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, Lowell, and agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell. jy4dtf

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope, Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impurities of the Blood, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent by mail, in a sealed envelope, only six cents, or two postage stamps. Address the Author,

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Agents Wanted. sep19 6mos

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DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Piles, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Female Irregularities, Nervousness, Low Spirits, Impure Blood, Scrofula, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Canker, Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Worms, Fever Sores, Boils, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Ringworm, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, Croup, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver, Stomach, Blood, Kidneys or Urinary Organs.

DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS are purely vegetable, containing the Roots, Herbs and Barks of those well known and valuable remedies, Dandelion, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Prickly Ash, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Butternut, Wild Cherry, Hemlock Bark, Bayberry Bark, Gentian, Ginger, Pipsissewa, Queen's Delight, Stillingia, Indian Turnip, Poke Root, Culver's Root, Blood Root, Life Root, Mayweed, Thoroughwort, Golden Seal, Wahoo, Indian Arrow Root, Snake Root, Sheep Laurel, Indian Hemp, Black Alder, Boneset, Wormwood, Tansy, Pennyroyal, Catnip, Spearmint, Peppermint, Sweet Flag, Sassafras, Liverwort, Hops, Camomile Flowers, Lobelia, Cayenne, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmeg, Allspice, Coriander, Caraway, Fennel, Anise, Cardamom, Coriander, Caraway, Fennel, Anise, Cardamom, Coriander, Caraway, Fennel, Anise, Cardamom

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

G. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey; in a few weeks it ceased coming out, and in a short time began to grow, and now, after using it for five years, it is restored to its former color and thickness, and I am well aware that it will remain so during life, as I have used it in my family for the last three years, and have never known it to fail in restoring grey hair to its original color, and preventing it from falling out. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have used it with the same success, and with them as well as myself it has proved a valuable and genuine preparation.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountsville, Henry co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 20, 1860. He was entirely bald, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was entirely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its worst forms, and at the late date of his letter he had been two years well; the bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, that he was three years afflicted with fever and ague, (brought on by the use of calomel,) and was cured by the use of a few bottles of Wood's Hair Restorative.

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is prepared in a manner entirely unknown to the compounders of all other preparations for the hair to its primitive vigor. Where the head has become glossy, and the natural fluid of the hair is dried up, the use of this article has produced a thrifty growth, and in all cases it has made the hair more beautiful. Such is the result of the ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate from the system all humors, whether they appear on the surface or in the hair. It also has curative properties of another description. It will cure a large class of the most distressing diseases of the skin always wherever it is used. There is no better attesting evidence than the trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the component parts of it do not cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as it contains not a particle of any deleterious substance.—*Boston Transcript, April 25, 1855.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the *sure* skin of the many, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and peculiar in its curative powers. Now what course we can pursue relative to determining, in some instances, between—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are well assured of the contrary, and therefore, we feel bound by the ties of our engagements as all that is genuine and worthy of notice in a world like this, to say that Wood's Hair Restorative is known to be a genuine article, free of gums or cloying substances, and will prove extremely useful to every one who may purchase it, as it is certainly healthy, but we advise our readers to make personal trial to try the invigorator.—*Columbia Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT AFRICAN HAIR-TAKER THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE—and take nothing else.—New *York Day-Book.*

Depot at 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

EF No. 444 Broadway will be found at all times well supplied with genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

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JOB PRINTING
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The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
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Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
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LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Re-sumes, Addresses, Circulars, Town Reports, Newspapers,
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For Dry Goods Stores, Butlers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
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For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
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LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, a white or fancy colored paper.
☞ Orders solicited for *all kinds of post or surface and enameled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—on packs and in boards to be cut to order.
Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
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KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of the latest styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Wicks, Chimneys, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, centre, bracket, store, kitchen, and study lamps, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the stock of H. S. HAYNES'
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. no26

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FITFUL AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
Dr. JAMES L. LEFFLER writes from Nazarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by everybody selling for it in this section, delighted as ever consulted."
R. B. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I am there constantly, know many suffer, become prostrate and lose my supplies. It relieves them, and I am receiving orders from all parts since it's merits."
Dr. W. H. KERR, of Rogersville, Indiana says that they are the most valuable medicine offered. Those recommended are meeting great success, and with them made several remarkable cures. Send for pamphlet and general circular.
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountsville, Henry co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 20, 1860. He was entirely bald, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was entirely restored, and am now in robust health."
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Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Market and John streets.

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected after all others have failed, is designed for both *married* and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly menses* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.
☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, and in packages for safe-ing, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full strength, $10; Half strength $5. Quarter strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for concealed cases, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and is not recommended to relieve in every instance, as it will in these*, and in every case will be refunded, if directed and taken as recommended.
☞ BEWARE of counterfeits. Dr. Mattison's genuine and warranted INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 3 Eddy street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specific is for sale by all druggists of a respectable body of MEN and WOMEN, by a respectable druggist of many years' standing, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, with the utmost discretion, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for a few patients who may call for a second visit, quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.
CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand* Females are going to an untimely grave annually, in New England alone, from the use of Quack Nostrums. Is it any wonder that so many are afraid to try *any of them*, unless you know who and what they are?
☞ Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing a stamp, a pamphlet of 32 pages, on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases generally*, also containing many highly important and useful facts, *the most astonished refinement and testimonials*, from persons of the highest standing, and of undoubted veracity, which will prove to any one at this time as this book is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your name plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON as above.
August 2, 1861. aug5&4ly

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Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames of
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Pictures for Glass Framing attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

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Of every style and respect, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Fishing, Emigrant Canes, &c.
J. W. HUNT, 41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
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THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

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PROVISIONS
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EVERY
DESCRIPTION.
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WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL.
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Pea Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Howe Feed and Grain Store, No. 42 Market Street, Lowell.
S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION—Eugenie's Pearline French Enamel, Rachel Powders and Rouge, Comfitures or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Rose Tint, Lily White, Pearl White, Bloom of Youth, &c., &c., for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets. may18

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Is published for circulating *Pure Medicines*, and it shows them to be the best ever offered to the public. Its circulation is invaluable. It will be found *spiritual, clear*, and *to the point*. Its counsels are given freely, and are such as will *work as a charm* as sure. Its equal has never been published. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John streets.
MARY stubborn or lawsuit, and form all parts in the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION COIN PLASTER,
in saving Coins without the slightest pain where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It has never been removed, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
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THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$2,615,250 50
Dividends paid to them,	1,200,000 00
Losses paid,	2,415,305 33

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is merely the receiver of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves confidence, are the following, viz.:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $2,500,000 Assets.
Its investments are in Fir t Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, and Newark City Bonds.
The insured get all the profit s.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums when desired, by its mutuality, Semi-Annuality, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, if over $50, may be paid one-half down, and the balance, at 6 per cent. interest, in note bearing interest at 6 per cent, per annum.
The insured is entitled annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The Dividends are made to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums promptly, receive the benefit of the Dividend; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most careful calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7175 Policies in force; its success in the selection of risks, and economical management, is manifest, and therefore persons intending to insure certain the operation of the principle of mutuality, which all Life Insurances are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those who insure in it should be induced to increase their acquaintance to the advantage offered.
The Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 42 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
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WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
This Golden Salve has now come to a remedy of honor before the people of the world's intelligence. It is before the people of the world's intelligence. It overcomes boils and purifying sores, it cures the worst cases of scrofula, and all skin diseases. It causes the crying of the tender breast to cease in a single night.
It is the best of all known salves for the human breast with rheumatism.
It is a friend to the mother when her breast is broken.
It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.
It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.
It is unrivalled for sore eyes and sore tongue.
It moderates mumps.
It is sovereign for chilblains.
It fights against chilblains and cancers.
It cures all sores, ulcers, inflammations, and does WITHOUT PAIN.
Two cents will be saved if you will use this salve.
For gaseous accidents use it.
For sore throat it is the best in the world.
For sore and swollen feet use it.
For fever sores it is unrivalled.
Every wheeze it goes, quit, south, east, west, and northeast, it is the best salve in the world for the distressing, suffering flesh reliever in boys while the sore, where several physicians attending them could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain remedy."
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Among the many reasons why this Company deserves confidence, are the following, viz.:
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JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 42 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
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WOOD AND COAL WHARF.
The subscriber having leased the wharf on Merrimack River, at which the Steamboat Wood is now prepared to furnish Wood and Coal, of all kinds, at the low est cash prices. All orders will be promptly attended with promptness.
J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CRUDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolen Goods, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply for sale from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the importer's name, *Francisco de Rivero*, for sale at the lowest prices by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Market and John sts.
mar29*

Buying Tools.
I have received my usual large stock of Buying Tools, and am now prepared to sell the same at the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of
60 doz. Scythes, different makes;
50 " Hoes for Bakers;
" Partridge's and Tuttle's Hay Forks;
" Khube's, Twin Tooth Horse Rakes;
" Dunsen's Gig Rake with wheels;
" Revolving Horse Rakes;
Delano's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes, Scythe Stones, Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c., at MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 126 Central street, Lowell. mh18tf

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John streets. dec26

AMOS SANBORN
Has recei ed a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND WATCH CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, LENGULA SLEEVE BUTTONS,
RIBBON STITCH, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PIE,
PASTRY, BUTTER KNIVES AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLED KNIVES.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*just in.*
A HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK manufactured at
WATCHES AND JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very neatest manner.

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above assortment comprises the newest and beautiful patterns, and will be sold CHEAPER than ever before by the subscriber, to whom early and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street,
mh13 (Near the Post Office.)

HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, which he offers at the lowest stock of White Goods.
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND BRACKET LAMPS,
of every description, for Factories, Public Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Lamp Trimmings, which are offered to Kerosene at short notice.
KEROSENE OIL
of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers
IVORY CUTLERY
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale
JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Tea Trays, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.
GLASS WARE.
Of common, medium and superior qualities, from the principal manufactories in the country, together with a large supply of beautiful
FRENCH CUT GLASS.
Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as my assortment is now complete, and my prices as advantageous as terms; will insure to them always the best bargains in the market.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."
Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage which they have bestowed upon this establishment, and a promise to make it equally agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchases elsewhere.
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

Curtain Fixtures.
BAILEY'S Patent Tip and Socket cheapest and best in the market, for sale by
H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack st.
apr23*

NOTICE.
SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, Music, &c., will find it to their interest to call at J. MERRILL'S New Bookstore, No. 37 Central Street, will find them supplied with the same at the lowest cash prices.
As I intend to dispose of my old stock of Paper Hangings, Books, Stationery, &c., I shall continue to sell at cost and less, for a few days more at the old stand, No. 13 Central st.
mh18 J. MERRILL.

SILVER SOAP.
DEFIANCE especially for cleaning and polishing Silver and Plated Ware, Marble, Tin, &c. For cleaning Fine House Paint, Oil Cloths, Windows, Looking Glasses, Paint, &c., it is unsurpassed. For sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets. may30

SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CHESLEY'S CELEBRATED ANTI-DYSPEPTIC BUTTER; Ripans' Tabules, Dr. Hall's Sleep Producer, Dr. Hall's Nervous Antidote, Dr. Hall's Catarrh Snuff, Dr. Hall's Pain Destroyer, Dr. Hall's Hair Renewer, Dr. Hall's Hair Dye, Dr. Hall's Cough Syrup, Dr. Hall's Pain Killer, Dr. Hall's Diarrhœa Mixture, Dr. Hall's Dyspepsia Bitters, Dr. Hall's Liver Pills, Dr. Hall's Sarsaparilla, Dr. Hall's Blood Purifier, Dr. Hall's Worm Destroyer, Dr. Hall's Female Pills, Dr. Hall's Fever and Ague Pills, Dr. Hall's Cholera Mixture, Dr. Hall's Dysentery Mixture, Dr. Hall's Cholera Pills, Dr. Hall's Cholera Drops, Dr. Hall's Cholera Syrup, Dr. Hall's Cholera Powders, Dr. Hall's Cholera

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, Sept. 21, 1861.

We give in another place the speech made by Hon. George M. Dallas, at the celebration of the seventy-fourth anniversary of the adoption of the Federal constitution, at Philadelphia, on Tuesday last.—The fact that Mr. Dallas, who is now sixty-six years of age, and has served the Democratic Party as Vice President and in minor positions at home, and as minister to the most important courts abroad—served all his life in its ranks and is still unchanged—should give his words great weight with those who have been his followers. He has been said to sympathize somewhat with the rebels; we are glad of this noble denial of any lack of sympathy with those who are aiming at the destruction of our Government. His words are the evidence of an old man, who has outlived ambition, and now, when to save a constitution that has been his pride at home and in foreign lands, is threatened with destruction, he raises his voice in testimony of its greatness and in its defence.—We recommend his words to men of all parties, whom he would now unite as one, to put down the wretches who are striving for our country's, indifferent as to what becomes of the Government our fathers so grandly struggled to establish, and which has been the admiration of freemen the world over. Here is a summary, compact and consequence in the old man's words, but the plain, simple facts and arguments he presents will reach all minds, and we hope may not be without great weight.

CALIFORNIA NEWS.—We have news from California to the 10th inst. The election in this State has resulted in the election of the Republican State ticket. Stanford, Republican, for Governor, has 52,000; Bid Conroe, Union Democrat, and McConnell, Breckinridge, about 27,000 each, so far as heard from. Both branches of the Legislature will be strongly Republican. The market is generally healthy, without important sales. There is every prospect of an early and profitable fall trade. Several vessels, owned by Southerners have been seized by the United States Marshal.

Emigrants from Texas report large numbers leaving there for California, who are sick of secession. There is no security for life or property against the Indians or secessionists. All the Union men are disarmed and powerless, but there are large numbers of them, and, if they had arms and assistance from the Government, would forge the secessionists a terrible retribution. There are many on the road to California. It is estimated that the number of emigrants across the plains this year will reach from 25,000 to 30,000.

KENTUCKY.—The resolution passed by the Legislature of Kentucky, requesting Gen. Anderson to take command of the Union forces in the State, was vetoed by Gov. Magoffin. The House, however, came to the rescue, and passed the bill over the Governor's veto; and it is now safe. More troops have been sent from Louisville to Lebanon. In the western part of the State, the towns of Columbus, Hickman and Mayfield, are the only points known to be in the possession of the rebels under Gen. A. S. Johnston, who has superseded Ruby Pyke in the command of the Confederate army on the Mississippi. W. N. Haldeman, the principal proprietor of the *Courier* which was stopped by order of Government, publishes a card in the *Journal* requesting a medical exam in of the conduct against the publication of the *Courier*, and agreeing to avoid the publication of matter prejudicial to the Federal Government, and to be loyal to that Government, while Kentucky remains in the Union.

BOGUS CONGRESSMEN.—The advices from Washington state that Foster and some other individuals, who aver that they have been elected members of Congress from North Carolina, are impostors, and have not been near that State since last March or April. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says one of these is an ex-pedler from Boston, from Murfreesboro', N. C., who attempted to get hold of the pay and mileage of a member of Congress last winter, and whose case was summarily disposed of by the Election Committee. We have thought all along that people have been too willing to swallow the stories about Congressional elections in North Carolina and Tennessee without the necessities knowing it, has never seemed probable to us.

A POISONING CASE IN WINCHENDON.—At Winchendon, Mass., on Saturday forenoon, 14th inst., three members of a family residing in that town—Mr. or Levi Page, aged about 75 years, and two of his middle aged daughters, one of whom is the wife of Mr. George Hartwell—alleged because alarmingly ill without any apparent cause. Mr. Hartwell went for a physician, who found Mrs. Page dead, and Miss Page and Mrs. Hartwell suffering severely. It having been proved that Hartwell had purchased ratsbane on Friday, he has confessed to his brother and the jailor that he mixed some with the fish and potatoes which the three persons named ate for breakfast. He waived examination, and was committed for trial.

THE SEXT.—The Twenty-Second Massachusetts Regiment, Col Henry Wilson, will leave for the seat of war on Tuesday or Wednesday of next week, with ten full companies of infantry, Capt Follett's light battery, and a company of sharpshooters, armed with Kentucky rifles.

HON. GEORGE M. DALLAS ON THE REBELLION.

There are epochs of trial in the history of every country, which it becomes intelligible to the general safety, order, and honor that there should be unanimity of sentiment and patriotism. We have met with upon such an epoch, and if the essential unanimity or strong zeal it can be obtained, the epoch, however laden with fruits of bitterness and anguish, will shortly pass away: if otherwise, then, indeed, it will be as impossible to see the distant end as to fathom the dark depth of our calamities.

Can there be anything on which we should so harmoniously and so generally cooperate as in maintaining the Constitution? Even before, American differences as to that instrument have been those of mere interpretation, often subtle and most strident, but always practicable of disposal. Now, however, we are required to abandon, give up, surrender, abolish the Constitution altogether—to reduce to dead letter its clearest clauses—to forge its crowning product, the Union, and to accept in its stead something crudely fashioned by avowedly exasperated and unfriendly hands!

We can't do that, and I will try to tell you why.

Taking for granted, fellow citizens, the absolute necessity of some form of government, but an existing fundamental charter has virtually become the test of time and talent, of steady operation for seventy two years, drew to it the homage of universal admiration. No wonder, for it was the offspring of the wisest and purest deliberative congress the world has ever seen, and its rich fruits of human prosperity, happiness, strength, and glory have, in increasing progression, riveted the astonished gaze and awakened the yearning sympathies of men everywhere.

Its unique great date when Washington first took the oath of office as President, April 30, 1789, down to a very recent period, what purpose contemplated by the sages who made it has the Constitution failed to fulfil? Not one. Those purposes, so enumerated in the preamble, were "to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare and secure the blessings of liberty?" A summary, compact and comprehensive, including all the aims which a nation of the highest order could hope to achieve. Amid the countless and unavoidable vicissitudes of human affairs every dangerous ordeal had been met and passed—foreign war, domestic insurrection, financial panic and revulsion, corrupt conspiracy and factious strife, but all successively proved its efficacy; while its beneficient influence was developed in vast accessions of States, Territories and inhabitants, in the boundless spread of industry, education, and comfort, and by the unimpeded enjoyment and exercise of legal rights.

A constitution founded upon considerations connected with the genius, pursuits, wants, prospects, and even the climate of a numerous people, is always designed to be permanent. It is unalienable or at least irrevocable only after measured care and in the manner prescribed within itself—and therefore, the original formation of a constitution is confided to the best intellects, soundest hearts, and most enlarged experience; and hence, too, it is that so important an arrangement—fixing and finishing the result of social and political being for all time—it once adequately tried, and found in every respect appropriate, must be clung to with affectionate consistency and reverence. No casual disturbance of the political elements, no quick impatient an arrangement—fixing and fashioning the roots

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction, in testimonial to you the efficacy of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I remembered losing your address in January, 1856, since which time Restorative has been without a bottle on hand—I have recommended the use, my hair was quite Worthy of at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks more there was not a gray hair to be found, since then have been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month; my hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not consider it necessary to mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, only to state that I have used it, and do, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even now wonderfully distributed out the Union. I have occasioned my time in traveling the greater part of the time for the three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people (a) have pronounced it a humbug; seeing they had used it and without effect. In every case, where it was used it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had obtained some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price; and in every case two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no recreative; how there is not a law to stop it has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, none of these charlatans have not brains enough to warn an advertisement, or I sooner they have expect years, and after having several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past few years, seen and talked with many persons in St. Louis and others who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for 15 above, and have completed head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I could be sure you, personally, at your original and place of business, but, unfortunately you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,026, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 29, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I certify you with pleasure that I have been entirely restored to the benefit of. I was a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For several years past my hair was thin and becoming considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and dry. I had also a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed that there was some fiction that truth in them; but after trying a short time I found that it was possible, restored my original color and thickness, as was known by many of my friends. I, therefore, would make the statement, and refer to any one of your many friends, or, if you desire, to me. I am, dear sir, yours truly,

JOHN STEVENS.

To whom the above is personally known.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally. Depot, No. 308 Broadway, New York.

It remains longer to tell.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally.

Depot, No. 308 Broadway, New York.

It remains longer to tell.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

Lowell, April 19, 1860. ap20dly

FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR,

TEN tons Super Phosphate and Super Phosphate of Lime.

5 tons Bone Dust.

5 " Peruvian Guano.

5 " Poudrette.

Also, a large assortment of Grass Seeds, Plaster, Salt, Wheat, Seed Oats, Rye, Corn, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian, Red Top, Timothy, &c.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES—Four inches with long handle, Sash Brushes, Counter Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Comb Brushes, Shaving Brushes, and a *Fine Assortment* of Fancy Brushes, for sale by

J. KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John streets.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

Dr. Marsh's Infallible Remedy

FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

THIS remedy is offered to the public with the confidence that it will relieve the most distressing cases of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Its wonderful power in curing these diseases has never been equalled by any other medicine. Many of the most eminent physicians have given it their sanction, and it has been used in the practice of the most skilful with unfailing success. Many of the most astonishing cures have been made by it that ever were known of any medicine. Even cases that have baffled the skill of physicians for years have yielded to its wonderful power. Indeed, so certain are its effects, that we feel warranted in saying to all who are afflicted, that if they will but give it a fair trial, they will be convinced that it has no equal in the whole range of medicine.

Prepared by DR. MARSH, No. 120 Spring street, New York.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

Kinney's Linseed Oil.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Set of, and Britannia Ware, &c., the article is invaluable. Try it. Sold by the gallon *cheap*, and a great saving to other. Trade, how much you use of it, and you will find that it is equal to any sent here discovered, for the purpose.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the American Eye. Call and see them. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYES, 45 Merrimack st.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

VINE PROTECTORS.

AS cautions artists. They not only protect the vine from the ravages of the fly, but also from the violence of wind and rain and hail. Also, for sale by H. S. HAYES, 45 Merrimack st.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

Curtain Fixtures.

BAILEY'S Patent, the best and cheapest now found in the market, for sale by

H. S. HAYES,
45 Merrimack st.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS to Webb's Pocket Magazines, Periodicals, &c., that they have taken them at my new Bookstore, No. 57 Merrimack street, hereafter at my new Bookstore, No. 57 Merrimack street.

As I wish to dispose of my old stock of Periodicals, Magazines, &c., at cost, I shall continue to sell at cost, or less, for a few days after the old stand, No. 13 Central st.

J. MERRILL.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for cleaning Paint, Glass, Oil Cloth, Marble, Mirror Frames, Fine Window Glass and Carriage Mouldings. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Merrimack streets.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

SOMETHING NEW.

H. PAYNES has just received CHILD'S PATENT ANTI-MOTION CHAIRS. These chairs, recommended, and taken the place of a *Rocker*, and for sale by H. PAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack st.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete article for the toilet. Also, for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Pumice, Shaving Soaps, Cocoa Nut Oil, Castile, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heater,

USED on any gas burner, just received and for sale by H. S. HAYES.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. PAYNES has just received a Patent *Polish for Furniture Bottle*, for any scented or unscented, which is a new article, and the best kind ever introduced. Housekeepers and manufacturers will find it to their advantage by using one bit of this Polish will go as far as a dozen bottles of the common kind. Also, for sale by H. PAYNES, 45 Merrimack st. Please call and examine this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Store room, 45 Merrimack st.

Lowell, April 19, 1861. ap20dly

(Copyright secured.)

THE Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to all other of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in the cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is put up in large observations. It is taken *just before* each monthly period, and it is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil consequences. Thirty seven incredible, but it is *fail to any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—

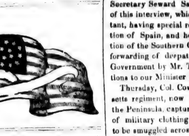
☞ It is prompt in effect of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely sealed, to all parts of the country.

Price—No. 1 Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5. Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Sent

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, Sept. 23, 1861.



The *Lawrence American* is perfectly willing that everybody in the State should vote the Republican ticket this fall. In commenting on the doings of the Worcester convention, last week, it says, "the action of the Democratic party was a singular commentary on their numerous and repeated cries of no-party, and professed desire for Union." If the Democratic party had been governed by the course of the *American*, it could have done no less than nominate a strictly party ticket; only week before last that paper advocated the renomination of the present State officers, suggesting the name of a prominent Republican for Lieutenant Governor. Is this the way to encourage our opponents not to make nominations? This week, after having proposed a straight Republican ticket, and after the Democrats have made their nominations, the *American* says—"for the sake of its immense moral influence upon the country, we hoped that the voters of Massachusetts might have gone to the polls in the coming election, in one solid, undivisible phalanx, with the united ticket and united purpose of patriotism."

Now, we don't like this kind of talk — We have from the first been ready to break down old party lines in this State and everywhere else, and join our forces with those who are ready to do battle against the rebels. We are not for asking our late opponents to vote for our men while refusing to vote for theirs. There is no occasion for us to insist on nominating those but tried Republicans; nobody is discussing the principles of the old parties, every party is now known for its views; party platforms have been blown away — So far as we have observed, the call for "no party," has not come more from our former political opponents than our own ranks; it should come from both. If we are to talk one thing and do another, faith in the pretensions of the Republican Party will soon be very limited. The Republican press of the State, and many of the leading men in the party, have advocated the setting aside of political opinions in our State Convention; there were many more reasons for adhering to this policy than now; and the action of our Democratic friends at Worcester (which is not warmly endorsed by the press or people anywhere) should not have a feather's weight with us. We believe with the *Boston Post* (which, by the way, is not at all reconciled to the action of the party convention last week) that "there never has been a time in the history of our glorious republic, when all true, patriotic and loyal citizens were more imperatively called upon to sacrifice all party organizations and platforms on the altar of patriotism, and rally as one united band of brothers, under the constitution and the Union, and crush out rebellion: ..... We believe the salvation of the nation requires forbearance — the sacrifice of prejudice and party ambition, and all feeling and action that can possibly embarrass the power prosecuting the war, and that peace can only be secured by a union of sentiment and effort in the loyal States that will convince the rebels they never can receive a glimmer of sympathy in their treason beyond their own borders."

If small politicians have big axes to grind this year, we hope the people will thrust them aside. For one we are not disposed to accommodate them. We are willing to give and also willing to take, and we cannot be made to see that nominating a party ticket will enlarge our own ranks, or strengthen the Union resting in the State.

THE UNION FEELING AT THE SOUTH.—A Washington correspondent of the *New York Post* says the authorities at the seat of Government are "constantly in receipt of letters from wealthy and distinguished men in the South, who assure them that as soon as the United States troops appear in sufficient force to give them adequate protection, they will break ground and rise in support of the Union." At present they have no arms, no private intercourse with each other, no nucleus. The reign of terror is supreme, and they are afraid even of assassination. When the tenor of our recent letters from Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, North Carolina, Alabama and Georgia, is known. The materials for a decided reaction are ready, and a vast majority of the people of the South are sighing for the return of the happy days of the republic."

SINGULAR. A horse belonging to Mr. John Hovey, in this town, lost his tail one day last week in a most singular manner. The animal was attached to a cart, and on reaching the barn at the proper time, the whip was applied; when he reared up, clearing his hitching sufficiently high over the post, to permit it to come to the ground. The lower part was black and parted with none of its usefulness, although had greatly destroyed the member.—*Andover Advertiser.*

A REBEL FUNERAL. A funeral attempting to cross the long bridge from the Arlington and shores of the Potomac, one of the sentinels took it upon himself to make examination, and found instead of a corpse, a coffin full of muskets and ammunition! The hearse and horses were captured, but the attendants escaped.

WORK has been re-commenced upon the new Treasury building and the dome of the capitol at Washington.

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

From Washington and vicinity. The Spanish minister had an interview with Secretary Seward Saturday. The result of this interview, which was highly important, having special reference to the position of Spain, and her probable recognition of the Southern Confederacy, was the forwarding of despatches to the Spanish Government by Mr. Tassara, and instructions to our Minister by Secretary Seward.

Thursday, Col. Cowdin's 1st Massachusetts regiment, now performing duty on the Peninsula, captured two wagon loads of military clothing, arms, &c., destined to be smuggled across the Potomac for the use of the rebels. The seizure was made about 15 miles from Leonardstown, Md.

Some slight skirmishes are reported to have taken place in the vicinity of Gen. Banks' column, though nothing of any very great importance.

A young man, just escaped from the rebel army says that Beauregard has 185,000 men at Manassas and vicinity. Another deserter says Beauregard has promised the North and South Carolina regiments that they shall be led to battle before the 1st of October or be permitted to go home.

The *New York News* special Washington dispatch says—It is generally conceded that there will be a battle shortly at our instance. There is no immediate probability that such will be the case. It is not supposed at Richmond that the rebels will make the first attack.

A report reached Chicago yesterday that Col. Mulligan's force was compelled to surrender to superior numbers on Friday morning after four days' fighting. His loss was reported at 800 or 900, while the rebel loss is some 3000 or 4000. The report is not believed and another report received which says that the Federals are still flying over Mulligan's quarters Saturday morning, and reinforcements are reaching him from all directions.

Gov. Gamble has called the Convention together to meet at St. Louis, on the 10th of October.

The *Richmond Examiner* and Whig of a late date contain articles showing that much dissatisfaction exists in the South in regard to the officers of the Southern Confederacy.

Kentucky. Gov. Magoffin has issued his proclamation ordering Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden to execute the act of the Legislature to expel the rebel invaders. Gen. Crittenden has ordered the military to muster, forthwith, into service.

The following proclamation has been issued:—

KENTUCKIANS—Called by the Legislature of this my native State, I hereby assume command of this department. I come to enforce, not to make laws; and, God willing, to protect your property and your lives. The enemies of the country have dared to invade our soil. Kentucky is in danger. She has vainly striven to keep peace with her neighbor. Our State is now invaded by those who professed to be her friends, but who now seek to conquer her. No true son of Kentucky can longer hesitate as to his duty to his State and country. The invaders must, and God willing, will be expelled. The leader of the hostile forces has proclaimed that I regret to say, a Kentuckian making war on Kentucky and Kentuckians. Let all party differences of opinion be overlooked. Every one who rallies to the support of the Union and / or State is a friend. Rally, then, my countrymen, around the flag our fathers loved, and which has shielded us for so long. I call you to arms for self-defence and for the protection of all that is dear to freemen. Let no traitor's blood and do our duty as did our fathers.

(Signed) ROBERT ANDERSON,
Brigadier General, U. S. A.

Bowling Green is reported to be in the hands of 7000 to 8000 rebel troops. Six cannon and 2000 men were sent to Gen. Roger W. Hanson, rebel commander on Green River.

A skirmish took place between the Home Guard and some of Gen. Zollicoffer's men at Barbourville on Thursday, and several rebels and one horse were killed. One of the Home Guards was taken prisoner.

A party of 150 men have gone to Salt River (a locality well known to fugitive politicians) to prevent the transmission of contraband goods to the South. A large number of troops have arrived at Louisville from the North, and have been enthusiastically received. Gov. Morton, of Indiana, has ordered the Home Guards and regiments on the border, to hold themselves in readiness. It is further added that 10,000 additional troops could leave that State in twenty-four hours.

Missouri. A battle is rep rted to have occurred on the 12th at Blue Mills, Clay County, between the Third Regiment of Iowa volunteers, Lieut. Col. Scott and a body of 3000 rebels, which continued an hour and a half. The Iowa regiment was about to retire, when the rebels retreated and crossed the river in time to fall into the hands of Gen. Lane's brigade, 4000 strong, who were on the marching to the force Col. Mulligan. The Unionists captured 700 or 800 and killed 200. The rebels fled and crossed the river, when the Iowa regiment started in pursuit. In the first encounter, the Iowans lost 19 killed and 30 wounded. Ten or twelve rebel prisoners were brought into Quincy from St. Mary's on Saturday, two or three of whom are known to have been concerned in the burning of the Platte bridge a few weeks since.

DISTINGUISHED FOREIGNERS IN THE FEDERAL ARMY. It is reported that the military department has accepted the services of the Count De Paris and Duc De Chartres. They probably enter Gen. McClellan's staff. The young Count De Chambrun, son of the Prince De Joinville, enters the U. S. Naval Academy. He is 16 years old.

Major Beaumesnil, late Aid-de-Camp to Garibaldi, has been commissioned in the military. Prince Salm Salm, of Prussia, has been appointed a Colonel in the Kentucky cavalry. Lieut. Col. John Pizarro de Courcy, of the English army in the Crimea; Lieut. Oscar Brendercr, of Prussia; Captain Vegesack and Holtman, of Sweden, have also received commissions in our armies, they having brought the highest testimonials to the American authorities, which are vouched for by the resident foreign ministers at Washington.

MR. SEWARD AND THE TIMES CORRESPONDENT. Hon. W. H. Seward has published the following letter, in reply to the many complaints that have been sent him concerning the misrepresentations of American affairs by Mr. Russell, the correspondent of the *London Times*. It is one of the most cutting things we have seen, and shows that great as is "our own" in the estimation of himself and his employees, he has not in the least disturbed the Administration by his misrepresentations.—

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, September 4, 1861.

Many intelligent and patriotic citizens have applied to me by memorial asking the attention of the Government to what they represent as treasonable matter contained in a letter bearing the date of Washington, July 30th, and published in the *London Times*, and they express their conviction that the statements made in that communication are untrue, and that it is the design of the writer to bring the credit and character of the Government into disrepute in foreign countries.

It has been a habit of the Government of the United States to take no notice of representations, however obnoxious, made by the citizens

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir.* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to testify to you the beneficial effect of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, during which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since been perfectly free and glossy, and my scalp entirely free from dandruff. I do not consider it of sufficient merit to call for any particular statement of this kind, but as you have applied for it, I have given it with pleasure, as I am well aware from my own experience, as well as from others, that such a remedy is a great desideratum.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures eruptions, scurfiness, and prevents the hair falling off. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these, and at the same time we have from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unexceptionable character. Don't you tell you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new thing we see in a nine-days' wonder, but we take pleasure in saying that Professor Wood's article is a decided success, failing off or turning gray. We have used it ourselves, Finley Johnson, Esq., has regularly used the article for a number of years, and is ready with us in speaking of its virtues. Let sixty and bald heads still be in fair to show it.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

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Ep'au Ne'ole.—This beverage will be found all that is claimed for it. Sold by druggists generally.

Medicines.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the FRONT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Sermons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Programmes,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, a white or many colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of print our fans and blanks, for Boot and Shoe Dealers, and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—on packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. WIISE, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, SUMMER, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Sold by MOSES HEWES, 377 Washington Street, Stack Co., Q. "The Bitters are prized by every lover of good wine, as a delightful, appetizing and tonic compound."

Sold by S. R. HALL & CO., Commercial st. in Wilmington, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction, and are those very kind of Bitters that the debilitated prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieves me, and I can recommend it with great confidence to those of its merits."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He recommends them with great success, and with them made several instances which accomplishes it in preference, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Union Democrat.*

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Medicines.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and positive effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very remedy known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction from *any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is also invaluable for females *not taken ill before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail on any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 MOTTLES

have been sold within *eighteen months without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full strength, $10; Half strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

This Emmenagogue Indian Medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that is warranted as represented in every instance, or the price will be refunded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR THE CURE OF ALL DISEASES, No. 24 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr. M. has devoted more than the usual time and attention to the treatment of all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by which he has been enabled, in the many years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely packed from observation, to all parts of the United States Also, accommodations for those who wish to board while under treatment. *Patient, with good care until restored to health.*

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Thousand persons* have been led astray to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, by those who pay to be puffed. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who can least afford to lose it, and who *paid they can never tell it back*, and they are compelled to suffer in silence. The object of *daring to expose the cheat for fear of exposing themselves.* All this comes from thinking, *without inquiry*, to men who are alike destitute of honor, character and skill. *Before you purchase any* medicine in their own false and extravagant assertions, *make inquiry*.—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets, for, as advertising physicians is the easiest road to notoriety, it is the usual road to the trusting *any of them*, unless you know who and what they are.

If Dr. M. will send PAMPHLETS, by enclosing one stamp to pay postage, on the following DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, to the following address, viz: *Inflammation, with the most wonderful references and testimonials*, from the most eminent physician or medicine of this kind is deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE. Dr. M. WARNER, M. D.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. M. WARNER, as above.

August 2, 1861. aug5d&1y

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES,

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or pattern. Also keeps engravings good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Frames.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24d1

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

11 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. 6tf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FOOD,
FEED, GRAIN &c.

F A R M E R S
P L E A S E
C A L L
A T
F E D G I N ' S
G R A I N
S T O R E

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEALAND for sale at the Grain Store, corner Merrimack and Dutton streets. Also a fine article of Corn Meal, both white and yellow, constantly on hand and for sale by SAM'L P. WOOD, 45 Merrimack st.

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. Strengthening—Beautifying—For elfinacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes the healthful and vigorous growth, and restores it in many cases.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It will keep the hair in any climate.

It softens the natural lustre

It removes dandruff, and cleanses the scalp from all impurities.

It costs 25 cents for a bottle of sufficient size to last a month.

For sale by SAM'L KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

FARMERS.

TWO hogs for sale by the subscriber, Inquire of Thomas Mayo No. 1 Draper Tenement of Lime; Also a few bushels of Potatoes of the genuine Jackson White variety. Also, a few bushels of Potatoes of the genuine Early Rose variety. Also, &c. &c.

SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
sep19dtf

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW Brushes, Floor Brushes with long Handles, Scrub Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Clothes Brushes, and a great many other kinds, for sale low by SAM'L KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack s

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,812,158.80
Dividends paid to date, 1,550,000.00
Losses paid, 2,617,903.55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulations fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many points why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks ordered by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Rockaway City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively by the Insurance of Lives.

The Company is in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay one-half Cash, Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for the whole term of life may be paid once for all, if desired, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes need not be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to and the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, or by Notes, bearing interest, can be declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most favorable mortality tables extant.

This Company has now the large number of 7174 Policies in force, and is rapidly increasing. Many persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds or the insured must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should add by attendance and acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company has never declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Applications for insurance may be made to

S. D. CLARK,
No. 25 Central and 37 Merrimack st.
Agent.
mar4 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve is a sure cure for all sores, and will heal the most part of the world's intelligence. It is truly a wonderful thing as an Ointment.

It overcomes bruises and punishing sores. It removes the tumor, and the inflammation with it.

It causes the crying of the tender breast to cease, and heals the nipple.

It draws the inflammation of from his cruise, when bowed down with rheumatism.

It relieves the tortured sufferer from her confinement.

It dismisses and cures the scalp of the sanity head-ache.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the fire of the pitted and pimpled.

It moderates corns.

It is surely against colds.

It cures all kinds of cancers.

It corrects and destroys inflammations, and does it without pain.

It cures the fever sore.

Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of poor corns and chilblains.

For all grievous sores it is the best.

For chafing it wears weather out it.

For scalds it is a sure remedy.

For all sores it is the best.

For salt rheum and bitter sore use it.

Whitten's Golden Salve, north, south, east, and west in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is the best remedy for all sores. The Golden Salve is being applied.

Whitten's Golden Salve is applied. It has the highest recommendations from the most eminent of the profession and from the laborious mechanics, merchants, and farmers. It is the best recommended by persons and women as a real and extraordinary. And it is the best for all sores. It is the best for all sores. It is the best for all sores.

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Ep'au Ne'ole.—This beverage will be found all that is claimed for it. Sold by druggists generally.

Medicines.

AMOS SANBORN
Has recent large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF EVERY SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SPECTACLES, FENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, JEWELRY CASES, ETC.
PENCILS, RULES, PAPER AND CHASE
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*will be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.

Ladies' Hair Dressing, carefully repaired and warranted.

EMBROIDERING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dec31tf

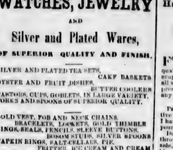
H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,

Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.

The above assortment comprises many new and desirable patterns, not to be found elsewhere than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at

45 Merrimack Street,
mh13 (Near the Post Office.)



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of

COMMON WARE,

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best manufactories in this country.

KEROSENE, MIDE, BRASS, JAPANNED AND HANDLED LAMPS,

of every variety, from the best Factories in Hells, Chimbles, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Lamp Trimmings always on hand and for sale at reserve at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the purest quality, which I will sell at Boston prices in quantities to suit purchasers

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Buck Handled Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE.

Of common, medium, and superior qualities, always on hand, and constantly for sale at low prices.

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For all grievous sores it is the best.

For chafing it wears weather out it.

For scalds it is a sure remedy.

For all sores it is the best.

For salt rheum and bitter sore use it.

Whitten's Golden Salve, north, south, east, and west in distant climes, its virtues are acknowledged. The Golden Salve is the best remedy for all sores. The Golden Salve is being applied.

Whitten's Golden Salve is applied. It has the highest recommendations from the most eminent of the profession and from the laborious mechanics, merchants, and farmers. It is the best recommended by persons and women as a real and extraordinary. And it is the best for all sores. It is the best for all sores. It is the best for all sores.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

NOE Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest rank as well as none, give in their unsolicited testimony in favor of this remedy. Its cures are literally numerous, and in all cases of Scrofula and Scrofulous humors, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Boils, Tumors, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Blood Poisons, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the blood, from the effects of which my hair was finally coming out, and my head was nearly bald. From the use of three bottles of this remedy, however, my hair has grown a new growth, and is now restored to its former color and beauty, completely covering my head. I have also used it in my family for Scrofula, and other humors, with the most perfect success.

Prof. J. J. Woods' Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have used it myself, and have found it to be a very valuable remedy. I have also used it in my family for Scrofula, and other humors, with the most perfect success.

Having been a constant sufferer from Rheumatism for eighteen months, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without satisfaction until I was induced to try Dr. Baxter's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am happy to say I am entirely cured.

D. B. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 8 Augusta Block, Portland, Me.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for years, and could get no relief from any one to be benefited, except by those skilled in the profession. I have used one bottle of Dr. Baxter's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured.

Paul Street House, Boston.

"Gardner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is a sovereign remedy for all rheumatic affections. I have used it myself, and have also prescribed it in my practice, and have found it to be a most valuable remedy.

Myron Colby, M. D., Lowell.

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Having been a constant sufferer from Rheumatism for eighteen months

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, Sept. 24, 1861.

WAR MEETING IN BOSTON LAST EVENING. In response to an invitation of many prominent citizens of Boston and vicinity, Col. Thomas F. Meagher addressed a public meeting at Music Hall, Boston, last evening. The attendance was very large, and hundreds were unable to gain admittance to the hall. Gov. Andrew presided, and introduced to the audience Col. Meagher, whose speech, which followed, was a brilliant and patriotic one, receiving the most enthusiastic applause from all sides. He was very severe on those who are crying out for peace at this time. We make a single extract on this point of his remarks, when we would give up much space to quotations from Col. Meagher's speech.—

"Peace! peace! when the ships bearing that flag which no foreign enemy ever insulted without redress being demanded and obtained—have been taken into the rebel ports as prizes, or burned and sunk! Peace!—when forts which would have been impregnable to any force but that of Satan have been captured! Peace!—when mints which, in other countries, would have had armed guards at their doors to protect them from the suspected people, have been broken into and coolly carried off! Peace!—when our custom-houses have been ransacked! Peace! when the insolence increases from commerce that Maine, Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania have sent forth upon the high seas have been overhauled and their crews carried into port although they were pirates, instead of having been laid violent hands upon them! The government that would counsel peace at such a moment, under such circumstances, and such a load of ills not upon its head, with such a harvest of shame to thwart—such a government would indeed deserve to perish!

But where comes this cry of peace?—It comes from conspirators at the North, in secret league with the most formal and outrageous re-sonists at the South. Who are they? Nobody will accuse me of unfairly supporting the Democratic party—On the two occasions when I have had the honor, as a citizen, of supporting my vote in a Presidential election. It has been recorded for the Democratic candidate.—Upon all occasions, I have been identified with that party, and probably when we shall resume our former position of political strife, (if it is not an Irishism to make use of such a phrase,) I shall vote as I have hitherto done. But now, I am no Democrat. Of me, at all events, it shall not be said, when upon my grave, should I fall in this cause, as was said of an illustrious countryman of mine "—He gave up to party what was meant for mankind."

The New York Herald contains a statement of the strength of the rebel forces in the field, and the male population of the seceding States, between the ages of 18 and 45. The latter class numbers 1,116,000. A levy of one out of four would give an army of 279,270. Official accounts show that the States of Georgia, North Carolina and Louisiana, have in active service less than one in six of the males of the class above stated. If we add to this the large estimate of rebel soldiers (279,270), the following amounts as the quota of the non-seceded slave States, viz.:—Missouri 20,000, Kentucky 5,000, Maryland 8000, we shall have an aggregate of 292,270 soldiers in the service of the bogus confederacy, with the main body, or more than half their number, on the Potomac, and the remainder scattered at different points in Virginia on the seacoast, and on the Mississippi River.

WHO IS TO BE ARRESTED? Captain George A. Kemp, of Co. B, Stone, by order from Washington, is now at Fort Warren preparing quarters for a one hundred political prisoners and a guard of five hundred men, one hundred to be furnished by Massachusetts. It is not known where the prisoners are to come from, or who they are. The *Boston Traveller* says:—"Would it not be a good way to put a stop to the ultra Republicans should be sent to the new State Union, about to be established at Fort Warren, by the United States Government? One was heard to declare, within a few days, that the war was now carried on in defence of slavery, and he hoped the rebels would drive Rosecrans out of Western Virginia, and put down the Union men of Kentucky." He is a "candidate."

WHERE TO GET COTTON. Waterman Cliff, of Mystic, C., who has recently returned from Apalachicola, Florida, where he had been engaged in ginning for many years, says that there are over ten thousand bales of cotton lying at that port awaiting shipment. He thinks that one or two armed vessels with a few men-of-war could land at St. Joseph's, which is about fifteen miles off, march over and take the cotton, and in a few hours transfer it to lighters, and from thence on board of vessels which could be in readiness. Thus the government could gain a snug little sum, as the cotton could find a ready market at twenty-two cents per pound.

INTERESTING TO DRY GOODS DEALERS AND HUSBANDS. A lawsuit was decided a few days ago, at Buffalo, N. Y., of no little importance. A gentleman who refused to pay a bill of $112 for rich dresses and nicknacks furnished his wife, was sued. The husband's defence was that he never ordered the articles, he never received them, and their purchase was extravagant for a woman married to a man in his circumstances. The jury considered the defence a sound one, and gave a verdict to the husband. Dry goods dealers must look out how they excite female vanity, and especially how they give credit for gay apparels.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

With the exception of the reported surrender of Col. Mulligan at Lexington, Mo., (not fully confirmed) there is but little news of importance to-day. A despatch received at Jefferson City, last Sunday night, says, the Federal troops at Lexington surrendered to the rebels on Friday afternoon for want of water. Ben. McCulloch was in Barton county, Monday last, marching on Lexington.

Gen. Prentiss' despatch to St. Louis, announcing the surrender of Col. Mulligan at Lexington says the Federal loss was 37 killed and 140 wounded. The rebel loss is supposed to be about 800 killed and wounded. The town of Lexington, Mo., is the capital of Lafayette county, and contains a population of about 5000. It is situated on the right bank of the Missouri river, 120 miles west of Jefferson City, and on the direct road for emigrants overland and to Santa Fe.

The reported fight between the rebels and Gen. Lane's Kansas Brigade is not credited. The account of the battle at Blue Mills, was gathered from official despatches, and therefore can be relied upon. It is supposed that Lane's Brigade has surrendered. Price and his men will move down the river, and unless checked or defeated, will attack Booneville, and then Jefferson City.

A despatch from Quincy, Ill., says that Mulligan has been released on parole, and was expected there last evening. He will remain until Gen. Fremont's orders are received.

Another fight. The Leavenworth Times says that a fight took place at Mariatown, Mo., on Tuesday, between 600 Federals, under Montgomery and Jennison, and 600 rebels, in which the latter were completely routed, with a loss of seven killed, and 100 horses and all their tents and supplies captured. Our loss was but two private killed and six wounded. Col. Johnson, while riding at the head of his command, was pierced with nine bullets. He died urging his men to fight for the stars and stripes.

Kentucky affairs. A battalion of rebel cavalry drove in Capt. Wilson's pickets on Sunday night on S-R River; four of the latter are missing. A Federal encampment has been established at Harrodsburg. They have arrested Twigg and Silvertooth, prominent secession representatives. Two hundred sets of arms from Gen. Buckner's army were arrested at Louisville yesterday morning. It is said that J. C. Breckinridge and Ben. Preston escaped from Frankfort through Monday night's delay, on Friday.

From Hannington. Washington specials state that Ross Winns was released yesterday from Fortress Monroe. It is supposed that he has taken the oath of allegiance. There is no truth in the report that Fremont is to be removed. The President especially contradicts the rumor. The War Department has no confirmation of the reported surrender of Lexington.

Southern news. 175,000 rebels are reported to be between Richmond and the Potomac. The force at Fairfax C. H. is a small. Beauregard and Johnston make it their headquarters. The rebels are generally well clad but not well fed or armed, and are beginning to suffer for want of it. Blankets are much needed and are unprocurable. The troops have no shoes except those brought from the South. The most of them are about used up.

A deserter from the rebel army reports that an advance will be made simultaneously at Nolan's Ferry, Alexandria, and a point between Aquia Creek and Mathias Point. The movement at Alexandria will probably be a feint. The informant held a high position in the rebel army and had the confidence of Beauregard. He is a native of Virginia. A Union woman residing at Lewinsville reports that there are not over 15 or 20,000 rebels in Fairfax County, which excludes Manassas. It is their intention to attempting a crossing somewhere on the upper Potomac. They had moved a large portion of their army to that vicinity, and hoped to cut off General Banks' division.

SOUTHERN MASONS DECLINE TO MEET IN CONVENTION. The Grand Lodge of Masons of Mississippi have declined the invitation to meet at Louisville, to concert measures for a peaceful settlement of all of our national troubles. In their letter to the P. G. M.'s of Kentucky, Ohio, and others, they say:—

"Your well meant attempt to make Free Masonry the means of reconciliation, the temple of it a political Union could only result, even, if the meeting which invite us were practicable, in introducing a discordant element, and just about where we may still meet as free and accepted Masons. The Grand Lodges if the United States are henceforth to us what the Grand Lodges of England and Holland are; nor can we, as Masons, too much congratulate ourselves that our relations to the former are not complicated by the existence of any general jurisdiction, such as has been sometimes proposed under the Grand Lodge of the United States.

We feel all the horrors of war as sensibly as our Northern brethren, and as all Masons are led by their principles to do. But believing that our countrymen are in no wise responsible for them, and fearing that even an effort for peace might at this time be regarded as a movement toward an impossible reconstruction of the American Union, we respectfully decline your request that we should meet with you at Louisville, Ky., to consult upon a plan for adjustment of the present difficulties."

A SUGGESTION TO THE GOVERNMENT. The recent trials of Col. Mulligan, at Lexington, Mo., to Gen. Price's summons to surrender, appears to have been unauthorized by any act of Congress, or even by any of the usages of civilized war, and for that reason, if for no other, would seem to be very reprehensible. It is to be hoped that it may not add to the difficulties of the "situation" by breeding dissensions in Congress, and in the public mind—although it is not impossible that the Commander-in-Chief may direct some modification of the reply, as having been extra-constitutional, and as tending to abridge if not totally defeat the operation of the writ of *habeas corpus*. The government, it is understood, has the question under discussion.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY. The October number of the *Atlantic* has been received from the publishers. The most noticeable of the articles are "My Friend's Library," by Hawthorne; "Concerning people of whom more might have been made," a capital essay by the Country Parson; "A Chapter on Panics," by Charles C. Hazewell—when somebody calls walking encyclopedia—showing that the Bull Run panic is not without many parallels; "Cyril Wilde," a story of tragic interest; "A Story of To-day," and an article by Dr. Holmes, which closes with the following fable. The poems are of the usual merit, which is not saying much for the *Atlantic*. Holmes and Whittier redeem it, otherwise in poetic merit, it would fall below more than one of our exchange papers. Adding that the *Atlantic* may be had at all the bookstores, we give the direct road for emigrants overland and to Santa Fe.

THE FROST-TEETH AND THE GRINDERS. Once on a time a molloy arose among the teeth of a worthy man, in good health and blessed with a sound constitution, commonly known as the Social Union. The cutting teeth, or *incisors*, and the eye teeth, or *canines*, though not exactly so many, although not so large, nor so strong as the grinders, and by no means so white, but, on the contrary, very much discolored, began to find fault with the grinders as not good enough company for them. The eye teeth were very sharp and fitted for seizing and tearing, and standing out taller than the rest, claimed to lead them.—Presently, one of them complained that it ached very badly, and then another and another. Very soon the cutting teeth, which pretended they were supplied by the jaw with more nerve, and were proud of it, began to ache also. They all agreed that it was the fault of the grinders.

The good it is time, Uncle Samuel having used his old tooth brush (which was never used but on the rest), undertook in the brisk the way of the Constitution and laws over every portion of the country, to put one decayed tooth after another. Very soon the cutting teeth, or *incisors*, fell out, and one additional delegate for every two hundred votes, and one for every fraction over one hundred votes, in each town or ward, according to the last census or enumeration. Convention to be holden at MECHANICS' HALL, in WORCESTER, on TUESDAY the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1861, AT TEN O'CLOCK, A. M., for the purpose of electing a candidate for Governor, to be voted for at the various State offices to be filled at the annual election, and of testifying to all loyal men throughout the country their sympathy and general purpose to maintain the free principles and democratic institutions inherited from our fathers, and thus secure a peace—the only one substantial and permanent, based upon a successful establishment of the supremacy of constitutional law.

The above we should think broad enough for all men to stand upon, with the possible exception of those who have already made a nomination—and traitors.

PRINCE JEROME IN LOWELL. Prince Jerome Napoleon and suite left Boston this forenoon at ten minutes past ten o'clock, in an extra train, reaching this city about twenty five minutes past eleven. It not being generally known at what hour he would arrive, there was not a very large crowd in and about the depot.

The Prince and Prince Clothilde were escorted to a horseshoe in waiting for them, and the remainder of the party were in carriages, the Duchess d'Abrantes coming first after the royal party. They were driven through the principal streets so as to get a view of the city.

The party visited Pawtucket Falls and other objects of interest in the city. They also visited the Hamilton Mills and Lawrence, and then passing an hour or two there will return to this city, whence they will go to Boston.

SUPERIOR COURT. In the action Stearns *vs.* Fellows, the jury found for the defendant.

Alger *vs.* City of Lowell, was put on trial yesterday, and will occupy nearly all of to-day. This action was brought by D. M. Alger, now deceased, and prosecuted by his widow as administratrix of the plaintiff, for injuries received by falling upon the sidewalk in Lowell Street, when the plaintiff was returning from the South Common after witnessing a public exhibition of fireworks, pompoosed from the fourth of July last year. At the commencing of the accident, on account of the shower. The allegation is that there was a defect in the sidewalk in a public street, with in the city, and the accident occurred to the defendant whereby he was injured. R. B. Caverly and A. R. Brown for the pliff ; T. H. Sweetser, City Solicitor, and Wm. H. Gardner for the city.

SHARPSHOOTERS. Gen. Butler has given Mr. Marsh A. Perry authority to raise a company of sharpshooters, and he has opened his headquarters at No. 33 Central Street, next to French's saloon, where either he or Mr. R. K. Reed who is to assist him, may be found at all hours of the day. Here is a chance for good marksmen to enroll their names in a company.

CHILD FOUND. Last evening, a child, apparently about twenty-four hours old, was found in front of No. 7 Appleton Corporation. It has been temporarily placed in charge of Mrs. Anne Curran, on South Street, in the rear of Churchill's store, and if not claimed by some one who has a better right, will be adopted by the city father.

"A WOODEN WEDDING" recently occurred at Great Barrington, Mass., at the residence of Wm. Stanley, on which occasion, silver and golden displays succumbed to the pressure of hard times, and every wooden thing that could be whittled or carved out figured as a chief portion of the presents.

The London correspondent of the *New York Commercial Advertiser*, writes as follows :—

"Of one thing you may be certain, namely, that all the reports and assertions put forth either in Northern or Southern journals about any intention on the part of England to attempt to break the blockade or to recognize the Southern confederacy in order to get the cotton crop, are sheer nonsense."

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION. The last exhibition commences this afternoon at Mechanics' Hall, and will continue this evening and to-morrow. The indications are that this show will be very large. There is a large display of flowers, and a splendid show of grapes. Fruit, particularly pears, are also abundant and fine looking. The ladies have contributed largely to the exhibition in the shape of needlework and fancy articles. The vegetable kingdom is well represented in the department set apart for it. The exhibition will far exceed any previous one of the season.

HARD RUBBER TRUSS. We have been shown a style of Hard Rubber Truss, the invention of J. W. Iggo, M. D., of New York. It is an article that has received the commendations of both scientific men and those who have tested its merit, and is beginning to be recognized as by far the best of the many articles for the same purpose that are in use. Messrs. Cutler & Walker, No. 48 Central Street, are about to establish a Truss and Bandage Institute at Lowell, and the agency for the first six months of July and August, and stored in the hooded warehouse. It appears that seven vessels, among which were the Columbia, Libertas, Mississippi and Virginia, left the port of New Orleans before the blockade of the Mississippi was established, and got safely to New York, etc. On arriving at the Southwest pass they were ordered off by the blockading squadron, and proceeded to Northern ports, where the consignees applied at the Custom House for permission to store the goods. They were told by Mr. Michael Hoffman, the first deputy collector of New York, that the goods could not be entered unless a consular certificate was produced, to show that the cargoes were not the property of parties residing in the Southern States. In this way the Custom House officials have succeeded in getting hold of goss, which were accordingly stored in the Custom House warehouses, until information could be received who the parties were that owned by secessionists. This information arrived last week, and notice thereof the goods were taken possession of. The consignees will have to prove that the goods are the property of French citizens, before they can be given up. In one or two cases this has been done, but in most instances the proof will be impossible. One vessel, the David, has gone to Philadelphia, where the cargo will probably be confiscated.

THE (ola) *Farmer's Almanac*, for 1862, has been sent us by the publishers, Swan, Brewer & Tileston, Boston. This Almanac has now been published for several years, and if old age is a recommendation, it is certainly old enough to speak its own praise.

NOT DEAD. The *Boston Saturday Evening Gazette* remarks—"The sympathizers with the secessionists in Maine are called 'copper heads.' The reason we suppose to be their frozen effrontery."

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 23.

$1 Boston and Providence Railroad 93
10 Eastern Railroad 94 1-4
10 Vermont and Canada Railroad 18
7 Mohkinett Horse Railroad 15
1 Lowell Bank 103
1 Nashua Manufacturing Company 90
$1000 United States Treasury Note 103

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York $2 25
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good for 10 days 3 00
Tickets for the West, North and Southwest, at the lowest rates.
Baggage checked through to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.
Agency for Goldsmith and Pennsylvania Express Co. for prompt delivery of packages.
Office at the Depot, Lowell.
Lowell, Sept. 19, 1861. 3w sept20

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to the customers that he has for sale at Jordan Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, a few copies of Webb's Book-keeping, which he will carry to any who may favor him with a call.

Others for sale at the above named place by Lowell or Boston dealers, will be promptly attended to. A. L. BOWERS.
Lowell, July 31, 1861. 1y sept3

FINKLE & LYON PARIDO MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this machine, which will be found. Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun 8 tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, S. W. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
H. Hosford, H. Wilkinson, Jr., Wm. Hall,
L. G. Howe, Edward Tufts, E. F. Sherman.
Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture & other risks. No assessment during the first year. Premium for seven years, Such surplus as $30,000.91, with deposit notes to the amount of $30,000, will be divided among the insured of this and future years, in proportion to premiums paid. A dividend has been declared for the year 1861, of 40 per cent. on premiums, with a substantial cash bonus.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT OF THE CASH assets are over $70,000. Dividends, losses and expenses have been promptly paid. Losses on property destroyed by fire in the city of Lowell, have been promptly paid in cash, and a bonus added, thereby securing to the insured the full value of their property.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 3 Prescott Block, (up stairs.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary.
C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. 3m jy19

Washington Coal,

For Sale, low for cash,
It kindles quicker,
It burns brighter,
It burns longer,
It contains more heat,
It produces less ashes,
Than any other kind of burning coal. And the ADVERTISER can be found at HOWARD'S COAL OFFICE, Central Street, Lowell, August, 1861. 1y aug31

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to fast grow in favor with the people, all Blotches and Liver Complaints Humors from a Pimple to the worst Scrofula, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs; Rheumatic Pains, Dyspepsia, Indigestion Weakness, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Female Irregularities, Fever and Ague, Fever Sores, Yellow Dock, Measles, Thorougwort, Cherry, Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Butternut, and others recently used with wonderful success in the cure of the above diseases. Prepared and sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by DR. JOHN LANGLEY & SON, Boston, Mass. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Pamphlets containing certificates from Lowell, Boston and other places, sent free to any address. Orders addressed to J. G. LANGLEY or GEO. C. GOODWIN & SON, Lowell, will receive prompt attention. J. G. LANGLEY, Jr. Agent, corner of Merrimack and Jackson streets. jy 19 3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye Known.

All others are mere pretenders and should be avoided. Sold and applied at

GREY FEDOR BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE instantly in a few minutes changes Red, Grey or Light Hair to a beautiful Brown or Black.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S DYE DIPLOMAS have been awarded to him by the American Institute in 1850, 1853, 1856 and 1859, which are sufficient guarantee to the public that his dyes are reliable. Sold and applied at No. 16 Astor House, Broadway, New York, and by druggists everywhere. Factory No. 81 Barclay, New York. 1y sept19

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE EQUAL TO, OR AS CHEAP AS
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE

Agents wanted in all unoccupied districts. Address HEIMSTREET & CO., Proprietors, Cincinnati, O. Sold by druggists everywhere. 1y sept19

MANHOOD
HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.

By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,
Author of "The Green Book, &c."

A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers.

Sent under seal, in plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,
127 BOWERY, New York.
Post Office Box 4586. 1y sept19

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice on the first discovery of the process by Dr. Goodyear, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are prepared to say that after a practice of more than four years, it has been and is now, a difference of opinion among the profession, as to its adaptation to the mouth, and the most skilful operators are using it in preference to gold, while it is not expensive. Those who have used it for years, and have had their mouths filled with it, are willing to testify to its many cures. It is growing in the popular favor every day, and we are willing to say that it is the most superior to everything else, but they assure the public that it is for the purpose of filling the teeth in this mode, and all others, that are equal to any that are inserted in the mouth by any dentist.

Rooms 4 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

The Great English Remedy.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a Prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

The Proprietor has held hundreds of testimonials to the virtues of SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS, which prove them to be a certain preventive particularism, but certain it is they are a safe and sure shield from many of the evils and painful dangerous diseases peculiar to our females. Nervousness, Hysterics, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Obstructions, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Head-ache, Fits, Whites, and all painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. *They are held to moderate severe and to remove obstructions*, from whatever cause. They are purely vegetable, and will not injure the most delicate constitution, except in the case of pregnancy.

N. B.—At no 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. 1yr sept19dsm

IN YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April 1860.
$353,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 56-100 per cent.

Premiums may be paid annually, quarterly, being first Home or Total Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Counsellor at Law, Lowell, Mass. jy 1 3m

Insurance.

Charter Oak Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Phœnix Fire Insurance Co., Brooklyn, New York.
Hartford Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Commercial Fire Insurance Co., Montreal, New York.
Atlantic Fire Insurance Co., Charlestown, Mass.
Mechanics' Fire Insurance Co., Brooklyn, New York.
Merchants' Fire Insurance Co., Newark, New Jersey.
Montauk Fire Insurance Co., Brooklyn, New York.
Metropolitan Fire Insurance Co., New York.
Monmouth Fire Insurance Co., Freehold, New Jersey.
Home Fire Insurance Co., New York.
Howard Fire Insurance Co., New York.
Ætna Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Continental Fire Insurance Co., New York.
Security Fire Insurance Co., New York.
Globe Fire Insurance Co., New York.
Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Middlesex Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Citizens' Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Manufacturers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Worcester Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Mechanics' Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Quinsigamond Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Commonwealth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Mutual Security Fire Insurance Co.
Mutual Protection Fire Insurance Co.
Mutual Benefit Fire Insurance Co.
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Mutual Marine Insurance Co.
Mutual Gas Light Insurance Co.
Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., New York.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Boston.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Worcester.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Springfield.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Albany.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Philadelphia.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Baltimore.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Cincinnati.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Chicago.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Milwaukie.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Detroit.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Cleveland.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Pittsburgh.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Wheeling.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Louisville.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., St. Louis.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Nashville.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Memphis.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., New Orleans.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Mobile.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Charleston.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Savannah.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Augusta.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Columbus.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Macon.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Atlanta.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Montgomery.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Selma.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Tuscaloosa.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Huntsville.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Florence.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Tuscumbia.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Decatur.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Gadsden.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Talladega.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Jacksonville.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Tallahassee.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Pensacola.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Apalachicola.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Natchez.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Vicksburg.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Jackson.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Little Rock.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Fort Smith.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Galveston.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Houston.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Austin.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., San Antonio.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Brownsville.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Corpus Christi.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Indianola.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Port Lavaca.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Matagorda.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Velasco.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Sabine Pass.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Orange.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Beaumont.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Liberty.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Anahuac.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Galveston.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Houston.
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Mutual Life Insurance Co., Brownsville.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Corpus Christi.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Indianola.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Port Lavaca.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Matagorda.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Velasco.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Sabine Pass.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Orange.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Beaumont.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Liberty.
Mutual Life Insurance Co., Anahuac.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1845.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms. Its capital is in a single fund, and is safely invested in the following manner:

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Stephen Golding,
Arthur F. Bonney, Walter Wright,
Josiah G. Abbott, Asa B. Marsh,
Benjamin Adams, Edward Brown.
Alonzo A. Miner,
Benjamin F. Butler,
Nathaniel P. Banks,
Nathan Allen, Treasurer.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, Lowell.
No. 25 Lawrence Block, Middle st., Lawrence.
April 1, 1861. 1yr

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$3,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other first class Companies. TOLL for insuring on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, will be taken for ONE OR FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 4 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell.
July, 1861. jy4

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 8, 1861. 1yr

IMPORTANT to FEMALES
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is the motto of the Proprietor in the preparation of this invaluable medicine, and its introduction to which he confidently invites the attention of females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the Prescription of DR. CHEESEMAN, late Physician to L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years been constantly before the public, and during that time has been recommended by thousands who have used it in every part of the United States, as the best remedy ever offered to the afflicted females, in removing the pains that at one time or other in life, are the lot of nearly all females. It is mild in its operation, and will not produce pain or sickness, unless directions are grossly violated. It is purely vegetable, and will not injure the most delicate constitution, except in the case of pregnancy, in which case it should never be taken. It is the only medicine ever made, that will cure a suppression of Menses in three days. Full directions in pamphlets, which should be carefully preserved by every one using the Pills.

Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. Price $1 per box.

Wholesale Agents for Lowell, SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.
New York Depot, 199 Broadway, New York.
Late 233 Bowery. 1y sept19

MANHOOD
HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.

By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,
Author of "The Green Book, &c."

A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers.

Sent under seal, in plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,
127 BOWERY, New York.
Post Office Box 4586. 1y sept19

LOWELL BANK.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the Lowell Bank, on TUESDAY, the 8th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

A dividend will be declared on the 8th inst.

J. L. ORDWAY, Cashier.
Lowell, Sept. 3, 1861. sept3dtoct8

FRAMINGHAM BANK.

THE Stockholders of the Framingham Bank are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be held at the Banking House in said Framingham, on MONDAY, the 7th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before them.

A dividend will be paid on the same day to the Stockholders or their legal representatives.

JOSEPH B. WARD, Cashier.
Framingham, Sept. 3, 1861. 3w sept5

"Lowell Steam and Gas Pipe Works."

K. R. BARKER, Proprietor,

MANUFACTURER, and wholesale and retail dealer in

WROUGHT IRON PIPE, STEAM AND GAS FITTINGS,

And FIXTURES of every description.

Gas Fixtures for Churches, &c., Lighted by Gas on reasonable terms.

Works ..... Foot Jackson st.
Store ..... No. 9 Central st.
Residence ..... Lowell, Mass.

jy 1 3m

SUDBURY AND STOW.

Assignees' and Mortgagees' Sale of Valuable Farm and Stock in Sudbury and Stow.

Privilege and Middlesex.

THE subscribers will sell on MONDAY, the 14th day of October next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises,

The valuable farm situated in Sudbury and Stow, on the road from Sudbury to Stow, about one mile from the latter town, and about three miles from the former, known as the Hosmer farm, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, about one half of which is wood land, and the remainder in a high state of cultivation, with a large dwelling house, barn, shed, &c., in good repair, and a never failing supply of water.

Also, a pertinent water power, newly refitted, and in good order for business, with a dam, flume, &c., in good repair, and a saw mill, with a shingle machine, and a grist mill, with two runs of stones and bolting apparatus, all in good repair.

Also, Leases and other small parcels of ingrain and other carpeting, a lot of furniture, and a lot of Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be offered at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash.

Also, a lot of Stock, consisting of one pair of oxen, one pair of steers, two cows, one heifer, one yearling, one horse, one pung, one wagon, one cart, one plough, one harrow, and other farming tools.

Also, Leases and other small parcels of ingrain and other carpeting, a lot of furniture, and a lot of Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be offered at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash.

Also, a lot of Stock, consisting of one pair of oxen, one pair of steers, two cows, one heifer, one yearling, one horse, one pung, one wagon, one cart, one plough, one harrow, and other farming tools

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL, SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL

GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY

IT IS

PROF. WOODS' HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Woods, Esq. *Dear Sir:* Allow me to express the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff I do not imagine it to facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you; or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, at all of which I have prided and plea ure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects to my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, never having used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good if not better, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three counterfeits myself advertised as agents, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will purchase such an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to see a name so familiar to the public, notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with the perfect success—some for baldness, grey hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease to which the scalp head are subject to.

I could, for one, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,720, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 1, 1861.

DEAR SIR: I need you a statement that I think you are entitled to the credit for. I am a merchant of Bloomington, and have been for the last thirty years. I was one of the fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably grey, and was becoming white as a very soft and sculptant. I had seen a number of testimonials of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was more fiction than truth in them, and after entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fullness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I determined I would make a trial of it myself, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I was able to read. I soon discovered that my hair ceased falling, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably shorter, and a radical change taking place in the color, I have continued to use it, from time to time, as one of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now a pretty good head of hair brown, or light in a hair as any man, or I feel in my youthful days, and I am free to say to the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceases entirely falling off, and is as soft and fine, and feels as oily, as though just from the hands of the best French chairpoyer. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Taylor you must use you get that fine dig" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I feel myself under possible to convince them that it the original hair of the old grey head.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test of its great merits which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. It is now in every vicinity in the land we have used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and restores the hair to the original adornment of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as the best preparation we have ever known which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—Columbus Sentinel.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair from falling off. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the highest character. Judging from what you say you have tried this Restorative.—Boston Cure Journal.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for the time even of ten days, but we can truly say that we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's certain cure for Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

R. S. GALLIHER, M. D. writes from Van Wert, O.: "I most respectfully recommend the Hair Restorative to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating tonic."

Such news we are receiving Daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

R. P. WOOD & CO.,

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Cane a very and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. jan22 eo

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR

FEED

GRAIN

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Chip Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour Feed and Grain Store, No. 42 Market Street.

apr28 S. N. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION—Ingalls's Premium Complexion Powders, Ingalls's Pearl Tint, Ingalls's Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Ingalls's Liquid White, Ingalls's Cosmetique, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

THE HOMESTEAD'S FIRST PRIZE Sewing Machine, Price $50. Warranted. Gold Medal, *Silver Medal, Bronze Medal*—Only three awards are invariable, it will be found efficient, cheap, and a great saving of time. Just received by us and now on hand, at *Yeah as* new. It is equal to any machine for the purpose we have seen. Prepared only by S KIDDER, JR. Apothecary.

Corner Merrimack and John sts.

MARY citizens of LOWELL, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLANTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now used in every village, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and never before offered to the public, after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose as it is sure to bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstructions from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken three days of each month during period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within, **eighteen months without a single failure** when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. $2 per bottle, or 3 bottles for $5, for sale, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by Apothecaries generally. may19

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW, with the American Flag, As stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. R. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st. may28

VINE PROTECTORS,

A perfect protection against the ravages of the vine fretting hopper, beetle and moth, also all vidorous of which rain and dew will not injure, this will last ten years. For sale at S. MASCUR'S Grain and Seed Store.

mch31 3m 110 Central street.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pling Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England market. A superior BASE and GRATE Coal—for sale by DENNETT & RODLEY, corner Moody and Market sts.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, for sale by the cargo, or delivered to them—Connoisseurs in coal or otherwise are strictly requested to call and examine the same by Lowell, or test it at per person, secure from observation, to all parts of the country. Also, a large assortment of samples and patterns from abroad wishing for a correct and full assortment, will find it to their interest to call.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand* dollars are paid annually to counterfeiters, mostly in New England States, without any benefit to those who pay it. Now, to prevent the loss of this large sum, those who are the least able to lose it, but are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose their *shame*, or that of their *themselves*. All this comes from trusting unfortunate persons, or from the false principle of honor, character, and credit, and whose only recommendation is that of a MAN OF STRAW, and great assortment. In praise of the motto: "Buyer, beware," and the reference to the Scriptures, take no man's word for anything, but MARK INQUIRY.—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets; and if you are deceived, and your rights are made of ten are gone, there is no safety in trusting that any one will do you justice who will take that advantage.

The Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing a stamp, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, also Circulars giving full information with regard to his treatment, references from *testimonials*, without which no advertising physician should be trusted. Address DR. J. MATTISON,

Office No. 2 Central st. 37 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

mch14 dly

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Used News to the Suffering Millions.

THE Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people, and is the best remedy for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Breasts, Felons, Corns, Bunions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Scaly Eruptions, and Sores of all kinds. Cures Piles in from one to three days. Is entirely free from poison. Is entirely unrivalled in its power to heal. Is entirely harmless. Is entirely agreeable to use. Is entirely safe. Is entirely reliable. Is entirely economical. Is entirely satisfactory. Is entirely universal. Is entirely perfect. Is entirely unequalled. Is entirely unapproachable. Is entirely unsurpassed. Is entirely unparalleled. Is entirely unprecedented. Is entirely unexampled. Is entirely unique. Is entirely unsurpassable

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, Sept. 25, 1861.

THE CAUCUS LAST EVENING. The attendance at the caucus last evening was larger than we expected to see. The spirit of the meeting, as expressed in a resolution offered by Dr. L. B. Morse, and which was unanimously adopted, it is unnecessary for us to say, was gratifying to ourselves and cannot be otherwise to all who desire a unanimity of feeling on the war question in this State. The willingness of the leading Republicans of Lowell to waive their party issues, and join with all who are ready to war against rebellion, has been the best possible evidence of their patriotism, and we hope that their influence will be visible in the approaching convention. In some instances, for delegates selections were made from the ranks of those who were not with us last year; to this we have no objection; it was what we expected, and is in accordance with the call for the convention. If the result of the convention is also in accordance with the call, we shall have a State ticket to which no man, who is not closer bound by party ties than obligations to his country, can well excuse himself from voting.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.—According to the Boston Journal, this body held a meeting in Boston, yesterday, to hear the report of the Committee appointed to confer with the request of the Constitutional Union Committee in regard to the People's nomination for State officers. The Committee reported that they met the Constitutional Union Committee, who said that the action of the Republicans in making a strict party nomination had defeated the object proposed by them, and they saw no way now but for the Republicans to go on and make their nominations. They should not call any State Convention, or make any nomination, and they had no doubt that a large portion of the members of their party would vote for the Republican ticket. If the Republicans should see fit to recognize them by putting one of their men on the ticket, they would be glad of it—but they made no demand of the kind. The matter was freely canvassed in the Republican Committee meeting, and there was a unanimous feeling in favor of recognizing the Constitutional party in the construction of the State ticket. A number of names suggested by the gentlemen of the Union Committee were mentioned, and satisfaction expressed with all of them. No action was, however, taken, as the matter is to be decided by the Convention.

A SUSPECTED INDIVIDUAL RE-ARRESTED.—Mr. Cyrus F. Sargent of Yarmouth, Me., who was recently arrested by order of the Secretary of War, and discharged by order of Secretary Seward, was on Monday, re-arrested by Deputy Marshal Heald, while in the cars on his way South, and was taken in charge by Mr. Heald to be conveyed to Fort Lafayette. While on the route between Portland and Portsmouth, Sargent drew a revolver upon Heald and defied him to detain him. This movement was observed by Colonel John Goddard who was in the cars, and he drew another revolver upon Sargent, which quieted him, and he gave up his revolver.—When the cars arrived at Portsmouth, Mr. Heald obtained irons and placed them upon Sargent, to prevent any further attempts at escape.

A USEFUL PUBLICATION. We have received from the publishers, a copy of *Hoyt's Military Map and Gazetteer of the Southern Country*. It is at this time extremely convenient and especially useful. On one side is spread out a careful map of all the southern and border States, so that the position of every place occupied by our own or the rebel troops may be clearly traced and the distance from any given point determined. On the reverse side is a gazeteer, compiled under all the advantages the recent troubles have developed tending to "post" a person at all curious in relation to the geography of the country. We regard it one of the most useful publications of the day. We believe copies of it may be had at S. H. Fisher's, at the stage office, near the Merrimack House. The publisher is James T. Hoyt, No. 164 Broadway, New York.

EXPOSED CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.—A letter from the blockading fleet of New Orleans, dated the fifteenth ult., states that deserters from the city were constantly coming on board vessels. They stated that the people were busily expecting an attack on the city, the secessionists fearing it and the Union men desiring it. The writer says:—

"That there are no serious obstacles in the way of such an expedition, and its successful accomplishment of all its prearranged plans, I am very confident, as I have been lately apprised that recent orders from the heads of the rebel government have caused the removal of most, if not all, of the army it had stationed in New Orleans; that in case of the anticipated attack the citizens will be compelled to look after their own defense.—It is my most heartfelt wish that just some such demonstration will be made in this quarter, as it would break the backbone of rebellion, and deal a blow that would forever stun secession."

GEN. BUTLER IN MAINE. A dispatch from Portland, dated last night, is as follows:—"Major General Butler arrived here this afternoon, and by invitation of the Mayor, this evening addressed the largest and most enthusiastic crowd ever passed into our City Hall. He leaves for Augusta to-morrow noon."

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

From Missouri. Information, said to have been received from Gen. Fremont, confirms previous reports that Col. Mulligan had surrendered on Friday for want of water. There are numerous reports afloat respecting the surrender that are inexplicable. The flag was hauled down by the Home Guards, who are accused of cowardice. Col Mulligan is spoken of in the highest terms. He displayed great bravery during the action, and when asked to surrender he refused. His sword was taken away by force. Col. Mulligan and all the commissioned officers are held prisoners by the rebels. His whole command, some two thousand men, have been released on parole. This is gathered from the latest intelligence that has been received. A reinforcement, on its way to Lexington, was at Bonville, when last reported. 'Col. Mulligan's command, released on parole, was on its way to Quincy, Ill. Gen. Fremont, it is reported, has taken the old Indian route, and is not supposed that he will be held responsible for the disaster to Col. Mulligan's command.

The following respecting the surrender is more in detail than any other account we have seen:—

The fort was surrendered on Friday afternoon. The men fought fifty-nine hours without water, having only three barrels of vinegar to quench their thirst during that time. The supply of water from the river was cut off after a desperate fight on Wednesday.

The camp-ground often acres had breastworks around it with the exception of that next to the river. It was here that the hardest fighting took place, the object of the enemy being to surround the fort and cut off the supply of water.

Having succeeded in the latter, they had only until Col. Mulligan was compelled to yield to a foe more terrible than the 27,000 rebels who surrounded him.

Previous to his surrender he offered to take a position on a level spot of ground and give Price the odds of four to one in fair and open fight, but no attention was paid to it.

After the surrender the rebels mounted the breastworks and seemed mad with joy. A party took down the Federal flag, trailing it in the dust.

An amount of gold, supposed to be a quarter of a million, fell into the hands of the rebels. It was taken from the Banks and loaned by Col. Mulligan on the camp ground some time ago, but the rebels speedily unearthed it. Col. Mulligan himself was in a child's wagon when he surrendered.

The loss of the rebels is not known, but it is thought to be not less than one thousand killed and wounded. Their first attack proved more disastrous to them than to the long seige which followed. For a day or two previous to the last attack they were engaged in burying their dead.

Latest. A dispatch from Washington, under date of yesterday, says—

The gallant defence of Lexington by Col. Mulligan is the theme of admiration among military men. It was not until last night that a dispatch was received from Gen. Fremont, stating that the previous report of the surrender was fully corroborated. The latter, which came to the Department that he was on the eve of starting with a heavy force, expressed the hope that he will be able to drive the rebels from the position they now occupy at Lexington. The deepest interest continues to be everywhere manifested concerning that point, including the military movements in the same direction.

A dispatch from St. Louis says that military men here do not regret the simple surrender of Lexington as injurious to the Union cause, but in a military point of view, think it to our advantage.

Kentucky. There has been no military movements of any consideration within a few days.

In the House of Representatives, on Monday, a bill passed by a vote of 62 to 15, authorizing the military board to borrow one million dollars in addition to the million authorized May 24th, on State bonds, payable in ten years, and establishing a tax of five per cent. on one hundred dollars to pay bonds and interest—the said sum to be appropriated for the defence of the State.

Richmond, Va. There is much complaint concerning the Federal prisoners in the hands of the rebels at Richmond. It is represented that they are shamefully treated by the surgeons in the food given them, and that they are suffering for want of clothing.

It is stated that the rebel force at Richmond is about 16,000, and with the exception of Alabamians and Mississippians, all were woolen garments and shoes.

Sixteen officers, including one Colonel, and 40 privates had escaped. Four hundred prisoners were to be sent to Baton Rouge this week, and it is intended to send them all South to prevent them from escaping.

From the South. News from Tuscumbia, Alabama, reports that Col. McDowell of the Federal troops was attacked on Friday by a party of rebels under Parsons and Johnson, but repulsed them with a slight loss on our side.

The war of Fernando Monroe, we have late intelligence from Hatteras Inlet. An expedition had destroyed the Fort on Roanoke Island, and began to leave. The Fort was found deserted, but the rebels had succeeded previously in removing two heavy guns to Newbern. All the guns, numbering 16 long 32 pounders and four 8-inch navy guns, were destroyed, and the Fort entirely burnt up. Two heavy guns were also destroyed at Portsmouth, which village and that of Ocracoke were visited. In both places the Union feeling was found to be pretty strong.

Wham P. Phillips, of Harwich, Mass., who had been impressed into the rebel service, was here found and brought away.

There are evidences that the rebels are strengthening their positions at various points, and design resisting the approach of Federal troops.

From rebel sources we learn that Chandler Island, not far from New Orleans, is to be fortified with nine batteries, and that 12,000 men are to be placed on that Island, and in the neighborhood. They also intended to fortify Ship Island, and prevent all communication between Mobile and New Orleans.

A dispatch in the *Montgomery Mail* says water communication between New Orleans and Mobile has been cut off by the blockade.

There is nothing of moment from Washington or Alexandria, and no new developments reach us from Gen. Banks' division.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

HYMN FOR THE NATIONAL FAST.

God of Nations, at thy throne,
We bow in penitence and prayer,
We own our guilt, confess our sin,
Nor seek to hide or palliate them.
While we gather round thy shrine,
Thou seest in every heart a groan,
Every lip bow on its knee.

O'er the land we love so well,
Where thy smile its sunlight lay,
Treason with her legions fell,
Dares her impious front display.
Brethren once, with us they stood
Where the battle fought the hardest,
Now we find their leader high,
Rears upon our blanket's flight.

God of Armies, all the just,
Never call upon thee for war,
Let that banner trail in dust.
That would wave o'er unjust cause.
Where fair Hudson's hoar have trod,
Where the Alleghanies rise sublime,
Through the valley of Mississippi blood,
Every fruitful cricket's done?

Father, and this gloomy night,
Shine upon our path with light,
O, be Thou our guide, still lead,
Where the battle rages high,
Where the foe is met in fight,
We, beneath thy circle shall rest,
When Thy chastening hand shall cease.
All be free, and all be blest.

T. F. W.

"GREAT EXPECTATIONS." We have received T. B. Peterson and Brother's pamphlet edition of this last, and, as some think, greatest work of Dickens. It is a work which, once begun, holds the reader, as it were, spell-bound, to the end. Pip is a character which none who read the story will ever forget. So is Joe Gargery, and Mrs. Joe, who brought up Pip "by hand." Wopsie, Miss Estella, Miss Havisham, Mr. Pumbitchook, and indeed all the characters in the volume are clever pieces of characterization. But we do not like the denoument of the plot, though we must confess it is too common in actual life. Similar denouements similarly dashed to the ground. On this point however, we observe that critics differ widely. But whether the catastrophe be right or ill, all admirers of Dickens should fail to read this romance—a romance such as—whatever may be its defects—one but Dickens could write.

HON. WILLIE P. MANGUM, of North Carolina, died at his residence in Orange county, in that State, on Saturday the 14th, at an advanced age. Mr. Mangum was once a Judge of the Superior Court of North Carolina, and afterward represented the State in both branches of Congress, being known for many years as a sterling Whig. On the death of President Harrison, and the accession of Mr. Tyler as President, Mr. Mangum was chosen President of the Senate, and for the remainder of the term was virtually Vice President.

SOCIABLE. The editor of the *Bangor Courier* has lately visited the seat of war, where he found the regiments from Maine

CITY AND COUNTY.

Religious Services To-morrow.

The Union Prayer Meeting to be conducted by the clergymen of the different denominations in our city, will be held at Huntington Hall, to-morrow, from 9 to 10 o'clock, A. M. The clergymen are requested to be present at the Vestry of the Hall at a few minutes before 9.

The First Unitarian Society will hold a service to-morrow at 11 o'clock, A. M., in the Lee Street church.

There will be religious services at the First Universalist Church in Merrimack Square, commencing at 11 o'clock. The subject of Mr. Eaton's discourse will be the causes of the present National troubles, and our duties as loyal citizens.

The Methodists will hold services in St. Paul's Church, at 11 o'clock, A. M., Rev. Mr. Thayer. There will also be a prayer meeting at the usual place in the evening.

Congregational services will be held at the High Street Church, in the Swedenborg and in the Old Church (Rev. Mr. Jenkins') in the afternoon, as the usual hours.

There will be services at St. Anne's Church, at 10½ and 3 o'clock, to-morrow.

Divine services will be held in the Freewill Baptist Church, Paige Street, to-morrow, commencing at 11 o'clock. The pastor, Rev. D. Metz, will preach a sermon appropriate to the day.

There will be public services in Wells' Hall to-morrow morning, commencing at 10½ o'clock. Speaking by distinguished orators. Seats free.

Rev. J. V. Young, of Boston, will lecture on the war at the Advent Church, to-morrow, (Thursday) evening at 7½ o'clock. Mr. Rev. will preach on the duty of the Government to put down the rebellion; and that it is the duty of all the people to rebuke the treasonable and kill that exist among indeed.

Services will be held in the Jewish Church in Merrimack building, at 10½ o'clock, A. M. St. Paul's, on Graham Street, at 3 o'clock.

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, Hibernia Guards.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the aforementioned Companies, and other Companies of the 16th Regiment at Fort Monroe, per steamer which leaves Boston to-morrow.

Each box will be something three pounds each in weight will be received at the Aid Room, over the Lyric Concert Hall, on Wednesday, at 9 o'clock, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

sept24dtp Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

PARTICULAR NOTICE. To-morrow being fast day, there will be no paper issued from this office.

THE CAUCUS LAST EVENING. There was a large meeting last evening at Jackson Hall, to select delegates to the Worcester Convention, to be held October 1st, and also to take measures to select a Republican City Committee. Mr. Ezra Converse was chairman of the Republican City Committee, called to order and read the call. Hon. Amer A. Cooke was elected chairman, and Daniel Sleek, Jr., secretary. A. B. Hargett moved that a committee of three from each Ward be selected by nomination from the floor, to retire and report a list of delegates to be found Ward Committee.

W. F. Salmon asked whether the meeting was a Republican one, to which the Chairman replied in the affirmative. Remarks on the same subject were made by W. F. Salmon, Hubbard Wilson, A. A. Haggett and Joseph Baynes, after which the motion of Mr. Haggett prevailed. The committee were then announced, and retired. During the absence of the committees, short speeches were made by Timothy Pearson, Mr. Dean and Dr. Booth.

The committee to select a list of delegates reported the following names, which was adopted, and the delegation was authorized to fill vacancies, by wards, if any were found:—

At large—John Cutts.

Ward 1. J. L. Cheney, J. H. B. Ayer, Dana B. Gove, J. R. Sochwick, Samuel Churchill.

Ward 2. Stephen Codling, Sullivan Tay, Daniel Rich, Andrew Nesmith, David S. Batchelder.

Ward 3. Benjamin Wentworth, J. W. Graves, Joseph Baynes, Haygood Wright, Charles Cowley.

Ward 4. John A. Barrick, Gen. W. Young, Morrill M. Belnap, Albert A. Manning, John Pearson.

Ward 5. Josiah G. Peabody, Peter Lawson, C. L. Knapp, James C. Ayer, Samuel Merrill.

Ward 6. Jacob Robbins, Z. E. Stone John Nesmith, Arthur P. Bonney, Wm. Boyd.

The committee to report a City Committee, nominated the following names, which were accepted:

Ward 1. Lewis L. Perrin, M. Gilbert Perkins, John L. Cheney, Abiel W. Sheldon, Andrew Wood, Daniel H. Wood, Hill, Frank E. Jewett, J. F. Burgess, John E. Southwick.

Ward 2. Sullivan Tay, Walter Wright, Lemuel G. Howe, Daniel Richardson, Tripp, Robert L. Hooper, Wm. Ashworth, A. Wilson, G. Morse, George N. Osgood, James M. Keyes.

Ward 3. John W. Graves, Nathan Allen, George J. Tay, Josiah Merrill, Joseph Bradley, Jr., Moses Greenleaf, George Choate, Charles R. Litter, Ariel Kinney, Walter Smith.

Ward 4. George W. Partridge, Joshua M. Hadley, Francis H. Nourse, Nathaniel B. Faver, George W. Young, Abiel A. Manning, John F. Howe, A. B. Wright, Joseph H. Keyes, Luther J. Eames.

Ward 5. Charles Hadley, William H. Parker, Jeremiah Clark, Isaac Page, George M. Elliot, James C. Ayer, C. L. Knapp, R. M. Hutchinson, William S. Southworth, Reed J. Walker.

Ward 6. George W. Cate, Charles A. Adams, Luther B. Horne, Francis Brown, S. H. Brackett, Asa Sprague, Albert A. Heggett, William Kittredge, Ephraim Brown, Luke C. Dodge.

Voted that the members of the City Committee have power to fill vacancies by wards.

On motion of T. G. Haynes it was voted that the members of the City Committee belonging to each of the Representative districts, constitute a district committee for that ward.

Dr. L. B. Morse submitted the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the delegation to the Republican State Convention, to be chosen at Worcester, on the first day of October, be instructed to favor such commissions as will secure the harmonious support of all citizens, who will sustain the present National Administration in a vigorous prosecution of the war in subduing the rebellion now existing in the United States.

The resolution was unanimously adopted and the meeting adjourned.

CRICKET. The members of the Boston and Lowell cricket clubs have made arrangements for a match at this exciting game, to be played on the ground of the Boston club, at East Cambridge, Thursday, September 26th (Fast day). Much interest attaches to this match from the fact that it is to be a contest between the English and American players of the two clubs. A. M., and from 1 to 2 o'clock, P. M.

RUNAWAY AND ACCIDENT. Yesterday afternoon as Michael Hour, who lives on Bullfisk Street, with his son, was driving down Central Street, the horse took fright and ran, throwing out the occupants opposite Appleton Block. Mr. Hour was badly injured in the fore, and received a severe bruise on his knee. He is confined to his house to-day. The boy was slightly injured. The horse, without injuring any other person. The wagon was left on the sidewalk nearly opposite French's saloon.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Wednesday*, J. C. Aggeres, City of Lowell, was given to the jury this forenoon at 11½ o'clock—jury out. Now on trial, Durgin *et ux* vs. City of Lowell. This is also an action of tort brought against the city, for an alleged accident to the plaintiff's wife, while passing through Canal Street, some three years ago, on a passage way leading from Bridge Street, to near the counting room of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills' Agent, Mr. Street. Wm P. Webster and D. S. Richardson for pltfs.; T. H. Sweetser, City Solicitor, and Wm. S. Gardner for the city.

POLICE COURT. Tom Sorrows, Hannah McCarty, a tenth-rate hard case, known, by a nickname more expressive than elegant, was before the Court, charged with breaking glass in a house belonging to Dr. Bingham. She was sent six months to jail.

THOSE having friends in the North Americ the Butler Rifles and Hibernia Guards, will be interested in the fact announced elsewhere that a box is to be sent to those companies at Fortress Monroe by the Soldiers' Aid Association.

We have reached the dividing line of the season—the day on which the length of the nights, and honeyboard to the close of the year they rapidly shorten.

THE *Cincinnati Gazette* states that the cause of the late disaster on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad was not criminality on the part of the rebels, but a *rotten bridge*. It calls for a strict investigation into the matter.

ONE of the boys of Wilmington, is camp at Washington, writes:—

"We have now a Sabbath-day Ball Run; we know that Mel Jellen will make so much ball, or if he should, our boys will make as such run."

A BIBLE PRESENTATION. A fine copy of the Oxford edition of the English bible, which has been for a long time the property of C. W. Homer, rector of St. John's Church. It will adorn the desk of the new edifice, which will soon be opened for public worship. The bible is a beautiful one, rich and tasty, without being gaudy and showy, and is a most appropriate and generous gift, under the circumstances, and we have no doubt is well appreciated by the recipient.

CLOSING PLACES OF BUSINESS. A paper has been circulated in business circles this forenoon, and has been signed with out exception, agreeing to close all places of business on Saturday afternoon, during the ensuing season.

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN—*Licenses.* Michael Nugent was licensed to keep a junk shop, and several parties to run night cars.

Granting use of guns. A petition was received from Gen. Butler asking the use of the two brass field pieces belonging to the city, for Camp Chase. An order granting the use of them was adopted.

Assessments for sewers. The following assessments were confirmed for a sewer on Bridge Street: W. P. Webster, $126.68; Thomas Ingalls $80.11; Henry P. Clough, $31.63.

COMMON COUNCIL.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Petitions*—A communication was received from the Mayor, covering a petition from Alfred Gilman, asking permission to lay a portion of Central and Ames Streets, in order to enter the city sewer in Central Street. Referred to committee on sewers and drains.

Leave to withdraw. The committee on claims reported leave to withdraw on petition of Daniel Barry for compensation for damages done his estate on Adams Street. Accepted. Also to Carlos W. Hall for injury received in Green Street.

To close offices Fast Day. An order was adopted to close all the City Building and offices, except the Police office tomorrow.

Auditor's annual city. Notice was received from Wentworth & Jewett that they had commenced a suit against the city in behalf of George L. Pierce, for injuries received on Andover Street last winter—Referred to Committee of Claims.

Compensation of Assessors. A communication was received from the Mayor relative to the matter of the subject of increasing the pay of assessors in consequence of additional labors imposed by the last Legislature, he referred to a committee. Referred to Committee on Claims.

Order to extend taxes. An order was adopted to pay Elbridge Kimball, $13.02, for taxes paid on land taxed to Charles Wilson, and purchased by said Kimball, August 14th, 1860.

Street matters. Reports were adopted in favor of establishing grade on Cushing Street; to lay sidewalk on Pearl Street; to lay out and accept Railroad Street.

All other business transacted is of unimportance.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION. As stated yesterday, the show of fruits, flowers, vegetables and needle work is very large and fine. The display is so large and varied that it is impossible to speak of all the articles presented and to speak of a portion it might be injustice to others equally worthy of notice. There was a large attendance this afternoon and evening—Tickets 25 cents; children, half price. At the close of the exhibition to-night there will be a auction of many of the articles exhibited.

We give the award of the committees on premiums:

Asters, 1st premium, 12 varieties, J. W. Brooks, $2.00; 2nd do. Mrs. A. Perkins, 1.00.

Dahlias. 1st premium, 12 varieties, J. W. Brooks, 2.00; 2nd do. Isaac Hadley, 1.00; 3d do. Mrs. Perkins, 50.

Phlox Drummondi, 1st premium, Mrs. Otis Allen, 50; J. Gates, for exacombs, 50.

Cut flowers, gratuities, Mrs. A. Perkins 50; J. W. Brooks, 50; Mrs. Otis Allen, 50; J. Gates, for exacombs, 50.

Cut flowers, gratuities, Mrs. A. Perkins 50; J. W. Brooks, 50; Mrs. Otis Allen, 50; J. Gates, for exacombs, 50.

Pot plants. Gratuities, F. Sheppard, N. Crosby and Mrs. Wilder, 50c. each.

Bouquets. Gratuities, Mrs. Grosvenor, O. S. M. Ordway, Mrs. O. Plumado, Mrs. Bostwick and Mrs. M. Aldrich, 50c. each.

Apples, 1st premium, Asa Clement, 2.00.

Pears, Best six varieties, N. Crosby, 3.00; 2nd do. Asa Clement, 2.00; best dish, Judah Crosby, 1.00. Gratuities, Weare Clifford, 1.50; J. Howe, Jonathan Gates, C. L. Knapp and Asa Clement, 25c each.

Peaches. Isabella, W. F. Carter, $2.00; Gratuity, A. B. Watson, 1.00; Foreign, N. Crosby, 2.00; E. Sheppard, 1.00; Concord, Asa Clement, 1.00; Gratuities, A. W. Hull, T. C. Blaisdell and J. N. Pierce, 50c. each. Grapes, Mrs. Wilder, John Smith, and William Herdman, 25 cents each.

Vegetables. Josiah Gates $3.00; Wm. Manning 2.00; Gratuities, I. N. Metcalf, 1.00; Gen. Bouteille, E. E. Symonds, 50c each; B. T. Rogers 25c. Seedling potatoes, six varieties, B. F. Spaulding 1.00.

Melons. George Boutwell, jr. $2.00 Citron, Josiah Gates. Gratuities, Mrs. B. Clifford, shell frame; Mrs. J. Clark, hair wreath; Mrs. L. B. Morrill, hair work; Mrs. S. Hall, hair work, 50 cents each. Mrs. P. D. Edmanda, hair work, 37½; Mrs. A. Hodge, shell ornament; Miss Mary Nielson, shell box; Mrs. E. S. Homer, shell harp; Miss Sophia Sherman, pencil painting; Mrs. L. A. Plumado, dried flowers; Miss J. Evans, sofa pillow; Mrs. A. Tapley, sofa pillow, Hooped Dougliest, slippers and two moss baskets; Miss L. M. Ricker, pin cushion and watch cases; Mrs. M. Bragg, bedquilt, 25c. each.

A FINE COPY OF THE ENGLISH BIBLE, which has been for a long time the property of C. W. Homer, rector of St. John's Church. It will adorn the desk of the new edifice, which will soon be opened for public worship. The bible is a beautiful one, rich and tasty, without being gaudy and showy, and is a most appropriate and generous gift, under the circumstances, and we have no doubt is well appreciated by the recipient.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated JANUARY, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms. Has a safe and well-tried system of insurance, and has been successful for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

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Stephen Codding, Jr., Ebenezer Bailey,
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Boston.

Alfred A. Minot, Alexander Strong,
Benjamin F. Stevens, Nathaniel Thayer,
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Benjamin E. Bates.

NATHL. ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 2nd Floor, Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 Lot (late No. 3) Middle St., Lowell, Mass. April 17, 1861. ly

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....**$4,500,000.**

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....**$300,000.**

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Capital.....**$150,000.**

The above Companies settle on property as low rates as other responsible companies. FULL AMOUNT OF LOSSES PAID AT THIS AGENCY. Their risks are safe, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

Office No. 23 Appleton Block, Central st., Lowell. July, 1859. 1y

Charleston

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

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Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

April 9, 1860. 1m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is confidently offered to the afflicted as the most safe, speedy and effectual preparation in which

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

Have been used in private practice for many years with the most astonishing success.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the recipe of Dr. Cheeseman, Physician to the Queen Dowager, are offered to the Ladies of the United States and of Europe, as the most certain, safe and speedy remedy ever discovered for the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases peculiar to the female constitution. They are a powerful and special Alterative, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Nervousness, Hysterics, Spasmodic Action, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterical Fits, Trembling, Dizziness, and all those distressing diseases occasioned by a disordered state of the system, and which, if not relieved, soon bring on Consumption, a large list of which proves fatal every year.

The Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. *They never fail to make rich and healthy blood, and restore the nervous system to its original vigor.* They are purely vegetable, and will not injure the most delicate constitution.—For particulars, send for a pamphlet to the Sole Agent, and it will be forwarded free of charge to any authorized agent, who will receive a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., and all Druggists. tsp

NOTICE.

The subscriber has purchased the stock in trade of the late firm of Joshua Merrill & Co., and will continue the business at the old stand, No. 3 Middle Street, where he will be happy to serve all his old customers and as many new ones as may favor him with a call.

sept 24 dtf A. L. HODGES.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, T. Symonds, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr., Lowell. D. E. Richardson, D. Hosford, Jr., Lowell. Jonas Perham, Lowell Junction.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurers of Factories and Machine Shops. The Company has ever been made in this class. The present cash capital of the Stock Department is increased to **$114,319 25.** The attention of owners of Factories and Machine Shops is called to the fact that the Company has never paid on policies expiring, and rates are as low as the safety of the risks will admit.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are **$114,319 25,** on which a dividend of 10 per cent. has been declared.

P. F. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.

Office, No. 27 Central st. 2m19 sept 19

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PROMPT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHE*,

FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Fluid Preparation renders the skin so soft and pliable, that it is impossible for any of the coarse and corrosive matter to adhere to the pores, and consequently prevents all eruptions.

Ladies who have been troubled with Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tan, Roughness of the skin, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs, will find

CHILLS AND FEVER,

but certain and speedy relief by using this remedy.

TRAVELLERS will find it infallible to protect any one from contagious or malignant diseases.

LADIES are recommended to touch out door with the Balm, as it will be found a protection to the delicate skin.

MOTHERS should try, for it is a perfect relief, (when the breast is caked) and will prevent the dread of spread with perfect safety.

THE GOOD THAT IT DOES

MUCH MORE THAN WORDS CAN TELL.

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters believe it to be otherwise than from their delicacy, often attributed to be from their delicacy, often attributed to be from their delicacy, often attributed to be

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IS THE
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
Prof. Wood,
Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have resigned my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have been proud of the part I am in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that it would do and without effect. In every instance however, in general, by getting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as the "Hair Restorative," Prof. Wood's, &c. In regard to the best of all ——. Its ingredients are said to be as effectual a eradicate dandruff as other hair dressings, which I never found to be the case. Hence I also have entire proprietary faith in the description. In many cases a glorious result is indigenous, as the number of testimonials in the office will abundantly show. There is no humbug about it. It is a reliable article, and its effects can only be beneficial, when used in accordance with the directions. I am well assured it will prove a lasting blessing, and continued improvement, in hopefully of its future usefulness.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. If our publishers as a conductor as a public journal, be correct, we desire to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and infallible in its curative effects, with what success we leave our readers to judge. Here in our instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are assured assured of a genuine article, that we give it to our readers as all that it claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be magical. In time or gauze on exhausted hair, it brings in strip whenever applied. We can speak from actual knowledge, but we advise our friends with genuine good sense to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE. Professor Wood stands on an eminence no chemist whose genius has been equal to restore gray hair to its natural color before been reached. His fame is world wide, and thousands who have been wigs or hats for half of years are now, through the use of this wonderful discovery their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for eliminating the chemistry of human life and the laws which apply to the functions of the skin and hair. Professor Wood out for honors has its character, its properties, its uses, and its value, and has given the highest quality of that community, to use as his own case. That gray hair is not a necessary sign of the individual had reached a certain age and he showed that the hair could be restored. He retired. He tried his own hair, and he restored his own hair to color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. GET WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and save money.—*New York Day Book.*

Sold by druggists in New York, and 114 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ On No. 416 Broadway will be found all ware-rooms and the genuine Fanning and Piano Melodeon.
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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and never before offered for sale, has been used in the Indian families, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purposes, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstructions, if taken in any cause, and after all other remedies of the day have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken at the proper period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too ripe* increase. The may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within *eighteen months*, without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. ☞It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full strength, $10; Half strength, $6; Quarter strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for females in delicate health, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, and which has never been represented in every respect, *or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct from the PRINCIPAL MEDICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Boston, Mass.

☞ This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature, and the Physician, DR. M. D., is regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent by express. Observation, in all parts of the United States. Open, also, for patients to term; stated waiting for a secure and pleasant home, where they will be treated in health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Indians* are paid to the credit of this disease, by the use of Mercury alone, without any *benefit* to those who pay it. Let the afflicted beware how they apply to those who are the least able to lose it, but once compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to make the least complaint for fear of exposure. All this comes from trusting unthoroughly and ignorant pretenders, who will take no man's word *on matters of his profession*, but will risk their HEALTH, LIFE & FORTUNE on anything, and may save you many regrets, and many a dollar, by calling on the only person of ten are known, there is no such in treating the diseases of which they make a show of their use.

☞ DR. M. will send free, by enclosing one stamp to answer, a Pamphlet on DISEASES, which should be read by every young person; also Circulars giving full information, with the most startling reference to parties, without which an advertisement pleasure or profit. Address DR. M., Boston, Mass. NO PRESUMPTUOUS WHATEVER.

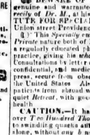
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to DR. MATTISON'S Office.
August 2, 1861 ly

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style wanting good workmen on hand for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Resilvering Plates for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS
Made and Repaired,
Trusty and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central street, at greatly reduced prices.
Nov 22 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR.
FLOUR, GRAIN &c.



EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour Feed and Grain Store,
No. 43 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.
sep28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Hagenah's Premium Toilet Soaps, Hagenah's Premium Shaving Soap, Hagenah's Premium Scented Lemon White, White's Curine Soap, at HAGENAH'S Drug Store, 43 Market street.
sep21

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE Bookstore, 43 Market street.
sep21

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
HICONE, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold *Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c.*, &c., Quick as Ventilation. It will be found efficient on the most delicate articles, and will not injure the hands. Its use has been approved by the best families in Lowell. For sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.
may29

MANY cluster of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as cedulous Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been introduced in England some fifty years since, its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
, 131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$1,812,550 00
Dividends paid to date,	1,463,963 18
Losses paid,	2,423,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers *unusual security to policy-holders.*

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Bonds considered by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The money is kept at the point of investment.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is *economical* in the management of its business.

It is *prompt* in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be most convenient. Premiums are payable at the office of the Company, or may be paid one-half in cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid the Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in reduction of premiums, or in cash, at the option of the insured. The dividends declared are based upon the most careful estimates of mortality.

This Company has now the large number of 1717 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of policies issued is not desired, unless the risks can be taken with safety. *Safety of investment is the principle of average*, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution are therefore requested to refrain from soliciting persons interested in it, and to call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on premiums paid during the past year.

Applications for insurance may be made to

No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets, Lowell.

mar2

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the people of the whole country, and it is because the same is so long on as hard.

It is unnecessary to say more about this salve, as it has been used successfully with any of the following complaints, viz.:

Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Felons, Sore Nipples, Sore Eyes, Piles, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Chapped Hands, Corns, Bunions, Ringworm, Tetter, Chronic Sores, Boils, Carbuncles, Fever Sores, Sore Heads, Sore Lips, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Pimples, Erysipelas, Sandrum and all Eruptions of the Skin.

It will be found a sure cure for chilblains, and for chafing in warm weather use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For sore eyes use it.

For sore heads use it.

For scrofula and tetter use it.

For piles use it.

For fever sores, ulcers, cuts, sore, and all diseases of the skin, use it.

For chapped hands use it.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is broken.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.

It strengthens the indestructible sprain of pain.

It is excellent for the aged and pimpled.

It soothes the infant.

It is scarcity applied scalds.

It fights and cures the worst sores.

It arrests and destroys inflammation, and does it without fail.

The earache may be cured if you will bathe the ear with the warm ointment and then fill the ear with it.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For any inflammation use it.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For scrofula and tetter use it.

For piles use it.

It does not make the skin sick.

It is recommended by physicians, nurses, and in distant situations, in the various quarters are acknowledged. The demand for it is increasing daily, and it is now in the hands of the most golden fortunes being applied.

It is put up in large boxes, and sent by express, or by mail, to any part of the country, on receipt of price, and the box—from mechanics, merchants, and farmers, to the most delicate and refined men and women of all ranks and circumstances. And last but not least, it is recommended by all who have used it, and by all who have seen it.

PRICES are sometimes very common, and cannot be had for less than 25 cents per box. Sent by mail, 30 cents. Two boxes for 50 cents. Sent by mail, 60 cents. Three boxes for 75 cents. Sent by mail, 90 cents.

The Salve may be procured from the Golden Salve. You can be made free from the burning agony of piles, by using the Golden Salve. Sent by mail, 30 cents or 3 for 90 cents.

Sold by all druggists, 25 cents per box. Prepared only by J. WHITTEN, Boston, Mass. Sold by agents at reasonable rates.

☞ Liberal terms to responsible agents at short notice.
Ly 15 or 1mos eliapow

Kinder's Elecome.

FOR curing Piles, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Ringworm, Tetter, &c., this ointment is unequalled. It is a sure and speedy cure for *Chilblains*, and for *Frost Bites* it is a cheap, simple, and speedy remedy. Sold by druggists generally, and by the new Indian Doctor, Dr. Kinder, and in no equal has ever been discovered, for the same purpose.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
may19

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SMITHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the American Flag, &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by S. P. RAMES.
may18

VINE PROTECTORS.

A certain remedy for Mosquitoes, to protect the vines from the ravages of the striped bug, and will last two years. For sale at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse.
may11 3m 1 Central street.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Roasaly Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New Eng land market. A superior Roach and Grate Coal for parlor use. For sale by DANIEL P. BENNETT & RODLIFF, corner Moody and Broadway.
may18

Also, the celebrated THEVORTON COAL for open grates, for sale by the above, and other fine burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities. Wood sawed to order at the lowest cash prices.

Office, No. 1 Central street, and split at short notice. Dried Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at G. J. W. Thomas' Periodical Depot, or post Office building.
may6 6m

WOOD AND COAL WHAT.

THE subscriber has now on hand a large lot of wharf on Western Avenue, it now prepared to furnish Wood and Coal of all kinds, at the LOWEST CASH INCOME, and will be glad to have a call.

J. W. BOYNTON,
mar7dtf
Lowell, March 7th, 1861.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CRUDE CAMPHOR or preventing Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may11

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply for sale by S. P. RAMES, 43 Market street.
mar22

Buying Tools.

I have received my usual large stock of Hay-ing Tools, and am now prepared to sell the same at the lowest WAR prices. My stock consists in part of

50 ox. Scythes, different makes;
50 " Hand Hay Rakes;
Partridge's and Tuttle's Hay Forks;
Kimball's Wire Tooth Horse Rakes;
Dunsen's Gig Rake with wheels;
Revolving Horse Rakes;
Delano's Independent Tooth Horse Rakes;
Snyder Scissor Rifles, Mowing Machines, &c., &c., at S. MANSUR'S Agricultural Warehouse, 1 Central street, Lowell.
jul24tf

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and compatible liquid for Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Tetter, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.
may11

AMOS SANBORN
Has recent large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IVORY THIMBLE RINGS, SEALS, LENGTH & SLEEVE BUTTONS, BOSOM STUDS, GOLD PENS, SILVER MOUNTED PENCILS, NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PICKLE FORKS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Groups of Statuary, &c., &c.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

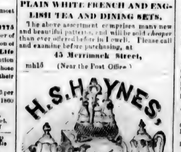
Lowell, Dec. 1, 1860. dtf

H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY & CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINNER SETS.

The above assortment comprises some new and beautiful patterns, and while such cheaper grades are kept on hand as will suit the times, a careful selection has been made with the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. Attention of the Institution and solicitation of patronage is confined to those persons interested in certain the superiority of, and having better purchasing, at

43 Merrimack Street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England
White Granite
Ornamental, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Brittania Ware,
From the best Manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLED LAMPS,
of every description, Chimneys, Factories, Halls, Churches, and Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Limestone, Lime, Cement, Oil, &c.
Store opposite the Lowell Post Office.
Lowell, Nov. 1, 1860. dtf



KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps. Also Stoves, Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, Side, Stand, and Handled Lamps, and Kitchen Utensils, at very low prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.
Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES'
43 Merrimack Street. oct26

BRUSH COMPOUND GRAHAM MEAL AND HOMINY.
which stand, constantly on hand and for sale by
S. N. WOOD,
sep28 No. 43 Market Street.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For delicacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It keeps it in curl.

It prevents dandruff.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the hair a fine gloss.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
may11

FARMERS,

JUST RECEIVED, from MANSUR, TENNEY & Co.'s Mason's Mixture, Ground Bone, Poudrette, Plaster, &c.
A full Stock of Seeds, No. 1 Super Phosphate of Lime; also, Peruvian Guano, for sale by
S. MANSUR & CO.,
100 bushels Early Rose Potatoes,
Northern and Western Mixed Potatoes,
Early Goodrich, Northern and Western Mixed Potatoes,
Early Goodrich, Northern and Western Mixed Potatoes,
Other Varieties, Purchased and for sale by
S. MANSUR & CO.,
apr26 126 Central street

Brunnel Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor brushes with long Handles, Long Handled Scrub Brushes, Whisk Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Dusting Brushes, Feather Dusters, Whisk Brooms, Hair Brooms, Corn Brooms

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, Sept. 27, 1861.

OBSERVANCE OF FAST DAY. It was the custom in ancient times, as we are told in sacred history, before a nation engaged in battle or other great enterprise, for its rulers to set apart a day of fasting and prayer, after which victory would crown their arms as was the case when the Moabites and their allies invaded Judah, which is set forth in the twentieth chapter of Second Chronicles, which we trust will be repeated, in the final result in this country of the present rebellion.

Following such exan ples, yesterday was the day set apart by the President of the United States, and seconded by the Governor of Massachusetts, and other States, as "a day of Public Humiliation, Prayer and Fasting, to be observed by the people of the United States with religious solemnities, and the offering of fervent supplications to Almighty God for the safety and welfare of these States, His blessings on their arms, and a speedy restoration of peace."

It was observed as such in this city, and doubtless throughout the length and breadth of the loyal States of this Union. Here in Lowell the Lord knows that no other day has been since the first spindle commenced turning. The weather was delightful, so that all could enjoy the occasion, either in or out of doors. Our manufacturing establishments and workshops (with a single exception, where they have a large government contract, and have to run till a late hour on short notice every day to fulfil it) were not in operation. The stores on our business streets were closed, with perhaps half a dozen exceptions, in which cases the proprietors doubtless thought it would be a little enterprising to take advantage of their more patriotic fellow tradesmen, who had closed in accordance with the proclamation and a sense of duty, sentiment and respect for the misfortunes of their country.

There were no amusements or shows of any kind, it is pleasant not being disposed to patronize them on such a day, had any person attempted anything of the kind.—Good order also prevailed on all the streets so far as we were able to see or hear.

Religious exercises were held at Huntington Hall in the morning at 9 o'clock, at several of the churches in the forenoon and afternoon, and prayer meetings were held in nearly all in the evening. Services were also held at "Camp Andrew," on Hill's Hill, last four o'clock in the afternoon.

We give reports of several of the services, with sketches of such discourses as we have been able to obtain. As will be seen they take high ground in favor of the maintenance of the General Government and the preservation of the war until such a peace is secured as patriots—not rebels and rebel sympathizers—desire.

Huntington Hall. A Union prayer meeting was held here at 9 o'clock, the hall being crowded and many being unable to obtain admittance. We never saw an audience, even in a church, that behaved with more decorum, it seemed to recognize the solemn duty of the occasion. The services were conducted under direction of Rev. Frederic Hinckley, pastor of the First Unitarian Church.—The exercises commenced by singing old Dr. W. Hinds "War Hymn" to the tune of "Old Hundred," of which the following is the first stanza:—

"Lord God of Hosts! Almighty King!
Behold the sacrifice we bring!
To every land bid wars to cease,
Thy will be done! thy will be done!"

During the exercises, two other hymns were sung, by the audience, one to the tune of "America," commencing,

"Our fathers God we call on thee!"

from the well known hymn of "Dundee," which commences,

"Father of Mercies, Heavenly Friend,
We seek Thy gracious throne to bend."

Brief addresses and prayers appropriate to the occasion were made by Rev. B. F. Jenkins, (Congregationalist), Rev. W. R. Clark and Rev. Hosea Ballou, 2d, (Universalists) Rev. L. J. Hatcher, (Universalist), Rev. J. B. Davis, (Free will Baptist), with benediction by Rev. D. Mott, (now Freewill Baptist). The exercises closed about twenty minutes past 10 o'clock, and the congregation in most instances reported to the different churches where services were to be held.

St Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. I. R. Thayer preached from 2d Chronicles 2nd 7 and 8th verses, taking for his text the latter clause of the 8th verse, "and prosper in all that I do." We would not say, for we do not believe that God hath ceased the wickedness that is now wrought in this world. But this is not, that wickedness existing, turned its current, in this direction, and permitted it to rage as in minority of its own unopposite systems of social society, and as in majority of its own opposite systems of social society, and as in majority of its own opposite systems of social society, and as in majority of its own op

...EW.

...WHICH HAS
...OOD
...OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I pommenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying the two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it starts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even better your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that we are growing old slowly and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. It is certainly the duty of every traveling or practitioner, and I for one am willing to contribute my mite in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have recommenced it a humbug, saying they had used it and will not effect. In every instance however, it proved to prejudice against it, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling a short half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself since my use of yours which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing to see people will patronize such an article of no repute—when there is one at hand that has been a proof of its worth for years.
Apparently some of these articles are got up in a brain storm to warn an advertisement, or to entice their home regret points, went on word in several instances, merely to change the name to place of yours.
I have within the past five years, seen and tested with more than two dozen articles, but the use of this article has promised a bit it, gones half the labor and is therefore decidedly the best. For all cleanse, the ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate its evil, and almost impossible, which operate on it, proved to the hair. It has been with the greatest pleasure I describe it. In many cases it is pleasant for the gentlemen of the table to bring on the article as it is wet. There is no better gratifying to the trial of this remedy, to all those who may be in the afflict, as the compound, if it does not restore a new hair, it will prevent its falling, and bring back, as it were, the original color.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

ADDITIONAL BOOK. It one of the most important advertising mediums in the country, and which claims to be unsolicited, is the fact that almost every article in the list is a first-class, well-known, and very extensive one. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe it to be the best in the country. We have tried it for both ourselves and our friends, and have found it to be the best. For those recommended in one of these few genuine most men's hair specimens of its worth, and all the business guy round center.—*Union Sun Sign.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known article, which is unequaled for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is not a dye, containing no sulphur, and restores to the hair falling off.—We have used it ourselves for the past few years, and can say that it does all that is claimed for it. Mr. Wood obtained the formula of this preparation from a celebrated French chemist, and has been engaged in its manufacture for the past fifteen years. It is now used by the most fashionable people in the country.—*Boston Home Journal.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is not a humbug. It is unquestionable in its virtues. It does great efficacy, as a restorative of the hair to its pristine color. Where the head has become almost bald, it will cause a new growth. The use of this article has promoted a bit it, gones half the labor and is therefore decidedly the best. For all cleanse, the ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate its evil, and almost impossible, which operate on it, proved to the hair. It has been with the greatest pleasure I describe it. In many cases it is pleasant for the gentlemen of the table to bring on the article as it is wet. There is no better gratifying to the trial of this remedy, to all those who may be in the afflict, as the compound, if it does not restore a new hair, it will prevent its falling, and bring back, as it were, the original color.—*Boston Evening Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

Sold by dealers in medicine generally. 1y20

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL
H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of the celebrated Kerosene Lamps. Also Shades, Chimneys, Burners, and Wicks. Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging lamps for store, kitchen and stock lamps for sale cheap. Also a few left of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail.
Also A. Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.
Please call and examine the above at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR.—Fresh ground Graham Meal from Graham Flour, for sale by
SAML R. WOOD, 43 Market st.
nov20

Burnett's Cocoaine.
A COMPLETE and elegant preparation for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.
It promotes the growth, cures falling off
It is more free from oil than any other preparation.
It is not greasy or stinky.
It is the most delightful perfume-odor.
Ladies who use it will find their hair will curl and remain in curl.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It is a cooler of fevered heads.
It is the most delightful dressing for the hair.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar24

FARMERS.
JUST RECEIVED at S. MANSUR, the best Peruvian Nitrogenized Super Phosphate of Lime;
Also Mapes' Super Phosphate of Lime;
Also Mapes' Improved Peruvian Guano;
Northern and Western Clover Seed;
Timothy, Hungarian and Rye Grass Seed;
Also, Bone Dust, Plaster, Ashes, Seed Corn, Millet, Buckwheat, Onion Seed, &c.
Also, for sale cheap, for cash, or approved paper, a good Horse and Wagon.
S. MANSUR, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
mar30

Brushes! Brushes!
WINGS BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Scrubbing Brushes, Counter Brushes, Stove Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Hair and Sweeper and Dusting Brushes, for sale at the lowest prices by
S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
mh2

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work intrusted to them, and at a
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets,
Circulars,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Wedding Cards,
Cost Checks,
Business Cards,
Pictures of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRICAL TROUPES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, variety or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of paper for fancy and plain printing. Call and see specimens, or send in your orders. Everything of every description of work—in parts and in whole—executed to order.
mar28

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER, UNIVERSAL TESTIMONY,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, PILES, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians throughout the country, and are known to be the most reliable remedy ever offered to the public.
Dr. JAMES L. KEEPER, write from Nevada, Black Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those who have used them, as entirely unequaled for Dyspepsia and General Debility."
E. S. DAVIS, Druggist at Sandusky, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I have never sold any medicine that would become prosperous and I can safely recommend them as the best preparation for the cure of dyspepsia and all the long list of diseases arising from a disordered stomach."
Dr. M. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes: "I have used the Bitters in my practice and find them to be a reliable remedy in all cases of dyspepsia."
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Huron Co., Ohio, writes: "I have used to the date of May 10, 1859. Its warmth reduced, healing have effected for two years, in effecting the cure, when several physicians attending me could do him no good. It is a sure cure for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, &c., &c., and I cheerfully recommend it to the public."
Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine generally throughout the country.
Price $1 per bottle.
Principal Depot, 162 Superior st., Cleveland, O.
For sale by
C. F. WHITTIER, Lowell.
Hon. HENRY WILSON, Natick.
And by druggists everywhere.
mar30 eodly

Klauer's Lirecone.
FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver Plate, Marble, Oil Cloth, and all kinds of furniture is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap* and a great saving of labor. Those who have used it, by its use will look as *fresh as new* as when first purchased. Try it for a single box.
Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.
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(PATENTED.)
ARE the best and cheapest Air Tumblers in the market. For sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.
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Sawed Wood constantly on hand.
Orders left at T. Williams' Periodical Depot or Post Office building
HENRY BENNETT,
RODLIFF.
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WOOD AND COAL WHARF.
THE subscriber having completed his new wharf, is now prepared to receive vessels and to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest market rates. All stores will be delivered with promptness
J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7 6m

MOTHS! MOTHS!
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I have received a small large stock of Haying Tools, and am now prepared to sell the same at the lowest W. H. DYER 39 Central street.
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(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly period in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other medicines of the kind *have been tried in vain*. It should never be taken by females who are pregnant, as it will assuredly bring on a miscarriage, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.
PRICE—Full strength, $10; Half strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
Sold by Druggists generally throughout the country.
Pamphlets and Circulars containing certificates of cures, &c., sent free to any one who wishes them.
Druggists and Physicians supplied at wholesale rates.
Address
DR. MATTISON,
Box 1,000, Boston, Mass.
Post Office Box 1,000.
Boston, Sept. 28, 1860. sep28eod

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in ivory and bone. Parasol Picking, Recovering, &c., &c., at
SAMUEL KIDDER'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, as greatly reduced prices.
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FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR
FEED, GRAIN &c.

EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Flour Prices and Grass Store, No. 63 Market Street, by
mar30 SAMUEL R. WOOD.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
This Golden Salve has now won a reputation that teaches the great jury of the world's Intelligence. It is unrivaled in the cure of the following:
It stereotypes lesions and putrifying sores. It is unsurpassed for Scalds and Burns. For sale at
It causes the crying of the tender heart to cease. It is unrivaled for Piles.
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All its works move its interest. It has the highest recommendations from those who have used it. Druggists and the fore-from merchants, mechanics, farmers, lawyers, doctors, ministers, and all classes and women—all ranks and conditions unite. And why? Because it is the best article in the world for the purposes for which it is recommended. Try it and be convinced. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE. Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by the proprietor, at 162 Superior st., Cleveland, O. Improvement of the public is liable to occur if neglected. The worst diseases are the most dangerous if not treated in time or three days.
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THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861	$2,612,454 93
Dividends paid to date,	1,444,360 18
Losses paid,	2,621,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, such more than double the amount required.
It does not maintain temporary home on collateral.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.
The interest got at the profit is.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Terms 20 years, or otherwise are strictly cash, and modified in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. Premiums on Endowment Policies to be paid annually in cash.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have been Insured Three Years.
The Dividends are paid to all the Insured in settlement of Loans, or they may be drawn annually in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, where required, and also give Notes, with 6 per cent on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force, which is a sufficient evidence of persons insured prefer more certain the operation of the principle of average upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore prove it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the **Advantages offered.**
This Company was first chartered in Ohio and obtained a charter in Jersey, in 1846. Application for insurance may be made to
JOSHUA MYERS, Agent,
No. 2 Central and 37 Merrimack Block.
mar9

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H. S. HAYNES,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CROCKERY, CHINA
AND
GLASS WARE,
Has just received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of
RICH GOLD BAND
CHINA TEA SETS,
COVERED DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, &c.
Also a large assortment of
PLAIN WHITE FRENCH AND ENGLISH TEA AND DINING SETS.
The above goods comprises many new and beautiful patterns, and will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in Lowell. Please call and examine before purchasing, at
45 Merrimack Street,
mh15 (Near the Post Office.)

AMOS ANBORN
Has recent large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, ROSEWATER DISHES, CAKE KNIVES,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
Also, a large assortment of
SILVER AND PLATED SPECTACLES,
Suitable for all sights, which will be sold at the lowest prices.
Please call and examine the above at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
mar30

NOTICE.
SUBSCRIBERS for Papers, Magazines, Periodicals, &c., that have taken them at my Periodical Depot, will please call and settle, previous to sell at once, or less for a few days, as I am going out of trade. No. 33 Central st.
J. MERRILL.
mar30

SILVER SOAP.
PREPARED for washing and polishing Gold, Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Paint, Glass, Oil Cloth, Marble and Furniture. Also, Silver and Copper Bronze always in use. Try it.
For sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.
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SOMETHING NEW.
H. S. HAYNES has just received CRUETS, Patent BOOT AND SHOE BRUSHES, Patent Tooth, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a large variety of Tooth Brushes, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar30

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MOST delicate, effective and complete remedy for Freckles, Blotches, Pimples, Tan and Sunburn ever used. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar30

Toilet Soaps,
ENGLISH Brown Windsor, Castile, Bayou, Olive, Tooth, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar30

THE PARAGON UMBRELLA,
A new and superior article, with a covering of the finest Britannia Satin, and a handle of the finest Ebony, with silver mountings.
Also, various Silk, Gingham and Cotton Umbrellas for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
mar30 CORNER HAT STORE.

FURNITURE POLISH.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Furniture Polish*, which will clean, restore and preserve furniture from all injuries. It is highly recommended by housekeepers, hotel keepers and cabinet makers generally. By using one-fifth of the Polish, one will be enabled to restore the whole furniture of a house entirely new, within one hour. Please call and see this new article. Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
mar30

LADIES' RIDING HATS,
NEW STYLES, just received at SMA-KIDDER'S CORNER HAT STORE,
mar30 47 Central street.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.
THE Gloucester Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest medicine as well as new, give it their unqualified assertion, and recommend it for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and hair. And all who have used it, unite in testifying that it will restore the gray hair to its natural color, and to any age, as well as youth. Read the following:
Gentlemen: Mr. Orrin Brown, of Lynn, Feb. 6th, 1860, has regularly gaining proprietor's Hair Restorative, and says it has restored his hair to its natural color, and gives him a perfect head.
Mr. Brown is now 70 years of age, and has been thrown from my entire agency a year since the result of which I have had numerous testimonials of its virtues, which I have not published, but will be pleased to show to any one who may call at my office.
Yours truly,
J. P. WHITTEMORE.
Gentlemen: Having been a long sufferer from Neuralgia, and having tried many remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, which I did, and was entirely cured.
NORMAN T. AYRES.
Gentlemen: Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for many years, and being driven by excruciating pain to the trial of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, which has entirely cured me.
CHARLES A. SMITH,
Of the firm of Smith, Brown & Co., Boston.
Lynn, Jan. 1, 1861.
Gentlemen: I have been afflicted with Rheumatism twenty years and being recommended by several of the citizens of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," NORMAN T. AYRES.
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GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND,
A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheumatism in all its forms, driving out and entire eradicating the disease, requires no change in diet or business, and may be used by child or adult with perfect safety.
TESTIMONIALS.
"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw.
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Of the firm of Smith, Brown & Co., Boston.
Lynn, Jan. 1, 1861.
Gentlemen: I was afflicted with Rheumatism twenty years and being recommended by several of the citizens of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound," NORMAN T. AYRES.
Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for many years and being driven by excruciating pain to the trial of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, which has entirely cured me.
CHARLES A. SMITH,
Of the firm of Smith, Brown & Co., Boston.
Lynn, Jan. 1, 1861.

DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE
SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.
THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored; often with emotional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure appearance runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip occasional headache, with humming or blubbling of the ears, an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable. Sometimes voracious, with occasional bowel complaints; fetid discharges from the bowels, sometimes, but more frequently constipated; occasional gripings, or griping pains in the bowels, with severe pain in the stomach, and sometimes nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged of a bloody hue; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; pulse sometimes full and irritable; sometimes preternaturally slow, with slight chilliness succeeded by heat; restless nights, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.
Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,
DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE
Will certainly effect a cure.
The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation, has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to
RETURN THE MONEY
In every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the existence of the disease, as above stated, warrant the supposition of worms being the cause." In all cases the Medicine to be given in strict accordance with the directions.
We pledge ourselves to the public, that
Dr. M'

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, Sept. 28, 1861.

FAST DAY SERVICES—CONTINUED. We give sketches of two or three discourses below, preached on Fast Day, which we were obliged to defer yesterday. They speak the sentiment of the lovers of our country, and will repay perusal —

St. Anne's (Episcopal) Church. Rev. Dr. Eden took for his text, Psalm cxxiv. 120. "My flesh trembleth for fear of thee and I am afraid of thy judgments."

Judgments here are taken in the sense of punishments for sin. The judgments of God were never, since we were a nation, never darker nor heavier than such as we now upon us. Our sinfulness is reasonable ground for fear. It is not meet for us to see our own sins. Nor is it easy when we look at them to estimate them correctly, as they are in the sight of God.

But we may draw an inference from his judgments as to what our sins deserve — So far certainly as his judgments are punishments for our sins. In the condition of our country is indicated an amount of wickedness and a debt of judgments, in view of which we may reasonably tremble. It is proper as it is natural to fear the judgments of Almighty God. The patriotism that fears not God nor regards his admonitions in the awful events of his Providence is ridiculous and indulges in the hardening effects of sin. The bravery that cares not for the Almighty is more to be feared than to be counted upon.

Under his dreadful rebukes most reasonably may we fear God — and his fear are in his hands entirely. The battle is the L rd's and he cares by many or by few. It is as impious to trust in men as money. It must do more to our damage than for our safety. Nor yet is it always by numbers that God saves. There is danger of numbers as well as in the want of them. To learn the impotence of man and money, it is easy enough for him who sees what is needful to bat the power men we bring together the worse and that the more store money we heap up the more attraction for judgment, and the more wickedness we may be paying for. We ourselves and our enemy as a people are in his hands, and in such a position as his holy providence it is meet for us to inquire whether there be not in ourselves something wrong, something for us to tremble for, to repent of.

We have reason to fear and to tremble because under punishments such as are already upon us we know not how to repent or there is to me. Though judgments are his strange work, and retributions are for the most part reserved for the future, and he is slow to punish in this life. Yet when he does take the rod in hand, it has in times past fallen heavily upon the transgressors. What he has for us in our wickedness we know not. He has begun to feel. He is plying the strokes of his judgments terribly. Where he will stay his hand — whether he will take us with Babylon, who cries for mercy? We know not how much judgment is due to us that is to say, sins that we deserve; more than we are likely to suppose; more than we do know at the apprehension of what is to come. We are reasonably fearful.

The scriptures teach that in backing for heavenly, as for our daily sinning and neglect of repentance, we sin in a measure against the cry of wrath. This is the day of the wrath and of the revelation of his judgments. How much is revealed we cannot accurately measure. Much may be in a cure sent in the mercy we are perverting his judgments to the increase of sin and an increasing rate we may reasonably fear for the result.

Our social relations and duties are so impaired and involved that we must share in the responsibility and in the punishment of sins in community. We are not a gathering of self-prudent individuals, but so bound so connected that we participate in the wickedness, in the responsibility, and in the retributions of the aggregate sins whose sense and we are in the dark, and must be, as to the amount of guilt, and the fire sins to long accumulating. And in that darkness is a natural and reasonable dread which in the days of our visitation is expressed in the Psalm, not too strongly for the devout and remembering heart — the flesh trembleth for fear of thee, and I am afraid of thy judgments."

And how proper for the Government to call upon us, sharing in the responsibility and partaking of the wickedness of the land, and to devote one day to the serious consideration of our position in the divine estimation—to confession, to the humiliation with a suitable dread, to consult our associate responsibility in some way, to the humble endeavor, to repent, to amend.

Let us then devote the day to its proper purposes.

To the serious contemplation of our associate wickedness, to our connection with prevailing iniquity, so as that we may not suffer the red of his wrath.

To the examination of our own sins in particular. It is time appointed for this work in me and difficult duty. It were easier and pleasanter to glory in the sentiment of a common excitement. But God-ward exists and God calls today to the hard and mortifying task of self-searching, self-humbling contemplation.

And to the exercise of confession to God. And to exercise of contrition.

And to suitable amendment. The President calls for fasting. There is occasion enough. Let it be closely and vitally done.

And lastly, amend we our lives. Truehort you to reform yourselves, to redouble your devotions, that he may withdraw the judgments of his hand.

First Unitarian Church. The First Unitarian Society held a service at Lee Street Church, which was well attended, sermon by the pastor Rev. F. Hinckley, on "Our calamity and our deliverance." *Text:*—Shall there be evil in a city and the Lord hath not done it? Amos 3:6.

"Except the Lord keepeth the city the watchman waketh in vain." Psalm cxxvii. 1.

Calamity is not the special interposition, the occasional and peculiar exercise of Divine judgment. It is the constant result of the ways or working of established law. Man brings it upon himself by breaking the law. Law, however, is the method of God's action. In its results, therefore, is His power and justice manifested. Obedience and love on the one hand, transgression and suffering on the other, are closely linked together, are being continually in exercise by the unresting, untiring finger of God into the ever-lengthening furrow of human life. Our present calamity has this character. We have not brought it upon ourselves. We have entered that which has been the instigating genius of the rebellion; that which has simply used, as its instruments, the disappointed ambition, and the humbled power, that have raged against the government and sought its overthrow, viz: slavery.—From the first till now we have tolerated it, compromised with it, conceded to it, played the slave hunter for it, twice at least, fought in its behalf, and sacrificed the meekest conscience to be at peace with it. And now, when we can go no further in compliance with its imperious demand, it raises the banner of revolt and marshals in its support such numbers as makes the contest one of life or death to the nation. We have borne the young viper in our bosom, nourished its growing strength, and, when, beginning to tear its power, we thought to thrust it aside, and leave it to itself, it turns upon us in the baseness of its nature, and makes us to feel its poisoned fang.

In this too is God's hand visible, that we are suffering the divinely appointed results of our conduct. Our fathers and ourselves disregarded right and humanity, in this matter of slave, and retribution has followed: last, in degeneracy of our moral sentiment, and when that began to elevate itself, then came external conflict. We have tried to serve two masters—to reconcile liberty and slavery—and the divine law of integrity that forbids such double service, such reconciliation, has proved to us like the stone in the parable; we have fallen over it and been broken asunder. Well will it be for us, if turning and repenting ourselves, we save it from falling back upon us and grinding us to powder. We have already to let the sin that is engage heartily and effectually in the moral strife with the slave power, and now we are compelled to a war of force. We would not recognise the "irrepressible conflict" and to-day, that speech is justified, and scenes embodied in 500,000 men at arms. Thus the law of righteousness, the law of God's providence itself, not only in the blindedness of those who serve, but equally in the suffering of those who neglect it.

How shall our deliverance come? Not from the power of God alone. We may not expect no miraculous agency to scatter our enemies as from rebellion to loyalty. Humane purpose and deed must remove the evil, as they brought it on—but, however, regardless of God. We must recognise his presence, the working of his power in our history, and humble ourselves on their side, if we would be delivered.

First, we must seek. Prayer is good only when accompanied by labor; when it moves God to labor in the affairs of men. A day of fasting is well if it stimulates action. If we use it only to throw ourselves passively on any help of heaven, and use the time we might be out of the full belief that complete victory will immediately follow such event, and peace and prosperity return to our whole land. He had a son at the battle of Bull Run, in the thickest of the fight. Our prayers must follow our sons and fathers and brothers. God sends a command, which will be felt, will bring the greatest suffering, and perhaps not till thousands upon thousands of our soldiers are sacrificed.

CALIFORNIANISMS. We have news from California to the 18th inst. Reports from the interior show that the spirit to the lively spirit of the people had not been in peril. It is the constant result of the ways or working of established law. Man brings it upon himself by breaking the law. Law, however, is the method of God's action. In its results, therefore, is His power and justice manifested. Obedience and love on the one hand, transgression and suffering on the other, are closely linked together, are being continually in exercise by the unresting, untiring finger of God into the ever-lengthening furrow of human life. Our present calamity has this character. We have not brought it upon ourselves. We have entered

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

There is nothing very exciting in the war news of the last two days.

Washington and vicinity. Things are quiet in the vicinity of the capital. Fast day was very generally observed on Thursday. The President has received a lengthy reply from Gen. Fremont relative to the charges against him.

A deserting Lieutenant of the 1st Arkansas regiment states that from Mathias Point to White House Point the rebels have only 10,000 men. He will be retained in custody until the Government is satisfied that he is not a spy.

The rebels have batteries erected at several points on the Potomac, so as to somewhat impede navigation. At Freestone Point one of the batteries fired seven shots at the transport steamer Delaware without doing damage. It is believed that the rebels will soon attempt to cross the river.

Marcus Cicero Stanley, recently discharged as a political prisoner from Fort Lafayette, had an interview with the Secretaries of State and War and Gen. Scott, and has left for the West.

From Gen. Banks' division. Captain Williams, Assistant Adjutant to General Banks, leaves shortly to take command of a Massachusetts cavalry regiment. He is a native of Lowell, Mass, but unlike his relatives, who are rebel officers, he is a firm Union soldier.

On the Virginia side of the river, from Harper's Ferry to Dam No. 3, there is said to be 400 rebels. At Charlestown there were but two companies of rebel militia, who are being used as laborers. At Winchester there are from 6000 to 8000 rebel militia, who are half clothed, half shod and half starved. They are being used as laborers. Their condition is deplorable in the extreme, and the number of the desertions required of them with the greatest reluctance.

The engagement at Point of Rocks on the 16th, between Col. Geary's command and a party of rebels, resulted in the loss of eighteen rebels killed.

Missouri affairs. Col. F. P. Blair has been released by order of Gen. Fremont, and ordered to resume his duty. The following telegram was sent by Gen. Fremont to Washington relative to the fall of Lexington —

HEADQUARTERS WESTERN DEPARTMENT, }
Tipton, Mo., Sept. 25th, 1861. }

Col. E. D. Townsend, Adjutant General—I have a telegram from Brookfield that at Lexington has fallen Price's handle, he having cut off Col. Mulligan's supply of water. Reinforcements 4000 strong, under Sturgis by capture of the ferry boats, had no means of crossing the river in time, and Sturgis is now from the eastward, and Price with the southeast, with upward of 15,000 men in all could not get them in time. I am taking the field myself, and hope to destroy the enemy either before Lexington or after the junction of the forces under Ben McCulloch. Please notify the President immediately. J. C. FREMONT.

There is a report that Cloth. Jackson was advancing on Booneville with 10,000 men. Price was marching toward Georgetown with about 20,000 men, the army at Lexington having been divided for that purpose. Gen. Davis commands our force at Georgetown, where a large number can be now concentrated.

Boot thief. Some scamp broke out a pane of glass in the boot and shoe store of David Tapley, No. 264 Merrimack Street, on Thursday evening, and stole two pairs of boots. There were other boots and shoes in the window, but the thief did not spend much time in selecting a fit.

ACCIDENT AT WESTFORD. On Thursday Mr. A. B. Heywood, Principal of the Franklin Grammar School in this city, while riding in Westford, where he had gone to visit his parents, was thrown out of a carriage in consequence of the horse becoming unmanageable, and some part of the harness breaking. Mr. Heywood dislocated his right arm and received a cut in the forehead. He hopes to be able to return to the city next week.

HIGH WIND. We had a heavy wind with some rain last night. Several awnings present a ripped appearance today, and some flags do so, as if they need replacing. One or two trees were also blown down.

PERSONAL. A correspondent of the *Lawrence Journal*, writing from Fort Albany, Virginia, under date of Sept. 20th, says we were much overjoyed by the appearance of the long-expected and much-wished-for Paymaster, who proved to be our old friend Major Hall of Lowell. May his shadow never be less, and may he make us frequent visits like his first. Verily, he goth about doing good, don't he?

CHEERING ITEMS. The Gosnold Mills, New Bedford, are now running full time, as they have been for the past two weeks. They have large orders from Boston and New York. Their horse shoe department is particularly active. The Wamsutta Mills are running on the same full time, working five days per week instead of four.

The woolen mills of Poole & Steere, in Greenville R. I., which has been running half time since May last, have commenced running full time. They are manufacturing army and navy blues.

The Richmond Mills will never before so flourishing as it has been since the war commenced, on account of the Government works there. Nearly two thousand men are employed. The mills are turning out a number equal to all the men in Portsmouth before—and they keep money in quick circulation.

C. S. S. E. A. Abbot, of Concord, N. H., are building a train of two bunsized baggage wagons for the army of the West.

The Benton shooting case. Captain Wm. A. Treadwell was brought before the Boston Police Court yesterday, and ordered to be committed for examination on a charge of assault and battery on Benjamin F. Butler, Jr. The attendance of witnesses was postponed to Monday next. Captain Treadwell is a bright-eyed and intelligent looking man. He is a lawyer. Long and Sergeant Welch, in that city last. Wednesday afternoon. Welch still lies in a critical condition, but entire hopes are entertained of his recovery

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1865.
Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in testament to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1860, since which time I have been without a bottle on hand—Why I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications caused its falling, and in three weeks more there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per week. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do no imagine a facts above mentioned will be of any particular interest to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late date, but I am well aware there are still a few unknown, already and even more wonderful cases through out this County. I have received my notice in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have been quite free in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting testimonials in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying the bald-head it without effect. In every instance however, it proved by getting the money, that they had procured your article at all, but had used somewhat sparingly, and in lew as good a manner as selling it about half the price. I have noticed those three articles myself advertised as a secret, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing to me how people will be gulled by such preparations when there is one at hand that has been proved to be a reliable article.
Any remarks some of these charlatans have put brains enough in their nostrums to cause the hair to grow, were not word, in two months time, I could produce testimony some other hand to prove it.
I have, within the past few years, sold more than two thousand persons who have used your Restorative, and not one has ever complained of its not doing what was recommended to do. Some have used it but once, and others for months, and every one says the result and benefit received.
I could to see you personally, at some point I can name. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1, will be promptly answered.
Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.
DEAR SIR: I write you a few lines to say that this year entitled to the laurels of. I am a recipient of Blue ribbon, and Diploma, and over fifty years. am now over fifty years of age. For several years my hair has been coming considerably gray, and was almost white as a very stiff and ugly. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and concluded that was one for me to test that truth in them, but entertaining a strong objection to the use of what possible, resolved to try original color and brown, as it was in my younger days. After using one bottle, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in January, and by the middle of one of your six bottles, it was done, and commenced using Restorative, and have used it regularly ever since. I soon discovered the dandruff passed away, and my hair, that was coming out in large quantities, was remarkably tightened, and a restless itching about the roots of the hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles as a dressing, and am now in the fourth. I have now a pretty good head of dark brown, and that is the color it is now. I have had in my youthful days, when a boy in the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia. My wife had a complaint of dandruff, and the hair seemed entirely falling off and as well as myself. She has used it as daily, as the high just from the hills of Pennsylvania. Many of the neighbors have become frequent in my room, "Butler, where did you get that new dye?" I tell them it is the effect of your Restorative. It's almost impossible to keep from laughing, disguise the color of the old gray head, from your Restorative.
Yours, truly,
F. BUTLER.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has received a reputation from actual test and experiment which exists for it no parallel in the annals of which nothing in history, literature, ancient or modern, can be compared. It is now well known to every intelligent community throughout the land, and it has found not a single locality in which it has not established for itself a character for the most unexceptionable excellence. Its unrivalled success in the restoration of gray hair to its original color, and in the arrest of premature decay, has been established by the most unimpeachable testimony, and by the most eminent men in the country. Its power to prevent the hair from falling off, and to cause a new growth to spring from the follicles, is known to every one who has ever used it. Its tonic properties are such that it is the most delightful dressing in the world, and it renders the hair soft, glossy and silken. Its perfect harmlessness, the entire absence of any thing pernicious in its composition, and the fact that it contains no material which can injure the most delicate skin, or the most sensitive nerves, are established by the certificates of thousands who have used it, and who have voluntarily given their names to the public, that their neighbors may profit by their experience. Its immense sale, and the fact that it is now used in every part of the civilized world, are the best evidences that it is the most reliable preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.
PRICE WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. Prepared by
R. P. WOOD & CO.,
No. 114 Nassau street, New York.
Sold by druggists everywhere.
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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
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Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPTNESS and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books,
Jobs, Circulars,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Newspapers,
Court Dockets,
Bill Heads, Note Sheets, Cards,
Notices of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, in the most stylish style of borders,
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, a variety of fancy colored papers.
Any description on hand, a good stock of yearly surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapt for every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. P. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. N. BUNK, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE WORD TO
DR. S. O. BENEDICTON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GANERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians throughout the country, and all who try them become their friends.
DR. JAMES A. PELTIER write from Natchez, Miss., Dec. 6, 1864: "The bitters are praised by those who use them. Gentlemen, disregard the opinion of others, and use the bitters."
E. B. DAVIS' Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "We have given your bitters a fair trial, use them myself, having taken cold become quite unwell, but after using one bottle of your bitters, am entirely restored to health, and can recommend it with great confidence to the public."
Dr. WM M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine ever offered. He has recommended them with success, and with the most perfect confidence in the use of them in cases of prostration of the heart and general debility.
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, and says: "I have been afflicted for three years with dyspepsia, having been induced by a friend to try your bitters, and am now entirely restored to health, and can recommend them to all who are afflicted with dyspepsia, and to the world as a valuable medicine."
Each bottle is accompanied by a pamphlet, containing certificates of many well known persons, and directions for their use.
Price $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
d&w1y

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

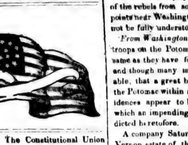
This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly courses* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions. If taken *just before each monthly period*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies wishing to avoid the evil of a too-rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 MOTTLES
have been sold within *nineteen months with out a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health or any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *clearly sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICES—Full strength, $10; Half strength in two bottles, $5; Quarter strength, $3.
Remember—This *medicine is designed expressly for CONSTITUTIONS*, in which all other, *remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, and that it never has been known to fail in *EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded*.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Some genuine and warranted ones purchased directly of the Proprietor, DR. E. MATTISON, RESIDENT PHYSICIAN FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 2 Union street Providence, R. I.
N. B. This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by lett r or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Call and get pamphlet—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Letters, when a fee is enclosed, must be post paid.
Providence, R. I., Aug. 1, 1865. aug24d&1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1865. . . . $3,913,550 00
Dividends paid to date, ... 1,951,905 18
Jan'y 1865. . . . $1,961,644 82
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles, without any substantial capital—The members, its makers, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:
It offers *unusual security* and *advantages*.
Its premiums are low—$3.00 to $20 Annually.
Its investments are by law confined to Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stock owned by it is in the Rockaway, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.
The interest *goes with the profits*.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the United States of Lives.
It is *economical* in the management of its business.
It is *prompt in the payment of losses*.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as they may prefer, and if Lien, Water Spout, &c., may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in note, at 6 per cent. interest, per annum, the interest on premium notes to be paid annually.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Life premium.
The Dividends are paid to the insured in settling future premiums, or in cash, or they may remain in Cash; receive the dividends in Cash, when requested, and three years notice given.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has for the large number of 7115 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of *the principle of average*, upon which all kinds of Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore contribute to its importance by their *exertions*, in pulse of *themselves*. All this comes from *trusting*, *unity* and *sagacity*. By these we will be sustained in whatever, the nature, and skill, and whose only reliance is *economical* and *safe* in the choice of *agents and associates*, in pulse of *themselves*. If therefore, you are in search of a *Life Insurance*, take no man's word as *matter of fact his preference*, but *investigate* for yourself—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets. Call at the office, or address the undersigned at once for any further information desired.
JOSHUA M. BEBELL, Agent,
No. 23 Central street, 27 Merrimack Block, Lowell, Mass.
Lowell, March 7th, 1865. mar7d&w1y

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Used Now in the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the people of the intelligence. It is unquestionably the best salve in the world.
It's corrective qualities are surprising upon the worst chronic sores, and its soothing, and demulcent properties are unequalled.
It's ecstatic qualities in all cases of mucal tests attacks among sensitive and mucinal men, are wonderful, and its healing powers are unsurpassed by any known remedy.
Acknowledging the life to the gift of the Creator, we feel that we have used it as a means of health-out living," we will narrate the remark of Mr. Whitten to the writer, that he has used all vegetable life's governed by certain chemical laws, and that all chemical laws are governed by certain principles, suffering fresh exposure in hope while the principles remain unchanged.
All its works upon the principles of the press, the chemical laws governing the life principles of the human constitution, and the medical profession, both men and women, are using it in their practice, the last but not least, it will cure sore toes on your children, and prevent mortification. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE. Remember it is the GOLDEN SALVE

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, Sept. 30, 1861.



POLITICAL. The Constitutional Union State Committee met on Friday, and issued an address to the public. The committee regret that any action has been had looking to party movements in this time of State election, and had hoped by a people's movement to see rallied to the support of the National Government, in this very grave crisis, the entire body of our solid and considerate opinion, feeling and judgment, which they know animate the people of Massachusetts, with the hope and the resolve to restore and to preserve the Federal Union. A proposition to such an end was made to their Democratic friends, but the great body of that party still not embrace it, and proceeded to make a party issue with the Republicans by strictly party nominations, thereby defeating the ends it had been hoped to gain. Some talk was had with a sub-committee of the Republicans with regard to reorganizing the Union body in making up their State ticket, but nothing of the kind was effected. They would be glad to have one or more members of their party placed on the Republican ticket, but do not claim to dictate to any body of men who they shall or shall not nominate to office. We declare their intention to call no convention, leaving themselves free to vote as they think best, reserving their organization to the period when the prospect of a restoration of the Union may enable them to exercise a salutary influence in the settlement and pacification of the country — Until that period arrives they shall be found as individuals and as a party in the discharge of all their duties as citizens upon their own platform — "The Constitution, the Union, and the enforcement of the laws."

We have no doubt the action of the convention to-morrow will be such as to leave the members of the Constitutional Union Party to cause for regret for the course their State Committee have taken.

Hon. William Appleton, representative in Congress from the Fifth Democratic District of this State, comprising the six first wards of Boston, with Cambridge and Chelsea, has resigned his seat on account of his health, by advice of his physician. He has declined to fill the vacancy will probably be held on the day of the State election, November 5th.

Leland Stanford, Republican, has shot 55 000 votes for Governor of California, to 30 000 for each of the Democratic candidates. Majority against it a combination Democratic candidate 55,000! T. J. Phelps and A. A. Sargent, Republicans, are elected to Congress.

Movements are being made in Connecticut and New Jersey to unite the people of all parties to sustain the Government against "peace" men.

Ex Gov. Baker, formerly of New Hampshire, declines the Union nomination for Governor of Iowa, as he might by running hazard the election of Mr. —, the Democratic candidate, over the Republican nominee, who is for the country.

Col. Wallace is elected delegate to Congress from Washington Territory, and Judge Cradlebaugh from Nevada. Both are Union men.

John Gill Shorter has been elected Governor of Alabama.

BALANCING THE WAR LEDGER. A gentleman in Lansing, Michigan, who has kept an account as accurate as possible, estimates that of thirty-three battles and more important skirmishes since the war began, the Union men have been victorious in twenty-two, the rebels in eleven. In the remaining six neither can claim the victory. The number of prisoners taken by the Uni nists, is about 3200; and by the rebels not quite half as many. Of the killed, it is impossible to obtain anything like an accurate knowledge of the losses of the rebels. The Union loss is something over 1000; and the rebel loss is believed to be more than twice that number. He has not, however, made an account of recent events.

CALIFORNIA NEWS. We have news to the 18th inst. The State election returns are nearly complete with the following result:—Stanford, republican candidate for Governor, 54,027. Conness, Union Democrat, 28,953. McConnell, Breckinridge Democrat 31 216. Among the six Congressional districts of the State which are regarded as largely sympathizing with secession, Los Angeles and Tulare are the only Counties which gave the Breckinridge candidate a majority.

AN INCIDENT. A large concourse of people recently assembled at the depot in Hartford to see the Governor and his staff, and through on his way to Augusta. One of the crowd by the name of Jefferson Davis was introduced as Jeff Davis. Seeing him by the hand with an iron grasp Gen. Butler said, "Yes are the man I have been after for a long time. Now I have got you!" The incident excited much amusement.

DISLOYAL NEWSPAPERS IN NEW JERSEY. The Grand Jury at Trenton on Thursday presented the *Newark Evening Mercury*, *Warren Journal*, *Hunterdon Democrat*, *New Brunswick Times*, *Plainfield Gazette* and *Hackettstown Gazette* as disloyal sheets and recommended a suspension of patronage to them by all good citizens.

SEVEN corpses of Bynch liquors, worth one million of dollars, imported into New York on 8th born account, have been seized by Government.

THE NEWS TO-DAY.

The news of to-day is more important than for some days past. The withdrawal of the rebels from some of their fortified points near Washington is a thing that cannot be fully understood.

From Washington. The situation of the troops on the Potomac remain about the same as they have for the last few days, and though many men regard it as probable, that a great battle will be fought on the Potomac within a few days, yet the evidences appear to be same as those on which an impending battle has been predicted heretofore.

A company Saturday visited the Mount Vernon estate of the late John A. Washington, recently killed in Western Virginia, and brought away about 600 bushels of wheat, nearly 500 bushels of corn, and 75 barrels of fish. all of which has been stored in the Commissary's Department at Alexandria.

A foraging party from Alexandria went out Saturday morning to Edsell's Hill, on Alexandria and Orange Railroad, eight miles from Alexandria. The rebels retired a mile and a half beyond Edsell's Hill, as the Federal party advanced.—The object of the expedition was successful, and large quantities of hay, corn and oats were transported to the camp. Not a gun was fired on either side during these proceedings.

Every vessel that arrived at Washington on Saturday reports having seen fired at from a rebel battery about twenty miles below the city. Several vessels are reported to have been struck, and their cargo further up the river. Vessels can no longer pass up or down the Potomac without undergoing a destructive fire from the rebel batteries, and navigation is virtually closed. The rebels declare their intention to destroy the war steamship Pensacola, if she attempts to leave the Washington Navy Yard for sea.

The rebels withdrawn from all of their entrenchments opposite Arlington, and our troops occupy them, including Munson's Hill and Edsell's Hill, which are held by Union troops in full force.

Various speculations are rife as to the whereabouts of the rebel army, as no traces of them can be discovered in large force, their usual pickets of infantry and cavalry being discovered at different points, but serving as if for the purpose of observation. The most probable theory is, from what can be gathered, the rebels are making movements of retreat, as they did previous to the battle of Bull Run, with a view of drawing our troops into ambuscades. This opinion is strengthened by the repetition of the same operation, which a farmer, residing in the neighborhood of Falls Church, overheard the rebel officers say he overheard that place. The encampments of the rebels show that they had at no time over 10 000 men in front of Washington, and the points which they have just evacuated.

Fairfax Court House Saturday evening that Johnston, at the head of 27 000 recent troops, is making from Leesburg toward the river. It was also reported that the rebels are pushing large forces toward the ferries in the neighborhood of Dederville and down the river toward Aquia Creek. The indications are that the rebels will attempt to cross the river, and attack from but their movements are closely watched, and preparations to meet them will be promptly made.

Some excesses by our troops in their foraging expeditions into Virginia are reported, which will be investigated by Gen. McClellan.

An unfortunate affair occurred near Falls Church last Saturday evening. Col. Owen's Philadelphia Irish regiment fired into a California regiment and Captain Mott's battery, mistaking them for a rebel force, when the latter returned the fire — Six or seven were killed, and several others wounded, some it is feared mortally.—Col. Owen's regiment was ordered back to camp.

From Gen. Banks' Division. General Banks, who has been ill, has entirely recovered.

Strong rebel pickets frequently make their appearance near the Point of Rocks, opposite Col. Geary's command. Last Saturday morning a party came to the island below the mouth of the Monocacy, but before can light. This island commands a view for miles of deer or foliage. It is said to be owned from Virginia by a narrow channel. Col. Geary thinks that they are in the habit of coming over there every night — On Friday night the rebels made a demonstration as if they would cross at the Point of Rocks. Col. Geary met a trap by three companies of his command, their approved plan. While awaiting their movements he discovered that signals were making at a farmer's house on the Maryland shore; the inmates of which were secured and held. The force did not attempt to cross.

Missouri affairs. Reports from a reliable source from Gen. Lane's command, say that after his successful engagement at Papinsville with the rebels, he made a forced march on O ecola, and succeeded in capturing a large supply train left by Generals Rains and Price, together with $100 000 in money. The command of Gen Lane is now supposed to be on its way south to join Gen. Sturgis

The Secession city reports of Ben McCulloch's being in the vicinity of Fort Scott, with a large force, are still adhered to.—Nothing definite, however, are given in regard to his movements.

Gen. T. L. Price, Federal, (the rebel General is Sterling Price) is constantly on the move, doing good service, as he is an energetic business man, and has proved himself a commander of energy.

It is thought that the rebel forces under Price and McCulloch are moving toward Jefferson City.

The troops of Price had devastated the country for a circuit of over 20 miles. — Every barn, field and mill had been cleaned of their contents. The fields that were a few days ago covered with fine grain are now as bare as a desert. The cattle, large that were filled with the comforts and necessaries of life, have been stripped of everything contained in them. Money, silver ware, clothing, bedding, in fact everything has been seized and the owners insulted. threats have been made to cast the lives of all Union men, as well as against all those who have remonstrated against these lawless proceedings.

A few members of Jackson's Legislature had assembled in Lexington and passed an ordinance of secession, and when our informant left they were discussing an act providing for the confiscation of the property of all persons opposed to the Southern Confederacy. Other acts of a severe character were also under consideration.

There is a report that a strong column of rebels was on the march northward from Lexington. Their supposed destination is St. Joseph. All the organized companies of the Kansas militia are ordered to rendezvous in that city immediately.

Kentucky. The thanks of the General Assembly have been voted to Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, for aid in arresting the invasion of Kentucky. Agents are now stationed along the Ohio river to prevent the smuggling of arms into Kentucky.—The *Bulletin* says 5 000 soldiers from Terre Haute, Ind., have gone up Green river, Kentucky, and taken possession of locks Nos. 1 and 3. One shot was fired at them which was returned, killing their acalled Many Union families have fled to Evansville in the Green river county.

Gov. Morgan, of New York, has been appointed a Major General.

VICE PRESIDENT'S HAMLIN'S VIEWS ON MATTERS. At the recent Union meeting in Bangor, Me., Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Vice President, made a speech, from which we take the following extract, as reported by the *Waig* of that city.—

"I am glad of the occasion to say that in my judgment no time has come when there are to be in this land but two parties, the party of the Union and the rebellion against it. Let the dead bury their dead; in the living present the patriot will be found. Every man, in the living present, he who loves his country will rally to her support. Let there be no two, no, three, no not any subcounsels of men in times like these? Let us simply ask what are the issues before the country, and we can see them? Those duties let us perform, soon in solid column, each standard to shoulder and each musket for discharge. If upon the abstract questions growing out of the administration of parties there is a difference of opinion, let that difference slumber till we have first suppressed the flames that are now enkindled around us. When we have killed the rebellion—and then we will settle differences of opinion, if any shall exist.

There has been a great deal said about peace, and a great deal said about war; but there is nothing in that the belligerent has further in the accordant this evening. The English editors that like the bull fight, the pugilistic encounter, the cock fight for life and death, the fox chase, the rat hunt, the bear baiting, the dog fight, the horse race, the yacht race, the regatta, the ball match, the cricket match, the rowing match, the walking match, the leaping match, the quoit match, the game of chess, the game of draughts, the game of billiards, the game of backgammon, the game of dominoes, the game of cards, the game of dice, the game of tenpins, the game of bowls, the game of quoits, the game of football, the game of hockey, the game of golf, the game of tennis, the game of fives, the game of rackets, the game of squash, the game of handball, the game of shinty, the game of curling, the game of skittles, the game of nine pins, the game of ninepins

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW, AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what OTHERS SAY OF IT. A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir: Allow me to express to you the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been any to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying it once or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and now scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I state the case mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are all such names already and even more wonderful ones through out this Union. I have accepted no fee in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, as I have been prior and at this time in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that it would do and will not effect. In every instance however, it proved to be entirely the reverse, and in every instance in favor of yours.

I have within the past five years, worn and tasted with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in almost every instance for it bloom, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original and place of business here, by learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer persons to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,720, will be promptly answered.

Yours Truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 1st, 1860.

DEAR SIR,—I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to from one who has been a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over fifty years, and who is well known to most people. For about twenty years past my hair has been rapidly changing color, and at last became white as it very still and up-lifted. I had every appearance of forebidden of the very worst kind effect of your Hair Restorative, not supposing there was anything in it more than in the many entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color before I died, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I extracted I would, and did use it. Sentiment, commencing in a small way. I persevered in the use of it for about six months, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could, and in less than a year my hair was restored, and my bald, that was falling off in large quantities, was covered with a beautiful and a radical change took place in the color. I have continued to use it from time to time, as some of your small bottles are just enough on the hand. I have now a head of hair as black as jet, brown, or light in hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, and I am free from all bills of Western Virginia. My head is clean, free of dandruff, and the hair is not inclined to fall off and is soft and fine, and is in as silky a length as I ever had. I am a leading French ch. importer. Many of my acquaintances frequently see me, and I have frequently told you go that fine wig. I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. I have thought it possible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head.

Yours, &c.,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual merit, and the many cures which cannot be surpassed by newspaper puffing. It is now wholly in the hands of druggists, and we believe in every case their steady sales result, not from any interest in the advancement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it to some of the most worthless wood-sons which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray would desire.—*Columbus Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column Mr. Wood has found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative has no cure calumnious surprises, and restores the hair to its natural color. We have seen many an heir-ic testimonials in favor of these preparations, but we believe that I am great one to whom we have known for many years as perfectly reliable in every respect. Don't say till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every humbug discovery, for the sake of getting a fee, but when we find that we have great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's valuable preparation for the restoration of turning gray. Our well known friend, Col. Fly, of Bourbon County, has restored the baldest of his patients, and gifted with an extra growth of hair. Those who are bald and gray and desire will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Summer Journal.*

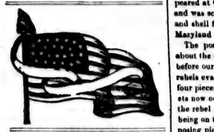
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike many specifics—this is proved, is unimpeachable, evidence, to a more gratifying extent the color of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become entirely bald, we do not assert that the use of this article has produced a full head of hair; but where a vestige of hair remains, it will clean. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate from the scalp all impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has something prior, but the best description is in many cases a perfect disappearance of the hair, and in every instance it is most. There is no hazard attending the use of this remedy, and if the directions will be carefully observed, as the compound, if it does not cause a handsome growth of hair, will prevent it being harm, as its component elements are perfectly harmless.—*Louisville Journal* April 23, 1859.

A GENTLE POKE. If "Capital Punishment" is capable of reform, as we are called upon to do, by the Governor of Massachusetts, in which claims to consider, we would suggest that the stiffness and inflexibility of the muscles, after which justice we leave our readers to decide. It is now notorious, however, that Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the valuable qualities of this article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and vendor claims it to be. Its effect upon the human head of hair is universally known to be magical. Like lime or gunpowder, it is classified in fact. Everywhere supplied. Our own thatch is fast becoming healthy, but we either can't or won't exercise growing hair to the Restorative.—*Columbia Spy.*

ALL HAIL DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT ARTIFICE has taken the FIELD. Professor Wood stands as the benefactor of mankind, whose attention has been turned to restoring a hair that have ever before been reached. He fame is spoken for world wide, and the many who have been supplied with his valuable article now, through the use of his preparation, weep that they can now natural and luxuriant locks existing. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of humans, are, and in the hands of such men as the functions of the scalp m. Prof. Wood studied that the hitherto hair has a chemistry, and proper ties, its diseases, and how to restore the decay ing vitality of the scalp, and to give to each its own case, to grow hair on unnatural unless the age of the individual would forbid such a change, and he believes that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tries it, and now, convinced of your small bottles are just enough on the hand. I have now a head of hair as black as jet, brown, or light in hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, and I am free from all bills of Western Virginia. My head is clean, free of dandruff, and the hair is not inclined to fall off and is soft and fine, and is in as silky a length as I ever had. I am a leading French ch. importer. Many of my acquaintances frequently see me, and I have frequently told you go that fine wig. I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. I have thought it possible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, October 4, 1861.



THE CONVENTION.

Worcester, September 30th, 1861.

The delegates who are to participate in the Republican State Convention to-morrow, are assembling, but there is not so much interest here to-night as was expected. Although the Bay State House (which seems to be headquarters) is pretty well thronged, and the hum of voices is incessant at this hour (11 o'clock), evening, the attendance is not as large as last year.—Quite a number of the prominent men of the party are present, and there will be more in this morning.

The idea of adjourning the convention without a nomination has not been seriously proposed. The question of a straight ticket is considerably discussed; and judging from the tone of the remarks of those with whom we have already conversed, it is evident that there is quite a feeling for dividing the offices. Another thing is also apparent that those in favor of a straight ticket are strongly represented here to-night, and of course are not idle. Two or three energetic men on either side might easily turn the balance, but on which side they will appear (if they really show themselves) can only be a matter of speculation at this time.

There has been a public meeting at the City Hall this evening, which was organized by the choice of Hon. J. M. Usher, of Medford, as chairman, and Edward Hamilton, of Roxbury, secretary. Speeches only were made by Mr. Davis, of Plymouth; Mr. Slack, of Boston, Mr. Timothy Pearson, of Lowell, Mr. F. W. Bird, of Walpole, Mr. John Westfall, of Fall River, Mr. J. H. Whitney, of Winchendon, Mr. H. T. Rollins, of Groveland, and by the chairman. A majority of the speakers were in favor of a union nomination. But it is a noticeable fact that a majority of them were new men in our State conventions; the old wheel-horses did not appear in the meeting, although quite a number of them are to be recognized at the hotels.

The convention to-morrow will be presided over by Hon. H. L. Dawes, of North Adams. Hon. Charles Sumner is expected will be present and address the convention. Before arriving here we learned that Hon. Edward Everett (who is announced as a delegate from Boston) would also make a public speech; but this is not known to be true. [Mr. Everett has declined to serve as a delegate.] Hon. Henry Wilson is not expected.

If a Union ticket is successful, we think Marshall P. Wilder or Richard Frothingham stand a good chance, with a preponderance in favor of the former. Occasionally we run on to a delegate who has strayed in from the other parties under the liberal call of the convention; but as yet they are not many. What the morrow will bring forth, daylight alone can reveal.

As yet we have heard but two names for Lieutenant Governor suggested (if the ticket is not "sandwiched"): they are Dr. George Cogswell, of Bradford, and Ensign H. Kellogg, of Pittsfield, both not unknown to (political) fame in Massachusetts. The former was named in the convention last year.

Some eight or ten only of the Lowell delegation are present.

s.

OCTOBER. We have entered upon a new month—the sixth since the rebellion first manifested itself by overt acts against the national flag and Government, and a month which, judging by the present aspect of things, will be freighted with big events. The month of Oct. 1861 has already been a fortunate one to our arms, with the 5th at Lundy's Lane, the 17th at Saratoga and the 19th at Yorktown being events which have made the month memorable in American history. We do not expect to see the month pass away without some action that will send a thrill of joy to the heart of every person who loves his country. If a blow is to be struck at the traitors this month we hope that it will be a solid one.

GOV. CURTIN, of Pennsylvania, has issued a proclamation, prohibiting all persons from raising volunteers in Pennsylvania, otherwise than by the authority of the Governor, especially forbidding the raising of volunteers for regiments from other States, and also forbidding all citizens of Pennsylvania from enlisting in or attaching themselves to any such irregular and unlawful organizations, and warning all persons that in disobeying this proclamation they will be disregarding the orders of the Government of the United States, as well as defying the laws of the State and violating their duties as sons and citizens of the commonwealth. It is estimated that six thousand Pennsylvania volunteers have already enlisted in other State regiments.

The same rule that applies to Pennsylvania ought to be good for Massachusetts. There is no reason for a man to leave his State to enlist in a regiment from another, where he will be among strange rs, and under strange officers, who have not that sympathy for him which they feel for their neighbors. We have been no estimate, but have no doubt that thousands of Massachusetts citizens are serving in regiments from other States, for which they receive the credit, while the volunteer gains no advantage, but loses that aid to his family, if he has one, which he would have received had he remained at h ome.

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

Washington and vicinity. A reconnoitering rebel force of eight regiments appeared at Great Falls yesterday morning, and was scattered by six rounds of shot and shell from a battery planted on the Maryland side by Gen. McCall.

The position of the Federal forces is about the same as on Sunday. The day before our force occupied Falls Church the rebels evacuated it with six regiments and four pieces of artillery. The Federal pickets now occupy one end of the village and the rebel pickets the other, both positions being on the Leesburg turnpike. The opposing pickets are not more than a quarter of a mile apart. From Falls Church yesterday morning was seen rebel infantry drilling on a hill beyond the Loudon and Hampshire Railroad. Artillery was also observed crossing the turnpike. To the left of Falls Church, about a mile and a half distant, rebel entrenchments are being thrown up on an eminence commanding the village. A large scouting party started out in the direction of Fairfax Court House, the result of which was the capture of three cavalry horses, also three privates and a lieutenant belonging to one of the North Carolina regiments.

Among the killed on Sunday morning during the unfortunate rencontre between our troops, in addition to those heretofore mentioned, were John McIntire and private Williams, of Company I, 1st Pennsylvania Dragoons. The same company also lost three others. The conduct of Col. Baker's California regiment, and Lieutenant's Fire Zouaves under the trying circumstances, considering they were undisciplined troops, was admirable.

The rebels have always denied losing any men in the skirmish at Lewinsville on the 27th, but the existence of a new-made grave at Falls Church reads as follows:—"W. N. M. M. Scroggs, Butler Guards, 2nd regiment South Carolina volunteers, killed at Lewinsville, Sept. 25th." Others, it is known, were killed at Lewinsville, but the body of Scroggs was the only one buried at this place.

A Government train left Alexandria yesterday with a party of bridge builders, who proceeded as far as Falls Church, on the Loudon and Hampshire Railroad, repairing all the bridges on the way, thus opening communication for supplies for the army in that neighborhood. The Orange and Alexandria Railroad is open as far as Centreville, nine miles beyond the Springfield station, which latter place is nine miles from Alexandria.

Our troops are reported to be in fine spirits, and their advance is slow and cautious. It is believed that the rebels are concentrating between Aquia Creek and Manassas, with their right wing on the Potomac. A messenger from Chain Bridge states that the rebels are in strong force at Leesburg, and their entire army is divided, one division above, another below Washington. Doubtful.

The gunboat Yankee yesterday reconnoitered Freestone Point, and found the batteries deserted. The President gives assurances that there shall be no draining of the Wabash until the Eastern States are supplied their quota. A resident of Charleston says the news from Hatteras struck a panic through South Carolina, and that the numbers of the rebel troops are greatly exaggerated.

Fortress Monroe. Two members of the Naval Brigade were killed last Saturday night, one by drowning and the other by a fall from a tree while on picket duty.

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The rebels have always denied losing any men in the skirmish at Lewinsville on the 27th, but the existence of a new-made grave at Falls Church reads as follows:—"W. N. M. M. Scroggs, Butler Guards, 2nd regiment South Carolina volunteers, killed at Lewinsville, Sept. 25th." Others, it is known, were killed at Lewinsville, but the body of Scroggs was the only one buried at this place.

A Government train left Alexandria yesterday with a party of bridge builders, who proceeded as far as Falls Church, on the Loudon and Hampshire Railroad, repairing all the bridges on the way, thus opening communication for supplies for the army in that neighborhood. The Orange and Alexandria Railroad is open as far as Centreville, nine miles beyond the Springfield station, which latter place is nine miles from Alexandria.

Our troops are reported to be in fine spirits, and their advance is slow and cautious. It is believed that the rebels are concentrating between Aquia Creek and Manassas, with their right wing on the Potomac. A messenger from Chain Bridge states that the rebels are in strong force at Leesburg, and their entire army is divided, one division above, another below Washington. Doubtful.

The gunboat Yankee yesterday reconnoitered Freestone Point, and found the batteries deserted. The President gives assurances that there shall be no draining of the Wabash until the Eastern States are supplied their quota. A resident of Charleston says the news from Hatteras struck a panic through South Carolina, and that the numbers of the rebel troops are greatly exaggerated.

Fortress Monroe. Two members of the Naval Brigade were killed last Saturday night, one by drowning and the other by a fall from a tree while on picket duty.

CITY AND COUNTY.

LOST, on Monday afternoon, at the Post Office, a Portemonnaie, containing some six or seven dollars, mostly in bills. The finder will be suitably rewarded and another is given here by leaving the above at this office.

Lowell, Oct. 1st, 1861. oct1&2

AMATEUR DRILL ASSOCIATION.

ATTENTION!

The regular monthly meeting of the Amateur Association will be held in the Gentlemen's Room of the Lowell Mechanics' Railroad Depot, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 2d.

Meetings for the purpose of drill will be held on Monday and Wednesday evenings of each week.

Oct. 1, 1861. I. O. WRIGHT, Sec'y.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol.

The Second Call Association will meet a box to Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Volunteers, at Mechanics' Hall, on Wednesday, Oct. 2d, at 7 o'clock. Packages not exceeding three pounds each in weight will be received at the office of the Lowell Gun Light Company, until 12, M., on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee,

sept30&dy. CHARLES COBB, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

NOTICE.

The Assessors will meet at the Board of Aldermen in the Police Court, in criminal cases, daily (Sundays excepted) from the 1st day of June, 1861, to June 30d, 1862, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during the above office hours.

S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

sept16dy

WANTED.

A young man, who is employed as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons unengaged, wishes to obtain employment during that time. Satisfactory reference will be given. Address "Box 304" Lowell P. Office.

August 7, 1861. aug8dtf

COURT OF INSOLVENCY—Somerset, ss.

At Lowell, Wednesday, October 2d at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Wm. H. Lemon, adjourned 2d meeting.

John G. Worth, do. do.

Wm. H. Lemon, do. do.

Charles Pierce, second do. do.

Wm. H. Lemon, do. do.

F. & E. Phelps, do. do.

Robert Tinney, do. do.

Thomas Mayhew, do. do.

John Hazzelton, hearing on creditors' petition.

DIVIDENDS OF LOWELL BANKS. The following dividends have been declared by the Lowell Banks for the six months ending October 1st:

	Capital.	Dividends.	Amt.
		Apr. 01. Oct. 01.	
Appleton,	$300,000	4 4	$24 00
Merrimack,	300,000	4 4	24 00
Manufacturers,	150,000	4 4	12 00
Lowell,	300,000	4 4	24 00
Railroad,	600,000	4 4	48 00
Suffolk,	300,000	3 3	Directors meet to-day.
Total,	$1,950,000	*Tax by 1 per cent.	$82,50

In addition to the above the Lowell and Lawrence Railroad has declared a dividend of 3 per cent., or $6000 on their capital of $200,000.

JURORS DRAWN. At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen held yesterday afternoon, the following traverse jurors were drawn for the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Cambridge, on the third Tuesday of the present month: Alden B. Buttrick, Francis Lamson, Isaac W. Norcross, Samuel G. Davis, Charles H. Coburn, Samuel A. Simpson. The following were drawn to serve as traverse jurors at the Superior Court, to be holden in this city, on the third Monday of October: Wm. McFarlin, Isaac W. Bangs, Francis Jewett, Benjamin B. Butterworth, Thomas C. Kendrick, Moses E. Philbrick.

PERSONAL. Major Ladd, Paymaster in the United States Army, is at home on a furlough of a few days. He left Washington last Thursday, and after resting for a short time will returnto duty. He represents our army on the Potomac to be in good condition and improving in discipline. He says that every day the battle is delayed, we gain strength both in numbers and discipline. The soldiers from Lowell are in good health and spirits, and having visited nearly every point where they are stationed. Lowell is given credit for sending as good soldiers into the field as have gone from any part of the country.

THE SWORD PRESENTATION. The sword noticed yesterday to be presented to Adjutant George E. Davis, was presented last evening at the Merrimack House, in the presence of a number of the friends of the Adjutant. Dr. Robert Wood made the presentation speech, to which the recipient briefly responded. The sword may be seen for a few days in Mr. Raynes' store window, No. 43 Central Street.

MORE CLOSING. We understand that the clothing, hardware, hat, cap and furnishing dealers have agreed to keep their stores closed the first four evenings of each week, until the first of January. The book and grocery stores still continue open every evening except Wednesdays.

DRY GOODS. We would call the attention of our lady readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Orange & Eastman, dry goods dealers, No. 84 Merrimack Street. Messrs. O. & E. have a large and well selected stock of goods, which they are prepared to sell at prices to suit the purses of all their customers.

OUT AGAIN. We were glad to meet this forenoon, John A. Goodwin, Esq., postmaster, who is rapidly recovering from his long fit of sickness, which has kept him from his duties over three months. We hope to see him specially restored to the best of health.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam J. Emerson* vs. Lowell Gas Light Company, is on trial to-day, which was ordered yesterday, and the counsel for the plaintiff had not got all of the testimony for the plaintiff in at noon to-day.

YANKEE LOCKE has raised a company, receiving his commission from Monson, and will have his first parade before our citizens at Huntington Hall, to-morrow evening. Tom Hampton has been selected as first lieutenant, and the "Lowell Minstrels" will furnish the music. Huntington Hall will of course be crowded on the occasion. Fall into line, ladies and gentlemen.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A CALL AND A VISIT. At the Superior Court this morning, an old lady, on "request" in explaining the difference between a call and a visit said:—"When you make a visit, you go and spend the afternoon, have a chit-chat, take tea, and have a good time. When you call you go and have a chit-chat and a good time too." "Taking tea" then seems to constitute the difference.

SEE notice of Amateur Drill Association.

OLD newspapers for sale at this office.

WOOD AND HAY SOLD IN LOWELL, Mr. Streeter measured during the quarter ending September 30th, 1434 loads of wood. The best of white oak is selling for $6 to $6.50. The amount brought in during August and September was nearly twice that of last year, and sold for from $1 to $1.50 less per cord than last year. During the same time 381 tons 614 pounds of hay were weighed. In July there were 128 tons; August 139; September 114 tons. Hay sold a year since for $18 and and $20, and can be purchased now for about $12.

POLICE COURT. The only case to-day was that of a lad named Churchill, for truancy, who was bailed for his future appearance.

A NEW ELECTIVE OFFICER. At the coming monthly election a Clerk of the Police Court is to be elected by the voters of Lowell.

SOMETHING FOR COMPROMISERS. The *Cruscher Bulletin*, a Democratic paper in Southern Illinois, makes the following important disclosure:—

We are informed by a gentleman just from the Ninth Congressional District, that there has been a complete revolution among the people on the war question.—Hon. John A. Logan, Congressman from that district, has been appointed Colonel, and has his regiment in the field on the war field. Many who a few days ago were of the compromising order, are now for war, to the war. Logan declares that he and other compromising men in Congress must be secret enemies, and determined to make a last effort. They sent Max to Richmond to ascertain if the Confederacy would entertain, accept or offer any compromise. No compromise could be agreed to. Max came back and reported to them though a blank sheet of paper be given to Jeff Davis, he will not write a word. Logan declares their intention is to fight, and calls upon all D-mocrats to rally around the flag of their country, and unite their social efforts to destroy the Government."

POLITICAL. Elections occur in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa and Minnesota, on Tuesday, October 8th, one week from to-day.

The People's Union Convention, of Worcester, has renominated John P. Harley for Governor, and William C. Allen for Lieutenant Governor.

John C. Breckinridge is named for Vice President of the Southern Confederacy.—His late movements show that he would run well.

LOW PRICES AT THE WEST. The extreme West suffers considerably in consequence of the war, for want of market for its agricultural and provision products. A letter from Iowa says that grain there is selling from one cent a dozen, and corn at fifteen cents a bushel; apples, with which the trees are loaded down, twenty-five or thirty cents a bushel; flour ten dollars per hundred pounds.

The body of a Frenchman named Bishop was found in the canal of the Amoskeag Corporation, at Manchester, on Monday morning. He had not been seen since the Friday evening previous.

WANTS OF APPLICANTS FOR CHARITY.—At Evansville, Ind., they have a story where provisions are furnished the needy at public expense. The *Journal* of that place gives the following notice of some of the applicants:—

"Last Saturday a woman presented herself with an order for several dollars' worth of provisions. She had the appearance that she wanted it all in "loaf sugar" and "spring chickens." She looked at the list, and she was dismissed with the remark that when she was hungry enough to eat beans and flour, she could come again. Others were the amount of their orders in coffee, which they expected to sell for a high price. All these persons are sent away, unless they will take what the agent considers necessary for their wants. One man wanted the amount of her order in corn, as she was fattening a lot of hogs for winter use!"

ENGLISH RAILROADS. There are 10,433 miles of railway in England. During the year ending December 31st, 1860, these roads 163,430,678 passengers, and there was received for passengers and freight $135,000,000. The expense was 47 per cent. of the receipts. There are on the different railways 8801 locomotive engines, 15,077 carriages of all kinds for passengers and 180,574 wagons of all kinds for the conveyance of all kinds of freight.

OBSEQUIES. Hon. Isaac Davis, of Worcester, has written a letter conditionally accepting the Democratic nomination for Governor. The contingency is, the resolutions and sentiments, which, in consequence of the action of the Democratic Convention, (Mr. Davis, standard bearer,) will not, probably, now take place.

The Lyman Mills, Hampden Co., were to start again yesterday. Instead of selling their cotton at a profit the owners have it made into cloth to furnish employment to the needy.

A CALIFORNIA stump speaker who upon an occasion, was loudly declaring that the Union battles thus far had been fought by Democrats, was "snuffed out" by a wag who cried, "Fried, in that case, I hope to goodness that our next army may be made up of Republicans!"

DEATH OF GEN. GIBSON. Commissary General Gibson died at Washington, yesterday, in the 85 years of age, and his long held that position. He entered the army in 1808 as a captain of infantry from Pennsylvania.

The *Utica Herald* notices the fact that since the opening of navigation, the quantity of grain and flour passing through that city on the Erie canal has averaged 1000 bushels per hour, day and night.—The aggregate up to the 7th inst, was 33,000,000 bushels.

TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT. This Regiment (Col. Wilson's) will start for the seat of war on Thursday and not to-day, as stated yesterday. It is to have a grand reception in New York.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Boston Advertiser* suggests the name of Judge Curtis as a candidate for Congress to succeed Hon. William Appleton in the Fifth District.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Sept. 30.

10 Boston and Maine Railroad 104
1 Boston and Providence Railroad 103
5 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad 104
2 Boston and Worcester Railroad 104
2 Concord Railroad (per $50) 80½

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York, and return, tickets good 7 days $9.25
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good 7 days $7.00
Tickets for the West, North and Southwest, at the lowest rates.

Baggage checked through to destination, and personally attended to.

Tickets for sale at the various Passenger Stations.

Tickets for passenger trains connecting at the Junction with the Nashua and Lowell Railroad.

Agency, 102 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House.

Lowell, Sept. 19, 1861. sept19dtf

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has removed to Johnson Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, from Merrill's Block, where he will be happy to see his old friends and customers, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the counter in Johnson Merrill's Store will be promptly attended to.

Lowell, July 20, 1861. A. L. BISHOP.

sept16dtf

PIERCE & LUND SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. L. Bishop is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary.
L. G. HOWE, Attorney.

DIRECTORS.
C. B. Coburn, Edward Tuck, Wm. Hall, Jr.,
E. F. Sherman, Jesse Fiske, P. S. Richardson, P. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Steel, Iron, Furniture and Machinery risks, and Dwellings, Stores and Manufacturing buildings. The premium is taken in Notes at 60 days, with Interest added, and the Notes are subject to assessment for losses and expenses of Company and Interest, resulting from Sub-losses, &c.—By this plan the Mutual Fund is kept intact.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT is confined to Steel, Iron, Furniture and Machinery risks, and Dwellings, Stores, Manufacturing and other buildings, and Merchandise generally. The premium is $20.00, $10.00, $5.00, with Interest added, and the Notes are subject to assessment for losses and expenses of Company and Interest, resulting from Sub-losses, &c.—By this plan the Mutual Fund is kept intact.

Office in Bank Building, Lowell, Mass.

Assets over $250,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property insured at reasonable rates. Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 37 Merrimack Street, (up stairs.)

C. B. COBURN, President.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 1, 1861. ly

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
For heating, is cheaper,
It burns up cleaner,
It makes more heat,
It leaves less ashes,
It lasts longer,
It don't burn out grates,
It don't injure coal hods,
Than any other free-burning coal. And the 1st to 15th of October is the time to buy it. Office at WM. F. LIVINGSTON, adverse Franklin House.

☞ We take this method of reminding the public that we have on hand a large stock of Coal, and that if they hope to get the premium article, as we have for the last two years, they will call at our office and pay in Cash (except to Manufacturing Companies.)

WM. F. LIVINGSTON, Agent.

Lowell, Sept. 30th, 1861. sept30dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only owners of the true and original Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water, hereby caution the public against the many base imitations sold. Mr. W. F. LIVINGSTON, adverse Franklin House, Lowell, is the only authorized agent for the sale of the genuine article in this city.

☞ We take this method of reminding the public that we have on hand a large stock of Coal, and that if they hope to get the premium article, as we have for the last two years, they will call at our office and pay in Cash (except to Manufacturing Companies.)

WM. F. LIVINGSTON, Agent.

Lowell, Sept. 30th, 1861. sept30dtf

MARRIAGES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. M. A.

A Quarterly Meeting of the Middlesex Mechanic Association will be held at the Lowell Mechanics' Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING next, at 7½ o'clock. By order of the President.

Lowell, Oct. 1, 1861. oct1&3

GREAT CHANCE

TO BUY

D'RY GOODS.

ORANGE & EASTMAN,

INTENDING to close up their business, offer their entire stock

AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

We have

NO RENT

to pay in Lowell, and will sell them for THIRTY DAYS, at a

GREAT DISCOUNT FROM COST.

Also, a full assortment of

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, such as FLANNELS, DOMESTIC GOODS, LINENS, TICKINGS, FLANNELS &c., &c.

—o—

90 Bales of Sheetings,

which we will sell at LESS than the Manufacturers' prices. ☞ Call immediately if you want a BARGAIN. ☜

84 MERRIMACK STREET.

ORANGE & EASTMAN.

sept30

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Are a Purely Vegetable preparation, containing all of the Gilliest and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Scrofula to a Common Blotch or Pimple; Female Complaints; Heedache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Costiveness, &c. They are the best remedy known to regulate the stomach and bowels,stimulate the Liver, purify the blood, remove all impurities from the system, and give tone, vigor and health to the whole human frame. Being purely vegetable, all who are afflicted with any of the above complaints are invited to give these Bitters a fair trial, and they will be convinced that they are what they are recommended to be. Sold by all Druggists, and by Dr. LANGLEY, 36 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscriber has the only stereotype plates of Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water, and all others are base imitations sold by unauthorized persons.

Sept. 30, 1861. W. F. LIVINGSTON.

Dr. Estate's Infantile Cordial, for Children Teething. In vain we exhaust the skill of medical science to find a sufficient remedy for the diseases of infancy and childhood, when we have at hand a safe, pleasant and certain remedy in the Infantile Cordial. It works like a charm, giving healthy sleep at night to the little sufferer and relief to the mother. It is the best and most delightful and dangerous diseases peculiar to the Infantile system, such as Cholera Infantum and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Convulsions, Fits of Fatigue, and the Great Irritation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, &c. Also, for Wind Colic, Griping in the Stomach, Acidity, and being a powerful anti-spasmodic, it is the best remedy ever known for the cure of Convulsions, especially when they purpose giving rise to Epilepsy, Locked Jaw, Spasmodic Croup, &c. Also, for Worms, it has proved itself a safe and effectual remedy. Sold by Chas. A. Kimball, Wm. H. French, E. A. Hartwell, J. T. Brown, and Samuel Kidder, Jr., Lowell; by Churchill & Dupont, Sole Proprietors, 69 Cedar St., New York.

sept30 ly

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Manufactory in the United States, No. 233 Broadway, New York.

This splendid Dye is unrivalled by any in the world. Produces instantaneously a superb Brown or Natural Black, without injuring the Hair or Skin.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists.

GREY, RED OR DUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a Superb Brown or Natural Black, without injuring the skin, or leaving a disagreeable odor.

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off, and is warranted not to incure in the least, however long it may be applied. It is the only safe and reliable Dye known. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, and its beautiful gloss is imparted to it. Sold by all Druggists.

The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, and address, 233 Broadway, New York, on a steel plate engraving, on the side of each box.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers in the United States, by Wholesale Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers.

WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, Proprietor,
No. 233 Broadway, New York.

Late 123 Broadway, New York.

jan18 ly

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.:

A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

☞ "A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent on receipt of 6 cts. in a plain envelope, to any address, by the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, P. O. Box 4586, New York.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York.

sept30 ly

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Are a Purely Vegetable preparation, containing all of the Gilliest and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Scrofula to a Common Blotch or Pimple; Female Complaints; Heedache; Piles; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Costiveness, &c. They are the best remedy known to regulate the stomach and bowels,stimulate the Liver, purify the blood, remove all impurities from the system, and give tone, vigor and health to the whole human frame. Being purely vegetable, all who are afflicted with any of the above complaints are invited to give these Bitters a fair trial, and they will be convinced that they are what they are recommended to be. Sold by all Druggists, and by Dr. LANGLEY, 36 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dtf

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against insurt by FIRE, to the extent of $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term not exceeding five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell,

Nathan Aiken, Joseph O. Abbott,
Stephen Chadbourn, John Avery,
Arthur P. Bonney, Wm. Crosby,
Wm. W. Davis, Edmund Morse,
Samuel Kimball, Edward H. Rand.

Boston.

Alvan A. Miner, Abraham Y. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bates, Lester H. Clark,
C. C. Hazewell, H. H. Fisher, Agent.

Lowell, Sept. 19, 1861. sept19dtf

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has removed to Johnson Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, from Merrill's Block, where he will be happy to see his old friends and customers, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call.

Orders left at the counter in Johnson Merrill's Store will be promptly attended to.

Lowell, July 20, 1861. A. L. BISHOP.

sept16dtf

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$2,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as any other reliable Offices. Call at the Office and obtain terms.

E. F. SHERMAN, Agent.

Lowell, Sept. 30th, 1861. sept30dtf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND, Jr., & Co., 3 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

July, 1859. jy9-tf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

are dependent upon the regular performance of the function or duty from whose normal irregularities to which the following Pills are directed. DR. CHEESEMAN'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS, prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen, have proved successful in many thousand instances in the hands of Sir JAMES CLARKE'S Female Pills are designed for married or single ladies, and are the only medicine ever made public, that can be relied upon to bring on the monthly courses with certainty. They have been used successfully in an extended private practice, and are now offered to the public at the earnest solicitation of those who have tried their virtues. Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box.—The Penalty of Nature must be paid.

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had of the Agents. Pills sent by mail promptly, by enclosing price to any address. Sold by all Druggists.

E. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor,
No. 21 Tremont Row, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by A. KIMBALL, Jr., corner Merrimack and Jackson sts., and by Druggists everywhere.

June 6, 1861. jy6

WAR HAS COME,

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in Lowell, Nashua, Concord and Manchester, for wounds, sore throat, fever sore and shaded feet and mouth, and has given universal satisfaction, wherever used by exposure, &c.

Soldiers, and their family fellow in use for some time, will find it a sure remedy for Piles, Scrofula, Cutaneous diseases, rheumatism, felons, head all kinds of sores, and for Chapped Hands, Lips, &c., it is unsurpassed. Physicians appreciate its healing virtues.

Prepared only by WHITTEN & CO., 14 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

For Sale by Druggists, by the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to contract with the Grocery trade.

WHITTEN & CO.

sept30 ly

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in this city for the first time, and have had the satisfaction of seeing it tested, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to manufacture Sets of Teeth, and have said it to be, a difference or opinion among the profession, that it is superior to any thing in use for the purpose, which it is not expected there will ever be made every other article now in use, there are many objections to gold as a base for artificial teeth, which many cities it is growing in the popular favor, and they are confident that it will be found to be the best article ever introduced, and warranted in saying that it is the best article for the purpose ever offered to the public. Gentlemen wishing to examine specimens of this mode, and all others, that are equal to any in the city, are invited to call at their rooms.

Rooms 2 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

sept30

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are contained in the best ingredients from that great storehouse of medicinal virtues, the vegetable kingdom, and are offered to the public as the best, and effectual in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. It works like a charm in the most distressed in ten minutes after taking one of the Wafers. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat, removing hoarseness, and for preventing that tickling sensation in the throat, which is so annoying to them. Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.

sept30 ly

RAILROAD BANK.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Railroad Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, the 8th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

J. F. ROGERS, Cashier.

Lowell, Sept. 27th, 1861.

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the choice of officers, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before said meeting, will be holden at their Banking House, on TUESDAY, the 8th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Lowell, Sept. 27th, 1861. J. F. ROGERS, Cashier.

LOWELL BANK.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may legally come before them, will be held at the Lowell Bank, on TUESDAY, October 8th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

A dividend of three per cent. will be declared to the Stockholders at the close of business on the 30th inst.

Lowell, Sept. 21, 1861. L. J. ORDWAY, Cashier.

sept21dtf

FRAMINGHAM BANK.

THE Stockholders of the Framingham Bank are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be held at the Banking House, in Framingham, on MONDAY the 7th day of October next, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be deemed proper to be acted upon by the Stockholders at said meeting.

Framingham, Sept. 17, 1861. sept19dtf

New Styles.

FRESH IMPORTATIONS.

Low Prices.

BY attention of gentlemen is particularly invited to the new and elegant stock of every variety of Foreign and Domestic Goods for

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

AT

HEIMSTREET'S

FASHIONABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it

IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE

FOR THE HAIR

THAT IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING A

LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

THAT IT TRULY RESTORES

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

THAT IT IS CLEAN AND CLEAR SCALP.

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Read an Agent, and see what it has done.

Manufactured at Manufacturers' Agency, No. 3 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass. Jan. 30, 1859

Messrs. W. H. Hall & Co.—Gentlemen: HEIMSTREET'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has been used in my family with satisfaction and success. I have tried various preparations for the hair, but find this to be the best. I have used it for my children when first commencing to turn gray, and it has entir

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
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IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not suppose it necessary to be mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there is all well known, already, and even more accomplished since bringing out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance I have found, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had purchased some article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price, and have invested two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one before the public that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none of their chief agents have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, and used, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than 100 different persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some of whom I had supposed bald-headed, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I submit to see you personally, at your original place of business here, and hope to find you now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Dr. S. Hull, St. Louis P. O., will be answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a certificate of what I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white as a very stiff and bristly. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was one factor than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I procured a bottle, I concluded I would make the experiment, even as regards a result, and if it failed, no one of your can it bottles, it was dollar, and commenced using. Before I had used the contents of the bottle I found my hair was coming back to its natural color. I soon since of it the dance of bottles at a dollar each, and by their large quantities, was not a trouble, tighten ed, and it commenced to curl. I have used it since, and I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your can I bottles at a dollar each, and the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark hair as you ever saw. Its a hole as any man ever had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is perfectly clear of dandruff, nor the hair erased on my head. In short, I am as soft as silk. Its as easy to curl as through just from the hands of a *French* dresser. I am satisfied that your preparation frequently says to me, "Doctor, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effect of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them to the contrary. Yours, &c.

DR. FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

BLOOMINGTON, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which can not be set aside by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where its use in accordance with directions, with the improvement of all who have tried it. Some of the few genuine restorative which accomplishes all that is claimed for it, and all the hair dressing would desire.—*Union Sun Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertis ment that will assure old gray heads that the remedy for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is one of the most extraordinary discoveries, and presents the most startling effects.—We have seen many so far the restoration of the hue as prior a sense of which are the greatest in whom we have seen it effected for years as persons of the most peculiar character. Don't try till you have tried this preparation.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, but in the cases of this they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. It is a most valuable cosmetic.—*Philadelphia Sunday Mercury.*

D. E. GALLERESES M. D., writes from Mexico: "I must respectfully return my thanks to you for the benefit I have derived from using the Sherry Wine Bitters to the cities of Europe and America, and all who require a tonic should try it."—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Each New size are receiving Daily, FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally

mar7 ly

REDSONE
LAMPS AND OIL

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Redsone Lamps. Also Wicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, sasket, hand, cast-iron, silver, timber and shade lamps. Also a new style for factory use. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S HAYNES'

sept 28 Corner Merrimack and John sts.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GRITS.—Fresh ground Graham Meal from the celebrated Graham Mills, Boston, for sale by SAM'L N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

nov28

Burnett's Cocaine,

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. It prevents falling of the hair, and restores it to a healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky.

It keeps the hair in any desired position.

It softens the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the greatest luster.

It remains longest in effect.

It costs 25 cents per large bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mh7

FARMERS,

JUST RECEIVED AT S. MANSUR.

TEN tons Peruvian Guano and Super Phosphate Lime.

5 tons Cow's Super Phosphate Lime.

5 tons Cow's Super Phosphate Lime.

300 bushels Bone dust and Super Phosphate

50 bags prime Red Top, Northern and Western Clover, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Wheat, Seed Oats, Millet, Hungarian, Timothy, Herds Grass.

mar23 106 Central street.

Brunnell Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Floor Brushes with long handles, Scrub Brushes, Table Brushes, Hair Brushes, Dust Brushes, Crumb Brushes, Wash Brushes, and a *Dust Comb and Sweeper* combined, unlike anything entirely new—at the shop to clean the hair thoroughly. Just received and for sale by

R. B. HAYES, 45 Merrimack s

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

mh3

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other, is the result of long and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly period in from 24 hours to one week. Explicit directions from any one, and effect all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. If taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with*out a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—EF It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, C. O. D. to any part of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Be sure the number of bottles is defined expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies have failed. Also for ordinary cases, *that is warranted as represented in every instance*, or the money will be refunded.

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warrant unless purchased *direct of Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE, No. 1 FOUNTAIN SQUARE, 2d door Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ Dr. M. has associates in all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by practice, giving his whole attention to those diseases, and to which he solicits the attention of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once confidential, all medicines will be sent by Express, per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one year premium.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in setting future premiums. Those who pay their notes in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when required. Those who pay in Cash, receive double the dividends.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now the large number of 7722 Policies in force; yet no increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average upon which all Life Premiums are based. All books of the Institution must therefore present to it no important risk, hence connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to its claims for patronage.

The Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1855.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MEDBURY, Agent,
No. 53 CENTRAL ST. BOSTON, Mass.

mar 6 dly

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE,

Used Years in the Suffering Millions.

THE Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the great jury of the sick and suffering. It causes the tumor to go away as by magic. It removes the burning pain in a moment. It causes the burnt child no longer to dread the fire. It causes the scald head to be healed. It causes the sore to be healed. It causes the cancer to be healed. It lifts the old man of his crutch, when bound with rheumatism.

It causes the nursing mother when her breast is full of pain.

It cleanses and cures the scaly of the scabby head sore.

It terminates the unbearable agony of piles.

It smoothes the brow when pain and trouble.

It moderates tendons.

It instantly quenches scalds.

It gives ancient bones and cancers.

It cures the worst cases of inflammation, and does it QUIET FAST.

The earache may be cured if you will hearken.

Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for him.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For chilblains or scald head.

For chilblains or scald head.

For chilblains or scald head.

For chilblains or scald head.

For sore and swelled feet.

For sore nipples cure it.

For sore throat this elixir can it.

Everywhere it goes, scald, scald, scald

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, October 2, 1861.

THE proceedings of the convention at Worcester yesterday, we give in another column. It is unnecessary for us to remark that the ticket nominated there is composed of the names of able men—men for whom we can unhesitatingly vote, and for their election we shall industriously strive. We will also frankly say that the ticket is not what we have labored to secure; since, according to our views, the names of those selected from the other parties, are not the representative men of the political bodies to which they are reckoned to belong. The selection of conservative, and in political life for some years past comparatively unknown men, from the other parties, to accompany those taken from our own ranks, has hardly evenly balanced the ticket; and the object we hoped to attain by a union ticket is not gained, since there are very few indeed who will be led out of their own ranks by those who have never been leaders with them. A straight Republican ticket would have been more of an election, and there was no need of getting up any other to save the party from gross defeat.

The desire of those who favored the union movement was to set party politics aside, that all might unite in the work, on equal footing, against the rebellion. This has not been attained in the nominations made yesterday; although excellent men were selected. We shall, as we have said, give the ticket nominated a hearty support, presuming that the majority of those in the convention were right in their judgment as to the true interests of the country and the wants of their constituents. The names on the ticket repeated from last year's, are too well and favorably known to require even a word from us—Gov. Andrew has by his able and energetic worker in support of the Government, and none doubt his ability or sincerity; the others have not been less faithful to their trust. Edward Dickinson and Josiah G. Abbott, are men of marked ability, against whom, in ordinary times, few could take exceptions, and for whom at this time no true friend of his country will object to vote.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamship Bohemian has arrived off Farther Point with dates to the 20th.

The Great Eastern arrived at Queenstown on the 17th, in a disabled condition, and her mails were transferred to the Bohemian.

A letter in the *London Times* says that East India cotton is regarded with increasing favor. It is said that some spinners have discovered that while the East cotton makes beautiful cloth, —it takes dye much better than American. The same paper in some speculations on the cotton question, adduces evidence to show that so far from American cotton being the arbiter of England's destinies, her emancipation from all need of it is simply a question of eight or nine millions sterling.

Mr. Russell in his last letter eulogizes the army of the Potomac and says it will soon justify the expectations concerning it. He thinks the Hatteras affair important.—Garibaldi is reported to have declined an offer in the Federal army on account of his health. The *London Post* thinks that Fremont's proclamation renders all hope of reconciliation and compromise impossible. [They had not seen the President's modification.]

There is a large business in cotton at Liverpool, for export to America. The Edinburgh had a large quantity, and three successive steamers are also engaged. The sales of cotton for the week at Liverpool were 143,000 bales including 87,000 to speculators and importers. The stock of cotton in port is 818,000 bales, of which 496,000 were American description. Breadstuffs had advanced slightly.

COUNTY OFFICES TO BE FILLED AT THE COMING ELECTION. The following county offices are to be filled at the State election on the 5th of November. We give the names of the present incumbents in parenthesis —Clerk of the Courts (Benjamin F. Hall, of Natick); County Commissioner (Hon. of Natick); County Commissioner (Hon. of Natick); County Commissioner (Hon.

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After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since been thick, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I am using what is mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as even flatter your vanity as it has done, as I am well aware there are all well known friends and even more wonderful cures brought out the Union. I have occupied my time travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons whom I have recommend it a bottle, saying they had tried it and without effect. In every instance where such it proved, by probing the matter that they had not used four article at all, but some cheap, worthless, new article, said to be as good as yours, and failed of course. I have noticed selling at about half the price of yours and as much two or three articles at one bombugs. It is on which I have no doubt will be found out in time, touching that people will not be humbugged, and the impositions of their brains cease at hand that has been proved worthless.

Apparently one of these charlatans have not brains enough to waive the old adage that "all that glitters is not gold" even copied yours, word for word, in some instances, merely inserting some other name instead of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and many other diseases of the scalp head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,790, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,

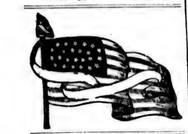
JAMES WHITE M.D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 5, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I need your assistance, that I thine you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now one of 5 years old by your Restorative

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, October 3, 1861.



For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

From Washington and vicinity. A train with 200 troops left Alexandria Tuesday afternoon to obtain wood at Edsell's hill, eight miles from that city. While the cars were loading some troops proceeded over the hill toward the Springfield station, where they were fired upon by the rebels and three wounded. With the exception of two, who became detached, and were probably taken prisoners, the entire party returned to Alexandria, having fully succeeded in the object of the expedition.

Gen. McDowell made a reconnoissance personally in Lowe's balloon last Tuesday. He found that the main body of Beauregard's army extended in line from Fairfax Court House to Manassas, and from Occoquan Creek for several miles in the direction of Leesburg.

A considerable amount of clothing belonging to the rebels is on exhibition at the Quartermaster's department. It was captured at Munson's Hill. Some of the coats and pants are of uniform, of the Colonel French cloth, and of a substantial character. The clothing was captured in wagons, together with muskets, sabres, pistols, and several Colt's six-shooting rifles.

The navigation of the Potomac is free, there being no appearance of the rebels about Freestone Point. The pirate George Page has made two or three unsuccessful attempts to emerge from Aquia Creek, but is kept in close quarters by the watchful eyes of the Federal fleet. It is understood that the object of erecting the batteries is for protection and not for impeding navigation.

From Banks' Division. Capt. Williams has left to take command of the Massachusetts cavalry.

Along the line of the Leesburg and Alexandria turnpike, continuous clouds of dust were seen on Monday progressing southward, indicating the movement of large bodies of troops or wagons, but the rebel encampments near Leesburg were intact Tuesday morning.

Three of our men, while crossing the Potomac in a boat on Wednesday, were fired on by thirty rebels, and one of them was wounded. Seventy-six wagons, each drawn by six horses, which dropped three of the rebels. After shelling out the rebels at Point of Rocks last Tuesday, Col. Geary, with twenty-four men, crossed the river and destroyed two hundred cords of wood and timber, which they discovered on the mountain. They then passed the enemy's line unseen into the interior.

The rebels are stripping families of their provisions, leaving them entirely destitute.

Michael Price, one of the first advocates of secession in Virginia, recently left the army opposed to our forces under Gen. Rosecrans, has become disgusted with the cause, and returned to his home near Harper's Ferry. He controlled and exercised great influence in getting the State out of the Union, but has become convinced that the present Confederate Government is a fraud. He now wishes his Union friends to intercede for his return to loyalty. On Thursday he called on Gen. Banks, an old friend, and remarked that the rebels might as well fight against the cross of the Southern Star as Kosciusko, for, said he, just as we thought we had got him, he was all around us. He says also that Beauregard has not been a match for all the rebel forces west of the mountains.

Kentucky. It is reported that a large number of Kentuckians are rallying to the standard of Buckner (rebel). Gov. Harris, of Tennessee, has called for 20,000 troops, in response to a proclamation from Gen. Buckner. The two million loan bill has passed the Kentucky Legislature.

Missouri. There is but little news this morning. Price's force is reported as receiving re-inforcements from Gen. Frémont. The latest reports from the South say that a large portion of Gen. Pillow's army have crossed the river at Belmont, en route for Cape Girardeau.

Col. Logan with forty-five men went up the Mississippi on Monday to capture a company of rebels near Unionville, Mo. Another party left Bird's Point for the same purpose. The expeditions have not yet returned.

The security paid to the Cherokee Indians has been withdrawn by our Government, in consequence of the rebellious attitude of the chiefs.

From the South. The reported naval expeditions have alarmed the extreme Southern States. The Governor of South Carolina has demanded the return of his regiments from Virginia, and some have gone. The Savannah *Republican* of the 17th ult., says that a soldier from Fort Pulaski reports that the engagement between the Lincoln fleet and the Fort at Point Loval commenced on Monday afternoon, and continued through all of Tuesday.

It is reported that 900 Federal prisoners have been sent from Richmond to New Orleans, and others, including Congressman Ely, to Castle Pinckney.

Sand batteries were being erected for the protection of Charleston at all points. The quarters of the Union prisoners in Castle Pinckney are more comfortable than at fit house. There is considerable sympathy among the Irish in Charleston for Corcoran, but they dared not exhibit it.

A LIQUOR DEALERS' CONVENTION. The liquor dealers of the State of New York held a State Convention at Syracuse on Tuesday. One hundred and seventy five states 61 to bear arms, between the ages of delegates were reported present. Henry 18 and 45 years; together with the popuSnyder, of New York city, was selected lation of each state, and the number of for president. A resolution was adopted men each should send to the army to take creating a committee of seventeen, whose up the half million ordered into service duty it is to be to protect the interests of by act of Congress: the liquor dealers of the State of New York, with power to unite in the formation of county and local committees where necessary, for the purpose of watching over the same interests in the legislative and local elections. The convention also adopted a personable and temperate platform, the purport of which was that the constitution and laws protect and foster all manufactures, trade and commerce, and that the manufacture and sale of liquors is not excluded; that any legislation to the contrary is unjust and tyrannical; that the sale of liquor cannot be limited by legislative enactments; that liquors have been recognized as property by the highest constituted authority; and, therefore, that the present liquor law of New York is inconsistent with the principles of justice, and places arbitrary power in the hands of politicians; that all excess in the use of intoxicating drinks should be deplored and condemned, and in no offence which should be punished; but it does not thence result that the moderate use of liquors violates any precept human or divine, nor that the innocent should be indiscriminately punished with the guilty; that the history of legislation in New York, upon the liquor question, shows enactments so repugnant to public sentiment that they have been productive of strife, embittered feeling, and much unjust, oppressive litigation, of which the present excise law furnishes ample illustration, and that the restriction of a temperate use of intoxicating liquors is an assumption among the dogmas of the fanaticisms of our times. Other resolutions of a similar tone were passed, and the convention pledged itself to oppose the proposed prohibitory provision of the constitution of the States, declaring it incompatible with the bill of rights, &c. The convention also warns the friends of the liquor dealers to watch the Legislature 8 8s far as we have observed the liquor laws of New York have never been more rigidly enforced; and if there is any prohibition now, the people of New York city must have rather a loose idea of what restraint really is.

MILITARY MATTERS. A special dispatch to the *Boston Journal* says that a new Military Depot has been ordered by the War Department to be instituted in New England, and Gen Butler has been placed at the head of it as director.

Col. W. W. Bullock gives notice that those who enlist in any new "Divisions," or "Batteries for Divisions," or "National Guard Brigades," or "Coast Guards," or "Cavalry for Divisions," or "Mounted Riflemen," are connecting themselves with mere paper organizations, are not recognized by Massachusetts, and that their pay and allowances will not be paid by the State. He further states that the State only authorizes recruiting for Colonels Wilson's, Jones', Stevens' and Cass's Worcester regiments, the cavalry regiment, one company of sharpshooters, (now at Lynnfield), the fourth and fifth light batteries, and Col Thomas S. and Matthew Murphy's Irish regiments.

POLITICAL. The Kentucky Legislature has accepted resolutions respecting John C. Breckinridge and Lazarus W. Powell to resign their seats as senators in Congress. The resolutions were adopted in the Senate by a vote of 25 to 9, and in the house by 55 to 21. In case they refuse to do so the United States Senate is respectfully requested to investigate their cases, and if they are found to be in opposition to the Federal Government, to expel them. Resolutions requesting Gov. Magoffin to resign have been referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

The Democrats of Wisconsin have nominated H. Ferguson for Governor—and H. N. Billings for Lieutenant Governor.—Resolutions were passed sustaining the present war policy of the General Government.

THE FLOYD GUN. This monster gun, in Fort Monroe, is mounted to sweep the bay. It is the largest in the country, and was taken at Fort Pitt foundry under the direction of Capt. Rodman, of the ordinance corps. It has a bore of fifteen inches in diameter, and other dimensions are as follows:—

Total length of gun 190 inches; total length of bore 165 inches; maximum exterior diameter, 48 inches; diameter of muzzle, 25 inches; thickness of metal behind the chamber, 23 inches; weight of gun, 40,000.

Notwithstanding its great weight, it was easily manipulated by a firing party consisting of a sergeant with six men. When loaded horizontally the time of loading and running into battery, was about a minute and a half. When fired at its maximum elevation, the time of loading—including depressing, sponging, loading, elevating again and running into battery—varied from three to four minutes. The weight of shells used in the gun are rising 300 pounds. Five bursting purposes shells of rising 400 pounds would be used. A solid shot would weigh 423 pounds.

A YOUNG WOMAN DROWNED. A young woman, named Lydia A. Sanborn, employed in the Langdon Mills, Manchester, was drowned in a canal near the mills, last Monday evening as she was leaving the mill. It is supposed that she walked off into the canal without noticing it. Her body was quite dark. Her relatives belonged in Hooksett, previous to their removal to Manchester last year. She was 27 years of age, and was engaged to be married shortly.

THE DEPARTURE OF THE RIFLE REGIMENT POSTPONED. Col. Wilson's regiment (Twenty-Second) will not break up camp this week, owing to the delay in the arrival of some of the artillery equipments They will not leave before Tuesday of next week.

FIGHTING MEN OF THE NORTH. The *Chicago Tribune* compiles the following table, showing the number in the several States of 21 to bear arms, between the ages of lation of each state, and the number of men each should send to the army to take up the half million ordered into service by act of Congress:

States.	Pop	Fighting Men.	Quota
Maine	628,279	125,900	10,350
New Hampshire	326,072	64,900	5,450
Vermont	314,116	63,000	5,160
Massachusetts	1,231,065	246,000	20,000
Connecticut	460,101	92,000	12,000
Rhode Island	174,621	35,000	4,000
New York	3,887,542	778,000	101,781
Pennsylvania	2,906,370	581,000	74,000
New Jersey	671,041	134,000	17,430
Delaware	112,218	22,000	2,961
Ohio	2,339,000	468,000	61,560
Indiana	1,350,480	270,000	35,063
Illinois	1,711,253	342,000	44,460
Michigan	749,113	150,000	19,470
Wisconsin	775,783	155,000	20,130
Iowa	674,748	135,000	17,550
Minnesota	162,022	34,000	4,160
Oregon	52,110	10,000	2,731
California	435,457	76,000	10,000
Kansas	107,206	16,000	1,500
Nebraska Territory	24,799	6,000	1,000
Colorado Territory	34,277	6,500	1,200
New Mexico Ter.	93,981	19,000	2,437
District of Columbia	75,080	15,000	2,000
Total	19,322,693	3,870,000	500,000

The troops which may be raised in Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky and Missouri are not estimated, but considered as home guards or police for their respective states.

AID TO THE FAMILIES OF VOLUNTEERS. The following from the State Auditor, was given by us in substance in an article a few days since, but coming from an official source it will doubtless be better understood. It is dated "Auditor's office, Boston, September 12th, 1861," and is addressed to Henry H. Hyde, of Malden:

My Dear Sir: In answer to several questions proposed by you to-day, I will say—

1st. The State is not liable for aid furnished to families of volunteers unless the family is in want; in other words, it must be destitute.

2nd. Nothing will be reimbursed by the State on account of aid furnished to brothers or sisters of volunteers.

3rd. No person can draw aid on account of *only* one volunteer.

Very respectfully,
LEVI REED, *Auditor.*

A SINGULAR DIVORCE CASE. The Supreme Court for York County, Me., which was in session for two or three weeks the past month, had an unusual experience in a divorce case. The *New Democrat* gives the following facts relative to the case referred to:—

"There have been three divorces declared during the two days for, and in connection with one of said decrees there now seems to arise some 'funny' questions for the court to settle. A certain party, in South Berwick, seems to get rid of his 'spouse,' pressed a hearing upon his libel, and obtained a decree during the third day of the term. On the fifth day of the term the said party made his appearance before the Court, and stated that he knew his husband and his friends pre-united for that day's session and could not be ready till the second week of the term, some quarrel or difficulty having arisen, although he had a decree to said libel &c., &c. The Court, upon these representations, ordered the decree of divorce to be stricken from the docket. Now the fount part of the story is, that the husband has come on the day of the decree—obtained as before stated—and forthwith proceeded to marry the other man, as he supposed. What his new wife will say, or how they will settle matters, we don't learn that there is in fact no decree of divorces from the first wife, remains to be seen."

BUSINESS IMPROVING IN MANCHESTER, N. H. The *Manchester Mirror* of yesterday says that business in that city "is now looking better than it has for four months past. The flag and Duck mill will commence next week to run night as well as day. The Amoskeag Cotton Mills which were entirely stopped during the month of July and part of August are now in full blast, on full time, turning half of one mill. The Print Works are in some operation, doing the same as in former years, and getting out some of the most splendid styles of prints we ever saw. All kinds of business are looking up."

LOCATION CHANGED. George Ripley & Co., successors to A. B. Richardson, who have hitherto occupied an office in Appleton Block, have within two or three days taken store No 26 (opposite Middle Street,) where their Print Works are now in operation, doing the same as in former years, and getting out some of the most splendid styles of prints we ever saw. All kinds of business are looking up."

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THIEVES ABOUT. This morning, about six o'clock, as Mr. Superintendent Bennett was riding up Market Street, he discovered the front door open of the grocery store of Alexander Stephens, under the Universalist Church. Discretion being awakened, he entered the store, and found that the back door, of course, which had been pried open sometime in the night. The thief or thieves were undoubtedly familiar with the premises, as the bolt and lock had been pried off with some kind of an instrument, probably a bar of chisel. The bar which went across the door was also bent sufficient to loosen it from the fastenings which held it. Mr. Stephens misses nothing except perhaps a hundred coppers in a parcel money drawer, which was also broken open. The thieves after accomplishing their evil designs disappeared, passed out of the front door, leaving it open.

The counting room of the Merrimack Woolen Mills, in Dracut, was entered last night, but nothing has been missed, except a letter or two, which of course will be of no benefit to the thief, as such fellows are not supposed to be able to read. The cigar store of Mr. Schofield, near the mills was also entered, and two boxes of cigars and a quantity of tobacco carried away.

SEVERE ACCIDENT. Yesterday afternoon, Mr. George W. Cummings, who keeps the tea and coffee store, on John Street, started to remove a ladder raised against the stable occupied by him in the rear of Lee Street. When near the top, some ten or twelve feet from the ground a round broke, causing him to be precipitated to the ground, breaking a bone in his right leg below the ankle. Dr. Burnham was called and set the bone. The injury was very painful, but we are glad to learn that he is comfortable this morning.

CAMP CHASE. We are requested to say that owing to the large number of visits as "Camp Chase" yesterday afternoon which seriously interfered with the arrangements of the camp, it has been found necessary to discontinue the practice of opening the grounds to the public Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Those having business at the camp hereafter will find it necessary to procure a pass from one of the field officers.

TRAINS DISCONTINUED. The 12:15 train from this city for Boston, and the 12:00 train from Boston for Lowell, are to be discontinued after the 1st Saturday. There will then, however, be four trains per day from Lowell to Boston, which we presume will abundantly accommodate our citizens till another season. There are also changes in the time-table of the Boston and Lowell Road, which will be found mentioned in our advertising columns to-day.

DIED.

In Lowell, October 2d, 1861.

The election of Pews in St. John's Church will be offered at Auction next Monday Evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the Church.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in cases vs. Scully & Sargent, will please call at the office of the Clerk of said Court, during afternoon office hours.

E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

WANTED.

A young man, who is capable as Book-keeper, and has the undoubted recommendations as to character, can obtain permanent employment either as Copyist or Accountant. Inquire of Messrs. Adams & Co., 22 Merrimack Street. Lowell, August 7, 1861.

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In Lowell, October 2d, 1861.

The funeral of Mrs. Ann Maria Bancroft, wife of Mr. Thomas Bancroft, will take place from her late residence, No. 7 Fayette street, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

In this city, Oct. 2d, by Rev. J. J. Twiss, Mr. Hamilton Bell, of Boston, to Miss Mary Ann, daughter of Mr. Abner W. Martell, of Smithfield, R. I.

In Boston, Sept. 29th, Rev. Theodore J. Holmes, pastor elect of the First Church in Ha l Harwich, and son of Rev. Dr. Holmes, of Boston, to Miss Mary Ann, daughter of Rev. Dr. Thacher, of Boston.

In West Townsend, Sept. 12th, Mr. Justus D. Fenno to Miss Martha Ann Lovell, daughter of Mr. Ebenezer Adams to Miss Ann Eliza, all of Townsend.

In Templeton, Sept. 29th, Thomas Greenleaf, Esq., and Miss Sophia Wheeler.

In Worcester, Sept. 29th, by Rev. Mr. Hatch, Mr. Edwin Bigelow, of Boston, and Miss Mary Ann Bigelow, of Worcester.

In Boston

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
GOES AND BOES POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I recommenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued to be thick, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine any facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, except the facts of your valuable discovery, as I now well aware they are all well known already, and are more wonderful even than set out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects to my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that had used it and without effect. In every instance where such is proved, by putting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at a less price. In every instance, after two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none of these disturbances have not brains enough to ascertain advertisement, as I notice that the papers contain, from time to time, several testimonies, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past four years, run and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—one in Missouri, another in Kentucky, one in Illinois, and one in Iowa, all of whom have entirely lost the scurf, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business, in New York, in 1854, but was now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,027, St. Louis Post Office, will secure.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to. I bought of Dr. Lee, a resident of Bloomington, a bottle of your Restorative, about three years ago. I am now over 65 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning gray, and was almost white when I bought the bottle. I had also a number of patches of the very worst dandruff. After using about one bottle of your Restorative, there was a new lease on life. The dandruff disappeared, and my hair became as dark as possible, restores to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days. I am now bald, I concluded I would make the experiment, considering what it did for me. I have used one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and pronounced it having done everything for me as I could. I then discovered the dance I received, and that was all. But after using the large quantities, was completely tightened, and a radical change taking place in my head. I have continued to use it, till I have used three large bottles, and my hair is as dark as it was in the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, as light. In a half size as I ever had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My wife and children are frequently seen to use. Their universal testimony is that they have received the best effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to restrain them from using it. Your hair of the one person.

Yours truly,
FREDERICK YOUNG.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has now attained a reputation from actual test and experiment which entitles it to the confidence of the people. In our own vicinity it has been an unsettled point, and we believe in most, if not all cases, it does restore, and in the restoration of all who have tried it. Some few cases we have seen of which are given in DAILY COURIER, where the hair did not restore, but in the majority of these cases it was owing to the fact that the hair was entirely gone, or so nearly so as to be scarcely worth the trouble of applying it. We have seen, in the last three years, as persons of the most reliable character, after using a few bottles of your stock thus discontented.—*Boston Olive Branch*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We are not in the habit of puffing any of the numerous quack nostrums that are now daily put before the public, but have been years with the Restorative of Professor Wood's article to all those hair-fearing of growing gray, and to the public in particular, Fry & Jones, Esq., has expressed to us the benefit of its use, and we are satisfied with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and find for themselves. It is not a new humbug.—*Baltimore Patriot*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable testimony, to possess the power of restoring the hair to its pristine color. We have ourself witnessed the Sherry Wine Bitters to the restoration of gray hair to its original color, and have seen almost bald heads covered with a new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at a less price. In every instance, after two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

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(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is by far the best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if it takes one bottle before each month's period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for their use, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember! This medicine is designed exclusively for single cases, and will not suit other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Circular's are not furnished.

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Obtain genuine and warranted *unless* purchased direct from *Dr. M. MATTISON'S* FEMALE INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature, of MEN and WOMEN. Dr. M. is a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience, and can refer patients to thousands cured in the city. Consultations by letter or otherwise strictly confidential. Medicines sent by secret by Express, free from observation, to any part of the country. Special accommodations for patients from abroad while here. Rooms and board at reasonable rates. Cures guaranteed in all cases. Price List sent free.

Dr. MATTISON, Physician and Surgeon, St. Louis, Mo.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Bill-heads, Circulars, Cards, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing Blanks, Manuscripts, &c.

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Tailors, Tailoresses, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATERS, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade and color, for Druggists, Grocers, &c.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of Ornamental Printing, and boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE, } Proprietors.
W. HUSE. }

Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS,
Oval and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for tinus
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cases in the latest style. Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central street, at greatly reduced prices.
sept23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FOOD, GRAIN &c.

EXTRA TYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at 10 Lane Feed and Grain Store, No. 45 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.
sep28

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparations for the Complexion, Eugenie's Rouge, Eugenie's Toilet Powder, Eugenie's Cosmetique, Eugenie's Face Bloom, Eugenie's Hair Dye, Eugenie's Hair Tonic, Eugenie's Hair Restorative, Eugenie's Hair Invigorator, Eugenie's Hair Dressing, Eugenie's Hair Curling Fluid, Eugenie's Hair Curling Cream, Eugenie's Hair Curling Powder, Eugenie's Hair Curling Ringlets, Eugenie's Hair Curling Curls, Eugenie's Hair Curling Waves, Eugenie's Hair Curling Crimps, Eugenie's Hair Curling Frizzes, Eugenie's Hair Curling Bangs, Eugenie's Hair Curling Switches, Eugenie's Hair Curling Braids, Eugenie's Hair Curling Tresses, Eugenie's Hair Curling Locks

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, October 4, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

We have seen but one Republican paper that has expressed sympathy with the sentiments of Charles Sumner's speech in the Worcester convention; and there are very few persons who do not regard it as foreign to the objects of that hasty, ill-called, and untimely. When leading men of all parties were trying to bring about a unanimity of feeling and purpose throughout the State, that a thorough and undivided support might be given to the National Administration, all must confess that any discussion likely to frustrate that object, and contrary to the spirit of the call of the convention, was, to say the least, injudicious. The opponents of the Republican Party, and particularly those who have been lukewarm in their support of the Government, have seized on this speech, and are attempting to make the convention, and the party behind it, responsible for it; and in this way to create the impression that the prime object of the war against the rebellion is the emancipation of the slaves in the rebel States. To deny this charge is to repeat what has been a thousand times said by the Republican press, but if we accept the letter of Mr. Sumner's speech as the sentiments of the Government, we make a false denial to no purpose. The refusal of the convention to adopt the resolutions that colored his sentiments, is evidence enough for reasonable men, that while the convention, without knowing what he was to say, could not withhold the courtesy of listening to Mr. Sumner, they were by no means disposed to endorse his sentiments, or allow those outside to believe that he was in any particular its mouth-piece or representative.

The object for which we have been upholding the Government in this lamentable war—a war that was never sought by the North, and would not be carried on for the issue other than what it is—is clearly expressed in the language of the resolutions passed by Congress, a portion of which we quote:—"The war is not waged for conquest or subjugation, *or for interfering with the rights or established institutions of the States*, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the constitution, with their rights and equality under it unimpaired." This is what our armies are fighting for; they know nothing about emancipation now or hereafter, and it has not yet been made apparent that the Government cannot quell the rebellion without calling to its assistance the aid of this particular institution "which seems to claim the undivided attention of some persons, to the exclusion of the interests of the Government itself.

Thomas D'Arcy McGee. We see it mentioned in one of our exchanges, that Thomas D'Arcy McGee, now a member of the Canadian Parliament, for Montreal, has been expressing his opinion in relation to the troubles of our Government and the South. This gentleman was at one time well known in Massachusetts, and to his opinion many attach great importance—in the course of his remarks on a lecture at Detroit, recently, on "the interests of Canada in the American war," he claimed to speak for a large portion of the population of Canada, when he said that their wishes were for the triumph of our Government at the present momentous struggle, and proceeded at some length to show how inseparably connected were the interests of Canada with those of this country. He believed he spoke the truth when he said that fully seven-tenths of the Canadian people were for the preservation of the Union in its integrity.

John Ryan, Esq., editor of the Salem *Sunday Dispatch*, has received an appointment as clerk in the 6th Auditor's office in the Treasury Department at Washington. Ryan was formerly a resident of Lowell. He first went to Lawrence, and while there received an appointment to an office in the custom house in Boston. He then went to Salem, and, having previously had his office, was appointed to another in the Salem custom house; afterward (still holding this office), he was appointed postmaster of Salem. Last spring he was removed from both his offices, but now he has been selected for a place at Washington. John may be regarded as a "lucky dog."

A rival for Lake Superior. It is not generally known that a powerful rival to the Lake Superior Mines is springing up in Lower Canada; but recent developments would indicate that such is the fact. The Acton Copper Mines have produced over twenty-five thousand barrels of ore within the past twelve months, and are now in full operation. Three wonderful mines have startled the geological world, so far as yet known, from the extraordinary richness and their apparent abundance of ore. Acton is situated about fifty miles east of Montreal, on the Grand Trunk Railroad, leading to Portland, Maine.

WAR NEWS TO-DAY.

Washington news. A party of rebel cavalry made their appearance over Barrett's Hill, one mile up the Leesburg turnpike, beyond Falls Church, Wednesday, but fled on the approach of our troops.

Rumors are prevalent involving important military changes. Gen. Mansfield has been appointed to the command at Fortress Monroe, but Gen. Wool has been assigned to no other post. [This wants confirmation.]

Gen. James Shields, having removed to Mexico, declines the appointment of Brigadier General.

A new military department has been created in the West and Gen. Sherman appointed to command it.

It is stated that the number of volunteers entering the service from all the loyal States, is now about 50,000 per week.

It is reported that when the rebels left Fall's Church the other day, they poisoned their meat with strychnine, but our troops were not caught in that trap.

At Potomac Creek some vessels were fired at a day or two since without being damaged.

The rebels are dreading a capture of their batteries along the river, and the Federal occupation of Fredericksburg, which, it is thought, has influenced their retirement to Manassas Junction, so that the main force would be near railroad communication with Richmond, to repel an attack by way of Fredericksburg.

From Gen. Banks' Division. The attack at Great Falls last Monday morning was by six regiments of rebel infantry, a body of cavalry, and a battalion of artillery—all in readiness for the Upper Potomac. They fired about 40 rounds of shot and shell, doing considerable damage to the houses, and wounding slightly but one person, exclusive of another who was hit in the shoulder by a rebel picket at an earlier hour. A Union Battery was opened upon them, throwing several shells into the supposed position of the enemy, but obtained no response. They have gone to Leesburgh or Point of Rocks. Last Tuesday General Banks reviewed and inspected the eight brigades of his division near this place. This is supposed by some to be indicative of the commencement of a fall campaign. The troops were found to be well disciplined, well clothed, and well equipped.

Important from Western Virginia.—The Kanawha correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* says that the five companies of the 1st Kentucky Regiment, four companies of the Ohio 34th, and one company of the Virginia 5th, under Lieut. Col. Fogart, surrounded and attacked the rebels at Chapmanville, and after a short engagement completely routed them, killing sixty and taking seventy prisoners. The rebels in escaping were interrupted by Colonel Hyatt, who killed forty and took a large number of prisoners.

When the steamer Kanawha left Charleston, it was reported that a battle was going on between Generals Cox, Floyd and Wise, at Sewell Mountain, the rebels getting the worst of it, and falling back on their entrenchments at Lewisburg.

Missouri. Gen. Fremont continues actively occupied, and the various division commanders and interviews with him on Tuesday. His programme is said to be excellent in every particular, and to have met the approval of all military authorities. Since his arrival in Jefferson City confidence in the Federal cause has greatly increased, and it is now believed that before the end of the month Missouri will be purged of its rebels. Dent is reported to have left Lexington and to be moving south to form a junction with Ben McCulloch, after which it is said he will give battle to Fremont. A messenger states that Price is decided on this point, having been elated and intoxicated with his victory at Lexington. He says Price anticipates a second victory over Fremont at this point, and will then move into St. Louis, where there were no less than 24,000 rebels ready to rise and welcome him with arms in their hands.

Another messenger contradicts the above statement, saying that not more than 10,000 rebels had left Lexington. Ben McCulloch is reported to have rallied for fifteen regiments from Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas for service in Missouri.

A letter has been received at St. Louis from New Orleans, date not given, stating that a fleet of 70 vessels, large and small, was then coming up the Balize to attack the city.

There is nothing from Kentucky to-day. *Fortress Monroe.* Gen. Wool has released 150 prisoners, who were sent there to be conveyed to Torugas for ironbound. They were overwhelmed with joy and many of them shed tears. Six prizes had been captured near Hatteras Inlet, as they were entering it from foreign ports, not suspecting that Gen. Butler had been there and changed the complexion of things. They were loaded with sugar, salt, fish, medicines, molasses, &c.

A Cairo dispatch states that a large number of troops are now embarking for an important expedition. Destination unknown.

Taking the stump in big own hands. Last Saturday evening in Wheeling, Va., one night last week, Gov. Dorpost made an earnest speech, in which he deprecated the extreme scrupulosity of some Union men, and said:—"Talk about your habeas corpuses and constitutional law, I am in favor of constitutional law as long as rebellion can be put down by its observance, but whenever it becomes necessary to walk over constitutions to suppress this thing I am going to walk over them."

John B. Palmer, the secession editor of the late *Concord (N. H) Standard*, wh ch paper was recently "cleaned out" by a mob, is re-doing letters to the South, bragging for cold victuals. He says that "any assistance which persons may render him by provisions or money will be appreciated."

Cotton. A large quantity of cotton had arrived at New York from the Eastern States bound for Europe. Per contra we have by the steamer Bohemian the news that there is a large business in cotton at Liverpool for export to America. The Edinburg has a large quantity, and the three succeeding steamers are also engaged. The cotton which is being brought from England is the India production. The staple is much shorter than American cotton, but the fibres are said to be quite as fine as ours. We see, also, the fact mentioned this morning that the steamer Fulton arrived at New York yesterday from Hayti, with one hundred and ten bales of cotton. It has not yet been demonstrated that Europe cannot get along without the cotton growth of the Southern States; but there is pretty conclusive proof that the rebels are doing precisely the thing to completely destroy the trade they had, and to open new cotton-growing fields.

To make the Union cause extract, touching upon this point, from the *New York Herald* of Tuesday:—

"The exports from this port to Europe during the past year amounted to over three millions of dollars. Formerly, in peace times, our exports averaged about ten millions of dollars, and a great proportion of this amount came from our cotton trade. With the exports of last year cotton had nothing whatever to do. Breadstuffs loaded our ships and swelled up the enormous sum of our exportations. The experience of the past few months has taught us that Europe can do without cotton at least for a time; but Europe cannot do without food. The total or part at failure of crops throughout Europe and the whole of Europe has made this country the granary for the world to follow. The revolution in commerce which this war has inaugurated has dethroned the Southern King Cotton, and has placed the Northern corn on the throne instead. Poor Cotton cannot feel this own more salutation abroad. King Corn is the monarch for the times. Long live King Corn!

To continue this matter of cotton, we will add that a gentleman in Philadelphia has received a letter from the cultivator at Port Royal, dated the 27th of July last, which further proves that "King Cotton" has dethroned himself. This letter says that one great consequence of our civil war will be a loss of the cotton trade to America; immense efforts are being made in India, and the cotton exports will be threefold greater this year than what they ever have been, and in five years more, when the great railways are completed, the exports will be enormous. In my own collectorate we are growing fine cotton as good as formerly, and the New Orleans seed is succeeding well."

In one of our exchanges we also find a paragraph, without credit, respecting the future production of the same product, in another quarter. It seems that the landowners of Cuba have given their attention to the matter. "Old worn-out coffee fields," says the paragraph to which we have alluded, "which have been used as mere enclosures, are eagerly sought after by speculators for the purpose of converting them into cotton plantations, and the prices of these so-called waste lands have suddenly risen to a very high figure. There are already many cotton plantations in the immediate neighborhood of Havana, and the mania for the enterprise appears to be quite considerable in that city."

The *New York Herald* gives a table of the Union and Secession voters of the fifteen States bordering on the ashbiest area the people of that section were first called upon to decide between loyalty and rebellion. In some of the States no direct vote has yet been had, and we are, therefore, (says the *Herald*) forced to estimate the strength of the two parties:

	Union.	Secession.
North Carolina	47,203	46,672
Virginia,	100,536	49,161
Tennessee,	69,675	54,033
Texas,	14,172	11,636
Arkansas,	27,412	17,000
South Carolina,	27	25,000
Georgia,	22,500	51,000
Alabama,	27,500	46,500
Mississippi,	25,000	30,000
Louisiana,	17,978	20,448
Florida,	6,236	6,257
Delaware,	12,000	3,900
Maryland,	83,187	29,705
Missouri,	101,300	31,500
Kentucky,	97,100	5,500
Total,	638,743	430,554

One of the soldiers in the Vermont regiment to be shot for sleeping upon his post, was belonged, reviews an incident which shows in a strong light the kind-hearted character of our President. Scott was to be shot early in the morning. On the afternoon before, it was decided to pardon him, but the place of his confinement was six or seven miles from Washington.—President Lincoln telegraphed to the officer in charge of the execution, but getting no reply and fearing that his message might not have been received, he went himself after dark to the encampment to make sure that all was right. Says the writer—I am a Democrat, but in the future, if I have an opportunity, I shall surely cast my vote for 'Old Abe.'"

Southern spies. That Washington is yet full of spies and traitors, who keep the rebels well posted in all army movements, there is no doubt. The *New Orleans Delta* of August 31st says a letter from Leesburg, Va., as follows:—

"Thank heaven, our commanders are as fully informed of all Northern movements as if telegraph wires ran into the offices of the department at Richmond, and despatches were sent to all the Lafayette, our agents are numerous and sleepless, braving every danger, and successfully accomplishing their hazardous mission, with the stealthiness of Crows or Blackfeet Indians."

A recent visitor at Fort Lafayette was invited to see the legislature of Maryland at dinner. They were seated in an apartment at a plain pine table. The food was bread without butter, and coffee without milk. Each man had a tin cup, but no other table service. The lack of these elegancies greatly annoys the gentlemen at the Fort.

A countryman from central Ohio, while visiting a rattlesnake "show" at Dayton, on the 12th, amused himself by vexing one of the reptiles. At last he put his finger in the cage, when the snake bit him and caused death in ten minutes.

CITY AND COUNTY.

☞ The choice of Pews in St. John's Church will be offered at Auction next Sunday Evening, at 74 o'clock, at the Church.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, on the 7th day of June, 1861, are hereby notified that they can, on application to the Clerk, receive their witness office fees.

S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.
sep14dtf

WANTED.

A young man, who is competent as Book-keeper, but has also had extensive experience in other departments of business, desires a situation. Can give satisfactory reference. Address "Box 301" Lowell P. O.
Lowell, August 7, 1861. aug14dtw

ATTEMPTED OUTRAGE ON A LITTLE GIRL. Last Wednesday afternoon, while two little girls, one about ten and the other seven years old, whose parents reside in Lawrence Street Court, were playing near their home, they were accosted by a man apparently thirty-five or forty years old, who asked them to go home him, a short distance, and get some apples. They went up Lawrence Street with him, and when in Whipple's Grove, he threw the oldest girl down, but her screams attracted the attention of Mr. A. P. Leure, the undertaker, who happened to be passing and he went to her rescue. The fellow took to his heels and escaped. The girl was a good deal frightened, but was not injured beyond some slight bruises received in her struggles with the brute. We hope the scamp may be caught and punished as he deserves.

Superior Court—*Putnam, J.* Emerson vs. Lowell Gas Light Company, is still on trial, and J. G. Abbott commenced the argument for the defendant at 10½ o'clock this forenoon. A. B. Ingalls will close the argument for the plaintiff, and the case will be given to the jury this afternoon. The first jury was dismissed yesterday till 9 o'clock Monday next.

The Court will be busy hearing motion, and arranging the trial list for next week. The Court will sit here two weeks longer, then adjourn to Cambridge.

Lowell Manufacturing Stocks. From a table published in the *Boston Courier* of this morning, we find the following statement relative to the value of the stocks of our manufacturing companies:—

	Par value.	Offered	Asked
Appleton Company,	$1000	$950	$960
Boott Mills,	1000	550	570
Hamilton Company,	1000	720	725
Lawrence	1000	715	720
Lowell	500	230	240
Lowell Bleachery,	500	225	240
Lowell Machine Shop,	400	230	240
Massachusetts,	500	210	220
Merrimack Company,	1000	965	980
Middlesex	1000	180	190
Suffolk	1000	735	775
Tremont Mills,	1000	920	940

Trains discontinued. The 12:15 train from this city for Boston, and the 12:00 train from Boston for Lowell, are to be discontinued after next Saturday. There will then, however, be four trains per day from Lowell to Boston, which we presume will abundantly accommodate our citizens till another season. There are other and important changes in the time-tables of the Boston and Lowell and Stony Brook Roads, which will be found mentioned in our advertising columns to-day.

Mrs. Carleton, the well known recitationist, left our city a few days ago, on a professional tour through the western part of New York, Canada East, and perhaps some of the Western States. Mrs. Carleton left with remarkable success in many places, and her numerous friends in New England will rejoice to learn that good fortune still rewards her endeavors to please the public.

Great sport expected. A trot will take place on Dracut Trotting Park to-morrow afternoon at 2½ o'clock, *for a cheese, free for all horses, mile heats, best two in three to run regone.* It is probable that the 'creepers' and 'skippers' will be active. A number of nags are all ready for the prize. A premium is to be given for the slowest horse, the owners not to drive. Crowds are expected to be on the grounds to all who wish it. The race is free to ladies and members of the Trotting Club. Admission to others, 25 cents.

Recruits wanted. Capt. Edward G. Abbott, of the Mount Greys, Second Regiment, Col. Gordon's, now in Darnestown, Maryland, is stopping in the city for a few days, for the purpose of obtaining about twenty men for his company, and seventy-five for the regiment. He may be found, for a short time, at the office of S. A. Brown, No. 75 Central Street. On Wednesday he obtained nine names, the indications are more favorable and probably stirring service being a great advantage.

Organization of City Committee.—The Republican City Committee organized last evening, by electing Dr. Nathan Allen Chairman; A. A. Haggett secretary, and A. B. Wright, treasurer. About twenty-five or thirty were present. Two or three vacancies were reported, which will probably be filled at the next meeting, on Wednesday evening of next week, when the sub-committees will doubtless be appointed.

Resigned. The correspondent of the *Boston Journal*, writing from Fortress Monroe, says that Capt. P. S. Procter, of company D, has resigned, on account of ill health, and that his resignation has been accepted.

Police Court. This forenoon Hannah Clark, for larceny of a pair of shoes from Hapgood Wright, and another from Enos H. Adams, three months on each to House of Correction.

The October number of Merry's Museum, the little folk's favorite, has been received. Children will therefore remind their parents that it is for sale at the book stores.

Antiques of Lowell. This is in the Indian Ocean, about six hundred miles south of the south western point of Australia.

Promotion. Alfred T. Snell, of this city, who has been in active service as midshipman on board the Pawnee has lately been commissioned as master in the navy. He was in the Pawnee at the Hatteras Inlet achievement.

Gen. Butler. A dispatch to the morning papers state, that Gen. Butler left Washington for home yesterday morning to organize and assume command of the New England Department.

Snow's *Pathfinder and Railway Guide*, which comes to us as regularly as the mails, and is valuable to everybody who makes railroad journies, may be had at S. H. Fisher's, at the stage office next the Merrimack House.

Another expedition on foot. Quite a number of steamers have been chartered within a few days, in New York, for the purpose, it is believed, of an expedition to the southern coast. The steamship Vanderbilt is fitted with berths for 2000 men, the Ocean Queen for 2300, the Illinois for 1500, the Empire City for 1000, the Constellation for 1000, and the Daniel Webster for 1000. Several others have been chartered and are coaling, it is supposed, for immediate service. In addition to these evidences of designs of naval operations, some six or seven gunboats are anchored in the waters around New York, ready to sail on the receipt of orders. It is reported that the Navy Department has purchased all of New York papers, that there are also signs of another expedition from Fortress Monroe, and some speculate that the two are to act in concert.

Gen. Fremont. There are many foolish and improbable rumors afloat concerning Gen. Fremont, which we think it but policy to repeal, and consequently refrain from publishing the despatches relating to them. We may have occasion hereafter, but in our estimation the War Department will make one that will exceed all his errors, if it should be persuaded to remove him at present. We are not to be called upon to chronicle any such occurrence.

Closing the Potomac River. Some of the New York papers are not at all alarmed by reason of the reports concerning the closing of the Potomac River by rebel batteries. It is contended that not a single point along the river has been fortified, but the rebels have made some show by erecting their guns from one place to another. It is probable that this is the case; for had they possessed the advantages that they have been reported to hold, they would hardly have delayed so long to make them of service to their ends.

The different recruiting stations and points occupied by rebels for offensive operations in Kentucky are supposed to occupy the following positions as follows:—

Bowling Green, under Gen. Buckner,	10,000
Bowling Green, under Gen. Hardee,	10,000
Bowling Green, under Gen. Breckinridge,	5,000
Warsaw, on the Ohio,	800
Columbus, under Gen. Polk,	10,000
Camp Beauregard, near Bowling Green,	5,000
Camp West Point, under Lieut. Polk,	800
Paducah,	800
Hickman,	800
Total rebel forces in Kentucky,	44,200

The oath taken by Mulligan's men, before they were released, states that Mulligan's command did take an oath to keep the peace against the rebels, but in this manner: When the brigade was drawn up in line before crossing the river, one of Price's staff rode out to the head of the column, and read to Company A the form of an oath not to bear arms against the Confederate States of America or the rebel confederacy. "All you that take the oath take off your right hands." All but without waiting to see how many caps were raised, rode on to the next company, exclaiming, "You all take it, of course; all who don't that take is remove your caps." And in this manner he went through with the companies. The soldiers of the Irish brigade regarded it then, and now regard it, as a farce. Mulligan's men kept their consciences or actions. One chap was seen to look for a cap all snugly for the purpose of scratching his head.

James B. Clay, the renegade son of "the gallant Harry," was captured by a boy not over sixteen! Although shone in the battle, he was overcome by a shot-gun and two navy revolvers. But the boy overawed him, and he gave up without a shot!

Some of the churches in Logansport, Ohio, on the national fast day, in the presence of a large congregation, a gentleman from Kentucky, made credible statements, both literary and moral, thus prayed:—

"O Lord, heal the East dome as well as the Hoosier State in furnishing men to put down this rebellion, we would not be under the necessity of praying for it."

The *Mobile Register* sneers at the Yankees on account of their fondness for money. Are not the Cotton States too inordinately fond of money to run into debt as they have done? asks the *Louisville Journal*.

The *Journal of Commerce* says that in the State of New York twelve regiments are nearly full, and that the 25,000 men called for will be obtained at an early day without drafting.

☞ Sam, do you know why this stick of candy is like the letter I? Because the whole has been last week!" "I'll be hanged if I see any resemblance. Why is it, Bill?" "Because you saw it, to be sure!"

An item of some account. The divided payments of October in Boston by the banks, insurance and railroad companies amount to about $2,000,000.

Orsian E. Dodge (assisted by William Hayward, a balladist well known in this vicinity) is giving concerts in Western New York. He gave an entertainment in Buffalo last evening.

My first denotes sonny say,
My second shuts company,
My whole of scratching his head.
Co-mee-ka-ne (*translation.*)

My first a baby cries when you pinch it,
My second is a boy, and my whole has not been it,
My third a cabin and no one ere has seen it,
My fourth is a fish, the world's best bait within it.
Cri-ne-cne—(*translation.*)

☞ A man called at a jewelry shop in Greenfield last week for a watch which he left there twelve years ago to be repaired. The watch was done.

☞ Mrs. Philpotts was saying one day what a gentlemanly person her baker was. "Yes," answered her son, a bit of a wag, "he's a *brevi* gentleman."

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 3.

3 Boston and Maine Railroad	102½
2 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	90
5 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	52
20 Hoosac Tunnel	18
25 do	18
$1000 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	94
$4,000 United States Treasury Notes	103

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!

Lowell to New York, and return, tickets good until week, $3.75
Lowell to Philadelphia and return, 7.00
Children half price.
☞ All business relating to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.
Agency for Cunards and Liverpool Steamers.
☞ Steerage Passengers will be thoroughly inspected at the General Agency, 20 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House.
S. H. FISHER, Agent.
Lowell, Sept. 10, 1861. sep21dtf

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he may be found at the Merrimack Bookstore, near the Post Office, for the next 10 days, when A. M., where he would be happy to serve all who favor him with their orders.
Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood promptly attended to.
A. L. BROOKS.
Lowell, July 29, 1861. 1y30dlm

Fisher & Lyon Sewing Machine. We would call your attention to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun3dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Cahoon, P. W. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
T. Hopkinson, Jr. Isaac Hinckley, E. F. Sherman,
T. G. Rowe, Levi Sprague.
Mutual and Stock.
The Assets of this Company are invested in Deed, Dings, Furniture and Factory Risks. No assessment has been made for the last two years, and the Company has a surplus of $50,000 over and above the amount of $134,278 25. The attention of owners of Factories, Machine Shops and Warehouses is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies when they expire, or can be had in Cash Scrip, with a substantial cash bonus.
☞ Losses by Fire promptly paid. Office for the cash, assets are deposited in the Suffolk Bank, Boston, where books and other property and documents cannot be destroyed by fire, and where they are safe at all times.
Office, No. 27 Central St., Lowell.
F. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y. and Gen'l Agent.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. jy19dly

Washington Coal,

For sale by the ton or bag, retail,
Blacksmiths quarters,
Furnace or grate coal,
Blast-furnace,
Also by the car load or quantity,
Best quality,
The subscriber has a yard for hurrying coal. And the undersigned has bought out that HOWARD'S yard, on Thorndike St., and will keep a good supply of coal.
J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only dealers in the true and original FRANKLIN TAR, would caution the public against buying any other, as well than our agent, Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, nefarious Franklin Tar.
Also, the only dealers in the true and original Pure Jamaica Spirit Vinegar, which is warranted against keeping of either putrid or other matter. Mr. Livingston, who has sought by the grossest means, as well as another salesman employed any Franklin Coal to say is Lowell coal, is employed by us. Beware of him.
LEMUEL STORER & BERRY
Delaware City Delaware, U. S. A.
sep19 3m

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!
Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the above.
☞ "A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."—See an Interval in this envelope, to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two stamps. Address, the Dr. Culverwell, M. D., Author of the above
1ST DOWNEY, New York.
P. O. Box 4586. sep19 3m

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
INSTABLE
HAIR-RESTORATIVE
And Consumers all testify that it
IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE
FOR THE HAIR AND GREY,
THAT IS IS CERTAIN TO PRODUCING A
LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,
AND
HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,
NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OR LIFE IT IS USED
Read an Apeth every statement!
Manufactured by HEIMSTREET'S
Hair Restorative Depot, No. 27 Union Street, Boston.
Sold by all Druggists. sep19

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

THE A. BATCHELOR'S
Only Genuine and Reliable Dye
Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. GREY OR RUSTY HAIR dried instantly to a beautiful BROWN or BLACK, without the least injury to Hair or Skin.
The A. BATCHELOR'S DYE produces a color, not in stripes, but uniformly throughout each individual hair, however long it may be, leaving the hair soft, glossy, and beautiful. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is perfectly harmless. 16 Bond Street, New York.
Also, the genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, on the side of each box. All others are imitations of such box.
Sold by druggists in cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
Wholesale Depot, 16 Bond Street, New York.
Late 233 Broadway, New York.
sep9 3m

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.
The Proprietors hold hundreds of testimonials to the above from the first Ladies of the land.
MALE PILLS, but their peculiar nature prevents publication. They are to be had of no other and are safe and remedy in use for all those painful and dangerous complaints to which the female constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Chronic Weakness, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Sight, Headache, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Tremors, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Whites, and all painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. *They never fail to moderate or remove and to remove obstructions,* from whatever cause. They are purely vegetable, and will not injure the most delicate constitution.—For particulars, send for a pamphlet to the Agent.
N. B.—2 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will confer a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.
Sold by SAMUEL RIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. sep19 1y453m

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are contained in the least objectionable form that it is possible to administer them. They are pleasant to the taste, and efficient in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and Consumption in its early stages. They will relieve the most incredulous that relief can be obtained by the use of this valuable remedy.
The inventor, aware that it is the fate of all prepara-tions of merit to be counterfeited, would caution the public against buying any other than genuine articles. Each box of the genuine has the signature of the inventor on the outside wrapper. Those who have used other articles, and found them worthless, will be doubly careful in avoiding all imitations hereafter. Those who have never used this article, will find it to be unquestionably the most valuable remedy ever offered to the public. Sold by druggists generally.
Prepared only by the inventor, JOHN BRYAN, Providence, R. I.
Sold in Lowell by S. P. HADLEY, Jr., corner Merrimack and Kirk Sts.; by Dr. Dougherty, corner Merrimack and Jackson sts., and by Druggists everywhere.
sep19 1y

WAR HAS COME, AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in this city during the past week for wounds, sore-throat, sore, and scaled feet contracted by marching. It is the best article ever discovered by engineers, &c.
Sold by druggists. Next family Salve in use for sores, grievous accidents piles, sores, chilblains, lame side, &c. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists. Be sure to purchase it, as it is positively unique to be for Army and Navy. Sold by druggists. S. P. WHITTEN, Proprietor, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cents per Box.
The Best for Ointments, by the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass and sell this article.
sep19 1y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice on the 1st of January, 1859, and after two years' trial, and investigation its merits somewhat, they are prepared to say that it combines more of the qualities needed in a set, a difference or opinion among the profession to the contrary notwithstanding, than any article, while it is not expected that it will supersede entirely the use of gold, it will be found a most valuable substitute for it in many cases, and in others it is growing in the popular favor, as the only one that can be afforded by many, and in one, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best material for the front teeth, and gums, in that they are prepared to furnish sets of Teeth in which the Gums and Teeth are so blended that it can be obtained in no other material.
Rooms 2 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
sep19

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is dependent upon the proper action of the organs peculiar to her sex. Whatever disturbs these organs breaks which the increase, DISORDERS, Irregularities, Pains, Nervousness, Hysterics, Fits, Spasms, Headache, Backache, Fainting, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Blues, Fears, Timidity, Bashfulness, Loss of Self-Confidence, Aversion to Society, Love of Solitude, Dislike of Home, Wandering, Evil Forebodings, Suicidal Thoughts, Indigestion, Constipation, Dullness, Languor, Lassitude, Debility, Shortness of Breath, Palpitation of the Heart, Sorrow, Tremors, Dimness of Vision, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Disfigurements, Humors, Boils, Tumors, Cancers, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Prostration, Decay, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Sterility, Abortions, Miscarriages, Uterine Diseases, Womb Diseases, Dropsy, Fevers, Consumption, Decline, and Death.
TO WIVES AND MATRONS.
DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered for the above diseases.
LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND
That one of the most important functions in which *In-Pills* cannot be taken without producing abortion, is *PREGNANCY—the result MISCARRIAGE. Such is the power of sympathy between the uterus and the stomach, that no female can be sick without the utmost functions in a normal condition, that cannot be relieved by the use of DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.*
Directions for use in all languages, accompany each box, *which must be used* with each box—the *Price One Dollar* per box, or six boxes for five dollars.
Sold by druggists generally.
Sold in Lowell by S. P. HADLEY, Jr., corner Merrimack and Kirk sts.; by Dr. Dougherty, corner Merrimack and Jackson sts., and by Druggists everywhere.
sep19 1y

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property ALWAYS AT LOWEST RATES. ALL LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY. RISKS written on DWELLING HOUSES and FURNITURE for ONE, THREE, FIVE YEARS.

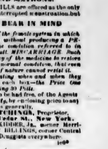
NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Office, No. 27 Central St.
Oct. 1, 1861. oct1dtf

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Office, No. 27 Central St.
oct1dtf

IMPORTANT to FEMALES
Dr CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN
Is dependent upon the proper action of the organs peculiar to her sex. Whatever disturbs these organs breaks which the increase, DISORDERS, Irregularities, Pains, Nervousness, Hysterics, Fits, Spasms, Headache, Backache, Fainting, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Blues, Fears, Timidity, Bashfulness, Loss of Self-Confidence, Aversion to Society, Love of Solitude, Dislike of Home, Wandering, Evil Forebodings, Suicidal Thoughts, Indigestion, Constipation, Dullness, Languor, Lassitude, Debility, Shortness of Breath, Palpitation of the Heart, Sorrow, Tremors, Dimness of Vision, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Disfigurements, Humors, Boils, Tumors, Cancers, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Prostration, Decay, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Sterility, Abortions, Miscarriages, Uterine Diseases, Womb Diseases, Dropsy, Fevers, Consumption, Decline, and Death.
TO WIVES AND MATRONS.
DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy ever discovered for the above diseases.
LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND
That one of the most important functions in which *In-Pills* cannot be taken without producing abortion, is *PREGNANCY—the result MISCARRIAGE. Such is the power of sympathy between the uterus and the stomach, that no female can be sick without the utmost functions in a normal condition, that cannot be relieved by the use of DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.*
Directions for use in all languages, accompany each box, *which must be used* with each box—the *Price One Dollar* per box, or six boxes for five dollars.
Sold by druggists generally.
Sold in Lowell by S. P. HADLEY, Jr., corner Merrimack and Kirk sts.; by Dr. Dougherty, corner Merrimack and Jackson sts., and by Druggists everywhere.
sep19 1y

TREASURY NOTES.

Pursuant to instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, I will receive bids up to the 31st day of October, at the Railroad Bank, Lowell, for subscriptions to Treasury Notes, to be issued under the act of August 5, 1861, and will be received in sums of fifty dollars, one hundred dollars, five hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, and five thousand dollars

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
[PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since been beautifully soft and glossy, and, my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not hesitate in saying what I have mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even desire your name at this late day, as I am well aware there are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling in every part of the globe the last three years, and have been pulled and plan me in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by posting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had purchased a new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have recently seen for sale, and it is astonishing that people will listen for an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved tested a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, some for falling of the hair, and others for a dressing for the scalp and head, and subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but understand you are now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,764, will receive my attention.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I used your Restorative, and I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have lived here over thirty years. I am now over 50 years of age. For about twenty years my hair has been turning constantly gray, and was almost white and very stiff. I had also a bad scalp, and a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and as I knew there was a core to them truth in them, but not entertaining a strong desire to have as many possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a block, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a most careful manner. I put one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using it, faithfully and perseveringly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff was leaving, and the hair was coming out. I then purchased a large quantities, was monthly sights, and a radical change has taken place in my hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and one large one, and the result is, my head is entirely free from dandruff, my hair is restored to its original color, and is as fine and soft as silk, as though just from the hands of a French chemper. Many of our acquaintances frequently ask me what I have done with my gray hair that is so changed. I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray locks. Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has received a reputation from actual merit, and from that which can not be attributed to any quackery. It is now on a stability it has never before attained, and we believe in every case now every desired result, and feel ready to give the endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as we did in former years, and can recommend it with great confidence, as we have done for years.

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Roxesville, Ind., writes that he has used it in his family with excellent results. He has recommended them most highly to his friends, and they have all used it with success. He has recommended them most highly to his friends, and they have all used it with success.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In no other column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is no mere extraordinary, and proves itself to be all that is claimed. We have seen many an heretic restore his hair to its original color, strength and luxuriance, and can heartily recommend it to the world. No. 114 Main Building, 464 New York *Day Book*.

Inquire, No. 44 Broadway, New York, and 161 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ AN AGENT Residency will be found at every town and the principal Family and Patent Medicines.
dw&w

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

Take celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very first thing known for the speedy relief of all suppressions of the monthly functions from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *large family*. This may seem incredible, but if it fail—*in any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health or any exposure. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *Secretly* to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *The medicine is reduced expressly for* CAUTION. *in which all other remedies of the kind have been found worthless; this that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless signed and countersigned by Dr. M., at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 70 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Institute is under the charge of a *Private* nurse both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of many years practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultation free. All cases strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secretly, to all parts of the United States. Also, recommendations in the most unexceptionable terms from the first citizens of the quiet *Retreat*, with good care and restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand* females fall victims to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, and more than *Five Thousand* in the city of New York. Most of this sum comes out of a class of yet some how are not aware of the fact, have paid their own secret if found, and they are ashamed to suffer it to be known, thereby to escape the fate that *I expose*. *Remember*, all persons at Metropolis and imposters, to make their advertisements look honest, and thus induce the afflicted to write them for advice, and then impose upon them. Also, recommendations in the most unexceptionable terms from the first citizens of the quiet *Retreat*, with good care and restored to health.

Dr. M. would remind the afflicted that he has been in the city of Providence for the last *Fifteen Years*, and that he is a regularly educated physician, and has had more than *Fifty Thousand* cases in his practice, and that he is the only physician in the city who has ever

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, October 5, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

There is a report by way of Louisville that New Orleans had been captured, John C. Breckinridge killed and Major Shepley Marshall arrested. [The reports are to be taken with much allowance.] Late arrivals from New Orleans report much alarm there and defensive operations are being rapidly made. There are only about 6000 troops in and about the city.

Missouri. A dispatch from Jefferson City, dated October 3rd, says that Major Baker of the Home Guards, who refused to give his parole to Price, escaped on Monday night, arriving in Sedalia the next day morning. He says all the rebels left Lexington on Monday afternoon, and their rear guard as they left were fired upon by Sturgis with shells, who had just then appeared on the opposite shore of the river. Several of the rebels were wounded.—When the rebels first left Lexington, Major Baker thinks it was the intention of Price to march direct on Georgetown, but receiving information that Sigel was marching with 40,000 men, he moved westward toward Independence. This information caused confusion among the rebels, during which Baker escaped. He thinks that Price has an effective force of about 25,000, with 14,000 irregulars, who are principally employed as foragers. Sigel is ready for an attack.

A gentleman from Sarcosie says Judge Chenante has hung nine Unionists for loyalty.

Kentucky. Gen. McCook has been appointed commander of this department, Gen. Anderson's health preventing him from carrying on the campaign with that vigor that is desired.

The troops at Bowling Green believe that 20,000 troops are ready at an hour's notice to come into Kentucky. A Mississippi regiment recently arrived there, expecting to pass directly through and occupy Louisville and remain there. Mercenary Unionists are fi ding every employment for themselves and servants and remark for their produce, and giving unmistakable signs of yielding to the necessity.

A special dispatch to the *Bulletin* of the 26 says 8000 to 9000 rebels took possession of Hopkinsville on Monday afternoon, and 5000 Union troops, under Captain Upton, were lailing back to Henderson. It was reported that Gen. Buckner with 5000 rebels would attack Sigo while on his march. It was also rumored that Zollicoffer was retreating toward Mount Vernon. A gentleman recently from Bowling Green states that the military authorities there had notified the sheriff of Muhlenburg county to pay no more money into the State Treasury.

Southern Items. One hundred prisoners arrived at Richmond on the 20th, comprising 68 taken by Gen. Lee, 20 near Muncon's Hill, and the remainder by Floyd. Lieut. Merrill of the Federal Engineers was among them. Three hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of tobacco belonging to August Belmont of New York has been confiscated at Richmond. Col. Van Dorn, of Texas, has been appointed a rebel Major General, and Col. Raymond to Richmond. Lieut. Jordan has been appointed Aid to Floyd.—Benjamin is still acting as Secretary of War. There are over 12,000 rebel soldiers in hospital at Richmond.

Fortress Monroe. Gen. Wool was to have proceeded to Washington Thursday night. He will be missed by all who are present at least, by Gen. Mansfield, who has arrived from Washington for that purpose. One hundred of the mutineers confined at the Rip Raps were released on Thursday morning by Gen. Wool, and restored to duty.

Washington news. It is said that arrangements are being made to place two millions of dollars in London to the credit of the American Government for the purchase of transports. Lieut. Col. George L. Andrews, of Massachusetts, has been appointed Assistant Adjutant General, and is ordered to report to Gen. Banks. The *New York Times* Washington correspondent says immense numbers of troops are pouring into Washington, including a large number of three months men.

An arrival from the lower Potomac reports all quiet. During the fog of Wednesday morning, the Resolute ran close to the batteries at Aquia Creek, and was fired upon with shells. No one was injured.

An army order has been issued, announcing that all depredations on private property will be severely punished; that no remission of a death penalty for such outrages will be executed, and that the commanders of guards over such property will be held responsible as principals.

Loyal citizens of Kansas have petitioned the Government for military aid, fearing that if Price is not defeated in Missouri, Kansas will fall into the hands of the rebels.

From Banks' Division. There has been considerable movement among the Union troops in this vicinity, but nothing to indicate any immediate advance or the commencement of hostilities. The enemy's lines move not toward Leesburg in regard to as a strategetic movement only. None of the two have been seen since Monday last. If private information is to be relied upon, the enemy's strongest position is about a mile and a quarter in the rear of Manassas Junction, where the available reserves of the South are all concentrating. The bearer of this information has recently visited all the principal points from Richmond to Leesburg, and gives many important details of the numbers, positions and resources of the rebels. All former statements as to their privations, discontent and demoralization, are fully confirmed.

Western Virginia. The fighting at Cheat Mountain on Thursday morning was between Ohio, Indiana and Virginia Regiments, under Gen. Reynolds and the rebels under Gen. Anderson and Colonels Johnson and Jackson. Our artillery did fearful execution on the enemy. They received reinforcements before the engagement closed.

Although this reconnaissance partook more of the character of a regular engagement than any previous battle in Western Virginia, our loss was only 10 killed and 11 wounded. It is impossible to ascertain the rebel loss. It will, however, not fall short of 500 killed and wounded, as our artillery did terrible execution. Their camp was situated on the slope of the mountain, supported by a number of guns.

We captured 13 prisoners from the enemy, and also a lot of cattle and horses.—The reconnaissance proved entirely successful, affording information relative to the strength of the enemy which could not be obtained from scouts.

THE SUMMERS.

O the Summers! the golden, gleaming Summers!
The divine, shining Summers of years ago!
How this music brings back the Summers!
The Summers full of seasons, that faded long ago!

How this music, this rich, impassioned music
Thrills every fibre to the dust deep of years that were—
Bringing up to the senses, the glorious, painted Summers
Each warm and shining from its silent sepulchre.

Blue dewy mornings, resonant with robins—
Golden noontime glories of long August sunshine—
Vast, whispering forests—sunny corner-nooks for—
Sweet, solitary dreams of whispering coffins—
O the Summers! the golden, gleaming Summers!
How each bears well home for us again!

Why? Has the sky's blue really faded?
Has the rich foliage lost its green tints of old?
Has the sweet bobolink's sacred green plainture
Flown away with the Summers, and the gold?

No! Nature yearly renewath her beauty,
Each time reappearath at new bidden,
But our own youthful minds all things hold glorious,
Each year is golden, and remaineth so more!

E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Chn.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Headquarters 11th Mass. Regt. Vol.
Camp Andrew, October 1st, 1861.

War is the order of the day in this city. Splendid parlors, fine music (instrumental and vocal), excellent ice-creams jellies, &c., are things of the past. No! There is—What do you think of that? Is that war! If so, then the Band of this Regiment is in for war, and war to the knife (I mean the cane, and the sharpness and the funk-knife); and it is considered to stand high, as regards courage and efficiency, when appropriate weapons are placed in its hands. Of course, in short, this Band does seem to stand high with the loyal citizens of Baltimore, and it has frequent opportunities to display its skill in musical performances, as well as in performances of the character above indicated. The Band is making good improvement, and well it may, for it has absolutely possessed in Mr. Arthur Hall, so long a resident of this city, a connexion with the Boston Brigade Band as one of the most efficient leaders for a brass band to be found in New England.

Troops in large numbers continue to pass through this city, and probably to an extent not generally known, as the local papers say but little or nothing about them. Within the last one hundred and twenty regiments, besides numerous small detachments, making in the aggregate not less than 120,000 men, or an average of 4,000 men every day, have passed through during the month of September. What do you think of that? Can rebellion long withstand such an avalanch of men?

Attending a dress parade at Camp Creager (the Second Maryland Regiment encamped near us), I was astonished to find so strong a Union sentiment prevailing among the officers and men in the face of so strong opposition from friends, relatives, and even fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters. In conversation with a lieutenant, he informed me that he was born, and had always lived, in Baltimore; that his father was a wealthy man, but so strong a secessionist as to disinherit him in an office in his (the lieutenant's) company, he knew it would be useless for him to apply to his father for money to procure a uniform, sword, &c.; he therefore sold his watch or to lend him a little money for that purpose, but the answer he received was—"No, James; you shall not have one cent to buy arms to fight against your country men, and help the tyrants of the North;" but if you will join the army of President Davis you shall have all the money you want." But that he could never do. Another officer in the same regiment told me that his father and one brother were now in the rebel army, but that another brother, who was with him in the same company with himself, and both strong Union men. His mother, also, was for the Union, but his sister and her husband were strong secessionists; and I am informed that a large number in this regiment are similarly situated. Is not this state of things most deplorable?

But the days are beating to arms, and I must stop and see what is up.

October 2nd. The call to arms, last evening, was in consequence of anticipated attack on the city. Three companies of our regiment, with the band, went out all night, marching through the streets a large portion of the time; the balance was spent at the depot of the Northern Central Railroad, where a large force under this morning, a regiment of twelve hundred dragoons from Michigan arrived. They were from Fort Leavenworth, and without arms or horses; that being the case, it was considered unsafe for them to pass through the city to the Washington Depot unprotected. Our band, with a portion of those hundred men, having been provided with forty ball cartridges each before leaving camp, took the Michigan boys in charge, and escorted them safely through the city. Four regiments from Pennsylvania and New York have passed today.

I will close by saying that nothing but the display of force on the part of Union men prevents the uprising of the spirit of secession in this city.

The health of the regiment is good.

Y.

FRUIT IS IOWA. An Iowa letter says: "Every orchard in this State is loaded down with apples. We shall revel in them this winter; 25 to 30 cents per bushel. Over 16 cents per bushel; eggs one cent per dozen; flour two dollars per hundred pounds. There is no market for anything."

But coming nearer home we find abundance of fruit. The *New Haven (Ct.) Courier* says that applies in that section are unusually plenty. It is said that more apples have been raised this season in New Haven and Fairfield Counties, than in all the rest of New England. The exportation of the fruit is quite considerable. Several vessels are now loading here for eastern ports, and it is said that a number of others will take in full cargoes. The price ranges from 20 to 50 cents per bushel.

POLITICAL. Mr. Edwin C. Bailey, of the *Boston Herald*, has accepted the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant-Governor.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH. (D. V.) will be open for Divine service to-morrow as the usual hours, viz: 10½ A. M. & 7 P. M. also at 3 o'clock in the evening. Seats free.

REV. JOHN DUNN, of New York, will preach in the First Baptist Church to-morrow morning.

NEW FIRST FREE CHURCH.—Rev. Mr. Hall will occupy the desk at Wallace Hall, to-morrow forenoon and afternoon, as the usual hours.

REV. MR. MORE will give a lecture to young men in the Friends' Meeting House, Cook, Pearl Street, to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject—The Past Young Men.

The choice of Pews in St. John's Church will be offered at Auction next Monday Evening at 7½ o'clock, at the Church. 805d161

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860 to June 23d, 1861, are requested to call at the Treasurer's office, City Hall, on or after Monday next, and receive their fees.

sept13 3w C. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

WANTED.

A young man, who is employed as Book-keeper, but has the afternoons at his disposal, is desirous of obtaining employment either as Copyist or Amanuensis. Go of reference given. Address "Alpha 284" Lowell P. O. 805d1w*

August 7, 1861.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, October 5th.

CORRECTED expressly for the COURIER, by J. F. DAY & CO., Commission Merchants, Corner of Market and Merrimack Streets.

Potatoes—Rose, 75 cents per bush.; Pinkeye, per bush. 75c; Chenangoes, per bush. 75c; Cobblers, per bush. 75c; Peachblows, per bush. 75c; Mercers, per bush. 75c; Jackson Whites, per bush. 75c; Prolific, per bush. 75c; Carters, per bush. 75c; Early Goodrich, per bush. 75c; Early Ohio, per bush. 75c; Early Rose, per bush. 75c; Early Vermont, per bush. 75c; Early Blue, per bush. 75c; Early Blue, per bush. 75c; Early Blue

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AND
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*; Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to commend to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I recommended using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle in my house. When I recommend the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not remember a case above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity in the present day, or I can well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones thrown out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and plea in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pre nounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where I found it proved, by proving the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In one or two of these articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are worthless. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation over those of merit, after it has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, none of these declarations have not been enough to write an advertisement, to induce them to give your article a trial, and in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past few years, myself talked with more than one thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in all cases who have used your preparation, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to, the result was perfect.

I called to see you, personally, when on my annual place of business with you, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer any person to me. Any communication addressed to me, care No. 70, Locust, 1-2-67, will be promptly answered. Yours truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a testimonial, which I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning exceedingly gray, and was almost white as it very well could be. I have tried a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and found that there was no fiction than truth in them. And after reinstating a strong growing of hair as near possible, restored to its original color, and a beautiful gloss, as it was in my younger days. I have also been benefited in a small way. I procured one of your small fashionable Restorative's and recommended it to many acquaintances, and have always found it to give satisfaction. I am also a firm believer in the efficacy of your Restorative for the hair, and will be glad to recommend it to any one desiring it. Yours truly,

Mills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair comes out only by falling off and is as soft and fine, not to say as oily, as though just from the vine. I am a French chemist. Many of my acquaintances are frequently say to me, "Mr. Mills, what do you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I consider it impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which can not be effaced. It has been universally used, and was before it was put up for sale by druggists, and received the to the call in. desires result, having been used, by the encouragement of it as one of the few genuine restoratives, and I can recommend it to the most sanguine of its merits."

DR. O. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. Sale is unprecedented, with great success, and with them made several cures of paralysis in the last and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomfield, Henry co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 21, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, epileptic fits, the horror of the most severe and prostrating, character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its forms, and that at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the fifteen effecting the cure, when previous physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain cure."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, as follows: "I have used your Restorative, and find it (as warranted) as represented in a word, *excellent*."

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS bought and repaired. Cane to weave, and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.,
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
mar26 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR.
FEED, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR
FEED
GRAIN
FOR THE TRADE
FOR FAMILY USE
EXTRA RYE FLOUR.

White and Yellow Meal, Flour Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal &c. &c.
No. 45 Market Street, W.
mar26 dtf H. WOOD.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Premium French Moles, Freckle Cream, Pimple Lotion, Cosmetique, Rouge, Powder, Pearl Powder, Bloom of Roses, Rouge Universel, Milk of Roses, Extract of Cucumber, Lily White for sale at H. RIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and Jackson sts.
may8

ALL who have a fade for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S 364 Dutton street, Lowell.
dec26 dtf

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND
IS ROGERS' Re-dressing *Front, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver, Steel Bridesmaid Rose* &c.—This article is a perfect success, and will be sold *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint however soiled by its use will look as fresh as new. Its model use saves the labor of washing for the above uses. Prepared only by H. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Jackson sts. Orders by mail promptly attended to.
may8

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

LABOR COMB PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England over fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is surrounded to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and Jackson streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
mh2

JELLY TUMBLERS AND CANS, of all sizes and kinds, just received and for sale by H. B. HAYNES,
jy19 † 45 Merrimack st.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ones, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken a full specified *before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the most value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too copious* increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health or any one.—IF it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

IF Remember! This medicine is designed for Female Complaints only, in which *all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, and is warranted as represented in every respect, *or the price will be refunded.*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None are genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.*, or his REMEDIAL DEPOT FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

IF This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature, and from a practice of 15 years, a very extensive physician of twenty years' standing can be consulted. Letters for Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Dr. M. has numerous cases of patients from abroad wishing for a secure and speedy cure, who can be treated at home with safety.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to empirics, quacks, and others, in the United States, without any benefit to those who pay it. Most of these are mere tricks to get a share of those who are the least able to lose it, but once duped, are sure to call *back*, and they are accomplished to suffer the wrong in silence, for dating to make the case known for fear of subsequent exactions, in praise of themselves. If, unfortunately, any one has fallen victim of such heartless, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is a high sounding and unmeaning puff, we would advise the first to call for a consultation

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, October 7, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

A GRAND EMANCIPATION ACT THREATENED BY THE SOUTH. When Mr. Toombs made his speech against the increase of the army, in the Senate, two years ago, he warned the North that the South held the institution of slavery in its own hands, and that if events should justify it, the slave States would anticipate outside pressure, and by a sweeping act of emancipation, convert the slave into a friend of the South. The secessionists of the more ardent sort in Baltimore do not hesitate to assert that this will be the policy of the South, as the war progresses, rather than suffer the rebellion to be put down.

This will probably not be regarded as seriously the purpose of the South, by the people of the North, but it is not as practicable as the proposition of the hot-headed of the free States, who are talking about emancipating the negroes, which they cannot reach, or if they could, would be quite as likely to fight for the rebels as for the Federal Government? The possibility of doing what Mr. Toombs threatened exists, and his proposition is not altogether impracticable with men who have sworn to perish rather than submit to our northern army. Of course such an act on their part would forever terminate slavery, but it would also prolong the war and make it more terrible. It is a little singular, truly, that Charlie Carter and Robert Toombs should regard the emancipation of the blacks as an important auxiliary in the war, although the premises from which they draw their conclusions are as different as light and darkness.

BLANKETS FOR THE SOLDIERS. The following appeal from Gov. Andrew appears in the Boston papers of this morning:—We hope it will receive the attention of every patriotic housekeeper in Massachusetts—certainly no one who has a friend in the ranks of the Union's defenders will withhold the small item that is asked for to contribute to the soldiers' comfort during the approaching cold weather:—

To the People of Massachusetts: By a recent circular from the Quartermaster-General of the Army of the United States it has been made known that our troops need blankets, for a re-supply much faster than the mills can manufacture, and the supplies ordered from abroad are not yet received.

To relieve this necessity the circular of General Meigs invites each State to draw from the surplus stores of families and stock that the regiments may blanket eighty-five pounds, but the good people of Massachusetts weighing not less than four pounds will be glad to give even an equivalent to the use of the troops; and although in times gone by from every source, amounting also to as much persons have blankets to spare but cannot give them, the full market value of such blankets will be paid if they are delivered at the offices of the Federal Quartermaster in the city of States.

The energetic patriotism of the people of Massachusetts will of course respond promptly and generously to this appeal.

With a view therefore to organize efforts of this description in an efficient manner, I hereby request all citizens of the Commonwealth who may be disposed to make donations contributions of blankets, to cause them to be prepared immediately and addressed to Brig. Gen'l John H. Reed, Quartermaster General of Massachusetts, Military Store House, No. 132 Congress Street, Boston. I suggest also that committees be formed in every town in the various towns and cities to collect and forward such contributions; and I respectfully request that a list of the names of the persons who may accompany each bale or bundle, for the purpose of publication.

Several of the principal railroad corporations of the Commonwealth, including the Boston and Maine, the Boston and Worcester, the Boston and Providence and Boston and Lowell roads have with characteristic liberality arranged with General Reed to transport to Boston free of charge all such contributions of blankets as may during the next two weeks be forwarded to his office. Other corporations will no doubt promptly display the same liberality, and the various newspapers of the Commonwealth give free circulation to this appeal.

JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor.

DR. HAYS' ARCTIC EXPEDITION. Nothing reliable has been heard from Dr. Hayes' expedition since the arrival of the last tug. A letter received in Boston states, according to the *Journal*, that there was, however, a vague rumor that Greenlander from one of the outposts on Smith's Upernavic, last winter saw some white men on the loose ice with dogs and sledges. At any rate are said to have been made by the Esquimaux to reach them, which failed on account of the accumulation of new ice. This information depends entirely upon the credibility of the natives, and should therefore be taken with great allowance. The first arrival of the season from Upernavic was looked for at Copenhagen at the time the letter was written, and three or four weeks hence we may obtain some reliable intelligence from the expedition.

The *Nashua (N. H) Gazette* learns that Messrs. Gage, Warner & Waldron, merchants, of that city, have contracted with the Government to furnish three thousand mules bayounets.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

Washington and vicinity. A dispatch to the *New York World* says that General McClellan had formed a plan to capture the 6000 or 8000 rebels in the vicinity of Munson's Hill, by a night attack with 25,000 men, and arranged certain signals, confiding his plan to but a few prominent officers. The rebels discovered his signals and although he made great attempts to hasten the departure of his troops, the rebels got beyond his reach when he arrived at their entrenchments.

A dispatch from Munson's Hill, states that Lieut. A. J. Ziegler, of Col. Stewart's regiment of cavalry, has been captured by the pickets of the Thirty-Fifth New York Regiment. He gave but little information. He says Jeff. Davis, Beauregard, Johnson, and G. W. Smith, were at Fairfax Court House on Thursday, reviewing the troops.

Richmond papers say that the sick rebels have been removed from Manassas to Richmond, in anticipation of a battle, and that Jeff. Davis, in a speech to the rebels on Wednesday, at Fairfax Court House, promised them they should soon be in Baltimore.

The fortifications on Munson's Hill are nearly completed, and are much more formidable than those of the rebels.—One regiment is incessantly working on them. Gen. McCallan has stopped the visits of Pennsylvania politicians to the camp.

Pickett Church was occupied on Friday morning by one of our troops, a body of rebel cavalry having got in season to receive the fire of our front files, but succeeded in carrying off their wounded. It is 16 miles beyond Alexandria, and a subsequent reconnoissance showed that there were no large bodies of troops this side of Occoquan Creek.

Information has been received that the British steamer Bermuda has run the blockade, entering Savannah with a large and valuable cargo of arms, ammunition, provisions, clothing and military stores.

From Beaufort, Dispatches from Poolesville last Thursday evening, reports firing at a.m. on that day in the direction of Edwards' Ferry. Rumors are current that Gen. Stone will shortly make an advance over the Potomac. His force has been strengthened largely of late.

The enemy at Lewsburg, it is reported, have been greatly strengthened recently.

From Fortress Monroe, Gen. Wool was expected back to the Fortress last Saturday morning. It was not determined, when he left, that he should go to St. Louis; this was at his option, but the presence of those horse by the backwoods part, with a fleet-like and a longer stay, as I suppose, to the colder regions of the north. It is believed that the true can be secured from Fortress Monroe to Lincoln point in any part of the bank where Indian corn may grow.

Mr. Kendall, of Md., has made a trial of the plant on his farm in Northern Maryland for the past season, and his report to be a manufactured to a large number of persons who have seen it. Friends and North, many of whom have since visited him and satisfied themselves regarding all estimates to such an extent that he has been unable to fill his supply. He has also brought the subject before the Agricultural Societies of Maryland, and many other Mayes Working Farmers.

THE GREAT EASTERN. The English papers, and the passengers who were on board the Great Eastern steamship, which lately made an unsuccessful attempt to cross the Atlantic, are publishing the particulars in relation to the disaster which came so near sending the steamer, with all on board, to the bottom. The passengers and crew numbered about eight hundred, and when the fearful storm struck the forty-eight hours out, she was in the midst of a violent gale which proved her to be completely unmanageable, and more unreliable than the small steamers of her class possessed of steam power. She was dropping her great hulk completely at the mercy of the waves, and pitched and rolled as badly, if not worse, than other steamers. The waves washed her decks and everything on board was drenched. Her huge proportions were wrenched and weakened, and compartments gave way, one after another, till all that distinguished her from other vessels. When the danger was greatest, an American, a Mr Towle, a civil engineer, suggested the means of repairing the rudder, which had been destroyed, and the engineer department was placed at his disposal, he succeeded perfectly. The next day a sail was discovered, and relief came in that direction of ease. All attempts during the gale, to rig sail, were unavailing; they were blown into ribbons and did no good whatever.

The Great Eastern is a very strong ship, but her paddles and rudder were not in proportion. The paddles were twisted, broken, and carried away, and also the rudder, which was made of iron plates a diameter snapped like a butter match.—Says one passenger—"She was lying in the trough of the sea, and the waves were like mountains. Suddenly we were thrown on a most determined cradle, and the oldest man has not been rocked in all his life as much as we were in these few days."—From *Beaufort Dispatches* from Poolesville last Thursday evening, reports firing at a.m. on that day in the direction of Edwards' Ferry. Rumors are current that Gen Stone will shortly make an advance over the Potomac. His force has been strengthened largely of late.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

Lowell post Office.

MAILS DUE.

Boston 9 A. M. 4.30 and 5.45 P. M. Northern, 6 1-2 P. M. Lawrence 9 A. M. and 7 1-2 P. M. New York, 7 A. M. Worcester, 8 1-2 A. M., 1 1-2 P. M. Amherst, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Salem, 9 A. M., 1 1-2 P. M. All points between Groton Junction and Burlington, 11 A. M.

MAILS CLOSE.

Boston, 7 A. M. and 1 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M. New York, 7 A. M. and 1 P. M. Worcester, 7 A. M. Lawrence, 11 A. M. and Boston 7 A. M. and 3 P. M. Amherst, 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. All points between Groton Junction and Burlington, 11 A. M. California mail closes on the 24th and 9th of every month. California mail closes at 4 P. M. on the 20th, 30th and 9th of month.

☞ Office hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. except on Saturday, when it is open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M.

JOHN A. GODWIN, P. M.

Lowell, Oct. 7th, 1861.

☞ The choir of Pews in St. John's Church will be offered at Auction next Monday Evening at 7½ o'clock, at the Church. oct7d1t

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, at criminal sessions, find it expected at from the 1st day of June 1861, of June 1861, 1861 can obtain their fees on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours. sept23d2w

P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

WANTED.

A young man, who is employed as Book-keeper, but has the advantage of a thorough business education, and pleasant either as Cashier or Accountant. He does not desire any salary for the first year. Address "Box 384" Lowell P. O. aug6 7.1861.

OPENING OF ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Agreeably to announce next, this new church was opened for divine service yesterday, and was filled all day, it being crowded in the evening. The church presents a fine appearance; but as it is yet unfinished, we shall at some future time give a full description of the edifice. Rev. Homer, the rector, preached yesterday morning a discourse on God's love, in which he referred to the fulfilment of their hopes in the completion of their church. This evening, at 7½ o'clock, the choice of pews will be sold at auction in the church, so that there may be no seeming show of partiality in assigning pews.

NARROW ESCAPE. Last Saturday afternoon, Mr. Nott Bonney, formerly employed in this office, but now a lieutenant in Capt. Warren's Company, 26th Regiment, started to get upon the train which leaves for Groton Junction at the close of five o'clock, after it had started. Mr. Bonney chased the train on to the bridge above the Northern Depot, and on attempting to push for a board he missed his foot and his footing, and turned a somersault through the bridge in the direction of the water, when flows in the canal. Having no antipathy to water, so far as regards being pitched into it in that shape, Mr. Bonney caught a beam, and held on till some one came to his rescue. From the track to the water the distance is about fifteen feet. It was a narrow escape.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* This morning the opinion of Webster vs. Campbell was the first on the trial list, but at 11½ o'clock the counsel of the two parties were trying to settle the matter without the aid of a jury. Should they succeed, the next case relating to nearly the same questions will be settled; the next case on the docket for this party will be Boland vs. the City of Lowell.

PROTOTYPE MATTERS. In consequence of the change of time in railroad trains the time of closing and opening the mails in some instances has been changed, which will be found corrected in another place. They are generally out of three cent letter stamps at the office, and are compelled to use three one cent stamps for single letters. This will soon be remedied, however.

CAMP CHASE. There were religious services at Camp Chase yesterday afternoon, by Rev. L. J. Fletcher officiating. The location of the soldiers to the services was good. Quite a number of "outsiders" were present. Maj. Gen. Buell, Brig. Gen. Strong, and other prominent officers were on the grounds during the services. The number of soldiers is every day increasing at Camp Chase, and we hear that one or two companies are expected to morrow.

THE WEATHER. The changes in the atmosphere for the last forty-eight hours is quite worthy. On Saturday we had a cold rain storm, but yesterday, about noon, it cleared away and the sun came out hot, so that the mercury in a store stood above up to 80, making it uncomfortable for those who had donned their flannels, with a view to gain warm today.

GOT THE SAME GUN. When the members of the Six's Regiment reached home, they, with other three months' regiments, gave up their guns, which were taken in charge by the proper authorities for the time and given out to new regiments in the order in which they left for the seat of war. The other day, in giving out arms to the Twenty-Sixth Regiment, a member of Capt. Warren's Company received the same musket he carried as a member of the Six's Regiment. He knew it by a small gnarl in the breech. In no instance that would not be likely to happen often.

AMONG the marriage intentions for last week will be found the names of a couple born in *Hemming* and *Unity*. We hope their pieces of birth will be indicative of their future life. Another "blushing bride" only counts fourteen summers.

THEATRE TRAIN. It collect that an extra train leaves this city at 5½ o'clock this afternoon, and returning, will leave Boston at 11½ o'clock. Fare both ways, $1. Forrest appears at the Academy of Music in "Richelieu," while "Great Expectations," founded on Dickens' new work, will be brought out for the first time at the Museum.

POLICE COURT. Nothing but civil business on the docket to-day, a quiet Sabbath having been reported.

YOUNG misses are advised by the latest fashion that nets for the hair are dispensed with altogether, and that loose mass of hair which has been gathered at the back of the neck, is neatly and tastefully arranged in broad loops, braided low at the sides, on the list for the jury will be Hland vs. the City of Lowell.

DEPARTMENT OF NEW ENGLAND. Gen. Butler, by order, has announced that the six New England States are constituted the Department of New England, under his command; headquarters at Boston.—Gen. Butler's staff is announced as follows:—Major George E. Strong, Assistant Adjutant General, Acting Officer of Ordnance and Chief of Staff. Capt. Peter Hagner and Lieut. Wm. H. Wiegel, Aids de Camp. Gilman Kimball, Brigade Surgeon, Medical Director. Capt. Paul R. George, Brigade Quartermaster, Assistant Quartermaster.

Gen. Strong has been on Gen. McClellan's staff till within a few days, when he was transferred to Gen. Butler's. He graduated at West Point, and has the reputation of being a very efficient officer, abundantly qualified for the position he occupies. Gen. Strong arrived in this city last Saturday evening, by way of the Nashua Railroad, and, with his wife, is stopping at the residence of Gen. Butler.

NEW STATE MAP.—Topographical Map of the State of Massachusetts, based on the Trigonometrical Survey, by Simeon Borden—the details from actual survey under the direction of H. F. Walling—published by H. & C. T. Smith & Co. 338 Pearl Street, New York."

The above is the title of a work—announced in our columns last week—which has been in progress for over twenty years, under the sanction and authority of the legislature. We have just received a copy of it, which in connection with many others in Lowell and vicinity, we ordered from Mr. Morley, one of the publishers, previous to its publication. We had anticipated a superior work, and we are thankful to say that our anticipations are fully realized.

This map gives the comparative size, and shape, and relative position, from actual survey, of every town and county in the State, the true directions and distance of the roads, the locations of most of the houses in the State, the outlines, topography of the ponds and streams, the height and position of the principal elevations, &c. The margin of the map is accompanied by a beautiful geological map, prepared expressly for this work by the accomplished State Geologist, Dr. Hitchcock. Also, a climatological, exhibiting the differences in temperature, amount of rain-fall, &c., statistical and distributive tables, and plans of all the cities and many of the large villages.

This map is now being distributed to the towns in Lowell and vicinity, and we congratulate our friends whose names we find upon the order books of Mr. Morley, in having secured in advance so valuable a work. Mr. Morley is engaged in the American House for a short time, and we advise all who have not already secured a copy in advance, to leave their order for one immediately.

The *Salem Gazette*, in noticing the proceedings of the Worcester Convention, has the following comment on Mr. Sumner's speech:—

"At the commencement of the afternoon session Hon. Charles Sumner made a speech, which took ground in favor of removing slavery as the cause of our difficulties. He argued, first, the position that the Queen's proclamation gave power to emancipate states by martial law; secondly, that this war would in no event be pursued as one that would bring the war to a speedy close with the least sacrifice of life and the smallest expenditure of money. The first position, relative to the Queen's proclamation, was answered, is undoubtedly correct; and we wonder that the leaders in the southern rebellion should not have considered that the cause they have marked out is one that will find end in any possibility being about that condition in which the Federal Government, directly or indirectly, would interfere with slavery in the States. The second proposition, however, is open to very grave doubt. Of course, upon so many grand and startling blunders as these, we wonder at Mr. Sumner leaving his usual dignity. If we are going to free the slaves, call to the four millions of the South, march upon populous cities and towns, by the time we get through with it, a new order of things will have grown up, and the whole aspect of the country will be changed. Then will come the question, what is to be done with the blacks? Are they to be left where they were, or are they to be colonized? Are they to be made citizens, and have the right of suffrage? Are they to be left to themselves, to be exterminated by the whites? Are they to be made subject to the whites? Are they to be made subject to the whites? Are they to be made subject to

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW, AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY

IT IS

[PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.'

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not any more perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any special advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that you are well known already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have ordered it for some time travelling the greater part of the time that three years, as I have been prevented of late by ill health from attending to my own affairs. In recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting the effects in my own case, in several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, as they had used it for a time and without effect. In every instance, however, I proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and was selling at about half the price. I have natural two or three articles manufactured as a secret, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will spend their money for the reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none of these charlatans have the brains enough to move an inch from where I first found it, but continue to move around, word for word, in several instances, merely moving from one town or name to another.

I have within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons, who have used your preparation, and in every instance—except for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp—it had an effect.

I could not see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1, P. O., will be promptly answered.

JAMES WHITE M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1860.

[This is a statement that I think you are entitled to. I have been a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. —— I am over 60 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was nearly white as a very soft and silky. I had very low spirits—a nervous disease generally, as the effect of your Hair Restorative, not suppose there was one bottle in that time that I was not entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color of dark brown, as it was in my younger days; but I had concluded it was impossible, and that at my present, coming on in a small way. I procured one of your small bottles, as I had seen it commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered a change in the hair, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was somewhat checked, and as a result of your Hair Restorative, after using three bottles, my hair was restored to its original color, and has remained so ever since. I have occasionally used it, but not often, for the reason that I have a notion that it is not healthy for the hair to be constantly dyed. I have also used your Hair Restorative for my children, and with good effect in every instance. I have also used it for my wife, and it has restored her hair to its original color, and has been restored for over four years, and is now as soft and silky as it was before it commenced falling off. I have also used it for my wife, and it has restored her hair to its original color, and has been restored for over four years, and is now as soft and silky as it was before it commenced falling off. I have also used it for my wife, and it has restored her hair to its original color, and has been restored for over four years, and is now as soft and silky as it was before it commenced falling off.

Boston Gore Branch

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are now in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for the benefit of the fancy and not because we believe great powers in any one of them, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, as we find it fully up to every thing. It not only immediately restores the hair to its original color, but it also restores the scalp to its healthy action, and thus prevents the hair from falling off. We have been many years in the use of these articles, and have used a great many of them, but we find none that will do the work as well as Wood's Hair Restorative.—*Boston Courier, April 12 1859*

A Genuine Book. It our capacity as compositors, we have had occasion to examine, and to advertise the merits of, the rare, each of which claims to be unrivalled and unsurpassed. It is the middle ages to examine effects, with the cause, and we have found, in every instance, the cause to be true, and the effect genuine. Hence we have never advertised a humbug, but have taken pleasure in recommending to the public such articles as we have found to be worthy of confidence. Among the many articles that we have had occasion to examine, we give it our unanimous opinion that Wood's Hair Restorative is the best article we have ever used, and we have had no hesitation in recommending it to the public, for we have used it in our own family, and have found it to be all that is claimed for it. We have also used Wood's Hair Restorative in our own family, and have found it to be all that is claimed for it. We have also used Wood's Hair Restorative in our own family, and have found it to be all that is claimed for it.

All Hair Dyes Abandoned.—Wood's Great Attraction has taken the field. This famous Wood's Restorative has been introduced to the public for the last two years, and has met with the most unbounded success, and has done more to restore the hair to its original color than any other preparation ever before introduced to the public. It is a perfect restorative, and has been used by thousands of persons, and has been found to be a perfect restorative, and has been used by thousands of persons, and has been found to be a perfect restorative, and has been used by thousands of persons, and has been found to be

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, October 8, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

EMIGRATION TO HAYTI. The enterprise of colonizing Hayti with the free colored people of the United States, to which considerable attention has been given within the past year, thus far seems to be a success. The emigrants are not the poor and worthless blacks, but among them are seen the most industrious, ingenious, moral and intelligent that are found in Canada and the free States. An emigrant ship sailed from New York on Friday of last week, with one hundred and thirteen passengers; another is announced to sail on the 18th, with nearly three hundred more engaged for her. Many of these men—by far the largest part, probably—will give their attention to growing cotton, and many seem to believe that the fate of slavery hangs on the cotton plant. The fact has been sufficiently demonstrated, that there is no finer country in the world for cotton growing than Hayti, and in a few years it will evidently return to the United States a very large amount of the cotton we shall consume. Hayti is the only spot in the new world exclusively inhabited and governed by free black men. Those who go to Hayti go without compulsion; if there are those who are not able to pay their passage money, &c., they are assisted. In Boston and in New York there are regular offices and agents, whose business it is to assist and advise those who desire to emigrate, or seek information relative to the country. A very active man in this movement is the somewhat notorious James Redpath, who seems to be putting his abilities to a better use in this work than in making a paper war against the South. Now he seems to be assisting the black men; before he was not. Some of the more in exigent of the emigrants go, they say, because of the social ostracism and meanness they experience here, and which is quite as perceptible in Canada as in the States; while others, believing that slavery is kept alive in the country only through cotton interests, thinks by emigrating and opening new fields for the growth of the plant, they are doing something to help put an end to slavery. How far this conclusion is correct, those who have made the subject a study can best tell.

GEN. FREMONT. In another place we give the letters which purport to have passed between the President, Gen. Fremont and wife and the Blairs. After so much has been said concerning this unhappy quarrel, every one will want to learn what they can respecting it, and where to go for give the letters, without abbreviation, as they appeared a few days since in the *Cincinnati Commercial*. Whose printed, or who is responsible for their publication, we know not. The *Commercial* is a paper not much in favor with the Administration, and the source from which it obtained the letters is not one to convey the unjust and false impression that said article was written or caused to be written, by said major-general.

Second Specification—That said Blair, while acting as Colonel of the First Regiment Missouri Light Artillery, wrote and caused to be published in the city of St. Louis, and in the State of Missouri, a false and defamatory statement over his own signature. It brought a subscription of two hundred dollars, which opens the following language, viz: "I reply that I never asked Col. Blair to write one line for me, and he did not grant it unsolicited. * * I never recommended him to give a contract to any one, and he did not use his influence to obtain it."

The copies of the correspondence are before us, and a careful perusal of the letters from Col. Blair to his brother, Montgomery Blair, are here by appended, and make part hereof. They consist of, first, Mrs. Fremont's note to the President (marked A); second, Mrs. Fremont's note to the President (marked B); third, the President's letter to Mrs. Fremont (marked C); fourth, Gen. Fremont's telegram to the President (marked D); fifth, Montgomery Blair's telegram to G. n. Fremont, (marked E).

(Signed) J. C. FREMONT,
Major-General Commanding.

LETTER FROM MAJ. FREMONT.

To the Personnel of the United States:

I was ill yesterday by Mr. P. P. Blair, Sr., that five days ago a letter was received from his son, Col. Frank P. Blair, and that I should see his son, Lieut. Blair, after-General Blair, containing certain statements respecting Gen. Fremont and his military command in the Western Department, which letter was submitted to you as friend of

I was further told by Mr. Blair, that on that letter you sent Postmaster-General Blair to St Louis to examine into the department, and report.

On behalf of, and as representing General Fremont, I have to request that I be furnished with a copy of that letter and any other communication which may affect your judgment have made that investigation necessary.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, (Signed) JESSIE BENTON FREMONT.

MRS. FREMONT'S SECOND NOTE TO THE PRESIDENT.

Mrs. Fremont begs to know from the President if his answer to Gen. Fremont's last letter can be given her without much further delay. Mrs. Fremont is anxious to return to her family, and leaves the history of asking a reply by the messenger.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

THE FREMONT-BLAIR TROUBLE.

During the past month the country has been disturbed by the untriendly relations that have sprung up suddenly between the Major-General Fremont, commander of the western division of the army, and Col. Frank P. Blair, Jr., of the First Regiment Missouri Volunteers, (light artillery.) The letter of Colonel Blair to Judge Blair, his brother, and Postmaster General, was immediately brought before the President and Cabinet, and a vigorous discussion ensued in the removal of General Fremont, but resulted in the postponement of such a decision for the present, the President and majority of the Cabinet being unqualifiedly adverse to the removal.

Mrs. Fremont, who was in Washington at the time, received information of Col. Blair's attack on General Fremont, and immediately wrote to the President, requesting a copy of Colonel Blair's letter. The President declined to furnish Colonel Blair's letter, and in the same letter disclaimed any hostility to the General, or that any opinion had been made on his mind against the honor or integrity of General Fremont. Gen. Fremont then telegraphed to the President, requesting a copy of Colonel Blair's letter, and through Judge Montgomery Blair the letter of the Colonel was forwarded to Gen. Fremont, accompanied with a request that the Colonel should be released from arrest. The offer of release was extended to Col. Blair at the request of the Postmaster General, but the Colonel declined the offer, and is now at Jefferson barracks, awaiting the examination before a court martial. The charges and specifications accompanying, are given below:

First Charge—Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

Specification—That said Colonel Frank P. Blair, while acting as Colonel of the First Regiment Missouri Light Artillery, wrote and caused to be published in the city of St. Louis, and in the State of Missouri, a false and defamatory statement over his own signature. In which occurs the following language, viz: "I reply that I never asked Col. Blair to write one line for me, and he did not grant it unsolicited. * * I never recommended him to give a contract to any one, and he did not use his influence to obtain it."

Second Specification—That said Blair, while acting as Colonel of the First Regiment Missouri Light Artillery, wrote and caused to be published in the city of St. Louis, and in the State of Missouri, a false and defamatory statement over his own signature, in substance as follows, viz: That Fremont's first and twentieth day of command, Major-General Fremont and Major-General F. C. Fremont, who was then the commanding general of department, was learning in the unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, assisting his personal and official character, arranging him with inability and inefficiency; that said Blair used his position as member of the committee on the conduct of the war, to the prejudice of the service of the United States.

Col. Blair's letter to Postmaster Blair, did, at the city of St. Louis, on the 30th of September last.

Dear Judge:—I wrote you quite fully about our affairs here by Judge Gamble, and I am sorry to see by the record of the views I stated to you in that letter. Affairs have changed somewhat since, in terms northern part of the State as well as in the south. Men coming here to give information, and to assist in organizing in the unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, assisting his personal and official character, arranging him with inability and inefficiency; that said Blair used his position as member of the committee on the conduct of the war, to the prejudice of the service of the United States.

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THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 12th, 1861.

MRS. GENERAL FREMONT — *My Dear Madam* — Your two letters of to-day are before me. I answered the letter you bore me from Gen. Fremont on yesterday, and not hearing from you during the day, I sent the answer by mail.

It is not exactly correct, as you say you were told by the elder Blair, to say that I sent Postmaster-General Blair to St. Louis to examine into that department and report. Postmaster-General Blair did go with my approbation, to see and converse with Gen. Fremont as a friend. I do not feel authorized to furnish you with copies of letters in my possession without the consent of the writers.

No impression has been made on my mind against the honor or integrity of Gen. Fremont, and I now enter my protest against being understood as acting in any hostility toward him.

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) A. LINCOLN.

GEN. FREMONT TO THE PRESIDENT.

To the President of the United States.

Washington, D. C.: I respectfully request that you will send me a copy of the letter referred to in your letter to Mrs. Fremont, provided you have received the consent of the writer; and if you have not received that consent, I respectfully request you to have it solicited.

(Signed) Major-General Commanding.

POSTMASTER BLAIR'S LETTER TO FREMONT.

WASHINGTON, D. C. September 10th, 1861.

Major-General Fremont, Commanding: I will send Frank's letter. It is very severe, but I think he should have been more severe. He should have no difficulty exacting with the public.

M. BLAIR,
Postmaster-General.

COL. BLAIR'S LETTER TO POSTMASTER BLAIR.

Dear Judge:—I wrote you quite fully about our affairs here by Judge Gamble, and I am sorry to see by the record of the views I stated to you in that letter. Affairs have changed somewhat since, in terms northern part of the State as well as in the south. Men coming here to give information, and to assist in organizing in the unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, assisting his personal and official character, arranging him with inability and inefficiency; that said Blair used his position as member of the committee on the conduct of the war, to the prejudice of the service of the United States.

Second Specification—That said Colonel Blair made secret charges against his said commanding general in a letter which he addressed to Adjutant-General Thomas, after he was released by General Fremont, and because he declined to resume his sword and take command of the regiment, then on its march to the battle field, which ordered by his commander.

General Scott's release of Col. Blair is understood to be promptly, until such time as the charges are made against him.

ST. LOUIS, October 8th.

Captain McKeever, Assistant Adjutant General of this department, has received a dispatch from Gen. Fremont, stating that the charges and specifications against Col. Blair, published in the *General* yesterday morning, received publicity without his knowledge or sanction; that he has telegraphed the President and General Scott, that the act meets his unqualified disapproval, and requesting Capt. McKeever to investigate the violation of his confidence and interference with his papers, that the perpetrators may be instantly proceeded against and punished.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

The news to-day is quite meagre, and not very important.

Missouri. Little doubt is now entertained that Gen. Price is on his march to the South. General Fremont will follow and give him battle wherever he can find him.

A special dispatch to the *St. Louis Republican* says it seems to be the lot of military circles, that Price will avoid a battle with Gen. Fremont if possible. Others entertain the opinion that he intends to surprise some point the least protected, and that we shall have a fight in a few days.

The farmers of Pettis County recently offered to furnish General Fremont, gratis, $250,000 worth of grain.

Southern Unionism. Jacob Thompson is about to be nominated for Governor of Mississippi. It is stated that T. C. Hindman has raised 3000 men in Arkansas for Jeff Davis's command. Col. Lovell, late Lowe, of Maryland, has escaped to Richmond.

The estimated value of Yankee property in Virginia confiscated by the rebels amounts to thirty millions. Mobile papers say that the defences south of that city are rapidly going on.

A vessel with 1500 bushels salt, from Laguiro, had its cargo taken from Brazos river, and the prize schooner Richmond, was captured near Galveston, recently, with 2,000 sacks of coffee and 150,000 cigars.

From Fortress Monroe. Steamer Spaulding has sailed for Hatteras Inlet with 500 troops. General Wool returned to the fort Sunday morning and will disembark them at once.

Commissary John Clark, late of the *Boston Courier*, was on board the propeller Fanny, but with first boat load of stores, and that escaped capture.

The Captain of the Fanny is severely censured, as it appears the rebel vessels were seen until they were within a couple miles of the propeller on Tuesday morning.

Washington news. The *New York Herald* adds that Secretary Cameron and McClellan and other visited Gen. Banks yesterday. Gen. McClellan was particularly gratified with his military experience with Banks, and has flattering expectations of him. It is understood that Governor Sprague, of Rhode Island, will be appointed to Major General.

It is stated that the President has arrived at no definite conclusion in regard to the Missouri question. He has, however, decided that all contracts and appointments for the Western Department must be made in Washington, through the ordinary channels.

The Government has set aside Gen. Banks' sentence of Lanahan, the murderer of Maj. Lewis, and restored him to all his civil authorities, on the ground that Gen. Banks had no authority to grant a court martial.

Part of the cargo of the steamer Baltimore is said to consist of 70 tons of gunpowder, 7000 Enfield rifles, 10 rifled cannon, 60,000 pairs of shoes, a large quantity of clothing, and other necessaries of war. Minister Adams remonstrated against her sailing, but the British Foreign Office would not interfere.

A gentleman in London, writing to a government official in Washington, states positively that the rebel commissioners are in regular communication with the Richmond cabinet. They receive letters and answers by every mail. In many instances, he says, they are brought by special bearers, sometimes by English and French agents. He says further that agents of the rebel government are constantly employed in purchasing materials of various kinds for shipment to Southern ports—Vessels, too, are constantly sailing under the eyes of the English authorities.

It is ascertained from an official source that Gen. Wool has as yet received no instructions. That he will proceed to Missouri is uncertain.

MASSACHUSETTS MILITARY ITEMS. It is stated that the 22nd (Wilson's) Regiment, will be sent forward to-day.

Charles Amory, of Boston, has been tendered the appointment of Master of Ordnance in place of Col. E. W. Stone, removed. Mr. Amory has for several years discharged the duties of Treasurer of the Manchester Print Works, and is in every sense a business man.

Dr. Algernon S. Flagg has been authorized to raise a regiment in Western Massachusetts to be attached to Gen. B. F. Butler's brigade and has already entered upon his duties.

Col. Jim received orders last week to get his regiment (the 27th) in camp at Springfield ready to leave during the present week. This is probably insurrectible, but the work of preparation is being rapidly pushed, and the regiment will undoubtedly be off next week.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Lowell Post Office.

MAILS DUE.

Boston 5 A. M. 4.00 and 5.15 P. M. Northern, 6.15 P. M. Lawrence, 9 A. M. and 7.15 P. M. New York, 9 A. M. Worcester, 8.15 A. M., 7.15 P. M. Nashua, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Salem, 9 A. M., 7.15 P. M. All the western States through Junction and Burlington, 9.15 A. M.

MAILS CLOSE.

Boston, 7 A. M. 2 and 5 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. and 5 P. M. Lawrence, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. and 5 P. M. New York, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. Worcester, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. and 5 P. M. Salem, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. Nashua, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. and 5 P. M. All the western States through Junction and Burlington, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. and 5 P. M.

Collection made for above the hour of 7 A. M. and 2 P. M. Office open hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sunday office open from 9 A. M. to 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. to 6 P. M.

JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

Lowell, Oct. 7th, 1861.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, from January 1st, to the first day of June, 1861, to June 30th, 1861, can obtain their fees on application to the Clerk Out of any afternoon office hours.

E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

September 17th, 1861.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has removed to the store on the corner of Merrimack and Prescott streets, where he would be pleased to see them at all times. A. M., where he would be pleased to see them at all times. A. M. Orders left at the above named place for ... or ... will be promptly attended to. A. L. HOWARD.

Lowell, July 27, 1861. 29tf&3m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan3tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, P. W. Dickson, D. S. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby, Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Wm. Rogers,
G. G. Hood, Jonathan Tyler, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling, Factories or Farmers' risks. No assessment beyond the premium paid, and no premium required in excess of $14—1½ per cent. The attention of the public is particularly invited to the Stock department, in which the capital paid in is divided into shares of $50 each, on which a dividend is paid on profits, and the balance of profits, after paying losses, with a substantial cash fund.

In the Stock department the cash assets are over $100,000. In this department, in which the capital paid in is divided into shares of $50 each, on which a dividend is paid on profits, and the balance of profits, after paying losses, with a substantial cash fund.

Office, 91 and 93 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

E. P. SHERMAN, Secretary. C. B. COBURN, President.
Lowell, Jan 18, 1861. 3m

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
For grates,
It burns up entirely,
It has no clinkers,
It burns in any quantity,
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. sept14&3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless Reliable Dye Known.

All others are mere mockeries, and should be avoided.

THIS DYE IS NOT A WASH, but acts upon the principle of Nature, in producing the color to the hair, by absorption, and is not detected from Nature in any way. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and at the Wig Factory of WM. A. BATCHELOR, 16 Astor House, New York.

Batchelor's Wig Factory is the largest in the world, and the only place where the best Wigs are made. sept14&3m

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ANTIDOTE THAT STILLS AS SPEEDILY AS
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it is THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE EVER OFFERED FOR THE BALD AND GREY,
FOR RESTORING THE NATURAL
LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,
AND THAT PRIMEVAL
HAIR OF ORIGINAL BEAUTY,
AND A CLEAN SCALP,
DEMOLITIVE AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED
Sold by all Druggists.
WATSON MAN, Jan. 30 1859

MESSRS. W. F. HARRIN & CO.—GENTLEMEN:—HOMESTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE is the best article for the hair I have ever used. It has restored my hair to its natural color, and keeps it from falling out. I have used it for the last six months, and my hair has not fallen out since I commenced using it. I would not think, when I first returned here, that any part of the United States could produce such a good article as this. I am yours very truly,

S. K. EMERSON.

STILL ANOTHER:

W. F. HARRIN & CO.—GENTLEMEN:—I have the clearance and best Hair Restorative in our market, and I advise all persons troubled with dandruff to use it.

Yours truly, J. S. ROBERTS, M. D.

There is no other so good testimony for an article. They use no humbug in the manufacture of this article. They use no humbug in the manufacture of cases. The signatures of two of the most reliable men in Boston are on page all genuine from *Hemstreet's Restorative*.

WILL LESTO'S THE NATURAL COLOR
WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS.

Where age or sickness has turned it grey, and that it will USE NOTHING ELSE.

Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and at the Wig Factory of WM. A. BATCHELOR, 16 Astor House, New York.

Batchelor's Wig Factory is the largest in the world, and the only place where the best Wigs are made. sept14&3m

The Great English Remedy.
DR. JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS
PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Formed from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to Her Majesty the Queen.

The Proprietors hold hundreds of testimonials as to the virtues of DR. JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS, but their peculiar nature prevents publication. In all cases of Nervous and Difficult Menstruation, Fatigue on slight exertion Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Spasms, Sick Head-ache, Whites, and all painful affections peculiar to the female constitution these Pills will effect a cure where all other remedies have failed. *In all cases of obstruction and to remove obstructions,* from whatever cause, they are unfailing as a single dose seldom fails to restore the most delicate constitution. In cases of Dropsy they are a sure remedy. In fact, in N. B—31 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any agent will procure a bottle containing over 30 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. sept14&3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless Reliable Dye Known.

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Batchelor's Wig Factory is the largest in the world, and the only place where the best Wigs are made. sept14&3m

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Col. Jim received orders last week to get his regiment (the 27th) in camp at Springfield ready to leave during the present week. This is probably insurrectible, but the work of preparation is being rapidly pushed, and the regiment will undoubtedly be off next week.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 7.

10 Boston and Maine Railroad		126
10 Boston and Providence Railroad		102
17 Western Railroad		97
2 Passaic Bridge		52
1 Newton Bank		104
2 Revere Bank		100

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HOW LOST: HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Sexual Incapacity, and Impediments to Marriage, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,

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Box 4586 New York Post Office.

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Continues to insure against fire on any risks at as reasonable terms as in any similar institution. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

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$150,000.

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NATHAN ALLEN, President.
ARTHUR F. SWEETSER, Secretary.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 25 Merrimack street, Middle st., Lowell, Aug. 21, 1 m.

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

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Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible companies. Call at office, and examine on DWELLING HOUSES and FURNITURE, STORES, &c., for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 12 Merrimack st., up stairs, Middle st., Lowell.
Oct. 1, 1861. 3m

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

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Dr. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Are confidently recommended to the afflicted as a safe and speedy remedy for all irregularities to which the female constitution is subject.

They are mild in their operation, and will prevent all danger from exposure.

Full directions for use in the pamphlet around each box.

Price $1 per box. Sent by mail, free of postage.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States and Canadas.

Principal Depot, 67 Canal st., New York.

Sold in Lowell by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and by Druggists everywhere. sept14&3m

WAR HAS COME,
AND
WHITEY'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of Whitey's GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as a means of cure. Both officers and men have found relief from long standing maladies, sore throat, lameness and rheumatism.

Whitey's GOLDEN SALVE is a sure cure for piles, scrofula, sore eyes, ulcerations, sore throat, rheumatism, &c. It is a sure cure for all diseases of the skin, and is highly recommended for the army and navy.

Sold by all Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines.

Lowell, Oct. 5, 1861. 6 3 tApril

WANTED!

FIFTY bonds to work on Army Shoes. Apply to C. G. HAYNES & CO. 85 Merrimack street.

oct3 4tf

BOWIE AND DIRK KNIVES.

A large assortment, for sale low and Dirk Knives for sale by J. HAYNES & CO. oct3

ARMY Regulation Hats, Caps, Feathers, Cords, Pompons, Chevrons, &c., for sale cheap by JOS. HAYNES & CO. oct3

Rubbers!

Just received a large lot of Felt Hats, selected from the best stock in Boston, for Jack Pantaloon, comprising some unique patterns, which will be sold low for cash.

BRAZER'S
Corner Hat Store.

FIGARO CRAVATS,

A new French article for a gentleman's neck, being an ornamental tie, in shape and manner between a scarf and elegance pendant. Also for sale by BRAZER'S
Corner Hat Store.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, October 9th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises will be sold at public auction, by virtue of a license from the Probate Court for Middlesex county, to me granted, the following described real estate, belonging to the estate of Mary J. Damon and Harriet E. Damon, minors, viz: A certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situated on Andover street, in said Lowell, containing about 10,000 square feet of land under and adjoining.

Guardian of Mary J. Damon and Harriet E. Damon.

The premises will be shown to any person desiring to purchase by calling on the undersigned.

sept21&3wLawSw

POCKET DRINKING CUPS,

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Silver Plated and Britannia Pocket Drinking Cups, just the thing for hunters, travellers, and thousands of others. Please call and see them at

H. S. HAYNES'
45 Merrimack st.

CHELMSFORD

SWORDS AND

HOWARD FIRE INS. CO.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Howard Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company, on this city, on TUESDAY, the 15th instant, at 10 o'clock, P. M., for the choice of Directors, and such action with reference to the amendment of the City Council's charter granted by the Legislature, as they shall deem expedient, and to transact such other business as shall legally come before the meeting.

Per order of the Directors.

J. W. DANIELS, Sec'y.

Lowell, Oct. 4, 1861. oct4&3t

TREASURY NOTES.

PURSUANT to Instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, I shall will be open on the 21 day of October, at Richmond Block, Lowell, for subscriptions to any amount, not exceeding in the aggregate $50,000, for the issue of Treasury Notes of the act of July 17, 1861. These notes will be issued in denominations of fifty dollars, one hundred dollars, five hundred dollars, and one thousand dollars, and will be dated August 19th, 1861, payable three years after date of issue, and will bear interest at the rate of 7.30 per hundred dollars per day, which will be returned being at the rate of two cents per day. Subscriptions will be received at the convenience of the holder, and may be paid in full at the time of subscription, or in instalments of semi-annual interest, which coupons will be detached and collected separately from the notes.

Subscriptions for such Treasury Notes will be received during fifteen days from the 21st of October, and the amount of subscriptions for less than fifty dollars and Subscriptions of fifty dollars or one hundred dollars, or five hundred dollars, or one thousand dollars, will be granted as said, the original subscription to be paid at the time of subscription, or in the instalments of the interest as aforesaid. Subscriptions for a part of the amount subscribed to be paid at the time of subscription, and the balance to be loaned only for the purpose made and provided by the act of July 17, 1861, and that the whole amount subscribed for such purposes will be paid in full before any subscription to be made for such first payment also, and the balance to the date of payment, and on final payment of the whole amount subscribed, with the interest, which payments of interest will be made to the subscriber in the proportion of the first coupon.

The Treasury Notes issued upon such certificates by the Treasury will be sent to the subscribers, or to their order, as soon as they can be prepared for them when these terms are complied with, and the Treasury Notes issued will be retained by them for their security.

S. W. STICKNEY,
Assistant Treasurer.

Oct. 3, 1861. 3t

GREAT CHANCE
TO BUY
DRY GOODS,
AT
ORANGE & EASTMAN,

INTENDING to close up their business, offer their entire stock

AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES

in Lowell, and will sell same for THIRTY DAYS, at a

GREAT DISCOUNT FROM COST.

Also, a full assortment of

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LINEN GOODS, LINEN TICKINGS, FLANNELS, &c., &c.

Also,

20 Bales of Shirtings,

which we will sell at LESS than the Manufacturers' prices.

Call immediately if you want a BARGAIN.

81 MERRIMACK STREET.
ORANGE & EASTMAN.

All persons in debt to ORANGE & EASTMAN are requested to call and settle their accounts without delay, as we are determined to close the business of such other business as may come before the Assignee. ORANGE & EASTMAN.

WEDNESDAY, October 9th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., we shall sell at Auction, at our store, 81 Merrimack st., Lowell, September 30th, 1861. 3t&sOct4

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, for the election of such other business as may come before the meeting, on TUESDAY, October 15th, at 10 o'clock A. M.

WEDNESDAY, October 9th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Lowell, September 30th, 1861. sept30&3t

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Lowell, September 30th, 1861. sept30&3t

New Styles.
FRESH IMPORTATIONS.
Low Prices.

BY The attention of gentlemen is particularly directed to the new and elegant stock of every variety of Foreign and Domestic Goods for

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

at the lowest prices.

These goods embrace all the varieties of Coatings, Vestings and Pantaloon Stocks, and will be made up in the most approved and fashionable manner, and warranted to exactly fit or no price.

Army and Navy Outfits are invited to examine our new stock of Goods for Officers' suits, which are made up at the shortest notice for the lowest prices.

Chas. A. Smith,
NO. 1 OLD STATE HOUSE.
sep27 4in&1m

ONE OF THE BEST FARMS
IN BILLERICA FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm, situated in Billerica, bounded by the Concord, Billerica and Chelmsford Turnpike, and Lowell and Billerica road, and contains about 100 acres of land, well divided into tillage, mowing and pasture, with a good orchard of about 300 trees 7 to 9 years old, and will produce about 300 trees 2 to 3 years old. The farm is well watered and has a good well of never failing water.

The house is of two stories, the lower is of brick, two stories high, with a convenient barn and other buildings. The house is 40 feet by 40 with an L under the same. A good brook of water runs through the farm.

The barn and all the stock and tools will be sold with the farm if desired. Terms easy and the purchase money. It is known as the Asa Nichols farm.

The above premises loaned upon such certificates by the Treasury will be sold to the subscribers, or to their order, as soon as they can be prepared for them when these terms are complied with, and the Treasury Notes issued will be retained by them for their security.

S. W. STICKNEY,
Assistant Treasurer.

Oct. 3, 1861. 3t

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CARLETON BLOCK.
COMMERCIAL ACADEMY

Is now open for the reception of Pupils Day and Evening. Intelligent students of either sex, may enter at any time. Terms low. No extra charge of any set of books, with confidence and absolute safety.

Double Entry Book-keeping, Penmanship, Business Forms, Commercial Calculations, Mercantile Arithmetic, Commission, Insurance, Exchange, Banking, &c., &c.

Tuition for full course $15.00—time unlimited.

Persons may enter for a single branch any day in the quarter, by the month, or by the lesson in Arithmetic, Penmanship, Book-keeping, &c.

Penmanship, 10 Lessons.....$1 00
Book-keeping, " 2 00
Double Entry, " 3 00
Mercantile Arithmetic, " 1 00
One Month Evening School.....3 00

Apply at the Academy, Carleton Block, Lowell, October 2, 1861. 1m

Fall Style Caps

AT
BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE,
sept27 45 Merrimack st.

Fall style Hats

AT
BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE,
sept27 45 Merrimack st.

CONCORD SHORTS.

100 Tons Concord Shorts now heavy just received and for sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.
sept21 43 Market street.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

NEW Buckwheat Flour now received and for sale by S. K. WOOD, 43 Market st.

REVOLVERS.

COLT'S Allen and Lingfield Revolvers for sale by JOS. HAYNES & CO.

FOR SOLDIERS.

PATENT CAN FILTERS and FILTERING TUBES—a new kit just received by JOS. HAYNES & CO.

Swords, Belts, Sashes, &c.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN LOWELL.

WE have Swords of half a dozen different makes, for sale low.

CHELMSFORD SWORD,

which is the best A No. 1 Sword made. Direct from the manufactory. Call and examine them.

JOSHUA MERRILL, No. 37 Merrimack street, has received Harps, Guitars and Violins, and will sell low.

C. G. H. BAYRS, M. D.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
41-2 Merrimack Street, (No. 1 Tremlett's Block.)

DR. BAYRS, a regularly educated Physician, will attend to all diseases of the mouth, and all operations upon the teeth, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth, and surgical operations, such as Fractures of the Jaw, Tumors, Hare-lip, Cleft Palate, Necrosis, &c., and the treatment of Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c., by Electricity.

Dr. BAYRS has the most approved and improved apparatus for the administration of Nitrous Oxide Gas, Ether and Chloroform, and will administer them for the painless extraction of teeth, and for any other operation requiring their use.

Dr. BAYRS has also the most approved and improved instruments for the treatment of diseases of the mouth, and for the insertion of artificial teeth, from a single tooth to a full set, on Gold, Silver, Platina, Vulcanite and Rubber, and warrants all operations performed by him.

Dr. BAYRS has had a long and extensive practice in the treatment of diseases of the mouth, and the insertion of artificial teeth, and feels confident that he can give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

Dr. BAYRS has been a resident of Lowell for the last two years, and refers to the following gentlemen, who have had his professional services, and who will cheerfully recommend him to their friends:

Rev. Theodore Edson, Rev. Edward Taylor, Rev. Edward A. Rand,

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
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See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

D. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure of my satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle in my hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued of the best soft and glossy, and was quite perfectly free from dandruff. I have no hesitancy in recommending it to all my particular acquaintances, and parties in the Far West, where I have resided for many years, and at the present day, as I am well aware there are all well known citizens and even more so than when residing throughout the Union. I take occasion my

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, October 9, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant-Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

REVIVAL OF BUSINESS. *The New York World* argues as follows in relation to the revival of business :—" With the war confined to their southern border, with the ocean and Europe wide open before them, with the vast West bearing up its immense wealth of production behind them, and pouring it over upon their railroads, canals and marts, and with unprecedented money on hand, there is no valid reason whatever why the Atlantic States should not now be *active* again with their usual energy. The loans take up great amounts of our capital, but take it up only to give it circulation, and thereby give impulse to business. It is borrowed from the people, but it should be borne in mind that it is to be thrown directly back upon the people, in public expenditures, and be thus the more effectually brought into play in the business of the nation; the interest at intervals will repeat this impulse, and the principal at last, when the war is settled, is again to be drawn back upon us, to put the climax on the salutary scheme. Were our national loans to be expended abroad, as in European foreign wars, the case would be very materially different. Let us, then, cheerfully and patriotically welcome the new burdens, for while they press upon us in some respects they help us in others."

Other New York prints also speak of the revival of business in that city, and represent that the merchants and business men of that locality are insensible to the material disasters that have been brought upon the country by the Southern rebellion. The *Herald* says " money is abundant; the specie reserve in the banks is increasing instead of diminishing; places of amusement are thronged night after night; jewelers and fancy goods dealers report an appearance nearly as animated as was witnessed one year ago; capital is finding for itself new channels of occupation, and trade and commerce are exhibiting themselves upon a safer and less precarious basis than ever was known before in the United States."

This is gratifying intelligence to come from a place of so much importance as is the great city of New York. The improved state of business must exist in other places; and we do not now recall a place, unless it is some locality where one business has been exclusively carried on, that there is not an improved state of things. There is no reason why people should cry hard times; and we cannot believe but the coming winter will find all classes of mechanics at work at remunerative wages, and our traders engaged in a fair trade.

In another column will be found a call for a public meeting at Huntington Hall, on Friday evening next, for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for the office of Senator from the Middlesex Sixth Senatorial District, to be supported at the coming election. It is well known to our readers that the spirit of this call has been advocated by ourselves previous to the more important nominations that were made last week; and as we have not seen no reason to change our mind or purpose. We have no party friends to reward, and like Father Taylor, " no enemies to punish," (unless they be in the ranks of the rebels), and desire only that good men and true shall be taken for the representatives of the people. The call, as will be seen, has received the signatures of many of the most prominent men in Lowell, without distinction of party. It proposes no action, so far as we can observe, that can raise any objection from those who have heretofore favored the throwing down of party lines while the North should be a unit in its opposition to the rebellion. There is little room for party wrangling now; and if we can have a fair, impartial response from the people in matters of this kind, it is evident that we shall be all the better prepared to assist our good old Commonwealth in her giant efforts to sustain the Nation in Administration through the war.

SLAVE INSURRECTION IN MISSOURI. It is stated that about three weeks ago a slave insurrection was attempted in Jasper County (in the southwestern part of the State), and that about thirty-five of the negroes were killed, and a number of others are to be hung. The discovery of the plot proved that the insurrection was wide spread, and that the slaves intended to murder their masters and perpetrate all manner of barbarities.

SIX MEN DROWNED. A telegraphic dispatch from Portland, dated yesterday, states that by the upsetting of a boat at Diamond Cove yesterday afternoon the following persons were drowned:—Stephen Morse, Rufus Hyde Charles H. de Charles Allen, Charles Burnham and J. W. Ford. One man named Goodhue was saved. The party was on a pleasure excursion.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

Washington news. The main body of the rebels is at Fairfax Court House, whence a broad belt of camps are seen from our balloons, stretching southward toward Leesburg, where there are nearly 30,000 on the lower Potomac. There is a strong force of 12 or 15,000 back of Evansport, and at and near Manassas, there are comparatively few troops. There are no signs of offensive movements. The rebel strength is reported at 200,000. It is said that Johnston and Smith are anxious for active operations, but that Beauregard is more cautious.

A man named Hurst, a resident of the village at Fairfax Court House, says there was a report among the rebels that one regiment had refused to do duty, and that four regiments sent to relieve them to subjection also rebelled.

Five Georgia regiments have been called home by Gov. Brown. The rebel troops are suffering greatly for want of medicines, clothing, and certain kinds of food. The articles cut off by the blockade were bringing fabulous prices. Jeff. Davis returned to Richmond on Saturday in feeble health. Speculation was rife as to his successor. A rebel mail carrier has been arrested in Maryland.

From Fortress Monroe. The steamer Express met Monday morning, by agreement, the rebel steamer Northumberland, with a flag of truce, and brought down 57 wounded prisoners, released Sunday at Richmond, who were taken at Bull Run.

They report 8000 troops in Richmond; that the rebels are in no valid reason whatever why the Atlantic States should not now be *actively* again with their usual energy. The loans take up great amounts of our capital, but take it up only to give it circulation, and thereby give impulse to business. It is borrowed from the people, but it should be borne in mind that it is to be thrown directly back upon the people, in public expenditures, and be thus the more effectually brought into play in the business of the nation; the interest at intervals will repeat this impulse, and the principal at last, when the war is settled, is again to be drawn back upon us, to put the climax on the salutary scheme. Were our national loans to be expended abroad, as in European foreign wars, the case would be very materially different. Let us, then, cheerfully and patriotically welcome the new burdens, for while they press upon us in some respects they help us in others."

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CITY AND COUNTY.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Fidelity Division will meet on THURSDAY Evening next, at half past 7 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the County Jail, Criminal Session, Sandwich, commencing on the 1st day of June, 1860, to Jan. 23d, 1861, can obtain their fees by calling at the Clerk's Office, during office hours, forthwith.

S. P. BADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

To the legal Voters of the Sixth Middlesex Senatorial District.

We respectfully invite the Voters of this District who are in favor of supporting the doctrines announced in the Resolutions and Laws of the last session of Congress, as explained by the National Administration, and who are in favor of putting down the present treasonable and wicked Rebellion against the Constitution and Laws of the Union, to meet, without regard to party distinctions, at Huntington Hall, in Lowell, on Friday evening next, at 7 1-2 o'clock, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Senator, to be supported at the coming State election.

In the present distracted condition of the country, the disastrous state of its business interests, and the general anxiety of our people, all minor points of difference should be forgotten. Let then the voice be in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the War, and the speedy establishment of peace and good government by the valiant arms and patriotic hearts of the most loyal Union men. Let us, then, and we are sanguine, be successful. To this, and we are all distinctions except the one between the Union and Traitors, and not all who agree with us in this, let us unite in the selection of the candidate who shall best illustrate this great principle.

Charles B. Osborn, James W. Nash, Samuel Brooks, Jr., W. Patch,
S. G. Mack, Geo. L. Farrington,
C. F. Hadley, J. B. Hale,
S. W. Stickney, H. B. Barker,
D. L. Willard, Wm. Wilkinson,
Geo. Motley, W. H. French,
Thomas Hill, Jr., Daniel Hill,
Horace Hosford, Geo. L. Anders,
Geo. W. Sanders, Wm. Nesmith,
Frank Smith, Samuel Bradley,
Samuel Fay, Pat Kelley,
Bernard O Hare, Thos Goldsmith,
Joseph Gates, Henry Proctor,
Samuel Wood, John Smith,
Wm. Gates, Jr., Sheafe,
A. G. Laughton, A. G. Laughton,
Wm. Gordon, C. Gordon,
Abram French, Abram French,
C. F. Hill, Fayette Osborn,
L. H. Wilson, Thos Donahue,
J. N. Pinkham, J. N. Pinkham,
Fred. Carll, Fred. Carll,
Wm. A. Stimson, Elisha Huntington,
Geo. Bowers, J. Brown,
A. R. Brown, James Adams,
Wm. Adams, Wm. A. Dandelin,
Geo. W. Pipel, J. C. Bennett,
Geo. F. Richardson, Levi Ferguson,
John Kelley, Chas. H. Sherman,
Patrick Eagan, Jas. W. Sherman,
Wm. McKinley, Wm. McKinley,
C. G. Sherman, C. G. Sherman,
John A. Gallup, John A. Gallup,
Abner Battrick, J. F. Richardson,
Thos. H. Hassell, Thos. H. Hassell,
C. C. Abbott, C. C. Abbott,
A. S. Ripley, O. A. Chorehill,
Jonathan F. Folsom, Isaac Trask,
Wm. P. Goodwin, Wm. P. Goodwin,
N. C. Sanborn, Edward Tuck,
Fred. Baron, Fred. Baron,
Chas H. Farnsworth, Chas H. Farnsworth,
A. B. French, A. B. French,
F. W. Locke, F. W. Locke,
F. F. Pearl, E. C. Leslie,
Wm. Bolton, Wm. Bolton,
Henry C. Welsh, S. A. McPhetres,
Wm. Whitehead, Wm. Whitehead,
E. B. Patch, E. B. Patch,
Joseph Bailey, Joseph Bailey,
Wm. B. Hurd, Wm. B. Hurd,
Wm. A. Dresser, Wm. A. Dresser,
Wm. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr.,
Wm. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr.,
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Also, my hair was completely restored. I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not doubt but what all you mentioned will be of any particular advantage to many, as you desire your family to use it. To-day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even now my medicine is constantly out on Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my practice. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, to prodig the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling extensively. The proof is positive, that two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have confidence in, and which I am

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, October 10, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

WAR MEETINGS. We are that in some places in this State there is a disposition to keep the minds of the people awake to the importance of the struggle between the loyal States and those in rebellion, by what are termed "war meetings." We notice that one of these meetings was held in Newburyport last Tuesday evening, and it is pronounced one of the most splendid and patriotic gatherings ever held in that city. We believe in the necessity and importance of these meetings. Something should be done to keep the public mind fixed upon the subject of the rebellion. The rebels are far from being conquered, and the question of whether we have a Government or not is yet to be decided. Massachusetts has done much in the great and good work, but there is much more for her to do. She has sent many men into the field to fight the battles of our country, but she knows why who can yet be spared and who ought to go. After the requirements of the country are answered, there will still be enough at home to successfully manage all the ordinary pursuits of civil life, and the State will have the honor of supporting those it sends forth to fight. There are thousands of young men who only need an inspiring word from those they look upon with confidence, to induce them to lay aside their profitless pursuits, or to abandon their habits of idleness and seek an honorable position in the ranks of the Federal army. At least they are patriotic, and would as energetically fight for their country at home as the bravest who months ago went forth; but they need "stirring up," to induce them to leave the quiet, listless life they are leading, and this they would get in war meetings like that at Newburyport the other night.

Every man, woman, and child should be made to feel the importance of this war against rebels, and of the necessity of speedy termination. How can there be better reached than through public meetings, where leading men can be induced to address the people? We want now, if ever, the "lights that breathe and the words that burn," of our orators and statesmen. We want exhibitions of energy in every village, town and city, as much as in the most important military departments of the army. Let us wake up to this subject, and by something earnest be done to fill up the skeleton companies and regiments of the State, that are now lacking men and are thus kept from the field; and also make a suitable response, in some ways, to the calls of the State and National Governments for clothing and blankets for the soldiers who are already at their posts of duty. Should not something be done?

NEW DEMOCRATIC ORGANIZATION. An association called the Bay State Democratic Association has been organized, having for its design "to preserve the records of the Democratic Party in Massachusetts, embracing the doings of all the regularly called conventions of the party, the names of the members of the several committees in the State, Counties and Districts in the Commonwealth, the names of the members and Secretaries of the Town Committees of the several towns, and also the publication of such documents as the means of the association will warrant, &c." It is said that the Democracy of the Commonwealth may be firmly and efficiently organized and be prepared to maintain their position before the enemies of the American Union and the Federal Constitution." The officers are—President, Wm. B. Dargan, Esq., of Quincy; Secretary, B. Winslow Packard, of Canton; Executive Board of Directors, among whom we see named A. B. Brown, Esq., of this city. Whether there are any "designs" that are not exposed in the above, which we find in the *Boston Post* of yesterday morning, we are not prepared to say; but if there is to be a re-organization of the old parties "after the war," this is a sensible move. But we think it very probable that there is to be such an upheaval of the old parties that they will be unable to unite again, and consequently there will be no use for associations like the one organized, unless it is to preserve the "remains" of the parties that existed when the country was shocked by the rebellion, for the gratification of future curiosity-hunters.

"The steamer Fanny, which has been captured by the enemy, was a small, inefficient iron propeller, of slow speed. On the trip from Fortress Monroe to Hatteras she shipped so much water, and rolled so badly, that it was thought its vessel would capsize and never reach her destination."

The above is "sour grapes" talk, and mighty poor consolation. It appears that the Fanny was last thought carelessness, if she was worth anything one ought not to have been allowed to fall into the hands of the rebels; and it is small consolation now to talk about her inefficiency.

THE WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

With the exception of a battle at Hatteras Inlet there is little news to-day. —

From "Washington.—The artillery and cavalry review on Tuesday was the finest spectacle of the kind ever witnessed here. There were six thousand cavalry, and one hundred and twelve guns, with all the appurtenances, in the parade.

Freestone Point has been positively abandoned by the rebels, and the indications are that they have abandoned the idea of crossing the lower Potomac into Maryland. They are wise in this determination.

Gen. Scott's order, issued ten days ago for the release of Col. Blair, is not yet carried into effect. He is still confined in the barracks at St. Louis.

There are no rebels at Freestone or Matthias Point. There are several regiments at Evansport, at the mouth of the Quantico.

Advices received by the last steamer from Europe give us the assurance that the capitalists of the old country are preparing to invest largely in the seven and three-tenths per cent. loan.

Yesterday morning Gen. Smith's division at Chain Bridge advanced and occupied prominent positions in the neighborhood of Lewinsville. On the advance arriving at Langley's, the hitherto outpost of our army, the division was divided, a portion continuing up Little Rock Run Turnpike, occupying Prospect Hill. The other part of the division took the new artillery road, and occupied Smart's and Lewinsville, a mile and a half this side of Lewinsville. The batteries were drawn up in prominent positions and the infantry placed in situations to support them.—After remaining a few hours each party came in vain for the rebels to make an attack—in fact, inviting them to it—our skirmishers advanced and occupied Lewinsville, the rebels retreating. Lewinsville will be retained as well as the other positions taken by our forces yesterday.

A portion of the troops under Brig. Gen. Porter, also advanced and occupied Munson's Hill, to the right of Falls Church, and commanding that village and Barrel's Hill, which latter is now in possession of rebel pickets.

Fight at Hatteras Inlet. We have more particulars of fighting at Hatteras Inlet last Friday and Saturday, in which the Government troops, though beaten at first, were ultimately successful.

On Friday, word reached Hatteras Inlet that 2500 rebels had come over from the main land in six small steamers and schooners with flat boats, and had struck—the entire force—at Chicamacomico, about 15 miles from the Inlet. The Susquehanna and Monticello immediately got underway, while Col. Hawkins marched up with six companies dered to his aid—recalled in security—and reached Hatteras light by nightfall, a daily bread for dependent women and children.

During the night, Col. Hawkins was joined by the 20th Indiana regiment, who had passed in the darkness a large body of rebels landed for the purpose of cutting them off. Col. Brown reported a loss of 30 men—prisoners, comprising the sick, wounded and 20 pickets, who could not be found. He succeeded in saving his tents, provisions, &c. Saturday morning the Monticello steamed round the cape, and took a position up the coast, met the rebels marching from a narrow neck of land to attack our troops. The rebel steamers were also landing men to co-operate with them.

They were in easy range, and the Monticello opened upon them with shells of five seconds pause, 2.8 of which were fired from the guns in three hours and thirty minutes, doing great execution.— The rebels at first tried to shelter themselves behind a sand hill, and then in a narrow cpse, but they soon broke in every direction, and took refuge upon the in-sea side. A shell passed through the wheelhouse of the Fanny, which was already employed against us. It is supposed that many of the rebels must have reached between 200 and 300 in killed and wounded. During the engagement a member of the Indiana regiment, who had been taken prisoner, managed to break a rope with which he was bound, and escaped. He took to the surf and was picked up by a boat from the Monticello. He reports that the first shot from her killed Col. Barlow, of the Georgia regiment, and the last one was frightful. He also reports that when he escaped he killed a rebel captain with his revolver.

Missouri. Price's army was on Grand River, thirty miles, at last accounts on Wednesday last, and was marching down toward. Union men from the neighborhood of Lexington, deny that any session of the Legislature will be held there. Elf rix are making to organize companies of Missouri rangers, to carry on a gu rrilla warfare after the style of the rebels. General Lane and other officers are understood to have received orders to march from Kansas City and join Sigel at Sedalia.

Southern news. The Southern papers represent that Floyd and Wise are on the worst of terms. "When thieves fall out," &c. Wise will probably be court martialed. Gen. Lee has taken Floyd's place. Gov. Moore, of Louisiana, has issued a proclamation against the landing of cotton at New Orleans. A Mexican steamer has been captured off Galveston by the British war steamer Rinaldo.

It is represented that there are 30,000 troops between Green River and Nashville, and about a regiment a day are arriving at Nashville from southern points The rebels claim to have 40,000 men in Kentucky. Ex-Gov. Helm, of Kentucky, has taken the oath of allegiance to the United States and returned.

The electoral tickets for the presidential election have only been nominated in five of the rebel States yet. It is evident from the tone of the southern papers that the rebel army of the Potomac will act strictly on the defensive.

CATCHING TRAINS. On Monday afternoon, the Supt intendent of Schools in Manchester, N. H., aided a portion of the time by as Assistant Marshal, captured by their six boys, who were loitering about the streets and spending their time idly.— Some were put into schools, some accompanied to their homes, and others taken to the police office and put in a course of training for the House of Correction, unless an immediate reform is commenced.

THE Massachusetts Universalists hold a State Convention at Salem on the 15th and 16th inst.

MASSACHUSETTS REGISTER AND MILITARY RECORD. We are happy to inform our readers that the Massachusetts Register, containing the most information concerning the State Government, its institutions, &c., will be issued by Adams, Sampson & Co., early in 1862, and in connection with it, a full and detailed record of the military operations and patriotic acts of the old Commonwealth in behalf of the National Government. This Record will contain, 1. a brief historical sketch of the rebellion, 2. The names and residences of the officers and privates in all the companies that have gone into the field of war, or that may go previous to the first of January next. 3. The different places at which our men have been stationed, the duties performed while there, the battles in which they may have been engaged, with a list of the killed, wounded, taken prisoners, or missing, with, also, sketches and portraits of the illustrious dead, who have fallen in defence of the Union.

Massachusetts, true to her history, has proved herself prompt in leading on is the glorious work of maintaining our Government against the fiendish outbreak of rebellion; and we are glad to know that a record of her acts, with a list of her heroic men, including rank and file, are to be preserved in so enduring form—not only for the use and gratification of the present, but all future generations. All who have relatives or friends in the service, must necessarily feel greatly interested in this work, as the information is to be obtained from official sources, and thus made perfectly reliable.

THE SUCCESSITIES OF THE TIME. The energies and resources of every loyal American in the great work of suppressing the rebellion are in upholding the hands of those who are periling their lives, that we should be given freely—each in his own manner—for the support of his own ability. The influence of every man and woman—and few are without some influence in their associates—may now aid in accomplishing results worthy of enduring remembrance. Contributions, either by age or infirmity from military service, are under the stronger obligations to aid those who fight, to sustain their fellow citizens in camp and battle-field.

Not wealthy only—but also men of moderate means and loyal hearts, may aid and encourage thousands upon thousands, to gladly rally under the national banner, if satisfied that mothers and children would not suffer for bread while they are fighting the country's battles. Aid rendered in this cause would be more than a blessing—comforting the needy while enabling sturdy arms to strike gallant blows for the common defence. Every fifty dollars saved from luxury or dissipation, or generously bestowed from well-stored coffers, would strengthen some hardy volunteer who was only restrained from earlier enlistment by the hard times, which rendered his daily labor needful in security—and reached Hatteras light by nightfall, a daily bread for dependent women and children.

The cheering influence of woman, too, may render effective service in stimulating many volunteers for the national army.—Her encouraging words remain at home, passive spectators of battles fought by others, is preserving our national existence—for even our Government remain at home, to counter rebel batteries than a patriotic woman's courage!—*New York World.*

ELECTIONS. The returns from the elections when took place on Tuesday are very meagre. From Pennsylvania there are but few returns, though those indicate a glorious triumph for People's ticket.

From Ohio the returns are very backward in being received. Twenty counties in different parts of the State give Todd, the Union candidate for Governor, 11,000.

The returns of the Iowa election come in slowly. Those received indicate the election of Kirkwood (republican) for Governor.

The Union city ticket was successful in Baltimore yesterday. The secessionists made no opposition. The total vote was 16,000. The whole Union ticket was elected without opposition, save a few scattering votes. This vote exceeds by 338 the secession vote of last April, by which the Ford-Lafayette legislators claimed their seats.

"NATIONAL HYMN BOOK." The competing pieces for the prize of $5000, offered by the "National Anthem" are to be published in Boston, and will doubtless prove very entertaining. The volume will contain a history from the best and from the worst of the twelve hundred contributions. The worst will doubtless be the most entertaining, and will be given exclusive in literature, in all their grammatical and rhetorical obliquency.

SPECIE. It is stated that the receipts of specie from abroad this year for bread stuffs, and other articles of American growth, amount to over forty millions of dollars. The importations of foreign fabrics have largely decreased, the war forcing upon a hitherto extravagant people the necessity of economy.

A LONG LINE. If the army of the Potomac was in a line, marching four abreast, and accompanied with wagons, ambulances and ammunition trains, it would extend one hundred and fifty miles.

The Seventh, Sixth and Fourteenth Regiments of Massachusetts Volunteers, having been recently paid off, have each sent home from $12,000 to $16,000 to their families.

The editor of the *Exeter News Letter* says, that the ladies are like the rebels "because they ought to be taken by the Union men."

THERE is an immense crop of chestnuts this year. In Connecticut $2 per bushel is asked for them, but those who interest themselves in the matter say they will be down to $1.

A MAN named Preble has plead guilty of murdering his wife, in Androscoggin County, Me., and has been sentenced to be hung.

The Boston post office is being moved by the papers of that city back to State Street. Why cannot they make it "stay put" somewhere?

ACCORDING to the report of the Superintendent of Census, the gr are over "66,000 men in New York, capable of bearing arms. This number is equal to that of the military population of nine of the eleven seceded States.

CITY AND COUNTY.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Fidelity Division will meet on THURSDAY Evening next, at half past 7 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present. secondly

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, on the 1st day of June, 1861, or from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 1st, 1861, can obtain their fees on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours

sep24dtf E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

To the loyal Voters of the Sixth Middlesex Senatorial District.

We respectfully invite the Voters of this District who are in favor of supporting the Administration as inaugurated in the Resolutions and Platform of the last session of Congress, as explained by the National Administration, and who are in favor of putting down the present causeless and wicked Rebellion against the Constitution and Laws of the Union, to meet, without regard to party distinctions, at Huntington Hall, in Lowell, on Friday evening next, at 7 1-2 o'clock, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Senator, to be supported at the coming State election.

In the present distracted condition of the country, the glorious stars of its business interests, and the general security of its peace, all minor points of difference should be forgotten. Let then the voice of our citizens be given unanimity at the polls in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the War, and the speedy suppression of the Rebellion, that the valiant arms and patriotic hearts of the men of the North may be strengthened in the service [illegible] To this end we urge on all distinctions except those between Patriotism and Treason, and ask all who agree with us to join in the selection of the candidate who shall best illustrate that principle.

Wm. Hall, Jr., Tewksbury
Samuel Burbank, Dracut
S. G. Shaw, "
J. B. French, "
S. W. Hildreth, "
M. C. Brown, "
Wm. Butler, "
Wm. Somers, "
Geo. Ripley, "
Geo. W. Sanders, "
Daniel Barry, "
Martin Farr, "
Wilder Bennett, "
Chas. Gardner, "
F. P. Bartlett, "
Wm. Wood, "
Josiah Carter, "
Wm. Livingston, Wilmington
Walter Wright, "
John M. Morse, "
Peregine Colburn, "
L. H. Wilson, "
J. A. Bratnahl, "
Jos. Bailey, "
B. N. Webber, "
Wilford Hall, "
W. F. Salmon, "
Geo. N. Nichols, "
A. A. Bisselle, "
C. C. Bisselle, "
J. P. McEvoy, "
Chas. Simonds, "
John Avery, "
Jos. Bridges, Billerica
John P. Rogers, "
Patrick Logan, "
J. B. Frances, "
Chas. F. Bartlett, "
John A. Instrick, "
Abner Rogers, "
A. B. Bartlett, "
Edward Kyle, "
A. S. Tyler, "
Jonathan F. Poulson, "
Daniel Cushing, "
Joseph Hall, "
Wm. Bowers, "
Jonathan Frost, "
John L. Beaseau, "
S. G. Lewis, "
Joseph Bedford, "
Harry F. Wells, "
D. B. Downing, "
Jos. Parks, "
Fulton Abbott, "
Wm. H. Hood, "
L. K. Bancas, "
Geo. Hall, "
Wm. Phillips, "
M. E. Phillbrick, "
J. G. Robertson, "
S. N. Parkhurst, "
John Adams, "
Geo. A. C. Adams, "
Wm. Hall, "
H. B. Barnes, "
Edward Ayer, "
T. G. Tweed, "
Chas. B. F. Hoyt, "
P. Quinn, "
Wm. Barrett, "
Luther Richards, "
S. S. Hinds, "
H. S. Grosvor, "
Thomas M. Gurney, "
Francis Lawson, "
Thomas Smith, "
J. Buckland, "
Wm. Parker, "
Frederick C. Sumner, "
J. F. Chamberlin, "
D. J. Kimball, "
S. L. Hapgood, "
J. Sands, "
Wm. Bowers, "
Sanford S. Wheeler, "
Thomas Mahoney, "
James T. Hardy, "
Daniel Bailey, "
Edwin Lawson, "
Wm. F. Bowers, "
W. A. Brown, "
S. Cushing, "
O. R. Cushing, "
Andrew J. Sharp, "
R. H. Bickford, "
John C. McLennan, "
John O. Rogers, "
Geo. Butler, "
Chas. T. Goddard, "
W. A. Lamb, "
A. J. Butler, "
J. A. Swett, "
W. H. Day, "
C. Chase, "
Otis L. Allen, "
John Adams, "
John Wright, "
Garret Dunning, "
John Bennett, "
Patrick Cassidy, "
Patrick Lanan, "
Owen Lanan, "
John B. Tuttle, "
Geo. D. Kelley, "
Geo. Perks, "
J. W. Shaw, "
E. C. Rice, "
John F. Newell, "
Caleb Philbrick, "
C. C. Hale, "
Geo. W. Rice, "
John F. Young, "
John Billings, "
Wm. Sherburne, "
W. G. Mansur, "
Caleb Crosby, "
And 400 others.

REPUBLICAN CITY COMMITTEE. At an adjourned meeting of the new City Committee, held last evening, the following vacancies were filled:—Ward 2, Amos Sanborn in the room of John Trigg, resigned; Stackpole in place of George Choate; 4, Franklin Cheney in place of John F. Howe; 5, Daniel Sweet, jr., in place of R. J. Walker, the persons whose places were supplied having declined.

The following Finance Committee was appointed, after which the Committee adjourned to the call of the Chairman:

Ward 1—Lewis L. Perrin, J. R. Southwick, Frank E. Jewett.
Ward 2—R. Ibert L. Read, Amos Sanborn, G. N. Osgood.
Ward 3—Wm. T. Bradley, George J. Tatt, A. F. Crockett.
Ward 4—Luther J. Eames, Franklin Cheney, George W. Partridge.
Ward 5—Charles Hubbard, Reuben M. Harrington, Daniel Sweet, jr.
Ward 6—Ephraim Brown, S. R. Brackett, Wm. Kittredge.

CAMP CHASE. There are about 1200 men now in camp, 850 of whom belong to the Twenty-Sixth Regiment. For dinner to-day 966 pounds of tripe will be served up, and to-morrow thirty bushels of clams will be made into a chowder, which is probably the largest chowder ever served up in Lowell.

FIREMEN'S MATTERS. We give below the letter of Lieut. William H. Lamson to the Mayor and Aldermen, resigning the office of Assistant Engineer of the Fire Department, in which position he has been popular and given great satisfaction to members of the Department. Mr. Lamson sprang to arms on the first call for troops, and with the Sixth Regiment passed through Baltimore on the eventful 19th of April, receiving there a wound which confined him to the hospital for several days. Mr. Lamson has enlisted in the Twenty-Sixth Regiment, and is first lieutenant in Capt. Warren's company. The letter, which is addressed to the Mayor and Aldermen, speaks in brief the patriotic sentiments of a true soldier:—

LOWELL, Oct. 7, 1861.

I hereby resign the office of Assistant Engineer of the Fire Department you have so generously bestowed upon me, said resignation to take effect, November 1st, 1861.

I regret exceedingly to withdraw from a Chief, Assistants and Firemen to whom I am indebted for uniform kindness and consideration. But I feel it my duty in obedience to the call of our distracted country, to which I owe my services, to be enlisted, for the purpose of assisting in the preservation and perpetuation of the best Government in the world.

Respectfully yours,
WM. H. LAMSON.

WANTS TO GO. A few days ago, a person appeared at one of the recruiting offices in this city, and desired to enlist. His name was entered on the roll, and it was then learned that he was an Englishman. On applying for examination, it was discovered that the letter B had been pinned on the man's breast, in India ink. This coupled with the fact that he had served in the English army, was interpreted to mean "deserter." Of course he could not be taken with this disfigurement upon his person. Determining to join the Union army if possible, he wanted to know how he could do to remove the ink. He was told; and the last we heard of the matter was that he had subjected himself to the application of a blister, and by the aid of lunar caustic, he expected soon to be free from the imprisonment which the medical examiner had discovered upon him, and also eligible for the ranks of the Federal army.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam J.* Silcox vs. Gilson noticed yesterday, was resumed this morning, and will not go to the jury before a late hour this afternoon.

The next case on the trial list is Eden vs. Jackson.

POLICE COURT. Yesterday afternoon, Frank McQuade was found guilty of assault and battery, and was awarded quarters on Hurdside Street for two months.

This forenoon, John Gannon was found guilty of drunkenness, and bailed for two weeks.

John Berrian, for an assault, was discharged only to go to Camp Chase.

THEY MISS IT. Many rebels are rather unwilling to return to their homes in the South. Many of them have no property there, and they find it more profitable to work for wages in the North, than to fight for the chivalry. Many of them have been induced to enlist by the promise of high wages, and they find that they have been deceived. Many of them are glad to get away from the South, and they will not return there if they can help it.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 9.

2 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	99 1-2
11 Middlesex Railroad	85
4 Malden and Melrose Railroad	80
2 Boston and Worcester Railroad	103 1-4
3 Vermont and Canada Railroad	59
50 Lowell Railroad	85
4 Boston and Providence Railroad	101

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS. FARE REDUCED!

Lowell to New York, $3.75
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good until usual, 7.00
Lowell to Philadelphia, via New York and Southern, as the Adams Express to Philadelphia, 5.00

All business relating to Passage and Freight promptly attended to at
Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers.
Agency for Adams Express Co. for all points.
Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, No. 3 Merrimack Square, corner of Merrimack and Middle Sts.
Lowell, Sept. 19, 1861. B. P. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he may be found at Jewett's Bookstore, near the Post Office, where he will be pleased to wait on them. He would be happy to see any new customers.

Also, a few shares for sale in the above named plan for Lumber or Wood Sawing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

sep30 A. L. HUGHES.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have a few second hand Sewing Machines for sale at this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

sep30

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, S. Newell, L. G. Rice, D. S. Richardson, H. Hosford, Isaac Fiske, A. P. Stanwood, Levi Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and other buildings used by families. It has ever been made in this state. The present cash capital is $47,479 35. The attention of owners of property is called to the fact that the Company invest a thousand dollars and upwards of their capital in the stock of the Boston Water Power Co. Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

R. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, Sept. 28, 1861. sep28tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
For kindling quicker,
For burning longer,
For less ashes,
For more heat to a quantity,
It costs less money,
It is more healthy,
And is sold at the lowest cash price.

Yard at the burning coal. And the yard is now to be bought over at HOWARD'S WHARF, Thorndike Street, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14tf

CAUTION!

To purchasers, the only engravers of the true and genuine Portrait of

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers.

Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of two stamps, by the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York.
Post Office Box 4586. sep28 dw3m

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and pliable, removes in a few days the most inveterate and worrisome eruptions, leaving the skin clear, smooth and beautiful, and imparts an immediate relief to the fiery irritation attending Shaving. Nothing can be more delightful to the skin than the contents of a bottle might be taken without hazard. *No mercurial preparation ought for a moment to be used over the moist coat of Pimples.*

To remove every lineament of the Skin.

To make your Face clean and wholesome.

To make your Face clear and healthy.

Before you have your Thoughtful taken.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

Before you go out to Parties.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

A sure cure for red, eruptive, pimply faces.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

Whenever your hands are covered with Pimples.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

When any Eruption comes out on the face.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

If you would please your friends.

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

If you wish a *perfectly safe remedy.*

Ask for the Magnolia Balm.

And you will not be disappointed.

Physicians of the highest standing are to be speedy cures for it has been before them thought absolutely necessary to prescribe Mercurial Ointments for Eruptions of the Skin. Such is not the *Magnolia Balm* contains neither Mercury, Lead, Arsenic, nor any poisonous drug. It is purely vegetable, and perfectly safe. Ask your druggist to get it for you. Sold by all Druggists.

W. R. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by R. H. STEARNS & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
oct3 3m sep28

The Great English Remedy.

FOR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

The Proprietors hold hundreds of testimonials as to the virtues of DR. JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS, but their peculiar nature prevents their publication. They are certain in their action and safe remedy in use for all those painful and dangerous complaints incidental to the female constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Sick Headache, Fever, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Blotches on the Skin, Sick Headache, Whites, and all painful Menstruation, a few doses of DR. JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS will effect a cure when all other means have failed. They never fail to bring on the most delayed menses, however obstructions, from whatever cause. They should not be taken by females during the first three months of pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on the monthly period with regularity. Full directions for use in the female constitution, accompany each box. Price $1 per box, or six boxes for $5. Sent by mail to any part of the country on receipt of the money or by express, C. O. D.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all druggists everywhere.

sep16 3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

In all cases, sure, instantaneous, and should be avoided by all who value their hair.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE dyes instantly to a beautiful and natural black or brown, and leaves the hair soft and beautiful.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and the above testimonials have been made to the heir of the late WM. A. BATCHELOR.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure the hair, however long it may be in use; and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, and address up in a steel plate engraving, on the four sides of each box.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, by druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye, No. 16 Bond Street, New York.
Large Size Wholesale, 81 Bowery st.
Last 365 Broadway, New York.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1845,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms, in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Codding, Josiah Adams,
Thomas Hall, Edward Brigham,
Samuel Bowers, Calvin M. Smith,
Ephraim Brown. Nathan Allen, Jr.

Brighton.
Thomas Lemon, Jonathan Y. Lowe,
Charles H. Dalton, Reuben D. Mussey,
Benjamin F. Stone, Charles B. Clark.

Boston.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 Lee Central, over Middlesex Bank.
April 21, 1861. sep28tf

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$2,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies own no property as at present invested, but consist entirely of CASH SECURITIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and other BUILDINGS, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE C. RICHMOND, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
General, opp. Middle Street.
Oct. 1, 1861 oct1dtf

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
April 8, 1861 apr9dtf

IMPORTANT to FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is used enough to endure the many diseases peculiar to her sex. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a safe and certain remedy for all those diseases.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a safe and certain remedy for Female Obstructions, Irregularities, Pains in the Back, Loins and Kidneys, Hysterics, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Fits, Dizziness, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant symptoms. They are the only medicine ever offered to the world for the above diseases. In the worst cases of Female Obstructions, let scarcely half-a-box be taken, and the most delicate female will be relieved in the shortest time.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the only safe means of removing obstruction in a short time.

Let no one mistake the dangers of the female system in which these Pills will effect a cure. THEY NEVER FAIL TO GIVE SATISFACTORY RESULT. The combination of the Pills is the result of many years' study and practice, and is the unexceptionable tendency of the medicine to relieve the system of those diseases which destroy the health, or the procreative power of mothers cannot exist if these Pills are used. Let no one suffer from the fear of exposure, as the Pills are put up in a private manner each box, and sent by mail or express, secure from observation. Price one dollar each box.

Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor,
No. 69 John street, New York.
Sold in Lowell by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts., J. T. HILDRETH, corner Merrimack and John sts., J. T. HILDRETH & CO., corner Merrimack and Middle sts., and by druggists everywhere.
June 6, 1861. sep28

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in the year 1855, and have used it in every case of fault, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are fully convinced that it is the best article for the base of a set of teeth, in preference to gutta percha the base of a set of teeth, in preference to gutta percha or any other material. They have had it in use for the last six years, and have yet to see the first one worn over where any other material was used for the base, that was not more or less affected by the secretions of the mouth, and consequently changed in color, and in many cases it is proved by the patient himself. Vulcanited rubber is not affected by the secretions of the mouth, and consequently is always pure and healthy. Those who have had sets made on this base, and have worn them for a time, and have had them changed, will find that they can be worn with comfort, and will not require changing for years. Those who have had sets made on this base, and have worn them for a time, and have had them changed, will find that they can be worn with comfort, and will not require changing for years. Those who have had sets made on this base, and have worn them for a time, and have had them changed, will find that they can be worn with comfort, and will not require changing for years.

Rooms 2 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
sep28dtf

WAR HAS COME, WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES OF IT TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE is now being used in the Army and Navy for wounds, sore-burnt faces, sore and scaled feet from marching, chafings, &c. It is also highly recommended by surgeons.

Soldiers will find family Salve to use for sores, wounds, &c., and Whitten's Pain Killer, for colds, spinal disease, rheumatism, felons, head-ache, and all pains and aches. Whitten's Pain Killer is the only remedy that will relieve the pain in the back. Sold by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all druggists everywhere.

sep16 3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

In all cases, sure, instantaneous, and should be avoided by all who value their hair.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE dyes instantly to a beautiful and natural black or brown, and leaves the hair soft and beautiful.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and the above testimonials have been made to the heir of the late WM. A. BATCHELOR.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure the hair, however long it may be in use; and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, and address up in a steel plate engraving, on the four sides of each box.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, by druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye, No. 16 Bond Street, New York.
Large Size Wholesale, 81 Bowery st.
Last 365 Broadway, New York.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office 106 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

Capital
$100,000.
Capital and Accumulation April 1860.
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 86-100 per cent.

$100,000 are invested in Bonds and Mortgages, being first class Bonds and Real Estate worth 25 per cent. more than without a mortgage.

The assets are invested, agreeably with the Constitution and Laws of the State, as security to Policy holders.

Trustees.

Charles Henshaw, Financier.
Robert E. Lee, Merchant.
Thomas Tileston, Merchant.
Alfred E. Ebbetts, "
John Anderson, "
Thomas B. Bumstead, "
G. W. Penfield, "
Edward Prime, "
Rev. S. Seymour, D. D.
Geo. Ripley, "
Rev. Wm. Adams, "
Daniel Barry, "
Martin Farr, "
Wilder Bennett, "
Chas. Gardner, "
F. P. Bartlett, "
Wm. Wood, "
Josiah Carter, "
Wm. Livingston, Wilmington
Walter Wright, "
John M. Morse, "
Peregine Colburn, "
L. H. Wilson, "
J. A. Bratnahl, "
Jos. Bailey, "
B. N. Webber, "
Wilford Hall, "
W. F. Salmon, "
Geo. N. Nichols, "
A. A. Bisselle, "
C. C. Bisselle, "
J. P. McEvoy, "
Chas. Simonds, "
John Avery, "
Jos. Bridges, Billerica
John P. Rogers, "
Patrick Logan, "
J. B. Frances, "
Chas. F. Bartlett, "
John A. Instrick, "
Abner Rogers, "
A. B. Bartlett, "
Edward Kyle, "
A. S. Tyler, "
Jonathan F. Poulson, "

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IN THE
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE!
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced to use it, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued to use it by applying two or three times in a month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late in life; but as well aware that you are all well known already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in unveiling the greater part of the time the past seven years, and have taken pride and often time in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, and that they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some other article, said to be a new discovery, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles now advertised as answer, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize such trash at the reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved tried and approved.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not become enough to study out a humbug, or to notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,292, will be promptly answered.

Yours, &c.,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 31, 1860.

Dear Sir: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to from the fact that I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and for the last ten white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was some fabrication about them, as I was entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered my hair was not removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was somewhat checked in fall, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it for about a year, using of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as present a head of hair as brown, or light in a hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days. And I am in the habit of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not inclined to fall off and is as soft and fine, and feels as to silk, as though just from the hands of a French chairpenter. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Dudley, what do you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the Hair Restorative, and have taken pains at every possible to convince them that it the original. I have no doubt but that it will restore the hair of any person.

Yours truly,
DUDLEY BOWYER.

A Gentle Hint.—In our capacity as comforter at a public meeting, we are called upon to advertise the meeting, and to state the object which claims to be specially worthy of the contribution and in addition as in duty bound to advertise what justice we know your wonderful remedy. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well acquainted with the noble qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement at all times and under all circumstances it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known—its power to check the time or gauge on exhausted locality, and to bring whatever applied, known to all. We do not intimately healthy, but we advise our friends who sparsely-growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Spy.*

All Hair Dyes abandoned.—Wood's Great Article has taken the Field. Professor Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, whose attention has been directed to the capacity hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is endless; his worth wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or been bald for years are now throwing the one of them away and rejoicing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for economy, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Wood's Hair Restorative not the human hair, its character, its properties, its decency, and how to restore it to the original vitality of that ornament; he now, as in his own case, that grief itself in maturity and old age of the individual had reached four score, and he believed in the last of his days, would be restored. He cried his own case—almost bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in order, strength and luxuriance, and he avers he did it with Professor Wood's Great Hair Restorative. Hall and Sage have nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found all sizes on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan20tyow dec26 ow 1m M WF

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and in

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Se mons, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, Bi-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Job Printers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Millinery and others, plain, or in the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF FIRST KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red INK or Bronze of every shade.

Also, a wide variety of new colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—in packs and in *boards to be cut to order.*

Z. E. STONE,
Proprietors.
W. H. BIGELOW,

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, CHRONIC DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-ED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become their steadfast friends.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become their steadfast friends.

Dr. James L. Keeple, wrote from Newvarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by all who use them. I have used them myself, and they are the best Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original bale of the old genuine."

E. S. Davis' Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I have used them myself during times, and have found them a perfect and lasting remedy."

Dr. W. M. Keeple, of Hopewell, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine ever offered. They recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of diseases that had been of many years' standing.

Thomas Stanford, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 14, 1860. He was most reduced, having been afflicted for three years with general debility, palpitation of the heart, and most severe and prostrating, character, "after using six or seven bottles I was completely cured and am now in robust health."

Geo. W. Appleman can be was at fifteen with rheumatism for 20 years in all its forms, and at the date of writing he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for dyspepsia, debility and all stomach disorders, or piles or dropsy, it is a specific remedy."

J. W. Hunt writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, that he was afflicted with fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

J. K. Gallaher, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating tonic medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 ly

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and luxurious growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It contains no material injurious to the hair.

It does not stain the hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains longest in effect.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

ma7

Fresh Fruits all the Year.

THE YEOMAN'S FRUIT BOTTLE.

It possesses many important advantages over any other, and for hereinafter brought to the notice.

It is made of glass, and will not corrode and poison the fruit, as tin cans do, and thereby destroy the fruit can at all times be seen, while you are about to purchase.

It is the only one now for successful canning. Second. The fruit retains its natural flavor, rarely, if ever, acquiring the taste of tin.

Third. The labor of filling is much less than in any other can, as the fruit is not required to be subjected to the pressure in the mouth of the bottle, as with tin cans, thereby preventing the crushing and consequent destruction of the fruit in the bottle.

Fourth. The jars are of such shape that the fruit can be packed in them, that has yet been brought before the public, and we defy any one to do it.

Just received, per last steamer, a large lot of the above jars.

For sale by R. B. MARDEN,
mar29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 1000 times

WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale at R. B. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

mar29

HEEM! HEEM!!

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF CHAMOMILE, for making a purifying, strengthening and odorous Beer. One bottle costing 75 cents will make six gallons of Beer. Sold at KIDDER'S, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

☞ Also a large lot of New and Second hand SCHOOL BOOKS, at one of about HALF PRICE.

mar29 SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and never before offered, after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best thing known for the removal of all those painful and *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the day have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold between eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, viz: No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is destroyed expressly for CONFINED CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and is warranted as represented* IN EVERY INSTANCE, *or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Some genuine and warranted unless purchased direct of *Dr. MATTISON*, HEMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specialty ensures us all diseases of a private nature between the ages of 18 and 45. Dr. M., by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience, flatters himself that he can treat them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, for the convenience of patients from abroad wishing for a secure and private home, Dr. M. has small rooms neatly furnished for their accommodation.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

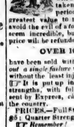
It is prompt in the payment of losses.

Its investments are confined to the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Children's Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one half in a note, which will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, for the convenience of patients from abroad wishing for a secure and private home, Dr. M. has small rooms neatly furnished for their accommodation.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Ten Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to worthless quacks in the New England States alone, without any benefit to those who pay it. Most of these have been obtained by a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once supplied to suffer the wrong in silence, but feeling to expose the fraud by a recital of *experiences themselves.* All this comes from trusting, without inquiry, to the false and fulsome statements of boaster, character, and skill, and whose only recommendations is that of their own false and extravagant *assertions*, in praise of *themselves.* If, however, a physician of character, whose testimonials can be relied upon, and whose responsibility is known, take no man's word or *mother* else *his professional* skill, but call on him, if he can do you nothing, and may save you many regrets; if he can do you good, he will tell you so honestly, and will not deceive you. Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Treatise on the Causes of Consumption; also Circulars giving full information, with names of persons who have been cured of consumption, without which no advertising physician or medicine should be trusted.—Dr. M. is a GRADUATE OF DENCE WHATEVER.

Medicines by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 2, 1861. aug24&1ly



W. H. DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Corner to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order on short notice, and in a very good workmanlike manner,

FOR

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Neat and other articles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Pictures.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

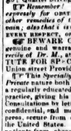
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

EXCELLENT AND PARA-
DOX made and repaired. Cause of many and Gold setting, Pinning, Enamelling, &c. Also at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. jy7 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.



FLY LEAF
THE
FEDERAL
EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Joint Feed and Grain Store, 41 Central st.

mar26 S. N. WOOD.

CURE THE COMPLEXION—Ayer's Sarsaparilla purifies from it Wash Wash, Glenn's Flower Lotion, Parisian Complexion Soap, Bath of Beauty, Circassian Wash, White's Cosmetics, Tricolin, and Magnolia Balm, for the complexion. Ayer's Hair Vigor restores and beautifies the hair.

ALL who have a taste for good TEA and COFFEE will do well to purchase at J. MERRILL'S New Store, 37 Merrimack st.

mar29

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

HOUSEKEEPERS, in cleaning Paint, Glass, Stone, Gold Leaf, Jewelry, Furniture, Wire Screens, Brass, Silver, Britannia Ware, &c., &c., you should use Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liquid Pearl, effervescent, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Sold by druggists and dealers generally. Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liquid Pearl is unsurpassed for the above uses. Ask your grocer for it, and take no other. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., agent.

mar29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns. When all else failed it has always given satisfaction. Prepared only by the subscriber. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It never fails to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by the subscriber, and for sale by druggists and country dealers generally.

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.

USE ONE FOR THOSE A LOSS

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861. $1,812,553 70
Dividends paid to date. 1,476,160 18
Losses paid, 2,451,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—its members, in truth, insurance-broker, and its accumulated fund is entirely the results of the premiums paid by the insured, under hold by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $2,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

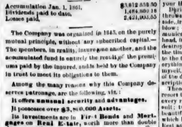
It is prompt in the payment of losses.

Its investments are confined to the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Children's Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and one half in a note, which will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, for the convenience of patients from abroad wishing for a secure and private home, Dr. M. has small rooms neatly furnished for their accommodation.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Ten Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to worthless quacks in the New England States alone, without any benefit to those who pay it. Most of these have been obtained by a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once supplied to suffer the wrong in silence, but feeling to expose the fraud by a recital of *experiences themselves.* All this comes from trusting, without inquiry, to the false and fulsome statements of boaster, character, and skill, and whose only recommendations is that of their own false and extravagant *assertions*, in praise of *themselves.* If, however, a physician of character, whose testimonials can be relied upon, and whose responsibility is known, take no man's word or *mother* else *his professional* skill, but call on him, if he can do you nothing, and may save you many regrets; if he can do you good, he will tell you so honestly, and will not deceive you. Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Treatise on the Causes of Consumption; also Circulars giving full information, with names of persons who have been cured of consumption, without which no advertising physician or medicine should be trusted.—Dr. M. is a GRADUATE OF DENCE WHATEVER.

Medicines by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 2, 1861. aug24&1ly



H. S. HAYNES

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of White Gilt

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Japanned, Plated and Brittania Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, BURNING, HANGING, STAND, AND HANDLE LAMPS,

of every description, for Parlors, Stores, Dwellings. Also, all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps repaired in the neatest manner at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,

of the very best quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers.

IVORY CUTLERY.

A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery, in store, and for sale at low prices.

JAPANNED WARE.

A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE.

Of common, medium and superior qualities, from the importations of Messrs. Hobbs, Brockunier & Co., just received.

FRENCH CUT GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine my assortment, which I flatter myself will be carefully attention we give to the selecting, and the facilities we enjoy for purchasing in the market, advantageous terms, will insure to them always the benefit of our connection.

☞ The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices.

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage they have so generously extended to this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of the same by strict attention and fair dealing, I respectfully invite a call from all before making purchasing elsewhere.

H. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

mar15

KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL.

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large assortment of new styles of Kerosene Lamps, viz: Hanging, Chicks, Chimneys, Brushes, and Wicks, Stand, Table, Bracket, Side, stand, bracket, hand, reading, drive, table and stand lamps. Also a new style for factory use—the Lowell Lamp. Also, a lot of the finest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Hoosier's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Also, a large assortment of Lamp Trimmings, 45 Merrimack street.

mar15

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED especially for cleansing and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for cleansing *Stoves, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleansing fine Paintings, Engravings, Varnished Furniture, Looking Glasses, Carriage Glasses, &c., it is unsurpassed.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

mar15

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete Liquid Toilet Preparation, for Beautifying the Complexion, Curing Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Sunburn, Moth Patches, Roughness, Redness, Chafing and Excoriations, and for rendering a lady or gentleman fascinatingly beautiful. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar15

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Bitter Almond, Palm and Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar15

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Paste* for cleaning and polishing *Furniture Wheels and Machinery*, and the best kind ever invented for restoring the original polish to furniture, pianos, &c. Also, a new article for cleaning Kid Gloves, one will be required to remove the whole fraternity of Moths, and every house, within one hour. From call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

mar15

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends and Physicians, read the following letter from a distinguished Physician, and be convinced of its truth. Unfortunates, who have by excess or disease, or mind, reduced the standard of health, and have diminished the red globules. Ladies with a delicate form of body, and those of female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" is the best tonic. It is the only remedy in cases of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. It is the last remedy to fail in restoring your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy; give it a trial.

As elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the principles contained here in, will be cheerfully mailed to any interested party, on receipt of a postage stamp. The "Blood Food" is sold in all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send it, carriage paid, on receipt of $1 per bottle, or six bottles, $5. It is put up in 8-oz. vials, in yellow wrappers, with the above engraving, and in red wrappers having been done away with—the "Blood Food" is the only article of the kind. Deposit upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

C. T. DI PONT, Sole Proprietor,
407 Broadway, New York.

For sale by GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BERRY & CO., WEEKS & POTTER, Boston; and by druggists generally throughout the United States, Canada, West Indies and France. S. A. Hamilton, Agent for Lowell, 45 Merrimack st.

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"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE HAMMOND LINIMENT. AN OLD REMEDY. RECENCE HAS PROVED ITS VALUE. THE HAMMOND LINIMENT.

THE FIEND OF PAIN.

WHETTING existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammatory diseases, there is no remedy like "HAMMOND'S LINIMENT."

Wonderful Relief! Whats a Great Blessing!

Sold by all Druggists.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The press is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and you will find it what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; Mass., and by WEEKS & POTTER, and J. A. PERRY, 170 Washington street, Boston, and by Druggists generally.

G. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 16, 1861 ly

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER.

Which effectually cleans the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant and easy operation.

A child can operate it.

It is the cheapest.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It keeps Carpets fresher and more in bloom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It will sweep as much carpet in a broom will not it sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes little or no dust.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady can operate it with ease, and keep the house in order.

It can be used in a sick room without annoyance to the invalid.

It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAYNES.

45 Merrimack street

mar29

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—Prepared from the Lily of the Valley, completely effaceless in annihilating Tan, Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar29

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has just received CHOBLET'S Patent BOOT AND SHOE DESTRE, Brown's superious invention, and takes the place of a *Boy's Jack, Scraper and Shoe Brush.*

Sold only by H. S. HAYNES in Lowell. Please call and examine at 45 Merrimack st.

mar29

AMOS SANBORN,

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SLEEVE BUTTONS, CRYSTAL SLEEVE BUTTONS,
BOSOM STUDS, GOLD AND SILVER PENCILS,
SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES,
PENCILS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

SPECTACLES,
SPECTACLES.

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Groups and Locomotive—*will be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

Repairing of WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully executed by

AMOS SANBORN,
dec1dtf

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—a deficiency of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood which should obtain in the Liver. Accumulation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, Asthma, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Dropsy and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. Now, to remove the cause and effect these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is to purify the blood, and this is the secret of

For centuries it has been a matter of much doubt among physicians and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and many nostrums palmed upon the public, they have been left to this century among its other wonderful discoveries, to produce a remedy that is the grand discoverer, also,

Dr. Wood says that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being." Dr. Wood is also responsible that as the planets move in their spheres, and the tides ebb and flow, so does the blood circulate here, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed principle, and that principle is vitality, and in certain effect, follows.

Vitality is the life and corpuscles of the blood when these to be compounds of iron, sulphur and lime.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal; as iron, produces rust.

Electricity brought in contact with a mass of iron produces magnetism.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the secret of the success of the Great Blood Purifier. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the corpuscles of the blood exists electricity, which forms the Great Life Principle, and by this contract, and because the power which expels this life and carries it through the system, produces action. What then, are the causes of Consumption, Dropsy, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, &c.? Why, Deficient Vitality. Then, to cure these diseases, we must supply the deficiency of the red corpuscles containing the iron, sulphur and lime, and thus restore the deficiency of electricity, and consequently an abundant circulation of the blood. Consumptives, scrofula and bronchial complaints evacuate—but dyspepsia, liver complaint, and other diseases in the pains and neuralgia—complaints of the liver and bowels are set up, dropsy is the result of disease but virulent fevers may be traced to the stagnation of the blood, and the corpuscles or red globules.

Dyspepsia causes a deficiency of corpuscles and is also known as not produced to any that we have discovered the whole virtue of which that life can be materially prolonged by the use of

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends and Physicians, read the following letter from a distinguished Physician, and be convinced of its truth. Unfortunates, who have by excess or disease, or mind, reduced the standard of health, and have diminished the red globules. Ladies with a delicate form of body, and those of female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" is the best tonic. It is the only remedy in cases of desperate cases where all hope has been given up. It is the last remedy to fail in restoring your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy; give it a trial.

As elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the principles contained here in, will be cheerfully mailed to any interested party, on receipt of a postage stamp. The "Blood Food" is sold in all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send it, carriage paid, on receipt of $1 per bottle, or six bottles, $5. It is put up in 8-oz. vials, in yellow wrappers, with the above engraving, and in red wrappers having been done away with—the "Blood Food" is the only article of the kind. Deposit upon the face of the wrapper. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

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DR. M'LANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC,
OR
VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupil dilated; there is a pure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; picking of the nose; unequal breath very foul, particularly in the mornings; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a craving for unwholesome food; pain sometimes entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; pain and tenderness sometimes occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public that

RETURN THE MONEY

in every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult should warrant the supposition of the existence of worms." In all cases the Medicine to be given IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS.

We pledge ourselves to the public, that

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward our mail post paid, to any part of the United States, on receipt of price—one vial, 25 cents; three vials, 50 cents; one dozen vials, $1 50. Beware of worthless stuffs. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

☞ For sale by Druggists and Country Store Keepers generally.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets

aug6 ly

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheum, by eradicating the disease, requiring no confinement or loathsome drugs, and may be taken by children with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best remedy I have ever saw.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism for years and having used nearly every remedy without any relief, I was completely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound."

NOAH CATES,
79 Franklin st, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia for eighteen months, and been driven, by excruciating pain, to the brink of delirium, by remedies without obtaining relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. I have taken but one bottle, and am entirely cured.

D. D. RARTER, Jr.,
No 6 Bank st, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for nine years, and suffered more pain than I can describe. I tried Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and can honestly say I believe it has entirely cured me.

JOHN J. MCBRIDE,
Pearl Street Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" has entirely relieved me from a severe attack of nervous standing.

JOHN E. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old st, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years afflicted with Salt Rheum. His head was made covered with sores and in constant pain; he has used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and is entirely cured.

J. W. HAMMOND, 99 Milk street, Boston.

I have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and find it a most valuable remedy.

J. THOMPSON,
Proprietor Pearl St House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.

FANNY THOMPSON,
No 1 Old st, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T Glidden, Esq., was cured by the use of Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in less than a week of a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and had been confined to his bed.

ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have found it a most valuable remedy. It has left no sediment in the kidneys or bladder, and is entirely free from all injurious qualities, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism.

JOHN A. GOODWIN, P. M.

Discount Days of the several Banks.

APPLETON BANK—Mondays and Thursdays.
MERRIMACK BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.
MECHANICS BANK—Mondays and Thursdays.
MIDDLESEX BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.
LOWELL BANK—Wednesdays and Saturdays.
LAWRENCE BANK—Tuesdays and Fridays.

PAY DAYS OF THE CORPORATIONS.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Hamilton, Appleton, Lowell, Lawrence, Merrimack, Suffolk, Tremont and Tyler Machine Shop, Suffolk, Lowell and Tyler Machine Shop, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Boott Cotton Mills, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Massachusetts and Lowell Machine Shop, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Middlesex Company, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Manufacturing Company.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Bleachery, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Print Works, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Machine Shop, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Manufacturing Company.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Bleachery, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Print Works, Lowell.

Week after last Saturday in each month—Lowell Machine Shop,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, October 11, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

From Hatteras Inlet. The *New York Times'* dispatch says Commodore Chauncey has arrived from Hatteras Inlet, and reports that the rebel expedition consisted of six steamers and about three thousand men, the steamers being armed with heavy rifled cannon and mortars for throwing shell. Col. Brown, of the 20th Indiana regiment, says that he lost in killed and wounded was not less than 70; whilst the enemy, who pursued them some distance in their retreat, captured the military stores and a considerable number of arms, knapsacks, and tents. The regiment had no other weapons than muskets.

Western Virginia. Gen. Reynolds made two reconnoissances in force within the last few days, against Gen. Lee, and has driven him from Big Spring, the former rendezvous of his main force. Part of his force is now at Elk Mountain and Camp Briar Bridge, respectively 30 and 40 miles from Elkwater, and part of it (under Lee), is said to have joined Floyd at Big Spring. They destroyed their camp equipage and ammunition, and burned several hundred muskets, and left their wagons, &c.

The *Cincinnati Commercial's* Kanawha advices say that on Sunday, Gen. Rosecrans is at Mountain Cave, a strong position 25 miles beyond Gauley, which is in Fayette County. He had advanced ten miles further to Little Sewell, but the enemy was too well entrenched, and too strong at Big Sewell, five miles further on to be attacked, and Rosecrans fell back as an intimation to the enemy to come out and have a fair fight.

Gen. Rosecrans' troops are well clothed, having plenty of overcoats and blankets. The fight at Chapmanville was a sharp and bloody affair. Five of Platt's Zouaves were killed, and the rebels lost 35 killed.

The *New York Tribune's* Washington correspondent says that the national vessels reported at the head of the Passes below New Orleans, are protecting men who are erecting batteries there with a view effectually blockade the whole five mouths of the river. The guns are 8 and 9-inch Dahlgrens.

The Secretary of War and Adjutant General left Washington on Tuesday for St. Louis.

From Cairo. The following is perhaps the basis of the rumor under the head of "Kentucky." Six pickets of the 4th cavalry regiment stationed four or five miles from Paducah, were attacked by a large force of rebels yesterday morning, and two were mortally wounded and two taken prisoners with their horses and equipments. The rebels had divided their force, and in their exultation, fired upon each other. They then fled, each party taking the other for our cavalry.

Missouri. The Federal army left Jefferson City on Monday last, under command of Generals Fremont and Mckinstry.

Gen. Fremont, although not prepared as he wished, will go forward rapidly, and if possible, will push on to after Price and his Missourians, nor stop until he can drive them into the Mississippi River, or bring him to bay to fight it out.

The men are all enthusiasm, and have but one fear, and that is that Price will not show fight, but "scatter," and in this both men and officers agree.

From the best information, Fremont will be able to concentrate at Sedalia not less than 35,000 men, together with one hundred pieces of artillery. With this large quantity of big guns, and a large number of cavalry, a thousand Price's movements must be rapid indeed if he is not caught.

Slave owners are said to be sending their "chattels" into Arkansas and Texas.

A correspondent of the *St. Louis Republican* says that it was the purpose of Price to march into northwestern Missouri and scatter the Federal forces, but when he heard that Fremont had thirty thousand men, and was leading them on, he then started for the south, as many of his men were leaving.

From Washington. A correspondent of the *New York Post* says that during a late visit at Munson's Hill Thursday, I found quite a number of refugees within our lines who have been forced to desert their homes on account of their Union proclivities. None of them have been in their families since the battle of Bull Run, and the stories of their sufferings are pitiable in the extreme. Their homes have been deserted, their fields laid waste, and the charity of our humane troops only keeps them alive. They plot our movements to the enemy constantly, with every look of which they are familiar, and render other equally important services.

Several government contractors for army blankets have failed with their agreements.

There are no indications of the presence of the enemy, excepting cavalry pickets and military officers incline to the opinion that there are no rebels in considerable force on the whole line of our grand army, or within six miles of its entire front.—Our pickets have been advanced further into Virginia.

Much excitement was produced at Washington yesterday by a report that General Smith was engaged with a large rebel force, the rumor having no other origin than the firing of a few guns, which is an ordinary occurrence in the way of artillery practice.

Kentucky. There were rumors in Louisville yesterday of a battle near Paducah, but they could be traced to no authentic source. 3000 rebels have gone southward from Bowling Green, it is supposed for the purpose of guarding the coast. John C. Breckinridge and Minister Preston, are reported at Bowling Green.

THE FEELING AT THE SOUTH.

The following account of an interview with two families escaping from Georgia, is given by Rev. Mr. Nye, formerly of Methuen, this State, and well known to this city, but who is now one of the editors and proprietors of the *State in Exile West*, published in Cincinnati. It is one the most reliable statement of the condition of things in the South I have anywhere seen. I perfectly confident that what Mr. Nye heard from the gentlemen in question, was true, as I am equally certain from my knowledge of Mr. Nye, that he would report nothing which, from the appearance and circumstances of the author was not in the highest degree credible. If agreeable to you, it may be a satisfaction to many of your readers to peruse this account, and thus learn the true condition of things at the South, which seems almost impossible at present through the ordinary channels of information. T.

In a trip over the Columbus and Cleveland Railroad one day last week, I met with two families escaping from Georgia to the free Northern States. Both had resided in the South for a long time — one of them about twenty years. Naturally, our conversation was chiefly concerning the condition and prospects of our country, and the war raging between the loyal and and revolted States. The gentleman with whom the most of my conversation was had, was a Scotchman and strong Union man. He was born and reared in the North, but from his long residence in Missouri, Kentucky and Georgia, and his extensive acquaintance with leading, prominent men in those States, well qualified to reflect their feelings and views, and to express an intelligent opinion concerning the present condition of the army and people of the Confederate States. The readers of the *Star*, I am confident, will be interested if I note under a few appropriate heads, the substance of his remarks. And first of

THE UNION FEELING AT THE SOUTH.

One-third of the intelligent, well-to, and fighting men of Georgia were loyal to the heart in favor of the Union, and ready, at the most favorable moment, to take active part in the contest and show their faith by their works. Now they were tied hand and foot, all their movements watched. They groaned under the yoke which had been forced upon them, and anxiously looked for a day when they could cast it aside, and once more place themselves under the protection of the stars and stripes. As he inquired, "But if there is a third of your people who think with and feel, how was it possible to carry the State out of the Union in the first place, and adopt your secession ordinance?" "It was done in order, and by compulsion and fear. Members of the convention, or legislature (I don't now remember which), elected as Union men, were told, 'we must go out, Twenty thousand men of us are armed and ready for the fight, and if we do not secede we are instantly pounced into all the horrors of a civil war. We are not prepared to fight, have not arms, cannot defend ourselves, but we must go out, and let the future care for itself.' This, the gentleman said, was the history of multitudes who were, and still are, Union men. Others believed that if the Southern States stood by each other in the North would in the main do, and never attempt by force to bring them back. And their impression was that the seceded States would soon tire of the experiment, and taught by bitter experience, would gladly seek the protection of the government against which they had so foolishly revolted.

Such men as Stephens, Johnson and Hill, he firmly believed at first joined the movement to guide and control it, but as the last were themselves swept away by its fearful current, and compelled to go with the popular will. Ambitious and unprincipled politicians such as have sought to drive Kentucky into the secession abyss, were at work in Georgia, and by storm and fraud had temporarily carried the people with them. On the surface every thing is smooth and quiet now, but it was nonsense to talk of a unanimous people. The opportunity come, let thirty thousand Federal troops march twenty-five miles below Savannah, march into the State, calling upon the friends of the old government to rally, and alarming them that they would not lack for protection and help, and the feeling which was manifest after the capture of the forts in Charleston harbor would at once break out in Georgia and show its wrath and power.

NUMBERS AND CONDITION OF THE ARMY.

The gentleman thought we had committed a fatal blunder in underrating the numbers and resources of the Confederate army. "We seem," he said, "to have begun our work as a slight job, which could be done up without much labor or loss, and the consequence has been a magnitude of the contest upon which we were entering. You underrate the South as they underrate you. You have men, skill, and wealth; the power is on your side, and if the people of the North are united, firm, and in downright earnest, they cannot be successful—absolutely sure of ultimate success. He believed that prior to the battle of Bull Run, the Confederate States had in Virginia in all, nearly 150,000 men. Within four weeks from that battle, Georgia furnished 8000 more, and to his certain knowledge, between 45,000 and 50,000 men were sent over two roads to join the forces on the Potomac. Now, he thought, the whole Confederate army would number 230 000 men, but not more than 150,000 would be regarded as a reliable force. More than a third of them were without any shoes, a fourth without blankets, and multitudes wretchedly clad. Not only shoes or blankets but food in the South is very poor. The authorities cannot properly clothe and feed the army they have called into the field, for a winter campaign. Already they have suffered terribly from sickness, and are suffering and dying now at a fearful rate.—He mentioned the Seventh and Eighth Georgia Regiments, and the Fourth Alabama, which went into the field number-ing each between 800 and 900 men, and twenty days since, on a dress parade, not one of the three regiments could count 250 men.

He trusted Gen. McClellan's policy was not at present to advance into Virginia, but to repeat the North Carolina experiment all along the coast, give the coast States work enough to do at home, drive the secessionists out of Kentucky, relieve the people of East Tennessee, throw armies into East Tennessee and North Carolina to cut off all possibility of the return of the troops, let Fremont look after the rebels in Missouri, Arkansas, and at Columbus and Hickman, and the Virginia army will waste away, and the back-bone of secessionism be broken before the New Year. "But, at all events," said he, "you must not look upon all this as our children play. With the leaders of the Southern movement it is 'rock or nothing.' They will fight like pirates on the seas, and all who have united, encouraged by the seeming success at Bull Run, will go into the next battle determined to conquer, and not to fly. Our cannon and shot in our hands will be their hope, recognition of some foreign power. Of England they have no hope, but they then look for France as more likely to open the ball. The Government can conquer it if well, but if the people do not wake up, you are doomed to defeat again and again. I am amazed," said the gentleman, "at the quickly which previous here, when I think of the spirit and determination of the men engaged in the Southern movement. Arouse your people now. Be ready to sacrifice wealth, life, and the nation's peace. But beware or you will suffer a terrible humiliation and defeat."

THE BATTLE OF BULL RUN.

"The South does not *crow*," said he, "but it *whistles*. They claim the victory, but they don't rejoice over it. Before that battle they thought the 'Yankees' would not fight, that they were a mean cowardly race 'Yankees.' They think differently now. They feel there are only shrewd leaders, but brave men, who will not flinch when death stares them directly in the face. It was an instance of his change of feeling he mentioned to me the name of a gentleman formerly a member of the Georgia Legislature. Before the affair at Bull Run, this man said, "The Northern men will not fight." After the battle, he went to Richmond and Manassas. A friend met him there, and asked him to meet him in his streets, talking with a number of people. "Well Colonel," said my friend, "I see you have returned from Richmond and Manassas." He took him aside from the crowd, and said, "No, not good news—we won the day, but it was a dear victory. Those men will fight. We have lost thousands of ours, and our wounded men are dying by the scores." This Colonel corroborated the general impression of the Southern North in regard to the battle. "At one time," said he, "our men thought we had lost the day. Two of our regiment had actually begun a retreat. That stampede was begun by civilians and by the cowardly portion of the army, and those fresh troops to reinforce us, the battle, and the victory would certainly be lost. We have gained nothing new only in name."

THE FUTURE.

The people of the South have no special calculation about the future. They were told that they had supported the North,—and fighting men of Georgia were told that without their labor and aid the North could not prosecute the war, and must soon get into the contest and show their faith by their works. Now they were tied hand and foot, all their movements watched. They groaned under the yoke which had been forced upon them, and anxiously looked for a day when they could cast it aside, and once more place themselves under the protection of the stars and stripes. As he inquired, "But if there is a third of your people who think with and feel, how was it possible to carry the State out of the Union in the first place, and adopt your secession act?" "It was done in order, and by compulsion and fear. Members of the convention, or legislature (I don't now remember which), elected as Union men, were told, 'we must go out, Twenty thousand men of us are armed and ready for the fight, and if we do not secede we are instantly pounced into all the horrors of a civil war. We are not prepared to fight, have not arms, cannot defend ourselves, but we must go out, and let the future care for itself.' This, the gentleman said, was the history of multitudes who were, and still are, Union men. Others believed that if the Southern States stood by each other in the North would in the main do, and never attempt by force to bring them back. And their impression was that the seceded States would soon tire of the experiment, and taught by bitter experience, would gladly seek the protection of the government against which they had so foolishly revolted.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Pollen Court, by criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 30th, 1861, are obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

sept13dtf E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

To the Input Voters of the Sixth Middlesex Senatorial District:

We respectfully invite the Voters of this District who are in favor of supporting the Constitution as instituted by our Revolutionary Fathers, and of preserving the Union as adopted by the National Constitution, and who are in favor of putting down the present causeless and wicked Rebellion against the Constitution and Laws of the Union, to meet in Convention at Lowell, at Lowell Town Hall, in Lowell, on Friday evening next, at 7 1-2 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator, to be supported at the ensuing election.

In the present distracted condition of the country, the dangerous state of its business interests, and the general anxiety of our people, all minor questions of difference should be forgotten. Let then the voice of our citizens be given unanimously at the polls in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the War, and the speedy attainment of an enduring Peace—on the only practicable terms and patriotic hearts of the men of all sincere and true parties, without any local interests. To this end we ignore all distinctions except those between Patriotism and Treason, and all who agree with us to join in the selection of candidates who will best illustrate this great principle.

Charles B. Osborn, Samuel Barbank,
S. G. Heath, James W. Nash,
J. H. French, J. W. Patch,
S. M. Emery, J. Crosby,
M. C. Brenan, J. B. Hoyt,
Wm. Nesmith, G. L. Willard,
Wm. Spencer, W. H. Brown,
Moses Hunting, David L. Hill,
Wm. Hunting, Geo. A. Allen,
Geo. Ripley, J. V. B. Coburn,
Geo. W. Sanders, Frank Jones,
Daniel Barry, James Bradley,
Daniel Fay, Jr. Reuben Nesmith,
Wilder Bennett, Thos. Goodwin,
J. L. Gilson, Jr. Henry Prescott,
F. F. Battles, John Wall,
John Gates, F. Sheahan,
Josiah Gates, Jr. Geo. Fairbanks,
A. A. Laughton, S. L. Gordon,
Walter Wright, Joseph Bacon,
Joseph Bacon, Jr. Jeremiah Burns,
Fordyce Coburn, C. F. Hill,
Wm. Swallow, L. H. Wilson,
J. A. Bratnock, J. N. Prisbury,
Wm. Bratnock, Jr. Wm. Bowers,
R. N. Walker, Jacob Coggin,
Willard Brooks, Wm. S. Dana,
W. F. Salmon, J. F. Brown,
Wm. Bowers, Jr. Wm. Bowers,
A. A. Blanchard, David A. Vickery,
Charles Hastings, Geo. Hastings,
J. P. McEvoy, Levi Ferguson,
A. L. Bowers, Chas. H. Saunders,
John Avery, Lyman F. Wate,
S. P. Pingree, Geo. F. Nowell,
John Rogers, John Griffin,
Joseph Bellow, Jr. Geo. McKinley,
J. B. Francis, Chas. F. Bailey,
John A. Instrick, John A. Instrick,
Thomas Bowers, Jr. Thomas Bowers,
A. B. Bratnick, Wm. Brown,
Wm. Brown, Jr. Wm. Brown,
A. S. Tyler, Jr. Wm. Brown,
Daniel Fay, Jr. Wm. Brown,
Daniel Cushing, Edward Brown,
W. J. Burnham, A. B. Bratnick,
J. B. Francis, Jr. Wm. Brown,
F. F. Pratt, Wm. Brown,
Joseph Bellow, Jr. Wm. Brown,
Harry C. Wade, Wm. Brown,
D. B. Dunlap, Wm. Brown,
Julius Abbott, Wm. Brown,
Henry Bowers, Wm. Brown,
R. W. Hosley, Wm. Brown,
A. A. Brown, Wm. Brown,
William Porter, Wm. Brown,
Jr. Wm. Brown,
J. O. Richardson, Wm. Brown,
John Adams, Wm. Brown,
Jr. Wm. Brown,
H. B. Gillis, Wm. Brown,
Wm. Brown, Wm. Brown,
T. H. Tyler, Wm. Brown,
Wm. Brown, Jr. Wm. Brown,
Michael Hoar, Wm. Brown,
Patrick Flood, Wm. Brown,
Patrick Moran, Wm. Brown,
Francis Thornton, Wm. Brown,
Michael Hoar, Wm. Brown,
W. G. Howard, Wm. Brown,
Francis Jewett, Wm. Brown,
Thomas Smith, Wm. Brown,
Jr. Wm. Brown,
E. L. Ward, Wm. Brown,
Frederick O. Connor, Wm. Brown,
Jonathan Johnson, Wm. Brown,
D. J. Kimball, Wm. Brown,
William Waugh, Wm. Brown,
Jr. Wm. Brown,
Nathaniel Wheeler, Wm. Brown,
Stafford S. Wheeler, Wm. Brown,
James T. Hardy, Wm. Brown,
Wm. Brown, Wm. Brown,
Edwin Lanesdon, Wm. Brown,
Wm. Brown, Wm. Brown,
W. A. Brown, Wm. Brown,
Wm. Brown, Wm. Brown,
O. E. Cushing, John Lanigan,
Wm. Brown, Artemas Billingham,
Wm. Brown, James Lougbran,
John G. Rogers, Patrick Lanahan,
Wm. Brown, Patrick Lanahan,
Wm. Brown, John Lanigan,
Wm. Brown, John R. Teele,
Wm. Brown, Geo. D. Sargent,
Wm. Brown, Geo. Parks,
Wm. Brown, Geo. Wood,
Wm. Brown, E. C. Rice,
Wm. Brown, Caleb Philbrick,
Wm. Brown, C. C. Bigelow,
Wm. Brown, Geo. W. Rice,
Wm. Brown, John F. Morning,
Wm. Brown, John Billings,
Wm. Brown, Wm. Spalding,
Wm. Brown, W. G. Massey,
Wm. Brown, Caleb Crosby,
Wm. Brown, and 499 others.
David Morrison,

DEATH OF DEA. AMOS MERRIAM. Dea. Amos Merriam, well known to most of our citizens, died yesterday about noon, of paralysis, after an illness of three months, for several weeks of which he has been at the point of death. Deacon M. was a native of Princeton, in this State, and for a number of years was a leading man in that town, having been a selectman and assessor; at one time he commanded a military company; he was also a prominent man in the religious interests of the town, and was a deacon of the church with which he was connected. About 1835 he removed to Ware, where he resided for some time, and about the time of the starting of the Massachusetts Corporation, in 1810, came to Lowell and for several years had charge of a sizing room on that corporation. He was a member of the Common Council in 1844, and one of the assessors for four years holding that position at the time of his death. He held for several years the office of deacon at the High Street Church. Deceased was about sixty-nine years of age, and leaves a widow, one son, and three daughters, all adults. Deacon Merriam was a man of exemplary character, and his loss will be sincerely mourned in the circles where he is best known.

We have several communications on hand, which will receive attention in due time.

THE SPORTS AT DRACUT TROTTING PARK. There was a fair attendance at the sports at Dracut Trotting Park yesterday afternoon. The first race for a chesnut, free for all horses, mile heats, best two in three to road wagons, was contested by the following animals, with the result given:—

A. Wheeler n. h. h, Hip Raps, 1 2 1
O. N. Needham s. m. Nameless, 2 3 3
R. Wood n. m. Polyne, 3 4 2
E. Harsden n. g. m. Lady Miller, 4 4 4
Time 2.57, 2.56, 2.58.

The foot race for a turkey, free to all runners once around the track, was won by Leroy Batchelder in fine style in 7.20, the rest of the contestants, five in all, reaching the mand in various shapes, in wagons, and in other ways, all however, displaying evidences of want of condition.

The last race for a turkey, a dash of a mile, for the slowest hoses, was contested by the same horses as in the first race. The time was indefinite. The first trial was so unsatisfactory to the judges that the horses were ordered to go back to the distance pole, and the fastest runner to the stand should have the turkey. All agreed to the arrangement, who hitched at the conclusion of the last race by any assertion in driving so slow, but he so far recovered by the timely application of cold water, &c., as to act as judge in the case. The turkey was won by Mr. Needham in a short space of time, the others breaking badly.

THE STATE OF CENTRAL BRIDGE. In our municipal report last Wednesday we mentioned the fact that a communication was received from the Mayor in relation to the state of Central Bridge. The communication was referred to the committee on Streets. We give the communication as a matter of public interest, especially to our Centralville friends.

CITY OF LOWELL,
MAYOR'S OFFICE, October 8, 1861.

To the City Council, Gentlemen:—I most respectfully call your attention to the present condition of Central Bridge. For the purpose of the recent hearing on the question for a draw bridge or high bridge, the bridge was examined by several practical bridge builders who agree unanimously in the opinion that the bridge ought to be rebuilt within one or two years, or extensively repaired. That it cannot be decreased to rebuild during the next year, without wood, it will be advisable to make contracts for the lumber this fall, or winter. It may be difficult to determine with certainty as to the time the bridge ought to be permitted to stand, but a proper regard to the safety of the public demands, as we are told, that no time can be given in respect.

I recommend the City Council to cause the bridge to be thoroughly examined by some competent person, and that such action be taken in reference to repairing or rebuilding as the security of the travelling public may seem to require.

Respectfully submitted,
B. C. BARGEANT, Mayor.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* Gilson vs. Gibson, on trial yesterday, was given to the jury this morning at 9 o'clock, P. M., and a verdict was not rendered at 9 o'clock this morning—thirteen hours out —which was for the defendant.

Prats vs. Woods. This suit is brought to recover the rent of a building on Central building for one month, from Oct. 1st, 1859, to Nov. 1st, 1859. The defendant insists that he has a right to recover, 1st, because the action was not commenced, brought, the suit being dated Nov. 1st, 1859; 2nd, because no demand was made before the action was brought; and 3rd, because the plaintiff wrongfully leased the store before the end of the month and ejected the defendant. Pearson and D. S. Richardson for plff. Wentworth & Jewett for deft.

BANK ELECTIONS. At a meeting of the stockholders of the Prescott Bank held yesterday forenoon, the following Directors were re-elected for the present year: Joel Adams, Samuel Nesmith, Chas. B. Coburn, Elijah M. Read, Dan'l S. Richardson, Joseph A. Brabrook, John L. Cheney, Benjamin Adams, Silas Tyler, Jr., Charles Stott, Jacob Stone. The proceedings of a meeting of the stockholders of the Railroad Bank held at their banking rooms this forenoon, the following Board of Directors were chosen for the ensuing year:—S. W. Stickney, Geo. Boynton, Linus Child, John Wright, Sewall G. Mack, Charles Hovey, George Motley, Wm. A. Richardson, Jay Gee, Ripley, James B. Francis, John W. P. Abbot.

LOWELL SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE NATIONAL LOAN. We learn from the agent for Lowell, S. W. Stickney, Esq., that the subscriptions for this loan in Lowell are quite liberal, varying in amount from $50 to $10,000, one party having shown his confidence in the Government by taking the last named sum. The books are still open at the Railroad Bank, and parties having sums from $50 upward to invest can do no better than by taking notes and 7 3-10 interest for it. The notes will always be marketable at prices above par.

A GENTLEMAN of this city, while out hunting in Pelham yesterday, shot a rare, a bird not very often found in this vicinity. He also killed nine gray squirrels, and three partridges, which is a pretty good day's work in hunting.

THE meeting at Hannigton Hall, this evening, bids fair to be largely attended. Speakers from all political organizations are expected, and the occasion will no doubt be one of general interest.

A LETTER, with the following address, was received at the Dracut postoffice on Thursday last:—

"Over hill and dale, over convex curve
Until Hanigan locates my nerve
In Dracut, Massachusetts, the dark line,
And doth expect this letter to arrive."

POLICE COURT. There was nothing before this tribunal to day. There was one complaint of a nuisance, which the officers did not like to take up on such a wet day.

CHARLES HALE, Esq., of the *Boston Daily Advertiser*, sailed for Europe on the 9th inst.

I was among those who witnessed, last evening, the unrolling of Kershaw & Hayward's beautiful panorama of the "Life of Christ and Scenes in Modern Palestine." As for the truthfulness of the scenes in modern Palestine, when it was on exhibition last year, Rev. Mr. Jenkins bore witness to it, and last evening his testimony was confirmed by Rev. Mr. Alden, who has lately returned from the Holy Land. He remarked—"When I looked upon these scenes one year ago, it was with feelings of no common interest, as I was just upon the eve of my departure for the Holy Land—just upon the eve of realizing the dream of more than twenty years. That dream was at last accomplished, and this evening I am again in fancy stood upon those same mountains and traversed those same plains and vallies; and I take great pleasure in testifying to the truthfulness of the scenes here represented."

We understand that the Panorama will be exhibited Saturday afternoon and evening, and we would advise all parents who wish to impress upon the minds of their children the events in the history of our Saviour, to call on them Saturday afternoon and go themselves in the evening. We understand it is the last time it will be exhibited in Lowell at present.

A CITIZEN.

KNITTING STOCKINGS. The *Newburyport Herald* says that all the ladies of that city, old and young, having leisure to do so, are now busy in knitting stockings for the soldiers. They have already sent forward many pairs already on hand, and will in a few days forward them to the seat of war.—The *New York Mercury* states that Mrs. Frazer, of Duxbury, is now engaged in knitting stockings for the soldiers of the revolution. She is now ninety-two years of age.

MR. BECHNAN'S residence, at Wheatland, was lately visited by thieves, and the papers are making the circumstance an occasion for congratulation that Mr. Buchanan's *Herald* is inclined to think that Floyd must have escaped from Western Virginia, while his way to the Executive, and, after prowling around Mr. Buchanan's premises for a day or so, succeeded in stealing the silver-plated harness, for the recovery of which our Secretary of War and President offers a reward of fifty dollars.

REBELS IN GOVERNMENT OFFICES. The Potter Investigating Committee adjourned yesterday. Their first report included the names of 200 government employees, against when evidence of treason was presented. Yesterday the second report was presented giving 233 more. The subject is under discussion and will be commenced at the beginning of the next session of Congress.

MR. RUSSELL, the *London Times'* correspondent, is at last beginning to understand us, and declares in his last letter that the Federal Government is sure to succeed if it puts forth all its strength.—He lately he has professed absolute incredulity of any such result. Mr. Russell's opinion is just as good as any man's—so better.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York and return, tickets $7 75
Lowell to Boston and return, 1 25
Tickets for the West, North and Southwest, at the lowest rates.
Tickets to *Philadelphia, Baltimore* and *Washington*.
Baggage checked through to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.
Office at the Depot and Liverpool Passage. Tickets for personal permit in Canada.
Office at the Depot and at the General Passenger Agent's Office, at the Merrimack House.
sept30 S. P. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would inform the customers that he has moved at Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, where he will be happy to see them, and he would be happy to serve all who may favor him with their patronage.
sept30dtf CHARLES H. MERRILL.

FISKE & LYON FAMOUS MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the Fiske & Lyon Machine, for which Mr. J. Hall is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jun24tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, S. Bachelder, D. S. Richardson,
E. M. Read, Wm. Nesmith, Jr. Joel Adams,
L. G. Rose, Edward Tuck, E. P. Swenson,
Wm. Nesmith.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Stores, Mills, and other buildings, and personal property contained therein, for terms of three years, at a premium of $6.00 per $1000, with deposit notes to the amount of $15.00 per $1000. The officers and agents of this company are prepared to adjust losses promptly and equitably, and pay the same as soon as the company collects the premium notes. Persons wishing to insure in this department will please call at the office of the company in Lowell, or address the Secretary, Nesmith, Jr. at Lowell. All losses adjusted and paid at the office of the company in Lowell.

The Stock Department is confined to Dwelling Houses, Stores, Mills, and other buildings, and personal property contained therein, for terms of one year, at a premium of 1 per cent. Persons wishing to insure in this department will please call at the office of the company in Lowell, or address the Secretary, Nesmith, Jr. at Lowell. All losses adjusted and paid at the office of the company in Lowell.

Lowell, Nov. 18, 1860. nov19dtf

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, for Children Teething, is a safe and sure remedy for pain-ful teething, sweetens the stomach, relieves griping, and regulates the bowels. It will relieve the pains, and by moderating the fever, prevent convulsions. It is a safe and effectual preventive of the fatal diseases of infancy and childhood. It will relieve the child, and by moderating the fever, prevent convulsions, especially when they portend spring from worms

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE!
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—for when I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, which has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month, by which I have ever remained healthy, strong, and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it necessary to mention will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful cures through the Union. I have occupied my time in enrolling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative and Colden Hog its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by posing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In such cases, two or three articles myself advertised as secure, which I have no doubt ere long will be astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation who there is one of such a high character as yours has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied your, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you had removed living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,026, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M.D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over 57 years of age. For about twenty years my hair has been gaining considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and dry. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I concluded I would. I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I got one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered new hair had started, and my hair, which was falling off in large quantities, was soon stopped. In a few days a radical change in the color was visible. I have continued to apply, and have bought on the South, at three different times, have got a half dozen bottles, and for each bottle I pay $3. My hair is now as gray, or as white, as it ever was, and is of the same fineness and texture as in my younger days. I have no hesitancy in saying that your Restorative is the best article in the world for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures eruptions and prevents the hair falling out. In short, we have been many as to the testimonies in favor of your Restorative. I am a farmer, and I am generally from home, and have been frequently asked by persons of the most reliable character to know if you have used this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new humbug that is in time more or less they are quack nostrums. But we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. It is a scientific combination, Finley J. Hinson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its use in this city, and we wish us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is a powerful, yet harmless, stimulant, so powerful, yet harmless, stimulant, so powerful, yet harmless, stimulant, so

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, October 12, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

We regret that we are compelled to chronicle in our columns to-day a very disgraceful disturbance at the meeting at Huntington Hall, last evening. Everybody, it would seem, who favors law and order, must regret such occurrences. It matters not to us where the call for the meeting originated, or who signed it; we think a public meeting gotten up by respectable men, should not be interfered with by those who do not sympathize with its objects; and for this reason we think any perversion of the purpose of the meeting last evening, was a public wrong, and cannot be otherwise than injurious to our city's best interests. We have been entirely honest in our course in favoring a union of all parties, because we have felt and do now feel, that the State and National Governments should have an undivided support at this peculiar period, and that by a removal of all party lines, all classes would the more readily come forward in a cause in which we would have none doubting, none holding back. We do not undertake to say what course should be taken to effect this; that which was proposed in the call for the meeting last night may have been, in the estimation of some persons, the most proper one; it may, to us it does not so appear; but if the sentends could be reached in that way, we should certainly have no objection to its being carried out. But of the fact that the wrong course was taken to oppose it, we have no doubt whatever; whoever upholds such conduct, must encourage a spirit that will soon make mob law superior to civil law, and when that time comes, we shall be governed by a despotism more objectionable than that which now reigns at the South.

How far jealousy and ill-feeling in the Republican Party of this city cropped out in the meeting last night, those who were present are better able to judge than ourself; but it appears to us reasonable that before we undertake to act with other parties, there should be a reconciliation in our own ranks. We repeat what we have before said that the principles avowed in the call we believe to be right; whether the end we have sought, would be best reached in the action which a large and respectable portion of our citizens adopted, is a different matter entirely; but that those who do not agree with them in this movement should so proceed that the object of the meeting should be perverted, we do not believe, and we have no words with which to express our disapprobation of their conduct. The nomination for Governor, for office is by no means making their election sure, and none but those who regarded the call for the meeting would have been bound by its action. The Republican Party, to which we owe allegiance, would not have been bound by the doings of the meeting last night, as no one authorized it to bind part or hand in calling it; consequently if there were any who opposed the movement on the ground that it was jeopardizing the party, their alarm was groundless, and based upon a power superior to itself. Without any knowledge of what are the purposes of the friends or opponents of the meeting to-night, we can only hope the propriety and discretion will govern the conduct of all who attend.

GEN. FREMONT. Col. Blair's charges and specifications against Gen. Fremont are published. The charges include neglect of duty and unofficiellike conduct, disobedience of orders, conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, extravagance and waste of the public money, and despotic and tyrannical conduct. In support of the specifications are the alleged failure of Fremont to repair to St. Louis and enter upon his duties—his refusal to obey orders; Lyon, Boc ken and Mulligan—his suffering Brig. General Heributt, "a common drunkard," to continue in command—his refusing to see people who sought his presence on matters of urgent business—his violation of Presidential orders in the matter of his 30th of August proclamation—his encouragement of officers to hold meetings and write letters for publication in praise of himself and in denunciation of all who differ from him—his partisanship in keeping disreputable persons in his employ, and his unjust suppression of the St. *Louis Evening News*. There are in all five charges and twenty-two specifications.

☞ A suicide wrote to his wife thus—"Dear Mary—If I am not at home to night enquire of Abraham where I am—If not found in his bosom, he'll know where I have gone."

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

THE remarks of Mr. Sumner, at the late convention, seem to have elicited no small amount of criticism and comment from the press. How far they express the sentiments of the Republicans of Massachusetts or New England, is the question. They are the utterances of one man, and an eminent one, all acknowledge. But to what extent is the Republican Party, or any party committed by them? The true answer is, to none at all. The convention, by no act of its own, endorsed them. The representatives of the party assembled at Worcester, did not authenticate them, and of course they do not go out to the country with the stamp of their approval. It is altogether too common a mistake, or more properly speaking too common a wrong, to hold a political party responsible for the declared opinions of a few of its prominent members. It is too frequently taken for granted, that the views of the people are unthinking automata, or if they think at all, their thoughts run only in a channel grooved out for them by those who assume to control their opinions and actions. If the doctrines that Mr. Senator Sumner chooses to pronounce on his own individual responsibility in a Massachusetts convention, or any Gov. Boutwell to enunciate, in a fourth of July speech, are to be regarded by people abroad as the deliberate convictions of the great body of the Republicans, doubtless with the intention of running the blockade, but withdrew when they found they were observed.

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WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

From Washington and the main army.

There are no rebel fortifications on the Potomac, except at Aquia Creek. At that place there are three batteries of twenty guns, but their design is probably to protect the terminus of the great Southern Railroad, and not to hinder navigation.

The rebel cavalry pickets made their appearance yesterday morning about a mile from Lewinsville, but soon retired. Our pickets, stationed near Prospect Hill, were driven in Thursday night by the rebels in force, their object being doubtless to ascertain the position of our advance. All our troops are in a comfortable condition; those who recently changed their positions being tested and their wants supplied.

Gen. McCall's division occupies the line of the Little Rock turnpike to Prospect Hill. There are but few tents in Lewinsville, and them are deserted. On the day our forces advanced to that village, our skirmishers surprised a cavalry picket guard at the Cross Roads, and succeeded in killing two of them. The others escaped.

Fortress Monroe. Dispatches received from Gen. Wool at the War Department confirm the statement that the rebels lost heavily by the attack of the Monticello, Gen. Forbes, at Hatteras Inlet, will be made perfectly secure by reinforcements.

There was an alarm in the Roads last Wednesday night, which was the darkest and stormiest of the season. Two rebel steamers passed the Rip Raps, doubtless with the intention of running the blockade, but withdrew when they found they were observed.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. J. F. Hume will preach at the Advent Chapel, Kirk Street, this evening, all seats free. Services (Saturday) evening, at 7½ o'clock.

MISS FANNY DAVIS, trance speaker, will occupy the desk at Wesley Hall to-morrow forenoon and afternoon, on the usual hours.

NOTICE.

Persons who were prisoners for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, will please call for their property, of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 23d, 1861, or obtain their fees on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

oct12 2d E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, October 12th.

CURRENT PRICES.—Butter, per lb, 16 a 18c: Cheese do, 8 a 10c; Eggs per doz, 18c.

FRUIT.—Oranges, per box, $6.00; Lemons do, $3.50; Apples per peck 25 a 30c. Watermelons each 10 a 12c; Musk do, 6 a 10c; Grapes per peck, 40c; Cranberries per qt, 6c; Bananas, per pouch, 40c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb, 8 a 10c; corned, do, 6 a 8c; round, 12 a 14c; corned, 6 a 10c; Lamb, 8 a 14c; Pork, do, 11 a 12c; ham, do, 12 a 14c; Ham, whole, 11c; sliced, 14c; Pork, per lb, 12 a 16c. Veal—Rabbit, per pr, 25 c. Cod 4 a 8c; Haddock or Mackerel, fresh, 3 a 5c; Eels 10c; Perch, per doz, 25c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, per peck, 18c; Onions silver skin, per peck, 25c; Beets, per peck, 12c; Turnips, per peck, 12c; Cabbage, each 6 a 12c; Squashes, marrowfat, per lb, 2c; Squashes, Canada, per lb, 1c; Musk Melons, per lb, 2c; Tomatoes, per doz, 12c; Green Corn, per doz, 8c.; Sweet Potatoes, per lb, 3c.

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THE MEETING AT HUNTINGTON HALL LAST EVENING. The meeting at Huntington Hall last evening was decidedly one of the most noisy and disgraceful occasions that ever resulted from the call of respectable citizens for a public gathering in Lowell. We present, so far as possible, a correct report of what transpired, which will enable those who were not present to judge for themselves as to what was done.

The meeting was called to order at precisely 7 1-2 o'clock, by Jonathan Weeks, whose name does not appear on the printed call. He called for a nomination of chairman, when Dana B. Gove was named.

Mr. Weeks put the affirmative vote, and without submitting the negative, declared Mr. Gove elected. Mr. Gove took the stand. A motion that he be temporary chairman was carried. G. A. Gerry was chosen permanent secretary, and H. Wood, Jr. declared that Hon. Elisha Huntington be the permanent chairman of this meeting. H. L. C. Newton moved to substitute the name of Dana B. Gove. Mr. Brown advocated the election of Dr. Huntington. A. A. Heggett moved that a committee of one from each Ward of Lowell, and one each from Dracut and Tewksbury, be appointed by the chair. The motion was carried, and the committee appointed as follows: Andrew Moody, Daniel Holt, Wm. A. Lamb, 3d, W. E. Livingston, J. C. Ayer and J. K. Fallows, Lowell; H. F. Preston, Tewksbury; Josiah Ames, Jr., Dracut.

The committee having retired, C. G. Haynes submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Convention cordially endorses the nomination made by the Republican State Convention at Worcester, on the first inst.

Mr. Haynes spoke in favor of this resolution. He believed the nominations were acceptable to everybody except the editor of the *Boston Herald* and the ex-Postmaster of Boston.

T. H. Sweetser, Esq., said that according to the terms of the call for this meeting, the object of a reconciliation was not, would be an insult to many who had come here to act in good faith.

John Simpson, a well known Republican of this city, believed that there was a dishonest motive in certain men. He came to act honestly. He did not sign the call for this meeting, and thanked God for it. He was opposed to any one (or little more) on Friday night. First at Indianapolis, where my trunks were *picked* open and examined without any knowledge or consent while I was waiting for a train to take me to Louisville. Again at Jeffersonville—where my keys were called for, and promptly given up, and the pressed gentle in my hands explained to the satisfaction of the officials, who had been informed (by telegraph) that I had arms. Then at Louisville (just across the river). In order to leave Louisville or Jeffersonville, or any other city or town in the State not possessed already by secessionists, I had to get a permit to sign a paper swearing loyalty and obtain a passport. The railways are guarded for their entire length in many places, doubtless with the intention of running the blockade, but withdrew when they found they were observed.

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See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not easily perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and testifying its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they tried once it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter to the bottom, they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles in all advertising to be such which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that had been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement for a notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and without a single dissenting voice, but what pronounced it the best article they ever used. I have not been without a bottle on hand—

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Yours, truly, JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1860.

DEAR SIR: Lured you a statement that I think ought be entitled to the confidence of a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray and was almost white as very stiff and unpleasant. I had seen a number of certificates of the wonderful restorative effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was no use for it, as I had no dandruff, was not entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably checked, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and it began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light bla k hair as any man, or as I had when a youthful man, which was in the State of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair is soft and glossy—all of it is so soft and fine, and is in a healthy state, which is all I can ask. I am 50 years of age, and have a family of seven children. Many of my acquaintances say to me, "Bexley, what did you get your hair fine with?" I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. It is but a matter of justice to convince them that it the original hair of the ordinary hues.

Yours, &c.,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which has not ever been equalled by any article in our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we have in every case within our knowledge, proved to be a most valuable and desirable result, and receives the utmost satisfaction of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it is recommended, and all the hair and gray could desire.—*Cohoes Sun.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known & celebrated preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color—The Hair Restorative is no new or untried preparation, and presents the hair falling of—We have seen many an heir to baldness by the use of three or more bottles some of which are in the precincts where we have resided for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't you fail you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in this years of humbug are generally worthless, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's restorative to the public as being fully of testing gray. Our well known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., of this town, speaks the benefit of its application, and joins with us in cheerfully recommending it to the public. Wood's Restorative will restore gray hair to its original color, and hard heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Sun.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring to the hair to its priestine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald—because of sickness, the use of this article has promoted a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually exterminate dandruff and every impurity, which operate as injurious to the hair. Irritation and inflammation of the scalp it describes. In many cases pimples and other disfigurations of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and its effects are so truly beneficial, as the compound, if it does not wholly restore the hair, will prevent its falling off, and thereby save much anxiety.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. It our interest as an economical as a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the claims of but few, very few, of which claims to be unconditional success, the publication and its ability to do so, is the reputation of what justice we know our readers to demand. In one instance, however—Lord's Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the virtue and qualities of the article, that we are in duty bound to say all that an inventor and vender claims it to be. Its first object is to see that head of hair is universally known to be magical. Like time or gunpowder, exhausted but to be used, it stop wherever applied. Our own thatch (which has my heads), but we shall not be surprised at our grammar growing fair to try the Restorative.—*Canadian Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYE ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands—and deservedly so—pre-eminent above the host heretofore in attracting to himself a large share of the public favor. His Restorative is without doubt, the best article in the world with, for the use of which he has been so long before the public, and now, through the use of its preparation, every man of fifty or more years of age may be young again. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied them well, he knows how to apply them to the human system, and how to restore the decaying vitality of the constitution; for we see in his advertisement, that gray hair is somewhat unique the age of the world, but that it can be restored to its original color, and the hair could be naturally revitalized. He has done his own case—himself and quite great at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to its color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and then you'll be handsome.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EP As the 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

In use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPTNESS and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

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Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mortgage Deeds, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, with a variety of fancy colored papers.

EP Always on hand, a good stock of pearl morocco and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description, of cards with packs and of boards to be cut to order.

E. P. STONE, } Proprietors.
W. W. HUSE, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for the *married and single ladies*. It is the very best thing known for the regulation of the female system. It relieves, and will in time cure, *every case of obstruction from any cause*, and after using all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent abortion. If *taken just before each monthly turn*, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. The may be taken with safety, as if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

EP Is to put up in bottles of three different sizes, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *safely sound*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Half-Strength, $5; Half-Strength, $3; Quarter Strength, $2 per bottle.

EP Remember This medicine is forwarded to all parts of the country, by Express, which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and found to be entirely worthless, or even worse than nothing, will be cheerfully refunded.

EP BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted to give satisfaction unless bearing the signature of this REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union Street, Providence, R. I.

EP This Special Remedy, and Dr. Mattison's Private Medical Book and Wo-MEN'S Guide, a regularly educated physician of twenty years' standing, and formerly Professor in Medical Institutions, and the best—or otherwise are strictly confidential—forwarded on receipt of price, *every where*, or *express charges refunded*.

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CAUTION—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, for worthless stuff, which is sold to the afflicted. Most of this sum comes out of a class of people, *married and single*, who *have been deceived and then can never find it back*, and they are compelled to suffer on in misery and silence, unable to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*, and to man who are alike destitute of honor, character, and who, if they could be reached, would be worse than any fallen and entirely *apart sanctum*, by a prate of being "*honorable*," *square*, *reliable*, and *never having failed*, &c., &c., to make the MARK INQUIRY:—If will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets; for no advertised remedy of the kind can be relied on for any degree, there is no safety in trusting to any but those who have been known and tried for years.

EP Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing *Five Cents*, to pay postage, *Dr. Mattison's Private Medical Book and Wo-MEN'S Guide*, a regularly educated physician of twenty years' standing, and formerly Professor in Medical Institutions, and the best—or otherwise are strictly confidential—forwarded on receipt of price, *every where*, or *express charges refunded*.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, October 14, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

THE WAR NEWS.

There is no war news of importance to-day. Another report that New Orleans **has been taken without firing a gun has** been started, but nothing confirming it has been received.

Washington and vicinity. There are still indications that a fight at any moment may be commenced by the rebels in the vicinity of Washington. On Saturday a large body of their troops made an advance in the direction of Prospect Hill, but it amounted to nothing more than the driving in of our pickets. The Federal lines were immediately put in proper condition, but the rebels declined one. A Washington paper says 50,000 additional troops are wanted at once in that vicinity. Gov. Morgan, of New York, promises that that State will have 100,000 men in the field before the end of the month. Indiana has 40 regiments already in the field.

The Potomac division is to be divided into *corps d'armee* of from 30,000 to 50,000 men each. It is said that Baltimore men who were secessionists a month ago are trying now to obtain Federal offices.

From Fort Pickens. It is reported that a desperate battle was fought on the 8th inst., at Santa Rosa Island between Billy Wilson's Zouaves and a thousand rebels. The rebels surprised our pickets and drove them in. They captured all of Wilson's tents with the exception of the hospital one, captured a large amount of rations, equipments, stores and munitions, and spiked all the guns placed in position.—Among the Confederate killed are Captain Bradford of Florida, and Lieut Neims of Georgia, killed, and Lieuts. Bugler and Lyre badly wounded. Maj. Israel Vodges of the Federal Light Artillery, was taken prisoner.

Fortress Monroe. Col. Brown's loss at Hatteras Inlet is reported to have been fifty. None were killed. The loss of the enemy is overstated.

From Missouri. Price's force is reported to be near Papinsville, on the Osage River. He is reported to have 2000 wagons, 16,000 horses and 18,000 to 20,000 men.

Breckinridge, Preston and others are reported to be organizing a rebel camp in Floyd County, Kentucky. They are reported to have a force of 7000 to 8000 men.

THE SLAVES AND THE REBELLION. Robert Morgan, Esq., a gentleman well known in Cincinnati, where he resides, has recently visited Memphis, Tennessee, which is now in the possession of the rebels. Among many things of interest which he communicates to the columns of the *Cincinnati Gazette*, he represents that "the slaves are deeply interested in the struggle now going on between the two sections, but that they sympathizes are wholly and entirely with the South. More confidence is placed in them than ever before, and no fears of insurrections are entertained." The same reports come from other quarters, also.—It is not to be denied, we suppose, that their sympathies, as a class, are with those of blacks in the rebel army; at least such is said to be the fact in the Bull Run fight. Such being the case, there is little encouragement for the seminaries of learning to think that emancipating the slaves would put an end to the war.

We give up much space in our columns to-day to a report of the proceedings at the meeting of men of all parties at Huntington Hall, last Saturday evening, where, it is gratifying to know, good order prevailed. After the stormy times of the previous evening, our readers will feel an interest in the action and speeches at the last meeting, and we have made room for a liberal report for their gratification. We have no space for comments.

FIRE IN MANCHESTER, N. H. Early last Saturday morning, a fire was discovered in a barn attached to a private residence, at Squog, owned by the Print Works Corporation, and occupied by Hanson Tucker. The fire communicated to the house, then to a two-story building divided into two tenements, all of which, together with shed attached, destroyed. The loss is not stated.

"SAY THE WORD" SO SIMMER. The *Newburyport Herald* says that Mr. J. M. Currier, of that city, is about obtaining a patent for an improvement in "Ten-pin Alleys." By his process no pins are to be set up, and the noise of balls striking them is done away. The balls can be returned and everything arranged by a very ingenious contrivance, without the players leaving their position.

KITCHEN GLOSS. A skillful housekeeper says that the unpleasant odor arising from boiling ham, tallow-dips, etc., can be plenty corrected by throwing wrote red peppers into the fire—for the same time the flavor of the food is improved. It is said that pieces of charcoal will produce the same effect.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Company A, Capt. Abbott, Second Regiment, Mass. Volunteers, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 16th. Packages not exceeding three pounds each in weight will be received at the office of the Lowell One Light Company, until 12, M. on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

oct14d2p WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. to Forward.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the following criminal cases, fined or dismissed, at Nov. the 1st, A. D. 1860 to June 23d, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk's office in the afternoon of office hours.

sept12d2 S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

THE ADJOURNED MEETING LAST SATURDAY EVENING. Huntington Hall was crowded last Saturday evening, the occurrences of the previous evening having had the effect to create an interest never before felt in Lowell. Our business men were out in full numbers, determined, by their presence, to frown down any attempt to make the occasion similar to that of the previous evening. An efficient police force was also present and occupied the front seats, keeping out certain persons who have manifested often at political meetings so far as our memory runs back. Previous to the meeting being called to order, Dr. J. C. Ayer addressed the audience from the gallery. So far as our memory serves us, (we were not prepared to report a speech at so early a stage of the proceedings), Mr. Ayer said that he opposed he would call on the meeting that his Honor, the Mayor and A. R. Brown, had secured this hall for their private purposes, that they had surrounded the speaker's stand with policemen, in order to prevent all persons, except such as they might deem, from taking part in the proceedings. He counseled all that they could not be governed by the proceedings of a convention held under such circumstances, to withdraw or, at least to take no part in the proceedings. We did not notice that any went out, as suggested by the speaker.

At the hour to which the previous meeting had adjourned, A. R. Brown called to order, and addressed the meeting substantially as follows, as phonographically reported for the *Courier* by H. W. Emerson:—

SPEECH OF A. R. BROWN, ESQ.

Fellow-citizens—I ought in the outset to make a little explanation to you of the reason why I appear here on this occasion, in this capacity. Very few the adjutors, very few the agencies I have had in getting up the meeting, you will remember—those who were present on that unfortunate occasion—that the report of the committee appointing officers for the permanent organization of the convention was voted down. And now that a motion was put of which the consequence was that the duties of the temporary chairman, as I understood it, ceased. It was in order, then, for any member of the convention, or any person participating in it, to move for a chairman. A motion was made to that effect. I was nominated, was declared elected and presided at the close of the convention. That is the reason. Then there followed an adjournment to this time, at eight o'clock, and therefore I suppose it was my duty to preside at the opening of the convention this evening.—That, fellow-citizens, is my excuse for appearing here on this occasion. I hope to be more fact that I do appear here, will go to show to you and to the world that the spirit of the meeting of the loyal men of the slave States themselves. I hope, then, this Union may not be constructed, that these commercial interests and manufactures may revive; I hope that we may be living in a country and connecting this Union, every man of whom, from in Lowell may ring, and every anvil resound with the hum of industry, and that the days of peace and prosperity may return.

I most sincerely thank you for the respectful attention you have given me—for, indeed, it seems to me, in a sentence commencing with the pronoun, I, Lowell audience of this, it seems to me, is an audience composed of reasonable, peaceable citizens.—Again I thank you for this respectful hearing.

H. H. Wilder submitted the following list of officers:—

President, Hon. Elisha Huntington.—Vice Presidents, A. W. Bartlett, A. S. G. Mack, J. A. Buttrick, C. W. Saunders, C. Hamblett, Jr., Joseph French, James Vaughan, S. W. Stickney, Harvey Silver, John Joseph Bedlow, High McKean, J. B. Colburn, Samuel Fay, John Wright, J. C. Pollard, Jonathan Gates, Lowell, Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, Lowell, Elijah M. Read, Jonathan Clark, Woburn; Hon. Robert Pyle, Dracut.

Secretaries, M. C. Bryant, J. F. McEvoy, S. W. Hoss.

Dr. Huntington not being present, on motion of Hon. S. G. Mack, A. W. Bartlett, Esq., was chosen President.

Mr. Buttrick said on taking the chair—

Fellow-citizens—I regret exceedingly that the gentleman whose name has been given in connection with this place, and who was expected to fill it, is not present. He is a gentleman who is on all know and who has the confidence and attachment to the Constitution or my loyalty to the Government of the United States. I have not the pleasure of taking away one jot or tittle of any Southern rights (Cheers) I am a Republican, I suppose to lay me out of Republican ism where the Quaker laid his A. B. [cross mark].

I be pretty Democrat-ism of a year ago. It this is the case, we can work here to night in harmony.—we can nominate some man who shall be acceptable to us all, and do it, I hope, fairly. I do not know of any fair opposition to any name here mentioned, or anything of that kind. And now, fellow-citizens, I leave the meeting in your hands.

A. R. Brown moved that a committee of two from each ward of Lowell, two from Dracut and two from Tewksbury, be appointed by the chair to report a candidate for Senator. G. Hayes moved to amend so as to provide that the committee should be nominated from the floor.—The amendment was rejected. The original motion was carried with only one negative.

The following were appointed the committee on nominations:—

Lowell, Ward 1—C. B. Coburn, Jacob Baron; 2—S. W. Stickney, A. R Brown; 3—Andrew Leighton, J. B. Fielding; 4—Harvey Silver, Josiah Gates; 5—William McFarlin, Samuel Fay; 6—George E. Dana, Patrick Egan. Dracut, Wm. D. Bottier, Edmund Thomas. Tewksbury, Jonathan Clark, Joseph Pevlin.

Secretaries, M. C. Bryant, J. F. McEvoy, S. W. Hoss.

Dr. Huntington not being present, on motion of Hon. S. G. Mack, A. W. Bartlett, Esq., was chosen President.

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IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 16, 1860.
Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use of it, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been any since.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair had been quite coarse and harsh, but since using your Restorative it has become soft and glossy, and you can scarcely believe me when I say that it is the finest head of hair in the city, or, even if I may be allowed to say so, in the State. In short, I have used a number of articles for the hair, but none equal to your Hair Restorative. I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best article for the hair ever offered to the public, and no one who desires to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color, as well as beautified, can do better than to use your Restorative. I would be glad to see it introduced in a small way. I purchase one of your bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I have continued to use it, and have restored and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am in possession of a fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light-ish hair as any man, or at least in my youthful days, wore, a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft and fine as silk, as silky, as though just from the hands of a French chemist or Miss Fanny Fern. Persons frequently say to me, "Luther Wade did you get that hair wig?" Yes; I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my original hair of the old gray head.

Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. WADE,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE is now prepared from actual test and experiments which cannot be controverted in any quarter globe. In such close vicinity it has been so extensively used, and to believe in every case without decisive result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine and reliable preparations which will restore to gray hair its original color, prevent it falling, and all the baldness and gray could desire.—*Cotton Sun Sep.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an accurate account of this well known and celebrated preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is entirely free from all deleterious properties, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many an heir to luxuriant hair deprived of these articles by some of which are long gentlemen's names, we believe for many years as persons of the most reliable character that could be found, and all who have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of giving every new discovery, for in the case of ten they are quack nostrums that we take great pleasure in recommending. Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. We have used the concoction, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit which all others have, and we with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and send hence word that it is the best in the market.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring to the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald, we are informed that the use of this article has promoted a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore invaluable as a tonic for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually remove dandruff, and cleanse the impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has excellent qualities as a dressing, described it. In many cases it will prove a clear disappointment of the wishes of those who purchase it is used. There is no known remedy to the head of this remedy, and its efficacy may be tested by breakfast, as the compound, if it does not cause a most decided improvement, in the color of dying hair, as its most excellent elements are perfectly harmless.—*Boston Evening Mail*, April 22 1859

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a parlor journal, we frequently receive without the cognizance of the fact, each of which claims to be unadulterated truth and position and in addition to its magnetic effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well acquainted with the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that we recommend it to be, and claims it to be. Its direct upon falling head of hair is universally known, and the fact that lime or gumm on exhausted head, it brings up stop whatever applied. Call on the agent Saturday, tune ery healthy, but we advise our friends, with gratuity growing fast to call at the Depot, 124 Columbus Cop.

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GRAY HAIR HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands on the shoulders of the Colossus, and has discovered a preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color, which is unequalled by the world. Lower than any other. Its effects are immediate, and the most thorough in the use of his preparation, wearing the most luxuriant and luxuriant head of hair now. Its results for cleansing, the chemistry of Roberts. It is also a most delightful dressing for the hair of the day. Try it. Wood's sulphur and the Balsam for the human hair, for ladies, gentlemen, for those and how to restore the decay long visible to the naked eye, that may have in unnatural stains the age of the individual, and that the hair could be naturally restored. He tried long ago, and found it failed and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in order, strength and luxuriance, and the article he used in work has gave to the world. Get WOOD'S BALSAM FOR LIFE and take nothing else.—*New York Day Bo k.*

Depot, No. 481 Broadway New York, and 24 Ryder Street, St. Louis, Mo.

$7 At No. 481 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine French and Patent Medicines.

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Always on hand, a good stock of paper suitable for and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of watch-case pockets and inwards to be had to order.
Z. F. STONE, Proprietors.
No. 3 Merrimack St.

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FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for those married and single ladies, and to whom a long-lost blessing is now the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in every case of suppression from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also relieve pregnancy, if taken *just before such is only* desired, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies wishing to avoid the evils of too-rapid increase. The most terrible medicine, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with*out a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case.*—Full printed directions in letter of three different languages, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed* to all parts of the country.

FROM ——, Portsmouth, Va., Hallborough P.O., May 4th, 1859. Dr. Mattison—Dear Sir: Having been effected by the use of your Emmenagogue in the case of my wife, I take pleasure in recommending it to all persons similarly afflicted. Please send me two bottles by express, C.O.D. Yours truly, P. ——.

FROM ——, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 2d, 1859. Dr. Mattison—Dear Sir: Please send me one bottle of your Emmenagogue by express, C.O.D. Yours truly, P. ——.

FROM ——, Cincinnati, O., Dec. 24th, 1859. Dr. Mattison—Dear Sir: Please send me one bottle of your Emmenagogue by express, C.O.D. Yours truly, P. ——.

Dr. O. J. Wood, Esq.—*Dear Sir*: Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to fully prescribe and give your Hair Restorative a perfect trial.

During the year I had a most unfortunate attack thrown from my horse, receiving a cut over the head which rendered me insensible for a long time, causing a great deal of suffering, which was accompanied by the most distressing headache. Physicians were called in, who pronounced the disease of a nervous character, and the medical profession; from the use of which I received no benefit whatever, but on the contrary, my head was made worse. I then commenced the use of your Restorative, and after using one bottle I was entirely restored to health and can now attend to business.

GEORGE W. GOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all of his head we forme, and at the date of his letter he had been two months well; the disease effectually the cure, when several physicians attempting this would do him no good. He says: "for rheumatism, my dyspepsia liver complaints, kidney affection or dropsy, it is a specific and great remedy."

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R. G. GALLEHERES, M. D., writes from Cincinnati, Ohio, that he has frequently prescribed the Sherry Wine Bitters to the better of his patients, and in every case has found it a most satisfactory medicine."

Dr. O. J. WOOD & CO.,
No. 481 Broadway, New York,
And 24 Ryder Street, St. Louis, Mo.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$2,256,556 76
Dividends paid to date,	1,181,781 18
Losses paid,	2,421,865 58

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, become one society, and the accumulated fund is entirely due to the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers **unusual security** and **advantages.**

It possesses over **$2,000,000 Assets.**

Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mort. gages on Real Estate,** which is more than double the amount it owes.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks owned by are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The **insured get all the profit o.**

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the **loan one of Lives.**

It is **economical** in the management of its business.

It is **prompt** in the payment of losses.

Applications for insurance may be addressed to the Company, by addressing Premiums on Policies for Life, Endowment, or for a limited term of years, may be paid in full, or in part, in cash, or in cash and one-half in note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, and one-half in cash at the end of one year, with interest on deferred payments.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the profits in Cash; those who desire it, and those who prefer Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful calculations of mortality.

This Company has on the large number of 3172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of policies issued would not materially increase the **expenses of the Company**, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All kinds of Life Insurance must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should avoid the accumulation of these expenses, to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of four per cent. on all policies that have been in force one year, on the 1st day of January last, 1861.

Applications for insurance may be made to
R. S. THALHEIM,
Agent, Lowell.
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.
may2 dly

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor that will last for ages to come. It is the only remedy that can be relied on for curing piles, fistula, fever sores, ulcers, salt rheum, scalds, burns, scrofula, and all diseases of the skin.

It causes the origin of the tender tissues to come, and heals without a scar.

It lifts the old coat off from his stricken when he applies the Salve.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is full of milk.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the face of the pimple faced youth.

It is sovereign against scalds.

It is a certain remedy for chilblains.

It cures the most malignant inflammations, and does it in a few days.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For all glorious independence of pain.

For all diseases of the skin.

For sore eyes.

For all that is human else can.

Every where it goes, north, south, east, and, as it is the only remedy that can be relied on for curing, nothing short of counterfeiting will prevent its universal use.

Beware of the counterfeit. Whitten's Golden Salve is the only genuine. Any person selling a counterfeit will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Sold by druggists and country dealers generally.

Depot, 36 Merrimack street, Lowell.

Address all letters for information to
WHITTEN & CO.,
Proprietors.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statement Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest established as well as new, give it their unqualified assertion, and recommend it to all classes of the community, as the only preparation that will effectually and speedily, in all cases, thoroughly purify and renovate the hair from being gray, and to its fallings, may age, as it will do more than any other preparation ever before offered to the public.

Oak Grove, S. C., June 24th, 1859.
Prof. O. J. Wood: *Dear Sir*: Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to fully prescribe and give your Hair Restorative a perfect trial.

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Dr. O. J. WOOD & CO.,
No. 481 Broadway, New York,
And 24 Ryder Street, St. Louis, Mo.

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, BUTTER COOLERS
SPOONS AND SPOONS OF ALL STERLING QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
GOLD PENS, METAL, ENGLISH SETTING
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, ETC.
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLES, TABLE, DESSERT AND CARVING KNIVES, IVORY HANDLES, CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Groups and head-rests for sale cheap.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
Store open in the very best style.
feb9tuly

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and sound circulation of the blood is health. As a natural, that is to say, an extraordinary flow of blood, or the congestion of the blood in diseases. To illustrate: regularity of the blood in the veins is health, and irregularity of the blood in the veins of the Kidneys, Bowels, Liver, Lungs, Throat, Heart, Nerves, &c., &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and to cure these diseases, you must restore a proper circulation. To remove certain morbid matter, for instance, from the Kidneys, or Liver, or Lungs, &c. What causes the blood to circulate?

Answer—Medicine. A mixture of much study among scientific and medical men; and the result of which is, that we have made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been found that there is nothing that will produce decrease in blockage, to make this Medicine.

Acknowledging like the life-gift of the Creator, that "the blood is the life," and that "we have our being," we will venture the remark, that all diseases are the result of impure blood.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood will show that they are composed of the following elements, viz: Iron, Albumen, Fibrine, Soda, Phosphate of Lime, Water, Fatty matter, Chloride of Sodium, Phosphate of Soda, Phosphate of Magnesia, Potash, Sulphate of Potash, Lactate of Soda, Urea, Lactic Acid, Oxide of Iron, Carbonate of Soda, Carbonate of Lime, Oxide of Iron, Carbonate of Soda, Carbonate of Lime, Oxide of Iron, Carbonate of Soda, Carbonate of Lime

THE DAILY COURTIER

Tuesday, October 15, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

JUDGING from the tone of the intelligence that reaches us through our exchanges from all quarters of the country, the fact is evident that a better state of things exists, and that people are looking forward with more hopefulness of important movements on the part of the Federal forces, both by sea and land. Notwithstanding the efforts of the authorities to keep back from the public the dedicated expedition to the South, enough has "leaked out" to show that a grand movement, embracing a fleet of greater magnitude than was ever before known in America, will soon be shown being itself upon the southern coast. How for operations have already progressed is not known, but it is apparent that when the blow is struck, it will be powerful and decisive. It is by no means impossible that New Orleans is already in possession of the Federal forces, for very rumor respecting the matter was made from southern sources, and as a general thing the rebels take no pains to send abroad intelligence that does not favor their side. But if that city is all that is claimed over by the secessionists, its "day of redemption" cannot be far distant, for it is a point of too much importance to be left long in the possession of the traitors. From Kentucky the intelligence is encouraging. The loyal sons of that State were rallying from every quarter, and soon, with the aid of the Union forces under Gen. Anderson, her leading men declare that they will be prepared to drive from their soil the rebels who are invading it. In Missouri a still better state of things exists. Price is fleeing, and at last accounts was within about twenty-five miles of the Arkansas line. It is impossible to conjecture at what point he is aiming; but it is a fact that a retreating army is not a very dangerous one. Gen. Price's men are reported to be deserting, and the reports represent that the whose army is getting tired and sick of the war; it has accomplished nothing yet, and the prospect of its doing so certainly is not very inspiriting. It is very day recruiting farther and farther from civilization. Gen. Fremont, although not within many miles of the rebel army, is sufficiently near it to watch its movements, and keep it on the retreat.—The whereabouts of Gen. Ben. McCulloch (who dies periodically) is unknown, but he is probably in Arkansas, and we think that at this time, there is no body of rebels of proportions large enough for mischief, threatening any important point in Missouri. It is gratifying, also, to observe that there will soon be a better state of feeling in our own armies in Missouri. It is apparent that every day the eminent in fa or of Fremont is improving, and it is believed that the presence of Gen. Cameron (Secretary of War), will close up the unhappy breach between Gen. Fremont and Col Blair, or at least lead to a settlement of their difficulties.

The condition of the army in the vicinity of Washington; its careful advance and occupation of available points in the rebel army has recently occupied, but has been unable to hold, even when not pressed by the Federal troops; the admirable manner in which McClellan conducts himself of every advantage that arises; coupled with his extraordinary popularity in his army, and his vigilance along the line now occupied by him, has found the belief in the minds of nearly all that no attack will be made by the rebel troops, and the fight will be made near Washington, unless one is brought on by Gen. McClellan.

The tone of the rebel press at Richmond indicates a change of sentiment, and equates somewhat of a disposition to back down. This was particularly apparent in the article in the Richmond Whig, in relation to Kentucky affairs. The following paragraph is certainly significant:—

The telegraph informs us that Gov. Magoffin has issued his proclamation, requiring the Confederate troops to leave that State. This proceeding, with the action of the Legislature, makes it the duty of the State. It is competent for the Confederate authorities to regard it as a contraband; maintain their position, and let all their enemies wherever they find them.—But it is our province, also, to respect the proclamation of the Governor, if we choose to do so, and promptly withdraw our forces and leave the people of the State to settle their difficulties in their own way. If they prefer civil war among themselves or quiet submission to the Lincoln despotism, it is their affair.—This latter course is the one which under the grave consideration that our Confederacy is based upon the principle of State sovereignty, and that we desire no policy but who does not enter it willingly and cheerfully. It may be that the present Legislature does not represent the wishes of the majority of the people; but of that fact we have no official cognizance. The people themselves must make that appear by a change of their agents. While our authorities are privileged to treat the conduct of the State as either warlike or pacific, it might not be a bad stroke of policy to regard it in the latter aspect, and leave the fate of the 2 to time in its own hands.

Looking over the whole ground, we think the loyal men everywhere at this time—notwithstanding there are many annoying little things—have good reasons for feeling encouraged at this stage of the war against our country's traitors.

COL. BLAIR'S SPECIFICATIONS. The *Cincinnati Gazette*, one of the most influential newspapers in the West, uses the following language in regard to Col. Blair's specifications, which "book up" his charges against Gen. Fremont:—

"They cover a great deal of ground; and, if proven, would make a case of inefficiency, at least. Yet we have had inefficiency and incompetency in our army before now, but no court martial. If one is ordered in this case, it will be the first one; and after Great Bethel was passed over without any inquiry, and Bull Run, and the terrible disorganization of the army at Washington for a week after that affair, and after General Patterson, whom the administration believed to be a traitor, has been honorably discharged, it would seem rather invidious for the Government to begin its court martial discipline with the case of Fremont just as he has taken the field. The demand for a court martial can only have a wide to the exigencies of the public service."

THE GREAT NAVAL EXPEDITION. Our exchanges are talking about a great naval expedition, which is being fitted out at New York. An immense amount of tonnage is included in the grand expedition. Some of the vessels have already sailed.—We believe may be the destination of the second this large fleet, we have no doubt that grand results will follow the enterprise.—It will be composed of 15 steamships, 25,000 tons; 8 chartered ships, 6,000 tons; 10 do. barques, 4,480 tons; 22 schooners, besides a large number of gunboats.

PRICE OF POTATOES. The following table, carefully prepared for the *American Agriculturist* by Mr. Henry B. Walker, a large dealer in New York, will be found interesting and useful. The statistics have reference to the best potatoes at wholesale prices. It will be noticed that the price has fallen every year, with but one exception, since 1854.

Average price per bushel.

	1856	1855	1854	1857	1858	1859	1860
January,	$1 00	$1 12	$1 87	$1 87	$0 75	$1 00	$1 00
February,	1 18	1 25	0 72	1 00	1 00	0 87	0 90
March,	1 12	1 12	0 81	0 90	1 00	0 87	0 90
April,	1 50	1 45	0 62	1 35	0 77	0 81	0 85
May,	1 50	1 50	0 62	1 50	0 75	0 75	0 85
June,	1 50	1 50	0 62	1 50	0 75	0 75	0 85
July,	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	0 87	0 87	0 85
August,	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	0 87	0 87	0 85
September,	1 00	0 69	0 75	0 85	0 87	0 80	0 85
October,	1 00	0 69	0 75	0 85	0 87	0 80	0 85
November,	1 00	0 81	0 84	0 85	0 80	0 80	0 85
December,	1 00	0 87	0 87	0 85	0 80	0 80	0 85
Average,	$1 32	$1 26	$0 75	$1 00	$0 75	$0 80	$0 86

LOCAL POLITICS. The political parties, as they now stand in this city, may correctly enough be classified as follows:—Positive Republicans, Absolute Abolitionists, Doubtful Democrats, Obscure Americans, Irregular Republicans, Fusiferous Whigs, Questionable Union Men, Hesitating Secessionists, the Expectant Peoples' Party, the No-ing Party, and the Free Drinkers. Each party has a name to make a burnt-offering to secure the salvation of the country, but somebody won't let 'em.

A NEW PUBLIC HOUSE. Mr. Charles Willard has recently opened a hotel at the old "Little Stand," four miles this side of Nashua, and furnished his house with everything necessary for the comfort and satisfaction of his guests. "Miss Is at" Willard is one of the olden sort of tavern keepers—affable and merry, fond of a joke, good at a story, devoted to his guests, and, above all, he can keep a hotel." Let riding and sleighing come on, and those who have occasion to go over the road, give him a call. His prices are to suit the times. "May his shadow never be less!"

CAPT. R. C. KENDALL, formerly of the United States Coast Survey, who is the discoverer of the pneumatic cotton tree that will flourish in cold climates, predicts that "the period is not very far remote when the cheapest, most efficient steamer, shall yield annual dividends of thirty, ocean-steamships, blending the useful with the beautiful, shall repay ten fold their cost and outlay; when the rugged heights of the Hudson, the plains of New Jersey, the fertile valleys of the Keystone State, and the undulating prairies of the great West, shall gleam in the sunlight, white as the winter drift, with generous pods of Democratic cotton."

It is said that the Secretary of War is becoming impatient with the expense of bands of music for the army, as it already amounts to a sum that will make this single item of expenditure $4,000,000 a year.

SALE OF VALUABLE MANUFACTURING PROPERTY. E. B. Patch of Lowell, sold yesterday at auction, the Amherst Mills, in Sudbury, consisting of a large factory building 364 feet in length, 17 dwelling-houses, and other brick and wooden buildings, with ample water power and machinery for the manufacture of carpets, and employing upward of 200 operatives. The original cost of the property at a recent date, was about two hundred thousand dollars. Gen. H. Preston was the purchaser at $71,000, cash.

GOV. BERRY, of New Hampshire, has received word from the Secretary of War that no more horses or wagons will be wanted, as the Government has now an abundant supply.

THANKS FOR FREMONT. In one of the Troy public, a few days ago, the following was found:—"In the enemy in front and a disloyal and disorderly people behind."

REV. W. C. CLARK, of Haverhill, has accepted an invitation to take charge of the Unitarian Church at East Cambridge.

PROMPT ACTION OF GOV. ANDREW. The Boston papers state that a few days ago evidence having been laid before Gov. Andrew that an officer appointed to an important position in one of the Massachusetts Regiments, had been engaged in some criminal monetary transactions of a recent date, an order for his removal was at once issued and put in execution.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and the main army. Permanent barracks are to be erected in Washington for 60,000 troops.

The rebels in considerable force, showed themselves, Saturday, before Gen. Hancock's headquarters, with a large Parrott gun, flanked on both sides by brass howitzers, but retired without firing a shot.—Sunday morning they appeared in some force on Prospect Hill, near Great Falls, but, after a short stay, retired. The War Department has ordered Gen. Sherman to reinstate all of the officers of the 24th Illinois Regiment, removed by Gen. Fremont. The Federal forces are cutting down the forest on Miner's Hill. Gen. Wilson's Regiment has arrived in Washington.

The rebels on Saturday advanced to Pohick Church, 12 miles from Alexandria, and after dinner left on the road with wagons, but no troops paid no hostile attention to them.

Reports have been current for several days, that Gen. Banks has crossed the Potomac, and even hard fighting is rumored. but it is certain that no such information had officially reached Washington last night.

From Banks' Division. A boat with six rebels was fired at by one of our sentinels on the night of the 9th inst., killing or wounding one of them. It is supposed that the rebel encampments are in communicate with Cross, lately arrested as a spy. Some of the regiments are preparing for winter quarters. The Massachusetts 2nd are occupying a spacious shed for their barren and lagging cellars for their tents.

From Cairo. The rebels have sent in proposals for an exchange of prisoners. Gen. Halleck has replied that he could make no exchange, as he did not recognize the Southern Confederacy, but he would communicate with higher authority on the subject. Gen. Halleck, however, has made her what she now is. Her handsome appearance on the stage, also adds greatly to her talents as a singer. The programme is really fine for this concert. The selection of operatic pieces and ballads must suit all connoisseurs of the divine art, knowing that they will be rendered in splendid style. Mr. Hoffman, of New York, will be remembered by our concert goers, having played here with Parodi. He is quite a favorite in Boston, and adds immensely to the success of a concert by his masterly execution on the piano forte. We have no doubt but the hall will on this occasion be crowded with the musical people of our citizens, as there has been a dearth of first class concerts in our city for many months. We trust that Mad. Varian will receive the patronage from us, that her great talents so justly deserves, so that she may again favor us during the season. The price of tickets is exceedingly moderate, and all should attend this splendid concert.

CAPT. WARREN'S COMPANY. The following communication refers to a fact briefly stated in our columns yesterday:—

LOWELL, October 14th, 1861.

EDITOR LOWELL COURIER.—Company D, Captain Warren, was very happily and unexpectedly surprised on Saturday, October 12th, by receiving a new uniform, hats, shirts, a blanket in number to supply every man, shoes, and other necessary articles of wearing apparel, with a substantial and convenient dry warm article, containing three pockets each. The company are under great gratitude, and are desirous of expressing the same to the donors—the ladies and members of the First Universalist Society, and especial by Rev. Mr. Twiss and Capt. J. G. Peabody, who were instrumental in delivering the garments to the grateful recipients. The new company Company C are in hopes of repaying the kindness of the above mentioned friends, by wearing those the shirts through a rent or tear in the back, from the actual service in which they are in great anticipation of serving an honorable and important part.

SUPERIOR COURT. *Putnam, J.* Bancroft vs. Abbott, Administrator of Geo. Thatcher, was taken from the jury yesterday on a question of law, and the Court will rule upon it, and it will probably not be a full bench on the ruling of the Court.

Edson vs. Jackson, commenced yesterday, was given to the jury this morning; jury out at 3 P. M. This action

was brought to recover the sum of one hundred dollars alleged to have been lent to the defendant by Edson, and personal property put up for security, on the ship city was found not to be sufficient, hence this suit. J. C. Kimball for plaintiff; H. G. Blaisdell and A. R. Brown for defendant.

Crockett vs. Phelan is now on trial, and will occupy all day. This action is brought to recover a sum due on an alleged bond said to have been given by Phelan to the plaintiff, agreeing to pay him so much per month to support defendant's wife; the defendant's wife left him, and has since lived with the plaintiff in this city, when her son by a former husband. J. C. Kimball for plaintiff; H. G. Blaisdell and A. R. Brown for defendant.

ALL ladies who are interested in the welfare of our country, are kindly invited to meet in the vestry of John Street Church, at 2 o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, to assist in making small comforts for the soldiers; and also to bring all the material they can, such as old down skirts of any kind, or other material they may have on hand. Woolen stockings and blankets are also solicited.

DRESS GOODS. Desirable styles of nice dress goods are very scarce, and we take pleasure in informing our numerous lady readers that Joseph S. Brown, No. 54 Merrimack Street, has just opened some fancy, rich, and choice styles of French and German goods, that arrived in the last steamer from Europe.

ARRIVAL PARADES. This is about the time that our military companies had their annual parade, target practice, &c. The companies took an earlier and longer excursion this year to Washington, Baltimore, &c., and most of the members were so pleased with their visit that they completed returning.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Richardson Light Infantry, Better Rifles, and Still Cadets.

The Soldiers' AM Association will meet a bus to the Stevenson and Companies on THURSDAY, 17th inst. Packages weighing not over three pounds each, will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, 5-45 M. on that date and be forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

oct15d2w W. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol.

The Soldiers' AM Association will send a box to Company A, Cpt. E. G. Russell, Second Regiment Mass. Volunteers, on WEDNESDAY, 16th inst.

Packages for shipment must be left at such time as will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, until 12 M. on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

oct14d2w W. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth at the Police Court, by request made, Friday I disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860 to June 23d, 1861, can obtain their fees of the Deputy Clerk in the building afternoon office hours.

oct11d1w E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

GRAND CONCERT.—Mad. Varian. With pleasure we announce to our readers, that this magnificent singer is to visit our city. Arrangements have been completed for her to appear next Thursday evening, at Mechanics' Hall. The sale of tickets, we learn has been put at twenty-five cents. The Boston press class this lady amongst the finest singers of the day, but further down east they prefer her to Biancacianni, Parodi and others. One editor goes so far as to state that he may hear better singing during his life-time, but doubts it. She must unquestionably be a great artist, for the series of concerts she is now giving in Boston are crowded with the fashion of the city. Her voice is said to be of unusual sweetness, bearing much in resemblance to that of Jenny Lind. The control she has over the half voice is said to puzzle the best critics; but a vast am sunt of study under the great masters of Europe, has made her what she now is. Her handsome appearance on the stage, also adds greatly to her talents as a singer. The programme is really fine for this concert. The selection of operatic pieces and ballads must suit all connoisseurs of the divine art, knowing that they will be rendered in splendid style. Mr. Hoffman, of New York, will be remembered by our concert goers, having played here with Parodi. He is quite a favorite in Boston, and adds immensely to the success of a concert by his masterly execution on the piano forte. We have no doubt but the hall will on this occasion be crowded with the musical people of our citizens, as there has been a dearth of first class concerts in our city for many months. We trust that Mad. Varian will receive the patronage from us, that her great talents so justly deserves, so that she may again favor us during the season. The price of tickets is exceedingly moderate, and all should attend this splendid concert.

REVISED REGULATIONS FOR THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES, 1861. With a full index. By authority of the War Department. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co., publishers, No. 25 and 27 South Fourth Street.

At the present time the Revised Army Regulations is of especial importance, not only to the greatly increased number of officers of every grade, but to the vast multitude of soldiers—no ordinary enlisted men, but the flower of our country's youth and manhood, from all stations and education who have been led into this struggle neither by mercenary motives nor by the love of adventure, but by an intelligent patriotism which seeks to instruct itself up to the standard of military usefulness.

To meet this great want, this elegant and complete edition of the REVISED REGULATIONS FOR THE ARMY has been issued, by an order of the Secretary of War, bearing date of August 10th, 1861. The duties of officers and privates of every grade is clearly defined, and they cannot but be of vast assistance to every intelligent soldier. It supersedes all former issues, and is in all respects suited to the present and prospective condition of the army. To this end, the work has been greatly increased and materially altered, thoroughly revised and corrected by the highest military authority, with the approval of the President of the United States; and the order of the Secretary of War declares that it "shall be strictly observed as the *sole* and standing authority upon the matter therein contained."

The Appendix embraces the Articles of War, containing many important corrections; also, selections from the Military Acts of Congress, including the Volunteer Act of last session. The book is an octavo of 560 pages, is elegantly printed on fine paper, with new and bold type, and has an admirable analytical index, for which every officer will be grateful; no former edition has ever had an index, and the want of one has long been felt.

This volume may be obtained in this city at I. C. Eastman's, corner of Central and Middle Streets.

CONVENTIONS. The Third Councilor Republican Convention will be held at Charlestown, on Wednesday, Oct.-ber 23d. The Republican Convention for Middlesex County will be held at the same place on the same day.

The Senatorial Convention for the Sixth Middlesex District, will be announced sometime this week, probably. The committee is S. W. Sickney, H. H. Wilder, Silas Piper, Lowell; Josiah Ames, Jr., Dracut; Jacob Cogswell, Tewksbury.

The calls for these Conventions so far as they have been issued, are worded almost in the same as was that for the Republican State Convention.

SENT FORWARD. A battalion of four companies of troops, forming the nucleus of the Eleventh Regiment of Infantry, U. S. Army, left Boston yesterday afternoon for Terryville, Md., where it is understood they will enter a camp of instruction. Quite a number of the corps are from this city, having been recruited by Capt. C. U. Jones, who has been stopping here for several weeks, but who has now gone to Boston.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! French Zouave, black ground with wrought majnta figure, Shepard Plaids, and many other new and desirable styles of shawls have been received by Joseph S. Brown, No. 54 Merrimack Street.

PACKAGES FOR FORTRESS MONROE.—The city sent away to-day a large box containing about one hundred and forty packages, for the soldiers at Fortress Monroe, from all companies there, Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles and Hill Cadets.

SEE notice, in another place, of a box to be sent by the Soldiers' Aid Association to Fortress Monroe.

POLICE COURT. There was no occasion for a session of this Court to-day

A SUGGESTION ABOUT BLANKETS FOR SOLDIERS. We copy the following suggestion from the *Boston Journal*:

"It has been suggested that a large portion of the carpeting manufactured at Lowell and other places might, very easily and beneficially, be converted into blankets. Such carpeting, perhaps, is of a regulation blanket's," but good, service-able, substantial blankets, adequate to the immediate wants of the men. If this should be made at short notice from carpeting already in the hand and in process of weaving—the Lowell Manufacturing Company could turn out ten or twenty thousand of these blankets in the course of a few days, and at a much less cost than Government is now paying for blankets. Why not try the experiment before the brave boys begin to shiver?"

The *Montreal Pilot* states that a gentleman of that city has received a letter from a relative in Brussels, in America, the special correspondent of the *London Times*.

Upward of ten thousand men are now employed at the Brooklyn, Charlestown, Philadelphia, Washington and Portsmouth Navy Yards.

CLERGYMAN ENLISTED. Rev. Charles Cook, Baptist clergyman at West Gardiner, Me., has enlisted as a private in the 11th Maine Regiment. He is a native of Baltimore, where his friends now reside.

THERE is a Colt in Hartford, Ct., said to be the worst colt in town. It is proposed to hold a horse fair in that city soon.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
Now before the public.

All others are more imitations, and should be avoided by all who wish to escape ridicule.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR Dye instantly in a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to the hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR, and over 80,000 applications have been made to the hair of Ladies and Gentlemen.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a soft or not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, and Canadas, as well as at WM. A. BATCHELOR'S, No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St.

Less 33⅓ Broadway, Box 1,586. oct9 1y

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN EARTHLY RIVAL to
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it IS THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR THE HAIR

THAT IS IN USE FOR PRODUCING A
LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

AND
FOR RESTORING A CLEAN SCALP,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Based on Asch corp's statement:

Boston, Dec. 26, 1859.

WILLIAM W. F. HEIMSTREET:—Dear Sir:—Having used your HAIR RESTORATIVE in my family for the last two years, I take pleasure in recommending it as the best article for restoring the hair that I have ever used. I never hesitate to recommend it to my friends, and to the public, as I know it will do all that is claimed for it. I am, dear sir, yours truly,

C. B. EMMONS,
Apothecary.

W. F. HEAR & CO., Troy, N. Y., have the cheapest and best Hair Dye in the world. Sold by all druggists. oct15 1y

Will you suffer with Coughs and Colds, and invite Consumption's strong holds?
Or will you look for immediate cure?
By purchasing a sweeter expectorant?

It arrests and cures incipient Cough with ease,
And checks its onward progress into chronic disease.

Rattles at the throat and seat of Cold,
And frees the lungs and kills the hold.

In winter, season, and the ever-changing airs,
Its soon Composition in its matter forms.

Then come either when the seasons change from one Ward to another, are requested to give notice to the Clerk of this City, either in person or in writing, in order that their names may appear upon the Check List of the Ward in which they reside.

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

oct14d3w JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, City Clerk.
City of Lowell, Oct. 8th, 1861. oct9d3wlord

CITY OF LOWELL.

Marion Street, Lowell, September 16th, 1861.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Contract for the Water Closet by Francis Smith and others, dated March 1st, 1861, for the Water Closet in the Public Schools Building, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all persons interested in the matter of the petition for the alteration of said Water Closet, as they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of the Committee.

sep16d3w RICHARD C. BAKER, Clerk.

CITY CLAIMS.

In Committee of Aldermen,
January 18th, 1861.

ORDERED. That the Second Quarterly Salary Bills, duly approved, be presented to the City Auditor on Monday, the 21st day of March, June, September, and December and that the Treasurer be directed to pay the same the month next succeeding.

And that all Pay Rolls be presented to the Auditor on or before the 15th day of each month.

That all Bills presented for Labor, be made within the first day of each month. And that all Bills presented for Materials, be made on or before the third day of each month, and be delivered to the Auditor.

All bills presented for payment must specify the number of days each person has been employed, and the number of days' labor, where it is for labor, where it was performed—with proper vouchers.

Items charged to different Appropriations must be kept entirely distinct.

All Bills not presented and approved as above will be laid over for one month.

HOSTUM HOSKINS,
ALVAH D. COLBY,
HENRY S. OSGOOD,
HENRY C. PERKINS,
GEORGE G. DANA,

Committee.

A true copy. Attest: JOHN C. ABBOTT, In City Hall—
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 5 P. M. GEO. GARDNER, Auditor.
City of Lowell, Jan. 18, 1861. jan21

Eclectic Medical Infirmary,

NO. 4 HURD STREET, LOWELL.

ESTABLISHED 1856

The treatment of those diseases in both sexes requiring Eclectic and Botanic Medical Skill.

SCIENCE has diffused its intelligence over and through all parts of Nature even the ocean and the earth, and has developed the fact that the sick whom very extensive remedies can be found, and for many diseases Science is Nature. Science is the true physician restoration to health, by early giving heed and Nature's remedies. Science is the true and only remedy discovered Science is Nature.

ST. JOHN'S REMEDIES

For the cure of
Rheumatism arising from habitual fatigue or by the Blood Disease.
And for those diseases arising from habits of dissipation.

MAGNETISM.

Are the only reliable remedies for the above complaints.

In every case a cure warranted.

The well-known success and reliable effect of the

ECLECTIC RENOVATING

Need no further recommendation than to give them a trial. In numerous cases they ever failed to effect a speedy cure.

PATIENTS

Can be cured at their homes by addressing a letter to the Infirmary, stating their case fully and correctly, and the medicine will be sent by Express, with full directions for use. Address as above, and post-paid.

DR. J. B. HUGHES, M. D.,
Physician and Proprietor.

N.B.—In all cases an assortment of Medicines will accompany the above.

oct15d1w

LONG ISLAND HOUSE,

BOSTON HARBOR.

This celebrated watering place having been thoroughly refitted and repaired, is now open to the public. The Billiard Saloon and Bowling Alley have been put in perfect order. No pains will be spared that will contribute to the comfort of the guests of the House.

Parties to correspond to the *times*. The first class steamer Adams will make tares trips to the Island daily, as follows:

Leave Foster's wharf at 9 A. M., 2d and 7 P. M. Leave Long Island at 10 A. M., 3 and 8 P. M. Leave Boston at 12 M., 5 and 9 P. M. Fare 15 cents each trip.

HENRY C. AMORY, Manager.
Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy18d7

FOR SALE,

A good Farm situated on a branch road, in Nashua, N. H., containing of 160 acres of excellent land. The buildings are in good repair, and consist of all the modern improvements in agriculture. The farm is well watered, and well fenced with 60 head of cattle—a good two-story house, the cellar of which is filled with good wood, and a good carriage house—also an excellent orchard of grafted fruit trees; a good barn on a good road, two miles from the depot, and a mile from a village, where is a good school, a grist mill, and in every respect a desirable location for a gentleman's residence. Will be sold cheap, and part credit given, or would exchange for unincumbered property in Lowell. Inquire of J. P. MANAHAN, Nos. 19 and 21 Middle Street, or in the afternoon, of JOHN SPAULDING, the proprietor, on the premises. Lowell, Sept. 7th, 1861. sep9

HOUSE AND LAND

FOR SALE.

A double tenement House with a large L and Wood-house, and about one acre of land. Also, a store on Central Street, adjoining the premises of John F. Kimball and house of Mrs. Lucy A. Wright, formerly the residence of the late Maj. Asa Clement.

The house is pleasantly located on one of the finest streets in the city, commanding views from a good well on the premises, furnished with pump and sufficient water.

There is a good title to the property, and will be sold on easy terms of payment. Inquire of the subscriber, at his residence, No. 11 Hurd Street, (Willard's Block), which he will find to be a variety of convenient rooms with a separate room for Ladies and Children within and a good stable.

He assures the public that nothing shall be wanting on his part to render satisfaction.

Lowell, March 19th, 1861. mar19d3m

Brushes! Brushes!

WINDOW BRUSHES, Dusters, with long handles, Scrub Brushes, Lamp Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Dust Brushes, Counter Brushes, Wash Brushes and a full Brush and Broom assortment, constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices. Brushes repaired and to order.

Store No. 3 Prescott Block, 54 Merrimack s

sep28 1m

SPECIAL

DENTAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned has this day associated with him in partnership in the practice of Dental Surgery and will continue at the present office of the senior partner, Dr. A. LAWRENCE, on John Street.

For the purpose of affording additional room and the very latest improvements in the practice of Dental Surgery, the partnership with small expense requires for furnishing them, a hydraulic lift for raising rolling mills and other appliances necessary to the elegant and elegance of work manship.

Filling with chemically pure gold. Extracting, &c., attended to.

A. LAWRENCE,
O. W. LAWRENCE,
Dentists.

Lowell, June 1, 1861. jy1

BININGER'S
OLD DOMINION
WHEAT-TONIC

For Family and Medicinal Use.

THIS natural product of the most nutritious grain, in concentrated form, is presented to the public and the medical profession, as a preventive of disease, and a restorative of health and vigor, with the full assurance, in possession of the most unqualified testimonials, of its possessing qualities that are unsurpassed by any medicine in use. Those who are suffering from Consumption, Dyspepsia, Debility, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach and Bowels, Headache, Irregularities, Female Complaints, Jaundice, Low Spirits, Liver Complaint, Piles, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Scurvy, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, Sores, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Canker, Mercurial Diseases, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Sea Sickness, Nausea, Vomiting, Worms, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Costiveness, Flatulency, Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Female Weakness, Irregularities, Suppressions, Whites, Prolapsus Uteri, Leucorrhœa, Uterine Diseases, Nervous Affections, Hysterics, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Tetanus, Paralysis, Dropsy, Gravel, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Urinary Organs, Blood Diseases, Impurities of the Blood, Fevers of all kinds, Inflammatory Diseases, Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Scarlet Fever, Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever, Scarlatina, Measles, Small Pox, Mumps, Chicken Pox, Whitlow, Felon, Gout, Neuralgia, Tumors, Cancers, Worms, Fits, Insanity, Jaundice, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Piles, Fistula, Fever Sores, Scalds, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Wounds, Backache, Pain in the Loins, Kidneys, Hips, Knees, Legs, Feet, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Yellow Fever, Scarlet Fever, Scarlatina, Measles, Small Pox, Chicken Pox, Mumps

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY

IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq. *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have been without a bottle on hand—when I commenced the use, my hair was quite white, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying once or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, luxuriant, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I state above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or can flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that we all would like, naturally and even more wonderful soon through your Union. I have brought my line in selling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and plan me in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects to my customers. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by questioning the parties, that they had not used your article at all; but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed time and these articles never did any good in the end, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing the people will patronize to an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely substituting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,296, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Logan Co., Ill., Feb. 1, 1861.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I was a child five years old, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over forty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very great and good effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was some fiction that there is in most of the entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black; I nourished I would not be very expensive, commenced using a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, and after having commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered my hair was being restored, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably checked, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as great a head of dark brown, or light like it had as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when I was one of the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is very soft, and it is falling off and is as soft and fine, and feels as it did when I was a child. I am now in my sixty-fifth year, and have had many friends to use your Restorative, and they have all been pleased with the effect. I am not in the habit of puffing or recommending, but I feel that you are entitled to the benefit of my experience, and I have no objection to your using my name.

Yours, truly,
J. W. HUNT.

WITNESS: Dr. Dobyns, Alton, Co., Ohio, is an item where Fever and Ague prevail, and his statement thereby commands a deal of credited merit in all cases of Fever and Ague. Druggists in Cincinnati, Ohio, is several. Indeed

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, October 16, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

SIXTH MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, (comprising Pepperell, Dracut and Tewksbury) and all others favorable to supporting the Government, are requested to meet in Convention at Worcester on the 1st instant, are invited to meet at Jackson Hall, in Lowell, THURSDAY, the 24th inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator, and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. Each City and Town in said District will be the same as at the last Republican Senatorial Convention held at Worcester.

JOHN A. AMES,
JAMES COGGIN, } Committee.

Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. 2t

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Middlesex County Republican Committee invite the citizens of the Third Councilor District, who are in favor of Union for the support of the Government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war, to send delegates to a Convention to be held in the City Hall at Charlestown, on WEDNESDAY next, the 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Councilor. The representation will be the same as at the State Convention.

FRANCIS CHILDS, Chairman.
WM. T. GRAYMAR, Secretary.
Charlestown, Oct. 12, 1861. 16dTWAM

COUNCILLOR CONVENTION.

The Third Councillor District Committee, consisting of the twelve Citizens of the Third Councillor District, who are in favor of Union for the support of the Government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war, to send delegates to a Convention to be held in the City Hall at Charlestown, on WEDNESDAY next, the 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Councillor. The representation will be the same as at the State Convention.

FRANCIS CHILDS, Chairman.
WM. T. GRAYMAR, Secretary.
Charlestown, Oct. 12, 1861. 16dTWAM

THE WAR NEWS.

Missouri matters. The *New York Tribune's* special Washington dispatch says that the Secretary of War has ordered Gen. Fremont to discontinue, as unnecessary, his works around St. Louis, and Jefferson City, and to suspend work on the barracks building near his residence for his body guard of three hundred cavalry, and to employ all the money in the hands of the disbursing officers to the payment of the current expenses of his army in Missouri, and to let all his debts in St. Louis, amounting to $4,500,000, remain unpaid until properly examined and sent to Washington for settlement.

He has also ordered the disbursing officers to disburse their funds, and not transfer them to persons who do not hold commissions from the President and are not under bonds. And he further ordered that hereafter all contracts be made by the regular disbursing officers of the army.—Gen. Fremont was also informed that payment would not be made to officers appointed by him, of whom there were two hundred, who had never received the endorsement of the President.

Kentucky. A company of Kentucky secessionists, consisting of Lieut. Col. Stevenson, Charles A. Withers, late superintendent of the Kentucky Central Railroad, Mr. Moss, his son-in-law, J. Pence and Samuel Howard, father-in-law of Major Samuel K. Hayne, now in the rebel army, was arrested at Covington, Kentucky, on Friday.

Virtual exchange of prisoners. The following has been issued from the headquarters of the army as a special order:—

"Fifty-seven United States soldiers detained as prisoners in Richmond having been released on taking an oath not to take up arms against the States in rebellion, or in equal number of Union prisoners of war taken from those States, now confined in Washington and in the North, the latter will be released on taking the prescribed oath of allegiance to the United States, or an oath not to engage in arms against the United States."

The names of the prisoners who were liberated by the rebel authorities at Richmond, are published.

The quarrel between Wise and Floyd.—The Richmond papers of last Friday substantiate the report of a serious quarrel between Wise and Floyd, which grew out of charges made against the military management of the latter. Wise himself was ill, almost beyond hope of recovery, and his cause is taken up by the proprietors of the *Enquirer*, who, in response to threats of court martial, challenge Floyd to seek the satisfaction usual among gentlemen.

Reported naval battle at New Orleans. A very exaggerated account of a naval battle near New Orleans, has been sent North. The following is the substance of what appeared in the *Norfolk Examiner* of Monday. It is needless to say the representations are disbelieved.—

"At Fort Jackson, Oct. 12th. Last night I attacked the Brooklyn with my whole fleet. I succeeded, after a very short struggle, in driving them all ashore and in the utmost panic, except the Preble, which I sunk. I captured a prize from them, and after they were fast in the sand I popped them well. There were no casualties on our side. It was a complete success. (Signed) HOLLINS."

A dispatch from New Orleans, dated the 12th, says the force of the fleet was 18, that was 60 guns and nearly 1600 men, while the little mosquito fleet was only 16 guns and 300 men. It is reported that our iron steamer sunk the Preble with her iron prow. Commodore Hollins arrived last night.

Other matters. Gen. Wilson's regiment is already established at Mason's Hill.

Richmond papers state that the steamer *Nashville* ran the blockade at Charleston on the 12th, with ex-Senator Mason as Minister to England, and John Slidell as Minister to France, with their wives.

There are reports partially substantiating an account of a fight between the Kansas troops under Montgomery and Ben McCulloch's rebels, but the report is yet too extravagant for belief. It is very probable that a fight has taken place without resulting in anything very important to either party.

CONNECTICUT AND THE WAR. The Connecticut Legislature, which is now in session, has passed a bill giving the Governor full authority to call for as many troops as the National Government may require of that State, and also appropriating $2,000,000 to arm and equip them. Provisions are also made to provide for the families of soldiers who are prisoners in the hands of the rebels. A proposal was also made (but we do not know its fate) to release to the United States, in lieu of the direct tax apportioned to Connecticut, so much of the claim of the State upon the General Government for equipping the volunteers in the public service as shall cover the sum apportioned.

On Friday, Gen. Butler being in Hartford, a resolution was passed by the Senate inviting him to visit that body. The invitation was accepted, and Gen. Butler was introduced by Mr. Converse, and received by the Governor, the Senators rising upon his coming in. The General's reply to as expressed desire that he should address the Senate was as follows:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Senate of Connecticut:—I have answered your summons, presented through your committee, with pleasure and profound gratitude for the courtesy you have extended to me. I have labored as much as your hands—if I could flatter myself I deserving it—would have been a reward for much greater and more valuable services than I have achieved. And I think the desire to see and hear me, on the present myself before you to be only the simple expression of the zeal and ardor you feel for the cause of the common country which we all serve. I felt obliged to obey your call, for I hold it to be the duty of the military to be subservient to the civil power. Though a few of the timid are in our country have felt fearful that the military power in this land would usurp the authority of the government, there is not the least danger; for though under military rule acts are sometimes done that are not justifiable in the midst of times of peace, they are justified in these times; but let no man fear, for in all cases in which they fold transfer the safety of the people, and when we who are engaged in military affairs shall return to our homes, we shall at once become subject to the law, made pursuant to the will of the people, which is the highest law under the vure of God. I have only to say for myself that I have now no deeper or higher motive than to serve my country. For this I feel that I have my pay in advance in this kind reception, for which please accept my sincere thanks. (Applause.)

In another place in our columns will be found the resolutions passed at the meeting of the Republican City Committee last evening. These resolutions, it will be seen, clearly endorse the policy pursued in the State Convention at Worcester, in the selection of candidates for State officers, and the support of the policy of the party in this city, (as far as it can be represented through such an organization), to be pursued even in minor matters.—Certainly those who are anxious to see the State ticket, will readily fall in with the proposition; for there is no propriety in adopting one policy at one end of the ticket, and another at the other. Those who will gladly go for the ticket nominated at Worcester by the Republicans, will assuredly desire to have it completed as it was begun. We do not think that the Republican Party can receive any injury by liberality in this respect; and, as heretofore, we shall favor representing all parties on our tickets in the elections that are fast approaching.

NOT SO. We published a few days ago a paragraph representing that Gen. E. W. Pierce was a private in Col. Webster's Regiment. This is not so. Being in the vicinity of the regiment's camp, on cases of alarm, he twice volunteered and stepped into the ranks, and once came near being shot by the careless use of a musket in the hands of a volunteer like himself. The *Taunton Gazette* says that Gen. Pierce had previously been in Washington, taking an investigation of the Bethel affair, and was informed that the official report of the battle contained nothing against him, all the blame having originated in the New York papers, through the enmity of one man toward Gen. Butler and himself Massachusetts officers. Gen. Pierce is at present at his home in Freetown.

From another source we learn General Pierce is raising a company for a Regiment in Freetown, which he proposes to lead. He has authority from the Governor, and is getting on very well.

MEXICO. The talked-of interference on the part of European powers in the Mexican troubles, is beginning to assume importance. Dispatches from Washington deny the truth of the assertion by the *London Times*, that our Government sanctions the alleged European intervention. "The assertion of the *Times*," it is said, "is entirely premature, but totally unfounded. No official notification of any intended European interference with the affairs of Mexico has reached the Government here, and of course no assertion or approval could have been given. The condition of Mexico has been a subject of grave consideration, and the policy of the Government in reference to it has been determined; but so far from favoring European intervention, the sympathies of the Government are decidedly with Mexico, and in favor of her independence of all European agencies.

The Southerners give a novel reason for the refusal of the General Government to exchange prisoners of war. They say that the Confederate soldiers are so much braver and better men than ours, that the President is willing to lose the services of the "poor trash" taken prisoner by them for the sake of keeping their valiant men from the field.

THE PROSPECT. The *Springfield Republican* has the following sensible remarks on the prospect of the National Government in its war against the wicked rebellion. They embrace much truth which people in their anxiety to see the right speedily triumph too soon forget.

At a time like this, when none but small and insignificant work is going on, upon the various theatres of war, nothing can be judged by apparent results; and men who only look at the outside of things get very much puzzled in weighing. We hear of a little skirmish here and there, in which the national forces are successful; but the skirmish has no bearing upon the grand result, and our gratification over it will be very apt to mislead us. We take courage from very small victories, and become elated with very trifling success. Again, we hear that our forces at some weak point have been overpowered and driven in by the sweeping down of a hundred rebels are taken prisoners. Immediately the corners of our mouths are drawn down, and we feel that our cause has received a great check. Now nothing can be more childish than this elation and the depression that follow these varying results as they are manifested by the public mind. They have just about as much relation to the issue as the weight of a fly would have to the breaking down of the suspension bridge at Niagara. They are neat to nothing.

It is stated, in a recent telegram from Washington, that volunteers are enlisting now in the loyal States at the rate of 50,000 a week. This will be a large estimate, and probably is, but if it comes anywhere near the truth, it tells more upon the rebellion than all the skirmishes that have taken place since the war commenced. It tells the rebel purchaser, but they may be seen for a day or two in our counting-room. They are the largest of anything of the kind we have ever seen.

MR. EDITOR: Allow me space in your columns to direct attention to the store of the corner opposite to the late Republican Convention at Worcester, in nominating candidates from the other political parties.

Resolved, That we recommend a milder course to be followed in this city, both in the State and Municipal elections.

Resolved, That in the midst of the war the state of the country, while it is desirable that party distinctions should not be made prominent, it is no less desirable to suppose that the Republican Party, by far the largest, should supercede its organization, as a mere organization is maintained by either of them.

Yours truly,
A REPUBLICAN.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Southern Southern States. Sent South and the War Department on this Map. It is drawn from actual surveys, and shows every foot of the Southern country from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte, Mexico.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 152 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell.
oct15d1t A. S. FISHER, Agent.

Richardson Light Infantry. Butler Rifles, and Mill Caddie.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the above-named Companies on THURSDAY, 17th inst. Articles for shipping may be delivered at the Aid Association Rooms, at the corner of Lowell Gas Light Co.'s Office, on Central Street, or left for collection by order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WIFE,
oct14d2p Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Fulton Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1859, to June 3rd, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during the present office hours.
sept23d2w A. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

REPUBLICAN CITY COMMITTEE. At a meeting of this Committee, held last evening, the following sub-committees were appointed:—

On speakers. Andrew Moody, Walter Wright, J. W. Graves, J. B. Keyes, J. C. Ayer, L. B. Morse.

On printing. M. G. Perkins, A. G. Cammock, G. R. Butler, Geo. W. Young, W. H. Parker, C. A. Adams.

The following resolutions were also passed by the committee by a unanimous vote:—

Whereas, the National Government is calling upon the Loyal citizens of all parties to sustain it in a most gigantic and serious and unprovoked rebellion; and, whereas, it is becoming the Republican Party as it proudly has done, to stand forth for them, with all our money to pay for the support of all our forces, and the munitions of war, we are organizing victory on a magnificent scale—victory just as certain to follow as the rising of the sun. If we remember that our army, growing thus rapidly, enters upon its work certain of success, and that the only dependant substance, with all the moral power and material resources of a great nation at its back, we see at what a great advantage it moves.

We are rapidly accumulating at the great centres of operation well equipped and well officered regiments, with munitions on a most gigantic scale. We hear it stated that Gen. McClellan does not propose to move until he can have a hundred cannon into the field; and these must to-very heavy guns, to be placed at their sides. Added to this, the gunboats ordered to be built by Congress are now being turned off the stocks in numbers; armor and rail vessels are under charter, our entire navy is at home and in active service, and we are really only just getting ready for work. Our first annual demonstration has been a decided success, and the second will be much more successful. The next will probably surpass it. Already the privateers seem to be hunted from the sea, or are fast being captured or destroyed. We do not think, in reckoning the chances of war, that any of our resources are capable of itself to be a force of the nation as against the rebellion.

With all that there is unpleasant in local and personal affairs, the prospect is better for us than it ever has been before. No matter for the little skirmishes here and there, and the personal bickerings among our own men, the great cause grows in power every day, and the bad cause, shut in upon closely and more closely, is eating out its own vitals. If we look at the two armies, and find the enemy's forces behind them, respectively, we can have no question as to the ultimate result of the conflict between them.

BOSTON HARBOR TO BE PREPARED FOR DEFENCE. The Boston papers represent that about one hundred and twenty guns are being placed upon the three forts in that harbor. Of these, eighty will be mounted at Fort Warren. A proportionate number of these are of heavy calibre, some of them being 8 inch columbiads. Eighteen or twenty will be mounted upon Fort Winthrop, and about the same number upon Fort Independence, making the full number 75 upon the last named fortification. The defence of the harbor will then be in good condition; but in case of emergency there is ample space upon Fort Warren for nearly two hundred and fifty guns. Although much smaller than some of the forts upon this coast, the fort, from its position and the character of its works, is equal to any in its capacities for protection and defence.

A MONSTER AND NOVEL CONCERT. In Gen. Banks' invasion, on Fast Day, twelve regiments of infantry and two batteries of artillery assembled to participate in appropriate exercises. Chaplain Quint of the Second Massachusetts, delivered a fine discourse, the soldiers sang patriotic hymns, accompanied by the bands, and there were other interesting proceeding. Before separating, nine full bands, numbering 160 instruments, 60 small drums, and a due proportion of bass drums and cymbals, making more than 220 performers in all, united in playing America, Old Hundred, and Hail Columbia.

On Wednesday afternoon the fine battery of Capt. Nims, Massachusetts Second was reviewed in Baltimore by Gen. Durya and gave some excellent specimens of proficiency in the various evolutions, in the presence of thousands of spectators.—The full band of the Seventeenth Massachusetts Regiment was in attendance and at the close of the review performed the National Airs with artillery accompaniments, after the fashion of the 6th of July concerts on Boston Common,—to the great astonishment of the uninitiated.

DECLINED. The Boston papers of last evening announces the fact that Hon. J. G. Abbott, who was nominated for the office of Attorney General by the Worcester Convention, declines being a candidate. The vacancy will be filled by the State Committee of the Republican Party. The *Boston Post* thinks that Mr. Dickinson, the nominee of the same convention for the office of Lieutenant Governor, will also decline. Hon. Charles Thompson, of Charlestown, has declined the honorable nomination for State Treasurer. The vacancies will be filled by the State Committees.

SENATORIAL NOMINATIONS. Christopher Tompkins, of Haverhill, was yesterday nominated for Senator from the Third Essex District, at a convention held at Lawrence.

PROF. CLEMENT LOND. D., of Dartmouth College, died at Hanover, N. H., on Monday night.

MADAME VARIAN JAMES. According to announcement in our advertising columns, this distinguished vocalist is to appear at Mechanics Hall on Thursday evening next. This lady is at present giving a series of concerts in Boston, and is understood to be unusually successful. Her appearance, in various cities in the East and West, has been hailed with pleasure, and the criticisms that have followed her, have been invariably very much in her favor. She has also performed and was mentioned yesterday, by Mr. Hoffman, a pianist of much celebrity, and not altogether unknown in this vicinity. The programme is one of great merit, being both artistic and national in its character. The "Star-spangled Banner," as sung by this lady, is unimitable. The fact that we are to have such delineation of talent, and the further fact that we are to have the aid of a band in the city for months, ought to be sufficient to fill Mechanics' Hall to its utmost capacity. Give her a crowded house, and indeed we are to make a musical appearance.

ENORMOUS VEGETABLES. We have been shown a turnip and beet, raised on the farm of Mr. J. B. Smith, of Westford, that are equal to the celebrated California productions. The circumference of the turnip, at the largest part, is 224 inches, and its weight is 14 pounds, while the beet measures 21 inches in length and weighs 10 pounds. Hiram Woodward, No. 42 Central Street, is the purchaser, but they may be seen for a day or two in our counting-room. They are the largest of anything of the kind we have ever seen.

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Yours truly,
A REPUBLICAN.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Charles G. Kimball, for adultery with Frances A. Leary, was ordered in $1000 to the Superior Court, which meets here on Monday next. Frances A. Leary, for adultery with Kimball, was sentenced to the county jail for three months.

PAINFUL OCCURRENCE. On Friday last, while A. Hollis, Esq., the well known undertaker, was engaged in packing a corpse in its coffin, he was bitten between the hand and first joint of the right forefinger, by a black spider, say, or some other venomous animal. The finger it had considerable effect through that night and Saturday morning, but is getting over it.

A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers." Sent free on receipt of a post paid envelope, by any of the Agents. Address DR. C. H. J. CLARKE, Box 1222, New York.
oct15d1w

Bancroft Ensouced!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
SUNBURN, OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation is composed entirely of Vegetable matter, imparting to it a Marine Purity. It is most highly recommended if applied to the face after exposure to the sun, and will restore a beautiful clear and delicate tint of brunette. Nothing poisonous enters into its composition. The ingredients of which it is made might be taken without harm. *Its application every night for a week, will restore the most sunburnt complexion.*

Sunburnt directions, stating when and when they have used the Magnolia Balm, will be sent free.

Further particulars can be obtained of the Agents in the vicinity, who will furnish circulars gratuitously.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove Tan, Pimples and Freckles.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To make you fair and wholesome.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
Before going to a party, and be admired.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
After shaving, and feel comfortable.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
When you wish to appear simply fresh.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
Whenever you have the Blues or Pimples.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
When any Eruption comes out on the face.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish a clear, white, healthy skin.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you would please your friends.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
If you wish a *perfectly safe remedy.*

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
And you will not be disappointed.

Prepared only by JOHN H. WOODBURY, Dermatologist. It has heretofore been thought absolutely necessary to have a Physician's certificate to obtain this valuable preparation, but as it is entirely harmless, and as it is the most elegant and really pot-up article for the Toilet ever offered to the public, the Proprietor has concluded to dispense with the formality, and now offers it to all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Every Fifty Cents Worth Warranted.

F. W. HAGAN & CO. Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. H. S. RUSH & CO. Boston, Sole Agents for New England.
oct15 dWeAFly

WAR HAS COME, and WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A Salve which has been used in the families of members belong to this city. Sargent John Kennedy, of Lowell, says all the men of Company I like Capt. Lawson, and that there is no better man in the regiment.

The money the Lowell soldiers of this company will send to their friends, will probably arrive in a few days, when it will be obtained of Hon. Peter Lawson.

The soldiers are paid up to August 20th, and their pay ranges from $12 to $17.

We understand that the Butler Rifles have arranged to send their money to their friends through Frederick Holton, Esq.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY. In the catalogue of Harvard University for 1861, (a copy of which we have received) we notice the names of the following students from Lowell: Edward Morton Tuck, senior class; John Orne Green, Frederic Thomas Greenhalgh, junior class; Albert Levi Fisk, Charles Langley Howe, Thomas Pierpont Shaw, and Alson Grandcelo Thurston, sophomore class. The total number connected with the University is 442.

SEE notice of conventions in another place in our columns to day.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 15,

10 Eastern Railroad		87½
5 Metropolitan Horse Railroad		30
30 Hoosac Tunnel Railroad		30
10 Boston & Worcester Railroad		103
5 Boston & Lowell Railroad		104
11 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad		99
11 Fitchburg Railroad		97
5 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad		120
1 Lawrence Manufacturing Company		1000
10 Boston & Maine Railroad		97

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against Loss by FIRE, on favorable terms, DWELLINGS in a single risk, on terms inversely as the amount insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.	
Nathan Allen,	Joseph G. Abbott,
Benjamin Gardner,	John Avery,
Arthur F. Bussey,	Walter Wright,
Ebenezer Bailey,	Moses Greeley,
Edward Kidder,	Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown.	Andover.
Boston.	
Alonzo A. Miner,	Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bates.	Leonard Huntress.
	Boston P. Dunbar.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, '61. 6m

FIRE & LIFE PAYING MACHINE.

We call attention to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Hall is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn,	T. Nesmith,	D. S. Richardson,
H. Hall,	B. Hadley,	Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Rice,	Wm. Crosby,	E. P. Chamberlain,
	Levi Spaulding.	

Mutual and Cash.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Furniture, Stores, &c. No assessment has ever been made in the class. The present cash capital is $100,000, all paid in. The assets of the MUTUAL DEPARTMENT are $124,375.35. The attention of owners of property is called to the fact that the rates in this popular-family institution are as low as in any other reliable company. A dividend is paid on policies when they expire, and the profits of the Mutual Department are divided annually.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000. The rates are low. Insurance effected in this department is not assessable in case of any loss.

Policies issued on all kinds of property, on favorable terms, by the old and reliable agency of

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, Oct. 1, 1861. 3m

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns up more,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It emits less smoke,
It is more free from burning soot. And the GENUINE can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S COAL YARD, Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Franco A. Drake Plug, hereby give notice that other coal dealers in Lowell than our agent, H. M. Bailey, are selling a counterfeit article.

We take this method of mentioning the public that we have no connection with any person who may be offering to the public, for sale, as LOVEJOY & HOOKER'S Franco A. Drake Plug, any article.

LOVEJOY & HOOKER.
Delaware City Delaware, Jan. 8, 1859. dowly

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts!

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

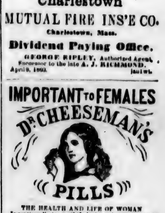
This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York.
Post Office Box, 4586.
sept28 eowly

IMPORTANT to FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is unsurpassed by any Medicine in use. They never fail to give relief in three hours to the most painful or obstructed menstruation, from whatever cause originating.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the Prescription of DR. CHEESEMAN, No. 2 Ann Street, Newark, N. J., have been used with unparalleled success in an extended private practice of upwards of twenty years, and in all cases of those painful complaints, whether they arise from a change of climate, from taking cold, from indulgence in certain habits, or from any constitutional derangement, they will be found to be a safe, certain, and speedy remedy. Explicit directions, with each box, in the English, French, German and Spanish languages.

Full and explicit directions, with each box, in the English, French, German and Spanish languages.

Sold by Druggists, Apothecaries, and Country Merchants.

Price $1 per box.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe, certain, and reliable Female Medicine.

Ladies must bear in mind

That in one conviction of the female system in which these Pills will not bring on Menstruation, they will not injure the health of the most delicate female, as they contain nothing that can in the least affect the health, but on the contrary, will restore the health of the system, when it is in a state of debility, from the most delicate female to the most robust.

The second functions in a normal condition, that form the only reliable curative for the above complaints.

Explicit directions, stating when and when they have used the Pills, are given with each box. Do not purchase any unless the signature of the Agents is on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sold in Lowell by H. S. KIMBALL & CO., and by Druggists everywhere.

Sold in Boston by COTTER, HOLMES & CO., No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, '61. 6m

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice more than two years since, and have used it in all cases where the nature of the case would admit. They are now prepared to insert Gold Plates, Silver Plates, or Vulcanized Rubber Plates, as the patient may desire. The dental profession in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, for the last two years, is unanimous—every other article now in use, there are many objections, and one of the most important is the decay that takes place in the mouth. It works like a charm, and is the most healthy article ever used in the mouth. The vulcanized rubber is decidedly superior to everything else, but they assure the public that they will not recommend it to any one, unless in their mode, and all others, that they are equal to any that can be found in the city.

Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
oct8 3m

The Great English Remedy.

FOR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

ESPECIALLY FOR MARRIED LADIES.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen. The Proprietors hereby call the attention of females to the venture of *Sir* JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS, but their powerful influence upon the constitution; but certain it is they are the only pill that can be relied on. They are a mild but powerful and dangerous remedy, in all cases of Nervousness, Irregularities, and all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Weakness, Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Sick Headaches, Whites, and all painful and irregular menses. In all cases of Suppression, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. *They must not be taken during pregnancy and in no case where distressing pain is not present, as they are sure to bring on the menses at the appointed time.*

N. B.—Ill and worthless imitations of this valuable medicine are being offered to the public. Ask for DR. JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS, and see that the name of the Agents is on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sold in Lowell by H. S. KIMBALL & CO., and by Druggists everywhere.

Boston P. Dunbar. Leonard Huntress.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 21, '61. 6m

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES issued on DWELLINGS, STORES, FURNITURE, their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 26 Central, opp. Middle st., Lowell.
Oct. 1, 1861. 3m

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 8, 1861. 3m

MARRIAGES.

In N. ph Claremont, Oct. 13th, by Rev. B. F. Clark, Mr. Joseph Augustine B. Wheeler, of Lowell, to Miss Sarah Jane, daughter of Mr. Jonathan Bowers, of Claremont.

In Bow on Oct. 14th, Jewell Worthly, of Boston, to Miss Lucy Ann Hall, of Bow.

In Lancaster, Oct. 10th, James T. Leslie, of Fitchburg, to Miss Mary Ann Lambert, of the late John Burman, Esq., of Charlestown.

DEATHS.

In this city, on the 15th inst., Mrs. Mary Ann, wife of Mr. Thomas Hall, aged 49 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 11 Fletcher street, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Carriages will be in attendance at the house

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure of a satisfaction in testimony to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by supplying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not suppose a dozen hairs need mentioned will be of any particular advantage.

I am, or ever have been, very much out-door, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones brought out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have been pronounced in a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had purchased some article said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt is the case. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word. In several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—not in theory, but in practice. It eradicated dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but you have moved now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box 1,297, will receive my prompt answer. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a few lines to let you know that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and wiry. I used to use a number of certificates of the very wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, and expected there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair restored, resolved to try original color and texture, as it was in my younger days. I purchased a bottle, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I applied to one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near-ly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair did not fall off. In a large quantities, was considerably lighter red, and a radiant change taking place in the whole. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and yet I regret to say, in fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black as I would wish to see, and had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased on my pillow at night, and is not to be found in the room, as though just from the hands of a French chambermaid. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, weare did you get that hair dye?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own natural hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot to be exceeded by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with entire desired result, and to-day we know of no improvement of all who have tried it. Those who have recommended it are among the few gentlemen and women which accomplishes all it professes, and all the hair could ask. Sold everywhere. See App.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and celebrated preparation for restoring grey hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now contains more valuable properties, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many letters from persons in the line as evidence some of which are can getting as soon as how we have known it to be a possession of the most reliable character. Don't ever till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Store Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing, but if ever it is justifiable in the cases of those they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning grey. It is a most excellent article. Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its use, and we have known him on speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and test thoroughly. We have no use now for summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by thousands, to be a real desire. In some great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the hair has become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article will restore a new and glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all diseases of the hair, and we believe it to be effectually supersedes the fluid and other nostrums for the hair, which are now in use.—*Boston Transcript.* It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisements

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, October 17, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
EDWARD DICKINSON, of Amherst.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, of Lowell.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

SIXTH MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, (comprising Lowell, Dracut and Tewksbury) and all others in sympathy with the action of the State Convention, held in Worcester on the 1st instant, are requested to meet at Andover Hall, in Lowell, THURSDAY, October 24th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator, and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the late State Republican Convention held at Worcester.

ISAAC PLACE, District
JACOB BIGELOW, Committee
JACOB COGGIN, }
Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. oct16tdtw wlt

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Middlesex County Republican Committee invite the friends of the Union, and of the Constitution and of Union for the support of the Government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war, to send delegates to a Convention to be holden in the City of Charlestown, on WEDNESDAY, October 23d, 1861, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the County offices to be filled at the ensuing election. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the late State Republican Convention held at Worcester.

GEO. W. COTTLAND, Sec'y pro tem.
Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1861. oct16dtw wlt

THE NOMINEES OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION. Letters have been received, by Hon. H. L. Dawes, the chairman of the late Republican State Convention, in reply to those sent by himself, informing the gentlemen put in nomination for the several State offices, of the action of the convention, Gov. Andrew, Oliver Warner, Levis Reed, and Henry K. Oliver, accept the nominations tendered them. The letter of Gov. Andrew is brief but explicit and positive. Hon. Edward Dickinson and Hon. Josiah G. Abbott decline being candidates for the offices for which they were nominated. We give the last named gentleman's letter in full.

Mr. Dickinson's reply is patriotic in sentiment, but he takes the ground that at this time a people's party only should exist in this State. He is very severe in denunciation of the rebellion, and unequivocal in his support of the General Government. Unlike some of our distinguished men, he does not believe in "the heretical dogma that immediate and universal emancipation of the slaves should be secured by the Government as the means of putting an end to the war," although he expresses a hope that "in the good providence of God, emancipation may be one of the results of the war." Mr. Dickinson's letter will be an encouraging word to those who still favor a movement in form a peoples' party, which is entirely impracticable at this time. A vigorous movement should have been made several weeks ago, to secure this end—before conventions were held and hundreds had committed themselves to the policy adopted by those conventions. However desirable such a movement may have been at first, the time for inaugurating it is now past.—The Republican Convention at Worcester adopted a liberal course, although in our judgment it might have gone further with the utmost propriety. Although the two men selected from the other parties have declined being candidates for the offices assigned them, we are inclined to believe that the State Committee (to whom devolves the duty of filling all vacancies) will not depart from the policy expressed by the action of the convention, and the entire ticket will not be composed of names exclusively from our own party. A very few days will determine this, however.

Judge Abbott's letter is as follows:

Boston, 12th of October, '61.

Hon. H. L. Dawes, President, &c., and S. N. Stockwell, &c. GENTLEMEN: Your favor of the 3rd inst., absent as I have been at Lowell, reached me some days since. In it you inform me of my nomination by the office of Attorney General, by delegates from all parts of the Commonwealth assembled in convention at Worcester. I desire to express through you my sincere acknowledgements to the gentlemen of that convention for this kind and altogether unexpected expression of their considération. I have carefully and deliberately weighed and considered the matter. The offer of so important and honorable an office from those differing from me on political subjects, is necessarily gratifying, and from that fact the more strongly embarrassing. But for reasons, upon the whole satisfactory to my own mind, it is necessary to be given. I do not feel compelled by an imperative sense of duty to accept the nomination, and therefore must respectfully decline it.

Permit me to add that I take this course from no want of interest in or feeling for, the great, good cause, that of the government, the Constitution and the Union, in this war now being waged against the nation. I know of but one question of paramount importance to the people of this State, and that is, how shall the government and the laws be sustained and established in all portions throughout the length and breadth of the land.

All other consideration in reference to our political action fall into insignificance in its presence. I will serve it successfully I am willing to do and to suffer to the end. I glory in no one in my devotion to the exigent of my country and shall seek to do my duty in station and in establishment in all its integrity. It is a contest, now going on, to impose no burden on the South, or on the North, borne by the North. We are obliged to contend to and obey the law. They must be compelled to a like submission and obedience. Until that time is come, he is aiding the public enemy, who suggests compromise with armed rebels. The Constitution, pure and simple, should be the watchwords of all true and loyal men, until armed resistance to lawful authority is once for all effectually ended. Let the government strike, quick, surely and overwhelmingly, and it will commend all the lives and the means of true and loyal men. I remain, gentlemen, with much respect,

Your obedient servant,
J. G. ABBOTT.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

From Washington and the army of the Potomac. Gen. Stone and Col. Frank E. Howe are at Washington. Their mission is supposed to relate to detaching three Massachusetts companies from the Mount regiment and transferring them to a battalion at Fortress Monroe; also relative to a change in two or three colonels-ies in Massachusetts re-ments. New Hampshire is the first State that has furnished her full quota of troops, so the telegraph reports.

It is rumored that the order relative to the exchange of prisoners will shortly lead to the discharge of all the prisoners held by the Government and the rebels.

The Potomac below Washington is again threatened by the rebels. At Shipping Point they are reported to have six guns in position, where the river is a mile wide. The Seminole was fired upon by these batteries on Tuesday, some sixty shot and shell bursting around her.

The Government has now within the lines of the army of the Potomac, in round numbers, 30,000 horses, purchased at \$150 apiece; 7000 mules at \$141; and 3000 wagons at \$110. Our front now covers a length of twenty miles, and the entire army of Washington is regarded along it. The outposts are ten miles from the city.

It is stated that two South Carolina regiments have left Beaufort, one of which numbers 1000 men. The necessary to be given. I do not feel compelled by an imperative sense of duty to accept the nomination, and therefore must respectfully decline it.

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T. STARR KING ON THE WAR. We make the following extract from a lecture, by the distinguished Rev. T. Starr King, delivered in San Francisco some six weeks ago. It bears the marks of that peculiar and eloquent speaker. We are thankful that he is personally asserting himself in the interest of our threatened Government:—

We do not stand to receive lectures about peace from the sympathizers with rebellion; we call them. It is not for them to call our attention to bloody battle-fields and a groaning treasury, and hearts sung to Mozart regiment and transferring them to a battalion at Fortress Monroe; also relative to a change in two or three colonels-ies in Massachusetts re-ments. New Hampshire is the first State that has furnished her full quota of troops, so the telegraph reports.

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It is stated that two South Carolina regiments have left Beaufort, one of which numbers 1000 men. They are stated to be Col. Heyward's regiment, armed against liquor and liquor dealers in the Federal camp is being carried on.

Missouri. In the State Convention an ordinance postponing the State election till the first Monday in November, 1862, passed, 49 against 1. The committee reported an ordinance for the organization and government of the State militia. A memorial was received from the grand jury, requesting the convention to declare all county offices vacant which had been filled by persons known to be in any way disloyal, such vacancies to be filled by the Governor.

A despatch from Potosi reports an engagement on Tuesday, at Big River Bridge, between a German company, numbering forty or fifty, and a force of rebels under *Jeff. Thompson*, numbering 600. The Federal forces stood their ground, and from stone piles and other places of shelter did good execution. They were finally surrounded, however, and obliged to surrender. *Their loss* is one killed and six wounded—considerably under the number, the Federal prisoners were sworn by Thompson not to bear arms against the Southern Confederacy and released. The rebels then burned the bridge, and speedily retired. Thompson said he had 5000 men in the vicinity, that he intended to burn other bridges, and that Pilot Knob and Ironton would soon be attacked and captured.

From the South. A Virginia paper of Monday confirms the reported departure of the steamship Nashville from Charleston. Another authority states that the Nashville run the blockade on the night of Friday, under one Pegram. James E. McFarland goes secretary to Jeff. Davis, George Eustis, of New Orleans, secretary to Slidell. The Nashville also took a large mail and numerous documents to the rebel commissioners in Europe. The Navy Department has ordered a fast steamer to pursue the Nashville.

New Mexico. The Federal force in New Mexico is from 1200 to 1500, while the citizens have raised three full regiments. The people are reported to be loyal to a man.

Editor of the Lowell Courier:—Some reflections have been cast upon the town of Dunstable, because so fittle sympathy has been shown with the Governors in the present war. Perhaps some of the inhabitants have been too fond of going back to "first causes," although they were true and loyal at heart, and ready to answer to the offices for their country. Ours is strictly a farming town, and we have no surplus population lying about idle during the working season. Most of the young men leave the town as they grow up, and find business in the larger places. Now that harvesting is nearly over some enough of are enlisting, and many are anxious to do so whose services are very necessary on the farms.

The ladies, too, are taking the matter in hand, and are going to work at once, to make up socks, drawers, &c., for the comfort of the soldiers. They held a meeting on Wednesday and agreed to canvass the town at once for articles necessary.

A GOOD HIT. One of our exchanges has discovered the cause of the retreat of our army at Bull Run. It says—" When the battle was at its hottest point, and nearly won to our side, there came word that there were two vacancies in the New York Custom House. Hence the stampede of the leading officers. The men followed."

The poet truly says that "No man dies in vain upon his country's war fields, or within the shadow of her laws."

CHARLES F. LOVERING, Esq., has been appointed Government agent for the sale of 7-3-10 United States Treasury Notes at New York. An excellent appointment, Mr. L. being an active, intelligent, business man, of unimpeachable integrity and senior partner in the extensive and popular Banking House of Livermore, Clews & Mason, No. 41 and 43 Wall Street, New York City.

CITY AND COUNTY.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

The Republicans of this city and all others who assent to the State Ticket nominated at Worcester on the 1st inst., are invited to meet in caucus at Jackson Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, October 17th, at 7 o'clock, to choose three delegates to attend the County Convention, to be held at Charlestown, October 23d; also thirty-one delegates to attend the Senatorial Convention, to be held in Lowell October 24th, and to take such action in regard to nominations for Representatives as may be deemed necessary.

By order of the Republican City Committee,
KATHAN ALLEN, Chairman.
A. A. SMITH, Secretary.
Lowell, Oct. 17, 1861. 2t

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Seven Southern States, now open and the War Department on this Map. It is drawn from actual surveys, and shows every foot of the Southern country from Delaware to the Texas and the Rio del Norte, Mexico.

For sale at the Railroad TICKET OFFICE, 181 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell. oct16dtf

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, from disagreement of, from the 1st day of June, 1857, to June 30th, 1861, are requested to call on, or application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.
oct15dtf

THE Committee chosen by the Union Senatorial Convention for the Sixth Senatorial District, held in Huntington Hall, on Saturday evening, October 12th, 1861, "to choose, on the part of the City of Lowell, a People's Union Committee of nine from each Ward, to be joined to such Committee as the towns of Tewksbury and Dracut may choose, met in the City Hall, Committee Room last evening, and elected the following gentlemen to serve as such Committee:

Ward One—Charles B. Coburn, James B. Francis, Charles Marcen, Oliver Dewey, Jacob Bacon, John W. Smith, Samuel Bell, Jr., Joseph Quigley, Isaac Cooper.

Ward Two—S. W. Stickney, Silas S. Drew, Julius V. Hoyle, Josiah M. Salmon, A. R. Brown, Silas Taylor, Jr., William Burke, Julius V. Keyes, William G. Morse.

Ward Three—Everett W. French, Edward Hardy, Alden B. Buttrick, Isaac A. Flanders, Andrew Leighton, John Quinn, H. H. Wilder, Jr., Samuel Bowers, Jr., Butterworth.

Ward Four—Josiah Gates, David Lane, Abner W. Buttrick, Josiah B. French, John McCann, William B. Livingston, Caleb Crosby, David Hall, John Cummings.

Ward Five—Wm. S. Southworth, Abiel Bills, Sewall D. Marsh, Josiah Lynch, H. M. Hooke, William McFarlin, Charles W. Saunders, Sager Ashworth, Jonathan Kendall.

Ward Six—William Nichols, Edward B. Lowe, Joseph B. Hayes, Stark Tenney, Patrick Egan, Artemas S. Tyler, Philip R. Haggerty, Joseph D. Pindar, Edward Reader.

SILAS S. DREW, Chairman.
CHAS. A. STICKNEY, Secretary.
Lowell, October 17th, 1861.

The above Committee is requested to meet in the Citizens' Committee Rooms next Saturday evening, October 19th, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of organizing, &c.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam J. Torrey* vs. Appleton Bank was commenced yesterday, and will occupy nearly all day.

Ellen Brierly vs. Patrick Brierly, for the bank $55, which sum, is alleged to have been in the trunk of the plaintiff, and was destroyed by fire at Chicago, Ill., some two years ago, by the accidental burning of the house in which the trunk was left, together with the contents of the trunk. This case will be closely contested, as it seems to involve new questions of law in regard to the liability of banking institutions, whether they shall be considered as the holder of their bills, it the same may be accidentally destroyed, to pay the holder of such bills the amount thereof. Butler & Perkins for plaintiff; D. S. Richardson and T. H. Sweetser, for the defendant.

SUDDEN DEATH. Intelligence was received in this city, this morning, announcing the death of Edward A. Bamisky, apothecary, at 123 Central Street, at Newburyport. His death, which took place this morning, was unanticipated, as on Saturday, when letters were received from him, he was in his usual health. Mr. Stanisky had been stopping in that place for two or three weeks. He was 30 years of age, and good for several months. He had lived in Lowell for sixteen or eighteen years, and was not far from thirty-two years of age. He leaves a wife, but no children.

CAUCUS THIS EVENING. There will be found in another place in our columns a call for a caucus at Jackson Hall, this evening, at which delegates are to be chosen to no less than three conventions. The call is a peculiar one, as names unknown to us, is unusually short, but there should be a good attendance, and we hope all interested will be present.

APPOINTMENT. Mr. William J. Burnham, for several years clerk in the counting room of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills, in this city, has been appointed paymaster of the Hill Manufacturing Company, at Lewiston, Me. Mr. Burnham is a young and deserving man, and although his many friends will regret to part with him, yet they cannot but rejoice at his good fortune.

A PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE. We notice in the window of D. W. Bishop's store, a hair-dressing and shaving saloon, No. 4 Central Street, a miniature hand fire-engine, to appearances perfect in all its parts. It is very neatly finished, and looks as if it might be "worked" to advantage—to extinguish thirst, after one has eaten a salt cod-fish dinner.

THE CONCERT THIS EVENING. Our readers must not fail to remember the concert this evening by Madam Varian. It may be the only opportunity they will have to listen to her, as only one concert is announced to be given in Lowell. We trust her first appearance here will bring out a large audience.

MONEY RECEIVED. Frederic Holton, Esq., has received from eighty members of the Butler Rifle, Capt. O'Hare, the sum of \$1200, to be distributed among the families of the members of that corps. Mr. Holton will be at the Mayor's office to-morrow for the purpose of paying out the funds to those for whom it is intended.

HORSES are advertised, elsewhere in our columns, for sale by Lovejoy & Morse.

CAPT. H. T. LAWSON'S COMPANY. We stated yesterday that to Peter Lawson, Esq., would be consigned the money that the Lowell soldiers in Company I (Sixteenth Regiment) would send to their friends. He has received a list of names to whom this money is to be paid, and also the amount to be paid to each, the total of which is $522, to those residing in Lowell. The pay-roll of the company amounted to $1800, out of which $1200 comes to this State—all from the non-commissioned officers. This is doing very well for a company. There was thought to be none of the best when it went into camp. The friends of Capt. Lawson will read with pleasure the following, which is order No. 52 from Col. Wyman:—

"The Colonel desires to commend company I for its rapid progress in drill, discipline, and punctuality, since the regiment has been in this camp. Of late, he has noticed that it is among the first, if not the first to turn out at the beat of the drum for duty. He takes more pleasure in noticing this improvement of the company, from the difficulties under which it labored, in its organization."

ARRIVED HOME. Capt. Patrick S. Proctor, late of the Hill Cadets, reached home yesterday morning from Fortress Monroe, bringing with him between $3000 and $4000, sent home by the soldiers from Lowell, at or near that place, to their families in this city.

DURING the last month $2252.62 was disbursed at the Mayor's office for the benefit of the families of soldiers who have gone to the war.

FARM FOR SALE. See advertisement in to-day's paper of a farm for sale in Grafton County, N. H.

POLICE COURT. Nothing before the Court to-day.

TALES OF THE WAR. The fifth number of the series of volumes of this publication has been issued. There are seven stories in the eight articles complete in this number, and two or three that are continued from previous numbers. They certainly gets a generous amount of reading matter in this publication, which, we understand, is every day gaining public favor.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION. The annual meeting of the Sabbath Schools of the Lowell Association will be held in Pawtucket Church, was held at Charlestown yesterday. St. Paul's Church, of this city, reports 63 teachers, 574 pupils, 436 average attendance and 1200 volumes in the library. The Central Church reports 22 teachers, 186 pupils, 146 average attendance and 570 volumes. Worthen Street Church make no returns.

MARRIAGE OF A DAUGHTER OF MR. BERCHER. The daughter of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was married on Wednesday last, at Peekskill, to Rev. Samuel Scoville. The bride was dressed in pure white, without a jewel for ornament except nature's jewels of fresh health and beauty. About the middle of the afternoon, after the wedding-feast, the new-married pair started on their journey, not by car nor steamboat or railroad car, but with horse and chaise—the gift of the bride's father—trusting of for the winding roads of the Highlands of the Hudson, thence to the homes of numerous uncles and aunts in Connecticut and Massachusetts, to return after a fortnight to the home of Peekskill, Chenango County, where the bridegroom has lately been called as a Congregational minister. The journey was begun under favorable auspices, for according to the Irish custom to secure good luck, two of the party had provided themselves each with an old shoe, and as the carriage started, the shoes were thrown after them with a will.

IN PENITENT CIRCULAR. Mr. Seward, Secretary of State, has addressed a circular to the Governors of the different States bordering on the seacoast and lakes urging them to call the attention of their respective Legislatures to the importance of immediately providing for the defences of their respective States, and promising the aid of the Federal Government in case they should decide to do so.

A GIFT FROM PRUSSIA. Six thousand five hundred rifles and twenty-five Prussian muskets, a present from the Prussian Government to the city of Philadelphia, were taken to that city Thursday night. They arrived in six freight cars.

A MAN named Drousell, a liquor dealer from Sheboygan, went into a gun shop at Milwaukee, on Thursday, picked out a double gun which he would buy, had it loaded to try it, and shot himself through the head on the spot.

A Scotch paper speaks of a fox having been seen trying to spring a sprat trap by means of a stick held sprat-wise in his mouth. We know a fox once that took a rod-full from the well and pushed a turnip off from the lower limb of a tree with it, and put the pole back in its place. At least, he got the turkey, and the pole was found all right in the morning.

"Massa," said a darkey to his master, "did hear you say you'd wear boiling mine?" "How so, Sambo?" "Do boss come near being mine in die wise. I axed de owner to gib him to me. He said no, he had only said yes, he would be mine, by golis!"

A man in Wisconsin was last week sent by his wife to procure the release of her son, under age, who had run away and enlisted the Northwestern Tigers. The father fell in with Drury's Artillery Company, and enlisted himself. The indignation of the wife can be imagined.

TOUCHING. On the 24th of August last, Pliny Martin, a lad of Utica, died of diphtheria. On the 9th of the present month, his little playmate, Stephen Northrup, in his tenth year, died of the same disease. Among the last words he spoke were,—"Wait bubby Martin; I am coming."

Funeral knells are only the door-bells of the other world.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 16.

15 Boston and Maine Railroad	126
9 Boston and Lowell Railroad	97
5 Fitchburg Railroad	86½
85 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	91¼
5 Western Railroad	91¼
12 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	82½
5 Bank of Trade	82½
15 Merchants' Bank	84
$10,000 Massachusetts State (1879)	100

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!
Lowell to New York, ... $3.75
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good until one week, ... 7.00
THROUGH to the West, North and Southwest, at the lowest rates.
Passage to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, ... $5.00
Also all business relating to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.
Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers.
Drafts for sale, payable in all parts of Europe.
Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, 181 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House.
R. H. FISHER, Agent.
Lowell, sept. 16, 1861. sept16dtf

NOTICE.
The subscriber would give notice to his customers that he can be found at Jaques' Block, Merrimack Square, where he would be happy to see all who may favor him with a call.
A. M. Jaques has retired from the business, and will be found with us.
C. JAQUES.
Lowell, July 23, 1861. 3m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We call attention to the advertisement of the Fisher & Lyon Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for this city and Lowell.

ROBERT ATHEY, General Agent.

Risks taken in either Stock or Mutual departments, on the most favorable terms.
DAVID WELLS, President.
Office at Kimball's Hotel, Merrimack Square.
Nov. 16, 1860. nov16dtf

MARRIAGES.

In Nashua, N. H., Oct. 16th, Mr. Willard Mann, Mayo to Miss Ellen Eunice Blood, both of Dunstable, Mass.

DEATHS.

In Westford, Oct. 14th, of consumption, James S. Bowers, aged 21 years.
In Sterling, Oct. 1st, Lucy Ann, wife of Richard Sawyer, aged 45 years, 10 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FARM FOR SALE.
In Dorchester, N. H., on the road from Haverhill Corner to Plymouth, 4 miles from the Depot at West Rumney, 30 miles from Concord, and 4 miles from the Railroad road form contains 150 acres of land, well divided into tillage, pasture and wood land. The buildings are a two-story house, finished on the first floor, with back-kitchen and wood-house connected, and a two-story house first story, sleeping rooms in the second story, and a half story over the whole. The house and barn are connected with a wood-shed. The buildings are all in good repair. There are two wells of never-failing water, brooks and pond. 200 large apple trees, mostly grafted fruit, and a variety of other fruit on the farm. The stock and hay can be had with the farm if desired.
Inquire of HORACE HOWARD, Lowell, Mass., or ADAM P. WEBSTER, Dorchester, N. H.
JOHN WHICHER, Esq., Westworth Village, or LYMAN P. WHICHER, of Westworth, will show the premises.
Lowell, Oct. 17, 1861. oct17dtf

Washington Coal,
For cooking, has no equal.
It kindles easily.
It burns up cleaner.
It lasts longer.
It burns in less quantity.
It will not clinker.
Than any other fire-burning coal. And the Washington Coal Company are now delivering WHALE, Western Avenue, and of our agent, HOWARD DAVIS, 13 Tremont Street, Lowell.
oct17dtf

CAUTION!
The subscribers hereby notify all of the true and original FRANKLIN COAL, the Lyon Mountain Iron Ore, and the Lyon Manufacturing Co., that they are the only agents. Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, storekeeper Franklin Coal Co., is no longer connected with the Franklin Coal Co.
REMINGTON & BARNEY,
Delaware City Delaware, Sept. 5, 1861. 6m

MANHOOD,
HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!
Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Impotency, and Impediments to Marriage, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, Resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M.D., Author of the Green Book, &c.
"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box, 4586.
sept16dtw

WAR HAS COME
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.
A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in this city during the past week, and thousands more have been sent to the soldiers in the field. Many of the soldiers have purchased it themselves, and others have had it sent to them by their friends. It is a sure remedy for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Sore Feet, Sore Heels, Sore Throat, Sore Nose, Sore Corns, Sore Bunions, Sore Ears, Sore Nails, Sore Toes, Sore Fingers, Sore Breasts, Sore Legs, Sore Arms, Sore Hands

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL

STANDS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IT IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE!

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—Where I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks entire strength was not a gray hair to be found, since there it has been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued the use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not consider myself alone in this case, but would be of any particular advantage to you, or to induce your valuable agent in this city to sell it, I am well aware they are all well known already, and treat with wonderful success through this Union. I have occupied my time in the travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have purchased it, and in a short time I have seen them, and was pleased to learn that it had benefited and cured them.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with many in regard to the various personal properties that have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head is subject to.

I can assure you, personally, at your original and genuine Restorative, from trusting worthless imitations, and have always found it safe in every instance, whether for the restoration of gray hair, or to prevent baldness, but we advise our friends to exercise prudence, and direct to Dr. Matteson, as above.

August 2, 1861. aug5&8t1y

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

AND

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER and AGUE, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are now used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEFFERZ, write from Natchez, Miss., says: "The Bitters are prepared by those authority in a manner that commends them to every one's confidence."

E. S DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfac tion. I use them myself, and find them a benefit to prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. W. H. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the o nut valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of pronounced cases of the worst and gravest character.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4, 1860. He says: "I am receiving so much benefit from the Bitters I have got from you, that I wish to continue them. I have been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after trying a few bottles of your Bitters I was greatly relieved, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says: "Information, reader, if you have been fooled in your Restorative. It is almost impossible for counterfeit them, but if your original bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—be restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the natural color to the hair, he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Daily Sun.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found all sorts of the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

may20dw2w

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very many cases it has known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore the most important medicine ever used by married ladies, wishing to be the mothers of healthy, intelligent children. It is perfectly safe, and will not in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—☞It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞☞ Remember! *This Medicine is designed expressly for* CONFINATE *cases*, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, *since that it is warranted as represented* IN EVERY RESPECT, or *the price will be refunded.*

☞☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 38 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞☞ This Special Institute for all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, is conducted entirely *distinct* from the practice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine.

Such News we are receiving Daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Read by dealers in medicine generally.

☞☞ FIRST YOUR COUNTRY, THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

To get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get good PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kids of TEAS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

To get DOWNER'S KEROSENE OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

Store Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.

jan10

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the Growth and Preservation of Hair. For Clean and agree ableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It keeps it in curl.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp.

It soothes the irritated scalp more than any other preparation.

It affords the richest lustre

It removes dandruff in effect.

It costs 50 cts. for a full sized bottle.

Prepared only by C. S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may7

NEW WHEAT FLOUR.

100 Bbls. Hickox & Co.'s BEST FLOUR. from new wheat, just received and for sale by SAMUEL N. WOOD,

may19 49 Market street.

BEER! BEER! BEER!

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF DANDELION, for making a purifying, strengthening and delicious Beer. One bottle costing 75 cents will make 25 gallons of Beer Sold at RIDDER'S, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

aug7

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Court Dockets,
Pamphlets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Re-sumes, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Addresses, Mammoth Posters, &c.
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Circulars,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

to stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, 1 color or four color copper plates.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—with pearls and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. F. STONE,
S. W. HINES, } (Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR,

29 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in great variety, Umbrella Trimming, Engraving, Engine-turning, &c., &c., at

EVAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may15 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY,

Rich by dealers in medicine generally.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand* Dollars are paid to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, without any of the benefits to be had. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once paid they *can never get it back*, and they are compelled to suffer in silence. Under a pledge of daring to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*. All letters for advice, or for circular, &c., if, therefore, you would *avoid being humbugged*, take no notice, send an *outter with a three cent stamp on*, but MAKE INQUIRY (with will cost you nothing), and save your money and suffering, for, as advertising physicians in nine cases out of ten are frauds, *do not have recourse to any of them*, unless you know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. W. send FREE, by enclosing one stamp to pay postage, a Medical Treatise ON WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, also DISEASES OF THE BLOOD, pronounced *the most undoubted reference and testimonials*, ever before the public, and worthy the attention of every one of this kind in desiring of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write in confidence plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTESON, as above.

August 2, 1861. aug5&8t1y

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery for in vino cures of ten they are worse than useless, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all those who are in failing off or turning grey. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Any article that could bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to promote great fullness of the whiskers, the hair to its primitive vigor. Where the head had become almost bald there was a new growth of the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable article for those for all sickness. Its ingredients are such as to effectually overcome the diseases and local impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. In this instance our previous description in many cases a specious and other disfigurements of the head, and the manner in which it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and the effects will be found beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, is at the worst producing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are compelled to advertise the *sure* ills of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated, and in some quantities and in middle to its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to ascertain. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are willing to vouch for the quality of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be magical. Old or middle age or gone on exhausted land, it brings its crop whatever applied. Our own locks had begun to rate very healthy, but we advise our friends with greatly growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Saturday Courier.*

Depot, No. 308 Washington street, Boston, and 198 Market Street, Providence, R. I.

For sale by all druggists everywhere.

may20 dw2w

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CAKE BASKETS

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,

BUTTER COOLERS

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,

FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.

BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE

PENCIL SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,

GOLD PENS AND PENCILS, GOLD SPECTACLES,

SAPKIN RINGS, SALT-CELLARS, TEA SPOONS,

PIPETTES, ICE CREAM AND CREAM

KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, *bought and sold on*

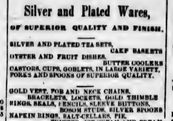
HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable styles of HAIR WORK, manufactured to order.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. decl6dtf



HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW IMPORTATIONS

From the most fashionable Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of

Decorated, French, China, Granite and

COMMON WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Ware,

From the best Manufactories in the country.

KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND,

AND

CAMPHENE LAMPS.

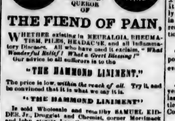
The Golden Rule has been won a vereties of burners, which we offer for sale at the lowest prices. Among the best are the Wick Elevator, which is the most convenient burner ever used. Remember it is the GOLDEN RULE STORE, and customers will be treated accordingly.

H. S. HAYNES'.

45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

AN OLD REMEDY, WHICH HAS PROVED TO BE A VALUABLE AGENT IN THE HANDS OF



THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, PILES, HEADACHE, and all inflammations, it will be found to be the most effectual remedy. "*What Our Fathers Knew*" is a direct disciple of "*What Our Fathers Did*," and all who use it will agree in its praise.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL EDDY, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner of Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; Clark & Sherwin, Boston; Marchant, Sayre, N. J.; E. H. Sellers & Co., Cincinnati, and all retail by Druggists generally.

G. L. BEAD & CO., Proprietors,

17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 15, 1861 tuthly

THE

ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL.

JOSE Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unsolicited endorsement. It is a cure for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but more especially for all cases of Scrofula, as it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to it, and restore it when it has fallen off.

Oak Grove, B. C., June 24th, 1859.

Prof. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir*: Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. Many who have used it have spoken to me in the highest terms of its virtues.

During the year 1858, I was unfortunate as to be troubled with a scrofulous sore on the back of my neck, from which my head received a most terrible shock. Physicians were called in, and all means generally administered to the brain and external surface of the body, but to no effect. I was told by them that the disease must be driven to the outer surface of the head. From the crown of my head to the back of my neck, a sore was made, and I was told that I must submit to have everything I could think of being a professional man of the day, but was finally dismissed in every professional man of the day, but was finally dismissed in every professional man of the day, but was finally dismissed in every

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, October 18, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

SIXTH MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, comprising Lowell, Dracut and Tewksbury and all others in sympathy with the action of the Union Convention held at Worcester on the 1st instant, are invited to meet at Jackson Hall, in Lowell, THURSDAY, October 24th, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator, and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the late State Republican Convention held at Worcester.

ISAAC C. PLACE, } Senatorial
JOHIAH EMES, } Committee.
JACOB CORDIS, } Committee.

Lowell, Oct. 16th, 1861. 2tdaw oct

MID ILDSEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Middlesex County Republican Committee invite the citizens of Middlesex County who are in favor of Union for the support of the Government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war, to meet delegates from the several towns in the City Hall, in Charlestown, on THURSDAY, October 24th, 1861, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as in the Senatorial Convention.

GEO. W. COPELAND, Chairman.
WM. T. GRAMMAR, Secretary.
Charlestown, Oct. 16, 1861. 1tdaw2Wnot

ARE WE TO HAVE A BATTLE SOON?—Some of the New York papers are again getting impatient, and are "spoiling for a fight." They think Gen. McClellan has already got a larger force at Washington and vicinity than is required for the protection of the capital, and that his surplus army should make an assault on the enemy if they desire to make an attack. It is contended that the country is getting impatient, and if our army goes into winter quarters without a decisive fight, the people will become dissatisfied, and the Government will be weakened in the estimation of its friends at home and of our transatlantic neighbors; asories of brilliant victories would undoubtedly have a most desirable effect both in the loyal and rebel States, and we presume the Government is as anxious as any of its friends for something of the kind. And is it not reasonable to believe that the time for decisive action is near at hand? But there is one serious obstacle in the way of a big battle, supposing Gen. McClellan is fully prepared for a reverse of the Bull Run affair, in case he makes an attack; and that is, the weather is retreating. We do not think, however, that an attack is to-day on Manassas Junction (his stronghold of the rebels), without a strong force on the side opposite to the one from which the first attack was made. If the fleet that was lately announced to be fitting out in New York has not something to do with the rebel army in Virginia, the speculations of many who have been studied the condition of affairs pretty closely go for nothing. A few days will settle the question; but we are of opinion that when General Beauregard is again attacked, he will find himself between "two fires." It is quite reasonable to suppose that something decisive in our favor is wanted in Virginia, before a strong force is sent to operate at the South. We trust, however, that not until all things are in readiness for an irresistable attack will one be made; while a great victory would not be almost incalculable advantage to our cause, a defeat would inflict lasting disgrace and almost irreparable injury. But let us not be impatient for any "On to Richmond" movement till those commanding are sure of their ability to successfully crush the rebels.

BOY KILLED ON THE RAILROAD.—Last Wednesday afternoon, a boy about nine years of age, was killed on the railroad at a place called Nelson's Crossing, on the Lawrence and Manchester Railroad, by being thrown under the cars while trying to get upon the train while in motion.—Both his legs and one arm were cut off. Death followed in about five hours. He said his name was Powers, and that he belonged in Middleton, Vt. He was intending to go to Nashua, and had got over the wrong road, and had been waiting for the return train.

SOMETHING, through the columns of the *Boston Transcript*, says that *Spiritism*, not "*Spiritualism*," should be the name of that class which essays to communicate with the dead; and *Spiritist*, not *Spiritualist*," should they be called. O. A. Brownson is the authority for the use of the word *Spiritist*. *Spiritualism* is a term used in our articles in contradistinction to materialism; whereas, *spiritism* is a kind of materialism, as spirits are materialists.

COL. WILSE'S REGIMENT.—Capt. Rufus Saxton, of the 4th regiment United States Artillery, has been appointed Colonel of the 22nd Massachusetts regiment in place of Col. Wilson, resigned, who will probably be assigned a place on Gen. McClellan's staff. Col. Saxton is a native of Deerfield, Mass.

WHAT is the best line to lead a woman with? Masculine.—*L'well Advertiser.*

Pub!—We told you that, old gentleman? Now, what is the best line to lend a man with? Why, crinoline, of course.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

With the exception of an engagement near Harper's Ferry there is little of importance to-day.

Federal victory near Harper's Ferry. An engagement took place at Bolivar Heights, near Harper's Ferry, on Wednesday, resulting in the victory of the Federal troops. The particulars are given as follows:

Col. Geary reports to Gen. Banks that he went out in the forenoon on a foraging expedition, and upon reaching Bolivar Heights, near Harper's Ferry, 2000, with seven pieces of artillery and 500 cavalry, the remainder being infantry. Col Geary says he had only 450 men, three pieces of artillery, and no cavalry. The enemy gave battle and Col. Geary commanded promptly, and the fight was sharp and lasted for several hours, resulting in the total routing of the enemy and the capturing of a thirty-two pounder. Col. Geary reports that the enemy's loss was one hundred and fifty killed and a large number wounded. No loss on our side.

Gen. Banks' official report of this affair is in substance as follows:—

"Col. Geary reports that he was going out on a foraging expedition with about 400 men, and on Bolivar Heights, near Harper's Ferry, he was met by the enemy in superior force, and after a sharp fight he succeeded in repulsing the rebels, and capturing a thirty-two pounder."

Another account says that parts of the 28th Pennsylvania, 3rd Wisconsin and three companies of the Massachusetts 13th regiments were engaged in the fight. Our forces had but three pieces of artillery, and these were fired from this side of the river, until the enemy retreated. The rebels had seven pieces of artillery and 500 cavalry engaged with infantry. They were completely routed and driven back some three miles. Our loss is killed and wounded, and not over seven, that of the rebels at least 150. Colonel Geary was in the head of the enemy, was killed. A dispatch from Point of Rocks dated yesterday says that our loss in the victory at Bolivar, who was in the fight, was seventy-five mortally, and one missing. Col. Geary was slightly wounded by a shell. The fight is said to have been severe.

Gen. Banks' official report of this affair is in substance as follows:—

"Col. Geary reports that he was going out on a foraging expedition with about 400 men, and on Bolivar Heights, near Harper's Ferry, he was met by the enemy in superior force, and after a sharp fight he succeeded in repulsing the rebels, and capturing a thirty-two pounder."

Another account says that parts of the 28th Pennsylvania, 3rd Wisconsin and three companies of the Massachusetts 13th regiments were engaged in the fight. Our forces had but three pieces of artillery, and these were fired from this side of the river, until the enemy retreated. The rebels had seven pieces of artillery and 500 cavalry engaged with infantry. They were completely routed and driven back some three miles. Our loss is killed and wounded, and not over seven, that of the rebels at least 150. Colonel Geary was in the head of the enemy, was killed. A dispatch from Point of Rocks dated yesterday says that our loss in the victory at Bolivar, who was in the fight, was seventy-five mortally, and one missing. Col. Geary was slightly wounded by a shell. The fight is said to have been severe.

The fleet which sailed from New York last week, arrived at Old Point, near Fort Monroe last Monday afternoon.

Carleton telegraphs in substance as follows to the *Boston Journal*. The rebels have evacuated Fairfax, Vienna and Centreville and withdrawn in the direction of Manassas. A consultation of Generals Franklin, Smith, McDowell and Hancock was held at Vienna last night. Information was received from the upper Potomac last night to the effect that the rebels have appeared in great force all along the river. It is supposed that the rebels have been arriving to attract the attention of the Federal leaders by their batteries down the river, in order to cover their intention to cross the river above Washington.

DR. I. I. HAYES' EXPEDITION TO THE ARCTIC CIRCLE. We mentioned, a few days ago, the arrival at Halifax of Dr. Hayes, the commander of the last Arctic expedition. The *Halifax Journal* gives some interesting particulars of the voyage. The vessel, the *Advance*, was found unhome until their arrival at Halifax, with the exception of what they learned from a single English paper, obtained at Upernavic, which contained President Lincoln's Proclamation for an Extra Session of Congress. The *Journal* says:—

The "United States" sailed from Boston on the 10th June. She reached Upernavic after a short passage and proceeded from there to Smith's Sound, where she remained until July 10th, 1861.

On the 14th of April a party left the vessel, consisting of fifteen men and sixteen dogs, with boats on sledges. The object of this dog-team is now on board the "United States" and is a fine specimen of the species. The party reached Littleton Island on the 20th of April, 1861, and here the party divided—Dr. Hayes and three others went as far as latitude 81 deg. 35 min., near which Kennedy's Channel, and were there obliged to put back as their provisions were exhausted. Dr. Hayes reached his vessel on the 27th of May. On the 13th of July, 1861, they succeeded in landing at Littleton, where the vessel remained until the 27th. Sailing from there they encountered adverse winds and were met by immense packs of ice, which the vessel could not penetrate. She then made for Cape Farewell, on the west side of Smith's Straits, which was safely reached. Boat parties were sent out from here to explore, but the ice was so solid that no chance was found for proceeding. The "United States" then came to an anchor at the Esquimaux settlement of Nutik, Newfoundland Island, on the Coast of Greenland.

After surveying Whale Sound, the vessel sailed for Upernavic on the voyage home, arriving there on the 15th of August, and after passing through 150 miles of field ice in Melville Bay. She sailed from thence for Disco Island, and on the 17th of September left for New York. From September 24th to October 7th, the United States experienced very severe gales, and much anxiety was felt for her safety and great.

Dr. Hayes, the commander, is an astronomer, a gentleman of high scientific attainments, who accompanied Dr. Kane on his last expedition in search of Sir John Franklin, and was a surgeon in the United States Coast Survey, was first lieutenant in the Kane expedition, and second in command during the absence of the nominating committee. The expedition set forth north as did Osage, and are still in full retirement.—Gen. Fremont is said to have telegraphed from Camp McKinney, near Leesburg, yesterday, that he had reason to believe that Sterling Price has retraced or will retrace his steps to the Osage, and there make a stand and give our forces battle.

Gen. Sigel is reported to be in full pursuit of Price, his advance having already crossed the Osage. It is thought that Col. Mulligan will be exchanged for General Frost.

There is a report that a smart skirmish took place last Monday morning, 20 miles this side of Lebanon, between two companies of mounted men belonging to Major Wright's battalion, attached to Gen. Wyman's command, and some 120 rebel cavalry. Major Wright surprised the rebels by an attack in the rear, and completely routed them, killing about 30 and taking the same number of prisoners. One rebel was killed and one severely wounded. Very little firing was done by the rebels.

Kentucky. The news from Kentucky is most cheering. There are already fifty regiments of Kentuckians in the field or rapidly organizing. This is nearly twice the quota that would be apportioned to that State of the five hundred thousand that were authorized by Congress to be received.

Prizes captured. Twelve schooners without clearance papers have been captured by the steamer Louisiana off Chincoteague. A steamer which was being fitted out as a pirate at Chincoteague, was burnt by a boat expedition from the steamer Louisiana, on the 5th, near Chincoteague.

Information has been received at Washington from a reliable source entitled to credit, that Slidell and Mason, rebel ministers to France and England, are not only authorized to negotiate treaties of extraordinary commercial advantage with those powers, but to place the Southern Confederacy for a limited period under their protection.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Ocean Southern States, Gen. Scott and the War Lowell, Mass., and also Map of the Eastern States, showing every foot of the Southern country from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte. 1m oct18

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 191 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House. Lowell. oct18dtf E. S. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, on complaint of Ann Kane, on or from the 1st day of June, 1861, to June 15th, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk, at the Police Court Office. oct18d1w

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS. The meeting of the Republicans at Bunker Hall last evening, was fully attended, notwithstanding the short notice. The room and the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed. The meeting was called to order by Dr. Nathan Allen, Chairman of the City Committee. Josiah G. Peabody was elected chairman, and Daniel H. Wallace, secretary.

On motion of W. A. Lamb, a committee of five from each Ward was raised, by nomination from the floor, to retire and report a list of their choice for delegates to the Senatorial Convention. There was some strife to get certain names on the nominating committee, so much so as to confuse the chairman and the meeting for a time from so many shrieked in his ear.

On motion of W. F. Badger, a committee of three from each Ward was raised, in like manner, to nominate a list of delegates to the County and Councillor Conventions. Dr. Ambrose Lawrence having been nominated on the last named committee, called the first meeting for the honor, did not feel free to accept the position, as he had not acted with the Republican party for two years. (Some one here suggested that "what's the bump holds out to burn," &c.) The doctor thanked the gentleman for the suggestion, but thought it best to decline. Walter Wright moved to excuse Dr. Lawrence at his own request.

Peter Lawson said that he supposed Dr. Lawrence was in the same category with himself. He could not leave home on duty. He went to a meeting last Friday evening, but found too many secessionists there. (Laughter and applause.) He believed that on a vote with the best men (Applause.) He felt that he had as good a right here as any republican. He believed that the Republican Party was magnanimous enough to extend favors, except to be allowed to sustain the Government.

Timothy Pearson moved that Dr. Lawrence be requested to serve on the committee, which motion was unanimously adopted.

Dr. Lawrence said that after this cordial vote, he could do no less than accept. (Applause.)

The matter of nominating Representatives was referred to the City Committee.

During the absence of the nominating committee, speeches were made by Walter Wright, Isaac S. Morse, Gen. Stevens and Charles Cowley, all in favor of sustaining the Government and the war, and condemning the Republican organization, but in favor of a liberal course toward members of other political parties.

The committee to select delegates reported as follows:—

To Senatorial Convention. At large, John Wright.

Ward 1—John L. Cheney, Augustus B. Roby, I. F. Burgess, Enos O. Kingsley, Josiah Southwick.

Ward 2—Sullivan Tay, F. F. Battles, G. F. Sawtell, Stephen Cushing, Daniel Holt.

Ward 3—N. M. Wright, Darius C. Brown, George J. Farr, John W. Graves, John C. Hall.

Ward 4—N. B. Eaton, Joshua Mather, Thomas Pratt, Silas Reeves, F. H. Stevens.

Ward 5—C. L. Knapp, Peter Lawson, J. G. Peabody, Frederick Ayer, William Shaw.

Ward 6—John Nesmith, S. K. Hutchison, Isaac S. Morse, J. K. Fellows, Timothy Pearson.

County and Councillor Convention. At large. Peter Lawson.

Ward 1—Josiah F. Smith, James C. Powell, D. B. Worthen, A. R. Grant, S. M. Cheever.

Ward 2—Linus Child, J. J. Judkins, T. G. Haynes, J. P. Jewett, A. G. Cumnock.

Ward 3—W. F. Badger, Charles Cowley, W. I. Norris, N. N. Wright, S. D. Sargent.

Ward 4—F. H. Nourse, John Pearson, G. W. Young, Noah F. Gates, G. W. Partridge.

Ward 5—J. G. Peabody, Isaac Place, Oliver Nichols, B. A. Blood, Jonathan John son.

Ward 6—L. B. Morse, Timothy Pearson, L. C. Dodge, S. R. Brackett, J. N. Marshall.

The delegations were adopted and authorized to fill vacancies in their numbers. After a speech by Hon. Linus Child, a vote was well received, and which took ground against disbanding the Republican party, the meeting adjourned.

TWENTY-SIXTH REGIMENT. This regiment, under command of Col. Jones, with their band and drum corps, marched from Camp Chase to this city and back again yesterday afternoon. The regiment looked solid and hearty. We think the ladies a good one of occasionally marching the regiment abroad, as did Col. Jones yesterday. It changes the monotony of camp life, allows the men to see and be seen, and perhaps what is wanted more, the presence of so large a body in martial array will inspire others, now hesitating, to "fall in" to the ranks. We respectfully invite Col. Jones to show the people his regiment as often as once a week.

BIG POTATO. We have in our office a seedling potato, raised on sandy loam, by Capt. Gilbert Coburn, of Dunbam, N. H., which weighed when first dug, four and one half pounds. With our big beet and turnip, we have the ingredients for a boiled dinner of the greatest magnitude, barin the bats and cabbage.

AMONG the articles acknowledged as received for the soldiers in Boston yesterday, was a box from Mrs. E. Currier, Lowell; Mrs. O. H. Dalton, of Chelmsford, was previously given credit for two blankets.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J. Tuesday.* Appleton Bank on trial yesterday, a sealed verdict was brought in this morning for the plaintiff, in the sum of $43,142, and the case goes up to the full bench on a question of law.

The Court adjourned at 10 o'clock this forenoon till Monday morning, adjourning at 9 o'clock, and to-morrow will adjourn to Cambridge, on Monday, and Court House.

The Court has finished a good deal of business and tried a considerable number of cases. Judge Putnam has rendered himself deservedly popular during this, his first Middlesex term. His urbanity and the very kind manner with which he administers justice, contribute not a little to the hearty favor with which he is received here, while his decisions we have been informed, have been the result of that care and learning so necessary to a good and able judge.

The following cases are in order for Monday next, at Cambridge—2492, 2309, 2345, 2346, 314, 700, 763, 774, 775, 846, 1140, 1141, 1242, 1331.

MADAM VARIAN. As was predicted, Madam Varian's entertainment was attended by a large and enthusiastic audience last evening. Mechanics' Hall being well filled, and this lady's efforts were received with the most marked indications of satisfaction. She possesses a clear and sonorous voice, highly cultivated, and fully equal to whatever she undertakes. This, coupled with her fine personal appearance and graceful manner, renders her a most accured to her sympathy and applause of the audience, and each succeeding appearance was greeted with more and more enthusiasm. The entertainment was of a high order, and while the artistic execution of the "aria" by Danicetti, and the "Laughing Song" by Auber, seemed duly appreciated, the encore given to the "Song of our Union" and the "Star Spangled Banner" received with almost deafening applause. Encores were cheerfully given. Mr. Hoffman's violin accompaniments admired, and gave many exhibitions of highly cultivated taste and splendid execution. A second appearance would certainly secure for the artists another large audience.

RELIGIOUS MEETING. At the John Street Church Vestry, this evening, at 6 o'clock, some account of the great revivals that have recently occurred in Ireland and Scotland, will be given by Rev. E. P. Hammond who has for some weeks been lecturing in Boston.

MASSACHUSETTS UNIVERSALIST CONVENTION. This body has been in session at Boston for the last three days. Yesterday the officers were chosen for the ensuing year. We notice the following from Lowell: Rev. J. J. Twiss, Vice-President; Rev. L. J. Fletcher, delegate to the United States Convention, election of 1862, E. Alger, Esq., lay delegate.

QUITE A RAID. Yesterday, Marshal Lovejoy and Deputy Marshal Read, of this city, having had their suspicions aroused, proceeded to Lawrence and procuring a warrant, in charge of Deputy Sheriff from that city, visited the house of Nathaniel N. Harris, in Methuen. In a room, which was generally unused, they found a large quantity of liquor, under the Golden Rule's to make sale by U. P. WHITTIER. Indian shoes, together with boots and shoes made up, silk in skeins, woolen yarn, horse blankets, saddles, bridles, &c. Part of the property has been identified in Lawrence, but none has been identified as belonging in this vicinity. Harris was arrested, and on search of his person, he is known to work at any business, although late revealments show that he has been quite busy. Harris was arrested.

BUTLER RIFLES. Frederic Holton, Esq., is busy to-day at the Mayor's office, in paying off the money of the members of the members of this company. Mr. Holton will be happy to receive the calls of friends of members of the company, for if he has not the pleasure to see them he may give them some information.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Mary King, as absentee from school, was sent to the House of Reformation for one year.

CHELMSFORD MATTERS. The Republicans of Chelmsford, and all others in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war, and a vigorous prosecution of the war, and a vigorous prosecution of the war, and

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE!
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to testify to you of the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per week. My hair has ever since continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do no imagine it is anything mentioned will be of any particular advantage to any one, or even flatter your vanity at this day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and plea-sure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where such is proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and falling at once half the time. I have known over two-or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt ere long will be as astonishing that people will patron-ize an article of no reputation save its merit, as that which has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I assure they have on only used your name in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, grey hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I need you a statement, that I (then you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have lived here over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable grey, and was almost white and very stiff and harsh. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and concluded there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a wonderful desire to have my hair possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, a beautiful black, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in small, and, as I thought, in one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and recommenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that formerly fell in the large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the hair, and I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as ever grew on a head in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. It is free from dandruff, by clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is as soft as silk, and as free as oily, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Any of my acquaintances can frequently say to me, "Basher, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is one of the fabrics of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my natural hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every instance where a desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which will do everything claimed for it, and all the bald and grey could desire.—*Columbus Sun Item.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring grey hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative removes all cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many an heir restored to possession by use of these wonderful agents, and we can from experience a sense of which are from gentlemen to whom we have known for years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't you tell you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Ozone Drumb.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE is now in the habit of putting every new discovery, for in the course of the last year at the fate of six letter but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to the public, as for the falling off or turning grey. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has entirely restored the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. All the grey and bald locals will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Southern Farmer.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring to the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head had become almost bald from the use of this article was produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a most valuable application for all diseases. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff, and all other impurities, which operate as a tortion to the hair. It also has curative properties in the scalp. In one instance, however, Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we speak of what we know—was capable qualities of restoring hair to gray or even snow-white. In all this it answers to its name—it does restore it to its first color and vitality. Nothing of half is generally known to be nagging. Like lime or guano—it is wanted but, it being of a new nature, is not applied. Our own thrash is extensively healthy, but we advise our friends not to sparingly prove it.—*Columbus Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ARE ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stood his ground like a man, and after a few attention has been turned to inventing a hair tonic that has come before us. Its effects are the same in sudden but world wide, and thousands who have been grey is only to-day to-day, and now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which govern it, and the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair, its character, its composition, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of the roots, and to give back to their own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual has arrived, and we are glad and we believe that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite grey at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to its, strength, and luxuriance, and the article he used it with he gave to the world. Go WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

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FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and which has been used by over fifty thousand ladies, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken a few days *before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the utmost importance to married ladies, wishing to prevent the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, with secrecy, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember, *This article is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented* in every instance, or the price will be refunded.

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine but those bearing the signature of the proprietor and warranted purely vegetable. Prepared only by DR. MATTISON,
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☞ The Spurious imitations of all diseases of *Private* nature bink of MEN and WOMEN, by the proprietor, who has had more than twenty years practice, giving its *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or personally, are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, recommendations for patients to refer to, if desired. Call or send for a quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *Ten Thousand Dollars* are annually paid to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone. Don't be a victim. Call or write to Dr. M. first. Most of this sum comes out of a class of men who are not fool enough to swindle, but *dare* only *cover her it back*, and they are compelled to submit to the law of silence, or else darling to expose the cruel fraud of *extorting* and *blackmailing*. Don't be a victim of such villainy. If, therefore, you would secure *prompt relief for private diseases*, but MAKE INQUIRY of the proprietor, and not any pretending impostor, for, as advertising physicians is time sacred, of the very few buyers there are in the country *any of them*, unless you know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. will cure any case of Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Nervousness, Premature Decline, Loss of Memory, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society, Blotches on Body, Diseases of Women, and all Private Diseases, no matter how long standing or from what cause originating, and will guarantee a perfect cure in every case undertaken, or refund the money. Persons at a distance can be cured at home by addressing him. Medicines sent by express, with full directions for use, to any part of the country. Consultation free. Call or address DR. J. MATTISON, Union street, Providence, R. I.

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MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

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in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies have failed. It cures *Corns and Bunions*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now a well established fact, and has been introduced in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is surrounded by glass before using, and is perfectly harmless. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, JR.,
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SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for cleaning *Stoves, Marble Top &c. For cleaning* fine Paint, Oil Cloth, Windows and Carriage Bodies, soap is unequalled. 25 cts. per cake.
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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

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jan10 1y

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for the Hair. Prepared by J. BURNETT & Co., Boston. A few attention has been turned to inventing a preparation that will restore locks to their original luster when time is sudden but world wide, and thousands who have been grey is only to-day to-day, and now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which govern it, and the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair, its character, its composition, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of the roots, and to give back to their own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual has arrived, and we are glad and we believe that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite grey at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to its, strength, and luxuriance, and the article he used it with he gave to the world. Go WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

may26 dcod&w2mNWY

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, CHRONIC DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading physicians of the country, and all who try them become their warmest friends.

Dr. JAMES L. LEFFEN, of Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. In every instance they have been used, the most prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieves me, and I can recommend it with great confidence of its merits."

Dr. DAVIS Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. In every instance they have been used, the most prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieves me, and I can recommend it with great confidence of its merits."

Dr. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the n ost valuable medicine of the kind ever introduced to this section. With great success, and with them made several cures of paralysis of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4, 1860. He says he has been troubled having been effected for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating, character, "after using a few bottles of it was completely restored and am now in robust health.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was effected with rheumatism for 20 years in all its forms, and that at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, whose several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "Remember me, gentlemen, your compliment and me affection or Grapey, it is a specific certain for rheumatism."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, in the most flattering terms (and he prevails,) that he most cheerfully recommends them as the best remedy for the cure of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia an d General Debility.

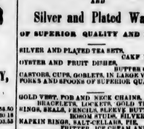
☞ Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS, are the only genuine article, and are sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

☞ Pamphlets containing certificates of the above and many other remarkable cures, sent free to any address.

Prepared only by DR. S. O. RICHARDSON,
No. 43 Merrimack street, Lowell.

MUSIC STORE
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR
20 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames of
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
sep24d

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in Silver and Gold Canes for Walking. Repairing, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
21 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may22 d1y



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,356 85
Dividends paid to date,	1,494,992 18
Losses paid,	2,317,364 67

The Company was organized in 1845 on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely for the benefit of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in First Class Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profits.

The management of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, for $1,000 per annum, may be paid in cash, or cash and credit in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, secure from observation, all parts of the United States Also, accommodations for patients from other countries, who may wish to visit quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *Ten Thousand Dollars* are annually paid to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone. Don't be a victim. Call or write to Dr. M. first. Most of this sum comes out of a class of men who are not fool enough to swindle, but *dare* only *cover her it back*, and they are compelled to submit to the law of silence, or else darling to expose the cruel fraud of *extorting* and *blackmailing*. Don't be a victim of such villainy. If, therefore, you would secure *prompt relief for private diseases*, but MAKE INQUIRY of the proprietor, and not any pretending impostor, for, as advertising physicians is time sacred, of the very few buyers there are in the country *any of them*, unless you know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. will cure any case of Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Nervousness, Premature Decline, Loss of Memory, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society, Blotches on Body, Diseases of Women, and all Private Diseases, no matter how long standing or from what cause originating, and will guarantee a perfect cure in every case undertaken, or refund the money. Persons at a distance can be cured at home by addressing him. Medicines sent by express, with full directions for use, to any part of the country. Consultation free. Call or address DR. J. MATTISON, Union street, Providence, R. I.

may29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

Toilet Soaps.

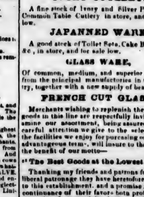
ENGLISH Rose, Jockey Club, Prince Regent, Prince Silver Wreath, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a heavy variety of other soaps for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. dec21

FURNITURE POLISH.

THE best article ever introduced at any price. Prepared only for *Furniture* and for sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John streets. The best kind ever introduced for housekeepers, hotel keepers, and manufacturers generally. By using one box of this Polish, you will be enabled to remove the whole furniture of a house quite new, within one hour. Please call and see this new article Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tan, Redness, and Roughness. It is surrounded by glass before using, and is perfectly harmless. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and Worthen streets. may5



Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR
20 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames of
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
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UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in Silver and Gold Canes for Walking. Repairing, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
21 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may22 d1y

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD THIMBLES, GOLD PENS AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SPOONS, BEADS, CORALS, PLEVET CUTOONS,
ROOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALTCELLARS, DR.
PUTTER, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES.
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—*will be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, executed in a short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
Remember the Stand is the very best in the city.
Lowell, April 16, 1861. 1 dec18ly

H. S. HAYNES'
CHINA EMPORIUM,
45 MERRIMACK STREET,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of
Decorated, French, China, Granite and
COMMON WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
Tea Trays, Table Cutlery, Plated
and Brittania Ware,
From the best manufactories in the country.
KEROSENE, SIDE, HANGING, STAND,
AND HANDLED LAMPS,
of every description, for lighting Factories, Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c., all kinds of Trimmings. Old Lamps altered to Kerosene at short notice.

KEROSENE OIL,
of the very first quality, which I will sell a Boston prices, in quantities to suit purchasers

IVORY CUTLERY.
A fine stock of Ivory and Silver Plated and Common Table Cutlery in store, and for sale low.

JAPANNED WARE.
A good stock of Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, &c., &c., in store, and for sale low.

GLASS WARE.
Of common, medium, and superior qualities, for sale low. Please call and see the stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine the stock and prices, as I am confident of my careful attention to the selection, and my ability to offer such inducements as cannot fail to secure their trade.

Please call and examine the above, at 45 Merrimack Street, Lowell. may5

HOVEY'S FATENT
CARPET SWEEPER.

WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.

It causes no dust.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It picks up lint and dirt that a broom will not.

It will last a lifetime, and is not liable to get out of order.

Every one who is a sojourner, and the most delicate lady or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet with ease.

It saves carriage, furniture, books, &c., from the annoyance of dust, and the labor of sweeping companies all how as sweeping.

It is as simple as a child, and runs without annoyance to the invalid.

It is as strong as that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

☞ Please call and see the perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public

For sale by H. F. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street
ap2 2w

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & CO.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANO FORTES, with Improved Iron Frame and Overstrung Scale, Agraffe Bridge and Metallosone Bar. In this city, have constantly on hand a good assortment of the above-named makers' Pianos, at manufacturers' prices, WARRANTED, in every particular, for five years. Second-hand Pianos, for sale cheap.
N. B.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 7, 1859. ly23

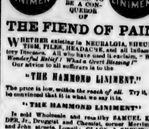
KEROSENE
LAMPS AND OIL

H. S. Haynes, has just received a large and well-selected assortment of Kerosene Lamps. Also, Shades, Chimneys, Burners, Wicks and Sperm Oil Cans of all sizes. Hanging, side, stand, and handled lamps, of every size, kitchen, and study lamps. Also a new style for factory use, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at wholesale and retail.

Also, Downer's Kerosene Oil by the barrel and half barrel, at the manufacturer's prices.

Please call and examine the above, at H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack Street. oct29

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



THE FIEND OF PAIN,
WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTH, PILES, HEAD, or SPINAL AFFECTIONS, &c., &c., &c., will FLY BEFORE the "HAMMOND LINIMENT." What a short time it takes to kill Sufferers in the "HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say this.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Proprietor and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell. CLARK & SHERWOOD, Agents, 43 Merrimack street, Lowell. H. H. HOLLIS & CO., Concord, and all retail by Dealers generally.

G. G. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.
feb20 1y

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified approval, and recommend it for all cases of dyspepsia, and diseases of the scaly and brain; but more especially for Nervous Debility, in all its forms, every one is willing to bring in a verdict in favor of any age, as well as sections.

PREPARED ONLY BY
SAMUEL KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. may5

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excess or deficiency of the fibrine, is disease of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the liver is disease of the blood, for the reason that in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Consumption of the Bowels, by the same cause, viz: Insufficient Circulation; but in the Lungs, Consumption is the result of deficiency. To discover a certain cure cure, for the cure of pulmonary affections, is a desideratum, it, what causes the blood to circulate, and to circulate healthily.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood shows that they consist principally of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

Iron gives the breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Sulphur is a powerful ferment with a metal, evolves or emits electricity.

Phosphorous in combination with a muscular fiber, causes it to contract.

These facts are undeniable, we have now the solution as to the motive or motive power of the blood. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood, the sulphur, which is also coming in to cast with the heart causes it to contract, and this contraction forces the blood to the blood and sends it tingling through the remotest arteries, and veins. These are the principles of Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, &c. &c.—a deficiency in the red corpuscles of the blood, of iron, sulphur and phosphorous, which causes a deficiency of electricity, and consequently a deficiency of normal circulation. The blood becomes watery, colds and inflammation settle on the lungs, and there becomes nervous, and subject to rheumatism in joints and muscles, inflammation of the liver and kidneys set in, in short, almost e very type of disease originates from a deficiency, and this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles red corpuscles.

Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, and what can be done to supply the loss. We have discovered the "*Africa vine*," we do say that it is the sun the source of life, and the "

Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and these the normal circulation. Consumptives! Friends of Consumptives! Dyspeptics! Sufferers from disease! Unfortunates, who have by excess of the body or mind, or both, caused a derangement of the blood and diminished the red globules, thereby causing the above named or other female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" can cure you. It is cured thousands of desperate cases where all hope has been given up by the faculty, and can be used by your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an infallible remedy for all the ills.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the theory and cure, can be had gratis of any druggist who has received pamphlets from the proprietor, or will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of stamp. Any druggist who will not procure it for you, will be doing you a favor to inform you of the fact, as we will not have such dealers. Ask for a pamphlet, and if you cannot get it from the druggist of whom you buy, write to the proprietor, and it will be sent you by return mail. Address all orders to the sole agent for the adjoining counties if you have the prejudice.

DR. THOMPSON, Proprietor,
No. 77 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

DR. WOOD'S Blue Stomach Bitters are Prepared from the Roots, Herbs and Barks of this country, and are a sure cure for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Piles, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Female Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Humors, Boils, Blotches, Ringworm, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcers, Sores, Fever Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Blood Poisoning, Diseases of the Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Chills and Fever, Intermittent Fever, Typhoid Fever, Bilious Fever, Scarlet Fever, Yellow Fever, Spotted Fever, Measles, Whooping Cough, Croup, Mumps, Quinsy, Diphtheria, Canker, Hoarseness, Pleurisy, Pain in the Breast, Pain in the Back, Kidneys, Side

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, October 19, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

SIXTH MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, (comprising Lowell, Dracut and Tewksbury,) and all others in sympathy with the action of the State Convention, are requested to meet in Convention at the Town Hall in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of October Inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator, and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the late State Republican Convention held at Worcester.

BRADFORD SUMNER, } District
JACOB COGGIN, } Committee.

Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. oct18tim wit

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Middlesex County Republican Committee invite the citizens of Middlesex County to meet in Convention at Concord, on WEDNESDAY, October 23d, 1861, at 11 o'clock, A. M. of the county of delegates to nominate candidates for the County officers to be filled at the annual election in November. The basis of representation will be the same as at the late Convention.

GEO. W. COPE, Lowell, Chairman.
CHARLES HUDSON, Concord, } Secretaries.
October 16th, A. D. 1861. oct18tim wit

LETTER FROM LEWINSVILLE, VA.

[We are permitted to copy the following interesting paragraphs from a private letter from Lewinsville, which has within a few days been evacuated by the rebels, and immediately occupied by the advance of Gen. McClellan's army. The letter is dated the 15th inst., and was written by a gentleman formerly well known in Lowell. It will be perused with interest by many.]

As you have seen by the papers, we have advanced from the Chain Bridge, and now occupy Lewinsville and vicinity. We came here without opposition, and have no fears now of an attack. I doubt if we are to remain here long. I think in a few days the order will come, "Two days' rations and march in four hours." We are in a fog as to what Banks is doing. Four regiments of the New York and Pennsylvania troops got orders to march this morning. They are now gone, except they don't know where. Some say we are to advance on Vienna; others positively know they go up the river to Banks' division. I would not be surprised if it was to advance, and before night we may have orders to follow. I don't think they have much force this side of Fairfax Court House; still their pickets are near our lines, and have skirmishes almost daily with ours; but there is very little harm done.

Our last advance here took two days and nights—all of which time we were our horses, and had not for one hour any shelter. What sleep we got was found on the ground, with all the noise and confusion of a mighty army moving around us. I have learned now how it is that a man can sleep in such a place; for nature when exhausted must have rest. I can lay down and sleep as quietly as at home with the door locked. I tell you, one has a peculiar feeling to wake from a dream where home and its loved ones are seen, and at the hour of two in the chill morning start out with no music save the tramp, tramp of ten thousand men, and advance into an unknown country beyond the lines of friendly pickets, expecting every moment to hear the firing commence, and still keep going on—on! We watch with much anxiety the result of those naval expeditions down the coast. If successful, they will have a tendency to scatter the army under the rebel leaders in Virginia, and give us a more rapid and easy road to Richmond.

I wish you could be here and see this mighty army, with all its engines and machinery of war. 'Tis awful to contemplate, but sublime to behold. We have in all probability two hundred thousand men on the banks of the Potomac. There are some fifteen thousand encamped between us and Gen. Banks, and one continuous line of encampments from here, by the way of Falls Church and Munson's Hill, to Arlington Heights.

In that horrid accident at the taking of the above named place, we came so near taking a part that we were immediately in the rear of Mott's Battery, and your brother for once, I be never does again, had the bullets flying about him like hail. I must say the music is unpleasant, unless one can keep at a safe distance. A private in our Regiment, got a ball through his wrist, and four more through their clothes in different places. We supposed it, for the moment, a cavalry charge, and at the order, "Right face, and every one fence!" I saw by the moonlight a thousand men go over a rail fence quicker than I ever did before, I assure you. Your humble servant went with the rest, but while getting over, a Minie ball lodged in the rail on which he was moving. This served to help me all up, and when over I was double quicking it toward a tree standing near, and when the shelter was almost reached, another came whack into said tree. The muzzle was soon found out; but, O! what a shot it was that—those seven men dead, and twenty-seven more badly wounded by their friends. I have no re-son to think there was a rebel within five miles of them; neither do I think there has been a true account of the affair published yet :skirmishers both f ot and cavalry were thrown out, and the infantry having traversed the country on the left (which was in the direction of Arlington, and could not well contain the enemy), had collected in a small piece of woods by the immediate vicinity, when the brave guards came up, some fifty strong, and took a stand by the side of the wood, without knowing the infantry was in there. One of the foot men let fall his gun, which was discharged by the fall.—The cavalry, supposing them to be rebels, immediately charged on them, firing their revolvers into the woods with and effect.—This caused the fright from which the trouble came. Such a mistake I pray never to see again.

There are now, while I write, some shell bursting high over our camp; but the impression is that they are from some of our own guns. The infantry are quiet yet; but the artillery and cavalry are manned and waiting to know what is going on.

For the Lowell Daily Courier.

The republic of letters appears to have been shocked to its very foundations, and our modern authors thrown into a state of most unwonted excitement, by the historical analogies of Senator Sumner. He is charged, not only with falsifying history, but with doing it designedly, and maliciously, and for an evil purpose. Some of his criticisers content themselves with simply denying the accuracy of his statements, but without attempting to rest upon his head the concentrated essence of gall and wormwood, like that distilled in the alembic of a "Jackson Democrat." To use a homely phrase, the weight of the evidence is against the Senator, and goes to show that his acknowledged learning and general accuracy of historical statement, is, in this instance, at fault. But we do not propose to discuss the question in issue between the erudite scholars of the metropolis; for, practically, it is of small consequence how it is settled.

History, to be sure, is designed for our instruction and warning; but, to be really useful, it must be studied in connection with the condition of the people, and the circumstances of the times, of which it is the record. None of the nations of antiquity had a government founded upon a like basis with ours. Hence, in the treatment of the slavery question, there are no safe guides for us. True it is, that the eternal principles of right and justice are, in all ages the same, and involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, is always wrong. But we may not do evil that good may come, and to bring about an object, that is, in itself, a beneficent one, we must not resort to illegal means. If slavery be a wrong, we, as a Government, have no such control over it, as will permit us to abolish it.

Non-extension of slavery is a cardinal doctrine of the Republican Party, but so far from its being committed to emancipation, either by the sword or by legal enactment, it stands pledged, before the country not to interfere with the institution in the States where it exists. This has been reiterated again and again, in the primary Republican meetings, and in conventions, County, State and National. If there be a party in the country with emancipation as its leading idea, it is not the new party. It is not the party of which Abraham Lincoln is the national head.

Let us be careful, that under the lead of great names, we do not violate our constitutional obligations to our loyal brethren of the slave States. At some future time, Mr. Editor, I should with your leave like briefly to follow out a train of thought, suggested by passing events.

Gen. Fremont to be removed. A dispatch from Cincinnati last evening states that the *Gazette* of that city editorially says that when the Secretary of War went to St. Louis, he carried an order from the President removing Gen. Fremont from the command of the Western Department, and instructing him to transfer it to Gen. Hunter. The delivery of this order was left to the discretion of the Secretary of War. His visit to the Western Department convinced him that a change in the command was positively required, and he promptly issued the order. Fremont, who asked a delay for a few days in the execution of the order, but his request was decided upon to take place next week. Probably it will be made on Tuesday.

The reports this morning represent Gen. Fremont to be fast approaching the rebel army, and that a battle within a few days, between his command and the traitors appears more than probable. Under these circumstances we can hardly believe that Fremont is to be removed, though there are others indicating that his removal may be expected.

Teachers' Institute at Lawrence.—There will be a Teachers' Institute at Lawrence, commencing on Monday, November 18th, and continuing five days. The exercises will be conducted by and lectures given by Wm. Russell, Lowell Mason, Lewis B. Monroe, James C. Sharp, Hon. Joseph White, Secretary of the Board of Education, Gov. John A. Andrew, A. Crosby, A. B. Muzzey and other gentlemen. Teachers will be entertained without charge, and arrangements will doubtless be made with railroads for half-price tickets.

Look out, Jeff. Davis. In the last *Banner of Light* is a "communication" from the spirit of James H. Davis, a son of Jeff., who died when almost four years old, but has been twelve years in the spirit land. The spirit of this boy sends word to the rebel President, that he leaves Richmond within four weeks from October 5th, he dies—he will be assassinated!—We think it will be safe to place about the same reliance on this message that people place upon one half the messages that come in the newspapers under the head of telegraphic.

Nomination for Senator. The Republicans of the Middlesex Fifth District, have nominated Horace P. Wakefield, of South Reading, for Senator.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and vicinity. The reports that the rebel army is in full retreat for Manassas are mere conjectures. A Virginian, released by the rebels on account of the evacuation of Fairfax Court House, states that on Wednesday the rebels burned thousands of bushels of corn and wheat, to prevent its falling into our hands, and all the citizens have left for Richmond and other points South.

The rebels called in all their pickets on Thursday, deserted Vienna, tore up the track of the London and Hampshire Railroad, and fell back with their entire column, on Fairfax Court House. Gen. Wadsworth, with a company of infantry and cavalry, followed them to within a mile of Fairfax Court House, when the rebels turned and fled, but did not hit any one. A reconnaissance of Vienna found it deserted.

From Harper's Ferry. The cannon captured at Bolivar is a fine seige gun, well mounted and in good order, with the exception of a fracture above the axles, caused during its flight. The gun lanyard from 8 in the morning until 2 in the afternoon, with varying results. At 2 o'clock Col. Geary arrived with two pieces of cannon, which soon silenced the enemy's guns, putting the entire force to flight. The rebel chaplain, who was taken prisoner, says before he was captured, 87 were killed and wounded in the fight—been carried from the field. There was nothing definitely known as to Col. Ashby being killed. It is generally credited that an officer supposed to be Ashby was shot, during the final retreat of the rebels.

The prisoners admit that their force was 2000, while the whole federal force was 600.

The change of Harper's Ferry and the driving village of Bolivar, represented a most sad and shocking ruin, everywhere in the interest of the slavery question. The rebels have bowed down with sorrow and desolation.

Another engagement is reported to have taken place in the vicinity of Bolivar Heights, resulting in a victory for the rebels.

Upton Hill, on the road from Falls Church to Arlington Heights, is now the extreme right of the army.

Utah. Brigham Young, in a communication with J. H. Wade, President of the Pacific Telegraph Company, on the completion of the Telegraph to Salt Lake City, congratulates the company on the result of their labors. He adds Utah has not seceded, but is firm for the Constitution and laws of our once happy country, and is warmly interested in such successful enterprises as the one so far completed.

A young lady of Albany, beautiful, of extraordinary intelligence, and "all such," has become infatuated with a well known married citizen, follows him in his daily walks about the streets, and refuses to be comforted. The gentleman is shocked and his wife alarmed.

Daniel S. Dickinson is announced to lecture in the Fraternity course at Boston. We might be engaged to deliver a lecture in this city.

Old newspapers for sale at this office.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. J. W. Dennis will preach in the Worthen Street Baptist Church to-morrow morning and evening. In the evening he will give an account of the recent meeting of the Baptist Convention.

Rev. J. W. Dennis, who has just returned from Maryland and Scotland, will preach in the First Baptist Church to-morrow afternoon.

Rev. Father Dunn will speak in the tenant state of Welles' Hall, to-morrow. Subject in the morning—Astrology.

Go and examine the great Military Map of the fifteen Southern States. Gen Scott and the War Department use this Map. It is the largest ever known, and shows every foot of the Southern country. For sale at the Bookstore in the basement of the Merrimack House.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 122 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell. A. B. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 23d, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application in the Police Court during afternoon office hours.

oct19 3t E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, October 19th.

Country Produce—Butter, per lb. 16 a 18c: Cheese do, 6 a 10c: Eggs per doz. 15c.

Fruit—Oranges, per doz. 30@35: Lemons do. 6.00: Apples per peck 20 a 40c: Grapes per pound, 10c: Cranberries per peck, 30c.

Provisions—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 7 a 12c; stewing pieces, 6c; round, 10 a 12c; sirloin, 12 a 14c; Lamb, 8 a 12c; Pork, salt, 10 a 12c, fresh, 10c; Ham, whole, 12c; do. sliced, 14c; Veal, 8 a 12c; Fowls, per pair, 75c; Parsnips, each 2c.

Fish—Halibut, per lb. 8c; Cod, 4 a 5c; Haddock, 3c; Mackerel, fresh, 8 a 10c; Eels 10c; Perch, per doz. 30c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, per peck, 18c; Onions silver skin, per peck, 20c; Beets, per peck, 12c; Turnips, per peck, 12c; Cabbages, each 5 a 12c; Squash, do. 3 a 5c; Tomatoes, per lb., 1c; Cucumbers, per doz. 6c; Tomatoes, per lb., 1c; Sweet Potatoes, per lb., 5c.

The death of Dr. Stanbiia. The *Newburyport Herald*, in a notice of the death of Edward A. Stanbiia, of Lowell, in that city, says that, "apparently in good health, at ten o'clock Wednesday evening, he was walking up State Street, on his return home, when he was seen to fall in the street. He was taken up and carried into the store of Mr. Samuel A. Smith, and from the-nce to his house, and physicians were sent for. He lived but a few hours. Dr. Stanbiia was about forty-five years of age, and was visiting his wife's relations." A delegation from Pentucket Lodge of Masons, of this city, attended the funeral of the deceased, which took place in Newburyport this forenoon.

Superior Court—*Putnam, J.* The Court came in at 8½ o'clock this morning, and after hearing motions and arranging matters for Monday, adjourned at noon to meet at 9 o'clock Monday morning. The rebels burnt a mill and captured the miller, who they charged with giving information to the Union men of 20,000 bushels of grain concealed in the vicinity of Bolivar Heights. The rebels retired to the Virginia side of the Potomac. The rebels are reported to be approaching the fords on the upper Potomac.

Thursday, October 24th. The *Petersburg Express* has additional particulars of the affair at New Orleans. It is stated that the Turtle, iron clad steam tug, ran against the Preble without firing a gun, immediately sinking her. The shell from the Preble's rifled cannon passed through the Turtle then turned toward the other two vessels, when the gun boats in endeavoring to escape, their crews deserting them. Holliss says he will be able to capture and bring them to New Orleans. The Preble has been struck by a large number of projectiles, but only one man killed.

Police Court. John Cosgrove and Edgar L. R. Churchill, truants, were ballasted until the 23rd of November.

Francis E. Cloyes, charged with breaking and entering the store of Willard Brown & Son, was discharged, there being no evidence against him.

Several parties having complaints against Edward Cassidy were defaulted.

It is known that most of them are serving their country at Camp Chase.

An unmarried couple, aged forty-two and twenty-eight, sailing from Lowell Street, were found last night in circumstances conflicting with most peoples' ideas of propriety; but as it appeared that the parties contemplated marriage, a document was obtained from Mr. McAlvin, the City Clerk, and the parties were made happy according to law by the Clerk of the Court, and went on their way.

Prices of provisions. By reference to our weekly list of marketing prices, it will be seen that nearly all kinds of meat have decreased one and two cents since the last quotations. Several other articles have a reduction, which must be cheering to the consumer, if not to the producer.

Postoffice matters. N. G. Ordway, special mail agent for New England, was in the city yesterday. He visited the Lowell postoffice and destroyed all the old stamps, about 800 worth, and has prohibited their further use by agents. They will be exchanged at the country postoffices for a short time longer.

Soldiers' postage case. We have a very neat little article, less in size than an ordinary pocket-book, designed for the use of soldiers. In it thread, buttons, a pair of scissors, needles, and other small articles are securely rolled, and keptin place for use. We should think this case quite indispensable to those who are beyond the reach of assistance from the women folks. They are for sale at I. C. Eastman's, No. 23 Central Street.

Lowell donors for the soldiers.—Among those who have contributed blankets and other articles for the brave men now fighting the battles of our country we are able to give the following names, in addition to those already given:—Miss L. E. Pamhallow, Mrs. S. J. Varney, Mrs. Theodore Ela, Miss Kate F. Tepley, Mrs. George Hedrick, Mrs. Spofford and Mrs. Farmer. There are others, but we could not ascertain their names.

Mrs. E. Davis, mother of Capt P. A. Davis, of the Richardson Light Infantry, died in this city on Thursday last. She was about sixty-three years of age, and for a number of years kept a store on John Street. The *Citizen* says that Capt. Davis is now on his way home, having received a short furlough on account of his health.

Camp Chase. All the troops at Camp Chase, including the Twenty-sixth Regiment, were yesterday mustered into the service of the Government. They are now under the command of Gen. Butler, and not of the Governor of this State.

Box to Lowell soldiers. The Nineteenth Massachusetts Regiment, Colonel Hinks, is at "Camp Benton," Edwards' Ferry, between Washington and Harper's Ferry. Connected with this regiment is Capt. Weymouth's company, and some thirty or forty other Lowell men, including Capt. Temple Tebbetts and Thomas Clafferty. Some of the ladies of Lowell have been making up a lot of articles, including blankets, comforters, &c., for the Lowell men in this company, and they will be forwarded by the city on Monday next. Packages left at the Messenger's office by noon on that day, will be sent according to direction.

Meeting of delegates. The delegates to the County and Councillor Conventions (chosen on Thursday evening) are requested to meet at the Citizens' Committee Room, Huntington Hall, at 7½ o'clock precisely, on Monday evening. It is important that all should attend, that vacancies may be filled if any are found to exist.

Is it reasonable to suppose that the people in favor of the Union in a border as Camp Chase? He "puffs" the rations there!

"The Uprising of a Great People—The United States in 1861," the title of a work which we noticed some weeks ago, may be obtained at B. C. Sargent's bookstore, City Government Building.

Tycoonno'. The Republicans of Tyngsboro hold a caucus this evening, to select delegates to the county, councillor, fourth senatorial and representative district conventions.

Doesn't believe it. The *Philadelphia Bulletin* does not believe that the steamer Nashville has run the blockade at Charleston, and gives pretty plausible reasons to sustain its belief. It says that when the rebels get a steamer through the blockade with such men as Mason and Slidell on board, they will not be in a hurry to announce the fact; but in this case the reverse is the fact. The arrival is reported in Washington in less time than news by ordinary channels can be conveyed between the city and Charleston. The *Bulletin* thinks that the report starting such a report was to draw off some of the gunboat steamers on a 'wild goose chase,' and there is reason to believe that in this they have succeeded.

☞ There are no such things as newspaper puffs. One might just as well call gold, dug, new gold.

New Hampshire's quota. It was announced, a few days ago, that the number of men required from New Hampshire had been raised, but this is not so. Her quota is 3,000. The *Manchester Mirror* says, in speaking of the subject, that "the whole 3000 men will undoubtedly soon be in the field. The 5th and 6th regiments are now nearly ready, and the 7th and 8th will be off early in November. The 9th, Colonel Throw, together with the sharpshooters, cavalry, and battery of light artillery, will make up nearly 9000 men. No more regiments are to be raised in the State at present." It is not yet settled that a 9th regiment shall be raised for Gen. Butler's Brigade, but it will be decided next week.

The last rebel boodle. The Richmond papers soberly promulgate the intelligence that President Lincoln is about to issue a proclamation declaring all marriages between loyal and rebel parties null and void. Who says that the traitors are not ingenious?

Secession or Bosting—*Statement of Grievances. The Bangeria Journal*, published in Crawford County, Ohio, is out against the Government of Ohio, in Bucyrus township, and in favor of a "confederacy of her own." The causes of grievances are stated as follows:—

"It refuses to locate the capital at Bucyrus, to the great detriment of real estate interests.

It refused to gravel the streets of Bucyrus, or even to put down a plank road.

It refused to locate the penitentiary at Bucyrus, notwithstanding we do so much toward filling it up with convicts.

It refused to locate the Lunatic Asylum at Bucyrus, notwithstanding we do so much toward filling it up with lunatics, including the large proportion of our free, independent and patriotic peanut venders.

It refused to locate the Union Fair at Bucyrus.

It located the Ohio Canal one hundred miles east of Bucyrus.

We have had a Governor, notwithstanding we have a very number of men as superior to the loony dotard who now fills that post as the bright reloigent sun is to a tallow canale.

Hence, ditto, ditto as to United States Senator.

It has enticed our citizens away, by making it a penitentiary offence to sell our goods for State Treasurer, thus making the State Treasury the treasury of the county.

It has compelled us to pay, year after year, our share of the State debt.

It puts us in the same congressional district with Ottawa County.

No citizen of the town has ever been appointed to any place where theft is possible, thus wisely giving capital out of the county.

In selected Seneca County men for two terms for State Treasurer, thus making sure of having the treasury cleaned out.

It has compelled our county as the "mud county."

It has refused to pay our railroad subscription, and has never offered us a free water on the Sandusky river.

Now we have only two of the grievances we have submitted to. We could stretch our ten feet indefinitely, but those are sufficient. We will now secede.

The storm is rising. Companies of two-forty men are being organized in the counties for the ship. Our representatives have agreed to resign next March. The independent flag—manufrat rangant, passant, gules, on a field d'eggshell—floats from poles on every corner. Out off from the State, direct trade with Indiana follows; released from the burdens of Cincinnati and Cleveland, our merchants will again loft their heads. We are in earnest. Armed with justice and the Constitution, we will do battle for the glorious cause of secession."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

W. B. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y., have the cheapest and best Blacking for sale in the market, and it gives universal satisfaction wherever used.

There is no other article in the market that will produce a polish equal to Hagan's Blacking or an Agreeable Dressing. They use no use to humbug the public with long stories about their Blacking, but simply say to the public, that if you will purchase a bottle of their Blacking and use it according to directions, you will be satisfied with the result. Hagan's Blacking is sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Boots and Shoes. For sale by SAMUEL END & SON, Wholesale Agents.

WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL COLOR OF THE HAIR.

Where age or sickness has turned it grey, and that it will restore it soft and glossy.

USE NOTHING ELSE.

Sold every where—Price 25 cents and $1 a bottle. W. B. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists. R. H. RUSH & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents.

oct18 tuthsly

Dr. Sherman's Lozenges and Dr. Sherman's Cough Lozenges.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
AGES AND WORN POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq., Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray, as few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known. Length and ever more wonderful fame through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have had people to tell me that I announced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance in which I proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used it according to all the directions given in your article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have recommended two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have found to be humbugs, and in the finishing that people will patronize an article of no vegetable virtue, when it is said that it has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatanists have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of your.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than 1,000 individuals, persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some of baldness, gray hair on the head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you had now living in New York

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,590, will receive my answer.

Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over 60 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the wonderful and beneficial effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a sure fiction that breathed into the most entertaining a strong desire to believe that it possible, restored to original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I accordingly, about a year since, got a treatment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, and after using it commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered that the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was stopped from falling, and a radical change taking place in the color. In a few months my hair was as dark as ever, and of your small bottles and about one gallon the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair brown, or light black as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not only not falling off and is as soft and fine, and fe in as oily, as through just from the hands of a French chemapour. Many of my acquaintances frequently ask me what I use to dress my hair, as they see that fine wig. I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I think it highly possible to convince them that it is the original hair of the wig they have on.

Yours truly, FREDERICK TYLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE stands in a perpetual relation from actual test and experiment, which cannot be otherwise in correct principles. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with entire and desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. In fact, before recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it is recommended to do, and all the bold and gray could desire.—Columbus Sun.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and extensively used preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative we have used ourselves, and know its virtues. It will do what is claimed for it. We have seen many others use it, and we have seen not a few in this city, as through just from the hands of a French chemapour. Many of my acquaintances frequently ask me what I use to dress my hair, as they see that fine wig. I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I think it highly possible to convince them that it is the original hair of the wig they have on.—Boston Olive Branch.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to promote a growth of hair, and a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. When the hair has become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has produced a new and healthy hair. It is a most valuable hair preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously on the hair. It also preserves perfectly from another description. In many cases it stops the premature decay of the skin distinctive character where it is used. There is no hazard in submitting to a trial of this remedy, and in all cases it will only be beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of being harm, as it contains no poisonous or deleterious ingredients.—Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.

A GREYCHE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are entitled to advertise the interests of the car, each of which claims to be unsolicitated as to its composition and its ability in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well acquainted with the valuable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that is necessary for the article claims it to be. Its effect upon a failing head of hair is universally known to be magical. Where time or gauze on exhausted vitality, its use is of incalculable benefit. Our own hair is not naturally healthy, but we advise our friends with caused by growing late to try the Restorative.—Columbia Spy.

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT AMERICAN HAIR TONIC AND DYE.—This famous Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, wise physician has without a rival. It will restore hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is sudden but world-wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or been bald for years are now, through the agency of this unrivalled preparation, using their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Prof. Wood has studied out the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore and preserve its vitality or that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that gray hair was a premature decay, the age of the individual had reached four-score, and he believed the latter fact could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—almost dead and gone—and the magical influence seemed to restore to his own hair its color, strength and luxuriance. And now he did it with his patients, and the result is the same.—Cincinnati Daily Times.

POCKET DRINKING CUPS.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large stock of Silver Plated and Britannia Pocket Drinking Cups, just the thing for Sailors, Travellers, and thousands of others.—Please call and see them at No. 45 Merrimack st.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in more of obstruction from any cause, after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Remember! The Emmenagogue is sent expressly for OBSTRUCTED cases, in which all other remedies have failed, and not in any case, within that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine unless signed by the proprietor, Dr. M., at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 24 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ The Emmenagogue is also sold under the Private name both of MEN and WOMEN, by regularly educated Physicians in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diarrhœa.

☞ DR. MATTISON, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most cheerfully recommend the Emmenagogue as the best Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and to the public generally, as a medicine."

Such facts we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
may23 dlw3m

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get goo PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S and KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan16

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without a rival.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not grease or stocky.

It does not change the color.

It endows the hair with hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords its fragrance.

It remains longest in effect.

It is sold by all the first class dealers.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST

COMES FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. S. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, RIVER OR BOWELS.

They are now most recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become permanent customers.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEFFRE write from No. 1 Astor Place, N. Y., "I have used your Sherry Wine Bitters in my practice, and find them to be a valuable medicine for debility, and I can recommend it with great confidence to the profession."

Dr. W. J. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind. writes us that they are the most valuable medicine he ever offered. He has recommended them with great success in cases of Dyspepsia. They remove palpitation of the heart and general debility.

Dr. STANFORD, Esq., Bloomfield, Henry Co., Ind., writes us that they are a most valuable medicine. Dec. 1, 1860. He was much reduced, having been vibrating between life and death for seven months, palpitation of the heart of the most severe kind, nervousness, character, "after every other remedy had been completely restored.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was of Sherry Wine Bitters, and after using two bottles was able to go to his store, and at the date of his letter he had been two months at work, and considered himself entirely well. These several physicians attending him could do no more for him, as he had all kinds, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection, and general debility, in a complicated form.

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he most successfully recommends the Bitters for Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diarrhœa.

Rev. JAMES M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., "I most cheerfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and to the public generally, as a valuable medicine."

Such facts we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
may23 dlw3m

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Bank Notes, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Programmes, Blanks, Cards, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Envelopes, Mammoth Posters, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, HARDWARE, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, or with fancy colored papers.

☞ Always on hand, a good stock of post and fancy Cards, assorted and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE,
S. W. HUSE,
} Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or pattern—originally good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Pictures.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

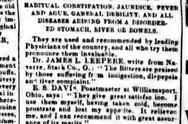
CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS
SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH.
Cane is a specialty with us. Call and get cheap and good selecting. Pinking, &c., &c., &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dlw

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR,
FEED, GRAIN &c.



EXTRA RYE FLOUR,
White and Yellow Corn Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Lower Feed and Grain Store, No. 43 Market Street, by
S. N. WOOD.
apr20

ON THE COMPLEXION.—Ergenia's Preparations for the Complexion, viz: Ergenia's Bloom of Roses, Ergenia's Bloom of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Ergenia's Cosmetique, Ergenia's Rouge, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'S, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal
NEVER before offered to the public. Sold for CASH and market. A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL, delivered in bags. Also, Pea Coal and BENNETT & RADLIFF, corner Moody and Market sts.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal to any coal in every respect, and sold on other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best quality. Yards, Moody and Fletcher sts., at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood cut and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at O. J. Williams' Periodical Depot. Post Office building.
aug6dtm

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Canal, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all sizes, at the LOWEST cash prices. All orders will be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7dtf

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!

CRUDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale at S. KIDDER, JR.'S, corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Government's name, F. Barreder & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAMUEL N. WOOD.
mar22tf

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Brown, Glycerine, Persian, Silver Curd, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.
dec31

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has received a Patent Furniture Polish, for Furniture Mantle, and any painted articles—is warranted to be the best article ever invented for furniture, bedsteads, and all kinds of wood-work generally. By using one box of this Polish, one will be enabled to restore the whole furniture of a house quite new, within one hour. Please call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
apr26

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Freckles, Tetters, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
feb14

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

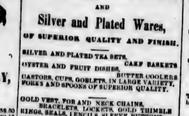
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY, BUTTER COOLERS
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLE
SIDES, SEALS, KEYS, LADIES' LEVER AND LEPINE
WATCHES, SILVER SPOON HOLDERS,
NAPKIN RINGS, SILVER PENCILS,
PENCILS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold at cost.

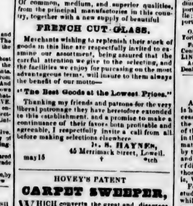
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the best style at the CENTRAL STREET JEWELRY STORE.
Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. Sexton



HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW IMPORTATIONS
From the most celebrated Manufactories of England and France, a large and well-selected stock of
COMMON WARE.
Decorated, French, China, Granite and White Ironstone.

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & Co.'s celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, which for power, quality of tone, promptness of action and durability, are unsurpassed by any other manufacture in the United States. Also, the Piano-Forte made by the above-named makers' Patent Harmonic Scale, which is pronounced by Piano-Fortes Manufacturers, Dealers and Professors of Music, to be the
BEST PIANO-FORTE MADE.
Also, the celebrated Piano-Fortes made by E. R.—Piano Fortes and Melodeons for sale.
Lowell, June 4, 1859. jun5dtf

KEROSENE OIL.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Special attention we give to the selecting, and guarantee to furnish the best quality of kerosene at the lowest prices.

FRENCH CUT-GLASS.

Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of goods in this line are respectfully invited to examine our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Special attention we give to the selecting, and guarantee to furnish the best quality of kerosene at the lowest prices.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

Thanking my friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage which they have extended to me in this establishment, and a promise to make a continuance of their favors by fair dealing and agreeable, I respectfully invite a call from all before making selections elsewhere.

D. S. HAYNES,
45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

The child can operate it.

It raises no dust.

No sprinkling is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not.

It is warranted to sweep carpets perfectly, little or no noise.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady, or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet with ease.

It saves carpets, furniture, looks, &c., from the destruction and annoyance of the dust, as companies all here we sweeping.

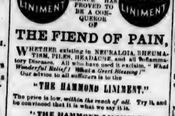
It can be used in any room without annoyance to the invalid.

It is a sweeper that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAYNES
45 Merrimack street.
apr22

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER existing in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FELON, HEADACHE, and all Inflammatory Diseases. All who have used it, pronounce it "Good Medicine" "Just What Everybody Should Have." Our advice to all sufferers is to try it.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass., and by A. S. HERRICK, Manchester, N. H.; E. R. ROLLINS & CO., Concord, and by retail by Dealers generally.

G. L. SEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.
February 15, 1861 1y feb19

THE
ONLY PREPARATION

Having proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS

OF ALL,

from Statesmen Judges, Editors, Physicians of the most distinguished character, and the public generally, testifying to its virtues, and recommending it for all cases of Weakness arising from Impurities of the Blood, Scrofula in all its forms, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, and all Diseases that arise from a disordered state of the Blood, or from Impure Blood.

Only Genuine, R. C. AYER'S
SARSAPARILLA,

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists everywhere.

PRICE, $1 PER BOTTLE; SIX BOTTLES FOR $5.

Its power to cure the diseases for which it is recommended is fully proved by the following—

Hon. Thos. D. Eliot, Member of Congress from Boston, Mass., writes, Feb. 4, 1859:

"I have no hesitation in saying that your Sarsaparilla is rapidly gaining popularity in this city and State. Many persons have taken it in my district, and all speak well of it. Some of them say it gives them new life. Their hair has become restored, and their blood is made pure and healthy, and they say it cures the scrofula."

Hon. Isaac Hill, late Governor of New Hampshire, writes, Feb. 4, 1859:

"I have used your Sarsaparilla in my own family, and have given it to my children, and I am satisfied that it is a valuable alterative medicine. It purifies the blood, and thereby cures the scrofula, or King's Evil, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. I have given it to my grandchildren, and it has done them much good. I have also given it to my neighbors, and it has done them good. I have no hesitation in recommending it to the public."

Rev. Wm. H. Cudworth, Pastor of the Methodist Church, Lowell, writes, Feb. 4, 1859:

"I have used your Sarsaparilla in my

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, October 21, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

SIXTH MIDDLE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, comprising Lowell, Dracut and Tewksbury, and all others in sympathy with the action of the State Convention, are hereby requested to meet in Delegate Convention at Jackson Hall, in Lowell, THURSDAY, October 24th, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator, and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the late State Republican Convention held at Worcester.

JAMES PEASE,
JOSIAH ADAMS,
PARKER CODDIN, } Committee.

Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. oct16dim wlt

MID-DLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Middlesex County Republican Committee invite the citizens of Middlesex County who are in favor of Union for the support of the Government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war, to assemble in Convention at Concord, in the City Hall, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of October, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the County offices to be filled at the next election. The basis of representation will be the same as at the State Convention.

S. D. HARTWELL, Chairman.
GEO. W. COPELAND, Sec'y pro tem.
October 16th, 1861. oct16dim wlt

COUNCILLOR CONVENTION.

The Third Councillor District Republican Committee, having the State Central Committee For this district, who are in favor of Union for the support of the Government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war, to send delegates to a Convention to be holden at the City Hall, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of October, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Councillor. The representation will be the same as at the last Senatorial District Convention.

FRANCIS CHILDS, Chairman.
WM. T. GRAWBAR, Secretary.
Charlestown, Oct. 12, 1861. oct6dTAW

LORD LYONS AND MR. SEWARD. Lord Lyons makes the arrest of two British subjects, who had by their unwarrantable interference in the rebel war against the Government, laid themselves liable to arrest,the cause of a letter to Mr. Seward, complaining of the fact as a matter (although the persons have been released) requiring very serious consideration, and he therefore remonstrates against such "irregular proceedings,"—that "the authority of Congress is necessary in order to justify the arbitrary arrest and imprisonment of British subjects."

The circumstances of the arrests are stated by Mr. Seward in his reply to Lord Lyons, and are claimed to be entirely lawful and regular. The reply then goes on to say—"This Government does not question the learning of the legal advisers of the British crown, or the justice of the deference which Her Majesty pays to them. Nevertheless the British Government will hardly expect that the President will accept their explanations of the municipal law of the United States, especially when the constitution thus expounded would leave upon him the entire executive responsibility of suppressing the existing insurrection while it would transfer to Congress the most material and indispensible power to be employed for that purpose."

The reply is a very pointed one, and will undoubtedly be sharply criticised. Perhaps it will be regarded by some as unnecessarily decisive and explicit; it is true that Mr. Seward has not been accustomed, by soft-handed in whatever he has had to do in his position as Secretary of State, with our transatlantic neighbors, who have voluntarily placed themselves in antagonism with the Federal Government.

THE BATTERIES ON THE POTOMAC. The frequent reports of batteries being erected on the Potomac and their firing upon the Federal vessels passing up and down the river, have given our loyal citizens much alarm, for they have seen no prospect of the closing of that stream to our craft of every character. The *Boston Advertiser* has this idea of the case:—The course which the Government has pursued with respect to the rebel batteries on the Potomac is a pretty clear indication that it is not expected that the army will long remain where it is. No pains are even taken to prevent the planting of these batteries; not even so simple an expedient as cutting off or burning the wood on some of the points. Of course it has not been supposed that the batteries would permanently trouble us, or this patient acquiescence would not be seen. We must conclude then, that the Government has its own ideas as to the importance of the planting of these batteries and the means of getting rid of them. What those ideas are it is not difficult to conjecture.

It is said that on a previous occasion, when there was some excitement about the apprehended closing of the river, General Scott's advice was sought, and that he replied that the army could not be employed in clearing every little point on the Potomac, but that when it should be closed, the rebels would be compelled to abandon the river, or be taken first in flank and then in the rear, and so cut off. Accordingly when the advance began in July, they abandoned some points which they had occupied above Aquia Creek. As the matter now stands, two inferences can be drawn from the course pursued by the Government. We may conclude that an occasional shot fired at our vessels in passing, or an embargo on the river for a day or two, is not thought to be of so much consequence as it is to let the rebels divide their strength in men and guns, between the river and their main positions. And we may also infer that the Government expects to avoid any permanent or serious difficulty on the river, by moving forward before the season closes in such force as to insure the abandonment of these batteries.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and vicinity. The rebel batteries are troublesome to our vessels. Last Saturday morning while off Occoquan, near Budd's Point, the cutie by which the steaming resolute was towing the schooner Fairfax from Philadelphia broke, when the latter drifted toward the shore. The rebels in boats started out and captured her. The Resolute was fired at from the battery in that vicinity, but, being unable to render any assistance, made her way to Washington, where she arrived Saturday evening. The Fairfax was heavily laden with hay.

Most of the new batteries are placed above the range of the guns of our steamers, and cannot be silenced except by a land attack. The motive assigned for planting these batteries is two fold. The stoppage of navigation and the ultimate intention to throw accession troops over into Maryland. Both these purposes, how ever must fail, from the vigilance of our pickets on this side and the activity of the flotilla.

Sunday morning, a reconnaissance as far as Flint Hill, two and a half miles this side of Fairfax Court House, showed the enemy to be at the latter place in large force.

On Saturday Gen. Heintzelman made a reconnaissance in force toward Occoquan River, and encountered the rebel pickets at Pohick Church, who were posted in the woods.

From Beaufort Division. There were rumors on Saturday of a retreat by our forces before a superior body of rebels at and above Harper's Ferry, some say as far as Williamsport; of the uncovering of our men to the Maryland side, and a subsequent engagement at Harper's Ferry, across the river. But nothing reliable has been obtained. A brief dispatch from the headquarters of the upper Potomac, report that the rebels were about burning Bolivar.

Missouri. A secret reports that Price has made a stand at Carthage, 60 miles from Springfield.

The rebels at Vienna have dispersed. A portion have gone home, and the remainder will join Johnson, who has been placed in command of the rebel forces in Mississ ri, and has issued a proclamation forbidding the transportation of any more slaves from the State. Jeff. Thrall & Pegg, Bunkley and others, C. C. Blake do, A. Flint do, Flynn & Hall, Shaw, Jno. P. Heinz, J. Paiso, E. Ryan, J. Perry, Hixson, Pearlee, G. Adams, J. Warren, J. Spalding, H. Bynum, E. Bynum, A. Bynum, A. Hynn, A. A. Bynum, I. Bynum, J. Bynum, I. Parkhurst, Jno. Bevis, R. Sweetser, J. T. Mansfield, I. Spalding, I. Chamberlain, H. Heywood, H. Dudley, A. Carlton, N. Bartlett, I. Smith, Jno. Tyler, Tyler & Hadley, Wm. Tyler, E. Sweet, S. Bowers, Edwards and Rossmer, Osgood and Smith, E. G. Shackford, A. Carter and L. Seaton, Smith and McCarty, A. F. Dunn, E. Kannon, M. Johnson, Woodward and Gay, Bearce and Stetson, Liberal sentiments. The *Lawrence Sentinel* has the following just remarks, to which we heartily subscribe:

"There are abolitionists among the Republicans, and quasi secessionists among the Democrats. Both are dangerous, and should be frowned upon by every judicious citizen. But there would be as much reason in denouncing the Democratic party because of its secessionists as in fighting the Republican party because of its abolitionists, so long as the conservative element controls. The masses of both parties are sincerely patriotic and conservative. There is no dispute between them about the necessities of the present insurrance, and they ought to co-operate to-gether in peace and harmo tously, for the defense and preservation of the nation."

DEATH OF A FAT MAN. Richard Holmes, a colored cook at a hotel in Utica, N. Y., died recently at the age of forty one, from excessive fat. He had long been out of health, but died very suddenly at last. He weighed between 300 and 400 lbs., and measured 19 inches from his back through to his breast, and other portions of his body were in equal proportions. He had worn female apparel for convenience sake for the last fourteen years, finding it better adapted for his immense size. A post mortem examination revealed the following: Heart two hundred pounds, resting on a line with the chin downward, there to be found to be 24 inches thick of fat covering the breast, and no less than three inches of fat over the abdomen. The liver was extremely large, nearly three times more than ordinary; the lungs were singularly small, the whole of the right lung being found to be a single lobe of the lung of a healthy subject. The kidneys were also much large than normal, and other portions of the body were disproportionately large. The skin of all the larger parts of the body, especially the lower limbs, was hard and corrugated, like that of an elephant.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET COMPLETE. The Democratic State Committee has put upon their ticket the name of Frederick O. Prince, of Winchester, for Treasurer, in place of Charles Thompson, declined.

☞ Uncle Sam, it is said, is continually being plundered. Whether this be so or not, certain is it that many of his pensioners are dying much faster than they should.

FLANNEL MILL BURNED. The flannel mill at Milton Mills, N. H., owned by John Townsend, was burned to the ground on Saturday morning. Loss about $30,000, on which there was an insurance. It was filling a Government contract.

THANKSGIVING. The Governor of New Hampshire has appointed Thursday, November 28th, to be observed as a day of thanksgiving in that State.

☞ The Chairman of one of the Committees of an Agricultural Society in New Hampshire, winds up his report of the proceedings on the track with the following poetical truism:—

Money makes the mare go;
Trotting makes the *fare* go.

☞ It is said that the pen is mightier than the sword. Neither of which is of much use without a *holder*.

WHAT THE WAR WILL DO FOR AMERICA. For the first time since they had a history of their own, the United States men, whether federals or confederates, are encountering real difficulties and fighting real battles against equal foes. No doubt the difficulties are self-created, and the battles fought with one another. The Union has divided itself, and goes to battle—but the result is the same. The nation is passing through the crucible—it is being purged as by fire, all the tests of national strength, of individual hardihood, of administrative ability, and of public spirit to which we in the old world have been subjected to over and over again during years upon years, are now suddenly applied to our American brethren in the full tide of their wealth and enjoyment. In their turn they are to discover by inward trial whether they possess generals who can command, soldiers who will fight, ministers with ability to organize, and a national spirit loyal enough to redeem the sway bonds, the chilling disappointments, and above all the enormous delays inevitable in a state of war. It is impossible to doubt that the struggle may serve, not only to prove but to produce the qualities it is most desirable to find. It may be proof as well as a test of the American character. From the pending contest the Americans as a nation are to emerge tested exhausted and impoverished. But the temporary sacrifice of money or territory will be amply repaid if the national energies have been trained, and society in its various spheres, set on a surer basis than on the possessions which have been gained or preserved, at a heavy cost of blood or treasure. All this should be the result of the war, it will have proved the happiness of the present time purchased at a price. The Americans may be weaker; poorer, but even disunited by its occurrence, but the loss will be far overbalanced by the gain. They will have acquired a better title to respect from the nations. Above all, they will have learnt better how to respect themselves.—*London Chronicle.*

CONTRIBUTORS OF BLANKETS FROM CHELMSFORD. The names of those contributing woolen blankets from Chelmsford are published as follows:—

TWO PAIRS EACH. Mr. D. Perham, J. Adamson, O. Emerson, J. Bancroft, Subscription, A. Carlton, A. Whitney, J. Adams, H. W. R. Wightman, G. Sheldon, Mrs. Dr. Edwards, Dr. Edwards, Mrs. J. Hood, C. H. Dalton, B. Spalding, Mrs. F. P. Wood, B. Parker, Hodgdon and others.

ONE EACH. Mr. M. Stevens, W. Fletcher, E. Spalding, E. P. Perham, A. Upham, J. Spalding, J. Fletcher, C. Stevens, C. Chamberlain, A. Marshall, C. Upham, J. P. Perham, A. Fletcher, T. Durant, C. Hyde, Z. Gay, G. Chamberlain, H. Heywood, H. E. Schofield, J. Shed. Messrs. W. L. & J. B. Langley, E. Robey & Hamblett, Francis and Lawrence, J. Skelton, H. Harris, Trull & Fogg, Bunkley and others, C. C. Blake do, A. Flint do, Flynn & Hall, Shaw, Jno. P. Heinz, J. Naylor, E. Ryan, J. Perry, Hixson, Pearlee, G. Adams, J. Warren, J. Spalding, H. Bynum, E. Bynum, A. Bynum, A. Hynn, A. A. Bynum, I. Bynum, J. Bynum, I. Parkhurst, Jno. Bevis, R. Sweetser, J. T. Mansfield, I. Spalding, I. Chamberlain, H. Heywood, H. Dudley, A. Carlton, N. Bartlett, I. Smith, Jno. Tyler, Tyler & Hadley, J. Wilson, S. Tyler, S. Bowers, Edwards and Rossmer, Osgood and Smith, E. G. Shackford, A. Carter and L. Seaton, Smith and McCarty, A. F. Dunn, E. Kannon, M. Johnson, Woodward and Gay, Bearce and Stetson,

CITY AND COUNTY.

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and 20th Cadets.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the aforementioned Companies on SATURDAY, 26th inst. Packages weighing not over three pounds each, will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, 135 1-2 M. on that date and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.
WM. S. WYSE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.
oct21d2p

Go and examine the great Military Map of the United States Station, corner Merrimack and Middle streets, on Monday, Nov. 4. It will be open for two days only, and shows every fort of the Southern country, from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte.

oct21d2w

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell.
A. H. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 30th, 1861, can obtain the same, on application to the Clerk during the afternoon of this week.

oct21dlw2

E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

LECTURE LAST EVENING. Rev. J. W. Bonham, who has just returned from England, lectured last evening in the Worthen Street Baptist Church, over which he was formerly settled as pastor. The house was crowded from the pulpit steps to the outside doors, and hundreds were unable to get a look into the house.

Mr. Bonham was in Europe on the Great Eastern in that fearful storm of September 11th to the 14th, by which she was disabled and obliged to put back to Queenstown, Ireland. He gave us also a description of the majestic proportions of the mammoth vessel and her internal arrangements, which were of the most elaborate and gorgeous character. Mr. Vandenhoff, who went over as a passenger in the Great Eastern, wrote a letter giving an extravagant description of her and her capabilities, which have happened to be conquered Neptune, and in the most fearful storm would ride the sea almost as level as a house floor. But the great equinoctial storm of this year was to test her powers of endurance.

The lecturer gave a fearful description of the state of the ship during the great storm, of the breaking of the rudder and the ship being beaten about by the mercilless wind and wave, of the breaking away of the movable articles on deck and in the cabins, of the artful havoc among glass and wearing apparel. Mr. Hamilton Towle, an American engineer, finally fixed the rudder, and the ship slowly returned to Queenstown. Great sit throughout the lecture, a young man of only twenty-six years, being instantly killed by being struck by a spoke of the wheel during a severer gale, while off Queenstown.

The lecture was quite interesting, and was listened to with the closest attention by the large audience.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES AT CAMP CHASE YESTERDAY. Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, of the Appleton Street Church, preached at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, at Camp Chase. His text was—"And Moses stood in the gate of the camp and said—Who is on the Lord's side? Let him come unto me." The speaker run a brief parallel between our country's call to arms, and the call of Religion to the more immediate service of God. The whole body of twelve hundred men now in the camp were so impressed by the sermon, and seemed gentlemen easily made them all hear, and the most perfect attention and good order prevailed. Col. Jones informed him that all the trouble he anticipated in preserving perfect discipline, arose from the illicit and incessant introduction of liquor into the camp and much of it was done by women. At his suggestion the Doctor made this outrage a prominent topic of his remarks.

Col. Jones also told him that two or three days before he had given orders that, if any persons under his command wished to hold an evening prayer-meeting by themselves, they could do so, at the messroom, and that they had availed themselves and requested. To his surprise *nearly four hundred* met on the first evening. Notice was given by the Colonel of a similar meeting, to be held at 7 o'clock last evening, to be conducted entirely by members of the camp.

ORGANIZATION OF THE PEOPLES' SENATORIAL COMMITTEE. The Peoples' Union Committee met at the Citizens' Committee Room, on Saturday evening, and had a very full attendance. An organization was effected by the choice of S. W. Stickney, Esq., for chairman and J. F. McEvoy for secretary. H. H. Wilder was elected treasurer. After the appointment of an Executive Committee and one or two special committees, they adjourned. The Committee will meet again on the same place to-morrow evening, at 7½ o'clock, to act upon the reports of committees.

QUICK UPSTARTS. Judge Crosby, of this city, rowed two acres of rye during the shine of the 17th. The rain of the 18th prevented harvesting. At 7 o'clock A. M., of the 19th, thirty-eight hours, the kernels had put forth both blade and roots one-eighth of an inch. He has placed upon our table kernels with sprouts more than a quarter of an inch long, taken from the field at the end of forty-five hours from actual sowing; some of the blades were a good half inch in length. Such quick vegetation may be familiar to the farmer, but it waked up the Judge, and us, too.

PUBLIC MEETING. There will be a meeting at the Second Universalist Church, next Wednesday evening, to consider the moral condition of the city. Addresses will be made by Rev. Messrs. Aiden, Mott, Twiss, Field, Cleaveland, and Hinckley.

A NOVEL CONCERT. The celebrated Peake Family are to give one of their really attractive concerts at Huntington Hall on Thursday evening of this week. Their admission fee lets in the multitude, being only ten cents, and we shall expect that the hall will be crowded full.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Hugh O'Brien, for assault and battery, was ordered in $100 for his appearance on the 24th inst.

PROPOSED CHANGE. It was announced yesterday, from the pulpit of the Second Universalist Church, that next Sunday a proposition to change the service in the afternoon to evening, would be submitted to the congregation to be decided by vote. The object of this is, first, to give more attention to the Sabbath School. It will also meet the approbation of many who prefer attending church in the evening rather than the afternoon. In most of the cities and large towns at the West, services are held in the afternoon, and it is invariably the case that the evening meetings are always more largely attended than those of the early part of the day. The two services as now held with us, come too near each other to allow those who attend the Sabbath School, any rest during the dismissal of the first and the commencement of the last; but by the change proposed it will be different; and people like to go out Sabbath evenings, after being in-doors much of the afternoon; and if there are evening services when they generally attend, they will be sure to be present, and the minister will always have the satisfaction of speaking to a less number of empty pews than on ordinary occasions. Services in the evening, we think, also, if held in all the churches, would relieve the corners and door-ways along the streets, of many who usually "loaf about" for lack of any place to go to, and those who ordinarily attend religious meetings will be debarred from the usual privilege, of having a long, tiresome good one, and hope it will be adopted, and that other societies will follow the example.

CITY FINANCES. At the commencement of the present year there was in the City Treasury $24,662.16; received in the three months to October 1st, $146,841 51; total $171,502.67. Paid out during the same time $152,621.58. Balance on hand October 1st, $10,882.09. There will be assessed during the present month from corporations and individuals for taxes at least $100,000, while a large sum will be paid out for State and County taxes, temporary loans and other expenses.

SUPERIOR COURT—CRIMINAL TERM.—*Morton, J.* The Grand Jury commenced its session here on Monday, and have been employed in investigating cases presented to them, and, probably, will not report to the Court till Saturday. Judge Morton will hold the term, and stated to the jury that he should remain here during the week, after the clerk had called the list of names of the jurors of whom three were absent at the call.

The following list constitutes the jury for the year 1861, and this is the last session of this jury, as they were chosen for only one year:—

John N. Barbour, foreman, Cambridge; Thomas E. Bancroft, Lowell; Samuel L. Barbeck, Wenford; James G. Carter, Concord; John Davis, Ashby; S. F. Hosmer, Boston; Lowell: L. Hinds, Charlestown; Truman Gardner, Joshua Hadley, Lowell; John Coffin, Watertown; Charles R. Lutler, Lowell; Joseph L. Stone, Lowell; Caleb Hammett, Charlestown; Jefferson Nichols, Cerlisle; Thomas Stiles, clerk, Bedford; Herbert Trull, Tewksbury; Lyman Whitney, Sherborn; Lowell: Wood, Hopkinton; Walter Parkhurst, Dunstable; Joseph Wait, Sterling; Reading; Charles A. Upton, North Reading; Henry Varnum, Dracut.

Cambridge, October 21st. The Superior Court sat in this city this forenoon and morning, but there being no case ready for trial, both juries were dismissed till to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

In the Hayward Court, the case of Mrs. Delia C. Prescott vs. City of Lowell, came up this morning, and is now on trial.

PERSONAL. Capt. P. A. Davis, of the Richardson Light Infantry, arrived home last Saturday afternoon. The funeral of his mother, whose death we announced in our last issue, took place early yesterday forenoon.

Among those who have gone to the seat of war, in Col. Wilson's (22nd) Regiment, was John D. Wadleigh, of Lowell, a private in the Webster Union Guard.

MR. FORREST IN JACK CADE. A special train leaves this city for Boston this morning at 5½ o'clock, for the purpose of accommodating such as wish to see Mr. Forrest perform Jack Cade at the Boston Theatre. Seats will be secured in advance at the theatre for persons from Lowell, so that they will be certain of good seats.

NO FRONT YET. Although the atmosphere was quite chilly this morning, making it overcoats not uncomfortable, there was no frost last night, so far as we can learn. There was no dew to make any, had the mercury been down to the freezing point.

"CAVALRY DRILL AND SABRE EXERCISE." A new work of this title has lately been issued by J. C. Derby, publisher, 19 Chatham Street, New York. It has been compiled agreeably to the latest regulations of the War Department, from standard military authorities, by George Patten, late of the United States army. It is comprehensively illustrated, and seems to be a work that to those interesting themselves in cavalry drill, will be of much benefit. We presume it may be found at the bookstores in Lowell. For sale in Boston by A. Williams & Co.'s, 100 Washington Street.

THE SLAVES OF KENTUCKY. A correspondent of the *Detroit Tribune* writes as follows respecting the slave population of Kentucky:—

"In western Kentucky, where the secessionists are in the majority, the negroes belonging to the rebels, as well as those of the Union men, are all made *by the rebels to believe that if Jeff. Davis succeeds, they will be made free.* All the negroes, no matter by whom owned, are dangerously inimical to the Union men, and especially to the female portion of the families of the latter. The rebels employ their slaves in stacking forms and running off the chattels, and stock belonging to the Union men."

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 19.

1 Boston and Worcester Railroad	108 a 4
4 Manchester Horse Railroad	93
2 Middlesex Railroad	50
4 Malden and Melrose Horse Railroad	85 1-4
25 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	99 1-4
10 Fitchburg Railroad, new	95
10 Boston and Maine Railroad	107
6 Union Mills	103
10 Hemmil Bath	84
$5,000 Lawrence Mills Stock (1871)	101

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS. FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York, $7.00
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good for ten days, 7.00
Tickets for the above, North and Southward, on the principal routes.
Also, Tickets to *Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.*

☞ All business relating to Passage and Freight will receive prompt attention.

Office for California and Liverpool Steamers.
Passage Tickets to Europe.
Drafts on Europe constantly issued at the General Agency, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell.
A. H. FISHER, Agent.
Lowell, Sept. 10, 1861. sep10dtf

☞ For Biliousness see Dieter Giffard's Hop Bitters. Costive, or if you are chilly, are troubled with worms, or have the liver complaint, dizziness, nausea, and colds, or are nervous and have the blues, or headache, heartburn, headache, expectoration, or pain in the region of the kidneys, or any such symptoms, use the only safe and reliable remedy for all these complaints, Dieter Giffard's Hop Bitters. Preparation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Sinking Spells, Pain in the Side, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Shoulder, and a thousand other symptoms of an unnatural secretion of bile, which, if not relieved, will result in fever and ague, or bilious fever.

116 William-street, New York.
oct21 1 NOTICE.

The subscriber would inform his customers that he may be found at Julius Mitchell's, No. 3 Merrimack Square, where he will be pleased to see them. Also, there he would be happy to serve all those who have favored him with a call.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Shingles will receive prompt attention.
A. L. BRIGGS.
Lowell, July 21, 1861. 1y30dlw

SINGER & LYON SEWING MACHINES. We would call your attention to the superiority of the New Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis has been appointed agent in this city.

Price $50 and upwards.
Call and examine at 182 Merrimack Street.
A. H. FISHER, Agent.
Lowell, Sept. 10, 1861. sep10dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, A. H. Coburn, L. G. Hosa, E. Hunnewell, Jr., Isaac Fiske, A. L. Bishop, Lowell; Levi Pierce, Tewksbury.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling and Factory property, and the Stock Department to Stores, Merchandise and Furniture in the same. The present cash capital is $50,000, to be increased to $100,000 as the business may require. The premiums of owners of villages and rare property in Middlesex county are reduced to the lowest rates. Applications, by mail or otherwise, will receive prompt attention, and rates as low as in any Company of equal responsibility.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are invested in the Stocks of Banks and Railroads in Massachusetts, and the Stockholders are individually responsible to the amount of their stock.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 37 Central St., (second story.)
C. B. COBURN, Secretary and Treas.
Lowell, July 18, 1861. 1y29

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
For parlor, is excellent,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other free burning coal. And the only place in this city to get it is at the office of WHAT F. Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. JARVIS, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and original FRANKLIN COAL, would inform the public that the genuine article can be had only at the office of HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

WAR HAS COME AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE IS A FAVORITE WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

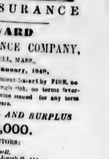
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken to the seat of war. It is a favorite for wounds, sore throat, sore, and scaled feet. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists throughout the country.

Wholesale Depot, 81 Barclay St., Late 156 Broadway, New York.
apr8 1y6

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

is continually sacrificed by the use of worthless nostrums, which contain large proportions of mercury or other mineral preparations to which thousands of our fair sex are victims.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and are the same formula which the inventor, CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of Jersey City, has successfully used for the last twenty years in his extensive practice among females, whether starting from retention or suppression, from change of life, from indigestion, or any of the many evils and maladies resulting from ignorance, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Complaints, Pain in the Back, Dragging Down and Aches, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Sinking Spells, Pain in the Side, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Shoulder, and a thousand other symptoms of an unnatural secretion of bile, which, if not relieved, will result in fever and ague, or bilious fever.

116 William-street, New York.
oct21 1

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Price $50 and upwards.
Call and examine at 182 Merrimack Street.
A. H. FISHER, Agent.
Lowell, Sept. 10, 1861. sep10dtf

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TAN, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,

And all Cutaneous Diseases.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and pliable, removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, &c., and returning if applied to the most delicate skin, will give immediate relief to the most painful irritation, inflammation, or other cutaneous affection. The moment a blotch appears on the face, apply the Magnolia Balm, and *one night for a week, will cure the worst case of Pimples.*

Use the Magnolia Balm to remove every Roughness of the Skin.

Use the Magnolia Balm To make the Skin soft and pliable.

Use the Magnolia Balm Before you blacken your Whiskers or Moustache.

Use the Magnolia Balm To remove the Stain of Indelible Ink.

Use the Magnolia Balm Whenever you have the Blues or Pimples.

Use the Magnolia Balm A more delicate Complexion will be the result.

Use the Magnolia Balm If you wish a Clear, White, Satin Skin.

Use the Magnolia Balm If you wish to Remove Sallowness.

Use the Magnolia Balm If you wish to *Instantly apply the remedy.*

Use the Magnolia Balm And you will be Pleased with the result.

Directions with wonder upon its speedy cures in has become necessary to counterfeit the Magnolia Balm. Ask for the Genuine Magnolia Balm, and observe signature of A. PERRY on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, Canada, and South America. Depot, 49 Bond Street, New York.

Sold in Lowell by H. H. HAY, and by Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Also, by J. T. HILLINGS, corner Central and Jackson streets, and by Druggists everywhere.
June 8, 1861. 1y23

The Great English Remedy.

DR. DE ROSNE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PRONOUNCED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

Prepared from a prescription of DR. DE ROSNE, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

The Proprietor holds hundreds of similar Testimonials to the virtues of *Dr James Clarke's Female Pills*, but their peculiar nature prevents their publication; but certain it is they are the only safe and reliable remedy for all those painful and dangerous diseases peculiar to the female constitution. Such Irregularity, Obstruction, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Hysterics, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Nervous Head Ache, Pain Dread of Society, Love of Solitude, Tremblings, &c., &c., which are sure precursors of more serious disease, females surrounding circumstances, should not trifle with.

In warm, cold, wet and hot out of season, these pills never disappoint, and a perfect cure never disease arrested. What is true with regard to the above complaints, the combination of pills is equally true with most diseases. To those who have been drugged with Mercury, worn strong, tortured or damaged, has greater efficacy in purifying the system from disease, and before the injury has become extensive and deep-rooted, will prove a safe and speedy cure. To females, the only safety lays in resorting to these pills. They require no change of diet, nor from the first symptoms. The danger consists in neglect, by allowing a simple cold or chill to continue till it has reached a stage beyond the control of human skill.

MANTA-VINIZAN PULMONIC BALSAM is the remedy that gives prompt and effectual relief to all the first stages of Lung Complaints. It allays irritation, the cause of coughs, and removes the cause completely. Combined and prepared with the pills, it will be found an unfailing remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, and all Throat and Lung Affections, and for Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Shortness of Breath, Pain between the shoulders, &c. &c. &c. Taken in connection—from mountain and pennyroyal, it will be found a safe and speedy relief in the wasting consumption—the system is to be relieved of the poisonous humors of the consumption, and a host of evils flesh is heir to, it is a sure remedy. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

Lowell, Oct. 3, 1861. 4dtAprl

DR. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE THAN SILVER OR GOLD, RESTORE IT WILL RESTORE THE WEAK! REINSTATE THE BLOOD IN ALL ITS ORIGINAL PURITY AND VIGOR. It is

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

It is precisely what its name indicates, the whole system is renovated by its use, it is a most invigorating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also restores digestion, and a healthy appetite in all its original purity, and thus restores and creates the system invulnerable against all disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a portable form that can be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to suit *all the circumstances and needs of the laws of nature*, and *hence* make the weakest and most feeble of both sexes and all ages strong and healthy, and other situation. It is also perfectly ambidextrous in its effects, and yet is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is compounded entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful concentrating properties, and consequently safe and never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, FEVER AND AGUE, DYSENTERY, LOSS OF APPETITE, FAINTNESS, LOW SPIRITS, NERVOUSNESS, DEBILITY, ALKALI, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

IN CONSTITUTIONS DEBILITATED BY DISEASE, OR *AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A YEARLY FOUL FATAL CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESS*, IT HAS NO EQUAL.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, AGENTS, Lowell, Mass. Office at Druggist's apothecary store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 16, 1860. 1y

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope, Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

☞ "A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent on receipt of six cents, or two stamps, by any post paid, on remittal of six cents or two stamps. Address by the Dr. 127 Bowery, New York.

Post Office Box 4586.
sep21dlyw

GREAT CHANCE

TO BUY

DRY GOODS.

AT

ORANGE & RANSTAM,

INTENDING to close up their business, offer their entire stock

AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

We have the largest stock of

DRY GOODS

In Lowell, and it will them for THIRTY DAYS, at a

GREAT DISCOUNT FROM COST.

Also, a splendid assortment of

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, SUCH AS—SHEETING, TICKINGS, FLANNELS, &c., &c.

ORANGE & RANSTAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
oct21

90 Bales of Sheetings,

which we will sell as LESS than the Manufacturers pay. Call immediately if you want a BARGAIN.

84 *MERRIMACK STREET.*
ORANGE & RANSTAM.
oct21

☞ All persons indebted to ORANGE & RANSTAM are requested to call and settle their accounts, as against them will please present them for payment.

oct21d2w

MARRIAGES.

In this city, on the 17th inst. by Rev Dr. Cleaveland, Wellington T. Greenleaf to Mary E. Brown; Joseph Hall to Mary Ann Hall; Thomas Hall to Miss Mary Jane Hall, all of Lowell.

In North Reading, 15th inst. by Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, Mr. Joseph Hall of Lowell, to Miss Mary Jane Hall, of North Reading.

In Natick, Oct. 16th, Mr. William H. Howard, Jr., to Miss Mary Jane Morse, both of Natick.

DEATHS.

Report of Deaths for week ending Oct. 19.

Mr. Abner Wood, Billerica, 71 years.
Francis P. Davis, 63 yrs, dysentery.
Mrs. A. Sherwin, 67 yrs, dysentery.

BURIED IN THE CATHOLIC CEMETERY.

Mary Sullivan, 3 mos, diarrhœa.
Mary Sullivan, 6 mos, diarrhœa.
Mr. Adam Wolf, 45 yrs, consumption.
Ellen O'Brien, 2 days, infantile.
Mr. John Lynch, 25 yrs, consumption.
Mr. Mary E. McCafferty, 3 yrs, croup.

Total, 9. Males, 4.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL;
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.'
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been any to this time.

After my case was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have exercised not time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; seeing they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by producing the same, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, and in be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles in evil circulation in this city which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize such an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to see, or discriminate, as they do not know they have copies; yours, word for word, in several instances—for instance, the certificate of name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, read and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and all of great success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease that the human head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,720, will be promptly answered.

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 10, 1861.

DEAR SIR: I send you this testimonial, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of it. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been so for over thirty years.

For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very thin on the top of my head. After a number of trials of the very wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, I was induced to purchase a bottle. I was much astonished at the result of your small bottle; and in a few months, I had a new growth of hair, which was at first quite fine, but soon became as thick as ever, and of a dark brown, or light bla k hair as any man, or lady had in my youthful days. I am now in the fifty-fifth of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair remains perfectly healthy, and is as soft and fine, and falls naturally, as though just from the hands of the finest Frenchdresser. Many of my acquaintances frequently see me, and ask me what kind of wig you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. I have complied to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head.

Respectfully,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which warrants us in asserting it to be superior, in our own virility, it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where a fair, derived result, and receives the unite sal testimonials of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine preparations which accomplish all they profess, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Union Sun Spy.*

Dr. WM. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind. writes us that they a e the most valuable medicine he has ever known. He has done much very great success, and with them the most astonishing results, with full directions, for using, and period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies wishing to avoid the evil of a *too rapid* increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold during eighteen months past,the without the least injury to health or constitution. $7.Tt is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed for female complaints only, and is not to be used by other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that I warrant a perfect cure in every case, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Send for genuine and warranted unless purchased direct of Dr. M. A. HENRY'S GREAT REMEDY DEPOT, 197 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

☞ This Specialty engrosses all diseases of a Private nature, and DR. HENRY M. HENRY, M. D., is a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, having his office and residence thereto. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, special attention for patients from abroad wishing for a secret and speedy cure. Call or write early and resolved to health

CAUTION.—It has been my painful lot to over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to unfeeling quacks, for the cure of a disease I can show, without any I will be those who have been swindled by the use of Mercury and other free burning coal. Fed and White Ash Coal are the best qualities. Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Office, 7 Central Street, Lowell.

WM. WRIGHT, Jr.

Lowell, March 30, 1861. mar30tf

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,	Court Dockets,
Pamphlets,	By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Law Briefs,	Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Catalogues,	Hammond Posters, &c.
Town Reports,	
Newspapers,	

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, every variety of neat and elegant

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, and of every description.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of post and fancy and ornamental white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.

E. F. STONE,
H. W. HUEE, } Proprietors.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions. If taken a little *before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies wishing to avoid the evil of a *too rapid* increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold during eighteen months past,the without the least injury to health or constitution. $7.It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

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Office, 7 Central Street, Lowell.

WM. WRIGHT, Jr.

Lowell, March 30, 1861. mar30tf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It saves the lame so it can go on lame.

It overcomes bruises with unexampled power. It will look on a *fresh* as new. Its equal can be found in no other salve. Its wonderful power is only equaled by its cheapness.

It is unsurpassed for curing burns from its cruise. when it returns the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaley head.

It terminates the unbearable agony of piles.

It subdues the most angry inflamed and pimpled.

It is scarcely against scalds.

It is a perfect remedy for cancer.

It arrests and destroys inflammations, and dissolves PAIN.

The earache may be cured if you will heartens. Sore eyes can be cured in one night by its use.

You may be rid of poor corns and chilblains.

It is a perfect remedy for chapped hands.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

It is a perfect remedy for tetter.

For sore nipples use it.

For stiff joints and lame use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and in every clime, it is hailed as a friend to man. It is a friend indeed to the poor, for it relieves and cures. Golden Salve is being applied.

All its works speak in its favor. It has the highest recommendations from gentlemen of the press, the bar, the bench, the pulpit, from druggists and manufacturers, and the medical profession. from the hoary-headed sire to the prattling babe. Everywhere it goes, it will cure sore eyes in every case, it will cure sore throat in every case, it will cure chilblains in every case, it will cure chapped hands in every case, it will cure piles in every case. REPAIRS are sometimes very obstinate, and require a powerful remedy to cure them. Golden Salve is the word that may be conquered by this Lasting Remedy.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, October 22, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

SIXTH MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, comprising Lowell, Dracut and Tewksbury, and all others in sympathy with the action of the State Convention held at Worcester on the 1st instant, are invited to meet in Delegate Convention at CITY HALL, in the Lower Hall of said City, on TUESDAY, P. M., the 29th inst., at 2 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of electing by nomination candidates for the County Senator, and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the Republican State Convention held at Worcester.

DANIEL CLARK, } District
JACOB COGGIN, } Committee.

Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. 416dim wlt

MID-DLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Middlesex County Republican Convention, to vote the nominees of Middlesex County who are in favor of Union for the support of the Government, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war to assert their authority, will be held at CONCORD, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of electing by nomination candidates for the County Senator, and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the Republican State Convention held at Worcester.

DANIEL CLARK, } District
JACOB COGGIN, } Committee.

Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. 416dim wlt

THE PURCHASE OF WOOLEN GOODS ABROAD. The announcement, a day or two since, that Quartermaster General Meigs had sent an agent to England to purchase army cloths and blankets, took everybody by surprise, and created no little flurry, especially with those interested in manufacture. At first thought this procedure does seem inexplicable and unwarrantable; but will any one point to woolen mills that are not at this time doing extra work, and that are not in almost every case answering government contracts? Probably there are instances where such may not be the case, but they are very few.

We copy from a letter of the well informed correspondent of the *Providence Journal*, the following, which touches pointedly on this subject, and the writer evidently does not speak from conjecture, as other parts of his letter abund antly show:

"It is impossible for the manufacturers in this country to supply army cloth to the full extent of their powers in a short time; a large quantity has been ordered from abroad. There is also a considerable quantity for stockings than can be met from the p-resent now under contract for soldiers, and I am informed by the Quartermaster General that the supply of blankets will fall very far short of the imperative necessities of the army. The Government are prepared to pay reasonable prices for every article of wo-len blanket that may be offered; and any kind of blanket, of any color, will be gratefully received in the way of donation. New hospitals, (to accommodate five thousand patients), after the most approved mod-l, are about to be erected, and many of the blankets that may not be adapted to camp service, will be appropriated to those institutions.

Much dissatisfaction has been expressed at the action of the Government, on the part of those who are interested in the patronage or home manufactures. There is no sufficient grounds for the criticisms which have been so lavishly expended upon this act. The Quartermaster General is ready to pay a fair and reasonable price for every yard of army cloth that can be manufactured in the United States; but it is impossible to supply the immediate and urgent demands of our troops, without resorting to importations from abroad, and the only question for the Government to consider was this—shall we import the cloth, and get it at a fair price, or shall we leave the importation to be made by private contractors, and then be obliged to pay them the large profit which they will be certain to demand? Charges of fraud are sometimes brought against the authorities at Washington by those who are mainly interested in having their own private extortion interfered with."

The report that letters of credit to the amount of nearly $60,000,000 had been sent to Europe by Government agents to purchase army woolens, is denied this morning, or at least the story is related in a form altogether more reasonable. The agent of the Associated Press states that "on careful inquiries it is true that Secretary Cameron took with him to Missouri full discretionary power to supercede Gen. Fremont, and turn over the command of his army to Gen. Hunter, and he did not see fit to exercise that power. All beyond this is idle speculation.

THE EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS. During the last week there were exported from New York to Europe 1,377,856 bushels of wheat, and 305,934 bushels of corn. For this is estimated, by the *New York Herald* to be worth two and a quarter millions of dollars. The journal we have named thinks there is no necessity for such enormous imports of breadstuffs, and says it seems like making provisions before hand for the possible coming-nay of war with the United States. The fact is not considered as reported, however, were purchased by agents of the French Government. There is not, we think, the slightest cause to apprehend trouble with any foreign power; certainly at Washington the relations with foreign governments appear to be on a better footing than usual. The fact stated in another column of the same number of the *Herald*, that foreign orders for American securities are arriving by every steamer, is some evidence that there is to be no trouble between the United States and powers across the waters. But to forewarn is to forearm Mr. S-ward has sent to every State the warning.

The Odd Fellows of Nashua, N. H., have invested $1000 in the Government loan.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and the main army. Fifteen of the members of the New York 22d accompanied yesterday in the vicinity of Fairfax Court House. The were mistaken for southern soldiers and the inhabitants enlightened them as to the plan of the rebels, as far as they knew them. It was stated that Beauregard and Johnston intended to make no stand this side of Centreville, and if pressed there would withdraw to Bull Run. While conversing, the identity of our men was discovered, and they were obliged to retire in haste.

Beauregard has undoubtedly withdrawn to Manassas, leaving a strong guard at Centreville. If there is any line of defence beyond the old one, it extends toward Aquia Creek. It is currently reported that Fairfax Court House has been fired and destroyed by the rebels. It is said the rebels expected an immediate attack from our forces.

Two or three prominent officers of the volunteer service are suspected of giving information to the enemy. A New York colonel is under arrest for insubordination, and is one of the suspected ones.

It is found necessary, in consequence of the advance of our army, to remove the headquarters of Gen. McClellan from Washington into Virginia, and in a few days he will be located in the midst of the camps.

Washington special dispatches say that there are rumors of a battle in progress near Leesburg. No particulars are given. The Federal force is known to be entrenched on an island in the river, near that point.

Gen. McClellan and staff reviewed 10,000 infantry troops on the Virginia side yesterday.

From the South. The *Richmond Enquirer* gives an account of the fight near the mouth of the Mississippi. It states that the vessel sunk was the Vincenne, not the Preble. An account is also given of the Santa Rosa fight, in which all the glory is given to the Confederates, though their loss is reported to be severe. New Orleans is being rapidly put into a state of defence.

From the Upper Potomac. A fight occurred at Edwards' Ferry and Harrison's Island yesterday. The following are the latest particulars:—

Gen. Stone crossed the Potomac under day morning, with one portion of his command at Edwards' Ferry, and another at Harrison's Island. Skirmishing began before the enemy in uncertain numbers in part of force. Stone's command expected to by a 9 o'clock in the morning, and continued without much effect until about five o'clock in the afternoon, when the reinforcements of the enemy appeared upon the right, which was commanded by Col. Baker.

The Union forces engaged were about 1800, and were attacked by a force reported to be 5000 to 10,000 strong.

At this juncture Col. Baker fell at the head of his brigade, while gallantly cheering his men on to the conflict. Immediately before he fell, he dispatched Maj. Young to Gen. Stone, to apprise him of the condition of affairs and Gen Stone immediately proceeded in person toward the right to take command, but in the confusion occasioned by the fall of Col. Baker, the right wing sustained a repulse with considerable loss. Gen. Stone reports that the right wing retired in good order. He will hold possession of Harrison Island and that is his opposite there thereto. Strong reinforcements were sent to Gen. Stone during the night. The command of Col. Baker were removed to Poolesville and will be brought to Washington on Wednesday.

Missouri. Price is reported to be again retreating toward the Arkansas line.

In the skirmish on the 13th, previously reported, between our troops under Gen. Wright's cavalry and about 600 rebels, the latter lost 62 killed, twelve wounded, four mortally, and 36 taken prisoners.—Wright's loss was one killed.

The rebels are reported to have 6000 in southeast Missouri.

Fortress Monroe. Maj. Jones, of Gen. Wool's staff, has been appointed Provost Marshal at old Point. Gen. Wool has issued an order, giving every male "contraband" eight dollars a month, and females four dollars.

Kentucky. The reported capture of Greensburg is premature. The rebels are reported to have a force of 3000 on the south side of Green river.

The town of Hyndoldt, Kansas, has been destroyed by traitors.

Gen. Fremont. The *New York Tribune* says it knows it to be true that Secretary Cameron took with him to Missouri full discretionary power to supercede Gen. Fremont, and turn over the command of his army to Gen. Hunter, and he did not see fit to exercise that power. All beyond this is idle speculation.

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A REBEL SONG. The following, which was sent to this office by a gentleman in Lowell who received it from a soldier in McClellan's army, was found on the person of a rebel soldier captured by our men in Virginia not long ago. It is "Secesh" all through, and is much more amusing than patriotic or poetic.—

BULL RUN.

O, be sure—don't forget the name
While I sing a bit of fun;
Soldiers flying, stagers setting
See them push for Washington.

Off they scamper—O, what a damper—
To their tender, homesick hearts;
Muskets dropping, hearts a-throbbing,
Bodies left behind in parts.

Let's a coming! Hark, the drumming;
Fly, you hireling, Hessian knaves;
He will scourge you, he will purge you;
Run you dirty Lincoln slavers.

Johnston's mantle will make you sattle
Down in just and upright men,
If you promise for the future
Not to take up arms again.

O, what sorrow on the morrow
When you find your knapsack gone,
Stored in safety in the tavern
You'll not find in Washington.

Despised as traitors, brother-betrays,
By the whole attack of Cain;
For-lish gunners, first-rate runners;
Hard your brother's blood for gain.

Shame will crown you, tears will drown you
Of the mi-ery you have made;
Pay-ers will meet you, remorse greet you,
Dupes of Abram Lincoln's raid.

O, be sure—don't forget the name
I have sung you all the yoke;
See them scamper, see them running
Heavens!—see the awful smoke!

WHAT THE SECRETARY THINKS. It is reported by telegraph (a source not very reliable to be sure) that Mr. Seward a day or two ago "assured a member of the diplomatic body, that, in his opinion, the southern insurrection would blow over in three months; and the ports would be all opened, and peace and prosperity again be. Further on it is said he made a remark of a similar nature some months ago.

A LARGE HOLE. A Kentucky letter in a St. Louis paper has this significant passage:—

"My opinion is that a large hole will be bored through Tennessee and Arkansas before the 1st of December. Our southern friends will feel like going home soon, and our troops intend to escort them back in full panoplied array. Kentucky will then settle all disputes between them are settled."

THE CLOSING OF THE SOUTHERN PORTS RECOGNIZED. The blockade, or the closing of the Southern ports, has been lately distinctly recognized by the British ministry, and by the French, Washington. He has addressed a brief circular to her Majesty's Consuls in the Southern States, enclosing the following, as embodied in the official notice of the Secretary of State, namely:—

"The law of blockade which does not permit a vessel in a blockaded port to take on board a cargo after the announcement of such blockade, is to be considered as strictly observed by all vessels blockaded by the naval forces of the United States." Lord Lyons instructs those Consuls to take this which was recommended by Gen. Baker.

The Union forces engaged were about 1800, and were attacked by a force reported to be 5000 to 10,000 strong.

At this juncture Col. Baker fell at the head of his brigade, while gallantly cheering his men on to the conflict. Immediately before he fell, he dispatched Maj. Young to Gen. Stone, to apprise him of the condition of affairs and Gen Stone immediately proceeded in person toward the right to take command, but in the confusion occasioned by the fall of Col. Baker, the right wing sustained a repulse with considerable loss. Gen. Stone reports that the right wing retired in good order. He will hold possession of Harrison Island and that is his opposite there thereto. Strong reinforcements were sent to Gen. Stone during the night. The command of Col. Baker were removed to Poolesville and will be brought to Washington on Wednesday.

Missouri. MICHIGAN. Michigan's quota of 600,000 men would be 19,860.—Troops have left or are now ready to leave the State to the number of 24 884. There is no more patriotic State in the Union.

RAILROADS IN THE CANADAS. 230 miles of the railroad between Halifax and Quebec have been completed. 350 miles remain to be built to give England a complete communication with her colonial possessions during the winter of the year, without passing over any portion of the territory of the United States.

ANOTHER GOVERNMENT ORDER SENT TO MANUFACTURERS. Wood, of Millbury, Mass., an enterprising manufacturer of woolen goods, has received a large contract for making army blankets, and will turn his mills through the winter, night and day.

A COOL FELLOW. The *New Haven (Ct.) Register* says that George Bromley, of Preston, was sitting on the track of the New London road, when the train came along and pitched him "heels over head" into the bushes. The train stopped, and backed to pick up the body, when Bromley coolly informed the conductor, as he brushed the dirt from his coat-tail, ove, that if he "had *damaged the engine any, he was ready to settle for it*" and walked off home.

"The fiery cross is burning everywhere; the friends of the Southern Confederacy are rallying to the standard, and what is still more to the point, the sinews of war will be left will be pure as gold, with but little treasonable alloy. Beaten back from Kentucky, the war must be carried into their own territories their leaders must be surrendered, and the constitution and laws must be vindicated."—*Thomas H. Clay, son of Henry Clay.*

Gen. Stone crossed the Potomac under day morning, with one portion of his command at Edwards' Ferry, and another at Harrison's Island. Skirmishing began before the enemy in uncertain numbers in part of force. Stone's command expected to by a 9 o'clock in the morning, and continued without much effect until about five o'clock in the afternoon, when the reinforcements of the enemy appeared upon the right, which was commanded by Col. Baker.

Calculations made in the New York Canal Auditor's office, show the fact that there are *four millions of bushels of grain* steadily afloat in our State, which is of paramount importance to the country.

MAP OF VIRGINIA. J. T. Lloyd's official map of Virginia, not be big wholly completed, the publishers have issued the *eastern half of it*, which is of particular interest at this time, as containing the seat of war. The map is the best and most complete of the eastern part of the State yet published. The sheet before us contains a large amount of statistical and other interesting matter, particularly as to all this time. Price of the map 25 cents. Published by J. T. Lloyd, 164 Broadway, New York. Copies of this map, we presume, may be had of Fisher, at the stage office, next door above the Merrimack House.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, 42nd M. I. Cadets.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will meet a box to the encampment of the Richardson Light Infantry, at Chelmsford, on Friday next, at three o'clock P. M. Packages weighing not over three pounds each, will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, till 12 M. on that day, and forwarded. By order of Executive Committee.

WM. B. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Seven Southern States. Geo. Stone and the War Department are with Rep. It is drawn from actual surveys, and shows every foot of the Southern country from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte, Mexico.

For sale at the National Tract Office, 181 Washington Street, adjoining the Methodist Book Room.
oct18 2t A. H. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Common wealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860 to June 30th, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.
oct17 dlm2w

A. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

THE office made vacant in the Hill Cadets by the resignation of Capt. Proctor has not yet been filled. We do not know the purposes of the Governor in this matter, for we have seen no one who has consulted with him; but we certainly hope he will consult the wishes of a large number of our citizens, and appoint first Lieut. Donovan to the vacant office. If any one has a right to it, it would seem to be that gentleman; and we think it has been well said that if he should not receive the appointment, it will operate against further enlistments among our Irish citizens in this city, who would be inclined to look upon the appointment of a man over him as a slight upon themselves. We think no one will seriously doubt the fitness of the man, and we do not believe there is another person the company would so unanimously favor. Under these circumstances, we trust he will not be disappointed. It would be a very satisfactory way to fill the vacancy—satisfactory to the company itself and also to its numerous friends in Lowell.

THE PEAR FAMILY. In another place will be found an advertisement announcing the first concert of the season at Huntington Hall, the celebrated Peak Family of B-ll-Ringers. It takes place to morrow (Wednesday) evening, commencing at the usual hour. The programme of tickets and the list of the exceedingly small sum of *ten cents*, but the concert will be in every respect as good as their best entertainments. There is not the slightest liketion of humbug about the Peak Family; they make good all their promises. Their object is to give all an opportunity to listen to their admirable music; and they therefore agree to the biggest ball in town and put their tickets down to the lowest possible figure, that the multitude may be accommodated. We hope the hall will be filled, as we are only regret having rep-nded the trifle necessary to hear them; their music is simple, sweet and pleasing to all classes. In another place their advertisement gives the necessary particulars concerning the concert.

PROMOTED. Walter N. Smith, son of Hon. Noah Smith, Jr., of Calais, Me., has been promoted from the office of Corporal to Lieutenant of Infantry, for meritorious conduct at the battle of Bull Run. Lieut Smith was employed in the repair-shop of the Lowell Manufacturing Company last winter, and will be favorably recollected by many as the first Lieutenant in the Lowell Light Infantry (Capt. Tebbetts' company.) Upon the breaking up of the latter named company, he immediately sought for active service in the field, and distinguished himself, with the result given above.

CHARGED PROPRIETORS. Within a few days past, the meat and provision market at the corner of Merrimack and Prescott Streets, has changed proprietors, R. F. Stevens retiring to be lieve of A. B. Blanchard. We think none who have heretofore traded at this place, have had occasion to say they have not been in all respects well served; and we are quite positive that no one will be disappointed in the quantity and quality of the meats, vegetables, &c., or the prompt attention given to customers by Mr. Blanchard. His many friends on the Merrimack, where he has been for a long time well known, will of course not forget that he has opened business in their immediate vicinity and is disposed to feed them "on the fat of the land." We trust he will also get a good share of the patronage of our citizens generally, being positive that he will endeavor to deserve it.

HOME GUARDS. The Amateur Drill Club of this city, to the number of sixty, gave a public exhibition of their proficiency in military tactics, yesterday afternoon, on Dracut Heights, to a large crowd of spectators. They displayed the good order and thoroughness of the drill of the Guards as they went through a course of "double quick" for about one hour, under the command of Col. Sawtell. It is hoped the Club will give us another exhibition of its skill soon, on the South Common, and there would be a rush to see the Home Guard of our city.

CAME AT LAST. The first frost of the season, in this locality, was on the appearance last night, but as vegetation is far beyond the reach of "old Jack," it did no harm.

STOVES. To those who are looking out for new stoves, the advertisement in today's Courier, of Chilton's new parlor stove, by Messrs. Wilder & Dana, is timely. Messrs. W. & D. are also agents for Chilton's Cone Furnace and Double Elevated Oven Range.

POLICE COURT. The Court is engaged with civil business to-day. There are several criminals waiting who will probably have their justice administered to them this afternoon.

PEOPLES' UNION COMMITTEE. This Committee hold an adjourned meeting, at Citizens' Committee Room, this evening, at ½ o'clock. Per order.

A NEW QUADRILLE BAND. Our advertising columns to day reveal the fact that a new quadrille band is now ready to furnish music for balls, parties, and private assemblies, when such services may be required by our citizens or those of adjoining towns. The leader of the band is Mr. W. A. Owen, who was leader of the orchestra in Father Kemp's company of "Old Folks," and was in every way a skillful violinist. Mr. French is well known in Lowell as an excellent harpist; he was connected with a leading band that was engaged during the last season at Saratoga Springs. Messrs. Carlton and Smith were connected with the well known "Brooks, Davis & Carlton Band" during its whole existence, and no one will deny their proficiency. With these gentlemen, associated with others perhaps no less worthy, we are sure that such of our citizens as require music for dancing parties, will be well suited. Call and see them.

STRAWBERRIES BLOSSOMING IN THE FIELDS. As a proof of the unprecedented communication of mild weather this fall, we have before us a field strawberry, just picked, full in ripe, grown in October—and this is the 18th of the month, too. It is a fact, and has been noticed in the neighborhood.

Another. S ring leaves were picked today, grown from seed scattered in picking the first crop, by Mr James Kling, on Bridge street. He has cracked cucumbers, grown from seed of cucumbers ripened this season, and numerous other instances *in the field of performance* might be given, all of which are well authenticated. Never before in the history of our town who had been sowing *false Hair for* the purpose of deception, but the genuine and fashionable head of hair of original shade and beauty, can be produced by the use of Prof. Wood's Restorative Coloring.

SUDDEN ARREST. Yesterday afternoon, a man was arrested on Central street, by officer Hall, on the complaint of Mrs. Hall, charging him with assault and battery. The parties had a dispute about some trifling matter, when the man struck her in the face, knocking her down. He was taken before Justice Nesmith, and fined $5 and costs, which he paid.

SUDDEN DEATH. Mr. Thomas Hall, a resident of Tyngsboro', died suddenly on Saturday morning, while sitting in a chair. He was about 70 years of age, and had been in his usual health.

THE CLOSING OF THE SOUTHERN PORTS RECOGNIZED. The blockade, or the closing of the Southern ports, has been lately distinctly recognized by the British ministry, and by the French, Washington. He has addressed a brief circular to her Majesty's Consuls in the Southern States, enclosing the following, as embodied in the official notice of the Secretary of State, namely:—

"The law of blockade which does not permit a vessel in a blockaded port to take on board a cargo after the announcement of such blockade, is to be considered as strictly observed by all vessels blockaded by the naval forces of the United States." Lord Lyons instructs those Consuls to take this which was recommended by Gen. Baker.

MAP OF VIRGINIA. J. T. Lloyd's official map of Virginia, not be big wholly completed, the publishers have issued the *eastern half of it*, which is of particular interest at this time, as containing the seat of war. The map is the best and most complete of the eastern part of the State yet published. The sheet before us contains a large amount of statistical and other interesting matter, particularly as to all this time. Price of the map 25 cents. Published by J. T. Lloyd, 164 Broadway, New York. Copies of this map, we presume, may be had of Fisher, at the stage office, next door above the Merrimack House.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 21.
5 Boston and Maine Railroad 97
5 Nashua and Lowell Railroad 97 1-4
5 Worcester and Lawrence Railroad 97 1-4
5 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad 97
2 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad 97
5 Fitchburg Railroad 97
2 Fitchburg Railroad 97

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good for ten days, $7.00
Tickets for the West, North and Southeast, at the lowest rates.
Tickets for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.
For all information relating to Passage and Freight apply at the office of the Agent,
Lowell, Sept. 18, 1861. sept18dtf

17 For Billousness use Doctor Gifford's Hom-opathic Coralline, or if you or your children are troubled with worms, or have the colic, diarrhœa, dysentery, scrofula, and colds or sore throat and have the toothache, face-ache, or neuralgia, headache, or dyspepsia, use the pioneer medicine, which he has prepared for these diseases. Thousands have been relieved of cured by their use, why should not you? All for sale by Dr. Gifford, 14 Bruce & 4 Cornhill, Boston, wholesale agents. Chas. H. Kimball, 181 Washington street, Boston, Mass. Price 25 cents. If all be sent per mail on receipt of price, 25 cents extra, to pay cost of postage, by addressing
PHILIP LEE,
1-16 Williamson street, New York.
oct7 3m

NOTICE.

The subscriber would inform his customers that he may be found at Joshua Merrill's Bookstore, near the Post Office, where he will be happy to serve them. He would be happy to serve all who may favor him with a call.
oct16 dlm* E. A. BRIDGE.

Orders left at the above named place for Lumber or Wood, will receive prompt attention.
Lowell, July 21, 1861. 1y30dlm

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have for sale the best Sewing Machine in the market. Call and see it. Price $40.
oct18 dtf WILDER & DANA.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, | W. B. Richardson, | D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith, | H. Hosford, | Isaac Hinds,
J. C. Ayer, | A. F. Hunnewell, | Lyon Spaulding.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Desirable Risks, Dwellings, Stores, Furniture, &c., which have ever been made in this class. The present cash assets of the Mutual Fund are $11,000, and the amount at RISK is $1,000,000. The above class of property in Middlesex County is respectfully solicited. Applications will be promptly attended to, and rates are as low as in any Company of reliable standing.

IN THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $100,000, invested in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, and other property not hazardous issued at moderate rates. Applications solicited.

C. B. COBURN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1861. jy16tf

Washington Coal.

For cooking, has no equal.
For parlor use,
It burns without dust,
It burns without smoke,
It burns in any quantity,
It burns to the last piece.

Then any other free burning coal. And the best of all is, it can be bought only at HOWARD'S WHARF, Merrimack street, and of no other dealer in the city.
may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Lehigh Coal, would

CAUTION all persons against purchasing any other coal for Lehigh, as they will be liable to prosecution for fraud.

We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of unprincipled dealers, who, for the purpose of deception, advertise as we have done, and then sell any other coal they may have on hand for Lehigh. We have no partner in Lowell except ourselves.

HOWARD & CO.
Delaware City Delaware, Jan. 1, 1861. 1y1

WAR HAS COME
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A Box sent to Whittemore's Drug Store, 21 Tremont Row, Boston, will be forwarded to any part of the United States, postage paid, for 25 cents.

Sold by all druggists and country dealers.
sept28 3m

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE SUCH AS SELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE
Anotheseries and Consumers all testify that it is THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE,
FOR THE HAIR & SCALP,
THAT IT IS CREDALLED FOR PRODUCING
LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR
HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,
AND A CLEAN SCALP,
NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.
Read an Agents every statement:

Messrs. W. P. Hazard & Co.,
Gentlemen:—Having used Heimstreet's Inimitable Hair Restorative for three or four years, I am happy to say that it has done all that you recommended it to do. I have used it in my family, and *have never known it to fail in a single instance to restore gray hair to its original color.* I never hesitate in recommending it to my friends, as I have found it to be all you recommend it to be. I am a native of Ireland, and have been in this country for twenty years. I am yours very truly,
P. B. SIMMONS.

W. P. Hazard & Co., Troy, N. Y., has the pleasure to inform you that the Inimitable Hair Restorative has given entire satisfaction in every case. Respectfully yours.

J. S. REED, Wholesale Druggist.

There is no other so good testimony for an article than the voluntary statement of those who have used it, and the above are selected from a large number of the same character, as specimens of the many certificates in possession of the proprietors.

WILL LEAVE "I THE NATURAL COLOR OF THE HAI'.

Where age or disease has caused it grey, and that it will restore it soft and glossy.

USE NOTHING ELSE.

Sold everywhere. Price 50 cents and $1 Bottle.
W. P. HAZARD & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
Wholesale Agents, R. H. MACY & CO., New York.
Trade Supplied. 1y1 sept7 Tuesday

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
IN THE WORLD.

This splendid Hair Dye is perfectly instantaneous, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

GREY HAIR OR WHISKERS IN FIVE MINUTES.

There are also agents for the sale of the above Dye in every town in the United States and Canadas.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to the inventor, and over 200,000 applications have been made to the hair dressers for this splendid Dye.

The only place in the world where the genuine article can be had is at No. 1 Astor House, Broadway, New York. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not injurious to the hair, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of bad Dyes removed. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 1 Astor House, New York.

The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR engraved on the steel plate engraving on the four sides of each box.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St., New York. Less 12½ Brooklyn, New York. sept28

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on property to the amount of $100,000 in a single risk, on terms lower than other reliable companies. Insured for any term one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Joseph B. Abbott, | Ira Gates,
Ephraim Crossley, | Walter Wilder,
Arthur F. Bancroft, | Caleb S. Marsh,
Samuel Bothwick, | Benjamin Dean,
Alonzo A. Miner, | Nathan P. Bailey.
Benjamin E. Bates, | Thomas C. Brown,
Abraham T. Lowe,
Lemar H. Clark,
Stephen Bancroft.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) Merrimack Square, Lowell.
Lowell, Sept. 18, 1861. sept18dtf

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$3,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Springfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES ISSUED AND INSURANCE EFFECTED by their contracts, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No 36 Central, opp. Middle st. Lowell
Oct. 1, 1861. oct1dtf

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
April 8, 1860. No. 36 Central st. Lowell

VULCANITED RUBBER.
N. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice a few years since and found it to be all that is claimed for it, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to insert sets of teeth on this base, and to warrant it to be entirely free from any injurious effects, and to be in every respect a perfect base.

Those wishing to have teeth inserted on this base will find it to their advantage to call at the office of the undersigned, where they will be treated with politeness and attention.

N. L. & W. G. WARD,
Office, No. 5 Prescott street, Lowell.
may14dtf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
DR. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN
is frequently destroyed by the use of Mercurial Preparations or without those acute irregularities to which the female constitution is peculiarly liable.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the Extract of Roots, Herbs and Barks, by CORNELIUS CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years proved a certain remedy for Obstructions, Irregular—some—times dreary sufferings without pain, all diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Stomach, Costiveness, Piles, Fits, Fevers, Rheumatism, Jaundice, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Ague, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Broken Sleep, and other symptoms of a disordered system. Also, a certain remedy in the critical situations in the existence of females, when Nature requires assistance to throw off disease.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.
DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the only ones now in use of removing thoroughly all obstructions.

Every one complaining of the female system in which these Pills are not used, will find relief.

Every one complaining of the female system in which these Pills are not used, will find relief.

Every one complaining of the female system in which these Pills are not used, will find relief

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
A CASE AND SORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE!
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to testify to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five months. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1858, since which time I have not known a return of my dandruff or scurf. When I first commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and of a brown one-third gray. A few applications sufficed to falling, and in three weeks curious enough was not a gray hair to be found, since then there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has every sentiment healthy, strength, and soft glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine a single instance mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, I can, however, feel very hearty at this late period, that I can well assure they are all well known to me, and I can say with confidence that your Restorative is the most wonderful preparation now before the Union. I have occupied my time in not retailing the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have ordered two or three articles to self advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no consequence when there is one before them that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, a few of these imitations have not been enough to write an advertisement, as I know they have employ others to write for them in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than 100 thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scurf, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but have not seen you now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box 1,020, will be promptly and duly answered.

Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir: I send you a statement that you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very thin and coarse. I have used for a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and suppose there was one there than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair restored possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful shade, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, it was dollar, and commenced using it. Immediately I saw a change, as I used. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was comparatively tighter of, and a radical change taking place in my hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles, and my head is clothed with a beautiful dark brown color, and is as free from dandruff as any person's head. And in fact my hair is naturally curly, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia, and is now as beautiful in color of dandruff, and the broad curls in it falling off and as much curl and beauty in it as in my younger days. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "what makes your hair so beautiful?" and I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. I am now fifty-three years old, and can say with confidence that it is the original hair of my younger days. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment, which can not be surpassed by any preparation. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where a fair trial was given, it has given the most entire satisfaction. We have no hesitation in saying that for the prevention of all those unpleasant effects of hair following sickness, as well as for the ordinary purposes for which a hair preparation is used, it is unsurpassed by any other article. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine and safe preparations which can be relied on, and all the bald and gray could desire.—Cohoes Jee Spy.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and celebrated preparation. By restoring gray hair to its original color—by the Hair Restorative—by the removal of cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off—We have seen many as have tested its wonderful power of thus as evidence some of which are from gentlemen in this city, who have used it for years as possess of the most reliable character. Don't you fail you have tried this invaluable article.—Boston Olive Branch.

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery. Before one years of trial we do not like to recommend, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's preparation. We have used a flailing off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Finley J. Hunt, has also experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in recommending it to the public. Wood's hair and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—Baltimore Christian Times.

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, to unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald by the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually counteract every deleterious impurities, which operate so to seriously to the hair. It also has curative properties. Professor Wood describes it. In many cases a spiles and other disfigurements of the skin disappear when it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, as it is declared to be only beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement in the hair, does no harm, as its component elements is a perfectly innocuous.—Boston Christian Times, Dec. 22, 1859.

A Certain Proof. In our opinion as an editor or a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the new ills of the day, and that which claims to be unadulterated in its composition we do advise us to recommend. We know what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the complete qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and vendor claims it to be. Its effect upon the scalp and head of hair is universally known to be magical. Like fame or genius or enhanced itself, for years on sway whoever applied. Our own thatch is interfacing testimony, but we advise those in which it's rapidly growing Lair to try the Restorative.—Columbus Spy.

All Hair Dyes Abandoned — Wood's Great Article has taken the Field. Professor Wood deserves a monument for his discovery of the Hair Restorative, which has been turned to inventing a hair tonic that never before was reached. His hair is restored but wasted wide, and thousands who have known it as gray as flax, and as thin as a new born, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural locks, and rejoicing in their strength. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the triumph which is the discovery of the student. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair, its nature, its habits, its diseases, and how to restore the decay ing vitality of the follicles. Now as in the first case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual has reached a fixed period and that before that the hair could be naturally restored. He found this out—ascertained the fact and gave proof at the age of thirty-seven—and now, at sixty, he is as active, energetic and hard and gave proof at the age of thirty-seven—and now, at sixty, he is as active, energetic and hard working as he was at twenty.—Cincinnati New York Day Book.

Augusta, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

For Sale by all druggists will be found always on hand the genuine family and Patent Medicines.

jan16 6w

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the way best adapted for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to have a small family, or designed for both married and single ladies, and in the way best adapted for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It is taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to have a small family.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember this Medicine is Endorsed expressly for CERTAIN CASES, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the money will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine without written certificate signed directly of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 20 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Institute has extensive all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by regularly educated physicians, who have received a degree, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the country. Persons in the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad, affording them a secure and quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

☞ CAUTION.—Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue and Dr. Mattison's Female Pills are sold ONLY by the following Agents, and by no others in the State.

PROVIDENCE—Sold by Jones, Babcock & Co., 120 Westminster street; Cook & Brown, 10 Market Square; Sweet & Brown, 10 Market Square; Sweet & Brown, 10 Market Square; Sweet

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, October 23, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

SIXTH MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, (comprising Lowell, Dracut and Tewksbury,) and all others in sympathy with the action of the State Convention, are hereby requested to meet in Delegate Convention, to be held at Nesmith's Hall, in Lowell, THURSDAY, October 24th, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator, and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as for the Senatorial Delegate Convention held in Waterville.

ISAAC FLACK, } District
JOHN AMES, } Committee.
JACOB COGGIN, }

Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. 3tdistw&s

GEN. EDWARD D. BAKER. The death of this eloquent orator and brave soldier, while leading his column in the fight near Leesburg on Monday, sends a pang of grief to every loyal heart. Gen. Baker was a native of England, but came to this country when young, and settled in Illinois. He was elected a member of Congress from the Sangamon district in 1844, and served until the breaking out of the Mexican war, when he resigned to take command of an Illinois regiment. It is a curious fact that Mr. Baker succeeded in Congress, the late venerable John J. Hardin, who was killed in the Mexican war, and he was succeeded by President Lincoln, by whom he was greatly beloved and respected.

Col. Baker took command of General Shields' brigade after the latter was wounded, and distinguished himself at Cerro Gordo. Returning to Illinois at the close of the war, he was again chosen to Congress from the northwestern district of that State, adjoining the one which he had formerly represented, and he was re-elected by two separate constituencies for the office, in four years.

Soon after the settlement of California, he removed to that State, and was a leader there first of the Whig and then of the Republican Party, but the Democrats ruling the State, Mr. Baker was not selected for any prominent office. Two or three years since he removed to Oregon, and was soon after chosen to the United States Senate, in which body he did fair to be a leading member. His patriotism and love for the present war is to well known to be repeated here. In his grave sleeps a brave and devoted man. By the President, as we have intimated, he was held in the highest esteem, and the intelligence of his sudden death is reported to have greatly shocked and grieved Mr. Lincoln, who is among the most sincere mourners at this affliction of the whole country.

We noticed in the *Boston Post* of last Monday a lengthy letter from Hon. Horatio King, late Postmaster General, who is still residing at Washington. It is a stable and interesting paper, exposing the wicked schemes and insecurityency of the leaders of the rebellion, ex dence introduced coming chiefly from their own correspondence and writings. Mr. King contends that the doctrine of State sovereignty, which has been the great theme of the rebels, had no place in the creed of the founders of the constitution of our Government, and was "trumped up" for especial service. While avowing his friendliness to the people of the South, and willing to concede to them every right the constitution gives to loyal men every where, the writer expresses his opinion that the great iniquity in the work of but a few men, while the masses were led though at present perhaps misled; and that a vigorous prosecution of the war is the best and proper way to heal our troubles.

From some previous intimations, we feared for h during the period Mr. King occupied the position of Postmaster General, we were aware of the ground he had taken in the controversy between the loyal and rebel States; and from some knowledge of his past history, we have had the fullest confidence in its personal and political integrity; and it is satisfactory to us that this new evidence of his faithfulness has been made public. It has been stated, we believe with truth, that every living ex-Postmaster General is loyal to the Government; such evidences as we have of Mr. King's loyalty strengthen the arm of the Government and weaken those of its enemies. Certainly he has shown himself a worthy successor of the "Patrick Henry of 1861"—the noble Joseph Holt.

SUDDEN DEATH IN MATHUEN. Last Monday afternoon, (as we learn from the *Lawrence Journal*) Mr. James Webster, a man of about 70 years of age, vigorous and hearty, died suddenly while at work in his barn, assisted by a neighbor. They were getting in corn, and after unloading one load, the man and his son Webster drove out of the barn, leaving Mr. Webster to pick up a few scattering ears. Mr. W. did not come out to help, and after waiting some time, he returned to the barn, and there found him lying dead. His death was probably occasioned by disease of the heart. The deceased was one of the most estimable citizens of Methuen, a man esteemed and respected by all."

STAMPED NEWSPAPER ENVELOPES. The stamped newspaper envelopes are to be issued by the Postoffice Department immediately. They will be furnished for $1 16 per 100.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

The news of to-day is more important than any that we have had for some length of time.

The fight at Edwards' Ferry. The *Washington Star* of last evening publishes the following additional facts of the affair at Edward's Ferry :—The *Star* says it was a mistake to suppose that Gen. Stone was repulsed. He was ordered to reconnoitre, having effected his object, although at some loss to his right wing. Gen. Banks is in person on the Virginia side, and has assumed the command. Col. Cogswell, commanding the N. Y. Tammany Regiment, is among the missing; he was formerly a Captain in the 8th regular infantry. Lieut. Col. Ward, of the Mass. 19th, was wounded in the leg. Gen. Baker's command consisted of portions of three regiments, viz : the Californian, Massachusetts 15th, and N. Y. Tammany—in all about 1800 men.

Both wings were attacked as early as 9 A. M., but the enemy was repulsed whenever he appeared. At about 2 P. M., the right wing found itself confronted by nearly 4000 of the enemy, under Gen. Evans, with artillery. Gen. Baker gallantly assayed the charge in which he was killed. The officer left in command immediately ordered the men to fall back near the river bank, where they would be supported by Gen. Stone, and the portions of the army that had time to effect a crossing.—The men obeyed in good order, carrying off all the dead and wounded. On reaching the position selected, the right wing turned, though under the fire of the enemy, which gradually slackened until midnight, when it ceased.

There has been no renewal of the fight, though our forces are engaged in strengthening their points. Our loss in killed and wounded is reported at 175, the greatest part having been experienced by the California Regiment.

Missouri—A Federal victory. A fight took place at Fredericktown, Madison County, on Monday, between parts of six companies of Missouri, Wisconsin, Col. Baker's Indiana cavalry and Major Seafield's battery, and a rebel force said to number 2000 under command of Col. Lowe. *Jeff. Thompson* got wind of our intentions, and fled but our forces overtook them when a general engagement took place, which lasted two hours; but after the first half hour, the rebels left the field in disorder, and took to the woods, closely followed by our infantry and cavalry.

Before leaving the field, the rebel Colonel, Lowe, was shot in the head and instantly killed. Major Gavitt received five bullets while leading a charge thirty rods in advance of his command. Capt. Highman was killed in the same charge. Our loss is reported to be five killed, five mortally and twenty slightly wounded. The enemy's loss is not ascertained, but it is supposed to be considerable.

Two rebel surgeons have come into Fredericktown for Col. Lowe's body.—They acknowledge a loss of over two hundred killed and wounded, but it must have been larger. Twenty-five dead bodies were counted in one stubble field. Their cannon were hotly managed.

Fighting on the Potomac. Very heavy batteries are reported at Mathias Point. Vessels coming up the river are exposed to the fire of rebel batteries for four or five miles, and the navy gotten of it is effectually closed, no vessel having passed up or down for several hours. There is said to be one of the slightest chances in the rebels obtain a footing on the Maryland side of the river.

Gen. McClellan's headquarters are to be removed to Burnside House, near Falls Church. The Cameron Rifles have possession of Arcadale, on Little River turnpike, ten miles west of Alexandria. Our pickets had been there two days, but had not encountered any of the rebel pickets. Indications are that the rebels are in large force in the rear of Fairfax, and reinforcing the rebel army at Leesburg.

Kentucky. A courier arrived from Camp Dick Robinson, at Cincinnati, reports that there was a fight Monday between Zollicoffer, with 6000 to 7000 men, and Col. Garrard, with 1200 men. Camp Wild Cat. Zollicoffer made three different attacks, and was repulsed each time with considerable loss. The Federal loss was four killed and twenty wounded. The enemy met reinforcements of one regiment and artillery on their way.

From Fortress Monroe. Two hundred and fifty men of the Massachusetts battalion, who were sent out to Newport News on Monday morning for fuel, were attacked by the rebels, and stood their ground. The 1st and 7th New York regiments had been sent out to support them after the steamer left for Old Point.

From the South. The *New Orleans Picayune* mocks at their great victory at the mouth of the Mississippi. The Vincennes is still afloat to trouble them. The damaged vessel is reported to be the Preble. The United States gunboat Tuscarora captured near Berwick Bay, Texas, recently the schooner Sea Valie, with a cargo worth $20,000.

The *Mobile Tribune* of the 11th, speaking of the Santa Rosa affair, says the coup was made at considerable loss on our side, but double on the Federal less much exceeds ours.

The rebel ship Thomas Watson, with a val-able cargo of salt, blankets, flannels, &c., was run ashore and burnt by our fleet near Charleston harbor, a few days since.

THE Washington correspondent of the *Tribune* says that an English gentleman who came recently from the Southern States brought several private letters from persons there, to be forwarded to England. This was done upon condition that they should be brought through unsealed and submitted to Lord Lyons. The British minister, however, thought it proper to have them pass through the hands of the Secretary of State, who, after examining them, permitted them to be sent as originally intended.

THE MAGNITUDE AND SUBLIMITY OF THE WAR. The persuasive power of speech and the sophistry of the pen must yield in the extremity of nations to a higher umpire. The sword, man's oldest appeal, has found in this war its original dignity, and the master men that led in debate, and were first in the council, have come at last to decide the issue with arms.

State rights and Federal rights have contended a long while upon the stump and in the halls of Debate; for the eloquence of the framers of the constitution our present troubles began. After eighty years of agitation, their final adjustment must be left to generals rather than orators or writers.

We now present the attitude of continuous armies extending across the continent between the seas and the prairies—three hundred thousand men on either side—to fight out these rival issues. And apart from its terrible sublimity, and the immediate sin in which it was begotten, there is in it a noble and sublime spectacle. It has received a race of civilians into a race of soldiers.

It is a people of ideas that do not flinch from deeds, and of principles that still not be yielded but with life. It is a demonstration of practical independence worth more than the eulogies of a century.—There never have been so voluntarily gathered, and they are greater than any that the ancients brought into the field. States that, united, maintained a standing army smaller than the present garrison of *Paris*, have suddenly interfered forces greater than the entire armies of most of the navies of Europe.

Citizens whose wealth and influence would have placed them, under tyrannies, beyond the reach of danger, the steel in the soldier's hand and cheer him on to battle.

The whole country is bristling with bayonets. When the echos of Sumter had startled New England children were in her line. In any cause but this, we would illinois, of the Far West of the South. If bold, had men, can thus stir up the people of a section, what could we not expect of this war, which, according to a common right!

The Northwest, quick in a bargain but slow at a blow; the Southron, indolent but when impelled by passion, will exhibit in the contest their several individualities. It has commenced with a few slight successes in favor of the hot blood and fierce courage of the South.

It will end in the greater victories of modern times, aided by the sagacity and indomitable perseverance of the North. The latter brings to its aid resources of art, intelligence, and perseverance; the former an animal courage that in every extreme will cool, and a common malevolence that defeat will change into feud and mere confederation.

Upon one or the engaged pond indicts perverted, power without order, and a people without ideas in itself sufficient unto us on the other, elements of discipline, endurance, and integrity, that, having for their end the defence of the nation, and the common good of man, will derive a new and higher nationality from their bushed by success.

Losing finally, onward, with good conscience and resolute hearts, civilization will go with them, and the heresy and infidelity of slave labor, that would reign a beautiful and fertile section to the dignity of industry, a free Gospel, and free thought.

The crusade we wage has nothing of fanatic in about it. And while it seems that we predict were not the chiefs first which the war was begun, a greater hand than ours, that is guiding the elements for

WANTED,

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family without children. Enquire at the Valley of Chapel Hall preserved. Apply at this office. Lowell, Oct. 23, 1861. oct23d2

NOTICE.

The annual assessment of shares of the Lowell Gymnasium, for the choice of officers, and the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the rooms of the Gymnasium, Prout's Building, Middle Street, THURSDAY EVENING, October 24th, at 7 o'clock.

L. C. HUNTOON, Secretary.
Lowell, Oct. 23, 1861. 3t

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and Lowell Artillery.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the aforesaid Companies on SATURDAY, 26th inst. Packages weighing not over three pounds can be left at the Store of Mr. Wm. Richardson, Prout's Block, Central St., on the day and evening of Friday. By order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Seven Southern States. Geo. Smart and the War Department use this Map. It is drawn from actual survey, and shows the location of the Railroads and Telegraph Lines in the hands of the Rebel Government.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 132 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House. Lowell, Oct. 23, 1861. 1m

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, on complaints entered on or before the first day of June, 1861, in June 1861, will be entitled to their fees on application at the Clerk's office during afternoon office hours.

F. F. DAILEY, Jr., Clerk.
oct23d2w

MUNICIPAL

The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council was held at their rooms last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. Several persons were licensed to run night carts.

More light. An order was adopted to erect a street lamp on the corner of Read and Pine Streets, as asked for by Jamel U. Gage and others.

Election. Warrants were ordered to be issued for the coming State election, November 5th.

Rent of Armories. A blank return was signed and sworn to by the Mayor and Aldermen for the rent of the armories for 1861, charging the State $300 for each.

All other business adopted in concurrence.

COMMON COUNCIL. *List of jurors.* The list of jurors for 1861-62 was adopted by the Board of Aldermen, came down and was amended by striking off one name and adding four others.

All other papers acted upon in concurrence.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Petitions presented and referred.* From Henry P. Clough and others, asking that assessments for a sewer on Fringe Street, be discontinued; the same not having been of any benefit to the abutters—To Committee on Drains. From Wm. H. Goodwin and others that Daniel Murphy may be added in consideration of the fact that his sidepaid for by J. G. Carney and others, corner of Pawtucket and 3rd Sts. Passed.

Notice to B. F. Simpson. An order was passed to notify B. F. Simpson, of a nuisance against the city, by A. F. Wright and wife, to recover for injuries to the wife caused by falling over some article left on Bridge Street, by Simpson, while his new building was in process of being erected.

Street matters. That Wm. W. Fisher have leave to withdraw petition for damages to estate on Middlesex Street; same to Henry Chester on Broadway. The following remonstrances were ordered to lay in the City Clerk's office for seven days: To lay a side-walk on both sides of Cady Street, and to lay out and establish the grade of Mission Street from Cross to Lagrange Street.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Justice J. A. Gardner* presiding; yesterday, the action of Prescott vs. City of Lowell was given to the jury at 3 o'clock. The jury was out at the adjournment of the Court yesterday.

Grey vs. City of Lowell, was commenced yesterday, and is on trial to-day. The action was brought to recover damages against the city for an injury received by the plaintiff when passing across the bridge over the canal on market Street, by a logged defect in a trap-door in the bridge, used for the purpose of inserting hose into the canal in case of fire. Brown & Aiger for the plaintiff; T. H. Sweetser, City Solicitor, and W. S. Gardner, for the city.

A GOOD GIFT. The city sent to the Nineteenth Regiment, near Edwards' Ferry, yesterday, two boxes, one of which contained about fifty quilts and comforters, contributed by the friends of the Lowell men there, and the other containing some thirty packages for the same men. No matter where our brave men are, they have frequent reminders that they are not forgotten at home.

FOR FORTRESS MONROE. As will be seen by their advertisement, the Soldiers' Aid Association will forward another box to the Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles and Hill Cadets, and undoubtedly to the Lowell men in Capt. Lawson's company, on Saturday next. Packages left at the Gas Office previous to noon on that day, will be forwarded as directed.

PRESENTATION. Last evening some of the friends of Lieut. B. W. Frost, of Company H, (Capt. Blood's) Twenty-sixth Regiment, met at Chesley's Saloon for the purpose of presenting the Lieutenant with a regulation sword of the Ames pattern. The presentation speech was by Lieut. A. F. Gerrish, to which the recipient of the weapon modestly replied. An hour or so was spent in a very social manner. So report those who were present.

ANOTHER DONATION. The Mayor yesterday received twenty pairs of very fine socks, from Mr. R. G. Batchelder, for the benefit of those who have gone to fight for their country.

A MURDEROUS MISSILE. We saw this morning, at the office of Dr. Hiram Parker, on John Street, who is the inventor, one of the most murderous looking machines we have seen since the war began. It combines ball, shell and battery, in one. It was cast at the Lowell Foundry, and was originally a solid ball about ten inches in diameter. In the centre a hole is drilled about three inches across, and deep enough. Inside of this is placed a tin tube, and when the tube is in place a tight fitting stopper is screwed in, with a hole in it sufficient for a fuse. The whole is then covered with the same composition as the outside of the ball there are some one hundred and thirty holes or barrels bored varying in depth from two and one half to four inches, and communicating by an air hole for priming to the centre hole. Each of these holes or barrels, can be charged with powder and ball, and can be discharged from the centre hole, and the balls sent flying in all directions at the end of the time fuse is set as regulated by the fuse. By taking out the tin tube in the centre, and filling the hole with powder, it can be burst as a shell. The bursting charge of this missile can be discerned in such a death dealing instrument, is that it can be made of any size. Dr. Parker intends to present the instrument to the Government. It is highly commended for the objects designed, by those who have seen it.

ARMY WAGONS AND HARNESSES. Mr. Samuel Conyers, carriage and harness manufacturer, on Central Street, is now engaged in manufacturing one hundred sets as a sample for Gen. Butler's division. Two of them are finished, and the others in such a state of forwardness that they will be finished this week. They are built of an extra quality of timber, strongly bound together with iron, and are solid and substantial looking vehicles. They are of a similar style to the General's baggage wagons, and we should think would give good satisfaction. Mr. Conyers is being an experienced carriage builder, and has turned out from the best shop of his establishment to be rejected as was the case a day or two since with nineteen wagons built at South Groton for the State. We sincerely hope that Mr. Conyers will succeed in getting a large contract and thus give employment to an increased number of hands.

Mr. Conyers is also making forty harnesses to go with the wagons. They are made of the best materials and we trust they will also lead to a large order for more of the same kind.

THE CONCERT THIS EVENING. Let none forget the come concert by the Peak Family, which takes place this evening, at Huntington Hall. Fair or otherwise, the hall should be filled. No one will regret the investment of a dollar or a ticket, for they will carry the memory of the music they are sure to hear with them for years, and its pleasing recollection will be a perennial source of enjoyment. Remember this evening at Huntington Hall. Fair or otherwise, the hall should be filled. No one will regret the investment of a dollar or a ticket, for they will carry the memory of the music they are sure to hear with them for years, and its pleasing recollection will be a perennial source of enjoyment. Remember this evening, while it is not expected that it will supersede the concert of the Peak Family, will be a rare treat to lovers of music, and in addition to the usual programme, Gen. Lowell, Mass.

Prize 25 Cents per Box.

For sale by Druggists generally, and by Agents around in cities and towns, to increase with this offer. Sold in Lowell by

G. W. COBB.

YOU CAN'T FIND
AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREET'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE
Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it is THE ONLY RELIABLE ARTICLE FOR THE HAIR IN EXISTENCE.
THAT IT IS UNEXCELLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,
AND IN THAT REMOVING
HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,
AND A CLEAN SCALP.
NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.
HEIMSTREET'S
Wayman Block, Lowell, Mass. 3m 10 1859

Mrs. W. F. Hall's Medicated Comfort Powder.
Gents: I have been selling HEIMSTREET'S Jayne Hair Restorative ever since it was introduced into this country, and have tried various articles for the hair, but find your Hair Restorative decidedly among them all. I never hesitate to recommend it to my customers, for I know it will give satisfaction. I have been wearing Frizz Hair Puffs for the last two years, and have tried various articles to color them, but find your Restorative the best color, produced by using once or three in place of your Hair Restorative.
I am yours very truly,
MRS. E. EMMONS.
FITZ, STEVENS & EMMONS,
Wholesale Agents, Lowell, Mass.
W. F. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.
Jayne's Hair Restorative is our market, and finds ready sale. Its reputation is established.
J. S. RICES, Wholesale Druggist.
There is no other article of the kind in the market so that which comes from a druggist or an Apothecary, and we have no hesitation in saying that we have for overthirteen sufficient to warrant us in saying that it is the best preparation for the hair in use.
WALL, LESTO & PIKE NATURAL COLOR
OF THE HAIR
Where age or sickness has turned it grey, and that it will remain in such color.
USE NOTHING ELSE.
Sold everywhere—Price 50 cents and $1 a bottle.
Sold by all Druggists. H. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
Hair Dye! Hair bye! Hair bye
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.
The only Reliable and Reliable Dye Known.
All others are mere humbugs, and should be avoided only by the ignorant.
GREY, RED OR SANDY HAIR
Is changed instantly to a splendid Black, without the least injury to Hair or Skin.
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from Nature, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be used, and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied. The hair is invigorated by its use, and it is as harmless as water. Sold and applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.
WM. A. BATCHELOR,
Late 233 Broadway, New York.
1y9

FIRE INSURANCE
HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1846,
Continues to insure against accidents by FIRE, to the amount of $50,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term not exceeding five years.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.
DIRECTORS:
Lowell:
Josiah G. Abbott, John Avery,
Joseph Wright, Charles H. Morse,
Samuel Batchelder, Perry C. Hosmer,
Ephraim Brown. Thomas B. Rand.
Boston:
Abraham T. Lyon, Lester M. Clark.
Hudson & Concord:
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, 164 Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 43 Lee Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.
Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.
North American Fire Ins. Co,
Hartford, Conn
Capital.....$300,000.
Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.
The above Companies unite in offering to the assured the most reliable indemnity for losses by FIRE, written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, on favorable terms, for FIVE years.
NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
Office, Central, opp. Middle St. Lowell, Oct. 1, 1861.
Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Secretary,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 5, 1860. 1m1w
VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice more than two years since, and have had ample time to test it, and investigated the merits some what, they are now prepared to say that it is decidedly the best article we have used in base, a difference in expansion and contraction, while it is not expected that it will supersede the use of metal entirely, in all cases, it will be found to be the best substitute we have ever used, and in many cases is decidedly superior to metal. Those who have worn sets of teeth for years, and have suffered from the irritation of metal plates, will find that they can wear these without pain. Those who have worn metal plates for years, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best article for the purpose, but they are prepared to furnish sets of Teeth in this material, at the same price as for Gold, and to insert fillings when they can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.
Rooms 2 and 3 Savings Bank Building.
oct21
IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
Dr CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS
THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN
Is unquestionably one of the most important subjects in medical science and invariably receives the most careful attention from the Physician. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Female Pills are a safe, sure and speedy remedy for all those painful diseases peculiar to the female constitution, whether arising from obstruction, irregularity, or any other cause. They will in a short time restore the most delicate female to perfect health and strength. Explicit directions accompany each box, by observing which ladies can cure themselves without the least exposure. Full and explicit directions accompany each box, by observing which ladies can cure themselves without the least exposure. Full and explicit directions accompany each box, by observing which ladies can cure themselves without the least exposure.
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe, sure and speedy remedy for Female Complaints.
LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND
That in no case can one of the female system in which these PILLS will not restore health, when the directions are strictly complied with. The constitution referred to in Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS is the female. They are the only safe, sure and speedy remedy for all the irregularities to which the female is subject. They are the only safe, sure and speedy remedy for all the irregularities to which the female is subject. They are the only safe, sure and speedy remedy for all the irregularities to which the female is subject.
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE!
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this date.

The color of my hair was completely restored. I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I also caused quite a number mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known, and even more wonderful since than at the time I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and plea ure in recommending your Restorative at each place visiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have known of two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will continue to practice deception for gain. Time, however, is all pass d, as the United States Also, accommodations for patients from a distance can be had at my house.

Apparently, none of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I assume they have copied, word for word, from several instances, nearly inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scurf, head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, and learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR.—I want you to a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over 50 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was above the white and very thin, and coming out fast. I bought out of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposing there was no re tation than truth in them, but entertaining a desire to have my hair restored if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle. I considered I would make the experiment, commencing using, and in a few days some of your small bottles, or one dollar, answered my purpose, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was coming out in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the scalp. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just finished one the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light like it had as any man of my age had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. So free now from any clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased to irritating of and is as soft and fine, and for as silky, as though just from the hands of French chemists of Mary Queen of Scots, as one frequently say to me, "Doctor, where do you get the fine wig?" I feel that I am fully responsible to convince them that I am the fair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK BUTNER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired reputation from actual merit, and in a manner which can not be attained by newspaper puffing. In not one instance, it is believed, has it been used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, if it received a fair and reasonable conscientious trial. We have never before ventured to give so decided an endorsement of what we have to offer for sale, but have now no hesitation in saying that it is the best preparation of the kind with which we are acquainted, and the only one which we can recommend with entire confidence to the public.—*Boston Post*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are to the habit of puffing every to-be-discovered article in the course of ten they are quack nostrums. but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's restorative to all whose hair is travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and plea ure in recommending your Restorative at each place visiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have known of two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will continue to practice deception for gain. Time, however, is all pass d, as the United States Also, accommodations for patients from a distance can be had at my house.—*Detroit Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Thousand Persons* have fallen victims to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, without any knowing it what to take for. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who are too ill to help themselves, but once paid *they can never get it back*, and they are compelled to suffer on in misery, or resort to the daring to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*. In order to avoid this class of swindlers and *imposters*, to men who are *honest and deserving*, to take no notice of any *anonymous communications*, but MAKE INQUIRY.—It will cost you nothing, and may save you many times the price, as advertising physicians lay nine cases out of ten are *hopeless*, in order to *swindle the money of them*, unless you know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. W. send FREE, by enclosing one stamp as an *evidence of honesty*, a PAMPHLET OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases* generally, a time Dr Owen has been in the practice of the *most successful* reference and references, and in the most of this kind's deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHICH HE CLAIMS.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MARTIN, as above.

January 7, 1861. aug24dly

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND INTERMITTENT, DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER.

ELEVATED STATE OF THE BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEPERE, write from Natchez, Miss., that he has used them extensively in cases of DEBILITY and ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER, and finds them invaluable.

E. S. DAVIS' Postmaster at Williamsport writes that he has used your bitters and can say when myself, having taken cold, become prostrate with fever, I sent for a bottle of yours, and I can recommend it with great confidence to the public.

Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind. writes us that they are a the very best family medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and finds the same accurate cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomerville, Perry Co. Ind. writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been ill for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and agonizing character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in perfect health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all the various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years entirely free from it. Many the cure, when several physicians attending them could do little or no good. For all rheumatism dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affections and nervousness, they will be found a remedy.

W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, a certain where Fever and Ague prevails; that he has used them in his family and them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

R. H. GALLEHERS & M. D. writes from Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Specific medicine all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by mail or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation to all parts of the United States Also, accommodations for patients from a distance can be had at my house.

Special Notice, with good care until restored to health.

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January 7, 1861. aug24dly

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND INTERMITTENT, DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER.

ELEVATED STATE OF THE BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEPERE, write from Natchez, Miss., that he has used them extensively in cases of DEBILITY and ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER, and finds them invaluable.

E. S. DAVIS' Postmaster at Williamsport writes that he has used your bitters and can say when myself, having taken cold, become prostrate with fever, I sent for a bottle of yours, and I can recommend it with great confidence to the public.

Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind. writes us that they are a the very best family medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and finds the same accurate cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomerville, Perry Co. Ind. writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been ill for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and agonizing character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in perfect health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all the various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years entirely free from it. Many the cure, when several physicians attending them could do little or no good. For all rheumatism dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affections and nervousness, they will be found a remedy.

W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, a certain where Fever and Ague prevails; that he has used them in his family and them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

R. H. GALLEHERS & M. D. writes from Union street Providence, R. I.

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January 7, 1861. aug24dly

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and at after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken during your before each monthly period, and is therefore of the utmost importance to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too *copious* increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 100000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case*. ☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember!* This Medicine is *intended expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the money will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine but with my name and signature on each bottle. *Dr. O. M.* at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR PRIVATE DISEASES, No. 13 Union street Providence, R. I.

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January 7, 1861. aug24dly

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for A dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness it is unrivalled. It will be found *effectual* in preventing the hair from falling off, and for *curing* diseases of the scalp. It will be found invaluable

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, October 24, 1861.

For Governor
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Allington.
For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.
For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Natick.
For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.
For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.
For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

SIXTH MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Senatorial District, (comprising Lowell, Tewksbury and Dracut,) are requested to meet in their several wards and towns, on Saturday, Oct. 26th, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of choosing a delegate to attend a Convention at Jackson Hall in Lowell, THURSDAY, October 31st, at 10 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as that of the late State Republican Convention held in Lowell.

JOHN AMES, } District
JACOB CODDIN, } Committee.

Lowell, Oct. 15th, 1861. 2t

THE FEELING IN VIRGINIA. A paragraph under the heading embracing the latest intelligence from our armies, hints the unmistakable sentiments in Virginia against the Southern confederacy, and of an increasing feeling against the rebel war. There are other evidences that the people of Virginia are getting their eyes open to the enormity of their folly and crime against the government. Not long ago we made an extract from a Richmond paper justifying the course of the Governor of Kentucky, although it was in open contradiction of the policy previously acted on by the rebel leaders. This we regarded as the initiatory step of the traitors toward retreating from their position. We now have the most positive evidence that one of the Richmond papers at least, despairs of the success of the rebels, and is now in agony counting about to see how best it can get out of the trouble it has in no small measure assisted to bring upon Virginia and the country.

A late number of the *Richmond Whig*, after speculating as to the probable length of the war, considering the policy of the rebels acting on the defensive (which it assumes not to favor), and showing the supremacy of the Federal forces—its ability to assail the whole southern coast, or enter the frontier at any point it chooses—utters the following strange language—strange because coming from a source that has heretofore been insolent and defiant:—

"The possibility of our success is not within the range of accident. We have only our subjugation or extermination is all we can hope for. We have no alternative left, and know nothing of the means at the command of our Genesis, but it this is all that is left us we had as well be looking out for terms of submission, and the sooner the better. An endless war without a definite opportunity for victory or revenge is a hopeless undertaking.

The southern people, who have offered themselves and their all for the prosecution of this war, and who have enjoyed implicit confidence in the men invested with its conduct, have lo ked for something better. It is not to be denied that a sense of unqualified distrust is gradually superseding that generous confidence which in the sunshine is gaining ground that all the advantages of our position have not been profited by as might have been expected, and that the war has not been prosecuted with the vigor and energy demanded by the emergency."

The best evidence that the above extract expresses the sentiments of many in Richmond, is the fact that the *Whig* does not publish it; and it must be apparent to sensible men there as well as here, that vigorous measures—a few strong blows dealt at vulnerable points by the Federal armies—will break the backbone of the rebellion and send the leaders of it into exile, or to the halter they so richly deserve.

THE nominations made yesterday, in the County and Councillor conventions, will be found in another place. There is but one change from the ticket nominated and elected last year, which is ample evidence that the incumbents of the several offices have discharged their duties acceptably, and this must not be construed as reflecting on the ability or faithfulness of Mr. Sweetser, the County Commissioner, whose successor has been selected from a section of the county that claimed a right to be represented on the Board of Commissioners. Mr. Sweetser has performed the duties in the office and cannot fail that it was from any lack of appreciation that he was thus set aside in making up the ticket this year. We think the action of the convention is about what every one expected and consequently the cause for unsatisfactory to but few, if any.

THE TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT. We see that Col. Henry Wilson is announced as again to take command of the regiment he lately raised in this State. This is as it should be. We hardly think Col. Wilson was to go right to come to this State, and through his personal and political influence raise a regiment, with the understanding that he was to command it during the war, and resign on going to Washington. We conjecture that this course was objected to on the part of both officers and men in his regiment, and we are gratified that Col. Wilson has the courage not to desert in this matter, and the pluck to take the field. All knowing the circumstances must commend him for sticking to his regiment.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

The news this morning, while it gives, quite full accounts of recent engagements indicate that more stirring events are at hand, and perhaps before the month closes the great blow will have been struck which will bring matters to a climax.

The battle near Edward's Ferry. The following are some of the particulars of the recent fight at Ball's Bluff, near Edward's Ferry, which seems, notwithstanding the death of Col. Baker, to have been a partial victory to our side, as the enemy have not dared to make their appearance since.

On Tuesday night, Col. Devens, of the 15th Massachusetts Regiment, sent out Capt. Philbrick and Quartermaster Howe with 20 men to scout th. Virginia shore in the direction of Leesburg. They approached within three-fourths of a mile of Leesburg and discovered a small camp about a mile from the latter place.

On reporting to Col. Devens, the latter with about 300 men pushed forward by direction of Gen. Stone in the same locality with orders to destroy the camp at daybreak. When about a mile and a half from the river and 400 yards in advance of Col. Devens's reserve, Capt. Philbrick, accompanied by Col. Devens in person, attacked and drove back a company of Mississippi riflemen, and then fell back to the reserve concealed in the rear on the appearance of a body of rebel cavalry. At daylight and at the same hour that Col. Devens' command left the shore to make the advance, Col. Lee of the 20th Mass., sent over one company of his regiment, which remained on the shore to cover the return of Col. Devens.

Col. Devens maintained his ground for some time, and was finally reinforced by Col. Baker with the California battalion, and who assumed of course the command. The attack was commenced by the enemy on our right, but was soon directed more heavily in the centre and left. For about two hours the battle raged terrifically, and was a complete shower of leaden balls. Three several times the left of the line made an advance, but were compelled to retire as often. The right was better protected and held their position.

An order came from Gen. Baker to throw two companies of the 15th Massachusetts to the centre, which was immediately executed. This produced the impression that the battle was going against us, but caused no confusion or dismay.—The left was then ordered to fall back from. About this time the news spread that Gen. Baker was killed while in the act of pushing a cannon forward, with his shoulder to the wheel. He was pierced by six balls, being evidently the object of the enemy's sharp shooters.

Another account says that he was pierced by eight balls, and was shot while in uniform on his knee.

Night approaching our troops retired toward the river by order of Col. Coggswell, of the Tammany regiment, who assumed command on the death of Col. Baker, and crossed it, some in boats and others by the ferry. Several are supposed to have been drowned.

The behavior of our troops before a superior number of the enemy was marked as nobly brave and enduring. Near the close of the action and after the day was considered irretrievably lost, the two recently arrived companies of the Tammany regiment acted in a manner worthy of the men of the Federal forces—its ability to assail the whole southern coast, or enter the frontier at any point it chooses—utters the following strange language—strange because coming from a source that has heretofore been insolent and defiant:—

"The possibility of our success is not within the range of accident. We have only our subjugation or extermination is all we can hope for. We have no alternative left, and know nothing of the means at the command of our Genesis, but if this is all that is left us we had as well be looking out for terms of submission, and the sooner the better. An endless war without a definite opportunity for victory or revenge is a hopeless undertaking.

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The Naval expedition. The *Washington Star* of the 22d says the expedition from Annapolis sailed the day before. Among the troops composing the part of it that embarked are the following, viz:—1st Brigade, Gen. Viele commanding, New Hampshire 8d on the Atlantic; N. Y. 46th on the Daniel Webster; N. Y. 47th on the Ronoke; N. Y. 48th on the Empire City; Maine 8th on the Ariel; 3d brigade, Gen. Stevens commanding, 3 companies Penn. 50th on Ocean Queen; 5 companies of Penn. 9th, the Michigan 5th and N. Y. 79th, on the Vanderbilt; 3d brigade, Gen. H. Wright, commanding, New Hampshire 4th on the Baltic; Connecticut 5th on the Marion, Connecticut 7th on the Illinois and the Maine 9-h on the Constitution. The division and staff officers are on the Atlantic. In addition to these troops the Star learns that quite as many more will join the expedition at Old Point, having been quietly shipped at New York, Boston and elsewhere.

CITY AND COUNTY.

THIRD COUNCILLOR CONVENTION. This Convention was held at Charlestown yesterday forenoon. S. W. Lewis, of Charlestown, was chosen President, and Henry Hall, Secretary. The following nomination by the convention proceeded to an informal ballot for Councillor with the following result:—

whole number of votes,	144
James M. Shute, of Somerville,	77
J. Q. Peabody, of Lowell,	32
Edward Mansfield, of Reading,	15
Charles Beck, of Cambridge,	11
Joseph Coggin, of Tewksbury,	4
O. W. Alley, of Marlboro',	4

Mr. Shute was nominated by acclamation. The following named District Committee were appointed:—Timothy Pearson, of Lowell, G B. Blanchard, of Malden, Wm. M. Cudworth, of Medford, Henry Baldwin, of Brighton, Thomas Talbot, of Boston, Edward Mansfield, of Cambridgeport, A. B. Coffin, of Winchester.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION. This convention met at Charlestown yesterday, immediately after the adjournment of the Councillor Convention, and A. K. P. Welch, of Cambridge, was chosen President, and James O. Boswell, of South Reading, Secretary. A committee was raised to report resolutions. An informal ballot for County Commissioner resulted as follows:—

Whole number of votes,	207
Joseph H. Waitt, of Malden,	114
Paul H. Sweetser, of So. Reading,	60
N. F. Gates, of Lowell,	26
Geo. D. Wells, of Concord,	5
J. W. Brown, of Natick,	1
C. C. Fay, of Framingham,	1

Mr. Waitt was declared the unanimous nominee of the convention for County Commissioner.

The following nominations were made by acclamation:—Clerk of Courts, B. F. Ham, of Natick; County Treasurer, Amos Stone, of Charlestown; Registers of Deeds, Richardson, Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and B.-B Cadets.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the above-named Companies on FRIDAY, 25th inst. Packages marking not over three pounds each, will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, 115 this (Thursday) P. M., at 6 o'clock, and for one hour.

By order of Executive Committee.

oct23d1p Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

DR. F. W. UPHAM, formerly with Dr. J. R. Bayley, will be in Lowell at his house on E. Merrimack, 126 Noble Street, MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, 28th, 29th and 30th inst. oct24d3t

WANTED.

An experienced teamster suitable for a small family without children. Apply at this office. Lowell, Oct. 23, 1861. oct23d1f

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the members of the Lowell Gymnasium, for the choice of officers and the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the rooms of the Gymnasium, Price's Building, Middle Street, THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 24th, at 7 o'clock.

L. C. MUNROE, Secretary.

Lowell, Oct. 23, 1861. oct23d1t

ON AND EXAMINE the great MEDICAL DISCOVERY of the age, DR. HOWARD'S NEW REMEDIES, at his office, No. 28 Bromfield Street, Boston. He is the only physician in the United States who cures by a positive remedy for the Opium habit. Also, for Fits, Epilepsy, Nervousness, Debility, Female Complaints, Consumption, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Blood Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Catarrh, Asthma, Sore Eyes, Deafness, Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Diseases of Females, Consultation free. Medicines sent by express to all parts of the world. Send for a circular. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Boston, Oct. 1, 1861. 3m

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell. oct24d1f

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in prosecuting Henry Sargent, of Acton, for the sale of Rum, in June, 1860, in June 1859, 1861, will please call at the office of the Clerk of the Courts, in the City Hall, and receive their fees.

E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

Lowell, Oct. 23, 1861. oct23d1w

SENATORIAL CONVENTION THIS EVENING. The Republican Senatorial Convention, for the Middlesex Sixth Senatorial District, meets at Jackson Hall this evening, at seven o'clock, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for senator. The claims of several gentlemen are being canvassed for the position, but as it is late with the convention to decide, we shall not speculate on the subject.

Jacob Coggin and John Clark are the delegates from Tewksbury.

LECTURES. Thus far arrangements have been made by the Middlesex Mechanics' Association for a course of lectures only during the coming season. The number will doubtless be increased should the first course be sufficiently remunerative to warrant a continuance. The course is to commence and has not yet been decided upon.

The following is the list of lecturers so far as any engagements have been made:—Rev. F. D. Huntington and Hon. George H. Hepworth, of Boston; W. H. Hillburn, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Rev. E. H. Chapin, of New York, and Rev. J. L. Jenkins, of this city. Mr. J. B. Gough may give his lecture on London during the course. In a few days, probably, the lecture committee will make an authoritative announcement of the arrangements agreed upon.

THE CHECK LISTS. The check lists are now being posted, and voters can examine them and see if they are all right—There are now 4,543 names on the lists, 678 having been struck off, viz:—76 in Ward One, 126 in Two, 109 in Three, 163 in Four, 133 in Five and 67 in Six. A majority of those struck off were for non payment of poll taxes, within two years, and the remainder for removal from the city. The number of voters is known to have died since the last election or now in about 112. Those who were struck off for non payment of taxes can call at the City Treasurer's office, settle up, and by making the fact known to the City Clerk can have their name replaced. Those left off, but who have paid since the list was revised, will have also to call upon the Clerk to have their name replaced.

THE PEAK FAMILY BEFORE A MULTITUDE. The concert of the Peak Family, last evening, was attended by as many as could get into the hall. Barely 1 was the Huntington Hall so thoroughly crowded. This evening another entertainment is to be given with an entire change of programme, and we have no doubt of positively the last appearance of the Peak Family in Lowell, this season, as they are advertised to perform in another place on Friday evening. Every person who attended last evening can hardly fail to urge the attendance of their friends to-night. The "war pieces" at which they have fixed their tickets, should draw "regiments" of our citizens.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* Prescott vs. the City of Lowell, on trial at Cambridge. The jury returned a verdict for the city, one for the plaintiff. This case was tried about a year ago and a verdict of about $1900 was returned for the plaintiff. The verdict was set aside according against the weight of evidence and a new trial granted.

Gray vs. the City of Lowell, was given to the jury yesterday and the jury was out at the adjournment of the court last night.

To-day it is understood that an action in which the Boston & Worcester Railroad Company is the defendant party will be commenced.

ALMOST. The cold wind, this forenoon, blew along a chilly, grey looking cloud which spit forth a very few little balls of frost, that would pass, a little later in the season, for snow, but they were very few in number, imperfect in form, and will not be accepted as anything more than an indication of snow, on the 24th day of October.

LATE FRUIT. We saw this forenoon some fine looking ripe strawberries, gathered this morning in the garden of Alderman Sager Ashworth, of this city. He has quite a number left upon his vines, from the tiniest green berries and blossoms to the fruit approaching ripeness.

MILITARY. Capt. E G. Abbott left yesterday for Gen. Banks' division with forty men, part of them for his own company.

We hear that the paymaster visited Camp Chase this forenoon, and requested the several companies in Col. Jones' regiment to make out their pay-rolls, and intimated that a second visit from him might be expected early the first of next week.

NOMINATION ACCEPTED. The following letter from Daniel S. Richardson, Esq., of this city, who was nominated at the meeting at Huntington Hall, on Saturday evening, 12th inst., for the position of Senator from the Middlesex Sixth Senatorial District, has been handed us for publication. It has been believed that Mr. Richardson would not accept the nomination, but this puts the question at rest. Mr. Richardson's letter is patriotic and manly, and his position and prospects are, so far as we can learn, satisfactory to a majority of those who believed in the propriety of the convention which put him in nomination:—

LOWELL, October 24th, 1861.

A. W. BUTTRICK, Esq., PRESIDENT, &c., *Dear Sir:*—Strong personal reasons induced me to decline the nomination for the Senate, with which I have been honored by the Republicans of this district over which you presided. At the request of the Union Committee and of many friends besides, I have reconsidered the subject, and yielding to the solicitations of those in whose judgment I cannot but confide, I am satisfied it is my duty to set aside all personal and business considerations, and to accept the nomination.

Your movement is lauded on the truths that since we are in the midst of a terrible peril, we should meet that peril in one united phalanx, and that party organizations are only divide and weaken us, and should be abandoned while the rebellion lasts,—for this I heartily endorse. In the old parties are nobly represented in the lines before our enemy, fighting for us with a valor and devotion that should shame and rebuke all distinction of party, and without complaint. Let us follow their example in our civil affairs at home.

Our very existence as a free people is at stake, and we should consider only and unitedly whether a few and republican form of rule shall be destroyed against the assaults of ambition, corruption and rebellion. If amidst a prosperous and intelligent people a strong enough effort for the right cannot be made, then the last hope of a free government on the face of the earth is extinguished forever.

I believe in the integrity and ability of our present national administration, and am for sustaining that administration to the utmost, by every means at all hazards, in crushing out this rebellion.

I believe the position of Massachusetts at this time, in the front rank of the battle, and in theory will be as glorious as was her position in the great struggle which freedom's liberties were won. I adopt it as the sacred duty of us all to aid, in every way, in sustaining the Commonwealth in that position.

The times, certainly, are not without gloom; but I have a cheerful faith that our cause will be purged and strengthened, and who have conspired against it, will meet with just punishment.

Entertaining these views, and certain that civil offices are no sinecures now, and with a sense of the responsibilities which they bring, I accept the nomination offered me by the Convention, and, if elected, will endeavor faithfully to discharge the obligations imposed upon me.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
DANIEL S. RICHARDSON.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, the case of Hugh O'Brien for assault and battery upon John Curran, occupied most of the time. From the evidence it appeared to be a regular Irish scrimmage, in which black eyes, bloody noses, and sore heads were manufactured at short notice, and in a workmanlike manner. The disturbance aroused the whole neighborhood, and for a time it is said the excitement was quite intense. The defendant was fined and costs, able to a time, and it was supposed that R. G. Esq., had more to do with getting up the difficulty than anybody else. As the case developed a state of facts, fair, the distinguishing terms of old Crowe, the female Crows and young Crows were applied to them by the waggish counsel who were engaged in the case, much to the amusement of the spectators. O'Brien was acquitted.

Ann. O'Brien, charged with being a common disorderly, was sent to spend at land-lord Kimball's boarding house, on Thorndike Street, for four months.

PACKAGES FOR FORTRESS MONROE.—CHANGE OF TIME. The Soldiers' Aid Association are obliged to to send the box to the Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, Hill Cadets, &c., early to-morrow morning, in consequence of the sailing of the steamer to-morrow afternoon, and it will be impossible to receive packages at the Gas Office this evening, by 8 o'clock, to ensure their being forwarded.

MARKET PRICES. But little hay is now brought into our market, the low prices of $12 to $13 per ton, causing the farmers to hold back in the hopes of getting better prices. Wood is also low, the best of oak bringing from $6.00 to $6.50 per cord, while common oak is worth from $5.25 to $5.50. Pine wood is cheap, soft bringing $3 and hard $4 per cord. Flour during the past week has advanced about 50 cents for the best grades, corn about 3 cents per bushel, and oats 2 cents. Oranges and lemons are scarce and high in our markets, bringing $7 per box. The former was held at $10 per box one day last week, though we imagine few sales were made at that price.

CLOSING UP. The Republican City Committee for 1860-61, are notified of their adjourned meeting at Citizens' Committee Room, Huntington Hall, this Thursday evening, at 7½ o'clock. A punctual attendance is requested.

The Citizen says the long-talked-of clock upon the High Street Church, in this city, will be placed in the tower next week.

PEOPLES' UNION COMMITTEE. There will be a meeting of this committee at the Committee Room, Huntington Hall, this evening at 7½ o'clock.

PER ORDER.

THIS evening there is to be an election of officers of the Lowell Gymnasium Club, as will be seen by notice given elsewhere.

THE late Hon. E. D. Baker, who was killed in the fight near Leesburg, on Monday last, held the office of Colonel. He was sometimes known as General Baker, but we do not know that he ever had any position giving him that title.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 23.

1 Boston and Worcester Railroad	99½
5 do do	99¾
10 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	46
5 Eastern Railroad, ex-div.	98
5 Fitchburg Railroad	100
10 Old Colony and Fall River R. R.	100
5 Concord Railroad, par $50,	100
10 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	97

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York and return, tickets good 10 days, $9.75
Tickets for the West, North and Southwest, at the lowest rates.
Also, Tickets to *Philadelphia, Baltimore* and *Washington*.
Baggage checked through to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.
Agency for Express and Fast Freight Passenger Trains for procuring passes in Canada.
Also, Agency for the Celebrated Grand Trunk Railway, 182 Merrimack Street adjoining the Merrimack House.
E. B. FISHER, Agent.
oct23d1f

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in prosecuting Henry Sargent, of Acton, for the sale of Rum, in June, 1860, in June 1859, 1861, will please call at the office of the Clerk of the Courts, in the City Hall, and receive their fees.

E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

Lowell, Oct. 23, 1861. oct23d1w

WAR HAS COME
AND
WHEELER'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WOUNDS and SORES of all kinds has been taken by soldiers as a remedy, from Bull Run to Fortress Monroe, and from Cairo to Key West, including numerous bruises, sore throat, lameness, rheumatism, &c.

Also, for Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Sore Lips, Piles, Chapped Hands, Sore Feet, Old Sores, Scrofulous Ulcers, Sore Eyes, &c., &c., it is unrivalled, and for all Inflammations, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, &c., it is a positive cure.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Boxes are made of Tin, and will not break or leak. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with this Golden Salve.

Sold by all Druggists.

WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 343 Broadway, New York.
oct24d1w

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
For kitchen grates,
It burns up cleanest,
For open grates,
It burns in less quantity,
For furnaces,
It gives more heat.

These are other *free* burning coal. And the above is sold by the Lowell Gas Light Co., at WHARF, Western Avenue, and Canal, and LOWELL, 13 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shippers of the true and genuine Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, in Lowell, hereby caution the public against the counterfeit article now offered for sale in this city, and give notice that they are prepared to punish sale of Tarts in the manner the law directs. Dr. Hall's Balsam can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

sept6

IMPORTANT to FEMALES
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

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PEOPLES' CONCERT!
At Huntington Hall,
THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 24th.

Prize reduced to

ONE DIME

to all parts of the House—No Reserved Seats.

CARD OF THE MANAGEMENT.

In offering this entertainment to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, we have reduced the price TEN CENTS the Management wishes the public to understand that this reduction is not because the Troupe is in any manner inferior to those who have appeared before you, but for the reason that we have a large company to support, and in order to accommodate a sufficient number of people to make it pay, we have reduced the price. We have been prevented from attending at the usual price. The company has been engaged for one week, at the Melodeon Boston, and as this will be the last appearance of the Peak Family in Lowell, we hope to see a full house.

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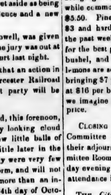

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oct23d1t C. C. CHASE, Business Manager.

CHELMSFORD SWORDS AND BOWIE KNIVES

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1851.

Continues to insure against loss or by FIRE, on buildings, merchandise, and every description of property, on terms as low as the lowest. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Codding, John Avery,
Arthur P. Bunney, Joshua W. Danforth,
Joshua Merrill, Jr., Edmund Morse,
Ephraim Brown, Edward Kidder,
Hiram B. Bond,
Boston.
Alonzo A. Miner, Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin R. Rice, Lester M. Clark.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
Entrance Chancellor Street, at the General Agency, 182 Merrimack Street adjoining the Merrimack House.
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NOTICE.

The undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of Joshua Merrill's Residuary estate, hereby give notice that they have taken upon themselves the trust of Executors of said will, and that they will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person on account of said estate.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Jr.,
JOSEPH MERRILL,
Executors.

Lowell, Oct. 15, 1861. 3w

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Mutual Plan.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurers in the Manufacturing towns of Lowell, Lawrence and Lowell, where the risk is first class. The present cash assets of the Company are $114,000, and the cash amount of $114,679 33. The attention of owners of property in the above towns is invited to the Company's method. A limited cash premium is charged, and the balance of the premium is secured by the note of the insured.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $200,000, and the Company is authorized and offers to insure on favorable terms.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

C. S. CORDIS, President.
F. P. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy16d1y

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
For kitchen grates,
It burns up cleanest,
For open grates,
It burns in less quantity,
For furnaces,
It gives more heat.

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IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?
The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
OFFICE 106 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL
$100,000.
Cassets and Accumulation April, 1860,
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 56-100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy holders.

Stephen Crane,	Isaac Bell,
Augustus Schell,	Commodore Perry,
Alex. H. Bullock,	Vice-President of Connecticut
Thomas Tileston, Jr.,	River Steamboat Co.,
John R. Kissing,	Charles Ferguson, New York,
Wm. H. Aspinwall,	Edward Haight,
Wm. Bayard,	President of City of New York
Edward Prime,	Insurance Co.,
Wm. Whitlock,	Moses Taylor,
Jonathan Sturges,	Manufacturer,
Benjamin F. Butler,	Montgomery Hunter, Ireland.
John De Peyster,	JOHN HOWARD, Secretary.

Policies issued on the most favorable terms.

Office at Lowell's Insurance Agency, Lowell Mass.

Nov. 16, 1860. nov16d1f

NOTICE.

The undersigned would respectfully announce that he has found at Judson Merrill's Bookstore, a number of Books belonging to him, and that any one who claims the same can have them by calling at the store and paying for this notice.

Orders left at the above named place for lumber or wood will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, July 20, 1861. 1y29d3m

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We call the attention of the public to the advantages of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jn3d1y

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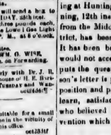

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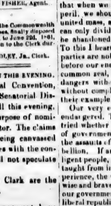

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AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
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THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

Prof. Wood: Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occasion at my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have been pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case, as well as instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that it was good and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by producing the matter. I have never had used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed one or three articles myself advertised as such, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is no to-talking that people will patronize any article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a boon to many.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not learned enough to write an advertisement of any sense; they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with the most success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, &c., and I have never known one head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,720, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now sixty-two years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning remarkably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unhandy. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, or supposed there was a cure for me from that trouble, but, entertaining a strong desire to have me hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would give it a trial. My statement, commencing in a small way. I purchased of your small bottles, and in three weeks I commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered that the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was soon perfectly tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used seven of your small bottles and am to begin on the fourth. I have now a perfect head of hair, brown, or light (it is hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when I was in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair is not only ceasing falling off and is as soft and fine, and feels as oily as though you from the best bottle of French cologne.—Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I am perfectly willing to convince them that it is the original hair of the only gray head.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot or is shared by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every instance with desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of these few genuine medicines which deserve all it claims to be, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbian Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures dandruff, eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off. We have seen many certificates in proof of these assertions, some of which are from gentlemen whose word is beyond doubt, and years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't say till you have tried the article.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of ten they are generally worthless, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Fanley Fashion, has similarly experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Many a bald and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald from the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable application for all diseases. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate everything like cutaneous impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has curative properties peculiar to itself. In many cases a pimples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear after using it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, as its virtues can only be beneficial; as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the core-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and in addition in its curative effects, with what caution we exercise cannot be determined. In one instance, however,—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the value of the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its owners and proprietors claim it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is certainly wonderful, turning back the time or causes an exhausted land, it brings the long-wavy appearance of youth. Its use is perfectly healthy, and we advise our friends who properly go-ing bald to give it a trial.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABSURDED.—WOOD'S GREAT HAIR RESTORATIVE stands the TEST. Nothing which contains an acid or mineral poison should be used upon the human head. Wood's Restorative is entirely vegetable, and is warranted to restore hair that has never been touched. Has been in use thirty-four years, and is the only article that ever did restore hair to its original color. Sold by all druggists. Depot, 308 Broadway, New York.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

J & J No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand Wood's Genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan18-lw6 oct6&wlmWF

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.—If it is not just the better of three fifty dollar strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely packed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6. Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

N. B. Remember! This *medicine is designed especially for* OBSTINATE cases, in which all others have failed, and *should not be used in any case, else that it is warranted as represented it is not responsible, as the price will be refunded* according to the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Label Borders, By-Laws and Constitutions, Printing from Stereotype, Type Prices, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN and FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Z. E. STONE,
S. W. RUSE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET,*

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Done at Reduced Prices.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

CLOCKS, &c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. 3m*

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in all the fashionable styles. Repairing, Trimming, Recovering, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, Agents wanted. Low prices. Quick returns.

mar25 tf

FIRST YOUS COUNTRY!
THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PEOPLE'S CHEAP FEED STORE

To get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get goo PLATED WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best quality of SPERM OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'.

Chinn Emporium, 45 Merrimack St. jan10

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. Its effects—This article softens, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It contains the best elements for the dandruff.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It is delightfully cooling.

It is used by the fashionable world.

It is sold by druggists generally, and direct to the manufacturers.

Sold by CAMPBELL & RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. RIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the most remedies for the complaints of the season, particularly for the diseases of children.—Sold by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug4

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages Rocking Carts, Toy Carts, Toy sulys for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and invisible Folding swings, something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at 45 Merrimack st. sept17

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Newspapers,

Label Borders, By-Laws and Constitutions, Printing from Stereotype, Type Prices, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.

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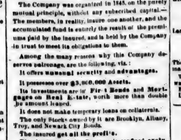
Z. E. STONE,
S. W. RUSE, } Proprietors.



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DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, Agents wanted. Low prices. Quick returns.

mar25 tf

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England States, and for which the Sole and Only Exclusive Agency is for sale by H. S. HAYNES'.

Throat Diseases.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other Broken Coal, and for which White Ash stands the best qualities, Hard and Soft, Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—No connection with any other notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Office corner O. & W. Williams' Periodical Depot. Post Office building.

aug6 6m

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on the Locks & Canals, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the lowest cash prices. Orders may be left at the office, or delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7tf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CRUDE CAMPHOR for preventing Furs and Woolens, for sale by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. may4

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE, for sale at Proprietor on DUNSTABLE ROAD, by the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Government's name, J. Barreda y Wood. Boston prices by SAM'L WOOD, 43 Market street. mar22

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Prussian, Straw berry, Gold Dollar, Rose, Palm, and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Furniture Polish for Parachute Mortice*, and are patented and this is something new and the best kind ever invented for housekeepers, boat keepers, and many others, as it will polish furniture, pianos, &c., in a manner never revealed to the public before. Only a few drops on a piece of furniture will cause it to shine like a looking glass. Please call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st. may8

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Moth-ches, Freckles, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. may4

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia* Ware, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble Top, &c.* For cleaning door *Mirrors, Marble Top, &c.* For cleaning door plates and Furniture it is unequaled. Try it. Sold by E. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets. may3

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,512,550 50
dividends paid to date,	1,400,000 00
Losses paid,	2,431,000 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund in custody the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 assets.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The interest got at the profit.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Mutual Principle.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It encourages the habit of economy by deferment of premiums, by allowing them to be annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums in Cash, Note or Life, if over $50 per annum, may be paid one-half in Cash and the balance in Note or Life, if over $100 per annum, may be paid one-third in Cash and the balance in Note or Life, if over $150 per annum, may be paid one-fourth in Cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Company is limited to aid the insured in settling their premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, or one-half in Cash, when a dividend is declared, and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now the large number of 7775 Policies in force—yet an increase in the number of persons insured is rather more than an increase in the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore be taken on the average of lives connected with it, should call the attention of their acquaintances to its advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies entitled to participate in profits, and the insurance may be made to

ROBERT H. McBRIDE, Agent,
No. 25 Central and 37 Merrimack Street, mar4

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It cures the incurable—it is to-day as an fact.

It overcomes the most malignant sores. It causes the burnt child no longer to dread the fire.

It stands the test of the tender-footed.

It is the friend of the friendless.

It is the balm of hope from its cradle, when born and to the grave.

It restores the desolate mother when her breast is dry.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the brow of the fevered and restless.

It makes the weary comfortable.

It renders the helpless self-reliant.

It attacks and destroys inflammations, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

The curative may be cured if you will hearken.

The sore may be cured if you will only look and live.

You may be rid of your sores and sickliness.

For all grievous sickness use it.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For sore and swollen feet use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For sore mouth and sore use it.

Everywhere it goes, forth, south, east, west, and in the centre, it is doing its work. Its fame is in every land, and its praises are sung in every tongue. Its children delve in song speech.

All the world speaks its praises.

All the world speaks its praises.

All the world speaks its praises.

Manufactured by the inventor and proprietor, and the only manufacturer, and the medical profession; from the most eminent physicians and surgeons of the last and first, it will cure sore heels on corns and bunions, and will cure sore eyes and sore lips, and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, October 24, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.

For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.

For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.

For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.

For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

For Senator (Sixth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and Gen. McClellan's division. The rebel steamer George Page is cruising on the Potomac in the vicinity of Aquia Creek. It is supposed that she ran out of the Cre.k in the darkness of the night.

A reconnoissance in force was made in the neighborhood of Fairfax Court House, by General Blenker, the result of which showed that there was no body of rebel troops of consequence in that neighborhood, but that they had retired further from our lines.

While a detachment of the Mozart regiment were on picket duty on Sunday night, they were suddenly surprised by a corps of rebels. The Mozartees were obliged to retire with the loss of one of their number, named James Lyons, of Lawrence, Mass. belonging to Company K, who was wounded and taken prisoner by the rebels.

Vienna is entirely deserted by the rebels. No men were in the village and only three women and two old negroes. The railroad in the vicinity of the village had been torn to pieces.

A reconnoitering party yesterday captured eight uniformed rebels beyond Vienna, and further information was obtained as to the position and force of the rebels in the neighborhood of Fairfax Court House.

The Battle at Edwards' Ferry. The California Regiment lost in this fight about 500 out of 660 engaged in it. The enemy charged from the woods in all directions, converging upon our force. They were bravely met; but the slaughter of our best officers and men was so terrific that the Federalists were at last obliged to retreat. Col Baker was killed by a horseman, who rode close to him and fired five shots from a revolver, all taking effect. The slayer was at once brought down by a shot from Capt Berriel. The same brave officer recovered Col. Baker's body, heading a charge of his company for that purpose.

From the best data obtainable it is believed that the whole number killed was 79; wounded in our and in the possession of the enemy, 141; missing, how prisoners and wandering in the woods on both shores of the river, not exceeding 400. Total loss killed, wounded and missing, 620.—This will be reduced by men returning to camp, as they are constantly coming in. The number of our men who crossed the Potomac was 2367. The Massachusetts 15th bore a manly part in the battle.

Gen. McClellan, who has visited the Federal camp, returns with renewed confidence in the action and efficiency of his soldiers. Col. Baker, in his effort to rescue the Massachusetts and other men under fire, was heroic beyond description. It is believed that the loss of the enemy exceeds that of our own.

Mem sec. Col Magee with 220 men, of the 18th Missouri and two pieces of artillery, had a fight with some 400 rebels in Big Hurricane Creek, Carroll County, last Saturday, killing 14, taking 2 prisoners and putting the balance to flight. Col. Morgan had 14 wounded, 2 mortally.

It is rumored and believed at Jefferson City, that Lane and Montgomery had intercepted Ben Mallory, or some one assuming that name, in his attempt to join Gen. Price, and cut his whole army to pieces.

Gen. Fremont is said to have discovered 160,000 bushels of corn buried at Warsaw, and delivered it over to the United States Paymaster.

An exchange of prisoners has taken place between the Federal forces at Cairo and the rebels at Columbus, Ky. The number of rebels at the latter place under command of Generals Polk and Pillow is not over 10,000.

From Hatteras Inlet. A few days ago the rebel steamers made their appearance, but withdrew without any demonstration. Recent high tides almost entirely overflowed the land in the vicinity of the forts.—The natives were suffering greatly for want of food and clothing. The pastor of a church at the Inlet came on the Spaulding, who goes North, to raise the means to relieve their pressing necessities.

The fight at Santa Rosa—a rebel failure. The steamer McClellan at New York from Fort Pickens 18th inst. reports the sinking of the Santa Rosa affair, by which a different aspect is put upon the result of the eng.gement from that reported through Southern prints. The attack was made on the morning of the 9th about 2½ o'clock, on Col. Wilson's New York Zouaves. Col. Vodges was taken prisoner by the enemy.

Extracts from a Private Letter.

WAR!—WAR!—Nothing but war talked about here. The elections are over, and the people have all returned to the all-absorbing subject. I wish I was on the field of action, and if I can get settled up here, I will leave as soon as possible. It is of no use for me to stay here and think about it; the more I think about it, the more I want to be there. I read and hear of many of my old friends and schoolmates there—Gen. Butler, G. V. Fox, and many others; but I suppose they would hardly recollect me, in the exciting scenes by which they are surrounded. Ben. Butler always was a "case" at school—so also, was Gustave Fox.

My place here is the headquarters of the Shasta Volunteers. I had a chance to go with them on the plains, but I prefer to go where the war is. There are a great many street fights on the subject of the war; but the secesh ers are weakening since the election. There is to be a grand presentation of a flag to the volunteers to-night here. Thirty-four young ladies are to "do the pretty" on the occasion, and it is expected the affair will be "right jolly." It is to be small, gb to get thirty-four young ladies here; they are scarce.

We are forming a company of "Home Guards," for the purpose of getting properly drilled. We intend to be on hand when called for.

I see by a paper I received that one of my nephews has gone to the war. "Good three cheers about 2 o'clock, and proceeded cautiously toward Whaley's camp, but were discovered by pickets about 600 yards distant and the alarm given.

The McClellan also brings reliable account of the naval fight at the mouth of the Mississippi. The rebel fleet consisted of six gunboats, the ram Manassas, and a large number of fire ships, which filled the river from shore to shore. Our squadron comprised the Richmond, Hunterville, Water Witch, Preble and Vincennes, and steership Nightingale. They were at anchor inside of the South West Pass. The Manassas drifted foul of the Richmond, knocking a hole in her quarter and stern, doing but little damage. The squadron got under way at once and stood down the river to avoid the fire ships. The Richmond, Preble, Vincennes and steership Nightingale got ashore on the bar and in that position were attacked by the enemies vessels but were beaten off by the Vincennes with two guns. Not one person was killed or hurt in the squadron. All were got off the next day except the Nightingale, which it would be got off.

Other matters. A Key West letter of the 20th inst., reports the arrival at Havana on the 16th of the rebel steamer Theodora from Charleston, with the French Consul and family, and Messrs. Mason and Slidell, Commissioners to France and England.

The Battle at Edwards' Ferry. The California Regiment lost in this fight about 500 out of 660 engaged in it. The enemy charged from the woods in all directions, converging upon our force. They were bravely met; but the slaughter of our best officers and men was so terrific that the Federalists were at last obliged to retreat. Col Baker was killed by a horseman, who rode close to him and fired five shots from a revolver, all taking effect. The slayer was at once brought down by a shot from Capt Berriel. The same brave officer recovered Col. Baker's body, heading a charge of his company for that purpose.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

DR. F. W. CRANE, formerly with Dr. J. E. Spear, 302 Washington street, Boston, and 56 Bond street, 104 Bedford Street, Brooklyn, L. I., has opened an office at No. 8 Merrimack Street, Lowell, where he will be found during the day, and may be consulted at his residence, 14 Kirk street, in the evening. Dr. Crane has had a large experience in the treatment of Chronic Diseases, and is confident that he can cure all cases that can be cured by medicine. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. Sundays from 9 to 12 A. M. and from 2 to 4 P. M. [oct23]

WANTED,

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family without children. Down in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office. oct23,1d

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Rebel Southern States. Gen. Scott and the War Department use this Map. It is drawn from actual surveys, and shows every foot of the Southern country from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte. oct18d1w

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 25th, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

B. F. HAMLET, Jr., Clerk.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION. The delegates to the Sixth Middlesex Senatorial Convention assembled in Jackson Hall last evening, to make choice of a candidate to be supported at the State election, for senator from this district. At 8 o'clock the convention was called to order by Silas Pierce, Esq., who stated that one from their number be selected to preside over their deliberations.

On motion, John Wright, Esq., of Lowell, was chosen president, and Jacob Cogswell, of Tewksbury, secretary. The list of delegates was then read, and in the instances the persons called not responding, their places were filled by the convention.

On motion of Mr. P. Lawson, it was voted to proceed to a ballot for senator, and give the several informal ballotings that followed below :—

	INFORMAL BALLOTS.				
Ballots	1	2	3	4	5
Nathan Allen,	13	13	14	15	16
Linus Child,	9	9	9	9	9
Stephen Wentworth,	3	3	3	3	3
George W. Cowen,	3	3	3	3	3
Samuel A. Bent,	1	1	0	0	0
William Smith,	1	1	0	0	0

At the announcement of the seventh informal ballot, a motion was made and carried for a formal ballot. The convention voted three times with the following result :—

	FORMAL BALLOTS.		
Ballots	1	2	3
Nathan Allen,	17	18	19
Linus Child,	10	10	10
Samuel A. Bent,	0	0	0
Stephen Wentworth,	3	3	3
Daniel S. Richardson,	1	0	0
George W. Cowen,	3	3	3

The number of votes necessary for a choice being nineteen, on the third ballot Nathan Allen, of Lowell, was declared the choice of the convention for its candidate for senator.

Col. George F. Sewtell moved that the nomination be made unanimous—second ed and carried with applause. By vote the officers of the convention were also instructed to notify Dr. Allen of his nomination.

Dr. D. Holt moved that a committee of five be appointed to report a Senatorial Committee for the ensuing year. This committee is composed by the president of the convention) reported the following persons for the County Committee : Isaac Pierce, Z. E. Sabin, C. L. Knapp, of Lowell; Jacob Cogswell, of Tewksbury, Henry Richardson, of Dracut.

On motion, the convention adjourned, subject to the call of the officers.

ANOTHER SWORD PRESENTATION. Last evening a French regulation sword was presented to Capt. George M. Dickerman, of Company K, 26th regiment, by his numerous friends, a goodly number of whom were present. The presentation took place at the armory of the National Guard, the presentation speech being made, in regard, by Major Josiah G. Sawtell, of the 26th regiment, and Captain of the National Greys (formerly Lawrence Cadets), from the time of its organization in March, 1855, until May last, when he was promoted to his present rank in the Sixth Regiment, then at the Relay House. Major Sawtell in his remarks, alluded to his former connection with the company, and the pleasing recollections connected therewith. One year ago last July, he was presented with a sword which he carried throughout the entire campaign; now they were assembled for a similar purpose in respect to his success as. He then presented the sword to Capt. Dickerman, accompanied by a few suggestions and words of compliment.

Capt. Dickerman was completely taken by surprise, so secretly had the whole affair been arranged, but returned his thanks to the donors, and expressed his determination never to draw the blade in a bad cause, and to wield it only against the enemies of his country. Three cheers were then given for Capt. Dickerman, the meeting dissolved, and the company repaired to the armory, and had a social time.

SUPREME COURT—*Dewey, J.* In the case of Margaret Gray vs. the city of Lowell, the jury yesterday at Cambridge, found for the plaintiff in the sum of $170 damages—claimed about $3000. Ross vs. Boston and Worcester R. R., was commenced yesterday and will probably be finished to-day.

The case of Prescott vs. the city of Lowell, stated yesterday to have been tried in *Superior Court*, was also tried in this court.

Olive B. Russell was divorced from her husband, Albert G. Russell, on Tuesday. Cause adultery.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* At Cambridge the case of Jane Bush vs. Thomas Allen, Carver, police officers of this city, for breaking open plaintiff's door in the night time to arrest as is alleged one McDowall supposed and believed by the officers to be there concealed, was commenced and finished yesterday—verdict for the defendants. Norris, Swan and Goodhue for the plaintiff; Sweetser and Gardner for the defendants.

ICE. We had the first severe frost of the season last night, and ice was formed in some places.

A BUSINESS CHANGE. H. S. Haynes, who has for the past six years been located at No. 45 Merrimack Street, engaged in the crockery, glass ware trade, &c., has disposed of his interest in the stock on hand and the good-will of the concern, to two young men who have for some years been employed by him—Messrs. Wilkins and Clough. Mr. Haynes has been compelled to sell in consequence of impaired health, and the necessity of employment of a less sedentary character. His successors are experienced, upright, fellow young men, who will undoubtedly keep up the excellent reputation of the old stand. We trust their friends at least, will adopt for their benefit the axiom of Franklin, and "encourage beginners in business."

POLICE COURT. We are pleased to say that there is not a case before this tribunal to-day, and consequently the officers are having an easy time, though several warrants are out against parties for keeping liquor nuisances in the vicinity of Canny Chase, and for furnishing the soldiers with liquor, it having been discovered that some persons have furnished with "burning fluid" through a hole in the fence, and a party has been arrested and is in confinement in the guard tent for the offense.

A REGIMENT COMING. Another regiment of troops is expected at Camp Chase in Lowell to-day or to-morrow, and in this instances the persons called not responding, their places were filled by the convention.

On motion of Mr. P. Lawson, it was voted to proceed to a ballot for senator, and give the several informal ballotings that followed below :—

	INFORMAL BALLOTS.				
Ballots	1	2	3	4	5
Nathan Allen,	13	13	14	15	16
Linus Child,	9	9	9	9	9
Stephen Wentworth,	3	3	3	3	3
George W. Cowen,	3	3	3	3	3
Samuel A. Bent,	1	1	0	0	0
William Smith,	1	1	0	0	0

At the announcement of the seventh informal ballot, a motion was made and carried for a formal ballot. The convention voted three times with the following result :—

	FORMAL BALLOTS.		
Ballots	1	2	3
Nathan Allen,	17	18	19
Linus Child,	10	10	10
Samuel A. Bent,	0	0	0
Stephen Wentworth,	3	3	3
Daniel S. Richardson,	1	0	0
George W. Cowen,	3	3	3

SAN FRANCISCO. The city, according to a recent census, contains 70,000 persons at this time. A new directory of that city estimates the present population at 62 223, composed of 40,000 white males, 17,000 white females, 3000 Chinese and 2000 colored. The city polled 11,425 votes at the recent election. It is also stated in the directory that 1012 new dwelling buildings were erected in San Francisco during the year ending with August, being above one-eighth of all the buildings the city contains.

THE army of Austria consists of a grand total of 738,344 men and 1088 guns; that of Prus-ia contains 710,092 men and 1444 guns; the army of Russia about 850,000 men and 1180 guns; the army of France 626,482 men, and that of Great Britain, is all parts of the world, 534,697 men.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
PARE RIDGEWAY!

Lowell to New York,
Lowell to New York and return, Quick and cool cars.
Tickets for the West, North and Southwest, at the lowest rates.
Tickets to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.
All business relating to Passage and Freight agencies attended to.
Agency for Caldwells and Liverpool Steamers.
Tickets to Liverpool, Cork or Queenstown.
Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, 192 Broadway, corner of Cortlandt street, New York. [sep28]

FIRE INSURANCE.
HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1852.
Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, to the amount of $50,000 in a single risk, on terms reasonable to the assured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.
DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, Lowell.
Stephen Crowell, Lowell.
Arthur C. Bonney, Lowell.
Alfred Gaskell, Lowell.
W. Tucker, Lowell.
James H. Clark, Lowell.
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston.
Benjamin E. Bates, Boston.
Nathaniel T. Lord, Boston.
Hosmer P. Clark, Boston.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
ARTHUR C. BONNEY, Secretary.
Office, 304 Post Office Building, (first floor).
No. 20 Post Capital, cr., Middle st., Lowell, April 21, 1 30. ly

ETNA INSURANCE CO,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.
Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.
North American Fire Ins. Co,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.
Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$350,000.
The above Companies write on property as low rated as other responsible offices. Policies issued promptly. Losses paid as soon as adjusted. Office in Post Office Building, Lowell.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.
No 28 Central, opp. Middle st., Lowell. Oct. 1, 1861. oct1d1y

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Office in the store of J. P. RICHMOND, No 28 Central, opp. Middle st., Lowell. April 9, 1860. ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice as the best material for a base for Artificial Teeth, and have invariably used it in preference to any other for the last two years. Those who have had sets inserted by us will find them superior to any others in use. Persons wishing to have sets inserted will do well to call and examine specimens of this work. Office No. 5 Merrimack Square, Lowell. [sep28]

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
Dr CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS
THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN
Is inestimable in point if she is not enough to suffer from the many complaints peculiar to her sex, she should not take any of the quack nostrums now in vogue.
DR CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the recipe of Dr. Cheeseman, M. D., of London, by J. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years been the most successful remedy for all the various complaints and obstructions peculiar to the constitution of the female. Explicit directions in the pamphlet around each box, in regard to the proper diet and regimen while using them, and in many cases no other medicine is required. Explicit directions accompany each box, in regard to the proper diet and regimen while using them, and in many cases no other medicine is required. Explicit directions accompany each box, in regard to the proper diet and regimen while using them, and in many cases no other medicine is required.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.
The Proprietors hold hundreds of testimonials from ladies who have used DR CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, but their peculiar nature prevents publication. They are sent by mail to any part of the country, and are safe remedy in use for all those painful complaints and obstructions to which the female constitution is subject. In all cases of Nervous and Sick Headache, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Weakness, Fatigue or slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Low Spirits, Sick Head-ache, Whites, and all painful Menstruations, these Pills will effect a cure when all other remedies fail. They are a safe remedy in cases of excess and in cases of obstructions, from whatever cause, and at any period. Explicit directions in the pamphlet around each box. Full directions in the pamphlet around each box.
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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

Prof. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I Pommenced the use, my hair was getting thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it's facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as I am aware there are all well known that I pommended the use;

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, October 26, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

For Counsellor,
JAMES M. SHUIR, of Somerville.

For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.

For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.

For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.

For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

For Register (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.

THE State ticket of the Republican Party was yesterday completed by nominations to fill the vacancies caused by the resignations of two of the candidates selected at the Worcester convention. The final settlement of the matter, as it now stands, has been expected by us for some time, that is, that a straight Republican ticket would be arranged. The readers of these columns are witnesses of our efforts to reconcile, if we could not allay, the differences that for one ticket might be run in this State at the approaching election. The reasons that have actuated us in this labor, it is not necessary for us to repeat. The leaders of the parties, we believe, were not desirous of such a union as we would have had, although the people would have consented to it. The first blow the movement received was in the Democratic State Convention, which, coming from a party hopelessly in the minority, was anything but encouraging to those who, if they consented to a union, did so from the highest motives—abandoning all party issues, when never before was the party so strong, and when in a party sense no advantages could be gained. How far certain discussions in the Republican State convention operated, directly or indirectly, on the candidates of the other parties who were put upon our ticket, we know not, but we cannot be blind to the fact that the men nominated could command a strength decline to be placed in a position where they might be considered as tacitly endorsing what they regard as a "rebellion dogma."

But the resignation of Messrs. Dickinson and Abbott left only one course to be pursued. The fact is palpable that the State Committee could not go back to their parties and in a predilective manner dispose of the offices of Lieutenant Governor and Attorney General. They adopted the only course left to them in power, and have put in nomination well known and tried Republicans. Sincerely as we have contended for a different policy, the result has not changed our obligations to those with whom we have labored, and we shall uphold the ticket until it is triumphantly elected.

Of the gentlemen who have been selected to complete the Republican ticket, it is necessary for us to say but little. Hon. John Nesmith, of Lowell, is known, in all our editives, and his name is familiar in our party throughout the State. He has always been an active, sincere worker in his party, and no one in this county will think, has contributed more for the advancement of Republican principles than the nominee for Lieutenant Governor. We doubt not his nomination was as unexpected to himself as to his fellow-citizens. The selection of Hon. Dwight Foster, for a second term for Attorney General, will be especially gratifying to his many personal friends, who the right he was "sacrificed" in the late convention, and will add strength to the ticket.

'Tis duty now of one and all, who recognize the weight of party obligations, in clear: a union of parties having been decided, without "thanks," even, we are left to give our own ticket an undivided support.

GEN. FREMONT, Hon. D. Davis, of Illinois, and Hon. Joseph Holt, of Kentucky, have been appointed commissioners to audit claims in Gen. Fremont's department. There are rumors that Gen. Halleck, now on his way from California, is to be Gen. Fremont's successor. Another rumor also says that the whole matter of the Fremont and Blair's trouble has been left to the President, who will settle it as to him it appears best. We hope this is to be the end of the affair. There has already been too much said and too little done in the matter. Gen. Fremont's victory, and every gun he has with great labor placed on the river back, will, in case of victory, fall into our hands."

DEATH OF A MAINE COLONEL. Col. Marshall, of the Seventh Maine Regiment, died at Baltimore, yesterday, of typhoid fever. He had been sick for two weeks. Immediately after his death, his regiment left for Washington.

WILLIAM SMITH, one of the Jeff. Davis pirates, has been tried and found guilty of piracy, at Philadelphia.

THE Governors of the Sandwich Isles appointed the 28th day of November to be observed as a day of Thanksgiving in that State.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

The fight at the mouth of the Mississippi. A letter from on board the United States steamship Richmond, gives some account of the fight at the mouth of the Mississippi. The first attack was made on the 9th inst., by the rebel steamer Ivy, with a rifled cannon, on our vessels, the Preble and the Vincennes, which returned the fire but could not reach her. She finally hauled off and everything was quiet until early on the morning of Saturday the 12th, when a low-looking, iron-roofed vessel called a ram, was discovered to be along side the Richmond, and succeeded in making a hole in the latter which was discovered and stopped. The Richmond gave the ram a volley, and when the smoke was gone the ram was missing. A line of fire ships being in too close proximity, the Federal fleet stood down the river pursued by the rebel craft, several in number.—The Richmond and Vincennes grounded on the bar, when the rebel steamers, laying de-finite positions, poured shells and balls into the grounded vessels. Finally, it was concluded to abandon the Vincennes, and a slow match was applied in her magazine, but it did not explode, and the crew finally returned to her. About 10 o'clock the rebels withdrew, and the next day the grounded vessels were towed off by the steamers South Carolina and McClellan, which had arrived with arms, and the vessels at the date of the letter, October 16th, were ready for any emergency.—This seems to be the long and short of the story.

Miscouri. Reports represent General Price as retreating toward Greene-ld, in Dade County. Gen. Sigel's advance guard was near Bolivar on Tuesday, and his main body at Quiver. Gen. Sturgis' command is one day's march behind. Gen. Hunter is within two day's march of Price on the north, and Gen. Fremont and staff were en route for Quiver. Hunter's and McKinstry's divisions were marching toward Warsaw. Price was marching from Lewisville via Sedalia, and Asboth was at Warsaw. The bridge at Warsaw was completed, and our troops were to begin crossing on Wednesday. The general belief at Warsaw was that Price could not get away, but would be compelled to fight or surrender.

Another report represents that Price is marching toward Springfield—that a part of his force had already arrived there.

A rebel camp at Buffalo was, on Tuesday, broken up by a detachment of United States cavalry. Seventeen of their number were killed, a large number wounded, and ninety taken prisoners; a number of horses and twenty-two wagons were captured.

Modification of Fremont's proclamation.

Col. Boyd, who is in command at Pilot Knob, in Missouri, has published the fact that the proclamation of Gen. Fremont is modified by the President, but declares that martial law will be rigidly enforced in Jefferson, St. Francis, Washington and Ste. Genevieve Counties, and all persons taken in arms against the Federal Government, or who have participated in any manner in burning or otherwise injuring railroad or other bridges, or cutting telegraphs, or injuring public property, will be summarily shot; also that sympathizers with the rebellion, who are constantly visiting the Iron Mountain Railroad Station and giving information to the enemy, will be dealt with as given.

The fight at Ball's Bluff. A letter from Edward's Ferry, from the agent of the Sanitary Commission, says there are 175 wounded in our hands; 47 of the dead were buried yesterday by permission of the rebels. Probably 50 were drowned in attempting to cross the river, and probably 400 or 500 are prisoners. Private accounts from the Upper Potomac, this morning, represent that the soldiers reported as missing are from time to time coming in, while others, carried down by the current of the river, are known to be now under shelter in tenements on its banks. The regiments engaged in the fight have not yet made their reports as to loss, as it may not be as bad as it has thus far looked. The rebels are still in force in the vicinity of Leesburg, and evidently design holding the place.

Gen. McClellan's Division. Nothing of importance is reported from Washington and that vicinity. The war news is very insignificant.

The fleet. Nothing has been reported concerning the operations of the fleet which a few days ago left Hampton Roads.

THE REBEL BATTERIES ON THE POTOMAC. The *New York Evening Post*, of a recent date, expresses the belief that the uneasiness in the public mind, caused by the rebel batteries on the Potomac, is unnecessary. Supplies can, for the present, be delivered at Locust Point, in Baltimore, and transferred by railroad to Washington, and the *Post* contends that, "meantime, Gen. McClellan knows that the close of the Potomac, like the enemy's occupation of Munson's Hill, is only a temporary inconvenience. Active movements are impending on the line of the Potomac.—He delivered a lecture last night, but has the discretion granted him without which a general cannot act with effect, he will undoubtedly force the enemy to give battle before many days are past. In that case, the more men the enemy has placed on that bank of the river back, will, in case of victory, fall into our hands."

THE TROOPS IN THE FIELD. According to the *New York Herald* (which, certainly, is quite as well prepared to make a reliable estimate as any other print in this country), the Generals of the Federal army along the whole line from the Atlantic to the far West, have at this time at their control as magnificent a force, perhaps, as ever were put under the command of any number of generals. From reliable sources we have compiled a table showing the number of troops each loyal State has now in the field or on their way to the seat of war:—

	Inf'y.	Cav.	Artil.	Total.
Connecticut.....	4,186	100	—	4,286
Illinois.....	41,000	8,000	—	49,000
Indiana.....	21,000	3,000	600	24,600
Iowa.....	16,000	2,500	—	18,500
Kansas.....	4,000	1,200	—	5,200
Massachusetts..	19,000	1,000	250	20,250
Michigan.....	8,000	1,000	—	9,000
Minnesota.....	18,784	5,000	200	24,984
Missouri.....	3,000	—	—	3,000
New York.....	85,000	5,000	500	90,500
New Jersey.....	9,000	—	—	9,000
New Hampshire..	5,000	—	—	5,000
Ohio.....	83,000	2,000	500	87,500
Pennsylvania....	41,000	4,000	500	45,500
Rhode Island....	1,628	—	100	1,728
Vermont.....	5,000	100	—	5,100
Wisconsin.....	8,000	1,000	100	9,100
Total.....	304,700	33,800	2,200	340,500

In addition to the above there are the State and Government troops in Kentucky and Missouri, which may be estimated as follows—

	State.	Gov't.
Missouri.....	10,000	25,000
Kentucky.....	8,000	20,000
Total.....	18 000	45,000

According to the above authority, there are also five thousand volunteers raised in California, five thousand in Maryland, one thousand six hundred in Delaware, and two thousand in the District of Columbia, besides ten thousand regulars which, added together, will show the Union land forces to number *five hundred and twelve thousand men.*

POLITICAL. John Nesmith, of Lowell, has been selected as candidate for Lieutenant Governor; Dwight Foster, of Worcester, the present incumbent, for Attorney General, to fill the vacancies on the Republican State ticket.

Hon. Levi Reed, of Natick, has been nominated as the Republican candidate for Senator in the Third Middlesex District, over William Claflin, President of the Senate last winter, and chairman of the Republican State Committee.

Samuel Hooper, of Boston, has been selected by the Republicans of the Fifth Congressional District to fill the place of Hon. William Appleton, resigned.

S. N. Stockwell, of the *Boston Journal*, is the Republican candidate for Senator in the Suffolk District.

At an election in Alexandria, Va., S. F. Beach was chosen Representative to Congress, there having been no election last year. Congress will decide upon the validity of the election.

It would be a dreadful thing to me to lose my sight: to see no more the faces of those I love, nor the sweet blue of heaven, nor the bright flowers of the field; to hear no more the sound of music that goes through the soul like a prayer; to see the earth no more, but be shut out from it forever in the silence of a dreadful night. To be blind is perhaps the greatest affliction that can befall us.—*Prescott.*

PRESCOTT BANK. The Prescott Bank are now issuing their new bills of the denominations of "five" and "ten." The bills are handsomely engraved to secure the public from counterfeits. *The new plate engraved for them at extra expense* by the National Bank Note Company, of New York; and the result is one of the finest specimens of bank note engraving now in circulation. The large amount of delicate and intricate combination of lines, will be found to render the new bills must be full security from counterfeits. The old issues of fives and tens will be withdrawn from circulation.

MORE BIG VEGETABLES. We have been favored with another visitor with enormous vegetables, for which the shining mines of Lowell seems to be somewhat famous.—Mr. Joseph Chase, of Dracut, one of the managers of the Merrimack Woolen Mills, has a garden of an acre and a quarter on our premises a big yellow pumpkin, a squash of remarkable proportions, and a red beet that we doubt not rivals in size the beautiful productions of California. These are some of the well-developed products of his garden; and the donor will please accept our thanks for the same.—If the hard times should be severe, and we are debating the propriety of hiring a "hole in the ground" of some one, for a cellar, moving the pumpkin over it, and of thinking of a "root house," we are not ready to receive proposals. This is a year of "sum punkins," and many novelties. Had the thought occurred to us earlier in the season, we should have suggested a vegetable museum in Lowell, and have no doubt it would *beat* all the shows that have yet been here.

MORE DONATIONS FOR THE SOLDIERS.—The ladies of Middlesex Village have contributed through Mr. E. G. Shackford twenty two pairs of very nice socks.—There have also been received from Mrs. Joseph Tapley, of this city, a package containing pillows, socks and sheets; from Mr. Roland Lyman a large blanket; from Mr. Theodore Ela, a package containing a pair of slippers and a lot of blankets.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS. We learn that the fourth of the series of the High Street Sabbath School lectures, upon "Bible Scenes and Bible Lands," will be given in the High Street Church to-morrow (Sunday) evening, commencing at 6½ o'clock. These lectures are being delivered by Jonathan H. Ey, Esq., the superintendent, and will be fully illustrated by means of "Stereophanic Views," beautifully illuminated upon a thirty foot screen. These lectures are both interesting and instructive, and have been thus far very fully attended. A small admission fee will be charged to those not connected with the school.

IMPORTANT TO TAX PAYERS. The City Treasurer gives notice that all taxes unpaid on the first of November, will be charged with interest from and after the first day of the present month.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE. The November number of *Harper* may be found at Willis', No. 76 Central Street, where also is kept a general assortment of newspapers and periodicals.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. Mr. Patterson will deliver a discourse in the Second Universalist Church this evening, the subject of which will be Christianity and Politics.

MISS FANNY D. YEO will speak at Wellins' Hall, on Sunday afternoon and evening.

RALLY FOR THE UNION!

ALL citizens of Lowell, Dracut and Tewksbury, in favor of forming one party exclusive in the present struggle for the preservation of the Union, and the support of the Government, will meet at Kimball's Hall, Merrimack Square, Lowell, on THURSDAY Evening, at 7½ o'clock.

Addresses may be expected from several of our most prominent citizens.

Let Gallerias remember the Ladies.

S. W. STOCKWELL,
President People's Union Conv.
J. F. MOFFATT, Secretary.
Lowell Oct. 24, 1861. oct25j2

PEOPLES' UNION CONVENTION.

We respectfully invite the voters of Middlesex County to join in forming a ticket for the Union, pledged, if elected by the National Administration, to support the views of the Hon. Charles Sumner, as set forth in his recent speech on the Convention at Worcester and to unite in the support of such men as will earnestly in public the present Rebellion and restore the Government to the basis of the Constitution. Pursuant to party distinctions, at City Hall, in Cambridge, on Wednesday, Oct. 30, at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate candidates for the following County Officers, the basis of representation to be one delegate for every two hundred voters:

A Committee of Conference and Counsellor Quarton No. 1 will meet at the Lowell House, Lowell, on Tuesday, Oct. 29, at 3 P. M.

Charles Thompson, J. A. B. Wheeler, Wm. W. Fiske, J. A. Fuller, Benjamin F. Marshall, Robert Todd, F. W. Partridge, Edwin Theobald, Jr., Charles Hamilton, Jr., Cambridge; Charles Saart, Charles A. Welch, Waltham; Goodwin B. Tall, Malden; Chas. E. Stevens, Medford; Edwin Bowers, Austin Bickup, Somerville; Abner W. Hall, Wm. Hall, Jr., Reading; Wm. Hall, Jr., Wilmington; Joseph Adams, Jr., Stoneham; Wm. Hall, Jr., Woburn; Joseph Bond, Tewksbury; Wm. Hall, Jr., Billerica; Wm. Hall, Jr., Tyngsboro'; Wm. Hall, Jr., Dracut.

Lowell, Oct. 24, 1861. oct25j2

DR. F. W. CRANE, formerly with DR. J. R. BOSTON, will be in Lowell at the house of H. S. Barnes, Esq., Kirk street, every Tuesday and Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. oct24d6w

WANTED.

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family, in the vicinity of the Merrimack or Central Mill preferred. Apply at this office. oct23tf

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Go and examine the great Military Map of the Seat of War, at Kimball's Hall, Merrimack Square. It is the largest and most complete map of the kind ever published, containing the Merrimack Branch Railroad, Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroad, &c. S. B. FISHER, Agent. oct25d3w

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, criminal cases, during the month of October, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 30th, 1861, are requested to call at the Treasurer's office, on Monday afternoon, next.

C. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.
Lowell, Oct. 25, 1861. oct25

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, October 26th.

Currant remain as last week, per lb. 10 a 12c; Cheese, do. 8 a 10c; Eggs per doz 18c.

Potatoes—Jackson, per bus. $1.00; Lemons do. 7.00; Apples per peck 30 a 40c; Grapes per peck 20c; Cranberries per peck, 20c.

Provisions—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 7 a 12c; sirloin, steak, 12c; round, 10 a 12c; corned, 6 a 10c; Lambs, 5 a 12c; Veal, per lb. 6 a 12c; Mutton, per lb. 6 a 12c; Hams, whole, 11c; sliced 12c; Pork, per lb. 6 a 12c; Ducks, per pair, 75c; Turnedges, each 25c.

Fuel—Anthracite, per ton $5 50; Coal 5 a 6c; Hardwood, do. 5 a 6c; Pine, do. 3 a 4c; Extra 25c; Pressed, per doz. 50c; Oysters per qt. 30c. Clams per peck, 20c.

Vegetables.—Potatoes, per peck, 12c; Onions, per qt. 4c; Cabbages, each 5 a 12c; Squash, per lb. 2c; Beets, per lb. 3c; Parsnips, per lb. 3c; Rutabaga squash, per lb. 2c; Turnips, per lb. 2c; Cabbage, each 5 a 12c; Squash, per lb. 2c; Beets, per lb. 3c; Rutabaga squash, per lb. 2c; Potatoes, per lb. 2c.

PRESCOTT BANK. The Prescott Bank are now issuing their new bills of the denominations of "five" and "ten." The bills are handsomely engraved to secure the public from counterfeits. *The new plate engraved for them at extra expense* by the National Bank Note Company, of New York; and the result is one of the finest specimens of bank note engraving now in circulation. The large amount of delicate and intricate combination of lines, will be found to render the new bills must be full security from counterfeits. The old issues of fives and tens will be withdrawn from circulation.

MORE BIG VEGETABLES. We have been favored with another visitor with enormous vegetables, for which the shining mines of Lowell seems to be somewhat famous.—Mr. Joseph Chase, of Dracut, one of the managers of the Merrimack Woolen Mills, has a garden of an acre and a quarter on our premises a big yellow pumpkin, a squash of remarkable proportions, and a red beet that we doubt not rivals in size the beautiful productions of California. These are some of the well-developed products of his garden; and the donor will please accept our thanks for the same.—If the hard times should be severe, and we are debating the propriety of hiring a "hole in the ground" of some one, for a cellar, moving the pumpkin over it, and of thinking of a "root house," we are not ready to receive proposals. This is a year of "sum punkins," and many novelties. Had the thought occurred to us earlier in the season, we should have suggested a vegetable museum in Lowell, and have no doubt it would *beat* all the shows that have yet been here.

SUPERIOR COURT.—CRIMINAL TERM.—*Morton J.* The grand jury came in this morning, at 9 o'clock, and the prisoners were arraigned. The complaints were read and several plead guilty, and await the sentence of the Court. Trials will commence next Monday morning at 11 o'clock. During this term 121 cases were examined and 221 witnesses; 27 indictments were found, and the prisoners arraigned, the names of whom are given below. Unless otherwise stated those pleaded guilty "not guilty" were ordered for trial on Monday next.

Michael Sullivan, Stowe, arson, plea not guilty.

George Shattuck, Boston, assaulting and ravishing Melinda S. Rockwell, at Cambridge, not guilty.

George Thomas, Somerville, breaking and entering, not guilty.

Andrew McGee, Ashland, assault upon officers, two counts, not guilty.

Addison Avery, Townsend, larceny of clothing, two counts, not guilty; ordered for Wednesday.

George M. Teel, Charlestown, breaking and entering, four counts, not guilty; ordered 1 r Wednesday.

William Holland, Brighton, breaking and entering, guilty.

John Doherty, Cambridge, keeping a liquor nuisance, not guilty.

William H. Forbush, Lowell, larceny, from J. A. Goodwin; F. A. Hildreth and Lowell postoffice.

George F. Brickett, Lowell, larceny from Joseph Bowers; Dana B. Nesmith and D. Mott, four counts, not guilty; ordered for Wednesday.

John H. Bankley, Reading, larceny of horse and team and other articles, not guilty.

Nicholas McKenna and James Riley, Lowell, larceny from American Bolt Company, two counts, not guilty; ordered for Wednesday.

John H. Whitney, Westford, breaking and entering, not guilty.

William Nest, Shirley, arson, not guilty.

James Ford, for aiding Jefferson Burns to escape from the House of Correction from the jail at Cambridge, not guilty.

Charles Hamilton, Cambridge, for attempting to escape from the Lowell jail, of which he was confined for larceny from a building, guilty; sentenced to the House of Correction for one year, from and after the expiration of the term he is in jail, which he is now

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

IT IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE!

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling off, in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying it occasionally, about once a month. My hair has ever since been perfectly free from dandruff; and my health perfectly free from disease!! I do not imagine the effects above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or others, but I feel your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that it is a very delicate subject to meddle with, I am willing to sacrifice my vanity at any time in the cause of truth and humanity, and for the benefit of the Union. I have occasion at this time to visit almost every part of the Union for the next three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own person, as well as travelling in others by my side. I have also announced it as a healing, and not a dressing, and I do not imagine a dressing can be made, and be effective without effect. In every instance, however, I have found the Restorative to be what you have represented it, a healing, and not a dressing. I have used it in my own family, and in every instance, however, it proved, by producing the desired effect. I have also used your Restorative in all cases where I found it necessary, and have never failed in a single instance, to restore the hair to its original color, and to stop it from falling. I have also used your Restorative in all cases where I found it necessary, and have never failed in a single instance, to restore the hair to its original color, and to stop it from falling. I have also used your Restorative in all cases where I found it necessary, and have never failed in a single instance, to restore the hair to its original color, and to stop it from falling.

Yours, &c.,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1858.

DEAR SIR:—I wish to inform you that I am the person referred to in your advertisement, and have been for a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. ——— was my wife's maiden name, and I have been living with her for over thirty years. ——— was my wife's maiden name, and I have been living with her for over thirty years. ——— was my wife's maiden name, and I have been living with her for over thirty years.

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(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and which, after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions from taking place, if taken in due season and for a short period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too numerous increase. This may be relied on, and if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottle of three different strengths, and full directions for using, sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength, $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

N. B.—*Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstinate cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and has never been known to be unsuccessful in every instance, or the case will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Be sure the genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. M. MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE FOR SP. OI-L DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Special remedies on all diseases of a private nature, such as MEN and WOMEN, which is regularly educated physician of twenty years' standing, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential. All letters must be post paid, and directed as above, or they will not be attended to. Medicines sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, new compositions for patients from abroad wishing to do a secure and quiet business, will meet with prompt attention.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Ten Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid by swindling quacks during the past five years, even in this place, without any benefit to those who paid it. Many more than two thousand persons have called on the writer during the past year, who were on the brink of suicide, or dead, and all compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the cause of their misfortune themselves. All this comes from trusting such persons as have not a character to lose, either in honor, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is their own false and deceitful assertions. In praise of themselves, if, therefore, you would avoid the above misfortune, take no man's word on matter of *his profession save me*, but MAKE INQUIRY—and all will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets; also be cautious how you trust those who have not a character to lose, as there is no safety in trusting those who are unknown, or those who are not what they are.

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DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

in use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Law Cards, Blanks, Programmes, Circulars, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Labels, Tags, Checks, Drafts, Notes, Receipts, Bills of Exchange, Bills of Lading, Bills of Sale, Bills of Parcels, Bills of Fare, Bills of Lading, Bills of Sale, Bills of Parcels, Bills of Fare,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Addresses, Reports, Orations, Lectures, Sermons, Prize Pieces, Manuscripts Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Orders are hereby solicited, and a good stock of paper suitable and constantly on hand, and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE, } Proprietors.
H. W. HUSE, }

W.H.DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size of glass—supplies good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,

PICTURES,

& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.

Regilding and Repairing Frames for Glass

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24eow

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

Repaired, Covered, Trimmed, Cotton to Silk Cover, and Gold setting. Pleating, Binding, Embroidering, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central Street, as greatly reduced prices.

may23 dtf

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN &c.

PYTHIAN FEMALE COLLEGE

To get a good TEA SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get FLATED WARE go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get TOILET WARE, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get BONNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to H. S. HAYNES'S.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st. may8

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

Silver Steel Stationary Mangle. Price, *Silver Steel Reversible Mangle.* Price, *Silver Steel Ironing Machine.* Price, *Silver Steel Rotary Mangle.* Price, *Silver Steel Rotary Mangle.* Price,

Also Circular-giving full information, with testimonials, sent free. Agents wanted everywhere, without which no advertising physician or mangle can succeed. Address, post paid, CONFIDENCE WHEATLEY, Philadelphia, Pa.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON'S agent, Providence, R. I.

C. T. DYER,

Is the only physician in this city who has ever made a specialty of the treatment of the Throat and Lungs, and has had the most extensive practice in the treatment of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Throat and Lung Diseases. Office hours, 9 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M. Residence, 17 Tyler street, Boston. Consultation free. Terms moderate. Patients at a distance can be treated by letter. Medicines sent to all parts of the country. Address, C. T. DYER, M. D., Boston, Mass.

Aug 27 eod&wly

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. S. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become their friends.

Dr. JAMES L. KEEPER, write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those who have used them. Recommend them for constipation of the bowels."

Dr. J. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind. writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made seven dollars per day. Requisitions of the heart and agent wanted.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Brownsville, Jefferson Co., Ind., writes us a long letter under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been confined to his bed for seven weeks, nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and distressing character. After using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am a hale and hearty man.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in the severest forms, and at the date of his letter he had been for two years well. The Bitters effect the cure, when several physicians attending him before could do him no good. He says rheumatism, dyspepsia liver complaints, kidney affections or dropsy, it is a specific remedy.

Mr. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that he has never found any remedies *other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, that has given such perfect satisfaction in every respect, *or the case will be refunded.*

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Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeable odor it stands unrivalled.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It restores its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It will keep in any climate.

It cleans the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains longest in effect.

It is the best for a half past bottle.

Sold by BARNARD KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

Corner Merrimack and John streets, and Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for cleaning *Harness, Books, Tin Ware, Marble, Floors, Stone Floors, Window Glass and Carriage Mountings*; it is invaluable. Try it.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Worthen streets.

apr13

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages. Boys' Tip Carts, Toy Carts, Toy sulys for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and a variety Folding Swings, sometime entirely new—which will be sold very cheap. 45 Merrimack st.

sept17

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

ARE COMPOSED OF THE

Extract of Mandrake,

Extract of Dandelion,

Extract of Jalap,

Extract of Butternut,

Extract of Leptandra,

Extract of Blue Flag,

Extract of Wild Cherry,

Extract of Stillingia,

Extract of Bitter Root,

Extract of Prickly Ash,

Extract of Poke Root,

Extract of Queen's Root,

Extract of Iron Weed,

Extract of Wild Turnip,

Extract of Indian Hemp,

Extract of Indian Turnip,

Extract of Indian Physic,

Extract of Indian Tobacco

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, October 28, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.

For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.

For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.

For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.

For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

For Senator (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.

THE LOYAL SENTIMENT IN NORTH CAROLINA. The telegraph on Saturday reported that Rev. Mr. Conway, the chaplain of the New York Ninth Regiment, had arrived in Washington from Hatteras Inlet, his mission being to represent to the President the feeling of the people with whom he had come in contact on the North Carolina coast. He was dispatched by Gov. Williams particularly to represent to Mr. Lincoln the extent of the loyal feeling among the citizens of Hyde County, and to carry with him a declaration of independence of the people of that county, announcing themselves forever free and independent of the rebel Confederacy, together with a request for arms for their defence. They are represented as suffering terribly, almost to a point of starvation, from the despotism of the rebel army.—The President has given them every assurance of protection in his power. Mr. Taylor, pastor of the Hatteras church, who accompanies him, represents the Union sentiment growing stronger. There are good reasons for believing that there is no misrepresentation in the above. It cannot be otherwise than all interests have been completely prostrated at the South, and the prospects of an improvement in affairs things under the reign of Jeff. Davis, must certainly be dubious. In this state of affairs the laboring classes cannot fail to so mistrust the past with the present, and though less blinded through prejudice they cannot but acknowledge that they have been cauterized, needlessly, led into this rebellion. We have no doubt that at every point where a sufficient Federal force appears to give the people assurances of protection, they will as freely avow their loyalty. The quicker, therefore, the South is *invaded*, not to destroy but to restore, the better will it be for all sections of the country.

THE GREAT EXPEDITION. The injunction of secrecy having been removed by Government so far as relates to the magnitude of the long-talked of expedition, a very full account of its proportions have been made public. The destination of the fleet expedition, is, however, a "dead secret." The fleet consists of 3 war steamers; 6 men of war (sailing vessels); 26 gun-boats (steamers); 11 armed ferry boats; 30 steamers and 6 sailing vessels as transports, all fully armed. Besides the full crews, there vessels carry a force of from 30,000 to 40,000 picked soldiers. The naval part of the expedition is under the command of Com. J. F. Dupont. The fleet Captain is Com. C. H. Davis. The military arm of the expedition is under the command of Brig. Gen. W. Sherman, who distinguished himself in high reputation during the Mexican war for his service in connection with a battery of field artillery, which is still known by his name. The division is divided into three brigades respectively commanded by Brig. Gens. E. L. Viele, Isaac I. Stevens, and H. G. Wright, all educated soldiers, and well qualified for the offices which they have been called to fill. Capt. Rufus Paxton goes as the chief Quartermaster of the expedition. The expedition is the joint work of the Navy and War Department. It was intended to have had it ready in September, but that was impossible. The fleet (or the largest portion of it) sailed from Annapolis for Hampton Roads on Monday, the 20th. Its destination was then unknown. The soldiers had fifteen days' rations. There was much curiosity impatient to know the destination of the fleet, but no one answers the oft-repeated question—To what point do you think the expedition has gone?

GOOD PRICES A GOOD SIGN. The following is an extract from a commercial letter received by the Boston:—

"Although commercially, we cannot but regret the unprecedented advance which will take place in cotton goods in the next few months, we regard it politically of great importance, and shall not in a particular way act upon an informal, if not a formal, communication to make by our men in retail goods to the leaders in your insurrection, warning them to desist from their suicidal policy. High prices of cotton are already directing the attention of England to the source of supply, and your Southern States will see that if we have to pay very large prices here for American goods, the result will be a total repeal of the restrictions put on, they have brought this evil upon you, and a warning for them to come to terms or forever lose England as a market for their staple."

ARMS OF THE MASSACHUSETTS TROOPS. Ex-Gov. Boutwell having written a letter to Gov. Andrew in relation to the arms of the 15th Regiment, there having been a complaint made that they were not the right kind of guns, the Governor writes a long letter in relation to the arms furnished to the various regiments sent from this State. The Springfield rifled muskets were exhausted in arming the three years' volunteers, and since their return home have been cleaned, and only enough are yet ready to arm the 26th Regiment. An agent (Hon. F. B. Crowninshield) was sent abroad to purchase the Enfield muskets, but not enough has yet been received to arm all of the Regiments. It was necessary to arm some of the Regiments with the Springfield smooth bore, Col. Green of the 14th and Col. Amory of the 17th preferring them. They are believed by many to be the best for close action, especially for unskilled troops.

The 15th Regiment was furnished with the smooth bores, and after its arrival at the seat of war the arms of four of the companies were changed to Springfield rifled muskets, at the desire of Col. Devens.

The following is the description of arms carried by the different Regiments:—Springfield rifled muskets, 3d, 4th, 8th, 9th, 12th, Enfield rifled muskets, 2nd, 7th, 10th, 12th, 13th, 16th, 19th, 20th, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th and 27th; Springfield smooth bores, 9th, 11th, 14th, 15th, 17th, 18th and 21st—Not yet armed, 26th and 29th. The new master of ordinance, Charles Amory, prefers the Windsor rifles, of which they have enough for two Regiments, but they are to be furnished with bayonets.

SHIP TIMBER FOR ENGLAND. It is stated in our exchanges this morning that "Government has been informed that the British Government has agents all along the coast, buying all the ship timber that can be found in the localities. The Administration has taken proper steps through the Collectors in those localities to ascertain the facts in the matter, and if it should prove true, to stop it at once." This undoubtedly has been going on for some time. We mentioned the fact in our columns some weeks ago, that an agent of the English Government had purchased quite an amount of timber, on the stump, in Dracut, and that it was to be cut and sent to England for ship building.

LIEUT. HAYES PROPOSES TO GO AGAIN TO THE ARCTIC CIRCLE. From the following paragraph, which was the conclusion of a brief speech made by Dr. Hayes at Hartford, it seems that he meditates another voyage to the Arctic Sea. He said:—

"It is my purpose to renew the attempt next year, if circumstances prove favorable, and I am still of the opinion that with steam power, a strong force of men and dogs, and a well organized system of advance depots, the North Pole can be reached. That the region about the pole should be explored, you will, I think, all agree. It has long enough remained a terra incognito. Speaking as one interested in the advancement of science, I may say that I care not under what flag the enterprise may be undertaken, whether under that of America, or England, or France, science will claim the honor of the achievement."

HAIR BALLS. The *Salem Register* mentions that Mr. J. M. Ives, of that city, has hair ball, taken from the stomach of a cow, which is a very curious object, and would puzzle any one to determine its nature, who had not previously seen something similar. It is a solid ball of hair, a little flattened on two of the sides, packed internally very close, and externally hard as a pumpkin, very smooth, and the surface appears as if it had been glazed, the coating being formed by some secretion from the stomach. The ball weighs eleven inches in circumference, the largest way, and ten inches the flattened way.

It is contended by those who pretend to know that all the gun boats that could be constructed on the upper Mississippi could easily enough be destroyed by the rebels from the shore, if an attempt was made to go down the river. This is probably true. The gun-boats are now being constructed on the river are designed for revenue and blockading service, and not for forcing a passage down the river, destroying the rebel defences on the way.—Com. C. H. Davis. The military arm of the expedition is under the command of Brig. Gen. W. Sherman, who distinguished himself in high reputation during the Mexican war for his service in connection with a battery of field artillery, which is still known by his name. The division is divided into three brigades respectively commanded by Brig. Gens. E. L. Viele, Isaac I. Stevens, and H. G. Wright, all educated soldiers, and well qualified for the offices which they have been called to fill. Capt. Rufus Paxton goes as the chief Quartermaster of the expedition. The expedition is the joint work of the Navy and War Department. It was intended to have had it ready in September, but that was impossible. The fleet (or the largest portion of it) sailed from Annapolis for Hampton Roads on Monday, the 20th. Its destination was then unknown. The soldiers had fifteen days' rations. There was much curiosity impatient to know the destination of the fleet, but no one answers the oft-repeated question—To what point do you think the expedition has gone?

THE WAR NEWS.

From Washington and the main army. Several vessels have passed the rebel batteries on the Potomac recently, without being fired at.

Brig. Gen. Burns, late Commissary at Cincinnati, has been ordered to take the command of Gen. Baker's brigade. There are at least 50,000 rebels in the vicinity of Leesburg, 40,000 men having been sent from Manassas. The rebels are again reported to be in full force at Fairfax Court House. Their object, of course, is to protect their army at Leesburg.

A dispatch in the Richmond papers report the capture of nearly 600 prisoners at Leesburg, and 1200 stand of arms. No artillery was fired by the rebels, whose loss is stated at 300 killed and wounded. Five hundred and twenty Federal prisoners were brought to Sudley Church. They say that between 400 and 500 Federals were killed, and 300 drowned in the Potomac.

From Missouri. A dispatch from Gen. Fremont, dated Humansville, Polk Co., Oct. 26th, says that yesterday (Friday) afternoon, Major Sturgis, on the head of my guard, made a most brilliant charge upon a body of the enemy thrown up in line of battle, at their camp at Springfield, 2000 to 2200 strong. Its completely routed them, cleared them from the town, hoisted the national flag on the court house, and retired upon a reinforcement which he had already sent for. Our loss is not great.—This successful charge against such very large odds is a noble example to the army. Our advance will occupy Springfield tonight. One account says that Gen. Fremont's guard numbered 300 men, and another only 150. The loss on either side is not stated.

More particulars are given of the Fredericktown battle. The detachment sent out to bury the dead after the battle, reported nearly 200 rebels killed, and left on the field. Our loss was six killed, and forty wounded, one mortally. The accounts of Major Schofield, who commanded the batteries in the action, shows that this victory was the most complete of any yet achieved by our army during the war. Jeff. Thompson escaped on foot, after having his horse killed under him. The rebels have about 9000, while our's was only 4000.

Lexington was recaptured by Maj. Frank White with only 180 men. The rebels outnumbered almost 500.

A Federal victory in Virginia. A dispatch from Brig. Gen. Kelly to Gen. Scott, from Romney, Oct. 26th, states that in obedience to your orders I moved on this place on the 24th inst. last night, attacked the enemy at 3 o'clock this afternoon and drove in their outposts, and after a brilliant action of two hours completely routed them, taking all their camp equipage, and many prisoners. Our loss is but trifling, but I cannot say to what extent.

Two prizes have been captured by the South Carolina, consisting arms, and the British brig Ariel, with a cargo of salt, was captured while endeavoring to run the blockade between Hatteras and Old Point.

The Santa Rosa affair. Col. Brown has made his official report to the department. The report says that our loss is of eighteen killed and wounded. Five very slightly, and missing, among whom is Major Vedges. Of the 6th regiment New York volunteers, ten killed and nine wounded, and thirteen missing. The enemy lost, as known to us, fourteen killed, including one captain; seven wounded, including one lieutenant; two have since died; a large number drowned or escaped in the boats. Prisoners. And as he was known to have carried off some of his dead, and, probably, most of his wounded, the loss will be found to be severely so, and unable to be removed, and as the heaviest loss is supposed to have been in the boats at re-embarkation, it was probably three times as great as our own killed and wounded as named. The number of the enemy making the attack is reported to be from 1200 to 1500.

GEO. WILKES writes an obituary on the death of Col. Baker in which he says: "In death as in life, Edward D. Baker was Col. Baker still, and we had the honor to entertain him as our guest at dinner, on an afternoon in the month of August last. On that occasion when we expressed (in view of the recent disaster at Manassas) a natural concern as to the deportment of his troops, he said: 'Wilkes, I have seen the whole army in action, in part I am to play in this extraordinary war; and I want you to bear in mind that what I now say to you is not the result of any idle fancy or vague impression. It is doubtful if I shall ever again fight any army in the Union.' To the look of surprise which I turned upon him at this expression, he replied, 'I am certain I shall not live through this war, and if my troops should show their backs to the enemy, a ball fall in the first battle. I cannot afford, after my career in Mexico, and as a Senator of the United States, to turn my face from the enemy!' There was no gloom or depression in his manner, but it was characterized by a temperate earnestness which made a deep impression on my mind. Lo! before October has shed its leaves, his sword lies upon his pulseless breast, and his eyes are closed in the sweet sleep of the grave. Good friend! brave heart! gallant leader! hail and farewell.

DEATH OF A CELEBRATED MUSICIAN.—Edward Kendall, the celebrated bugle-player of Boston, remembered throughout the United States, and somewhat known in Europe, died in Boston on Saturday last, of consumption, of which he had been sick for about one year. He was fifty-four years of age, and has left several sons and daughters.

It is reported that Gov. Berry, of New Hampshire, has received notice from the Secretary of War, that the Government has an abundant supply of horses and wagons, and that no more are required.

☞ John Brown, a son of old John Brown, whom "body lies moulderlng in the ground," has got a company of sharp shooters in new near Cleveland, Ohio.

CITY AND COUNTY.

PEOPLES' UNION CONVENTION.

We respectfully invite the voters of Middlesex County who are in favor of supporting the doctrines promulgated by the Chicago Convention and opposed to the views of the Hon. Charles Sumner, as set forth in his recent speech before the Convention of Worcester, and who advise in put down an equality and affirmatively on position, the present Rebellion against the Constitution and Laws of the Union, to meet in Convention at Lowell, on Tuesday, the 29th day of October, A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating County Officers, and to take such measures as to the Convention may seem proper.

A Democratic Committee in each Congressional District, No. Three, will be held at the same place, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Charles Allen, Lowell; Ira Cleaveland, Lowell; Joseph Jewett, Lowell; Thomas Fuller, Auburn; Charles Fuller, Auburn; Joseph Fuller, Auburn; Joseph Fuller, Auburn; Joseph

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY

IS THE

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me to express the pleasure and satisfaction it has given me to see the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I consider it the best Hair Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. After a few applications stopped its falling, and in a short time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying one or three times per week. My hair is now in fine condition, soft and glossy, and of its perfectly free from dandruff. In my younger practice I have mentioned well as I may particular advantages derived from the use of it; but now, after many years' experience, I am more than ever convinced of its superior excellence, and more wonderful ones through almost daily trials. I have ordered it time after time for those whose hair has become gray, and in the course of a few weeks, by the use of this article, has become as thick, glossy hair in the form of its original color, and in fact, restored to its original condition. Its ingredients are such as to effectually remove the cause of baldness, which operates so profoundly on the hair. I shall henceforth prescribe it in all cases described. In many cases, also, where the hair has become almost bald from the use of this article, has produced a thick, glossy hair in the form of its original color

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, October 30, 1861.

For Governor;
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.
For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.
For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.
For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.
For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.
For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.
For Senator (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.

WHAT THE EMPEROR NAPOLEON THINKS OF US. According to the Paris correspondent of the *New York Herald*, shortly after the first proclamation of President Lincoln (after the fall of Fort Sumter) had reached that city, the French Emperor, on one occasion, drew from his marshals and leading men their opinion in relation to the state of things in this country.—They expressed themselves freely, and it is not to be denied that they rather intimated their belief that the rebellion would prove too gigantic to be put down. The Emperor heard them all without interruption, and when they had each spoken, he quietly "Reserved"—Gentlemen, you are mistaken. A nation that responds in a single week to such a proclamation, by putting eighty thousand men on their feet, and in marching order, to obey its commands, is no common nation. *History* has given nothing like this. The nation that can do the like of this is a great nation, and its government will yet show itself to be a strong one." This is the report of the affair the *Herald* makes.

Some people in this country have feared that Louis Napoleon might join England in her "belligerent" attitude toward the United States, at the present time. We do not think there is anything to be feared in this direction. We do not believe that he or the French people, would strike hands with England against this Government. There is not love enough between the two nations for that; and we should sooner think of looking to France as an ally than as an opponent. England has within a very few years had occasion to dread hostile movements on the part of France; and if the former chooses to provoke a quarrel with the Government, there not a probability that she may realize what she has not without reason feared might occur? It is not to be denied that the policy of England toward all the country suggests the importance of preparations for extraordinary events, and the wisdom of the Secretary of State in prompting necessary defences, came not a day too early. If, however, our amicable relations with France are not disturbed, anything more than bluster may not be expected from English lords. Our eccentric mother has too much at stake on this side of the Atlantic to quarrel seriously with us, while France stands ready to take any advantage of her first false step.

"CHEAP COTTON BY FREE LABOR." This is the title of a pamphlet, purporting to have been written by a cotton manufacturer, and published by A. Williams & Co., Boston. The object of it is to show that the cotton monopoly of the South can be overcome by free labor. It argues that cotton can be more cheaply produced in the Southern States by free white laborers, than by slavery, and proceeds to collect and present an array of facts in support of his position. He thinks that slavery should be abolished in Texas, and that State converted into a cotton growing country, worked by free men. The German population of Texas have already demonstrated the fact of the success of the plant in that State. The author is positive in all his statements, which are contained with such ability that his theorizing is also likely to be adopted by the reader. The pamphlet is worth a perusal by all parties interested in the cotton manufactories, or the slavery question of this country.

MANUFACTURING IN LAWRENCE. From the *Lawrence Journal* we learn that the Atlantic Mills, of that city, are to resume operations two weeks from to-morrow.—The help are to be immediately called in, and it is thought that all the machinery of Mill No. 1 can be put in operation at that time, after which the other mills of the company will start up as soon as practicable. The mills, when in full operation give employment to not less than eleven hundred persons.

The Everett Company, of that city, has also just purchased five hundred bales of cotton, in addition to other purchases of cotton recently made.

The Ft. Louis Republican says the majority of the slaveholders in Missouri are sound, loyal, Union men, and comparatively few of them are at all disposed to go, or to the ordinary security of their property in slaves.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and vicinity. The rebel batteries between Shipping and Freestone Points, are said to command the Potomac for a space of five miles. A new battery is reported at Evanport.

Capt Jesse A. Gove, if the Tenth Infantry (regulars) has been appointed Colonel of the Twenty-second Massachusetts Regiment, vice Henry Wilson.

Accounts from Darnestown say that a sufficient force remains at and near Edwards' Ferry, to insure safety against any attempt of the rebels to cross, or molest us.

The steam frigate Pensacola now lies off Alexandria, all ready to proceed to sea, but unable to do so because of the rebel batteries on the Potomac. The Pensacola is the only ever built at the Pensacola Navy Yard, and she is a beauty. A special desire to cripple her for use, by preventing her from getting into service on the ocean.

From Leesburg. A refugee from Leesburg says that the rebels had not altogether exceeding 3000 in the late battle.

The rebels feared that they would be surrounded by the large force which they feared Banks would throw across the ferry above where the battle was fought; and most desperate efforts were made to defeat Gen. Baker before the expected reinforcements could come to his relief.

The Federal troops, though outnumbered in numbers, stood out against the attack manfully and bravely. Both parties suffered severely in killed and wounded.—Our informants saw over 100 dead rebels, while their wounded were so numerous that all the farm houses in the neighborhood were occupied as temporary hospitals.

The expectation that the National troops would be able to advance on Leesburg in large numbers to Leesburg occasioned the utmost excitement. The Unionists, of whom there is a large number in the vicinity of Leesburg, were prepared to receive and welcome them, and when the rebels were prominent male rebels made preparations to leave.

A rich repulse of the Nationals of course caused a corresponding depression with them, and the most extraordinary satisfaction with the other. After the battle the rebels rapidly hurried up reinforcements, and at the time to which our letters above extends, they had from 10,000 to 15,000 men at Leesburg and Waterford.

Gen. McClellan has issued an order offering his thanks and expressing his admiration of their conduct to the officers and men of the detachments of the 19th and 20th Massachusetts, 1st California and Tammany regiments, and 1st U. S. artillery and Rhode Island battery, engaged in the affair of Monday, last week, near Harrison's Island.

The Washington correspondent of the *New York Herald* says he has positive information that the rebels are sent very large reinforcements to Leesburg, in anticipation of the renewal of the attack by our forces on that point, and an immense force has been congregated at Norfolk, in order to threaten that the naval expedition is intended to make a demonstration there. The rebel army rests at Centreville and has been liberally drawn upon. The rebels at Yorktown are also reported to be apprehensive of an attack from our forces.

From Missouri. Gen. Fremont and staff are in Bolivar, in Polk County, only about twenty-five miles from Springfield. It is now ascertained that the loss of the Fremont Body Guard, in the brilliant action to govern themselves, so far as persons said to service are concerned, by the principles of the letters addressed to Gen. Butler; but discretionary power is given to the commander for special circumstances, and instructions are given to avail themselves of the services of any persons, whether fugitives from labor or not, who may offer themselves, to be employed in such a manner as is deemed most beneficial to the service; also to assure all loyal masters that Congress will provide a just compensation to them for the loss of the services of persons so employed.

A SKETCH OF MANASSAS JUNCTION.—The village of Manassas, or Tudor Hall, as the post office is called, is very much smaller than is generally imagined. In the village proper there are not above three or four stores, a blacksmith shop, and a few or six inhabitants. The station is situated on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, some quarter of a mile from its junction with the Manassas Gap Road. There is no regular depot, but a rudely constructed building answers the purpose at present. There is one story house, with a porch in front, to which you mount by a half dozen steps, was formerly the hotel, while the only young rude the place can boast is a small white cottage, now used as a hospital, and a small rough office occupied by the late Alabama Secession Company.

The telegraph is in two horse cars, like those used on the city railroads, on one of which the battery is placed, and in the other is the operating room, receiving room, dining room by day and lodging room by night for the hands of operators. These cars are placed at right angles with each other, closely connected, and over them and the numerous wires which radiate from this common centre, floats a large and very handsome rebel flag. Close beside the cars stand the field telegraph, with its large coil of wire wound upon the cylinder, ready at a moment's notice to be laid from headquarters to any point. The chief office is Mr. Bonham, and he and his assistants are kept as busy as bees.

Just beyond the telegraph office is that of the express company, which has quite the appearance of a curiosity shop. The building itself is filled with all kinds of curious boxes and parcels, addressed principally to men in the army, and which had remained here some time uncalled for.—Outside a large rectangular shed has been built, beneath which the larger boxes and packages, and the cannon are ranged all piled for by the owners; notwithstanding the seeming confusion of the place, the greatest order prevails. All the vacant spaces is now filled, and a new shed house is being built for winter quarters. The express messenger leaves here once a day on the M. train.

I said there was no regular depot building, but I am mistaken. There is—a long, dingy-looking house extremely dirty, one end of which is used as the Tudor Hall postoffice, and the other as a variety store, where, by the way, a soldier can spend a great deal of money with as little gratification that the whole side of Kansas. The trade here is principally in matches, pipes, tobacco, shoe-strings, thread and knick-knacks, divided between this store and three sutler shops or tents in the immediate vicinity. There is a long, triangular platform beyond the depot building, upon which is piled a large assortment of boxes, &c., received for the different regiments. Three or four sentinels are constantly on this platform, but there are not vigilant enough to prevent about one third of the freight sent here from being stolen. Many things have been taken within the last few days.

Back of the hotel building is a small grove which is generally filled either with tents or wagons. At the eastern end of this is the medical director's office, while still further on is a small white cottage, occupied by Major Cornelius Boyd, the provost marshal of the post. Some distance away, but still within sight, are many farm houses, each with their outbuildings and barns, form an interesting feature in the scenery. Although the place is generally called Manassas, the proper name is Tudor Hall—the name of the family who the village is built.—*Georgia Constitutionalist of October 2nd.*

POLITICAL. Hon. Samuel Hooper has accepted the Republican nomination for Representative to Congress from the Fifth Congressional District.

Joel Hayden, of Williamsburg, has been nominated by Councilor, by the Republicans and others of the Fifth District.

Hon. John H. Clifford, of New Bedford, has been nominated for senator, by the Republican and others of the South District. Mr. Clifford was Governor in 1853.

At the "Democratic Ratification" meeting at Charlestown last evening, Mr. Keeger, Esq., of this city was the principal speaker. He goes in for the straight Davis and Bailey ticket.

Benjamin Dean, Esq., formerly of this city is the Democratic candidate for the Senate in the Fifth Suffolk District.

George B. Upton was last evening nominated by a Democratic Convention for Congress in the Fifth District, in opposition to Samuel Hooper.

RIDING ON A RAIL. In the Democratic Convention for Norfolk County, held last week, a Mr. Asa T. Pratt, of Braintree, is reported to have said (though he denies it) that he had rather live under *Jeff. Davis's* rule than under Mr Lincoln's. Yesterday morning some of Mr. Pratt's neighbors called upon him and rode him on a rail.—Mr. Pratt undertook to deny the charge in a public print, but confessed that he said, or meant to have said, that it was difficult to decide which to choose, Jeff. Davis or Lincoln, as both had violated the Constitution. A man who can see no difference, or has no preference, between a traitor and a patriot, would hardly have his moral perception of things sharpened by a rail-ride.

REPRESENTATIVE NOMINATION. John Fletcher, Jr., of Acton, is the Republican candidate for representative in the 17th Middlesex District, comprising Acton Bonboro', Littleton and Carlisle.

A LARGE CATTLE TRAIN. About two hundred cars passed through this city this morning from the north, loaded with cattle for the Cambridge market. The cattle trains have been unusually large recently, the demand for beef to feed the soldiers, having had an effect to increase them.

PATENT. During the week ending October 22nd, three designs for carpet patterns were granted to Elemir Nye, of this city, assignor to the Lowell Manufacturing Company.

CITY AND COUNTY.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Citizens' Union Committee of Seventy-two to-morrow evening, (Thursday) at their rooms in Hale Block, Nos. 28 and 30 MERRIMACK STREET, at 7½ o'clock, at the Committee Room, on the upper floor. A prompt attendance is desired. Per Order.

Lowell, Oct. 29, 1861.

PEOPLES' UNION CONVENTION.

We respectfully invite the voters of Wildwood County who are in favor of supporting the Government administered by the National Administration, and opposed to the views of the Hon. Charles Sumner, as expressed by him in his recent remarks before the Convention at Worcester, and who adhere to the Union as it was, and as effectually as possible, the present Rebellion, to meet in Convention at Wildwood Hall, in the City of Lowell, on Wednesday, the 6th day of November next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of nominating County Officers, the basis of representation to be one delegate for every hundred legal voters.

A Committee of Correspondence on Committee District No. 29, will be held at the same place, at 1 o'clock P. M.

Charles Thompson, J. J. D. Worcester, Wm. W. Austin, J. E. Taylor, Benjamin S. F. F. Hawkins, Robert Todd, J. W. Pettingell, Edwin Thompson, Chas. W. Brigham, Caleb Bancroft, Jr., Caleb Bancroft, Charles A. Welch, Waldron Gardner, B. Paul Maderis, Chas. A. Lilmore, James Cassidy, Richard Hale, Amelia Buckman, Somerville; Abner W. Bodwell, Tyngsboro'; Jonathan Fletcher, Jr., Dracut; Josiah Bridge, Dunstable; Joseph Bridge, Jr., Josiah Bridge 2d, Tewksbury; James Patten, West Cambridge, and others.

WANTED.

A conversation, by a respectable woman, to do family work without children. Also in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office. 2w*oct29

WANTED.

Oil and grease, to clean the Different Wagons, Stages, Omnibuses, Horse Cars, Boats and the Way Car Axles of the Northern Railroad, and the Different Railroads, Stock and Way Cars, and others every part of the Southern country. Apply to the Agent at the Depot, Lowell, Mass. 26th and 27th inst. 1m*oct26

WANTED.

A conversation, by a respectable woman to do family work without children. Also in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office. 2w*oct29

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, at several cases, will please call at, from the last day of June, 1860, to June 30th, 1861, and receive their fees, at the Clerk's office, on Thursday afternoon office hours

oct29 2t* F. BAILEY, Jr., Clerk.

SUPERIOR COURT—CRIMINAL TERM.—*Morton J. McCue*, on trial yesterday, indicted for an assault upon an officer while attempting to arrest him, was found guilty on two counts, and was sentenced to two months on each count to House of Correction.

Charles Kendrick plead guilty of attempting to break Jail. Sentenced to House of Correction one year.

Charles Bowen, judgment affirmed on an appeal for trying to evade fare on railroad. Sentenced to pay fine and costs. Paid.

Michael Delay, judgment affirmed on an appeal for case for drunkenness. Sentenced to pay a fine of $3 and costs. Paid.

John H. Bankley, on trial for larceny from a building. Found guilty, but not sentenced.

George Shattuck is now on trial on a charge of felonious assault with intent to commit a rape, and will occupy nearly all day. Several of the second jury were challenged by the prisoner before the jury was empanneled, as it is a life sentence if the prisoner is found guilty.

Edgar L. R. Churchill, for taking and driving the horse of Charles H Lotter, w. 9 months to House of Correction.

Hasen Currier, for larceny of $1700 from one Geo. Wiggin, at Scraham, N. H., arrested in this city by Marshal Lovejoy and officer Rand, was discharged and taken by Exeter, N. H., by an officer of that place.

CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH. We mentioned sometime since that the Methodist Society, worshipping in the church, corner of Merrimack and Central Streets, have purchased of the Universalists the house of the John Street Baptist Church. The bargain having been closed, notice was given last Sabbath that the society would worship in their church on John Street next Sunday.

DETENTION OF TRAINS. The first train from Concord this morning was detained over an hour by an accident to its engine. The engine of the train from Winnepesaukee was also detained, which arrive here about half-past nine o'clock, gave out just after passing the arch bridge, and the train had to be run back and another engine secured.

OUR GENERALS. We have seen a fine steel plate, which represents with great accuracy, the features of Gens. Scott, McClellan, Anderson, Dix, Butler, Banks, Wool, Fremont and Lyon. Under the many portraits and prints of the distinguished officers of the Federal army, we have seen none more life-like and attractive. The public will admire this work.—Copies are being sold by an agent in this city for twenty-five cents each.

THE last edition of the *Boston Evening Journal* can be obtained at P. Lamson's store, 90 Merrimack Street, for two cents a copy.

COW STRUCK. Last Thursday night, a dark-red cow was stolen from the barn of Mr. Joseph Blodgett, in the north part of the town of Westford.

THE following resolution relating to the prosecution of the war, was passed almost unanimously, by Congress at its last (extra) session:

"That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the conspirators of the Southern States, now in arms against the constitutional government, and in arms around the capital; that in this national emergency Congress, banishing all feeling of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of overturning the institutions of those States or establishing institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease."

WORK IN THE NAVY YARD. The following communication from the Secretary of the Navy is in reply to a letter, urging the employment of the large number of hands now at the Charlestown Navy Yard in building more ships.—"I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th inst., and to inform you in reply that the Department intends soon to order a fast vessel to be built at the Charlestown Navy Yard."

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 29.
10 Cit Colony and Pat Mills Assessed 100
10 Merrimack River Railroad 100
30 Shawmut Bank 100 1-4
5 Traders' Insurance 100
1 Fitchburg Railroad 97 1-2
1 Boston Bank 97 1-2
1 Exchange Bank 100
$1000 Boston 6s 100 3-4
Boston, Oct. 29, 1861.

N. J. WEBB & CO.,

166 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled by any Brewery and Corrugation. The many hundreds of the above now in use in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We have the pleasure of introducing to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which it is confidently claimed by the manufacturers that it is superior to the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates equally well for cooking purposes. Its construction is such as to be kept in full operation for the whole winter, without the least expense of re-building. The stationary linings, which, with a full assortment of all other parts, can be had at the store. Wood will be furnished to order, and Range, we offer at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail.

oct23 eodtf

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York and return, tickets good for ten days $7 50

Lowell to the West, North and Southeast at the usual rates.

Tickets to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Baggage checked through to Baltimore and Freight promptly forwarded to

DAVID BYRON, Lowell, Mass.

Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 18, 1860. ly nov16tf

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.

ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

*** A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers. ***

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address

DR. CULVERWELL,

oct29eow 127 Bowery, New York.

Post Office Box 4586.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye Hair Dye Hair Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Reliable and Harmless Hair Dye Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided as if you wish to escape ruin.

THEY DYE INSTANTLY, with no dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to the Hair or Skin.

THEY DO NOT CONTAIN SULPHUR, which is recommended to WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, as the only harmless article known, and which will turn the hair to a reddish color, and ultimately destroy the hair.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is unaffected by bathing, perspiration, or the action of salt water. The hair is invigorated, for the dye penetrates the pores of the hair, and nourishes the roots, causing it to grow thick and strong.

Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers throughout the United States, and by Dealers in Foreign Countries.

Factory No. 81 Barclay Street, New York.

Principal Depot, No. 16 Astor House, New York.

Price $1 per Bottle.

sep28 eow

VULCANISED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice more than two years since, and have the satisfaction to say that it has proved the most successful material ever used by the profession in the treatment of diseased conditions of the mouth, and for the restoration of the natural appearance of the face. Its adaptation to the various peculiarities in the shape of the mouth, and the ease with which it can be worked, are also important considerations in its favor.

Those who have had experience in the use of Gutta Percha, will find this a decided improvement upon it, and those who have not, will find that it possesses many advantages over the best mineral base ever offered as a speedy cure.

TO WHOM WE REFER.

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it is THE ONLY REMEDY IN THE WORLD

FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IT IS UNRIVALLED FOR PRODUCING A LUXURIANT GROWTH OF HAIR,

AND THAT PRODUCES

HAIR OF ORIGINAL COLOR,

and will prevent the hair from falling off.

DO NOTICE AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Whether on an aged person or a child.

Manufactured at Nashua, N. H.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada.

Principal Depot, No. 3 Cedar Street, New York.

Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by SAMUEL KID & CO., Lowell.

sep14eod3m

WAR HAS COME

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sent to the Army and Navy, and is now used for wounds, sore throat, sores, and all kinds of sore diseases. Many thousands of boxes have been exported to Europe, &c.

Persons having the best family salve in use for sores, ulcerous conditions piles, sores, chilblains, sore throat, &c., can have the same prepared at the Medical Laboratory, it is pre-eminently safe; and for the army and navy, and for families, it is pre-eminently valuable.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. Price 25 cents per box. Sent by mail, free of postage.

oct29 1m

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns more evenly,
It leaves less quantity,
It is more economical,
It is more healthy,
Than any other coal.

Sold by the sole agent in Lowell, JOHN HOWARD, 98 & 3, Western Avenue, and of our agent, EDWARD H. JONES, 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only owners of the true and original FRANKLIN COAL, have no other coal dealer in Lowell than our agent, Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON, corner Franklin and Market.

We take this method of informing the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, as we have kept it in our power to give the public a better coal or ship and pay Franklin Coal to our party in Lowell except our agent, Mr. Livingston.

SAMUEL TODD & SONS.

Delaware City Delaware, Dec. 3, 1860. dec13

YOU CANT FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS

"HENRY'S"

INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that it

IS THE ONLY REMEDY IN THE WORLD

FOR THE BALD AND GREY,

THAT IT IS UNRIVALLED FOR PRODUCING A

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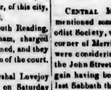
Principal Depot, No. 3 Cedar Street, New York.

Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by SAMUEL KID & CO., Lowell.

sep14eod3m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is unknown in multitudes of females, who are victims of maladies those in actual requisitions to which they are subject. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a remedy which will restore female health and vigor. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the prescription of Dr. CHEESEMAN, Physician to the Hospital, Paris, are the only genuine. Ask for Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, and refuse all others as to most no advertising. Sold by Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines.

LADIES will find Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS an invaluable assistance in regulating their health. They never fail to effect a cure in the shortest time. Explicit directions accompany each box. Full particulars in pamphlets, which may be had gratis of your druggist.

Price $1 per box. Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists.

sep14eod3m

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on stimating $50,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Moses Hale, Joseph O. Abbott,
Wm. Crosby, Jr., Wm. Parker,
Alvah Crocker, Walter Wright,
Wm. Crosby, Wm. Hall,
Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown, Jr. Sam'l Bunker.

ALVAH CROCKER, President.

Alonzo A. Miner, Benjamin F. Hall,
Secretary. Assistant Secretary.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (Second floor).

No. 58 1st Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 21, 1. 60. dtf

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn

Capital.....$300,000.

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Secretary.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHARDSON.

April 9, 1860. 1m*eod

VULCANISED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice more than two years since, and have the satisfaction to say that it has proved the most successful material ever used by the profession in the treatment of diseased conditions of the mouth, and for the restoration of the natural appearance of the face. Its adaptation to the various peculiarities in the shape of the mouth, and the ease with which it can be worked, are also important considerations in its favor.

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Principal Depot, No. 3 Cedar Street, New York.

Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by SAMUEL KID & CO., Lowell.

sep14eod3m

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, Jr., E. Peabody, Jr.,
C. C. Nesmith, E. F. Hamblett,
L. B. Bowe, Jr. P. W. Hosmer,
Lowell Tyngsboro.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Traders and Mechanics, and Factory risks. No assessment has ever been made, and the Company has now accumulated a Mutual Fund of over FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, the interest of which is applied annually to reduce the premiums of insurance. The STOCK DEPARTMENT is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year. Risks taken on favorable terms, with a substantial cash basis.

Office in Company's Block, up the cash access and entrance on Merrimack Street, next door to the Post Office. Open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Applications may be made to the Secretary, or to any of the Directors, who will give information and furnish blanks. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office of the Company.

CHARLES C. NESMITH, President.

E. F. HAMBLETT, Secretary.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1861. dtf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns more evenly,
It leaves less quantity,
It is more economical,
It is more healthy,
Than any other coal.

Sold by the sole agent in Lowell, JOHN HOWARD, 98 & 3, Western Avenue, and of our agent, EDWARD H. JONES, 24 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dtf

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SAMUEL TODD & SONS.

Delaware City Delaware, Dec. 3, 1860. dec13

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Principal Depot, No. 3 Cedar Street, New York.

Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by SAMUEL KID & CO., Lowell.

sep14eod3m

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

The Knickerbocker Stock and Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 106 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL

$100,000.

Capital and Accumulations April, 1861.

$253,912.29.

Dividends declared in 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 30-100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first class Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Comptroller of the State as security to Policy holders.

Trustees:

Preston Pentington, President.
Wm. H. Aspinwall, Vice Pres. Buck, Brooklyn.
Alex'r H. Rutter, Vice President, New York.
Alex'r H. Rutter, Vice President, New York.
Thos. Fillebrown, Jr., Secretary. Charles Eastman, New York.
John S Stebbins, Actuary. Jas. Boorman, New York.
George B. Barnard, Comptroller of City of New York.
Wm. Bryce, Cashier. Wm. Bryce, Cashier.
Robert Bowne, Merchant, Brooklyn.
M. K. Brownell, Merchant, Brooklyn.
Wm. Bryce, Cashier. Wm. Bryce, Cashier.
John O. Stephens. Merchant, Brooklyn.

ROBERT ATHEN, General Agent.

State laws a deposit with Comptroller of Mutual Insurance, for the security of policy holders.

Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, corner Central and Merrimack Streets.

Nov. 18, 1860. ly nov16tf

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.

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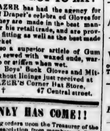
DR. CULVERWELL,

oct29eow 127 Bowery, New York.

Post Office Box 4586.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!



WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

W. P. BRAZER has just received the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Kid Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are pronounced to be the best fitting as well as the best made glove in the market.

Mr. B has also a superior article of Gum Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed end, and warranted not to rip, or ripped when worn.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without fleece lining just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

47 Central street.

oct29

THE HONEY HAS COME!!

PERSONS finding orders from the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, for the redemption of Honey Bees, by General Massachusetts Regimentals, payable at the Treasurer's office, will please present them at the Lowell Manufacturing Bank for payment.

COBURN.

Lowell, Oct. 28, 1861.

CHELMSFORD

SWORDS AND

BOWIE KNIVES

SMITH, CARLTON & OWEN'S QUADRILLE BAND,

Are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, Soirees or Civic Balls, &c. Address

W. ALONZO OWEN, Box 1, Lowell.

The regular Band quadrilles of the following well known Bands.

W. ALONZO OWEN, Box 1, Lowell.

P. Fearon, second Violin, Boy, and Prompter.
E. Smith, Clarionette.
C. Carlton, Cornet.
P. Richardson, Double Bass and Prompter.
R. B. Carlton, Double Bass and Prompter.

Any number of pieces required will be furnished at short notice.

Violins and Harp furnished for private parties.

Application may be made to C. Adams House, or E. Smith's Music Store, Merrimack Street, or W. E. Owen's Grocery & Grain Store, Middle St., Lowell.

oct29 eodtf

"Chilson's New Parlor Stove,"

ALLOWED to be the best Parlor Stove put brought to into the market. This Stove is so constructed as to cause the heat to pass through the base, thereby making the greatest radiation over the floor. We have three sizes of them, and the public are invited to call and examine them.

We are also agents for CHILSON'S COAL STOVE, MAGEE'S FANCY Cook of which we have a large assortment now in use in this city as to need no advertising.

WILDER & DANA, Agents.

October 23, 1861. oct23dtf

AD MINISTRATOR'S SALE.

By virtue of a license from the Probate Court, I shall sell at public auction, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 30th day of October inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M. on the following described real estate, belonging to the estate of Daniel Fay, late of Lowell, deceased, viz: A certain lot of land situated on Fay Street, in said Lowell, and known as the Daniel Fay Estate.

D. S. SWAN,
Administrator.

Lowell, Oct. 14, 1861. oct15w3w*

FARM FOR SALE.

Also, Liver Derangement or Torpidity, and Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, and all persons of sedentary habits.

Inquire of HORACE HOWARD, Lowell, or JOHN WHICHER, Esq., Wentworth Village, or HOYT, MOULTON & WHICHER, 37 Merrimack Street.

oct29 1w

CARLETON BLOCK.

COMMERCIAL ACADEMY

Is now open for the reception of Pupils Day and Evening. Instruction given in Book-keeping, Penmanship, Mathematics, Commercial Law, and all branches of a thorough Business Education.

A full commercial course comprises Single and Double Entry Book-keeping, Commercial Calculations, Forms, as Notes, Drafts, Acceptances, &c.; Business Correspondence, Commercial Law, Penmanship, &c.

Tuition for full Course, $15.00—time unlimited.

Tuition for Evening School, $5.00 per quarter, or by the quarter, by the month, or by the lesson, in Arithmetic, Penmanship, Book-keeping, &c.

INSTRUCTION IN ANY BRANCH, AS FOLLOWS—

Book-keeping, Single Entry.....$ 5 00
Book-keeping, Double Entry.....7 00
Penmanship, per quarter.....5 00
Penmanship, per lesson.....1 00
Mathematics, per quarter.....5 00

Lessons given at Academy, New York, or at residence of pupils.

Lowell, October 5, 1861. oct5 3m

GREAT CHANGE

TO BUY

DRY GOODS.

AT

ORANGE & EASTMAN,

INTENDING to close up their business, offer their entire stock

AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

We have the largest stock of

SILKS

in Lowell, and will sell them for

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

My Lucia, July 10, 1860.

O J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued luxuriant, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine that I have mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as you know better your virtues than I do, but I can well assure you that I am well known already and even more wonderfully so since I left the Union. I have carried my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people to whom I recommended it a burning, saying they had used it and without effect. In every such instance where it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling it on their half the price. In one instance two or three articles myself entertained as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and in the meantime that people will patronize an article of no consequence to them, when they can get what has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied it almost word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, been associated with more than one hundred persons who have used your preparation for the Hair and Scalp, some for baldness, some hair, some head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, on your principal place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1590, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I used your preparation for the hair that you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been rapidly assuming a grayish color, and was almost white as very stiff and dry. Finally, I became a customer of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and concluded there was a sore fiction then truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to find a remedy if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I concluded to purchase a bottle of your Restorative, and to my surprise, soon found it to restore the color of my hair, and to check the fall of it. I soon discovered the dandruff was removed, and my hair, that was before in a large quantities, was comparatively tighter set, and a radical change taking place in the roots, that I have continued to use it, till I have used three bottles of your Restorative, and my hair is now as glossy a head of hair as can be found in the town, and as luxuriant as it was in my youthful days. I have also used your Restorative for a number of my acquaintances, and in no instance have I failed to find it to do all that you claim for it. I would recommend it to all persons who are afflicted with baldness, or any disease of the scalp, as I believe it to be the best article now in use. Yours, truly,

J. M. HUNT.

DR. J. C. KEEPER writes from Natchez, Miss., Feb. 20, 1860: "The Restorative I purchased of you has given entire satisfaction to all who have used it. Its use is rapidly increasing, and I have no doubt it will soon be in general use throughout the country, and all will enjoy its benefits."

DR. JAMES J. KEEPER writes from Natchez, Miss., Feb. 20, 1860: "The Restorative purchased of you has given entire satisfaction to all who have used it. Its use is rapidly increasing, and I have no doubt it will soon be in general use throughout the country, and all will enjoy its benefits."

E. S. DAVIS' Postmaster at Williamsport Ohio, says: "I have gone great satisfaction in using your Restorative. I have used two bottles, and my hair is restored to its natural color, and has stopped falling. I have also used it for dandruff, and it has entirely removed it. I have also used it for my children, and find it to be the best article for the hair I have ever used."

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, October 30, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.

For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.

For Treasurer,
AMOS SPRAGUE, of Charlestown.

For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.

For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ABAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

For Senator (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.

THE GREAT NAVAL EXPEDITION. The great Federal fleet, which has lately been in the course of preparation for two or three months past, and which we alluded to particularly on Monday, sailed from Annapolis, October 21st, and anchored off Fortress Monroe the next day; thence it sailed under sealed orders, and with increased strength, on Saturday and Sunday last. This seems to be putting in practice a large number of troops alone in this expedition is estimated at from 30,000 to 40,000.—The object of the expedition is to carry the war into the cotton States; to secure winter quarters for our troops, and harbors of refuge for our naval and mercantile marine; to open southern ports to commerce; to assist what never of Union sentiment still exists in the parts to which the expedition goes—the final and only object is summed up in a few words: it is to check the rebellion and bring back the States that have for the past six or eight months been in open rebellion. God speed the noble fleet—the greatest ever seen on this continent.

Last night and this morning there were rumors afloat that the private secretary of Gen. Samuel F. Dupont, flag officer of the expedition's squadron, had taken possession of all the Commodore's private papers, plans, charts, and sealed orders, and had decamped—supposed to have gone over to the rebels. It was also reported that one of the captains of the transports, who had received with the others his sealed orders, had opened them and divulged the destination of the fleet. We cannot believe that there is any truth in these reports. There are many things about the reports (the first one especially), that are improbable; and some facts have come to light since the secretary is reported to have deserted which, to say the least, make the story appear very improbable. It may not be impossible that papers, charts, &c., have been permitted to get into the hands of the rebels; but if so, we doubt very much if they are genuine. There will have been a purpose in allowing these rumors to go abroad.

The fleet is certainly a formidable one. It is reported that 100,000 rations were distributed among the regiments on the morning of its sailing. In every department the most finished and elaborate preparations have been made; and with favoring breezes, those best posted are confident that whatever point on the southern coast is attacked, will with but little opposition fall into our hands. As yet a not a word has been lisped as to what point the fleet will attack. Many consign it as far south as New Orleans; but others argue that it is not to go beyond Charleston. Without possessing more knowledge on the subject than others, we venture to predict that the first blow will be struck this side of the Florida coast. A few days will determine this, and we can afford to wait; we have waited with a good degree of patience for the issue of events of far less importance than are bound up in the great naval expedition.

IMPORTANT VIEWS OF SECESSION. The foreign mails for the General Government, were received and opened on Monday last. Their contents are important as showing the feeling of foreign governments regarding the struggle between National Government and the local masses on one side, and the rebels on the other. Our Ministers, without exception, represent the popular and official opinion of Europe to be fast settling into the conviction that the Government has the power to quell the rebellion, and that it is the interest of Europe that the Union shall be maintained intact, and especially that it would be impossible to place any portion of the former Republic under the protection or patronage of a foreign power. This fact is very gratifying; but will not the next Autumn cause sorrowful army to against England (if it happens to relate to the mother country) and cause a most groundless fear that she is immediately to take the part of Secession against Sam?

PACIFIC TELEGRAPH. Over 200 private ...es passed over the line the first day ... and messages continue to ... ends as fast as the operators... nomit them, thus indi... will soon be necessary... more wires to ...ering already that it ... commercial ... to put up one or tw... urgent wants of the ... the press.

WAR NEWS.

The news of to-day is of little importance. *From Washington and vicinity.* The latest news from the lower Potomac states that the George Page is now cooped up in Occoquan Creek, as our batteries on the Maryland shore bear directly on the mouth of the creek, rendering it a matter of considerable risk for her to attempt an exodus. Several pungies have run the rebel batteries and came up the river.

It is reported that Johnston is in command at Centreville, and that very strong defensive works are being thrown up there, where there is a large force of rebels.

Sickles' brigade is erecting earthworks on the Maryland shore opposite Shipping Point. A number of Union Senators are urging the necessity of a forward movement of the army, and representing the sentiment of the people as impatient at the present delay.

Scouting parties have returned from beyond Vienna without encountering any rebels, nor were there any at Fairfax Court House Village, but they had retired to Centreville some days since.

From the upper country. The rebels were reported to be opposite Edward's Ferry last Saturday night. Three brigades of Gen. Banks' division has arrived at Darnestown from Edward's Ferry. A sufficient force remains at the latter place to prevent the rebels from crossing into Maryland. The enemy's pickets frequented the Virginia shore of the Potomac, and occasionally sent a leaden compliment to our pickets on this side, but no serious casualities have happened.

A bitter controversy is springing up between the friends of Col. Baker and the friends of Gen. Stone, under whose orders Col. Baker was stationed at Leesburg. It is apt-nigred on the one side to show that Col. Baker acted without orders, or in violation of his instructions; and, on the other, that he was sacrificed through the ignorance or the incompetency of General Stone. The friends of Col. Baker will demand a Court of inquiry to determine the real facts.

Miss.-uri. Gen. Lane captured a transportation train in Bates County a few days since, and took the escort prisoners. Gen. Lane also reports that he found a large number of sick and wounded rebels at Rose Hill, Johnson County, in a starving condition, to whose wants he administered.

Nine "Jonathans," who arrived in camp a few days since, it is understood, will be returned to their masters by order of Gen. Fremont.

Thirty-eight more of our wounded soldiers arrived yesterday at Rolla from Springfield, which place they left on Wednesday last. Gen. Price was then at Neosho, in Newton County, and not exceeding about 1000 rebels entered Springfield, and took away a considerable quantity of stores left by Col. Taylor.

From the South. The track of the Atlantic Railroad has been torn up from Suffolk Court House to Manassas. Mason and Breckinridge, Preston and Humphrey Marshall, arrived at Richmond on the 18th inst.

Gov. Moore, of Louisiana, has issued an order requiring persons leaving New Orleans and Jefferson Point, on steamboats or Mexican, to get passes from the Executive officer.

The late terrible affair at Fall's Bluff, seems to have been a sort of repetition of the one at Santa Rosa, with the position of the parties reversed, excepting that the attacking party in the last affair named largely outnumbered the defensive. At the former place a small force of Federal troops, through misapprehension, placed themselves under the fire of a force of rebels much larger than their own, were driven back in disorder, some were killed, many were taken prisoners, and forty or fifty were drowned. The whole affair, excepting in the exhibitions of bravery on the part of many of the officers and the soldiers generally, was a most unfortunate failure for us.

The attack of a large force of rebels on Wilson's Zouaves, at Santa Rosa, although well planned, was also a complete failure, and a disaster to the brave Zouaves as well. It was meant to be a surprise, but the handful of Zouaves, although unexpectedly assailed, fought with much discretion and bravery, and the unfortunate few or few regulars repulsed the rebels, driving them helter-skelter to their lines, killing many, drowning some, and taking others prisoners. Two-thirds of the Zouaves was destroyed, and they were roughly handled, but they drove away their assailants and maintained their ground. The affair at Fall's Bluff, although unfortunate for us, excepting in the loss of men who were taken prisoners, is only an offset of the Santa Rosa defeat. If this is any consolation, it will be well enough to cherish it.

CALIFORNIA NEWS. The greatest grief is felt for the death of Col. Baker, who was greatly beloved, and had the effect to deter the Secessionists from attempting to celebrate the completion of the telegraph.

Politicians well interested in Oregon matters express the opinion that Benjamin Stark, of Portland, will be appointed to succeed Col. Baker in the United States Senate. His sympathies are secession.—Gen. Joe Lane is advertised to run, but the contest seems to be between Starke and Nesmith, as appointed by the Governor, who is a Democrat, and not by the Legislature.]

The San Francisco woolen factory, valued at $66,000, was burnt on Saturday last.

CONFISCATING THE PROPERTY OF REBELS. The United States Marshal for the District of Columbia, has been ordered to attach certain real estate and personal property of William Shields. Shields, some months ago, removed with his family to Richmond, where he engaged in the insurrection, and resistance to the laws of the United States, and in correspondence with the enemies of the United States residing in Washington, transmitting to them money and other valuables, receiving the same in return, &c.

APPOINTMENT. Major William Brown has been appointed by the Governor, Aid-de-camp Adjutant General with the rank of Colonel. Major Brown has been for many years chief clerk in the Adjutant General's office.

ELECTIONS. On Tuesday next elections take place in Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Michigan and Wisconsin, and on Wednesday the Maryland State election occurs.

POLITICAL. The Republicans of the First Middlesex Senatorial District have nominated Ernstus O. Haven, of Malden editor of *Zion's Herald* for the State Senate. Mr. Haven received 22 votes to 19 for George O Brastow.

A ATTORNEY OF HAVERHILL. George Wingate Chase, a native of Haverhill, Mass., has written and published a most excellent history of that town, from its first settlement in 1640 to the year 1860. It is a volume of six hundred and eighty-four pages, is well got up, contains twenty-one illustrations—some of them portraits of the past and present prominent men of the place. There are many features of interest in this volume, probably to those who are natives of Haverhill or who have lived there. The Indian history (a detailed account of the adventure of Mrs. Duston, something of whose trials already every native of New England has read or heard) the history of slavery in Massachusetts, and the part Haverhill had in it; lists of the men who served in the wars of our country; an ecclesiastical history of the town; its deeds; its boundary quarrels; its martyrs and its eccentric men; in fact, Mr. Chase seems to have taken up every theme that the most curious would have in a town history, and to have carefully multiplied fact on fact till his volume is valuable to an unusual size for a work of this character. We notice one novelty we do not remember to have seen elsewhere: the names of over three thousand persons are alphabetically given in an index with the page on which they are to be found in the history.

We know the preparation of this volume must have required a great amount of labor; it has been a work that few would have undertaken; it is one that Haverhill may well be proud of, now that it is finished; and it should stand in the hands of every family of that old town. The history of Haverhill is an honorable one. It exhibits creditably the patriotism and the endurance that are real stamina, and a perusal of the records of the past will be profitable to her present and future generations.

Mr. Chase has performed a good work, and a needed one. Although his volume contains much that is unfortunate for us, excepting in the loss of men who were taken prisoners, is only an offset of the Santa Rosa defeat. If this is any consolation, it will be well enough to cherish it.

REPUBLICAN MEETING. The Republicans of this city and vicinity are notified of a meeting to be holden at Huntington Hall to-morrow evening. The speakers announced are Hon. Chas. Sumner, Hon. Henry Wilson, Hon. Chas. Schild, and A. P. Bacney. There should be a large attendance. It is the first meeting of the kind this season. The Republicans are not yet sufficiently awake to the importance of the approaching election, and if they do not bestir themselves their vote may be most hu miliatingly decreased; the whole vote will of course be much less than last year, but that of the Republican must not be less in proportion than that of those who are opposing them. The result of the late election in Pennsylvania should be a warning to the Republicans; there the inactivity and indifference as to who they voted for, led to the choice of the opposing candidates, and now we have the sweet consolation of seeing the result paraded in starring capitals and numerous exclamation points, as a "Democratic victory!"—Should it be so here?

The two new side wheel steamers now building at Kittery Navy Yard, have been named the Sebago and Mahaska—from two lakes in Maine.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Grand Rally at Huntington Hall!

THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING,
OCTOBER 30TH, 1861, AT 7 1/2 O'CLOCK.

Hon. Josiah G. Abbott and
Col. A. O. Brewster, of Boston,
and John F. McEvoy, of Lowell,
Will address the citizens of Lowell as above.

Let all who love their country come out and show PATRIOTISM at this Hall.

☞ Ordinary remarks for the Union.

R. W. STICKNEY, Chairman
Peoples' Union Committee.
J. F. MCEVOY, Secretary.

GRAND RALLY!

The Union and the Constitution!!

The Secessionists are all cowards and all others who are in favor of our General Government, and the vigorous prosecution of the war for the preservation of the Constitution and the Union, are invited to meet at HUNTINGTON HALL on

THIS (WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 30th, at 7½ o'clock.

Hon. TAPPAN WENTWORTH,
" LINUS CHILD,
JOHN WRIGHT, Esq.,
Hon. A. P. BONNEY,

and others, will address the meeting.
A Band of Music will be present.
By order of the City Committee.

A. A. HAGGETT, Secretary.
Lowell, October 30, 1861.

DR. F. W. URANN, formerly with Dr. J. B. Rawson, will be in Lowell at the house of E. F. Bartlett, 156 Bolton Street, MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, 28th, 29th and 30th inst.

WANTED.

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family without children. Rent not to exceed $6 per month if well centered. Apply at this office.
October 29, 1861. oct30tf

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Seven Southern States. It is there and the War Department says it is right. It is there to astonish boys, and shows every nut of the Southern country from Delaware to the Rio del Norte. Sold by the Agents.

Also on sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 122 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell.
E. S. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in complaints, fined or continued, on or from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 30th, 1861, are hereby notified to appear at the Police Court on Saturday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock.

P. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

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P. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. An adjourned meeting of this Board was held last evening. The special committee to whom was referred the subject of furnishing school books to the children of indigent parents reported. The recommendation that the books be furnished to such scholars properly labeled and returned to the teachers of the several schools at the close of each term was adopted. The Secretary is to cause the necessary labels, circulars and blanks to be printed and furnished to books-lists and teachers. The order in regard to retaining school books furnished to indigent pupils was passed. The matter of Evening Schools was referred to the sub-committee on that subject with power to open such schools as early in November as they deem expedient. The committee were authorized to employ such teachers as have passed on examination by this Board. It was voted to approve Luther E Shepard as a suitable person to be elected teacher of the Public Schools.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—At the annual meeting of this company held on Tuesday the 22nd inst., the following Board of Directors were re elected: Nathan Allen, Stephen Cushing, Arthur F. Bonney, Joshua W. Daniels, Samuel Barbank, Ephraim Brown, Walter Wright, John Avery, Caleb M. Morse, Henry C. Howe, Elijah H Read, of Lowell; Jacob G. Abbott, Amos A. Lawrence, Benjamin F. Bates, Abraham T. Lowe, Lester M Clark, Reuben E. Dammon, of Boston. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Dr. Nathan Allen was re-elected president and Joshua W. Daniels, secretary.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* John H. Bankley, found guilty of larceny from a building, was sent to the State Prison for two years—one day of which to be solitary.

George Shattuck, on trial for rape, was given to the jury at 11 o'clock this forenoon—jury out still.

Michael Sullivan, of Stow, is now on trial, indicted for burning a barn, and will probably occupy the rest of the day.

MEN WANTED. Capt. John A. Nelson, formerly of this city, has a company at Camp Chase, and wants a few more to complete it. A few more men to fill up his ranks. Men enlisting in this company will be allowed the Connecticut State bounty of $30 in addition to their regular pay. For further information inquire at Capt. Nelson's headquarters, Camp Chase. Capt. Nelson was in the Third Connecticut Regiment for three months and served at Bull Run.

PROMOTED. First Lieutenant Matthew Donovan, of the Ellsworth Zouaves, from this city, has been promoted to the rank of captain of the company vice Patrick S. Proctor resigned. The commission bears date September 27. The appointment meets with the hearty approval of all our citizens who know Capt. Donovan, and we are in any wise knowing to the facts in the case.

UNION MEETING. By a notice elsewhere it will be seen that the supporters of the "Union ticket" will hold a meeting at Huntington Hall this evening. Addresses are announced by Gen. O. Abbott, A. O. Brewster, of Boston, and J. F. McEvoy, of this city.

CLOSING UP. The Republican City Committee for 1860-61, partook of a supper at French's ast on last evening, preparatory to adjourning *sine die*. After doing justice to the edibles set before them, b lief remarks were made by H. Willson, Chairman, Mr. John W. Graves, T. Pearson, H. A. Cooke, J. G. Peaslee, J. B. Keyes and the other talking members of the Committee. It was a pleasant affair, and a fitting close of their services.

ENGINE MEETING. The people of Centralville hold a meeting at the new engine house on Fourth Street, this evening to consider the expediency of forming a company for No. 12 engine.

A FLEMING CEREMONY. Yesterday afternoon, Col. W. E. Faulkner, of Acton, brought nine Bitts girls from that town to Camp Chase, for the purpose of pressing to Company E, (Davis Guards) of Acton, now connected with the Twenty-Sixth Regiment, one hundred and one pin cushions, which the little misses had made for their brothers, uncles and cousins, who are going to fight for their country. The presentation speech was made by Colonel Faulkner, to which Capt. Chapman appropriately replied. Col. F. was a member of the company when eighteen years of age, and served in its ranks from private to captain. He was also colonel of the regiment to which the company belonged. The party passed our office about four o'clock with banners flying, and seemed to be in high glee.

POLICE COURT. Bartholomew Ashe, for an assault upon his wife, was ordered in $100 until next Saturday. Committed.

Samuel Ditson, common drunkard, was sent to the House of Correction for six months.

Lawrence Tighe, for keeping a dog without license was ordered until Saturday.

QUADRILLE MUSIC. A new organization, styled "Greiner, Chipman & Waterhouse's Quadrille Band," has been formed in this city, for the purpose of serving such of our citizens as dance, waltz, or polk. The well known Oscar Greiner is the director, while B. W. Waterhouse assumes the part of prompter. We learn that the music the new band will satisfy all parties with whom they contract for services during the season. See card.

DONATION. Mr. William T. Connolly, of the city, has presented to the Middlesex Mechanics' Association a handsome set of the reports of the Boston School Committee from 1857 to 1860 inclusive. He also presents complete reports of the Private Schools of that city from 1818 to 1845.

"It is one of the marvellous discoverers of these marvellous times, that these orchids are to be found in every part of the globe, and expected that the monstrous doctrine of development will receive a strong support in the field of the reconstruction of the American Union, and that we, one after another, like parrots imported, shall learn to speak the restored again,—the great, free, and sovereign Commonwealths of the north, and the west, and the centre.—would, at the time, be found knocking at the door of their consent, and admitted to the Federal Union under the banners of the palmetto and the lone star, to which that sovereign was lighted. Pitiable desperadoes! that never yet were lighted; not be fully or justly written until silence shall have reconstructed the civilization of the human race. Such are the terms that are proffered."—*Col. W. W. Bullock.*

A NORTHERN TOWN OVERAWED BY REBELS. Superior City, which is situated on Lake Superior, at the head of navigation, in Douglas county, Wisconsin, is owned almost entirely by Northern Secessionists, and must come before long into the Confederation act. The principal proprietors are Robert M. T. Hunter, of Virginia; John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky; Jefferson and Beriah Magoffin, Governor of Kentucky; William Aiken and W. W Boyce, of South Carolina; W. W. Corcoran and George W. Riggs, of Washington.

The Richmond papers publish a full account of the great naval expedition, taken from the *New York Times* and other papers. The rebel government evidently relives upon their ability to protect the exposed points on their coast. They also assert that preparations have been going on for a long time, and that the rebels will give the expedition a hearty reception.—Rifled cannon had been forwarded from Richmond for some days past to points unknown.

The following book notice in the *Boston Advertiser* of thu morning, may be interesting to some of our readers:

Patten's Infanstrie Tidtik, nobet Anleitung zum Bayonnetexerciren, nach dem neuesten Reglement. Mit 24 Holzsnitt illustrationen; zusammengestellt nach den besten militairischen Quellen von George Potten und Carl Hoffmann. Officir zur militair gutse, von Gen.-Maj. McClellan, empfohlen u Buch ist bei A. Williams & Co., zu haben.

While more than one-tenth of our male population are in arms against each other, fighting for the maintenance or destruction of our Government, we are compelled to import large quantities of breadstuffs of our own raising to feed the people of Europe. Was ever the like heard of in history?

SELECTIONS FROM VANITY FAIR. *John Bull, shop!* Keep an eye to Se-ward. *Religious Item.* What should the churches do in the present crisis. Preach!

By a Patriotic Architect. Why was Missouri dutiful. Gen. Price's virtual like the church of St. Peter at Rome? Because it had a Great Nave running through it.

SENATOR WILKINSON, of Minnesota, has written a letter explaining his position on the question of negro emancipation. He thinks we have commenced on this issue long enough, and warmly approves President's proclamation.

THE CAPTAIN. The captain of the bark General Pike, which arrived at Honolulu from Kootiae on the 13th of August, states that he took this vessel from the rebels. She larger he ever saw, which would *two hundred and seventy-four barrels.*

The local editor of the *Portland Courier* hurt his foot. He was green enough to kick an old hat, which a rogue placed at his door with a brick in it.

No go. Brigadier General Montgomery, commanding at Alexandria, Va., has forbidden the circulation of the Southern Confederacy shinplasters in that city. He says paying or receiving them will be regarded as a misdemeanor, and punished accordingly.

"In this crisis of the destinies of the American Commonwealth, I have, as a faithful citizen, much to do—much to suffer—and much and exultingly to bear. I am equal to the exaction of the sacrifice. If this great Republic, so noble, so generous, so truthful, is not to be upheld, then say I, there is no hope for manhood and humanity elsewhere; least of all is there hope for Ireland, which has had from this Republic, in the direct extremities of the Irish race, the promptest, staunchest, and most plenteous succor."—*T. F. Meagher.*

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 29.

50 Boston and Providence Railroad	156
50 Boston and Maine Railroad	97
1 Boston and Lowell Railroad	90
1 Old Colony Railroad	90 1/2
25 Western Railroad	89
2 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	100
1 Vermont and Canada Railroad	33
4 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	23 1/2

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Continues to insure against hazard by FIRE, on favorable terms. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Josiah G. Abbott,
Stephen Cushing,	Boston.
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Joshua W. Daniels,	Boston.
Samuel Barbank,	Caleb M. Morse,
Ephraim Brown,	Henry C. Howe,
Walter Wright,	Elijah H. Read,
	Lowell.

ALBERT A. HOBBS, Secretary.
Benjamin F. Bates, Boston, } Executive
Stephen Cushing, Lowell. } Committee.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Boston, Vice President.
Office, Old Post Office Building. (Hives floor)
Entrance on Merrimack Street.
Lowell, July 18, 1860. jy18tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
For furnaces,
It burns up cleaner,
It burns more quickly,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns in less time,
Than any other free burning coal. And the best part of it is to be bought only at HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, JAMES M. BOND, 31 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers are the proprietors of the true and original **FRANKLIN COAL**
and caution the public against all imitations.
Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, 102 Merrimack Street, corner Central.
Delaware City Delaware, Nov. 1, 1859.
R. B. FRISBEE, Agent.
myl4tf

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE SECRET FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
SUNBURNS OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and fair, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is most used and recommended by the Leaders of society as the only safe article.

Sold by the Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the country.

Depot, 169 Washington Street, Boston.
Sold in Lowell by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Market streets, and by Druggists everywhere.
sep9 1y

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts!

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse; &c.

By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. C., Author of the Book of Nature, &c.

☞ A great boon to thousands of Sufferers."

Sent by mail or in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,
No. 127 BOWERY New York.
Post Office Box 4586.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The best Dye in the world! Instantly produces a beautiful and natural Brown or Black without injury to the Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN YEARS ESTABLISHED. The reputation secured to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1839, and ever since maintained, is a sufficient guarantee that the Hair Dye which bears his name is the best in the universe. It is impregnated for life by this splendid Dye, which remains unchanged, and is free from the many poisons in other Dyes.

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor," and address upon a steel plate engraving, on the top of each box.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, and by Perfumers and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Wholesale Depot, 16 Astor House, New York.
Lane 233 Broadway, New York.
sep9 1y

NEW
CLOAK AND DRESS GOODS
STORE.

J. M. PEABODY
Has just opened a new lot of
CLOAK
LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS,
JUST THE THING FOR THE TIMES.
☞ Call and look at them.
oct23 84 and 86 Merrimack street.

☞ Call and look at those heavy Scotch Cassimeres at
oct23 J. M. PEABODY'S.

New DeLaines and Plaid Goods
AT 12½ CENTS, at J. M. PEABODY'S old stand, 84 and 86 Merrimack street.

Book-keeping Rationalized.
PRICE, $1.

A new work by George H. Comer, A. M., now and for twenty years Professor of Book-keeping in the COMMERCIAL COLLEGE of Boston. 96 octavo pages, containing a complete exposition of the Science of Book-keeping, as taught in the Boston Commercial College. Sold by the author, at COMER & LISTON'S Copies for Penmanship, 24 Tremont Row, Boston.

COMER'S admirable Steel Pens, four Nos., $1 per box.

Any of the above sent post-paid on receipt of price.
NATHAN TRUE, BOOK AND JOB PRINTER, WRITING AG.
Thoroughly and practically taught; day and evening. Improved Penmanship in 12 lessons. Circulars and Specimens mailed, at Boston store. In attendance every day at Lowell, 139 Washington Street, or by mail, free.
oct9 3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

At Mechanics' Hall,

FRIDAY, SATURDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

Also, Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons, at 2 o'clock.

HUBBARD'S COLOSSAL PANTOSCOPE OF THE
PRINCE OF WALES' TOUR
THROUGH AMERICA.

LOOK AT THE WAR PRICES!

Tickets, 10 Cents; Children, 5 Cents. Children to afternoon exhibitions 5 Cents.
oct30 2w JU-KING 7 Jy oct

GREINER, CHIPMAN & WATERHOUSE'S
QUADRILLE BAND,
OF LOWELL.

OSCAR GREINER, Director.
B. W. WATERHOUSE, Prompter.

Orders for the Band left with H. A. WATERHOUSE, Apothecary, south of the Merrimack House or at Music Store of C. H. SAWYER, Merrimack Block, will receive prompt attention.
oct30 3m H. A. WATERHOUSE, Agent.

MILITARY GOODS!

WE can sell MILITARY GOODS of all kinds as CHEAP as any CHEAPER than can be bought in Boston or New York.
Regulation Pantaloons,
Cavalry Sabres,
Infantry Swords,
Pursuers' "
Sword Belts,
Sword Knots,
Epaulettes,
Chevrons,
Gilt Buttons,
Cords and Tassels,
Book of Tactics,
Caps, &c., &c.

Call and examine our stock and prices.
oct30 3m&w1w T. B. HUTCHINS.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The best Dye in the world! Instantly produces a beautiful and natural Brown or Black without injury to the Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN YEARS ESTABLISHED. The reputation secured to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1839, and ever since maintained, is a sufficient guarantee that the Hair Dye which bears his name is the best in the universe. It is impregnated for life by this splendid Dye, which remains unchanged, and is free from the many poisons in other Dyes.

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor," and address upon a steel plate engraving, on the top of each box.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, and by Perfumers and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Wholesale Depot, 16 Astor House, New York.
Lane 233 Broadway, New York.
sep9 1y

NEW
CLOAK AND DRESS GOODS
STORE.

J. M. PEABODY
Has just opened a new lot of
CLOAK
LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS,
JUST THE THING FOR THE TIMES.
☞ Call and look at them.
oct23 84 and 86 Merrimack street.

N. J. WEIR & CO.,

108 Merrimack Street,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE RANGES AND FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. Call and examine the above stoves now in use in this vicinity and their best recommendation.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, which is confidently expected it is recommended on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates equally well in regards to economy and convenience. The fire may be kept in all night without any trouble, and will require no attention in the morning. The pattern is of the latest and most approved style, and the castings are of the best quality. Every stove will be warranted to give entire satisfaction, or no sale. Also, a full assortment of Stoves, Furnaces, Ranges, Sinks, Boilers, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, at the lowest prices, at wholesale or retail.
oct30 3m

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

Lowell to New York, $6.75
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good until used, 7.25
Tickets for the Western and Southern States at the lowest rates.
Tickets to Portland, Bangor, Portsmouth, and Washington.
Through baggage checks relating to Passage and Freight Agencies in
Boston, Providence, Worcester, Norwich, Springfield, Hartford, New Haven, Albany, Troy, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Toledo, Milwaukie, Quebec, Montreal, Canada and Liverpool Steamers.
Passage to California and Liverpool Steamers.
Passage to California and Liverpool Steamers.
Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, 102 Merrimack Street, corner Central Block, Lowell.
Delaware City Delaware, Nov. 1, 1859.
R. B. FRISBEE, Agent.
myl4tf

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE SECRET FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
SUNBURNS OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and fair, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is most used and recommended by the Leaders of society as the only safe article.

Sold by the Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the country.

Depot, 169 Washington Street, Boston.
Sold in Lowell by R. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Market streets, and by Druggists everywhere.
sep9 1y

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

is essentially in peril if she is not enough to suffer from Ill Health. Whatever may be the cause, these Pills will remove it, and restore the sufferer to health.

DR CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, are a certain remedy for Obstructions, Irregularities, &c. DR. CHEESEMAN, M. D. of New York, has for twenty years devoted his attention to the treatment of Female Diseases—their delicate nature without pain, all disturbing causes, and restoring the system to a healthy state in a very few days. They act like a charm in removing Pain in the Back, Dizziness, Nervous Tremblings, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other symptoms of a Nervous Disorder, and will be found an invaluable medicine in the natural functions. In the worst cases of Fever and Ague, we offer at the lowest rate, an unfailing remedy.

Sold by all Druggists.
oct30 3m

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered to the only safe means of removing Interruptions and obstructions.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

At Mechanics' Hall,

FRIDAY, SATURDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

Also, Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons, at 2 o'clock.

HUBBARD'S COLOSSAL PANTOSCOPE OF THE
PRINCE OF WALES' TOUR
THROUGH AMERICA.

LOOK AT THE WAR PRICES!

Tickets, 10 Cents; Children, 5 Cents. Children to afternoon exhibitions 5 Cents.
oct30 2w JU-KING 7 Jy oct

GREINER, CHIPMAN & WATERHOUSE'S
QUADRILLE BAND,
OF LOWELL.

OSCAR GREINER, Director.
B. W. WATERHOUSE, Prompter.

Orders for the Band left with H. A. WATERHOUSE, Apothecary, south of the Merrimack House or at Music Store of C. H. SAWYER, Merrimack Block, will receive prompt attention.
oct30 3m H. A. WATERHOUSE, Agent.

MILITARY GOODS!

WE can sell MILITARY GOODS of all kinds as CHEAP as any CHEAPER than can be bought in Boston or New York.
Regulation Pantaloons,
Cavalry Sabres,
Infantry Swords,
Pursuers' "
Sword Belts,
Sword Knots,
Epaulettes,
Chevrons,
Gilt Buttons,
Cords and Tassels,
Book of Tactics,
Caps, &c., &c.

Call and examine our stock and prices.
oct30 3m&w1w T. B. HUTCHINS.

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

CHARLES BARRETT, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Lowell, Sept. 30, 1861. 1m sep30

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS.

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have found it to possess many qualities that now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a great deal said in regard to the injurious effects of dental preparation in relation to the value of the vulcanite base, but we are happy to say that the objections have been entirely obviated in the base we now use. Those interested will find it to be a most valuable improvement where it is used with great success, and is entirely free from the taste and smell of rubber. Owing to the limited time this article has been in use, we do not feel like saying that it will last as long as we do everything else, but they assure the public that they have used it in their practice for a year, and that it has given entire satisfaction. Sets can be obtained, and at reasonable prices, at

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.
oct30 1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

MERRIMACK
MANUFACTURERS'
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms, on Buildings, Merchandise, and other property.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$253,912.29.

The dividend Jan. 1, 1861, on all Mutual Policies in force, averaged 71 16-100 per cent.

$100,000 in Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate worth 75 per cent. more than amount of loan, deposited with the Commissioner of the State as security to Policy holders.

DIRECTORS:

Benjamin Perham,	Lowell.
Joseph Locke,	Boston.
Frost's Only Rack, Brooklyn,	
Cocheco, New York,	
Ex-Governor of Commissioner	
Merchants' New York,	
Calvin Harmon, New York,	
Hon. Joseph Grinnell,	
Member of City of New York,	
Merchant,	
Merchant, Brooklyn,	
Merchant, Boston,	
Merchant, Manufacturer,	

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY

IS

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 16, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my wife pronounces it, from dandruff! I do not imagine it ranks three thousand millions of any article ever manufactured; you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware there are a host of such already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occasion to be much travelling the greater part of the time I'm now from home, and have been pride and gratification in recommending your Restorative, and still finding its effects in many cases of baldness. We have seen many to be the case, some of which are of three years standing, all of which are from gentlemen whom we have recommended it to, and who have used it as directed. Don't you think you have used this Restorative.

—*Boston Corn Branch*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of publishing every kind of medicine in the town of the day are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in saying that we have become almost daily witnesses of its wonderful effects in restoring hair. "It is therefore a valuable preparation for all diseases. It darkens the hair and has no effectually eradicate its dandruff and other impurities, which operate to the injury of the hair. It also has curative properties if another description. It is used, we believe, for nearly all disagreements of the skin that prevail. Wherever it is used, we have seen it in a short time after a trial of this remedy, do it justice, and you will be benefited, or the contrary, if you are afflicted in any manner whatever, it is impossible for it to being hurt, as it contains no poison.—*Boston Transcript, April 26, 1859.*

A GERMAN BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure ale of the can, each of which claims to be considered as the most valuable and to abide in its merits, by its effects, with what results we have not the means of knowing. In one instance, however, Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative seems not to have failed to come up to the qualities of its name, so we give it our endorsement as all the evidence we have before us claims it to be its effect upon a failing head of hair is universally known to be natural. Hair, fine or coarse on exhausted land it does produce strong nutritive matter. It is a great beautifier, being harmless as to its composition.—*Boston Transcript, April 26, 1859.*

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Prepared and for sale by O. J. WOOD & CO., 312 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experience which is not to be met by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it has been long established, and we believe in every case with entire desired result, and receives the warmest encouragement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most valuable and cheap articles in all it professes, and of the balmy preparations.—*Indiana Journal, Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an accurate notice of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its natural color. The Hair Restorative is one of the few articles we recommend to the public with confidence. We have seen many to be the case, some of which are of three years standing, all of which are from gentlemen whom we have recommended it to, and who have used it as directed. Don't you think you have used this Restorative.—*Boston Corn Branch*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is positive. It is not offered to the desire to by mere great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine color and beauty, but has become eminent both because of its known, the use of this article has produced the most gratifying hair. "It is therefore a valuable preparation for all diseases. It darkens the hair and has no effectually eradicate its dandruff and other impurities, which operate to the injury of the hair. It also has curative properties if another description. It is used, we believe, for nearly all disagreements of the skin that prevail. Wherever it is used, we have seen it in a short time after a trial of this remedy, do it justice, and you will be benefited, or the contrary, if you are afflicted in any manner whatever, it is impossible for it to being hurt, as it contains no poison.—*Boston Transcript, April 26, 1859*

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Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere.

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly *sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a sickness. Increase. This is a new incredible, but it is fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, securely enclosed in all parts of the country.

No. 1 Pill—Full strength, \$10; Half-strength \$5. Quarter Strength, \$3 per bottle.

Dr. Emmenagogue Pills, Compound expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies have failed, \$10 per bottle. Single pills, six cents.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue is recommended in every respect, as the price will be refunded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None are genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr. Mattison's Pills are for sale by all druggists of Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' experience, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations in person or by letter strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the country, or to any part of the United States. Also, accommodations for those who wish to remain with the doctor during treatment, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *more Fine Dresses, Jewelry, Furniture, &c.*, are ruined by swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, than would pay for the whole cost of their Medicines. Most of the sum comes out of a class of ignorant females who are by *delusive* and false promises led to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, than would pay for the whole cost of their Medicines. Most of the sum comes out of a class of ignorant females who are by delusive and false promises led to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, than would pay for the whole cost of their Medicines. Most of the sum comes out of a class of ignorant females who are by delusive and false promises led to

DAILY COURIER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

101 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, ... $3,845,956 80
Dividends paid to date, ... 1,540,000 00
Losses paid, ... 2,305,956 80

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers *unusual security and advantages.*

It possesses over $2,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fir t Bonds and Mortgages on Real E tate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The *insured* gets all the profit s.

The Premiums and Interest collected accurately to the time fixed in the policies.

The Dividends are declared and to all the insured in setting tontine premiums, and are payable in cash, or may be left with the Company at interest, at the option of the holders.

The Dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 9??? persons insured, and its business is steadily increasing.

Persons insured under more certain the operation of the principle of average, and the liability of loss is distributed.

All bonds of the Institution are held in trust, and therefore protective to the important due thereon and with it, all and the accumulations of the Company.

This Company have declared dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to Jan. 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made at the

AGENCY IN BOSTON,

No. 24 Central and 37 Merrimack Sts.

may8 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

The Golden Remedy for Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve is the best remedy ever known, before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It never fails to give instant relief.

It overcomes bruises and paralyzing pains. I assure the public it will no longer be denied our first. It causes the cuttin of the tendo-Achilles to unite without a scar.

It cures the worst gangrenous sores, and even stiffened joints.

It cures all kinds of sores, and even the smallpox when not broken out.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head of children.

It terminates the unbearable agony of piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It cures salt rheum.

It cures the unbearable agony of piles.

It eradicates the worst case of ringworm.

It cures scrofula sores.

It instantly relieves.

It fights against sore throat and canker.

It cures all sores, old and recent, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

The worst case of erysipelas relieved.

You may be rid of your sores and stiffness.

For all diseases of the skin.

For chafing it is an excellent wash.

For sore nipples it is invaluable.

For sore eyes it is a blessing.

For stiff necks and joints take one 75.

Whittens Golden Salve is the best, cure, wear, and most universally applicable remedy ever discovered. It is the best remedy for all diseases of the skin. Cuticle, Scrofula, Scrofulous Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Whitlow, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Heads, Barber's Itch, Ringworm, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Legs, Piles, Fever Sores, Cancer, Wounds, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sprains, Corns, Bunions

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, October 31, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.
For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.
For Senator (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.
For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.
For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.
For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.
For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and vicinity. It is reported that scouts from Gen Hancock's Brigade have entered Fairfax Court House without seeing any rebels.

Some of our vessels fired into the battery at Aquia Creek, with what result is not known, and the fire was returned by the rebels. The George Page now lies shot up in Quantico Creek.

The rebel batteries were opened on the Maryland shore Tuesday, and the firing continued in a late hour at night, but without damage to anybody or anything.

From Western Virginia. Gen. Rosecrans' sympathies from Western Virginia state that he is preparing to make another advance movement, with a view to drive the rebels from that section of the country, and states that he believes they have been retreating for several days past.

Kentucky. In regard to Kentucky it is stated that Gen. Sherman has three 200,000 men necessary, though willing to fight the enemy with what he has. No large bodies of troops can be raised in the State and its defence must devolve on the five States of the West.

From Banks' Division A corps of Sappers and Miners to be enlisted under Captain Gillis, of the Zouaves d'Afrique, is to number 150 men.

From Missouri. A special despatch to the *St. Louis Democrat*, from Jefferson City, says:—Gen. Fremont who left St. Louis on Sunday last, with a force of infantry, to surprise and capture the rebels at Fulton, Calloway county, has returned, and reports that before he reached Fulton, General Hardeman, of the State militia, had made a compromise with the rebels at Dyer's Mills, near Concord, by which he agreed that the Union State militia should make no arrests, provided the rebels laid down their arms and took the oath. General Prentiss acquainted in the compromise, but on the first violation of it will visit severe vengeance on the offenders. The rebels were 400 strong, and Hardeman's 1600. The proposals for a compromise came from the rebels.

From the frontiers. Several Texans had arrived at Marshall on their way to California. They report a general exodus of Unionists throughout Texas, and that the secession misery prevails at Matamoras and along the Rio Grande. The stores are closed, steamers laid up and all kinds of business suspended.

The volunteer force in New Mexico numbers over 3000, 3000 of which are enrolled and expect soon to be employed in active service. Their destination is toward Mesilla, where they expect additional reinforcements.

The Indians report a large body of troops marching from the West, and think it may be the California regiment, so anxiously expected. If so, they will expect its arrival, to attack the forces in that region from Texas.

About the 24th, a party of New Mexican volunteers, under Capt. Mink, was surprised at Alamosa, 45 miles south of Fort Craig, by 110 Texas rebels, and their force stampeded. Capt. Mink proposed to encounter, but the men absolutely refused their horses, and retreated to Fort Craig. Subsequently, about 200 United States troops from the fort pursued and overtook the rebels killed their captain above men, and wounded about thirty. The balance of the Texans escaped to Mesilla.

More of the Fremont matter. The *New York Tribune* publishes a lengthy report o' Adjutant General Thomas, in regard to General Fremont's case. It can be summed up in the statement that Gen. Fremont, his second in command, gave a reluctant opinion that Gen. Fremont was incompetent for his extensive command. This in also the concurrent testimony of a large number of the most intelligent men in Missouri. Full details are given of all the operations in Missouri, and report states that Gen. Fremont's acts have been perverted from their real meaning, that the men of the regiments being badly equipped, with inadequate supplies of ammunition, clothing and transportation.

Sailing of the Great Naval expedition. A despatch from Fortress Monroe dated Tuesday says that the great fleet sailed that morning, the Wabash taking the lead, at daylight, when the gun was fired as a signal, the Cahawba bringing up the rear. The vessels, 50 in number, formed in line a few miles down the Roads and went out between the Capes in splendid style. The morning was the most beautiful of the season, and the scene the finest of the kind ever witnessed on the continent.

The brother-in-law of Alexander McKinley, private secretary of Com. Dupont, publishes a card emphatically contradicting the report that he has absconded with the sealed orders and charts of the naval expedition, and has taken measures to hold accountable all contributing to the defamation of an innocent man.

LETTER FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

SUMNER ON.

Washington, October 25th, 1861.

While waiting for a telegraph dispatch from the Fifteenth Massachusetts Regiment, at Poolesville, I feel like dropping you a word in regard to military matters here. I reached Washington yesterday, at 2, P. M.; and as McClellan's office was not open, I took a walk round among the camps of the army horses. They have plenty of provender, in a lot of the report in our Massachusetts papers to the contrary, but no barracks or sheds in which to be protected from the weather—at least, the transportation horses in the camp which I visited were picketed to the waggons and fed with hay and oats, most of them on the ground. Unless barracks are erected for them, the cold nights and rainy weather will tell hard upon them. Some shrewd Yankee should come this way and contract with the proper department for the erection of cheap buildings, and thus save Government an enormous grist loss.

Every department is crowded with business, but still the officers and employees are very kindly solicitous to give all the information in their power to those engaging for friends in the army, a crowd of which are constantly flocking into their rooms. I have waited some two hours here and with Chief Secretary Cameron, for a return dispatch in relation to my son, who was in the fight at Ball's Bluff, on Monday, 21st inst., and have kept my ears open to the doings of our official servants. My verdict is, They are gentlemen.

The Forty fourth Regiment of New York have just passed this office—a splendid body of men—tall and stalwart. There are no camps in Washington now, I think. At least, I have seen none in my rambles.

We found the railroad between Harrisburg, Pa., and Baltimore occupied by small squads of soldiers rented beside the road, after getting in Maryland, and this side of Baltimore by larger detachments at short distances. Government does not intend to have the rails taken up or the bridges disturbed, as that road is at the present time one of great importance. They were laying another track on the road yesterday when we came out, and much of the forage comes from that direction, since the Potomac was closed by the rebels.

One reaches the military fever strong here, and could our Massachusetts boys have a chance, as I have, and watched effect them as it has done me, Butler's detach ment would fill up speedily. Join him. Yes, and I believe you will see your regret it. He is a dashing officer, and will lead you where you will have an opportunity, perhaps, of doing what you will relate to your children, years hence, with pride.

Washington, yesterday, was as quiet and orderly as a country village. I have not seen as yet, the first man arrested by Hoppin, although it is said he was arrested by the fight at Ball's Bluff. Every one says that our Massachusetts boys fought like tigers, and stood their ground like veterans. The list of killed and wounded officers shows that they would not retreat; they would die, but never surrender; they would not submit to be murdered by their own muskets officers, as those were we cannot yet tell where the blame should fall of not having had a suitable force to back them, and the means of retreat were they defeated. The gallant Baker, now Baker, have been sacrificed by our public neglect, or miscalculation, or some thing worse, on the part of some one, and the country will soon know all. Enough is sufficient. Dangling is now too good for them.

L. H. HILDRETH.

ENLIGHTENED. The telegraph reports that a "non commissioned officer of a Mississippi regiment, a prisoner of war, was astonished to learn that our army was not an entirely negro crowd of abolitionists and radical Republicans, and that our main object was not to emancipate the slaves. He said if the fact was generally known to the working people of the South, that our only object was to restore the Government and preserve the Union, there would be a revolution in the rebel army, and peace restored. He was surprised to find Massachusetts represented by the Breckinridge Democrats contributed a large portion of our army." All reports like the above are received with many allowances; but we are inclined to believe that they are entitled to some credence. It is a well known fact, because it has come to us in black and white, that in nothing has the North or the present National Administration been fairly represented by the leading men of the South or their public prints. The most improbable statements respecting the condition of the North, the purposes, and its performances, have been published with the most brazen effrontery. Nothing has been too bad for the tongue of southern speakers or the types of southern presses to utter against us. The messages and proclamations of Mr. Lincoln, if they have ever been published in half a dozen papers north of Mason and Dixon's line, would be almost universally misrepresented from their real meaning, that the mass of the people (who are not a reading class, and who can get but one side if they were) may be kept in ignorance as to the true state of things, and the real objects of the Government. We honestly believe that these quarters of the solicitor in the rebel army are ignorant of what they are in the field to fight for. They are led by vile, wicked men; and the retribution that will overtake them will be a terrible one.

It is reported from Havana that Slidell and Mason, rebel ministers, were received with the highest consideration from Captain General down. The British Consul called on the rebel commissioners in full uniform, and presented them to the Captain General.

ODE TO A TAILOR.

One satin vest, two camp gaiters.....	$20 00
One Paris coat to fit, gloves all complete.....	7 00
One pair of leading pants, of hairy kind.....	4 50
Made up in extra style.....	7 50
21 various things for other pants.....	2 25
And best gilt buttons used.....	2 25
Repairing coat, and velvet collar.....	1 00
Repairing pantaloons, in the rear.....	0 75
Two pair of suspenders and drawers.....	2 00
Made plain, square cloth and braid vest.....	10 31
Balance of last year's bill remaining due.....	11 29
Total amount.....	84 61
Payment received — not a red cent.	

Is safe we look to see an undertaker.
Owed to a Tailor "—at the twelfth reprieve
Made over to a lawyer for collection. — *Boston Post.*

LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Boston, October 30th, 1861.

The highly agreeable weather of the present week has brought a large number of strangers to town, and there has been a considerable revival in both the retail and wholesale branches of trade. And yet, although people seem to have plenty of money and to be willing to their expensiture of it, one is in constant receipt of intelligence relative to serious private embarrassments. Men who had for several years been making profitable business, and had flattered themselves that in the enjoyment of the comfortable competence which they had secured, the wolf would be forever driven from the door, find all their efforts to make collections unsuccessful, and all exertions to break the strings with which the little property they do possess is tied by way of no avail whatever. Among such there is a very "heavy smashing" (excuse the vulgarism) to meet the ordinary expenses of life; and in many instances there is a real heart to far more independent, and luxuriates in much sweeter repose when night's curtain falls upon the world, than the apparently well-to-do citizen, for whom the "wolf" is safe of the credit system are multiplying at a fearful rate, and growing more and more intricate as time and the war progress.

There is but very little local news of interest. The most important event of the week has been the nomination of candidates (Republican and Democratic) for the unexpired term of Hon. William Appleton in Congress. Each party has made the strongest kind of a nomination, both Mr. Hooper and Mr. Upton being eminently fitted as merchants to represent a merchants district of such importance as is the Fifth; and whoever is successful in obtaining the most votes at the polls on Tuesday next, the citizens of Boston will have the gratification of knowing that their interests will be well taken care of.

Fort Warren has been garrisoned by a detachment of the Twenty-Fourth Regiment, and the prisoners to be quartered there are hourly expected. This will be a new sensation, and for a day or two, I suppose, the daily papers will teem with the most particularism relative to the "hotel" and its tenders.

The places of amusement are all doing a splendid business; but the chief attraction is the fact that we have among us the eminent tragedian, Mr. Edwin Forrest, at the Academy of Music. The great actor is about concluding his fifth week, and the season will continue four weeks longer — Owed to a Tailor "—at the twelfth reprieve Made over to a lawyer for collection. — *Boston Post.*

Union meeting. The Union meeting at Huntington Hall last evening was officered as follows:—For President, William A. Burke; Vice-Presidents, John Andrew, Samuel Fay, Jonathan Tyler, Levi Sprague, William S Gardner, Hugh McEvoy, of Lowell; Joseph Ames, Nathaniel Silsbee, of Dorset; H. Spalding, of Tewksbury; Secretaries, Abraham S. Tyler, Philip Haggerty.

The meeting was addressed by J. F. McEvoy and A. W. Bodrick, Esq., of this city, and A. G. Bowers, Esq., of Boston. Judge Abbott was not present. The principal argument of Mr. Brewster was to prove that secession in was wrong. We do not believe that there is a single man from the fact that all of our citizens hold the same views below. The meeting adjourned to meet that Saturday evening at the same hall.

Supreme Court—*Boston*. The jury in the case of George Sawyer, indicted for rape, brought in a verdict of guilty—exceptions were taken during the trial and before sentence is pronounced the case will be decided by the Supreme Court.

Michael Sullivan, of Stow, was found guilty of turning a barn in Stow—not sentenced.

Nicholas McKenna and James Riley, of Lowell, indicted for breaking and entering —Riley found guilty, McKenna was found guilty by the jury—not sentenced.

John Lasselly, of Woburn, for assaulting a liquor nuisance, was found not guilty.

Geo. Thomas, of Somerville, on trial for breaking and entering a shop, and larceny therefrom.

Remember the meeting to night. The first meeting of the campaign, announced by the Republicans, will be held at Huntington Hall this evening. The speakers were announced yesterday, and are to-day repeated in the advertisement at the head of this column; they are all our own citizens, and we doubt not under stand all local questions thoroughly, and will unquestionably be listened to with pleasure. Let there be a good turn out.

Additional contributors. Among those who have contributed articles for the content of the soldiers, we are able to add the names of Mrs. Dr. Bartlett, Mrs. J. N. Peirce, Jr., Mrs. John Putney, Mrs. A. S. Hall, and Miss Fuller. All articles are sent to the Sanitary Commission, Boston, and forwarded from that point as soon as possible, to the soldiers at the seat of war.

Selling cotton. We are sorry to learn that the Lawrence Manufacturing Company, of this city, has, within a few days, sold about 1000 bales of cotton to the Atlantic Mills, of Lawrence. We wish the company could have seen proper to have kept the cotton and worked it up themselves, thus giving employment to our own citizens. What advantage the Lawrence mills have over them of Lowell, that they can buy their stocks here and work it up for the market, we do not understand.

CITY AND COUNTY.

GRAND RALLY!

The Union and the Constitution!!

The Republicans of Lowell and all others who are in favor of our Government and Union, and the vigorous prosecution of the war for the preservation of the Constitution and the Union, are invited to meet at Huntington Hall, on

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 31st, at 7½ o'clock.

Hon. TAPPAN WENTWORTH,
of Lowell,
— LINUS CHILD,
JOHN WRIGHT, Esq.,
Hon. A. P. BONNEY,
and others, will address the meeting.
A Band of Music will be present.
By order of the City Committee
NATHAN ALLEN, Chairman.
A. A. HIGGINS, Secretary.
Lowell, October 30, 1861. oct30tdp

GENERAL TICKET OF PICE,
(82 Merrimack Street,)
adjoining Merrimack House,
Lowell, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers intending to take passage in Steamer leaving New York Nov 11th, should secure tickets as soon as possible, as the Steamer is rapidly filling up.
oct31tf S. H. FISHER.

The last edition of the Boston Journal contains the announcement that Mr. Longfellow's new poem, "The Courtship of Miles Standish," will be published in two parts, and that the first part will be issued in a large assortment of stationery, at wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices.

WANTED,

A respectable woman suitable for a small family without children, to do housework. Inquire at this office. oct31tf

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Fifteen Southern States. Iron Bonds and the War Impending, on 10 to 30 Years. It is known to the Government, and others every hour, of the Southern treasury being robbed to the tune of the Ten-Cent Bonds, Millions.

For sale at the Bulfinch Ticket Office, 184 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell.
oct31tf S. H. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were overseers for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, find it proper to call at the office of the Clerk of the Police Court, and obtain their rent, on application to the Clerk during the forenoon office hours.
oct31 2d&f S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

CORONER'S INQUEST. T. W. Pressey, Esq., coroner, has summoned a jury, at the instance of Dr. S. P. Hadley, to inquire into the cause of the death of Mrs. Mary Ann Peters, wife of Dr. A. C. Peters, also of this city. Mrs. Peters was a daughter of Dr. Birmingham, and died suddenly, apparently after an hour's illness, on Monday, the 21st inst. She was buried the day after her death, but there being a caste on the part of her father to ascertain, if possible, the cause of her sudden decease she was disinterred the following Thursday. Drs. Burnham and Bain conducted a post mortem examination. The stomach of the deceased, which has been sent to Dr. Hayes, of Boston, to be analyzed, was found to be very much inflamed, and it also appeared that the woman was in a delicate condition. The facts, in relation to her death, of which we have no reliable knowledge at this time, will probably be developed at the coroner's inquest. The jury summoned by coroner Pressey is as follows:—George S. Hatch, Josiah White, W. B. Bennett, H. A. Alger, W. H. Anderson, C. F. Howe. After viewing the body, the jury adjourned to Thursday, November 7th.

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The Centralville engine meeting. A large number of the residents of this part of the city, met at the engine house, on Fourth Street, last evening, to organize a volunteer company to "man the brakes" of Engine No. 12. George W. Stanley was elected foreman; Alpheus J. Wing, assistant do.; Robert L. Read, clerk; Geo. H. Wright, steward; William H. Wright, foreman of hose. A committee was appointed to draft rules for the company and to report next Wednesday evening. Centralville never surrenders!

Off for Pennsylvania. Hubbard Wilson, Esq., one of our well known, hard working Republican fellow-citizens, and chairman of the last year's Republican City Committee, leaves this afternoon on a visit to the Keystone State. He is commissioned by several interested friends to find out where the draw the Quakers were, that they didn't vote at the late election in Pennsylvania.

A gentleman living near the hospital, in this city, informs us that he picked ripe strawberries in his garden, in the open air, last Tuesday forenoon. He thinks he shall get no more, as the heavy frosts of this week have crisped all tender vegetation exposed to its influences. Think of picking strawberries in New England on the 29th day of October!

Military matters. The Twenty-sixth Regiment was paid off yesterday, for one months services. There was an unusually large number of visitors at the camp yesterday afternoon.

Police Court. This forenoon Robert Wilkins for assault upon Pharaoh Flanders continued to Monday next.

Thomas Begley, for assault and battery on Mary Ann Pettingell, will be tried this forenoon.

Voting lists. The Mayor and Aldermen held their first meeting last evening, to correct the list of voters, and received sixty two applications, and three names were stricken from the list in ward 3.

Owner wanted, at the Police Office, for several pair of Jersey Lisle, composed to have been stolen from some dealer.

It will be seen by an advertisement in another column, that Hubbard's Panoramic scope of the Prince's Tour of America will open at Mechanics' Hall to-morrow evening. The exhibition will run four nights, and we advise all to visit it during its stay among us. It embraces scenes in all the British Provinces and the Loyal States. The views are correctly painted, and the proprietor has spared no expense in making the tour a panoramic exhibition ever produced.—The views of Washington and Baltimore are said to be very different at this period of our national troubles.

Fire evening school. By advertisement elsewhere, it will be seen that a free evening school will be commenced in the new chapel, on Middlesex Street, next Monday evening.

Republican Meetings out of town The Republicans of Tewksbury will hold a meeting at the Town Hall, to morrow (Friday) evening, and a large number of "Wide Awakes" will be present. From this town Hon. Caleb Cushing, D. G. Locke will run from the "Gen. Anderson," (which will carry thirty or forty persons), for the accommodation of such as wish to attend. Let there be a good delegation. Good speaking may be expected.

The Republicans of Dracut will also hold a meeting on Saturday evening at 7 o'clock, at the new Music Hall, house near the Factory Village. Several gentlemen from Lowell will address the meeting, and all interested in political matters at this time should be present. Republicans of Dracut and Tewksbury should see that these meetings are well attended.

Union Convention. The County and Committee conventions at Charlestown, yesterday, were presided over by Hon. Joseph Wilson, of Boston, and Hon. Joseph Bell was one of the Vice-Presidents and Mr. Bryant secretary. The following nominations were made:—For Councillor, Joseph Bell, Cohasset; Senator, Republican, Timothy Fletcher, of Charlestown; Treasurer, Amos Stone, of Charlestown; Clerk of Courts, Benjamin F. Ham, of Cambridge; Register of Deeds for Northern District, Asahel B. Wright, of Lowell.

Ordination at Pelham. After a long vacancy, the Congregational Society in our neighboring town of Pelham, were favored on the 23d inst., last year, with a pastor of great promise, Mr. Augustus Bassy, formerly principal of the academy at Mt. Vernon, N. H. The council whom Dr. Cheaveland, of this city, Moderator, and the Rev. Mr. Davis, of Amherst, Scribe. After a highly satisfactory examination of the candidate, the services, including the sermon, and the ordination prayer, were conducted as follows: Introductory exercises, by Rev. Mr. Thayer, of Windham; Sermon, by the Scribe; Ordaining Prayer, by Rev. Mr. Bassy; Charge to the Pastor, by the Moderator; Right Hand of Fellowship, by Rev. Mr. Crosley, of Methuen; Address to the people, by Rev. Mr. Clark, of North Chelmsford; Concluding Prayer, by Rev. Mr. Russell, of the Methodist Church, Pelham, and Benediction by the new pastor. The council and their friends then partook of an excellent dinner, provided by Mr. Woodbury.

Caesar Russell, a colored man, died at Taunton, Mass., on Sunday, aged 105. He was 75 years a slave. He has resided in Taunton for thirty years. The *Gazette* says that he was the father of about a dozen children, some of whom were persons of remarkable intelligence and character.

A monument is to be erected in Detroit in honor of the Michigan soldiers who may fall in battle.

Old Newspapers by the hundred for sale at this office.

State of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Oct. 30.

36 Boston and Providence Railroad	123¾
10 Boston and Worcester Railroad	91½
1 Vermont and Canada Railroad	20
10 Michigan Central Railroad	60
2 Northern Railroad	20
1 Rutland Railroad	10
1 Middlesex Horse Railroad	50

N. J. WIER & CO.,

No. 28 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,

MAGEE FURNACES,

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

AND MAGEE RANGES.

Which can of be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The Cooking Stoves of the above now in use in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

Call and See Them Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which it is well adapted to the wants of a large family. It is constructed on the same principles as the Magee Parlor Stoves, and can be operated as regards economy and convenience. The fire may be kept in all night without opening the front door, and without the escape of gases or smoke.

The public are invited to call and examine these stoves, which are kept constantly on hand at the Store of N. J. WIER & CO., No. 28 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

Parties wishing to have Stoves set up and repaired, will please call at the Store, or address a note to the subscribers, at which it will receive prompt attention.

oct31 4w

TO THRAVELLERS.

FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York and return.....$8 75
Lowell to New York and return, second class.....7 25
Tickets for the West, North and Southwest at the lowest rates.
Tickets to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.
Baggage Checked Through to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.
Agents for Cunard and Liverpool and Havre Steamers.
Tickets for personal permits can be had.
Office, Old Post Office Building, Merrimack Street, Lowell, and by Baggage express, Merrimack Square.
oct31 1m

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies settle on property as last as other companies. Office in Dwelling House, corner of Gorham and Pleasant Streets, a few minutes walk from the Merrimack House.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 28 Central Exchange, Middle st. Lowell.
oct31 4w

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividends Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
Oct31 4w

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice and have given it a thorough test for the last year, and are satisfied that its merits are unsurpassed by any other base. It is perfectly adapted to the mouth, and is not affected by the secretions of the mouth, and they are prepared to insert sets of teeth on this base, at prices as low as the cheapest. Those who have had sets inserted by them, and have had them broken, can have them repaired at a trifling expense.

Office, No. 3 Prescott Block, Merrimack Square, Lowell.
oct31 1m

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1851.

Continues to insure on favorable terms against loss by fire on dwelling Houses to a single risk, or to any amount from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Joseph Locke, Ebenezer Bailey,
Arthur T. Bonney, Walter Wright,
Joshua M. Fiske, Chris. M. Morrill,
Edward Brown, Wm. Crosby,
Robert Bowers. Boston.

Alonzo A. Miner, Jeremiah C. Ayer,
Benjamin E. Bates, Lowell.
Reuben E. Demond, Lawrence.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell.
oct31 1 4w

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in Sealed Envelopes. Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Indiscretion, Excesses, or Impositions practised upon Youth.

By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,
Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,
No. 127 Bleecker Street, New York.
Post Office Box 4586.
oct31 3m

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S CELEBRATED

DYE WORKS.

Are universally acknowledged to be the best Dye House in the United States.

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT where HAIR dyed instantly in a superior manner. Also, the only establishment where the Genuine Batchelor's Wig is made.

The Genuine BATCHELOR'S DYE has been patronized by W. A. BATCHELOR since 1839, and each bottle signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. All others are imitations.

Sold and applied at No. 16 Astor House, New York, and by druggists throughout the United States, and by druggists and Perfumers in Europe.

Batchelor's Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New York.
apr9 1y

WAR HAS COME AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE WITH THE GOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES OF IT TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

This Salve is the result of long study and experiment. It has been taken by soldiers as a means of cure. It is a sure remedy for Piles, Fever Sores, Scalds, Burns from long follow marches, sore throat, inflammation of the eyes, &c.

Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

Depot for Merrimack Co., No. 28 Merrimack Street, Lowell.

Sold by Chas. A. Kendall, Wm. H. French, E. A. Simonds, J. E. Hood, and Samuel Kidder, Jr., Lowell and by CHURCH & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors, 60 Dey st., New York.
oct31 1m

Washington Coal.

For cooking, no so equal,
Makes a quicker fire,
Makes stronger steam,
Makes more power,
Makes less dust,
Makes less clinkers,
It costs less per ton,
And is the best burning coal. And the GENUINE can be had only of HOWARD'S Agents, Messrs. Stevens and Upton, agents, J. HOWARD, 13 Pemberton Street, Boston.
may14dsf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the exclusive owners of the true and original

FRANKLIN COAL,

Would caution the public against all spurious coal of the same name. M. W. & LIVINGSTON, advertise Franklin Coal.

Also We take this method of confirming the golden opinions of the public in favor of the Franklin Coal, and would caution consumers against purchasing another kind of coal, and being told it is the Franklin Coal, as the only sure and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Hives, Croup, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest, Lungs, or the second membrane. In the worst cases of Pleurisy it will give immediate relief.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable Female Medicine extant.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That in one combination of the female system in which the most delicate derangements occur, and in which the most powerful remedies are required, that is during PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the delicate sympathy existing between the stomach and the sexual functions in a normal condition, that even SICK HEADACHE frequently produces the same result. *Explicit directions, stating when and when they must not be taken, are given with each box.* Do not confound them with counterfeits of this name.

Sold by druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and by the Agents in this city.

PRICE, 25 CENTS AND A LARGE SCALP, NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

Read an Agent's empty statement.

NATICK, Mass., Nov. 20, 1860.

Messrs. W. A. & G. Cheeseman:

Gents: I have been using HEIMSTREET'S "Indian Vegetable Hair Restorative" for my wife, and it has given *satisfaction and success*. I have tried various articles for the hair, but have found none to equal it. I never hesitate in recommending it to those who ask me. I never hesitate in recommending it to those who ask me. I never hesitate in recommending it to those who ask me

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
LOUDER AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq. *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced its use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My bald has ever continued healthy, with a good growth, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it to facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I see well myself they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have been prompted to write you in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that it would fail; and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by posting the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize such articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting a name or name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every description of diseased head are subject to.

I could to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,292, will be promptly answered.

Yours truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., April 26, 1859.

Dear Sir—I send you a statement that I have given for several years, while I was a resident of this city, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning constantly to grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had spent a number of months of the time in trying the effect of your Hair Restorative, not supposed the most unskilful of the many that I had been entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I considered it would add much to my comfort, commencing in a small way. I purchased of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered that my hair was removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was remarkably arrested, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it till the present time, of your small bottles and part pints on the whole. I do now see a pretty a head of dark brown, or light in a hair as any man, or as I had in my younger days, where a single hair of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is as soft and fine, and fair as the silk, as though just from the loom of a French silkweaver. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Doctor, what kind of you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I do not think it possible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be obtained by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the universal approbation of those who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine preparations which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Cadiz (Ky.) Republican.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found the certificate of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair from falling off. We have seen many authentic testimonials in favor of these excellent qualities, of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unimpeachable veracity, and we feel assured that any thing they say in favor of this Restorative can be relied upon.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of ten they are generally worthless, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all those who are failing off or turning gray. Our well-known gentleman, Harvey Eldridge, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

WM. HUNT & SON, Druggists, Alton, Ill., Co., Ohio, is as fine where Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is sold, and we have recommended them of excellent worth in all cases. *Times.*

Prepared and for sale by
O. J. WOOD & CO.,
No. 312 Broadway, New York.
And for sale by all Druggists everywhere.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

K. GALLEHER'S M. D., writes from the Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, that he recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the entire satisfaction of his patients and all who require a stimulating medicine"

Such News we are receiving Daily.

DIRECTIONS in 4 LANGUAGES IN EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
mar7 d1aw3m

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown, even to the tribes of the kind, and proving effectual in the all cases we have called, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best thing known, for the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken three days before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and in no case has the least injury to health in any case—for it will also prevent obstructions, if taken three days before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

See that
THE GENUINE
Is supplied with every internal necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
to us, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books,
Pamphlets,
for music,
Programmes,
Bill Heads,
Notes,
Circulars,
Cards,
Tickets,
Labels,
Blanks,
Posters, &c.,
Executed with neatness and dispatch.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, printed in a variety of colors.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In stock, thus or cut to, or Bronze of every stash, of white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapt ed to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. G. HOSE, } Proprietors.
C. W. HOSE, }

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
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Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
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E. G. HOSE, } Proprietors.
C. W. HOSE, }

W. H. DYAR
MUSIC STORE!
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to carry a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or pattern, having good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Re-gilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. wp24d1

GOLD PENCILLIAS AND PARA
Broken lots repaired, Canes in
ivory, and Gold setting, Pinking, Em-
broidering, &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
oct1 d1m

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

A LIMITED WHITE LEAD COMPANY, with the Power to increase their capital stock to any amount, has been organized to be located in the Forest River Ravine and Swamp, in the southerly part of the city of Salem, and the superior quality of the Forest River White Lead made at above, and market Warranted Pure.

The property has been purchased by the owners of the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than older Lead in the market, considerably below that 50 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs or most other brands. The Lead has been WORKED by a new and peculiar process in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A full supply of Lead will be kept on hand at the manufactory, and orders will be promptly filled. Any work easier and in greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now in use. Call and examine it.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of the Lead, has had a practical knowledge of the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century. Any information relative to the Lead, important in the prevention in the mode of manufacture, enables him to offer it to the consumer at the lowest rates.

Orders may be left at the office of the Forest River Lead Company, or can be obtained at the Manufactory, Forest River Ravine, between Nos. 1 and 3 Mechanic Building, Boston street, Lowell.
se27d1y

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Superior to Paint and Powder, Dr. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream, or Magical Beautifier, or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Robbin's Cosmetic, Tricopherous, and Misses' Balm, for sale at S. RIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

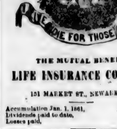
THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND
IS HONDON, *for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, Marble, Oilcloth, &c.* It is unrivalled for *Cleaning Plated Ware*, and a great saving of labor. Every housekeeper should try it. *Fresh* as soon as received. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MARY dilcrne of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLANTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as ordinary Chiropodists, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,253 92
Dividends paid to date,	1,616,503 53
Losses paid,	2,421,805 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are principally in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its Agencies are established in all the principal cities in the Union.

It has the largest list of Policy Holders.

It has paid all its losses promptly.

It has the lowest rates of premium consistent with safety.

It has the largest Dividends.

It has the largest Cash Dividends.

It has the largest Annual Dividends.

It has the largest Semi-Annual Dividends.

It has the largest Quarterly Dividends.

It has the largest Monthly Dividends.

It has the largest Weekly Dividends.

It has the largest Daily Dividends.

It has the largest Hourly Dividends.

It has the largest Momentary Dividends.

It has the largest Dividends of any kind.

It has the largest Dividends of every kind.

It has the largest Dividends of all kinds.

It has the largest Dividends of every description.

It has the largest Dividends of every sort.

It has the largest Dividends of every variety.

It has the largest Dividends of every quality.

It has the largest Dividends of every class.

It has the largest Dividends of every species.

It has the largest Dividends of every description.

It has the largest Dividends of every kind

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, November 1, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.

For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.

For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.

For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.

For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.

For Senator (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.

For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.

For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.

For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.

For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

GEN. FREMONT'S CASE. Gen. Thomas, Adjutant General of the United States Army, who at the request of Mr. Cameron, has examined into the affairs of Gen. Fremont's department, has made his report, and the same is now being published throughout the country. The document is too lengthy for our columns. We have given it some attention, and can only conclude that it is exceedingly damaging to Gen. Fremont. He seems to have been interrupted in his work, which was apparently almost aimless, so far as any immediate operations against the rebels was concerned; and that without discretion he was exhausting the money and implements of war furnished him by Government, making no progress toward the end desired. We regret to come to these conclusions, but they appear to us apparent in the report of Gen. Thomas. We do not agree in the honesty of Gen. Fremont; but his departure from official safe guards, his readiness to assume the responsibility, has lead him to countenance transactions, or authorize movements or proposals, that have been instigated by unprincipled speculators, and his whole department was in no condition for meeting the active rebels, and every day seemed to add to its inefficiency. A great portion of the report is devoted to an effort to show the injudicious superintendence of the Department, showing disregard of law, order, and propriety. The testimony of many of the leading officers in question would seem compelled to believe the charges of Col. Blair are well-founded.

The ability of Gen. Fremont to reinforce Gen. Lyon and Col. Mulligan is clearly shown, leaving the reader to conclude that a lack of military skill alone was the cause of the disaster to Lyon's command and his own death, and the capture of Mulligan and his whole force. We are pained to read evidences of this fact, and hope for counter testimony; if it does not come we can only conclude that our country has been most insane in Gen. Fremont, and the whole country cannot fail to fall into the same opinion. We do not b pe for anything from him in his wild-goose chase after Price. He is not within seventy-five or one hundred miles of the rebl leader, and the whole country at the sou hwar, as far as we have any knowledge of its condition, is open, into which he can retreat. What will Gen. Fremont gain by keeping up a pursuit, which every day takes him farther from the scene of operations of the western army, and does not diminish the distance between him and the flying army of rebels?

The following is one paragraph from the report of Gen. Thomas:—

"The opinion entertained by gentlemen conversant with intelligence, who have approached and observed him, is, that he is more fond of the pomp than of the stern realities of war—that his mind is incapable of fixed attention or a long concentration—that by his unassuming mien of affairs since his arrival in Missouri, the State has almost been lost—and that if he is continued in command, the worst consequences may be anticipated. This is the concurrent testimony of a large number of the most intelligent men in Missouri."

REMEMBER ONE THING: That those who ask you to carry a vote against the regularly-nominated Republican ticket, do not give one good reason why you should do so. There is not, at this time, when there are no political issues before the country, one name on the Republican ticket that any man can object to, if he will but lay aside every party prejudice and consider only his country's interests. This cannot be denied. Is there any better ticket in the field?

NEW CAMP FOR GEN. BUTLER'S DIVISION. Major General Butler, commanding the Department of New England, has established a camp at Pittsfield, which he has designated as "Camp Howard," and placed C. M. Whelden in command, as acting Lieutenant Colonel. All officers recruiting in the west of Worcester county are authority from Gen. Butler, are ordered to report with their men at the above camp. Capt. W. S. B. Tompkins, of Ware, has raised a company of eighty men for Gen. Butler's division, and has been ordered into camp.

☞ There's a plenty of ups and downs in this life. Pendergrass mun ran for constable, and the next k ss stable ran for him. The last run he got in.

WAR NEWS, &c.

There is little news to-day from the various points where the Federal forces are concentrated, and what there is amounts to but little.

From Washington and vicinity. A reconnoissance was made last Thursday by Gen. Sickles and staff, accompanied by a squad of Indiana cavalry, along the shore of the Potomac, about 40 miles from Washington, when they were fired upon by the rebel battery on the Virginia shore. One of the shots fell short, and another passed over them.

A boat containing seven rebels with a flag of truce came across the Potomac on Thursday morning from Quantico Creek. Capt. Adams of the Massachusetts 1st went down to Budd's Ferry, to meet it, but it stopped about 1000 yards from the shore and anchored a barrel, then took down its flag of truce, and set for the Virginia shore. The same afternoon heavy firing was heard at Budd's Ferry from down the Potomac. Soon after the Thomas Freeborn and the Philadelphia ice boat came up. Besides the two batteries at Shipping Point three others a little to the southeast opened fire on them, two of which are on the high bluffs, entirely concealed by trees. The steamers to attend the fire for about an hour. Our vessels were not hurt. The vessels' shots were seen to burst in close proximity to the rebel batteries.

Yesterday the pickets of Gen. Wadsworth captured a private of a South Carolina regiment, about three miles beyond Falls Church.

There seems to be no doubt but the rebels have a large number of flatboats at Accoquan Creek, manufactured at Fredericksburg, designed for crossing the Potomac.

Loss of the rebels at Edwards' Ferry.—The *New York Tribune's* Washington dispatches state that by rebel papers found at Edwards' Ferry acknowledge to our pickets that their killed and wounded amounted to 350, and that our wounded captured are placed in the hospital with their own wounded. They also stated that there were now between thirty and forty thousand men from Manassas to Leesburg and vicinity.

The President is reported to have interrupted in his work, which was apparently almost aimless, so far as any immediate operations against the rebels was concerned; and that without discretion he was exhausting the money and implements of war furnished him by Government, making no progress toward the end desired. We regret to come to these conclusions, but they appear to us apparent in the report of Gen. Thomas. We do not agree in the honesty of Gen. Fremont; but his departure from official safe guards, his readiness to assume the responsibility, has lead him to countenance transactions, or authorize movements or proposals, that have been instigated by unprincipled speculators, and his whole department was in no condition for meeting the active rebels, and every day seemed to add to its inefficiency. A great portion of the report is devoted to an effort to show the injudicious superintendence of the Department, showing disregard of law, order, and propriety. The testimony of many of the leading officers in question would seem compelled to believe the charges of Col. Blair are well-founded.

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EXTRACTS FROM A DISCOURSE. Rev. Mr. Twiss delivered a very earnest discourse in the First Universalist Church, last Sunday afternoon, upon the subject of "the Manifestations of God in History," in which it seemed to be the speaker's object to prepare his hearers for any disasters that may yet befall the General Government, showing that God rules among the inhabitants of the earth as well as in the armies of heaven. We have not had space until now, for an extract or two of perhaps the most important part of the discourse. After referring to the hopeful view of the present condition of Italy, alliusion was made to our country, as follows:—

But it may be said that this is more than counterbalanced by the present rebellion against not only the constitution of the United States, but against the enjugtenment of the age; against humanity; against God. For this terrible and gigantic crime of treason, God has laid it down upon the coal, deliberate, resolute and purpose of chastening God's image, and making it conform to the Christian block to the highest order. Here it may be said that, notwithstanding much has been gained in Europe, there is an equal chance that more will be lost in America. And that the apprehensive a tell for the cause of truth and justice in foreign lands, may now be said to fail for the cause in our own.

I confess that the first aspect of the case favors this view; and I do not wonder that a sense of gloom should pervade the public mind.

But we need not be troubled in thought if we remember the lessons of history, and the fact that God rules on the earth to-day as much as he ruled on the earth at any former period of the world. If I suppose, all it was possible for the present rebellion to last permanently. I should regard it as not only possible for the world to go back into the dark ages of the past, but I should believe that it would do so. And then I should give up my belief in Republicanism, and in the hope of the world's intelligent Supreme Being; my belief in God would be shaken, and I should be amongst those who were to sink down through all the great achievements of the past into the depths of the lowest paganism. Establish what these wicked, misguided leaders of the rebellion desire to be their intention, and civilization is relieved back more than eighteen centu ies—back to the time when all the rendencies of the largest and truest civil liberty in Europe—in the face of the fact that the most absolute despotism and personal liberty to forty million slaves the present year—it is impossible to resist a government on this continent, based upon the fact of the enslavement of men as its corner stone—the most daring impiety, I repeat to me, that can be in the light of this age, offered to God—in the entirety it exceeds in blackness the darkest vengeance of heaven. The wickedness of fort stealing, mint robbing, arsenal and navy yard plundering, other material forms of treason sink into utter insignificance by its side. The building on foundation of evil was a Titanic enterprise compared to it.

But now the question is, Will this God defying scheme succeed? If it does, the I say farewell to Christianity farewell to the inspired revelation of the nineteenth century! farewell to the Bible! farewell to the hope of humanity! And God forgive me if it be wrong—I ask not for my self and family to survive such a wreck of all that is grand in thought, and glorious in truth!

But I do not. I cannot bring my mind to believe that this work of darkness is to be established in the nineteenth century, that can observe in man appear.

As much as I have experimented to see he are. I see no reason to exam e my mind. This monster is not be killed, and will be killed, by the forces of the North, or from a firm faith in God's right to rule on the earth. Further than this I cannot see that as a nation we are yet to pass through great suffering—God only knows how much. But I believe that the closest not yet appreciate the work upon its hands. Even now, as I speak, I may assume. Are we ready it it does come to our great army, every man, to swear we will spread our flag over all the land, and give our gold and our lives to the cause of the nation, and the cause of human liv? I cannot think it is God's purpose to purify the nation. If in order to accomplish this object, it shall be necessary for us to call on the great God defeat, another soldier must upon us." How, our it is, we shall organize ourselves against the rebellion. I feel assured it will be done. Nor do I know how many years will elapse before the rebellion shall be subdued. Certain I am that were we to conquer the rebels thoroughly conquer them in a month, years would nevertheless be wasted in all its essential elements. The cause of human liv I cannot state in more and immediate causes of this war much be removed before it shall have ceased to exist. For the rest, we must prepare, though active hostilities are suspended, still, still more that personal duties must shall have been taken up and the way of. This will occupy, comparatively, a long time.

But as John Adams said of the "Declaration of Independence," "I may say of our present defence of the Constitution:—Through all the gloom, I can see a ray of light. And on that light I rest with confidence."

I have, therefore, that God is in this world, and that we are making out his own will in its history. Wherever Christian civilization is the basis of all its tendencies is the largest and truest civil liberty in Europe—in the face of the fact that the most absolute despotism and personal liberty to forty million slaves the present year—it is impossible to resist a government on this continent, based upon the fact of the enslavement of men as its corner stone—the most daring impiety, I repeat to me, that can be in the light of this age, offered to God—in the entirety it exceeds in blackness the darkest vengeance of heaven. The wickedness of fort stealing, mint robbing, arsenal and navy yard plundering, other material forms of treason sink into utter insignificance by its side. The building on foundation of evil was a Titanic enterprise compared to it.

CITY AND COUNTY.

GRAND UNION RALLY!

The legal voters of the City of Lowell who are willing to forget old Party prejudices, and are in favor of uniting in electing a ticket composed of our ablest men to represent our city in the next Legislature, are invited to meet at *HUNTINGTON HALL* on SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 2d, at 7½ o'clock.

Addresses will be made by

Col. E. G. PARKER, of Boston,
T. R. SWEETSER, Esq., and
JOHN MARKEN, Esq., of Lowell.

A Band of Music will be in attendance.

1st Ward Committee.

S. W. STICKNEY, Chairman
Progress Union Committee.

J. F. MCIVOR, Secretary. no1-1dy

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,
182 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining Merrimack House.

Lowell, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers intending to take passage in Steamer leaving N. York Nov 13th, should secure tickets as soon as possible, as the passage is rapidly filling up.

S. H. FISHER.

The last edition of the Boston Journal can be obtained at P. Logan's store 93 Merrimack street, at Wyman's Express office, at the Post Office, and at every of the Periodical Agencies. Also can be obtained at the Journal office, 17 Kilby street, at the lowest prices. no1-1dwlt

WANTED,

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family, without children, in a central location. Inquire at Chapel Hill corner of Middle street. Also, Apply at this office. no1-1dwlt

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Seat of War in Southern Virginia. Call at the Post Office Newspaper Agency, 182 Merrimack street, and obtain every one of the Southern country. Price 25 Cents. Also for sale at the Boston Journal Office, 17 Kilby street, at the lowest prices. no1-1dwlt

For sale at the Bulletin Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack street, adjoining the Merrimack House, a large assortment of Boston Papers. S. H. FISHER, Agent. no1-1dwlt

NOTICE.

Persons who were summoned by the Commissioners in the Police Court, in criminal cases, find it required to appear in the Court House on Monday, Nov. 4th, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during the usual office hours.

A. P. HADLEY Jr., Clerk.
no1-1dwlt

REPUBLICAN MEETING. The meeting at Huntington Hall, last evening, was quite fully attended, and enthusiasm and harmony was manifested. The band connected with the Twenty-Sixth Regiment was present, and at intervals enlivened the meeting with its excellent airs.

Dr. Nahum Allen, chairman of the Republican City Committee, called to order, and submitted a list of officers, who were adopted as follows:

President, Hon. Tappan Wentworth.
Vice Presidents, Ward 1—Paul Hill, John H. Cheney; 2—Dr. Edmund Lawrence, Wm. P. Webster; 3—Wm North, F. Appleton; 4—J. A. Butrick, J. F. Hanaford; 5—Josiah Adams, Daniel L. Knapp; 6—William Brown, A. H. Chesley; 7—Josiah Hosley, Tewksbury, Joshua Clark.

Secretaries, George Stevens, G. F. Scribner.

Speeches were made by Hon. T. Wentworth, the chairman, Hon. A. P. Bonney, Rev. L. J. Fletcher, Hon. Linus Child, and John Wright, Esq., all taking strong ground in favor of sustaining the Republican organization as the conservative Union defending party of the country.

Mr. Bonney, in a spirited speech, repudiated the idea that the sentiment of Hon. Charles Sumner were endorsed by the Republican party, and that it was a party to the cause of unity of action, that the whole strength of the party might be given to our State and National Administrations.

Rev. Mr. Fletcher, Democrat, and formerly acted with the American Party, and who has taken no active part in politics for two or three years, though supposed to sympathize with the Constitutional Union Party of last year, spoke briefly in favor of sustaining the candidates that the Republicans have put in the field.

Hon. Linus Child made some of his able and argumentative speeches, which was well received.

A resolution was adopted, and during the hours headed with the name of John A. Andrew for Governor, and the Union and County Republican nominees. A resolution was also adopted, heartily endorsing Dr. Nahum Allen, the Republican nominee for Senator, in the Fifth District.

If a was well attended, and the speakers were listened to with close attention.—Our whole block it may be regarded as successful, and encouraging evidence of the right doing in our ranks.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* Thomas M. Pyhy, John McGinn, Thomas O'Brien and J. B. McKeon, all of Cambridge, appealed from the Police Court, for main assaulting upon each other. Decision of Police Court affirmed—not sentenced.

Ruth White, of Woburn, was found guilty of keeping a liquor nuisance—not sentenced.

John Murphy, of Brighton, guilty of larceny—not sentenced.

John H. Whitney, of Westford, retracted his plea of not guilty and plead guilty —not sentenced.

Michael Barry, of Brighton, for an assault upon his wife, was found guilty; also complaints and of Bridget Kennard, an appeal case, was given to the jury, this forenoon.

William Connell, of Cambridge, for being a common seller, was on trial at 12 M.

SUPREME COURT—*Devens J.* At Cambridge, yesterday, both juries were dismissed till the 3rd of December next, at which time the court will come in to try those cases now awaiting trial, indicted for murder, among whom is Miss Anna A. Dower, of this city.

CHANGE OF MILL AND SCHOOL HOURS. The winter arrangement of commencing work at 7 A. M., and stopping at 7 P. M., taking dinner at 12½ P. M., commenced the morning, and will continue until March 1st. The public schools will also commence at 9 A. M., and 1½ P. M., instead of 8½ and 2 o'clock.

PERSONS BEFORE. We are happy to learn that Hon. Charles Spear and Mrs. Spear will deliver addresses on the Sabbath, on their mission. The place will be announced to-morrow. Mr. Spear is well known every where in this land of philanthropic enterprise. Doubtless our citizens will avail themselves of this opportunity of hearing him on his favorite theme.

EVENING SCHOOLS. The sub-committee of the School Committee on evening schools have decided to have them opened on Monday evening 18th inst., to be kept in the Mann and Green Grammar School houses same as last year, Monday and Thursday evenings for boys and Tuesday and Friday evenings for girls.

ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTORS. There have been received at the Mayor's office during the last twenty-four hours the following contributions for the soldiers: Mrs. John L. Cortiss, one bedtick, two comforters, two sheets and linen for bandages; Miss Prudence Ford, three shirts; Mrs. Rebecah B. Fuller, one bedquilt and two pairs of woolen stockings; Mrs. E. Burgess, two pillows, towels, handkerchiefs and linen bandages.

HAS NOT ARRIVED. The Ninth Connecticut Regiment, expected at Camp Chase yesterday, did not arrive; and yesterday afternoon word was received that it would not leave Connecticut until Monday next.

THE OLD LINES IN THE FIELD. At a meeting of the old line association held last Wednesday evening, it was unanimously agreed to have a series of parties at the Merrimack Hall the coming season. The first will take place in about two weeks.

The first exhibition of the Prince of Wales' tour on the continent will be given at the Music Hall this evening. It is as we have already declared, a fine work of art, and should be seen by all our citizens.

GEN. BUTLER AT WASHINGTON. Gen. Butler is in Washington, having left here on Wednesday, to receive orders in regard to future movements.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Nancy Holland, for keeping a disord rly house was ordered to $200 until Saturday, 9th inst.

THE MEETING AT TEWKSBURY. Don't forget the meeting at Tewksbury this evening. It should attract a large delegation of our citizens. The evening bids fair to be fine, and the meeting will probably be a large one. Good speaking is expected, gentlemen will well repay attendance.—Those who do not prefer private conveyance can make arrangements to go with Leavitt, who turns out his "big team."

ACCEPTANCE OF MR NESMITH. The following is the letter of Hon. John Nesmith, accepting the Union Republican nomination for Lieut. Governor:—

LOWELL, October 31st, 1861.

Hon. Wm. Claflin and others, Esq.

Gentlemen:—Your official notice of my nomination, by the late Republican State convention, as candidate for Lieutenant Governor is received.

I respectfully signify that the gentleman selected by the State Convention, with the hearty concurrence of the people, to fill the office of Governor, is the best man to administer the affairs of the State, at this crisis in our history, and the other nominees, on the same ticket, are also the best men that could be named.

Yours truly, JOHN NESMITH.

"OLD ABE" AS PRESIDENT. A correspondent of a St. Louis paper lately witnessed a great military review near Cairo, and says: "I met a man yesterday who said he then and there saw—" The officers loosed their shoulders, and immaculate hats and unexceptionable boots to hear what

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I have hereinmentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as even flatter your Vegetable Hair Restorative, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even its wonderful fall name has spread out the Union. I have occasion at any time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending it as a valuable, and reliable tonic to my own case. In several instances I have met with persons who have announced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. On a few occasions I have found it proved, to prefer to the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling a short half the price. In the latter case two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one before them that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently many of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I assure they have copied yours, and even taken several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of your's.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scurf, weak hair, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,026, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 29, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over 57 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white as a very stiff and unpleasant to handle. A number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, which appeared there was a core faction that trouble them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days as well as I could, I concluded I would make the experiment, reasoning that if it was to do me any harm, one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and enamored using, following directions carefully as I read. I soon discovered the dangers if removed, and my hair that was fallen off in large quantities, was coming in, tightly set, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your large bottles and a half bottle of the fourth. I is as soon as pretty a head of dark brown, or light that I have seen any man who had in my youthful days, when a boy to the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased to itch, by falling off or scurf; and for a man of my age, as old, as though just from the hands of a French chamber maid. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Barlow what did you get but fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test on every section of this wide known and excellent preparation for restoring a gray hair to its natural color. The Hair Restorative now exists extraordinary ingredients, and therefore is the best article offered to the public. We have even more; we have the testimonials in proof of these statements from well known persons, definitely pointing out the heart of the most respectable community. Therefore, "value will in a few bottles I was completely restored. Yours, &c.

GEORGE W. JOFFMAN saw he was of the Hair Restorative for 20 years he had it in his house, and at the date I am letter he had used it for 30 years. It is effecting the cure, when several physicians attending the case failed. Mr. Joffman is one of the largest manufacturers of lime composition, kindly directions to any one who may call on him.

W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, is on that where Face, and Agent prevails; that he uses it in his family, and some of them of decided merit in all cases where ever and sores have been healed by its use.

E. K. GALLEHEES M. D. writes from Mobile, Ala., that he has used it in his family, and used the Sherry Wine Bitters to the order of the Hair Restorative, and that it is the best article for making hair grow.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eleven months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, securely sealed, to all parts of the country.

No. 1—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ Beware of all other medicines *pretended expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, etc.—that is surrounded as represented in* EVERY MYSTERY, *or the public will be deceived.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None but the genuine and warranted will be sent by me. Be sure and ask for "Dr. M.'s HIS REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR DISEASES, No. 14 Eddy Street, Providence, R. I."

☞ This Specialty attends all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by the Physician who has had over 20 years of practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or personally are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the United States. Also, sent to any part of the United States. Also, sent to any part of the United States. Also, sent

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, November 2, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Abington.
For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.
For Senator (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.
For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.
For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.
For County Commissioner,
J. H. WATTS, of Malden.
For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.
For Representatives—District No. 33.
PAUL HILL,
LEWIS CHILD,
ISAAC PLACE.
District No. 34.
SAMUEL D. SARGEANT,
NATHANIEL B. FAVOR,
JOSHUA N. MARSHALL.

In last evening's *Advertiser* appeared two columns of matter, burlesquing the Republican meeting at Huntington Hall, on Thursday evening. We are glad to know there are persons who will be able to discover either wit or wisdom in the article, but we very much doubt it. Until the appearance of the article referred to, none of the newspapers of this city have manifested any desire to introduce personalities and misrepresentations during this campaign. For one, we have refrained from publishing a word to which any fair-minded man can object. We have seen no occasion for any severe criticisms; we believe any misrepresentations more out of character now than ever before, in a political campaign. The nominees of the "Union Party" are men of respectability and worth, against whom we have nothing to say; of those who are upon their election, so far as we know, the same may be said; and now, when according to their own arguments the utmost harmony should exist, and when there should be no party in the State or in the country, it seems to us that such unfair personalities as were last evening published, are altogether uncalled for, out of place, and ungenerous.

What we accord to the "Union men" we claim for those whom they are opposing; but we certainly have a right to imitate the example the *Advertiser* has given us, although the field is quite as broad and the opportunity not less open to us than to our neighbor, did we choose to engage in the same style of argument (?) But we have no possible reason for misrepresenting the position of the Union men, attributing to them either false or dishonorable purposes, or questioning their patriotism. We know that the writer in the *Advertiser* has misstated facts, and we believe he has injured the cause he would advance by his twaddle and feeble efforts to appear witty at the expense of gentlemen of quite as much ability and respectability as himself. While all are disposed to support the nominations made by the Republicans, who have really been compelled to present a straight ticket, we are not required or expected to defend every act of the Republican Party to go out of our way to abuse those who have been nominated against it, and if we were we would not do so. We have personal regard for both the parties; Republicans are acting in this election on both sides; and we have no question about their sincerity in so doing, and we believe the right will prevail. As we accord to them, they also grant us—The article in the *Advertiser*, however, did not come from a Republican, but from a Democrat, one who in the late Democratic caucus voted to make straight party nominations at Worcester, and who almost goes into spasms at the bare idea of voting for John A. Andrew However, as he has not in the slightest degree injured our ticket, we have no reason to complain;—but we cannot so protest against his style of conducting this campaign.

A little singular. We find at this time quite a number of our Democratic brethren, who were awfully sh-ocked when it was proposed to make a Union State ticket, most enthusiastically at work to secure the election of the Union Senatorial and Representative ticket. Why is this? Are the latter places of more advantage to us than the nominations for Governor and Lieutenant Governor or that of Attorney General?

These chaste affections, these throbbings of heart, these thirstings of soul for the loved and absent, at once assure us that true love does not exactly die—that God has made the tie which bind human hearts together—that celestial love and infinite grace can have created a reunion of the good—and true as in part the best realization of heaven.

A fact. Not one word is uttered against the soundness of the Republican ticket except by the most inveterate Republicans, who more than seventh time silence are on a straight ticket. None doubt their ability; none call their patriotism; no Republican can with consistency decline to support.

Such has been the career and character of Winfield Scott, whom it has long been the delight of the nation to honor, both as a man and a soldier. While we regret his loss, there is one thing we cannot regret—the bright example he has left for our admiration. Let us all hope and pray that his declining years may be passed in peace and happiness, and that they may be cheered by the success of the country and the cause he has fought for and loved so well. Beyond all that, let us do nothing that will cause him to blush for us. Let no defect of the army he has so long commanded exhibit his last years, but let our victories illuminate the close of a life so grand.

(Signed) Gamon B. McClellan,
Maj. Gen. Com. U. S. A.

WAR NEWS, &c.

Washington and vicinity. Matters down the river are reported unchanged — A pleasure excursion Thursday, three miles beyond Falls' Church, says the rebels are erecting new batteries on High Bluff, at Shipping Point, evidently contemplating shelling our encampments on the Maryland shore. Thursday the rebels at Shipping Point were getting a heavy gun in position. Our battery on the Maryland shore has eight Parrot guns in position, but the orders are not to open on the rebels.

The charges against Col. Kerrigan, of New York, are of the gravest character. He held regular interviews with the rebels, and was in the habit of the formation of his regiment was only to carry out plans to give aid to the rebels.

The following is the latest intelligence from the rebel army. A rebel, belonging to the Sixth Louisiana Regiment, which is commanded by the former editor of the *New Orleans Bulletin*, was captured Thursday, and is now in the custody of the Fifteenth Regiment. He states that 60,000 Virginians, under General Smith, and an equal number of other troops, are around Centreville, including 20,000 men at Manassas.—Beauregard was at Centreville. He states that the rebels are so well entrenched that they feel confident 100,000 men cannot dislodge them. They are very short of provisions, but do not contemplate any movement against the Federals.

Baltimore. Gen. Dix has issued an order that all persons desiring to vote on the 5th inst. must be registered on the 2d inst., at the lowest price.

WANTED,
A convenient tenement, suitable for a small family of about six persons. One in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office. oct31tf

Go and examine the great Minister Wagon at Edson Southern Prices. Geo. Scott and the Wm. Prescott are on this way. It is drawn by six magnificent grays, and shows every one of the Southern country from Delaware to the banks of the Rio Grande. oct31

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 102 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House.
Lowell, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers intending to take passage in Steamer leaving New York Nov. 11th, should secure their berths immediately. The passage in Steamer is rapidly filling up
oct31tf E. H. FISHER.

The last edition of the Boston Journal can be obtained at F. Lamey's store by Merrimack street, for Two Cents, where also he has a good assortment of every of Port Hawks Newspapers, Magazines &c. Also a large assortment of Stationery, at wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices. oct31tf

WANTED,
A convenient tenement, suitable for a small family of about six persons. One in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office. oct31tf

Go and examine the great Minister Wagon at Edson Southern Prices. Geo. Scott and the Wm. Prescott are on this way. It is drawn by six magnificent grays, and shows every one of the Southern country from Delaware to the banks of the Rio Grande. oct31

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 102 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell. oct31tf E. H. FISHER.

NOTICE.

Persons who were assessed for the Commonwealth in the Pelham County, in regional cases, finally engaged on the 1st day of June, 1861 to June 1862, will find the same statute here on application to the Clerk of the County Commissioners office, Lowell.
oct31tf S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

LOWELL MARKETING.
Saturday, November 2.

Country produce—Butter 20 @ 22c; Eggs 20c; Cheese 6c; Lard 8c; Tallow 4c; Beans 1 50 @ 1 75; Potatoes 50c; Apples per peck 25c @ 30c; Grapes per pound 8c; Cranberries per peck 30c.

Provisions—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 7 @ 12c; steaks, steak, 12c; round, 10 @ 12c; corned, 6 @ 8c; Lamb 5 @ 10c; Pork, per lb. 6 @ 8c; ham, 10c; Hams, whole, 11c, sliced, 12c; Fowls, per lb. 12 @ 16c; Geese, per lb. 10c; Turkeys, per lb. 12c.

Fuel—Hailout, per lb. 5c; Coal 5 @ 5c; Hardwood in Markets, 7 @ 8c; Soft, 5 @ 6c; Pine, per load, 2 @ 2 50; Spruce, per load, 2 @ 2 50; Hemlock, per load, 1 50 @ 1 75; Kindling, per lb. 1c.

Provisions — Potatoes, per peck, 18c; Onions silver skin, per peck, 30c; Beets, per peck, 12c; Turnips, per peck, 12c; Cabbage, each 5 @ 8c; Squash, each 5c; Beans, per bush. 1 50 @ 1 75; Hubbard squash, 2c; Sweet Potatoes, per lb., 5c.

WARD COMMITTEE. The following named persons have been selected to act as canvassing, challenging and rallying committees and vote distributors, for the Republican party, on Tuesday next:—

Ward 1. *Canvassing*—F. E. Jewett, A. W. Sheldon 2d, S. P. Farrin, H. Bradley, 2d, Wm. H. Witherell. *Challenging*—F. Fessenden, M. G. Perkins 2d, Wm. Hall, Jr. *Rallying*—Ira Fred Southmayd, F. E. Tukey, Nath Cousins, D. H. Gove, Jerry Reed. *Vote Distributors*—Wm. A. P. Adams, J. C. Powell, A. W. Sheldon, Geo. Pitch, J. H. Tweedy.

Ward 2. *Canvassing*—Paul Chenery, Wm. Cassidy, Everett Reed, Jas. G. Greene. *Challenging*—J. J. Jaquith, M. H. Cook, J. M. Bell, H. Wath. *Rallying*—Benj. Reed, Jerry Vaughn, D. K. Walker, J. J. Reed, Peter Mc-Gee, Jr., Geo. A. Sherman. *Vote Distributors*—G. N. Osgood, Daniel Holt, W. H. Wath, Jr., Geo. Pratt, Jr., Benj. Reed, Benj. Parsar.

Ward 3. *Canvassing*—Saml D. Prescott, John Willoughby, A. P. Bickford, Oliver Pierce, A. Bailey, Jr. *Challenging*—Jas. Bridges, Jr., Leonard—A. I. Nute, W. T. Sullivan, Jr., C. C. Newton, A. Bailey. *Rallying*—Wm. Bridges, Silvia Davis, Jonsen Morris, C. W. Dodge, E. Hutchinson, Jr., Wm. Crawford, Wm. Wigley, Thos. Paul, David Cove. *Vote Distributors*—Jas. Butterfield, Adam Smith, Jr., Peter Bowers, A. Lund, Z. E. Scattered, A. P. Bickford.

Ward 4. *Canvassing*—Wm. Hall, Jr., Geo. Fox Stevens, J. B. Keyes, P. H. Nourse, N. F. Gates, Jacob Lowell, Jr. *Challenging*—J. B. Hadley, J. P. Dudley A. A. Manning, Benj. Dodge, 3d, Benj. Reed, 2d, Wm. Hall, 3d, Wm. Eames, 8 S. Whitney. *Rallying*—J. F. Manning, J. M. Hadley, Benj. Goodrich, Jos. Reed, John Preston, John Rogers, S. S. Pickering, T. H. Hunt. *Vote Distributors*—Jas. Wigley, Thos. Paul, David Cove *Vote Distributors*—Jas. Butterfield, Adam Smith, Jr., Peter Bowers, A. Lund, Z. E. Scattered, A. P. Bickford.

Ward 5. *Canvassing*—Wm. Cassidy, Geo. Fox Stevens, J. B. Keyes, P. H. Nourse, N. F. Gates, Jacob Lowell, Jr. *Challenging*—J. B. Hadley, J. P. Dudley A. A. Manning, Benj. Dodge, 3d, Benj. Reed, 2d, Wm. Hall, 3d, Wm. Eames, 8 S. Whitney. *Rallying*—J. F. Manning, J. M. Hadley, Benj. Goodrich, Jos. Reed, John Preston, John Rogers, S. S. Pickering, T. H. Hunt. *Vote Distributors*—Jas. Wigley, Thos. Paul, David Cove *Vote Distributors*—Jas. Butterfield, Adam Smith, Jr., Peter Bowers, A. Lund, Z. E. Scattered, A. P. Bickford.

Ward 6. *Challenging*—John Simpson, Joel Spaulding, G. W. Bowers, Jr., Jonathan Tyler, Jr., Sewell, Jr., John Johnson, H. H. Parker, G. S. Miller. *Rallying*—Joel G. Peabody, R. G. Downe, John Johnson, G. M Elliott Daniel Smith, Jr., Wm. Bowers, Jr., Wm. Bowers, Jr., Fred'k Ayer, S. S. Ward, G. Nichols, R. M. Stockbridge, Jr. *Vote Distributors*—W. H. Sargeant, W. W. Gary, J. L. Cambridge, O. L. Harris, J. J.

Ward 6. *Canvassing*—C. A. Adams, S. R. Brackett, C. A. Huntress, H. B. Fuller, E. F. Swan. *Challenging*—A. A. Haggett, W. F. Hosmer, F. Brown, S. Pearson. *Rallying*—Rob't. Brown, E. P. Swan, Geo. Stevens, G. W. Kemp, J. S. Noyes, A. Bailey, Jr. *Rallying*—W. W. Daniels, J. B. Green, G. P. Ellingwood, N. Bowers, Asahel Bond, Jacob Robbins. *Vote Distributors*—S. Sewall, D. Gorton, Reuben Bowers, Henry Osmun, W. W. Wilson, Daniel D. Adams.

The above named gentlemen are requested to meet in their respective Ward Rooms this (Saturday) evening, at 7 o'clock, for business.

HATS.

BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York style Hats, which he is now selling at the lowest prices. He is the sole agent for the great leather of the Hat is so adjusted as to admit a circulation of air next to the head; by the help of the Hat, securing all the sun or the Fall Hat, without the least heat or change in the color.
oct31

Hats made to order at the shortest notice, fitted to the head by the use of the Contractor.
oct31 BRAZER, Corner Central and Market sts.

NEW BUCKSKIN HAT FLOUR.

ROBLY informed with Velvet, new styles, just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store,
oct31 47 Central street.

BOYS' TURBANS,

ROBLY informed with Velvet, new styles, just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store,
oct31 47 Central street.

THE VOTE OF LOWELL LAST YEAR.—We give the vote of Lowell last year for President and Senator by wards; also the total vote for the different candidates for Governor and the party vote in the two districts for Representatives. As will be seen, the Republican majority was very large, which will be hard to overcome if the Republicans exert themselves on Tuesday next as they ought to.—

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

	Lincoln.	Douglas.	Bell.	Breckinridge.
Ward 1	316	165	125	28
2	479	124	48	20
3	477	121	64	30
4	387	107	47	13
5	410	111	44	15
6	510	111	103	14
	2779	939	431	120

Majority for Lincoln over all, 1,290.

VOTE FOR SENATOR.

	Bonney.	Richardson.
Ward 1	316	165
2	479	124
3	477	121
4	387	107
5	410	111
6	510	111
	2779	939

Bonney over Richardson 603. Scattering 3.

For Representatives in District No. 33, the highest Republican had 1326; highest Union, (Douglas and Bell and Everett), 740; highest Breckinridge, 97. Republican majority, 486.

For Representatives in District No. 34, the highest Republican had 1433; highest Douglas, 498; highest Bell and Everett, 179; highest Breckinridge, 52. Republican majority, 704.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morris J. John J. Elkins* was found guilty of keeping a liquor nuisance on Gorham street.

William Connell, of Cambridge, was found guilty as a common seller—not sentenced.

Timothy Blanchard, appealed from a justice's court, judgment of lower court confirmed—not sentenced.

Patrick McLaughlin, of Woburn, complained of for an assault and battery, the jury did not agree.

George M. Teel, of Charlestown, pleaded guilty to four indictments for larceny—not sentenced.

John Murphy, of Brighton, an appealed case, the jury found guilty of drunkenness—not sentenced.

John F. Knox, liquor nuisance, an appealed case, judgment of lower court confirmed—not sentenced.

James Gannon, John Burns, Michael Benson, Mary Gallagher, Richard Rooney, Ellen Ryan, Ann Ryan, Mary Wiggin, John Lynch, John Wrigley, William S. Chapin, John Gilcen, Timothy Shea, 2nd, Catharine Donigan, Patrick Hagan, Mary Collihen, Hiram Allen, Hugh Cassady, Peters, John Conloque, and James McCarty were severally defaulted, being mostly appealed cases, and failing to appear to prosecute the same were thus summarily disposed of.

At 3 o'clock, P. M., the court adjourned till Wednesday next at 10 o'clock, A. M.

A FIGHTING SOLDIER. This morning an intoxicated soldier, named Dudly, while on the street accosted one of our citizens and asked for the countersign. The man not complying with the challenge, the soldier drew his fist and knocked him down. The man gave information to the police, and a force consisting of officers Rand and Pinsted were detailed in pursuit of the fighting man, who was found in a house on Green Street. On making the arrest he conducted himself so contrary to the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth, the soldier replied by opening his batteries in the same. Both the officers Reports, which are believed to be reliable, say that the claret flew immediately and for a few minutes the fight raged furiously, during which the officers got badly wounded in one of his fingers by the teeth of the enemy, and Deputy Rand was slightly bruised. A reinforcement in the shape of Mr. Benhatt, Superintendent of the Express, which, just in the nick of time, and through the efforts of the three the "man of war" was captured, and is now a prisoner in the Middlesex House of Correction. Mr. Bennett was injured on the nose. It is said that the tailors will reap the most profit out of the affair, as clothing stood no chance. The soldier will probably be furnished with a furlough by his Honor, Judge Crosby, this afternoon.

UNION MEETING. The Peoples' Party hold their last grand rally at Huntington Hall this evening. Col. E. G. Parker, Messrs. T. H. Sweetser, Esq., and John Marrou, of this city, are announced to speak.

REPUBLICAN TICKET FOR REPRESENTATIVES. The Republican City Committee last evening made the following nominations. The Representatives to be supported at the polls on Tuesday next:—District No. 33—Paul Hill, Linus Child and Isaac Place. District No. 34—Samuel D. Sargeant, Nathaniel B. Favor and Joshua N. Marshall. Mr. Sargeant was a member of the Constitutional Union party last year. The others are well known Republicans—all good men and true.

A HARD DAY'S WORK. District Attorney Morse tried five cases yesterday,and four of four verdicts of guilty, one case where the jury disagreed and several cases where the parties entered the pleas of not guilty and plead guilty. Some twenty-three individuals, mostly appealed cases from justices' courts, failing to appear in court, were defaulted, and their sureties will have an opportunity to come up and settle with the captain.

No 60. The early closing movement, among the dry goods dealers, has proved a failure. First one, then another broke the obligation, and finally all "fit up."—Now the dry good stores are open every evening of the six working days of the week, except Wednesday. Every one to their liking.

UNION NOMINATION FOR REPRESENTATIVES. The committee appointed by the Union Party to nominate representatives, met last evening, and agreed upon the following ticket:—District No. 33—Samuel W. Stickney, Henry Emery, Sewall O. Mack. District No. 34—Haggood Wright, Josiah B. French, Edward F. Sherman. Messrs. Stickney, Wright and Sherman have hitherto been Republicans; Messrs. Emery and French Democrats, and Mr. Mack a Constitutional Unionist.

GET YOUR NAME ON THE CHECK LIST—The Mayor and Aldermen meet this afternoon and again this evening for the purpose of correcting the check lists. We advise all that wish to have their names placed on the list to apply this afternoon or evening and not wait for the rush of Monday evening. Voters wanting their names changed from one ward to another can have it done at any time by applying to the City Clerk.

ANOTHER LOWELL MAN MISSING.—In the list of the killed, wounded and missing of the Twentieth Massachusetts Regiment, published in the Boston papers, we notice the name of J. W. Dupee of Lowell, Cambridge, member of Company D, as among the missing. The name of Job W. Dupee is given in the last Directory as a machinist, and as a Marine Engineer. Another Middlesex County we notice Corporal Robert Weston, of Reading, killed; private George W. Waters, Cambridge, missing; Lieut. James Lamson Lowell, Cambridge, missing; Sergeant Horace W. Warren South Reading, missing; private John Chapman, Brighton, missing; privay Thomas Walsham, Waltham, missing. Among those on duty we see the name of Lieut. Lieutenant H. L. Abbott, of Lowell; 22 are reported killed, 50 wounded and 114 missing.

ARRESTS. We understand that two persons have been employed as agents or spots in the postoffice, have been arrested on suspicion of purloining valuable letters from the office. Rumor says that some thousands of dollars in U. S. Bonds, have been found in their possession. They were taken to Boston to-day and were ordered for examination by Commissioner Marwin on Monday next.

DONATIONS FROM OUT OF THE CITY During the last two days over twenty large packages were received at the Mayor's office from Pelham, N. H., Mrs. David Chase contributing two comforters and Mrs. Jonathan Ann Marsh two large woolen blankets.

RAILROAD CHANGES. We would refer our readers to the change in the time tables of the Lowell and Lawrence and Salem and Lowell Railroads, to go into effect on and after Monday next.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Barthelomew Ashe, a continued case, for assault upon his wife, was sent to jail for one week.

Patrick Connor, of Tewksbury, for raising Ned generally and beating his wife, was sent to jail for one week and gave bail.

THE TWENTY SIXTH REGIMENT AGAIN IN THE CITY. The Twenty-Sixth Regiment paid their weekly visit to the city yesterday afternoon, and were the centre of attraction for a large crowd which lined the streets from the Boston & Lowell Railroad depot to the Merrimack House. On leaving the depot the regiment marched to the Merrimack House, where they partook of a bountiful collation, which was provided by the ladies of Lowell, which, with a full assortment of substantials, pies, cakes, &c., was spread in the dining room. The regiment left Lowell for Worcester at 5 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York, $5.75
Lowell to New York and return, 9 00
Lowell to New York, North and Southwards at the lowest rates.

Also, Tickets to *Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.*

All business relating to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.

Agency for California and Liverpool steamers.

Drafts issued on England, Ireland and Scotland.

Passengers booked at the General Agency, 5 Bowling Green, New York.

S. S. FIELDING & CO.,
Lowell, Sept. 16, 1861. sept16tf

MOTHERS, or you that have the care of children, know the difficulty of getting them to take medicine. It is almost as painful to the parent to administer the dose as to the child to take it. But if you will boil well-dry any discovery, that will allay the irritation of the stomach, and render it more efficient and agreeable to the taste. Doctor Boyce's Worm Syrup answers all these ends, being as they are, simple medicated sugar pills, they are eaten with pleasure by the most delicate child without disturbing it, and the action of the medicine is sure to destroy the worms. Children troubled with worms, colic, diarrhœa, or disorder of the stomach or bowels, will find perfectly harmless and at the same time can be given to the most delicate infant with safety.

Sold by the Agents, or sent anywhere on receipt of price, 25 cents per box. DR. BOYCE, No. 21 Cortlandt street, New York.

Wholesale and Retail Merchants agents, Boston. Agents in Lowell, Chas. R. Kimball, Carleton & Hovey.
oct26

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has removed to the store No. 3 Merrimack Square, next door to Post Office, where he will be pleased to see them. Also, a few more cords of Hard Wood for sale.
oct31 A. L. SPAULDING.

FINELY & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call the attention of the readers of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jan26tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, D. G. Richardson,
S. Nesmith, H. Hosford,
L. G. Hosford, Isaac Fiske,
E. F. Sherman,

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment will be made for the first year. Premium notes will be received for any amount not exceeding $1,000, at 3 per cent. per annum, for five years, which will be considered as paid up at the expiration of that time. A Dividend is paid on policies when they expire, or at the end of each year, with a substantial cash bonus.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000. Dwelling, stores, merchandise and other property insured at reasonable rates. Dividends are declared annually, and a cash bonus given.

Office in the Directors' room, Merrimack Square, Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treasurer.
C. B. COBURN, President.
oct31

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It costs less per quantity,
It emits less smoke,
And is the most free burning coal. And the GERMANIA can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S WHARF, Fort Hill, Lowell.
F. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only shoppers at the true and genuine FRANKLIN COAL, for the Franklin Coal Co., would say to all, well than our customers, that the FRANKLIN, advertises Franklin Coal.

We take this method to caution the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, and Mr. Wm. F. Sweetser, Esq., and John Jackson sts., and by Druggists every where.
oct31 BOSTON & HENRY.

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in 1858, and have used it in over 1,000 cases, and have not had a single case to fail. It is perfect, and is recommended its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to insert Gold Plates for those who have used it in vain. A difference of opinion among the profession in regard to the merits of this article, we are willing to leave to the public. We have references every other article now in use, there are many persons in this city who have had their mouths in many cases it is going to the regular fever, and have been entirely cured by the use of it. Therefore, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the only reliable article for the purpose, but they are willing to leave it to the public to decide. In this mode, and of others, they are ready to furnish references to any who may call upon them.

Rooms 3 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
oct31

"BUT HE AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all Bilious and Liver Complaints; Humors, from a Pimple to the worst Scrofula; Ulcerative Consumption; Headache; Piles, Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Loss of Appetite; Jaundice; Affections of the Kidneys; Female Complaints; Affections of the Liver, Stomach, and Blood; Rheumatism—We do not say that they will cure all these diseases, but we do say that they will cure any one of them, or any disease arising from bad blood, or a disordered stomach, liver, or kidneys.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

DR. LANGLEY'S
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Are a simple preparation of Brown's Bronchial Troches, and are offered to the public as containing the same ingredients in the same proportion as those which have been before the public for many years, and which have been universally recommended by physicians as containing the best remedies in the world for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, Canada and Europe, at 25 cents per box.

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters

Are the best Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator in the world. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. LANGLEY'S
VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA

Is the best Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator in the world. Sold by all Druggists

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to communicate to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five months. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1859, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not hesitate to recommend as mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even better your vocation with the lady, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I to be occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and plea ure in recommending your Restorative, and establishing its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have recommenced it a bunday, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling a cheaper bottle. In one instance, two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt you have seen. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one before them that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied your circulars, and in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than one hundred persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for 5 years, for baldness, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but was told you had now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,720, will be promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that in this you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I have seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was a core factor than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have as much hair possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle, I considered I would make the experiment, considering it a small way. I used but one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was coming out in large quantities, was comparatively tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am just using the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man, and I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased to come, by falling off and is as soft and fine, and as easy to dress as a Parisian or Dandy gentleman. My friends generally, the community of Bloomington, and the town generally, know my head and the hair which apply to the functions of the scalp. I consider your preparation the human hair its character, its proper use, its fineness, and how to restore it to the original vitality of that ornament; hence, as in the case of myself, when the scalp and roots of the original hair manifest that another generation must be introduced in order to restore strength and lustre, and the scalp be said to be dead, it will give you all of the glory you can claim, for it has restored to me my hair in color,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, November 4, 1861.

For Governor,
JOHN A. ANDREW, of Boston.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN NESMITH, of Lowell.
For Secretary of State,
OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.
For Attorney General,
DWIGHT FOSTER, of Worcester.
For Treasurer,
HENRY K. OLIVER, of Salem.
For Auditor,
LEVI REED, of Pittsfield.
For Councillor,
JAMES M. SHUTE, of Somerville.
For Senator (Fifth Middlesex District),
NATHAN ALLEN, of Lowell.
For Clerk of the Courts,
BENJAMIN F. HAM, of Cambridge.
For Treasurer,
AMOS STONE, of Charlestown.
For County Commissioner,
J. H. WAITT, of Malden.
For Register of Deeds (Northern District),
ASAHEL B. WRIGHT, of Lowell.

For Representatives—District No. 32.
PAUL HILL,
LINUS CHILD,
ISAAC PLACE.

DONATION TO A LADY.

SAMUEL D. SARGEANT,
NATHANIEL B. FAVOR,
JOSHUA N. MARSHALL.

THE STATE ELECTION. We have felt very little like making any appeals—as our readers will have observed—to the Republican Party of Massachusetts to rally at the polls next Tuesday, and to roll up a large vote for our excellent candidates on the State ticket. With a single exception, they have served the State already so well—so remarkably well—that nothing appeared to be demanded on the old score of honesty, capability and fidelity to the constitution. The new name on the list is known by all who have the honor of a personal acquaintance with him for what it stands, to be worthy of its associations. But besides this entire willingness to submit the ticket to the suffrages of the people, from a consciousness that it will be fairly dealt with, we have also a reluctance to press party considerations at a time like this. Without professing an utter insensibility to partisan ties, we yet sympathize with the following from the *Boston Post* of Thursday, viz. :—

"Thus to-day the country stands, as it were, with bated breath, awaiting news from Gen. Fremont in Missouri, Gen. Sherman in Kentucky, Gen. McClellan on the Potomac, and of the progress of this great naval expedition. How awful the scene! *How little, and even false, to country at such an hour appear the opposite of partisans to save their party!*"

These are generous words, and we are willing to have our course since the Worcester nominations scanned by their light. But those who utter them will hardly dare to hazard the same sentiment. They propose, in one breath, to throw party to the winds, but in another they make the most urgent appeals to their own followers "to save their party." The *Boston Post* of Friday says:—

"We would again impress upon the minds of Democrats the importance of *casting a full vote for their State ticket.*

"By giving our State ticket as large a vote as possible, we shall prove the Democracy to be of sufficient strength to command *consideration in public movements hereafter*, and thereby enable it to wield a beneficial influence in future political movements in Massachusetts. Do not neglect this duty. Democrats—*a very important one at this time*, namely: *to give your State ticket as many votes as your best exertions can bring to the polls. More will depend upon such a course hereafter than it now appeared*, and we hope *the full expenditure of the attention of the party* in this respect will be properly appreciated by its members all over the Commonwealth."

If these words are not "the appeals of partisans to save their party," what are they? Are they not also based on the lowest and sheerest partisan motives, with their artful talk of commending "consideration in public movements hereafter"—"future political movements in Massachusetts"—more depending "upon such a course, hereafter, than is now apparent" —"full significance of the action of the party," &c.? Always "the party," remember. Will not these deceptive words arrest the attention of the people of Massachusetts, and leave their own lesson?—We merely record them, and remark that this instance we have given fairly represents the course of most of the anti-Republican papers of the State since the several nominations have been made. This morning, for instance, we reading the partisan appeals can be found in the Republican papers of the city, the *Post* has some editorials and the *Courier* two editorials and three communications, all designed to create prejudice and rail out votes against excellent candidates, who are mainly supported by Republicans, and for no better reason than this! It is for the people of Massachusetts to take care of such sinister and one-sided no-party-in as that.—*Boston Journal of Saturday.*

SUBURBAN AND LOCAL LIFE. During the storm of Saturday night, the ship Mathias, Capt. Williams, of Providence, from Liverpool for Boston with 8 cabin passengers and a large cargo of about 900 tons coal, 160 bales wool, &c., went ashore on Egg Rock, about a mile east of Boston Light, and in a few hours went to pieces. Capt. Williams and ten of the crew, and thirteen of the passengers were lost. Five seamen swam ashore and seven other persons saved themselves by clinging to the poop. Several other vessels were injured, but the loss of no lives are recorded.

HOW MR. PRATT CAME TO BE RODE ON A RAIL. We mentioned, a few days ago, that a Mr. Pratt, of Braintree, a secessionist, was ridden upon a rail, in consequence of patriotic appearances on his hall and dwelling. It seems Mr. Pratt is not the worst man in the world. The *Boston Traveller* gives the following explanation of the affair:—

"Mr. Pratt, with an excuse, which was employed in making a fence, when two of his neighbors came along. One is a Democrat, the other a Bell-Everett man. They have been in town to get a fence to stretch between them and jokingly said he could not get out of the difficulty, until he gave three cheers for Jefferson Davis. He refused to, but expressed little respect. He replied that he should do it when he came up in a rail, and not before. His friends said they would give him a ride, if he would give the cheers to which he agreed. He found a rail and straddled it, when one of his friends got hold at each end, while the third man stood by him to keep him steady. As Mr. Pratt is a fat heavy, the two men couldn't perform the task very nicely to contract, and Mr. Pratt volunteered to ride himself, while the third man assisted them. Thus mounted he was induced to carry him a short distance, and while doing so gave three cheers for Abraham Lincoln."

We commend to the attention of the Republicans the article from the *Boston Journal*, in another place.

GEN. SCOTT. Gen. Scott is at Elizabethtown, N. J., with his son-in-law. He left Washington early on Saturday morning, accompanied by his staff, Secretary Seward and several others. He was greeted at the different stopping places by large crowds and enthusiastically cheered.

THE STORM at New York on Saturday evening was very severe, the wharves being overflowed and the different steamers were compelled to suspend their trips.

WAR NEWS &c.

From Washington and vicinity. There seems no doubt that nearly a week ago a special messenger left Washington with a letter to Gen. Fremont ordering him to transfer his command to Gen. Hunter unless his successor is specially designated.

Gen. Halleck is talked of as McClellan's successor in command of the army on the Potomac, though another paragraph says that McClellan will continue in command.

The steamer Powhatan arrived at Washington on Saturday morning, having run past the rebel batteries without receiving harm.

From Darnestown. Gen. Stone sent a flag of truce to the rebels Thursday, which returned in the afternoon. The rebels are represented as being very seedy and tattered, and they expressed the fervent hope that the war might soon be ended.

From Fortress Monroe. It is supposed that the fleet has already reached its destination. Three of the ships of the Naval Expedition and one steamer, supposed the Ben Deford, have returned to Fortress Monroe disabled.

From Missouri. Gen. Price is reported to be at Neosho with 15,000 of his own men and 50 000 Indians, under Ben McCullough. Gen. Price gives out (so one report says) that he will make a stand at Neosho, Mo., and give Gen. Fremont battle, whom he expects easily to defeat, and then march on to St. Louis, and make his winter quarters in Central Missouri.

Gen. Lane is south of Gen. Price, and has sent to Gen. Fremont for reinforcements, and a large mounted force has gone to his aid. He is reported to have had a fight with Price and Price's rear guard, but with what result is not known.

A YOUNG MAN named W. F. Clark, in the west part of Rockville, Mass., was drowned in a body of water known as Crystal Lake, in that town, on Thursday afternoon last, by the upsetting of a boat in which he and another person were sailing. He was about twenty years of age.

ANOTHER WOOLEN MILL DESTROYED.—The blanket mill and wool house, and contents, belonging to William Hill, in North Berwick, Me., was burnt on Saturday morning. Loss some $30,000. Insured. He was making army blankets.

THERE is a report in circulation that Sam Houston is dead. It comes through the two different channels, but no particulars are given.

PATRIOTISM that is to be bought is not worth having.

"The disenchantment of the Union involves the abasement of all that of which, as Americans, we feel proud, which we have inherited as an inheritance from our fathers, and which we are bound to transmit unimpaired to our posterity. When we look at the past, and see the glorious deeds and claims of two mothers to a child, decreed by the highest tribunal to which strife can appeal, and one portion given to each, it was the latter who exulted at the judgment, while the true mother turned away terror-stricken, preferring to leave her offspring in the hands of an enemy rather than have it destroyed. Such will be the fate of this if the country should be div ded by the sword: it is an appeal to have been born in America, *but he cannot live on AMERICAN SOIL.*"—*Joseph Holt.*

The Post-Office Department in the Confederate States of America seem to work kindly. The *Richmond Enquirer* says the old contractors have given up their routes, and the government has advertised once for proposals without receiving any here.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING. We see by papers that a Democratic mee ing is to be held at Jackson Hall this evening, to be addressed by Dennis W. O'Brien, of Boston, E. A. Alger, J. F. McEvoy, A. D. Brown, John Marren and S. S. Drew, of Lowell. We hope it will be a full one, and some one be good enough to show why the Democrats so interest themselves in a Union ticket, and yet hold their straight, unadulterated ticket in such contempt? Also, the consistency of the same men who figure in both Union and Democratic meetings? Play honest, gentlemen!

THE exhibition at Mechanics' Hall would be crowded during its stay in our city if the public knew of the gem. It is an excellent thing, and well worthy of the patronage of the public. Do not fail to see it; and let the young folks go on Wednesday afternoon. Take your opera glasses with you, as it will bear the closest inspection. A number of our most intelligent and cultivated gentlemen have visited it, and express themselves highly gratified. It will remain for three evenings longer. Finally, we would say, patronize it, as it is really a meritorious production.

THE MEETING IN DRACUT. The meeting in Dracut, last Saturday evening, was well attended and spirited. There were several speakers—two or three Dracut men and the same number from Lowell.—The attendance was large, and there was much evidence that the people of that section will return a good vote for the Republican ticket. The weather was unfavorable, but the meeting nevertheless was a success.

We invite the attention to the advertisement of the Academy of Music, in another place in our columns. The announcement of further success of the great tragedian, Edwin Forrest, is interesting to every play-goer. Let us see will please remember the extra train from Boston this evening.

The writer of the communication signed "Ole-ster," who has his own ideas about the origin of the Union movement, is informed that we choose to know the names of contributors to our columns, especially in times like these.

MERRY'S MUSEUM. The November number of this little work for children is very attractive in reading matter and also in its illustrations. It cannot be otherwise than useful. Published by J. N. Stearns, 111 Fulton Street, New York, and for sale at the several bookstores in Lowell.

CITY AND COUNTY.

RATIFICATION MEETING!

The republicans of Lowell and vicinity are requested to meet at

HUNTINGTON HALL
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, NOV. 4th
at ½ o'clock,

for the purpose of ratifying the nominations of the party, to be supported at the polls next week.

Short speeches will be made by our own citizens.

☞ Good Music in attendance.

Gallery reserved for the ladies.

HALL! HALL!! HALL!!!

☞ LET THE MEETING BE A ROUSER! ☜

By order of the City Committee.

NATHAN ALLEN, Chairman.

A. A. HAGGETT, Secretary.
Lowell, November 4th, 1861. nov4tdy

DEMOCRATIC HALLY!

There will be a Democratic Rally at Jackson Hall this (MONDAY) Evening, at 7½ o'clock.

Addresses by
O'BRIEN, of Boston, E. A. ALGER, McEVOY, MARDEN, BUTTERWORTH and BROWN, of Lowell.

☞ Let every Democrat be at the Hall early.
November 4th, 1861. For order.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A LOTTERY ON THE GREAT FAITHFUL AND ONE ACRE FARM, containing 100 Lots, will be drawn at Huntington Hall on WEDNESDAY EVENING, (Nov. 6th), at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. Tickets Ten Cents, to be obtained at the Bookstores, and at the door. nov4tdy

ARRIVED!

The Map of the State of Virginia, drawn from actual survey, by order of the Legislature. This is the Map used by General Scott and General McClellan in their movements in Virginia. Call and see it at George Tilton's Store, 122 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House.
nov4 H. H. PERRY.

TEA PARTY.

By the First Unitarian Society, at Mechanics' Hall THURSDAY EVENING, November 7th, 1861.
Music and Refreshments.
nov4

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, is at the old stand, next door to the ROTUNDA, 8, 10 Middle st.
nov4 ROTUNDA.

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

181 Washington Street,
adjoining Merrimack House,
Lowell, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers intending to go via Panama, will please secure tickets as soon as possible, as the Steamer is rapidly filling up.
H. H. FISHER.

The last edition of the BOSTON JOURNAL can be obtained at F. Lemon's store, 92 Merrimack street, at the Merrimack House, at the Railroad Depot, and at offices of Post drivers. Newspapers, Magazines, &c. Also a large assortment of stationery, at wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices.
nov4tdd3

WANTED,

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family without children. One in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Call at this office.
October 28, 1861. oct28tf

☞ For real estate in the genus, Mitten Way of the Moon Southern Point, Eric Street and the Great Western Railroad, see the Map of the United States, and observe every foot of the Southern country from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte, Mexico.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 102 Merrimack street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell.
S. B. FISHER, Agent.
oct28

NOTICE.

Persons who have any interest in the Coal now stored in the Paper Company's Basin, will please call and remove the same by the 10th of June 1862, or after that time, on application to the subscriber, they will be charged storage.
oct21dtf S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

WARD COMMITTEES. The following named persons have been selected to act as canvassing, challenging and rallying committees and vote distributors for the Republican party, on Tuesday next:—

WARD 1. *Canvassing*—F. B. Jewett, A. W. Bailey, Geo. Stott, Wm. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall, H. H. Witherell. *Challenging*—Jas. Wilson, Jr., H. O. Perkins, John Bent, Edward Bent, Joel Nourse, sen., F. P. Tukey, Nath. Cheney, D. Bradley, Jr., Wm. Hall, 3d, Wm. Hall, Jr., Edward A. P. Adams, J. C. Powell, A. W. Sheldon, Jr., Wm. Hall, 2d.

WARD 2. *Canvassing*—Saml Perkins, R. B. Caverly, Benj. Perry, Jr., Wm. Perry, Jr., Wm. Jaggers, J. J. Jenkins, M. H. Cook, J. M. Varnum, H. B. Walker, J. A. Hovey, Ben Bickford, Wm. Bickford, Jr., Wm. Bickford, 3d. *Vote Distributors*—O. N. Osgood, Ismael Hill, Wm. H. Walker, H. B. Cook, John Bent, 2d, Benj. Perry.

WARD 3. *Canvassing*—Saml D. Pearson, John Willoughby, A. P. Blodgett, Oliver Pierce, A. Davis, Jr., Wm. Brown, Hiram G. Chamberlain—4. *Vote Distributors*—Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Wm. Nesmith, 3d, Wm. Nesmith, 4th, Wm. Nesmith, 5th, Charles Davis, Joshua Merrill, C. W. Dodge, E. Hutchinson, John Butterfield, Jr., Wm. Nesmith, Thos. Paul, David Gove. *Vote Distributors*—J. Butterfield, Jr., Wm. Nesmith, 3d, Wm. Nesmith, 4th, A. Lane, J. E. Sturtevant, A. P. Blodgett.

WARD 4. *Canvassing*—Jas. Tolman, Jr., Wm. Tolman, Jr., Wm. Tolman, 3d, Wm. Tolman, 4th, Silas Stevens, J. S. Keyes, F. H. Nourse, N. Wright, Jr., Wm. Wright, Jr., Wm. Wright, 3d, Wm. Hadley, J. P. Dudley, A. A. Manning, Benj. Hadley, Jr., Wm. Hadley, Jr., Geo. G. Smith, Jr., Kemp, S. S. Whitcher. *Rallyers*—I. P. Manning, Jr., Wm. Hadley, 3d, Wm. Hadley, 4th, Wm. Hadley, W. W. Cary, J. L. Cumings, G. L. Harrington, A. J. Bailey.

WARD 5. *Canvassing*—C. A. Adams, S. R. Bancroft, A. A. Hegger, W. F. Hall, Jr., Jas. Nesmith. *Challenging*—A. A. Hagget, W. F. Hall, 3d, Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Wm. Nesmith, 3d, Robt. Means, E. F. Swan, Jno. Stevens, G. C. M. Fay, I. S. Morse, Jr., A. Simonds, Joshua W. Daniels, J. D. Green, G. F. Ellingwood, N. Rowell, Andrew Pevear, Jr., Jas. Hutchins. *Vote Distributors*—B. Sewall, D. Morton, Erastus Stevens, Henry Graham, W. W. Wilson, Geo. D. Adams.

LAST BALLY. The last rally of the Republicans takes place at Huntington Hall this evening. Let there be a good attendance. Speakers from abroad were expected, but none have been engaged, and none are really needed. There are few arguments to present, and one man can make them clear as well as another. The good ticket has been nominated, from the Governor to the last man caused, and it is the duty of one and all now to support it. Turn out, then, help on the work!

WANTS CONFIRMATION. They have a rumor in the upper part of the city that "Ben Butler" is threatening to seize some of the mills that are idle, if they don't soon "start up," and answer them into barracks for his soldiers. This does very well for a joke; but the fact is Gen. Butler designs taking his soldiers, this winter, "away down south in the land of cotton," instead of wintering them in the cotton-mills of *New England.*

EXCRUCIATING. The following was actually handed us for publication and we place it before our readers venturing no opinion regarding the guilt of the author, as the proper tribunal will no doubt deal with him as he deserves:—

The Republican ticket for Representatives?—With a *Sargent as Marshal they* hope to send the *Hill* to a *Place* in the State House by the *Favor* of the people without leaving a *Child* of their number behind.

CRIME AND PRISONS. Our citizens were favored yesterday with addresses from Rev. Charles Spear and his wife, on the subject of their mission to visit, minister to and sanctify discharged prisoners. In the morning they were requested to address the inmates of the jail. A deep interest was manifested, and much weeping in the audience was done. In the evening, Rev Mr. Twiss opened his church. Mr. Spear and wife gave some interesting facts in relation to their labors.

CAMP CHASE. A large number of tents belonging to Gen. Butler's divisi on and some of those belonging to the 26th regiment were blown down in the storm of Saturday night. The most religious services were held in the camp yesterday forenoon. The Connecticut Regiment is now expected to-morrow.

The members of Co 11 (Capt. Warren's) had an extra dish Saturday for dinner, in the shape of some generous sized plum-puddings, with sauces, furnished by ladies living on Chapel Hill, for which the soldiers will long remember the fair donors.

THE LAST CHANCE. To night will be the last opportunity for persons to get their names placed on the check list, as the last day for the meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen to correct the list, will be so called to the late on Saturday afternoon and evening.

RAIN IN OCTOBER. According to the record kept at the Merrimack counting room, the rain fell last month as follows: 1st, .05; 5th, .08; 9th, .06; 20th, .50; 19th, 1.26; 23rd, .59; 24th, .15.

RAIN STORM. We had a severe rain storm, accompanied by high wind, on Saturday night and yesterday forenoon; 2.02 inches of rain fell, the largest amount at one time since the great storm of August 12th and 13th. We hear of no damage having been done in this vicinity.

POLICE COURT. Gwen Duffy, the fighting soldier, whose case was considered Saturday, promised the Court that he would not fight again until he met some of Jeff. Davis' hordes, and he was let off on that condition.

Robert Crossley, (not the religious and political speaker) for being tight yesterday, was fined $3 and costs.

James Dacey, a common drunkard, was sent down to the House of Correction for four months, from which sentence he appealed and was ordered to the Superior Court.

Do not forget the wood sale on the Marshall place, on Wednesday next. It is near the city, on a good road and will be sold in lots to accommodate men who wish to buy for employment during the winter.

N. B. Purchasers may have a free ride.

We are requested to say that the "Union man," will hold a meeting in the Town Hall, Tewksbury, this evening, at 7 o'clock. Speakers from abroad and a band of music will be present.

In another place we also print the ticket of the "Union men," with their rallying committees, &c.

LOST—Saturday afternoon a large woolen blanket was left at the Mayor's office, for the soldiers, from Mrs. Coggins.

UNION NOMINATIONS FOR THE LEGISLATURE.
For Senator—Sixth District.
DANIEL S. RICHARDSON, of Lowell.

For Representatives—District 32.
SAMUEL W. STICKNEY,
HENRY EMERY,
SEWALL G. MACK.

District 34.
HAPGOOD WRIGHT,
JOSIAH B. FRENCH,
EDWARD F. SHERMAN.

At a meeting of the "Peoples' Union," held at Huntington Hall on Saturday evening, November 2d, the following named gentlemen were elected to serve as Challenging Committees, Vote Distributors and Rallying Committees in the several Wards on Tuesday next:—

WARD 1. *Challenging*—James Watson, Fox Hill; David J. Carney, Isaac F. Hazeltine, Jr., Wm. Dugan, Charles Mellen, John M. Heale, F. Haynes. *Rallying*—Hiram Brown, Wm. P. Bigelow, Benjamin S. Ireson, M. S. Dickerson, Jr., Edward Bent, W. Lang, E. O. Hadley, F. Cassidy, A. J. Dana, John Marren, John Cassidy, Jr., Stephen Moe, Wm. O. Cooke, John H. Devlin.

WARD 2. *Challenging*—Thos. R. Brown, J. L. Sargent. *Vote Distributors*—Wm. P. Farrell, Thomas James, Wm. P. Farrell, Jr., Thos. Gallagher, R. S. Orange, Thos. Mitchell, Thomas Gallagher, Jr., F. Kelly, Saml. Gage, Jr., Geo. G. Smith, Jr., Joseph A. Patten, M. C. Brandt, Wm. O. Moore, Jr., Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Wm. Nesmith, 3d.

WARD 3. *Challenging*—J. B. Tuttle, John Cassidy, Jr., Wm. Cassidy, Jr., Wm. Butterworth, Philip Hardy, W. A. Fielding, W. C. Cheney, Jr., Wm. Cassidy, Wm. Wright, Jr., Wm. Wright, 3d, Wm. Hadley, Jr., Wm. Hadley, 3d, Wm. Hadley, 4th

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.
Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the following effects of your Hair Restorative, after a use of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither was there any left coming out, and my hair was completely restored, I continued the use by applying two or three times per week. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and thick, with its original color, and I can say I have not used it for the last five years. I recommended using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither was there any left coming out, and my hair was completely restored, I continued the use by applying two or three times per week. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and thick, with its original color, and I can say I have not used it for the last five years. I recommended using your Restorative, and shall continue to do so. I am, dear sir, yours truly, DR. J. C. WOOD.
Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In answer to the habit of puffing every new discovery for the time more of ten than any article ever introduced, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has enjoyed the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Our own hair and head needs will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*
Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the hair has become entirely bald, we would refer to the use of this article has pronounced a trick, gross humbug. It is therefore a valuable application for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate from the scalp every impurities, which operate so to prevent to the hair. It has therefore a peculiarly favorable description. In many cases pimples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear after it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and the first effects are very beneficial, as the compound, if it does not create a manifest improvement, in a few days or during harm, as its component elements are perfectly harmless.—*Boston Transcript April 22, 1859.*
A Genuine Book. In our capacity as conductors of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of all the articles by which claims to be manufactured in its composition would be liable to be more or less deceived, what passive we have our readers to determine. In new instance, however, in favor of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the unique qualities of the article, that we feel that we misconvenient as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be: its effect upon the human head of hair is universally known to be magical. Like lime of gardens or enchantment it has only to grasp whenever applied. Our own thatch is fortunate ely healthy, but we entrust our secret to our friends, and we have no hesitation in saying to the Restorative.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*
All Hair Dyes Abandoned—Wood's Great Article has taken the field. Prof. Wood's Great Hair Restorative is now offered at a less price than has been ever known in this country. Its unparalleled success in restoring, preserving and beautifying the hair has induced many to attempt the manufacture of articles which cannot be exhausted by new-paper puffing, but have by their merits won for themselves a world-wide reputation. Prof. Wood's Restorative is used, and we believe in every case with every desired result. We have given it a fair trial in confirmation of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few meritorious articles which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Saturday Post.*
Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In answer to other notices, will be found a correct account of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off. We have seen many an hectic testimonial in favor of these articles, some of which we have from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unimpeachable veracity, but we will say that we have never seen a more wonderful one than the following. It has been received by us from the well known Dr. Mott, of this city, and we have known him for the greater part of the time the last seven years, and have always given credit to his representations. The following is the statement referred to:
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct from Professor Wood, 114 Market street, and 355 Union street Philadelphia. R. I.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS of EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN and FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.
Also, Printing on Colored Papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
Z. E. STONE,
E. W. HINE, } Proprietors.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly courses* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.
OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case.*
☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for usage, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $4 per bottle.
☞ *Remember! This medicine is retained expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and is guaranteed as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded* ☜
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct from Professor Wood, 114 Market street, and 355 Union street Philadelphia. R. I.
DR. MATTISON'S
INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE
Is for sale by Druggists generally.
Also, by the Proprietor,
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS
The celebrated New England Remedy for
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
☞ CAUTION.—Beware of Worthless Imitations. See that the signature of S. O. RICHARDSON is on the outside wrapper of each bottle.
Sold by Druggists generally.
Principal Depot, 49 Hanover street, Boston.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
to use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Programmes, Catalogues, Circulars, Addresses, Reports, Newspapers, &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861. $3,849,558 80
Dividends paid to date. 1,180,000 00
Losses paid, 2,451,000 00
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles, without any subscribed capital. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is merely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
Its investments are in the City of Newark and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.
The Company has paid all its losses promptly.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by receiving Notes, Quarterly, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly Premiums on Policies for Life, and Endowments, which may be paid one half in cash, and one-half in notes at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is payable annually.
Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The Dividends are paid to all the insured in satisfaction of Policies. Those who elect their dividends to remain with the Company, are credited with interest on the Notes.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.
This Company has now the large number of 7191 Policies in force; and is increasing at a number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of mutuality, upon which all Life Insurance Companies are based. All friends of the institution are respectfully requested to be unremitting in their exertions to extend its usefulness and benefits.
Persons desiring to be insured, between the ages of 20 and 60 years, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's Insurance Office, No. 4 and 5 Mechanics' Building, Boston street. Lowell.
sep28 3m

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Preparations are the most delightful articles for the toilet in the world. Eugenie's Rouge, Eugenie's Pearl Powder, Eugenie's Cosmetique or Bath of Beauty, Physical Liquid White, White Camellia, Pearl Powder, and Magnetic Balm for sale at S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner Merrimack and John streets.
sep28
THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND
DESOTO'S *Lye-Making Fluid, Glass, Brass Gold Leaf, Silver Sand, Britannia Wash Ball.*—The article in Britannia Wash Ball is a most powerful cleaner and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled by the use of Britannia Wash Ball, will look as fresh as when first manufactured. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
mar19 corner Merrimack and John sts.
MARY GIBBONS of LOWELL, and from all parts of the country can benefit by the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLANTER,
in saving Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as enlightened Corn *Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. KIDDER, JR.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh3

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
CAKE BASKETS
BUTTER COOLERS
PASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, BEADS, PENCILS AND PENCIL HOLDERS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, DE.
PISTOLS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, brass and iron—*will be sold low.*
HAIR WORK.
The latest, and most elaborate style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
GOLD PENS and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dec19ly
LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.
RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to R. B. SHEPHARD)
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.
Only Manufacturers of Umbrellas, Parasols and Canes in this city, for which they received the
HIGHEST AWARD
Presented by the Lowell Mechanic Fair of 1857.
Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, a very large assortment of UMBRELLAS, CANES, PARASOLS and WALKING STICKS, of every thing future growing. Those who wish to purchase will find it for their interest to call.
The Store Parasols worth from 50 cents to $10 each; Umbrellas from 75 cents to $25 each; Canes from 25 cents to $5 each. Repairing done in the neatest manner, and at short notice.
We are prepared to sell at the above prices, and have every facility for so doing.
Also, Agents for Lowell for the Picture Frames, of every style and variety. Gilding and Re-gilding done to order. R. B. SHEPHARD'S MUSIC, and Accordeon Manufactory of every description, consisting in part of Violins, Violincellos, Flutes, Fifes, Clarionets, Flageolets, Accordeons, Fifes, Drums, &c., &c. Also, Violin, Violincello, Double Bass Strings for sale at wholesale and retail. Instruments all kind to order, and repairing done at short notice.
Lowell, June 3, 1855. tu&thly

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S
Boston PIANOS, for which they received the first premium at the World's Fair, London, 1851, and the Metropolitan Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of these Pianos, which they are every particular to be the best Piano Fortes made.
R. B. SHEPHARD'S PIANOS are also on sale.
Lowell, June 9 1856. tu&thly

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—impurity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz.: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all diseases and evil diseases. To discover a certain cure then, for these diseases, the first great necessity necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?
Our scientists it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and much valuable information, and much labor and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery, also.
Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that the principle source in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute law, or animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause which removes or destroy, and death, the same effect follows.
Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood gives the elements of which they are composed, and phosphorous.
Iron, for instance, we know to sustain a very large proportion of oxygen.
Iron, when in contact with a metal, oxidizes or rusts readily.
Iron, when brought in contact with a muscle or liver, causes it to contract.
In its homogeneous state, we have now the solution as to the motor or motive power of the blood. The globules of iron in the blood coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood cause the blood to circulate, coming in to act with the heart causes it to contract and force the blood to the extremities of blood and sends it tingling through the remotest parts of the body. What, then, causes Consumption, Dropsy, Palsy, Paralysis, Fits, Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Fever and Ague, &c.?—a deficiency of iron in the blood. The blood becomes watery, the nerves become nervous, and subject to tremors and spasms, the extremities become cold, the hands and kidneys act in, in short, almost every type of disease to which the human family is subject, and this deficiency in the blood, of the corpuscles of iron.
Old age causes a deficiency of corpuscles, as the blood becomes pinched and poor. We have discovered the "elixir vitæ," we do say that it will restore the lost corpuscles and by the use of the
"Blood Food,"
which restores the red globules, and thus restores circulation. Consumptives! Friends and relatives of consumptives! Do you realize the fact that consumption is a disease? Unfortunate, who have by excess or by the use of mercury, destroyed the vitality of the blood and diminished the red globules! Unfortunate, who have by the use of mercury, destroyed the vitality of the blood and diminished the red globules! Unfortunate, who have by the use of mercury, or by other means

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, November 5, 1861.

"A GOLD snuff box and the freedom of the city was presented to Gen. Anderson this afternoon by the Mayor and Aldermen."

The above came in the telegraphic dispatches to all the papers. We do wish Gen. Anderson might be "let alone."—And we do wish we knew who it is that is constantly thrusting his name into the papers. Gen. Anderson did well in defending and burning Fort Moultrie and taking possession of Fort Sumter. He did his duty while in the latter place, so far as we know; and that is all he has done.—He has exhibited no pluck or desire to engage in the war against the rebels since he got out of their grasp; he has even in words been chary of exhibitions of sympathy with the Government. After six months' time spent in "recuperating his energies," he is unable to take the field, and comes back to a New York hotel to spend the winter. This may be the right course to pursue to get swords, canes, gold snuff boxes, &c., but that he is serving his country, we "don't see it." We do not acknowledge that Gen. Anderson has performed one act that any ordinarily intelligent soldier could not or would not have performed in the same circumstances that he was placed, and followed with continued services in the field, instead of languidly crawling around the country, occasionally rallying sufficiently to following a juvenile sabbath school festival or a delegation from some toady Western city government. We believe Gen. Anderson is a conscientious man, although unfortunately for the cause he has superceded a number of officers declare that they will resign in that event, or insist upon creating him Dictator of the Southwest, independent of the Administration.

The number of rebels killed in the battle of Friday, 25th ult., now number 127. There was a skirmish on Saturday last near Leavenworth, between a small force of the Missouri militia under Major Jennison and 150 rebels, in which the latter were scattered.

Gen. Prentiss has broken up a rebel camp in Boone county. Some four is reported on both sides, but no particulars have been received.

It is reported that Gen. Price has left Sarcoxie, and has moved via Neosho toward Cassville Barry County. Opinions differ as to whether he will march north from that point on Springfield, or continue his retreat into Arkansas. A body of rebel cavalry was seen 25 miles south of here. They were doubtless a reconnoitering party.

The expedition. The naval expedition was spoken on Wednesday forenoon of last week off Hatteras Inlet. The weather was fine at the time, and the gale was not felt until the vessel which spoke the fleet arrived at the Delaware breakwater.

A REGULAR MURDER. A mysterious murder took place in a train on the Grand Trunk railway, between Detroit and Sarnia, on the night of the 24th ult.—While the cars were under full headway a gentlemanly appearing individual came up the aisle, and without saying a word drew a revolver and fired three times at a stranger sitting on a seat with a Mr. McLeod. Of course he was instantly killed. The murderer then inquired of Mr. McLeod if he was a friend of the victim, to which he replied that he was always the friend of a dying man. The revolver was then laid down, and the conductor coming along asked what he did that for. He said—"There lies my revolver with three more balls in it; take it and do what you please with it. I am satisfied now. If you know your business you will take this dead man and bury him decently, and there you will find out all about it." The assassin called himself McDonald, and that both himself and the man he has killed are Scotch Americans. It is said to take the matter very coolly, producing a cigar and lighting it as if nothing had happened. The conductor and another person took charge of him afterward with the cars. What became of him in the end is not stated.

THE RESULT THUS FAR. *The New York Commercial Advertiser* of the 21st ult. gives a record of the loss sustained by the rebels in the various engagements since the rebellion broke out. The aggregate loss on each side is as follows:—Federals, killed, 969; wounded, 2,041; prisoners, 2,374. Rebels, killed, 1,049; wounded, 1,804; prisoners, 2,848. These figures, however, do not include the killed and wounded of security parties, of which there is no official record. It will be seen by the above that the loss of the rebels greatly exceed that of our troops, and it shows very conclusively that the game of brag of superiority in physical and military discipline by the South over the North, is about "played out."

MORE WOOLEN FACTORIES BURNED.—The woolen factory of I. Woods & Son, West Hannikev, N. H., together with a grist mill, were burned last Saturday morning. The woolen factory has been used as a knitting factory, though most of the machinery had been recently removed to West Concord.

The dry house of L. Pomeroy Sons' woolen factory, in Pittsfield, was burned on the 24th ult., with what stock was in process of drying. Loss between $1200 and $1400; no insurance.

MRS. PHEBE H. BROWN, author of that admirable hymn commencing—"I love to steal awhile away," died on the 10th ult., at Henry, Ill., aged 78 years and 3 months. Her last poetical production was composed seeing the comet of 1861," which we may hereafter publish with an obituary notice.

WAR NEWS, &c.

Washington and vicinity. The rebel batteries at Shipping Point have kept up a continuous fire for the past few days upon all vessels passing up and down the Potomac. Three shots from one of our batteries on the Maryland shore struck the rebel steamer George Page, on Sunday, with what effect is not known.

A letter to the *New York Commercial* says that all the regiments of the army of the Potomac have their camp equipage, wagons, ambulances, horses or mules, and other appliances ready for taking the field at an hour's notice. The organization of the wagon trains was one of the most difficult tasks, but it has been accomplished.

A battle in Western Virginia. Last Friday morning the rebels at points opposite Gauley Ferry and Camp Tompkins commenced firing shells into the camp of the 11th Ohio Regiment. Not one of our men was killed and only about a dozen wounded. The majority of the shells did not explode. Floyd's force was believed to have been about 7000. Qo Saturday the rebels had possession of the left or west bank of the Kanawha. Col. Scammon's brigade was a few miles above the junction of the Gauley and New River on the east side of the New River; Gen. Cox's brigade and Gen. Rosecrans' headquarters near the junction of the rivers, and between them Gen. Benham a brigade below the junction on the right bank of the river. It was believed in camp, that Schenck's and Benham's Brigade would be thrown across the river above and below Floyd, and thus catch him.

A dispatch from Maysville, Ky., says that a citizen of this place from Gauley bridge Saturday evening, reports that Floyd had cut a road around the hill where Rosecrans was encamped, and with about 5000 men was attempting to surround and take the camp. Gen. Rosecrans was returning the fire, and had silenced Floyd's batteries. He had sent a force up a new made road to attack Floyd in the rear, and hoped to have him completely surrounded. None of our men had been killed when he left.

From Missouri. A foolish report has been circulated that in case Gen. Fremont is superceded a number of officers declare that they will resign in that event, or insist upon creating him Dictator of the Southwest, independent of the Administration.

The number of rebels killed in the battle of Friday, 25th ult., now number 127. There was a skirmish on Saturday last near Leavenworth, between a small force of the Missouri militia under Major Jennison and 150 rebels, in which the latter were scattered.

Gen. Prentiss has broken up a rebel camp in Boone county. Some four is reported on both sides, but no particulars have been received.

It is reported that Gen. Price has left Sarcoxie, and has moved via Neosho toward Cassville Barry County. Opinions differ as to whether he will march north from that point on Springfield, or continue his retreat into Arkansas. A body of rebel cavalry was seen 25 miles south of here. They were doubtless a reconnoitering party.

The expedition. The naval expedition was spoken on Wednesday forenoon of last week off Hatteras Inlet. The weather was fine at the time, and the gale was not felt until the vessel which spoke the fleet arrived at the Delaware breakwater.

A BRIEF SPEECH BY GEN MCCLELLAN. On Saturday last, the City Council, through a committee, presented Major General McClellan a sword. The presentation took place at Washington. The following was the reply of the General to the chairman of the committee:—

"I ask you, sir, to give my warmest and deepest thanks to the honorable body you represent, for this entirely unmerited compliment. I could think you better of if I thought I deserved it: but I do not feel that I do. Nothing that I have yet accomplished would warrant the high compliment. It is for the future to determine who be I most desire to merit the approval of, and for that have been centered me. I trust and feel that the day is not far distant when I shall return to the place I started at all others to me, there to spend the remainder of my life among the people to whom I have received this honorable gift.

The war cannot be long. It may be desperate. I ask in this hall, in this audience, patience and confidence. With these we can accomplish all, and while I know that in the great drama which may have our hearts bound, that Providence will not fail us at the last. I trust that on other hand, she will pay the highest and noblest part. I again thank you, and request you to convey to the Council my warmest sincere thanks for this sword. Say to them that it will be my highest ambition to deserve it hereafter; I know I do not now."

The following is a description of the sword that has been presented to the General:—

The hilt is solid silver, but laid in a gold electrotype bath for sixteen days, and has the appearance of solid gold. It is ornamented with a solid gold eagle, forming the head. The grip of the hilt is adorned with three-fluor pearls, interwoven with three-fluor gold wire, and terminates with the number of States in the whole Union, the latter the old original thirteen States. Outside the guard are the letters G. B. McC., the initials of the General.

MR. SMITH O'BRIEN offers himself as a MEDIATOR. Smith O'Brien, now in Ireland, has written a letter to *Jeff. Davis' League Meagher*, in which he takes ground against the North Mr. O'Brien says:—

"I am now disposed to notice the situation of myself and my friends in the seceding sections of the American people, and it will be the proudest triumph of my life if I can assist in restoring peace between the disunited members of the great American family. Those most vital interests are so deeply injured by this intercecion *good service in the same manner.*"

FIRES. Yesterday morning's building on Fowler & Hankins' wharf, in Medford, and a barn adjoining were destroyed by fire. A frenan named Manville F. Richards, was suffocated, by the falling of timbers while he was in the burning barn.

The Neptune House at Chelsea Beach, owned by Mr. Ephraim Hayes, was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

JOHN A. ANDREW, GOVERNOR,

A PROCLAMATION,

FOR A DAY OF

PUBLIC THANKSGIVING AND PRAISE.

The example of the fathers, and the dictates of piety and gratitude, summon the people of Massachusetts at this, the harvest season, crowning the year with the fruits of the field, to hymn and bless our God, to join in a solemn and joyful act of united praise and thanksgiving to the Bountiful Giver of every good and perfect gift.

I do, therefore, with the advice and consent of the Council, appoint THURSDAY, the 21st day of NOVEMBER next, the same being the anniversary of that day, in the year of our Lord sixteen hundred and twenty, on which the Pilgrims of Massachusetts, on board the Mayflower, united themselves in a solemn and written compact of government, to be observed by the people of Massachusetts as a day of public thanksgiving and praise. And I invoke its observance by all the people with devout and religious joy.

Let every man shut out strength: make a joyful noise unto the God of Jacob.

Bring hither the pleasant fruits: bless the increase of the earth.

Bow up the trumpet in the new moon, in the time appointed, on our solemn day.

For this was a statute for Israel, and a law of the God of Jacob.—Psalms lxxi. 1—4.

O house of God, go in peace, and make the voice of His praise to be heard abroad.

Whoso holdeth my soul in life, and suffereth not our feet to be moved.

For thou, O God, hast proved us: thou hast tried us, as all are tried.—*Psalms* lxvi. 8—10.

Given at the Council Chamber, this thirty-first day of October, in the Year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and the eighty-sixth of the Independence of the United States of America.

By His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council,

OLIVER WARNER, Secretary.

God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

A SUGGESTION. Would it not be well at future seasons of fire for each person as he takes the cry to add also the locality? It would be easy in this manner were one in telegraphy," all over the city, almost the precise spot where the help is needed. If a custom of this kind were established, and the occasion commanded full gout of fire," it would turn out a thousand fold labor to the very best advantage.—*Exchange.*

The same here; and then men would know whether to rush to the "Acre" or some other locality.

CIVILIZATION IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.—*The Richmond (Va.) Examiner*, one of the rebel organs, bears witness to the inhuman barbarities of the rebels. A letter in speaking of the Cheoniss of a portion of Western Virginia, says:—

"The most of them have packed up, ready to leave for Yankeedom at the shortest notice. In fact, *in Loudon county every tory has been shod by his neighbor*, and in several other counties the citizens devoted to the confederate cause are doing

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OLIVER WARNER, Secretary.

God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

CITY AND COUNTY.

TEA PARTY.

By the First Unitarian Society, at Mechanics' Hall, THURSDAY EVENING, November 7th, 1861.

The Programme will include

SELECT READINGS, by Miss EASTMAN.

SINGING by the Choir.

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, by Mr. S. W. Stevens, Flutist, and by Quadrille Band.

☞ REFRESHMENTS served at the Tea Tables during the evening.

Doors open at 6 o'clock. Admission 75 cents. nov4

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A LECTURE ON THE GREAT EASTERN AND HER RECENT DISASTERS, will be delivered by Capt. HARRY BELL, late of the Great Eastern, at the Tremont Temple, on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 7th, at 7½ o'clock. Tickets Fifty Cents, to be obtained at the Bookstores, and at the door. nov4&6

ARRIVED!

The Man of the Hour of Virginia, draws from actual sources, by order of the Executive. This is the Speech to which the Governor of Massachusetts alludes in his Proclamation in Virginia, and which has created a profound sensation in all the loyal States, delivering Merrimack Hall, Lowell.

nov4&6t S. H. FISHER.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes of every description, at reasonable prices, is at KITTREDGE'S, 16 Middle st. nov2&w

GENERAL TICKET OF PICE,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining Merrimack House.

LOWELL, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers intending to take our passage in Steamer from New York Nov. 11th, should secure tickets as soon as possible, as the Steamer is rapidly filling up.

oct31tf S. H. FISHER.

The last edition of the Indian Journal can be obtained at P. LANG'S store, 47 Merrimack street, for Two Cents, where they also for Sale a general variety of Fancy Goods, Stationery, &c. Also for Sale a large assortment of Stationery, at Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest

oct31&2t

WANTED,

A competent Journeyman assistant for a small Family store in which to board. Inquire of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office. oct23tf

Go and examine the great Mixture Map of the fifteen Southern States. Gen Scott and the War Department say it is by far the best Map of the seat of war, and shows every foot of the Southern country from Washington to Texas. For Sale at the Railroad Tickets Office, 182 Merrimack street, adjoining the Merrimack House.

S. H. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were residents of the Commonwealth in the Police Court, to criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1861, to the 1st day of Nov. 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

oct21&2tf S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

ELECTION DAY. Unless a stranger happened to be in the vicinity of one of our ward rooms, and was importuned by some zealous voter desirous to take one of his tickets as the only regular one in the field, he would be unaware than an election was progressing in our midst, everything is so quiet. Judging from appearances not more than three-quarters of the vote of last year will be thrown.

There are three or four different styles in circulation. The regular "Republican Union Ticket;" a "People's Union Ticket," headed with the Republican State nominations and the Union nominations for county officers, and the Democratic; a "Union Democratic Ticket," containing the names of the Democratic State nominees and Union nominees for county officers and a few of the Republican; and a "Constitutional Union Ticket," containing the names of the candidates for State officers supported last year by that party, and the other names same as the People's and Democratic tickets. The great interest, as was to be expected, centres on the senator; and the friends of both candidates are working pretty earnestly for their favorite. The best of feeling seems to prevail about the ward rooms and on the streets, and we never saw a time when the defeated will yield with such good grace, without attempting to rebel, but with the resolve to do better next year.

An exact indication of the Republican ticket, with the exception of Mr. Richardson's name in place of Dr. Allen's, is in circulation in all the Wards. We noticed no other "counterfeits."

TWO CENTS P. M.

For Governor, in all but Ward 5, at 2 o'clock, Andrew had 746 votes, Davis 343. For Senator, Adams had 622 and Richardson 739, in the whole city.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Putnam, J.* This Court, which adjourned from Lowell to Cambridge has been engaged since Tuesday last, in the trial of the case of Arnold Hayward vs. R. M. Daggett and others. The case involves the sale and utility of a patent for dressing mill-stones. It will occupy one or two days more. George S. Boutwell and J. Q. A. Griffin for plaintiff. W. P. Webster and G. A. Somerby for defendants.

The jurors will be discharged on Saturday.

ARRIVAL OF THE NINTH CONNECTICUT REGIMENT. The Regiment which has been expected for several days arrived at the Middlesex Street Depot about half past nine o'clock this forenoon. The Regiment, which is not full, is under command of Col. Cahill. They were received on Middlesex Street by the Twenty-sixth Regiment, Col. Jones, and by them escorted to Camp Lisse, after a march of nearly several of our streets. A large crowd of people were in attendance to witness their arrival.

We hear that the Connecticut Regiment was at Groton Junction from three o'clock yesterday afternoon till this morning. It is not a matter of surprise that some of the men looked a little "hard" after roughing it in the way they were compelled to while on their way.

HIGH WATER. The rain last Saturday and Sunday has had the effect to bring up the water in the Merrimack River, which is still rising. A stone bridge on a small branch of the Soubegan River, in Wilton, N. H., was carried away by the freshet on Sunday.

The attendance at the Democratic meeting last evening was large. The speakers the whole (whose names we gave yesterday), were well received, and frequently brought down the house. Altogether the meeting was a successful one.

POLICE COURT. There is nothing before this tribunal to-day, everybody being all engaged, it is supposed, in electioneering.

—THE REPUBLICAN MEETING LAST EVENING. There was a good attendance at Huntington Hall last evening, the occasion being the last rally of the Republicans previous to appearing at the polls to-day. The meeting was presided over by W. S. Southworth, Esq., who, on taking the chair, made an excellent and appropriate speech, which was listened to with close attention. On closing, Mr. Southworth introduced George Stevens, Esq., who made a spirited, patriotic, eloquent and earnest speech, which was frequently interrupted with hearty applause. Charles Cowley, Esq., was the next speaker, and previous to commencing offered the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the Republicans of Lowell, in earnest assembled, do hereby ratify the nominations made by the Republican City Committee, for representatives to the General Court.

Mr. Cowley's remarks were chiefly confined to reviewing the speeches made the previous evening at the "Union" meeting. He also pointed out the consistency and propriety of the Republicans in maintaining their own organization, and of electing the ticket that had been nominated and put into the field by their friends. Mr. Cowley was followed by John Wright, Esq., Rev. Mr. Clark, and Dr. J. C. Ayer. The three last speakers we did not hear, but the remarks of Mr. Clark are spoken of as peculiarly appropriate and well considered.

The gallery was crowded, a large proportion of whom were ladies. The Lowell Regimental Band of the Twenty-Sixth Regiment was in attendance and responded to eloquent words and patriotic sentiments with their choice and inspiring music.

The examination of the two persons suspected of publishing the libelous letters in the Lowell Pontoffice (to which an allusion was made on Saturday) has not yet occurred. It was expected their examination would take place yesterday, but for several reasons this did not occur. The time fixed now is Friday next at the jail in this city.

We are requested by the Clerk of the Police Court to state, for the information of those who have cases in court, that continuances will be called and be in order for trial to-morrow morning, and that of new entries on Thursday morning next.

LECTURE AT WELLES HALL. Dr. Nehemiah Cleaveland, of Memphis, Tenn., will deliver a lecture at Welles Hall, this evening next, at 7½ o'clock—doors open half an hour previous. His subject will be—"Slavery and its evils," and will relate to the South. Tickets for admission fee of 5 cents will be charged to meet expenses.

A PRESENT. Mr. Charles Hayden, of Company D, Twenty-Sixth Regiment, was presented with one of Smith & Wesson's revolvers on Saturday by the gentlemen of the company with which he is connected.

LOOK at the notice of land, wood and timber sale to-morrow, at 10 o'clock A. M. You may have a free ride by calling on the auctioneer before 9 o'clock.

MEMORIES. The following persons have letters for them lying in the Postoffice at Lowell, *Maine*; probably the word "Maine" was intended to be *Lowell*:—Mary F. Stinson, Sarah Fuller, Mrs. Nancy J. Small. Mr. C. W. Curtis.

DIED, at Hanover, November 1st, 1861, LEONARD S KIMBALL. At a meeting of the class of 1861, of which the deceased was a member, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father, in His infinite wisdom, has removed from our midst our classmate, Leonard S. Kimball, by extended classmate, therefore,

Resolved, That in this dispensation we recognize the hand of Him who doeth all things well, and, though we may not understand the reasons why he has taken from us, yet we would cheerfully say, Thy will be done.

Resolved, That while we cherish the memory of the deceased, also that his parents and extend to them our heartfelt sympathy.

Resolved, That all class exercises and games be suspended until after the funeral, that the class may honor our dead classmate his burial, and that the usual badge of mourning be worn for thirty days.

Resolved, That these resolutions be printed and copies transmitted to the family of the deceased, also that they be published in one or more of the newspapers.

H. T. FULLER,
C. CALDWELL,
E. F. AMBROSE,
A. W. GIBSON,
A. W. MOORE,
Com. of Class.

Dartmouth College, November 1st, 1861.

"BOOK-KEEPING RATIONALIZED." This is the title of a handsome little book just published by George N. Comer, the founder and principal of Comer's Commercial College, in Boston. It presents a system of book-keeping adapted to all kinds of business, whether p-rsonal, partnership, commission, or corporate; with new and rapid methods of computing interest and exchange, and averaging accounts. It is an admirable manual, teaching the whys of things, as well as the how. It may be commended as an invaluable aid to the accountant. Copies of it may be obtained through I. C. Eastman, corner of Central and Middle Streets.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF A STOCK OF CARPETS. John H. Osgood, Auctioneer, sold on the 23rd ult., by order of the Assignee, the stock of Carpetings contained in the warehouse 124 Hanover Street. The entire stock was sold in one lot, and brought *fifty nine and one-half* per cent. on the cost. The terms were cash. The New England Carpet Co., were the purchasers.—*Boston Journal.*

The stock referred to above, is advertised in our paper to day, to which the attention of purchasers is directed.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 4.

7 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad	124½
50 Michigan Central Railroad	83
30 Boston and Maine Railroad	104
1 Concord Railroad (ex div)	80
1 Saxony Railroad	80
2 Merchants' Bank	93½

N. J. WIER & CO.,

160 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES.

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens.

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES.

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The many hundreds of the above now in use in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which it is sufficient to say that it is constructed on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates equally well in every respect. Persons wishing to purchase, *The first thing* to do is to call and examine; then saving the trouble and expense of sending for Mechanics.

Also, a large assortment of stamped ware, which, with a full assortment of other stoves, furnishing goods, &c., will be sold at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail.

nov4

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

FARE REDUCED!

Lowell to New York and return, $5.75

Lowell to New York and return, Saturday and Sunday, $5.00

Tickets for the West, North and Southwest, at the office.

Also, Tickets to *Philadelphia, Baltimore* and Washington.

☞ All baggage passing to Passage and Freight passage at the Company's office.

Baggage checked through to all parts of the country. Tickets for sale at the Depot, 182 Merrimack street, adjoining the Merrimack House.

S. H. FISHER, Agent.

Lowell, Sept. 16, 1861. sep16dtf

Delaware City Delaware, Nov. 2, 1861.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye in use.

All others are more imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape disaster.

GREY HAIR OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Astor House, New York.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to W. A. Batchelor for his Wigs, and over 80,000 applications have been made to the hair of the inventor of the above Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a colour instantaneously, without the least injury to the head or skin, and imparts to the hair a beautiful, lasting, and transparent colour, that will not wash or rub off, and is perfectly free from all poisonous ingredients, and will not stain the skin, but remains for months in the hair, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, and a fac simile of his signature, on the four sides of each box. See that the name and address of the inventor, and the initials of the United States, are not forged. Sold by Druggists throughout the United States.

Wholesale Depot—No. 81 Maiden Lane, and 16 Astor House, New York.

M. S. BURR & CO., Agents, Boston

Agents in Lowell, Chas. H. Kimball, Colburn & Hosey.

oct26 ly

NOTICE.

The subscriber would say to his customers that he has removed his stock of Groceries from the Post Office, from store 127 to 129 Central, A. M., where he will be pleased to see them, and will endeavor to please with goods.

Orders left at the store named above for Lumber or Wood promptly attended to.

A. L. PERKINS.

Lowell, July 29, 1861. 1y30dlm

FOWLE & LOVE SEWING MACHINE. We have received a large assortment of Sewing Machines, for which Mr. A. DAVIS is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jun26tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. D. Colburn, D. Wilson, T. Nesmith, L. G. Hosmer, B. Hutchinson, Jr., John Nesmith, Jr., D. A. Richardson, Jr., Jonas Perry, C. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurers of Cotton Factories in the City of Lowell, and has ever been made in this Charter. The present cash assets of the Company are $100,000, and the cash premium of $118,—128 24. The attention of owners of Cotton Factories is called to the fact that the Company is particularly invited. A Dividend I paid on policies of this class every year, and the rate of premium is always low.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $200,000. Insurers in this department receive the annual dividends in cash or premium notes.

Offices, No. 97 Court St., (second story,) Boston.

F. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, Oct. 1, 1861. 3m40

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received a large assortment of them. New and

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quickest,
It burns brightest,
It lasts longer,
It goes further in quantity,
It costs less money,
It is the cleanest to be handling, And the
GENUINE can be bought ONLY at EDWARDS'
WHARF, foot of Merrimack street.
J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14tf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only owners of the true and original
FRANKLIN COAL,
Do hereby caution the public as well that ours and no other is the original, and that all others are counterfeits. The Franklin Coal Company of Pennsylvania.

Caution is hereby given against buying or selling any article of patent right or other perfect those Mr. Livingston, has by his own confession, sold to me, and I am determined to protect my Franklin Coal to say nothing in Lowell or elsewhere.

REMINGTON & HENRY.

Lowell, Sept. 16, 1861. sep16dtf

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye in use.

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M. S. BURR & CO., Agents, Boston

Agents in Lowell, Chas. H. Kimball, Colburn & Hosey.

sep28 1y

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD."

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS

Continues to be the standard medicine for the cure of all bilious and Liver Complaints. Remove from a pimple in the worst pointed sore; Jaundice, Costiveness, Piles, Fever and Ague, Headache, Dyspepsia, Weakness, &c. They are both alterative and tonic, and will be found invaluable in all cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Piles, Fever and Ague, and Jaundice, and purify the blood better than any other medicine. They are also a most valuable remedy for Female Complaints, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Irregularities. Sold by Druggists and Dealers, Proprietors of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, and Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach, Liver or Blood. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

DR. LANGLEY'S VEGETABLE PILLS are especially adapted to WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the safest and most reliable Female Medicine extant.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That the combination of the Female system is such as *Pills containing Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, Lead, Opium, Strychnine, Nux Vomica, Blue Pill, or PODOPHYLLIN—the result, MERCURIALISE Death* to the Female system. *Dr. Cheeseman's Pills restore the natural functions in a normal condition, that ends in the restoration of health.* Females avoid all *Patent Medicines*, containing either of the above mentioned poisons, and use Dr. Cheeseman's Pills, and you will be restored to health.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered to the public as the best Family Medicine extant.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the safest and most reliable Female Medicine extant.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Irregularities.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Obstructions.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Suppressions.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Complaints.

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Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Spasms.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Pains.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Headache.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Dizziness.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Nausea.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Vomiting.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Dyspepsia.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Costiveness.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Piles.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Fever and Ague.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Jaundice.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable remedy for Female Liver Complaint.

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Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*,—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not suppose a single item mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already; and even more wonderful cures are on record in the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, after using it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but some other under a new article, and to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and am astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, since other illustrious have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for weak head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but found you had gone now living in New York.

I have no objection to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1076, St. Louis Post Office, will be answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

Dear Sir: I send you a statement so that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative on others, and there was a one dollars then truthin them; but entertaining a strong desire to restore my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I bought a bottle, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I used about one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following the directions accompanying it as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in my hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three bottles, and my hair is now as fine and soft as silk, and of a beautiful dark brown or brown, or light black, as it was in my younger days, and in my possible years. I have also a boy in the Hills of Western Virginia, who was troubled with a case of dandruff, and the hair coming out very badly, and in an early period of life, I sent him a bottle of your Restorative, and the hair ceased coming out, and is now as soft and fine as silk, and is curly, as though it had been originally a French chap-nose. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Judge, what do you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experience which cannot be shamed by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and received entire satisfaction. Assessment of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable preparations which accomplishes all it professes, and all the baldheaded gray-headed readers should buy.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of the well known and most excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative has long ranked as a standard article, and proves by the testimonials it has received, that it is no humbug. Its reputation is based upon the solid foundation of merit, and from genuine cases which we have known for many years as persons of the highest character, we can most sincerely say, that we have tried this Restorative —*Boston Cure Branch*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of flattering every new discovery, for in this case we of the city are quick sometimes, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all those here in failing off or turning gray. He is a new contributor, Dudley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of it himself, and is familiar with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and find benefit.—*Boston Saturday Gazette*.

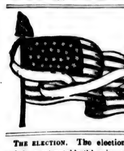
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most articles, this Restorative is not only a luxury, but a necessity, for it saves great suffering as a sufferer of the hair to the grizzle or baldness. It has become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article will restore it to its original beauty. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. In many cases it is found to be effectually eradicate dandruff and other diseases of the scalp.—*Boston Transcript*.

Wood's Hair Restorative possesses extraordinary properties. In many cases it has restored the hair of the skin to its proper whiteness. It is unquestionably the best article for the purpose we have ever used, and we therefore cordially recommend it to our readers.—*Boston Evening Gazette*.

Wood's Hair Restorative. We have had a trial of this remedy, and do not hesitate to say, in our opinion, it is a valuable preparation. It is highly recommended by those who have used it, and we believe in every case will give perfect satisfaction.—*Boston Traveller

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, November 6, 1861.



THE ELECTION. The election is over, and the most notable thing in connection with it is the fact that excepting in a few localities, the whole campaign has been less exciting than any for many years. The whole State ticket has been assailed, and in both branches of the legislature the Republican majority, over the Democracy and Union men, is sufficiently large; we would so soon have it as it is as larger.—However men have voted, their ballots (certainly it was the case in this direction) give unmistakable evidence of their faithfulness to the country; on every ticket was in some way affixed the word "Union."—Each party, or off-shoot of the old parties, claimed to be unequivocally in favor of supporting the National Government in its war against the rebels; and every man elected probably is most reliable on this point. In every quarter, the people of this State have testified their approbation of the course of policy of the present authorities by re-electing them by a handsome vote. This result was not unexpected even by those who opposed the ticket.—Some of the Democratic talk, when it says "opposition gains in both branches" of the legislature, as we supposed they would, notwithstanding the fact that probably more than half those set down as "opposition," and whose elections are eagerly claimed as Democratic encroachments on the Republican ranks, were nominated and elected as much by Republican votes as by those of all the other parties; and while voting for "Union" representatives or senators, these Republicans also voted for John A. Andrew and the rest of the State ticket; so, really there has been no gain by the Democracy, notwithstanding a vigorous effort was made to that end, and strategic skill as much as was ever used.

In this vicinity the choice has fallen upon intelligent, experienced, and capable men. If in other sections the party is not more unfortunate, then the triumph of "Union tickets" will do the Republican organization no harm. They were not opposed on account of any lack of qualifications for the places for which they were selected, but because it was considered imexpedient to depart from party usages.—The people in our immediate vicinity, however, having endorsed the "Union" movement, the "Democratic" way of doing things is to submit without a murmur; and so far as we are concerned, we are free to say the delegation to the next session, we have no doubt, will do its constituents great credit.

The election of Mr. Hooper in the Fifth Congressional District, is a most judicious one. He is a leading merchant of Boston, and was probably voted for by the conservative men of all parties, although he is a well known Republican. The election throughout the State is a most satisfactory endorsement of the State and National Administrations, and cannot be otherwise than satisfactory to all who feel a pride in the honor of the old Bay State, which was first and will be the last in the war for the Union.

STATE ELECTION.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES.

	Andrew.	Davis.
Suffolk, 4 towns,	5814	5462
Essex, 26 towns,	7307	3207
Middlesex, 29 towns,	9045	5261
Worcester, 19 towns,	4921	2692
Hampshire, 10 towns,	2778	894
Hampden, 14 towns,	2509	890
Franklin, 15 towns,	1072	923
Berkshire, 10 towns,	1337	857
Norfolk, 15 towns,	4209	2930
Bristol, 12 towns,	3978	1985
Plymouth, 19 towns,	3058	1527
Barnstable, 10 towns,	1094	288
Total, 186 towns,	46,982	24,754
Andrew's plurality, 22,228.		

The total vote last year for Governor was as follows:—

John A. Andrew,	104,627		
Amos A. Lawrence,	23,816		
Erasmus D. Beach,	35,191		
Benj. F. Butler,	6,000		
Others,	75		
Total,	169,609		

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

	Andrew.	Davis.
Acton,	154	103
Ashland,	175	40
Billerica,	167	49
Brighton,	137	137
Cambridge,	1142	847
Charlestown,	1164	631
Chelmsford,	135	63
Concord,	116	46
Dracut,	137	66
Framingham,	231	99
Groton,	280	118
Holliston,	231	99
Lincoln,	56	36
Littleton,	123	38
Lowell,	2139	1033
Malden,	278	190
Marlborough,	379	138
Medford,	296	135
Natick,	222	94
Newton,	352	220
Pepperell,	115	55
Reading,	247	43
Somerville,	220	111
South Reading,	232	84
Stoneham,	221	97
Tyngsborough,	50	31
Tewksbury,	93	60
Waltham,	260	183
Watertown,	112	57
West Cambridge,	110	152
Westford,	115	39
Wilmington,	43	25
Woburn,	141	87
Total,	9815	5261

Senate: Hooper Republican, was elected Representative to 37th Congress in the Fifth Congressional District, receiving 4870 votes to 3828 for George B. Upton, Union Democrat and 11 scattering.

COUNCILLORS ELECTED.

Dist. 1. Nehemiah Boynton, of Chelsea.
2. Gerry W. Cobbrane, of Methuen.
3. James M. Shute, of Somerville.
4. Alfred Hitchcock, of Fitchburg.
5. Joel Hayden, of Williamsburg.
6. James Hinkley, of Roxbury.
7. Oakes Ames, Easton.
8. E. C. Sherman, of Plymouth—All Republicans.

SENATORS ELECTED.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

District. 1. Stephen N. Stockwell, rep.
2. John C. Tarbell, dem.
3. Charles G. Loring, rep.
4. Alexander H. Twombly, rep.
5. Benjamin Dean, dem.

ESSEX COUNTY.

1. William F. Johnson, rep.
2. William D. Northend, rep.
3. Christopher Tompkins, rep.
4. Edwin B. George, rep.
5. John J. Babson, rep.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

1. Erastus O. Haven, rep.
2. John C. Dodge, rep.
3. John W. Bacon, rep.
4. Walter Fessenden, dem.
5. Horace P. Wakefield, rep.
6. Daniel S. Richardson, union.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Central—Hartley Williams, rep.
Southeast—W. B. Hill, rep., (probably.)
Southwest—Rufus B. Dorr, rep.
West—Henry Smith, rep.
Northwest—Alfred D. Crocker, rep.
East—Charles G. Stevens, rep.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Western—Miles B. Wilcox, union.
Eastern—James M. Thompson, union.

HAMPSHIRE AND FRANKLIN COUNTIES.

Hampshire—Lewis Bodman, union dem.
Franklin—Whiting Griswold, union dem.
Hamp. and Frank.—G. M. Gilbert, union.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

North—Thomas F. Plunkett, union dem.
South—Orlo Burt, union rep.

NORFOLK COUNTY.

North—William D. Swan, union.
East—Joseph Faxon, rep.
West—Joseph Day, rep.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

North—Chester I. Reed, rep.
South—John H. Clifford, union rep.
West—Ezra F. Brownell, rep.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

South—Joshua E. Crane, rep.
North—Ebenezer Gay, rep.
Middle—Calvin H. Mitchell, rep.

BARNSTABLE, NANTUCKET AND DUKES COUNTIES.

Cape District—Herbert H. Libbey, rep.
Island " Charles Dillingham, rep.

Total, 28 Republicans, 3 straight Democrats and 9 Union, part of whom have hitherto been Republicans.

REPRESENTATIVES ELECTED.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

District 1—Charlestown, 1st Ward, 1. Amos Brown, dem.
2—Charlestown, 1st and 2nd Ward, 3. Everett Torrey, 4. E. Bridge, 7. J. Stone, rep.
3—Somerville, 1. George O. Barstow, rep.
4—Malden, 1. Caleb Wait, union.
5—Melrose, 1. Francis Brooks, rep. union.
7—Cambridge, 2. Charles Beck, Hamlin R. Harding, Amos Hooker, rep.
8—Newton and Brighton, 2. Henry Baldwin, rep. Joseph Bigelow, dem.
9—Watertown and Waltham, 2. F. M. Stone, dem. Josiah Beard, rep.
10—Concord, Lincoln and Weston, 1. George Heywood, rep. union.
11—Newton, 1. Henry Bemis, rep.
12—Holliston and Sherborn, 1. Seth Thayer, rep.
13—Framingham, 1. James W. Clark, rep.
15—Marlborough, 1. O. W. Albee, rep.
17—Acton, Boxboro', Carlisle and Littleton, 1. John Fletcher, jr., rep.
21—Reading and North Reading, 1. Charles Manning, of Reading, union rep.
22—Wilmington, Tewksbury and Billerica, 1. George F. Elliot, rep.
23—Lowell, 1st, 2nd and 5th Wards, 3. Paul Hill, rep. S. W. Stickney and S. G. Mack, union.
24—Lowell, 3rd, 4th and 6th Wards, 3. Haywood Wright, J. B. French and Edward F. Sherman, union.
25—Chelmsford, Dracut and Tyngsborough, 1. Lyrus Butterfield, rep.
26—Shirley, Groton, Dunstable, Westford and Pepperell, 2. David Porter, John W. P. Abbott, reps.

We notice the following distinguished men among those elected:—Boston, Robert U. Burbank, Benjamin Stevens, Peleg W. Chandler, John S. Tyler, Albert J. Wright, Republicans; Francis J. Parker, Democratic Union. Newburyport, Caleb Cushing and Albert Currier, Democrats. Fitchburg, Amasa Norcross, Republican. Stockbridge, Jonathan E. Field, Union Democrat. Brookline, Thomas Aspinwall, Union. Roxbury, George Curtis, Republican. Dorchester, Henry L. Pierce, Republican.

RECAPITULATION OF REPRESENTATIVES.

	Rep.	Dem.	Union.	Tota.
Suffolk,	15	4	6	
Essex,	23	1	4	
Middlesex,	21	7	2	
Worcester,	21	2	7	
Hampden,	—	12	—	
Hampshire,	—	9	—	
Franklin,	—	9	—	
Berkshire,	—	9	—	
Norfolk,	8	4	3	
Bristol,	16	6	4	
Plymouth,	11	1	1	
Barnstable,	2	—	—	
Total,	126	57	15	

Representatives elected in western counties are, with very few exception, the regular Union candidates. Many of the Union Representatives will doubtless act with the Democratic party in all matters of a party nature.

ELECTIONS ELSEWHERE. In New York the indications are that the People's Union Ticket has been successful throughout the State by a heavy majority. In Kings County and Brooklyn the State ticket has 5000 majority, and the county ticket 3000 majority. Returns from various parts of the State instance the election of the whole State ticket by a heavy majority, with the exception of Canal Commissioner, which is in doubt, with a probability of the election of Wright, Democrat, over Bruce for the short term.

In New Jersey the indications are that the Assemblymen in Essex County are about divided. The entire Democratic county ticket is elected, and the first Democratic Sheriff for thirty years.

THE *Student and Schoolmate* - the best juvenile monthly magazine published in this country—for November will be found at the places where it is usually sold. Parents should buy a number—if they are not regular subscribers—for their children.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and Mill Cadets.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Fort Mc. even for the aforenamed Companies on THURSDAY, 8th inst.

Packages weighing not over three pounds each, will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, 9 to 12 M., on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. WYMAN,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

TEA PARTY,

By the First Unitarian Society, at Mechanics' Hall THURSDAY EVENING, November 7th, 1861.

The Programme will include

SELECT READINGS, by Miss EASTMAN.

SINGING by the Choir,

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, by Mrs. S. W. STORRS, Pianist, and by QUARTETTE BAND.

REFRESHMENTS served at the Tea Tables during the evening.

Doors open at 6 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Tickets can be obtained at the Bookstores, and at the door. nov4d1t

ARRIVED!

The Map of the State of Virginia, drawn from actual Surveys, by Lieut. Col. J. D. Graham. This is the Map used by General Scott and General McClellan in their campaigns in Virginia. Also, a large assortment of Pocket Ticket Office, 161 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House, Lowell.

Novel4d S. R. FISHER.

The place to procure custom made Boots and Shoes, of the best material, and in the most reliable manner, is at SUTTERDEN'S, 16 Middle st. nov4d

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

162 Merrimack Street,

adjoining Merrimack House,

Lowell, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers proceeding to take passage in Steamer leaving New York Nov 11th, should order tickets as soon as possible, as the Steamer is rapidly filling up

S. R. FISHER.

The last edition of the BOSTON JOURNAL will be circulated at F. Lamson's store 50 Merrimack street, for Your Own Paper, and at the Periodical Depository of Post-Boston Newspapers, Magazines &c. Also large assortment of Stationery, at wholesale and retail at the lowest prices. oct31d1t

WANTED.

A respectable woman to assist in the care of a child and do sewing. Apply at this office. oct31d1t

Go and examine the great Military Map of the United States, Canada and Mexico and the Rebellion, at the Lowell Gas Light Company's rooms, 9 to 12 M. It is drawn from actual surveys, and contains every foot of the railroads, and all from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte, Mexico.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 162 Merrimack street, adjoining Merrimack House, and at Broad Locell. oct31d1t S. R. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were assessed a poll tax in the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, for the last day of October, 1860, and in June 30d, 1861, can obtain their tax, on application to the Clerk during the month of November.

septl2d1m S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

THE ELECTION IN LOWELL. Below we give the figures for the different officers voted for in this city:

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

Ward	Andrew.	Davis.	Lawrence.
1—	233	216	4
2—	283	112	6
3—	221	229	3
4—	267	368	6
5—	291	310	4
6—	346	318	3
7—	338	233	3
Total	2139	1033	29

B. F. Butler had one vote in Ward Four.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

John Reynolds,	1,961
Edwin C. Bailey,	966
Josiah Adams,	49
John Smith,	10
Scattering,	17

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Oliver Warner,	2,164
Frederick O. Prince,	139
Thomas Palmer,	49

TREASURER AND RECEIVER GENERAL.

Henry K. Oliver,	2,159
Emory Sandord,	999
Samuel A. Eliot,	49

AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS.

Levi Reed,	2,164
Moses Bates,	991
J. Henry Hill,	49

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Dwight Foster,	2,161
Edward Avery,	992
Scattering,	49

COUNCILLOR.

James M. Shute,	1,989
Joseph B. V. Coburn,	1,973

SENATOR.

Ward	Allen.	Richardson.
1—	143	794
2—	221	699
3—	267	868
4—	291	310
5—	346	318
6—	338	233
Total	1401	1744

CLERK OF COURTS.

Benjamin F. Hall,	2,193
Of the above 1539 were for Benj. F. Ham, of Natick, instead of Cambridge.	

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Joseph H. Wade,	1,981
Timothy Fletcher,	1,626
Scattering,	1

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Amos Stone,	3,200

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Ansbel B. Wright,	2,196

REPRESENTATIVE—32D DISTRICT.

Ward	1	2	5	Total.
Paul Hill	167	330	278	812
Linus Child	169	240	303	712
Moses Bates	241	208	293	742
Samuel W. Stickney	282	319	309	901
Henry Emery,	223	194	272	693
Sewell G. Mack	273	216	299	790
Scattering				11

REPRESENTATIVES—24TH DISTRICT.

Ward.	3	4	6	Total.
Samuel D. Sargeant	218	291	234	743
Nathaniel R. Potter	269	298	194	761
Jonathan M. Wright	251	208	150	609
Horace Wright	356	291	229	876
Josiah B. Fuller	241	208	193	645
Edward F. Sherman	347	304	223	874
Scattering				16

VOTE FOR SENATOR. We give the vote for Senator in this district by which it will be seen that Daniel S. Richardson has 291 plurality.

Ward.	Allen.	Richardson.
Lowell,	1401	1744
Chelmsford,	99	108
Tewksbury,	76	77
Total	1,636	1,929

FIREMAN'S PAY ROLL. The pay roll of the Fire Department made up to October 31st and approved by the Mayor and Aldermen last, amounts to $4412.01; last May it was $5808 48.—The following is the amount due to the engine and fire department companies:—

Engineers,	$162.30
Excelsior No. 1,	691.98
Ocean Hydrant Co.,	297.80
Tiger, No. 5,	694.97
Franklin (steamer) No. 2,	350.00
Wamesit (steamer) No. 3,	470.00
Niagara, No. 4,	492.11
Deluge, No. 14,	694.99
Franklin Hook and Ladder,	549.96
Total	$4,412.01

LETTERS AND PACKAGES FOR THE SOLDIERS. By an advertisement elsewhere, the friends of the soldiers in the Richardson Light Infantry, Mill Cadets, and Butler Rifles, will see that the Soldiers' Aid Association send a box from this city on Friday next.

LOWELL MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE. DANIEL S. RICHARDSON, Senator elect from this district, is a lawyer by profession and an old resident of this city. He has for a number of years occupied a leading position at the Middlesex bar. He was editor of the *Lowell Courier* in 1841; was in the Common Council in 1845-6, and served as President both years; was an Alderman in 1846; was Representative from Lowell in 1862, '63, and '64; Railroad Commissioner from May 1850 to Jan. 1856. He will undoubtedly take a leading position in the body to which he has been elected. Last fall the old classification of parties Mr. Richardson was a Whig; last year he was identified with the Bell-Everett party; but he has not been an active politician for some years past.

PAUL HILL, representative from Ward One, is also an old resident of Lowell, and is Superintendent of the Locks and Canals Company; was in the Common Council in 1852 and 1854 and an Alderman in 1859. Mr. Hill is a Republican.

SAMUEL W. STICKNEY, from Ward Two, has resided in Lowell for many years. He has been President of the Railroad Bank for several years, during which time he was its Cashier. He was an Alderman in 1857 and 1858, and is a member of our School Committee at the present time. Mr. S. is a well known Republican.

HAPGOOD WRIGHT, from Ward Three, is well known as a wholesale and retail shoe dealer; was in the Common Council in 1845 and '46, and Alderman in 1848. He was a member of the last Legislature, and is also a Republican.

JOSIAH B. FRENCH, from Ward Four, is an old citizen; was a member of the Common Council in 1842 and Mayor in 1849 and '50. He was a Representative from Lowell in 1856, and has, we believe, held the office of County Commissioner. Mr. French has always been a Democrat.

SEWALL G. MACK, from Ward Five, has been extensively engaged in the stove business for many years; was Common Councilman in 1856 and '58, Alderman in 1847 and '58, and Mayor in 1853 and '54. He was formerly a Whig, but supported the Bell-Everett movement last year.

EDWARD F. SHERMAN, from Ward Six, the youngest member of the delegation, is a lawyer by profession, but for several years past has been Secretary and Treasurer of the Travelers' and Mechanics' Insurance Company, the duties of his position requiring all his time and attention. He was a member of the School Committee in 1858 and '59, and Secretary of the Board the first year.

It will be seen by the above that the delegation is an able one, being composed of practical business men, who have not been without a large share of experience in our local affairs.

BOSTON ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSALISTS. This Association will meet with the 2nd Universalist Society in this city to-day and to-morrow.

Public meetings will commence at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when addresses will be made by several clergymen upon the subject of the Sunday School. This evening the occasional sermon will be preached by Rev. T. J. Greenwood, of Malden, at 7 o'clock.

To-morrow sermons will be preached both forenoon and afternoon. The public are invited.

THE CONNECTICUT REGIMENT. Considerable comment having been made on the appearance of this regiment, which arrived in our city yesterday, a word or two in relation to them might not be out of place. We are informed that they left New Haven on Monday with only two and a half hours' notice—not enough time to get their members together. They had not received their new uniforms and were compelled to come in such as they had. They were out in the rain storm on the night; nearly all their tents were blown down, and their encampment ground was overflowed to such an extent that a schooner washed up on to it. To add to their troubles, they arrived at Groton Junction about 1 o'clock yesterday morning, and found no cars ready for them, the Connecticut authorities not having telegraphed to the superintendent in time, so that the regiment was expected. Under all the circumstances, we think much allowance should be made for the appearance of the regiment. We learn that it is about only about 180 or 190 men of being full.—About 70 of those left behind arrived last evening.

LECTURE THIS EVENING. Our readers must bear in mind the lecture at Wells Hall this evening, by Dr. Ness, late of Memphis, Tennessee. His experience is the same as thousands of other fugitives from the South, and cannot fail to interest all who will attend.

We have the manuscript of the report of G. W. Wise, Esq., to the Soldiers' Aid Association, and to-morrow shall put it in type for the Courier. Time election returns, &c., prevent our using it to-day.—Mr. Wise has within the past fortnight visited the companies belonging in this city now abroad, and his report will be read with interest.

Those who are about furnishing their dwellings with carpets, are referred to the advertisement in our paper, of a large bankrupt stock now being retailed by the New England Carpet Co., of Boston.

THE PRINCE'S VISIT. Remember the exhibition of the Prince of Wales' visit to the United States and Canada, &c., which is presented in Hubbard's fine pantoscope at Mechanics' Hall, this evening.

SINGING SCHOOL. Tickets are for sale for the last half term of Mr. Willey's school, at Rogg & Griffiths' music store, and at the door.

AMONG the Democrats elected to the Senate, is Benjamin Dean, formerly of this city, in the Fifth Suffolk District.

LECTURE AT HUNTINGTON HALL. Rev. J. W. Bonham, who was a passenger on board the Great Eastern during her late struggle in the Atlantic, will lecture at Huntington Hall this evening—his subject being a description of that vessel and his experience during the storm which came near sending her and her passengers and freight to the bottom. We have no doubt the lecture will be of a most entertaining nature.

UNION PATRIOT. A series of dances, to be called Union Parties, are to be held at French's Hall during the coming season. The first one takes place on Wednesday evening of next week, 13th inst. Music: Smith, Carleton & Owen's Quadrille Band. Tickets may be had at Fisher & Gardner's, No. 48 Central Street, where all desirable particulars relative to the party may be obtained.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Abraham Coan, for drunkenness, second offence, three months House of Correction.

Frank Clifford, a soldier, for breaking a pane of glass valued at $2, awaits the order of his commanding officer.

Owen and Ellen Fleming, charged with being common drunkards, had their cases continued until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

CONTRIBUTION FOR THE SOLDIERS. A box of jellies was received from Mrs. T. B. Lawson, at the Mayor's office this forenoon, for the benefit of our soldiers in the hospital.

A SOCIAL TEA PARTY (as will be seen by an advertisement in another column), is to be given by the ladies of the First Unitarian Society, to-morrow evening, at Mechanics' Hall. Tables for supper will be spread at 6 o'clock, and refreshments will be furnished during the evening.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms, and will promptly adjust and pay all losses that may occur.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.	Boston.
Nathan Allen,	Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Codding,	John A. Lowell,
Arthur T. Bonney,	Walter Wright,
Samuel Kendrick,	Caleb B. Rogers,
Ephraim Bartlett,	Benj. C. Howe,
	Wm. Bond.
Alonzo A. Miner,	Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bates,	Lester M. Clark.
Reuben D. Mussey, Cincinnati.	
NATHAN ALLEN, President.	
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.	
Office, 694 Post Office Building, (first floor)	
No. 23 1st Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.	
April 6, 1861.	ly

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as fair rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and MERCANTILE STORES, and CHURCHES. for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No 36 Merrimack, opp. Middle st., Lowell.
Oct. 1, 1861. 3m

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Payable in Cash.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
Office No 36 Merrimack st., Lowell.
April 6, 1861. ly

IMPORTANT to FEMALES
DR. CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is universally conceded to depend upon the due performance of that function alone and irregularities to which females are liable. DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are designed to correct all irregularities, and to bring on the monthly courses with regularity. A single trial will prove to the most skeptical that relief can be obtained to less attention with this invaluable remedy, than by any other. Full directions in the English language accompany each box. Explain your case fully, and address all letters for information and advice to

DR. CHEESEMAN & CO.,
No. 102 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other free burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and at Office, 2 Kent st.
J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may14d6f

MOTHERS, or you that have the care of children, know the difficulty of getting them to take medicine, and the almost total loss of the benefit to be derived from it, if not to see the child suffer by disease, and you will find only a single exception to this almost universal rule, and at the same time the most valuable remedy ever discovered, Doctor Gifford's Homeopathic curatives do this, and if they are, strange as it may appear, true, they can be administered to a child even while asleep, without its knowledge, and the operation of the medicines will in all cases be satisfactory. Diarrhœa, cholera infantum, dysentery, colic, or teething babies, have a remedy here that is infallible. Don't wait until your child is in the jaw of every triumph, and trust all to the skill of the physician, but be equal to any companion in arms.

Sold by Jno. C. Fremont, Maj. Gen.

The feels run intensely high during the whole of last evening, and there was a universal rejoicing over the fact that the hands serenaded the General, and whenever he appeared he was greeted with cheers. Gen. Fremont, after thanking the Germans for their kindness, introduced Gen. Hunter, as his order directed, he had no further command, and he opened the several hours' making a personal examination of the ground about the city to be occupied by a second line of defences, with a written request from all the Brigade Generals. Generals Heron remained through the night to lead our army in case of an attack. All the troops slept upon their arms, and many of the officers never lay up all night. An attack was hourly expected, but nothing more occurred than the firing on our pickets in two different roads. The enemy are now encamped on the old Wilson Creek battle ground.

Universal gloom prevails throughout the city here. A bank will undoubtedly close our ears long. Our troops will meet the enemy firmly, but they are disheartened and have lost their enthusiasm. The body guard, who could not be induced to remain, will resign, and as the terms of two of their enlistment permit, will accompany Gen. Fremont, and also his entire staff, numbering fifteen. Gen. Fremont will not resist division. Gen. Fremont will not permit any demonstration from the troops on his departure.

Gen. Fremont is prepared to leave for St. Louis and will go as soon as Gen. Pope arrives, who has been sent forward and will take command until Gen. Hunter gets here.

From Western Virginia. Some particulars of the late fight at Gauley Bridge on the 3lst and 1st inst. The engagement was not a general battle, but rather a warm skirmish, in which the enemy were repulsed with great loss. The action was commenced by the rebels, who opened two batteries on our lines, near Gauley Bridge; but though the firing continued all day, little or no damage was done—not a man being killed. On Friday, a large artillery was brought to bear, and the rebel fire was silenced. A train was fired upon about the same time, some miles up the river, and three men wounded, but none killed. On Friday night, Benham's brigade moved down the river to Gauley Bridge, and were ferried across on a flat-boat which the rebels had previously sunk.

From Fortress Monroe and the Fleet. About 3 o'clock Monday afternoon the steamer Monticello from the blockading fleet off Savannah arrived and reported that she passed the whole fleet, moving along finely, on Saturday night, within 30 miles of Bull Bay. The storm had nearly abated, and her officers have no doubt the fleet entered Bull Bay early Sunday morning and landed within twenty-five miles of Charleston. This point of the coast was but slightly fortified. A Norfolk paper of Monday says the desination of the fleet is known to be Port Royal, the entrance to which is sixty miles south of Bull Bay.

LEGISLATURE RE-ELECTED. Six senators in the present legislature are re-elected, in addition to which Messrs. Clifford, Bacon and Griswold, have previously been in the Senate. Many others elected have had experience in the House. Forty-two of the representatives in the present legislature are re-elected, while several others have held seats in previous legislatures.

The committee of the Lawrence City Council, in conference with the wife of their first martyr, Corporal S. H. Needham, who was killed at Baltimore on the 19th of April, and at the same time that Messrs. Ladd and Whitney, of this city, lost their lives, have selected a burial lot in the Lawrence City Cemetery, on the highest knoll in the cemetery and most appropriate for the purpose. The lot is now being graded, and will be as far completed the present season as the weather will permit.

The mills of the Nashua (N. H.) Manufacturing Company are doing a driving business under favorable circumstances. They employ 400 hands in manufacturing cotton flannel, and 2100 in making drawers and are now manufacturing them at the rate of 4000 a day.

THE communication of "A Native" is in type and will appear to-morrow.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 5.

8 Northern Railroad	97
10 Vermont and Canada Railroad	97 1-4
10 Concord Railroad	97 1-4
10 Concord Railroad, Lawrence Railroad	97
10 Fitchburg Railroad	81
10 Boston and Maine Railroad	97
4 Middlesex Horse Railroad	98
10 Lowell Horse Railroad	98 1-2
1 Bank of Commerce	98

N. J. WEBB & CO.,
198 Merrimack Street,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE FURNACES, RANGES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The Magee Stoves and Furnaces are now in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

Lowell, Nov. 1st, 1861. 1m

We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE of which we have a sample in use. It is constructed on the same principle as the Magee Furnaces, and is the most perfect cooking stove ever offered to the public. *They are may be kept in a few weeks together, then sent back and exchanged for others, if not satisfactory.*

The public are invited to call and examine them, as we are confident we can please all. Remember the place, and the Name Food & Co's Superior Cooking Stove, we offer at the lowest cash, or time prices, at wholesale or retail. oct24d4m

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

Lowell to New York,
Lowell to Boston,
Lowell to Fall River,
Lowell to Providence,
Lowell to Worcester,
Lowell to Nashua,
Lowell to Manchester,
Lowell to Concord,
Lowell to Portland,
Lowell to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

$4.25
3.00
1.25
1.75
1.00
1.00
1.50
2.00
5.00

All business relating to Passage and Freight may be addressed to

Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers.

Agency for Adams' Express Co.

Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, 162 Merrimack Street, adjoining Merrimack House, Lowell.

S. R. FISHER, Agent.
Lowell, Sept. 19, 1861.

MOTHERS, or you that have the care of children, know the difficulty of getting them to take medicine, and the almost total loss of the benefit to be derived from it, if not to see the child suffer by disease, and you will find only a single exception to this almost universal rule, and at the same time the most valuable remedy ever discovered, Doctor Gifford's Homeopathic curatives do this, and if they are, strange as it may appear, true, they can be administered to a child even while asleep, without its knowledge, and the operation of the medicines will in all cases be satisfactory. Diarrhœa, cholera infantum, dysentery, colic, or teething babies, have a remedy here that is infallible. Don't wait until your child is in the jaw of every triumph, and trust all to the skill of the physician, but be equal to any companion in arms.

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SOON AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq. *Dear Sir*:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a period of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced to use, my hair was perfectly thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and by using it daily for curing, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Pretense, $10; Half Strength $6. Quarter Strength $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember: This medicine is Patented expressly for coloring GRAY HAIR, for which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and I have no hesitancy in pronouncement of its SURE EFFECT, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Many preparations are offered and warranted to have performed what Dr. J. C. AYER'S ORIENTAL RESTORATIVE FOR SCROFULOUS DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ *This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private Nature, of whatever kind or degree.* Dr. S. is a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, graduating at the school of Medicine in Constantinople to test for otherwise are strictly confidential, and can be had by letter, or personally, consultations

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, November 7, 1861.

We earnestly invite the attention of our readers to the following report of William G. Wise, Esq., recently made to the Soldiers' Aid Association. Mr. Wise was instructed by the directors of the Association to proceed to the seat of war, to inquire into the condition and wants of our own soldiers, and especially, as far as possible, to induce them to avail themselves of the advantages offered by the allotment roll, so that their families may surely and without risk or loss, receive such sums as the men may see fit to allot. The duty could not have been entrusted to better hands; and how faithfully Mr. Wise has discharged the business of his mission a perusal of the report will show. Our readers will also find in it much of general interest relating to our soldiers in the army of the Potomac and at Fortress Monroe:—

Lowell, October 31st, 1861.

Hon. Nahum Crosby, President Soldiers' Aid Association.

SIR: In accordance with the instructions of the Executive Committee of the Association, I left this city on the 17th ult., to visit our soldiers in the field from this place. I returned to-day, and beg leave to present the following report of my journey and the result of my observations:—

I proceeded directly from this city to Washington—called at once on Colonel Lamed, Paymaster General of the army, and presented the letter from Governor Andrew, explaining my business with him. He received me courteously, and, pressing a desire to forward my objects, so far as in his power; but informed me that no blanks for allotment rolls had yet been printed. He stated that the duty of furnishing the men with the rolls and the Adjutant General, upon whom I next called and was by him directed to the Quartermaster General's office, pertained to this duty. I proceeded, however, addressed by the proper request of Col. Lamed, to introducing the Assistant Adjutant General to vary a little from the official routine, and give the order for printing the blanks to the public printer. After a delay of three days, and much urging and consequent printing house, I obtained the forms required.

The following morning, Wednesday, 25th inst., I started for Dorneston, Md., to visit Capt. Abbott's company, of the 2d Massachusetts Regiment. I had previously received in Washington that Gen. Banks was about moving with his division into Virginia, to give the enemy battle at or near Leesburg. It was therefore of great importance to the object of my visit to find this company if possible, before the expected active work should commence, and its continued passage of trains of army wagons, had caused the roads, never very good, to be in a bad condition rendering rapid progress impossible. On arriving at Dorneston, I found to my relief there, covered camp sites and a few hospital tents, being all the signs left of the thousands in that vicinity only some hours previously. I learned they were at Pocksville and Fulsome Forty, the former eleven, and the latter sixteen miles from Dorneston. I therefore pushed on, reaching the former place after dark. On the next day, I exchanged my third horse for a fresh one, and made an unsuccessful attempt to find the regiment I was in search of, the same evening, going as far as the Potomac at Edwards' Ferry. Seeing the camp fires of Banks' and Stone's divisions on both sides of the river, as the several troops on the march to cross into Virginia. I returned to Pocksville at a late hour.—The Second Massachusetts Regiment was on the march the same evening to Edwards Ferry to cross, but, before reaching the river, were turned back by couriers orders to position near Conrad's Ferry, marching nearly all night, where I found them, after much inquiry, the next morning. Capt. Abbott's company, unfortunately, were not with them, having, I was told, been detailed to march three and a half miles further on picket duty at Conrad's Ferry, to be absent until the next day, and were too scattered for me to visit them at that point. Lieut. Francis Fearing, left in command of the company, was however, in the camp when I arrived, to whom I explained my business fully.—He entered cordially into the matter, and promised to attend to it personally and thoroughly, as soon as the company returned to camp, and was confident that many of the men would gladly avail themselves offered by the allotment roll. He will, when completed, forward one copy to the Paymaster General, and one to the Association, retaining one for the company.

I left Pocksville at 2, P. M., of the same day, after visiting it so wounded in the recent action, among whom I found one now belonging in Lowell. One young man, named Edward Lord, said he was a native of this city, but a resident of Worcester—his father being formerly an overseer on the Middlesex Corporation. He was wounded in the ankle, and was doing well. I need not say that to Lowell people, as fellow citizens there, I would have spared no pains or expense in making them as comfortable as possible. I stopped at Rockville that night, and reached Washington in the afternoon of the 26th, too late to take the cars for Baltimore that connect with the boat for Fort Monroe.

On Saturday, 26th inst., I left Washington for Fort Monroe, where I arrived early the next (Sunday) morning. Visiting the day, I called upon the officers of the Richardson Light Infantry, now at the Fortress, and Company B and G of the 16th Regiment at Camp Hamilton, explaining to them the benefits of the allotment rolls, both to the soldier in camp and his family at home, and requested them to take an early opportunity to bring the subject before the members of their respective companies, which they readily agreed to do. I deemed this the most proper, as well as judicious course to pursue, as the personal influence of the officers was important, and I should be better prepared, after hearing from them the objections raised by the men, to address them myself, as I proposed to do with their consent. That evening and the next morning, I heard from Lieut. Favar, temporarily commanding the Richardson Light Infantry (in the absence of Capt. Davis) from Capt. O'Hara, in command of Co. G, 16th Regiment, and through him, from Capt. Donovan, of Co. B of same regiment, who was absent with his company on special duty toward Newport News. The result of these reports was, that while some in each company readily agreed to allot their pay, others in each raised objections, which may be classed under those three heads:

1. The one that the regular pecuniary allotment of their pay, would debar their families from being recipients of pay from the State, under the bounty or relief act.

2. That the regular allotment of pay, being known to the creditors of such soldiers as left home in debt, it would be trusted for payment of such debts, and their families low at best left destitute.

3. The opinion among some of the officers, that by personal appeals to the men, when paid in camp, many of them who would send home a larger amount than they would be willing to make a permanent allotment for.

Having thus ascertained the obstacles presented, I was better enabled to speak to the soldiers on the subject.'

On Monday, 28th inst. at my request, Lieut. Favar, after morning parade, assembled the men of his company not on duty, in their barracks, when I addressed them briefly, stated the advantages of the allotment system to those who had friends depending on them for a part of their support, meeting the objections above mentioned, and invited those who did not feel fully understand the operation of the system to ask any questions they thought proper, which many of them did. I then proceeded to Camp Hamilton, and in the absence of the officer addressed, in the same manner, Co. G, Capt. O'Hara, 16th Regiment, when out her company drill, and also the Lowell men, about thirty, in Capt. Lawson's company of the same regiment, Co. D, Capt. Dewson, as before stated, was absent from the camp. I was assured, however, that they would follow the example of Co. G, being a great extent the same class of men.

The objections I have named to the allotments, I answered substantially as follows:—

1. In regard to the bounty act—that it was a State law made by the Legislature of the State at extra session, and signed by the Governor, and could not be imperative, until repealed by the same power, with the sanction of the Executive. That it was designed to facilitate enlistments and therefore void and to be repealed until the cause for want to must escape, a contingency not likely to happen until the war was over. In answer to it was due to the contract under which they enlisted, which the State was bound in honor to adhere to, or would forfeit her neck to evade. That Massachusetts never broke her plighted word.

2. In regard to allotments being trusted for debts due from the soldiers' families, a portion of the officers pay, rent at my sacredly, with consent of the government, to which it was due for the actual support of the families, in the hands of trustees named by the soldiers and accepted by them, and that it could not be liable to relative under such circumstances. In answer to that I stated, with the force of public sentiment in Massachusetts was so strong, no creditor would dare to trust, and if he should, he would get little consequence. The hope that could be fall him, would be to look to him up to public opinion to, as an object of scorn and contempt in the whole community.

3. As to the men remitting a larger amount when paid than they would allot, I stated that to their families, I believed that a smooth, regularly sent sum, promptly received, which they could feel sure of and fully count upon, was of more assistance than a larger amount irregularly received, and perhaps lost in transmission, and that those who did not adopt the system of the allotment roll debar the men from remitting when paid in camp any sum which they might have, precisely in the same manner as heretofore.

I further stated, that the approaching winter would be a very hard one, that the prospects for business here were very gloomy, that suffering and distress were liable to come to those on hereafter in want. That it would be difficult for many to obtain work, when such could meet, with all the aid they could send them—that it was of the utmost importance, therefore, to them, to know how much they would receive from their friends in Lowell, and when in whatever as they would do, if in the regular receipt of an allotment in case of their falling into the hands of the enemy, a contingency that all contemplated as the fortune of war. Seeing the force of these objections, I obtained the forms required, and left them with the men, with an injunction to return them to me, as soon as they had decided whether they would send home a larger amount than they would be willing to make a permanent allotment for.

Maryland has elected Bradford, the Union candidate for Governor, by an overwhelming majority, he having 10,000 majority in Baltimore and about 20,000 in the rest. All the counties heard from give Union majorities.

Wisconsin, it is thought, elects Harvey, Republican Governor and the whole Republican State ticket. Milwaukee gives 3500 Democratic majority, which is about the same as two years since, when Randall, the Republican, had 6000 majority for Governor in the State.

IF Your paper of yesterday, in speaking of "distinguished men" elected to the next Legislature, you omit that of A. H. Bullock, Esq., of Worcester, who, I presume, will be the speaker of the House. Mr. Bullock is a Democrat, of Boston, should present stronger claims. Messrs. Bullock and Burbank are both men of experience and ability, and either would be excellent presiding officers, both belong to the legal profession, which has not much of late been honored with that office; Worcester has not had it for a long time, Mr. Bullock's chance would seem to be the best.

H.

The Amoskeag Manufacturing Company of Manchester, N. H., have just filled an order given by the Russian Government for a first class fire engine. The machine is complete and is to be forwarded to the city of Amoor, Siberia, on the Amoor River.

The Hartford Carpet Company intend soon to start up their factories in Thompsonville and Tariffville on short time. They will be the only carpet mills in New England in operation.

How events rush on! The rebellion is not a year old, and yet what a page has been added to the world's history! A republic of thirty millions of souls plunged into civil war; eleven States revolted from the Federal Union, with three others trembling in the balance; seven hundred thousand soldiers in the field, a fleet larger than the Spanish Armada sweeping down upon the southern coast; whole States trampled under foot by the march of rushing squadrons.—*Albany Evening Journal.*

CITY AND COUNTY.

LOST—On Friday last, on the road from Pawtucket Bridge to Middlesex Street, a Memorandum Book. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the Middlesex Hotel.

Lowell, Nov. 7. nov7&8

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and Mill Guards.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Fort Mc Henry for the aforementioned Companies on FRIDAY, 8th inst.

Packages weighing not over three pounds each, will be received at the office of the Treasurer, Upper Merrimack, UNTIL 8, on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

Lowell, Nov. 7.

TEA PARTY,

By the First Unitarian Society, at Merchants' Hall on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 7th, 1861.

The Programme will include

SELECT READINGS, by Miss FARNAM.

SINGING, by the Choir.

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, by Mr. G. W. STEVENS, Flutist, and by Quartette Band.

☞ REFRESHMENTS served at the Tea Tables during the evening.

Tickets 50 cts. Children 25 cents. Admission 25 cents. nov6 2d

ARRIVED!

The Ship of the Line Mayflower, drawn from actual service, by order of the Executive. This is the Ship owned by Governor Andrew, and which has been in service in Virginia. Call and see it at the Office, No. 1 Merrimack Street, over the Merrimack House, Lowell.

S. H. FISHER.

oct30

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

182 MERRIMACK STREET,

adjoining Merrimack House,

Lowell, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers intending to take passage in Steamer Ariel, leaving New York, Nov. 6th, will please call at the above office, and secure their tickets as soon as possible, as the Steamer is rapidly filling up

S. H. FISHER.

oct31tf

WANTED,

By a small family without children, a Tenement of about six rooms, situated in the vicinity of Chapel Hall or Kirk Street. Apply at this office.

October 23, 1861. oct23tf

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Atlantic Southern Seaboard, at Merrimack House, Lowell, Nov. 1st. It is drawn from actual surveys, and shows the exact location of the Forts and Batteries from Delaware to the banks of the Rio del Norte, Mexico.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House.

S. H. FISHER, Agent.

oct31&tf

NOTICE.

Persons who were sworn for the Coroner's inquest in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st of June, 1860, to the 1st of June, 1861, can receive their pay, on application to the Clerk of the Police Court.

S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

oct23&tf

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* The court came in yesterday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and continued to business. James H. Gilchrist, plead guilty of an assault upon an officer—an appealed case—sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs. William H. Peabody was found guilty of larceny, and also for obtaining goods under false pretences. Sentenced to pay $20 and costs and restore the abstracted goods. Margaret Mahoney was found guilty of keeping a tenement of intoxicating liquor. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs, and to imprisonment in the House of Correction three months, and fully recognized to keep the peace for six months. Mary Williams was found not guilty of an assault, of which a complaint had been made against her, by Ellen Neal, of Shirley, indicted for setting fire to a barn, by which the same was consumed, commenced yesterday and is now on trial, and will continue to-day and probably all day.

George Wilson, Medford, plead guilty of having counterfeit money in his possession—not sentenced, as he is under an indictment for passing counterfeit money in Suffolk County.

A motion was made this morning by the counsel for Dr. Brickett, indicted for larceny, for continuance on the ground of not being able to obtain certain witnesses out of the State, to testify as to previous good character, but District Attorney Morte opposed the motion, and the judge refused to grant the request, but allowed the counsel further time to file another motion.

A LETTER FROM CAPT. DONAVAN.—A SUGGESTION TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS. The Mayor this morning received a letter from Capt. Donavan, of the Lowell Cadets, in which, after expressing in behalf of his command thanks for the many favors of friends at home received through the city and the Soldiers' Aid Association, he says:—"As regards sending provisions out here, I must say that a great many parcels, such as pies, cakes, &c., have been sent, and upon opening them, they were found to be spoiled from mould," and intimates that it is folly to send such things: they are not required or at all beneficial. The articles we have received from the city and the Soldiers' Aid Association are heavy, and if they were sent in a proper manner

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was falling out thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been so up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times a month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and can be easily parted with from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular interest to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I no doubt you are in all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, or I have been more prolific of late in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. The only reason I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug is because they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be equal to, or more, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles of late years of the same kind which I have no doubt are humbugs. It astonishing that people will purchase such articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a success for years.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, or if not so they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your Restorative with the most success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease that the scalp or head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish the contents of this letter in any form or manner, and refer to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered.

Yours, JAMES M. WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I need you a statement that I think you are entitled to the highest praise. I am a resident of this mington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over sixty years of age. For four or more years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and becoming white and very stiff and unpleasant. I had seen a number of public notices of the wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was more fiction than truth in them. Not entertaining a story, I drew to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at which time I commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, which was in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair seems entirely falling off and is as soft and fine, and fact as oil, as through past days from the brush of French chempocer. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Why, Mr. Mann, you get hair, has she wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original of the old gray headed man.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test that is unequaled, which can not be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and recommend the use and endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those standard preparations which accomplishes all it professes, and all the hair and gray need desire.—*Jeffersonville Sentinel*, Sep.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. is another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is no extra common compound, and pretends to but few virtues. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of truth and veracity, and Prof. Wood's Restorative will do all that is claimed for it.—*Baltimore Patriot*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of publishing for 30 years in all the various forms, and at the date of six letter by had been very much pleased with its effects during the cure, when several physicians attending the family, failed to relieve her. She says, "Dr. Wood's Restorative, dyspepsia, liver complaints, blindness, and rheumatism, it is a specific certain remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, in section where Fever and Ague prevails, that it most respectfully recommends them of decided merit in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Biliousness.

D. K. GALLERHES, M. D. writes from Ohio, that it is the most respectfully recommended the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of those afflicted with dyspepsia, as it has proved a satisfactory medicine."

Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere.

Daily. Wm. Hyde, Jr., Agent, 177 Broadway, N. Y.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly *sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of *too* rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in *any* case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case—$7 It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, for ordinary cases, for sale, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full strength, $10; Half-Strength *Principle* carried, $5; Weak, $3.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions, and in no case will other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.* Also, *a warranted cure guaranteed in every instance, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased of the Sole Agent, DR. MATTISON, 177 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

may23 dly

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Cards, Dockets, Programmes, Circulars, Bill-heads, Pamphlets, Blanks, Labels, Pamphlets, Catalogues, Tickets, Town Reports, Newspapers, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Electrotypers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, printed in the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl top fine and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work*—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
H. HINE, } Proprietors.

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames of
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,812,858.80
Dividends paid to date,	1,450,630.12
Losses paid,	EARL.808.54

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any watershed capital—The members, by making, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stock—owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

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Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in several ways, viz.: Receive the dividends in Cash, where desired, and also give Notes for the Cash Dividends.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now in force the amount of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution must therefore prove to be an unusually safe investment, connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company has declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 7 Merrimack Sts.

may6 dly

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now been placed on board and takes the great lead of the world's intelligence. It is the most wonderful salve in the world.

It overcomes all pains and paralyzing sores. It heals all wounds, burns, scalds, bruises, &c., in a few days without a scar. It is the only salve that can be used on the human eye.

It will remove a cinder from the eye in a few minutes and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.

It immediately stops the most violent pain.

It removes the inflammation from any part of the body.

It is unnecessary to mention each and every complaint that it will cure, as it is a sure cure for all complaints that require a salve.

It is put up in 25 cent boxes, and for sale by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send 6 bottles free of expense on receipt of $1. Every bottle is warranted to give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded.

Beware of worthless imitations. Be sure to call for Whitten's Golden Salve.

Address all orders to

DR. WHITTEN,
Box 1,020, Boston, Mass.

Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

may23 dly

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Straw-berry, Rose, Oatmeal and Toilet and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

oct11

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Paste Furniture Polish* for cleaning and polishing furniture—it is something new and the best kind ever invented—it will remove all stains, grease spots, &c., from furniture, and will produce a polish that will not stick, and will not collect dust. Prepared only by H. HAYNES, Jr., Apothecary, No. 4 and 6 Merrimack street.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

J. HOSKINS, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Iron, Gold & Silver, Steel Instruments Worn &c.*—This article is invaluable, it will remove Mould, Mildew, Rust, and a great saving of labor. Paint, Silver are saved by its use. Prepared only by J. HOSKINS, Apothecary, No. 4 and 6 Merrimack street.

THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect article for the Toilet, for softening, beautifying, preserving, and giving the skin a delicate and pearly tint. Sold by S. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BOWIE AND DIRK KNIVES.

A large assortment of Bowie and Dirk Knives for sale by J. HAYNES & CO.

BOYS' TURBANS,

RICHLY trimmed with Velvet, new styles, just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

Corner Merrimack and John streets.

oct17 47 Central street.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New York Coal market. A *superior* RANGE and GRATE COAL—*free from slate*, &c., sold exclusively by BENNETT & RODLIFF, corner Moody and Canal sts.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best quality. Prices low, and Weight as the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—We guard and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders left at E. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building, augtf&m

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CEDAR CHIPS for preventing Moths in Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar8

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply of the above valuable article for sale at manufacturers' prices, by SAM'L N. WOOD, Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,
mar22tf 87 Market street.

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of sweeping and dusting into a pleasant pastime.

It renders no dust.

It leaves no dust.

It saves time as is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not scatter the dust.

It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not.

It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes little or no noise.

It is free from a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child, even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It saves carpets, furniture, looks, &c., from the ravages of moths, and keeps the carpets constantly in a fresh and brown sweeping.

It can be used in the house even without annoyance to the inmates.

It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

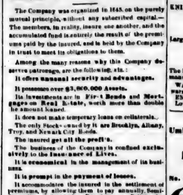
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAYNES,
apr2 49 Merrimack street.

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for cleaning *Stoves, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleaning the famous *Patent Window Glass and Carriage Mountings*, it is invaluable. 25 cts.

Sold by S. RIDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets.



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

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Dividends paid to date, 1,450,630.12
Losses paid, $451,808.54

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It is prompt in the payment of losses.

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It will remove a cinder from the eye in a few minutes and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.

It immediately stops the most violent pain.

It removes the inflammation from any part of the body.

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Address all orders to

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Box 1,020, Boston, Mass.

Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

may23 dly

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY, FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

CASTER, BUTTER COOLER
SILVER AND PLATED TABLE AND DESSERT KNIVES, FORKS AND SPOONS,
FINE GOLD AND PLATED VEST AND FOB CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, &c.
PEN KNIVES, ITORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Foreign and home—*all to be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most fashionable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. 7 dec18dly

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

Only Manufacturers of Umbrellas in this city, for which they have

HIGHEST AWARD

Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857.

Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, an extensive assortment of CHEMICAL, BARNARD and WALKING STICKS, of every description, which they offer at the lowest prices.

Also, Parasols worth from 50 cents to $10 each; Umbrellas from 37 1-2 cents to $8, and Canes from 12 cents to $5 each. Repairing done at short notice, and warranted to give satisfaction.

We are prepared to sell all kinds of Music at 5 per cent. less than the usual prices. Pianos, Melodeons, and have every facility for so doing.

Also, Agents for the celebrated Piano Forte manufactory style and variety. Gilding and Bronzing done, and Pianos for sale or to let. Also, Violins, Violincello, Double Bass, Guitars, Flutinas, Accordeons, and Musical Merchandise of every description, consisting in part of Sheet Music, Music Books, Strings, Rosin, Bridges, Pegs, Tailpieces, &c., &c. Also, Violin, Violincello, Double Bass, Guitar, &c., &c. Violins repaired and warranted. Also, all other articles to be found in a Music Store, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

☞ Instruments of all kind to let and repairing done at short notice. Lowell, June 5, 1858. 1eb5ly

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
LEALLET DANA'S
Celebrated Piano Fortes.

Also, Agents for the celebrated Piano Fortes of 23 Square PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium over all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of the above instruments, which they offer at the lowest prices, and warrant to give satisfaction in every particular, to be the best Piano Fortes made. Lowell, June 5 1858. 1eb5ly

A. M. Bininger & Co
(Established 1778.)
Gin as a Romedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,
Especially designed for the use of the *Medical Profession and the Family*, having received the so called "Gem" "Aromatic," "Cordial" of the Pharmacopœia, is prepared from the finest grain, by all the prominent physicians, chemists, apothecaries, hospitals, and public institutions of the United States.

Established 1778.)
Sole Proprietors, 20, 21 and 22 Cherry Hill, and 19 Jackson street.

Sold in Lowell by J. P. KELTON, 57 Market street.

Fresh Fruits all the Year.

THE YEOMAN'S FRUIT BOTTLE.

It possesses many important advantages over every other Can or Jar heretofore brought before you.

First, It is made of glass, and will not corrode, or allow poisons to generate, as in metallic cans, the condition of the fruit can at all times be seen every respect to the fruit—as they are as good as new for succeeding years.

Third, These cans are readily sealed up so securely, than any other Can, Jar or Bottle.

Fourth, They are cheaper than any other Bottle Jar or Can of merit, that has been offered to the public, and can be afforded to be within the reach of all.

Sold wholesale and for sale by H. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack st. 1eb25

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

It renders no dust.

It leaves no dust.

It saves time as is necessary after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not scatter the dust.

It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not.

It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes little or no noise.

It is free from a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child, even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It saves carpets, furniture, looks, &c., from the ravages of moths, and keeps the carpets constantly in a fresh and brown sweeping.

It can be used in the house even without annoyance to the inmates.

It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAYNES,
apr2 49 Merrimack street.

SILVER SOAP,

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for cleaning *Stoves, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleaning the famous *Patent Window Glass and Carriage Mountings*, it is invaluable. 25 cts.

Sold by S. RIDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is essential to health. A abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; Diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., are caused by excess, viz.: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause spring all the various forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much learning expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century alone to discover the remedy for this great knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that He alone can give all and more and nothing," it still venture the remark, that as the planets move in their subsere, and all vegetable life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed system governing its existence or destiny, and death, its certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be composed of iron in a state of peroxide.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a certain proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, produces rust, or oxidizing.

Electricity brought in contact with a moscow produces the same result.

These facts being indisputable, we have now arrived at the true principle of action of the blood in the heart. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits electricity, which gives to the heart its vital principle of action or contract, and hence the power which expels the blood out of the heart, through the arteries, and set arteries. What then, are the causes of Consumptions, Dropsy, Palsy, Liver Complaint, Sit. Vitus' Dance, Hipogrein, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, &c., &c.? Simply a deficiency of the red corpuscles containing the iron, sulphur and phosphorus, which gives vitality and elemence of electricity, and consequently an absolute necessity for the cure of consumptions, colds and bronchial complaints cause—the salphur and phosphorus, and acquires a deficiency in palms and neuralgia—complaints of the liver and kidneys, &c., is short, because the cause of disease but viscuset forces may be traced to one general cause, viz.: a deficiency of the corpuscles or red globules

Which causes a deficiency of respiration, and while we do not pretend to say that we have discovered a cure for all the ills that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"

which restores the red globules, and thus the normal circulation; Consumptives! Friends and Physicians! Sufferers from Pulmonary Disease! Unfortunates, who have by excess or folly, or mind, entailed upon yourselves all the blood and diminished the red globules! Here is the remedy for any of these diseases, or female complaints, be persuaded the "Blood Food" will cure you. Beware of worthless imitations. Be sure to call for Dr. Sanborn's "Blood Food."

Do not forget it, do not neglect it, for upon your only hope. The "Blood Food" is an unfailing remedy.

An elaborate treatise, carrying out and fully explaining the principles on which the remedy will be applied to any interested party on receipt of 3c. stamp. Sold by druggists. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5. Sold by all druggists; or where it cannot be had, I will send 6 bottles free of expense on receipt of $5. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded.

Beware of worthless imitations. Be sure to call for Dr. Sanborn's "Blood Food."

Address all orders to

DR. SANBORN,
Box 1,020, Boston, Mass.

Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

may23 dly

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest standing, Clergymen of all sects, and the qualified assertion, and recommended it for all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Biliousness. Those all who have used it, unite in testifying that its wonderful virtues in the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, and Nervousness, are truly astonishing. Those who have not yet used it, unite in testifying that its wonderful virtues in the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, and Nervousness, are truly astonishing. Those who have not yet used it, unite in testifying that its wonderful virtues in the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, and Nervousness, are truly astonishing.

THE FIEND OF PAIN

NEURALGIA attacks the NERVES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, FEMALE, DISEASES, and all inflammatory diseases. Its victims are numbered by millions. Who is free? What *Wonderful Entity*? What a *Great Blessing*?

Our advice is to subscribe to

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

Is sold Wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, corner Merrimack and John streets, Lowell; CLARK & SHERWOOD, 114 Pearl street, Newburyport; N. E. D. SOULES & CO., Concord, and by all retail by Dealers generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors,
17 Tyler Street, Boston.

February 16, 1861 1eb25dly

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND GROATS.

Fresh ground Graham Meal from prime white wheat, constantly on hand and for sale by

SAM'L N. WOOD, 45 Market st.
nov29

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheumatism in the shortest time, differing entirely and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or exposure. It may be taken by child ren and persons of the most delicate constitution with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" is the best medicine for the disease I ever saw. CHARLES A SMITH,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism twenty years and being confined to my bed several weeks at a time, I was entirely cured with two bottles of "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." NORMAN T. AYRES,
Tyngsboro.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia myself, and been driven by excruciating pain to the trial of numberless remedies without obtaining relief I was induced to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, and have taken but one bottle, and am entirely cured. D. D. BAXTER, Dry Goods Dealer,
No 6 Appleton, Hanover, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for 4 years, and have taken more than can be imagined, except by those similarly afflicted. Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely relieved me, and can honestly say I believe myself entirely cured. JOHN C. BURRIS,
Pearl Street House, Boston.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia Compound" is entirely relieved me from profuse perspiration of the feet. HODGKINS,
No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, ten years of age, has been for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum. He received no benefit from the use of medicine and is constant pain; but one bottle of your Compound has cured him entirely. W. W. HASMOND, 99 Milk street, Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely cured me of Neuralgia
CHARLES H. BOWEN,
Proprietor Pearl St. House, Boston.

One half of a bottle of your Compound cured me of a severe attack of Rheumatism.
FANNY THOMPSON,
No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

I certify that my friend Wm T. Gliddon, Esq., was entirely cured of Salt Rheum by Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound" in 1856. When a child he was afflicted with Scrofula and Rheumatism, and that I proved to be permanent and lasting. JOHN C. SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Ohio.

The undersigned hereby certify that they have used Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound, for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have found it to be a certain cure for the disease. We believe it to be one of the most valuable medicines, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Rheumatism and Neuralgia, as it is fact and medicines ever offered to the public.

JOHN A. GOODWIN, Jr.,
Henry D. Gardiner, Worcester street, East Boston.
Henry Bigelow, Jr.,
Charles Bigelow, Jr.,
Bigelow & Plummer, 1 Kneeland street.
Thomas Gardiner, Jr., Gardiner Block, Hanover street, East Boston.
Capt. Charles D. Gardiner,
Capt. Charles Gardiner, Dry Dock.
Elmer Townsend, 45 and 47 Pearl street, Boston.
Mrs. Sarah Gardiner, Hanover street, East Boston.
Mrs. Sarah Gardiner, Hanover street, East Boston.

Principal Depot 99 Kilby Street, Boston.

Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

For sale in Lowell by John T. Billings, C. E. Richardson, Bill & Hadley, Druggists, and by S. N. Wood, 45 and 182 Merrimack street.

may23 dly 417

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Asthma, any Irritation or Sore throat. Relief in 5 minutes. Cure in 24 hours. Cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Clear and give strength to the voice.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS, Clergymen, Lawyers and Actors will find a Cough or "Coldness" Cold" in its first stage; Brown's Bronchial Troches a sure relief. Use the solid remedy. If neglected, soon attacks the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, Lungs, and is fatal. Public Speakers and Singers will find the following denominations, allay Pulmonary and Bronchial Irritation:

BROWN'S TROCHES "That trouble in my throat (for which the "Troches" are a specific) has troubled me for years as a mere whisperer."
M. P. WILLIS.

BROWN'S TROCHES "I recommend their use to Public Speakers."
REV. E. H. CHAPIN.

BROWN'S TROCHES "Are almost indispensable to Singers."
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

BROWN'S TROCHES "Almost instant relief in the Bronchial Affections of Throat, particular to Actors."
E. L. DAVENPORT.

BROWN'S TROCHES "Contain no opium or anything injurious."
DR. A. A. HAYES, Boston, Mass.

BROWN'S TROCHES "A simple and pleasant combination of Demulcents."
DR. O. P. BIGELOW, Boston.

BROWN'S TROCHES "Beneficial in Bronchitis."
HENRY C. LANE, Boston.

BROWN "I have proved them excellent for WHOOPING COUGH."
REV. D. W. VALDEN, Boston.

BROWN'S TROCHES "Beneficial when carefully used to speak, suffering from Cold."
REV. E. H. SEARS, Boston.

BROWN'S TROCHES "Effectual in relieving Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat and Bronchial Tubes."
REV. JOHN O. JOHNSON, *La Grange, Ga*
Teacher of Music, Female College.

BROWN'S TROCHES "I can speak from experience here and after preaching as they give it to you freely, and with marked pas effect, I think they will be of particular service to Singers."
REV. R. ROWLEY, A. M., President of Albany College, Albany, N. Y.

BROWN'S TROCHES Sold by all Druggists at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOX. 6mos dec10

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light first time without a match!
Sent by mail for safe as H. S. HAYNES' Office Emporium, 45 Merrimack st. sep29

HAIR DYE.

RUSSELLS INSTANTANEOUS BROWN HAIR DYE.—It is easily applied, does not stain the brow, the skin, or the linen, imparts to its effects, and restores dry and brush hair to its original color. Sold by druggists. Try it, all who have had the misfortune to become disappointed in the use of other dyes. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 100 bbls. New Farina, just received and for sale by S. N. WOOD,
aug13 87 Market st.

MAGNOLIA BALM is a perfect and complete remedy for Sunburn, Redness, Freckles, Roughness, Sunburn and Tan. Sold by S. RIDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John Street. aug6

HATS

BRAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest styles of Hats for the Fall and Winter, which he offers to the public.

The great leather of the Hat is so adjusted as to fit the head, and prevent the sweat from the face, thus securing all the ease of the Felt Hat, without the objection of the sweat leather.

☞ Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and in the best manner. Remember the

Corner Central and Market sts.

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new preparation for the Hair. Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion without injury to the skin. Sold by S. RIDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

REVOLVERS.

COLTS Army and Navy and English Revolvers for sale by
oct6 JOS. HAYNES & CO.

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN, safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheumatism in the shortest time, differing entirely and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or exposure. It may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitution with perfect safety.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, November 9, 1861.

THE REMOVAL OF GEN. FREMONT. But few events bearing upon the war have caused so much talk and speculation as the removal of Gen. Fremont from his command of the Western division of the army; this we can safely say, even after making due allowances for exaggerations in the telegraphic dispatches, which come to us through various channels, touching on various interests, a distance of fifteen hundred or two thousand miles. The charges of Col. Blair, and later than these, the report of Adj. Gen. Thomas, have, in the absence of any defence on the part of Gen. Fremont or authorised friends, somewhat prepared the public mind for the step that has been taken by Government, which we are bound to believe, is prompted from the highest motives. We have been loath to entertain the thousand and one reports that have gone abroad to the disparagement of Gen. Fremont; and we cannot now conceive what benefit is to accrue to the cause of the Government by his removal, at this peculiar time, when it would seem, an opportunity is near approaching when he would be placed in a position to show his fitness or unfitness for the position to which he was assigned.—It must be clear to every one, that the charges and adverse reports respecting Gen. Fremont, could not be suffered to go unnoticed by the President. Placed in the responsible position he occupied through the private wishes of Mr. Lincoln no less than the earnest recommendations of Gen. Fremont's personal friends, who are also the warmest and most unqualified re of the Government at this time, it cannot be presumed that the action that has been taken would have been for a moment entertained without the most conclusive evidences of its necessity. Mr. Lincoln knows well the responsibilities entrusted to the commander of the Western Department in the division and destroy the country.

The above we clip from the [New York] *Independent* of yesterday, the 7th. We look upon it as a hoax—nothing more; a ridiculous, bare-faced humbug. A more wicked suggestion we have not seen since the war commenced.

THE Robert Elliot, of Freedom, Me., who has been detained at Fort Lafayette and Fort Warren, was released yesterday by order of Government, the charges made against him not having been sustained.—He did not object to take the oath of allegiance before his release, however.

WHAT A YEAR HAS BROUGHT FORTH.—One year ago yesterday, South Carolina took her first step toward seceding, the Governor having recommended the thorough reorganization of the military, and the acceptance of the services of ten thousand volunteers. The Legislature granted powers to raise militia, and called a Convention, which, December 20th, voted the State out of the Union. Upon hearing of the election of Mr. Lincoln, a large number of Federal officers resigned. Several other States followed in the train of South Carolina, and now eleven States are arrayed against the General Government, and their citizens are guilty of the most heinous of crimes—treason. Had President Buchanan, one year ago, "put his foot down," and promptly hung several of those who first led off in the rebellion, the present misfortunes of unity which now distracts the country and has involved the loss of thousands of lives, and untold treasures, might have been averted. One year has quickly passed away, but only about one half of it has been devoted by the Government to preparing to overcome what has been the work of a quarter of a century of the men who are now engaged traitors to the Government they have sponged and plotted to destroy. We trust another year will find no traitors out of the grasp of the again United States authorities.

PARSON BROWNLOW. In the last number of the *Knoxville Whig*, issued October 26th, the patriot Brownlow publishes his farewell, stating that, as he is to be indicted before a Confederate grand jury, publication of his paper will necessarily be suspended. He resolutely refuses to give a bond to the rebels for good behavior, and says he is ready to meet his fate, but was wounded so early in the day that he reached Washington, travelling in an ambulance, almost as soon as Mr. Russell. He saw no service in the Mexican war, now in any of our Indian wars.—New York Herald.

THE Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Inquirer* states that at a recent dinner given by Gen. McClellan, he remarked to a guest that there was no party or no earth, neither that of the Press or of politicians, that should cause him to swerve a hair's breadth from the policy which he had adopted in relation to the present crisis. Availing himself of all the military wisdom that is in possession of all the officers around him, together with his own experience, he has, to the best of his judgment, adopted a plan of warfare to which he intends to adhere most rigidly.

THE RESOURCES OF THE COUNTRY. The *New York Journal of Commerce* makes the following remarks on the financial prospect of the government, for the year 1862:—

For the coming year, if the war is to continue on the same scale, at least four hundred millions more will be required.—Where are the imports adequate to secure so as to turn the exchange against us, a large part of this could be raised in our own country, as it would then all be expended here. If the imports should largely increase so as to drain our gold, it could then be raised abroad, as we can borrow any amount in Europe if we only take the productions of their industry in payment. In either case, therefore, if the expenditure should be authorized by Congress, and the people be determined upon supporting it, there will be no such insuperable difficulty in securing the means than would have been supposed possible one year ago."

WHAT THE REBS ARE GOING TO DO. Give mittens to those who stay at home, and stockings to the young fellows who have gone to the war.

WAR NEWS, &c.

From Washington and vicinity. Gen. Hooker, commander of our troops on the Lower Potomac, made a reconnoissance in force along the coast on Monday. There is great activity throughout his division.—The rebels on the opposite shore continue active, and it is believed that they have between 30,000 and 40,000 troops near Shipping Point. The indications are that they would rest satisfied with an effectual blockade of the Potomac, and a successful resistance to any advance of our troops up the peninsula.

All Northern Governors have promised to thoroughly fortify the sea and lake coasts. The committee who have urged the Governors to strengthen the defences of various harbors, have been completely successful.

Dr. Clark, of Boston, has just arrived from a visit to all the camps in Generals Banks' and Stone's divisions. He makes a highly favorable report of the condition of the wounded and sick. Every possible attention is paid them, and they are all doing well.

From the Upper Potomac. It is believed that the enemy are strongly reinforcing their position at Leesburgh as at and around Winchester, their number being estimated by some as high as 15,000. Recently they have resumed firing on our pickets, but they do not appear to have had any present very sanguinary or successful to the assailants.

Western Virginia. The rebels have three batteries of ten guns each, opposite Tompkins' farm, one opposite to the mouth of the Gauley, and one opposite Kanawha Falls—the latter being the most dangerous. The latter are very sharp on Monday morning, but very slow in the afternoon, and it is supposed that the rebels were short of ammunition. Our artillery replied and silenced the battery opposite the Gauley. Two of our men and several rebels were wounded by shells on Monday morning.

Nothing definite is known as to the number of the rebels, but their operations indicate desperation or great confidence.—The troops were confident they could cross the river and beg the enemy, but some expressed fears that such movements have been calculated for and desired by the enemy.

The Twenty-sixth Regiment made their weekly visit to the city this forenoon.—They passed our office at quick step, or what is known on parade grounds as "double-quick." The Lawrence papers say that the regiment will visit that city before leaving for the seat of war and arrangements will be made to give them a generous reception.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton J. Thomas* Sharman, of Newton, for drunkenness, plead guilty—sentenced to pay a fine of $3 and costs. Michael McBride, of Waltham, an appealed case, plead guilty of selling liquor without a license, sentenced to common jail one month and to recognize in the sum of $1000 to keep the peace.

Catherine Carroll, of Marlborough, for liquor selling, an appealed case, plead guilty—sentenced to pay $10 and costs and to be committed to the House of Correction 20 days, if fine is not paid, 30 days in addition to House of Correction, and to recognize in the sum of $1000 to keep the peace.

William Neat, of Shirley, on trial yesterday for setting fire to a barn in the night time, had not been given to the jury at noon.

SUPERIOR COURT—Middlesex County, September Term—Judge Pitman. The court will enter judgments and deliver opinions on Saturday morning on motions, cases for the court, &c., which have been heard. Counsel are required to be present at that time, for the purpose of taking exceptions, or settling exceptions in all such cases, if necessary.

COMFORTERS FOR THE SOLDIERS. The Soldiers' Aid Association are making comforters for the soldiers. Mount Hill Cadets, one hundred for each company.—They are much needed, and will be made up and sent as soon as possible. The Association is also making undershirts, mittens and the spontaneous alacrity with which, as American citizens, they have objected the national call for money and aid to notify Mr. M. C. Bryant, Secretary of the Association, at the office of the Lowell Gas Company.

THE CASE OF MAS. PETERS. The jury summoned by Coroner T. W. Pressey to investigate the cause of the death of Mrs. Mary Ann Peters (mentioned some days ago) met yesterday forenoon, and after hearing eight or nine witnesses in the case, agreed upon the following verdict:—

That the said Mary Ann Peters came to her death on the twenty-first day of October, A. D., 1861 from a certain poisonous substance called soluble salt of lead, being administered to her by some person or persons to the jurors unknown.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Patrick Donohoe, for stealing a barrel of flour was sent to the House of Correction for six months. He stole the flour from Richard Rowe, grocer, on Lowell Street, and rolled it to his house in Cumminsville's alley and hid it in his cellar. He is a hard old sinner, having been before the Court on various occasions for his thieving propensities.

A LARGE NUMBER. We saw this forenoon, a large pile of packages, numbering, we should think, over 150, in the office of the Gas Company, which are to be forwarded to-day to Fortress Monroe. Among other articles was a box containing a new uniform for Capt. Donovan, and quite a pile of books, magazines and pamphlets.

CITY AND COUNTY.

"PEOPLE'S UNION COMMITTEE."—The committee of the "People's Union Committee" are to meet at Sergeant's Hall, Merrimack Street, this evening, at 7½ o'clock. It is important that every member should be present; also that all bills contracted for by the Committee should be presented to the Treasurer, H. B. Hadley, before that time.

J. F. McEver, Secretary.
November 8th, 1861. nov9dly

LOST—On Friday, on the road from Pevear's Bridge to Middlesex Street, a Memorandum Book. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at 64 Middlesex Street. E. S. BARLETT.
Lowell, Nov. 7. 2w

ARRIVED!

The Map of the State of Virginia, drawn from actual surveys, by order of the Executive. This is the largest and most correct Map of Virginia ever published. Call and see it at the General Ticket Office, 161 Merrimack Street, opposite Merrimack House, Lowell.
nov8dlf E. H. FISHER.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at wholesale and retail prices, is at the manufactory, as at SITTERLY'S, 24 Hale-st.
nov8dlm

GENERAL TICKET-OFFICE,
161 MERRIMACK STREET,
adjoining Merrimack House.
Lowell, Oct. 31, 1861.

California passengers can be booked at this office, to engage in Steamer leaving New York Nov 11th, should engagements be made in season as possible. Steamer is rapidly filling up.
oct31tf E. H. FISHER.

WANTED,

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family without children. One in the vicinity of Christ Church preferred. Apply at this office.
October 26, 1861. oct26dtf

Go and examine the great Military Map of the Seven Southern States, Gen. Scott and the War Department on the 27th ult. It is drawn from actual surveys, and shows every hour of the Southern country from Washington to the Gulf. Call and see it at the General Ticket Office.
nov8dlf E. H. FISHER.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of May to the 1st day of October, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during the afternoon office hours.
nov5dlf S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

MILITARY MATTERS. The troops in Camp Chase had a fine drill in skirmishing, under Col. Lucas, yesterday afternoon. Fort Hill and the fields around are alive during thereto were the scene of their evolutions. The afternoon was passed in advancing, then retreating, then rallying by fours, then by sections, then by companies—marching across ditches and over fences, and through the woods, firing from behind trees, rocks and bushes at the supposed enemy.

The Twenty-sixth Regiment made their weekly visit to the city this forenoon.—They passed our office at quick step, or what is known on parade grounds as "double-quick." The Lawrence papers say that the regiment will visit that city before leaving for the seat of war and arrangements will be made to give them a generous reception.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton J.* Thomas Sharman, of Newton, for drunkenness, plead guilty—sentenced to pay a fine of $3 and costs. Michael McBride, of Waltham, an appealed case, plead guilty of selling liquor without a license, sentenced to common jail one month and to recognize in the sum of $1000 to keep the peace.

Catherine Carroll, of Marlborough, for liquor selling, an appealed case, plead guilty—sentenced to pay $10 and costs and to be committed to the House of Correction 20 days, if fine is not paid, 30 days in addition to House of Correction, and to recognize in the sum of $1000 to keep the peace.

William Neat, of Shirley, on trial yesterday for setting fire to a barn in the night time, had not been given to the jury at noon.

SUPERIOR COURT—Middlesex County, September Term—Judge Pitman. The court will enter judgments and deliver opinions on Saturday morning on motions, cases for the court, &c., which have been heard. Counsel are required to be present at that time, for the purpose of taking exceptions, or settling exceptions in all such cases, if necessary.

COMFORTERS FOR THE SOLDIERS. The Soldiers' Aid Association are making comforters for the soldiers. Mount Hill Cadets, one hundred for each company.—They are much needed, and will be made up and sent as soon as possible. The Association is also making undershirts, mittens and the spontaneous alacrity with which, as American citizens, they have objected the national call for money and aid to notify Mr. M. C. Bryant, Secretary of the Association, at the office of the Lowell Gas Company.

THE CASE OF MAS. PETERS. The jury summoned by Coroner T. W. Pressey to investigate the cause of the death of Mrs. Mary Ann Peters (mentioned some days ago) met yesterday forenoon, and after hearing eight or nine witnesses in the case, agreed upon the following verdict:—

That the said Mary Ann Peters came to her death on the twenty-first day of October, A. D., 1861 from a certain poisonous substance called soluble salt of lead, being administered to her by some person or persons to the jurors unknown.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Patrick Donohoe, for stealing a barrel of flour was sent to the House of Correction for six months. He stole the flour from Richard Rowe, grocer, on Lowell Street, and rolled it to his house in Cumminsville's alley and hid it in his cellar. He is a hard old sinner, having been before the Court on various occasions for his thieving propensities.

A LARGE NUMBER. We saw this forenoon, a large pile of packages, numbering, we should think, over 150, in the office of the Gas Company, which are to be forwarded to-day to Fortress Monroe. Among other articles was a box containing a new uniform for Capt. Donovan, and quite a pile of books, magazines and pamphlets.

LOWELL BANKS. The following is the condition of the Lowell Banks for the four weeks ending November 4th, 1861:—

	Capital.	Loans and Discounts	Specie	Deposits
Appleton,	$300,000	$288,432	$10,986	$87,855
Lowell,	200,000	225,085	2,519	91,038
Merrimack,	150,000	141,854	8,956	84,747
Pawtucket,	200,000	210,564	10,941	87,219
Suffolk,	150,000	147,215	5,284	88,875
Total,	1,000,000	1,013,150	38,686	439,734
Appleton,	Oct. 28,	$300,000	$288,432	$10,986
Lowell,	" 28,	200,000	225,085	2,519
Merrimack,	" 28,	150,000	141,854	8,956
Pawtucket,	" 28,	200,000	210,564	10,941
Suffolk,	" 28,	150,000	147,215	5,284
Total,	" 28,	1,000,000	1,013,150	38,686

The above shows a decrease of $3,123 in specie since the last statement.

COURTING THE VOTES. The Mayor and Aldermen held a special meeting last evening, for the purpose of examining the returns of votes from the several wards given in November 5th. They were found correctly recorded, and after being duly signed by the Mayor, Aldermen, and City Clerk, were ordered to be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, according to law.

RETIRED. Dr. Sam. Lawrence, whose office is at No. 32 Central Street, who has been spending a few weeks of the "golden days of autumn," down east, in the State of Maine, has returned, and is again disposed to answer all calls upon him for every class of dentistry. The Doctor, as our readers all know, is one of the old professors of the art in the city, and is abundantly able to satisfy his customers, being skilful and thorough.

ANOTHER SWORD PRESENTED. A few of the personal friends of Capt. Andrew Bound met at Crosley's Saloon last evening and presented him with an ivory presentation sword, and other substantial tokens of their regard. The presentation was made by Col G. F. Sawtell, in a few well-timed remarks, which were very happily responded to by the Captain.

LABORS OF MRS. CHARLES SPEAR. This lady now in our city, visiting prisons, and lecturing, has been the means of building up two of the most important institutions in this country. An Industrial School in Charlestown, Mass., and a Reformatory Home in Boston. She has visited many prisons, and aided at least 600 discharged prisoners. She has, with her husband, visited hundreds of prisons, and assisted him in editing his publications. They will give some account of their labors on Sabbath evening, in the Lee Street Unitarian Church.

THE tea-party at Mechanics' Hall, last evening, was every successful affair. The attendance was good, and the entertainment ample and varied.

EXPECTED TO VISIT LOWELL. Secretary of War Cameron is expected to visit Lowell to morrow, for an inspection of Camp Chase.

SOME GAME. Two of our Lowell citizens, having a propensity for sporting, engaged fourteen red and eleven grey squirrels, four rabbits, and two partridges, in Chelmsford, one day last week, in the vicinity of New Salem, N. H., this week.

THOSE who wish a drink of pure "cider beer" are notified through their landlords that they can get it at 45 East Merrimack Street. "Lager" is almost vicinals and drink in this city, and a good, pure, honest an institution in New England. It is said to be about as intoxicating as catnip tea.

ANOTHER OLD RESIDENT ELECTED.—Among the members elect to the legislature, we notice the name of Hon. Serena Ball, of Mansfield, formerly pastor of the late John Street Baptist Church.

BENJAMIN POOLE, Esq., a practicing lawyer in this city, seven or eight years since, has resigned the Presidency of the Metropolitan Railroad, Boston, which he has held for a year or two.

THE Ninth Regiment had a de-lightful time in Boston on Monday, Mayor Wightman's reception. Ventilation was needed and the gallant officers proceeded to help themselves to it; taking off the roof from one of the cars and leaving it beside the track. Unnecessary articles of wear, such as coats, &c., were intended to uselessly fill the vehicle, were laid out with the roof. The windows were taken out and placed in the baggage car.—The car load of the Ninth was taken from Boston on Tuesday morning, a few more are lying around Hartford and New Haven.—We hear that the railroad company estimate that the losses and damages will not be repaired easy enough for $3,000 or so.—*Hartford Courant.*

Well, well, *Mr. Courant*; your Connecticut boys are visiting this city now, and so far as we know are behaving very prettily; at all events, it isn't exactly the thing, your telling of their somewhat ernatic manœuvers just as they enter the patriotic society of the old Bay State.

TO PHYSICIANS AND LADIES. The cure of *Prolapsus Uteri* and kindred diseases by Metropathic treatment has now become established fact, verified by the restoration of several hundreds of cases, private and hospital practice. It gives vitality to the parts, tones the nervous system, controls obstinate organic weaknesses with and certainty. It acts in harmony with the natural laws, and is free from pain or inconvenience; and the cure is so reliable as scarcely to admit the possibility of failure. No appliances of the day are required. Those brought on beds even are soon enabled to walk, and resume their self yields to its vitalizing effects unless contended with some incurable disease.

It would be but reasonable to suppose that treatment, founded on principles that have proven so life-giving to one set of organs, if judiciously modified to the needs of other chronic diseases could be but powerfully efficacious. Such it has proved to be in the cure of premonitory consumption, and all diseases of the digestive organs which had lingered without help for years. Marked success has also been had in bronchitis, in restoring broken down constitutions and in arousing torpid, nervous and debilitated systems to strength and activity. Physicians are cordially invited to call at the Round Hill Water-cure in North-ampton, Mass., and test this practice and witness its results. A circular sent gratis, is particularly commended to their notice. Terms are reduced, see advertisement.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 7.

5 Northern Railroad 102
10 Metropolitan Horse Railroad 98½
30 Cambridge Horse Railroad 97
11 Merchants' Bank 97

N. J. WIER & CO.,
120 Merrimack Street,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with grate,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The subscribers have the largest assortment in the vicinity and their best recommendation.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which a full assortment is constantly on the store, principle is to construct on the same principle as the Magee Furnaces, and operates equally well in regards to economy and convenience. *The fire may be kept in for weeks together*, and the heat can be regulated to any degree desired, by the use of the dampers. The parts are interchangeable, and if broken can be replaced at small cost. The subscribers are Sole Agents for Fowler, Dick Hawthorne, Parks in the Lyons, Beck & Co's Patent Hot Air Furnaces, the Hathaway Stove, with Sylvania Broiler Stove, and other miscellaneous Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, Jobbing, &c. Please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
oct28 tf

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York, $5.75
Lowell to New York and return, tickets good until same, 7.50
Lowell to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, 7.50
Lowell to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington and return, tickets good until same, 12.00

Baggage checked through. Tickets for sale at reduced rates for Passage and Freight passage by Clipper Ships and Steamers.

Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers.

Through Tickets to Europe via Boston and Liverpool, Inquire of the Agent at the Depot, or at the Office of the Lowell Express, 182 Merrimack House.
oct28 R. R. FISHER, Agent.

IF For Biliousness use Doctor Gifford's Sanative Pills. Purely vegetable. Perfectly safe. Are troubled with worms, or have the colic, diarrhea, dysentery, cramp, bad eyes, or are nervous and have the toothache, face-ache, or headache, use Dr. Gifford's Anodyne. For proper medicines which he has prepared for the cure of these diseases, and relieved and cured by their use, why should not you? Call at 182 Merrimack House, Lowell, and A. C. Lombard, wholesale agents, Chas. H. Kimball, Canal-st., Boston, and Dr. Gifford's office will be sent per mail on receipt of the price, 25 cts. each, to any part of the country, by addressing PHILIP LEE,
136 William-street, New York.
Ply

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE, Warranted for three years. Also, Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Davis is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jun3dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. Coburn, H. Hadley, D. K. Sylvester,
T. Nesmith, S. Bullard, Isaac Pace,
L. G. Rice, Geo. F. Thurston, Geo. F. Morrison,
Lowell.

Mutual Plan.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, and Stores occupied by the owners, which may be made loans in this class. The present cash capital is $18,000, and the present cash premium notes amount of $118,329 35. The retention of seventy per cent. of the premium notes, as heretofore, has been instituted, and the cash capital is now $54,000, and the premium notes $64,329 35. Insurance effected in this department from one to five years.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $100,000. Insurance on merchandise, manufactories and other property not hazardous and at current rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.

Office, No. 97 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Secy and Treas.
Lowell, Oct. 1, 1861. 1y1

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just call in the latest style, at the Boston Fur Store, which are manufactured on the premises, and warranted to be as represented, or no sale. Furs altered and repaired at short notice. Furs stored and insured against fire and moth. Furs cleaned and dyed to look as well as new. Furs made to order from skins furnished by customers. Furs taken in exchange for goods. Furs bought for cash. Furs sold on commission. Furs sold on commission. Furs sold on commission

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
IN THE
PROF. WOODS HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 19, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since retained healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a fault where mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, to even flatter you vainly at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in installing the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and ples ure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have seen with people who had announced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where used it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had purchased some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have used with no benefit to my hair, notwithstanding that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none of these imitations have not broke enough to write an advertisement, as a matter that have copied yours, with only the few several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than one hundred persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, dandruff, head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business, but found you had removed to now living in New York

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,726, will receive my attention.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Bloomington, Ind., July 30, 1859.

Dear Sir:—I send you a statement, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white as a very stiff and wolly hair. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative in cases where they was a cure fairer than truth in them; but contemplating a strong dose of it was not quite possible, restored to its original color and fineness, and was WATCH by younger part of my flock, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I got about one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as given by as I could. Soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was thin and of large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the scalp. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light blu'k hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is as soft as silk, and as oily, as though just from the hands of a French champoser. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" which is one of the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that is the natural hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly
FREDERICK F. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

Woods Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from which no art or money can buy which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with entire desired result. In a few instances where the decrement of oil who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the best preparations now which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray should make trial of it.—*Sun Spy.*

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and popular preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color, for preventing the hair falling off, for eradicating dandruff, and for curing all cutaneous eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off. We have seen many certificates of the wonderful proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't stir up the matter, but tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our friend, the contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application in his own case with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by undoubted evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its primitive vigor. Wherever it has become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has restored a rich glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously on the hair. Italso has curative properties: f another description. In many cases it principles and disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending the trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its every ingredient is perfectly innocuous.—*St. Ann Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A Genuine Book. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of many articles, for which claims to "wonderful" are unfounded in assertion and inviolable in fact. We can say what justice we have in our columns to determine. In one instance, however, we can speak. Wood's Restorative—for we would not recommend it for the qualities of the article, but for the endorsement as all that is required—has proved to us and our children all that it professes to be. Its effect upon a head of hair is universally known, and we will say, Like lime or gunum on exhausted land, it has a sleep wherever applied. We have used it for unfortunately healthy, but advise our friends of a sparsely growing hair to try the restorative.—*Columbia Spy.*

All Hair Dyes Abandoned — Wood's Great Artichoke Hair Tonic the Fashionable Dressing. Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, whose attention has been turned to the subject of hair tonic has ever before been reached. Its fame is sudden but world wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or born bald for years are now, through the use of his preparation, restoring their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for economy, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Prof. Wood found out the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the dormant vitality of that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that gray hair was the natural index to the age of the individual had reached four score, and he believed that the hair could be restored and revitalized. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance, and the secret he did so was his gave to the world. Get WOODS HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depot, No. 416 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 416 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan1fcow

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected what all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail *in any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 1000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, safely to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember that this Medicine is designed expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented* IN EVERY RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.* at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ Dr. M. has *no agents* and all *dreaders of a Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Every case of disease or otherwise will be treated confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, empty boxes or observation, and marked "Private" to FRANCIS FISK.

The great body and quantity for covering of the Lungs renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Paints. It is warranted not less than 100 lbs of oil to the ton, which is worth at 120 lbs of most other brands. This fact can be proved by the Analysis of Professor Horsford, Cambridge, or C. T. Williams' Periodical Dealer, Post Office building.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CEDAR CAMPHORATED Moth Preventive and Woollens, for sale by E. RIDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply for sale by the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every package will be guaranteed to be pure. Call at No. 7 Corinthian st. Any one at Boston prizes by addressing H. WOOD.
apr27 43 Market street.

Toilet Soaps.
English Rose and Glycerine, Pumice, Silver Tooth, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and 5 cents variety of Toilet Soaps for sale by E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FURNITURE POLISH.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Plate Furniture Polish for Varnished Surfaces*, highly prized and for—is something new and the best kind ever introduced for housekeepers, hotel keepers, and housekeepers generally. By using one box of the Polish, the furniture can be restored to its original beauty. Almost quite new, which cannot be done. Please call and see this new article. H. S. HAYNES' Chemical Store, 45 Merrimack st.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
The MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Tetters, Blotches, Freckles, Erysipelas, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BOWIE AND DIRK KNIVES.
A large assortment of Bowie and Dirk Knives to be sold by J. HAYNES & CO.

BOYS' TURBANS,
Richly trimmed with Velvet, new styles, just received and for sale at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
oct17 47 Central street.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain when all other remedies, as well as fashionable Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. RIDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. nov3

AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order an size or style—employs good workmen on frames.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other sizes, Ornamented and Plain, Reglided and Varnished and other repairing Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in Seating, Rattan seat setting, Pinking, Tailoring, &c., &c., at
Lowell Shop, 3 MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
mar23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD made at the Power of Ryan Mill is warranted to be pure and free from adulteration, and to contain no other ingredient than Linseed Oil, which is satisfactorily ascertained by the Analysis of Professor Horsford, Cambridge, and stamped "Warranted Pure," in Francis's Type.
The great body and quantity for covering of the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Paints. It is warranted not less than 100 lbs of Oil to the ton, which is worth at 120 lbs of most other brands. This fact can be proved by the Analysis of Professor Horsford, Cambridge, or C. T. Williams' Periodical Dealer, Post Office building.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, is a practical painter, engaged in the business for the last twenty years in this country and his experience, connected with scientific knowledge, enables him to recommend with confidence to formish an article that cannot be surpassed.
Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company," can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of
WHITE & BARRY,
Painters and Glaziers,
Building, Dutton street. Lowell
apr29 dtf

Toilet Soaps.
ENGLISH Rose and Glycerine, Pumice, Silver Tooth, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and 5 cents variety of Toilet Soaps for sale by E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
LIQUOR, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c.*—This article is a valuable preparation for cleaning the above articles in a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look like new. Glass, Tin and Brass Ware, its equal has never been discovered, for the above purposes; as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail *in any case*, the price will be refunded.

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☞ Dr. M. has *no agents* and all *dreaders of a Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Every case of disease or otherwise will be treated confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, empty boxes or observation, and marked "Private" to FRANCIS FISK.

The great body and quantity for covering of the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Paints. It is warranted not less than 100 lbs of Oil to the ton, which is worth at 120 lbs of most other brands. This fact can be proved by the Analysis of Professor Horsford, Cambridge, or C. T. Williams' Periodical Dealer, Post Office building.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CEDAR CAMPHORATED Moth Preventive and Woollens, for sale by E. RIDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply for sale by the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every package will be guaranteed to be pure. Call at No. 7 Corinthian st. Any one at Boston prizes by addressing H. WOOD.
apr27 43 Market street.

Toilet Soaps.
ENGLISH Rose and Glycerine, Pumice, Silver Tooth, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and 5 cents variety of Toilet Soaps for sale by E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FURNITURE POLISH.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Plate Furniture Polish for Varnished Surfaces*, highly prized and for—is something new and the best kind ever introduced for housekeepers, hotel keepers, and housekeepers generally. By using one box of the Polish, the furniture can be restored to its original beauty. Almost quite new, which cannot be done. Please call and see this new article. H. S. HAYNES' Chemical Store, 45 Merrimack st.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
The MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Tetters, Blotches, Freckles, Erysipelas, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by E. RIDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BOWIE AND DIRK KNIVES.
A large assortment of Bowie and Dirk Knives to be sold by J. HAYNES & CO.

BOYS' TURBANS,
Richly trimmed with Velvet, new styles, just received and for sale at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.
oct17 47 Central street.

Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. nov3

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
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The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the
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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, November 9, 1861.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 8th, 1861.

I left the city of spindles for this place on Monday, 28th ult., by way of the Worcester and Norwich line, arriving at New London at 10 o'clock in the evening, where I took the splendid steamer City of Boston, Capt. Wilcox. I must say that this boat is one of the most spacious, best arranged and conducted that I have ever met, and that it ever fell to my lot to travel in. Capt. Wilcox is a gentleman, and understands his business well. The clerk of the steamer seems to be well adapted to his position, very accommodating, willing at all times to render all assistance and information he can to the traveler. When I came on before, I left your city at noon by the Stony Brook Railroad, Worcester and Nashua to Worcester, thence to New London by the Worcester and Norwich Railroad. I then embarked upon the steamer City of New York, which is the "twin" boat on this line, under Capt. Jewett, with whom I was very much pleased. The captains and conductors—D. P. Walker and W. P. Barton—were accustomed to passengers through to New York—are gentlemen who understand their business well —as they say out here, they know how to "keep a hotel." The ride from Lowell here, is very fatiguing, if you come directly through in twenty-four hours, as most business men do. Coming by the Norwich route, you get a good night's sleep, which relieves the tediousness of the journey very much. I recommend to you this route when you come on to take your seat in Congress (if you should not make us a visit before.)

I see by the *Courier* you have nominated Daniel S. Richardson, Esq., for senator in your district, and I cannot do less than say, if I were there at election, I should most assuredly give him my vote. The Republicans have been noted for nominating one man and electing another in years past; but I see that the people have made the selection of Mr. Richardson, who, I have no doubt, will be triumphantly elected, and I know, if he is elected, he will probably represent the district. I judge from all I can learn that the voters of Lowell will sustain their former reputation for spirited meetings and political manoeuvrings, this year.

I saw in a late number of the *Courier* some strictures upon the course of Senator Henry Wilson, in raising a full Massachusetts Twenty-Second Regiment, saying that the regiment was gotten up by him, and then for him to leave it as soon as he had got it to the seat of war, was doing the regiment an injury, and intimating that it was contrary to the expectations of the public. Now, Mr. Editor, I suppose you, in common with all others who know anything about the matter, know that an arrangement was made for Col. Wilson to go upon Gen. McClellan's staff, before the adjournment of the extra session of Congress. His labors in getting up the Twenty-Second and Twenty-Third Regiments is all in addition to the labors he was expected to perform when he left Washington, after the adjournment of Congress.

While on this subject, allow me to say what *I know* to be true, that there is no man in or out of Washington, who has done more, if as much, as Mr. Wilson to forward and prosecute to final settlement our present National troubles. He is at work early and late, in season and out of season. Men of all capacities and professions in the country are seeking his counsel. This is doubtless owing in a great to his position as chairman of the Military Committee, as well as his known ability to advise and direct in the affairs of the country. Ever since the breaking out of this war he has given his whole time and energies in the service of his country, not spending, during the whole period, more than three weeks with his family, having his own expenses all the while, paying his board here, and his traveling expenses, at a cost of more than fifteen hundred dollars, for which he has not received one dollar from the Government. The understanding has always been that Col. Wilson would withdraw from the regiment, and an army officer would take command—Capt. Gove is that man. Col. Wilson is a member of Gen. McClellan's staff, as was arranged before the adjournment of Congress, with which the Twenty-Second Regiment are all pleased.

You, with others, are doubtless wondering why our army does not make an advance against the rebels. I will tell you the reason is just here—we have not got to-day so large an army here on the Potomac as the rebels; our Government are waiting for more troops, and I fear the fingers of the gallant soldiers will be cold before we can make an advance. I want to say to the northern who have got sons in the army, as well as to sisters who have got brothers, and the young ladies who have got particular *friends* in the service, buy woolen yarn, and commence at once to knit gloves for them. You must know very well that it will be very cold before the muskets this winter. I should recommend to knit them in the form of mittens, with one finger for the forefinger; in this way they will be warmer, and the musket can be held just as well as though it was knit entirely in the glove form.

I have been very forcibly struck, as I have traveled through the North and East, with the difference in the appearance of things now and the last of April; then you would see the flag of our beloved country flying from almost every housetop. Men, women and children, all alive to do what each one could to put down this ungodly rebellion. Now you will see the flag-staffs standing as monuments of what was in April last, but shorn of bunting. You ask men to enlist and go to the rescue of our glorious flag now, and they will ask "What position can you give me? I will go if I can have a commission."—Now, young men, or the more advanced in life, I wish to ask you one or two questions for your serious consideration.—What is life without a home? What is home without a Government to sustain it? These are the questions we have (in my humble judgment) got to consider more fully and more seriously than we have yet done, before this war is over with. The rebels, almost to a man, go into the fight without making commissions or compensation a question; let us in this ore thing imitate our enemies, and when the grand struggle shall be over, then we will talk about pay and commissions; but upon this matter I will say more in my next, should I find time to write. L.

THE EXPEDITION. From some intelligence received last night, it appears that the great naval expedition had entered Port Royal, S. C, and had begun to bombard the defences of the place. It is also said to have disembarked its land forces.—Two small transport steamers are reported to have been wrecked upon the North Carolina coast, by the gale, and 75 men were taken prisoners and sent to Raleigh.

"Port Royal has the best channel through the bars to be found below Norfolk. It has more than twenty feet of water in the shallowest places, from the outer bar to Beaufort. The harbor is capacious, and has long been held to be superior, either to Charleston or Savannah.—Beaufort is a small town, not easily defended from the sea, with a bad road to the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, twenty-five miles or so from Savannah, and fifty or sixty of Charleston. A strong force at Beaufort would then threaten both of those cities on the side unprotected by the forts, while the possession of Beaufort and Port Royal channel would alone give a rendezvous of vast importance to the blockading fleet. A small fort, to command the roads, was partially built at the time the rebellion broke out. This has probably been completed by the rebels and they have perhaps erected other defences; but to demolish anything they have raised, will not be a difficult matter for the twenty ships of war which are included in our fleet."

At present all intelligence respecting the fleet must be looked for through southern channels; in a few days, however, accounts will be received by way of the Potomac.

RELIGIOUS ITEMS. The 40th anniversary of Rev. Dr. Burnham's ministry in Hingham, U. S., will be publicly observed by appropriate services on the 13th inst.—There will be a historical discourse in the morning, a collation, addresses, &c., in the afternoon and evening. Hon. Marshall P. Wilder will take part in the exercises.

The next meeting of the Woburn Association (Congregational) will be held in Reading, in Rev. Mr. Wilcox's church, on Tuesday, November 19th, at 10, A. M.

The Rev. Hubbard Winslow, D. D., formerly of Boston, was installed by the New York Presbytery, on the 20th ult., over the Northwest Presbyterian Church in New York city.

Mr. Powers, a native of Hadley, Mass., and a recent graduate of East Windsor, was ordained pastor of the church in Merrimac, which is the second church in West Springfield, Wednesday, October 30th.

Mr. Thomas W. Emerson, of Bucksport, was ordained as pastor of the Baptist Church and Society at Springvale, Me., on Wednesday, the 23rd of October.

Rev. Edwin Johnson, late of Bowdoin Street Church, Boston, was installed pastor of the Hammond Street Church, in Bangor, Me., October 16th.

Is the influence of the slave power ended?—*Boston Transcript.*

No, and never will be, till the South Massachusetts is done using cotton in her manufacturing establishments, sugar in her tea, and rice, chewing and smoking tobacco.—*New Hampshire Patriot.*

Is the *New Hampshire Patriot* making a supposition, in that cotton, sugar, rice, and tobacco, cannot be cultivated by free blacks or by white men. Setting aside entirely the slavery question, we are credulous enough to believe that there is not an inch of Uncle Sam's territory fit for growing any of the articles named, that a white man cannot live and thrive upon. The experience of hundreds of northern men in the South goes to substantiate this belief.

GOING TO EUROPE. Hon. Edward Everett, Bishop Hughes (on his way), Thurlow Weed, and H. W. Beecher are going to Europe. We yesterday published a paragraph in relation to Mr. Weed's mission; he refers to his trip as follows:—

That it was our purpose to have accompanied our friends and former traveling companion, in the steamer Africa, yesterday, and our attention to depart for Europe on Saturday, is true. Having sized up much, it becomes proper to add, that our visit abroad is in no unofficial character. If we cherish the hope of rendering any service, however slight, to our country, it is as a volunteer, and without compensation. . . Mr. Seward has not, in any manner or form, 'dignified' our visit, and we visit Europe, as we have done on former occasions, in a personal and private capacity and character."

MILITARY DIALOGUE. *Officer*—How long have you been recruiting, Captain Raw? *Captain*—Four weeks! *Officer*—What success? *Captain*—First rate, *Officer*—How many men, *Captain*—*One private and Mister Shore.*

The *New Orleans Courier* learns that the $15,000,000 Confederacy loan, authorized last spring, is not yet all taken—only $8,000,000 of it.

WAR NEWS, &c.

Washington reports. It is now reported that the rebels are removing their batteries farther down the river.

The *Washington Star* says it has received information of important movements of the rebels on the lower Potomac, to the effect that unmistakable indications existed yesterday of the departure of a force for the South. Great activity prevails among our troops, and preparations are believed to be in progress which will drive the rebels from their present position and speedily restore unobstructed navigation of the Potomac.

There is a rumor at Alexandria that the rebel pickets are six miles nearer that city than they were two days before.

Battle near Lawn. An expedition left Cairo last Wednesday night under Generals Grant and McClernand, and landed at Belmont, Mo., about 8 o'clock, the next morning. The rebel forces encamping about 3500, engaged 7000 rebels at 11 o'clock.—The battle lasted until sundown. The rebels were driven from their entrenchments across the river, with great loss, their camp was burned, and their stores, with all their baggage, cannon, horses and mules captured, and 100 prisoners taken.

The Federal troops retired, the rebels having received reinforcements from Columbus. Both Generals had their horses shot under them. Colonel Dougherty, of Illinois, was wounded and taken prisoner. The rebel loss is unknown.

Our loss is estimated at from 300 to 500 We have taken 250 prisoners, a number of whom are wounded. The number of rebels killed was 300. The ground was completely strewn with dead bodies. The rebel Col. Wright, of the 13th Tennessee regiment, was killed. Gen. Cheatham commanded the rebels, Polk being at Columbus. It is stated that Gen. Johnson was wounded.

Missouri. A correspondent of the *St Louis Democrat* says that Gen. Hunter has not yet put into effect any decided measures for the conduct of the campaign, but I am informed that he will adopt plans entirely different from those of General Fremont.

Col. Merrill was sent out on a reconnoissance Monday, with 1400 cavalry and a section of artillery, and explored the country round Wilson's creek but discovered no enemy, their advance having left for the South on Sunday. The main body of the rebels is supposed to be still in the vicinity of Carsville. Gen. Hunter has little faith at present in their having a design of attacking us.

Gen. Hunter's position on the "contraband" question is understood to be as follows: All negroes coming into camp will be retained, and such of them as are proved to be the property of rebels, men will be appraised and receipted for to be paid when and how Congress may see fit.

It is doubtful whether any further advance will be made in this State, but further intelligence may change this policy. Gen. Sigel has been appointed commander of the upper district of Springfield.

Gen. Fremont arrived at St. Louis Thursday evening and was received with great enthusiasm.

The Naval Expedition. News has been received at Fortress Monroe, from secession sources, stating that the steamer Illinois, with a cargo of horses and stores, and another transport, name not given, were lost during the gale—one at Kill Devil Shoal, the other on Hogue's Beach, on the coast of North Carolina. The crews of both, 73 in number, are prisoners at Raleigh. It is not known whether any one was lost, but fifteen horses were saved.

The executive officer of the Minnesota states on information received by the flag of truce, that the fleet was bombarding Port Royal, and were meeting a warm reception, the rebels having for some time been preparing for them.

Another report is that the fleet was bombarding Beaufort, but little reliance is placed on any of the above reports.

Mat is constantly advancing to the eternal world. A few months ago he had certain privileges that have been wasted. Life passes away, and death, and each footprint is made to be seen by us no more.—Onward we must go. He that comes after us will be prodded by our follies, and find our way, nearer and nearer to the beach where the seas of eternity roll—he may see step after step in the sand till he comes to the last print, half washed away by the tide, and then he will launch the vast ocean and disappeared forever; but backward we cannot go, to pick up the golden gems which we once passed with indifference as they lay sparkling at our feet. Onward we are moving, and onward we must continue to move. How solemn, then, does the scene in progress! And how loud the admonition to improve the golden moments as they fly, blessing the race and not its curse!

The place to get job printing done is at the *Budget* office.

We clip the above from the *Woburn Budget*. Gentlemen, we wish to enter a word in any way proving that Messrs. Hastings & Co., have attempted to deceive the public, but we can show by persons whose words cannot be doubted, that "the place to get job printing done *is at the* " *Courier* office! What *does the Budget* man mean, then?

W. W. Irvin is worth $50,000,000, A. T. Stewart is worth $20,000,000, George Law at least $15,000,000, and Commodore Vanderbilt at least $15,000,000.

OHIO ELECTION. The following is the official vote for Governor of Ohio:—David Todd, union, 206,997; Hugh J. Jewett, Democrat, 151,704. Todd's majority 55,293.

Will Bull Bay be added to the "stinging B's,"—Big Bethel, Bull Run and Ball's Bluff?—*Exchange.*

No! but really we had rather be stung by the B's named, than by Breckinridge, Bell, and Benjamin—the traitors.

ABOUT thirty Parrott guns are turned out at the West Point foundry now per week. Four hundred and fifty men are now employed in the manufacture of these guns, as also in forming projectiles.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

REV. DR. PATTESON will deliver a sermon on the lessons which this Autumnal season is teaching us, in Grace Universalist Church to-morrow morning. In the evening, at 6½ o'clock, he will lecture on the "Rich young man and the Just old man of the present age."

REV. MR. BARTHOLOMEW, of Roxbury, will preach in the First Universalist Church to-morrow morning and afternoon.

REV. ANDREW CROMBIE, Rev. Dr. Edson and others of Bethel, Trinity, Mrs. Spaulding's and Hanover Street Churches, will preach in Bethel to-day.

REV. CHAS. TYLER and Mrs. Chas. Spear, of Boston, will deliver addresses, at the Lee Street Unitarian Church, on Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject—The Camp, the Home, and the Prison.

MR. H. B. STORER will speak at Rollins' Hall to-morrow afternoon and evening, at 2½ and 6½ o'clock.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol. The soldiers' Aid Association will meet at the Company A, Cadet, Armory, Second Mass. Regiment, on TUESDAY next, 12th inst.

Packages not exceeding three pounds each in weight will be received at the office of the Boston & Gas Light Company, until 12, M., on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

"PEOPLE'S UNION COMMITTEE." All members of the "People's Union Committee" are requested to meet at the Committee Room, Hamilton Hall, Monday evening, Nov. 11th, at 7½ o'clock. It is important that every one should be present; also, that all bills contracted for the Committee should be presented to the Treasurer, E. WILSON, before that time.

J. F. MCEWEN, Secretary.
nov8 2t

LOST—On Friday last, on the road from Pawtuckville to Middlesex Village, Street, a Memorandum Book. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the office of Wilbur & Street. M. S. WILBUR.
Lowell, Nov. 7. nov7&8

ARRIVED!

The Map of the State of Virginia, drawn from actual surveys, by order of the Executive. This is the map used by Generals Scott and General McClellan, to plan Campaigns in Virginia. Call and see it at Bookstore of H. A. BLAISDELL, Merrimack Square, opposite Merrimack House, Lowell.
oct31tf S. H. FISHER.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, is at the Boot and Shoe Store of E. KITTREDGE'S, 14 Middle st. nov2tf

WANTED,

A convenient tenement, suitable for a small family without children. Also in the vicinity of Central Building and Middle st. Inquire at this office.
October 31, 1861. oct31tf

Go and remember the great Mitten, Glove and Fur Store, Southern Stores. Geo. Scott and the Way Industrious Boys, Nos. 3 and 5 Merrimack Square, are always ready, and those every one of the Southern country will remember, that GEO. SCOTT & CO. are the men to get Mittens.

For sale at the Railroad Ticket Office, 161 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell.
oct16tf H. FISHER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were present at the Sale of Goods made by the Police Court, in central room, Sunday morning, will please call at the Police Office, and pay for the same, on or before Monday, November 4th, 1861, or the goods will be sold at public auction.
oct31&3w S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

LOWELL MARKETING.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Butter, per lb. 16 a 18c; Cheese do. 8 a 10c; Eggs, per doz. 20 a 22c.
FRUIT—Oranges, per box, $7.00; Lemons do. 7.00; Apples per peck 25 a 50c; Cranberries per peck, 50.
Provisions unchanged, except pork, which is 12 a 13c; mutton, steak, 10c.; round, 10 a 12c; corned, 8 a 10c; Lamb 8 a 10c; Pork, mh. 10 a 12c; fresh, 8 a 10c; Ham, whole, 11c., sliced, 13c; Pouls, per lb. 12 a 16c; Ducks, per pair, 75c.; Partridges, each 25c.
Fish—Halibut, per lb. 8c.; Cod 4 a 6c; Haddock 3; Mackerel, fresh, 8 a 10c; Eels 10c; Perch, per doz. 25c; Oysters per qt. 50c; Clams per qt. 25c; Trout, per lb. 16c.
Vegetables.—Potatoes, per peck, 25c.; Onions, per quart, 5c.; Beets, per peck, 12c.; Carrots, per peck, 12c.; Cabbage, each 6 a 8c; Squash, 3c., marrowfats, per lb. 3c.; Husked squash, 2c.; Sweet Potatoes, per lb., 3c.

ARE YOU OFF. This forenoon, about 9 o'clock, an operative in the Middlesex Mill lost his arm while at work about stiffening machinery. The cause was light—it is technically called "the picker." He had removed the top of the machine, having made some repairs about it, and was standing beside it, when his arm came into his hand or arm was caught, and in an instant the whole arm was a shapeless mass, from fingers to the shoulder. The man's name is Michael Ryan, and he is an "old hand" in the mill. He was carried out of the room is an insensible state, and medical aid at once summoned. Drs. Graves, Kimball and Allen (one of the operators,) which was an exceedingly delicate one and seldom performed. The main artery the whole length of the arm was unbroken; this was taken up and the crushed arm was removed at the shoulder joint. At last accounts the man was as comfortable as from the nature of his injury he could be expected to be.

CORPORTERS AGAIN. We should have added to our yesterday's list, that corporters are being made for companies D and G, of the 16th Regiment, by the Soldiers' Aid Association, that the Lowell men of Capt. Lawson's company will be attached to them in the same manner. Merrimack Hall is the free use of which has been given by Major Emery, with his usual generosity, will be used by the ladies for a week commencing on Monday next, at 9, A. M., till 5, P. M. Merchants Hall, the use of which has been granted on the same liberal terms, will also be used if needed.

AGAIN POSTPONED. The case of the persons suspected of delinquencies at the postoffice in this city, who were to have been examined at the jail yesterday, has again been postponed. They were taken to Boston this morning, and unless the Commissioners see cause for further postponement, will probably be examined to-day.

HIS FLOCK IS MISSING. An evening or two since, a man left half a barrel of flour on the sidewalk on Dutton Street, near Eaton's harness store, while he went a short distance to get a wheelbarrow. On returning with the vehicle he found the half barrel and contents missing. The loser is of the opinion that somebody relished his flour, and, safely, supposing that it might have been dropped from a passing team. Any information respecting it will be thankfully received at the police office, the fact that the owner attempted to carry it home himself showing that he is illy able to lose it. We hope that those who need it the most will be allowed to *hoard* it.

We clip the following from a letter in the *New Bedford Mercury*, dated Camp Sickett, near Alexandria, Va., October 3rd, 1861." What is worth the price?—Ed.

"The incidents worthy of record concerning the Fortieth are few. Under the head of 'killed, wounded and missing,' may be chronicled the name of one of Company K's men, ——— Lyons, of Lowell, taken prisoner while on picket by a party of marauding secesh."

CITY DRAFT FOR OCTOBER. The amount payable at the City Treasurer's office on Monday next, on the draft for October, is $8,204 91, on account of the following appropriations:—

Schools,	$113 49
Fire Houses,	8 00
Roads and Bridges,	1045 90
Police,	1450 16
Sewers,	127 51
Lighting,	1 50
Fire Departments,	1116 00
Printing,	160 75
Salaries,	80 00
Interest on City Debt,	1650 16
Incidental Fund,	1451 34
	$8,204 91

In addition to the foregoing sums, the firemen will be paid $1,612 01, as stated by us last Wednesday.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* William Callahan, of Holliston, was found not guilty of keeping a common nuisance.

William Devlin and Michael Kellon, both of Brighton, plead guilty of drunkenness—appealed cases to this court. Both ordered in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for six months.

Lewis Peibel, of Boston, arrested at Reading on a warrant for forgery and passing counterfeiting bank bills, plead guilty to two indictments against him, and was sentenced to the State Prison for five years on each count—one day of each to be solitary.

William Neat, on trial yesterday, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of burning a barn. The counsel moved to set aside the verdict as being against the evidence.

John H. Banksley, of Reading, for larceny, is on trial to-day.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Nancy Holland, a confined case, for keeping a disorderly house, was ordered in $200 to the Superior Court.

Patrick Connors, of Tewksbury, also continued, for drunkenness, was fined $1 and costs.

Ann Wilkins, for assault upon Phanuel Flanders, another continued case, was fined $5 and costs. Appealed.

One or two other cases were variously disposed of.

THE NEW PEABODY CHIMNEY. This chimney having reached its highest limits skyward, a word or so in relation to it may not be out of place. The shaft rests on a firm base, twenty-two feet deep, 763 yards of earth having been excavated to make room for the foundation. There are 224 perches of solid granite in the foundation which is twenty feet in diameter at the bottom and fifteen at the top. The brick work above this is 14 feet at the bottom and seven feet eight inches at the top, and in height, it is 135 feet from the top of the foundation, making it one of the tallest chimneys in Lowell, though a few feet shorter than the one on the Boott Cotton Mills, which has the disadvantage, however, of occupying higher ground as a base. Nearly two hundred thousand bricks have been used in the construction of this chimney, inside of which is a flue five feet in diameter. The top of the chimney is surmounted with iron, and on one side is a ladder extending from the bottom to the top.

STOVES. Persons who are now looking about for stoves with which to warm their dwellings, or to supply their kitchens, should not fail to visit the extensive stove and hollow-ware establishment of Messrs. Bpos., No. 105 Central Street. Their Stewart cook-stove and Stanley parlor stove are perhaps the best in the market; we speak not from hearsay, but from our own opinion is based on an experience of several years with them. But there is a variety at Bangs' establishment, and almost any kind or fancy ware are kept on hand, and one may there order the camp store or a furnace for a palatial residence. Messrs. Bangs Bros are veterans in the business, and establishment is one with the most extensive dealers in the country, and whether in stoves or the ordinary articles of kitchen furnitures, they are well prepared to meet the requirements of the public. Give them a call.

DANCING SCHOOL. Mr. William Beard, who some years since was a successful teacher of dancing in this city, has returned and made arrangements to instruct a class in the Music Hall every Saturday. The first evening for practice has been selected and subscribers will please be present next Wednesday evening. Those who have not put their names down to join his class can do so by calling at Cheseley's saloon, or at the hall on the evening named. We believe no other teacher will be in the city at the present season, and certainly with Mr. Beard, who is well qualified, no other will be required.

CONTRIBUTIONS. There have been received at the Mayor's office from Mrs. William Gosling, comforters, pillows, towels, &c., and from Miss E. S. Osgood, comforters and blankets for the soldiers.

EDWARD EVERETT COMING TO LOWELL. This able orator will deliver the opening lecture of the course before the Mechanics' Association, on Tuesday evening, 19th inst., at Huntington Hall.

A BOX FOR THE SOLDIERS. The Soldiers' Aid Association is preparing to send a box to Company A (Capt. Abbott's) on Tuesday next. See advertisement elsewhere for particulars.

HORSE KILLED. This noon, a horse, said to belong to a farmer in Littleton, took fright and ran down Thorndike to Middlesex Street, striking his head with such force against a soap-cart which was passing as to kill him and knock the driver, without seriously injuring him, from one of the soap-cart from his seat. We understand that the animal killed was highly valued by its owner.

CLAM CHOWDER. Richardson, Nos. 16 and 18 Merrimack Street, this evening provides those among his customers who partake of such food, with one of his excellent chowders. Remember this fact, and call before the contents of the big pot are exhausted.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 8.

4 Concord Railroad par $50 51
5 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad 117
1 Western Railroad 111 3/4
1 Worcester and Nashua Railroad 97
1 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad 98 1/4
1 Fitchburg Railroad 97 1/4
5 Middlesex Co. Railroad 95
3 Merchants' Bank 93
10 Bunker Hill Bank 97

W. J. WIER & CO.,
108 Merrimack Street.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with evens,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES,
Which cannot be excelled in Economy and Comfort. Also, a large assortment of the above Stoves always on hand in this vicinity at the lowest prices.
Remember and Bear in mind that we are prepared to put up Furnaces in any part of the country, on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stove, and operate equally well as regards economy and comfort. We will also furnish Stoves for Churches, Halls, &c., having the trouble and expense of scaffolding saved. Persons wishing to put up Furnaces will please call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere, as we are confident we can satisfy all of their economy. Depot for Cooking Stoves, 108 Merrimack Street.
nov8 W. J. WIER & CO.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
FARE REDUCED!!
Lowell to New York and Southwest, at the following rates:
Via Boston, Providence, Baltimore and Washington, $7.25
Tickets for sale at the Depot, and at the Merrimack House, Lowell.
Agency for Adams and Liverpool Steamers.
Tickets for principal points in Canada.
Passengers forwarded to any part of the United States.
Baggage checked through.
nov8 H. FISHER, Agent.

Dr. Cheeseman's Celebrated Female Pills.
REGISTERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACT OF CONGRESS.
Prepared from a prescription of *Sir J. Clarke*, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen. The Proprietor has had the sanction of Parliament to the virtues of **DR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS**, and has granted to **JOHN CHEESEMAN & HOWE**, Lowell, Agents, or their sub-agents, the sole right to sell them in the State of Massachusetts. Ladies, beware of counterfeits, and of all unauthorized agents. Each box of the genuine bears the signature of the Proprietor, and the name of the Agent through whom it was sold. Full directions, in English, French and German, accompany each box. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. Price $1 per box.
Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists generally.
Sold in Nashua by Jas. Crosby & Co.
nov8 1y

The Great English Remedy.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
REGISTERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACT OF CONGRESS.
Prepared from a prescription of *Sir J. Clarke*, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen. The Proprietor has had the sanction of Parliament to the virtues of **DR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS**, and has granted to **JOHN CHEESEMAN & HOWE**, Lowell, Agents, or their sub-agents, the sole right to sell them in the State of Massachusetts. Ladies, beware of counterfeits, and of all unauthorized agents. Each box of the genuine bears the signature of the Proprietor, and the name of the Agent through whom it was sold. Full directions, in English, French and German, accompany each box. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. Price $1 per box.
Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists generally.
Sold in Nashua by Jas. Crosby & Co.
nov8 1y

A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers.
Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are prepared in a way to operate gently on the system, and are a safe, sure and speedy remedy for Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Piles, Fevers, Colds, Coughs, Pains in the Side, Back and Limbs, Female Complaints, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach or bowels. Full directions in English, French and German, accompany each box. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. Price 25 cents per box.
Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.
nov8 1y

WAR HAS COME
AND
WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

It has been proved by the test of battle, that it has been taken by soldiers as a remedy, from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, and in every case, from long fatiguing marches, sore throat, lameness, and rheumatism.

Send for testimonials from soldiers who have used it, and from those who have taken it to the field. Several Indian doctors have tried to imitate it, but failed. Beware of counterfeits. Call and look at those heavy Gold Medal Bottles, with the name of the Proprietor blown in the glass. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States. The Genuine Salve is made only by G. P. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Boxes for Soldiers, by the 100, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to engage in the Golden Salve trade.
nov8 PHILIP LEE.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye!
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
Now before the public.

This splendid preparation, and should be avoided, as if you wish to escape premature baldness, and have a beautiful and natural Head of Hair, you will use WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, without fail.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and over 100,000 applications have been made to the hair of WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that can not be distinguished from natural, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be used, and the ill effects of bad dyes removed. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, and address up in a steel plate engraving, on the four sides of each box.

Sold by all the cities and towns of the United States, and by druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St., Last 232 Broadway, New York.
sept14 6m

FIRE INSURANCE.
HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on reasonable terms, on all kinds of property, on terms lower than the usual rates. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:
Lowell:
Nahum Aiton, Joseph G. Abbott,
Benjamin Crosby, John Avery,
Arthur F. Sweatt, Walter Wright,
Thomas Hurlbut, Caleb S. Morrill,
Edward Kidder, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown. Nathaniel Wood.
Boston.
Alvan A. Miner, Alexander Y. Low,
Benjamin E. Bates, Lemuel M. Clark.
Reuben P. Dunn.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 23 1st Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, April 31, 1861. apr31tf

ETNA INSURANCE CO,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property as low rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES CAN be written on DWELLINGS AND THEIR contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to JOHN C. HOWARD.
No 20 Central, map office, Lowell.
Oct. 1, 1861. oct1&4tf

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late J. J. RICHARDSON.
apr1 1y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS.

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it to a limited extent, they have found it to possess qualities that are now prepared to use it more extensively. There has been a want of a base for artificial teeth, and gums, that should perform in relation to the value of the vulcanized rubber, what it has done in the place of leather for belting, and for which it is now used in almost numerous and important purposes. The base is of a beautiful pink color, and is so prepared as to be impervious to the fluids of the mouth, and is superior to everything else, but they assure the public that it is not a humbug, but a substance that has come to stay, and one that can be obtained, and as reasonable as any that has been offered.

Rooms 1 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
oct26 1y

IMPORTANT to FEMALES
Dr CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS
THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN
is necessarily in peril if she is ever ignorant of the laws of her existence, and the causes which produce disease in her system. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the result of many years' study and practical observation. Dr. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years devoted his attention to the treatment of female complaints, and in his extensive practice, which has been very extensive without parallel, all classes of females have been successfully treated. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the result of this practice. They act like a charm in removing the Pains, Headache, Nausea, Nervousness, Irritability, Hysterics, Fainting, Dizziness, Spots before the eyes, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Boils, Blotches, Pimples, Ringworm, Scurvy, Scrofula, Ulcers, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Fevers, Colds, Coughs, Pains in the Side, Back and Limbs, &c. In the worst cases of *Fever Ailing or Nervous Debility*, they are unequalled.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are prepared so that they are the only safe means of removing interrupted menstruation.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND
That Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are not to be taken without producing a PERCEPTIBLE CHANGE in the system. Therefore, if you are pregnant, do not take them, as they will produce a miscarriage in the second month. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the *only* safe means of removing *Obstructions* at any time. Full directions in the pamphlet accompanying *the genuine*. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are sold by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. Price $1 per box.

Sold in Lowell by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists generally.
Sold in Nashua by Jas. Crosby & Co.
nov8 1y

CAUTION!
The subscribers, the only druggists of the true and genuine Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, wish to notify the public that other such druggists in Lowell are selling a SPURIOUS IMITATION of Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. Be sure and call at the right place, or you will be disappointed. Remember, the genuine are sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada.
nov8 1y

MANHOOD.
HOW LOST: HOW RESTORED!
Just Published in a Sealed Envelope: Price 6 cts.
A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."
Sent by mail, post paid, to any address, on receipt of post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. CULVERWELL, 127 Bowery, New York.
IF Lowell, Mass.
sept28 1y

WAR HAS COME
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

It has been proved by the test of battle, that it has been taken by soldiers as a remedy, from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, and in every case, from long fatiguing marches, sore throat, lameness, and rheumatism.

Send for testimonials from soldiers who have used it, and from those who have taken it to the field. Several Indian doctors have tried to imitate it, but failed. Beware of counterfeits. Call and look at those heavy Gold Medal Bottles, with the name of the Proprietor blown in the glass. Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States. The Genuine Salve is made only by G. P

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
IT IS
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, before which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by tipping from one to three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not only preserved it from dandruff I do not imagine it's facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have received my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the past three years, it will have given you a fair trial in recommending your Restorative, and establishing its effects in my own case. In conclusion I have met with people that have pronounced it shining; beyond the use of any article and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, to prolong the number, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be far superior to yours, selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as strong which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will prefer to run the risk of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently several of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, but some they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have used it for the past five years, even and talked with more than one thousand persons, who have used your Preparation, and in every instance—some for a lifetime, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living at Alton, Ill.

You are at liberty to publish this or refer parties to me, if you desire, as I will most cheerfully do so, or can for MY NAME will be promptly answered.

Yours, &c., [Signed] J. WHITE.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to as the discoverer. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over forty years old.

For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably grey, and was becoming white as it very still and unpleasant. I have seen a number of certificates of the value and wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed those were an advertising dodge and not worth entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I considered I would not be extravagant, comparatively in a small way. I purchased of your small bottles, as directed and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered my hair was restored, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lighter, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued the use, till I have restored to me my hair, and it is largely on the growth. I have now a head of hair as black as ever it was, and as much of it as in my younger days, and in addition to the above, my whiskers, which were white as the driven snow, now through the use of the preparation, wearing their own beautiful and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the discovery of human life, and the better understanding of the functions of the system. Prof. Wood should put the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the decay. The vitality of that ornament to the head. In my own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached a certain point, and he believed that the hair could be naturally restrained. He tried his own case thoroughly, held and quite gray at the age of thirty, and he restored to his own hair its former beauty and luxuriance, and the article he sold it to, he gave to the world. Let WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Dry Goods.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found all ways on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines. ☜

jan15eow

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly so dear to those of the *construction from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is recommended it with great confidence of its merits.

Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind. writes us that they s e the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of prolapsion of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomtville, Henry t o., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of July 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great female debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostatic character, "after using a few bottles I was restored to health and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOLMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and the use of a few bottles has had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure. Many several others have written us how much good we have done, and how grateful they feel towards us for our kindness, and wishing us success.

Such facts we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
ma7 eow3m

OVER 1000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months—*not a single failure* when taken as *directed*, and without the least injury to health *in any case*—for it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, each full directions for using, and *three* for *express, closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

Price, Single Bottle, $1; Half-strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Also, Dr. Mattison's Female Pills, *expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, *to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, as that is warranted as represented in every instance*, or the money will be refunded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine but with my signature on the *outside wrapper of the box*, as stamped up on it. Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

Address DR. MATTISON,
Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ If you cannot get them of any *druggist of a Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by enclosing $1 and stamp, will receive them by return mail, free from observation. *In whole attention to them,—*Letters must be addressed to DR. MATTISON, strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, ready to use, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients who wish to visit the city and receive quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Thousand Persons* have been ruined in swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, and 1 to 2 in New York and Boston. Most of this can come out of a class of ignorant who are in the habit of losing it, once used they can never do it back, and they are a ready list to be swindled out of more money by pretending to cure the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*. All this promise trusting gentlemen, and inquiry, in men who are alike destitute of honor, the *only* way to avoid these effects, with what justice we have our remedies so cheap, for one interview, some cases—Dr. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of its value for qualities of restoring hair, give it our endorsement as all the inventor claims it to be. Its effect upon falling hair, or hair is universally known to be magical, time or extensive use of it never changes its crop whenever applied. For our children's sake we earnestly beg you to try the article. Cincinnati, Ohio.

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood continues to witness with astonishment, alone attention has been turned to restoring a hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is sudden but world-wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or hair dyes will, from now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own beautiful and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the discovery of human life, and the better understanding of the functions of the system. Prof. Wood should put the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the decay. The vitality of that ornament to the head. In my own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached a certain point, and he believed that the hair could be naturally restrained. He tried his own case thoroughly, held and quite gray at the age of thirty, and he restored to his own hair its former beauty and luxuriance, and the article he sold it to, he gave to the world. Let WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Dry Goods.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines. ☜

jan15eow

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A dressing of the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness of application it excels all others. It prevents the hair from falling off. It promotes the growth in a healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky. It is not a dye, but a tonic. It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry. It soothes the irritated scalp when. It cures dandruff when present. It remains longest in effect. The best thing to use after a half pint bottle. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
ma7

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Mortion, the best remedies for the complaints of the season. Prepared only by E. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
aug6

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just opened a large assortment of Children's Carriages, Boys' Tip Carts, Toy Carts, Toy sulys for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and variable Folding Swings, something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at 45 Merrimack st.
sept17

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE OBJECT OF
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, BILIOUS AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines everywhere.

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
Universal Sherry Wine Bitters
Is supplied with every Material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishments in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Ac. count, Circulars, Catalogues, Town Reports, Programmes, Ac.,
Court Dockets, Bill-Heads and Receipts, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Blanks, Cards, Posters, Ac.,

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In stock, from one inch, or BOOK of every grade, for writing or fancy ornamental work.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl ner face and unpolished White and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to suit to order.

E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—engraving a good workman on frames if desired.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Over and other styles. Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass a large Stock of
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep26dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARA-SOLS of every material. Canes of ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Engraving, &c., &c.
Wholesale and Retail.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
oct dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD warranted to be Forest River Lead. Every barrel is marked on the head with the name of the Company, and the brand of Forest River Lead—*true economy to buy it*, sold only by DENNIS & RADDIN, corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal by the cargo or ton. Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.
jan1 eod1y

Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building, and 37 Merrimack street, will receive prompt attention.
mar29 eod1y

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CREDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens from Moths. For sale by
CREDE & CO.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.
nov3

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED. *A concentrated supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.* Every bag stamped with the Government's name, F. Barreder & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD.
45 Market street.
mar22

Toilet Soaps.

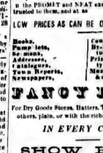
ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Ponce, Bitter Sweet, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER & CO., corner Merrimack and John sts.
dec21

TOOTH POWDER! TOOTH POWDER!!

H. S. HAYNES has received a fresh supply of Tooth Powder, which he will sell at 25 cents per box. Every one should use it, as it is something we and the best kind ever invented for preserving the teeth, keeping them white and removing tartar. By using one box of this Powder you will save many times its cost in not having a dentist call on you, within one year. Please call and get a box and be convinced of its merits. H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.
sept20

MANY citizens of LOWELL, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the ALBION CORN PLASTER.

In curing CORNS without the slightest pain where all other remedies, as well as celebrated CORN *Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
E. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
ma3



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JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishments in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Ac. count, Circulars, Catalogues, Town Reports, Programmes, Ac.,
Court Dockets, Bill-Heads and Receipts, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Blanks, Cards, Posters, Ac.,

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In stock, from one inch, or BOOK of every grade, for writing or fancy ornamental work.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl ner face and unpolished White and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to suit to order.

E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—engraving a good workman on frames if desired.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Over and other styles. Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass a large Stock of
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep26dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARA-SOLS of every material. Canes of ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Engraving, &c., &c.
Wholesale and Retail.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
oct dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALL WHITE LEAD warranted to be Forest River Lead. Every barrel is marked on the head with the name of the Company, and the brand of Forest River Lead—*true economy to buy it*, sold only by DENNIS & RADDIN, corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal by the cargo or ton. Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.
jan1 eod1y

Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building, and 37 Merrimack street, will receive prompt attention.
mar29 eod1y

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CREDE CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens from Moths. For sale by
CREDE & CO.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.
nov3

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED. *A concentrated supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.* Every bag stamped with the Government's name, F. Barreder & Bro. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD.
45 Market street.
mar22

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Ponce, Bitter Sweet, Shaving, Gold Dollar and a large variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER & CO., corner Merrimack and John sts.
dec21

TOOTH POWDER! TOOTH POWDER!!

H. S. HAYNES has received a fresh supply of Tooth Powder, which he will sell at 25 cents per box. Every one should use it, as it is something we and the best kind ever invented for preserving the teeth, keeping them white and removing tartar. By using one box of this Powder you will save many times its cost in not having a dentist call on you, within one year. Please call and get a box and be convinced of its merits. H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.
sept20

MANY citizens of LOWELL, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the ALBION CORN PLASTER.

In curing CORNS without the slightest pain where all other remedies, as well as celebrated CORN *Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
E. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
ma3

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
191 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861. $3,812,555.92
Dividends paid to date. 1,484,100.18
Losses paid. $2,421,900.55

The Company was organized in 1845 on the purely mutual principles, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves advantage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in the 7 per Bonds and Mortgages on Real E tate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

Its only branch agency is at Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bank.

The interest pays all the profit s.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the limits of the State of Newark.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

The Directors are paid in all the insured in settling losses, and allow no claim for losses to be made in Cash; receive the dividends in Cash, where required, and allow no deduction for cash on the books.

The dividends declared are based upon the most conservative principles.

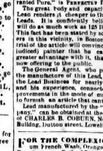
This Company, now in the 16th year, has a number of 1975 Policies in force, yet an increase in the number of persons insured evidences more certain the operations of the principles of the Company, and that its Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the institution are deposited with the Trust Company of this State connected with it—and call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company declared a dividend of 45per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application to be made to
JOSHUA MEDELL, Agent,
No. 21 Central and 37 Merrimack Street.
mar22 eod1y

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl ner face and unpolished White and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to suit to order.

E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }



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BOYS' TURBANS,

NEATLY trimmed with Velvet, new styles, just received at H. S. HAYNES'S Cash Store, No. 45 Merrimack street.
oct17

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is healthy. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is diseases. To illustrate—suppose if the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Incorrect Circulation; and from the same cause spring all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure for, for those diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a master of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor lavished upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful inventions in knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also,

Astonishing and like life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being;" we will venture the remark, that as the plastic nerve in their subtress, and all vegetable life is governed by certain abnormal laws, as animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause which removed or destroy, and death, the certain effect, follows.

The action of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a large per portion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, forms the rust of that metal.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscle or nerve, causes it to contract.

These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution to the cause of rust in the blood, and to how to cure. The oxygen in the air we breathe combines with the iron in the blood, and the particles of the blood emits steel dirty, which is the cause of rust. The nerves, by this contract, and hereafter the power which exists in the nerve and muscle to contract, is lost, and a train of diseases follow. Where there are ranges of nerves, there are ranges of muscles, and where there are ranges of muscles, there are ranges of blood vessels, and the following compound will be found to act upon the whole system and remove the cause of disease, viz:

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgia
COMPOUND,

A CERTAIN safe and permanent cure for all Rheumatism, Neuralgia and all Rheumatic diseases. It is an external remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

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MRS. MARY D. ——, Lincoln Street, Boston.
No 6 Augusta Block, Lowell, Mass.

I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form for a long time, and have tried many remedies without success, but after using three similarly afflicted with Salt Rheum, I am entirely cured by one bottle of your Compound.

JOHN A. MUDGE,
Postal Clerk—Boston, Lowell.

"Gardiner's Neuralgia and Rheumatic Compound" has entirely cured me from suffering. of several years' standing.

No 1 Old State House, Boston.

My son, two years old, was afflicted with Salt Rheum in the worst form; a few bottles from Sale Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" has entirely cured him, one bottle of your Compound cured me.

ALVIN M. BLAKE,
Laddin & Co., Ann. st.

Central Saloon,
POST OFFICE BUILDING, MERRIMACK ST.)

THIS above location has been fitted up in the most elegant manner, and will be found to be the most desirable of the public-houses being the largest, most convenient and best ventilated saloon in the city. Oysters will be served in every style, and Refreshments can be had at all hours of the day. Also, Cakes, Pies and Confectionery. There will be a choice supply of Cigars and Tobacco.

The Proprietor would respectfully solicit a call from his friends and the public, and hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit a liberal share of patronage.

There is a new and commodious Hall and Drawing Room connected with the saloon for use of Balls and Parties.

The Restaurant adjoins the public entrances, and meals at all hours can be served in the most prompt manner.

N. B.—Families supplied with Oysters, by the quart or can.
sept 15

SOMETHING NEW.

H. S. HAYNES has received CHESLEY'S Patent ROOT AND SHOE DUSTER. It has a rubber bulb attached to the end of the tube, by which the dust is blown out. Sold only by H. S. HAYNES & Lowell, Feb. 1, 1861.

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTION, for relieving Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bronchitis, Preventing the breath, and Strengthening the Voice, sold by KIDDER, MERRIMACK, corner of Merrimack and John sts.
sept14

MILITARY GOODS.

WE have a large assortment of all kinds of CHEAP for CASH or CHEAPER than can be bought in Boston or New York.
Regulation Swords,
Sashes,
Sergeants' canes,
Trumpeters' "
Chapeaux "
Sergeants' " of different manufactures.
Also, Gilt Eagles, Stars, Buttons, Cords, Pistol Holsters and Belts, Breast Knobs, Cap Trimmings, Pompons, &c.
PORTFOLIOS, ATAMY CUP, very light and cheap.
Gold and enamelled
Pens and Pencils.
JOSEPH HAYNES & CO.,
No. 1 Tyler Block, 45 Central St.
sept15

A BOY'S POCKET About the greatest curiosity to be met with in this common-place every-day, hum-drum world of ours, we unhesitatingly pronounce the contents of a boy's pocket. Peep into that pocket when you will—whether at night as he goes to his bed, or in the morning as he goes to his play; or whether at home or abroad, at school or in church, anywhere and everywhere, and you will find his pockets a perfect curiosity-shop, a very omnium gatherum, into which is ruthlessly crammed every article that comes into his hands, without its ever being half full; to hold the last thing upon which he lays fingers. A little urchin of some ten summers' growth invited his mamma the other day, in our presence, to repair a slight accident to a pantaloons-pocket, and to do this, it became necessary to open the contents of master Willie's pocket upon the floor, an exact inventory of which we proceeded to note down as follows: a ball, a bottle-cork, an old cap-burner, a part of an exploded firecracker, an old spool of cotton, part of an old match-box, a pack of cards, a bag of marbles, one hickory-nut, piece of silk cord, several pieces of twine of various kinds, a lot of fancy-colored paper, part of a lead-pencil, a broken jew's-harp, the remains of a pocket-knife-handle, a peach-stone, two spotted chicken-feathers, a spinning-top, a small assortment of bonbons, mixed with crumbs of bread, candy, and a mixture of sand, pebbles and dirt generally.

☞ We like point and pecuniarity. The following from the Lewiston Journal is really refreshing:

"When the melofygistic temperature of the hemisphere is at the point to cause the impurient indentation of the hemispheric autology, the cohesion of the bone-structure becomes enrobed over with infinitesemals, which are thereby virtually deprived of their fissural disquisuons. This effected, a rapid change is produced in the thoramhumper of the cympasteuctus paleuum, which causes a convulcary in the hexgonal tendons of the terrestrial apparatus of the nasal. The clouds then become a mass of deodotomized specule of ceremaceous light, which can only be seen when it is visible."

WOOD AND COAL WHARF.

THE subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD and COAL at the LOWEST CASH rates. All orders will be delivered with promptness.

J. W. BOYNTON.
Lowell, March 9th, 1861. mar20

LIFE AND FIRE
INSURANCE AGENCY.

Massachusetts Mutual Life Ins. Co.
Springfield, Mass.
Hampden Fire Insurance Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS
Prescott Fire Marine Insurance Co.,
Dorchester Fire Insurance Co.
Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Haverhill Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Office, 64 Central Street.
JEREMIAH S. FOLSOM, Agent.
Lowell, Aug. 23, 1861. aug23—ly

New Piano Forte Rooms.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANO.

Pianos, Seraphines and Melodeons
from the best Manufacturers, for sale or to
NEW MUSIC STORE!
41 Central street, first and second stories.
Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, &c.

☞ All kinds of Instruments to let or hire by the month. Pianos to let to Lodges and Societies. Instruments Bought, Sold or Exchanged.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, November 11, 1861.

WAR NEWS, &c.

From Washington and vicinity. On Friday Gen. Wadsworth, accompanied by two privates of the New York 23rd regiment, went to Bush House, three miles from Falls Church, on the road leading to Fairfax Court House, for the purpose of finding forage. While at a house, a squad of rebel cavalry was seen approaching.—Gen. Wadsworth quickly mounted his horse and succeeded in making his escape, but the two privates were taken prisoners.

The Government is discussing the question of an exchange of prisoners.

It is reported that Gen. Beauregard has been relieved of his command of the rebels on the Potomac, and has gone to South Carolina to assist in its defence against the naval expedition.

The Government has decided to hold Hatteras, and that position will be immediately reinforced. The officers of the navy pay deep they that the rebels have erected a new battery twelve miles below Alexandria.

The New York Times' special Washington dispatch says that in three weeks hence half a million of troops will have been raised and in the field.

From Missouri. The report to the Secretary of War confirms the first news of the battle near Cairo. Our victory was complete and the Federal loss is reported at 300. Belmont has been abandoned by the rebels. They have lost 150 prisoners and schnowledge 350 killed, but would not allow the Federal officers who went to Columbus with a flag of truce, yesterday, to visit the place to which they conveyed their dead.

No reliable news has been received from Col. Ogilvie's command, but it is rumored that he has encountered Jeff. Thompson's force, killing 300 and losing 50.

The main body of the rebels is reported to be encamped on Crane Creek, about 45 miles south of Springfield. It is thought to be 20,000 strong. A Union force lately visited Texas County and captured 9 prisoners, 500 cattle and 40 horses and mules, the property of armed rebels.

From the Naval Expedition. The ferryboat Commodore Perry, arrived at Fortress Monroe Saturday morning from the great Naval expedition. She lost sight of the fleet Friday evening, about thirty miles off Bull's Bay, the fleet bearing toward Port Royal. The captain knows nothing about the reported loss of the Union and another transport.

Passengers by the Old Point boat at Baltimore say that the *Richmond Enquirer* of Friday contains a dispatch, dated "Charleston, Wednesday," simply announcing that the Federal troops had landed at two points and were marching inland. It does not say what points. The officers with the rebel flag of truce refused to give any information, but the wheelman told a sailor that Beaufort was in possession of the Federal troops, and that the United States flag was flying from the Court House.

Another dispatch by way of Fortress Monroe says—We have just learned from a flag of truce at Norfolk that our troops stormed and captured two forts at Beaufort. A gentleman who had a conversation with Gen. Wool at Old Point says that he emphatically pronounced his rumored resignation a base falsehood.

The news from other points is unimportant.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW. The October number of the American edition of this publication has reached us from the publishers, *L.* Scott & Co., No. 79 Fulton street, New York. The articles are, "Mr. Goldwin Smith on the Study of History;" "Biography Past and Present;" "A Visit to the Mormons;" "Count Cavour;" "The Apocalypse;" "The Rival American Confederacies;" "Trades Unions;" and "Contemporary Literature." The most noticeable article in this number, to an American, is "the Rival American Confederacies," though precious few will accept it as anything but the high tory sentiment of England—full of bad logic, misinterpretations and exhibitions of enmity toward the American government. It will then, of course, delight "Secesh," and perhaps encourage a more desperate struggle on its part to establish its new confederacy, which the Review would no doubt have the English Government do at once. The article attempts to show that from the beginning the Union of the States has not been one "of mutual affection, but a purely mercenary contract," and that the personal influence of Washington alone prevented disintegration from taking place at the close of the revolutionary war. It contends that the "Republicanparty of this country had an unanswerable claim on the sympathies of Europe, but the rash, violent and inconsiderate means by which they attempt to carry out their purposes, has called forth hostile criticism on the other side of the Atlantic." This is a specimen of the tone of the whole article.

UNION LEVEES. We notice that in other places the people are holding Union levees, the proceeds of which are appropriated toward procuring comforts for the soldiers. They are conducted similar to other levees, and those patronizing them know that beside an evening of enjoyment, they are contributing for a noble object.

FOOTPRINTS BEATHWARD: Or, Incidents on the more Excellent Way. By Rev. Wm. Arthur. Published by J. B. Cook, No. 37 Cornhill. 1861.

This is a work of over four hundred pages, just from the press, by Rev. M. J. Steere, formerly a Baptist clergyman.—We have read it with peculiar satisfaction, and have no hesitation in saying, that it is a work of great merit and invaluable to every lover and seeker after Christian truth. Every Universalist should certainly possess a copy of this book, and especially every person who disbelieves the doctrine of universal salvation as the doctrine of Holy Writ. To the objector of the doctrine of the restitution of all things, this book is of the highest importance; for by the clearest and most conclusive reasoning, based upon the unerring evidence of the Bible itself, the author leads the honest objecting mind to conclusions irresistible—that conquer all prejudices and dissipates from the mind all the vestiges of partialistic faith, or the doctrine of endless punishment that had been before imbibed by the mind from false education, and thereby the objection to Universalism that was, becomes by the perusal of this excellent work the advocate of the doctrine of the Bible, that "God will save all cast off forever" any of the creatures of His creation. The book may be found at the bookstore of Joshua Merrill, No. 27 Merrimack Street.

MORMONS. It appears from an article in the *Westminster Review*, that the settlemen in Utah are not sufficiently numerous to supply each of the saints with several wives. There are many bachelors who remain such because they cannot find wives. According to a census taken in 1858, the number of Mormon polygymists in Utah was 3617, distributed as follows: 1 husband with seven wives and young, 1; 367; husbands with five wives, 730; husbands with four wives, 1100; husbands with more than one wife, and less than four, 1460. What is the number of husbands with one wife only, and how many marriageable men are forced to remain unmarried we are unable to state.

THE RECOGNITION STORY. Mr. Weed thus speaks of the *Independent's* story about the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, and the agency of Messrs. Seward and Weed therein:—

"The *Independent's* information is as unfounded as it is absurd. What Mr. Seward's views are, we already know from his letter of instructs to our minister to England and his more recent note to Lord Lyons. As to Mr. Weed, it is not too much to say that he is more earnestly in favor of prosecuting the war vigorously and 'conquering a peace' at the cannon's mouth, than any other man. He has already subscribed more liberally than any other two men in the country. Every hour he can spare from the duties of his office he devotes to the cause. He has been instrumental in raising more than one regiment, and has contributed more than any other man to the equipment of the troops. He has been constantly engaged in the work of recruiting, and has done more than any other man to encourage and stimulate enlistments. He has given his time, his money, his influence, his personal exertions, and his heart to the cause of the Union, and he is ready to give his life to it. He is not a man to be bullied by the *Independent*, or to be deterred from doing his duty by its malignant abuse. He has been assailed by it for years, and he has learned to despise it. He has no more to do with the recognition of the Southern Confederacy than the Pope of Rome, and the *Independent* knows it."

"HOT BALMS. We would call attention to the various hot baths not usually found in water cures, such as the Medicated Baths, the Hot Air Bath, Alkali, and Salt Baths, and the Hot Douche and Sprays, in use at the Round Hill Water Cure, in Northampton, Mass.

We have all read of the great supplies

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND

STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS

STOOD

THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL

GROWS

LOVE AND NO [illegible] EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*,—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in truthfully testifying to the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts stated are the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *This medicine is designed expressly for* CUTICURA CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in* EVERY RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased at the factory of Dr. M., at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 200 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Institution for all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by mail or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, securely from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from a distance, who wish to spend a quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred* persons have been victimized to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, within the past year. Show this to your friends. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but once paid *they can never get it back*, and they are compelled to suffer in silence and poverty, or daring to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*. All the above diseases, and every *case guaranteed*, or no man who are alike destitute of means can have the benefit of the above generous recommendation is their own false and exitiate. Let *assertions* of others of a *similar name*, DO, therefore, you would *avoid being humbugged*, take no man's word, or another what he *professes*, *seems* are, but MAKE INQUIRY,—it will cost you nothing. All letters must be post paid, and for, as advertising physicians in nine cases out of ten are forged, there is no safety in trusting *any of them*, unless you know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. W. SEDGFIELD, by enclosing one dollar and stamp, will send a Treatise on the Diseases, and how to restore the human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. It will also point out the human hair, its character, its propagation, its diseases, and how to restore the healthy vitality of that ornament; in a word, in his own case, that grey hair is unnatural at any age of the individual had reached four score, and he believed that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite grey at the age of three score years, he restored his own hair in color, strength and luxuriance. And the article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOODS HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Day-Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 *Market Street*, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan2 1eow

(Copyright secured.)

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogus.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent miscarriage, if taken three times each monthly period, and is perfectly safe at all times, even for married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too large family. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 5000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a *single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health *in any case*.—☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, securely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

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jan2 1eow

DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can execute work in a manner to please all who favor them with their patronage.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Round Corner and Square Cards and Plates for Glass Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

CLOCKS

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARA SOLS

made and repaired, Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Plaiting, Embroidering, &c., at

DAVY'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD made at the Forest River Lead Mills is warranted to be ground in the best Linseed Oil, and to be of the superior quality for Body, Durable and Pleasant. It is believed that this Company manufactures more White Lead than any other, and marked "Warranted Pure," is "Strictly Pure."

The Forest River Lead is especially for covering of the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Lead. It is warranted to cover more than 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 120 lbs of most other brands. This Lead has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial of this Lead is solicited, and the Company are confident that those who use it will use no more of any other. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

The General Agent, who personally superintended the manufacture of this Lead, is now engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and is personally responsible for the quality of the Lead. Orders may be left at the manufactory, enables him to furnish an article of Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw, Lead colors ground in Oil, and Forest River Lead, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices, at the Store of Messrs. Wm. Rice & Co.'s, 3 and 5 Merchants' Building, Dutton street, Lowell

sep29 1eow

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Fagnio's Pearl

Powder, a delightful Toilet Article, Fairies Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, White's Cosmetic, Pactolia, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at N. RIDDEL, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and Dutton.

may5

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

J. BROOME, to closing Paint, Glass, Brass Gold Leaf, *Street, Brimmer Brass Ornaments*, Bronze Powders, Gilding, Silvering, Lacquering, Bronzing, &c., &c., &c., at the Old Stand, 7 Shattuck street, Boston. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Glass may be cleaned without soap, and the lustre of brass restored to its original color and freshness. Gilding will look not inferior to new. This article is a great saving of labor

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, November 12, 1861.

THE FORCE THE REBELS HAVE IN THE FIELD. People in the loyal States are just beginning to wake up to calculate the number of rebel soldiers now in the field against the Government. We have all along been asking, how it happened that in every skirmish or fight that has taken place, the enemy is outnumbered our forces. No one has made answer, but the general belief has been that our people have exaggerated facts, or up-leaded for defeats by representing the strength of the rebels greater than it really has been.—We are inclined to believe that these representations have not been far from correct. Probably no one, except the leading officials at Washington, knows the number of our own forces. Dr. Russell, the *Times'* correspondent, makes the assertion in one of his letters that there is not anything like the number of troops on either side, in the field, which the public journals claim; but he does not undertake to institute any comparison as to the number of either. Federal soldiers in the field.—A correspondent to the *New York Herald*, writing from Baltimore says the rebels have 190,000 men in the field; and makes the following division: Gen. Beauregard is 150,000; about Norfolk 40,000; in Western Virginia 20,000; and in other parts of Virginia 20,000, making 240,000 on that line. Missouri 60,000; in Kentucky 80,000; in Tennessee 20,000; lower down the Mississippi 30,000; on the Atlantic coast and along the gulf 40,000. Now, without means of knowing how far this estimate is untrue — certainly without means of contradicting a figure as not more means of contradicting a figure as not more than the estimate is untrue — certainly without means of contradicting a figure as not more —have the people in the loyal States generally counted on the magnitude of the rebellion? The statements heretofore in the *Herald* in relation to the Southern army, have been so nearly correct that the Richmond papers have declared that we were traitors in their army; and hence, and from our own admissions, there are good reasons to believe the estimate is not a careless one; and taking the estimate as probably correct, has not the power of the loyal States been exceedingly dilatory? If they have 300,000 men, which would be a deduction of 100,000, fighting at home and with all the force of party prejudice and hatred (which has for a long time been instilled into their minds) have engendered, among their friends, and prepared for the work they are doing in all the plunderings from the Government by their leaders; posted by their traitor relatives and sympathizers, who are allowed to remain in the loyal border States, in many of the purposes of the Federal army, they are a most formidable foe. We have been too slowly awaking to the magnitude of the war. We have looked upon the rebels as a people we could easily crush, and so they are; the population of the five States might, if they would, rise en-masse and overrun the whole South, but as yet they have not prepared for it. On their side they are now beginning to feel the weight of the mighty hand of the Government, which needs will all loyal men in arms, and loyal, liberal men at home to overcome the infatuated people of the South, who have set themselves to the task of destroying the work wrought by Washington and his patriotic contemporaries; and on our side we should feel that we have but commenced the exercise of the power we possess, and will exert if need be, to crush out the rebellion.

SUCCESS OF THE NAVAL EXPEDITION. In another place in our columns we give all the particulars relative to the expedition to the South, which sailed from Hampton Roads two weeks ago yesterday. The American flag, first insulted by South Carolina, and fired upon by her chivalry seven months ago to-day, and banished during the interval from the home of Palmetto, Marion and Pinckney, of Revolutionary memories, again waves over her soil. The eagle has returned to avenge the insults so ruthlessly heaped upon it by the base descendants of patriot sires.—In a few days we shall get authorized reports; but at present, although they are creditable to our arms, almost everything received has come through Southern channels. It is well that South Carolina is to be made to feel the effects of the war she, more than any other State, operated to bring about. Let her now reap the harvest and modern secessionists be made to realize the evil effects of their great folly.—Peace, without bringing South Carolina to submission, would be a dearly-bought peace at any price.

WRITING A BOOK. The *Philadelphia Press* announces through its Washington correspondent, that Mr. Buchanan is writing a book. Whether it is to be published before or after he dies both is not known; but it is intimated that the work will be a history of his own time and a vindication of his administration. Hon. J. S. Black and A. J. Glossbrenner, his attorney general and private secretary) are said to be assisting him. Mr. Buchanan is a bold man if he publishes a book of this character. It will be food for the newspapers for at least a quarter of a year, and the merit of the whole will be that "Old Buck's" infirmities will be left more naked than ever before.

GOOD. It is a fact that the President has taken $8500 of his personal salary and invested it in 7-30 notes.

WAR NEWS, &c.

The news of to-day is cheering.

Naval Expedition. A dispatch from Fortress Monroe dated the 10th, states that the steamship S. R. Spaulding arrived from Hatteras Inlet last Sunday morning, with the 20th Indiana Regiment. A despatcher, who reached the Inlet in a small boat, stated that news had been received on the main land of the taking of two rebel forts at Port Royal, and of the landing of a large force. Beaufort had also been taken by our troops. No particulars have arrived, but the main fact corresponds with the news received, within the loyal States, move on in their accustomed channels with comparatively little obstruction or diversion. Never was such a mighty civil war waged with so little interruption to all the great channels of human pursuit; which engages the activity of men in the various ranks of social and business life.

The second point which we desire to signalize for particular remark is the fact that not a day—day AFTER day—has elapsed now visite our land befall any government, however great in resources by sea, but with a little detriment to the public credit.

The current quotations of the United States, at par or per cents, quotable in 1851, range between 94 and 96 in the New York stock market—a fraction, it is true, below par, but one that is instantly seconded for by the comparative advantages which the Government offers to investments in another species of bonds paying a higher rate of interest. Than this significant fact there is every evidence recorded a declaration of the strength possessed by the loyal States within the popular confidence in their ability to sustain the National Government upon whose perpetuity the rebellion of three millions is suspended; and is expressed in the unshaking credit that stands ready to aid, by private purses" a substantial value, unimpaired by the vicissitudes of politics or the hazards of war.

In order to secure the due attention to the stability of the Government and to the wealth of the loyal States, which its real living, we have but to imagine what would be the effect on "consols" in London, if a civil war like that which rages in the United States should break out in Great Britain, involving one-third of the Unit-d Kingdom in rebellion against the British Government. And the fact we have thus designated is not fanciful, suggests startling inquiries in regard to the real seat of that financial power which some political economists have thought fit to place under the sceptre of King Cotton, but which on trial, is found to be located further north, where the diversity of labor and the stimulous of free competition tend to the development of a more liberal resource—which constitute the true revenues of the state.—*National Intelligencer.*

ANOTHER EXPEDITION. The *New York Post*, of yesterday morning, says an expedition is preparing which will be not already sailed, which will send up the harbors of Savannah and Charleston against the exit or entrance of any future Theodora or Nashville. In addition, a flotilla of 30 vessels is now in the port of New York, ready to sail for the Gulf of Mexico. The vessels are peculiarly fitted by size, draft and armament for bar and river service, and the coasts of Louisiana and Alabama.

A DENIAL. Hon. Henry Wilson has published a letter emphatically denying that he has any kind of a contract with the Government in supply army shoes or some of the Massachusetts papers have declared. Mr. Wilson, although one of the ablest and most earnest workers against the rebellion, comes in for a pretty good share of slander and misrepresentation from those who always have disliked him and always will, let his position and character be what it may.

SUPPOSABLE, BUT HARDLY PROBABLE.—Editors made all sorts of guesses as to where the great naval expedition had gone; but a state has come to, and every New Yorker who is up to a thing or two, in the thinking line, gave his conclusions on the subject as follows:—

The troops will proceed to Florida, cut away the connection with the continent, tow the severed State to the mouth of the Rio Grande, and there deposit it. We 'calculate' that this will make the rebels in Texas 'open their eyes,' while the 'back water' will drown out the inhabitants of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama.

MASONS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE. From the report of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire, we learn that there are in that State 21 Lodges of Free and Accepted Masons, with an aggregate number of 2,091 members. During the past year 278 have been initiated into the mysteries of the order.

Among the speakers at the Democratic meeting in Boston, a night or two before the late election, was "Long John Abbott." Now, we "allow" that the Democratic Party has many unworthy sources and justly punished, but we do think their affliction is a little too severe—that they ought not to be compelled to carry John any longer, but he is an "elephant" hard to dispose of.

The *Hartford Courant* of Saturday, published a call signed by about three hundred of the citizens of that city, without regard to party, to fix upon a candidate to be supported by all opposed to secession. Party lines should be obliterated when rebels are in arms against the government," &c.

A VERY DESCRIPTIVE. A poet, whose name we do not remember, thus describes a storm, such as we experienced here a few nights ago:—

"——not merely gales
But masterpieces of rare zeal, equall,
Tyros, and those, from every point, and all
At once."

BOSTON MUNICIPAL ELECTION. Last evening, the Democrats of Boston, in ward and committee meetings, re-nominated Hon. Joseph M. Wightman, as their candidate for Mayor, at the coming election.

The Republicans, in a similar meeting, nominated Samuel S. Tobey, Esq., for the same position. These are straight party nominations.

The Methodist meeting house at Mashpee, in Malden, Rev. Mr. Andrews, pastor) was burned to the ground about 1 o'clock on Monday morning. Some people suspect that the fire was set, but the evidences of it are slight. Loss about $4000; insured for $3000.

CITY AND COUNTY.

ATTENTION, NATIONAL GREYS!
The members of the National Greys, and all others who are in favor of keeping up the organization of the Company, are requested to meet at the Company's Armory on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 14 at 7½ o'clock.
nov12 2t* FRANCIS C. WRIGHT.

MECHANIC PHALANX.
Those who were members of the Lowell Mechanic Phalanx are requested to be present at the Hall of the Company on Central street at the Adams ry TUESDAY EVENING, 12th inst., at 7½ o'clock.
A punctual attendance is requested as business of importance will come before the meeting.
nov12 A. P. WILLANDRE, 1t Secretary.

OFFICIAL MAPS.
Map of the States of Virginia and Kentucky.
Map of the State of Missouri.
Map of the Blue Ridge Region.
The above named Maps are illustrated being drawn from actual surveys recently executed by the Southern Government. The public are invited to call and examine at the Journal Ticket office, 264 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, where said Maps are for sale.
nov12 E. FOSTER. 3t

The place to procure custom made Boots and Shoes, and a full assortment of ready-made, is at KITTERIDGE, 5, Market.
nov12 2w

WANTED.
A convenient apartment suitable for a small family without children. Inquire at the Courier Bill powered. Apply at this office.
nov12 eod1w

NOTICE.
Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Fellow Cases, Reg. of Addressograph, at Salem, on the 1st day of June, 1858, in the case 2248, 1861 against Thomas Fellows, are hereby notified to call at the Clerk's office in Salem, and receive their fees.
nov12 2w F. HAVEY, Jr., Clerk.

FIRE, in this city, November 10th, of apoplexy, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Silas Tyler, in Church street, Montreal Stanley, aged sixty-one years.

The deceased was a daughter of the late Artemas Stanley, Esq., of Attleborough, but who, for several years, was engaged in the manufacturing business in the neighboring town of Dracut, a gentleman much esteemed for his social qualities, active and exemplary life. The subject of this notice, for nearly a quarter of a century, was a teacher of youth, and filled up a life of those years with the world's usefulness, and charity, and love. Unincumbered with the cares of a family of her own, her warm and active sympathies ever led her to minister to the necessities of the long and fondly will her memory be cherished, not only throughout her circle of relatives, to all of whom she was a kind, ministering angel, but by all who had the happiness of knowing her, and of witnessing her consistent, christian worth, and her untiring, unselfish labors for others.—What higher eulogy need we attempt than that, in imitation of her Divine Lord and Master, "she went about doing good."

[Bristol County and Rhode Island papers please notice.] ——

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* Hugh Carroll and wife, of Boston, were arrested yesterday for an assault and battery, on appealed case—were found not g ilty.

Amory Robinson, of Marlborough, defaulted and brought in on a capias, was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs and to be committed to the House of Correction twenty days. If this fine is not paid thirty days additional; also ordered to recognize in the sum of $1000 to keep the peace for one year without liquor.

James North, of Charlestown, an appeal case, for beating and cruelly treating a dumb beast was found not guilty.

On trial to-day, Nancy J. Parker, of Lowell, for using improper and obscene language while walking on the street. The case will occupy nearly all to-day.

POLICE COURT. The only case to-day was that of John Brown, of Boston, complained of by a young woman from Dracut, who wishes to make him share the responsibility, with her, of adding to the population of the country. He was ordered in $500 to the Superior Court.

CITY INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS. At the annual meeting of the members of this Institution, which is located in Appleton Block, held on Monday, November 4th, the following officers were elected: Nathan Allen, President; Horace Howard, William North, Josiah G. Abbott, Vice Presidents; Jonathan Tyler, Stephen Maxfield, Josiah G. Abbott, Trustees; Charles H. Wilder, Jacob Robbins, Artemas L. Brooks, Abram French, George Brayton, James B. Francis, Samuel Batchelder, Charles

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PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and take it as *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too copious* increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail on any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 3000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case.

If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

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*Testimonials.—This medicine is designed especially for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies have failed, and has been tried in cases, *also that a moderate use of it* will prevent the terrible penalty of premature decrepitude and death.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.—Some parties will attempt to counterfeit the secrecy of Dr. J. C. de Ste. REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 1 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr. DAVIS will answer all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated Physician of more than 100 Dr. of 10 will do as much well at 25 for most other brands. Dr. DAVIS, Steamboat and Stage Bills. Dr. DAVIS, Steamboat and Stage Bills.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, November 13, 1861.

WAR NEWS, &c.

Washington and vicinity. The *New York Herald's* Washington dispatch says that the gunboat Dawn passed down the river on Saturday night without being fired into. A new rebel battery has been erected opposite Maryland Point at Aquia Creek, compelling our flotilla to move further down.

Reconnoitering parties sent out during the past thirty-six hours report that the rebels are rapidly retreating.

Gen. McClellan has organized the spy department, and now regularly receives reliable information of the enemy's strength and movements.

The *New York Times* dispatch says that Mount Vernon is now within our lines.

From officers who have arrived here, it is ascertained that a reconnoissance in force, 16,000 men, was made at an early hour yesterday morning in a southwest direction from Alexandria. Two thousand rebels arrived near Aconsick yesterday, from the main body of their army. The indications are that the Administration will act with promptness in sustaining whatever successes the expedition may have already achieved in the neighborhood of Beaufort. An order has been issued by the Secretary of State to allow no persons to pass the lines of our army without a pass from that Department.

From the Fleet. There is some news this morning from the fleet though derived from rebel sources. There is no report of the Federal forces having landed, although they have entered Port Royal, and driven Com. Tatnall's vessels into a creek where they are completely blockaded.

The *Charleston Mercury* of the 8th says: In the promiscuous chase they seem to have driven themselves ashore. Tatnall is quite fleet up the creeks leading to Savannah, and cut off all water communication with Charleston, by hermetically sealing Skull Creek. Although the Yankees have as yet effected no landing, it is certain they have made some progress, and it behooves us immediately to send such reinforcements as may be needed to checkmate any movements they may make toward gaining even the smallest foothold on our soil. If the invaders can take Charleston with 25,000 men, let them have it. We are unwilling to possess it, and it will be a fit memorial, if last in ashes, of our own imbecility.

A dispatch to the *Charleston Mercury* from Hendersonville, 7th, 9 P. M., says the practice of our artillerists at Hilton's Head has been very bad, hence the successful passing of seven of the enemy's men of war. The transports are still outside. The loss on our side thus far has been slight, and the troops are in good heart. The firing of the Yankee war vessels was very accurate. The Wabash and Bay Point received the brunt of the attack. Our fleilets in the sounds and vessels which passed our batteries is owing to the poor practice of our artillerists.—The enemy's ships which passed our batteries can be distinctly seen from Beaufort. Forts Walker and Beauregard are still firing. The Federals lost one gunboat, which was burned. Our lines of communication are completely cut off, unless more troops are sent here, with artillery and cavalry.

More about the operations of the fleet.—The *Philadelphia Inquirer* of yesterday has the following from Fortress Monroe, derived from rebel sources:—

In anticipation of the arrival of the great expedition, the rebels had been engaged in erecting batteries upon a point at Hilton's Head and opposite the neck of land. The principal fortification on Hilton's Head was denominated Fort Walker. It is situated on low land and partially concealed by trees and underbrush. Adjoining it were batteries of smaller size, which connected us to prove a formidable bar to the entrance of vessels. Fort Beauregard was of considerable importance, having been mounted with heavy guns. The garrisons are believed to have been South Carolina regiments, with several additional regiments sent from Richmond. The batteries at Bay Point, opposite Hilton's Head, were equally formidable. Inside Fort Walker and behind the batteries lay the fleet of Commodore Tatnall, consisting only of small vessels, carrying a few heavy guns, but principally light ones.—

Tatnall constituted the greater portion of the fleet. Many of these remained outside the mouth of the entrance until the arrival of our fleet, when they formed in miniature line of battle behind the point of their own forts and across the entrance, on the morning of thursday. On Tuesday last the United States fleet, consisting of forty-two vessels, headed by the flag ship, approached the mouth of Port Royal. Several of the transports remained off the coast.—

The approach of the fleet created great stir in the batteries. Upon arriving at a suitable position the guns of the fleet opened a continuous fire upon Fort Walker and Beauregard, as well as those upon a point. Under cover of this fire an effort was made to run the gauntlet of the batteries. A number of vessels passed through the shot and shell from the shore batteries with very trifling injuries. At last fifteen succeeded in passing up yond reach of the land batteries. As the union fleet sailed up, the Mosquito fleet of Tatnall opened fire, but owing to the possibility of making any resistance, soon dispersed. Some were forced to run on shore, while others were driven up inlets until almost out of sight. Commodore Tatnall went on shore with his men to assist in working the batteries and use them against other vessels of the Union fleet, which were endeavoring to follow the advance force. The passage of the vessels through the channel was not accomplished until the firing ceased, which continued from half-past 7 in the morning nearly 5 in the afternoon. During the fight one of the Union gunboats was believed to have been burnt and three steamers disabled.

It is acknowledged by the enemy that they had twenty men killed in Fort Walker, but it is impossible to state what their loss was at other batteries. It was doubtless very great, as our fire is mentioned as very effective, the guns being well aimed and of heavy calibre. No sooner did our vessels pass the batteries of Port Royal entrance and glide into the broad river, than they made for the mouth of the inlets leading to Beaufort, Savannah and Charleston. These were immediately blockaded, though not in time to prevent the escape of some small rebel vessels. Not one Federal vessel was sunk, and only one gunboat burned, as above. Her burning was a grand spectacle, the guns going off as the flames reached them, throwing shell far into the woods on shore. The crew are said to have passed through a murderous fire to another vessel, with little if any loss.—The Union vessels acted under special instructions in attacking in the inlets while leading to two important points.

When a portion of the fleet did this, four ships made for Beaufort, and at three o'clock Thursday, those vessels were in sight of the town. A dispatch from Beaufort of the 7th inst., to the *Charleston Mercury*, says the Union forces were preparing to effect a landing, evidently with a design of throwing up entrenchments, and attacking the town. They have a view to means of knowing the loss of the Union forces, but the rebels confess their army fring to have been very bad. They declare, however, that the guns in their forts were not properly mounted. When Tatnall went to assist the men in the forts, he found many of the guns actually dismounted by their own rebound. To this fault the rebel journals attribute their defeat, and call loudly on the rebel government to find out where the blame rests.

Federal victory in Kentucky. Last Friday and Saturday a bloody fight took place at Piksville, Pike County, in which our victory was complete. Col. Luke Moore attacked the rebels in the rear with 3800 men, while Col. Harris of the 2nd Ohio Regiment, with 600 men, attacked them in front, Col. Harris falling back and Col. Moore pressing forward, until the enemy were brought into the midst of Gen. Nelson's brigade, when our forces opened them on all sides, killing 400 of them and taking 1000 prisoners. The balance scattered in all directions. The Federal loss is small. General Williams and Hoover are among the prisoners.

The Union men in Tennessee active. A dispatch says the Union men of East Tennessee have burned numbers of railroad bridges and torn down the telegraph wires to prevent the transportion of troops.—One bridge, 200 feet span, was destroyed on Saturday morning last, on the East Tennessee Railroad. Four arches of the line north of Knoxville are entirely destroyed. A very heavy wooden bridge at Charleston, Bradley county, Tenn., was destroyed by fire Friday evening. Charleston is 75 miles southwest of Knoxville, and contains 200 inhabitants. The *Charleston Mercury* has also accounts from East Tennessee, showing indications similar to Union men there are moving. They are accused of cutting down telegraph wires and burning bridges to thwart the movements of the rebels.

Other matters. Gen. H. W. Halleck has been appointed to the command of the Department of Missouri.

BURNING OF A MENAGERIE IN BOSTON.—About 11 o'clock last evening, a fire broke out in a wooden building, No. 10 Portland Street, Boston, occupied by G. K. Goodwin & Co. for a menagerie. The fire was first discovered in the lower story, and is believed to have been purposely set.—There was one man and seven watch-dogs on the premises in the man narrowly escaped, but the dogs were burned. On the second floor were thirty-three cages, which contained among other animals, three lions, four leopards, one tiger, two African tigers, one hyena, two bears, an African goat, a Mexican wild teg, a musk cat, a leopard cat, a horned horse and between thirty and forty monkeys. There was a large loss a construction which perished in the flames. Two cabinets of wax figures were burned with the other property. The whole loss is estimated at from $75 000 to $15,000—partially insured. It is believed all the animals were smothered by the smoke before the flames reached them. The two horses, the trick ponies and two trick mules also perished in the flames.

COL. MCLELLAN, of this city, Col. Mullegan, the heroic defender of Lexington, Mo., reached home a day or two ago. His reception all along the line, at the principal points, was of the most enthusiastic character. A thousand turned out to welcome the hero home. In Chicago, he said:—"I pledge myself and the whole Irish brigade that while there is a freeske here threatened, or a home endangered, their lives will be cheerfully given in defence of that fireside and home. I am for the Union now, and for the Union until death, and in conclusion, let me say, that when I again visit Chicago, I hope it will be at the head of my old brigade, with my face set toward Missouri and against rebellion."

TO OPIUM EATERS, ASTHMA TAKERS, &C. These unhappy sufferers are informed that such and similar habits are broken up with comparative ease, under the vitalizing and health-sustaining effects of Mortorpathy, Mountain air, and Cold and Hot Baths.—The low spirited, dyspeptic, nervous, or organically weak, also find in this treatment, that rejuvenation so much desired. In the cure of sleeplessness, debilitating dreams, loss of memory, oppression of the breast, and liver complaints, it is entirely unprecedented.

A circular sent free on application, giving information of the system, and of the Oriental, Turkish and Russian baths in use in the Round Hill Water Cure, in Northampton, Mass., is particularly recommended to the notice of the profession. Those personally acquainted with this treatment, recommend it to persons having the real of home the application.—Terms are reduced—see advertisement.

A SCARCITY OF GIRLS. Professor Miles J. Fletcher, superintendent of public instruction in Indiana, says that he has ascertained that there are in that State twenty thousand more boys between the ages of five and twenty-one than there are girls.

The first railroad in Oregon has just been built on what is called the "Transit Across the Cascades." The road is of substantial construction, is three and three-quarters miles long, and most of it is on reale work of a dizzy height.

CITY AND COUNTY.

ATTENTION, NATIONAL GUARDS! The members of the National Guard, and all others who are in favor of keeping up the organization of the Company, are requested to meet at the Company's Armory on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 14th at 7½ o'clock.

By order of Capt. A. C. WRIGHT.

nov13 3t

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Missouri,
Map of the Slaves Southern States.

The above maps are lithographed being drawn from actual surveys recently made by the Southern Government. The public are invited to call and examine at the General Ticket Office, 192 Merrimack Street, opposite the Merrimack House, where said Maps are on sale.

S. H. PHŒNIX.

oct31 dtf11

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes, at short notice, and to repair in preference, is at RITTERSHOFF'S, 14 Middle st.

nov13 3t

WANTED,

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family without children. One in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office.

October 23, 1861. oct23tf

NOTICE.

Persons who were summoned by the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of from the 1st day of June, 1860, to June 30, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk during the business office hours.

sept25tf E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council, was held last evening; all present. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Cook. The report of the City Marshal for October was read and placed on file.

Other papers were disposed of in concurrence.

COMMON COUNCIL. The salary bill was reported and discussed, and a motion to raise the salary of the Auditor from $650 to $700, was carried, 17 to 7. The report was laid on the table. Other papers were acted upon in concurrence.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Suit against officers.* A communication was received from the Mayor, covering one from the Solicitor, in relation to the suit of Bush vs Thissell and others, policemen, recommending that the city indemnify the officers for the expenses, the suit having been brought for alleged trespass while the officers were in the performance of their duties.

Street matters. The Committee on Streets reported a resolution to lay out and grade Walker Street, from Branch to Tennessee Railroad. Four streets—lies seven days in City Clerk's office.

Reservoir. The resolution in relation to a reservoir in Pawtucket Street, was taken up, with a proposition that the same shall be built out of the appropriation for the fire department.

Central Bridge. The committee to whom was referred the central bridge was referred, reported that it would be necessary to build a new bridge next year or extensively repair the present one—*referred* to Committee on Streets.

Money matters. Several transfers of money were made from different appropriations to the reserved fund; and the Treasurer was authorized to borrow a sum of money, not exceeding $15,000, in anticipation of the money to be received from the State for the benefit of the families of soldiers.

SALARIES OF CITY OFFICERS. We give the salary bill as reported for 1862, together with the salaries of city officers the present year, for purposes of comparison:

	Salary 1861.	Proposed 1862.
Mayor,	$1200	$1200
City Clerk	1100	1000
Treasurer,	800	800
Assessor,	800	800
Solicitor	700	700
Auditor,	650	700
Physician	600	600
Librarian,	700	700
Clerk Common Council	600	250
Messenger,	250	250
Superintendent Wood, &c.	800	800
City Marshal	1200	1200
Deputy Marshal	1000	1000
Insp'rs of Provis	800	800
" Milk	700	700
" Fuel	800	800
" Pipes	800	800
" Public Buildings	750	650
Engineers of Fire Dep't	25 per cent	less
Chairman Assessors	800	800
Clerk	1000	1000
City	100	150
Chief Engineer F. D.	800	800
Asst. "	50	50
Secretary "	50	50
Foreman of Companies	15	15
Members of Steamers	10	10
Engineers "	600	300
" Hose	300	300
Stewards of Engines	75	75
" Hose	50	50
Foreman of Ladder co	50	50
Crews Hydrant	15	15

In the Board of Aldermen the proposed salary of the Auditor was increased $100, after which the bill was laid on the table until the next meeting.

REPORT OF CITY MARSHAL FOR OCTOBER. Number of persons admitted for lodging 76, of whom 16 were females, 60 foreigners, 68 non-residents and 2 minors.—Whole number of arrests 193; committed 108. Of the arrests 20 were females, 173 foreigners, 80 non-residents and 14 minors. Causes of arrest: common drunkards 9; drunkenness 69; assault and battery 10; larceny 9; truancy 4; losses 2; adultery, fornication, malicious mischief and keeping an unlicensed dog 1 each. Amount returned by officers on precepts, $153.75; witness fees $32.40; received from Clerk of Police Court $17.20. The truant officer investigated 143 cases in October, of which 47 were new ones; 23 were truants, 20 absentees and 4 non-attendants.

LOSS OF VALUABLE ARTICLES BY REV. CHARLES SPEAR. Rev. Charles Spear, editor of the *Prisoner's Friend*, lost a leather traveling bag, containing clothing and valuable manuscripts, while waiting to take the cars at 4 o'clock last evening. It is to be hoped the articles may be returned, especially the manuscripts, which are of no use save to the owners. A suitable reward will be given to the finder.—The articles may be left at A. A. Manning's boarding house, No. 89 Central Street.

THE dancing school of Mr. Beard meets this evening, for the first time for practice, at Chesley's Hall. Those designing to attend to put themselves under the Professor's care, should not fail to be there.

SUDDEN DEATH. Mr. Levi E. Lincoln, died very suddenly at his residence, corner of Fayette and Andover Streets, last evening, of heart disease. He was attacked early yesterday morning and for some hours was in great distress in the region of the chest. Dr. Dickey, his family physician, was called, and giving him remedies, left him at 2 o'clock, apparently better.—The Doctor called again about four o'clock, and found him quite cheerful and conversing with friends. He was cautioned against talking much, and was left apparently comfortable; but shortly after eight o'clock last evening, Dr. Dickey was again summoned, and arrived at the house to find that his patient had breathed his last, having been attacked a few moments before, and soon dying in what was supposed to be a fit.

Mr. Lincoln was a native of Johnston, R. I., about 68 years of age, and leaves a wife and five children. His father, Mr. Teodale Lincoln, who died three or four years since, was well remembered as one of our citizens. Mr. Lincoln never sought position or popular favor. He was, in 1836, elected a member of the school committee, and acceptably served one year, declining a re-election. He was formerly engaged in the apothecary business at the corner of Fayette and Andover Streets, and subsequently in Franklin Square, where he sold out to Mr.† James Buchanan, who, it will be recollected, died quite suddenly three or four years since.—Recently Mr. Lincoln has turned his attention to invention, having been the inventor of a valuable steam gauge and also of a water-level for boilers, for which he had received patents, and over which he was engaged at the time of his death. He has also invented a great many articles of use to students and a man universally esteemed by those who knew him best, and with whom he came in contact.

His funeral will take place from his late residence next Friday afternoon, at two o'clock.

FATAL ACCIDENT. This morning, Mr. Elbridge Proctor, a farmer residing in the eastern part of the town of Carlisle, was killed in East Chelmsford, under the following circumstances:—He was a night-cart driver for the Middlesex Company, and was going home, in company with a young man named Monroe, he fell asleep, while driving, and the horses, left without control, turned out of the road, tipping the cart bottom upward, down an embankment, Mr. Proctor falling under the body. He was killed instantly. The young man saved himself by jumping, receiving only some slight injuries, and aroused the people in the vicinity, who went with him and found the body of Mr. Proctor, which was removed and conveyed to his late home this morning. The deceased was forty-five years old, and leaves a wife and five children.

FUNERAL OF PRIVATE TAYLOR. The funeral of John Z. Taylor, whose remains were brought to this city yesterday, took place from No. 29 Suffolk Street, yesterday afternoon, and was largely attended. Among those present were Mayor Sargeant, Aldermen Manahan and Folsom, and President W. L. North, of the Common Council. A detachment of twelve men, under command of a sergeant, was present from the Twenty-Sixth Regiment, who fired a salute over his grave. The religious exercises at the house and grave were conducted by Rev. Dr. Edson.

Deceased was a native of this city, and was about 27 years of age. He enlisted in Company F, (Capt. Day's, of Haverhill), Seventeenth Regiment, and died in Baltimore on Friday last, of typhoid fever. His body was kindly cared for by his companions in arms, enclosed in a neat coffin, and sent home to his relatives for interment. The thoughtfulness of Capt. Day's command is gratefully remembered by the parents and friends of the deceased in this vicinity.

THE ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY IN LOWELL. We have already more than once spoken of the coming of this Italian Opera Company to this city; and elsewhere we to day announce their programme and the particulars of the proposed entertainment. Further mention of the company seems hardly necessary; but we cannot refrain from adding a few words, as it is so seldom that our citizens have an opportunity of listening to Bosten or New York. Miss Hinkley, the beautiful prima donna, who has achieved, in New York and elsewhere, success that have given her a wide-spread reputation, will be acceptably entertained. All those announced are artists gifted with great natural powers, and they bring with uncommon skill and effect, which has rendered their names very celebrated. Herr Mollenhauer is the best violoncellist of this country and has created great sensation and enthusiasm everywhere he has performed. The musical director is Carl Anschuts, who has the highest reputation for his scientific and musical acquirements. Altogether this grand musical entertainment will be an event in the history of music in this city. In ordinary times the bare announcement of this concert would be sufficient to fill Huntington Hall; we cannot doubt that now, few with "music in their souls," will deny themselves the privilege of attending.

SUPERIOR COURT, *Dorion J. Nancy* J. Parker, on trial yesterday for lewd and obscene conversation with the street—verdict this morning of guilty; not sentenced.

Frederick Cossaus, of Brighton, for larceny of wood. The jury was out at 12, M.

Michael Benson, of Medford, for assault and battery, appealed to this court; judgment of justice's court confirmed, and he was sentenced to pay $2 and costs.

Bridget White, of Marlborough, complained of for selling liquor without a license, the second jury was out at 12, M.

OLD NEWSPAPERS by the hundred for sale at this office.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE SOLDIERS.—Among those who have recently contributed for the soldiers, are Samuel Kidder, Jr., who gives a box of hospital stores; Mrs. Samuel Sewall and Mrs. A. S. Hall, who give socks and other articles.

The Young Mens' Improvement Society are to give a free exhibition, at Jackson Hall, on Thursday evening, November 14th, at 7½ o'clock. The teachers of the public schools and friends of the Society are respectfully invited to attend.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Elizabeth A. Russell, for larceny of a cloak from Mrs. George M. Downes', Chestnut Street, was sent to jail for two months.—The property was restored to the owner.

A sister of the above, charged with larceny of furs, was discharged.

THE OLD LINE PARTIES. The tickets for the Old Line Parties, to be held at the Merrimack House, have been issued, and may be obtained of A. S. Harris, at the Express Office, on Merrimack Street. Subscribers are desired to call previous to the 23nd inst.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

FARE REDUCED!

Lowell to New York, $8.75
Lowell to New York and return, Tickets good for 30 days, $15.00

Tickets for sale at Boston, and Southward, at the cheapest rates.

Also, Tickets to *Philadelphia, Baltimore* and *Washington.*

Baggage checked relating to Passage and Freight promptly attended to.

Steamers for Canada and Liverpool Steamers.

Office at Kimball's Apothecary Store, where all information will be cheerfully given, and Passage Tickets for sale.

H. H. FISHER, Agent.

Lowell, May 14, 1861. may14dtf

☞ For Biliousness use Doctor Guilford's Homeopathic Cure-tive, or if you or your children are troubled with Fits, Spasms, Colic, Diarrhea, dysentery, coughs, and colds, or are nervous and irritable, Doctor Guilford's Neuralgia, headache or dyspepsia, use the Homeopathic Cure-tive, for they cure most of the diseases. Thousands have been relieved and cured by Doctor Guilford and now Doctor Guilford's curative sold by M. S. BURR & CO., Druggists, Merrimack Square. Cure-tives sent by mail, 25 cents per box, to any part of the country, by DOCTOR GUILFORD, 126 William-street, New York.

nov8 1y

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Fisher & Lyon Sewing Machine. Mr. John H. Fisher is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan5dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, E. Bigelow, D. B. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby, H. Hildreth, Jr. Geo. Tyler,
L. O. Howe, Edward Tuck, E. P. Sherman,
Wm. Crosby.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Factories only, on which premiums are received in cash, or notes at short date, and the assets in this department are $30,416 81, with Deposit notes to the amount of $11,000. The stockholders are responsible for the losses sustained by the Mutuals, and the assets in this department are as follows: Capital stock paid in, $50,000; Premium notes, $20,000; Cash premiums received, $10,000; Interest, $1,000; Total, $81,000.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT is confined to Stores, Warehouses, Machine Shops, Stock in Trade, Manufactures and Merchandize generally, and the assets in this department are as follows: Capital stock paid in, $50,000; Premium notes, $20,000; Cash premiums received, $10,000; Interest, $1,000; Total, $81,000.

Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid.

Office in the Bank Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell.

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 13, 1860. jy16tf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

A. BENJ. SHERMAN, Agent, 21 Beverly St., Late 325 Broadway, New York.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received at the above store, a large assortment of the latest styles, which are manufactured by himself, and which are manufactured by himself, and which are manufactured by himself, and

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and may easily pertinently free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that I had used it without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by producing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be an improvement on, or selling at about 1/ the price. I have noticed two or three attempts to imitate your Restorative, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will purchase an article of no reputation—how there is one at hand that has been proved worth a dollar.

Apparently, a few of these charlatans have got brains enough to write a circular, and give it a name that have applied yours, word for word, in several instances—merely inserting their own name in place or yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, with perfect success—some for boldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease that the head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer persons to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1520, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1860.

DEAR SIR. I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to receive. I have been a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable grey, and was getting white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a sure fiction than truth in them, and entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I considered I would make a fair experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered that the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably strengthened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used about six of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair ceases entirely of falling off and is as soft and fine, and feels as oily, as though just from the hands of a French chamber-ist. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me: "Doctor, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old grey head.

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with the desired result, and receives the unanimous endorsement of all who have used it. Many parties recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplishes a great amount and all the said and gray could desire.—Commonwealth Spy.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative also cures rheumatism, neuralgia, and prevents the hair falling out. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions, some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unimpeachable character. Don't give till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of giving every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are mere humbugs, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article, as it is known to be a failing off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Hilary Abner, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and joins with us in a asking of its merits. All those who have used hair-heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorative of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has been almost bald the Sherry has restored it, and the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable application for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has manifest properties of invigorating description. In many cases pimples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear when this is used. There is no doubt of its being to the hair what we represent it, and we feel it a duty to heartily recommend it to our readers.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE—We are not willing to endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Its effect upon the hair, however, of hair is universally known to be magical. Like lime or guano on a barren field, a few drops of it, deep wherever applied. Our own thatch, is unfairly healthy, but we advise our friends to keep separately growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbian copy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABOLISHED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood's great discovery has at last come, whose attraction has been turned to inventing a hair tonic has ever since been reached. Hitherto in sudden lost weight, and threats on those who have used it, that it is a vile, greasy dye, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant head-covering. So much for calumny, the cheapest of poisons and the last resort of the weak and dysfunctions of the system. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair in relation to its proper functions, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying fluids of the system, and in this way, in every case, (and no case is unnatural unless the hair and he be destroyed) that the hair could be naturally revitalized. Wood's Hair Restorative is entirely free from all poisonous matter, and is as safe at the age of thirty-seven—a infant, and is equally as safe to use. It will impart to the world.—*Cincinnati Daily Gazette.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis.

☞ As No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Lyon's Kathairon and Tetrachelon.

jan31nov

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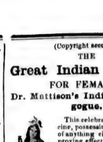
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.



This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married* and *single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly *sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken *a short period before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a large increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fill in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 3000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without *a single failure* when taken as directed, and throughout the least inquiry in health in any one of it. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, and full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $5; Half Strength $3. Quarter Strength, $2 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstructions, for which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is a warranted an expensive one in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased directly of Dr. MATTISON, at his HERMETICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Boston.

☞ *This Specialty* exercises all diseases of a Private nature both of Male and Female. Dr. MATTISON, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent by express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Dr. M.'s medicines cure patients from almost wishing from a secret and *quiet Retreat*, in the HERMETICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Boston.

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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of border.

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LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, with a white or fancy colored imprint.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of good new type and warranted white and colored CARD Stock, and to every description of work-in prints and to boards to be cut to order.*

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MUSIC STORE!
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W. H. DYAR
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
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FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
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Quiet and orderly attire, Ornamented and Plain, Reglining and Repairing Pictures of Glass Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large supply of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c. &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

CUMMELLIAN AND PARA
OILS manufactured, Canes in
(cane and cloth setting, Painting, Lan-
Gilding, &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
39 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may28 dtf

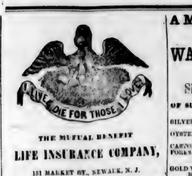
FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.
ALLEN WITE LEAD, manufactured by the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best manner, and to be of the best quality, as proved by Boyd Davies and Pearson, it is believed that it will be found to be equal to any in the market. The white lead mark is stamped and marked "Warranted Pure" in Fraternity Pure.
The great facilities possessed by the owning of this Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other brands. Orders addressed to Forest River Lead Co., Salem, Mass., will be promptly attended to. Where the Lead has been supplied by some of the best painters in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial is solicited, and the Company feel confident that satisfactory painter shall be used, will receive a better and greater advantage with it, than with any other Lead now in use. Forest River Lead Co.
The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of the Lead, will be found at the office of the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century, and is personally acquainted with most of the painters in the vicinity, and therefore solicits his friends to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.
Lead manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's prices of WM. N. WOOD, 43 Merrimack street, Lowell, and 3 Mechanics Building, Boston street, Lowell. sep29dtf

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Exposure's Freckled and Tan, Pimples, Blotches, Sunburn, Parlor Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, White's Cosmetic, Tricolin, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at R. HAYNES, JR.'s, corner of Merrimack and Middle streets. oct11

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
DOCKUM'S for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Grass, Gold Leaf, Paper, Mud, Stoneware* &c.—This article is invaluable, it cleans paint without injury, cheap and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. No equal has ever been discovered for the above uses. Prepared only by DOCKUM, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts. Sold by CHARLES KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mh7

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Mothas, Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the season, particularly for the diseases of children.—Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug9

CANADA FLOUR.
100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Extra FLOUR, for sale low, just received per sale by N. WOOD.
aug14 42 Market st.



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$432,558.90
Dividends paid to date,	1,494,980.18
Losses paid,	2,621,905.50

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any collateral capital—the members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is formed by the profit of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many benefits why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz:

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It pays over $2,963,00 on Losses.

It invests over $2,963,00 on Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double its amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans or collaterals.

The only Banks owned by it are in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It has no connection in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies of Life $50 per annum, may be paid one half in cash, and another half in one year, or one-third in cash, and another two years, the interest on premium notes is to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in cash settling Policies, or may leave the sum in the Company's care to accumulate at interest, which, whenever called for, will be paid with interest, by a check on the banks.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has one of the large number of 17,915 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured reduces the expenses of the operation of the Company, and increases the profits.

The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MEIRILL, Agent,
No. 23 Central-st. 2d Merrimack Block,
Lowell, Mass.

WHITEN GOLDEN SALVE.
And Now in the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It is unquestionably the best kind ever known.

It corrects all humors and blood poisons. It removes the worst child so longer to defeat the fire.

It opens the organs of the body thereby to give wise amongst by challenge.

It fills the hollow sore of from his crutch, when bowed with rheumatism.

It relieves the drooping mother when her breast is broken.

It abscises and cures the scalp of the scabby head.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the face of pimples and pustules.

It is warmth to the aged.

It fights against bites and cancers.

It cures the most malignant inflammations, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

The cancher may be cured if you will hearken.

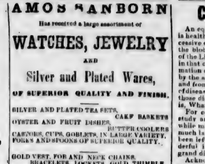
Then you may be assured of a speedy recovery of your health.

Sold by CHARLES KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. mar29

FOR THE COMPLEXION.
THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BOWIE AND DIRK KNIVES.
A large assortment of Bowie and Dirk Knives for sale by J. SAYRES & CO.

BOYS' TURBANS,
HIGHLY USEFUL with Velvet, new styles, just received at BRAZER'S Corner Dat Store, 47 Central street. oct17



THE LOWELL
DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVII LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 14, 1861. NO. 6518.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Published every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at Three Dollars per annum, or Five Dollars for six months, payable in advance.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Office—No. 21 CENTRAL STREET.

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Boston, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. 6 P. M. Northern, 7 A. M.
New York, 7 A. M. 2 P. M. 6 P. M.
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Mails for California, Oregon, Washington Territory, Nevada Territory, Utah Territory, New Mexico, Arizona, Kansas, Nebraska, China, Japan, Central America, Sandwich Islands, Vancouver's Island, Mexico, Cuba, Isthmus of Panama, Chagres, Aspinwall, Panama, Peru, Chili, Australia, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Valparaiso, Rio Janeiro, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, November 14, 1861.

THE OPERATIONS OF THE FLEET.

GRAND ACHIEVEMENT.

We have now authentic reports of the operations of the great naval fleet on the Southern coast. The facts are best expressed in the words of Com. Dupont and Gen. Sherman, and we copy below the essential parts of their reports. Com. Dupont's report is dated on board the Flag Ship Wabash, Port Royal, Nov. 8th, and is addressed to Secretary Welles. We copy as follows:—

I attacked the batteries of the enemy on Bay Point and Hilton Head and Fort Walker and Beauregard, and succeeded in silencing them after an engagement of four hours duration, and driving away the squadron of rebel steamers under Commodore Tatnall. The reconnoissance made us satisfied with the superiority of Fort Walker, and to that I directed my special efforts, engaging it at a distance of 800 and afterward at 600 yards. But the plan of the attack brought the squadron substantially near Fort Beauregard to receive its fire, and the ships were frequently fighting the batteries on both sides at the same time. The action was begun on my part at twenty-six minutes after 9, and at 2 P. M. the American ensign was hoisted on the flag-staff of Fort Walker, and this morning at sunrise on that of Fort Beauregard. The defeat of the enemy terminated in utter rout and confusion. Their gunners and transports were abandoned without an attempt to carry away either public or private property. The ground over which they fled was strewn with the arms of private soldiers, and the officers reached their boats to submit to the encumbrance of their swords. Landing my marines and a company of seamen, I took possession of the deserted ground and held the forts on Hilton Head until the arrival of Gen. Sherman, to whom I had the honor to transfer their command. We have captured 43 pieces of cannon, most of them of the heaviest calibre, and of the most improved description.

Com. Dupont describes the effect of the storm, on the fleet, which was at one time entirely dispersed. The steamer Governor foundered and went down, and it is probable that one or two others have been lost. Several of the fleet were more or less injured; but enough was left to do the work for which it was sent. We have quoted below all the facts of special interest.

In another place Com. Dupont says:—

"I have sent gunboats to take possession of Beaufort, and to protect the inhabitants, but I regret to say that the town and the town is abandoned to the negroes, who are reported to me as in a lawless condition. The light vessels, which I had hoped to have made use of, were destroyed on the desertion of the town by the rebels. The post-fleets were visited, and a number of documents, letters, &c., obtained. I have covered Scull Creek, and the mouth of Broad River, and have cut off the communication between Charleston and Savannah."

Com. Dupont reports that during the engagement there were, on board our fleet that took part in the fight, eight persons killed and twenty-three wounded by the firing of the rebels. Both men and officers of the entire command are complimented by the Commodore for the coolness, discipline, skill and gallantry exhibited in capturing the rebel batteries.

The following is the report of Gen. Sherman. After mentioning the cause of the delay the squadron experienced in getting away from Annapolis, he says:—

"After the most mature consideration of the object of the expedition by that flag officer and myself, it was agreed to reduce any works that might be found at Port Royal, S. C., and thus open the finest harbor on the coast between Key West and Hatteras. It was calculated to reach Port Royal in five days at most, but in consequence of adverse winds and a perilous storm on the day and night of the 1st of November the fleet arrived at Port Royal Bar not until the 4th, and then had to wait, for it had been almost entirely dispersed by the gale and the vessels have been struggling in up to this date. The transport steamers Union, Belvidere, Osceola and Peerless have not arrived, and I fear them are known to be lost, and it is probable all are. It is gratifying, however, to say that none of the troop transports encountered with the head forces were lost, though the Winfield Scott had to put back, her whole cargo and the Roanoke a portion of her cargo to save the lives of the regiments on be ol. The vessels connected with the navy portion of the fleet have also suffered more or less and some have been lost.

After a careful reconnoissance of Port Royal Bay it was ascertained that the rebels had three fi ld works of remarkable strength, strongly garrisoned and covered by a fleet of three gunboats, under Capt. Tatnall, late of the United States Navy, beside strong land forces which the rebels were concentrating from Charleston and Savannah. The troops of the rebels were commanded by Gen. Drayton.

One of the first and probably the strongest forts, was situated on Hilton's Head, and the other two on Phillip's Bay Point. It was deemed proper to first reduce the fort on Hilton Head, though to do this a great deal more fire might have to be met from the batteries on Bay Point. At the same time our original plan of co-operation of the land forces in this attack had to be set aside in consequence of the loss during the voyage of a great portion of our means of disembarkment, together with the fact that the only point where the troops should have landed was from five to six miles, measuring around the intervening shoal, from the anchoring place of our transports, altogether too great a distance for a successful debarkation with our limited means. It was therefore agreed that the place should be reduced by the naval force alone. In consequence of the shattered condition of the fleet and the delay in the arrival of vessels that were indispensable for the attack, it had to be postponed until the 7th inst.

I was a mere spectator of the combat, and it is not my intention to encumber any report of this action. I deem it an imperative duty to say that the firing and manœuvering of our fleet against that of the rebels and their formidable land batteries was a master-piece of activity and professional skill that must have elicited the applause of the rebels themselves as a tactical operation.

After the works were reduced, I took possession of them with the land forces.—The beautifully constructed work on Hilton Head was severely crippled and many of the guns dismounted. Much slaughter had evidently been made there, many bodies having been buried in the fort, and some 20 or 30 were found some half a mile distant. The island for many miles was strewn with army accoutrements and baggage of the rebels, which they threw away in their hasty retreat. We have also come into possession of about forty pieces of ordnance, most of which is of the heaviest calibre and of the most approved modern, and a large quantity of ammunition and camp equipage.

Gen. Sherman's Proclamation. After landing and taking possession of the forts Gen. Sherman issued a proclamation. He said in it, "We have come amongst you, not in feelings of personal animosity, nor desire to harm your citizens, destroy your property, or interfere with any of your lawful rights, or your social and local institutions beyond what the causes herein briefly alluded to may render unavoidable in war, and after pointing out the enormity of the Southern rebellion, in which South Carolina had been conspicuous, he closes as follows:—

"Carolinians—We have come among you as loyal men fully impressed with our responsibility to the citizens of the country whose flag we bear, and to the Constitution and laws which govern our relations to you. We have not been deceived; the obligation of suppressing armed combination against the constituted authorities of the United States is well understood by all our officers and soldiers. It is the highest duty of a people struggling for liberty and self-government, and should be in no way neglected, it must be attributed to the necessities of the case, to the inevitable rights of war, that the State must be necessarily subordinate to military intelligences created by insurrection and rebellion.

Items in relation to the expedition and the attack. The following items are reported, although not authenticated by the signature of any officer:

Among the papers was a telegraph from Jeff. Davis to the commander of the post, informing him of the sailing of the fleet, and ordering the troops to be in time, and to destroy the planted ground and hold the forts on Hilton Head until the arrival of Gen. Sherman, to whom I had the honor to transfer their command. We have captured 43 pieces of cannon, most of them of the heaviest calibre, and of the most improved description.

Com. Dupont describes the effect of the storm, on the fleet, which was at one time entirely dispersed. The steamer Governor foundered and went down, and it is probable that one or two others have been lost. Several of the fleet were more or less injured; but enough was left to do the work for which it was sent. We have quoted below all the facts of special interest.

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Com. Dupont reports that during the engagement there were, on board our fleet that took part in the fight, eight persons killed and twenty-three wounded by the firing of the rebels. Both men and officers of the entire command are complimented by the Commodore for the coolness, discipline, skill and gallantry exhibited in capturing the rebel batteries.

The following is the report of Gen. Sherman. After mentioning the cause of the delay the squadron experienced in getting away from Annapolis, he says:—

"After the most mature consideration of the object of the expedition by that flag officer and myself, it was agreed to reduce any works that might be found at Port Royal, S. C., and thus open the finest harbor on the coast between Key West and Hatteras. It was calculated to reach Port Royal in five days at most, but in consequence of adverse winds and a perilous storm on the day and night of the 1st of November the fleet arrived at Port Royal Bar not until the 4th, and then had to wait, for it had been almost entirely dispersed by the gale and the vessels have been struggling in up to this date. The transport steamers Union, Belvidere, Osceola and Peerless have not arrived, and I fear them are known to be lost, and it is probable all are. It is gratifying, however, to say that none of the troop transports encountered with the head forces were lost, though the Winfield Scott had to put back, her whole cargo and the Roanoke a portion of her cargo to save the lives of the regiments on be ol. The vessels connected with the navy portion of the fleet have also suffered more or less and some have been lost.

After a careful reconnoissance of Port Royal Bay it was ascertained that the rebels had three fi ld works of remarkable strength, strongly garrisoned and covered by a fleet of three gunboats, under Capt. Tatnall, late of the United States Navy, beside strong land forces which the rebels were concentrating from Charleston and Savannah. The troops of the rebels were commanded by Gen. Drayton.

One of the first and probably the strongest forts, was situated on Hilton's Head, and the other two on Phillip's Bay Point. It was deemed proper to first reduce the fort on Hilton Head, though to do this a great deal more might have to be met from the batteries on Bay Point. At the same time our original plan of co-operation of the land forces in this attack had to be set aside in consequence of the loss during the voyage of a great portion of our means of disembarkment, together with the fact that the only point where the troops should have landed was from five to six miles, measuring around the intervening shoal, from the anchoring place of our transports, altogether too great a distance for a successful debarkation with our limited means. It was therefore agreed that the place should be reduced by the naval force alone. In consequence of the shattered condition of the fleet and the delay in the arrival of vessels that were indispensable for the attack, it had to be postponed until the 7th inst.

I was a mere spectator of the combat, and it is not my intention to encumber any report of this action. I deem it an imperative duty to say that the firing and manœuvering of our fleet against that of the

DISTINGUISHED AMERICANS GOING TO EUROPE. The following paragraph, which is found in a letter from a Washington correspondent of the *New York Evening Post*, states what is probably true, and what has been suspected was the mission of several of our distinguished citizens abroad at this time:—

"There is no doubt that Archbishop Hughes and Thurlow Weed go to Europe, though perfectly independent of the Government, yet in a certain sense on its errand. The visit was suggested by the President, or rather Mr. Seward, and the object is to meet such men as Slidell, Mason, and the other rebel diplomats of the slave confederacy, and create a northern sentiment in English and French political and social circles. It is rumored that Edward Everett and Bishop McIlvaine will follow in a few days, and that Mr. Bancroft the historian, who deservedly stands as high in Europe, will also make a visit, before the hard winter sets in, to the English capital. There can be no mistake about these visits. They are in no sense diplomatic errands abroad, but are really private excursions abroad, suggested by the State Department for the purpose of subduing intelligent Englishmen on opportunity to discuss with the same class of Americans the war and the various questions connected with it."

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT CONCORD, N. H. Through the kindness of Mr. H. W. Brickett, Telegraphic agent in this city, we learn that a large fire broke out in the rear of J. R. Hill's extensive harness manufactory, on Main Street, Concord, N. H., about three o'clock this morning, which destroyed that building and several surrounding ones. Mr. Hill's loss is from $60,000 to $70,000; insured $30,000.—Mr. Brickett, being large army contracts for harnesses, but there will be but little delay in completing his orders Charles Hill's loss, $10,000, on dwelling house, stable and shop; insured.—Mrs. M. M. Smith, loss on millinery stock, $1000; insured. Charles Morse, clothing dealer, slight loss, fully insured. John M. Hill, gas office, loss $200; not insured. Mr. Hill's residence, owned by D. Dunlap, silver spoon manufacturer, loses light; fully insured. Benj. Damon, dwelling house and shop, loss $3000; insured $1500.

As an instance of the stuff of which the 15th Massachusetts regiment is composed, the following conversation may represent: At the battle of Leesburg, a private of Company H, being wounded, fell, a ball striking him in the side and lodging near the ribs inside. His captain says, "Brown, are you wounded?" "Yes, Captain, and the ball remaining in my neck cannot get out, and the wound is closing rapidly, and I am difficulty in breathing. Here it is" (pinching it in his fingers) "Cut it out with your knife." His captain responded, "I am afraid to. You will bleed to death." "Cut away," says the wounded man. "I had as soon bleed to death as to choke to death." The loaded missile was soon in the hand of the boy, a souvenir in future

CITY AND COUNTY.

NOTICE.

The Peoples' Union Committee will meet this (THURSDAY) Evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the Citizens' Committee Room, on Prescott street. A full and punctual attendance is requested.

E. W. MCIVER, Secretary. J. F. MCIVER, Chairman.

ATTENT ON, NATIONAL GUARD!

The members of the National Guard, and all others who are in favor of bringing up the organization of the Company, are requested to meet at the Company's armory on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 14, at 7½ o'clock. Per order

nov13,2t. CHAS. A. C. WRIGHT.

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia.
Map of the Seat of War.
Map of the Blue Southern States.

The above named Maps are officially being drawn and published expressly correctly to represent the different counties, towns, villages and railroads of the States, and for sale at the Bookstore of H. FISHER, on sale. nov13 tf

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at about every other place in Lowell is to go to KITTREDGE'S, 24 Middle st. nov13tf

WANTED.

A respectable woman to assist in Cook's small family without children. One in the vicinity of Church Hill preferred. Apply at this office. nov13 2t

NOTICE.

Persons who wear uniforms for the Commonwealth in the Police Depts. in Lowell, are hereby notified to report, on or before the 1st of June, 1862, to June 23d, 1862, can obtain their uniforms by application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

nov13 2w P. F. BADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

A SECESSION FLAG IN LOWELL. Early this morning, in the indistinct light, a strange looking rag was discovered from Camp Chase, flying on Fort Hill. Col. Jones' attention was called to the fact, and he at once sent Sergeant Reiker to bring it in. It proves to be, not "a banner with a strange device," but a secession flag, not without a device—a genuine secession flag, five feet by four, fluttering in the morning breeze. It was easily removed to the quarters of Col. Jones, having been found without defenders. A rocket or two was sent up, near where the flag was found, last night, and it is supposed some of the rebels, who had a hand in the treat of the rebels at Beaufort, and so took this method of expressing their joy.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton J. John Dunn, of Marlboro', for keeping a dog without a license; not guilty.*

Bridget White, of Marlboro', for selling liquor without a license; not guilty.

W. S. Chapin and John Rigney, of Marlboro', for maliciously entering a building; not guilty.

John Rigney, for an assault; guilty.—Not sentenced.

Ebenezer Whipple, of Stow, for an assault, was on trial at noon.

A SURPRISE AND PRESENTATION. Last evening, Mr. Joseph Peabody, Principal of the Moody Grammar School, was surprised by a visit from about fifty of his pupils, who, through Master L. A. Hall, presented him with a dozen silver forks and a nice silver castor. After a word or two, during the presence of the young callers, passed away very pleasantly.—*This is not the first relic of the kind that Mr. Peabody has received from his pupils, under his charge, showing the continued good feeling that exists between teacher and pupils in the Moody School.*

M. M. S. It will be remembered that this Association commence their annual course of lectures on Tuesday evening next, when the Hon. Edward Everett will give his very eloquent lecture on the character of the present war. The tickets for the course are now for sale, and care will be taken to have the number limited, so that all who hold them shall be properly accommodated with seats. Secure your tickets before the evening of the first lecture.

"DEAR Father—I can't go home at present. I should be sent to the poor house, but Uncle Sam has got a mighty sight bigger job of threshing on hand than you have got to bum bound to see him out of the woods first."

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A HOTEL AND A BOARDING HOUSE. It is one of the laws of Boarding House Life that everybody must board at hotels. For a term or two past the students have free-quented the law, and the Medical College, but they have discovered the transaction, and ordered the students to board at hotels and all other places. Thereupon the landlord of one of the hotels, who has but quite a number of students to board, "don't see them down his sign!" and when the Faculty came to inquire of the students why they still boarded at the hotel in disregard of the mandate, they were politely informed that the landlord of the hotel had taken down his shingle, and the place was no more a hotel, but only a boarding house! There being no section in the college laws against boarding house, the Faculty had to cave. The landlord of the hotel has now lost his boarders, it not a hotel.—*Lewiston (Me.) Journal.*

The *Buffalo Courier*, (mighty poor authority) states that Thurlow Weed has said that "Mr. Lincoln expresses the most intense regret that he did not urge the adoption of the Crittenden compromise resolutions by his friends in Congress." Those who know Mr. Lincoln say he has said no such thing; those who know Mr. Lincoln are convinced he has made no such expression.

THANKSGIVING. The Governors of Delaware, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Vermont, have appointed Nov. 28 for Thanksgiving day in those States.

THE CITY BANK. The bill to charter a bank in this city, with a capital of $100,000, has passed both branches of the City Council, and only awaits the signature of the Mayor to become a law. The bank will be organized as soon as practicable.

THE COTTON SUPPLY OF OUR MILLS. The manufacturers have recently purchased in Boston and Lowell, about 800 bales of cotton. This with the previous supply, will keep the mills in this city in motion for about two months. The Boston cotton was principally received about 300 bales. We believe that some of the mills obtained small lots of cotton. It may seem like "sending coals to Newcastle," for Lowell to sell cotton to go to Lowisten to be manufactured, yet such is the fact. A large portion of the cotton just received here was obtained of the Lowell Mills that had it on hand, and it is said that the kind of goods made by them were not in demand.

Lewistonians and all other citizens of Androscoggin may esteem themselves personally fortunate in having mills with machinery adapted to the manufacture of goods in demand, and stockholders and operatives fortunate in having employment every opportunity. While almost every considerable manufacturing place is suffering extensively from the general depression in business, and a large proportion of their capitalists are lying idle or running on short time, the mills in this section have so much been pushing.—*Lewiston Journal.*

MUST HELP UNCLE SAM FIRST. A farmer in Wisconsin had a son who joined the 8th regiment of that State without his father's consent. Several letters were written to the father from the son, while the regiment were in quarters at Madison, requesting for the purpose of persuading him to return. At last he wrote him that he must come—that he had a large amount of threshing to do—that he could not afford to hire help, if it were to be had, which was hardly possible, owing to the number of enlistments—that he (the father) never would home and help him, even if he enlisted again afterward. The young man replied:

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 12.

2 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad 98
20 Cheshire Railroad 95
4 Western Railroad 112 1-4
4 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad 99
45 Boston and Maine Railroad 93 1-4
5 Boston and Maine Railroad 100 1-4
5 Concord Railroad 84
10 Western Railroad 91
10 Worcester Railroad 98

N. J. WISER & CO.,
108 Merrimack Street.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. Call and examine for yourselves, as we are in no way interested in their recommendation.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which it is sufficient to say that it is constructed on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates equally well in regard to economy. *The fire may be kept in for weeks together, and the oven will be always ready.* The public are invited to call and examine these stoves, which will be found to be the best in use.

Also, a full assortment of Tin, Sheet Iron, Zinc and Copper Ware, for sale at the lowest prices at wholesale or retail.

Remember the place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at about every other place in Lowell is to go to KITTREDGE'S, 24 Middle st. nov13tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, burns no equal.
It don't require sifting.
It don't require drying.
It burns longer.
It burns in less quantity.
It costs less money.
It is the best coal for burning coal. And the ONLY place to be bought isn't at HOWARD'S, 108 Merrimack street, Lowell, and next door to J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell. may14dtf

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only sleepers of the true and genuine Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, notifies that other coal dealers in Lowell than our Agent, Mr. Howard, are selling a counterfeit article.

We take this method of cautioning the public against buying of other parties than Mr. Livingston, as neither will or shipped any Peruvian Coal to any other agent in Lowell.

Delaware City, Delaware, Dec. 8, 1859. dec16

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST: HOW RESTORED!
Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impurities of the Blood, &c. By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the *Green Book*, &c.

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."
Sent to any address, in a sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address DR. CULVERWELL,
127 BOWERY, New York.
Also, by the same Author, price 25 cts.
WAR HAS COME
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A FAVORITE
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
OF IT
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as a remedy now in use in the field. Sold by druggists, and by THEIR AGENT, 108 Williams street, New York.

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have been appointed Agents for Lowell for the only Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. HAYES is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
C. F. Coburn, F. W. Stanley, P. T. Richardson,
L. G. Brow, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman.
Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL PLAN is adopted by the Board. Dealers, Purchasers and Factors, who are interested in the Stock Plan, will find it to their advantage to call at the office of the Company, where they can obtain Policies at the Lowest Rates. Amount of Stock, $100,000. Deposited with the Treasurer of the State, $25,000. Amount of Assets, $115,238 34. Deposited with the Treasurer of the State, $25,000. Amount of Assets, $115,238 34.

The Company has been in operation for the past year, and has paid all losses promptly and equitably. A dividend of 40 per cent. has been declared on the Mutual Premiums for the past year, and a dividend of 10 per cent. on the Stock Premiums.

Policies issued on favorable terms on Stocks, Merchandise and Property generally.

Office, No. 27 Central St., Lowell.

C. F. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary and Treas.
Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy16'61y

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on favorable terms. Losses adjusted and paid as soon as determined.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Codding, John Aiken,
Arthur P. Bonney, Walter Wright,
Charles H. Bell, Caleb E. Mayo,
Ephraim Brown, Henry C. Hosa,
Joseph M. Wightman.
Boston.
James C. Alley, Abraham T. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Bates, Lester M. Clark,
Reuben R. Rossmore.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 42½ Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 24, 1861. ap25

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....**$3,500,000.**

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....**$500,000.**

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....**$1,300,000.**

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....**$250,000.**

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offices. POLICIES issued at the Office, No. 27 Central street, and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
27 Central, opp. Middle st., Lowell.
Oct. 1, 1861. oct1dtf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
27 Central, opp. Middle st., Lowell.
oct9,'61 oct9dtf

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago. Having made use of it on a limited scale, they have found it to be the best article ever introduced for the purpose, and are now prepared to do it more extensively. There has been a great deal said about it, and many have been disappointed in its use, but the fault was not in the article, while it is true, experienced operators only have been successful in its use. We have had many years experience in the profession, and have had instances where it is used with great success, and in other cases where it has failed. The great objection existing to the limited time this article has been in use, is the fact that it is so much softer than metal, in regard to its setting right, but they assure the public that they have overcome this difficulty, and they have failed in but few instances in setting it right.

Rooms 3 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

sept9 tf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is unquestionably in peril if she is not enough to see that her health requires the occasional use of a cathartic. Some of the best of her sex are more or less afflicted with

PALPITATION OF THE HEART,

arising from the former which is the immense, CORNELIUS L. BRADFORD, of Boston, Mass., has given to the world his unrivalled and unprecedented private practice, and which has been the means of saving thousands from untimely graves, and restoring to perfect health from relations or suppression. They act like a charm in all cases of Fever, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Irritation, and are the only and reliable remedy for Female Complaints. Full directions in the pamphlet around each box. Population of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Sick Headache, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Cold Chills, alternating with Flushes of Heat, Depression, In the worst cases of *Fever Ague* a few doses will effect a cure.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe and reliable Female Medicine in existence.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

that in one or two cases out of a hundred, no Pills can be relied on, and that, in such cases, a Physician should be consulted. Pamphlets, gratis, on the subject of PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such are the unfortunate circumstances of a large portion of the sexual functions in a normal condition, that cases of Pregnancy are always to be dreaded.

Explicit directions relating when and when they should not be taken, are given with each box.

Price $1 per box, or six boxes for $5, sent by mail or express, to any part of the country, on receipt of price.

Sold in Lowell by all Druggists and Country Merchants, and by A. P. HILL, Hair, corner Central and Jackson sts., and by D. LOSEE, 7 Merrimack st. June 5, 1861. jy6

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

FARE REDUCED!!

Lowell to New York, $5.75
Lowell to New York, second return, tickets good until sold, 7.25
Tickets for the North and Northwest, at the cheapest rates.
Also, Tickets to *Philadelphia, Baltimore* and *Washington*.
Baggage Expresses relating to Passage and Freight Agents are solicited.
Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers.
Passage to Europe promptly secured.
Information cheerfully imparted at the General Agency, No. 5 Court street, Boston, Mass.
B. B. FIDDES, Agent.
Boston, Nov. 1, 1861. nov4

WAR HAS COME

AND

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IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as a remedy now in use in the field. Sold by druggists, and by THEIR AGENT, 108 Williams street, New York.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye
Hair Dye!

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
Ever Discovered.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Call and see the

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction it gives me to speak to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I recommenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I recommenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at times quite red; but by the application it stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a red hair to be found, neither has there been up to the time

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by application every three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and does not show any signs of turning gray. I do not imagine a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as even your valuable Restorative is, day, as I am well aware, is not known to the world generally, and even more wonderful cases brought out the Union. I have received so many letters concerning the great merit of the same in the last three years, and have always recommended its use in recommending your Restorative as the best thing in the efforts in restoring hair. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, and would not give it a trial and without effect. In every instance however, I proved, by getting them to try it, that it was just as I used your article at all, but had used some spurious article said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as secret, which I have tested to our hindrance. It is astonishing that people will continue to use articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a standard.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not the honesty to write on certificates, but will only notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely changing the name and name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your Restorative, and in every instance—some for baldness, gray hair, scalp sore, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp and head are cured to.

I could write you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. As a matter of convenience to me, please to Box No. 1620, will be prompted on receipt.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

RICHMOND, Ind., July 20, 1860.

DEAR SIR,—I feel you a statement that I (1) have used your Restorative for the last 18 months of Bloomington, and have found it to be all you claim. I am now over fifty years of age. For the twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and for the last ten years white and dry, stiff and unpliant. I had been using various certificates of the very beneficial effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed the most wonderful effects could be produced, without which no seventeen physician or medicine, I was induced to try it. I HAVE GREAT CONFIDENCE WHEREAFTER.

Orders by mail promptly attended do. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTESON'S Agency.

August 2, 1861. aug23d1y

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy for
RADICAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-
ED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEFEVE, wife from Nashville, Tenn., says: "The Bitters are prescribed by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance to the afflicted."

Dr. WM. M KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and always with the most favorable curse of population of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomfield, Davies Co., Ind., writes us: "I have used your bitters with success, and consider them the best medicine I have ever used for nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most nervous and prostrated. After using a few bottles I was completely restored, and do not now hesitate to say so."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was effectually cured of Dyspepsia of long standing, by the use of two bottles, and at the date of his letter he had been free from all symptoms of the disease for nearly a year.

Dr. BUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, in sections where Fever and Ague prevails, that the Sherry Wine Bitters is the most effectual remedy. In all cases of Fever and Ague, Dr. RICHARDSON'S Bitters from the Dr. RICHARDSON'S Bitters to the notice of the afflicted. They are a safe, sure and speedy remedy.

Only Agents we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally. aug24eow1y

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, containing sixteen unknown of anything else of the kind, and operating effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly flux in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also prevent obstructions, if taken just before each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This may seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 2000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure to relieve and eventually cure, without the least injury to health in any case.—It is put up in two sizes of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $5; Half Strength $3; Quarter Strength, $2 per bottle.

☞ *Explanatory circulars sent free. Inclosed expressly for UNPRIVATE ASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have failed to relieve in two, nine days it is warranted to rejuvenate* IN EVERY INSTANCE. *This medicine is not to be taken by females who are pregnant, as it will produce miscarriage.*

☞ BE AWARE OF IMITATIONS. None genuine unless signed on the outside wrapper by the proprietor, DR. S. MATTISON, 152 Fulton street, New York.

AGENTS FOR NEW ENGLAND STATES, No. 29 Exchange street Providence, R. I.

☞ Any person can become all doctors of a single dollar, by sending for DR. MATTISON'S regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, in which he gives plain directions for treating all diseases to suit constitutions, habits, &c., and how to cure them in the shortest time possible, at the least expense, and with the least exposure, to all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe. Patients from abroad will find it to their advantage to send for this book, as it will be forwarded to them, and at no extra charge for postage.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Ten Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid annually to Quacks and Impostors, in the United States, for medicines that do not cure. Now, to those who send for a book, and find that it is a humbug, they will be refunded, and those who do not, Nobody is credit on the books.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate statistics, and not conjectures.

This Company has now the large number of 7176 Policies in force, and an increase in the number of such assurances is now taking place greater than ever before, and which is the best evidence of the **principle of average, upon which all Life** Premiums are based. All friends of the institution must themselves perceive that the more policies connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the **advantages** offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of Giper cent. on all participating Lumber policies on Jan. 1st, 1861.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MYERS, Agent,
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THE Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the people of the world's Intelligence. It causes the lame foot to leap as an hart.

It unwinds the stiffened joints and sinews. It causes the lame right no longer to direct the footsteps of the owner. It is the friend of the blind. It has restored to sight the blind.

It takes the pain out of iron fin cricket when handled with its composition.

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It cleanses and calms the scaly of the scaldy head.

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It is a positive antidote to all poisonous bites.

It is soothing to sore eyes.

It is excellent to use and soothe.

It attracts and destroys inflammation, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

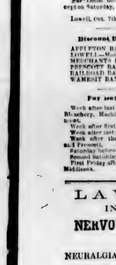
The curative may be rested that it will heal the sore, and the sufferer may be at rest. Try it and be convinced.

Sold by the sole proprietor and manufacturer,

H. S. HAYNES,
No. 21 Central and 21 Merrimack Street.

Lowell, June 3, 1861. ly

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 21 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR HALLET DAVIS & Co's celebrated Grand and Square Pianos. These Pianos have received the first premium over all other competitors at the late Fair of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, and at the Metropolitan makers' Piano Forte Exhibition, held at Boston, Sept. 1860. Also, Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let. Lowell, June 3, 1861. tuthly

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Cord and other articles, Repairing and Repairing Chairs for Glass

Limitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of

CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep26dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cases in every and Gold-mounting, Finishing, Tassels, &c., &c., at

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Pioneer Lead Works, Salem, Mass., warranted pure and of the best quality. Also, Red Lead, Litharge, Patent Yellow, Paint Grinders, Putty Bladders, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Block Tin Pipe, Solder, &c., &c. Orders promptly executed (by pipeline) pointer that he can work easier and to greater advantage than with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The subscriber would personally superintend the manufacture of this Lead, and has employed the Lead Business for many years, and has made many improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables him to furnish an article that cannot be surpassed.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be obtained of Manufacturers' prices from CHARLES S. COREEN, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Lowell.

sep27dtf

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Rogerson's Pearl Complexion or Bath of Beauty. Rogerson's Flower Lotion, Florida Water, Cologne, Cosmetic, Tooth Powder, Liquid Liquid White, Camphor Ice, Rogerson's Balm, for sale at S. RIDDEL, JR.'S, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

HOUSINE, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass Gold and Silver, Silver Plated Ware, Marble, &c.*—This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap, and* in every respect *safe*. It will remove grease and dirt in a few minutes, leaving the metal as bright as new. Prepared only by S. RIDDEL, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

mar29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

CARBOLIC SALVE.

For curing scaldy, just received at HAZEN'S Corner Hall Store, 47 Central st. sep26tf

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—a perfect and popular remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by KRIDDLE, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BOWLE AND DIRK KNIFE.

A large assortment of Bowie and Dirk Knives for sale by J. HAYNES & CO. oct1

Kidney's Liverone.

FOR cleansing Foul, Gloss, Bone, Gold, Silver, Tin, Ware, Marble, Paint, Glass, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient, cheap, and* in every respect *safe*. Fairy hour, after soiled, by the use will look as *fresh as new*. Prepared only by S. RIDDEL, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the Arms of Butler in relief—remarkable cheap. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 21 Central and 21 Merrimack Sts.

VINE PROTECTORS.

A excellent article. They not only protect the vine from insects, but from cold, and will increase the crop of fruit one third. With careful usage they will last for years. Just received and for sale by

H. S. HAYNES,
21 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

SOMETHING NEW!

Piney Fisk's Family Coal

REVELS the attention of the public to his establishment, A superior RANGE and GRATE COAL, which he offers for sale at his yard of BENNETT & RADCLIFF, corner Moody and Market streets.

Also, the celebrated TIOGA COAL, which stands in every respect at the head of the list of other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coal, for sale by the cargo or ton, at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Sifted and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Orders left at Williams' Periodical Depot will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1861. sep2dtf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CEDAR CHIPS for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by H. S. HAYNES,
21 Central and 21 Merrimack Street.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply of this valuable article, with Peruvian assortment. Every bag stamped with the Importers' Brand. For sale at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD,
may24 47 Merrimack street.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Tonsine, Silver Brush, Shaving, Gold Dollar, and a large variety of Fancy Soaps, for sale by S. RIDDEL, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages Boys' Hip Carts, Tip Carts, Tip Drays, Wheelbarrows, and Portable Folding Swings, which he offers for sale by wholesale and retail, very cheap at 43 Merrimack street.
sep17 tf

Country Knit Books and Mittens

Of extra quality, just received at HAZEN'S Corner Hall Store, 47 Central st. sep26tf

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

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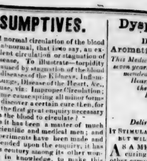

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
151 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,812,556 50
Dividends paid to date, 1,287,000 15
Losses paid, 2,421,985 35

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, which has proved unbounded popularity. The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and held by the Company in trust to direct its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:

It offers **unusual** security and advantages.

It possesses over **$1,500,000 Assets.**

Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate**, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It pays promptly honest losses and claims.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to insurance on human life.

It is **economical** in the management of its business.

It is **prompt** in the **payment of losses.**

It encourages economy, and in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. Dividends are declared annually, after five policy holders, may be paid one half in cash, and the other half in premium notes, or the whole in premium notes, which will be allowed to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid one Law premium.

The Company endeavors to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in cash, and who have New England Bank notes deducted, and those who take Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate statistics, and not conjectures.

This Company has now the large number of 7176 Policies in force, and an increase in the number of such assurances is now taking place greater than ever before, and which is the best evidence of the **principle of average, upon which all Life** Premiums are based. All friends of the institution must themselves perceive that the more policies connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the **advantages** offered.

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Sold by the sole proprietor and manufacturer,

H. S. HAYNES,
No. 21 Central and 21 Merrimack Street.

Lowell, June 3, 1861. ly

PIANO FORTES.

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NO. 21 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR HALLET DAVIS & Co's celebrated Grand and Square Pianos. These Pianos have received the first premium over all other competitors at the late Fair of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, and at the Metropolitan makers' Piano Forte Exhibition, held at Boston, Sept. 1860. Also, Piano Fortes and Melodeons to let. Lowell, June 3, 1861. tuthly

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,
BUTTER COOLERS,
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
SCARF PINS, STUDS, SCISSORS, KNIVES, RAZORS
RAZOR STRAPS, POCKET BOOKS,
PERFUMERY, PERFUMED SOAPS,
ENVIES, POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Groups and Single.

HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 15, 1860. dtf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to R. H. SHEPHERD,)
No. 21 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,

Only Manufacturers in Lowell of
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,
Also, Canes, Parasols and Canes,
Trimming, Repairing and Covering done in the best manner and at the shortest notice.

Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857, First exclusively to RUGG & GRIFFITH, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, an extensive assortment of CHERRY and other PIANO FORTES, from the well known manufactory of CHICKERING & SONS, Boston.

Also, the Piano Fortes of HALLET DAVIS & Co., Boston, which received the first premium over all other competitors at the late Fair of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, Union Pianos, Melodeons, Accordeons, Flute Instruments, Violins, Violin Strings, Guitars, Flageolets, Fifes, Drums, Tambourines, and fancy articles of every description. Sheet music and sheet music books.

Lowell, June 3, 1861. tuthly

BININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN
A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778)
Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, distilled from the choicest Malt and Juniper Berries, Professors and the Faculty, having superseded the so called "Gins," Schnapps, &c., now known as "Medicated," "Schnapps," &c., is now imitated by all the principal Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and confectioners, in presenting all of those in which the public have confidence, and to which belong to us and our Trade Mark. Put up in Quart bottles, Pints, Half Pints, and Flasks.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
No. 19 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold in Lowell by J. HAYNES & CO.
jy31 tThSSatly

Fresh Fruits all the Year.

THE YEOMAN'S FRUIT BOTTLE.

IT possesses many important advantages over other Glass Jars now in use, among which are the following:

First. It is made of glass, and without metal joints and possess the fruit; and being transparent, the contents can be seen at a glance, which is believed to be a very desirable feature, as no one likes to buy fruit unless they see what they are getting.

Second. They are more readily sealed up so as to keep the contents in any climate, Cal. or Labrador.

Third. The shape of the neck is such that the cork cannot be forced in by the atmospheric pressure in it, caused by the cooking and consequent contraction of the fruit in the bottle.

Fourth. They are cheaper than any other Glass Jar in use. Fifth. They are the only other Glass Jar in use. Fifth. They are the only other Glass Jar brought before the public, and so CHEAP, as to be within the reach of all.

Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES 43 Merrimack street.
sep27

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,
WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.

A child can operate it.

It is noiseless.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It will sweep a room in less than half the time it does not injure the carpet.

It picks up lint and grit that a broom will not. It sweeps hooks and forwards and makes little or no noise.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or a child can, and sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It also cleans mattings, oil cloths, &c., &c. Also the damage and nuisance of the dust that accumulates in sweeping.

It is the cheapest article in a sick room without annoyance to the patient.

It is the cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

Call and see the perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

Sold by H. HAYNES,
21 Central and 21 Merrimack street.
sep2 2w

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares, and for cleaning Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c.* For sale by *Dunn Paint, Window Glass and Carriage Bead Tape*, 3 in beautiful. Try it.

Sold by S. RIDDEL, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that too say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Lungs, Hisease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause arises all kinds of disease. To discover a certain cure for disease, the first step is to enquire into the cause, and the next to remove it.

For centuries it has been a matter of much study and many experiments, and medical men, and many experimenters have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left to this century and to the other hemisphere to discover the knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also,

A Vegetable Balsam that life is the gift of the Creator, and that in Him we live, move and have our being. We will only mention those and that as the climate more in consumption, as all curable life is generated by certain absorption, and consumption by certain absorption, and consumption by certain absorption, and consumption

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, November 15, 1861.

THE UNION FEELING IN VIRGINIA. It is unquestionably quite clear that the facts in relation to the capture of Beaufort by the United States fleet, are kept, as much as possible, from the southern rebel soldiers. But there is some gratification in a fact that has caused us no little chagrin heretofore: the loyal papers, containing the truth, are sure to find their way over the line, as they have at other times, when containing matters that we should rather not have had laid before the rebels. The policy of misrepresenting the Administration, and its purposes, the disposition of the North and its feeling toward the South, in spite of proclamations and statements to the contrary, have been wholly kept from the Southern soldiery and the masses of the people, for the reason that if the truth was known, the rebellion would be limited to its leaders. Many of the exaggerated statements of the Southern prints have been published at the North, and we all know how grossly we have been misrepresented. But, with all the vigilance of the rebel leaders the truth has not been entirely suppressed, and there are yet true men in the rebel States —even in Eastern Virginia. We believe it, and we also believe that the late occurrence at Port Royal will have a most glorious effect in every community where the tyranny of the rebel leaders has not completely crushed the true-hearted.

We do not know how much reliance is to be placed upon a rumor that has got abroad within a few days, but if it is true, we may look for important intelligence from the other side of the rebel lines soon. The *Boston Transcript*, a day or two ago, was furnished with an extract of a letter written by an intelligent soldier in the Naval Brigade, at Fortress Monroe, under date of the 11th, as follows :—"This morning news reached here that three thousand soldiers of the rebel army had mutinied at Norfolk, and, with most of the citizens, had determined to fight for the Union under the old gridiron. In confirmation of this intelligence a Norfolk woodman, of the United States, a tugboat, reports that the guns and stripes were flying gloriously from Pig Point, opposite Newport News, where the rebels have for a long time had a form dable battery."

We hope this may prove to be correct; it will show that light is really penetrating the darkness which has for so long a time completely enveloped us. Once started, the reaction in the rebel States will spread like prairie-fire, and there will be no "insurance" on the rebels.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER FROM THE SOUTHERN COAST. From a private letter received this morning, from a person on board the United States Flag Ship "Wabash," now at Hilton's Head, Port Royal, South Carolina, we make the following extracts. The letter is dated the 9th inst.

Some of the fancy guns were fired to-day, but the letter will nevertheless prove of interest.—

"I take this opportunity to inform you that we have hoisted the stars and stripes in South Carolina. The fleet attacked this place on the morning of the 8th at 9 o'clock, and at 3.30, P. M., the enemy evacuated their forts, and fled to the woods, leaving behind everything. The officers left their swords, pistols, watches, money and clothing. The forts were very strong, and the rebels made their boast that they had all of our graves dug; but they lied. Commodore Tatnall was there, and told the troops that if we attempted to enter the port he would sink us, with his one round; and also that if they were taken prisoners the Yankees would murder them all. Our loss was eight killed and twenty wounded. We do not know as to the exact loss of the enemy, but I think that it was not less than a hundred. We found beads, logs, and arms, scattered in every direction, when we took the place. Gen. Sherman at once landed with 15,000 troops. There is an inland passage from here to Charleston and Savannah, navigable for our gunboats; so that we can get to either city without passing the forts.

We had a very heavy gale after leaving Hampton Roads; and three steamers belonging to the expedition were wrecked. I think we have taken some of the conceit out of the "seceshers" this time. They said if we came to South Carolina we would not have a Hatteras affair; and that was true; the Hatteras affair has been considerably improved on."

TAXATION IN ROYALTON. A correspondent of the *Clinton Courant*, says there are eighteen citizens of said Royalston who declared themselves in favor of the South and secession, and have in their possession a cannon and other firearms. The smallest souls, in our opinion, are God's footstool, can be found in the unworthy bodies of men, who, at this time, in the light of the facts before the world, side with the rebels of the South. We have no patience with such men. They are less excusable than the traitors themselves, and Fort Warren is a mere altogether too good for them.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS UNDER THE LAW—In three lectures, delivered in Boston, January, 1861. By Caroline H. Dall. Author of "Woman's Right to Labor," "Historical Pictures Re-touched," &c. Boston: Walker, Wise & Co., No. 245 Washington Street. 1861.

To very many this neat little volume will be a source of much interest. The writer of the lectures it embraces in a woman of many accomplishments; she has thoroughly studied the subject she has taken up, and most intelligibly has she discussed it. Her volume is dedicated "to the friends of a law broken throughout the world, because the lives of such women are the legitimate result of the spirit of the law." Her three lectures, all the ideas of which of course will not be accepted by many of her readers, will nevertheless well repay the perusal of the philanthropist and humanitarian. The volume may be obtained at Mrs. C. H. Eaton's (Franklin Bookstore) No. 115 Central Street.

WAR NEWS, &c.

From Washington and Eastern Virginia.—The report that the rebel forces on the lower Potomac had diminished proves untrue. On Monday Gen. Hooker estimated their number opposite his headquarters at 9000. Two scouts who went on Monday evening near Shipping Point to converse with the rebels, report that ten lines of camp fires can be seen between Quantico and Chapawamsic Creeks, a distance of a mile and a half. Generals Halleck and Boul have left Washington for their commands in Missouri and Kentucky. Both are fully possessed of the plans and policy of the Administration and of the Commander-in-Chief. The rebels are reported to be making arrangements for a retreat in case of an attack from Gen. McClellan.

It is stated that Secretary Chase intends appointing a Collector for Port Beaufort, as the Government will make it a port of entry.

Secretary Cameron has declared that soldiers shall not be used as slave catchers, and Army officers will not be permitted to engage in the business or order subordinates to catch or retain fugitives.

A reconnoitering party went four miles inland from Matthias Point and surprised three rebels, two of whom were shot.—They discovered a force of rebels who refused to offer them battle. Our troops returned to their encampment on the Maryland shore without the loss of a man. Subsequently they discovered that at Boyd's Hole, only a few miles below, the rebels have a battery of six heavy guns, which, it is believed, our force would have taken had they been aware of the fact.

Kentucky. The latest news from the Piketon battle is that 400 were killed and from 2000 to 4000 taken prisoners. Col. Williams (rebel) was shot through the head and Capt. Howes captured. The rout was complete and the whole of Williams' forces will probably be taken in the mountain gorges.

Matters in Tennessee. Several more bridges have been burnt by the Union men to prevent the progress of the rebels. A gentleman just from East Tennessee reports great excitement in consequence. It was evidently a preconcerted plan. The rebels were very heavy and will cause great inconvenience and delay. Matters in East Tennessee are regarded in a critical condition, and much anxiety is felt among the rebels for the safety of Zollicoffer's rebel army.

Southern threats. The Norfolk *Day Book* of the 12th, has the following dis patch from Richmond :—

Col. Corcoran, three captains and eighteen lieutenants, all captured at Manassas, have been selected by lots to be hung as retribution in case of the hanging of the captain and crew of the Southern privateer Savannah. Mr. Ely drew lots for Col. Corcoran, who is now imprisoned in Richmond. In case the court at New York had condemned the crew of the Savannah to death, Miss Frederic Grimke, who would have been immediately hung.

The *Charleston Mercury* of the 10th says the Yankee prisoners in South Carolina are all in jail, where they will abide the issue of the war for our privateersmen. Should one drop of southern blood be shed by the northern courts, for defending the South on the seas, it will be paid with interest in Charleston; self-protection and the endowment of the laws of the nations and humanity alike require in this instance full and ample retaliation.

THE MEANS WITH WHICH TO CARRY ON THE WAR. The Secretary of the Treasury, in addition to the one hundred and fifty million loan negotiated with the banks, has about $175,000,000 of the United States six per cent. bonds, under the act of July 17th, 1861, which authorized him to "issue $250,000,000, or so much thereof as he may deem necessary, in coupon bonds, registered bonds, or treasury notes; the bonds not to be issue over 7 per cent. semi-annual, and irredeemable for twenty years, and after that period redeemable at the pleasure of the United States, and the treasury notes at 7.30 per cent. per annum, semi-annually." There are capitalists in Europe who have already offered for all our bonds a liberal premium, so that Mr. Chase feels assured that he can get all the money he will need to carry our country through this crisis. The expenditures of the treasury average, in one month, a million a day; but, it should be remembered, that there is no end in sight in all the time, and the expenditures include the redemption of treasury notes, as well as their exchange. The custom duties have brought in, in September and October, some $3,500,000, and $5,350,000 in that time has been exchanged for 7.30 per cent. treasury notes. The funded debt of the United States increased in seventy-two days from the first of September to the eleventh of November only $50,430,-000. Considering that those days covered a period of most thoroughly abnormal expenditure, the outlay of $700,000 per day is a very frugal management.

TELEGRAPHING TO CALIFORNIA. The Pacific telegraph being now completed, the whole continuous stretch of telegraph wire across this continent, between Cape Race on the east and San Francisco on the west, is now about five thousand miles. Its extremities comprise seventy degrees of longitude, making a difference in time of more than four and a half hours. The agent at Cape Race might send a dispatch forward at set of sun, and the news reach San Francisco while that luminary was still above the horizon. If a dispatch (says the *New York Sun*) were instantaneously sent over the whole line, it would reach San Francisco a year, according to the clocks of the city, about three hours and fifteen minutes before the time at which it left New York, according to the clocks there. Thus a dispatch sent from New York at the high business hour of 10 1-2 A. M., would arrive in San Francisco before the man to whom it was addressed was out of bed; while a dispatch started from New York in the edge of the evening would find the same man up to his neck in business.

SENSATION PARAGRAPHS. The papers last night contained several extracts from the Southern papers, of a sensation character—emphatically so. One of these was embraced in a telegraphic dispatch, dated Augusta, Ga., November 11th. It stated that a report had been circulated in that city for some days, "that black flags have been hoisted at Savannah, Charleston and other points on the coast, which indicate that no quarters will be given to the invaders and none be asked." This is very terrible. It is probable that "Old Abe" will at once recall his "minions."

There is something else that is quite as awful look. The *Norfolk Day Book* has the following advertisement:—

"Attention! Hottlesnakes, charge with full poison, and be prepared to strike! We find many subjects in this town who must receive the force of our venom. Call early at the hole and bear the big snake. Little snakes, keep your eyes open, and bring in the list of those unfriendly to our holy cause. By order of the Big Rattle, No. 2."

A shell or two from some of Uncle Sam's boys, thrown into the "hole" of the "big snake," may open the eyes of the "little snakes" in a manner not very agreeable to themselves. Secesh is getting aroused.

A SENSIBLE REMARK. It is one of Gen. McClellan's very best points that he does not waste words. A pleasant thing is told of him in this respect, in connection with the torchlight procession which recently took place in Washington :—

"Neither the vastness of the crowd of the audacity of the torchlight procession could extract a speech from the reticent soldier in chief. He simply appeared in front of his residence, bowed once or twice, and retired. To a private friend of his who urged him to speak to the people with a speech, he replied : 'There is nothing for me to say now—days, and not quite enough of action. Six months, and then if the multitude demand a speech from me I will try to gratify their wish.'"

A REGIMENT FROM VERMONT. The Vermont Legislature has passed a bill authorizing Major General Butler to raise a regiment in that State to be attached to his command, to be organized according to the rules of the War Department, and to be armed, equipped and subsisted at the expense of the Federal Government. The regiment so raised is to have the same privilege as the State troops—each member receiving $13 per month in addition to pay from the United States.

A CHILSON'S NEW PARLOR STOVE." We copy the following article from the *Boston Journal*, the editor of which is personally acquainted with the writer, who is in entirely reliable, and is in no way interested in the sale of the stove which he so highly commends :—

A GOOD STOVE. *To the Editor of the Boston Journal* :—How to secure the greatest comfort in cold weather with the least consumption of fuel, is an important question to many families at this season of the year. It may be a favor to many of the readers of the *Journal* to have a bit of real experience on this matter. I have recently purchased for a trifle the slightest pecuniary interest in the office of Chilson's New Parlor Stove which was in want of some means of warming a parlor, and resolved to take time and satisfy myself by a careful inspection. I took pencil and paper about the city, examined different patterns of stoves, and the advantages of each set forth as the very *best* in the market. Having some knowledge of the laws of heat and its diffusion, and air, which is properly warming and ventilating a room, I exercised my own judgment, and without fear or favor or hesitation selected and paid for Chilson's New Parlor Stove. There were other good stoves somewhat resembling it, but in substantial construction, beautiful design, and important improvements, I judged this to surpass all others I had seen. I have had it in use for one year, and can testify of its excellence from actual experience. The quantity of coal consumed was less than one-half the usual amount of heat generated. The fire was kept burning day and night all winter. The ashes were easily removed in a very short time. It was easily regulated, so as to produce the desired heat from a low fire in the severe cold of winter or the milder weather of spring and autumn, and it maintained an agreeable degree of warmth. This improvement in ventilation and a circulation of air in the room.

A peculiar and valuable feature in this stove is an arrangement for warming the floor. Every part of the room is always that which is nearest the floor, for being the heaviest, it settles the lowest. To breathe pure air and warm atmosphere is a most important point, and to effect this, the above improvement has generated it made to pass through the lowest part of the stove next to the floor, and thus to warm the atmosphere that is next our feet where the heat is most wanted.

Such was my appreciation of this stove, that I have this fall purchased another of the same kind, except that it has an oven and boiler attached, specially adapting it to a dining room, and which is an admirable arrangement. This improvement has been added the past summer, and increases its value to those families who sometimes find such an arrangement in a dining-room to be a matter of convenience and comfort.

Thus much I have said as a voluntary and unbought testimony to the skill and ingenuity of Mr. Chilson, who deserves a favorable notice for the substantial benefits he has conferred on the public. It will also be a favor to any who may be inclined to make trial of Chilson's New Parlor Stove, to say that I have no kind of interest and be satisfied with their choice.

The stove to which the above communication refers, is for sale in this city by Bailey & Jackson Street.

ARMY MITTENS. Persons engaged in knitting mittens for the Sailors' Aid Association will find the following directions convenient many the size a few stitches :

Cast twenty-six stitches on each needle. Rib two inches two and two. Commence the thumb by taking two stitches as before, and knitting two stitches between those two seam stitches. Knit three rounds between each widening until you have twenty; take those twenty off for the thumb, make twelve stitches, then decrease one at other corners of the hand, and end of the twelve until only twelve of the increased stitches remain.—Knit a little more than an inch plain.—Now for the finger: take off twenty stitches, make twelve, and knit the same as at the thumb; knit about an inch and a half plain, then narrow every sixth stitch; knit six rounds, then every fifth, and five rounds and so on. Then take up the finger, narrow to twenty-nine stitches, make the finger a little shorter than the mitten; now the thumb, reducing the stitches to thirty."

CITY AND COUNTY.

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 21 Queen Street. Inquire at No. 41 Branch, corner of Queen st. November 14, 1861. nov14dtf

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Maryland,
Map of the Slaves Southern States.

The above named Maps are published being drawn from actual surveys recently represent the Southern country. The above are for sale at the General Depot Office, 102 Merrimack Street, opposite the Merrimack House, and also at the Bookstore of S. H. Foster. nov12

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at allonable prices, at reasonable prices, is at SITTREDGE'S, 18 Middle st. nov6dtf

WANTED,

A convenient tenement suitable for a small family without children. One in the vicinity of Chapel Hill preferred. Apply at this office. October 15, 1861. oct21tf

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses in the Cartmon wealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1861 to June 30, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application in the Clerk Garrison's office, Lowell. S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk. oct31dtf

MILK BOOKS,

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

A PLEASANT REUNION. The annual gathering of the members of the First Universalist Society took place at the house of their pastor, Rev. Mr. Twiss, last evening. The pastor and his wife having been properly disposed of, the ladies of the company took possession of the dining room and in due time a large table, or rather a union of tables, was groaning with the contributions of the visitors. The company having done justice to the "fatness of the land," it was discovered that it was the twelfth anniversary of an event when the pastor entered the fold himself to be a union man in practice as well as profession, "tin wedding" rarely happening more than once in a man's life, it was thought best to celebrate it; and through the generosity of the friend of the pastor, from the agency of E. A. Alger, Esq., Mrs. Twiss found herself the owner of a nice set of furs. The present was presented with a pitcher, and the little dame, not to be outdone with a cup, the supposition being that they were made of tin, but a close inspection showed them to be of silver—whether designedly or through a mistake, we leave our readers to judge. The affair was well arranged and passed off pleasantly, reflecting much credit upon the members of the society, and tending to their high appreciation of their pastor's worth.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Morton, J.* Willard Lucas, of Waltham, an old case, was sentenced to the State Prison two years and six months.

Thomas Caroline, of Lowell, liquor nuisance, sentenced to pay $40.

Michael O'Connell, of Waltham, for keeping liquors with intent to sell, sentenced to pay $20 and costs.

Michael Cleaman, of Brighton, for selling liquor without license, sentenced to the House of Correction to hard labor in solitary confinement, eighteen days.

James Ford, of Cambridge, for aiding prisoners to escape from jail, of which he was a member, sentenced to the House of Correction three months.

Nicholas McKenney, of Lowell, for breaking and entering; sentenced to the House of Correction, eighteen months.

James Ford, of Cambridge, for aiding prisoners to escape from jail, of which he was a member, sentenced to the House of Correction three months.

William G. Gordon, of Tyngsboro', indicted for breaking and entering a meetinghouse, was on trial to-day. The facts of this case, as we have learned them, are as follows. A charitable society of ladies in Tyngsboro', called the "Ladies Circle," fitted up at considerable expense the basement of the Universalist Meeting House there for their own use, and have occupied it for several years. One or two of the proprietors of the house have, within the last year or two, taken a notion to occupy the hall, and at times have barricaded the door. The defendant, at the request of the officers of the Circle broke the door down to enable the members to hold a regular meeting in their own hall, and for this he is indicted and is now being tried. It is shown that the members of the Circle have by their own exertions, carpeted the hall, and at times have painted it up, and have spent much money in procuring preaching and meeting there. This improvement has been added the past summer, and increases its value to those families who sometimes find such an arrangement in a dining-room to be a matter of convenience and comfort.

The case was decided in favor of the defendant.

PRESENTATION OF A SWORD. Lieut. N. Kidd, of Co. H, Ferris' company (Boy State Rifles) at Camp Chase, was presented last evening, in behalf of the company, with a regulation sword, sash and belt.—Speeches were made and remarks was made by private John M. Campbell, to which the recipient briefly responded. It was a complete surprise to Lieut. Kidd. The sword may be seen at still-to-correct sight, at the store of J. Raynes & Son, of which it was procured.

E. B. Patch & Co., will sell at office, to-morrow morning, a large lot of furniture, stoves, housekeeping goods, &c.; also at 11 o'clock two piano fortes, one a splendid sven octave, four round corners, in rose-wood case with superior tone and action and cost last spring $400. The other in mahogany case and good tone and action.

We understand that Capt. J. G. Peabody was summoned, by a telegraphic dispatch, to Fortress Monroe, a few days since, to see one of his sons, who is at that place, dangerously ill of typhoid fever.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Sarah A. Harriman, a stubborn and disobedient child, was sent to the House of Correction for four months.

EXHIBITION BY THE YOUNG MEN'S IMPROVEMENT SOCIETY. The exhibition of the Young Men's Improvement Society, at Jackson Hall, last evening, was attended by a large and select audience. The young ladies of the High School and High School Cadets, were present by invitation. The exercises were conducted in a manner which reflected credit upon the members of the society. Many of the parts upon the programme were excellently rendered. Would be, parties invidious to particularize, yet it can do no one injustice to mention that the declaiming by Henry A. Wogpster, of Tewksbury, and Stephen H. King, of Lowell, was very fine. Gov. D. Hayes of this city, also read very acceptably an original essay—a spirited production, which certainly is worthy of commendation, and through the efforts of others may have been striking and creditable. A fine glee club was present, and contributed much toward making the exhibition successful. This Society was organized last winter, and is composed principally of members and ex-members of the High School.

We were reminded of the times when our forefathers were young and having far less to distract and divert the mind, were wont to form societies like this, for mutual improvement. In these societies many of our greatest men, first learned their powers, and first began to be great. A good education, in too many minds, lies dormant through the whole life. It is in just such associations as these, that the inactive resources of the mind are called forth and put to practical service. The history of such men as Gov. Banks of our State affords an excellent commentary upon the usefulness of such societies.

The exercises of last evening, as we have already intimated, were interesting and highly creditable to those who participated in them, and we feel most heartily thankful to the members of the High School for their previous amusements which allure and moralize the young men of a city, we have among us so large a class who daily spend their leisure hours in the noble sport of pure intellectual improvement. These are the young men who are, in future years, to occupy a broader and higher stage in the affairs of our community and government.

SOON NEWS. We learn from good authority that the Boston Water Corporation, in this city, is making arrangements to start up its works. Work will be commenced in the engraving shop next Monday, and the machinists in the rooms will be put in operation as soon as the water can get ready, so that probably nearly all the works will be running in three or four weeks. This will be good news to hundreds of our citizens. As most of the other corporations are somewhat influenced by the Merrimack, it is to be expected that some of those which are idle or wholly idle will soon follow in its train. We hope so, at least.

SALARIES OF THE TEACHERS. The quarterly salaries of the teachers of the public schools will be as follows :

The following amounts are payable to the teachers of the different schools :—

High School,	$1,399 00
Bartlett School,	921 84
Broadway School,	812 35
Moody School,	843 75
Franklin School,	456 25
Colburn School,	679 69
Wood School,	427 90
Varnum School,	551 20
Lowell Latin School,	906 65
Writing Professor,	250 00
Assistants in Grammar Schools Nos. 1 and 2, @$50 each,	200 00
60 Primary Schools,	3,410 15
Total,	$9,877 35

ACCIDENTS. Yesterday afternoon, while Mr. Woodward and boy were in a team driving down Middlesex Street, the harness became frightened and ran against a stone post throwing both out and injuring Mr. Woodward on the back and head. He was taken up senseless and conveyed home. He is better this morning though still confined to his bed.

At noon, to-day a little girl, living on Whipple Street, carelessly run against a passing team and was knocked down, and slightly injured. It was a narrow escape, the girl narrowly missing under the horse's feet and between the wheels of the wagon.

THE CONCERT. Our readers will bear in mind that the grand concert advertised to be given by the principal vocalists of the New York Academy of Music, takes place this evening, at Huntington Hall.—The names of Hinkley, Susini, Brignoli, and the others, insure the first and highest order of musical talent—such as it is seldom found except in the cities. The grounds taken by the complainants we have not learned. The case was decided in favor of the defendant.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 14.

8 Boston and Worcester Railroad,		89
10 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad		108
70 Boston and Maine Railroad		108
50 Boston and Providence Railroad		79
4 Metropolitan Horse Railroad		41
10 Fitchburg Railroad		81 1-4
5 Fitchburg Railroad		80 1-4
1 Stark Mills		103 1-4
		104

N. J. WIER & CO.,

108 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The many hundreds of the above now in use in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the **NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE**, of which it is sufficient to say—that it is constructed on the same principles as the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates equally well for cooking purposes and ventilation. *The Air may be kept in the Oven* at any desired heat, thus saving the labor and expense of keeping a fire in the parlor.

The public are invited to call and examine these Stoves, at the Warerooms, 108 Merrimack Street, and the Steam Fund & Co.'s Superior Cooking Range, recently at the Industrial rates, at reasonable prices. nov14

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1845.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on renewing January 1860 to 1861, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen,	Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Cushing,	John Avery,
Arthur F. Bonney,	Walter Wright,
Andrew T. Bancroft,	Chas. H. Morse,
Prescott Bartlett,	Henry E. Howe,
Edward Brooks,	Silas M. Read.

Almon A. Miner, Treasurer.
Benjamin E. Bates, Secretary.

Boston Executive Committee.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) Merrimack Street, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 21, '61.—tf

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies will insure property as follows: other property, $2.50 per cent. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and SCHOOLS, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office of

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,

No. 2 Prescott Block, opp. Middle st. Lowell. Oct. 1, 1861. oct1dtf

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.

Successor to the late A. F. RICHMOND.

April 30, 1861. ap30dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice and have used it for the last two years, and have tested, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to say to the public that it is the best material ever offered to the profession. It is not rubber every other article now in use, there are many reasons why it is the best material ever introduced, many cases it is growing in the popular favor—and many persons are using it who have used other articles, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best material ever offered to the profession, but they can say that it is the best article of Teeth in the market, and of others, that are now in use. Rooms 2 and 6 Savings Bank Building. nov13

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is especially in all cases of Female Complaint no matter of long or shattered those normal irregularities to which the female system is subject, these Pills are unfailing.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS prepared from the prescription of Dr. CHEESEMAN, Physician to the Hospital, Paris, have been used for the last twenty years successfully in an extensive practice, and have never been known to fail in the cure of any case of the above complaints, whether arising from ordinary causes or the periodical discharges, whether arising from cold, constitutional debility, or from any cause in removing the pains that accompany difficult menstruation, they are unequalled, and in all cases of Female Weakness, Pain in the Back, Side, and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervousness, Hysterics, Blues, Whites, Obstructions, Irregularities, and all dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the system, these Pills are the *Greatest Boon and Blessing* ever offered to suffering females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe means of removing interrupted menstruation.

LADIES should never be without them.

Every case on consultation of the Female system on which DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS will not effect a speedy and REGULAR RESULT. The medicine referred to in the following Certificate is DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. It is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the female system to a healthy condition, and thus to be a productive power of nature's normal result of.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are sold by all the principal druggists throughout the United States and Canada. Ask for Dr. Cheeseman's Pills, and take no other.

Sent on receipt of $1 in a plain envelope, to any address, by DR. CHEESEMAN, No. 67 Canal Street, New Orleans, La. Sold by Dr. J. C. ELLIS, 197 Hanover, New York. Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per box. Post Office Box, 4586.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye.

All others are more imitations, and should be avoided. The Genuine is signed

GREY, RED OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural BROWN or BLACK, without injury to the hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to the inventor, and over TWO MILLION of $2.00 applications have been made to the hair of the public during the past year.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off, nor will the hair be rendered not injurious to the hair, however long it may be applied, but leaves it soft and beautiful. The genuine has the name of WM. A. BATCHELOR on the side of the steel spring by which it is properly applied at No. 16 Astor House, New York.

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor, New York," on the side of the steel spring, on the back of each box.

Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St., Late 233 Broadway, New York. 1yr

CAUTION!

The subscribers, Executors of the true will of the late **FRANKLIN USAL**, deceased, hereby caution the public against Mr. W. R. LIVINGSTON, advertise Franklin Usal.

Any one who has this method of continuing the public deception, will be prosecuted according to law.

The genuine Franklin Usal is sold by the Agents, and by no other person, and can be had by neither sold or shipped over the United States.

WM. H. MORRIS, Executors.
REMINGTON & HENRY.

Delaware City Delaware, October 1, 1861. oct15dtf

WAR HAS COME

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

Dear Sir,—Your Golden Salve is in great demand. It has been taken by soldiers as a necessary article in their knapsacks, and has proved a blessing to many from long soldiers' marches, sore throat, lameness caused by exposure, &c.

Besides being the best family Salve in use for sores, scalds, burns, chilblains, &c., it is a certain cure for piles, spinal diseases, rheumatism, felons, and all kinds of humors. It is peculiarly adapted to the Army, and many physicians appreciate its value.

The Golden Salve is made only by C. F. WHITTEN, Lowell.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Rights for Ossipee, for the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Golden Salve. 1 may12dtf

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

Sent by mail, post paid, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two stamps.

Sent as per mail in a plain envelope, to any address, free of charge, on receipt of 25 cents, or 26 postage stamps, by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, 4586. 1yr

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CAUTION!

The subscribers, Executors of the true will of the late **FRANKLIN USAL**, deceased, hereby caution the public against Mr. W. R. LIVINGSTON, advertise Franklin Usal.

Any one who has this method of continuing the public deception, will be prosecuted according to law.

The genuine Franklin Usal is sold by the Agents, and by no other person, and can be had by neither sold or shipped over the United States.

WM. H. MORRIS, Executors.
REMINGTON & HENRY.

Delaware City Delaware, October 1, 1861. oct15dtf

WAR HAS COME

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

Dear Sir,—Your Golden Salve is in great demand. It has been taken by soldiers as a necessary article in their knapsacks, and has proved a blessing to many from long soldiers' marches, sore throat, lameness caused by exposure, &c.

Besides being the best family Salve in use for sores, scalds, burns, chilblains, &c., it is a certain cure for piles, spinal diseases, rheumatism, felons, and all kinds of humors. It is peculiarly adapted to the Army, and many physicians appreciate its value.

The Golden Salve is made only by C. F. WHITTEN, Lowell.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Rights for Ossipee, for the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Golden Salve. 1 may12dtf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, C. Nesmith, L. G. Hows, | D. Hadley, H. Hadley, Jr. New York. | A. Richardson, Jas. T. Sherwood

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

Mutual Fire Insurance Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings and Stores only, and the Premium Notes are for one year from made in this class. The assessments for losses and expenses in this class for the year ending Nov. 1, 1861, amount to $1.00 per $100, and the amount of $116,179.33. The attention of insurers is called to the fact that the Company has a cash capital of $200,000, invested. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated by a satisfactory adjustment of loss.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $200,000, invested in the best securities, on which a large dividend has been declared, and will be paid on and after January 1st, 1862.

Applications for insurance may be left at the office of the Company, or with the Agents in Lowell, Boston, Fall River, Manchester, Nashua, Lawrence, Haverhill, Salem, Lynn, Portland, or Bangor, or with the Agents in other towns.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office of the Company in Lowell.

C. B. COBURN, President.
C. NESMITH, Secretary. oct1dtf

E. P. SHERMAN, Surveyor and Treasurer, Lowell, July 15, 1861. jy16tf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

AT ALL KINDS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to purchase your Furs, as we have received a large stock of Rich, New and Fashionable Furs, which we have been fortunate enough to purchase at such prices that we have been enabled to manufacture and sell them at such low prices as will astonish all who call and examine our stock. Our stock consists in part of Sable Sets, Mink Sets, Fitch Sets, Furs, cash for manufacturing and keep a better assortment of Furs than any other house in this city. Furs taken in exchange for Furs or good as cash.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing of Furs, and repairing by experienced Furriers in the store, at short notice. BASCOM'S,

No. 166 Merrimack St., Lowell. oct15tf

Washington Coal.

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quickly,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
Contains less ash,
Than any other free burning coal. And the only place in Lowell to get it is at the yard of WHAT F. Western Avenue, and of our agent, LOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell. may14dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Oxford Hat

BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE.

47 Central st.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of LUCINDA LESSLIE, late of Troy, in the State of New Hampshire, deceased, and has taken upon herself the trust by giving bonds, as the law direct

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

G. J. Wood, Esq.,—*Dear Sir*,—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced to use, my hair was falling thin, and to least one-third gray. The application stopped the falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been any at this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued to use it by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever remained healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not hesitate to declare that no one will be at any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at the late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful cures brought out the Union. I have received my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects to my customers. In several instances I have met with people that have not announced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, or had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles so-called advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, and I am astonishing the people will patronize an article of the reputation when there is one of such long standing as has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, and in several several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, others for a dry, scaly head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but was informed you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1726, St. Louis Post Office, will be answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES S. WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR,—I feel very happy to state that this year we resolved to be the landlord of an inn—a tavern—Bloomington, and have been for the last two years, and during that time I have had a very bad case of scrofula on my head, which became worse and worse every year, notwithstanding the use of still and different remedies. I had recommendations of the very highest character, also Circulars giving full information, and there was no reason before that truth in them, nevertheless, I was determined to make a trial of it, and ordered it according to original directions. PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

In short, I soon found it would make the experiment, commenced using it, and in the course of four months, or one dollar and one-half worth, I was discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tighter set, and a radical change taking place in the scalp. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles, and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man, and as I had in my youthful days, which are in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and in such a short time, and as easily as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Taylor, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe Co., Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by mere panegyric. In our own vicinity it is extensively purchased, and we believe in every case witnessed, gives perfect satisfaction as an agent in the redevelopment of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine *nostrums* which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Sun.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative has come extensive employment, and guarantees to the hair the same. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these assertions, some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unexceptionable character. Don't eye till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Store Journal.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of publishing every new discovery, for in nine cases out of ten they are worthless; but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article, for we have found it anything else but a humbug. We have used the article ourself, and can say that it restores the hair to its original color. Where the head is entirely bald it will cause a fine growth to appear, the use of this article will prevent a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore with pleasure we publish for the benefit of those afflicted with baldness so to effectually eradicate dandruff, and make the hair thick, which operates so prejudicial to the hair. It also has exercise properties in relation to destroying the scurvy, scaly, pimples and other disfigurements of the skin about the face when it is used. There is no humbug attaching to the trial of this remedy, and its effects prove the beneficial; as we have proved it. It does not cause a manifest improvement, is immediately doing harm, as we can testify from our own knowledge.—*Boston Traveller, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE DOCTOR.—If our capacity as reproducer of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of a patent, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and infallible in its operation, with what justice we leave to our readers to determine. In one instance, however—that of Prof. Wood's Restorative—we are so well assured of the truth the qualities of the article, that we can give our endorsement as all that its inventor and owner claims it to be. Certain it is that the old gray of hair is universally known to be natural. Time or grease or exhausted health are the only crop wherever applied. Our own theory, unfortunately healthy, has never called for the use of it, consequently we can only talk to the Restorative.—*Columbia Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABJURED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands as an undoubted benefactor to all to whom attention has been turned to restoring a hair that has ever existed—and the public fame is sudden but sound side, and thousands who have been wigs to be bald for years now now, through the use of his preparation, wear the hair down to the neck and shoulders in flowing. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of humans, who look to Nature's laws to supply to the functions of the sent. Prof. Wood studied out the business, and has done it well. Depletion, its diseases, and how to restore, he discovered; and the result is a boon to man, who in his ignorance of the glory hair is unnatural unless the head is covered with it, and who has submitted for half his lifetime to the fact that could be naturally restrained. He (or rather Nature) has established and quite grand fact, that the age of thirty-seven is the second life period, and that Wood Hair Restorative, and its application he did it with, he gave to the world. Get it.—*Daily Herald, New York Tony-Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Restorative and Patent Medicines.
jan3'60eow

(Copyright secured.)
The Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of *too frequent* increase. This seem incredible, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 2000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health or any one of it. It is put up in three different degrees of strength, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Extra Strength, Half Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember, This medicine is not patented especially for continental use, in which all other Female Pills are excluded from this realm, since that is unwarranted as represented* it is the only Female Medicine of merit in all this country. Sold by

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine unless the name of the sole proprietor, *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR CHRONICAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ The Proprietor will be at the Office of *Private* notice both of MEN and WOMEN, by which he can confer the benefit in all cases of practice, giving his whole attention to them—*Remember* that the office is strictly private, confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the country, to all places of the least settlement, and with the strictest precaution to be put up secretly.

Dividends are declared annually (and who have been paying 12 per cent.

The Dividends accrued to aid the insured in securing future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when redeemed; those who pay in part cash, and part note, receive the dividends in notes bearing interest, the same as the notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has on the large number of 1174 Policies in force, on which the sum of $1,000,000 is insured.

This Company has more than the experience of the present Insured under any other Life Insurance Company in this city for which they are conducted.

Applications for insurance may be made to

BENNETT & BORDLEY, Agents,
No. 23 Union street, Providence, R. I.

Dividends are declared annually until who have been paying 12 per cent.

Dividends are applied to the insured in securing future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the dividends in Cash, when redeemed; those who pay in part cash, and part note, receive the dividends in notes bearing interest, the same as the notes.

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING,
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Court Dockets,
By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Bill Heads,
Pamphlets, &c. more,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Newspapers, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EITHER THE RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, on the finest or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of yearl ow face and enamelled white and colored CARDS suited to every description of work—in packs and in boards to cut to order.*

E. R. STONE, (Proprietors.
W. H. DYAR.

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
30 *CENTRAL STREET*,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR HALL, and manufactures to order any size of

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane to ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
oct27

Sold by dealers in medicine generally
nov7

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S SOLAR OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10

Burnet's Cocaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness it has no equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It restores it to a healthy and vigorous growth, in many cases or scalds.

It promotes the hair when hard and dry.

It makes the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp when.

It affords the most delightful perfume.

It is the most perfect in effect.

It costs 50 cents per bottle.

Sold by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack St.

Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers everywhere.

Manufactured only by BURNET, BOYD & CO., 205 Broadway, New York.

Depot for Lowell, H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack St.

Depot for Nashua, GEO. W. WOODS.

Depot for Manchester, JOHN C. CHENEY.

Depot for Lawrence, GEO. C. RICHARDSON.

Depot for Haverhill, GEO. W. BARTLETT.

Depot for Exeter, GEO. W. NUDD.

Depot for Dover, GEO. W. HAM.

Depot for Portsmouth, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Great Falls, GEO. W. HAM.

Depot for Newburyport, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Salem, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Gloucester, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Marblehead, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

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Depot for Charlestown, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Medford, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Malden, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Melrose, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Stoneham, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Woburn, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Lexington, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Concord, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Bedford, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Billerica, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Tewksbury, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Dracut, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Tyngsboro, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Chelmsford, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Westford, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Groton, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Pepperell, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Shirley, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Ayer, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Harvard, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Boxborough, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

Depot for Stow, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

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Depot for Framingham, GEO. W. PRESCOTT.

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Depot for Lawrence, GEO. C. RICHARDSON.

Depot for Manchester, JOHN C. CHENEY.

Depot for Nashua, GEO. W. WOODS.

Depot for Lowell, H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack St

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, November 16, 1861.

THE PAST MAYORS OF LOWELL.

As the time is rapidly approaching when the minds of all the citizens of Lowell will be more or less occupied in our municipal affairs, we have thought that brief biographical sketches of the several gentlemen who have filled the office of Mayor might not be without some interest, if presented in these columns. It will not be necessary to make them lengthy to answer our design, although some of the gentlemen who have filled the office are worthy a notice altogether more extensive than we shall be able to give. Those sketches will be written without much more preparation than the ordinary interest sight among our citizens has given us means of using, and therefore if we fail to do any person justice, the reason of our failure will be apparent to the reader.

Lowell has had twelve mayors, during the time, now approaching twenty six years, since the city charter was accepted, and of that number nine only are now right reside in the city, while the ninth can scarcely be regarded other than a citizen, living only across the river in Dracut: we allude of course to Mr. Jefferson Bancroft. With this introduction, we give a brief biography of the first Mayor of Lowell:

DR. ELISHA BARTLETT.

Dr. Elisha Bartlett was born in Smithfield, R. I., in 1804, of Quaker parentage. After receiving his medical degree at Brown University, and spending a year in Paris to prepare himself in his profession he returned to his native county, and established himself in it in town, in 1827.

Dr. Bartlett had the advantages of a handsome person and accomplished manners. Genial, generous, and above all conversants, he soon won the regard and confidence of all classes. Very early in his career he distinguished himself as a public speaker. His oratorical powers, indeed, were of a high order—his style easy, fluent and chaste.

In 1836, the city charter was granted, and the first municipal election held, in the spring of that year. Political parties were very nearly equally divided. Those who were participators in the exciting scenes of those days, well remember the intense interest that was felt in the result. Both parties were alive to the importance of putting forward their strongest men.—Among the Whig, all eyes were turned to Dr. Bartlett, as the man for the crisis. He was nominated for the mayoralty, and elected over Elipshalet Carr, Esq., the Democratic champion, and re-elected in 1837, but declined a third election after the nomination had been unanimously tendered. Previous to this (in 1830) he had been a member of the school committee. In 1840 he was chosen to the legislature, and served one year, but did not take an active, leading part in the debates of the House.

He now took leave of public life, which was never very congenial to his tastes, and devoted himself to professional and literary labors. He was a professor in various medical schools, North, South and West, and finally, in that of the City of New York. Physicians and Surgeons in the city of New York. He was, also, distinguished as the author of several valuable medical works. But his reading and his writings were by no means confined to professional subjects. He was an excellent *belles lettres* scholar, with the poetic element so predominant, and so widely diffused as the high qualities of his mind and heart, that it mingled with, and adorned all his productions.

Dr. Bartlett died in his native town in 1855, after several years of invalid life.—We regret that we have not space for a more extended notice of this eminent man.

HON. LUTHER LAWRENCE.

Dr. Bartlett having served for two years, and declining a re-election in 1838, four gentlemen were named by the Whigs for Mayor, but by a vote of the party in caucus, Hon. Luther Lawrence had a small majority over his competitors, and the people endorsed the selection by two hundred and fifty majority.

Mr. Lawrence was a native of Groton, in this State, and was born September 26th, 1778. He was a son of Samuel Lawrence, a soldier of the revolution, and a brother of Abbott, Amos, William and Samuel, whose names are intimately associated with the early history of Lowell.

The subject of this sketch graduated at Harvard College in 1801, and read law with Hon. Timothy Bigelow, whose sister he afterward married. He opened an office in his native town, and practiced law with marked success for many years. He was several times chosen to the Legislature, and in 1822 was elected Speaker of the House. He came to Lowell about 1831, to look after the manufacturing interests of his brother, he, too, having a pecuniary interest here.

The high expectations of the public were fully realized in his administration as Mayor, and in 1839 he was re-elected by an increased vote, the opposition, which was small, dividing itself on no party issue. He entered upon his second term, April 1st, but his career was suddenly, awfully terminated, for, on the 17th of the same month, while walking through one of the buildings connected with the Middlesex Mills, his attention was, from some cause, diverted from the direction he was proceeding, and without turning his head, he walked on, and suddenly fell through an opening into the wheel-pit, a distance of seventeen feet, striking his head on a cast-iron wheel with such force as to fracture his skull and cause his death in a few moments. As the news rapidly spread throughout the city, sadness went to every heart. An extra session of the City Council was called that evening, and appropriate resolutions were adopted. His family declined a public funeral, and his body was conveyed to Groton, and deposited in the cemetery of that town.

We cannot better close this sketch than by giving the following from a paper of that time:—"His bright example as a man, a magistrate, and a Christian, will, it is believed, long exert a salutary influence upon the community. How he was loved by those who knew him best, may be inferred from the following testimonial:—On the arrival of the mournful train on Groton common, it was met by a large concourse of the people of that beautiful village, of all ages and sexes, who thence to the cemetery, with a solemnity

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A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction, to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in a few weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine of facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your party in this day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your restorative at all, but some other new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are the case. I am continuing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business four years ago, but you were not there. Your truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I feel it a pleasure to say that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of this city, and have been for over thirty ye... I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and as I found there was more fiction than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I procured a bottle. I considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I used but one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions closely as I could. From discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was thin and of a large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change took place in the hair. I have continued to use it till I have used three of your small bottles and just one large one. Both. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light that it has been for forty years, as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is now as soft and fine as silk or silk, as though just from the hands of a French dressing maid. I am a living witness to the truth contained in your statement, and the one you get that fine wig." I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be collected by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and we give our readers the assurement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the few reliable preparations which seems to please all its patrons, and all the bald and gray ones to call and try it.—*See Sep.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and justly celebrated preparation restoring gray hair to its original color—The Hair Restorative we are informed, eradicates, and prevents the hair falling off—We have seen numerous testimonials, which are proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't stop till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our scientific contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has expressed about the benefit of its application, and we join with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is prepared by a practical chemist and analyst, who has given many years as a restorer of the hair to its original color, and in many cases has become almost bald have restored by the use of this article has produced flattering gossy hair, and all who require a good preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are vegetable, so scientifically prepared as to be free from any impurities, which operate so injuriously from hair. It has become a popular article of the kind description. In many cases a few plain and other disfigurements of the skin disappear when it is used. There is no hazard attending the trial of this remedy, and its effects have proved beneficial, as the compound, if it does not restore a healthful appearance, is innocent, and doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, Aprn 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and infallible in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to judge. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are led to speak of the real and reliable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as it affords us pleasure to do what it claims it to do. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be unequaled by time or gumm or exhaustion and, it brings its soup whereof it restores. In fact we can unhesitatingly testify, but we advise our friends with sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbia spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands on an eminence to which no wiser attention has been turned in inventing a hair tonic for even before he has been known his fame is sudden but world-wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or been bald for years are now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own beautiful and abundant hair once more. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life and its laws, which apply to the functions of the stomach, Prof. Wood studied out the human hair, its character, its peculiarities, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of the scalp, and in his own case, and in many others, has succeeded where the age of the chemist had failed. The result is known and he believes that the hair could be naturally revitalized. He used his own experiment and

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, November 18, 1861.

WAR NEWS, &c.

The arrest of Mason and Slidell. The news of the arrest of Mason and Slidell, the two notorious rebels that lately escaped the blockade, and were on their way to England in the capacity of commissioners for the Southern Confederacy, is fully confirmed. The facts of their arrest, as telegraphed from Washington last Saturday night, are as follows:—

When the steamer San Jacinto, which was commanded by Com. Charles Wilkes, on his return from the coast of Africa, stopped at Gienfuegos, the escape of Slidell and Mason was ascertained. Proceeding thence to Havana, it was understood that they had taken passage on the 7th inst., on board the British mail steamship Trent, plying between Vera Cruz (by way of Havana and St. Thomas) and Southampton.

While the San Jacinto was in the narrowest part of the Bahama channel, about 24 miles to the westward, she met the packet, and, as usual in such cases, fired a shot across her bows and brought her to. Two boats were sent to her, under the command of Lieut. Fairfax, who, boarding the packet, arrested Mason and Slidell, who were then soon after known to him. They at first objected to being removed without the employment of force for that purpose. However, they were soon after removed without further trouble, and now occupy the San Jacinto. Their respective secretaries, Eustis and McFarland, were also brought on board, and are now on their way to New York. The packet had no other than the ordinary complement of the passengers, including the ladies connected with the Slidell and Mason party, were not molested, and were treated with the greatest courtesy. The officers of the Trent and their vessel were openly and knowingly engaged in aiding them in these acts of violation of the neutrality proclaimed by the Queen's proclamation and the laws of all nations. Private vessels, moreover, says Mr. Wheaton, "form no part of the neutral territory." The owners of the Trent, therefore, find cause of gratitude rather than complaint, that their vessel has not been subjected to the forfeiture to which it might well be argued she was properly subject.

COL. KERRIGAN'S ARREST. A correspondent of the *New York Commercial Advertiser* says that it was only by stratagem that Col. Kerrigan's command was disarmed. His officers mainly sympathized with him, and it was not deemed safe to attempt his arrest at the head of his regiment, unless the officer charged with that duty was supported by a considerable force. The Brigadier General had three regiments, a battery of artillery and six squadrons of cavalry in the vicinity, who were apparently drilling, but ready for any emergency, and the Major of Col. Kerrigan's regiment, a perfectly loyal man, took out the men for battalion drill, made them stack arms, and was putting them through various evolutions, when the Colonel was quietly arrested and carried off. Great indignation prevailed when the facts were known, and the life of the Major was threatened, but he drew his revolver and told them that at the first movement toward mutiny he would shoot the offender. The officers of Kerrigan's camp have mostly resigned, and good men are put in their places.

The arrest of Mason and Slidell. The following is the official account of the arrest of Messrs. Mason and Slidell, the two rebel commissioners to England, and their secretaries, by Capt. Wilkes, of the San Jacinto:

FLAG OFFICER'S OFFICE, SAN JACINTO, Nov. 8, 1861.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day taken from the British mail steamer Trent, Captain Moir, bound from Havana to Southampton, the rebel commissioners to England, James M. Mason, of Virginia, and John Slidell, of Louisiana, two chief sinners and leaders of the southern rebellion, who, everywhere in the loyal States, been hailed with delight. The particulars of this sudden ending of their mission, is given in a few words elsewhere.—They started for England on the 13th of October, running the Charleston blockade in the steamer Theodora. On the 11th the steamer reached Nassau (off the southern coast of Florida); but the English steamer they were intending to go in touched at New York, which was an objection to the commissioners, and the Theodora steamed away toward Cuba, arriving at Cardenas on the 16th, where Messrs. Mason and Slidell landed. Their arrival was telegraphed to Havana, and on their reaching that port, on the 17th, they were received with considerable attention by the natives of that city. The steamship Columbia, now in the Federal service, was in the harbor, but was not fit for sea. The rebel commissioners took passage on the English steamer Trent, and the Theodora, after loading with a valuable freight for southern ports, returned on the passage and again getting through our blockade, but where, the southern prints from which we gather these facts does not mention. The arrest of Mason and Slidell is elsewhere given, which completes their adventurous thus far. The rebel commissioners had with them some of their nearest friends.—With Mr. Mason was a Mr. Macfarland as secretary; with Slidell, his wife, two daughters, Mr. Eustis (his secretary) and wife, and Col. Le Mat. of Louisiana, (the inventor of a grape-shot revolver), and other gentlemen. Messrs. Mason and Slidell's secretaries were also arrested, and are now with them held as prisoners.

In regard to the right of these arrests, under the law of nations, there has been some question, but it is generally conceded that the act was justifiable. A writer in the *Boston Advertiser* makes the action of Com. Wilkes justifiable in the following comprehensive remarks:

Some doubt has been expressed whether the arrest of Messrs. Mason and Slidell on an English vessel, may not be made a ground of complaint by Great Britain. In recognizing the rebels as belligerents, however, that power has accorded to both parties the free exercise of the right of visit and search. Among those rights no one is better established than the maritime right of visitation and search. It is well recognized in this right that the mere refusal to submit to it by a vessel otherwise innocent, is cause of confiscation and forfeiture.—The detention and examination of the persons of the passengers, for the purpose of protection in the enjoyment of all the rights of the neutral flag, during to-day in a manner

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, which I tried for two months, commencing with the Restorative in January, 1861, since which time I have been without it, and to-day I have been recommended the use, by one who has used it, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too-regular* increase. This may seem strange, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 3000 BOTTLES
have been sold within eighteen months with *over a single failure* when taken as directed, and in the other hand there is not a case on record of P. in put up in bottles of three different sizes, viz., 50 cts., $1 and $2 per bottle, or six times the quantity for $5, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3.
If Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for cases of obstruction, and all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.
$20 REWARD BY [illegible] HOME!
genuine and warranted unless purchased *direct* from Dr. R. WOOD'S PERUVIAN DEPOT, 197 Fulton street, New York.
ET This Specialty embraces all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years experience, who pays strict attention to cases. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines sent to any part of the globe, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, medicines forwarded to patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet direction. Let no one neglect a disease or ailment of a private nature, and thereby endanger their health.
CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Indians* are paid to swindling quacks annually, in New York alone, without any *benefit* to those who pay it. More of this sum comes from out of the city, as some who are the least able to lose it, but once paid they can never get it back, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the cheat for fear of ridicule. *Beware of these quacks, in private circulars, in pretense of themselves.* All this comes from trusting *with the most unlikely persons* that which is dearer than honor, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is their own base assertions, in praise of *themselves.* If, therefore, you wish to avoid the fate of those who take no notice *what kind of a person* they trust, MAKE INQUIRY before you trust any one with anything, and may save you many regrets for, as advertising physicians in general are quacks of ten are bogus, there is no safety in trusting any of them, unless you know what kind of men they are.
ET Dr. M. WOOD SEND FREE, by enclosing one stamp as above; a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, entitled *Dr. Wood's Private Counselor*; also Circulars giving full information, with the most wonderful *references and testimonials* without which no advertising physician or medicine of this kind is worthy of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTIE Wood, as above.
August 7, 1861. aug5d3t&1y

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER!
UNIVERSAL UNIVERSALITY,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy or
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, SCROFULA, DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
DR. JAMES B. LEEPER, of Lebanon, Ohio, says from Nevarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are highly prized in this community." Indigestion, dyspepsia or liver complaint," etc.
E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction; two others myself, having taken cold from exposure and got so hoarse that I could not speak above a whisper, was induced to try a bottle of your Bitters, which relieved me in a few hours, and in two days my voice was restored to its natural tone. I have also used them in my family with the best results."
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Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind. writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and says he has used no several cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountville, Henry Co., Ind. writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with spasmodic asthma, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and distressing character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored, and am now in robust health."
GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all the various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been entirely free for 18 months from the cure, when several physicians attending his case could do him no good. He says, rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affections and dropsy, it is a specific certain remedy."
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Similar testimonials are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
mar7 d&ewly

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
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To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
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To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
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To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
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To get TOILET WARE, go to
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To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S and KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 RESERVOIR ST.
jan10

HALL HAIR DYE ARE ENCHANTED — Wood's GREAT AFRICA HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Two famous Wood stands on eminence no chemist, whose stories has been turned to investing a hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is endless but words only can describe. All who have worn wigs or been bald for years are now, through the use of his preparation, rearing their own natural and luxuriant head-covering. So much for restoring. Now for coloring or human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Prof. Wood analyzed out the human hair, its character, its properties, its color, and found the elements the dominating vitality of that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that gray hair is unnatural to any one age of the individual had reached four-score, and that, in fact, no one article could be found to restore the original color. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite gray—and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.
ET At No. 444 Broadway will be found all sorts on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.
jan28tuow

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR
FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a *too-regular* increase. This may seem strange, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

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mar7 d&ewly

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
am, the Proprietors but assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Business Cards, Addresses, Programmes, Town Reports, Tax Bills, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Lading, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Cards, Labels, Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of post paper and envelopes and colored white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.
E. E STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

W. H. DYAR
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglding a Specialty. Pictures Framed to Order Attended to.
Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep26dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in every and Gold setting, Pushing, Enameling, &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
GALENA, MANCHESTER&C.
ALL WHITE LEAD (in Oil) made at the Pompeii Mills, Galena, and warranted to be ground in the best Old London; assed Oil; and its superior qualities for Inside Barns and Painting, is believed to be not excelled by any establishment in the world. Also, Red Lead, Litharge and Orange Mineral, manufactured by the FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY.
The great, and I may say, only recommending of this lead rendered it cheaper than the best brands. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will go as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best painters in this vicinity. Being in Boston and Chicago, by all of the artists will convince any practical person that it is superior to any lead in the market and is offered at prices which will be in line with any other Lead now offering to the public.
The Galena Mills, from which this lead is made, are the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the business of manufacturing Lead for many years, and his experience, connected with important improvements in machinery, enables him to manufacture a superior article of Lead.
Lead manufactured by the FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY, is under the superintendency of CHARLES B. COBURN, Nos. 6 and 8 Merchants Building, Boston, and Galena, Ill.
FOR THE COMPLEXION—Ingenie's Preset ion French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parian Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, White's Cosmetic, Trestle, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by H. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack and John streets.
aug6

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
LEDOUX, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Gold, Gold Lockets, Gold Jewelry, Plated Ware, Tin, Zinc and Marble is invaluable. It will be found effectual, cheap and convenient for all the purposes for which it is used, one will look as *fresh as new*. Its use has never been equalled by any preparation for the above purposes by S. RIDDER, Jr., Apothecary.
Corner Merrimack and John streets.

MANY diseases or Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALDEN CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is *warranted* to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. RIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,812,558.80
Dividends paid to date, 1,684,000.13
Losses paid, $411,000.00
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—the members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the profits saved by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.:
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $2,000,000 Assets.
Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Bonds owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Rockville City Bonds.
The insured get all the profits.
The business of the Company is conducted exclusively for the benefit of the Insured.
It is economical in the management of its business.
It is prompt in the payment of losses.
It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay one-half cash, and the balance by their notes, payable in Policies for Life, or Endowment, or Joint Life and Survivorship, or in cash, annually in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. This feature is peculiar to this Company, and is the best way to meet the payments.
Policies are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.
The Dividends are applied to and the insured in existing future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash receive the Dividends in Cash, when declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.
The Dividends declared are based upon the most extensive mortality experience.
This Company has now the large number of NINE THOUSAND Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured would not increase the expenses in the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. A large number of insurers must therefore prove it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies entitled to participate in profits.
Applications for insurance may be made to
CHAS. MERRILL, Agent,
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.
mar7 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the people of the world's tribunal. It causes the lame to walk, the blind to see.
It overcomes the most malignant sores. It causes the burns child no longer to dread the fire.
It is unequaled for Piles, Fever Sores, Chilblains, Sore Lips, &c.
It lifts the old man off from his crutch, when served with directions.
It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is sore.
It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head-ache.
It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.
It conquers the worst cases of
It is scarcely natural scalds.
It is sure and safe for all cancers.
It arrests and destroys Erysipelas when caught in time.
It FAILS.
The miracle may be cured. Free will heartens. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists in the country.
You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.
For all grievous accidents use it.
For chafing in warm weather use it.
For sore and tender feet use it.
For sore nipples use it.
For all inflammations of the side use it.
Directions for use in English, French, German, Spanish and Italian in every box.
Sold by druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by WHITTEN & CO., Proprietors, Boston, Mass.
Sold in Lowell by S. RIDDER, Jr., and by all druggists, and from the boxes of peddlers supplied at short notice.
14 100 or 1000 Boxes.
oct1 d&ewly

A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778.)
Gin as a Remedial Agent.
THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, universally prescribed by the Faculty, the Medical Profession and the Family, having augmented the sale of Bininger's Gins to an enormous extent, is offered as a "Standard Medicinal," "Genuine," &c., now indorsed by all the Medical Faculty, Chemists, Druggists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those important medicinal qualities for which it is prized, which belong to an old and pure Gin. Put up in quart bottles, and sold by A. M. BININGER & CO., 45 Broadway, New York.
Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad st., N. Y.
Sold in Lowell by J. P. KELTON, 87 Market street.
jy24 d&TuTh&Sat&1y

Fresh Fruits all the Year.
THE YEOMAN'S FRUIT BOTTLE.
IT possesses many important advantages over every Can or Jar heretofore brought to notice.
First. It is made of glass, and will not corrode and poison the fruit, as is frequently the case with Cans, the condition of the fruit can at all times be seen, and the jars are so easily cleansed that they are first-rate for succeeding years.
Second. They are more readily sealed up air-tight than any other Can, Jar or Bottle.
Third. They are more readily opened, as the cork draws out by the atmospheric pressure on it, assisted by the cooling and contraction of the fruit in the bottle.
Fourth. They are cheaper than any other package of equal merit, that has yet been brought before the public. Pints, 75 cts. per doz.; Quarts, $1 per doz.; Half Gallons, $1 50 per doz.
Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES & CO Merrimack st. and Reservoir.
jy20

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
THE CELEBRATED PIANOS of the well-known and long established firm of WM. KNABE & CO., whose pianos excel all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of their superior instruments, which they offer at Manufacturers' prices. WARRANTED, in all the various styles of finish, for five years.
Second-hand Pianos and Melodeons to let.
Lowell, June 4, 1860. jy30dly

DININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN
A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778.)
Gin as a Remedial Agent.
THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, universally prescribed by the Faculty, the Medical Profession and the Family, having augmented the sale of Bininger's Gins to an enormous extent, is offered as a "Standard Medicinal," "Genuine," &c., now indorsed by all the Medical Faculty, Chemists, Druggists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those important medicinal qualities for which it is prized, which belong to an old and pure Gin. Put up in quart bottles, and sold by A. M. BININGER & CO., 45 Broadway, New York.
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Fourth. They are cheaper than any other package of equal merit, that has yet been brought before the public. Pints, 75 cts. per doz.; Quarts, $1 per doz.; Half Gallons, $1 50 per doz.
Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES & CO Merrimack st. and Reservoir.
jy20

AMOS ANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SLIDES, SEALS, PENCILS SLEEVE BUTTONS,
SPECTACLES, SILVER SPOONS,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, ETC.
PRESENTS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.
STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Foreign and local—sold by *sub* dues.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured to order.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec19dtf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Hair Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.
RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to B. B. SHEPHARD)
No. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.
Only Manufactory of Whalebone Umbrellas in Lowell. Parasols and Canes in great variety. Repairing done.
HIGHEST AWARD
Premiums by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857.
Silver Medal, and Diploma by the Fair of 1859.
AT RETAIL, an extensive assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS and WALKING STICKS, of every variety and description, from the very highest prices to the lowest.
Umbrellas, Parasols, Canes and Walking Sticks, to order, at short notice.
Lowell, June 5, 1858. jy6dly

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER.
WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant pastime.
A child can operate it.
It raises no dust.
No dusting is necessary after sweeping.
It will last a lifetime, and costs less than a broom.
It does not injure the carpet.
It picks up lint and grit that's broom will not.
It sweeps back-wards and forwards, and makes no noise.
The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady or child can use it, and sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.
It saves carpets, furniture, brushes, books, &c., from the damage and nuisance of the dust that accumulates in sweeping.
It can be used in a sick room without annoyance to the invalid.
It is so cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.
It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.
For sale by H. HAYNES
apr29 45 Merrimack st.

SILVER SOAP.
PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing Gold and Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and for cleaning Marble, Paint, Glass, &c. For cleaning fine Stone Paint Window Sills and Carriage Bodies this is invaluable. Try it and be convinced. Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets.

CONSUMPTIVES.
An equal and normal circulation of the blood is hereby announced, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. The illustrative torpidity of the Liver is caused by retention of the blood in that organ; disease of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., in the same cause, viz. Incorrect Circulation; and from the same cause arise all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure then, for those diseases, the first great necessity therefore is, what causes the blood to circulate?
For centuries it has been a matter of much doubt, even among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made, and much labor expended to solve the enquiry, it has been left to this century alone to add to the colorful increase in knowledge, to make this grand discovery, viz.,
Acknowledging that life is the gift of God to man, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture the assertion that as the planets move in their spheres, and by invisible life is governed by certain laws which are unalterable life is traceable, to a fixed cause which transcends or destroys, and death, the certain effect, follows.
Analytical of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.
The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.
Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, rusts it, and destroys its texture.
Electricity brought in contact with a muscle or fibre, destroys it in a moment.
These facts being indisputable, we have now the solution of the great question of consumption be here. The oxygen in the air we breathe coming in contact with the iron in the red corpuscles of the blood emits steel-like, which destroys the texture of the lungs, causing a decontrast, and hence the power which expels the air from the lungs, thereby impeding the pneumatic arteries. What then are the causes of Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side, Spitting Blood, St. Vitus' Dance, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Fever and Ague, &c., &c.? The presence of the red corpuscles containing the iron, which, by the process of breathing, produces a clencher of electricity, and consequently an absolute destruction of the lungs, hence coughs, colds and bronchial complaints cause—the suffocating sensation in the throat, pain in the breast, in pains and neuralgic—complaints of the liver and kidneys, and in fact every form of every kind of disease but virulent fevers may be traced to the presence of the red corpuscles in the circulation or red globules.
To remedy or secure a deficiency of corpuscles, and while we do not pretend to say that we can restore the lungs when they are in a state that life can be materially prolonged by the use of the

"Blood Food,"
which restores the red globules, and thus the lungs are relieved from the presence of the destroyer of consumptives! Sufferers from any organic disease, and those who have a deficiency of blood in the body or mind, reduced the standard of health, will find this preparation the best remedy. Ladies suffering any of the distresses known as peculiar to their sex, will find the "Blood Food" can cure you. It is a cured thousands of cases of Consumption, and has never been given up. Do not reject it, do not throw away your life, but use the "Blood Food" and your failing remedy; give it a trial.
An illustrated pamphlet, carefully cut and fully proving the theory advanced here to be correct, will be sent to any address, post paid, on receipt of two 3 cent stamps. Blood Food is sold by all druggists; per bottle, one dollar; or half a dozen bottles free; if *express*, for $6. Price single bottle, $1. Sent post-paid by S. G. Vale, in yellow wrappers—the old kind, in small tint bottles, in red wrappers. Be sure and examine well and learn the fac simile signature of Church & Co., Proprietors, on the outside wrapper. Beware of counterfeits—are imitations.
C. T. BLOOD & CO., Proprietors,
No. 27 BROADWAY New York.
S. G. GOODWIN & CO., Agents for WORCESTER and PEPPER, and FRED. CUTLER Wholesale Agent, Boston. Sold in Lowell by S. RIDDER, Jr., and by druggists; and HAYES, & RIDER & Co., Agents.
feb 16dly

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL ALL DOUBTS
OF ALL.
FOR Statement, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the highest schools as well as men and women of the highest character, who have used it, and who are willing to testify to its virtues. Read the following testimonials, and if you are in doubt and the hair-fresh, invigorating, healthful, and beautifying qualities of the Hair Restorative, which is the only preparation that will restore gray hair to its original color, and prevent baldness, and consequently its premature decay, and the consequent falling off of the hair, which is so soft and fine, and flexible—so silky, so clean, so free from dandruff, so delightful a dressing. Many of my acquaintances frequently say you have a splendid head of hair, and the inquiry is made what I use to keep it so beautiful. I tell them it was a preparation called the Hair Restorative, and that I had used it for a long time with perfect success. I have also recommended it to my friends, and they have used it with the same success. I have also recommended it to my friends, and they have used it with the same success. I have also recommended it to my friends, and they have used it with the same

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, November 19, 1861.

A GREAT GOVERNMENT NAVY YARD.—The *Philadelphia Press* thinks that the complete disloyalty of Norfolk indicates that the great navy yard of the country, with all its stores, munitions and capacities for ship-building, will never be re-established there, no more than Harper's Ferry will ever again become the seat of great national armory. At this time certainly everybody in the loyal States is, undoubtedly of the same opinion; but feeling will change after the trouble between the North and the South is settled, as we trust it soon will be. If the places named are not, when the South is brought "to a realizing sense of its condition," suitable for the uses to which they have heretofore been appropriated, then Washington is, geographically, out of the way, and the capital should be changed farther east or west. But this idea does not seem to be entertained by the heads of Departments, as we notice that the work of finishing the new part has been resumed, and will probably be completed within a few months.

The *Press* is of opinion that the great National Navy Yard should be where its stores should not be exposed to capture by either domestic or foreign foe, and beyond the reach of seizure or sudden attack; and it also reasons that Philadelphia is farther removed from actual danger of this kind than any other large city, and is capable of accommodating the largest navy in the world, while the shores of the Delaware could be so guarded for a hundred miles that no fleet could reach the navy yard; while the distance by land is so great that no army could be landed and marched to that point before a force adequate to their repulse could be collected and made ready to receive it. This may be true, but it is hoped and presumed that when the rebellion is crushed, it fails to rise no more; for this reason, so far as domestic trouble is of the nature of the present rebellion is concerned, the great navy will be as safe in one place as another. But if the capital is to remain where it now is, we do not if Congress should so decide the Philadelphia navy yard as the *Press* desires it should. When the rebel States are brought back to loyalty, as they surely will be, it will not be the policy of the Government to make beggars of them; they are Uncle Sam's prodigal children; in consideration of those who remain loyal, or have been compelled as a matter of personal safety to keep silent, while their hearts have been with the National Government, it will not answer, it certainly will not be judicious to match Government "institutions" from them. They will be left poor enough, heaven knows, after the war, and at this moment, even, are more entitled to our sympathy than our enmity.

IS ANYTHING MORE TO BE EXPECTED FROM THE FLEET? We have a rumor this morning that the Federal forces have taken possession of Pinckney Island (a large island on the south side of the channel, about half way from the open sea to Beaufort), which proves that the troops are to be kept active, and that Gen. Sherman is not to wait for reinforcements. But are we not to look for some demonstration at another point, of which there has been some talk in the newspapers, we published in the *Boston Journal*, of last Saturday evening:—

TUESDAY, November 19th, 1861.

To the Editor of the Boston Journal:—My friend Col. Ogg, in a recent letter, compared "Rooster" contained in his paper of the 9th inst., has *guzzled* me as Colonel of the "National Coast Blockade." The announcement admonishes me that it is time I should publicly explain my intercept in a body which, if it exists, most wretchedly "drags its slow length along."

Early in October I was urged to accept the command of the projected "Brigade," among other inducements (I did not accept necessary) it was stated that as I resided in a rural district, and the recruits would be of that class who lived at the seaside, it would not be required of me to superintend the enlistment of men, or to be in camp until a full regiment had been assembled. I accepted the proposal in writing, with the further condition that the movement should receive the sanction of the State as well as of the National authorities. I did not, however, doubt of Gov. Andrew would give his approbation, while there were several abolition regiments in camp, all anxious to fill up their ranks and to march. I immediately addressed a letter to his Excellency; and his satisfactory answer confirmed my doubts and justified my caution.

On the 31st of October the Rev. C. W. Dennison, who was the advocate and recruiting officer of the "Brigade," published a letter in the *Boston Transcript*, in which he stated that he "relinquished the enterprise." I therefore consider it an abandoned project; but by no act of mine. The "Brigade," the "men of Hecla," which Mr. Denison states he left, and "Camp Hatteras" are myths.

Very truly,
FRANCIS BRINLEY.

PROPHETIC. In January last, Hon. Hobart C. Winthrop called upon Senator Mason at Washington, and referring to his former visit to that place, said that he should be pleased to see him again. The Senator, with scant ceremony, replied: "Not unless I come as an Ambassador." Quite unexpectedly to him, his words will prove true to the letter, as it is now positively stated that he will be brought to Boston to-day.

A PAIR of stockings, sent to the Ladies' Committee of Portland, for the use of the soldiers, was accompanied by the following rhyme:—

"Brave sentry on your lonely beat,
May these blue stockings warm your feet;
And when from war and camps you part,
May some fair knitter warm your heart."

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY OF MIDDLESEX COUNTY. The following report recently submitted, is of general interest:—

"As the term of service for which the Grand Jury was drawn, approaches its close, we think it incumbent on us to make known our views on some subjects connected with the faithful discharge of our duty.

Nearly all the members of our body availed themselves of the opportunity afforded us of visiting several of the Public Institutions situated within the limits of Middlesex County. We wish to call attention to the

STATE ALMSHOUSE AT TEWKSBURY.

This is a vast wooden structure, four stories in height, it has a frontage of eight or nine hundred feet in extent. In the whole range of this highly combustible building, there is not a single brick wall to stop the ravages of the flames, should it unfortunately from any cause take fire. If this calamity should happen during a high wind, we see no reason why the building would not be entirely consumed, as there does not appear to be suitable apparatus for its extinguishment.

Within this immense establishment are gathered nearly one thousand human beings, from the infant of a few days old to the poor, worn-out, feeble, decrepit aged women of fourscore years. No contracted are the modes of egress, and so difficult would it be to clear the building, and the confusion that must ensue, that we consider it, in its present condition, as but little better than a trap for a large number of helpless beings. We are desirous of making these facts known to the proper authorities, that on them may rest the terrible responsibility, resulting in the loss of human life that might ensue from the conflagration of this establishment; while it contains under its roof a *population sufficient to constitute a good sized town*. It is true that there are ladders from the roof to the ground, outside the building, but they are comparatively useless, as the sick women and children are confined to their beds, and themselves of them.

In the name of humanity, we call attention to this matter; may we not with propriety *demand* it of those whose duty it is to shield the unfortunate. It affords us great pleasure to follow the kind and courteous superintendent, Mr. Marsh, through the various departments of his extensive domain. The perfect order and neatness of the rooms, the excellent arrangement and classification of ages and conditions of his numerous family; the quiet submission to his authority and cheerful obedience to his rules, showed the government of a discriminating mind, imbued with christian kindness.

The agricultural as well as the animal department is under excellent supervision, and a wise division of labor, and its application, where practicable, and it appeared to us that the various officers under whose charge this institution is placed found pleasure in the performance of duty. We also visited the State Prison at Charlestown and the House of Correction at East Cambridge, both of which, so far as we could judge by a brief and superficial examination, are in excellent condition, and managed with due care, skill and attention by those to whom they are entrusted. The Jail at Concord we found in the same condition as could reasonably be expected of an old and imperfect building.

We also visited that beautiful structure, the new jail in Lowell, which, though superior in many respects, yet seems defective in the following particulars. It is not necessary that *suffering by cold should be added to the misery of the inmates*, it is hoped that some better method may be adopted, as it is obvious to all that they are dependent upon the stove while confined within its walls.

We have been forcibly and painfully impressed with the immense amount of crime produced by intemperance; and though we would not impugn the motives of the prosecuting officers, we are compelled to acknowledge that the laws are not as efficient as they might be, if the authorities of cities and towns took proper pains to bring the violators to justice, and extended their operations so as to embrace the *greater and more reputable criminals*.

JOHN W. BARNUM, Foreman.
THOMAS STILES, Clerk.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY IN HOLLISTON.—The *Boston Journal* of this morning, has a report of a double murder and arson at Holliston, in this county, yesterday morning. The murdered parties are a woman named Mrs. Reeves and her son, a boy of two-twice married—lastly to a man named Cochoon, who is now in the army, and from whom she has been sometime separated. The murderer named Alvin Fitnly, who had boarded with Mrs. Reeves and daughter for two or three years. Mrs. Reeves went to a neighbor early yesterday morning, and asked for help. Fitnly showed symptoms of insanity. The neighbor, named Maguire, noticed the wild appearance of Fitnly, and prevented him from getting out of the house, but did not secure him. Fitnly finally split open the head of the daughter with a flat-iron, and killed the mother with the same instrument. He then murdered several of Fitnly's neighbors, but was finally secured. In the excitement, the house was perceived to be on fire, whether set by design or accident is not known, and was burned to the ground The bodies of the murdered women were not destroyed. A coroner's jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. The examination served to Fitnly consequence to-day. The murdered women, who were English, were spoken well of by their neighbors. It is supposed that Finch's intemperate habits caused the use of liquor.

GALLANTRY OF CAPT. WILKES. Capt. Wilkes was sent to the coast of Africa especially to bring home the San Jacinto, and it was only when he arrived at the West Indies that he heard of the escape of Mason. Mason, Slidell, Eustis, Therefore his arrest of them could not have pursuant to orders. Capt. Wilkes acted in accordance with the principle of international law. He tendered the ladies accompanying the Mason and Slidell party a passage in his ship and the use of the cabin, with all the delicacies and attentions they might require, but they declined his gallant and considerate invitation.

THANKSGIVING. Thursday next, 21st inst., has been designated for Thanksgiving in Maine and Massachusetts, and Thursday, 28th inst., in New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Wisconsin, Kansas, Minnesota, Maryland, Delaware and Kentucky. Of course the seceded States have no cause for Thanksgiving this year!

CITY AND COUNTY.

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and Bill Cutlets.

The Editors' Aid Association will send a box to Fort Monroe for the accommodation of companies on FRIDAY, Nov. 22.

Packages weighing not over three pounds each, will be received at the office of the Lowell Bleu Company, 4 B'dy, A. M., on that date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

nov19d3t WM. G. WING, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

The Republicans of Lowell are invited to meet in Associate Hall, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, November 20th, at 7½ o'clock, to make action in reference to the approaching municipal election.

NATHAN ALLEN, Chairman.
A. A. BARRETT, Secretary. nov19d2g

Spangled Beavers, Seal Skins, Beavers and Broadcloths, for Ladies' Cloaks; also new and desirable DRESS GOODS, just received and selling at the lowest cash prices, at 178 MERRIMACK STREET, (Lowell House Block.) HA-THAWAY & MALLEY. nov19d1w

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of MISS BOSSES' SCHOOL will commence on MONDAY, November 25th, at her residence, No. 3 Kirk street. The French and English branches, which are taught in this school, are too well known to require particular notice.

Tuition, $4.00
Tuition for under nine years, 3.00
French extra, 1.00
November 19th, 1861. nov19d2w

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 21 Queen Street. Inquire at No. 85, Market, corner of Queen st. nov19d2w

SPECIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Missouri,
Map of the Eleven Southern States,

The above-named Maps are officially and being drawn from actual surveys, and are strictly reliable and necessary. The public are invited to call and examine them at the Map Store of A. J. RICHMOND, corner of Merrimack House, where they are for sale.

nov19d1w ADAMS.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes of almost every description, at reasonable prices, is at KITTREDGE'S, 3 Middle st. nov19d1w

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in the case of Wm. Hall, on the 9th inst., from the 1st day of June, 1861, to June 25th, 1862, will please call at the office of the City Clerk, on Saturday afternoon after hours. nov19d2w

MILK HOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

DEPARTURE OF THE TROOPS FROM CAMP CAHAS. Col. *Jamie*' Twenty-Ninth Regiment left the fair ground at 10½ o'clock this forenoon, and were conveyed to Boston in twenty-two cars, drawn by two engines. There were a large number of people in field, and many females appeared sad at the departure of husbands, sons and lovers, but the soldiers appeared happy in view of going to South Carolina, or to some other warm location to winter. The men presented a splendid sight when drawn up in a line, before leaving the camp ground, and seemed to be in the best of spirits, every one of probably 21 cents per box. by PHILIP BROS., Philadelphia, are the publishers.—For sale by druggists generally.

M. R. Burr & Co., wholesale agents, Boston. Tyler B. Lincoln & Co., Lowell, sole agents for Lowell. nov19d2w

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, D. S. Richardson,
C. Nesmith, H. Bailey, Isaac Hare,
J. Nesmith, L. G. Hosmer, C. H. Sherman,
Levi Spaulding.

Mutual Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Desirable Dwelling Houses and Factory risks.

The Stock Department has been organized for a term of years, with liberal capital, and is now ready to take risks on favorable terms.

The Directors have declared a dividend of 10 per cent. on the Mutual premiums paid to December 31st, 1860, payable on and after January 1st, 1862.

A DIVIDEND of 5 per cent. has been declared on the Stock premiums paid to December 31st, 1860, payable on and after January 1st, 1862.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are invested in Bank Stocks, and the Mutual Department in Mortgages on real estate, and collateral loans secured by other property not mentioned in current rates.

Office of the Company, Traders' and Mechanics' Building, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
C. H. SHERMAN, Secretary.

F. F. SHERMAN, Boy's Agent.
Lowell, July 1, 1861. jy1d1y

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The subscriber has received a large stock of Hats, bow and sold at the lowest prices for cash. Also, a large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Furs, which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, or manufactured into any desired article at short notice. Furs taken for manufacturing and keep a better assortment than can be found elsewhere of so good an article.

Remember the place, No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass. Furs, and repairing by experienced Furriers in the store, at short notice.

HASCOM'S,
No. 102 Merrimack St., Lowell.

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
Kindles quickly,
It burns up clearest,
Is very lasting,
It burns in less quantity,
Is very economical.

Than any other free burning coal. And the Furnace Coal, for Furnaces, Stoves, Ranges, &c. Office and WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. EDWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14d1y

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

L. W. A. BATCHELOR'S

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

IN THE WORLD!

All others are more imitations, and should be avoided. Batchelor's Dye produces immediately

GREY RED OR RUSTY HAIR

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded L. W. A. BATCHELOR for his wonderful discovery. This is the largest establishment of the kind in the world, and the only one where the secret of dyeing the hair is perfectly understood. The numerous attempts to imitate this world-renowned Dye have only proved the superiority of the original. Its tints are splendid and natural, and the hair dyed with it is not to be distinguished from nature, as it imparts to it the same flexibility, strength and beauty for which it was remarkable before it changed color. Sold and applied at No. 16 Astor House, New York, and by all druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the United States and Europe.

Batchelor's Wig and Toupee Manufactory is connected with the above establishment, where the best assortment of Wigs, Toupees, Braids, Curls, &c., in the world, can be found. Ladies' hair dressed in the latest and most fashionable styles.

Beware of a counterfeit basement in Broadway, and observe that the name of BATCHELOR is spelled correctly. Sold in Lowell, by S. C. HUNT, corner Merrimack and Market streets, and by druggists everywhere.

nov19d1y

ALLOPATHIC HOMEOPATHIC. *Ed. Courier:* In your paper of yesterday, I notice an article in regard to a child taking forty homeopathic pills. I am informed that the pills in question are ——, sold by allopathic druggists and taken by allopathic people. They may be powerful or inert, and may, as do many other patent medicines, do good by accident; but those who patronize and understand the principles of genuine, scientific homeopathy are neither alarmed nor amused by a child taking them in large quantities. They are mere sensible. Question for discussion: Must all medicine necessarily either cure or kill?

COM.

DR. ALFRED G. HALL of Boston, gives his third and fourth free lectures at Mechanics' Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, at 7½ o'clock. His lectures of last week were interesting and were listened to by an attentive and respectable audience. Instruction on the subject of nutrition is worthy of consideration by the community. See advertisement elsewhere.

CAPT. DREW, of the VERMONT SECOND. Ellsa S. Drew, Esq., today received a letter from his brother, Capt. John T. Drew, of the Second Vermont Regiment, now a prisoner of war in Castle Pinckney, Charleston, S. C. Capt. Drew's letter is dated October 12th, and states that all the Federal prisoners confined in Castle Pinckney were in excellent health and are kindly treated.

FOR FORTRESS MONROE. The friends of the soldiers at this point, are directed to the advertisement of the Soldiers' Aid Association, which sends a box on Friday next.

TRUE BLUE. A new and valuable preparation to supersede the use of indigo in the laundry, by Mr. T. W. Houchin, of New York City. Its merits as a fine and other blueing in market is justly commended by the principal laundries throughout the country and by all families who have given it a trial.

ANOTHER MILITARY INSTRUCTOR. We have receive from R. C. Sargeant, City Government Building, a copy of a small work entitled "The Zouave Drill," being a complete manual of arms for the use of the rifled musket, with either percussion cap or Maynard's primer. It purports to have been prepared by Col. E. E. Elsworth, late of the regiment of the New York Fire Zouaves, and late Colonel commissary in the State of New York. The arrangement of all the motions could by the agents, so that a child's mind can be easily led to the proper position of each one. It costs per copy, by PHILIP BROS., Philadelphia, are the publishers.—For sale by druggists generally.

M. R. Burr & Co., wholesale agents, Boston. Tyler B. Lincoln & Co., Lowell, sole agents for Lowell. nov19d2w

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

192 MERRIMACK STREET.

Adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass.

Ticket to Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Tickets to Portland, Bangor, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, and all points in the West, North and South.

Tickets for principal points in Canada.

Agents for California and Liverpool Steamers.

Passengers can procure their tickets at this office and save a great deal of time. Also in the Eastern country—at the Depot, Lowell.

nov19d1y S. B. FISHER, Agent.

FISKE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this first class machine. Mr. S. B. Fisher is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan30tf

MASON AND SLIDELL COMING TO BOSTON. The San Jacinto after arriving at New York, left for Boston in accordance with orders from Washington to convey Mason and Slidell to Fort Warren. No communication will be allowed between the San Jacinto and the shore until the prisoners are landed at Fort Warren.

THE COURSE OF THE GOVERNMENT IN REGARD TO MEXICO. Soon after the announcement was made of the contemplated intervention by England, France and Spain in Mexican affairs, our Government dispatched a ship of war, commanded by an experienced officer, to the Gulf, to look after our interests there. Another vessel was also ordered to the Pacific with orders to proceed to the mouth of the Rio Grande, and from there to the city of Mexico, with instructions to act in concert with the Ministers of England, France and Spain in Mexico

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

(PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in testament to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and to boast one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since been luxuriantly soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I can, with confidence, recommend it to you, as I have had particular advantage to pass, or even a favorable opportunity to do so, as I am well aware that there is much that is worthless and valueless, and many wonderful cures through the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling in a general way for the last three or four years, and have taken your valuable preparation in recommending for your benefit. In several instances I have met with persons who have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it, and without effect; but upon further inquiry, I proved, by positive information, that they had not used the article in all, but had used a very inferior article in its stead, and had not given it a fair trial about half the price. I have noticed several three articles myself advertised as a cure, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that persons will resort to such trash, and the reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a double.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not the slightest notion on advertising, as I see they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, or for every disease of the hair—head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,930, will be promptly answered.

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

Residence, Carondelet, Ind., July 30, 1861.

Dear Sir.—I write this statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Illinois, and have been for over over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For several years my hair has been rapidly becoming colorless, gray and scanty. Was almost bald on the crown of my head, and my hair was dry and harsh, and of a coarse texture. Having seen the advertisement of your Hair Restorative, and supposing there was no more harm than good in it, and entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fullness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would give it a fair trial. Commenced using it in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably checked, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have restored all of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when I was on the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair remains perfectly falling off and is as soft and fine, and fair to the eye as ever. I am pleased to say that the French champooer. Many of my acquaintances, who have seen what I have done, have said to me, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural locks, and not a wig or false hood. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of heaven. He and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied them well, human and the diseases to which it is subject, and how to restore the decay ing system of the human economy. I am not a believer in quackery, but I am unnatural unless the age of the individual, the hair should be restored. He thinks that the hair could be naturally braid and curly grey at the age of thirty-seven—be restored his own hair to its original strength and luxuriance, and the curly braid it was in, and gave to the world. Yet WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book*.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found all ways on hand for genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan31eow

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Madison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstructions, from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will also *prevent* obstructions, if taken *just before* each monthly period, and is therefore of the greatest value to married ladies, wishing to avoid the evil of a too numerous increase. This must be remembered, but if it fail in any case, the price will be refunded.

OVER 2000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months with *not a single failure* when taken as directed, and have relieved the last agony in health in only *one* week, with the bottom of those directions strengthen with full directions for using, and sent to any part of the country, by addressing Dr. Madison, Box 1,922, Boston, Mass.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $5. *Remember!—This medicine is designed for Female Use Only*, and is warranted to *every* RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased of the Sole Proprietor, DR. MADISON, 444 BROADWAY, BOSTON.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid annually for worthless stuff, sold by England alone, without any benefit to those who pay it. Many who are afraid to call on a case of personal shame who are the least able to lose it, but once deceived, they are afraid to try it again, and compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the cheat for fear of exposing *themselves*. All this comes from trusting, without inquiry, to the false and high sounding names, take no man's word *no matter what his profession*, but ask for DR. MADISON'S. If he has not got it, he will tell you so, and may save you many regrets; if he has, he is safe in trusting you, for then, there is no safety in trusting any of them, since you know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing one stamp as also a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a *Private Circular* generally, also Circulars giving full information, with *the most wonderful reformed and startling facts*, showing how and why females have resorted to thousands of worthless and dangerous nostrums of this kind in deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. MADISON, as above.

August 2, 1861. aug24d1y

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE STAMP ON

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

The celebrated New England Remedy or

RADICAL CONSTIPATION JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, CASUAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-ED STATE OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

DR. JAMES LEEPER, write from Nevarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are unrivaled. We have used them in indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

D. DAY, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. All who use them are highly pleased. They relieve prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieves me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

DR. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine ever used. We have recommended them with great success, and with them made several remarkable cures in cases of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bissellville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1861, in which he says: "I was afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, prostration of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles, was completely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and as the last of six letter he had been two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure after several physicians pronounced him could do him no good. He says, "for nervousness, indigestion, dyspepsia, nausea, loss of appetite or dropsy, it is a specific certain remedy."

J. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a resident of Ohio 30 years and upwards), that he most cheerfully recommends them for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, and also, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

D. D. GALLEHER, M. D. writes from Van Wert, O.: "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the entire dyspeptic persons and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

aug7 dtf

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common CROCKERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get the BEST CROCKERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get CHEAP TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get the PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get the BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands as an enscorced benefactor whose attention has been turned to inventing a hair tonic has not only made his name a household fame is sustain but world-wide, and thousands who have been wigs or bare bald for years are now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural locks, luxuriant and glossy. No music for chemistry, the chemistry of heaven like and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Prof. Wood studied them well, human and the diseases to which it is subject, and how to restore the decay ing system of the human economy. I am not a believer in quackery but I am unnatural unless the age of the individual, the hair should be restored. He thinks that the hair could be naturally braid and curly grey at the age of thirty-seven—be restored his own hair to its original strength and luxuriance, and the curly braid it was in, and gave to the world. Yet WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book*.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found all ways on hand for genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan31eow

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for the hair. For efficacy and agree ableness, it is without a rival.

It promotes the growth, restores the hair from falling off.

It prevents the hair becoming harsh and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the nutriment required by the roots, to make it grow in effect.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 100 bbls. Sea Foam Pastry, just received and for sale by S. N. WOOD.

aug14 ☞2 Market st.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING,

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment

☞ the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Programmes, Bill Heads, Posters, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, White or fancy colored papers.

Envelopes hand, a good stock of pearl surfaces and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and on boards to be had to order.

☞ E. E. STONE,
E. C. HUSE, } Proprietors.

W. H. DYAR

MUSIC STORE!

AND

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 *CENTRAL STREET*,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style, employing good workmen on frames for

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing done.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS MADE and repaired. Canes in every and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (or Oxide of Zinc) made at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best manner, from the purest Spelter, manufactured by Bray, Dudley and Paterson. It is believed that this Company is now manufacturing a larger quantity of Oxide of Zinc than any other in the world. Pure, and marked "Warranted Pure," is the only kind sold.

The great body and equality in covering or staining qualities of this paint, and the readiness with which it works under the brush, are qualities which will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands of White Lead. Orders can be left with the Agent, Mr. Geo. Bruce, at his office, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair discount to the trade. Those who have occasional inquiry for a superior paint should not fail to try this. Its color and covering qualities are unsurpassed, and as to durability, we have no other Lead to refer you to but itself.

The Directors are pleased to call the attention of the public to the fact that the price is now reduced to the lowest.

The Dividends are paid to and the insured to settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the profits annually in Cash, or declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful calculations of mortality.

This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured is desirable, as it will tend to reduce the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance companies are based. Extended information can be obtained at the office of the Company, or of any of its Agents.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent, on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA BATES, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

Boston.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of Boston that places the great cure of the worst kinds of Piles beyond the power of successful question. It causes the tumor to no longer to distress.

It relieves the itching, and subdues inward to cause, and allays the intense pain.

It lifts the old man off from his system, when used with discretion.

It relieves the distress mother when her breast is broken.

It cleanses and cures the scaly of the scaldy head.

It removes the indescribable agency of ring worm.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled.

It is a perfect beautifier.

It is security against scalds.

It fights against felons and cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammation, and does it in a hurry.

It cures the worst fever sores in the shortest time.

Every one may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For all ulcerous sores use it.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For sore and swollen feet use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For Burns and Scalds this stake one in.

Everybody should have this Salve on hand, ever, and in distant places, its virtues are acknowledged. The Salve is warranted to give perfect satisfaction in every case, or the money will be refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations. Be sure to call for Whitten's Golden Salve.

Sold by JOSHUA BATES, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

Boston.

Toilet soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Silver Soap, Shaving, Cold Cream, Rose Soap, Palm and Castile Soap, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages. Boys' Tip Carts, Toy Cows, Toy sighs for Dolls, Boys' Wheelbarrows, and Portable Folding Chairs, something entirely new—which will be sold very cheap at H. S. HAYNES'.

sep12

Country Knit Socks and Mittens

OF an extra quality, just received at BRADLEE'S Corner Hat Store, of Central st.

oct23

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tetters, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

BOWIE AND DIRK KNIVES.

A large assortment of Bowie and Dirk Knives for sale by J. HAYNES & CO.

oct1

RUN MADE FOR THOSE

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $4,016,450.30
Dividends paid to date, 2,600,000.00
Losses paid, $6,616,450.30

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

It has paid over $3,000,000 in losses.

Its investments are in First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to be paid annually, half-yearly, or quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Term or Endowment may be paid in full for cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes to be paid annually in cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Love premiums.

The insured are entitled to all the insured to settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the profits annually in Cash, or declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most careful calculations of mortality.

This Company has now the large number of 7172 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured is desirable, as it will tend to reduce the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance companies are based. Extended information can be obtained at the office of the Company, or of any of its Agents.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent, on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA BATES, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

Boston.

AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, BUTTER COOLERS
TANKARDS, WAITERS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
SPOON, SKATE, PENCIL, BUTTONS,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PEN HOLDERS
PENCILS, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, FRUIT HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—sold to suit you.

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dec20dtf

LOWELL

Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

(Successors to B. B. SHEPHARD)

No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

Only Manufacturers of Umbrellas, Parasols and Canes in this city, for which they

HIGHEST AWARD

Was presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857.

Have constantly on hand the largest and best assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS and WALKING CANES, to be found in this city, which they will sell at the lowest prices.

Also, a large assortment of PIANO FORTES, of the most approved manufacture, consisting in part of Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Cabinet Organs, Accordeons, &c. &c. Also, Violins, Violin Bows, Violin Strings, and every variety—together with a general assortment of Sheet Music and Music Books, which they will sell at the lowest prices.

Instruments of all kind to let, and instruction given on the Piano Forte at short notice.

Lowell, June 3, 1858. ly611

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

HALLET DAVIS & CO.'S celebrated Grand and Square PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium at the late Exhibition of the Mechanics' Fair in this city, have constantly on hand a large assortment of all the above instruments, and are Forten, as manufacturers' prices, WAREROOMS, 77 Merrimack street, Lowell. Also, Agents for Chickering & Sons, Mason & Hamlin and Melodeons to suit.

Lowell, June 3, 1858. ly611

BININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN

A. M. BININGER & Co

(Established 1778,)

Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, Especially designed for the use of the *Medical Profession and the Family*, is manufactured from the so called "Gins" "Aromatic," "Cordial" Lowell, Mass. Sold by *Apothecaries* generally.

may19

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

COMPRISING EIGHT STYLES, manufactured by the American Flag &c., stamped upon it. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES'.

45 Merrimack st. may20

VINE PROTECTORS.

A NEW article, manufactured to protect the fruit from bugs, borers and worms, but excludes all influence of wind, rain and cold. With proper care they will last ten years. For sale at A. MANSUR'S mechanical and fancy store.

may14 3m 136 Central street.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England States, but in use in the City of New York as a CHEAP Dealer for economy to her it. It is sold ONLY by BENNETT & RUDOLPH, corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated THEVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood Coals. Prices low.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice.

Orders left at No. 3 Prescott street, or at the Yard, foot of Prescott street, will be promptly attended to.

Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dec20dtf

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CEDAR CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may4

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply from the Agent at Chincha Islands, Peruvian Government. Every bag stamped with the Importer's name. For sale by SAM'L N. WOOD, 43 Market street.

may29

Toilet soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Pumice, Silver Soap, Shaving, Cold Cream, Rose Soap, Palm and Castile Soap, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

may3

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

L. *Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c.*—The article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap* and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as when first put on. It has been discovered for the above uses. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

may3 dtf

MARY etheria of LOWELL, and from all parts of the country, are testifying to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as celebrated *Corn Doctors*, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—turpidity in that organ; disease of the Kidneys. Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation, or the blood. The same cause spring all minor forms of diseases. To diseases wherein cure is dependent upon circulation, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

For centuries it has been a matter of much study among scientific and medical men; and many years experience and researches have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry. It has been left to the present day among its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this important discovery.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "In Him we live and move and have our being," we still venture to assert that as the planets move in their spheres, and all vegetable life is governed by fixed laws, the late laws, so animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause which restores or destroys, and death, the cause of health.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood have led them to the compounds of iron, sulphur and phosphorous.

The one to breathe, to circulate, to sustain 5 very large per-portion of oxygen.

The two to unite in contact with a metal, excites or emits electricity.

The three to combine with water and moisture, or liver, causes it to contract.

The four, when combustible, or have not the solution as to the motive or motive power to be here. The air we breathe we breathe coming in contact with the life to the blood, the blood to the heart, directly, which contract, and force the blood through the arteries and veins, and thus the circulation.

The instance of a consumptive, 45 Water st., New York, Wholesale Agents in Boston GEO C. GOODWIN & CO., and 18 Tremont Row, CUTTER, COLCORD & PRESTON.

For sale in Lowell by J. S. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Hosford, Jr., Geo. F. Thompson, D. H. Thurston, C. W. Kimball, E. A. Chandler, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country.

may22ly

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and Consumption, by using

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Dyspepsia Remedy!

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the public for seven years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Nausea, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, &c.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, REGULATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPEFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual in curing all cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Debility and all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

A WINE GLASS FULL will remove drooping spirits and restore weakly, nervous and sickly to health.

In hot and cold constitutions, and those subject to *Delirium Tremens*, through the force use of Ardent Spirits, &c., will immediately feel the happy effects of HAM'S INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

Directions, one wine glass full, which will remove Bad Spirits, Nervousness, Indigestion, create an appetite cure Dyspepsia and Colic, remove Headache, Dizziness, Heart Burn, Bladder or Kidney Disorder. Costiveness will be relieved by a dose or two, and an effectual cure by the use of a few bottles.

A dose or two is the fastest relief in the most violent Headache, Nausea or Bad Stomach, and will relieve in the most violent Cholera Infantum.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions will find an invaluable friend in this, as it acts upon the menstrual organs.

Price, large bottles, 75 cents.

Warranted to give satisfaction or the money will be refunded.

Wholesale Agents in Boston GEO C. GOODWIN & CO., and 18 Tremont Row.

CUTTER, COLCORD & PRESTON.

For sale in Lowell by J. S. Hayes, Samuel Kidder, Jr., Frederick Hosford, Jr., Geo. F. Thompson, D. H. Thurston, C. W. Kimball, E. A. Chandler, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country.

may22ly

HEALTH RESTORING

PANACEA!

Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Consumption, Diseases of the Lungs, &c.

Brown's Bronchial Troches are recommended by Physicians and Clergymen, and other Professional gentlemen, whose testimonials may be seen in pamphlets around each box.

Sold by druggists throughout the United States, Canada, Europe and Australia.

BROWN'S TROCHES
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BROWN'S TROCHES

Price 25 cents per box.

Sold by all druggists at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOX. 25cents

dec1

SELF-LIGHTING LAMP,

Warranted to light itself 40000 times

WITHOUT A MATCH!

Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.

HAIR DYE.

RUSSELL'S INSTANTANEOUS LIQUID HAIR DYE.—It is easily applied, does not stain the skin, is harmless, it is instantaneous in its effects, and restores dry and brush hair to its original color. Sold by druggists generally. Try it, all who have had the misfortune to become the possessors of gray, faded hair. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

FIRST YOUR COUNTRY!

THEN A PLACE TO BUY YOUR FLOUR

FEED, GRAIN &c.

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EXTRA RYE FLOUR,

White and Yellow Meal, Fine Feed, Ship Stuff, Oil Meal, &c., at Lincoln and Gross Store, No. 43 Market Street, by

H. WOOD.

aug28

WEST'S SUPERIOR MEDICATED CANDY is not only a valuable remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Consumption, Diseases of the Lungs, &c., but is also a most delicious confection. Sold by druggists generally. For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

HATS.

H. BAZER, at the CORNER HAT STORE, has received the latest New York STYLE HATS from the best manufacturers in Boston & New York.

The newest leather of the Hat to be selected as to the quality, and the workmanship in the Hat is the best, assuring all the ease of the Felt Hat, which is unsurpassed by any other Hat in the market.

Please to bear in mind that the shortest notice will be taken for Hats to be made to order.

Corner Central and Market sts.

SHORTS, FEED AND MIDDLINGS.

50 23 Tons extra FINE FEED,
15 Tons BREAD MIDDLINGS,
10 " cheap
S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st. for sale low by

aug18

MAGNOLIA BALM is a perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Tetters and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER'S, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

may3

TO THE LADIES.

BATH OF BEAUTY—A new composition for the Toilet, compounded of Magnolia Balm, Camphor Ice, Freckles and Pimples, and improving the Complexion when all other remedies fail. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., cor. Merrimack and John sts.

may17

COLTS, Allen's and Sharp's Revolvers for sale by S. KIDDER & CO.

SHAW'S PATENT

Nurse Lamp, or Gas Heater,

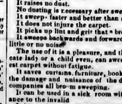
USED on any gas burner, just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES.

LADIES' RIDING HATS,

NEW STYLES, just received at BRADLEE'S Corner Hat Store.

47 Central street.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT,"



OF

THE FIEND OF PAIN,

WHETHER arising in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, or any of the numerous PAINFUL AFFECTIONS to which we are subject, "*What Wonderful Relief!* What a Blessing!" is the exclamation of all who use

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT."

The price is low, within the reach of all. Try it, and be convinced that it is what we say it is.

"THE HAMMOND LINIMENT"

Is sold Wholesale and Retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Agent, Lowell, Mass., and John streets, Lowell. CLOCK & SHERWOOD, 24 Tremont Row, Boston, and by Druggists & Co., Concord, and at retail by Dealers generally.

O. L. BEAN & CO., Proprietors.

February 16, 1861 17 Tyler Street, Boston.

feb16ly

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM MEAL AND FLOUR.—Fresh ground Graham Meal and Flour, constantly on hand and for sale by S. N. WOOD, 43 Market st.

nov8

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER.

VOL. XXVII. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 20, 1861. NO. 6528

THE DAILY COURIER.

TWO—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

Office up stairs in entrance a dedication of Pub's Courier will be made.

STONE & HUSE,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Office, No. 21 CENTRAL STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 per square for three weeks, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent week. Those not marked on the manuscript with the number of insertions desired will be published until forbid, and charged accordingly. Special notices one-third additional. Court notices inserted at customary rates.

THE LOWELL WEEKLY JOURNAL, a paper containing the cream of the week's news, and a large amount of reading matter, is published every Thursday morning, at $2 per year in advance, or $2 and one dollar during the year.

☞ Subscriptions for the Courier may commence at any time. No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

Lowell Post Office.

MAILS DUE.

Boston R. R. M. 4.00 and 6.12 P. M. Worcester, 6.12 P. M. Lawrence, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Nashua, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Manchester, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Concord, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Andover, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Lowell & Lawrence, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Lowell & Nashua, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Lowell & Lowell, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Lowell & Lowell, 8.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. Lowell & Lowell

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, November 20, 1861.

THE PAST MAYORS OF LOWELL.

HON. NATHANIEL WRIGHT,

The fourth Mayor of Lowell, was a native of Sterling, Worcester County, where he was born February 13th, 1785. The farm upon which he was born was held by his ancestry for two centuries. Mr. Wright entered Harvard College in 1804, and graduated in 1808. He came to this place, then Chelmsford, and studied law with Hon. Asahel Stearns, once a member of Congress and afterward Professor of Law at Harvard, who then lived in the house afterward owned by Mr. Wright, and now occupied by T. G. Gerrish, Esq., and Mr. Emory Wright. Mr. Stearns' office was just across Pawtucket Bridge, in the town of Dracut. When Mr. Stearns removed to Cambridge, to assume his professorship, Mr. Wright succeeded him in business.

Mr. Wright was a counsellor rather than an advocate, a man of deeds and not of words, so much so that when inaugurated as Mayor he refrained from addressing the two boards in Convention as has been the custom of all other Mayors. Mr. Wright's opinion in matters of law, it was always sought for by those who knew him and rarely did a person that followed his advice fail to profit by so doing. His opinions were frequently sought for by the early founders of Lowell, in the purchase of land and in the matter of improvements.

He took a prominent part in the incorporation of the town of Lowell, and when the first town meeting met, Mr. Wright was chosen chairman of the Board of Selectmen, to which office he was four times re-elected. He was also chosen the first Representative from Lowell, receiving 69 votes to 12 for all others. The next year he was re-elected receiving 18 votes to 14 for Kirk Boott, only 33 out of over 200 voters taking the pains to go to the polls. He was also Representative in 1828 and again in 1830. In 1834, he was elected to the State Senate. He was constant in his attendance as member of the Legislature, though never taking part in the debates.

Mr. Wright held no office under the city charter until he was elected Mayor on a citizens' ticket, in 1842; he was re-elected the following year by the Whigs, his supporters at the previous election being now his opponents, but he received a larger vote and majority than at his first election.

The business qualifications and financial abilities of Mr. Wright being acknowledged by all, on the organization of the Lowell Bank, the pioneer of all our banks, June 2nd, 1828, he was chosen President of the institution, and held the office by annual elections for more than thirty years, resigning October 2nd, 1858, only about two weeks before his death, which occurred November 5th. Mr. Wright then being 73 years 8 months and 23 days old. His death was caused by heart disease, with which he was afflicted for nearly two years, though he was confined to his house only about one week. He left three sons, Hon. Thomas and W. B. F. of Lawrence, both lawyers, and Emory Wright, of the city, and one daughter, the wife of Thomas G. Gerrish, Esq., paymaster of the Merrimack Corporation.

The death of Mr. Wright was the cause of a general feeling of regret among the business men of Lowell and by many with whom he came much in contact during a long residence here. Resolutions appropriate to the occasion were passed at a meeting of the members of the bar of the city, and also at a meeting of the directors of the Lowell Bank, in which were acknowledged his sterling qualities, unobtrusive venues of character, soundness of judgment, and uprightness and integrity of character.

COL. JEFFERSON BANCROFT

Was the fifth Mayor. He was born in Warwick, Franklin County, in this State, April 30th, 1803; was for some time engaged on a farm and in mechanical pursuits. Lived at Athol and Medway; came to Lowell in August, 1824, and was first employed in Thomas Hurd's extensive mill, where the Middlesex Mills now stand; subsequently worked on the Appleton until he was appointed deputy sheriff by Sheriff B. F. Varnum, in 1831, which office he held for twenty years under Messrs. Varnum and Chandler. He was collector of taxes in 1833; chief engineer of the fire department from 1844 to 1846. He was a member of the Common Council from Ward 2 in 1839 and 1840, and an Alderman in 1841 and 1842.

He was first elected Mayor in March, 1846, over the citizens' candidate. The time of the Municipal election having been changed from March to December, he was re-elected the same fall, with but trifling opposition, so satisfactory was his administration to all classes of citizens; and in 1847 he was again elected for the third time. Col. Bancroft was a member of the Legislature from Lowell in 1840 and 1841, and again in 1850 and 1851, and in 1860 and 1859 was a member of the State Valuation Committee, having been appointed on both occasions without the intercession of himself or friends, a merit rather than solicitation being then the qualifications for such responsible positions. He was Warden of the State Prison from December 1853 to March 1855, when he was removed by Gov. Gardner to make room for a political friend. Col. Bancroft was re-appointed deputy sheriff by Sheriff Kimball in January, 1860, and we think, since the death of Col. Butterfield, must be one of the oldest sheriffs in Middlesex County. He derives his military title from the fact that he was Colonel of the Fifth (now Sixth) Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteer Militia from 1840 to 1843, previous to which he was for three or four years Adjutant of the same Regiment.

Col. Bancroft was married December 24th, 1826, to Miss Harriet Beadley, daughter of Dr. Amos Beadley, of Dracut, who may be remembered by some of our oldest citizens. As stated in the introduction to these sketches, Col. Bancroft lives in Dracut, just across Pawtucket Bridge, though his business, associations, and postoffice address are in Lowell, and he intends to remove his family back to the city at no distant day.

Col. Bancroft, in a residence of more than a third of a century in Lowell, has made many friends and few, if any enemies. June 30th, 1847, President Polk visited the city, and Mr. Bancroft (then Mayor) in his address of welcome said:—

"Many, very many of those who will greet you here to-day, came poor and penniless to our city, in its infancy, and here, by the hard labor of their own hands, have been able to purchase stock in the mills in which they labor, and have become owners of permanent property throughout the city. Although I, Sir, am the first Mayor of this city, to welcome you among us to-day, some twenty years ago, I commenced my career here, and was a long time employed as an operative in yonder mills. Things which tend to elevate and independent of party assistance. In relation to his administration while mayor, we can say nothing more complimentary to Mr. French than was the remark of an old citizen to us a few days ago: "He was the best financier Lowell ever had in the Mayor's chair!" Since his last year in that office, we believe Mr. French has not been the servant of our people, nor has his name been used in connection with any position until he was taken up by the "People's Party," party at the last election. The result of that movement is known to our citizens, he will occupy a seat in the next Legislature.

In 1851 he was elected President of the Northern New Hampshire Railroad; but this position he was, we believe, compelled to resign in consequence of having egged with his brother, Capt. Walter Frank and others, in a $3,000,000 contract in building a railroad out of Cincinnati, Ohio. The death of Capt. Walter French, in the terrible Norwalk, Ct., disaster (which will be remembered by our citizens) threw the responsibility of concluding this great contract upon the subject of this notice. It was successfully completed in June, and we assume it would have been but for the untimely death of the gentleman to whom much of the responsibility had first been committed.

Mr. French at this time occupies the position of agent of the Winnepisseogee Lake Cotton and Woolen Manufacturing Company, at Lake Village, N. H., and succeeded the late Hon. James Bell.—

From this sketch it will be seen that he has led an active business life, for which he was qualified in no higher educational institution than the common town school. He has never been a prominent politician; he is claimed by the Democrats as belonging to their party, but party measures, we think, will find no favor with him. Dating with the early history of Lowell, he has been as successful as it has been honorable to himself and to his fellow-citizens.

WAR, NEWS, &c.

From Washington and Eastern Virginia.

It is stated that the volunteer forces will not be increased beyond the half million authorized by Congress.

Despatches from Gen. Dix state that the rebels have dispersed in Accomac county, Va., and though they may rally in Northampton county, they are unable to concentrate a force from any complicity. On his return he met a squad of rebel cavalry, who gave him fodder for the horses of himself and Dr. Bacon.

THE QUEEN'S PROCLAMATION. In the English Queen's neutrality proclamation, issued early in the trouble between this Government and the rebel States, British subjects, she says, the rulings are warned against "carrying officers, soldiers, dispatches, arms, military stores or materials for the use and service of either of the said contending parties." Can it be supposed that declaring that all so offending would "do so at their peril and of their own wrong, and that they will in no wise obtain any protection from this Government in any liability or penal consequences, but will, on the contrary, incur our high displeasure by such misconduct." Can it be supposed that our ministers, in the face of such a proclamation, will protect the Trent in her conveyance of these rebel emissaries and rebel dispatches?

VICE-PRESIDENT HAMLIN has purchased a fine house in Bangor, and will make that his home after the next session of Congress.

It would be a poor result of all our anguish and our wrestling, if we won nothing but our old selves at the end of it—if we could return to the same blind loves, the same self-confident blame, the same light thoughts of human suffering, the same frivolous gossip over blighted human lives, the same feeble sense of that Unknown, toward which we have sent our wishes, and our wraths cries in our loneliness. —*Adam Bede.*

HON. CALEB CUSHING will be the senior member of the next Massachusetts House of Representatives, and upon him will devolve the duty of calling it to order. Mr. Cushing was first a member in 1825.

JEFF DAVIS has a great love for the "peace" men of the North and a hatred for those of the South.

DAVIS and Stephens, it is said, are elected President and Vice-President of the Southern Confederacy for six years.

SOME ON COONS. The editor of the *Manchester Mirror*, who is a well-known sporting man, has this season alone bagged forty-four coons! That is what we call "a big thing." The same fortunate gentleman is said to know more about a horse than a horse knows about itself.

KANSAS CROPS. From letters from Kansas says the crops have made a large yield—corn selling at 20 cents per bushel; hay at three dollars per ton; potatoes are very plenty and cheap. So Kansas this winter will be able to take of herself.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Religious Services.

The First Universalist Society will resume services in their own Church to-morrow, at 11 o'clock.

The Free Congregational Society of this city will worship at the Appleton Street Church to-morrow—services commencing at 10½ o'clock.

The two Universalist Societies will hold services at the Second Church at 11 o'clock.

The Baptist Churches of this city will hold a unified service at the Worthen Street Church, to-morrow, at 10½ o'clock. Sermon by Rev. Mr. Warren.

The three Methodist congregations will unite in holding services at the Central at the Worthen Street Church, commencing at 10½ o'clock. Sermon by the pastor.

The Treasurer of the Soldiers' Aid Association, of Lowell, acknowledges the receipt of fourteen dollars by the hand of Mr. Marshall Hurd, Superintendent of the Court House, in Lowell, being contributions of one dollar each from the following named persons, jurors and others, attending the late term of the Superior Court, in Lowell, viz:—Benjamin S. Butterworth, Silas W. Lee, Hon. James Loughran, Francis Jewett, and Wm. McFarland, of Lowell; James Campbell and Calvin Bostell, of Townsend; William A. Coolidge and William Flanders, of Woburn; Jesse Healey and C. H. Hunnewell, of Cambridge; Simon Hanscom, of Westford; George F. Blake, of Medford; Aaron Weston, of Reading; Perrin Davis, Frank Sartigan, Jonas Wyman, Charles Osgood and Charles Stone.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Fort Hill from the Unitarian Congregational Society DAY, Nov. 22.

Contributions weighing not over three pounds each, may be sent to the Vestry, on Friday, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., on that date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

nov19d2t

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

The Republicans of Lowell are invited to meet in Lawrence Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, November 20th, at 7½ o'clock, to take action in reference to the next Municipal Election.

By order of Republican City Committee.

NATHAN ADAMS, Secretary.

A. A. HASKELL, Secretary.

nov19td

Brooding Stock, Laying Hens, Roosters and Breeding Cocks; also selling at the Lowell Poultry Yards, Chelmsford Street, Lowell, Mass. Also, Eggs for Hatching from the largest cash prizes, at 138 Merrimack Street, Boston. BALTIMORE & BOSTON.

November 18, 1861. nov19d1w

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of Miss EGGERS' School will commence on Monday, November 25th. Instruction will be given in the French and English branches, which are usually taught in Boarding Schools. Particular attention will be given to Arithmetic, Grammar, Reading and Spelling. The Primary Class will be under the charge of Miss EGGERS.

Tuition under nine years, $ 5.00
French extra, 5.00
November 19th, 1861. nov19d2w*

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 21 Queen Street, lately in the occupation of Mrs. Patrick Quinn. Inquire of November 14, 1861. nov14d1w

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Kentucky,
Map of the Mason Dixon Line,

The above-named Maps are official and being drawn from actual surveys recently made, are the most accurate. The public are invited to call and examine them at the Bookstore of CHARLES HOVEY, 17 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, where said Maps are for sale. nov13 nov13

TO LET.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at about ready made prices, is at No. 4 Prescott Block, one door from the Post Office. Also, a Boy wanted to learn the business. Inquire as above. nov13d2w

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Case of Jesse Hall, for a criminal offence alleged to have occurred on the 3d day of June, 1861, in June 1861, will please call at the Office of the Clerk of the Police Court, during the afternoon office hours.

nov13d3w* F. T. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

LECTURE LAST EVENING. The opening lecture of the annual course under the auspices of the Middlesex Mechanics' Association, was delivered last evening by Hon. Edward Everett, to a good hall assembled at the door before 7 o'clock, and soon after the opening of the doors the hall was filled, except a few seats in the gallery. Mr. Everett on entering was greeted with applause, and was at once introduced to the audience by Dr. Huntington.

Mr. Everett commenced by remarking that he had been requested to say a word or two upon an event that reached us within a day or two, the capture of Messrs. Mason and Slidell. Some have apprehended that this act, however justifiable in other respects, may yet be considered by the British government as unauthorized by the law of nations, and therefore likely to bring us into unpleasant relations with that power. This apprehension is entirely groundless, there is no right better recognized by the law of nations than that of the armed vessel of a belligerent power to detain a neutral vessel on the high seas, to ascertain whether on board of that neutral vessel there is anything contraband of war. It is expressly laid down by all the text writers on the law of nations, that among the things which are forbidden to be carried by a neutral vessel, are ambassadors or either belligerent power. There have been many cases in which this principle has been laid down and enforced in the English Courts of Admiralty. In the year 1806, an American vessel called the Caroline, on her way from New York to Bordeaux in France, was captured by a British cruiser, carried into England, tried and condemned before Sir William Scott, afterward Lord Stowell, the highest authority on any question of the law of nations that can be found in Great Britain,—condemned, because it carried dispatches from the government of one of the French Colonies. In giving his opinion on the condemnation of this vessel, Sir Wm. Scott expressly said that the belligerent cruiser was authorized in stopping the *ambassador* of the enemy on the way to his destination. You see, many of you, familiar with the case of Sir Henry Lawrens, who was at one time President of the Continental Congress in the Revolutionary war, who was on his way from Martinique to Holland on board of a Dutch vessel, at that time a neutral power. This vessel was captured by a British frigate, carried into St. John's, Newfoundland, he was transferred to another vessel and sent to England, and there confined in the tower of London as a traitor for two years, and was only released after the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, he was given up in exchange for the Commander-in-chief of the British forces.

"You see that there is not the slightest ground for apprehension that there is any illegality in this detention of the mail-packet, that the detention was perfectly lawful, the captures was perfectly lawful, their confinement in Fort Warren will be perfectly lawful [Cheers], and as they will not dare to keep them in safety until the restoration of peace—which we all so much desire, we may, I am sure, cordially wish them a safe and speedy deliverance." [Cheers.]

In the beginning of his lecture Mr. E. said that it was often remarked, the season of words was passed, and the time for action come, but he believed that keeping the public mind thoroughly enlightened as to the beginning, causes, and tendency of the struggle, was the only way to bring it to a successful and honorable issue. First, it is not a war of aggression on the part of the North, though in all the manifestos and proclamations of the so-called Confederate government this view is given to excite the sympathy and the powers of Europe. Never was a grosser imposition attempted on mankind; the beginning of the movement dates back at least as far as 1826. The Government briefly styled the nullification movement, and how it was brought about by the political leaders. Gen. Jackson did not understand the constitution, but he did understand the sentiments of the people, and he was the last of his successors (Buchanan) had done. He did not think that citizens of the United States, bound by their allegiance to the Government briefly styled the plot and carry on treason and rebellion, provided they did it under the pretended authority of the State Government. Fort Sumter was sent to Charleston, and said the only favor traitors in arms should have was that they should be done to death as quickly as possible. It was his opinion that it would have been better that if Fort Sumter could not be relieved, though it was, had been allowed to run its course, the hydra of secession would not have shot out so many heads.

The history of the slavery agitation in this country, and the effect it has had upon States, was briefly described; the agitation of the Missouri compromise, the dangerous attempt at insurrection in Virginia, under Nat. Turner, the effect of that agitation, the abolition movement in England, the South Hampton massacre and the annexation of Texas in 1845.

The blessings and progress that have been the result of the system of government were described at length, and the progress of future progress and growth, if the country was united, illustrated, and the direful evils brought upon the country during the last six months were strikingly shown; the tone of the foreign press, savage debate in the Southern Congress, the suppression of industry, the expenditure of a million and a quarter of dollars daily, the arrest of Southern pilgrims on their way to the Northern Capital, the application of the habeas corpus, the arrest of a citizen of Baltimore, the agitations had reached a menacing point, desirous of bringing into action if possible a more conciliatory feeling, perceiving there was one golden cord of sympathy which bound the whole country together and in hope of contributing something, however small, to revive the kindly feeling that had once existed between the Union, desired myself almost exclusively to the task of trying to awaken a spirit of fidelity in the minds of Americans to the only feeling in which they seemed to rest in unison, reverence and love for the memory of Washington."

The colonial tower of the South had already enjoyed and the compromises all on one side, there never had been a time when even Northern presidents favored the South. But the South was determined not to be satisfied.

The election of 1860 came on, and the leaders of the South had the audacity to put about a schism in the Democratic party.—South Carolina claimed the last pro-slavery leader, two or three of Buchanan's cabinet were in the secret of the conspiracy; Floyd, Cobb and Thompson stripped of their ordnance, the plan was concocted to capture Washington, seize the archives, and subsidiary to these arrangements, but not "I cheerfully believe connected with the leaders of the South, the plot of Cesspedians at Washington and Baltimore to assassinate President Lincoln on the way to Washington.

South Carolina seceded without cause, and the example was followed by the other Southern States. The vacillation of Virginia, and the inconsistencies of the State-rights doctrine were shown in a masterly manner. Two measures were relied upon by the leaders of Virginia to secure, one or more of consummate legislative astuteness, the other of desperate violence. The extraction of the allegiance of Alexander H. Virginia was illustrated, and the act of the Legislature authorizing the appointment by election of slaves from States not belonging to the Confederacy. This failing, a usurped military authority was resorted to, and the ordinance of secession was passed by the people. Gen. Scott was sent to Charleston, and said the only favor traitors in arms should have was that they should be done to death as quickly as possible. It was his opinion that it would have been better that if Fort Sumter could not be relieved, though it was, had been allowed to run its course, the hydra of secession would not have shot out so many heads.

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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH H
STOOD
THE TEST OF YE ARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 16, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying one or three times a month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it's facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken great pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting the effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that it could not and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had but used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as a substitute, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people there will persist in buying of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not been content to write an advertisement, but to notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with great success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp or head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,030, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., April 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I have often are realled to in the last two years. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and for the last white and very stiff and unplant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, out supposed there, as is usual in such cases, that it was only entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I considered it would require a long treatment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at once dashed and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. In less directions than a week the fame is evident but world wide, and thousands who have seen its magic so have been sold for years and now, through the use of its preparation, wearing their own natural hair, beautiful and glossy. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of nature and the truth. Prof. Wood studied these in connection, and how to restore the destroyed vitality of the hair, when in a sickly state, in any case, that your hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual is reached, and even then it need be believed that it must inevitably become partialized. He tries it, and finds it a beautiful gold and quite gray at the age of sixty-seven—has restored his own hair beautiful, bright and luxuriant, and the wish to be able to do with it gave to the world. Go WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and lose nothing by the venture. *New York Daily Bond.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

If A No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan28tfeow

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown, of anything else of the kind, and which has been used after all other have failed, is designed for both married and single females for the very best thing known for the cure of all those ills so common to the monthly sickness so painful to females, and which other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. It will bring on the monthly courses in a few hours *just before* each monthly period, and is perfectly safe at any time.

The directions are plain, and strictly observed the greatest value to married females, wishing to avoid the evil of a too rapid increase. This is now incredible, but if it fail *in any case*, the price will be refunded.

OVER 2000 BOTTLES

have been sold within eighteen months *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and in no case has any injury to health or constitution. If it be put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $5.00. Half Strength $3; Quarter Strength, $2 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for cases* as above, to which all *other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain*, and I am warranted in recommending it in every respect, *or the price will be refunded*

☞ BEWARE OR IMITATIONS! Many worthless and warranted unless purchased direct from the Sole Proprietor, DR. MATTISON, Indian Emmenagogue, Physician and General Debility.

☞ Sold by all Druggists, $5, which from Van Werr, O. — "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
ly17 1aw3m

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASSWARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of IRON WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KITCHEN FURNISHING, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
A Stock Unsurpassed, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It promotes the healthy and vigorous growth. It will prevent the hair from falling off.

It keeps in disagreeable odor.

It is the best dressing for hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords a delicate lustre

It remains in any climate.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by FANCY GOODS JOBBERS, generally.

Manufactured by
J. W. BURNETT & CO.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts.
ly7

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the seasons, particularly for the diseases of children.—Sold by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug30

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 100 bbls. New Canada; and Hungarian for sale by S. N. WOOD.
apr14 73 Market st.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing-Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, for music, Addresses, catalogues, Cards, Reports, Newspapers,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing Done Strictly on Cash Principles,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and clothiers, plain, or with the richest style of colors,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, in all sizes.

☞ *Always on hand, a good assortment of plain paper and enamelled white and colored CARDS suitable for every description of business cards and in variety of sizes.*

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Resilvering Looking Glasses Attended to.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1859. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Cane to be had of all kinds and selling, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
mar28 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

☞ WHITE LEAD, Zinc and Oil paints at the Pioneer Mills is warranted to be ground in the finest manner, and to be of the purest materials. The Forest River Lead, for covering of thin roofs, is not excelled by any establishment in the world. All the Boilers for sundry manufactures of Forest River Lead, is PERFECTLY FREE.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, equal in every respect to the FRANKLIN or any other free burning coal for the use of Steamers, Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest market rates.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Orders may be left at the office, 45 Merrimack st., or at the Mills, Salem.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Agricultural and Seed Store, Merrimack street.
jan19 126 Central street.

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

IS NOW fast superseding wood in the New England market. *A superior* LARGE AND CLEAN COAL—*true economy* to buy it. Sold only by DESMITT & RUDLIFF, corner Hanover and Tremont streets

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, November 22, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

The war news is not of an exciting nature. The principal event of interest in the vicinity of Washington on Wednesday was the grand review of about 70,000 troops, at which was the President and his cabinet and some twenty thousand spectators. The scene of the review was about eight miles from the city, but people of all classes turned out to witness it. The scene is said to have been one of the grandest of the same character ever witnessed in the country.

Eastern Virginia. Information of an important character (if it proves true) is received from Eastern Virginia, by way of Baltimore. The advance of General Dix and the distribution of his proclamation in Accomac and Northampton Counties, appears to give almost general satisfaction. The rebels, 3000 in number, have disbanded, and the Union men have gained courage.

As the expedition advanced the rebel flags disappeared, and the Union citizens hoisted their flags, which had hitherto been concealed. A proclamation out by Gen. Dix had been scattered through the country, and when received in camp where the Union men had been drafted and forced into the service, they rebelled and the commanding officer was obliged to disband the whole force. The rebels said the force coming against them was so great that they thought it folly to resist, and the Union men met them with hearty cheers and the greatest enthusiasm.

As far as the expedition had progressed there was every evidence that a large majority of the people were opposed to secession, and the troops were hailed as their deliverers from tyranny and oppression. The people are suffering for many necessaries of life, and were rejoicing at the prospect of an early restoration of the trade and commerce with Philadelphia, on which they depended for a living.

In Northampton County they have destroyed bridges and felled trees across the roads, but the proclamation has given boldness to the Union men, and satisfaction to the people generally, as they are not loyal will be disarmed. Union men who had fled into Maryland, to prevent being forced into the militia, are returning to their homes.

From Gen. Banks' Division. It has been ascertained that everything in the shape of locomotives, machinery, &c., belonging to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, has been removed by the rebels and taken in the direction of Winchester.—Even the double track for twenty miles has been torn up.

Last week Major Stone, Chief of the Provost Guard, with a company of cavalry, paid a visit to the neighborhood of Sandy Springs, Montgomery County, Maryland. He made the arrest of Samuel Leech, a clergyman of the Methodist persuasion, whom they sent to Fort McHenry.

From Missouri. Information was received at Jefferson City, on the 20th, that a company of cavalry has overtaken and captured the rebels who seized our supply train near Warrensburg on Monday last, that a hundred and fifty prisoners were taken and the wagons recovered.

Items. All the Union prisoners in Richmond are being sent to North Carolina.

Miller's Hotel, in Baltimore, has been seized, with all its contents that were desired, in consequence of a belief that it was the headquarters of those who keep up regular communication with the rebels.

The spaulding from Hatteras Inlet represents that troops from Georgia and South Carolina had abandoned Roanoke Island, blown up a battery and gone home.

The reports appearing in the Richmond papers, that General Price had left Missouri had completely routed the Federal army, including Gen. Fremont's body guard, at Springfield, Missouri, was, no doubtedly without any grounds whatever.

A pontoon has been established at Aquia Creek, and Mr. Joseph H. Sears, of Boston, has been appointed postmaster.

Some foreign ministers are reported to have indulged in expressions, regarding the Mason and Slidell seizure, which betray more passion and prejudice than proper judgment or diplomatic intelligence.—The Spanish minister is reported to have said that they have been for a time a Spanish vessel he would have demanded his passports. Lord Lyons is said to have assumed a menacing tone, declaring that the prisoners must be given up, or ample reparation made for the offence against the British crown. The *New York Tribune* correspondent says that Lord Lyons has not conveyed that opinion since the news that Mason and Slidell were on their way to Fort Warren. The Government is determined not to be moved from its convictions of right by any menaces, and has decided to sustain Capt. Wilkes.

NORTH CAROLINA. The *New York Herald's* correspondent at Hatteras Inlet represents that the Provisional State Government for North Carolina, the establishment of which has been contemplated for months, was formally instituted on the 18th inst., by a convention of delegates and citizens representing forty-five counties of the State. Ordinances were passed, acknowledging the constitution of the United States; appointing Marble Nash Taylor provisional Governor of North Carolina; proclaiming the secession act illegal and of no force or effect, and empowering the new Governor to order special elections for representatives to the Federal Congress. This action must, we think, have an immediate effect, and either the people there will rally in favor of the Government or secession will become rampant.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER FROM SOUTH CAROLINA. We have been handed a letter dated "Hilton Head, S. C., November 11th," written by a Lowell boy who is serving in the capacity of a private in one of the regiments in Gen. Sherman's division, from which we make a few extracts:

"We are encamped in a cotton field, and I send you a specimen of some of the cotton grown here. This forenoon I was away digging sweet potatoes and pea-nuts; the last-named grow on a vine like a bean, and require to be dug. I have got about half a peck of pea-nuts in my tent, which I should like to roast on the stove's oven. Oranges also grow in this vicinity; I have not been yet to gather any but have had some of them. One of our boys shot a calf this forenoon; and we should see the heifa, chick-ns, turkeys, dogs and hoof the boys get; but all we have had as yet is the calf. Everything in the shape of a white man has gone from here. The niggers are around in the woods, 'scart' half to death.

"The fort we have taken is quite an important piece, and I should have thought the rebels would have held it longer than they did. There were some twenty cannon, some of them rifled, on the side next the water. They had three rifle-pits in the ditch on this side, which we should have been obliged to have passed had they maintained their position. On landing I went into the fort to get some water, and saw with how much ease the place had been kept. On each side of the bridge we passed were notices, one of which was 'No smoking,' and the other 'No person allowed on the parapet,' or banks.—When the rebels fled they spoke as if the d—— was at their heels, leaving everything you can think of—guns, pistols, swords, knapsacks, &c."

The writer says he is well, and from the tone of his letter we are led to believe the soldiers rather like the land of "Dixie." We have kept a lock of the cotton he sends, for our case of curiosities.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE has been sent us by A. Williams & Co., through B. C. Sargeant, at whose bookstore (City Government Building) it may be found. This is the commencement of the twenty-fourth volume. The money bestowed upon it by the proprietors is immense, calling to its aid the most popular authors and artists in the world. Its contents are not confined to any particular class of articles, but it has written for history, biography, for travel and amusement, natural history, sketches of character and incident, novels, stories and tales, poems, essays, reviews and criticisms, anecdote and wit, and to illustrate their publication it has the aid of seventeen well known artists. The present number shows well enough why every body who has read it can wish difficulty may make up their minds to be without it.

A DISPATCH from Washington says Commissioner Cowan has returned from Georgia and South Carolina had abandoned Roanoke Island, blown up a battery and gone home.

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THANKSGIVING DAY. The day was fine though cool. We never saw so few people on the street during a holiday as yesterday.

The church services during the forenoon, with perhaps one or two exceptions, were very thinly attended. In the evening a theatrical performance at Huntington Hall was fully attended.

At Camp Chase a dinner of turkeys, pies, puddings, with other fixings, was served up to the soldiers; and we learn that Mr. Kimball, landlord of the Conway Hotel, on Thorndike Street, served an extra dinner to his boarders, for which no doubt they felt duly thankful.

The ball at Cheeley's was well attended, and passed off very pleasantly—to the credit of the manager, and the satisfaction of those who attended.

CITY AND COUNTY.

THE PEOPLE'S UNION.

The People's Union Committee will meet at the Citizen's Committee Room, Huntington Hall, this (Friday) evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock, a punctual attendance is requested.

S. W. STICKNEY, Chairman.
J. P. McNVUX, Secretary.

LOST.

CHILD'S GOLD CHAIN, SMALL LOCKET and CROSS. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at JAMES M. PEABODY'S, No. 56 and 58 Merrimack St.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank, Cashier Block, Merrimack Street.

S. W. STICKNEY, Agent.
November 20, 1861. nov21-6t

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

The Republicans of Lowell are invited to meet in Lecture Room, on MERRIMACK STREET, THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, to take action in reference to the municipal election.

For ordered meeting, City Committee.

NATHAN ALLEN, Chairman.
A. A. BARRETT, Secretary.

Springfield Reserve, Soft Shins, Beavers and Broadcloths, for Ladies' Cloaks; also new and desirable DRESS GOODS, just received and selling at the lowest cash prices, at 158 Merrimack Street, Carleton Block.

A. L. TRASK & HALL.
November 19, 1861. nov21-6t

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of Miss ROGERS' School will commence on MONDAY, December 2d, and continue twelve weeks. Terms per quarter, including Reading and Spelling, Tuition, $ 6.00
Tuition, under nine years, 4.00
French extra, 7.00
November 18th, 1861. nov19-1m

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 81 Queen Street. Inquire of C. H. BAKER, at rear of Quincy House. nov19-1w

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Massachusetts.
Map of the State of Missouri.
Map of the Seat of War.

The above-named Maps are official and being drawn from the latest surveys, are the most reliable authority extant. The public are invited to call and examine them at the Bank Room, Cashier Block, Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, where said Maps are for sale.

S. W. STICKNEY.
November 19, 1861. nov19-1m

NOTICE.

Persons who were employed by the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases finally disposed of, are requested to call at the Clerk's office, Court House, and receive their pay, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.

nov15-3ds. E. P. HASLET, Jr., Clerk.

REPUBLICAN MUNICIPAL CAUCUS. The public meeting to take action in reference to the municipal election, which occurs two weeks from next Monday, was held by the Republican party at Jackson Hall, last Wednesday evening. There was a fair attendance. Dr. Nathan Allen, Chairman of the City Committee, called the meeting to order. Hon. Linus Child was elected chairman and Dr. L. B. Morse secretary.

Mr. Child, on assuming the chair, briefly addressed the meeting. He said that the action of this meeting may be of very great importance to Mr. Hill's amendment, that the Republicans be invited to meet in the respective ward rooms, at a subsequent time, to vote for candidates for Mayor, Aldermen at large, and to select nine Aldermen in each ward, the meetings to be held under the regulations fixed upon by the City Committee. He felt that there would be no confidence of success if we proceeded in any other manner.

Mr. Knapp had no doubt that all the propositions were made with a desire to promote harmony and success, but our experience of ward meetings for the last two or three years left no very pleasing recollections, as they had not a very satisfactory result. He favored Mr. Hill's amendment.

Timothy Pearson said that he had no doubt that all desired to nominate good men and elect them, which could be done if they were put forward in the right manner. One nine-men on a ticket from a meeting topples over the whole thing. He would have the last speaker (Mr. Knapp) remember that those who brought the Outside Investment Bill into power two years last year, have gone into the People's Party. Let us go to the people, ask them to help us select a ticket, and they will help us elect it. He was opposed to a committee, for if we had one, there might be candidates running around saying "Put me on the ticket, for my friends want me nominated." (Sensation.) He favored a meeting in Huntington Hall next week, for the selection of candidates, or to decide in what manner they should be selected. The speaker wished to draw an inference. The Democrats boast that they had sent eighteenths of those who had gone to the war, and while 1200 to 1400 had gone from this city, Mr. Davis, the Democratic candidate for Governor, received within 130 votes of as many as were cast for Beach and Butler last year. The Mayor was asked to furnish a list of those who had gone, and refused to do so; and hence the speaker believed that there was fraudulent voting on election day. The names of many who had gone to the war were voted upon by others. He believed that 400 or 500 names were so voted upon. It was known that most of the B-U-Everett party voted for Andrew, and the Democrats could only have increased their vote from that source. He believed in success, and would vote for Maj. Emery if necessary to charge the City Government.

A voice—I would not.

Mr. Pearson—I would, for I like him better than you do.

Dr. L. B. Morse thought the question before the meeting was a plain business one, and it should proceed with great caution. He advocated Mr. Hill's amendment.—He believed that committee of seventy-two, or even three, would be capable nominations than the people would themselves. If we go into ward caucuses, the plans of a clique would be carried into effect. He did not wish to experience what he did last year, and he hoped that the motions thrown in to indirectly effect Mr. Hill's motion would be withdrawn. He was relieved that it was written in Heaven and in the hearts of the people that a change was desired in the City Government.

Mr. Cooke said, one year or two since, Mr. Cobden, while in this country, remarked that your Republican Party lacks pluck. He was not inclined to come here and cry baby because of proceedings in past years; he did not wish to do so. He go abroad that the Republican Party, which had a majority of over two to one in this city, is afraid to trust the people. Dr. Allen had nearly the confidence of people in this city, and with such a force he believed the ward rooms could be kept clear of outsiders. Let the polls be opened in the day time, if necessary, from 6 o'clock in the morning till 9 at night, so that all could go and have a fair chance. If a committee should recommend candidates, and the meeting not approve, they were all afloat. He again deprecated a nomination by a committee. We cannot even hold a caucus but that charges of packing are made, and we cannot by any different comment in relation to a committee.

Mr. Pearson moved to lay all the motions before the meeting on the table, in order that he might introduce a motion to hold a meeting in Huntington Hall, as he had suggested in his first remarks. At the last State election nominations were made by conventions and committees—beautiful nominations, ooh-house nominations—and down they went.

Mr. Pearson's motion to lay on the table was rejected almost unanimously, only two or three voting for it.

Dr. J. C. Ayer said that the party had had one or two years' experience in mass meetings. Last *Fall* the Democrats nominated the Republican candidate for Mayor.

Mr. H. A. Cooke wished to ask Dr. Ayer a question.

Dr. Ayer—When I am done you can have the floor. The arrangements are all made to have the same candidate of last year nominated, if you hold ward caucuses. Men hundreds of miles away, or at least, their names will be used to vote you down. He hoped that a committee would be chosen.

Mr. Pearson said (rather excitedly) if you vote to have a committee, a list has already been made out for you to ratify, and ratify it if you desire.

Oldin Nichols reminded the last speaker but one (Dr. Ayer) that a mass meeting to nominate a candidate for Mayor, had been adjourned from Huntington Hall to the several ward rooms on the motion of himself, two or three years since. He (the speaker) was in favor of having the people make their own nominations. The nominees of conventions held in this hall have been defeated, but the people have never defeated nominations made by themselves.

G. W. Shattuck said we are the people, and have a right to decide how our nominations shall be made, and he was in favor of Mr. Hill's amendment.

The vote was first put on Mr. Cooke's amendment, and almost unanimously rejected. Mr. Hill's amendment was accepted as a substitute for the original motion of Mr. Cowley, but few voting in the affirmative and one or two in the negative.

The committee on reporting a nominating committee was announced by the chair as follows:—

Ward 1—J. L. Cheney, T. F. Burgess, M. G. Perkins.
Ward 2—Daniel Holt, W. T. McNeil, A. G. Cummock.
Ward 3—Nathan Allen, Chas. Cowley, W. W. Eaton.
Ward 4—F. H. Nourse, A. A. Manning, J. M. Hadley.
Ward 5—J. G. Peabody, William H. Parker, J. C. Ayer.
Ward 6—S. K. Brackett, J. N. Marshall, H. H. Fuller.

H. A. Cooke was first named from ward 3, but declined serving. The committee retired.

B. L. C. Newton moved that a committee of three be appointed to get the names of those who were favorable to the war with a view to ascertain whether any were voted upon at the late State election.

Paul Hill opposed the motion, because it reflected upon the city officials.

E. P. Swan moved to amend so that the names of those who have gone to the war should be ascertained.

J. L. Burgess said that the Mayor had no complete list of those who had gone to the war, except those belonging in his own ward, and whose families were entitled to aid from the State. The statements made contrary by a gentleman were undoubtedly a true as anything that had been stated by him this evening.

Mr. Sargent spoke in an excited manner) said the last speaker accused him of lying

Mr. Sargent denied that he made any such statement, and some sharp sparring took place between the gentlemen, which the chair finally checked.

Frederic Holton stated that he was one of the ward officers of Ward Five (warden) and presided at the check-list nearly all day, and he did not believe that there was any attempt at fraudulent voting in that ward, where it would have been as likely to have occurred as in any place in the city.

Mr. Owen thought it was not the business of Republicans to find out who had gone to the war. He would not go further than to prevent men from enlisting, or to injure the feelings of their families.

Mr. Newton thought it was desirable to have the names of the soldiers, but questioned whether this was the proper way to get them.

Mr. Newton's motion was put, and lost by 2 yeas to 10 or 12 nays, not counted.

The committee appointed to report a nominating committee returned and reported the following named gentlemen, who were accepted, and empowered to fill vacancies, after which the meeting adjourned to the call of the committee:

Ward 1—Paul Hill, Dana B. Gove, Willard C. Welch, Frank E. Jewett, Abner Bailey, Jr., J. L. Cheney, Charles Anderson, S. M. Merry, H. G. Burgess, J. B. Southwick, A. W. Sheldon, J. C. Fowell.

Ward 2—Linus Child, Walter Wright, Solfred Lee, G. G. Rose, E. A. Lovell, Ambrose Lawrence, J. J. Judkins, A. G. Cummock, Kennuck, George G. Knapp, George Osgood, Godfrey B. King, A. F. Swett.

Ward 3—Tappan Wentworth, J. W. Graves, Alfred Gaston, George F. Duncklee, Willis O. Eaton, S. D. Prescott, W. L. Coburn, Edward Cowley, C. M. Wright, Samuel Stackpole, Joseph Tilton, Hosea H. Aford.

Ward 4—Sidney Spalding, F. H. Nourse, John A. Bartlett, Solon Stevens, Benj. Godard, J. M. Wood, Hubbard Wilson, Joshua Mather, J. F. Mansur, Alonzo Nichols, George W. Young, J. B. Keyes.

Ward 5—W. B. Southworth, Jeremiah Clark, Jona. Johnson, Isaac Place, C. L. Knapp, W. H. Wiggin, Oldin Nichols, C. Latham, Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Daniel Call, L. Cambridge, Frederic Holton.

Ward 6—Jas. Reeve, Jacob Robbins, A. P. Bonney, Ephraim Brown, J. W. Daniels, Luther Emerson, Z. E. Sone, H. Bailey, Jr., Ralph Laton, Jr., Charles B. Morse, S. S. Brackett, L. C. Dodge.

SAD ACCIDENT. Mrs. John Green, living at 21 Willey Street, while ascending a flight of stairs in the back yard, accidentally hit a gun that was standing on the stairs, causing its discharge. The charge struck her in the back, and passed obliquely upward and forward about eight inches, making a fearful opening in its passage through the muscles of about three inches in width, coming out on the side near the edge of the hip bone. Her clothes took fire at the same time, and but for the presence of mind of her daughter, who stripped them off instantly, she would have been seriously injured, if not burned to death. So says the *Citizen* of Wednesday last.

NEW LAW FIRM. Messrs. Charles F. Howe and A. J. Stockpole, have formed a copartnership for the transaction of law business, under the name of Howe & Stockpole. Their office is at No. 6 Canal Block, nearly opposite the American House.

ACCIDENT. John W. P. Abbot, Esq., of Westford, met with a sad accident last evening, by falling down a flight of stairs in his barn while doing after the stock. In his fall he struck with so much force as to break the bone in one of his arms, near the shoulder. Dr. Kimball, of this city, was called to see him, and gave his patient such medical attention as the case demanded.

All who desire to spend a pleasant evening are reminded of the entertainment at Carleton Hall, to be given by the Moral Social Union.

LOWELL PRISONERS AT RICHMOND.—Among the names given of prisoners at Richmond, captured at Ball's Bluff, we notice those of Job W. Dapes, Edward Barry and John Flynn, of Lowell.

POLICE COURT. There is nothing doing this forenoon. One or two cases will be examined this afternoon.

We have an interesting letter from Washington, which lack of room prevents our giving to day.

N. J. WEBB & CO.,
198 Merrimack Street,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. We have handled the above stoves now in use in this vicinity and their best recommendation is their merits.

Remember they are not a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the MAGEE PARLOR COOKING STOVE, which is so constructed that it is sufficient to keep the Parlor warm and warm enough also to do the Magee Parlor Stoves are warranted to give satisfaction in every respect, and to be as represented. The fire may be kept in all night without any trouble, and with the least expense of fuel—a desirable object now.

Also, a large assortment of Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper, Zinc, Stove Trimmings, Stove Boards, Stove Pipes, Elbows, Stove Brushes, Shovels, Tongs, Fenders, Hearths, Stove Furniture, and the Newest Pound & Cin's Stoves, which, we take pleasure in saying, are unsurpassed by any in the market.

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nov21-6t

Washington Coal,
For cooking, has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It is less dangerous,
It goes less money,
And is the only coal for burning coal. And the BEGINNERS can be taught ONLY at HOWARD'S
WHARF, at the Locks and Canals.
Also, Lehigh, Shamokin and Franklin Coal, for sale at the lowest prices, at
HOWARD'S WHARF,
nov21 Lowell.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.
The only Harmless and Reliable Dye
Known.

This splendid Hair Dye is perfect, instantaneous and reliable. It contains no lime, sulphur or any poisonous ingredients, and should be avoided by all who wish to preserve their hair.

THIS DYE WILL NOT STAIN THE SKIN, but imparts a beautiful and natural brown or Black, without the least injury to the hair.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE previous to this date, and testimonials have been made to the best of any in the known world.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure the hair in any climate, but, on the contrary, invigorates it, leaves it soft as silk, and as the coat, and the effects of bad Dyes remedied. The hair is not rendered harsh and dry, as by the use of other Dyes, but, on the contrary, soft and glossy.

Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers throughout the United States, Canada and the British Provinces, and by the proprietor, No. 233 Broadway, New York.

N. B.—Be sure to call for BATCHELOR'S DYE, and avoid all others.

1y19

WAR HAS COME
AND
WHITTEN'S
GOLDEN SALVE
IS A POWERFUL
WITH THE SOLDIERS.
THOUSANDS OF BOXES
TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold during the past year. It is a sure remedy for wounds, sore throat, sores, sore and stabbed feet, sore lips, burns, scalds, sore eyes, and all diseases caused by exposure, &c.

Also, WHITTEN'S PILLS, a family feline in use for seven years, and never failing in curing Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Rheumatism, Colds, Sore and all kinds of diseases arising from impure blood. Also, WHITTEN'S CELEBRATED COUGH SYRUP, for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung diseases.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Merchants.

Agency for Baltimore and Liverpool Steamers.

Agency for Lowell, Lawrence and Manchester Express Co., through which all packages are forwarded free of charge to any of the Eastern countries.—Information cheerfully given.

Lowell, Nov. 12, 1861. nov13d3m

THE LOWELL TWINE MANUFACTORY. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Bartlett & Co., in this paper. Mr. Bartlett is agent for Lowell and vicinity.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS
C. B. Coburn, S. W. Stickney, D. S. Richardson,
Wm. Crosby, Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Wm. Rogers,
Jas. Tyler, C. G. Rose, E. P. Sherman,
Lowell, Nov. 1, 1861.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses and Farm Buildings only. No assessments will be made for losses exceeding $10,000 in any one year. The Stock Department is confined to the same class of risks, and has a surplus of the paid in capital of $116,439 34. The attention of owners of Factories, Stores, Machinery and Stock in trade is particularly invited. A Dividend paid on policies terminated during the year. Office in connection with a substantial cash bank.

Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, Secretary.

E. P. SHERMAN, Solicitor.
Lowell, June 15, 1861. jun15

PURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS, Just received from New York and Boston, at the Insurance Fur, which are manufactured and warranted by myself. Also, a large assortment of Fur Trimmings, Velvets, Silks, Satins, Linings, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Fancy Goods, Ribbons, Trimmings, Edgings and Flats; Bonnet and Plush Frames, Ostrich Feathers, Flowers, &c.

Fifty Fold Cotton is ready.

Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

C. B. COBURN, Proprietor, Troy, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. H. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Wholesale Agents.

nov21-6m

DR. BIRMINGHAM,
NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN.
Office, 66 Cambridge Street, ... Boston.

HOURS:
MONDAYS, TUESDAYS and WEDNESDAYS, From 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Other days, Sundays excepted.

A BARE BUT TRUE ROUND.

Dr. S. warrants his medicines to operate as may be recommended, and will refund the money in all cases where they give a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and restore the patient to health. Dr. S. has been a practicing physician for the last twenty years, and has had from a knowledge of the Indian medicines he practices, and the combination of the same with the most scientific anatomy, which enables the Doctor to prescribe understandingly.

Dr. S. has medicines which he not only prescribes for all diseases, but which he warrants to cure, and will refund the money in all cases where they do not effect a cure. Dr. S. has been established in this city for the last two years, and has accomplished thereby in this city and vicinity more than any other physician. Dr. S. has made arrangements to his main office and will have some to regret that they have not availed themselves of the opportunity of Dr. S. while he remains in this city.

Dr. S. has a medicine which he not only prescribes for, but warrants to cure, and will refund the money in all cases where they do not effect a cure when it is used according to the directions. This medicine is called

"How great a matter a little fire kindleth."

Who would have thought a few years since that the list a medicinal sugar pill, was to play so conspicuous an object in the great drama of life, but such it is, and to it the actors of the drama are looking for a continuance of that stability that will enable him to act.

Hostetter's Bitters have grown to such proportions that it overshadows all other systems of medicine, and stands out in bold relief as the great Regulator of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Dr. Gilfert's Homeopathic Vermifuge, as a fam ily medicine, is unsurpassed. Dr. Gilfert's Embrocation, as a liniment, saving of money, and curative properties, was ever the boast of all. A comparative assortment of all the medicines sold by the agents, or sent by mail or express, with full directions, for the price of $5 cents per box, by PHILIP GILFERT, 59 Nassau Street, New York.

M. S. BURR & CO., wholesale agents, Boston
DR. H. BALDWIN and CALVIN E. KNOWLTON, for Lowell.

nov14-6t

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,
182 MERRIMACK STREET,
Adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass.

Tickets for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, &c.

Passengers intending to the West, North and South, will find it to their advantage to call.

Baggage checked through to all parts of the country.

Agency for California and Liverpool Steamers.

Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland for sale on equal to those of any. Also in the Eastern country.—Information cheerfully given.

Tickets furnished at all hours, day and evening.

Lowell, Nov. 12, 1861. nov13d3m

THE MAGNOLIA BALM:
A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR
PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, ERUPTIONS,
FRECKLES, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the skin soft and pure, imparting to it a Marble Purity. It is most cool and refreshing in the Heat of Summer, and a sure to tan, and will give immediate relief to the burning of insects.

The contents of a bottle might be taken without injury, but a single application every night for a week will cause the most case of Pimples.

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Before you go to a Party or Ball-room.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
After Shaving, as it allays all irritation.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
A new and delightful toilet luxury.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
Whenever you feel a Pimple coming on.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
When any Blotches appear on the face.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
If you would have a Beautiful Complexion.
USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM
And you will never be troubled with Pimples.

Physicians look with wonder upon its speedy cures of the most malignant cases of Pimples, Blotches, &c., and recommend it in preference to any other preparation for the purpose of removing all impurities from the skin, leaving it soft, pure and beautiful.

Ladies who value a pure and healthy skin, free from Pimples, Pimple Blotches, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Redness, Roughness, Chafings, Sting of Insects, &c., should not be without it.

Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Price 50 cents per bottle.

H. H. HAY & CO., Proprietors,
No. 583 Broadway, New York.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

nov21-6m

MANHOOD.
HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND RADICAL CURE of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent on receipt of a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,

127 BOWERY, New York.
Post Office Box, 4586.

MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Pimple Blotches, Sunburn and Tan. For sale by H. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John streets.

FRESH GROUND GRAHAM & AL. Also, fresh ground Graham from pure white wheat. For sale by H. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts. nov21

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HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1849.

CONTINUES to insure against loss by FIRE, on terms exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term not exceeding one year.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

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April 24, 1861. apr25-1y

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

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Capital.....$300,000.

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Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at its full value, and have promptly paid LOSSES FULLY CURE written on DWELLING HOUSES and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
Merrimack Street, opp. Middle st.
Lowell, Oct. 1, 1861. oct14-1y

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

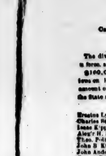
GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 8, 1860. 1m1yrs.

VULCANIZED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice after a thorough investigation of its merits, and have had, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are prepared to say that it is decidedly superior to any base used in mor, a difference a opinion among the profession, and for the benefit of those who do not, we will state a few reasons why we have adopted it, and why we think it is used with great success, and it is the best base ever used. It is the lightest base ever used, and for that reason alone is preferable to any other base, they do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best base ever used, but they do say to the public that they are prepared to furnish sets of Teeth in this base, which for lightness and beauty cannot be obtained, and at reasonable prices.

Rooms 2 and 4 Savings Bank Building.

sept1



THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is mal enough to be ignorant of the causes which undermine her health. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a safe and certain remedy for all irregularities and obstructions. Dr. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, has for twenty years been constantly engaged in the treatment of female diseases—more dietary reforms without pain, all disorders of the system peculiar to females. They act like a charm, and the health and beauty are restored. They are like a charm, and the health and beauty are restored. They are a sure remedy for Headache, Sick Headache, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Fever, Nervousness, Hysterics, Hysteria, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other symptoms of a disordered system. They are a positive remedy for the annual functions. In the worst cases of Plaur Albus or Whites, they work like a charm.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only sure means of removing interrupted menstruation.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

Are never to be used by females who are subject to Fits unless used in connection with the Fits Cannot be taken without producing a PERFECT CURE. DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Both Pills are recommended to be used in the various complaints for which they are offered to the public, as the production power of both medicines is equal, with each box—the Prize Oil, or Female Pill, and the Purgative.

A Valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents for the sale of the Pills, or will be sent by mail, free of postage, on application.

Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.

DR. CHEESEMAN, Proprietor,
No. 67 Liberty St., New York.

Sold in Lowell by H. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John streets, and by Druggists everywhere.

sept14-1y

The Great English Remedy.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
PROCURED FROM HIS PRIVATE PATENTS.

Prepared from a prescription of *Sir J. Clarke*, M.D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen of England. The Proprietors have been entrusted with the formula in the various of Sir JAMES CLARKE'S Female Pills. They have been used in private practice, but certain it is they are the only reliable remedy ever offered to the public for the satisfaction of the female. Hysteria, Hysterics, Pain in the Side, Head-ache, Whites, and all Nervous Affections, Pains in the Back, Loss of Appetite, Pills will effect a cure when all other remedies have failed. *Ladies, beware of counterfeits and do not purchase any unless the words "Sir James Clarke's Female Pills" are engraved on the Government Stamp.*

N. B.—If sent 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will receive a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by SAMUEL RIDDLE, and all Druggists. 1yrp

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are contained in the best ingredients of the day, and are offered to the public with confidence as a rem

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL,
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instance I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; using it but a little and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed one or three articles advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing what gull will impose upon the credulity of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved a good article.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some style of bottle, name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for boldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every description of which head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,720, will be promptly answered.

Yours truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I owe a statement that I think you are at liberty to make use of, as I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and dry. I had been a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a great deal of humbug about it, and entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, it was October, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered a change in the hair removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably checked thereby, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used about four of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now an pretty nearly as good brown, or light like a hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair seems to stop falling off and is as soft and fine, and far in all to as though just from the hand of the French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintance have frequently say to me, "Brown, what have you got that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative, and that it was impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be overturned by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have used it. We therefore recommend it as one of these few genuine nostrums which accomplishes all it promises, and all the bold and gray could desire.—*Columbus Spy.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now stands at the head of its class, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many authentic certificates in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't cry till you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are humbugs, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all who are in the falling off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Father Prime, has used it and recommend the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of it as we find it, as a valuable medicine.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to possess great, if not unequalled virtue in the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head had become almost bald-headed, we have seen the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable article for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and all other impurities, which operate as a poison to the hair. It also has cosmetic qualities of a high description.—*Boston Transcript.*

In many cases the pleasure and other disagreements of the skin disappear on the first use it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and the result is great and beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cure in three months as advertised as above, will do no harm, as its composition contains no poisons.—*Boston Telegraph. April 23, 1859.*

A DETECTIVE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the *pros* and *cons* of many, each of which claims to be considered as the only preparation used in ability in its cure to effect with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are as well assured of the valuable qualities of its article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its owner and proprietor claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be natural. Sometime or gauze on exhausted land, it brings in strop wherever applied. Leaving the hair free, healthy, but we advise our friends with especially growing Lair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT AZTEC HAIR RESTORATIVE is the only humor Wood stands on an eminence no chemical, whose existence has been questioned. Its use has now for over before been reached. His hair has now for over before been reached. His hair has become lost world-wide, and thousands do who have lost hair or been bald for years are using their old locks of his preparation. Its being their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So no chemistry, no chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the hair, can fail to see the reasons for the Restorative's success, but its character, its properties, its diseases, its nourishment, its healing virtues of coat, its strengthening and its own case, that gray hair is not necessarily a sign of the human head, and that it can be restored, and be believed that the hair could be permanently restained. He tried his own experiment, and had quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to color, strength, and luxuriance, and the article he did it with he gave to the world. Get WOODS HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan19'60ow

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in every case where the directions for its purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 3000 BOTTLES have now been sold *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is prepared expressly for* OBSTINATE CASES, in which *all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, but where it is warranted as represented in every instance, or the money will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Non-genuine and worthless unless purchased directly of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 19 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This frequently appears all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, requiring a thorough educated physician of 20 years' practice, giving his whole *attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express everywhere. With a practice of 20 years in the United States Also, *non-mercurialists* for private use, and warrant unless positively cured. *Quiet Retreat* with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *over Two Hundred Persons* are annually led to a suicides grave annually, in New England alone, by the use of Mercury. It is the ruin of more of this sum comes out of a class of persons who have a fear that life is to be lost, by *just what they can never get back*, and they are induced to apply to Quacks, who, with a view daring to expose the cheat for fear of exposing themselves, and thereby wishing to secure and *

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, November 23, 1861.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 18th, 1861.

The long-expected battle on the Potomac bids fair now to take place elsewhere. The Government expected an attack the last of September by the rebels on the line of the Potomac, and the rebels themselves no doubt, intended to make one; but the timely arrival of the secession members of the Maryland Legislature, prevented the passage of a secession ordinance, turning that State over to the Confederates, and the battle has been delayed until the rebels have got their attention turned further down south. I think that it is by no means certain that we shall not have a battle here, but on the contrary, I think, after we have sent two or three more expeditions down along on the southern coast, the army of the Potomac will advance here; and you may rest assured if it does advance, there will be warm work.

Be assured the discipline of the army at the time of the battle of Bull Run and the present time, is vastly different. One regiment under the present discipline, in battle, would be of more service than three as they then were. The organization of the army since Maj. Gen. McClellan has been in command, has improved wonderfully, and the bivacking out process, through the Military Board, is still going on. Let any man who has had practical military knowledge pass through the regiments, and he will see at once that there is room for more improvements in the field, staff, and commissioned officers.

I find in some of the regiments here who hold positions of the utmost importance to the well-being and success of the regiment, who are entirely incompetent, and a perfect dead weight. You may ask me to instance some such cases. I will only mention, in this, two: The surgeons and chaplains.— Some surgeons, to my knowledge, have not only neglected the sick, but have been guilty of giving certificates of inability to able-bodied soldiers, on which they have procured their discharge, gone home and again enlisted, and come out in other regiments. You will ask why the soldiers do this? Simply because they do not like their superior officer, and by combining with the surgeon they effect the change. They are often men who have studied medicine, commenced practice, and failed to procure a livelihood by following their profession, and have lived upon some relation of influence who has sought to get rid of the burden by getting them appointed surgeon of some regiment, which was being organized in their neighborhood. This is all wrong. The best surgeons and most skilful practitioners should be selected and receive the appointment—no matter if they are not of the same politics of the Governor. Give your sons, who have left good homes to help sustain the Government, the very best medical skill in the country. Young men who have had the best of care and nursing when at home, the best medical aid that could be procured, are not here fairly in the enemy, and liable to be wounded, in all ways that a man can be, have for their surgeons men who never amputated a limb in all of their life, or have ever had *extensive* in making practice. I most respectfully submit if this is not all wrong. The pay of a surgeon is some two hundred dollars per month, which ought to secure to the very best of skill and talent, when you take into account the cause.

The chaplain of a regiment is a very important post; and yet, a majority of them, so far as I have been able to observe, are filled by a class of men who think more of their *pay* than any other members of the service. You will find them the very first to visit the pay department, after the rolls of the regiment to which they belong have been handed in, wishing to know when the regiment will be paid; and if they cannot get paid then, some of them draw forage of the Government, and take pay for forage of the paymaster, signing a certificate that they have not drawn forage in kind, and in this way get pay *twice*. Ask them if they have not drawn from Government.—"O, no! it is all right"—when they know that their horse has been fed by the Quartermaster, out of the Government forage, and the men to whom they are to preach know the factor. But many do not. Influence of such a chaplain upon a regiment of a thousand and forty men? I would like to ask the praying fathers and mothers at home, if those are such men as they would select to preach to their sons about cheating, and the various vices to which they are exposed, out here? I know they are not the men you would select to defend the spiritual adviser of these doting sons of yours, who through the patriotism of their hearts have left a home which is dear to them as to any one, and have gone forth to help sustain that flag, and the liberties which were purchased with the heart's blood of our forefathers — These chaplains are men who would not command more than five or six hundred dollars per annum at home, and yet the Government is paying them some fifteen hundred dollars a-year. I know of no place where a good, warm-hearted, devoted Christian minister can do so much good as chaplain in the army. And I do not wish to be understood as implying that there are some such; there are some good Christain chaplains in the service, and their influence for good upon regiments is immense. This with other abuses in the army I have no doubt will receive the early attention of Congress.

There are several Members of Congress who have already arrived and are arranging for their winter's work. Most of the houses here are undergoing a renovation, as is the custom before the meeting of Congress. We had quite a rainstorm here on Friday, which cleared off in the night quite cold, and on Saturday the wind blowed furiously, reminding me of your March winds.

The streets of Washington are in a horrid condition, as well as the police regulations. For neatness of the streets and police regulations, with the advantages of city life, give me old puritan New England. I have not time to write as I want to, or what I should like to, had I no immediate engagements. I hope to have more leisure soon. L.

Gov. ANDREW and Gen. BUTLER.—We clip from the Worcester *Transcript* of yesterday the following paragraphs, which appear in a letter from Boston. They will be interesting to our readers. We are not prepared to say which is right, the Governor or the General; but we certainly think that the stubbornness of the Governor toward Colonel Fenwick is not quite excusable.—

Gen. Butler only takes one of his Massachusetts regiments with him, the 26th, Col. Jones. The 8th Connecticut, Col. Cahill, the 11th Maine, Col. Shepley, and the 4th Massachusetts battery are also embarked. Gen. Butler has also a large collection of soldiers in camp, 976 in number, whom he calls "unorganized," and will therefore unable to take with him. This means that she has a regiment of men whose officers Gov. Andrew refuses to commission. It is thought that the Governor objects to Jacob H. Sleeper, whom Butler wants to make Colonel, but who was engaged in the pro-slavery riots in Tremont Temple. Butler refers to the breaking up of the anniversary meeting of the hanging of John Brown.] But this is merely a subsidiary row.

But Butler says that he is a Brigadier General, and as he is responsible for the caprices of a Governor of one of the New England States. It is the old question of power—which is stronger. If Butler cannot Gov. Andrew leads, for Gen. Butler has been unable to obtain a commission for a single officer. It is a heavy expense for the country to maintain one thousand men in idleness because two proud-spirited gentlemen differ in their views. It is also said that the quarrel for supremacy is heightened by the fact that the power to contract goes with the power to commission; and the contracting power is one involving great expenditures, and therefore great rewards. Politicians here think this may be said in favor of Gov. Andrew, that his bitterest political enemy acquiesces in him from any partisanship. Correct or indirect, personal or political, in the result of the many heavy contracts the State has been obliged to make in this war.

COTTON. A correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, writing from Washington, says the soldiers at Beaufort and in the sixty miles on the island will soon be picking the sea-gathered cotton. The former under an order from the War Department, the latter under the impulse of wages offered to be paid them by Gen. Sherman. It is also probable that the cultivation of the Sea Island for the next crop of cotton will be contracted for with some responsible Yankee, who will be required to employ the slaves abandoned by their masters upon the several plantations.

THREE BOYS DROWNED. A sad accident occurred Thanksgiving day at Harvard, Mass., by which three boys, one 14 years old, named Hiram, son of Jonathan F. Hapgood, and two others, 12 and 14 years of age, sons of Josiah Rand, were drowned. The boys were out sailing on a millpond, and had proceeded one or two rods from shore, when, the ice broke under them and all were precipitated into the water. One boy, named Moody, succeeded in making the shore, but the rest were drowned before assistance could reach them. The accident cast a gloom over the whole town.

RIED TO DEATH. Joseph Hennington, of Frankestown, N. H., an elderly man, went about a mile from his residence, a few days ago, to cut some wood, and not returning when expected, search was made in pursuit of him, and discovered him dead, from a cut inflicted with his ax on one of his feet, from which he had bled to death.

SECESSION IN MISSOURI. We have intelligence to-day that the rebel Missouri Legislature, in session at Neosho, in the extreme southwest of the State, has passed an ordinance of secession, united the State with the Southern Confederacy, and elected Gen. Hains one of the senators to the rebel Congress. It was thought that Gen. Parsons would be the other senator. This is rather late in the day to secede.— One or more of the early seceding States are nearly ready to return to the protection of forgiving Uncle Sam.

LORD LYONS. It was asserted yesterday at Washington, that Lord Lyons had made no offensive comments on the absence of such a chaplain upon a regiment of a thousand and forty men? I would like to ask the praying fathers and mothers at home, if those are such men as they would select to preach to their sons about cheating, and the various vices to which they are exposed, out here? I know they are not the men you would select to defend the spiritual adviser of these doting sons of yours, who through the patriotism of their hearts have left a home which is dear to them as to any one, and have gone forth to help sustain that flag, and the liberties which were purchased with the heart's blood of our forefathers — These chaplains are men who would not command more than five or six hundred dollars per annum at home, and yet the Government is paying them some fifteen hundred dollars a-year. I know of no place where a good, warm-hearted, devoted Christian minister can do so much good as chaplain in the army. And I do not wish to be understood as implying that there are some such; there are some good Christain chaplains in the service, and

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

We have no news of moment to-day, but make up from various sources a few paragraphs of stirring interest.

The Government has no evidence of any rebel steamer being on the seas, excepting the Sumter, and she seems to be rather endeavoring to elude capture than to prey upon commerce.

Commodore Dupont has sent the Navy Department the original South Carolina ordinance of secession, beautifully engrossed upon parchment, besides a large number of other important documents.

The *Evening Post* says English letters state that the British Government refuses to grant clearances from English ports to vessels having on board arms for the United States. Shippers will hereafter be compelled to send in vessels from continental ports.

John Jacob Astor has joined General McClellan's staff as Lieut. Colonel.

It has been officially ascertained that the Government have now in the field, in camp, and process of formation 600,000 volunteers, and the enlistments for the required service are more numerous than heretofore.

A Washington letter says that the Navy Department makes no concealment of the fact that dispatches are expected daily from the Gulf, with, on account of the opening of the guns of Fort Pickens upon the rebel batteries at Pensacola, and of course the capture of that place.

A Washington letter says the grand review of Wednesday ends the period of preparation and inaction for the army of the Potomac. You may soon expect to hear from Gen. McClellan, and from me; what, I dare not say. The attack on the coast and in Kentucky, will be in unison with the movements here; nothing that human foresight can do will be omitted to secure a victory.

The *Baltimore American* has intelligence fully establishing the success of Gen. Butler's expedition, and his proclamation into Accomac and Northampton counties. The Union troops now have full possession and the American flag now waves from poles that have long borne the rebels' ensign.

From the West. The following was telegraphed from Jefferson City, yesterday:—Passengers by the train from the West report that the rebels burnt Warsaw on Wednesday night, to prevent its being used as winter quarters by our troops.— The intelligence reached Syracuse just before the train arrived, and is considered reliable. A quantity of Government stores was destroyed. [Warsaw is in Benton County, on the Osage River, about half way between the Missouri River and the Bates line.]

A train of eighty wagons, with an escort of 200 men, left Sedalia a few days ago for Leavenworth. A messenger reached Sedalia at 12 o'clock last night, announcing that they had been attacked near Knobnoster, by 500 or 600 rebels, and the train captured.

General Halleck, at St. Louis, has issued orders that in consequence of important information respecting the number and condition of our forces being conveyed to the enemy, all persons found in such portions shall be hereafter permitted to enter the lines of any camp, nor any forces on the march, and any now within such lines to be immediately excluded therefrom.

Advices from the Southwest are to the effect that Gen. Price had abandoned his position at Cassville, and is moving towards the head of the old canoe route, which is farther toward the Kansas line. About 4000 of his army, under Gen. Harris, were on the Kansas line, directly west of Carthage, and were awaiting the arrival of cotton, ing that State and ravaging its southern counties.

Gen. Lane was in that vicinity with about three thousand men, and it is not improbable that an engagement will take place between his and Harris' forces.

It is reported that there is a camp of two hundred Cherokee Indians in McGhee county, Kansas.

SAMO's description of the BATTLE at PORT ROYAL. *A* correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press*, writing from aboard the Wabash, says :—

On our way to the beach we met one of the negroes. He was a regular grinner, and showed his ivories to perfection. "Well, boy, how do you like it?" "Oh golly," said he, "I war dat." "Well, Sambo, how do you like it?" "Why some as I can remember his words, the following is his answer: "Well, massa, I nebber see a fight before, and when dey come up dis way de general say to my massa, Now, Massa Drayton, you look at us sink dat Warbash. Well, massa he sat down, den some more gentleman dey come up from up de river to see de ship sank too. Well, bime-by de Fort Warbash sent one of dem ting-ahs (as in her what makes a howling in de fort and kill some) and it come here too, and den breaks of it pieces (a shell) and flies all round. Dis frightened dem some; den a good many oh em com togedder, and oh golly, massa jump and run for de woods, for he dead. Well, de nigger had no time to pick em up, but he gots on his boat too, and follow massa. Den ting-howled on dat Fort Warbash, den dey come uber here and howl and break up de fort and kill some. Den dey raise here as if de debil was in em. Bime-by, when we all safe a while all de white people go to look, but den debille dat de Fort Warbash fotch here make so much smoke on dis water dat we could not see nothing — After a little while den all de people dat come to see de ship sink came gallooping up on de fields as close as dey could, and den dey make smoke and break close to em, and oh golly, didn't dem horses run, and den massa he run too, but dis nigger got behind de house, and enter a while all de white people soldiers, horses and ebry one—come running, but dis nigger stowed away and let em pass."

CAPT. LAVERETT BRADLEY, of Methuen, commander of Company B, Fourteenth Massachusetts Regiment, now at Fort Albany, Virginia, was lately presented as an equal gold watch and chain by the members of his company. Capt. Bradley is a fine officer and a good fellow generally, and we are gratified to witness this token of his appreciation by the men he is leading in the service of the Government.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. Mr. Fletcher will lecture in the Second Universalist Church in morning evening at 6½ o'clock. Subject: The Voice of Society.

S. S. Greenleaf treats speaker, will lecture at Wilkie Hall, on Sunday next, exercises and evening, at the usual hours of service.

The Lowell Sabbath School Union will hold a public tea meeting in Association Hall, to-morrow evening, commencing at 6½ o'clock.

Short addresses will be made by several gentlemen, and the singing will be by a choir of children under the charge of Geo. P. Wilder, Esq.

All friends of the cause are invited to be present.

PAS. G. BUTTRICK, Sec.

Lowell, Nov. 23, 1861.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Vol.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will forward a box to the above named Company on TUESDAY, 26th inst. Parties not attending three previous such to Clothing will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, until 12 M., on above date. Per order of Executive Committee.

WM. G. WEB, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

nov23d2t

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, November 23.

CONTRY PRODUCE—Butter, per lb. 18 a 20c: Cheese do. 8 a 10c: Eggs per doz. 25c.

Fruits—Oranges, per box, $7.00: Lemons do. 5.00: Apples per peck 20c; per bbl. $2.00 a 3.00: Pears do. 2.00: Pineapples—Dried, running pieces, per lb. 7 a 10c, sliced, extra, 10c; round, do 12c; coarse, 6 a 8c; Leach, 5 a 6c; Date, 10c; Citron, 12c; Figs, fresh, 10c; Guava, whole, 15c, sliced, 16c; Turkeys, per lb. 10 a 14c; Chickens, 10 a 14c; Geese, 10c; Ducks, per pair, 75c; Partridges, each 50c.

Fish—Halibut, 10c; Cod 5 a 7c; Haddock 4c; Mackerel, fresh, none; Bass 10c; Perch, per doz. none; Oysters per qt. 30c: Clams per peck, 50c, 75cts per lb. 15c.

VEGETABLES — Potatoes, per peck, 16c; Onions silver skin, per peck, 30c; Beets, per peck, 15c; Turnips, per peck, 12c; Cabbage, each 5 a 8c; Squash do. marrowfat, per lb. 1c; Hubbard squash, do. Sweet Potatoes, per lb., 3c.

NOTICE.

Persons who were mustered for the Commonwealth in the Patton Court, to overdraft cases, finally disposed of, will call at the office of the Clerk, Tuesday, Dec. 3d, 1861, one of their number, on application to the Clerk during afternoon of the same.

L. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

nov23d3t

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and maturing three years, can be had only at the National Bank, Cattaraugus Block, Merrimack Street.

November 20, 1861. E. P. STICKNEY.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.

The Winter Term of Miss ROGERS' School will commence on the 25th of December, 1861. Application will be given in the French and English branches, with such other studies as may be desired. Particular attention will be given to Arithmetic, Grammar, Writing and Spelling. Pupils become a week in advance.

Tuition, $3.00
Fuels under nine years, 1.00
French extra, 1.00
November 18th, 1861. nov18d2t

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 21 Queen Street. Inquire at No. 41 Branch, corner of Queen st.

November 14, 1861. nov14d2t

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia.
Map of the State of Kentucky.
Map of the Seven Southern States.

We also constantly keep on hand all the popular outing drawn from actual surveys correctly represent the Southern country. The publishers are invited to attend examination at the General Ticket Office, 192 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, where all may be had. R. H. FOSTER.

nov11 nov14

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at Attorney Avery description, at reasonal le prices is at KITTREDGE'S, 24 Middle st.

nov14d2t

POSTPONEMENT. The Lecture announced for to-morrow (Sabbath evening) on "Bible Themes and Bible Lands," at High Street Church, will be postponed till next month, in consequence of the Meeting of the Lowell Sabbath School Union, for the same evening.

CONTRABAND. One of the packages left at the Gas Office yesterday, for the Soldiers' Aid Association to forward in the box for Fortress Monroe and Camp Hamilton, was accidently found to contain two bottles of whisky. A close examination of the large number of packages waiting to be packed, resulted in the discovery of *fifteen* other packages of the same "contraband" character. These were all laid aside for the owners to call for them. Any articles that these packages may contain that is for the good of the soldier, will be forwarded if desired. We are requested to say that the Association will forward no packages known to contain liquor.

A box for Capt. Abbott's Company, Second Massachusetts Regiment, will be sent on Tuesday next. See advertisement.

THE MERRIMACK MILLS. The Superintendent of the Merrimack Manufacturing Company, is now at Fall River, looking after cheir operatives, who are somewhat scattered, stating that Mills No. 1, 2, 4, and one half of Mill No. 6, will be started upon the 9th of December next. Persons belonging to the corps employed in these mills, and wishing work, should apply in person or by letter, to their overseers, on or before the 7th of December.

PEOPLES' UNION COMMITTEE. At a meeting of this committee, held last evening, the subject of the municipal election was introduced, and after a full discussion, it was thought that it would be their duty or purpose for which the committee was raised, to take any action in regard to municipal matters, and the committee adjourned. "The cat in the meal," therefore, has not yet made its appearance.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, special Justice Stevens on the bench, five or six parties who had been brought in previously on complaints, had their cases further continued.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 22.

20 Boston and Maine Railroad	98
10 Hamilton Bank	111
10 Manchester & Lawrence Railroad	81
10 Nashua & Lowell Railroad	101
10 Northern Railroad	61
10 Vermont Central Railroad	40
4 Western Railroad	114
5 Northern Railroad	60 1-4
10 Vermont Central Railroad	40 1-2
4 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad	80 1-2
4 Michigan Central Railroad	80 1-2
10 Ohio Trumbull Mining Company	2 1-2
10 Minnesota Mining Company	2 1-2
10 do	2 1-2
10 do	2 1-2
50 Hancock Mining Company	2 1-2
50 Copper Falls Mining Company	2 1-2
50 do	2 1-2
50 do	2 1-2
100 Pontiac Mining Company	2 1-2
100 Pittsburg Mining Company	2 1-2
10 do	2 1-2
10 do	41 1-4
10 do	41 1-4
10 do	41 1-4
20 Central Mining Company	2 1-2
10 do	2 1-2
10 do	2 1-2
10 do	2 1-2
10 National Mining Company	2 1-2
10 Rockland Mining Company	2 1-2
10 Rockland Mining Company	2 1-2
100 Pewabic Mining Company	2 1-2
100 Superior Mining Company	2 1-2
10 Bank of Commerce	98 1-2
5 Exchange Bank	92
April 23, 1-64	92
$1,000 United States Coupon Sixes (1881)	108
$1,000 do do	108
$5,000 State of Vermont Sixes (1871)	101

N. J. WEBB & CO.,

156 Merrimack Street.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE FURNACES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,

MAGEE RANGE FURNACES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which combine the superior for economy and convenience. The many hundreds of the above now in use in this vicinity are highly recommended.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We have just received an invoice of the **NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE**, of which it is sufficient to say that it is constructed on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates equally well for cooking purposes and warming the room. It will be kept in a few months after having the iron thoroughly seasoned, when we shall be prepared to fill orders.

Also, a full assortment of other Stoves, Furnaces, which, with a full assortment of other Stoves, Furnaces, Ranges, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, we offer at the lowest rates, at wholesale and retail.

nov18

"How great a matter a little fire kindleth." Who would have thought a few years since that the Rev. Dr. Graham would be the cause of as much fun as a part in the great drama of life, as he has been? Yet, such is the fact, and we are looking for a conclusion of that ytuality before the present year.

Homeopathy has now grown to such proportions that it overreaches all the old systems of medical practice, and since the introduction of Dr. Gifford's Homeopathic Specifics in family medicine, which by its simplicity of arrangement, saving of money, and prompt cure, has won the hearts of all. A complete assortment of all the above Specifics can be had at or sent by mail to all parts of the country, on receipt of price, 25 cents per box, by PHILIP LEE 136 Willett street, New York.

Mr. Lee will be in Boston, Parker House, Chas. B. Kimball and Carleton & Howe's agents for Lowell. nov14d1w

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

192 MERRIMACK STREET.

Affording the Merrimack Passenger Agency, Lowell, Mass.

Tickets for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers thinking to the West, North and South, will find it to their interest to call.

Tickets for principal points in Canada.

Baggage checked through to destination.

Fare always as low as by any other route, and equal to those of any line in the Eastern section of the country. Time always as quick.

E. P. SHERMAN, Agent.

E. F. SHERMAN, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy19tf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

AT ALL HOURS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received a large stock of Muff, Scarf and Cape FURS, which I will sell at the lowest prices.

Also, a large stock of Ladies' and Gents' Fur Caps, cleansed and curled, which gives the possessor a new article at a small cost. Any one can have their old Furs made over, and nine, wear handkerchief longer, and not to fizzle in the wind or rain storm. As we pay cash for our Furs, cash for manufacturing and keep a better assortment than any one in the city, we can sell less than can be bought elsewhere of no good an article.

F. P. CHENEY, Furrier and Hatter,

Parts and repairing by experienced Furriers in the store, at short notice.

HARCOM'S,

No. 166 Merrimack St., Lowell.

nov4 d&tim

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
For grates, is best.
It burns up cleanest,
It burns in less quantity,
It burns longest,
Than any other free burning coal. And the above is the only coal ever sold in HOWARD'S STAFF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 13 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14d3f

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye Now Before the Public.

All others are more nefarious, and should be avoided. Sold and applied at

GREY HEAD OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful BROWN or BLACK, without injuring the hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE since 1839, and over 200,000 applications have been made to the hair of the citizens of his native city.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that will not wash or rub off, and is warranted not to stain the skin, linen or the finest, however long it may be continued. It is the only Dye that produces a color that is permanent, and is not affected by bathing. It is the only Dye which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street, New York.

The Genuine has the name of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, signed across the face of each private wrapper, on the back of which are fac-simile directions.

Sold by all the cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Perfumers.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay st., Late 233 Broadway, New York.

sep9 ly

WAR HAS COME and WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in Lowell during the past year, especially for wounds, sore throat, sore and stalled feet from long fatiguing marches, sore throat, lameness caused by exposure, &c.

Besides having the best family Salve in use for sores, grievous sometimes from neglect, and all kinds of wounds, it has been found invaluable for the soldier and sailor, as it is particularly adapted for all kinds of burns, as it is particularly adapted to the army and navy, and many physicians appropriate its healing virtues.

The Golden Salve is made only by O. C. WHITTIER, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

For Sale by Druggists, by the 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with the Golden Salve.

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1846.

Continues to insure against injury by FIRE, to exceeding $10,000 in a single risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.

Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Codding, John Avery,
Arthur F. Bunney, Walter Wright,
Joshua B. Smith, Calvin B. Marsh,
Thomas Hopkinson, Edward C. Ingalls,
Sylvanus Brown. Edward F. Bond.

Boston.

Alonzo A. Miner, Nicholas T. Lowe,
Benjamin R. Baker, Lester M. Clark,
Reuben E. Demmon.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 63 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass.

jan1 ly

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....**$1,500,000.**

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....**$500,000.**

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....**$300,000.**

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....**$150,000.**

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other reliable Companies. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
Office, Howard Block, opp. Middle st.
Oct. 1, 1861 oct14d1y

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 9, 1860. ap9 ly

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Have removed to

No. 1 Old State House Block,

Where they will be happy to see their friends and patients.

nov23 d1m

FIRE INSURANCE

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

C. B. Coburn, S. W. Bickford, R. S. Richardson,
Wm. Nesmith, Jr., Wm. Crosby, Isaac Fiske,
L. G. Howe, Edward F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and farmers' risks. No assessment has ever been made, and the Company has assets to the amount of $30,018 81, with deposit notes to the amount of $20,000 00, and a premium note account of $10,000 00. The STOCK DEPARTMENT has a capital of $100,000, all paid in, and a surplus of over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandizing and other risks in this department are taken at reasonable rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

Office, No. 5 Prescott Block, Lowell.

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 16, 1861. jy19tf

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is sometimes destroyed by the suppression of the natural discharges, and the consequences are frequently fatal to thousands of her sex as soon as they are aware of the cause of their sufferings.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered to the public as a safe remedy which the inventor, CORNELIUS CHEESEMAN, M. D., has used in his family practice for years and successfully in an extended private practice of twenty-five years in the city of New York.

These Pills are recommended to all females as a safe remedy in all cases of suppression, whether from retention or suppression. They are like a charm in relieving pain in the back, dizziness, nervousness, sensation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for female complaints, such as Whites, Green Sickness and Sores, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Fits, Spasms, Pain in the Side, Cramp, and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the system. They will be found to be a safe remedy in all cases of Female Complaints.

TO WIVES AND MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered to the wife and mother as a safe remedy in all cases of suppression.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That one portion of the Female system in which DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS will be found to act with the most wonderful efficacy is in cases of PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the sympathy existing between the Mother and the Child, that the slightest shock to the system of the former, in the second functions is a normal condition, that cases like the preceding frequently occur. Let females in *Delicate Situations, existing when and when they will*, avoid taking these Pills, as they are sure to produce Miscarriage.

A valuable Prescription, to be had only of the agents for the sale of DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

Sold in Lowell by O. C. WHITTIER, Druggist, Merrimack and John sts.; J. T. BILLINGS, corner Central and Merrimack sts., and by Druggists everywhere.

June 8, 1861. jun8 ly

The Great English Remedy,

DR. LOCOCK'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

These PILLS from a prescription of Dr. Locock, for many years Physician Accoucheur to the Queen. The Proprietors hold hundreds of testimonials to the virtues of *Dr. Locock's Female Pills*, but their peculiar nature prevents their publication. They will only say that they are the best remedy in use for the cure of those painful and dangerous complaints to which the female constitution is subject. In all cases of Nervous or Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Sight, Hysteria, Fainting or sudden Flushes of Heat, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Spirits, Hysterical Affections, Trembling, Nervous Irritability, and disorders occasioned by disordered system, these Pills will be found to act like a charm, and by means have failed. *They never fail to moderate the most severe cases*, whether of long standing or recent cause. They are purely vegetable, and may be taken with perfect safety at all times. For particulars, send for a pamphlet to the agent. Full directions accompany each box.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per box.

Sole Agent for the United States, Canada and Mexico, DR. S. BARNARD, No. 129 Bleecker street, New York.

Sold in Lowell by all Druggists.

jy4 ly

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF

BRYANT'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are contained in the best vegetable productions of the earth, and are offered to the public as a safe, speedy, and effectual cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Public speakers and singers will find them invaluable. The inventor, aware that it is the fate of all preparations of merit to be imitated, would caution the public against worthless compounds, and will convince the most incredulous that what he says is true. Each box is accompanied with the following certificate, which is but one of many in the possession of the inventor, all of which are voluntary, and the result of actual experiment:

"I have used Bryant's Pulmonic Wafers for a severe cough, which I had had for a long time, and which troubled me very much, and I found immediate relief from their use. I have also given them to my children for the croup, and they have never failed to relieve them in a short time. I cheerfully recommend them to the public."

MRS. ELIZA BRADLEY,
Wife of Capt. Bradley, Steamer Huntress.

Prepared and sold by DR. S. BARNARD, No. 129 Bleecker street, New York.

Sold in Lowell by all Druggists.

jy4 ly

DR. BIRMINGHAM,

NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN.

Office, 61 Southac Street, ... Boston

MONDAYS, TUESDAYS and WEDNESDAYS, From 8 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M.

A BARE CURE FOR EVERY WOUND.

Dr. B. warrants his medicines to operate as may be recommended, and to cure in every instance in the same time to give a fully unless he discharges no engagement. He has not been compensated from any new discovery, but has spent years of study and travel to find out the remedies he now uses, which are purely vegetable, and have been used by the Indians for centuries. Dr. B. has cured many cases of consumption, and a practical evidence of physicians assisting at his office. Dr. B. has spent his entire life in study in all cases.

Dr. B. has a medicine which he not only prescribes in his office, but sends to all parts of the country, directly opposite Bartlett's House, Lowell.

jan1 ly

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

AT LEAVITT'S

Farmers' Almanac

AND

ROBERT B. THOMAS'

Almanac

for

1862,

For sale at EASTMAN'S
nov13 corner Central and Merrimack sts.

SMITH, CARLTON & OWEN'S

QUADRILLE BAND,

Are prepared to furnish Music for Parties, Pleasure Excursions, Balls, Concerts, &c.

Address, SMITH, CARLTON & OWEN,
Carlton, at Rugg & Griffith's Music Store, No. 71 Merrimack street.

nov23d1m

GREINER, CHIPMAN & WATERHOUSE'S

QUADRILLE BAND,

OF LOWELL.

OSCAR GREINER, Director.
B. W. WATERHOUSE, Prompter.

Orders for the Band left with H. H. HUNTINGTON, corner north of the Merrimack House, or at Music Store, No. 71 Merrimack street, will receive prompt attention.

Address, H. H. HUNTINGTON,
186 Middlesex st.

nov23 d1m

CAUTION.

UNDERSTANDING that certain persons, pretending to be sent from our office, and carrying with them a forged letter of recommendation, have been published by an unscrupulous scamp of the New York Sunday Mercury, for the purpose of obtaining insertion of notices or advertisements in that paper, we hereby caution the public against them.

We do not take pay in advance for the insertion of Notices of Advertisements in the Sunday Mercury.

ADAMS, SAWYER & CO.,
Directors Sunday Mercury Co.

Boston.

nov4 3m

ROBERT SMITH,

No. 1 OLD STATE HOUSE,

Is now ready to show

A NEW AND FULL STOCK OF

Soldiers' Cap Visiting Books

in various styles.

For sale at EASTMAN'S,
corner Central and Middle sts.

CHAMPAGNE ALE.

The attention of the public is called to the superior quality of EMERY'S ALE. This Ale is brewed from at all seasons of the year, and the public may rely upon it as a drink of rare brewed during the most ex-cessive heat of summer, as well as the cold of winter.

For sale in Boxes, bbls and half bbls.

Only Agent in Lowell, D. J. HARRINGTON,
No. 128 Middle Street.

oct7

A CURE FOR PIN WORMS.

A NEW DISCOVERY.

THE subscriber has discovered an article which will destroy the whole of the *pin worms* in one night, and will not only destroy them, but will cure the worst case of

Dr. E. G. Gould's Pin Worm Syrup

A Cure warranted in every case.

Relief guaranteed in a twenty-four hours. This syrup is purely a vegetable preparation, and contains no poisonous drugs whatever.

SYMPTOMS—Disturbed sleep, grinding of the teeth, variable appetite, sometimes voracious, at other times squeamish; the private parts are often swollen, causing much uneasiness, frequently mistaken for stricture, inflammation, watchfulness, starting and screaming in the sleep, with occasional convulsions, are some of the symptoms.

CAUTION.—The genuine has the name, "Dr. E. G. GOULD'S PIN WORM SYRUP," blown in the bottle, with pamphlet, and a fac-simile of his signature on the wrapper.

S. RIDDEL, Jr., Agent for Lowell.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Storekeepers.

Address E. G. GOULD & CO., 11 and 13 Mercer street, Boston, Mass., General Agents for the New England States.

sep14 3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVAL.

DR. ABEL A. ATTL

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 19, 1860.

Dear Sir:—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones thrown out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case, as well as several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and was selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will have pride and plea-ure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case, as well as several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and was selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will have pride and pleas

THE DAILY COURIER.
Monday, November 25, 1861.

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

From Washington and Eastern Virginia.

The rebels admit that they had two killed and three wounded in a recent skirmish near Falls Church. They claim to have taken ten prisoners and killed five Federals.

Such information has been received by the military authorities at Washington as renders it probable that an attack may soon be made upon the national lines by the rebels. The quarrel between the rebel leaders, as to the proper manner of conducting the war, is believed to have ended in the triumph of Beauregard, who represents an offensive war party. It is understood that he actually resigned, but was induced to withdraw his resignation when his policy was adopted by Jeff. Davis.

A Baltimore special dispatch to the *New York Herald* states that dispatches to Gen. Dix from Eastern Virginia announce the capture of three rebel officers, a captain and two lieutenants, and seven cannon, all new and in good order. All traces of disloyalty seem to have disappeared in both counties. County meetings will be held to-day to renew their allegiance to the Federal Government. The people will first adopt the State Government of Western Virginia as a temporary measure, and then look to legislation by that State and Maryland for annexation to the latter.

From Fortress Monroe. Several regiments have arrived at Fortress Monroe from Annapolis within twenty-four hours ending on the 22nd inst. Formidable preparations are making for active operations, the theatre of which is undisclosed. Gen. Butler was at Fortress Monroe on Friday, and would proceed to Baltimore that night.

Last Friday evening, gunboats Cambridge and Hetzel proceeded up York River some distance, and at half past 10 o'clock opened a hot fire of shell on the rebel camp at Warwick. The attack was apparently unexpected, as but a resistance was made. Between forty and fifty shells were fired, and the rebel camp certainly demolished. The engagement is that a large number of rebels were killed.

Missouri. It is reported that Ben McCulloch with a large force, is now encamped between Springfield and Lamar. His pickets last night extended over a space of fifteen miles to the side of Lebanon. It was rumored in camp last Friday night that an advance of the rebels, 5,000 strong, was at the Gasconade Bridge, about thirteen miles west of Rolla. This, however, is not credited.

The town of Warsaw has been burned by the rebels. The town was first shown 6 P. M., on Tuesday. All the business portion is in ashes. The troops with whom were stationed there left about 8 P. M., and are now at Sedalia. A portion of the commissary stores were burned. It is thought the fire was started by the citizens, as a man dressed in citizens clothing was seen coming from the building in which the fire originated.

From the South. A Charleston dispatch dated 17th inst., reports that the freight trains for the interior are leaving almost hourly. In Savannah the panic is more general and decided. The whole neighborhood is deserted by the exodus of wives and children of those in arms at Fort Pulaski and the batteries at Savannah River.

A lady from Charleston reports that there is much excitement among the slaves. The Richmond papers of Wednesday contain dispatches from the Confederate army that small pox, measles, whole neigh, and black measles are prevailing with fearful mortality among the rebel troops near Bowling Green, Kentucky.

Floyd's army had retreated four miles south of Gauley. The Federals had been largely reinforced.

MORE FLEETS FOR THE SOUTH. Some thirty vessels—mostly old whalers—have been purchased by the Government in New London and New Bedford, and ordered to be sent south loaded with stone. The vessels are to be anchored in some of the channels of the southern coast. When they arrive at their place of destination the inner in their bottom is to be turned, and the water rushing in the vessel soon finds the bottom of the channel, rendering navigation extremely inconvenient.

It seems to us that this is not a profitable way of stopping the southern "rat-holes." They will be a long time in doing it in this way, we are thinking, and Government will be easier be obliged to remove them.

PANICS IN BATTLE. Panics in battle are often spoken of in history, and generally occur without any sufficient cause.—Cobbon gives an account of a singular occurrence of this kind, which took place in the sixth century. Two hostile nations, the Lombards and the Geppidæ, were drawn up in battle array against each other, in immense numbers. "Their spirit was intrepid; yet such is the uncertainty of courage, that the two armies were suddenly struck with panic; they fled from each other, and the rival kings remained with their guards in the midst of an empty plain." It may be added, that after a short time the armies again met, and forty thousand perished on a side.

A DAILY PAPER—making the second in the town—has been commenced at Lewiston, Me. It is called the *Lewiston Daily Herald*.

MASON AND SLIDELL. The San Jacinto arrived in Boston harbor yesterday morning and landed Mason and Slidell at Fort Warren. The City Government of Boston will receive Capt. Wilkes at Faneuil Hall this afternoon.

A special Washington despatch says that the Government will demand that Mason and Slidell shall be treated in all respects, as to close confinement and fare, like criminals guilty of the highest crimes against the laws, until full assurance is received that Col. Corcoran and the other officers now in the hands of the rebels shall receive the treatment due to their rank and position as prisoners of war taken on the field of battle, according to the usages of all civilized nations.

Rumors are prevalent, and it is said on good authority, that the general sentiment among the foreign diplomatic corps is that Capt. Wilkes is perfectly justifiable, according to the international law, in having arrested Mason and Slidell from the deck of a British vessel, and that England should be the last power to object to it, inasmuch as no other nation has done more than it to establish the principle upon which Capt. Wilkes acted.

MR. MASON AT BUNKER HILL. The following extract from the speech of Senator Mason of Virginia, at the inauguration of the statue of Gen. Joseph Warren, on Bunker Hill, June 17th 1857, is of interest at the present time, when the claim-guished speaker comes to "Boston as an ambassador," to take up his abode in a fort named in honor of the patriot Warren, whose services in the cause of liberty were so eloquently set forth at the time of his last visit there. At the celebration above referred to, Mr. Mason thus alluded to neighboring states:

"Something was said by the eloquent gentleman who represents Connecticut, (Gov. Holley) in the speech of that distinguished day which should witness this consideration broken into fragments. I sympathize with him. I am here to-day to say to you, people of Massachusetts, that your Government is a blessing so valuable, whose only sanction is in the honor and in the good faith of the States of this Union—to proclaim that we love it there is honor and good faith in the States, and the people of the States, the Union will be perpetuated.

"I invoke here on Bunker Hill, coming from my own beloved State in the far South—I invoke from you that you shall examine those who represent you in the administration of the government as it was framed by our fathers under the Constitution. I would see in the spirit of that patriot who has departed from us, if he can look down upon this earth, that the Union, once broken, is to remain in all with that feeling which would require that the government should be administered in the spirit of good faith. And when I shall return to the South, I shall have the satisfaction of assuring my people that the spirit of Bunker Hill yet lives in Massachusetts."

ENGLISH COTTON MILLS. The *London Times* of the 8 h. gives what it says is an important list of the mills in Lancashire, several important districts not being enumerated. In those given it appears that at that time 295 mills working full time; 75 working five days in the week; 300 working four days; 116 working three days, and 49 stopped; making a total of 843 mills, employing 172,257 work people, only one-third of whom are working full time. The *Times* says: *These are working to a great loss to time* from a comparison between the cost of the manufactured article and that of the raw material. The price at which "shirtings now sell, when cotton is 12d. a pound, is precisely the same at which they sold in the first five months of 1860, when the cost of cotton was only 6 7-8 a pound, but little more than one-half of its present price.

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MORE FLEETS FOR THE SOUTH. Some thirty vessels—mostly old whalers—have been purchased by the Government in New London and New Bedford, ordered to be sent south loaded with stone. The vessels are to be anchored in some of the channels of the southern coast. When they arrive at their place of destination the inner in their bottom is to be turned, and the water rushing in the vessel soon finds the bottom of the channel, rendering navigation extremely inconvenient.

It seems to us that this is not a profitable way of stopping the southern "rat-holes." They will be a long time in doing it in this way, we are thinking, and Government will be easier be obliged to remove them.

PANICS IN BATTLE. Panics in battle are often spoken of in history, and generally occur without any sufficient cause.—Cobbon gives an account of a singular occurrence of this kind, which took place in the sixth century. Two hostile nations, the Lombards and the Geppidæ, were drawn up in battle array against each other, in immense numbers. "Their spirit was intrepid; yet such is the uncertainty of courage, that the two armies were suddenly struck with panic; they fled from each other, and the rival kings remained with their guards in the midst of an empty plain." It may be added, that after a short time the armies again met, and forty thousand perished on a side.

A DAILY PAPER—making the second in the town—has been commenced at Lewiston, Me. It is called the *Lewiston Daily Herald*.

We have been asked to publish the following, which originally appeared in the *Hartford (Ct.) Daily Post*:—

WANTED—A FUGITIVE MASTER LAW.—We do not propose to anticipate the proceedings of the next Congress, or dictate to the President the subjects for the message he is preparing; but the recent events on the coast of South Carolina seem to render it imperative that some action be immediately taken to compel the masters to stay at home and take care of their chattels. The facts are simply these:—A large number of our law abiding citizens, having a plenty of leisure time during the winter, and being somewhat fond of travel and amusement, and some what very desirous of gaining a more practical knowledge of a distant part of our land, have accepted a cordial invitation of our Government to spend a few months in the sunny South; the Government generously supplying them with provisions for the trip, and some arms and ammunition for the purpose of defending wild fowl and other animals which are known to abound at this season of the year on the coast. This excursion party arrived at Port Royal a few days since, and announced their arrival by the discharge of several pieces of ordnance, and the national salute was duly answered by the people on shore. After landing they proceeded to raise the stars and stripes, which emblem of our nationality they had brought with them as a novelty in those parts, and had quite a jollification meeting on the occasion. Indeed, they seem to be pleased with the performance that they propose to renew it at Christmas and Savannah before long.

But it appears that some of the slave owners did not see fit to participate with their friends in these festivities. It could not have been fear which kept them away, O, no! South Carolina certainly does not run under any circumstances, but *urgent business in the back country*, or an intense desire to witness some military parades in Charleston or Savannah, called them away, and they suddenly departed, leaving their cotton and other property to take care of themselves. Now these human cattle, finding the lines opened, and their masters gone, proceeded to make the most of their liberty. Wine to one's care for them, to rest-in, cloth and feed them and, set them to work, they obeyed the simple dictate of nature in doing pretty much as they pleased with their owners' property. Now what is wanted is a law requiring these slave owners to return and attend to their own business. If slavery is recognized by the Constitution, as southern men claim, and since we have always supported the Constitution, we claim that we can carry out the principle of protecting slave property and require masters to return and take care of their chattels?

FOREIGN NEWS. We have news by the Etna, from Liverpool, to the 14th inst.—It is reported that the American Government is to be invited to join the Miami exposition. The pacific speech made by Mr. Adams, our minister, at the Lord Mayor's dinner, produces considerable attention, and gives satisfaction to most of the English papers and statesmen.

Pedro V., king of Portugal, died on the 12 h, and was succeeded by the Duke of Oporto.

SAVED. The steam hip Constitution sailed from Portland last Saturday, without the Twelfth Maine Reg ment, (colonel Burnham,) fishing 2100 men about as many as she could carry with comfort.—The thirty days' ratio s for 3000 men on board the Constitution, would be a large freight for a good sized vessel. There are nearly 600 barrels of flour, over 100,000 pounds of beef and pork, 200 bushels of beans, 1000 pounds of coffee and rice, 1350 pounds of tea, 12,000 pounds of sugar, &c., &c.

WILLARD LUCAS, who has of late years been a resident of Waltham, Mass., and who was arrested about a year since for aiding in robbing his own brother, while on a visit at his house in Waltham, has been sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months.

NEW SENATORS. The Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press* says —It is supposed that Hon. James Guthrie, Secretary of Treasury under President Pierce, and John J. Crittenden, will be the new Senators from Kentucky, in the place of Breckinridge and Powell.

Very little doubt exists that the veteran patriot and statesman, Hon. Reverdy Johnson, will be elected to the United Senate by the Union Legislature, that is shortly to assemble at Annapolis.

POPULATION OF BEAUFORT DISTRICT.—The Beaufort district, or county, of South Carolina, now in the occupation of our land and naval forces, literally swarms with negroes. According to the census of 1850, which is not materially varied in this case by the returns of 1860, the population of this district was as follows:—

Total white population	3,927
Total colored	27,578
Slaves	27,278
Slaves, free population	6,708
Total population	32,279

PIRATES TO BE HUNG. A dispatch to the *New York Herald* says that the Government has come to the determination to hang every prisoner duly convicted of piracy on the high seas, whether he hails from the North or the South, from England or any other foreign nation, and that they will hold the prisoners now in captivity, responsible for any barbarity which may be practiced upon the prisoners of war confined in southern prisons.

THE THREATENED FAMINE IN IRELAND. It is confessed, the *London Times* states that "a considerable portion of Ireland is again threatened with famine, and the cause is the failure of the potatoes in more general and complete than in any previous year since 1846."

FERNANDO WOOD is re-nominated for Mayor of New York City by the Mozart wing of the Democracy of that city, and will undoubtedly be re-elected, as his opponents though usually having a majority, contrive to divide on two or three candidate, so as to allow Fernando a plurality.

A LONG TIME TO WAIT. Paris is described as overrunning with American Secessionists, and all awaiting Slidell's arrival for a grand effort, for their cause.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR, appointed to Gen. McClellan's staff, is said to be worth thirty million of dollars.

CITY AND COUNTY.

The money has arrived from Ogdala Donovan's Company, and is payable at the Railroad bank.

S. W. STICKNEY,
Treasurer Soldiers' Aid Association.

Company D, Second Regiment Mass. Vols. The Soldiers' Aid Association will forward a box to the above named Company on TUESDAY, Box last Packages for conveying them should be delivered at the Gas Light Company, until 12 M. on same date, and forward.

By order of Executive Committee.
nov22d2t WM. G. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to OCTOBER 31st, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk, during afternoon office hours.
nov21d3t T. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest, maturing three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank of Redemption, 57 Wall street, New York.
November 20, 1861. nov22d1m

Sprengled Sensors, Seal Skins, Beavers and Hoods for ladies, for Ladies' Cloaks; also new and desirable GOODS, just received and selling at the lowest cash prices, by J. H. MORRISON & SON, Carleton House. RA THORN & HALL.
November 19, 1861. 3m

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of MRS. COGSWELL School will commence on the first Monday in December. Instruction will be given in the French and German languages, which are usually taught in seminaries. Particular attention will be given to Mathematics, Composition, Reading and Spelling. Two lessons a week will be given in Writing.

Tuition,
Pupils under nine years, $5 00
Over nine years, 7 00
November 18th, 1861. nov18d3wT

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 31 Green Street, inquire as No. 41 Branch, corner of Queen street.
November 14, 1861. nov14d1f

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Maine.
Map of the States of Missouri.
Map of the Seat of War in the States.
The above enumerated Maps are officially and correctly published by the Topographical Bureau of the United States. The public are invited to call and examine at the General Ticket Office, at the Passenger House of the Maine Central Railroad, where said Maps are for sale. A. E. PERKINS,
Agent.
nov13 1y

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, is at GOODWIN'S, No. 4 CENTRE ST. & 6 MIDDLE St.
nov2d1f

LOWELL SABBATH SCHOOL UNION. The semi annual meeting of this Union was held in Huntington Hall, last evening.—Every part of the hall was crowded, and hundreds were unable to obtain admittance.

The exercises consisted of singing by a choir of children, under direction of Mr. G. F. Willey, and speaking by Stephen P. Sargent, President of the Union, James Dean, from the Hard Street Sabbath School, G orge F. Hunnewell, Appleton Street, Rev. Daniel Tenney, of Lawrence, John K. Chase, of the Davidson Mission School, and A. B. Wright from Rev. Father Bapt st, with reading of the scriptures and prayer by Rev. G. F. Warren, of the Worthen Street Baptist, and the benediction by Rev. Mr. Denning, of St. Anne's.

The speakers were earnest in their advocacy of the continued support of the Sabbath Schools of Lowell, strengthening their arguments by practical lessons drawn from life. Had the Sabbath School been universal throughout the country, we should not now be so gripped in a life and death struggle to put down rebellion. The duties of teachers and scholars were dwelt upon by nearly all the speakers, in a manner that will, probably, be of advantage to those interested. The meeting must have been of interest to all who have a due regard for the mental and moral training of the young of this city.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE. The committee chosen last Wednesday evening, to nominate municipal officers, met on Saturday evening, and organized by choosing Ambrose Lawrence chairman, and Isaac S. Morse secretary. The matter of filling vacancies was referred to the several ward committees, which meet to night, after which the committee adjourned to meet in Jackson Hall, to-morrow evening, at 7½ o'clock.

FOUND DEAD. This morning about 1 o'clock, a man named Patrick Norton, who resided on River Street, Centralville, was found hanging by the neck on a picket fence near his residence. Coroner Farwell, Favor, and McCoy, had the body conveyed to Hall's coffin warehouse on Prescott Street, and Coroner J. P. Jewett was summoned, who after examining the body and finding no marks of violence about it, did not deem an inquest necessary. Norton left his house last evening about 7 o'clock, and was then sober. The cause of his death is a mystery. He was about 30 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children. He had recently been employed at the Merrimack Woolen Mills, in Dracut.

THANKSGIVING WITH THE ABBOTT GRAYS. Our Lowell boys, of the Abbott Greys, probably had a good time thanksgiving day. Quite a number received the Soldier's Aid Association:—"You need be under no apprehension that the men will not have a sufficiently good thanksgiving dinner. By according to the true Yankee way which may be practiced upon the prisoners of war confined in southern prisons.

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JOHN JACOB ASTOR, appointed to Gen. McClellan's staff, is said to be worth thirty million of dollars.

A MAINE REGIMENT COMING TO LOWELL. The Twelfth Maine Regiment, Col. G. F. Shepley, is expected to arrive at Camp Chase to-morrow. They left Portland yesterday at noon in the steamer Forest City, and arrived in Boston early this morning, but will not disembark on account of the storm until to-morrow. This is the Regiment originally designed to go in the Constitution, but it did not go, and will remain at Camp Chase across the Constitution returns or other means of forwarding it are provided.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS. After a week's vacation, the winter term of the schools commenced this morning and will continue until the last week but one in February.

CALIFORNIA POSTAGE. The postmaster informs us that the mails are not now carried to California by the Panama steamers. A mail is sent overland daily to the Pacific coast; it closes in Lowell at 7 A. M., and at Boston at 11 M. The steamers take mails for the Isthmus, Pacific Islands, &c., but have not carried the California and Oregon mails since last June. Letters by mail to California are part of the United States beyond the Rocky Mountains, is 10 cents per half ounce; newspapers one cent each. The correspondence between Lowell and the Pacific States is quite extensive.

THE Soldiers' Aid Association have employed a person to be at the office of the Gas Light Company every afternoon, from 2 to 5 o'clock, to give information, deliver yarn, receive stockings and mittens, &c. Ladies having yarn to be knitted, stockings or mittens, are requested to return same as soon as the articles are finished. Mittens are much needed.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Ellen McGlocker, common drunkard, was sentenced to the House of Correction for six months.

Michael Quinlan, for an assault upon Amos M. Kyle, settled with Kyle, paid costs and was discharged.

THE FIRST SNOW. We have had the first snow of any importance this forenoon, though it seems in the middle of mud, turning into water almost as soon as it strikes the ground.

OWNER WANTED—for a large black valise at the Police Office, full of dark color, no doubt stolen from some shoe dealer.

PUBLIC MEETING. There will be a meeting at the John Street Congregational Church this evening, to consider the matter of temperance. An address will be delivered by several speakers.

JURY RECEIVED—200 dozen of those nice 124 cent. linen handkerchiefs, at Nesmith & Woods'.

A NOVELTY in particulars has recently been adopted among the fashionable ladies in England. It is that dress the whole family in mourning on the death of a parent, and these have a great advantage should one survive as it is clipped in a few days, and not long after the whole family are in deep mourning.

"How great a matter a little fire kindleth." So would have thought the town since the little conflagration which occurred in the rear of the building occupied by Mr. Hall, on Merrimack street, on Saturday evening, last. The fire was discovered by Mr. Hall, who, on examining the premises that he supposed the fire originated from the stove in the room occupied by Mr. Hall, as a workshop, which stove was in use during the day. The fire was extinguished by the Fire Department, and the damage done is not considerable.

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N. B.—Particular attention paid to altering over Pants and repairing of Garments. Terms in the store, as short notice as possible.

H. A. CONE'S,
No. 106 Merrimack St., Lowell.
nov18d1m

Washington Coal,
For cooking, has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns more freely,
It is less dusty,
It gives more heat,
It leaves less ashes,
It makes a more cheerful burning coal. And the above is thoroughly tested at HOWARD'S Office, 27 Western Avenue, Lowell, Mass., Sept. 15 Pressent Street, Lowell.
may16d1f

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye!
WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,
The only reliable and Natural Hair Dye Known.

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. If you wish to obtain a beautiful

NATURAL BROWN OR BLACK,

and have your hair dyed instantly in a manner not injurious to the hair or skin, procure the genuine article of WM. A. BATCHELOR, No. 233 Broadway, New York.

The Patent Office has granted to WM. A. BATCHELOR a patent for his Hair Dye, which was originally signed by Millard Fillmore, President, and Edmund Burke, Commissioner of Patents, and has since been renewed by Abraham Lincoln, President, and Joseph Holt, Commissioner of Patents, and bears date September 10, 1861, for the term of seven years from the date of the original patent, which was granted in 1854, thus securing to him the exclusive right to manufacture and sell his Hair Dye throughout the United States for seven years from September 10, 1861.

Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.
nov18d3m

DR. HERRICK'S
CELEBRATED SYRUP OF TAR, WILD CHERRY AND HOREHOUND.

This valuable remedy is now offered to the public with the confidence that it will prove a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Pain in the Side and Breast, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, leading to Consumption.

Prepared only by DR. HERRICK, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines everywhere.
nov18d3m

Dr. Herrick's Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound, is for sale by the following Druggists and Dealers in Medicines:

Lowell—Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Hildreth & Co., Dr. Wm. Graves, Dr. Wm. Graves, Jr., Dr. Wm. Graves & Son, Dr. Wm. Graves, 3d, Dr. Wm. Graves, 4th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 5th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 6th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 7th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 8th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 9th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 10th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 11th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 12th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 13th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 14th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 15th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 16th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 17th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 18th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 19th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 20th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 21st, Dr. Wm. Graves, 22nd, Dr. Wm. Graves, 23rd, Dr. Wm. Graves, 24th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 25th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 26th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 27th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 28th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 29th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 30th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 31st, Dr. Wm. Graves, 32nd, Dr. Wm. Graves, 33rd, Dr. Wm. Graves, 34th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 35th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 36th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 37th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 38th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 39th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 40th, Dr. Wm. Graves, 41st, Dr. Wm. Graves, 42nd, Dr. Wm. 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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
HORS AND HORS POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES—

ST. LOUIS, April 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1854, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dan- ruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even foster your vanity at this day, be- ing well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful cures made throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have actually nonsensed it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance I succeeded in proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In a few instances two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no importance, when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brain enough to write an advertisement, as I some days have heard yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scurf, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but found you had moved to New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer- parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1, St. Louis Post Office, will receive prompt attention.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOM: ooth, Ind., July 30, 1859.

PROF. WOOD: Sir—I owe a statement to you that I often am led to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over till years. am now over 60 years of age. For about twenty years my hair has been turning sun-unusually gray, and was almost white as a very still and a half ago I purchased a bottle of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative. I was astonished there was one fiction then truth in them; but concluding a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, I was led to purchase a bottle. Before half of it, I concluded I would make the experiment, one to half in a small way. I procured one of your small bottles, it was dollar, and commenced using. Believing directions to be literally as I read. I soon discovered the dandruff was disappearing, and my hair began to fall off in large quantities, was more than I desired. I had a radical change in the color, and in a few months I have a entirely new head of hair, fine and soft, and of a radical change in the color, and in a few months I have a entirely new head of hair, fine and soft, and of a beautiful brown color, and what is more than all, it is not gray. In fact, I have not a gray hair in my head, and my hair is as thick as any man, or as I have been for twenty years. I am well known in all parts of Western Virginia. My home is entirely free of dandruff, and my hair is not at all inclined to fall- ing off and is as soft and fine, and as it is possible for hair to be. In fact, it is the admiration of all my friends. Many of my acquaintances have used your Restorative, and all say that you get just fine by it." I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I consider it impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours, truly,
FR- DERICK T BUILER.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which is second to no other preparation in use. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every instance has given decided result, and receives the universal testimonial of what we have said. In many instances we recommend it as one of those few genuine and-one which accomplishes all it is professed, and all the bold and gray second desire.—Canandaigua Spy.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an extensive assortment of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color, and promoting a luxuriant new growth upon the head. We have used it ourselves for several years past, and can say from our own personal knowledge, as well as the testimonials in the hands of the above notice, that it is all that is represented. To any gentleman whom we have known for many years as possessor of the most luxuriant head of hair. Don't you see you have tried this Restorative —*Boston Olive Branch*, 1859.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are good for nothing, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all who are in the failing off or turning gray. Our well known contributor, Pr- fy Johnson, has recently recommend the benefit of its application, and John with us in speaking of it all, but had used some two and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Gardener Monthly*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to produce the effect claimed. It restores the hair to its primitive vigor. Decayed hair cannot become immortal, but it can be restored by the use of this article before irremediable preparation- have destroyed the roots. Many persons who for all diseases of the scalp, should use this preparation, as it is universally conducive to health and cleanliness. It also has curative properties far further than just to restore the hair to its natural color. Disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending a single trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial. In the case of persons who wish to cause a manifest improvement, a bungalow of being here, we compare not a single case of deleterious consequence.—*Boston Transcript. April 23, 1859*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as compositor at a printer journal, we are called upon to advertise the sale all of kinds of stuff, which claim to be unadulterated in its composition- we believe in no case more than in that of Wood's HAIR RESTORATIVE—we are so well assured of the virtue and qualities of the article, that we offer it to any- ondent as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Either in cases of loss of hair, or of hair is universally known to be magical. Like time or grasses or exhausted land, it will do no- stop wherever applied. Our own thatch is thinner by twenty, but we are not afraid of its ever- ously growing Lair to by the Restorative.—*Chamber spy*.

ALL HAIR DYES ABOMINATED.—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood stands—as an emicrente no rational- wise attention has been turned to restoring a hair locks has ever been what it was before, some is modern but world wide, and thousands who have worn wigs or toupees laid for years are now, through the use of its preparation, wearing their own natural and healthy locks. Nothing so much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which govern it, as the discovery of the article. Prof. Wood studies the nature of the human hair, and its wants and gave, he discovers, and how to restore the decay- ing vitality of the roots, and not only to restore the color, but give hair its natural- unless the age of the individual has destroyed the roots and he is bald what that could be naturally revitalized. He tries that one could be naturally bald and gain gray at the age of thirty-seven- he restored his own hair to its original color, luxuriance, and the whole family of them, it is gone to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and you will try no- thing else.—*New York Day Book*.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF As No. 444 Broadway will be found to- ware on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

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(Copyright reserved.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 3000 BOTTLES have now been sold without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3.

EF Remember! *This medicine is designed expressly for* ORDINARY CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, etc. that it is warranted as represented to all who use it, or the money will be refunded.*

EF BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! Some unprincipled persons have purchased the exclusive right to counterfeit my name, and are offering a worthless article under the name of MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE. Those wishing the genuine article will please send to the Sole Proprietor, Dr. MATTISON, Union street Providence, R. I.

EF Physicians supplied with all diseases of a Private nature both Chronic and Acute. W-16-3-y.

This medicine is designed expressly for ORDINARY CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, etc. that it is warranted as represented to all who use it, or the money will be refunded.*

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EF Physicians supplied with all diseases of a Private nature both Chronic and Acute. W-16-3-y.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

ass, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment n the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work ordered in these, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Notices of Sociities, Addresses, Programmes, Catalogues, Reports, Blanks, Mammoth Posters, &c.

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions, Printing from Stereotype Plates,

FANCY BILLS

for Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS

for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

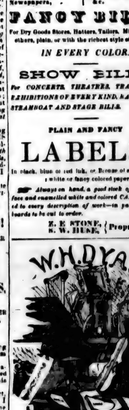
PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and embellished white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—on packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E. STONE,
S. W. BUSH, } Proprietors.



W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any desired size, in a very good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Engraving and Repairing Plates for Sleins Attended to.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.

Clocks & Watches
CLOCKS,
&c. &c. &c.
Sept. 26, 1860 sep26dly

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
mar7 eliowAm

WHIPPLE'S HAIR AND PARA
SOLS made and repaired. Also, all kinds of Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c. &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
61 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. mar23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS

EF HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which he will sell at the lowest prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get a full kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get goo PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
To get DOWNER'S and KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
jan10 †

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of the finest kind for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness it is without a rival.

It prevents the hair from falling off

It promotes a luxuriant growth, and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It contains no coloring matter.

It keeps the hair in any position desired.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest nutriment

It remains longest in effect.

It costs 25 cents for a large bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the season that has ever been offered to the public. Be sure, be sure, and look to restore the decaying vitality of your system, and you will not be long sick, but gain health or sustained unless the age of the individual has destroyed the roots and he is bald what that could be naturally revitalized. He tries that one could be naturally bald and gain gray at the age of thirty-seven- he restored his own hair to its original color, luxuriance, and the whole family of them, it is gone to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and you will try no- thing else.—*New York Day Book*.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF As No. 444 Broadway will be found to- ware on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan3tyear dec31-wly&MWF

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, invested and to date, Losses paid, $8,812,555 80 1,680,000 12 2,411,955 68

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any substantial capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves confidence, are the following, viz.

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fir- Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Bonds.

The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is conducted strictly in the interest of Insurers.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay in Quarterly, Semi-Annual or Annual payments on Policies for Life, or Limited Payments, may be paid in cash, and annually in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, which will be cancelled whenever a loss shall be paid annually to cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid Five Premiums.

The Dividends are applied to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the benefit of the Cash, where declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most reasonable mortality experience.

This Company has now the large number of 7773 Policies in force; yet no increase in the number of persons insured renders more necessary a departure from the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance is based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should be of the average of the best appointment to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of four per cent. on all premiums paid in for every year, 1860 and increasing in the same proportion.

Applications for insurance may be made to
C. C. BRADLEY, Agent,
No. 31 CENTRAL and 37 Merrimack Streets,
LOWELL.

mar8

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now a vanity of boon to the afflicted, and is the best salve ever introduced to the public. It is a certain cure for burns, scalds, bruises and paralyzing sores. It allays the most intense pain in burns in a few minutes. It causes the crying of the tender tissues to cease, also a stop to swelling.

It lifts the cut sore off from his crotch, when used as directed, and

It relieves the deepest wounds in a few days, and leaves no scar.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It smoothes the face of the ulcer and pimpled.

It moderates inflammation.

It is severely satisfied with all cancers.

It cures the worst cases of scrofula.

It cures all kinds of sore eruptions, and does it WITHOUT PAIN.

Any child or adult can be cured if you will follow directions.

Any one may be rid of your sores and sickness.

Any one may be relieved of pain.

For all kinds of sores and ulcers use it.

For sore and swelled feet use it.

For sore eyes use it.

For all joints and limbs slide use it.

For sore nipples, sore breasts, sore throat, and in short every sore that is curable, the Golden Salve is the best remedy ever discovered.

Prepared only by Dr. WHITTEN, of Boscawen, N. H. Price 25 cents per box. Prepared only by F. WHITTEN, Concord, New Hampshire. Sent by mail to any part of the country on receipt of price, and all orders promptly supplied at reasonable rates.

EF Liberal commission supplied at short notice, by the Agent, to $30 or $100.

E. E. STONE,
Agent for Lowell.

Kinsler's Liveone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Tin, &c, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is invaluable. It will be found perfect, cheap and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by the use of this article, will look as fresh as equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, Corner Merrimack and John streets.

Kinsler's Liveone.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with "The American Fruit Jar," sold by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

VINE PROTECTORS

A specimen satisfies. They not only protect the vines from bugs and worms, but also from frost, and will last for years. With several years' experience we offer them for sale at R. MARSDEN'S Agric Insect and Seed Store, 18 Central street. 18 Central street. wtw31 Jan

SOMETHING NEW!
Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England market, is now offered to the public by the Undersigned promising to buy it. SOLD ONLY BY BENNETT & RAYNES, Agents for Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other Lehigh coal mined. Also, the Celebrated Locust Mountain Coal, Hard and Soft Wood for sale low.

Orders left at No. 6 Shops or 24 Boards at short notice, or at the lumber yard at the Depot.

Orders box at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CEDAR CAMPHOR, for sale at Wood and Wood yards, for sale by KIDDER, Jr., Corner Merrimack and John sts.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Every bag Stamped with the Government Seal. For sale by SAMUEL WOOD, 43 Market street.
mar22 †

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerine, Prince, Rose of Tonic, Shaving, Cold Cream and a large variety at Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John Sts
dec21

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

EF H. HAYNES has just received a large assortment of Children's Carriages, Boys' Tip Carts, Tip Carts, Wheelbarrows, and Portable Folding Swings, Hammocks, and Portable Folding Chairs, for sale at 45 Merrimack st. sept17

Country Knit Socks and Mittens

OF an extra quality just received at BRAZER'S Corner Bar Store, 37 Central st.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—Imparts a pearl and delicate tint to the complexion, removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Pimples, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

THE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

THE BEST IN USE.

Many citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of

DR. KEYSER'S
CELEBRATED
Pain Extractor
AND
Healing Ointment.

Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. apr2

ENGLISH SARDINES.

A FEW cases fine English Sardines for sale by J. JOB. SAYRE & CO. oct2

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND LADLES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, ENGLIS SLEEVE BUTTONS,
ROSEWOOD STUDS, SILVER STUDS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, ETC.
PRIZE SPOONS, SILVER PENCILS AND CREAM KNIVES, IVORY HANDLES TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Foreign and local—*small to add two*.

HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, serious catalogues, are the following, viz.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. dec19dtf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.
RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to R. B. SHEPHARD)
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

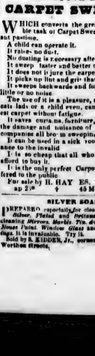
Only Manufacturers of the celebrated Patent Ribbed Parasols and Canes in this city for many years, and have received the

HIGHEST AWARD
Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857.

Have constantly on hand and to order, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, an extensive assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, CANES, and PIANO STOOLS, of every kind and description, from the very highest price to the lowest.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Also, Umbrellas from $7 to $9 each, which are warranted for two years. Orders box at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building.

PIANO FORTES.



RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & CO.'S
and Boston PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium at the Mechanics' Fair of 1857, and a good assortment of other first class Pianos, which they offer at the lowest prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Pianos to let by the month or year. Pianos tuned.
Lowell, June 8, 1858. tu&thly

BININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN
A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778.)
Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,
Especially designed for the use of the *Medical Profession*, and for sale by the principal druggists throughout the United States.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
No. 1 Old London Dock, New York.
Sold in Lowell by J. P. KELTON, 87 Market street. jly21-TuThSatly

Fresh Fruits all the Year.

THE YEOMAN'S FRUIT BOTTLE.

IT possesses many important advantages over every other Can or Jar heretofore brought into use.

First, It is made of glass, as all without corrosive action upon the fruit, and consequently, the condition or the fruit can at all times be seen. Second, It is so simple in construction that they are as good as new for succeeding years, and, third, they are sold at a much smaller price than any other Can, *I* are Bottle.

Fourth, The Stop or Cork is so made that the cork cannot be forced in by the atmospheric pressure, and, fifth, it is so constructed as to acquire connection of the fruit to the Syrup.

Sixth, The Top or Cork is so made that it can be used for a Can of sweet, that has yet been brought before the public. Seventh, it is the cheapest, for the least of all.

Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack st.

HOVEY'S PATENT
CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH exercels the great and disagreeable task in Carpet Sweeping into a pleasure.

A child can operate it.

It is noiseless.

No dusting is necessary after sweeping.

It will sweep more and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It picks up the pins and pins that a broom will not

It sweeps backwards and forwards, and makes no dust.

The use of it is a pleasure, and the most delicate lady, or a child even, can sweep the heaviest carpet without fatigue.

It is simple in construction, durable, and from the damage and nuisance of the dust that so much annoys in sweeping.

It can be used in a sick room without annoy to the invalid.

In no cheap that all who have carpets can afford to buy it.

In the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

For sale by H. HAY ES,
45 Merrimack street

SILVER SOAP.

JEFFERSON especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble Tile &c.* For cleaning Paint, Glass, Tin, Window Glass and Carriage Brasses. Try it for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets.

FRESH Ground GRAHAM MEAL and OATMEAL—Fresh ground Graham Meal for sale by the small lot, retail by the barrel or wholesale by SAYLE R. WOOD, 43 Market st.

CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulator of the blood is health. As a normal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—torpidity of the Liver is caused by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz. Imperfect Circulation; and from the same cause springing all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure (I am, for these diseases, the first great enquiry necessary is, What causes the blood to stagnate?

For centuries it has been a master of much grave study, research and medical inquiry; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the remedy, it has been left to this century among its other wonderful increase in knowledge, to make this grand discovery, also.

Acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," we will venture the remark, that as the planets move in their spheres, and the invisible life is governed by certain absolute laws, so animal life is traceable, in a fixed manner, to the centre of destiny, and death, the certain effect, follows.

The blood of the red corpuscles of the blood above them is the principle of vital, sanguine life.

If you stop or breathe, we know to certain a very few minutes what follows.

If you cut or wrought in contact with a metal, endure or wound a blood vessel, you produce a stagnation in exact with a masses of flour, causes it to corrupt.

Now the solution as to the cause of consumption is to find the cause that stops the blood in the air we breathe coming in contact with the blood in the veins and over- ing it with the pure blood-letter, which passing in on two wheels, the Pulmonary Vein and Arterial Coats Body Bottle.

The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is conducted strictly in the interest of Insurers.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay in Quarterly, Semi-Annual or Annual payments on Policies for Life, or Limited Payments, may be paid in cash, and annually in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, which will be cancelled whenever a loss shall be paid annually to cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid Five Premiums.

The Dividends are applied to aid the insured in settling future premiums. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive the benefit of the Cash, where declared; and those who give Notes, by a credit on the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most reasonable mortality experience.

This Company has now the large number of 7773 Policies in force; yet no increase in the number of persons insured renders more necessary a departure from the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance is based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should be of the average of the best appointment to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of four per cent. on all premiums paid in for every year, 1860 and increasing in the same proportion.

Applications for insurance may be made to
C. C. BRADLEY, Agent,
No. 31 CENTRAL and 37 Merrimack Streets,
LOWELL.

mar8

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
NO. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR
HALLET DAVIS & CO.'S
and Boston PIANOS, for which they received the highest premium at the Mechanics' Fair of 1857, and a good assortment of other first class Pianos, which they offer at the lowest prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Pianos to let by the month or year. Pianos tuned.
Lowell, June 8, 1858. tu&thly

BININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN
A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778.)
Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,
Especially designed for the use of the *Medical Profession*, and for sale by the principal druggists throughout the United States.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
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THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

Dyspepsia Remedy!
DR. DARIUS BAR'S
Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

This Medicine has been used by the public for seven years with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, &c.

Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, INTOXICATING SPIRITS, HABITUAL, INTEMPERATE BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE in Reason.

EF A GLORIOUS, it is quick and effectual cure for Dyspepsia, Kidney and other complaints of the Stomach and Bowels.

A WINE GLASS FULL will remove Dyspepsia Spells, and restore nearly nervous and sickly to health.

Heat-ered constitutions and those subject to *Delirium Tremens*, through the use of one of bottles of "HAN's Invigorating Spirit."

Dr. DARIUS BAR'S Invigorating Spirit, which will remove Bad Spells, Nervousness, Indigestion, create an appetite cure Dyspepsia and Colic, Pains, Heart Burn, Kidney Complaints, Kidney obstructions will be relieved by a single dose, and the system will soon be cure by the use of a few bottles.

A few small contributions of this remedy is the most violent Headache, Nausea and Sick Stomach will soon be relieved.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions will find Dr. DARIUS BAR'S Spirit invaluable to their health and strength.

During pregnancy it is most effectious in removing disagreeable sensations internally, and will prevent Miscarriage, Relieving the menstrual organs.

Prepared by Dr. DARIUS BAR, 40 Water st., New York
Wholesale Ag nts in Boston GOULD & COLBURN, Lowell, COLBURD & CHERTON.

For sale in Lowell, by J. K. Hayes, Howard Bodwell, Jr., Prentiss Baron, W. H. Dyer, Dr. H. B. Thompson, Dr. Stanton, Dr. Stanich, and by all respectable druggists throughout the country.

Dr. DARIUS BAR'S
PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS.

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Consumption, Liver and all Pulmonary Complaints.

"Blood Food."

Public Speakers and Singers, You are aware of the importance of checking a Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, &c., in its first stage. You are aware that by doing so you will prevent the Lungs "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," commonly known as Bronchitis, also Pulmonary and Throat Complaints.

BROWN'S
BROWN'S
BROWN'S

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, November 26, 1861.

THE NEXT SESSION OF CONGRESS. Congress will meet on Monday next for the transaction of business, when much important matter will come before it.

The New York Tribune's Washington dispatch says the reports of the Secretaries approach completion. The great interest which the war will give to that of the Secretary of War will be heightened by Mr Cameron's distinct avowal of his policy of placing arms in the hands of the slaves willing to use them for the cause of the Union. Mr. Cameron will appeal to Congress and to the Governors of States to practice the closest economy and will sternly require economy and accountability from all subordinates in the business and the army in the field. Mr. Cameron's report will also probably contain recommendations that will go far to abolish the distinctions between regular and volunteers. Among these will be the repeal of the regulation which confers rank upon the regular officer over the volunteer of the same grade.

Mr. Chase's report will rec ommend necessarily a large increase of revenue of duties. It is said that Mr. Chase will fully develop the theory that the slaves in the rebel States should be employed under wages to raise cotton, sugar, rice and tobacco for Government account.

PERSISTING IN THEIR MALICIOUS MISREPRESENTATIONS. It is a fact well remembered, we presume, that all the Southern papers, during the late Presidential campaign, unblushingly asserted that Hannibal Hamlin was a maniac. Notwithstanding Mr. Hamlin had been or years a Democratic Senator in Congress, it was never discovered that he was darker than many of the Southern brethren around him, until after he received the nomination of the Republicans for the office of Vice President. But the falsehood flattered the least intelligent parts of the South against the North, and that was enough for the unprincipled fellows who started the story, and they have thrived ever kept it going. It turns up now in the *Memphis Avalanche*, in the shape—

We have only been able to account for the remarkable lunacy symptoms of Hannibal Hamlin in regard to this stalwart war by attributing it to the general clamor of all those enemy-ridden Abolitionists raved. With a divided fusion of Africa blood in his veins, a tract over which no man could wave, we may suppose that he is the most rabid of Abolitionists. Neither is he insensible of the instinctive sense of the incongruity and impropriety of an individual of negro extraction riding over white people's graves like heroes and monarchs. Every well bred negro or mulatto would feel ashamed at such an unclean position as unbecoming; and Hannibal Hamlin may be supposed to be such brute, having received an education far inferior to that usually bestowed on free mulattoes."

For the sake of the joke, admitting that what the *Avalanche* says in respect to Mr. Hamlin's blood, and also his indifference in regard to the war, are strictly true, the statement of that paper is not half as good as that of the negro in Western Virginia, who, on being asked why he did not go and help the Union soldiers, promptly said: "Pooty good reason why I don't go to war; might shoot some of my fations 'mongst the Southern officers. No, sah! can't do dat!"

MORE IMPORTANT ARRESTS. A Washington dispatch says that more important arrests were made in Maryland by the naval expedition which went down the lower Potomac a few days ago, under the direction of a General officer. The party returned to Washington on Sunday. The arrested parties, six in number, prove to have belonged to a secret organization in St. Mary's County, for the purpose of conveying men and arms to the rebels in Virginia. A rebel spy recently returned from Richmond with a large number of letters and papers in his possession, and he was also taken, with a quantity of correspondence found in the different postoffices in lower Maryland. This capture has developed the source from which the rebels have been obtaining southern papers and other valuable information.

FIRES. C. H. Reynolds' stone cotton mills, at North Providence, R. I., with all its contents, was totally destroyed by fire on Saturday morning about 3 o'clock.—The fire was discovered by one of the overseers in the spinning room. It was then impossible to stop it. The main mill was built in 1824. It was of stone, with slate roof, heated by steam, and was a good mill. It has been running through all the hard times, turning out cotton twine. His loss will be about $30,000, on which he has insurance for $23,000.

The planing mill of C. S. Ra d & Co., of Chicago, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. Loss $15,000—Insurance small.

The engine house of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad, at Alton, Ill., was burnt Saturday. Three engines are in the ruins. Loss $20,000. Partially insured.

The returns of the Postoffice Department indicate that for the year ending June 31st, 1861, the income of the Department will come nearer by two and a half millions of dollars to paying its expenses, than for a number of years past.—This result is produced by the abolishment of the extended and profitless mail routes in the Southern States.

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

From Washington and Eastern Virginia. It is denied that we have 600,000 men in the field, the statement to that effect having been made by interested parties. Arrangements are going forward to provide comfortable quarters for the troops which are to winter in the vicinity of Washington.

Gen. Fremont recently obtained permission from the proper authority to visit Washington. It is the opinion in military circles that there will be a court of inquiry in his case.

A foraging expedition from General McDowell's division, yesterday, obtained a large quantity of hay and corn about half way to the road leading from Falls Church to Fairfax Court House. There were no indications of the presence of the rebels.

Capt. Halsey, of the 17th Massachusetts Regiment, has returned from Drummond-town, Accomac County, Va., with the Inspectors of Gen. Lockwood. He reports after passing Newton he met with various obstructions on the way, by the destruction of bridges and trees being thrown across the road. Some were quickly removed and others marched around. He found deserted earthworks, but no guns at Oak Hall. Between there and Drummondtown another battery was found, in which eight guns were mounted, but entirely deserted; also another deserted work, eight miles beyond Drummondtown.

A captain and two lieutenants had been captured. The disbanded militia all considered that they were forced to take up arms against their will. Not a single individual acknowledging himself a secessionist had been encountered. The Unionists, who are evidently numerous, have met the troops with the most enthusiastic demonstrations of joy. The Union men now have undisputed control of the two counties. As far as heard from, the rebels everywhere have been disbanded.

Missouri. It is reported that Gen. Price is moving toward Sedalia and the Federal pickets have been driven in. A number of rebels were arrested last Saturday night who were on their way to join Price's army. The rebels in town are quite certain that the Union forces are to be driven from the country this winter. They keep still with regard to the movements of Price. Without doubt he is advancing toward Sedalia.

Passengers report that a sick soldier left at Warsaw was murdered by the rebels of that town. All the business portion of Warsaw was burned in the late fire. No one has yet been obtained as to who fired it.

The committee to investigate the claims against the Government in this Department have been in session over two weeks, and approved of claims to the amount of over a million. Claims continue to be presented daily. The labors of the committee will last some weeks longer.

The rumor that Lieut. Worden has escaped from Richmond is incorrect. He is still a prisoner there.

The rumor that Lieutenant Hunter has been appointed Secretary of War is denied.

The rumor that Lieut. Colonel John B. Clark, late a member of the Federal Congress from Mo., is a Secessionist, is denied by Senator Pomeroy, a fellow member of the rebel Senate.

From the South. The *Richmond Examiner* of the 20th inst., publishes in full the Message of Jefferson Davis to the Confederate Congress.

Commodore Goldsborough reports that the rebels have erected a number of Union men near Accotink Run and have sent them South.

The Richmond papers state that a long chain of massive rafts was lately stretched across Charleston harbor, from Fort Sumter to Sullivan's Island.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION. The *Richmond Whig*, in its comments on Jeff Davis' message, represents the North as completely whipped, and prepared to submit to its fate. It declares that the North and the South are two people from this time forward, and that the only thing which now remains for the South is to give us a sound drubbing and make us pay the expenses of the war. In contrast with this cool method of settling the question with the United States Government, we have a dispatch from Charleston to the *Richmond Examiner*, stating that popular confidence in the efficiency of the iron-clad vessels is entirely shaken since the fall of Beaufort, against the monster frigates and ironclad gunboats of the Government; that the people are almost universally with a spontaneous burst of exasperation.—I have only to say that we only did our duty by the Union, and are prepared to do it again.

The latest speech was received with most enthusiastic cheers and applause, to which the Captain gracefully bowed his acknowledgments. The Captain was then conducted to the members of the City Government and the cheers generally.

THE CAPITAL OF SECESSIA AGAIN MOVED. The *Richmond Enquirer* says the rebel Congress has passed a bill for the removal of the Capital from Richmond to Nashville, Tennessee, and this Congress will soon assemble there. Why not have the capital mounted on wheels so that it could be easily removed whenever dang r seems to threaten!

In a will-go-in New Hampshire recently, the orator, who unites the business of seeing the dead with oratory, received a note after the church services had begun, and without looking at it, supposing of course that it was for the minister to read, proceeded with it to the pastor, who after reading it was seen for some time to contemplate the sense. It read like this: "Mr. ——, please tell the people that our mission comes; please fire it again, and make it as at should be."

JEFF. DAVIS COMPLAINS. Mr. Jefferson Davis, a few days since, read in a mess ge to that body which he styles "the Congress of the Confederate States," in which he claims that there can be no reconstruction of the Government of the United States, and, presumptuously, he brings charges of bad faith against the loyal people of the country. He appears to feel worst over the sudden stop of his "ambassadors," and unquestionably is uncertain as to their safety. We make the following extract from Mr. Davis' communication to his fellow rebels:—

The unprincipled gentlemen, whom with your approval, at the last session, I commissioned to represent the Confederate States in certain courts, have been unceremoniously arrested by the captain of a United States ship of war, on board a British steamer, and have been thrown across the port of Havana to England.

The United States have thus claimed a general jurisdiction over the high seas, and entering a British ship sailing under the protection of the flag, violated the rights of embassy, for the most part held sacred even on the battle field, by seizing our ministers while under the protection and within the dominions of a neutral nation.

These facts have been shown across the jurisdiction of the British Government in that ship and beneath its flag, as if they had been on its soil, and a demand on the part of the United States to cause them to be taken from the vessel of London would have been as well founded as that to apprehend them where they were taken. And that they been malefactors, and citizens even of the United States, they could not have been arrested on a British ship or British soil, unless under the express provisions of a treaty, and according to the forms therein provided for the extradition of criminals. But rights the most sacred seem to have lost all respect in this war.

When Mr. Faulkner, a former minister of the United States to the French Court, commissioned before the secession of Virginia, his native State, returned in good faith to Washington to settle up his accounts and fulfil all the obligations into which he had entered, he was most unlawfully arrested and imprisoned in New York, where he now is. The unsuspecting confidence with which the Federal Government was abused, and his decree to fulfill his trust to them was used to his injury.

A ROMANTIC STORY. The *Brooklyn Times* is responsible for the following:—

Capt. Wilkes, the bold and resp nsibly-assuming commander of the S. S. Jacinto who caused a gun to be fired across the bows of the British steamer Trent, brought her to and relieved her of Messrs. Slidell and Mason and their Secretaries, is a native of this city, and has many friends here. Consequently, as Jack Downy would say, he became quite a conspicuous man in town. Though every inch a sailor, and most often given to the roaring mood, the blind god once upon a time found in his heart a soft spot, and though his rough-and-tumble, when found out in the act, was not to the taste of the lady, proposals were made and accepted with all the pomp and circumstance of the Sub Rosa Club. Wilkes did not sail and pour, but he did the courting after the most approved fashion, and he never missing his "ditch long" spared no pains in securing his heart's rival for her hand and heart, until he saw him stand as a pointer on a bird ship, a traitor to his country and a renegade under the flag for honest he had spent his life in defending. Search in the firmament of war. We can gratulate the bold Charley upon having at last got more than even.

CAPT. WILKES IN BOSTON. This gentleman arrived in Boston yesterday, and was received at Parnell Hall by the city authorities, in presence of a large number of citizens. Mayor Wightman briefly addressed the Captain, appropriately alluding to his recent achievement, and welcoming him to the city. Capt. Wilkes responded as follows:

Fellow-Citizens: I feel doubly sensible of the confidence with which you have here received me. I depended upon my own judgment in doing what you all have so nobly done by hearing down every opposition and following out the dictates of my own heart. I am truly grateful to know that my actions have met with your approbation, and almost universally with a spontaneous burst of acceptance.—I have only to say that we only did our duty by the Union, and are prepared to do it again.

The latest speech was received with most enthusiastic cheers and applause, to which the Captain gracefully bowed his acknowledgments. The Captain was then conducted to the members of the City Government and the cheers generally.

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THE Hartford, Ct., town election yesterday, resulted in the triumph of the Peoples' Union ticket, by a majority ranging from 200 to 400, out of a vote of 3,372.—The secession Democrats made desperate efforts, but were completely routed.

THE Duke of Oporto, Prince Louis Philippe, who now succeeds to the throne of Portugal, was born on the 31st of October, 1838 and has, therefore, just completed his twenty-third year. He has been a Captain in the Royal Portuguese Navy.

CITY AND COUNTY.

A CARD.

The Lowell Bleachery Company returns their heartfelt thanks to the Fire Department of Lowell, for the prompt and efficient aid rendered at the fire on their Corporation last night.

T. P. APPLETON, Agent.

Lowell, 26th Nov., 1861.

LOST,

On Monday afternoon last, a Wallet containing two one dollar bills, one gold dollar, one gold half dollar, and some papers. They were last between E. Street and Merrimack Square. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them with E. DEMERIT, 30 Central Street.

nov26 3t

The money has arrived from Gurney Hoisery's Company, and is payable at the Railroad Bank.

dly Treasurer Soldiers' Aid Association.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 per cent. interest, and running three years, for sale by the Railroad Bank, Cashier Block, Merrimack Street.

K. W. STICKNEY, Agent.

November 22, 1861. 4d7 3t

Spangled Banners, Seal skins, Beavers and Broadcloths, for Ladies' Cloaks; also new and desirable DRESS GOODS, just received and selling at the lowest cash prices, at 19 MERRIMACK STREET, Carleton Block. HA. THOMAS & CO.

November 18, 1861. 4d6

"SHOP, FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES."

The Winter Term of this SCHOOL will commence on the first Monday in November. Instruction will be given in the Art of Dress Making, on which are usually taught in seminaries. Particular attention will be given to Cutting, Basting, Fitting, Leading and Finishing. The lessons a week will be given as follows:

Twelve lessons, $3 00
Twelve under nine years, 2 00
Private lessons, 5 00

November 18th, 1861. nov18d1w*

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 21 Quero Street. Inquire as No. 41 Branch, corner of Queen st. November 14, 1861. nov15d1w

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia.
Map of the Seat of War.
Map of the Mason Southern States.
The above maps are now on exhibition and being drawn from actual surveys recently represent the Southern States, and can be had at the Bookstore of Messrs. Carter at the General Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, and at the Merrimack House, where they are for sale at wholesale.

S. H. FISHER,
nov19 Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were members of the Commonwealth in the Fulton Court, in several cases, finally disposed of from the 1st of June, 1859, to the 1st of January, 1861, can obtain their use, on application in the Clerk of the Courts' office.

nov7d3w E. F. HASKELL, Jr., Clerk.

Read an April's entry's entertainment.

THE MUTUAL GUARANTEE Fire Insurance Company, Lowell Manufacturers' Block. No assessment. Insures against loss by fire on buildings and personal property, at the lowest rates. Capital stock of $150,000. Its assets are $154,778 35. Dividends paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent. Losses promptly and satisfactorily settled. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent. Losses promptly and satisfactorily settled. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent. Losses promptly and satisfactorily settled. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent. Losses promptly and satisfactorily settled. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, E. W. Stickney, D. A. Gleason,
L. O. Rowe, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Samuel Hadley.

Mutual and stock.

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Mutual and stock.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, Nov. 1, 1861. nov1d1y

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received a large assortment of Furs, which we have bought at the late sales from first hands, and are manufacturing in the latest styles from the best of skins, and we can and will sell them at prices much lower than can be found elsewhere. We would call the attention of the ladies to our Fur Trimmings, Ermine, Chinchilla, Sable, Squirrel, Mink, Fitch, Hudson Bay Sable, Grebe and Thibet Fur, which we have in great variety, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. We also have a large assortment of Gents' Fur Caps, Collars, Gloves, Robes, Buffalo, Wolf, Fox, Raccoon, Bear, Goat and Sheep Skins, which we will sell at low prices. Furs repaired and made over in the latest styles. Furs stored during the summer months. Please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Remember the place, No. 5 Central St., corner Merrimack, Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sole and Proprietor.
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N. J. WIER & CO.,

120 Merrimack Street.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which can't be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The above Stoves are all kept constantly in use in this Establishment, and are warranted to give satisfaction.

We would call particular attention to the NEW PORTABLE FURNACE, which is so constructed that it can be connected on the same principle as the Brick Furnace, and can be moved from one house to another at a trifling expense. The fire may be kept in for weeks together. The Furnace is so constructed that the ashes can be removed and the fire replaced without the least inconvenience. Persons in Lowell, Lawrence, Manchester, Nashua, Concord, Dover, Exeter and the Mason Tract & Co.'s Superior Cooking Stove, are invited to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

nov19d1m

"How great a matter a little fire kindleth." Why waste have thoughts for your property when the life insurance agent will for a trifling compensation see a part in the great deal of danger for each in a single year. Most of the dreams are looking for a conclusiveness of that vitality that will enable him to act.

Homeopathy has now grown to such proportions that it claims a large share of attention in medical practice, and since the introduction of Dr. Hilford's Globules of Life, a remedy for all its medicine, which to his list of strange remedies, which are usually sought in homeopaths. Particular attention will be given to Diseases of the Blood, Leading and Spotting. The lessons a week will be given as follows:

Twelve lessons, $3 00
Twelve under nine years, 2 00
Private lessons, 5 00

November 18th, 1861. nov18d1w*

TO LET.

A small Tenement, No. 21 Quero Street. Inquire as No. 41 Branch, corner of Queen st. November 14, 1861. nov15d1w

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia.
Map of the Seat of War.
Map of the Mason Southern States.
The above maps are now on exhibition and being drawn from actual surveys recently represent the Southern States, and can be had at the Bookstore of Messrs. Carter at the General Ticket Office, 182 Merrimack Street, and at the Merrimack House, where they are for sale at wholesale.

S. H. FISHER,
nov19 Agent.

NOTICE.

Persons who were members of the Commonwealth in the Fulton Court, in several cases, finally disposed of from the 1st of June, 1859, to the 1st of January, 1861, can obtain their use, on application in the Clerk of the Courts' office.

nov7d3w E. F. HASKELL, Jr., Clerk.

Read an April's entry's entertainment.

THE MUTUAL GUARANTEE Fire Insurance Company, Lowell Manufacturers' Block. No assessment. Insures against loss by fire on buildings and personal property, at the lowest rates. Capital stock of $154,778 35. Dividends paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent. Losses promptly and satisfactorily settled. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent. Losses promptly and satisfactorily settled. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent. Losses promptly and satisfactorily settled. A Dividend is paid on policies terminated during the year, 40 per cent.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, E. W. Stickney, D. A. Gleason,
L. O. Rowe, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
Samuel Hadley.

Mutual and stock.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, Nov. 1, 1861. nov1d1y

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'

INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, E. W. Stickney, D. A. Gleason,
L. O. Rowe, Edward Tuck, E. F. Sherman,
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Lowell, Nov. 1, 1861. nov1d1y

FIRE THIS MORNING About half past one o'clock this morning, fire was discovered in a stable, near the Bleachery, belonging to Ferelyn Coburn, Esq. The alarm was given, and the fire department was promptly on the ground, but the fire had made such progress that it was impossible to save the stable, which was wholly destroyed. Loss about $200; no insurance. The house of John Coburn, Esq., was slightly injured; insured. The property of the Bleachery Company was saved by the exertions of the firemen. There is no doubt that the fire was the work of an incendiary.

A GENEROUS PRESENT. On Thanksgiving day, Ira J. C. Ayer, of this city, presented to Lieut. Brent Johnson, of Capt. Crowley's command, a check for $100, on the Merchants' Bank, with which he might purchase a uniform. Lieut. Johnson was formerly a member of the Phalanx, and was in the fight in Baltimore on the 19th of April. He is a g. od soldier and a worthy man, as the circumstance we have mentioned testified, coming from one who was for a long time his employer.

LECTURE TO-MORROW EVENING. F. D. Hemenway, D. D., of Boston, will deliver a lecture to-morrow evening, on a favorable lecture is well known here, and will no doubt have a large audience. His subject will be "The Gentleman in Business." A limited number of reserved seats may be had at 15 cents each, at the door of the hall. Doors open at half-past 7, sharp.

MEETING POSTPONED. In consequence of an oversight in having the notice for the meeting at the John Street Church read from the pulpit of that church on Sunday, the meeting was not lighted and warmed last evening, and it was judged best to have the meeting adjourned to the same place next Thursday evening, at a quarter before 8 o'clock.

CITY COUNCIL. The last regular Council of the Board of Aldermen of the City Council, for November, will be held this evening, when the salary bill will come up for final action.

OLD LINE PARTIES. Subscribers to this course of parties, are notified that the first party will not take place until December, 12th. Secure your tickets to Gen. Butler's Office.

GEN. BUTLER returned home last night, in the "Theatre Train," which left Boston immediately after the fight in Baltimore on the 19th. Washington, Fortress Monroe, and other points of interest.

PROMOTION. Capt. H. G. O. Weymouth of this city, is now acting Major of the Nineteenth Regiment (Col. Hicks) Thomas Cluffy, who was also in the fight, Weymouth's Company as orderly sergeant, has been promoted to the rank of Second Lieutenant, and is always glad of an opportunity to record these promotions of Lowell boys.

MONEY SECURED. By a notice elsewhere it will be seen that a sum of money has been secured through the generosity and bravery by those who witnessed the terrible scenes there enacted. From the many evidences that have appeared to establish Capt. Fiske's reputation as a soldier and a gentleman, no one would be "behind the times" did they not see and acknowledge what others, who have not our reasons for pride in those who go from Lowell, have noticed and commended and applaud. Capt. Fiske has been presented a regulation sword and belt and saddle and trappings, by a number of his fellow-citizens, as some testimonial of appreciation in which he is held at home. The brief letters below passed between the parties. The act which bestows upon Capt. Fiske the testimonial, is but of wellmerited recognition of meritorious behavior in a cause for which too much can hardly be sacrificed or ruined.

Lowell, November 23 h, 1861.

WILLIAM O. FISKE, *Dear Sir*:—Please accept the accompanying gifts, as a testimonial of your gallant services, in behalf of our beloved country, now distracted by the present unholy rebellion, and also of our own personal friendship and regard for you.

Trusting that your future career will add more lustre to your already well-earned reputation, we remain

Very respectfully,
Your friends,
OBERLIN KIMBALL,
F. H. NOURSE,
A. L. WAITE,
A. B. FRENCH,
HOUGH HOWARD,
OTIS ALLEN
and others.

Lowell, November 23rd, 1861.

GENTLEMEN:—Your valuable present this morning received. Thanks you for it, as a testimonial of your personal regard rather than as a monited compliment. I accept it, however, for the it shall always to my earnest effort to so use it in defence of our country's rights, as to honor its gift and the generous donors.

Believe me, gentlemen, your friend and earnest sympathiser in the our common cause, I have the honor to be

Yours, most obedien ly,
W. O. FISKE.

To Messrs. Charles Kimball, F. H. Nourse, A. L. Waite, A. B. French, Hough Howard, Otis Allen, and others.

SALARIES OF CITY OFFICIALS. We understand that a petition, quite numerously signed, will be presented to the City Council this evening, asking for a reduction in the salaries of the city officials, pay of police, school teachers, &c., amounts to about $90,000, and a reduction of ten per cent. on all would make a saving of $9000 per annum to the city. Whether it would be good policy or be desirable to all in the employ of the city to make such a wholesale reduction, is a question.

MUNICIPAL. We learn that a citizen's meeting will be held at Huntington Hall next Thursday evening, to take action in reference to the coming city election.

N. J. WIER & CO.,

120 Merrimack Street.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which can't be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The above Stoves are all kept constantly in use in this Establishment, and are warranted to give satisfaction.

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nov19d1m

FIRE INSURANCE

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on terms as favorable as other first class offices. Offers to insure one month's risk at one quarter of one per cent.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Crosby, John G. Abbott,
Arthur F. Sumner, John Avery,
Joseph Nesmith, Jr., Josiah G. Abbott,
Samuel Bothwick, Henry C. Hunt,
Sylvanus Lamson, Jonathan Tyler,
Abiathar A. Miner, Joseph Nesmith,
Benjamin F. Butler, Stephen E. Hopkins,
Stephen E. Jones, Lester M. Clark,
Stephen E. Jones.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 25 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
nov19d1y

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.

Hartford, Conn
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass
Capital.....$250,000.

The above Companies are all of good standing, have ample capital, and are responsible. Risks taken on favorable terms. Policies issued and LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED and PAID at the office of the undersigned.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to Ripley & Sanborn,
No. 28 Central, opp. Middle st., Lowell.
Oct. 1, 1861. oct1d1y

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Will attend to the business of this Company.
April 8, 1861. 1m19

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their practice about two years since, and after a thorough test of its merits, and investigation of its claims, they are prepared to say that it is decidedly superior to any other material ever before used for the purpose of dental prosthesis in relation to the fitness of the plate to the mouth, and the perfection of articulation. Not only does every other article now in use, there are many cases where it is impossible to make a plate of any other kind that will be worn with comfort, while this is growing in the popular favor as fast as it is known. Those who have had plates made of it, and have worn them for a time, say that it is superior to everything else, but the best evidence of its superiority is found in the fact that those who have had it once, and others, are equal to say that they will have no other.

Rooms 3 and 4 Savings Bank Building.
nov7 ly

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is endangered by the use of worthless nostrums. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the prescription of the late Dr. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New York, can be strongly recommended as a safe and reliable remedy in all cases of Female Complaints, without a physic, all obstructions, irregularities, pains in the back, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the system, are removed by the use of these Pills. The first dose will convince the most incredulous of their superior virtues in removing the pains and irregularities peculiar to the female system. Explicit directions for Females, with Symptoms, Pains in the Limbs, Back and Side, Dizziness of the Head, Nervousness, Trembling, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pimples and Blotches, Disease of the Eyes, Ringing Sounds in the Ears, Hysterics, Fits, Sudden Flushes of Heat, Universal Lassitude, Drowsiness, Dislike of Society, Love of Solitude, Timidity, Dizziness, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Want of Confidence, Fear of Evil, Dread of Approaching Danger, Restlessness at Night, Frightful Dreams, Blushing, Sudden Paleness, Frequent Sighing, Pain in the Heart, Want of Energy, Loss of Appetite, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Pain in the Head, Blotches on the Face, Disordered Vision, Nervous Tremors, Sudden Pain, Sudden Weakness, Universal Debility, Pain in the Small of the Back, Cold Feet, Shortness of Breath, Wasting of Flesh, Coughs, Consumption, Decay, Barrenness, Loss of Power, Hysterics, Female Complaints, Fits

ALWAYS SOMETHIN G NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying once or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and has not appeared in the least from that cause. I do not imagine a force should mentioned will in any part of the United States; no, or even better your vitality at this late day, as I am well assured there are all well known already and even more wonderful ones though not the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have been quite active, and take pleasure in recommending your Restorative and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have procured it a homing; seeing that I used it, and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by getting the matter, that they had not used your article & all, but had used some new article, said to be as good, and offered, selling at about half the price. I have noticed one or three articles myself advertised as a substitute, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will be so blind to their own interest as to purchase when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, but endeavor they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting their name in the place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation for the hair, and in every instance—some for baldness, gray hair, weak head, dandruff, and scurvy—all have given a good word are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,048, will be promptly attended to.

Very truly yours,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 30, 1860.

DEAR SIR:—In reply to a statement that I think you are entitled to the credit of being a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and very thin. While not very stiff and dry, I had seen a number of certificates of the wonderful and beneficial effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a cure further than truth, and that the entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would test your Restorative, commencing using, following directions near by as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was arrested in its falling, and a radiant change taking place in the color. I have continued its use, filled four bottles, and my hair is now as much better as it began on the fourth. It has restored my hair to a beautiful brown, so light that I have only one gray hair on my head, and that is on the back part of the head. I am satisfied that it is the best article for the cure of dandruff, and the hair ceased in its falling, and that it is the best article for the hair in the world. I am willing to talk to any person in the city or county on the subject, and have done so frequently to my own. Feeling where my gray hair has gone? Yours truly,

ELIJAH DAVIS.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual trial, and from the fact which cannot be attested by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it is now extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and we have had the entire endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable and—we think accomplishes all it professes, and all the isolated and gross misstatements to the contrary notwithstanding.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found the testimonials of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its natural color. The Hair Restorative now rests entirely on its merits, and the testimonials of those who have used it. We have been induced to call attention to the subject from the fact that we have seen many of the most reliable characters. Don't you will you have tried this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new thing that Yankee cunning or *fun* they are quack nostrums, but we have adopted principles in the case of Prof. Wood's restorative to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. We have used the manufactur, Prof. Dr. Jackson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application to his hair, with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and hand heads will be as rare as show in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is presented, by its proprietor, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. He has used and has become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this restorative has restored its glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for those who have lost their hair, and we take pleasure in cheerfully endorsing the truth and other impurities, which exist in the scalp, and the hair. It also has curative properties favorable to the growth of hair, and will prevent the early disappearance of the hair, and will restore it to its color. We have found it a most valuable article in the family, and we think it will prove beneficial, as the compound, it is supposed to be, is a manifest improvement.—*Independent Democrat, Sept. 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of to-day, each of which claims to be unsurpassed, or at any rate attention and in addition is its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the remarkable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its owner and proprietor claims it to be. Its effect upon a balding head of hair is universally known to be magical. Some time or gauze on exhausted land, it springs up and whenever applied to the scalp, the hair soon takes its healthy, and we advise our friends with sparsely-growing Last to the vigorous growth.—*Canandaigua Gaz.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE LEAD. Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, no true scientist, has been turned to the task. His hair tonic has ever before been reached. Hitherto is evident but worst evils, and those to the have worn wigs or been bald for years attempted through the use of his preparation, and there soon natural and luxuriant head covering. Hundreds have, for example, the discovery or the age, and a radiant change taking place in the color. Have a colored hair, it will turn to a beautiful brown, or light chestnut, as may suit the taste of the owner. Have a light head of hair, it will turn to a beautiful brown, or dark chestnut, as may suit the taste of the owner. Have a head of hair, it will turn to a beautiful brown, or light

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, November 27, 1861.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 19th, 1861.

On Wednesday, the 13th, I made a visit to the Massachusetts Fourteenth Regiment—what would be called rather an official visit, I suppose. I found them stationed at Forts Jackson, Ramon, and Albany, in Virginia. The regiment is full, and one of the best that the old Bay State has sent out. The men are in good spirits, and ready to meet the enemy at any time they may wish to make them a visit. I judge from the number and size of the peace makers which they have got mounted in the three forts, and the way the Fourteenth men handle them, that the rebels would meet with a very warm and destructive reception.

Fort Albany is one of the best, if not the very best of the forts on the line of the Potomac. It is really worth one's while to visit it. Everything is kept in the very best of order. The Colonel of the regiment, W. H. Greene, presides over it with all the coolness and dignity of a veteran schoolmaster; and then there is Lieut. Col. S. C. Oliver, (son of your worthy State Treasurer, H. K Oliver, Esq.), who is all military, from the crown of his head to the soles of his feet, doing what he can to make the regiment proficient in military tactics. One other officer I must mention, and you will know him well—Major Levi P. Wright, who is of railroad fame, as well as of military renown; for truly he has got to be a good soldier and officer—has a smile for every one, and is a universal favorite with the whole body of men with whom he is brought in contact. Two doubtless remember your former townsman, Dr. David Dane, who is at hand at all times, looking after his sick patients, doing everything that can be done for the men, assisted by Dr. S. K. Towle, of Haverhill, with whom, Mr. Editor, you, I believe, have some acquaintance. With this company of gentlemen, and Rev. George P. Wilson, of Lawrence, who was here to take home the money for the Lawrence companies, I had the pleasure of dining; and I must say that I have not had so good and well cooked dinner to devour since I left your good city and my beloved home. I relished it well, it being the first that tasted "natural" to me. On reason of this, perhaps, is found in the fact that it was cooked by a Lowell boy. I do not mean the doctor, by any means; but I must say that I never saw him looking better, and appearing in so happy and at home, than he did there; he shows his go-ol keeping, and I have no doubt if he was compelled to stay there he would be a candidate for one of the chairs of the Board of Aldermen, which would be created by the addition of a Ward.

I cannot go any where among the troops without meeting more or less who have at one time or another made Lowell their home. On Friday I made a short visit to the Massachusetts Seventh Regiment, which is stationed at Camp Brightwood, in Maryland; and here is found several who hailed from Lowell, among whom is Horace P. Sherman, who holds the position of hospital steward—one of great responsibility. This regiment is probably the best drilled and disciplined, of any one from Massachusetts. I had the pleasure of witnessing their dress parade, and I do not hesitate to say that it cannot be surpassed by any regiment of the State. Massachusetts has done herself credit in sending out such a noble body of men as she has done. No better material can be found anywhere in the army. The whole country is indebted to the volunteer militia of Massachusetts for saving the Capital, in April last. There never was a more patriotic and noble band of men, who, in so short a notice, rushed from their homes to the rescue of their country than old Massachusetts sent out. She, at that time, and ever since, has received from the lips of grateful men, praise, and "God bless old Massachusetts."

There has been, and still is, quite an effort being made to get Caleb Cushing of Newburyport, appointed Brigadier General, as strange as it may seem—that man who some year ago had to take three nights to tell the people of Newburyport that he knew that Abraham Lincoln would not be inaugurated President of these United States. How did he know it? Why should he make such statements if he had not been linked in with the Jeff. Davis clique in plotting treason against the Government? Why was he here in Washington, closeted with Lee and Johnson, of the rebel army, if he was not in their secrets at the time of the breaking out of this rebellion? I trust that the administration will not be guilty of any such sin as that of appointing such a man to a generalship in our army. It would be offering a bounty for traitors of early a day. I think, from what I can learn, the General of Mexican war notoriety, must expect to his patience somewhat, before he gets a command. I say, down with all such aspirants, and be sure and not put them in a place where they can, Judas-like, betray us.

[Has not our correspondent heard of conversion of Caleb Cushing? Mr. Cushing for months has been a thorough Union man. He has, according to his own statement, suffered greatly in consequence of the rebellion, and believes it wrong—a monstrous wrong. Not one word can be quoted from him, since the rebels took the field, expressing sympathy for them, or a lack of interest in our Government. He thinks it worth any price we may be required to pay, to rescue it from the traitors, and is willing to advance his part.—*If Caleb Cushing can advantageously assist us "crushing out" the rebels, let him have a chance—let every one who has desires, assist. We will not own to being an admirer of the man, but if he really wants to pit himself against some of his former political allies, let him do it, and, "may God assist the right."*]

WAR NEWS.

From Missouri. Reports from Missouri represent that Ben. McCulloch and his army were expected at Lebanon on Sunday last. Lebanon is in Laclede County, some sixty miles from Rolla.

Kentucky. Breckinridge is said to be preparing for an advance on the Union men of this State.

Fort Pickens. There are reports, which come through rebel sources, that Pensacola had been attacked by the Federal forces on Saturday. Bragg telegraphs that he is taking the bombardment coolly.—The rebels claim to have breached the walls of Fort Pickens. The Navy Yard was on fire three times, but put out. The village of Warrington was burned by Col. Brown's fire the first day.

Home. Gen. Sherman is reported to have resigned, for the reason that he had incurred the displeasure of General McClellan.

Privateers taken. The privateer Beauregard, commanded by Capt. Gilbert Hay, was captured on the 12th, 100 miles from Abaco. Most of her ammunition, &c., was thrown overboard. She had sent no vessels and not even fired a gun since leaving Charleston. The vessel captured by the Connecticut was the schooner Adeline, of Nassau, from Savannah.—The She had several cases of swords on board. Her owner was Lieut. Hardee, of the Confederate army. The frigate St. Lawrence captured by the steamer Fanny Lee off St. Simon's Sound, on the 16th. She was loaded with rice and tobacco.

DINNER TO CAPT. WILKES IN BOSTON.—The Boston people, who are in ecstacies over the capture of Mason and Slidell by Capt. Wilkes, gave the gallant naval officer to make the hero of the present hour spend his time sumptuously while he is stopping with them. We mentioned something concerning his reception on Monday last. Last evening he was honored with a dinner at the Revere House, when speeches were made by Gov. J. W. Edmunds, Capt. Wilkes, Gov. Andrew, Chief Justice Bigelow, Lieut Fairfax (of the San Jacinto), Mayor Wightman, Hon. A H. Rice, Judge Russell and several others.—The speech-s of all the gentlemen, so far as we have seen them reported, were patriotic and eminently proper on such an occasion. But of all satisfaction about the remarks of Chief Justice Bigelow, who is expected to know something of law as well as much of common sense, is peculiarly gratifying. He said in the course of his remarks:

"We desire peace with all nations, at this juncture; we desire peace especially with England; but I trust we shall not buy peace at the cost of our own dignity and honor. Let me counsel you to act by offering as a sentiment: The United States and England—We all desire peace with England, but I trust we shall never sell anything that is not right, and we shall never submit to anything that is wrong."

A SINGULAR BATTLE. A great battle of bees recently occurred in Concord, Ohio. Ezra Dipple had seventy swarms, which equally divided on the east and west sides of his house. On the 17th they went to war, those on the east side of the house being arrayed in battle against those on the other side. They filled the air, covering a space of more than one acre of ground, and fought desperately for three hours—not for "spoils," but for conquest, and while at war no living thing could exist in the vicinity. They stung a large flock of Shanghai chickens, nearly all of which died, and persons passing along the roadside were obliged to make haste to avoid their stings. Quiet was not restored until nightfall. They were not driven away, were entirely destroyed, and the slain literally covered the ground. Neither party was victorious, and they only ceased from utter prostration. The cause of this bitter outbreak among creatures so redolent of sweetness, is quite unaccountable.

THE CABINET UPON THE EMANCIPATION QUESTION. The Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Inquirer* pretends to know how the Cabinet stands upon the emancipation question, and says:—

"Persons well informed say the Cabinet stands four to three against freeing the slaves, and putting arms in their hands to put down the rebellion. Mr. Cameron and Secretaries Chase and Welles favor it, and Seward, Bates, Blair and Smith oppose it. The most bitter opposition is made by Smith, Blair and Seward. The President is understood to favor it, though he has not come out yet like the Cabinet members."

THE Vermont Legislature adjourned on Thursday, after a session of six weeks. A bill was passed repealing the famous Personal Liberty bills of 1858, so says the *New York Journal of Commerce*, but we have not noticed any such statement in the Vermont papers.

THE Charleston, S. C., papers are snarling at their Chief. They put the whole blame of Manassas upon Jefferson Davis because him of military incapacity for not pursuing the Federal troops after Bull Run and taking Washington. They growl to their own satisfaction that Davis had taken the actual command of the troops, and that Beauregard's plans were disregarded and that he (Beauregard) is an abused individual. The Richmond papers strive to defend Davis, and altogether it is a very pretty quarrel.

THE Democrats intending to petition the next legislature should attend to them at once, as the legal time will expire in a few days.

NO REBEL DOCUMENTS FOUND UPON MASON AND SLIDELL. The Boston correspondent of the *New York Post* asserts, probably on the authority of United States Marshal Murray, of New York, that no dispatches or papers were found upon the rebel ambassadors. The writer says:—

"A thorough search was made in their presence, and no papers or dispatches of any sort were found. Their keys and baggage were then delivered to the prisoners, who were shown to their quarters. Commodore Wilkes has not yet made his official report of the capture of the rebel commissioners. We shall not be surprised if his report should state that he authorized Lieut. Fairfax not only to take the commissioners, but also to seize the steamer Trent. It is certain that he sent engineers with Lieut. Fairfax to the Trent, for the purpose of taking charge of her.—When the Lieutenant returned to the San Jacinto with his prisoners, he reported that there were many passengers on board the Trent who were, undoubtedly, anxious to proceed at once to England, and the Commodore concluded to let her go. It is not true that any dispatches or papers were found in the baggage of the rebel commissioners. If they took credentials to Europe, they were either in the Trent's mails or on the persons of the ladies of the party."

FROM PORT ROYAL. Major Pangborn, of the Quartermaster's Department, Sherman's Division, has reached Burlington, Vt., on official business. Says the *Free Press*, he mentions the important fact, not stated as yet so far as we have seen, that the railroad between Charleston and Savannah has not been run by the rebels since the taking of Port Royal. Such is the uniform testimony of all the negroes, and the observations of scouting parties which have pushed in to the line of the railroad, confirm the statement.' Major Pangborn brought with him a map drawn by a rebel officer in the Secretary of the Navy, what is believed to be the original Ordinance of Secession of the State of South Carolina—a beautifully engrossed document, bearing the signatures of the members of the Convention which passed it, and accompanied with the photograph's of all the signers.—The original was found carefully locked in the house of Mr. Barnwell Rhett, in Beaufort.

MOVEMENTS IN CANADA. The *Montreal Advertiser* of Monday says that Gen. Williams, the commander of the forces in Canada East, has summoned a Quebec to confer with the Governor General upon the military defenses of the province.—Important dispatches for the Imperial Government are said to have been forwarded by the steamer on Saturday.

A WEALTHY farmer named Van Geisen residing near Watrousville, Wisconsin, while getting into a wagon which his son was driving, accidentally struck a loaded gun, causing its discharge, by which he received a fatal wound, and instantly killed. It is remarked that this man was the first person who had ever taken out an application to hope that all who left that neighborhood to join the Federal army would be killed.

LEGISLATIVE ORTHOGRAPHY. There were some pretty independent and original minds in the last Vermont Legislature, and they showed their originality in their book lavish." Eight different members of the Committee on Mileage and Debentures, in reporting the mileage of members in eight different ways, and all wrong, as follows: "Committy, committy, committie, committie, committe, committee a mittee." Perhaps they went on the principle of the Pennsylvania lawyer, who, when taken to task in court, by the opposing counsel, for bad spelling, retorted that "a man must be a fool to think he cannot spell a word in more than one way."

NEWSPAPERS IN THE ARMY. Somebody says—"The number of newspapers sold daily in the army is incredible. You may deprive the Northern boys of their dinner or of half their ration, and no complaint will be made; ask him to march all day, and sleep in the open air at night, and he will cheerfully do it; but you cannot receive him of his newspaper if it is a possible thing to obtain it. They all read and keep themselves posted on the events of the day.

ADDITION TO THE SOUTHERN INFANTRY. Mrs. Jefferson Davis brought a new occupant into the rebel President's mansion in Richmond on the night of the 10th inst.—Both were doing well at last accounts.

SECESH CURRENCY. Below is a fac-simile of a secesh shinplaster, taken from the person of a man recently arrested in Cincinnati:—

ONE CENT,

Receivable in payment of postage, and redeemable at the New Orleans Postoffice.

J. L. RIDDELL, *Postmaster.*

ED. S. RAPIER, *Postage Clerk.*

The latest invention of which we have heard is a cheering machine—in other words, a little mill intended for toothless people and those who cannot properly masticate their food. Such an article is advertised in the *London Lancet*. It is fastened to the dinner table, goes with a crank, and is said to mince the food very nicely.

A DETECTIVE expedition on the lower Potomac has, among other discoveries, secured fifty Sharpe's rifles buried in a newly made grave in a Catholic cemetery near Leonardstown, wrapped in flannel, in a coffin shaped box. Their whereabouts was made known by one who witnessed the "mysterious funeral."

It is proposed to consolidate all the Colonels, Lieut. Colonels, Majors, and Captains in Illinois who have no men under them into a full regiment.

The *New York Tribune* states that there are at Manassas, in the rebel service, several complete companies of negroes, uniformed, armed and equipped, and commanded by negro officers.

A MAN named Phipps Monroe, of Lynn, a carpenter, was instantly killed by being caught on some shafting in a morocco factory in that city, on Tuesday.

GEN. FREMONT and family left St. Louis on Tuesday, for *New York*.

CITY AND COUNTY.

LOST,

On Monday afternoon, between a Wallet containing two one dollar bills, one gold half dollar, one silver quarter dollar. They were lost between the Depot and Wallace' Block. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it with R. EMERY, 87 Central Street.

nov27

4th Treasurer Soldiers' Aid Association.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. Interest for sale at par, and accrued interest, by all the National Bank, Corinthian Block, Merrimack Square.

November 20, 1861. 6467m

Sprague's Shippers, Sail Skins, Beavers and Breadcloths, for Ladies' Cloaks; also new and desirable styles DRESS GOODS, just received and selling at the lowest cash prices, at 126 Merrimack Street, Corinthian Block. HILTBORN & HALL.

nov18 4w

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of MISS ROGERS' School will commence on the first Monday in December. Instruction will be given in the French and English branches, which are usually taught in institutions of the first class. Application may be made at her residence, corner of Kirk and Worthen Streets.

Tuition, $5.00
Pupils under nine years, 4.00
French extra, 1.00
November 19th, 1861. nov18d1w

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Missouri,
Map of the Steam Boiler's States.

These maps are mounted and varnished, ready for use, and are mounted upon the most correct and reliable authorities, and are the latest published. Also, Military Maps of the Seat of War, and Maps illustrating the Merrimack River, will be found for sale at

nov13 E. P. HAWLEY, Jr., Chrt.

MILK HOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of the City Council was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. *Jurors drawn.* The following named jurors were drawn to serve at the term of the Superior Court, to be holden at Cambridge on the second Monday of December:—Nathaniel Gay, William H. Gading, Charles Stott, Henry C. Guild.

Orders adopted. That the City Marshal enforce the city ordinance in relation to snow and ice upon sidewalks that warrants be issued for the city solicitor; also, that meeting of the Board of Aldermen be held on Friday afternoon, December 6th, and Saturday afternoon and evening, December 7th, to correct the list of voters.

All other business was acted upon in concurrence.

COMMON COUNCIL. The petition of J. F. Manahan and others, to lay out Walker Street, was ordered to a second reading, and lies over under the rules.

All other papers were acted upon in concurrence.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Petitions presented and referred.* From George Hedrick and others, asking the city to contribute $200 toward the new clock in the tower of High Street Church—to committee on finance; Stone & Hunt, that their claim may be allowed for publishing city advertisements in *Vox Populi* from January 1st, to June 28th, 1861—to committee on claims; Isaac Hinckley and others, for a reduction of the salaries of city officers and employees—read for information; Benny Moor, for relief—amount of one dollar to be paid to the man—to committee on soldiers' relief.

Soldiers' relief fund. The sum of $6000 was appropriated for the relief of soldiers' families, which is expected will be sufficient until the State shall pay back the city. The Committee on the Relief Fund were authorized to employ a clerk to assist in making up their account.

Report of City Solicitor. T. H. Sweetser, City Solicitor, submitted and read his annual report.

Salaries. The Salary Bill for 1862, was taken up in the Council, and increased as follows for the following officers, above the amounts in the report of the Committee on Salaries: Librarian $50, Steward of Hose and Ladder Company $15 Messenger $100, Chief Engineer of Fire Department $200, The Mank in the same, $100, Clerk of Police Judge, for acting in the cases of truants and absentees from schools, was fitted by inserting $100. The Auditor's salary at the previous meeting had been increased to $1100. A motion to increase the salary of the City Clerk $100, was rejected 8 to 14, and also a motion to reduce that of the Engineers of steamers $50. At the Board of Aldermen, all the amendments were concurred in except those relating to the Auditor, Librarian and Steward of Hook and Ladder Company. The amendments concurred with the other Board relating to the Auditor, but non-concurred on the other two. On the bill again reaching the Board of Aldermen, they concurred in the amendment relating to the Steward, but non-concurred in that of the Librarian, which was finally settled by a committee of conference, who reported $873 as the salary, which was agreed to. The salaries as finally agreed upon, are as follows: Mayor $1200, City Clerk, $1000; Treasurer and City collector, $1000; Auditor, $630; Solicitor, $900; Civil Engineer, $600; City Physician and Superintendent of Burials, $500; Librarian, $675; Clerk of Common Council, $200; Messenger, $650; Measurer of Wood and Bark, $500; City Marshal $1200; Deputy Marshal, $650; Chief of Police, $1200; Captain of Day Police $650; Night Police, $550; Judge of Police Court, $100; Superintendent of Streets, $900; Superintendent of Street Sprinkling, $730; Superintendent of Roads and Bridges, $650; Superintendent of City Scales, 60 per cent. of fees, or one hundred dollars, with fees paid to the city; Inspector of Milk, $75; Chairman of Assessors, $200; other Assessors, $400 each; Clerk of Assessors, $150; Chief Engineer of Fire Department, $300; Secretary of Engineers, $75; Assistant Engineers, $50 each; Foremen of Engine Companies, $45; Members of do., $35 each; Stewards of 5 masons, $100 each; Engineers of do., $300 each; Assistant Engineers of do., $150 each; Stewards of Hand Engines, $75 each; do., of Hook and Ladder Company, $45; do. of Ocean Hydrant, $55.—The salary of the City Physician is increased $100; and the assistant physician of Lowell $50 extra for clerk hire. The salary of the City Clerk is decreased $100 from last year; Auditor, $100; Librarian, $25. Ward Measurer, $100; Deputy Marshal, $75; Day Police $100 each; Superintendent of Public Buildings, $100.

The salary ordinance was adopted to print 300 copies of the salary bill.

SAW HOW IT WAS DONE. Last evening one of our most respectable citizens, who is very rarely, if ever, a spectator of the proceedings of the City Council, was present at the meeting of that body, feeling some anxiety in the fate of a petition in which he was interested. While in the Aldermen's room, the drawing of four jurymen to serve at the Superior Court, to be held in Cambridge, next month, took place, and lo! our worthy citizen's name was the third drawn from the box. The curious result provoked a laugh in which the "doomed" gentleman joined with the others.

DEATH OF A FORMER LOWELL LADY.—Miss Clara Elizabeth Porter, a daughter of Rev. Dr. Porter, former pastor of the Kirk Street Baptist Church in this city, died on Sunday last at Hartford, in this State. Miss Porter is well remembered by a large circle of acquaintances in this city. She was a young lady of fine literary talent, as evinced by her contributions to the periodical press. A beautiful dirge, read at Ex Governor Briggs' funeral, beginning—"Honored and loved, he passed away," from the pen of the lady, she had acquired quite a reputation as a poetic writer.

LITHOGRAPH LIKENESS OF GEN. SCOTT. We were yesterday shown a large and beautiful lithograph likeness of Gen. Scott, who having won his laurels in the service of his country, has just shouldered his sword and withdrawn from active life. The work is about 24 by 28 inches in size, is finished in fine style, and will not fail to excite the admiration of every patriot and admirer of the venerable, reserved old General. Those who have seen the original also declare it to be an excellent likeness. In a letter to the publisher, dated New York, November 7th, Gen. Scott says of it:

"I have been greatly, and so does a number of my family accidentally present, the lithograph likeness of myself you have recently published, and he, "the sea is a vat of brine, where Nature pickles lobsters, oysters, codfish, and mackerel."

"I have one request to make of you, my dear Mr. Grant." "My dear widow, I will grant anything you say." "Well, sir, I want to be Grand Signior."

☞ If you can't coax the fish to bite, try your persuasive powers upon a cross dog, and you will be sure to succeed.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 26.

80 Connecticut River Railroad	77
5 Nashua Railroad	90
15 do.	90 3-4
25 Boston and Maine Railroad	107
50 Boston and Worcester Railroad	107
5 do.	107
5 Western Railroad	97 1-2
5 Vermont and Canada Railroad	30
50 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	97 1-2
100 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	97
50 Old Colony Railroad	97 1-2
50 State Bank	97 1-2
50 Eagle Bank	97 1-2
50 Union and Lenox Dividend Bank	115

N. J. WEIR & CO.,

106 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with oven,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled in Economy and Convenience. The entire humidity of the stoves now in use in this vicinity can be cured by

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

MAGEE COOKING STOVE, attention to the NEW OVEN, which is constructed on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stove, and consequently will bake with less fuel and more perfection. *The fire may be kept in a few weeks together, thus saving the trouble of starting a fire every morning.*

The public are invited to call and examine them. Also, for sale, a large assortment of Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware. Thankful for Cash Superior Cooking Range, we offer the same for sale at the lowest cash prices.

nov18 N. J. WEIR & CO.

Truth is mighty and always prevails. It may at times meet with such opposition that makes the ancient patriot exclaim, "Such an one has the Homeopathic mode of treatment met but little with here its chosen people stood in Egypt, and they are now reaping their reward. Never before the discovery of this system was the remedial Hahnemann, has it numbered so many friends as at the present day. The wonderful and new discoveries in the method of treatment as well as the simplifying preparation of the medicine when it is done by Dent. Gifford's agents of Vitalines, has no doubt done much to popularize the practice. His specifics for the different diseases, Rheumatism, headache, cough or colds, dyspepsia, biliousness, croup, catarrh, chills, fever, &c., are stood by the right, and sold for 25 cents each, are doing much, by their efficiency of action in the system, to open the eyes of the public to the shared of Homeopathy. Dr. Gifford's word "regular." A case of these Curatives for family use are getting to be almost a necessity in a house and every family should have one, a sample of which may be had of the agent, or sent anywhere by PHILIP LEE, 130 Williams, New York.

For sale by Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines.

For sale in Lowell by Geo. Kidder, Jr., John H. Bailey, C. C. Richardson & Co., and Dr. Gifford's agent.

nov18 4w

BEAUTY ENSURED!

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A DELICATE AND EXQUISITE PREPARATION FOR PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, ERUPTIONS, FRECKLES, SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation is the most delightful article, imparting to it a Healthy Purity. It is most used and refreshing to the lady of fashion, and leaves to true one, and will give immediate relief to the skin of insects. Neither preparation contains the least particle of lead, arsenic or a bottle might be taken without harm. *An application every night or at least until one has the desired effect.*

Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove sunburn or tan.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove pimples on the face.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
To remove the disfigurement of blotches.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
And have a soft and delicate skin.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
Whenever the mosquito or gnat has been.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
When any kind of eruption appears on the face.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
For a delightful and refreshing shampoo.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
For a delightful and refreshing cosmetic.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
For a delightful and refreshing remedy.
Use the MAGNOLIA BALM
For a delightful and refreshing preparation.

Purchasers look well to the genuine article. Beware of worthless imitations. Ask for Dr. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream or Magnolia Balm, and take no other. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the United States, Canada and Europe.

Depot for the United States, 48 Bond Street, New York.

Dec. 1, 1861 dly

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS

C. S. Coburn,	E. W. Bowers,	D. S. Richardson,
Wm. Nesmith,	Wm. Crosby,	Wm. Parker,
Jas. Reed,	Samuel York,	

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Factories and Farmers' risks. The premiums are fixed at such rates as will secure the safety of the Company, and the profits will be returned to the assured annually. The Company have now on hand a surplus amount of $15,000.00. The attention of manufacturers of cotton and woolen goods is particularly invited. A dividend is paid on policies expiring, and notice given to all such, together with a substantial cash rebate.

THE STOCK DEPARTMENT has such assets as will enable the Company to offer to the public insurance on property not hazardous, at such rates as will be found satisfactory. Offices, No. 97 Central St., (second story.)

E. P. HAWLEY, Secy and Treas.
E. P. HERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.
Lowell, July 23, 1861. 6m

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received from New York, which are manufactured by the subscriber, and will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Furs repaired and altered over all others, because they are so made that they can be altered to any size or shape, and can be used in warm weather. As we pay cash for our Furs, and in manufacturing keep a large force, we contract to select from, we can afford to sell much less than the usual prices of an article of such quality.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

JAMES H. GOODWIN,
No. 5 Merrimack Square.

nov18 4w

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It burns to less quantity,
It costs less mo-ey,
Than any other fuel.

Call and try it. Also, all kinds of hard coal. And the SERVICE can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S Coal Office, No. 3 Prescott Street, opposite Howard Block, agent, J. HOWARD, 16 Prescott Street, Lowell.

nov27 MAGEE'S

DR. BIRMINGHAM,

NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,

Office, No. 19 Kneeland Street, Boston.

(Corner Chambers Street)

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS From P.A. M. to 2 P. M. where upon from all parts of the world.

A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND.

Dr. B. is a Botanic Physician, who uses no mercury, and can obliterate the erosion and at the same time give a healthy action to the parts, and cure, restore the nervous system. The medicine he uses is purely vegetable, and is the only one that can be relied upon. Those who have paid for many sanitaries, and a practice of thirty years, and also a resident of this city for the last seven years, entitle to safety in all cases.

Dr. B. is a physician who not only prescribes in all chronic diseases, but which he warrants will cure, and he will not take a case unless he is confident of a cure. Persons who have been under the care of other physicians for years, and have been given up as incurable, can be restored to health and vigor by calling on Dr. B. Those who are afflicted with Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, Piles, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Tumors, Female Complaints, Fistula in the Anus, Blind and Bleeding Piles, Tetter, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworm, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Nervousness, Debility, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fits, Epilepsy, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Gout, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Diseases of the Heart, Diseases of Females, Diseases of the Blood, Skin Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Diseases of the Throat, Nose and Lungs, Rheumatism

ALWAYS SOMETHIN G NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.—*Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your preparation in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I recommenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found; neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times a month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that your name is known already and even more wonderful ones through-out the Union. I have occupied my time in unveiling the greater part of the time the past three years, and deem it my duty to aid you also in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case, as well as in numerous instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, entirely, till proved to them and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the bottom of the case, I had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be equal to yours, and was selling at about half the price. I have also had numerous applications to advertise it as above, which I have modestly declined, for the reason that I think a people will patronize an article of no reputation without a puff, but will not of one that has been before the world a decade.

Apparently some of these imitations have been brought to write an advertisement, as I notice they have commenced using the same general caveats, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

Having within the past five years, seen and tried with more than ordinary critical perception the many used your preparation with perfect success—more so for children, and for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your origin place of business here, but you were absent, now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me care box No. 1,797, will receive prompt renewed. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.
Bloomington, Ind., July 30, 1860.

DEAR SIR:—I write to state to you that I am a resident of Ellis Hospital, Schenectady, N. Y., and have been for over 25 years. For about seven years past my hair has been coming out rapidly, and was almost white as a very stiff scrub brush. I purchased three certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and have used it to my entire satisfaction, and have found it to be entirely free from such ingredients as are injurious to the hair, but, on the contrary, it contains such ingredients as will restore it to its original color and fineness. I am now using the fifth bottle, and find it is all that is necessary. I consulted a doctor, who is a practical chemist, concerning it, and he pronounced it one of your 'all healers,' one dollar, and unsurpassed by any. Believing this to be sufficient, I remain, yours truly,

P. S. I soon discovered the danger I incurred, and my hair, that was fallen out in large quantities, was covered with light-red, and a radical change took place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and (a) large bottle. My hair is now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light (a) hair as ever grew, and is full in body. I have also used your Restorative for dandruff, and the hair ceased on immediately using. Believing this to be sufficient, I remain, yours truly,

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS,
The celebrated New England Remedy or
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION JAUNDICE, PTTER AND ACHE, CATARRH, DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER.
OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them are delighted with them.

Dr JAMES L. PEIFFER, write from Natchez, Miss., that he has used the Bitters extensively by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and general debility.

H. B. HAYNES, Sole Agent, 30 Hanover St., Boston.

Gilo, says: "They give great satisfaction to those who use them, and are highly recommended by practicing and their use approved. It relieves in all its worst forms, and is the best remedy in use of its merits."

M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine in use. Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL for sale by the ton, at Wood prices. Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, all sizes, for sale by the ton, at Wood prices. Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL, all sizes, for sale by the ton, at Wood prices.

The great body and capacity for burning of this coal makes it much more economical than other Leads. It is confidently believed that 600 lbs of it will do as much work as 25 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been stated by some of the best paints in the country, and by Messrs. Boorum & Pease, of New York, who have used it in enormous quantities. Its unrivalled body and covering power, and its perfect durability, will recommend it to all who use paint. For sale by the manufacturers, and by dealers generally.

Manufactured by the "Trevorton Lead Company," at their Works, Trevorton, Pa.
CHARLES B. CONRAD, Pres.
Lead manufactured by the "Trevorton Lead Company," at their Works, Trevorton, Pa.
CHARLES B. CONRAD, Pres.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Fontaine's Parent French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Parisian Cosmetic, Cosmetic, Vermifuge, and Magnolia Balm, sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
DICKOFF, for cleaning *Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold Leather, Silver, Bird Cages, Water &c.*—Its scrub is invaluable. It will not injure *Ground Glass*, and is the best polisher for the plated ware, Britannia, &c. It will look as *fresh as new*. Its equal has never been offered to the public. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the Great Indian Remedy.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to all other remedies of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 3000 BOTTLES have been sold *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If it is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Let Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, *to which all other remedies have failed, and has been tried in vain, also that it* GUARANTEED *as represented in* EVERY RESPECT, *or money will be refunded.*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased at the office of *Dr. M.* at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 25 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr. This operation consists of all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultation by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express to any part of the world. Office hours, 9 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 5 P. M.

Dr. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR FEMALE DISEASES, No. 25 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, November 28, 1861.

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

From Washington. The dispatches this morning represent that there is evidently pervading all branches of the Government a far more hopeful feeling concerning a successful result of the present conflict, and this is exhibited in conversations and otherwise. The authority to raise companies and regiments of Sharpshooters, specified in Col. Berdan's call, is revoked. The companies and regiments already raised will nevertheless be mustered into service and proceed to Washington.

The rebel blockade of the Potomac does not seem to have been vigorously enforced this week, as various vessels have arrived here with cargoes of coal, wood, and other domestic supplies.

Advices from Winchester state that Jackson, the rebel General, is engaged in drilling a regiment of slaves to fight against the Federal troops.

A party of eleven rebels were captured at Dainsville, by Col. G. D. Hayard, a few days ago, after two others had been killed and two of our men. Rice had been wounded.

A Agitator Firms. On Tuesday last, a recruiting party was sent out by Gen. Porter, under Capt. Bell, toward Vienna, which turned out unfortunately. It appears that while going through a belle of woods, they were attacked in the rear by a galling fire from a body of rebels concealed in a house near at hand, and upon pressing on into open ground they met a large force of 2,000 rebel cavalry, who came to them in a secure fire of carbines and pistol. Our troops were immediately thrown into ordination and fought their way for the time hand to hand with the enemy. They finally withdrew, and were met by Gen. Porter in person, coming up with reinforcements near Fall's Church. Fifty five of Captain Bell's force were missing. The number of killed and wounded is not ascertained. The confusion was caused by the fact that many of the horses were unused to the discharge of musketry, and became unmanageable.

Missouri. Gen. Curtis has issued orders to the following effect:—

To prevent the occurrence of contraband goods, communication with the enemy, and to avoid the recurrence of assaults upon steamboats, the entire commerce of the Mississippi river below this city is assumed, and will be controlled by the military and naval authorities of the United States. None but Government boats will hereafter be employed. No freight and passengers will be conveyed on current rates or terms. All boats entering these waters will report at the first military post, and stop or proceed under military orders, at the discretion of the military commander. Freight and baggage will be subjected to careful inspection. The oath will be administered to all the employees and passengers and the places of loading and departure will conform as near as possible to the custom of the trade. But all commercial and steamage business must be transacted with openly avowed Union men.

There is nothing new respecting the movements of Gens. Price, McCulloch, or other rebel chiefs.

There are 20,000 Federal troops at Fort Scott and along the Pacific Railroad.

There are reports of outrages perpetrated by squads of rebel soldiers, on Union men, in the region of Sedalia. The latest seems to be that a portion of the army, composed of Missourians, is disbanding, and if so then are returning home in order for the purpose of clothing and procuring themselves for another campaign. And wherever they can they commit all manner of outrages on Union men. A gentleman just returned from there reports that the city was full of returned rebels, and that there is a steady stream of recruits. Frequent mention of outrages by small bodies are reported elsewhere.

Tennessee. The Richmond *Dispatch* reports 3000 Unionists in the mountains of East Tennessee, under Parson Brownlow and Maj. Oldham, who are doing more mischief than the whole force in Kentucky. The *Dispatch* proposes to abandon Norfolk in the event of an attack, and begs reinforcements of Richmond, City Point and York town.

Iowa. Government has received official information that there is cotton enough at Brashart to make ten thousand bales.

The Constitution, with the Twenty-Sixth Regiment from Massachusetts, arrived at Fortress Monroe on Tuesday.

There is no further news from Fort Pickens.

The *New York Herald* contains a report via Fortress Monroe that three companies of Sherman's command, at Beaufort, had an engagement with the rebels and were obliged to retreat with the loss of eight men. Beaufort is being strongly entrenched by our forces. The report is pronounced unreliable.

It is understood that the stone blockading fleet is for the destruction of Charleston harbor.

Gen. Cass. A lengthy communication appeared in the *Detroit Free Press* of yesterday under which is known letter to Gen. Cass, not only justifies the arrest of Mason and Slidell, but shows that it was in strict accordance with the position of this Government upon the right of search question as maintained in the correspondence with the British Government in 1858.—We are likely to have the same opinion from *every* body but rebels and their sympathizers.

A GRAND hear hunt by forty of the citizens of Lyndon, Vt., on the 20th, resulted in the capture of bruin, who weighed one hundred and thirty-six pounds.

CITY ELECTIONS. On Monday next, municipal elections take place in Lawrence, Fall River, Springfield, New Bedford, Cambridge, and Chelsea; and on the Monday following in Lowell, Boston, Roxbury, Charlestown, Worcester, Newburyport and Lynn, in this State; and in Portsmouth, N. H., on Tuesday next.

The contest in Boston is a spirited one, the candidates for Mayor being Joseph M. Wightman, who has been nominated for re-election by the Democrats, and Edward B. Tobey, the nominee of the Republicans and the citizens' committee of sixty.

In Lawrence, W. H. P. Wright, formerly of this city, and a son of the late Hon. Nathaniel Wright, third Mayor of Lowell, is the Republican candidate for Mayor.

Citizens' tickets are nominated in Cambridge, Roxbury, and New Bedford. In Worcester, at a meeting of the Republican City Committee, it was—

Resolved, That the members of the Republican City Committee deem it inexpedient to favor party nominations for city officers at the coming city election.

Lowell was the only city in the State that last year elected a Republican City Government.

THE BLACK FLAG IN SOUTH CAROLINA. The *Richmond (Va.) Dispatch* has it that the authorities of South Carolina have communicated with the Confederate rebel government on the subject of hoisting the black flag in Carolina, in consequence of the invasion by the "Lincoln mercenaries" of the sacred soil of South Carolina. It is said that the Cabinet have instructed the Palmetto civilary, accordingly, to adhere to the rules of civilized warfare; but it is said that this will be disregard d by South Carolina, and that it is well for the enemy to leave the Confederate government can have them."

The remainder is of the proclamations and military orders of the Usurper in their war with the South. Gen. Butler's is a large reward for the head of every officer of the "outside barbarians," and an order for the impressment of every one of their war ships which ought to be burned, sunk or otherwise destroyed by the citizens of the South. But all the six experiments failed, the "Son of the Sun and Brother of Moon" can put forward a large army to expel the "red headed foreign devils" who had dared to invade the sacred soil of the "Central Flowery Kingdom." To strike terror into their hearts, the soldiers of the great Emperor are provided with them with the most horrible effigies of fiery devils and dragons, feminine figures, and lion constructors six feet in diameter and a hundred feet long, many colored paper, pasted over a frame of bamboo to look fearful instrument of war, with all the noisy gongs and the dreadful howlings of all the Celestials only excited the laughter of their enemies, who soon routed and put to flight the great Emperor and drove them with the most horrible effigies of fiery devils and dragons, feminine figures, and lion constructors six feet in diameter and a hundred feet long, made of

ALWAYS SOMETHIN GNEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

C. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*— Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.— When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a grey hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I could have mentioned will in if any particular advantage to me, or even foster your vanity in this letter; for, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful so now through out the Union. I have occupied my time in specifying the greater part of the last five or three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative to my friends, in fact I have been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of those charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied your circulars, with several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and had to do with more than one hundred persons who have used your preparation with perfect satisfaction—some for baldness, grey hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but you have since left new living in New York.

I am glad to have to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box 2,077, St. Louis Post Office, will reward.

Yours, JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I at once used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative in restoring grey hair, and I can say before then truth is there, but possessing a desire to have my hair as it was in my younger years, I procured a bottle of your Restorative, and commenced using, following the directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the change in my hair, and my hair, that was falling in large quantities, was checked in a short time, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have a good head of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair as brown, or light in a hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days. When I was in the mills of Western Virginia. My heart is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair comes out readily falling off and is as soft and fine, and is in as oily, as though I had used a bottle of the French shampoos or. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Why, Mr. Hoffman, you get that fine oil?" I tell them it was the effect of your Restorative. I am perfectly positive to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours, &c.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test as a remedy which cannot be surpassed by new paper puffs. Its success lately it has been so long established, and I am positive in every case where every other remedy has failed to restore the hair, or to prevent the further decay of it, we have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most valuable and most sure which accompanies all it professes, and that it is the best and most economical.—*Commercial Times*, N.Y.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an extract from one of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is one extensively advertised, and proves to the best of our knowledge, to be all that is claimed for it. We have seen many an hair restoration in the shape of three or four bottles, and we have from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unexceptionable character, that it will prove all that is claimed for it.—*Boston Home Journal.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new article that comes in the course of the; they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in saying that Professor Wood's article is all—base hair in falling off or turning grey, or in any other unnecessary, Finley's Jaundice Bitters, Reg., has experienced the benefit of its application, we are pleased with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and heed these words as it is rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most quackery, this is proved, it will restore grey hair to its natural color, and prevent baldness, if used before the roots are too much decayed, to become great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its original color, when it has grey, and become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article has restored a rich and glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes, and we advise our readers to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously on the hair. It also has curative properties of another description. It may be used in many of the disagreements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no doubt of its efficacy on trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, at the command, if it must prove to some a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its components possess no other quality innocuous.—*Boston Transcript. April 28, 1860.*

A Genuine Book. In our capacity as compiler to a public journal, we are called upon to advertise many books, a large number of which claims to be undoubtedly in its composition and in addition to the merits claimed by their justice we feel that our readers to determine. In one instance, however, we have had the opportunity—we are so well assured of the remarkable qualities of the article, that we feel no hesitation in recommending it to our readers as one which is to be. Its effect upon a head of hair is universally known; and whether it be lime or gnome on exhausted land, it brings a stop wherever applied. Our own experience has been ely healthy, but we advise our friends with sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbian Spy.*

All Hair Dyes ABANDONED— Wood's Great Article Now Used the Fifth Million! Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, or any scientific has been turned to inventing a hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is endless; and it will wide, and the man who lays wore wigs or been bald for years are now throughout the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry! The triumphs of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the mind. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair, its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore its life-giving vitality of that ornament; he saw as in his own case, that hair is universal unless the age of the individual had reached four score and he found that that the hair could be restored particulars. He tried his own case—tested bald and gray at the age of thirty-seven—and he restored his own hair in a few months, and the article he got it bottle by bottle. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Ledger.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

$7 At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Physicians' Leeches.

Jan3 1yr dw&w

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
we, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Court Dockets,
Pamphlets, Ev-Lane and Constitutions of Societies,
for music, Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Addresses, Mammoth Posters, &c.
Town Reports,
Circulars,
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In stock. Blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.
Envelopes on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to engraving.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTICE'S Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES,
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses of females of delicate constitutions from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 5000 BOTTLES have now been sold *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. If Dr. M. put up a bottle of these different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Dr. Mattison's Female Medicine is recommended expressly for CONSTANT CASES, *in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in every particular, and that the money will be refunded*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine unless signed by the Proprietor, and bearing the *seal of Dr. M.* at his ENGRAVING Store in the very front, Number 24, Public Square, No. 24 Union street Providence, R. I.

Dr. Mattison's Treatise on all diseases of a Private nature both of MEN and W—M—N, by a regularly educated Physician of long and varied practice, giving his *whole attention to them*—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, *non-secretaries* for those who prefer them, showing Dr.'s every-day practice. Sold by all good care until restored to quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

PATENT MEDICINES. It has been estimated that *Dr. Isaac Hendrick Tobias's Horse Liniment* is sold annually in the United States. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will do as much work as 150 lbs of most other liniments. This fact has been stated by some of the best patent medicine men in the country, and corroborated by the sale of the article. Its wonderful success has induced many unprincipled persons to attempt the sale of worthless articles, by *closely imitating it in name, style of bottle, and general appearance*, and in some cases by using the same *Almanac*. We, the undersigned, have been induced to call the attention of the public to these facts, and to caution them against purchasing any of these worthless imitations. Be sure and call for Dr. Tobias's Horse Liniment, and see that you get it.

Dr. H. will send FREE, by enclosing one stamp as above, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Circular (Success generally); also Circulars giving full information, with a few unsolicited testimonials, of remedies used without which no advertising physician or medicine can be successful in any of ANY CONFIRMED WEAKNESS.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, November 29, 1861.

There is but little news to day from the war.

Washington and vicinity. Several prominent civilians have been brought as prisoners to Washington, taken with arms in their hands. Thanksgiving was generally observed in the camps about Washington yesterday, the soldiers being amply provided with means for that purpose.

Reconnoissances from Gens. Porter's and Smith's divisions were made yesterday in the neighborhood of Vienna. They saw what was supposed to be a regiment of rebel cavalry at a distance.

It is currently stated and believed among the Washington accessmists that John C. Breckinridge and R. M. T. Hunter have already been selected by Jeff. Davis' Government to go to France as ambassadors in place of Slidell and Mason, and that they are intending to secretly cross our lines into Canada and sail from Quebec or Halifax.

It is rumored at Washington, according to a correspondent of the *New York Herald*, that papers have been laid before the President, containing evidence that rebel documents sent by British consular agents in the South to Lord Lyons, had been by him, in his official capacity, forwarded on their way to England. That the President and Cabinet were a good deal excited about the development made about the obtaining of the papers there is no doubt.—It is possible that Lord Lyons may be able to explain the matter satisfactorily to our Government, and thus extricate himself from the suspicion that now rests upon him, of collusion with those who are in open rebellion against the Government to which he is accredited.

From Fort Royal. News from this locality says that another expedition, consisting of two brigades under Gen. Viele, would soon sail from Fort Royal for the southern coast. Several steamers and all the light gunboats were to be employed on the expedition.

Tybee Island, at the mouth of the Savannah River, had been taken possession of by our troops, who found it unoccupied by the enemy.

Beaufort was still unoccupied by our troops. Contrabands continued to arrive at Port Royal in large numbers.

Missouri. McCulloch is encamped at Springfield with 4000 men. Raines was on the way to join him with 7000. Price was at Pine ville, McDonald County, with the balance of the rebel army. He was busy up his march on Friday, and is advancing north to join McCulloch and Raines.

Price on his march carried off and destroyed everything, to prevent our troops getting its bivouac. Nothing new from our army.

Kentucky. The rebel convention at Russellville made a declaration of independence, passed an ordinance of secession, and adopted the laws and constitution of Kentucky, where they were not inconsistent with the acts of the rebel government.

Mounted Rifle Rangers. The *Boston Post* of this morning, says a company of Mounted Rifle Rangers, under command of Capt. Reed, marched through Boston on Tuesday, from Camp Chase, Lowell.—They are connected with Gen. Butler's expedition. The corps proceeded to Gen. Butler's Headquarters in Court Square, to receive their equipage, and as they marched through our streets their fine appearance was the subject of universal commendation. It is not to be disguised that the soldiers entering the service of Gen. Butler's Brigade, are very much better provided for than many who have gone under other auspices, and at no more expense to the General Government. Gen. Bates, Esq., has accepted from Gen. Butler the position of superintendent of fortifications and repairs, and will accompany the expedition in the capacity of engineer.

The *Cincinnati Commercial* says a confederate captain has written, within this month, from the army of the Potomac to friends in East Tennessee, that of his company, originally ninety-seven men, only eight were fit to go into the field. The whole confederate force in Virginia is less than 140,000 effective men. The army directly in front of Washington is less than 90,000.

Consolidation of papers in New York. The *New York Herald*, of Wednesday repeatedas the statement which it has made so often before, that the *World*, *Times* and *Tribune* are hard up for funds, and very kindly advises them to unite under the title of "The World, the Flesh and the Devil." The *Worcester Transcript* suggests that the *Herald* had better join the association, and a very appropriate name for the consolidated sheet would be The Four Beasts. Any one by consulting Revelations 4 : 7, will at once recognize the propriety of regarding the *Herald* as the second beast.

A new cartridge, called the "combustible cartridge" has been invented and offered to the public. Every one knows that in the common cartridge the end has to be bitten or torn off before loading.—The new cartridge does not require this operation, the wrapping being combustible (it is water-proof also), admitting of instantaneous ignition by the percussion cap.

Andrew L. Tierman has been appointed postmaster at Middleboro', in place of Sidney Tucker, removed.

Texas. Our attention has been called to the following communication, in the *New York Times*, on Texas. What the writer says is certainly interesting, and looks as if reliable. It is worthy of the attention of our readers.—

The author of "Cheap Cotton by Free Labor" advocates the emancipation of the slaves in Texas, in order that the cultivation of cotton and sugar by free white labor, so well commenced in that State, may be continued and increased until under the more action of intelligent free labor in competition with ignorant compulsory labor, the profit of slave labor shall be destroyed.

There are other reasons which call upon our Government for immediate action in regard to Texas. By destroying the communication and the trade between Texas and the other rebellious States, a most fatal blow may be struck. Let any one look upon the map, and he will see that the Red River flows in the boundary between Texas and the Indian Territory, thence flowing through Louisiana to the Mississippi, and affording a direct water communication with New Orleans, by which it was estimated that there was shipped to New Orleans in 1858, 150,000 bales of cotton, more than one third the entire crop of the State.

The lands upon the Red River are of the greatest fertility, and are quite free from the drouths which sometimes prevail in many portions of the State. Witness the following description of Lamar County, taken from the Texas Almanac:

"Lamar County is bounded on the north by Red River, &c. This county presents three different kinds of soil running from east to west. Red River the land is red sandy, very rich, and produces every species of produce the farmer wishes or has tried to raise. Well timbered, consisting of ash, oak, cotton-wood, hickory, cedar, pecan, walnut, &c. As we go south we enter the post oak lands finely divided with prairies known as the sandy post oak or wine grape lands, producing all the small grains abundantly; good cattle and hay range; and in the prairie fruit of all kinds grows as fine as I ever saw in any country, apples, peaches, plums, grapes, &c. The southern part is well divided with prairie and timb-r, and is known as the black land; situated on the waters of the Sulphur forks of the Red River.—The soil is generally very rich soil, from two to six feet in depth, very productive, raising the various crops of cotton, corn, wheat, oats, barley, &c. Tobacco also grows well. Sugar-cane grows well, and molasses is made. Stock-raising grows on all kinds of soil. Cotton—in 1858 about 1200 bales were made, averaging per acre, 1200 pounds. Corn per acre, about 30 bushels. Wheat 20 bushels. Water plenty for stock. No local cause for sickness."

The area of this county is about 900 square miles, or 576,000 acres; of these there were in cultivation in the year 1858, 26,146 acres. The population in 1858 was as follows: Free, 5526; slave, 1778; total, 7304.

Next to Lamar County, east and south, is the great wheat region of Texas, the counties of Fannin, Dallas, Collin, Grayson, Cook, Denton, &c., embracing an area of 10,000 square miles in one jollied district of twelve counties, and estimated by the writer in the Texas Almanac as being capable of producing 50,000,0000 bushels of wheat annually.

The field in the region in which it is the practice to pasture cattle upon the winter wheat, to prevent its growing too fast before the spring frosts are over. It is at this point that attention should be drawn. The cattle, in the best interest of the planting, are kept through the winter. Salt is generally distributed throughout the State, in the southern part of Texas are immense plains covered with millions of tons of grass, all standing as it stood for ages—dead and sun—and there is an easy and direct inland water communication with New Orleans. Where else need the Southern Confederacy look, where else can they look for an ample supply of salted meats?

At the present time, I am assured by one recently from Texas, that such supplies are being sent in large quantities, while the hides are being used to pack cotton in, there being a great scarcity of bagging.

It is well known that the slaveholders of Eastern Texas have heretofore controlled the State, and have feared to allow it to be divided on account of the strong desire of the western portion of the population in Northern and Western Texas to make it a free State. That population is still there and will welcome our soldiers as their deliverers from tyranny.

The writer has no military knowledge, but it would seem that when our army shall have secured its position, Texas can be easily held. Its great commercial demands its principal port; forces marching from that seaboard toward the north will have no rivers of any size to cross, and having once taken their position upon the Red River on the north and the Sabine on the east, those streams would become barriers to the advance of any force from the Confederate States.

What measures shall be used to secure the possession of Texas?

First: Let it be observed that the unoccupied lands differ from all others in this country, in the fact that they have not been secured them by war, and paid for them by indemnity to Mexico, we magnanimously allowed them to remain the property of the State, and they are now the property of that rebellious State, and are being used to furnish supplies to the armies of the rebels. Then let them be confiscated and declared the property of the United States; then let the army of occupation be increased, and, as they leave for enlistment, guarantee to each soldier who shall become a colonist after his term of enlistment has expired, a section of these lands; induce also the colonization of these lands by the soldiers of all our armies, by a similar bounty. Then extinguish by purchase the title of the Indians to the lands north of the Red River; open the communication by railroad with Kentucky, and slavery as a power in the country would be ended forever; its total extinction would be very near.

Second: Let the same instructions that have been given to Gen. Sherman in regard to negroes be given in this case—let them be received and declared to equals or companies. The slaves of Texas are mostly nine-hundred field hands, coming from the best in the old States, carried there to cultivate cotton and sugar. They would be very useful.

Third: Let the loyal men be recognized, as in Western Virginia, as the State; the rebels as outlaws. They would organize a loyal government, recognize our policy—let them be received and declared to equals or companies. The slaves of Texas are mostly nine-hundred field hands, coming from the best in the old States, carried there to cultivate cotton and sugar. They would be very useful.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

Spangled Beavers, Seal Skins, Beavers and Nutrias Hats, for Ladies' Church, and other occasions LIBBEE KING, 200 Merrimack street, has received and selling at the lowest cash prices. 11 Middle street, Lowell. Carleton Block. HASTBROWN & HALL.

nov19

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.

The Winter Term of Miss ROGERS' School will commence on the 2d of December. Instruction will be given in the French and English branches, and in Music, Drawing and Painting. Particular attention will be given to Arithmetic, Grammar, Reading and Spelling. Two lessons a week will be given gratuitously.

Terms, per week, $0 00
French extra, 1 00
November 19th, 1861. nov19dec27

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Kentucky,
Map of the Rivers Southern States.

The above named Maps are officially taking drawn from actual surveys correctly represent the Southern country. The public are invited to call and examine at the General Ticket Office, 128 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, where said Maps are on sale.

S. H. TYRRELL.
nov19

The places to purchase cotton seeds Boots and Shoes at cheap for cash or approved paper, at reasonable prices is at BITTERFIELD, 14 Middle street.

nov19

NOTICE.

Persons who were summoned by the Coroner to attend in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, will please call at the Clerk's office, Court House, 1st floor, and obtain their fees, on or before the 1st of OCTOBER next, when the office will be closed.

nov19dec1 JOHN C. HOWE, Clerk.

K. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the Counting Room of the Middlesex Company.

S. W. STICKNEY, Agent.
nov19 dtf

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

CITIZENS' MEETING LAST EVENING. The meeting at Huntington Hall last evening, was not so fully attended as we expected it would be, but a very respectable number of gentlemen were present before it adjourned, though how many were there from curiosity rather than from sympathy with the movement, we are unable to say, as but few, apparently, took part in the proceedings.

The meeting was called to order by Bernard Peters, Esq., and Dr. Bartlett was chosen chairman, and John Marren and S. S. Drew, secretaries. Mr. Bartlett on assuming the chair addressed the meeting briefly. He referred to the present movements, and contended that they were right, and that such governments had been for the interests of the city. The argument in favor of municipal candidates should not be as to what party they belong, but are they honest and capable? He referred to the action of the Republicans and their failure to get a candidate to stand for the office of Mayor. Men do not like to be put up and have naughty things said about them, and then be defeated. If municipal candidates were nominated by the citizens, he believed that they would be elected.

A. R. Brown moved that a committee of three from each Ward, be appointed by the chair, to retire and report a committee of six from each Ward, to nominate candidates for municipal officers. Carried.

The committee was announced, as follows:—

Ward 1—Jacob Baron, Henry Emery, Ward 2—Samuel Fay, H. M. Hoone, Jonathan Kendall.
Ward 3—C. A. Stott, J. D. Pinder, J. B. Hayes.

While the committee were absent, the meeting was addressed by A. R. Brown and E. A. Alger, Esqs. Mr. Brown was in favor of turning over the political soil by plowing to the root of it. A certain committee, of course composed of better men than we are, are offering the mayoralty to the highest bidder; but as soon as they think they have got a man to take it, they change like a hot potato. Citizens' government have always given satisfaction and have been for the interests of the city financially and otherwise. In existing governments men are appointed to office because of their honesty and capability, but in party governments men are often put into positions because of their party services, without regard to capacity or honesty.

Mr. Alger was the next speaker. He said that the great object of government was that every man, woman and child should be represented. If you tax the whole and deny a portion representation, you do great injustice. All citizens are interested in the schools and in the various interests of the city. The speaker referred to his experience in the city government of 1858, when he was an Aldermen, and it was a subject of congratulation to all who were members of that government, that there was a balance in each appropriation at the end of the year, notwithstanding fourteen new schools were built and there were other large expenses. He was in favor of putting men into the city government, who were untrammelled by party obligations, for they will perform their duties for the good of the whole rather than for a few party friends. Select a good class of men for Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council and you have a government in which you can place entire confidence.

The committee to select a nominating committee, returned and reported as follows:—

Ward 1—James B. Francis, Isaac Cooper, James Watson, Henry Emery, W. D. Blanchard, John Merren.
Ward 2—W. F. Salmon, J. F. McEvoy, S. W. Stickney, A. R. Brown, J. L. Sargent, M. C. Bryant.
Ward 3—Jonathan Page, H. P. Perkins, Thomas Hardy, John Quinn, E. W. Tirrell, Joseph Hayes.
Ward 4—James Steele, A. W. Butefish, W. E. Livingston, Otis Allen, John Mc Cann, David Hill.
Ward 5—John Kendall, John Smith, S. T. Monahan, H. M. Hooke, Joseph Bedford, Patrick Lynch.
Ward 6—Edward Reader, J. D. Pinder, Hannibal Powers, J. R. Hayes, Patrick Egan, C. A. Stott.

M. C. Bryant moved that an executive committee of three from each ward be appointed by the chair to prepare ballots and aid in securing the election of their candidates. A short discussion followed in which Messrs. W. F. Salmon, J. L. Sargent, W. C. Gray, R. J. Garrett, and A. R. Brown took part, some understanding that the nominating committee were also appointed as an executive committee. Mr. Bryant's motion was finally adopted.

On motion of Mr. Emery, Samuel C. Hadley, Jr., the present incumbent, was nominated by acclamation as a candidate for Clerk of the Police Court.

The report was adopted, and the committees were empowered to fill any vacancies in their number.

The following were announced by the chair as the executive committee, after which the meeting adjourned to the call of the nominating committee:—

Ward 1—John W. Smith, E. O. Kingsley, John Merren.
Ward 2—W. G. Morse, S. S. Drew, Silas Tyler, 2d.
Ward 3—S. S. Butterworth, H. H. Wilder, Joseph Hayes.
Ward 4—David Lane, S. K. Pickering, David Hill.
Ward 5—H. M. Hooke, Patrick Lynch, Wm. McFarlin.
Ward 6—C. A. Stott, J. D. Pinder, W. Harrison.

THE MEETING at the John Street Church, last evening, was not largely attended, for many good reasons; but the several speakers spoke hopefully of the future, and thought that something had been gained through their efforts in the cause of temperance and the morals of the city, since their meetings were commenced one year ago. Rev. Dr. Cheever opened the prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Twiss, and the following gentlemen were called upon and spoke: Revs. J. L. Jenkins, W. C. Clark, S. W. Hanks, J. J. Twiss, and F. Hinckley.

The leading ideas of the several speakers was, that the community had not yet become sufficiently awakened to the necessity of the liquor traffic; that men and women had not, but should, define their position, and at all times, in all places, and under all circumstances, maintain their opposition to liquor-drinking. Instead of intoxication in our streets; of the frequency of places where rum is sold; of the increase of the traffic; of the misery intemperance brings, were cited, and appeals were made to all present to take sides in this matter, that they might be counted with certainty, by temperance men and by liquor-drinking men, on the side to which they incline.

One gentleman found encouragement in some facts which he cited in relation to the enforcement of the Sunday law and the closing of other evils, which were in some way attached to liquor-selling, in New York city, which "truly Lowell is a modern Sodom, may be truly known as the Tophet of this country." A great deal had been done by a committee of gentlemen in New York by persistent, reasonable, unyielding endeavor in a certain undertaken; and what had been done there could be done here. It is the duty, he said, of the moral men, (men who are truly good among us) in this one way or winking out of sight a matter of so much so vital importance to the welfare of our community, to take hold on this subject; and with their conscience and their vote once much could be done; and it was past his comprehension that they did not see its importance, and engage in it with the utmost earnestness.

From the remarks made, we judge that the meetings will be continued another year—the experiences of the past year having established the belief that good has been done by them, but that much still remains to be reached.

THE HIGH SCHOOL CADETS. This company of young gentlemen still keeps up its organization, and this fair to endure. It has outlived all the "Home Guards," and, we suppose, will answer all the purposes of the defunct organizations that so suddenly came into existence to guard our loved homes, but as suddenly expired.—At the second election (semi-annual) of officers of the company, the following persons were chosen:—Captain, Daniel Needham; 1st Lieut., Philip Reeds; 2nd Lieut., Daniel A. Swan; 1st Serg., George F. Woodward; 2nd do., Charles A. Rogers; 3rd do., Walter O. Wetherbee; 4th do., Wilbur F. Webster; 1st Corporal, Jerry Lane—; 2nd do., John O'Brien; 3rd do., Ira W. Bubee; 4th do., John Albert Sawtelle.

PRESENTATION. At a meeting of the Amateur Drill Association, held last evening, Col. G. F. Sawtell, who has been instructor of the Association since its organization, resigned his position, and was presented by the members with a handsome and valuable bronze statuette of a horse, as a testimonial of their appreciation of his services as instructor. The statuette is a representation of Alexander the Great taming Bucephalus. It stands on solid marble, the whole weigh ng eighty-nine pounds. It bears the following inscription:—

"Presented to Col. George F. Sawtell by the Amateur Drill Association of Lowell, November, 1861."

It may be seen in the window of C. B. Kimball's apothecary store, corner of Merrimack and Central Streets.

CLERK OF THE POLICE COURT. Whatever diversity of opinion may exist as to suitable men for municipal offices, it is gratifying to us to see that with regard to the Clerk of the Police Court there seems to be no difference of opinion. Mr. Hadley has given satisfaction in all classes of our citizens for the faithful and correct performance of his duties and by his uniform courtesy to all who have business before the Court, and merits the unanimous support of all parties.

LOCAL POLITICS. As far as heard from, "things is working." A gentleman who was in our office at one o'clock, says that "at the last count Richardson was ahead!"

OLD NEWSPAPERS for sale at this office.

POLICE COURT. Yesterday afternoon, Maria Brown entered the house of Mr. Alexis Blanchard, on East Merrimack Street, during the absence of Mrs. Blanchard, and proceeded to array herself in Mrs. B.'s wardrobe, appropriating a valuable silk dress, cloak, cape, bonnet, and other clothing, and was about making free up for a change, when Mrs. B. arrived home and caught the female thief in her bedroom. She gave the alarm, and Mr. Henry Goshaw, who happened to be in the vicinity, went to her assistance, and by his aid Maria was made to unrobe herself of the stolen articles and suffered to depart. Notice was given to the Police, and Maria was found by officer Hass in a shed on East Merrimack Street, and conveyed to the police station. This forenoon a hearing of the case took place in the Police Court, where she will be provided with wardrobe less expensive than she attempted to appropriate, at the expense of the county.

The Republican Committee did not seem to think it necessary to get out a caucus meeting last evening, and adjourned to Monday evening next.

SEE "Notice to Voters" in another place.

RECENT advices received from Japan, represent affairs as far as this country is concerned, to be most encouraging. It appears that the Japanese Government made application to our Minister to purchase for them two fire-class steamers.—Mr. Harris immediately dispatched the vessels to the Americas shipping interest. The vessels were soon at Jodco, and were at once accepted by the Japanese Government. Mr. Harris writes that they are making rapid progress in all the arts, especially in commercial enterprises.

AN exchange thinks that our soldiers under "Uncle Sam," and the negroes under "Massa Sheesh-on," will soon be engaged in the cultivation of cotton in the neighborhood of Beaufort. Hard on the "secesh soil!"

MR. STEELE, a refugee from New Orleans, recently arrived in Philadelphia, reports that Com. Hollins fell into disgrace after his affair at the mouth of the Mississippi, in consequence of his failure to fulfil any of the promises made in the blasting bulletin of his victory.

THE managers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, who were bitterly assailed, and refused to transport troops for the Government, are now asking the Government to repay them for the damages the rebels have done their road.

PERSONAL. Gen. James H. Lane, of Kansas, arrived in Boston last night. Gen. Fremont and family are in New York, having reached there yesterday.

PRESENTATION. It will be remembered that early last summer's delegation of thirteen from the New York Fire Department, under command of Chief Engineer Decker, came to this city with the remains of John Butterworth, a non-commissioned officer in Ellsworth's Zouaves, who was shot by a sentry at Alexandria. While the delegation was here, they were the guests of the Lowell Fire Department, who extended to them all proper courtesies. A short time since Mr. B. S. Butterworth, of this city, received from the chief engineer a most beautiful photograph likenesses of themselves, which was sent as a token of the respect they entertained for the deceased, who at one time was a member of the Fire Department of this city. While in the city he also received elegantly bound copies of the (New York) Chief Engineer's Report on the Fire Department, with the back of each copy are the names of the several gentlemen in the delegation, and the binding is in all respects especially attractive.

A meeting of the Lowell Board of Engineers and the captains of the several companies in this city, a few evenings ago, Mr. Butterworth presented to each gentleman present (at the request of those from whom they were thus passed by the gentlemen present. The occasion was one calculated to cement more closely the friendship, commenced under the most sad circumstances, in existing between the members of the Fire Department of this city, and those of New York.

THE Richardson Light Infantry. We learn that Capt. P. A. Davis, of the Richardson Light Infantry, is in a fair way of promotion, being one of the aides-de-camp of Lieutenant Colonel of the Massachusetts Battalion. We think he is competent, in all respects, for the place, and hope he may get a commission. We also learn that the officers of the Richardson Light Infantry are making rapid progress in all the arts, especially in commercial enterprises.

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Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 29.

Boston and Worcester Railroad	101
Boston and Providence Railroad	103
Eastern Railroad	103
Fitchburg Railroad	101
Lowell and Lawrence Railroad	101½
Lowell and Nashua Railroad	101½
Concord Railroad	101½
Concord and Montreal Railroad	101½
Old Colony and Fall River Railroad	101½
Boston and Maine	101½
Howard Bank	95
Lowell Bank	95
Lowell Gas Light	95
Old Colony and Fall River Railroad	101
Eastern Railroad	101

HASCOM'S
No. 108 Merrimack St., Lowell.
nov19 dtf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
For heating,
It burns up clean,
It burns all coal,
It burns in less quantity,
It contains more fuel,
Than any other free burning coal. And the best of all, it is mined by the LYKENS VALLEY COAL COMPANY, and for sale by
WM. A. F. WESTON AVENUE, and at COAL DEPOT, 13 PRESCOTT STREET, Lowell.
may14dtf

DR. BIRMINGHAM,
NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,
Office, 68 Common street, Boston
(Corner Chambers Street)
MONDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
From 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. where open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND.

Dr. B. has discovered in the Indian Herbs of this country a remedy for all diseases of the system from the common Sore Throat to the most dangerous Consumption, and a practical science of medicine which enables the Doctor to apply it to the variety in all cases.

Dr. B. is aware that he not only prescribes for the cure of disease, but that he also wishes to effect a cure when hope has departed. The Doctor's extraordinary success in curing cases of consumption of any disease to what human flesh is heir to, has induced him to visit this and other cities; and he feels assured that those who entrust their cases to his care will have no reason to regret the step. Dr. B. will stay in the town a few days, accepting Thursday, Friday and Saturday of every day.

Dr. B. has a large number of testimonials from persons who have been cured by his skill in this city, and the Boston Post & Co.'s Register and CHURCHILL'S Directory.

No charge for consultation.
nov19

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

Adjoining the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass.

Tickets for Passage to all parts of Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Also, Through Tickets to the West, North and South-west.

Passage Tickets to Canada.

Agency for Dutilh-is and Liverpool Steamers.

Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland for sale.

Persons desiring to send for their friends can procure Tickets from this office at the Eastern Rates.

E. H. FISHER, Agent.
Lowell, Nov. 18, 1861. nov19dtf

FISHER & LUNT'S NEW SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the above Machine, which will be found. Mr. Hall is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan31

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:
E. Bowditch, C. W. Scudder, S. S. Richardson,
Wm. Gray, Jr., Wm. Whitwell, Jr., Wm. Minot,
C. O. Rowe, Henry Tuck, E. F. Sherman.
Home Office, 53 State Street, Boston.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Desirable Risks, and the Premiums are fixed at rates that may cover losses made in this class. The present cash capital of the Company is $150,000, and the amount of $124,379 24. The attention of owners of property is invited to the facilities offered by this institution. A Dividend will be declared annually, and the profits of the Mutual Department will be divided among the assured.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are $124,379 24, and the Stockholders are responsible to the amount of their subscriptions, making the other property and investments insured as security equal to the amount of $250,000.

Applications for insurance may be made at the office, No. 29 Central St., (second story,) Lowell.

E. F. SHERMAN, Surv'r and Treas.
Lowell, Nov. 1, 1861. 2m19

PURE! PURE!! PURE!!!
OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Is the time to buy PURE. Just received at the Old Stand, 11 Middle street, a fresh supply of Drugs and Medicines, warranted PURE, and of the latest styles from paris that have been imported. Also, Perfumery and Fancy Goods, Soaps, Hair Oils, Brushes, Combs, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, Fine Cutlery, Razors, Razor Strops, Shaving Cream, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Pocket Knives, Shaving Soap, Shaving Brushes, Fine Toilet Articles, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Flesh Brushes, Hair Dye, Tooth Powders, Tooth Pastes, Tooth Washes, Hair Oils, Pomatums, Cosmetics, Extracts and Fine Soaps, Hair Restoratives, Bay Rum, Lavender Water, Cologne Water, Rose Water, Florida Water, Jockey Club, Musk, Patchouly, Bergamot, Lavender, Rose, Violet, Jasmine, Millefleurs, Ess. Bouquet, Ess. Cologne, Ess. Rose, Ess. Violet, Ess. Jasmine, Ess. Millefleurs, Ess. Musk, Ess. Patchouly, Ess. Bergamot, Ess. Lavender

ALWAYS SOMETHIN G NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 16, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was falling fast, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my case was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp entirely free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts these mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have been proud on many occasions in recommending your Restorative and exhibiting the effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying that it would fail and will cost effect. In every instance however, I proved, by producing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will prefer quacks to that of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, but notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting a new name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease of the scalp or head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care Box No. 1,029, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I was sick at Bloomington, and have been for the last thirty years. am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray. When I was sick it was white as very stiff and wiglish. I had been a user of fortifications of the very best, and the effect of your Hair Restorative is not supposed there was a fortune better than it, and I am now entertaining a strong desire to have me hair. If there is anyone, accustom to original color as it was once, as it was in my younger days a beautiful lot ch, I considered it would make me look more manly, so as not to appear so much old. I gave one of your circulars to my barber, who was also commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered signs of it being restored, and my hair that was falling off in large quantities, was soon under the influence, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have since come to see it, till I have now a head of hair as natural color as it began on the fourth. It is now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light ch h hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, which was about the bale of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and it is not dry, but is kept by daily use, and is as soft and fine, and to be as silky as the finest from on the side of a lady. For each more or less of my acquaintance, I have recommended your Restorative, and in the case of this article has produced a thrill. You can use this as you please. I feel that it was the effect of your Restorative, and I take pleasure to certify to you that it is the original hair of the old gray head.

FR-DERICK T BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation in its native town and entirely unparalleled in the history of remedies. It has always been the favorite with the people of this section, and in its own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every instance has given perfect satisfaction. In our own family it has been used for the past two years, and we have found it to be the very best preparation we have ever used. It restores the hair to its original color, prevents it from falling off, and promotes a healthy growth. We have never known it to fail in any instance where it was used according to the directions. In fact, we have never known it to fail in any instance where it was used according to the directions. In fact, we have never known it to fail in any instance where it was used according to the directions. In fact, we

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, November 30, 1861.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, D. C., November 27th, 1861.

The chief topics of conversation here at the present time, are the assembling of Congress and the measures upon which Congress will be called upon to act. The reports of the Secretaries of War and the Secretary of the Treasury, and the forthcoming message of President Lincoln, also form subjects for discussion in the different gatherings and assemblies of the many sojourners of people that throng "this city of magnificent distances." The war in which we are struggling for national life, and the critical position of our relations to foreign governments, have had too many grave as well as queer speculations. The finances; how to open cotton ports in the seceded States? (which I hope to see made territories); what disposition to make of slaves coming within our lines; what is best to be done with Western Virginia, and the loyal citizens in certain portions of Missouri; what measures to adopt in reference to the revenue, and how to provide for the payment of the immense debt the Government is daily contracting, these are some of the questions that will engross the attention of Congress.

The vast responsibilities devolving upon the War and Navy Departments will require much attention and consideration from Congress. There never has been a time since the formation of the Government when the people have looked to a message of the President, and the reports of his constitutional advisers, with more interest and anxiety than at the present time. Every loyal citizen in the land has a lot and part in sustaining this Government, and he wishes to see the views we entertain by those standing at the head of the Government and to whose hands the direction of affairs have been entrusted.

The arrest of Mason and Slidell elicits no small amount of discussion and speculation—some taking the ground that we had no right to arrest them, while others take the opposite, and I think, correct view of the subject. There is no doubt of one fact, and that is, the subject will receive a most rigid investigation.

You doubtless have, ere this, read the message of the rebel Jeff. Davis, which commences with a falsehood and ends with a prayer.

The general impatience for a forward movement of the army, has seemed to give way to a confidence in the result of this great struggle.

George D Prentice Esq., editor of the *Louisville Journal*, now in this city, and the recipient of many honors and attentions.

There is more or less speculation as to the winter quarters of the troops in and around Washington. Some contend that there will be an advance of the army of the Potomac soon; that after the expedition under Generals Butler and Burnside have disembarked, and made a stand at some point on the Southern coast, the army here will advance south and winter in a warmer climate; but at present I think there is nothing very definitely settled. I think it will depend altogether upon circumstances, where this part of the army winter. I should not be surprised to hear of an engagement on the line of the Potomac any day.

The review, which took place on the Virginia side of the Potomac, on Wednesday last, consisting of seventy-six regiments of infantry, eight of cavalry, and seventeen batteries, making twenty brigades and seven divisions, was a most splendid sight to behold. The appearance of the regulars and all the troops on this side of the river was a no less splendid sight.

In my last, I mentioned the fact that an effort being made to make Caleb Cushing a Brigadier General in our army, and that I thought the game had been blocked. I now learn that the screw has received another turn, and his prospects are more favorable. But we shall see what we shall see.

On Saturday last we had quite a snowsquall in the morning, but it soon cleared off and the sun came out as bright and mild as a May morning. Wood and coal in this market have taken quite a stride upward since the Potomac has been blockaded by the rebels. Coal is $10 per ton; pine wood $8 to $10 per cord.

I have been much gratified to see in the columns of the Courier notices of steps to be raised upon the flag-staffs on the Market House Building and City Government Building. When I was in your city last, the only flag I could discover was the one on St. Paul's Church, Hurd Street. I said within myself, "All honor to the man of God who has caused this country's flag to wave so proudly from the spire of that church." Go where you can stand and see the glittering bayonets in the hands of rebels, raised against God in defiance of our glorious flag, and then turn and look at the stars and stripes under which you have and still are living, and think of the protection afforded to you and your homes, then you will feel sensations and emotions rising up in the human breast that can better be imagined than described.

I cannot close without saying one word about thanksgiving in camp. On Thursday last I felt as though I should like to celebrate the feast day of the old Bay State to the extent of getting a good dinner somewhere. I finally hit upon the expedient of visiting the camp of the Massachusetts Seventh Regiment, having received an invitation some days before. I started for the camp about one o'clock, P. M., and here I found that the officers had given the men full liberty to enjoy the day as they had been accustomed to at home. I found officers and privates at dinner, and I assure you they had here in camp a good old-fashioned New England thanksgiving dinner. Poultry of all kinds; pudding called "Try the Parson," and custard, plum cake, fruit, &c. I dined with the sutler of the regiment, Mr. Thayer, and one of Adam's noblest sons—honest, warm-hearted and beloved by all.

L.

THE PAST MAYORS OF LOWELL.

JAMES H. B. AYER.

The seventh Mayor of Lowell, was born at Haverhill, in this State, in 1788. He taught school in Amesbury and was engaged in trade there previous to coming to what is now Lowell. He came to Lowell (then East Chelmsford) January 9th, 1822—nearly thirty-nine years ago. At that time he had charge of the lumber department of the Merrimack Manufacturing Company and also of the Locks and Canals Company and occupied these positions until 1846. He was also engaged in the lumber business with Horatio Fletcher, Esq., from about 1846 to 1851.

For several years he has been paymaster of the Locks and Canals Company, which position he still fills. He was one of the selectmen and assessors of the town of Chelmsford before the separation and was associated with Nathaniel Wright, Oliver M. Whipple, and Capt. Elisha Ford in running the boundary line between the towns of Chelmsford and Lowell, about the time of the separation. He was an assessor of the town of Lowell for one year, and assessor of the city for several years, immediately succeeding the time of adopting the charter.

Mr. Ayer was an Alderman in 1849 and 1850, and Mayor of the city in 1851, receiving 842 majority over his principal opponent and scattering. He declined a re-election to the office, and was succeeded by Dr. Huntington. He was also a member of the School Committee in 1854.

Mr. Ayer has been connected with St. Anne's Parish since its organization, and has always held an office in the parish having been a warden for short twenty years.

Mr. Ayer, in the performance of his duties as a public servant, has always given the closest attention to the interests entrusted to his care; and now, when past the age of "three score and ten," he has the wishes of all for many more years of health and prosperity in our midst.

EWALL G. MACK.

Mr. Mack was the eighth Mayor of this city; and is a native of Wilton, N. H., and was born in 1813. He went to Amherst, in the same State, in 1824, and was engaged while quite a young man, in the store business, until he came to Lowell in 1840, and entered into partnership with Mr. Daniel Cushing, in the stove business on Merrimack Street, the name and style of the firm being Cushing & Mack—a connection with which all our citizens are undoubtedly familiar.

Mr. Mack was frequently solicited to take a nomination for Representative from the Whigs, but always declined. He was a member of the Common Council in 1842 and 1843, and a member of the Board, on the election of Dr. Huntington (May 1, 1852) to the office of Lieutenant Governor, Mr. Mack was nominated as his successor by the Whig party, and elected on the second trial, by sixty-one majority, failing the first time by only four votes.

Dr. Huntington is conceived to step from the Mayor's chair into a seat in the Board of Aldermen—a courtesy which Mr. Mack returned in 1858, by serving in the Board of Aldermen during the last mayoralty of Dr. Huntington. Mr. Mack was re-elected Mayor for 1856, by nearly 300 majority, notwithstanding 275 Whigs voted for an independent candidate, the Free-soilers and Democrats also running candidates. During Mr. Mack's administration, Hurlbut-st and Jackson Hills were finished and opened to the public—the former name having been selected as a compliment to the gentleman who has many times been the public's servant and adviser.

Mr. Mack, it is well known, is a member of the next Executive Council, having been selected for the place by those who favored the Peoples' ticket.

Besides three more public services, he is a director in the following corporations: Railroad Bank, Stony Brook Railroad, Lowell Gas Light Company, and holds responsible positions in several other institutions, besides being at the present time President of the Middlesex Mechanics' Association. He is a prominent member of the Kirk Street Congregational Church, which position he still fills. He was one of the selectmen and assessors of the town of Chelmsford before the separation and was associated with Nathaniel Wright, Oliver M. Whipple, and Capt. Elisha Ford in running the boundary line between the towns of Chelmsford and Lowell, about the time of the separation. He was an assessor of the town of Lowell for one year, and assessor of the city for several years, immediately succeeding the time of adopting the charter.

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WAR INTELLIGENCE.

From Washington and vicinity. A skirmish near Fairfax Court House, on Thursday, between the Lincoln Cavalry, Capt. Boyd, and a few rebel cavalry, resulted in the killing of one rebel, and the wounding of one of our men. The rebels fell back to the town. The Federal prisoners at Richmond are well, though in a suffering condition.

The paragraphs in the *New York Herald* in relation to Lord Lyons is pronounced to be without foundation by the *New York Times*. It continues in justice to Lord Lyons, it is due to say that he has scrupulously conformed to the rules established by the Government, in relation to intercourse with the rebel States, and none discredit the mischievous statement more than the heads of the Government.

From Pensacola. According to rebel accounts there was no breach made in Fort Pickens. Great excitement prevailed in the South about the battle, but it was thought Bragg would be able to force Col. Brown to surrender. Pensacola had been deserted of troops except Bragg. Bragg declared to his troops that he would never surrender alive, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed among his men. Colonel Wilson has been appointed a perfect storm of hot shot and shell upon the navy yard, and it had been burnt down, with all the outbuildings, and a considerable amount of army and navy stores destroyed. It is generally believed that Bragg has been whipped, Pensacola burned, and probably Bragg's whole force captured.

Port Royal. Letters from Port Royal report that the expedition left on the 26th inst., for St. Helena Inlet, and without striking a blow took the enemy's works, which had been carried inland. Another expedition to the interior was on its mission.

Dispatches have been received at the Navy Department from Com. Dupont, giving intelligence of the hoisting of the United States flag over the territory of the State of Georgia. Tybee Island, which, he says, is the only mortar distance of Fort Pulaski, has been in possession of. Gunboat approaches to Savannah are completely cut off. On the island is a strong Mortella battery at its base.

It is said that Jefferson Thomas has sent instructions to General Sherman at Port Royal, to seize all the cotton, corn, rice, and crops of various sorts within his reach, and to use what is necessary and of value for subsistence for his troops, and to send the cotton to New York to be sold for the benefit of the Government. Gen. Sherman is also directed to take the services of negroes not only to aid in gathering the crops, but also in making fortifications.

4,000 soldiers are reported to be at Hardeeville, 20 miles from Hilton Head, under Gen. Drayton. The most of them are impressed men.

Fortress Monroe. The Constitution, with the remains of the gallant Gen. Butler's expedition, left Hampton Roads, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A man called him himself Brian O'Hara, of Porto Rico who came from Norfolk, Tuesday, on a flag of truce, was detained by Gen. Wool and his trunk examined. It contained valuable papers, some sealed and stamped by the Board of Trade at Charleston, and directed to Lord Lyons. They were sent to Secretary Seward for inspection.

From the Upper Potomac. A little exchange of shots took occasional at Sandy Hook yesterday afternoon by the Confederates throwing a shot thirty shells into our camp, commanded by Major Lyndale. The Ma ine fired in long range Enfield rifle guns at them, but the distance was 2000 yards was too great, although some of the firing of the rebels was fair. Nobody was hurt.

THE SOUTHERN EXPEDITION. As yet nothing has been heard from the "stone fleet" (a fleet of twenty-five old vessels filled with stone), which sailed on the 20th inst., designed as stoppers to the "rat holes" (jib-ut(e) holes), or southern harbors. It is believed that Charleston and Savannah are to receive the attention of this formidable fleet, but as yet no positive statement as to its destination has been made public.

The steamship Constitution has sailed from Hampton Roads. The forces on board constitute the advance guard of the expedition, and will land at some point where there is at present but little force to attack them. They will entrench themselves and await reinforcements under Gen. Butler himself, accompanied by a strong naval force, together with some four or five thousand men. The steam gunboat State of Georgia goes with the Constitution as convert and armed convoy. It is of course reasonably certain that the Massachusetts Twenty-Sixth and the connecticut Ninth Regiments, are in this expedition.

Another expedition under General A. E. Burnside, of Rhode Island, must be about ready to move. It will consist of the 23rd Massachusetts, Col. Kurtz; 25th Massachusetts, Col. Upton; 27th Massachusetts, Col. Lee; 8th Connecticut, Col. Harland; 10th Connecticut, Colonel Bowen; 21st New York, Col. Ferrero; 53rd New York, Col. D'Epineuil; 51st Pennsylvania, Col. Hartranft—all of which are now at Annapolis—and the 24th Massachusetts, Col. Stevenson, and the 5th Rhode Island Battery, which are now in camp. The military forces will be accompanied by a naval brigade, composed of sailors, who are to man the small boats, and render valuable assistance in landing the troops, in case of attack or occupation. The brigade will be under the command of Col. Wm. A. Howard. A number of pontoon bridges, of a new and novel character, will be taken with the expedition.

Gen. Wool does not call the fugitive slaves who are flocking to his lines "contrabands," or "property," but "vagrants," whom he, as representative of the government, is called upon to feed, clothe and employ.

Sunday Services.

There will be a discourse delivered in the Bay State Bible Class room, in the Hurd Street Church, to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock. This Company is attached to Gen. Butler's Brigade, now at Camp Chase, in act as skirmishers in front of the encampment. Capt. of Co. A, M. Farrin, of Salem.

Rev. D. Sease will give a Lecture in the Prescott Street Church, on Young Women, immediately evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject—Be ye clothed with humility.

Miss Sara Sanderss will scorch at Waller Hall to-morrow afternoon and evening, at 1.30 and 6.45 o'clock.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of Miss SOOTES' School will commence on Monday, December 2. Instruction will be given in the English branches, Music, Drawing, Painting, Dancing, Calisthenics, &c. Particular attention will be given to Arithmetic, Grammar, Reading and Spelling. For terms a week will be given in Drawing.

Day Scholars, per term, $4.00
French scholars, 4.00
November 30th, 1861. nov30d2w

OFFICIAL VOTE.

Map of the State of Virginia.
Map of the United States.
Map of the Eastern States.

The above Maps are officially and truly drawn from actual surveys, and are published by authority of the General Assembly of Virginia, and are for sale at the Merrimack House, wholesale and retail.

nov12 S. H. FISHER.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at 25 per cent cheaper than elsewhere, is at 24 MERRIMACK STREET. nov30d1w

NOTICE.

Proposals will be received by the Commissioners to the Police Court, at the office of the Court, until Monday, the 2nd day of December, 1861, at 12 o'clock, noon, for furnishing the Court with Fuel, Stationery, Lights, &c., for the year 1862, as per specifications to be supplied.

S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. Interest and convertible into Certificates of Indebtedness, for sale by Bartlett Bank, Corliss Block, Merrimack Street.

November 19, 1861. 6d7 ly

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, December 7.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Butter, per lb. 18 a 20c: Cheese 8 a 10c: Eggs, per doz. 20c.

FISH—Oysters, per box, $2.00: Lobsters 5c. 7.00: Apples per bush. 75c: Cranberries per qt. 8c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 10 a 12c: sirloin, steak, 12c; round, 10 a 12c; corned, 6 a 10c: Lamb 5 a 14c: Pork, fresh, 8 a 10c: Veal, 6 a 12c: Ham, whole, 11c.; sliced, 14c: Turkeys, per lb. 10a 12c: Chickens, per lb. 10a 12c: Ducks, per pair, 75c: Partridges, each 25c: Rabbits 12c each.

FOOD—Beans, pea, 2 qts. 25c: Beans, white, 2 qts. 25c: Cod 4 a 7c; Haddock 4c: Mackerel, fresh, 10c: Salmon, per lb. 10c: Halibut, per lb. 10c: Oysters per qt. 50c: Clams per peck, 25c: Trout, per lb. 12c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, per peck, 16c: Onions, silver skin, per peck, 25c: Beets, per peck, 12c: Turnips, per pk. 12c: Cabbage, each 5 a 8c: Squash, per lb. 2c: Carrots, per lb. 2c: Parsnips, per lb. 2c: Hubbard squash, 2c. Sweet Potatoes, per lb. 4c.

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

POLICE COURT. Sarah Quilon, on a charge of cheating money from the city, by pretending to be the wife of John Kenna, a soldier, settled with the city, said money and had her case continued until December 28th. The landlord of the boarding house was examined as a witness. The defendant committed three lawyers, to two of whom she paid fees and when the case was called up, was not represented by any of the others come forward to defend her. On being asked by one of the legal gentleman who she did not call upon him a see and time, she replied, "Ah! shure one call upon you was enough." To another she reply one, "Ah! you're no good." The lawyers and spectators were all convulsed with laughter. Her business is rather an expensive one to her, and may be a timely warning to others that incline to practice impositions of a like nature.

Jar Anderson in the case of H. Edds, John Riley and John P. Batchelder, on a charge of stealing hens, were discharged for want of evidence.

The case of the delinquencies in the Lowell post-fice came up again in Boston yesterday afternoon, several witnesses as to the character of Kealey were examined—all giving him a good reputation, but testifying against Foxlouh. The case was finally set aside. The probabilities are that Kealey will be discharged, as the evidence not being of weight enough to hold him.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS. We have seen at the store of I. C. Eastman, corner of Central and Middle Streets, a fine lot of albums and new property in Middleton Co-say's celebrated Photograph Albums, which are especially adapted for each pictures of friends and celebrities. They are much in advance of anything of the kind we have before observed. For presents we know of nothing that would be more appropriate; they are a welcome, and will add to probably be fashionable for presents during the approaching holidays.

CITY LIBRARY. We would call the attention of our readers to the notice of new books added to the Library during the present month. Now is the time to subscribe for your winter's reading.

For the information of our readers abroad, and for those who have not noticed the fact at home, we mention that the day has been about as disagreeable as could be during the annual passing of three hundred and sixty-five days—heavy, we mean overhead; dirty, slushy snow under foot. But think of the many bright, golden days of the past two months, and murmur not.

FOR THE CONTRABANDS. Dr. Ethan Burnap, No. 17 Tyler Street, will receive cast off clothing of men, women and children's wear, to be forwarded to Portress Monroe for the benefit of the contrabands, who are in a suffering condition for such articles, until the first week in January.

A BOOK ON UNIVERSALISM. We refer our readers to the advertisement of Rev. Mr Stowe's new doctrinal work, which is warmly commended by leading Universalists.

PERSONAL. Mr. James L. Sperry, son of Charles Sperry, Esq., of this city, is at home on a visit, and will stop about two months. He has been in California for the last ten years.

APPOINTMENT. Henry L. Abbott, son of Hon. J. G. Abbott, has been promoted to the position of First Lieutenant in the Twentieth Regiment. Lieut. Abbott was in the fight at Ball's Bluff.

The following song is sung with good effect by a quartette of soldiers of the Twelfth Regiment, Col. Shepley's, now in Camp Chase:—

GLORY TO OLD MAINE.

Air—"Hallelujah Chorus"

Daily record our standard, to gallant men and true,
With Col. Sheppley at our head we're bound to "Dixie" too,
We'll show the Southern traitors we hail the down east line,
Hurra, hurra, hurra!
In Sheppley's gallant Twelfth!
Glory! Glory! Glory! in old Maine,
Glory to the Union we're fighting to maintain,
Glory! Glory! Glory! in old Maine,
All Sheppley's gallant Twelfth!

From Northern wild to Eastern, from every hill and plain,
Our brave Northern watchword echoes back to the same cry,
For Liberty and Union, we the honor of old Maine,
And Sheppley's gallant Twelfth.
Glory! Glory! Glory! in old Maine, &c.

Our leader he is worthy to the wars,
The Union's Constitution, and other extent of the laws
And Sheppley's gallant Twelfth!
Glory! Glory! Glory! in old Maine, &c.

The time for compromise has passed, combatants the fact;
Let the memory of Washington, Mount Vernon's hallowed sacred,
Inspire the noble patriot hearts of Boston's bold Britannia,
And Sheppley's gallant Twelfth!
Glory! Glory! Glory! in old Maine, &c.

LOWELL MARY SCHOOL,
Normal Street, Highlands.

In yesterday's edition of the Courier I noticed some very important mistakes, made either through carelessness or the wilfulness of some disappointed office seekers for some such even amongst our High School Cadets.

The quarterly election of officers resulted as follows:—Captain, J. A. Sladen; 1st Lieutenant, J. A. Swan; 2nd Lieutenant, D. A. Swan; Clerk and Treasurer, Charles F. King.

The following officers have since been appointed:—Sergeants, George F. Woodward, Charles F King, D. C. Pearson, Philip Garrigan. Frank H. Streeter. Corporals, Edward Evans, Charles H. Sladen; 1st Lieutenant, J. A. Sanford; 2nd Lieutenant, D. A. Swan; Clerk and Treasurer, Charles F. King.

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SCHOOL COMMITTEE. The regular meeting of this Board will be held this afternoon.

BOTS & WOODS have just received a large lot of cups, saucers, plates, dishes and Broadcloths, together with a large assortment of cupes, shawls, &c.

WESTERN VIRGINIA. A dispatch from Wheeling says that a full organization of the Western Virginia Convention was perfected on Wednesday for the purpose of forming a State Constitution has been assigned to a committee of nine. There is no division of sentiment on the new State—Business will be resumed as soon as practicable, and application made to Congress early in the session for admission. There is a general outside report that a gradual emancipation clause will be inserted.

It appears by a letter from a resident of Mobile that the number of troops furnished for the war from that city exceeds one to each voting population of the place—a fact which proves that every able bodied man and youth is pressed into the service. It gives a true picture of the excitement that is existing, which this rebellious movement is conducted.

TREATY WITH MEXICO. Advices from the city of Mexico up to the 30th ult., state that the country was quiet, and free from affairs. Our minister, it appears, has succeeded in effecting a very important treaty with Mexico, and will return to the United States in a few weeks bringing it with him. It is stated that it provides for certain payments to foreign creditors. It also provides for opening extensive claims of citizens of the United States, and certain other commercial privileges to this country.

RAVAGES OF DIPTHERIA IN MAINE. Diptheria has appeared in the town of Patten, in some two hundred cases, causing thirty deaths since the middle of August. Simuel Whitehouse, of Parkman, has lost six children by the family of three days—others by diptheria, their ages ranged from 11 to 26 years.

One of the son of Toronto the other Central and Middle Street, a fine assortment of the all-creased remedy in Sedge's celebrated Photograph Albums, which especially adapted for each pictures of friends and celebrities. They are much in advance of anything of the kind we have before observed. For presents we know of nothing that would be more appropriate; they are a welcome, and will add to probably be fashionable for presents during the approaching holidays.

The Spy states that the manufacturing interest of Worcester have been favorably affected by the war. Most of the establishments are in full operation, many of them running over time, and with much more than the usual complement of hands, in the manufacture of articles worn by the soldiers, or in the production and machinery for the manufacture of those articles.

The regular step for soldiers is one hundred and eight paces per minute; the double hundred and sixty-five—heavy, we mean Murdo, after his review of the Durham and Northumberland Volunteers (Engl land), dwelt at some length, in an address to his men, upon the great importance of discipline, as the first step of all great military movements. Volunteers, and intending volunteers, should make it their habitual step.

The *Richmond Enquirer* announces the decease of two Massachusetts soldiers there—A. E Farmer and S. Weld, of the 11th regiment, formerly Col. Clarke's.—Two New York men have been shot, as the *Enquirer* allege, for violating well known rules of the prison.

MURDER IN VERMONT. A blacksmith named Bundy was shot through the lungs on Monday night, at White River Village, Vt., by a man named Mason, who worked in Van Orman, Bailey & Co.'s fork shop.

A MASS of copper, weighing six thousand six hundred pounds, from the Evergreen Bluff mines, arrived at Detroit on the 23rd inst.

The *Richmond Enquirer* says the Southern people can raise any article of Yankee industry. Why don't they raise the blockade?

HOW LONG WILL THE SOUTH HOLD OUT? The Washington correspondent of the *New York Evening Post*, writes as follows:—

"Robert J. Walker, who is here, asserts with great positiveness that the rebel treasury will completely break down before next March, and that the rebellion will be that time prove an utter failure. Mr. Walker has had extensive experience in the South, and understands the capabilities of the rebel States as well as any other public man not engaged in the rebellion. Other southern men here assert that, while he does not understand the financial resources of the South, he does not give full credit to the despotic energy and bitter hatred of the South. Private letters from Kentucky to me unquestioned friends of the Union and the Government, say that from their knowledge of southern character, they are convinced it will take two or three great victories upon the battle field to cure the rebels of their folly. They assert that the South cannot be driven into good citizenship, but say the thing which will produce the great mass of southern people of their inferiority on the field of battle will produce a reaction in the depths of despair."

MARSHAL KANE has received permission to go to Baltimore on his parole for three weeks, on account of the death of a near relative.

Truth is mighty and always prevails. It may have years with such opposition that makes the contrary appear for a time to be true, but the indomitable mode of treatment that has proved a blessing to thousands of sufferers will not be any longer reserved. Never close the door against hope, while there is life there is existence, has it numbered so many friends as it does to-day. Its wonderful discoveries in the method of treatment as well as the curative properties contained in its system of Curatives is done by Dodd. A perfect cure is the result of its application, many of the cases of Curatives for family use are getting to be very numerous. Almost every family should have one, a case of medicine is a treasure in itself. Dodd's Curatives for sale by PHILIP LEE, 138 Williams street, New York.

Dodd's Curatives furnished free.

Sold by all Druggists and Agents, Boston by H. H. Hasbell and Carleton & Howe's agents for Lowell.

N. J. WEBB & CO.,

198 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVE,

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

MAGEE RANGES,

Which may be all excelled by Economy and Convenience. Call and see them. Prices reasonable, and to the entirely are their best recommendation.

nov30 d1m

Lowell Business College.

We would call particular attention to the NEW MANUAL COURSE OF STUDY, which is now in use—that it is unsurpassed on the continent for practical business education, and that the Penmanship department is under the charge of the celebrated Penmanship Author, Prof. WM. HARLOW, who is acknowledged by the press of the country as the second Penmanship in the United States, and the only one who has published a work on Penmanship. Specimens of Penmanship, Circulars, &c., sent free to any address.

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents for the sale of the above work, in this city.

Sold by C. H. SARGENT, Lowell.

D. APPLETON & CO., New York.

nov30 d1m

Lowell Books.

FISKE & LYON PATENT MACHINE. WORKS, 65 & 67 Middle Street, manufacturers of the Fiske Sewing Machine, for which Mr. Fiske received the highest premium at the late Fair in Lowell, and various premiums at other Fairs.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, P. S. Richardson,
S. Nesmith, H. Hosford,
J. Wilson, Jr. Isaac Fiske,
Wm. Crosby, H. Sherman,
Levi Reynolds.

Medical Attendant.

Office at the Company's office, Merrimack Square. Consultation hours from 9 to 10 A. M. and 2 to 3 P. M. Examinations for insurance will be made at the office or at the residence of the applicant, as may be desired. Persons insured by this Company will be attended by the Medical Examiner without charge.

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice some two years since, and after a careful test and investigation find the same to be the best material ever introduced for the base of artificial teeth. It has been used in one, a difference of opinion has existed from the first among the profession as to its adaptation to the mouth, but the majority of those who have experienced great relief, and in many instances where all other means had failed. Those who have used it, recommend the Compound to the attention of our readers.—Just a chance.

nov12d3m&sat

NEW CLOAK AND DRESS GOODS

J. M. PEABODY

Has just opened a new lot o

CLOAK

AND

LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS,

JUST THE THING FOR THE TIMES.

Call and look

31 and 33 Merrimack street.

nov23 d3m

New DeLaines and Plaid Goods

AT 116 CENTRAL ST. AT W. PEABODY'S and 33 MERRIMACK STREET.

Call and look at those heavy Dark Coat ing Cashmeres, at

J. M. PEABODY'S

MARRIAGES.

In Nashua, N. H., Nov. 28th, by Rev. Mr. Bowers, Mr. Charles H. Hall, of Billerica, to Miss Mary Ann Hall, of Nashua.

In Woburn, Nov. 26th, John F. Richardson to Miss Evelina Bruce, both of Woburn.

DAVID HYDE,

STOCK, NOTE AND MORTGAGE BROKER,

No. 1 Central Street.

Attends the Boston Board Sessions daily.

Houses and Stores Lots for sale or exchange.

Lowell, Nov. 28, 1861. nov29d1y

AGNES M. GILKERSON, M. D.,

Graduate of the Penn Medical University of Philadelphia, has opened an office in Nesmith's building, corner of John and Merrimack Streets, where she is prepared to treat all diseases incident to Women and Children successfully.

Office and consultation free.

Lowell, Nov. 28, 1861. nov29d1w

REMOVAL.

DR. ABEL ASTLE, the original Whipple's Doctor, has returned to Lowell 125 MIDDLE STREET, directly opposite Northern Depot, where he intends to remain every day in the week. Books and Medicines sent to any part of the country.

Lowell, Nov. 29, 1861. nov29d1w

CHELMSFORD

SWORDS AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

Incorporated January, 1849,

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE on terms as favorable as are consistent with security to the assured. Its capital and assets are invested in the most available securities, and are held ready to meet all liabilities with the utmost promptness.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Alsbrook,
Wm. H. Appleton, Wm. A. Bell,
Arthur P. Bonney, Andrew J. Bostwick,
Joshua W. Bradley, Edward Cooper,
Samuel Borkman, Henry C. Dunn,
Sylvanus Bowne, William H. Hall,
Alonzo A. Miner, Nathan Allen,
Benjamin S. Stone, Joseph G. Alsbrook,
Reuben B. Taylor.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 49 Le Roy Block, rear Middle st., Lowell, April 21, 1 yr.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$600,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies with a property also now rated as other responsible companies, are represented by the undersigned, at his office, HOUSES and their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE YEARS.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to A. H. BENCHLEY & RIPLEY,
Oct. 1, 1861. oct14d1y

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

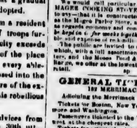
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late J. C. RICHMOND, April 8, 1861. 1m16

IMPORTANT to FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S



PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

is continually in peril if she is not enough in order to keep the system regular and healthy. Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a safe, sure and speedy remedy for all female complaints, whether arising from obstruction, CONSEILLUS I, or from any other cause. They are the only reliable remedy which the inventor, CONSEILLUS I, Dr. CHEESEMAN, has ever found in a practice of twenty years, and they have never failed in a single case, no matter how long standing the disease. Ladies who are troubled with irregularity, or any of the following symptoms, should not delay a moment in using these Pills: Pain in the back, dizziness of sight, nervous debility, hysterics, blotches on the face, pain in the side, &c. Every female who values health should use these Pills. They will in a short time restore the most delicate constitution, even when all other remedies have failed.

N. B.—$2 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold by all Druggists, Agents, and all Druggists. oct9 eod12m

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are established in the most objectionable forms of pulmonary complaints. They are very pleasant to the taste, and of small as all cases of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs. They will in a certain manner the most formidable that could not be relieved by the use of these Wafers. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable in clearing the throat and strengthening the voice. Sold by A. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street.

oct26 d1w

FIGARO CRAVATS,

A New French article for a gentleman's neck, being an imitation in shape and manner of fixing—giving a variety and elegance possessed by no other Cravat. A fresh assortment just received at DUBRUIL'S.

sept27 Corner Hat Store.

BOWIE KNIVES

For sale by

JOS. RAYNES & CO.,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

City Library.

THE following Books have been added to the Library during the month of November, 1861, viz:

The Silver Cord; Cecil Dreeme; Footprints Heavenward; The Cotton Kingdom; Last Travels of Ida Pfeiffer; Revised

ALWAYS SOMETHIN G NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to announce to you the splendid effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1854, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was gradually falling off, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling off, and in three weeks my hair was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time. Since my hair was completely restored, I continued to use it occasionally, say three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it's facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as even better your vanity at this late day; but I am well aware that they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past seven years, and do not know but what I am right in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, seeing the bad used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed one or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing to people what they will use a bottle of no opposition when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Arguently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, and I assure they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely changing the name and name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and with one unanimous voice for boldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every description of humor of the head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 24, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over 57 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your HAIR RESTORATIVE, but supposed there was a little fiction than truth in them, and entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful dark, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I gave me one of your one-fifty bottles, it was duly and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered it was darkening, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably thicker, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used six of our small bottles and it began on the fourth. I have now an pretty well restored to my former, or light hair as my hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days. I have used no bills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair comes out by pulling off and is as soft and fine, not to be silly, as formerly, and is not dry as it was. Prench chemicals are Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Bennett, we have did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the Restorative. Many have used it on my recommendation, and inform me that it is the only preparation they have ever found to restore gray hair to its natural color.

Yours, truly, PATRICK T. BENNETT.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual merit and unrivalled excellence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its primitive vigor. Where it has not become almost half because of sickness, the use of this article has restored a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate as injuriously on the hair. It also has curative properties of another description in many cases of spinal and cerebral disarrangements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hesitancy in saying, after a trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, as the compound, if taken, cannot cause a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its component parts are entirely innocuous—*Boston Transcript, April 23, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as contributor or a public journal, we are called upon to, at times, look over a file of letters, some of which claims to be unsolicited and in compliance with the request of the writer, we publish other parties to bestow our encomiums upon. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well acquainted with the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that is necessary to make our claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be such as to restore or cause an exhausted land, it brings its crop wherever applied. Its effects upon the human city healthy, but we advise our friends with scarcely growing hair to use it. *Cincinnati Gazette, Sep. 1859.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANTONED.—Wood's GREAT AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE is the forever. Wood stands on an eminence no rival, alone stands all the baseless odor.

Restores the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the nutriest nutre

It remains longest in effect.

It costs $1 per 0 for a half pint bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Chicken Medicine and Diarrhea and Dysentry Cordial is one of the best in the line for the complaints of children, particularly for the diseases of children.—Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. may6

MARY etienne of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, are testify to the efficacy of the ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as enforcement Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has not yet been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

E. S. DAVIS' Pharmacy at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction." I have used your Corn Plaster in my family, and find it the best I ever saw. Please send me one dozen more." Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Law Blanks, Cards, Circulars, Bill-heads, Constitutions of Societies, Printing Paper, Envelopes, Paper Stock, Catalogues, Town Reports, Pamphlets, Printers, &c., Newspapers.
Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing Paper, Envelopes, Paper Stock, Catalogues, Town Reports, Pamphlets, Printers, &c., Newspapers.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the finest style of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
in black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of post notes and commercial cards and various kinds of CARD BOARD, to every description of work—in packs and to boards to be cut to order.
E. P. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue,

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly period with safety after obstruction *from any cause*, and at any time, when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. OVER 2000 BOTTLES have now been sold *without a single failure* to bring on when taken as directed, and in the most obstinate cases, by the use of from one to two bottles. Explicit directions accompany each bottle. Price $5 per bottle. Sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

EP It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

*EP Remember! This medicine is designed for CONTRACTED CASES, in which all other remedies have failed. Do not have those tried in vain, but send for that is warranted as represented in every case, or the money will be refunded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine unless purchased of the proprietor, or of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR THE CURE OF DISEASES, No. 18 Exchange street Providence, R. I.

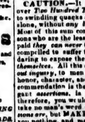
EP This Specific Compound all diseases of a private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regular course of physician of twenty years' standing, giving his whole attention to them. Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad who may for a secret and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that more than *Five Hundred Dollars* are paid to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, for the cure of those who pay it. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who are ashamed to call on a Physician, *and think they can never get it back*, and they are thus swindled by a set of villains, in secrecy, and daring to expose the cheat for fear of exposing themselves. By a little more trusting, study and inquiry, to men who are alike destitute of honor and principle, they would be *money and recommendation* in their own false and extravagant advertisements. Be not deceived. If, therefore, an advertising physicians is nine cases out of ten a villain, and in the tenth a fool. Consult *no person*, but MAKE INQUIRY,—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets. Remember, as advertising physicians is nine cases out of ten a villain, and in the tenth a fool. Consult *no person*, but MAKE INQUIRY,—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets. If, therefore, an advertising physicians is nine cases out of ten a villain, and in the tenth a fool. Consult *no person*, but MAKE INQUIRY,—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets.

EP Dr. M. will send, per, by enclosing one dollar and three cent stamps, his BOOK OF DISEASES OF WOMEN, one on *Private Diseases generally*, also Circulars giving full description of his most unabridged references and testimonials, which are worthy the attention of the afflicted. All letters of this kind deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 2, 1861 [chow22] aug6d4ly



MUSIC STORE!
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
29 *CENTRAL STREET*,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Paintings.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in all styles, Gold setting, Rubbing, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
may23 29 Central street, as greatly reduced prices. d1y

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS
ALL WORK LEAD in the mode of the Pioneer RIVER MILL is warranted to be ground in the best manner, and of the most superior quality by BOOT DRUIN and FERGUSON, it is believed they can compete with any establishment in the trade.
Also, the celebrated PIONEER RIVER COAL. All White Lead made to shade, and marked "White Lead," "Extra," "Pioneer," &c., &c.
The great body and capacity for covering of this Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other white lead of the same quality. Hard and Soft Wood Screws of all sizes kept constantly on hand.
N. B.—Wanted, a good and split at short notice. Sawed Wood exchanged for split.
Order box at G. T. WILLIS, 446 Broadway New York, and 115 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Orders may be left with WM. B. KIDDER, corner of Central Street and Merrimack, and by J. T. BIL-LINGS, Agent, Lowell.
Salem, Mass., Feb. 1, 1861. feb11

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Used News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the great jury of the world's intelligence. It causes the lame to go to leap as an hart.
It overcomes the most obstinate sores. It causes the barrel child to forget to cry. It causes the sick to rise from their beds. It causes the blind to receive their sight.
It fills the old man of from his cruse. when he is ready to depart.
It relieves the desolate mother when her breast is dry.
It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head.
It prevents and destroys inflammations, and does it at once.
It smoothes the face of the pimpled.
It is securely against scrofula.
It fights against all humor cancers.
It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it at once.
The universal cry is
Whitten's Golden Salve
The universal cry is
Whitten's Golden Salve
You may be rid of your sores and chilblains.
All glorious news to the afflicted.
For clothing a warm weather use it.
For sore eyes use it.
For sore nipples use it.
For sore lips use it.
For sore throat use it.
For sore breasts

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, December 2, 1861.

MEETING OF CONGRESS. Congress meets to-day, and as it is already organized, it is probable that the President will send in his message without delay. A Washington dispatch says there is evidently less excitement than heretofore on the eve of the assembling of Congress, and comparatively fewer arrivals of members, among whom is Senator Powell, of Kentucky, who it is rumored, will take his seat. Green, formerly a senator from Missouri, and other prominent Democrats of the border States are in Washington, expressing a desire for reconciliation. The annual report of the Secretary of the Navy will arrive in New York to-day. The Treasury report is not ready.

There is undoubtedly greater interest felt to know the tenor of the President's message, than has ever before awaited the appearance of a state-paper of the same character. It is believed, by those who are near to the President, that partisans are not to find a man "after their own heart" in the Executive, and we sincerely hope this conjecture is well-founded. The Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press*, who is as well informed on the "internal" state of things as any one writing from the capital, thinks the message of the Executive will be remarkable for its candor and its conservatism, and by those who possess the confidence of Mr. Lincoln, it is said to be a document of great power." We think expectation in this direction will not be disappointed.—What will be said, if anything, on the emancipation question, is a subject of very great interest; but there is an intimation that the question will not be discussed by the President.

It is stated that the report of the Secretary of the Navy will fully and emphatically endorse Capt. Wilkes' action in capturing Slidell, Mason and Sidell, and will intimate that his forbearance toward the steamer from which he took them is pardonable under the circumstances, but must not hereafter be regarded as a precedent.

There is much feeling among the Western Congressmen in regard to Fremont's removal, and approbation of Cameron's strong abolition sentiments. Office-holders are exerting by Sherman's proposed retrenchment of the civil expenses of the Government.

The *New York Herald's* Washington dispatch says a proposition will be brought before Congress authorizing each commanding general to call into the property of every description in their whole district, to the benefit of allegiance to the Federal Government.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PHILADELPHIA, November 30th, 1861.

While stopping a few days in the city brotherly love," I have learned, for the first time, that Lowell was to be honored by distinction of being *the chief seat* of the cotton manufacture in America. She lost that distinction seven years ago, when Spring Garden Exchange, New Northern Liberties, Richmond, Southwark, Moyamensing, Passyunk and West Philadelphia, were annexed to the city, which was then limited in accordance with the county of Philadelphia. The annual value of the cotton manufactures of Philadelphia exceeds four hundred millions of dollars, while the annual value of the cotton manufactures of Lowell cannot exceed twelve millions. You will see, therefore, that the sceptre has indeed departed from Judah, and the "city of spindles" must surrender her laurels to the city of brotherly love."

Philadelphia was laid out by William Penn, after the plan of ancient Babylon, and it has become truly, what Babylon was *beautifully* Babylonian in all its proportions. It is twenty miles long, and eight miles wide, with its streets crossing each other at right angles. Its population surmounts to nearly eight hundred thousand souls. Though I have spoken only of its cotton manufactures, yet there are only one, and not the main one, of its branches of industry. Iron, woollen, chemical, and a hundred miscellaneous manufactures are carried on in a manner extensive, perhaps, than in almost any other city.

During my stay here, I have, *of course*, visited the grave of Franklin, the spot in Kensington where Penn made his treaty with the Indians, Independence Hall, and other localities, so oft described. Girard College, Fairmount Water Works, Lovell Hill, the Academy of Fine Arts, the Mint, and other famous institutions and place I have also come in for a share of my attention.

I have also improved the opportunity to hear two clergymen of this city, both of whom formerly resided, and are still well-known, here in Lowell. One of them is the Rev. A. C. Thomas, one of the most brilliant lights of the Universalist denomination, whose published works are widely read and highly admired. The other clergyman to whom I allude, is Rev. Edward Cowley, now connected with the (Episcopal) Church of the Redeemer. I heard him on the morning of the Sabbath before last, November 17th.

Two military companies were in attendance, composed chiefly of the young men of Philadelphia, and the preacher, who is a great favorite among them, delivered an earnest, patriotic, and eloquent discourse.

JUDGING from the talk of the Lawrence papers, they have got two of their worst politicians nominated for mayor. The election takes place to-day.

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

Washington and vicinity. The 37th and 71st New York regiments made a reconnoissance from Springfield, which is 9 miles from Alexandria, on Thursday, and went 25 miles beyond our pickets toward Manassas, when, discovering a rebel force, numbering, it is supposed, 8000, they returned to their starting point, reaching it in good order and without casualities.—The rebel pickets have made their appearance at Vienna.

Despatches from Gen. Rosecrans state that he is still occupying his old position. Gen. Beckham is under arrest for permitting the escape of Floyd and gang.

The *New York Times'* Washington dispatch says that on Friday our batteries and those of the rebels on the lower Potomac exchanged several shots. No injury was done on our side, though 64 shell exploded near the hospital of the Massachusetts 1st regiment.

Missouri. A scout who has followed the army of the rebels since the evacuation of Springfield, came in yesterday, and reports that the rebels, some 15,000 strong, are moving north in three divisions. The right wing, 6000 strong, is commanded by General McBridge, resting on Stockton, Cedar County; the left is in a similar position near Nevada, Vernon County, under command of General Rains, with 4000 men; and General Price commanded the centre, 5000 men, and was near Monteil, in Vernon County. It is stated to be Gen. Price's intention to make Kansas the field of his operations. Gen. Price issued an order to his troops to follow him, which the latter disregarded, and is now moving toward Arkansas, to go into winter quarters. The rebels are thinly clad and poorly fed, and evince a disposition to disband and seek their homes.

The country between Independence and Lexington, is deserted by the men who have joined the rebel ranks. The United States Express on the Platte Country Railroad, was robbed on Friday of its treasure by a party, a gang of rebel robbers.

Maj. R. M. Hough, Aid to Gen. Hunter, is in command of four companies of the 1st Missouri cavalry, setting as escort to a large train from Sedalia, arrived at Leavenworth on Friday. The command had an engagement with the rebels at Black Walnut Creek, and killed and wounded 17, and took 5 prisoners. Four of Peyton's men were victorious and Gen. Bragg killed; another, that of for two days' hard fighting, a great storm arose, and both par ies ceased fighting.

The *Pensacola Observer*, of November 23rd says that the fleet was again operated that morning. It expresses confidence of a rebel triumph.

From *Port Royal*. A flower of marines has been organized by Lieut. Edward Lee, to be connected regularly the fleet. The recruits will be two months between Tybee Island and Port Royal in the Savannah river channel, to prevent our fleet from going to that city.

A small schooner had been sent up to one of the islands above Hilton Head to get cotton, and would sail in a few days by order of the naval authorities. The fleet that was fitting out for another expedition is all ready, and awaiting orders, which were expected on the Bonnville.

Com. Dupont reports that Fort Pulaski is at the mercy of our forces the moment the latter cease to take it. Also, that refugees and deserters informed him that Savannah was being evacuated by the people as fast as possible, fearing, probably, that Com. Rogers would attempt to take it.—He further states that Com. Tatnall of the rebel fleet, has given it as his opinion that the entire rebel defences of the southern coast must be abandoned, as they could not be maintained against our power at sea.

A dispatch to the *Inchmond Dispatch* says that Com. Tatnall, with three small steamers, attacked the Federal fleet last Saturday, and was driven back. The report lacks confirmation.

Iowa. The rebel Congress has admitted Missouri to the confederacy. The Congress has also refused to make any advances on the produce of the planters.

The *Galveston Citizen* reports the capture of the Federal brig Yacht by the Federal steamer Santee. All the crew were taken prisoners.

The *Charleston Courier* of the 26th, reports the landing of Federal troops at Buckingham, on the main land. The rebel forces had made a forward movement.

Five hundred Federal prisoners were sent from Richmond on Wednesday, to Tuscaloosa, Ala.

West Tennessee is reported as almost unanimous for the confederacy, while East Tennessee is nearly as strong for the Union.

HON. A. J. CLEMENS will take his seat in Congress as the Representative from the Fourth District of Tennessee. Mr. Clemens was compelled to leave his State on the 11th of August, to avoid arrest, and since then has been acting as an assistant surgeon in Col. Grider's Regiment in Kentucky.

MRS. PRESIDENT LINCOLN has three brothers in the army of the South, and three sisters among the rebels who are said to be as patriotic, one of them at the head of several thousand men.

A SEVERE SENTENCE. In the United States Circuit Court, in Boston, on Saturday, Judge Clifford sentenced Samuel I. Skinner (convicted of fitting out the bark Margaret Scott, for the slave trade) to pay a fine of one thousand dollars, and to be confined at hard labor for the term of five years in the jail at Taunton.

CITY AND COUNTY.

INSTRUCTION ON PIANO.

A few scholars required. A Yankee teacher.—Refers to Rev. Frederic Hinckley, to whom inquiries may be made.

nov30 3w

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of Miss ROGERS' School will commence on the first Monday in December. Instruction will be given in the French and English branches, which are usually taught in Seminaries. Further information will be given at Arithmetic, Grammar, Reading and Spelling. Two lessons a week will be given in Drawing.

Terms per quarter, - - - $4 00
French extra, - - - 1 00
November 18th, 1861. nov18d3w*

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia.
Map of the State of Missouri.
Map of the Black Hawk's War.

The above renowned Maps are published being drawn from actual surveys on recently represent the Southern States. The public are invited to call and examine at the General Ticket Office, 102 Merrimack Street, opposite the Merrimack House. W. R. FISHER.

nov13 tf

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, at reasonable rates, is at HOSKINS & Co.'s, 24 Middle st. nov16 tf

NOTICE.

Persons who were in the service of the Commonwealth in the year 1861, are notified that their accounts must be rendered to the Auditor, on or before the 20th day of December next, otherwise they will be excluded from participating in the distribution of the sum appropriated during the present session of the Legislature.

nov13d3w. E. W. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, can be had at the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank, Kirk street, Lowell.

November 20, 1861. 4d7aw

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. The regular meeting of this Board was held last Saturday afternoon, the mayor in the chair. It was voted to approve H. W. Parmenter as a suitable person to be elected a teacher of the public schools.

Communications were received from flagpond Wright and others, for but one daily session of the High School during the winter term. Referred to the committee on the High School. Mr. Kimball gave notice that he should move at the next meeting for rules in relation to the school hours.

A petition was received from Pascal Packard, that he may be allowed to enter the High School. Referred to the committee on that subject, with power to act. A petition was received from Henry E Hovey and others, pupils in the High School, that the Greek Class may be exempt from the duty of reading. Laid on the table.

The following named persons were confirmed as temporary teachers: Miss Hunt in Primary, No. 2; Miss Ashworth, in No. 23; Miss Crosby, in No. 39; Miss Day, in No. 40; Miss Sheldon, in Green School. The Board then adjourned.

LECTURE AT THE FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH. Rev. Mr. Mott lectured last evening to a crowded house, from Gen. Hitch. and Romans xii: 11. The lecturer said that the sign which we some times see on the doors of watch-shops and places of industry—No admittance except on business"—incited us that those employed in those were busy, and had no time to devote to pleasure and leisure. It was also suggestive of many other things. Every man should have some kind of business There should be no non-producers. They have no business in the world but as consumers here. The lecturer gave an amusing description of one of the class, who goes about highly scented and tired up, with a cane in one hand, his cigar lip, and who spends his energy on the shape of a boot or the fit of a glove.

A hint was also given to the young ladies, who refrain from all kinds of domestic labor. They should learn to handle the broom, to stand over a wash-tub, and learn the mysteries of the cook-stove.

There are many kinds of immoral persons who have no right to admittance to this world. They intruded themselves upon society, and will, ere long, receive their reward from their father, the devil, and all evil.—We should all do our utmost to make ourselves useful to the world in our respective spheres and to labor for the promotion of the good of the whole community. The lecture contained many truths and suggestions, which will doubtless have their effect upon all who listened to it.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Charles Baxter, Nathaniel Charles, and John Ivers, were arraigned before the Police Court for a dozen years, received his nineteenth ticket to the House of Correction for four months, on the same old charge—a common drunkard.

Lawrence Baxter, a common drunkard, was found guilty and bailed one month.—Nathaniel Charles, another common drunkard, was sent four months to House of Correction.

Patrick King, an absentee from school, was sentenced one year to House of Employment.

Alexander C. Peters, charged with poisoning his wife, will be examined this afternoon at half-past 2 o'clock.

TRIAL FOR MURDER. The trial of Amzah A. Dower, charged with poisoning Mrs Harrison Wilkins, in this city last March, will commence at Cambridge tomorrow, Attorney Gen'ral Foster, and District Attorney Morse, appearing for the Government, and Messrs. Brown & Alger for the defence.

MONEY RECEIVED. Frederic Holton, Esq., one day last week, received about $800 from thirty-two members of the Butterfield, or their families, or for deposit in the Savings Bank. The amount varied from $15 to $25 The amount for deposit in the Savings Bank, from four persons, was $107.

MR. Bickney, at the Railroad Bank, has received $1 251 from members of Capt. E. G Abbott's Company, which is to be paid to their friends.

CITIZENS' COMMITTEE. This Committee met last Saturday evening and organized by choosing M. C. Bryant chairman and James Watson secretary. The Committee adjourned until next Wednesday evening.

A HARD question to answer: Who will be the next Mayor?

THE SOLDIERS' AID ASSOCIATION. We have been furnished, by M. E. Bryant, Esq., the following statement in regard to the origin, history and condition of the Soldiers' Aid Association. It is a page of interest, and we commend it to the attention of our readers, one and all.—

Soon after the Sixth Regiment left this city, as pioneers to the multitudes, for upholding our nationality and preserving its Capital, an Association was formed, called the Soldiers' Aid Association, having for its object the promotion of the comforts of the men in the care and encouragement, and relieving the wants of the soldiers in service from this locality, by furnishing such articles and conveniences needed not otherwise supplied, and providing means of communication between them and their friends at home. For this object a subscription was taken from our patriotic citizens. Part of the subscriptions were for a fixed sum, which have been paid; others subscribed an amount to be paid in full if necessary, and to be assessed upon them as circumstances required. The paid subscriptions are exhausted and the Association, in order to carry out the intent of the donors, are about to assess upon the contingent subscribers, for whose information the Executive Committee present the following sketch of their labors:—

The Association have been in constant communication with all the companies from Lowell, seeking to supply their necessities of warm clothing, either woollen garment or by their own means. There was forwarded for many of the Irish Regiments, while they were in service, 698 crash towels, 54 dozen combs, 60 housewives, 5 dozen needlebooks, 96 dozen pairs socks, 4 dozen pair suspenders, 8 reams note paper, and 600 envelopes, 1 dozen pair gloves; some of these articles have been returned to the Association, not needed by the men in the field. In one instance there was also established an Express bag which passed between the two cities, and 432 packages were sent and received by friends here to the members of the regiment.

The Richardson Light Infantry, Capt. F. A. Davis, has been abundantly fitted out by their friends, and their quarters have been superior to others in the field, have not incurred any wants. Capt. Davis has, at this time, when there is in progress of making a quantity of comforters, which will soon be forwarded. There has been sent to this company ten boxes, at the several times two weeks, containing in all 289 packages.

The Abbott Greys, Company E, Second Massachusetts Regiment, Capt. E. G. Abbott, have been provided with 110 towels, 60 packages stationery, 12 dozen pairs woolen socks, 39 pair shoes, and a few pounds of tobacco; and there have been forwarded at different times, boxes to the number of 422 packages from their friends in the old city from Lowell in the 3rd month regiment, now at Camp Hamilton, in Company D, Capt. T. Oliver, and to Company I, Capt. T. Lawson, has been sent 230 bed comforters, 300 pair gloves, and 30 packages stationery, and also 10 boxes at various times, containing 308 packages.

Two hundred and fifty towels, mittens, and a quantity of hospital linen, have been delivered to the soldiers in Camp Chase.

To the hospitals at Annapolis and Fortress Monroe have been sent 210 hospital shirts, and a quantity of shoes, pillow cases, linen, stockings and other articles. The hospital at Key West, Florida, recently has been accomplished by the generous labor of the ladies, who have always shown a spirited desire to contribute to the comfort of the soldiers.

The number of men entering into the service of the Union from this place is continually increasing, and companies formed here are in various localities becoming more widely scattered. The Association seeks by following each with that home gifts (its sphere of action is constantly enlarging) finds that considerable labor and expense in so doing their wants is necessary.—The executive committee trust their many noble constituents will, under the circumstances, be willing to contribute as much as is required, and they are gratified in their experience that when the wants of the soldiers are properly presented to the Government, that the absolute necessities are fully provided without stint or unnecessary waste. The committee wants that can be supplied by the Association will continue to be made.

LECTURE IN PRESCOTT. This evening and Tuesday and Thursday, at half past seven, the Rev. M. Baxter, of the Episcopal Church, will give five admission lectures in Prescott Mission Hall, upon "the Great Tribulation according to the Return of Christ about 1864-68." Mr. Baxter preached in Dr. Edson's and Mr. Homer's churches yesterday.

His views are as follows:—An unparalleled time of trouble and tribulation is expected by the standard interpreters of peace and prosperity for several years before the end of the Christian dispensation, and the beginning of the Millenium. Of this period the following passages are held to be descriptive:—Daniel xii: 12; Matt. xxiv: 21, 22; Mark xiii: 19, 20; Rev. xvi: 17–21. The millenium is not to be introduced by the gradual extension of peace and righteousness, but by a long silence for a few years of the most appalling convulsions and calamities that have ever been known; and when things have reached the worst, and wickedness has culminated in its extremest height, the Son of Man descends personally, at the battle of Armageddon, and swamps the earth clear of the wicked. Satan is bound, the False Prophet is cast into the Lake of Fire, converting the heathen nations, constituting Jerusalem the metropolis of the world, and establishing the millenial kingdom.

The general conflagration is held to occur a few thousand years after the advent of Christ, and not unprecedentedly, as it has been affirmed by some. As to the time when the dispensation ends with the millenium, Mr. Baxter thinks of Augustine, although those ignorant of prophecy imagine that no certain date upon this point can be obtained from Scripture, yet it is remarkable that 70 years many of the standard expositors have looked to the period 1864 to 68, as the end of this economy, and more than fifty eminent writers have given the same date to the view, chiefly on the ground that it is the period of convergency for the closest 6000 years, 2520 seven times (Dan. iv.), 2500, 2300 (Dan. viii.) 1335 (Dan xii.) etc.; also that the seventh of each cycle of the world, as yets, souls, and vials, is on the eve of its fulfilment.

The restoration of the Napoleonic dynasty, or seventh head of the beast, by Louis Napoleon, as predicted by Faber, Frere, G ttrell, and others, thirty years ago, is also a remarkable fulfilment of prophecy, and all his acts are sequent to his rise in power are in coincidence with the five-seven-ness of the anti-christ mind—also the seven-ness of the time. At present times is an additional call to watchfulness on the part of the saint that he may be found "working the work of Him that sent him while it is day," for the night of the sinner, that he may without delay pray to God in the name of Jesus, for a new heart, and pardon, for his sins, until he feels that he has been born again, regenerated, and is thus made a child of God, and an inheritor of the coming kingdom.

THE TWELFTH MAINE REGIMENT. The following is the roster of the officers of the Twelfth Maine Regiment, which is now in Camp Chase, in this city:—

Colonel, Geo. F. Shepley, Portland.
Lieutenant Colonel, Wm. R. Kimball, Paris.
Major, D. R Hastings Lowell.
Quartermaster, H. N. Jose, Portland.
Adjutant Edwin Bixby, Lowell.
Surgeon, Edward H. Thompson, Orono.
Chaplain, Joseph Colby, Gorham.
Sergeant Major, John W. Dana, Portland.

Company A—Captain, Gideon A. Hastings, Bethel; 1st Lieut., Ethridge G. Hall, Portland; 2d Lieut., E. Goddard, Rumford.

Company B—Captain, George H Chatto, Orono; 1st Lieut., Thos. F. Hall, Portland; 2d Lieut., S. Bidwar Wiggins, Portland.

Company C—Captain, Charles C. G. Thenton, Searsport; 1st Lieut., Wm W. Brown, Portland; 2d Lieut., Horatio High, Scarboro'.

Company D—Captain, Elisha Winter Dadield; 1st Lieut., Henry B Waiton, Peru; 2d Lieut., Christopher C. Richardson.

Company E—Captain, Enoch Knight, Bridgton; 1st Lieut., Horace Keniston, Lowell; 2nd Lieut., H. S. Lowell, Windham.

Company F—Captain, Sch. C. Farrington, Fryeburg; 1st Lieut., Abbott Cowan, Orono; 2d Lieut., Edward H. B. Wilson, Orono

Company G—Captain, Moses M. Robinson, Portland; 1st Lieut., Geo. B. Packard, Auburn; 2nd Lieut., William B. Skillings.

Company H—Captain, John F. Appleton, Bangor; 1st Lieut., D. M. Phillips, Gorham; 2nd Lieut., George Stevens, Bangor.

Company I—Captain, M. R. Fessenden, Portland; 1st Lieut., S. F. Thompson, Bangor; 2nd Lieut., ——— Coomns, Bangor.

Company K—Captain, George Varney, Sarrent; 1st Lieut., James S. Graves, Calais; 2nd Lieut., Samuel M. Eaton, Gorham.

The Regiment will probably leave here for Boston on Wednesday or Thursday, and in that city will embark on board the steamer *Illinois*, which is probably on the way from New York at this time. We hear it mentioned that the regiment will on the day it leaves Lowell, march from Camp Chase to the Merrimack Street depot, where it will take the cars. We hope this is to be case. The Twelfth Regiment is composed of as fine a set of well-behaved men as we ever saw in this. Sons and daughters of Maine in our city may well be proud of this regiment.

J. F. BANNING, who resides on Gorham Street, in this city, on Thursday afternoon last, was seriously injured by a gas explosion at the Gas Company's Works, at Newton Corner. His wounds were dressed in Watertown, and he was on Friday brought to this city. He suffered severely about the face, and fears he may lose his eyesight, both his eyes being low enough closed. His hands were also burned in a shocking manner.

JUST opened, frosted, spangled, and velvet beaver cloth, for ladies' cloaks; also, a few choice styles of dress goods have just been opened, by Joseph S. Brown, No. 54 Merrimack Street.

FOOT PRINTS. The second of the course of Union Parties, will take place at French's Hall, on Wednesday evening, December 4th.

Those of our citizens who are in pursuit of a major under difficulties, denominate this a *distressing* age.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Nov. 30.

10 Old Colony and Fall River Railroad		101
5 Boston and Worcester Railroad		75
4 Eastern Railroad		50
10 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad		113
50 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad		114
5 Boston and Maine Railroad		97
5 Manchester Cotton Mills		97 1/2
5 Manchester Cotton Mills		98
15 ———		99
10 Merchants' Bank		97 1/2
25 Merchants' Bank		97 1/2

Truth is mighty and always prevails. It may be crushed to the earth for a season, but in the contest a resurrected one. Such an one has been the Magnolia Balm. Many articles of merit have had its champions stood up for the right, and their cause has always there reward. Ever since the discovery was first made by the unparalleled Magnolia Balm, it has had its friends—and it does at this time. Improvements are being made in the manufacture of this article as well as the simplifying the preparations of the ingredients of which it is made. Ladies, beware of Cuticuras, how no donut done much good, and many have been made worse by the use of different Cosmetics, for instance, headaches, blotches or pimples, &c., &c. Gentlemen, after shaving, use the Magnolia Balm, and you will be pleased with the result. Sold by all druggists. Ask for it, and take no other. Prepared only by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the United States, and by Canada, Nova Scotia, and Europe.

Wholesale Factory, 91 Harvey st.

Sold in Lowell by Hall, Keyes & Co., Brown & Taylor, and Druggists every where.

nov30 1y

BEAUTY ENSURED!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A PERFECT AND COMPLETE REMEDY FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS,
SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the Skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a Matchless Purity. It is most delightful in the Nursery, and for Shaving it is unequalled. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers, and will give immediate relief to the most distressing Pimples. Nothing pleasanter. Ask for it. Take no other.

J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Wholesale Agents, 91 Harvey st.

Sold in Lowell by Hall, Keyes & Co., Brown & Taylor, and Druggists every where.

nov30 1y

HAIR DYE!

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye

Is sold at No. 233 Broadway, New York, and should be avoided by all who value their hair, or their lives. This splendid Dye stands unrivalled by any preparation for Restoring Instantaneously and Natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to the hair.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to the inventor, WM. A. BATCHELOR, and the perfect applications have been made to the hair of over two millions of persons.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces no scent to be disagreeable when applied, and is not affected by perspiration, nor will it injure the most delicate skin. It is the only Dye that is known to imitate nature, as it gives a color to the hair, whether light or dark, more nearly approaching to that which it originally was than any other Dye. Invigorates, strengthens and promotes the growth of the hair. Sold by all Druggists. Ask for WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and take no other. Factory No. 81 Barclay st., New York.

nov30 1y

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope, Price 6 cents,

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. C. S.

Price 6 cents.

A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers.

Sent by mail in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of 6 cents, or two postage stamps. Address by the Dr. J. CULVERWELL,

127 DUTCHER NEW YORK.

Post Office Box 4586.

nov30 1y

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgic Compound. We refer those who are afflicted with either of these diseases to the following certificate, which is from a gentleman who has been a great sufferer for the past two years from Rheumatism, and has been under the treatment of the most eminent physicians in this city, but has received no benefit from any of them. He has been induced to try the above remedy, and has found relief after using the first bottle. He has since procured two more bottles, and has been entirely cured by the use of them. We would call particular attention to the following testimonial:—

LOWELL, Nov. 12, 1861.

Mr. GARDINER—Sir: I have been troubled with Rheumatism for two years, at times being confined to my bed for six weeks together. I tried one bottle of your Rheumatic and Neuralgic Compound, and was cured out.

MRS. JANE STUART.

The Rheumatic and Neuralgic Compound has been taken by hundreds of persons for Scrofulous Humors, and has never failed.

For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States. Principal depot for the manufacture signed by CHAS P. GARDINER.

GARDINER'S
Rheumatic and Neuralgic
COMPOUND.

A CERTAIN safe and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Salt Rheumatism. It is an internal remedy, driving out and entirely eradicating the disease, requiring no change in diet or business, and may be taken by children and persons of the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety.

TESTIMONIALS.

"After suffering several years with Rheumatism, one bottle of your Compound cured me, and I heartily endorse all that has been said in its favor."

Col. 1st Reg. Mass. Volunteers.

"I have suffered with Rheumatism for twenty years. Gave bottle of your Compound affording decided relief. Have used it to the best and most satisfactory results for that disease I ever used."

Rev. J. W. GILLETTE, Fair Haven, Vt.

"A bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound prescribed me in 1846, while suffering a painful attack of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, proved of decided benefit."

ALBERT SMITH,
Ex-Member of Congress from Maine.

"While suffering a severe attack of Neuralgia I used two bottles of your Compound, and received immediate relief, and am happy to recommend it to the afflicted."

J. SWEETSER, Portland, Me.

"My wife has been afflicted for fifteen years with Rheumatism. Your Compound relieved her, and removed her age at least twenty years."

J. W. HOLMES, Portland, Me.

"While suffering with a severe attack of Rheumatism which confined me to my bed, your Compound cured me."

Rev. E. F. TOWNSEND,
Pearl street Boston.

"Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgic Compound is a valuable remedy."

Rev. ——— BRIGGS, Boston.

Having been a constant sufferer from Neuralgia and Rheumatism for many years, and after exhausting part in the trial of numberless remedies without relief, I was induced by a friend to try Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgic Compound. I procured a bottle, and am entirely well.

Rev. H. D. C. MACDONALD.

Sold by D. Lewis Dealer,
No. 5 Augusta Block, Lowell, Mass.

Mr. Lewis has been selling the above for three years a great sufferer from Salt Rheum, he procured a bottle of your Compound and used one bottle of your Compound cured him.

A. W. LEACH, Manchester, N. H.

JOHNSTOWN, N. Y. March 9, 1861.

I have been afflicted with Rheumatism for a number of years with Sciatica, at times being unable to walk. I procured a bottle of your Compound and used one bottle and a half of your Compound, and am only say I am entirely well.

EMILY BILLINGHAM.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers.

In March, 1859, I had a severe attack of Rheumatism in my right side, which confined me for ten weeks, and from which I could get no relief, until I procured a bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. Three bottles cured me entirely, and I have had no return of the disease.

WILLIAMSBURGH, N. Y.

After suffering eleven months with Rheumatism in my left shoulder, and getting no relief from the use of liniments, I procured a bottle of your "Compound," and in two days felt myself entirely relieved. In three days more I was entirely free from pain, having used only two bottles of your Compound. I cheerfully recommend your medicine worthy the confidence it deserves.

JAY FRISBIE.

BOSTON, Mass., June 11, 1861.

Having been afflicted with Rheumatism for three years, at times being confined to my bed for six weeks together I tried one bottle of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgic Compound, and received immediate relief, and I must cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted.

SAM'L L. TUCKER.

WEST BROOKFIELD, Mass., 1861.

I have been troubled with Rheumatism for two years, at times being confined to my bed for six weeks together. I tried one bottle of your Compound, and received relief. I have used one.

MRS. JANE STUART.

The Rheumatic and Neuralgic Compound has been taken by hundreds of persons for Scrofulous Humors, and has never failed.

For sale by Apothecaries generally throughout the United States. Principal depot for the manufacture signed by CHAS P. GARDINER.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT.

No. 1 Salem, corner of Hanover street Boston.

All orders should be addressed to HENRY R. GARDINER.

For sale in Lowell by Sam'l Kidder Jr., John F. Hildreth & Co., Brown & Taylor, and Hall, Keyes & Co.

nov11 1m 4w0d&w

Eclectic Medical Infirmary

FOR LADIES.

57 When a female is in trouble or afflicted with the various ills incident to the sex, and is in search of a physician who will treat her with delicacy, and who will not make her case a matter of notoriety, she should call at the Eclectic Medical Infirmary, where she will receive such treatment as will restore her to health. Her case will be treated with the strictest confidence. Medicines are made here pre-eminent in his profession, and who are acquainted with the diseases of females, and who is the most eminent of the community.

THE FEMALE ORGANIZATION

is often a frail, that of a tender flower, and great care should be taken of it. In fact it is almost indescribable, at the urgent request of many ladies, we have prepared a pamphlet.

Eclectic Regulating Drops.

This celebrated female medicine possesses virtues unknown to any other. It is safe, sure, and will prove effectual after all others have failed.

LADIES

will find it invaluable in all cases of obstruction, after all other remedies have been tried in vain. It is prepared expressly for this purpose, and is the best injurious to the health, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate.

The Remedy has had a Ten Years' Trial, which should be sufficient to convince every sufferer of its superior virtues.

THE ECLECTIC REMEDY,

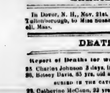
and that is the only place to obtain it.

THE BEST MEDICINE EVER USED for a family physician or *Counselor at the House*.

All communications will be promptly attended to. Address DR. J. B HUGHES No. 4 Hurd street, Lowell.

nov30 1y

PLYMOUTH GLOVES!



WARRANTED NOT TO RIP.

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of the above Glove in Lowell and Chelmsford for many years. They are made in the best manner, of the best French kid, and are recommended and to be the best fitting as well as the best made Glove in the market.

Mr. B. has also a superior article of Gum Shoes, which he will sell at the lowest cash prices. Rubbers not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Woollen Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received at BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store.

nov23* 47 Central street.

POCKET KNIVES.

The best implement in carving. Pocket Knives that can be found in Lowell, made expressly for sale by WM. P. BRAZER, at the Corner Hat Store. Also, Pocket and Table Cutlery.

nov23 47 Central street.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

FOR the alleviation of Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all disorders of the Breath and Lungs. Public Speakers and Singers will find them invaluable for clearing the voice and strengthening the voice. Sold by E. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack, corner of John street.

nov30 1m

PIGARO CRAVATS,

A New French article for a gentleman's neck, tie, being an invention in shape and manner of fixing—giving a variety and elegance possessed by no other Cravat. A fresh assortment just received at BRAZER'S.

nov23* Corner Hat Store.

BOWIE KNIVES

Traders and Mechanics' Insurance Company.

THE Annual Meeting of the Traders and Mechanics' Insurance Company will be holden at the office, on Central Street, Lowell, on MONDAY, the ninth day of December, 1861, at two o'clock P. M.

The business will be to receive the Directors' report.

To elect a Board of Directors;

To act upon any other business that may come before the meeting.

Lowell, Nov. 27, 1861.

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec. nov30 d1w

Footprints Heavenward,

OR,

UNIVERSALISM THE MOST EXCELLENT WAY.

By Rev. M. J. STARR.

"It is an original book. We have nothing like it England, philosophical, scriptural."—*Rev. J. W. Hanson.*

"Among all sectarian attempts for refutation it will be read in thousands in spite of prejudice. I could see no absolute movement in my mind, in time to come than to be the author of such a work."—*Rev. T. J. Greenwood.*

It is characterized by vigor and earnestness, and abounds with conclusive evidences of scriptural truth."—*Rev. Thos. Whittemore, D. D.*

"Gets it, it is hard to."—*Boston.*

"Is also candid, and well written."—*Lowell Journal.*

For sale at MERRILL'S counter, 21 Merrimack Street. nov23

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE, on favorable terms. Policies issued for any term not exceeding five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.	
Nathan Allen,	Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Fanning,	John Avery,
Arthur F. Bunney,	Walter Wright,
Wm. A. Richardson,	Edwin H. Marvin,
Benjamin Hunt,	Henry F. Howe,
Hyatson Hunt,	Charles H. Bond
Andover.	
Alfred A. Miner,	Abraham T. Lowe,
Stephen E. Barnes,	Lucius M. Clark.
Reuben P. Dunbar.	

DR. CHESEBROUGH'S PILLS.

DR CHESEBROUGH'S PILLS are the only one sure cure of constipation. Read the following letter:

LOWELL, Nov. 11, 1861.

DR. CHESEBROUGH—*Dear Sir*: I have used your pills for some time, and find them to be the only one sure cure of constipation. I have used many others, but they have failed to cure me. I have used your pills for a short time, and find myself entirely cured. I have recommended them to many of my friends, and they have used them with the same success. I am willing to have you use my name in any way you may think proper.

Yours truly, MRS. ANN MARIA BRADLEY.

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Yours truly, MRS. ANN MARIA BRADLEY.

Sold by Druggists. Price 25 cents per box.

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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOODS' HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Woods, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine a lotion where mentioned will be of any particular advantage to me, or ever flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and plea sure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people who have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. In conclusion, two or three articles named advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize for an article of no reputation when there is a first class one, that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied your style, and in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—most for it before, and the second time used cordial; and every do-nour the study and hand praises to you.

I am glad to see you, personally, at your original place of business, and hope you may live to see a new article, and to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. Then, perhaps

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, December 3, 1861.

CONGRESS. Both branches met yesterday. In the Senate about forty members answered to their names. Mr. Trumbull, of Ill., gave notice that he would introduce a bill to confiscate the property of the rebels and to give freedom to persons in the rebel slave States. Mr. Wilkinson, of Min., gave notice of a bill to abolish the distinction between the regular army and volunteer forces. A committee to wait upon the President reported that the latter would communicate his message to Congress to-day at noon. Adjourned.

In the House, 114 answered to their names including several new members.—Mr. Maynard, of Tennessee, was sworn in as a member from the 2nd district of that State. Mr. Blair, of Va., successor to Mr. Carlisle was sworn in. The claims of Mr. Foster, of N. C., and Sagar, of Va., are referred to the Committee on elections.

Mr. Colfax, of Ind., offered the following:

Whereas, Col. Michael Corcoran, who was taken prisoner on the battle field of Manassas, has, after suffering other indignities, been confined by the rebel authorities in the cell of a convicted felon:

Therefore, resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to place in like confinement James M. Mason late of Virginia, now in custody at Fort Warren, until Col. Corcoran be treated as the United States have treated all prisoners taken by them in battle. Applaud, in the galleries.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

A similar resolution was adopted in reference to Col. Wood, of the 14th New York Regiment taken at Bull Run, John Cadwalader to have the same mode of treatment. The thanks of Congress to Capt. Wilkes for the arrest of Mason and Slidell, was adopted; a substitute to present a gold medal being rejected. Several resolutions in relation to the confiscation of slaves, belonging to rebels were introduced but not over. A resolution was adopted to inquire into the responsibility of persons for the disastrous movement at Ball's Bluff. A memorial was presented from Utah for admission into the Union.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS. Elections took place in six cities in this State yesterday.

In Cambridge, Charles T. Russell, who was the candidate both of the Republicans and Citizens was elected, receiving 1067 votes to 18 scattering—he declined. In Lynn Republicans elected the Clerk of the Police Court by 115 majority over the Citizens' candidate. The Aldermen and Common Councilmen elected were generally on both tickets.

In Chelsea, Francis B. Fay, the Peoples' candidate was elected almost unanimously, receiving 671 out of 684 votes. The other officers elected were also on the Peoples' ticket.

In Lawrence, W. H. P. Wright, Republican, had 805 votes, and Nathaniel G. White, the Peoples' candidate had 505 and James K. Barker 87. Henry L. Sherman, Republican, was elected Clerk of the Police Court by 312 plurality. The Republicans elected their Aldermen and all but four of the Common Councilmen.

In New Bedford, James C. Taber, the Citizen's candidate, had 1312 votes to 771 for Thomas Knowles, opposition. The whole Citizen's ticket was elected with a single exception.

In Fall River, Edward P. Buffinton, Republican, was elected without opposition, receiving 461 out of 563 votes. The rest of the R. p. ticket was elected.

Stephen C. Bemis, the Democratic candidate, was re-elected Mayor of Springfield by 78 majority over Henry Alexander, Republican, in a vote of 2060. The Board of Aldermen was voted for by both parties. The Common Council stands 13 Republican to 3 Democrats. In the contest for Mayor there was no party issue in the matter, while the Republicans went for a return to the police.

MILITARY MATTERS. Messrs Bent & Bush of Boston are manufacturing a splendid sword, the gift of the citizens of Lowell to Gen. Butler. It will cost $1000, hundred dollars. The city of Boston has voted a sword to Capt. Wilkes.

A detachment of seventeen men belonging to the Cushing Guard, left Newburyport on Friday, to go into Camp Cease in this city. Another detachment is expected to leave there to-day. The Cushing Guard is to be filled up, and will join Gen. Butler's expedition.

The Governor and Council of New Hampshire, have decided to commission the officers for Gen. Butler's (Smith) regiment immediately.

Rev. T. W. Higginson, of Worcester, is spoken of for Lieut. Colonel of the next regiment formed, which will be the Twenty-

TO BE SHOT AS A TRAITOR. The telegraphic dispatches of this morning, says it is reported that Col. Kerrigan of the 25th New York Regiment, has been tried by a court martial for treason, and sentenced to be shot, and that the warrant had been signed by the President. Kerrigan is a member of Congress for a New York city district.

COUNTERFEIT bills on the Waterbury (Ct.) Bank, were abundant in Portland yesterday. They are well executed, and calculated to deceive. Look out for them.

THREE churches in Springfield, Mass., have adopted the plan of having but one sermon on Sunday, giving up the afternoons to the Sabbath school.

WAR NEWS.

The news is not of great importance. We make up for our columns much as excess of most interest, eschewing much of the verbosity of the telegraphic reports.

Washington and vicinity. A spy has just returned from Richmond, and says that intense excitement rules throughout the entire South, by reason of our naval expeditions. The rebel troops from the Potomac states declare they will go home, and large numbers have already started. Among the Georgia, South Carolina and Louisiana troops very great resistances, amounting almost to violent mutiny, showed itself, and as only partially quieted by the promise made by Jeff. Davis that men enough should be sent South, not only to defend their homes, but to drive the rascally Yankees into the sea. It is said by the same authority that the rebels feel inclined to leave Virginia soil, and allow the Union troops to take possession of it. They find it too costly to keep an army in that State.

Valuable prizes. Prize schooner Alison, of Nassau, N. P., arrived at New York harbor on Saturday. She was captured by the steamer Penguin on the 25th ultimo, heading for Eidato island. Her cargo, valued at $100 000, consists of salt, oil, tin, fruit, wines, ammunition, saddles and cavalry equipments.

From the South. The bridge-burning in Tennessee is creating a great deal of excitement, and it is reported that the inconditionrtee ins to be court martialed.

The Memphis merchants, at a meeting, had recommended to the banks to cut their bank bills into fractional parts for change.

No tidings had been received from Parson Brownlow.

The *Charleston Courier* deprecates the raising of the black flag, and says it is original principally by those who keep at a safe distance from the war.

A dispatch from New Orleans speaks of a review of 20,000 troops in that city, 1,400 of whom were free blacks.

Lieut Maury, the anti-traitor, is said to have received an invitation from the Russian Government to enter the service of that country.

From Fortress Monroe comes intelligence that there was a skirmish on Friday night near Newmarket, about five miles from Old Point. Three rebels were killed, including E J. Scott, a well known merchant of Richmond. His body was identified by letters in his pocket.

From Fort Pickens. Nothing new is received respecting the fight at Fort Pickens, but the information still comes through rebel channels. We give the following, which is telegraphed from the Louisville, under date of yesterday, 2nd inst.:—

Southern papers to the 28th ult., contain scattered accounts of the Fort Pickens affair. The bombardment commenced on the 21st, and continued with occasional intermission night and day until the 24th, when Col. Brown ceased firing. The rebels did not respond until after Fort Pickens opened fire. The fire of the fort and the outside Santa Rosa Island batteries was directed against Fort Barrancas and the other rebel batteries, the Navy Yards are Time and Nelms and the navy yard, and the Gen Pickens, mounting 42 and Fort McRea. The rebels admit 16 killed and wounded. Considerable damage was done to Fort McRae, including the caving in of the powder magazine, and the partial demolition of the navy yard and barracks. A train, hauling provisions to the rebel army, was destroyed. The rebels seemed to be strictly on the defensive. The stories about disabling the Colorado and Niagara appear to be unfounded. The steamers Time and Nelms were somewhat damaged, but finally got out of the reach of Col. Brown's fire. Col. Brown received no reinforcements.

A VOICE FROM THE HERMITAGE. Read what that stern old Roman, Andrew Jackson, said of the men whom in prophetic vision he saw rising to destroy the Union of the States. On the first of May, 1833, Andrew Jackson, then holding the highest public trust in the gift of our country, wrote a private letter to his friend, the Rev. A. J. Crawford, of Georgia, which letter is, in part, as follows:—

"I have had a laborious task here, but nullification is dead, and its actors and abettors will be remembered by the people only to be execrated for their wicked designs to sever and destroy the union and government on the globe, and that people will happen as they always have in the other portion of the world. *Human gallantry ought to be the fate* of all such ambitious men who would rise to power and notority in civil war and all the evil in its train, that they might reign and ride on its whirlwind and direct the storm. The free people of these United States have spurned and trampled the wicked designs of men to their proper doom. *Take care of your children*; you have a fine young people. Let them meet the indignant frowns of every man who loves his country.

"The tariff, it is well known, was a mere pretext. (If then gives the proof of this, afforded by the recent course of Calhoun, and his tools in Congress of the new tariff bill, which they voted for, although it greatly modified the duties on coarser woolens and other articles consumed by the people, and those were the articles on which *"Therefore, the tariff was only the pretext, and* DISUNION and a Southern Confederacy *the real object.* THAT OBJECT CONTINUE TO BE THE SECRET OR CLEARLY EXPRESSED?"

On the 7th of June, 1813, the same band which, ten years previously, had written that letter to the Rev. Mr. Crawford, wrote a last will and testament; which document is, in part, as follows:—

"In the name of God, Amen: I, Andrew Jackson, Sen., being of sound mind, memory and understanding, * * * do make, publish, ordain, and declare this my last will and testament.

"First, I bequeath my body to the dust, whence it comes, and my soul to God who gave it, praying for a happy immortality, through the atoning mercies of my Lord Jesus Christ, Saviour of the world.

"Seventh, I bequeath to my well-beloved nephew, Andrew J Donelson, son of Samuel Donelson, deceased, the elegant sword presented to me by the State of Tennessee, *with this injunction*, that he fail not to use it, when necessary, in the support and protection of our glorious Union, and for the protection of the Constitutional rights of our beloved country, should they be assailed by foreign enemies *or domestic traitors.*

"Eighth, To my grand nephew, Andrew Jackson Coffee, I bequeath the elegant sword presented to me by the Rifle Company of New Orleans, commanded by Captain Beal, as a memento of my regard, and to bring to his recollection the gallant services of his deceased father, General John Coffee, in the late Indian and British wars, under my command, and his gallant conduct in the defence of New Orleans in 1814–15 *with this injunction*, that he would it in protection of the rights secured to the American citizens under our glorious Constitution, against foreign foes *or domestic traitors.*

"I bequeath to my beloved grandson, Andrew Jackson, son of Andrew Jackson, Jr., and Sarah, his wife, the sword presented to me by the citizens of Philadelphia, *with this injunction*, that he always use it in defence of the Commission and our glorious Union, and the perpetuation of our republican system."

Can a Tennessean, even a rebel, read these solemn injunctions, without a blush of shame for his degenerate State?

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS,

FIRST SESSION, DECEMBER 2, 1861.

[R stands for republican; O for opposition; and U for those elected without opposition.]

The States of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, are not represented, except that Andrew Johnson from Tennessee holds his seat in the Senate, Virginia is represented in part, and North Carolina ma perhaps be represented in the same way.

THE SENATE.

President.....Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine.			
Secretary.....John W. Forney, of Pennsylvania.			
	Dem.	Rep.	Opp.
CONNECTICUT.			
James Dixon, U.	1857	Truman Smith, O.	1849
		Lafayette S. Foster, O.	1855
CALIFORNIA.			
James A. Bayard, O.	1851	Preston King, R.	1857
A. A. Hall—appt. O. 1861		Dan'l S. Dickinson, O.	1851
DELAWARE.			
Willard Saulsbury, O.	1859	Jas. A. Bayard, O.	1851
GEORGIA.			
Robert Toombs, O.	1853	Alfred Iverson, O.	1855
ILLINOIS.			
Stephen A. Douglas, O.	1859	Orville H. Browning, R.	1861
INDIANA.			
Jesse D. Bright, O.	1857	Henry S. Lane, R.	1861
IOWA.			
James Harlan, R.	1855	James W. Grimes, R.	1859
KENTUCKY.			
Lazarus W. Powell, O.	1859	John C. Breckinridge, O.	1861
LOUISIANA.			
Judah P. Benjamin, O.	1853	Vacancy.	
MAINE.			
John N. Goodell, R.	1857	Lot M. Morrill, R.	1861
MARYLAND.			
Thomas H. Hicks, O.	1857	Anthony Kennedy, O.	1857
MASSACHUSETTS.			
Henry Wilson, R.	1855	Charles Sumner, R.	1857
MICHIGAN.			
Kinsley S. Bingham, R.	1855	Zachariah Chandler, R.	1857
MINNESOTA.			
Morton S. Wilkinson, R.	1857	Henry M. Rice, R.	1857
MISSOURI.			
Trusten Polk, O.	1857	Vacancy.	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.			
Daniel Clark, O.	1857	Vacancy.	
NEW JERSEY.			
John R. Thomson, R.	1851	John C. Ten Eyck, R.	1859
NEW YORK.			
Preston King, R.	1857	Ira Harris, R.	1861
OHIO.			
John Sherman, R.	1855	Benj. F. Wade, R.	1857
OREGON.			
Edward D. Baker, O.	1860	Vacancy.	
PENNSYLVANIA.			
Edgar Cowan, R.	1855	David Wilmot, R.	1861
RHODE ISLAND.			
James F. Simmons, R.	1857	Henry B. Anthony, R.	1859
VERMONT.			
Solomon Foot, R.	1851	Jacob Collamer, R.	1855
VIRGINIA.			
Willey Mason, R.	1851	Waitman T. Willey, R.	1861
WISCONSIN.			
James R. Doolittle, R.	1857	Vacancy.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker, GALUSHA A GROW, of Pennsylvania. Clerk, EMERSON ETHERIDGE, of Tennessee

	Dem.	Rep.	Opp.
Dis. Name. Position.			
1 Daniel Rogers, U.			
2 Thomas D. Eliot, R.		10	
3 Jas. A. English, O.			11
4 Chas. Pelham Ferry, R.		10	
5 Alfred A. Burnham, R.		10	
6 Gen. C. Woodruff, O.			11
7 Thos. D. Porter, R.		10	
8 J. F. Phelps, O.			11
9 Geo. W. Scranton, R.		10	
DELAWARE.			
George P. Fisher, R.		3	
1 E. B. Ellsworth, R.		20	
2 Isaac N. Arnold, R.		20	
3 John Wentworth, R.		20	
4 Wm. Kellogg, R.		21	
5 Owen Lovejoy, R.		21	
6 Vacancy.			
7 John T. Johnson, O.			21
8 Philip B. Fouke, O.			21
9 Wm. A. Richardson, O.			21
INDIANA.			
1 John Law, R.		13	
2 Jas. A. Cravens, O.			13
3 Albert G. Porter, R.		13	
4 Wm. S. Holman, O.		27	
5 Geo. W. Julian, R.		27	
6 Albert G. Porter, R.		13	
7 Wm. Mitchell, R.		13	
8 Albert S. White, R.		30	
9 Schuyler Colfax, R.		30	
10 Wm. Mitchell, R.		13	
11 John H. Nunn, R.		30	
IOWA.			
1 Geo. H. Pendleton, O.			1
2 John A. Gurley, R.		1	
3 Wm. Vandever, R.		1	
KENTUCKY.			
1 Wm. Allen, O.			9
2 Jas. M. Ashley, R.		9	
3 Chas. A. Wickliffe, O.			9
4 Robt. Mallory, O.			9
5 Robert Mallory, O.			9
6 Henry Grider, O.			9
7 Warren P. Noble, R.		9	
W. H. Haworth, U.			
8 Wm. H. Wadsworth, U.			
9 Chas. A. Wickliffe, O.			9
LOUISIANA.			
1 Thos. G. Davidge, O.			5
2 Benj. Flanders, U.			
3 Chas. M. Conway, R.		5	
4 Vacancy.			
MAINE.			
1 John H. Rice, R.		6	
2 Chas. W. Walton, R.		6	
3 A. C. Pomeroy, R.		6	
4 Anson P. Morrill, R.		6	
5 J. N. Rogers, R.		6	
6 Fred'k A. Pike, R.		6	
MARYLAND.			
1 John W. Crisfield, U.			5
2 Henry May, U.			5
3 C. L. L. Leary,			
4 Francis Thomas, U.			5
5 Jas. M. Harris, U.			5
MASSACHUSETTS.			
1 Thos. D. Eliot, R.		10	
2 James Buffington, R.		10	
3 Geo. Ashmun, R.		10	
4 Alex. H. Rice, R.		10	
5 Charles Delano, R.		10	
6 John B. Alley, R.		10	
7 Goldsmith F. Bailey, R.		10	
8 Chas. R. Train, R.		10	
9 Daniel W. Gooch, R.		10	
10 Charles Delano, R.		10	
11 Henry L. Dawes, R.		10	
MICHIGAN.			
1 Fernando C. Beaman, R.		6	
2 Wm. A. Howard, R.		6	
3 Bradley F. Hale, R.		6	
4 Francis W. Kellogg, R.		6	
MINNESOTA.			
1 W. W. Phelps, R.		1	
MISSOURI.			
1 Francis P. Blair, R.		9	
2 John S. Phelps, O.			9
3 John B. Clark, O.			9
4 Wm. A. Hall, O.			9
5 John G. Scott, O.			9
NEW JERSEY.			
1 John T. Nixon, R.		5	
2 Jos. L. Newton, R.		5	
3 Wm. Wright, R.		5	
4 John Hill, R.		5	
5 John Linn, R.		5	
NEW YORK.			
1 Chas. H. Smith, R.		33	
2 Wm. Wheeler, R.		33	
3 Wm. Wall, R.		33	
4 Fred'k. Conkling, R.		33	
5 Elijah Ward, O.			2
6 Isaac E. Diefendorf, R.		33	
7 Wm. Kelly, R.		33	
8 Reuben E. Fenton, R.		33	
9 Orsamus Matteson, R.		33	
10 Augustus Frank, R.		33	
11 Homer A. Nelson, R.		33	
12 Wm. Irvine, R.		33	
13 Reuben E. Fenton, R.		33	
14 Wm. Murray, R.		33	
15 Wm. Wall, R.		33	
16 Wm. Irvine, R.		33	
17 Wm. H. Robertson, R.		33	
18 Chauncey F. Cleveland, R.		33	
19 Richard Franchot, R.		33	
20 Roscoe L. Conkling, R.		33	
21 Richard Franchot, R.		33	
22 Wm. H. Robertson, R.		33	
23 Andrews W. Clark, R.		33	
24 Chas. B. Sedgwick, R.		33	
25 Theo. M. Pomeroy, R.		33	
26 Jas. S. Wadsworth, R.		33	
27 Wm. H. Ward, R.		33	
28 Geo. R. Dunning, R.		33	
29 Alex. S. Diven, R.		33	
30 Wm. Dorsheimer, R.		33	
31 Wm. Hogan, R.		33	
32 Augustus C. Hall, R.		33	
OHIO.			
1 Geo. H. Pendleton, O.			21
2 John A. Gurley, R.		21	
3 Wm. Vandever, R.		21	
4 Jas. M. Ashley, R.		21	
5 Chas. A. Wickliffe, O.			21
6 Vallandigham, O.			21
7 Robt. Hartzell, O.			21
8 Samuel Shellabarger, O.			21
9 Warren P. Noble, R.		21	
10 Carey A. Trimble, R.		21	
11 Chas. H. Reader, R.		21	
12 Samuel S. Cox, O.			21
13 Rufus P. Ranney, R.		21	
OREGON.			
1 Vacancy.			
PENNSYLVANIA.			
1 Wm. H. Lemmon, O.			26
2 Chas. J. Biddle, O.			26
3 Thos. B. Cooper, O.			26
4 Wm. D. Kelley, R.		26	
5 John Hickman, R.		26	
6 Jas. R. Cooper, O.			26
7 Henry E. Ane, O.			26
8 Thad. Stevens, R.		26	
9 John W. Killinger, R.		26	
10 Vacancy.			
11 James H. Campbell, R.		26	
12 Vacancy.			
13 H. B. Wright, U.			
14 Galusha A. Grow, R.		26	
15 Wm. H. Wilson, R.		26	
16 James T. Hale, R.		26	
17 Edw. McPherson, R.		26	
RHODE ISLAND.			
1 Thos. A. Jenckes, R.		2	
2 Wm. Sprague, R.		2	
SOUTH CAROLINA.			
1 Wm. Porcher Miles, O.			4
2 Wm. Aiken, O.			4
3 Lawrence M. Keitt, O.			4
4 Vacancy.			
TENNESSEE.			
1 Thos. A. R. Nelson, O.			10
2 Horace Maynard, R.		10	
3 John H. Thomas, R.		10	
4 Wm. B. Campbell, O.			10
5 Andrew Johnson, O.			10
6 Emerson Etheridge, O.			10
7 Vacancy.			
8 Vacancy.			
9 Isham G. Harris, O.			10
TEXAS.			
1 Louis T. Wigfall, O.			2
2 John H. Reagan, O.			2
VERMONT.			
1 Portus Baxter, R.		5	
2 Wm. Hall, R.		5	
3 Geo. P. Peter, R.		5	
4 Luke Hamilton, R.		5	
5 Justin S. Morrill, R.		5	
VIRGINIA.			
1 Joseph Segar, O.			8
2 Wm. G. Brown, O.			8
3 Geo. W. Hopkins, O.			8
4 Vacancy.			
5 Vacancy.			
6 Vacancy.			
7 Vacancy.			
8 Vacancy.			
WISCONSIN.			
1 John V. Peter, R.		3	
2 Luc. Hanchett, R.		3	
3 A. Scott Sloan, R.		3	

TERRITORIAL DELEGATES.

NEBRASKA.	NEW MEXICO.
Samuel G. Daily.	John S. Watts.
WASHINGTON.	COLORADO.
Colonel Wallace.	H. P. Bennet.
DAKOTA.	NEVADA.
John H. Todd.	John Cradlebaugh.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Shakespeare Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and Mill Cadets.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the regiments and companies and other Lowell soldiers at Fort Warren, on THURSDAY, 5th inst.

Packages for the box may be left at the rooms each evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, till 12 M., on Thursday, the day of sending.

W. G. WISE, Secretary.
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of Miss ROGERS' School will commence on Monday, December 9th, when instruction will be given in the French and English branches, including Music, Drawing, Painting, Calisthenics, Reading and Spelling. Two lessons a week will be given in Dancing.

Tuition, under pupils.....$5.00
French extra.....10.00
Commences Dec. 9, 1861. nov18dw2w

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Maryland,
Map of the United States.

The above named Maps are officially adopted by the various armies and navies, and are the most correct and accurate. The public are invited to call and examine them at the General Ticket Office, 122 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, where said Maps are on sale.

nov18 1m*114

The place to purchase custom made Boots.

Choice of almost every description at reasonable prices is at KITTREDGE'S, 24 Kirk Block. nov25d7

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to OCTOBER 21st, 1861, inclusive, are requested to call at the Police Court during afternoon office hours.

nov25 3t* P. BADGER, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest, and running three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank, Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.

November 29, 1861. 3d*dw

MILK HOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE MEETING. The third meeting of the Republican Committee of ten-sixty-two, to which was referred the matter of selecting a candidate for mayor, and also candidates for aldermen, was held last evening. The business transacted by the committee was in perfect liberty to make public, although the persons agreed upon cannot be regarded as candidates till after the report is duly accepted in public meeting, to which they were instructed to report; the meeting which raised this committee, stands adjourned to the call of its officers. The selections for candidates made by this committee are as follows:—

For Mayor, John W. Graves.

For Aldermen at large, C. B Coburn, and A. L. Waite. Ward 1, John L. Chesley; 2, W. A. Burke; 3, Nathan Allen; 4, F. H. Nourse; 5, Peter Lawson; 6, Ephraim Brown.

For Clerk of the Police Court, S. P. Hadley, Jr.

The committee made each of the above nominations unanimous. They will report to a general caucus—as we have before said—to be called by the officers of the late Republican caucus in Jackson Hall. If the nominations are adopted, they will go upon the ticket, with the candidates for councilmen, school committee, and ward officers, yet to be selected in ward meetings.

It is quite probable that the report of the committee will be accepted and its recommendations adopted by the meeting, whenever it re-assembles. With this view, it may properly be concluded that we have in the field the Republican nominees for mayor and aldermen, to be voted for on Monday next. The whole ticket, as far as presented, is a strong one; and it will be a matter of no little difficulty for the Citizens' Committee to make a more equally good. Dr. Graves has been a citizen of Lowell for upward of thirty years, and there are but few who have long lived in Lowell to whom he is unknown. By education he is amply qualified for the place for which he has been selected; and his experience otherwise is no less to his advantage. He served, in 1850–1 as senator in the Massachusetts legislature; and previous to that date was one year in the board of aldermen. As city physician and school committeeman, he is well known and remembered. Judging from his past respectable services, we cannot doubt, should the meeting soon to be held, accept him as a candidate for mayor, that he will receive "a second the motion" and declare it a vote, that the city's interest will be well guarded by Dr. Graves.

The candidates for aldermen certainly are no less acceptable. At least four of the number have had experience in the city council—some of them in both boards. They are well practical, business men, and each has "troops of friends" who, if they desire their election, will be hard to over-come, no matter how strong a ticket is nominated against them.

To-morrow evening the Citizens' Committee meet to make their nominations, and we shall probably be able to announce on whom they have agreed, the following afternoon.

LECTURES ON PROPHECY. The Rev. M. Baxter, of the Episcopal Church, gives free admission lectures in Mechanics' Hall this and Thursday evening, at a quarter to eight o'clock, upon "the coming of Christ about 1864–68." "Spiritualism as a sign of the times," is part of the subject this evening.

THE young school, at the free chapel, commences on Wednesday afternoon, December 4th, at 2 o'clock. Open to all.—The members of the school have access to the juvenile library of the chapel.

EX LOWELL MEN RUNNING FOR OFFICE. In Chelsea, yesterday, Dr. Chas. A. Davis was elected one of the School Committee; in New Bedford, Rev. Wm. S. Studley was also elected a member of the School Committee; while Moses G. Howe was a candidate for the Common Council. In Lawrence, W. H. P. Wright was elected Mayor.

THE Soldiers' Aid Association (as will be seen by their advertisement) send a box to the Lowell Companies at Portress Monroe on the 5th inst.

POLICE COURT. There were no cases before the tribunal to-day.

EXAMINATION OF ALEXANDER C. PETERS. The examination of this man, charged with poisoning his wife, in this city, on the 20th of last October, by giving to her soluble salts of lead, commenced before the Police Court yesterday afternoon. J. S. Morse, District Attorney, appeared for the Commonwealth, and Sweetser & Gardner for the defence.

The following witnesses were examined —D. H. Gordon, T. W. Pressey, Dr. A. A. Hayes, of Boston, Dr. Wm. Bass.

TESTIMONY OF D. H. GORDON.

Was called upon October 23rd by Dr. Birmingham, to bury the wife of Mr. Peters. The remains were exhumed on the 24th. Present were Dr. Burnham & Bass, coroner Pressey, and the jury were present.

TESTIMONY OF T. W. PRESSEY.

Took the contents of the stomach of Mrs. Peters, when her body was exhumed, and poured it from a basin into a small basin, and took it next day (Oct. 25th) to Boston, and left it with Dr Hayes for the purpose of being analyzed. Dr. Hayes was there after the until he came to my office on the night of the 27th, and he gave himself up. Came to him to the Marshal's office. Deputy Marshal Hood asked him where he had been. He said he had been to Boston. Deputy Marshal Hood asked him where he had been. He said he had been to Boston on business, and I told him he might arrange that with the officers.

TESTIMONY OF DR. A. A. HAYES.

Received of Mr. Pressey a vial, on the 25th of October, which held about 6 ounces. It contained a stomach and liver. Found inside of the inner membrane of the stomach a compound of lead. Oxide of lead, which was also found in the tissues. The inner and outward surfaces near the two orifices of the stomach. The mucous membrane of the stomach adjacent to the orifices was only a small quantity of fluid contents of the stomach. The whole of the contents denoted that it was mixed with blood; the contents of the vial were poured into two different ways—one to see if corrosive mineral poisons had been employed to produce the effect indicated, and the other to find any organic poisons which might be in the tissues or blood. No organic poisons or other substances except lead, were found in sufficient quantities to produce death; found 3 67-100 grains of oxide of lead; it was impossible to obtain the whole; a part might have been passed through the intestines; the salt of lead has a sweet taste at first; can form a compound with albumen in the stomach; did not think that the state of the stomach was the direct cause of death; its state gives indication that a poison was administered in a diluted state and another poison in a concentrated state, divided so as to have the effect on the different parts; cannot say how much lead would cause death; in some cases a very small amount of lead will be fatal; in other cases large quantities does might be administered without producing the effects of poison; the symptoms of poisoning are so various that he could not describe; there are recorded instances of persons living for days after taking a very large quantity of lead; it was impossible to obtain the whole; a part might have

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A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been so up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever remained healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not suppose I state above as mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even foster your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful now than when out the Union. I have occasion to use it when travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, as I have to ride as I often am in two months by land and water, and find it to be the best preparation for dressing and exhibiting in effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons whose hair I honored it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, I proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but some other new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have known two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are worthless. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of which they know there is no merit, or at least has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brain enough to write an advertisement, as I never they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for a few months, others for a year, and still others for two years, and the hair is still growing and the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your origin and place of residence here, but found you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,597, will receive prompt attention.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I send you a statement which I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. am now over 57 years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and wellless. I used many a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and concluded there was « ore fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have as much of possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I concluded I would make the experiment, one month ago to a small bottle. I am one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions, regularly as I used. I soon discovered the dance if removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the roots. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and a fourth is now on hand. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light, as I had in any years past, and had in my youthful days, when a boy in the State of Western Virginia. My hair is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair around on my scalp is full of vigor, as well as soft, and free from oily, as the sigh just from the hands of a French dry goods clerk. Many of my neighbors see frequently say to me, "Feller wants old you—but how will?" I tell them it is the effect of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to restore hair to its color, and fineness of the original, but I do say, that the hair should be restored, and the scalp be rid of itch, by the use of your Restorative, and one bottle will do it.

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JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary to the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

we, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books,
Pamph lets,
Circulars,
Addresses,
Programmes,
Town Reports,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN and FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand a large and good stock of post-paper and commercial note, and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards ready for writing.*

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. C. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy or HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE GANDI AT DEBILITY AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH AND TORPID LIVER.

They are sure and are numerously by leading Physicians of the country, and will when by they pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES L. FULLER writes from Newville, Pinckney, O., "The Bitters are giving perfect satisfaction. I have sold more of them than of any other medicine I ever kept."

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, December 4, 1861.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Fellow-Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives.

In the midst of unprecedented political troubles, we have great cause of gratitude to God for unusual good health, and most abundant harvests.

You will not be surprised to learn that, in the peculiar exigencies of the times, our intercourse with foreign nations has been attended with profound solicitude, chiefly turning upon our great domestic attitude. A disloyal portion of the American people have during the whole year been engaged in an attempt to divide and destroy the Union. A nation which endures factions of domestic divisions is exposed to disrespect abroad, and one party, if not both, is sure, sooner or later, to invoke foreign intervention. Nations thus tempted to interfere are not always able to resist the counsels of seeming expediency and deferred present ambition, although measures adopted under such inducement, seldom fail to be unfavorable and injurious to those adopting them.

The disloyal citizens of the United States who have offered the hand of connivance, and in return for the aid and comfort they have invoked abroad, have received favor, patronage and encouragement than they probably expected. If it were just to suppose, as the insurgents have seemed to assume, that foreign nations, in this case discarding all moral sense, would act solely and selfishly for the most speedy restoration of commerce, including especially the acquisition of cotton, those nations appear as yet not to have even theoretically set any value upon directly or clearly through the destruction than through the preservation of the Union.

If we could dare to believe that foreign nations are actuated by no other than worthy motive than I am quite sure a sound argument could be made to show them that they can reach their ends more readily and easily by aiding to crush this rebellion, than by giving encouragement to it. Much the most important service rendered by any one nation to another, which is now imperiled, is the vindication by the former of the principle that government is instituted for the benefit of the governed, whose powers are derived from their consent, and whose right it is to change their rulers according to their pleasure. This principle, the life of our own republic, is the very principle upon which rest the justice and the stability of our Government deriving its power as it does, directly from the loyal, virtuous, patriotic and intelligent portion of the American people. The correspondence of Europe with this Government during the present month has failed to provide chaplains for the new regiments authorized to be volunteers. The bill which was brought to my notice, and which I was induced to draw up in the form of a letter, conferring the right upon the Secretary of War to appoint chaplains, with the pay and allowances of those of the regular army, was duly considered, and finally passed by the Senate, but failed in the House of Representatives for want of time. I therefore renew the recommendation of the measure, and express the hope that it will receive favorable consideration.

The large addition to the regular army in connection with the defection that has so considerably diminished the number of its officers gives peculiar importance to his recommendation for increasing the corps of cadets, to the greatest capacity of the military academy.

I renew the recommendation of my predecessor in his annual message to Congress in December last, in regard to the disposition of the surplus coin belonging to the several mints. It consists chiefly of gold recently coined, and principally drawn from the mint of California. The amount of this coin now in the vaults of the mints greatly exceeds the demands upon them, and is likely to increase beyond the country's requirements before the meeting of Congress. In view of these facts, I renew the recommendation before made, that authority be given for the sale of these surplus coins at their market value, and that the proceeds be deposited in the Treasury.

The report of the Secretary of the Navy presents in detail the operations of that branch of the service, the activity and energy which have characterized its administration, and the results of the measures taken to increase its efficiency and power. Since the commencement of the present year, the Navy has been actively employed in the suppression of the insurrection. Besides maintaining the blockade of the coasts of the insurrectionary States, it has been constantly engaged in the effort to capture the many vessels which have been fitted out as privateers, or to prey upon our commerce. Many of these vessels have been captured, and many more have been driven to seek refuge in foreign ports, from which they will not be able to issue during the war. The activity displayed by our naval officers in the pursuit of the pirates, and the judicious and energetic measures adopted by the Department for the protection of our commerce, have been very successful. The naval force of the United States afloat and on the lakes, is now much larger than at any former period, and constantly increasing by new additions to the squadrons in service, and by the construction of new vessels. The Navy Department has displayed great energy and sagacity in the selection and purchase of vessels suitable for the special service required of them, and in the conversion of them into ships of war. The Secretary has been ably supported by the officers in the several bureaus of the Department, and by the gallant officers in command afloat, and the general conduct of the business of the Department has been marked with success.

The large addition to the number of vessels of war, and the immediate requirements of the service, have developed the necessity of an increase of the force of officers, both commissioned and warrant, and the Secretary has taken measures to procure the services of the most competent officers that could be obtained for the performance of duties for which officers of the regular navy are not available. The complement of officers in the navy is entirely inadequate to the requirements of the service, and the secretary has been obliged to call into the service a large number of persons not belonging to the navy, to command vessels and perform other duties. I recommend that a law be passed increasing the number of officers in the several grades in the navy, and providing for the appointment of a sufficient number of midshipmen to supply vacancies that may occur in the lower grades of the service. The present organization is defective and unsatisfactory, and the suggestions submitted by the Department will, it is believed, if adopted, obviate the difficulties complained of, promote the efficiency of the service, and increase the harmony and usefulness of the officers of the navy.

The Secretary's views on the benefit of the Supreme Court—two by the accession of Justice Daniel and McLean, and one by the resignation of Justice Campbell—will be found worthy of consideration. I have no suggestion to make in addition to those submitted by the Secretary at this time, and when one is made, I will not only present it myself, but also a valuable paper transmitted to me by a citizen of Illinois, on all the subject.

Some treaties designed chiefly for the interest of commerce, and having no grave political importance have been negotiated and will be submitted to the Senate for their consideration. Although we have failed to insure respect for the commercial powers to adopt a neutrality in the question of the right of maritime war, we have renewed all the principal treaties on this subject, except such as are merely of temporary nature.

The operations of the Treasury during the period which has elapsed since your adjournment have been conducted with signal success. The patriotism of the people has placed at the disposal of the Government the large means required by the public exigencies. Much of the national loan has been taken by citizens of the industrial classes, whose confidence in their country's faith, as well as in her power to sustain her honor and integrity in its present peril, have induced them to contribute to the support of the Government the whole of their limited aggregations. This fact imposes peculiar obligations to economy in disbursements and energy in action.

The revenue from all sources, including loans for the financial year ending on the 30th of June, 1861, was $86 385,909 27. And the expenditures for the same period, including payments on account of the public debt, were $84 578 024 47, leaving a balance in the treasury on the 1st of July, 1861, of $2,257,965 80. For the first quarter of the financial year beginning on the 1st of July, 1861, the receipts from all sources, including the balance of July 1, were $102 252 607 27, and the expenditures $98 239 733 09, leaving a balance on the 1st of October, 1861, of $4,292,776 18.

Estimates for the remaining three-quarters of the year, and for the financial year of 1863, together with the necessary ways and means for meeting the demands contemplated by them, will be submitted to you by the Secretary of the Treasury.

It is gratifying to know that the expenses made necessary by the rebellion are not beyond the resources of a loyal people, and to believe that the same patriotism that has thus far sustained the Government will continue to sustain it till peace and Union shall again bless the land.

I respectfully refer to the report of the Secretary of War for information respecting the numerical strength of the army and for recommendations having in view an increase of its efficiency and the well-being of the various branches of the service entrusted to his care.

It is gratifying to know that the patriotism of the people has proved equal to the occasion, and that the number of troops tendered greatly exceeds the force which Congress authorized me to call into the field. I refer, with pleasure to those portions of his report, which make allusions to the creditable degree of discipline already attained by our troops, and to the excellent sanitary condition of the entire army. The recommendations of the Secretary for an organization of the militia upon a uniform basis, is a subject of vital importance to the future safety of the country, and is commended to the serious attention of Congress.

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the insurrection has been especially felt in the operations of the Patent and General Land offices. The cash receipts from the latter have exceeded the expenses of our land system only about one hundred thousand dollars. The sales have been entirely suspended in the Southern States, while the interruptions to the business of the country, and the diversion of large numbers of men from labor to military service, have obstructed settlement in the new States and territories of the Northwest.

The receipts of the patent office have declined in some months about $100,000, rendering a large reduction of the force employed necessary to make itself sustaining.

The demands upon the Pension Office will be largely increased by the insurrection. Numerous applications for pensions, based upon the casualties of the existing war, have already been made. There is reason to believe that many who are now upon the pension rolls, in receipt of the bounty of the Government, are in the ranks of the insurgent army or giving them aid and comfort. The Secretary of the Interior has directed a suspension of payments of the pensions of such persons upon proof of their disloyalty. I recommend that Congress authorize that officer to cause the names of persons known to be stricken from the pension roll.

The relations of the Government with the Indian tribes have been greatly disturbed by the insurrection, especially in the Southern superintendency and that of New Mexico. The Indian country south of Kansas is in possession of the insurgents from Texas and Arkansas. The agents of the United States appointed since the 4th of March for the tribes in that country have been unable to reach their posts, while the most of those who were in office at that time have espoused the insurrection in any cases and assume to exercise the powers of agents by virtue of commissions issued from the insurrectionists. It has been reported that a portion of the Indians have been organized as military force, and are attached to the army of the insurgents. The most friendly disposition seems to exist among the tribes within the superintendency of Kansas, and the agent has succeeded in establishing a large force for any purpose of the Government.

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Apparently some of these charlatans have not brain enough to write an advertisement in a manner they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have known the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff and every disease of the scalp head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me, for corroboration of statements in me, care box No. 1,797, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly, JAMES WHITE M. D.

ST. LOUIS, July 31, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I select you a statement that I think you are entitled to. I am a boy 15 years old, a resident of this city, and have been for several years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years I have had a bald head, remarkably so for the last ten years, my head was very stiff and to [illegible]. I had been a young lad of [illegible] of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was no medicine [illegible] to [illegible] entertaining a strong desire to have no baby. I purchased, however, a bottle of your Restorative, and [illegible] it was my misfortune to have a bald head, but [illegible] to [illegible] my head with your Restorative. I [illegible] to [illegible] my head with your Restorative. I [illegible] to [illegible] my head with your Restorative. I

THE DAILY COURIER
Thursday, December 5, 1861.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. We presume that most of our readers have ere this made themselves familiar with the message of President Lincoln. It is a plain-spoken document, and will not change the opinion of any one as to the straightforward character of the President. He has taken up the various points that were suggested to his mind and has discussed them without circumlocution or verbosity or language. What the message lacks in brilliancy is amply made up in perspicuity; and so far as we have been able to observe, the calm, settled, straightforward purposes of the President, as far as shadowed forth in the document, receive the commendations of all parties.

Unquestionably the public generally expected more would be said by Mr. Lincoln upon the subject of slavery; but really there seems occasion for nothing more. Undoubtedly his policy is to be seen in the course that has been pursued by Generals Butler, Wool, Sherman and others; and as new exigencies are likely to arise at any time, the inexpediency of recommending a particular policy to be pursued relative to the slaves and the rebels, would, to say the least, be questionable.

The fact has been revealed, in a very singular manner, that there is a difference of opinion between the President and the Secretary of War on the question of slavery. Mr. Cameron taking the radical view of the question, as will be shown in a synopsis of his report, the publication of which we are compelled to defer till to-morrow. The existence of this difference was made public in the following manner:—After the report had been sent out for delivery to the newspapers in the principal cities, it became known that for some reason it had been recalled, and it was suspected that this was for the purpose of alteration as regards the obnoxious (slavery) topic. The surmise was well founded; for it appears that the report was recalled, a long passage expunged and another substituted—the latter diminishing the "bodies" in opinion between the President and the Secretary. It was of course proper, and was no doubt intended, that this substitution should be made, without disclosing to the country the significant nature and extent of the change. But the matter was so unskilfully managed by those having it in charge, that a New York paper had the report printed in the original form in its whole edition before being notified of the change, while a Worcester paper (Massachusetts) seems never to have been called upon to return its copy or to change its language.

This somewhat remarkable occurrence will of course be largely discussed, and by many of the radical men at the North the President will not find favor, but we are inclined to the belief that his conservative position on the "vexed question," at this time, is by far the best, and will soon set lead to the annihilation of the rebels. The whole message should be carefully read and studied, and it should never be forgotten that the stand point from which we view the important questions it discusses is vastly different from that occupied by the President.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY. The report of Secretary Welles embraces many points of general interest and importance, but we have not space for the discussion of our readers. The document is a plain, intelligible and simple statement of the work of the Naval Department of the Government since the 4th of March last. We are pleased to see that of the leading facts and figures he has presented. Our effective navy, at home and abroad, consisted, on the 4th of March last, of 42 vessels of all classes, carrying 555 guns and about 7,000 men. The Department set to work to repair and have put in commission the vessels lying at the various navy yards, unmanned and in ordinary; to have additional vessels constructed, and to purchase and fit out additional vessels; and so energetically was the work performed that we have now a navy of 264 vessels, of the aggregate tonnage of 218,016 tons, manned by about 22,000 seamen. The estimate of expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1863, is $44,625,665 42.

The Secretary, alluding to the blockade of 3000 miles of the Southern coast, does not attempt to show that it has been entirely effectual; but in this connection he speaks of the expeditions to the South, in connection with the land forces, and thinks much praise was never demanded of any government. To accomplish it the Department was obliged to call largely on the mercantile marine. The Secretary speaks favorably of the operations of the Potomac, which was then by hope upon till the close of October, when navigation became "dangerous," in consequence of the number of the enemy's batteries. The public is left in the dark as to whether any attempt will be made to remove those obstructions. The report alludes to the subject of blockading ports by sinking vessels, and states that the "close exploration" has gone to Charleston and Savannah.—"Thus, if effectually done, will prove the most economical and gratifying method of interdicting commerce."

He gives a succinct history of the capture of Forts Hatteras and Clark, on the North Carolina coast, by the Expedition under command of Gen. Butler, and of Forts Beauregard and Walker, at the entrance to Port Royal, by the expedition under command of Com. Dupont and Gen. Sherman; also of the occupation of Tybee Island, at the mouth of the Savannah river. This latter demonstration affords him the gratifying opportunity of saying that "the flag of the Union is again unfurled in Georgia." The report contains a short paragraph referring to the projected movement on the Mississippi river, but from it but little idea of the magnitude or purpose of the expedition can be inferred.

Mr. Welles explicitly and fully commends and endorses the action of Captain Wilkes in intercepting the Britishsteamer Trent, and taking from her the rebel commissioners Mason and Slidell. He does not speak of them as "ministers," or "commissioners," or "ambassadors," but only as "diplomatic citizens and leading conspirators." The prompt and decisive action of Capt. Wilkes," he says, "merited and received the public approval of the Department," and he intimates that the non-action of the Trent herself must not be regarded as a precedent hereafter.

On the subject of employing fugitives from labor, the Secretary says that if they have belonged to insurgents, they should be handed over to the custody of the Government; otherwise they should be cared for and employed in some useful manner. They might be enlisted to serve on our public vessels or in navy yards, or to dig pay for their labor. Should no employment be afforded, they are to be allowed to live peaceably and without restraint, or seek a livelihood elsewhere.

The Secretary recommends the organization of seven regiments, each to be commanded by a flag officer, the increase of our naval arm calling for the establishment of new grades in the service. The present rates of pay are also to be proportioned as to create no increase in the aggregate. No advancement above passed midshipman should take place, except on nomination by the President and confirmation by the Senate.

In the navy yards, though eleven thousand mechanics have been steadily employed, the Government has been obliged to resort to private yards, as urgent was the call for vessels of war. The Secretary makes no recommendations as to the great labor, but states that he has been *desired* to call attention to the magnitude of our interests in that quarter. The estimates presented at the extra session, it is said, are sixteen and a half million of dollars short of the expenses already incurred. The estimates for the ensuing year amount to $44,625,665 for all purposes.

We shall give a synopsis of the Secretary of War's report to-morrow.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF MASSACHUSETTS. The Governor and Council have completed the official count for State officers, at the late election. We give such as are of interest in this vicinity.

FOR GOVERNOR.

John A. Andrew,	65,281
Henry Wilson,	51,264
All others,	704

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

John Z. Goodrich,	64,916
Edwin C. Bailey,	29,710
All others,	236

COUNCILLOR—THIRD DISTRICT.

James M. Shute,	9,439
John M. P. Osborn,	5,407
All others,	39

SENATOR FOR MIDDLESEX FOURTH DISTRICT.

Walter Fessenden,	1,936
John M. Holmgreen,	1,870
All others,	9

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Horace P. Wakefield,	1,801
John W. Simonds,	916
All others,	1

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Daniel S. Richardson,	1,926
Nathan Allen,	1,635

CLERK OF COURTS.

Benjamin F. Ham, Cambridge,	12,378
Benjamin F. Ham, Natick,	5,044
All others,	11

The total vote for Governor is 97 321—a decrease of 72 288 from last year, when 169,609 votes were thrown, of which Andrew had 127 or 7,206 more than the total vote of this year.

This Senatorial District gives the largest total vote for Senator, of any district in the State—3 561. The Second Middlesex (Cambridge) District is next, with 3,341 votes, and the Third Essex (Lawrence and Haverhill) District is third, giving 3,303 votes.

R. H. EDDY, Esq., BOSTON, SOLICITOR OF PATENTS. We are glad to learn that Mr. Eddy has returned from Europe, and to the promise of his profession. There are few instances of more distinguished success in this country, than has attended the efforts of Mr. Eddy in this very difficult and complex department of business; and we take great pleasure in recording the fact, that as a patent attorney he stands pre-eminent. The essential qualities required are strict integrity and honor, strong powers of analysis, and quick perception, familiar acquaintance with patent law and patents. All these qualities we know Mr. Eddy to possess to a remarkable degree. For more than twenty years he has devoted his entire time and energies to perfect himself in this department, and there is no man equally competent to give advice to inventors, touching the validity of claims and the patentability of inventions. In prosecuting claims denied upon imperfectly prepared specifications, he has been particularly successful, a large part of his practice being appeals in cases where patents have been refused two and three times in consequence of inexperience and incompetency in preparing papers.—We confidently recommend Mr. Eddy to all who are in want of any information on the subject, and can assure them that implicit reliance may be placed in any statements he may make.

The celebrated Parson (P. T.) Barnum, late of Bull Run, has been promoted at Fortress Monroe for Brave Deeds, commanding 16th of July, 1861.

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

The news to-day is meagre and not very important. There is nothing from Washington and vicinity, except that the rebel force in the vicinity of Manassas is estimated at 60,000.

Fortress Monroe dispatches state that a flag-of-war engagement between the United States gunboats Hetzel, Seymour, Whitehall and Sharrap, took place Monday, about five miles above Newport News, which lasted about two hours. No loss of life on either side is reported.

From Missouri and the West. The country west of Sedalia is again reported to be overrun by numerous bands of from 50 to 75 men, who represent that they are going into winter quarters.

The New York *Herald* says that another naval and military expedition is about to start from St. Louis and Cairo, under the direction of Gens. Halleck and Com. Foote, comprising a force of from 80,000 to 100,000 men. The destination of this grand expedition and its points of attack will undoubtedly be Columbus, Ky.; Fort Wright, Hand, Iph and Harris, in Tennessee, and possibly the city of Memphis.—The expedition on the Mississippi will employment be afforded; they are to be allowed to live peaceably and without restraint, or seek a livelihood elsewhere.

The Secretary recommends the organization of seven regiments, each to be commanded by a flag officer, the increase of our naval arm calling for the establishment of new grades in the service. The present rates of pay are also to be proportioned as to create no increase in the aggregate. No advancement above passed midshipman should take place, except on nomination by the President and confirmation by the Senate.

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We shall give a synopsis of the Secretary of War's report to-morrow.

"NOT" "SOUND." Mr. A young lady at Lewiston quizzed some dry goods clerks, by calling for a "farthingale," and none of them knew enough to supply the article, though it was abundantly displayed before their faces. Webster's Unabridged defines "farthingale" to mean "a hooped petticoat, or circles of hoops used to extend the petticoat."

PERSONAL. Susan L. Forrest, widow of Lieut. Forrest, sergeant of Company G, Mass. chasseurs Volunteers, killed at the battle of Bull Run, has been promoted at $120 per annum for Brave Deeds, commanding 16th of July, 1861.

CITY AND COUNTY.

ABSCONDED GUILTY.

The Republicans of Lowell are invited to attend the Grand Rally at Huntington Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 5th, to hear the Report of the Republican Committee, and Nominations for Municipal Officers. A full attendance is desired.

L. B. Mason, Secretary.

WARD CAUCUSES.

The Republicans of the City are requested to meet in their respective Ward Rooms on FRIDAY EVENING next, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing a Ward Committee and a Committee on Caucuses, Second Comparison and Nominations, and Checking Committees. The City Committee will meet at Huntington Hall. A full attendance is desired.

Lowell, Dec. 5, 1861. Republican City Committee.

LOST.

LOST, on Saturday, a GOLD PENCIL CASE, with a Gold Pencil. Any person finding the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office. dec5 1

GIRLS WANTED.

WANTED, a few girls to learn the art of Weaving. Also, a few girls to work in the Spinning Room. Apply to JAMES F. DUTTON & CO., Dracut. dec5 1

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES.

The Winter Term of MISS HOOPER'S School will commence on the first Monday in December. The following branches will be given in the French and English translations: Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, History, Grammar, Composition, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, Book-keeping and Algebra. The session is 22 weeks. Terms per quarter:

Pupils under nine years,	$3.00
French extra,	1.00
Instrumental Music,	10.00

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia.
Map of the State of Kentucky.
Map of the Eleven Southern States.

Also, a large assortment of Rebel Flags, Stamped Envelopes, Pocket Maps, Stationery, and everything else needed in these times. Wholesale and Retail. Agents wanted in every town. Send for circulars. Address, P. B. HAZLET, Jr., Clerk. nov18 1m

NOTICE.

Persons who were subscribers to the Lowell Courier, and who have not received their papers, by reason of my absence, will please call at the Courier Office, and receive the same. Those who have not paid for the Courier, will please do so at KITTREDGE & CO.'S, 4 Middle st. nov30d

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time thrie was not a gray hair to be found, nor has there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it necessary to mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known abroad, and even more wonderfully known throughout the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and reliable in its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that I had not announced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where it is proved, to prolong the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price, and after using two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have never even purchased, it is astonishing that people will patron ize an article of no reputation here, from what I can learn, and has been proved beyond a doubt.
Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as in some they have copied my advertisement, and in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.
I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than ——— persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.
I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you had moved long in New York.
You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,027, will receive prompt attention.
Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.
BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.
DEAR SIR: I want you to understand that I am entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been such for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was a core fiction than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would make the experiment, considering it a small sum to pay, after one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as given by us I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown hair, as right thick hair as ever grew on my head in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft and fine, and as glossy as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me: "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" Then tell them of the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head.
Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be set aside by any counterfeit. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case where a desired result, and it receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of these few genuine remedies on which accomplishes all that is claimed and all the bold can gray could desire.—Columbus Sun.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now manufactured by Prof. Wood is superior to any we have ever used. We have seen many an hirsute testimonial by one of these ever-shaved gentlemen in which from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most unexceptionable character. Don't say till you have tried this Restorative.—Boston Olive Branch.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the case of ten there is not one worthy of it, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all those who are in failing off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Fairy Linden, has used it, and discovered the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all weak and hard heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—Saturday Gazette.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to have some great efficacy in restoring the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald from disease, and where the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore generally available for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate the humors which cause impurities, which operate injuriously to the hair. It also imparts a most delightful perfume. Its description is. In many cases a pleasant one. Experience of the sale direct we know that it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the use of this remedy, as its effects are very beneficial, as the compound, if it does not bring a healthful improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly harmless.—Boston Evening Gazette, February 23, 1859.

A GENTLE HINT. If our capacity as counselor or a public monitor, we are called upon to advertise the new No. 6 of Leaf Leaves, which claims to be unsurpassed in its completion and in all that is calculated to please, with that instinct we instruct readers to discriminate. In one instance, however, we refer to Wood's Restorative—we are well assured of the notable qualities of the article, and can give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Every one who has a head of hair is universally known to be negligent. Like lions or guinea on enchanted land, it must be stronger whoever applied. Our own thatch is extensively healthy, but we advise our friends who sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—Columbia Spy.

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT AMERICAN HAIR TONIC THE FIELD. Professor Wood also claims to restore gray hair to its original color. This has been tried to a considerable extent, and was almost universally successful. Its reputation as a hair tonic has ever since been on the increase, and has become a household word wide, and thousands who have used it as a tonic or hair dye for years are now through the use of this preparation, wearing their own hair, and in all cases a beautiful dressing. So much for testimony, the chemistry of human hair, and the laws which govern the formation of its color, &c. Well, Wood studied out this formula, and has given it to the world for use, its does as we know to restore the dead hair to many of our own acquaintance, and in our own case, to restore it to its natural color, the age of 50 years. Wood's Hair Restorative is good and he believes that he is not could be naturally restored. He need only to use moderately to be bold and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven.—He restored his own hair to its original color and beauty, and the article he sold it with, he gave to his friend. We could point to half a DOZEN in and have nothing else.—New York Day Book.

Prepared by O. J. WOOD, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 312 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
Is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of
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Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
we, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the COUNTY and STATE, and would call upon all interested to them, and at
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
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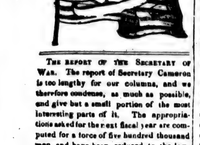
Court Dockets, Writs and Constitutions of Societies, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Mammoth Posters, &c. &c.
PANOT BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, done with the richest variety of borders, &c.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS
for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or BOOKS of every made, and with the richest variety of borders.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl paper, fine and commercial note and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs of 100 hundreds to be cut to order.
E. J. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy or
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
Dr. JAMES L. LEE says: "I have used in my practice, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by all who use them. I have used them myself, and my liver complaint."
REV. HUNT writes from Jackson, Jackson Co., Ohio, as to when where Fever and Ague prevails: I find by experience that they are a sovereign remedy in all cases of fever and ague, and I have used them in my family for years, and have found them a safe and sure remedy."
PRICES.—Full Pint Bottle, $1.00; Half Bottle, 50; Quarter Bottle, $3 per bottle.
☞ Remember! The genuine is always accompanied regularly for CASTIGATE CASES, in a form of all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, as is that I warranted as successful in all cases of Fever and Ague, or Bilious Fever.
☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. Some persons have attempted to imitate the name especially of Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON'S CELEBRATED INSTITUTE FOR CURE OF DISEASES, No. 35 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This spurious remedy is sold by druggists generally throughout the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad, who may prefer to consult Dr. Richardson personally.
CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over Two Hundred Spurious Bitters are sold to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, and that over Two Hundred Men are in a More of this sum comes out of a class of 18 years old, and over 1,000 in a class of 21. Don't be cheated by such men. Don't be cheated by such men. Don't be cheated by such men

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, December 6, 1861.



THE REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR. The report of Secretary Cameron is too lengthy for our columns, and we therefore condense, as much as possible, and give but a small portion of the most interesting parts of it. The appropriations asked for the next fiscal year are computed for a force of five hundred thousand men, and have been reduced to the lowest possible amounts consistent with the public interests. The cavalry force is an item of heavy expense, and has reached a numerical strength more than adequate to the wants of the service. As it can only be maintained at a great cost, measures will be taken for its gradual reduction. The Secretary acknowledges his indebtedness to the Governors of the different States for their effective aid in organizing the present great army of the Union.

The following table, giving the strength of the Union army, is from Secretary Cameron's report:—

States.	VOLUNTEERS.		
	Three Mos.	For the War.	Aggr.
California,		4,000	4,000
Connecticut,	2,226	11,794	14,020
Delaware,	775	2,000	2,775
Illinois,	4,911	14,844	19,755
Indiana,	6,068	37,332	62,915
Iowa,	993	11,000	12,000
Kentucky,		14,000	18,040
Maine,	766	13,000	13,766
Maryland,		7,000	7,000
Massachusetts,	3,456	20,000	23,456
Michigan,	761	20,650	20,761
Minnesota,		4,000	4,000
Missouri,	9,356	22,000	31,356
New Hampshire,	779	5,000	5,779
New Jersey,	2,068	9,342	12,410
New York,	10,158	100,000	110,158
Ohio,	10,946	31,395	41,341
Pennsylvania,	13,000	100,000	113,000
Rhode Island,	1,262	2,000	3,262
Vermont,	780	6,000	6,780
Virginia,	778	12,000	12,778
Wisconsin,	792	13,000	13,792
Kansas,		5,000	5,000
Colorado,		1,000	1,000
Nebraska,		2,500	2,500
Nevada,		1,000	1,000
New Mexico,	1,062	1,000	2,062
District of Columbia,	2,823	5,000	7,823
	77,370	560,637	718,517

Estimated strength of the regular army, including the new regiments and an addition of 2 companies to each of C. corps of July 29, 1861, ... 20,734

Total, ... 68,071

The several arms of the service are estimated as follows:

	Vol. Reg'r.	Aggr.
Infantry,	465,104	515,666
Cavalry,	39,564	4,744
Artillery,	12,800	13,800
Colored Sharpshooters,	9,000	9,000
Engineers,	107	107
	64,637	543,317

In alluding to the loyalty of the North and the free men within the army, he says:—

So thoroughly aroused was the national heart, that I have no doubt that if we would have been unable to call it, and, under the department, I felt compelled to restrict it to the strictest necessity, the patriotic fervor of the people to increase the force to one which would, in the two months, with a view to a more speedy restoration of the war, or to enable it shall be confined to the strength already fixed by law.

In the latter case, with the object of raising the volunteer force to 500,000, I propose, with the consent of Congress, to complete the number of regiments by from time to time full below the required standard. The addition of this number will decrease the number of officers and proportionately diminish the expense of the army.

In April, 75,000 volunteers were called upon to assist for three months' service, and responded with such alacrity as to 87,- 678 were immediately obtained. Under the authority of the act of Congress of July 22nd 1861, the States were asked to furnish 500,000 volunteers to serve for three years, or during the war, and by this act supposed the 75 b of the same month, the addition of 25,000 men to the regular army of the United States was authorized. The result is, that we have an army of upward of 600,000 men. If we deduct from the number of the discharged three months volunteers, the aggregate will be equal to the Government since April last exceeds 700,000 men.

We have the evidence of the unconditional strength of our institutions. Without conscription, levies, drafts, or other extraordinary expedients, we have raised a greater force than that which, gathered by Napoleon with the aid of all the forces appliances, were considered an evidence of his wonderful genius and the triumph of the military spirit of the French nation. Were every man is interested in the government, and rushes to its defence when danger's beset it.

By reference to the records of the Revolution, it will be seen that 34 counties, with a population of 350,000, had at one time 50,000 troops in the field, or one-seventh of her people—a force greatly exceeding the whole number of troops furnished by all the Southern States during the war. Should the present loyal States furnish troops in like proportion, there would undoubtedly would be the case, should a emergency demand it, the government could promptly put into the field an army of over three millions.

He speaks of the re-establishment of the Union at various points, and doubts not that the army now assembled on the banks of the Potomac will, under its able leader, soon make such an advance as will establish its authority throughout all the rebellious States."

He has authorized the enlargement of the capacity of the Springfield Armory, so that during the next year it will be able to produce two hundred thousand Springfield rifles. A special agent had been sent abroad with a military commission to purchase arms, a portion of which have already been received. He recommends the establishment of a National Armory for the manufacture of heavy cannon.

He recommends that a Committee of Congress be appointed to devise and report a plan for the general organization of the militia of the United States so that they can be armed, organized and disciplined, and made effective at any moment for immediate service. He favors immediate provision for increasing the corps of Cadets to the greatest capacity of the Military Academy, and thinks that with trifling additional expense the establishment will accommodate five hundred pupils, the candidates to be taken only from the loyal States.

The efforts of good men and women in different States has, he says, put the army into an excellent sanitary condition. He recommends that the system of promotions which prevails in the regular service shall be applied to the volunteer forces, and that the number of Aids allowed to Generals shall be limited to the exigencies of the service.

It is recommended that Alexandria be re-annexed to the District of Columbia, and also to re-construct the boundaries of the States of Maryland, Virginia and Delaware, to give some assurance that the capital shall not hereafter be surprised by enemies within as well as from capture by forces from without. To this end the Secretary suggests that the State of New Virginia be so altered as to make her boundaries consist of the Blue Ridge on the east and Pennsylvania on the north, leaving those on the south and west as at present. By the arrangement Alleghany and Washington Counties in Maryland would be transferred to the jurisdiction of Virginia, and all that portion lying between the Blue Ridge and Chesapeake Bay would be brought into Maryland, and the peninsula between the Chesapeake and the Atlantic, would be incorporated into Delaware. The District of Columbia would be by this arrangement be brought into the middle of Maryland, which State would have the advantage of natural boundaries.

The official report of the Secretary closes with the following paragraph, which takes the place of five lines which were in the manuscript, but were expunged:

"It is already a grave question what shall be done with those slaves who are abandoned by their owners, on the advance of our troops, as at Beaufort. The number left within our control at that point is very considerable, and large numbers will probably occur. What shall be done with them? Can we afford to send them forward to their masters, to be by them armed against us or used in producing supplies to sustain the rebellion? Their labor may be useful to us. Withheld from the enemy it leaves his military resources, and withholding them has no to subsist and clothe the horses of insurrection, and in a retrograde movement, to consume a military resource, and being such, that they will not be carried over to the enemy, is a plain to discern. Why do positive harm or supplies by blockade and not also give them an active power to produce supplies? The disposition to be made of the slaves of rebels is a question of vital war can be safely left to the wisdom and patriotism of the Congress. The representatives of the people, fresh from their constituents, are to loyal watch jeers every right to which they are entitled under the construction of the country."

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. The ticket recommended by the committee was endorsed in a public meeting for the purpose of selecting candidates for municipal officers, we last evening held in force an adjournment once to-night in Hall, and we are gratified to say was heartily endorsed, as we expected it would be. I was in accordance with the following ticket, which we shall be found on the ballot-box to-morrow:

CITY AND COUNTY.

WARD CAUCUSES.

The Republicans of this city are invited to meet in their respective Ward Rooms on FRIDAY EVENING, December 6th, at 7 o'clock, to carry the resolution of the Republican County Committee, adopted at a meeting held Wednesday evening, Nov. 27th, to choose Delegates to a County Convention, to be held in this city on Saturday, for the purpose of nominating candidates before them for a full attendance.

Several nominees will address the meeting.

The Ordinary reserved for Ladies.

NATHAN ALLEN Chairman.

A. A. Ransom, Secretary. 6d&2w

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Maryland,
Map of the District of Columbia.

The also scanned Maps are officialand being drawn from actual surveys are vastly superior to the ordinary accuracy. The public are invited to call and examine them at the office of the Quartermaster General, Washington, adjoining the Merrimack House, where said Maps are for sale.

S. B. FARLEY,
nov19 Captain U. S. A. 1y[11

Those desire to purchase counties maps Boots and Sheets of almost every description, will find them for sale at KITTREDGE'S, 14 Merrimack St.

nov30d

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in recently cases, are hereby notified of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to OCTOBER 31st 1861, inclusive, to call at the Treasurer's office, in the Court House, and leave their address.

E. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes, bearing 6 per cent. interest, and running three years, on hand and for sale at the Treasurer's office, Court House, Lowell.

E. W. STICKNEY, Agent.
nov30 6d&1w

INSTRUCTION ON PIANO.

A few scholars received by a competent teacher. Inquire at 14 Merrimack Square, Lowell. 6d&1w

MILK WOOD

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

THE ALLEGANIES REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.—The adjourned meeting of the Republicans, to hear the report of the Committee to nominate mayor, aldermen and clerk of the police court, was held at Jackson Hall last evening, and was a very good attendance, and considerable enthusiasm.—Hon. Linus Child, chairman of the first meeting, occupied the chair, and Dr. L. B. Morse acted as secretary.

Dr. Ambrose Lawrence, chairman of the nominating committee, submitted their report prefacing it with a few remarks upon the importance of the nominees who had been nominated for the various offices.—Each name was received with applause, and the name of Dr. Graves especially so.

The candidates recommended were heartily and unanimously adopted by the caucus. Although no preparation had been made for speeches, a few gentlemen responded briefly, and spoke upon themselves among whom were Dr. Nathan Allen, R. B. Caverly, Charles Cowley, J. G. Peabody, J. C. Ayer, Frederic Holton, and others. The meeting was a very enthusiastic one, in spirting the election of their ticket next Monday by a handsome vote. The importance of maintaining the Republican party intact, is strongly urged upon the meeting, and the importance of a full vote was set forth in strong terms.

The adjourned meeting of Ward nominating meetings this evening, and a grand rally in Huntington Hall to-morrow evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock. The meeting adjourned to meet at Bodwell, with three cheers for the ticket.

EXAMINATION OF ALEXANDER C. PETERS. The examination of Dr. Peters, charged with poisoning his wife, was resumed before the Police Court this morning. Geo. Rae Stevens appeared for the Government, in the absence of District Attorney Moore, assisted by A. J Stackpole. The examination was not concluded when we went to press.

TESTIMONY OF MRS. SIMONDS.

Have known Peters (the prisoner) four years; he lived across the street from our house; he was there about a year; he had lived with deceased some three years before I knew him; he came to Stevens Street after they resided in Lowell; have seen them almost every day; never saw him misuse his wife; never saw anything unusual; he was away evenings; never heard him speak of the first child of deceased; him as loved her; never heard him say he was not married; saw Peters after he death; called him if he had called in a physician, and he said he had not, think; he would have it in time to attend to when I came home. Peters described to the witness how he administered medicine to his wife; Friday evening, 8th inst. was the last time that he expected she would die suddenly. Witness described a conversation with Peters, in which Peters said if he had not said that his daughter had been murdered, and also about the post mortem. Witness also heard Peters say that he loved his wife; would do anything for her; have seen Peters in company with deceased; have seen in the cars, on the way to Boston, and also about being with her and having a wife at home. Peters said to him some day you will hear something that will make your heart or your ears tingle," but would not say what it was. Had also told him he aforesaid in my house on this subject. He had a letter, and asked if I wrote that letter; he said he meant to go Boston to see Mrs. Hazelton again; told him he ought to give a little more attention to his wife. This conversation took place this summer. I was in the house, and Peters spoke to me about it; I was then in the room. Peters said, "Poor girl." He called me into my yard about October 12th, and talked about family troubles; she had told me that Peters and herself were to part; that all her evening Peters was trying to reconcile matters; Peters said he had been married to Mrs. Hazeltine; "he told me (Mrs. P.) he was going to be married to Mrs. H.; that he never married her; that he was a free man." She was performed by an unlicensed Catholic priest; I wrote Mrs. H. that I was receiving the attentions of a married man." She got a letter in reply; he frequently met Mrs. H. at the cars; she had heard; she said that she had got letters and the marriage certificate; I told her to hold on to it; I talked with Peters about it; I told him she said he was never married to her; he said that he was; that he never married to her; he said that he would take his boy to Roxbury, come back and fight it out; Saturday morning he went to Boston with his child; saw him next day; last Monday; he said she had better kept the advice I gave her; never saw after her death; knew Mrs. Hazeltine; first saw Peters a year last September; she came to our house to nurse my wife; knew Peters was very sociable with her; she was absent in Boston about a week; she spoke highly of him among whom were Dr. Nathan Allen, R. B. Caverly, Charles Cowley, J. G. Peabody, J. C. Ayer, Frederic Holton, and others. The meeting was a very enthusiastic one, in spirting the election of their ticket next Monday by a handsome vote. The importance of maintaining the Republican party intact, is strongly urged upon the meeting, and the importance of a full vote was set forth in strong terms.

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ONE SESSION AT THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The proposal for one session a day, at the High and Grammar schools, for the winter season, seems to be a happy thought, and may it be adopted in all of them. The fact is, that the days now are too short for two sessions. Two sessions crowd and shorten the available time of the scholars. The scholars have not a chance for study or sports by daylight, for daily, invigorating exercise in the open air, which we every one considers so essential to the body and to the highest mind and a substantial exercise of the mind. It is too cold in the morning to exercise before school; there is not sufficient time at noon, and it is dark as soon as the school closes. One session would afford an opportunity in the best part of the day for exercise, and its good effects would not fail to appear on each morrow in the fresh vigor of the faculties at its tasks.

This in pleasant winter weather; in stormy, severe weather, one is an ogre to breast the elements, particularly for many who are not hards. These last, with one session and daily exercise, would acquire harder and better attendance than heretofore, and the attendance of the mass of scholars would be better, for well-circulated blood would work off and keep off those colds which are the cause of so many absences and so much indisposition to the improvement of time.

Other advantages might be detailed, but what is stated will weigh down heavily in a consideration of the subject. The objections which we have heard named, are such as may be easily set aside, if we put aside a desire of the routine of the past, have a will to give life to a fair trial, and regard amply the highest good of the children. So it strikes us.

PROGRESS.

THE CITIZENS' TICKET. At a meeting of the Citizens' Committee, last evening, quite a number of changes were made in the ticket which was first agreed upon, and which will be published to-morrow. They are not having declined, we hear (unofficially, however) that Mayor B. C. Sargeant was nominated by the Committee; for Mayor, and that Mr. Sargeant has positively declined to be the candidate of any party for any office. The nomination was then given to Hosea Hosford, Esq., who, we believe, has accepted. There were also many changes in the list of aldermen, which, if we are correctly informed, some stands as follows:—At large—E. A. Alger and M. C. Bryant; one in Ward 1, F. D. Proctor; 2, W. A. Burke; 3, Adam Putnam; 4, A. L. Waite; 5, Albert Wheeler; 6, G. P. Folsom. The list of councilmen and school committee we have not been able to learn, but

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE SOUGHT AFTER EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction, in testimony to the truly beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using it as a Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued to use it by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever since remained thick, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. In fact, the effects are precisely as mentioned will be, in particular advantage to you, as it will more than ever be sought after, for it is the most valuable thing for the hair I have ever used, and I recommend it with great assurance of its merits.

Dr. WM. BEEBE, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicines he has ever used. He has recommended them with great success, and will continue to do so, with perfect satisfaction of all, both heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 1, 1860. He says he has used them, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, and has found them the most severe and prostrating, character, "after using a few bottles I was completely restored to health and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its forms, and was confined to his bed for six months for about two years well; the Bitters effected his cure, where several physicians of standing him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism or dyspepsia, I for confidently say its equal has never been discovered, nor its superior."

Prepared only by PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO., Apothecaries and Merchants Nos. 444 and 446 Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

Sold by Druggists, Physicians and Dealers in Medicines everywhere.

Price of Wood's Hair Restorative, Large Size, $1 per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Small Size, 50 cents per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 25 cents per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 10 cents per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 5 cents per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 3 cents per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 2 cents per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, ½ cent per bottle.

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Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/512 cent per bottle.

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Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/649037107316853453566312041152512 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1298074214633706907132624082305024 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2596148429267413814265248164610048 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/5192296858534827628530496329220096 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/10384593717069655257060992658440192 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/20769187434139310514121985316880384 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/41538374868278621028243970633760768 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/83076749736557242056487941267521536 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/166153499473114484112975882535043072 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/332306998946228968225951765070086144 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/664613997892457936451903530140172288 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1329227995784915872903807060280344576 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2658455991569831745807614120560689152 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/5316911983139663491615228241121378304 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/10633823966279326983230456482242756608 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/21267647932558653966460912964485513216 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/42535295865117307932921825928971026432 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/85070591730234615865843651857942052864 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/170141183460469231731687303715884105728 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/340282366920938463463374607431768211456 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/680564733841876926926749214863536422912 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1361129467683753853853498429727072845824 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2722258935367507707706996859454145691648 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/5444517870735015415413993718908291383296 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/10889035741470030830827987437816582766592 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/21778071482940061661655974875633165533184 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/43556142965880123323311949751266331066368 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/87112285931760246646623899502532662132736 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/174224571863520493293247799005065324265472 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/348449143727040986586495598010130648530944 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/696898287454081973172991196020261297061888 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1393796574908163946345982392040522594123776 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2787593149816327892691964784081045188247552 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/5575186299632655785383929568162090376495104 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/11150372599265311570767859136324180752990208 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/22300745198530623141535718272648361505980416 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/44601490397061246283071436545296723011960832 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/89202980794122492566142873090593446023921664 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/178405961588244985132285746181186892047843328 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/356811923176489970264571492362373784095686656 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/713623846352979940529142984724747568191373312 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1427247692705959881058285969449495136382746624 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2854495385411919762116571938898990272765493248 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/5708990770823839524233143877797980545530986496 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/11417981541647679048466287755595961091061972992 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/22835963083295358096932575511191922182123945984 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/45671926166590716193865151022383844364247891968 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/91343852333181432387730302044767688728495783936 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/182687704666362864775460604089535377456991567872 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/365375409332725729550921208179070754913983135744 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/730750818665451459101842416358141509827966271488 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1461501637330902918203684832716283019655932542976 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2923003274661805836407369665432566039311865085952 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/5846006549323611672814739330865132078623730171904 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/11692013098647223345629478661730264157247460343808 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/23384026197294446691258957323460528314494920687616 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/46768052394588893382517914646921056628989841375232 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/93536104789177786765035829293842113257979682750464 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/187072209578355573530071658587684226515959365500928 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/374144419156711147060143317175368453031918731001856 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/748288838313422294120286634350736906063837462003712 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1496577676626844588240573268701473812127674924007424 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2993155353253689176481146537402947624255349848014848 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/5986310706507378352962293074805895248510699696029696 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/11972621413014756705924586149611790497021399392059392 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/23945242826029513411849172299223580994042798784118784 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/47890485652059026823698344598447161988085597568237568 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/95780971304118053647396689196894323976171195136475136 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/191561942608236107294793378393788647952342390272950272 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/383123885216472214589586756787577295904684780545900544 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/766247770432944429179173513575154591809369561091801088 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1532495540865888858358347027150309183618739122183602176 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3064991081731777716716694054300618367237478244367204352 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/6129982163463555433433388108601236734474956488734408704 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/12259964326927110866866776217202473468949912977468817408 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/24519928653854221733733552434404946937899825954937634816 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/49039857307708443467467104868809893875799651909875269632 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/98079714615416886934934209737619787751599303819750539264 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/196159429230833773869868419475239575503198607639501078528 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/392318858461667547739736838950479151006397215279002157056 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/784637716923335095479473677900958302012794430558004314112 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1569275433846670190958947355801916604025588861116008628224 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3138550867693340381917894711603833208051177722232017256448 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/6277101735386680763835789423207666416102355444464034512896 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/12554203470773361527671578846415332832204710888928069025792 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/25108406941546723055343157692830665664409421777856138051584 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/50216813883093446110686315385661331328818843555712276103168 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/100433627766186892221372630771322662656637687111424552206336 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/200867255532373784442745261542645325313275374222849104412672 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/401734511064747568885490523085290650626550748445698208825344 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/803469022129495137770980046170581301253101496891396417650688 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1606938044258990275541960092341162602506202993782792835301376 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3213876088517980551083920184682325205012405987565585670602752 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/6427752177035961102167840369364650410024811975131171341205504 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/12855504354071922204335680738729300820049623950262342682411008 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/25711008708143844408671361477458601640099247900524685364822016 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/51422017416287688817342722954917203280198495801049370729644032 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/102844034832575377634685445909834406560396991602098741459288064 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/205688069665150755269370891819668813120793983204197482918576128 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/411376139330301510538741783639337626241587966408394965837152256 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/822752278660603021077483567278675252483175932816789931674304512 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1645504557321206042154967134557350504966351865633579863348609024 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3291009114642412084309934269114701009932703731267159726697218048 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/6582018229284824168619868538229402019865407462534319453394436096 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/13164036458569648337239737076458804039730814925068638906788872192 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/26328072917139296674479474152917608079461629850137277813577744384 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/52656145834278593348958948305835216158923259700274555627155488768 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/105312291668557186697917896611670432317846519400549111254310977536 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/210624583337114373395835793223340864635693038801098222508621955072 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/421249166674228746791671586446681729271386077602196445017243910144 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/842498333348457493583343172893363458542772155204392890034487820288 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1684996666696914987166686345786726917085544310408785780068975640576 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3369993333393829974333372691573453834171088620817571560137951281152 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/6739986666787659948666745383146907668342177241635143120275902562304 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/13479973333575319897333490766293815336684354483270286240551805124608 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/26959946667150639794666981532587630673368708966540572481103610249216 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/53919893334301279589333963065175261346737417933081144962207220498432 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/107839786668602559178667926130350522693474835866162289924414440996864 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/215679573337205118357335852260701045386949671732324579848828881993728 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/431359146674410236714671704521402090773899343464649159697657763987456 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/862718293348820473429343409042804181547798686929298319395315527974912 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1725436586697640946858686818085608363095597373858596638790631055949824 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3450873173395281893717373636171216726191194747717193277581262111899648 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/6901746346790563787434747272342433452382389495434386555162524223799296 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/13803492693581127574869494544684866904764778990868773110325048447598592 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/27606985387162255149738989089369733809529557981737546220650096895197184 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/55213970774324510299477978178739467619059115963475092441300193790394368 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/110427941548649020598955956357478935238118231926950184882600387580788736 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/220855883097298041197911912714957870476236463853900369765200775161577472 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/441711766194596082395823825429915740952472927707800739530401550323154944 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/883423532389192164791647650859831481904945855415601479060803100646309888 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1766847064778384329583295301719662963809891710831202958121606201292619776 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3533694129556768659166590603439325927619783421662405916243212402585239552 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/7067388259113537318333181206878651855239566843324811832486424805170479104 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/14134776518227074636666362413757303710479133686649623664972849610340958208 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/28269553036454149273332724827514607420958267373299247329945699220681916416 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/56539106072908298546665449655029214841916534746598494659891398441363832832 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/113078212145816597093330899310058429683833069493196989319782796882727665664 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/226156424291633194186661798620116859367666138986393978639565593765455331328 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/452312848583266388373323597240233718735332277972787957279131187530910662656 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/904625697166532776746647194480467437470664555945575914558262375061821325312 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1809251394333065553493294388960934874941329111891151829116524750123642650624 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3618502788666131106986588777921869749882658223782303658233049500247285301248 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/7237005577332262213973177555843739499765316447564607316466099000494570602496 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/14474011154664524427946355111687478999530632895129214632932198000989141204992 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/28948022309329048855892710223374957999061265790258429265864396001978282409984 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/57896044618658097711785420446749915998122531580516858531728792003956564819968 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/115792089237316195423570841893498331996245063161033717063457584007913129639936 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/231584178474632390847141683786996663992490126322067434126915168015826259279872 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/463168356949264781694283367573993327984980252644134868253830336031652518559744 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/926336713898529563388566735147986655969960505288269736507660672063305037119488 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1852673427797059126777133470295973311939921010576539473015321344126610074238976 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3705346855594118253554266940591946623879842021153078946030642688253220148477952 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/7410693711188236507108533881183893247759684042306157892061285376506440296955904 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/14821387422376473014217067762367786495519368084612315784122570753012880593911808 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/29642774844752946028434135524735572991038736169224631568245141506025761187823616 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/59285549689505892056868271049471145982077472338449263136490283012051522375647232 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/118571099379011784113736542098942291964154944676898526272980566024103044751294464 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/237142198758023568227473084197884583928309889353797052545961132048206089502588928 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/474284397516047136454946168395769167856619778707594105091922264096412179005177856 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/948568795032094272909892336791538335713239557415188210183844528192824358010355712 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1897137590064188545819784673583076671426479114830376420367689056385648716020711424 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3794275180128377091639569347166153342852958229660752840735378112771297432041422848 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/7588550360256754183279138694332306685705916459321505681470756225542594864082845696 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/15177100720513508366558277388664613371411832918643011362941512451085189728165691392 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/30354201441027016733116554777329226742823665837286022725883024902170379456331382784 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/60708402882054033466233109554658453485647331674572045451766049804340758912662765568 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/121416805764108066932466219109316906971294663349144090903532099608681517825325531136 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/242833611528216133864932438218633813942589326698288181807064199217363035650651062272 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/485667223056432267729864876437267627885178653396576363614128398434726071301302124544 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/971334446112864535459729752874535255770357306793152727228256796869452142602604249088 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1942668892225729070919459505749070511540714613586305454456513593738904285205208498176 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3885337784451458141838919011498141023081429227172610908913027187477808570410416996352 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/7770675568902916283677838022996282046162858454345221817826054374955617140820833992704 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/15541351137805832567355676045992564092325716908690443635652108749911234281641667985408 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/31082702275611665134711352091985128184651433817380887271304217499822468563283335970816 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/62165404551223330269422704183970256369302867634761774542608434999644937126566671941632 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/124330809102446660538845408367940512738605735269523549085216869999289874253133343883264 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/248661618204893321077690816735881025477211470539047098170433739998579748506266687766528 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/497323236409786642155381633471762050954422941078094196340867479997159497012533375533056 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/994646472819573284310763266943524101908845882156188392681734959994318994025066751066112 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1989292945639146568621526533887048203817691764312376785363469919988637988050133502132224 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/3978585891278293137243053067774096407635383528624753570726939839977275976100267004264448 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/7957171782556586274486106135548192815270767057249507141453879679954551952200534008528896 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/15914343565113172548972212271096385630541534114499014282907759359909103904401068017057792 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/31828687130226345097944424542192771261083068228998028565815518719818207808802136034115584 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/63657374260452690195888849084385542522166136457996057131631037439636415617604272068231168 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/127314748520905380391777698168771085044332272915992114263262074879272831235208544136462336 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/254629497041810760783555396337542170088664545831984228526524149758545662470417088272924672 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/509258994083621521567110792675084340177329091663968457053048299517091324940834176545849344 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1018517988167243043134221585350168680354658183327936914106096599034182649881668353091698688 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2037035976334486086268443170700337360709316366655873828212193198068365299763336706183397376 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/4074071952668972172536886341400674721418632733311747656424386396136730599526673412366794752 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/8148143905337944345073772682801349442837265466623495312848772792273461199053346824733589504 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/16296287810675888690147545365602698885674530933246990625697545584546922398106693649467179008 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/32592575621351777380295090731205397771349061866493981251395091169093844796213387298934358016 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/65185151242703554760590181462410795542698123732987962502790182338187689592426774597868716032 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/130370302485407109521180362924821591085396247465975925005580364676375379184853549195737432064 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/260740604970814219042360725849643182170792494931951850011160729352750758369707098391474864128 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/521481209941628438084721451699286364341584989863903700022321458705501516739414196782949728256 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1042962419883256876169442903398572728683169979727807400044642917411003033478828393565899456512 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/2085924839766513752338885806797145457366339959455614800089285834822006066957656787131798913024 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/4171849679533027504677771613594290914732679918911229600178571669644012133915313574263597826048 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/8343699359066055009355543227188581829465359837822459200357143339288024267830627148527195652096 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/16687398718132110018711086454377163658930719675644918400714286678576048535661254297054391304192 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/33374797436264220037422172908754327317861439351289836801428573357152097071322508594108782608384 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/66749594872528440074844345817508654635722878702579673602857146714304194142645017188217565216768 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/133499189745056880149688691635017309271445757405159347205714293428608388285290034376435130433536 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/266998379490113760299377383270034618542891514810318694411428586857216776570580068752870260867072 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/533996758980227520598754766540069237085783029620637388822857173714433553141160137505740521734144 cent per bottle.

Wood's Hair Restorative, Sample Size, 1/1067993517960455041197509533080138474171566059241274777645714347428867106282320275011481043468288 cent per bottle.

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, December 6, 1861.

THE PAST MAYORS OF LOWELL.

Our sketches bring us to the ninth mayor of Lowell, Dr. Ambrose Lawrence. He was born in the town of Boscawen, N. H., May 2nd, 1816. His early advantages for schooling were very limited, but he has a good English education, and has acquired enough of the French and Latin languages, without the aid of teachers, to enable him to read and translate with such readiness and accuracy as to make them as useful to him as they are to ordinary business men who have made them a part of their studies when at school. Until seventeen years of age, he lived upon a farm, and for five years from that time, was employed in a machine-shop and cotton-mill.

In 1837 the subject of this sketch came to Lowell, and found employment as a machinist on the Suffolk Corporation. The following year he was married to Miss Emily Smith, and afterward removed, temporarily, to Georgia. While in Georgia, he gave his whole attention to the study and practice of dentistry. In 1839 he returned to Lowell, and opened an office in what is now a portion of the Post office Block, where he remained till 1845, when he built his present residence and office, at the corner of John and Lee Streets, where he still continues his profession, having associated with him his son George W. Lawrence, a graduate of the Pennsylvania Dental College.

Dr. Lawrence was elected to the Common Council in 1849. In 1851 he was elected alderman at large; and that year he was largely instrumental in effecting the change in the fire department, by which the system of paying by the piece was changed to the present method. In 1853, in the same board, he was one of the most active in bringing forward measures for the introduction of water performed a large share of the labor that has made our city what it is. In the religious and moral welfare of the city that has grown up, as it were, under his eye, he has had a deep interest, and his life has been such as to command the respect and confidence of a large circle of acquaintances in Lowell and vicinity.

JAMES COOK.

Our eleventh mayor, James Cook, was born in Preston, Ct., October 6th, 1794. He was bred to the business of a woolen manufacturer, in which his father and his brothers were engaged.

At the breaking out of Stonington Point, during the last war with Great Britain, Mr. Cook was one of the first to volunteer, and after several days' sue mustering, the enemy were compelled to abandon their fleet in the harbor. Perhaps it could be well however that the Water Art might not during Mayor Meade's administration, but that Mr Lawrence was one of its warmest supporters from the first. The same year the present system of regulations were adopted. The price of liquor was not into operation in 1855, and we think that it was as fully tested that year as it ever has been since. Dr. Lawrence declined being considered a candidate for a second term as the mayor, to engage in the business again associated with his brother.

In 1858 he was elected alderman for Ward 2 but resigned early in that year, as we all think he has not held a public office, although it was the sanction of the Constitutional Union Party in High Sheriff of this county in 1859. In politics Dr. Lawrence was originally a Whig; and since the death of the party he has generally acted without party anchor, seemingly not exactly satisfied with either of the existing parties although he has acted with the Republicans the past year—as he ought to, we may add.

Dr. Lawrence is well informed in mechanics, and his advice has more than once been sought in cases of considerable importance. Of his professional skill we need not speak; his success in Lowell is all that is needed in this direction. The Doctor is a good citizen, and a member of a good estimate. We should not fail to add that he is a genial, spirited temperament, and he is not a little better than a good diner. May he live long to enjoy the former and never be without the latter.

Since the above was written we see that the Doctor has been nominated for councilman in Ward 2. We trust he will not decline; and if he does not, we have no doubt he will again serve in the City Council.

STEPHEN MANSUR

Was the tenth mayor of Lowell. He was born in Temple, N. H., August 25th, 1799. When but sixteen years of age, he commenced work by the month, in general employment on a farm, and was so engaged for several years. In 1818 he went to Washington County, New York, where he had just been completed the work of building the Erie Canal—an enterprise carried through by the indefatigable exertions of Gov. DeWitt Clinton. Mr. Mansur remained there about two years. When twenty one years of age, he returned to Boston, and commenced in the stable of a noted livery business in which he was engaged for eight years.

When Lowell was commenced, in 1823, he came here for the purpose of superintending it in a subordinate position, the enlargement of the old canal between the machine shop and the guard locks. After remaining here a few weeks, he was taken sick and went to Vermont. He was succeeded in superintending the work on the canal by Abial Mansur (Ransom) Reed, the 3d or 4th grocer of Lowell), who was Mr. Mansur's predecessor in the legislature in 1840 and died the same year. The subject of this sketch continued in business in Boston until 1830, though he spent much of his time in the city, having many friends here.

In April, 1830, he removed to Lowell and engaged in the hardware and crockery business, at or near his present stand, with Alonzo Child, under the name of Mansur, Child & Co., the "Co." being silent partners. Mr. Mansur has continued in trade ever since, having added an agricultural department to his business; and although he has a fair competency for a reliable of industry required in early life will not allow him to remain unemployed, and he is always to be found at his place of business.

Of public offices Mr. Mansur has filled a fair share, to say the least, his private interests naturally directing attention toward him. He was an assessor under the old town government for one year. In the fall of 1835 the question of obtaining a city charter was made a test in the election of representatives, and Mr. Mansur, who was a strong advocate of a city charter, was chosen with sixteen other gentlemen to the legislature of 1836, and took an active part in obtaining the charter, and in getting it organized by the people of Lowell. He was chosen to the first Common Council, and aided in putting the new city government into operation. He was again a member of the Council in 1838, and in 1839, and an alderman in 1840, 1847 and 1855. He was a second time representative in the legislature in 1850. In politics Mr. Mansur was originally a Whig; he is now a Republican.

In December, 1856, he was chosen mayor in one of the most closely contested elections ever held in Lowell, and served the following year, to the general acceptance of the citizens of Lowell. He was appointed inspector of the Tewksbury Almshouse by Gov. Clifford, in November, 1853, when the institution first went into operation, until July, 1857. He was reappointed by Gov. Banks in November, 1859, and still continues in the office, exercising a watchful care over that institution—a duty which requires much time and discretion. Mr. Mansur, for a period of forty years, has always taken a deep interest in the welfare of Lowell, and has performed his

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been as to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine a facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware you are well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have been pulled and cuffed in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have you assumed in a bombing; saying that same was all a humbug, and without effect. In every instance, however, I proved, by proving the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as you, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles advertised as your equal, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will persist in using articles of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved to be a good one.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an original article, and so never they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have used it for the past five years, seen and tried with success, and a thousand persons who have used your preparation will recommend none—none for baldness, gray hair, weak head, dandruff, and every species of scalp trouble and are eulogistic.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to make portion to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,026, will be promptly answered by yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years old. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unruly. I used, during a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and concluded there was a new factor then trouble in them, but nevertheless, a strong desire to have it as near possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, induced me to call, I concluded I would make the experiment, one morning in a small way, and sent for one of your one-dollar bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near by as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was not scarcely tightes of, and a radical change taking place in it. Before I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am in hopes I have no more. It is now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light in a brown color, as I ever had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair seemed to retain its full growth as well as soft and fine. I can say, in truth, the high price is the best of a French champagne. Many of my friends have seen frequently my "new" Barber, where did you get that hair dye? I used to tell them I used no other dye than your Restorative. It was the effect of your Restorative. It was impossible to convince them to the contrary. I am tired of the old gray head, and have now a head of hair.

Yours, truly, DERICK I. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment, which renders it unnecessary to publish certificates in order to satisfy the public of its merits. It has been extensively used in this city for the last five years, and the universal satisfaction it has given in every instance where it has been tried, is the best evidence of its value. Many certificates might be published, but a few of the most prominent will suffice to show the estimation in which it is held by our citizens.

D. T. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, writes: "I have used your Restorative, and find it has been entirely successful in restoring my hair to its natural color, and preventing its falling off. I have recommended it to a number of persons who have tried it, and they have found it to be all that is claimed for it."

D. M'M. KERR, of Brownsville, Ind., writes: "I have given your Restorative a fair trial, and find it has restored my hair to its natural color, and stopped its falling off. I have recommended it to a number of persons who have used it, and they have found it to be all that is claimed for it."

THOMAS STANY, ESQ., Bloomville, Seneca County, Ohio, writes: "I have used one bottle of Wood's Hair Restorative, and find it has restored my hair to its natural color, and stopped its falling off. I have recommended it to a number of persons who have used it, and they have found it to be all that is claimed for it."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all he used us forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years out of the disease, effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do nothing. He says it is the best rheumatic, dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney affection or general debility medicine he ever knew of.

W. HURT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio, (a section where Fever and Ague prevails,) that Wood's Hair Restorative restored the health of a child entirely, and he will use them of decided merit in all cases.—Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Consumption.

D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Van Wert, O.: I most unqualifiedly recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of physicians, giving, in all cases, the most unbounded confidence in them.

Both Forms are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

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To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common KNIVES AND FORKS, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITTANNIA WARE, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get goo PLATED WARE, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL, go to
H. B. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 43 Merrimack st.
jan10

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for the growth of the Hair. For dressing and ornamenting. It is without an equal.

BURNETT'S KALLISTON

Of immense beauty and vigorous growth, for those who are grey or sickly.

BURNETT'S KALYDOR

Is a delicious cleanser when hard and rough to the skin.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest tints.

It remains longest in effect.

Sold by all druggists for a half pint bottle.

Ask for BURNETT'S articles. Do not accept worthless imitations.

BURNETT & CO., Boston.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Diarrhœa Cordial is the best remedy for the complaints of the season and particularly if the bowels have become relaxed. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 150 bbls. do. do. Canton, just received and for sale by S. WOOD,
jan21 2 Market st.

MOTHS! MOTHS!! MOTHS!!!

CEDAR CAMPHOR or destroying Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
may8 corner Merrimack and John sts.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

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Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

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LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Such as

Books, Pamphlets, Blanks, Bill-heads, Circulars, Address-cards, Catalogues, Programmes, Ball Tickets, Newspapers,

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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, printed in a superior manner in a large color of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT and STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl muslin and enameled white and colored CARDS adapt to printing or writing upon.

Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as follows:

August 7, 1861 [chaos22] augl4dly

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Matticon's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, containing various unknown properties of the Indian Herb, from which it is derived, is a sovereign remedy for all those painful and dangerous complaints to which females are subject, and in the very best female system, when taken as directed, will prevent almost any injury to health or suffering. IT IS put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6. Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

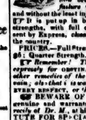
If Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for CONFIRMED CASES, to which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and which it never was represented in EVERY RESPECT, or the price will be refunded to the UNITED STATES BOARD OF IMITATION! Numerous testimonials from abroad waiting for a secure and speedy Remedy, will be sent forward as quickly as possible.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Ladies* are paid to sending spasm annually, in New England alone, without any *A spell* to those who pay it. Many of these ladies are victims of quacks and those who are the least able to lose it, but when they find that they are, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the cheat, for fear of *exposing themselves*. All this comes from trusting with companies, or with persons of the doubtful character, character, and skill, and whose engagements are dictated by their own selfish interests, and not by the interests of their patients. Ladies, therefore, who wish to be sure of what they take to man's word *no matter what his profession*, will be MADE HAPPY BY A CURE, or they are not nothing, and may save you many regrets; and particularly those ladies, whose entire cures of ten *are hopes*, there is no safety in trusting any of these companies, but in the medical adviser they are.

IF Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing one stamp as she, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, containing valuable information; also Circulars giving full information, with *Certificates, Testimonials and Instructions*, without which no advertising physician or medicine should be used. Address DR. MATTICON, DENCH WHATEVER.

Dr. M. can be personally attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTICON, as follows:

August 7, 1861 [chaos22] augl4dly



THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,815,250 00
Dividends paid to date, 1,630,000 00
Losses paid, $4,071,856 53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, with no stock or capital.

The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $2,800,000 Assets.

Its investments are in *First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate*, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Howard City Banks.

The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, allowing them to pay Quarterly, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, Term, or Endowment, may be paid in Cash, and one-half in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, which may remain a standing loan on the Policy.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured one year.

The Dividends are paid to aid the insured in settling a policy, or may be used to pay premiums, or taken in Cash, receive the Dividends in Cash, leave them on deposit, and draw interest at 6 per cent. as the Notes.

The dividends declared are based upon the most conservative mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of NINE THOUSAND Policies in force, and is steadily increasing. Its business is confined to the most select risks, and persons insured render more certain the operation of the principles of average good health, and hence therefore perceive it to be important that those who desire insurance should apply to an old Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those who desire insurance should apply to an old Life Company, and one of long standing and well known acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company has declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 39 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.
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WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a position at the head of the green jury of the world's tribunal, and the verdict is rendered in favor of its merits.

It overcomes bunions and painfying sores, in which case it should no longer be used.

It causes the crying of the tender mortal to cease, and soothes the pain.

It is a sure cure for the worst case of scrofula, and heals the most inveterate sores.

It removes and cures the scalp of the scaldy head dandruff.

It terminates the indescribable nature of piles.

It soothes the fire of the piles and pimples.

It cures all kinds of sores.

It fights against toils and cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it WITHOUT FAIL.

The ointment may be moved if you will hear-kon.

In case you may be cured if you will but from this notice.

It is a sure cure for chilblains and chilblains.

For all grievous accidents use it.

For burns and scalds use it.

For sore and swollen feet use it.

For all sores use it.

For all diseases of the skin use it.

Everybody knows it goes, hurt, souls, cuts, wens, and all kinds of sores, and heals them in a wonderful manner, terminating, suffering flesh opinion in hope while the Golden Salve is being applied.

All its works speak its virtues. It has the highest recommendations from all who have used it, and the testimonials from the most eminent physicians, manufacturers, and the most scientific mechanics, and the medical profession; from all who have used it, and from those who have not used it, will ever have been in constant use.

Whitten's Golden Salve and Golden Liniment.

PRICE—Salve, 25 cents per box; Liniment, 50 cents per bottle.

For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods dealers throughout the country.

WHITTEN & CO., Proprietors,
No. 1 Tremont Row, Boston.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RED & WHITE LEAD,

ALL WHITE LEAD sold as the Forest River Lead Company is warranted to be ground in the best Old London Linseed Oil, and to be manufactured by the Boston Process and Machinery. It is believed is not excelled by any establishment in the country. Also, Manufacturers of the celebrated "Forest River" or PATENTED TIN.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Sold and Wharfed at the Docks of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood by the cord or load.

Also, Wood sawed and split at short notice, and Wood Turning done to order.

Orders left at G. T. Williams' Periodical Depot, 108 Merrimack street, will receive prompt attention.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO.

WARRANTED PURE—*A remnant* just received from the Agent of the Peruvian Government, and for sale by the Agent, at the Boston prices by S. WOOD,
mar22 2 Market st.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Honey and Glycerin, Tonsine, Shaw Cocoa, Rose, Almond, Gold Dust, Rose and Palm, Castile and Shaving Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
dec31

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Pozzoni's Pearl and French Wash Balls, Pozzoni's Medicated Face Powder, Lubin's Bath or Honey Soap, Lubin's Violet Water, Phelp's Cucumber, Vanilla, Red Rose and Jockey Club Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
DOCTOR'S dreams *Pearl Glass Cement*, for *Glass, Stone, Metal, Earthenware, &c.*—This article is unrivalled for its strength, firmness, clearness and general utility. Parts broken or rotted by its use will never break again. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers, and by the Sole Proprietors. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a Patent *Furniture Polish for Pianos, Rosewood, Mahogany, &c.*, which is something new and the best kind ever invented. It is a beautiful preparation, and will not injure the most delicate varnish. Every piece of furniture will be restored to its original beauty and polish after using this article. Pianos at HAYNES' China Store, 43 Merrimack st.

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble Tops, &c.* For cleaning Fine Gold Jewelry, Gilt Frames, Gilt Edges and Carriage Plating. It is unrivalled.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, are testify to the efficacy of

ALBION CORN PLASTER,

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as cutting, have failed to give permanent relief. It is not a new remedy, having been introduced into England some fifty years ago. Its equal has never been discovered. It is easy to apply, and gives immediate relief. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. ma3

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FISH DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
CASTORS, CUPS, BUTTER COOLERS
SALTS, LADLES, GRAVY SPOONS
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD TYPE, FOR AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, SEALS, ENGLISH SLEEVE BUTTONS,
ROMAN STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT-CELLARS, PIE
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*cheap by the dozen.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. 1 dec19dtf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to B. H. SHEPARD.)
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,

Manufacturers of Umbrellas, Parasols, Canes, Fancy Handles and Canes, and dealers in Music and Musical Merchandise of every description.

Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857.

Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, a large assortment of Gentlemen's, Ladies, Parasols and WALKING STICKS, of every description, which they will sell at the lowest prices for cash.

We have Parasols worth from 50 cents to $10 each. Umbrellas from $1 to $20 each. Canes worth from 12 1-2 cents upwards, including the most superb and costly Canes ever offered for sale in this city.

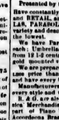
We are prepared to sell all the above articles at a small advance from cost. We have in connection with our establishment a

Manufactory of Parasols, Umbrellas, Canes, Fancy Handles, &c., &c., Also, Violin, Violin cello, Double Bass and Guitar strings, which we warrant superior to all other strings to be found in Lowell or elsewhere, or they will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Repairing done at short notice and warranted.

RUGG & GRIFFITH.
no3 1yr

PIANO FORTES.



BININGER'S
OLD LONDON DOCK
GIN
A. M. BININGER & Co
(Established 1778.)
Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS STIMULANT AND TONIC, Especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Public, is prepared from the choicest Malt and Spirits, and is recommended as a pure article for medicinal purposes.

Dr. Hunter, Physician to the Queen's Household, says: "I have much pleasure in stating that I have found your Gin to be of excellent quality, and a most valuable remedy in cases of debility, indigestion, &c."

Dr. Hall, Physician to the Queen's Household, says: "I have found your Gin to be of excellent quality, and a most valuable remedy in cases of debility, indigestion, &c."

Dr. Granville, Physician to the Queen's Household, says: "I have found your Gin to be of excellent quality, and a most valuable remedy in cases of debility, indigestion, &c."

Dr. Lankester

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, December 9, 1861.

THE WAR NEWS.

From Washington. Gen. Robert Wilson, from Missouri, arrived in Washington on Friday. He says the Federal troops still occupy Sedalia, Rolla and Tipton. So far from Ben McCulloch surrounding Gen. Sigel at Sedalia, the latter would be rejoiced to get within reach of him. Gen. Wilson says the loyal citizens of Missouri have perfect confidence in Gen. Halleck, and if his policy is carried out there will be no doubt of the safety of the State to the Union, and that all the recent reports copied from the *Memphis Avalanche*, in relation to rebel triumphs in Missouri are utterly without foundation.

A very doubtful report was telegraphed to Washington on Saturday, to the effect that Gen. Wool recently held a council with his officers, and they unanimously came to the conclusion that a demonstration ought to be made upon Richmond from that point. Gen. Wool is therefore anxious that the Government should give him the requisite number of men and means. The subject is before the Government.

The *Tribune's* Washington dispatch says that Gen. Patterson has called for a court of inquiry into his conduct in the campaign of last spring and summer.

The roads between Washington and the camps on the Maryland side of the lower Potomac are almost impassable for the army baggage wagons. Nearly all the stores are now shipped by small steamers and transports.

Indian matters. Gen. Hunter has been holding a council at Leavenworth, with the influential Indians, representatives of the Creek, Cherokees and Choctaws, in relation to the disturbances occasioned by the present rebellion. The most favorable results are apprehended.

From Kentucky. Reports have been received at Louisville, stating that the Federal forces under Gen. Schoef, had been compelled to retreat this side of Somerset, and that the rebels, 10,000 strong, had crossed Cumberland river, and were marching on Somerset. Men, women and children were leaving Somerset in every possible conveyance, and rushing into Stanford. The Stanford people think that Gen. Schoef should be reinforced, and the *Democrat* editorially thinks that Gen. Schoef's purpose in falling back is to catch Gen. Zollicoffer in a trap.

Several men who had fled from Letcher and Perry Counties were in Frankfort on Friday, appraising for protection against Williams and his gang, who have invaded those counties, plundering the people, driving off stock, and in some instances killing Union men.

The report that Zollicoffer has crossed the Cumberland is discredited by some persons here. Gen. Schoef occupies a hill three-quarters of a mile this side of Somerset with but 5000 men.

Gen. Banks' Division. Gen. Banks has changed his encampment to the vicinity of Frederick City, Md. The march of a column of his regiment through the city, was greeted heartily by the Unionists.—The flags and stripes were thrown out, and even some women of secessionists joined heartily in the greetings. Some of the latter have extended the hospitalities of their residences to the officers of the army.

The private Sumter. The private Sumter was at Martinique on the 18th ult. She had taken the brigs Daniel Trowbridge and Joseph Park. The first had been reported of all that was valuable in the whaling vessel, and then burned, and the other was similarly treated. The officers and crew were not otherwise badly misused.

Items. A party of Secessionists are on their way to Texas, overland, were captured on the Northern border of Missouri by Federal troops. It is supposed that 150 others, intending to leave California by the same route, will be taken.—Shorter, the duellist, commands them.

A large vessel from South America, with 3000 bags of coffee, lately run the blockade off Fernandina, Florida.

A dispatch from Richmond states that Col. Henry Heath, of Virginia, has been appointed a Major General, and two colonels Gen. Price in the command of the department of Missouri.

MUST TAKE THE OATH. At St. Joseph, Missouri, a few days ago, G-n. Prentiss made a speech to a large crowd of citizens, in which he said:—"As God is my judge, every secessionist in this city shall take an oath of allegiance to the United States Government, and to support the Stars and Stripes, or I will send them to work on the trenches of Fort Smith. All persons who are hereafter found expressing secession sentiments shall take the oath." This speech caused great consternation among the rebels, and was received with applause by the loyal citizens.

JOHN TYLER, in his message to Congress in 1844, declared that "he who would contemplate for a single moment the destruction of this Government, and form plans to accomplish it, deserves the deepest anathemas of the human race." And then Tyler talked like a resemble man; but he is no longer such, having adopted the very course which, by his own showing, is deserving of the deepest execrations of mankind.

THE EDINBURGH REVIEW, for October, reprinted by Leonard Scott & Co., has been received. The first article is a warmly eulogistic exposition of the merits of Lord Macaulay's History of England, and a masterly vindication of the great historian against the attacks of John Paget's "*New Examen.*" Paget's attacks relate chiefly to Macaulay's treatment of the Duke of Marlborough, the massacre of Glencoe, the Highland's of Scotland, Viscount Dundee, and William Penn. The vindication seems to be conclusive.

The second and third articles treat of Montalembert's Monks of the West, and Lavergne on the Agriculture of France. The fourth article, on O'Donoghue's Memoirs of the O'Briens, gives quite an interesting outline of the history of Ireland and the Irish chiefs.

Cunningham's Church History of Scotland, The Story of Burnt Njal, English Jurisprudence, and Thiers's Revolution of the Hundred Days, are severally made the topics of essays, which will be found very good reading.

Another batch of Elizabeth Barrett Browning are next brought on the *tapis*, and though praised for their great and peculiar merits, are not spared the censure which is due to their obscurities, affectations, morbid and incoherent thoughts, and extravagant imagery.

Rev. Dr. Hosney's Bampton Lectures on the Sabbath are then reviewed, and his views, (which are by no means "orthodox," but highly latitudinarian) are, for the most part, endorsed by the reviewer.

The Discussion of American forms the theme of the closing article, which is less unfavorable than any we have yet seen in the leading foreign reviews, to the Federal cause. It may be read with profit, but not with much satisfaction. Its tone may be inferred from its closing sentence:—

"It is not probable, from the nature of the operations, and from the inexperience of the belligerents, that any decisive military successes will be obtained; and if we might hazard a conjecture as to the issue of the contest, it would be that the two sections will feel but satisfied, exhausted but not reconciled, will at last sullenly submit to a necessary separation."

FOREIGN. The steamship Africa, from Liverpool via Queenstown, arrived at New-York yesterday, with advices from Europe to the 24th ult. The principal matter of interest in the discussion in the English papers relative to the rebel steamer Nashville. Her presence in a British port is evidently unwelcome and embarrassing. No account of the visitation of the Trent and the arrest of Mason and Slidell, had been received in England. The steamer in which they were to take passage was not expected to arrive before the 29th.

THE DESTRUCTION OF COTTON AT THE SOUTH. The latest intelligence from South Carolina via Port Royal, says in some instances the cotton houses were set on fire on the approach of the Union troops, but this incendiary movement was by no means so general as the Charleston papers would have us suppose. Immense quantities of the staple are all ready for transportation, which the planters have recently hauled by Secretary Chase, will soon be feeding the looms of the North.

GOV. ANDREW has received from Brigadier General Totten, chief of the corps of United States Engineers (and at the present time acting President of the Board of Engineers, convened at Washington to act upon the subject of our coast defences) assurances that the representations made through him, by the people of Boston and Provincetown, in reference to the present insecure condition of the harbors of those ports, shall receive the immediate and careful consideration of the Board.

A MAN DISLOCATES HIS SHOULDER WHILE ASLEEP. A Mr. James, of Canada, while dreaming one night last week, that he was endeavoring to stop a flock of sheep, awoke in great pain to find his shoulder dislocated. Just what caused the dislocation was not known, but the dream was caused, no doubt, by the pain from the shoulder, and was at the moment of waking. It is a fact generally admitted now, we believe by scientific men, that the very noise or circumstance which awakens a person will often cause them to dream of events which would require months or even years to experience.

A FIRE-ARMS CORPORATION. The *Worcester Spy* advertises a legal notice of Victor A. King, Thos. Warner, Amos A. Lawrence and James D. Green, "that they intend to make application to the next General Court, for an act of incorporation for manufacturing fire-arms, with a capital of two hundred thousand dollars."

THE Lawrence City Government are talking about closing up the Mayor's work with an economical dispatch—the expenses to be paid out of a fund that has accrued from the fines of non-attendants at the meetings of the city council. Where are the boys going, *Mr. Maynard?*

THE (New York) *Independent* and Garrison's *Liberator* are both "down on" the President's message. The former says it is thoroughly tinged with that colorphobia which has long prevailed in Illinois." The latter is even bitterer, and is entirely disgusted with Old Abe. Of course. We expected it.

ANOTHER REGIMENT GONE. The Twenty-Fourth Massachusetts Regiment was announced to leave the camp at Readville, this noon, to join Gen. Burnside's command. This regiment is commanded by Col. Thomas G. Stevenson, of Boston.

CALL ME PET NAMES, DEARIES." Greeley calls Bennett "a lying old braggart," and Bennett calls Greeley a "galvanized squash."

THE HOME OF JEFFERSON. It is stated that Com. Levy, owner of the Monticello estate in Virginia, has prepared his will, in which he leaves the Jefferson homestead and $100,000 to keep it in repair, as a legacy to the United States.

CITY AND COUNTY.

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most thorough manner, also **NEW DRESS GOODS**, just received, and making at the lowest prices at Gallagher & Black, 135 Merrimack street.
dec6lw HARTSHORN & HALL.

Company A, Second Regiment Militia, Vol. The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Company A, Capt. Hosford, Second Regiment Mass. Militia, TUESDAY, (to-morrow) forenoon.

Packages not exceeding three pounds each in weight will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, until 12, M., on more than, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee,
WM. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.
dec7d2t

OFFICIAL MAPS.
Map of the State of Virginia,
Map of the State of Kentucky,
Map of the Rivers Southern States.
The abo-ementd Maps are officialand being drawn from actual surveys carefully represent the Southern States. The public are invited to call and examine at the Geneva Ticket Office 102 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, which is open day and evening.
S. H. FISHER,
nov19 1y611

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes of almost every description, at reasonable prices is at KITTREDGE'S, 24 Middle st.
nov16d1y

NOTICE.
Persons who were summoned as Jurors in the Common-wealth vs. the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of on the 5th day of Nov. A. D. 1861, are hereby notified that they will be discharged from further attendance on said Court during afternoon office hours.
BENJAMIN F. St. CLAIR, Jr., Clerk.
nov25

NATIONAL LOAN.
Treasury Notes bearing 1-10 per cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank Exchange Office.
S. W. STICKNEY, Agent.
November 30, 1861.

INSTRUCTION ON PIANO.
A few scholars received by a competent teacher—Address Box 1, Prentiss Blankley, to whom application may be made.
dec6d1w

MILK BOOKS
For sale at the office of this paper.

THE ELECTION. The polls opened this morning at 9 o'clock, and the voters commenced depositing their votes. Although the number present in the ward rooms was small, and there is as yet but little extra rallying. The regular tickets in the field are those which were headed by us early Saturday, with the exception that the name of George F. Richardson is put on the Citizens' ticket in Ward Six, in place of James Lee, declined. There are Citizens' tickets headed Republican and Democratic, bearing the same names as those on the regular ticket. There is also a Democratic ticket in some of the wards headed with the name of John W. Graves for mayor. We do not anticipate a very heavy vote, unless the vote should be very close and two tickets in which case both sides will do their best to rally out voters.

We give the last count, before going to press, for mayor, so far as we have been able to obtain it:

	Graves.	Hosford.
Ward 1	105	92
2	266	253
3	286	209
5	267	209
6	205	161

We shall announce the result as soon as possible after the polls are closed.

MEETINGS LAST SATURDAY EVENING. The Republican meeting in Huntington Hall last Saturday evening was presided over by Isaac S. Morse, and short speeches were made by Messrs. Bartlett, Chas. Allen, A. P. Bonney, Linus Child, and C. L. Knapp.

Mr. W. Buttrick was chairman of the Citizens' meeting in Jackson Hall, which was addressed by Erastus Douglas, John Warren, T. H. Sweetser and A. R. Brown.

OBITUARY. The widow of the late Elisha Fuller, Esq., (who was at one time well known in this city) died at the residence of Dr. John W. Graves on Saturday last. Mention of her death is made elsewhere, under the appropriate heading.

Mrs. Fuller was formerly Mary B., wife of Charles A. Stott, Esq., and daughter of George W. Bean, of Tewksbury, died this morning, at the residence of her father.—She was about 23 years of age, and leaves one child. She had for some length of time been failing, her complaint being consumption.

DESTINATION OF THE TWENTY-SIXTH REGIMENT. It is now announced that on the steamship Constitution, with the Twenty-Sixth Massachusetts and Ninth Connecticut Regiments, have gone to Ship Island, which is near the mouth of the Mississippi River, and is about fifty miles from Mobile and seventy-five from New Orleans, and is a resort of the wealthy Southerners. The object of the Government is to make the island the rendezvous for the forces destined to operate against New Orleans, Mobile, Galveston and other points on the Gulf Coast, and also to cooperate with the Mississippi fleet. This island was referred to by the President in his late message as being in possession of our forces.

HARSH CRITIC CASE. On Thursday last, George Lyman Moss, son of Henry L. Moss, of Pembroke, Maine, was brought before Judge Hoar, of the Supreme Court, in Boston, on a writ of habeas corpus, issued by Judge Crosby, of this city, on the petition of his father. He had enlisted without his father's consent in Gen. Butler's Body Guard, at Camp Chase, and the Gen. appeared and contended that the circuit should not be discharged, assuming that the consent of his father was unnecessary, as he was over eighteen years old. He also argued that the boy was liable to be drafted under the law, and that an enlistment was equivalent to a draft. But the court decided that the recruit should be discharged from the service of the United States. Charles Cowley, Esq., of this city, was counsel for the petitioner.

RESUMING BUSINESS. Mills Nos. 3 and 5, Lawrence Corporation, commence operations to-day, working two-thirds of the usual hours. Three hundred looms will be started, and other works in portion, in the manufacture of heavy sheetings.

PERSONAL. The wife and children of Maj. Gen. N. P. Banks, and the sister of Mr. Banks, are on a visit to this city, and are at the house of one of our private citizens in Ward Two.

BRIGGS AT THE DOOR. They swarm. Why do they? And what should be done?

It is a settled axiom in charity, that if you give to all that come to your door, you may have any quantity of beggars—all in great distress, and too impecunate to be resisted. There is a disposition at this time, with not a few, to bestow on every one who asks alms—on the supposition that all are, and must *necessarily* be, genuine and starving. This is one reason why beggars swarm so at the doors of many of the citizens.

Another reason is, that the city has made its distribution of money to families of soldiers an excuse for not helping other families, poorer and greatly suffering, who have no war claims. Many, temporarily straightened, are prevented from obtaining relief, who, in the financial crisis of 1857, were helped; a public meeting of influential citizens, calling upon the Government then not to withhold assistance from such in times of peculiar need. This was the same, heart and desire of the mass of citizens, truly represented. And we believe it is now.

A third reason is that some of the religious societies, being straightened in general finances, evade their duty to the poor—curtailing in the wrong place. Instead of less, more should be done in this direction. Not a few are floating about the streets seeking bread, or money to support want, whom it is the office of the city and the religious societies to care and provide for. A considerable portion of those who have the cold shoulder given them by the Christian church, are Catholics, who will give to the church the last penny, but who can receive from the church few pennies in the days of destitution and distress.

A fourth reason is to be found in the embroiled use of intoxicating liquors, indisposing and unfitting fathers and others for their families, and incapacitating mothers to care for their children. The same cause degrades the whole being, inclines to sensuality, and leads to almost every vice and neglect of providing daily bread without effort. To the personal knowledge of the writer, many of this character, or their dependent offspring, are begging on our door-sills.

Lastly, swelling the tide of beggars, are not a few who have no occasion at all to beg, but if people are willing to give, ask no close questions, and act on foot no enquiries with regard to them—are willing to receive and are desirous of receiving, to save what means of living they have or to save the necessity of toil, or that they may have the ability to spend for other purposes than a support. This class of people are always on the alert to take advantage of hard times and under feelings.

To the question, What shall be done with those pulling the door-bell, clothes and cold victuals—both the answer is first and chiefly, *Do not give them at the door.* The answer is well weighed. And weigh it well, turn it over from every point of view, before you pronounce against it. Do not give at the door. You do not know want is the cause of the coming. You can tell very little by the appearance or by the word. The most false and deceitful, the most practiced, are the most adroit and successful imposters. You give in the dark. You cannot tell how much injury you are doing, but the evil will predominate; for it is the testimony, without exception, of all, in every city and every land, who have made any business of tracing the objects of street bounty to their homes and of observing the effects of ready gifts upon the habits of daily life.

If you wish, personally, to see suffering relieved, to be sure that it is relieved, go with the beggar to his dwelling, and deny him or minister to him, as the circumstances actually require; and thus your visits in the future or your dispensations may promote singly the good of the individual or family, and add to the fund of story of life, and with a strong mind and true heart, to meet aright faults and worth.

If, for any reason satisfactory to yourself, this is not done, inquire to what religious society the dealer of alms belongs, and direct him to that society, whose duty it is to do toward him what they may find necessary or wise to be done. Do not excuse entirely to their knowledge, investigation and sense of what is suitable. The responsibility is theirs.

The applicant at the door, not being connected with any religious society as an attendant upon the services, but having a settlement in Lowell, and appearing to be a fair subject for the aid of the city—direct to the Mayor's office. And direct there those who are foreigners, and have a claim upon the State support, and whose standing and character do not demand a reference to private charity. Directed there, do not therefore show that you expect an account of the taxes you pay or the influence you have, that help will not be denied. Let aid be refused, provided temporarily, or a person be maintained as a degraded or permanent pauper in the Almshouse—answered on the judgment of the overseers of the poor. If these overseers are not what they ought to be, then seek with others to have placed in such an office men who combine in themselves tenderness, fidelity and wisdom, and are not without experience in matters of charity. An important office, required by the law, should be suitably filled. With this board rests duties of almony which do not belong to the doors of citizens, but which the citizens have allotted to the board, and should decline taking upon themselves.

In cases of poverty, the churches have a duty, and the city and State offices of charity to perform, which are not those of individuals. And so has the ministry at large a specified sphere. Those not attached to churches, suffer no pastoral care —those not proper subjects of city or State action; those having no claims on relatives possessed of the ability to help; other cases of urgent need—cases of worth and unavoidable poverty especially, and cases better treated in privacy, and treated physically and spiritually—then it is expected that the minister at large will attend to, according to the best of his judgment amid experience profited by, and with study into the best methods and principles of charity. To him the last classes of persons described may be referred. And by him they will be attended to. Whether he has funds or not—it always being understood that, in this position, any reasonable, necessary expenditure for the poor will be, as it uniformly has been, sustained by the contributions of those who wish to know and to aid in that especial need and unavoidable poverty, having no direct and suitable claim for relief upon any established organization, has a resort for appropriate cases. Any one in all humility to refer cases to the office of the minister at large, whether he is a contributor to funds or not; only, a reference, even from a generous contributor, must not look for a disposed different from what the merits of the case and the highest designs of charity, truly considered, entitle it to.

With this established provision for the poor, religious, governmental, and associate—sufficient to meet all descriptions of poverty, there is no occasion for giving at the door to beggars. Do not be induced by law with a penalty from pursuing the course which they are encouraged in by not a few. Rather, we would say, turn from the door, and direct your own thoughts and feelings into the channel of appropriate relief—see, as far as you may, that intelligence and wisdom permeate operations of the charity, and see that there are not accumulation, filling a gap in the arrangements for meeting poverty, is not wanting in the voluntary contributions upon which it depends.

If any are puzzled to know the proper direction to be given to the poor at the doors, let them be referred to the office of the minister at large, where they can be examined into and relieved, if they should be, or guided to the source from which their relief should come.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

POSTPONED. The examination of Wm. Kealey, the East Point Canal Company, charged with robbing the mail, was postponed to next Saturday. The *Boston Herald* says the case is understood to be before the Grand Jury, and that he will be on other examination before a Commissioner.

CHANGED. The Wamesit Division of the Sons of Temperance, and the Mystic Tie Temple of Honor, which have heretofore met in Appleton Hall, have leased the hall over Mr. Wm. S. Hinds' shoe and leather store, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, and will hereafter be held. Appleton Hall is now vacant. The first-named organization holds a meeting in their new quarters this evening.

VACANT. Two of the church edifices of this city are at the present time unoccupied: the Lee Street (Unitarian) Church, and the one at the corner of Merrimack and Central streets, last occupied by Rev. Mr. Thayer's congregation. The "tongs" times, lately, have had as much effect on the churches as on any kind of business.

A LETTER was received on the 5th inst., at the Dracut postoffice, with the following address:

Post Master may this letter
Go to her, to whom I do direct;
Inclosure Butterfield is her name;
And if she don't, pull's, she's to blame?
DRACUT, Mass., Box 1168
Please to forward to Lowell, Mass.

BALL. The members of Tiger Engine Company, No. 5, are making arrangements for their first ball of the season, in which they will be assisted by the companies of whom they are members.

POLICE COURT. Nothing doing. Everything quiet. Not a word relating to the election.

REPUBLICANS, if you have not voted, go at once and vote for Dr. Graves. The polls close at four o'clock.

DIVIDEND. The Merrimack Manufacturing Company has declared a dividend of 3 per cent., payable December 13th.

DEATH OF A VOLUNTEER. Augustus W. Hosmer, of West Acton, a member of the band of the Twenty-Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, died at his home in West Acton, on the 30th ult. Mr. Hosmer was not learned the cause of his death or his age.

IN TROUBLE. Rev. H. Grattan Guinness, a somewhat noted preacher, who held forth in this city for two or three weeks, about a year ago, has got into a little difficulty in Canada. Dr. Irvine, of Hamilton, appeared to him (Guinness) to be an "unconverted man," a "bad man," and as he would not preach in his (Irvine's) church. The Rev. Thomas Pullar of the Congregationalist Church was equally bad, and he told Dr. Jennings, of Toronto, early in this month, that Mr. Pullar is "a very bad man." Dr. Irvine speaks of Guinness as "utterly unworthy of any notice from me, and I should consider myself degraded by noticing him until he sets the part which even an honorable man of the world would long ago have done, and that without being driven from one contemptible subterfuge to another to cover his own baseness."

THE new Senator from Oregon, Mr. Benjamin Stark, who comes to take the place of Col. Baker, has been classed as "an extreme secessionist." A near relative of Mr. Stark, in a note to the *New York Tribune*, contradicts this assertion. He says Mr. S. "was an old line Whig—native of New London, Ct., and is an eminently conservative man."

OLD NEWSPAPERS for sale at this office.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 7.

4 Pittsburg Railroad	100	
10 Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad	50	57 3-4
4 Reading Railroad		57 1-4
40 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad		87 1-4
5 Manchester and Lawrence Railroad		87
5 Amoskeag Manufacturing Company	100	
10 Lima Company	50	

The *New York Tribune* says if you have a good article for sale, and it is something that you daily want, then advertise it. This is one of the many good suggestions made by the Tribune, and we propose to follow it. We suggest Dent. Gifford's Homeopathic Curatives for sale, and we take advantage of the large circulation of this paper to let it be known how it—They are now well known already as curative agents to need much said in their praise, and we shall only say that a complete assortment can be found at the Agents, or they will be sent to any part of the country on receipt price, 25 cents, by addressing PHILIP LEE, 120 William street, New York.

M. S. Burr & Co., wholesale agents, Boston. Chas. H. Kimball and Carleton & Hovey agents for Lowell.
dec6d1w

N. J. WIER & CO.,
100 Merrimack Street,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MAGEE COOKING STOVES,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,
MAGEE PARLOR STOVE.
MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,
MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.
Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. The only Manufactory in Lowell, and we are in this vicinity are their best recommendation.
Repairing done at short notice. Store always open.
We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which it is sufficient to say—that it is constructed on the same principle as the Magee Furnaces, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Those who are desirous of purchasing any other Stoves, will find it to their advantage to call and examine the above, as we have selected many articles, and a practical acquaintance of many years with the business, will enable us to satisfy in all cases.
N. J. WIER & CO. would also call attention to their large assortment of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper ware which we have on hand, and which we are constantly manufacturing, and will be sold at the lowest cash prices.
Jobbing in all its branches will be promptly attended to, and all orders left at the store will be faithfully executed.
nov19 1y611

DR. BIRMINGHAM,
NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE, TANNER STREET, Junction of Bay's Shoe & Leather Store, and Broadway, Lowell, Mass.

A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND.
Dr. B. A. BIRMINGHAM, would announce as may be necessary, and out distribute the system and at the same time, by the use of his Indian Remedies, purify and renovate the entire system. Those who are afflicted with any disease, or any other disorder, from a common cold to the most malignant, will be cured by many centuries, and a practical evidence of more than twenty years, will be a sufficient guarantee to satisfy in all cases.
Dr. B. would respectfully say that he not only presents to the public a new and untried remedy, but one that has been for more than a century in use, and has been used by his father, and is now by himself, and direct him to that society, whose duty it is to do toward him what they may find necessary or wise to be done. Do not excuse entirely to their knowledge, investigation and sense of what is suitable. The responsibility is theirs.
The applicant at the door, not being connected with any religious society as an attendant upon the services, but having a settlement in Lowell, and appearing to be a fair subject for the aid of the city—direct to the Mayor's office. And direct there those who are foreigners, and have a claim upon the State support, and whose standing and character do not demand a reference to private charity. Directed there, do not therefore show that you expect an account of the taxes you pay or the influence you have, that help will not be denied. Let aid be refused, provided temporarily, or a person be maintained as a degraded or permanent pauper in the Almshouse—answered on the judgment of the overseers of the poor. If these overseers are not what they ought to be, then seek with others to have placed in such an office men who combine in themselves tenderness, fidelity and wisdom, and are not without experience in matters of charity. An important office, required by the law, should be suitably filled. With this board rests duties of alimony which do not belong to the doors of citizens, but which the citizens have allotted to the board, and should decline taking upon themselves.
In cases of poverty, the churches have a duty, and the city and State offices of charity to perform, which are not those of individuals. And so has the ministry at large a specified sphere. Those not attached to churches, suffer no pastoral care —those not proper subjects of city or State action; those having no claims on relatives possessed of the ability to help; other cases of urgent need—cases of worth

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1848,
Continues to insure against hazard by FIRE, on favorable terms. The company is a single risk, so large as to be unobjectionable insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.
Nathan Allen, Joseph G. Abbott,
Stephen Cushing, John Avery,
Arthur F. Sweetser, Walter Wright,
John W. Tenney, Caleb H. Marcy,
Ephraim Brown, Edward Kidder,
Nathaniel Wood, Richard H. Long,
Alonzo A. Miner, Nathaniel Wright,
Benjamin E. Bancroft, Lemuel M. Clark,
Reuben E. Lancaster,
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) No. 43 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
April 23, 1861. ly

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....**$1,500,000.**

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....**$500,000.**

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....**$300,000**

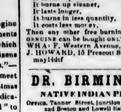
Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....**$150,000.**

The above Companies were on property at the late fire in Lowell, and PROMPTLY POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 2 Appleton Block.
Oct. 1, 1861. ly

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.
Dividend Paying Office.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
No. 2 Appleton Block.
oct1 1m

VULCANITED RUBBER.
S. L. & W. G. WARD,
DENTISTS,
Introduced the above article in their practice in 1858, and have used it in over 1000 cases of defect, and is recognized its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to say that it is unsurpassed by any material in use for the purpose, and that after a careful probation in relation to the value of the vulcanite, which has been made by the proprietors every other article now in use, there are many advantages to be derived from its adaptation, and many others it is growing in the popular favor. Those who have had sets made of it, and have worn them for a length of time, are loud in their praise in reference to everything else, but they assure the public that it requires a different treatment from that of gold, silver, &c., and that they are equal to any that can be made of the latter materials.
Rooms 5 and 6 Savings Bank Building.
nov1 ly

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr CHEESEMAN'S
PILLS

Washington Coal,
For cooking, has no equal.
A limeless quickness,
It burns up steamer,
It lasts forever,
It burns in less quantity,
It is cheaper,
Than any other free burning coal. And the Kennebec Coal is the BEST ONLY AT HARVARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, E. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may16dtf

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TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS	
C. B. Coburn,	D. S. Richardson,
T. Sumner,	H. Hosford,
J. Bowers,	Isaac Fiske,
	Wm. Crosby.

Mutual and Stock.
The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment shall exceed one dollar on a hundred. The present cash capital is $50,000.91, with deposit notes in the hands of the Directors, and a large and increasing surplus over and above any premium or liabilities. The Stock Department will take risks on Stores, Manufactories and Merchandise, and will be conducted on as favorable terms as any other Company with a substantial cash basis.
ASSETS JULY 1ST.
The cash assets on that day were $70,000. Dwellings, stores, merchandise and other property insured by this company to the amount of $1,000,000, and a premium note of over $10,000. This is a safe, reliable, and responsible Company, and has equitably adjusted and promptly paid all losses occasioned by a disordered system, which has still other claims. Call and examine our superior stock, assured that they will find the best and purest articles.
Any authorized sale, will receive a bottle containing a fine article of Hair Dye, which is sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., and all Druggists. 1y
sept14dtf

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Are combined in such judicious quantities as to render them an unfailing remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Influenza, &c. A single trial will prove their efficacy. Public Speakers and Singers are recommended to use mixture with their invaluable remedy. Public Speakers and Singers are recommended to use mixture with their invaluable remedy. Public Speakers and Singers are recommended to use mixture with their invaluable remed

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Most Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I recommenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third grey. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine a faculty above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, even after your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have known two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no real value when they have a trial of what has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than one hundred persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—persons for whom I have, in my capacity of physician, prescribed, and they, well and honest fellows, are ever ready to refer any one who have used your preparation with perfect success—persons for whom I have, in my capacity of physician, prescribed, and they, well and honest fellows, are ever ready to refer any one who may desire it. I have no doubt of the benefit to be derived from its use, and will be pleased to do so at any time.

I will close by saying that I am not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of ten days you will probably not hear me say another word about it, but when I see a good article, I take pleasure in recommending it. Professor Wood's article is the best hair preparation I have ever seen, and I have used nearly all of them. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by extravagant praise. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the universal acknowledgement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine remedies which accomplish what they profess to do, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Spy.*

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WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to be more than a mere dressing, to restore the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald from disease, or dropping the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It discharges all the offices of a perfect fluid for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff, and all impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It does not change the color, as many have described it. In many cases pies and other disfigurements of the skin disappear when hair it is used. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and its effects will be quite beneficial, as the compound, if it does not receive a manifest improvement, is at least not doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as compiler of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and infallible in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the valuable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that is needed to make good its claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be restorative, in time or cause on exhausted land, it brings its crop wherever applied. Our own head is perfectly healthy, but we advise our friends with a tendency to baldness to try the Restorative.—*Columbian Spy.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABOMINATED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE LEAD. Professor Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, of to-day can approach, for the restoration of the hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is endless but world wide, and thousands who have seen wigs or locks bald for years assume their beautiful and luxuriant head covering. No mask for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the formation of the hair, are his study, and bring out the human hair, its character, its properties, as it was in my younger days, and in childhood, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I got but one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a manifest change taking place in the roots. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light (is it hair is my age, as ever I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is as soft and fine, and as easily oily, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. I MUCH OBLIGED to you for frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to overstate them, and I will be glad to speak in behalf of the old gray head. Yours truly,

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office
is supplied with every material necessary or the
PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of
LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.
Having an establishment supplied with all the most
Modern Types and Presses,
son, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at the
LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE
Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Blanks, &c.
FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Bazars, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest styles of borders.
IN EVERY COLOR.
SHOW BILLS,
for CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of paper suitable for printing and manufacturing purposes. Orders adapted to every description of work—on packs and in boards to be had to order.
E. H. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER!
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.
IN THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy or
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, DYSPEPSIA, PIMPLES AND AGUE, GANERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH AND BOWELS.
They are used and are recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.
DR. JAMES A. THORPE, wife from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."
DR. J. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport Ohio, says: "They give great satisfac ion. I have used them myself, have administered to others, and in every instance they have proved beneficial, and receives the universal satisfaction. I do not imagine a family where mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, even after your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have known two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no real value when they have a trial of what has been proved beyond a doubt.
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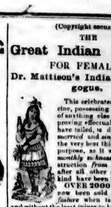
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment that cannot be enhanced by extravagant praise. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the universal acknowledgement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine remedies which accomplish what they profess to do, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Spy.*
PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known article. It is exceedingly reliable for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is an excellent dressing for ladies, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many an instance in the case of these restorations some of which are living gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't say till you have tried the Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of ten days you probably won't hear us say another word about it, but when we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to the public. It is good, fully or nearly grey. Our well known gentleman, Finley Johnson, Esq., has used it, and proclaims that he most cheerfully recommends it to all persons troubled with a loss of hair, dandruff, &c. Apply at Apothecaries' Hall, Opposite the Court House.—*Louisville Democrat.*
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to be more than a mere dressing, to restore the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald from disease, or dropping the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It discharges all the offices of a perfect fluid for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff, and all impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It does not change the color, as many have described it. In many cases pies and other disfigurements of the skin disappear when hair it is used. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and its effects will be quite beneficial, as the compound, if it does not receive a manifest improvement, is at least not doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*
A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as compiler of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and infallible in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the valuable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that is needed to make good its claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be restorative, in time or cause on exhausted land, it brings its crop wherever applied. Our own head is perfectly healthy, but we advise our friends with a tendency to baldness to try the Restorative.—*Columbian Spy.*
ALL HAIR DYES ABOMINATED.—WOOD'S GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE LEAD. Professor Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, of to-day can approach, for the restoration of the hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame is endless but world wide, and thousands who have seen wigs or locks bald for years assume their beautiful and luxuriant head covering. No mask for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the formation of the hair, are his study, and bring out the human hair, its character, its properties, as it was in my younger days, and in childhood, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I got but one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a manifest change taking place in the roots. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and am just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light (is it hair is my age, as ever I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off and is as soft and fine, and as easily oily, as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. I MUCH OBLIGED to you for frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to overstate them, and I will be glad to speak in behalf of the old gray head. Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.



MUSIC STORE!
—AND—
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
29 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order suit any size or style—employs a good workman on frames for
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep26d3t

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in all the variety and Gold setting, Parasol Handles, &c., &c.
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. may 26 dlt

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS
LEAD PIPE.—The Forest River Lead Pipe manufactured by the Forest River Lead Company is warranted to be ground in the best manner, of the purest and finest quality, and entirely free from Arsenic and Zinc. It is believed to be the best Lead Pipe now manufactured in the United States. Also, accommodations for Plumbers, Gas Fitters and others, at the Company's depot, where they will keep a constant supply of the above, and marked "Warranted Pure," for sale at wholesale.
The great body and capacity for carrying water of Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other pipe, and the ease with which it can be put up by a child as much as by a man, and the fact that it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands, renders it the best pipe for use in this country, as it is in this vicinity. In Boston and elsewhere. A full line of Lead Pipe, Traps and Bends, constantly on hand.
Orders left at the Company's office, or addressed to the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century, will receive prompt attention, and the quality of the pipe warranted.
The General Agent, who personally superintended the manufacture of the pipe, has had a long experience in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century in this city, and therefore can speak understandingly of the qualities of manufacture, enables him to offer the pipe to the trade on favorable terms.
Our own name is known by the "Forest River Company," can be obtained at the Boss Gutterer's prices.
CHARLES E. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants' Building, Dutton street, Lowell.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Pegeau's Premium Bloom of Roses, Cream Pearl and Lily White. Cosmetics for Bath of Beauty, Pearl and Lily White. Cosmetics for Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Pearl Powder, Rouge de Perle, Rouge de Rose, Lip Salve, &c. &c. For sale at S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets. may29

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
LIQUORINE, *the cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver Aid. Britannia Wax, &c.*—This article is invaluable. It will be found *efficient, cheap, and* the best article ever used for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold and Silver Ware, &c. Its equal has never been discovered by the most scientific chemist. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Chalera Mothers, Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of children now, particularly for the decease of children—Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

CANADA FLOUR.
100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour, 100 Bbls. New Potatoes, just received and for sale by S. N. WOOD.
may 8 12 Market st.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CEDRE CAMPHOR is preserving Furs and Woolens from Moths. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. may3

PULMONIC WINE FOR THOSE AFFLICTED WITH
THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulations Jan. 1, 1861,	$3,512,555 50
Dividends paid to date,	1,484,000 73
Losses paid,	2,471,905 55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund in security for the risk, the premium paid in cash by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why the Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.
It offers **unusual security and advantages.**
Its premiums are **$5, $6, $8 and $10 per cent.**
Its investments are in **First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate,** worth more than the amount loaned.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy and Newark City Banks.
The insured get all the profit s.
The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the loan and Life Risks.
It is **economical** in the management of its business.
It is **prompt in the payment of losses.**
It encourages **economy** in the investment of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, quarterly or monthly, as may suit the convenience of the insured, or in full for the whole term in cash, and no doubt on a note bearing interest at 6 per cent, which will be paid out of the profits when it falls to be paid annually to each.
It pays the profits annually to all who have paid the Life premiums.
The profits are ascertained and to be insured in settling intermediate years. Those who pay their premiums in Cash, receive a dividend of 40 per cent. deducted; and those who give Notes, 30 per cent deducted.
The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mortality experience.
This Company has now the large number of **TEN** Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of new insurances would be desirable, and would add to the security of the insured. **Economy in expenses is the principle of average,** upon which all Life Companies are based, and the Mutual Company must therefore prevent it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintances to the advantages offered.
This Company have declared a dividend of 40per cent. on all policies entitled to profits, for the year 1860.
Applications for insurance may be made to
JOHN L. MURRAY, Secretary.
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets,
may8 Lowell, Mass.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.
The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the great jury of the world's intelligence. It causes the lame to do it leaps as an hart.
It causes the blind to see, the deaf to hear, and the dumb to speak.
It causes the lame to walk, the halt to run, and the blind to see.
It causes

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, December 10, 1861.

THE ELECTION YESTERDAY. We give elsewhere the result of the election in this city yesterday. It is hardly necessary to say that it is the opposite of what we reported and labored to secure. We do not consider it necessary, however, to attempt any explanation why more of the Republican ticket was not elected, and what gave success to the largest part of the other. Both sides worked industriously, and the vote was remarkably even. So far as we know, neither ticket was pledged to any particular interest or class of men; both sides had energetic supporters, and while one is much elated at the result, the other is correspondingly depressed. We see in the success of the Citizens' Ticket no cause for serious regrets, but it certainly will not be expected that we shall hypocritically join those who are now rejoicing; and we shall spend no time in hunting up useless explanations and causes of our defeat for the gratification of those disposed to assume snobbish and noisy airs on this occasion. It is always pleasant to be on the "winning side," when it can be always possible. The city government elect has in it some of our best and most worthy citizens, and there is no reason to suppose they will not be faithful to the trust a majority of the voters of Lowell have confided to them.

THE WAR NEWS.

The war news to-day is of very little importance. Nothing direct, or at all of a reliable character, has been received from the South; but the steamer Connecticut is hourly expected at New York with reliable intelligence from Fort Pickens and Port Royal. The latest intelligence from Pensacola is contained in dispatches to the 3rd inst., received at Richmond from Gen. Bragg. He says their everything is quiet about Pensacola, and that the Federal fleet keeps at a safe distance from his guns. The result of the firing so far has been eight rebels killed, and several houses destroyed. No breach had been made, as reported, in the walls of the fort.

The *Memphis Avalanche* confirms the Federal victory in Merrimtown, Tennessee, but thinks Major General Crittenden will overcome the Union forces there. It is rumored that the Federals have become alarmed for the safety of St. Louis, and that Cairo and Paducah are being evacuated by the Federal troops, who are going to St. Louis with all possible haste. [The *Avalanche* is a paper not entitled to the slightest credence, and there is no reason to believe anything it says in relation to the Federal troops. The "Federal victory" referred to is the one in which Parson Brownlow is reported to have been engaged, but it is yet to appear that Brownlow has taken the field; nothing positive on this point is known.]

The *New Orleans Bulletin* says the Federals have captured two rebel steamboats, supposed to be the Henry Lewis and the Watson, and that the California escaped by throwing overboard part of her cargo and 46 head of cattle.

The *Charleston Mercury* says General Ripley has ordered every pound of cotton likely to fall into the hands of the enemy to be burned.

The Massachusetts Thirteenth and the Rebels. The following is a statement in relation to the affair briefly alluded to yesterday:—

On Saturday afternoon a rebel force, consisting of a battery of six pieces, and about 400 infantry and 200 cavalry, made its appearance a: Dam No. 5, on the Virginia side, and commenced shelling and rifle and shell at the dam and houses on the Maryland side, burning a barn and outbuilding and the houses within range, continuing the shelling.

The object here to oppose the enemy were a company of the Thirteenth Massachusetts Regiment on picket duty, and an unarmed Illinois regiment. As the Massachusetts company were armed with smooth bore muskets, their fire was not effective at that distance. Early on Sunday morning the rebels resumed the fire with artillery and small arms, and emboldened by the slight resistance met with on Saturday, came down to the very brink of the river, and exposed themselves without fear.

During the night, Col. Leonard dispatched a canal boat from Williamsport, with another company of his Regiment, all armed with Enfield rifles, who were concealed as skirmishers along the Maryland shore. On the removal of the attack the rifle-men opened fire from their concealment, and in a short time the rebel artillerists were compelled to abandon their battery in hot haste, their infantry and cavalry leaving the ground about the same time.

The rebel loss is believed to be about 15 or 20 killed, and many wounded. For the want of a sufficient military force and a battery to protect our men on the river, Col. Leonard was compelled to let the rebel force remain in position, and after night fall the rebels returned and took them away.

Only one of our men was hit by the rebel firing, and he was not fatally injured.—The object of the rebels, probably, was to destroy the dam, and thus impede the work of transporting the canal boats.

From Washington. Deserters from Boonville state that the rebels have 150,000 troops at Centreville, and that they daily expect an attack from us at three points. There are only 10,000 men at Manassas.

Six thousand more seamen are wanted for the new naval vessels, and one thousand for the Mississippi Flotilla.

A delegation of eight Cherokees, Creeks and Seminoles are in Washington, to examine and report to their people the true condition of political affairs. They have had an interesting conversation with the Secretary of the Interior and Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and they express their surprise at finding things so essentially different from the representations made to them by the rebel leaders.

Col. McClean, the hero of Lexington, is now in Washington.

CONGRESS. The business transacted in Congress yesterday was not of great importance. In the Senate the papers relative to the recognition of Hayti and Liberia were taken from the table and referred to the committee on Foreign Affairs. The resolution directing the committee on the Judiciary to consider the expediency of establishing a new Supreme Court was taken up, and was disposed of by referring that part of the President's message relating to the subject to the committee. A resolution instructing the committee to consider the expediency of amending the constitution was laid over. The resolution of inquiry into the disaster at Bull's Bluff and Ball Run was passed.

In the House, a resolution was passed, requesting the President to open into a systematic exchange of prisoners. The committee on Foreign Affairs were instructed to consider the expediency of furnishing relief to Ireland. A resolution was introduced calling for a modification of Gen. Halleck's order forbidding fugitive slaves from entering his camps, but was not postponed. The committee on Ways and Means was instructed to consider the subject of modifying the tariff.

SPECTACLES FOR LITTLE EYES.—We look before and after—Shelby, Boston Walker, Winslow & Co., No. 245 Washington Street, Boston.

This is a block of about two hundred pages, and as the title indicates, is published especially for young people. It relates principally to Boston, and many of the most prominent points and celebrated public buildings are shown in the frequent wood engravings that adorn the pages of the book. The descriptions are lively and interesting, and the book, as a whole, is really a very attractive one, and will be a favorite with those for whom it was designed. It may be found at Mrs. Eaton's, No. 115 Central Street.

THANKSGIVING SERMON. We have received a copy of a sermon, preached on Thanksgiving day in the Arch Street Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, by Rev. Charles Wadsworth. The *Philadelphia Bulletin* says of it:—"It is a sermon all should read, as it is suited to the times, and single copies of it will be sent to any place, free of postage, on remitting 15 cents to the publisher, in a letter."

MERRY'S MUSEUM. The little folks have probably ere this got the last number (for December) of *Merry's Museum*. The New Year will soon be along, and parents cannot do better than make glad the hearts of the little ones, but by taking for them this little work. Price $1.00. J. N. Stearns, publisher, No. 111 Fulton Street.

REGIMENTS TO BE CONSOLIDATED. It is said to be the intention of Gen. McClellan to consolidate the different companies of each regiment of the regular army. The exigencies of the service hitherto have made it necessary to scatter this force, so that there is hardly anywhere a whole regiment of the old army together. To effect this consolidation, a number of companies of infantry are to be sent to Fort Pickens, while the rest of their regiment is stationed, and other companies are to be brought from Fort Pickens to Washington, to fill up the regiments to which they belong. Thus, in a little while, each of the regiments will be all together, for the first time since the Mexican War, and in some instances for the first time since they were organized.

Who Discovered the Merrimack River!

While turning over some antique books which lately fell into my hands, I find several facts which cannot be uninteresting to any of my dwellers upon the Merrimack, since they relate to the discovery of that ancient stream, and to the gallant Captain Samuel de Champlain, by whom that discovery was made. Presuming that "you would deem the worthy of a place among the numerous historic articles which form so interesting a feature of your paper, I have, like worthy Captain Cuttle, "made a note o'them" for the printer.

The discovery of the Merrimack took place on the seventeenth day of July, in 1603—the same year in which Guy Fawkes signalized himself by his famous Gunpowder Plot. While exploring the rock-bound coast of New England on that day, in a ship placed under his command by the celebrated De Monts, Viceadmiral and Lieutenant-General of New France, under Henry the Fourth, Captain Champlain entered the bay now known as the Bay of Newbury port, and being his second day of this bay, he says—"*Plus y a eu icelle bay une riviere qui est fort spatieuse, laquelle aucun nomme la* RIVIERE DU GAS."

Now the word "Gas" is not found in the old French dictionaries, but which he wanteth will find it in the Abbe Tricot's Dictionary of Words Obsolete, Provincial and Technical, where he will find it translated "the Indian name for the Merrimack River." Champlain, in their behalf, the "father of New France."

Born in the bosom of the Roman Catholic Church, (suffering in this respect much the same fate as Columbus, Amerigo Vespucius, Sebastian Cabot, and other discoverers of whom has ever come his name. Having served many years in less conspicuous posts, (for which he was indebted to Henry the Fourth, the Great Protector of Huguenots) in large and generous soul took pleasure in advising. Thus, in a little while, each of the regiments will be all together, for the first time since the Mexican War, and in some instances for the first time since they were organized.

LOOK TO YOUR COTTON. As the picker under at Damon's factory, Concord, Mass., was running a bale of cotton through the picker, a short time since, he discovered a suspicious looking bunch of cotton which he was about to throw into the picker, but on closer examination found that it was not so. It was found to contain a box of friction matches and a bunch of fire crackers.

THE everlasting Forrest divorce case was before the New York Supreme Court last Saturday. All the judges were present. The question was upon an appeal from the decision of the referee, allowing Mrs. Forrest alimony at the rate of $4000 per annum. The court affirmed the decision of the referee, with costs.

ASA LEWIS, a prominent farmer in Methuen, was accidentally shot dead on the 4th, engaged in cleansing his gun on the 4th. He walked from his barn to his house and sat down with his family, and then informed them of the accident. He died the next day. Mr. Lewis was formerly a bookseller in Boston.

THE President's message contained, by actual count, 7571 words. The whole was telegraphed to San Francisco and published there in the papers of Thursday morning.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most thorough manner; also NEW DRESS GOODS, just received and selling at the lowest cash prices at Union Block, 124 Merrimack street.
dec9tf HARTSHORN & HALL.

OFFICIAL MAPS.

Map of the State of Massachusetts.
Map of the State of Missouri.
Map of North and South America.

The above examined Maps are detailed and long drawn, and are the best ever published. For sale at the bookstore of the publishers, 121 Washington street, Boston, and at the General Ticket office, No. 182 Merrimack Street, adjoining the Merrimack House, where said Maps are on sale.
nov12 S. R. TISDALE.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, where and what quality is at KITTREDGE'S, 14 Middle st. novddtf

NOTICE.

Persons who have subscribed for the Commemorative Edition of the Life of Gen. Jackson, from a disposed of by the undersigned on or before the 15th of June, 1862, to OCTAVIUS HALE, and obtain their names on application to the Clerk of the Merrimack House.
nov28 S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7.30 per cent. interest and running three years, are taken and for sale at the National Bank, Citizens', Merrimack Street.
November 20, 1861. G. W. STICKNEY, Agent. dd1m

INSTRUCTION ON PIANO.

A few scholars received by a competent teacher—Rudiments, Scales, Exercises, Studies, &c. Terms moderate. Apply at 15 Fletcher street.
dec9dtwlt*

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

CITY ELECTION. The election in this city, yesterday, resulted in the triumph of the Citizens' Ticket. Mr. Hodgeil's majority, for mayor, is 55. We give the vote below:—

	VOTE FOR MAYOR.				
	Abram.	Hodgeil.	Pond.		
Ward 1	1	0	382		
2	0	0	399		
3	0	0	350		
4	0	0	387		
5	0	0	293		
6	0	0	243		
Total	1	0	1054		
	VOTE FOR ASSESSORS.				
Ward.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1 C. Lincoln	0	0	0	0	0
1 A. L. Wade	437	431	445	414	0
1 J. Bowers	0	0	0	0	0
1 A. Bailey	0	0	0	0	0
1 S. Allen	113	109	0	0	0
1 Wm. Brown	0	0	0	0	0
1 F. Lawson	112	108	0	0	0
1 Wm. Brown,	0	0	0	0	0
1 M. C. Bryan	371	348	0	0	0
1 J. Bowers	0	0	0	0	0
1 A. Bailey	371	348	0	0	0
1 F. Rogers	0	0

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW, AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do no imagine I have shown more than will be fully particular advantage to you, or even flatter myself with a trade on that day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, I have found it, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had substituted some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are worthless, and I am astonishing that people will patronize an article of the kind when there is one so near at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied your, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of your's.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than a thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, others for dandruff, and every disease the scalp and hair are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Dr. Wm. Wood, St. Louis, will be answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a testimonial, as I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I used quite a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative; and as I knew there was no fiction then truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and beauty, as it was in my younger days, I got a bottle, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I now have one of your small bottles, set aside, and commenced using, following directions as closely as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just between the Fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light, as I had as any man. I have had in my youthful days, when a boy in the State of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair evened entire. Falling off and to be soft and fine, and as silky, as though just from the hands of a French chamber-maid. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine hair?" I tell them of the wonderful effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffing. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case has given the desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those genuine medicines which accomplish what they profess, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Canandaigua Rep.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In answer to numerous inquiries, we would say that the use of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now prepared by Prof. Wood, is not a dye, but restores the hair by healthy action of the skin, &c. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair in its character, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the decaying vitality of that covering of the head, in its own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual had completed three score and ten years, and he believing that the hair could be naturally restored, He tried his own constitution first, and gave great at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to its original color, luxuriance, and the article he did it with, he gave to the world. THAT WOOD DID THAT, BEYOND A DOUBT, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Wood's Hair Restorative, Price $1 per bottle, prepared and for sale by R. P. WOOD, 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines. jan3 6mw

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

ous, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamphlets,
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FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl purfumed and unperfumed and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to let out to order.*

E. P. STONE, {Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE,

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy or

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, PYSPEPSIA AND AGUE CAKE AT DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH.

They are used and rare numerated by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them, pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES LEFFLER, wife from Nazareth, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those who have used them, as a medicine of great excellence."

E. P. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport Ohio, says: "They gave great satisfaction. In one case myself, I was troubled with rheumatism, and I can recommend it as the best medicine I ever used."

Dr. WM M KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., says: "Your Bitters are the most valuable medicine offered. In the case of dyspepsia it has worked wonders, and with them made seven cures of confirmed dyspepsia and liver disease in one family."

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bluntsville, Morgan Co., Ind., writes me a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860. He says he has been troubled with dyspepsia and liver disease with great vertigo ability, palpitation of the heart of the most distressing character, adding "The bottles I was using when I wrote you are now in my possession."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 25 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter to us (Nov. 21, 1859) had used the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians in attendance on him so pronounced it. He suffered from rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaints, kidney affection or general debility, no specific certain remedy.

J. W HUNT writes from Hudson, Lake Co., Ohio, as follows: Where Fever and Ague prevails, I find the Sherry Wine Bitters recommended the best of decided merit in all cases.—Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Dr. K. GALLEHERS M. D., writes from Van Wert, O., and says I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of Physicians and Families, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

☞ *Thousands are receiving Daily,* FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 6tmwlm

To get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
" " HAYNES'S.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of BRITTANIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get PLATED WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.
To get DOWNER'S OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'S.

China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10 ☞

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is unsurpassed.

It prevents the hair from falling off.
It restores it to its original vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It cleans the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It remains longest in effect.
It is the best article for a full suit bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. RIDDER'S Chilera Morbus and Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the most valuable remedies ever offered to the public, particularly for the diseases of children.—Sold by E. P. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug8

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 100 bbls. New Patten, just received and for sale by S. N. WOOD.
2 Market st.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CEDAR CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. RIDDER, Jr.,
corner Merrimack and John sts.

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in every case where it is used for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly turns in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 2000 BOTTLES have now been sold *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and *can be sent by express, closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full strength, $10; Half strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember, that this medicine is removed expressly for obstinate cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; this third is warranted as represented in every respect, or the money will be refunded*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless *purchased directly of Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 53 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ *This Department* includes all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated physician of many years practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations and medicines are strictly private, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients and watchful attendance in a secure and quiet Retreat, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *Two Hundred Thousand* dollars are now paid to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, and every victim will find that such is the case. Most of this sum comes out of a class of fifty or a hundred dollars each, and a part of what is paid *they can never get it back*, and they are ashamed to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing* themselves, and thus the villain is left to prey on *another victim*. Such villains are the curse of society, therefore, you would *avoid being humbugged*, and save your money, go to the Institute and *investigate for yourself*, and MAKE INQUIRY;—it will cost you nothing, and you will be repaid a hundred fold, as advertising physicians [online cases out of every hundred that apply to them for treatment are, but

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, December 11, 1861.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, D. C. December 7th, 1861.

Since writing you I have made a visit to our troops at Darnestown. Four of us chartered a team of two horses and a two seat carriage, and left Washington by way of Georgetown, about 9 o'clock in the morning. We had a very pleasant day for our journey. After making some four miles we came to a toll-gate, where the toll-gatherer made a demand of thirty cents for the privilege of passing over the road called the "Pike" and I think it may well be him that he got it before we traveled the road, for I think we should have given him very distinctly to understand that he should have given us something. I never traveled over such a rough or "uneven" road in all my life before—not even when I was a boy, and hunted the cows at night in the pastures over the hills of New Hampshire.

The middle of the road was piled up with stones of all sizes, and on either hand there was a side-way where the Government teams, with extra load of large, must ply traveled. Our driver was an old and experienced teamster, a member of the New York Cavalry Corps, and he would often come to a complete stand-still, not seeing his way around the stones in the road, but we had started with the determination of seeing Darnestown, and he could ask much service and endure suffering from our correspondent saying, "Boys are the bigger of the company. Which is the way boys?" So we would take a look, and then give our judgment of the directions in mind, and thus we made our way some thirteen miles to Rockville, in season to take dinner.

This place (Rockville) is quite a village for the people out here. They have some three or four churches, several stores, three hotels (as they call them) countryhouse, jail, two academies (one for young ladies and the other for young gentlemen.) After getting our dinners and feeding our horses, we harnessed up, and off we started for our place of destination. We had, up to this time, prided ourselves on our skill in engineering our way over a bad road. We had not gone far before we learned that we had got to bring to our aid all of our knowledge in trigonometry, engineering, and nautical science, in order to get along. We were going very moderately, when all at once something snapped, and our vehicle was emptied rather suddenly. On examination we found that our springs, on one side, had broken, and here we were, stuck in the mud. To walk was impossible, as there had been a heavy rain the day before, and the soil was clay. By our side lay a small tree, which had been cut and trimmed; and after a little consultation of the Expedition, it decided upon me to give orders. After a few moments consideration, orders were given to take certain portions of the harness and the cut tree (which seemed to have been left there for that purpose) and, patch up our broken carriage, which we did, and in due time reaching the gallant soldiers "encamped spring," and in this way we accomplished our journey, arriving at General Banks' headquarters just at dark.

We found Gen. Banks the same dignified statesman that he was when occupying the speaker's chair in Congress, or the executive chair of the Bay State, looking carefully after the interest of all placed under his command, beloved by all, and in whose military knowledge and tact they have great confidence. Some of our party camped out with the Twelfth Regiment, Massachusetts, and others stopped at a private house, paying seventy-five cents for the privilege of sleeping on the floor.

This town seems rightly named Darnestown for a more desolate place, for one we have heard so much about, I never visited. The soil is of reddish hue, clayey and gravelly. The crop raised here is mostly wheat, with a small corn. The wheat is sown in the fall. The houses are small, and most of them are built of hewn logs—what you would call log houses—plastered in between to stop up the cracks, with boarded roofs. This place, as will all old scenes also gone journey, bears marks of that storm which has caused this rebellion, and I believe, is to end by God, and should be by man.

We had a very pleasant visit with the Twelfth Regiment the next morning after arriving. Found them in good order and discipline, putting up log houses for winter quarters, which they have been obliged to leave since, I believe. We then called upon the Second Regiment, encamped some three miles from the Twelfth.—Maj. Dwight is in command. Col. Gordon having gone home on business and the Lieutenant-Colonel being sick. Here we found several Lowell boys, who seemed cheerful and happy; but we had not the pleasure of seeing Capt Abbott's Company. They were out on picket duty some three miles distant from camp; but we learned from Lieut. Abbott, that they were well, with some few exceptions. One young man, by the name of Emery, known with them as the "Drum Boy," was quite sick at the hospital.

After retiring around among the officers and soldiers, our company took up the line of march for home; but finding the roads in such an "unfavorable" condition as to make the prospect gloomy one, we remained over night at Rockville. The landlord was sick, and a young son of fifteen years, son of the proprietor, was the manager of the establishment, with slave help. We arose in the morning at two o'clock; got breakfast about half-past six, and started for Washington, arriving here about 10, A. M. Coming back, we had made up our minds to present a bill for damag e to our thirty cent tollman, but on our arrival at the gate, were met to our surprise, and, as the gh he had got a hint of our purpose, no tollman appeared to take the thirty cents, leaving us to march home unencumbered by breaks.

A rather singular case of presentiment occurred in the Fifth Street Branch Hospital, in this city, some few days ago. John Beecher, of Oswego County, Twenty-Fourth New York Regiment, was stabbed in the shoulder in assisting a sergeant, who had become involved in a quarrel in Washington. He had been in the hospital some weeks, suffering considerable from his wound. One day he laid down and fell asleep, and having been previously broken of his rest considerably, he slept very soundly. This was in the middle of the day. After he awoke he sat by the stove, talking with others, and remarked to them that he had been dreaming. He said that he had been made known to him that he should die before midnight. He was so impressed by the dream, that he took off a ring from his finger, and requested to have it sent to his wife, and gave directions about his burial, and what to write to his wife. He was a member of the church, and expressed no unwillingness to die. His mind was clear, and everything appeared as calm and rational with him as ever; but he was impressed with the fact that his end was near. After night all the necessary arrangements, and when the time arrived to retire, he laid down for the night, and fulfilled the prophecy of his dream!

The sick in many of the hospitals have been furnished with the necessities and comforts which have been absolutely needed for their comfort. I know of no way in which benevolent persons can do the army so much service and soothe suffering, as to turn their attention to the sick soldiers. I have seen young men whom I know are much loved at home and by their companions in arms, lying very sick with fever, in hot weather, with woolen shirts on, which they had worn unwashed for weeks. I have no doubt that proper garments to wear, and a good sponging or rubbing with some proper liquid, would do them more good than pounds of medicine. Mothers at home, be mindful of your sons when sick, and see that the comforts and necessities of the sick room.

THE WAR NEWS.

From Washington and vicinity. A rumor is in circulation in Washington, that a member of Gen. Banks' staff suddenly decamped lately, taking with him some papers of great value to us, and still greater to the rebels. It is surmised that he has left for the South. Persons have been heard to express a wish that it is to be hoped that he will be overtaken and summarily dealt with.

Private letters have been received fully confirming the statement that Parson Brownlow is in the field at the head of a force of some 3000 men. The reported conflict at Morristown is fully credited, and great anxiety is felt to see the commander of the Expedition, it elevated upon me to give orders. After a few moments consideration, orders were given to take certain portions of the harness and the cut tree (which seemed to have been left there for that purpose) and, patch up our broken carriage, which we did, and in due time reaching the gallant soldiers "encamped spring," and in this way we accomplished our journey, arriving at General Banks' headquarters just at dark.

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HARTSHORN & HALL.
dec9

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at almost every description, at reasonable prices is at RITTERIDGE'S, 14 Middle st. novl6tf

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Fallon trial, are informed that they are discharged, from the last day of June, 1861, to OCTOBER 31st 1861, on obtaining their fees, on application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours.
N. T. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.
dec7

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the Railroad Bank, Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.
E. W. STICKNEY, Agent.
Nov. 20, 1861. 447 tm

MILK BOOKS
For sale at the office of this paper. tf

MUNICIPAL.

The regular meeting of both branches of the City Council, was held last evening.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. A petition from Wm. Langley, to have his license to keep a junk-shop revoked, was referred to the committee on licenses.

The reports of the City Marshal for November, and also for the year commencing December 1st, were read and placed on file. Voted to print 200 copies of the latter document.

The votes given in on Monday for city officers were declared, and the Clerk ordered to notify the persons elected, of the same.

All other business acted upon in concurrence.

CONSTABLES' BUSINESS. *Petitions* presented by Wm. Langley, and others, from W. P. Rice and fifteen others, for three Central Bridge rebuilt in a thorough manner, of iron—to committee on that subject; from Bridge rebuilt in a thorough manner, of iron—to committee on that subject; from Hamilton Canal

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, December 11, 1861.

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J.

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Private letters have been received fully confirming the statement that Parson Brownlow is in the field at the head of a force of some 3000 men. The reported conflict at Morristown is fully credited, and great anxiety is felt to have aid sent as rapidly as possible into Tennessee and eastern Kentucky.

At Fredericksburg, on the Potomac, yesterday, the Rebels destroyed four buildings belonging to the rebels, believed to contain arms and ammunition.

A "contraband" from Centreville says the rebels had a review of 80,000 troops there a few days ago. During the review an alarm was created by a report that an entire army in that vicinity was marching to attack them. A panic and stampede took place, rivaling the retreat at Bull Run. Several guns were left on the field, and not recovered until the next day. Many wagons were capsized, and wagon poles broken off, and their drivers fled in disorder. The rebels do not have been in a disorderly condition.

It is believed from all that can be gathered, that the rebel force in front of our lines, numbers at least 100,000 men.

From Fortress Monroe. From yesterday's *Norfolk Day Book*, we learn that a battle is immediately expected on the Potomac, the rebels are removing their stores. War rumors and the war fever runs high.

A telegram from Savannah, dated the 7th, says Gen. Butler's expedition arrived that day at Port Royal.

From Missouri. The notorious marauder, Captain Sweeney, and his band of rebels, who have been for some time past the country in the vicinity of Glasgow in terror, were captured on the 9th, at Rogers' mill, near Glasgow, by a detachment of cavalry under Capt. Merrill. Sweeney's pickets were surprised and captured, and his whole band, 35 in number, taken without firing a gun.

Baltimore, December 10th. A private in the Second Maryland Regiment, encamped in the suburbs of Baltimore, shot and killed a lieutenant during the afternoon. The private's name is Charles Rooss. He has been committed to Fort McHenry.

IN THE WATCHED AND CAPTURED. It is reported that the Secretary of the Navy has dispatched one of the fastest and most powerful vessels in the navy and a swift pilot-boat to intercept the rebel steamer Nashville on her return trip. The instructions of the officers are to approach the Bahia coast as near as the neutrality laws will permit, and to cruise off the coast until they capture the steamer. The Nashville is lightly armed, and if the United States steamer fall in with her she will certainly be taken.

COTTON RAISING TO BE TRIED IN ILLINOIS. The *Chicago Tribune* has information from an unquestioned source, that five thousand acres in Illinois will be planted with cotton the coming year."

CITY AND COUNTY.

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NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to OCTOBER 1st, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk of said Court.

novdlm R. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank, Cushing Block, Merrimack Street.

November 20, 1861. S. W. STICKNEY, Agent. 6dTue

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COMMON COUNCIL. All papers disposed of in concurrence.

CONCURRENT BUSINESS. *Petitions presented.* Petition of Wm. P. Webster and fifteen others, to have Central Bridge rebuilt in a thorough manner, of the committee on that subject; from Wm. J. Fletcher and others, to have Tenth Street straightened—to committee on Streets; from John Harding, that the cesspool on Fourth Street may be changed—to committee on sewers and drains, with full power.

A resolution was passed to lay out and straighten Walker Street from Branch to Westford Street.

The Committee on Finance reported leave to withdraw on petition of George Herrick for aid in putting up the High School apparatus.

Pay of School Committee. The sum of $625 was appropriated to pay the members of the School Committee, excepting Mayor and President of the Common Council, and leave is allowed the Chairman of the Committee on Reports.

SUPERIOR COURT. The Superior Court, civil term, commenced at Cambridge yesterday. Judge Ames will hold the court this week, in the absence of Judge Rockwood.

THE NEXT CITY GOVERNMENT.

We continue our sketches of the persons elected to the next City Government, by giving those of the Common Council.

Ward One. CHARLES F. HARD was born in Boston, and is about 47 years of age; has lived in Lowell about 14 years, with one or two years absence during the time; is a contractor at the Machine Shop; was representative from Lowell to the legislature in 1855 and 1856; has never been in the City Council before. Is a Union man in politics.

FRANK E. JEWETT was born in Lowell, and has always lived here. Is employed on the Merrimack Corporation in the tin shop; is in the present Common Council and serves in the committee on Public Instruction. In politics he is a Republican.

JOHN MARDEN was born in Lowell, and is about 29 years of age; was in the Boston custom house a year or two; is now a grocer. He is elected for the first time. In politics, a Democrat.

AMOS D. WYMAN was born in Fitchburg, Vermont; is 38 years old; has resided in Lowell about 20 years. Is employed in the weave-room on the Lawrence Corporation; will be a new member; politically he is a Republican.

Ward Two. LORENZO D. HOWE is a native of New Hampton, N. H.; about 57 years of age; has lived in Lowell about 30 years; is a carpenter and engineer; was an alderman in 1855, 1856, and 1860. Was a member of committee on Lands and Buildings. Is a Republican.

WM. T. MCNEILL was born in Antrim, N. H.; is about 36 years of age; a carpenter by trade, and is employed on the Merrimack Corporation. He will be a new member. He is a Republican.

HENRY S. ORANGE is a native of Milton, N. H., about 46 years of age, and has been in Lowell 25 years; is a dry goods dealer on Merrimack Street; was elected; is a member of the committee on Accounts and an overseer of the poor. Is a Republican.

BENJAMIN G. CARPENTER is a native of Newport, R. I., and is 35 years of age; he has been in Lowell since 1845; he is overseer of one of the card rooms on the Massachusetts Corporation. He has once been in the City Council before, having frequently declined the offer of a nomination. He is a Republican.

Ward Three. GEORGE W. NOBLE was born in Deerfield, N. H., and is about 41 years old; has lived in Lowell for 28 years; is proprietor of a livery stable on Warren Street; is a member of the present Common Council, and serves on the committee on Claims; also an overseer of the poor. Is a Republican.

EDMUND D. FLETCHER was a native of Boxboro', in this State; is 36 years of age; has lived in Lowell about 23 years; is a grocer of the firm of Nichols & Co. Will be a new member. Is a Republican.

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ALBION J. DUDLEY is a native of Concord, N. H., is about 42 years of age; has resided in Lowell over 16 years; is an overseer in one of the weave rooms on the Lowell Corporation. He is a member of the present Common Council, and serves on the committee on Common. Republican.

FREDERICK FAYLE is a native of Andover, in this State, and is 37 years of age; he has resided in Lowell 24 years; is a mason of the well-known firm of Read & Fayle. He applies for the first time for Council board. He was originally a Democrat but supported Bell and Everett last year.

The above named Councilmen represent a property valued at over $68,000, making with the Mayor and Alderman given yesterday a property representation of $180. Their politics being conditions that the taxation will be well looked to.

Of the City Government 12 were born in Massachusetts (2 in Lowell), 12 in New Hampshire, 3 in Vermont and 1 each in Maine, Rhode Island, England and Ireland.

Of occupations, 7 are overseers, 3 carpenters, 3 each dry goods merchants, agents, engineers and lawyers, and 1 each boiler-maker, dealer, tinman, stable-keeper, tailor, stone cutter, machinist, mason, and clothing dealer.

Of those not taking their preferencer for President in 1860, 23 were Republicans, (Mayor, 3 Aldermen and 10 Common Councilmen) 6 supporters of Bell and Everett, (5 in each branch) and 3 Douglas, (2 in each branch) The Mayor, 6 Aldermen, and 15 Councilmen, were on the Citizens' ticket only; 7 Councilmen on the Citizens' ticket, and 2 Aldermen and 3 Councilmen on both tickets.

IRON-PLATED VESSELS OF WAR. The Navy Department invites proposals for furnishing, fitting and securing to vessels of war, iron plates of 33 inches thickness and 1½ feet in length, to have planed edges and countersunk holes, to be bent to the shape of the vessels from stem to stern, and fastened to the timbers with conical headed bolts of 1¼ inches in diameter. It is understood that the Department designs thus to obviate vessels of war with the least possible delay.

By the report of the bureau of the Navy Department, which has in charge the letter of iron-plated ships of war, it appears that three iron-plated ships or batteries are now in process of construction—one at New York by J. Ericsson, another at Philadelphia by Merrick & Son, and a third at New Haven by Bushnell & Co. The cost of these vessels will be $1,290,730.

THE NAVAL CODE IS AROUND REBELLION is the following list of facilities seized by our troops on the coast of the United States, it will be seen how extensive the code is drawn around them on the seaboard:—

Ship Island,	Mississippi.
Fort Pickens,	Florida.
Fort Pickens,	Florida.
Key West,	Florida.
Tortugas,	Florida.
Port Royal,	South Carolina.
Hilton Head,	South Carolina.
Hatteras,	North Carolina.
Roanoke Island,	North Carolina.
Newport News,	Virginia.
Fortress Monroe,	Virginia.

The island is valuable in compels to the circle of fire around the seaboard, and the key to using itself to death, is the departure of Farragut's, Butler's and the Mississippi expeditions.—*New York Herald.*

A CITIZEN OF Salem, Mass., well known for his inventive genius, has concocted a preparation, which, when ignited, becomes an unquenchable flame of fire and brimstone, and which, when put up in glass bottles, make an ascension in a balloon, float over the camps of the rebels, toss over the bottles, which, upon breaking, ignite the powder and set fire to fire and blow up ammunition wagons—making them as Sodom and Gomorrah.

THE *Charleston Mercury* thinks the next two months will determine definitely the question of a long or short war. In this time the ability of the North to goldvade and overrun the South will be decided, while the development of the cotton famine abroad will bring to a crisis the question of recognition. Secession shall be rejected by foreign nations.

RELEASE OF EX-MINISTER FAULKNER. Charles J. Faulkner, of Virginia, recently Minister to France, was released from Fort Warren, on Monday, on parole. He left Boston that evening for New York, whence he will proceed to Richmond, by way of Fortress Monroe, to endeavor to effect an exchange with Mr. Ely, of New York.

BRECKINRIDGE'S SUCCESSOR. Gerrit Davis has been elected United States Senator from Kentucky for the remainder of John C. Breckinridge's term. Mr. Davis was formerly a Whig, and has served several terms in the House of Representatives from his district. He is upward of sixty years of age, but is not past honorable labor in behalf of his country.

REV. JOHN PIERPONT. The Boston correspondent of the *New York Tribune* says, in relation to Rev. John Pierpont, who went out with Wilson's Regiment as Chaplain, and afterward took an office in the Quartermaster's department, that Pierpont felt compelled by poverty as well as patriotism to enter the army, but that he found himself unable to endure the cold and fatigue. "I shall die," said he to a gentleman who visited the regiment, "I am not able to keep my old bones warm." Secretary Chase was applied to, and with creditable haste immediately gave the old Patriot-Bard a position in the Treasury Department.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against LOSS by FIRE on favorable terms. Office No. 085, corner Merrimack and Middle streets.

Insures property on the Cash Capital principle, which is equitable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

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Lowell.

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Stephen Codding, John Avery,
Arthur F. Bourne, Walter H. Wright,
Joshua W. Hunkins, Josiah Richardson,
Edward Peabody, Henry C. Howe,
Ephraim Brown. William M. Read.

Andover.

Abraham Poor, Alexander T. Lowe,
Benjamin E. Stevens. Lester M. Clark.

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J. F. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

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ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies witness property risks only at their respective offices. Apply at the CHEAP OFFICE without DWELLING HOUSES and CHURCHES for ONE OR FIVE years.

NO AGENTS OR ANY CASE.

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Oct. 4, 1861. oct14dly

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office,

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,

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VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice last year, and have used it in a large number of cases, and recommend its positive superiority over all other kinds of base for artificial teeth. It is perfectly adapted to the mouth, and will not change in color, or become offensive to the breath. It is not supposed that it will supersede the use of gold, but for the majority of cases it is far preferable. It is also much lighter than any other base for artificial teeth, and will not break if dropped upon a hard substance. Those who have worn gold plate will find this a great relief. Those who have never worn artificial teeth will find it much more comfortable than gold. Those who have worn rubber will find this much superior. Those who have worn cheap metal plates will find this much more durable. Those who have worn continuous gum will find this much more natural. Those who have worn pivot teeth will find this much more durable. Those who have worn single teeth will find this much more natural. Those who have worn full sets will find this much more comfortable. Those who have worn partial sets will find this much more durable. Those who have worn nothing will find this much more natural. Those who have worn anything will find this much more comfortable. Those who have worn anything will find this much more durable. Those who have worn anything

...NTING
...BLISHMENT.

...CREATIVE.

...that
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few application stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it hairs where mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and I have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. But in every instance where it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at a cheaper half the price, and after two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I do—no doubt you know why. It is unfortunate that people will patronize an article of no virtue, when they know that the one that has been proved to stand above all.

I am aware that many charlatans have not the least scruple, to write an advertisement, as I notice the Anti-Popular names in connection with several cures, generally inserting some other name in your stead.

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have seen your preparation with the greatest success—some for baldness, gray hair, sealed head, dandruff and even deafness, to scaly and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your principal place of business here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 16, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years, and am now over sixty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the truly wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a new fashion then turning in, and entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and softness, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as nearly as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was certainly tightening, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used about six of your small bottles and just began on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair, brown, or light (is a hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceases to fall off by falling off and is as soft and fine, and fit to lie as silk, as through just from the hands of the French chemister. Many of my acquaintances are frequently say to me, "what kind of dye you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is the original hair of the old "Pate" head.

Yours, truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test as a remedy upon which can not to be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it is now extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the unbounded endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those valuable and *meritorious* which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bold and gives to it claim.—*Columbus* 1859.

FROM WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In addition volumes will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now cures extraordinary baldness, and prevents the hair from falling out. We have seen many as he the testimonials in favor of other articles, but none of which we have in gentlemen, on whose we have known for many years as persons of the highest character and veracity. We say till now have used this Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of giving every new discovery in the cure of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in commending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is failing off or turning gray. It is not a new nostrumtor, Fr. by J. Ainsa. Eq., has proved against the benefit it has produced in his family with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and he hasit will be as we have done it.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by undeniable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its original color. Many persons who had become almost bald because of sickness, have had their hair restored luxuriantly by using but a few bottles of this wonderful preparation for all cases. It is perfectly safe, as well as effectual; entirely free from alcohol and other impurities, which operate so injuriously upon the hair. It is the universal opinion of all who have described it. In many cases this preparation discloses more than it is claimed for it, and more than it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and its effects are certainly beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, is unquestionably doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as compiler of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the day, each of which claims to be the greatest. Of course attention need in all to its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however, Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we do not hesitate to say—has all the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that is needed, and confidently claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known to be magical, and in time or exhausted land, it brings forth a crop whereof applied. Its use is not confined to curative only healthy, but we advise our friends will generally prefer using and keeping the Restorative.—*Concordia Gap.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABSURDITY. Wood's Hair Restorative is the only true Hair Fluid. It restores to youthful standard an embrown no chimney, and stops the hair from falling out. Thousands have testified over latter have reached. His sales are wonderful—six bottles sold for years ago, through the whole country, and increasing every time you see a bottle of this important fund restoring. So much for character. Wood's Hair Restorative is the only article that will apply to the function of the scalp. Prof. Wood's Restorative not for human hair, its discovery, its properties, its diseases, and how to restore the original vitality of the scalp, when departed from its own use, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual, and that baldness is a disease to be cured, and that the hair could be restored. Invigorated. He thinks his own observation and quite great at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair to its original color, luxuriance, and the article he said it was to be gave to the world. Call it by [illegible] RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ A. No. 444 Broadway will be found at the original genuine Family and Patent Medicine Store.

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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to all sanitizing else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 2000 BOTTLES have now been sold *without a single failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. IT is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Explanatory Circulars of this Medicine is reserved expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, also that is unwarranted as represented in the following cases, which must be referred to.

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR ALL DISEASES, No. 24 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ This Remedy restores all disorders of a Private nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by whatever cause produced, of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them—Consultations by mail or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, geo-mendations for the treatment of those afflicted with a secret and quiet *Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that from one to two thousand persons are paid yearly to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone, and that from $50 to $100 is the pay. Most of this sum comes out of a class of persons who can *never get it back*, and they are justly entitled to everyone's sympathy. We wish to expose the cheat for fear of *exposing themselves*, to the public, and to warn the unwary against *sanctioning* a practice which is not only disgraceful, but highly dangerous. Therefore, take no man's word *no matter what he says*, but call and see for yourself. QUITE AS OFTEN you say nothing, and may save you many regrets and much money. Consultation and examination free. Cures warranted in a few days, there is no safety in trusting any one, unless you know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing one stamp, also a Pamphlet on the DISEASES OF WOMEN, (Female Diseases generally), also Circulars giving full information, with *hundreds of references*, to any but recent cases without stamps.

Application for insurance may be made to
JAMES MATTISON, Agent,
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WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the great court of the world's healers, and became the issue is to beg as an heir.

It is a sovereign remedy for all sores. It cures Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Boils, Felons.

It causes the crying of the tender heart to cease, and the suffering to subside.

It lifts the old man off from his crutch, when bowed with rheumatism.

It relieves the delicate mother when her breast is sore.

It cleanses and cures the scaly of the scaldy head.

It terminates the most obstinate case of Piles.

It smoothes the face of the pitted and pimpled with the smallpox.

It is a remedy against colds.

It is a remedy against cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammations and diseases of the eye.

The carbuncle may be cured if you will heed us.

Sore eyes may be cured if you will look for this remedy.

You may be rid of poor sores and chilblains.

For all of these ills we say

Get a box of Golden Salve and be cured.

For sore throat use Golden Salve.

For sore lungs use Golden Salve.

For stiff joints and lame side use it.

For sore nipples, sore breast, sore feet, sore heels, and sores of every description, use Golden Salve.

All its works speak its praises. It has the highest recommendations from the most eminent of the faculty, and the best—from merchants, mechanics, farmers, and from all classes of society. It has the highest and the best—from merchants, mechanics, farmers, and from all classes of society. It has the highest and the best—from merchants, mechanics, farmers, and from all classes of society.

Only three, D. C. WHITTEN, Lowell, Mass., and without the least injury to health in any case.

☞ It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

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THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, December 13, 1861.

WAR ITEMS.

An important order relative to recruiting has been issued. No more regiments or companies are to be raised in any of the States, except upon special requisition of the War Department; those now forming will be completed under the direction of the Governor, unless it be considered advisable to assign those already raised to regiments already in the field. The recruiting service is placed under charge of general superintendents in each State.—Lieut. C. H. B. Dey, 2nd Infantry, Cambridge, has been appointed for this State. The Superintendents will take charge of the business assigned them the first day of January next, after which volunteer officers now recruiting, will be ordered to join their regiments, unless otherwise instructed. Volunteers will be mustered for pay on the same rolls as those used for the regular army. Commanding officers, lacking the requisite number of men, will report to the Adjutant General's office at Washington, that arrangements may be made to fill up their ranks.

Missouri. In a band of rebels captured near Dunksburg, Mo., a few days ago, were a son and son-in-law of Col. Jackson, both Americans. There is a rumor that Price is advancing northward, and another that a fight took place at Waverly, between a detachment of Federal cavalry yesterday, and the rebels. No result is reported.

From the South. News from Port Royal is to the 6th inst. A New York regiment was about embarking for Florida, with a view of storming Fort Pulaski. A fleet had been seen off Port Royal a few days previous, bound south, from which great news was expected. Gen. Stevens was expected Boston.

Charles Anderson, brother of General Anderson, arrived at New York yesterday, having escaped from San Antonio to Monterey and Tampico, from whence he took passage in a British steamer to Havana. The steamer met the Spanish fleet within 36 hours sail of Vera Cruz.

From Fort Pickens. Apollo we have an "uncertain sound" in relation to the engagement at Fort Pickens. A private letter from on board the steamer Richmond, which took part in the fight, is as follows. How far it is reliable we do not know.

The writer states that he had been complimenting the captain of one of the guns on the accuracy of his aim, when a shell burst through the bulwarks, struck him head off and wounded six men. The shell on exploding tossed the ship out of water, and made her reel like a drunken man. Another shell struck an ox just below the water line, causing a leak to be, but the steam pump kept the vessel free.

The firing continued all day, and was resumed by the enemy next morning, when we moved out of the range. The Niagara built up at last, but being outside of the bar she cannot be much injured. Fort Pickens has up to that date lost but one man killed and seven wounded. Fort McRee is much damaged, but we cannot destroy it with our smooth bore guns as they are no match for the rifle cannon. The bombardment was to be renewed the next day (23d) with a determination to whip or be whipped.

MR. THADDEUS STEVENS, a member of Congress from Pennsylvania, is reported to have said in a caucus a few nights ago, that "after Mr. Lincoln's reputed policy was accepted by the President and Gen. McClellan went to him and threatened to resign if it was sent into Congress with the passages respecting the emancipation and arming of the slaves of rebels, unmodified." We have no means of knowing as to the truth or falsity of this statement; but do not hesitate to say that we believe it is based on fact. If we are correctly predicting events ago, that there would be a quarrel between the Government and Gen. McClellan on this question, and if the emancipation proposition was pushed, he would send in his resignation.

PUBLIC MEN. One of the most unostentatious men in Washington (says a correspondent) is the President of the Senate. Mr Hamlin has comparatively quiet quarters at the Washington House—a quiet respectable but not fashionable house.—He dresses as plainly as a New England farmer; his coat is of coarse cloth, made by no eminent hand; but of excellent and marked ability and a resolution and determination of a high order.

The next plainest man of rank is Gen. George B. McClellan. Few men can find him, and few men know him when he is found. At the hotel he only wears the undress uniform of a colonel, and unless under stringent weather wears the overcoat with a coat much the worse for wear. He has no fixed location, and moves from room to room as quickly calls. Of course those who have business with him know where to find him. Not so with the eager throng who wish to see the young shoulders on which the armies of Scott has fallen.

THE Secretary of the Treasury.—The report of the Secretary of the Treasury is a comprehensive and valuable document, conservative and cautious in the changes it recommends, and clear and positive in the enunciation of those sound principles of financial policy which founded the sub-treasury law, and vetoed the United States Bank. The Secretary states, as the principle for regulating the amount of revenue "indispensable to a sound system of finance" which "reference has only determined" in his mind as just and for the interest of the people. "taxation to produce enough for ordinary expenditures, "for prompt payment of interest on the "public debt, existing and authorized, and "a surplus fund sufficient to extinguish "the principal within thirty years. Mr. Chase rivets the clear exposition of the American national system of paying debts as distinguished from that of European governments, with the following emphatic sentence: "The idea of perpetual debt is "not of American nativity, and should not "be naturalized."

The tariff is recommended to be advanced on tea, brown sugar, tea and one half cents per pound; clayed sugar, three cents; green tea, two cents, and coffee five cents. No other changes are proposed.

The direct tax on property is recommended to be $20,000,000 from the loyal States; and, furthermore, $20,000,000 by duties on stills and distilled liquors, on tobacco, on bank notes, on carriages, on legacies, on paper evidences of debt and instruments for conveyance of property, and on other like subjects of taxation; also, $10,000,000 from the income tax, making the total yearly product of direct taxation, other than customs, amount to $50,000,000 per annum.

The proceeds of customs duties are estimated at $32,198,662, and from lands and miscellaneous sources, $2,454,062—The total from all sources, except from direct taxation, is estimated at $40,000,000, and from direct taxation, $50,000,000, making the yearly revenue $90,000,000. On this subject the Secretary gives the following statement, and bases his calculations:—

"But if the sum is large, the means of the people are also large; and the object to be attained by a consecration of a portion of them to the public service is precious. The real property of the loyal states is valued, in round numbers, at seven and a half thousand millions. The personal property at three and a half thousands of millions, and the annual surplus of all savings of the loyal people at not less than three hundred millions of dollars. Four per cent. on each dollar, or two-fifths of one per cent. on the real and personal property of the loyal States, will produce forty-four millions of dollars; to which sum the proposed income tax will probably add ten millions more. The sum will be little more than one-sixth of the surplus earnings of the country.

The Secretary explains that the July estimates of its expenditure were based on an army of 500,000 men, which Congress afterwards increased to 500,000.

The existing appropriations, loans, and estimated revenue for the year ending June 30, 1862, are stated at $329,501,-994, and the expenditures at $475,467,-472. This will require further loans to $145,965,477, and the $500,000,000 will probably be enough.

For the year ending June 30, 1863, the expenditures are stated at $475,351,245. And the receipts from customs and land are $90,000,000 for the first quarter, leaving by loans of $379,451,245.

The whole amount required from loans may, therefore, be thus stated:—

For the year 1862 (now existing loan)	$145,965,477
For the first quarter 1863, (now loan)	379,451,245
For the fiscal year 1863, also (only loan to be issued,	379,451,245
Total up on aggregate of	$904,868,067

If the loans be limited to June 30, 1863, and there existing stocks cannot be negotiated at par, the following will be required:

For the first quarter of 1863, beginning with	$90,000,000
For the first quarter of 1863, beginning with	90,000,000
For the first quarter of 1864, beginning with	117,726,249
For the first quarter of July, 1864, beginning with	95,726,249
Total loans will be	$904,868,067

Mr. Chase, in his remarks on bank circulation, says: "I am opposed to any measure which tends to the principle of specie payments as unattainable to resumption, and consequently to the fertile source of United States demand notes by Government. The plan therefore, now in operation is prudent, safe for the public interests, and under its judicious control of practical business men, may be a safe and instrumental aid to the only true restoration of our bank note currency—the restoration of specie payments."

The principal features are first a circulation of notes bearing a common impression, and countersigned by a proper authority; (2nd) the redemption of these notes by the associations and institutions which issue them; (3rd) a deposit of bonds; and (4th) the security of the stockholders in the banking house. The Secretary says that redemption is the keystone of the whole system, and an adequate provision of specie.

In this last the people, in their circulation, find the basis of that uniformity and uniformity in currency of uniformity in security; for the actual value of the whole and both united is precisely against depreciation; and of protection from losses in discount and exchange; while in the operations of the Government the people would find a currency always ready to be received for government revenue, of increased facility for obtaining the loans required by its wants, and of a diminution of the burdens on industry through a due increase of the metallic currency, and the impulse to the perfect circulation, without raising the price of a great money monopoly.

A further and important advantage to the people may be reasonably expected in the increase of the value of the United States, springing from the common interest in its preservation, created by the distribution of its stocks to so extensive through all the communities the bonds of their connection."

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS. Manchester, N. H., on Tuesday elected David A. Buntin, Republican, Mayor by 232 majority. In 1860 Buntin had 11 votes and his opponent 218.

In Massachusetts, on Monday, the results in the several cities where elections were held was as follows: In Boston A. M. Wightin a, Democratic and Constitutional Union candidate, re-elected; Roxbury—Wm. Gaston, a real estate without opposition; Worcester, F. Amory Aldrich, Republican, elected; Newburyport—George W. Jaquith, Jr., re-elected without opposition; Lynn—Peter M. Neal, Citizens' candidate, elected; Charlestown—Phineas J. Stone, Citizens' Union, elected.

A PRESIDENTIAL GUN. President Lincoln has invented a gun which it is said is possessed of extraordinary merit.—*Ex. Journal.*

It is with fatal gun, we suppose, that Old Abe has been able to "kill off" a good many political and military aspirants.

CITY AND COUNTY.

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most thorough manner, also NEW DRESS GOODS, just received and selling at the lowest cash prices at Carlton Block, 103 Merrimack street, opposite Hamilton House. HAZELTON & HALL.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, at moderate profits, is at SUTHERLAND'S, 11 Hildreth st. novl4tf

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury, Main location 7 Allspice cent, interest and running three years, on board and for sale at the National Bank, Thornton Block, Merrimack street.

E. W. STICKNEY, Agent.
November 20, 1861. 4d|dw

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860 to OCTOBER 31st, 1861, can obtain their fees on application to the City Treasurer, at his office in the City Hall. nov21dtf

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

LECTURE LAST EVENING. The fourth lecture of the course before the Mechanics' Association, was delivered in "Huntington Hall last evening, to a full audience, by Rev. Mr. Hepworth, of Boston, on Reform. Mr. Hepworth, who is quite a popular young clergyman, is the South End, is a pleasing speaker, having a rich musical voice, and energetic action, and from his connection with the reforms of the age may be appropriately considered a good specimen of the class named under the third division of his theme.

If we were called upon to divide the world into three most distinctive classes, we would say there are, first, the many who may be called clay, waiting and ready to be moulded into anything at the skilful artist: second, the conservatives, or those who are constantly holding on the plastic clay and keeping it from taking any new shape; and third, the reformers, a motley group of men who are generally one-sided, and who are ready for human right, often impracticable, always finding fault with them to the extent of ready to throw them up to scorn, and somehow or other keeping the vitality of the race.

The first class embraces the majority they may be all rolled up together, and they exert a mighty influence on the age, or produce a single great man. The second class of men is composed of those who have passed through the first, and who, in their over-zeal, would have us cut the cloth before we ask for our rights, and deem peace is no concession to war, but to be war itself. It shall never be said our rights have kicked the beam; We abhor for truth, for truth's pure glory for republicanism, for our homes, and we only ask of them that they shall swear fidelity to that noble constitution that stands and is ever lifted, unstained by the noblest men who ever spoke. If the South stands in its might and bids twenty millions of free-born—Northern-reared citizens—God of Israel to help us, and when we have a government that will rule with a black spot out of his face. The southern cry is not pay their debts, it is raid. He pon tone; hyah Peter M. Neal, Citizen of North was anxious to pas her jue debts; that is to say, while up Captain Dupont with a little fleet went down and began to "shell out," but they did not have the decency to stay.

The speaker then traced the progress of the Anglo-Saxon people from 1765, stating that the nation of reformers. The crossing of Zealand in reference to the present and was spoken of, that she had used her masters of fiction to our land to exercise their peculiar trade. After a glowing picture of our success in the termination of the present conflict, Mr. H. graphically described the attempted assassination of Richelieu, when at the height of his fame, and words to the desperado, concluding, said—"So when the liberty of the best government that was ever known to man, and is plotted against by a band of desperadoes, enemies alike to the world as to ourselves, and as the sword of the assassin is placed against her breast, she, too, may say—'Strike, if you dare, strike like devils as you are.' Is is not written in the book of fate that the American Government shall die by the hand of man. It shall live and be revered long after your execrable purposes are forgotten; long after your miserable bodies, riven by the swords of justice, are safely lodged under ground."

Mr. Hepworth spoke an hour and a quarter, and was frequently applauded.

CITY MARSHAL'S REPORT FOR 1861.—City Marshal Lovejoy submitted his annual report for the year ending November 30th, to the Mayor and Aldermen, last Tuesday evening. By it we learn that 1338 were admitted for lodgings, of whom 220 were females; 1172 foreigners, 1164 non-residents, and 97 minors. Arrests during the year, 2237; of whom 2148 were committed. Of the number arrested, 353 were females, 2021 foreigners; 425 non-residents, 170 minors. Of those arrested 121 were common drunkards, 1013 for drunkenness, 132 assault and battery, 14 larceny, 125 disturbing the peace, 86 disorderly persons, 90 deserters from Camp Chase, 64 malicious mischief, 35 tramps, 13 burglary, 16 for common barratry, 15 night walking, and 3 for murder; the balance for various offences. 1 of which was for "playing" hokey." During the same period there were 667 complaints and 622 prosecutions before the Police Court, of whom 70 were discharged. Of those prosecuted, 121 were for common drunkenness, 60 for assault and battery, 109 larceny, 12 burglary, 4 adultery, 16 forfeiture, 18 liquor nuisances, 3 murder, &c. The amount of moneys taken from prisoners on commitment, $2373 81; returned by officers on precepts, $2430 00; due the city, $1248.60. The amount of property reported stolen, was $3417 30; recovered by police, $978.80; recovered stolen out of the city, $1850; remaining unclaimed, $40. Not a suspension has taken place in the police force (29 in number) during the year.—The report is to be printed. The Marshal also submitted his monthly report for November, but as the figures are included in the above, we omit it.

LOCATION OF CHURCHES. The *Newburyport Herald* says that there are seven churches in one ward of that city. There are twenty-five places of worship in City, of which twelve are in Ward Two, viz: John Street Kirk Presbyterian, Congregationalist, John Street and Central Methodist, (the latter vacant) First and Low Street Unitarian, (the last unoccupied) Second Baptist, St. Anne's Episcopal, Second Universalist, Wesleyan Methodist, (Wymans), Advent Chapel and Wells Hall, occupied by the Spiritualists. In Ward One there are three churches, Westbury Street Baptist and Methodist and First Congregationalist. In Ward Three there are four, St. Paul's Methodist, First Baptist, First Universalist and St. John's Episcopal. Ward Four has three places of worship, Appleton Street Congregational, St. Peter's Catholic and the Free Chapel. Ward Five has only two churches, St. Patrick's and St. Mary's, both Catholic, while Ward Six boasts but one church, High Street Congregationalist, which, however, has a clock on it indicating the passage of time and the coming of the end of all things.

MILLERITE NORTH AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. The following are the Trustees chosen at the meeting of this Society on Tuesday last:—Andrew J. Meserve, Gardner Parker, Billerica; Samuel D. Parker, Billerica; Samuel D. Parker, Billerica; Samuel D. Richardson, Chelmsford; Asa Chalmers, Timothy Coburn, Dracut; Andrew Spaldings, James T. Burnap, Dunstable; William Nichols, Groton; Lowell; Jeremiah Snyder Upton, Joel Abbott North Reading; James Eustis, Lyllo Eaton, South Reading; Joshua Clark, George Pillsbury, Tewksbury; Joseph Hall, Wilmington, Sherburne, Jr., Tyngsboro'; Solomon Richardson, Zacchens Reed, Westford; Andrew Upton, Horace Phelps, Williington. No Trustees were chosen from Burlington, there being no members of the Society from that town.

Voted that 800 copies of the annual report be printed; also that each member be entitled to two tickets to the annual exhibition and no more.

It was voted that each town be entitled to fifteen tickets to the annual show for more members. Voted that the Treasurer pay 25 per cent. received from new members to persons obtaining their names, for one year.

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, Justice Stevens on the bench, Thomas Rogers was found guilty of common drunkenness and sentenced to the House of Correction for three months.

Thomas Kennedy, a truant, was sentenced to the House of Employment for four months.

Thomas Dwyer, also a truant, was ordered till the 28th for sentence.

Matthew Callahan and James Cassidy for an assault upon Clara A. Measham, a teacher, by throwing stones at her, were ordered till this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A LITERARY AND GEOGRAPHICAL TREAT. By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. Tirrell, a Boston Artist, delivers a lecture on California, illustrated by 81 splendid and distinct paintings this evening, at Mechanics Hall. The same have been exhibited in Boston 162 nights during this year.

The Boston Journal of yesterday morning, says that the Grand Jury has found a bill against William Kenley, a clerk in the Lowell postoffice, charging him with opening letters and obstructing the mails.

CENTRAL BRIDGE. The committee on streets of the City Council, to whom the subject of rebuilding Central bridge was referred, have gone to Palmer to-day to examine the iron bridge built at that place some four or five years since.

A petition was presented to the City Council on Tuesday evening signed by 150 citizens, asking that the proposed new bridge to take the place of Central bridge, may be a permanent and thorough structure of iron.

LEAD THIEVES. Night before last, the entire lead on the roof of the High School House, about 300 pounds, valued at over $100, was stripped off and carried away clear. A portion of the lead on the house of Mrs. B. F. French, was also taken off. By whom it was done, or in what way without attracting the attention of the police, is a mystery.

"RETURNS from every Ward" show that to-day is one of the coldest days of the season.

GEN. BUTLER IN CAMP CHASE. A correspondent of the *Newburyport Herald*, writing from this city, under date of the 9th inst, speaks as follows:

"On Sunday, Gen. Butler reviewed the troops; after which followed inspection, &c., by the Major General, and stopped a few days with us. He was formerly quartered in the house we now occupy as our Regimental Hospital, which renders the Doctor to join him on the route to Washington in April last, has not been lessened by what he have witnessed here in camp. He came for the men, the thorough neatness he requires in camp, and the precision and regularity of all the duties, are a theme to the admiring delight of military duty, is perfectly astonishing, and which he shows in encampment. The man also, in both regimens, entertain for him the highest respect, and I am sure will be glad to hear of their welcome back to the loyal States, they will call to see him, and he will not turn them from the face of those they have befriended, defrauded, and bereaved, and left homeless.

ENLISTED FOR THE WAR AND FOR LIFE. One of the volunteers, says the *Cape Ann Advertiser*, who recently enlisted for the war, would not object to any contract for recruiting agent would promise him three days' furlough, at such time as he wished, after enlisting. Upon the reception of his bounty money, he started for his residence in Gloucester, and when he arrived at the house, in the hands of a foreign government for worker than themselves!

Now, if there is any person, he knows little of the past history of mankind; and, in the history of rebellion and civil strife, that the people of Kentucky, before they were constituted a State, gave formal notice to the Indian Territories, that Gen. Washington was President, that if they would not be disturbed in their settlements, they would themselves conquer it. The mouth of the Mississippi belonged, by the gift of God, to the inhabitants of its great valley. Nothing but irresistible force can disturb them.

MR. DICKINSON'S SPEECH IN BOSTON.—The Boston Post publishes the following report of Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, delivered in Boston on Monday evening last:—

In every age of the world, and with every people, it has been the fate of traitors loathed and despised by honorable men, to be employed by their own party for money, and his name has been a synonym for baseness for nineteen centuries, through which he was signalized by the redemption of fallen man. But he showed a disposition to be useful, and he found in Judas an example which all traitors should copy with sincerity, for he went out and hanged himself.

Mythology informs us, that when Minerva, the goddess of wisdom, sprung out of Jupiter's head, and South Carolina dissolution believed that upon the nativity of Secession, 132 assault and battery, 14 larceny, 125 disturbing the peace, 86 disorderly persons, 90 deserters from Camp Chase, 64 malicious mischief, 35 tramps, 13 burglary, 16 for common barratry, 15 night walking, and 3 for murder; the balance for various offences. 1 of which was for "playing" hokey." During the same period there were 667 complaints and 622 prosecutions before the Police Court, of whom 70 were discharged. Of those prosecuted, 121 were for common drunkenness, 60 for assault and battery, 109 larceny, 12 burglary, 4 adultery, 16 forfeiture, 18 liquor nuisances, 3 murder, &c. The amount of moneys taken from prisoners on commitment, $2373 81; returned by officers on precepts, $2430 00; due the city, $1248.60. The amount of property reported stolen, was $3417 30; recovered by police, $978.80; recovered stolen out of the city, $1850; remaining unclaimed, $40. Not a suspension has taken place in the police force (29 in number) during the year.—The report is to be printed. The Marshal also submitted his monthly report for November, but as the figures are included in the above, we omit it.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 11.

2 Boston and Maine Railroad		108
2 Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad		97 1-2
10 Western (Massachusetts) Railroad		97 1-2
5 Western Railroad		97 1-2
15 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad		97 1-2
5 Connecticut River Railroad		98
2 Worcester Stock		99 1-2
2 Worcester Bank		99 1-2

There is an increasing demand for Homespun; the success of its proclaimers over all other clothes, and especially the many youths attending the administering of the medicines to the sick, has created a large sale for them, and to rely upon it altogether. There has not probably anything been brought to the people it as the introduction of Dan. Gifford's Homespun Garments. They are pretty soon got up in convenient form, easy to administer, and so good in their operations as to cure nine cases out of ten. We commend them to our readers, and that any will try it for themselves, for they consist of forty different kinds of ingredients for many different diseases

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:
St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir:* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither had there been up to this time.
After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as you have flatter your vanity in this line day, as I am well aware they are all well known abroad, and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time for the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance I have found, it proved, by probing the matter, that they have not used your article at all, but some other new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have used two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are good for the scalp, containing that people will patronize an article of no reputation who have not the means that has been proved beyond a doubt.
Apparently, some of these advertisers have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as it seems they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.
I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect accompaniment for it's success, and all have healed, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.
I called to see you personally, at your original place of business when in St. Louis, but you were not living in New York.
You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communications addressed to me, care of No. 5, Commercial Row, will be promptly answered.
Yours, &c.,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.
DEAR SIR: I send you a statement, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unhealthy. I had used a number of certificates of the heavy wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and at last, as there was more fiction than truth in them, but concluding a strong desire to have my hair as it possible, restored to its original color and beauty, as it was in my younger days, I purchased, Black, Tortoiseshell I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I bought only one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following the directions as closely as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was considerably checked, and to add a realness that was delightful, continued to use. I have continued to use it, and have used three of your small bottles and a large one, and the fourth. I have now a good head of hair, dark brown, or light auburn, as it was in my younger days, and had in my own family, and many others in the vicinity of Bloomington, Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not falling out, but is left as smooth as soft and fine, and in fact is in every respect restored to its former beauty. I will cheerfully answer all letters addressed to me, and have no hesitation in saying that your Restorative has restored my hair to its original color, strength and beauty, and I would recommend it to any one in need of such an article.
Yours, respectfully,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own family it has been long and well used, and we believe in every case where every desired result, and receive the most unqualified endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most reliable *Restorers* which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and grey could desire.—*Saturday Visitor*.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found the formula for one of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color. The Hair Restorative is one extra commendation, and proves the high character it has won. We have seen many authentic testimonials in proof of these facts in other papers, and have from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the highest veracity and character. Don't dye till you have tried this.—*Boston Olive Branch*.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of giving a great many puffs, but in this case we do it as they are quick testimony, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our friend, the ship constructor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of it in all cases of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and General Debility.
P. K. GOODRICH, M. D., Visiting Physician Van Wert, O.—"I most respectfully recommend Wood's Hair Restorative to the notice of dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating restorative."

Such News we are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
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THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES,
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue,

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to all other remedies of the kind, and giving relief after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and in the very first dose. Indeed, for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly so much in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and also all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.
EVERY ONE CONVINCED. Bottles have been sold *without a single failure*, and in no case taken as directed and without the least injury to health in any case. IT IS put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.
PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half-strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
BY Remember! The medicine is deposed expressly for obstructive cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and that it is warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine, and wanted, unless purchased *directly of Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 23 Union street Providence, R. I.
Dr. MATTISON has had a large practice of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, for upwards of twenty years, and from the secrecy practice, giving his *whole attention* to them—especially those requiring to be strictly confidential, his medicines will be sent by Express, some from instructions to all parts of the United States. Also, recommendations for cases of a private nature, which will be sent by mail *quiet Retreat*, with good care until restored to health.
CAUTION.—It has been estimated that there are more than 50,000 persons who fall victims to swindling quacks annually, in New England alone. It is estimated that one half of the whole number that can remain out of a sight of *private* practice, and that *one half* of the *whole* who *paid they can never get it* again. Now, to avoid being one of the number, I would say, before trusting to anyone the cheat for *Certificates*, and enquiry, to men who are *known* to the public, and whose conjunction with *Physicians* is a sufficient guarantee that they are *gentlemen* in the practice of the medicine. If, therefore, you want an *honest* opinion, and a *sure cure*, you want no *quack* about you, but go to a *Physician* of *Character*, and one who *understands* his business, and may save you many regrets. Dr. MATTISON is the only person in these parts who has been educated to the practice of medicine. He is a graduate of the Albany Medical College, and has been in no safety in trusting to the advice of men, unless you know and select for yourself.
Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing one stamps also—a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and their Causes, Symptoms, &c.; also Circulars giving full information, such as cannot be published in a newspaper, and without which no advertising physician or medicine can be successful, and which will be sent FREE OF CHARGE WHATEVER.
Letters by mail promptly attended to. Write your address *plainly*, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.
August 2, 1861 [eow52] sug24&1y

MUSIC STORE!
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 *CENTRAL STREET*,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen—at fixed prices.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.
Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass Frames.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, on short notice, at reasonable prices.
Recovering, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS
ALL WHITE LEAD made under the Forest River Mark is warranted to be ground in the finest manner, and mixed in the most perfect quality by our Beaver Brand, and is believed to be superior to any other White Lead in the market. Also, all colors ground in Linseed Oil, and packed in our patented marked "Forest River" kegs.
The Forest River Lead Company are now delivering at the Lead Works at cheaper to the consumer than other Lead. This is undoubtedly the fact that 100 lbs of it and more to the work as 125 lbs or most other brands. Also, for sale at the Lead Works, Litharge, Red Lead, Orange Mineral, Patent Yellow, Chrome Yellow, Chrome Green, Paris Green, Venetian Red, Spanish Brown, Ochre, Lampblack, Black Lead, Whiting, Plaster Paris, Rose Pink, Vermilion, Prussian Blue, Ultramarine Blue, Ultramarine Green, Ultramarine Violet, Ultramarine Red, Ultramarine Yellow, Ultramarine Pink, Ultramarine Orange, Ultramarine Brown, Ultramarine Black

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, December 13, 1861.

THE REBELLION.

In tracing the history of the present southern rebellion from its origin to its close, the historian will be compelled to look beyond any present assigned cause to account satisfactorily for its magnitude. An indefinite idea is prevalent that slavery, either immediately, proximately or remotely produced the outbreak. That, from its inherent antagonism to freedom, it has had a powerful agency in disturbing the peaceful relations of the different sections of the country is sufficiently apparent. But granting that it is an usurpation, destructive of natural rights, it cannot reasonably be supposed to have become so thoroughly identified with the popular impulses and feelings in a community where not more than one-fifth of the population are directly interested in its preservation, as to be able of its intrinsic strength to unite the people in a death struggle in its behalf. It may have prompted the means necessary to plunge a peaceful community into rebellion, but it is not the means of itself. It might have been, and doubtless was alarmed for its safety, but these apprehensions were too vaguely expressed to the popular mind of the South to agree in that mind the requisite directness and impetus.

It is but recently—entirely too recently for that preparatory education based upon the idea, necessary to effect a revolution—that the people—the popular will—the necessary or bonâ fide element in the construction of society has been generally promulgated, or found currency at the South. It took spread of an entire generation for Voltaire and the French philosophers to prepare the excitable French mind, groaning under oppression, for the French revolution; it required more than a century for the Puritans of England, subjected to the greatest indignities, to open the way for Cromwell's Commonwealth; and if our whole civil and history was a continual preparation for the assertion of those rights secured by American independence, how much more necessary does it become, when an unjustifiable rebellion is to be initiated, that the public mind should be thoroughly prepared.—The present attitude of the South is beyond controversy the fruit of seed long since sown.

The revolution which resulted in the elevation of Cromwell to the protectorate of England was waged to subsequently gain rights, while that of 1688, was one of prerogative, class and vested rights. This distinction of motive will illustrate the difference between the New England and the former admission into the Southern Republican church. This doctrine supported by the entire aristocracy of the South, and constantly enforced, naturally commended itself to the low in the line of promotion, and with such sponsors, was of course accepted by the class who did not take the trouble to think for themselves. It was in harmony with the feudal ideas of the aristocracy of the South, and it generally found favor with the unsuccessful barrier to the progression at the South of Northern ideas and influence. It was a strong anchor for an isolated community, and a firm entrenchment for a minority sentiment—and was effective as a shield against interference with an unpopular institution, or a decaying system. It begot distrust and aversion to all but its own people, and fostered that same intense but unyielding spirit of patriotism, which made the Puritan Julius and Queen Mary so tenacious of the forms and the ancient religion.

So long as the General Government was administered by Virginia politicians there was no occasion for an attempted enlargement of the doctrine, but it was found necessary to meet the Northern idea. The virulent hostility which characterized the opposition to John Quincy Adams administration, developed itself in advance to all its force, and so far as presumed hostile measures were concerned, in all its malignity. In the succeeding administration the terrific charge of Webster in reply to Hayne denounced the doctrine, while the proclamation of Jackson was like the firing of blank shot into the cracks—it scattered and dispersed the timid and wavering but begot and the determination of the desperate. Such was the perilous condition of the States rights party, when apparently annihilation would have followed—a few more vig rous blows, a new leader appeared, ready to take the place of Randolph, in the person of John C. Calhoun. With less openness, boldness and frankness than Randolph, he reflected, wary and subtle intellect was still better adapted to disarm a poisonous heresy in a community. His teachings in comparison with those of the skilful management of himself and imitators, all that could be effected rendered by a single proclamation were soon obliterated, and the States-rights doctrines were restored to their former vigor. From that day to this they have stealthily proceeded, corrupting the public mind, until they have prepared the latent disaffection of "State-rights," the "primal cause of all our woes," whenever its proper representative should appear.

Improbable that this opportunity would not have occurred at that time, or for a long subsequent period, had the Federal party had the wisdom to adopt the advice of the remarkable sagacious and far-seeing Hamilton, and taken as their candidate for the Presidency in 1800, Hon. C. C. Pinckney. A Southern man, and one whom a more chivalrous and magnanimous patriot never lived. Himself a Southern man, he could have arrested the premature day does it become, when an unjustifiable rebellion is to be initiated, that the public mind should be thoroughly prepared.—The present attitude of the South is beyond controversy the fruit of seed long since sown.

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This formative period witnessed the advent to the National Councils of one of the most remarkable men this country—or any other—ever produced—John Randolph, of Roanoke. He was proud, haughty, and independent, as an English lord, and he was himself a born lord a baron of Virginia; a representative of the gentry, with all the ideas and prejudices of class. He was opposed to the Union and the Constitution, because it raised up a power greater than Virginia. It reared Virginia from her imperial state, and allowed the Yankee to interfere in her affairs and policy. Beneath all the lumbers under which he subsequently fought, in all the associations into which he came; in the hours of triumph and in the days of adversity; in all moods of temper, and in all transitions of mind; in every alteration of physical condition, there was one prevailing sentiment with him, constant and unchanged, and that was *love of Virginia*. His sentiments are well expressed in a letter written by him to a friend. He says: "When I speak of my country, I mean the Commonwealth of Virginia. I was born in allegiance to George III.; the Bishop of London was my diocesan. My ancestors threw off the oppressive yoke of the mother country, but they never made me subject to *New England* in matters spiritual or temporal, neither do I mean to become so, voluntarily." He was, therefore, by conviction, prejudice and impulse, a strict constructionist. He believed that the more of the federal principle of rebels was proclamation were soon obliterated, and the States-rights doctrines were restored to their former vigor. From that day to this they have stealthily proceeded, corrupting the public mind, until they have prepared the latent disaffection of "State-rights," the "primal cause of all our woes," whenever its proper representative should appear.

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THE WAR NEWS. It is now positively known that Beaufort is occupied by the Federal troops; and that important approaches to Savannah and Charleston have been secured.

Gen. Halleck, at St. Louis, has issued an order, giving notice that the wants of fugitives from the southern part of Missouri have thus far been supplied by loyal men; but as numbers more will be arriving, he shall make a levy upon those who do not volunteer their aid, of $10,000 worth of clothing, provisions or quarters, or a money equivalent. The order shows that the General is in earnest.

Accounts have been received direct from Fort Pickens to Monday the 23d ult. The result of the firing on Friday and Saturday is stated to be that the fort had one gun dismounted, one man killed, one mortally wounded, one slightly wounded. Washington and the entire North side of the Navy Yard is a mere mass of ruins. The U. S. steamer Richmond was badly injured by the enemy's shot, and was ordered to Key West for repairs. On Monday morning, as soon as the men at Fort Pickens were removing the "fuses" and emptying the powder from the shells that fell inside the fort and did not explode, a spark of fire from the chisel used in removing the fuse, caused one of the shells to explode, killing five men and wounding eight. The loss at Abraham saw was trivial, being confined to rebel guns, and no one fears that it can be captured.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamship Hansa, of the Bremen line, from Southampton, November 28th, arrived at New York early yesterday afternoon. The news of the seizure of Mason and Slidell reached Southampton on the 27th. It produced great excitement and an indignation meeting was held in Liverpool that evening, when the following resolution was introduced:—

Resolved, That this meeting having heard with indignation that an American Federal ship of war has forcibly taken from a British mail steamer certain persons who were proceeding peaceably under the shelter of our flag from one neutral port to another, do earnestly call upon the Government to assert the dignity of the British flag by adopting prompt reparation for this outrage."

The resolution was emended, after debate, by striking out the words "by requiring prompt reparation for this outrage," and in that shape was passed nearly unanimously. Several merchants expressed their view after the adjournment, that the meeting and action was premature.

The deputation of the traitor commissioners escaped the vigilance of the officials on the San Jacinto, and safely arrived in the Isle Bahama in charge of a gentleman of the party. On arriving at Southampton the remainder of Mason's and Slidell's families and suite went on board the rebel steamer Nashville, and the next day the dispatches were taken to London.

It is reported that the Nashville is recognized as a national vessel, and Earl Russell refused to instruct the magistrates at Southampton, to grant Captain Nelson a warrant to search the Nashville to recover the dispatches and prisoners on board and the owners of the ship Harvey Birch, destroyed by her.

The London Star says of the news:—

The seven days have been unanticipated. It was indeed expected to have a bearing on this side of the Atlantic. It is now found that it has had its full effect. Reports to watch for the mail steamer, with deliberate intention of taking from her the commissioners. The opinion of the law officers of the crown has been taken on the subject, and it is generally *in favor of the right assumed by the United States Government.*"

The London News is excited, but has confidence in the firmness of the Ministry, and declares that it will be for the Government of the United States to say what shall be the future relations of the two countries.

The continental news is of little importance.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Sumner introduced a resolution in relation to revising the public statutes, which was referred. A bill to abolish the franking privilege was introduced by Mr. Wilson to regulate the army matters, was adopted. In thirty-one regiments no liquor is sold with the consent of the officers; in one hundred and thirty-seven with or without their consent, and twenty-three it is entirely excluded. The resolution to expel Waldo P. Johnson, of Mo., was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

In the House, the resolution of Mr. Lovejoy requesting the President to instruct Gen. Halleck to modify his order in relation to excluding contrabands from the line of the army in Missouri, was laid on the table. This is considered as killing it. A bill to raise a volunteer force of 20,000 men to serve in Kentucky for one year, was debated, and postponed till next Monday week. The various propositions for emancipating the slaves of rebels were considered favorably by Messrs. Elliot, of Mass., and Conway, of Kansas, and in opposition by Messrs. Dix, of N. Y., and Fouke, of Ill. A personal colloquy occurred between Messrs. Conway and Fouke. The House adjourned till Monday next.

In Senate, about five miles from Auburn, N. Y., Mr. Reuben Weeks, on his return home, was charged by his wife with being intoxicated. The discussion became animated, when Mrs. Weeks went into the pantry after a chopping-knife, saying that they would settle their difficulty by a deadly fight. Weeks took a shot-gun and as she returned with the knife in her hand, fired, wounding her fatally.

GRAND LODGE OF MASONS. The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts held its annual meeting in Boston on Wednesday, and elected William D. Coolidge, of Newtonville, Grand Master; Henry Chickering, of Ill. 66-11, Senior Grand Warden; Peter C. Jones, of Boston, Junior do.; John McClellan, of Boston, Treasurer; Charles W. Moore, of Boston, Grand Secretary.

CITY AND COUNTY.

TO LET.

A good tenement containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Hill. Inquire of U. W. HODGE, corner of Central and Dutton Streets. dec13tf

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most thorough manner, at the **NEW DRESS GOODS** store of

dec13tf HARTSHORN & HALL.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at almost every description, at reasonable prices is at KITTREDGE, A. & Co's. dec13tf

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3.10 per cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank, Chelmsford Street, Merrimack Square.

November 20, 1861. S. W. STICKNEY, Agent. 4m*

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, lately disposed of, are notified to call on or before the 20th inst., and obtain their witness fees. After that date, they will be paid by the County Treasurer.

E. F. BASSETT, Jr., Clerk.

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

THE VISIT TO PALMER. The Committee on Streets, together with the Mayor and Mr. James Meadowcroft, visited Palmer yesterday, as announced. They went to view the iron bridge built there four or five years since. The bridge presented a very satisfactory appearance, and struck the committee favorably. It has stood no regular test since it was built, and seems likely to answer the purpose for which it was built, for ages. The cost of a similar construction in place of Central Bridge would be about $10,000, or about $8,000 or $10,000 more than a wooden one. The committee will probably report at the next meeting of the City Council.

CALLING OF THE WRONG MAN. The morning after the late election, a genuine son of the Emerald Isle called on one of the newly elected aldermen, whose name was on both tickets, and said to him, with a brogue—"Good marnin to ye, Misther ——." "Good morning, sir." "Sure, yer elected arldherman, Misther ——." "So it appears." "Ah! its meself that worked very hard for ye, too." "Indeed." "Yes, sur; an' maybe ye wouldn't mind jist givin me a thrifle. Ye see, some other gintleman bears the same name. Here the fellow took out a paper on which several persons had put down twenty-five cents each; so the gentleman pulled out a "quarter" and passed it to the fellow who said, "Me brother-in-law worked for ye, too." "Did he? Well, send him along; and now," said the alderman electgood naturedly, regarding the paper now on Mr. ——; he may give you something, too." "Mr. —— is it? Sure, sur, I've been to him an' he's givin me a thrifle, too." Here he pulled out a well-salted ticket to find the gentleman's name, when, lo! it was discovered that he was run by Citizens alone! Pat had innocently collected "a thrifle" of a man he had worked hard to defeat! The joke was worth a quarter, however. Pat went away, but his brother-in-law has not yet applied for it.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE is confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment for the past year. Cash capital and surplus premiums is $76,648.93, with Deposit Notes in the hands of the Directors, for the payment of losses, to the amount of $50,000. The business of 1861 is particularly invited. A Dividend is paid on policies expired during the year. The Stock Company issues policies on Stores, Dwellings, Factories, &c., at reasonable rates. The cash assets are over $70,000. Dwellings, stores, or valuables and personal property insured for a term of years, at low rates. Office, No. 27 Central St., second story.

C. R. COBURN, President.
L. HOWARD, Secretary.

F. P. SHERMAN, Agent.
Lowell, June 1, 1861. jun1dtf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!

OF ALL KINDS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received from the Auction Sales in New York. Desirable Furs, which are manufactured at the latest styles in the Fall and Winter, cleansed and curled, which give them the permanent appearance of New Furs. Also, Furs repaired and altered, over handsomer longer and not to fiddle to look like new. Furs stored during the summer months. Furs will be sold on commission, or bought outright. Furs taken in exchange for Furs at the highest cash prices.

Remember the place, No. 33 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass. Entrance on Merrimack street.

Lowell, Nov. 1, 1861. nov1 3m

BANCROFT'S,
No. 103 Merrimack St., Lowell.

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
Kindles quickly.
Burns up clearest.
Is free from dust.
It burns in less quantity.
Is cheapest.

Trade mark—Head of Washington. Each package has a label with the above trade mark. Sold by the ton or bushel at the Yard of WM. F. WESTON, Agent, Western Avenue, and of our agents, Messrs. BLAISDELL & FRASER, Bridge Street, Lowell.

may11dtf

DR. BIRMINGHAM,
NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN.

CURES, Tumor Rheumatism, Ulcers of Sores, Wounds, Fits, Fevers, Piles, Dropsy, Consumption, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Cancer, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Weakness, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Blood, Skin, Eyes, Ears, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Nerves, Heart, Limbs, Joints, Muscles, Bones, Nails, Hair, Teeth, Gums, Tongue, Lips, Face, Head, Brain, Spine, Hands, Feet, Arms, Legs, Hips, Back, Chest, Sides, Abdomen, Genital Organs, Urinary Organs, Rectum

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL!
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle of it in my house. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray; the dandruff entirely stopped its falling, and in three months time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine a stronger testimonial will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity more than it does me, as I am well aware they are all well known, already, and even more wonderful cures than yours, out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the last three or four years, and have been pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and of selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, as I am astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation true, before they will one that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, these humbugists have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as in some they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than a thousand persons, who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for a weak head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but you have since moved now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer persons to me. Any other information addressed to me, care C. Keene, St. Louis, Mo., will be secured.

Yours, &c.,
JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I would give a short history, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now on fifty years of age. For about twenty years past I have been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unhealthy. I tried a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative—and supposed there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle. I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I used but one of your small bottles, or six dollar, and commenced using, following directions and finally as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles as well as one of the large fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light (as it has at any time been) as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is now perfectly clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft and glossy as silk, and as oily as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances can frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine head of hair?" I tell them the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to overthrow them that this is a natural hair of the old gray head.

Yours truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffery. In our own household it has been long used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the cordial endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the valuable medicinal toilet articles which glorifies all it professes, and all the bold and gray need to make them *Say so.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Some other colonist will be found an adverse medium of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring the hair to its original color and beauty. The Hair Restorative now in use restores, invigorates, and prevents the hair from coming out. Whoever uses many bottles of it will be sure to get rid of those scurfy scales of which any person may be conscious. It has been for many years as persons of the most reliable character have said they will vouch for what this Restorative *—Boston Store Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of flying every new thing that comes in the town of tin; they are not common, but we take great pleasure in saying that Professor Wood's article is all these hair falling off or turning gray, it will restore the constitution. Try it, gentlemen, and you will have reason to thank us for the advice. We have used it three years, and have been pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and of selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, as I am astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation true, before they will one that has been proved beyond a doubt.

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Yours, &c.,
JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I would give a short history, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now on fifty years of age. For about twenty years past I have been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unhealthy. I tried a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative—and supposed there was more fiction than truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I purchased a bottle. I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I used but one of your small bottles, or six dollar, and commenced using, following directions and finally as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles as well as one of the large fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light (as it has at any time been) as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is now perfectly clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft and glossy as silk, and as oily as though just from the hands of a French chiropodist. Many of my acquaintances can frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that fine head of hair?" I tell them the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to overthrow them that this is a natural hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffery. In our own household it has been long used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the cordial endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the valuable medicinal toilet articles which glorifies all it professes, and all the bold and gray need to make them *Say so.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Some other colonist will be found an adverse medium of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring the hair to its original color and beauty. The Hair Restorative now in use restores, invigorates, and prevents the hair from coming out. Whoever uses many bottles of it will be sure to get rid of those scurfy scales of which any person may be conscious. It has been for many years as persons of the most reliable character have said they will vouch for what this Restorative *—Boston Store Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of flying every new thing that comes in the town of tin; they are not common, but we take great pleasure in saying that Professor Wood's article is all these hair falling off or turning gray, it will restore the constitution. Try it, gentlemen, and you will have reason to thank us for the advice. We have used it three years, and have been pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and of selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs, as I am astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation true, before they will one that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, these humbugists have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as in some they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than a thousand persons, who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, some for a weak head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but you have since moved now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer persons to me, care C. Keene, St. Louis, Mo., will be secured.

Yours, &c.,
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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary to the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

we, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work on LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Such Work we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH

Bottle,

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7 cowly

Books,
Pamphlets,
Catalogues,
Circulars,
Town Reports,
Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders,

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white by many colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fine and common sized colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

E. E STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy or

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, PYPEPSIA AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER & BOWELS.

They are used and are commended by leading physicians of all schools. And all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. J. AMES, 13 Bowery, New York, writes, Rich'd Co., O.—"The Bitters are pronounced by those at school, a decided success in hepatic disorders and liver complaint."

Dr. J. P. DAVIS, Postmaster at Willkesport, Ohio, says:—"They give great satisfaction, and I am now actually buying them myself, having taken mine, because prescribed here by some of the best physicians, and I can recommend it with great confidence."

Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes—"I am satisfied that it is a valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with entire confidence to me from my own cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 2000 BOTTLES have now been sold within a single year, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, and full directions for using, and by Express, *cheaply sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half-strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

If Remember! This medicine is considered supremely for constipation, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is unequaled as an appetizer in EVERY RESPECT, *or the price will be refunded*

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct of *Dr. R.*, at the REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Boston.

IF This *Specialty* embraces all diseases of a private nature, from whatever cause originating, a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his undivided attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, to applicants for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and safe place of retreat. All cases radically restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid annually to Quacks in the New England States alone, without any benefit to those who pay it. Let this be a warning, and a class of persons who are the least able to lose it, but compelled to suffer the most, will be saved. Be compelled to suffer the most, will be saved. Be compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the villainy of *impudent Quacks*. All this comes from trusting with unconsidered haste, and without the knowledge, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is their own puffing advertisements, in praise of themselves. If, in the *principle of average*, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All wounds of the Institution are treated successfully, and in a manner unknown to the profession. Those who have long been connected with it should call the attention of their unfortunate friends to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all participating policies for the year ending January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

SCOTT J. BRIDGE, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack, corner of Market.

mar8

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the grand jury of the world's intelligence. It causes the lame to be to leap as an hart.

It is a positive, certain and prompt remedy. It causes the foster child no longer to dread the fire. It causes the cripple to throw away his crutch, and when annoyed by chilblains.

It is a sure remedy for all sore on his crutch when bowed with rheumatism.

It is a blessing to the mother when her breast is caked.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scaldy head-ache.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It smoothes the rough skin and pimples.

It moderates mumps.

It cures the worst of felons.

It fights and kills ring-worms and cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it in a hurry.

The miracle may be cured if you will believe.

The cure is made free from the burning agony of erysipelas, and from the blotches of scrofula, ring worm and tetter.

Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per box.

Sent by C. P. WHITTEN, Lowell Mass. The trade supplied at wholesale.

Dr. Bacon for customers supplied on short notice by mail or letter.

mar9 eod3m

Klaer's Lirocone.

FOR cleansing Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold, Silver, Tin, Copper, Britannia Ware, &c., it stands unrivaled. It will be found *efficient*, *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as *fresh as new*. It is equal to none for toilet purposes, for shave uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecary generally.

It does not make temporary loans on collateral. The only funds ever used by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Bonds.

The unpaid part all the profits.

The Minutes of the Company in confinal existence by the Insurance of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It has paid numerous claims in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, Quarterly, Premium on Policies for Life, Water for a minute, may be paid one half in cash and the balance in note bearing interest 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on premium notes is to be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured three years.

The Dividends are paid to the insured in accordance with the plan adopted by the Company. That insured receive the dividends in Cash, when the amount is less than $5, and when more than $5 in Scrip.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company now has a large number of 5775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of premiums constantly occurs, which is important in the *principle of average*, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All wounds of the Institution are treated successfully, and in a manner unknown to the profession. Those who have long been connected with it should call the attention of their unfortunate friends to the advantages offered.

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Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the Butler Ale Tumbler Ware, for sale at 37 Merrimack st. Call and see.

mar9 2w

VINE PROTECTORS,

A excellent article. They are only protect the vine from bugs, worms, &c., but they make them more vicious of wind, rain and cold. With several sizes for sale at 37 Merrimack st. Call and see.

mar9 2w

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England market, and the only coal ever offered for sale in Cambridge economy to buy it, sold only by BENNETT & RADLEY, corner Moody and Tremont streets.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other coal, sold only by BENNETT & RADLEY. Sale of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood at the lowest prices.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sale of Wood and Coal by the load.

Order ten at G.T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office building.

mar9

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,

WARRANTED PURE.—A constant supply from the Agent of the Peruvian Government's Guano Company, at Callao, with the owner's name, F. Barreda's Son. For sale at Lowell prices by PARLIN & WELD,

mar7 2p 43 Market street.

Toilet Soaps.

ENGLISH Brown and Glycerin, Transfer, Silver Soap, Almond Meal, Rose and Lily Soaps, Bouquet of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar9

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM—A perfect and complete remedy for Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Flesh worms, Sunburn, and Tan. Sold by S. KIDDER Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar9

FURNITURE POLISH.

H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Paste Furniture Polish*, for sale at 37 Merrimack st. Call and see it—is something new and the best kind ever introduced. Also, a fresh supply of Shoe Brushes, Dusters, Whisks and Carpets.

Also, a fresh supply of Shoe Brushes, Dusters, Whisks and Carpets generally. By using one box of this Paste Polish, a child is enabled to restore the whole furniture of a house to its original beauty. Also, a fresh supply of the new patent Polish at HAYNES' Crockery Store, 37 Merrimack st.

mar9

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and all articles *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware, and all articles Plated Ware, Glass and Carriage Mounts* of Plated Ware. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

Sold by all Apothecaries.

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(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenogogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

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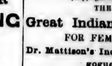

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames of

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglet Gilt or Rosewood Frames for Sinumbers.

Imitation Gold Beddings for Sale Cheap, A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24tf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired. Canes in Ivory and Gold setting, Plaking, Engraving, &c., &c.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

mar23 1

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

A LL the WHITE LEAD manufactured by the Forest River Mills is warranted to be equal to the best made in this country, and is manufactured by Dorr Dutton and Freeman. It is believed that it cannot be surpassed in quality by any. All White Lead made as above, and marked "Forest River," is warranted pure.

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead renders it the cheapest paint now in use. It is scientifically ground, so that 98 lbs of it will do as much work as 125 lbs or most other brands. It is the only White Lead made of the best paint ores in this vicinity, in Boston and elsewhere. A full line of Wood Colors, in oil, constantly on hand.

Orders for the above, or any other Lead manufactured by the Company, will receive prompt attention.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture of this Lead, has been engaged in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and has had practical experience of much importance in improvements in the mode of manufacture enables him to offer the above Lead at the lowest prices.

Orders may be left at the Company's office, or can be obtained at the Manufactory, corner of Franklin st. and Collins, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants Building, Boston street, Lowell.

sep29tf

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Fashion's Friend is the choice of the elite. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

HOUSE & CARRIAGE PAINT. *Glass, Brass Gold Silver, Zinc, Britannia Ware, Marble, &c.* This article is invaluable. It will be found *effectual, cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as *fresh as new*. It is equal to none for toilet purposes, for shave uses. Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

mar29

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ARLTON CORN PLASTER.

in curing Corns without the slightest pain, where all other remedies, as well as solicitors, Corn Doctors, have failed to give permanent relief. It is now a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is successful to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by

S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries.

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AMOS SANBORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY

AND

Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY,
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
RINGS, BEADS, PENCILS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
BOSOM STUDS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, PIE
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

SCISSORS,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and local—*will be sold low.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured and sold by

AMOS SANBORN.

All kinds of JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

ENGRAVING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 10, 1860. decl4tf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

(Successors to R. H. SHEPHARD)

No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,

Only Manufacturers of Umbrellas and Canes in this city, and Dealers in Musical Merchandise.

HIGHEST AWARD

At the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857, Have constantly on hand and for sale, at reasonable prices, an extensive assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, CANES, YOUNG MEN'S STICKS, and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, from the very highest price to the lowest.

Our Cane Parasols are the largest size, and each Umbrella from 27 1-2 cents to $8. And Canes from 12 1-2 cents to $5. Also, a large assortment of gold mounted variety in price from $10 to $50.

Our Music Store is the largest in this section of the country, and we are constantly receiving from the manufacturers the latest publications, and have every facility for selling at manufacturers' prices. Pianos, Melodeons, Accordeons, &c., for sale on the most favorable terms, for cash or approved short notice. Violins, Guitars, Flutes, Fifes, Flageolets, Accordeons, Tamborines, Drums, Tambourines, Bones, Triangles, Cymbals

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, December 14, 1861.

WATER COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI AND NEW YORK. The trouble with the South and the consequent closing of the mouth of the Mississippi river, immediately suggested the importance, almost the necessity, of some other water communication than that alone which has heretofore existed between the East and the "father of waters"; and every day's prolongation of the blockade adds to the interest felt in an idea which has been broached on this subject. It is believed that by river and canal navigation a route may, without many obstacles, be opened from the Mississippi into Lake Michigan; communication is then, although somewhat circuitous, established between the upper Mississippi and the Atlantic Ocean at New York.

We believe the Wisconsin river which empties into the Mississippi a little below Prairie du Chien, is already navigable for small steamers, as far up as Portage City, which, in a straight line, is about one hundred miles; but by the channel, about one hundred and thirty. A canal of sixty or seventy miles further would connect it with Winnebago Lake; thence communication is direct, by a canal and by Fox river, into Green Bay. From Green Bay, through the Mackinaw Straits into Lakes Huron, St. Clair and Erie, and the New York and Erie Canal, shipping is already extensive, extending even to New York city. According to the scale of distances on some of Colton's atlases, the distance that would have to be opened by canal, in Wisconsin, in a straight line, would be less than sixty miles, if the Wisconsin River is, as we believe it is, navigable as far as Portage City. The canal and Locks on Fox River are already extensive and important. Very little, if any, improvement would be required. The region through which this route lies embraces the best agricultural interests in Wisconsin, and would make communication with Minnesota and Iowa direct. This, then, seems not only practicable, but advisable, as it would open a vast region of territory to all the advantages water communication with the east could give it.

The greatest objection to this is that it makes a route of too much length after once getting into Green Bay, south of the part of Lake Michigan. The round-about and difficult passage from Lake Michigan to Lake Erie, is well known to all persons familiar with the West. For years the expediency of building a ship canal to unite these two lakes, has been discussed by many leading men at the West, and the necessity of it has been made more plain, ever apparent since the rebellion broke out. The project here is to connect the lakes also with the Mississippi River, through the Illinois River and the proposed canal. The great obstacle will be the opening of a canal between the two lakes—the distance being about one hundred and fifty miles between the two points. Gentlemen are reported to be in Washington at the present time urging upon Government the necessity of this canal. They also look to the Gulf of New York by which and down the Erie canal, and on to Illinois to enlarge its present canal, so that vessels may be laden (according to their liberty) nine months of the year on the Mississippi and discharged on the Hudson, or pass by way of the St. Lawrence to the open sea and a foreign market. This, we have been informed, has long been a favorite scheme with capitalists of the West, and it was in 1836 considerably discussed in the Western newspapers.

If the canal between Lake Michigan and Lake Erie is ever built, we are convinced that the Mississippi will be connected with the lakes in both the ways we have mentioned. Both are practicable, and both would largely assist in developing the West, whose resources, properly governed, would furnish grain for this continent were none grown in any other place. Enterprises of this character rest only help the West, but their benefits help the East. We shall be glad to see the General Government give to the movement some encouragement.

CALEB CUSHING ON THE MASON AND SLIDELL AFFAIR. Caleb Cushing has written a long and important letter on the Mason and Slidell affair. Upon a full examination of the question, Mr. Cushing expresses himself without reservation in approval of the course taken, and even his opinion on the fact that Mason and Slidell were dipl matic ministers, communissioned as such and acknowledged to be such by Jefferson Davis; and this he regards as "the true and only tenable ground on which to maintain the act of Capt. Wilkes." The transportation of such ministers, Mr. Cushing thinks, comes clearly within the principle of contraband; and in this connection he aptly remarks that an insurgent subject is far more important than a body of soldiers, for "he goes abroad to negotiate not troops only, or purchase of arms, but alliances which are soldiers, arms and money altogether," and no liable, to be over-customary war, Mr. Lincoln was exchanged against a British command rin chief. It is important to observe that in considering some of the objections to the authority claimed by Capt. Wilkes, Mr. Cushing says that it is a material that the Trent was proceeding from one neutral port to another. "The responsibility of stopping persons contraband of war cannot be evaded by subdividing a voyage, and interposing intermediate neutral termini."

THE WAR NEWS.

Kentucky.—A letter from the post master of Somerset, Pulaski Co., 0th inst., says:—"We are expecting to fight hereby. The enemy are close upon us with a force estimated at from 8,000 to 15,000 men. Our force is about 5000 effective men. Both citizens and soldiers comply with Gen. Thomas for not having sent reinforcements to Gen. Schoepf, as it must interfere with the plans laid down."

It is said that it was the intention of Gen. Theobias to get in the rear of Zollicoffer, but another rumor is that the latter not liking the look of things, had began to retreat. Troops continue to pour into Louisville, 9000 or 10,000 having been ordered from Indiana.

From Tennessee and the Southwest—The city of Nashville was in a high state of excitement on the 6th and 7th inst., owing to an attempt being made to draft citizens into the army. The indignation of the people was intense. A riot broke out in the Fourth Ward, and four policemen, who attempted to quell the mob, were shot dead. The mob rushed to the capitol to attack Gov. Harris, who fled to Memphis. The papers on the next day announced that he had gone thither on business.

Two refugees from New Orleans, at Cincinnati, state that there is a scarcity of all the necessaries of life. All men between the ages of 18 and 45 were being impressed into service. Memphis is strongly fortified on the river side, and there were two gunboats at the landing. They confirm the report of the utter stagnation of business in New Orleans, and constant apprehensions are felt of an attack.

Last Saturday 2'00 men from Louisiana, passed through Nashville for Bowling Green, carrying black flags emblished with skulls and cross bones. The rebel force at Nashville were estimated at 25, 000 men; there were 8000 at Fort Donelson; the hospitals; the inmates complained of a lack of attention and want of food. The deaths were so frequent that they supplied the draymen with their principal business.

Latest from Pensacola. The *Norfolk Day Book* has dates from Pensacola to December 3rd. There had been no further fighting, but Gen. Bragg hourly anticipated a renewal of the attack from Fort Pickens. The Federal vessels were lifting them account of the harbor in the most beautiful manner in the rebels. Sometimes there would be a dozen in the evening and all but two disappear before morning.—There was rumors that Col. Brown had died of his wounds.

Investment at Norfolk. The *Day Book* of Thursday was considerably excited in relation to a rumor that Norfolk was to be attacked. It suggests that additional obstructions be placed at the entrance of the harbor, and if it is not done by the military authority, that the city authorities take it in hand. At Richmond on Wednesday, the war excitement was high. A storm of war was expected to burst momentarily from Manassas.

From Beaufort. 700 bales of cotton and 700 hogsheads of corn were burnt on Pinckney island a few nights since in Battery Island the torch was successfully applied to some dozen plantations, and the contents of five barns were emptied and consumed. Between crops amounting to 4000 bales were thus effectually destroyed.

A letter from Hilton Head, dated on the 6th, says that last night the fleet arrived with 25,000 troops. Savannah and Charleston will soon be ours.

Kentucky has been admitted into the Southern Confederacy.

More treachery suspected. The pirate Sumter escaped from Port Royal, Martinique, recently, it is suspected through the treachery of the captain of the Iroquois who though urged by his first lieutenant to pursue her as she was leaving the port, refused to do so, giving as a reason that Capt. Semmes and himself were schoolmates, and the latter was formerly his superior officer. The captain of the Iroquois was suspected last summer, but he is still allowed to retain command of a vessel dedicated for important service.

Washington matters. Mr. Potter, of Wisconsin, states that his committee had reported against the loyalty of nearly 500 Government employees, mostly in the departments in Washington, about 200 of whom have been removed, the remainder being retained through the influence of the Republican members of Congress.

At the meeting of the editors last Thursday night, a committee of seven were appointed, three of whom were outlier members, James S. Gibbons, chairman, for the purpose of obtaining the signatures of army officers in opposition to Senator Wilson's bill for abolishing suitors to the volunteer forces.

A delegation of the officers of the regiments composing the Irish Brigade, have waited on the President and presented a petition, signed by every officer, requesting the appointment of Col. Thomas F. Meagher as Brigadier General.

We have heard a good story, which is related of a certain Northern Senator, whose name has not unfrequently been canvassed in connection with the Presidency. It runs in this wise:—The Senator in question says there are four men that he was praying for and praying loud praying early and praying late—that Chief Justice Taney might live through Buchanan's Administration. Now, he says, the only men left are Lincoln and Seward and Chase, and he intends praying but to one—he says he cares not a fig for the rest—that he will live even through Lincoln."

WHAT A MODERN EDEN THAT WOULD BE. The town of Eden, Vt., at the last election cast 159 votes for governor, all for Frederick Holbrook, the Republican candidate. From the town 53 men have enlisted and gone to the war; among the number, one man with his three sons.

Fac on Fortress Monroe. We make the following extract from a private letter, received in this city from a Lowell soldier, at Fortress Monroe. It is postmarked the 8th inst.:—

"We are still quartered here at the Fortress, and probably we shall remain a—at least until spring; are not so desirous of being removed from our present home as we formerly have been; for since winter's storm 'has come on, we have come to the conclusion that camp life is not quite so pleasant and comfortable las a good room with a large stove within it; and we shall remain contented where we are.

Massachusetts thanksgiving was celebrated by the Lowell soldiers here quite pleasantly. We partook of a splendid dinner, which consisted of roast pork, (a substitute for turkey), pudding, and a few other "fixins." In the evening some of us partook of the "lusted turkey," which was very palatable, although what *fat* there was did not agree with our stomachs in consequence of its being hearty; however, 'twas a turkey, and we relished it as such. After supper we entertained ourselves by dancing. We engaged the services of the band which is connected with the Fortress, and our "gander party," proved to be one worthy of imitation. On the whole we had a pleasant time, and as it was just six months since we left home, it added more joy to the festival. That thanksgiving will long be remembered by us. I presume that ere another day of "humiliation and prayer" comes around, that some of us will be at home; for all things appertaining to the rebellion look favorable for us to shun formerly, especially since the Trent affair.

A few days ago the Massachusetts Twenty-Sixth and the Connecticut Ninth Regiments arrived here, and stopped a few days. The steamer "Constitution," which brought them, anchored in the "roads," consequently the "cigars of the army" could not come on shore. The Richardson Light Infantry were very desirous of seeing the Lowell boys; so we procured boa's, and after a fine sail we boarded the steamer—not, however, until the all absorbing question of the times was asked by Col. Jewett—"Have you got any *liquor* concealed about you?" Answering in the negative, we were allowed to proceed. I was somewhat surprised when the Colonel asked the question, for very good reasons; but was not dissatisfied to learn that he did not allow "concealed weapons" to be carried among his men. Soon after we left the vessel the rebels were in sight. We were "hail fellows well met." It seemed as though all Lowell was present. I met a number of our "friends in the temperance cause," including Tim Warren, Kempton and others. They were well, and appeared very patriotic.

A soldier who quartered in the building with us, and who belonged to the Naval Brigade of New York, had the presumption to put himself out of existence a few nights since by shooting himself. One of his comrades was exhibiting a revolver to him, when he seized it, and placing it to his forehead, fired. The contents of the weapon took effect in his head, and he lived but a few moments after. He was intoxicated at the time. Now I see that incompetent "fall destroyer," caused him to foolishly "shuffle off his mortal coil." Intemperance still prevails here to some extent and the "profane and sacred hist forbe" is painfully common, but it does not require so strong efforts as it once did to resist them. But a person cannot be too guarded. There are many "gay deceivers" about to day; the reason of it is that an order was read prohibiting the sale of "killall-forty-rods" on the soldiers.

GEN. BUTLER'S DIVISION. The *Boston Post* hears of excellent progress being made in the formation of the remaining brigades of Gen. B. F. Butler's division. It will leave in the course of ten or twenty days, or immediately upon the return of the Constitution, in which the brigade is under orders to be embarked, and so far as at present known will consist of six additional regiments of infantry, and four or six companies of light artillery. Three of the Fomer are now in camp in Massachusetts —two at Lowell and one at Pittsfield—and the others will come from Vermont and New Hampshire. Much is merely problematical as yet, but the signs of the times indicate circumstances so far as state them. It is proposed to attach the 28th Massachusetts (Irish) Regiment to this division. Several pieces of cannon known as "The Union Gun" are being cast for the expedition.

There are now at Camp Chase 2000 men, comprising the Maine 12th Regiment, numbering about 900; the Massachusetts Regiment, mostly raised in Lowell and vicinity, and not yet numbered, containing also about 900 men; two companies of cavalry, of 75 men; and the portion of the Fire Zouaves already recruited.

THE COTTON CROP. The *Boston Traveller* says the picking season is bringing in a great crop of cotton, so that notwithstanding all the drawbacks there will doubtless be four million bales. This four million bales of cotton, worth in the southern ports less than $200,000,000 is worth safely outside of them $800,000,000.

HOPEFUL. If men may treat us, we should never give them a ba-lle to say that we mobeaved ourselves. When I to meet my most bitter adversary, and know that he was come with the most malicious intentions, I should be so to my friends that at the close of the fight he could say that he owned the praying but to-day to see an exact that he will live even through Lincoln."

PRICIDE IN METHUEN. Mr. John W. Mann, a much respected citizen of Methuen, committed suicide on Thursday afternoon, by hanging himself in his barn.—The *Lawrence Journal* says Mr. M was a deacon of the Orthod x Church. He had been subject to a depression of spirits for two weeks previous to committing the act.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. Mr. PLUMMER will lecture in the Second Universalist Church, Merrimack crossing, at half past 2 o'clock. Subject—Immortality Considered.

Rev. WARREN CLEAVE will occupy the desk at the Kirk Street Congregational Church, afternoon and evening, at the usual hours.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, December 14.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Butter, per lb 16 a 20c; Cheese, 8c a 10c; Eggs per doz 22c.

FRUIT—Oranges, per box, $7.00; Lemons do. 5.00; Apples per peck 20 a 40; Cranberries per peck, 50c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, new, per bu. 75 a 1.00; onions, stock, 50c.; squash, 2c a 3c.; carrots, 6 a 10c; beets, 4 a 10c; Pork, mch, 3½ a 7½c.; fresh, 10c; Ham, whole, 11c., sliced, 12c.; Turkeys, per lb. 10 a 14c.; Chickens, 10 a 14c.; Geese, 10c.; Ducks, per pair, 75c.; Partridges, each, 25c.; Rabbits, 12½ each.

FISH—Halibut, none; Cod 3 a 7c, Haddock 4c; Mackerel, fresh, none; Pole 10c; Perch, per doz. none; Oysters per qt. 50c. Clams per peck, 25c.; Trout 20c. lb.

GRAIN—Potatoes, per peck, 16c; Onions per bbl., per peck, 25c.; Beets, per peck, 12c.; Turnips, per peck, 12c.; Cabbage, each 4 a 5c; Squash, do. marrowfat, per lb. 1c; Hubbard squash, 2c; Sweet Potatoes, per lb. 3c.

TO LET.

A good apartment containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of C. W. INGALS, corner Central and Gorham Streets. dec6tf

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, on Loan and for Sale at the Lowell Bank, Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.

Nov. 18, 1861. S. W. STRAWBRIDGE. 6d7m

NOTICE.

Persons who were subscribers for the Commonwealth Journal, and who, in consequence of the failure of that paper, from the 1st of May, 1861, to the 1st of October, 1861, have failed to receive a copy, will please call at the Post Office and leave their address, and receive the Courier during aforesaid time, free of charge.

C. P. BAILEY, Jr., Clerk.

Lowell, Nov. 1, 1861. 1m

MILK BOOKS.

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

PRESENTATION. This afternoon, about half past 12 o'clock, Capt. Blanchard's and Capt. Shipley's companies were paraded in our streets, led by a drum corps, as was supposed for street drill. Halting in front of Amos Sanborn's store, on Central Street, it was soon found that a presentation was soon to take place. Dr. J. C. Ayer immediately appeared, and in an appropriate speech, in behalf of the friends of Capt. Blanchard, who had contributed toward their purchase, presented that officer a very handsome and valuable sword and uniform. We have not room for the presentation speech of Dr. Ayer or Capt. Blanchard's reply, both of which were spirited and appropriate. After the presentation, and while the companies were in line, three cheers were given, when the word to march followed, the drums beat, and the soldiers marched away. The whole was very quickly and creditably done.

VERDICT RENDERED. The jury summoned by E. I. Shed, Esq., to examine into the cause of the death of Mrs. Ann Stratton, who died on the 15th of last month, assembled yesterday and heard the last witnesses called to testify. The verdict was, that the deceased came to her death in consequence of treatment for illicit purposes, by some parties to the jury unknown. The case was rather a peculiar one, and there certainly was some "swearing" on the part of some of the witnesses; but the evidence was not sufficient to fasten the offence that had been committed on any one, and the verdict was necessarily as stated.

A LIGHT FOOT BATTERY. We advise all our fellow citizens who intend going over to the war, to join the Light Foot Battery, being raised by Lieut. S. B Hovey, in Lowell, over the pontoon. This efficient and novel weapon is drawn by horses on the march, and by men in action. This is a rare chance for firmen to enlist, as it affords an opportunity to still "run with the machine." Lieut. Hovey also enlists for cavalry, artillery and infantry. The men are to be attached to Maj Gen. Butler's department, which is the southern coast, which will suit soon.

POLICE COURT. There were no new cases this forenoon. Two or three continued cases were disposed of, though there were no sentences.

PERSONAL. Judge Crosby arrived home from Washington last evening, whither he had been on account of the illness of his son-in law, Z. B. Caverly, Esq., whom he left in an improving condition.

Maj Jona. Ladd also arrived home last night, direct from Washington, looking well and in fine spirits. He will remain about two weeks.

HIGH PRICE OF HORSES. A can instance that the war has increased the price of hoe so fesh, we may state that a horse was sold at auction on the street side recently for $2. This is higher than they are sold for in Brighton as they are often bought there for from 21 to $1 25, a very good one sometimes for $150. Can you explain it?" "I can't," replied the host; "there is no doubt but he explained the statement as often made that there are gentlemen in England, but none of them doubtless in this country."

THEY have a street railway in Montreal, just completed, which is doing an excellent business. The rates of fare are five cents single and 25 tickets, or 50 second children's tickets for one dollar. The road has been leased at a rate equivalent to 16 per cent., on the capital stock.

MRS. DOUGLAS, wife of the late senator, has written a letter to the sons of the first wife of her husband to go South in order to save an estate there from confiscation. She contends that the children belong in Illinois, and not in Mississippi.

REV. W. W. KING, of Chicago, was recently divorced from his wife at her own suit, for having abandoned her. Within twenty-four days he married a lady from Minnesota, and went on preaching and rejoicing by the way.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 12.

50 Eastern Railroad	98
50 Boston and Providence Railroad	98
4 Boston and Maine Railroad	107
50 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	91
50 Metropolitan Horse Railroad	11 1-4
30 Chicopee Manufacturing Company	8
50 Washington Bank	98
10 Webster Bank	93
50 Manufacturers' Mutual Fire (1676)	50

There is an increasing demand for Homeopathy; the success of its practitioners over all other methods, and especially the large results attending the administering of the medicines known as Dr. Humphreys' Specifics, have created a demand for them not to be supplied by such remedies as have obtained a notoriety by their name without merit. There has not been introduced to the American people a medicine that has the intrinsic merit of Dr. Gilford's Homeopathic Specifics. These preparations are put up in convenient form, easy to administer, and so good in their operations as our 107 agents, have superseded all other medicines in some localities, and they are only to be known, to be adopted everywhere. They consist of forty different kinds of specifics, each for one class of diseases. We enumerate a few among the list. For fevers and inflammation, worms, fever sores to children, and the troubles attendant upon teething, cholera, etc., rough or cold, neuralgia and all nervous affections, headache, dyspepsia, rheumatism, erysipelas, piles, salt rheum and ague, piles, catarrh, whooping cough, bilious, and etc., etc. They are put up in boxes and sold for 25 cents each; they are also sold in boxes to meet the wants of families, proportioning to the size, a case of 20 large vials sold for $5, and the whole proportion. We have also a large assortment kept by the agents, or they are sent by mail to any part of the country by addressing with price, the proprietor, PHILO GILFORD, 5 Bond street, New York. dec7d&w1m

Mutual gaining full directions furnished free on application.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss or damage by FIRE on favorable terms. Office in a strong wall, on terms favorable to the insured. Policies issued for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Nathan Allen, Joseph H. Abbott,
Thomas Hastings, Samuel Boutwell,
Arthur F. Bunting, Walter Wright,
Samuel Batchelder, Charles H. Morse,
Samuel Bothwick, Edward Brown,
Reuben Hunt,

ALMON A. MORSE, Secretary.
BENJAMIN E. BATES, President.

Joshua T. Lowe,
Lucius M. Cole,
Lowell, Mass.

NATHAN ALLEN, Treasurer.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, 104 Post Office Building. (First floor) No. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle st., Lowell. April 27, '61. 6m

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property AT LOW RATES OF PREMIUM. POLICIES written on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, for TERMS OF ONE OR FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 70 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
Oct. 1, 1861. 3m

Charlestown

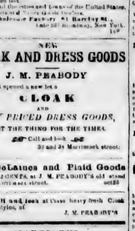
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
No. 70 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
April 6, 1861. 1m

IMPORTANT to FEMALES



Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

is subject to many ills, which these Pills are well adapted to relieve. Those whose health requires a medicine to operate directly upon the menstrual system, will find no remedy equal to Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the recipe of the late Dr. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of Philadelphia. For sale by all Druggists everywhere. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., and all Druggists. sept18 3m

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are embodied in the best combination ever discovered for the relief and cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Influenza, &c. A single trial will prove their superior virtues. The relief obtained in ten minutes with this invaluable remedy, is truly astonishing, even when all other remedies have put up for a while one to be indiscriminately used. Public speakers and singers will find them a desirable article, as they will relieve the hoarseness of the throat, and the most cautious tenderness of the lungs. Military companies will find them a very convenient article, without which no one should be without them. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, JR.

sept14 3m

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just call in the latest styles from gents that have been in the business for years, and have learned more over all others, because they are so much cheaper than any other place in the city. Furs are made to fit in and is warm weather. As we put each fur our personal attention, and as it was just the right moment to select furs, we can afford to sell much cheaper than those who have not been in the business so long.

Remember the place, 5 Bond Block, Merrimack street, Lowell.

A. G. COMSTOCK.

Nov. 1, 1861. 2m

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.

It kindles quickly,

It burns up cleanest,

It burns longest,

It burns to less quantity,

It makes no dust.

Then any other free burning coal. And the best for grates. Delight and Pea. HOWARD & WHARF, Western Avenue, and four canal, LOWARD & CO., 13 Prescott Street, Lowell. may14tf

DR. BIRMINGHAM,

NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,

Has returned to Lowell from New York City and B ston and Lowell Railroad.

DR. BALM OF THE FOREST,

Dr. B. warrants his specimen to operate as may be necessary, in the right direction, and to effect a cure in three days, a ability runs to the degree his sufferer may be afflicted with the disease. Dr. B. has not been known to fail in the most obstinate cases, from any new discovery, but from the use of the Balm of the Forest, which is composed entirely of herbs and a practical experience of twenty years, and is perfectly harmless in its application to the most delicate female.

Dr. B has medicines which he not only prescribes for the sick, but sends them to his office and effects a cure when hope has deserted. The Doctor's Balm of the Forest goes to work at once to remove the disease, and by its use disease is why I have found it necessary to remain in Lowell for a few days longer than I at first intended, but will positively leave on Monday, the 11th inst., for New York, and will return to Lowell on the first week in November 15th, 1861. nov13&15,4t

WAR HAS COME

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sent to the Army of the Potomac, and to the Western Army, and back, sore and stalled feet from long fatigue marches, sore throat, lameness and swelling, have been relieved by the use of this Salve. Sent to any part of the country by mail, on receipt of price, 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists generally. Agents for California and Liverpool Counters.

The following are some of the Agents who are equal to those of any other in the Eastern country.—Sold by druggists generally.

E. F. SHERMAN, Surg and Trans.

Lowell, Nov. 13, 1861. 1y1m7d

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just call in the latest styles from gents that have been in the business for years, and have learned more over all others, because they are so much cheaper than any other place in the city. Furs are made to fit in and is warm weather. As we put each fur our personal attention, and as it was just the right moment to select furs, we can afford to sell much cheaper than those who have not been in the business so long.

Remember the place, 5 Bond Block, Merrimack street, Lowell.

A. G. COMSTOCK.

Nov. 1, 1861. 2m

FURS! FURS!!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES!

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

Crate 1 Street, 30

Is ready to accommodate his customers.

MILITARY GOODS

at the shortest notice.

Call and select to the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Which he is confident cannot be beaten for the assortment and quality of the goods.

LADIES' DRESS CAPS.

In the most fashionable manufactured to order.

GENTLEMEN'S CAPS. A manufactured to order.

Dec. 11, 1861. 1m

W. ALONZO OWEN,

NO. 17 CENTRAL STREET.

SHEET MUSIC AND MUSICAL WORKS, BOOKS and STATIONERY, MUSIC CUTTING MEDICINES, &c.

Wholesale and Retail.

Dec. 11, 1861. 1m

Pensions, Pay and Bounty.

HAVING an experienced Agent at Washington, he can attend to all business relating to Pensions, Pay and Bounty from the United States Government, for officers and soldiers who have been wounded in the present war, and for the widows, children or parents of those who have been killed in the recent battles, or died from wounds received in the service.

Pensions and Bounty Land for those who served in the war of 1812, and their widows, children and parents.

Application may be made in person or by letter. Address A. ALGER & CO., Attorneys and Pension Agents, No. 3 Canal Block, Lowell, Mass. A. ALGER & CO.

October 29, 1861. 3m

SMITH, CARLTON & OWEN'S

QUADRILLE BAND.

For TERMS, apply to W. ALONZO OWEN, No. 17 Central Street, E. B. CARLTON, No. 77 Merrimack Street, or any member of the Band. tf

BEWARE OF

Sheep Skin Gloves!

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss. November 16th, 1861.

TAKEN on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the thirty-first day of December next, at two of the clock in the afternoon, at the American House, in said Lowell, all the right in equity which Thomas Hastings, of Lowell, in said County, has this day to redeem the following described real estate mortgaged by said Hastings to Almon A. Morse, of Lowell, aforesaid, by deed of Warren, thereto by law fixed on said deed: A certain lot of land situated in said Lowell, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the corner of Warren and Fayette streets, thence running northerly on Warren street, about 50 feet, to land of said Hastings, thence westerly by land of said Hastings, about 100 feet, to land of Mary Ann Hastings, thence southerly by land of said Mary Ann Hastings, about 50 feet, to Fayette street, thence easterly on Fayette street, about 100 feet, to the bounds first mentioned, containing 5000 square feet, more or less, with the buildings thereon. Said mortgage deed is recorded with Middlesex South Deeds, Book 1010, Page 100.

THOMAS H. SANGSTER, Deputy Sheriff.

November 16, 1861. nov18&25,dec2w3

Union Agricultural Library Association!

The Annual Meeting of this Association will be held at the Library Room, in Lowell, on SATURDAY, the 14th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M.

The business will be the election of officers for the ensuing year, and such other business as may be deemed necessary.

D. G. LANG, Secretary.

Lowell, Dec. 12, 1861. dec13d2w

Christmas is Coming!

HAVE YOU ANY PHOTOGRAPHS OF YOUR FRIENDS? If so, call at No. 3 Prescott Block, and get a CASE FOR HALF PRICE. Call soon—time is short. Also, Ambrotypes and Photographs taken in the best manner. Rooms open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

J. John Sweet.

Dec. 13, 1861. 1w

SUNDAY SCHOOL PAPERS

For 1862, are now ready, and at PUBLISHERS' PRICES, at the Bookstore of JUDKINS & JOHNSON.

Dec. 13, 1861. 1w

NEW BOOK—Just Published,

VOL. 34 History of the Puritans, just published, and for sale by JUDKINS & JOHNSON.

Dec. 13, 1861. 1w

REMOVAL.

DR. ABEL SMITH, the original Whiteside's Doctor, has removed to No. 3 Prescott Block, where he may be found at all times, except when attending to his duties as Physician to the Lowell Hospital, where he intends to remain for the present. Office hours, from 9 A. M., to 5 P. M.

Lowell, Dec. 13, 1861. 1w

THE NEW MUSIC BOOK.

BY LOWELL AND WILLIS MASON.

The new book, THE CHOIR OF ZION, is now ready. A Collection of Vocal Music, varied and Sentimental, Solemn and Lively, Original and Selected, Combining a new attractive MANUAL for Singing Schools, Choirs and Conventions, by LOWELL MASON, and a Complete Book for Public Worship, by LOWELL MASON and WILLIAM MASON.

We have at all times a large stock ready for delivery at wholesale and retail, and the publishers are confident that they will find the Choir of Zion worthy of their patronage.

We have at all times a large stock ready for delivery at wholesale and retail, and the publishers are confident that they will find the Choir of Zion worthy of their patronage.

Published at No. 1 Mercer street, New York, by MASON BROTHERS.

Dec. 13, 1861. 1w

HOUCHIN'S SUPERIOR

WAX NIGHT LIGHTS,

WITH IMPROVED WICK SUSTAINER.

Fully superior to any domestic article, as HARD AS THE BEST FOREIGN, and will not bend in the warmest weather. Recommended by all dealers and travellers. It gives a steady light without snuffing, and burns to the last inch. Manufactured only by T. W. HOUCHIN'S SON, Baltimore, and for sale by wholesale and retail dealers throughout the country.

Also, HOUCHIN'S SAFETY NIGHT LAMP for burning Wax and Sperm Candles. The best Lamp for Churches, Stores, Offices, Dwellings, &c. Call and examine them at No. 9 Bibb House, Astor Place, corner of Lafayette Place, New York.

No. 9 Bibb House, Astor Place, corner of Lafayette Place, New York.

nov7 1m

FURS! FURS!!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES!

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

Crate 1 Street, 30

Is ready to accommodate his customers.

MILITARY GOODS

at the shortest notice.

Call and select to the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Which he is confident cannot be beaten for the assortment and quality of the goods.

LADIES' DRESS CAPS.

In the most fashionable manufactured to order.

GENTLEMEN'S CAPS. A manufactured to order.

Dec. 11, 1861. 1m

W. ALONZO OWEN,

NO. 17 CENTRAL STREET.

SHEET MUSIC AND MUSICAL WORKS, BOOKS and STATIONERY, MUSIC CUTTING MEDICINES, &c.

Wholesale and Retail.

Dec. 11, 1861. 1m

Pensions, Pay and Bounty.

HAVING an experienced Agent at Washington, he can attend to all business relating to Pensions, Pay and Bounty from the United States Government, for officers and soldiers who have been wounded in the present war, and for the widows, children or parents of those who have been killed in the recent battles, or died from wounds received in the service.

Pensions and Bounty Land for those who served in the war of 1812, and their widows, children and parents.

Application may be made in person or by letter. Address A. ALGER & CO., Attorneys and Pension Agents, No. 3 Canal Block, Lowell, Mass. A. ALGER & CO.

October 29, 1861. 3m

SMITH, CARLTON & OWEN'S

QUADRILLE BAND.

For TERMS, apply to W. ALONZO OWEN, No. 17 Central Street, E. B. CARLTON, No. 77 Merrimack Street, or any member of the Band. tf

BEWARE OF

Sheep Skin Gloves!

BEAUTY ENSURED!!

THE

MAGNOLIA BALM:

A DELICATE AND DESIRABLE ESSENCE FOR

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

ERUPTIONS, FRECKLES,

SUNBURN OR TAN.

This Elegant Preparation renders the skin so lovely, imparting to it Marble Purity. It is most moist and exercising of all Toilet Requisites. Nothing can surpass its tone, and will give immediate relief to the most harassed of beauty. Nothing can equal its purity. The combination is of a kind to be TAKEN without harm. Its consideration every night or a week until one is satisfied.

Use the Magnolia Balm

To remove Tan, Sunburn or Redness.

Use the Magnolia Balm

Before you take your Evening Walk or Ride.

Use the Magnolia Balm

To clear and beautify the complexion.

Use the Magnolia Balm

A rare cure for red, pimpled, rough or sallow skin.

Use the Magnolia Balm

Whenever you perceive the first symptom of a Pimple.

Use the Magnolia Balm

When any of the following symptoms appear.

Use the Magnolia Balm

If your skin is sallow, or has a bilious appearance.

Use the Magnolia Balm

And you will find it a most powerful remedy.

Prepared only by JESSE HATCH & SON, No. 233 Washington street, Boston.

Sold by Druggists. M. S. BURR & CO., Boston, Agents for Lowell.

Sold in Lowell by E. G. KITTREDGE, Druggist, Merrimack and John sts.; J. J. ELI, Druggist, Merrimack street; and by Druggists generally.

sept28 3m

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice over two years since, and have used it in hundreds of cases, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are prepared to say that it is the best article for the purpose ever offered to the public. It is the most perfect dental prepotage in relation to the value of the vulcanite base. It is impervious to the fluids of the mouth, except every other article now in use, there are many cases in which it is preferable to gold, and in many others it is growing in the popular favor—and we are prepared to say that in all cases where it is used it gives entire satisfaction. We do not suppose by everything else, but they assure the public that we shall not recommend it in any case where it is the most, and all others, they are ready to say that we shall not recommend it in any case.

Rooms 3 and 6 Savings Bank Building.

sept21

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen. For Female Complaints. This invaluable medicine is the result of many years extensive practice, and may be confidently relied on in all cases of Obstruction, Irregularity and Painful Menstruation, and is a powerful and speedy remedy for Hysterics, Fits, Nervous Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Giddiness, Nervous Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hypochondria, Loss of Appetite, Sickness at the Stomach, and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Blushes, &c. Also, a certain cure for all the Diseases of the Skin, Liver and Kidneys, and Nervous Debility.

Each bottle contains 60 pills. Price $1 per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. Sent by mail, on receipt of price, by the

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See who!
OTHERS PAY UP IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES

NY, Louis, July 10, 1866.
O. J. WOOD, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1861, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray; in a few weeks stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even future use to you at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderfully known through out the Union. I have occupied my time of traveling the greater part of the time the last three years, and I have taken pride and plea ure in recommending your Restorative, and speaking in the highest terms of its merits in my own case. In my various places I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, or had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have continued two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have decided to discontinue, as I am convinced that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one of real merit has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of those who have used your hair brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied yours, word for word in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for falling of the hair, some for head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but found you had gone to now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care P. O., St. Louis, Mo., will be duly answered. Yours, &c.,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.
DEAR SIR: I send you a statement of my case, which you are entitled to the benefit of. I am President of Bloomington, and I am here for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerably gray, as I was almost white and very stiff and unpliant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Restorative; and, as I was aware there was more fiction than truth in them, but ascertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fullness, as I was in my younger days, I got a bottle, which, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I used about one of your small bottles, or one dollar, and commenced using, following directions carefully as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was notwithstanding tighter set, and a radical change taking place in my hair. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles, and am satisfied that the fourth. I have now a pretty good head of dark brown, or light black as we may call it, as I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceased entirely falling off, and is as soft and pliant as silk, and as oily, as though just from the hands of a French chemist. Many of my acquaintances are frequently say to me, "Burke, where did you get that hair?" I tell them of the good effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that it is my own hair of the old gray head. Yours truly,
FREDERICK BURKE.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE is now placed a reputation from actual test and experiment, which can not be enhanced by newspaper puffing. Its unfailing virtility it has been extensively used, and has received the most unqualified approval, and receives the universal testimony of all who have used it, that it is the most reliable compound ever offered. Its harmless properties have with success, and with them made several cases of premature loss of the hair and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 10th, 1862. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles of your Restorative was entirely restored, and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its worst forms, and for the last 6 months he was bed two years well; the Bitters effecting the cure, when several physicians attending him could do him no good. He says, "for rheumatism, Dr. Wood's Bitters deserved, in the above case, the highest encomium."

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of publishing every new discovery, but in the course of ten days are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in commending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray before their time. Professor Wood's article, to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray before their time. Professor Wood's article, to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray before their time. Professor Wood's article,

ALWAYS THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, December 16, 1861.

The news from England by the Europa, which arrived at Halifax yesterday, is indeed of the most startling character. The arrest of Mason and Slidell, on board the Trent, seems to have been received with an angry exclamation from all England and we now have the first indications of the feeling toward this government. The menacing tone of the press seems unnatural and uncalled for, and though the gravest question of international law is open, the hot haste with which the topic has been caught up savors more of bragadocia than a desire to fairly weigh the matter and coolly settle the difficulty.

Aside from the newspaper reports, there is really not much to alarm our people and we cannot believe that any rash measures, based solely on the effidavit of those who were on board the Trent, have been inaugurated by the British Cabinet. We have the declaration of the *London Star* that "the statement of our actions having been sent to Lord Lyons to obtain restitution of the Confederate Commissioners or to take his leave of Washington, was premature and so exaggerated as to be virtually untrue." As other accounts have it that "the Cabinet is modifying its instructions to Lord Lyons, under the influence of the Prince's advice," which were received after the first outburst.

It is more than probable that we have got the worst possible view of the question. A war between the United States and Britain is terrible to contemplate; it would be a calamity to both nations; and no one believes that other than the most remarkable circumstances can bring the two nations into a belligerent attitude toward each other. The tone of the New England press this morning, so far as we have seen, is extremely calm and decisive. The people are admonished that this is no time for flinching, but that the Government must be sustained, whatever may be the policy of England toward us. A few days of feverish excitement must follow this sudden burst of English indignation, at the end of which we trust we shall have the best assurances that we are not to have a foreign war added to our other troubles.

GREAT FIRE AT CHARLESTON. A destructive fire occurred at Charleston, S.C., last Wednesday night. It is reported to have been set by negroes, breaking out in a vast factory near the foot of Hasel street, and those stopped in the different streets. Several thousand bales of cotton, a large quantity of naval stores, and the houses between were consumed. The theatre, Hayell's opera house and the circular church. The offices of the *Courier* and *Mercury* are reported to be destroyed, also the Mills House.

The light from the fire was seen on Sunday night at 10 o clock from a vessel which passed within six miles of the harbor, and it appeared close to the raging. Thousands of pens are reported homeless. Owing to the absence of the firemen in the army the engines had to be worked by the negroes, who rendered most efficient service.

There is a report at Baltimore by the Old Point boat of the discovery and prompt suppression by the military authorities of a negro insurrection at Charleston. The account states that the plot was discovered by a body servant of a secession officer, who said that the negroes of the city were to be joined by large bodies of negroes from the country, who were to come in armed at night. He said the sash factory had been fired by a negro whom he denominated, and who had been arrested. A small quantity of arms was found under the floor of a negro cabin. They were all in irons and in good order. In other negro cabins knives and hatchets were found secreted. The greatest consternation prevailed. Families were closing and barring their windows.

Another account states that negro insurrections broke out in the interior of South Carolina two days before the fire, which was still raging unchecked; but the report is not well authenticated.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN LAWRENCE. Mr. Reuben G. Dorgan, a carpenter, employed on the Washington Corporation, was fatally injured last Friday afternoon. He was employed in the basement of the mill in putting on a new gear, when a loose frock which he had on, was caught in the belt by a pump shaft that runs through the gear box, and he was thrown with force around it, it is computed, about a hundred times, before the gate was shut off, and he could be extricated. Each time he revolved around he struck against the floor and timbers, and they were horribly bruised and mangled. His head was also badly bruised and his injuries were so great that he died the following morning. He leaves a wife and children. The deceased was a brother of Mr. John H. Dorgan, Jr., of this city.

RUSSIA. It says, "had a hostile tariff, which looked for a time for a large portion of our general supplies of breadstuffs. But there is this peculiarity in the present season, that the commencement of navigation, being on the borders of the Southern ports, will be much earlier than usual. Ice has never been known for centuries past. The winds gave way at once, collapsing like a card, twenty-two bodies have been taken out dead, and about twelve injured. The immense stacks of hard logs was dressed piled one hundred persons must have been in it.

The French press, which is supposed to be under the policy of the French Government, takes the ground that the French Government had no right to arrest the Southern Commissioners while on a British mail steamer, and censures the action of the commander of the San Jacinto.

The *London Observer*, one Ministerial journal, insists upon a demand for an apology from the Federal Government, and so do the *London Times* and *Morning Post*. The *Times* says by this arrival is of the most important character. We make room for such as is of the fleatest moment.

The *London Times* of the 30th makes the important announcement that the Cabinet has come to the conclusion that the act of the Captain of the San Jacinto in seizing passengers on a British vessel and carrying them forcibly away, is a clear violation of the law of nations, and one for which reparation must be at once demanded. In all probability, the first steamer will carry out instructions to Lord Lyons to demand reparation for the ill-advised act in seizing Mason and Slidell while under the protection of the British flag—should like just demand not be complied with, we cannot doubt that Lord Lyons under instructions of his Government, will withdraw with the British delegation from Washington.

The *Times* expresses the belief that the Cabinet has taken a view of the matter which will be satisfactory alike to the patriotism and reason of the country. It says that the principle on which the Government acts must, until her violation of neutral rights is fully proved, be held to be British ground as much as if she were an actual piece of British soil, and the right of protection to all persons on board as valid as on British territory. Now no such violation has been proved or ought to be proved against the Trent, previous to the seizure of the four persons dragged from her decks was entirely illegal.

Referring to the report that the seizure was an act of the American commander not expressly directed by his government, the *Times* says that it means that the Federals had deliberately determined to seize the Southern Commissioners, and it is understood that Gen. Scott had declared since his arrival at Paris that the seizure has been a subject of Cabinet discussion at Washington long before he left. The American authorities might have warned the English steamer at Havana that if they took on board the Southern envoys they would subject the vessel to seizure and forfeiture in a prize court. They made no remonstrance against taking them on board as they were bound to do, but they had no right to allege delay. The rule as to conduct for the Canadian militia. A strong reinforcement of field artillery will be despatched forthwith.

The *London Times* has an article showing that the condition of the United States is almost identical with that which was occupied towards England by Russia during the Crimean war.

"Russia," it says, "had a hostile tariff, which looked for a time for a large portion of our general supplies of breadstuffs. But there is this peculiarity in the present season, that the commencement of navigation, being on the borders of the Southern ports, will be much earlier than usual. Ice has never been known for centuries past. The winds gave way at once, collapsing like a card, twenty-two bodies have been taken out dead, and about twelve injured. The immense stacks of hard logs was dressed piled one hundred persons must have been in it.

Startling News from Europe.

ENGLAND VIOLENT ON THE MASON AND SLIDELL QUESTION—WARLIKE PROPOSITIONS.

The steamship Europa, which left Liverpool on the 30th ult., arrived at Halifax yesterday. She has a Queen's messenger on board for Lord Lyons. The news by this arrival is of the most important character. We make room for such as is of the fleatest moment.

The *London Times* of the 30th makes the important announcement that the Cabinet has come to the conclusion that the act of the Captain of the San Jacinto in seizing passengers on a British vessel and carrying them forcibly away, is a clear violation of the law of nations, and one for which reparation must be at once demanded. In all probability, the first steamer will carry out instructions to Lord Lyons to demand reparation for the ill-advised act in seizing Mason and Slidell while under the protection of the British flag—should like just demand not be complied with, we cannot doubt that Lord Lyons under instructions of his Government, will withdraw with the British delegation from Washington.

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The Journal of Commerce says:—"Beneath the surface of the London Times' article, we discover a disposition to precipitate a war with the United States. The London Times is the organ of the British Government, and its utterances are to be regarded as official. The London Times is the organ of the British Government, and its utterances are to be regarded as official. The London Times is the organ of the British Government, and its utterances are to be regarded as official.

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AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

ST. LOUIS, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq. : *Dear Sir.* Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped the falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and not nearly perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine I state these facts unnecessarily will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are known to many already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have noticed my item in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, it having been called to my mind in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects to my own wife. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, after having used it once and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article said to be as good, or perhaps selling a school fool" of a Restorative, which was three times as much per bottle as yours, and which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will be so easily gulled out of no consideration when there is one at hand that is known to be reliable.

Apparently none of the charlatans have ever thought of giving you credit for your discovery, since they have generally used no word or recommendation, merely calling their stuff a restorative, or glass or some

I have within the past five years, seen and talked with many in the vicinity of Boston who have used your preparation with perfect success—one of Mr. Hollingsworth, a grand head, candidly and every distance the single head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business, No. 1, 'Ann street, but you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, No. 1, 'Ann street, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 3c, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I must say to you that the use of the three bottles of your Hair Restorative has entirely restored my hair to its natural color. It is now of a beautiful dark brown, and is very soft and glossy. I am perfectly satisfied that it is the best article for the hair ever offered to the public, and I shall recommend it to all my friends. Yours, truly,
JAMES M. DUNCAN.

Prof. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In order to meet the wishes of those living in remote parts of this country who are desirous of obtaining this celebrated and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color, the Hair Restorative can now be procured in every principal town in the United States. We have made such arrangements with wholesale druggists, perfumers, &c., throughout the country, that the Restorative can be obtained of them as cheap as we have been accustomed to sell it at our office. There are also numerous agencies established throughout the country, at which the Restorative can be obtained. It is almost impossible to name all the places at which it can be had, but the following will be found to be among the principal ones:

R. H. DERICK & BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which has rendered it unnecessary for the Proprietor to say much in its favor. Its known character is sufficient to recommend it to all. Having extensively used, and for many years, the various preparations for restoring the hair to its natural color, I feel confident that no article will be found superior to Wood's Hair Restorative.

JOHN M. WATSON, Postmaster at Williamsport Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction." I have sold a large number of bottles of your preparation and have no agency for it before.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomsville, Ohio, writes: "I have used two bottles of your Restorative and it has restored my hair to its original color. I am now sixty-two years old, and my hair was quite gray. I have no hesitation in recommending your Restorative to all who are troubled with gray hair."

W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes: "I have sold a number of bottles of your Restorative, and it has given entire satisfaction in every case. I have used it myself, and it has restored my hair to its original color."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says: "I have sold a number of bottles of your Restorative, and it has given satisfaction in every case. I have used it myself, and it has restored my hair to its original color."

R. K. GALLEHERS M. D. writes from Van Wert: "I have used Wood's Hair Restorative of the Sheriff White Rivers to the entire satisfaction of my self and family. I have used it for the last three years, and it has restored my hair to its original color."

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most nostrums, this is no secret humbug, pretending to deceive by some great cheat, as a restorer of the hair to its pristine color, when in fact it only has become almost bald by some of disease, the use of this article is simply to restore the glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes, as it is perfectly safe, and can be effectually used once or twice a week or more often, as the operator or patient may prefer. It also has curative properties peculiar to itself, in many cases of scrofulous humors, and all parts of the skin disappear wherever it is used. Its tonic properties are also very beneficial to the scalp, and its effects even on the hair, are lasting, and not merely for the time, as is the case in all preparations of an impurable or injurious character. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductors of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the many quack nostrums which claim to be unadulterated in its composition, but in reality are the most pernicious compounds that ever disgraced the name of medicine. In most instances we have assumed that the public possessed the discretion and common sense to judge for themselves of the merits and worthlessness of such advertisements, but within our own knowledge, we have had a number of cases brought to our notice, where the use of some of the most worthless compounds have been productive of the most serious consequences. Under these circumstances we have deemed it our duty to call the attention of our readers to the fact that there is a genuine article, which is not only harmless, but which will cure nine-tenths of the diseases to which the human system is subject. We allude to Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

one, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Court Dockets,
By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing Done Morocco-type Plates,
Pamphlets, Reports,
Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, [also, with the richest styles of Ornamental

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or BRONZE of every shade, white or black colored paper.

Be Always on hand, a good stock of paper suitable and assorted sizes and colors for CARD adapted to every description of work—in packs and reams to be cut to order.

E. P. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL UNIVERSAL

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. D. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy of

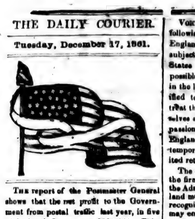
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, DYSPEPSIA AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LIVER AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH.

They are used and recommended by leading physicians of the country, and by all who try them. Every person of any discernment will at once perceive the superiority of this over all other preparations of the kind. Its action is mild, but certain, and its effects even on the most delicate, is truly wonderful. It is a sure and safe remedy for all diseases of the kidneys, and is unsurpassed as a diuretic. It is also a most valuable remedy for all diseases of the urinary organs, and is unsurpassed as a tonic. It is also a most valuable remedy for all diseases of the urinary organs, and is unsurpassed as a tonic. It is also a most valuable remedy for all diseases of the urinary organs, and is unsurpassed as a tonic.

Sold by Druggists, 39 cents per bot. Prepared only by S. D. RICHARDSON & CO., Buffalo, N. Y

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, December 17, 1861.



THE report of the Postmaster General shows that the net profit to the Government from postal traffic last year, in five of the loyal States, was $885,260. This, certainly, is a remarkable contrast to the facts presented by the disloyal States, one year with another. Last year there was expended for carrying the mails in the rebel States, $2,699,100, and the receipts were $1,241,720, leaving a loss for the Government to meet, of $2,457,969. So there is some small gain even in the loss of the rebel States. In 1856, New York sent through the mails 29,259,843 letters, while the number sent in all the disloyal States was but 22,136,542; including with the disloyal States Delaware, Maryland and Kentucky, and the number amounted to only 28,820,639—still less than the number sent by New York alone. The letters furnished by Pennsylvania in one year (1856) numbered 12,045,863, and Massachusetts came next, furnishing 11,-362,041. It is gratifying to know, as we learn from the report of the Postmaster General, that the financial department of this bureau is rapidly improving; but the present year will not be a criterion, for the mail arrangements have been much disarranged by the present rebellion.

WAR NEWS OF TO-DAY.

Washington and vicinity. Last Friday afternoon, Franklin's Rhode Island battery, at Edwards' Ferry, opened fire upon the rebel fortification in front of Leesburg and the neighboring wood, where the rebel troops have been concealed. Cannonading was kept up six hours, with shell, and it succeeded in driving the enemy to a safer distance.

The rebels are reported to have an immense force, and are erecting a large fort at the mouth of Occoquan Creek, so that they can fire on vessels plying between Washington and General Hooker's division.

The Captain of the Iroquois will be brought to rigid account for not capturing the pirate Sumter. His extraordinary rest, for so we trust and believe that discretion and the right spirit may settle the matter, without any loss of honor, or stain upon the national character.—*Boston Courier.*

There are few intelligent or sane men in this country who desire to provoke a war with the British nation at any time, and most especially at one when we have our hands full with a domestic war. Such a war would redouble the advantages which the insurrectionists already have, by the positive immense evils to both. We by no means suppose that even with the southern ports blockaded, we could not carry on trade with the immense naval force of Great Britain, that we should get the worst of it though we should suffer in our commerce beyond computation, and our seaboard towns would be liable to be ravaged. But we have once successfully competed with the proud navy of Britain, and the odds against us now are not greater than in 1812. We have now the power to do much more damage to the British commerce, than we then did. And the ultimate result of the war to Great Britain would inevitably be the loss of her North American provinces, while her old rival France would find some pretext for seizing her power in Europe.—*Boston Journal.*

But upon whatever technicality or interpretation in the course of the British Government may be based, one thing is sure, the people of the Northern States will respond as one man in her hour of trouble to the call of the Queen. Reynolds is cleared of the enemy, there being no armed rebel force within forty miles of our advanced post.

Bailey's expedition. The steamship Constitution has arrived at Fortress Monroe from Ship Island, where she landed the 20th Massachusetts and 9th Connecticut regiments, on the 3rd inst. Gen. Phelps, commanding there, on the 5th, put forth a proclamation to the loyal citizens of the southwest, strongly anti-slavery in character. The Constitution was to leave for Boston last evening, and will probably take three more regiments, doubtless two of those now at Camp Chase.

From Gen. Buell's Division. The Massachusetts 12th and the other regiments are dissatisfied at the non-receipt of new tents. There are no indications of going into winter quarters. There are 10,000 rebels at Winchester.

From the South. By the steamer Illinois, from Beaufort, we learn that all the Islands adjacent to Port Royal are occupied by our troops, and immense quantities of cotton are being gathered and brought in by the soldiers, amounting in value to two million dollars.

It is reported, through rebel sources, that Parson Brownlow was arrested for treason by Confederate State Commissioners as Kidnaptic on the 6th, and committed to jail. The *Knoxville Register* says the rumor of an order from the rebel war department at Brownlow's and Pryne's arrest, north, had created intense excitement.

The *North Carolina Standard* of the 4th learns from a reliable source that a Federal steamer had taken possession of Port smouth, N. C., and that three or ten Yankee steamers in Pamlico Sound.

Missouri. Forty of Gen. Prentiss' command arrived at St. Louis on last Saturday night, and all is then quiet with the troops. When at the river opposite Lexington, they were fired upon by the rebels at that place, and Gen. Prentiss dispersed them shells from three 12-pounders; but there being no ferry means of crossing the river, our forces were compelled to return to Richmond for forage. It was Gen. Prentiss' intention, however, to cross the river on Saturday at a point above Lexington, and the forces from Sedalia and Kansas would join him. The rebels are reported to be 2000 strong.

VOICE OF THE PRESS. We make the following extracts from the leading New England papers of yesterday, touching the subject of a conflict between the United States and England, so suddenly made possible by the hot and impetuous articles in the late English journals. We are gratified to see that all are disposed to treat the question now open between ourselves and the mother country calmly, dispassionately. None are disposed to wrong England; and the angry talk of our countrymen, with that steady nationality of character which is the very essence of our own rights which the national honor requires, and which has indelibly set to all menaces which is consonant with the spirit of the American people. No more important crisis has ever befallen any Administration in the history of our country. With the exercise of those high qualities which we believe may be found in the present Administration, we trust that the crisis may be passed without serious results; but we are assured that the sentiments of the country will brook no tame submission or abatement of national honor.—*Boston Advertiser.*

But we still believe that these new and threatening clouds will be dispersed without a storm. The latest accounts, brought by the steamship City of Washington, at Queenstown the 5th, give indications of a moderate tone in England, and a disposition on the part of some leading men to advise peaceful and conciliatory measures. The feelings of the British people will be still more modified when the false and exaggerated accounts they now have of the affair of the Trent shall be corrected by the reports from this side, and especially by the admission of the rebel Commissioners and of the Confederate President himself. In the diplomatic controversy that must precede any further action by the British Government, the real merits of the case will be made clear. If upon such an issue England finally decides to quarrel with us, we cannot evade the contest, and may God defend the right.—*Springfield Republican.*

It is best that the whole matter should be considered dispassionately. It is not likely that the negotiations in relation to it will be finished for some time to come. We earnestly hope that the Government will act with prudence; and in fact, as no alleviation was made to the offer of the rebel envoys' message, he is at liberty to take such course in regard to it as the circumstances of the case and the highest and best interests of the country may seem to demand. We trust, too, that the press will be temperate in its discussions. It would be idle to say that no danger of a rupture exists, but we do not deem it at all inevitable. Every preparation ought to be made for defence, in case of the worst; but we trust and believe that discretion and the right spirit may settle the matter, without any loss of honor, or stain upon the national character.—*Boston Courier.*

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CITY AND COUNTY.

WATSON LIGHT GUARD.

ATTENTION!

The members of the Watson Light Guard are requested to meet at their Armory on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 19th, 1861, at 7 o'clock, for a full attendance.

Per order of Commanding Officer.

J. MELVIN, Clerk.

Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1861.

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, Co. D, 6th Regiment.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the above-named Companies at Fort Warren, on THURSDAY, 19th inst.

Any articles for comforting (three pounds each to be allowed) may be left at the Armory of the Watson Light Company, at 12 M., on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee,

WM. O. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

TO LET,

A good tenement containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of C. W. DODGE, corner Central and Gorham streets. dec18tf

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most thorough manner, at No. 128 MERRIMACK STREET. Also, recently received, a choice assortment of Cloaks, which will be sold at lower cash prices at Carleton Block, 128 Merrimack street.

dec17-3m DAVIS & HALL.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes of almost every description, at reasonable prices is at 5 MERRIMACK SQUARE. nov26tf

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, or six hundred and three days, are for sale at the Merrimack River Bank.

C. F. STICKNEY, Cashier.

November 26, 1861. 6d7-tue

NOTICE.

Persons who were summoned by the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of May, 1859, to OCTOBER 1st, 1861, can obtain their sum, on application in the Clerk's office, Merrimack street.

K. P. BAILEY, Jr., Clerk.

sept18tf.

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

POLICE COURT. This forenoon, William DONOVAN, a common drunkard, was sentenced to the common jail for thirty days.

Owen Golden, came into Court on his own recognizance, and having kept sober for one month, was discharged.

The case of Alexander C. Peters, charged with poisoning his wife, was resumed.

Mrs. Burton said that Peters and his wife came to their house one Saturday afternoon. He came first and asked if she was there. I told him no, and he said he hated ordered women.

A. P. Burton testified that he had talked with Peters about Mrs. Peters' death about the 14th of October. He said that his wife was very sick of inflammation of the bowels, and had been for the last three weeks. He thought that she would not get well. He said as the funeral is it just as I told you, she is dead. Never knew him say anything about his marriage except that she was his wife. Knew about some letters she had received and written.

Hannah J. Walker had been intimate with Mrs. Peters. She was at my house the week before her death. I was there the Sunday before her death. She was quite sick, and the week before she was dead, got a trouble in her head. She was well till the Sunday before her death.

Cross examination. I went to Peters' house as she was sick, or was sick my house the day before I went to her house. I said her walk had brought on palpitation of the heart; the said she did not want me to tell Peters she had been sick with inflammation of the bowels; the next day after she was at my house; she copy told me that Peters had been to see her; she told me this the evening before her death; she said the doctor that she consulted told her that she had injured herself by walking; she said she intended to be laid out in a sheet and her husband to keep it by her; and that she had lost the affection of her husband, and she did not care whether she lived or died; Peters called on me on the night before he left Lowell; he said he had a situation in Philadelphia, if he could not leave it in Boston. She said to me, I am afraid I have sold my soul for revenge; she said that she had been a religious certificate sacred; said she would be buried in Mrs. Hamilton's name; spoke to Mr. Peters; the night before she died, Mr. P. and wife had been talking about going to New York; she professed to have wished she was dead; she said in reply to remark of mine, that she had let the devil would have her as not; she spoke about disposing of her child's things and a gold watch. Said she had always made up and grew up; I knew there was a variance between her and her husband; she was a doctor; he kept a great many bottles of his house; she was at my house the Wednesday before her death, and told me to finish a letter which she was writing, which I refused to do.

Sarah Gyphan called. Have been acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. P. for four years; lived near them; called at their house on the morning of her death; it was about a quarter before ten o'clock; she was in the bedroom with Mrs. Peters and her husband was supporting her; she was dying; he said he was afraid that Ann was going to die; he said he woke up in the morning, and she threw her arms about his neck and said she had a bad felt worse and she said yes, about her heart; he asked me to get some more and towels; he said he thought cold water would be the best thing he could use; he bathed her head and she gave up with a small vial to hold to her nose; he held a bottle in her mouth which he said contained labels; he forced some of it into her mouth; afterward a little froth came from her mouth; we put her on the bed; he bought a bottle of linament and I bathed her back; I went out and was gone five minutes when a man, who called me before, called me again, and said she was dead; I thought she might have fainted as she was warm; Peters said the same thing; he had been a great many cases of the kind and they all appeared to me; I left Peters in the house when I went out; I saw Peters' mother and Miss Walker at the door; Peters said if she could only speak one word to him he would be satisfied; Peters said when she was in New York she wanted to be laid out in a particular article; he said he had been afraid to leave home sometimes on his wife's account; I understood him to say that she died of heart disease; he said they had agreed to go on Monday, the day of her death, to some place after roots and herbs.

Cross examination. When I was called back, I doubted whether she was dead; and he said it was no use, that she was dead; he appeared to feel very bad about her death; talked to his child; told it that it had no mother. Witness refused to answer certain questions as to Mrs. Sweetser, touching herself.

The Court adjourned until this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

DEATH OF A LOWELL SOLDIER. Chas. E. Kittredge, a son of Mr. Henry Kittredge, of Lowell, died at Frederick, Md., on the 6th inst. The deceased was a private in Company I, Second Massachusetts Regiment, Col. Gordon, and was about nineteen years of age.

LOWELL AID FOR CHARLESTON, S. C. In April, 1838, a great fire occurred in Charleston, S. C., probably very near the site of the present fire, as the theatre, principal hotel and over 1100 buildings were destroyed, the fire first commencing in a paint shop on King Street. Hundreds of families were rendered homeless, and contributions were raised for the sufferers in different parts of the country. In this city a public meeting was called at the City Hall, by a call signed by the Mayor, Luther Lawrence, Elisha Bartlett, Elisha Huntington, John Aiken, Elphalet Coe, James H. Carney, J. W. Manser, John W. Graves, and others. The Mayor presided, and a committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions from the churches and citizens. What success attended their labors we have no means of knowing. It is hardly probable that a meeting will be called in Lowell at the present time, as the action of Charleston during the last year has not been such as to awaken much sympathy among our people.

AID FOR THE SOLDIERS OF CAMP CHASE. This division of our army is soon to leave Camp Chase as a part of the army of the Potomac, and it is highly desirable that they should carry with them a good supply of those things which are sure to be needed, to meet the "*privations and casualties of war.*"

The following articles are among the most important for hospital use: Shirts, drawers, socks, sheets, blankets, pillows, pillow-cases, towels, soap, lint, bandages, cotton batting or wadding, towels, &c.

Packages containing these articles may be sent to the Gas office, on Shattuck Street, when they will be taken in charge and will in due time be disposed of in a manner best calculated to serve the purposes for which they are designed.

G. KIMBALL, Brigade Surgeon and Medical Director Department of New England.

LADIES' SALE. By reference to our advertising columns, it will be noticed that the ladies of the new Episcopal Church of St. John's, will hold a sale, and have many fancy articles, with refreshments, music, &c., in Mechanics' Hall, to-morrow evening, and will have reserved their sale last year, will be sure to attend this year, assuming that they will be well paid; for if beautiful ladies, elegant fancy articles, choice refreshments, and good music, are any guaranty, St. John's can, and doubtless will, furnish all in abundance.

We have noticed within a few days past, a fine display of photographs at the entrance of Mitchell's rooms, 69 Merrimack Street, prominent among which was a fine picture of Rev. Dr. Blanchard, of this city. In this like characteristics will hardly fail to arrest the attention if any one who is at all acquainted with the original.

The sale of ladies' and childrens' furs, &c., at Patch & Co.'s store, will be found worthy of attention.

Camp Chase. Col. J. H. French has been appointed Colonel of Butler's regiment, now at Camp Chase. He receives his commission from the President of the United States. That Governor Andrew refused to give him a commission. The regiment now numbers 950 men and it is expected to be filled up this week in time to report to Gen. Butler by the 20th of December. It is to be called the "Boy State Regiment."

CHRISTMAS BALL. A few gentlemen are quietly arranging for a ball on Christmas eve, at Chesley's Hall, Postoffice Block. The tickets will not be put into the hands of every applicant, as it is determined to affair shall not be of so public a character as to make the behavior of a host of strangers. Greiner, Chipman & Waterhouse furnish the music. Tickets $1.00, to be obtained of G. L. Huntoon, N. J. Marshall, F. Jewett, J. T. Trask, D. Gage, or A. N. Osgood. Those who are opposed to a public ball will please consider this, and be governed accordingly.

The Pulpit and Rostrum. The twenty-third number of this publication embraces a thanksgiving discourse by Rev. S. D. Burchard, D. D., delivered at the Thirteenth Street Presbyterian Church, New York, November 28th, 1861, entitled "*Our Nation and Our Sins.*" The discourse is an able one. This little publication—"The Pulpit and the Rostrum"—is really an excellent thing, frequently giving us the ablest addresses written in this country.

On the first of June last there were but sixty-three revolutionary patriots on the pension rolls, and that number by this time has no doubt been reduced to less than fifty, a few years more, and the last of these old veterans will have been gathered among his patriotic brothers in the spirit land. We hope the last one, at least, will live to see the country again united and happy.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 16.

100	Boston & Albany Railroad	92
50	Eastern Railroad	52
5	Fitchburg Railroad	87
5	Nashua & Lowell Railroad	81½
5	Nashua & Lowell Railroad (div. on)	83
4	State Bank	83 1-2
10	Old Boston Bank	83

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, S. F. Hunkins, D. S. Richardson,
L. D. Morse, Jr., Wm. Crosby, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Furniture and Farmers' risks. Its assessment upon the Premium Notes, Dec. 1st, 1861. The present surplus is $30,645.21, with Deposit notes to the amount of $12,126.25. The Stockholders are responsible for their property in Stockholders' Company to the amount of their Stock, and for their proportion of the losses of the Company, pro rata as to any Company with a subscription cash basis.

The Stock Department is confined to Factories, Stores and Merchandise, and has a surplus of over $70,000. Dividends, when declared, are payable on demand. Applications for insurance will be promptly adjusted and promptly paid at the office of the Company.

Merrimack Square, (Merrimack Bk., 2nd story, entrance next door.)

S. F. SHERMAN, Sec. and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1861. 1ptheftf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received from the Auction Sales, a large and desirable Furs, also which we shall sell at the lowest cash prices. Furs repaired and carefully stored during the summer season. Furs altered to the latest styles. Furs made to order from the best of skins and warranted to fit. Furs cleaned and repaired. Furs bought and sold. Furs exchanged for cash. Furs taken in part payment for new Furs. Furs of every description. Furs, Furs, Furs.

Call and look at those heavy Seal Cloak Caps, now styles, at

J. M. PEABODY'S

Hat Store.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, Dec. 16th, by Rev. Dr. Blanchard, Mr. Joseph Dumont, of Albany, N. Y., to Mrs. Elizabeth Bell.

DEATHS.

In Dracut, M. H., Oct. 30th, Mrs. Pamelia Hosking, widow of the late James Bolton, Esq., aged 78 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY OF LOWELL.

All persons having claims against the City are requested to present them at this office, duly approved, on or before December 31st, 1861, or they will be excluded from payment. Those having claims against the City will please call and get the list of Bonds, Notes and Orders which are to be paid.

GEORGE GARDNER, Auditor.

Lowell, Dec. 16, 1861. 3t

LADIES' SALE.

THE LADIES OF ST. JOHN'S CHURCH will hold a Sale and Supper, at MECHANICS' HALL, on Wednesday, Dec. 18th, 1861.

Tickets 25 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Supper at 8.

REMOVAL.

To-morrow (WEDNESDAY) Dec. 18th, Afternoon and Evening.

MECHANICS' HALL.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Cushing, Arthur F. Bunney, Joshua W. Dennis, Mrs. Reynolds Bowers, Ephraim Bowers.

Joseph C. Abbott, John Avery, Walter Wright, Calvin M. Marvel, Mrs. Lydia D. Hale, Elijah M. Hale.

Mrs. Ann L. Moore, Benjamin E. Bates,

Abner F. Long, Joseph Bowers.

NATHAN ALLEN, Proprietor.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) Nos. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle sts., Lowell. April 20, 1861. 6m

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property as at the lowest rates. Office, No. 23 1-2 Central, FOLLETT'S BLOCK, up stairs.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

Lowell, Sept. 25, 1861. 1y

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

Office, No. 23 1-2 Central street, Lowell.

Oct. 1, '61. 1y

WAR HAS COME

AND

WHITTEN'S

GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN THIS FALL.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been purchased by soldiers. It is a GOOD FOLLOWER for wounds, sun-burnt faces, sore and chafed feet. Sold by druggists and dealers.

Manufactured by WHITTEN & BAILEY, New York.

Sold in Lowell by all druggists.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received from the Auction Sales, a large and desirable Furs, also which we shall sell at the lowest cash prices. Furs repaired and carefully stored during the summer season. Furs altered to the latest styles. Furs made to order from the best of skins and warranted to fit. Furs cleaned and repaired. Furs bought and sold. Furs exchanged for cash. Furs taken in part payment for new Furs. Furs of every description. Furs, Furs, Furs.

Call and look at those heavy Seal Cloak Caps, now styles, at

J. M. PEABODY'S

Hat Store.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Right for Cities, Towns, and Counties, for sale by the Proprietor, at No. 1000, always on hand. Agents wanted in cities and towns, to canvass with.

CAUTION!

The subscribers, the only chemists of the true and original "GOLDEN SALVE," would caution the public against the many worthless imitations now in the market. Mr. W. E. LIVINGSTON is not connected with us.

We take this method of contradicting the public statements of Mr. Livingston, that he is connected with us, and that he is the genuine article, as we have never had any connection with him, and do not intend to have. Livingston is a RETIRED DRUGGIST, and has no right to sell Salve.

WHITTEN & BAILEY.

Delaware City Delaware, Dec. 6, 1861 6m

WOOD AND COAL WANTED.

The subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the LOWEST CASH RATES. All orders will be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1860.

Continues to insure against hazard by FIRE, on favorable terms, in a staple city, on terms favorable to the insured. Position unused for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.

Nathan Allen, Stephen Cushing, Arthur F. Bunney, Joshua W. Dennis, Reynolds Bowers, Ephraim Bowers.

Boston.

Benjamin E. Bates.

Lowell.

Joseph C. Abbott, John Avery, Walter Wright, Calvin M. Marvel, Mrs. Lydia D. Hale, Elijah M. Hale.

Lowell.

Abner F. Long, Joseph Bowers.

NATHAN ALLEN, Pres't pro tem.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) Nos. 23 1-2 Central, cor. Middle sts., Lowell. April 20, 1861. 6m

ETNA INSURANCE CO,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.,

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property as at the lowest rates. Office, No. 23 1-2 Central, FOLLETT'S BLOCK, up stairs.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent.

Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

Lowell, Sept. 25, 1861. 1y

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.

Office, No. 23 1-2 Central street, Lowell.

Oct. 1, '61. 1y

DR. BIRMINGHAM,

NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,

Offers his services to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, with the assurance that his treatment is entirely vegetable, and perfectly safe in all cases of disease. He guarantees a few among the list, that he has cured in a few days, after they had been given up by other physicians, and pronounced incurable. Among these are cases of Consumption in its first stages, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Piles, Fits, Epilepsy, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Fever and Ague, piles, catarrh, whooping cough, bronchitis, asthma, colds, coughs, sore throat, and so-ld for 30 years such; they are also said to be cured by the use of his medicines. According to the size, a case of 20 large vials sold for $5, and also the head house. The Doctor has a large assortment kept by the agents, or they can be had at his office, No. 3 Prescott Block, Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

DR. BIRMINGHAM'S PILLS are offered as the only sure means of purifying and invigorating the blood. Agents for Collections and Liverpool Steamers.

Dr. Birmingham's Pills are warranted to cure any case equal to those of any office in the Eastern country—Boston not excepted.

Dr. Birmingham's Pills are warranted to cure in all cases of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, Piles, Fits, Epilepsy, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Female Weakness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption in its first stages, Bronchitis, Asthma, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, and so-ld for 30 years such; they are also said to be cured by the use of his medicines. According to the size, a case of 20 large vials sold for $5, and also the head house. The Doctor has a large assortment kept by the agents, or they can be had at his office, No. 3 Prescott Block, Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

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IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Unquestionably is the most wonderful remedy for the relief or suffering from monthly irregularities to which the female constitution is subject.

CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the prescription of Dr. CHEESEMAN, Physician to the Female Hospital, Philadelphia, for the last 15 years, are used successfully in all cases of Female Complaints, and are a certain remedy for Obstructions, Irregularities, Pain in the Back, Loins and Side, Whites, Disordered Stomach, Nervous Affections, Hysterics, Blues, Fits, Dizziness, Nervous Headache, Tremblings, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Female Weakness, Irritation and Prolapsus Uteri, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Uterus, Floodings, Chronic Inflammation of the Kidneys, and all Female Complaints.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only sure means of purifying and invigorating the blood.

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

That no one can possess of the French system in which Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are prepared, who will use them during the first three months of pregnancy, as they will prevent MISCARRIAGE at any period during that time, if taken according to the annexed instructions in a normal condition, that cure is guaranteed in all cases of Female Complaints, as per *Medical Directions*, dividing above and when they may be used with perfect safety at all times.

Prepared only by DR. CHEESEMAN, Proprietor, No. 2 Cedar St., New York.

Sold in Lowell by DR. J. T. HILLMAN, corner Central and Merrimack sts., and by druggists everywhere.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, S. F. Hunkins, D. S. Richardson,
L. D. Morse, Jr., Wm. Crosby, E. F. Sherman.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, Furniture and Farmers' risks. Its assessment upon the Premium Notes, Dec. 1st, 1861. The present surplus is $30,645.21, with Deposit notes to the amount of $12,126.25. The Stockholders are responsible for their property in Stockholders' Company to the amount of their Stock, and for their proportion of the losses of the Company, pro rata as to any Company with a subscription cash basis.

The Stock Department is confined to Factories, Stores and Merchandise, and has a surplus of over $70,000. Dividends, when declared, are payable on demand. Applications for insurance will be promptly adjusted and promptly paid at the office of the Company.

Merrimack Square, (Merrimack Bk., 2nd story, entrance next door.)

S. F. SHERMAN, Sec. and Treas.

Lowell, July 18, 1861. 1ptheftf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS. Just received from the Auction Sales, a large and desirable Furs, also which we shall sell at the lowest cash prices. Furs repaired and carefully stored during the summer season. Furs altered to the latest styles. Furs made to order from the best of skins and warranted to fit. Furs cleaned and repaired. Furs bought and sold. Furs exchanged for cash. Furs taken in part payment for new Furs. Furs of every description. Furs, Furs, Furs.

Call and look at those heavy Seal Cloak Caps, now styles, at

J. M. PEABODY'S

Hat Store.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

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WHITTEN & BAILEY.

Delaware City Delaware, Dec. 6, 1861 6m

WOOD AND COAL WANTED.

The subscriber having completed his new wharf on Western Avenue, is now prepared to furnish WOOD or COAL of all kinds, at the LOWEST CASH RATES. All orders will be delivered with promptness

J. W. BOYNTON.

Lowell, March 7th, 1861. mar7tf

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money.

Than any other free-burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, end of canal guard.

J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may1dtf

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice a year ago, having made use of it to a limited extent, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are now prepared to offer it to the public, as the best base and is now a difference a opinion among the dental profession as to its merits, but we will say that we have used it for a number of years, and in many cases it is proving to be permanent. Its adaptation where to gum and alveolar ridge is perfect, and

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See who
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

our, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment a the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Banks, Factory Circulars,
Firms, Dry Goods Bills,
Business Cards, Invitations or Circulars,
Addresses, Printing from Stereotype,
Handbills, Ruled Forms,
Town Reports, Mammoth Posters, &c.
Newspapers,

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Bakers, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of paper suitable for Druggists' and Confectioners' Cards and Bags, and to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.

Address,
E. STONE, } Proprietors.
S. W. HUSE, }

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.

IN THE DISEASE FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy or

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, LIVER COMPLAINT
AND AGUE, GANERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL
DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-
ED STOMACH AND LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and rave unbounded popularity wherever introduced, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMES KEPPLER, wife from Navarre, Stark Co. O. "The bitters are praised by all who use them. I am a living witness to their virtues. I was troubled with Dyspepsia and Ague, Its operation is the General Debility.

Mrs. ELIZA LEES "I must say that I have tried many kinds of medicine in vain, but found no dyspeptic powers and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Each bottle we are receiving Daily.
FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

Nov 7 dly&w3m

To get a good TEA SET, go to
HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE go to
HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE go to
HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS go to
HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S LARD OIL, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 48 Merrimack St.
Jan 10 dly

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. Its efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off
It promotes a healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It is the cheapest and best dressing.
It restores the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords a delightful coolness.
It remains longer in effect.
It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera, Morbus, Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the most valuable medicines ever offered to the public, particularly for the diseases of children. Both for its immediate effects in relieving pain and quiet give at the age of thirty-seven, must be referred to its pure vegetable, strength and harmlessness and the article be did it with before the public sees. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Extra Flour, Bobbin's Superfine Flour, just received and for sale by S. N. WOOD,
Sept 7 3 Market st.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!

CRUDE CAMPHOR—Just received and for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
nov7 corner Merrimack and John sts.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, pleasanting virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and never known to fail in any case where directions have been given. Over 2000 BOTTLES have been sold within a single *fortnight* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. IT is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for the use of females, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and is warranted to be recommended in EVERY INSTANCE, or the price will be refunded BY NEW YORK OFFICE OF NATIONAL MEDICINE DEPOT, 21 CHATHAM STREET.

Pamphlets containing certificates of CURES FOR SP CI L DISEASES, No. 28 Chatham Street, New York.

The Specialty entrusted to all druggists of a Union among Druggists, CURTIS & WEBB, M. D., a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to these complaints. Consultations by letter, or otherwise are strictly confidential. Medicines sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, for sale by druggists generally throughout the country.

Nov 7 dly&w3m

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

COKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames.

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS

Neatly and elegantly framed.

Old and other styles Ornamented and Plain-Regilding and Repairing done at short notice and moderate.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 26, 1860. sep26dtf

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET.

DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

41 Central street, as greatly reduced prices. may23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SUPERIOR WHITE LEAD.

THE ONLY PURE LEAD MANUFACTURED IN AMERICA.

This White Lead is warranted to be ground in the best Old Linseed Oil, and to be of the purest and finest quality. It has been thoroughly tested by Boss Dryers and Painters, it is believed to be the best White Lead made in America, and the best White Lead made in Europe, and marked "Warranted Pure."

The great body and capacity for covering of this White Lead renders it the cheapest as well as the best White Lead in the market. It is believed that it will do as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands, and that it will retain its color for a longer period than in this state, in Boston and elsewhere. A fair trial is solicited, and the Company are confident that they will be able to satisfy any one that no such white lead has ever been offered to the public.

The General Agent, who personally superintends the manufacture, has been for many years employed in the Lead Business for nearly a quarter of a century and has had every opportunity, and has invested in improvements in the trade of manufacture, enables him to offer this White Lead at a low price.

Orders may be addressed to Forest River Lead Company, can be obtained at the Manufactory, corner of Charles & Cambridge streets, and at Redding Building, Dutton street, Lowell.

sep 28 dly

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Pepperidge's Powder of Sweet Vernal Grass, or Anthoxanthum Odoratum, is a delightful and exhilarating Perfume, and a certain Beautifier. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

FURNITURE POLISH.

MR. S. HAYNES has just received a Patent *Price to Polish Furniture, Bureaus, Sofas, Bedsteads, &c.*, which will be found to be a perfect success—something we and the best kind ever to consumers generally. By using one box of this Polish you will be enabled to restore the whole furniture of a house quite new, within one hour. Please call and see it in operation. Price 25 cts. 48 Merrimack St. Agent for the Celebrated Chinese Polish.

SILVER SOAP.

PREPARED expressly for cleaning and polishing Silver Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Looking Glasses, Jewelry, Paint, and Oil Cloths, Window Glass and Carriage Stuffs. Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $4,818,558 90
Dividends add to same, 1,688,566 18
Losses paid, 2,611,606 55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following viz.

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It commenced with $5,000 in cash assets.

Its investments are by Fire Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, much more than double the Capital.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only banks owned by it are in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The insured get all the profit s.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Safe Class of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends the insured in the settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, Semi-Annually, Quarterly, Monthly, or Weekly, as Life, Life, Tontine 20 year period, may be paid one half in cash and the balance by note, which note will be discounted at the current rate of interest on premium bonds to be paid annually to maturity.

It issues policies non-forfeitable to all the holders of which a liberal surrender value is guaranteed in cash or paid up insurance.

The dividends declared are based upon the most correct mortality experience.

This Company has now the large number of 9774 Policies in force; yet no increase in the number of premiums would be desirable, if it were not for the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All Wards of the Institution therefore contribute to the support of the widow and orphan of the deceased member, whether connected with it, or not—all the injustice of their premature death is compensated.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies entitled to it January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
No. 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

sept

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the people of the world's tribunal. It causes the lame to walk, to leap as an hart.

It overcomes bruises, and scalding notes. It causes the burnt child no longer to dread the fire. It causes the crying of the tender infant to cease, when assayed by chaffings.

It is a balm for the aged from his cruise, and a boon to the young.

It restores the delicate mother when her frame is racked.

It cleanses and cures the scaly of the scurvy head sore.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It is a wonderful remedy for all skin plagues.

It is an unfailing agent amidst.

It arrests and destroys inflammations.

It allays pain.

The miracle may be cured. Upon still heartless.

Try it, and be convinced that it is the best salve in the world.

You may be rid of poor corns and chilblains.

For all grievous sore throats.

For shaking in warm weather use it.

For all sore eruptions use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For all sore eruptions on the skin use it.

Sold by druggists generally throughout the country, and by the proprietor, at 106 Court street, Boston.

Kinsler's Lirocone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver, &c. &c. Also for cleaning Kid Gloves. Its efficacy is unfailing. It will be found *effectual*, cheap, and a great saving of labor. Unless directions are strictly followed, by use it will not look as fresh as new. Its equal has never been discovered, for the above uses.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

may19

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

COMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—and the only article of the kind ever offered to the public. Combinations to suit, or otherwise are strictly adhered to. Orders by mail or express, ranger from observation, to all parts of the United States. All the leading patterns of patterns from abroad with no fine secure and quick delivery. Engraving executed to order.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Fifty Thousand* Dollars are paid yearly in counterfeiting annually, in New England alone. Of course the public will be the sufferers. Most of this sum comes out of sources of private individuals and corporations. *Five Dollars* will be paid *they can never be taken*, and they will be paid to any person who will give information sufficient to convict the counterfeiter. Our object in declaring is to prevent the counterfeiting of the above name, and to protect ourselves and the public from imposition. Do not reject it, do not throw away it, but keep it. The Bond Paper has no selling remedy; give it a trial.

Dr. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Dear Sir—I feel it my duty to express the satisfaction I have received from the use of your Restorative, as well as my personal acquaintance with its effects upon others. About the time of my last visit to Europe, I was induced to make a trial of your Restorative upon the advertisement of "Hair Restorative," and I am happy to say that it has proved to be a very wonderful invention upon my head.

Yours, very respectfully,
J. WRIGHT M. D.
Office of the Jodfemeister, Phillipet, Va

THE DAILY COURIER.

Wednesday, December 18, 1861.

SHIP ISLAND. At Lowell people will hereafter feel an interest in this locality, a brief description of it may not be out of place. The island is separated from the main land (Mississippi) by Mississippi Sound, which is eight or ten miles in width, and is nearly opposite Mississippi City, which, for want of a better, might be converted into a cotton port, having a good harbor; but as Mobile is only about forty miles distant from the Island, and there is a water route to that city, without having to go into the Gulf, we look to that port for cotton. New Orleans is about sixty miles distant, and vessels can pass through Lakes Borgne and Pontchartrain, to within about three miles of New Orleans. That it is the design of Gen. Butler's expedition to favor one or both cities by a visit, there is little room to doubt. But to return to Ship Island. The following description of it is from a letter to the *Boston Journal*:—

The island is about seven miles long, and extends in a curve northeast and southwest. The eastern end of the island is about a mile wide, and covered with a grove of live oak and cedar, abounding in raccoons, which afford rich sport for the soldiers, as you have only to shake the trees, and like the poor victim of Col. Crockett, they will "come down," when they are easily killed. The island is also intersected with ravines and ditches filled with water. A happy eaten-in-a-day man on the island at this point from Mississippi Sound. This part of the island, previous to a severe storm which occurred in October, 1860, was occupied by several families, in tearing cedar, which they used to remain on the island. Wild hogs also live in the woods, and a brace of blood-hounds inhabit the grove.

The western end of the island is a low, sand spit, about four miles long and a quarter of a mile wide, entirely destitute of trees, a few palms and a sparse growth of long beach grass only forcing nourishment. The surface is broken by ridges, apparently washed up by the heavy surf which "northers" roll in on the beach.—This peninsula is connected with the head by an isthmus, across which the tide flows. At the extreme eastern end of the island is a fort, commanding the only channel by which the harbor can be entered, and just to the eastward of this is a lighthouse. The fortification from recently is complete stride, and is built of brick, with several tiers of sandbags piled against and protecting the exterior walls. It is divided into twelve bomb-proof casemates, and on the land side are two drawbridges. Work, in addition to the main fortification was commenced by the Federal Government before the war broke out, at which time mechanics and slaves were here.

The harbor of Ship Island is easy of approach, having already been occupied as the headquarters of the Gulf blockading squadron. The fort on the island has been named Fort Constitution, in honor of the steamship which carried out the force which now occupies it. Good fresh water can be obtained anywhere on the island by merely digging and sinking a barrel. The island furnishes excellent facilities for bathing, and the climate being temperate, the health of our troops will not be exposed.

The voyage is described as having been a pleasant one, a few trifling accidents and mild fevers having been experienced. The troops disembarked under the direction of Col. Jones, without accident. Says the *Journal's* correspondent, under date of December 2d:—"Yesterday has been chiefly elapsed since their landing, and yet they have explored the whole island; dined on fresh pork and cocoa, which they have relished, and discovered a little oyster bed, four miles away, upon which they are luxuriating."

CONGRESS in the Senate yesterday, Mr. Wilson reported a bill to increase the number of cadets at West Point. Several articles of [illegible] were offered. Mr. Lane, of Kansas, spoke in favor of a forward movement of the army, and of emancipating the slaves. Mr. Carlisle, of Va., contended that this was a war to save constitutional liberty, and he was opposed to abolitionary speeches. The resolution was laid on the table. Messrs. Wade, of Ohio, Chandler of Michigan, and Johnson, of Tenn., were appointed a committee to inquire into the general conduct of the war.

In the House, a resolution was adopted directing the Postmaster General to obtain proper data to obtain proper data to obtain rate per mile to be paid for the transportation of the mails. Mr. Richardson, of Ill., offered a resolution declaring that the present war is not waged for conquest or subjugation, or for the purpose of overthrowing the institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired, and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A resolution has been reported in the Kentucky legislature expelling eight members for aiding the rebellion.

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During the day the Constitution saied, a naval engagement took place, within sight, between the gunboat New Londoner and steamer De Soto and two rebel armed vessels, the Pamlico and California, which were attempting to run the gauntlet from New Orleans to Mobile. Nobody was hurt on either side.

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UNION MEN IN ARKANSAS. Several citizens of Arkansas have reached Rolla, Mo., during the past week, and related in the Arkansas convention under Capt. Ware, here a member of the Legislature of that State. Here men say there was a Union meeting in Izard, Fulton Independence and Searcy Counties, number of 7,000 men, which could have made an organization and in two weeks more, but it was destroyed by a recruiting number, and broken up and scattered. Many of these Union men have been arrested and taken to Little Rock.—Some have been hung and a large number are in the woods, trying to collect their respective commands.

FEELING IN REGARD TO THE ENGLISH NEWS. The *New York Herald's* Washington dispatch says the Cabinet was in session several hours yesterday, during which our difficulty with England was discussed with great calmness and firmness. What over the demands from England may be, our Government is determined that Mason and Slidell shall never be given up.

The Brazilian Minister gave a dinner last evening, at which quite a number of the diplomatic corps were present; the seizure of Mason and Slidell was discussed, but in a non-committal way. The impression was, that England would make a demand for the release of the rebels, Mason and Slidell, but that a lengthy correspondence would settle the matter without war.

The report that a messenger had arrived with dispatches for Lord Lyons, are pronounced false. Special dispatches from Washington state that Mr. Seward remarked yesterday morning to a distinguished Englishman that there would be no war with England. The Kentucky rebels are reported to have left Bowling Green at the command and push forward to Nashville.

A letter from Lebanon, under date of the 17th, says that Gen. Thomas' division was making rapid preparations, and would leave in a few days.

A private letter, dated Somerset, Sunday night, reports the capture of a negro servant of a rebel officer, as he was taking provisions to the rebel pickets. He says that Zollicoffer has 6000 men this side and 3000 the other side of the river, and is fortifying both sides of the river with the intention of wintering.

An engagements reported to have taken place yesterday afternoon on the opposite side of Green River, near Munfordsville, between an Indiana German regiment, Col. Willich and a regiment of Texas Rangers, with a regiments of infantry, and six pieces of artillery. Col. Willich, after being reinforced, drove the rebels back with a loss of 33 killed, including Colonel Terry, and 60 wounded. The Federal loss was eight privates and one lieutenant killed, and 16 wounded.

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THE WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Washington and vicinity. The rebel batteries on the Potomac are being increased, two new ones having recently been erected, on which heavy guns are mounted.

A prominent and influential citizen of Maryland, who has recently been in Richmond, reports that the Union sentiment in Eastern Virginia is rapidly increasing. He says that if Congress shall not legislate unfavorably on the slavery question, that portion of Virginia is safe for the Union.

A New Jersey lieutenant was severely wounded yesterday by shots from rebel cavalry, while making a reconnaissance to the left of Springfield, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. He was brought into camp and was still alive.

Kentucky. Our army in Kentucky is within a short distance of Bowling Green. They have repaired the Green River Bridge, and will move forward as soon as Gen. Buell can brigade and otherwise dispose of the large number of regiments now arriving. When this is done he will take command and push forward to Nashville.

A letter from Lebanon, under date of the 17th, says that Gen. Thomas' division was making rapid preparations, and would leave in a few days.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

If you are in want of a good article of TEA and COFFEE do not fail to go to the old-established Tea and Coffee Store, 9 John Street, where you will always be sure to find the largest and most extensive assorted stock of TEAS to be found in the city. All tea drinkers may be greatly benefitted by buying their Teas at this establishment. dec18d1m

WATSON LIGHT GUARD,

ATTENTION!

The members of the Watson Light Guard are requested to meet at their armory THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Dec. 18th, 1861, at 8 o'clock.

A full attendance is desired.

By order of Commanding Officer.

J. MELVIN, Clerk.

Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1861.

Richardson Light Infantry, Butler Rifles, and Hill Guards.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the above-named Companies at Fort Warren, on THURSDAY, 19th inst.

Packages not exceeding 12 pos pounds each in weight will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Company, 1.2 18 3t, on above date, and for-warded.

By order of Executive Committee,

WM. G. WING,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

dec17d2p

TO LET,

A good lozenger containing twelve rooms, situated on the shaded avenue known as Nesmith Street, corner of Central and Gorham Streets.

dec13d2p

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most fashionable styles, and made in the most workmanlike manner: also **NEW DRESS GOODS**, just received and selling at the lowest prices, at No. 3 Merrimack Block, 128 Merrimack Street.

MRS. E. HASTINGS & HALL.

dec18d1m

The piano in yardmen custom made Boots and Shoes of allsorts every description, at reasonable prices as at BITTERLY'S, 24 Middle st.

dec18d1m

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the Lowell National Bank, Prescott Block.

E. W. STICKNEY, Agent.

dec17d1m

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the trial of Jeremiah Sullivan, for Manslaughter, on the 13th day of June, 1860, in OCTOBER Sessions, 1861, are requested to call at the Clerk of Courts' office and get their fees.

E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

dec18d3t

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

EXAMINATION OF DR. PEYERE. This case, which has been continued before the Police Court for weeks, was concluded yesterday afternoon, as the last witness for the prosecution was concerned. We give the continuation from yesterday forenoon.

J. M. Pierce. Was acquainted with Peters'; he was at the house frequently; was there a few days before Mrs. P. died; the article on Peters' character; do not know he was there the night before Mrs. Peters died; he was in the habit of furnishing my family with medicines.

Sarah E. Hazeltine. Have known Mr. Peters for a year or more; first saw him at Dr. Birmingham's; he represented to me that he was not married; he has for sished me with medicines; have been away some since I knew him; have seen him out of the city; he went to Boston with me; I saw him in Boston; he was there; went to Canada last July, and remained till the last of September; corresponded with him while there; before I returned to Lowell saw Peters in Portland; went to Canada the last time after Mrs. Peters' death, and remained there until lately; came back of my own accord. Peters lived in Canada while I was there; I got there Saturday night and he came the following Tuesday; he was in Portland; from there he then went from there (Barnstead) to Sherbrook, and afterward returned and remained there three days; I talked with him about his wife's death and his marriage of her; he said he was coming back as soon as he heard of the result of the coroner's inquest; I told him to come back, and if he was guilty to stand his trial, and if he was not guilty it would be right; I saw him the Wednesday before her death; there was a friendship between us; I saw a marriage certificate of his home; do not recollect what he said about it; Mrs. P. was present.

Remained at Dr. Birmingham's four weeks; remark was made to me that Mrs. Peters was not his wife; he said she had no right to be married; was not a brass band living named Marshall; I never was engaged to be married to him; he never proposed it; he talks of Boston; the correspondence began last August; was in Maine in June and July; boarded at my home; first learned that his wife was jealous last September; met him at Portland; did not ride in the cars with him; he paid my fare; he did not call on me out of town before I saw him at Portland; from a note to Mr. Pierce judged that his wife was jealous; did not learn it from him; had an interview with him after the death of Mrs. Peters; he showed me anonymous letter about the last of September; Dr. P. called to see me; he was present; shown certificate of marriage then; Mrs. P. said she was not married to him by the Dr.; that the certificate was forged; she said it was made up because her father directed letters to him as Mrs. Peters; there she was called Mrs. Marshall; told her there was no reason of her being jealous of me; nothing was said about the propriety of their being married; she said she had no right to him; that she blamed him for taking care of her as long as he had; that she wanted to see me to tell me how the case stood between them; knew Peters was at Mr. Pierce's Sunday night before his wife's death; saw him the next Tuesday night; was also on Friday; the last time alone; told him that I was going to Canada; next Monday; he said nothing about coming up there; had no letter from him before he came to Canada in regard to his coming; saw him at my sister's; he was there three days under the name of Peters; he said he thought he had till he knew what the verdict was, and was coming back whatever it might be.

Dr. Birmingham recalled. Had a letter from Peters in New York; received from it they were married; a man named Marshall married her six years ago; don't think they lived together more than a month; they went to New York; he left her about a month after they returned; he went to Liberia as agent for the Colonization Society.

This closed the testimony, the defence declining to call any witnesses. The case was again postponed till next Saturday morning at 9½ o'clock, when the court will render its decision, if counsel by mutual agreement submitting the case without argument.

PRIVATE THEATRICALS. He's a score or more of young ladies and gentlemen disposed contributing a fund for the Soldiers, have consented to for one night only to make their "first appearance on any stage" for the benefit of the 8 Sisters' Aid Association. If their acting does not win golden opinions from all sorts of people, the object there f, most certainly will The entertainment tax e place at Mechanics Hall to morrow evening.

THE GYMNASIC EXHIBITION. The exhibition at Huntington Hall, last evening, by the pupils of our public schools, was largely attended. About two hundred masters and misses took part in the performances, which consisted of exercises with sticks, dumb-bells, &c., the whole being under the direction of Mr. Scott and lady, who are employed to teach the exercises in our public schools. Dr. Dio Lewis was introduced to the audience by Dr. Huntington, who presided, and gave a short address on physical training, which was quite satisfactory to the large audience. The boys who made up a large portion of the assembly rendered much noise during some of the exercises, feeling a little free in an entertainment in which their playmates took a prominent part. To-day the exhibition was satisfactory to the parents, who are interested in the physical as well as mental development of their children.

MISS DOWER'S SECOND TRIAL. The second trial of this woman, in consequence of the jury having failed to agree at the first trial, occupied the attention of court yesterday. A new jury is empannelled, of which Francis Lanson, of this city, is a member. The only new witness examined yesterday was William W. Danaby, apothecary, on Middlesex Street, who testified that on the 29th of March, the day before Mrs. Wilkins' death, he sold half an ounce of arsenic and some opium powders to a strange lady; on seeing Miss Dower, he declared that she was the person and no cross examination served to shake his belief. Other witnesses, who maintained an appearance of indifference during the first trial, was effected by his testimony, and shed tears for the first time. The trial is still progressing, and will be the same as at the first trial. Miss Wade said that Miss Dower showed her the interior of a car, who she said was a cousin of Mr. Wilkins, and who she pronounced it a perfect likeness of him. The trial still progressing several days.

POLICE COURT. If Mary Wood is not devoted as much time to her looking glass as she has to another glass, or rather the contents thereof, she might have been more fascinating, though she will never suffer for lack of admirers. She was before the police justice before his Honor on a charge of indulging in a contraband fluid, for which she was ordered to pay $3 and costs or take the female brigade at East Cambridge until paid. One of our gallant police officers will escort Mary to the latter named locality this afternoon.

CENTRAL METHODIST LEVEE. From what we know of the preparations that are being made by the ladies of Rev. Dr. Thayer's Society for the festival and fair at Huntington Hall to-morrow evening, we think there is no risk in assuring the public that the entertainment will be a most attractive factory. The excellent music announced, the tableaux in preparation, patriotic, sentimental and comic, the "Old Folks" and other accompaniments, are such as to ensure a good time and we hope to see a full house.

DRACUT ACADEMY. This time honored structure after sundry perambulations in once more on the move, the same having been purchased by H. P. Clough, Esq of Dracut, who is remodeling it from its present location on Sixth Street, to one of the lots on Bridge Street. We learn that Mr. Clough designs fixing it up as a dwelling house.

THE LECTURE THIS EVENING. The last lecture but one of the series will be delivered this evening, by Rev. Mr. Millerism, of Brooklyn. Subject—"S. S. Prentiss, the Thunderer of the Southwest." Mr. Miller never fails to interest his audience, and is one of the most popular lecturers of the day.

VITAL. The whole number of deaths in this city for the eleven months ending November, was 666, being an increase of 66 over the number for the corresponding month of last year.

FROM SHIP ISLAND. About 300 letters were received at our postoffice this morning from members of the Twenty-Sixth Regiment now at Ship Island. They came by way of Fortress Monroe.

The sale of furs at E. B. Patch & Co's, will close to-morrow. Ladies in want of furs will do well to attend this sale at 2 and 7 o'clock P. M., this day.

LUCRATIVE EMPLOYMENT FOR CITY OR COUNTRY RESIDENTS.—"Picking 'Ocum."

THE CHARLESTON FIRE. The fire broke out about 11 o'clock, on Wednesday night, in a cash and blind factory. Before midnight it had spread to the adjoining magnitude, and Meeting Street, from Market to Queen, was one mass of flames. The buildings in the lower part of the city were swept through the city, among others for the rapid progress of the fire; 576 buildings were destroyed, among which were Institute Hall, St. Andrew's Hall, the Theatre, Charleston Hotel, the Roman Catholic Cathedral, St. Peters' Episcopal Church, the Cumberland Street Church and the Circular Church. The fire made its way down to the water's edge, and was only stayed by the Ashley River. The loss in property is estimated at $6,000,000.

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A GOOD opportunity is now presented to buy Carpets at low prices, from the Bankrupt Stock lately sold at auction, by order of the Assignees. The undersigned is the usual variety of Carpet stock, selected for city retail sales, and was sold at auction, in one lot, by order of the Assignees, for cash. It brought a little over half its cost, and was purchased by the New England Carpet Company, and has been removed to their warehouses, 24 Hanover Street, where it is being retailed to their customers.—*Boston Daily Journal.*

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 17.

2 Boston and Lowell Railroad		100
2 Western Railroad		114
5 Eastern Railroad		50
2 Boston and Maine Railroad		137
10 Concord and Montreal Railroad		82½
1 Concord and Nashua Railroad		1054
1 Boston and Lowell Railroad		100
1 Boott Cotton Mills		712
1 Lowell Bank		82½

There is an increasing demand for Hosiery at this season, and purchasers over all other schools, and especially the happy results attending the administering of the medicines in families who have adopted it, is the reason why it is rapidly growing in favor. There has not probably anything been done to so effectually break up the practice of Dr. Gilbert's thousand opathic Curatives. These preparations are now universally known as safe, reliable, and thorough, and as good in their operations as can be produced. Their action is prompt and certain in some localities, and they are only to be had genuine of the proprietor, Dr. Gilbert, Millbury.

M. J. WIER & CO.,

100 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE FURNACES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,

MAGEE PARLOR GRATES,

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

White enamel, to accompany the Parlor Stoves. The many Amendents of the above now in use in this city and vicinity, are highly satisfactory.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

The world still improving, and the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which it is sufficient to say that it is constructed on the principle of the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates equally well as regards economy in fuel, cooking, &c. It is the cheapest stove in the market, for the amount of fuel and expense of re-building every day.

Call and see the Stove in operation at the store, which, with a full assortment of other stoves, including the Magee Parlor Stove, for sale by M. J. WIER & CO., 100 Merrimack Street.

Sargo, the other at the lowest rates, at wholesale and retail.

dec18d1m

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

182 MERRIMACK STREET.

Tickets for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington.

Passengers ticketed to the West, North and South.

Baggage checked through to destination.

Agency for Collins and Liverpool Steamers.

Agency for Californian and European Express Co.

Passengers for Europe can procure their tickets here at the same rate they would be charged if they went to the office of the Company.

Boats furnished at all times, day and evening.

E. S. PIKE, Agent.

Lowell, Nov. 13, 1861.

nov13d1y

FIELD & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We have received from the manufacturers a new supply of these machines, which we offer to the public at the lowest prices. Call and examine.

dec13d2w

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, S. Bowers, D. Hamblet, Wm. Crosby, L. G. Hovey, D. S. Richardson, Isaac Fiske, Wm. Rogers, Edward Tuck.

Mutual and stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Insurance on Factory risks. No assessment has been made during the past year, and the premium notes in force Jan. 1st, 1861, amount to the amount of $118,378 35. The stock department is of Cotton and wool mills and Machine Shops, is particularly invited. A Dividend paid on policies expiring Jan. 1st, 1862, of 40 per cent. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Office, No. 97 Central St., (second story.)

C. B. COBURN, President.

E. P. SHERMAN, Sec'y. dec18d1m

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy FURS, Jon Jones has just returned from New York with a large assortment of Furs, which are manufactured in the latest and most fashionable style, and will be sold at the lowest prices. Furs of all other, because they are so much cheaper than they will be next season, and are very much desired in warm weather. As we put cash for our Furs, we can sell them cheaper than any other establishment to select from, we can afford to sell much cheaper than those who buy only on the shares of the season.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to altering over and repairing Furs. Also, a good assortment of Furs in the store, at short notice, at

HAYNES'S,

No. 109 Merrimack St., Lowell.

dec18d1m

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It costs less money,
It makes no other fire burning coal. And the above can be bought only at HOWARD'S, 24 Middle street, Lowell, and 3 Kilby street, Boston.

J. HOWARD, 16 Prescott Street, Lowell.

dec14d1m

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician extraordinary to the Queen.

The Proprietors have been induced to call these PILLS, but their peculiar power is exerted in removing those obstructions to which the female constitution is liable. In all cases of Nervous Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Hysterics, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, Irregularities, and all those painful complaints arising from a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed. Full directions, with the most undoubted evidence and numerous testimonials from the first families in the country, will accompany the genuine Pills.

This elegant medicine is prepared only for the Proprietors, and may be had of all Druggists, or of the Agents for the United States, Messrs. HOLMES and CHURCHILL, 194 Washington Street, Boston.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

The Boxes for Quotations, by the 1000, always for sale at the Office of this Paper. Orders filled at short notice, with the Golden Serve. may19w

CAUTION!

Beware of the many pretenders of the true and original **PAIN KILLER** of

PERRY DAVIS.

Which is the only medicine of the kind that can be relied on in cases of emergency. Be sure to get the genuine article, as we have been informed that some unprincipled persons are endeavoring to impose upon the public by selling a worthless article, under the name of Pain Killer. Be sure to get the genuine article, as we have been informed that some unprincipled persons are endeavoring to impose upon the public by selling a worthless article, under the name of Pain Killer.

DAVIS & DAVIS,
Providence, R. I.

For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Lowell, and all druggists. sep14d3m

THE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are pronounced to be unequalled by any other medicine now in circulation. They are a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Asthma, &c. A single trial will convince the most skeptical of their superiority over all other remedies. They are recommended by ten ministers with this invariable formula: "Having used Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, we can recommend them to be an unfailing remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs." Sold by druggists generally. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations. Ask for Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, and take no other. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr.

dec18d1m

DRACUT ACADEMY.

This time honored structure after sundry perambulations in once more on the move, the same having been purchased by H. P. Clough, Esq of Dracut, who is remodeling it from its present location on Sixth Street, to one of the lots on Bridge Street. We learn that Mr. Clough designs fixing it up as a dwelling house.

THE LECTURE THIS EVENING. The last lecture but one of the series will be delivered this evening, by Rev. Mr. Millerism, of Brooklyn. Subject—"S. S. Prentiss, the Thunderer of the Southwest." Mr. Miller never fails to interest his audience, and is one of the most popular lecturers of the day.

VITAL. The whole number of deaths in this city for the eleven months ending November, was 666, being an increase of 66 over the number for the corresponding month of last year.

FROM SHIP ISLAND. About 300 letters were received at our postoffice this morning from members of the Twenty-Sixth Regiment now at Ship Island. They came by way of Fortress Monroe.

The sale of furs at E. B. Patch & Co's, will close to-morrow. Ladies in want of furs will do well to attend this sale at 2 and 7 o'clock P. M., this day.

LUCRATIVE EMPLOYMENT FOR CITY OR COUNTRY RESIDENTS.—"Picking 'Ocum."

THE CHARLESTON FIRE. The fire broke out about 11 o'clock, on Wednesday night, in a cash and blind factory. Before midnight it had spread to the adjoining magnitude, and Meeting Street, from Market to Queen, was one mass of flames. The buildings in the lower part of the city were swept through the city, among others for the rapid progress of the fire; 576 buildings were destroyed, among which were Institute Hall, St. Andrew's Hall, the Theatre, Charleston Hotel, the Roman Catholic Cathedral, St. Peters' Episcopal Church, the Cumberland Street Church and the Circular Church. The fire made its way down to the water's edge, and was only stayed by the Ashley River. The loss in property is estimated at $6,000,000.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LOWELL, MASS.

Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE on dwelling BUILDINGS in a steady risk, on terms favorable to the insured. Building located for any term from one month to five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$150,000.

DIRECTORS:

Lowell.

Walton Allen, Stephen Golding, Arthur P. Bonney, Joseph Wilson, Charles H. Morse, Martin Kent,

Joseph G. Abbott, Abbott Lawrence, Wesley Webber, Calvin E. Mayhew, Elijah B. Jones,

Boston.

Jonathan T. Lowe, Walter M. Clark,

Roxbury.

Stephen R. Bradley.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor) Merrimack street, cor. Middle st., Lowell.

April 21, 1 yr.

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....$2,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1810.

Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co,

Hartford, Conn

Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.

Pittsfield, Mass.

Capital.....$250,000.

The above Companies own the property as is now rated as other responsible offices. Their Agents are authorized to take risks at the lowest rates consistent with safety.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 26 Central, opp. Middle st.
Oct. 1. 1y.

Charlestown

MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.

Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent, Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND, April 21, 1 yr. No. 26 Central.

DR. BIRMINGHAM,

NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,

Corner Tremont Street, (opposite of Joy's New City and Boston and Lowell Depot,) Boston.

A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND.

Continues to treat with unparalleled success all diseases of a private nature, and those arising from the use of Mercury, Impure Blood, Scrofula, Ulcers, Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Impotency, Nervousness, Female Weakness, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Impediments to the Marriage State, Impotency, Nervousness, Female Weakness, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Impediments to the Marriage State, Impotency, Nervousness, Female Weakness, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Impediments to the Marriage State, Impotency, Nervousness, Female Weakness, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Diseases of the

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW, AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAM RESTORATIVE.

See what
MOTHERS SAY OF IT.
DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES.
Dr. Hoofland—Dear Sir: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to recommend to you the wonderful effects I note Hair Restorative, after having used it five years. I recommenced using the Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without it, as well on hand as using. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few months' use stopped its falling off, and in three weeks time there was not a hair to be seen, and the entire hair have been up to this time.

Since this hair was completely restored, I continued to use it applying two or three times per week, and it has kept the hair entirely free from dandruff, and my scalp perfectly free from irritation and pimples, which I was subject to before I used it. I can particular recommend it to all persons who are troubled with dandruff, and I can well assure them we all will be amply repaid, and every wife will be delighted. I consider it the best article for the hair in use, and I have used many of the most celebrated articles. Before closing I will say that I have used Hoofland's German Bitters for a number of years in my family, and have found them a most valuable remedy for Liver Complaint, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach. I am, dear Sir, yours, with respect and esteem,

JAMES WHITE M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I have used your Hair Restorative for three years, and am willing to be known of. I am a resident of this place, and have been for over three years. I commenced using it in the spring of 1856, when I was over fifty years of age. I was becoming considerable gray, and was almost entirely bald on the crown of my head. I was also troubled with dandruff. I soon discovered the danger I was in of losing my hair, and at once began to use your Restorative. I was successfully troubled, and in a short time I began taking Hoofland's Bitters. I have continued to use it, till I have used three bottles of your Restorative, and one bottle of your Bitters. My hair is now pretty much of dark hue as it ever was, and I have a good head of hair. I believe I would make the experiment, and my hair, that was of a dark color, and in great quantities, was materially thinned out, and I have since

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, December 19, 1861.

THE NORTH is again in trouble in consequence of a new proclamation. On the landing of the advance regiments of Gen. Butler's division, at Ship Island, a communication (claiming to be a proclamation) on the subject of slavery, was published by Gen. Phelps who took command of the troops at Annapolis. The document is a thorough abolition argument, and is no more fitted for the circumstances and this place than it would be if addressed to the Patagonians; and for one we trust that the report is true that the officers commanding the government steamers there refused to carry it ashore. Gen. Phelps may be a good officer; we presume he is; but his qualifications, as a statesman, we are confident are not prominent.—What particular necessity caused the proclamation of any kind at this time, is more than we can see, especially if Gen. Phelps is only temporarily the commander of the forces at Ship Island; and we doubt if the day of usefulness of such instruments has not gone by altogether.—Gen Scott expresses the conviction that a war between America and England cannot take place without a more serious provocation than is at present given. The *London Star* thinks that Gen. Scott, like the rest of his country men, is rather inclined to disavow the conception of the outrage as unpopular; it, now it has been done. The *Herald* wonders how the old soldier would have regarded it had the outrage been perpetrated by the British navy, instead United States steamer. The *Daily News* thinks if the American Government will treat the difficulty in the same spirit as Gen. Scott, war may be avoided. The *Times* says that the statement of General Scott, that the seizure of Mason and Slidell was not by authority of the United States Government, has had a good effect.

The Paris *Temps* announces that Napoleon had tendered his services to the British Government as mediator.

The same journal is also warranted in saying that in case satisfaction is refused, the English Cabinet is resolved to resist Lord Lyons, recalling the Southern States and raise the blockade of their ports.—England would not then declare war, but leave the United States to do as they pleased.

A Privy Council was held at Windsor on the 4th, and a Royal proclamation was immediately issued, prohibiting the export of arms, ammunition and military stores, and also lead. The proclamation was in time to stop large quantities of arms in the process of shipment. It is rumored that the export of saltpetre to certain ports will be admitted, under bonds that it is not for Government.

The *Paris correspondent* of the *London Daily News* learns that when Mr. Slidell was taking leave of his wife on the Trent, he placed his dispatches in her hands, in a box loaded with shot, and told her to go to her cabin, and sit at the port hole, and if any attempt was made to take the box, to drop it into the sea. Mrs. Slidell obeyed the command, but was not molested, and took the dispatches to England.

A very absurd story was in circulation in Paris, that the Jackson's arrive in November, boarded and searched a French vessel and one or two of other nations. Another story is in circulation that the French minister at Washington had reported to his Government, that the American Cabinet had refused to deliver up dispatches from Paris addressed to the French consul at New Orleans. The Paris papers say that these prejudicial rumors are put in circulation at this time by the representatives of the Southern Confederacy now visiting their best arguments to inflame our transatlantic neighbors against us.

At present opinion seems to be divided as to whether France will remain neutral or take part with the English, in case of war with the United States. The Paris *Patrie* has an article upon the difficulty, in which it argues that France is not interested in the question at issue between England and America, but says that if England fails to obtain reparation a new state of things may ensue. The fall of England recognized the Southern Confederacy, the other powers must necessarily take such change into consideration for the sake of their commercial interests, and must desire a termination of the war.

A banquet was recently given to Mr. Bright, at Rochdale, at which a letter was read from Mr. Cobden, who very wisely counsels moderation and a suspension of judgment in relation to the Trent affair. The dispute must be decided, not by Britain but by international law, and if the American Government should assume the responsibility of the act, they would claim for the reasoning of their legal advisers the consideration which they are bound to give to the arguments of the British law officers. Whatever be the issue of this legal controversy, however, they could not hope to bring the question to a more satisfactory issue by an appeal to arms.

Mr. Bright also made an able speech, in which he forecast the course in which our Government was engaged, and speaking in relation to the Mason and Slidell affair he said, "he thought it would be found that Capt. Wilkes had acted without authority from his Government, and he had no doubt that if the legal advisers of the Washington Cabinet came to the decision that their act could not be justified by law, fitting reparation would be made. It was, however, a question of law, and if the American Government considered the act legal, they would be able to show that fifty or sixty years ago, during the wars of that time, there were scores of cases at least as bad as this, and some infinitely worse. He strongly condemned the warlike feeling which had been exhibited, and accused the assertion that Lincoln and his cabinet were determined to pick a quarrel with England."

CITY AND COUNTY.

LOST.

Between the Counting Room of the Lowell Machine Shop and Merrimack Square, on Monday, a Pocket Book containing Three Dollars in Bank Bills and Papers of no value to any one but the owner. Any one finding the same will confer a favor by returning it to the Counting-Room of the Lowell Machine Shop in relation to the money, and a further reward if necessary. dec16d3t

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

If you are in want of a good article of TEA and COFFEE, be sure not to go to the old established Tea and Coffee Store, 6 John Street, where you will always be sure to find the largest and most carefully assorted stock of TEAS to be found in the city. All tea drinkers may be greatly benefitted by buying their Teas at this establishment. dec16d1w

WATSON LIGHT GUARD.

ATTENTION!

The members of the Watson Light Guard are requested to meet at their Armory on FORE STREET, on Friday, Dec. 20th, at 6 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

By order of Commanding Officer.

J. MELVIN, Clerk.

Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1861. 2

TO LET.

A good basement containing twelve rooms, situation desirable. Inquire of C. W. BOSSE, corner of Central and Gorham streets. dec13d3t

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most thorough manner, at the DRESS GOODS STORE, call before buying, and get it at the lowest cash prices at Carleton House, 128 Merrimack street.

HASTINGS & HALL.

dec9d2

The place to purchase Custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, and a cash saving of one cent on a dollar, is at KITTREDGE'S, 16 Middle st. nov20d1

NOTICE.

Persons who were subscribers for the Correspondents in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of in the Police Court, on the 1st day of OCTOBER, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk of said Court, at the usual office hours.

K. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

oct15d3t

LECTURE LAST EVENING. The fifth of the course of lectures before the Mechanics' Association was delivered last evening by Rev. W. H. Milburn, of Brooklyn, the eloquent blind preacher, to a very fair house, the subject being "S. S. Prentiss, the Mississippi Statesman of the Southwest." The eloquence of the lecturer, and the subject he had chosen, enchained the audience, who were amply rewarded for their attendance.

The lecturer commenced by referring to the state of society in Mississippi in the early days, where little or no interest existed except that administered by the pistol and bowie knife; where legislative proceedings were often interrupted, and the courts compelled to adjourn in consequence of some bloody affray. Into this society, in the full vest, and large statutes were transferred with no equivalent, save a bit of paper; such a man was Sergeant Prentiss, and if he reformed, though he had known you but a day, his heart's blood must atone for the insult.

On this scene there landed at Vicksburg, November 2nd, 1827, a broad-shouldered, swaggering youth of about 20 years. That youth was Seargent Smith Prentiss, who was born in Portland, Maine, September 30th, 1808. He had received a good education at the best schools, and the use of his legs from fever, while very young. He was a member of the Church of Christ, and had a good, strong, healthy mind, which was ever glowing with imagination. One of his college classmates said that he seemed to read two books at the same time, one with each open each eye, and what he read he ever retained in his memory.

Young Prentiss, left home in the summer of 1827 and first went to Cincinnati, but did not find the place congenial; and a man gave him his hand, no woman her smiles. He went on to Vicksburg, November 2nd of the same year, and first commenced life as a teacher, and passed eighteen months at that occupation, the happiest of his life. Was admitted to the bar, and entered upon practice as a partner of Gen. Felix Huston, one of the most eminent lawyers of Mississippi. From that time commenced a career of short and brilliant one, almost without an equal. He was one of the supreme guest to the highest circles, and his fellowship and society was sought by those who once looked down upon him as a mere adventurer.

To describe his oratory would be a hopeless task; whenever he spoke he held his audience in a complete spell, and the reporter would fall from his hand, and it is from that source we have to depend. They were ever written out; he could never recall his speeches after they were delivered, so rapid was the flow of thought and go. It is not extravagant to say that he was the most eloquent man that ever stood upon the American continent.

His professional career was traced by the history of the day; in 1837 he was appointed up and down the river, rode on horseback from county to county to attend the terms of the courts, and fees flowed in upon him almost like water. He saved vast sums of money, was a liberal man and did a great work in barring men to, or saving them from, the villain. He was a man of dauntless courage, would suffer no man to bully him, and fought two duels in his life, one with Gen. Gov. Jones, who caught him in his room, and the other with his enthusiasm, exhalated, "Die now, Prentiss; you will never have a more glorious opportunity." He revived, however, and finished his speech.

He opposed secession by Mississippi, but in spite of his efforts the State adopted it, and organized with her, he removed to New Orleans, where in a short time, adapting himself to the changed mode of practice there, he gathered around him again him. His over-taxed system, after going 72 hours without sleep, began gradually to give way, and he slowly sank, until in the summer of 1850 (July 1st), he breathed his last.

He was generous, gifted, and fascinating, charming all who came in contact. He could not refuse to borrow, and hence ruined himself. He was not a drunkard, yet could not resist the temptations of a convivial party, and injured himself by drinks. He was not a gambler, and yet lost fortunes at cards. He could not say "No." Although almost forgotten, yet it is but more than one lifetime since Sergeant S. Prentiss, the Thunderer of the Southwest, passed away from earth.

THE DOWER TRIAL. The trial of Miss Annah A. Dower was continued in the Supreme Judicial Court yesterday. Only three new witnesses were called for the Government, but their testimony was not at particular moment. The Government closed their case at 11 o'clock, and Mr. Abbott, for the defence, opened his case in the paragraph from the *Dublin Nation*, as follows:

Yes! Jane! what! Want does it mean—what does it mean for Ireland? The three hundred years, too, has it stinted, and three have told it something that fires the heart and sets the blood of youth and age all over the land. Three hundred years of American independence make an echo that rings from the Atlantic to the Pacific, a momentous startled Ireland. No prophet in his mind's eye ever foretold the like forecast. Yes, it may be that God has heeded our long suffering, and heard our prayer, and that the day of the year of the day is dawning "our fathers' eyes were dim with tears" to see. "Hope deferred maketh the heart sick," but "Hope on, Hope ever" is the watchword of Ireland's children, and they were not confounded that trusted and dared and endured.

There is an increasing demand for Homeopathy; the success of its practice leaves over all other schools, and especially the happy results of its treatment in the diseases of children in families who have adopted it, as has lead thousands to rely upon it altogether. I have long probably anything been done to as popularize the study of Homeopathy. Dioc. Gleason's Homopathic Curatives. These preparations put up in convenient form, easy to administer, and good in their operations as curative agents, have superseded all other medicines in usage in families, and they are only to be known, to be adopted in use. They contain a full line of different kinds of spindles for as many different diseases. We enumerate a few among the list. For fevers and inflammations, worm fever, colic in children, and diseases attendant upon teething, diarrhœa, etc., cough or cold; neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous affections, headache, dyspepsia, rheumatism, croupine diseases, fever and ague, piles, catarrh, whooping cough, biliousness, etc., etc. They are put up in boxes, with full directions, so that any one can use in cases to meet the wants of families, prepared with the greatest care, and are very suitable for all, and larger cases, price in proportion. A large assortment kept by the agents, and they are sent by mail to any part of the country by addressing with money, the proprietor, DR. C. M. BARRETT, Rochester, N. H. Circulars sent to any authorized agents. Price from 25 cents to $5 per box. For sale by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., and all Druggists. 1yr

WAR HAS COME

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE 2 SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold during the past year, and for all kinds of wounds, sore throat, sores, sore eyes, sore lips, sore nipples, chilblains, piles, &c., it has become a favorite with all who have used it. Its success is particularly attained to for the Army, and many physicians speak highly of its merits.

Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all Druggists. Wholesale Agents, Hay & Whittier, Boston.

Sold in Lowell by Brown & Taylor, Hildreth, Peirce & Co., Merrimack and John sts., J. T. DILLINGS, corner Central and John sts., and by Druggists everywhere.

June 6, 1861. 1yr

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye

R. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,

Is the best article in use. It is perfectly harmless, and will not stain the skin. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

All others are counterfeits, and should be avoided. Factory No. 81 Barclay street, New York.

GREY, RED OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful BROWN or BLACK, without injury to the skin, injury to Hair or Skin.

BUTTNER'S MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, and every one should use the best. Sold by all Druggists.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color that cannot be distinguished from nature, and is not liable to turn in the least, however long it may be in use. Sold by all Druggists. Wm. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is recognized for life by the splendid Dye, which is unsurpassed. Factory No. 81 Barclay street, New York.

The Genuine has the name—William A. Batchelor, New York, on the back of each box. Price One Dollar per box. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Also 202 Broadway, New York.

sep9 1yr

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article in their practice in Boston, Hartford, Springfield, and Worcester, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are not prepared to use it more extensively. They have not yet found it a difference or objection among the patients who have had it used in their mouths. It is perfectly adapted to the mouth, and is the most healthy substance for the purpose that has ever been used. There are many other articles which we have used, but have not prepared to use it more extensively. We have used it in growing in the popular favor. Owing to the limited time we have been in use, there do not feel warranted in saying that it is the best substance for the purpose, but we believe it is the best we have ever used, and recommend it to the public, and all others, that are about to any thing better, or more for the cash.

Rooms 4 and 5 Savings Bank Building.

apr11

Gardiner's Restorative and Aromatic Compound. We refer those who are afflicted with either of the diseases mentioned in the following list to the advertisements of the aforesaid remedy in to-day's Journal, and particularly to the certificates which it contains. There is no disease which this remedy will not benefit, and in almost all cases immediately which is specified—and in the most obstinate cases of the kind, can have no other use, than to relieve the patient of much suffering, and of a cost to which a moderate purse is adequate. Gardiner's Restorative and Aromatic Compound has been experienced great success, and is now rendered of still greater value by the improvements which have been made in its composition.

CAUTION!

Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations! Be sure that you get the genuine article. Ask for HUNTINGTON'S HALL'S CELEBRATED CHAMPAGNE ALE.

This Ale is brewed from the best malt and hops, and is recommended by the faculty as a healthful beverage. Physicians in Lowell have ordered it for their patients, and pronounce it the best Ale ever brewed in this city. Those who have used it, will have no other. Those who have not, should send their orders immediately.

Only agent in Lowell is G. A. HUNTINGTON, No. 128 Suffolk Street.

Dec. 3, 1861. dec6d2w

DAVID HYDE,

STOCK, NOTE AND MORTGAGE BROKER,

No. 1 Central Street.

Attends the Boston Board Sales. Bank, Railroad, Insurance, Manufacturing, Gas, Water and Real Estate Stocks, Notes and Mortgages bought and sold. Also, Bonds and Mortgages negotiated. Collections made, and all business relating to Stocks, Notes and Mortgages promptly attended to.

Lowell, Dec. 14, 1861. dec14d30d

To the Proprietors of the Low Street Church, in Lowell:

You are hereby duly notified to meet at the Vestry of said Church, on Monday, the 23d day of December, A. D., eighteen hundred and sixty-one, at seven o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of acting upon the following matters, to wit:

1st. To choose a Moderator to preside at said meeting.

2d. To choose a Clerk of the Proprietors, and also a Treasurer, and to determine the amount of bonds to be given by them, and to choose Assessors, and to assess a tax upon the Proprietors sufficient to pay the debts of the Corporation, and to defray the necessary expenses of the same.

3d. To transact such business as may be necessary for the interests of the Corporation.

Lowell, Dec. 16, 1861. 3

P. F. SOUDER, Clerk of Proprietors.

dec16d3w

NEW ATTRACTIONS.

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

AT

EASTMAN'S

Can be found a splendid assortment of

GIFT BOOKS,

JUVENILE BOOKS,

AND

GAMES,

TOY BOOKS,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

AND

Fancy Articles.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

dec17 EASTMAN'S, 5 Merrimack Square.

NEW GOODS.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

WILKINS & CLOUGH,

(SUCCESSORS TO R. S. HAYNES,)

41 45 Merrimack Street,

HAVE just received a very large assortment of NEW and SPLENDID

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS PRESENTS,

Embracing many articles of rare Beauty and Elegance, suitable for Holiday Presents.

BOHEMIAN, KERUSCAN, TERRA COTTA, LAVA, PARIAN AND CHINA

VASES;

COLOGNES; MATCH BOXES, CARD RECEIVERS, PERFUME PITCHERS; WATCH STANDS, &c.

Busts and Statuettes

In Bronze, Parian and Blue China.

NOTE AND LETTER PAPER, TEA CUPS AND SAUCERS, GOLD PENS, and a variety of every variety of style and pattern.

New and Elegant Goods

GOLD BAND TEA SETS.

TAY TEA SETS in great variety.

Rich Silver Plated and Bronzed

CASTORS,

Consisting of Goblets, Spoon Holders, Cake and Fruit Baskets, Castors, Napkin Rings, Carved Butters, Butter Knives, Forks and Spoons, and all the latest patterns.

IF All of which will be sold at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

All kinds of TOYS

FOR THE CHILDREN.

WILKINS & CLOUGH.

dec20 4t

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF

BOOKS,

GAMES,

PUZZLES,

CARDS, &c.,

From which a Christmas Present can be selected with ease, cannot fail to please, can be found at

MERRILL'S, 97 Merrimack st.

dec18

TO MANUFACTURERS

Of Army Goods.

WOOLEN MILL FOR SALE.

A WOOLEN MILL, to manufacture cotton, now having from three to four hundred yards a day of shirting flannel on hand, and a large amount of machinery, will be sold because the estate to which it belongs

WILL BE CLOSED UP.

The price of the Mill can be cleared at this time

IN LESS THAN ONE YEAR.

For particulars, inquire of

C. C. WOLCOTT, Administrator,

dec18d3w No. 7 Merrimack street.

NOTICE.

The Stockholders in the Salem and Lowell Railroad Company are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year will be holden at the office of said Company, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of January next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

F. B. SOUDER, Clerk.

Lowell, Dec. 16th, 1861. dec17d3w

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS!

AT

EASTMAN'S

Can be found a splendid assortment of

GIFT BOOKS,

JUVENILE BOOKS,

AND

GAMES,

TOY BOOKS,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

AND

Fancy Articles.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

dec17 EASTMAN'S, 5 Merrimack Square.

NEW GOODS.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

WILKINS & CLOUGH,

(SUCCESSORS TO R. S. HAYNES,)

41 45 Merrimack Street,

HAVE just received a very large assortment of NEW and SPLENDID

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS PRESENTS,

Embracing many articles of rare Beauty and Elegance, suitable for Holiday Presents.

BOHEMIAN, KERUSCAN, TERRA COTTA, LAVA, PARIAN AND CHINA

VASES;

COLOGNES; MATCH BOXES, CARD RECEIVERS, PERFUME PITCHERS; WATCH STANDS, &c.

Busts and Statuettes

In Bronze, Parian and Blue China.

NOTE AND LETTER PAPER, TEA CUPS AND SAUCERS, GOLD PENS, and a variety of every variety of style and pattern.

New and Elegant Goods

GOLD BAND TEA SETS.

TAY TEA SETS in great variety.

Rich Silver Plated and Bronzed

CASTORS,

Consisting of Goblets, Spoon Holders, Cake and Fruit Baskets, Castors, Napkin Rings, Carved Butters, Butter Knives, Forks and Spoons, and all the latest patterns.

IF All of which will be sold at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

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NEW

CLOAK AND DRESS GOODS

Has just opened a new lot

CLOAK

AND

LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS,

JUST THE THING FOR THE TIMES.

Call and look at them heavy fresh Cloth Cloaks, all styles, at

J. M. PEABODY'S

3 and 3a Merrimack street.

oct25

DEATHS.

In Newburyport, Dec. 16, Capt. Benjamin Lunt, aged 65 years.

In this city, Dec. 17th, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Litton, Mrs. Sarah Beasley Moody, widow of the late Mr. Joseph Moody, aged 78 years.

In Boston, Dec. 17th, Mrs. Mary Ann, wife of Augustus Mr. Hamilton, aged 40 years.

In Boston, Dec. 17th, Mrs. Mary Ann, wife of Augustus Mr. Hamilton, aged 40 years. (Manchester and Nashua papers please copy.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SANTA CLAUS' HEADQUARTERS

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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

[PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

G. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks' time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine that any more encomiums will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already, and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had purchased some article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have ordered two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have used, and which are humbugs. Notwithstanding that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently, some of these fellows have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as some they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, had two thousand persons who have used your Restorative, and who have used it successfully, in almost every hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and hair is subject to.

I remain, yours truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I send you a statement, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a native of Bloomington, and have known for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years of my life I have been turning considerable grey, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I have used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Restorative, but I thought that there was more fiction than truth in them; but not entertaining a strong desire to have mine as white possible, restored to its original color and finer nature, as it was in my youth, I procured a bottle of your Restorative, and I would say, make the experiment, according to directions, as I have done, and one of your small bottles, having directions as necessary as I used, I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was considerably lessened, and in a rather change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of hair as brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, when I was in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely free of dandruff, and the hair is not inclined to fall off, and is as soft and fine, and feels as oily, as though just from the hands of a French champoser. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, what did you get that fine wig?" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. It is impossible to convince them that it the original hair of the old gray head. Yours, &c.,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County Ind.

Wood's Hair Restorative has acquired a reputation that cannot be equalled by any article which cannot be enhanced by newspaper puffs. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the unqualified endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few standard *nostrums* which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Spy.*

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation by our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, and receives the unqualified endorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few standard *nostrums* which accomplishes all it professes, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Spy.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in nine cases of ten they are quack nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling off or turning gray. Our friend and contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has experienced the benefit of its application, and is ready with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it and bald-headed he is as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Wood's Hair Restorative. Unlike most quackeries which are daily imposed upon the credulous, it possesses great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its original color, and, when used, will become almost bald because of sickness, the use of this article will restore it to its former glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its principles are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities which operate against a healthy state of hair. It also has curative properties of another description, and will speedily cure pimples and other disfigurements of the skin. It is unquestionably the best article in market, and deserves only to be tested, as the compound, if it could be known, is a manifest improvement. Considering its many merits, its compound elsewhere, perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A Genuine Book. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated and in its composition and in affable in its curative effects, with what justice we leave our readers to determine. In one instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are well assured of its reliable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that in its nature it could claim it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known; it restores the hair line or gauze on exhausted land, it brings its crop wherever applied. Use your bottle faithfully healthy, but we advise our friends with sparsely growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Spy.*

All Hair Dyes Abandoned.—Wood's Great American Hair Tablet Dye. Professor Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, whose attention has been directed to the dyeing of hair toast has ever before been reached. His fame is sudden; his worth wide, and throughout who have won, wigs or born bald for years are now throwing the use of his preparation, dyeing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the laws which apply to the functions of the system. Even the chemist without the human hair, its character, its properties, its formation, and how to increase the healthy vitality of that ornament; he saw, as in his own case, that gray hair, a sure indication of age of the individual had reached four score, and he believed that the hair could be restored to its original color. He tried his own case—almost bald and quite natural the gray hair commenced to reassume its hair shades, strength and luxuriance, and in a short period it was with the same to the result. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Dry Goods Journal.*

Depot, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found all kept on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.
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DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment n the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them for publication.

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Addresses, Catalogues, Law Reports, Newspapers,	Court Dockets, Notices of Meetings of Societies, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Steamboat Posters, &c. &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored paper.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surfaces and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE,
H. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy or

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them the best Bitters.

DR. JAMES L. LEEFERE, wife from Nassau, Rockland Co., N. Y.: "The Bitters we gained by those suffering from indigestion, dispepsia and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prostrated and lost my appetite. I relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance in all its merits."

Dr. W. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., says: "I have used your Bitters in cases of debility and general weakness, and in every instance they have given entire satisfaction."

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomsville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 6th, 1860, in which he declares having been afflicted for three years with great nervousness, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles I was entirely relieved and am now in robust health."

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and as the use of six bottles has had been two years well, the Bitters effecting a cure. He is now a hale and hearty attending him could do him no good. He says, "Recommend it to rheumatics, dyspeptics, or any one in need of a nervous affection or dropsy, it is a specific certain to cure."

J. W. HURT writes from Delphos, Allen Co., Ohio: "I am a veteran of the Florida war, and have been severely rheumatic for many years. I have used the Bitters with all cases of fever and ague with us in spreading of its virtues. Let all try it and bald-headed he is as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

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(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, is now receiving effectual after all others have rallied, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

EVERY 200ND BOTTLED have now been sold *without a single failure* to bring on the monthly sickness, and without the least injury to health in any case. IT is put up in bottles of three *different strengths*, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Halfstrength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in every case, or the money will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None are genuine unless purchased of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ *Dr. Mattison* treats all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by the combined skill and physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively in the form more of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by the payment of Life, Limited, Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life may be paid in Cash, or by Notes at short dates, with approved security, bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on Notes must always be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid five premiums.

The Dividends are paid to add the insured in settling their premiums, or to those who desire it, payable in Cash, reverse the dividends in Cash, when required, at the office in Boston.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7777 Policies in force, insuring the sum of $17,000,000.

Policies can be effected with this Company by any person insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made at the

JOSHUA BRIBELL, Agent,
No. 32 Central and 37 Merrimack Street,
mar4 dlf Lowell.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Great News to the Suffering Millions!

This Golden Salve has now been in use for nearly a year before the people of the world's intelligence. It has stood the test so long as to last!

It overcomes bruises and painful sores. It causes the worst cases to heal as if by magic.

It causes the crying of the tender incest to cease, and gives quiet sleep at once.

It is the most healing salve for the cure of piles when used with circumstance.

It removes pain from whatever sore has become broken.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles, it soothes and relieves the most pitted and painful.

It moderates mumps.

It is secretive in chilblains sores.

It fights against felons and cancers.

It heals ulcerations and inflammations, and doesn't WITHOUT PAIN!

The cure cannot be stayed. If you will hearken. Here you may be cured if you will only call for this remedy.

It cures the rising of the breast and shilblains.

For all grievous ambitions can it.

For sore and swollen feet can it.

For sore and swollen feet can it.

For sore and swollen feet can it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and in every clime, it is pronounced the greatest salve for the prevention of suffering ever known.

Its healing properties are wonderful.

For sore nipples use it.

For sore eyes use it.

Everywhere it goes, north, south, east, west, and in every clime, it is pronounced the greatest salve for the prevention of suffering ever known.

Its healing properties are wonderful.

Its soothing qualities are unequalled.

Its power to relieve pain is unknown.

Its power to heal and feed flesh.

Its power to heal and feed flesh.

Its power to heal and feed flesh.

mcmar21tf 136 Central street.

SOMETHING NEW!

Pliny Fisk's Family Coal

NEVER before introduced into the New England States, and which is made at the Pioneer Coal-mine *economy* to buy it. Sold ONLY by PLINY FISK, 71 Washington street, and at the Tremont street.

Also, the celebrated TREVORTON COAL equal in every respect to the Franklin or any other free burning coal. Red and White Ash Coals of the best qualities, Hard and Soft. Wood at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Wood sawed and split at short notice. Sawed Wood constantly on hand.

Order box at O.T. Williams' Periodical Depot, Post Office Square.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
WARRANTED PURE—A constant supply for sale by the Agent of the Peruvian Government, at the Factory, and by importer's name, F. Barreda & Co. Apply to H. S. HAYNES & CO., 40 Merrimack st.
mar2 dlf

Toilet Soaps.

FROLIUH Honey and Glycerin, Tonics, Elixir Salutis, Almond, Rose Paste and a variety of Toilet Soaps, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Jain sts.
dec31

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenia's Premium French Wash, Orange Flower, Rose Lotion, Patton Complexion or Bath of Beauty, Oriental Liquid White, Lotion, Rose Paste and Powder, and Magnolia Balm, for sale at S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and Jain streets.
dec31

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
INCOSNE, for *Cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold & Silver, Ring, Britannia, Tin and Steel Ware*, is a unique preparation. It will be found efficient, cheap, and convenient. Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and Jain sts. It will last a long time, and has equal value in each box. Please call and see this new patent Polish at S. KIDDER'S, corner Merrimack and Jain sts.
dec31

SILVER SOAP,
PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Wares*, and for cleaning *Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c.* For cleaning fine *Glass Paint, Window Glass and Carriage Glasses*, it is invaluable. Try it.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Jain streets.
dec31

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,
39 *CENTRAL STREET*,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames and

PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS.

Oval and other styles, Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Pictures for Glass or Frames.

Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap, A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dlt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Cane to Umbrellas, Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
may23 dlf

TO get a good TEA SET, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get good PLATED WARE, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TEA TRAYS, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S and other OILS, go to S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 48 Merrimack St.
jan10

Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes the healthy and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky.

It will not stain or discolor.

It softens the hair when hair when hard and dry.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It allays the nervous nausea.

It remains longest in effect.

It is the cheapest by a half put bottle.

Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.
mar29 corner Merrimack and John sts.

M RS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the season, particularly for the diseases of children.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.
aug8

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 100 bbls. New Purton, just received and for sale by S. N. WOOD,
aug13 72 Market st.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CEDAR CAMPHOR for preserving Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
may8 corner Merrimack and John sts.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, is now receiving effectual after all others have rallied, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

EVERY 200ND BOTTLED have now been sold *without a single failure* to bring on the monthly sickness, and without the least injury to health in any case. IT is put up in bottles of three *different* strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Halfstrength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain; also that it is warranted as represented in every case, or the money will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None are genuine unless purchased of *Dr. M.*, at his REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ *Dr. Mattison* treats all diseases of a *Private* nature both of MEN and WOMEN, by the combined skill and physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.

The business of the Company is conducted exclusively in the form more of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by the payment of Life, Limited, Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life may be paid in Cash, or by Notes at short dates, with approved security, bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on Notes must always be paid annually.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid five premiums.

The Dividends are paid to add the insured in settling their premiums, or to those who desire it, payable in Cash, reverse the dividends in Cash, when required, at the office in Boston.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7777 Policies in force, insuring the sum of $17,000,000.

Policies can be effected with this Company by any person insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All friends of the Institution must therefore perceive it to be important that those connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Application for insurance may be made at the

JOSHUA BRIBELL, Agent,
No. 32 Central and 37 Merrimack Street,
mar4 dlf Lowell.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861,	$8,818,883 50
Dividends paid to date,	1,464,660 50
Losses paid,	2,671,903 50

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers mutual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Manhattan Bank.

The insured get all the profits.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Insurance of Lives.

It is conducted by the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of premiums, by the payment of Life, Limited, Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life may be paid in Cash, or by Notes at short dates, with approved security, bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The interest on Notes must always be paid annually.

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A. M. Bininger & Co
(Established 1778.)

Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, Especially designed for the use of the *Medical Co.*, 19 Broadway, New York, and 106 Fulton st. So called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Schnapps," &c., are not. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Hotels.
dec18dlyf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,

Only Manufacturers of the celebrated Umbrellas, Parasols and Canes, which received the highest premium at the

HIGHEST AWARD

Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1859.

We have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, an extensive assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS and CANES, of our own manufacture, which we offer at the lowest prices in the market.

Also, a full assortment of

PIANO FORTES.

(Successors to B. H. BIETHARD)

No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,

Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, the extensive assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS and CANES, manufactured by the subscribers, which they

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, December 20, 1861.

The Trent affair seems not to be looked upon at Washington as a very serious matter, and judging from the tenor of the Washington letter-writers, we think a war with England is not considered very probable. A dispatch states that Secretary Chase was of opinion that an amicable adjustment of the differences would undoubtedly be effected. No communication, as yet, has been received from Lord Lyons.

Our Canada neighbors are just now the most excited; the lords and nabobs on the other side of the water having taken snuff, the sneezing by the Canadians is very obvious and hearty. They propose to do many very disagreeable things to Uncle Sam, especially if his armies invade Canada, which they assume to think altogether probable. The *Toronto Leader* and the *Montreal Pilot* are filled with appeals to Canadians to arm and drill for defence. They argue that in the event of a war about all the fighting will be done on Canada soil. The *Leader* thinks Maine would feel it. Portland would be seized, the State invested with British troops, and a new line of connection between the ocean and the Canadian frontier established, &c. The *Pilot*, a day or two ago, had an article *inferring* probably to American readers of that city, of the like import, using time; and its references to persons seen there in the United States military uniform were of a decidedly disloyal and low character. We assure our Canadian neighbors that the American people have not the slightest desire to invade Canada, and no war for a war with England while an honorable peace can be maintained; and we think we can assure them of another thing—that there is not the slightest probability the Maine and Shields will be delivered up to the "enemy," or, to use their own phrase, to "a kingdom come." &c. It may be well enough to bear in mind that it never has been done, and when the time comes it may be found that the people, too, true to their nature and past reputation, will be able to do "something as well as others." We think that the warspirit and bravery of the Republic and its Canadian progeny is altogether too great for the occasion; that they are at this time entirely overlooking their part. If the acting of such country is really sought by turned a hostile bearing, they should consider moderation, instead of firing the blood of their readers by their illogical and uncalled for demonstrations and prophecies.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 18th, 1861.

Two weeks ago to-day Congress commenced its session. Everything seemed to pass off very quietly. The expectation that the Presidents message would be read in both houses, drew together quite a concourse of people; and, with others, we made our way to the Senate. When we arrived that body had organized and was ready to do business. We looked in the gallery and saw one of the apartments that seemed to be less occupied than others, therefore we made our way to it, but when the door keeper being temporarily absent, we walked in and took a seat. On sitting down we observed that we were, to all appearance, attracting considerable attention. There were but few in this apartment, when others were well filled. Congratulating ourself upon getting a good seat, we sat quite composed and waited patiently until all were ordered to be turned in the direction of where we were sitting. After awhile the door keeper returned, and seemed a little frustrated at the state of affairs in the gallery, and we sought the reason why we were attracting so much attention. He said we were occupying the apartment set apart for the Foreign Ministers. On considering that we have quite a job of a domestic character on hand, and having engaged in that, we did not feel exactly like being recorded amongst that class of personages, and therefore we altered pegs and succeeded in retreating "in good order," under a sharp fire of eyes from all quarters, and the next morning we rented at boarding-houses for duty, as usual. This is as far as our Congressional experience has gone this term.

You have seen by the papers that there has been quite a business excitement in this district by certain constables and justices in arresting every colored person they could find in the streets, and locking them up in the jail. The matter has, at last, been brought to light, and Congress has taken hold of the subject. Senator Wilson's bill the jail, saw the condition of things, and has introduced a bill which will remedy the evil, if it should pass, and I do not think there is any doubt on that point.

The City of Washington one year ago and the present time, are greatly in contrast. One year ago the city was entirely under the control of Southern sympathizers, as had been the case from the time of George Washington, under all changes of politics, down to Abraham Lincoln. They would manage to get the control of the majority of the departments, and in this way get a large portion of all the offices filled by Southern men, bringing persons here in the different avocations of life who sympathized with their notions, giving them the entire control of the public sentiment and business operations; this made the Capital a Southern city to all intents and purposes. To-day the condition of things is altogether different. The North is here with her capital and her soldiers, which have thrown new life into everything. Shops of every description are opened all along the Avenue, and on all the business streets of the city. Society has changed wonderfully. Northern gentlemen and Northern ladies have supplanted those who thought themselves the monarchs of the world of fashion, and who were actually a drawback to all enterprise and thrift in the city. The capital of the free cities is here, and will remain here, taking the lead in business. Whatever may be the result of the ungodly rebellion, those southern hotspurs and corrupt demagogues can never control the city of Washington again. The spirit of freedom has had a fearful baptism of oppression. Plantation influence in Washington is now reckoned among the things that were. Yankee enterprise shows itself in all the walks of life in Washington, and to return this place will be a northern city—a home for freemen and not for slaves.

The troops in and around Washington are in good health and busy in preparing winter quarters, although it is by no means certain that they will occupy them very long. It is very gratifying to the soldiers and their officers here to see by the papers that their friends at home, through the soldiers' aid associations, and in other ways, are making so much effort for their comfort and happiness this winter. It gives the soldier to feel that he is not forgotten at home by those for whom he has gone forth to fight the enemy. Many and many a soldier's heart has leaped for joy when a package arrived in camp containing some little article for him from a mother, sister, or some loved friend at home.

I am much gratified to know that there has been of late more attention given to the wants and comforts of the sick in the different hospitals. Heretofore there has been much want and suffering among the sick soldiers, and I hope it will, in future, be far less. The well can make their wants known and supply them, to a great extent; but the sick are helpless.

I.

THE WAR NEWS.

The war news from the vicinity of Washington is not of importance. A few shots at the rebel battery on the Potomac, opposite Ron Point, was brought to light a day or two ago. Shot were thrown into the camp of the Army Regulars, but from the rebel guns, but none of them exploded. There has been a talk of a movement to sweep away all the offensive batteries, that endanger shipping along the Potomac, but nothing has yet been developed to that end; the hotel still exists, however, that something in that direction will soon be undertaken.

There are two regiments of sharpshooters in Washington now, four companies are expected from Michigan, one regiment [illegible] and five from New York. Each regiment of sharpshooters is to consist of one thousand men. Upwards of 1,000 men have already arrived. The wrong done to the British flag at Fort Monroe, in putting it, instead of the stars and stripes, on the flag-staff, has been atoned for by the proper flag being hoisted in its place, and that one will be sent with each division of the army.

From Missouri. A dispatch from St. Louis, dated yesterday, represents that Gen. Pope, after a forced march, on the 16th inst. got between the enemy, encamped six miles from Chilhowee, Johnson county, and 2500 strong in Clinton and Henry counties, but as soon as they heard of his approach, they beat a rapid retreat toward Kansas City, Mo., and were leaving all their baggage, arms, munitions, papers, &c., in our possession.

From Kentucky. Gen. Sherman's forward movements of cavalry and a section of artillery and infantry, along the main body of his army. At Johnson, Bibb county, the rebels, long closely pursued, scattered in all directions, and fled to the South. Gen. Pope then forced a strong cavalry reconnoissance to within fifteen miles of Osceola, intercepting and capturing 150 rebels, all their baggage, stores, &c. Other small signals are also made of the retreat of the rebels in large numbers, but no fighting is reported.

Price has only 8,000 troops at Osceola, St. Clair County. A train of 70 wagons with clothing and supplies for Price were captured in addition to the articles previously reported.

Upper Missouri. A dispatch from Point of Rocks, dated yesterday, says that at 10 o'clock in the morning, a rebel battery of three guns, flanked by about two hundred infantry, suddenly commenced shelling the encampment of Col. Geary's Pennsylvania regiment. About twenty shells, well aimed, fell in the midst of the encampment, but the 28th regiment not very opened fire with two guns, the first shot disabling one of the rebel guns, the second killing in their centre. Our battery and the skirmishers and guard of cavalry soon fire into them, silencing all their guns and driving back a fourth, which was coming to their assistance. The rebels were driven from their position in full retreat, killing fourteen and wounding many. We did not lose a man. The engagement lasted over half an hour. After the rout our forces burned their place of the town houses near the old tavern, on the Virginia side, where about 2,000 rebels were encamped, from that, killing and wounding many.

From Nebraska. A dispatch to the *Cincinnati Commercial*, from Franklin, Ky., says that advices from Somerset state that at daylight, Gen. Schoepf with all his available force made an attack on Zollicoffer's position in front of Fishing Creek, with 6000 men and some artillery. Gen. Schoepf's force consists of two Tennessee regiments, Hockins' Kentucky regiment, 17th, 31st, 35th and 38th Ohio regiments, Bramlett's and Hewett's Kentucky battalions of ten guns. Each of which are rifled, four smooth and two Parrott guns. Zollicoffer's camp was on the south side of the river, and had about 8000 men, consisting of four regiments and two Parrott guns. Zollicoffer was to have had reinforcements of his men. It is probable that a battle took place yesterday or to day.

From Richmond, Va. The *Philadelphia Bulletin* has a statement given by a Union refugee from Richmond, who escaped on claim of being a British subject, that there was considerable Union feeling prevalent there. The fugitive had urged to a Union club, but their rendezvous being discovered, the members were forced to scatter. Two thousand and two hundred rebel soldiers were sick at Richmond. The rebels have sunk hulks near Richmond, rendering all approach to it by water impossible.

GEN. SCOTT'S LETTER. The following is a copy of the letter of Gen. Scott, relating to the arrest of Mason and Slidell, which the American Consul at Paris communicated to the French journals. The *London Times* remarks that after the publication of this letter, there was altogether a better feeling among the English people toward this Government:—

MY DEAR SIR:—You were right in doubting the declaration imputed to me, to wit: that the cabinet at Washington had given orders to seize Messrs. Mason and Slidell, even under a neutral flag, for I was not even aware that the Government had had that point under consideration. At the time of leaving New York it was not known that the San Jacinto had made prize of the Trent, and it was generally supposed those persons had escaped to Cuba for the purpose of re-embarking in the Nashville, in pursuit of which vessel the James Adger and other cruisers had been dispatched to Charleston harbor. In a few words, that you have no serious occasion to feel concerned about our relations with England if, as her rulers profess, she has no disposition to encourage the disunionists in America. On the contrary, I am supposing you to say to you, that every instinct of prudence as well as of good neighborhood prompts our Government to regard no honorable sacrifice too great for the preservation of the friendship of Great Britain. This must be obvious to all the world. At no period of our history has her friendship been of more importance to our people; at no period has our Government been more disposed to make sacrifices to maintain some little article for him from a mother, sister, or some loved friend at home.

I am much gratified to know that there has been of late more attention given to the wants and comforts of the sick in the different hospitals. Heretofore there has been much want and suffering among the sick soldiers, and I hope it will, in future, be far less. The well can make their wants known and supply them, to a great extent; but the sick are helpless.

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CITY AND COUNTY.

LOST,

Between the Counting Room of the Lowell Machine Shop and the Northern Depot, or at the Depot& Merrimack Bank Bill, last month, a Note for Seventy-five Dollars, and many notes or memorandum of no value to any one except the owner will oblige it by the Counting Room of the Lowell Machine Shop is welcome to the money, and a further reward if necessary. dec18d3t

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

If you are in want of a good article of TEA and COFFEE, do not fail to call at the Grocery Store and Coffee Store, 6 John Street, where you will always be sure to find the largest and most carefully selected stock of TEAS to be found in the city. All tea drinkers may be greatly benefited by buying their Teas at this establishment. dec18d3t

TO LET.

A good tenement containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of C. W. Hodgkins, over the Central and Globe Bank Streets. dec18d3t

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and at the LOWEST PRICES, at HARTSHORN & HALL'S, 24 Merrimack Street, over the Post Office. 136 Merrimack Street. dec9d3t HARTSHORN & HALL.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 1 1/2 per cent. Interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank, Lowell, by E. H. FORD, Cashier.
S. W. STICKNEY, Agent.
November 30, 1861. 4d1w

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at all not every country at reasonable prices is at WHITCOMB'S, 24 Merrimack Street.

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in the several cases, finally disposed of, from the 1st day of June, 1860, to OCTOBER 31st, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the subscriber, during the afternoon office hours.
E. F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.
oct12tf

MILK HOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. A special meeting of this Board was held last evening. It was voted to grant Mr. Ebenezer Rickard a hearing before the committee at some future time, and that Mr. Balch, principal of the Edson School, be requested to appear thereat.

The committee on the High School, to whom was referred the petition of Hapgood Wright and others, for one daily session of that school during the winter term, reported as follows:—

Your committee caused written questions to be taken by the pupils and their parents, with a request that they sign in favor of one session or two, as they preferred. The result is one hundred and eighty-six signatures in favor of one session, and forty-two in favor of two sessions. A copy of the names is herewith submitted. Your committee wrote to the mayor of Lawrence, and received a reply to the making of the one session practice in that city, and submits his reply. Your committee respectfully submit these facts, without any recommendation, for the consideration of the whole Board.

Signed, B. C. Sargeant, Wm P. Webber, George Stevens, committee on the High School.

The substance of the letter of Mayor Barker, of Lawrence, was that the sessions of the High School in that city commenced at 8 o'clock in the summer and 9 o'clock in the winter, and closed at 1 o'clock, the entire session being of 20 minutes each. Although opposed to the system at first, his opinion was that it had given satisfaction to parents.

The question was taken on granting the prayer of the petitioners for one session when it was not a vote.

Mr. Kimball moved that during the winter months all the schools be allowed to close at 4 o'clock, P. M., instead of 4 o'clock, when it was rejected by a vote of 6 yeas to 8 nays, Messrs. Hooke, Kimball, Merrill, Nichols, North and Stickney voting for it and Messrs. Abbott, Bingham, Hastings, Kidder, Stevens, Sweetser, Webster and the Mayor against it. Adjourned.

THE DOWER TRIAL.—NEW DEVELOPMENT. The evidence on both sides was concluded yesterday forenoon, and Mr. Brown finished the argument for the defence. After Attorney General Foster had commenced the closing argument for the Government, a letter was handed to Mr. Brown, who, after reading it, much agitated, passed it to the Attorney General, who, in turn, after perusing it, gave it to the Chief Justice. The contents were such as to cause a suspension of the proceedings and an adjournment of the Court until this morning, at 9 o'clock.

The cause of this interruption we have been unable to learn. Mr. Brown, A. A. Sprague have very kindly and nobly relieved that their client should be withdrawn from the market, but that they will make very limited sales every day, at reasonable prices to customers, as to supply the necessities of the trade. Yesterday they would sell none; this morning they made sales to the extent of ten cases at 13½c, and then stopped until to-morrow, when the goods will be undoubtedly advanced. There is little change in the Woolen Goods market. Independent holders of army Woolens are very firm, and are looking for advanced prices, influenced by the late news from Europe. There have been some sales made of Kerseys, however, at near prices, but the transactions were not considered very large on the whole. Satinets are firm at as low as in any Company in the country.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are \$1,000,000, invested in U. S. and other stocks, and loans secured by collaterals, and on current rates. Office, No. 27 Congress St., (second story.)
C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. WHITNEY and TYNG,
Lowell, July 16, 1861. 1y18d1y

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

At the Store formerly occupied by Mr. Hall, I have received a large stock of Hats, New and Fashionable Furs, which are manufactured from pelts that have been selected with great care, and will be sold at prices that will defy competition. Also, a large assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Fur Caps, Muffs, Victorines, Collars, Gauntlets, &c., &c. Furs made to order, and repairing done in the best manner. Call and examine my stock, at short notice.
HASCOM'S,
No. 103 Merrimack St., Lowell.
nov1 3m

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less money,
Than any other free burning coal. And the quantity can be bought only at HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 15 Prescott Street, Lowell.
may16d1y

THE FESTIVAL. There was a good attendance at the fair and festival of the Central Methodist Church, held in Huntington Hall last evening. The arrangements in the hall were tasteful, the canopy of American flags at the southern end being appropriate for the times. The music by the Reed Band gave good satisfaction, although a trifle too heavy for the hall. Some of the tableaux were very good, although here, as in some cases, so many characters are grouped together with the brief time that the curtain remains up, one cannot have a chance to comprehend the whole, that a less number would give them. "The soldier taking leave of home" was *apropos*, while "Rachel at the stake" provoked the idea that the stock might have been more costly. Others were not less noticeable, and the whole were creditable to the superintendent of the department.

The refreshment tables, oyster saloons, and tables for the sale of fancy articles, received, we should think, a fair share of patronage.

The festival will be repeated this evening, in the same place, when we advise all who were not present last evening to drop in; every reasonable effort will be made to render the occasion as acceptable as it was last evening.

Maj. Ladd, of this city, who is somewhat familiar with the condition of military affairs at Washington and vicinity, has been solicited to speak, during the present week, having consented to do so, will briefly address those attending the festival on the universally interesting subject, the war. We trust that Maj. Ladd's many friends will be both exciting and interesting.

ACCIDENT. Last evening, as Charles A. F. Swan, Esq., counsellor, of the firm of Swan, Swan & Goodhue, was playfully scuffling with a friend in Billings' apothecary store, he fell with considerable force as to fracture the large bone of his right leg, just above the ankle. Dr. Graves was called and set the bone, and he was conveyed to the American House, where he boards. It will be likely to confine him to his room for some weeks.

LIGHT GUARD. Capt. Dorrivage's company of Light Cavalry, designed to be attached to Col. Frech's Regiment, has been recruited to the required number, and Solon A. Perkins, of this city, who saw service in the irregular cavalry in the civil wars in China and Buenos Ayres, in 1858 and 1859. He will prove an efficient and reliable man in the position to which he has been assigned.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

Which cannot be excelled, is the new RANGE COOKING STOVE, of which it is sufficient to say that it is the invention of Messrs. Hall & Bigelow, Lowell Machine Shop, and operates equally well as regards economy, cooking, and heating the room, as any stove in use. Call and see it, and judge for yourself. Also, a large assortment of stoves, of every description, for sale at reasonable prices, by
HALL & BIGELOW,
Lowell Machine Shop.
nov1 3m

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,
102 MERRIMACK STREET.

Tickets for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, &c.
Tickets procured for passage to the West, North and South, and all the European ports.
Tickets for principal points in Canada.
Drafts on Great Britain and Ireland for sums to suit purchasers.
☞ The facilities and advantages of the office are unsurpassed by any in the city. Call and examine. Information cheerfully imparted.
Office open from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M. every day and evening.
H. FARLEY, Agent.
Lowell, Nov. 18, 1861. nov18tf

FISHER & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would call our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, for which Mr. A. Lyon is agent for Lowell and vicinity. jan8tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS
C. B. Coburn, D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith, H. Binford,
L. G. Hosa, Isaac Paine,
H. Farley,
Lowell Sprague.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, occupied by the owners. The present cash capital is \$50,000. The Stock Department is also \$50,000. The present cash capital is \$50,000. The Stock Department is confined to village and New property in Middlesex County in the most healthy parts. A dividend 1 part per cent. becomes equitably adjusted every six months, and is now payable on demand.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are \$100,000, invested in U. S. and other stocks, and loans secured by collaterals, and on current rates.
Office, No. 27 Congress St., (second story.)
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may16d1y

IMPORTANT to FEMALES
DR. CHEESEMAN'S

PILLS
THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

In confirmation of the above, we publish the following, which is but a few out of many thousands that are constantly coming to hand:

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are a blessing to all females, and should be used by them in preference to any other medicine. Their mild and searching properties are such that they will in a short time remove all obstructions, however long standing, and restore the system to a healthy state. Their action is mild, but sure, and they are the only safe and reliable medicine ever offered to the public for the cure of Female Complaints. Their sale is unprecedented, and they are fast superseding all other medicines. Their virtues are known throughout the length and breadth of the land, and they are pronounced by all who have used them to be the best medicine ever offered to the public. Explicit directions, with each box, how to use them. Price One Dollar each box, containing 30 Pills.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, Canada and Europe. Principal Depot at the Manufactory of the proprietor, for which Mr. A. Lyon is agent for Lowell and vicinity.
jan8tf

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS
C. B. Coburn, D. S. Richardson,
T. Nesmith, H. Binford,
L. G. Hosa, Isaac Paine,
H. Farley,
Lowell Sprague.

Mutual and Stock.

The MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling Houses, occupied by the owners. The present cash capital is \$50,000. The Stock Department is also \$50,000. The present cash capital is \$50,000. The Stock Department is confined to village and New property in Middlesex County in the most healthy parts. A dividend 1 part per cent. becomes equitably adjusted every six months, and is now payable on demand.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are \$100,000, invested in U. S. and other stocks, and loans secured by collaterals, and on current rates.
Office, No. 27 Congress St., (second story.)
C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. WHITNEY and TYNG,
Lowell, July 16, 1861. 1y18d1y

VULCANIZED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above articles in their practice more than two years ago, and have found them valuable, and investigated its merits somewhat, they are prepared to recommend it unhesitatingly. It has been used in so, a difference of opinion among the profession as to its merits. It is the material for vulcanite, while in its non exposed to the action of the mouth fluids it is perfectly unchanged, while in exposed to the action of the mouth fluids it is perfectly unchanged, while in exposed to the action of the mouth fluids it is perfectly unchanged, while in

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW, AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir.—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a fiction when mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even foster your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful than through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling for greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and testifying its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where such it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price, or perhaps only two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one of real merit, that has proved beyond a doubt!

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied mine, word for word, in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than one hundred persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—among the number, Mr. Bowles, a prominent druggist of this city, whose head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your wigmill place of business here, but I learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish it or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,027, will receive my attention.

Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of this county, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over 47 years of age. For about twenty years past my HAIR has been turning considerably gray, and was almost white and very stiff—dried and brittle. I used a number of preparations of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, that I am prepared to say there was one further than truth in them; but entertaining a strong opinion that it was possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I concluded I would make the experiment, consequently sent to Cincinnati and got one of your small bottles; it cost dollar, and commenced using. Before I had used the contents of it as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff I perceived, and my hair that was falling in large quantities, was comparatively tightened up, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it till I have used three of your small bottles now in my house, and my head is pretty a head of dark hair, now, as right in a hair as ever was, and I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair seased entirely falling off and is as soft and fine as silk—so silk, as though just from the hands of a French chamjonet. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Butler, where did you get that hair dye?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that I have not dyed the hair of the old gray head. Your truly

H. BUTLER.

Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by undisputable evidence, to possess great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor, when the roots are not entirely destroyed by the ravages of sickness, decay, or old age. Many have been restored to the use of this article who pronounced it a double preparation for all diseases. In double preparation as to effect—a restorative of hair and other impurities, which operate to injure the growth of hair. Perhaps practicing physicians further describe it in many cases where they have failed in diseases of the scalp, after Wharton had used. There is no humbug in this, but positive trial of this remedy, as a purifier, cannot but be beneficial, as the comp. and stimulants used for hair is innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1857.*

A GRACEFUL BOOK. In our capacities as conductors of a public journal, we are frequently asked to advertise the merits of the say, each of which claims to be unsurpassed in its composition and in similar to its curative effects, with what positive we know that many of these claims in some instance, however—Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we have given the subject and the qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that it is recommended and claims it to be. Its effect upon a falling head of hair is universally known. It restores in a little or gauze on exhausted head, it brings its energy wherever applied. Such is the case with this very healthy, but we advise our friends with spare hair to give the Restorative a trial.—*Connecticut Cyp.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABOLISHED.—Wood's GREAT RESTORATIVE HAS CHANGED THE TIDE. Prof. Wood stands on an eminence no chemist, whose position has been attained by science. His hair tonic has ever taken root reached. His fame is world wide. Many who have used it for years are now through the use of his preparation, wearing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So soon as the discovery of this truly wonderful natural ornament, became known, as in the case of the sun, it was hailed with delight by human hair, its character, its properties, its virtues, its power to restore and invigorate, its vitality of that ornament; in a word, in its own nature. A gray hair is restored to its original color, a weak head is made strong, luxuriant, and the hair is made to grow as it will be in the days of youth. Wood's GREAT RESTORATIVE and not WONDERFUL RESTORATIVE, and has been for the New York Day Book.

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ For Sale by all Druggists. It may be found always on hand the principal hotels in the United States.

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DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Banks, Pamphlets, Insurance, Addresses, Catalogues, Town Reports, Law Reports,

Court Dockets, Blanks, Bill-Heads, Cards, Circulars, Printing from Stereotype Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

for Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS.

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surfaces and enamelled cards, assorted CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and as boards to be cut to order.*

E. E. STONE,
S. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL.

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy at

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, DARKNESS OF THE SKIN, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-ED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them the best.

Sold by druggists generally. Write from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are proving a blessing to many in indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

DAVIS & RICHARDSON, Proprietors, Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. Many have been benefited, have taken cold, become prostrate and lost no time. Those who have used them say they are the best medicine they ever took."

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue,

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and being perfectly effectual, after all others have failed, is destined for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing in the world to bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the day have been tried in vain.

OVER 20000 BOTTLES have been sold without a single *failure* when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. 2 P B is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

*ET Remember! That the medicine is designed expressly for cases as in CASE, in which all other remedies of the day have failed to effect a cure, when several physicians attending the United States Army, and numerous others, have given their recommendations for patients from abroad wishing to try the medicine, which in all cases has proved a good cure until restored to health.

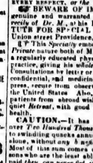
CAUTION.—It is hereby announced that *over Two Hundred Thousand Females* in the United States, Canada and the West Indies alone, without any doubt to the fact, have used the Emmenagogue, many of whom are the least side to be seen in the street, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence during the period of health, *ashamed of exposing themselves.* All this comes from trusting to worthless quacks, who are entirely destitute of honor, character, and skill, and who only recommend their medicine for the sake of extorting *guarantees.* In praise of the medicine, I would say that I have had a large trade, and the number of cures per day, there is no safety in any other drug of this kind, as I know who and what they are.

☞ Dr. M. will send, by express, to any one ordering as follows:

One package as above, with a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and a Treatise on Pregnancy, also Circulars giving full information, and directions for using the medicine, which can be used without which no advertising physician or medicine whatever.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to DR. MATTISON, as above.

August 3, 1861 [OVER] aug24d1y



MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames

PORTRAITS, PICTURES, & PHOTOGRAPHS

Neatly and otherwise styles, Ornamented and Plain, Regilding or Painting Frames to Order Promptly Attended to.

Imitation Gold Beadings for Sale Cheap, A large Stock on hand.

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sep24d

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS

Made and repaired. Cane Ivory and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices. DYAR'S MUSIC STORE.

oct1 d1awlm

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WHITE LEAD (in oil) made at the Forest River Mills is warranted to be ground in the most Old London (most oil), and its superior coal ing for Boat Decks, Roofs, &c., is unsurpassed by that excelled by any establishment in the world. Also, Red Lead, Litharge, and Patent Shot.

Orders may be left with Agent at the Depot, or sent to the Factory.

The great body and purity of the covering of the Lead renders it superior to the Sheathing or other Metals. It is confidently believed that 100 lbs of it will go as much work as 125 lbs of most other brands. This fact has been attested by some of the best paints in the city. Being ground in pure linseed oil, it will not crack, but will continue to preserve any material (painted) perfectly sound for many years. Any one desiring to test this will find this with any other Lead now offering to the public.

The Proprietors, having been for many years in the manufacture of this lead, has been engaged in the Lead business, and has had the benefit of the experience, connected with important improvements in the manufacture, enables him to offer to the public a superior article.

Lead manufactured by the "Forest River Lead Company" can be had of the following Agents: Messrs. CHARLES B. COBURN, Nos. 4 and 5 Merchants Row, Boston; and at the Depot.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Ingram's Premium French Wash, Orange Flower Lotion, Florida Water, Extract of Jessamine, Extract of Rose, Extract of Violets, Extract of Sweet Brier, Liquid White, White's Cosmetic, Trifolia, and Magnolia Balm, for sale by S. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John streets.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.

LIDDING, by Sheriff's Final Sale, *Brass Sand Silver, Iliad, Britannia Ware, &c.*—This article is the cheapest and best article to be found for cleaning and polishing silver, &c., and however sullied by the use of Acids as well as Soap, will restore it to its original brilliancy. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, JR., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.

MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the

ALBION CORN PLASTER.

It never fails to remove the callosities from corns without any pain, and will always prevent their return. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, JR., corner Merrimack and John streets. Sold by all Apothecaries.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

131 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation June 1, 1861, $3,812,350 00
10 dividends paid to date, 1,850,000 00
Losses paid, $1,962,350 00

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its Investments are in the First Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collateral.

The only Bonds owned by it are those of the City of Newark, in New England Trust, and Seven's City Bonds.

The insured get all the profit s.

All the business of the Company is confined exclusively to the Premium and Interest System.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It recommends the insured to the settlement of their claims by Arbitration, in case of disputes.

Especially recommends Peninsular or Pulmonary Consumptives to the Life Insurance Plan of this Company, for which they are admirably adapted.

The Dividends are paid to and the insured in ten annual payments, which, when finally paid, become an Cash reserve the dividends in Cash, whose amount is now over $1,850,000, held by a trustee in the Bonds.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

This Company has now the large number of 7772 Policies in force, insuring over $12,000,000.

Persons desiring to insure will find it to their interests to examine the plans and advantages of this Company before insuring elsewhere, as it is confident its acquaintance to the advantages offered.

The Company has declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1861.

Application for insurance may be made to

JOSHUA BRETELL, Agent,
No. 33 Chapin st. 2d floor, Providence, R. I.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

This Golden Salve has now won a position of honor before the great jury of the world, and its verdict is unanimous that it is the best salve in use.

It overcomes bruises and pounding sores, it cleans the worst of wounds in the shortest time.

It cleans the crying of the tender tissue to cease, and heals without a scar.

It is the best salve for burns ever known, and has been used with thousands of cases without a failure.

It relieves and cures the scalp of the most obstinate humors.

It neutralizes the unfavorable assay of piles.

It smoothes the fire of the pitted and pimpled face, leaving it clear and fair.

It fights against tumors and cancers.

It is the best salve for sore breasts, and does not WEIGHT FAILS.

It is the best salve for sore eyes if you will be cautious even not to permit it to get into them.

It is the best salve for sore and old chilblains.

For all grievous sorefeets use it.

For all sore heads use it freely.

For sore and swollen nose use it.

For all sore lips use it.

For all cracks and sores use it.

It is the best salve for sore throat, quinsy, croup, and all affections of the throat and lungs.

It is the best salve for sore nipples, and all sore breasts during nursing.

It is the best salve for sore and inflamed eyes, and for all sore eyes, use it freely.

It is the best salve for sore ears, and for all sore ears, use it freely.

It is the best salve for sore and inflamed private parts, and for all sore private parts

THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, December 21, 1861.

FRANCE A NATURAL ALLY TO THE UNITED STATES. By the existence of an armed rebellion in our country, we have been taught, beyond controversy, that the policy that governs foreign courts, is far more selfish than sentimental. In no instance has this truth been more signally illustrated than in the utterly heartless course pursued by England toward our Government when menaced by treason. Her presumed self-interest was sufficient for the suppression of every generous emotion, and the exhibition of an ill-concealed exultation at our troubles. The strong aversion that has been awakened among the American people toward the British Government, in consequence of its sympathy with the rebels, is accompanied with a feeling that its supremacy among European nations is secure, with no benefit to ourselves or, in a larger sense, with little, if any, to civil liberty. And our future relations with that power are quite likely to be less cordial than with its neighbor, France. Even if there were no moral sympathy on the part of the French Government than of the British, toward our own, there are reasons, with no other Idea of self-interest as a predominant motive in controlling its policy, that should lead it to regard the disruption of the American Republic with regret.

One of the leading ideas of the first Napoleon was the humiliation of England.—He foresaw that her strength rested upon her naval supremacy. That is a power we expect France to rival because of her unfriendly coast and limited number of harbors. But he knew the great natural advantages possessed by this country for commerce, and the enterprising spirit of her population, and in a measure he throat greatness upon this country. Reference is of course made to the measure of Louisiana. Mr. Jefferson's original design was to purchase of France only the island of New Orleans for a commercial depot, and Florida. But Napoleon was in money, and anxious to build up a maritime rival to Great Britain, offered to sell the whole. Mr. Monroe, the American Minister, stretched his authority, which was limited to the smaller purchase, and concluded a treaty of cession for the whole territory. It was announced to us Napoleon the importance of this acquisition to the United States, that after signing the treaty, he remarked that he had done an act which in fifty years would make the naval power of America greater than that of Britain.

The present Emperor of the French is believed to have adopted the views of his uncle, and the considerations which led Napoleon to wish the creation of a naval rival with Britain, may be supposed to influence his kinsman to desire its continuance. Reasoning, therefore, upon motives that may be presumed to control courts and kingdoms, there seem conclusive reasons for the belief that the friendly alliance of France with our country in any contingency likely to happen, may be safely predicated. X.

THE ENGLISH TROUBLE. Lord Lyons is reported to have had a conference with Mr. Seward, but the purport of their conversation has not been made public.

A prominent member of the cabinet stated in conversation last Thursday evening, that Lord Lyons would not demand his passport; that Mason and Slidell would not be given up, and that there was no probability of a war with England. Englishmen at Washington continue confident of war. This opinion, however, is based upon no official communication, and it excites some unpleasant feeling, although it carries no weight. Dispatches were sent home by Lord Lyons in the steamship Africa, which sailed from New York yesterday morning; and dispatches were also sent to our minister at London, Mr. Adams.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, the Committee on Naval Affairs, to which was discharged from all further consideration of the subject of abolishing the United States Supreme Court. A bill passed to prohibit the sale of liquors to soldiers in the District of Columbia. The subject of Gen. Phelps' proclamation coming up, Mr. Wilson remarked that the best thing would be to make a statute, that no General be allowed to make any proclamation. Mr. Saulsbury, of Delaware, wanted an answer from the Administration that no authority had been given for such a proclamation. The subject was laid on the table.

In the House, a bill for the allotment of volunteers' pay passed, the clause allowing liens to suttlers is r pealed. A resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to report a bill amending the fugitive slave law, so as to forbid the reception or return of any fugitive, without satisfactory proof that the claimant is loyal to the Government. A resolution offered by Mr. Lovejoy, of Illinois, to confiscate property of rebels, and emancipate their slaves, was rejected, and the subject laid on the table.

THE wealthiest man in all Canada, Harrison Stevens, Esq., of Montreal, is a native of Vermont, and owns property in New York city to an immense amount.

THERE is a rumor that Gen. Caleb Cushing will be sent to Ship Island to supersede Gen. Phelps, receiving a commission as Brigadier General.

THE WAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

From Port Royal. The steamer Atlantic, from Port Royal the 7th, arrived at New York yesterday. She brings 120,000 pounds of Sea Island cotton. Gen. Stewart Brigade, 4000 men, now occupies Beaufort, Lady Island, St. Helena, and Bay Point. Gen. Viele's expedition have been abandoned. Gen. Sherman has issued orders for all reporters to leave Port Royal immediately. The number of troops about Port Royal is 20,000. Four hundred thousand pounds of cotton have been secured, and will be shipped by the next steamer. A part of the stone fleet was at Savannah and a part had gone to Charleston.

It is stated that 400 men, on the 16th crossed to the main land toward the Charleston and Savannah Railroad. They encountered a rebel force of 1500, who retreated after firing a volley without effect.

A special dispatch to the *New York Tribune* from Port Royal, under date of the 14th, gives a rumor of the defeat of Capt. Hollins and the sinking of his ship by the Massachusetts.

The *Charleston Mercury* says the Federals occupy Beaufort and Port Royal Island with a force supposed to be 5000.—They have erected a battery near Port Royal ferry, of 12-pounder Parrot guns, and are throwing up an intrenchment on the Port Royal Island. It is reported that a Federal launch was fired into by our troops and 7 Yankees killed. The English news gives great joy here.

A battle near Leesburg. Yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, a portion of General McCall's division proceeded in the direction of Drainsville on a foraging expedition, and for the purpose of making a reconnoissance in that direction. The country is about midway between Gen. McCall's headquarters and Leesburg. On arriving in that vicinity they encountered the enemy, who had four regiments of infantry, South Carolinians, Alabamians, and Kentuckians, with a battery of six pieces and a regiment of cavalry, under command of Gen. Stuart.

The only troops that engaged in the affair on our side were Gen. Ord's 1st Battalion, and Easton's battery of four guns. At 9 o'clock, after the action, General McCall sent two officers to count the rebels killed and wounded, when it was ascertained that they left on the field 37 killed and 22 wounded. Three of the latter died on being removed, making the total loss of 60 killed and 19 wounded—a total of 79 killed and wounded, and they no doubt carried off many more. They also left nine horses killed or disabled. They were completely routed and fled precipitately, after a fight of an hour and a half, leaving two cannons, a quantity of small arms, blankets, overcoats, &c., more than our troops could bring away. Our men also brought in some prisoners beside the wounded.

The loss, as near as can be ascertained at present, is about 10 killed and 30 wounded.

The expedition returned to their camp at Saugey, at 9 o'clock last night.

From Kentucky. It is reported and generally believed that Generals Marshall and Williams have 15,000 troops between West Liberty and Piketown, with scouts extending to Owingsville. The gentleman receiving the latter items is in town, and though it is not generally believed at Frankfort.

Gen. Johnson's brigade made a reconnoisance in force yesterday six miles south of Green River, without finding a trace of the enemy.

Federal victories in Missouri. A dispatch from St. Louis states that a part of the Federal forces under Colonel Davis and Major Marshall surprised another camp of rebels on the afternoon of the 18th, near Milford, a little south of Warrensburg. A brisk skirmish ensued, when the rebels finding themselves surrounded, surrendered. Col. Davis took 1200 prisoners, including 3 colonels, 17 captains, 1000 stand of arms, 100 wagons, 1000 horses and large quantities of tents, baggage and supplies. Our loss was one killed and eight wounded. The rebel loss is not known yet. Information from Glasgow states that our troops captured about two tons of powder buried on Clah Jackson's farm. Major Hubbard captured sixty rebels a day or two since in Johnson County.

A later dispatch makes the number of prisoners captured at Milford, by Col. Davis, from 1800 to 2000.

From the South. Universal depression is reported throughout the South. New Orleans is particularly depressed.

A great negro insurrection is reported in Mississippi, and an immense quantity of property destroyed—$150,000 on the Quitman estate alone.

COAST DEFENCES. The Secretary of War has submitted to Congress the estimates of the Engineer Department of the amounts required for fortifications now existing or in course of construction, and also for temporary and field fortifications and engineer operations in the field, &c., for the second half of the current fiscal year, and all of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1863. The whole sum of money needed is $4,710,000. Among the items are $150 000 at the narrows of the Penobscot river, Fort Knox; $150,000 at Portland harbor; $75,000 at Fort Warren; and $100,000 for Fort Winthrop, Boston; and $120,000 at Fort Bedford. In a foreign war should occur, there are many other places along this entire shore that would have to be looked after.

MR. ELY, the New York Congressman, held by the rebels, it is reported, continues in good health, and his spirits are as light as ever. He has a great many visitors, and many requests from outsiders that he would just step to the window, that they may get a look at him through the bars; but Mr. E has no ambition to exhibit himself in the gaining multitude in this way.—John C. Breckinridge called upon him a few days since, and expressed his sympathy for him. He promised Mr. Ely that he would use his influence to procure his release.

MR. GEORGE SPENCER, a prominent citizen of Manchester, N. H., died in that city on Thursday, after a short illness. He was a native of Campton, N. H., and forty-nine years of age.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Sunday Services.

Rev. J. W. DADMAN, of Worcester, will preach to-morrow at the Worthen Street Methodist Episcopal Church.

Rev. Mr. PEABODY will lecture in his Church, on Appleton Street, to-morrow evening, at half-past six o'clock. Subject—*Life's account of People and Lands.*

Rev. ANDREW LEIGHTON, of this city, (Stoneham,) will lecture at Wesley Hall, to-morrow afternoon and evening, at the usual hours of church service.

LOWELL MARKETING.

Saturday, December 21.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Butter, per lb. 18 a 20c; Cheese, do, 8 a 10c; Eggs per doz. 25c.

FRUIT—Oranges, per box, $5.00; Lemons do. 7.00 Apples, per peck, 30 a 40c; Cranberries per peck, 40c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, roasting pieces, per lb. 7 a 10c; Corned, do. 10c; round, 10 a 12c; corned, 6 a 10c; Lamb, 6 a 12c; Pork, side, 10 a 12c; fresh, do. 12c; Ham, whole, 11c; sliced, 13c; Turkeys, per lb. 10 a 14c; Chickens, 10 a 12c; Geese, 10 a 12c; Ducks, per pair, 75c; Partridges, each 25c; Rabbits 12½ each.

FISH—Halibut, new; Cod, 4 a 7c; Haddock do, Mackerel, fresh, none; Eels 10c; Perch, per doz. 50c; Oysters per qt. 50c. Clams per peck, 25c; Trout per lb. 18c.

VEGETABLES — Potatoes, per peck, 25c; Onions, per skin, per peck, 30c; Turnips, per peck, 15c; Parsnips, per peck, 15c; Cabbage, each 6 a 8c; Squashes, marrowfats, per lb. 1c; Dubbed squash, per dozen 50c; Beets, per lb. 4c.

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Infantry.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to Company A, on TUESDAY, DEC. 24th. Packages may be left at the Rooms of the Lowell Machine Shop Association, on Central street, or at the Lowell Gas Light Company, until 12, M. on the 24th. By order of Executive Committee.

MRS. E. G. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

LOST.

Between the Counting House of the Lowell Machine Shop and the Northern Depot, or at the Depot, Monday, Dec. 16th, a Pocket Book containing Three Dollars in Bills and Small Change. Whoever will leave the same at the Counting House of the Lowell Machine Shop, or at the Depot, shall be suitably rewarded.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

If you are in want of a good article of TEA and COFFEE, don't fail to go to the old established Tea Store, No. 5 Prescott Block, Merrimack Square.

dec18&19 HARTSHORN & HALL.

TO LET,

A good tenement with a horse and cattle room, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of C. W. BIDDER, corner of Merrimack and Middle streets.

dec18&19

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most fashionable styles, and made in the most thorough manner, can be had at MRS. ELLEN GOODE'S, corner of Market and Shilling at the lowest cash prices at Cutting and Basting, or Cutting only.

dec16&20 HARTSHORN & HALL.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. Interest, and running three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank of Redemption, Boston.

E. W. STICKNEY, Agent.

November 20, 1861.

The place to purchase certain made Boots and Shoes of every description, at lowest cash prices is at RITTEREDGE'S, 24 Middle st.

dec16&20

NOTICE.

Persons who were members of the Cornet Band in the Fulton Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of, can have their fees on application to the Clerk of the Municipal Court.

K. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

dec12&16

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper.

DROPPED DOWN DEAD. Soon after 12 o'clock, to-day noon, Mr. Joel Fox, who lives on the road leading to Felton, by the Centralville, went into G. T. Williams' periodical store, Postoffice Building, and in a moment fell to the floor, and expired without speaking a word. He had approached the store, and stood in the act of warming himself—had been in the store not more than three or four minutes, and had spoken to no one. A slight cough was all the warning before he fell. He was carried into the open air, and Dr. Hall, who was near by, was called, but beside ordering some brandy, which was procured, nothing could be done for the man, who breathed his last in a few moments. His remains were taken to the coffin-ware rooms of Mr. A. P. Lemoon, on Prescott street, and Dr. Jewett, coroner, was summoned. The deceased was about seventy-six years of age, and as far as we can learn, his health had been good. We believe it is thought he died of heart disease. He was a machinist by trade, and formerly resided in Chelmsford, but had lived for several years past in Lynn, until last spring, when he came back to Lowell. He leaves a wife, one son, and two daughters by a former wife, residing in Nashua. He was a brother of our well-known citizen, Dr. Jesse Fox.

THE Soldiers' Aid Association have received a letter from Capt. O'Hare, of the Butts' Rifles, in which he says:—"We have received the comforters, and find them indeed very comfortable these cold nights. I received two boxes last Saturday afternoon, and distributed the comforters to the men and sent others for the ladies of Lowell, and the Soldiers' Aid Association. I cannot fully express my thanks for your attention to the soldiers under my command. I feel that anything done to promote their comfort as a favor to myself. The weather is very pleasant now, but the nights are cold. We have had a little snow, but it did not last long; but it freezes hard every night."

CHRISTMAS BALL. The Christmas ball, at Chesley's Hall, Postoffice Block, takes place on Wednesday evening, not the night before Christmas, as has been stated in one of the city papers. Those who have purchased tickets to attend will please bear this fact in mind. We understand that the number of tickets which are limited, will hardly be likely to answer the demands; but as the ball will be more of a private than a public character, there will be no breaking over the arrangements first agreed upon.

AN old gentleman was in this city one day this week who said that his last visit to Lowell was by way of the Middlesex Canal, in the passenger packet, Gov. Sullivan, Capt. Silas Tyler. It was his opinion that Lowell had grown somewhat between his two visits.

COLD WEATHER. This being the first day of winter, the weather does not misrepresent the season. About six o'clock this morning the mercury stood at 5 or 6 degrees above zero, and at eleven o'clock it was 16 above.

THE DOWER CASE.—CONVICTION OF THE PRISONER. The second trial of Miss Anna A. Dower, for the murder of Mrs. Rhoda M. Wilkins, which has so often been referred to in our columns, was continued in the Supreme Court at Cambridge, yesterday. The testimony of Mrs. Livingston, who represents having purchased arsenic of Mr. Dunton, the apothecary, was heard in an ante-room by the Court, before deciding upon the question of re-opening the case to admit her testimony. Finally Chief Justice Bigelow announced in open Court that a majority of the bench had decided not to admit the new witness testimony since they were of the opinion that it did not contradict Mr. Dunton. She stated that she bought some chloride of zinc and some arsenic of Mr. Dunton in March last. She could not fix the day of the purchase, but said it was in the latter part of the month. Mr. Dunton, on the other hand, testified that he sold no powders, sugar of lead and arsenic to a woman on the 20th of March, and although he would not swear positively in regard to the identity, he stated that he had no doubt the prisoner was the person. On cross-examination he testified that such sales of arsenic were not unfrequent, and the Court thought the evidence tended to show two transactions, the articles sold and the circumstances being entirely different. With this view of the matter the new evidence was excluded.

We give the following account of the conclusion of the case, copying from the *Boston Herald* of last evening:—

The jury, who had been carefully excluded from the Court Room while the argument was being talked over, were now called in, and the prisoner was asked by the court if she had anything to say. She replied in a firm voice—"Nothing, your Honor, only that I am entirely innocent of this charge. That is all."

Chief Justice Bigelow then proceeded to charge the jury. He occupied about an hour and a half, and after clearly setting forth the law in relation to the crime of murder, he spoke of the amount of evidence necessary to convince the jury of the fact beyond a reasonable doubt. He then proceeded to a consideration of the evidence, dwelling upon each feature of the case separately. He devoted considerable time to proving and weighing Mr. Dunton's testimony, and said that they must consider the matter well before coming to a conclusion upon it. They knew very well that personal identity was a matter on which witnesses were very liable to mistake. They should become satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the prisoner was the person who bought the arsenic, or else throw Mr. Dunton's evidence out of the case altogether. In regard to this particular circumstance they had Mr. Dunton's testimony alone to consider as there was no other evidence bearing upon it. The evidence of a purchase of arsenic was not an essential feature in the case, and although it might be thrown out, it did not carry with it the other testimony. Said it was an important link in the chain of evidence.

The case was given to the jury at half past eleven o'clock, and they were out only about half an hour, when they returned much sooner during the delivery of the charge—more than any time previously during the trial, and at its close she was so weak that an officer had to assist her to the bar of justice.

About three o'clock the jury came in and returned a verdict of *Guilty.* The scene in the court at this time is reported to have been very affecting, and the prisoner betrayed much emotion. Her counsel, Messrs. Brown & Alger, moved that the verdict be set aside, and a new trial granted, and the Court appointed Friday of next week as the time for hearing the arguments thereon. If the verdict is not at that time set aside, Miss Dower will no doubt be sentenced to be hanged. We do not presume, however, that the sentence will ever be executed, but through Executive clemency it will probably be changed to imprisonment for life, probably in the House of Correction at East Cambridge.

ANOTHER HARBAR CORPUS CASE. A wife of bobsex corpus, returnable before Justice Merrick, of the Supreme Court, as before mentioned, was issued on Thursday, on the application of the counsel for Mrs. Michael Walsh, an orphan and a minor, who has enlisted in Col. Jonas H. French's regiment, at Camp Chase, Lowell. Constable James Hopkins went to Camp Chase with the writ, when Col. French informed him that he should not deliver up the minor to any person. The constable made return to the effect that Col. French, who had charge of Walsh, refused to acknowledge the authority of the writ, and that he had not sufficient power to enforce it, inasmuch as Col. French was supported by two thousand armed men. Justice Merrick, thereupon, issued a writ of capias, for the arrest of Col. French for contempt of Court. It being understood that Col. French was in Boston, the constable laid in wait for him at the depot, but he did not appear, and the officer returned that he could not be found. The Court adjourned yesterday afternoon without any further action.

We learn that the counsel of the Colonel intends to prosecute the matter to the utmost limit of the law, and other parties are interested in the case, and will probably carry it to the Supreme Court of the United States, if necessary. The question involved is one of great importance, and will be watched with interest by the legal profession.

HIGH STREET LECTURE. The fifth of the series of illustrated lectures upon "Bible Themes and Bible Lands," will be given at High Street Church, to-morrow evening, at 6½ o'clock, by Joseph H. Ely, Esq., Superintendent of the Sabbath School of that church. A large part of the pictures to this lecture are "Stereoscopic views," taken on the spot, and will represent Egypt as it recently is, in addition to which he will present a variety of illuminated views upon various points immediately connected with his subject. A nominal admission for all who are not connected with the Sabbath School. These lectures need no recommendation to those who have attended them, but to such as have not, we earnestly call attention, and can safely pronounce them as particularly instructive as well as entertaining.

THE APPROACHING HOLIDAYS. There is probably no season of the year so prolific for holiday presents as books, and there certainly seems to be none more appropriate. A good book, handsomely bound, is among the richer gifts possessing intrinsic worth. We presume our bookstores as well as supplied with volumes in the form of annuals and gift-books (extending to the most costly and elegant rich and tasteful editions), as are any concerns in New England. At J. C. Eastman's, corner of Central and Middle Streets, is as fine collection of works of all descriptions as we have substantial and the elaborately illustrated; and also photograph albums, books suitable for boys and girls, beautiful ambrotypes, portmonnaies, rich and tasteful toy-books, games, blocks, portfolios, backgammon boards, &c.—in variety altogether or too extensive for enumeration here. Gentlemen and ladies desiring making purchases for holiday presents, will hardly fail of finding something desirable on the counters or shelves at No. 23 Central Street, and Mr. Coggeshall will be gratified to wait upon such as may there present themselves.

DIVIDEND. The Hamilton and Appleton Companies, both of this city, have each declared a dividend of six per cent., payable on Monday next, 23rd inst., to holders of stock on the 19th. The Appleton declared one of four per cent. in June and the Hamilton passed theirs at that time.

POLICE COURT. DISCHARGE OF PETERS. Dr. A. C. Peters, charged with poisoning his wife, was brought in this morning and discharged, the evidence not being sufficient for detention before a trial.

STUFFED BIRDS, SHELLS, FANCY GOODS, &c., FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. We shall sell at office on Monday and Tuesday, December 23 and 24, at 2 and 8 P. M., a large invoice of Stuffed Birds; also, a variety of Foreign stuffed birds; an invoice of beautiful ocean shells, fancy goods, jewelry and toys, which will please everybody for Christmas presents.

E. B. FATCH & Co.

CHRISTMAS GOODS. Take a look at the new and large stock just opened by Wilkins & Clough (suffi-ssors to H. S. Haynes) No. 45 Merrimack Street, before purchasing your Christmas and New Year's presents.

A THANK FOR THE PULPIT TO MORROW. Forefather's day and the English war question.

ROUND THE WORLD! A Tale for Boys. By W. H. G. Kingston, author of "Peter the Whaler," "Mark Seaworth," "Snow-shoes and Canoes," &c. Boston: Crosby & Nichols.

The holiday season, with it the usual supply of gift-books, especially for the younger portion of the community, is now upon us, and among the many we have one of that interesting class of books, of which Robinson Crusoe was the father, and which, when as admirably wrought out as in the present instance, is a source of delight for all true boys. It is of English origin, and furnishes graphic descriptions of the wonders of the ocean, and the romantic incidents which might occur in a wide course of voyaging.

THE BEAR HUNTERS OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS. By James Bonner. Boston: Crosby & Nichols. "Log Cabin Library." "The Kangaroo Hunters." "The Young Voyageurs." "The Bear Hunters." This story is a capital one for boys, and will be read through at a single sitting. Another volume, of a class similar to that named above, of four hundred and seventy-four pages, as its title indicates, descriptive of the hunting scenes among the Rocky Mountains. It will doubtless be a delightful story for boys.

Both these volumes, with many other fresh from the press, for adults, as well as juvenile readers, may be had at the bookstore of B. C. Sargeant, City Government Building.

THE Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press* (J. W. Forney) has the following paragraph in relation to the attitude of England, because of the arrest of Mason and Slidell:—

"There are several methods by which to bring England to time, and I am disposed to take them in the order of civilized practice on this continent. If Captain Wilkes has not been guilty of any flagrant British authority. We can refer to replace the revolver on board the Trent, and then have that vessel conveyed, with the "rebel" cargo to a neutral port, and tried according to the British construction of international law. Or we can say that no offence was intended to England (and none was intended) in the detention of the Trent, but that, in arresting two notorious traitors (and upon destroying our glorious Government, we felt that what we did was precisely what England would have done under the same circumstances. Under these propositions and protestations, we could submit the whole case to the arbitration of France or Russia, or both Governments. Should British Government accept any one of these suggested explanations, the case can readily be adjusted. Should she refuse, there can be but one judgment pronounced. She will forfeit the respect of every civilized government on the earth. But whether she accepts or rejects them, this much is written in the book of fate—*that if the law attempted to embarrass or to assist the United States in their present mighty trouble, she has made eternal foes of all the loyal millions of America and their posterity forever.*"

A MAN BURNED TO DEATH IN WOBURN. On Saturday morning of last week, Mr. Asa Holt, of Woburn, was found lying on the floor of his shop with the clothing entirely burned from his body, nothing but his boots being on his person. Portions of his clothing were found at some distance from the shop, with the grass around them burned, and the flesh of one of his hands was found adhering to some bushes. The *Woburn Journal* says that it is a degree of mystery hanging over the case, but thinks it evident that he took fire at some distance from the shop; in the shop the stove was overturned, the window broken, and there were other evidences of a most frantic struggle. Mr. H. had been in the habit of bathing his body with fluid for the rheumatism, and as the clothes would necessarily become more or less saturated with the inflammable material, that will account for his woolen clothing being so completely burned. He leaves a wife and several children.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE. A dispatch in the papers of this morning represent that in the Legislature of Kentucky, a day or two ago, the House adopted by the usual party vote, a resolution that Kentucky would assume the payment of her proportion of the direct tax imposed by Congress. The Senate adopted the resolution of the House, on Federal relations, with amendments endorsing the President's action with regard to Gen. Fremont's proclamation and Secretary Cameron's report, and requesting the President to dismiss him with Secretary Cameron. The vote was unanimous on all the amendments.

DEATHS.

In New Ipswich, N. H. Nov. 9th, Asa Marion Smith, of Lowell, aged 23 years, 4 months, and 23 days.

In this city, Dec. 19th, Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, aged 49 years, 6 months, and 19 days.

In this city, Dec. 19th, Mrs. Ann Maria Hall, aged 49 years, 6 months, and 19 days.

In this city, Dec. 19th, Mrs. Ann Maria Hall, aged 49 years, 6 months, and 19 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JEFFERSON COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Jefferson Company will be held at the Treasurer's office in the city of Lowell, on MONDAY, the 6th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may then be legally acted upon.

ARTHUR T. LYMAN, Treasurer.
Office, No. 27 Central St., (second story,)
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1861. 3w51

E. P. SHERMAN, Surv'r and Treas.
Lowell, July 15, 1861. 1y29

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Gentlemen and Ladies are invited to call and examine our large and splendid assortment of FURS, just received at the lowest cash prices at the latest styles from which we can make them to order at short notice, and warrant them to give satisfaction in every respect. Furs altered and repaired in the best manner. Furs taken in exchange for goods at the highest cash prices. Furs bought at all times, for which we will pay cash for our goods. Furs cash for merchandise. Furs cash for Furs. Furs cash for anything. Furs cash for everything. Furs cash for nothing. Furs cash for Furs. Furs cash for cash. As we pay cash for our goods we can sell cheaper than any other house in the country. Remember the place, 3 Hartwell Block, Merrimack Square.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to altering over Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fur Garments in the latest styles, at short notice.

dec20 A. P. HOWARD.

Washington Coal.

For cooking, has no equal,
It kindles quicker,
It burns up cleaner,
It lasts longer,
It burns in less quantity,
It costs less per ton,
Than any other free burning coal. And the DEPOTS can be bought cheap at HOWARD'S WHARF, Western Avenue, and of our agent, J. HOWARD, 16 Prescott Street, Lowell.

may14dtf

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LOWELL, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1849.

Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on favorable terms, all kinds of property in store or dwelling-houses in the country. Policies issued for any term of time not exceeding five years.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000.

Lowell.
Hosea O. Allard,
John Avery,
Wm. Wright,
Caleb M. Marriot,
Henry C. Dana,
Edward P. Lowe.

Directors.
Andover.
Benjamin F. Bailey,
Nathan Allen.

Nathan Allen, Benjamin F. Bailey,
Arthur C. Bailey, Joseph Bailey, Jr.,
Joshua W. Ingalls, Samuel Holmes,
Samuel Holmes, Jr., Edward Brickett.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Office, Old Post Office Building, (first floor)
No. 46 Central street, cor. Middle st., Lowell.
Ap11, 1y

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$1,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$600,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as are consistent with safety. POLICIES WRITTEN on DWELLING HOUSES and their contents, CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1861. 1y14

Charlestown
MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.
GEORGE RIPLEY, Authorized Agent,
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 6, 1861. 1y14

DR. BIRMINGHAM,
NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,

Office, Tanner Street, Junction of Ayer's New City and B. & M. R. R. Lowell, Mass.

A BALM FOR IVORY WOUND.

Dr. B. is prepared to treat all diseases of the human system, and in addition to the known and approved remedies of the day, he has a powerful combination of Indian herbs and roots, which will be found a most valuable remedy in all cases of Scrofula, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, and all kindred diseases. Dr. B. has been for many years in the practice of medicine, and has had a large experience in the treatment of the above and other diseases, and he feels confident that he can cure more cases than any other physician in this country. He has the real and personal testimonials of many of the most respectable citizens of Lowell, Lawrence, Andover, and other towns in this vicinity, to the truth of the above statements. Dr. B. would say to the afflicted, that he can be consulted at his office, at all hours of the day, and that he will visit patients at their residences, when desired. Dr. B. is now ready to receive applications for cures for the ensuing year. Dr. B. determines a bad disposition shall be made to the patient, and that he will not be used for the sake of experiment.

Dr. B. makes no charges for the payment of the debts of said Proprietors, and he both expects, and is entitled to receive, a liberal compensation for his services. Dr. B. will not receive applications for cures, unless accompanied with the money, or a satisfactory assignment of the patient's property, which will be sold by an authorized agent, and the proceeds applied to the above-named purpose, if essential to the above-named purpose of that may be necessary.

Dr. B. has been in practice in Lowell for two years. Now therefore, the said Proprietors are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by said Court, that notice be given to all persons interested in said estate, to appear at the time and place aforesaid, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Lowell Courier, a newspaper printed in said Lowell, three weeks successively, the last publication to be seven days at least before said time of hearing

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW, AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS *MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir. Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction in testimony to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been to this time.

Since my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month, as a dressing, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I can recommend it to all as mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even faster in its restoring to the scalp, as I am aware that there are all well known already and even more wonderful than any one the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling the greater portion of the time the last three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with persons that have since resorted to it, and have, they tell me, found it to be all I proved, by speaking to them that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have, myself, two or three articles now in my possession, above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. I am determining that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved worthy of it.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement without a notice they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely substituting their own name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, been acquainted with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation, and in every instance—some for baldness, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and hair are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,926, will be promptly answered.

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, July 31, 1858.

DEAR SIR, I send you a statement that I think you are entitled to for the benefit of you. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over sixty years of age. For—out twenty years past my hair has been falling out, and gray, and was almost white and—y still and insignificant. I had seen a number of articles—of your Restorative, and the effect of your Hair Restorative, but supposed there was a—fair—in their statements. I was entertaining a store a desire to have my hair, if possible, restored. In—original color and texture, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I concluded I would make a trial of your merit, commencing in a small way. I purchased one of your small bottles, and—used it, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I was—discovered a—new growth of hair, and by—that, that was falling off in large quantities, was—arrested, and—healed, and a—radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to—use it, this—and—now have my usual bottle upon my—dressing table. I have no—power to—tell of the—benefit I have received by the use of it, but—am—that my hair is—restored to its—original color, and—is—soft and—healthy, and—that the human hair, its character, its properties, its—diseases, and how to—restore it to its—original vitality of that ornament, is now, as much as any—man living. I am now—years of age—of the—medical had reached—most—more and he—not—that he—could—restored—restored. He tried his own—remedies—and—quite—at—the age of—to—no—he—he restored his—hair to—color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he used it with, he gave to the world. See O. J. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Daily Mail.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. C. Ayer, Esq.

Dear Sir,—My hair will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan3 1yr&ow

(Copyright secured.)

THE

Great Indian Remedy

FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to any other of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the following cases is known for its

PROMPTNESS—Full Strength, $10; Half-strength $5. Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

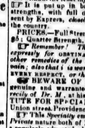
☞ *Remember, this is the only medicine in Compend form, or combination with other remedies ever before known. Each bottle, also that is warranted or represented in* EVERY RESPECT, *or the money will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless signed by the name of Dr. M. MATTISON, at the CHEMICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 18 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass.

☞ If This Spurious counterfeits all diseases of a private nature, and the name of MRS. LYDIA WILSON, M. D. is regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving in whole attention to them, by consultations by letter or otherwise as may be confidential, and the medicines will be sent by express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Ladies can rely on perfect protection from attend wishing for a secret and speedy cure, and will be restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid annually for medicines advertised in New England alone, without any benefit to those who pay it. Most of these medicines are put up by men and women who are the least able to cure it, but rise to wealth and fame on the ruins of the health compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the base arts by which they *themselves*. All this comes from trusting it, sorely to be regretted. Let the afflicted seek the counsel honor, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is the *Cures* they have made and *past assertions*, in praise of *themselves*. If you have been deceived by any humbug, do not take no man's word on *mother what has professed*, but call on DR. MATTISON, and be convinced that you are not imposed upon. Consultation fee, $1, can be obtained at the Manufacturer's private office, No. 18 Tremont Row, Rooms 1 and 2 Meridian Building, Bottom street. Lowell.

aug20 1yr



DAILY COURIER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT AND ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

we, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books, Pamphlets, Law Briefs, Catalogues, Circulars, Town Reports, Programmes,

Court Dockets, By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies, Printing from Stereotype, Type Plates, Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, on white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surface and enamelled white and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.*

Z. K. STONE, } Proprietors.
W. HIKE, }

jan1

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IN THE ISSUED TO

DR. S. O. BIGELOW'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The celebrated New England Remedy or

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, CHRONIC DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are used and recommended regularly by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them become permanent friends.

Dr. JAMES L. LEEFERE, write from Napoleon, Stark County, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction to those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

Dr. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Ohio, says: "They give great satisfaction. I have used them myself, having taken cold, became very much debilitated, and they are just the thing."

Dr. M. M. KERR, of Dover, Ohio, writes: "They have given me more satisfaction than any medicine I ever prescribed. I am pleased with their success."

Dr. M. MATTISON, of Boston, writes us that they are the most valuable medicine he has ever known, and recommended them with great success, and with them he has restored many to health of body and beauty of features, delicate.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., of Shelbyville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860, in which he says: "I was afflicted with the Jaundice for three years with great severity, and during that time I tried all of the most severe and prostrating character, 'after using a few bottles I was entirely restored, and am now in robust health."

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the disease having entirely left the system, after several physicians and others could do him no good. He says, "the Sherry Wine Bitters are the most delicious, and yet effective compound I ever tasted."

Such News we are receiving daily. FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

mar7

MUSIC STORE!

Frame Manufactory.

W. H. DYAR,

39 CENTRAL STREET,

Continues to keep a large STOCK of

LOOKING GLASSES

FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames.

PORTRAITS, PICTURES & PHOTOGRAPHS

Oval and oil-cloth styles, Ornamented and Plain, Reglitting and Gilding done to order. Old Frames Remodelled.

Imitation Gold Moldings for Sale Cheap. A large Stock of

CLOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Sept. 24, 1860. sp26dt

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Ivory handles and Gold setting, Pinking, Embroidering, &c., &c., at

GLOVER'S MUSIC STORE,

41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.

may23 dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS.

ALL WORK done by this Company (10) made at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the best manner, and of fair weight. Also manufacturing for Boott Printing and Firearms. It is believed that the Lead manufactured by this Company is the purest Lead in the country, and marked "Warranted Pure," is PERFECTLY SO.

The present high and superiority for covering or the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Lead for covering purposes. Red and White Lead of such Lead for covering purposes. Red and White Lead of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood Lead Pipe, and Sheet Lead.

Orders can be left at the large number of TYPE Foundries in town; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, thus rendering all Life Premiums are based. All Branch of the Institution must therefore present to the public who and what they are.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860, and have now in force about Thirty Millions.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 20 CENTRAL STREET, Merrimack Block.

may4 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now been a resident of this country for more than the world's intelligence. It causes the latest of all diseases to heal.

It strengthens the weakest parts of the system. It causes the horse child no longer to suffer the ills of teething. It makes the sting of the bee or wasp when annoyed by challenge.

It draws the poison of rust from his circle, when he is cut by the sharp edge.

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre

It causes longest in effect.

It costs 25 cents for a half pint bottle.

It is sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

ma7

MRS. E. RIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the purposes of the name ever offered to the public. It is used in one—almost age of the household had reached—most severe and he could have it in the house—restrained. He tried his own—almost and quiet—at the age of three—he restored his—to—to order, strength and luxuriance, and the article he used it with, he gave to the world. See O. J. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Daily Mail.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. C. Ayer, Esq.

Dear Sir,—My hair will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan3 1yr&ow

AMOS ANDORN

Has received a large assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND Silver and Plated Wares,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,

CAKE BASKETS

OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES,

CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY, FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS, BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES AND RINGS, SILVER AND SLEEVE BUTTONS, MEDALLIONS, SLIDES, SCARF PINS, NAPKIN RINGS, SALT-CELLARS, BUTTER KNIVES, ICE CREAM KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

BUTTER COOLERS

STEREOSCOPES,

Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, Bought and Sold—*and to sell at less.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.

WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and WARRANTED.

ENGRAVING done to the very best style.

Lowell, Dec. 18, 1860. dec18tf

LOWELL

Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

(Successors to R. H. SHEPHARD)

No. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,

AWARD.

Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857, three instruments of their manufacture, viz: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, an exclusive assortment of Umbrellas, Parasols and Canes, with Ivory, Silver, Gold and Pearl handles, of the most approved styles.

Also, a large assortment of Guitars, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, Flageolets, Drums, Tambourines, Triangles, and Musical Boxes, in the most approved styles, and warranted "Warranted Pure," is PERFECTLY SO.

The present high and superiority for covering or the Lead renders it cheaper to the consumer than other Lead for covering purposes. Red and White Lead of such Lead for covering purposes. Red and White Lead of the best qualities, Hard and Soft Wood Lead Pipe, and Sheet Lead.

Orders can be left at the large number of TYPE Foundries in town; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, thus rendering all Life Premiums are based. All Branch of the Institution must therefore present to the public who and what they are.

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JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent,
No. 20 CENTRAL STREET, Merrimack Block.

ma7 dtf

PIANO FORTES.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,

NO. 17 MERRIMACK STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR

ALLET DAVIS & CO.'S

Celebrated Piano Fortes, which they received the first premium over all other competitors at the late Mechanics' Fair, and which they now offer for sale as a good assortment of the above named makers' Pianos, at wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices. Every instrument warranted for five years, and every particular, to be the best Piano Fortes made. Also, Agents for Piano Fortes and Melodeons to the trade. Lowell, June 8, 1858. ly6011

BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN

A. M. BININGER & Co

(Established 1778.)

Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, Recommended by the leading Physicians of the United States, and the Faculty having introduced it in the principal Hospitals of Europe, is now offered as a "Medicated," "Schnapps," &c., is now indorsed by the Medical Profession, after the most searching and reconnoissance, as possessing all of those invaluable properties for which it has been so long celebrated, which belong to an old and PURE Gin. Put up in cases of one dozen each, and bottled by

A. M. BININGER & CO.,

Sole Proprietors, No. 31 Broad st., N. Y.

Sold in Lowell by J. P. REED, 47 Market street, and by Druggists generally.

feb24 1y

Fresh Fruits all the Year.

THE YEOMAN'S FRUIT BOTTLE.

IT possesses many important advantages over every other Can or Jar now offered, and they are

First. It is made of glass, and will not corrode, the condition of the fruit can be at all times seen, and the Bottle is easily cleansed that they are as good as new for future use.

Second. The fruit is of a quality treated so accurately, than any other Can, Jar or Bottle.

Third. The fruit can be taken out so easily, that the cork cannot be forced in by the atmospheric pressure on it, caused by the cooking and consequent contraction of the fruit in the bottle.

Fourth. The Bottle is made with a Screw Bottle, Jar or Can of merit, that has yet been offered to the public, and can be used over and over in which the result of all.

Sold by dealers and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 46 Merrimack st.

jy25

HOVEY'S PATENT

CARPET SWEEPER,

WHICH converts the great and disagreeable task of Carpet Sweeping into a pleasant and pastime.

Every child can operate it.

It raises no dust.

It does the work in a recovery after sweeping.

It sweeps faster and better than a broom.

It does not injure the carpet.

It picks up lint and dirt that a broom will not.

It will last for years, and is not liable to get out of order or without fatigue.

It saves carpets, furniture, books, &c., from the damage now done by the dust that is made by the old way of sweeping.

It is the only perfect Carpet Sweeper ever offered to the public.

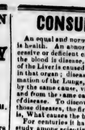
For sale by H. SAYES,

sp 25 45 Merrimack street

Fall Style Hats

BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE

corner Central and Market sts.



CONSUMPTIVES.

An equal and normal circulation of the blood is health. An abnormal, that is to say, an excessive or deficient circulation or stagnation of the blood is disease. To illustrate—inability of the Liver to expand by stagnation of the blood in that organ; diseases of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Lungs, Disease of the Heart, &c., by the same cause, viz: Improper Circulation; and from the same cause arises all minor forms of disease. To discover a certain cure in a remedy, whose Glossary, the first great requisite necessary is, What causes the blood to circulate?

Dr. Darius Ham's Aromatic Spirit is of much study among scientific and medical men; and while many experiments have been made and much labor expended upon the enquiry, it has been left for the present proprietor to make the only increase in knowledge, to make this great discovery.

In acknowledging that life is the gift of the Creator, and that "in Him we live and move and have our being," but we all venture the remark, that as the Creator does not do anything, and as vitality or life is governed by certain abnormal laws, no animal life is traceable, to a fixed cause which causes or destroys, and death, the certain effect, follows.

Analysis of the red corpuscles of the blood show them to be composed of iron, sulphur and phosphorus.

The air we breathe, we know to contain a very large proportion of oxygen.

Oxygen brought in contact with a metal, exhibits a chemical affinity.

Electricity brought in contact with a muscle or nerve, causes contraction.

These facts being incontestible, we have now the solution as to the cause of vitality, as neither power of life can exist without the presence of iron, oxygen and electricity, and consequently as all diseases arise from a want of the above elements, solids and bronchial iron grains compounds, the Aromatic Spirit is composed of these elements, and is in pellets and neutral—compounds of the finest medicinal virtues, and is the only remedy in the world of disease but virulent forms may be traced to the above causes, and the Aromatic Spirit

THE DAILY COUNTRY

Monday, December 23, 1861.

FOREIGN NEWS.

We have intelligence from England up to the 11th from Liverpool, and the 12th from Queenstown, brought by the steamers Africa, Arago, and Saxonia. The tone of the English press and the English people is still warlike. From other quarters the news is unimportant.

The Paris papers assert that the British Government, in answer to petitions from the manufacturing districts, stated that cotton from the Southern States would be admitted free of duty for February, at least.

The *London Times'* city article says that it must be kept in view that the designs of Mr. Seward are rejected for some time to have been a cause of disagreement in the Washington Cabinet and that the decision of the present question, therefore, is entirely in the hands of that powerful statesman, with a heavy overcast and anxiety, as it is seen that the course of circumstances may be much modified by anything that may take place between the opposing armies in the interval between now and the arrival of the British despatches.

A victory of the Federalists might, perhaps, so far satisfy the mob as to enable the Government to act independently, and on the other hand, a defeat might be equally productive of a pacific result. At the same time, however, there is danger that the final features of the case may be aggravated by the intelligence of somewhere offence on the part of the Federal cruisers.

At all the navy yards and arsenals the greatest activity prevails. Troops at several points are ordered to be in readiness to sail, and Liege Armstrong's rifled cannon, shipped, and war steamers get ready for sea. It is not at all improbable, however, that some of these movements are not wholly in consequence of the trouble with the United States.

The fr...g in Ireland. A man meeting with Bishop Dollard, to take into consideration the aspect and position of Irish national affairs at the present momentous crisis. The following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That the population of the great Republic from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Atlantic to the Pacific shores, being largely composed of men of Irish birth and Irish blood, it would be unnatural to suppose that Ireland would remain an indifferent spectator of the struggle between England and America.

Resolved, That the events of the hour imperatively dictate to all Irishmen a forgetfulness of past differences and a united faith in the old cause of their country.

Resolved, That a Chairman, two Secretaries and twenty one members, each having a specific nature. There is little yielding on the part of the English press, and it represents the government, the demands brought by the special English messenger are probably of a peremptory nature.

WAR NEWS.

The Drainsville battle. The names of the persons killed and wounded on our side are given. Seven are reported killed, most of whom belonged to the Pennsylvania regiments, and thirty-six wounded. A large number of trophies, such as swords, pistols, guns, &c., were secured by our men. Eight of the rebels were captured during their stampede. As our troops had never before been in any engagement, the victory is considered more brilliant on their part, and they have been complimented by Generals McClellan and Hall.

Reported engagement at Fort Pickens. The *Philadelphia Inquirer* has a special dispatch from Baltimore, stating that news had been received from Richmond to the effect that Fort Pickens had opened fire on three times on Fort McRea since the 22d ult., but the effect is unknown. On the 20th six thousand pounds of shells was thrown into the fort by Col. Brown.

The stone fleet at Charleston. Seven of the stone fleet had arrived off Charleston bar, on the 18th, and others were on their way. Sixteen of the vessels are to be sunk at a point about one mile outside of the bar, six gunboats being in attendance upon them.

Missouri affairs. The rebels have destroyed large portions of the North Missouri Railroad, by burning bridges, woodpiles, tearing up the rails and other acts worthy of the age of the Vandals. It is thought to be the act of the rebel citizens along the road.

A dispatch from Palmyra, dated 21st inst., says that Major McKee with 103 men, encountered and repulsed 400 rebels four miles south of Hunnibal, killing 30 and capturing 17 prisoners and 30 horses. Five of our troops were slightly wounded. The rebels had attacked a store train, captured all the stores, and held the railroad men prisoners. They were in the act of unloading the stock, when the whole were rescued by our troops. The notorious Col. Magoffin is among the prisoners captured by Gen Pope in his brilliant victory near Warrensburg. He is one of the most desperate characters among the marauders of Missouri.

From Fortress Monroe. It is reported that a rebel fleet is fitting out at the Norfolk Navy Yard, with the design of recapturing Hatteras. It is asserted that a majority at Norfolk are Union men, and pray for a speedy advance of the Union forces.

CAPITAL OF A REBEL FEMALE EMISSARY. The *Burlington (Vt.) Free Press* reports that United States Marshal Hiram Dunn arrested at St. Albans on Wednesday evening, a woman who gives her name as Mrs. Mercer, the wife of a German Jew residing in New York, who has been arrested on suspicion, and will be examined in a manner unusual in this country. She is said to have in her possession a large amount of money, and to be on her way to Canada. She was arrested on the cars, and was accompanied by a gentleman who represented himself as a Canadian merchant, but who is supposed to be a rebel emissary. The Secretary of State has been telegraphed to in the matter.

GREEK FIRE. We noticed recently an account of experiments made at Washington with a new discovery for war purposes; that of a combustible material which may be discharged to a considerable distance, will burn on water as well as land and may be made very destructive to life.—From the accounts of the successful trial it would seem as if the celebrated line "Greek fire" of the ancients or something equally destructive had been discovered. It is well known that in the eighth century, Constantinople was twice besieged by the Saracens. At this time the Greek fire first appears to have been used by the besieged and by its means the power of the city was protected. The composition of the fire was kept secret for four hundred years, and the art was preserved at Constantinople as the palladium of the state. It is supposed to have been composed of naphtha or liquid bitumen from the Dead Sea, mingled with sulphur and pitch. It produced a loud explosion, thick smoke, and an obstinate flame and burnt rising or falling, on sea or land, with increased instead of extinguishing it, increased its violence. It was forced from large boilers, or thrown with stones, arrows and javelins, twisted with flax, was used in the ships and thrown through copper tubes. Nothing could check the fire's progress except sand, urine or vinegar. This liquid fire carried consternation and death in its train, and the very mystery which hung about it, rendered it irresistible to the terrified enemy. The secret of the composition, or one of similar efficacy, was finally discovered or stolen by the Mussulmans, and they turned it upon the Christians in the wars in Syria and Egypt with fearful scribed as "flying through the air like a long tail star, and burning and lighting as it singed long-tailed dragon, about the thickness of a bogshead, with the report of thunder and the velocity of lightning, and the terrified Christians fled as from one dispelled by this deadly illumination." These fires were used till the middle of the fourteenth century, when the discovery of gunpowder and cannon put an end to them, and their secret was lost and the art of making them was soon lost by disuse. We know that the composition which is now oppressing our nation has existed for a parallel in the history of even the dark ages, and it would be very singular if the lost secret of the terrible Greek and Saracen fires of those ages should again be revealed and to this enlightened age, for the purposes of being used against the *Saracens* of the South.

COTTON. The *Boston Traveller* has information that most of the cotton which is being brought to Hilton Head, is taken from the plantations of rebels. A depot has been established for it's reception, and the cotton goes lightly in, on account being kept with each plantation. There is much difficulty in obtaining help to pack it in, and sacks, old sails, &c., were being used for this purpose. Upon most of the plantations there had been two pickings of cotton this season. But little will be secured from the third picking, as the rebels have destroyed it to prevent its falling into the hands of the Union forces.

CITY AND COUNTY.

CARD.

To Mrs. Tutor, Mrs. R. A. Alger, and ladies of Rev. Mr. Truax' Society:—

Ladies: In behalf of our respective commands, we desire to acknowledge the receipt of several pairs wool socks, knit by the members of Rev. Mr. Truax, to his soldiers in the field, and of your companies. The cardinal virtues and practical piety of your pastor, and the devotion of the wives and daughters of our city, give us hopeful evidence that wherever we may be ordered, or wherever may be our fate in opposing the enemies of our time-honored constitution, we have behind those who will remember us in their prayers. We are sure God's blessing will rest upon the mothers of the valiant-hearted soldiers of Illinois, and upon the wives and daughters of their fellow citizens and friends that have not been forgotten, but shall, on the contrary, be cherished with proud and grateful affection and remembrance in camp and on the battle-field. Among shadowing pine for your kindness, we are most gratefully,

C. P. HAMMOND, Co. F.
J. H. HAMMOND, Co. G.
T. A. CRAIG, Co. F.

Lowell, Dec. 23, 1861. 1

dec23d2w

GIRL WANTED.

Wanted, a good girl competent to take charge of children. Apply at this office.

Lowell, Dec 23, 1861. dec23d2w

Company A, Second Regiment Mass. Infantry.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the above named Company, on TUESDAY, the 24th inst. Packages not exceeding three pounds each in weight will be received at the office of the Middlesex Gas Light Company, until 12, M., on above date, and forwarded.

By order of Executive Committee.

dec23d2w CHARLES G. WISE, Chairman Com. on Forwarding.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

If you are in want of a good article of TEA and COFFEE, don't fail to call on the subscriber, 66 Market and Coffee Roast, 6 John Street, where you will always be sure to find the best of Coffee and a large assorted stock of TEAS to be found in the city. All tea drinkers may be greatly benefited by buying their Teas at this establishment.

dec16d1y

TO LET.

A good tenement containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of W. W. COBURN, or of dec16d1y OUTSIDE GARMENTS for ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most substantial manner, at the lowest prices, can be found at the subscriber's, opposite the Post Office.

dec9d3w HARTSHORN & HALL.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 6 per cent. interest, and running three years, or taxed and for sale at the National Bank, Lowell. W. W. STICKNEY, Agent.

November 30, 1861. 3m

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of on the 1st day of June, 1860, to the 1st day of June, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application to the Clerk of said Court, during this month.

dec16d2w S. P. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

MILK HOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE. The lecture on Bible Themes and Bible Lands, by J. H. Ely, Rev., at High Street Church last evening, was largely attended, every seat in the house being occupied. The subject of the lecture was "Egypt under the Pharaohs." The lecture was illustrated by pictures of scenes in Egypt, exhibited by means of a screen, some twenty five by thirty feet; many of the pictures taken on the spot. Ancient Bible scenes were shown, and the spectator was carried to the Nile from Alexandria to Nubia, a distance of seven hundred miles, in a boat, which was hired for eight dollars per day, and lasted a month; and in a 13 cent carriage each per day. During our voyage we visit Cairo, have a street view, visit a bazaar, take a cup of coffee, &c. Re-embarking, we pass the tombs of the Memphian Kings, and on the great pyramids and the sphinx, and as we sail along catch a view of a crocodile sunning himself on the bank. We gaze on the ruins of various temples of antiquity, now gone to decay, and nearly embedded in the sand. Retracing our steps we reach home, and are gladdened by a sight of Huntington Hall, St. John's Church, the Court House, and the High Street Church, all of which look "familiar as household gods." A review of the "Land of the Pilgrims," on a bleak and barren rock, carries us back two hundred and forty-one years, to a day. The exhibition closed with a representation of Church's fine painting of "The Banner in the Sky," while the congregation united in singing the beautiful hymn of "Plymouth Rock," written by Mrs. Hemans.

The breaking waves dashed high
On a stern and rock-bound coast,
And the woods against a stormy sky
Their giant branches tossed;
And the hoarse night's long dark
The Pilgrims' spirits bore
When a band of exiles moored their bark
On the wild New England shore.

OBITUARY. Died in this city yesterday morning, about half past four o'clock, of congestion of the brain, Mrs. Ayer, wife of Hon. J. H. B. Ayer, aged 67 years. The deceased had been in poor health for some days, though she was not considered dangerous. She leaves one daughter. The funeral will take place from St. Anne's (Episcopal) Church, next Thursday afternoon. The body will be carried to Amesbury for interment.

FOR THE TWENTY-SIXTH REGIMENT.—Small packages of not over one pound in weight, will be received by Quartermaster Parker of the Bay State Regiment, at Camp Chase, or at Chesley's Saloon, No. 21 Merrimack Street, till Wednesday evening, from those wishing to send to members of Col. Jones' Regiment, at Ship Island. Many more new buttons are needed and also, new stitches in old ones. Cards at Caleb Brooks, 139 Merrimack Street.

dec20d2 HARTSHORN & HALL.

Miss Swan's Concert. The arrangements for this concert at Mechanics' Hall on Wednesday (Christmas) evening are such as to warrant the public a rich musical treat. Miss Swan will be assisted by Mrs. Minnie Lititz, Mr. S. B. Hall, Mr. A. C. Ryder, and Mr. Baumbach, pianist, of Boston, all of whom are probably known in this city. The programme comprises some of the favorite songs, duets and quartettes, and we have no doubt that the hall will be crowded. See advertisement.

SNOW STORM. Some three or four inches of snow fell last night and this morning, the first of the season to amount to anything. The snow is succeeded by a cold rain and sleet, which, if it clears off cold, may cause good sleighing for Christmas.

LOWELL STOCKS. In Boston the following prices were obtained for stocks in our manufacturing companies: Appleton Company, (except dividend) $10324; Lawrence Manufacturing Company, $815; Massachusetts Cotton Mills, $1000; Hamilton Manufacturing Company, (except dividend) $6974; Lowell Manufacturing Company, $605; Boott Cotton Mills, $775.

EXPLANATORY. In speaking of an accident, on Friday, which occurred to a person while scuffling, for "prayfully" read *playfully*. There is being what first designed, will also be altogether the best representation of the facts.

In Saturday's issue we spoke of Deputy Sheriff Hopkins as "coroner elect," an office which he has not held for "years and years."

DEATH OF ANOTHER SOLDIER. Horace Ryerson, who went from Lowell in the Lowell Grays, died in the hospital at Washington, December 5th, of fever. He was a native of Maine, and had been in the employ of A. L. Brooks about two years when he enlisted.

SPEAKING, who accommodates the public to very substantial extent, is suitable for holiday presents, is as well prepared this year as formerly, and invites attention to his large stock of jewelry, silver-ware, &c., A little money goes a long way here, and we commend the purchasers of Christmas presents to his store, corner of Central and Middle Streets.

POLICE COURT. Owing to the weather or the lack of crime, the only victim was brown the Court this forenoon.

CHRISTMAS GOODS. Take a look at the new and large stock just opened by Willkins & Clough (successors to H. S. Haynes) at No. 43 Merrimack Street, before purchasing your Christmas and New Year's presents.

DEAF DEGREE. By John Brown, M. D. Boston: Ticknor and Fields. 1861.

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The breaking waves dashed high
On a stern and rock-bound coast,
And the woods against a stormy sky
Their giant branches tossed;
And the hoarse night's long dark
The Pilgrims' spirits bore
When a band of exiles moored their bark
On the wild New England shore.

OBITUARY. Died in this city yesterday morning, about half past four o'clock, of congestion of the brain, Mrs. Ayer, wife of Hon. J. H. B. Ayer, aged 67 years. The deceased had been in poor health for some days, though she was not considered dangerous. She leaves one daughter. The funeral will take place from St. Anne's (Episcopal) Church, next Thursday afternoon. The body will be carried to Amesbury for interment.

FOR THE TWENTY-SIXTH REGIMENT.—Small packages of not over one pound in weight, will be received by Quartermaster Parker of the Bay State Regiment, at Camp Chase, or at Chesley's Saloon, No. 21 Merrimack Street, till Wednesday evening, from those wishing to send to members of Col. Jones' Regiment, at Ship Island. Many more new buttons are needed and also, new stitches in old ones. Cards at Caleb Brooks, 139 Merrimack Street.

dec20d2 HARTSHORN & HALL.

THE INDEPENDENT. Rev. Dr. Bacon, Rev. J. P. Thompson and Rev. Dr. Storrs have retired from the editorship of *The Independent*. They have edited the paper ever since it was started, thirteen years ago. Henry Ward Beecher is now to be its editor. Dr. Leavitt and Theodore Tilton still retain their editorial connection with the paper.

The *Providence Journal* pointedly illustrates the impertinence of our provincial neighbors by remarking that a small bully backed up by a strong one is generally meaner and more insolent than the strong one, who relies upon himself.

PARENTS, have you children suffering by disease or neglect? Do you know what it is to force upon the little mouth and pour down the throat of the struggling sufferer a nauseous dose, and see it turn and writhe in your hand like a worm, and then by the little suffer-ing away and see it be nourished among the nutrients which feed your child look back upon the past? In spirit of charity only pondered, sinned. Dr. Sanford's Hermaphrodite Liver Invigorator is popular form in which they are put up and administered, and the combination of the most valuable remedies ever offered, (only $0.75 per box) and is the most effective and safe remedy ever offered for the public. A simple medicated vapor inhaled from the dropped into the mouth of the sleeping infant will effect which could be obtained in no other way. Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator cannot do, 1st. No. 2 Ist Worms, No. 3 for Colds, Coughs, No. 4 for Diarrhœa, No. 5 for Coughs and Colds, No. 13 for Croup, No. 20 for Fever and Ague, No. 23 for Nervous Headache, and by the Agents, or address PHILIP LEE, 186 Washington Street, Boston, or they will be sent per mail anywhere.

For sale by R. Barr & Co., wholesale agents, and Chas. R. Kimball and Garrison & Howe, agents for Lowell.

dec9d1y

N. J. WIER & CO.,

100 Merrimack Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE FURNACES, STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVE RANGES,

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

MAGEE HOT AIR FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy, Durability and Perfect Ventilation. Also, a large assortment of stoves now in use in this vicinity are for sale at the lowest prices.

Remember the Place to Get a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to our Magee Cooking Stove, which we have had in use in our family—that it is unsurpassed in the whole country, as the Magee Stove Co. have spared no pains or expense in regards economy and convenience. *The Eye May Be Deceived*, but the Magee Cooking Stove cannot be excelled for durability, economy and convenience. Please call and examine these stoves, and you will be convinced that they are the best stove in use. Also, a large stock of jewelry, silver-ware, &c., at a little money goes a long way here, and we commend the purchasers of Christmas presents to his store, corner of Central and Middle Streets.

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April 11, 1861. 1y

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DR. BIRMINGHAM,

NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,

Office and Residence, No. 7 Central Court, Boston and Lowell Railroad Depot.

DR. B. CONSULTED DAILY.

Dr. B. surrenders his medicine to invalids, as many have been cured by it after all other remedies have failed. Dr. B. has been in this country but a short time, and has not had time to get up a wide name for his medicine, but he has cured many who have been given up by their friends to die. Dr. B. has medicines which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which have never failed to cure the worst case of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Female Complaints, and a powerful antidote for Mercury. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Consumption which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Piles which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Piles, Fistula, Ulcers, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Fits which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Fits, Epilepsy, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Worms which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Worms, Tapeworm, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Female Complaints which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Female Complaints, Leucorrhœa, Irregularity, Suppression, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Nervous Debility which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Kidney Complaints which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Blood which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Blood, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Ulcers, Sores, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Skin which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Skin, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Blotches, Pimples, Freckles, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Eye which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Eye, Sore Eyes, Weak Eyes, Cataract, Amaurosis, Gutta Serena, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Ear which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Ear, Deafness, Discharges, Noises in the Head, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Throat which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Throat, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Swelling of the Throat, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Heart which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation, Pain in the Side, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Lungs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Stomach which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Stomach, Sick Stomach, Vomiting, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Bowels which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Bowels, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Liver which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Liver, Jaundice, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Kidneys, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Bladder which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Bladder, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Urinary Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Reproductive Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Reproductive Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Digestive Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Digestive Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Respiratory Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Circulatory Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Circulatory Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Nervous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Nervous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Muscular Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Muscular Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Osseous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Osseous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Cartilaginous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Cartilaginous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Ligamentous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Ligamentous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Tendinous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Tendinous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Aponeurotic Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Aponeurotic Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Fibrous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Fibrous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Cellular Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Cellular Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Adipose Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Adipose Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Areolar Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Areolar Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Mucous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Mucous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Serous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Serous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Synovial Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Synovial Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Glandular Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Glandular Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Follicular Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Follicular Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Vascular Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Vascular Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Capillary Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Capillary Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Arterial Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Arterial Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Venous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Venous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Lymphatic Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Lymphatic Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Chyliferous Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Chyliferous Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, &c. Dr. B. has also a remedy for Diseases of the Chylopoietic Organs which he has used in his practice in India for many years, and which has never failed to cure the worst case of Diseases of the Chylopoietic

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STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
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GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
See what
CLERGYMEN SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.
O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to bear testimony to the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using Your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand. When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be seen, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine the facts above mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, as even faster your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already, and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug; saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance where such it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all; but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and failing at short-sight the price. I have received two or three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one extant which has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none to these advertisers have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have copied vague, worthless and several inferences, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two hundred persons who have used your preparation with perfect success, and consider it, as I do, the best article ever manufactured, and every disease it is said and heralded as.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but learned you were now doing in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,930, will be promptly answered. Yours truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

PROSPECTUS, Ind., July 20, 1859.
DEAR SIR: I write you a few lines to say that I think you are entitled to the credit of. I am now thirty-four years of age, and have used your hair restorative for fifty years of my life. For — years past my hair was falling out, and was turning — materially gray, and was getting very thin and stiff and unpliant. I had used a number of varieties of hair dressings, but the effect of your Hair Restorative, as I perceived there was a new life, then truth in them. I was entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to a color and appearance, as it was in my younger days a beautiful black. I considered I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way. I purchased of your small bottle, and I am happy to say remonstrated using, knowing directions as near as I could. Upon directions I found my hair was restored, and my hair, that was falling off in large quantities, was remaining in its place, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and just begun on the fourth. I have now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as any man, or as I had in my youthful days, where I was a native of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair ceases to fall, by falling, if and is as soft and fine, and feels as silky, as though just from the hands of the French chambermaid. Many have acquaintance, who frequently ask me how I restored my hair and beard, as it was as snow in color. I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I do not think it possible to convince them that it is the original hair of the same color. Yours truly,
FREDERICK FISHER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment, which can not be obliterated by newspaper puffs. Its use now unanimously it has been universally used, and we believe in every case with every desired result, as it restores the original luxuriousness of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most valuable and most sure which accomplishes all it professes, and all the land and grey hair.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative acts as a tonic, eradicates eruptions, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many so-called testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't dye till you have tried the Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing over anything we recommend, as time never fails to test every compound, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to those who are complaining off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has used it, proved the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues.—*Home Journal.*

Hair and bald heads will be as rare as snow in summer.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to restore the original color and vigor of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head had become almost bald become covered with the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has everything that is claimed for it in the above description. In short, on simples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and if it does not prove beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, no money is being harm, suits—most excellent elements are perfectly harmless.—*Boston Daily Bee*, March 22, 1859.

A GREYING BOON.—It our capacity as counselor or public journal, we are called upon to advertise for some ills of the race, any of which claims to be unadulterated in the composition will in addition to the cure restore the hair without its loses our readers to determine. In our leading columns Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the notable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and owner claims it to be. Let all who are in need of this is universally known to be magical. Like lime or gamut or calomel, it is a specific for a crop universal ruffed. Use two thirds inherited by nearly, but one-third of the race, and especially growing bald to try the Restorative.—*Cincinnati Sun.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood restores to the head its natural color. Since attention has been turned to invoking a luxurious hair, never before was there such a fusion but worst ones, and thousands who have used it can testify to its bally for years are now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own hair of its original color, and strong. Some of the constituents in the chemistry of human life, and the Restorative is made up of the fine ones of the world. Try it, you student out the human hair, its character, its nature, its use, its color, and how to restore it. Its healing vitality of that remarkable fluid, so as to the age of the individual had arrested four years and he is convinced that it is the only article that revitalized. He thing has ever come—animal bald and gaily grey as the top of thistle—that he restored his own hair inside, strength and luxuriance, and the article brought it with her gave to the world. GO TO HALL'S RESTORATIVE, and have nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 44 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

J. J. Au. 444 Broadway will be found at his own hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.
jan1 6mW

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For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.
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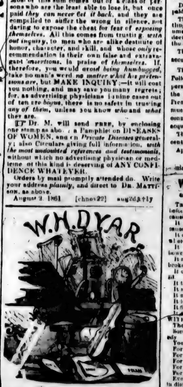
For *CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.*
PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade
white or fancy colored papers.
Always on hand, a good stock of pearl and fancy and—unmatched white and colored CARDS adapted to a variety of purposes, of work—in packs and on boards to be cut to order.
Z. E. STONE,
W. S. HUNT, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IN THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. D. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy or
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GANERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDER-ED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.
They are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them acknowledge them invaluable.
Dr. JAMES L. LEFEVRE, wife from Nashville, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by those suffering from indigestion, dispepsia or other stomach complaints.
E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport Ohio, says: "I have used your Sherry Wine Bitters now three myself, having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great confidence to the public."
Dr. W. M. HERD, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine of the age. We have recommended them with great success, and with the most perfect confidence in the heart and generality.
THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomsville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 9th, 1860, in which he says he has been offered for three years with great success during epidemics of the bowels of dysentery, and prevents the last falling off.—We have seen many so-called testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't dye till you have tried the Restorative.—*Boston Olive Branch.*
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to restore the original color and vigor of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head had become almost bald become covered with the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It also has everything that is claimed for it in the above description. In short, on simples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attending to the trial of this remedy, and if it does not prove beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a manifest improvement, no money is being harm, suits—most excellent elements are perfectly harmless.—*Boston Daily Bee*, March 22, 1859.
A GREYING BOON.—It our capacity as counselor or public journal, we are called upon to advertise for some ills of the race, any of which claims to be unadulterated in the composition will in addition to the cure restore the hair without its loses our readers to determine. In our leading columns Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the notable qualities of the article, that we give it our endorsement as all that its inventor and owner claims it to be. Let all who are in need of this is universally known to be magical. Like lime or gamut or calomel, it is a specific for a crop universal ruffed. Use two thirds inherited by nearly, but one-third of the race, and especially growing bald to try the Restorative.—*Cincinnati Sun.*
ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—Wood's GREAT ARTICLE HAS TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood restores to the head its natural color. Since attention has been turned to invoking a luxurious hair, never before was there such a fusion but worst ones, and thousands who have used it can testify to its bally for years are now, through the use of his preparation, wearing their own hair of its original color, and strong. Some of the constituents in the chemistry of human life, and the Restorative is made up of the fine ones of the world. Try it, you student out the human hair, its character, its nature, its use, its color, and how to restore it. Its healing vitality of that remarkable fluid, so as to the age of the individual had arrested four years and he is convinced that it is the only article that revitalized. He thing has ever come—animal bald and gaily grey as the top of thistle—that he restored his own hair inside, strength and luxuriance, and the article brought it with her gave to the world. GO TO HALL'S RESTORATIVE, and have nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*
Depots, No. 44 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.
J. J. Au. 444 Broadway will be found at his own hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.
jan1 6mW

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.
This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and having proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and in the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and in fact all other troubles of the kind have been tried in vain.
Dr. MATTISON'S EMMENAGOGUE has now been sold *without a single failure* where it has been taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. It is to be taken in doses of three different strengths with full directions for using, and sent by Express closely sealed to all parts of the country.
PRICES—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $6; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.
☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for country cases*, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, *and which is warranted to be represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded*
☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!
Genuine and warranted unless purchased direct of Dr. MATTISON'S CHEMICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.
☞ This Specialty embraces all diseases of a private nature, of both MEN and WOMEN, and is regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, while under the special treatment of health.
CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to quacks and pretenders in the New England alone, without *any benefit* to those who pay it, and many of the victims are left to mourn over sums who are the least able to lose it, but once deceived by the false hope held out, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to have it known for the fear of *exposing themselves*. All this comes from trusting *with* strangers. Let the afflicted call on a able dentistry of honor, character, and skill, and whose *only* reputation is based on the merits of extraordinary *cures*, in praise of *themselves*. If you have been deceived by others, do not refuse to take no man's word *as matter of fact*. Investigate for yourself. Dr. MATTISON'S reputation is his own making, and may save you many regrets, much misery, and be the means of restoring you to health and happiness. Don't be an easy victim to the designing. Remember the place, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.
☞ If Dr. M. will send free, by enclosing stamp, a pamphlet containing an ILLUSTRATION OF WOMEN, and on *Private Diseases generally*, also Circulars giving full testimonials, and *the most unsolicited references and testimonials*, which can be relied upon as genuine. Read some of this kind in observing of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.
August 3, 1861. [cheow29] aug6d2w



MUSIC STORE!
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs a good workmen on frames.
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Neat and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
Regilding and Repairing Frames for Glass Pictures.
Imitation Gold Mouldings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dtf

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS made and repaired, Canes in great variety and Gold and Silver Headed, Walking Canes, &c., &c., at
DYAR'S MUSIC STORE,
41 Central Street, at greatly reduced prices.
dtf

FOREST RIVER LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASS.—AUCHESTER
ALL'S WHITE LEAD is now sold at the Forest River Mill is warranted to be ground in the finest manner, and to contain no adulteration by the Boiled Linseed and Furnaces, it is believed that it will be found superior to any other in the market. Also, for sale by the Manufacturer's agent at Boston prices by SAM'L N. WOOD
mar22 43 Market street.

Toilet Soaps.
ENGLISH Brown and Glycerin, Puritan and Cocoa, Rose and Palm, Transparent Liquid White, White's Cosmetic, Tricopherous, Bay Rum, &c., &c., for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.
may3

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S FRIEND.
LOCUM, for cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass, Gold or Silver, Steel, Britannia Ware, &c.—This article is invaluable. It will be found effectual, cheap and a great saving of labor. Paint, however soiled, by its use will look as fresh as new. Glass will look clear as crystal, and the brass will look like new gold. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary, corner Merrimack and John sts.

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S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Paste* for polishing furniture, which will be found superior to anything now in use. Call and try it. Prepared only by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts.

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MANY citizens of Lowell, and from all parts of the country, can testify to the efficacy of the
ALBION CORN PLASTER,
in curing Corns without the slightest pain where all other remedies, as well as *relieving* Corns that have been subjected to great pressure relief. It is not a new remedy, having been invented in England some fifty years since. Its equal has never been discovered. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Prepared only by
S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

BUY ONE FOR THOSE A
THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
181 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,842,555.60
10 dividends paid to date, 1,684,980.18
Losses paid, $2,157,575.42
The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.
Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.
It offers unusual security and advantages.
It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.
Its Insurances are, for a Term of Years and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.
It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.
The only Stocks owned by it are Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate in NEW JERSEY and WESTERN NEW YORK, and well-secured.
A regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his *whole attention* to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, accommodations for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet *Retreat*, while under the special treatment of health.
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August 3, 1861. [cheow29] aug6d2w

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PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Neat and other styles, Ornamented and Plain.
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may3

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—Eugenie's Perfect Beauty, or Complexion Powder, Pearl Powder, Circassian Bloom or Bath of Beauty, Persian Liquid White, White's Cosmetic, Tricopherous, Bay Rum, &c., &c., as well as S. KIDDER, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John streets.
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Corner Merrimack and John streets.
Sold by all Apothecaries. mh2

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment of
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD VEST, FOB AND NECK CHAINS.
BRACELETS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
STRAPS, SEALS, ENGLISH SLEEVE BUTTONS,
NAPKIN RINGS, SALT CELLARS, TEA SPOONS
JEWETTES, ICE CREAM AND CREAM
KNIVES, FRUIT AND PICKLE TABLE CUTLERY,
&c., &c., &c.
SPECTACLES.
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—sold by *sole* agent.
HAIR WORK.
The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK, manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and WARRANTED.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. decl0tf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1837.
RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to D. C. BREPARD)
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.
Only Manufacturers of Umbrellas in Lowell, and Agents for the celebrated
HIGHEST AWARD
Presented by the London Industrial Fair of 1862.
Have constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, an extensive assortment of UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS and WALKING STICKS, of every description, fashionable and durable, at the very lowest prices.
Also, a large assortment of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, and those who give Notice by a call will find it to their advantage.
The dividends declared are based upon the most economical conscientious.
This Company has now its large number of 7171 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of policies is not considered necessary to the success or the principle of average, upon which all Life Insurance is based. All wants of the Institution must therefore proceed from its increased business, connected with it should call the attention of their acquaintance to the advantages offered.
The Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on all premiums received prior to January 1st, 1861.
Applications for insurance may be made to
JOHN A. HEMENT, Agent.
Feb 23 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE
Used News to the Suffering Millions.
This Golden Salve has now won a verdict of least confidence in the world. Its success is unparalleled. It causes the lame to walk, the blind to see, the deaf to hear, and the dumb to speak. It is the only remedy that will cure all diseases. It has the highest recommendations from all parts of the country. It is pungent and the last—from Brandreth, Beardsley, Holloway, Townsend, Hall, Wright, Sands, Ayer, Wood, Hall, Wright, Sands, Ayer, Wood, Hall, Wright, Sands, Ayer, Wood

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, December 24, 1861.

CORRESPONDENCE.
CAMP HAMILTON, FORTRESS MONROE, VA.,
December 19th, 1861.

EDS. COURIER.—It affords me pleasure to redeem my promise to you, before I left home, to write you occasionally during my journey, giving you and your readers the result of my observations as I move from place to place. From Lowell, by way of Boston, I went by the Stonington line to New York, and after a ride of four hours, made unusually pleasant by the courtesies of those two popular conductors, Wheeler (to Providence) and Smith (from Providence to Groton Junction). At 9½ went on board the "Plymouth Rock," commanded by that quiet and unassuming gentleman, Capt. Geer—though the junior captain, he is one of the oldest and best known of Long Island navigators. The clerk, G. W. Geer, Jr., has been a general favorite of the traveling public on the Sound for the last fifteen years.

As soon as we left Groton the bell rung for supper, and the table was spread with every luxury of the season. After supper I had a long conversation with Col. Bullock, the traveling officer of the Union, who told me he had enlisted 7,000 men—that he opened his office last July, which show he is "in the right man in the right place." He told of one recruit going on with him to join the Eleventh Massachusetts Volunteers, which rather caused regret to all who heard the story. You may remember the incident. When Gen. Butler was pushing his way from Annapolis to Washington, with our glorious and hardy sons of Massachusetts, the gallant Eighth repaired the railroad where the rebels had torn it up. At a certain point one rail being wanting to complete it, you will remember a hurry and daring son of Massachusetts drew some fifteen feet under a car in a creek, and brought up the necessary rail, to the joy of the General and all under his command. The road was finished and the Eighth of Massachusetts, and the far-famed Seventh of New York, reached Washington, largely aided by the ingenuity and daring of the Massachusetts soldier. Now those who heard the above related came to the unanimous conclusion, that man ought to have had the gratitude of Gen. Burgoyne, Gen. Answ, or the General Government, by a commission in the position of some kind, indicating that his individual labor in assisting on the troops to the protection of the capital of the land every moment menaced by the rebels, was gratefully remembered; but as yet nothing of the kind has been done. I hope he is not to be entirely overlooked or forgotten; or that it can be said that a Republican Government is ungrateful. It is a well-known fact that monarchial governments never fail to reward such acts of meritorious conduct.

After a pleasant night's rest we reached New York at 6, A. M., giving the passengers time to take the cars for the South when the far-famed Fall River line was one hour too late, and consequently those who went that route lost a day in reaching Washington or Fortress Monroe. The day in New York very pleasantly, congratulating our many friends on the election of Mr. Opdyke mayor, which is considered a great triumph by all conservatives. Mr. Opdyke is an old City Whig, and will make a model mayor, I doubt not.

I left New York at 5 o'clock, P. M., passing through Philadelphia at 10, P. M., and arriving in Baltimore at 3½, A. M., where I had the pleasure of taking Alex. Stevens, a late worthy citizen of Lowell, by the hand; he is now in business with his son, selling Lowell-made shoes, sashes, blinds, &c. I took breakfast with them, the city and had all the interesting points on Pratt Street shown me, where our Lowell and Middlesex County soldiers were brutally murdered by the infuriated rebels on the ever memorable 19th of April, 1861. I would also state here that the Legislature of Maryland, now in session, passed a resolution last Friday, requesting the Governor of Maryland to obtain from the Governor of Massachusetts the names of all the soldiers of the gallant Sixth who were killed and wounded, so that Maryland may remunerate with a pension those who were wounded, now living, and the families of those killed. God grant Maryland may do so more; I believe our own city and State, and the General Government, have left those who there fell in defence of our country entirely unnoticed. Some of the wounded have never received one solitary cent, while those who were able to go through to Washington and were sworn in, have been paid in full.

When in Baltimore I called at the camp of the Massachusetts Seventeenth Regiment, and passed a pleasant hour with the men, many of whom I knew personally. The men seem happy and contented. Before I left I called upon and was made heartily welcome by Col. Amory and Lieut. Col. Fellows, of Chelsea, who deserve great praise for their kind attention to the comforts of their men. They have got the ground all staked out for building wooden barracks, instead of tents, which will be much more economical for the Government and much more healthy and comfortable for the rebels.

At 9½ I took the steamboat Adelaide for Fortress Monroe. As soon as travelers step on board each one is very politely requested to give his name, destination and business. When I gave mine, I was quickly grasped by the hand, and was welcomed by one of our fellow-citizens, Mr. Ayling, a member of the Richardson Light Infantry, whose duty it is to search every passenger and their trunks. Mr. Ayling alternates daily with Corporal Charles Brigham, of Lowell, well known at home as that a Lowell citizen is sure to find a friend and a gentleman on board, who is happy to assist or impart any information desired. I am happy to add they are both very popular with the travelling community they do honor to our city.

At 6 o'clock, A. M., Sunday morning, after a very comfortable night's rest, we arrived at the Fortress, where our names were sent up to the Provost Marshal's office, and also sent for Gen. Wool's inspection. The passengers were not allowed to leave the boat till a messenger returns, which usually occupies one hour, when we were all marched under the corporal's guard to the Provost Marshal's office, where we were received very politely by Mr. Duval, as deputy, and in a few minutes were welcomed by that "prince of good fellows," Capt. Davis, Provost Marshal of the Fortress, who gave passes to all those he knew, and those who were strangers were required to take the oath of allegiance before receiving them. One Canadian of our party would not take the oath, and was marched on board the boat and put under guard till the boat sailed again on her return trip, at 5, P. M. Capt. Davis was exceedingly kind and obliging to our party of fifteen from Lowell, and extended us all the courtesies in his power. We were also received by Lieuts. Farrar and Fifield with a hearty and cordial welcome, who escorted us around the Fortress, and pointed out to us all that was worthy of notice.

After seeing the Richardson Light Infantry go through inspection (which they did with true soldierly bearing), we bid our Lowell boys good-by, and went over to Camp Hamilton, and were received most enthusiastically by the Middlesex County Regiment, the Sixteenth Massachusetts, composed in part of the Hill Guards, Butler Rifles, and who are all Lowell men, and a noble set they are, I assure you. In my next I will endeavor to give you some description of Camp Hamilton.

FANEUIL.

THE ENGLISH STATION.—Dispatches from Minister Adams to the State Department, report that he has had an interview with Earl Russell, regarding the Trent affair, without any definite conclusion. It is stated on the authority of the *New York Evening Post*, that Mr. Seward, in an interview with Lord Lyons, disavowed any knowledge that the Government was to take place, and of all purpose to insult the British flag. This has delayed the presentation of the preliminary demands of the British Government, which came out in the Europa. Further advices from London will probably be awaited.

A special dispatch from Washington to the *Post*, says that the Cabinet has resolved to release Mason and Slidell, and orders have gone on to ship them at once to the protection of the captain of the ship every moment menaced by the rebels, was gratefully remembered; but as yet nothing of the kind has been done. I hope he is not to be entirely overlooked or forgotten; or that it can be said that a Republican Government is ungrateful. It is a well-known fact that monarchial governments never fail to reward such acts of meritorious conduct.

CITY AND COUNTY.

26th Regiment, Ship Island.

The Soldiers' Aid Association will send a box to the Lowell soldiers of the 26th Regiment per steamship Constitution from Boston.

Packages weighing not over three pounds each will be received at the office of the Lowell Gas Light Co., this day, till 2 P. M., and to-morrow, (Christmas,) forenoon.

By order of Executive Committee
WM. O. WISE,
Chairman Com. on Forwarding.
dec24d2p

GIRL WANTED.

Wanted, a good girl, competent to take charge of children. Steady and English girl preferred. Apply at this office.
Lowell, Dec. 23, 1861. dec24d2

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

If you desire teas of a good article of TEA and COFFEE, do not fail to call at the old-established Tea and Coffee Store, 6 John Street, where you will always be sure to find the largest and most carefully selected stock of TEAS to be found in the city. All tea drinkers may be greatly benefited by buying their Teas at this establishment.
dec24d2w

TO LET.

A good apartment containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of C. W. BABAR, corner Central and Merrimack streets.
dec24d2

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most fashionable styles, and of the best quality, at thorough bargains, also **MR. DRESS GOODS**, such as printed and plain de laines, cross prints at Cheltenham Block, 116 Merrimack street.
dec24d3 HARTSHORN & HALL.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest, and falling due three years, on hand and for sale at the National Bank, Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.
Lowell, November 20, 1861. d&tf1w

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes of honest every description, at reasonable prices is at KITTREDGE'S, 31 Middle st.
nov22d

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the trials, in criminal cases, from the county of Middlesex, on the 1st day of June, 1860, to OCTOBER 31st, 1861, can obtain their fees, on application at the Clerk's office during afternoon office hours.
dec21d3w* F. HADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper. tf

NO PAPER TO-MORROW. Agreeably to former usage no paper will be issued from this office on Christmas day (to-morrow).

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS AND WHERE TO BUY THEM. Although the year just closing has been a hard one to most classes, and the prospects of the one to come leads many to doubt what the condition of things is to be, yet the time honored custom of giving and receiving presents does not seem likely to be altogether ignored, nor should it let the circumstances be what they may.

Books, thanks to the intelligence of our people, constitute the staff article used in making an appropriate present, and all kinds can be found at Eastman's, No. 21 Central Street; with Earl Hazel, No. 3 John Street, Merrimack Square; with Hildreth & Sargent's (the oldest in the city), City Government Building.

Should clothing, which some may seek for a present, the old stand on the corner of Central and Market Streets, or Thompson & Co., No. 57 Central Street will be happy to furnish purchasers with superior articles at reasonable rates.

Progressing a pace historically, we next see that Wilkins & Clough, at No. 15 Merrimack Square, are desirable customers a large assortment of crockery, with glass and other choice wares of every variety.

Those who desire anything in the line of rich confectionery, either retail or in large or small quantities, will be satisfactorily served at French's Saloon, Central Street, a place known to all our citizens.

In the dry goods line (and here this article are intervened, gentlemen) what more acceptable present could a lady have than a new cloak, dress or shawl, from the store of Bon & Woods, 132 Merrimack, or from Hartshorn & Hall's, next to City Government Building? If not suited here, then to Kidder, Merrimack Square, Peabody's, or Orange & Eastman's, all on the same street.

For a variety of fancy articles—perfumeries, beads, &c., and a list of articles almost too long to repeat here—call at S. Kidder, Jr.'s, corner of Merrimack and John Streets; the old stand (Carleton & Hovey's, City Government Building; at Kimball's and at French's, whose establishments look each other from opposite corners of Merrimack and Central Streets; at Hoyt, No. 32 Central Street, or than can's in Wamsutt Bank Building, and Middlesex Street.

Ladies can be supplied with furs and gentlemen with hats and caps, by calling on our neighbor Dempsey, at No. 30 Central Street, or if they live in the upper part of the city, Bascom, in the City Government Building, will be disposed to accommodate you from his stock of furs.

For gloves and furnishing goods of all kinds, Brazer, corner of Central and Market Streets, is always to be found at home during business hours; and his supply of all kinds of articles in his line for dressing men and boys is by no means a limited one.

In jewelry, watches and silver ware, Sanborn, corner of Central and Middle streets, always has a variety worth looking at; while Haynes & Son, No. 43 Central Street, is well supplied with a similar stock for such occasions, and in addition to the above has a large variety of carpets, belts and other requisments, just the thing to present to a military friend.

Musical instruments, canes, or pictures and frames can be found at Bugg & Griffith's, No. 77 Merrimack Street; Dyer, No. 41 Central Street, is not less supplied in this line, and will be ready to supply callers with about anything, from a grand piano to a snare drum.

A desirable present one always finds in the picture of friends. What can be better than one of the well executed photographs at Winslow's, No. 28 Merrimack Street (Wyman's Exchange), where all kinds of work embraced in the art are skillfully executed. Warren's Gallery, No. 100 Merrimack Street, presents many attractions of the same character.

Nothing would be more acceptable to your boy than a sled, or a pair of skates to go with; and Burbank, Chase & Co., No. 9 Central Street, and Mansur, No. 126 Central Street, are prepared to do business in either article on a

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

AND STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL GROWS

MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what OTHERS SAY OF IT. A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the hearty testimony of the Hair Restorative after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, before which time I was not a gray hair to be found, and now I am covered in the rear, my hair since that time has been lost up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued the use occasionally two or three times a month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it lacks the virtues mentioned will have particular attractions to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known to you, and are more wonderful issues through entire Union. I have occasion from time to time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, to have been pointed out to me as one recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects; in one case in particular, I have met with people that have purchased it through my recommendation, who had tried it and found no effect. In every instance however, it proved to be putting the article on the hair that had used your article at all, but had used some how or other, and not in a good way. Yours, &c., I am well aware there

THE DAILY COURIER.

Thursday, December 26, 1861.

THE MASON AND SLIDELL AFFAIR. There are many rumors and much speculation in regard to the pending trouble between this Government and England, growing out of the arrest of Mason and Slidell on board the English steamer Trent. We have no doubt the story respecting their immediate release of the rebel Commissioners, which was started some days ago, is entirely unfounded; for in case they are given up, a long correspondence, and a thorough discussion of the matter, will ensue, and others hanging on it, will first ensue. But as yet we see nothing leading us to believe that they are to be given up, although there is every day growing a feeling that should England demand them, and insist upon their release, rather than involve the Government in a war with her, they would be surrendered, unless by giving them up our National honor must be compromised. There is nothing positively known as to the character of the correspondence that has already passed between Mr. Seward and Lord Lyons, and the public is equally in the dark as to the sentiments of the President and his Cabinet in relation to the questions at issue. A New York paper has made a statement, editorially, that "within a few hours of the fact of the arrest of Mason and Slidell being made known to the President, he summoned and expressed the opinion that *the prisoners must be given up*," but statements as positive are frequently quite unfounded; but the silence of Mr. Lincoln on the subject, in his message to Congress, may be looked upon as indicative of his entertaining grave doubts as to the legality of the act of Capt. Wilkes.

Among other statements (which it is well to remember, however, is entirely unauthorized although originating in one of the first journals of this country), in relation to the matter which is to be discussed between the Secretary of State and the representative of the British Crown, it is this: that Mr. Seward has instructed Mr. Adams (minister at the Court of St. James) to demand of the British Government "an explanation of the conduct of Captain Wilkes, late agent of the "Breckinridge Central Committee," and late secession writer at Richmond!

REV. J. W. FORD, late pastor of the Universalist Society at Kendall's Mills died on Monday of last week of paralysis.

WAR ITEMS. There was not much news received yesterday, and we have no papers to-day.

The skirmish at Newmarket Bridge, near Fortress Monroe last Sunday, was a slight affair. Two companies belonging to the New York 20th Regiment went out to look for a man who was lost in the woods the day before, and found 4 twelves surrounded by 700 rebels, but the Federal troops succeeded in cutting their way through without loss. Reinforcements were sent out to aid the two companies. Ten rebels were killed and nine wounded. Six men of the New York Companies were wounded. Lieut. Wright of the 15th Massachusetts Regiment, has been dismissed for disrespectful language to his superior officers.

The damage to the North Missouri Railroad by the rebels is estimated at $300,000. The Fed-ral army has captured two ferry boats and a number of rebel officers and privates at Lexington. A notorious rebel leader from Arkansas named Robinson was killed, and the rebel bands dove away. On Thursday of last week Price's camp at Oforola was thrown into confusion and made a retreat at hearing that the Federal army was near them. A dispatch from Williamsport, Md., reports only 7000 rebels in that vicinity. On Tuesday last the Indiana 19th Regiment killed 8 rebels and wounded 12.

The Creek, Cherokee and Seminole Indians are said to be deserting the rebel cause in large numbers. 6000 Indians are reported to be encamped at the big bend of the Arkansas River near the border of Arkansas and the Indian Territory. To-morrow the force of the rebels had a force under Col. Cooper, who were anxious to be reinforced.

A portion of the regular army who were liberated by the rebels at Harper's Ferry and to fight against them, have been sent to the Canadian frontier; where their services are required to make the necessary preparations to defend our own shores from a foreign invasion, and where such services can and will be used without involving a breach of parole on the part of the men that released from imprisonment by the rebels.

It is rumored in Washington that Gen. Burnside, leaving to others the work of opening the blockade of the Potomac, may land lower down the coast, and effect such a juncture with Gen. Buell's army in Kentucky, as will shut the Confederate forces before the capital in a trap from which they cannot escape, and thus force them to to choose between surrender or starvation.

The *New Orleans Bee* of the 12th says that the naval commander of the Federal fleet forbade the transmission of Gen. Phelps' proclamation, and threatened to fire into any boat that attempted to carry it.

We have often heard described the meteoric fall across the Duke of Devonshire' estate, in England, which resembles a natural tree, and is so arranged and fastened with a fountain, that its leaves may be

CITY AND COUNTY.

CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL!

By request of a large number of friends who could not find admission last evening, the CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL of the Prescott Baptist Society will be repeated at the Vestry of the Church of the Messiah, This Evening. The various Committees, Performers, and Refreshments will be in readiness for all who desire them. A number of the items this evening will be new. Admittance 10 cents, children half price. The Vestry will be open at 6½ o'clock. dec26all1

STRAYED

From the residence near Pawtucket Bridge, on Sunday last, a dark red COW with white spots on her back and sides. Whoever will return the above will be suitably rewarded.

DANIEL SWORDS.

Lowell, Dec. 26, 1861. dec26all1

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

If you are in want of a good article of TEA and COFFEE, do not fail to call on the old established Tea and Coffee Store, 8 John Street, where you will always be sure to find the largest and most carefully selected stock of TEAS to be found in the city. All tea drinkers may be greatly benefitted by leaving their Teas at this establishment. dec16d1m

TO LET.

A good tenement containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of C. W. BLODGETT, Central and Gorham Streets. dec13d7

OUTSIDE GARMENTS

Selling at less than cost. Having determined to close out my present stock of Outside Garments, I shall offer them for sale during the month of January, 1862, at the lowest cash prices at Gents' Furnishing Store, 153 Merrimack Street.

HASTHORN & HALL.

dec30d3t

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes at reasonable prices, and warranted, or cannot be persuaded to do so is at STITTENFORD, 16 Middle st. nov30d1

NOTICE.

Persons who were engaged in the Concert-room in the Hall over the Post Office, on the evening of the 24th inst., from the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock, OCTOBER 21st, 1861, are desired to call at the Agricultural Store, Central street and settle up the interest each person is entitled to. 153 Merrimack street. dec26d3t

HASTHORN & HALL.

THE NEW UNITARIAN VESTRY.

The new vestry of the First Unitarian (Rev. Mr. Hinckley's) Church was thrown open for public inspection on Tuesday evening, and was visited by a large number of our citizens. The vestry is on the third floor, and is about 40 by 50 feet square, and 10 feet high, which makes it one of the most spacious places of the kind in the city. The seats are sufficient to accommodate from 250 to 300 persons. It is heated by a furnace in the second story, and has good arrangements for ventilation. At the north end of the vestry, are two rooms, each about 20 feet square, which are suitable for classes and committees. The Sabbath School Library will be in one, for which shelves have already been put up.

The entrance to the vestry and side rooms is up the stairway formerly leading to the north side of the gallery. The entrance to the church has been improved, doors having been cut from the lower hall, opposite the doors leading into the aisles of the church, so that the congregation can conveniently and without trouble enter the Doctor to preside in safety in all cases.

CAMP CHASE. We learn that the troops at Camp Chase are not to be removed as soon as expected, in fact that the times of their going is a matter of much uncertainty. We have heard also, but for the truth of the rumor we cannot vouch, that Gen. Banks has received orders from Washington not to forward any more of his brigade until after the Mason and Slidell affair is settled. If this is so, it is quite probable that no more troops will be sent from New England at present.

A PLEASANT AFFAIR. Among the incidents connected with Christmas, we learn that Miss Adeline Rex, teacher of Primary School No. 14, on High Street, had a gubscring of her pupils in the school room, on Tuesday afternoon. A Christmas Tree liberally shed its fruit for the happiness of the children then and there assembled and the occasion was one that will be long remembered by the little folks.

CHRISTMAS was observed, in this city, in a very proper manner, so far as our knowledge extends. At several of the churches there were services *some* of which are referred to elsewhere.) The only amusements were the concert of Miss Smart and a ball at Chesley's Hall. The sleighing being excellent, all kinds of vehicles on runners, were put in requisition, and run to and from Camp Chase and McFarlin's skating park, and livery stable men were well patronized.

POLICE COURT. The forenoon, Elias Shackelton, for larceny of clothing, &c., from John Cross, was sent to the common jail.

The following as will be seen, alludes to a presentation referred to by us in our last issue, and requires no additional explanation:—

CAMP CHASE, Lowell, December 23rd, 1861.

Mr. John T. Chesley.—In behalf of the officers and non-commissioned officers of Camp Chase, who have been some months here in camp, in token of their regard for you as a man, and the skill in which you have labored after the welfare of ourselves and comrades in arms, in the purchase and preparation of our food, do hereby tender you this case; and upon it may you find support when the infirmities of a "green old age" shall overtake you; at which time we desire you to bear in remembrance the officers and non-commissioned officers who are the present subscribers who have enlisted in their country's service to put down this unnatural rebellion.

CAPT. R. D SHIPLEY,
LIEUT. J. M. G PARKER,
SERG'T. H. C. BACHELDER.

Capt. R. D. Shipley, Lieut. J. M. G. Parker, Sergt. H. C. Hoeker, and others:—Gentlemen:—Allow me to acknowledge with many sincere thanks for the same, the receipt from your hands, of a valuable case, and a token of your regard. My fraternal relations to the Order to prosper while in all strenuous duties, but which he warrants will be found in the case. Fraternally yours,

JOHN T. CHESLEY.

Lowell, Dec. 24, 1861.

FINGER & LOW'S PEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of this Sewing Machine, which will be found in the agent for Lowell and vicinity.

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS	
C. B. Coburn,	P. S. Richardson,
E. Bradley,	D. Hadley,
L. Goodhue,	Isaac Case,
Wm. Crosby,	Wm. Livingston.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT will be confined to Dwellings, Furniture and Farmers' risks. No assessment has been made upon the Mutual Department, and the surplus is $50,000 91, with deposit notes to the amount of $50,000. The Stock Department has a paid up capital and surplus of $100,000, invested in particularly desired. A Dividend is paid on policies in force on the 1st day of July, 1862, and annually thereafter on a mutual cash basis.

The Stock Department has been in operation over $100,000. Dwellings, stores, no exhaustion and manufactories, and other property insured on favorable terms. Applications received by the Secretary at the Office, No. 27 Central Street, (up stairs.)

C. B. COBURN, President.
E. F. SHERMAN, Secretary.
dec26d1m

PURE! PURE! PURE!

OF ALL KINDS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Now is the time to buy PURE, Just received from Paris, which will manufacture for the Holidays. Also, Pure Wines and Brandies for Medicinal purposes, which we will sell at reasonable prices. Also, Pure Cider Vinegar, which we warrant to keep sweet in any climate. Also, Pure Cider, which is sold in warm weather. As we pay cash for our goods, we can sell cheaper than any other house. Please call and examine for yourself, for we can afford to sell much cheaper than any other house in the city. All kinds of Pure Goods kept in a first class Liquor Store.

Store No. 3 Prescott Block, Lowell.

may16d1y

WAR HAS COME AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE IS A FAVORITE WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES OF IT

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been sold in this city, a spread of fame has been made by the soldiers, and a demand for more has been created by sergeants, &c.

Mr. WHITTEN has left with his family Maine to see his family. Before he left he called at the Post Office and left a large amount of the Salve with Mr. Hagg-tt, the wife of Capt. Donavan and Miss O'Hare, sister of Capt. O'Hare, of the Butler Rifles, are at the camp. The Salve is so celebrated that the Soldiers' Aid Society at Chapel Tent, which has been sent to the Sixteenth Regiment by their friends at home. The dedicatory address was by Rev. A. B. Fuller, chaplain of the Regiment. Hon. C. R. Train also addressed those assembled on the occasion.

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POLICE COURT. The forenoon, Elias Shackelton, for larceny of clothing, &c., from John Cross, was sent to the common jail.

Quite a case of Dart Gift-ed's Homeopathic Cure-es, was in to-day to-day and to-morrow, under $1.25 to-day to-day to-morrow, under $1.25 to-day to-day to-morrow, under $1.25 to-day to-day

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PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, about which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my case was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff! I do no imagine any facts above mentioned will be of any particular importance to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are all well known already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects by my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that they had used it without effect. In every instance, however, it proved, by probing the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling at about half the price. I have noticed two or three articles myself offered to the public which I have no doubt are humbugs. It is astonishing that people will patronize an article of no reputation when there is one at hand that has been proved worthy a trial.

Apparently, some of these charlatans have not brains enough to write an advertisement of some other they have copied yours, word for word, in several instances, merely changing the name and name in place of yours!

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your Restorative, and in every instance, however delicate, gray hair, scald head, dandruff, or any other disease, the only and best are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original and present place here, but learned you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or any portion to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box 2,000, St. Louis Post-Office, will promptly be answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—I feel it my duty to say that I think you are entitled to the thanks of the public as a resident of Bloomington, and the public for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For almost twenty years my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white and very stiff and unpleasant. I had used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and thought as there was a ten dollars than truth in them, but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, as it was in my younger days, I procured a bottle, I concluded I would make the experiment, even at only a small risk. I poured out one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following the directions as given by us I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair, that was falling out in large quantities, was comparatively tightened, and a radical change taking place in my hair. As I have continued to use it, till I have used three of our small bottles at a cost of three dollars. I have now a pretty good head of dark brown, or light (it is hair as it was when I had in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My scalp is entirely clear of dandruff, and the half-scared entirely being of such as to suit my taste. I can say to all, as you, through you from the hands of a French chemist, that they are recommended to one frequently say to me, "Doctor, where did you get that hair dye?" I tell them it is the effects of your Restorative. It is almost impossible to convince them that I have not dyed my hair of the only kind.

Yours, truly,
FREDERICK T. BUTLER.

BLOOMINGTON, MONROE COUNTY, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be refused by newspaper puffs, or our own history. It has been long before used, and we believe in every case wire entry desired result, and receives the unqualified indorsement of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of the most valuable and most wise which accompanies all it professes, and all the holders of gray could make no mistake in buying.

Prof. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well-known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative is one of the best preparations, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many so terrific testimonials in proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen of whom we have known for years as persons of the most reliable character. They can still you have used this preparation.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in this era of ten they are quick nostrums, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all whose hair is falling or turning gray. Prof. Wood is a practical chemist, and a New Yorker. He has expended the benefit of his experience and study with us in speaking of its virtues. Let all try it, and laid hands will be as soon under the manufacturer.—*Boston Courier.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to present great virtues in restoring to the hair its primitive vigor. Where the head had become partially bald by incessant sickness, the use of this article has produced a thick, soft,

THE DAILY COURIER.

Friday, December 27, 1861.

THE PERILS OF IRELAND. We have before us a copy of *The Irishman*, of December 7th, published in Dublin, Ireland. It gives a lengthy report of the great meeting in Dublin on the 5th, which was presided over by O Donoghue, a member of Parliament. The meeting was a most enthusiastic one, and the resolutions and sentiments of the speakers were decided against England, and in favor of the loyal States of this country. The report of the meeting is prefaced by saying—"To the United States, Ireland is allied by many a tie of gratitude and blood. Millions of our race crowd the cities and plains of that great country. When English tyranny and landlord oppression drove our countrymen from the land of their birth, in America they found a refuge and a home. While our people, blasted by the operation of a famine created by the ingenious machinery of English laws, were starving, perishing in myriads, here in Ireland, while the food they had raised were being carried from our shores, the Americans took the guns from their ships of war, loaded them with provisions, and sent them kindly to help the starving people in their misery. Yes, to the Irish exiles, An erica has ever been a home and a refuge; and it would be strange, indeed, if, in the present crisis, the United States are threatened with war and carnage, the people of Ireland did not share in the general excitement—reflected at the thought of the great American nation, their noble and generous friend, should be assailed by any power on earth. Of course, the feeling of Ireland is utterly against England's assailing the United States —and it was to give expression to this feeling that the meeting was called." In speaking of the meeting, editorially, *The Irishman* says—

The Round Room of the Rotunda was crowded to excess. A mighty mass of people gathered together in that vast assembly-room, to declare what their feelings as Irishmen were, in the prospect of a war between England and America; and to what side the assemblage inclined—in the nature of their hopes—where was no possibility of doubting. If the shouts of the meeting, in reply to the observations of the speakers, meant anything, they meant sympathy—utter and unqualified—with the Northern States of America, as against England. The rulers of Great Britain may study the valuable fact at their leisure. It is possible that, in any war with America, England will find that the ill will sympathy of the Irish people is with the United States. Naturally enough.

There are, probably, 1,000 Irishmen in America to day than there are in Ireland itself. Four hundred thousand descendants of this island—naturalized American citizens—are divided between the two armies of the Southern and Northern States; fancy what an enormous Irish population these four hundred thousand warriors represent—fancy with what wild, mad eagerness these men, in the services of America, together with their fest all differences of North and South, would rush to a bloody encounter with England! O Irish birth these four hundred thousand men are. America's enemy is their enemy—for when England's naval laws drove them forth from their native land, they found in America a transfer for her mother, and friend; for America they will shed the last drop of their blood; and he would be a madman who would suppose that on any battle in which they were sharers, the Irish people at home would look unconcerned. This is what the meeting in the Rotundo meant—this much is the feeling of Ireland as far as any meeting in Dublin can represent it.

CONGRESS. In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Hale introduced a resolution requesting the President, if not incompatible with the public interests, to transmit copies of all despatches between this Government and Great Britain, relative to the seizure of Mason and Slidell. Mr. Sumner objected. Mr. Hale spoke against any surrender of the prisoners, and would prefer war with England rather than yield to their demands. He would make all honorable concessions for peace, but a gross insult and such surrender would be infinitely worse than war. If the Senate should go home after such surrender, it would be the scorn of the country, and the whole country would be hurled from power by a fire from the rear. Mr. Sumner, who is Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, counseled the tone of Mr. Hale's remarks, and thought that the matter should be treated calmly. The resolution lies over under the rule.

Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, gave notice that he should introduce a bill for confiscating every species of property of all persons who had any connection with the present rebellion, either in a civil, military or naval capacity.

Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, introduced a bill for establishing provisional governments in the seceded States.

The House met, but there not being enough for a quorum, adjourned.

RELEASED. Hon. Alfred Ely, member of Congress from New York, who was captured at the Bull Run fight, and who has been a prisoner at Richmond ever since, has arrived at Fortress Monroe. It will be recollected that Hon. Charles J. Faulkner was released on parole from Fort Warren, a few days since, on consideration of attempting to exchange himself for Mr. Ely, he (Faulkner) to return in thirty days if he failed to effect such an exchange.

MARRIED. E. F. Whitehouse, the well-known popular tailor, was a few days ago married to Miss M. Abbie McDuffee, of Rochester, N. H., which is also his place of residence. We congratulate Mr. Whitehouse on entering "the new life."

CORRESPONDENCE.

CAMP HAMILTON, December 22nd, 1861.

EDITOR COURIER:—In my last I gave you a few items of observation on my journey to this now very interesting spot. Fortress Monroe and Hampton Roads are considered the most important points in our whole country, at the present time, for the reason that they have been the rendezvous of the southern expeditions, which have been so successful, and which must continue to be so, if well officered. After having gone through the requirement of taking the oath of allegience, our Lowell party were invited by Capt. Davis to view what is termed "a gay mourning," which is truly a beautiful ceremony; and after having feasted our e s on the many interesting sights inside and outside the Fortress—examining all the convenient and pleasant rooms which Capt. Davis has provided for the Richardson Light Infantry, of Lowell, and shaking hands with many of the patriotic young men of our city who are under his command, and are great favorites with Gen. Wool, we started for this camp. I would first state, however, that the admiration of the Richardson Light Infantry is well earned, by their temperate and exemplary conduct.

When leaving the Fortress, we were met by Capt. Porter, who is wagon master of the whole camp. He was formerly deputy sheriff in Woburn, and was an aid in Gen. Butler's staff. He is a gentleman, every inch of him, and he can boast of more inches than most any other man, being nearly six feet four inches in height, and portly in proportion. He sent us all up to this camp with one of his teams, for which we duly appreciate his kindness. When we arrived here, two or three hours were consumed in the warm, cordial greeting of the hands of those who were our friends at home, and are dear to us here. It was indeed a very pleasant meeting. We found Capts. Donovan, Lawson and O'Hare, exceedingly attentive during our stay, each doing everything in his power to render our visit pleasant. They have got their several companies in most perfect discipline and drill, and expressed a wish that they could show to their friends in Lowell the proficiency the men have attained. I would here state that if the people of Lowell who so nobly exerted themselves in behalf of the soldiers, in furnishing them with comforters, could only hear the gratitude expressed from all who have received them, they would be well rewarded and satisfied for any little sacrifices they may have made; and I hope our people will continue to exert themselves for the comfort of those who have so promptly left their lives in their hands, left the comforts of home and the ties of family, and taken up arms in defence of our Government. They richly deserve much from us all.

When the Sixteenth, or Middlesex County Regiment, left home, almost every man in the regiment felt dissatisfied at not having the Colonel, as they imagined he was a very austere man; but I am most happy to add that now he has become the very kind confidence of his command, and every man, without an exception, speaks in his praise —from hearty dislike in Camp Cameron he has risen to be quite a favorite, and everyone has a feeling for him as a father in Camp Hamilton This change has been wrought by Col. Wyman's strict integrity, impartiality, discipline, and by his universal kindness. Ward his men—in looking closely to their comfort and in seeing that justice, in even the minutest cases, is awarded to every man in his command. I often hear Englishmen say that with Col. Wyman and his subordinate officers to lead them, that if the Sixteenth is ever favored with a chance to distinguish themselves, Bunker Hill, Lexington, and Concord will never be disgraced by them. One night, when an attack was expected, and the whole regiment was under arms, in a drenching rain for hours, Col. Wyman told his officers that he "relied upon the regiment to do its work with honor to old Massachusetts; that it would be better to die on this side of the bridge, than be ingloriously defeated on the other side." The response was sufficient to assure the Colonel that his men could be relied on.

Then there is Lieut. Col. Measham, who was much liked by the men at Camp Cameron; he still retains the esteem and confidence of all, from the major down to the private. Major Lamson is also the soldier's friend and favorite; and I am happy to acknowledge my indebtedness for "the honors" in his hospitable tent, performed in true Massachusetts style. A number of our Lowell ladies—the wives of Col. Jones, Lieut. Col. Farr, Maj Saw tell, and others, on their return here from Ship Island—were the recipients of his attentions. Adjutant Merriam has also made himself very popular in the Sixteenth Regiment, and is indeed a gentleman, as is also, Quartermaster Livermore, who in various ways placed us under many obligations to himself. By Surgeon Foster and Assistant Surgeon Whiston, I was invited over to view the hospital and its arrangements; and it will be gratifying to those at home to learn that we only found many of the sick convalescent, and none of those with any disease considered dangerous. Only one Lowell men, one of Company D (John Cody, Wood), and one of Company I (John Grady). Too much praise cannot be awarded the surgeon and his assistant for the neatness and cleanliness of every department of the hospital, and to the officers generally of the regiment for their special attention to the health and comfort of those over whom they have been commissioned. I have visited the other six camps here, and no regiment that I have seen can boast of so little sickness as the Massachusetts Sixteenth; but one man has died of sickness, and one has been shot by accident, making only two deaths since they were mustered into service.

I may have wearied your patience with this minute description of the officers, but allow me to say in conclusion, that a more gentlemanly set of men for officers cannot be found in any regiment, which has left Massachusetts; and in drill and maneuvering, either by company or battalion, I have never seen any better, either in our regular army or the many regiments I have seen in England and on the continent. Massachusetts has reason to be proud of the soldiers she has sent into the field, but of none more than that of the Sixteenth Regiment. Lowell, too, can boast of her men as superior in drill, discipline, and meritorious conduct.

But as I leave here in a few hours for Washington, I must close. If time permits you may hear from me there. Many of our Lowell friends here charge me to say to their friends at home, that they are happy and contented as they possibly could be away from them, having plenty to eat, good accommodations, competent officers, and more than anything, want a chance to show their courage. PANTUCKET.

THE WAR NEWS.

Kentucky. Norfolk papers of last Monday, contain a dispatch from Nashville, announcing that 9000 Federal troops had crossed Green river, and were marching upon Hopkinsville, where Gen. Clark had 3500 rebels, and was waiting reinforcements from Clarksville.

Advices from Bowling Green say that 17,000 Federals crossed Green river on Friday. It was supposed that Bowling Green would be advanced upon from three sides simultaneously by 60,000 Federals, and that a decisive battle would soon be fought.

From Washington and vicinity. A deserter from Centreville says that recently portions of several regiments had moved thence forward to Fairfax. Centreville, he says, is impregnable, and that it is to be made the base of future operations. The whole army was preparing to go into winter quarters.

The War Department has issued an order that no additional cavalry regiments are to be organized. Those who have not been mustered into service, will necessarily be transferred to some other arm of the military service.

Charles H. Foster, of North Carolina, has been nominated for Marshal of that State.

No order has yet been given in relation to winter quarters for any portion of the army of the Potomac. Most of the regiments, however, have made preparations voluntarily for present comfort, by constructing additions to their tents from such materials as are at hand, and are so well provided against whether that they could remain in their quarters all winter without great inconvenience or injurious exposure.

By careful examination it has been ascertained beyond doubt, that nine tenths of all the sickness in camp is caused by sleeping upon the ground; and the neglect, being susceptible of improvement, by proper precautions.

FOREIGN NEWS. By the steamer Niagara, at Halifax, we have news from Europe to the 15th inst. The *London Times* endeavors to make it appear that it was a misinterpretation of Mr. Seward to insult England.

There is a rumor that the king of Belgium had offered himself as a mediator, though the *Morning Post* doubts the truth of it.

Gen. Scott's return home was the theme of much speculation. It is generally reported that he had some sort of a mission from the French Government to the Washington Cabinet. The *London Herald's* Paris correspondent says he had a long interview with M. Thouvenel, the French Foreign Minister, before his departure.—The general impression in the financial circles of London was that he carried out a momentous communication from the French Government. Another statement is that the French Emperor disapproves of President Lincoln's policy.

About 12,000 troops are to be sent to Canada.

English ship owners were adopting a system of signals for their outward bound vessels to communicate to passing English ships that there was a prospect of war with the United States.

It is stated that Prince Napoleon continues to argue against the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, and that he was instrumental in causing Gen. Scott's departure for Washington.—The French Government is said to desire peace between England and the United States.—Thurlow Weed has written a letter to the *London Times* defending Mr. Seward from any charge of hostility toward England. Mr. Weed says he believes if England's dispatches to Lord Lyons is peremptory in tone it will meet with a peremptory refusal. The *Times* reviews the letter and expresses the opinion that Mr. Weed has made the case of his client and country worse.

The Sheffield Foreign Affairs Committee had petitioned the Government to visit its high displeasure on Capt. Wilkes and his commander Williams, for having, in the Trent affair, violated the Royal proclamation, and thereby show to Americans that England's neutrality is strict and impartial.

Prince Albert died of a typhoid fever, resulting from a severe cold. The most imposing preparations were being made for his funeral obsequies.

From the continent there is little of importance.

THE PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.—How it was constructed. While the line had been constructed previous to July last, as far west as Julesburg, which is on the Platt river, 300 miles east of Denver. From that point to Fort Bridger is about 700 miles. Mr. Creighton had from 75 to 80 men employed and they were divided into three teams. The men of one team dug the holes, those of another set down the poles and set them, and the third put up the wires. In the line from Fort Bridger to Salt Lake five wagons and five hundred cattle, including a few milch cows, to furnish milk for the men.

The first pole was set on the 6th of July, at Julesburg, and the line last on the 24th, at Fort Bridger, about one hundred miles this side of Salt Lake City, on the 24th of October. The diggers' train went ahead, and got along at the rate of about twenty-five miles per day. Then followed the setters of holes for each pole. The train which put up the poles made two miles per day, and was one hundred and fifty miles behind the diggers when the latter reached the end of their journey. On this line the digging was easy, and the work went rapidly on—in the mountains it was slow, owing to the rocky soil.

The poles were selected, cut, stripped of bark by the men, and were then drawn out by the cattle and distributed along the line. In some localities excellent timber was found in great abundance, hard pine being mostly plenty, though some cedar was obtained. Dead or dry pines were often found in large quantities, some of which would make three poles each when available size.

In some localities the poles had to be set in the mountains and hauled over one hundred miles. Each pole is twenty feet in length, and is buried four feet in the ground. Through the Rocky Mountain Cos, where the line runs, there are points where the men do not have to cover the ground to the depth of eleven feet.

The train which followed along the road across the plains and through the mountains. To shorten distance, where the road ran in a crooked track, for telegraph takes a direct line, following the general course of the road.

The track pursued by the western trains over the plains is very crooked, often made so by the want of water, &c. When an animal falls in carcass is seldom removed from the track, except as the wolves carry it away by piecemeal, and trains which follow turn out to avoid it, thus making a crooked track, for the bones of thousands of animals lie bleaching along the great public thoroughfare of the Missouri to the Pacific.

The constructors of the telegraph line have not met with hostile Indians, though they saw many of the natives along the way, and sometimes suffered by their thieving depredations. The Indian agent at Ivar Creek, 65 miles above Fort Laramie, told Mr. Starr that one of the Sioux chiefs conversed with him about the telegraph project before the poles were in the road, and said that he understood that poles were to be put up which he (the chief) could strung wires closely from top to bottom. As this would make a wire fence, all the buffaloes and other game would be kept from coming down to the south. He looked upon the project with displeasure. The chief understood there was to be but one wire, and that sixteen feet above the ground, he was quite reconciled to it, and appeared to be satisfied. Speaking of the manner in which the natives regard the telegraph, Mr. Starr says the antelopes were timid and distrustful. Herds of them crossing the plains would stop when they came to the telegraph, and cautiously examine the poles before venturing to pass between them.

The stations of the telegraph operators are chiefly at the stations of the mail company, from fifty to one hundred miles apart. There are usually two or three persons at each station, taking care of the mules of the stage company, and these are all the society the operator has.—*Rochester Union.*

The *New York Sunday Mercury* states that an association of the friends of John Brown, operating through the Underground Railroad, are in communication with the most desperate slaves in all Southern cities, and that all the leading cities in the Gulf States will soon be in ashes!

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 26.

40 Metropolitan Horse Railroad 46
15 Fulton Ferry 57
50 Second Avenue Railroad 47 1/2
5 Middleton Flume Railroad 25
1 Pacific Mills 600

Get a cure at Dorr, Gifford's Homeopath in Chambers, put up in any quantities, from 1 vial, price $1, $2 vials, price $1; 10 vials, price $5; and $2 vials, price $9, with book of directions, or sold in single boxes at 25 cents by the Agents, or sent by HELP LEE, 136 Willow street, New York.

A. S. Barnes & Co., wholesale agents, Boston. Chas. R. Kimball and Carleton & Hovey, agents for Lowell.

N. J. WIER & CO.,

100 MERRIMACK STREET,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES, with ovens,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,

MAGEE PORTABLE FURNACES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled by Economy and Convenience. The cost is about one-half the above now in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

Something New for a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the NEW MAGEE COOKING STOVE, of which it is sufficient to say—that it is constructed on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stove, and operates perfectly as regards economy and convenience. *The fire may be kept in all night without any trouble.* Call and see it, and hear the opinion of all who have used it.

The public are invited to call and examine these stoves, at 100 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass., and the Mount Pond & Co.'s Superior Cooking Stove, we offer at the lowest rates, wholesale or retail. 6p octl6dam

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE,

No. 27 MERRIMACK STREET.

Admitting the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass. Washington House, New York, Providence House, Providence, and Washington.

Passengers booked to the West, North and Southwest at the cheapest rates.

Also, Passengers booked to Canada.

Lowell, Dec. 1, 1861. 1y dec2

The Lotteries and advantages of this office are unsurpassed by any other.—Circulars containing information cheerfully imparted.

Office open from 8 o'clock, day and evening.

S. H. PHELPS, Agent.

Lowell, Nov. 18, 1861. 1m

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE. We would refer our readers to the advertisement of Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine. Mr. J. W. Howard is agent for Lowell and vicinity. 2m Jan31

TRADERS' AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS

C. B. Coburn, R. W. Stevens, P. S. Richardson, Wm. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr., Wm. Hall, Jr.,
L. G. Howe, Samuel Eaton, E. F. Sherman,
Wm. Hall, Jr.

Mutual and Stock.

THE MUTUAL DEPARTMENT is confined to Dwelling-houses, Stores, and other buildings which has ever been made in this State. The present cash capital is $100,000, with a cash surplus amount of $114,078 21. The attention of owners and occupants of Dwelling-houses is invited to this favorable opportunity. A Dividend is paid on policies expired during the year, of 40 per cent. on the premium received.

In the STOCK DEPARTMENT the cash assets are over $70,000, and the rates of insurance and other property not hazardous than in mutual risks.

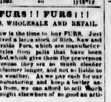
Office, No. 91 Central St., (second story.)

E. F. SHERMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Lowell, July 23, 1861. 1y jy24

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

OF ALL KINDS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.



We are in the receipt of new Furs from the city of Leipsic, which are the latest styles from Paris that have been produced—and differ materially from those imported over all others, because they are so much thicker and heavier, and are made up in the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest prices. As we are the only agents for the sale of these Furs in this city, we can afford to sell them at a less price than can be bought elsewhere of so good an article.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to altering over and repairing Furs in the latest styles. Furriers in the store, at short notice. at

ACORN'S,

No. 160 Merrimack St., Lowell.

nov2

Washington Coal,

For cooking, has no equal.
It kindles quicker,
It burns longer,
It lasts longer,
It costs less per quantity,
It costs less money.

Also, the best burning coal. And the GENUINE can be bought ONLY at HOWARD'S WHARF, Lowell, Mass., by J. W. HOWARD, 18 Prescott Street, Lowell.

jan4

WAR HAS COME AND WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE

IS A FAVORITE

WITH THE SOLDIERS.

THOUSANDS OF BOXES

TAKEN TO THE FIELD.

A large amount of WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE has been taken by soldiers as a remedy for all kinds of wounds, whether fatal, slow and stubborn, or slight and easily healed. Also, for Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Nipples, Piles, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Sore Eyes, Sore Heads, Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Sore Feet, Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Sore Ears, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Chronic Sores, Old Sores, Fever Sores, Cancers, Tumors, Fistula, Abscesses, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what
OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

Prof. Wood, Esq.: Dear Sir—Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1856, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was very thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not imagine it a facts there mentioned will be of any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware they are in the hands of already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occupied my time in traveling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that it had done it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by producing the results as above, and I used your article at all, but had good reason to have articles to the contrary. I am now selling at about the same rate as when I first commenced selling it, without advertisement as above, which I have avoided for the reason, that in so doing that people will perceive in an article of the preparation to have merit or it could not be been proved beyond a doubt.

As quantity sooner of these testimonials have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as some they have acquired years, and in several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, gray hair, sores, head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, in 1856, and you were now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care box No. 1,097, will be promptly answered.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I feel it a pleasure to testify that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and am now 60 years old over thirty years. am now over fifty years of age. For almost twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white as new carded wool and wasbeard. I used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was some fiction then truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, so it was in my younger days, I purchased which, I considered I would make the experiment, can no doubt go to small way. I used one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair that was falling off in large quantities, was considerable tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and my hair is begin and fourth. There now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as you ever saw, and in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair comes on perfectly natural, and I am now 60 years old. I feel it my duty to testify as I have done, as I do it from a high sense of duty. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Why, Mr. Kerr, you get just like wig!" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I consider it impossible to convince them that is the original hair of the old gentleman. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be exhausted by words. Throughout our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe it never has failed to give the desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have used it. We can therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine preparations which accomplish all it promises, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Sun.*

See top

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now cures almost every eruption, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many who were completely restored, proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't delay till you have tried it.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for the character of one lies by no means in safety, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all who are in the habit falling off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has used it, and owned the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues.—*Sunday Times and Gazette.*

Wood's HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to be a great deal more than a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald before the second bottle of the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually restrain dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It can be certainly relied upon as all that is described. In many cases a single one and other disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and the effects are so highly beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a constant improvement, is at least sure of doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Evening Mail*, August 23, 1860

A CHRISTIAN BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the many quack medicines to be unadulterated in its composition and to which we have no confidence, but in what justice we know our readers to determine. In now introducing Prof. Wood's Hair Vitality Restorative—we are so well assured of the intrinsic qualities of the article, that we give it our unqualified endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims for it. Its effect upon the human hair of hair is universally known to be magical. Like time or grease on calcined lime, it brings up a crop wherever applied. Our own thatch is absolutely healthy. We advise our readers to speedily growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Chronicle Sept.*

ALL HAIR DYE ABANDONED — WOOD'S GREAT AMERICAN HAIR TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood's claims on an enormous scale, and whose mission has been turned to inventing a hair tonic that never fails—restored. That fame is so de but world wide, and thousands who have seen signs or have held for years will now, through the use of his preparation, wear long their own natural hair in perfect order. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life and the laws which apply to the functions of the mind. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair, its nature, its composition, its diseases, and how to restore the decay the vitality of that ornament; for such in his own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual be considerable, and he believed that the hair could be naturally restored to its youthful color. He tried his own case—tried and succeeded. He restored his hair to its natural color of the days of boyhood, strength and luxuriancy, and that article he sold it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and save building size.—*New York Tony-Dock.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF All No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan28 1yr dec6 & 20 & 27 & 31 & W

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment stippled with all the

Modern Types and Presses,

we, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Banks, Pamp'lets, Re-ports, Circulars, Town Reports, Newspapers, Court Dockets, Bye-laws and Penalties, Notices of Societies, Printing from Borrow-ed Plates, Blank Books, Paper Rulers, &c.

FANCY BILLS
For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,
For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
LABELS,
In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade of white or fancy colored papers.

Always on hand, a good stock of post and commercial note paper, envelopes, &c. All orders for every description of work—in packs and dispatch to be kept to order.

E. F. STONE,
E. W. HUSE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!
COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER
UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,
IS THE DEMAND FOR
DR. S. G. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS.
The celebrated New England Remedy or HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are now and are recommended by leading Physicians all over the country and who try them pronounce them invaluable.

EF Pamphlets containing certificates, &c., will be furnished gratis. The Bitters are prepared by those well skilled in the business, and are pronounced by those who use them to be

EF DR. S. DAVIS Postmaster at Williamsport, Md., writes: "The pills you gave me for dyspepsia I use them myself having taken cold, become prostrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me, and I recommend it with great confidence in its curative powers."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the best valuable medicine he has ever known, and recommends them with great success, and with the most severe cases of dyspepsia of the heart and general debility.

THOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Bloomville, Henry Co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1860, in which he says he found having been efficted for three years with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating, character. "After using a few bottles of your Bitters I was entirely relieved, and am now in robust health.

GEORGE W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for 20 years in all its various forms, and has spent a great deal of time and money in search of a remedy, and to all parts of the Union, and was induced by time and travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, and have taken pride and pleasure in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have pronounced it a humbug, saying that it had done it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by producing the results as above, that I used your article at all, but had good reason to have articles to the contrary. I am now selling at about the same rate as when I first commenced selling it, without advertised as above, which I have avoided for the reason, that in so doing that people will perceive in an article of the preparation to have merit or it could not be been proved beyond a doubt.

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Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1860.

DEAR SIR: I feel it a pleasure to testify that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and am now 60 years old over thirty years. am now over fifty years of age. For almost twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white as new carded wool and wasbeard. I used a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative, and supposed there was some fiction then truth in them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair, if possible, restored to its original color and fineness, so it was in my younger days, I purchased which, I considered I would make the experiment, can no doubt go to small way. I used one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following directions as near as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and my hair that was falling off in large quantities, was considerable tightened, and a radical change taking place in the color. I have continued to use it, till I have used three of your small bottles and my hair is begin and fourth. There now as pretty a head of dark brown, or light black hair as you ever saw, and in my youthful days, when a boy in the hills of Western Virginia. My hair is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair comes on perfectly natural, and I am now 60 years old. I feel it my duty to testify as I have done, as I do it from a high sense of duty. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Why, Mr. Kerr, you get just like wig!" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative. I consider it impossible to convince them that is the original hair of the old gentleman. Yours truly,

FREDERICK T. BUTLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE has acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which cannot be exhausted by words. Throughout our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe it never has failed to give the desired result, and receives the universal indorsement of all who have used it. We can therefore recommend it as one of the few genuine preparations which accomplish all it promises, and all the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Sun.*

See top

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be found an advertisement of this well known and excellent preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.—The Hair Restorative now cures almost every eruption, and prevents the hair falling off.—We have seen many who were completely restored, proof of these assertions some of which are from gentlemen whom we have known for many years as persons of the most reliable character. Don't delay till you have tried it.—*Boston Olive Branch.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for the character of one lies by no means in safety, but we take great pleasure in recommending Professor Wood's article to all who are in the habit falling off or turning gray. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, Esq., has used, and owned the benefit of its application, and joins with us in speaking of its virtues.—*Sunday Times and Gazette.*

Wood's HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is proved, by unimpeachable evidence, to be a great deal more than a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. Where the head has become almost bald before the second bottle of the use of this article has produced a thick, glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually restrain dandruff and other impurities, which operate so injuriously to the hair. It can be certainly relied upon as all that is described. In many cases a single one and other disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no hazard attaching to the trial of this remedy, and the effects are so highly beneficial, as the compound, if it does not cause a constant improvement, is at least sure of doing harm, as its component elements are perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Evening Mail*, August 23, 1860

A CHRISTIAN BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the merits of the many quack medicines to be unadulterated in its composition and to which we have no confidence, but in what justice we know our readers to determine. In now introducing Prof. Wood's Hair Vitality Restorative—we are so well assured of the intrinsic qualities of the article, that we give it our unqualified endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims for it. Its effect upon the human hair of hair is universally known to be magical. Like lime or grease on calcined lime, it brings up a crop wherever applied. Our own thatch is absolutely healthy. We advise our readers to speedily growing hair to try the Restorative.—*Chronicle Sept.*

ALL HAIR DYE ABANDONED — WOOD'S GREAT AMERICAN HAIR TAKEN THE FIELD. Professor Wood's claims on an enormous scale, and whose mission has been turned to inventing a hair tonic that never fails—restored. That fame is so de but world wide, and thousands who have seen signs or have held for years will now, through the use of his preparation, wear long their own natural hair in perfect order. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life and the laws which apply to the functions of the mind. Prof. Wood studied out the human hair, its nature, its composition, its diseases, and how to restore the decay the vitality of that ornament; for such in his own case, that gray hair is unnatural unless the age of the individual be considerable, and he believed that the hair could be naturally restored to its youthful color. He tried his own case—tried and succeeded. He restored his hair to its natural color of the days of boyhood, strength and luxuriancy, and that article he sold it with he gave to the world. Get WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and save building size.—*New York Tony-Dock.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

EF All No. 444 Broadway will be found always on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan28 1yr dec6 & 20 & 27 & 31 & W

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenogogue,

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown to anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly *so-hoon* in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

ONE GOOD BOTTLE will have now been sold without a single case of failure, when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. EF It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent to Invalids, securely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full-strength, $5 per bottle; Half-Strength $3; Quarter-strength, $2 per bottle.

EF *Remember. This medicine is designed expressly for cases which refuse to admit of other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and is not to be expected that it will prove a STERN SECRECY, or the price will be refunded*

EF BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct of Dr. M. at the EMMENOLOGICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street Providence, R. I.

EF This *Specialty* receives as all diseases of a private nature, and by MRS. and W. M. D., by a regularly educated physician of twenty years' practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Also, sole proprietor for patients from abroad wishing for a secure and safe *Intreat*, for a small remove to

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that over *Two Hundred Thousand Dollars* are paid to swindling quacks, by people in New England alone, without any *A wift* to those who pay it. Such is the case with nearly every class of you some who are the least able to lose it, but once duped, are afraid to try again, and are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to make it known for fear of exposing themselves. All this comes from trusting some *Notorious Quack*, who gives himself the destitute of honor, character, and skill, and whose only recommendation is a few lines of *false and extravagant assertions*, in praise of themselves. If, therefore, you wish to avoid the above, and not take no man's word or *matter what his previous character may be*, but call at the EMMENOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, where you will find the *Proprietor* to be a regular graduate of medicine, and his experience, connected with important improvements in the mode of manufacture, enables us to furnish an article that cannot be excelled.

EF Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing one stamp, a Pamphlet on DISEASES OF THE SKIN, which he says "Every person should read." Also Circulars giving full information, with *Reference*, and testimonials from those who have taken the Medicine and are now living.

EF Those who are suffering physician or medicine of this kind is recommended to CONSULT DR. MATTISON, as above.

August 9, 1861 [chron22] aug24dly

MUSIC STORE!
AND
Frame Manufactory.
W. H. DYAR,
39 CENTRAL STREET,
Continues to keep a large STOCK of
LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE, and manufactures to order any size or style—employs good workmen on frames
PORTRAITS,
PICTURES,
& PHOTOGRAPHS
Oval and other styles. Ornamented and Plain. Regilding and Repairing Plates for Glass
Imitation Gold Mountings for Sale Cheap.
A large Stock of
CLOCKS,
&c., &c., &c.
Sept. 24, 1860. sep24dt

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS made and repaired. Cane in FULL DRESS and SHORT SILK setting. Parasol Sticks.
Sold by dealers in medicine generally.
ma7 d3tw3m

TO get a good TEA SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good DINNER SET, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get cut and common GLASS WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BRITANNIA WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get goo PLATED WARE go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all inds of TEA TRAYS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S SPERM and KEROSENE OIL go to
H. S. HAYNES'.
Union Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10 †

Burnett's Cocoaine.
A COMPOUND of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agree alcuess, it is without an equal.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It restores its color.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It contains those elements when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It removes dandruff in effect.
It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.
Sold by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ma7

MRS. E. KIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, and Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of children, particularly for the diseases of children.—Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. aug6

CANADA FLOUR.
100 BBLS. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 100 bbls. New Potatoes, just received and for sale by S. N. WOODY.
aug13 *3 Market st.

MOTHS! MOTHS!!
CRUDE CAMPHOR, for preventing Furs and Woolens, for sale by S. KIDDER, Jr.,
Corner Merrimack and John sts. ma3

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $2,147,244 90
Dividends paid to date, 1,494,980 18
Losses paid, $4,637,805 53

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any subscribed capital.—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers unusual security and advantageous.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are limited to Bonds and Mortgages on Real & late, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Branch Agencies are in Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The interest got all the profit e.

The business of the Company is confined exclusively to the lines name of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accumulates the income in the manner of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, four times a year, or monthly, as may be most convenient to the insured. Or, if more convenient, may be paid one half in cash, and the balance in a note bearing interest, payable at the option of the Company.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured three years.

The Directors are paid to aid the insured in settling their claims, and to give all the information in their power, free of charge.

The Directors are paid to aid the insured in settling their claims, and to give all the information in their power, free of charge.

The dividends declared are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company now has upon its books number of 7791 Policies in force, yet an increase in the number of policies issued during the present year, over any previous year in the history of the Company, and in accordance with the principle of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution are deposited with the Treasurer of the Commonwealth and with it should call the attention of their friends to the advantages offered by this Company.

This Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent., on all policies issued prior to January 1st, 1860.

Applications for insurance may be made to

CHARLES G. BERKSTER, Agent,
No. 23 Central and 27 Merrimack Sts.
mar2 dtf

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.
Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor from the intelligent part of the world, in intelligence. It causes the lame or a to leap as an hart.

It causes the blind to receive their sight.

It causes the burns child no longer to dread the fire.

It causes the crying of the hungry child for food, who is answered by chatting.

It causes the sick to get out of from his crutch, when he is healed.

It relieves the delirious mother when her breast is full.

It cleanses and cures the scaly of the muddy head.

It terminates the indescribable agony of piles.

It terminates the agony of the scald and pimpled face.

It is a certain cure for the itch.

It is security against scalds.

It is a certain remedy for sore eyes.

It arrests and destroys inflammations, and does it WHOLLY.

The cracks may be cured, if you will heartens.

The sore may be healed, if you will but try the Golden Salve.

You may be rid of your corns and chilblains.

For all purposes of healing.

For chafing in warm weather use it.

For scalding use it.

For sore nipples use it.

For all sores use it.

For all diseases of the skin use it.

For all diseases of the eyes, ears, nose, and throat, and in diseases attacks its virtues are acknowledged. The suffering from the following diseases will find the Golden Salve to being speedy:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, Sore Nose, Sore Throat, Sore Lungs, Sore Breast, Sore Stomach, Sore Bowels, Sore Back, Sore Kidneys, Sore Bladder, Sore Limbs, Sore Hands, Sore Feet, Sore Toes, Sore Fingers, Sore Joints, Sore Muscles, Sore Nails, Sore Corns, Sore Chilblains, Sore Piles, Sore Boils, Sore Carbuncles, Sore Ulcers, Sore Wounds, Sore Scalds, Sore Burns, Sore Chapped Hands, Sore Chapped Lips, Sore Chapped Breasts, Sore Chapped Nipples, Sore Chapped Feet, Sore Chapped Toes, Sore Chapped Fingers, Sore Chapped Joints, Sore Chapped Muscles, Sore Chapped Nails, Sore Chapped Corns, Sore Chapped Chilblains, Sore Chapped Piles, Sore Chapped Boils, Sore Chapped Carbuncles, Sore Chapped Ulcers, Sore Chapped Wounds, Sore Chapped Scalds, Sore Chapped Burns.

Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts. ma7

FURNITURE POLISH.
H. S. HAYNES has just received a *Patent Prize Medal* for the best furniture polish in the world. He has something to say and the best kind ever in the market. Furniture polished with this article looks perfectly perfectly. By using one box at the Polish are still retained to restore the whole furniture or a house quite new, within one hour. Please call and see this new patent Polish at HAYNES' China Emporium, 45 Merrimack st.
oct26

SILVER SOAP.
PREPARED especially for cleaning and polishing *Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware*, and for cleaning *Glass, Bottles Tin &c.* For cleaning Tea Sets, Castors, Spoon Urns and Carriage Mountings it is unequalled.
Sold by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and Warren streets. may6

AMOS SANBORN
Has received a large assortment o
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH,
SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CASTORS,
CARVING CUPS, GOBLETS, TEASPOONS, LADLES, BUTTER KNIVES, FORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
GOLD PENS FOR LADIES AND GENTS
GOLD CHAINS, LOCKETS, GOLD THIMBLES
PENCILS, SEALS, BUCKLES, SLEEVE BUTTONS
SCARF PINS, BRACELETS, GOLD BEADS
NAPKIN RINGS, PALM LEAF FANS, &c.
KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS. Stereo and Instruments for sale cheap.

HAIR WORK.
The latest and most fashionable style of HAIR WORK manufactured at short notice.
WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.
ENGRAVING done in the very best style.
Lowell, Dec. 19, 1860. decl9dtf

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED in 1837.
RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to B. B. HEYWOOD'S)
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL,
Manufacturers of Umbrellas, Parasols, Canes, Sticks, and Dealers in the following well known Pianos:
PIANO STAND
Presented by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857.
Depository on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutinas, Violins, Banjos, Tamborines, Bones, and WALKING STICKS, of every variety and description. Also, a large assortment of Fancy Goods, for sale at the lowest prices.
We have Pianos worth from 50 cents to $50; from $50 to $100; from $100 to $150; from $150 to $200; from $200 to $250; from $250 to $300; from $300 to $350; from $350 to $400; from $400 to $450; from $450 to $500; from $500 to $550; from $550 to $600; from $600 to $650; from $650 to $700; from $700 to $750; from $750 to $800; from $800 to $850; from $850 to $900; from $900 to $950; from $950 to $1000; from $1000 to $1050; from $1050 to $1100; from $1100 to $1150; from $1150 to $1200; from $1200 to $1250; from $1250 to $1300; from $1300 to $1350; from $1350 to $1400; from $1400 to $1450; from $1450 to $1500; from $1500 to $1550; from $1550 to $1600; from $1600 to $1650; from $1650 to $1700; from $1700 to $1750; from $1750 to $1800; from $1800 to $1850; from $1850 to $1900; from $1900 to $1950; from $1950 to $2000; from $2000 to $2050; from $2050 to $2100; from $2100 to $2150; from $2150 to $2200; from $2200 to $2250; from $2250 to $2300; from $2300 to $2350; from $2350 to $2400; from $2400 to $2450; 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THE DAILY COURIER.

Saturday, December 26, 1861.

A WAR WIT, IN ENGLAND! Why?—and echo answers, "Why?" Then, Why not? I recently heard some one say he could give seven good and substantial reasons why England should not go to war with us; and although I shall not attempt to give all his reasons, I will briefly enumerate a few of those which suggest themselves to my mind.

And first: We have no quarrel with our ancient relatives. On the contrary, we, as a people, regard the British people as our friends. They speak the same language, are of the same religion, and are, in general, governed by the same laws, as ourselves.

Second: She cannot have a war with us without a vast sacrifice of private property, by obstructing trade and commerce, loss of merchandize and ships by our armed privateers, and finally, by our republicizing our indebtedness to her citizens—a course which we should be compelled to take in case of war.

Third: The stains which would be cast upon her honor as a nation. After for years declaring to the whole world her abhorrence of slavery, after making great sacrifices to free the slaves of her own dominions, and spending large sums to suppress the African slave trade; with what grace can she advocate a war against the free States of our nation, the object of which will be, if she succeeds, to aid in the extension of slavery, and prove to the world that all her former professions of love for freedom, advocated by her statesmen, proclaimed from her pews, and sung by her poets, were but a hypocritical pretence, and not to be regarded as a matter of principle, to stand against the clamor of the Liverpool merchants or the tall chimney lords of Manchester?

Fourth: She cannot be insensible of the danger of a revolt in Ireland—an event whether successful or not, will have an injurious effect upon her commercial and financial interests, and materially effect, if not defeat, her recruiting her army in that part of her domain.

Fifth: We raise an abundance of *bread Tran*, there are years when England is not dependent upon us for this article of food; but usually she has consumed large quantities of our wheat and corn. But, let it be understood, that the granaries of the United States are closed against England, and whether the crops of breadstuffs be large or small in Europe, the price will advance in proportion to the extra demand for them.

I need not mention the vast extent of frontier she will be obliged to defend, liable to be invaded in hundreds of places; the reader will readily comprehend this, as well as the great risk and expense of transporting men and supplies so far from home.

No: England is under an able government;—is too much regard for the interest of her people, to mount so perilous a car, too great a love of her fame as well as consistency of character to embark in a war in which neither wealth, power, or glory can be gained. The British Cabinet may take a different view of this question, but she well knows that in a war with us, she will have neither Chinese nor Sepoys to contend with.

THE ENGLISH TROUBLE. The following dispatch from Washington is given without any explanation:—"It is reported, and generally credited, that the Trent affair has been adjusted. It is known here in Washington that the present position of England is attributable to dispatches which went to England in the Trent, tendering to Great Britain the protection of over the seceded States, and offering to make them a British colonial dependance.

The New York papers have ridiculous specials from Washington, stating that Lord Lyons, instead of making issue in the Slidell and Mason affair, has revived the State of Maine boundary question, demanding the relinquishment of a part of that State to England.

The steamers Persia and Australasian, have arrived with troops for Canada.

A SHREWD FINANCIAL OPERATION. The following anecdote of and excellent operation in Western banking is told of Gen. Shoepff, in Kentucky, a few days ago—

"When the General arrived in the neighborhood of London, after the Wildcat fight, he found that Zollicoffer had been levying on the Union men for provisions, forage, transportation, &c., and had paid them in Confederate bonds. Imitating an example which the secessionists the night before set to Gen. Shoepff commenced levying on the secessionists for similar supplies. In the meantime he ascertained the Union men of the neighborhood were in Ohio and Indiana money in the form of Treasury notes or convertible bonds at par, and supplying the Union men with gold

LWAYS SOMETHING NEW,
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

[PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

OTHERS SAY OF IT.
A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq. *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, and neither has there been up to this time.

After my case was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not remember of having mentioned will to any particular advantage to you, or as desire to, but I will say to-day, as I am well aware they are all well known, already and even more wonderful cures through out the Union. I have occupied my time in travelling the greater part of the time the past three years, so I have taken pride and joy also in recommending your Restorative, and attributing its effects to my own case. In several instances I have met with people that have proounced it a humbug, saying they had used it and without effect. In every instance however, it proved, by proof of the matter, that they had not used your article at all, but had used some new article, said to be as good as yours, and selling a shade of light for the gray. I have now on three articles myself advertised as above, which I have no doubt ere long will be, as it is astonishing that people will persist in an article of no reputation for the benefit of which, as has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none of these imitations have not brains enough to write an advertisement, as I notice they have all copied my circulars, and several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past few years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—more for baldness, dandruff, sick head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head are subject to.

I called to see you personally, at your original place of business here, in a frame building now being in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 2,027, will promptly meet with attention.

Yours, truly,
JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 20, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I send you a statement, that I think you are entitled to the benefit of. I am a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past my hair has been turning considerable gray, and was almost white one very small and unpleasant. I had seen a number of certificates of the very wonderful effect of your Hair Restorative of a similar kind, there was none fiction then truthin them; but entertaining a strong desire to have my hair as possible, restored to its original color and blackness, as it was in my younger days, I tried one, which, I concluded I would make the experiment, commencing in a small way, by using but one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and accordingly using, following directions as near by as I could. I soon discovered the dandruff removed, and hair, that was before dry, harsh and large quantities, was considerably lightened, and a new circulation was set in motion in the roots of the hair, causing it to swell, and in a few weeks the small bottle and a part of another were used up, and the hair restored to its original color, and has remained so ever since, now fourth. There are no pretty heads of hair, brown, or light hair as any man, or as I am in my 53 years of age, with the exception of the hills of Western Virginia. My head is entirely clear of dandruff, and the hair has ceased to fall by falling off, and is as soft and fine, and lie in as silky, as though just from the hands of a French chamber-maid. Many of my acquaintances frequently say to me, "Doctor, I perceive you get that fine wig;" I tell them it was the effects of your Restorative, and that I had never purchased one. I have used no other article on my own case, that gray hair in unnatural unless the age of the individual had reached a great length, and he believed that the hair could be naturally, particularly. He tried his own case—hunt bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in order, using it occasionally, and the article is not to be gave to the world. Let WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St Louis, Mo.

☞ At No. 444 Broadway will be found all the articles on hand the genuine Family and Patent Medicines.

jan29now 6mos&w&s1yr

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PROMPT and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and at as

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE

Books,
Pamphlets,
Law Briefs,
Cards,
Circulars,
Bill Heads,
Blanks,
Checks,
Drafts,
Notes,
Bills of Exchange,
Bills of Lading,
Orders,
Receipts,
Addresses,
Catalogues,
Town Reports,
Programmes,
Newspapers,
Handbills,
Posters, &c.

Sport Dockets,
By-Laws and Constitutions of Societies,
Printing from Stereotype Plates,
Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Stores, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest style of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY KIND, RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

In black, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade, white or fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of pearl surfaces and colored Labels, plain and gilt, and CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and in boxes to be sent by mail.*

E. F. STONE,
E. W. HUSE,
} Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.

UNIVERSAL, UNIVERSAL,

IS THE DEMAND FOR

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

THE celebrated New England Remedy as

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, FEVER AND AGUE, GANERAL DEBILITY, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS.

They are well and recommended by leading Physicians throughout the country, and all who try them pronounce them the best.

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON, write from Nashua, Hardin Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised highly by all who use them. Their sale increases rapidly."

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON, write from Mansfield, O.: "I must respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to all who are in dyspeptic persons, and all who require a stimulating medicine."

Such News we are receiving Daily.

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by dealers in medicine generally.

may1 1y

To get a good TEA 87½ ☞
To get a good DINNER 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get a good CUP OF COFFEE 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of TABLE CUTLERY 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get goo PLATED WARE 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all inds of TEA TRAYS 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get TOILET WARE, &c. 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get all kinds of KEROSENE LAMPS, 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
To get DOWNER'S best KEROSENE OIL 87½ ☞
H. S. HAYNES'.
China Emporium, 45 Merrimack St.
jan10

Burnet's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agree ableness, it is unrivalled.

It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes a luxuriant and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It restores the original color.
It refines the hair when hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp when sick.
It affords the richest scent.
It removes dandruff.
It cools if used for a half pint bottle.
Sold by S. RIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. RIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea and Dysentery Cordial is one of the best remedies for the complaints of the season, particularly for the time for which it is used, and believed that the last could be naturally, particularly. He tried his own case—hunt bald and quite gray at the age of thirty-seven—he restored his own hair in order, using it occasionally, and the article is not to be gave to the world. Let WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take nothing else.—*New York Day Book.*

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jan29now 6mos&w&s1yr

(Copyright secured.)
THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.
Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and having effected relief after all others have failed, is designed for both married and single ladies, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on at the *monthly sickness* in cases of obstruction *from any cause*, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain.

OVER 20000 BOTTLES have been sold within a single year, and in every instance when taken as directed, without the least injury to health or any exposure. It is put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, *closely sealed*, to all parts of the country.

PRICES.—Full Strength, $10; Half-Strength $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for obstinate cases, in which all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, and which is warranted and guaranteed in every respect, or the price will be refunded.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! None genuine and warranted unless purchased direct from the Sole Proprietor, DR. MATTISON, PERIODICAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ *This Specialty encompasses all diseases of a Private Nature, whether in MEN and WOMEN*, by a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving the *whole attention to them*.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Many unprincipled quacks and patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet place for their case, will find it restored to health.

CAUTION.—It has been estimated that *over Two Hundred Thousand Indians* are paid to annually in the New England States alone, *without any benefit* to those who pay it. Let every one who pays a dime of it, and those who are the least able to lose it, but otherwise have been deceived, and they are compelled to suffer the wrong in silence, not daring to expose the cause, *for fear of exposing themselves*. All this comes from trusting with unknown parties, and from the use of worthless nostrums, called secret, and—kill, and whose only recommendation is the puffing of some one who has been paid for the praise of *themselves*. If, therefore, you would not be *duped and humbugged*, let no one who has been cured by some of the *base pretenders* see, but MAKE INQUIRY of those who have been cured by the genuine remedy, before you enter upon it, for advertising physicians are very regardless of ten or twenty lives, in order to enjoy of them, unless you know who and where you are.

☞ Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing a stamp to pay return postage, a DISEASES OF WOMEN, under Private Diseases generally, also Circular giving full evidence, with *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, without which no one should purchase or take the medicine of this kind in deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 7-1861 [cbsow22] aug6dly

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the greatest of the world's investigators. It causes the lame to *walk*, the blind to *see*, the deaf to *hear*, and the suffering to *rejoice*. It causes the burns cloth no longer to defend the fire. It causes the keeping of the healthy wounds for all are annoyed by challenge.

It is the best thing to take from life crutch, when it relieves the delicate mother when her breast is broken.

It cleanses and cures the body of the scabby head-ache.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It cures the worst cases of the oldest and plagued blindness in one minute.

It is severity against scrofula.

It fights against fever and cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammation, and does it in a single night.

The exercise may be cured if you will hasten.

Sold by druggists 25 cents per box. Prepared only by J. WHITEN, Boston, Mass.

☞ Beware of counterfeits. The Genuine Salve is supplied at short notice, by the Sole Proprietor, at his Depot, 3 Cornhill, Boston.

jan1 1y

Kinner's Lirecone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is unequalled. It will be found *perfect*, *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however dirty, can be made to look as fresh as new, and the equal has never been discovered. Try it.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary at Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the Arms of GEN. BUTLER and W. M. F. Y. a regularly educated physician of twenty years practice, giving the *whole attention to them*.—Consultations by letter or otherwise are strictly confidential, and medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation, to all parts of the United States. Many unprincipled quacks and patients from abroad wishing for a secure and quiet place for their case, will find it restored to health.

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jan1 1y

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
121 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Accumulation Jan. 1, 1861, $3,847,258 93
Dividends paid to date, 1,456,980 33
Losses paid, $1,671,855 55

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principles, without any subscribed capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is entirely the result of the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers unusual security and advantages.

It possesses over $3,000,000 Assets.

Its Investments are in Bonds and Mortgages on Real E tate, worth more than double the amount loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Banks owned by it are New Brunswick, Albany, Troy, and Newark City Banks.

The interest got all the profit s.

The business of the Company is confined strictly to the Issue and Care of Lives.

It is economical in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

Its Dividends are declared annually in all who have been insured five years.

The Dividends are paid to all the insured in settlement of premiums, by allowing them to pay annually, semi-annually, or Quarterly. Premiums can be paid in Gold, Silver, Bank Bills, or Drafts, may be paid one half in cash and the balance in a note bearing interest, if convenient, the interest on premium notes is allowed in Dividends.

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Dividends are declared annually to all who have been insured five years.

The dividends declared are based upon the most correct mortality experience.

This Company has on the books the large number of 7775 Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of new Policies issued each year, is not necessary to the success of the Company, as it is conducted upon the *principle of average*, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All frauds of the Institution are thus guarded against, and the insured secured.

This Company have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on premiums received prior to date my 1st, 1861.

Applications for insurance may be made to

JOHN A. GODDWIN, P. M.
No. 33 Central and 37 Merrimack Streets.

mar7 ly

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jan1 1y

Kinner's Lirecone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is unequalled. It will be found *perfect*, *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however dirty, can be made to look as fresh as new, and the equal has never been discovered. Try it.

Prepared only by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., Apothecary at Merrimack and John streets, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Apothecaries generally.

Gen. Butler Ale Tumblers,

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the Arms of GEN. BUTLER and W. M. F. Y. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

AMOS ANDORN

Has received a large assortment o

WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
Silver and Plated Wares,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND FINISH.

SILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS,
OYSTER AND FRUIT DISHES, CAKE BASKETS
BUTTER COOLERS
CASTORS, CUPS, GOBLETS, IN TABLE CASTERS
PORKS AND SPOONS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GOLD VEST, FOB AND WATCH CHAINS,
BRACELETS, LOCKETS AND THIMBLES
RINGS, BEADS, ENGLISH, BRITANNIA AND
ROSEWOOD STICKS, SILVER SPOONS
NAPKIN RINGS, FAITH BALLADS, PIE KNIVES, IVORY HANDLE TABLE CUTLERY.

STEREOSCOPES,
Large and small, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, foreign and home—*all to suit you.*

HAIR WORK.

The latest and most desirable style of HAIR WORK manufactured and for sale.

REPAIRING of WATCHES and JEWELRY carefully repaired and warranted.

REPAIRING done in the very best style.

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1860. 1y

LOWELL
Umbrella Manufactory and Music Store
ESTABLISHED IN 1849.

RUGG & GRIFFITH,
(Successors to B.B. SHEPHARD)
No. 77 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

Manufacturers of Umbrellas, Parasols, and Canes, and Dealers in this line, would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

HIGHEST PRICES

Promoted by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1857, and

SECOND PREMIUM

Awarded by the Lowell Mechanics' Fair of 1859, for the best assortment of UMBRELLAS, CANES, PARASOLS and WALKING STICKS, of every variety and description, thereby *fully supporting themselves*. All this comes from trusting with unknown parties, and from the use of worthless nostrums, called secret, and—kill, and whose only recommendation is the puffing of some one who has been paid for the praise of *themselves*. If, therefore, you would not be *duped and humbugged*, let no one who has been cured by some of the *base pretenders* see, but MAKE INQUIRY of those who have been cured by the genuine remedy, before you enter upon it, for advertising physicians are very regardless of ten or twenty lives, in order to enjoy of them, unless you know who and where you are.

☞ Dr. M. will send FREE, by enclosing a stamp to pay return postage, a DISEASES OF WOMEN, under Private Diseases generally, also Circular giving full evidence, with *the most undoubted references and testimonials*, without which no one should purchase or take the medicine of this kind in deserving of ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Write your address plainly, and direct to Dr. MATTISON, as above.

August 7-1861 [cbsow22] aug6dly

WHITEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

Good News to the Suffering Millions.

The Golden Salve has now won a verdict of honor before the greatest of the world's investigators. It causes the lame to *walk*, the blind to *see*, the deaf to *hear*, and the suffering to *rejoice*. It causes the burns cloth no longer to defend the fire. It causes the keeping of the healthy wounds for all are annoyed by challenge.

It is the best thing to take from life crutch, when it relieves the delicate mother when her breast is broken.

It cleanses and cures the body of the scabby head-ache.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It cures the worst cases of the oldest and plagued blindness in one minute.

It is severity against scrofula.

It fights against fever and cancers.

It arrests and destroys inflammation, and does it in a single night.

The exercise may be cured if you will hasten.

Sold by druggists 25 cents per box. Prepared only by J. WHITEN, Boston, Mass.

☞ Beware of counterfeits. The Genuine Salve is supplied at short notice, by the Sole Proprietor, at his Depot, 3 Cornhill, Boston.

jan1 1y

Kinner's Lirecone.

FOR cleaning Paint, Glass, Brass Gold, Silver, Steel, and Britannia Ware, &c., this article is unequalled. It will be found *perfect*, *cheap*, and a great saving of labor. Paint, however dirty, can be made to look as fresh as new, and the equal has never been discovered. Try it.

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SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—with the Arms of GEN. BUTLER and W. M. F. Y. Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES, 45 Merrimack st.

Fresh Fruits all the Year.

THE YEOMAN'S FRUIT BOTTLE.

It possesses many important advantages over every other Can or Jar heretofore brought before the public.

First. It is made of glass, as it will not corrode or poison the contents; and as a consequence, the contents of the fruit can at all times be seen when they are easily examined that they are as good as new for succeeding years.

Second. That they are more easily sealed up than any other Can, 2 r Jar Bottle.

Third. That the fruit will keep in this bottle the same length of time as in the atmospheric pressure on it, and will not require the same pressure on the exterior of the fruit to be a tight.

Fourth. They are cheaper than any other Bottle, Can or Jar, that has yet been brought before the public, and are the best. The bottle can be used at all times.

Just received and for sale by H. S. HAYNES 45 Merrimack st.

jan29

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANO-FORTES FOR SALE.

At Prices Suited to the Times!

$225 $400, $500, $75 $100, $125

These Instruments are from all the best manufactories. They are warranted to stand in tune and finish, and are warranted for 3 years. Also, a few Second-hand Pianos, which will be sold at their actual value. Or, WILL BE LET with the privilege of exchange at any time within a period of all charge of $5 per month; ample room for storage. Also, a few SQUARE GRANDS for sale or to let at correspondingly low prices. Call at the Warerooms of G. W. ELLISON & CO., 277 Washington St., Boston.

jan29 3m

GREAT BARGAINS.

In Fall and Winter Clothing.

☞ We are now prepared to exhibit our Stock of Men's and Boy's Ready-Made Fall and Winter Clothing, which in elegance and style of make and finish cannot be excelled by any other dealers in the trade. Dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are confident that they will find the right article upon the right terms.

Also, an extensive assortment of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

Constantly on hand, at very reasonable prices. Call and be convinced.

☞ Orders for UNIFORMS of the various styles for Army and Navy Officers, and Firemen, promptly executed, and perfect satisfaction warranted.

GEO. W. SIMMONS & CO.,
OAK HALL,
32 & 34 North St., Boston, Mass.

THOUSSES, SUPPORTERS,
AND SHOULDER BRACES.

DR. J. W. PHELPS, celebrated throughout the United States as the inventor of the above and various kindred apparatus for the cure and correction of all deformities, continues to devote his entire attention to the same at his establishment, No. 68 Washington street, Boston, where he has the most extensive assortment of the kind ever offered to the public. Persons having Cancers, or those afflicted with complicated ulcerous, should have skilful attention to the nature of Dr. Greene's peculiar treatment.

Consultation at the office, or by mail free of charge.

Dr. Greene will be at the office from 8 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 4 P. M. The office will be open, and experienced persons in attendance, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

All communications will be directed to Dr. GREENE, M. D., 16 Bromfield Street, Boston.

Note. Persons wishing to investigate this method of practice, or to purchase the right to use it, can be accommodated with full instructions or treatment by addressing R. GREENE, M. D., 16 Bromfield Street, Boston.

jan29 3m

EMPLOYMENT.

The Franklin Sewing Machine Co. want AGENTS, at a salary of $20 a month and expenses, or a large commission. Apply at the Office, 323 Washington street, Boston.

jan29 3m

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

FOR CONSUMPTION it is the most reliable remedy known. It has, in thousands of instances, restored to health those who were on the very verge of recovery, and, in cases of thousands, has arrested the progress of the disease, and restored the patient to perfect health.

Its wonderful power in arresting the progress of consumption is unparalleled. It is necessary to persevere in its use for a reasonable length of time, in order to realize its full benefits.

FEMALE DEBILITY. To such, and to those who are troubled with a cough, it is recommended as a safe and speedy remedy.

In Asthma, General Debility, Pneumonia, Chronic Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and sore Throat are speedily relieved by the use of this valuable and almost immediate relief.

A single dose will convince any one of its superiority over all other preparations.

Dr. G. F. WILBOR, Boston.

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Evening Transcript.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Journal.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Post.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Traveller.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Courier.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Atlas.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Bee.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Herald.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Gazette.*

Have proved themselves worthy of the confidence bestowed upon them.—*Boston Times

THE DAILY COURIER.

Monday, December 30, 1861.

Mason and Slidell
TO BE GIVEN UP!

Correspondence between Mr Seward, Lord Lyons, &c.

MR. SEWARD TO MR. ADAMS.

[Extract.]
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, November 30th, 1861.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, Esq., &c., &c.

SIR,—Your confidential note of the 15th of November, not marked as a despatch, has been submitted to the President, and I hasten to reply to it in time for the Wednesday's mail. No minister ever spoke or acted more wisely in a crisis which excited deep public sensitude than you did on the occasion of the Lord Mayor's dinner. We are impressed very favorably by Lord Palmerston's conversation with you. You spoke the simple fact when you told him that the life of this insurrection is sustained by its hopes of recognition in Great Britain and France. It would perish in ninety days if those hopes should cease. I have never for a moment entertained that such a recognition would take place without producing immediately a war between the United States and all the revolting missing powers. I have not supposed it possible that the British Government could fail to see this, and at the same time I have sincerely believed that the British Government must, in its own best interest, be as averse to such a war as I know this Government is. I am sure that this Government has carefully avoided everything like cause of offence or irritation to Great Britain. But it has seemed to me that slowly toward the San Jacinto she discharged a shell across the bows of the Trent, exploding half a cable's length before her. The Trent then stopped and an officer with a large armed guard of marines boarded her. The officer demanded a list of the passengers, and compliance with this demand being refused, the latter, by virtue of had orders to arrest Messrs Mason, Slidell, McFarland and Eustis, and that he took from his vessel, at the place where it occurred or elsewhere. The British Government, which has been in possession of the case for a month, has not put out on the public service at the public expense, or in any other way, any kind of information or disposition to disavow the purpose which has been executed by the hostile operations.

I trust that I have shown that the four persons who were taken from the Trent by Captain Wilkes, and their despatches, were contraband of war. The second inquiry is, whether Captain Wilkes had a right by the law of nations to detain and search the Trent? The Trent, though she carried mails, was a contract or merchant steamer as a matter of course. There must have been only three classes of vessels—vessels of war, revenue vessels and transport vessels. The Trent falls within the latter class. Whatever disputes have been made between Great Britain and other nations under the pretension of the British flag. But the San Jacinto waved that flag. But the San Jacinto was at that time only two hundred yards distant, her guns double shotted, her ports open and her officers and men at quarters. Resistance was therefore out of the question, and the four gentlemen before named were forcibly taken out of the ship. A further demand was made that the commander of the San Jacinto should proceed on board the San Jacinto, bag his men and his guns, and go unless forcibly compelled likewise, and this command was not insisted upon. It thus appears that certain individuals have been forcibly taken from on board a British vessel by force of arms, and against her consent, while such vessel was pursuing a lawful and innocent voyage, an act of violence which was an offence to the British flag and a violation of international law. Her Majesty's Government having in mind the friendly relations which have long subsisted between Great Britain and the United States, are willing to believe that the United States naval officer who committed this act of aggression was not acting in compliance with any authority from his Government or that if he conceived himself so authorized, he grossly misunderstood the instructions which he had received. For the Government of the United States must be fully aware that the British Government could not allow such an affront to the national honor to pass without full reparation and Her Majesty's Government are unwilling to believe that it could be the deliberate intention of the Government of the United States unnecessarily to force into discussion between the two Governments a question of so grave a character, and with regard to which the whole British nation would be sure to entertain such unanimity of feeling. Earl Russell, relying upon the justice and friendship of the United States Government, will, of its own accord, offer to the British Government such redress as alone could satisfy the British nation, namely:

The liberation of the four gentlemen and their delivery to Her Majesty's Government, in order that they may again be placed under British protection, and a suitable apology for the aggression which has been committed.

I should these terms not be offered by Mr. Seward, you will propose them to him.

You are at liberty to read this dispatch to the Secretary of State, and if he shall desire it, you will give him a copy of it.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

MR. SEWARD TO LORD LYONS.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, November 30th, 1861.

MY LORD: Earl Russell's despatch of November the 30th, a copy of which is to have left with me at my request, is of the following effect, namely:—That a letter of Commander Williams, dated at Boston the 8th instant, addressed to Earl Russell, informed him that shortly after noon on the 8th, a steamer having the appearance of a man-of-war, and not showing colors, was observed ahead. On nearing her at a quarter-past two P. M., she fired a round shot from her pivot gun across the Trent and showed American colors. While the Trent was passing slowly to leeward, the American vessel discharged a shell across the bows of the Trent, exploding half a cable's length ahead of her. The Trent then stopped and an officer with a large armed guard of marines boarded her. The officer demanded a list of the passengers, and compliance with this demand being refused, the latter, by virtue of had orders to arrest Messrs Mason, Slidell, McFarland and Eustis, and had on board information of their being passengers in the Trent. While some parley was going on upon this matter, Mr. Slidell stepped forward and told the American officer that the persons he had come to arrest were then standing before him. The commander of the Trent and Commander Williams protested against the act of breaking by force, out of the Trent, these four passengers, then under the protection of the British flag. But the San Jacinto waspat that time only two hundred yards from the Trent, her ship's company at quarters, her ports open and 8 tompions out. Resistance was therefore out of the question, and the four gentlemen before named were forcibly taken out of the ship. A further demand was made that the commander of the San Jacinto should proceed on board the San Jacinto, bag his men and his guns, and go unless forcibly compelled likewise, and this command was not insisted upon. It thus appears that certain individuals have been forcibly taken from on board a British vessel by force of arms, and against her consent, while such vessel was pursuing a lawful and innocent voyage, an act of violence which was an offence to the British flag and a violation of international law. Her Majesty's Government having in mind the friendly relations which have long subsisted between Great Britain and the United States, are willing to believe that the United States naval officer who committed this act of aggression was not acting in compliance with any authority from his Government or that, if he conceived himself so authorized, he grossly misunderstood the instructions which he received. For the Government of the United States must be fully aware that a violation of international law cannot be unwillingly committed by a lieutenant, as we are informed, did not employ obsolete force in transferring the passengers, but he used just so much force as was necessary to satisfy the parties concerned that refusal or resistance would be unavailing. So, also, we are informed that the captain of the Trent was not at any time, or in any way, required to go on board the San Jacinto. These modifications of the case as presented by Commander Williams are based upon official reports. I have now to remind your lordship of some facts, which doubtless were omitted by Earl Russell with the very proper and becoming motive of allowing the whole merit of the transaction to form part of the United States, in the way most satisfactory to this Government. These facts are that, at the time when the outrage occurred, an insurrection was existing in the United States, which this Government was engaged in suppressing by the employment of land and naval forces; that in regard to this domestic conflict, the United States considered Great Britain a friendly power, which might be reasonably left to herself the attitude of a neutral; and that no claim was considered in the same light, and had assumed the same attitude as Great Britain. It had been settled by correspondence, that the United States and Great Britain mutually recognized as applicable to this local strife those two articles of the declaration of Paris of the Congress of Paris in 1856, namely: That the neutral or friendly flag should cover enemy's goods not contraband of war, and that neutral goods, not contraband of war and not liable to capture under enemy's flag. Those exceptions of contraband from that flag were a negative acceptance by the parties of the rule hitherto generally recognised as a part of the law of nations, that the neutral flag covers the enemy's goods, with the exception of contraband. It is plain to capture and confiscation in all cases. Messrs Mason and Slidell and McFarland are citizens of the United States and residents of Virginia. John Slidell and George Eustis are citizens of the United States and residents of Louisiana. It was well known at Havana, when those parties sailed from that port, that Mr. Mason was proceeding to England in the British mail steamer San Jacinto, Captain Wilkes, not belligerent to the Court of St. James, under a pretended commission from Jefferson Davis, who, it was well known, is the President of the insurrectionary party in the United States, and McFarland was going with him in a like unreal character of Secretary of Legation to the pretended mission. Mason, Slidell and McFarland are citizens of the United States and enemies of the United States, and Eustis is the chosen Secretary of Legation for that simulated mission.

The fact that these persons had assumed any such characters has since been avowed by the same Jefferson Davis in a pretended message to an unlawful and insurrectionary Congress. It was not known at Cuba, rightly presumed that these ministers bore pretended credentials and instructions, and such papers are always carried in diplomatic packages. We are informed by our Consul at Paris that these ministers, having accepted the search of the Trent, were actually conveyed and delivered to ministers of the British Government at Paris. Such a proceeding is most essential, yet it is proper to state, as I do upon information and belief, that the officer of the question. The four persons before named were then

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
AND
STILL SOMETHING WHICH HAS
STOOD
THE TEST OF YEARS AND STILL
GROWS
MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

See what

OTHERS SAY OF IT.

A DISTINGUISHED ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN WRITES:

St. Louis, July 10, 1860.

O. J. Wood, Esq. *Dear Sir*: Allow me the pleasure and satisfaction to transmit to you the beneficial effects of your Hair Restorative, after a trial of five years. I commenced using your Restorative in January, 1855, since which time I have not been without a bottle on hand.—When I commenced the use, my hair was quite thin, and at least one-third gray. A few applications stopped its falling, and in three weeks time there was not a gray hair to be found, neither has there been up to this time.

After my hair was completely restored, I continued its use by applying two or three times per month. My hair has ever continued healthy, soft and glossy, and my scalp perfectly free from dandruff. I do not construct facts above mentioned will lend any particular advantage to you, or even flatter your vanity at this late day, as I am well aware that you have a name already and even more wonderful ones through out the Union. I have occasion of late in travelling to greater part of the time the east three years, and during that time I am free in recommending your Restorative, and exhibiting its effects in my own person. In several instances I have met with people that have previously used it, and they are loud in its praise, and will not hesitate in every instance however, it proves to be profitable. I know that my hair has not used your article at all, but had some new article, said to be for the hair, and after selling it about half the price of yours, in two or three articles myself advertised in which I have no doubt would have proved successful, so in speaking of its merits, I am not actuated by any motive other than that it has been proved beyond a doubt.

Apparently none of the numerous hair dressings brought to write an advertisement, as I never that have applied years, and tried several instances, merely inserting some other name in place of yours.

I have, within the past five years, seen and talked with more than two thousand persons who have used your preparation with perfect success—some for baldness, others for scurf, head, dandruff, and every disease the scalp and head were subject to.

I called to see you, personally, at your original place of business here, but was informed you now living in New York.

You are at liberty to publish this or to refer parties to me. Any communication addressed to me, care Box No. 1,020, will promptly answered. Yours, truly,

JAMES WHITE, M. D.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 30, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I used you a statement that I thinks you are entitled to the benefit of. You is a resident of Bloomington, and have been for over thirty years. I am now over fifty years of age. For about twenty years past I have been turning considerable gray. This was almost while not very still. I commenced the use of a number of bottles of the very wonderful effect of Wood's Hair Restorative. I cut repeated after was a considerable strong desire to have it possible, restored to its original color and fineness, so I was in my younger days. I purchased a block, I considered I would make the experiment, consequently in a small way. I used but one of your small bottles, at one dollar, and commenced using, following the directions as far as I could. I soon discovered the dance if however, and my hair, that was dark and in large quantities, was considerably thickened, and a reddish change taking place in it. I continued to use it, till I have used three bottles, and my hair before are is now as dark as ever. Besides, I have not a pretty head of dark brown, or light blue, and not a gray hair to be found in my combing apace. Many a day in the halls of Western Virginia Legislature, I have been asked what I used to restore my hair, as it was all of a sudden turned entirely gray. I have generally failing off and is as soft and curled naturally as silk, as though you put on a bale of it. Prescribe champooer." Many of the members of the Legislature from the South, where cold, you get that fine soap." I told them, that the efforts of your Restorative. I thought it my duty to advise to exercise them that they might have a fair trial of it. Yours truly,

FREDERICK F. ELLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE we acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which is not to be surpassed by any preparation. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe it to be the best article for desired result, and receives the unbounded approbation of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it promises, and rid the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Sun.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be seen a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1859. He writes from Georgia, and says he has been in the use of this with great success ever since. He says he has used three bottles, and is now over fifty years of age, and has been a resident of Georgia for twenty years. He also says he has been troubled with dandruff, and that it has entirely left his head. We have known Mr. Wood for many years, and can recommend him to all who may wish to purchase.—*Boston Gaz. Bruin.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of time they are generally found to be worthless, but we can with pleasure recommend Professor Wood's Restorative to the public as a valuable preparation for the hair. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, has used it, and says it saved the hair of his constitution, and joins with us in speaking of its merits. We have used it and find it all that is claimed for it, and in the same manner.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is prepared by a regular physician, a doctor, to 3 weeks great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. We have seen it use become almost bald because of sickness, the use of which soon clothed the scalp with a glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate to the injury of the hair. It also has curative properties of another description. In many cases pimples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no harm in making the trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, for in many cases it proves of essence a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its compounds are pure and perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and available on its every application, but what justice we leave our readers to determine. In our literature, however—For Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the notable qualities of the article as to be able to give endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Its effect upon the hair and scalp is universally known to be magical. Like Hungarian Balsam, it is a standard article, and a household favorite applied. Use our thatch honorably bestirs, but we notice a disposition to grossly grow hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Sun.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT AZTEC HAIR RESTORATIVE FLUID. Professor Wood stands on as unobtrusive no chemist, whose discoveries have turned to the benefit of hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame was due to his merit alone, and thousands who have seen wigs or been told for years are now, thanks to the use of his preparation, throwing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the law, which apply to the functions of the soul, to. To the use of which we put no human hair, its character, its properties, its growth, and how to produce the desirable vitality of that ornament; to use, as in his own case, to restore the original color and vitality of the moisture, had resolved four years and he is convinced that the hair could be restored, restrained. He tried his own case—almost bald and gray—in Dec. 31, 1857, that restored—he restored his own hair to color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he put it with he gave to the world. GET WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Dry Dock.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 44 Market Street, Lynn, Mass.

For Sale by all Druggists. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in all Towns and Cities throughout the United States and Canada.

DAILY COURIER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT.

The Daily Courier Printing Office

Is supplied with every material necessary or the

PROMPT, NEAT and ECONOMICAL execution of

LETTER-PRESS
PRINTING.

Having an establishment supplied with all the most

Modern Types and Presses,

use, the Proprietors feel assured that they can compete successfully with any other establishment in the PRINTING and NEAT execution of all work entrusted to them, and as to

LOW PRICES AS CAN BE OFFERED ANYWHERE.

Books,
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Law Briefs,
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Mammoth Posters, &c.

FANCY BILLS

For Dry Goods Men, Hatters, Tailors, Milliners and others, plain, or with the richest styles of borders.

IN EVERY COLOR.

SHOW BILLS,

For CONCERTS, THEATRES, TRAVELLING EXHIBITIONS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, RAILROADS, STEAMBOAT AND STAGE BILLS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

LABELS,

to stock, blue or red ink, or Bronze of every shade.

Cards of every variety and of fancy colored papers.

☞ *Always on hand, a good stock of paper suitable for mercantile and colored CARDS adapted to every description of work—in packs and to boards to cut to order.*

M. P. HINE,
S. W. HINE, } Proprietors.

A VOICE FROM THE WEST!

COPIED FROM THE CLEVELAND HERALD.

CURIOUS IN ITS TYPE AND

DR. E. G. J. HARDEN'S

SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

The only Certain Cure for Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Chronic Debility and All Diseases Arising from a Disordered Stomach, Liver or Bowels.

They are used and recommended by leading physicians in all parts of the country, and when by their prominent them intimately.

Dr. JAMES L. HEPPNER, wife from Navarre, Stark Co., O.: "The Bitters are praised by me, and suffering from dyspepsia, dyspepsia for over thirteen years, and have taken almost every variety of medicine, but never found any thing to relieve me like your Bitters. I have also used them in my family for a cough, and they have proved a perfect cure. I cheerfully recommend them to all who may be afflicted with dyspepsia."

FREDERICK F. ELLER,
Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE we acquired a reputation from actual test and experiment which is not to be surpassed by any preparation. In our own vicinity it has been extensively used, and we believe it to be the best article for desired result, and receives the unbounded approbation of all who have tried it. We therefore recommend it as one of those few genuine medicines which accomplishes all it promises, and rid the bald and gray could desire.—*Columbus Sun.*

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. In another column will be seen a long letter, under date of May 4th, 1859. He writes from Georgia, and says he has been in the use of this with great success ever since. He says he has used three bottles, and is now over fifty years of age, and has been a resident of Georgia for twenty years. He also says he has been troubled with dandruff, and that it has entirely left his head. We have known Mr. Wood for many years, and can recommend him to all who may wish to purchase.—*Boston Gaz. Bruin.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. We are not in the habit of puffing every new discovery, for in the course of time they are generally found to be worthless, but we can with pleasure recommend Professor Wood's Restorative to the public as a valuable preparation for the hair. Our well-known contributor, Finley Johnson, has used it, and says it saved the hair of his constitution, and joins with us in speaking of its merits. We have used it and find it all that is claimed for it, and in the same manner.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Unlike most specifics, this is prepared by a regular physician, a doctor, to 3 weeks great efficacy as a restorer of the hair to its pristine vigor. We have seen it use become almost bald because of sickness, the use of which soon clothed the scalp with a glossy hair. It is therefore a valuable preparation for all classes. Its ingredients are such as to effectually eradicate dandruff and other impurities, which operate to the injury of the hair. It also has curative properties of another description. In many cases pimples and other disfigurements of the skin disappear wherever it is used. There is no harm in making the trial of this remedy, and its effects can only be beneficial, for in many cases it proves of essence a manifest improvement, is incapable of doing harm, as its compounds are pure and perfectly innocuous.—*Boston Transcript, April 22, 1859.*

A GENUINE BOOK. In our capacity as conductor of a public journal, we are called upon to advertise the cure-alls of the day, each of which claims to be unadulterated in its composition and available on its every application, but what justice we leave our readers to determine. In our literature, however—For Wood's Hair Restorative—we are so well assured of the notable qualities of the article as to be able to give endorsement as all that its inventor and vender claims it to be. Its effect upon the hair and scalp is universally known to be magical. Like Hungarian Balsam, it is a standard article, and a household favorite applied. Use our thatch honorably bestirs, but we notice a disposition to grossly grow hair to try the Restorative.—*Columbus Sun.*

ALL HAIR DYES ABANDONED.—WOOD'S GREAT AZTEC HAIR RESTORATIVE FLUID. Professor Wood stands on as unobtrusive no chemist, whose discoveries have turned to the benefit of hair tonic has ever before been reached. His fame was due to his merit alone, and thousands who have seen wigs or been told for years are now, thanks to the use of his preparation, throwing their own natural and luxuriant head covering. So much for chemistry, the chemistry of human life, and the law, which apply to the functions of the soul, to. To the use of which we put no human hair, its character, its properties, its growth, and how to produce the desirable vitality of that ornament; to use, as in his own case, to restore the original color and vitality of the moisture, had resolved four years and he is convinced that the hair could be restored, restrained. He tried his own case—almost bald and gray—in Dec. 31, 1857, that restored—he restored his own hair to color, strength and luxuriance, and the article he put it with he gave to the world. GET WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and take nothing else.—*New York Dry Dock.*

Depots, No. 444 Broadway, New York, and 44 Market Street, Lynn, Mass.

For Sale by all Druggists. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in all Towns and Cities throughout the United States and Canada.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

A COMPOUND of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for Cleansing the Hair. For Ornamental and Preservative, it is without an equal.

It prevents the hair from falling off.

It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.

It is not greasy or sticky.

It leaves no disagreeable odor.

It restores the hair when shed and dry, to its

It soothes the irritated scalp skin.

It affords the richest lustre.

It remains longest in effect.

It costs 50 cents for a half pint bottle.

Sold by the HURD & KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

MRS. E. RIDDER'S Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa and Dysentery Mixture, one of the best remedies for the complaints of the season, for children and how to use it, can be had of HURD & KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts.

CANADA FLOUR.

100 Bbls. of the celebrated brand Hiawatha Flour; 100 bbls. New Purves, just received and for sale by S. P. WOOD.

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

CURE CAMPHOR, or removing Tars and Woolen, for sale by S. P. WOOD, corner Merrimack and John sts.

(Copyright secured.)

THE
Great Indian Remedy
FOR FEMALES.

Dr. Mattison's Indian Emmenagogue.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of anything else of the kind, and proving effectual after all others have failed, is designed for both *married and single ladies*, and is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. OVER 2000 BOTTLES have now been sold without a single failure when taken as directed, and without the least injury to health in any case. IT IS put up in bottles of three different strengths, with full directions for using, and sent by Express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country.

PRICE—Full strength, $10; Half-strength, $5; Quarter Strength, $3 per bottle.

☞ *Remember! This medicine is designed expressly for OBSTINATE CASES, in which all other remedies have failed, and has been tried in none; six-third is warranted as represented in every instance. No agent will be employed.*

☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. None genuine without the written signature, pasted on the wrapper of *Dr. M.'s* six REMEDIAL INSTITUTE, 30 Bond St. P. O. Box 4586, New York.

Union street Providence, R. I.

☞ *Dr. Mattison's pamphlet on all diseases of a Private nature* both of MEN and WOMEN, by a regularly educated Physician of twenty years practice, giving his whole attention to them.—Sent to any address, free of charge, in a sealed envelope. All medicines will be sent by Express, secure from observation to all parts of the United States. Also, are consultations for the sick at the office from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Address as above.

(Copyright secured.)

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

ACCUMULATIONS Jan. 1, 1861, $3,812,240 50
LIABILITIES 1,450,000 00
LOSSES paid 1,431,305 50

The Company was organized in 1845, on the purely mutual principle, without any substantial capital—The members, in reality, insure one another, and the accumulated fund is merely the result—the premiums paid by the insured, and is held by the Company in trust, to meet its obligations to them.

Among the many reasons why this Company deserves patronage, are the following, viz.

It offers **MINIMUM INSURANCE AT ACTUAL COST.**

It possesses over $3,500,000 Assets.

Its investments are in **FIRST BONDS AND MORTGAGES** on real estate, worth more than double the sum loaned.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only Stocks owned by it are Brooklyn, $5 City, and Newark City Bonds.

The interest got all the profit it.

The business of the Company is done *exclusively* to the **BEST RISKS** of Lives.

It is **ECONOMICAL** in its management of its business.

It is **PROMPT IN THE PAYMENT** of losses.

It contemplates the issuing to the settlement of policies, by allowing the insured the option of paying the premiums in Quarterly, Semi-Annually, or Annually, or Quarterly, may be paid one-half in cash, and one-half in approved notes, bearing interest at 7 per cent. or premium notes in full may be given.

Dividends will be declared annually until who have contributed to the fund.

The Company has also the large number of TYPE Policies in force; yet an increase in the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the principle of average, and, consequently, the safety of Premiums are based. All bonds of the Institution are incontestable after two years, except in case of fraud connected with it as the call the attention of their customers to the advantages offered.

The Company have declared a dividend of 45 per cent. on all policies issued prior to Jan. 1st, 1861, which premium or last dividend, if not called for, will be added to the policy.

REBECA MITCHELL, Agent,
No. 23 Merrimack and 37 Central sts.

WHITTEN'S GOLDEN SALVE.

The Golden Salve has now won a position of honor, unless the great jury of the world's intelligence. It is overcoming every thing that is in its way.

It is the surest remedy for Piles, Burns, Scalds, and it removes the tender child as safely as the strongest.

It is universally known to be the best.

It is conquering all diseases and cures the scalp of the scabby head with the chilblains.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It smoothes the face of the blotched pimples.

It makes the lame walk.

It cleanses and cures the scalp of the scabby head with the chilblains.

It terminates the indescribable misery of piles.

It smoothes the face of the blotched pimples.

It makes the lame walk.

It is universally known to be the best.

It is conquering all diseases

THE DAILY COURIER.

Tuesday, December 31, 1861.

THE SURRENDER OF MASON AND SLIDELL.

We to-day give the letters which passed between the representatives of the French Government and Mr. Seward, in relation to the arrest of Mason and Slidell on board the English steamer Trent. This closes the correspondence which has resulted in the surrender of the gentlemen named above. While we acknowledge the obligation of our Government to do whatever is clearly right, and according to the laws of nations, we cannot but regret that these slippery trailers are again to be set at liberty. We do not believe they are capable of greater mischief abroad now, however, than they would have been had they gone unmolested, excepting that the fiery manner of the English prints has made them marked men, and they will have the sympathy, perhaps, of persons who otherwise would never have heard of or known them. But the conviction of a large portion of the American people is that the seizure was right, and that but for the peculiar condition of our country, England never would have assumed the threatening attitude she did. However just and common sense this view of the question may be, the President and Cabinet cannot and have not entertained it, but have acted in the matter, it seems, precisely as they would have required any nation to have proceeded toward us had the position of things been changed. Then, setting aside our individual ideas of the right and the wrong of the matter, and what is harder still, reconciling ourselves to the escape of the men who have been engaged in plotting the overthrow of our Government, we can best serve our country by approving the conduct of the President and his unanimous Cabinet, which is that we have no right to hold the rebel commissioners after they have been demanded by the British Government. This closes a few weeks of nervous discussion, excitement, and uncertainty. But has it resulted in nothing to our advantage? If it leads to the final justification of the question of the right of search, which has been angrily discussed at intervals for half a century, and a settlement is based on the issue of the Trent affair, then we have obtained, what we have long sought, and that, too, at a small sacrifice.

It, again, as many insist in believing, England has only made her demand a pretext for interfering in our domestic trouble, the end is not yet; she will seek another; but in that case we have gained something: we have gained time to prepare for foes without as well as foes within. It is undoubtedly true that the Southern rebels will be disappointed at the action of the President in surrendering these emissaries; and it will be contrary to the desires of the rebels already abroad, who have been egging on with all their power, the irritated English to a quarrel with us, seeing in the result, as they believed, the final recognition of the Southern Confederacy. They will be disappointed; and if England really intends to remain neutral, she will get a new insight into the the state of affairs between the North and the South that may open her eyes to the justness of our cause.

This question settled, our Government should turn its attention to the policy of England, France, and Spain, toward Mexico. The presence of a large fleet representing three nations, in the Gulf of Mexico, seems to us useless and suspicious. The pretense of desiring to secure quiet is that formerly somewhat distracted country is not satisfactory. The proximity of the closed ports of the rebels, the scarcity of cotton in England and France, the desire of the English merchants for free trade, and the possibility that no head will be made against the rebellion, are better explanations of the ascending of a powerful fleet on the Mexican coast than any that have yet been given, and should be enough to prompt our Government to the most energetic action—action in every direction, all along the coast, fr m Maine to Texas. Instead of England alone, we may have three powerful nations between us and the rebels, against whom alone we have as yet failed to make satisfactory progress. The Trent affair, if it has awakened the President and the people to the importance of our immediate duties, has been a blessing to our country.

BANK SUSPENSIONS. The banks in most of the large cities suspended specie payment yesterday, as it is supposed, in consequence of a suggestion from the Secretary of the Treasury. The banks of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Albany and Cincinnati, have done so, and will be followed by the banks in the smaller cities and towns. This is done to prevent the specie in their vaults from being drawn out to be sent abroad, and will have no very marked effect on business. The action creates little alarm or excitement, as it had been anticipated for some little time.

MANNER OF MASON AND SLIDELL'S RELEASE. The *New York World's* Washington dispatch says the manner in which Mason and Slidell are to be given up has been left to Lord Lyons, who will doubtless have it done in a manner least offensive to this Government. They will probably be put on board the steamer which sails from New York next Wednesday, and which will, it is understood, be required to stop at Boston.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT ON THE TRENT AFFAIR.

M. THOUVENEL TO M. MERCIER.

PARIS, December 3rd, 1861.

SIR—The arrest of Messrs. Mason and Slidell, on board the English packet Trent, by an American cruiser, has produced in France, if not the same emotions as in England, at least extreme astonishment and sensation. Public sentiment was likewise engrossed with the lawfulness and the consequences of such an act, and the impression which has been received from this has not been for an instant doubtful. The fact has appeared as much out of accordance with the ordinary rules of international law, that it has chosen to throw the responsibility for it exclusively on the commander of the San Jacinto. It is not my griefs to us to know whether this supposition is well founded, and the Government of the Emperor has therefore also had to examine the question raised by the taking away of the two passengers from the Trent. The desire to contribute to prevent a conflict, perhaps imminent, between the two powers for which it is animated by sentiments equally friendly, and the duty to uphold, for the purpose, of placing the rights of its own flag under shelter from any attack, certain principles essential to the security of neutrals, have, after mature reflection, convinced it that it could not, under the circumstances, refuse to examine them.

If to our deep regret, the Cabinet of Washington were disposed to approve of the conduct of the commander of the San Jacinto, it would be either by considering Messrs. Mason and Slidell as enemies, or as seeing in them nothing but rebels. In the one as in the other case, there would be a forgetfulness, extremely annoying, of principles upon which we have always found the United States in agreement with us. By what title, in effect, would the American cruiser, in the first case, have arrested Messrs. Mason and Slidell? The United States have admitted with us, in numerous circumstances, the neutrality of countries, that the freedom of the flag extends itself over the persons found on board, should they be enemies of one of the two parties, unless the question is of military people actually in the service of the enemy. Messrs. Mason and Slidell were, therefore, by virtue of this principle, which we have never ceased to invoke in causing to be inserted in our treaties of friendship and commerce, perfectly at liberty under the neutral flag of England.

Doubtless it will not be pretended that they could be considered as contraband of war. That which constitutes contraband of war is not yet, it is true, exactly settled, the limitations are not absolutely the same for all the Powers; but, in what relates to persons, the special stipulations which are found in the treaties concerning military people, define plainly the character of those who only can be seized upon by belligerents; but there is no need to demonstrate that Messrs. Mason and Slidell could not be assimilated to persons in this category. There remains, therefore, to invoke in explanation of their capture only the pretext that they were the bearers of official dispatches from the enemy—but this at the moment to recall a circumstance which governs all this affair, and which renders the conduct of the American cruiser unjustifiable.

The Trent was not destined to a port belonging to one of the belligerents; she was carrying to a neutral country her cargo and passengers, and moreover it was in a neutral port they were taken. If it were admissible that under such conditions the neutral flag does not completely cover the persons and merchandise it carries, in humanity would be annihilated, and war in its ide word. At any moment the commerce and navigation of third powers would have to suffer from their innocent part in even their indirect relations with the one or the other of the belligerents. There was last would no longer find themselves so having only the right to exact from the neutral entire impartiality, not to interdict all intercourse and navigation relations which modern international law has refused to admit as legitimate, and we should, in a word, fall back upon vexations practices, against which, in other epochs, no power has more earnestly protested than the United States.

If the cabinet at Washington would only look on the two persons arrested as rebels, whom it is always lawful to seize, the question, to place it on other ground, could not be raised, however, in a sense, in favor of the commander of the San Jacinto. There would be, in such a case, misapprehension of the principle which makes a vessel a portion of the territory of the nation whose flag it bears, and violation of that immunity, which properly belongs to sovereign, by consequence, from the exercise of his jurisdiction. It certainly is not necessary to recall to mind, with what energy, under every circumstance, the Government of the United States has maintained this immunity, and the right of asylum which is the consequence of it.

Not wishing to enter upon a more deep discussion of the questions raised by the capture of Messrs. Mason and Slidell, I shall be sither by considering them under the rights of the ordinary rules of the English merchants for free trade, and the possibility that no head will be made against the rebellion, are better explanations of the ascending of a powerful fleet on the Mexican coast than any that have yet been given, and should be enough to prompt our Government to the most energetic action—action in every direction, all along the coast, fr m Maine to Texas. Instead of England alone, we may have three powerful nations between us and the rebels, against whom alone we have as yet failed to make satisfactory progress. The Trent affair, if it has awakened the President and the people to the importance of our immediate duties, has been a blessing to our country.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to you, Sir, the assurance of my high consideration.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

RELIGIO MEDICI—A letter to a friend. Christian Morals. Urn Burials, and other papers. By Sir Thomas Browne, M. D. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. 1862.

Messrs. Ticknor & Fields indeed do books as attractive as the one of which the above forms the title-page, reads our table—rare because the "rich, pure gold of literature" (as some one has called it), within its pages; rare because of the elegant manner in which it is printed and prepared for the public. The general appearance of the volume is better than anything that we have ever before come from the prem of its publishers, who have, he wever, long been famous for their many elegant volumes. But the letter-press is a small attraction to those familiar with the strong, healthy words of old Sir Thomas Browne, who, though long dead, is alive to us all in those select works of his vigorous days. How eagerly do those who read him in a less attractive form, snatch up the volume, and how delightedly, and each for his quaint paragraphs with an avidity that best proves that the words of the wise are a legacy to other generations. There will be but many new readers of this volume of the eloquent words of a learned old English physician; let no one seek it, however, supposing to become the possessor of something that can and will be a casualty diegest "in an hour; for its pages should be thoughtfully studied to be appreciated. The man who wrote in 1662 should not be read, in 1862, in the railway cars, during the fifteen minutes preceding a public lecture, or between the acts of a play.

Our Lowell readers may obtain a copy of this book at I. C. Eastman's, No. 32 Central Street.

It is proposed, and as we think wisely, that as a means of increasing the postal revenue, in the large cities, and at the same time better accommodating the public, a "late letter box" be opened. At present it is well, however, that from an hour to an hour and a half are required after letters have been taken from the boxes to make up the mails and dispatch them—the regulations being that the "late letter box" be kept open to within a few moments of the time the mail leaves; all letters to be promptly forwarded, provided they bear an additional stamp. In this way the English Postoffice gets £35,000 a-year in late letter fees. Of course all can avoid this tax by posting their letters in time.

"CARLETON." The question is frequently asked, (says the *Manchester, N. H, American*) who is "Carleton," one of the most popular and reliable war correspondents of the *Boston Journal*. He is a newspaper boy, a native of Boscawen, educated in the common schools and upon the farm in his own town, intelligent, energetic and reliable, and ready always to do his part, in whatever field of duty he is required to act. Such a man is short is Charles C. Coffin.

CHARLES F. ADAMS, JR., who holds the post of First Lieutenant in a Massachusetts cavalry regiment, is the son of our present Minister to England, grandson of the late John Quincy Adams, and great grandson of the second President of the United States.

The *Boston Court Journal*, of a recent date, says:—"A second petition has been received from the inhabitants of Maine, praying for re-annexation to her Majesty's dominions."

A BEAN CROP. Mr. Whiting Metcalf, of Franklin, Mass., thinks he has beat the New Hampshire men who raised 415 beans from one seed. Mr. Metcalf says that a few years since he raised from two beans 153 pods on one and 156 on the other. The beans counted up 1533.

A NEW HAMPSHIRE MECHANIC REPAIRING CLIPPER GUNS. William F. Robertson, formerly master machinist at Manchester, N. H., has been appointed hold mechanic at Port Royal; and his first job has been to put in order the different cotton gins. He has attached them to a steam engine, which was found in the fort, and has made the same machine that formerly ginned one bales, gin at the rate of *seven or eight* bales a day—so much for one "infernal machine" in the hands of a "greasy mechanic."

CITY AND COUNTY.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, Pressley & Pressley will be dissolved on and after January 1st, 1862, by limitation. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to the undersigned on or before that date.

ISAAC H. PRESSLEY.
Lowell, Dece 30th '61. dec30d3t

TO LET,

A good tenement containing twelve rooms, situated on Chapel Street. Inquire of C. W. DODGE, corner Central and Shattuck streets. dec30d1w

OUTSIDE GARMENTS for Ladies in the most desirable styles, and made in the most thorough manner, can be had at the lowest possible prices, at the Cloak and Shawl Store, also prices at Carleton's, No. 108 Merrimack Street.

dec30d1w HAWTHORN & HALL.

The place to purchase custom made Boots and Shoes of almost every description, at reasonable prices is at KITTREDGE'S, 14 Middle st. dec30d1w

NOTICE.

Persons who were witnesses for the Commonwealth in the Police Court, in criminal cases, finally disposed of from the 1st day of June, 1860, to OCTOBER 31st, 1861, inclusive, can receive their fees in addition to the sum already allowed, upon application to the Clerk during afternoon office hours, at the Court House.

K. P. BADLEY, Jr., Clerk.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Treasury Notes bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest and running three years, on hand and for sale at the Railroad Bank, Carleton Block, Merrimack Street.

November 29, 1861. S. WITCHELL, Agent.

MILK BOOKS

For sale at the office of this paper.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE. The last regular meeting of this Board was held last Saturday afternoon. The sub-committee on Physical Training, reported progress and recommend the employment of Mr. Scott for another quarter. The committee speak favorably of the labors of Mr. Scott, in training. I consider this presentation attributable to no merit of my own; but will be placed to its credit. Coming from a source of such high reputation it shall ever be cherished in my past business, I appreciate the gift more highly, and assure you that it will never be squandered, or put, until every atone of this foundation, which your generosity has secured to me, is placed in its former position. Thanking you for the presentation, and hoping to resume my connection with the schools at some future day, I am,

Very respectfully yours,

H. W. HOWE.

THERE were two acts performed in Central Street last evening that drew crowds. The first was the appearance of a snubnosed, shambling gang; the next, of a noisy drunken man. Both refused to be led along quietly; both laid down and declined to be dragged along; one squealed and grunted, the other swore and did the same; the first was run off *a la* wheelbarrow, squealing vociferously; the second was carried away by men at the four branches of his resting trunk. One was a hog by nature; the other a hog from his own five will. The first did no disgrace to himself, the second disgraced the hog. What became of the five—so much alike and yet so different—we have taken no pains to inquire. We presume they were all killed.

TEACHERS, parents and others interested in the subject of Physical Training at present conducted in our schools, are invited to call at Merrill's bookstore, and look at Prof. Beecher's Pneumonic System in the last *Gymnastic Monthly*, for the year 1862, which may be subscribed for at the club price of 55 cents for the year, delivered.

CAMP CHASE. It is not known, positively, whether the regiments at this camp are to be brigaded together, but the probabilities are that they will do so. The camp is bleak and cold, and the ground covered with ice, but it is the place to make hardy men, and the soldiers will have no objection to leave it for a warmer climate.

SOCIAL GATHERING. The ladies of the Worthen Street Methodist Society will hold a social gathering of the vestry of their church to-morrow (New Years) evening, where they will be happy to meet any friends who may be able to favor them with their presence. Several former pastors have been invited to be present on the occasion. Refreshments, music, and other means of entertainment will be provided. Tickets of admission 15 cents, to be had at the door.

WATCH-MEETING. There will be a watch-meeting at the Worthen Street Church, in the vestry, this evening, commencing at 9 o'clock—preaching at 10 o'clock, by Rev. Mr. Foley, chaplain of the Twelfth Maine Regiment.

ECLIPSE THIS MORNING. Old Sol rose this morning with his night-cap partially over his face. The fact was hardly noticeable, however, by those not on the look-out.

BALL TO-NIGHT. Excelsior Engine Company, No. 1, will close the old year and open the new by a ball at French's Hall to-night. A good time may be expected.

HAND THEM IN. Our City Clerk desires all clergymen and magistrates who have solemnized marriages to make their returns that he may be enabled to complete his record without delay.

AT CHESLEY'S HALL, this evening, will take place another of those quiet and well-regulated balls, so much appreciated by all who have participated in them. The music will be good, and the company the same. We cannot recommend a place of the same character, with a better conscience than this.

FOUR MILES FROM NASHUA. A ball takes place at Willard's hotel, which is only four miles from Nashua, on Thursday evening. The sleighing is good, and a drive up there will be one of the treats of the occasion—New Year's night.

POLICE COURT. There is not a case before this tribunal to-day.

GEN. BUTLER IN LAWE. The people of Boston are desirous of hearing Gen. Jim Lane again, and a petition was in circulation there on Friday, requiring the mayor and aldermen to grant Faneuil Hall for the purpose of a public meeting, which should be addressed by the Kansas Senator and General. Could not something be done in the same way here? There are many who do not believe in all his *intentions* that would like to hear him speak.

NEW MEXICO. Late intelligence from New Mexico says that the law for the protection of slave property in New Mexico was repealed by an almost unanimous vote of both Houses.

ANOTHER PRESENTATION. The following correspondence, respecting the presentation of a sword and belt to Lieut. H. W. Howe, will be read with interest by the friends of that young officer. Remarks from us, respecting him or the donors, are not called for; the correspondence requires no interpretation.

LOWELL, December 27th, 1861.

Lieut. H. W. Howe:—Your friends in the vicinity of Merchants' Mills, desirous of presenting you some token of regard as you are about to leave for a distant field in which you are to serve, present you the accompanying sword and belt as a memento of respect. We feel assured that the same diligence we have observed in your attention to business will be displayed in whatever field you may be called in. Never was sword drawn in a more sacred cause. May it and you be preserved from reproach, and in after life, should you be spared to return, may the recollections of your past in the *present* be satisfying and pleasant.

Yours, truly,
A. L. BROWN,
C. & D. WHITNEY, Jr.,
C. H. LATHAM,
D. WHITNEY, Jr.

CAMP CHASE, Lowell, December 30th, 1861.

A. L. Brooks, C. H. Latham, C. and D. Whitney, Jr., A. L. Brooks and others—Gentlemen: Your present, and the note accompanying it, were received this evening. I consider this presentation attributable to no merit of my own; but will place it to the credit of coming from a source of such high reputation it shall ever be cherished in my past business, I appreciate the gift more highly, and assure you that it will never be squandered, or put, until every atone of this foundation, which your generosity has secured to me, is placed in its former position. Thanking you for the presentation, and hoping to resume my connection with the schools at some future day, I am,

Very respectfully yours,

H. W. HOWE.

A BANK UNDERTAKING. A French paper says that a young girl in Paris lately took a dislike to her boarding school, and coming home at vacation, refused to return. Her parents, after vain efforts at surveillance, as they feared she meant to commit suicide, but she managed to get a pistol, and so far succeeded in frightening her parents that they consented. One morning after a speech is despaired of by the surgeon in attendance.

OLD. Isaac Jones, of Sheffield, now 103 years old, is probably the oldest person in Western Massachusetts. He is very deaf, totally bald and partially blind, but he still has muscular vigor enough left to chop half a cord of wood per day.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 30.

10 Connecticut River Railroad	75
10 Metropolitan Bank	99
30 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	97
1 Northern New Hampshire Railroad	62
1 Fitchburg Railroad	99 1-4
10 Eastern Railroad	99 1-4
5 Eastern Railroad	99 1-2
1 Concord Railroad (par $50)	56
10 Boston & Lowell	99
2 Essex Company	55

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE, 23 MERRIMACK STREET.

Admitting the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass. Tickets for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

Tickets for sale to all the principal cities in the West, North and South-west, at the cheapest rates.

Also, Passage Tickets to Canada.

Baggage checked through to destination.

☞ The Tickets and advantages of this office are for sale at the Depot, Lowell, Mass.

Information cheerfully imparted.

Office open for sale of tickets day and evening, Sundays excepted at all hours.

S. P. FISHER, Agent.

Lowell, Nov. 15, 1861. 1y

N. J. WIER & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MAGEE COOKING STOVES,

MAGEE PARLOR STOVES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES,

MAGEE BRICK FURNACES.

Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. Also, Agents for the Celebrated Magee Stoves, in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

Sounding New for a Cooking Stove.

We would call particular attention to the NEW ENGLAND RANGE, which for the past season has been manufactured on the same principle as the Magee Parlor Stoves, and we are happy to say, has given entire satisfaction to all who have used it. Be sure to call and examine these Stoves, before buying elsewhere, as we are confident we can please you.

Also, a full assortment of other Stoves, Ranges, &c., at wholesale and retail.

Tinning and Jobbing done to order.

Stoves packed and shipped with care.

Remember the place, No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

dec30d1m

LETTER FROM LONDON. We are permitted to copy the following extracts from a letter, written by a Lowell lady, now in London, to a friend in this city :—

"The (prospective) war with America seems to be the theme of conversation; but still I think the major portion of the English people would deplore anything of the kind. I hear that Gen. Scott has left Paris for America. Our National flag is whistled on the streets here, and the newspapers are familiar to every ear.—London, how much does one see and hear! Wealth, luxury, art, talent, beauty, and, alas, suffering and cringe. Yet the inhabitants of this city are a law-abiding people. Indeed, New England is very much like old England in many things of the Yankees being a traditionary people like their ancestors, with all their industry, calculation, and inquisitiveness."

A SHOCKINGLY MEAN MERCHANT. The *New York Observer* states that a trader in Brooklyn went to the West Indies with his wife, who was an invalid. She died there. He brought her home in a cask of spirits buried her in Greenwood, and sold the spirits to his customers! They liked it so well there will enough, and the worthy church member and a good citizen, never thought there was anything out of the way in thus disposing of the spirit when the body was taken out.

DEATH BY INHALING GAS. On the 18th inst., Mr. Wm. Whipple, of Dunbarton, was visiting at the house of a gentleman in Manchester, and upon retiring, blew out the gas light instead of turning it off. The gas escaping into the room, produced an inflammation of the lungs, that caused his death in a few days.

A BAD BARGAIN. A French paper says that a young girl in Paris lately took a dislike to her boarding school, and coming home at vacation, refused to return. Her parents, after vain efforts at surveillance, as they feared she meant to commit suicide, but she managed to get a pistol, and so far succeeded in frightening her parents that they consented. One morning after a speech is despaired of by the surgeon in attendance.

OLD. Isaac Jones, of Sheffield, now 103 years old, is probably the oldest person in Western Massachusetts. He is very deaf, totally bald and partially blind, but he still has muscular vigor enough left to chop half a cord of wood per day.

Sale of Stocks at Brokers' Board, Dec. 30.

10 Connecticut River Railroad	75
10 Metropolitan Bank	99
30 Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad	97
1 Northern New Hampshire Railroad	62
1 Fitchburg Railroad	99 1-4
10 Eastern Railroad	99 1-4
5 Eastern Railroad	99 1-2
1 Concord Railroad (par $50)	56
10 Boston & Lowell	99
2 Essex Company	55

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE, 23 MERRIMACK STREET.

Admitting the Merrimack House, Lowell, Mass. Tickets for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

Tickets for sale to all the principal cities in the West, North and South-west, at the cheapest rates.

Also, Passage Tickets to Canada.

Baggage checked through to destination.

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S. P. FISHER, Agent.

Lowell, Nov. 15, 1861. 1y

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Which cannot be excelled for Economy and Convenience. Also, Agents for the Celebrated Magee Stoves, in this vicinity are their best recommendation.

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Also, a full assortment of other Stoves, Ranges, &c., at wholesale and retail.

Tinning and Jobbing done to order.

Stoves packed and shipped with care.

Remember the place, No. 3 Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

dec30d1m

FIRE INSURANCE.

HOWARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
BOSTON, MASS.
Incorporated January, 1849,
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
$150,000,
Continues to insure against loss by FIRE, on a cash basis, at reasonable rates.

DIRECTORS:
Nathan Allen, John Avery,
Stephen Codding, Benjamin Seaver,
Andrew T. Bonney, Caleb M. Marvel,
Thomas Motley, Jr., Edward Kent,
Edward Brooks, Elijah H. Rand,
Ephraim Howe,
Augustus Flagg.
Alonzo A. Miner, Josiah G. Abbott,
Benjamin B. Hallet, Abraham T. Lowe,
Lemuel W. Clark, Reuben H. Dodge.
NATHAN ALLEN, President.
J. W. DANIELS, Secretary and Treasurer.
Boston Office, 40 State Street.
Lowell Office, Old Post Office Building, for selves and others.
No. 63 Le Central, corner of Middle Street. dec30d1y

ETNA INSURANCE CO,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Capital.....$3,500,000.

Hartford Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
INCORPORATED 1810.
Capital.....$500,000.

North American Fire Ins. Co.,
Hartford, Conn.
Capital.....$300,000.

Western Mass. Ins. Co.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Capital.....$150,000.

The above Companies write on property at as low rates as other responsible offers. POLICIES issued at the Agency of the HOUSE of HOWARD their contents, and CHURCHES, for ONE or FIVE years.

NO ASSESSMENT IN ANY CASE.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND,
No. 26 Central, opp. Middle st., Lowell.
Oct. 1. 1861. sot1ly eof

Charlestown MUTUAL FIRE INS'E CO.
Charlestown, Mass.

Dividend Paying Office.

GEORGE RIPLEY, Agent.
Successor to the late A. J. RICHMOND.
April 1, 1861. jan1ly.

VULCANITED RUBBER.

S. L. & W. G. WARD,

DENTISTS,

Introduced the above article to their notice a year ago. Having made use of it in a limited manner, they have found it to possess many qualities not possessed to one in more extensively. There has been no case in which it has been used, but what has given entire satisfaction. Those who have used it have become its warm friends, and are constantly recommending it to their friends. Several former patients who have left town have returned to be present on the occasion. Refreshments, music, and other means of entertainment will be provided. Tickets of admission 15 cents, to be had at the door.

WATCH-MEETING. There will be a watch-meeting at the Worthen Street Church, in the vestry, this evening, commencing at 9 o'clock—preaching at 10 o'clock, by Rev. Mr. Foley, chaplain of the Twelfth Maine Regiment.

ECLIPSE THIS MORNING. Old Sol rose this morning with his night-cap partially over his face. The fact was hardly noticeable, however, by those not on the look-out.

BALL TO-NIGHT. Excelsior Engine Company, No. 1, will close the old year and open the new by a ball at French's Hall to-night. A good time may be expected.

HAND THEM IN. Our City Clerk desires all clergymen and magistrates who have solemnized marriages to make their returns that he may be enabled to complete his record without delay.

AT CHESLEY'S HALL, this evening, will take place another of those quiet and well-regulated balls, so much appreciated by all who have participated in them. The music will be good, and the company the same. We cannot recommend a place of the same character, with a better conscience than this.

FOUR MILES FROM NASHUA. A ball takes place at Willard's hotel, which is only four miles from Nashua, on Thursday evening. The sleighing is good, and a drive up there will be one of the treats of the occasion—New Year's night.

POLICE COURT. There is not a case before this tribunal to-day.

GEN. JIM LANE. The people of Boston are desirous of hearing Gen. Jim Lane again, and a petition was in circulation there on Friday, requiring the mayor and aldermen to grant Faneuil Hall for the purpose of a public meeting, which should be addressed by the Kansas Senator and General. Could not something be done in the same way here? There are many who do not believe in all his *intentions* that would like to hear him speak.

NEW MEXICO. Late intelligence from New Mexico says that the law for the protection of slave property in New Mexico was repealed by an almost unanimous vote of both Houses.

DR. BIRMINGHAM,
NATIVE INDIAN PHYSICIAN,

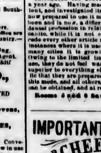
OFFICE, Tanner Street, Junction of Ayer's New City Block and Market Square, Lowell, Mass.

A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND.

Dr. B. S. Birmingham, in his investigations as may be necessary, and not debilitate the system and at the same time, regulate the nervous system. This medicine will not only act upon the blood, but will also act upon the nerves, and is therefore entitled to the confidence of all. It has medicines which he not only recommend for all chronic diseases, but which he guarantees will cure in every instance where they are required. The following are a few of the many complaints which he cures: Consumption of any disease in which human flesh is heir, has succeeded thousands in this city and elsewhere; and he feels assured that those who entrust themselves to his care will not have cause to regret it. Examinations gratis, every day in the week.

November 15th, 1861. 1y nov15d1y

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES



DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are recommended in no place or multitude those sensual irregularities to which the female constitution is liable at times.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS have been used for many years and successfully in an extended private practice, and have never failed in a single instance in the cases of the periodical discharges, whether arising from obstruction, irregularity, or change of life. In cleansing and regulating the female system, they are active, and are the only safe and reliable remedy now before the public. Sold by all Druggists in the United States. Publication of the Heart, Nervous Treasure, Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Skin and Sexual Organs, and the Causes, Symptoms, Treatment and Consequences of Sexual Abuse, Self-Pollution, Impotency, Sterility, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, Fits, Insanity, Premature Decay, Mercurial Affections, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, and a great variety of ordinary Diseases are constantly treated at Medicine which may be sent to any part of the country with full directions.

Parties having Cancers, or those afflicted with a complicated disease, should consult me personally avail themselves of Dr. Greene's personal attendance.

Consultation at the office, or by mail free of charge.

Above all the many reasons why this Company deserves success, are the following, viz.

It offers UNUSUAL security and advantages.

It commences with $1,000,000 Assets.

Its investments are in Fire & Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth more than double the amount insured.

It does not make temporary loans on collaterals.

The only banks owned by it are Brooklyn, Albany, and Mechanics' of Boston.

The insurance on all the profit a.

The Trustees of the Company is confined exclusively to the finest men of Lowell.

It is personally in the management of its business.

It is prompt in the payment of losses.

It accommodates the insured in the settlement of losses, by giving them the option of cash or approved paper.

Annually, or Quarterly. Premiums on Policies for Life, or for a term of years, may be paid annually, and annually in a note bearing interest at 6 per cent. Policies thus issued are non-forfeitable, and may be paid annually to cash.

Dividends are declared annually to all who have paid two Life premiums.

Life Dividends are paid to the insured in annual or triennial premiums. Those who pay their premiums annually receive their dividends in cash. Those who pay triennially receive their dividends in the form of Scrip, bearing interest.

Life dividends annually are based upon the most accurate mathematical calculations.

The Company has now the large number of FIVE THOUSAND POLICIES in force, and the number of persons insured renders more certain the operation of the law of average, upon which all Life Premiums are based. All the profits of the Company must therefore permeate it to be important that those profits should be made as large as possible, and not unnecessarily locked up in unemployed capital, or unnecessarily locked up in unemployed capital, or unnecessarily locked up in unemployed capital, or

NEW

CLOAK AND DRESS GOODS

J. M. PEABODY

Has just opened a new lot o

CLOAK

AND

LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS,

JUST THE THING FOR THE TIMES.

☞ Call and look ☜

oct25 36 and 38 Merrimack street.

☞ **Call and look** at those heavy fresh Cloaks, new styles, at

oct25 J. M. PEABODY'S

New DeLaines and Plaid Goods

AT 12 1-2 CENTS, at J. M. PEABODY'S old stand, 36 and 38 Merrimack street. oct25

GARDINER'S "RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIC COMPOUND" immediately attacks and conquers those diseases, as well as Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and other irritations of the Skin, arising from impure blood. dec24d4t*sch

MARRIAGES.

In this city, Dec. 28th, by Rev. Mr. Blanchard, Mr. Allen P. Miller, of Cavendish, Vt., and Miss Mary A. Preston, of Dracut.

Dec. 30th, by Rev. W. H. Alden, Mr. Thomas E. Ross and Miss A. Antoinette Ferson, both of Lowell.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Annual Meeting of the Lowell Dispensary will be held at the Rooms of the Lowell Institution for Savings on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, January 2d, at 4 o'clock, for the choice of officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

GEORGE J. CARNEY, Sec'y.

Lowell, Dec. 31, 1861. dec31d3t

SOCIABLES.

THE next party of the course will take place on TUESDAY EVENING, January 7th, 1862.

Per order.

Lowell, Dec. 31, 1861. dec31d1t

FOR SALE,

A GOOD modern built IRON SAFE, weight 2000 lbs. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of

J. F. MANAHAN,

No. 17 Appleton Block.

Lowell, Dec. 31, 1861. dec31d3f

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the members of the Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said Company, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of January next, at three o'clock P. M., to choose Directors, and to act upon such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

GEO. W. BEAN, Sec'y.

Lowell, Dec. 30, 1861. 3dec30d1m

Pungs and Sleighs for Sale.

THREE second-hand PUNGS, three " SLEIGHS,

LOVEJOY & MORSE,

City Hotel Stable, East Merrimack st.

Dec. 27, 1861. dec27d3f

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fee for admission to the Gymnasium has been reduced, and for the year 1862 the price will be *Three* Dollars per year or Two Dollars for six months. In these times when so much attention is devoted to the "physical training" of children, and there is so much need of the full physical development of our young and middle aged men, the Directors hope that the reduced rate will increase the usefulness of the Gymnasium, if it does not materially increase the funds.

Keys may be obtained of O. E. CUSHING, Treasurer, Savings Bank Building

Per vote of the Directors.

Lowell, Dec. 27, 1861. dec28d1w

McFARLIN & CO.'S

SKATING PARK.

HAVING enlarged the Park, we now offer to the public as good a place as can be found for this delightful recreation. We shall run our large "Pawtucket" Sleigh every day, at 1½, 2½, 3½, 4½, 5½ and 7½ P. M., excepting Saturdays, running then at 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 P. M.—starting from the Washington House, stopping at the Post-Office and Rogers' Hardware Store one minute each.

Season and Package Tickets can be had of the Proprietors and of the Conductor, at reasonable terms.—Tickets, both for the ride and for Park, may be had at the Washington House, and at J. Rogers' Hardware Store. Season Tickets for sale as above.

December 27, 1861. dec27d3f

FAMILY MOURNING STORE,

20 Winter Street, Boston.

S. S. WILLIAMS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Mourning Dress Goods,

AND

MOURNING MILLINERY

EXCLUSIVELY.

dec23 dec31m

HOLIDAY GIFTS!

A GREAT VARIETY OF

TOYS,

GAMES,

PUZZLES,

Fancy Boxes,

Desks, &c.

Also a large assortment of Toy, Juvenile and

NICE GIFT BOOKS

suitable for Old or Young.

☞ Fathers, mothers, friends, call at

J. MERRILL'S Bookstore,

dec24 No. 37 Merrimack street.

DAVID HYDE,

STOCK, NOTE AND MORTGAGE BROKER,

No. 1 Central Street.

Attends the Brokers' Board, Boston, daily.

Houses and House Lots for sale or exchange.

Lowell, Nov. 28, 1861. nov22d1y

Swords, Sashes and Belts.

A NEW lot or sale cheap by

JOS. RAYNES & CO.

oct2 Tyler's Block.

HOUCHIN'S SUPERIOR

WAX NIGHT LIGHTS,

WITH IMPROVED WICK SUSTAINER.

This Superior and desirable article, so NEAT CHEAP, and CONVENIENT a Night Light for the bed chamber, is recommended to the use of families and travellers. It gives a steady light without any UNPLEASANT ODOR, and is perfectly safe. Put up in neat boxes, one dozen each, by T. W. HOUCHIN, Sole Proprietor, and for sale by Druggists and first class Grocers generally.

HOUCHIN'S SAFETY NIGHT LAMP for burning Wax Night Lights; a new and important improvement over all others. The shade can be adjusted so that the light can be used for reading or turned so as to give only a faint light in the room.

T. W. HOUCHIN, Proprietor,

No. 9 Bible House, Astor Place, cor. 4th Avenue, New York.

HOUCHIN'S TRUE BLUE.

THE BEST LAUNDRY BLUEING.

Every Housekeeper will find it is Liquid Blueing far more *economical* and *convenient* for use than the common Indigo. A few drops is sufficient for a tub of water, imparting to the clothes a beautiful and uniform TINT, and will not settle by standing. Put up in half pint and pint bottles, at low prices, and for sale by first class Grocers and Apothecaries generally.

T. W. HOUCHIN,

No. 9 Bible House, Astor Place, corner 4th Avenue, New York.

Ask for HOUCHIN'S TRUE BLUE. Endorsed by the leading laundries in the country.

Houchin's Starch Polish Wafers.

THE BEST LINEN POLISH.

This article, highly recommended by those who have used it, is far superior to any in use, and every housekeeper should give it a trial. It gives to linen and muslins a SUPERIOR LUSTRE and FINISH, and extra STIFFNESS,—will not injure the goods on which it is used—and prevents the iron from sticking. Those who have used it once will use no other, as Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, &c., can be done up much quicker, neater, and keep clean longer, by using this Polish. Put up in neat packages, and for sale by first class Grocers and Druggists generally. Full directions accompany each package.

T. W. HOUCHIN, Proprietor,

No. 9 Bible House, Astor Place, corner 4th Avenue, New York.

November, 1861. nov19deod*cowly

SANTA CLAUS' HEADQUARTERS

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

WILKINS & CLOUGH,

(SUCCESSORS TO H. S. HAYNES,)

At 45 Merrimack Street,

HAVE just received a large assortment of NEW and SPLENDID

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS,

Embracing many articles of rare Beauty and Splendor, consisting in part of beautiful

BOHEMIAN, ETRUSCAN, TERRA COTTA, LAVA, PARIAN and CHINA

VASES;

COLOGNES; MATCH BOXES; CARD RECEIVERS; PERFUME PITCHERS; WATCH STANDS, &c.

Busts and Statuetts

In Bronze, Parian and Blue China.

MOTTO MUGS, COFFEES, TEA CUPS AND SAUCERS, richly decorated, of every variety of style and pattern.

New and elegant

GOLD BAND TEA SETS.

TOY TEA SETS in great variety.

Rich Silver Plated and Silvered

GLASS WARE,

Consisting of Goblets, Spoon Holders, Cake and Fruit Baskets, Castors, Napkin Rings, Covered Butters, Butter Knives, Forks and Spoons, of all the latest patterns.

☞ All of which will be sold at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

All kinds of TOYS

FOR THE CHILDREN.

WILKINS & CLOUGH.

dec20 d&tJan1

American and Foreign Patents.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, BOSTON.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents, executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works, to determine the validity of Patents or Invention — and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting One Dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions unsurpassed, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber; and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during twenty years past, has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington, to procure a patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse"

CHARLES MASON,
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in insuring inventors that they cannot employ a person *more competent* and *trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but ONE of which patents have been granted, and that is *now pending*. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges."

JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on *twice* rejected applications SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in *his favor*, by the Commissioner of Patents

R. H. EDDY.

Boston, Dec 2, 1861. dec5d3tawly

PRICES REDUCED.

ANNUAL FALL SALE

—AT THE—

Ladies' Exchange.

To close the balance of our WINTER GOODS, we shall offer our stock of

Silk Goods, Ladies' Garments, Cloths, including Spangled and other new Beavers, just received;

Shawls, Dress Goods, Merinos and Cashmeres;

Mourning Goods, Prints, Housekeeping Articles;

Embroidery, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.,

All at prices that will be bargains to the purchaser.

Geo. W. Warren & Co.,

242 & 244 Washington Street,

dec20 BOSTON. deop3t*w

SMITH, CARLTON & OWEN'S

QUADRILLE BAND.

For TERMS, apply to W. ALONZO OWEN, No. 17 Central Street, E. B. CARLTON, No. 77 Merrimack Street, or any member of the Band. dtf.

BEWARE OF

Sheep Skin Gloves!

Ladies' Buck Gauntlets.

A FRESH LOT just received at BRAZER'S,

dec9d* † 47 Central street.

THE AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY'S ALMANAC for 1862, may be had by the hundred, dozen or single, at JUDKINS' Sabbath School Bookstore,

oct18 3 John street.

ENGLISH SASHES.

A FEW extra fine English Sashes for sale by JOS. RAYNES & CO. oct3

SUNDAY SCHOOL PAPERS

FOR 1862.—Now is the time to subscribe, and at JUDKINS', 3 John Street, is the place—furnished at the *lowest rates.*

☞ Send in your o dec18

BOWIE AND DIRK KNIVES.

A large assortment of Bowie and Dirk Knives for sale by J. RAYNES & CO. oct1

Military Gloves and Gauntlets

AT BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE,

nov1 47 Central street.

GREAT EXPEDITION

To the Southern Coast.

Good active men wanted immediately for Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery. Also for a Light Foot Battery now being formed in this city to accompany Maj. Gen. Butler in his great descent on the Southern Coast. This novel but deadly weapon is drawn by horses on the march and by men when in action. Firemen are especially wanted for this machine.

Apply immediately at Lieut. S. HOVEY'S Recruiting Office, over the Post Office, Lowell, Mass.

By order Maj. Gen. B. F. BUTLER.

Dec. 14, 1861. dec14dtf

FURS! FURS!!

BEST QUALITY! LOWEST PRICES!

M. DEMPSEY,

(SUCCESSOR TO BENT & BUSH)

30 Central Street, 30

Is ready to supply all orders for

MILITARY GOODS

at the shortest notice.

He also solicits the attention of the citizens of Lowell to his

Stock of Furs,

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It embraces the most magnificent and best selected stock of

LADIES' DRESS FURS,

to be found in Lowell—made expressly for our retail trade, by skilful workmen, from the newest styles imported. ☞ Call in and look at them.

*** HATS, CAPS, &c., manufactured to order.

nov16 † dtf

Will you suffer with Coughs and Colds,
And invite Consumption's strong holds?
Or will you look for immediate cure,
By purchasing a remedy warranted sure?

It arrests and cures incipient Cough with ease
And checks its onward progress into chronic disease
Strikes at the cause and seat of Cold,
And frees its grasp and kills its hold.

In winter, snows, and the ever-shifting storms
In tuce Consumption in its earlier forms;
These seize the chest, the seat of life and breath,
And if neglected, lead to certain death.

It is a well known fact that a Cold may result in a Cough, and not unfrequently, if this is neglected and suffered to continue, will lay the foundation of serious disease in the lungs and chest. Its progress is often insidious and deceptive, but not the less certain and rapid.—At first, it may scarcely be perceptible, but in a reasonable space of time, its destructive influence will commence to develope itself. The cough becomes more constant and severe, the chest and lungs are sore and weak, while the voice falters and the breath is short. Consumption, that certain destroyer, but scarcely heeded at the first, has now firmly established itself in the citadel of life.

In view of this fact, the public need proper directions to the means of certain and speedy relief. The merits of a remedy lays in its prompt and decided efficacy in all the first and earlier cases of lung complaints, and not in its supposed virtues in the last and hopeless stages. Experience and observation has fully demonstrated the fact, that there is no reliable remedy for the advanced stages of Consumption—all these are hopeless, with an occasional but rare exception. When such a case occurs, the causes of recovery lay in the strength of constitution, with its renovating and resisting forces to disease unimpaired, together with the peculiar type, character and extent of the disease, favorable surrounding circumstances, and not in medicine alone.

In season only then and not out of season, will a remedy prove efficacious and a progressive disease arrested. What is true with regard to the common affairs and circumstances of life is equally true with most diseases. To prevent, to repair and restore whatever has gone wrong, injured or damaged, has greater promise of success when attempted immediately, before the injury has become extensive and the destruction almost complete. In lung affections, the only safety lays in resorting to those means that will completely arrest and relieve the first symptoms. The danger consists in the delay, and allowing a simple complaint to continue till it has reached a stage beyond the control of means of relief.

MASTA'S INDIAN PULMONIC BALSAM is the remedy that gives prompt and effectual relief to all the first stages of Lung Complaints. It goes directly to the seat of disease and removes the cause completely. Combined and prepared with the object to arrest the existing irritation in the lungs and air-passages in all the earlier cases, the seat and cause of Cough, it affords immediate ease and effectually cures. This decided action of the medicine at once controls the irritation and arrests its further progress into chronic disease. In fact, it is one of the best preparations now before the public for all the affections of the Throat and Lungs, and has no equal in giving certain and permanent relief. Prepared from vegetable substances altogether—free from minerals and poisonous acids, its applicability as a restorative to the wasting energies of the system is to be relied upon, by its healing, nourishing and strengthening properties.

Sold by all Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines.

Lowell, Oct. 5, 1861. 4&tt*Apr1

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS!

AT

EASTMAN'S

Can be found a splendid assortment of

GIFT BOOKS,

JUVENILE BOOKS,

GAMES,

TOY BOOKS,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

AND

Fancy Articles.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE. ☜

dec17 Corner Central and Middle streets.

CHAMPAGNE ALE.

The attention of the public is solicited to the superior quality of HAMMER'S fresh brewed CHAMPAGNE ALE. This Ale is brewed fresh at all seasons of the year, and the keeping quality of it, especially of such brewed during the most excessive hot weather, is guaranteed for any length of time. For sale in hhds, bbls and half bbls.

Only agent in Lowell, D. G. EMERSON,

No. 128 Suffolk Street.

Dec. 3, 1861. dec3dtf

1862.

LEAVITT'S

Farmers' Almanac

and

ROBERT B. THOMAS'

Almanac

for

1862,

For sale at EASTMAN'S,

nov13 cor. Central and Middle sts.

REMOVAL.

DR. ABEL ASTLE, the original Whipple's Doctor, has returned to Lowell, 183 Middlesex Street, directly opposite Northern Depot, where he intends to practice every day in the week, Sunday excepted. Office hours, from 8½ A. M., to 5 o'clock, P. M.

nov13 d&t*m

NEW BOOKS

TO BE FOUND AT

EASTMAN'S.

SUTHERLAND.

By the author of "Rutledge."

SPARE HOURS.

By John Brown, M. D.

Memoir, Letters and Remains of

ALEXIS DeTOCQUEVILLE,

Author of Democracy in America.

The Writings of

SIR THOMAS BROWNE.

LYRIA DOMESTICA.

NEW EDITION.

By Rev. F. D. Huntington, D. D.

RECREATIONS OF A COUNTRY PARSON.

TALES OF THE DAY,

Vol. I.

RECORD OF AN OBSCURE MAN.

NOTICE TO QUIT.

And all the late

MAGAZINES.

NEW JUVENILE BOOKS.

HARDY AND HUNTER.

A BOY'S OWN BOOK.

By Mrs. Ward.

SCHOOLBOY HONOR.

By Rev. H. C. Adams.

THE BEAR HUNTERS.

By Anna Bowman.

ROUND THE WORLD.

By W. H. G. Kingston.

RED ERIC,

Or, THE WHALER'S LAST CRUISE.

By Ballantyne.

FAVORITE SCHOLAR.

By Mary Howitt.

SAINT GILDAS,

Or, THE THREE PATHS.

By Julia Kavanah.

GOLDEN RULE.

By the author of "True to catch a Sunbeam," &c.

MAGIC KING, AND OTHER FAIRY TALES.

YOUNG BEN FRANKLIN.

A BOOK FOR BOYS.

☞ All of the above Juveniles are NEW, gotten up for the present Holidays. Call and examine the goods at

EASTMAN'S

Book and Stationery Store,

dec26 corner Central and Middle sts.

TO CAPITALISTS AND OTHERS.

THE proprietors of the Nepaug Mill Reserve are prepared to offer some very valuable Water Privileges (site and water power rent free) to any persons willing to engage in manufacturing enterprises in that vicinity.

Cotton factories preferred, but any establishment likely to employ a reasonable number of hands will be dealt with most liberally.

☞ Apply for further particulars to R. J. CARTWRIGHT, Kingston, C. W., or WM. H. WILKISON, Naugatuck, C. W. dec24*2w3 a M&Th

USE

MILLER'S

OPERA HAIR TONIC.

Large **10 Cts.** Bottle.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

For cleaning, preserving, restoring, curling and dressing the hair. It is highly perfumed, and will not dry on the hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all Druggists.

W. MILLER,

44 Fulton street, New York.

PYLES' HAIR-GROWER.

ESTABLISHED 1831.

Luxuriant Evebrows, Whiskers and Moustaches forced to grow on the smoothest face in from four to eight weeks, without stain or injury to the skin. Bald spots covered with hair in a short time, no matter how long bald or from what cause they have become so. Price 50 cents. Sent free by mail.

W. MILLER,

nov23d3m* 44 Fulton street, New York.

HARTSHORN & HALL

HAVE just opened at their Store in Carleton Block, 136 Merrimack Street, a large lot of

NEW DRESS GOODS,

in part comprising the RECENT and DESIRABLE kinds, PRINTED ALPACCAS, REPSALINES, and SATIN THIBETS.

They also invite the attention of those purchasing CLOAK GOODS. These goods will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES nov23d1w

TO MANUFACTURERS

Of Army Goods.

WOOLEN MILL FOR SALE.

A WOOLEN MILL, in complete order, now turning out one thousand yards a day of sky-blue Kerseys, can be bought on very favorable terms. It is sold because the estate to which it belongs

MUST BE CLOSED UP.

The price of the Mill can be cleared at this time

IN LESS THAN ONE YEAR.

For particulars, inquire of

C. C. WOLCOTT, Administrator,

dec19dim Steubenville, Ohio.

SMITH & BROTHER'S

PALE CREAM ALE,

SUPERIOR AMBER ALE,

PORTER, & NEW YORK BROWN STOUT.

The above CELEBRATED AMERICAN ALES are brewed from the CHOICEST BARLEY MALT and HOPS, and highly esteemed by those who have used them. Purchasers are requested to call and examine our superior stock, assured that they will find the BEST and PUREST articles.

We have at all times a large stock ready for delivery, in whole, half and quarter casks, suitable for the TRADE, HOTELS, and FAMILY USE, which we offer on the MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

SMITH & BROTHER, Brewers,

No. 158 & 160 West 18th-st., New York City.

☞ Orders by Mail or Express promptly executed. dec7d6mis

GRAND CONCERT PIANO.

W. H. DYAR has the pleasure of informing the musical public that he has put into Huntington Hall a new full Grand 7¼ Octave Piano, to rent for Concerts and Parties. Information in regard to it can be had of the Janitor, at the Hall, or at his Music Store, 41 Central Street. nov14dtf

"Chilson's New Parlor Stove,"

ALLOWED to be the *best* Parlor Stove yet brought into the market. This Stove is so constructed as to cause the heat to pass through the base, thereby making the greatest radiation near the floor. We have three sizes of them, and the public are invited to give them an examination.

We are also agents for "CHILSON'S CONE FURNACE," and "CHILSON'S DOUBLE ELEVATED OVEN RANGE," both of which have so generally come into use in this city as to need no advertising.

WILDER & DANA, Jackson street.

October 22, 1861. oct30d1w*Jan13

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!!

WE have this day received an invoice of NEW GOODS, and would be pleased to show them to our customers—cheap for cash—at 45 Central street, Tyler's Block, Lowell.

oct28 JOSEPH RAYNES & CO.

AGNES M. GILKERSON, M. D.,

A Graduate of the Penn Medical University of Philadelphia, has opened an office in Nesmith's Building, corner of John and Merrimack Streets, where she is prepared to treat all diseases incident to Women and Children scientifically.

☞ Advice and consultation free.

Lowell, Nov. 29, 1861. nov29d&t3m

The Middlesex Mechanics' Association

RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity their next course of six Lectures, to be delivered in Huntington Hall, as follows:

Wednesday Evening, Dec. 18th,
Rev. W. H. MILBURN, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wednesday Evening, Jan. 8th, 1862,
EDWIN H. CHAPIN, D. D., of New York.

Season Tickets—Gentlemen 60 cents, Ladies 40 cents. For sale at the Bookstores of B. C. Sargeant, S. Wilkins, J. Merrill, I. S. Eastman, and Mrs. S. H. Eaton; at the Apothecary Stores of Carleton & Hovey, C. R. Kimball, and at G. T. Williams' Periodical Store, and of N. F. Crafts, Librarian, at Mechanics' Hall.

Doors open at 7.30; Lectures to commence at 8 o'clock, except on the opening night, when the doors will be open at 7 o'clock.

By order of the Lecture Committee.

ELISHA HUNTINGTON, Chairman.

November 11, 1861. nov11dtf

BASS & WOODS.

Cotton Flannels, Cotton Cloths, all Wool and Cotton and Wool Flannels,

WHICH were bought before the rise, and are now selling cheap for cash, at

132 MERRIMACK STREET,

Together with a well selected stock of

DRESS and HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,

New BROADCLOTHS, TRICOT, BEAVERS, and various other styles of Cloakings;

New styles of Ladies' Outside Garments;

A large stock of Gloves, Hosiery;

Some very nice Watch Spring Skirts, which we have manufactured for our trade.

A nice assortment of Davis' & Aubry's best quality KID GLOVES.

☞ All are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BASS & WOODS,

nov16dtf 132 Merrimack street.

GRAND OPENING

AT THE

LOWELL RIDING ACADEMY, Paige St., TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 15.

When there will be an exhibition of Equestrianship by former pupils, Horse Taming and Training; also prizes offered for the best riders at the close of the term.

Feeling that at this time *every one*, lady or gentleman, should know how to ride "on horse," and wishing to have it within the reach of all, the proprietor will *for this term only* reduce the price to $10 *for* 24 lessons, and half term in proportion—(price in Boston $24 for the same). My facilities for lighting and heating are too well known to need commendation. Grateful for the liberal patronage heretofore shown this School, the subscriber hopes to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

J. W. ROBINSON, Proprietor.

N. B.—Having a thorough schooling and three years' practice in the only true system of taming and training colts and vicious horses, (by J. S. Rarey), kindness over cruelty, I hold myself in readiness to wait upon any customer who may favor me with a call, on the most reasonable terms. J. W. R.

Lowell, Oct. 12, 1861. oct12dtf

CHRISTMAS

AND

New Year's Presents!!

AMOS SANBORN

Having received large additions to his former stock, not only

ARTICLES OF USE

in

Rich Plate and Fine Goods

for

PRESENTS,

such as

TEA SETS,

CASTORS,

CAKE BASKETS,

GUPS,

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

and

SOLID SILVER WARE,

but also the

Largest Collection in New England

OUT OF BOSTON.

☞ Please call and examine before purchasing, at

AMOS SANBORN'S,

No. 25 CENTRAL STREET,

Corner of Middle Street,

dec22 LOWELL, MASS. dtJan1

GREINER, CHIPMAN & WATERHOUSE'S

QUADRILLE BAND,

OF LOWELL.

OSCAR GREINER, Director.

B. W. WATERHOUSE, Prompter.

Orders for the Band left with H. H. HAPGOOD, second door north of the Merrimack House, or at CHESLEY'S SALOON, 21 Merrimack Street, will receive prompt attention.

B. W. WATERHOUSE, Agent,

oct30d&tf 186 Middlesex st.

SPECIAL

DENTAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership in the practice of Dental Surgery and will continue at the long-established office of the senior partner, Dr. A. LAWRENCE, on John Street.

For the purpose of affording artificial teeth at the very lowest rates possible, we have, at considerable expense, furnished our laboratory with a small steam engine for finishing the plates, a hydrostatic blowpipe, rolling mills and other appliances necessary to dispatch and elegance of workmanship.

Filling with chemically pure gold. Extracting, &c attended to.

A. LAWRENCE, }
G. W. LAWRENCE, } Dentists.

No. 11 John St., Lowell,

Lowell, June 1, 1861. jeod&tf

"A Great Bargain,"

THAT

"LETTER PAPER,"

Which is selling for $1.00 per Ream, or

FIFTY CENTS PER PACKAGE,

At EASTMAN'S Book and Stationery Store, corner Central and Middle streets. nov19dtf

WANTED,

AT HUGH McEVOY'S, four good Coat Makers.—Constant employment, and good prices paid.

nov19 dtf

SILVER CUPS.—A new assortment of Silver Cups received at 45 Central street, Tyler's Block, by JOSEPH RAYNES & CO. dec17

Christmas is Coming!

I have a large assortment of Miscellaneous Books, consisting of Histories, Travels, Biographies, &c., &c., formerly in a Circulating Library, selling for LESS THAN HALF PRICE. Call soon—must be sold to make room for the sale of Christmas and New Year's Presents. J. J. JUDKINS,

dec13 3 John Street.

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTION, for relieving Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Purifying the Breath, and Strengthening the Voice, sold by KIDDER, Merrimack, corner of John street. sept14

Army Gloves and Mittens

AT

BRAZER'S CORNER HAT STORE,

dec10* 47 Central street.

PEARL AND JET PINS.—A new assortment of Pearl and Jet Brooches received at 45 Central Street, Tyler's Block, for sale cheap for cash by

dec14 JOSEPH RAYNES & CO.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY CLAIMS.

In Committee on Accounts,

January 16th, 1861.

ORDERED, That hereafter the City Salary Bills, duly approved, be presented to the Auditor on or before the 20th of March, June, September, and December, that they may be payable on the first day of the month next succeeding.

2d. That all Pauper bills be presented to the Auditor on or before the 20th day of each month.

3d. That all other bills be made up to include the first day of each month, and that when approved, they be presented to the Auditor on or before the third day of each month next payable on the tenth.

All bills presented for payment must state what the article or articles were furnished for, for labor, where it was performed—with the dates.

Items charged to different Appropriations should be made out on *separate* Bills.

All Bills not presented and approved will lie over until the next month.

HOCUM NOSFORD,
ALDIS L. WAITE,
HENRY S. CHANDLER,
HENRY P. PERKINS,
GEORGE E. DANA.

Committee.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall. Office hours from 8 to 12 a. m. and from 2 to 5 o'clock p. m. GEO. GARDNER, Auditor City of Lowell, Jan 16, 1861.

PLYMOUTH GLOVES,

WARRANTED NOT TO R

WM. P. BRAZER has had the agency for the sale of Draper's celebrated Gloves for many years. They are made in the best manner expressly for his retail trade, and are warranted to be the best fitting as well as the best glove in the market

Mr. B has also a superior article of Tanned Mittens, sewed with waxed ends, warranted not to rip or stiffen when wet.

A large lot of Boys' Buck Gloves and Mittens with and without linings just received.

BRAZER'S Corner Hat Store,

oct29* † 47 Central st.

"Lowell Steam and Gas Works,"

H. R. BARKER, Proprietor.

MANUFACTURER, and wholesale and retail dealer in

WROUGHT IRON PIPE, STEAM AND GAS FITTINGS

and FIXTURES of every description.

☞ Buildings heated by Steam or lighted on reasonable terms.

Works.....No 10 Howe Street,
Store.....No. 8 Central "

sept21d1f Lowell.

MILITARY GOODS.

WE can sell MILITARY GOODS of as CHEAP if not CHEAPER than bought in Boston or New York.

Regulation Swords,
Cavalry Sabres,
Surgeons' Swords,
Paymasters' "
Chapsins' "
Sergeants' " of different manufacture

Sword Belts, Sashes, Shoulder Straps, Pompons, Holsters and Belts, Sword Knots, Cap Trimmings, &c., &c.

PORTABLE ARMY COT, very light and cheap. Call and examine.

JOSEPH RAYNES & CO.

sept21 Tyler's Block, 45 Central.

FISH MARKET.

T. L. JENNINGS,

(BASEMENT OF MARKET HOUSE.)

HAS constantly on hand the best Fish of the season, received fresh every day, and sold at fair prices. Also, Salt Fish of the best quality.

BREAD! BREAD!!

SAMUEL KIDDER & CO.'S Improved Powder is *strictly pure*, certain in action, more economical than any other, warranted to make light, sweet and delicious bread, when used as directed. Try it and you will prove reliable. Useful cooking receipts accompany each box.

For sale by S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John streets.

A NEW RELIEF FOR ASTHMA.

SAMUEL KIDDER & CO.'S Asthma Fumigating Pastilles give instant relief to the sufferer. They are convenient for adults or children to use, and have proved efficacious in many cases which other remedies have failed to relieve. S. KIDDER, Jr., corner Merrimack and John sts., agent for Lowell.

Swords, Belts, Sashes,

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN LOWELL.

WE have Swords of half a dozen different patterns, including the

CHELMSFORD SWORD

made by C. Rose & Co., West Chelmsford. We have all kinds of Military Goods from the manufacturers, and CAN and WILL SELL AT *LOWEST PRICES.*

☞ Call and examine goods and prices at

JOS. RAYNES'

oct2 Tyler's Block, 45 C

CHAMBERLIN'S

BILLIARD HALL,

APPLETON BLOCK, No. 71 Central st.

The subscriber has fitted up the spacious hall formerly occupied by the Odd Fellows, and fitted it up in the most elegant manner, would inform his friends and former patrons that he has put in Came's best Slate-Bed tables, and by keeping a quiet, first-class place, to merit a liberal patronage of our first citizens, who desire the use of this beautiful game free from intruders.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN.

Lowell, March 11, 186

Eclectic Medical Infirmary,

NO. 4 HURD STREET, LOWELL.

ESTABLISHED FOR

The treatment of those diseases in both sexes requiring Experience, Skill, Honor and Delicacy.

SCIENCE has diffused its intelligible light, brought to light in ELECTRICISM the coveted Boon, by which the poor unfortunate, the sick whose very existence is misery, CONSTANTLY, SURELY and SAFELY get relief, complete restoration to health, by early giving and strictly obeying the mandates of the principles of the newly discovered SCIENCE in MEDICINE.

MY ECLECTIC REMEDIES

For the cure of

Excesses arising from habits indulged in

YOUNG AND OLD

And or those diseases arising from habits of dissipation whether existing a

MALE OR FEMALE,

Are the only reliable curatives for the above complaints.

☞ *In every case a cure warranted.*

The well-known success and reliable effects of the

ECLECTIC REMEDIES

Need no urther recommendation than to those who have tried. In no instance have they ever failed to effect a perfect cure.

PATIENTS

Can be cured at their homes in any part of the country. Give an accurate description of the case, and the medicine will be sent by Express, with full directions, and carefully concealed from the observation of friends.

All communications will be attended to with secrecy. Address

DR. J. B. HUGHES,

No. 4 Hurd Street,

N. B.—In all cases an interview is desired if convenient

"New and Useful"

Just received from the manufacturers a

"SOLDIER'S POCKET COMPANION,"

furnished complete with Buttons, Thread, Needles, Scissors, Needles, &c., a most desirable and indispensable article for officers and privates.

"Soldiers' Camp Writing Desk,"

in various styles.

For sale at EASTMAN'S,

oct19 corner Central and Middle sts.

KEROSENE SPIRITS.—A cheap substitute for Burning Turpentine—for sale by

oct4 C. B. COBURN & CO.

DOWNER'S KEROSENE Illuminating Oil,

DOWNER'S KEROSENE Spindle Oil, for sale at manufacturer's prices by

aug24 C. B. COBURN & CO

THE LOWELL DAILY COURIER

LOWELL MA

JAN

DEC

1861

END OF REEL

PLEASE REWIND

GRAPHIC MICROFILM OF NEW ENGLAND